MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

START

RED LAKE FALLS

GAZETTE

JAN 6 1910 THRU DEC 29 1910

Title: Red Lake Falls GAZETTE

27:15 - 28:14

Inclusive Dates: Jan 6 1910 — Dec 29 1910 *

Missing Issues: Apr 21 & Aug 18

30- 22 1981

Originals held by: MHS x Other ___

Prepared by: SOUA THAO 9	Date: Nov 5, 1981	Format: 1A x 2B
Filmed by: J.W.	Date: Dec 3, 81	Camera No. Red 1
Reduction Ratio: 15	Voltmeter .30 / 92	No. Expos.
Prelim. Inspection by:	Date:	Density:
Target Resolution: ______/mm	O.K. ____ Reject ____	Length:

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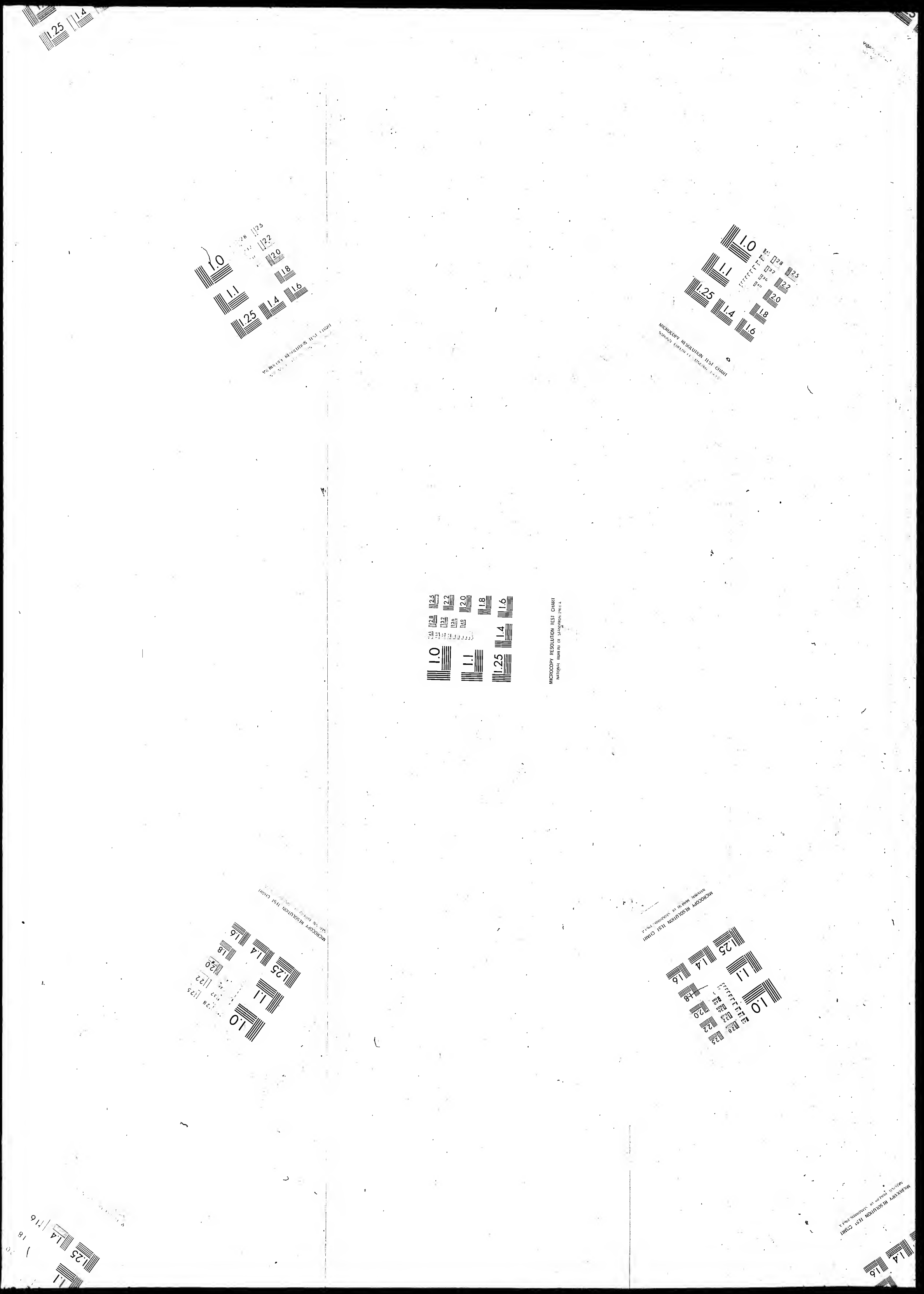
MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
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RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1868

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1910.

VOL. XXVII—NO. 15

NEW OFFICIALS ASSUME DUTIES

First Meeting of the New City Council Held Tuesday Evening.

Simon Paul Chosen President—Frank Brouillet is City Clerk.

The new city council was organized Tuesday evening at the annual meeting designated for that purpose.

The new members of the council are Jos. Selley, alderman at large, Geo. F. Hennings, alderman from first ward, Sam E. Hunt, alderman from the second ward. The other councilmen, T. A. Cromp, alderman at large, and Simon Paul, alderman from the third ward, are old members, having been re-elected.

The meeting was called to order by Jos. Toupin, acting city clerk. Simon Paul was elected president of the council and T. A. Crompe vice president.

A resolution providing for the reduction of the salary of the city clerk from $225 to $100, in addition to the fees of the office, was introduced by Alderman Hunt and was adopted without a dissenting vote. There were two candidates for the office of city clerk, Frank Brouillet and Samuel Gibeau. Brouillet was elected, he receiving three votes and Gibeau two.

The salary of the city attorney was fixed at $225, the same as last year. Attorney Chas E. Boughton was re-elected city attorney.

The city treasurer's salary was fixed at $150, the same as last year. It was voted to require a fidelity bond for $3000 from the treasurer, he to pay one half and the city one half of the cost of securing such bond.

Otto Zaiser and John Deforge were candidates for street commissioner. Zaiser received four votes and Deforge one.

Mayor Duffy's appointments were confirmed by the council. Dr. J. C. Wilkinson was appointed health officer. Arthur Lizee was appointed chief of police and R. H. Bourdon deputy police officer, the latter office to be without renumeration except fees for the performance of special duties. Consideration of the question of the salary of the chief of police was laid over until the next meeting.

Alderman Selley and Hennings will serve on the poor fund committee and Aldermen Crompe and Hunt on the health committee.

The first regular meeting will be held this evening and regular meetings will be held every two weeks on Thursday evenings.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall December 29th, 1909.

Meeting called to order by President Borchers.

Roll called.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Red Lake Falls Gazette, for city printing	$ 82.36
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co., street lights for November, 1909	62.70
A. P. Toupin, for Justice fees	5.90
J. C. Wilkinson, salary as city physician	35.00
Merchants State Bank, for rent of safety box, six years at $2.00 per year	12.00
Red Lake Falls Fire Dept., for services Dec. 18	105.60
Joseph Halm Jr., work at city hall	1.00
Joseph Reinick, street committee work	25.00
Simon Paul, committee work	6.00
H. Hennemuth " "	6.00
Fred Borchers " "	6.00

The report of A. P. Toupin as city clerk for the year 1909 was duly approved and placed on file.

The report of the two justices for the year 1909 were duly approved and placed on file.

The report of the committee appointed by the city council to audit and examine the books of the city clerk and city treasurer was approved and placed on file.

On motion meeting adjourned.

Fred Borchers, President.

J. A. Duffy,
Mayor.

Bjorgo's Condition Powder has been analyzed by Prof. Ladd of N. D. and recommended to be composed of pure drugs. For sale at Schrieters Pharmacy.

ASSUMES DUTIES

A. P. Toupin Installed as Register of U. S. Land Office.

A. P. Toupin went to Crookston Monday evening and on Tuesday was installed as register of the U. S. land office. Mr. Toupin's family will continue to reside in Red Lake Falls.

Annual Election.

The annual meeting of the Riverside Club for the election of officers will be held at the club rooms Tuesday evening, Jan. 11, at 8 o'clock. All members are urged to attend this meeting.

$28,000 TO PATRONS

Red Lake Falls Creamery Has Had a Most Prosperous Year.

The annual meeting of the Red Lake Falls Creamery association was held Tuesday, and officers for the ensuing year elected as follows:

President—Ildege Baril.
Vice-president—George G. Orr.
Secretary—Noel Delorme.
Treasurer—Theo. Majeres.
Directors—George Walker, Delphis Patnode, Fred Behn, Michael Kees and Jeff Porter.

The business of the year has been very satisfactory, and the books show that $28,143.66 has been paid for milk. The average price paid for butterfat was 29 cents, an unusually high figure.

The creamery has been of incalculable benefit to the patrons, and in many instances has meant a prosperity that could not otherwise have been attained. The management is to be congratulated upon the excellent showing made.

THE AGE OF SHEEP

Agricultural Department Gives Farmers Advice as to How to Tell.

The following circular letter regarding the age of sheep is sent out by the Minnesota Farmers Institutes:

Ages Sheep are Good: Fine wool sheep live longer than medium or coarse wool sheep. The former have been used successfully as breeders from 1 to 8 years, and the latter from 1 to 6 and more rarely 7 years. This indicates the extreme period of usefulness in the flock. The prime of life probably extends from 1 to 5 or 6 years.

The Lamb: Has a short and small head as opposed to the head of the mature sheep. Its teeth are smaller in every way. They are usually smooth and white as opposed to a more corrugated darkened surface in the old sheep. The age of sheep is told by the four pair of incisors which are found only on the front lower jaw. These are all present by the time the lamb is six weeks old.

The Yearling: The central pair of small incisor teeth are replaced with a large pair when the lamb is ten to fourteen months old. They are almost twice as wide and much longer than those at either side.

The Two Year Old: Gets a second pair of large teeth. Two pairs mean a two year old.

Three Year Old: Gets a third pair of large teeth when about three years old. It would then have three pairs of large teeth and one pair of small or lamb teeth.

The Four Year Old: Has a full mouth of four pairs of large teeth. The outer ones are never as large as those in the center.

Five Years Old and Over: After the sheep is four years old it is difficult to tell the exact age. With age the teeth usually grow longer and narrower. They begin at six years to resemble sheep pegs. Sheep that are pasturing on short pasturage and get sand with their grass wear their short teeth even in old age. This is unusual in Minnesota. When sheep get long, peg like or broken teeth, it is time to dispose of them.

John Richards returned to his work as "school ma'am" at Anton Monday after spending several days at his home in this city.

SHOULD PREPARE FOR FAIR EXHIBIT

Suggestion That People of Red Lake County Get Busy This Winter.

Could Prepare an Exhibit That Would Make People Think About This County.

Recently it was suggested to the Gazette that preparations should be made this winter for an exhibit at the next Minnesota state fair. It is an excellent suggestion and should be acted upon even though it is impossible to determine what crops will yield well next season.

Last summer the commissioners appropriated a liberal sum to defray the expenses of making an exhibit at the state fair, but the time was so limited that it was believed that a creditable showing could not be made. There is no doubt that if some plan of organization were adopted that much could be done before the crops are harvested in arranging for the exhibits. If there were committees in various parts of the county to urge people to make an effort to raise some products of more than ordinary quality, the result would be most satisfactory. The selection and preparation of seed and care of the growing things with the purpose of getting the best that is possible for the exhibit would accomplish much.

Roseau county they seems to have the right idea. There they have already organized and have started a campaign to make Roseau county's exhibit a "bumper." Lets all get busy and northern Minnesota will do some advertising stunts at the next state fair that will cause the southern Minnesota and Iowa and Illinois farmers to sit up and ponder.

The suggestion that Red Lake county people get busy this winter was made by a Red Lake county farmer. He said that if certain pieces of land were selected and treated for getting big results from the cultivation of certain grains or other products, care being taken in the selection and preparing of seed that the result would be remarkable. There is no doubt that he is right and the undertaking is worthy a big effort.

MADE FINE SHOWING

Terrebonne Cheese Factory Paid $1900 to Farmers in October.

The monthly report of the Terrebonne cheese factory No. 70 shows that $1,900.00 was paid to patrons during the month of October. The following farmers received checks for $30 or more:

L. C. Cadiaux	$84.67
H. Prenavost	79.12
J. B. Supronant	75.96
Jos. Fournier	74.31
E. Reopelle	68.47
L. Parrault	68.10
Jos. Dupont	64.59
Jos. Laurent	58.96
H. Desantel	57.81
H. Sauve	49.42
I. Fournier	47.76
D. Champoux	45.31
Jos. St. Martin	45.13
Dan Boyd	45.81
G. Scharmar	41.25
B Derosier	41.56
Ed. Fournier	40.84
R. Desantel.	41.58
F. Laplante	38.74
S. Peshla	37.98
R. Gagnon	37.81
V. Deloge	37.41
J. Champoux	34.08
M. Derosiers	34.03
P. Demarais	32.32
J. Potvin	32.11
O. Roch	32.47

All Together, Now!

Now that the supreme court has decided the court house question, why not—in the words of the immortal Grover—"rally to the support of the general government" and enjoy some of that harmony we hear so much about in connection with the coming state campaign? Here's "hoi!" to Red Lake Falls.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

MAKING SURVEY

Engineers are Working on the Red Lake River.

Engineers in the employ of the United States government have been here this week making a survey of the Red Lake river. The flow of the water at the outlet of the Red Lakes has been determined and they are now going over the river to ascertain if it will be possible and practical to construct a dam at the outlet of the lakes and other works to regulate the flow of water and prevent the annual spring floods that do so much damage to the country along the Red River of the North.

SOMEBODY PINCH 'EM

Thief River Falls People Still Dreaming About a Court House.

The Thief River Falls people apparently have not awakened from the dream that their city will some day be the county seat of Red Lake county. They have petitioned for a rehearing of the case recently decided by the supreme court and that disposed finally of the injunction proceedings begun in an effort to restrain the county commissioners from issuing bonds for the erection of a court house.

In rendering the decision the only question before the supreme court was the interpretation of the statute under the authority of which the commissioners proposed to issue the bonds. There was no contention as to the facts in the case. Asking a court to question its own ability to interpret a statute is something like butting one's head against a stone wall.

HE LOVES OUR GIRLS

North Dakota [illegible] Smitten With Charms of Several Maidens.

A physician from a North Dakota town was in the city the first of the week on a very romantic mission. The poor man had been hard hit by a dart sent on its mission by the unerring aim of the little God who does most unusual stunts in the winter time because it is so beastly cold being on the job in such scanty attire and the matrimonial market is slow. The little fellow gets desperate at this season because it is so long until spring when a young man's thoughts flow in the right ditch without much pursuation.

Well, anyhow, the doctor man was hard hit. He confessed that Dan Cupid has him on the run and it was all accomplished in an unusual manner. The poor man saw a picture of a group of Red Lake Falls young ladies and he was smitten, smitten several times, for the fair maidens had severally and collectively inspired tender feelings. He simply had to come to Red Lake Falls to meet his fate—and the young ladies. The doctor is a man of determination and he was not ashamed to let the purpose of his visit be known. He has returned to his home, still controlled by conflicting emotions. He loves one girl just awfully—but which girl? Poor doc. Here's hoping love will find a way.

May Send a Delegate.

Owing to the revelations at St. Paul in connection with the management of the state agricultural society and the general shake-up which is forecasted to occur when the society holds its annual meeting in the capitol building on January 11th, for the first time in many years the various counties of the state may be asked to send delegates to the meeting.

Under the statute each county is entitled to representation and where no fair association exists the commissioners are empowered to appoint a delegate to represent the county.

The annual meeting of the society gives promise of being unusually interesting and if the various counties do send delegates down, it will mean a shake-up that will be felt from one end of the state to the other.—Detroit Record.

Subscribe for THE GAZETTE.

IS IT STEPHENS, KELLOGG OR CLAPP?

Many Candidates For Clapp's Place in United States Senate.

Will Be Plenty of Candidates When the Time Is Ripe.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Senator Stephens of Crookston is said to entertain the ambition to represent the state of Minnesota in the position now occupied by Senator Clapp. While not advertising this, the Polk county statesman is losing no proper opportunity to stand in the spotlight. He is the farmers' friend and quite an ardent advocate of agricultural education. The other day he got as far away from home as Waseca where he attended a county meeting in the interest of agricultural education and made a speech thirty minutes long. It was a good speech too and was heartily applauded. Waseca is in the First district. Senator Stephens and Congressman Tawney are hand in glove. The other day when a newspaper was to be brought up which had been insurging and rampaging round in Mr. Tawney's preserves, Senator Stephens' good office were enlisted. Mr. Tawney, between whom and Senator Clapp there is no love lost, may therefore be expected to do Senator Stephens a good turn as occasion arises.

Frank Kellogg's Play.

Still it must not be thought that Senator Stephens contemplates coming out and making a campaign against Senator Clapp. That is not at all the way it is to be worked. Frank Kellogg is relied upon to make the first move. To be sure Mr. Kellogg is just now studiously non-committal. That's not because he hasn't made up his mind. He did that long ago. It's because he doesn't think the time ripe. And the time won't be quite ripe for some months yet—possibly not until after the state convention is held. But the announcement will be made in due time, never fear. In the meantime Senator Stephens will cultivate the farmers, so that when the row begins he will be on hand with the proper sort of backing. There will be others.

Rival Systems.

Senator Stephens would be most unwilling no doubt just now to unnecessarily court opposition of any kind. Unwillingly no doubt he is however, raising up antagonism from which he may hear later on, and innocently enough too. Senator Stephens is, as I have said, preaching agricultural education which we all know is a good thing. On this however, he rides a hobby; and there are others quite as earnest for agricultural education who, too, have their hobby. The trouble is these hobbies run foul of each other. Senator Stephens wants to establish agricultural schools, as he said at Waseca, "such as Crookston has." Other friends of agricultural education want agricultural schools quite unlike the school at Crookston.

The Difference.

Not that there is any objection to such a school as there is at Crookston. That serves its purpose, as does the agricultural college at Hamline and the agricultural school in connection otherwise. But the men who are now in charge of the educational machinery of the state don't exactly believe in confining agricultural education to such schools as these. They don't believe in sending the children who want to learn farming off to herd for themselves. They don't think that the best way. They think it will create undesirable class distinctions to have farmer boys and girls in one school and city boys and girls in another school. They think that association in the same schools would do both country boys and girls and city boys and girls good, and teach both respect for and appreciation of each other. Moreover they think that those who want to learn farming ought to have an opportunity to learn it near home and not be obliged to go away from home to attend such a school as they have at Crookston, although they are ready to admit that the school at Crookston is a splendid school.

An Instance in Point.

Take the case of Warren, for instance. Warren is only thirty miles from Crookston—surely not far as Minnesota distances go. One would think that if there were those at Warren who wanted to send their boys and girls to an agricultural school that the Crookston school would seem to them just the place and they wouldn't think of doing anything else but send them to a school so well equipped and with such competent corps of teachers. That however, isn't the way the people of Warren look at the matter. They want an agricultural department in connection with their village schools, and they want it so bad that they are willing to tax themselves to establish a school that their children can go to and at the same time remain at home. They will start their agricultural school early in the spring and they will offer to outlying school districts the opportunity to come in and enjoy its advantages. They have already bought a plot of ground for agricultural demonstration and experimental purposes.

The Putnam Law.

There is a good deal of this sort of thing going on. The movement for local agricultural education is general. This was seen in the keen competition there was to take advantage of the Putnam law providing for agricultural education in the high schools. Under this law an appropriation of $2500 each was made for the support of agricultural departments in ten high schools. Over forty wanted to come in. From these, ten were selected and are doing great work. Several of them are holding farmers institutes this winter. Some have encouraged exhibitions of farm and dairy products, and of work done in the manual training department and in the department of household economics, which are also provided for in the Putnam law. Others propose in addition to giving the full course to regular students and a shorter winter course to all who wish to avail themselves of it, to furnish any desired information on practical farm work, the diseases of animals, etc., to any who will apply for it.

The Law an Experiment.

The fact is that the Putnam law was an experiment but it was an experiment on lines approved by the state department of public instruction and by the state high school board and the state school inspectors. They think it just the thing. They think the ten schools are doing splendid work. They are convinced that the schools are popular. They want the legislature at its next session to make provisions for more of them. Moreover they don't like the activity Senator Stephens displays for another and a different system of agricultural schools. They regard such schools as opposed to the welfare of the agricultural department in the state high schools. They don't want district agricultural schools like the one at Crookston. They don't want one kind of school for the city pupil and another kind of school for the country pupil. They do want ultimately to establish in connection with every high school in the state a department of agriculture, of manual training and of household economics of which every child or every citizen may, if he wishes, take equal advantage.

The Corporation Tax.

There are few who are familiar with Governor Eberhart's political affiliations or his business activities who were surprised to hear that he disapproves of the federal corporation tax. The fact of the matter is the tax is very unpopular with the corporations. Down in Illinois they are up in arms against it. They are especially aggrieved at its publicity features. The governor, it appears, objects to its unfairness in that it taxes corporations and does not tax partnerships. Possibly some popular sympathy may be aroused. It's just as well to remember, however, that before a corporation can be taxed it must be shown to do an interstate business and its net income must exceed $5000 annually. The fight the governor proposes to make against the corporation tax is scarcely in the interest of the plain people of the state whose burdens will be lessened by so much as the tax brings. However since Governor Eberhart and Senator Clapp are together on this, it is not impossible that something may be accomplished for their powerful friends.

Who Does He Represent?

They had a congressional election in Illinois the other day. The insurgents were squarely pitted against the stalwarts. Joe Cannon came home to look after things. Senator Lorimore had his machine lined up. The insurgents were howled over and one William J. Moxley was elected to represent the plain people. William J. has a past. He's in the oleomargarine business. He didn't want to pay the ten cent tax on butter colored oleomargarine. He thought he could get around it; so by the use of palm oil, described by the government authorities as "rancid, of bad taste and smell, and considered by this office wholly unfit for use in oleomargarine," he concocted a grease which looked "just like butter." Clever thing too, because he sold it for use as butter. The only trouble was that he was caught at it and an unfeeling judge soaked him $27,499.80. Naturally in the fight to retain the ten cent tax on butter-colored oleo, the dairymen of Illinois won't have an especially ardent champion of their interests in William J. Moxley.

Suing the Government of Which He Is Part.

Another thing. Although Mr. Moxley paid this amount, he paid it under protest. He is now trying to get it back through legal proceedings. Naturally it won't hurt any to have a seat in congress and a voice in the government he is suing. In practice there are some peculiar things about representative government as embodied in our stand-pat congress.

—PAUL PRY.

COMMISSIONERS HAVE ORGANIZED

C. A. Lindquist Elected Chairman, W. C. L. Demann Vice Chairman.

Regular January Meeting—Much Important Business Transacted.

The first meeting of the board of County Commissioners for the year 1910 convened at the auditor's office Tuesday, Jan. 4. The board was organized by the election of C. A. Lindquist chairman and W. C. L. Demann vice chairman.

Members were appointed to various committees as follows:

Finance—Johnson, Anbol and Pigeon.

Ditch—Demann, Pigeon and Johnson.

Bond and Interest—Anbol, Johnson and Demann.

Road and Bridge—Pigeon, Anbol and Demann.

Court House and Jail—Demann, Johnson and Pigeon.

It was decided that during the coming year the county will not pay a bounty for wolves. During the past year a bounty of $5.00 for full-grown wolves and $2.00 for cubs has been paid. This action does not effect the state bounty of $7.50 for wolves and $3.00 for cubs which will be paid as heretofore.

Wm. Philion was engaged as janitor at a salary of $50 per month.

The Gazette, the Thief River News and the Thief River Press offered bids for county printing. The Gazette bid contained a proposition to secure the publication of the official printing in the St. Hilaire Spectator. The Gazette was designated as the official paper and all of the county printing will appear in this paper.

Considerable business of importance was transacted and a number of bills were allowed. The official proceeding will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

DEALS IN DIRT

Real Estate Transfers Reported By Register of Deeds.

Isabella Johnson to Ulsted Lawrence, lot 2, e2-153 43	800
Isadore Van Gilder to E. O. Wilcox, lots in blk 18, Red Lake Rapids	525
John J. Rice to Ellen J. Rice, lots 14 and 15, b 10, Plummer	1,000
Alden Lans to Andrew N. Ness, nw 21-154-42	2,500
Rud Peder to Jens Letnes sw¼ 19-154-42	2,800
Netherlands Am. Mtg. Bank to Frank Jeffers, lots 11 and 12, s 31-151-40	1,250
Norman R. Gervais to Frank Enderle, nw 21-151-40	2,300
Andrew Stenseth and wife to Gunder T. Lee, lot 5, b 7, Park Add to T. R. Falls	400
Olof Engen to Tobias Skjerping, se¼, 1-153-42	1,850
M. O. Sortedahl and wife to E. O. Ringsted, se 33-151-42	2,400
Mutt Brude to Alfred Olson, lots 40-41-42 b 20, Red Lake Rapids	250
A Stenseth and wife to Helena Anderson, lots 13 and 14 b 11 O. T., T. R. Falls	400
J. M. Bray and wife to J. A. Duffy and A. P. Toupin, lot 17, b 3, Champagne & Dows add to R. L. Falls	5,000
Bert Bowdan and wife to W. F. Bowdan, 320 acres in a 20-151-41	4,800
W. H. Davis and wife to Grace G. Cook, ne 17-150-43	4,000
Thor Torkelson to Pete Gustafson, w½ sw¼ and lot 5, sec 8-152-40	1,400
Olaus Jacobson to Albert Odell w½ se¼ and s½ sw¼, 15-154-44	4,000
August Schnek and wife to Ernest Holden and Eleanor Preston, sw¼ 23-150-42	4,000
Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls to Frank Jeffers, se 32-153-40	2,400
Frank Milkulesky and wife to Maria Berggren, sw 26-154-45	[illegible]
R. E. Pearson and wife to N. H. Aamoth, ne¼ nw¼ and lot 2, sec 33-152-41	3,175
T. A. Gunderson to K. E. Syverand, nw¼ 16-152-40	1,600

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR BUSY READERS

THE MORE IMPORTANT EVENTS HERE TOUCHED UPON.

MANY MATTERS ARE INCLUDED

Doings of Congress, Foreign Intelligence, Personal, General and Other Items of Interest.

Foreign.

The pope appointed Rev. James O'Reilly, now rector of St. Anthony of Padua, Minneapolis, Minn., to the bishopric of Fargo, N. D., and Rev. F. M. Fallon of the provincial oblates of Buffalo, N. Y., to the bishopric of London, Canada.

An official telegram from Buenos Ayres states that the authorities having the 1910 exposition in charge have set apart a special building for American railway exhibitors.

At St. Petersburg, the publisher of Tolstoi's book, "The Kingdom of God Within Us," was sentenced to a year's imprisonment in a fortress.

W. G. Spilter, an American, proprietor of the Astor house at Colon and alleged owner of the Cuban steamer Otori, was expelled from Panama territory. He was put aboard the Royal Mail steamer, Magdalena, bound for Jamaica and New York, by a decree of President Obaldin. He is charged with enticing employes on the Panama canal to leave their work.

Chan Yin Tang, successor to Wu Tung Fang as minister to China from the United States, accompanied by his family and a party of forty secretaries and Chinese students arrived in San Francisco on the liner Mongolia.

A severe earthquake occurred in Guam, causing considerable damage, according to a cablegram received at the navy department. The women's and children's hospital was wrecked. There were no casualties.

Evidence is multiplying that Zelaya intends to retire from the presidency of Nicaragua. Reports to that effect are general throughout that country and the American consular officers seem to give credence to them.

General.

St. Paul has begun a fight for lower telephone rates.

The interstate commerce commission ordered a reduction in charges of the Omaha & Council Bluffs railroad.

Red Cloud, Sioux Indian warrior, who died on the Pine Ridge agency, will be buried according to the ritual of the paleface and not above ground as he requested.

Senator Burkett of Nebraska and Representative Hull of Iowa are in a contest for next fall's military tournament.

Eight persons were fatally injured and a number of others less seriously hurt in the wreck on the Southern railway near Greensboro.

The Rev. David C. Hughes, father of Governor Hughes of New York, died at the executive mansion, following a recent stroke of apoplexy.

Testimony of the Brokow divorce went to show that the plaintiff made the money of the millionaire fly.

Reports from the east say Mr. Willard has been offered the presidency of the B. & O. railroad.

Senators Burkett and Brown may split on the selection of a new district attorney for Nebraska.

President Taft has promised to speak at the next meeting of the farmers' national congress, which meets in Lincoln October 5 to 11, 1910.

Leslie M. Shaw declared there is no doubt in the minds of those who have studied the proposed central bank that such an institution would be owned, or at least controlled, by the Standard Oil company.

The state occupation tax upon corporations was upheld by the supreme court of Nebraska.

President Taft said at Hertford, Conn., that the time might come when a civil pension list will become a necessity.

George A. Puckett, five years editor of the Roswell (N. M.) Daily Record, died from tuberculosis.

Many million acres of coal land will be opened to use for agricultural purposes if congress should pass a bill introduced by Representative Mondell of Wyoming.

Mrs. Frank Hicke and four of her children were burned to death when a crude oil stove exploded setting fire to their home at Wayne, Kansas.

Another failed bank in Oklahoma is giving state officials much concern.

Nebraska hogs topped the market at Denver, bringing $8.47½.

Imports of hides and skins for the calendar year will aggregate nearly a hundred million dollars.

General Leonard Wood, now in command of the department of the East, will be the next chief of staff of the army.

Iowa has a candidate for the United States supreme court when there is another vacancy. He is Judge Horace E. Deemer, of the supreme court of that state.

J. P. Morgan, Jr., came back to the United States from England. He denied the report that he would take charge of his father's great interests.

The 5-cent fare proposition on Omaha street railway has gone glimmering.

Henry Augustus Willard, the last of the three well known Willard brothers of Washington, D. C., died a few days ago, aged 87.

President Zelaya says he is the victim of a big and strong nation.

Attorney General Wickersham is not sure of the wisdom of his bill affecting the interstate commerce commission.

Insurgents of the senate have joined in a common cause.

The senate committee has held up the names of Curtis and Cahall, two recent treasury department appointees.

Ex-Senator Deitrich of Nebraska is reported better and hope is now entertained of his recovery.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit company announced the adoption of a pension system for its veteran employes.

News of the resignation of Zelaya was received with seeming satisfaction at Washington.

The only orders issued by the Navy department to the "Nebraska" are for it to rejoin the battleship fleet. That is the statement made by officials.

Notwithstanding his unpopularity, there seems to be much mourning over the death of the king.

Zelaya is said to be untruthful as well as inhuman.

After ten rounds of furious fighting "Cyclone Johnny" Thompson of Sycamore, Ill., was awarded the decision over "Fighting Dick" Hyland of San Francisco, before the Empire Athletic club in Kansas City.

Henry W. Blodgett, United States attorney for the eastern district of Missouri, has resigned.

Four persons were killed and a number of others injured when a Central of Georgia passenger train collided with a passenger train on the Macon & Birmingham road.

Four hundred and forty thousand of the Red Cross stamps, the profits of which are to be used for the war on tuberculosis, have been placed on sale in Nebraska.

At the request of Representative McGuire, Secretary Wilson ordered that the government good roads exhibit which was sent to the Topeka convention be transferred to Lincoln for the state convention which will be held in that city during the week of January 17.

A number of members of the Nebraska and Iowa delegations take advantage of the recess of congress to go home for the holidays.

Alaska's delegate to congress, Jas. Wickersham, said that upon his arrival in Washington early in January, he would introduce a bill providing for the establishment of a territorial government for Alaska.

The Towle Syrup company's plant at St. Paul, Minn., was almost totally destroyed by fire. The loss is $100,000.

The house passed the Esch bill, requiring railroads to make full monthly reports to the interstate commerce commission of all accidents.

After perfunctory sessions of both houses the Illinois general assembly adjourned until Tuesday, January 4, and the prospective battle over deep waterway, primary and other legislation advocated by Governor Deneen goes over until the new year.

Some choice heavies sold at Toledo, Ohio, at $8.70, the highest price reached in the local hog market since 1893. The market advanced a strong ten cents, the top price of the bulk of sales being $8.60.

The president gave the first of his formal white house dinners.

Washington.

News of the resignation of President Zelaya at Nicaragua was received with evident satisfaction at the state department and elsewhere but not one syllable of comment could be elicited from any responsible officer of the administration.

Severely attacking Secretary of the Interior Richard A. Ballinger, the Guggenheim interests, and the administration of the land office in general, Representative Hitchcock of Nebraska urged upon the house the necessity of appointing a special committee to investigate "the notorious land frauds of recent years."

By a joint resolution offered in congress a commission of seven persons to investigate the prospects for a semi-centennial celebration of the emancipation proclamation in 1913, is provided.

On the occasion of the 110th anniversary of the death of George Washington the Alexandria-Washington lodge of Masons, in accordance with its annual custom, placed a memorial wreath on the tomb at Mount Vernon.

Conservation of all the timber lands lying within the bounds of the Yosemite National park in California is urged by Major Forsythe, acting superintendent of the park, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior.

"Hands off Hawaii in liquor matters" is substantially the protest received by congress from the Hawaiian legislature. The secretary of Hawaii transmitted to the two houses of congress a resolution declaring that any legislation to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor in that territory, as proposed in a pending bill, would brand Hawaii as incapable of self-government.

The estimates of expenditures of the war department for the coming year amount to $94,799,067, and were favorably acted on by the house committee on military affairs and the bill is ready to be reported to the house.

Personal.

State Senator John Raines of New York, author of the Raines law, died a few days ago.

Horace H. Lurton has been appointed associate justice of the United States supreme court.

Rev. J. Albert Hyden, whose father was with General Washington when General Cornwallis surrendered, died at his home in Ottawa, Kansas, aged 83 years.

George Dudley, former commissioner of pensions, died in Washington.

Vigorous denunciation of President Zelaya was made by Senator Rayner.

President Zelaya is pictured as ruling Nicaragua with an iron hand.

President Taft made a speech before a bowery audience in New York.

In a speech at London Premier Asquith pledged local self-government to the Irish.

Congress, before adjournment for the holidays, is doing some work at night sessions.

The proposed plan to abolish the Isthmian canal commission met with vigorous opposition.

Arbuckle brothers admit failure to pay all the money due as customs charges and settle with government.

New York hears that Daniel Willard is to leave the Burlington.

Every depositor of the First State bank of Keifer, Oklahoma, which closed as a result of the failure of the Farmers' National bank of Tulsa, who demanded his money, was paid in full.

SMITH CONVICTED

JURY RECOMMENDS LENIENCY IN CASE OF MANKATO FARM HAND.

VERDICT MEETS APPROVAL

Trial of Mrs. Ledbeter Is Begun, on Request of Defense.—Woman's Attorneys Secure Dismissal of Sheriff by Affidavit.

Mankato.—The jury in the case of Frank Smith, charged with the murder of H. J. Ledbeter, a well known farmer of this country, rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree, as charged in the indictment, and also filed a recommendation for leniency. The jury was discharged.

None of the members had heard of Smith's criminal record as related by Sheriff Devine, of Logan county, Ill., and Deputy Warden Dowell, Chester, Ill., penitentiary, and expressed gratification that their judgment was sustained by developments outside the trial.

Smith refused to say anything for publication, remarking that the case was not through yet. If he can get funds he intends to move a new trial preparatory to an appeal on rulings of the court, so his attorney states.

Few spectators were present when the verdict was rendered, but the outcome is generally commended by the public. The publication of Smith's past record crystallized public sentiment against him and much fear had been expressed that the jury, not knowing it, might bring in a verdict in lesser degree.

Mrs. Ledbeter's Trial Begun.

The trial of Mrs. Grace Ledbeter began two hours after the jury retired in the Smith case. This had not been expected by the state, which had made arrangements to take the case up Dec. 27. The defense insisted on an immediate trial, however, and the court so ordered. Mrs. Ledbeter, dressed in black and wearing a heavy black veil that hid her face from the public gaze, and with a fur-lined-cloak over her shoulders, was the center of all eyes as she sat beside her attorneys, S. B. Wilson, A. R. Pfau, Jr., and C. J. Laurish. Her two little daughters, Hazel and Mabel, sat behind her, and near them was their uncle, her husband's brother, P. A. Ledbeter, of Hayward, Wis., her accuser in the present proceedings. The state was represented by County Attorney Walter A. Plymat and Special Municipal Judge W. R. Geddes, and Assistant General G. W. Peterson arrived from St. Paul to assist them, as he did in the Smith trial.

Judge A. R. Pfau, the trial judge, instructed the sheriff and bailiffs to exclude all persons under age during the trial and to prevent any demonstrations whatever and hold spectators back from the jury box.

Twenty-four jurors on the regular panel not on Smith's case were all excused for various causes during the afternoon, the state using two of its 10 peremptory challenges and the defense none of its 20. When court was about to order a special venire of 50 talesmen, the defense filed an affidavit of prejudice against Sheriff J. Donahue, alleging bias against the defendant, and under the law the court had no discretion and directed the venire be placed in the hands of Coroner E. R. Kennedy for service. This is the same procedure as that followed by the defense in the third trial of Dr. G. R. Koch, of New Ulm, in this county, when he was acquitted, and two of Mrs. Ledbeter's attorneys assisted the defense of Koch.

The trial of Mrs. Ledbeter is expected to be watched with more intense interest by the public than Smith's, owing to the many more perplexing features in the case. Numerous witnesses will be subpoenaed by both state and defense, probably three times as many as were secured in Smith's case, as the field for investigation is much wider, particularly as regards motive. This case will be stubbornly fought throughout and several weeks are expected to be consumed in the trial.

SARS GAMBLING IN ROCHESTER.

Mayor James Thompson Decides To Make It a Clean City.

Rochester.—Mayor James Thompson has issued an ultimatum that no more gambling is to be allowed in this city, and orders have been given to the police to this effect. For some time there have been a number of business places that have permitted card games in their establishments, and as a result a number of the younger generation of the city have formed a habit of spending their time in these places.

The attention of the mayor has been called to the growing tendency, and how Mr. Thompson comes out with the statement that he is going to make Rochester a clean city.

"DOPE" CAUSE OF DOWNFALL.

This Is to Be Defense of Itasca County Ex-Treasurer.

Duluth. — The defense has shown its hand in the case of the state against A. A. Kremer, the defaulting treasurer of Itasca county, whose trial is on at Grand Rapids.

It is evidently the intention of the defense to show that the accused was unfitted for business at the time he made the alleged fraudulent entries in the books, as a result of the use of some drug.

Ex-Judge Searle Is Dead.

St. Cloud.—Former Judge D. B. Searle died at his home in this city after an illness of three years. May 29, 1906, Judge Searle went to Long Prairie, to deliver the Memorial day address, and on the same evening he was stricken suddenly with paralysis. He had been under the care of a nurse ever since. He held many prominent positions, the most notable of which were U. S. district attorney, district judge of the Seventh Judicial District and state commander of the G. A. R. He was 68 years of age.

O'REILLY APPOINTED BISHOP.

Will Succeed Late Bishop Shanley of the Bishopric of Fargo.

Minneapolis.—Rev. James O'Reilly, pastor of St. Anthony of Padua church, Eighth avenue and Main street northeast, will succeed the late John Shanley to the bishopric of Fargo. Announcement of the appointment made in a dispatch from Rome which reads:

Rome, Dec. 14.—Approving the recommendations of the consistorial congregation as presented by the secretary, Cardinal De Lai, the pope today appointed Rev. James O'Reilly, now rector of the St. Anthony of Padua, Minneapolis, Minn., to the bishopric of Fargo, N. D., and the Rev. M. F. Fallon of the Provincial oblates of Buffalo to the bishopric of London, Canada.

The bishopric of Fargo has been vacant since last June, when Bishop Shanley died, after a long illness. It is a growing diocese and ranks as one of the most important in the Northwest. The naming of the Minneapolis priest for the place is regarded as a high compliment to the ability and standing of Father O'Reilly as a churchman.

Father O'Reilly is 53 years old. He studied for the priesthood at the seminary of All Hallows, Ireland, and came to the United States when a young priest. He was assigned as vicar at Stillwater, where he served for a number of years and then came to Minneapolis. He has been pastor at St. Anthony of Padua for 25 years.

THREE JURORS ACCEPTED.

State Will Send Counsel to Help Prosecute Mrs. Ledbeter.

Mankato. — Fifteen talesmen were examined in the murder case against Mrs. Grace Ledbeter, and three were accepted as jurors—namely, Charles Polle, a limeburner; Olaf Lundberg, and Adolph Lille, a retired ice dealer. All are of Mankato.

Fears expressed since the case was taken up that Assistant Attorney General Peterson could not return to assist the state in the trial, were set at rest finally by a long-distance message from Peterson, saying he could come as soon as the jury was drawn. The county board had taken steps to appeal to Governor Eberhart for assistance in case the attorney general's office refused it.

Sensational reports heard to the effect that a razor and knife were found in Smith's mattress were without foundation. Smith has had a razor to use since the middle of July, and has returned it regularly to the officials. A knife with broken blades half an inch long was given him by the officials in July to sharpen a pencil, and has been kept on his table even since. He is not suspected of harboring any design to commit suicide, but a close watch is being maintained day and night as a precaution.

DULUTH CANAL IS DENIED.

Waterway to Minneapolis Gets Unfavorable Report.

Washington, D. C. — An unfavorable report upon the proposed canal connecting Minneapolis and Duluth by the way of the St. Croix river was made by Chief Engineer Marshall. "From an engineering point of view," said General Marshall, "the project is practicable, but commercially is impracticable and I do not deem it advisable for the government to undertake it now."

General Marshall states that he supports the board of engineers and the district engineer in their report which is an exhaustive discussion of the condition of the traffic between Duluth and Minneapolis. The board of engineers takes the position that the four railroads extending from Duluth to Minneapolis and St. Paul are amply able to take care of the traffic.

WOODS TO HEAD FARM SCHOOL.

Minnesota Board of Regents Transacts Important Business.

St. Paul. — A. F. Woods, head of the department of plantology in the department of agriculture at Washington, D. C., was selected as dean of the college of agriculture of the University of Minnesota. Dr. Woods will succeed Dean J. W. Olsen, and will serve for a salary of $6,000 a year. The salary heretofore paid was $4,000 a year.

The succession to President Cyrus K. Northrop was discussed. A committee, consisting of President Northrop, John Lind, B. F. Nelson and Dr. W. J. Mayo, will look up a successor to President Northrop, who plans to retire next year.

A. Z. LEVERING DEAD.

Was For Twenty Years Secretary To Thomas Lowry.

Minneapolis. — Anthony Z. Levering for over 20 years private secretary to Thomas Lowry, died after a short illness. Mr. Levering was 58 years old. He came to Minneapolis in the early '70's and had lived at the family residence for over 25 years.

Mr. Levering was to have sailed to Capetown Jan. 1, to visit his daughter.

Towle Syrup Plant Destroyed.

St. Paul.—The factory plant of the Towle Syrup company was destroyed by fire, causing a loss estimated at $100,000, covered by insurance. The plant was installed in a three-story brick building eight years ago. The principal product of the factory was syrup, but candies and other sweets were also manufactured. One hundred people are put out of employment by the fire. E. A. Towle stated that some effort would be made to supply the customers of the company and that the plant would be rebuilt.

Investigating Fraternities.

Duluth—The board of education is engaged in an investigation of fraternities existing contrary to law among the students of the Central high school. The legislature took the charters away from all such organizations a year ago, and it is contrary to law for such bodies to initiate new members. Yet it is claimed that there are no less than six fraternities which are secretly supported by the students. The board is making a vigorous investigation with a view of rooting all of the fraternities out.

OFFICIALS KILLED

THREE HIGH OFFICIALS ASSASSINATED IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE WORLD.

ACTS HAD NO CONNECTION

Korean Prime Minister, St. Petersburg Chief of Police and Indian Magistrate Removed By Bomb and Knife.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—Colonel Karpoff, chief of the secret police of St. Petersburg, was assassinated early today. He had been enticed to a modest apartment in a remote street of the Viborg district, and there was blown to pieces by a bomb, exploded supposedly by his host, one Michael Vosesskresenki, who had leased the rooms a few days before.

The murderer rushed into the street following the explosion and was captured. An assistant to Korpoff who accompanied him was severely injured. Korpoff was appointed from Backu, where he had been chief of the secret police. There have been several convictions of bomb makers recently.

Bombay, British India, Dec. 22.—Arthur Mason Tippets Jackson, chief magistrate of Nasik in the presidency of Bombay, was assassinated by a native while attending a theatrical performance here last night.

The motive for the murder is supposed to have been the wish for revenge upon the magistrate, who had recently sentenced a criminal to life imprisonment. Nasik is a hot bed of sedition. Jackson had been in the British Indian service since 1888.

ESTRADA WINS VICTORY.

Six Hundred Killed On Field Gonzales Surrenders.

Seoul, Korea.—The prime minister of the Korean cabinet was stabbed to death as an apparent result of the intense feeling in Korea against Japanese influence.

Bluefields, Dec. 22.—General Estrada has won a complete victory over the government troops at Rama. A total of 600 men of both armies were killed or wounded. Nineteen hundred of Zelaya's men have surrendered including General Gonzales, who was in command. Two Americans are reported to have been killed.

The fighting is outside the city limits. The wounded are being brought here. Commander Shipley has landed surgeons from the Des Moines to care for them.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Confirmation of the Associated Press dispatches from Nicaragua were received today at the navy department in a cablegram from Captain Shipley of the Des Moines, now at Bluefields, dated at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The additional information is given the navy department that General Castrillo, with four pieces of field artillery, 1,500 rifles and one million rounds of ammunition were included in the surrender.

Zelaya's loss in killed, wounded and captured, the captain reports, is about 2,600.

GOVERNOR'S GOOD WORK.

Switchmen's Strike Is in a Fair Way To a Settlement.

St. Paul, Dec. 22.—Gov. A. O. Eberhart made one of the most interesting statements today with regard to the strike situation that has been made since Pres. Frank T. Hawley, of the switchmen's union, issued the strike order.

"I am very well pleased over the result of the conferences held yesterday between the railroads and the representatives of the American Federation of Labor's railway department council," said the governor. "I felt that if I could get the men and the roads together," he continued, "that conditions would shape themselves toward a betterment of the situation.

"I did not attend the conference in person but was represented by my secretary, Ralph W. Wheelock. From him I understand that everything is clearing smoothly toward a settlement. Both sides are showing a disposition to be fair in considering the propositions that arise and I feel very well satisfied with the present outlook."

Copenhagen Chagrinned.

Copenhagen, Dec. 22.—The morning papers generally find comfort for the Cook affair in the thought that the only fault that may be charged against the Danes is that they accepted the explorers claims as that of a gentleman.

The Politician says: "Frankly we regret only that a honorary degree was bestowed upon this man by the University of Copenhagen. But one member of the university counselled against the action taken."

The Kobenhaven says: "Cook's abasing of our university is his greatest shame. Fortunately the university itself tells the world of its mistake."

Other papers recall that all Scandinavian explorers who were acquainted with Cook supported him and insist that under the circumstances any other city would have given the explorer a similar reception. They intimate that at the time other cities envied Copenhagen in the opportunity to be the first to welcome and honor him.

Has Cherry Indemnity Plan.

Streator, Ill., Dec. 22.—E. P. Bicknell, national director of Red Cross attended a meeting here at which the Streator relief committee for the Cherry sufferers recommended mediation rather than litigation to fix responsibility for the St. Paul mine disaster and award damages, if the coal company was found at fault. The chairman of the committee and author of the resolution, J. E. Williams, declared he had urged this plan in correspondence with St. Paul Coal Co. and higher officials of the United Mine Workers and had received encouraging replies.

Leopold Is Buried.

Brussels, Dec. 22.—The body of Leopold II, King of Belgium, was placed today in the royal burial vault in the church of St. Mark at Laeken, the suburban residence of the royal family. Near it rest the remains of his queen, Marie Henrietta, the Princess Josephine, and the young Duke of Brobast.

Miners Injured in Explosion.

McAlester, Okla., Dec. 22.—An explosion occurred in Samples No. 2 coal mine three miles from here at noon today. It is reported that many miners are hurt.

HIS ERROR COST LIVES

BRAKEMAN THROWS SWITCH WITHOUT THINKING.

Total Wreck on Railroads Over the Whole Country—Ten Bad Wrecks With Death in All Save One.

St. Paul, Dec. 20.—"Do you want me to give myself up to the police on my arrival on Nov. 4 in St. Paul?"

After having absent-mindedly thrown the switch connecting the side tract on which an extra freight train was standing at Bladgely, Minn., yesterday connecting the side tract with the main line and which in less than a minute caused the fast Omaha road passenger train to crash into the freight, killing two men and injuring a dozen trainmen, F. W. Herman, head brakeman on the freight, disappeared.

The engineer of the wrecked passenger reported that just as he caught of the switch he saw a man throw it. The Omaha officials began to hunt for the freight crew and found Herman missing. While they were looking for him Division Superintendent Slacker at St. ames received the telegram quoted above signed Herman. The telegram was filed from a passenger train coming to St. Paul. Arriving here Herman reported to the officials of the road and told his story in detail today.

Herman said he had completely forgotten the passenger train. Fully realizing the consequence of his carelessness, he intends to take whatever punishment the law may inflict, as he is nearly prostrated with grief. In the meantime the Omaha railroad officials have not decided what they will do.

Wreck of a Week.

Following is a list of ten bad wrecks on the various railway lines within the past week:

New York Central fast train rams rear end of westbound express; officials declare storm obscured signals; 3 dead, 12 injured.

Southern railway fast express thrown over embankment by broken rail; 12 killed, 35 injured.

Santa Fe express crashes into rear of limited; 1 killed, 13 injured.

Express train on Central of Georgia hits switch engine; 3 killed, 7 injured.

New York Central express demolishes switch engine at Collinwood, Ohio; 5 killed, 1 fatally injured, many slightly hurt.

Oriental limited on Burlington wrecked by broken rail at Western Springs, Ill.; 20 injured, several seriously.

Southern railway train derailed at Chamblee, Ga., though none fatally.

Rio Grande trains in collision near Crested Butte, Col.; 2 killed.

Great Northern Winnipeg flyer derailed near Monticello and 1 killed.

Omaha flyer collides with freight at Blakely, Minn.; 2 killed, 12 injured.

SOCIETY LADIES AID STRIKE.

Mrs. Belmont and Miss Morgan Direct Striking Shirt Waist Workers.

New York, Dec. 20. — Miss Anne Morgan and Miss O. H. P. Belmont, both mistresses of millions, appeared today as the only authorized labor leaders, charged with the responsibility of directing, in part at least, the strike of 40,000 girl shirtwaist makers here.

Miss Morgan is a daughter of J. P. Morgan. These two women in conference with officers of the union, decided yesterday on a definite plan of campaign, which they believe will result in victory for the strikers. A statement was given to the public today, saying that the two society leaders will provide adequate legal defense for all the members of the union who are arrested while doing picket duty, and will personally take up the work of directing the strikers.

Seventy-five Thousand Ask Increase.

Pittsburg, Dec. 20.—Trainmen to the number of 75,000 employed on seventy-five railroads east of the Mississippi river will today through the officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, with headquarters at Cleveland, Ohio, formally notified the various divisions and railroads affected that a demand for an increase in wages amounting to from 5 per cent to 40 per cent, will be made Jan. 2. An agreement between the railroads and the trainmen necessitates a notice before any demand such as will be made, can be presented. The trainmen will wait until Jan. 20 for an answer from the railroads, it is said.

Lured to Her Death.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 20.—Mrs. Dorothy Woodhead, a young and attractive waitress, whose mutilated body was found in Lake Union yesterday, was lured to the spot and murdered.

From the fact that little blood was found on the trestle and from the report of the physicians who performed an autopsy last night, the coroner's jury gives the opinion that the girl was killed and placed on a street car trestle. The car struck her body and flung the corpse into the lake.

New Receiver at Devils Lake.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Frank W. N. Cockhyrn was today appointed receiver of the Devils Lake landoffice, also the following postmasters were named: H. T. Nelson, Courtenay, $1,000; Nyman Brandt, Park River, $1,600; C. C. Hutchinson, LaMoure, $1,600.

Teddy Arrives in Auto.

Kampala, Uganda, Dec. 21.—The American expedition arrived here today and was received by Sub-Commissioner F. A. Knowles. Colonel Roosevelt came by automobile from Entebbe. The others arrived on a steamer.

MOB ASKS ZELAYA'S DEATH.

Demonstration at Managua Stopped by Police and Gatling Gun.

Managua, Dec. 20.—A delegation of malcontents arriving here from Granada, brings news of a demonstration which occurred there Saturday. A crowd formed at the railway station, and forcibly released from custody several political prisoners.

"Cries of 'death to Zelaya,'" accompanied the rioting.

The police made a demonstration and finally turned a maxim gun on the rioters, several of whom were arrested while others fled.

Fears a Lynching.

St. Louis, Dec. 20.—Sheriff Cashel, of St. Clair county, Ill., today asked Governor Deneen for troops to protect the jail at Belleville, where Will Clark, the negro suspected of shooting two street car employes of East St. Louis Saturday night, is held prisoner. Rumors that a lynching is being planned in East St. Louis led the sheriff to take this step.

Lurton Is Confirmed.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Judge Horace H. Lurton was today confirmed by the senate as associate justice of the supreme court. No opposition appeared.

DISCREDITS COOK

DANISH UNIVERSITY SAYS NO PROOFS PRESENTED THAT HE REACHED POLE.

MERELY HIS STATEMENT

Papers Submitted Are Valueless and Are practically the Same As Published in the United States On His Return.

Copenhagen, Dec. 21.—The University of Copenhagen, the first institution of learning to recognize Dr. Frederick A. Cook as discoverer of the north pole declared solemnly today that the explorer had failed to establish the claim upon which his high honors had been based.

The committee appointed by the university to examine Cook's records recently presented its report to the consistory of the university, which reviewed the documents of the experts with the greatest care, and discussed the findings from every standpoint. That the committee was soon known.

The consistory met today and adopted a written report to the effect that the alleged records submitted for examination by Dr. Cook failed to prove his claim that he had reached the north pole.

The report of the committee, of which Professor Stromgren was the chairman, declared that Cook's papers as presented to the consistory are without any value, that his report to the university is practically the same as that published in the New York Herald upon his return from his arctic exploration. The Copies of his note books submitted, the committee says contains no original calculations or observations but only the results thereof. Accordingly the committee concludes that they afford no proof of his having reached the pole.

No Surprise In New York.

New York, Dec. 21.—News that the university of Copenhagen had declined to accept Dr. Cook's claim that he had reached the north pole came as no surprise to scientific circles here and to many of his friends, who had been prepared for the result by early indications that Dr. Cook's claims would not be favorably passed upon.

Dr. Cook is now in Christiansand, Norway, according to his brother, Wm. L. Cook, who said that the doctor had greatly recovered from the nervous breakdown from which he was suffering when leaving here.

Mr. Cook declared that the explorer was ready to go to Copenhagen to give the university further information concerning his claims. Dr. Cook mysteriously left the Hotel Grammatan in the Bronx, Nov. 24, where he had gone to prepare his records supposing his claim that he had reached the north pole. It now appears that he sailed Nov. 27, on the steamship Caronia for Naples where he remained for several days.

This information was contained in a letter the explorer sent to his brother who said: "Dr. Cook has authorized me to announce that he is in Europe trying to get much needed rest and that is all I can say.

"At the proper time my brother will give out a statement for publication and until he sees fit to do so there will be nothing for his friends to do but to respect his wishes and allow him to remain in seclusion."

New York, Dec. 21.—"If the public knew the truth concerning Dr. Cook's mental and physical condition as it is known by his close friends, they would take a more charitable view of his present unfortunate situation," by H. Wellington Wack, counsel for Dr. Frederick Cook, today when told that the University of Copenhagen had rejected Dr. Cook's proofs that he had been to the north pole.

SENATE WILL PROBE.

Inquiry Will Be Made Into Ballinger-Pinchot Controversy.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The senate today practically decided upon the inauguration of an inquiry into the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy by adopting a resolution introduced by Senator Flint of California, calling for all papers bearing on the case.

At the same time Senator Jones of Washington states that if no one else should propose a resolution of inquiry he would do so after the holidays.

It is expected that the papers will have been received by that time and the senate will be prepared for a searching inquiry and which it is generally believed shall be made.

In making the statement Mr. Jones presented a letter from Secretary Ballinger expressing his desire that an investigation be undertaken and saying that if he entered upon it should be sufficiently broad and far-reaching to cover the entire subject, including the forestry service which he charges with pernicious activity.

Hotel Fire At Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Dec. 21.—In a fire which destroyed the Metropole hotel on Ross avenue early this morning, John Alcock, a railway checker, was killed, and George Baxter, a painter, and Hilda Brown, a waitress, were fatally injured while jumping in an endeavor to save their lives. Forty people jumped from the windows to the icy pavement, one and two stories below. The hotel is the property of the Great Northern railway of St. Paul.

Railway Men Meet Strikers.

St. Paul, Dec. 21.—The entire delegates of the federation of labor and President Hawley of Switchmen's union met the officials of the local railroads in the Northern Pacific railway building at 11 o'clock today. After a conference of two hours they adjourned for luncheon, with an agreement to meet again this afternoon. Nothing was given out as to what was discussed.

Ex-Senator Harris Dead.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Former U. S. Sen. W. A. Harris of Kansas died suddenly here today at the home of a relative of heart disease.

Fears a Lynching.

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THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

AUTHOR OF "SARACINESCA," "ARETHUSA" ETC. ETC.

ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance, and drew off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin Saad, her betrothed, attempted to climb down a cliff overlooking the mine; but the traveler shot him. The stranger was revived from a water gourd Saad carried, dug his way out of the tunnel, and departed, deserting the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the gems she could carry, and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), a famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg; and Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American, who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret, and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He offered Lady Maud $500,000 for her pet charity if she would aid him in winning the singer from Logotheti. Baraka approached Logotheti at Versailles with rubies to sell. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and sent it to Venice. He was visited by Baraka in male attire. She gave him a ruby after the American had told her of having seen in the United States a man answering the description of the one she loved. The American followed Margaret to the Bayreuth "Parsifal" festival.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

Mr. Van Torp was fond of music, quite apart from his admiration for the greatest living lyric soprano, and since it was his fancy to go to Bayreuth in the hope of seeing her, he meant to hear Wagner's masterpiece, and supposed that there would not be any difficulty about such a simple matter, nor about obtaining the sort of rooms he was accustomed to, in the sort of hotel he expected to find where so many rich people went every other year. Any one who has been to the holy place of the Wagnerians can imagine his surprise when, after infinite difficulty, he found himself, his belongings and his man deposited in one small attic room of a Bavarian tanner's house, with one feather-bed, one basin and one towel for furniture.

"Stemp," said Mr. Van Torp, "this is a heathen town."

"Yes, sir."

"I suppose I'm thought close about money," continued the millionaire, thinking aloud, "but I call $5 a day dear for this room, don't you?"

"Yes, sir, I do indeed! I call it downright robbery. That's what I call it, sir."

"Well, I suppose they call it business here, and quite a good business, too. But I'd like to buy the whole thing and show 'em how to run it. They'd make more in the end."

"Yes, sir. I hope you will, sir. Beg pardon, sir, but do you think it would cost a great deal?"

"They'd ask a great deal, anyway," answered the millionaire thoughtfully. "Stemp, suppose you get me out some things and then take a look around, while I try to get a wash in that—that tea service there."

Mr. Van Torp eyed the exiguous basin and jug with some curiosity and much contempt. Stemp, impassive and correct under all circumstances, unstrapped a valise, laid out on the bed what his master might need, and inquired if he wished anything else.

"There isn't anything else," answered Mr. Van Torp, gloomily.

"When shall I come back, sir?"

"In 25 minutes. There isn't half an hour's wash in that soup-plate, anyway."

He eyed the wretched basin with a glance that might almost have cracked it. When his man had gone, he proceeded to his toilet, such as it was, and solaced himself by softly whistling as much of the "Good Friday" music as he remembered, little dreaming what it was, or that his performance was followed with nervous and almost feverish interest by the occupant of the next room in the attic, a poor musician who had saved and scraped for years to sit at the musical feast during three days.

"E sharp!" cried an agonized voice on the other side of the closed door, in a strong German accent. "I know it is E sharp! I know it!"

Mr. Van Torp stopped whistling at once, lowered his razor, and turned a mask of soapsuds in the direction whence the sound came.

"Do you mean me?" he inquired in a displeased tone.

"I mean who whistles the 'Good Friday' music," answered the voice. "I tell you, I know it is E sharp in that place. I have the score. I shall show you if you believe not."

"He's mad," observed Mr. Van Torp, beginning to shave again. "Are you a lunatic?" he asked, pausing after a moment. "What's the matter with you, anyhow?"

"Shall I? Well, now, that's a funny sort of a rule for a hotel, isn't it?"

"I go complain of you," retorted the other, and Mr. Van Torp heard a door opened and shut again.

In a few minutes he had done all that the conditions would permit in the way of making himself presentable, and just as he left the room he was met by Stemp, the 25 minutes being just over.

"I am a musician, I tell you! I am a pianist!"

"It's the same thing," said Mr. Van Torp, working carefully on his upper lip, under his right nostril.

"I shall tell you that you are a barbarian!" retorted the voice.

"Well, that doesn't hurt," answered Mr. Van Torp.

He heard a snort of scorn on the other side and there was silence again. But before long, as he got away from his upper lip with the razor, he unconsciously began to whistle again, and he must have made the same mistake as before, for he was interrupted by a deep groan of pain from the next room.

"Not feeling very well?" he inquired in a tone of dry jocularity. "Stomach upset?"

"E sharp!" screamed the wretched pianist.

Van Torp could hear him dancing with rage or pain.

"See here, whoever you are, don't call names! I don't like it. See? I've paid for this room and I'm going on whistling if I like, and just as long as I like."

"You say you make noises you like?" cried the infuriated musician. "Oh, no! You shall not! There are rules! We are not in London, sir, we are in Beyreuth! If you make noises, you shall be thrown out of the house."

"Very good, sir. I'll do what I can,

"I Tell You, I Know It Is E Sharp."

sir," said the excellent man, as Mr. Van Torp pointed to the things that lay about.

As he went out, he recognized the voice of his neighbor, who was talking excitedly in voluble German, somewhere at the back of the house.

"He's complaining now," thought Mr. Van Torp, with something like a smile.

He had already been to the best hotel, in the hope of obtaining rooms, and he had no difficulty in finding it again. He asked for Mme. da Cordova. She was at home, for it was an off-day; he sent in his card, and was presently led to her sitting room. Times had changed. Six months earlier he would have been told that there had been a mistake and that she had gone out.

She was alone; a letter she had been writing lay unfinished on the queer little desk near the shaded window, and her pen had fallen across the paper. On the round table in the middle of the small bare room there stood a plain white vase full of cornflowers and poppies, and Margaret was standing there, rearranging them, or pretending to do so.

She was looking her very best, and as she raised her eyes and greeted him with a friendly smile, Mr. Van Torp thought she had never been so handsome before.

Margaret held out her hand and he took it; and though its touch and her friendly smile were like a taste of heaven just then, he pressed her fingers neither too much nor too little, and his face betrayed no emotion.

"It's very kind of you to receive me, Miss Donne," he said quietly.

"I think it's very kind of you to come and see me," Margaret answered. "Come and sit down and tell me how you got here—and why!"

"Well," he answered slowly, as they seated themselves side by side on the hard green sofa. "I don't suppose I can explain, so that you'll understand, but I'll try. Different kinds of things brought me. I heard you were here from Lady Maud, and I thought perhaps I might have an opportunity for a little talk. And then—oh, I don't know. I've seen everything worth seeing except a battle and 'Parsifal,' and as it seemed so easy, and you were here, I thought I'd have a look at the opera, since I can't see the fight."

Margaret laughed a little.

"I hope you will like it," she said. "Have you a good seat?"

"I haven't got a ticket yet," answered Mr. Van Torp, in blissful ignorance.

"No seat!" The prima donna's surprise was almost dramatic. "But how in the world do you expect to get one now? Don't you know that the seats for 'Parsifal' are all taken months beforehand?"

"Are they really?" He was very calm about it. "Then I suppose I shall have to get a ticket from a speculator. I don't see anything hard about that."

"My dear friend, there are no speculators here, and there are no tickets to be had. You might as well ask for the moon!"

"I can stand, then. I'm not afraid of getting tired."

"There are no standing places at all! No one is allowed to go in who has not a seat. A week ago you might possibly have picked up one in Munich, given up by some one at the last moment, but such chances are jumped at! I wonder that you even got a place to sleep!"

"Well, it's not much of a place," said Mr. Van Torp, thoughtfully. "There's one room the size of a horse-box, one bed, one basin, one pitcher and one towel, and I've brought my valet with me. I've concluded to let him sleep while I'm at the opera, and he'll sit up when I want to go to bed. Box and Cox. I don't know what he'll sit on, for there's no chair, but he's got to sit."

Margaret laughed, for he amused her.

"I suppose you're exaggerating a little bit," she said. "It's not really quite so bad as that, is it?"

"It's worse. There's a lunatic in the next room who calls me E Sharp through the door, and has lodged a complaint already because I whistled while I was shaving. It's not a very good hotel. Who is E Sharp, anyway? Maybe that was the name of the last man who occupied that room. I don't know, but I don't like the idea of having a mad German pianist for a neighbor. He may get in while I'm asleep and think I'm the piano, and hammer the life out of me, the way they do. I've seen a perfectly new piano wrecked in a single concert by a fellow who didn't look as if he had the strength to kick a mosquito. They're so deceptive, pianists! Nervous men are often like that, and most pianists are nothing but nerves and hair."

He amused her, for she had never seen him in his present mood.

"E sharp is a note," she said. "On the piano it's the same as F natural. You must have been whistling something your neighbor knew, and you made a mistake, and nervous musicians really suffer if one does that. But it must have been something rather complicated, to have an E sharp in it! It wasn't 'Suwanee River,' nor the 'Washington Post,' either! Indeed, I should rather like to know what it was."

"Old tunes I picked up when I was cow-punching, years ago," answered Mr. Van Torp. "I don't know where they came from, for I never asked, but they're not like other tunes, that's certain, and I like them. They remind me of the old days out west, when I had no money and nothing to worry about."

"I'm very fond of whistling, too," Margaret said. "I study all my parts by whistling them, so as to save my voice."

"Really! I had no idea that was possible."

"Quite. Perhaps you whistle very well. Won't you let me hear the tune that irritated your neighbor, the pianist? Perhaps I know it, too."

"Well," said Mr. Van Torp, "I suppose I could. I should be a little shy before you," he added, quite naturally. "If you'll excuse me, I'll just go and stand before the window so that I can't see you. Perhaps I can manage it that way."

Margaret, who was bored to the verge of collapse on the off-days, thought him much nicer than he had formerly been, and she liked his perfect simplicity.

"Stand anywhere you like," she said, "but let me hear the tune."

Van Torp rose and went to the window and she looked quietly at his square figure and his massive, sandy head and his strong neck. Presently he began to whistle, very softly and perfectly in tune. Many a street-boy could do as well, no doubt, and Mrs. Rushmore would have called it a vulgar accomplishment, but the magnificent prima donna was too true a musician, as well as a singer, not to take pleasure in a sweet sound, even if it were produced by a street-boy.

But as Mr. Van Torp went on, she opened her eyes very wide and held her breath. There was no mistake about it; he was whistling long pieces from "Parsifal," as far as it was possible to convey an idea of such music by such means. Margaret had studied it before coming to Bayreuth, in order to understand it better; she had now already heard it once, and had felt the greatest musical emotion of her life—one that had stirred other emotions, too, strange ones quite new to her.

She held her breath and listened, and her eyes that had been wide open in astonishment, slowly closed again

"If He's the Fellow We Used to Call Levi Longlegs on the Ranch."

in pleasure, and presently, when he reached the "Good Friday" music, her own matchless voice floated out with her unconscious breath, in such perfect octaves with his high whistling that at first he did not understand; but when he did, the rough hard man shivered suddenly and steadied himself against the window-sill, and Margaret's voice went on alone, with faintly breathed words and then without them, following the instrumentation to the end of the scene, beyond what he had ever heard.

Then there was silence in the room, and neither of the two moved for some moments, but at last Van Torp turned, and came back.

"Thank you," he said, in a low voice.

Margaret smiled and passed her hand over her eyes quickly, as if to dispel a vision she had seen. Then she spoke.

"Do you really not know what that music is?" she asked. "Really, really?"

"Oh, quite honestly I don't!"

"You're not joking? You're not laughing at me?"

"I!" He could not understand. "I shouldn't dare!" he said.

"You've been whistling some of 'Parsifal,' some of the most beautiful music that ever was written—and you whistle marvellously, for it's anything but easy! Where in the world did you learn it? Don't tell me that those are 'old tunes' you picked up on a California ranch!"

"It's true, all the same," Van Torp answered.

He told her of the two foreigners who used to whistle together in the evenings, and how one was supposed to have been shot and the other had disappeared, no one had known whither, nor had cared.

"All sorts of young fellows used to drift out there," he said, "and one couldn't tell where they came from, though I can give a guess at where some of them must have been, since I've seen the world. There were younger sons of English gentlemen, fellows whose fathers were genuine lords, maybe, who had not brains enough to get into the army or the church. There were cashiered Prussian officers, and Frenchmen who had most likely killed women out of jealousy, and Sicilian bandits, and broken society men from New York. There were all sorts. And there was me. And we all spoke different kinds of English and had different kinds of tastes, good and bad—mostly bad. There was only one thing we could all do alike, and that was to ride."

"I never thought of you as riding," Margaret said.

"Well, why should you? But I can, because I was just a common cow-boy and had to, for a living."

"It's intensely interesting—what a strange life you have had! Tell me more about yourself, won't you?"

"There's not much to tell, it seems to me," said Van Torp. "From being a cow-boy I turned into miner, and struck a little silver, and I sold that and got into nickel, and I made the Nickel Trust what it is, more by financing it than anything else, and I got almost all of it. And now I've sold the whole thing."

"Sold the Nickel Trust?" Margaret was quite as much surprised as Lady Maud had been.

"Yes. I wasn't made to do one thing long, I suppose. If I were, I should still be a cow-boy. Just now, I'm here to go to 'Parsifal,' and since you say those tunes are out of that opera, I dare say I'm going to like it very much."

"It's all very uncanny," Margaret said thoughtfully. "I wonder who those two men were, and what became of the one who disappeared."

"I've a strong impression that I saw him in New York the other day," Van Torp answered. "If I'm right, he's made money—doing quite well, I should think. It wouldn't surprise me to hear he'd got together a million or so."

"Really? What is he doing? Your stories grow more and more interesting."

"If he's the fellow we used to call Levi Longlegs on the ranch, he's a Russian now. I'm not perfectly sure, for he had no hair on his face then, and now he has a beard like a French sapper. But the eyes and the nose and the voice and the accent are the same, and the age would about correspond. Handsome man, I suppose you'd call him. His name is Kralinsky just at present, and he's found a whole mine of rubies somewhere."

"Really? I love rubies. They are my favorite stones."

"Are they? That's funny. I've got an uncut one in my pocket now, if you'd like to see it. I believe it comes from Kralinsky's mine, too, though I got it through a friend of yours, two or three days ago."

"A friend of mine?"

He was poking his large fingers into one of the pockets of his waistcoat in search of the stone.

"Mr. Logotheti," he said, just as he found it. "He's discovered a handsome young woman from Tartary, or somewhere, who has a few rubies to sell that look very much like Kralinsky's. This is one of them."

He had unwrapped the stone now and he offered it to her, holding it out in the palm of his hand. She took it delicately and laid it in her own, which was so white that the gem shed a delicate pomegranate-colored light on the skin all round it. She admired it, turned it over with one finger, held it up towards the window, and laid it in her palm again.

But Van Torp had set her thinking about Logotheti and the Tartar girl. She put out her hand to give back the ruby.

"I should like you to keep it, if you will," he said. "I shan't forget the pleasure I've had in seeing you like this, but you'll forget all about our meeting here—the stone may just make you remember it sometimes."

He spoke so quietly, so gently, that she was taken off her guard, and was touched; and very much surprised to feel that she was. She looked into his eyes rather cautiously, remembering well how she had formerly seen something terrifying in them if she looked an instant too long; but now they made her think of the eyes of a large affectionate bulldog.

"You're very kind to want to give it to me," she answered after a moment's hesitation, "but I don't like to accept anything so valuable, now that I'm engaged to be married. Konstantin might not like it. But you're so kind; give me any little thing of no value that you have in your pocket, for I mean to remember this day, indeed I do!"

"I gave nothing for the ruby," said Van Torp, still not taking it from her, "so it has no value for me. I wouldn't offer you anything that cost me money, now, unless it was a theater for your own. Perhaps the thing's glass, after all; I've not shown it to any jeweler. The girl made me take it; because I helped her in a sort of way. When I wanted to pay for it she tried to throw it out of the window. So I had to accept it to calm her down, and she went off and left no address, and I thought I'd like you to have it, if you would."

"Are you quite, quite sure you did not pay for it?" Margaret asked. "If we are going to be friends, you must please always be very accurate."

"I've told you exactly what happened," said Van Torp. "Won't you take it now?"

"Yes, I will, and thank you very much indeed. I love rubies, and this is a beauty, and not preposterously big. I think I shall have it set as it is, uncut, and only polished, so that it will always be itself, just as you gave it to me. I shall think of the 'Good Friday' music and the chimes, and this hideous little room, and your clever whistling, whenever I look at it."

"You're kind to-day," said Mr. Van Torp, after a moment's debate as to whether he should say anything at all.

"Am I? You mean that I used to be very disagreeable, don't you?" She smiled as she glanced at him. "I must have been, I'm sure, for you used to frighten me ever so much. But I'm not in the least afraid of you now!"

"Why should any one be afraid of me?" asked Van Torp, whose smile had been known to terrify Wall street when a "drop" was expected.

Margaret laughed a little, without looking at him.

"Tell me all about the Tartar girl," she said, instead of answering his question.

Van Torp told her Baraka's history, as far as he knew it from Logotheti.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Care Taken of Queen Bee

Workers of the Hive Breed Her with Special Reference to Work She Has to Do.

The truth is, throughout all the wonder-workings of the beehive, the queen is little more than an instrument, a kind of an automaton, merely doing what the workers compel her to do. They are the real queens in the hive, and the mother-bee is the one subject. The workers have made her for their own wise purpose, just as they make the comb and the honey to store in it. The egg she is hatched from is in no way different from any worker-egg. If you take one from a queen cell and put it in the ordinary cell, it will hatch out a common female worker-bee, and an egg transferred from worker-comb to a queen cell becomes a full-grown queen. Thousands of worker-eggs are laid in a hive during the season, and each of those could be made into a queen if the workers chose. But the worker-egg is laid in a small cell, and the larvae is bred on a bare minimum of food, at the least possible cost in time, trouble and space to the hive; while, when a new queen is wanted, a cell as big as your finger-tip is built, and the larva is stuffed like a prize pig through all its five days of embryo life, until with unlimited food and time and room to grow in, it comes out at last a perfect mother bee.—Van Norden's Magazine.

Why Did You?

"Why do women marry?" inquires the Baltimore American. "Usually because men ask them. Give us a harder one," says the New York Herald. "All right! Why do men ask them?"—Washington Herald.

But why call this still harder when you can answer it yourself?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Consternation in Drawing Room.

In "Stories of a Famous London Drawing Room," in the August McClure's, William H. Rideing says:

"The company always included many delightful women, and I remember the consternation caused among them one day by Burnham, the scout. He explained that he attributed his success as a scout to the acuteness of his sense of smell; it was like a bloodhound's. 'There's no one here to-day,' he affirmed, 'who at any time anywhere in the future I could not recognise in the dark. Yes, I could tell you, and you, and you,' nodding at an alluring group in modish apparel, 'by the way you smell.'

"For an awful moment the conversation flagged."

Mistress of Her Home.

No woman can properly control her house unless she knows at least as much as her servants. Knowledge is power in the domestic as in other spheres.—Gentlewoman.

AN EXCELLENT REMEDY.

Will Break Up a Cold in Twenty-Four Hours and Cure Any Cough That is Curable.

The following mixture is often prescribed and is highly recommended for coughs, colds and other throat and bronchial trouble. Mix two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure, and eight ounces of pure Whisky. These can be bought in any good drug store and easily mixed together in a large bottle. The genuine Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure is prepared only in the laboratories of the Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, and put up for dispensing in half-ounce vials.

HOOK-AND-EYE WORM.

SORE EYES CURED.

Eye-Balls and Lids Became Terribly Inflamed—Was Unable to Go About—All Other Treatments Failed, But

Cuticura Proved Successful.

"About two years ago my eyes got in such a condition that I was unable to go about. They were terribly inflamed, both the balls and lids. I tried home remedies without relief. Then I decided to go to our family physician, but he didn't help them. Then I tried two more of our most prominent physicians, but my eyes grew continually worse. At this time a friend of mine advised me to try Cuticura Ointment, and after using it about one week my eyes were considerably improved, and in two weeks they were almost well. They have never given me any trouble since and I am now sixty-five years old. I shall always praise Cuticura. G. B. Halsey, Mouth of Wilson, Va., Apr. 4, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Is Prayer Geographical?

Not long ago, in an important county in Ohio, the women and others prayed that it would go "dry" and it did. A few days later, the people in Nassau and Suffolk counties, Long Island, prayed that these counties would become desiccated and a count of the votes showed that there was nothing doing. In both cases only those people prayed who were accustomed to that form of weapon. Accordingly there is a strong suggestion that prayer, like the tariff, is a local issue.

CLIP THIS OUT.

Valuable Recipe When Afflicted with Rheumatism or Backache.

This is a renowned doctor's very best prescription for rheumatism.

"One ounce compound syrup Sarsaparilla; one ounce Toris compound; half pint high grade whiskey. Mix them and take a tablespoonful before each meal and at bed time. The bottle must be well shaken each time."

Any druggist has these ingredients or he will get them from his wholesale house.

Then the Scissors Cut In.

"You may be sharp," said the thread in the needle, "but I notice you are always getting it in the eye."

"Oh, I don't know," answered the needle, "I notice that whenever you get in a hole I have to pull you through."

"Hush up, you two," cried the thimble. "If it wasn't for my push you would neither of you get along."

State of Ohio City of Toledo, Lucas County. } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Remnant of the Dark.

A colored man died without medical attendance, and the coroner went to investigate.

"Did Samuel Williams live here?" he asked the weeping woman who opened the door.

"Yassuh," she replied between sobs.

"I want to see the remains."

"I is de remains," she answered, proudly.—Everybody's Magazine.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Noisy One.

Bacon—Every man in the concern belongs to the Anti-Noise society but one.

Egbert—And who is that one?

"The silent partner."

"How's your digestion?"

"Better, thank you. I'm chewing WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT after meals."

You cannot hurt anybody without receiving a greater hurt yourself.—Cobden.

DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE when you want Perry Davis' Painkiller, as nothing is as good for rheumatism, neuralgia and similar troubles. 70 years in constant use. 25c, 35c and 50c.

The man who can maintain a reputation for wisdom in the presence of a youth just out of college is a wonder.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

Did anybody ever ask the weeping willow why it does it?

Does not Color the Hair
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
Stops Falling Hair — An Elegant Dressing
Destroys Dandruff — Makes Hair Grow
Composed of Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume. Ask your doctor his opinion of such a hair preparation.
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
Does not Color the Hair
J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN B. KING — C. B. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The Gazette has been declared the official paper of Red Lake county for the coming year.

Congress and the president want to know "what is whiskey?" They might refer the question to the temperance committee of the Minnesota senate.

The St. Peter Free Press has been enlarged to a seven-column quarto, all home print and otherwise greatly improved. The Millers are showing splendid ability as newspaper men.

The Warren Register is the champion "stand-pat" organ of northern Minnesota. It worships at the shrine of Taft, Aldrich and Tawney, and even Joe Cannon is a benefactor. Fortunately the disease is not contagious.

The Browns Valley Tribune observes that Secretary Ballinger should cheerfully welcome an investigation, as it couldn't make him less popular in the eyes of the public, and he would stand a chance of getting out with a whitewash.

An exchange says, "wearing of diamonds is no evidence of wealth. If you are a person of small means nobody will think that the diamonds you wear are genuine stones, while if people know you have plenty of money you can make a paste stone pass for a diamond just as well as the real thing."

In an interview, the Norwegian-American Jacob F. Jacobson charges that the liquor interests "sold him out" in the last campaign, and he is out for revenge. Mr. Jacobson says he stands for the conservation of human souls, and doesn't endorse Governor Eberhart's program. Lots of fun ahead, apparently.

John W. Olson, dean of the state agricultural college, emphasized the cash value of a technical education in an address Thursday night to the Plymouth church brotherhood in Minneapolis. "While graduates of the literary and scientific department of the university go begging for jobs at $75 a month," he said, "graduates of the farm school are grabbed up as farm experts by wealthy farmers at salaries ranging from $2,000 to $4,000 a year."

According to figures completed by the postmaster of New York City, money orders calling for $7,524,963 have been sent from this country to Europe during the month of December. This is an increase of $2,258,125 over last year. Nearly $2,000,000 went to England alone, while Italy's people were remembered with $1,732,131 in gifts large and small. There was a gain of 140,519 money orders over the number sent last year.

The county optionists will hold a mass convention at Minneapolis in February. It is expected that every county will be represented, and the first gun in the campaign will be fired. Hon. Jacob F. Jacobson and Gen. E. T. Young are on the program, and it is reported that they will demand a county option plank in the Republican platform. The convention promises to arouse a great deal of interest, and both parties are somewhat apprehensive as to its effect on the political situation.

Minnesota has loaned from its permanent public school fund something over $4,000,000 to other states which draws but three per cent interest. The Crookston Times suggests, and we think the suggestion a wise one, that this money be loaned within the state for drainage purposes. This would help to reclaim considerable areas of land which are now useless for farming. The security would doubtless be quite as good as other states furnish, and the benefit to this state would be untold.

Print paper has gone up 14 per cent since the Payne law reduced the duty. Last spring, under the much higher duties of the Dingley law, print paper was the lowest it has been for years. These are actual facts, though it is hard to reconcile them with free trade arguments. It is another case where theory and conditions do not jibe well—Warren Register.

As the Register ought to know, the tariff on paper in both the Dingley and Aldrich schedules is prohibitive. This fact ought to show that the paper users are entirely at the mercy of the trust. It can still raise the price materially without fear of competition by importation.

Henceforth naturalized American citizens who leave the United States temporarily had better take their naturalization papers with them if they want to get back. The other day an American citizen residing at Fargo, N. D., was refused by United States immigration officials the right to return to his home from Canada because he had forgotten his papers. Six weeks ago he went to Canada to visit a brother, and starting on his return to get home by Christmas, immigration officials held him at Winnipeg until he could receive his papers by which his citizenship to the United States could be proven.

The dailies say that the bankers in the cities are still receiving letters from country banks asking about the law against the issuance of checks for an amount less than $1. The original report that such an order would be enforced was stated authoratively to be incorrect, in recent Washington advices, but many in the country appeared not to have learned the ruling. The Washington authorities state that the law recently revised, was passed, but it has been ruled upon in the attorney general's office and will not be enforced, as it was decided that a check is not money, but merely an order for money.

Arbuckle Brothers, the largest independent rivals of the American Sugar Refining company, have also been caught stealing from the government, says the Adrian Democrat. They admit that for over ten years they cheated the government out of a portion of the customs charges on imported sugar, and voluntarily paid over $695,573 in full settlement of all civil claims against them. But criminal prosecutions of those responsible for the frauds will nowise be hampered or conditioned by the acceptance of money. The total amount received by the government so far from the sugar trust and Arbuckle is $2,830,573.

George Welch, commissioner of immigration is sending circular letters to the commercial clubs, agricultural societies and farmers' clubs urging them to assist the census supervisors in obtaining complete statistics of farm yields. The immigration authorities of Minnesota, he explains, have been hampered in preparing advertising matter to promote the welfare of the state by lack of authentic statistics of the crops. Sometimes the census officials are suspected of being assessors or that their figures will form the basis of assessment and the farmer becomes too conservative. The census reports are valuable for comparison with the yields in other states, and Minnesota can make a fine showing if correct information is obtained.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Roseau Region: It is not to be wondered at that the laboring man seeks higher wages and shorter hours—somehow the truth has dawned upon him that increased wages and increased leisure are two chief promoters of happiness and civilizers of men.

Winona Independent: Speaker Cannon's friends and admirers explain that whatever his faults may be, "he's no hypocrite." This same admirable trait manifested itself throughout the career of both Capt. Kidd and Jesse James.

St. Cloud Times: Has anyone noticed any "kicking" on President Taft from the direction of Wall street, as there was when T. Roosevelt held the reins? We recall Harriman sneeringly saying that T. R. "wanted to regulate everything from the size of our families to our religion!" No such remarks as to William Howard Taft. He is one of the Wall Street lords' anointed.

Warroad Commonwealth: According to reliable statistics the cost of living has increased 60 per cent since 1896. The pertinent question to go with that fact is, have wages increased 60 per cent since 1896? The question answers itself, for everybody knows that wages have not perceptibly advanced. Then where does the increased price of living go? There is but one answer—to the people who control the market for staple articles of family consumption. And why should anybody control that market? Well, just because the people are such consummate fools as to let them; that's all. The people like it—they must like it or they wouldn't stand for it; and they do stand for it.

HER HOBBY.

It Led Her to Make Trouble, but She Rectified It.

By FRANK H. SWEET.

[Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.]

Is there any one who has no hobby? Well, if there is it is questionable if such person is happy. We live lives—at least most of us do—that lie in beaten tracks.

The merchant that has built up a large business goes to his store every day to do pretty much the same thing. His wife stays at home, looks after the servants and makes calls. The doctor visits the sick and listens to an eternal round of aches and pains.

The clergyman preaches every Sunday and makes parochial visits. With all of us our occupation sooner or later becomes humdrum.

What, then, is our relief, our safety valve?

A hobby.

Hobbies are sometimes mere whims, or they may be a fancy that a certain line of action under certain circumstances is essential. Of such kind was Nell Lambert's.

Her hobby was self control. She was accustomed to say that it was the only cultured substitute for contentment and that the result of its perfect attainment was perpetual youth. The quick growth of a frown habit and the wrinkles that follow in its wake were among her strongest arguments.

Nature makes the cures after all.

Now and then she gets into a tight place and needs helping out.

Things get started in the wrong direction.

Something is needed to check disease and start the system in the right direction toward health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with hypophosphites can do just this.

It strengthens the nerves, feeds famished tissues, and makes rich blood.

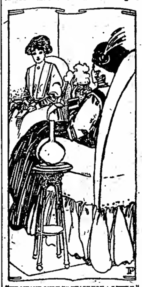
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Nell was wooed and won by John Brent. She was very happy, and apparently John was happy too. The world seemed suddenly transformed from a very humdrum affair to a paradise. She managed to retain her self control, so far as telling any of her friends of her engagement was concerned. Then there was a lapse. Her friend Pattie Roane called, and Nell let out the secret.

Not long after Miss Roane's departure Pattie was standing at the parlor window which overlooked the street admiring some flowers that were kept in the window. She was thinking of her lover, and it seemed that the flowers looked up at her with a happy smile. Happening to glance up, her heart seemed to cease to beat.


"WE MEANT ONLY TO TEASE YOU A LITTLE."

There, driving down the street on his dogcart, with Miss Roane beside him, was John Brent. Nevertheless her habit of self control was strong enough to enable her to give the couple a gracious nod and a smile.

What did it mean? Had she not been in that tremulous condition, love, when every shadow is a demon? She would probably have thought that there was no meaning to it whatever. As it was, she considered it in the light of an insult from both John and Pattie.

That evening John called. She received him graciously and chatted with him as if nothing had happened, but before he left told him that their engagement was a thing of the past. All this required great self control, but that self control she possessed.

The three weeks that followed found her still living up to the hobby. If she was a bit whiter and thinner the spirituelle effect was becoming, therefore welcome. There could be a tonic and a change of air should the scrawny stage threaten. Pending that time her maid one morning announced, "Miss Roane."

"Lower the shades a trifle, Lisette," said Nell and glanced into her mirror. "Draw that stand of lilacs nearer, so. Miss Roane may come up."

"How sensible you always are!" said Pattie, making at once for an easy chair. "Here have I for three weeks been afflicted with a conscience, and you—you look as if you never had one."

"Three weeks?" smiling. "It is a long time to carry anything heavy."

"Well," with a look half meek, half mischievous, "I have brought the burden to you."

"To me? I thought a conscience was like a railroad pass—always labeled 'not transferable.'"

"I only want it doctored."

"But that is a very trite idea, is it not?"

"What I mean is not trite," said Pattie. She took a cluster of white lilacs from the stand and gently brushed her face with them. Keen eye shots could pierce such a hedge undetected. "Trite exploits are either easy or necessary."

"If you mean it is hard to do anything original"—

"But I do not. I mean this is original because too hard to be often undertaken."

"Yet it is only a little conscience to be doctored."

"There are things to tell you," gravely, "because we are friends."

"Present tense?"

"Yes," lowering the hedge to give a steady look.

"Very well," with a smile that held some sarcasm lurking beneath it; "tell us."

"That day after you told me of your engagement to John Brent I saw his dogcart before Ransom's, and I happened in, don't you know, and said something about such a royal day for driving and smiled up at him my very best smile. It was a bit of mischief. I knew you would be cool over the matter and wake his resentment."

"'Behold how great a fire a little spark kindleth,'" said unruffled Nell.

"I asked him to drive this way, and he laughed. We meant only to tease you a little—nothing serious."

"No?"

"Not then," bending her face into the lilacs.

"Well," coldly, "he is now free."

An eye shot passed over the hedge.

"Knowing how that drive came about, you are still too proud to recall him?"

Nell settled herself more cozily among the cushions of her divan and gave her prettiest low laugh. "'Is thy servant a dog?'" she said.

"But he would come," said Pattie gently.

"There is a better way to come."

"And if he does not choose it?"

"I am content," sang Nell sweetly.

"Then if he's free," said Pattie, well behind the flower hedge, "I ought to let you understand," hesitatingly, "that—that"—

"Oh, certainly," said Nell mockingly, "each one for herself."

"I should not have put it in just that way," Pattie went on, with a half nervous little laugh, "but I shall not avoid him or be at my worst with him."

"It is a woman's business," dryly, "to charm, especially to charm one man."

"If he is the right one," faltered Pattie Roane.

"True. Yet the wrong one is often entertaining and easier."

"And you do not care?" asked Pattie as she took up and put the flowers back in the vase. "But you'll believe, won't you, that I meant no wrong, that I did not know what would come?"

"You have not finished your story," said Nell, with sudden sharpness. "What has come to him—what has come?"

"If you would be sorry, I think," very low, "that he would be happy."

"Otherwise—in time?" breathlessly.

"Perhaps he may think of me," said Pattie and turned away her face.

She was going silently to the door when Nell, white as her lilacs, came to the lintel.

"You have been honest," she said chokingly, "so I will tell you. I cannot bear it," with a sob, "I cannot!"

Pattie flushed. "Do you want me to go away out of his reach?" she asked with voice that trembled and with lowered eyes.

"No, but I will write and ask him"—alas for the hobby, tears came—"ask him to forgive me."

"I will wait and post the letter," Pattie slowly and went back to her chair.

"He may be angry still, you know," Nell said wistfully when the note was written and her guest on the stair, but there was no answer.

Pattie hurried out to the corner mail box and, having dropped the note inside, came around the turn of the street face to face with John Brent.

"I have been attending to some of your business," she said, with a happy laugh.

"Thank you. It could not be in better hands, I am sure," said John.

"I think so myself," radiantly. "Could you pick a lock or a corner post box?"

"Well, not without some training, I think."

"Then the best thing for you to do is to go up to Nell's. Say the proper thing, you know," rapidly. "Say that you are a wreck from misery and cannot bear it any longer."

"But"—

"That handsome Englishman has been sending more flowers, exquisite white lilacs. If I were you they should go out of a back window."

"But"—

"She will be delighted that you came before the note reached you, but do not hint that you know about it."

"About what?"

"The note, the note, the note!"

"Pick a corner post box," said John dazedly, but with a slight dawning in his eye. "Nell has written me a note?"

"Oh, the slowness of a man's mind!" cried Pattie. "Are you going to stand here after all my brilliant plot while that girl sobs herself ill—ill waiting to know if you forgive her?"

John's answer was in the rapidity of his stride around the corner, and Pattie, the plotter, her face dimpling with smiles and ease of conscience, went far enough to peep and see him run up Nell's steps three at a time.

"Good!" she murmured, with a little chuckle. But it must be admitted that she deserved one.

That was Nell's last effort at controlling her feelings when she felt aggrieved. She had learned that standing out as if the right was all hers without giving the other side a hearing was not self control, but injustice. And Pattie Roane, whose mischievous disposition was always getting her into scrapes which her genial disposition usually got her out of, learned that her propensity for such larks should be curbed by a proper self control.

FARM LOANS We want your farm loans. We offer you the very lowest rates of interest with privilage payments.

CHECK ACCOUNT Open an account with this bank and pay by check, we furnish you checks free. The returned checks are your receipts for every bill you pay. No matter how small your account may be, we appreciate your business.

COURTESY We are always ready to help and do all in our power, consistent with safe and conservative banking, to further the interest and credit of our customers.

FIRST STATE BANK
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.
Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.
Summer School New. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

EARLY AUTUMN DAYS

are upon us now, when the crimson is upon the maple and a new Fall Overcoat on your arm in the evening. For the man who would look swell and "trig" a new cutaway or Prince Albert suit, made in up-to-date style, "the thing for September days." If you haven't ordered your new overcoat for Fall call on—
L. E. ERICSON, Tailor

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.
S. E. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

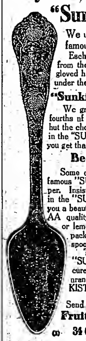
"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

Only Gloved Hands Pick "Sunkist" Oranges



We use great care in picking the famous "SUNKIST" ORANGES. Each "SUNKIST" ORANGE is picked from the tree and packed in the box by a gloved hand. No orange that falls to the ground is packed under the "SUNKIST" label.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

We grow 60% of all the California oranges. Three-fourths of all the lemons. Most of them are sold in bulk, but the choicest selections of this great quantity are wrapped in the "SUNKIST" label, so that if you would be sure that you get the choicest pick, insist upon the "SUNKIST."

Beautiful Orange Spoon FREE

Some dealers may claim the oranges they sell are the famous "SUNKIST," but that they have removed the wrapper. Insist on your dealer giving you oranges and lemons in the "SUNKIST" wrapper. If you do this we will give you a beautiful orange spoon—one of Rogers' best standard AA quality. Just send us twelve "SUNKIST" orange or lemon wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay postage, packing, etc., and receive one of these beautiful spoons by return mail.

The choicest quality of lemons also go under the "SUNKIST" label. You can easily secure a whole dozen of these beautiful orange spoons. Get a dozen "SUNKIST" oranges or lemons today.

SUNKIST ORANGES
SUNKIST LEMONS

Send to California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

HOWELL PLANER AND MATCHER

You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.

We Also Have Second-Hand Machinery
Established 1879

You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by

R. R. HOWELL & CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

It isn't so difficult to strengthen a weak stomach if one goes at it correctly. And this is true of the Heart and Kidneys. The old fashioned way of dosing the stomach or stimulating the Heart or Kidneys is surely wrong! Dr. Shoop first pointed out this error. "Go to the weak or ailing nerves of these organs," said he. Each inside organ has its controlling or "inside nerve." When these nerves fail them then those organs must surely falter. This vital truth is leading druggists everywhere to dispense and recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. A few days test will surely tell! Sold by all dealers.

A clergyman writes: "Preventics, those little Candy Cold Cure Tablets are working wonders in my parish." Preventics surely will check a cold, or the Grippe, in a very few hours. And Preventics are so safe and harmless. No quinine, nothing harsh nor sickening. Fine for feverish restless. Box of 48 at 25c. Sold by all dealers.

Read the pain formula on a box of Pink Pain Tablets. Then ask your doctor if there is a better one. Pain means congestion—blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one, and see! 20 for 25c. Sold by all dealers.

Notice.

To WILLIAM F. [illegible]

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that a default has occurred in that certain contract made and entered into on the First day of December, 1902, between Ira F. Heasley and Robert Mather, Trustee for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, for the sale to Ira F. Heasley by the said Robert Mather, Trustee, of the following described property, to-wit:—

The Northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section Fourteen (14), in Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151) North, of Range Forty-two (42), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Such default consists in your failure to pay as the same became due under the terms of said contract, that certain installment or amount of money to-wit: One Hundred Eighty Dollars ($180.00) principal due from and payable by you on the first day of March, 1906, and the further sum of One Hundred Eighty Dollars ($180.00) principal due from and payable by you on the First day of March, 1907, and the further sum of One Hundred Eighty Dollars ($180.00) principal due from and payable by you on the First day of March, 1908, and the further sum of One Hundred Eighty Dollars ($180.00) principal due from and payable by you on the First day of March, 1909, with interest as provided in the above mentioned contract, and the further failure to pay at the office of the Treasurer of Red Lake County, the taxes on the above described land for the years 1905, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

You are further notified that E. C. Lindley has succeeded Robert Mather as Trustee for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, and that notice of this change in trusteeship is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

You are further notified that such contract will terminate thirty (30) days after the service of this notice upon you, unless prior thereto you make compliance with the conditions of the contract and pay the cost of service of this notice.

Dated at Duluth, this Fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1909.

E. C. LINDLEY AND GEO. H. CROSBY, TRUSTEES FOR THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY CO., Owners
By L. H. ARNOLD,
Trustees' Land Agent.

d23j6

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by F. H. Marshall and Anna Marshall, his wife, mortgagors, to the Iowa Mortgage, Loan and Investment Co., mortgagee, dated January 25, 1906, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on February 7, 1906, at 2:10 o'clock p. m. in book 11 of mortgages page 1, which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Iowa Mortgage, Loan and Investment Co., mortgagee, to S. A. Schneider by written assignment dated February 21, 1906, and recorded November 6, 1909, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 3 of mortgages, page 513; that the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at this date is one thousand six hundred ninety-four dollars and ten cents; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are lots three and four and the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty, township one hundred fifty-three, range forty-five, Red Lake County, Minnesota, containing one hundred fifty-nine and forty-five hundredths acres; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, by the sheriff of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State, on the 13th day of January, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage together with the costs and disbursements of said sale and seventy five dollars attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated November 23, 1909.

S. A. SCHNEIDER,
Assignee.
F. L. THORNTON,
Attorney for mortgagee,
Benson, Minn.

j6

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Benjamin Puschinsky
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Benjamin Puschinsky, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to [illegible] Puschinsky,

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof, and that Saturday, the 18th day of June, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated December 18th, 1909.

S. A. SWANSON,
Judge of Probate.

d23j6

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Carl Oscar Ourman, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to L. Ourman, Mrs. A. Green, J. O. Burman, F. F. Burman, A. S. Burman, H. W. Burman, A. M. Burman, E. E. M. Burman, S. L. Burman, W. E. Burman, Mrs. Carl O. Burman and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Axel Sogfred Burman having been filed in this court, representing that Carl Oscar Burman then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 12th day of May, 1909, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to H. P. Lund of Lillo, Minn., and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 24th day of December, 1909.

(COURT SEAL) S. A. SWANSON,
Probate Judge.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 22nd day of December, 1909.

[SEAL] A. Larendresse,
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the towns of Clover Leaf and Kratka in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the North West corner of Section Number Two (2), Township One Hundred Fifty Three (153), North of Range Number Forty one (41), West of the Fifth P. M., thence due West between Section Three (3), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153) Range Forty-one (41) and Section Thirty four (34), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty one (41) and between Section Four (4), and Thirty three (33) and between Section Five (5) and Thirty-two (32) in said towns and ranges, to the Northwest corner of Section Five (5), township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty one (41). Thence [illegible] between Section Five (5) and Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three, Range Forty-one (41) and between Sections Seven (7) and Eight (8) in said Town and Range and between that part of Sections Seventeen (17) and Eighteen (18), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), lying north of the Red Lake river and terminating at the Red Lake river in said town and range as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Drainage Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof. [2 Payment Plan.]

Dated Dec. 13th 1909.
Christian O. Negaard
Magnus [illegible]
Peder Solland
Haakon A. [illegible]
H. [illegible]
J. O. Kjesbo
A. Aanenson
Andrew Drydahl
John Ulvild.

—Petitioners.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3964 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

St. Hilaire.

From the Spectator—

E. W. Eastman of Hazel made a business trip to Red Lake Falls, Monday.

Miss Martha Anderson came over from Grand Forks Monday to spend the holidays at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Rux in Sanders and with relatives in Polk Centre.

Rev. Gjerde, pastor of the United Lutheran church of this village was married at Nielsville Wednesday, his bride being a Miss Simonson of that place. Following the ceremony a reception was tendered the couple at the Neilsville hotel. St. Hilaire friends join those of Nielsville in extending felicitations.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Austin, who have been spending the holidays with relatives and friends at Fergus Falls, returned home Monday.

A. R. Hall came up from Walnut Grove, Monday, to spend a couple of weeks at his home here. "Doc. Pills," as he is familiarly called, is now employed in a drug store in that city. Mr. Hall is well acquainted with W. G. Owens, county attorney of Redwood county, and who is a brother of Dr. J. E. Owens of St. Hilaire.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Lots of people are just idiotic enough to think they arn't.

The trouble with swallowing your pride is that it's so indigestable.

The color of a girl's eye depends upon the color of her imagination.

People are nearly always extra pious just before they are going to break out into the exact opposite.

A woman's idea of when a man's compliments are flattery is when he pays them to another woman.

SKIPPER BEN'S GIRL.

The Treasure That Came to the Lonely Fisherman.

By FRANK H. SWEET.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

If in your travels you ever visit the rugged coast of New England you may come upon the Cove, with its cluster of brown, gray and black wooden houses, having queer, uneven roofs and crooked chimneys, and its narrow strip of pebbly beach, backed by high, forbidding rocks.

You are very likely to find boats drawn up upon the beach, some of them overturned for calking, and great heaps of kelp and seaweed and layers of salt hay, showing how far up the water comes at high tide.

And climbing over the boats or playing along the beach I am quite sure you will find a little girl—a brown faced, barefooted little girl in a faded pink frock, whose hair is like seaweed, a rich chestnut underneath, but faded to a sort of nutty tinge where the sun strikes it.

If you ask this little girl who she is she will peep shyly up at you through her tangled hair, with a pair of eyes that will win your love and admiration at once, and will answer, "Dolly!"

LYING ON THE BEACH WAS A LITTLE GIRL.

Then she will run away and hide among the boats, with her brown curls shaken over her blushing cheeks.

But if you ask any one else, say the old lobster man yonder examining his lobster pots beside his warped and leaky old dory, or, better still, old Captain Graves as he stands on the wharfs every day or sits by the stove in Lisha Tucker's store telling of the fishing when he was young, he will say:

"Thet? Oh, thet's Skipper Ben's gal!"

It is a strange story, and it all happened some years ago—a great many years ago, Dolly would say—when Skipper Ben was not a skipper at all, but merely a brown skinned young fisherman.

He lived with his old mother in the little brown house that stands quite by itself by the waterside and whose eaves almost touch the ground. And over in the blackish looking cottage, with the shingles down the sides, lived his sweetheart, a rosy lass named Dolly.

They had always been friends ever since they were old enough to go about and sailed boats together in the pools among the rocks or fished from the wharfs. As they grew older the cove "just kind of understood" that they were to be married as soon as Ben should become owner or part owner of a fishing vessel.

Ben was an industrious fellow and was always off on the banks. Each time he came home he laid a little money away in an old stocking, for he was saving up to buy his boat, and once while he was on a fishing cruise with Captain Pratt the captain told him of a prime little schooner he had at home in the cove, which Ben might secure for the contents of his stocking and in payment for his services that season.

Ben came home a happy youth. He had already christened his new possession the Dolly. And as he walked up the narrow, crooked street of the little fishing town he wondered why all of his old comrades should look at him with such solemn, pitying glances.

Poor Ben! He soon learned why they all looked pityingly at him. His sweetheart, Dolly, was dead. Two weeks before she had been buried in the little graveyard on the hill.

Poor Ben, indeed!

He was never the same man afterward. He kept the Dolly and took a pride in her, going off to the banks and becoming in time one of the first fishermen in the Cove. But he never was a boy again. All his old light heartedness had vanished, and he became grave, moody and silent. For some years he lived, when he was at home, alone in the little brown house—for his old mother was dead, too. A lonely time he had of it when he was not at the banks. In the evenings he would sit for hours with his pipe, staring into the fire and thinking how different it all might have been if only Dolly had lived.

One night there was a terrible storm, and Skipper Ben sat by his lonely hearth smoking and thinking. The wind blew and howled about the little brown house. It rushed down the chimney and beat against the side of the house until it rocked. But Ben does not notice a bit of wind.

Presently his gloomy thoughts got the better of him. The tiny room seemed to grow as narrow and as suffocating as a grave, and he rushed out into the night and the storm, where he could draw in deep breaths of the wild salt air.

There was no rain, but the clouds were scurrying swiftly across the sky. And well they might with such a wind at their heels.

Such a wind! If Ben had not been the broad, sturdy fellow that he was it would have blown him off his feet. But as it was he strode up and down the beach with long, fierce strides and heeded neither the wind nor the roaring surf.

Was it strange that, with the fierce storm ranging without and the equally fierce storm raging within, Skipper Ben should not have heard the shrieks and cries of distress that night? Not so very strange, I think, but what was strange was that above all the din and commotion he should have heard a feeble wail—the faintest little wail in the world.

But he heard it at any rate and hurried to the spot whence it came.

There, lying on the beach, with its frock securely fastened to a broken spar, was a little child.

"Why, you poor little creeter!" exclaimed Ben as he unfastened the dress. "How'n the world did you git out here?"

The baby stopped crying as soon as she saw him and, stretching out her tiny arms, gave a little chuckle of delight.

He picked her up tenderly and, wringing out the soaked little garments, which were like cobwebs and were trimmed with the finest lace, buttoned her up inside his heavy jacket.

Then it was that he heard the shouts and cries for the first time and saw men running helplessly up and down the beach and gazing seaward.

What were they looking at? Looking at nothing. They were staring and gaping at the place where a good ship had just gone to pieces. Could no one be saved? No; it was impossible. No boat could live in such a surf, and there is, moreover, no lifeboat at the Cove.

The ship went to pieces where she struck. Of all the crew not one lived to tell the tale, and of all the passengers not one was saved except the little baby buttoned up under Skipper Ben's rough pilot jacket.

But the baby lived and was like a sunbeam in the little brown house, for no one talked of putting her in the asylum. Nor is there any orphan asylum at the Cove, though there are orphans in plenty, for many a good fellow goes to the banks never to return, not supposing that he has said goodby for the last time to the youngsters at home.

The baby cried for "mamma" a little at first, but she soon learned to say "Ben" instead. And from that day on the little room never became narrow and stuffy, and Ben's pipe was the pipe of peace and comfort.

The next year, when he went to the banks, he left her in the care of Lisha Tucker's wife at the store, but the year after she cried so hard when he was going that he took her with him. And ever since she has been his constant companion, and he named her Dolly.

Five years have passed since that stormy night, and Dolly is six years old. She is a bright, happy little girl, and she loves the grim old ocean dearly, even if it did so nearly become her tomb.

Sometimes in the evening when the wind is blowing and shaking the little brown house and the fire is roaring brightly and merrily up the chimney Skipper Ben will tell Dolly how he found her lying on the beach securely fastened to a broken spar.

Then he will pull out a little old, worn leather trunk and will take from it the once dainty baby clothes. They are yellow now and still stained with sea water. He will hold the delicate fabric in his hard, rough hand with reverential awe and look with wonder at the little faded blue ribbons that once were shoulder knots.

"I wonder who your parents was?" he says to Dolly. "Only think what you might ha' been! Why, you might ha' been a markis!"

Skipper Ben's round blue eyes become rounder and bluer at the thought, and he takes his pipe from his mouth.

"You might ha' been a dorchess!"

But Dolly shakes her head with her brown curls and lays her cheek against Ben's rough coat, saying: "No, no! I'd rather be Skipper Ben's girl!"

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: A poor excuse is better than none—if it works.

Too many eye openers are apt to make a man see double.

Great minds that run in the same channel frequently collide.

The price of a woman's stunning gown may shock her husband.

Give married women a fighting chance and they'll do the rest.

Some local celebrities are famous and some others are notorious.

There are some men you can't bribe. You haven't money enough.

The man who knows it all seldom makes good when it comes to action.

Extremes meet when the hairdresser meets the chiropodist.

One fisherman ought to believe the stories of another, but he seldom does.

It is easier for a girl to persuade a young man to fall in love with her than it is to keep him in that condition.

At this season of the year it is some satisfaction to the small boy to flatten his nose against a confectioner's window.

Thief River Falls.

From the News and Press—

Walter Robbecke returned from a nine months' stay in the west last Saturday. He states that he likes the city of Seattle particularly and is going back there after a short visit at home.

Miss Marie Gilbertson who is this year teaching at Fessenden, N. Dak., is spending her holiday vacation under the parental roof.

Gilbert Hoavi returned from Red Lake Falls yesterday where he had been as viewer of one of the county ditches.

I. L. Erickson spent last Sunday with the Kindseth family at Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Rourk and family spent Xmas with friends at Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. J. W. McGinty and the children were down to Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mikkle Anderson was in from the town of Reiner yesterday attending to business matters. He says he can only come in a couple of times each year so he takes several days to make the trip.

R. M. Johnson of the town of Kratka was in the city last Wednesday and reports that he has purchased the farm formerly owned by Anton Skog. The consideration was $20.00 per acre and as this, the original Skunktown site, was one of finest locations on the entire eleven towns. Mr. Johnson is to be congratulated upon his fine purchase as he certainly now owns the finest farm in the town of Kratka.

Order to Examine Accounts, Etc.

State of Minnesota } ss In Probate Court,
County of Red Lake } Special Term December 30th, 1909.

In the Matter of the Estate of G. A. Kankel Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John A. Duffy and Fred J. Hopkins, administrators of the estate of G. A. Kankel, deceased, representing among other things that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing their account of their administration and for assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is Ordered, that said account be examined, and petition and application for the allowance of said claims and debts so paid by them and not yet allowed according to law, be heard by this Court on Saturday the 29th day of January A. D. 1910, at Ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County.

And it is further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 30th day of December, 1909.

{ Probate Court Seal } By the Court,
S. A. SWANSON,
Judge of Probate.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Administrators,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

j20

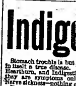
Indigestion

Stomach trouble is but a symptom of, and not in itself a true disease. We think of Dyspepsia, Heartburn, and Indigestion as real diseases, yet they are symptoms only of a certain specific Nerve sickness—nothing else.

It was this fact that first correctly led Dr. Shoop in the creation of that now very popular Stomach Remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Going direct to the stomach nerves, alone brought that success and favor to Dr. Shoop and his Restorative. Without that original and highly vital principle, no such lasting accomplishments were ever to be had.

For stomach distress, bloating, biliousness, bad breath and sallow complexion, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—and see for yourself what it can and will do. We sell and cheerfully recommend

Dr. Shoop's Restorative
"ALL DEALERS"



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D. BERGMAN & CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Deal direct with the largest and oldest house in the West. Highest prices and immediate cash returns. Write for price list, tags and full information.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WYLIE.

John Drager left for Crookston Saturday after a few days visit with his parents.

Archie McKinnon of Crookston spent New Years with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Power.

A number of young people enjoyed a social time at Peter Swanson's on New Years day. They all report a good time.

Miss Nora Swanson of St. Hilaire spent New Years with friends and relatives at Wylie.

The New Years hop given here was a jolly affair and was well attended.

Thos Fournier of Red Lake Falls, the Wylie cheesemaker, took in the dance here Friday evening.

Rick Melin and Martin Solum were at Red Lake Falls Monday.

Eugene Dargan and Fred Landman left for Bemidji Monday.

School started here Wednesday after a two weeks vacation.

John Dargan was a business caller at St. Hilaire Monday.

The Wylie orchestra will play for a dance at St. Hilaire Friday evening, Jan. 14.

Plummer.

From the Pioneer—

Miss Annie Handerson arrived the latter part of last week from St. Paul and will spend her holiday vacation here with her parents.

Miss C. Schlesinger came over from Red Lake Falls Thursday for a few days visit with friends.

Joe Morrisette and Olof Tende were over to Red Lake Falls attending to business matters Tuesday.

Dr. Clark left Thursday evening of last week for a holiday visit at his home near New Ulm.

Tom Norby is visiting with relatives and friends at Montevideo for a couple of weeks. Tom wished to be sure and keep in good health while away so he took a supply of Dan Carrol's famous pills along.

S. Hommerback of Little Falls spent the first part of the week looking after interests here. Mr. Hammerbeck intends to move here in the spring and make his home on a farm he owns southeast of town.

The old fashioned way of dosing a weak stomach, or stimulating the Heart or Kidneys is all wrong. Dr. Shoop first pointed out this error. This is why his prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is directed entirely to the cause of these ailments—the weak inside or controlling nerves. It isn't so difficult, says Dr. Shoop, to strengthen a weak Stomach, Heart or Kidneys, if one goes at it correctly. Each inside organ has its controlling or inside nerve. When these nerves fail, then those organs must surely falter. These vital truths are leading druggists everywhere to dispense and recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Test it a few days, and see! Improvement will promptly and surely follow. Sold by all dealers.

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FUR SHIPPERS WE WILL MAKE IT PROFITABLE TO YOU to send your shipments to us.
We Want 100,000 Muskrats 75,000 Skunk 75,000 Mink 80,000 Raccoon 50,000 Fox, Lynx and Otter.
We Guarantee Our Prices
We are an old (established 1872) and RELIABLE house in this the Biggest and BEST MARKET on this continent. Our prices are the highest—Quick Remittance. None too large or small—money talks, we will show you.
We Do Not Charge Any Commission.
FREE Write for our Fur Price List, also List of Traps and Trappers' Supplies, Tags, etc. Also learn how you can get, absolutely FREE, any one of our Five Handsomely Bound Trappers' Guides.
M. SUMMERFIELD & CO.
BOX 211 St. Louis, Mo.

Tickling, tight Coughs, can be surely and quickly loosened with a prescription druggists are dispensing everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And it is so very, very different than common cough medicines. No opium, no chloroform, absolutely nothing harsh or unsafe. The tender leaves of a harmless, lung healing mountainous shrub, gives the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing Cough and to soothe and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Mothers should, for safety's sake alone, always demand Dr. Shoop's. It can with perfect freedom be given to even the youngest babes. Test it yourself and see! Sold by all dealers.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
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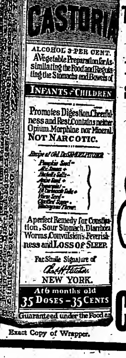

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HIDES
10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers.
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WELL DIGGER
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☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

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ALSO DUCKS, CHICKENS, BUTTER, EGGS AND VEAL.
Highest market price paid.
No commission charged.
AT POWERS Witt's Meat Market
1st Ave. S. and 5th St., MINNEAPOLIS.

Served as coffee, the new coffee substitute known to grocers everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee, will trick even a coffee expert. Not a grain of real coffee in it either. Pure healthful toasted grains, malt, nuts, etc., have been so cleverly blended as to give a wonderfully satisfying coffee taste and flavor. And it is "made in a minute," too. No tedious 20 to 30 minutes boiling. All grocers.

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

Preventics, the new Candy Cold Cure Tablets, are said by druggists to have four special specific advantages over all other remedies for a cold. First—They contain no Quinine, nothing harsh or sickening. Second—They give almost instant relief. Third—Pleasant to the taste, like candy. Fourth—A large box—48 Preventics—at 25 cents. Also fine for feverish children. Sold by all dealers.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

Ditch Work to Sublet

We have the contract for the big Kratke-Mayfield ditch and will sublet some good team work by the station at a paying figure. Call or write, Lillo Bros.

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Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
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RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
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Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

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DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall, Sam'l Gibson, Pres., Frank Broual, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. [illegible], meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizes, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; L. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

The New Year
WHAT ITS SIGNS OF PROMISE ARE

by REV. WM. GARDAM.

NEW HOPES, ASPIRATIONS AND AMBITIONS SPRING UP IN THE HEART ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE YEAR.

NEW YEAR'S DAY has ever occupied a peculiar relation to the three hundred and sixty-five days on which are etched the doings and history of a whole calendar year. The Romans observed the day as a public holiday, and on this day all litigation and strife were suspended, social visits were exchanged, presents were given and received, and feasting throughout the empire was the order of the day. The early Christians at first set themselves against the usages of the day as observed by the Romans until the fixing of Christmas day on the 25th of December, and New Year's day came to be observed as the octave of the Nativity and also as the Festival of the Circumcision.

The observance and spirit of the day have not changed very greatly in the onrush of the centuries. We might go back across the long stretch of years between the day we live in and the day when the Romans interchanged their social visits and their good wishes and both gave and received their strenae, and between the then and the now the identity of feeling, emotion and sentiment concerning this day is readily discovered.

So many sentiments crowd themselves into New Year's day and all are mostly children in the way in which the day appears to them and to the simple feelings and emotions by which it is observed. The greeting: "A Happy New Year!" pushes up through the hard strata of the year, and the simple emotions, which make the whole world kin, bring friend nearer to friend and melt life together into a richer affection, and good will becomes the keynote of life on this day. Grudges are dropped, resentments dissolved, and the average man with the average endowment of affection for his fellows finds it almost impossible to vitalize any of his hatreds through the emotion-laden moments of New Year's day. The personal life has many things to say to itself; it is at once a closing of accounts and the opening of a new career. Old things pass away and all things seem to become new. The things that might have been and have not become are forgotten in the new hopes and aspirations and ambitions which spring up in the heart on the first day of the year.

Of course, nobody will ever be what the hopes and faith of the day project for the individual life. The most ardent believer in the better day, the most sanguine architect of the richer fortune yet to be will fall short of the ideal that controls his imagination. But the very fact that the day stirs these noble impulses and floods the prospective days with the glow of hope is in itself an assurance that the year shall be rich in the gifts and the good will of the gods.

Another year! another year!
  The increasing rush of time sweeps on!
Whelm'd in its surges, disappear
  Man's hopes and fears—forever gone!

Oh, no! forbear that idle tale!
  The hour demands another strain,
Demands high thoughts that cannot quail,
  And strength to conquer and retain.

'Tis midnight—from the dark blue sky
  The stars, which now look down on earth
Have seen ten thousand centuries fly,
  And given to countless changes birth.

Shine on! shine on! With you I tread
  The march of ages, orbs of light!
A last eclipse o'er you may spread—
  To me, to me, there comes no night!

The sentiment that phrases itself in the quite depressing words:

The world is very evil,
The times are wearing late,

is hardly in tune with the modern spirit when life is thought of as a corporate business and this modern spirit takes account of its own enlarged and enlarging kingdom.

Not the most credulous and believing prophet a generation ago could have forecast the world we know and are perfectly at home with to-day. Bulwer Lytton in his short book, "The Coming Race," endeavored to tell the story and achievement of mankind in the day that was shortly to be, but his seeming impossible world has been more than realized in our own day. The half has not been told. The great note of the day is the large grasp human life possesses over its own career and destiny, the growing confidence that this old yet ever renewing world is solving its own problems, and, under the guiding of that Providence which Pope's well-known lines so beautifully express:

All nature is but art, unknown to thee;
All chance, direction, which thou canst not see;
All discord, harmony, not understood;
All partial evil, universal good,

is working for the day of a perfectly ordered and perfectly adjusted civilization. The greater power men is accumulating and employing over his own bodily life, his mastery of the secrets of life which have been hid from the foundation of the world, the realization that man himself is his own providence to a vastly larger degree than hitherto he has dreamed of, and that the "greater things" the greatest of all Teachers foretold ages ago that he should be endowed with competence to do—these he is doing in this very day with a miraculous confidence and a mighty faith. He has discovered that his own commission over life, over the happiness and health and the fruitage of the life that now is, as well as of that which is to come, is a vastly larger commission than the world hitherto has dreamed of. He is finding out that Providence is a partnership and that no man may be a sleeping partner in the business of living without the penalty of losing the very thing that life is—a world of potencies converted into achievement.

This is the note, surely, as civilization faces the year 1910—the note of competency, the sense of added powers to life, the feeling that the greater things are coming on the earth, and that man is using the key to unlock the treasure-house of his own life with a sureness and a wisdom that give promise of a vastly better, richer, juster universe than he has yet known.

Another note of our time is the fact that life mirrors itself in such a wonderful way and the things and forces that make for the better day to be are known and read of all men. We live in the open, and no man may become champion of any cause and keep the world in ignorance of the character of the cause and the nature of his championship. No man to-day may hide his light under a bushel. It is a tell-tale world, and, more than any past time, the world to-day has a juster sense of values and knows both the things that are saving it and the things also that threaten and endanger it. Public service was never so responsible as it is to-day, because civilization never had the almost miraculous power of analyzing and testing the value of public service as in this present year. Public life is an open book, and the most impossible of all impossible things to-day is that any national or international movement should be misunderstood or misinterpreted by the world's best mind. And what is true of public movements is true of public men. No public man can deceive his constituents to-day, for his constituents are the world. And the strong man to-day is the man who frankly recognizes this.

Startling Figures.

The lives of all the 85,500,000 residents of the United States are worth $250,000,000,000.

Unnecessary deaths every year cost in capitalized earnings $1,000,000,000.

Workman's illness annually costs in wages $500,000,000.

Care of the sick and dead every year costs $460,000,000.

Tuberculosis taxes the nation $1,000,000,000, annually.

Typhoid fever costs $350,000,000.

Malaria costs $200,000,000.

HOW TO MAKE NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTIONS

RESOLUTION FOR YOUNG WOMEN

NOT TO INSIST ON GRANDMA WEARING FRENCH HEELS

RESOLUTION FOR YOUNG MEN

NOT TO SMOKE A PIPE IN CHURCH

STRIKE up the band, here comes the good resolution. Let the whistles blow their heads off, let the bells ring out, let the fog horn on the lake front shatter the atmosphere to atoms, let the similar gladsome noises be let loose upon the vibrant ozone even in the uttermost corners of our beautiful city. For the good resolution is marching forward. Only a few days more and we will bask in its splendid presence.

Like the village drum major it comes proudly prancing toward us through the week. Get a seat early and avoid the crowd if you would behold it in its glory. Keep your eyes glued to the splendid spectacle, keep your ears open for the lofty sounds, for it will not be long in passing.

It's safe to say that if all the high resolves that go into effect on New Year's day had half the endurance of a Marathon runner the millennium would come so fast that we'd have to enact new speed laws to keep it from melting the asphalt.

If good resolutions were salt mackerel what a universal thirst would spread abroad!

Human experience seems to indicate that progress in any line is necessarily gradual. Take the flying machine, for instance. At present the scientists engaged in the development of this interesting device are in a position to assert that many of their problems are already solved. They can get up into the air without the aid of dynamite and they can come down again with practically no effort. Of course there are other difficulties to be overcome such as the tendency on the part of the machine to select its own time and place for coming down. But these problems are minor and doubtless the answer is in the book somewhere if they can only find it.

The practice of resolving presents a similar aspect. It is not entirely perfect at present. But considering the few years since Adam inaugurated the outdoor sleeping fad and became grandpa to the human race it is not surprising that some details are still to be worked out. The forming of the resolution has been beautifully worked out, till almost any one, the merest novice, can resolve. The date, too, has been firmly fixed as on the first of January. The chief difficulty that still remains has to do with keeping the resolution once it is made. Something like keeping your aeroplane right side up once you have established a neighborly relation with the stars.

Probably several years will elapse before the custom of resolving reaches perfection and in the meantime it might be well to adopt a makeshift for the present unattainable.

It would seem as if the difficulty might be minimized by more attention to the subjects taken for resolving purposes. It is well to use care in selecting our resolutions, and because of the proximity of January 1, a few suggestions may not be out of place.

For a young woman—Try this one. "I hereby resolve with earnestness to no longer insist on grandma wearing French heels." There are several advantageous features to this resolution. To begin with it is humane. Just think of forcing the poor old lady to teeter down the street with little church steeples under her sole leather! Her silver locks bob under her dignified black bonnet and at every painful step she whispers "Ouch." Fie upon you! Shamey! Remember grandma is not so young as she once was and the penitential efficiency of a bunion is greatly enhanced by the shoving forward of the foot as accomplished by the French heel. Command the old lady to do a cake-walk once an hour around the dining room table if you will, but let her do it in comfortable shoes. Another item in favor of trying this resolution is the fact that you have probably never asked grandma to wear any kind of shoes she didn't like, so it should be that much easier to keep to your resolution not to do so.

For a young man—"I resolve from this day never again to smoke a pipe in church. This sample is highly recommended. The practice against which you issue the edict of banishment is reprehensible in the highest degree. Smoking, while of course it might be a solace to you during the sermon, could not but annoy your neighbors and fellow worshipers. The men envy you, leading to countless domestic difficulties for them. The preacher is unable to see whether all the deacons are awake or not by the haze from your pipe. Moreover, just as a distinguished statesman once officially declared that the odor of cigarettes annoyed him there are those to whom the smell of a pipe is a nuisance and the offertory collector might be one of these. Besides, you would probably be thrown out or arrested or something.

For men who ride much in street cars "henceforth I will not mind the feathers." This is one requiring considerable care—but if strictly adhered to will be found of great assistance in your daily life. When depending from a strap and resting your toes on some neighbor's a long stiff quill suddenly jabs you in the nose giving to that feature the rich red that which another class of resolvists have already acquired, do not release your temper. Smile and pretend you like it. Oft-times you can make yourself believe it, after due practice, of course. But the principal advantage to be cited in this resolution's favor is that "you might just as well." So long as the fashion remains the same you will have your daily communion with the tail feathers of an ostrich or of a rooster and if you resolve not to mind, how much more placid the temper!

For any one who does not raise chickens—"I hereby resolve and determine not to eat any more strictly fresh eggs for several weeks to come." This is in some respects the prize resolution. Its advantages are many, but all the others are overshadowed by this one—you can't get any to eat.

In spite of all the teacher may do the pupil will not learn unless he himself studies. You cannot make successful use of these sample resolutions without effort on your part. But you should find one among them which can be kept with the minimum of struggle. If you have no choice or you are skeptical as to your ability, try the last one.

Worm Turns at Last

It was the old story. The one we have all seen repeated so many, many times. Two young women entered the car together and the tired-looking man arose and proffered his seat. Then, while he groped unsteadily for a strap, the usual conversation ensued:

"Oh, thank you, sir."

"Thank you so much."

"Sit down, dear."

"No, you sit down."

"I insist, dear; I'm not a bit tired."

"Neither am I, and I'd just as soon stand."

"Go ahead, dear, and take it."

"No, no, you take it. I—"

And then the tired man did what so many have wanted to see done so many, many times. He took it himself.

As he sank wearily but calmly back in his seat the smiles of mutual benevolence on the two faces froze into outraged dignity.

"Such impertinence!" snapped one.

"How insulting!" huffed the other.

But on the faces of a score of passengers was reflected more plainly than words:

"More power to you, old boy."

The Federal Constitution.

It is a fact that there was a tremendous and most bitter opposition to the adoption of the present Federal Constitution, both among the members of the various state conventions and in the federal convention. Men like Sam Adams, Patrick Henry, Richard Henry Lee, Yates and Lansing, Luther Martin, George Mason and Thomas Sumter, with many others were from start to finish bitterly opposed to the ratification of the Constitution. When the first vote was taken it was almost a tie in some of the states, New York, for instance, voting 30 for ratification and 27 against ratification. Virginia voted 89 for, 79 against, Massachusetts 187 for, 168 against.

MODEL DAIRY BARN AND HOW TO CONSTRUCT IT

To Profitably Conduct Dairy, Farmer Must Take Advantage of Every Labor Saving Device and Arrangement.

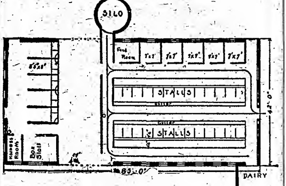
Formerly the farmer first built a small barn or shed, complete in itself, and, as the needs required added others in line about the yards. After a time he would have a colony of barns sheds and pens none of them handy in themselves or convenient to each other and all expensive to keep in good repair. Choring on farms with such barn equipment would be heavy at all seasons of the year and necessitate the expenditure of a great amount of extra labor. On all farms, labor is a very important item, says a writer in Homestead. To profitably conduct a dairy the farmer must take advantage of every practicable labor saving device, machine and arrangement. In the planning of a dairy barn a prime consideration is the matter of convenience. This is, of course, second only to lighting and ventilation. The dairy barn need not be elaborate or expensive, but should be well lighted, well ventilated and convenient.

The combination dairy and horse barn now being built by Mr. B. F. Sheridan on the farm near Fond du Lac, Wis., seems to combine these characteristics in good proportion. The barn, as this drawing indicates, will be 85 feet long and 42 feet wide. The dairy barn proper will accommodate 26 head exclusive of the young things enclosed in the calf pens built along the north wall.

The cows will be stalled in two rows facing outward and toward feeding alleys. Both feeding and gutter alleys will be tracked for either litter or feed carriers. The track will lead to the silo and also out of doors to the manure shed or pile as the case may be. The feed room will be conveniently placed near the silo and handy to the driveway which separates the horse and cow barns.

The dairy inspectors are becoming more and more strict in their requirements and the legislatures of several of the corn belt states last winter passed still more stringent laws affecting the production of milk and the manufacture of milk products. The Wisconsin law is perfectly plain upon several points and upon none is it more so than in respect to the use of separators in stables and barns. Following we give the express language of the bill which was enacted:—"cream produced by the use of a cream separator placed or stationed in any building containing a stable wherein are kept cattle or other animals, unless such cream separator is so separated and shielded by partition from the stable portion of such building as to be free from all foul or noxious air or gases which issue or may issue from such place or stable—is declared hereby to be insanitary."

Like many another progressive dairyman Mr. Sheridan has equipped his barn with a suitable dairy room which houses a gasoline engine, pump and cream separator, and which we believe answers to the requirements of the dairy law. The dairy room also provides a ready entrance to the barn from the residence. Altogether the plan is a very excellent one—it provides opportunity for good lighting, thorough ventilating and is particularly convenient.

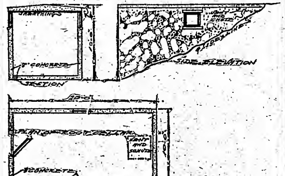


Cow Stable Plan.

Salt for Pigeons.

On one of the largest squab plants in this country, salt is furnished the breeders by dipping the small sacks in water and then allowed to dry until they become hard and firm. These are then placed in the lofts and the pigeons pick out the salt through the sacks. Never give common granulated salt loose.

FROST-PROOF ROOT CELLAR



Roots should be kept cold. Roots are 90 per cent. water, which accounts for their shriveling up so when kept in a warm dry place, as the moisture evaporates and the roots lose a great part of their feeding value. On the other hand, if the cellar is warm and moist, they rot badly.

Roots should not freeze, but they will stand a little frosty weather without injury. You can keep a few bushels of garden carrots packed in sand in a box in your house cellar if you keep the cellar window open. Sand keeps the air away from the carrots, and the open window keeps the cellar cool so they neither rot, sprout nor shrivel. Carrots kept like this are just as nice in the spring as they are in the fall."

Roots when grown in large quantities for stock must be kept on the same general plan. The air in the root cellar must be cool, clean and dry. When this fact is well understood we will get along better in building a root cellar. We must provide opposite windows to be left open in the fall until cold freezing weather; then we must have ventilators in the roof to be left open all winter.

This plan provides for a shallow excavation into a bank if you have one, with a cement wall eight feet high all around. If the cellar is built in a side hill leave a roadway on the upper side so you can fill it easily.

The ceiling joists are imbedded in this wall while it is soft. A thin narrow strip is laid in the soft cement to rest the ends of the joists on to keep them even. After putting them in place build the ventilator shafts.

The ceiling boarding is then nailed on the under side of the ceiling joists and the cement concrete is filled in on the top between the joists and over them about one to three inches, making the top of the cellar about ten inches thick in the center and between six and seven inches at the sides to drain the water off. Then a plaster coat is troweled on top of this to shed water. This plaster coat is mixed one part cement to two parts fine sharp sand. After the roof is finished it is kept wet a week so it will dry hard without cracking.

A wooden slide is fitted to the bottom of each roof ventilator, but is seldom closed. It is well, however, to have it in case of extreme cold weather just to slide in at night to be opened out again the next day.

The Handicap.

Nothing that human ingenuity can invent will ever make man superior to nature's dangers. At the most, we can reach only an irreducible minimum of disaster in navigation. Probably if an accurate comparison were possible of annual volume of traffic and annual loss half a century ago with the figures for 1909, it would show a large proportional decrease in the loss during the time. To that extent man has gained in the race with nature. But his uttermost endeavor will never wipe out the handicap under which he started in the contest.

A Good Horse.

The horse that paws while at pasture is usually a good one. If he expects to come in at a certain time and be fed, it is not to be wondered at that he paws when forgotten. But wire fence is dangerous for such a horse unless it has a pole inside the fence to keep him back. If the fence is for horses only, it may have its lowest wire 18 to 20 inches from the ground, where the shoe cannot get caught on it.

Scarcity of Fowls.

Indications are that live chickens and fowls are scarce throughout the country as shown by the steady high level of prices. Now and then reports are heard of sales considerably above the market. A carload of desirable western fowls arriving at Boston was reported sold at 17½ cents per pound, which is 1¼ cents above the regular prices. Such a transaction would not be possible were the supply anywhere equal to the demand.

Only one in ten balky horses is born so. The others are a manufactured article pure and simple.

GOOD PART OF IT.

First Actorine—Been on the road all season, dearie?

Second Ditto—Almost. I walked from San Francisco.

A Test.

"Well," said Mr. Cumrox, "your party was a great success."

"How can you tell?" asked his wife.

"Whenever a crowd comes along that makes me feel like a stranger in my own house I know it's a brilliant occasion."

Worth its Weight in Gold.
PETTIT'S EYE SALVE strengthens old eyes, tonic for eye strain, weak, watery eyes. Druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

You can't blame the man who has got his winter's coal in for feeling just a little better than the rest of the neighborhood.

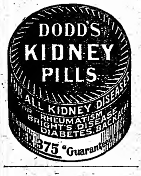
"I prescribed whiskey."

"I took it. You can't smell it because I chewed WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT after."

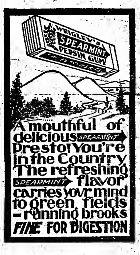
It worries a modest girl if a man tries to kiss her—and it worries a young widow if he doesn't.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

I have lived to know that the great secret of human happiness is this—never suffer your energies to stagnate.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE, BACKACHE
DIABETES.
$75 "Guarantee"



WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM
A mouthful of delicious SPEARMINT Presto! You're in the Country The refreshing SPEARMINT flavor carries your mind to green fields—running brooks
FINE FOR DIGESTION

The Wretchedness of Constipation
Can quickly be overcome by
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.
GENUINE must bear signature:
Brent Good

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS FOR YOU
WE GIVE fine plated GOLD WATCH, guaranteed, handsomely engraved, with chain, and plated GOLD RING, beautiful Im. Diamond setting, for selling among your friends 24 low-priced jewelry articles. Send name and address. No money. We trust you. Articles sent at once. Full instructions. Introductory offer. Limited time only. Write at once.
W. N. SPENCER & CO., HORTON, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE FLAVOR LASTS

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N. D. N. U., NO. 52-1909.

A DOSE OF PISO'S CURE
THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
is as safe as it is effective. Guaranteed to contain no opiates. It is very palatable too—children like it.
All Druggists, 25 Cents

COUNTRY WHOSE SOIL SPELLS WHEAT AND OUT OF WHOSE FARMS THOUSANDS ARE GROWING RICH.

WHAT PRESIDENT TAFT AND OTHERS THINK OF CANADA.

Another Fat Year for the Canadian West.

Our Canadian neighbors to the north are again rejoicing over an abundant harvest, and reports from reliable sources go to show that the total yield of 1909 will be far above that of any other year.

It is estimated that $100,000,000 will this year go into the pockets of the Western farmers from wheat alone, another $60,000,000 from oats and barley, while returns from other crops and from stock will add $40,000,000 more. Is it any wonder then that the farmers of the Canadian West are happy?

Thousands of American farmers have settled in the above mentioned provinces during the past year; men who know the West and its possibilities, and who also know perhaps better than any other people, the best methods for profitable farming.

President Taft said recently in speaking of Canada:

"We have been going ahead so rapidly in our own country that our heads have been somewhat swelled with the idea that we are carrying on our shoulders all the progress there is in the world. We have not been conscious that there is on the north a young country and a young nation that is looking forward, as it well may, to a great national future. They have 7,000,000 people, but the country is still hardly scratched."

Jas. J. Hill speaking before the Canadian Club of Winnipeg a few days ago said:

"I go back for 53 years, when I came West from Canada. At that time Canada had no North-West. A young boy or man who desired to carve his own way had to cross the line, and to-day it may surprise you—one out of every five children born in Canada lives in the United States. Now you are playing the return match, and the North-West is getting people from the United States very rapidly. We brought 100 land-seekers, mainly from Iowa and Southern Minnesota, last night out of St. Paul, going to the North-West. Now, these people have all the way from five, ten to twenty thousand dollars each, and they will make as much progress on the land in one year as any one man coming from the Continent of Europe can make, doing the best he can, in ten, fifteen, or twenty years."

It is evident from the welcome given American settlers in Canada that the Canadian people appreciate them. Writing from Southern Alberta recently an American farmer says:—

"We are giving them some new ideas about being good farmers, and they are giving us some new ideas about being good citizens. They have a law against taking liquor into the Indian Reservation. One of our fellows was caught on a reservation with a bottle on him, and it cost him $50. One of the Canadian Mounted Police found him, and let me tell you, they find everyone who tries to go up against the laws of the country.

"On Saturday night, every bar-room is closed, at exactly 7 o'clock. Why? Because it is the law, and it's the same with every other law. There isn't a bad man in the whole district, and a woman can come home from town to the farm at midnight if she wants to, alone. That's Canada's idea how to run a frontier; they have certainly taught us a lot.

"On the other hand, we are running their farms for them better than any other class of farmers. I guess I can say this without boasting, and the Canadians appreciate us. We turn out to celebrate Dominion Day; they are glad to have us help to farm the country; they know how to govern; we know how to work."

Another farmer, from Minnesota, who settled in Central Saskatchewan some years ago, has the following to say about the country:—

"My wife and I have done well enough since we came from the States; we can live anyway. We came in the spring of 1901 with the first carload of settlers' effects unloaded in these parts and built the first shanty between Saskatoon and Lumsden. We brought with our car of settlers' effects the sum of $1800 in cash, to-day we are worth $40,000. We 'proved up' one of the finest farms in Western Canada and bought 320 acres at $3 per acre. We took good crops off the land for four years, at the end of which we had $8000 worth of improvements in the way of buildings, etc., and had planted three acres of trees. Two years ago we got such a good offer that we sold our land at $45 per acre. From the above you will see that we have not done badly since our arrival."

Prof. Thomas Shaw of St. Paul, Minnesota, with a number of other well known editors of American farm journals, toured Western Canada recently, and in an interview at Winnipeg said in part:—

"With regard to the settlement of the West I should say that it is only well begun. I have estimated that in Manitoba one-tenth of the land has been broken, in Saskatchewan one-thirtieth and in Alberta, one-hundred and seventy-fifth. I am satisfied that in all three provinces grain can be grown successfully up to the sixtieth parallel and in the years to come your vacant land will be taken at a rate of which you have at present no conception. We have enough people in the United States alone, who want homes, to take up this land.

"What you must do in Western Canada is to raise more live stock. When you are doing what you ought to do in this regard, the land which is now selling for $20 per acre will be worth from $50 to $100 per acre. It is as good land as that which is selling for more than $100 per acre in the corn belt.

"I would rather raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. You can get your food cheaper and the climate is better for the purpose. We have a better market, but your market will improve faster than your farmers will produce the supplies. Winter wheat can be grown in one-half of the country through which I have passed, and alfalfa and one of the varieties of clover in three-fourths of it. The farmers do not believe this, but it is true."

Keeping pace with wheat production, the growth of railways has been quite as wonderful, and the whole country from Winnipeg to the Rocky Mountains will soon be a net-work of trunk and branch lines. Three great transcontinental lines are pushing construction in every direction, and at each siding the grain elevator is to be found. Manitoba being the first settled province, has now an elevator capacity of upwards of 25,000,000 bushels, Saskatchewan 20,000,00, and Alberta about 7,000,000, while the capacity of elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur, on the Great Lakes is upwards of 20,000,000 more.

Within the provinces of Manitoba Saskatchewan and Alberta there are flour and oatmeal mills with a combined capacity of 25,000 barrels per day, and situated along some famous water powers in New Ontario, there are larger mills than will be found anywhere in the Prairie Provinces.

Last year the wheat crop totaled over 100,000,000 bushels. This year the crop will yield 30,000,000 more. A recent summary shows that on the 1st of January, 1909, the surveyed lands of the three western provinces, totaled 134,000,000 acres, of which about 32,000,000 have been given as subsidies to railways, 11,000,000 disposed of in other ways and 38,000,00 given by the Canadian Government as free homesteads, being 236,000 homesteads of 160 acres each. Of this enormous territory, there is probably under crop at the present time less than 11,000,000 acres; what the results will be when wide awake settlers have taken advantage of Canada's offer and are cultivating the fertile prairie lands, one can scarcely imagine.

Ancients Wore Sheath Gowns.

It need not be supposed that even feminine fashions can evolve something new under the sun. A learned Egyptologist discloses that the sheath gown was popular among the ladies of the Nile 15 centuries before the Christian era. One gown was made of fine linen, adorned with elaborate designs. The professor thinks that the slit in the side was intended to display the wearer's precious anklets. These ancient ladies also dressed their hair elaborately with puffs and padding. They painted their faces and lips, as shown by rouge and pomade jars. All of this is reassuring to man who may have thought that some of the modern developments of the dressmaker were without precedent in their eccentricity. Once more is demonstrated the fit coupling of the words "eternal" and "feminine."

Public Sentiment Aroused.

Every state west of the Mississippi except Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada and New Mexico has now joined the fight against tuberculosis. State sanitoria for the treatment of tuberculosis patients have been now established in Minnesota, Idaho, Missouri, Arkansas, North Dakota, South Dakota and Oregon. State Anti-Tuberculosis associations have been organized and are at work in Washington, Oregon, California, Arizona, Montana, North Dakota, Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana. In all these states, strenuous efforts to wipe out tuberculosis are being taken.

"Soft and Nice."

She—George, dear, do you love me?

He—Yes, Darling; very much.

She—Say something soft and nice to me.

He—Oh, custard pie!—Judge.

A Rare Good Thing.

"Am using Allen's Foot-Ease, and can truly say I would not have been without it so long, had I known the relief it would give my aching feet. I think it a rare good thing for anyone having sore or tired feet. —Mrs. Matilda Holtwert, Providence, R. I." Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Ask to-day.

The Way It Happened.

Maude—Bigsby literally fell at my feet.

Belle—Aeroplane or intoxication?

A dealer sold imitation Spearmint. His customer gave it to a friend. The dealer lost his customer. The customer lost his friend.

What a young man earns in the day-time goes into his pocket, but what he spends in the evening goes into his character.—Dr. Cuyler.

Some people suffer continually with tired, aching and swollen feet. Little do they know how soothing is Hamlins Wizard Oil. Rub it in at night and have thankful, happy feet in the morning.

Wanted to Know.

Father—Well?

Tommy—Will I be a monoplane or biplane angel?

Stop admiring the bright teeth of others! Start chewing WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT and admire your own.

Money may not make the man, but take some men's money away from them and there would be nothing left.

"More life to that flavor than any gum I have ever tasted."
WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

Of course it was an old bachelor who said that love was hatched in an incubator and raised in an insane asylum.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Fargo, N. D.

There is a place for everything, and the place for slippers is very often on the seat of a small boy's trousers.

WE PAY HIGH PRICE FOR HIDES and furs & sell guns and traps cheap. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis.

Nothing scares an honest man so much as what if he had a great temptation.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM
has been used successfully for years for deep-seated coughs, colds and bronchitis. Everybody should know about it. It is simple, safe and sure.

A good guesser always boasts of his intuition.

Good Jokes

JUST AN EXPERIMENT.

They had taken advantage of the fact that it was little Richard's first visit to the country and filled his childish ears with some ancient chestnuts. With solemn faces they told him when they wanted apple butter. They fed the cow apples, and when they wanted peanut butter they dieted her on peanuts. Richard heard all, but made no comment. Some mornings later they found him heading for the barnyard with a coal-oil can.

"Gracious, Richard!" asked his mother, anxiously, "what in the world are you going to do with that?"

"Why, ma," he responded, innocently, "I was going to give the old cow some kerosene so she could furnish some of that petroleum butter pa talks about."

ALL ON ACCOUNT OF FATHER.

Everybody's on a diet up to our house,
at present:
Mother's awfully dejected, father's look
is seldom pleasant;
We have cut out beef and bacon and a
lot of other stuff
We have turned away from sausage, and
our fate is pretty tough.

We have had to give up pancakes;
sugar's banished from the table;
Pa and ma are on a diet, so am I, and
sister Mabel;
We have turned away from salads and
all kinds of pie and meat,
And it's always very dismal when we
seat ourselves to eat.

Every day the cook looks at us with a
kind of solemn pity,
And I guess she thinks she's workin' for
the worst cranks in the city;
Mother's health is simply splendid; sister's well and so am I;
But we're all compelled to diet—father
must, and that is why.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.

False.

His love had grown cold.

"Oh, Edwin," she sobbed, "when you married me you said that you loved every hair on my head."

And Edwin, cruel and merciless, pointed an accusing finger at the switch and two "rats" near the mirror.

"Yes," he responded heartlessly, "but not every hair on your bureau."

And lighting his cigar the brute strode off to his club.

Quick Sprint.

Sandy Pikes—Dat rich guy in de bungalow took quite a fancy to me. He took me around to de stable, showed me de $5,000 bulldog he had just bought and asked me if I could beat it.

Gritty George—And what did you say?

Sandy Pikes—Nuttin'! I just beat it.

HE HAS IT.

"What is your idea of true gallantry?"

"Well, it seems to me that a man who will let his whiskers grow so that he will look older than his wife, has it."

Nothing Worth While.

When your liver isn't working right,
And your system's full of bile,
You will have that tired feeling,
And nothing seems worth while.

A Proviso.

"There is but one way," yelled the exhausted magistrate, with one final mighty effort, "in which you can get a hearing in this court."

"What's that?" asked the deaf applicant for justice.

"You'll have to get it first from a specialist."

Heroic Treatment.

"Doctor," said the hypochondriac, "I'm afraid I'm getting insomnia."

"H'm," replied the New York physician, handing him a printed slip; take one of these as soon as possible."

"Is this a prescription?"

"No. It's a list of the trains to Philadelphia."

He'll Get His Chance.

"My grandfather would not rest easily in his grave if I voted against the amendment."

"Don't fret. He'll probably vote anyhow."

Seaside Discussion.

"Well, do the women agree as to the new arrival?"

"Practically yes. Some say she looks like a fashion magazine and others say she looks like a back number."

Didn't Intend To.

"Old Grabsby gave me a good cigar yesterday."

"He was generous."

"I rather think he was absent-minded."

Trying Out.

"Arctic travel and transportation are still experimental, are they not?"

"I suppose so, since they are still trying it on the dog."

Where It Falls Down.

"Logic," remarked the visionary individual, "either proves or disproves all things."

"Yes," rejoined the practical person, "but it doesn't accomplish any of them."

Wasn't Needed.

"Did they call you to see their rich uncle, doctor?"

"They called me, but he was dead before I got there."

"Then your going was entirely unnecessary, wasn't it?"

SIMILITUDES.

I never said to her: "My Sweet,
Thou art the sweetest flower that
blows;"
But, "Thou art like to her, complete,"
I said unto the rose.

I have not said: "Thine eyes are stars!"
But, to those gazers of the skies—
Leaning beyond my window bars—
"Your light is from her eyes."

Not yet, to her, have I made known
What she is like, in Heaven or Earth,
Though all Best Things I know, do own—
Do show—her lovely worth.

Though they keep silence for my sake,
To be like her, they much rejoice!
They know that soon my heart will
break—
Or lift to her its voice.
—Edith M. Thomas, in Harper's Bazaar.

CONCERNING FEATHER BEDS.

Bosh—I never had much use for feather beds. I don't consider them healthy.

Josh—Well, I know a man who says he would like to see them all over the country.

Bosh—Indeed! Who is he?

Josh—Why, an inventor of flying machines.

His Bill of Fare.

At breakfast he ate a poster red,
At lunch a light overcoat;
At dinner on tin cans he fed—
For the diner was a goat.

WRONG CUT.

She was one of those fussy, fidgety women, who are never satisfied. "I don't like the way you have been cutting my steaks," she snapped, as she ran her gloved finger over the round of beef. "You should cut them as I direct."

"What kind of a cut do you wish, ma'am?" asked the butcher, as he sharpened his knife.

"Why, you have been giving me high cuts, and there is too much fat at the top. I want a low cut."

The humble butcher could stand it no longer.

"Low cut!" he protested. "Madam, you are not buying a ball gown. This is beefsteak."

Perfection.

"There is no such think as perfection in this world," said the ready-made philosopher."

"No," answered Miss Cayenne; "the only person I know of who comes near attaining perfection is the one who sets out to be a perfect bore."

His Idea of a Cynic.

Jack—Gayboy and the girl he is engaged to are both cynics.

Tom—What is your idea of a cynic, anyway?

Jack—A cynic is a man who has had experience or a woman who hasn't.

Has Book Agent Beaten.

Slamm—That fellow Jinks has the nerve of a book agent.

Bangs—Yes, and then some. His nerve is equal to that of the misguided woman who forces her friends to buy tickets for a bazaar.

SPEEDY.

White — Jones has a motor-car tongue.

Black—What do you mean?

White—It's always running.

Far Different.

He said: "Twas on the desert
A centipede attacked us,
And what we backed and sat upon
Was not a thornless cactus.

Rather Slow.

Said He—So that is your chaperon at the phone. Is she up-to-date?

Said She—Yes, in some ways; but she isn't up to any date I make.

Effects of Travel.

"Yes, sir," remarked the globe trotter, "if there is anything in a man travel will bring it out."

"Yes; especially ocean travel," rejoined the man who had just returned from his first trip across the pond.

Hinting Harriette.

Mr. McTardie (speaking of his boyhood days)—My mother called me "the family interrogation point," and said I couldn't be with a person two minutes without asking a question.

Harriette (with suggestive sigh)—You've been with me two hours, Mr. McTardie.

A Natural Suggestion.

"They tell me the chestnut crop is falling off this year."

"Well, I don't know that I've noticed any special new jokes lately."

BIG GRAIN MEET

TRI-STATE GRAIN GROWER'S CONVENTION AT FARGO, JAN. 18-21, 1910.

GREATEST IN THE WORLD

James J. Hill Will be the Principal Speaker—Other Leading Agriculturists Will Talk On Farm Problems.

Fargo.—James J. Hill, master rail road builder and student of conditions of the great west, will be the principal speaker at the annual Tri-State Grain Growers convention which will be held in this city, Jan. 18-21, inclusive. This will be the twelfth annual meeting of this great body of agriculturalists, admitted to be the greatest convention of agriculturists held in the country.

President Worst anounces the following as the scheduled programme subject to minor changes:

Thursday, Jan. 18.

10 a. m. Prayer.
Address of Welcome—Hon. R. S. Lewis, Fargo.
Response.
The manure spreader and its advantages—Supt. T. A. Hoverstad.
Winter wheat in North Dakota—Dean J. H. Shepperd.
Appointment of committees, and miscellaneous business.
1:30 p. m.
Advantages of tiling land—R. M Dolve, N. D. A. C.
Grasses and their relation to scientific agriculture—W. J. Spillman of Washington, D. C.
Rotation of crops and soil fertility—Prof. Andrew Boss, Minnesota school of agriculture.
Care of land with reference to plant diseases—Dean H. L. Bolley, N. D. A. C.
There will be no session on Tuesday evening.

Wednesday, Jan. 19.

9:30 a. m.
Reflections on present day dairy conditions—Joel Winkjer, U. S. department of agriculture, division of dairying.
What dairying has done for other state—Prof. G. L. Martin, N. D. A. C.
The dairy cow for the dairy man—O. C. Gregg, N. D. farmers' institutes.
1:30 p. m.
Value of laws regulating horses offered for public service—Prof. W. B. Richards, N. D. A. C.
The bacon hog for the northwest—Harry G. Krum, Yorkshire Breeders association, White Bear Lake, Minn.
The production of beef cattle for market—J. A. Power, manager Hellendale stock farm, Power, N. D.
The place of sheep in mixed farming—George McKerrow, Supt. Wisconsin farmers' institute.
7:30 p. m.
Livestock on the farm—R. A. Wilkinson, commissioner, Great Northern railroad.
Handling range bred ewes on N. D. farms—McLain Cooper, Hillsboro, N. D.
Relation of fairs to the agricultural industry—A. E. Chamberlain, Supt farmers' institutes, S. D.

Thursday, Jan. 20.

8:30 a. m.
Trees for protection and ornament about the farmstead—O. C. Gregg.
Northwestern horticulture—A. Brackett, horticulture lecturer, Minnesota farmers' institute.
Economic forestry for the northwest—C. B. Waldron, horticulture, N. D. A. C.
1:30 p. m.
The afternoon session will be in the hands of the American Society of Equity. U. S. Senator P. J. McCumber will be one of the principal speakers of the session.
Agricultural college cadet band concert, 7:30 to 8:30.
The training of girls for their life work—Miss Jessie M. Hoover, dean of women, N. D. A. C.
The grange and its mission to the farming community—N. J. Bachelder, editor National Grange.

Friday, Jan. 21.

9:30 a. m.
The work of the demonstration farms—W. R. Porter, superintendent demonstration farms, N. D. A. C.
Stability of northwestern agriculture—M. F. Greeley, editor The Dakota Farmer.
The progress of North Dakota—W. C. Gilbreath, commissioner of agricultura, North Dakota.
Necessity and means of keeping the country free from weeds—Prof. H. L. Bolley, biological department, N. D. A. C.
1:30 p. m.
Report of committee on resolutions.
Election of officers.
Miscellaneous business.
Experimental milling and baking tests their value and importance to farmers and millers—L. A. Fitz, government laboratory of grain standardization, N. D. A. C.
Address—James J. Hill.

Church Dedicated.

Maxbass.—A new Congregational church in this city was dedicated with fitting services. Rev. C. D. Gambriel is pastor of the church, which is a very good one. The dedicatory address was delivered by President C. C. Creegan of the Fargo college, and Rev. James Patton of Carrington was also a prominent speaker in attendance.

Examined Coal Fields.

Bismarck.—The lignite field around Washburn and in the Fort Berthold Indian reservation, North Dakota, examined in 1908, by Carl D. Smith, a geologist of the United States Geological Survey, whose reports are published in an advance chapter of "Contributions to Economic Geology, 1908, Part II."

To Bore for Gas.

Bantry.—A paper is being circulated here to obtain funds to bore for gas. With other towns obtaining gas in large quantities it appears that it should be found here.

Hankinson to rebuild.

Hankinson.—Handsome brick buildings will replace the several structures that were burned down in this city two weeks ago, plans having been secured by several of the parties interested.

Fix Bonds At $15,000.

Dickinson.—At the preliminary hearing in the case of former County Auditor White, the man pleaded guilty and his bonds were placed at $15,000.

Grand Forks.—This city spent $434,500 in municipal improvements for the present year.

A Poor Weak Woman

As she is termed, will endure bravely and patiently agonies which a strong man would give way under. The fact is women are more patient than they ought to be under such troubles.

Every woman ought to know that she may obtain the most experienced medical advice *free of charge* and in *absolute confidence* and privacy by writing to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for many years and has had a wider practical experience in the treatment of women's diseases than any other physician in this country. His medicines are world-famous for their astonishing efficacy.

The most perfect remedy ever devised for weak and delicate women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG,
SICK WOMEN WELL.

The many and varied symptoms of woman's peculiar ailments are fully set forth in Plain English in the People's Medical Adviser (1008 pages), a newly revised and up-to-date Edition of which, cloth-bound, will be mailed *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only*. Address as above.

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A modern school, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

School in session all year. For full information, address, F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

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For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

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to graduates, have done so and can. Send for a beautiful free catalog, to
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for spot cash. 10 to 50% more money for you to ship Raw Furs and Hides to us than to sell at home. Write for Price List, Market Report, Shipping Tags, and about our
HUNTERS' & TRAPPERS' GUIDE $4 Edition, $15,000 Book
450 pages, leather bound. Best thing on the subject ever written. Illustrating all Fur Animals. All about Trappers' Secrets, Decoys, Traps, Game Laws. How and where to trap, and to become a successful trapper. It's a regular Encyclopedia. Price, $2. To our customers, $1.25. Hides tanned into beautiful Robes. Our Magnetic Bait and Decoy attracts animals to traps, $1.00 per bottle. Ship your Hides and Furs to us and get highest prices. Andersch Bros., Dept. 117 Minneapolis, Minn.

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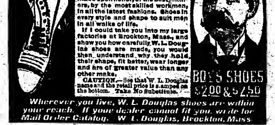
The only Minneapolis house which has branches in New York, Leipzig and London.
Ship your raw furs to us, then you are sure to get full values and a square sort.

	Ex. Lge.	Lge.	Med.	Small	II	III	IV
SKUNK—	$4.25	$3.50	$3.00	$2.25	$2.00	$3.00	$ .75—1.00
RACCOON—	3.25	2.75	1.75	1.25	1.50	.75	$ .50

	Winter	Lge. Fall	Small Fall	Kitts.
RATS—	$ .50	$ .45	$ .30	$ .10

Prompt Returns. Ref. N. W. Nat. Bank. We pay express charges.



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$3.00 $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

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Wear W. L. Douglas comfortable, easy-walking shoes. They are made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions. Shoes in every style and shape to suit men in all walks of life.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

CAUTION.—See that W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. Take No Substitute.

BOYS SHOES $2.00 & $2.50

Wherever you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach. If your dealer cannot fit you, write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Have Heat Brought To You

When your bed-room, bath-room or dining room is chilly, you may have heat brought to you in just the degree you desire. It is easy when you have a

PERFECTION Oil Heater
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Automatic Smokeless Device

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Salts and Castor Oil—bad stuff—never cure, only makes bowels move because it irritates and sweats them, like poking finger in your eye. The best *Bowel Medicine is Cascarets.* Every Salts and Castor Oil user should get a box of CASCARETS and try them just once. You'll see. 884

CUT THIS OUT, mail it with your address to Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill., and receive a handsome souvenir gold Bon Bon FREE.

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NO STROPPING NO HONING
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A preparation of superior merit for relieving Coughs, Hoarseness and Irritation of throats of great benefit in Lung Troubles, Bronchitis and Asthma. Free from opiates or any harmful ingredient. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. Sample mailed on request.
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WESTERN CANADA
What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:

"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. Feed is cheaper and climate better for the purpose. Your market will improve faster than your farmers will produce the supplies. Wheat can be grown up to the 60th parallel (800 miles north of the international boundary). Your vacant land will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land." Nearly

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

70,000 Americans

[illegible] in Western Canada this year. 1909 produced another large crop of wheat, oats and barley, in addition to which the cattle exports was an immense item. Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as lands held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railways. For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

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Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Miss Eva Bray is quite seriously ill this week.

Chas Daymond of Mentor was in town Sunday and Monday.

O. J. Knuteson spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

J. J. Paddon made a business trip to Crookston last evening.

Alold Morissette of Plummer was in town Monday and Tuesday.

C. J. Knox of Thief River Falls was in town Friday on business.

Nice, just caught, Lake Superior frozen fish at 5c—The Big Store.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Z. Bregier, Monday, Jan. 3.

Born, Monday, Jan 3, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Methews, a daughter.

A. R. Brown of Hallock was the guest of friends in town this week.

R. A. Lee came down from Thief River Falls Friday on business.

Attorney F. A. Grady went to McIntosh yesterday on legal business.

Miss Olive Veau of Grand Forks was the guest of friends in this city last week.

Leonard Zaiser went up to Thief River Falls for an over Sunday visit with friends.

A. P. Toupin was a business caller at Thief River Falls Friday between trains.

Misses Cora Paul and Mona Zeh visited with friends at Thief River Falls this week.

20 per cent off on hand-painted and Haviland china and fancy pieces.—The Big Store.

E. E. Fletcher of Langdon, N. D., has spent the past week here with his parents.

There will be a dance at the Imperial hall at St. Hilaire Saturday evening, Jan. 15.

John E. King, senior editor of the Gazette, was up from St. Paul a part of the week.

Miss Rose LaCoe of Thief River Falls was the guest of friends in town over Sunday.

Alfred Anderson from Bray is spending the week with his brother, Supt. H. F. Anderson.

Leo Spillane left Monday for Rochester where he will be employed in a print shop.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Miller were the guests of friends and relatives at Crookston over Sunday.

Will St. Yves left Wednesday for Bemidji and will be employed in the woods during the winter.

Editor E. L. Quist of the Thief River Press was in town Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Henry and Dave Laurent came up from Crookston to spend New Years with friends and relatives.

Frank Jeffers has been at Grand Rapids most of the week attending to some business matters.

We make farm Loans at lowest rates. Call and see us.—First State Bank, Red Lake Falls.

The installation of officers elect of the R. N. A. lodge will occur at the lodge rooms Friday evening. All members are urged to attend the meeting.

I Will Sell All Of My

Dishes
Notions
Jewelry
Groceries
Fancy Pipes
Toilet Articles
Musical Instruments at

25 Per Cent Discount

Have Just Received 500 Pounds of Kisses That Will Sell at 16c a lb.

All Christmas toys will go at cost. All kinds of fancy candies and candy boxes, and a new line of Christmas and New Year postals and leather post card albums.

FREUND'S

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Allen of Case Lake are visiting with Mrs. Allen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Guerin.

Mrs. O. Kankel of Fertile is visiting with relatives and friends in Red Lake Falls and Terrebonne.

Miss Bernice Zaiser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Zaiser, is quite seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Gus Anderson of Badger, an uncle of S. A. Swanson, visited with the judge Monday and Tuesday.

Theodore and Walter Gareeau have gone to Crookston and are attending a business college in that city.

Gilbert Haavi of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters in the county capital the first of the week.

Both Aime Bouoit and his daughter, Miss Lizzie Bonoit, have been quite seriouly ill with quinsy this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Laurent from Terrebonne were here Monday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. Champeau.

Mr. and Mrs. Prudhomme of Crookston were New Years guests of friends and relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Herbert Findeisen is spending the week in Minneapolis, in attendance at the implement dealers' convention.

The great motive power of any business is the strenuous personal faith of the men back of it. Merchant State Bank.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Hotel Scotland, Plummer, on Jan. 10, for one day. Fitting glasses a specialty.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

Astrachan Jackets are after all the best coats at the price. We have your size at from $27.50 up.—The Big Store.

Helmuth Zaiser returned Saturday from a business trip to the twin cities and to various points in northern Minnesota.

Miss Orilla Hennemuth of Minneapolis is in the city as the guest of friends and relatives. She arrived here on Friday.

Bert Lizee, who has been employed in a barber shop at Glyndon, has given up his position and returned home Friday.

Are your rubbers worn out? If you had bought Ball Brand they wouldn't be. A fair assortment yet.—The Big Store.

Horace Laurent has returned after a vacation of ten days spent with relatives at Terrebonne, Crookston and Mentor.

20 per cent off on overcoats. A few 35 and 36 $8 suits at $3.90, good clothes but out of date. Who wants them?—The Big Store.

Jos. Heim left Tuesday evening for the twin cities where he will remain for several days attending to some business matters.

F. A. Kellog was at Crookston Tuesday evening to be in attendance at an important meeting of the Knights Templar lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Buse returned from their wedding trip last Friday and have gone to housekeeping in the Buse residence.

Have a few cloaks left. $15 long coats at $9.75; $25 ones at $14.90. $18 auto coats, $10.50. Who wants them?—The Big Store.

We can still fit you with a nice Kuppenheimer or Clothcraft suit at any price you want to pay. $5.90 to $27.50.—The Big Store.

Mr. and Mrs Arthur Broussenu from Maxbass, N. Dak., are visiting with Mrs. Broussenu's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Celphus Guerin.

J. C. Parker of Bemidji, a member of the S-P-K Lumber company of Plummer, came over Friday from his home at Bemidji.

Misses Blanche Altstadt and Hazel Healy, who teach near Gheen, have returned to their school duties after the holiday vacation.

Ernest Mayhew, master mechanic at the Gazette office, visited with his big brother at Thief River Falls between trains Saturday.

Fred Morin and family were over from Crookston several days this week visiting at the home of August Morin. Fred is the manager of the Robertson Lumber company's yard at Crookston, and has "made good."

Just arrived! Some of our Gordon spring Derby hats in blacks, blues and grays, in flexible and 1-16 sizes.—The Big Store.

Thos. Majeras left Tuesday evening for Dugdale where he is employed as station agent for the Great Northern Railway company.

Mrs. A. A. Latendresse returned Tuesday from Bow Bells, N. Dak., where she has been visiting with her parents for two weeks.

Morris Breyette, who has been employed here as foreman of the Great Northern section, left for his home at Bemidji Wednesday.

Mrs. S. L. Lewis has almost completely recovered from her long siege of typhoid fever and was able to go to her home this week.

Misses Emily Demarais and Mary Barry and Morris Breyette and Carl Kruegar attended a dance at Thief River Falls last evening.

Rev. D. K. Laurie will hold services at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours for church services.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was in town Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, in attendance at the meeting of the board of county commissioners.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Paul left Wednesday evening on a trip to southern Minnesota. They will visit for two weeks with relatives at Minneapolis and Anoka.

Miss Germo and the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Germo left last Tuesday on the trip west to join Mr. and Mrs. Germo in their home at Post Falls, Idaho.

Misses Mayme and Anna Laurent and Bert Lizee attended a dance at Crookston Monday evening. Miss Mayme Laurent remained to spend the week with friends at Crookston.

Theodore Huot returned to Crookston Monday after spending several days in this city with friends and relatives. Mr. Huot is now attending a business college in Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Paul entertained a few of their friends at an informal party Thursday evening. Cards, followed by a lunch, helped make the evening a very enjoyable one.

Frank L. Cruzen has been appointed postmaster at Wylie, vice Thor P. Smidesang, resigned. Mr. Smidesang recently sold his general merchandise business to Cruzen Bros.

Alfred Walstad, who has been employed at Crosby, N. Dak., since leaving Red Lake Falls last fall, has gone to Grand Forks, where he is taking a course at the North Dakota "U."

Mr. and Mrs. Litzenberg and children from Marshall, Minn., who spent the holiday season with Mrs. Litzenberg's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Hanly, returned to their home Monday.

To avoid having all of this kind of work brought in during the busy spring period, we will during the dull month of January, oil your harness thoroughly for $1.00 per set.—L. A. Kaufer. 13

Dr. I. Lemieux left Monday evening on a business trip to the twin cities. He was accompanied by his son, Wilfred Lemieux, who was returning to his home at Montak, Mont., where he is engaged in business.

Rollin Bronson, brother of the Osakis and Evansville Bronsons, good newspaper men, is the new editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator. The first issue of the Spectator under Mr. Bronson's management was a very creditable one.

Have you seen our Utz & Dunn shoes? Nothing like them anywhere else. Our cloth or mat top patent leather shoes with high heels are the finest shoes made, $2.50 to $1. Godman shoes, $1.39 to $2.50, are the best cheap shoes made.—The Big Store.

Postmaster Steenerson of Crookston is defendant in a $10,000 suit for damages brought by Sever Peterson, a former rural carrier. Mr. Peterson alleges that his dismissal was caused by false reports sent to Washington by the postmaster.

Crookston Times: Miss Mamie Linnihan of Red Lake Falls, has been the guest of Mrs. W. G. Lytle at her home on South Ash street for the past few days. She will be joined this evening by her sister, Miss Ina Linnihan, and in the morning they will leave for their schools at Gilbert, Minn.

Director Brunelle of the Red Lake Falls band went to Lankin, North Dakota, last week to assist Editor Sam Haislet and his band in entertaing Governor Burke and a big crowd of people, the occasion being the dedication of Lankin's fine new opera house. The Lankin Reporter says that Mr. Brunelle played a cornet solo with band accompaniment that was received with loud and noisy applause and he was compelled to respond to an enthusiastic encore.

Notice.

To whom it may concern: I hereby give notice that no credit in merchandise, board or lodging shall be given to Ephrim Trembly without authority from the undersigned.—P. P. Boileau, Guardian.

Notice.

Sealed bids will be received on Jan. 25, 1910, by the Red Lake Falls Creamery association for the contract of cutting and packing ice. For further particulars see Frank Greater, Manager. Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids.—Noel Delorme, Secretary.

UNDER TWO FLAGS.

The Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes.

By ANNA BENTLEY.

[Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.]

As soon as we had dropped anchor at Valparaiso Jack Hoskins, Tom Archard and I, having been cooped up aboard ship for three months without setting foot on shore, determined that we would get together if possible in the first liberty party and have a good time in the town. Hoskins was a reckless, fearless chap, Archard was not much better on the score of recklessness, while I was the only peaceable one of the trio.

"Now, Hoskins," I said before starting, "I wish you to understand that if you get me into a scrape while we're on shore you and I will not train together again."

"I'll be meek as Moses," he said.

"If he doesn't drink too much," Archard put in.

"Well," I added, "both of you remember that these Chileans are a mighty mean crowd to offend, especially for Americans, when there's not a United States armed ship in the harbor."

"NOW SHOOT IF YOU DARE!"

Having thus lectured my chums, we went ashore. We walked about arm in arm till we met a pretty Spanish girl who looked admiringly on Jack's stalwart figure, when he deserted us for her. I begged him not to go, for the girl was in company with a Chilean, who seemed to me to be loath to turn her over to an American sailor. But the fellow made no objections, and Jack succeeded him. Whether this had anything to do with what followed I don't know, but I have always suspected that it had.

Tom and I roamed the town alone, looking in at the shop windows, taking in one or two shows, and when tired lounged in the tropical gardens, though the perfume of the flowers was rather sickening to me. Finally we concluded we'd better go and look after Jack.

We started up from the gardens where we were sitting at the time and went out into the streets. We hadn't proceeded far before we saw Jack coming toward us. When we met we saw at once that he had been taking aboard more spirits than was good for him. He began to tell us very noisily what a fine time he had had. He had soon parted with the girl, who couldn't speak a word of English, and joined a party from the ship who were having a fine spree.

All of a sudden a policeman appeared and, drawing a sword, hit Jack with the flat of it. Before we could interfere Jack planted his fist under the policeman's chin, raised him off his feet and sent him sprawling on the pavement.

I knew very well that there was but one chance for Jack. If we could run him to the shore, get him into a boat and out to the ship there might be some hope of getting him out of the scrape without serious consequences. Quick as a flash I seized one arm; Tom, following my cue, seized the other, and we set off as rapidly as we could get Jack on for the place where we knew the boats to be.

After turning a corner I released Jack's arm and shouted, "Run, Jack—run for your life!" If he hadn't been drinking he might have got away. As it was the policeman signaled for assistance, and very soon several of the force were on our track. They reached us just before we could get into a boat.

Jack was arrested and marched back to the town. Tom and I followed him, a policeman on either side of him and several in the rear, and saw him taken into the police office. We were not allowed to go in ourselves, but loitered outside till we were thunderstruck at being informed by a man who came out of the building that Jack Hoskins had been summarily tried for attacking a policeman and had been condemned to be shot the next morning. At first we thought the man was hoaxing us, but, getting the same information from others, we made up our minds that it must be true.

After a hurried consultation we determined first to go and inform the American consul of the circumstance, then go to the ship and tell the captain. The consul, however, was the proper person to act in the matter, and we went with him as he hurried away to do what he could in the name of the United States government to save Jack's life. He at first expostulated against the barbarity of executing a man for resisting a wanton attack of a policeman, but as the authorities turned a deaf ear to his expostulation he made a formal protest. No more attention was paid to the protest than to the expostulation.

That night was a distressing one for all our crew, and, as for Jack, it only remained for him to prepare for death. Our captain could do nothing. If the Chilean authorities would not respect a representative of the United States they would not pay any attention to the captain of the crew to which the offender belonged. The harbor was not only bare of a United States fighting ship, but did not contain one of any other nation.

Not a wink did I sleep that night, and when it was light enough for me to see I was scouring the harbor in the hope that some sort of a fighting machine had come in during the night. But I was disappointed. The waters were entirely bare of guns.

The condition of our crew was harrowing. We wanted to fight and had nothing to fight with. To permit one of our number to be shot to death by a lot of Spanish American undersized, bloodthirsty rascals well nigh threw every man of us into spasms. We got together in knots, and many were the foolhardy plans that were proposed to save our comrade's life. But as time wore on and the hour appointed for the execution approached an awful sense of our powerless position settled down upon us and stunned us.

Early in the morning I was made the bearer of a note from our captain to the consul. The captain dared not leave the ship for fear of some move on the part of the men which would not only be hopeless, but get us into more trouble. I was the only man of the crew to go ashore. While I was at the consulate a crowd was gathering in a field in rear of the house to witness the execution. What the note contained I don't know, but on reading it the consul shook his head.

At that moment I saw the British consul, whose house was opposite, come out to raise the British flag. He stood looking at the crowd in the field, and I saw the British bulldog indignation rising in him at the murder about to be committed. With the flag still in his hand he came across the street and, approaching the American consul, said to him:

"You're not going to let them shoot that man, are you?"

"What can I do?" replied the consul despairingly. "I have protested against the act. I am powerless to do more."

Meanwhile Jack had been marched out, and a firing squad was taking position before him.

"Give me your flag!" shouted the English consul. And in another moment the stars and stripes were clutched in his hand with the union jack. Then hurrying across the field, I and our own consul following him, we saw him elbow his way through the crowd and run up to the prisoner. The next instant the United States flag was folded around Jack's broad shoulders, and immediately after the blood red banner of Great Britain was placed over it. Then the consul who had done this, standing a few paces back, faced the firing squad and cried defiantly:

"Now shoot if you dare through the heart of England and America!"

This was too much for the dagos. If the moral power of the United States did not scare them that of the two most powerful nations on the earth and, what was more to them, on the sea was more than they dared defy. Then, too, this combined moral power was displayed in a way to give it full force. To deliberately shoot a man through the two flags representing the two wings of the great Anglo-Saxon race required a nerve that even the valiant Chileans did not possess.

After a hurried consultation the Chilean authorities, suddenly stricken with terror at what they had done and realizing what they had intended doing, hastened to release the prisoner. He was delivered to the American consul. With tears streaming down his cheeks he gratefully pressed the hand of the man who had saved him. Then he grasped that of the American representative. Lastly he permitted me to take his hand in mine.

Who gave the news of Jack's release to those on board our ship I don't know, but shortly after it occurred, when Jack and I went down to the ship's boat that had brought me ashore and which was waiting for me, we saw the crew dancing about, running up the ratlines and hoisting all the signal bunting there was to be had. When we left the shore there was a cheer, while we pulled for the vessel there were cheers, and when Jack climbed the ladder and stepped over the gunwale he found himself on the shoulders of the strongest and tallest men on the ship and was carried around amid a scene of wild rejoicing.

It is a long while since that narrow escape—a tragedy averted by the presence of mind of one man. Where Jack Hoskins is now I don't know, since that was in the days of our youth. Our sailor days have long been over, and we have been long parted. But there is one scene which for dramatic interest stands far ahead of all the events in my life. It is Jack wrapped in two flags, with a firing party before him and the British consul daring the dagos to fire on him, piercing as they must the emblems of old England and her stalwart son, the United States of America.

The main feature about this story is that it is true. The only difference between the arrest, condemnation and intended execution of Hoskins at Valparaiso and this account is that it is here given in story form.

If ex-Judge Barnaby entered our editorial rooms one day last week and fired six shots at us, as he claims, all we can say is that we did not know it. There are days when we are absentminded and pay little attention to things of earth, and this was probably one of them. It wasn't fair of the judge to catch us on an off day.

Our New Years Greetings

"That 1910 may bring Health, Wealth and Prosperity to us, one and all."

were never more sincere than they are on the eve of 1910. We have passed over 365 days of a most marvelous growth, and our business relations have been such that we gladly extend seasonable greetings to one and all. In the hope that 1910 will be as successful for us all as 1909 has been, we remain,

Yours for business,

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

Smiles Illustrated.

A Good Bluff.

First Office Boy—Does yer boss object to yer puttin' yer feet on de desk an' smokin' cigarettes?

Second Office Boy—Naw; he tells me to do it sometimes.

First Office Boy—An' when is dat?

Second Office Boy—When his creditors are due. He wants his creditors to think he is out.

His Method.

First Actor—How do you keep your trousers creased so well?

Second Actor—Well, old sport, times are hard. I am now my own press agent.

Lucky Dogs!

She—I hope there's no truth in the report that kisses contain microbes.

He—You aren't afraid to kiss me, are you?

She—I'm not thinking of you. I'm thinking of Fido.

Diplomacy.

"You charged me 20 cents for doing up a shirt waist, and it certainly was done up so it made me look like 30 cents."

"Alle samee why chargee 20 cent. Hard work to make handsome lady look like 30 cent."

Jungle Tonsorial Parlor.

"What's this? 'Barber Shop Closed For the Week.' Is Barber De Monk sick?"

"No; he has just started to shave Mr. Jumbo."

Quite So.

"Some of the department stores are installing vaudeville."

"Great chance to work off bargain jokes."

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.03
Rye	.63
Oats	.33
Flax	1.99
Barley	.51
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.30
Butter, dairy	.25

Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee is created from pure parched grains, malt, nuts, etc.—no real coffee in it. Fine in flavor—is "made in a minute." No 20 or 30 minutes tedious boiling. Sample free. All grocers.

Coughs that are tight, or tickling, get quick and certain help from Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. On this account druggists everywhere are favoring Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. The tender leaves of a harmless lung-healing mountainous shrub give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its curative properties. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing Cough, and to soothe, and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Mothers should, for safety's sake, always demand Dr. Shoop's. It can with perfect freedom be given to even the youngest babes. Test it once yourself, and see! Sold by all dealers.

Optimistic.

Some time ago there was a flood in [illegible], Pennsylvania. An old [illegible] who had lost nearly everything he possessed was sitting on the roof of the [illegible] as it floated along, when a boat approached.

"Hello, John."

"Hello, Dave."

"Are your fowls all washed away?"

"Yes, but the ducks can swim," replied the old man.

"Apple trees gone?"

"Well, they said the crop would be a failure, anyhow."

"I see the flood's away above your window."

"That's all right, Dave. Them windows needed washin', anyhow."—[illegible]

Sound Proof.

Commissioner Bingham of New York, discussing the case of a policeman found guilty of protecting gambling houses, said:

"The man lied too naively in defense of his innocence. He was like a carpenter employed last month by a newspaper friend of mine. My newspaper friend writes a good deal at home, and his study being next to the nursery, the children's noise disturbed him, and he employed a carpenter to make the wall sound-proof between the two rooms. 'I'll fix it all right,' said the carpenter confidently. [illegible] best thing to do will be to line it with [illegible].' He completed his [illegible]. Then he called the literary man. 'She's sound-proof all right now,' he said. 'We'll test her,' said the literary man. 'You stay here.' And going into the nursery, he called to the carpenter in the study: 'Can you hear me?' 'No, I can't,' was the prompt reply."—New York Tribune.

Balzac and the Burglar.

A story of Balzac, said to be new, is related by a French contemporary. A burglar gained admission to Balzac's house, and was seen at work by the light of the moon, at the lock of the [illegible] in the novelist's chamber. Balzac was asleep at the time, but the [illegible] of the [illegible] aroused him. The burglar, who was [illegible], paused. A [illegible] his operations, and [illegible] by the moonlight the novelist sitting up in bed, his sides shaking with laughter.

"What is it that makes you so merry?" demanded the burglar.

"I laugh," replied the author, "[illegible] to think that you should come in the night without [illegible] to search my secretary for money, when I can never find any there in broad daylight."—[illegible]

The Proper Spirit.

When other people kick and growl,
And loudly [illegible] disdain,
Good Uncle William does not scowl
Or join in the refrain.

"We should be thankful, I allow,"
Says cheerful Uncle Bill.
"We've always got along somehow;
I guess we always will."

Why He Mourned.

O'Flanagan came home one night with a deep band of black crape around his hat.

"Why, Mike!" exclaimed his wife. "What are ye wearin' that mournful thing for?"

"I'm wearin' it for yer first husband," replied Mike firmly. "I'm sorry he's dead."—Everybody's Magazine.

The Editor's Sally.

City Editor—What do you mean by saying in this robbery story that "Brown was knocked down and relieved of a hundred dollars?" Were you ever robbed yourself?

New Reporter—No, sir.

City Editor—That accounts for it. If you'd been robbed you wouldn't describe the loss of a hundred dollars as a relief!

His Limit.

Said the maiden, "My,
Will you shave my Skye?"
To the barber just for a caper;
Said the dog barber grave,
"French poodles I shave—
But, miss, I'm no Skye-scraper!"
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

They Don't Speak Now.

"You love long rambles in the country," asked the girl in the white sweater.

"Yes, indeed," responded the young man in the green hat with the purple band and buckled shoes. "When I go out in the country all nature seems to smile."

"Gracious! I don't blame her. It is a wonder she don't laugh outright."

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY JANUARY 13, 1910.

VOL. XXVII—NO. 16

USING THE NEWSPAPERS

Thief River People Making Big Noise. Much Ado About Nothing. The Investigation.

Whenever the Thief River Falls people don't get what they want in the courts they appeal to the newspapers. If the district court renders a decision that is not pleasing to them the local papers reverse the decision. It is not very effective, but it may be a source of some satisfaction. It is a proceeding that has become habitual because Red Lake Falls always wins in the courts and the Thief Riverites make the big noise. Watching them work off surplus energy has been rather enjoyable, for goodness, Mary, how they do fuss—and sometimes they tell things and give the whole game away.

During the past week they have been using the newspapers and this time it is the metropolitan press, and the people of the northwest are informed that an investigation is being conducted in Red Lake Falls and that before Saturday night Auditor Latendresse and Chairman Lindquist of the county board will be condemned to some terrible punishment. But these men are not aware of their predicament. Work in the auditor's office is being conducted in the usual manner and Auditor Latendresse does not know that he is being investigated. Chairman Lindquist is out on the farm attending to his own business with the same care as he does that of county when on duty as an official.

There may be an investigation. Public Examiner Anton Schaefer has preferred charges of malfeasance in office against Auditor Latendresse and Chairman Lindquist. The Gazette will give a statement of the case. The public and the officials against whom charges are preferred are entitled to that.

It will be remembered that several weeks ago the public examiner's department conducted an examination of the county records. The examiner's report to the governor indicated that the charges of misconduct made by the Thief River people who had petitioned for the investigation were without foundation. One single act of the commissioners was criticised. The commissioners had transferred $35,000 from the ditch fund to the county revenue fund. The vote to transfer was not unanimous and when it was learned that such transfer is not authorized except by a unanimous vote, the act was reconsidered. The act of making such transfer was not unprecedented, similar transfers having been made when there has been idle money in the ditch fund and such money could be used for a short time if placed in some other fund at a saving to the county. On previous occasions it had been considered a business proposition and has been the means of saving to the county on interest account.

Shortly after the examiner made his report he was interviewed by reporters and was quoted as saying that though the transfer without unanimous vote was unauthorized, the money had been transferred back and that there was no indication that any of it had been spent in purchasing a site for a court house and that no doubt money received from insurance companies for the loss occasioned by the destruction of the old building was expended in the purchase of a new site.

Now the examiner charges malfeasance in office. The chairman is charged with having put and declared carried the motion to transfer the funds when it received a majority vote and not a unanimous vote. The charge against the auditor is that of having made the records in the transaction. You ask why the examiner makes the charges at this late date? It's easy. He, too, is on trial and must defend himself. He found that there had been an unauthorized act. That was enough. The Thief River people driven to desperation because of the recent court decision that has settled for all time the county seat removal fight in Red Lake county and that means that thousands of dollars spent by them has gone for naught, have been camping in St. Paul and—well the examiner would not enjoy having it thrown up to him that he conducts the state's whitewash department, so there will be an investigation. No one blames the examiner. He must defend himself and the effectiveness of his department must be unquestioned. But for the information of the publishers of the daily papers it will be stated that an investigation is NOT being conducted in Red Lake Falls at this time. The date set for the hearing is Feb. 25. The Thief River people are "using" the papers now. They have the habit. All of their litigation has been conducted through the press as well as the courts, though they haven't been very successful in the courts.

It is not difficult to account for their enthusiasm in demanding an investigation. A final decree of the supreme court has determined that they cannot defeat the proposition to erect a court house in Red Lake Falls. The commissioners, acting within the law, now have the court's decree which says that they have proceeded legally. The Thief River people have nothing more to lose; all is lost now. So they attack the officials personally. To expect to secure their removal is a vain hope but there is nothing to lose by trying so they are making a grand stand finish. The exaggerated stories sent out from Thief River Falls, of course, do the officials great injustice, and no doubt being held up before the public as dishonorable is not especially pleasing. But the officials and the people of Red Lake Falls are accustomed to trials by newspapers and understand that the rankness of the campaign is due to the wild disappointment of the Thief River people. The officials will welcome the investigation.

That Chairman Lindquist believed that the motion to transfer the funds carried when it received a majority is natural. County Attorney Michelet of Thief River Falls was at the meeting at the time acting as legal advisor of the commissioners. Does anyone charge him with malfeasance because he did not advise the commissioners that their act was unauthorized without a unanimous vote? No one asks for his removal and no one desires it.

The Gazette publishes this long article because the officials are entitled to a fair statement, especially since so many wild stories have been published in the daily press. The Gazette readers may expect a fair report of the hearing—when it is held. In the meantime the Thief River people will probably continue to send wild stories to the daily papers.

CROOKSTON NOW A CATHOLIC SEE CITY

Archbishop Announces Crookston and Bismark as See Cities.

Archbishop John Ireland has made an announcement which will be of supreme interest not only to the Catholics of Minnesota, but to those of the entire Northwest. It is that two new dioceses have been created, one in Minnesota and one in North Dakota.

The archbishop made public this piece of news in the following statement:

"The recommendation of the bishops of the ecclesiastical province of St. Paul that two new dioceses be formed in the Northwest has been favorably acted upon in Rome. They are that of Crookston, in Northwestern Minnesota, and that of Bismarck, in Western North Dakota.

"The new diocese of Crookston takes in all that part of Minnesota west of the easterly lines of Hubbard and Beltrami counties, and north of the southerly lines of Clay, Becker and Hubbard counties.

"The new diocese of Bismarck takes in all the state of North Dakota west of the easterly line of Emmons, Burleigh, McLean and Ward counties.

"The new see cities will be Crookston and Bismarck respectively. A new bishop will be appointed for each one of those new dioceses without any great delay."

The Eckhart Family gave an entertainment in Weed's Opera House on Monday evening before a large and appreciative audience. The music produced by the members of the Company on the Swiss Bells, Marimbaphone, Aluminum Chimes, and Musical Glasses earned for the players a great deal of well deserved applause. The vocal selections—many of which were humorous—were highly pleasing. The entertainment as a whole was of an excellent character.—Ticonderoga, New York News.

At Woodman hall Wednesday evening, January 26.

R. N. A. Officers.

Officers-elect of the R. N. A. lodge were installed at the meeting held last Friday evening. The new officers are:

Oracle—Nettie Gaass.
Vice Oracle—Emily Farley.
Recorder—Rose Spillane.
Receiver—Margaret Rose.
Chancelor—Ida Hall.
Post Oracle—Josephine J. Doe.
Marshal—Dora Wilkinson.
Assistant Marshal—Agnes Dettling.
Managers—Katherine Ives, Lenora Duffy, Celena Remick.

WILL CHANGE LOCATIONS

Garceau & Rubertus Will Occupy Paradis Block Purchased By Mr. Garceau.

E. A. Mittwer Will Occupy the Building Vacated by Garceau & Rubertus.

Theo. Garceau recently completed a deal for the purchase of the Paradis block, the store building now occupied by the Mittwer hardware stock. The building is soon to be occupied by Garceau & Rubertus' general store. When the change is made Mr. Mittwer will move his stock to the building to be vacated by Garceau & Rubertus. This building was recently purchased by J. A. Duffy.

The change in location will be made about Feb. 1, and both Garceau & Rubertus and Mr. Mittwer are advertising special sales to reduce their stocks as much as possible before moving.

RIVERSIDE ELECTION

First Year of the Club's History a Prosperous One.

The annual meeting of the Riverside Club was held at the club rooms Tuesday evening. The first year in the history of the organization has been a successful one. Secretary Hunt's annual report shows that all obligations have been met and that there is a comfortable surplus in the treasury. During the year fine quarters have been fitted up in the Kaus block at an expense of several hundred dollars. That this could be done and yet the financial condition of the club be so satisfactory at the end of the first year is gratifying to the members.

Following the report of the secretary and treasurer and a brief address by the retiring president, S. M. Sivertson, in which he thanked the members for their co-operation and congratulated them upon the club's prosperity, the business of electing new officers was taken up. Theo. LaBissauniere, who served the club as vice president during the year, was chosen president. J. J. Padden is the new vice president and E. G. Buse secretary. Jos. Salley was re-elected treasurer. The five members who will serve the club as directors are: Dr. J. E. Argue, F. L. Furley, A. L. Brunelle, W. S. Ericson, C. R. C. Baker.

The Riverside Club is filling a "long felt want" in Red Lake Falls and its members are pleased that its organization was undertaken a year ago. For the fine record that has been made much credit is due the officers and directors who served the club so efficiently during the first year of its existence.

Teachers Examinations.

Examinations for common school teachers certificates will be held at Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls on February 3, 4 and 5, 1910.

Thursday, February 3rd.
(First Grade Studies.)
A. M.— 8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Geometry.
10:15 Physics.
P. M.— 1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Physical Geography or General History.

Agriculture may be taken at some one (only one) of the above periods, and may be substituted for either Geometry or Physical Geography.

Friday, February 4th.
Second Grade Studies.
A. M. 8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M. 1:15 Geography.
2:45 Composition and Penmanship.
3:40 Reading.

Saturday, February 5th.
(Second Grade Studies Continued)
A. M. — 8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M. — 1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Drawing.

If Professional Test consumes less than 60 minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed 30 minutes earlier.

Yours Sincerely,
H. F. Anderson,
Co. Supt. Red Lake Co.

UNDERWOOD IS FAIR PRESIDENT

Elected Late This Afternoon After a Very Exciting Contest.

Close Fight For The Office Between J. M. Underwood and John J. Furlong.

Late this afternoon the Gazette received a special wire from Minneapolis giving the result of the contest for the office of president of the Agricultural Society. The annual meeting of delegates held at Minneapolis this afternoon was a most exciting affair. J. M. Underwood of Lake City was elected president. He received 163½ votes. The defeated candidate, John M. Furlong, received 150½ votes.

READ THIS AND ROAR

Personal Property Tax List for City of Red Lake Falls.

Anderson & Wonder	$52.21
Argue, J. E.	6.93
Buse, Ernest	1.46
Buse, E. G.	.63
Bertheaume, Lewis	3.15
Brunelle Bros	5.73
Bourdon, Chas. N.	18.90
Bourdon, R. N.	66.99
Borchers, Fred	34.43
Brey, J. M.	10.36
Brady, James	4.20
Blake, J. H	.48
Beausoliel, Wm.	1.18
Beausoliel, Delphis	5.73
Benoit, Charles	.28
Berry, John	4.76
Bedard, Edward	10.15
Belair, Joseph	5.25
Brouillet, Frank	.07
Behn, Fred	47.30
Boughton, Geo. E.	5.35
Boughton, Chas. E.	38.36
Benoit, Aime	6.65
Benoit, Nels	3.57
Benoit, Joseph (Carder)	2.66
Boyce, Myron	.63
Christensen, M.	27.09
Crompe, T. A.	1.54
Champeau, Dan	25 97
Chatel, Wilfred	5.60
Cyr, Fred	.14
Cyr, Joseph	4 20
Chatel, Ephrain	4.77
Cress, Mrs. L. E.	4.69
Cerver, James	1.75
Deutschman, John	27.16
Duluth Brewing Co.,	36.40
Demarais, J. B.	1.12
Demarais, Henry	7.42
Duffy, J. A.	25.06
Delorme, Delar	5.67
Delorme, Noel	2.94
Drees, Nick	5 81
Erickson, L. E.	4.41
Emred, Ovide	8.05
Electric Light Co.	154.00
Farley, F. L.	6.58
Freund, F. F.	21.70
Findeisen, Mrs. Wm.	77.84
Fletcher, E. E.	1 19
Flaga, Knut	.28
First State Bank,	513.73
Garceau & Rubertus	177.80
Germo, Thos.	7.56
Groshong, A. G.	16.10
Gaass, P. B.	6.86
Gund Brewing Co,	30.80
Grody, F. A.	6.37
Guilmette, Louis	1.05
Gray, Joseph	7.63
Garceau, Theodore	13 58
Guilmette, Ernest	5.18
Guilmette, Napoleon	.77
Gayette, Philip	3.57
Guerin, Dan	3.22
Guerin, George	11.48
Giheau, Samuel	12.04
Holzman, Rudolph	15 33
Healy, Ed. L	13 30
Harren, J. P.	31.99
Hamry, Elsie	.07
Higginbotham, V. M.	34 37
Hennemuth, H.	3.36
Hance, James	4.13
Hennings, Geo. F.	5 81
Hance, Louis	2.03
Helm, Nick	.98
Harlow, Wm. J.	.70
Hanson, H. C.	.07
Holl, Mrs. M. R.	5.95
Helm, Jos.	117.95
Huot Hardware Co.,	168.00
Huat, F. E.	12 67
Johnson, C. W.	1.40
Jeffers, Frank	5.60
Hall, M. R.	1.75
Jones, L. E.	13.16
Kilburg, Peter	4.55
Kaufer, L. A.	34.93
Krueger, W. H.	31.08
King & Baker,	47.60
Kous, M. H.	31.29
Kruegor, Augusta	8.54
Krueger & Son,	8.54
Keifenheim, John	7.84
Kindseth, G. G.	3.22
Kaokel, G. A. Estate of	126 00
Lemieux, Tousso	2.73
Lemieux, Dr. I.	24 99
Latendresse Bros.,	19.25
Latendresse, Dan	4 27
Laurent, Adelard	5.67
Laurent, Dan	3.43
Laurent, Leon	7.28
Lasha, Jule	11.76
Lacouraliere, Alphonse	6.23
Lizee, Arthur	2.17

Continued on Last Page.

Her "Steady" a Printer's Devil.

There is a preacher in Minneapolis, says the Better Way, whose daughter has for "company" a young fellow who is just beginning to learn the printer's trade. A few evenings ago at church the good man had for his evening lesson the fourteenth chapter of Matthew, and when he read, in his most stentorian tones, "My daughter is grievously vexed with a devil," the audience tittered.—Ex.

NEW LINE READY FOR 1910 CROPS

Soo Extension From Plummer to Moose Lake Now Definitely Located.

All Grading Contracts are to be Completed by July 1, 1910.

A report from Bemidji states that the Soo engineers, who have been establishing the main line right-of-way which the railway will use in building from Plummer to Moose Lake, have completed their work and the company's locating engineers have filed their selections, definitely locating the route of the entire line.

The line will extend from Moose Lake to the Leech Lake dam, east of Leech lake, thence northward to the crossing of the Great Northern, near Schley. From the crossing the Soo will parallel the Great Northern through Cass Lake, Ferris, Rogby and Bemidji, westward to Wilton.

From a point almost directly north of Wilton, the Soo will gradually extend in a northerly course, bearing westward and will cross the Clearwater river at the Nelson dam. Running westward, the road will cross the southeast leg of Four-legged lake; thence the road extends a quarter of a mile north to Leonard postoffice, and to Plummer.

The construction from Moose Lake to Plummer will be comparatively easy, although there are some cuts that require heavy work. There is one cut of 70,000 yards through a hill at Nelson dam; another cut of 85,000 yards at Rugby Brook, near Leonard. The remainder is what might be called "common" grade, averaging about 1,800 yards to the mile. Grading is progressing satisfactorily.

From Moose Lake toward Leech Lake dam rails have been laid on fifty miles of right-of-way, which extends to the Mississippi river, north of Aitkin. The steel is all laid on the Cuyuna line, which is a sixty-mile branch of the main road.

All grading contracts must be completed July 1. The company will have the steel laid in ample time to haul the crops of 1910.

A Minneapolis firm has contracted to build all of the bridges and culverts along this line.

BEMIDJI MAN FOR GOVERNOR

Judge C. W. Stanton Suggested as Candidate For Democratic Nomination.

Governor Eberhart Embarrassed By Enthusiasm of County Option People.

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—Out of the wealth of material for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination the name of Judge C. W. Stanton of Bemidji has recently been brought into prominence. What the chances are of his election do not know, but it would be difficult to name a man who more fully measures up to the highest standard of American governors. He is qualified alike by a character, by talent and by experience. As an orator he takes a prominent place. He has a fine presence, is magnetic and has great social gifts. His popularity wherever he is known has time and again been proved. The confidence imposed in him by representative men of all parties was well illustrated when a year ago a judgeship was created with the full knowledge that he would be appointed to the position.

Judge Stanton has for some years occupied the district bench. The district over which he now presides is the largest in the state. It is not too much to say that in proportion to its population it is the most litigious. The number of cases which come before him at every session of the court is very great and the amount of work he is called upon to do is prodigious. His capacity for work, his poise and his transparent fairness have won for him the confidence of the bar, the clients and the public from which his juries are drawn. Judge Stanton is a self made man. Earlier in life he was the publisher of a country newspaper. In that capacity his talents were recognized by his confreres and he was elected president of the state editorial association. He won also the confidence of the people of his county which, although Republican elected him for two successive terms to the office of Judge of Probate. In the meantime he prepared himself for the bar and afterwards gave up the active management of his paper to practice his profession. When in 1907 increasing population forced the division of the Fifteenth Judicial District, Governor Johnson, with whom Stanton's relations had long been intimate appointed him to the vacancy. The district was overwhelmingly Republican and at the ensuing election Judge Stanton was defeated in a party contest by the narrow majority of 57 votes out of a total of over 18000 cast. Taking the vote in the same counties for secretary of state the Republican majority was 6,098. This extraordinary vote indicates Judge Stanton's popularity among men of all parties in the districts over which he presides.

An Embarrassing Situation.

Singularly enough the proposed county option convention to be held in St. Paul the first of March is assuming the appearance of a movement against Governor Eberhart and is so regarded at the state capitol, although the leaders of the temperance forces have no such design. The marked disinclination of the governor however, to take a stand on this question, his past affiliations and his present political associates make this inevitable. While no word can be extracted from the governor on the subject it is known that the members of his immediate official family have lost no opportunity to belittle county option as political movement and to declare that the sentiment for it was far from general. The open way in which the political representatives of the brewing interests supposed to be in favor at the capitol are lampooned by R. C. Dunn and the prominent part it is known that J. F. Jacobson and E. T. Young contemplate taking in the convention have the effect of making Governor Eberhart's aloofness marked. While it is admitted that he is the logical Republican candidate and while today everything points to his unanimous nomination there is an election to come after; and it is no more than natural that under the circumstances the activity and apparent earnestness of the temperance people should be regarded by the friends and political associates of Governor Eberhart as a disturbing factor in the situation.

Insidious Methods.

The Associated Press, which has in late years degenerated into the mere tool of the interests and which in their behalf practices a systematic discoloration of the nation's telegraphic news, makes it easy to conduct the insidious campaign which is now being made by the Shipping trust for the ship subsidy bill. Accompanying

(Continued From Page Four)

A RE-HEARING IS DENIED

County Commissioners Have Authority to Issue Bonds for the Erection of a New Court House.

The petition for the rehearing in the case of Martin V. Evanson vs. W. C. L. Demeun et. al. was denied by the supreme court Tuesday.

This is the famous case upholding Chapter 175, Laws of 1905, giving county commissioners the right to issue bonds for the purpose of building a court house in counties not already in possession of public buildings.

This is the last appeal that can be made in this case, and it is now within the power of the county board to issue bonds and construct a suitable building without further delay.

It would seem that the Thief River people had at last reached the court of last resort.

There is one thing more our friends from the north can do. They can come down next summer and help us dedicate the new court house. Come and stay all day. We'll furnish the lunch.

Chas E. Boughton, attorney for the commissioners, yesterday received formal notice from the clerk of the supreme court that the petition for rehearing had been denied, that the case had been finally disposed of and that judgment for costs had been entered against Mr. Evenson.

Letter From Father Fayolle.

The Gazette is permitted to print in part a letter written by Rev. Fr. Fayolle, who is spending the winter at Tuscon, Arizona, to a friend in Red Lake Falls. Father Fayolle's many friends will be interested in his description of the observance of Christmas in the land of flowers and sunshine.

The letter is dated Jan. 2 and a part of it follows: Thanks for your good wishes. Same to you and plenty of them. I have good reasons to believe that Santa was very good to you. Xmas to me here has been what I had to expect—a very quiet one. In fact Christmas here is simply a church affair. We had midnight mass, the bishop officiating. I had to assist him. The Cathedral was richly decorated, full of lights, splendid music, great choir with twenty pieces of orchestra. I said the Thanksgiving mass at 1:30 A. M. And then a regular Spanish or Mexican lunch—spices, spices, chile, red pepper. It takes an iron mouth to eat all that stuff.

"The night was grand, the stars were shining clear and bright, not a cloud, the birds were singing outside amongst green leaves and flowers. The girls wore light dresses, all white, and straw hats. The thermometer stood at 78 above. Maybe you freeze over there in Red Lake Falls. I write to you with my windows open. They are open all day and night.

"All this is beautiful, but I like Red Lake Falls better. Our church, our singing and playing speak more to me than anything else here."

SUPT. ROBERTSON DIES SUDDENLY

Head of the Crookston Agricultural School.—Had Many Friends Here.

Superintendent William Robertson, of the state school of agriculture located at Crookston, is dead. Death came while he was lying in a sleeper enroute to Minneapolis Tuesday night. Mr. Robertson retired at eleven o'clock apparently enjoying his usual health. In the morning when the porter went to arouse Mr. Robertson he was dead. Death was due to heart failure.

For the past five years Mr. Robertson had been at the head of the agricultural school at Crookston and in that position had done a big work. He had many friends all over the valley who held him in high esteem and his death will cause general regret. It will be a difficult task to find a man to fill Mr. Robertson's place at the head of the Crookston institution.

MRS. ADELARD LAURENT

Passed Away at Her Home in This City.

Mrs. Adelard Laurent, long a resident of Red Lake county, passed away at her home in this city at 3:30 o'clock Wednesday morning at the age of fifty years. About two years ago Mrs. Laurent suffered a stroke of paralysis and since that time had not been strong. Monday night she suffered a second stroke and from that time until her death it was known that her condition was so serious that she could not live.

Deceased was born at Lobinlare, Quebec. In 1882 she and Mr. Laurent were married at Terrebonne and they resided on a farm in Terrebonne township for many years. For the past year the home has been in this city. Mrs. Laurent is survived by her husband and three children besides many other relatives. The children are Mrs. Robert Quesnelle of Mentor, Dona Laurent of Crookston and Miss Cora Laurent.

Funeral services were held from St. Joseph's church at 10 o'clock this morning, Rev. Fr. Bossus officiating. Interment was at the Catholic cemetery at Terrebonne.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR BUSY READERS

THE MORE IMPORTANT EVENTS HERE TOUCHED UPON.

MANY MATTERS ARE INCLUDED

Doings of Congress, Foreign Intelligence, Personal, General and Other Items of Interest.

Foreign.

Arthur Mason Tippetts Jackson, chief magistrate of Nasik, in the presidency of Bombay, was assassinated by a native while attending a theatrical performance.

The Ethiopian government gave official assurance that King Menelik of Abyssinia still lives though his condition is grave.

The estate of the late Consuelo, dowager duchess of Manchester, is valued for probate at $1,634,330. After making provisions for her grandson the Viscount Mandville and the younger children of the duke of Manchester, the residue of the property was left in trust for the duke for life and for the successor to the title.

The Baroness Vaughan quietly bid farewell to Belgium.

A Los Angeles man told of cases of extreme cruelty practiced by Zelaya.

The pope appointed Rev. James O'Reilly, now rector of St. Anthony of Padua, Minneapolis, Minn., to the bishopric of Fargo, N. D., and Rev. F. M. Fallon of the provincial oblates of Buffalo, N. Y., to the bishopric of London, Canada.

The Reichsrat at Vienna rose after a continuous sitting of eighty-six hours and after passing a bill modifying the rules of procedure which authorizes the president of the chamber to suspend from one to three sittings any deputy insulting him or disobeying the rules.

Commander Robert E. Peary smiled broadly when informed that a Copenhagen dispatch had been received quoting a paragraph of the University of Copenhagen in its preliminary examination of Dr. Cook's records, and failing to find proof that the physician had found the North pole.

An official telegram from Buenos Ayres states that the authorities having the 1910 exposition in charge have set apart a special building for American railway exhibitors.

General.

Aside from having hundreds of lives and millions of dollars worth of property involved in marine disasters, the United States life saving service managed to render assistance to many unfortunate persons in distress.

Schley calls upon Peary to submit his proofs to the same body as did Cook.

An enraged miner killed three and then shot himself at Pittsburg, Ky.

Revolutionists in Nicaragua won a great victory over government troops, killing 600 and taking 1,800 prisoners.

The defaulting cashier of the Big Four was sentenced to six years in the state penitentiary.

Senator McLaurin died unexpectedly at his home in Brandon, Miss., from heart disease.

The attendance at the Omaha Corn shows the last day was 9,353. This makes a total attendance for the entire show of 118,503, as against a total last year of 95,897.

President Taft yielded to the demands of both Secretary Ballinger and his critics for a public investigation of the whole subject matter underlying the so-called Ballinger-Pinchot controversy.

Industrial education, what it has accomplished and its present conditions in all probability will be made the subject of a general investigation under the supervision of the bureau of labor.

Reports from the east say Mr. Willard has been offered the presidency of the B. & O. railroad.

Among United States marshals named by President Taft was Creighton M. Foraker of New Mexico, who has held the office there for sixteen years.

Incoming trans-Atlantic liners report terrific weather during the passage.

The supreme court handed down some decisions and took a recess of two weeks.

"We will report a general river and harbor bill about the first of February," said chairman Alexander of the house committee on rivers and harbors.

Every American who takes his cup of coffee might like to know that in the ten months of this year he has helped use up just $64,000,000 worth, or 845,000,000 pounds.

Soldiers and sailors celebrated Christmas at government expense.

Four leading saloons in Omaha have lost their licenses for violating the 8 o'clock law.

Far better progress is being made with legislation in the house than was anticipated when congress met.

Testimony of the Brokaw divorce went to show that the plaintiff made the money of the millionaire fly.

Thorough investigation fails to show that Dr. Cook got to the north pole.

Approximately 70,000 acres of public land have been withdrawn from entry in the west, according to an announcement at the interior department.

Flax went to $2 a bushel on the grain market in Indianapolis, a record never before attained. According to the government's estimate Minnesota and the Dakotas raised 25,000,000 bushels of this grain this year.

Senators Burkett and Brown may split on the selection of a new district attorney for Nebraska.

Albert F. Woods has been selected as director of the experiment station and dean of the Minnesota agricultural school.

County Marshal Mayes of Kansas City shot and killed a negro who had first wounded the officer.

The United States battleship Georgia, recently in collision with the battleship Nebraska during fleet maneuvers, was struck by the propeller of the collier Vestal while coaling in Hampton Roads, causing a considerable leak.

Peary says he will never again head another expedition, either to the south pole or to the north pole.

Further legislation by congress will be necessary before the $5,000 appropriated by that body in 1904 for procuring a site and plans for the proposed monument to Thomas Jefferson will be available.

Kermit Roosevelt has secured a fine specimen of the male sitatunga. Col. Roosevelt has not sighted this rare game.

The Australian government's statistician estimates a wheat yield of 25,500,000 bushels for the year, which exceeds last year's production by ten millions.

Notwithstanding his unpopularity, there seems to be much mourning over the death of the king.

The proposed plan to abolish the Isthmian canal commission met with vigorous opposition.

Ex-President Zelaya declares his surrender of the presidency was caused by a desire to save Nicaragua the humiliation of outrages threatened by a powerful foreign nation.

State Bank Commissioner Young gave out a statement in which he said that all the depositors of the First State bank of Keifer, Oklahoma, have been paid.

Major Smedley D. Butler, in command of one of the battalions of marines on the United States cruiser Dixie in Nicaragua, is the son of Congressman Butler of West Chester, Pa.

At Philadelphia, rather than face her six children Christmas morning without presents or the money to buy them, Mrs. Sarah Ennis took her life.

Headquarters of the American mining congress have been opened in Washington to promote legislation for the establishment of a national bureau of mines.

Sudden death of Senator McLaurin of Mississippi will necessitate an appointment by the governor.

The District of Columbia bill, carrying about $10,275,000, was passed by the house without opposition.

President Taft yielded to the demands of both Secretary Ballinger and his critics for a public investigation of the whole subject matter underlying the so-called Ballinger-Pinchot controversy.

Richard Parr, the man who discovered the sugar frauds, is to be rewarded in the sum of nearly a million.

The next national encampment of the Grand Army will be held at Atlantic City, September 17 to 24.

Two aged spinster sisters, Frances and Isabel Richie, were found dead in their home at Newark, N. J. The sisters had lived alone for twenty years in the same house.

Washington.

Figures prepared at the bureau of immigration and naturalization show that the inward passenger movement during November last aggregated 115,650, of which number 85,049 were immigrants who expect to make the United States their home; 15,659 were American citizens returning from abroad making a temporary trip to the United States.

Gifford Pinchot, chief of the bureau of forestry of the agricultural department, talked with President Taft regarding participation by the United States in the international conservation congress proposed by former President Roosevelt, which, it is planned, will be held at The Hague next year.

"Urge upon Mexico the importance of hurrying the trial of James A. Cook," was in substance the message telegraphed by the state department to the American ambassador at the City of Mexico. The action followed a conference between Assistant Secretary of State Wilson and Representative Scott of Kansas. Cook is a constituent of Mr. Scott.

Thomas Dawson of Council Bluffs, retiring minister to Chile, who has been designated chief of the division of Latin-American affairs in the State department, arrived here with his family from South America.

President Taft is trying to find a way to make future payments in the Panama canal work and reimburse the treasury for amounts expended from the working balance for canal digging. To do this the president wants to devise a way to issue the Panama canal bonds authorized in the Payne tariff law.

Major General Leonard Wood will be appointed chief of staff of the army next April, succeeding Major General J. Franklin Bell, who has been chief of staff since April 6, 1906. General Wood was colonel of the rough riders during the Spanish war.

Personal.

Senator Brown has sprung the name of Attorney General Thompson for Nebraska district attorney.

President Taft sent a long list of important diplomatic nominations to the senate.

The Nicaraguan congress elected Dr. Jose Madriz as president.

Secretary Ballinger has demanded vindication and urged President Taft to take the initiative.

Horace E. Lurton was confirmed as associate justice of the supreme court.

There may be opposition in the senate to the confirmation of Robert Bacon as ambassador to France.

George Dudley, former commissioner of pensions, died in Washington.

Senator Norris Brown believes that the Omaha Indians as well as the white people of Thurston county are in favor of the taxation of Indian lands.

Baron Uchida, the new Japanese ambassador to the United States, has arrived in Washington.

Henry Augustus Willard, the last of the three well known Willard brothers of Washington, D. C., died a few days ago, aged 87.

Miss Grace Todd of Arcola, Ill., field secretary of the Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church of America, is dead.

John Bennett, cashier of the State Savings bank, and a resident of Council Bluffs since 1863, died suddenly of heart trouble.

FRED W. CARPENTER

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Private Secretary to the President

Carpenter Visits Minnesota.

Washington, D. C.— Fred W. Carpenter, secretary to the president, is taking his first vacation in many years. Mr. Carpenter ever since he has been connected with President Taft has known nothing save work, but, with all his energy he has not forgotten Minnesota and he announced some time ago that he would pay a visit to the old folks, no matter what business might interfere. Accordingly, he has left for Sauk Center, Minn., where he will attend a reunion of the Carpenter family.

FIRE AT THE "U"

DEFECTIVE WIRING GIVEN AS THE CAUSE OF $75,000 LOSS TO STATE.

CAUSE IS NOT FOUND OUT

Dental Department Is the Chief Loser—Insurance Fairly Large—Inadequate Water Supply Blamed for Seriousness of Fire.

Minneapolis. — Defective electric wiring is said to have been the cause of a fire which practically destroyed the medical building at the University of Minnesota. The loss will be in the neighborhood of $75,000.

The building had been occupied by the dental department for the last few months and was filled with valuable apparatus and instruments. It is the third time that the same building has been on fire, but only slight damage was done on the former occasions. According to the firemen, it was owing to lack of a sufficient water supply that the blaze last night proved so disastrous.

All the students left about a week ago for their homes to spend the Christmas holidays. Dr. C. F. Dight, one of the instructors, was the only man in the building when the fire broke out. It started between the walls on the top floor and soon shot out through the roof. He opened a window and shouted a warning to the watchman, who immediately turned in an alarm.

When the firemen arrived the fire had gained such headway that little could be done, as there was not enough water to drown out the flames. A new valve had been installed in one of the other buildings during the day, which was the cause of turning off the water, at least this is the explanation given by the university authorities.

The building was built in 1893 at a cost of $56,000, but several improvements have been made since. It was known as Millard hall, and more familiarly as the old medical building. Only the upper floor was used by the medical department, however, while the rest of the hall was occupied by the school of dentistry. It was 65 by 125 feet in dimensions and constructed of brick and brownstone. The structure was of three stories and a high basement.

The fire was spectacular and attracted an immense crowd, but the police kept excellent order and the firemen were not hampered in their work.

FARIBAULT LIGHT PLANT SOLD.

Chicago Men Will Transmit Electricity from Cannon Falls.

Faribault.—The Faribault Gas and Electric Company has been sold to H. M. Byllesby & Co., of Chicago, who have also purchased the Cannon Falls water power at Cannon Falls, which can furnish 2,000 horsepower. They have arranged for a transmission line to Northfield and Faribault, and the surplus energy will be carried on to Mankato.

KREMER GIVEN FIVE YEARS.

Former Itasca Treasurer to Serve At Hard Labor.

Duluth.—A. A. Kremer, of Grand Rapids, former treasurer of Itasca county, who was found guilty Saturday in district court in that village of grand larceny in the first degree, was sentenced by Judge Stanton to five years at hard labor in the penitentiary at Stillwater. This is a compromise between the minimum and maximum penalty, which is one to ten years.

STATE FAIR PRESIDENCY.

Fight Over Furlong and Underwood Portends New Deal.

St. Paul, Minn.—A "dark horse" candidate for the presidency of the Minnesota state fair board may result from the present agitation revolving about John J. Furlong and of J. M. Underwood, the two leading candidates. Milton C. Griggs, of St. Paul, and F. L. Randall, former secretary of the fair and now president of the Minnesota Trust company, are being mentioned as possibilities.

The situation at the state fair grounds in connection with the rival examinations being made by the governor's auditing committee and the state examiner's special representative, seems to be developing into a tentative struggle between the present administration and the previous administration.

Friends of John J. Furlong say that recent agitation has only cemented his support and they predict his election. Mr. Furlong himself is extremely confident.

Secretary C. N. Cosgrove denies he has any part in the presidency fight and says he is absolutely neutral.

RHODES SCHOLAR IS NAMED.

Joseph Tetlie, St. Olaf College, Wins Prize Course.

St. Paul.—Joseph Tetlie of St. Olaf college was awarded the Cecil Rhodes scholarship at Oxford university by the judges who met in Dr. Northrop's office at the university.

The other candidate for the honor was Theodore Buenger of the University of Minnesota. Mr. Tetlie is 21 years old and took the classical course at St. Olaf. He was graduated last year. He will leave for England next October.

The judges, who made the award were Presidents Northrop of Minnesota, Bridgman of Hamline, T. M. Hodgman of Macalester, J. N. Kildahl of St. Olaf, Matson of Gustavus Adolphus and Donald J. Cowling of Carleton.

Mr. Tetlie was born in Nebraska. He was star pitcher on the college team for four years. He had an average of 94.48 per cent for his four years' studies. He received a freshmen scholarship of free tuition for one year and in 1909 won the Henry Nelson Talle scholarship of $60.

INDIAN IS GIVEN 12 YEARS.

Brainerd, Dec. 25.—James Kegg, whom a jury Wednesday night found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree for killing Sam Pete, near Deerwood, last June, was sentenced to 12 years in the penitentiary at Stillwater by Judge M. Clanahan. Kegg and his victim, Chippewa Indians, were both supposed to have been intoxicated when the trouble occurred. The evidence was all circumstantial.

WINONA BANKS TO CONSOLIDATE

Second National and Deposit Institution Will Merge Jan. 22.

Winona, Dec. 24.—Notice was given to the stockholders of the Second National bank of Winona that action was taken at a meeting of its board of directors, following corresponding action on the part of the directors of the Winona Deposit bank, looking toward a consolidation of these two banks Jan. 22, 1910. The capital of the new institution has not been announced.

JUDGE DENOUNCES "MASHERS."

Two Men Fined for Accosting Women on Duluth Street.

Duluth.—Steinar Henson and Claus Erickson, of Duluth, were fined $25 each for accosting women on the street. Judge Windom, before whom the cases were brought in municipal court, urged the police department to go after mashers and fetch them in as fast as possible. "I wish the police would fill the county jail with mashers," exclaimed the judge.

GRAIN GAMBLING

TO GO WAY OF LOTTERIES—TAFT RECOMMENDS STRINGENT LAWS.

AFTER THE SPECULATOR

Root of Evil to Be Reached By Prohibiting the Use of the Mails for the Practice of Speculating Futures.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Gambling in wheat, corn, cotton and other products of the farm will be prohibited hereafter if a recommendation soon to be made to congress by President Taft is enacted into law. The president is convinced that legitimate industry suffers from the gambling in the futures, and he believes the gullible public should be protected from this form of speculation. Accordingly, he has decided to urge congress to adopt a law that will be effective in dealing with produce gambling as was the laws aimed at the sale of lottery tickets and the great concerns that were engaged in the business.

The evil of such gambling will form the subject of a conference soon to be held at the White House. The president is deeply interested, and will make known his views on the question either in a special message or in a report on a bill soon to be introduced by Representative Scott of Kansas, chairman of the house committee on agriculture.

It appears on inquiry that President Taft has given a great deal of study to the question of such gambling. He has observed that the practice has been stopped in many of the states and believes that great good will be done the public if the evil is met in a law of congress.

RAILROADS WITHDRAWN OFFER.

To Abide by Chicago Conference Wage Scale.

St. Paul, Dec. 29.—At noon today the offer of the northwestern railroads to abide by the Chicago wage conference, and to re-employ the striking men as fast as places could be found for them was withdrawn as indicated in the final proposal made in their statement to Governor Eberhart Monday.

The third vice president of the Northern Pacific said today: "That statement meant just what it said and we have not changed our minds." The strikers now are awaiting the result of the conference to be held in Washington, Friday, between President Perham of the Railway Telegraphers Union and members of the interstate commerce commission.

No other developments in the strike situation today.

Six Days' Storm Over.

St. Johns, N. F., Dec. 29.—Eleven New Foundland schooners and their crews of sixty men are believed to have been lost in the Christmas blizzard, while great destruction to property throughout this island colony has resulted. The storm, which reached its height on Sunday, raged for six days, but today had abated considerably. All telegraph lines in the interior are down and reports from inland points are slow in reaching here. The town of Placentia was flooded for three days, and the principal business street of that place resembles an ocean beach.

Educators At Minot.

Minot, Dec. 29.—With hundreds of educators from every part of North Dakota in attendance today the second day of the annual convention of the North Dakota Educational association is proving a great success.

While the convention opened yesterday afternoon only two departments had programmes and the larger majority of the educators did not arrive until last evening and today.

The first sessions of the following departments were held today:

Americans Not Tortured.

Managua, Nicaragua, Dec. 29.—The recent reports that Groce and Cannon, the American recruits in the insurgent army, who were put to death at the command of President Zelaya, were tortured before being shot are untrue.

The facts were in possession of the state department at Washington a month ago and it was generally supposed there that the details of the tragedy had been given publicity through official channels.

Mexicans Cheer Zelaya.

Mexico City, Dec. 29.—Jose Santos Santos Zelaya the self-styled "titular president" of Nicaragua, arrived in this city today. No Mexican officials met him. He was, however, greeted by 200 Central Americans and Mexicans who welcomed the deposed executive with cries of "Long live Zelaya," "Long live Mexico" and "Down with the Yankees."

Chaffee Swindler Suspect Nabbed.

Minneapolis, Dec. 29.—Charles or "Red" Adams, arrested in New York last week is one of the men who was suspected of the $25,000 Minneapolis gold brick swindle. He answers the description of one of the men who swindled H. F. Chaffee of Amenia, N. D., out of $25,000.

Scientists At Boston.

Boston, Dec. 29.—Half a hundred sectional meetings, receptions and other social events allowed the scientists who are attending the sixty-first meeting of the American association for the advancement of science a little leisure today.

The programme was the most comprehensive of any during the week, and included papers and discussions on many scientific questions.

The American chemical society held the principal meeting of its convention today, papers dealing with every possible department of chemistry being presented.

Cold in Dixie.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 29.—The sunny south, from the Ohio river to northern Georgia and Alabama today experienced the coldest weather of the winter. Louisville, with a temperature of 6 above, was the coldest city, with Nashville, a close second at 8. Freezing weather is reported as far south as central Alabama and Georgia, with practically the entire country covered with snow.

France Adopts New Tariff.

Paris, Dec. 29.—The chamber of deputies today adopted the new tariff bill as a whole. The vote was 355 to 148.

TRAFFIC BADLY TIED UP

EASTERN STATES SWEPT BY A CHRISTMAS BLIZZARD.

Street Car Service and Railroads Caught Entirely Unprepared and Unable to Meet Situation.

New York, Dec. 27.—Late reports this afternoon show that eighteen persons in and near New York perished in the Christmas blizzard or from accidents caused thereby. Six of this number died from exposure after being caught in snow drifts which they were unable to penetrate. Others were drowned and several were killed by trains.

Philadelphia, Dec. 27.—Philadelphia today is still in the grip of the blizzard which descended upon this section of the country Christmas day. General business was tied up worse than for many years and prospects are that it will be several days before conditions become normal.

Railroad traffic and the street car service are still in bad shape. The snowfall was one of the greatest in the history of the weather bureau and caught the railroads, street car companies and other public services concerns wholly unprepared to cope with the situation. Reports received today showed that five persons lost their lives during the storm, most of the deaths occurring during the height of the storm Christmas night and Sunday morning, and in each case death was due to exhaustion.

Boston, Dec. 27.—A $5,000,000 loss is the estimate made today of the havoc wrought in and around Boston by the blizzard which yesterday swept New England and drove a record tide over the coast.

No fatalities have been reported, besides the four known to have occurred yesterday in Chelsea where a tidal wave bursting through a dike along Island End River flooded eighty acres at Homes and forced 2,500 persons to flee, scantily clad, into the raging storm.

Thirty-two cities and towns which last night were plunged in darkness owing to the cutting of the electric light service, hope to have their lighting facilities restored by tonight.

The storm was easily the greatest that New England has experienced in eleven years.

RAILROADS HOLD OUT.

Offer to Accept Wage Scale and Reinstate Men Gradually.

St. Paul, Dec. 27.—All efforts of Governor Eberhart to end the strike have apparently failed because of the refusal of the railroad officials to agree to a reinstatement of the men who went out, to their old positions at once.

Just at present the governor can see no way to bring the contending parties together. The final disagreement came at noon today, when Third Vice President Slade of the Northern Pacific and J. M. Gruber, general manager of the Great Northern, handed the governor a written communication in which they restated their willingness to submit the matter of wages and hours of labor to the Chicago conference, but that they could not agree to reinstate the men to their old positions at once, but would take them back when there were vacancies. The railways have given the men until Wednesday to accept their offer of Friday.

Wreckage of Schooner Found.

Boston, Dec. 27.—Masses of the wreckage apparently from the five-masted schooner David Palmer of Boston, were found on the beach at Hull today, and it is believed that the vessel struck on one of the outer ledges of the harbor during yesterday's storm and went to pieces with the loss of all on board, a total of twelve men. The Palmer was sighted off Cape Cod on Saturday in Massachusetts bay.

Indiana Woman Disfranchised.

Laporte, Ind., Dec. 27.—Although Indiana women are not permitted to vote, Special Judge Truesdell, in the circuit court, today when he sentenced Mrs. Alma Cromwell, wife of a well-to-do farmer, to the Indiana state prison, also disfranchised her for two years. Mrs. Cromwell was convicted for subornation of perjury. Her sentence is from two to twenty-one years.

Shot By Son.

Duluth, Dec. 27.—Mrs. A. M. Olmem, wife of a farmer living near Pike Lake, was shot through the hips at noon yesterday when a rifle which her 6-year-old son was playing was accidentally discharged.

Storm Prevents Taft's Visit.

Washington, Dec. 27.—On account of the uncertain traffic conditions, owing to the storm, President Taft has cancelled his engagement to dine tonight in New York city with Andrew Carnegie and to speak before the American Historical association in Carnegie hall.

Killed Going to Auto Show.

Columbus, O., Dec. 27.—Frank McGill, 28 years old, of Coshocton, while en route in an automobile to Columbus tonight to attend the Columbus Automobile show, was instantly killed. His machine skidded in the snow and turned turtle shortly after he left Newark.

One Killed—Score Hurt.

Detroit, Dec. 27.—More than a score of passengers were hurt last night and one was killed outright as the result of an interurban car on the Detroit United railways jumping the track and tipping over.

FRANK KENDALL, 28 years old, of Plymouth, Mich., was crushed to death.

RICHARD ROE, 7 years old, of Detroit, suffered the cutting off of one of his hands, and is in a critical condition.

The other passengers were less seriously hurt. The accident happened north of the village of Wayne.

Iowa Banker Kills Self.

Winterset, Iowa, Dec. 27.—J. H. Winterode, president of the Citizens' National bank, committed suicide by shooting himself through the right temple. Ill health is said to be the cause.

W. J. Cornell, cashier, found the president sitting at his desk with a bullet hole through his head.

Bryan Able to Travel.

Miami, Dec. 27.—Wm. J. Bryan left here yesterday for Knights Key, going thence to Jamaica, where he will join his family. He was greatly improved in health.

APPEAL TO TAFT

STRIKERS MAY TAKE GRIEVANCE TO WASHINGTON—RAILROADS FIRM.

MAY BE GENERAL STRIKE

Pres. Perham of the Federation of Labor Will Talk to Interstate Commerce Commission—If That Fails Will Go to Taft.

St. Paul, Dec. 28.—All of the leaders who have been in consultation with President Hawley of the switchmen's union have left the city and there were no new developments in the strike situation early today.

President Perham of the Railway Telegraphers', who was chairman of the American Federation of Labor railway section, is in Chicago today and tomorrow evening he expects to be in Washington where he will confer with members of the interstate commerce commission to learn if that body or possibly President Taft may be induced to intervene in the dispute between the switchmen and the railroads and thus avert a general strike.

Pres. G. B. Howley, of the State Federation of Labor, is in Duluth today, leaving President Hawley and his assistants alone in charge of the strike here.

Being asked if the report was true that freight handlers, machinists and clerks unions, which have grievances of their own, would go on strike without waiting further communication from Mr. Perham, President Hawley said:

"Such action on the part of these unions would turn public sentiment against the strikers and would not in any way help the cause. I am not in favor of that kind of a sympathetic strike."

NO PEACE IN NICARAGUA.

General Estrada Will Not Accept the Terms of Madriz.

Washington, Dec. 28.—General Estrada the revolutionary leader in Nicaragua will not accept the extraordinary terms proposed by the new president, Madriz, as a basis for peace. A telegram from Bluefields, received last night announce that on Dec. 22, Madriz had proposed in a telegram, to Estrada a suspension of hostilities, pending the arrival of a commission which he was sending to discuss an amicable settlement.

Madriz begged the revolutionary leader not to hinder his efforts for peace. General Estrada in his reply expressed a willingness to meet Madriz' commissioners, but said that the revolutionary party would not recognize the action of the legislative assembly in placing the power in the hands of Madriz.

Estrada denied emphatically the assembly's right to deal with the election of a president and declared Madriz a usurper.

WHOLE TOWNS DEVASTED.

Spanish Towns Experience Severe Floods.

San Sebastian, Spain, Dec. 28.—Details of the damage caused by the destructive floods last week poured into this city today. Only three houses were left standing in the village of Santa Christiania and at La Vicilla, a church was the only building able to withstand the storm.

Ben Avente, a town thirty-four miles north of Zamorra, with a population of about 5,000 was under water for five days, during which time all traffic in the streets was conducted by boats.

The village of Villaheza has been destroyed and the crops in the Castile plateau ruined.

Chinks Fights in New York.

New York, Dec. 28.—Scores of detectives and uniformed patrol men were sent into Chinatown today to check if possible the outbreak of a tong war in which one Chinaman had been killed and another mortally wounded. Police Captain Galvin states that new assassins, known in the tongs as "gun men" were sent here from Boston following the recent legal execution there of five Hip Sing tong members who were convicted of killing several of the Leong tong men and that their mission was revenge.

Dog Saved the Horses.

Cooperstown.—Horse thieves had five horses securely tied together ready for the trail when they were stopped by the fierce barking of a dog on the Thomas Riley farm near here. Riley was awakened by the dog and went to the barn where he discovered the horses tied together, but the would-be thieves had made their getaway in the darkness. The next morning it was discovered that they had lain in hiding only a few hundred feet from the barn at the time Riley was awakened.

Steamer Had Fire.

Liverpool, Dec. 28.—Fire was discovered in the hold of the White Star liner Celtic last Wednesday, when the vessel was four days out from New York. The liner arrived here safely yesterday. The fire was still burning but its presence was known to none of the 400 passengers. The fire started amid bales of cotton in hold No. 6. The hold had been flooded. The extent of damage could not be determined today.

Collision Kills Seven.

Seymour, Ind., Dec. 28.—Five train men were killed and two were fatally hurt yesterday in a head-on collision on the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad, between freight trains No. 51 and No. 58, twenty miles west of this city, near Fort Ritnar.

Republicans Name Candidate.

Butler, Mo., Dec. 28.—Philip S. E. Griffith of Greenfield, Mo., was nominated by acclimation today by the republicans of the Sixth Missouri district as a candidate to succeed the late David A. De Armond.

Held for S. D. Murder.

Aberdeen, S. D., Dec. 28.—S. S. Stevens today was held for trial for the murder of David G. McKenzie, at Leheau, S. D., two weeks ago. Stevens claimed self-defense, but introduced no testimony at the preliminary trial. MacKenzie was the son of Murdo MacKenzie, wealthy cattleman of Colorado.

Railroads Tied Up.

Deadwood, S. D., Dec. 28.—The heavy snow that has fallen during the last twelve hours, accompanied by high winds, has tied up railroad traffic in this part of the state. The Pierre passenger train is stalled.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. MARION CRAWFORD

AUTHOR OF "SARACINESCA," "ARETHUSA" ETC. ETC.
ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden-bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies, hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance and drew off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin Saad, her betrothed, attempted to climb down a [illegible] overlooking the mine; but the [illegible] killed him. The stranger was revived from a water gourd Saad carried, [illegible] way out of the tunnel, and departed, deserting the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the gems she could carry, and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg, and Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American, who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He offered Lady Maud [illegible] for her pet charity if she would aid him in winning the singer from Logotheti. Baraka approached Logotheti at Versailles with rubies to sell. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and sent it to Venice. He was visited by Baraka in male attire. She gave him a ruby after the American had told her of having seen in the United States a man answering the description of the one she loved. The [illegible] followed Margaret to [illegible] "Parsifal" festival. Margaret told the story to Van Torp, who presented her with the ruby Baraka had given him.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

"I never heard such an amusing set of stories as you are telling me to-day," she said.

"That particular one is Logotheti's," he answered, "and he can probably tell you much more about the girl."

"Is she really very pretty?" Margaret asked.

"Well," said Van Torp, quoting a saying of his favorite great man, "for people who like that kind of thing, I should think that would be the kind of thing they'd like."

"Send Mr. Van Torp's Man Up, Potts."

The prima donna smiled.

"Can you describe her?" she asked.

"Did you ever read a fairy story about a mouse that could turn into a tiger when it liked?" inquired the American in a tone of profound meditation, as if he were contemplating a vision which Margaret could not see.

"No," said she, "I never did."

"I don't think I ever did, either. But there might be a fairy story about that, mightn't there?" Margaret nodded, with an expression of displeased interest, and he went on: "Well, it describes Miss Barrack to a T. Yes, that's what I call her. She's put 'Barak' on her business card, whatever that means in a Christian language; but when I found out it was a girl, I christened her Miss Barrack. People have to have names of some kind if you're going to talk about them. But that's a digression. Pardon me. You'd like a description of the young person. I'm just thinking."

"How did you find out she was a girl?" Margaret asked, and her tone was suddenly hard.

"It was a question of form, you see," he said awkwardly.

"Form? Formality? I don't understand." Margaret was really puzzled.

"No, no!" Mr. Van Torp was actually blushing. "I mean his form—or her form—"

"Oh, her figure? You merely guessed it was a girl in boy's clothes?"

"Certainly. Yes. Only, you see, he had a kind of fit—the boy did—and I thought he was going to faint, so I picked him up and carried him to a sofa, and—well, you understand, Miss Donne. I knew I hadn't got a boy in my arms, that's all."

"I should think so!" assented the Englishwoman. "I'm sure I should! When you found out she was a girl, how did she strike you?"

"Very attractive, I should say; very attractive," he repeated with more emphasis. "People who admire brunettes might think her quite fascinating. She has really extraordinary eyes, to begin with, those long fruity eastern eyes, you know, that can look so far to the right and left through their eyelashes. Do you know what I mean?"

"Perfectly. You make it very clear. Go on, please."

"Her eyes—yes." Mr. Van Torp appeared to be thinking again. "Well, there was her complexion, too. It's first-rate for a dark girl. Ever been in a first-class dairy? Do you know the color of Alderney cream when it's ready to be skimmed? Her complexion's just like that, and when she's angry, it's as if you squeezed the juice of about one red currant into the whole pan of cream. Not more than one, I should think. See what I mean?"

"Yes. She must be awfully pretty. Tell me more. Has she nice hair? Even teeth?"

"I should think she had!" answered Mr. Van Torp, with even more enthusiasm than he had shown yet. "They're as small and even and white as if somebody had gone to work and carved them all around half a new billiard ball, not separate, you understand, but all in one piece. Very pretty mouth they make, with those rather broiled-salmon-colored lips she has, and a little chin that points up, as if she could hold her own. She can, too. Her hair? Well, you see, she's cut it short, to be a boy, but it's as thick as a beaver's fur, I should say, and pretty black. It's a silky kind of hair, that looks olive. You know what I mean, I daresay. Some brunettes' hair looks coarse and dusky, like horsehair, but hers isn't that kind, and it makes a sort of reflection in the sun, the way a young raven's wing-feathers do, if you understand."

"You're describing a raving beauty, it seems to me."

"Oh, no," said the American innocently. "Now if our friend Griggs, the novelist were here, he'd find all the right words and things, but I can only tell you just what I saw."

"You tell it uncommonly well!" Margaret's face expressed anything but pleasure. "Is she tall?"

"It's hard to tell, in men's clothes. Three inches shorter than I am, maybe. I'm a middle-sized man, I suppose. I used to be five feet ten in my shoes. She may be five feet seven, not more."

"But that's tall for a woman."

"Is it?" Mr. Van Torp's tone expressed an innocent indifference.

"Yes. Has she nice hands?"

"I didn't notice her hands. Oh, yes, I remember!" he exclaimed, suddenly correcting himself. "I did notice them. She held up that ruby to the light and I happened to look at her fingers. Small, well-shaped fingers, tapering nicely, but with a sort of firm look about them that you don't often see in a woman's hands. You've got it, too."

"Have I?" Margaret looked down at her right hand. "But, of course, hers are smaller than mine," she said.

"Well, you see, orientals almost all have very small hands and feet—too small, I call them—little tiny feet like mice."

Margaret's own were well-shaped, but by no means small.

"The girl is in London, you say?" Her tone made a question of the statement.

"She was there two days ago, when I left. At least, she had been to see me that very morning. Almost as soon as she was gone I went out, and in the first shop I looked into I met Logotheti. It was Pinney's, the jeweler's, I remember, for I bought a collar stud. We came away together and walked some time, and he told me the Tartar girl's story. I asked him to dine to-day, but I was obliged to leave town suddenly, and so I had to put him off with a note. I daresay he's still in London."

"I daresay he is," Margaret repeated, and rising suddenly she went to the window.

Mr. Van Torp rose too, and thought of what he should say in taking his leave of her, for he felt that he had stayed long enough.

The prima donna was still looking out of the window when the door opened and her English maid appeared on the threshold. Margaret turned at the sound.

"What is it?" she asked quietly.

"There's Mr. Van Torp's man, ma'am," answered Potts. "He wants to speak to his master at once."

"You had better tell him to come up," Margaret answered. "You may just as well see him here without going all the way downstairs," she said, speaking to Van Torp.

"You're very kind, I'm sure," he replied; "but I think I'd better be going, anyway."

"No, don't go yet, please! There's something else I want to say. See your man here while I go and speak to Mrs. Rushmore. Send Mr. Van Torp's man up, Potts," she added, and left the room.

The American walked up and down alone for a few moments. Then the impassive Stemp was ushered in by the maid, and the door was shut again.

"Well?" inquired Mr. Van Torp. "Has anything happened?"

"Yes, sir," Stemp answered. "They have turned us out of the house, sir, and your luggage is in the street. Where shall I have it taken, sir?"

"Oh, they've turned us out, have they? Why?"

"Well, sir, I'm afraid it's partly my fault, but there must be some misunderstanding, for I'm quite sure I didn't whistle in your room, sir."

"So am I, Stemp. Quite so. Go on. What happened?"

"Well, sir, you hadn't been gone more than ten minutes when somebody knocked, and there was the landlord, if that's what he calls himself, and a strange German gentleman with him, who spoke English. Rather shabby-looking, sir, I thought him. He spoke most uncivilly, and said I was driving him half crazy with my whistling. I said I hadn't whistled, and he said I had, and the landlord talked German at me, as it were sir. I said again I hadn't whistled, and he said I had, the shabby gentleman, I mean, speaking most uncivilly, sir, I assure you. So when I saw that they doubted my word, I put them out and fastened the door, thinking this was what you would have ordered, sir, if you'd been there yourself, but I'm afraid I did wrong."

"No, Stemp. You didn't do wrong."

"Thank you, sir."

"I suppose, though, that when you put them out they didn't exactly want to go, did they?"

"No, sir, but I had no trouble with them."

"Any heads broken?"

"No, sir, I was careful of that. I sent the landlord downstairs first, as he was a fat man and not likely to hurt himself, and the shabby gentleman went down on top of him quite comfortably, so he did not hurt himself either. I was very careful, sir, being in a foreign country."

"What happened next? They didn't come upstairs again and throw you out, I suppose."

"No, sir. They went and got two of these German policemen with swords, and broke into the room, and told me we must move at once. I didn't like to resist the police, sir. It's sometimes serious. The German gentleman wanted them to arrest me, so I offered to pay any fine there was for having been hasty, and we settled for two sovereigns, which I thought dear, sir, and I'd have gone to the police station rather than pay it, only I knew you'd need my services in this heathen town, sir. I'm highly relieved to know that you approve of that, sir. But they said we must turn out directly, just the same, so I re-packed your things and got a porter, and he's standing over the luggage in the street, waiting for orders."

"Stemp," said Mr. Van Torp, "I'd been whistling myself, before you came in, and the lunatic in the next room had already been fussing about it. It's my fault."

"Yes, sir. Thank you, sir."

"And it will be my fault if we have to sleep in a cab to-night."

The door opened while he was speaking, and Margaret heard the last words as she entered the room.

"I'm sorry," she said, "I thought you had finished. I could not help hearing what you said about sleeping in a cab. That's nonsense, you know."

"Well," said Mr. Van Torp, "they've just turned us out of the one room we had because I whistled 'Parsifal' out of tune."

"You didn't whistle it out of tune," Margaret answered, to Stemp's great but well-concealed astonishment. "I know better. Please have your things brought here at once."

"Here?" repeated Mr. Van Torp, surprised in his turn.

"Yes," she answered, in a tone that forestalled contradiction. "If nothing else can be had you shall have this room. I can do without it."

"You're kindness itself, but I couldn't do that," said Mr. Van Torp. "Bring our things to this hotel, anyway, Stemp, and we'll see what happens."

"Yes, sir."

Stemp disappeared at once, and his master turned to Margaret again.

"Nothing will induce me to put you to such inconvenience," he said, and his tone was quite as decided as hers had been.

She smiled.

"Nothing will induce me to let a friend of mine be driven from pillar to post for a lodging while I have plenty of room to spare!"

"You're very, very kind, but—"

"But the mouse may turn into a tiger if you contradict it," she said with a light laugh that thrilled him with delight. "I remember your description of the Tartar girl!"

"Well, then, I suppose the hyena will have to turn into a small woolly lamb if you tell him to," answered Mr. Torp.

"Yes," laughed Margaret. "Be a small, woolly lamb at once, please, a very small one!"

"Knee-high to a kitten; certainly," replied the millionaire submissively.

"Very well. I'll take you with me to hear 'Parsifal' to-morrow, if you obey. I've just asked Mrs. Rushmore if it makes any difference to her, and she has confessed that she would rather not go again, for it tires her dreadfully and gives her a headache. You shall have her seat. What is it? Don't you want to go with me?"

Mr. Van Torp's face had hardened till it looked like a mask, he stared firmly at the wall, and his lips were set tightly together. Margaret gazed at him in surprise while she might have counted ten. Then he spoke slowly, with evident effort, and in an odd voice.

"Excuse me, Miss Donne," he said, snapping his words out. "I'm so grateful that I can't speak, that's all. It'll be all right in a second."

A huge emotion had got hold of him. She saw the red flush rise suddenly above his collar, and then sink back before it reached his cheeks, and all at once he was very pale. But not a muscle of his face moved, not a line was drawn; only his sandy eyelashes quivered a little. His hands were thrust deep into the pockets of his jacket, but the fingers were motionless.

Margaret remembered how he had told her more than once that she was the only woman the world held for him, and she had thought it was nonsense, rather vulgarly and clumsily expressed by a man who was not much better than an animal where women were concerned.

It flashed upon her at last that what he had said was literally true, that she had misjudged an extraordinary man altogether, as many people did, and that she was indeed the only woman in the whole world who could master and dominate one whom many feared and hated, and whom she had herself once detested beyond words.

While these thoughts were disturbing her a little, Mr. Van Torp recovered himself; his features relaxed, his hands came out of his pockets, and he slowly turned towards her.

"I hope you don't think me rude," he said awkwardly. "I feel things a good deal sometimes, though people mightn't believe it."

They were still standing near together, and not far from the door through which Margaret had entered.

"It's never rude to be grateful, even for small things," she answered gently.

Her handsome head was a little bent, and her eyes were turned to the floor as she passed him going to the door.

"I'm going to see the manager of the hotel," she said. "I'll be back directly."

"No, no! Please let me—"

But she was gone, the door was shut again, and Mr. Van Torp was left to his own very happy reflections for a while.

Not for long, however. He was still standing before the table staring at the corn-flowers and poppies without consciously seeing them when he was aware of the imposing presence of Mrs. Rushmore, who had entered softly during his reverie and was almost at his elbow.

"This is Mr. Van Torp, I presume," she said gravely, inclining her head. "I am Mrs. Rushmore. You have perhaps heard Miss Donne speak of me."

"I'm very pleased to meet you, Mrs. Rushmore," said the American, bowing low. "I've often heard Miss Donne speak of you with the greatest gratitude and affection."

"That's nice," Mrs. Rushmore answered with gravity, and as she established herself on the sofa she indicated a chair not far from her.

It was only proper that Margaret should always speak of her with affection and gratitude. Mr. Van Torp sat down on the chair to which she had directed rather than invited him; and he prepared to be bored to the full extent of the bearable.

"I had the pleasure of knowing Mr. Rushmore," he said in the proper tone of mournfully retrospective admiration. "He was sincerely lamented by all our business men."

"He was," assented the widow, as she would have said amen in church, in the right place, and with much the same solemn intonation.

There was a moment's pause, during which the millionaire was trying to think of something else she might like to hear, for she was Margaret's friend, and he wished to make a good impression. He was therefore not prepared to hear her speak again before he did, and much less for the subject of conversation she introduced at once.

"You know our friend, Mons. Logotheti, I believe?" she inquired suddenly.

"Why, certainly," answered Van Torp, brightening at once at the mention of his rival, and at once also putting on his moral armor of caution. "I know him quite well."

"Indeed? Have you known many Greeks, may I ask?"

"I've met one or two in business, Mrs. Rushmore, but I can't say I've known any as well as Mr. Logotheti."

Margaret Gazed at Him in Surprise While She Might Have Counted Ten.

"You may think it strange that I should ask you about him at our first meeting," said the good lady, "but I'm an American, and I cannot help feeling that a fellow-countryman's opinion of a foreigner is very valuable. You are, I understand, an old friend of Miss Donne's, though I have not had the pleasure of meeting you before, and you have probably heard that she has made up her mind to marry Mons. Logotheti. I am bound to confess, as her dear mother's oldest friend, that I am very apprehensive of the consequences. I have the gravest apprehensions, Mr. Van Torp."

"Have you, really?" asked the millionaire, with caution, but sympathetically. "I wonder why!"

"A Greek!" said Mrs. Rushmore, sadly. "Think of a Greek!"

Mr. Van Torp, who was not without a sense of humor, was inclined to answer that, in fact, he was thinking of a Greek at that very moment. But he abstained.

"There are Greeks and Greeks, Mrs. Rushmore," he answered wisely.

"That is true," answered the lady, "but I should like your opinion, as one of our most prominent men of business—as one who, if I may say so, has of late triumphantly established his claim to respect." Mr. Van Torp bowed and waved his hand in acknowledgment of this high praise. "I should like your opinion about this—er—this Greek gentleman whom my young friend insists upon marrying."

"Really, Mrs. Rushmore—"

"Because if I thought there was unhappiness in store for her I would save her, if I had to marry the man myself!"

Mr. Van Torp wondered how she would accomplish such a feat.

"Indeed?" he said very gravely.

"I mean it," answered Mrs. Rushmore.

There was a moment's silence, during which Mr. Van Torp revolved something in his always active brain, while Mrs. Rushmore looked at him as if she expected that he would doubt her determination to drag Logotheti to the matrimonial altar and marry him by sheer strength, rather than let Margaret be his unhappy bride. But Mr. Van Torp said something quite different.

"May I speak quite frankly, though we hardly know each other?" he asked.

"We are both Americans," answered the good lady, with a grand national air. "I should not expect anything but perfect frankness of you."

"The truth is, Mrs. Rushmore, that ever since I had the pleasure of knowing Miss Donne, I have wanted to marry her myself."

"You!" cried the lady, surprised beyond measure, but greatly pleased.

"Yes," said Mr. Van Torp quietly, "and therefore, in my position, I can't give you an unbiased opinion about Mr. Logotheti. I really can't."

"Well," said Mrs. Rushmore, "I am surprised!"

While she was still surprised Mr. Van Torp tried to make some running, and asked an important question.

"May I ask whether, as Miss Donne's oldest friend, you would look favorably on my proposal, supposing she were free?"

Before Mrs. Rushmore could answer, the door opened suddenly, and she could only answer by an energetic nod and a look which meant that she wished Mr. Van Torp success with all her excellent heart.

"It's quite settled!" Margaret cried as she entered. "I've brought the director to his senses, and you are to have the rooms they were keeping for a Russian prince who has not turned up!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Turn Obstacles to Stepping Stones.

The block of granite which was an obstacle in the pathway of the weak, becomes a stepping stone in the pathway of the strong.—Thomas Carlyle.

Just There At Right Time

Luncher Saw Possibilities in Flavoring Cheese Sandwiches with "Hair Restorer."

Dr. W. A. Evans, health commissioner of Chicago, declares pasteurized milk to be an overrated article.

"They who expect," said Dr. Evans recently, "wonderful hygienic effects from pasteurized milk are bound to be disappointed.

"In the way of real, tangible results," Dr. Evans went on, "they will get little more than the Atlantic City excursionist would have got if—but listen to the story.

"A Philadelphia gentleman was very bald. Onion juice was recommended him as an infallible hair restorative. Accordingly, every morning, he split two onions and rubbed their juicy flesh very thoroughly over his nude white scalp. The odor was strong, but the gentleman, after a time, got used to it. Throughout his Atlantic City vacation he saw no reason to abandon his daily onion tonic.

"Well, one hot morning on the boardwalk, spying a vacant place beside an excursionist who was lunching out of a paper bag, the Philadelphia baldhead seated himself, unbuttoned his waistcoat, removed his hat, and exposed his head to the cool breezes and the sunshine.

"An overpowering odor of onions arose. The excursionist beside him pausing in his repast, frowned and sniffed. The gentleman fanned himself calmly. The other, sandwich in hand, kept on sniffing and frowning.

"Then, after a minute or two, the excursionist leaned over and said:

"'Excuse me, boss, but would ye mind if I rubbed this here cheese sandwich on yer head so as to give it a flavor of onions? I'm awful fond of onions.'"

The Fake Robbery Again.

It was a fishy looking story. The local agent of a New York corporation out in a Wisconsin town, handling its funds daily, reported a robbery. Two men had come into the office late at night, when he was at work on the books, and at the points of pistols he had yielded up $5,000 of the company's funds. Two days later the confidential traveling agent of the corporation dropped into the town and talked it over with the local man in a quiet way. "In five minutes," he told Tip, "I knew there had never been any robbery. How did I know? Instinct. The story he told was too sweet. There wasn't a flaw in it. It was like a framed-up alibi. You know the best alibi, until you can knock it out, is the one that is invented for the occasion."

Slow to Anger.

Hotel Keeper—"Has the American gentleman made any remarks about his bill yet?" Waiter—"Not yet. He is looking for some in his dictionary."—Pele Mele.

BUILT UP GREAT BUSINESS

Frederick Mayer Boot and Shoe Company a Monument to German Thrift and Industry.

That the key to real business success is often based on a sound principle, rather than money, is best illustrated by the reproduction of the following biographical sketch of Frederick Mayer, founder of the F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Company, reproduced from an issue of the German American National Alliance:

Frederick Mayer, founder of the factories at Milwaukee and Seattle now bearing his name, came to this country from Nierstein, Hessen Darmstadt, in May, 1851, and immediately proceeded to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he entered the employ of R. Suhm as a journeyman shoemaker.

The spirit that prompted him to seek his fortune in the new world was soon responsible for another change, and in 1852, a year later, he embarked in business on his own accord, making boots and shoes to order as only a German apprenticed artisan knows how. Subsequently a stock of goods was carried and a retail business conducted until 1880, when the manufacture of shoes was engaged in at wholesale to the trade.

In 1890 the business was well established, the foundation firmly laid and the policy well determined. From that time on the growth was more rapid. The capacity of the present Mayer factories at Milwaukee and Seattle is 9,000 pair per day, giving employment to an army of people, paying annually over six hundred thousand dollars in wages, and employing sixty-five salesmen who travel 24 states in the interest of Mayer shoes.

Frederick Mayer died on March 16, 1893, after building up a large and successful business. He is succeeded by his sons, George P. Mayer, Fred J. Mayer and Adam J. Mayer, who, by rigidly maintaining the policy of the founder, have succeeded in bringing the business up to its present magnitude, where it stands as a monument of German thrift and industry.

HER HEAVY WORK.

Applicant—Will I be expected to do all the heavy work, sir?

Mr. Jiggs—Oh, no. My wife always makes the biscuit!

To Spare His Neighbors.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, discussing in New York her book on the rearing of children, said:

"Children must be trained to be unselfish and tactful. Without this training the average child is as inconsiderate as a Dark Harbor fisherman the Maine folks tell about.

"This fisherman, walking along the road one day, saw a very ugly man sitting on a fence whittling a stick. He stopped and looked at the man for some time in disgusted silence. Then he said:

"'Well, you're ugly for fair.'

"'I can't help it, can I?' the ugly man asked, in a hurt tone.

"The fisherman thought a moment. Then he said, indignantly:

"'You could stay in the house, couldn't you?'"

A Literal Interpretation.

A traveler riding in a rather wild part of Scotland came to the edge of a morass.

Hailing a peasant lad who was not far away, he asked if the bog was hard at the bottom.

"Ay, quite hard," responded the youth.

So the traveler rode on, and presently his horse began to sink with alarming rapidity into the mire.

"You rascal!" he yelled to the grinning urchin. "You told me the bog was hard at the bottom."

"So it is," joyfully shouted the peasant, "but you're not there yet!"

Cupid's Cynicism.

"Is it so, that you used to call regularly on that girl?"

"Yes; she always sang a song to me that I loved."

"Why didn't you marry her?"

"I found I could buy the song for 50 cents."—The Circle.

Changed.

"He used to kiss me every time we passed through a tunnel before our marriage," said the little woman, with sad reflections.

"And does he do so now?" asked the bosom friend.

"No, he takes a drink."

Hamlins Wizard Oil will knock the spots off a sore throat. It's use makes tonsilitis, quinsy and diphtheria impossible. It is simply great for the relief of all pain, soreness and inflammation.

If you are ever beaten it will be by your own self. Nobody else can beat you.

Dr. Pierce's pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

The girl who accepts a man seldom takes him at his own valuation.

Habitual Constipation

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs & Elixir of Senna, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed, as the best of remedies when required are to assist nature, and not to supplant the natural functions, which must depend ultimately upon proper nourishment, proper efforts, and right living generally. To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine,

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SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS
ONE SIZE ONLY—REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

There is nothing so useful and educational as a typewriter for a Christmas gift. We sell them from $5 upward. Write for our new illustrated catalog, showing all makes, FREE on receipt of postage stamp.

Northwestern Typewriter Exchange,
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Are Doctors Any Good?

Foolish question! Yet some people act as if a medicine could take the place of a doctor! The best medicine in the world cannot do this. Have a family doctor, consult him frequently, trust him fully. If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds, we would not offer it to you. Ask your doctor. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Pills for constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, we would not offer them to you. Ask your own doctor about this.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN E. KING C. E. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

"Jake" has again found his voice, and he doesn't seem to care where the chips fall.

Mr. Pinchot has the satisfaction of feeling that if any firing must be done it is just as well to do it in the cold weather.

The anti-cannon cracker law went into affect last week in Nebraska. It's about time congress was giving the subject some attention, too.

A Kansas minister declares he just couldn't resist eloping with a sweet sixteen-year-old maiden, because she forced her attentions on him. At that no one heard him calling for the police.

If the president had to transmit his ideas as a long distance message it doubtless would be a much abbreviated affair. Either that, or at the rates charged in Minnesota the government would soon be bankrupt.

It will be hard to convince the average person that the state fair is not in politics. It will be a fortunate day for the fair and for the people when the political grafter and the office seeker are eliminated from its councils, and if they are not we may expect a gradual, but sure decline in the fair's popularity.

The Chicago News says that why so many worthy women love worthless men is a mystery. Perhaps it is for the same reason that worthy women stoop to bind up the wounds of a dog that has been injured, but there are also worthy men who are loving and caring for worthless women, although the proportion is not so large, for the simple reason that there are not so many worthless women as there are men.

Congressman Adair of Indiana made a speech in the House Tuesday, criticising in no uncertain terms the extravagance at the White House, and says that "with practically no expense, the president who would not save from an income of $50,000 a year a sufficient sum to live on at ease the balance of his life, in his judgement has not sufficient business capacity to direct the affairs of a great nation."

The total public benefactions in the United States during the last twelve months amounted to $141,250,000, an amount $40,000,000 greater than any previous year in the history of the country. The amount this year was more than twice as much as that given away last year. The principal benefactors in 1908 have been the late John S. Kennedy of New York, who gave away $26,500,500; John D. Rockefeller, $12,825,000, and Andrew Carnegie, whose donations amounted to $6,056,511.

Congressman Steenerson seems to be an insurgent on every occasion—except the occasions when his vote would be effective. Although an avowed insurgent, he voted for Cannon, and the other day on the first test of strength between Cannon and the insurgents he voted for Cannon. True, he voted against the Aldrich bill, but the chances are he knew his support was not needed, and something had to be done to pacify the folks at home. Mr. Steenerson's milk and water insurgency isn't the kind the Ninth district wants.

At a southern banquet recently, Mr. Bryan made the following very philosophical remarks:

"I tell people I never expect to be or never hope to be a candidate for president again. One reason for not wanting to be that Mr. Roosevelt took some of my policies and Mr. Taft is taking others. If I ran again they would raise the "third-term" cry on me, saying I had served two terms already. And why should a man have all the worry and all the annoyance of being president when he can get men to do the work for him, left free as I am to go around to meet friends on occasions of this kind and really enjoy life?"

The sightless eyes of Senator Gore of Oklahoma see further than the full-orbed vision of all the Cannon cohorts. In a recent speech at Danville, Ill., the home of Joe Cannon, he said:

"The tariff enables one man to get without earning what another man earns without getting. It ennobles the jeweled hand of greed to pick the threadbare pockets of the needy."

The time is not far distant when free trade will be openly and fearlessly pronounced as the salvation of the republic. Every day of Cannonism tolls the knell of high protection.

According to the calendar for 1910, Lent begins early in the new year. Ash Wednesday comes on February 9, which ushers in the dull period, and Easter falls on March 29, so it will be almost too cold for Easter bonnets. Washington's birthday will come on Thursday this year, so that all youngsters will be assured a vacation from school. Memorial day in 1910 falls on Monday, as does July 4th. And Labor day, always on Monday, will be September 5th. Thanksgiving always on Thursday, will be November 24th and Christmas the last and best will be on Sunday in 1910.

FARM LOANS We want your farm loans. We offer you the very lowest rates of interest with privilage payments.

CHECK ACCOUNT Open an account with this bank and pay by check, we furnish you checks free. The returned checks are your receipts for every bill you pay. No matter how small your account may be, we appreciate your business.

COURTESY We are always ready to help and do all in our power, consistent with safe and conservative banking, to further the interest and credit of our customers.

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RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

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Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

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If anybody supposed that one defeat was going to cause a man with Jake Jacobson's square jaw and defiant eye to go 'way back and sit down they were mistaken, says the Hutchinson Leader. He is coming to the front now as the leader of the temperance forces in the Republican party and if there isn't in the next platform of that party a county option plank strong enough to bear the weight of public sentiment the big man from Lac qui Parle will know the reason why. The liquor interests, which were backing him in the last campaign will be bucking him in the next convention. Jacobson's inborn predilections are for prohibition and now that he is not out for office he is out for the satisfaction of airing his honest convictions.

Twenty years ago H. W. Grady of the Atlanta Constitution said he attended the funeral of a friend in Georgia. He traveled in cars built at Chicago and on a railroad the rails of which were made in Pittsburg. He rode in a carriage built in Wisconsin, behind horses raised in Illinois. The sexton dug with Buffalo shovels thru three feet of choice marble to make the grave, yet the marble slab erected thereon was made and engraved in Vermont. The coffin was made in Cincinnati of northern pine yet there were pine forests within a hundred feet of the grave. The coffin nails were made in Philadelphia, the shirt that covered the body of his friend was made in New York, his coat in Chicago, shoes in Boston. Georgia furnished nothing for the funeral but the corpse and the hole in the ground.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Cass Lake Times: An old gentleman who exercised his brain to untie political knots more than half a century ago remarked to us the other day that since the republic was organized that there is no longer any party cohesion; both political oranizations are but machines kept in commission for the sake of plunder, either fears the other for when pushed to the limit they combine to keep the party in power in control of the machinery that serves their purpose. No patriot can ally himself with either of the old parties because of their crimes and there are thousands of voters in every state of the Union who refuse to drag their good name in the filth of modern politics and remain at home on election day.

Montevideo Leader: It may be Eberhart or Jacobson or Dunn or some other in the convention and it may be neither in the election. A Republican nomination to the governorship has not been equivalent to an election for a number of years.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: It should be enough for the common people of the state that Governor Eberhart has all of the remnants of the old Republican machine against him. It was this same machine that gave us Governor Johnson and if it can give us another governor half so good no matter what his political affiliation it will be a record that any machine might well retire on.

Foley Independent: Shades of Abraham Lincoln! Does President Taft think that he will have so many strings to his bow three years hence that he can afford to alienate Wisconsin by depriving Senator LaFollette of all consideration in the matter of patronage for the benefit of a self-confessed briber such as is Senator Stephenson.

Walker Pilot: Some of the state Democrats aver that one John Lind could whip the best Republican put up for gubernatorial honors with one hand.

Fairmont Sentinal: Outside of the papers owned or edited by federal officials we cannot call to mind a thick and thin partisan newspaper in all Minnesota.

Detroit Record: "I-told-you-so's" are now out in force knocking Dr. Fredrick A. Cook and his fake discovery of the frozen circle erroneously called the North Pole. Ah, well, Dr. Cook has only followed in the footsteps of other famous men in discovering the fickleness of public popularity a la Admiral Dewey and others.

Madison Independent Press: Taft wants the Sherman law amended. That law was on the statute books a great many years before anybody discovered that it really meant anything. Now that the halter begins to draw, those fellows who have their necks in the loop are beginning to squeal like the porkers that they are and an amendment is asked. The chances are that any amendment might so change the law as to allow the men for whom it was intended to make a safe getaway; therefore it may be best to let the law stand as it is.

Breckenridge Gazette: Good morning, have you heard the latest? It is stated on good authority that Governor Eberhart is at work rearranging the schedule of Halley's commet, and that hereafter its appearance will be annual and will mark the opening of the Minnesota state fair. Great is the power of a "pull."

Scott's Emulsion

is a wonderful food-medicine for all ages of mankind. It will make the delicate, sickly baby strong and well—will give the pale, anemic girl rosy cheeks and rich, red blood. It will put flesh on the bones of the tired, overworked, thin man, and will keep the aged man or woman in condition to resist colds or pneumonia in the winter.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Duty is a saddle that wears sores on one's back.

A man thinks he can control others when he can't control himself.

The less a man understands girls the more they make him think he does.

It's better to have a foolish belief that comforts you than to have a wise one that pains you.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: You can't get fat on a chafing dish diet.

He who drifts with the tide is apt to go broke on the rocks.

Of course a guilty man never gets a fair trial—from his viewpoint.

Love makes a woman believe a lot of things that she knows are not true.

A man boasts of his past and the woman is proud if she hasn't any at all.

Don't be afraid to take a day off occasionally. It is necessary for good work.

Many a coming man fails to arrive because he got cold feet shortly after starting.

And woman might have had her rights long ago had she understood the manly art of grafting.

When a man is sick he expects the rest of the family to drop everything and listen to his grunts.

Somehow a girl doesn't imagine she is happy unless her love for some man is strong enough to make her miserable.

BEMIDJI MAN FOR GOVERNOR

[Special Correspondance to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued from page1.

the abstracts of the bill and so amalgamated with it in the dispatches sent to the daily press as to make them appear a part of it are a series of sugar coated explanations well calculated to hypnotise people and to impress upon them the idea that ships can be paid large subsidies out of the national treasury without cost to the people. While that is the view impressed on the taxpayers the shipping trust itself is under no such delusions. This campaign has been on for years. It has been an expensive one. No one however realizes better than the trust managers that the prize is worth the price, and that the passage of the bill means to them the right to levy an annual tribute of millions to be collected from the tax payers of the nation by far the greater proportion of whom a ship subsidy cannot benefit in any conceivable way.

Senatorial Insurgents and Others.

It is understood that Senator Clapp while in Minnesota has recently assumed a pose antagonistic to a ship subsidy. He may get away with it as he got away with his pose of insurgency. These sudden conversions in view of a contested election are not uncommon and long ago Senator Clapp saw the cloud not bigger than a man's hand which is now darkening the horizon. Out of this emerged the form of Frank Kellogg in whom Senator Clapp recognizes already an opponent of whom he has good reasons to beware. For while Kellogg publicly disclaims an active candidacy it is well known that for months his friends have been laying wires which it is hoped may ultimately land him in an easy chair in the United States senate. Senator Clapp sees the danger; hence his loud professions of devotion to popular measures.

A Poor Choice.

The people of this state may have to choose between Kellogg and Clapp. As between them it is however a battle of the trusts. Corporate interests were responsible for Clapp's elevation in the first place. He had their backing. To it he owed his strength. Between him and them there has always been mutual understanding. It is only a short time ago that Senator LaFollette brought Senator Clapp face to face before Minnesota audiences with his corporation record and produced from public documents the proof of his service. Mr. Kellogg's professional corporation affiliations are well known. There is no need to enlarge on the fact that for years he has been attorney of the steel trust and the confidential adviser of the railroads in their protest against government operation and authority. If on the one hand Clapp now is able to play his insurgency to increase his popularity on the other Kellogg bears upon his shield the record of the greatest victory ever attained against the greatest the most oppressive and the most obnoxious of corporate malefactors. It's a sorry choice— a gamble so far as the people are concerned either way when a selection has to be made between men of such antecedents. May we not indulge the hope that in the battle of conflicting interests the people may find the way out in the selection of a representative man of high character who has a clear record and who acknowledges no ulterior allegiance which will operate to prevent faithful and disinterested service.

Plain Profession.

When Governor Eberhart entered upon the discharge of the duties of the office to which life's uncertainties unexpectedly elected him, he was loud in profession of an unalterable design to carry out the policies of his distinguished predecessor. Within the past few weeks the sincerity of these professions of disinterested service have been put to test. How hollow they were the event has shown. By the lapse of terms of offices and otherwise a number of positions have become vacant. In no cases has a single one of them been filled as Governor Johnson would have filled them. At the head of the game and fish commission was a personal friend of Governor Johnson, a man who was distinguished by his confidence and who justified that confidence by a zeal for the public service rare enough in public men and by conducting his department with a view single to the duties he was called upon to discarge. He was ruthlessly turned out by Eberhart and his place filled by the appointment of a gentleman who, however worthy he may be otherwise he recommended himself to the governor because he could be made useful as part of the administration's political machine. When a secretary had to be appointed to a visiting board professedly non political the governor's choice was the son-in-law of perhaps Governor Johnson's bitterest political opponent in the state—himself unfriendly to the governor and the publicity agent of those who sought to compass his defeat. It was the same way on other boards. Governor Johnson's friends in every case were marked men. Their successors were selected from Republicans who are a part of the Republican oranization of which Governor Eberhart hopes to continue to redeem the pledge solemnly and voluntarily made to carry out Governor Johnson's policies.

A Short Story.

I think I have room for another paragraph this time on a different subject. It has to do with the regard in which President Tatf is held by the average man. We have among the theaters here one attended principally by men only. They go there because it's free and easy. They don't have to dress up and they can sit and smoke if they feel so inclined. Then there is an occasional wrestling bout or a sparring match. I haven't any doubt that its audience is better representative of the average voter than that of either the Metropolitan, the Grand or the Orpheum. The other night pictures of representative men were flashed on the curtain. First there was Grant. It was greeted with a salvo of applause. Next came Lincoln. The applause grew. Then came Roosevelt. The cheering was still more enthusiastic. Then Johnson's picture was flashed; the audience turned itself loose. Last of all came Taft; silence and back in the corners a hiss.

—PAUL PRY.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven and 60-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter J. Huseby and Lena Huseby, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche-Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank), of Uithuizen, The Netherlands, Mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of September, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of October, 1906, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book "Q" of Mortgages, on page 375; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southwest quarter(sw¼) of section twenty-seven(27), in township one hundred fifty-one(151) north of range forty-two(42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $327.60 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910.

DE-NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEK-BANK
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

j13-f17

Notice.

Sealed bids will be received on Jan. 25, 1910, by the Red Lake Falls Creamery association for the contract of cutting and packing ice. For further particulars see Frank Grenier, Manager. Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids.—Noel Delerme, Secretary.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

It is a generally recognized fact that medicines taken from the botanical kingdom are better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way, than those composed of strong mineral mixtures.

In the early settlement of this land, our forefathers were obliged to procure their medicines from Nature's great laboratories of forest and field. They searched out and compounded the different vegetable materials into teas, concoctions and medicines. That these pioneers found the most potent and valuable of the roots, herbs and barks placed at their disposal, is abundantly proven by the fact that the great majority of them were blessed with rugged health. They cured their diseases and were enabled to do the great preliminary work of civilization because the remedies they used were Nature's remedies, and specially adapted to the needs of humanity.

Among the very best of these vegetable preparations is S. S. S., a medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and barks in such combination as to make it the greatest of all blood purifiers and the finest of all tonics. S. S. S. does not contain the least particle of mineral in any form, and is absolutely a safe medicine for any one to use.

CHEMIST FOUND S.S.S. FREE FROM MINERALS.

A few years ago I was taken with Inflammatory Rheumatism. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S.S.S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free from potash or mercury. I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism, though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

MRS. ELEANOR E. JONES.
25 Cliff St., Roxbury, Mass.

While purifying the blood this great vegetable remedy builds up and strengthens every portion of the system. S.S.S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Malaria, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, hereditary taints, and all other diseases and disorders caused by impure or polluted blood.

As a tonic S. S. S. is unequalled. It invigorates every portion of the system, and the healthy blood it creates largely assists in overcoming any derangement of the digestive system. If you are suffering from any blood trouble, or need a tonic to build up your constitution, you could not do better than to take S. S. S., a medicine that is in no degree harmful. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

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"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

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A PURE FLOUR

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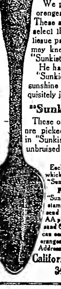
Absolutely Pure



Best of All Our Oranges and Lemons Are "Sunkist"

SUNKIST ORANGES

We pick, pack and ship over 20,000 cars of California oranges and lemons each season from our 5,000 groves. These are of varying grades. From all this vast quantity we select the finest—the superior grades—which we wrap in tissue paper bearing the famous "Sunkist" label so that you may know them as the choicest fruit. So be sure to get "Sunkist" oranges and lemons at your dealer's.

He has a fresh supply today.

"Sunkist" oranges ripen on the tree. The warm California sunshine gives a tender, sweet pulp, matured and made exquisitely juicy by Nature.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

These oranges are distinct, full-flavor, thin-skinned. They are picked by gloved-hands; thoroughly cleansed; wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper; packed carefully to insure firm, unbruised fruit.

How to Tell "Sunkist"

Each "Sunkist" orange and lemon is wrapped in tissue paper upon which is printed the "Sunkist" label. Lemons or oranges without "Sunkist" wrappers are not "Sunkist" brand.

Free—Rogers' Orange Spoons—Send us 12 "Sunkist" orange or lemon wrappers and 2 two-cent stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send free, a Wm. Rogers & Son full standard, AA plate orange spoon. For each additional spoon send 6 two-cent stamps and 12 wrappers. You can easily have a full set. Get a dozen "Sunkist" oranges or lemons and send for your first spoon.

Address

California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

SUNKIST LEMONS

HOWELL PLANER AND MATCHER

You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.

You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by

We Also Have Second-Hand Machinery. Established 1878

R. R. HOWELL & CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

It isn't so difficult to strengthen a weak stomach if one goes at it correctly. And this is true of the Heart and Kidneys. The old fashioned way of dosing the stomach or stimulating the Heart or Kidneys is surely wrong! Dr. Shoop first pointed out this error. "Go to the weak or ailing nerves of these organs," said he. Each inside organ has its controlling or "inside nerve." When these nerves fail them then those organs must surely falter. This vital truth is leading druggists everywhere to dispense and recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. A few days test will surely tell! Sold by all dealers.

A clergyman writes: Preventics those little Candy Cold Cure Tablets are working wonders in my parish. Preventics surely will check a cold or the Grippe, in a very few hours. And Preventics are so safe and harmless. No quinine, nothing harsh nor sickening. Fine for feverish restless. Box of 48 at 25c. Sold by all dealers.

Read the pain formula on a box of Pink Pain Tablets. Then ask your doctor if there is a better one. Pain means congestion—blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one, and see! 20 for 25c. Sold by all dealers.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

State of Minnesota County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Carl Oscar Burman Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to L. Burman, Mrs. A. Given, J. O. Burman, J. F. Burman, A. S. Burman, E. N. Burman, A. M. Burman, E. E. M. Burman, S. E. Burman, W. E. Burman, Mrs. Carl O. Burman and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent. The petition of Axel Sigfrid Burman having been filed in this court, representing that Carl Oscar Burman then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the [illegible] day of May, 1909, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to H. P. Lund of Lila, Minn. and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition: therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of January 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court this 28th day of December, 1909.

(COURT SEAL) S. A. SWANSON, Probate Judge.

Order to Examine Accounts, Etc.

State of Minnesota } ss. In Probate Court,
County of Red Lake } Special Term December 30th, 1909.

In the Matter of the Estate of G. A. Kankel Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John A. Duffy and Fred J. Hopkins, administrators of the estate of G. A. Kankel, deceased, representing among other things that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the account of their administration and for assignment of the residue of said estate to the persons entitled thereto by law.

It is Ordered, that said account be examined, and petition and application for the allowance of said [illegible] paid by them and not yet [illegible] according to law, be heard by this Court on Saturday the 29th day of January A. D. 1910, at Ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County.

And it is further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 30th day of December, 1909.

(Probate Court Seal) By the Court. S. A. SWANSON, Judge of Probate.

F. A. GRADY, Attorney for Administrators, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months and for Hearing Thereon.

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake, In Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Astred Hemme Hegland Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to [illegible] B. Hegland and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent.

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against her estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the [illegible] day of April 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 7th, 1910.

(SEAL) S. A. SWANSON, Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of [illegible] which became due September 30th 1909, [illegible] which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by M. O. Sortedahl and Hilda Sortedahl, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch Amerikaansche Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank of Utrecht, the Netherlands) mortgagee bearing date the 30th day of September, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September, 1905, at 4 o'clock P. M. in Book 11 of Mortgages, on page 13.

And whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage, and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand seventy eight and 55-100 dollars ($1078.55) and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section twenty [illegible] in township one hundred fifty [illegible] north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1078.55 and interest, and taxes if any on said premises, and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 10, 1910, A. D.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
(The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank) Mortgagee.
Chas. F. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One Thousand Seventy five and 90-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Laura Eickhof and Wm. Eickhof, her husband, Mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche Hypotheekbank (The Nederlands American Mortgage Bank), Mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of October 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of October, 1905, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 11 of Mortgages on page [illegible], and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section thirty one (31) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1075.90 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 13th 1910.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank, Mortgagee.
Chas. F. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Subscribe for The Gazette.

Coughs that are tight, or tickling get quick and certain help from Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. On this account druggists everywhere are favoring Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. The tender leaves of a harmless lung healing mountainous shrub give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its curative properties. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing Cough, and to soothe, and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Mothers should for safety's sake, always demand Dr. Shoop's. It can with perfect freedom be given to even the youngest babe. Test it yourself and see! Sold by all dealers.

HIS CONVERSION.

A Man Who Did Not Believe In Woman's Standard of Honor.

By KINGSBURY WELCH.

[Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.]

"Girls," said Miss Spencer at afternoon tea, "what do you suppose I've heard about Harrington? He has openly avowed himself a woman hater. Let's cut him."

"Let's," said Miss Hunter.

"Let's," said every girl in the room but one.

"Are you sure you'll all keep to the agreement?" asked Miss Emerson incredulously.

"What do you take us for?" said Miss Hunter. "You're as bad as Harrington."

"Well, I'll agree," drawled Miss Emerson, "but I don't want any shirking."

"All who agree," said Miss Spencer, "hold up a hand."

Every girl except one held up a lily white hand, with some sort of bangle or bracelet dangling at the wrist. The exception was Miss Emerson.

"Aren't you with us, Emmy?"

"No."

"Why not?"

"I don't believe in judging any one unheard, and I don't believe in conspiracies."

"Very well; do as you please."

That Miss Spencer was determined to keep faith in the matter is proved by the fact that she did not wait for an accidental meeting with the tabooed man. She brought about one the next day. Harrington was accustomed to walk past her home every morning on his way to his office. She had often stood at a front window purposely to get a bow from him, but after the first he did not deign to see her there. On the morning after he had been boycotted Miss Spencer went out on the street a short time before his accustomed passing, met him face to face and cut him dead.

HE WAS OBLIGED TO CATCH HER TO PREVENT HER FALLING.

The next morning Harrington walked by the house as indifferently as before. Miss Spencer was watching for him from behind a curtain. For three successive mornings she was at her post and saw the same indifference. Then she wrote a note to Mr. Harrington telling him that she had declined to speak to him because she had heard something about him to his discredit. If he would call on her she would tell him; she didn't wish to do him an injustice.

Harrington called the same evening. Miss Spencer wore her most becoming costume. She was a pretty girl and had never looked prettier. There was no convenient place for him to sit except near her on the sofa. She told him that some one had maligned him; had said he hated women. He replied that he was not in a position to deny the charge, for he had made such a remark a number of times.

"But you didn't mean it," she said. "Don't say you did, for I know you are a gentleman, and none such would attack the weaker sex."

Harrington saw a pair of beautiful blue eyes looking into his. He felt complimented, and he felt drawn toward Miss Spencer.

"The reason why I condemn women," he said, "is because of their standard of honor, which is far beneath that in vogue among men. But I am open to conviction. If within three months you are able to convince me that women are as honorable as men I will renounce my opposition. Meanwhile I shall see you frequently, and we will go out together."

"Agreed," said Miss Spencer.

Harrington kept his word. He called often and invited her to go out with him. She declined his invitations for places of amusement for fear she would be seen by some of the girls with whom she had made the compact. She knew very well what she would say to them when the time came to say it, but the time had not come.

One day Harrington was about to get off a trolley car. A young lady on the platform blocked his way. She was about to step down into the street when Harrington put a hand on her shoulder and held her back. A second later an automobile driven by a drunken chauffeur grazed the trolley car. Had the girl stepped off, as she intended, she would have surely been killed. The auto having passed, Harrington escorted her to the sidewalk. She seemed quite unconcerned till she reached it, then was all of a tremor. He was obliged to catch her to prevent her falling.

Harrington called a carriage and took her home. Before his departure from her house she had quite recovered and asked him for his address that she might send him some more formal acknowledgment of the obligation than verbal thanks. He gave her his card, at which she stared, stammered something, then bade him good day. She sent him a token of her gratitude—a dozen exquisite handkerchiefs with his initials embroidered in the corner by her own hands.

At the time [illegible] episode [illegible] allotted for his conversion under Miss Spencer's influence and had quite lost his antipathy for women. Indeed, he was beginning to feel that with her for a helpmeet life would assume a rosier hue. He had about made up his mind to tell her so when the trolley car incident occurred. But suddenly Miss Spencer noticed that he was becoming indifferent to her.

The truth is that, being on excellent terms with two women, he was enabled to contrast the one with the other. His trolley car lady appeared friendly, but otherwise indifferent. This revealed to him the fact that Miss Spencer was trying to catch him. The latter redoubled her efforts, but this only tended to make them more apparent and rendered him more appreciative of the girl whom it piqued him to believe felt for him only a natural gratitude for having been the accidental cause of saving her life.

And so it happened that the man who had given a woman an opportunity to prove to him that woman's standard of honor was equal to that of man found himself in an equivocal position. He had gone so far with Miss Spencer that he doubted if he were not in honor bound to go further. At any rate, he shrank from what he considered a backing out. When the end of the three months he had given Miss Spencer to convert him came round she had made the conversion, but he had fallen in love with another girl.

Harrington decided to make a clean breast of it to the girl he loved. He told her that he loved her, but before meeting her had become entangled with another girl. Then he confided to her his affair with Miss Spencer. His confidante manifested no surprise. Indeed, she seemed to be cognizant of the whole affair. But she astonished Mr. Harrington by telling him that she could not accept a proposition from him because such a course would place her in an unfortunate position. When he asked her what that position was she declined to inform him on the ground that she could not honorably do so.

Mr. Harrington was astonished. That a woman should decline an offer of marriage on the ground that it would place her in a false position and decline to give that position through motives of honor opened up to him a new thing in the world of morals. He had not been insensible to woman's charms, which he had considered marred by their want of a high sense of honor. Here was a woman with charms and scrupulously honorable. He begged her to put him in the way to get the desired information from another, but she said that such a course would be only a subterfuge and no more honorable than telling him herself.

Nevertheless the information came. Miss Spencer was met one day by Miss Hunter walking with Mr. Harrington, and, looking up at him in the fashion of a woman who means to be seductive, Miss Hunter at once invited the members of the cabal to meet at her house the next day at afternoon tea. Miss Emerson, having declined to cut the victim, was not notified. When they were assembled the hostess announced the perfidy of Miss Spencer.

Great was the indignation of the "signatory powers." Miss Wadsworth declared that Mr. Harrington should be saved from the wiles of such a girl, and after much deliberation it was decided to send him an anonymous note stating that for the protection of the sex certain girls had decided to cut him, Miss Spencer having made the proposition. The decision had been unanimous except for one girl. The note having been mailed and tea having been drunk, the girls separated.

When Harrington received the note he took it at once to Miss Spencer, telling her his opinion of women who could write such a note. Miss Spencer showed unmistakable signs of guilt and finally in tears confessed her part in the matter.

"Will you inform me," asked Harrington, "who was the girl who declined to enter upon this conspiracy?"

"Irene Emerson," sobbed the culprit.

"Irene Emerson!"

"Yes. Do you know her?"

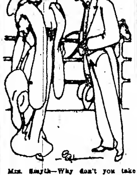
"I didn't when this boycott was decided on. I had never seen her. Since then it has been my good fortune to have been the accidental cause of her avoiding a serious accident, and in that way I made her acquaintance. I have been converted to the fact that a standard of honor may be lived up to by persons irrespective of sex, but I regret to have to tell you that my conversion has not come through you, but the girl who, though she had never seen me, declined to join the conspiracy that you instituted. I beg to bid you good day."

Mr. Harrington called on Miss Emerson as soon as he could reach her after leaving Miss Spencer.

"The secret you were too honorable to betray," he said, "has been revealed to me. I have come to thank you for the noble part you have played and for re-establishing in me that reverence for women which all true women deserve."

There are men friends of Harrington—crusty old bachelors—who are mean enough to insinuate that Miss Emerson played a deep game.

A Dangerous Place.



Mrs. Smyth—Why don't you take your wife to the horse show? It doesn't cost much.

Mr. Swift—Doesn't it? The last time I took her there she picked out the swellest gown she could find and made me buy her one just like it.

ST. HILAIRE.

From the Spectator—

The Misses Fletcher, Brady, Lundquist and Anderson arrived from Red Lake Falls Friday to spend the day at the home of H. C. Hanson and family.

Ben Hoff came down from Middle River Friday to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hoff. He expects to return in a few days to his home at Adams, N. D.

C W. Hooper, proprietor of the St. Hilaire Telephone exchange, reports that the work of extending the line from this village into the township of Bray is progressing satisfactorily. Poles were set for a distance of five miles last week, and the work of stretching the wires will soon begin.

The alarming increase in the number of Democrats in St. Hilaire is becoming a matter of grave concern to all disciples of good government. The fourth of a series which can some day exercise their elective franchise arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Buese, Tuesday morning. He is a lusty youngster and bears every evidence that he will be on deck 21 years from now to vote for the Hon. William Jennings Bryan on a 16 to-1, anti-imperialism, anti-booze, free trade, and three-star-Hennesey platform.

In Birdland.

"That's an ugly lump you have on your neck!"

"What can you expect with all these wireless messages flying around!"

Subscribe for THE GAZETTE.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Edouard Lacoursiere:
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Edouard Lacoursiere, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Sophia Lacoursiere, Lane Lagnasse, Gaudias Lacoursiere, Octave Lacoursiere, Mary Benoit, Eugene Lacoursiere, Emil Lacoursiere, Alvina Lizotte, Arthur Lizotte, Exzillis Roy and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: THEREFORE YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of February, 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 10th day of January, 1910.

(COURT SEAL) S. A. Swanson, Probate Judge.
j13-27

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

Stop That Cold

To check early colds or Grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the sneeze stage—they break, or head off these early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics.

Preventics are little Candy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child, if there is feverishness, night or day. Herein probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in 5c boxes for the pocket, also in 25c boxes of 48 Preventics. Insist on your druggists giving you

Preventics

"ALL DEALERS"

SHIP YOUR HIDES FURS etc.

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Deal direct with the largest and oldest house in the West. Highest prices and immediate cash returns. Write for price list, tags and full information.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

WYLIE.

The board of directors of the Wylie Farmers Elevator Co., meets Saturday.

Thor. Ness, the old bachelor who lives near here, was taken to the asylum at Fergus Falls last week.

Mike Ault, the Bray rancher, was a caller in our burg Monday.

Mrs. T. P. Smidsnng, Richard and Emil Gother left for Milwaukee, Wis., where they will visit friends and relatives.

Jim Dreelun was a caller at St Hilaire Saturday.

Miss Lizzie Powers made a short visit at Crookston last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Millur left for Lake Preston, S. Dak., to visit their old home.

P. A. Eckstrom and Felix Anderson were at Red Lake Falls Saturday.

Miss Annie Landman went to Grand Forks last week.

A quite a lot of our young people are going to take in the dance at St. Hilaire Saturday evening.

Thief River Falls.

From the News and Press—

Misses Irene and Burnetta Schusser, of Red Lake Falls, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roark.

A. M. Arpin leaves today for the Grygla country where he will spend the next few weeks looking over the 200 mile ditch which is soon to be let. Mr. Arpin has had a house constructed upon a sleigh in which he will live while in that country.

D. P. O'Neill leaves Sunday evening for St. Paul to attend the annual meeting of the state fair association. He will represent the Red Lake County Agricultural Society which has three votes. The meeting is going to be a warm one, as there is a big contest on for president of the association.

George Diebel came over from Milton, N. D., the first of the week and will remain here for a few days looking after his business interests. In a short time the Pioneer Sash & Door company, of which Mr. Diebel owns a majority of the stock, will be reorganized and started up.

The old fashioned way of dosing a weak stomach, or stimulating the Heart or Kidneys is all wrong. Dr. Shoop first pointed out this error. This is why his prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is directed entirely to the cause of these ailments—the weak inside or controlling nerves. It isn't so difficult, says Dr. Shoop, to strengthen a weak Stomach, Heart or Kidneys, if one goes at it correctly. Each inside organ has its controlling or inside nerve. When these nerves fail, then those organs must surely falter. These vital truths are leading druggists everywhere to dispense and recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Test it a few days, and see! Improvement will promptly and surely follow. Sold by all dealers.

WE BUY RAW FURS

FUR SHIPPERS WE WILL MAKE IT PROFITABLE TO YOU to send your shipments to us.

We Want 100,000 Muskrats 75,000 Skunk 70,000 Mink 50,000 Raccoon 50,000 Fox, Lynx and Otter.

We Guarantee Our Prices

We are an old (established 1872) and RELIABLE House in this the Biggest and BEST MARKET on this continent. Our prices are the highest—Quick Remittance. Ship any size or small—money talks, we will show you.

We Do Not Charge Any Commission.

FREE Write for our Fur Price List, also List of Traps and Trappers' Supplies, Tags, etc. Also learn how you can get, absolutely FREE, any one of our Five Handsomely Bound Trappers' Guides.

M. SUMMERFIELD & CO

BOX St. Louis Mo

Tickling, tight Coughs, can be surely and quickly loosened with a prescription druggists are dispensing everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And it is so very, very different than common cough medicines. No opium, no chloroform, absolutely nothing harsh or unsafe. The tender leaves of a harmless, lung healing mountainous shrub, gives the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing Cough and to soothe and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Mothers should, for safety's sake alone, always demand Dr. Shoop's. It can with perfect freedom be given to even the youngest babes. Test it yourself and see! Sold by all dealers.

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

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is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HIDES

10 to 25% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. [illegible] prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Hide List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the largest and most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 150 leading [illegible]. ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

NICK DREES

WELL DIGGER

Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.

Work Promptly Attended to

Leave orders at Gazette office

Ditch Work to Sublet

We have the contract for the big Kratka-Mayfield ditch and will sublet some good team work by the station at a paying figure. Call or write. Lillo Bros.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Grashong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 14

TURKEYS WANTED

ALSO DUCKS, CHICKENS, BUTTER, EGGS AND VEAL.

Highest market price paid. No commission charged.

AT POWERS Witt's Meat Market

1st Ave. S. and 5th St., MINNEAPOLIS.

Served as coffee, the new coffee substitute known to grocers everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee, will trick even a coffee expert. Not a grain of real coffee in it either. Pure healthful toasted grains, malt, nuts, etc., have been so cleverly blended as to give a wonderfully satisfying coffee taste and flavor. And it is "made in a minute," too. No tedious 20 to 30 minutes boiling. All grocers.

OLD RELIABLE HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co.

66 Jefferson Avenue,

DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
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Physician and Surgeon
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Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Preventics, the new Candy Cold Cure Tablets, are said by druggists to have four special specific advantages over all other remedies for a cold. First—They contain no Quinine, nothing harsh or sickening. Second—They give almost instant relief. Third—Pleasant to the taste, like candy. Fourth—A large box—48 Preventics—at 25 cents. Also fine for feverish children. Sold by all dealers.

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OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday [illegible] in M. W. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., [illegible] Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. [illegible], meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome. Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Gredy, V. G., F. A. Mizco, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hanson, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. [illegible], Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass [illegible] Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. [illegible] pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass [illegible] at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. [illegible] pastor.

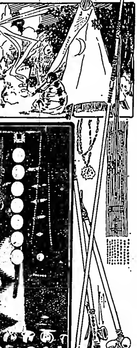
DEFECTIVE PAGE

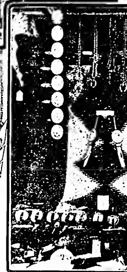
The First Navajo Indian Fair

The Red Man's Love of Contest in the White Man's Game

by Frank Staplin

NAVAJO WEAVER MAKING BLANKET





THE NAVAJO BLANKET WHICH TOOK FIRST PRIZE

A CORNER OF THE EXHIBITION HALL

PARTIAL LIST EXHIBITS.

Exhibit	Number
General Exhibits	290
Corn Exhibits	185
Wheat Exhibits	73
Oats Exhibits	47
Melon Exhibits	90
Squash Exhibits	72
Pumpkin Exhibits	31
Potato Exhibits	30
Alfalfa Exhibits	24
Alfalfa Seed Exhibits	5
Bean Exhibits	203
Teams of Work Horses	60
Saddle Horses	45
Pretty Babies	60
Native Blankets	230
Germantown Blankets	25

AN EVENT of so much importance that in the future it may be looked back upon as a milestone marking the beginning of a new era in the progress of the southwest was the first Navajo fair, which was held at Shiprock Agency, New Mexico, recently.

At Shiprock the past six years has been a period of preparation, a struggle for a position of advantage from which the ignorance and superstition of a barbarous people might be attacked and the influences which have fettered them might be obliterated, so that, freed from its bondage, the Navajo race might take its place among the useful and beneficial elements of the nation, contributing its share toward the industry and enjoying its proportion of the advantages embraced in the common stock.

How successful this preparation for and beginning of their civilization has been is soon apparent to the observer who visits Shiprock, becomes acquainted with the superintendent and his assistants and realizes what they are achieving.

How important the civilization of the Navajo is to that section of the country is also apparent when it is considered that there are some 30,000 of them scattered over a reservation in New Mexico, Arizona and Utah, which contains a larger area than all the New England states and includes thousands of acres of fine agricultural, mineral and timber lands, and is almost completely underlaid with coal. The increase of their productiveness means an increase in the output of the southwest. Their education and permanent settlement upon small homesteads will leave a large surplus of land to be sold to white settlers. Thus the work being carried on at Shiprock has many points which commend it to the people who are interested in the development of that section.

The holding of a fair this fall was not decided upon until about two weeks before it was held, and when the decision was reached it was so late in the season that it was necessary to arrange for it at once, thus less than two weeks' notice was given the Navajos by means of Indian police and messengers—barely time to gather up what they had on hand and bring it in without any preparation or opportunity to gather or make anything especially for exhibition.

Under these circumstances the amount and quality of the exhibits displayed was no less than remarkable. The extent to which they responded to the call to bring in their products was a surprise to Major Shelton, the Indian agent for this reservation, himself. He knew that they could and would make a very creditable showing.

Two hundred and ninety general exhibits were received and displayed, while several others arrived too late to be accepted. These exhibits contained from five to 60 articles each. Agricultural products formed the chief part of the exhibition, but by no means all, as the famous Navajo blanket was there in many styles and sizes, beautiful silver jewelry of various and unique designs, old blankets of great value, a few buffalo robes, valuable pieces of bead work and dozens of other products and curios, ancient and modern. Besides these general exhibits there was the live stock show, in which horses, milch cows, sheep and goats were numerous.

The sports consisted of foot races (the longest one five and one-half miles, in which 12 entered and four finished), horse races, games and amusements. Each evening the Navajos provided their own amusement by participating in several of their ancient sacred dances, which were both interesting and entertaining to the visitors.

As an example of how a list of prize winners at an Indian fair would read, the following extracts are given:

General exhibit of farm and garden products—First prize, double harness, Barber-bit-cil-ly (the latter is the winner's name); second, disk barrow, Happy Jack; third, cultivator, Be-kio-e-be-gay; fourth, shovel, Do-he-bit-see.

Native blanket, all wool—First, cook stove, Kin-le-che-ne; second, 100 pounds flour, Lenno Oliver; third, 50 pounds flour, Be-ka-da-na-be-ga; fourth, 25 pounds flour, Pel-e-can-e-es-klo-e.

Cleanest Navajo baby—First, 50 pounds flour, Lenna Oliver; second, 25 pounds flour, Hostoo-ot-so-se.

The Navajo blanket collection, like all other exhibits, was a fine one. It contained a few of the old-time bayetas, for which the Navajos first became famous. These were originally made from the yarn obtained by unraveling woolen cloth and re-weaving it into a very fine, close, tight blanket. There were also many fine chief's blankets, the famous blanket with the black-and-white cross stripes which were used by those Navajos who could afford them long before a white man ever saw them. But best and greatest of all was the fine collection of soft gray and black rugs made from the natural colors of wool without any dye whatever and the beautiful outline blankets, in which the Navajo has reached the highest perfection of the art. These blankets were judged by Frank Staplin, a Navajo blanket expert of Farmington, N. M., J. L. Parsons of Durango and Miss Emma Loomis, of the agency, and the first prize was awarded to a beautiful black, white and grey blanket of artistic design and remarkably even and close weave, shown in the center picture.

The Navajo silver jewelry is hand-hammered from Mexican dollars, which the traders procure for the Navajos, and many of the pieces are very beautiful in design and odd and exquisite as an ornament. The jewelry consists of rings, bracelets, neck chains, charms and many other articles.

It should be remembered that none of the products raised at Shiprock under the supervision of the superintendent and employes were permitted to participate for prizes, but every prize went to reservation Navajos for products purely their own. The vegetables and other agricultural products of the agency are, however, worthy of special mention, as they formed a fine exhibit in themselves and included, besides the ordinary products of the section, many of the new vegetables brought from foreign lands by representatives of the department of agriculture.

Some of the Indian exhibits were brought no less than 70 miles in wagons and on horseback, by the interested owners, and one lot of 50 general exhibits, which deserves special mention, came from So-Noos-Tee, the vicinity of F. L. Noel's trading post. This lot contained the prize-winning assortment of silver work and other prize winners.

The success of the first Navajo fair, which the unappreciative neighboring public had supposed would consist of a few pony races and chicken fights, but which turned out to be an exhibit of agricultural products which probably equaled any other ever made in the county, for quality, and contained at least five times the quantity, is due entirely to the work of Major W. T. Shelton, the superintendent at Shiprock. It is true the Navajos were producing most of these articles long before they ever saw or heard of Shelton, but they were not producing as much, as well, nor as fine a quality as they have been since coming into contact with the influence of the institution which he has founded. Neither could they have been induced to have brought together their most valuable and cherished personal effects for public inspection but for the confidence which this agency has awakened within them.

We have therefore seen the first beneficial effects of education and proper example upon this neglected people. The changes which have been wrought upon those coming in contact with this institution have been so rapid and sweeping that it challenges credulity. The difference between them and the Navajos on some other parts of the reservation is so marked that they would not be taken for the same people, and it is these differences that commend the policies and practices initiated by Mr. Shelton at this institution and places it in favorable contrast with other government and private Indian schools.

CUSTOMS MEN PUZZLED

It took five men and three women at the custom house and the silk buyer of a Louisville department store to fix the value of a kimono which arrived at the office of the surveyor of customs for appraisement.

It was a dainty silken thing, lavender in color, which lay on the table of Cashier Thomas for two hours. The garment was sent to the custom house by the postmaster at Somerset, Ky., who received it a few days ago through the mail from Japan. He did not send in the address of the owner.

This was aggravating to the young women experts called in. "I know every woman in Somerset," one said, "and I'd just like to know who is going to wear that."

For half an hour it puzzled Surveyor Taylor and two or three of his men assistants to discover just what the garment was.

"It looks to me like the court gown of the queen of Zanzibar," said Clay Miller, who measures steamboats and superintends the loading of merchandise at the custom house depot.

"Don't you men know anything at all?" exclaimed one of the women clerks, pushing her way through the puzzled group. "Why, it's a kimono."

"What in thunder is a kimono?" inquired Deputy Sam Barber. "They don't have that kind of thing down in Bath county, where I come from."

Finally, when the officials decided that there was nothing dangerous about the garment, they started in fixing the value. It was estimated to be worth all the way from $1.50 to $150. The kimono was finally carried to a department store, where the silk buyer said it was worth $14.

Later the kimono was bundled into a box and started back to the Somerset postmaster, with instructions to charge the owner $8.20 duty.—Louisville Times.

CHAINED TO WHEELBARROW

In writing of the Schlusselburg prison in McClure's, David Soskice tells of a prisoner who was chained to a wheelbarrow:

"Schedrin had been condemned to hard labor in the convict mines of Siberia and for an attempt to escape from there had been sentenced to be chained to a heavy wheelbarrow. When the order came for his transfer from Siberia to St. Petersburg, no conveyance could be found large enough to contain him, the wheelbarrow and the convoy of gendarmes. Yet, as the wheelbarrow had become a part of the prisoner, the gendarmes were afraid to leave it behind. It was therefore decided to place Schedrin with his convoy in one cart and the wheelbarrow behind in another. For several months, day and night, Schedrin and the gendarmes galloped through Siberia on a troika (a three-horsed cart or sledge), while another sped behind them, upon which the wheelbarrow reposed—causing the deepest amazement among the peasants in the villages through which they passed. Upon the arrival of the prisoner in SS. Peter and Paul he was once again chained to the barrow, and only after he had been six weeks in the Schlusselburg was he finally detached from it and given freedom of movement within the narrow confines of his cell.

"'When they unchained me,' said Schedrin subsequently, 'I could not get enough movement. I wanted to run and run, and it seemed to me that I could never stop. How strange it is that men who can enjoy perfect freedom of movement never realize the wonderful happiness that is theirs!'"

A SLAP AT OUR SENATE

One of the friends of Representative Martin of South Dakota was making a strenuous complaint to Mr. Martin about the manner in which committee assignments were given in the senate.

"A new senator, however able he may be, has no chance," said Mr. Martin's friend, "but if he's a thousand years old he can get the best committee job."

"That reminds me," said the South Dakota member, "of what Seth Bullock remarked to me when I took him over to the senate one time. After looking them over, Seth said: 'Gee, Martin! That looks like a soldiers' home in there.'"—Rochester Herald.

CHINESE GIRL IN AMERICA

A snap-shot of Miss Wu Ting Fang, taken while she was motoring recently, shows the young lady dressed quite in the style of the American girl, and apparently the same acute interest in the pleasant sport that her girl friends in Washington might feel. After all, it will be the women who will finally break down all barriers and make the whole world more nearly akin.

Treadmill Justice

In one of the fairly recent volumes of the New York Court of Appeals Reports is contained the last chapter of a famous and extraordinary case, which is a gross illustration of this interminableness and an extreme though characteristic example of its results. The court record of the last chapter of this law suit is curt and obscure; hardly what one might expect for an extraordinary case. It consists of eight words: "Judgment and order affirmed with costs. No opinion." These eight words mark the close of a simple accident case involving no difficult questions of law, which had been in the courts continuously for 22 years.

It had been tried before juries seven times. It had been argued in appellate courts 10 times. The final bill of costs in the case, not including lawyers' charges or the cost of printing seven different volumes of testimony, each of from two to three hundred pages, as required in the appellate courts on the various appeals, and not including any of the defendant's expenses whatever, is over $20,000. A conservative estimate of the expense of this litigation not including lawyers' fees probably would be $5,000.—George W. Adams in Atlantic.

Twos and Threes.

Stella—Two is a company and three is a—

Bella—Divorce.

In a number of the larger cities there has been noticed that there is a greatly increased number of sewer explosions, and this has been attributed to the custom followed in garages of emptying gasoline into the sewers. It is explained that the vapor of the gasoline collects at favorable points and is exploded by the heat naturally generated in these places. A technical paper of New York calls attention to this dangerous condition and suggests that some measure be taken to prevent it.

The Kitchen Cabinet

IN THIS existence, dry and wet
Will overtake the best of man.
Some little skift o' clouds'll shut
The sun off now and then;
They ain't no sense as I kin see
In mortals sich as you and me,
A faultin' Nature's wise intents,
And lockin' horns with Providence."

Something for Our Invalid.

There is nothing like grape juice for a refreshing drink. Use one-third grape juice and add water to fill the glass two-thirds full. It is said to build up the blood especially the corpuscles.

A dainty way of serving an egg to change the monotony of a poached egg. Toast a circular piece of toast dip in salted water; butter, then heap on it the white of egg beaten stiff and salted, then drop in the yolk and set in the oven until a delicate brown.

A nourishing drink given when liquid food is the only food taken is egg nog. Beat an egg separating the white and yolk, add sugar and nutmeg to the yolk, a little rich milk or cream, then stir in the beaten white and a dash of salt. Serve very cold.

A very dainty salad that may be eaten by an invalid is made of grapes (the Californian variety), remove the skin and seeds, add an equal quantity of chopped celery and use the following dressing.

Household Hints.

A scant half cupful of strained tomatoes placed in the pan where lamb or mutton is roasting, greatly improves the flavor of the meat. The tomato mixes with the gravy and is used in the basting.

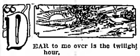
Chop the cold lamb roast, and make into croquettes. Season with a little parboiled, chopped green pepper. Serve garnished with peas.

Sugar doughnuts by putting powdered sugar in a paper bag and shaking one doughnut at a time in it until it is well coated.

When frosting will not harden slip the cake into the oven for a minute. It will be hard on the outside and creamy underneath.

Cider Jelly.

Soak three-fourths of a teaspoonful of gelatine in one-half of a tablespoon of cold water, then add one and one-half tablespoonfuls of boiling water, one-half cupful of cider and sugar to taste, stir until the gelatine is well dissolved, mold and chill.



DEAR to me ever is the twilight hour,
When shadows deepen and the day is spent
Then sorrow and care seem to lose their power
And over my soul comes a sweet content."

Nuts.

We have come to the time when we recognize the value of nuts as a food. The reason many people find them hard of digestion is because they are not sufficiently divided in the mouth. Nuts need a thorough mastication. The pecan is a nut which is a general favorite and has been found to acclimate itself to many parts of the United States hitherto thought too severe in climate.

A cupful of walnuts added to entire wheat bread makes a most nutritious loaf. Then one may prepare a nut loaf that will take the place of meat. Use one pint of bread crumbs, one and one-half cupfuls of ground nutmeats, salt, sage, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one beaten egg and sufficient boiling water to moisten. Form into a loaf and bake in a moderate oven.

An unusual salad but a most appetizing one is made of two cupfuls of grated cocoanut (if dessicated, wash out the sugar), two tart apples, one-half cupful of celery, two tablespoonfuls of chopped onion, one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, a bit of chopped red pepper, cut in strips with the shears. Serve with French dressing, three tablespoonfuls of oil to one of vinegar, red pepper and salt to taste.

Nut Mince Pie.

Take one cupful of walnut meats chopped fine, two cupfuls of chopped apple, one cupful of raisins, one and one-half cups of sugar mixed with one teaspoonful each of cinnamon and allspice, one-half a teaspoonful each of cloves and salt, one-half cupful of vinegar and one-half cupful of grape juice or any fruit juice. Mix well. This quantity will make two or three pies.

Giblet Sauce.

Chop the chicken giblets after cooking slowly until tender; add a little onion juice, thicken with four tablespoonfuls of chicken fat and the same amount of flour, browned together. Add a teaspoonful of worcestershire sauce and serve.

Nellie Maxwell.

For the Mother.

If a child be taught nothing else about the use of its body it should at least be taught poise in standing, walking and sitting, and correct poise is merely a matter of getting the weight on the balls of the feet and raising the chest. Even young children throw their weight on the heels, and that this eventually becomes a habit may be seen by observing men and women upon the streets.

Zwieback.

Take bread sponge enough for three loaves of bread, add three well-beaten eggs, one cup of sugar, one cup of melted butter and flour enough to mold into a large loaf. Let rise, the second time make into large biscuit, let rise and bake. When cool cut into four slices and brown in a hot oven. This will keep a long time in paper bags.

Defined.

'Pa, what is a canard?' 'A lie that won't fight, my son.'—Puck.

SENSITIVE.

"I found a purse this morning."
"Did you return it?"
"No. The owner might have offered me a reward, and it would have wounded my pride."

SKIN HUMOR 25 YEARS

"Cuticura did wonders for me. For twenty-five years I suffered agony from a terrible humor, completely covering my head, neck and shoulders, so even to my wife, I became an object of dread. At large expense I consulted the most able doctors far and near. Their treatment was of no avail, nor was that of the —— Hospital, during six months' efforts. I suffered on and concluded there was no help for me this side of the grave. Then I heard of some one who had been cured by Cuticura Remedies and thought that a trial could do no harm. In a surprisingly short time I was completely cured. S. P. Keyes, 147 Congress St., Boston, Mass., Oct. 12, '09."

Face Covered with Pimples

"I congratulate Cuticura upon my speedy recovery from pimples which covered my face. I used Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent for ten days and my face cleared and I am perfectly well. I had tried doctors for several months but got no results. Wm. J. Sadlier, 1614 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, May 1, 1909."

A Sale, a Sale!

The little old English flower woman came into the wine merchant's and brought her flowers to the table. A strange guest of the wine merchant's bought a bunch of them for the two women who dined there.

"Did you see what she made him pay for those flowers?" whispered one of them to the other. "Fifty cents!"

"I'm glad of it," the other whispered, back. "I've been living in this neighborhood for three years and it's the first time I ever saw anybody buy a single bunch of those flowers of hers."—New York Press.

Ready with Explanation.

A rector of Eltham once gave out the words: "Who art thou?" and, as he paused for a moment, an officer in uniform, who had just entered the church, suddenly halted, and taking the question as personal, promptly replied: "Sir, I am the recruiting officer of the Sixteenth Foot, and, having my wife and daughter with me, should be glad to make the acquaintance of the clergy and gentry of the neighborhood."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Eve's New Costume.

"Oh, dear!" said Eve, after she had secured all the best fig leaves there were to be had, "I'm so unhappy."

"Come, dear, cheer up," replied Adam. "Things might be worse than they are. We still have each other."

"Yes, but now that I've got to wearing clothes there's no other woman with whom I can talk about them."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Rough on Rats in Out Buildings.

In setting Rough on Rats in out buildings after mixing it well with any food decided upon, separate into small bits, place on several pieces of boards, and put these here and there under the floors. Close up all openings large enough for Dogs, Cats or Chickens to enter, but leave some small openings for Rats to get in and out. One 25c. box of Rough on Rats, being all poison, will make enough mixture to clear out in one or two nights settings, hundreds of Rats and Mice. 15c., 25c., 75c., at Druggists. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

The Doctor's Fault.

Judge—I am led to understand you stole the watch of the doctor who had just written a prescription for you at the free dispensary. What have you to say to this charge?

"Well, your honor, I found myself in a desperate quandary. His prescription said 'a spoonful every hour,' and I had no timepiece."

A Whisper of Hope.

Knicker—Several thousand shirt waist makers are on strike.

Henpekt—Do you suppose it would do any good for the shirt waist buttoners to strike?

When a man trades his money for experience, it is difficult to convince him that a fair exchange is no robbery.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

The bravest dentist isn't anxious to look into the jaws of death.

BAKING ECONOMY

By the use of perfect baking powder the housewife can derive as much economy as from any other article used in baking and cooking. In selecting a baking powder, therefore, care should be exercised to purchase one that retains its original strength and always remains the same, thus making the food sweet and wholesome and producing sufficient leavening gas to make the baking light.

Very little of this leavening gas is produced by the cheap baking powders, making it necessary to use double the quantity ordinarily required to secure good results.

In using Calumet Baking Powder you are bound to have uniform bread, cake or biscuits, as Calumet does not contain any cheap, useless or adulterating ingredients so commonly used to increase the weight. Further, it produces pure, wholesome food and is a baking powder of rare merit; therefore, is recommended by leading physicians and chemists. It complies with all pure food laws, both STATE and NATIONAL. The goods are moderate in price, and any lady purchasing Calumet from her grocer, if not satisfied with it can return it and have her money refunded.

Told in the Doctor's.

Dr. Arthur T. Halbrook is credited with the following:

A man by the name of Evans died and went to heaven. When he arrived at the pearly gates he said to St. Peter:

"Well, I'm here."

St. Peter asked his name. "John Evans," was the reply.

St. Peter looked through the book and shook his head.

"You don't belong here," he said.

"But I am sure I belong here," said the man.

"Wait a minute," said Peter. He looked again, and in a back part of the book found a name.

"Sure," said the guardian of the gate, "you belong here, but you weren't expected for 20 years. Who's your doctor?"—American Druggist.

An Artistic Rebuke.

A well-known clergyman was traveling in a non-smoking compartment of a train going north. As soon as the train was well on its way, the only other occupant, without asking permission of his fellow traveler, coolly lit a cigarette. The reverend gentleman was relieved, as he wanted to smoke himself, but had been afraid lest his companion might object. But the opportunity was too good to be lost. Drawing out his pipe he leaned forward, and, with an ingratiating smile, blandly inquired: "Would you object if I were to smoke?"

Doing Her Best.

"Kipling says that a woman is only a woman, but a good cigar is a smoke."

"Well, woman is traveling in the right direction. Haven't you noticed her present panetella shape?"

Then They Came to Blows.

"What started the fight between Lobster and Shrimp?"

"Why, Shrimp called Lobster a 'measly little shrimp,' and he called Shrimp a 'lobster.'"

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat,
Fargo, N. D.

A woman may be as old as she looks, but it makes a difference whether it's before or after she is dressed to go out.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER has an enviable reputation of over seventy years as a reliable remedy for lumbago, sciatica, pleurisy, stitches, etc. 25c, 35c and 50c. At all druggists.

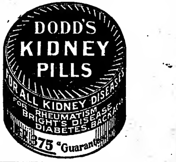
When doctors disagree they are apt to make sarcastic remarks about each other that savor of the truth.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Some people's morals are like their best clothes—only worn on extraordinary occasions.

WE PAY HIGH PRICE FOR HIDES and furs & sell guns and traps cheap. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis.

Gossips multiply everything they hear by two.



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FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
FOR RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES, BACKACHE
1875 "Guaranteed"

The Army of Constipation
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE
GENUINE must bear signature:
Brent Good

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The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, a book of 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, in strong paper covers, to any one sending 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, or, in French Cloth binding for 31 stamps. Over 680,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book were sold in cloth binding at regular price of $1.50. Afterwards, one and a half million copies were given away as above. A new, up-to-date revised edition is now ready for mailing. Better send NOW, before all are gone. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

THE ONE REMEDY for woman's peculiar ailments good enough that its makers are not afraid to print on its outside wrapper its every ingredient. No Secrets—No Deception.

THE ONE REMEDY for women which contains no alcohol and no habit-forming drugs. Made from native medicinal forest roots of well established curative value.

DEVELOPMENT OF CENTRAL CANADA

THE STORY OF BIG YIELDS OF GRAIN COMES FROM EVERY SECTION.

When the man in the States was told that he could get 160 acres of land in Central Canada—comprising the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—that under cultivation would produce from 20 to 30 bushels of wheat to the acre, or if seeded to oats the yield would be 40 to 60 bushels, he was skeptical. The same story was told the man who wished to get nearer to existing lines of railway, and was only asked to pay $10 to $12 an acre. But many tried it, some one plan and some another. The man who accepted the 160 acres as a free gift, as a homestead, and was willing to put in the required residence duties of three years has now a farm worth from fifteen to twenty dollars an acre. The man who chose to purchase, and did so, took up his residence just the same. He has land, that, in many cases, is worth twice the money he paid for it. Both have found that the story of splendid yields was verified. They have had crops exceeding that promised; they have seen oats that yielded 100 bushels to the acre, and have grown wheat that averaged 40 and as high as 50 bushels to the acre. Their wheat was not a 57 lb. to the bushel article but 62 and 63 lbs. They have seen within the past year or two trunk lines of railway constructed through their district, and throwing out branch lines to the gates of their farm. They have seen schools established in their neighbourhood and the Government contributing largely to their expense. Churches have been erected, villages have been established, towns have sprung into existence and cities are rapidly springing up, as if the magic hand of some unseen conjurer was at work. But it was not; it was the legitimate offering of the wealth of the field which made all these things come about, naturally, and easy. The prairie that three years ago was merely prairie, a patch of brown, just waiting for the ploughman, is to-day dotted with tilled farms and splendid homes. The line of elevators with their glistening metalled fireproof sides and roofs, indicate the location of the town and the railroad. There is the glow of newness about it all, but the elevator, the splendid store buildings and the comfortable hostelries denote wealth, beyond that of the strength of the man who fashioned and built them but the wealth of the soil, which means that the newness will be followed by a steady growth. The writer recently was a passenger over the Grand Trunk Pacific, the latest factor in this great marvelous field of development. The rapidity with which towns were being built up, the farmsteads occupied, was something even his experienced eye had not looked for. Everywhere along the line of this new transcontinental was the distinguishing mark of progress. There was not a mile of the length of the road from Winnipeg to Edmonton and west that did not bear token of its ability to pay tribute to the revenue of the road. Mention is made of this line, not because it is the last in the field, but because it is one of the best built roads on the Continent and traverses one of the best districts of an excellent country. It is well operated, and already has gone into active service as another means of making it possible to secure more speedily transit from the grain fields to the shipping centres. It had been the intention in this article to have spoken of some of the yields of grain that have made the farmers of Central Canada contented this year, but space will not permit, so that delightful task will be taken up in another issue. In the meantime it would be well for the reader, if he is interested, to put himself in touch with some official of the Canadian Government and get information that might be useful in making a selection for a home in Central Canada, and become one of those who will be instrumental in building up a great country to the north. In doing so, you will be assisting the United States. In a few years' time the United States will be a wheat importer. Canada will supply the wheat and you will be one of the producers.

Friendly Birds.

Most of the birds and mammals have the fear of man in their hearts, and are difficult to approach, but others show no great concern. The Alaskan jays, for instance, are devoted camp followers. "They proved useful as scavengers," says Mr. Osgood, "and cooked oatmeal seemed to attract them even more than raw meat. They many times hopped about the campfire, or perched on the tent poles and ropes. Their harsh chattering was not always pleasant, but was somewhat atoned for by their less frequent soft whistle and their pert and confident ways, so on the whole their presence was welcomed."

Ship's Figurehead.

Carvings for more than 500 vessels were made by William Southworth, who recently died at Bath. He made a specialty of the carving of figureheads for many years, and some splendid ones were the product of his skill. The rise of commercialism has blotted out the poetic significance of the figurehead and few figureheads are seen nowadays.—Kennebec Journal.

Once in a while you encounter one of those cheerful individuals who never borrow trouble, in spite of the fact that they borrow everything else.

QUICKEST WITH SAFETY

PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

For the baby often means rest for both mother and child. Little ones like it too—it's so palatable to take. Free from opiates.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

MORGAN IS BALKED

Finds One Thing His Millions Can't Purchase.

Wants the Famous Reggia Castle at Mantua, But the Italian Government Refuses His Offer of $5,000,000.

New York.—J. Pierpont Morgan, multi-millionaire banker can buy insurance companies if he wants them, but he has found one thing on the globe that his great fortune will not bring to him.

Morgan's greatest artistic yearning was to buy the Reggia at Mantua, formerly known as the Corte Reale, one of the most famous royal residences in Europe.

Mr. Morgan offered $5,000,000 for this magnificent and ancient structure, it is reported—a fabulous fortune in Italy. But the Italian government holds that the Reggia is one of the kingdom's monuments and relics and so it was impossible to accept the American's offer. Of course this huge work of art could not be taken out of the country, but its sale would have violated in a sense the law which forbids the sale of antiquities to foreigners.

The Reggia, which dates from 1302, contains 600 rooms and has an extensive frontage on the lower lake at Mantua. It has filled a large space in Italian history. During the epoch of the Gonzagas it was the center of culture, the arts and sciences, and there the most renowned artists, scholars and scientists found hospitality and financial aid if they needed it.

Miss Anne Morgan, the financier's daughter, who has toured Italy often, studying all periods and schools of Italian art, strongly urged her father to buy the Reggia, and was greatly impressed with the place where Isabella d'Este, the most gifted woman of the Italian renaissance, held her famous court.

J. Pierpont Morgan.

The original splendor of the palace is best preserved in the apartments of Isabella d'Este, which were decorated by Geulio Romano, Raphael's greatest pupil. The frescoes on the ceilings of these apartments were done by Andora Mategun. A hundred and fifty years later Rubens visited the Mantua court and contributed to the decorations of the palace.

Countess Morosini, a beautiful noblewoman of Venice who has much influence at court, interested herself to further Mr. Morgan's purpose to buy the Reggia.

The people of Mantua are deeply disappointed that Mr. Morgan did not gain ownership of the Reggia. It was his intention to restore it to all its former glories, but the public and tourists would have had access to it still.

Exporting Hydraulic Power.

The government of Denmark proposes to carry out with the aid of its engineers the following plan: Upon the southern shore of the Sund is found the old city of Helsingborg, not far from which the Lagu rushes down from an elevated plateau over a stretch of about thirty kilometers. A fall of 100 meters is situated not more than two kilometers from the mouth of the Lagu. It is at this point and for the purpose of using this important natural motive force that it has been decided to establish a hydro electric plant, transmitting its current to Helsingborg (first relay). The submarine cables traversing the Sund permit the distribution of the electric energy produced in Sweden over the territory of Denmark. The island of Seland, in which is found the Danish capital, will be the first to benefit by this installation, which will be very easily carried out, for between Helsingborg (Sweden) and Helsingor (Denmark) the arm of the sea is very narrow, not more than five kilometers wide; due to this circumstance the work necessary for the establishment of the submarine cables does not present any insurmountable difficulties.

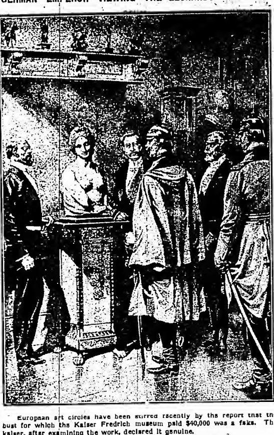
Turkish Women Indifferent.

According to the Frankfurter Zeitung, the attempt to establish a woman's newspaper in Turkey, which was to agitate for the raising of the status of Mohammedan women, has proved a failure. The journal, which is entitled Mehasin, bore on the title-page the motto of the advanced Turkish ladies: "In every nation women are the measure of its civilization." But although the editor, Asaf Muammer Bey, brought a great deal of skill and knowledge to bear on his work, his enterprise from the first has been a dismal failure. Then he took to illustrations, with no better result, and finally he fell back on fashion plates and cookery recipes. The Frankfurter Zeitung says that even with these additional attractions the circulation of Mehasin does not exceed 400 copies.

Actors Might Show Gratitude.

The man who built the first sauerkraut factory in this country is dead, and actors should join in some memorial to the man who started the movement to divert cabbages to a better use.

GERMAN EMPEROR VIEWING THE LEONARDO WAX BUST.



European art circles have been stirred recently by the report that the bust for which the Kaiser Fredrich museum paid $40,000 was a fake. The kaiser, after examining the work, declared it genuine.

DISLIKE THE BROAD STREETS

Londoners Abhor Spacious Thoroughfares and Prefer the Narrow Lanes to Walk In.

London.—Londoners like narrow streets. They love to be jostled and abhor broad, spacious thoroughfares, where there is plenty of room to walk.

This interesting opinion was given by a Regent street land agent and surveyor, who said that the growing tendency to construct wide streets was a "fatal mistake" from a shopkeeper's point of view.

"Bond street, Cheapside, the Strand and other more or less narrow streets," he said, "owe much of their commercial success to their narrowness and consequent warm, sociable atmosphere. If Oxford street and Regent street were as narrow I think their commercial value would be increased.

"In wide streets, one side is sure to suffer. Thus along Piccadilly most people going toward Hyde Park walk on the left to Prince's restaurant, and then on the right until they reach the park."

"As for the north side of the Strand, it is most curious to note," said another real estate agent, "how the huge east going traffic melts away at the Gaiety theater and the west-going traffic equally mysteriously dies away at the law courts.

"So, too, with the Embankment—the shortest route between the city and Westminster. It is wide and open and commands a magnificent view, but it is lonely—as lonely as the south side of Piccadilly along the railings of the green park."

The question inevitably arises: "Are Londoners suffering from agoraphobia, or 'fear of open spaces'—a well-defined nervous disease?"

"I would not like to say that agoraphobia, even in a mild form, could affect a whole community," said a well-known nerve specialist, "but there can be little doubt that city bred people find great consolation in a crowd.

"Some years ago I was employed in making a medical examination of thousands of emigrants to Canada. Quite a number of London people, thoroughly healthy in every way, were depressed by the loneliness of their new life, and some went so far as to throw up excellent prospects in Canada and return to the hardships of London life, preferring poverty in a crowd to wealth and comfort in a sparsely populated country."

Baby Crop Short.

Topeka, Kan.—The baby crop in Kansas is falling off. Despite the fact that in corn, wheat and oats Kansas this year astonished the world with a message that out of those three crops alone it made $15,000,000 more than any year before in its history, the sad admission is made that the stork came to Kansas more than 2,000 less times in the last fiscal year than in the previous one. The whole baby crop for the Sunflower state for the last fiscal year, according to statistics gathered for the census bureau, numbers 23,850, against 25,980 babies for the preceding 12 months.

NO PLOWS IN PANAMA ZONE

United States Bureau of Soils Reports Agricultural Possibilities as First Class.

Washington.—The Panama canal zone, considered from an agricultural standpoint, is a country possessed of possibilities, but utterly devoid of plows, farmers or farming. That is the substance of a report made by H. H. Bennett, one of the experts of the United States bureau of soils after an examination of the land of the canal strip. Mr. Bennett's opinion of the possibility of the canal strip is not pessimistic by any means.

"We find among the Panamanians the crudest agriculture imaginable," he says in his report. "They do no plowing or cultivating, but simply put in a few hills of corn, rice or inferior vegetables and allow nature to do the work. How they can live on these little patches of a half acre or so is more than I can understand at this time. They do live, however, and occasionally sell enough fruit to buy a little rum and some clothes for the older members of the family.

"There are no plows on the isthmus of Panama, as far as we have been able to learn, except a few belonging to the canal commission. There is not a great variety of soils, but they are exceedingly hard to get at. The topography is extremely humpy and rough.

"Trails are scarce and often impassable on foot. They are never passable in a buggy. The only way to move through the uncleared country is to cut a path. So far I have seen two important soils. One is a residual red clay and the other a brown clay loam of alluvial origin. The former covers about three-fourths of the territory explored on the Pacific side.

"I believe that as a result of our investigations there will be some effort to establish school gardens throughout the zone as a means of interesting the children of laborers and natives in agriculture."

HERMITS ARE HAPPY

Safe and Comfortable Seclusion from World on Blue Mountain.

Woman Over 70 Never Saw Trolley Car, Electric Car or Automobile —Has Not Left House Since Husband's Death.

Allentown, Pa.—On the southern slope of the Blue mountains, in Lynn township, beyond the Jacksonville, live an elderly couple in a dilapidated story-and-a-half log cabin who are remarkable for the simple life they lead and for their hermit-like existence. They are August Betka and Mrs. Abigail Frey, but known thereabouts as "Die Alt Ab" ("the old Ab").

Their home is near a little traveled road leading across the Blue mountain from Jacksonville to Tamaqua, and two and a half miles from the former village. It is the only habitation thereabouts, and is as lonely and secluded a place as the veriest recluse could desire. Rarely, very rarely, indeed, does any one wander to their forest home, save occasional berry pickers and hunters.

Their cabin is a rough, antiquated structure of logs, about 10x14 feet, with a primitive porch in front, surrounded by a rough stone wall. The house has only one door and two windows. It has one room with a sort of vestibule. There is, however, an attic, reached by a rickety stair. The basement is a low apartment, and tradition has it that at one time it was used as a moonshine distillery.

Here, in season, the occupants of the home maintain a modest little garden with a few staple vegetables as well as a few flowers. They keep no live stock, nor even hogs or chickens, cats or dogs. Here, remote from contact with their fellows, they eke out a scant subsistence. At the time the correspondent visited them about half a dozen cottontails, trophies of Mrs. Frey's prowess with the gun (for she is an expert shot), hung from the rafters overhead, and thus she keeps the larder replenished with fresh meat. A lot of rabbit skins also hung on the outer walls of the porch.

Gus Betko is a German, born in Prussia, and is 76 years old, and is a robust and vigorous old fellow. No one knows when he came into that neighborhood. He works at times for farmers in Lynn township, generally in the potato season, besides which he makes ax helves, singletrees and butchers' yokes. Old Mrs. Frey cuts down the trees from which the wood is procured.

Mrs. Frey was born and spent her whole lifetime in the Blue mountain. Her father was known as "Der Roth Follweiler" (the red Follweiler), to distinguish him from others of this well-known family with other characteristics as to color. Their home was on top of the mountain and along the old Indian trail, by which the red man traversed between the Delaware and the Susquehanna valleys long before the white man ever set foot in Pennsylvania. Their home is now a pile of ruins.

Follweiler kept a primitive tavern there for the accommodation of chance wayfarers, and there Abigail was born 73 years ago. In her earlier days she attended the battalions and frolics of the region, whose memory she still recalls with intense pleasure. In her twenty-eighth year she married Joshua Frey, and they moved to their present home. The stone wall which surrounds the house she helped as a bride to build. They had one child, which died in infancy.

Here Mr. and Mrs. Frey lived and eked out a living, well content with their lot, and not caring about the carryings on of the greater world beyond.

One day in 1882 Mrs. Frey had occasion to go to the village of Jacksonville, two and a half miles away. When she returned she found her husband sitting at the window, apparently awaiting her return. When she spoke to him she found that an unbidden visitor had preceded her and had laid his hands on Mr. Frey. The shock was so great that from that day to this, 27 years, Mrs. Frey has not been in Jacksonville or any distance from home, and in the last 12 years she has not been away from the clearing surrounding her cabin home.

By tilling the little garden and by shooting game and birds she is able to keep body and soul together. She also works baskets, for which there is sufficient demand among the neighboring farmers, and these Gus takes to the village to sell. In addition the county poor directors contribute 50 cents a week to her support, of which fund Joshua Lutz, the hotel-keeper at Jacksonville, is custodian, and which he handles faithfully for Abigail's benefit.

Mrs. Frey never saw a trolley car; she never saw an electric light; she never saw an automobile, and if she ever saw a railroad train it is pretty certain that she never rode in one.

They are content with their lot, and Abigail's world is confined within the 20 by 40 feet. What is beyond she neither knows nor cares.

Travels Million Miles.

Creston, Ia.—One hundred miles a day is the record of Conductor Charles Flint of this city, as he figures it, since he began work for the Burlington road 48 years ago. Forty years of that time he has been in the capacity of conductor. He figures off one year of the 40 to allow for sickness and vacations, and at the rate of 100 miles a day he estimates he has traveled more than 1,216,800 miles, or a distance of more than forty-eight times around the earth. Conductor Flint began work for the Burlington in 1861.

Good Will.

Have good will to all that lives, letting unkindness die and greed and wrath; so that your lives be made like soft airs passing by.—Edwin Arnold, "Light of Asia."

GIRL ABSTAINER IS AWARDED

Young Miss of Germantown, Pa., Receives Gold Watch for Essay on Total Abstinence.

Philadelphia, Pa.—From a long list of competitors in all parts of the city Miss Sarah B. O'Donnell, aged 14 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John O'Donnell of Germantown, has won the gold watch donated by a representative of the Catholic Total Abstinence union for the best essay on "Why I Am a Total Abstainer."

Miss O'Donnell stands head in her class in the eighth grade of the girls' school on Price street, taught by the Sisters of St. Joseph. She is also an active member of St. Vincent's guild of the Sacred Thirst. Some of her reasons for total abstinence follow:

"First, for the glory of God; second, for my own sake; third, for the sake of those who love me and whom I love. I do it for the glory of God because he thirsted for me on the cross, and when he did thirst for me I in return should show some appreciation for this great suffering.

"I do it for my own sake to preserve my woman's dignity, for just the habits I form now when I am a child these same habits will I have when I become a woman."

RAISING CRICKETS FOR ZOO

Curator to Make Things Livelier in Reptile House This Winter—To Cultivate Insects.

New York.—Curator Ditmars of the Bronx Zoo is raising crickets to make things livelier in the reptile house this winter.

Among four varieties he has procured for the fireplace in this building is one with the appropriate name of rattlesnake cricket. The others are the field cricket, which makes the summer boarder dismal after the sun has set; the tree cricket and the sleigh bell cricket, whose song resembles the tinkle of winter chimes.

Last winter Mr. Ditmars, one cold night, heard a chirp and on lifting a brick out of the hearth in his dining room, discovered a cricket. For about three months it cheered the home of the curator. So last summer he determined to cultivate a colony of them and keep them in the reptile house, where they will make the only music to be heard there.

Year's Tobacco Output.

Washington.—More than 150,000,000 pounds of cigar tobacco and nearly four times that quantity of the other types of tobacco was grown in the United States in 1909, according to a bulletin issued by the department of agriculture.

Kentucky leads all the states in tobacco grown, producing more than one-third of the crop of the country and about one-ninth of the entire crop of the world. While some tobacco is produced in almost every state, less than one per cent. of this country's crop is grown west of the Mississippi river, Texas being the only trans-Mississippi state in which the industry has gained much importance.

THE EARRINGS.

He—Lydia, I saw a lovely pair of earrings to-day.

She—O, where? I'm all ears.

Story of a Moving Pumpkin.

A pumpkin was seen to walk across the field by Mrs. Samuel H. Hight of Skowegan recently. When she saw it she thought her eyes were deceiving her, but she soon perceived that the pumpkin moved a little way, stopped and then turned in another direction. She watched this object for some time and told one of her neighbors. The mystery was solved, but the two women did not dare to go nearer the moving vegetable, but called a man who knocked the pumpkin over and found a polecat. The skunk had crawled under the pumpkin and stuck his head into a hole in it and was unable to extricate himself from it and had walked off as best he could with the pumpkin on his back.—Lewiston Journal.

Two of a Kind.

Mrs. Boggs—I hate to have a man always complaining about some little thing. Now, my husband is continually harping on the lace curtains.

Mrs. Woggs—Yes, and my husband has been kicking on our front door every morning at three o'clock for the last 20 years.—Puck.

Salesmen—Best Commission Offer on Earth. New—all retailers—samples, coat pocket. "Boston," Dept. C 1, Iowa City, Iowa.

A woman dislikes being jealous almost as much as she likes making some other woman jealous.

BREAK UP THAT COUGH
with Allen's Lung Balsam, the popular family remedy. It cures where other remedies fail. All dealers. 25c, 50c, $1.00 bottles.

Compliments should be thoroughly Fletcherized before they are swallowed.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

One man's hobby may be another man's nightmare.

WESTERN CANADA

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, says:—

"The stream of emigrants from the United States to Canada will continue."

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Senator Dolliver recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and says: "There is a land hunger in the hearts of English speaking people; this will account for the removal of so many Iowa farmers to Canada. Our people are pleased with its Government and the excellent administration of law, and they are coming to you in tens of thousands, and they are still coming."

Iowa contributed largely to the 70,000 American farmers who made Canada their home during 1909. Field crop returns alone during year added to the wealth of the country upwards of

$170,000,000.00

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts, 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
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PUGET SOUND WOOD PRODUCTS CO.
Anacortes, Washington

Worms

"Cascarets are certainly fine. I gave a friend one when the doctor was treating him for cancer of the stomach. The next morning he passed four pieces of a tape worm. He then got a box and in three days he passed a tape-worm 45 feet long. It was Mr. Matt Freck, of Millersburg, Dauphin Co., Pa. I am quite a worker for Cascarets. I use them myself and find them beneficial for most any disease caused by impure blood."
Chas. E. Condon, Lewiston, Pa., (Mifflin Co.)

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900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Look for the Spear The flavor lasts

Enjoy the delicious juice of real mint leaves. WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT is full of it and you can't chew it out.

fine for digestion

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM THE FLAVOR LASTS

fine for teeth

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$6.13 saved monthly guarantees $1,000 in ten years and additional profits.
$3.33 saved monthly guarantees $1,500 in fifteen years and additional profits.
$4.40 saved monthly guarantees $2,000 in twenty years and additional profits.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fresh Nuts, Figs and Dates in our CANDY DEPARTMENT.

Fine Teas, Coffees and Apple Cider In Our GROCERY DEPT.

Big Line of Pipes and Cigars in our TOBACCO DEPARTMENT.

Phone 7

W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Sheriff L. A. Nelson made an official visit to St. Hilaire Saturday.

The public schools opened Monday after a vacation of two weeks.

W. A. Schreiter was at Thief River Falls between trains yesterday.

Dr. J. E. Argue left Tuesday evening on a business trip to Duluth.

Ed L. Healy returned Saturday from a business trip to the twin cities.

John Powers of Wylie was attending to business matters in town Saturday.

Attorney Perl W. Mabey of Thief River Falls was in town Friday and Saturday.

When the time comes we will talk King tailored waists to you. The Big Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Bray of Fertile visited with relatives in town this week.

READ THIS

We have a
Few Articles
That will be

SOLD AT COST

To clean up
Our stock
Before moving to
Our new location

1 NEW SEWING MACHINE	$13
1 NEW WASHING MACHINE	$6
1 10 GAL. BARREL CHURN	$3
1 FINE WHITE CHILDS CUTTER	$4
2 15Gal FACTORY CANS, High	$3
2 15-GAL FACTORY CANS, low	$3.25
2 UNIVERSAL BREAD MIXERS	$1

A Chance of a Life time

A Line Of Cast Top Air Tight Stoves at 10 Per Cent Discount.

WE SELL THE GENUINE RED OIL
Burns the longest;
Makes no smoke.

MITTWER'S HARDWARE

I Will Sell All Of My

Dishes
Notions
Jewelry
Groceries
Fancy Pipes
Toilet Articles
Musical Instruments at

25 Per Cent Discount

Have Just Received 500 Pounds of Kisses That Will Sell at 16c a lb.

All Christmas toys will go at cost. All kinds of fancy candies and candy boxes, and a new line of Christmas and New Year postals and leather post card albums.

FREUND'S

A number of young people enjoyed a dancing party at the M. B. A. hall Friday evening.

Miss Victoria Parenteau visited with relatives in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Carl Kruegar has gone to Willow Lake, S. Dak., where he is employed in a harness shop.

E. A. Mitwer advertises a stock reduction sale preparatory to moving to his new quarters.

Friends from Lambert and Terrebonne were entertained at the Louis Parenteau home Sunday.

We make farm Loans at lowest rates. Call and see us.—First State Bank, Red Lake Falls.

Wanted to buy—One two-horse drill and one two-section harrow.—A. S. Larson, Route 6, Crookston.

Carl Shusser returned Saturday Saturday from Kelliher where he had spent the holidays with relatives.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

Ever wear R.E.Z. shoes? You are missing lots of comfort if you are not. Saves wearing rubbers.—The Big Store.

The Royal Neighbors will give a card party at M. W. A. hall Monday evening for members of the order and their husbands.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand-View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, on Feb. 7, for one day. Eyes Examined. Glasses Fitted.

Charles Robedou from Lambert was in town Monday, being on his way to Warroad where he has been visiting with relatives.

Every accomodation consistent with perfect safety will be granted the friends and customers of the Merchants State Bank.

The Athenian literary society of the high school will give a program in the high school assembly room Friday afternoon, Jan. 21.

E. A. Mitwer received an interesting communication yesterday, a letter from his brother who is engaged in business in Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cyr entertained their daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cote, from Terrebonne, Monday.

The Musical Eckardts, Swiss bell ringers, will give a concert at M. W. A. hall under auspices of the lodge Wednesday evening, Jan. 26.

Garceau & Rubertus advertise a big sale to reduce their stock before moving to their new location. It will pay you to read the ad.

Bjorgo's Condition Powder is a worm destroyer and a blood maker and purifier. It is not a stock food. For sale at Schreiter Pharmacy.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz and Gilbert Haavi were in town Friday making report to the county auditor on some county ditch work.

There will be services at the Norwegian Lutheran church Wednesday evening, Jan. 19. Rev. S. T. Palm will conduct the services.

Lost—Small stick pin set with one ruby and two pearls. Green gold brooch with leaf design. Liberal reward for return to Gazette Office. j20

Elmer Zeh of Thief River Falls visited with relatives and friends in Red Lake Falls Friday and Saturday and attended the dance Friday evening.

Sale of dancing pumps at The Big Store. 1 to 3 strap sandles, high heels, turn soles. 25 pairs left. Half price. They will go fast. The Big Store.

All ladies interested in the welfare of the Presbyterian church are requested to meet at the church parlors next Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

A few Misses fur coats left at below cost. Do you want one? Now is the time. Also a few Astrakan Jackets left. We will save you money.—The Big Store.

The finest baby that ever happened is at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Malvin, having arrived to take up its permanent abode Saturday morning. It's a little girl.

Mrs. Elsie Adolphson and children of Wylie were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Johnson the first of the week. They were on their return from Lindsburg, Kansas, where they had been visiting with relatives since early in November.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson went to Fergus Falls Friday evening with an insane patient. The unfortunate man was Ther Ness, an old gentleman whose home is in Black River township.

To avoid having all of this kind of work brought in during the busy spring period, we will during the dull month of January, oil your harness thoroughly for $1.00 per set.—L. A. Kaufer. 13

Mrs. One Bruneau left Monday for Grand Rapids, Minn., after spending the holidays with relatives and friends. Her mother, Mrs. Marie Chatel, accompanied her as far as Crookston.

As will be noticed from an ad on this page of this issue, this city is to have a school of music, to be under the management of Mr. H. G. Maxwell, director of the local bands.—Thief River News.

After Inventory Remnant Sale—Stacks of remnants, found all thru stock, dress goods, table cloths, calicoes, sheeting, outing flannels, etc. Sold as bargains.—The Big Store.

The Gazette believes that an apology is due its readers for the untidy appearance of this issue and the last issue of the paper. The big printing press has been on the sick list and when it is sick it is just awfully sick.

Theo. LaBissoniere will leave in a few days on a trip west. He will go to Denver, Colorado, where he will join Mrs. LaBissoniere who has been there since early in the winter. Mr. and Mrs. LaBissoniere will spend the remainder of the winter in Colorado.

Women appreciate fine shoes now a-days. Utz & Dunn's shoes will satisfy the most fastidious. No better line in America and few as good. $2 50 to $4.00 in B,C,D and E widths. Can we show you a pair?—The Big Store.

The regular monthly business meeting of the C. E. society of the Presbyterian church will be held at the church Friday evening. After the business meeting the young people and invited guests will enjoy a "towel social."

The trustees of the Presbyterian church acting for the members of the church, and congregation, have purchased the Westphal lots located between the church and the Theo. LaBissoniere residence. These lots will be improved and later a house will be erected to serve as a parsonage.

Mid winter specials, to stir things up a little: Fine Apricots, 15c; can Peaches, 15c; 3 lb. can Pork and Beans, 10c; 18c Peas, 12½ c; fine Tomatoes, 10c; good Salmon, 10c; 20c coffee, 18c; fine Lake Superior Herring, 5c; family White Fish, 5c; Smoking Tobacco, 15c per lb.; Battle Axe, 25c per pound; Unlabeled canned goods, corn, beans, peas, pitted cherries, etc., 12½ to 35c values, choice 10c; fat raisins, 8c; 8 bars best soap, 30c. Always something doing at The Big Store.

County Attorney Michelet has received a letter from Mrs. A. P. Erickson, of Hazel, stating that her husband has returned. It will be remembered that a few weeks ago there appeared an item in the News that the Erickson family was much concerned regarding the absence of Mr. Erickson, who has been up in the Canadian Northwest harvesting. The reason Mr. Erickson gives for not returning before is that he stopped off at Grand Forks to visit a brother, and while there fell and broke his shoulder, being confined in a hospital for some time.—Thief River Falls News.

READ THIS AND ROAR

Continued From First Page.

Porter, Jeff	17.01
Padden, J. J.	8.81
Quigley, P. J.	1.12
Robillard, T. F.	24.64
Reichart, A. L.	27.37
Robertson Lumber Co.	103.25
Roy, A. L.	11.20
Red Lake Falls Milling Co.	134.03
Reichel, W. A.	11.62
R. L. F. Creamery Assn.	15.40
Remick, Jos. E.	1.82
Sivertson, S. M.	10.22
Schmitz, Henry	19.40
Sharmer, William	3.50
Schmitz, Fred	17.85
Seeger, Chas.	2.10
Siuff Louis	16 87
Sortedahl, M. O.	23.52
Sortedahl Land Loan & Abstract Co,	25.55
Salley, Jos.	12.46
Spillane, W. T.	28.63
Screiter W. A.	66.71
Standard Oil Co.	29.05
St. Mars, Albert	.28
Steinert, Leo	17.29
Skarud, Joseph	5.11
Swanson, S. A.	8.05
Shugaon, M.	,07
Pauliot, P. F.	1.05
Olsen, Christ	1.33
Perusse, Alfire	9.59
Puschinsky, Ben	8.26
Paul, Virginia	15.54
Pirath, P. E.	.42
Pahlen, Jacob	2.24
Prudhomme, Joseph	16.38
Lafreniere, Bertha	.28
Linnehan, Den	12 88
Lindon, Wm.	5.25
Lindner, Herman	3.71
LaBissoniere, Theo	384.79
Marshall, Emma F	10.92
Miller, Joseph L.	5.67
Minneapolis Brewing Co.,	46.20
Malvin, P. L.	1.19
Majeres, Theo.	8.47
Mead, Mary	2.03
Marleau, William	15.12
Marchend, Georgiana	1.05
Merchants State Bank	320.81
McAaulty, H. T.	1.89
Morin, Aug.	.63
Moran, E. A.	1.82
Nicholson, J. A.	18.97
Nelson, E. A.	6.09
Nelson, Lewis A.	5.81
Normandeau, Eus.	10.99
Nimesgern, Peter	1.12
Nimesgern, J. N.	38.78
Skala, M.	101.01
Toupin, A. P.	5.95
Tandburg, O. T.	2.38
Tracy, J. L.	4.76
Thief River Falls Lbr Co.	93.17
Tibbetts, G. H.	1.19
Tschirhart, Joseph	.42
Useldinger, G.	.35
Vaudrin Bros.,	10.50
Wander, J. C.	1.26
Wilkinson, J. C.	5.88
Watson, N. M.	2.31
Westphal, Fred	12.60
Zaiser, Fred	1 47
Zaiser, Mrs. Wm. & Co.,	17.50
Zaisor, Bros.,	47.46
Zaiser, H. H.	2.10
Zaiser Lumber Co.	16.80
Zaiser, Otto	1.12
Zaiser, Wm.	9.31
Zeigler, John	5.81

WHAT IS IT?

It's Red.
Gives a Bright Light.
And Will Not Smoke.

Answer--RED OIL!

Sold At
MITTWER'S HARDWARE

JANUARY 17 FEBRUARY 1

BIG REMOVAL SALE

Having purchased the Paradis Building, and wishing to reduce our stock as much as possible before moving, we are going to put on one of the biggest sacrifice sales for two weeks ever attempted in this vicinity. There will be nothing reserved; the sooner you come, the better choice you will have; the more you buy, the more money you make, for every dollar you spend at this sale will be a clear gain of from 15c to 50c. We are willing to make this sacrifice if we know our customers are benefitted thereby. We will only try to quote a few of the many bargains:

Underwear.

Children's and Misses fleece lined underwear, regular prica, 25c and 30c, sale	$ .21
Ladies' fleece lined underwear regular 25c, 30c and 35c	.21
Ladies' fleeced underwear, regular price, 50c and 60c	.40
Men's all-wool underwear, regular price $2, sale	1.50
Men's all-wool underwear, regular price $1.50, sale	1.20
Men's wool underwear, regular price $1, sale	.85

Petticoats

Regular $1.00 Petticoats,	sale	$ .85
" 1.25 "	"	1.05
" 1.35 "	"	1.10
" 1.75 "	"	1.35
" 2.50 "	"	2.00
" 3.25 "	"	2.60

All Voile, Panama and Wool Taffeta Dress Skirts at One-fourth off.

Coats and Furs.

33⅓ per cent Discount on Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats, except those with fur collars.
25 per cent Discount on all fur-collar coats.

20 per cent discount on all furs.

Sheep-lined Coats

20 per cent Discount on all sheep and leather lined coats.
25 per cent Discount on all duck and corduroy coats.

Hats and Caps

Men's regular	$2.00 Cap,	sale	$1.50
" "	1.50 "	"	1.15
" "	1.25 "	"	.90
" "	1.00 "	"	.75
Boys' "	1.00 "	"	.75
" "	.85 "	"	.65
" "	.50 "	"	.39

20 per cent discount on all hats.

Mittens and Gloves.

Regular $1.75 Mitts	$1.35
" 1.50 "	1.20
" 1.25 "	.95
" .75 "	.60
" .60 "	.45

Outings

$ .15 Outings	$.12½
.12½ Outings	.10
.10 Outings	.08
.08 Outings	.06

One lot of Outings	.05

Groceries.

Package Oat Meal	$.21
3 packages Corn Flakes, any brand	.25
4 packages Corn Starch	.25
3 packages Soda	.25
3 quarts Cranberries	.25
3 cans Corn	.25
Big can Tomatoes (Any 25c Brand)	.10
Baking Powder	.20
7 bars Laundry Soap	.25
4 lbs. Jap Rice	.25
2 lbs. 15c Coffee	.25
1 peck Apples	.35
1 qt. pickled Peaches	.20
1 qt. Sweet Pickles	.20
1 qt. Olives	.20
Good cream Cheese	.18
7 lbs. Navy Beans	.25
Good Pop Corn	.03½
3 bottles of Ink	.10
3 boxes Sardines	.10
4 lbs. Raisins	.25

Brooms have advanced 50 per cent but we will sell them at the same old price. In order to empty our big oil tank, we will give 5 gallons for 60c. No discount on less than 5 gallons.

We have a lot more Bargains equally as attractive.

You want to attend this sale and buy liberally, for it will save you money and be an accomodation to us. The highest market price paid for Butter and Eggs.
Respectfully Yours,

GARCEAU & RUBERTUS

Notice.

To whom it may concern: I hereby give notice that no credit in merchandise, board or lodging shall be given to Ephrim Trembly without authority from the undersigned.—F. P. Ballaan, Guardian.

Notice of Letting City Printing.

Notice is hereby given that the City Council of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota will, at its regular meeting January 20, 1910 let the contract for publishing the proceedings of the City Council and other notices required by law to be published for said city for the year 1910. Sealed bids for same may be filed with the City Clerk up to 8 P. M. of said day.

Dated Jan., 6th 1910,

Frank Bronillatte,
City Clerk.

Coal! Coal! I have just received a car of coal of all kinds and can now fill all orders.—A. L. Roy.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Old Gentleman—How did you ever come to be named Fido Johnson?
The Pickaninny—Why, old Jedge Smiff he done thought so much of me dat he named me after his dog.

ISN'T RIGHT NOW A GOOD TIME TO TAKE STOCK

of YOUR financial condition? During the past ten years of prosperity how much of your income have you SAVED? Not so much as you should?

Why not start a bank account right by opening an account at this bank and conserving your future income? We furnish deposit slips, check and pass book free,

The Merchants State Bank

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1 04
Rye	.65
Oats	.40
Flax	2.08
Barley	.51
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.30
Butter, dairy	.25

Real Estate Transfers.

Oscar Joppen to Andrew O. Sandland, nw¼ sec 2 153-41	1,700
Axel E. Oftos and wife to A. K. Breeland, ne 29 152 40	1,200
John Wilson and wife to Rufus Pinkerton, nw¼ sec 31-151-43	2,754
J. B. Fornier and wife to Isaac Fornier, nw 33-151-43	1

Smoke was seen coming out of one of our neighbors windows the other day. Upon investigation it was found that they were burning common Kerosene. ***Red Oil*** sold at Mittwer's Hardware, will not smoke.

Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee is created from pure parched grains, malt, nuts, etc.—no real coffee in it. Fine in flavor—is "made in a minute." No 20 or 30 minutes tedious boiling. Sample free. All grocers.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1893

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY JANUARY 20, 1910.

VOL. XXVII—NO. 17

TAX PAYER WANTS TO KNOW WHY

So He Conducts Personal Investigation to Satisfy His Curiosity.

What He Has Learned About the Charges Against County Officials.

To the Editor,

Dear Sir: As a tax payer and citizen of Red Lake county, I want to know the whys and wherefors of a few movements that are now on.

I read in the Thief River Falls newspapers and in some of the outside papers that an application, urged on by several Thief River Falls people, had been made to the governor, asking him to remove the county auditor and the chairman of the board of county commissioners.

Now, it seems to me that if these officers are in the wrong and ought to be put out of office, that we tax payers of Red Lake county ought to find it out for ourselves, and not ask the governor to mix up in our private troubles, unless there is very good reason for it, since it is our money that these men handle.

So, I went to the county offices at Red Lake Falls the other day to see for myself, just what there was to it.

I found that the main complaint against these two officers is because the county board last July voted to transfer thirty-five thousand dollars of idle money from the General Ditch Fund into the County Revenue Fund, where it was needed, and where it would work for the county and save paying interest on what the county owes.

I found that when the board voted to transfer the money, the county attorney, their legal adviser, was present and did not tell them it was wrong or illegal to do this.

It seems that the county had this money lying idle in the banks, drawing only two per cent interest on it, while at the same time, the county now owes about nine thousand dollars in outstanding warrants drawn on the general revenue fund, on which debt it is paying six per cent interest to these same banks that have its money.

It looks to me like putting a hundred dollars of your own money in the savings bank, and getting five per cent interest on it, and then borrowing your same money back from the banker, and paying him ten per cent interest on your own cash.

So, it seems to me that when the county board resolved to use the idle money in the ditch fund to pay the county debt and stop the six per cent interest, they used mighty good judgment, and did just what I would do in my own business.

Well, some time after this the board found out that there were people in Thief River Falls, (maybe some of the banks which were getting big interest) who objected to their paying the county warrants this way, and stopping interest, so to save trouble, and for the sake of peace, at a special meeting of the board, they passed another resolution transferring this thirty-five thousand dollars back again into the ditch fund where it came from, and there it is today. And no harm done to anybody that I can see.

Now, I want to know what all the hollering is about. Nobody has lost any money. Following the order of the board, the auditor made a little entry on his books, and then following the next order of the board, rubbed it out again. It seems to me somebody is wasting a lot of time, ink and wind shouting to the governor for help over nothing.

I tried to find out where the board got its notion of transferring the ditch money to the general fund. "Why," they said, "its been done before." "Who did it," I asked. "The county commissioners from Thief River Falls" was the reply. That seemed unbelieveable, because it is only the Thief River Falls people who are kicking now, and they say ex county commissioner Dan Shaw of Thief River Falls was down to see the governor about it last week.

So we looked up the old records of the county board, and sure enough it had been done before, just as they said.

On January 6th, 1904, at a regular meeting of the board, Commissioner Louis Hanson of Thief River Falls made a motion that fourteen thousand dollars of idle ditch money be transferred from the General Ditch Fund to the General Revenue Fund, and the motion was seconded by Commissioner Ole J. Johnson of Wyandotte, and upon being put to a vote was carried, and the money was transferred, and nobody has ever objected.

Again on December 11th, 1907, at a meeting of the board, Commissioner Daniel Shaw of Thief River Falls moved that the sum of six thousand dollars be transferred from the General Ditch Fund to the General Revenue Fund, and the motion carried and the money was transferred.

Upon inquiry, I find that the law was just the same on both these occasions as it is now.

There wasn't any kick registered from Thief River Falls when Louis Hanson and Dan Shaw did these things.

It looks as if things were only considered wrong when done by some one who don't hail from Thief River Falls.

And perhaps the people of Red Lake Falls feel pretty much the same about their town.

These two towns keep the rest of the county in hot water all the time. They are like a couple of bad kids in a cradle, fighting and quarreling, and making so much noise that the rest of the whole county full of people can't hear themselves think.

Isn't it about time that some of us outsiders who want peace in the county, take both kids by the scruff of the neck and shake them till they shut up?

Now, these things that I have found out, any of you tax payers or farmers can find out for yourself if you look over the county records, and I think it is a mighty mean piece of business for any one, whether he lives in Thief River Falls or any where else, to stir up so much trouble and talk over nothing, and try to injure two good county officers who have done no more than what they felt to be their duty.

Yours truly,
TAX PAYER.

ANOTHER AMENDMENT

Proposed Constitutional Amendment to be Voted Upon Next Fall.

To the Editor:

On the eighth of November next the electors of Minnesota will have a chance to make an X on a separate pink ballot opposite the proposed contitutional amendment for an annual tax of one-fifteenth of a mill on each dollar of taxable property (equal to seven cents on each thousand dollars) for reforestation. To adopt the amendment requires a majority of all votes cast at the election. The elector will probably first vote for the several candidates for state offices, members of the legislature, county officers and representatives in congress, whose name will be on another ballot, and he may feel too much in a hurry to stop to vote for this amendment. Besides, there is a natural feeling in every one to vote against an increase of taxes. So in spite of all talk for reforestation, this amendment is liable to fail.

If the amendment be adopted, there will annually be raised about $72,000, which the forestry board can use in the purchase at not over $3 per acre of forestry land and in planting it according to forestry principles. Naturally land at that price will be mostly sandy and only fit to produce pine trees. The experience of Germany shows that pine planted on such land will, on an average, yield 18,000 board feet per acre in eighty years, at which time the trees will be about twelve inches in diameter breast high and that the investment will net three per cent compound interest. The present generation will get the benefit of most of the $73,000 yearly in payment for labor. Future generations will get the timber, and the public generally will derive benefit in the increase of wealth, in increased beauty of scenery, improvment of climate, soil, waterflow and covert for useful game. Good roads go with forests. The European state forests are health and pleasure resorts for the people.

Since its first settlement the population of the United States has increased at the average rate of eighteen per cent every ten years. At the same rate it will in eigthy years be 320,000,000.

It is very seldom that individual will plant forests when they have to wait eighty years for a crop. The state must do it. Of the present cut-over pine lands in Minnesota only about five per cent have become well restocked with valuable kinds of timbor. It would take centuries for nature alone to restore our forests. Nature has a better chance to renew forest in Prussia than in Minnesota; yet Prussia plants fifty thousand acres of forest annually.

The question is sometimes asked, why should the state buy land when it now owns land? The land which the state owns is school and state constitution land, which, according to the constitution, must be offered at public sale—the school lands at not less than $5 per acre, and the state constitution land at not less than $3.75 per acre, the proceeds to go into permanent funds. Besides, the most of the state land will be utilized for agriculture.

As a source of a leading industry the Minnesota forests will be exhausted in a dozen years. The state should begin reforestation.

How will your county vote on this question? Which shall be the banner county for reforestation? I ask that public-spirited people in each county appoint a committee to communicate with an energetic person in each precinct in the county who will give the matter proper attention.

C. C. Andrews,
Forestry Commissioner.

St. Paul, January 15, 1910.

DEATH AT WYLIE

Joachim Huot, An Old Resident, Passed Away Sunday.

Joachim Huot, who had long been a resident of Wylie, died at six o'clock Sunday night, at the home of his son, Regis Huot, with whom he had resided for the past fourteen years.

Deceased was eighty-eight years old. He was born in Montreal and resided there until he came west to live with his son. He is survived by three sons, Regis, Leon and Encrist, all whom reside in the vicinity of Wylie. Mrs. Huot died two years ago. Funeral services were held at the Catholic church at Louisville, at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, Rev. Fr. Theillion officiating.

MAY GET SURVEY

Provision May Be Inserted in General Bill.

Reliable information comes from Washington to the effect that Representative Steenerson, who, with Mr. Hanna, of North Dakota, is urging legislation for a survey of the Red River of the North with a view to the construction of reservoirs for the prevention of floods and the improvement of navigation, has received assurances from the members of the committee that the provision will be inserted in the river and harbor bill now being prepared

A GOOD CONCERT

Eckhart Family Under Auspices of M. W. A. Lodge.

A good concert is to be given at the M. W. A hall, under the auspices of the lodge, next Wednesday evening, when the Eckhart Family Concert company will appear. The Eckharts are reputed to be accomplished musicians and entertainers and no doubt the concert will be a good one. The members of the company are Swiss bell ringers, vocalists and play various musical instruments. Reserved seats are on sale at Holzman's jewelry store.

CENSUS ENUMERATORS

Time for Filing Applications is Extended.

Owing to the delay in printing certain of the blanks the director of the Census has authorized the extention of the time when applications may be received by the supervisor until Jan. 31. Persons seeking appointment as enumerator should write to the supervisor requesting application blanks. These will be forwarded as soon as received and, on account of the delay in printing, should be filled out and returned promptly to the supervisor. All applications for the Ninth District should be made to Daniel W. Meeker, Supervisor of Census, Moorhead.

The test for census enumerators will be held at several places throughout the district on Feb. 5th, and each applicant will receive a card admitting him to examination that date.

A person to be eligible to appointment as enumerator must be a citizen of the United States between the ages of 18 and 70, and must never have been convicted of a crime. If he is an assessor or is in any way connected with the assessment of collection of taxes he can not serve as an enumerator. In this connection all township and village assessors elected in 1909, except in villages incorporated under special laws, are ineligible for appointment. The Minnesota legislature in 1909 passed a law (Chapter 316) which makes the terms of township and village assessors two years instead of one, and extends the terms of all those elected in 1909 to cover the assessment period of 1910. Under the rules of the Post Office Department, postmasters, mail clerks and carriers are also prohibited from serving as enumerators.

A GOOD ROADS ORGANIZATION

Good Roads Club With Forty Members Organized in Red Lake Falls.

Township Officers Should Co-Operate in Effort to Secure Better Highways.

Last Saturday evening a number of the business and professional men of the city met at the office of P. B. Gaass and a Good Roads Club was organized. The new organization starts out with a membership of forty and many more will become interested in the work the club plans to do. The officers elected are:

President—S. M. Sivertson
Vice President—Dr. N. M. Watson
Secy.-Treas.—F. L. Farley

Board of Directors—V. M. Higinbotham, J. A. Duffy, Geo. F. Hennings, Samuel Gibeau. The officers are also members of the board of directors.

The club will undertake practical work. An effort will be made to get the roads leading into the city into better condition and the matter of securing the erection of guide boards along the highways of the county will be taken up. Other work will be taken up, though the plan of campaign for better roads has not been definitely decided upon.

The townspeople who are interested in this movement ask the co-operation of the township officers and of the country people in general. Everybody will be benefitted by the improvement of the highways and general co-operation is most desirable.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
January 4th, 1910.

Pursuant to law, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in Regular session in the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, Jan. 4th, 1910 A. D.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Lindquist and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock P. M. and the minutes of the meetings of Sept. 14, Sept. 28, (Special Ditch), Sept. 28, (Special), Oct. 30, (Special Ditch), Sept. 28, (Special), Oct. 30, (Special Ditch), Oct. 30, (Special), Nov. 0, (Special Ditch), Nov. 6, (Special), Nov. 27, (Special Ditch), and Nov. 27 (Special), were read, and on motion duly carried, were accepted as read.

The chairman appointed Demann and Johnson tellers and the board proceeded to ballot for chairman of the board of county commissioners for the ensuing year. Commissioner C. A. Lindquist received four votes and Commissioner Demann received one vote. C. A. Lindquist having received a majority of the votes cast was declared elected chairman of the board for the ensuing year by vice-chairman Demann.

The board proceeded to elect a vice-chairman for the ensuing year. Commissioner Wm. C. L. Demann received five votes and was declared elected vice chairman for the ensuing year by the chairman of the board.

On motion unanimously carried Lucian Philiou was appointed court house janitor for the year 1910 at a salary of $50.00 per month, and the county auditor was empowered to draw his warrant in favor of Lucian Philiou monthly in that amount.

Motion made by Demann duly seconded by Pigeon that $100.00 be and the same is hereby transfered from the Revenue Fund into the Incidental Fund. Motion carried.

The following report was submitted by the county board of audit:

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota:

Gentlemen: We, the undersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake county, convened at the office of the county treasurer of said county on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910, for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books and vouchers of H. E. Ives, county treasurer of said county, and to count, and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found said treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on January 3rd, 1910, in the aggregate sum of $104,820.64.

And we find the treasurer in the possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amounts as follows:

Cash in safe	$ 07.55
Town orders	200.00
Deposited in First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	20427.23
Deposited in Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls	15680.15
Deposited in First State Bank of Thief River Falls	10047.57
Deposited in First National Bank of Thief River Falls	16100.52
Deposited in Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls	12058.49
Deposited in Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire	12080.78
Deposited in First State Bank of Brooks	8668.70
Deposited in Peoples State Bank of Thief River Falls	10342.87
Deposited in First State Bank of Plummer	8216.70
Total funds on hand Jan. 3, 1910	$104,820.64

Respectfully Submitted,
A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor,
C. W. Johnson, Clerk of Dist. Court,
C. A. Lindquist, Chairman Co. Com.
Board of Audit, Red Lake County.

The petition of Rock Lefebre to be set off with his lands from School Dist. No. 7 to School Dist. No. 120 was read, and on motion duly carried, was laid over.

The petition of Thomas Moreau to be set off with his lands from School District No. 7 to School District No. 120 was read, and on motion duly carried a day of hearing was set for February 24th, 1910, at 2:00 P. M.

The petition of Anton F. Danda to be set off with his lands from School Dist. No. 55 to School Dist. No. 40 was read, and on motion duly carried a day of hearing was set for February 24th, 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

Resolved that the Town of Gervais be re-imbursed in the sum of $200.00 from the County Road & Bridge Fund on account of an appropriation made by the county board but not drawn to aid the said town in repairing the road between Sections 10 and 21 and Sections 15 and 22 in said Town.

Resolution prevailed.

The application of the Town of Silverton for an appropriation of $300.00 from the Road and Bridge Fund to aid the Town in the construction of a certain highway in said town was on Motion duly carried laid over.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Johnson that an auctioneer's license be granted to Ingveld Husby of Garnes township as per his application on file.

Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the county auditor, chairman of the county board and county attorney constitute a purchasing committee for the ensuing year and nothing is to be bought without the consent of the said committee.

Motion carried.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 7:30 P. M.

Board reconvened at 7:30 p. m.

All members present.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

The certified lists of Grand and Petit Jurors was made and ordered filed with the clerk of court.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 8:30 A. M., January 5th, 1910.

Meeting reconvened at 8:30 A. M., January 5th, 1910.

All members present.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the county wolf bounty of $5.00 on full grown wolves and $3.00 on cubs be discontinued from date.

Motion carried unanimously.

Resolved that the sum of $200.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the village of St. Hilaire in the purchasing and placing of a 0 foot corrugated culvert where the road crosses the county ditch on South Broadway St. in St. Hilaire.

Resolution prevailed.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson seconded by Commissioner Demann that the sum of $250.00 be set aside as a contingent fund for the county attorney.

Motion carried.

The chairman of the county board announced the membership of the different committees as follows:

Finance committee: Johnson, Aubol and Pigeon.

Ditch committee: Demann, Pigeon and Johnson.

Bond and Interest: Aubol, Demann and Johnson.

Road and Bridge: Pigeon, Aubol and Demann.

Court house and jail: Demann, Johnson and Pigeon.

The matter of designating an official newspaper for the county of Red Lake for the year 1910 was taken up and bids opened.

The following bids was submitted by E. L. Quist, owner of the Thief River Falls Press and the Plummer Pioneer:

Thief River Falls, Minn.
Jan. 4th, 1910.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county.

Gentlemen: I hereby offer to do the official county printing of Red Lake county for the year 1910 at the prices hereinafter stated:

All the printing to appear in the Thief River Press and the Plummer Pioneer, and I farther agree to furnish supplements to all the official papers in the county for their county circulation upon receipt a statement from any or all of them and a statement to the effect that they desire the same to be furnished as a supplement to their publication. The work will be done at the following prices: Delinquent tax lists at 7½ cents per description, Annual Financial Statement at 87½ cents per folio for the first insertion and 17 cents per folio for the second insertion. All the proceedings of the Board of county commissioners and all other legal publications required by law to be published at 37½ cents per folio for the first insertion and 17 cents per folio for all subsequent insertions.

Suitable bonds will be furnished upon acceptance of this bid.

Respectfully submitted,
E. L. Quist.

Thief River Falls, Minn,
Jan. 4th, 1910.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County,

Gentlemen: I hereby offer to do the official printing of Red Lake county for the year 1910 at the prices hereinafter stated.

All of the printing to appear in the Thief River Press and the Plummer Pioneer.

The work will be done at the following prices: Delinquent tax list at 6 cents per description, annual financial statement at 29 cents per folio for the first insertion and 14 cents per folio for each subsequent insertion. All proceedings of the board of county commissioners and all legal publications required by law to be published at 29 cents per folio for the first insertion and 14 cents per folio for all subsequent insertions.

Suitable bonds will be furnished upon the acceptance of this bid.

Respectfully submitted,
E. L. Quist.

The following bid was submitted by the Thief River Falls News:

To the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Gentlemen: In consideration of the Thief River Falls News being made the official paper of Red Lake county

(Continued From Page Four)

LIFE OF JOHN A. JOHNSON

The Interesting Story of a Remarkable Career.

The Life of John Albert Johnson is now offered for sale and there is a big demand for the book. Frank Jeffers is manager of sales for southern Red Lake county and he says that he has already received fifty orders for the book with very little solicitation. The book is very neatly made; it is well printed and bound and is finely illustrated. It is the work of two personal friends of the late governor, Messrs. Day and Knappen, the former Mr. Johnson's private secretary during his incumbency of the governor's office. The book may be had in cloth, half-leather or full-leather binding at $2.00, $3.50 and $5.00.

TO BE BRONZE STATUE

Commission Decides Upon the Memorial to Late Governor John A. Johnson.

The memorial to the late Gov. John A. Johnson will take the form of a bronze statue of heroic size that will be located on the capital grounds in the city of St. Paul. The sculptor will be selected without prize-offering competition, the executive committee of the commission being authorized to request one or more sculptors of national and international reputation to submit sketch models, from which the committee, with the approval of the commission, will make the final selection. The selection of a site on the capital grounds for the statue will be left to the executive commission, which has been instructed to consult with Gov. Eberhart and Cass Gilbert, architect of the state capitol, and to report its findings to the commission for final approval.

The fund raised by voluntary subscriptions, after deducting $275 for expenses, amounts to $23,900. About 90,000 people contributed to the fund. The school children of the state contributed $2,478. Nearly $1,000 came from people residing outside of Minnesota.

Peanut Shells for Breakfast.

An Associated Press dispatch from Chicago, dated Jan. 3, says:

The Chicago Federation of Labor yesterday adopted resolutions calling upon the National Pure Food Commission to investigate if peanut shells constitute the basic element in the manufacture of breakfast foods.

"In a recent freight train wreck it was discovered that several cars consigned to breakfast food concerns were loaded with peanut shells from the peanut butter factories in the south," said Pres. John Fitzpatrick.

Intoxicating Extracts Next.

Lemon and vanilla extracts are the next things W. E. Johnson, government Indian agent, is going after in the reservation countries of the northern part of Minnesota, where he has just closed nearly sixty saloons.

Mr. Johnson has found by long experience that the closing of saloons and the shutting off of whiskey itself is invariably followed by some substitute which "Poor Lo" resorts to. In Minnesota it is the flavoring extracts, according to W. G. Calderwood, secretary of the state prohibition committee. Some of these extracts contain as high as 40 per cent of alcohol and a couple of small bottles are guaranteed to produce a drunken Indian.—Fertile Journal.

Lizotte-Roy.

The marriage of Charles Roy to Miss Mary Lizotte, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Vitol Lizotte, occurred at 9 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 19. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph's church in the presence of relatives and a few invited guests, Rev. Fr. Bossus officiating. Following the ceremony there was a wedding dinner and reception at the home of the bride's parents.

AN ODE TO JOHN KING

Senior Editor of the Gazette Has Spot Light Turned Upon Him.

Is Hailed as the New Leader of Democracy in State of Minnesota.

The Gazette will break away from the print shop rule of not printing things about the members of the Gazette family, because this story is about John E. King, the senior editor, and he isn't here to protest against its publication. The state fair election which has supplied much material for political dopesters recently resulted in a surprise. Many people believed that the election of John J. Furlong to the presidency of the state agricultural society would make of the state fair patronage a big political machine. A fight was made on Mr. Furlong. After his election had been conceeded, his defeat was accomplished, J. M. Underwood of Lake City being elected, and the state convention was thrown into all sorts of spasms of excitement.

In its report of the unusual event the Minneapolis Tribune had the following to say:

"In the triumphant procession which the Underwood victors led last night through the streets of St. Paul, the chariot of the democratic kitchen cabinet was the chief interest. Driving that chariot is John King, state librarian. Mr. King today is the leading figure in democracy, eclipsing in importance the position formerly occupied by Frank A. Day, chairman of the democratic state central committee.

"As a result of the victory, the friends of Mr. King were boosting him last night as a successor to Mr. Day in the leadership of the democratic party. In the lobby of the Merchants hotel, where the victorious and defeated ones gathered, "all hail to John King" was the slogan. It was generally acknowledged that, although the kitchen cabinet had taken a prominent part in the state fair fight under the direction of Frank A. Day, it was under the direct leadership of John King, supported by State Senator Harry Weis, of Le Suer, that actual victory had been planned and won."

The Tribune also printed a poetic effusion which will be of interest to Gazette readers so it is printed below:

O State Fair trinity,
Band of the noble three!
Long wave John King!
Day, Weis, and John they are,
Of these three John's the star—
For he can see most far:
Long wave John King!
O Kitchen Cabinet,
This be thy motto yet:
Long wave John King!
Who says your power is dead,
With such men at your head?
You sleep just when your fed—
Long wave John King!

Teachers Examinations.

Examinations for common school teachers certificates will be held at Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls on February 3, 4 and 5, 1910.

Thursday, February 3rd.
(First Grade Studies.)
A. M.— 8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Geometry.
10:15 Physics.
P. M.— 1:30 Algebra.
3:15 Physical Geography or General History.

Agriculture may be taken at some one (only one) of the above periods, and may be substituted for either Geometry or Physical Geography.

Friday, February 4th.
Second Grade Studies.
A. M. 8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M. 1:15 Geography.
2:45 Composition and Penmanship.
3:40 Reading.

Saturday, February 5th.
(Second Grade Studies Continued)
A. M. — 8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M. — 1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Drawing.

If Professional Test consumes less than 60 minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed 30 minutes earlier.

Yours Sincerely,
H. F. Anderson,
Co. Supt. Red Lake Co.

—Alton Jackson of St. Hilaire is the new operator at the Great Northern station.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Foreign.

The Russian foreign office has taken no action on the memorandum presented by the United States government relative to the neutralization of the Manchurian railroad, which has been submitted for a careful examination conjointly by the ministers of finance and war. The ultimate attitude of Russia will depend largely upon the reception of the proposals by the other powers, and the developments in this matter will necessarily consume a great deal of time.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook's original note books have arrived at Copenhagen and will be examined by the committee immediately. Hector Salomonsen says, however, that the investigation will not alter the committee's judgment. He has seen the notebooks and is still convinced that the explorer's claim to the discovery of the Pole is not bonafide.

Maurice Henry Hewlett, the novelist, has entered the election fight with a two column manifesto addressed to "workingmen of England," in which, describing himself as one of yourselves, earning my livelihood by the work of my head and hands," he reminds the workers that they form the overwhelming majority of the electorate, and can gain everything they want by two strokes of the pencil in the polling booth.

The first fatality in England to result from a suffragette disturbance occurred when Alfred Hudson, a policeman, died from injuries received during a riot outside the Colliseum on August 19, last. Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, was addressing a mass meeting inside the building. An attempt on the part of a large body of suffragettes to enter precipitated a riot, in which Hudson was injured internally.

General.

Omaha's persistence and determined effort to establish a wool market has again won recognition in the resolutions of the Natural Wool Growers' association adopted in Salt Lake.

The house adopted a resolution providing for an investigation of the interior and forestry departments.

An investigation into the alleged domination of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company by the Pennsylvania system so far as it affects freight shippers in West Virginia is to be made.

J. C. Mabray and other alleged members of the "big store" swindling syndicate will have to stand trial under the indictment returned against them last September by the federal grand jury in Council Bluffs on the charge of conspiracy to use the mails fraudulently.

The names of ten successful architects who have submitted comparative designs for a $2,500,000 monument in New York to Robert Fulton, were made public by the jury of the Robert Fulton Memorial association.

Rev. E. Bart Methodist bishop of Rome, officiated at the laying of the corner stone for the Methodist Episcopal Institute.

After thirty five years in the government service Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Philpott, within six years of being a centenarian, is dead at her home in Washington.

Honoring the memory of Albert Pike, the great exponent of Scottish Rite masonry, exercises celebrating the hundreth anniversary of his birth were held in Washington.

Iowa will send fifty-two delegates to the World's Sunday school convention which will be held in Washington, D. C., on the dates of May 19-24.

The opinion at Washington is that the president will soon break with Speaker Cannon over legislation.

Five war vessels of the United States will take part in the celebration of the first centennial of the independence of the Argentine republic at Buenos Ayres about May next.

Walter Lonsdale, Dr. Frederick A. Cook's secretary, announced that he had received a letter from Dr. Cook, but he declined to give the explorer's address.

At Bordeaux, France, Leon De La Grange, the noted French aeronaut, was killed while making a flight. He fell with his machine from a height of about sixty-five feet and was crushed under wreckage.

In far from good health and grief stricken at the recent sudden death of his daughter, Jean, Samuel L. Clemens, better known as Mark Twain, sailed for Bermuda.

On account of floods Los Angeles was isolated forty-eight hours.

A bill is pending in congress looking to the promoting of rifle practice.

An Alaskan prospector denies Cook's story in which he is alleged to have been rescued from a bear by the explorer.

The United States government is dissatisfied with President Madriz in Nicaragua.

Representative James M. Griggs of the second Georgia district died suddenly at his home.

The six tickets for a quarter ordinance at Minneapolis, Minn., was declared invalid by the supreme court.

Director Durand has solved the race problem so far as the taking of the census is concerned.

Secretary Knox would add to international prize court so as to make it a court of arbitral justice.

Representative Kinkaid of Nebraska offered a resolution seeking to refund money to registers of land offices.

Omaha Indians voted against proposed merger in a council held at Walthill.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of Captain Charles E. Vreeland of the navy to be a rear admiral.

The Scott expedition in search of the south pole is now assured, the English government having promised $100,000 towards the $200,000 which is the estimated expense.

President Taft is still looking forward to a trip to Alaska late in the coming spring. He proposes to go to the far northwestern territory immediately after the adjournment of congress.

The first of the automatic sugar-weighing scales which the treasury department contemplates introducing at New York is now ready for a test at Boston, where the factory is located.

The shortage of freight cars for the United States now totals 24,054, according to the latest fortnightly bulletin of the American Railway association.

C. H. Ackert, vice president and general manager of the Southern railway, has resigned and it is announced by President Finley that he will retire from the Southern on January 15.

In its search at New York for information about men "higher up" in the sugar underweighing frauds the federal grand jury had before it Secretary Charles R. Heike of the American Sugar Refining company.

Charles Schmidt, alias Mike Jordan, who murdered Mrs. Terese Barnhart, with whom he boarded, gave that crime a sensational climax next morning, when he returned to Akron, O., and killed himself in front of the Barnhart home.

Darius Ogden Mills, one of the most widely known financiers and philanthropists in the United States, a pioneer of California and father of Mrs. Reid, wife of the ambassador to Great Britain, died at his winter home near San Francisco.

Nine persons are dead and two others are not expected to survive as the result of eating canned peaches containing ptomaine poison on Sunday night at Sawtelle, Cal.

War on high prices has begun at Washington by the institution of a boycott against combinations.

W. A. Gorman, traffic manager of the St. Louis, Rock Mountain & Pacific railroad, died after being ill three days at Raton, N. M.

Mrs. Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati has bought the ball park of the Philadelphia National league, for about $250,000. She gives the ball club a ninety-nine year lease on the park with the privilege of buying it at the end of twenty years.

Darius Ogden Mills, the New York financier and philanthropist, died at his rural home, Millbrae, of heart failure.

In an opinion by Justice Day the supreme court of the United States held to be invalid the ordinance adopted by the city council of the city of Minneapolis, Minn., in 1907, requiring the Minneapolis Street Railway company to sell six tickets for 25 cents.

Washington.

Representative Hitchcock of Omaha issued a statement in which he virtually admitted that he is considering becoming a candidate at the primaries for United States senator to succeed Senator Burkett. Mr. Hitchcock declined to make a formal announcement of his candidacy, but his friends in the house declare that he will do so at a later day.

Efforts are to be made at the present session of congress to have that body pass a law permitting the compulsory retirement of superanuated government employes and providing for pensions for such employes. Secretary MacVeagh has instructed Herbert D. Brown of his department to drew up a plan.

Officials of the public health and marine hospital service in this city are congratulating themselves on the fact that during the last calendar year there was a general and marked improvement in the public health conditions throughout the United States.

December's fiscal operations of the national government showed a balance on the credit side—the first time during the fiscal year 1909-10, and the first time since the Payne-Aldrich tariff law went into effect. The receipts aggregated $59,827,636 and the disbursements $57,713,790, leaving a balance of $2,113,741.

The first and probably the most brilliant of the formal state receptions planned for the present White House season was given by the president and Mrs. Taft in honor of the diplomatic corps. Some 1,600 guests in all were invited. Mrs. Taft was present throughout the evening.

Senator Crawford of South Dakota introduced a resolution calling upon the department of commerce and labor to make an investigation to ascertain the reasons for the exceedingly high cost of living. Crawford has been in consultation with officials of the department and they have assured him that they can furnish the desired information if congress authorizes the investigation.

A fortune of $60,000 in gilt-edged securities awaits the heirs of Jeremiah Moynihan, an aged miser-ragman who died in St. Louis last week.

Personal.

Finkelstein, the would-be robber of New York, was found dead in a tunnel leading to the vaults.

Representative Norris has an article in La Follette's magazine on the rule of Speaker Cannon.

General William Booth, the founder of the Salvation army, was granted a new trial in his effort to oust the American Salvation army.

President Madriz says resentment over the killing of Groce and Cannon is justified.

Under the Nebraska law the assignment of wages is not legal and can not be collected.

President Gompers has accepted an invitation to speak in Kansas City in February.

Representative Norris said withholding of patronage would not cause him to cease his insurgency.

The attorney general of Nebraska filed a suit to prevent the Burlington and Union Pacific railroads from selling intoxicants on dining cars.

JOHNSON STATUE

CAPITOL SITE IS CHOSEN FOR THE MONUMENT FOR JOHN ALBERT JOHNSON.

WORK TO BEGIN AT ONCE

Memorial Commission Will Engage Noted Sculptor.—Nearly Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars Contributed to Memorial.

Minneapolis, Minn.— Approximately $25,000 will be expended on a magnificent bronze statue of Governor John Albert Johnson, designed by a distinguished sculptor, and placed on the state capitol grounds at St. Paul. This was decided upon by the Governor J. A. Johnson Memorial commission in a meeting at the Minnesota club. The statue will be of heroic size, eight of the 14 commissioners present voting in favor of the standing posture.

The commission decided not to have an open competition, but authorized the executive committee to select a sculptor of world-wide prominence, requesting him to submit a sketch and design. The selection of the exact site on the capitol grounds was left to the executive committee, acting with Governor Eberhart and Cass Gilbert, final powers resting with the commission.

Treasurer B. F. Nelson's report showed a total of $23,950.40 subscribed. This probably will be augmented to some extent before the completion of the statue, as a resolution was passed that the fund be left open as long as the commission exists, although there will be no canvassing.

The report of the subscriptions by counties showed Ramsey in the lead, with $6,810.12, or more than one-fourth of the total collected. Hennepin is second with $3,605.99; St. Louis county third, with $2,407.37. Jackson county was the most backward of all with but $4.50 to its credit. Minnesota school children showed their love for their dead governor by sending in $2,478. Contributions from points outside the state footed up to $836.50.

An entirely different fund being raised in Nicollet county, the home of Governor Johnson, practically estopped the citizens of that district from participating in the larger movement for the monument at the state capitol. St. Peter, the county seat of Nicollet county, was the only other bidder for the location of the state memorial, but, in view of the fact that another monument was being provided for the grave side, the capitol was given the unanimous preference.

Those present at the meeting of the commission were: President C. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; Vice President A. C. Weiss, Duluth; Treasurer B. F. Nelson, Minneapolis; Secretary C. W. Ames, St. Paul; D. M. Neill, Red Wing; Elmer E. Adams, Fergus Falls; L. J. Boughner, Minneapolis; H. G. Day, Albert Lea; W. H. Hunter, St. Paul; Mrs. C. O. Highee, St. Paul; H. V. Jones, Minneapolis; S. B. Nelson, Luverne; A. J. Sackett, St. Peter.

FATHER OF ST. CLOUD DEAD.

St. Cloud. — John L. Wilson, the father of St. Cloud, and one of the oldest pioneers in this section of the state, died at the hospital in this city, at the age of 90.

Coming to this city in the year 1853, he had lived here continuously, and up to the time of his retirement was prominently associated with everything that led to the upbuilding of the city and country. He was born at Columbus, Me., Feb. 24, 1820.

John L. Wilson.

School at Melrose Is Burned.

St. Cloud. — The parochial school at Melrose was totally destroyed by fire. The blaze started in the basement and was not discovered until the children saw the smoke rising through the floor. All of the children escaped injury, but many lost their wraps and books. The loss is estimated at $5,000 and is covered by insurance.

LINE FROM MANKATO TO TWINS.

Movement to Construct Street Railway Between Cities on Foot.

Mankato.—A movement is on foot having for its purpose the construction of an electric line from this city to the Twin Cities. It is proposed to connect it at Savage with the Dan Patch line. J. D. Browning, who recently promoted the Sioux City-Spirit Lake line is pushing the enterprise, and has enlisted the support of many of the business men.

HIS BOND IS NO GOOD.

Security of Alleged Embezzling Official Probably Worthless.

East Grand Forks, Jan. 10.—From present indications, East Grand Forks will be out $4,600. C. P. Zimmerman's alleged defalcations. Word has been received here that the Metropolitan Surety Company of New York, from which company Zimmerman received his bond, has been in the hands of a receiver for about a year past and is practically insolvent.

Joseph Tetlie.

Graduate of St. Olaf college at Northfield, Minn., who was awarded the scholarship by the presidents of the University of Minnesota and the other universities and colleges in the state. This will entitle him to a course at Oxford university, England.

STATE FAIR PROBE.

Public Examiner Schaefer Makes Report to Governor.

St. Paul, Minn.—No direct, but some indirect criticism of the management of the state fair, is contained in the report of the examination just made by Public Examiner Anton Schaefer. The report is a voluminous affair, covering over 50 typewritten pages. It states conditions at the fair with much detail. It shows the manner in which money is expended, tables of expenditures, touches on the matter of passes, insinuatingly refers to the expense account of John J. Furlong for "special work" quoting the words "special work" and calling attention to the fact that no report or explanation is made of the character of the "special work."

Public Examiner Schaefer's report, being made to the governor, can be used by the next executive as the basis of recommendations to the legislature, if he so chooses. In view of the coming election of officers of the state fair board, it will attract more than usual attention. The public examiner expressly states that all accounts are correct, but he dwells with a special emphasis on the matter of expense accounts, so much so that it is clear that he intends the expenditures do not appeal to him as entirely proper, although he expressly refrains from saying so.

Anton Schaefer.

JOHN LIND OUT OF POLITICS.

Former Governor Writes He Will Never Be Candidate.

New Ulm. — "No, you will never have an opportunity to vote for me again. I shall not be a candidate for office. Such time as I can spare for public work I give to the university, and really a good deal more time than I can afford to spare. I don't know of any better way in which to show, in fact, at least my gratitude to the people of the state for the many honors I have enjoyed at their hands in the past.

("Signed) JOHN LIND."

The foregoing letter was received this week by a close personal friend of Mr. Lind who resides in this city, in response to an urgent request that he enter the gubernatorial race, and who incidentally approved of his leanings towards county option and other views entertained by the ex-governor.

Mrs. Ledheter Leaves State.

Mankato.—Mrs. Grace Ledheter, declared innocent of the murder of her husband, H. J. Ledheter, left the city, accompanying her father to his farm near Spooner, Wis. Her departure occurred sooner than her attorneys had given out. Mrs. Ledheter and her friends thought it would be wisdom on her part to leave the city.

SMITH TO BE SENTENCED SOON.

Convicted Slayer of H. J. Ledheter Will Hear Fate Next Tuesday.

Mankato.—Frank Smith, who was convicted of the murder of the late H. J. Ledheter, is to receive his sentence next Tuesday afternoon. His attorney has taken steps to secure a new trial for him claiming that the jurors learned of the past record while in the jury box, and alleging errors in the court's rulings. The motion will be argued in a few days.

MARCH 1 FOR THE INCOME TAX.

St. Paul.—Minnesota corporations doing interstate business who come in the pale of the federal law which demands that a statement be filed at the end of each calendar year showing the volume of business done and the amount of profits, so that the income tax can be assessed, will have until March 1 to do these statements instead of Jan. 1.

H. F. Daine, deputy collector of internal revenue, will have charge of the collection in this city.

JONES IS GUILTY

SO SAYS JURY IN RUGBY BANK WRECKING CASE—CONVICTED ON 14 COUNTS.

JURY WAS OUT 4 HOURS

Judge's Charge to Jury Fair—Evidence Should Show Embezzlement of National Bank Currency.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 13.—After listening for two hours to the charge of Judge Charles F. Amidon, followed by a score of objections by Judge Edward Engerud, the jury in the case of the United States against Andy Jones, indicted and tried on the charge of embezzlement, misapplication, abstraction, the making of false entries and issuing of false certificates of deposit, retired at exactly 12 o'clock this noon to weigh the evidence and decide the fate of the accused man.

In opening, the court enumerated the counts that had been dismissed leaving fourteen for the consideration of the jury. The remaining counts were then taken up singly. The statute relating to embezzlement was read to the jury.

The jury returned its verdict at 4:40 p. m.

Jones was found guilty on all but one of the fifteen counts upon which the government based its case.

On receiving the verdict of guilty, Judge C. F. Amidon raised Jones' bail bonds to $50,000. During the trial he has been out on $20,000 bonds.

Jones is now in the custody of U. S. Marshall James Shea.

The daringness of the defendant was demonstrated when he placed his fate in the hands of the jury without one iota of evidence being offered in his behalf. Nothing but an argument before the jury was made. By some it is held that the former manager of the Rugby institution has failed to realize the seriousness of the situation, stoutly maintaining of the innocence at all times.

Never has the outcome of a case in the federal court been watched so closely.

LAMPHER MADE CONFESSION.

Had Guilty Knowledge of Death of Three Men.

St. Louis, Jan. 14.—According to The Post-Dispatch, Ray Lamphere, who died recently in the penitentiary at Michigan City, Ind., while serving sentence for burning the home of Mrs. Belle Gunness near LaPorte, Ind., did not carry the secrets of the Gunness charnal house to the grave.

The Post-Dispatch, in a copyrighted story today, says Lamphere confessed, when he thought he was near death, to a man of unassailable character.

Lamphere, according to The Post-Dispatch, had guilty knowledge of the murders of three men in the Gunness home during the time he lived there about eight months in 1907, and he assisted Mrs. Gunness in disposing of the bodies of three men. He said he thought he had not received as much of the profits of the transaction as he considered himself entitled to and he went to the farm house one night with a woman, chloroformed Mrs. Gunness, her three children and Jennie Olson. He and the women then searched the house, finding between $60 and $70. The light they used was a candle and they left the house without knowing they left behind a spark that soon burst into flames.

Mrs Gunness' method of killing her victims, Lamphere said, was first to chloroform them as they slept and then if the drug did not kill to sever the head with an axe.

Each time when a man was to be murdered, according to Lamphere, she sent him to buy chloroform. When Hegelin came from South Dakota with a check for $2,893, the check was cashed. Mrs. Gunness sent Lamphere to Michigan City to remain all night. He, however, returned unexpectedly to the Gunness home and through a hole in the floor heard Hegelin groan in distress and beg Mrs. Gunness to send for a doctor. Lamphere said she had given Heglin chloroform. Hegelin fell to the floor, and presently he saw Mrs. Gunness strike Hegelin and end his life. He helped Mrs. Gunness bury the man the next day.

To Avoid Scandal.

Brussels, Jan. 14.—The royal family, with the exception of Princess Louise, daughter of the late King Leopold, have arranged to do everything possible to avoid law suits and scandal in connection with the distribution of Leopold's fortune.

Burglars Strangle Nurse.

Millbrook, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Sarah Bramer, nine-girl, employed by Mr. and Mrs. Barnes Compton, in this place, was strangled to death this morning by burglars, who robbed the Compton mansion of jewelry valued at $10,000.

Theatrical People in Fire.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Many theatrical people, most of them scantily dressed, were driven into the street by a fire which did slight damage to the Richmond hotel today. Many chorus girls were rescued by firemen.

YALE MAN APPOINTED.

Taft Names Henry S. Graves as Chief Forester.

Washington, Jan. 14. — President Taft yesterday appointed Henry S. Graves, director of the Yale forest school, a forester of the United States to succeed Gifford Pinchot. He also appointed Albert F. Potter, at present acting forester, as associate forester.

The forester and his associate are both known as Pinchot men. Both have served under Mr. Pinchot and both are in sympathy with his policy of administration.

Ice Gorge Breaks.

St. Louis, Jan. 13.—The ice gorge, which broke in the Missouri river at Hermann last night, reached St. Louis this morning. At between 7:30 and 8:30 o'clock the Mississippi river here rose more than a foot and the gauge stood at 25.7 feet. Gorges below the city continue to hold. Damage to shipping may result from high water.

Jams Sweep Bridges Away

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 14.—Bridges across the Kansas river at Willard, Valencia and Lecompton were swept away during the night by the ice jams.

BULLOCK FOR FORESTER

REPORTED THAT TAFT MAY NAME HIM

President Is Perplexed by Situation in South Dakota and Bullock Is Qualified

Washington, Jan. 11 — In casting about for a successor to Gifford Pinchot to head the forestry service, it was reported today that President Taft might offer the place to Seth Bullock, United States marshall for South Dakota. At the present time Albert F. Potter designated as the acting head of the service seems to be the leading candidate but there are persistent rumors that the president may believe an entirely new man might better reorganize the service.

Bullock is in many respects as close a friend of Former President Roosevelt as is Mr. Pinchot. He was once chief of the forestry rangers in the Black Hills, and is thoroughly familiar with the whole subject of forestry. The political situation in South Dakota has been giving the president some concern of late and Senators Crawford and Gamble have been frequent callers at the White House.

Bullock has been designated for reappointment as marshall for South Dakota. His term expires this month.

AMERICANS STIRRED UP.

U. S. Aviators at Los Angeles After Frenchman's Scalp.

Los Angeles, Jan. 11.—Paulhan's debonaire assumption of the hero part, with his peculiar series of flights at Aviation field, yesterday, has stirred the rival American aviators to a determination to oust him today from the position he snatched suddenly from them when he swept from behind his aeroplane tent and flew over the huge grandstand, dangerously close to the heads of the cheering thousands of spectators.

It is now a contest between America and France, and this is the first day on which the flights will count for prizes.

Williard and Hamilton, who, no less than their chief, Curtiss, are determined to eclipse the performances of the Frenchman, spent hours early today getting ready for their tests.

FEAR WARM WEATHER.

Ohio and Allegheny Rivers Are Near Damage Line.

Pittsburg, Jan. 11.—Bankful of grinding and crunching ice, the Allegheny river today presents a menace to shipping interests should the present cold snap terminate suddenly, as is anticipated by the official weather forecaster.

The Ohio river at this point is ice-gorged, the floes extending as far back up the Allegheny river as Freeport. River navigation has again been abandoned. Coal is to be shipped south today by rail. An estimated 3,000,000 bushels of coal lies unmoved in the coal tows drawn up for safety at points in the Pittsburg territory.

With a rising temperature scheduled for the next forty-eight hours, shipping interests are greatly endangered.

Trial Nearly Finished.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 12.—It was stated in the court room shortly after adjournment of court this afternoon that the defense in the Jones case would have no evidence to offer. Unless arguments of the attorneys are exceptionally lengthy the case will probably go to the jury some time tomorrow afternoon.

To show business principles employed by Andy Jones, the prosecution this afternoon called A. W. Wells, a banker of Hermann, Minn., who purchased five notes from the Rugby financier, three aggregating $6,500, two being withheld. All of the notes are worthless and are now held by Wells. Except to show the methods of Jones, the transaction had no direct bearing on the present charges for which Jones is being tried. The prosecution is expected to rest by 3:30.

Wallace Statue Unveiled.

Washington, Jan. 11.—In commemoration of his great services to his state and country, a statue of Gen. Lew Wallace, soldier, author and diplomat, was today placed in the capitol, thus making another notable addition to the galaxy of great Americans, whose effigies adorn Statuary hall. Oliver P. Morton, who was governor of Indiana, is another citizen who has been honored by the hoosier state in the same manner. The unveiling today was made the occasion of an imposing ceremony.

The figure was unveiled by Lew Wallace, jr., grandson of the general. Gov. Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana accepted the statue on behalf of his state from the commission which has charge of its preseration.

Shows Found Clean.

Minneapolis, Jan. 12.—The local theatres are not overstepping the moral lines laid down by the Civic Federation just now according to statements made at the regular weekly meeting of that body today.

Cabinet Discusses Message.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The greater part of today's regular session of the cabinet meeting was taken up with a discussion of President Taft's forthcoming message to congress.

Pension for Mrs. Cleveland.

Washington Jan. 11.—A pension of $6,000 a year is due Mrs. Grover Cleveland, according to precedents. Senator Root today presented to the senate a bill making the grant. The amount is the same as allowed to Mrs. McKinley, Mrs. Garfield, Mrs. Polk and Mrs. Tyler widowed wives of former presidents.

Prisoner Perishes in Fire.

Pierre, S. D. Jan. 11.—William Whalen of Blunt, S. D., who was a prisoner in the city jail here, perished last night in a fire which partially destroyed the building.

Explosion Kills Four.

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 11.—Tom Kruegger was killed, Guy Veach and Thomas Finley fatally injured and a fourth victim died on the way to the hospital. The explosion shook the city breaking all windows for blocks around. The property loss is $30,000.

Austrian Ruler Ill.

London, Jan. 11.—There was a rumor on the stock exchange today that Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria was dangerously ill. No confirmation of the rumor was had here this afternoon nor could the source of the alarming news be found.

RIVERS ARE HIGH

CITIES OF ST. LOUIS AND PITTSBURG ENDANGERED BY RISING WATER.

WARNINGS ARE SENT OUT

St. Louis Weather Bureau Sends Out Warning to Protect Property—Ohio Mississippi and Missouri Threaten

St. Louis, Jan 12.—Rains today in Missouri and northern points caused the Mississippi river to assume a threatening aspect. The weather bureau issued a warning to river men to be prepared to protect their property. The Mississippi river is gorged with ice from Chester, Ill., sixty miles below St. Louis, to this city and additional precipitation and melting snow will cause the river to rise.

The Missouri river is gorged at Hermann, Mo., and many smaller gorges are reported north of St. Louis. If the big gorge below here breaks first no great danger will result from the gorges north coming down. The gauge stood this morning at 21.9 feet, a rise of .7 feet in twenty-four hours.

Pittsburg, Jan. 12—With the temperature mounting today, and a thaw at hand the harbor situation here becomes acute. Thousands of tons of ice gorged in the Monongahela, Allegheny and Ohio rivers presented a serious menace. The government officials investigated with a view to blasting the ice dams in an effort to save shipping and harbor property.

ILLINOIS MOB WOULD LYNCH.

Governor Sends Orders to Prevent Lynching at Any Cost.

Vienna, Ill., Jan. 12.—Everything was quiet at Vienna this morning and the mobs formed to avenge the murder of Allen Clark by three negroes on a passenger train near New Burnside had not arrived in Vienna but Company K of Cairo was on the scene prepared to prevent mob violence. The Cairo company arrived at 4 o'clock this morning, after being many hours on the way. The breaking down of an engine delayed their arrival.

Sheriff Mathis, with a scanty force of volunteers he could muster had guarded the frail structure in which the negroes are confined. With the arrival of the militia, the jail was at once garrisoned and several more companies were expected this morning.

Governor Deneen had given the commanding officer of the militia orders to prevent a lynching no matter what the cost.

BIG STRIKE MAY RESULT.

Chicago Switchmen Tell Grievances to Mediators.

Washington, D. C. Jan. 12.—A strike of the switchmen employed by western railroads operating out of Chicago, is probably dependent upon a conference begun today at the offices of the interstate commission.

For several weeks representatives of the Switchmen's Union of North America and the general managers' committee of the Chicago roads have been endeavoring to reach an agreeable adjustment of differences that have arisen between them. The negotiations failed. The matter, it was then agreed, should be referred to Chairman Knapp of the interstate commerce commission and Dr. Neill, commissioner of labor, as mediators, under the Erdman act.

The mediators began today an effort to bring the parties to the controversy together. Behind closed doors, they heard the first statement of the switchmen's representatives. Subsequently, the general managers' committee was called upon for its side of the controversy.

Found Dead in Berth.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 12.—Prof. William Robertson of Crookston, Minn., superintendent of the experiment station of the state agricultural station, and head of the Minnesota agricultural branch school at Crookston, was found dead in his berth on a Great Northern railroad train, when the train arrived in Minneapolis today.

Professor Robertson was on his way to St. Paul to attend the annual meeting of the State Agricultural society. Heart failure was pronounced as the cause of death.

Professor Robertson was a widely known authority on agricultural matters. He was a brother of Edward Robertson, president of Wesley college, at Grand Forks.

Red River Survey Gets Boost.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Initial steps to force a survey of the Red river and its tributaries took place today when a sub-committee of the committee on rivers and harbors reported in favor of the project.

It is understood that the Hanna-Steenerson bill will now be incorporated in the rivers and harbors appropriation bill and enable the engineers to arrive at the probable cost of the work at an early day.

House Passes White Slave Bill.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 12.—By a viva voce vote, the house today passed the Bennett-Sabbath "white slave" bill.

No Reform for Boston.

Boston, Jan. 12.—Former Mayor John F. Fitzgerald won the mayoralty fight here yesterday, defeating the so-called reform forces, led by James J. Storrow, by about 1,494 votes.

The most remarkable feature of the election to many was the small vote of 1,783, given to the present mayor, George A. Hibbard, who received 38,-000 votes two years ago, being elected on a "reform" ticket, over Fitzgerald. The fourth mayoralty aspirant, Nathanial H. Taylor, found only 629 supporters.

The figures are those announced in the city hall.

Insanity Increasing in New York.

New York, Jan. 12.—Insanity is increasing in New York state at the rate of 1,000 persons a year, according to a statement made by Miss Mary Vida Clark, in addressing the state charities aid association, of which she is the assistant secretary. On Oct. 1, 1909, says Miss Clark, there were 30,489 insane patients in fifteen hospitals.

Insurgents Win Battle.

San Juan, Del Sur Nicaragua, Jan. 12.—Rumors reached here today of a battle at Acoyapa in which the government forces were defeated by the insurgents.

HOW A DRUNKARD IS EXPOSED IN ALBANIA.

The Moslems hate a drunkard and when found guilty of intoxication the prisoner is paraded in the bazaar at Prisrend, the stronghold of Mohammedanism and fanaticism in Albania. The prisoner is placed on a donkey and with a boy beating a drum in front is marched to jail.

TO RAISE VIOLETS

Two New York Girls Make Success on Very Small Capital.

Operate Farm That Brings Them $2,000 Yearly—First Invest in Hotbed Sashes and Afterwards Build Greenhouse.

New York.—"Our violet crop last year netted us more than $2,000," declared a young woman who raises violets for the New York market. "My sister and I began the business about four years ago with a capital of less than $50 and about as little experience as girls who have lived in the country all their lives could have about anything growing in the ground.

"Our first investment was to 12 unglazed hotbed sashes three by six feet at 70 cents a sash. By glazing the whole lot ourselves the cost came to $19.

"It was in the autumn that we began. While glazing was going on we devoted our evenings to studying up varieties. We soon learned that we must choose between the Marie Louise and the Lady Hume Campbell, as they were quoted as the only double variety suited to commercial growing.

"As the Marie Louise violets were the most popular to the New York market and it was there that we intended to market our flowers, of course we decided on them. Early in March we invested $10 in cuttings of that variety and began work to earnest.

"Following the advice of a successful violet grower we potted these cuttings in two-inch pots in a mixture of one part well-rotted manure to three parts garden soil. Besides mixing thoroughly we sifted this soil to make sure that there were no lumps. We then set the pots in a frame in the garden and covered them with four of the sashes. There were about 1,000 pots in all, containing what we have since learned were very poor cuttings indeed.

"While waiting for the cuttings to root we had our frame built into which they were to be set permanently. This frame was only a rough box six feet wide by 36 feet long, 12 inches deep in the back and half as much in front. The lumber cost us three dollars, and we paid a man a dollar for the half day's work of building it.

"The frame was placed on a fertile spot in the garden. Over the surface of the soil we spread well-rotted stable manure to the depth of three or four inches.

"It required all my sister's and my spare time for about a month to work this in and get the soil to our satisfaction. By that time it was the middle of April and our friendly violet grower made a trip of five miles to determine if our cuttings were ready for planting.

"Acting on his advice we selected the largest for planting first, leaving the small ones for the last. We knocked them carefully out of the pots and set them in the frame eight inches apart in six-inch rows. This soon brought us to the end of our space with almost half our plants, most of them quite small, still in the pots.

"There was nothing for it but to build another frame and get more glass. As our cash was running low my sister and I decided to dispense with the carpenter's services and do the building ourselves. This we found easy enough and by the end of the month we had the satisfaction of setting out the last of our young plants. These being very small we set them only six inches apart in five-inch rows.

Our next step was to make a suitable shade against the time when the plants would need protection from the direct rays of the sun. This we constructed ourselves by fastening laths to wire clotheslines with double pointed tacks. We selected this means of protection because the screen could be easily rolled up when not in use.

"Our plants began to bloom about the middle of September, and though we kept the blossoms closely picked we did not attempt to sell them until the first week in October.

"We picked the flowers early in the morning and after putting them up in bunches of 50 each carried them at once to the florist. For our October crop we received only 40 cents a hundred and in November 55 cents.

"During October we built our first greenhouse. It was 60x20 feet and by helping with the work in every possible way we managed to reduce the cost from $80, the first estimate given by the carpenter, to $55.

"The plants were lifted from the frame and set in beds in this greenhouse early in November and so well did we do the work that none of them stopped blooming. At Christmas we picked nearly 4,000 blossoms, which we sold at 90 cents a hundred. As our greenhouse had been built on borrowed money you can imagine how glad we were over this particular sale."

BELLBOY GIVEN $50,000 TIP

Patient Attention to Invalid Woman in San Francisco Hotel Brings Big Reward.

San Francisco.—That Dame Fortune bestows her gifts on the deserving is shown by the experiences of Michael Dunphy, a bellboy at the Argonaut hotel. Last February Mrs. M. M. Potter of Salem, Mass., being sick and nervous, was the bane of the bellboys while she stopped at the hotel. The task of looking after her fell to Mike Dunphy. He accepted the work gracefully and performed his duties in an exceptional manner. When Mrs. Potter left she gave him a check for $100, with a note of appreciation. About two weeks ago Dunphy received a letter from Brown & Corlysle, lawyers of Boston, saying that Mrs. Potter had died and left him $2,500. They inclosed a check for that amount.

Dunphy bought a home for his parents and sent them to Denver for a trip. When the lawyers heard how the boy had disposed of the money they wrote him saying that Mrs. Potter left a further provision in her will to the effect that if the boy disposed of his check wisely he was to have a balance of $47,500, making the total amount $50,000. The letter further declares that the lad may draw on the law firm for the money.

Parrot Gives Fire Alarm.

Chester, Pa.—The screeching of a parrot averted what might have resulted in a destructive fire. The bird, which occupies a cage in Horace Drake's drug store, noticed smoke issuing from the window of Samuel Rigney's store, on the corner. Realizing that the smoke meant danger the parrot began to shriek at a lively rate. Several young men in a cigar store near by rushed out to ascertain the cause of the commotion and saw the smoke. Securing an ax they broke open the door and managed, after considerable difficulty, to extinguish the flames.

Many Matches Each Minute

Three Million Are Struck Every Minute, and Fifteen Billion During Entire Year.

Washington.—By the end of the brief minute taken to read these paragraphs the notions of the civilized world will have struck off 3,000,000 matches. This is the average for every minute of the 24 hours of the day. Fifteen hundred billion is the enormous number for the entire year, and those living under the American flag are said to be responsible for the consumption of one-half of this amount.

The importance of the industry which turns out the little splinters of wood, tipped with sulphur or some other material ignited by friction, is only recognized when the average smoker tries to contemplate his predicament if he had to go back to the time when he had to coax a spark from a tinder box. Of course, the answer is, he would smoke a great deal less because of the difficulty in getting a light, or else, on the other hand, smoke continuously in order to keep alive the fire at the end of his stogie or Havana, pipe or cigarette, as the case might be.

Small and insignificant as it is, the match demands perhaps as much attention in the choice of the wood going into its manufacture as any other forest product. Only the choicest portions of the best trees are suitable. Sapwood, knotty or cross-grained timber will not do. Instead of being a by-product of other articles of manufacture the little match is turned out at hundreds of mills over the country where the by-products are bulky objects like doors, sash, shingles, siding, posts and cordwood. The pines, linden, aspen, white cedar, poplar, birch and willow are the most suitable match timbers.

The match makers—not the matrimonial kind—are already finding that the amount of choice timber available is dwindling. Forest conservation, if applied to the holdings of the match companies, like it is on Uncle Sam's national forests in the west, will do much to make the supply sufficient for a longer number of years than would be the case if the old-time wasteful lumbering methods of a few years ago should continue. The rapid increase in stumpage prices is one of the chief factors in encouraging the wise use of the forests where suitable match timber is available.

Canada Likes U. S. Settler.

New York.—"Both Canada and the United States are approaching the greatest era of prosperity in their history," said Sir Thomas George Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific railroad, as he sailed for Europe.

"The two nations should work together, and Canada stands ready to consider any proposals from the United States looking to the signing of a reciprocity treaty between the two countries.

"We are getting thousands of your people from the northwestern states, and they are becoming permanent residents and loyal Canadians. The Dakota farmer becomes an active Canadian citizen in a very short time."

Boy Hero Gets Medal.

London.—"This is the proudest moment of my life—to be able to honor such a young hero."

Such was the remark of the mayor of Preston at the police court in presenting a Royal Humane certificate for saving four lives to Rowland Mitchell, aged 13, of Ashton-on-Ribble. Mitchell had also brought another person out of the canal, but life was extinct.

The mayor shook hands heartily with the lad and hoped he would live to be still more useful.

Army's Needs in '62 Shown

Musty Documents in Old Rusty Tin Box in New York Safety Vault Throw Light.

New York.—In a rusty tin box which had reposed undisturbed in the vaults of the subtreasury here since the civil war a number of musty, old documents of great historical importance have just been discovered. They will be gone over carefully by experts and preserved either here or in Washington.

One of the more interesting documents is a record which shows to what expedients the government was sometimes compelled to resort to obtain funds with which to defray the expenses of the army during the civil war. Through this paper 50 New York bankers turned over to the government on a single day's notice the sum of $1,200,000.

At that time the document says, the success or failure of the northern army seemed to depend on a speedy moving forward of the sinews of war. The paper bears the date of November 11, 1862.

BAG EVERY VARIETY OF GAME

Washington Hunters Capture Five Bears South of Spokane, Also Pine Marten, Rare Animal.

Spokane, Wash.—C. C. Miller and W. W. Herndon of Dayton, Wash., who have just returned from a hunting and trapping trip of three months in the Blue mountains, south of Spokane, succeeded in bagging specimens of every wild animal native to that part of the northwest. They also had numerous adventures, but none was injured in the encounters with predatory animals. They captured five bears, including two of the largest ever seen in the mountains; two foxes, two lynx, a pine marten, four mountain lions, several raccoons and other smaller animals.

The marten is the first ever seen in the Blue mountains. The collection is valued at several thousand dollars, but is not for sale. Mr. Miller says he has not heard what luck Col. Roosevelt had in Africa.

"But," he added, "if the former president wants some exciting sport in a district probably more isolated than where he is now, I would urge him to pay us a visit."

Mill Finally Closed.

Truckee, Cal.—The last log was sawed by the Truckee Lumber Company at this place the other day and its big mill closed down after more than forty years of profitable industry. It had cut millions of feet of lumber and had denuded a vast area of the mountains of immense forests of pine. Thousands of men have been employed here by this company, and it has operated many miles of railroad into its forests.

The mill is to be dismantled and moved to Oroville, where the company next season will begin sawing logs from the vast virgin forests along the Western Pacific railway.

Letter in the Rivet Keg.

There have been romances and romances, but the latest undoubtedly is the romance of a keg of steel rivets. The outcome of this is being eagerly awaited by 150 men employed at the plant of an iron company at Conshohocken.

The keg arrived at the plant yesterday. When the head was off the workman was surprised to see on top of the commonplace rivets an envelope addressed in a pretty, girlish hand, "To the one who opens this keg."

The ironworker called a comrade or two and they opened the note and read, written on a dainty bit of paper, a few sentences which asked the finder to communicate with the writer. A girl's name was signed at the bottom, above an address in a Massachusetts town.

The finder of the note told others about it and they in turn spread the news until nearly every one at the plant heard it. One hundred and fifty men wrote to the fair correspondent last night, some sending letters and others picture postcards.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Increased Price of Elk Teeth.

"During the last five years the value of elk teeth has more than trebled," said a western traveler at the Frederic, according to the St. Paul Dispatch. "In 1904 you could get any number of fine specimens in Idaho, Montana, Washington and bordering states for $2.50 apiece. Now you will pay from $7.50 to $10, and they are hard to get for even that. The Apache, Sioux, Comanche and Chippewa Indians used to have dozens of them in their possession and traded them for trinkets. But the redskin got wise to their value, and you can buy them from a regular dealer cheaper now than from the Indian. The passing of the elk and the great demand made by the members of the Elk lodge for teeth for emblems have boosted the price."

The traveler recited an incident of an Oklahoman who bought a robe covered with elk teeth from a Wichita Indian for $100. He cut off the teeth and cleaned up $2,200 on the deal.

Happiness in marriage would be more prevalent if a man would handle his wife as tenderly and carefully as he does an old briar pipe.

Boy's Lucky Find.

A remarkable book find by a poor Jewish youth in Whitechapel, London, England, is reported, which argues an eye for books and a business intelligence of a high order. He bought for a cent from a barrow in Mile End Road a copy of Goethe's poems, enriched with Thackeray's signature and crest and a number of his thumb-nail sketches scattered throughout the book. The covers were in bad condition, but the pages were clean. The youth had the shrewdness to make the most of his find himself, and after many negotiations he has now sold the volume for about $100.

French Taxes.

According to statistics of taxes, while there were 94,123 billiard tables in France in 1892, in 1905 there were only 89,230, whereas if the game were holding its own the number should have increased as the children grew to billiard playing age. The decadence of the game, which has had famous votaries, is ascribed to the success of outdoor sports, and especially to the intense and widespread interest now taken in motoring.—Vogue.

A Lesson in Economy.

"I notice you always fling the driver your purse when we take a conveyance," said the heroine of the historical novel.

"I do," admitted the hero of the same.

"How do you expect to support a wife? Give him the exact legal fare hereafter."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Novice.

Old Lawyer (to young partner)—Did you draw up old Moneybag's will?

Young Partner—Yes, sir; and so tight that all the relatives in the world cannot break it.

Old Lawyer (with some disgust)—The next time there is a will to be drawn up, I'll do it myself!—New York Sun.

And Mother Officiates.

Eddie—Do you have morning prayers at your house?

Freddie—We have some kind of a service when father gets in.

Occasionally we meet people who spend half their time telling what they are going to do and the other half explaining why they didn't do it.

Golfer to Honored.

It was agreed at a committee meeting held in St. Andrews to erect a bronze panel representing the head and shoulders in life size of the late Tom Morris. The panel will be placed in the west gable of the royal and ancient clubhouse. The balance of the memorial fund after paying the expenses for this erection will be used to endow a bed in St. Andrew's Cottage hospital to be known as the Tom Morris bed and upon which golf professionals and caddies are to have first claim.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Woman Would Be Legislator.

Miss Gina Krog, of Christiania, has been nominated by the radical party of Norway for deputy in the parliamentary elections now pending. Miss Krog visited the United States last spring on her way to the International Council of Women in Toronto. She delivered several lectures to suffrage societies in New York and spoke to the Norwegian women in Brooklyn. She is said to have had more to do with obtaining the ballot for the women of Norway than any other individual, men or women.

Knowledge Enough.

At the moment of their fall Adam and Eve, being innocent, were used to doing things in an unconscious manner.

That is to say, they didn't Fletcherize.

With the result that they failed of getting the full effect of the apple—all the proteids and carbohydrates.

However, in their blind, blundering way, they attained to enough knowledge of good and evil to make them terrible bores to themselves forever after, and to all their descendants likewise unto the present generation.—Puck.

His Business.

"You see that man across the street? Well, you can always get cut rates from him for his work."

"What is it?"

"Trimming trees and hedges."—Baltimore American.

Where Pepys Won Fame.

"Who was this fellow Pepys, and what is his claim to fame?"

"His claim to fame is well founded, my friend. He's the man who kept a diary for more than a year."

Tomato Bread.

Bakers are not perhaps generally aware that up to a certain point tomatoes can be used with advantage in the manufacture of a bread that has the fine flavor of the fruit, with its stimulating and nourishing propensities; while besides, the bread will keep longer and moister than ordinary bread.

The bread has the characteristic color of the tomato. All that is required is that the tomato mash, after being submitted to a sterilizing temperature, should be carefully screened through a sieve and then used as part of the mixture.

New Chair in Rome University.

A chair in Christian archeology has been established in the University of Rome, by direction of the minister of education, and Prof. Marucci has been appointed as its first occupant. "Marucci, whose entry into the faculty has created much excitement in church circles, is known as the best informed archeologist of the Vatican," says Figaro, "and the only surviving pupil of Rossi, who made the catacombs a life study."

Interesting Information.

In an interview published in the Kieler Neueste Nachrichten, Grossadmiral von Koster says many interesting things about his visit to New York, among them the following: "In the absence of President Taft, who was away on a trip to the Mexican frontier, the place of honor was taken by the vice-president of the United States, Secretary of State Sherman of New York."

Graphic Variations.

"Civilization," remarked the cannibal king, "promotes some strange ideas."

"To whom do you especially refer?" inquired the missionary.

"Among you the ultimate consumer is regarded with sympathy. Here he is considered very lucky."

Mistakes Will Happen.

Lady (to her sister, a doctor)—There—I cooked a meal for the first time to-day and I made a mess of it.

"Well, dear, never mind; it's nothing. I lost my first patient."

If you see a fault in others, think of two of your own, and do not add a third one by your hasty judgment.

Don't Weep At The Ice House.

Some people swell up on "emotion" brewed from absolute untruth.

It's an old trick of the leaders of the Labor Trust to twist facts and make the "sympathetic ones" "weep at the ice house." (That's part of the tale further on.)

Gompers *et al* sneer at, spit upon and defy our courts, seeking sympathy by falsely telling the people the courts were trying in depriving them of free speech and free press.

Men can speak freely and print opinions freely in this country and no court will object, but they cannot be allowed to print matter as part of a criminal conspiracy to injure and ruin other citizens.

Gompers and his trust associates started out to ruin the Bucks Stove Co., drive its hundreds of workman out of work and destroy the value of the plant without regard to the fact that hard earned money of men who worked, had been invested there.

The conspirators were told by the courts to stop these vicious "trust" methods, (efforts to break the firm that won't come under trust rule), but instead of stopping they "dare" the courts to punish them and demand new laws to protect them in such destructive and tyrannical acts as they may desire to do. * * * The reason Gompers and his band persisted in trying to ruin the Bucks Stove Works was because the stove company insisted on the right to keep some old employees at work when "de union" ordered them discharged and some of "de gang" put on.

Now let us reverse the conditions and have a look.

Suppose the company had ordered the union to dismiss certain men from their union, and, the demand being refused, should institute a boycott against that union, publish its name in an "unfair list," instruct other manufacturers all over the United States not to buy the labor of that union, have committees call at stores and threaten to boycott if the merchants sold anything made by that union. Picket the factories where members work and slug them on the way home, blow up their houses and wreck the works, and even murder a few members of the boycotted union to teach them they must obey the orders of "organized Capital?"

It would certainly be fair for the company to do these things if lawful for the Labor Trust to do them.

In such a case, under our laws the boycotted union could apply to our courts and the courts would order the company to cease boycotting and trying to ruin these union men. Suppose thereupon the company should sneer at the court and in open defiance continue the unlawful acts in a persistent, carefully laid out plan, purposely intended to ruin the union and force its members into poverty. What a howl would go up from the union demanding that the courts protect them and punish their law-breaking oppressors. Then they would praise the courts and go on earning a living protected from ruin and happy in the knowledge that the people's courts could defend them.

How could any of us receive protection from law-breakers unless the courts have power to, and do punish such men?

The court is placed in position where it must do one thing or the other—punish men who persist in defying its peace orders or go out of service, let anarchy reign, and the more powerful destroy the weaker.

Peaceful citizens sustain the courts as their defenders, whereas thieves, forgers, burglars, crooks of all kinds and violent members of labor unions, hate them and threaten violence if their members are punished for breaking the law. They want the courts to let them go free and at the same time demand punishment for other men "outside de union" when they break the law. * * * Notice the above reference to "violent" members of labor unions. The great majority of the "unheard" union men are peaceable, upright citizens. The noisy, violent ones get into office and the leaders of the great Labor Trust know how to use this kind of men, in labor conventions and thus carry out the leaders' schemes, frequently abhorrent to the rank and file; so it was at the late Toronto convention.

The paid delegates would applaud and "resolute" as Gompers wanted, but now and then some of the real workingmen insist on being heard, sometimes at the risk of their lives.

Delegate Egan is reported to have said at the Toronto convention:

"If the officers of the federation would only adhere to the law we would think a lot more of them."

The Grand Council of the Provincial Workingmen's Ass'n of Canada has declared in favor of severing all connections with unions in the U. S., saying "any union having its seat of Gov't in America, and pretending to be international in its scope, must fight industrial battles according to American methods. Said methods have consequences which are abhorrent to the law-abiding people of Canada involving hunger, misery, riot, bloodshed and murder, all of which might be termed as a result of the practical war now in progress in our fair province and directed by foreign emissaries of the United Miners of America."

That is an honest Canadian view of our infamous "Labor Trust."

A few days ago the daily papers printed the following:

(By the Associated Press.))

Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.—Characterizing the attitude of Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor in the contempt proceedings in the courts of the District of Columbia, in connection with the Bucks' Stove and range company, as "a willful, premeditated violation of the law," Simon Burns, general master workman of the general assembly, Knights of Labor, has voiced a severe condemnation of these three leaders. Mr. Burns expressed his confidence in courts in general and in those of the District of Columbia in particular.

APPROVED BY DELEGATES.

This rebuke by Burns was in his annual report to the general assembly of his organization. He received the hearty approval of the delegates who heard it read at their annual meeting in this city.

"There is no trust or combination of capital in the world," said Mr. Burns, "that violates laws oftener than do the trust labor organizations, which resort to more dishonest, unfair and dishonorable methods toward their competitors than any trust or combinations in the country."

Mr. Burns said the action of "these so-called leaders" would be harmful for years to come whenever attempts were made to obtain labor legislation.

"The Labor Digest," a reputable workingman's paper, says, as part of an article entitled "The beginning of the end of Gompersism, many organizations becoming tired of the rule-or-ruin policies which have been enforced by the president of the A. F. of L."

"That he has maintained his leadership for so long a time in the face of his stubborn clinging to policies which the more thoughtful workingmen have seen for years must be abandoned, has been on account partly of the sentimental feeling on the part of the organizations that he ought not to be deposed, and the unwillingness of the men who were mentioned for the place, to accept a nomination in opposition to him. In addition to this, there is no denying the shrewdness of the leader of the A. F. of L., and his political sagacity, which has enabled him to keep a firm grip on the machinery of the organization, and to have his faithful henchmen in the positions where they could do him the most good whenever their services might be needed.

"Further than this, he has never failed, at the last conventions, to have some sensation to spring on the convention at the psychological moment, which would place him in the light of a martyr to the cause of unionism, and excite a wave of sympathetic enthusiasm for him, which would carry the delegates off their feet, and result in his re-election.

"That his long leadership, and this apparent impossibility to fill his place has gone to his head, and made him imagine that he is much greater a man than he really is, is undoubtedly the case, and accounts for the tactics he has adopted in dealing with questions before congress, where he has unnecessarily antagonized men to whom organized labor must look for recognition of their demands, and where labor measures are often opposed on account of this very antagonism, which would otherwise receive support.

"There is no doubt but what organized labor in this country would be much stronger with a leader who was more in touch with conditions as they actually exist, and who would bring to the front the new policies which organized labor must adopt if it expects to even maintain its present standing, to say nothing of making future progress."

We quote portions of another article, a reprint, from the same labor paper:

"Organized labor, through its leaders, must recognize the mistakes of the past if they expect to perpetuate their organizations or to develop the movement which they head. No movement, no organization, no nation can develop beyond the intellects which guide these organizations, and if the leaders are dominated by a selfish motive the organization will become tinged with a spirit of selfishness, which has never appealed to mankind in any walk of life at any time since history began.

"It can be said in extenuation of certain leaders of organized labor that the precarious position which they occupy as leaders has had a tendency to cause them to lose sight of the object behind the organization. The natural instinct in man for power and position is in no small measure responsible for the mistakes of the leaders, not necessarily in labor unions alone, but in every branch of society. This desire for power and leadership and personal aggrandizement causes men who have been earnest and sincere in their efforts in the start to deteriorate into mere politicians whose every act and utterance is tinged with the desire to cater to the baser passions of the working majority in the societies or organizations and this is undoubtedly true when applied to the present leaders of the Federation of Labor. We mention the Federation of Labor particularly in this article, because that organization is the only organization of labor which has yet found itself in direct opposition to the laws of the land. There are other organizations of labor whose leaders have made mistakes, but they have always kept themselves and their organizations within the bounds of the law and respected the rights of every other man in considering the rights of themselves and their constituency; whereas, the motto of the Federation is just the reverse, and unless the leaders conform themselves and their organization in accordance with the laws of the land, the leaders and the organization itself must be disintegrated and pass into history, for in America the common sense of mankind is developed to a greater extent than in any other nation on the earth, and the people, who are the court of last resort in this country, will never allow any system to develop in this country which does not meet with the approval of the majority of the citizens of the country.

"This must have forced itself upon the leaders of the Federation by this time. If it has not, the leaders must be eliminated. The organization which they head has done many meritorious things in times past and the people are always ready and willing to acknowledge the benefits which their efforts have brought to their constituency as a whole, but at the present time labor organizations in general, and the Federation of Labor in particular, stand before the bar of public opinion, having been convicted of selfishness and a disposition to rule all the people of the country in the interest of the few. The people are patient and awaiting to see if the object lesson which they have been forced to give to these leaders is going to be recognized and if they are going to conform themselves and their future work and actions in accordance thereto."

Let the people remember that comment, "The Federation of Labor in particular stands before the bar of public opinion having been convicted of selfishness and a disposition to rule all the people of the country in the interest of the few."

The great 90 per cent of Americans do not take kindly to the acts of tyranny of these trust leaders openly demanding that all people bow down to the rule of the Labor Trust and we are treated to the humiliating spectacle of our Congress and even the Chief Executive entertaining these convicted law-breakers and listening with consideration to their insolent demands that the very laws be changed to allow them to safely carry on their plan of gaining control over the affairs of the people.

The sturdy workers of America have come to know the truth about these "martyrs sacrificing themselves in the noble cause of labor" but it's only the hysterical ones who swell up and cry over the aforesaid "heroes," reminding one of the two romantic elderly maids who, weeping copiously, were discovered by the old janitor at Mt. Vernon.

"What is it ails you ladies?"

Taking the handkerchief from one swollen red eye, between sobs she said:

"Why we have so long revered the memory of George Washington that we feel it a privilege to come here and weep at his tomb."

"Yas'm, yas'm, yo' shore has a desire to express yo' sympathy but yo' are overflowin' at da wrong spot, yo' is weepin' at de ice house."

Don't get maudlin about law-breakers who must be punished if the very existence of our people is to be maintained.

If you have any surplus sympathy it can be extended to the honest workers who continue to earn food when threatened and are frequently hurt and sometimes killed before the courts can intervene to protect them.

Now the Labor Trust leaders demand of Congress that the courts be stripped of power to issue injunctions to prevent them from assaulting or perhaps murdering men who dare earn a living when ordered by the Labor Trust to quit work.

Don't "weep at the Ice House" and don't permit any set of law-breakers to bully our courts, if your voice and vote can prevent. Be sure and write your Representatives and Senators in Congress asking them not to vote for any measure to prevent the courts from protecting homes, property and persons from attack by paid agents of this great Labor Trust.

Let every reader write, and write now.

Don't sit silent and allow the organized and paid men of this great trust to force Congress to believe they represent the great masses of the American people. Say your say and let your representatives in Congress know that you do not want to be governed under new laws which would empower the Labor Trust leaders with legal right to tell you when to work, Where! For whom! At what price! What to buy! What not to buy! Whom to vote for! How much you shall pay per month in fees to the Labor Trust! etc., etc., etc.

This power is now being demanded by the passage of laws in Congress. Tell your Senators and Representatives plainly that you don't want them to vote for any measure that will allow any set of men, either representing Capital or Labor to govern and dictate to the common people, who prefer to be free to go and come, work or not, and vote for whom they please.

Every man's liberty will disappear when the leaders of the great Labor Trust or any other trust can ride rough shod over people and make their forces to prevent our courts from affording protection.

"There's a Reason."

C. W. POST, Battle Creek, Mich.

Are Doctors Any Good?

Foolish question! Yet some people act as if a medicine could take the place of a doctor! The best medicine in the world cannot do this. Have a family doctor, consult him frequently, trust him fully. If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds, we would not offer it to you. Ask your doctor. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Pills for constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, we would not offer them to you. Ask your own doctor about this.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN E. KING. C. S. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Going back to farm is not always a pleasant prospect—but Mr. Furlong has a "model" farm.

The call for John Lind for Governor becomes more insistent as the campaign approaches. The state needs in its service such men as Lind.

The newspaper boys are glad to see Carlos Avery back to the sanctum of the Hutchinson Leader. He made an admirable public official, just as he was always an admirable editor, and his services to the pub lic is just as valuable in the latter capacity.

John Eastman seems to be considerably worried over Red Lake county affairs for a man who intends to secede. Although Red Lake county will miss John we are glad to be assured that he intends to keep his town in Minnesota and the United States.

The Manitoba government will take charge of all the grain elevators in the province. Government ownership of public utilities is getting to be a live question up there, and our own country can profit by the experience of our northern neighbors.

The Northfield News has burned its bridges, bolting Governor Eberhart and declaring that it cannot support Republican candidates who do not profess county option, railroad regulation and other reforms advocated by the progressive Republicans. There's trouble brewing.

While they're discussing candidates for state office the Democrats might go farther and fare much worse than by naming C. F. McDonald of St. Cloud for lieutenant governor. Here's a man that the railroads, the brewers nor any other "interest" could dominate or control.

C. F. McDonald has just passed his thirty-fifth anniversary as editor of the St. Cloud Times, and all his friends join in felicitations. Mac has been one of the strongest editorial writers the state ever produced, and his ability, honesty and independence have marked him as one of the ablest of the profession. May he be spared many years of further service.

Robert J. Wells of Breckenridge is out as a candidate for state auditor. This complicates the Ninth district situation somewhat, for with two candidates for treasurer, one for lieutenant governor and one for auditor the district is not to become so divided that none of them will land.

The state fair ought to have been taken out of politics long ago, and perhaps the fight for the presidency last week will be a lesson to the real friends of this institution. The Furlong program contemplated making the fair an adjunct to the Republican organization, and it is not surprising that the opponents of this plan combined to defeat it. Mr. Underwood, the successful candidate, is a Republican, it is true, but his loyalty will be to the fair rather than to any political organization.

"Revolt is in the very air." observes the Detroit Record. If you do not incline to this belief after a thorough digesting of the dispatches from Washington and St. Paul, you are indeed an optimist of the highest grade. The session of the national law-makers gives all promise of being the warmest ever held since the civil war, and the meeting of the agricultural society at St. Paul is running a close second. Oh, yes, things are some lively in this great and glorious land of the brave and the free.

The people of Minnesota will not forget that only two of their congressmen, Davis and Hammond, voted against the unspeakable Canon, says the Hutchinson Leader. The other fellows heard the angry roar from their constituents and timorously voted against the tariff bill, not because they wanted to but because they didn't relish the prospect of being hung in effigy. Minnesota has further use for Davis and Hammond. They are made of the stuff that dares to do right and t' 'ell with the consequences.

Norman E. Mack of the Democratic national committee in ordering "Governor Johnson's Life," wrote to Frank A. Day, as follows: "The story of his life, together with his state papers, public speeches, etc., will find a welcome place in my home library. It should be in every public and private library in the land, for the example set by John Albert Johnson might well be emulated from one end of the land to the other, and that the future may know the man as well as we of the present knew him, will, I am sure, be a loving task to those who are engaged in writing the history of his life."

Unconfirmed rumor has it that a Jefferson Day dollar dinner will be given at St. Paul on April 13th for the Democrats of Minnesota, and that this will be the opening gun of the Democratic campaign in this state. It is said that among the speakers will be former Governor John Lind, Congressman W. S. Hammond of St. James, Judge C. W. Stanton of International Falls, Frank A. Day, and others. The price for the dinner is truly Democratic, and the list of speakers is such that every Democrat in the state who has the price of a ticket to St. Paul and return, will be tempted to take a day or two off and mix in with the bunch.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Little Falls Herald: Bradstreet's says the cost of living in the United States increased 11 per cent on the average on ninety-six commodities during the year ending Dec. 1, 1909. In some things the advance was very great. The problem is certainly becoming a serious one. A Des Moines standpat paper says the reason is that people who once bought a $15 over coat now insist on having one that costs $35. The New York Post well answers this by saying that the trouble is that the coat once sold at $15 now sells at $35. That appears to be the nub of it all.

Browns Valley Tribune (Rep.): The "senatorial combine" has its Republican slate all made for the next state ticket. The eleven hundred delegates to be chosen later will have little else to do but go down to St. Paul and listen to the acceptance speeches; provided, of course, that the "senatorial com bine" program is carried out.

Wabasha Herald: With Cannon and Aldrich in control of the servile legislative body, with a president who tries to justify an iniquitous tarriff bill, who favors a central bank and smiles benignly on a ship subsidy, who attempts to discourage congressional investigations of trusts and sides with a Ballinger as against a Pinchot. the country at large has little to expect from Washington in the New Year.

Wadena Pioneer Journal: Perhaps it escaped the attention of the local Woman's Twentieth Century club that Thomas Edison, the great electrician and wizard inventor, recently remarked that the first talking machine was made from the rib of a man. We would not assume to point out for the club a proper course of procedure, but if the wizard is correctly quoted, we should say it would be in strict harmony with the occasion for some member to remark that "he was a mean old thing, anyway."

Fairmont Sentinel: Hon. John Lind is quoted as saying recently: "Mr. Hammond makes the strongest tariff speech I ever heard." When it is known that Mr. Lind was a member of congress during all the debates on the McKinley bill the force of his compliment will be appreciated.

Hutchinson Leader: There is just one man who, beyond all shadow of doubt, can, if he'll say the word, be the next governor of Minnesota and that man is John Lind. It makes no difference who runs against him, he'll be elected. The people know him and trust him.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: An extra easy way to lose a girl is to be sure you've got her.

It's a great temptation to do an easy thing the hardest way.

When a man really learns all about a thing he can stop showing off about it.

The more sons a man brings up the more he proves he doesn't know how to do it.

A woman wouldn't be willing to get old even to cash in an endowment policy.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: The farmer makes a lot of money for the middle man.

People who talk the most generally attract the least attention.

The woman who has a good figure is always willing to admit it.

How much better a thing tastes when the doctor says you mustn't eat it!

A man's conscience seldom troubles him as much as the corn on his little toe.

Go ahead when you think you're right, but don't expect the crowd to follow you.

A woman who is a has-been beauty is as fussy as the man who has lost his hair.

A small boy is firmly convinced that every time he earns a reward some other boy gets it.

One kind of a dark secret is the method employed by a bleached blonde in keeping her hair light.

When a girl doesn't tell her mother of a man who tried to kiss her, it's a sign that he succeeded.

TERREBONNE.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Octave Gagne, Jan. 10, a boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Zeph Perreault, Jan. 9, a boy.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose was last week the guest of Rev. Fr. Veilleux.

Mrs. Ed. Generoux is still on the sick list.

Mr. Juhl, the Terrebonne miller, in company with Chas. Kankel, has gone to the Grand Forks hospital to be operated on for appendicites.

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CHECK ACCOUNT Open an account with this bank and pay by check, we furnish you checks free. The returned checks are your receipts for every bill you pay. No matter how small your account may be, we appreciate your business.

COURTESY We are always ready to help and do all in our power, consistent with safe and conservative banking, to further the interest and credit of our customers.

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Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Continued From First Page.

for the year 1910, I desire to submit the following bid for doing the county printing:

For publishing the Financial Statement commissioners proceedings, and all other notices required by law to be published 25 cents per folio for the first insertion and 15 cents per folio for all subsequent insertions.

For publishing the Delinquent tax lists 7 cents per description. Will furnish bond required.

I further agree to furnish, free of charge, supplements of the financial statement, tax list and commissioner proceedings the following papers in Red Lake county: The Red Lake Falls Gazette, The St. Hilaire Spectator, The Thief River Press, The Plummer Pioneer, The Sunbeam and the Eleven Towns.

John W. Eastman,
Publisher of the Thief River Falls News, Thief River Falls. Minn.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
Jan. 8, 1910.

To the Honorable Board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn.

Gentlemen:

We hereby agree to publish the official notices of Red Lake county, Minn., for the year 1910 in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a legal newspaper published at Red Lake Falls, Minn., for the following prices:

The annual financial statement at 60 cents per folio for the first insertion and 60 cents per folio for each subsequent insertion.

The delinquent tax list at 8 cents per description.

The proceedings of the county commissioners and all other official notices provided by law at 60 cents per folio for the first insertion and 30 cents per folio for each subsequent insertion.

We also agree to furnish supplements containing the financial statement, the delinquent tax list and the proceedings of the county commissioners to the St. Hilaire Spectator and cause the same to be circulated in that paper without additional charge. Suitable bond will be furnished on acceptance of this bid.

King & Baker, Publishers
Red Lake Falls Gazette.
by John E. King.
Red Lake Falls Minn.
Jan. 3rd, 1910.

I herby agree to circulate in the St. Hilaire Spectator, as specified above, the delinquent tax list, financial statement and commissioners proceedings of Red Lake county.

H. E. Ives, Publisher
St. Hilaire Spectator.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann and seconded by Commissioner Pigeon who moved its adoption:

Resolved, That inasmuch as in the opinion of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, the bid of the Red Lake Falls Gazette for doing the county printing, is, in all things considered, to the best interest of the county, it is hereby accepted.

Be It Further Resolved, That the Red Lake Falls Gazette be and the same is hereby designated by the board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota as the newspaper in which the notice and list of real estate remaining delinquent in the county aforesaid on the first Monday of January, 1910, shall be published.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted yea: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: Johnson and Aubol.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Pigeon and seconded by Commissioner Demann who moved its adoption:

Resolved, That the Red Lake Falls Gazette, of Red Lake Falls, Minn., be and the same is hereby designated by the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, as the newspaper in which the Financial Statement, showing the condition of Red Lake county at the close of business on December 31st, 1909, and all other county printing shall be published.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted yea: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: Aubol and Johnson.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Aubol who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson:

Resolved, That the compensation of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minn., in the matter of ditches shall be fixed as follows, in accordance with Sec. 12 of Chapter 469 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909:

On a ditch costing between $5000-00 or less $100,00
On a ditch costing $5000.00 and $10,000.00 ..... 125.00
On ditch costing between $10,000.00 and $20,000.00 ..... 150.00
And for each $10,000 or part thereof of cost over $20,000 ..... 25.00

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted yea: Aubol, Lindquist, Johnson, Demann and Pigeon and the following commissioners voted nay: none.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that an approval bond of $2000 be required of the Red Lake Falls Gazette for doing the county printing.

Motion carried.

Motion made and seconded that the board take a recess until 2:00 o'clock P. M.

Motion carried.

Board reconvened at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

All members present.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson that the bill of Chas. E. Boughton for professional services be allowed at $313.65, motion seconded by Commissioner Aubol.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Johnson and Aubol and the following commissioners voted nay: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Chairman declared motion lost.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bill of Chas. E. Boughton for professional services be allowed in full.

Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bill of F. A. Grady for professional services be allowed in full.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Pigeon, Demann and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: Aubol and Johnson. Motion declared carried by the chairman.

The bill of the Singer Bros. for $5.00 for hall rent for the special election held Sept. 29th, 1908, was on motion duly carried rejected.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

A. L. Roy, drayage as per attached bills	$ 5.65
Zaiser Lumber Co., lumber as per bill	.84
Frank E. Hunt, Rent of Clerk of court's office from April 26, '09 to Jun. 26, 1910 at $5 per month	45.00
Robertson Lumber Co., lumber for sheriff's residence	45.08
Aris Lambert, Drayage as per bill	2.59
F. A. Grady. Atty. Professional services in court house claims	100.00
W. A. Schreiter, rent of room for storage purposes from May 1st, 1909 to Jan 1st, 1910 at $5 per month	40.00
Chas. E. Boughton, Atty. to professional services in case of Evanson vs. county board	562.65
H. F. Anderson, Co. Supt., postage as per vouchers	4.60
H. F. Anderson, expense acc. from Nov. 8, to Dec. 18, 1909	48.35
Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex. phone rent Nov. and Dec.	18.00
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co. lights for Nov.	25.10
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., lights for Dec.	16.75
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., wiring and installing of fixtures, sheriff's residence	28.55
A. A. Latendresse, Co. And., to phone calls as per bill	1.55
Frank Jeffers, Reg. of Deeds, recording Treas. bond	2.00
H. E. Ives, Treas., postage as per vouchers	31.50
J. C. Wilkinson, M. D., prof. calls on Mose Parantea and Desire Vaudrin at county jail	4.00
Joseph Prudhomme, to supplies for Co. offices	.50
First State Bank, city, 1 cord of wood for jail	3.75
August Morin, inside finishing of sheriff's residence	145.38
Joseph Sally, coal and drayage	24.80
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. case of State vs. John Myers	2.08
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. case of State vs. William Hall	2.08
Lewis A. Nelson, turnkey wages for month of Nov.	58.00
Lewis A. Nelson, turnkey wages for month of Dec.	52.00
Lewis A. Nelson, exp. case of State vs. Walter Allen	7.12
Lewis A. Nelson, exp. case of State vs. Martin Ostgorden	8.36
Lewis A. Nelson, board of prisoners month of Nov.	22.80
Lewis A. Nelson, board of prisoners month of Dec.	19.30
Miller-Davis Printing Co., 1910 assessment, books and blanks	187.50
Miller-Davis Printing Co., Supplies for Co. offices, (2 bills)	84.70
Hunt Hardware Co., supplies for county offices and hardware for sheriff's residence	97.35
Theo. LaBissoniere, supplies for county offices	18.94
E. A. Mittwer, supplies for county offices	6.75
A. L. Reichert, supplies for county offices	11.25
The Pioneer Co., supplies for county offices	7.65
Free-Press Printing Co., supplies for county offices	1.34
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county offices (4 bills)	25.92
Brown Tracy & Sperry Co., rebinding probate record	8.75
C. H. Martz, 21 days with Viewers at $5.00 per day and board acc. ditches Nos. 39, 40 and 41	126.00
C. H. Martz, 1 day final hearing Terrebonne ditch No. 2	5.00
C. H. Martz, 2 days and exps. acc. ditch No. 10	17.65
C. H. Martz, 1 day hearing Ditch No. 38 and exps.	6.40
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineering and board Ditch No. 38	6.00
C. H. Martz, 10 days with viewers, board and exps. acc. ditch No. 38	63.46
Glenn Martz, 3 days as asst. engineer and exp. acc. ditch 41	15.75
Glenn Martz, 4 days as asst. engineer and exps. acc. ditch 38	39.25
Glenn Martz, 9 days as asst. engineer acc. ditch No. 42	31.50
Glenn Martz, expenses acc survey ditch No. 42	27.35
Sever Olson, 9 days as chainman at $2,00 per day acc. ditch 42	18.00
Archie Whalay, 9 days as rodman at $2.50 per day acc. ditch 42	22.50
Arthur Hall, 1 day as rodman at $2.50 acc. ditch No. 10	2.50
Jenson & Sons, livery on acc. of ditch No. 35	7.00
Charles Fellman, 9 days chainman at $2.00 per day ditch No. 42	18.00
Otto Zaiser, 31 days as Viewer acc. ditches 38, 39, 40 and 41 and board	124.00
K. O. Gigstad, 31 days as viewer acc. ditches 38, 39, 40 and 41 and board	124.90
Gunnard Lindquist, 22 days as Viewer acc. ditches 38, 40 and 41 and board	88.00
Gilbert Haavi, 18 days as viewer acc. ditch 39, board and exp.	58.44
Joseph Belair, 1 day qualifying as viewer ditch 30 and board	4.00
A. A. Latendresse, rubber boots as per vouchers acc. ditches 38, 39, 40 and 41	8.50
Zaiser Bros., livery 21 days and feed for team a c ditches Nos. 39, 40, 41 and 38	100,00
A. A. Latendresse, Co. And., Co. And. fees a c of County ditches 38, 39, 40 and 41	100.00
C. A. Lindquist, 1 day as member of unorganized territory	3.00
C. A. Lindquist, 1 day as member of unorganized territory	3.00
Ed. A. Aubol, com'r., 39 miles travel attending Reg. Sess. Jan. 4, 1910	3.00
Joseph Johnson, com'r., 48 miles travel attending Reg Sess. Jan. 4, 1910	0.00
Joseph Pigeon, com'r., 32 miles travel attending Reg. Sess. Jan. 4, 1910	3.20
C. A. Lindquist, com'r., 30 miles travel attending Reg. Sess., Jan. 4, 1910	8.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, com'r. 14 miles travel attending Reg. Sess., Jan. 4, 1910	1.40

On motion duly carried the following bills were laid over:

Geo. D. Barnard & Co., Index to Probate Proceedings	$49.00
Gunder Asbjornson, board bill acc. ditch No. 42	21.25

Motion made and seconded that the board take a recess until 8:30 A. M. January 6th, 1910.

Motion carried.

The board reconvened at 8:30 A. M. January 6th, 1910.

All members present.

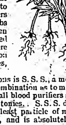
Meeting called to order by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson seconded by Commissioner Aubol that the board adjourn until January 22nd, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Motion carried.

C. A. LINDNQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and ex-officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE



It is a generally recognized fact that medicines taken from the botanical kingdom are better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way, than those composed of strong mineral mixtures.

In the early settlement of this land, our forefathers were obliged to procure their medicines from Nature's great laboratories of forest and field. They searched out and compounded the different vegetable materials into teas, concoctions and medicines. That these pioneers found the most potent and valuable of the roots, herbs and barks placed at their disposal, is abundantly proven by the fact that the great majority of them were blessed with rugged health. They cured their diseases and were enabled to do the great preliminary work of civilization because the remedies they used were Nature's remedies, and specially adapted to the needs of humanity.

Among the very best of these vegetable preparations is S. S. S., a medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and barks in such combination as to make it the greatest of all blood purifiers and the finest of all tonics. S. S. S. does not contain the least particle of mineral in any form, and is absolutely a safe medicine for any one to use.

While purifying the blood this great vegetable remedy builds up and strengthens every portion of the system. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Malaria, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, hereditary taints, and all other diseases and disorders caused by impure or polluted blood.

As a tonic S. S. S. is unequlled. It invigorates every portion of the system, and the healthy blood it creates largely assists in overcoming any derangement of the digestive system. If you are suffering from any blood trouble, or need a tonic to build up your constitution, you could not do better than to take S. S. S., a medicine that is in no degree harmful. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

CHEMIST FOUND S.S.S. FREE FROM MINERALS.

A few years ago I was taken with Inflammatory Rheumatism. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S.S.S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free from potash or mercury. I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism, though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

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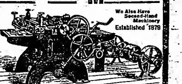

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Not Self-Deceiving.

The poet wrote about her shoes,
Described her dainty little twos.
She read, indeed,
But did not very much enthuse.
Of ecstacy she gave scant signs
As she perused the poet's lines.
For well she knew
The little shoes were number nines.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Carl Oscar Burman, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to I. Burman, Mrs. A. Green, J. O. Burman, [illegible] F. Burman, A. S. Burman, B. W. Burman, A. M. Burman, E. E. M. Burman, S. E. Burman, W. E. Burman, Mrs. Carl O. Burman and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: the petition of Axel Sigfrid Burman having been filed in this court, representing that Carl Oscar Burman then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the [illegible] day of [illegible], 1909, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to [illegible] Lund of [illegible] Falls, Minn. and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of January 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 27th day of December, 1909.

(COURT SEAL) S. A. SWANSON, Probate Judge.

Order to Examine Accounts, Etc.

State of Minnesota } ss. In Probate Court,
County of Red Lake } Special Term December 30th, 1909.

In the Matter of the Estate of G. A. Kankel Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John A. [illegible] and Fred J. Hopkins, administrators of the estate of G. A. Kankel, deceased, representing among other things that they have fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing their account of their administration and for assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is Ordered, that said account be examined, said petition and application for the allowance of said [illegible] and debts so paid by them and not yet allowed according to law, be heard by this Court on Saturday the 29th day of January A. D. 1910 at Ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County.

And it is further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Red Lake Falls, in said county.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 30th day of December, 1909.

(Probate Court Seal) By the Court, S. A. SWANSON, Judge of Probate.

P. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Administrators,
J3 Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months and for Hearing Thereon.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Astred Hamme Bigland, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Gunder H. Hegland and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent.

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against her estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the [illegible] day of April 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 5th, 1910.

(SEAL) S. A. SWANSON, Judge of Probate.
J13-27

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of [illegible] which became due September 29th, 1909, and which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by M. O. Sortedahl and [illegible] his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch Amerikaansche Hypotheek Bank, (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank), of Uithuizen the Netherlands, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September, 1905, at 4 o'clock P. M. in Book [illegible] of Mortgages, on page 18.

And whereas pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage, and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand seventy eight and 55-100ths dollars ($1078.55) and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage any part thereof, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section twenty eight (28) in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1078.55 and interest, and taxes if any on said premises, and fifty dollars ($50.00), attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 12, 1910, A. D.

DE NEDERLANDSCH AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
(The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank) Mortgagee.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. J13-f17

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One Thousand Seventy five and 90-100 Dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Laura Eickhoff and Wm. Eickhoff, her husband, Mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch Amerikaansche Hypotheek Bank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank) Mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of October, 1904, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of October, 1904, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 612 and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter (se¼) of section thirty one (31), in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1075.90 and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910.

DE NEDERLANDSCH AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank, Mortgagee
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Red Lake Falls, Minn. J13-f17

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In the matter of the petition of Peder H. Thoreson and others, for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 38.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 38, said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), Ranges Thirty nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake County, a description of said ditch commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Fifteen (15), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), Range Thirty nine (39), thence running due West through the following described lands parallel with and twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Sixteen (16) and Twenty-one (21) and Seventeen (17) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Seventeen (17), thence extending due south parallel with Twenty (20) feet east of the section line between Sections Nineteen (19) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range to a point Twenty (20) feet East and Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Nineteen (19) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the East and West center line of Section Nineteen (19), a distance of Seven Hundred and Fifty (750) feet thence extending in a southwesterly direction to a point Eleven Hundred and Sixty (1160) feet East and Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of section line between said Sections Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Nineteen (19) of aforesaid Township and Range thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Twenty-four (24) and Twenty-five (25), Twenty-three (23) and Twenty-six (26) and Sections Twenty-two (22) and Twenty-seven (27) to a point twenty (20) feet north and Twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between said Sections Twenty-two and Twenty-seven (27), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) thence extending due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the North and South Center line of Section Twenty-seven (27) to a point Eight Hundred and Eighty (880) feet South of the center of Section Twenty-seven (27) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending West across the North half of the Southwest quarter of Section Twenty-seven (27) to the Red Lake River where said ditch has its outlet.

Branch Number One (1) of Ditch Number 38

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake county, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Eighteen (18), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty-nine (39) thence running due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Eighteen (18) and Nineteen (19) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due West parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the Section line between Sections Thirteen (13) and Twenty-four (24), Fourteen (14) and Twenty-three (23), Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Sixteen (16) and Twenty one (21), Seventeen (17) and Twenty (20) and Sections Eighteen (18) and Nineteen (19) to a point Twenty-One Hundred and Seventy (2170) feet West of the Southeast corner of Section Eighteen (18), thence in a Southwesterly direction across the Northwest corner of the Northeast quarter of Section Nineteen (19), thence following along parallel to a coulee in a Southwesterly direction across the Northwest quarter of said Section Nineteen (19), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) to the Red Lake River where said ditch and coulee has its outlet.

Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 38.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), Red Lake County, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Northwest corner of Section One (1), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections One (1) and Two (2), and Eleven (11) and Twelve (12) to a point Twenty (20) feet East and Twenty feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Eleven (11) and Twelve (12), thence extending due West parallel with and Twenty feet North of the East and West center line of Section Eleven (11) to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Twenty (20) feet East of the quarter corner between Sections Ten (10) and Eleven (11), thence extending due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections Ten (10) and Eleven (11) and Fourteen (14) and Fifteen (15), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), where said ditch has its outlet in main ditch number Thirty-eight (38)

Branch Number 4 of Ditch Number 38.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake County, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Northwest corner of Section Thirty (30), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), Range Thirty nine (39), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the Range line between Section Thirty (30), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Thirty nine (39) and Section Twenty-five (25), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet East and Six Hundred and Eight (608) feet south of the quarter corner between said Sections Twenty-five (25) and Thirty (30), thence extending in a Southwesterly direction on an angle of Seventy-six (76) degrees to Horse Shoe Lake, thence following the channel of said lake to a point Seventeen Hundred (1700) feet due East of a point Thirteen Hundred and Twenty (1320) feet due South of the Northwest corner of Section Thirty-six (36) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) thence extending due west a distance of Thirty-two Hundred (3200) feet, thence in a Northwesterly direction to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Two Hundred Sixty-six (266) feet west of the quarter corner between Sections Thirty-five (35) and Twenty-six (26) thence due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Twenty six (26) and Thirty-five (35) and Sections Twenty-seven (27) and Thirty four (34), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) to the Red Lake River where said branch has its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Anton Smsky, George Wagner, Bohumil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, Nels Ramsey, Albert Gulbranson, Theodor Jacobson, Omund Bjorgufson, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M. Parnow, Ole O. Gjermundson, Carl J Anderson, Knut Strande, Ingeborg Sponland, Hendie O. Tommerdahl, Effie M. Hayes, James L. Peterson, Lars C. Fevig, Nora K Martinson, Bertha Knsrdahl, Ingeborg J Sandsen, Oscar Odegaard, Henry Johnson, Joseph Voslicky, John Peller, Gustav A. Makkim, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Frank A Zavoral, Knut H. Knutson, Aaron E. Abraham, Raymond Arndt, Augusta Kuehnel, James A. Kelly, Osmund K Homme, John Larson, Bernild O. Omlid, John Gillis, Hans O. Hommy, Hoover O Folkedahl, Sivert Lysbakken, Tandrup Saltvedt, Ole H. Hauaen, Oscar Holt, Anna K. Thoreson, Ozime Beaudry, Ragnild B. Bratvold, Ole O. Hower, Lukris Grove, Eilef K Gjernes, George S. Baird, Ole P. Gisselquist, The Township of High Landing and the Township of Star and the United States of America; and that the engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, The County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special session on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, and that at the hour of 3:00 o'clock p. m. of said day will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D., 1909.

(Seal) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake, County, Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Nesja and others for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 39.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 39, said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) and Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), Red Lake County. A description of said ditch and the lands through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections Thirty-four (34) and Sections Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), to a point twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), thence extending South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections two (2) and Section Three (3), Section Ten (10) and Section Eleven (11), Section Fourteen (14) and Section Fifteen (15) to a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), thence in a Southwesterly direction across the East one-half of the Northeast quarter of Section Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), where said ditch has its outlet in the Red Lake River.

Branch Number 1 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Thirty-one (31), thence running due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Sections Thirty-one (31) Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154) Range Forty (40) and Section Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of said Section Thirty-one (31), thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty feet North of the township line on the South side of Section Thirty-five (35) and Section Thirty-six (36) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the Southwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), where said branch ditch number One (1) empties or has its outlet in the main ditch No. 39.

Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Five (5) and Sections Eight (8), thence running due West Twenty (20) feet North and parallel with the section line between sections Five (5) and Eight (8) and Section Six (6) and Section Seven (7) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section One (1) and Section Twelve (12) and Section Two (2) and Section Eleven (11) to a point twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Two (2), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41) where said branch ditch Number Two (2) has its outlet in said main ditch number Thirty-nine (39).

Branch Number 3 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point Eighteen Hundred (1800) feet East and Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Fourteen (14), thence running due West, parallel to and Twenty (20) feet north of the Section lines between Sections Thirteen (13) and Twenty-four (24) and Sections Fourteen (14) and Twenty-three (23) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), where the said branch ditch number three (3) has its outlet in said main ditch number Thirty-nine (39), as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows to-wit:

Edward T. Nereson, Kittle H. Haugen, Ole J. Nesja, Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson, Ole Seving, Mikkel G. Vraa, Arnt Gevin Knut O. Solheim, Sander M. Vraa, Herman Helverson, Jacob B. Nesheim, Thomas M. Thorson, Gunder G. Vraa, Gilbert Skaug, Arthur B. George, Olaf Wahlberg, Nels A. Luberg, Annie Pescinski, Andrew Byrud, Peder Sulland, Frank L. Bergling, Adolph W. Hennings, Anton Hanson, Gulbrand Graaum, Toleff B. Nealand, Andrew O. Sandland, Kaakon A. Tronnes, Carl Hatlin, Ane Omundson, Albert M. Cunningham, Nels Berg, Lars Brenden, Earnest L. Quist, Christ Myhre, John O. Nordby, Samuel A. Mills, Frank B. Newell, Alfred Bakke, Christian Gunnested, Martha Lee, Saavi Bergland, Andrew O. Gullingsrud, Joseph Kilen, Swan J. Gjervold, Erik O. Gullingsrud, Olaus Jacobson, Knut K. Austin, Carl Jensen, John J. Cahill, Berit M. Valstad, Edward T. Emmerson, The Township of Kratka, The Township of Highlanding and The United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, The County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, and that at the hour of 3:00 o'clock p. m. of said day will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D., 1909.

(Seal) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 18th day of January 1910.

County Auditor's Seal A. A. LATENDRESSE County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route lo the Town of North to said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at a point on the section line between Sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-three (43), Twenty rods (20) west, of the north east corner of said Section thirteen (13), thence west on the section line between said sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), and Sections eleven (11) and fourteen (14), to the north west corner of said Section fourteen (14) thence south on the section line between Sections fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23), to the south east corner of said Section twenty-two (22), thence west on the section lines between Sections Twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27) in said township One Hundred Fifty-four, Range Forty-three, to a point where the said Section line intersects a coulee or watercourse; thence following said coulee or watercourse to the Red Lake River and terminating at Red Lake River as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Drainage Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof and under the twenty payment plan.

Dated December 29th, 1909.
Thomas H. Bjerka.
Gunder Gilebrok.
Salve O. Omlie.
Charles E. Reed.
C. Steen.
Henry Kaushagen.
Petitioners. J20-f24

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County; in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn this 18th day of January, 1910.

A.A. Latendresse,
[SEAL] County Auditor,

Petition for Public Ditch

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the towns of Clover Leaf and Kratka in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the North West corner of Section Number Two (2), Township One Hundred Fifty Three (153), North of Range Number Forty one (41), West of the Fifth P. M., thence due West between Section Three (3), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Forty-one (41) and Section Thirty-four (34), Township One Hundred Fifty-four, (154), Range Forty-one (41) and between Section Four (4), and Thirty-three (33) and between Section Five (5) and Thirty-two (32) in said towns and ranges, to the Northwest corner of Section Five (5), township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty one (41), Thence due south between Section Five (5) and Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three, Range Forty-one (41) and between Sections Seven (7) and Eight (8) in said Town and Range and between that part of Sections Seventeen (17) and Eighteen (18), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), lying north of the Red Lake river and terminating at the Red Lake river in said town and range as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Drainage Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty [230], of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof. [20 Payment Plan.]

Dated Dec. 18th, 1909.
Christian O. Nygaard.
Magnus Lyshakken.
Peder Sulland.
Haakon A. Troones.
H. Bjoroson.
J. O. Kjesho.
A. Aneoson.
Andrew Drydahl.
John Olvid.
—Petitioners.

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder to be Set Off.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Anton F. Danda, a freeholder of School District No. 55 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to-wit:

South east quarter (SE¼) of Section thirteen (13), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-two [42] in said County in School District No. 55, and asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 55 to said District No. 46 for the following reasons:

That it is two and one-half miles to the school in District 55 and there is no road, while it is only one mile to the school house in the District No 46 with a good, partly graded road; further there is a swamp on the way to school in District 55 which is impassable for children was presented to the County Board of Red Lake County Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910 for the action of said Board thereon. Now, therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by this Board at a session thereof commencing on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910 at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, and ex-Officio Clerk of Board
(Seal) J20-j27

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Edouard Lacoursiere.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Edouard Lacoursiere, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Sophia Lacoursiere, Lane Lagenasse, Gaudias Lacoursiere, Octave Lacoursiere, Mary Benoit, Eugene Lacoursiere, Emil Lacoursiere, Alvina Lizotte, Arthur Lizotte, Exzilia Roy and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled:

THEREFORE YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of February, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 10th day of January, 1910.

(COURT SEAL) S. A. Swanson,
J13-27 Probate Judge.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed to the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 18th day of January, 1910.

A. A. Latendresse,
(SEAL) County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Town of Kratka, to said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at a point on the section line twenty rods north of the north west corner of the south west quarter of Section ten (10), township one hundred fifty three (153), north of Range forty-one (41), west of the Fifth Principal Meridian. And running due south for about two miles between Sections nine (9) and ten (10) and Fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) and Sections twenty-one -21- and twenty-two (22) and terminating in the Red Lake River as its outlet

A branch ditch No. 1, to commence at a point at the corner of the corner stake on the section line at the south east corner of Section Fifteen [15] in Township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of Range forty-one [41], west, and running west for one mile [1] and terminating in the above described ditch as its outlet in Section fifteen (15) at the south west corner of said Section fifteen [15], Twp. 153, R. 41 W.

A branch ditch No. 2, to commence at a point at the corner stake at the north west corner of the north east quarter of Section sixteen (16), township one hundred and fifty-three (153) north of Range forty-one [41] west, and running east for one half mile and terminating in the main described ditch at the northeast corner of Section sixteen [16] in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-one [41] west.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such County Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated Dec. 28, 1909.
R. M. Johnson.
Ole O. Rolsland.
K. K. Austin.
Nels Berg.
E. L. Quist.
Petitioners. J-20-f24

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of John N. Swanson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 41.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 41 located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three —153— Range Forty —40—. Commencing at the Northwest corner of Section Two —2— aforesaid Township and Range running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: due south parallel with and Twenty —20— feet east of the section line between section two —2— and section three —3— to a point twenty -20- feet east and twenty -20- feet north of said quarter section corner between section two —2— and section three —3— thence running due west parallel with and twenty —20— feet north of the east and west center or quarter line of section three —3— to a point twenty —20— feet north and twenty —20— feet east of center of section three —3— thence running due south parallel with and twenty —20— feet east of the north and south center line of section three —3— to a point twenty —20— feet east and twenty —20— feet north of quarter corner between section three —3— and section ten —10— thence extending due west parallel with and twenty —20— feet north of the section line between section three —3— and ten -10- and section four -4- and section nine -9- to the south west corner of section four -4- thence extending due south parallel with and twenty —20— feet east of the section line between section eight -8- and section nine —9— and section sixteen -16- and section seventeen -17- and section twenty -20- and twenty one -21- where said ditch has its outlet into a coulee at the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of section twenty one -21- in aforesaid township and range.

BRANCH NUMBER -1 OF DITCH NUMBER 41.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of section four -4- township one hundred fifty three -153- range forty -40- thence running due south parallel with and twenty -20- feet east of section line between section four -4- and section five -5- to a point twenty feet east and twenty -20- feet north of the southwest corner of said section four -4- where said branch has its outlet in main ditch number forty one -41- as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Peter Blackmann, John D. Vaughan, Andrew C. Douglas, Albert Aintz, Frank J. Madden, Anton Myrum, Edward Olson, John O. Brensdal, Ralar O. Bratten, Gilbert O. Gulrud, Ole Seving, John Oftedahl, Iver Nygaard, John W. Vrolson, Nils Osivolden, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Albert T. Drangstveit, Mrs. Signe Ellingsen, Raymond Arndt, Ozime Beaudry, Thomas S. Jacobson, A. C. E. Ellingson, F. A. Way, Patrick Sullivan, The Township of High Landing and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday the 23rd day of February A. D. 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake in the said County, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day and that at the hour of 9:00 o'clock A. M. February 24th, 1910 will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated December 31st, A. D. 1909.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor of Red Lake,
J20 f3 Minnesota.

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder to be Set off.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Thomas Moreau, a freeholder of School District No. 7 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to-wit:

The north west quarter -NW¼- of the north east quarter -NE¼- north east quarter -NE¼- of the north west quarter -NW¼- and so much of the north east quarter of the north east quarter -NE¼ of NE¼- as lies west of the Poplar River; all in Section twenty -20- Township one hundred fifty -150- Range forty-two -42- adjoining School District No. 141, in School District No. 7, and asking that his said lands may be set off from said District No. 7 to said District No. 141 for the following reasons:

It is four miles by road to school house in District No. 7 and only two and one-quarter miles to school house in District No. 141 was presented to the County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910, for the action of said Board thereon. Now, therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by this Board at the session thereof commencing on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board.
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest:—A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, and ex-Officio
Seal. Clerk of Board.
J-20-j27

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } SS
County of Red Lake

In the matter of the petition of Alex. F. Lattimore and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 40.

Notice is Hereby Given That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor, praying for the construction of a Public Ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 40, said ditch is located wholly within the townships numbered one hundred fifty-three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- and one hundred fifty-three -153- Range forty -40- in said Red Lake county. Commencing at the south east corner of section fifteen -15- Township one hundred fifty three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- thence due west and parallel with and twenty -20- feet north of the section lines between sections fifteen -15- and twenty-two -22-, sixteen -16- and twenty-one -21-, seventeen -17- and twenty -20-, eighteen -18- and nineteen -19- to a point twenty -20- feet north of the south west quarter of section eighteen -18-, Township one hundred fifty-three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- thence extending due west and parallel with and twenty -20- feet north of section lines between sections thirteen -13- and twenty-four -24-, fourteen -14- and twenty-three -23-, fifteen -15- and twenty-two -22- sixteen -16- and twenty-one -21- seventeen -17- and twenty -20- and extending into the south east quarter of section eighteen -18- a distance of twenty-one hundred seventy -2170- feet, thence in a southwesterly direction across the north west corner of the north east quarter of section nineteen -19 thence following along parallel to a coulee -to a south-westerly direction across the north west quarter of said section nineteen -19-, township one hundred and fifty-three -153- range forty -40- to the Red Lake River where said ditch and coulee has its outlet in the Red Lake River, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Bahumil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, Albert Gulbrandson, Nels Ramsey, Omund Bjerglfson, Theodor Jacobson, Ole O. Gjermundsen, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M Parnow, Carl J. Anderson Knut Strande, Ingeborg Sponland, Hendre O. Tommerdahl, Effie M. Hayes, James L. Peterson Nora K. Martinson, Lars C. Fevig, Ingebrag J. Sandsen, Bertha Knutdal, Oscar Odegaard, Herma Halverson, Jacob B. Nesheim, John Oftedahl, Nils Ostvolden, Iver Nygaard, John W. Vrolson, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Frank A. Zavoral, Knut H. Knutson, Mrs. Signe Ellingson, Albert T. Drangstveit, Aaron E. Abraham, Augusta Kuhnel, Raymond Arndt. James A. Kelly, Berghild O. Omlid, John Larson, Osmund K. Homme, Hans O. Hommy, John Gillis, Hoover O. Folkesdahl, Sivert Lysbakken, Tandrup Saltvedt, Anna K. Thoresen, Ole H. Haugen, Oscar Holt, Ozime Beaudry, Thomas S. Jacobson, F. A Way, Patrick Sullivan, The Township of Highlanding. The Township of Star, and The United States of America and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day at the office of the county auditor to the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county and that at the hour of 1:00 o'clock P. M. of said day will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said Ditch.

Dated the 31st day of December, A. D. 1909.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor of Red Lake
j20-f3 County, Minnesota.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven and 60-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter J. Huseby and Lena Huseby, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche-Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank), of Uithuizen, The Netherlands, Mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1900, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of October, 1900, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book "O" of Mortgages, on page 375; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twenty-seven (27), in township one hundred-fifty-one (151) north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $327.60 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910.

DE-NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE
HYPOTHEEK-BANK
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. J13-f17

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
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WELL
DIGGER
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Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Stop That Cold

To check early colds or Grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the sneeze stage—they break, or head off these early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics.

Preventics are little Candy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child, if there is feverishness, night or day. Herein probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in 5c boxes for the pocket, also in 25c boxes of 48 Preventics. Insist on your druggists giving you

Preventics
"ALL DEALERS"

SHIP YOUR
HIDES
FURS etc.
Established 1867
.. TO ..
D. BERGMAN & CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
Deal direct with the largest and oldest house in the West. Highest prices and immediate cash returns. Write for price list, tags and full information.

SHIP
GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

TURKEYS
WANTED
ALSO DUCKS, CHICKENS, BUTTER, EGGS AND VEAL.
Highest market price paid.
No commission charged.
AT POWERS Wit's Meat Market
1st Ave. S. and 5th St., MINNEAPOLIS.

Ditch Work to Sublet

We have the contract for the big Kratka-Mayfield ditch and will sublet some good team work by the station at a paying figure. Call or write. Lillo Bros.

Falls Meat Market
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Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game
and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
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HARNESS SHOP
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ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A. hall. Sam'l. Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brom ef, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. E. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S.—H. C. Hanson, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3964 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. MARION CRAWFORD

Author of "Saracinesca," "Arethusa" Etc. Etc.

Illustrations by A. Weil

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance and drew off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin Saad, her betrothed, attempted to climb down a cliff overlooking the mine; but the traveler shot him. The stranger was revived from a water gourd Saad carried, dug his way out of the tunnel, and departed, deserting the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the gems she could carry, and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), a famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg, and Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret, and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He offered Lady Maud $5,000 for her pet charity if she would aid him in winning the singer from Logotheti. Baraka approached Logotheti at Versailles with rubies to sell. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and sent it to Venice. He was visited by Baraka in male attire. She gave him a ruby after the American had told her of having seen in the United States a man answering the description of the one she loved. The American followed Margaret to the Bayreuth "Parsifal" festival. Margaret took a liking to Van Torp, who presented her with the ruby Baraka had given him.

CHAPTER VI.

Margaret took Van Torp with her to the performance the next day, after impressing upon him that he was not to speak, not to whisper, not to applaud, not to make any sound, from the moment he entered the theater till he left it for the dinner interval. He was far too happy with her to question anything she said, and obeyed her most scrupulously. Twenty-four hours earlier she would have laughed at the idea that his presence beside her at such a time could be not only bearable, but sympathetic, yet that seemed natural now. The diva and the ex-cowboy, the accomplished musician and the Californian miner, the sensitive, gifted, capricious woman and the iron-jawed money-wolf had found that they had something in common. Wagner's last music affected them in the same way.

Such things are not to be explained, and could not be believed if they did not happen again and again before the eyes of those who know how to see, which is quite a different thing from merely seeing. Margaret's sudden liking for the man she had once so thoroughly disliked had begun when he had whistled to her. It grew while he sat beside her in the darkened theater. She was absorbed by the music, the action, and the scene, and at this second hearing she could follow the noble poem itself; but she was subconscious of what her neighbor felt. He was not so motionless merely because she had told him that he must sit still; he was not so intent on what he heard and saw, merely to please her; it was not mere interest that held him, still less was it curiosity. The spell was upon him; he was entranced, and Margaret knew it.

Even when they left the theater and drove back to the hotel, he was silent, and she was the first to speak. Margaret hated the noise and confusion of the restaurant near the Festival theater.

"You have enjoyed it," she said. "I'm glad I brought you."

"I've felt something I don't understand," Van Torp answered gravely.

She liked the reply for its simplicity. She had perhaps expected that he would summon up his most picturesque language to tell her how much pleasure the music had given him, or that he would perhaps laugh at himself for having been moved; but instead, he only told her that he did not understand what he had felt; and they walked on without another word.

"Go and get something to eat," she said when they reached the hotel, "and I'll meet you here in half an hour. I don't care to talk either."

He only nodded, and lifted his hat as she went up the steps; but instead of going to eat, he sat down on a bench outside, and waited for her there, reflecting on the nature of his new experience.

Like most successful men, he looked on all theories as trash, good enough to amuse clever idlers, but never to be taken into consideration in real life. He never asked about the principle on which any invention was founded; his first and only question was: "Will it work?"

Considering himself as the raw material, and the theater he had just left as the mill, he was forced to admit that "Parsifal" "worked."

Presently Margaret came out of the hotel, expecting to find him waiting for her within the hall, and prepared to be annoyed with him for taking so long over a meal. She stood on the step and looked about, and saw him sitting on the bench at a little distance. He raised his eyes as she came towards him and then rose quickly.

"Is it time?" he asked.

"Yes," she said. "Did you get anything decent to eat?"

"Yes," he answered vaguely. "That is, now I think of it, I forgot about dinner. It doesn't matter."

She looked at his hard face curiously and saw a dead blank, the blank that had sometimes frightened her by its possibilities, when the eyes alone came suddenly to life.

"Won't you go in and get a biscuit, or a sandwich?" she asked after a moment.

"Oh, no, thanks. I'm used to skipping meals when I'm interested in things. Let's go, if you're ready."

"I believe you are one of nature's Wagnerites," Margaret said, as they drove up the hill again, and she smiled at the idea.

"Well," he answered slowly, "there's one thing, if you don't mind my telling you. It's rather personal. Perhaps I'd better not."

The prima donna was silent for a few moments, and did not look at him.

"Tell me," she said suddenly.

"It's this. I don't know how long the performance lasted, but while it was going on I forgot you were close beside me. You might just as well not have been there. It's the first time since I ever knew you that I've been near you without thinking about you all the time, and I hadn't realized it till I was sitting there by myself. I hope you don't mind my telling you?"

"It only makes me more glad that I brought you," Margaret said quietly.

"Thank you," he answered; but he was quite sure that the same thing could not happen again during the second part.

Nevertheless, it happened. For a little while, they were man and woman, sitting side by side and very near, two in a silent multitude of other men and women; but before long he was quite motionless, his eyes were fixed again and he had forgotten her. She saw it and wondered, for she knew how her presence moved him, and as his hands lay folded on his knee, a mischievous girlish impulse almost made her, the great artist, forget that she was listening to the greatest music in the world and nearly made her lay her hand on his, just to see what he would do. She was ashamed of it, and a little disgusted with herself. The part of her that was Margaret Donne felt the disgust; the part that was Cordova felt the shame, and each side of her nature was restrained at a critical moment. Yet when the "Good Friday" music began, she was thinking of Van Torp and he was unconscious of her presence.

It could not last, and soon she, too, was taken up into the artificial paradise of the master-musician and borne along in the gale of golden wings, and there was no passing of time till the very end; and the people rose in silence and went out under the summer stars; and all those whom nature had gifted to hear rightly, took with them, memories that years would scarcely dim.

The two walked slowly back to the town as the crowd scattered on foot and in carriages. It was warm, and there was no moon, and one could smell the dust, for many people were moving in the same direction, though some stopped at almost every house and went it, and most of them were beginning to talk in quiet tones.

Margaret stepped aside from the road and entered a narrow lane, and Van Torp followed her in silence.

"This leads out to the fields," she said. "I must breathe the fresh air. Do you mind?"

"On the contrary."

He said nothing more, and she did not speak, but walked on without haste, dilating her nostrils to the sweet smell of grass that reached her already. In a little while they had left the houses behind them, and they came to a gate that led into a field.

Van Torp was going to undo the fastening, for there was no lock.

"No," she said, "we won't go through. I love to lean on a gate."

She rested her crossed arms on the upper rail and Van Torp did the same, careful that his elbow should not touch hers, and they both stared into the dim, sweet-scented meadow. He felt her presence now and it almost hurt him; he could hear his slow pulse in his ears, hard and regular. She did not speak, but the night was so still that he could hear her breathing, and at last he could not hear the warm silence any longer.

"What were you thinking about?" he asked, trying to speak lightly.

She waited, or hesitated, before she answered him.

"You," she said, after a time.

He moved involuntarily, and then drew a little further away from her, as he might have withdrawn a foot from the edge of a precipice, out of common caution. She was aware of his slight change of position without turning her eyes.

"What made you say what you did to Mrs. Rushmore yesterday afternoon?" she asked.

"About you?"

"Yes."

"She asked me, point-blank, what I thought of Logotheti," Van Torp answered. "I told her that I couldn't give her an unbiased opinion of the man you meant to marry, because I had always hoped to marry you myself."

"Oh—was that the way it happened?"

"Mrs. Rushmore could hardly have misunderstood me," said Van Torp, gathering the reins of himself, so to say, for anything that might happen.

"No. But it sounds differently when you say it yourself."

"That was just what I said, anyhow," answered Van Torp. "I didn't think she'd go and tell you right away, but since she has, I don't regret having said that much."

"It was straightforward, at all events—if it was all true!" There was the faintest laugh in her tone as she spoke the last words.

"It's true, right enough, though I didn't expect that I should be talking to you about this sort of thing to-night."

"The effect on Mrs. Rushmore was extraordinary, positively fulminating," Margaret said more lightly. "She says I ought to break off my engagement at once, and marry you! Fancy!"

"That's very kind of her, I'm sure," observed Mr. Van Torp.

"I don't think so. I like it less and less, the more I think of it."

"Well, I'm sorry, but I suppose it's natural, since you've concluded to marry him, and it can't be helped. I wasn't going to say anything against him, and I wouldn't say anything for him, so there was nothing to do but to explain, which I did. I'm sorry you think I did wrong, but I should give the same answer again."

"Mrs. Rushmore thinks that Konstantin is a designing foreigner because he's a Greek man of business, and that you are perfection because you are an American business man."

"If I'm perfection, that's not the real reason," said Van Torp, snatching at his first chance to steer out of the serious current; but Margaret did not laugh.

"You are not perfection, nor I either," she answered gravely. "You are famous in your way, and people call me celebrated in mine; but so far as the rest is concerned we are just two ordinary human beings, and if we are going to be friends we must understand each other from the first, as far as we can."

"I'll try to do my share," said Van Torp, taking her tone.

"Very well. I'll do mine. I began by thinking you were amusing, when I first met you. Then you frightened me last winter, and I hated you. Not only that, I loathed you—there's no word strong enough for what I felt. When I saw you in the audience, you almost paralyzed my voice."

"I didn't know it had been as bad as that," said Mr. Van Torp quietly.

"Yes. It was worse than I can make you understand. And last spring, when you were in so much trouble, I believed every word that was said against you, even that you had murdered your partner's daughter in cold blood to get rid of her, though that looked as incredible to sensible people as it really was. It was only when I saw how Lady Maud believed in you that I began to waver, and then I understood."

"I'm glad you did."

"So am I. But she is such a good woman herself that nobody can be really bad in whom she believes. And now I'm changed still more. I like you, and I'm sure that we shall be friends, if you will make me one promise and keep it."

"What is it?"

"That you will give up all idea of ever marrying me, no matter what happens, even if I broke—"

"It's no use to go on," interrupted Van Torp, "for I can't promise anything like that. Maybe you don't realize what you're asking, but it's the impossible. That's all."

"Oh, nonsense!" Margaret tried to laugh lightly, but it was a failure.

"No, it's very far from nonsense," he replied, almost sternly. "Since you've spoken first, I'm going to tell you several things. One is, that I accepted the syndicate's offer for the Nickel Trust so as to be free to take any chance that might turn up. It had been open some time, but I accepted it on the day I heard of your engagement. That's a big thing. Another is, that I played a regular trick on Logotheti so as to come and see you here. I deliberately asked him to dine with me last night in London. I went right home, wrote a note to him, antedated for yesterday afternoon, to put him off, and I left it to be sent at the right hour. Then I drove to the station, and here I am. You may call that pretty sharp practice, but I believe all's fair in love and war, and I want you to understand that I think so. There's one thing more. I won't give up the hope of making you marry me while you're alive and I am, not if you're an old woman, and I'll put up all I have in the game, including my own life and other people's, if it comes to that. Amen."

Margaret bent her head a little and was silent.

"Now you know why I won't promise what you asked," said Van Torp in conclusion.

"You have no right to speak like that," she said rather weakly, after a moment.

"Perhaps not. I don't know. But I consider that you have a right to know the truth, and that's enough for me. It's not as if I'd made up my mind to steal your ewe-lamb from you and put myself in its place. Logotheti is not any sort of a ewe-lamb. He's a man, he's got plenty of strength and determination, he's got plenty of money—even what I choose to call plenty. He says he cares for you. All right. So do I. He says he'll marry you. I say that I will. All right again. You're the prize put up for the best of two fighting men. You're not the first woman in history who's been fought for, but, by all that's holy, there never was one better worth, not Helen of Troy herself!"

The last few words came with a sort of stormy rush, and he turned round suddenly, and stood with his back against the gate, thrusting his hands deep into his coat-pockets, perhaps with the idea of keeping them quiet; but he did not come any nearer to her, and she felt she was perfectly safe, and that a much deeper and more lasting power had hold of him than any mere passionate longing to take her in his arms and press his iron lips on hers against her will.

Margaret was not angry; she was hardly displeased, but she was really at a loss what to say, and she said the first sensible thing that suggested itself and that was approximately true.

"I'm sorry you have told me all this. We might have spent these next two days very pleasantly together. Oh, I'm not pretending what I don't feel! It's impossible for a woman like me, who can still be free, not to be flattered when such a man as you cares for her in earnest, and says the things you have. But, on the other hand, I'm engaged to be married to another man, and it would not be loyal of me to let you make love to me."

"I don't mean to," said Van Torp stoutly. "It won't be necessary. If I never spoke again you wouldn't forget what I've told you—ever! Why should I say it again? I don't want to, until you can say as much to me. If it's time to go, hitch the lead to my collar and take me home! I'll follow you as quietly as a spaniel anywhere!"

"And what would happen if I told you not to follow me, but to go home and lie down in your kennel?" She laughed low as she moved away from the gate.

"I'm not sure," answered Van Torp. "Don't."

The last word was not spoken at all with an accent of warning, but it was not said in a begging tone either. Margaret's short laugh followed instantly.

"You said just now that you would not say over again any of those things you have told me to-night. Do you mean that?"

"Yes, I mean it."

"Then please promise that you won't. That's all I ask if you are going to spend the next two days here, and if I am to let you see me."

"I promise," Van Torp answered, without hesitation.

She allowed herself the illusion that she had both done the right thing and also taken the position of command; and he, standing beside her, allowed himself to smile at the futility of what she was requiring of him with so much earnestness, for little as he knew of woman's ways he was more than sure that the words he had spoken that night would come back to her again and again; and more than that he could not hope at present. But she could not see his face clearly.

"Thank you," she said. "That shall be our compact."

To his surprise, she held out her hand. He took it with wonderful calmness, considering what the touch meant to him, and he returned discreetly what was meant for a friendly pressure. She was so well satisfied now that she did not think it necessary to telegraph to Logotheti that he might start at once, though even if she had done so immediately he could hardly have reached Bayreuth till the afternoon of the next day but one, when the last performance of "Parsifal" would be already going on; and she herself intended to leave on the morning after that.

She walked forward in silence for a few moments, and the lights of the town grew quickly brighter.

"You will come in and have some supper with us, of course," she said presently.

"Why, certainly, since you are so kind," answered Van Torp.

"I feel responsible for your having forgotten to dine," she laughed. "I must make it up to you. By this time Mrs. Rushmore is probably wondering where I am."

"Well," said the American, "if she thinks I'm perfection, she knows that you're safe with me, I suppose, even if you do come home a little late."

"I shall say that we walked home very slowly, in order to breathe the air."

"Yes. We've walked home very slowly."

"I mean," said Margaret quickly, "that I shall not say we have been out towards the fields, as far as the gate."

"I don't see any harm if we have," observed Mr. Van Torp indifferently.

"Harm? No! Don't you understand? Mrs. Rushmore is quite capable of thinking that I have already—how shall I say?"—she stopped.

"Taken note of her good advice," he said, completing the sentence for her.

"Exactly! Whereas nothing could be further from my intention, as you know. I'm very fond of Mrs. Rushmore," Margaret continued quickly, in order to get away from the dangerous subject she had felt obliged to approach; "she has been a mother to me, and heaven knows I needed one, and she has the best and kindest heart in the world. But she is so anxious for my happiness that, whenever she thinks it is at stake, she rushes at conclusions without the slightest reason, and then it's very hard to get them out of her dear old head!"

"I see. If that's why she thinks me perfection, I'll try not to disappoint her."

They reached the hotel, went upstairs and separated on the landing to get ready for supper.

On his side of the landing, Mr. Van Torp found Stemp waiting to dress him, and the valet handed him a telegram. It was from Capt. Brown, and had been retelegraphed from London.

"Anchored off Saint Mark's square to-day, 3:30 p. m. Quick passage. No stop. Coaling to-morrow. Ready for sea next morning."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

She Was Aware of His Slight Change of Position Without Turning Her Eyes.

Margaret Bent Her Head a Little and Was Silent.

Drew the Line.

Mrs. Crawford—Did you manage to coax your doctor to recommend a trip to that mountain resort you wished to visit?

Mrs. Crabshaw—Yes; but I can't go, for I couldn't get him to add that a few new dresses would do me a world of good.—Puck.

A Paradoxical Explanation.

"Why did Jokem issue that circular to his customers?"

"He sent out the circular to square himself."

SUITABLE ARRANGEMENT.

"Can you lend me half a dollar?"

"Sorry, I've only a quarter, and I went that to get my hair cut."

"Good. Give it to me and I'll cut your hair."

Where Is Bessie Hartman?

Rosenna and Bessie Hartman lived with their mother at Chapman, Nebr., in 1901, the year that their father was killed by a falling tree at Anada, Mo. Their mother, an invalid, being unable to care for them, the girls were sent to Omaha to school, being housed and mothered by a Mrs. Smith.

Finally, in 1903, Bessie, the younger of the two, was taken in charge by the Nebraska Children's Home society, who refused to tell her married sister, Rosenna, where she is. Bessie became of age last February. If she will send her address to P. O. Box 898, Omaha, Nebr., it will be forwarded to her sister Rosanna, who is now Mrs. Geo. Duerr.

Child of the Press.

Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden was the founder of the International Sunshine society, which is now said to have a membership of 3,000,000. She is president general of the society, which was christened with 18 sponsors in New York city at Christmas, 1896. It has been called the child of the press, Mrs. Alden being connected with a New York paper.

Restrained by Politeness.

"Prisoner, have you any reasons to present why the sentence of the court should not be pronounced upon you?"

"No, your honor. I feel as if I should like to say a few words about the defense my lawyer put up for me, but there are ladies present; you can go ahead with the sentence, your honor."

Financial.

Stella—Isn't Mabel going to marry the duke?

Belle—No; he rejected the budget.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The best of plans fall out, and the best of friends get married.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

When you can't tell the truth, don't tell anything.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
FOR RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
75 "Guaranteed"

A Clean Face Will be a Habit
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

WRIGLEY'S
Remember this
WRIGLEY
Remember that
WRIGLEY
WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
Save the voice in all kinds of weather. Singers and public speakers find them invaluable for clearing the voice. There is nothing so effective for Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Coughs. Fifty years' reputation. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. Samples mailed on request.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

AGENTS DON'T accept an agency until you read our new book, "Piling Pillars." It's free. Darling Bros., Derry, N.H.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

Children Like PISO'S CURE
THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS
It is so pleasant to take—stops the cough so quickly. Absolutely safe too and contains no opiates.
All Druggists, 25 cents.

Dame Fortune Was Sullen

Man Had Grateful Remembrance of Service, but Was Unable to Repay It.

"When I was a farmer in Illinois," says a representative in congress, "there came to me one day an interesting looking individual, whose face, though he was a stranger in those parts, seemed oddly familiar to me.

"The man had stooped to water his horse. As he waited, he said: 'About ten years ago a poor boy came this way and you took him in.'

"I gazed at the speaker, puzzled.

"'Your kindness to that poor boy was most exceptional,' continued the stranger. 'You fed him, encouraged him, gave him clothes and two dollars and sent him on his way feeling pretty fine. He observed at the time he would never forget your generosity. Do you remember?'

"'Not precisely,' I replied, but I had a vague remembrance of the occurrence.

"'He said,' went on the stranger, 'that if he prospered, he would see that you would never have occasion to regret your kindness to a struggling boy.'

"'Well, well!' I exclaimed, as the full remembrance of the incident came to me in a flash. 'It's like a story, isn't it? You of course, were that boy?'

"'Yes,' said the stranger, 'and as long as I am here, I might as well tell you that I am still poor.'"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Animals Are Poor Sailors.

The polar bear is the only wild animal that likes a trip on the waves, according to a French scientist who has just studied its behavior at sea. He is quite jolly when aboard ship, but all the other animals violently resent such a voyage and vociferously give vent to their feelings until seasickness brings silence.

The tiger suffers most of all. He whines pitifully, his eyes water continually and he rubs his stomach with his terrible paws. Horses are bad sailors and often die on a sea voyage.

Oxen are heroic in their attempts not to give way to sickness. Elephants do not like the sea, but they are amenable to medical treatment. A good remedy is a bucketful of hot water containing three and a half pints of whisky and seven ounces of quinine.—Fur News.

A Little Vindictive.

"So you want the privilege of voting for people of whom you approve?"

"No," answered the suffragette. "I desire the satisfaction of publicly refusing to vote for people whom I don't like."

A Literary Note.

Summer Boarder (just arrived from Boston)—What are the six best sellers in this locality?

Farmer Stubblegrass—That depends on whether you want to store potatoes or cider in 'em.—Puck.

SILHOUETTES OF WESTERN CANADA

The man from Iowa began to talk land before the train was well out of the C. N. R. depot in Winnipeg. The talk began in rather wide circles. The rush to the land, the bumper crop, the system of summer fallowing pursued in the semi-arid districts, were all discussed, and then, with a sort of apologetic smile, the Iowa man said: 'I'm a bit interested in this country myself. Some of the men down home got a few sections up here along this line, and I'm going to have a look at them. Never been up in Canada before"— (It is curious how these mid-western Americans pronounce the name of the Dominion as if it was "Can'dy")—"but if it looks good we will be up to stay next fall."

"You see, it's like this," said the man from Iowa—quite manifestly continuing an argument that had been going on in his mind for some time. 'Back in our State land has become dear. Anybody wanting to sell can get $70 or $80 an acre for it, and every farm that's offered is snapped up. In Saskatchewan we have just as good land that cost us $11 and $12, so that a man can take up five or six times as much there as in Iowa on the same investment of money.

"It isn't the money, though, that brings most of us up from Iowa. I'm not sure that money would be enough. The 'invasion' is a family affair. We have no chance of keeping our sons around us back home. They have to leave the farm and go into the big cities of the neighboring States to get work. To keep them on the farm and in touch with us, we come up here and make little colonies with the children around us, on homesteads or bought land. This makes it easier for the farmers back there in Iowa to get land for the stay-at-homes. The families that come to Canada are kept together and the families that buy the farms they leave are kept together, too. There won't be any slackening of the rush, either, for they still raise big families back in Iowa."

One could almost see the mental process of this typical American farmer in defending a step that meant a new flag, a new allegiance, a new land, and new associates. To abandon Old Glory of the Declaration of Independence for a good thing in cheap land would hardly be playing the game, but to go out into Saskatchewan to "keep the family together," was another and a quite higher motive.

Why seek too closely to analyze the reasons for the greatest land trek in the history of America? It is enough to know that the sons of the frontiersmen of Iowa, and Kansas, and Minnesota—the best blood of the mid-west—are pouring into the Canadian west in an ever-increasing stream, and are learning that "God Save the King" and "My Country 'Tis of Thee," are sung to the same tune.—Toronto (Ontario) Globe.

AND SHE'S NOT THE FIRST.

"What would you do if you caught your husband flirting?"

"Why, my dear, that's just the way I did catch him!"

His Little Mistake.

They stood beneath the stars, silent as the heart beats of the night, looking into the diamond-studded shirt-front of the sky.

"Is that Mars?" he whispered, as he slipped his arm round her taper waist, and gazed upon a glittering orb in the distant blue.

"No, it isn't," she exclaimed, jerking away; it's mine; and if you think you are hugging mother, I can tell you that you are very much mistaken."

The matter was amicably adjusted before anything serious resulted.—Exchange

One Idea of Economy.

"What do you mean when you tell the people they ought to economize?"

"I mean," said Mr. Dustin Stax, "that they ought to go slow in patronizing most business enterprises in order that they may have more money to spend with mine."—Washington Star.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Very Funny.

Borroughs—Mr. Merchnet's out, you say? Why, he had an appointment with me here. That's very funny.

New Office Boy—Yes, sir; I guess he thought it was, too. Any ways he was laughin' when he went out.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Happy smiles! White teeth! What a delicious perfume! WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT!

Those who claim that a woman isn't so apt to indulge in crooked work as a man evidently never saw a woman try to drive a nail.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

There is no use going into a political campaign with any reputation, because you won't have any when you come out.

Wait! The delicious fragrance of WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT will soon fill the air everywhere!

Seneca: Vices are contagious and there is no trusting the well and sick together.

RARE KIND OF TREE

Philadelphia Has Handsome Botanical Specimen with History.

Only Few of Gordonia or Franklin in Existence, First Found in Georgia Closely Related to Japanese Species.

Philadelphia.—A rare and handsome tree with a curious history is the Gordonia or Franklin tree, which, owing to the Bartrams, can now be seen in a few Philadelphia gardens.

The tree was first discovered by John Bartram, who, with his son William, was on one of his extensive botanizing expeditions in the southern part of the country, on the Altamaha river in Georgia, near Fort Barrington. Some years afterward, about 1790 or 1791, William Bartram found the tree again in the same locality. He brought a plant and some seeds home and planted them in his father's garden, where, fortunately, they took root and grew.

The tree was of the Gordonia family they perceived, but of an unknown variety, and differing from the Gordonia in numerous respects. The flowers were so beautiful, the tree so handsome, that they felt they must honor it with an appropriate name, so they called it Franklin Altamah, as Franklin was an intimate friend of both father and son.

The curious part of the history of the tree is that it has never been found since, not even in its original locality, though botanists without number have made diligent search where there was the slightest probability of finding it.

The tree is exceedingly difficult to propagate, as it does not perfect its seeds, and all the specimens that are known to be in existence are the descendants of that first tree that grew in Bartram's garden. It is, incidentally the last member of an expiring family.

Audubon mentions the tree and has a picture of it with a bird near by.

Strange to say, it is closely related to a species that is numerous in Japan, and those who believe that in prehistoric ages there was land connection between eastern Asia and our American continent think the Franklin tree is conclusive evidence of the fact that the Pacific ocean is a recent formation and that the Gordonia is a survivor of the age when plant travel over the land was not interrupted by the intervention of a great body of water.

The tree blossoms very freely in late August and early September, the individual flowers lasting only a short time. The withered blossoms have an odor not unlike boiled tea, and the fresh flowers have a delicate and pleasing perfume. There are some fine specimens of the Franklin tree in Germantown and a few in the old gardens of mansions that are now included in Fairmount park.

The late Thomas Meehan, well-known botanist, is responsible for those now in existence. The original tree that grew in Bartram's garden is no longer living, but its descendants which grow to a height of twenty or thirty feet with their beautiful white flowers, are not unlike the camellia. Indeed, the tree is of the same family as the camellia and is well worthy admiration.

WHERE GREAT FRAUDS HAVE BEEN REVEALED

The eyes of the nation have turned of late to the custom house in New York, for it is there that the great frauds perpetrated on the government by the American Sugar Refining Company have come to light. Both President Taft in his message to congress and Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh in his annual report used vigorous language concerning these gigantic custom swindles, and the investigation into the corruption of employes by the sugar trust is being carried on unrelentingly by William Loeb, collector of the port of New York. Many of the employes already have been discharged and it is believed that many more are yet to fall.

Secretary MacVeagh asserts that inquiry has revealed that the demoralization which has been uncovered in the customs service at New York can be traced largely to two causes—the influence of local politics and politicians, and the evasion of legal duties by Americans returning from abroad.

WILLIAM LOEB JR.

THE MAGNIFICENT CUSTOM HOUSE AT NEW YORK.

FROST ALARM BELL

Fruit Trees in Ozarks Supplied with System of Warnings.

When the Cold Begins to Tingle Bells Will Do Likewise, Then Smudges Will Be Automatically Lighted.

Springfield, Mo.—In the evolution of the fruit growing industry in the Ozarks the apple trees may wear bells. This condition is to be brought about in many orchards with the coming of the next season of balmy breezes and blossoms.

The scheme of protecting the buds of the orchards of the south Missouri country by the use of the smudge, with which the ancients were familiar, has grown in popularity in recent years, and in its development there has been devised a system of alarms to be sounded automatically when the temperature in the orchard falls below the danger point, thus enabling the fruit grower to light his lamps and fires and protect the trees with smoke while providing sufficient heat to raise the temperature from 10 to 15 degrees.

An order recently has been placed for 20,000 oil lamps, or stoves, which are to be added to the equipment of the Hazeltine orchards, embracing 2,000 acres and containing 150,000 trees. The Hazeltine orchard represents the growth of an industry founded by Ira Hazeltine, a pioneer who settled in the Ozark country 75 years ago, and who became impressed early in life with the possibilities of this region as a fruit growing country.

Last spring, when the trees of the big orchards were loaded with blossoms and injury and loss by cold and frost was threatened, Mr. Hazeltine tried for the first time in his locality the experiment of burning oil in a sheet iron device. Hundreds of these oil lamps were used and with such effect that the harvest demonstrated in a measure the utility of the experiment. The Hazeltines and others interested in the fruit industry of Greene and adjoining counties expect to give the smudge a more perfect test next spring.

While the owners of the big orchards in this section are seeking to develop on a scientific basis the theories recognized by the pioneers, hundreds of the hill settlers are reaping benefits from the smudge used in a crude way, where fuel is plentiful and where the small farmer's family provides the stumps and brush and wisps of hay to make the dense smoke required and the heat that saves the bloom. The old-time farmer of the hills, however, never heard of the thermostat, or alarm thermometer, that is coming into use and will enable the fruit grower of the future to know with certainty when the temperature reaches the danger point—about 30 degrees above zero.

In the season of probable danger from frost last spring the Hazeltines had 20 men in readiness to respond at a moment's notice throughout the night and day until the danger point was passed.

The efficiency of vapor in connection with fire and smoke has been recognized as an agency in the protection of the bloom of fruit trees from frost damage and the experiments to be carried forward in Ozark orchards next year will take into account the possibilities of vapor as an agent for the preservation of the tender crops. Hundreds of fruit growers throughout the big orchard country of south Missouri are preparing to join in the experiments next spring.

WOODPECKERS TO MAKE WOOD

Aged Maine Naturalist Trains Birds to Transform Ordinary Timber Into Valuable Variety.

Bangor, Me.—After having spent more than sixty years and more than $10,000 in hunting bears and studying the ways of wild creatures, Greenleaf Davis of Mount Katahdin has begun to raise tame woodpeckers with the purpose of using them to convert ordinary rock maples into the rare and costly wood known as bird's-eye maple. Mr. Davis is more than 80.

It has been Mr. Davis' belief that no creature should be kept in captivity more than a month. He has two crows, one more than 30 years old, which have stayed by him and never sought the society of their kind. Two robins lived with him for three years. His great success, however, has been won with woodpeckers, of which he now has nearly 100. Most of them are the red-headed sap suckers, which pick round holes in the bark.

He passed weeks in his grove watching the result of the wounds which the birds inflicted in bark. As the scars healed he noticed that there was a bright red spot left on the wood directly below the wound. It occurred to him that as the markings of bird's-eye maple were due to red spots in the wood, and as nobody had ever been able to account for them, it was possible that this variety might owe its origin to the work of woodpeckers.

from elm bark boiled down to a thick batter he can smear the trunks of thrifty maples with such food as the woodpeckers require, and while they are getting a meal from the bark their bills are boring new holes in the trees and transforming ordinary maple, worth no more than $12 a thousand feet, into bird's-eye maple that sells anywhere from $50 to $00 a thousand.

WOMAN IS DOUGHNUT QUEEN

Noted Maine Buttermaker Fries More Than 5,200 Luscious Cakes in Thirty-Two Days.

Bangor, Me.—Mrs. Lizzie Tarr of Brunswick, noted as a good buttermaker, has gained a new fame. In 32 days, recently, she cooked more than 5,200 doughnuts. She also fed and cared for 15 children and did the housework for herself and husband. Her best recipe is for molasses doughnuts, and is as follows:

One cupful of sour milk, one-half cup New Orleans molasses, one even teaspoonful of ginger, one tablespoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda, one egg, four cups of flour and a dash of nutmeg.

"The frying is the most important," she says. "You must not get the lard too hot, or the doughnuts will brown on the outside before they are fully cooked through. When you have put them in the fat they will sink to the bottom and the lard must be hot enough so they will rise quickly to the top. If you can get the real, old New Orleans molasses it will give a wonderfully rich, light color to the doughnuts."

Woman Grows Two-Pound Lemon.

Evansville, Ind.—Mrs. William Thum, residing at 703 Sixth avenue, has grown a lemon three times as large of the ordinary lemon and weighing two pounds.

She planted her tree four years ago and has taken good care of it. Mrs. Thum will use the home-grown lemon to make a large pie and will invite her friends to share it with her.

Students Take Long Walk.

Princeton, N. J.—Two Princeton students, W. C. Belknap and C. G. Dixon, returned to this town the other day after a pedestrian trip, in which they walked from the university to Jersey City, a distance of 50 miles, in a few minutes more than 12 hours. The walk was made on a wager that they could do it in less than eighteen hours.

Hunter Battles With Bear

Attacked While Dressing Deer Carcass in Maine Woods—Bruin Killed After Fierce Fight.

The Forks, Me.—The fourth man to be tackled by a bear in the woods near here recently was Wallace Durgin, who had his adventure the other day near his father's house. Durgin had his rifle close at hand and he made short work of dispatching the brute, but this was not the luck of Ernest Gubtil of New Vineyard. Gubtil had been hunting for moose for two weeks. He droped a fine buck, and then placed his rifle against a tree and began the work of dressing the carcass.

The hunter, knife in hand, was at work when suddenly he received a blow on the left side which sent him to the ground half stunned. Gubtil then found himself grappling with a black bear, which, when cold that evening, weighed 460 pounds

By means of rolling and tumblings, kicking at the bear and warding off attempts to grapple, Gubtil finally, with blood streaming from two dozen bad scratches, reached his rifle. By exerting all his remaining strength Gubtil dropped his muzzle against the bear's breast as the brute rose and pulled the trigger.

The expansion bullet killed the bear almost instantly. At the moment of the discharge the bear was making a blow for Gubtil's face, but the claws dragged against his shoulder.

Gubtil was found, weak from loss of blood and unable to proceed to camp, by Horace Adams, a trapper, who brought him in. Gubtil was taken to the farm and a New York doctor attended him. Horace Adams killed 14 bears this fall and others have killed 11. The local hunters never knew bears to be so ferocious before. The reason for it is ascribed to the lack of wild berries.

WARNS HEIR AGAINST LOAFING

English Millionaire in Disposing of Estate Says Every Man Should Have Definite Occupation.

London.—Strong expression is given to his objection to loafing in a clause of his will addressed to his heirs or any young man who may succeed to his property by Lieut. Col. E. Tufnell of 46 Eaton square, S. W., whose estate was valued for probate at $1,718,120.

Every man should, during his early manhood, at least, he says, "have some definite occupation and lead a useful life," and should not allow himself to be tempted into a "mere loafing and useless existence." He expresses the hope that those who succeed to his property will respect his wishes.

Subject to gifts and legacies and life interests to his wife, he left the bulk of his property to his children.

He is not only idle who does nothing, but he is idle who might be better employed.—Socrates.

A LITTLE COLD.

He caught a little cold—
That was all.
So the neighbors sadly said,
As they gathered round his bed,
When they heard that he was dead.

He caught a little cold—
That was all. (Puck.)

Neglect of a cough or cold often leads to serious trouble. To break up a cold in twenty-four hours and cure any cough that is curable mix two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and eight ounces of pure Whisky. Take a teaspoonful every four hours. You can buy these at any good drug store and easily mix them in a large bottle.

AT LAST.

Mme. X., the fencing master's wife, finds some pins long enough for her hat.

BOY TORTURED BY ECZEMA

"When my boy was six years old, he suffered terribly with eczema. He could neither sit still nor lie quietly in bed, for the itching was dreadful. He would irritate spots by scratching with his nails and that only made them worse. A doctor treated him and we tried almost everything, but the eczema seemed to spread. It started in a small place on the lower extremities and spread for two years until it very nearly covered the back part of his leg to the knee.

"Finally I got Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills and gave them according to directions. I used them in the morning and that evening, before I put my boy to bed, I used them again and the improvement even in those few hours was surprising, the inflammation seemed to be so much less. I used two boxes of Cuticura Ointment, the same of the Pills and the Soap and my boy was cured. My son is now in his seventeenth year and he has never had a return of the eczema.

"I took care of a friend's child that had eczema on its face and limbs and I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. They acted on the child just as they did on my son and it has never returned. I would recommend the Cuticura Remedies to anyone. Mrs. A. J. Cochran, 1823 Columbia Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 20, 1909."

Temperamental Toilet Table.

A very aged Englishman many years ago gave this advice to his daughter in a letter as to what a lady's dressing table should contain:

The best beautifier a young lady can use is good humor. The best renovator truth; the best rouge is modesty; the best eyewater is the tears of sympathy; the best gargle for the voice is cheerfulness; the best wash for smoothing wrinkles is contentment; the best cure for deafness is attention; the best mirror is reflection, and the whitest powder is innocence.

Charity by Proxy.

There is an Oregon statesman who is very prudent with his money. He rarely spends anything if he can get some one else to do the spending for him. One morning he was walking down the street with a friend and they met a beggar who had a tale of woe that was amazing. The statesman listened and asked some questions. Then he turned to his friend and said: "John, this man's story affects me greatly. Give him a quarter."—Life.

The Difference.

"Our continental marriages are just as happy as those made in your country," explained the foreigner. "We all admit that marriage is a lottery."

"Well," responded the American, "we prefer to let a girl select her own ticket."

This Will Interest Mothers.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, cure Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, Regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. They break up colds in 24 hours. Pleasant to take, and harmless as milk. They never fail. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Cruel.

"Isn't that a good joke? It's my own."

"Great Scott! are you so old as that?"—Lippincott's.

Quick as Wink.
If your eyes ache with a smarting, burning sensation use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

A great deal is heard of the art of remembering, and but little of the fine art of forgetting.

Spearmint! Spearmint! What's that? Nothing—unless it's WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

The people who have the greatest opinions of themselves are frequently the poorest judges of human nature.

HEAD, BACK AND LEGS ACHE?
Ache all over? Throat sore, with chills? That is La Grippe. Perry Davis' Painkiller will break it up if taken promptly. All dealers, 25c, 35c and 50c bottles.

One good thing about a fall that bangs on is that it keeps back the "beautiful snow" poems.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

A pessimist by any other name would be a fault-finder just the same.

WE PAY HIGH PRICE FOR HIDES
and furs & sell guns and traps cheap. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis.

Remember that a sound argument doesn't mean loud talk.

FAME AND FORTUNE OFFERED

Rich Prize for Man Who Discovers the Long-Sought Cure for Tuberculosis.

Dr. George W. Bloomer of Yale university, acting as spokesman for an anonymous giver, has announced that a prize of $100,000 has been set aside, to be awarded to the first person anywhere in the world who discovers a cure for tuberculosis. The gift is unconditional as to time, place, or kind of cure, the only real condition being that the new cure must have been in constant use at least five years, and that the promoter of the cure convince the investigating board of the merits of his discovery.

A large number of physicians have been working for years to perfect vaccine, or anti-toxin for tuberculosis, or to find some agent, such as tuberculin, which will assist in the cure of the disease. Thus far, the experiments have not furnished a product which will either absolutely cure or prevent consumption, or render the patient immune against the disease. Many of these serums have proved effective in increasing the resistance of the patient and thus helping in the cure, but no scientist of repute to-day claims to have discovered a tuberculin which will produce a cure without the combined aid of fresh air, rest and wholesome food.

Where Are Harry and Isabella Allen?

Harry is now aged 20 years, and his sister, Isabella, aged 18 years. The children were taken in charge by the Nebraska Children's Home society in 1897 from Grand Island, following the death of the father, Silas Allen. The mother is now in Oklahoma, and is distracted because she cannot locate her children, whom she has not seen since they were taken by superintendent of the society twelve years ago, who now refuses to tell their mother where they are. If the children will address P. O. Box 898, Omaha, Nebr., giving their own address, it will be sent to their mother.

For Celestials.

I once visited a very rough boom town in Oregon, near Cottage Grove. In the leading saloon a man in a red shirt said to me:

"Ye wanter carry yerself almighty straight in these parts, stranger. Go wrong the least mite and, by crinus, we'll lynch ye as quick as look at ye."

I smiled.

"Would you lynch me," I asked, "if I killed a dog?"

"Would we?" he snorted. "Why, stranger, we've lynched fellers here for killin' Chinemen!"

Coats of Fire.

One Christmas evening a Sunday school pupil appeared at church, only to be surrounded immediately by a number of deriding playmates.

"She's wearing her sister's coat!" cried one.

"And she's got her brother's gloves on!" cried another.

"Yes," was the retort that turned the tide of ridicule, "and I came with my mother's blessing."—Judge.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Doubtless.

The Homebody—What's the industry in New York, near as ye could judge, Agner?

The Traveled Man—Steppin' lively, I reckon.—Puck.

Spear isn't anything! Mint isn't anything! Spearmint isn't anything—unless it's WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

Wherever I find great gratitude in a poor man I take it for granted there would be much generosity if he were a rich man.—Pope.

It'll soon begin! But it'll never stop. You'd be sorry if it did. WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

During the first six months of his married life a man pities old bachelors. After that he envies them.

BARKING, HACKING, RASPING COUGH
can be broken up quickly by Allen's Lung Balsam. This old, reliable remedy has been sold for over 40 years. Ask your druggist about it.

There's a difference between dignity and pomposity, but some people don't seem to be able to realize it.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

A man can't help feeling restless when even his bills are unsettled.

WRIGLEY'S

Make the Liver Do its Duty
Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.
Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.
CARTER'S ITTLE IVER PILLS.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price
GENUINE must bear signature:
Brent Good

WRIGLEY WRIGLEY WRIGLEY

WESTERN CANADA
What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate, Says About its Wheat-Producing Power:
"The greatest need of this country (United States) in another generation or two will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."
This great railroad magnate is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat
were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.
Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre), are to be had in the choicest districts.
Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured; mixed farming a success. Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application), and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.
CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) 40

No Matter
what Liver or Bowel medicine you are using, stop it now. Get a 10c box—week's treatment—of CASCARETS today from your druggist and learn how easily, naturally and delightfully your liver can be made to work, and your bowels move every day. There's new life in every box. CASCARETS are nature's helper. You will see the difference! 883
CUT THIS OUT, mail it with your address to Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill., and receive a handsome souvenir gold Bon Bon FREE.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Virginia Farms and Homes.
FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use } Thompson's Eye Water

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE FLAVOR LASTS

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K. Washington, D.C.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 2-1910.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN
Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over 40 years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.
Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.
It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. The only one good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There's no secrecy. It will bear examination. No alcohol and no habit-forming drugs are found in it. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take the advice received and be well.

WE FURNISH POSITIONS
to graduates, have done so and can. Send for a beautiful free catalog, to
AAKER'S BUSINESS COLLEGES
H. H. AAKER Fargo or Grand Forks, or to Prof. H. H. Aaker, Prop., Fargo.

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL GREAT FOR PAIN
THE OIL THAT PENETRATES

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fresh Nuts, Figs and Dates in our CANDY DEPARTMENT.

Fine Teas, Coffees and Apple Cider In Our GROCERY DEPT.

Big Line of Pipes and Cigars in our TOBACCO DEPARTMENT.

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Mittwer's ad.

Dr. N. M. Watson was at Grand Forks Saturday.

J. T. Bundy from Twin Valley was in town yesterday.

Rudolph Helm is spending the week in the twin cities.

The county commissioners will meet Saturday, Jan. 22.

S. M. Sivetson made a business trip to Thief River Falls Monday.

Ed Bolieau left Tuesday evening for Cohasset where he is employed.

P. B. Gauss left Tuesday evening on a business trip to the twin cities.

For Sale—Good work mare.
f3 Mrs. Hall.

H. Shultz of Wylie was attending to business matters in town Monday.

Attorney F. A. Grady was attending to legal business at Moorhead Monday.

Dr. N. M. Watson went to Crookston Monday evening, returning Tuesday.

Mrs. Wander from Melrose is a guest at the home of her son, J. C. Wander.

Thos Majeres' agent for the Great Northern at Dugdale, was in town yesterday.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson made an official visit to Thief River Falls yesterday.

Seats for the Eckhart concert may be reserved at Holzman's jewelry store.

A. S. Wilson of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters in town today.

Eckhart Family concert company at the M. W. A. hall next Wednesday evening.

C. L. Hanson, the Thief River Falls banker, was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Ed L. Healy has been attending to business matters in the twin cities this week.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose was the guest of Fr. Adolph at Thief River Falls Monday and Tuesday.

Regis Huot and John Zutz of Wylie were attending to business matters in town Monday.

Anyone desiring ice sawed and packed can secure my services by calling up Fred Westphal.

We make farm Loans at lowest rates. Call and see us.—First State Bank, Red Lake Falls.

Hon. Marcus Johnson, president of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, was in town today.

Coal! Coal! I have just received a car of coal of all kinds and can now fill all orders.—A. L. Roy.

The official proceedings of the January meeting of the county commissioners are published in this issue.

There was a big crowd at the dance given at the M. W. A. hall by the Royal Neighbors last Friday evening.

Miss Marie Cadieux left Saturday for Lundgren, near International Falls, to resume her school duties, after a vacation of a month spent with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

I Will Sell All Of My
Dishes
Notions
Jewelry
Groceries
Fancy Pipes
Toilet Articles
Musical Instruments at
25 Per Cent Discount
Have Just Received 500 Pounds of Kisses That Will Sell at 16c a lb.
All Christmas toys will go at cost. All kinds of fancy candies and candy boxes, and a new line of Christmas and New Year postals and leather post card albums.
FREUND'S

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

For a square meal call at the Union Restaurant, near the Great Northern depot.—L. R. Corbeil, Crookston, Minn.

The members of the C. E. society and invited guests enjoyed a "towel social" at the church parlors last Friday evening.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, on Feb. 7, for one day. Eyes Examined. Glasses Fitted.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Paul returned today from Anoka and the twin cities where they had been visiting with relatives for two weeks.

Letters uncalled for for the week ending Jan. 15, 1910—Ora J. Parker; Cora Paulson; Rose St. Martin.—Emma F. Marshall, P. M.

Bjorgo's Condition Powder is guaranteed to make blood, purify blood and is a general tonic. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

Mr. and Mrs. Prudhomme Gamache of Cass Lake were in Red Lake Falls yesterday to be in attendance at the Lizotte-Roy wedding.

Wm. St. Marie of Duluth has been visiting with relatives and friends in town this week. Mr. St. Marie formerly resided in Red Lake Falls.

Rev. D. K. Laurie will hold services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours for church service next Sunday morning and evening.

Lost—Small stick pin set with one ruby and two pearls. Green gold brooch with leaf design. Liberal reward for return to Gazette Office. j20

The Merchants' State Bank cares for the depositor as well as his deposit and co-operates with its customers in the development of their business.

Joseph Champeau of Terrebonne returned last Thursday from Kelliher near which place he had been employed in the woods for the past two months.

Salesmen wanted, to look after our Interest in Red Lake and adjacent counties. Salary or Commission. Address The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, O.

Lost, somewhere between Spillanes' store and Paul's hotel, about 10 days ago, a small purse containing about $4.00. Finder please leave at Gazette office.

Found—Small double iron block tackle and rope between the Whalen and Enright farms. Call at Skala's store, get property and pay expense of advertising.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. F. L. Farley next Wednesday afternoon. A ten cent lunch will be served. All are invited.

Mrs. Chris Juhl of Terrebonne was in town yesterday and went to Grand Forks last evening to be with her husband who is receiving treatment at a hospital in that city.

Miss Edith Hanson, who has been spending the holiday vacation at the home of her parents here, returned to Red Lake Falls Monday to re-enter high school.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

The funeral of the late William Robertson, superintendent of the state experimental farm and of the state agricultural school at Crookston, was held at the home at the experimental farm Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Daniel Quesnelle, who had been visiting with relatives in Red Lake Falls, left Monday evening for Crookston, where she will visit with relatives for a few days before returning to her home in Minneapolis.

Commissioner C. A. Lindquist has been in town all week and he and Auditor Latendresse and C. W. Johnson, clerk of court, have been employed as a board of audit going over the books of the county treasurer.

Mr. Tremblay, a retired French farmer living down near Brooks, who says he was 65 years of age a long time ago, was united in marriage Monday to Mrs. Morin, aged 69, mother of Andrew Morin, a former drayman of Thief River Falls. The happy couple will make their home in Thief River Falls in the future, and will occupy the Morin home up near the Thief river bridge.—Crookston Times.

Misses Emily and Bertha LaFreniere were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. LaFreniere Saturday while enroute to their schools at Deer Lake and Deer River, respectively.—Grand Rapids Independent.

Fred and Angelon Brulette of North Yakima, Wash., arrived from the west last week and are visiting with relatives in town. They are former residents of Red Lake county, having lived in Louisville township before going to Washington.

Theo. LaBissoniere and little daughter Erin left Monday evening for Denver, Colorado, to join Mrs. LaBissoniere who has been at Denver since early in the winter. Mr. and Mrs. LaBissoniere and daughter will return to Red Lake Falls about the first of April.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Tibbetts of Waubun and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Strange of Henry, S. D. are the guests this week of Mrs. J. W. Bourdon and other relatives. Mrs. Tibbetts and Mrs. Strange are Mrs. Bourdon's sisters.

At a meeting of the ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church held yesterday afternoon the following officers were chosen to serve for the year 1910: Mrs. F. L. Farley, president; Mrs. Geo. Walker, vice president; Mrs. J. C. Wilkinson, secretary; Mrs. H. H. Hennemuth, treasurer.

Chris Juhl, the Terrebonne miller, was taken to Grand Forks last Saturday and underwent an operation for apendicitis in a hospital in that city. His condition was serious and the operation was a difficult one. However, he is getting along nicely and it is believed that he will be able to return to his home in a short time

E. W. Brouillet of Crookston, a brother of Frank Brouillet, who had his arm fractured in five places as the result of getting it caught in an elevator shaft, is getting along nicely. After the arm had been in a cast for some time it was found that it was not mending properly, and it was necessary to break the arm again. The cast was removed Monday and it was found the fractures were mending nicely and Mr. Brouillet will be able to use his arm in a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Jule Lasha went to Thief River Falls Tuesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Lasha's sister Miss Emma Wichterman, whose death occurred at the Thief River hospital Friday, Jan. 14, following a month's illness with typhoid fever. Miss Wichterman was quite well known in Red Lake Falls, and her friends will be pained to learn of her death. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Wichterman who until recently conducted the hotel at Plummer. At the time she was taken ill Miss Wichterman was a teacher in the public schools at Plummer. Had she lived until January 22 she would have been 22 years old.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.00
Rye	.66
Oats	.38
Flax	1.98
Barley	.49
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.30
Butter, dairy	.25

Notice.

Sealed bids will be received on Jan. 25, 1910, by the Red Lake Falls Creamory association for the contract of cutting and packing ice. For further particulars see Frank Grenier, Manager. Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids.—Noel Delorme, Secretary.

Notice.

To whom it may concern: I hereby give notice that no credit in merchandise, board or lodging shall be given to Ephrim Trembly without authority from the undersigned.—P. P. Boileau, Guardian.

Cornered.

Pa—"Edith, how often do you practice on the piano when I'm away?"

Edith—"Every day, pa."

Pa—"How long did you practice yesterday?"

Edith—"Four hours."

Pa—"And to-day?"

Edith—"About the same."

Pa—"Well, I'm glad to hear you're so regular. The next time you practice, however, be sure to unlock the piano. I locked it last week, and I've been carrying the key in my pocket ever since. Here it is!"—Judge.

Setting the Date.

"Have you any idea when the duke's marriage to Miss Richgirl will take place?"

"Well, some time within the next three months. He has a big note to pay which falls due in ninety days."

His Only Consideration.

Friend—Go easy or you'll have a smash-up first thing you know.

Motorist—Don't get rattled, old chap. The firm that sold me this machine guaranteed to keep it in repair for a year.

Direct Evidence.

"But they tell me the young man writes poetry."

"I can disprove that, dad."

"How, daughter?"

"Here is a sample of the stuff."

Handles No Coin.

"Any disease in money, doctor?"

"How should I know? There's no money in disease."

WYLIE.

Peter Hansel spent a few days of last week calling on friends and relatives at Warren.

T. P. Smidsang was up at Warroad Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Anderson spent a few days last week at St. Hilaire.

P. A. and Emil Eckstrom left for Leeds, N. Dak., where they are agents for Dr. Ward's remedies.

Miss Thomelaa Wilson of St. Hilaire spent Sunday at M. Miller's place.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Huston spent Sunday at St. Hilaire.

Nick Eckstein was up at Thief River Falls last week on business.

Geo. Weiss had the misfortune to lose his feed mill and gasoline engine by fire Saturday night.

There will be a masquerade ball here Friday eve., Jan. 28. Everybody invited to come and have a good time.

John Cruzen is our new post master.

ETYMOLOGY

His Father—Yes, Eddie, a man who drives an engine is an engineer.

Eddie (aged seven)—Is a motorman one that drives a motor?

His Father—Yes.

Eddie—Then a man who drives oxen must be an oxtioneer.

Optimistic.

Some time ago there was a flood in western Pennsylvania. An old fellow who had lost nearly everything he possessed was sitting on the roof of the house as it floated along, when a boat approached.

"Hello, John."

"Hello, Dave."

"Are your fowls all washed away, John?"

"Yes, but the ducks can swim," replied the old man.

"Apple trees gone?"

"Well, they said the crop would be a failure, anyhow."

"I see the flood's away above your window."

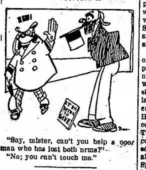
"That's all right, Dave. Them winders needed washin', anyhow."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Brass Ones.

"I stopped at a lovely place last summer; plenty of fellows. Honest, I got half a dozen rings."

"So? I didn't know there was a merry-go-round out there."

Can't Be Touched.



LIFE IS BETTER TO LIVE

"Say, mister, can't you help a poor man who has lost both arms?"

"No; you can't touch me."

Ma and Pa.

"That feller what's callin' on daughter seems to be a young man of steady habits."

"Too durned steady. Can't the critter ever miss a night?"

Quite So.

"Some of the department stores are installing vaudeville."

"Great chance to work off remnant jokes."

HIS CONVERSION.

A Man Who Did Not Believe In Woman's Standard of Honor.

By KINGSBURY WELCH.

[Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.]

"Girls," said Miss Spencer at afternoon tea, "what do you suppose I've heard about Harrington? He has openly avowed himself a woman hater.

Let's cut him."

"Let's," said Miss Hunter.

"Let's," said every girl in the room but one.

"Are you sure you'll all keep to the agreement?" asked Miss Emerson incredulously.

"What do you take us for?" said Miss Hunter. "You're as bad as Harrington."

"Well, I'll agree," drawled Miss Emerson, "but I don't want any shirking."

"All who agree," said Miss Spencer, "hold up a hand."

Every girl except one held up a lily white hand, with some sort of bangle or bracelet dangling at the wrist. The exception was Miss Emerson.

"Aren't you with us, Emmy?"

"No."

"Why not?"

"I don't believe in judging any one unheard, and I don't believe in conspiracies."

"Very well; do as you please."

That Miss Spencer was determined to keep faith in the matter is proved by the fact that she did not wait for an accidental meeting with the tabooed man. She brought about one the next day. Harrington was accustomed to walk past her home every morning on his way to his office. She had often stood at a front window purposely to get a bow from him, but after the first he did not deign to see her there. On the morning after he had been boycotted Miss Spencer went out on the street a short time before his accustomed passing, met him face to face and cut him dead.

HE WAS OBLIGED TO CATCH HER TO PREVENT HER FALLING.

The next morning Harrington walked by the house as indifferently as before. Miss Spencer was watching for him from behind a curtain. For three successive mornings she was at her post and saw the same indifference. Then she wrote a note to Mr. Harrington telling him that she had declined to speak to him because she had heard something about him to his discredit. If he would call on her she would tell him; she didn't wish to do him an injustice.

Harrington called the same evening. Miss Spencer wore her most becoming costume. She was a pretty girl and had never looked prettier. There was no convenient place for him to sit except next her on the sofa. She told him that some one had maligned him; had said he hated women. He replied that he was not in a position to deny the charge, for he had made such a remark a number of times.

"But you didn't mean it," she said. "Don't say you did, for I know you are a gentleman, and none such would attack the weaker sex."

Harrington saw a pair of beautiful blue eyes looking into his. He felt complimented, and he felt drawn toward Miss Spencer.

"The reason why I condemn women," he said, "is because of their standard of honor, which is far beneath that in vogue among men. But I am open to conviction. If within three months you are able to convince me that women are as honorable as men I will renounce my opposition. Meanwhile I shall see you frequently, and we will go out together.

"Agreed," said Miss Spencer.

Harrington kept his word. He called often and invited her to go out with him. She declined his invitations for places of amusement for fear she would be seen by some of the girls with whom she had made the compact. She knew very well what she would say to them when the time came to say it, but the time had not come.

One day Harrington was about to get off a trolley car. A young lady on the platform blocked his way. She was about to step down into the street when Harrington put a hand on her shoulder and held her back. A second later an automobile driven by a drunken chauffeur grazed the trolley car. Had the girl stepped off, as she intended, she would have surely been killed. The auto having passed, Harrington escorted her to the sidewalk. She seemed quite unconcerned till she reached allotted for his conversion under Miss Spencer's influence and had quite lost his antipathy for women. Indeed, he was beginning to feel that with her for a helpmeet life would assume a rosier hue. He had about made up his mind to tell her so when the trolley car incident occurred. But suddenly Miss Spencer noticed that he was becoming indifferent to her.

The truth is that, being on excellent terms with two women, he was enabled to contrast the one with the other. His trolley car lady appeared friendly, but otherwise indifferent. This revealed to him the fact that Miss Spencer was trying to catch him. The latter redoubled her efforts, but this only tended to make them more apparent and rendered him more appreciative of the girl whom it piqued him to believe felt for him only a natural gratitude for having been the accidental cause of saving her life.

And so it happened that the man who had given a woman an opportunity to prove to him that woman's standard of honor was equal to that of man found himself in an equivocal position. He had gone so far with Miss Spencer that he doubted if he were not in honor bound to g

JUST DIP IT
THAT'S ALL
REMOVES ALL TARNISH
USE DIPSHINE to Clean Silver
NO ACID
NO POISON
NO RUBBING
CLEANS IN ONE MINUTE
POSITIVELY NO SCRATCHING
GUARANTEED NON-INJURIOUS
25 CENTS Sold At 50 CENTS
Mittwer's Hardware

ISN'T RIGHT NOW A GOOD TIME TO TAKE STOCK
of YOUR financial condition? During the past ten years of prosperity how much of your income have you SAVED? Not so much as you should? Why not start a bank account right by opening an account at this bank and conserving your future income? We furnish deposit slips, check and pass book free.
The Merchants State Bank

SUNKIST ORANGES
Your Choice From 10,000,000 Orange Trees
We pack 60 per cent of California's orange crop—three-fourths of its lemons. From this great quantity we choose the solid, tree-ripened, deliciously flavored fruit for our special brand, "SUNKIST."
"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless
They are always packed in wrappers bearing the name "Sunkist." Be sure the oranges you get have these wrappers, for they not only insure you the finest oranges that can be grown, but for every twelve you send us we will give you a
Handsome Orange Spoon FREE
These spoons are Rogers' Best Quality Standard AA—a beautiful pattern designed especially for us. You couldn't buy anything more handsome, no matter what price you paid. Think how quickly you can get an entire set—a most attractive addition to your table service.
Buy a dozen "Sunkist" Oranges or Lemons today, and send us the wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay for postage, packing, etc. You will get your first spoon by return mail.
Address California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark St. :: :: CHICAGO
SUNKIST LEMONS
Buy "Sunkist" Lemons as well as "Sunkist" Oranges. The fruit is equally fine, and we accept lemon wrappers for spoons.
(7)

At any rate, he shrank from what he considered a backing out. When the end of the three months he had given Miss Spencer to convert him came round she had made the conversion, but he had fallen in love with another girl.

Harrington decided to make a clean breast of it to the girl he loved. He told her that he loved her, but before meeting her had become entangled with another girl. Then he confided to her his affair with Miss Spencer. His confidante manifested no surprise. Indeed, she seemed to be cognizant of the whole affair. But she astonished Mr. Harrington by telling him that she could not accept a proposition from him because such a course would place her in an unfortunate position. When he asked her what that position was she declined to inform him on the ground that she could not honorably do so.

Mr. Harrington was astonished. That a woman should decline an offer of marriage on the ground that it would place her in a false position and decline to give that position through motives of honor opened up to him a new thing in the world of morals. He had not been insensible to woman's charms, which he had considered marred by their want of a high sense of honor. Here was a woman with charms and scrupulously honorable. He begged her to put him in the way to get the desired information from another, but she said that such a course would be only a subterfuge and no more honorable than telling him herself.

Nevertheless the information came. Miss Spencer was met one day by Miss Hunter walking with Mr. Harrington, and, looking up at him in the fashion of a woman who means to be seductive, Miss Hunter at once invited the members of the cabal to meet at her house the next day at afternoon tea. Miss Emerson, having declined to cut the victim, was not notified. When they were assembled the hostess announced the perfidy

great was the indignation of the "signatory powers." Miss Wadsworth declared that Mr. Harrington should be saved from the wiles of such a girl, and after much deliberation it was decided to send him an anonymous note stating that for the protection of the sex certain girls had decided to cut him, Miss Spencer having made the proposition. The decision had been unanimous except for one girl. The note having been mailed and tea having been drunk, the girls separated.

When Harrington received the note he took it at once to Miss Spencer, telling her his opinion of women who could write such a note. Miss Spencer showed unmistakable signs of guilt and finally in tears confessed her part in the matter.

"Will you inform me," asked Harrington, "who was the girl who declined to enter upon this conspiracy?"

"Irene Emerson," sobbed the culprit.

"Irene Emerson!"

"Yes. Do you know her?"

"I didn't when this boycott was decided on. I had never seen her. Since then it has been my good fortune to have been the accidental cause of her avoiding a serious accident, and in that way I made her acquaintance. I have been converted to the fact that a standard of honor may be lived up to by persons irrespective of sex, but I regret to have to tell you that my conversion has not come through you but the girl who, though she had never seen me, declined to join the conspiracy that you instituted. I beg to bid you good day."

Mr. Harrington called on Miss Emerson as soon as he could reach her after leaving Miss Spencer.

"The secret you were too honorable to betray," he said, "has been revealed to me. I have come to thank you for the noble part you have played and for re-establishing in me that reverence for women which all true women deserve."

There are men friends of Harrington—crusty old bachelors—who are mean enough to insinuate that Miss Emerson played a deep game.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY JANUARY 27, 1910.

VOL. XXVII—NO. 18

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NEW COURT HOUSE WILL BE BUILT

County Commissioners Will Sell Bonds and Let Contract for Building.

Supreme Court Interpretation of the Law Gives Them Full Authority.

At the meeting of the county commissioners held last Saturday, a resolution was adopted providing for the issuance and sale of bonds of the county in the amount of $37,000 for the erection of a court house in Red Lake Falls. Another resolution was adopted providing for the advertisement for bids for the construction of the building according to the plans now on file in the county auditor's office. The advertisement for bids for the contract for constructing the building is published in this issue of the Gazette. The full proceedings of the meeting will be published in the next issue.

The commissioners are acting under authority of Chapter 175, Laws of 1905, which gives the county commissioners the right to issue bonds for the purpose of building a court house in counties not already in possession of such buildings.

The supreme court has recently decided, in the injunction proceedings against the commissioners instituted by Thief River Falls people, that the law is constitutional and that it gives the county commissioners of Red Lake county authority to provide for the erection of a new building.

The commissioners now having this clearly defined authority, decided that the wise thing to do was to recind certain former acts and make a fresh start and this they have done.

The commissioners will meet on February 17 to consider bids on the two propositions and there is no doubt that the bonds will be sold and the contract for the construction of the building awarded so that work may be commenced early in the spring.

Dance and Social.

The Royal Neighbors will give a box social and dance at the Woodman hall Friday evening, Feb. 4. Ladies are requested to bring boxes containing lunches. The boxes will be sold at 75 cents each. There will be no other charge for the dance or social. Coffe and cream will be furnished by the lodge. A general invitation to attend this social affair is extended.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

Will be Held Next Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Examinations for teachers' common school certificates will be conducted in Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls next Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 3, 4 and 5. On Thursday the examinations will be in first grade subjects and on Friday and Saturday second grade subjects.

A China Shower.

On Monday evening Miss Margarot Rose gave a china shower at her home in honor of Miss Amelia Berget, a bride of the week. The house was prettily decorated with pink and white hearts and two large hearts pierced with a cupid's arrow hung in the arch between the rooms and served as conspicuous reminder of the significance of the occasion.

One of the means of entertainment was a mock wedding, this having been decided upon by some of the guests, it is said, because they desired the experience such a peformance would give them. Miss Elsie Manley was the groom and Miss Jessie Carver was the bride—only in the mock wedding, you know. Miss Rose Harren officiated as the clergyman with becoming dignity. Miss Angelina Guillmette was the best man and Miss Lorena Zaiser was the bridesmaid. Miss Grace Jeffers played the wedding march on the violin. Several contests provided entertainment and prizes were won by Mrs. Geo. F. Hennings and Miss Carrie Patnode. The bride-to-be received many very pretty pieces of chinaware. Before the guests went to their homes Miss Rose served dainty refreshments.

A. P. TOUPIN RESIGNS

Dr. I. Lemieux Elected to Board of Education Vacancy.

A. P. Toupin, whose appointment as register of the U. S. land office at Crookston necessitated his removal from the city, has tendered his resignation as a member of the board of education and as clerk of that body. Mr. Toupin has been a competent official and it was with regret that the board accepted his resignation. Dr. I. Lemieux was elected to the vacancy on the board and was also chosen clerk.

WERE MARRIED TODAY

Wedding of Miss Amelia Berget and Mr. Harry Garceau This Morning.

The wedding of Miss Amelia Berget and Mr. Harry Garceau occurred at nine o'clock this morning. The wedding was a quiet affair, being witnessed by only a few relatives. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph's church, Rev. Fr. Bussua officiating. Following the ceremony a wedding dinner was served at the Garceau residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Garceau left this evening on a wedding trip to Duluth and Minneapolis. Upon their return they will go to housekeeping in the Johnson house, south of the Healy residence, and will be at home to their friends in a few weeks.

Mr. Garceau is teller at the First State Bank and he and his bride are most estimable young people whose large number of friends will be pleased to offer congratulations and best wishes.

SCHOOL INVESTIGATION.

St. Hilaire Boy and Two Others Are Expelled

The controversy over the conduct of the state school for the blind at Faribault has commanded the attention of the public for several days.

Some of the students complained to Governor Eberhart of the treatment they were receiving and this resulted in an investigation and much has been printed in the daily papers about the trouble. The controversy has resulted in the expulsion of three of the boys, one of whom is Arthur Hendrickson of St. Hilaire.

The authorities state that the expulsion of the three boys is not due in any measure to the fact that they complained to the governor of conditions in the school or because some of the boys have informed the daily papers of alleged unsatisfactory conditions. They say the boys have a right to complain of conditions, but that the boys have been guilty of insubordination and that the discipline of the school must be maintained and that the expulsion of the boys was necessary. Many people believe that the authorities have been too harsh in their treatment of the boys. It is no doubt true that boys afflicted as are these students are more sensitive than are people possessed of all their faculties and it may be that some of the wrongs that they insist upon as existing are imaginary. It is also true that the management of a school of this character requires much tact and the expulsion of blind students for any cause should be resorted to only as an extreme measure. No doubt the expulsion of the boys will result in further investigation of the causes that induced the action and of the complaints that have been made by the students.

Notice.

Bids will be received by the undersigned up to February 7th, 1910, for the delivery of 50 cords of green, split poplar wood at Washington School (North Side).

Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of Education, Independent School District No. 15.

Dr. I. Lemieux,
Clerk.

Notice.

To whom it may concern: I hereby give notice that no credit in merchandise, board or lodging shall be given to Ephrim Trembly without authority from the undersigned.—P. P. Boileau, Guardian

LIQUOR FAMINE

Liquor Stores at Detroit Are Low on Stock.

An impending liquor famine in Detroit is making the four saloon keepers whom Government Agent W. E. Johnson allows to run there, resort to heroic measures to supply their thirsty patrons.

The railroads learned that they were equally liable with the saloon keepers for introduction of liquor into the Indian reservation, consequently they refused to carry liquor across the reservation lines.

As the stock of drinkables in the four Detroit saloons was not large, quick action was demanded. Arrangements were made to have the liquor put off the trains at Vergas, just outside the reservation. From this little town liquor is transported by sleighs to points within the reservation. This makes the drivers of the sleigh liable, but they are taking a long chance.

OPPOSITION TO STEENERSON

Henry O. Bjorge, of Tonnage Tax Fame, a Candidate for Congress.

Henry Bjorge of Lake Park has announced himself a candidate for congress and will seek the republican nomination in opposition to Congressman Steenerson. Mr. Bjorge is the author of the tonnage tax bill that commanded so much of the attention of the public last winter. One interesting paragraph in Mr. Bjorge's announcement is as follows:

"I am in favor of a legislative program that will carry out to the fullest extent the spirit of the Roosevelt policies. I also favor curbing the power of the reactionary forces now entrenched behind the cloak of Cannonism, to which is already due the enactment of legislation favorable to "Special Interests" to the detriment of the masses. I am in favor of reforming the rules of the lower branch of the national legislature so as to accomplish the abolition of the system that has made Cannonism possible."

New Comet's Orbit.

The daily papers received today state that a message has been received from Harvard College observatory, that Prof. Kobold of Kiel, Germany, has completed the computation of the orbit of the new comet. According to Prof. Kobold the new comet was nearest the sun on Jan. 17, being 4,000,000 miles away. The orbit is inclined 62 degrees to the plane of the earth's orbit. On Feb. 3 the comet will be about one-tenth of the brilliancy shown on Jan. 22. The comet is traveling to the east and north."

Now what do you know about it?

Notice of Sale of Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the county of Red Lake will issue its bonds for the construction of a court house in the amount of thirty seven thousand dollars, ($37,000), due twenty years from date of issue, bearing interest at not to exceed 5½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, bonds and interest payable at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, bonds to be issued in denominations of one thousand dollars each, accompanied by interest coupons.

Bids are invited for the purchase of said bonds. The board of county commisioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor of said county, at the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to open and consider bids for said bonds, and to negotiate the sale of said bonds.

All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of meeting, and be accompanied by a certified check for $500.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, January 22, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Senior Class Play.

The members of the senior class of the high school have decided upon the class play that is to be given near the end of the school year. They will put on "Hicks at College." The play is full of fun and the many people who will attend the play have a big laugh coming.

"OH! TUSH!" SAYS GOVERNOR EBERHART

Governor Eberhart Makes Reply to Charges of Former Congressman Heatwole.

Paul Pry Writes a Gossipy Letter About State Politics and Other Things.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Jan. 25. There are two things by which one may judge of what principles or policies will inspire Governor Eberhart's administration. One is what he says; the other is what he does. Incidently it may be remembered that Governor Eberhart talks often; he talks long; he talks like a book.

The Difference.

When the Governor assumed office he made certain professions with regard to his intention to carry out Governor Johnson's administation as Governor Johnson himself would have carried it out if Povidence had not interposed. We will take a concrete instance: the board of appeals for the inspection of grain. This board was originally created to insure to farmers fair play. The complaint made was that in judging grain that farmers did not have proper representation. The grain was practically graded by the buyers and by the commission men who represented the buyers. Hence, when the board of appeals was organized the appointments made by Governor Johnson and his predecessors were such as to inspire the farmers with confidence that at last they would have fair play.

The New Policy.

Possibly that sort of thing had gone far enough. At all events that appears to have been the view which prevailed in the executive office. Possibly the conclusion may have been reached that the wheat buyers were being ill used. At all events the other day when the terms of T. B. McManus of Crookston and S. P. Thorson of Winthrop, both of whom are representative farmers, expired, Governor Eberhart appointed in their room and stead Al. Chambers of Minneapolis and Charles Bryant of Duluth, both of whom have been clerks in the offices of grain commission men and whose training is along that line. It is scarcely necessary to say that in this the policy of Governor Johnson has not been Governor Eberhart's guide.

Another Instance.

Governor Johnson's sympathies with working men were well known. That was clearly indicated by what he said, what he did and by his frequent preference of working men for official positions. Governor Eberhart also sympathises with the horny handed son of toil, when he talks. The other day he reached the conclusion that in their interest, no less than in the interest of the general public, the state board of arbitation which had fallen into innocuous desuetude should be revived, and possibly in that he was right. So he appointed as members of the board a Mr. H. M. Leighton, of Minneapolis, a contractor, as the representative of the employers. To represent the workingmen he appointed H. W. Goetzlinger, of St Paul, a labor leader. To the third position which the law contemplated being occupied without bias, as a sort of arbitrator to hold the balance true, Governor Eberhart appointed John W. Mason, a lawyer from Fergus Falls. The milk in the cocoanut resides in this that, while, on the surface, a lawyer might appear to be just the man to decide where partizans disagree, Mr. Mason is the attorney for the Great Northern railway and the Great Northern railway is the largest employer of labor in the state and has the most trouble with its employees.

Royal Entertainers.

The sheriffs of the state met last week in St. Paul. About forty of them were on the invitation of Sheriff Gerber entertained at a dinner at a down-town restaurant noted somewhat for the elaborate character of its spreads. Arrived there they were presented to E. M. Parish, of St. Paul, late chief clerk to the secretary of state, and informed that the dinner was given at his expense. George Dix was also there, as was Ex-sheriff Ege of Minneapolis. George Dix is a candidate for secretary of state. Ed. Parish is not now in politics—that is the popular phrase—he is in the employ of the Brewers' association succeeding to the duties recently discharged by the Hon. John Selb, and associated with Hon. Derins F. Reese and F. W. Zollman. The advantage of his clients being on good terms with the sheriffs can readily be understood, as also the prestige it will give George Dix and Sheriff Ege in their campaign when it is known that they are the special honored guests of the political agent of the Brewers' association.

Continued on Page 4

IVERSON A CANDIDATE

State Auditor Expresses Desire to Succeed Himself.

State Auditor S. G. Iverson is a candidate for re-election. The Gazette is in receipt of a circular letter from Mr. Iverson in which he announces that he will be a candidate for renomination before the next Republican state convention.

The auditor makes the following formal announcement and then proceeds to recount a number of important state transactions in which he has figured prominently:

"For seven years the work of this department has been in my charge. I deeply appreciate the honor that has been conferred upon me, and the confidence shown by the people. In making this announcement of my candidacy for a renomination it is proper that the people should review my stewardship. It is with a feeling of satisfaction that I refer to a few actual results which have been accomplished, with the assistance of associated officials, during the past seven years.

THE WAY ONE MERCHANT ADVERTISES

Big Results Obtained by Proprietor of Store at Fergus Falls.

The Twin City Commercial Bulletin published a long interview which a representative of that paper had with I. W. Donoven, a leading merchant of Fergus Falls, Minn. Mr. Donoven is proprietor of the Leader Department Store at Fergus Falls. He has been in business just three years and started with an investment of $3,000. Today he carries an immense stock and is doing a big business. He attributes his remarkable success to the well planned advertising campaign that he conducted. A part of the article that appeared in the Commercial Bulletin is published below:

Mr. Donoven started out with an advertising plan. His plan was to spend two and a half per cent of his sales for advertising. Many merchants advertise liberally, but without system. He began by using more newspaper space than all of his competitors in the same line of trade.

The expenditures for advertising by the Leader store for this year will be approximately $2,000. The whole of this amount has been spent for newspaper space which Mr. Donoven deems covers the field so well that the other advertising is not essential. Next year Mr. Donoven expects to increase his sales and decrease his expense for advertising to 2 per cent of his sales.

"I write my own advertising copy," said Mr. Donoven to the Twin City Commercial Bulletin. "What I cannot think of myself I steal from good advertisements in city newspapers. City advertisers do the same thing, so I guess it's all right."

This merchant is one who is not troubled by catalog house competition.

"A man came to me a few days ago and wanted me to join in a movement by merchants to combat the competition of mail order houses. I told him to count me out, that the catalog houses did not bother me and I could not see why I should bother them."

"The way I feel about the catalog house proposition is just like this," continued Mr. Donoven, "there are a lot of people in Fergus Falls who go to the Twin Cities to do their trading; there are quite a number, probably who buy from the catalog houses, too. Combined, their trade would probably make an item, but competition has got to come from somewhere and I would just as soon it came from Chicago as Fergus Falls. If some people did not buy in Chicago and the Twin Cities it would mean more stores and more competition in Fergus Falls.

Base Ball Meeting.

The base ball fans will have an opportunity to enthuse Friday evening when a meeting will be held at the city hall to talk over the prospects for a local team next season. All people interested as well as would-be base ball players are invited to attend the meeting. There is a possibility that some excellent base ball material may be secured for next season and it is up to the fans to determine at this time whether or not a team can be financed.

Doctor Got His.

Dr. J. O. Kjelland of Crookston, after a trial at Grand Rapids on the charge of buying deer meat in violation of the law, was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and costs.

FOR LONGER TERMS

Judges of Probate Suggest Six Year Term.

The judges of probate of the state of Minnesota, in session at Duluth recently, expressed themselves, in resolutions adopted, as favoring a six year term of office for judges of probate. The resolution recites that the public will get better service if judges hold for longer terms. They believe that in the very important work of settling up estates a longer term of office will insure better service with less liability of mistakes being made.

AN AUTOMOBILE CLUB

One With Fifteen Members Organized in Red Lake Falls.

The Red Lake Falls Automobile Club is a new organization that starts out with fifteen members. Samuel Gibeau was chosen president of the new organization; Jos. Helm, sr., vice president; Jos. Helm, jr., secretary and treasurer. The directors are Chas. E. Boughton, Dr. J. C. Wilkinson, Joseph Helm, sr., Jos. Helm, jr., V. M. Higinbotham, Samuel Gibeau. P. B. Gaass was chosen delegate to the state association meeting and he was in Minneapolis last week in attendance at the annual meeting.

All of the automobile owners in the city are members of the club and it is expected that a number of people who have been showing symptoms, will become afflicted with bubbleitis and that the new club will prosper.

Haugen-Haller.

The following account published in the Fargo Forum of the marriage of Miss Alma C. Haller, formerly a teacher in the Red Lake Falls schools, will be of interest to Miss Haller's friends here:

"A very pleasant wedding took place at the home of Judge and Mrs. Axel Haller on Kingman hill, Red Wing, 5 o'clock Wednesday evening, when their daughter, Miss Alma C. Haller, was married to Gustaf O. Haugen, of White Earth, N. D. Rev. O. S. Meland performed the ceremony in the presence of a few immediate relatives and friends. Mr. and Mrs. Haugen left for the twin cities. They will reside at White Earth, N. D., where the groom is engaged in the banking business. The bride has a wide circle of friends in Red Wing, where she has always lived, who esteem her highly and their best wishes go with her to her new home."

"Goldship" Sinks.

In the last issue of the Hendrum Review is published a letter from John W. Arctender, of "Goldship" fame, who came through here a year or so ago and sold shares in that venture. Mr. Arctander announces the complete failure of the enterprise and says the stockholders will lose all the money they put into the undertaking. It would be interesting to have a complete statement of the money received by this concern and just what it was expended for. Quite a number in this county lost money in this venture. —Ada Index.

Notice of Letting Contract to Build Court House.

Sealed bids are invited for the construction of a court house at the county seat of Red Lake county, according to the first set of plans and specifications on file in the office of the county auditor of said county.

The Board of County Commissioners of said county will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted for the construction of said court house, and to let the contract for same. All bids must be filed with the auditor at or before the hour of said meeting. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

A certified check for five per cent of the amount bid payable to the county auditor, must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Jan. 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE NEW COMET?

People Rewarded Last Saturday Evening After Much "Looking."

New Comet is Without a Name and Even the Astronomers Are Mystified.

"Looking for the comet" has become quite a popular diversion for Red Lake Falls people and each evening at about six o'clock people may be seen watching the new comet, without a name, the appearance of which is a surprise even to the astronomers.

The new comet is visible as the twilight is approaching. Although it is faint at first it increases in brightness as the sun goes down. The comet was first observed here Thursday evening, but on Saturday evening the finest view was obtained, the sky being perfectly clear that evening. The comet may be seen in the western horizon just before sunset. Watch for it near the sun in between 5:30 and 6:30 and if the sky is clear you can't fail to see it. The most favorable hour is about six o'clock.

One reason given why the comet sprung a surprise on the astronomers is that it may be that it is not visible oftener than once in every two or three thousand years and for that reason there is no record of its previous visit.

This is not Halley's comet arrived ahead of schedule time, as some people thought. The astronomers know exactly the location of Halley's comet and have announced that it is to be visible in the spring. It can be seen even now if one wishes to figure out its location, but it is so far from the earth that it appears as a star.

An instructor in astronomy at the University offers the following "receipt" for locating the comet that can now be seen at sunset:

"You find it slightly to the southwest at sunset," he said. "There is only one very bright star in the west at evening, and that is Venus, a little to the south of west. Draw a line from Venus straight down to the horizon. Then draw another line from Venus, making an angle of 45 degrees with your first line towards the north and this second line will pass directly through the comet. Watch for the comet between the hours of 5:30 and 6:30. I saw it at 5:45 and the most favorable hour is about 6 o'clock if the sky is clear.

"This comet is so far a nomad, a wanderer, but when its orbit is figured out by the astronomers it may prove to be an old friend."

KILLED HIMSELF

Showman Here Last Fall is a Suicide.

Harry Williams, a showman who performed in Red Lake Falls about three months ago, has killed himself. Williams will be remembered as the man who in company with his wife performed stunts with rings at the Bijou theatre and he was later employed by manager Barr as a machine operator. Williams and his wife were showing at Fort Dodge, Iowa, when Williams decided to do the very sensational act. He shot himself, using a revolver.

New Store at Plummer.

N. B. Nelson of Kennedy, Minn., spent the first of the week here making arrangments to open a general merchandise store next month. He has made arrangments with Mr. Carlson to rent his building and will put in a complete and up-to-date stock to the amount of $15,000. The deal was made so that later in the spring he can buy the building which is one of the best in town. Mr. Carlson will conduct his feed business in the rear of the building until later, when he will build on the corner he owns, just across the street west of his present location. Mr. Nelson has been running a general store at Kennedy for several years but picked Plummer as a better location so disposed of his business there.—Plummer Pioneer.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are Interested.

Foreign

The Belgian authorities have been advised of systematic frauds which are being practiced against the American immigration laws at Antwerp, Rotterdam, Marseilles and other ports.

Social democratic demonstrations were held in Berlin in favor of the reform of the Prussian franchise. A heavy rain fell all through the day, and there was little disorder.

It is stated in Berlin on good authority that the porte has commenced proceedings to recover from the Deutscher bank the millions deposited there by Abdul Hamil, the former sultan of Turkey.

China has opened Hun Chum and Lunchinchum in Chientao, Manchuria, to international trade, notwithstanding the fact that an agreement has not yet been reached with Japan regarding the matter of the tariffs to be collected on the Korean-Manchurian border.

The Observatore Romano at Rome prints a dispatch from Harrar, a town of southeastern Abyssinia, saying it is reported that King Menelik died December 23, and that the news was concealed in order to avoid internal troubles.

The new Turkish cabinet, of which Hakki Bey is grand vizier, has been completed with the exception of the ministries of public instruction and of pious foundations. Changes have been made only in the ministries of war, marine and mines and forests.

The proposed Austrian cabinet of Dr. Ladislaus Von Lukacs having failed to meet the approval of Emperor Francis Joseph, the latter in an audience entrusted Count Khuen Von Hedervary with the responsibility of forming a new ministry.

General.

The legislature of Mississippi has thus far been unable to elect a United States senator.

A prominent man in Kansas City is suspected of poisoning the late Thos. Swope.

Cutting the estimates nearly $1,000,000, the committee on appropriations reported to the house the urgent deficiency appropriation bill for the current fiscal year, carrying altogether $5,003,816.

Negotiations for peace are said to be on again between the Nicaraguan revolutionists and President Madriz.

Miss Eleanor Williams, a nurse in the home of John D. Rockefeller, and in that of his brother-in-law, W. C. Rudd, died in Cleveland. She was 100 years old.

Placing three sticks of dynamite in the front of his shirt, William A. Bennett lighted the fuse and was blown to death at his home in New London, Conn.

"Dancing in the public schools of Boston is responsible for conditions of immorality that are almost as bad as the white slave traffic," declared Bishop W. F. Mallalieu of the Methodist church in that city.

Judge William Gaslin, the oldest practicing attorney in Nebraska, and widely known as a jurist, died at Alma, Neb., aged 82 years.

Census Director Durand says co-operation of the people is necessary to make the enumeration a success.

President Taft appointed Henry S. Graves to succeed Gifford Pinchot as forester.

Many governmental reforms are demanded in resolutions presented to the National Live Stock association for adoption.

Japan can see no good in the proposed neutralization of the Manchurian railroad property.

Nebraska millers lock horns with Dr. Wiley on the subject of bleached flour.

The Morris Brown college for negroes at Atlanta, Ga., was destroyed by fire. It will require $20,000 to rebuild.

The United States government is careful to in no way recognize Madriz as president of Nicaragua.

No action will be taken at this session of congress upon the president's recommendation for the granting of federal charters.

President Taft gave his endorsement to the movement looking to a civil service pension system in an address at the executive offices delivered to members of the Civil Service Retirement Association.

Another tragedy of the sea has been written into the record of marine disasters on the north Pacific coast through the loss of the iron steamer Czarina.

Five unidentified tramps were burned to death in a wreck on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad ten miles east of Wister, Okla.

Fred. Welch, the lightweight champion of England, and Ian Hague, the heavyweight pugilist, who formerly held the championship of Great Britain, have decided to undertake a combined boxing tour of the United States.

Representative O. J. Diekema of Michigan formally announced his candidacy for speaker of the house of representatives, to succeed "Uncle Joe" Cannon at the end of the present session.

Representative Albert F. Dawson of the Second Iowa district will not be a candidate before the primary next June for renomination.

The Postoffice department announced the resignation of Charles E. Llewellyn of Nebraska and James E. Bennett of Wyoming, postoffice inspectors in the office of the postmaster general.

President Taft is accredited at the capitol with a desire to put an end to the internecine war which threatens his administration.

A statue of General Lew Wallace was placed in the capitol at Washington.

A new dairy association called The Dairy Boosters' association, was formed at Ames, Ia. The objects are to advance the general dairy interests of the state.

Tammany tiger is receiving but little favor at the hands of its candidate, Judge Gaynor.

Census enumerator jobs go begging in many districts.

President Taft, Speaker Cannon and Mayor Gaynor have accepted invitations to the Republican club's annual dinner on Lincoln's birthday, Feb. 12, at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

"But for Mr. Pinchot," says Col. Wm. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), "we should have no great national forest reserve."

Negotiations for peace are said to be on again between the Nicaraguan revolutionists and President Madriz.

Because he is in bad health President Taft has granted a pardon to William Deschamps, a Flathead, Mont., Indian.

A Webster City (Ia.) man buried his wife under a snowdrift, but she revived, crawled out and has sued for divorce.

Harrison county, Iowa, has voted to build a $100,000 court house.

Five war vessels of the United States will take part in the celebration of the first centennial of the independence of the Argentine republic at Buenos Ayres about May next.

The house refused to take away from the speaker the right to refer the president's message.

By a viva voce vote the house passed the Bennet-Sabath "white slave" bill. The bill is the result of an investigation of traffic in alien women made by the National Immigration commission.

The senate adopted the joint resolution, providing for the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation.

The opinion at Washington is that the president will soon break with Speaker Cannon over legislation.

Treasurer Lindsay of the Nebraska republican state committee favors republican primaries to settle the senatorial contest next fall.

No recount of the vote for mayor of Boston will be asked for on the part of the principal defeated candidate, James J. Storrow, if the revised official returns show 1,145 plurality.

The house discussed the army bill and refused to economize.

Washington.

The establishment of a postal savings bank is a feature of the reorganization of the Brazilian postal service which went into effect the beginning of this month. Under the plan adopted, depositors draw 4 per cent increase, the minimum amount on which interest runs being thirty cents and the maximum $300.

Fortifications for the United States and insular possessions for the year 1911 will cost $5,617,000, over two and a half millions less than for 1910, if the house adopts the recommendations of the appropriations committee.

John C. Calhoun is about to return to his former haunts in the national capital in the form of a marble statue. It will be erected as one of the South Carolinian contributions to Statuary hall, which was occupied by the house of representatives at the time Calhoun was a member. The statue will be formally accepted March 12, next.

Three West Point cadets have been found guilty of hazing and their dismissal will follow the approval of the sentence by the secretary of war, who is allowed no discretion in the matter.

Terming the avowed policy of economy of the Taft administration as a "political exigency," which would not prove to be an economy in the long run, Representative Hay of Virginia made an earnest plea against curtailing the $1,350,000 appropriation for national guard encampments while the army appropriation bill was before the house.

A pension of $5,000 a year is due Mrs. Grover Cleveland according to precedent, and Senator Root presented to the senate a bill making the grant. The amount is the same as was allowed the widowed wives of former presidents.

A spirited trade contest between Omaha and Lincoln, Neb., was brought to the attention of the interstate commerce commission by the filing of a complaint against the Union Pacific railroad and ten other railway companies. It is alleged that the defendant railroads discriminate in their lumber rates against Omaha and in favor of Lincoln, to the great commercial disadvantage of Omaha.

Personal.

George Harris, president of the Burlington railroad, has presented his resignation to the board of directors, and it will be accepted.

Oscar G. Murray, for the last six years president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company, tendered his resignation at a special meeting of the board of directors of the road.

"The fight will be either in San Francisco or across the bay at Oakland,' said James J. Jeffries who was making a short stop at Joliet, Ill.

Nathaniel F. Moore, son of the Rock Island magnate, was found dead at a Chicago resort.

Congressman Hinshaw says he is pleased with the present status of insurgency in the house.

Senator Charles Dick is now officially a candidate to succeed himself in the senate from Ohio.

At Liberal, Mo., Henry Dorman celebrated his 110th birthday. He was born in Steuben county, N. Y.

Lieutenant Daniel Shean of the Sixteenth infantry, who disappeared from his command at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., three months ago, was dropped from the rolls of the army.

Former Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii, accompanied by a party of relatives and friends, has arrived in Washington.

Prof. Henry S. Graves of Yale, newly appointed national forester, expressed himself in favor of the policy pursued by Mr. Pinchot.

A ruling by the supreme court grants the interstate commerce commission greater power.

WANT TEST FARMS

MODEL TRACTS OF TEN ACRES EACH TO BE PROVIDED FOR EXPERIMENTS.

TO IMPROVE MINN. AGRICULTURE

Farmers Will Assemble To Study Crops and District Problems,—Commercial Club Delegates Would Aid State Growth.

Minneapolis.—Demonstration farm tracts, ten in number, established in as many sections of the state and operated under instructions of agricultural college experts, spreading the most advanced ideas of farming, are the novel innovation which will follow the sessions of the third annual meeting of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs.

These model farms, ten acres each in extent, are to be furnished by the various commercial clubs, acting in conjunction with the farmers. The crops are to be sown under the direction of the farm school experts, with farmers from the entire section in attendance. Meetings are to be held in towns, following the actual work in the field, at which the farmers will be privileged to ask any questions which present themselves. Similar gatherings will attend each new step as the harvest progresses, the crop, at the end of the season, to belong to the farmer owning the land.

"We don't know just what grates will be experimented with first," said Secretary Mosher. "Where we find a section backward in the production of certain crops, these will be given special attention."

A committee was appointed to look after the details of the scheme and to consult with the state farm school authorities, as follows: A. O. Nortz, Breckenridge; E. H. Heine, Renville; John Stone Pardee, Duluth, and Allan Ferbush, Osakis.

The meeting was called to order by President D. M. Neill, of Red Wing, who also responded to the address of welcome by Mayor Haynes. Frank J. Meyst, of Minneapolis, also spoke. About 100 attended.

Development of the state's waterpower, proper rotation of crops, conservation of the coal supply and the more extensive use of peat for fuel purposes, better roads, industrial training in schools, better public sanitation, the planting of trees on barren land and a closer relationship between the various classes of people of the state—all were advocated by Governor Eberhart in his address on "Conservation" in the Commercial club rooms.

Minneapolis.—Something of a stiff fight marked the closing session of the third annual convention of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs, when the report of the committee on the demonstration farms to be established by the state university was read.

It recommended that the state agricultural college establish such farms at Breckenridge, Renville, Pipestone, Osakis, Delano, Bemidji, Wadena, East Grand Forks, Detroit, Rothsay, Willmar and Stewartville.

Fergus Falls, St. Cloud, Alexandria, Watertown, Red Wing, Hibbing and Brook Park were included in an accessory list to be considered by the university. Delegates from St. Cloud and Brainerd immediately protested against cutting their cities from the list.

By the report of the nominating committee, President D. M. Neill, of Red Wing, was re-elected for his third term. Other officers were chosen as follows: F. E. Wade, of Fairmont, first vice president; Andrew Davis, of Elk River, second vice president; W. L. Brooks, of Bemidji, third vice president, and Frank J. Meyst, of Minneapolis, treasurer.

The executive committee members chosen were Dr. Burns, of Stewartville, for the first district; F. B. Nelson, of Luverne, for the second district; W. W. Sivright, of Hutchinson, for the third district; J. W. Mitchell, of St. Paul, for the fourth district; Wallace O. Nye, of Minneapolis, for the fifth district; R. R. Wise, of Brainerd, for the sixth district; F. W. Murphy, of Wheaton, for the seventh district; H. V. Eva, of Duluth, for the eighth district, and Thomas R. Browne, of Crookston, for the ninth.

The report of the resolutions committee embodied a protest against exaggerated press reports of storms in Minnesota; a recommendation that the state investment board invest the state funds in municipal and country drainage bonds, instead of bonds of other states; and a vote of thanks to the Commercial club, mayor and city of Minneapolis for their hearty welcome, and another to the Twin City press for its assistance in giving publicity.

Resolutions deploring the deaths of the late Governor Johnson, and of the late Professor Williamson Robertson, of the Crookston school of agriculture, were also adopted.

COSTS $10,900 TO LOSE.

Minneapolis Six-Fer Case Legal Expenses Were High.

Minneapolis.—It cost the city of Minneapolis more than $10,000 in special attorneys' fees to carry the "six-fer" case to the United States supreme court. The city council claims committee has approved the bill of Lancaster & McGee, special attorneys in the case, for $7,200, balance on account. About two years ago, the firm was paid $3,700, making a total of $10,900.

DROPS FAIR EXAMINATION.

Governor Says He Is Satisfied With Auditor's Report.

St. Paul, Minn.—Governor A. O. Eberhart will take no further action to investigate the state fair. He expressed himself as satisfied with the report made yesterday by the state board of auditors, of which he is ex-officio chairman. "The report seems to be along right lines," he said. "I have not had the time to examine it closely, but I agree with its main features."

Prof. Albert Woods.

Assistant chief, bureau of plant industry, department of agriculture at Washington, D. C., who has accepted the position as dean of the Minnesota School and College of Agriculture. He will take charge in February.

NO WATER POWER GIFT.

Not Likely That Twin Cities Will Profit by High Dam.

Washington, D. C.—Consideration that is being given to participation by private and public corporations in the activities of the United States in water power and conservation questions at this time gives rise to the belief among members of the commerce committees of the two houses that it will be impossible for Minneapolis and St. Paul and the state university ever to obtain the consent of the engineer department of the government or of congress to donate the power which would result from the proposed 30 foot dam.

It is believed here that the engineers and the river and harbor committee will favor the high dam, but the agitation that has taken place over water power rights and the desirability of saving to the United States profits accruing from such power rights makes it certain that strong objections will be raised to making any gift of power either to cities or to private parties.

Under the terms of the bill introduced Wednesday by Senator Nelson, strict provisions are made to care for water power rights and all privileges connected therewith in lands or waters owned or controlled by the United States.

The prediction is now made that the river and harbor committee will favor the high dam project with a substantial appropriation and also a sum sufficient to construct the foundations of the proposed power plant.

Underwood Heads Fair Board.

St. Paul.—J. M. Underwood, of Lake City was elected president of the Minnesota State Fair, by a vote of 163½ to 156.

F. W. Murphy of Wheaton was elected to succeed himself on the board of state fair managers. State Senator Dar A. Hall, in compliance with the ruling of the attorney general that he was not eligible, resigned and Charles P. Craig of Duluth was elected in his place. To succeed William E. Lee of Long Prairie, Thomas H. Canfield of Lake Park was elected.

For the positions of first and second vice presidents, C. M. Griggs of St. Paul was elected to succeed John H. Beek of St. Paul, and E. J. Stillwell of Minneapolis was elected to succeed John J. Furlong. W. W. Sivright of Hutchinson, president of the Minneapolis Implement Dealers' association, was elected to succeed J. M. Underwood on the board.

JUDGES CHOSE SAINTLY CITY.

Meeting at Duluth Ends With Election of Officers.

Duluth.—The annual meeting of the Minnesota Probate Judges' Association, came to an end after selecting St. Paul as the meeting place for next year. The convention will be held some time in February. The invitation to meet in St. Paul was extended by Judge Edmund W. Bazille, and was unanimously accepted. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President, J. B. Middlecoff, Duluth; vice president, F. A. Watkins, Carlton; secretary and treasurer, A. F. Klaesn, St. Cloud; executive committee, Edmund W. Bazille, W. F. Hughes, St. Paul; S. A. Swanson, Rediske Falls, and George Ross, New Ulm.

HAMMOND'S FINANCE BILL.

Will Permit National Banks to Loan on Improved Farm Lands.

Washington, D. C.—Following an informal canvass of the house committee on banking and currency, Representative Hammond of Minnesota has framed a bill to allow national banks to loan, not to exceed 50 per cent of their savings deposits, on improved farm lands, under regulations to be prescribed by the comptroller of the currency.

SALOONS PAY HEAVY TAXES.

State Auditor Says Fees Amount to Over Two Millions.

St. Paul.—According to detailed figures furnished the Minnesota tax commission and supplied by State Auditor Iverson, the saloons of Minnesota pay over two and a quarter million dollars in license money to the different municipalities in which they are located. Mr. Iverson's report shows there are 3,518 saloons in the state, and that the highest license paid is $1,600 a year.

City Official Goes Insane.

Minneapolis.—Entirely worn out in the service of the city, L. A. Dunn, who has of recent years ranked as clerk in the city attorney's office, was taken violently insane and will be removed to an insane asylum. For 20 years Dunn's name has been connected with the city attorney's office in one capacity or another. In his prime he was known as a strong prosecutor and an able lawyer, but of recent years the strain of hard study and physical ills have told on him. He has become dangerously violent.

ENDORSE CAUCUS

REPUBLICANS IN HOUSE DECLINE TO PUT RAINEY ON COMMITTEE.

VOTE WAS 192 TO 147

Illinois Democrat, Choice of Party Caucus for Ballinger Committee, is Formally Turned Down by the House.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The democratic leaders of the house decided this morning to stand by their original caucus nominees for the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee. This points to a refusal by Lloyd of Missouri to serve in lieu of Rainey of Illinois.

Representative Lloyd of Missouri announced to the house that he would not serve on the Ballinger-Pinchot committee. His statement was greeted with applause.

Representative of Alabama (democrat), offered an amendment to the republican rule, naming the members of the Ballinger committee, proposing to substitute Rainey for Lloyd.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The caucus of republican members of the house last night named the house side of the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee and incidentally rejected Rainey of Illinois, one of the two democrats selected by the democratic caucus last Saturday night as the house minority's representative on the investigation committee.

The six men selected include three "regular" republicans, McCall of Massachusetts, Olmstead of Pennsylvania and Denby of Michigan; one "insurgent" republican, Madison of Kansas, and two democrats, James of Kentucky and Lloyd of Missouri.

Rainey of Illinois, who with James was named by the democratic caucus last Saturday night, was rejected by last night's caucus of the majority and Lloyd was named in his stead.

DAY WAS A LIVE ONE.

Tree Planting Discussed—Senator McCumber, Addresses Farmers.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 20.—The third day of the Tri-state meeting was a very lively one. In the forenoon horticultural subjects were discussed. Pres. Worst of the Agricultural college called the meeting to order and introduced G. C. Gregg of the farmer's institute corps of North Dakota, who then addressed the assemblage. He was followed by A. Brackett, of the Minnesota farmers institute corps. Both talked on trees for this section of the country and were asked numerous questions when their addresses were completed.

The afternoon session was under the auspices of the Equity society and was addressed by Sen. P. J. McCumber, who urged upon the farmers the necessity of organization.

Said Sen. McCumber in part:

"Potentially, the agricultural class is the greatest power in the world, and actually it exercises less influence over its own destiny and welfare than any other class."

"The question is often asked me, 'Why don't this federal inspection bill pass?' The answer could be summed up in a single sentence: Because the farmers are not organized, and all the great boards of trade are organized."

The audience was estimated at two thousand people and the senator's speech was followed with the closest attention and was punctuated with applause.

Another Stock Exchange Failure.

New York, Jan. 20.—The suspension of Roberts, Hall and Criss, brokers on the stock exchange, is announced. Criss, a board member of the suspended firm, was the specialist who handled the orders of the Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron Co., pool of the floor. Criss endeavored yesterday to stay the flood tide of selling orders in stock, and before the day was over almost collapsed, and had to be assisted from the exchange floor.

No New States This Year.

Washington, Jan. 20.—No new states will be added to the American flag before the summer of 1911, according to the plan under consideration in the senate committee on territories. The programme is said to have the indorsement of President Taft. It provides for the reporting of an entirely new bill for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona.

Agree With Switchmen.

Washington, Jan. 20.—A tentative agreement has been reached in the controversy between the Chicago railroads and their switchmen. It is likely the announcement will be made later in the day by the mediators. The nature of the agreement is not disclosed but is believed to involve arbitration of the wage question.

Mutilated Remains Found.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—The decapitated and mutilated body of a young woman has been found in a room above a saloon at 1720 Armour avenue, according to a report received by the police. The head is missing and it was reported that the abdomen had been ripped open.

Ashley Mears Discharged.

Fort Smith, Ark., Jan. 20.—E. Ashley Mears, the Minneapolis banker, who was placed on trial here Tuesday in the federal court on indictments charging him with the misuse of the mails, was discharged.

Talk on Many Subjects.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Irrigation, extradition, mining and divorce were the questions of which four governors spoke at this morning's session of the governor's conference. Idaho's executive head, Governor Brady, talked on irrigation, Governor Ansel of South Carolina followed with an address on extradition. Mining was the topic of Governor Sloan of Arizona. The fourth and last address of the morning was by Governor Carroll of Iowa on the divorce question. The formal addresses were followed by a general discussion on each of the subjects. The governors dined at the White house last evening.

The German Tariff Fight.

Berlin, Jan. 19.—It was semi-officially declared today that tariff negotiations with the United States had not been broken off, and it was added that time remained for the settlement of the difference between the two countries. In the absence of such a settlement the general tariff rates will go into effect on Feb. 7.

Roof Drops and Kills Pupil.

Coffeyville, Kan., Jan. 19.—The roof of a public school building here collapsed today, killing one person, injuring three others and causing a panic among the children.

TRI-STATE GRAIN MEETING

ELEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION NOW BEING HELD.

Every Train to Fargo Brings In Its Quota of Farmers and Stock Men Attendance is Large.

Fargo, Jan. 18.—For the eleventh time in the history of the northwest the great annual gathering of farmers and stockmen from North and South Dakota and Minnesota, officially known as the Tri-State Grain & Stock Growers' convention, opened this morning at 10 o'clock in the Fargo operahouse. For four full days the convention will be in session during which time most interesting and complete programme will be rendered.

All yesterday visitors arrived in the city. During the night every train brought in crowds that made the hotels very lively places. This morning every passenger train and even some of the freights, on all the railroads carried large delegations, all of whom were bound for the Grain Growers' convention, the poultry show, the beech show and the corn show.

When the doors of the operahouse were thrown open there were a large number of people waiting outside. Before the programme started the parquet was well filled, the initial attendance being the largest ever witnessed at the Grain Growers' convention. The attendance at the morning session was the first day of the meeting is usually rather light and it is therefore predicted, taking into consideration the large crowd this morning, that the greatest one in the history of the organization.

Promptly at 10 o'clock the hour set for the opening of the convention, Pres. J. H. Worst, of the agricultural college called the convention to order with a few brief remarks. He then introduced Rev. S. S. Wyand, pastor of the Broadway M. E. church of this city, who, in an excellent prayer asked the divine blessing to rest upon the convention.

In his address of welcome Judge Miller, aside from giving the farmers visiting here the freedom of the city, gave the agricultural college and its faculty a boost which is well deserved.

The responses to the address of welcome were made by Hon. J. Dexter Pierce of Larimore and E. S. DeLancy of Valley City. Mr. Pierce paid particular attention to the establishment of farmer's clubs over the state as a means of making rural life more interesting and benefiting the agriculturatists in their work.

MINERS IN CONVENTION

Annual Session of Bituminous Men in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Jan. 18.—The annual convention of the United Mine Workers of North America, which opened at Tomlinson hall in this city today, practically is devoted to the interest of thousands of men that labor in the immense bituminous coal fields of the country which stretch from Virginia and central Pennsylvania northwest to British Columbia and southwest to Texas and Oklahoma, engaging all the middle western states.

The bituminous miners are deeply concerned in the proposed demand for an increase of their wages that may be set at any point between 10 and 20 per cent.

The disaster at Cherry, Ill., has given a new impetus to a movement for federal regulation of the operation of mines and this matter will only be second in importance to the question of wages in the convention.

President Lewis vigorously will press his campaign for the institution of a government bureau on mines and mining.

Another Message Coming.

Washington, Jan. 18.—President Taft will send to congress within the next few weeks a special message recommending the consolidation of the various bureaus and agencies of the government handling public health matters.

Mr. Taft received today a visit from a committee representing the American Medical association, the American Association for the Advancement of Science and the American Public Health association on the subject of the proposed consolidation.

Andy Jones in Jail.

Fargo, Jan. 18.—Pending the approval of sureties on his $50,000 appeal bond, Andy Jones was committed to the Cass county jail last evening at 5 o'clock and until Judge Charles F. Amidon has been satisfied that the parties who have signified their intention to qualify, are financially responsible, he will be held there.

Governors Hold Conference.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Governors from thirty states of the union met today in the national capitol to discuss problems of state of national interest. Governor Willson of Kentucky, chairman of the committee on arrangements for the conference, was in the chair.

Crisis in Madrid.

Madrid, Jan. 16.—Premier Moret today announced his conviction that the crisis has been created by military agitation against the government. The A. B. C. declares that the number of discontented officers exceed 2,300.

House Adopts Reports.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The conference report on the Ballinger-Pinchot resolution was adopted unanimously by the house today.

Kansas After Big Packers.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 19.—Attorney General Jackson of Kansas began a suit today in the district court of Kansas City, against the Armour and Swift packing companies, charging them with being members of a combination to raise prices illegally.

The state alleges that the companies belong to the Kansas City Produce Exchange and are therefore liable under the Kansas law, providing a penalty of $100 a day for such membership.

"This suit is a civil action," said Mr. Jackson, "and follows the indictment of the packers in Missouri on similar grounds."

Unionists Make Gains.

London, Jan. 18.—Completed returns from yesterday's elections for members of parliament, make the standing of the parties to date as follows: Government liberals, 79; laborites, 17; Irish nationalists, 16; opposition unionists 98, a net unionist gain of thirty.

State Takes Insurance Co.

Syracuse, N. Y., Jan. 18.—Justice W. S. Andrews granted the application of the state insurance department to have the Peoples' Mutual Life association and the league turned over to the department of liquidation.

TRAIN IN WRECK

NORTHERN PACIFIC NO. 7 LEAVES RAILS NEAR NEW SALEM—50 INJURED.

NO PEOPLE ARE KILLED

Double Header, Running Fifty Miles An Hour Derailed—Bismarck Traveling Man Only One Critically Injured.

Bismarck, N. D., Jan. 19.—The Northern Pacific clinched its distinction as the luckiest railroad in the world, when a heavily loaded westbound train, No. 7, packed to the aisle with passengers, dashed off the track and into a ditch two miles west of New Salem without killing a passenger.

W. W. Lohes of Bismarck, traveling representative of the Armour Packing Co., was perhaps the most seriously injured. He is at the Bismarck hospital in this city suffering badly from internal injuries and shock. He has been unconscious a great part of the time since the accident and is still in a critical condition this morning.

Dr. F. R. Smyth, Northern Pacific surgeon at this point, says all the other injured persons at the hospital here are doing well and promise to come through all right.

The train was a double header and was running fifty miles an hour when the engines struck a broken rail. The air brakes were immediately applied, but the coaches back of the mail car jumped the rails, skidded along two blocks on the ties, filling the air with splinters and wreckage of the track and then the coaches, eight in number plunged down into the ditch below.

The accident happened just about twilight. All of the coaches were heavily loaded, and at once there was pandemonium in the smoker and the day coach. The coaches turned over on their sides and tops and those who were not too badly injured managed to make their exit through the doors, which were warped and twisted out of shape and were pried open with some difficulty.

The passengers, who were unhurt, with train crew immediately set to work to rescue the injured, fears of fire in the coaches spurring them on to extraordinary efforts. Fortunately, all of the stoves were closed tight and there was no fire in any of the coaches.

CONVENTION WELL ATTENDED.

Operahouse Filled to Overflowing With Agriculturalists.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 19.—Yesterday was marked as the biggest opening day, in point of attendance in the history of the tri-state convention. Today every record was broken. The town is simply swamped with agriculturalists from every part of the northwest. This morning the operahouse was packed until every inch of standing room was taken. Fourteen hundred farmers crowded into this morning's session.

Today, the second day of the annual convention of the Tri-state Grain & Stock Growers' association, was devoted entirely to the livestock side of the organization. The meeting was presided over by Prof. W. B. Richards of the agricultural college and secretary of the North Dakota Live Stock association. It proved to be one of the most interesting meetings and exhibited the greatest amount of enthusiasm of any live stock session ever held in the state.

The programme this morning began at 9:30 o'clock and from that time until the noon hour the entire time was taken up with subjects relating to dairying and the advisability of the farmers of North Dakota taking up this department of farm work. The speakers all advised the establishment of dairy herds and there was considerable discussion after each paper.

REACHES DANGER STAGE.

Great Ice Gorge Breaks and Pittsburg Is Menaced.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 19.—Tons upon tons of water today poured into the Ohio from the Allegheny river, where, thirty miles above this city, the ice gorge at Freeport broke last night. The Allegheny bank, full of soft, spongy ice, crumbled into small floes by its tumble over the dam after the gorge let go, was forcing the Ohio river up at the rate of two feet an hour. The crest was expected about noon.

As soon as the gorge broke Henry Dennwitt, the local forecaster of the weather bureau sent out warnings by telephone. The police too notified residents and business men of the down town district, and as it was expected twenty-four feet, two feet above the danger mark, would be reached by noon today, there was a scurrying to move furniture and stock to the upper floors.

6,000 Men Vote to Strike.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—As a result of a series of disagreements between the grievance committee of the local committee of the local union and the management of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company, 6,000 motormen and conductors, members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway employes, last night and early this morning voted to strike at the call of the executive board of the union.

Governors Talk Conservation.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Conservation of resources was the topic considered today by thirty state governors now in conference here. Having made most a propitious beginning yesterday, the conference today planned to accomplish more actual business than yesterday.

Governor Crothers of Maryland made the first address, speaking of good roads. He was followed by Governor Deneen of Illinois, whose topic was waterways. The last formal address of the morning session was by Governor Quinby of New Hampshire, who spoke on forests.

The German Tariff Fight.

Berlin, Jan. 19.—It was semi-officially declared today that tariff negotiations with the United States had not been broken off, and it was added that time remained for the settlement of the difference between the two countries. In the absence of such a settlement the general tariff rates will go into effect on Feb. 7.

Roof Drops and Kills Pupil.

Coffeyville, Kan., Jan. 16.—The roof of a public school building here collapsed today, killing one person, injuring three others and causing a panic among the children.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. MARION CRAWFORD

AUTHOR OF "SARACINESCA," "ARETHUSA" ETC. ETC.

ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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Mr. Van Torp's Solid Arms Slipped Into the Sleeves.

SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance and drew off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin Saad, her betrothed, attempted to climb down a cliff overlooking the mine; but the traveler shot him. The stranger was revived from a water gourd Saad carried, dug his way out of the tunnel, and departed, deserting the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the gems she could carry, and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), a famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg, and Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret, and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He offered Lady Maud $50,000 for her pet charity if she would aid him in winning the singer from Logotheti. Baraka approached Logotheti at Versailles with rubies to sell. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and sent it to Venice. He was visited by Baraka in male attire. She gave him a ruby after the American had told her of having seen in the United States a man answering the description of the one she loved. The American followed Margaret to the Bayreuth "Parsifal" festival. Margaret took a liking to Van Torp, who presented her with the ruby Baraka had given him.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

"Stemp," he asked, as he threw off his coat and kicked off his dusty shoes, "were you ever sea-sick?"

"Yes, sir," answered the admirable valet, but he offered no more information on the subject.

During the silence that followed, neither wasted a second. It is no joke to wash and get into evening dress in six minutes, even with the help of a body-servant trained to do his work at high speed.

"I mean," said Van Torp, when he was already fastening his collar, "are you sea-sick nowadays?"

"No, sir," replied Stemp, in precisely the same tone as before.

"I don't mean on a 20,000-ton liner. Black cravat. Yes. I mean on a yacht. Fix it behind. Right. Would you be sea-sick on a steam yacht?"

"No, sir."

"Sure?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then I'll take you. Tuxedo."

"Thank you, sir."

Stemp held up the dinner-jacket; Mr. Van Torp's solid arms slipped into the sleeves, he shook his sturdy shoulders, and pulled the jacket down in front while the valet "settled" the back. Then he faced round suddenly, like a soldier at drill.

"All right?" he inquired.

Stemp looked him over carefully from head to foot in the glare of the electric light.

"Yes, sir."

Van Torp left the room at once. He found Mrs. Rushmore slowly moving about the supper-table, more imposing than ever in a perfectly new black tea-gown and an extremely smart widow's cap. Mr. Van Torp thought she was a very fine old lady indeed. Margaret had not entered yet; a waiter with smooth yellow hair stood by a portable sideboard on which there were covered dishes. There were poppies and corn-flowers in a plain white jar on the table. Mrs. Rushmore smiled at the financier; it would hardly be an exaggeration to say that she beamed upon him. They had not met alone since his first visit on the previous afternoon.

"Miss Donne is a little late," she said, as if the fact were very pleasing. "You brought her back, of course."

"Why, certainly," said Mr. Van Torp with an amiable smile.

"You can hardly have come straight from the theater," continued the lady, "for I heard the other people in the hotel coming in fully 20 minutes before you did."

"We walked home very slowly," said Mr. Van Torp, still smiling amiably.

"Ah, I see! You went for a little walk to get some air!" She seemed delighted.

"We walked home very slowly in order to breathe the air," said Mr. Van Torp—"to breathe the air, as you say. I have to thank you very much for giving me your seat, Mrs. Rushmore."

"To tell the truth," replied the good lady, "I was very glad to let you take my place. I cannot say I enjoy that sort of music myself. It gives me a headache."

Margaret entered at this point in a marvelous "creation" of Chinese crape, of the most delicate shade of heliotrope. Her dressmaker called it a tea-gown, but Mr. Van Torp would have thought it "quite appropriate" for a "dinner-dance" at Bar Harbor.

"My dear child," said Mrs. Rushmore, "how long you were in getting back from the theater! I began to fear that something had happened!"

"We walked home very slowly," said Margaret, with a pleasant smile.

"Ah? You went for a little walk to get some air?"

"We just walked home very slowly, in order to breathe the air," Margaret answered innocently.

It dawned on Mr. Van Torp that the dignified Mrs. Rushmore was not quite devoid of a sense of humor. It also occurred to him that her repetition of the question to Margaret, and the latter's answer, must have revealed to her the fact that the two had agreed upon what they would say, since they used identically the same words, and that they therefore had an understanding about something they preferred to conceal from her. Nothing could have given Mrs. Rushmore such profound satisfaction as this, and it revealed itself in her bright smiles and her anxiety that both Margaret and Van Torp should, if possible, over-eat themselves with the excellent things she had been at pains to provide for them and for herself. For she was something of an epicure and her dinners in Versailles were of good fame, even in Paris.

Great appetites are generally silent, like the sincerest affections. Margaret was very hungry, and Mr. Van Torp was both hungry and very much in love. Mrs. Rushmore was neither, and she talked pleasantly while tasting each delicacy with critical satisfaction.

"By the by," she said at last, when she saw that the millionaire was backing his foretopsail to come to anchor, as Capt. Brown might have expressed it, "I hope you have not had any trouble about your rooms, Mr. Van Torp."

"None at all, that I know of," answered the latter. "My man told me nothing."

"The Russian prince arrived this evening while you were at the theater, and threatened the director with all sorts of legal consequences because the rooms he had ordered were occupied. He turns out to be only a count after all."

"You don't say so," observed Mr. Van Torp, in an encouraging tone.

"What became of him?" Margaret asked, without much interest.

"Did Potts not tell you, my dear? Why, Justine assisted at the whole interview and came and told me at once."

Justine was Mrs. Rushmore's Parisian maid, who always knew everything.

"What happened?" inquired Margaret, still not much interested.

"He arrived in an automobile," answered Mrs. Rushmore, and she paused.

"What old Grigge calls a sudden-death-cart," Mr. Van Torp put in.

"What a shocking name for it!" cried Mrs. Rushmore. "And you are always in them, my dear child!" She looked at Margaret. "A sudden-death-cart! It quite makes me shiver."

"Grigge says that all his friends either kill or get killed in them," explained the American.

"My throat-doctor says motoring is very bad for the voice, so I've given it up," Margaret said.

"Really? Thank goodness your profession has been of some use to you at last, my dear!"

Margaret laughed.

"Tell us about the Russian count," she said. "Has he found lodgings, or is he going to sleep in his motor?"

"My dear, he's the most original man you ever heard of! First, he wanted to buy the hotel and turn us all out, and offered any price for it, but the director said it was owned by a company in Munich. Then he sent his secretary about trying to buy a house, while he dined, but that didn't succeed either. He must be very wealthy or else quite mad."

"Mad, I should say," observed Mr. Van Torp, slowly peeling a peach. "Did you happen to catch his name, Mrs. Rushmore?"

"Oh, yes! We heard nothing else all the afternoon. His name is Kralinsky—Count Kralinsky."

Mr. Van Torp continued to peel his peach scientifically and economically, though he was aware that Margaret was looking at him with sudden curiosity.

"Kralinsky," he said slowly, keeping his eyes on the silver blade of the knife as he finished what he was doing. "It's not an uncommon name, I believe. I've heard it before. Sounds Polish, doesn't it?"

He looked up suddenly and showed Margaret the peeled peach on his fork. He smiled as he met her eyes, and she nodded so slightly that Mrs. Rushmore did not notice the movement.

"Did you ever see that done better?" he asked with an air of triumph.

"Ripping!" Margaret answered. "You're a dandy dab at it!"

"My dear child, what terrible slang!"

"I'm sorry," said Margaret. "I'm catching all sorts of American expressions from Mr. Van Torp, and when they get mixed up with my English ones the result is Babel, I suppose!"

"I've not heard Mr. Van Torp use any slang expressions yet, my dear," said Mrs. Rushmore, almost severely.

"You will," Margaret retorted with a laugh. "What became of Count Kralinsky? I didn't mean to spoil your story."

"My dear, he's got the pastor to give up his house, by offering him a hundred pounds for the poor here."

Van Torp left them soon after supper, and gave himself up to Stemp, pondering over what he had accomplished in two days, and also about another question which had lately presented itself. When he was ready to send his valet to bed he sat down at his table and wrote a telegram:

"If you can find Baraka, please explain that I was mistaken. Kralinsky is not in New York, but here in Bayreuth for some days, lodging at the pastor's house."

This message was addressed to Logotheti at his lodgings in London, and Van Torp signed it and gave it to Stemp to be sent at once. Logotheti never went to bed before two o'clock, as he knew, and might very possibly get the telegram the same night.

When his man was gone, Van Torp drew his chair to the open window and sat up a long time thinking about what he had just done; for though he held that all was fair in such a contest, he did not mean to do anything which he himself thought "low down." One proof of this odd sort of integrity was that the telegram itself was a fair warning of his presence in Bayreuth, where Logotheti knew that Margaret was still stopping.

As for the rest, he was quite convinced that it was Kralinsky himself, the ruby merchant, who had suddenly appeared at Bayreuth, and that this man was no other than the youth he had met long ago as a cow-boy in the west, who used to whistle "Parsifal" with his companion in exile, and who, having grown rich, had lost no time in coming to Europe for the very purpose of hearing the music he had always loved so well. And that this man had robbed the poor Tartar girl, Mr. Van Torp had no manner of doubt; and he believed that he had probably promised her marriage and abandoned her; and if this were true, to help her to find Kralinsky was in itself a good action.

CHAPTER VII.

When Van Torp and Logotheti left Mr. Pinney's shop, the old jeweler meant to have a good look at the ruby the Greek had brought him, and was going to weigh it, not merely as a matter of business, for he weighed every stone that passed through his hands from crown diamonds to sparks, but with genuine curiosity, because in a long experience he had not seen very many rubies of such a size, which were also of such fine quality, and he wondered where this one had been found.

Just then, however, two well-dressed young men entered the shop and came up to him. He had never seen either of them before, but their looks inspired him with confidence; and when they spoke, their tone was that of English gentlemen, which all other Englishmen find it practically impossible to imitate, and which had been extremely familiar to Mr. Pinney from his youth. Though he was the great jeweler himself, the wealthy descendant of five of his name in succession, and much better off than half his customers, he was alone in his shop that morning. The truth was that his only son, the sixth Pinney and the apple of his eye, had just been married and was gone abroad for a honeymoon trip, and the head shopman, who was Scotch, was having his month's holiday at Ayrshire, and the second man had been sent for, to clean and restring the duchess of Barchester's pearls at her grace's house in Cadogan Gardens, as was always done after the season, and a couple of skilled workmen for whom Mr. Pinney found occupation all the year round were in the workshop at their tables; wherefore, out of four responsible and worthy men who usually were about, only the great Mr. Pinney himself was at his post.

One of the two well-dressed customers asked to see some pins, and the other gave his advice. The first bought a pin with a small sapphire set in sparks, for ten guineas, and gave only two pearls for it because he paid cash. Mr. Pinney put the pin into its little morocco case, wrapped it up neatly and handed it to the purchaser. The latter and his friend said good-morning in a civil and leisurely manner, sauntered out, took a hansom a few steps farther down the street, and drove away.

The little paper twist containing Logotheti's ruby was still exactly where Mr. Pinney had placed it on the counter, and he was going to examine the stone and weigh it at last, when two more customers entered the shop, evidently foreigners, and moreover of a sort unfamiliar to the good jeweler, and especially suspicious.

The two were Baraka and her interpreter and servant, whom Logotheti had called a Turk, and who was really a Turkish subject and a Mohammedan, though as to race, he was a half-bred Greek and Dalmatian. New Dalmatians are generally honest, truthful, and trustworthy, and the low-class Greek of Constantinople is usually extremely sharp, if he is nothing more definitely reprehensible; and Baraka's man was a cross between the two, as I have said, and had been brought up as a Musulman in a rich Turkish family, and recommended to Baraka by the Persian merchant in whose house she had lived. He had been originally baptized a Christian under the name of Spiro, and had been subsequently renamed Salim when he was made a real Moslem at 12 years old, so he used whichever name suited the circumstances in which he was placed. At present he was Spiro.

The interpreter spoke broken but intelligible English. He called Baraka his master and explained that the latter wished to see some rubies, if Mr. Pinney had any, cut or uncut. The young gentleman, he said, did not speak English, but was a good judge of stones.

For one moment the jeweler forgot the little paper twist as he turned towards his safe, pulling out his keys at the same time. To reach the safe he had to walk the whole length of the shop, behind the counter, and before he had gone half way he remembered the stone, turned, came back and slipped it into his waistcoat pocket. Then he went and got the little japanned strong-box with a patent lock, in which he kept loose stones, some wrapped up in little pieces of paper, and some in pill boxes. He brought it to his customers, and opened it before them.

They stayed a long time, and Spiro asked many questions for Baraka, chiefly relating to the sliding scale of prices which is regulated by the weight of the stones where their quality is equally good, and Baraka made

"Merciful Providence!" Cried Mr. Pinney.

notes of some sort in a little English memorandum book, as if she had done it all her life; but Mr. Pinney could not see what she wrote. He was careful, and watched the stones when she took them in her fingers and held them up against the light, or laid them on a sheet of white paper to look at them critically.

She bought nothing, and when she had seen all he had to show her, she thanked him very much through Spiro, said she would come back another day, and went out with a leisurely, oriental gait, as if nothing in the world could hurry her. Mr. Pinney counted the stones again, and was going to lock the box, when his second man came in, having finished stringing the duchess' pearls. At the same moment, it occurred to Mr. Pinney that he might as well go to luncheon, and that he had better put Logotheti's ruby into the little strong-box and lock it up in the safe until he at last had a chance to weigh it. He accordingly took the screw of paper from his waistcoat pocket, and as a matter of formality he undid it once more.

"Merciful Providence!" cried Mr. Pinney, for he was a religious man.

The screw of paper contained a bit of broken green glass. He threw his keys to his shopman without another word, and rushed out into the street without his hat, his keen old face deadly pale, and his beautiful frock-coat flying in his wake.

He almost hurled himself upon a quiet policeman.

"Thief!" he cried. "Two foreigners in gray clothes—ruby worth ten thousand pounds just gone—I'm Pinney the jeweler!"

You cannot astonish a London policeman. The one Pinney had caught looked quietly up and down the street, and then glanced at his interlocutor to be sure that it was he, for he knew him by sight.

"All right," he said quickly, but very quietly. "I'll have them in a minute, sir, for they're in sight still. Better go in while I take them, sir."

He caught them in less than a minute without the slightest difficulty, and by some odd coincidence two other policemen suddenly appeared quite close to him. There was a little stir in the street, but Baraka and Spiro were too sensible and too sure of themselves to offer any useless resistance, and supposing there was some misunderstanding they walked back quietly to Mr. Pinney's shop between two of the policemen, while the third went for a four-wheeler at the nearest stand, which happened to be the corner of Brook street and New Bond street.

Mr. Pinney recognized his late customers without hesitation, and went with them to the police station, where he told his story and showed the piece of green glass. Spiro tried to speak, but was ordered to hold his tongue, and as no rubies were found in their pockets he and Baraka were led away to be more thoroughly searched.

But now, at last, Baraka resisted, and with such tremendous energy that there would have been serious trouble if Spiro had not called out something which at once changed the aspect of matters.

"Master is lady!" he yelled. "Lady, man clothes!"

"That makes a pretty bad case," observed the sergeant, who was superintending. "Send for Mrs. Mowle."

Baraka did not resist when she saw the matron, and went quietly with her to a cell at the back of the station. In less than ten minutes Mrs. Mowle came out and locked the door after her. She was a cheery little person, very neatly dressed, and she had restless bright eyes like a ferret. She brought a little bag of soft deerskin in her hand, and a steel bodkin with a wrought silver handle, such as southern Italian women used to wear in their hair before such weapons were prohibited. Mrs. Mowle gave both objects to the officer without comment.

"Any scars or tattoo-marks, Mrs. Mowle?" he inquired in his business-like way.

"Not a one," answered Mrs. Mowle, who had formerly taken in washing at home and was the widow of a brave policeman, killed in doing his duty.

In the bag there were several screws of paper, which were found to contain uncut rubies of different sizes to a large value. But there was one, much larger than the others, which Mr. Van Torp had not seen that morning. Mr. Pinney looked at it very carefully, held it to the light, laid it on a sheet of paper, and examined it long in every aspect. He was a conscientious man.

"To the best of my belief," he deposed, "this is the stone that was on my counter half an hour ago, and for which this piece of green glass was substituted. It is the property of a customer of mine, Mons. Konstantin Logotheti of Paris, who brought it to me this morning to be cut. I think it may be worth between nine and ten thousand pounds. I can say nothing as to the identity of the paper, for tissue paper is very much alike everywhere."

"The woman," observed the officer in charge of the station, "appears to steal nothing but rubies. It looks like a queer case. We'll lock up the two, Mr. Pinney, and if you will be kind enough to look in to-morrow morning, I'm sure the magistrate won't keep you waiting for the case."

Vastly relieved and comforted, Mr. Pinney returned to his shop. Formality required that the ruby itself, with the others in the bag, should remain in the keeping of the police till the magistrate ordered it to be returned to its rightful owner, the next morning; but Mr. Pinney felt quite as sure of its safety as if it were in the japanned strong-box in his own safe, and possibly even a little more sure, for nobody could steal it from the police station.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The KITCHEN CABINET

"IF EVERY one would be only half as good as he expects his neighbor to be, what a heaven this world would become."

"In everything you do, aim to excel;
For what is worth doing, is worth doing well."

Some Sunday Night Supper Dishes.

After a heavy, late dinner on Sunday, one does not care for anything but a light supper as a rule. Milk toast makes a nice supper dish, with tea, cake and preserves a sufficiently satisfying meal may be made.

For those who like a more substantial supper the rarebits are still favorites. The tomato rarebit is a little out of the ordinary, and very nice.

Put two tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan. When melted add two tablespoonfuls of flour. Pour on gradually, three-fourths of a cup of thin cream, and as soon as the mixture is thickened add three-fourths of a cup of tomatoes, strained and mixed with one-eighth of a teaspoon of soda. Add two eggs, slightly beaten, two cupfuls of finely cut cheese, salt, mustard and cayenne to taste. Serve on graham toast.

A tomato cream soup is always a good dish to serve for supper. An oyster stew goes without saying, for almost any occasion.

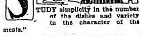
Sandwiches of many kinds, appropriate, may be served with a cream soup.

Winter Desserts.

In winter it is easier to digest heavier foods and the complex desserts find favor. Rich puddings with sauces are never easy of digestion, but in winter they are the least harmful, as we need more hearty foods to supply heat to the body. As eggs are always an item to be reckoned with during the cold months recipes which call for few or none are in demand. A very nice pudding that has not even one egg is the

Oyster Rarebit.

Clean, parboil and drain one cupful of oysters, reserving the liquor. Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter, add half a pound of soft, mild cheese, cut in small pieces, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt, a few grains of cayenne and two eggs, slightly beaten. As soon as the mixture is smooth, add the oysters with the tough muscle discarded.



"STUDY simplicity in the number of the dishes and variety in the character of the meals."

"When anything goes wrong and you can't help it—sing."

Popovers.

Measure one cupful of flour; add a half teaspoonful of salt and one cup of milk, gradually. Add an egg yolk well beaten. Beat two minutes, then cut and fold in the stiffly beaten white of the egg. Turn into hissing, hot, greased gem irons. Bake 30 minutes in a hot oven.

The Gift Hamper.

The small grape baskets may be tastefully lined and trimmed with timely greens, then filled with anything that the friend in mind may especially like. One dainty box or basket might contain a few small tumblers of choice jelly properly labeled. The girl who is away from home will appreciate more than anything else the home cooking. Dainty cakes, cookies, small mince pies, a little home made candy, some nuts and fruit; not forgetting the little greeting that bears the giver's thought.

For the invalid, the gift hamper is especially delightful. It should be made as dainty and attractive as possible that it may be a delight to the eye.

These little hampers may be given by the friend who cannot afford much of money value, but will be appreciated perhaps more than a costly gift.

Here are some cakes that will be very nice to put in the gift hamper:

Chess Cakes.

Put four ounces of melted butter in a mixing bowl, add the grated rind of two oranges, four ounces of powdered sugar, half a cup of currants, the yolk of an egg well beaten, two tablespoonfuls of grated cocoanut and half a dozen crumbed macaroons. Mix the ingredients until thoroughly blended and pour into small patty pans that have been lined with puff paste. Bake 15 minutes in a quick oven.

Jack Horner Plum Cakes.

Take a cupful of molasses, a cupful of strong strained coffee, half a teaspoon each of allspice, cloves, mace, ginger, nutmeg and cinnamon, a cupful of lard or beef drippings and a cup of brown sugar. Mix these ingredients to a thick cream and when very light stir in a cupful of sour milk in which is dissolved a teaspoonful of soda, and add flour enough to form a cake batter. Lastly, add half a cup of chopped almonds, a handful of seedless raisins, two tablespoonfuls each of citron and currants. Bake in cup cake pans and when cold ice, decorating the top of each with a small cherry and strips of citron, to simulate holly.

Nellie Maxwell.

Oculist to Treat Dog.

A bulldog belonging to Mr. H. T. Creighton of New York is to be taken to Paris to undergo an operation by an eminent oculist. Mr. Creighton and his wife will travel with the dog, and elaborate precautions will be taken for its comfort during the voyage.

Truly the Age of Steel.

For every man, woman and child in this country there is a manufactured each week more than twelve pounds of finished iron and steel products.

The Tendency to be Queer

Every Community Has Individuals Whose One Idea Is to Kick Over the Traces.

While the majority of people are inclined to think and act like one another, thus keeping the social order from violent convulsions, there is on the part of a great many a native tendency toward the queer; they are contented only outside of the traces. In every community small enough to be aware of its own individualities people in general know who are the "natural-born" come-outers—which man and which woman is likely to take up with the newest fad in dress, doctoring, means of grace, political economy, "social science" and the true authorship of Shakespeare's plays.

There are certain persons destined to progress from one so-called reform to another more extreme as quickly as the reform shows itself. They are pretty sure to box the compass of religions, passing by gradual or violent stages from absolute irreligion to the narrowest dogmatism, or with great rapidity the other way around. Or they gravitate once and for all into the most irrational and absurd "religion" which happens to be forced upon their attention, and stick contentedly to its extremest tenets and practices. The more "occult" and, to the ordinary mind, preposterous the new religion, the greater the attraction it has for certain minds. The new religion is apt to be founded on some one phase of the old—a phase of it which by very reiteration and use has become trite. In its new and fantastic dress the old principle strikes the new adept as something in the nature of a fresh revelation—Century.

States That Formally Seceded.

Eleven of the southern states passed ordinances of secession. South Carolina seceded December 24, 1860, followed by Mississippi, January 9, 1861; Florida, January 10; Alabama, January 11; Georgia, January 19; Louisiana, January 26; Texas, February 1. These seven states which comprised what was known as the "Cotton Belt," organized the confederate government. The provisional constitution was prepared February 4, 1861, and the president and vice-president were inaugurated at Montgomery, Ala., February 18. Virginia passed articles of secession and joined the insurgent government April 17, 1861; Arkansas, May 6; North Carolina, May 21; Tennessee, June 8. Though the states of Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky and Missouri did not pass ordinances of secession, they were afterward represented in the confederate congress.

Marriage Made a Family Affair.

In France marriage is a family affair. The parents of both parties interest themselves deeply. Family affection is stronger in France than in England.

70 Years with Coughs

We have had nearly seventy years of experience with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. That makes us have great confidence in it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, weak throats, and weak lungs. Ask your own doctor what experience he has had with it. He knows. He can advise you wisely. Keep in close touch with your family physician. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Be well; be strong. You cannot if your bowels are constipated. The best laxative is Ayer's Pills, all vegetable. Ask your doctor if he agrees with us. Do as he says.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN B. KING C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Lynn Haines' book will not be used by the Republican organization as a campaign document.

There will be a few garden flowers for Easter this year. We suppose a committee of greenhouse managers fixed the date.

The English keep on voting. There'd be a revolution in America if a congressional election was stretched over a period of a month or six weeks.

A shoe manufacturer explains the increased cost of shoes on the argument that man's feet are getting larger. It is well for the manufacturer that he did not try this argument on the ladies.

The twin city papers announce the candidacy of H. O. Bjorge, author of the tonnage tax bill, as a candidate for congress in the Ninth district. He is to contest the Republican nomination with Halvor Steenerson.

Some of the newspaper boys of Minnesota are becoming grey in the service. The Veteran McDonald recently celebrated his 35th anniversary as editor of the St. Cloud Times. Last week Bob Dunn completed his 33rd year as editor of the Princeton Union. And there are many more who can boast a quarter of a century or more of service to their respective communities.

Judge Brooks of Minneapolis is the latest suggestion as a Democratic Moses. There are plenty of likely fellows proposed for gubernatorial nomination, but after all is said and done the convention is likely to nominate John Lind, whether or not he wants to make the race.

The Milaca Times opines that the next national campaign promises to be one of issues, rather than of parties. It will not matter so much on what party platform the candidate may seek preferment as it will that he declare himself in no uncertain terms of his individual attitude on problems that are interesting people and will continue to interest them until they are settled and settled right.

What do you think of this, coming from the republican Blue Earth Post:

"Gifford Pinchot, national forester, after a stormy year's labor against the trusts and combines organized to gobble all the valuable water franchises in the west country, has been forced to resign by President Taft. The fellows out for the millions of graft have won a notable victory and that victory contributes much to the lessening of the popularity of President Taft among the common people. Up to date President Taft has displayed nothing of the robust broadness of the man who made him President."

A large touring car containing a man and his wife met a hay wagon fully loaded in a narrow road. The woman declared that the farmer must back out, but her husband contended that she was unreasonable. "But you can't back the automobile so far," she said, "and I don't intend to move for anybody. He should have seen us." The husband pointed out that this was impossible, owing to an abrupt turn in the road. "I don't care," she insisted. "I won't move if we stay here all night." The man in the automobile was starting to argue the matter, when the farmer, who had been sitting quietly on the hay, interrupted. "Never mind, old man," he exclaimed. "I'll try to back out. I've got one just like her at home."

There is a lively fight on for the state auditor's job and during the past week the candidates have been particularly busy circulating among the delegates to the State Agricultural Society, most of whom, strange as it may appear, besides being influential men in their several districts, are active politicians. The candidates are A. W. Thompson of Preston, R. J. Wells of Breckenridge and Auditor Iverson himself. The two gentlemen first named appear to be greatly shocked that he should be a candidate at all, claiming that as, at the close of his present term, he will have been in state office for twenty-four consecutive years, he should now be willing to voluntarily step aside and give some other patriot a chance. There may be something in this argument, although it is said Mr. Iverson does not see the force of it.

According to the Duluth News-Tribune, the leading Republican paper in the state, the party needs a Moses—one who can take the warring elements by the nape of the neck and shake a little sense into them—or out of them, whichever way you want to put it. But let the News-Tribune tell its own story:

"If ever a party needed some one strong enough and rough enough to scissor its whiskers and and pry it from its bed of moss, it is the Republican party of Minnesota. It is today but a somnolent annex to cupidity, to be sold, bartered and traded to a militant, vigorous, well-generaled Democracy. Its candidates speak in platitudes and generalizations. It is systematically kept divided and bewildered by half a dozen purely selfish, dishonest and demagogic issues. One genuine, sincere, thoroughly honest and timely idea would drive it to panic. It fears its own shadow of the past and its only hope lies in unanimous nominations, the unanimous adoption of a dishonest platform and a campaign of apology.

THE POOR MAN'S BURDEN.

If every hundred dollars of property in the United States were made to pay about one dollar and seventy cents a year in taxes the revenue so derived would meet all expenses of government, federal state and local. There would be no need of customs duties or of internal revenue taxes to support the Federal Government or of the great sums which states and cities raise by license fee, franchise taxes and the like. This statement is based upon the latest figures of government disbursements supplied by the Statistical Bureau of the Treasury, says a recent issue of the Saturday Evening Post.

According to the same authority, each hundred dollars of property that is directly taxed at all pays two dollars and five cents a year and that doesn't half meet the bills. It produces only seven hundred and seventy-five millions, while the governments—federal, state and local—spend 1709 millions. The farmer or small householder pays his two dollars and five cents on each hundred and then has to chip in his share of the additional billion—made up of customs duties, income taxes, etc.,—which the government spends.

Total cost of running the governments amounts to about twenty dollars a head a year, or a hundred dollars for a family of five. A totally thriftless person may escape his share and an exceptionally thrifty person may escape his. But we surmise that a great body of reasonably thrifty heads of families pay more than their share.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

St. Peter Herald: Representative Steenerson exhibited fool-hardy courage when he declined to vote with the insurgents against Cannon. Ole Sageng is to finish his fall plowing in July this year, and this means that there will be at least one new face in the Minnesota congressional delegation.

Princeton Union: At the present time probably John Lind has no desire to again become governor, but at the same time it is the opinion of every thoughtful democrat one meets that when the democratic state convention convenes next August his will be the only name mentioned in connection with the governorship. Without requesting or receiving his consent the convention will nominate him and adjourn and he will make the race. No matter who his opponent may be, at best, the result will be doubtful until the votes are counted.

Red Wing Free Press: President Taft's idea is to charge the people more for postage on their newspapers in order to accumulate money with which to subsidize ship owners. The people can see the point all right.

Browne Valley Tribune: We very much fear that if the political combine with Ed. Smith and Dar Reese as the dictators has its way, the next Republican platform in Minnesota will be one of issue dodging. The rank and file of the party must wake up and get into the game if they want a platform in keeping with their views.

Fairmont Sentinel: The attempt to make the State Agricultural Society a mighty political machine went glimmering with the election of Mr. Underwood as president.

Fairmont Sentinel: Teddy Roosevelt's letter of sympathy to Mrs. Johnson, written from the jungles of Africa, shows the ex-president to have been one of our lamented Governor's most ardent admirers.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The more a man is on good terms with himself the less he is likely to be with others.

A father makes the rules and then blames the mother for nobody being able to enforce them.

Any man who knows enough to know he doesn't understand women is better off than if he did.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Blessed are they who expect but little; they'll get it.

No, Alonzo, policemen aren't always looking for trouble.

Sooner or later every man bumps into his stone wall.

Generally a girl isn't as anxious to marry as she is to become engaged.

Some men are unable to achieve popularity even by staying out of politics.

A woman always jollies a man along when she wants to make a fool of him.

Ignorance isn't bliss to those who don't know a good thing when they see it.

When you reach your bottom dollar you still have the foundation of a fortune.

A girl believes in love at first sight, but she is sure to regret it if she marries that way.

When a headache keeps a girl from seeing a gentleman caller it's a sure sign that he isn't the right one.

A girl always says "Don't" when a young man tries too kiss her, because she knows that her mother would expect her to put up some kind of a bluff.

"OH! TUSH!" SAYS GOVERNOR EBERHART

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued from page 1.

Taken Care Of.

Mr. Dinehart has appointed Gilbert Gutterson of the Second district chief clerk in the State Treasurer's office. Mr. Gutterson deserves well at the hands of the people of the state and especially of the Second district, for it was largely through his instrumentality that Mr. McCleary has been permanently retired and that the district is so well and so faithfully represented in Congress. To accomplish this Mr. Gutterson has sacrificed much and is entitled to the reward he has received at Mr. Dinehart's hands. It was a political way, too, of indicating to Mr McCleary's friends and to the constituency to which Mr. Dinehart is shortly to make an appeal, just where he stands in the controversy which has raged for years around Mr. McCleary's head.

An Interesting Controversy.

Joel P. Heatwole of the Northfield New, has taken a fall out of Governor Eberhart and goaded him to the indiscretion of a reply. He charges:

"1. That Eberhart is not a Republican.

"2. That he is a tool of the Steel Trust.

"3. That he packed the senate temperance committee with representatives of the brewers combine.

"4. That he is tied up to railroad politicians.

"5. That he belongs to the senatorial combine, 'an aggregation of politicians noted for their disregard of the wishes of the people.' "

In addition to this somewhat categorical indictment Bro. Heatwole says of Governor Eberhart:

"He has not been candid with the people, but has persistently evaded a statement of his position on the real questions at issue before them.

"He has threatened to make use of the machinery of the state on behalf of the corporations to defeat the federal tax imposed upon them.

"He has advocated taking millions from the state treasury and taxing the people in the name of capitol approaches to build boulevards for the city of St. Paul.

"He represents nothing but selfish interests. His talks on conservation are but an echo of the utterances of James J. Hill.

"His smug speeches on other subjects and his pretended interest in the public's welfare are merely the specious professions of the poseur who seeks to win a reputation for disinterestedness and advanced statesmanship in order to betray the interests of a confiding public to the privileged classes, for whose support he is willing to barter the people's rights."

The Governor's Reply.

On reading an abstract of the article in Washington the governor submitted to an interview in which he said:

"It is unnecessary to go into Mr. Heatwole's charges in detail. I will pass over the statement that I should not be classed as a Republican. The people of the state know that I loyally supported both Bob Dunn and Cole and also Jacobson in their campaigns, appearing on the stump in their behalf for periods ranging from four to seven weeks. On these trips I paid my own expenses.

"Further, I constantly supported all temperance legislation while a member of the senate.

"In leading the conservation movement in Minnesota I have been actuated by no other motive than to conserve and protect the best interests of the state."

"How about Mr. Heatwole's charges that you are a tool of the steel trust?" the governor was asked.

"Oh! Tush," he replied.

The End Not Yet.

It is to be noted that the governor's reply fails to cover some important points and that as a response to a specific charge that the governor is a tool of the steel trust, supported by some asservations, the reply "Oh Tush" is not convincing. The governor's answer to the charge that he was unfriendly to temperance reform is interesting. "I constantly supported all temperance legislation while a member of the senate," he says. Mr. Heatwole's charge definitely refers not to the time the governor was a member of the senate, but to the time he was lieutenant governor. The controversy is certainly interesting and in justice to the governor should be kept up either until Mr. Heatwole's charges are fully disproved or substantiated. Possibly Mr. Dunn or Mr. Jacobson could throw light on the subject.

Dunn Speaks.

Indeed as to Dunn he has already spoken. His utterance is somewhat abscure. As I have failed, after diligent study, to fully extract its meaning I submit it to my readers:

"Governor Eberhart says he campaigned for Dunn, Cole and Jacobson at his own expense. Poor Cole is dead, Jacobson can speak for himself, and as for Dunn—he devoutly wishes the governor had "conserved" his energies in 1904 for some future occasion."

—PAUL PRY.

Thief River Falls.

From the News and Press—

A deal was made Wednesday whereby Hans Aagell of this city became owner of the Bijou outfit located on Main Ave., by buying same from Messrs. Angell and Eyde.

E. J. Abbot is the new Soo agent in this city. He was formerly stationed at Garrison, N. D., and has been in the employ of the Soo for ten years. He assumed his duties here last Friday.

The home of Halvor Johnson of the town of Numedahl has been quarantined for diphtheria. One little child was taken on the train to Warren while suffering with the disease and is hardly expected to live.

Mayor Hamre, Daniel Shaw and D. P. O'Neill have returned from their trip to St. Paul, where they were in attendance at the annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society. The meeting was a warm one and they say it resembled an old time political convention. They voted for Furlong for president of the association, who was defeated by Underwood by a few votes.

WYLIE.

Mike Anderson of St. Hilaire was a caller here Wednesday.

A bunch of young folks had a social gathering at the Landman home Thursday evening.

B. J. Kiewel of Crookston was here Wednesday.

Leo Schultz was over to Angus on business last week.

J. D. Huston of Red Lake Falls was out here with some land seekers last week.

E. Ackerlund and Emil Larson of Bray were callers here Friday.

John Dargan took the overland route to Red Lake Falls Friday.

Mrs. Chas. Zutze returned from an extended visit at Waubay, S. Dak., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Cruzen and son Fred were at Red Lake Falls Saturday.

C. G. Borgen went to the twin cities on business Thursday.

The Wylie Farmers' Elevator Co. has invested in a new Dibol safe.

Mrs. Chas. Adolphson and children returned from their visit in Kansas last week.

Theo. Fournier was out from Red Lake Falls Saturday and made a deal for his summer's wood for the cheese factory.

Peter Hansel returned from Warren Friday.

Miss Annie Bohmen of St. Hilaire is visiting at the Anton Andersen home.

Burt Dreelan, Chas. Eckstein and Chas. Schnider returned from Northome Monday.

C. A. and Rick Malin were at Plummer the later part of last week buying horses.

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Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

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The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin become soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S. S. S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

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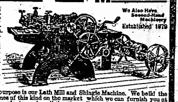

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Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Carl Oscar Burman, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to L. Burman, Mrs. A. Green, J. O. Burman, F. F. Burman, A. S. Burman, B. W. Burman, A. M. Burman, E. E. M. Burman, S. L. Burman, W. E. Burman, Mrs. Carl H. Burman and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Axel Sogtrd Burman having been filed in this court, representing that Carl Oscar Burman then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 11th day of [illegible], 1909, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to H. P. Lund of Lillo, Minn. and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition, therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of January, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 28th day of December, 1909.

(COURT SEAL) S. A. SWANSON, Probate Judge.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months and for Hearing Thereon.

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake, In Probate court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Astred Homme Hegland, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Guoder B Hegland and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent,

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against her estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof, and that Saturday the 9th day of April 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at City of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 5th, 1910.

(SEAL) S. A. SWANSON, Judge of Probate.

j13-27

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of sixty dollars which became due September 29th 1909 all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by M. O. Sortedahl and Hilda Sortedahl, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche Hypotheek bank, (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank, of Uithuizen, the Netherlands) mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September, 1905, at 4 o'clock P. M., in Book [illegible] of Mortgages, on page 15.

And whereas pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand seventy eight and 55-100ths dollars ($1078.55) and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section twenty eight (28), in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1078.55 and interest, and taxes if any on said premises, and fifty dollars ($50.00), attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 12, 1910, A. D.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
(The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank) Mortgagee.

Chas E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One Thousand Seventy-five and 90-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Laura Eickhoff and Wm. Eickhoff, her husband, Mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche-Hypotheek bank (The Nederlands American Mortgage Bank) Mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of October, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of October, 1903, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 612 and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter (se¼) of section thirty one (31), in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1075.90 and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE-HYPOTHEEKBANK,
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank, Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13 f17

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,) ss.
County of Red Lake)

In the matter of the petition of Peder H. Thoresen and others, for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 38.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 38, said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake County, a description of said ditch commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Fifteen (15), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty-nine (39), thence running due West through the following described lands parallel with and twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Sixteen (16) and Twenty-one (21) and Seventeen (17) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Seventeen (17), thence extending due south parallel with Twenty (20) feet east of the section line between Sections Nineteen (19) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range to a point Twenty (20) feet East Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Nineteen (19) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the East and West center line of Section Nineteen (19), a distance of Seven Hundred and Fifty (750) feet thence extending in a southwesterly direction to a point Eleven Hundred and Sixty (1160) feet East and Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of section line between said Sections Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Nineteen (19) of aforesaid Township and Range thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Twenty-four (24) and Twenty-five (25) Twenty-three (23) and Twenty-six (26) and Sections Twenty-two (22) and Twenty-seven (27) to a point twenty (20) feet north and [illegible] between Sections Twenty-two and Twenty-seven (27), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) thence extending due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the North and South Center line of Section Twenty-seven (27) to a point Eight Hundred and Eighty (880) feet South of the center of Section Twenty-seven (27) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending West across the North half of the Southwest quarter of Section Twenty-seven (27) to the Red Lake River where said ditch has its outlet.

Branch Number One (1) of Ditch Number 38.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake county, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Eighteen (18), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty nine (39) thence running due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Eighteen (18) and Nineteen (19) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due West parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the Section line between Sections Thirteen (13) and Twenty-four (24), Fourteen (14) and Twenty-three (23), Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Sixteen (16) and Twenty one (21), Seventeen (17) and Twenty (20) and Sections Eighteen (18) and Nineteen (19) to a point Twenty-One Hundred and Seventy (2170) feet West of the Southeast corner of Section Eighteen (18), thence in a Southwesterly direction across the Northwest corner of the Northeast quarter of Section Nineteen (19), thence following along parallel to a coulee in a Southwesterly direction across the Northwest quarter of said Section Nineteen (19), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) to the Red Lake River where said ditch and coulee has its outlet.

Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 38.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), Red Lake County, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Northwest corner of Section One (1), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections One (1) and Two (2), and Eleven (11) and Twelve (12) to a point Twenty (20) feet East and Twenty feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Eleven (11) and Twelve (12), thence extending due West parallel to and Twenty feet North of the East and West center line of Section Eleven (11) to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Twenty (20) feet East of the quarter corner between Sections Ten (10) and Eleven (11), thence extending due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections Ten (10) and Eleven (11) and Fourteen (14) and Fifteen (15), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), where said ditch has its outlet in main ditch number Thirty-eight (38).

Branch Number 4 of Ditch Number 38.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake County, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Northwest corner of Section Thirty (30), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty nine (39), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the Range line between Section Thirty (30), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Thirty nine (39) and Section Twenty-five (25), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet East and Six Hundred and Eight (608) feet south of the quarter corner between said Sections Twenty-five (25) and Thirty (30), thence extending in a Southwesterly direction on an angle of Seventy-six (76) degrees to Horse Shoe Lake, thence following the channel of said lake to a point Seventeen Hundred (1700) feet due East of a point Thirteen Hundred and Twenty (1320) feet due South of the Northwest corner of Section Thirty-six (36) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), thence extending due west a distance of Thirty-two Hundred (3200) feet, thence in a Northwesterly direction to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Two Hundred Sixty-six (266) feet west of the quarter corner between Sections Thirty-five (35) and Twenty-six (26) thence due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Twenty-six (26) and Thirty-five (35) and Sections Twenty-seven (27) and Thirty-four (34), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) to the Red Lake River where said branch has its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Anton Srnsky, George Wagner, Bohumil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, Nels Ramsey, Albert Gulbranson, Theodor Jacobson, Omund Bjorgufson, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M Parnow, Ole O. Gjermundson, Carl J. Anderson, Knut Strande, Ingeborg Sponland, Hendre O. Tommerdahl, Effie M. Hayes, James L. Peterson, Lars C. Fevig, Nora K. Martinson, Bertha Knardahl, Ingeborg J. Sandsen, Oscar Odegaard, Henry Johnson, Joseph Vorlicky, John Peller, Gustav A. Makkin, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Frank A. Zavorsl, Knut H. Knutson, Aaron E. Abraham, Raymond Arndt, Augusta Kuchnel, James A. Kelly, Osmund K. Homme, John Larson, Borgnild O. Omlid, John Gillis, Hans O. Hommy, Hoover O. Folkedahl, Sivert Lysbakken, Tandrup Saltvedt, Ole H. Haugen, Oscar Holt, Anna K. Thoreson, Ozime Beaudry, Ragnild B. Bratvold, Ole O. Hower, Lukris Grove, Ellef K. Gjernes, George S. Baird, Ole P. Gisselquist, The Township of High Landing and the Township of Star and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, The County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special session on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, and that at the hour of 5:00 o'clock p. m. of said day will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D., 1909.

(Seal) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake,
County, Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,) ss.
County of Red Lake.)

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Nesja and others for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 39.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 39, said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) and Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), Red Lake County. A description of said ditch and the lands through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty one (41), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections Thirty-four (34) and Sections Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), to a point twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35) Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154) Range Forty-one (41), thence extending South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections two (2) and Section Three (3), Section Ten (10) and Section Eleven (11), Section Fourteen (14) and Section Fifteen (15) to a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), thence in a Southwesterly direction across the East one half of the Northeast quarter of Section Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41) where said ditch has its outlet in the Red Lake River.

Branch Number 1 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Thirty-one (31), thence running due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section Thirty-one (31) Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154) Range Forty (40) and Section Six (6) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of said Section Thirty-[illegible] [illegible] (36) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the Southwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), where said branch ditch number One (1) empties or has its outlet in the main ditch No. 39.

Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Five (5) and Sections Eight (8), thence running due West Twenty (20) feet North and parallel with the section line between sections Five (5) and Eight (8) and Section Six (6) and Section Seven (7) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section One (1) and Section Twelve (12) and Section Two (2) and Section Eleven (11) to a point twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Two (2), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41) where said branch ditch Number Two (2) has its outlet in said main ditch number Thirty-nine (39).

Branch Number 3 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point Eighteen Hundred (1800) feet East and Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Fourteen (14), thence running due West, parallel to and Twenty (20) feet north of the Section lines between Sections Thirteen (13) and Twenty-four (24) and Sections Fourteen (14) and Twenty-three (23) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), where the said branch ditch number three (3) has its outlet in said main ditch number Thirty-nine (39), as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows to-wit:

Edward T. Nereson, Kittle H. Haugen, Ole J. Nesja, Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson Ole Seving, Mikkel G. Vraa, Arnt Gevin Knut O. Solheim, Sander M. Vraa, Herman Helverson, Jacob B. Nesheim, Thomas M Thorson, Gunder G. Vraa, Gilbert Skaug, Arthur B. George, Olaf Wahlberg, Nels A. Luberg, Annie Pescinski, Andrew Byrud, Peder Sulland, Frank L. Bergling, Adolph W. Hennings, Anton Hanson, Gulbrand Grannm, Toleff B. Nesland, Andrew O. Sandland, Haakon A. Tronoes, Carl Hatlin, Ane Omundson, Albert M. Cunningham, Nels Berg, Lars Brenden, Earnest L. Quist, Christ Myhre, John O. Nordby, Samuel A. Mills, Frank B. Newell, Alfred Bakke, Christian Gunoestad, Martha Lee, Saavi Bergland, Andrew O. Gullingsrud, Joseph Kilen, Swan J. Gjervold, Erik O. Gullingsrud, Olaus Jacobson, Knut K. Austin, Carl Jensen, John J. Cahill, Gerit M. Valstad, Edward T. Emmerson, The Township of Kratka, The Township of Highlanding and The United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, The County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said county, and that at the hour of 3:00 o'clock p. m. of said day will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D., 1909.

(Seal) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minnesota.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 18th day of January 1910.

County Auditor's Seal } A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Town of North in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at a point on the section line between Sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-three (43), Twenty rods (20) west of the north east corner of said Section thirteen (13), thence west on the section line between said sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), and Sections eleven (11) and fourteen (14), to the north west corner of said Section fourteen (14) thence south on the section line between Sections fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23), to the south east corner of said Section twenty-two (22), thence west on the section lines between Sections Twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27) in said township One Hundred Fifty-four, Range Forty-three, to a point where the said Section line intersects a coulee or watercourse; thence following said coulee or watercourse to the Red Lake River and terminating at Red Lake River as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Drainage Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof and under the twenty payment plan.

Dated December 29th, 1909.
Thomas H. Bjerke.
Gonder Griebrok.
Salve O. Omlie.
Charles E. Reed.
C. Steen.
Henry Kaoshagen,
Petitioners. j20-f24

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County; in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn. this 18th day of January, 1910

[SEAL] A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the towns of Clover Leaf and Kratka in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the North West corner of Section Number Two (2), Township One Hundred Fifty Three (153), North of Range Number Forty one (41), West of the Fifth P. M., thence due West between Section Three (3), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Forty-one (41) and Section Thirty-four (34), Township One Hundred Fifty-four, (154), Range Forty-one (41) and between Section Four (4), and Thirty-three (33) and between Section Five (5) and Thirty-two (32) in said towns and ranges, to the Northwest corner of Section Five (5), township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty one (41), Thence due south between Section Five (5) and Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three, Range Forty-one (41) and between Sections Seven (7) and Eight (8) in said Town and Range and between that part of Sections Seventeen (17) and Eighteen (18), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), lying north of the Red Lake river and terminating at the Red Lake river in said town and range as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Drainage Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty [230], of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof. [20 Payment Plan.]

Dated Dec. 18th 1909.
Christian O. Nygaard,
Magnus Lysbakken,
Peder Sulland,
Haakon A. Tronnes,
H. Bjornson,
J. O. Kjesbo,
A. Anderson,
Andrew Dyrdahl,
John Ulvin,
Petitioners.

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder to be Set Off.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Anton F. Danda, a freeholder of School District No. 55 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to-wit:

South east quarter (SE¼) of Section thirteen (13), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty two [42] in said County in School District No. 55, and asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 55 to said District No. 46 for the following reasons:

That it is two and one-half miles to the school in District 55 and there is no road, while it is only one mile to the school house in the District No 46 with a good, partly graded road; further there is a swamp on the way to school in District 55 which is impassable for children, was presented to the County Board of Red Lake County Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910 for the action of said Board thereon. Now, therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by this Board at a session thereof commencing on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910 at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, and ex-Officio Clerk of Board
(Seal) j20-j27

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 18th day of January, 1910.

A. A. Latendresse,
(SEAL) County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Town of Kratka, in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at a point on the section line twenty rods north of the north west corner of the south west quarter of Section ten (10), township one hundred fifty three (153), north of Range forty-one (41), west of the Fifth Principal Meridian. And running due south for about two miles between Sections nine (9) and ten (10) and Fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) and Sections twenty-one -21- and twenty-two (22) and terminating in the Red Lake River as its outlet.

A branch ditch No. 1, to commence at a point at the corner of the corner stake on the section line at the south east corner of Section Fifteen [15] in Township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of Range forty-one (41), west and running west for one mile (1) and terminating in the above described ditch as its outlet in Section fifteen (15) at the south west corner of said Section fifteen [15], Twp. 153, R. 41 W.

A branch ditch No. 2, to commence at a point at the corner stake at the north west corner of the north east quarter of Section sixteen [16], township one hundred and fifty-three (153) north of Range forty-one [41] west, and running east for one half mile and terminating in the main described ditch at the northeast corner of Section sixteen (16) in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-one [41] west.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such County Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated Dec. 28, 1909.
R. M. Johnson.
Ole O. Rolsland.
K. K. Austin.
Nels Berg.
E. L. Quist,
Petitioners. j-20-f24

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of John N. Swanson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 41:

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 41 located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three —153— Range Forty —40—, Commencing at the Northwest corner of Section Two—2—aforesaid Township and Range running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: due south parallel to and Twenty —20— feet east of the section line between section two —2— and section three —3— to a point twenty -20- feet east and twenty -20- feet north of said quarter section corner between section two —2— and section three —3— thence running due west parallel with and twenty —20— feet north of the east and west center or quarter line of section three —3— to a point twenty —20— feet north and twenty —20— feet east of center of section three -3- thence running due south parallel with and twenty —20— feet east of the north and south center line of section three —3— to a point twenty —20— feet east and twenty —20— feet north of quarter corner between section three —3— and section ten —10— thence extending due west parallel with and twenty —20— feet north of the section line between section three -3- and ten -10- and section four -4- and section nine -9- to the south west corner of section four -4- thence extending due south parallel with and twenty-20- feet east of the section line between section eight -8- and section nine —9— and section sixteen -16- and section seventeen -17- and section twenty-20- and twenty one -21- where said ditch has its outlet into a coulee at the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of section twenty one —21— in aforesaid township and range.

BRANCH NUMBER 1 of DITCH NUMBER 41.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of section four -4- township one hundred fifty three -153- range forty —40— thence running due south parallel with and twenty —20— feet east of section line between section four —4— and section five —5— to a point twenty feet east and twenty —20— feet north of the southwest corner of said section four —4— where said branch has its outlet in main ditch number forty one —41— as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Peter Blackmann, John O. Vaughan, Andrew C. Douglas, Albert Arntz, Frank J. Madden, Anton Myrum, Edward Olson, John O. Brensdal, Reier O. Bratten, Gilbert C. Gulrud, Ole Sevlog, John Oftedahl, Iver Nygaard, John W. Vrolson, Nils Ostrolden, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Albert T. Drangstveit, Mrs. Signe Ellingsen, Raymond Arndt, Ozime Beaudry, Thomas S. Jacobson, A. C. E. Ellingsen, F. A. Way, Patrick Sullivan, The Township of High Landing and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday the 23rd day of February A. D. 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day and that at the hour of 9:00 o'clock A. M. February 24th, 1910 will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated December 31st, A. D. 1909.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake,
j20-f3 Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } SS
County of Red Lake }

In the matter of the petition of Alex. F. Lattimore and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 40.

Notice is Hereby Given That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor, praying for the construction of a Public Ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 40, said ditch is located wholly within the townships numbered one hundred fifty-three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- and one hundred fifty-three -153- Range forty -40- in said Red Lake county. Commencing at the south east corner of section fifteen -15- Township one hundred fifty three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- thence due west and parallel with and twenty -20- feet north of the section lines between sections fifteen -15- and twenty-two -22-, [illegible] of section eighteen -18- Township one hundred fifty-three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- [illegible]

tending due west and parallel with and twenty -20- feet north of section lines between sections thirteen -13- and twenty-four -24-, fourteen -14- and twenty-three -23-, fifteen -15- and twenty-two -22- sixteen -16- and twenty-one -21- seventeen -17- and twenty -20- and extending into the south east quarter of section eighteen -18- a distance of twenty-one hundred seventy -2170- feet, thence in a southwesterly direction across the north west corner of the north east quarter of section nineteen -19 thence following along parallel to a coulee in a south-westerly direction across the north west quarter of said section nineteen -19-, township one hundred and fifty-three -153- range forty -40- to the Red Lake River where said ditch and coulee has its outlet in the Red Lake River; as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Behomil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, Albert Gulbrandson, Nels Ramsey, Omund Bjergilson, Theodor Jacobson, Ole O. Gjermundsen, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M Parnow, Carl J. Anderson Knut Strande, Ingeborg Sponland Hendre O. Tommerdahl, Effie M. Hayes, James L. Peterson Nora K. Martinson, Lars C. Fevig, Ingebrag J. Sandsen, Bertha Knordal, Oscar Odegaard, Herman Halverson, Jacob B. Nesheim, John Oftedahl, Nils Ostvolden, Iver Nygaard, John W. Vroison, John Knutson, Pareilus Peterson, Frank A. Zarral, Knut H. Knutson, Mrs. Signe Ellingson, Albert T. Drangstveit, Aaron E. Abraham, Augusta Kuhnel, Raymond Arndt, James A. Kelly, Bergbild O. Omlid, John Larson, Osmund K. Homme, Hans O. Hommy, John Gillis, Hoover O. Folkedahl, Sivert Lysbakken, Tandrup Saltvedt, Anna K. Thoresen, Ole H. Hangen, Oscar Holt, Ozimo Beaudry, Thomas S. Jacobson, F. A. Way, Patrick Sullivan, The Township of Highlanding, The Township of Star, and The United States of America and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county and that at the hour of 1:00 o'clock P. M. of said day will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said Ditch.

Dated the 31st day of December, A. D. 1909.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake
j20-f3 County, Minnesota.

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder to be Set off.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Thomas Morean, a freeholder of School District No. 7 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to-wit:

The north west quarter -NW¼- of the north east quarter -NE¼- north east quarter -NE¼- of the north west quarter -NW¼- and so much of the north east quarter of the north east quarter -NE¼ of NE¼- as lies west of the Poplar River; all in Section twenty -20- Township one hundred fifty -150- Range forty-two -42- adjoining School District No. 141, in School District No. 7, and asking that his said lands may be set off from said District No. 7 to said District No. 141 for the following reasons:

It is four miles by road to school house in District No. 7 and only two and one-quarter miles to school house in District No. 141 was presented to the County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910, for the action of said Board thereon. Now, therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by this Board at the session thereof commencing on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, and ex-Officio
Seal, Clerk of Board.
j-20-j27

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Edouard Lacoursiere.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Edouard Lacoursiere, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Sophia Lacoursiere, Lane Lagenasse, Gandiss Lacoursiere, Octave Lacoursiere, Mary Benoit, Eugene Lacoursiere, Emil Lacoursiere, Alvina Lizotte, Arthur Lizotte, Exzilla Roy and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: THEREFORE YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of February, 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 10th day of January, 1910.

(COURT SEAL) S. A. Swanson,
j13-27 Probate Judge.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven and 60-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter J. Huseby and Lena Huseby, his wife, Mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche-Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank), of Uithuizen, The Netherlands, Mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1900, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of October, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book "Q" of Mortgages, on page 375; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twenty-seven (27), in township one hundred fifty-one (151) north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $327.60 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910.

DE-NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEK-BANK
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NICK DREES

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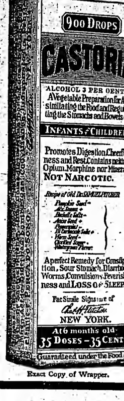
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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Six hundred fifty-nine and 95-100ths dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to First State Bank, of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of December 1905, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 34 of Mortgages, on page 120.

Which said Mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said First State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, by written assignment dated the 6th day of January 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 17th day of August, 1908, at 9.00 o'clock A. M., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 549.

Which said Mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, the Assignee and Holder thereof, to O. S. Hanson by written assignment dated the 8th day of January, 1910, and recorded on the 20th day of January 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 8, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter (SW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two (152) North, Range Forty-three (43), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 12th day of March 1910, at one o'clock p. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Hundred Fifty-nine and 95-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 26th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27 m3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Fifteen Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of March, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of March, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 225.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to O. S. Hanson, by written assignment dated the 8th day of January, 1910, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds on the 20th day of January, 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 7.

And Whereas, the said O. S. Hanson, the Assignee, Mortgagee and Holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seventy-five Dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, from the 23rd day of March, 1909, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action, or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter of Section Number Twenty-two, in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two North of Range Forty-three, West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seventy-five dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 25th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

The Woman's Question.

"Ah! Gabriel's trump at last," said the man, rising from the grave on the last day.

"What is it?" inquired his female neighbor.

"I say it's Gabriel's trump."

"I know, but what is it?"—Philadelphia Press.

Merely Anticipated.

"I lost all my money during the year."

"Yet you seem cheerful."

"Yes; Christmas would have trimmed me, anyhow."

Ditch Work to Sublet

We have the contract for the big Kratka-Mayfield ditch and will sublet some good team work by the station at a paying figure. Call or write. Lillo Bros.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 45

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, *Minnesota*

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breuet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Hilzen, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

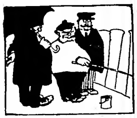
ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free, in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3944 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

PATIENCE UNREWARDED.



"Are there any fish in the lake here?"

"I dunno! This is only the second day I've been fishing here!"

SOFT, WHITE HANDS

May be Obtained in One Night.

For preserving the hands as well as for preventing redness, roughness, and chapping, and imparting that velvety softness and whiteness much desired by women Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, is believed to be superior to all other skin soaps. For those who work in corrosive liquids, or at occupations which tend to injure the hands, it is invaluable. Treatment.—Bathe and soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, and in severe cases spread the Cuticura Ointment on thin pieces of old linen or cotton. Wear during the night old, loose gloves, or a light bandage of old cotton or linen to protect the clothing from stain. For red, rough, and chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, and shapeless nails with painful finger ends, this treatment is most effective. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass.

Sold Again.

Little Willie was fond of springing surprises on his parents by announcing some terrific happening, and then, when excitement was at fever point, declaring that nothing of the kind had occurred. But he played the trick once too often. A new and very pretty governess came to stay at the house for Willie's benefit a few weeks back, and a day or two after her arrival Willie rushed to his mother saying:

"Mamma, there's a strange man upstairs who has just put his arm around Miss Wilson's waist and kissed her several times—"

"What?" said the mother, as she jumped up to pull the bell for the butler.

"Sold again, mamma!" said Willie, in great glee. "It wasn't a strange man at all. It was papa!"

A Good Head for Business.

"I want a hat pin," said little Mary of four years, as she gazed eagerly at the cushion full of sparkling ornaments on the milliner's showcase. "How much is it?" she asked, after making a very deliberate choice and laying her purchase money, a bright penny, on the counter. "Oh, nothing," returned the kind-hearted Mrs. Briggs, as Mary's mother was one of her regular customers. Imagine her amusement as the little "bargain hunter" said most eagerly: "I'll take two, then."—Delineator.

Following an Illustrious Example.

"My dear," announced Mr. Ad. Herewad, "I propose to donate you $45, to be applied to the purchase of one of those new, topsy-turvy, wicker-basket hats."

She looked up at him, very much alarmed at the sudden outbreak of generosity.

"On condition you raise an equal amount out of the ten cents a week pin money regularly allowed you," finished Mr. Herewad, magnanimously.—Judge.

He Was an Old Hand.

"Do not anger me!" she said, sternly.

"How am I to know when you are angry?" he asked.

"I always stamp my feet," she answered.

"Impossible," he said. "There isn't room for a stamp on either of them!"

That fetched her.—Lippincott's.

An Anti-Suffragist Argument.

Mother—Johnny, if you don't behave I shall spank you.

Johnny—Er—don't you think it would be more womanly to use indirect influence?

Evidently So.

"What do you suppose is behind this refrigerator trust?"

"A cold deal for somebody."

WHEN DINNER COMES

One Ought to Have a Good Appetite.

A good appetite is the best sauce. It goes a long way toward helping in the digestive process, and that is absolutely essential to health and strength.

Many persons have found that Grape-Nuts food is not only nourishing but is a great appetizer. Even children like the taste of it and grow strong and rosy from its use.

It is especially the food to make a weak stomach strong and create an appetite for dinner.

"I am 57 years old," writes a Tenn grandmother, "and have had a weak stomach from childhood. By great care as to my diet I enjoyed a reasonable degree of health, but never found anything to equal Grape-Nuts as a standby.

"When I have no appetite for breakfast and just eat to keep up my strength, I take 4 teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts with good rich milk and when dinner comes I am hungry. While if I go without any breakfast I never feel like eating dinner. Grape-Nuts for breakfast seems to make a healthy appetite for dinner.

"My 13-months-old grandson had been very sick with stomach trouble during the past summer, and finally we put him on Grape-Nuts. Now he is growing plump and well. When asked if he wants his nurse or Grape-Nuts, he brightens up and points to the cupboard. He was no trouble to wean at all—thanks to Grape-Nuts." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Why Our Lives Are Growing Shorter

by DR. JOHN V. SHOEMAKER

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN OF TODAY CROWD THE WORK OF TWENTY HOURS INTO TEN
SOCIAL DISSIPATION OF ONE KIND OR OTHER
GETTING TO BED TOO LATE
KETTNER

IN view of all that has been said about the fall in the death rate, it seems strange to realize that we are not living so long as our grandfathers and grandmothers did. More babies live to grow up nowadays than formerly, but people in later life die faster than they used. Once arrived at adult age, the average man or woman has fewer years of survival to expect, since their physical vigor and vitality are less able to throw off disease than would have been the case half a century ago.

This seems, on the face of it, so surprising a statement that, in order to be accepted, it should be backed up by data authentic and indisputable. Such data are furnished by the figures of the insurance companies (which all agree on the point), but it is easier to refer to the government census reports, which tell the tale in simple and convincing fashion. Not only are people living less long than they did half a century ago, but the decrease in longevity is progressive. Even during the last 15 years the death rate among all persons over 55 years of age, of both sexes, has risen very considerably.

In Part 1 of the third volume of the United States census will be found a tabulated statement which shows in a very striking way the rise in the death rate for all ages from 60 up. I have brought the figures up to date, with the help of fresh information from Washington—a matter of no little importance, inasmuch as the increase has been marked. Thus corrected for accuracy, the reckoning shows that there has been this increase in the death rate for the entire United States:

For people of ages from 60 to 64, seven per cent.

For people of ages from 65 to 69, 6½ per cent.

For people of ages from 70 to 74, 16½ per cent.

For people of ages from 75 to 79, seven per cent.

For people of ages from 80 to 84, 15 per cent.

For people of ages from 85 to 89, 12 per cent.

For people of ages from 90 to 94, 30½ per cent.

For people of 95 and up, 20½ per cent.

These figures tell the story more clearly than the most eloquent discourse on the subject. They show that, notwithstanding improved medical knowledge and the benefits of modern sanitation, we are dying earlier than our grandparents did. The reason why offers a topic for considerable discussion and is not to be summed up in a word, but one may discover it without much difficulty in the more complex and luxurious life that we lead. The lives of our forebears were comparatively simple and their constitutions, unweakened by the luxury and intense nervous strain of an existence like that of to-day, were stronger than ours and better able to withstand the approaches of disease.

Plenty of proof of this fact may be found in the vital statistics of our population, especially in the cities, the figures showing that, while the death rate from diseases common to children has enormously diminished, within the last few years, the mortality from maladies more properly belonging to later life, such as heart disease, apoplexy, cancer and ailments of the liver and kidneys, has risen to an alarming extent. Nay, more, it is still going up and seems likely to continue to increase.

The average baby born to-day has a chance of reaching five years of age better by 50 per cent, than would have been the case half a century ago. Its prospect of escaping the diseases of childhood and growing up is vastly improved, as compared with earlier days.

Now, it is very desirable to save the babies and one of the greatest triumphs of our newer civilization is the successful rearing of three human infants for every two that survived half a century ago. But it is undeniable that the race as a whole suffers by the change, inasmuch as the weaklings, instead of being weeded out, are thus enabled to grow up. These weaklings not only propagate other weaklings, but, by reason of their inferior vigor of constitution, commonly fail to reach old age. In this fact, doubtless, is found one cause of the rise in the death rate in later life.

Nothing surely could well be more strange than the spectacle presented to our view of a great and increasing acceleration of the sweep of the dread scythe among people beyond middle age, while multitudes of children are constantly escaping who must formerly have succumbed. In both cases, too, it is our advanced and perfected civilization that furnishes the cause, rescuing the young but mowing down the old. So far, indeed, does the harm neutralize the good that, notwithstanding all the achievements of modern hygiene and medical discovery, it is doubtful whether the average prospective lifetime of all is much greater than was the case for those living 50 years ago.

Most of us do not realize, perhaps, how much more complicated life is than it used to be. The typical successful business man of to-day crowds the work of 20 hours into 10 hours and only leaves his office to plunge into social dissipation of one kind or another, eating too much, drinking too much, smoking too much, going to bed too late, and keeping his nervous system continually on the rack until, all at once, it breaks down. Incidentally, his digestion becomes impaired, his vital organs suffer irritation, which is often the beginning of disease, and his circulation is clogged, threatening apoplexy. No wonder, then, that in many an instance he dies suddenly, while yet in the prime of life.

Sudden deaths are much more common than they used to be. The high pressure of modern life, with its keen competition and intense strain, is the chief cause. The busy merchant drives his body machine beyond its capacity and suddenly it collapses. Heart disease or apoplexy the attack may be, according to the physician's diagnosis, but it is really over-driving that is accountable for the mischief. The strenuous life is all very well, but it is liable in these days to be carried too far. I have known several tragic incidents of the kind within the last few years—one of them the case of a gentleman whom I had earnestly advised to lead a more simple life. "Nature," I said to him, "did not provide you with a machine capable of enduring such use. You have so many hours for sleep, so many for work and so many for recreation; you must arrange them accordingly." But he kept on at the same gait, and, not long ago, while speaking at a dinner on board a steamship that was entering the harbor of New York, he dropped dead. A blood-vessel had given way.

When the body-machine is weakened by over- it cannot withstand the hostile germ life which it cannot withstand the hostile germ life which it is obliged to encounter. In other words, its power of resistance is diminished. And when the hours that should be devoted to healthful recreation are given up to the enervating dissipations of club and social life there is a double drain upon the vitality. Many business men nowadays are kept under such continual nervous strain that they resort to stimulants in working hours and it is this sort of abuse, combined with constant and racking excitement, that has earned for paresis recognition as a brain disease to which stock brokers are peculiarly liable—so much so, indeed, that it might be called broker's insanity.

The conditions of luxury under which most of us live—for these are days when even the poor man enjoys comforts such as were unobtainable by the rich half a century ago—have a tendency to weaken our constitutions and impair our vitality. Our houses are overheated and even the vehicles in which we ride are often warmed almost to suffocation. Thus we have become like hothouse plants and, if by chance exposed to a current of cool air, we catch cold, or perhaps contract bronchitis or pneumonia, a trifling change of temperature cutting our lives short in a twinkling. Or, again, it may be that a like cause will bring congestion of the kidneys, leading to disease of those organs proving eventually fatal.

Not long ago, while traveling, I chanced to stop at a village on the river Rhine, where I found an astonishing number of old people. There were a dozen over 100 years of age and many from 80 years old up to the century mark; yet straight and vigorous. One woman nearly a hundred years old was earning her living by picking hops; her grandchildren were middle-aged. It was quite wonderful. But there was no mystery about it; it was merely the effect of a simple life spent largely in the fields, with plain diet, consisting of a few vegetables and fruits, little meat, and native beer and wine for beverages.

Nothing can be more obvious than that the very complexity of our modern civilization is shortening our lives. But of all the evils that afflict us the worst and most destructive are hurry and worry. Hurry drives the body machine beyond its capacity, while worry racks it inwardly. Of the two worry is probably the worse. This might, indeed, be called the age of worry. Because of the intense nervous strain to which we are subjected we do vastly more worrying than did our forebears. The average man of to-day is continually surrounded and pursued by phantom troubles, which, though few of them ever materialize into realities, haunt him continually, ruining his peace of mind and injuring his health.

Worry is not only distressing, but positively dangerous. It is the fruitful cause of many brain diseases and is often the beginning of disorders of the nervous system. Men worry about money matters, about business and about family affairs. It becomes a habit, growing by what it feeds on, so that the victim, with nothing on earth to bother him perhaps, looks around to discover something to worry about. If there is nothing else to be found, he will worry about his own health, or about his salvation in the next world. Worry is one of the most important factors in the development of kidney troubles.

It may be said in conclusion that the fact, shown by the census figures of 1900, that people in rural districts live longer than residents of the cities affords rather a striking illustration of the influence of the complex existence upon longevity. If we are "dying at the top," as seems to be the case, the misfortune is unquestionably attributable to inherent defects in the civilization of which we are so proud. We have more amusements, travel faster, are more daintily fed, wear finer clothes and are surrounded by more comfort and luxury than any generation that has preceded us; but we pay for all these things literally with our lives, which, as if by the working out of some inexorable law of compensation, have been considerably shortened already and seemingly show a tendency to become progressively shorter and shorter still.

A Noble Woman.

Guardian—You say you are going to marry a man in order to reform him. That is very noble of you. May I ask who it is?

Ward—It's Mr. Oofbyrd.

Guardian—Indeed? I wasn't aware that he had any bad habits.

Ward—Yes. His friends say that he is becoming quite mi·erly.—Sketch.

All Kinds.

"It takes all kinds of people to make a world," said the ready-made philosopher.

"Certainly," answered the plain person, "look at explorers. Some of them excel with mathematical instruments and some with typewriters and picture machines."—Washington Star.

"That seems to be a curious name you have for your mule?"

"Yes, suh. I calls him Climate, 'cause de mo' you abuses him de mo' disagreeable he gits."

TRIP ON THE GREAT EASTERN

Famous Steamship an Extremely Comfortable Boat So Long as She Kept Going.

"You can say what you please about the old Great Eastern," said an American who has crossed the ocean twice or more every year for almost half a century, "but she was a grand idea. The trouble was that the idea was almost 50 years ahead of its time. It has take the world all that time to grow up to a Great Eastern as exemplified by the Lusitania and the Mauretania.

"I made my first voyage to Europe in the Great Eastern. That was in 1863. It was the first time the vessel sailed into Liverpool. She had accommodations for 10,000 passengers, but there were only 100 in her on that trip.

"You know she had both a propeller and paddlewheels. As long as she kept going it was all right, for she moved along steadily and majestically; but one day we were hailed by a small French steamer that had mail to send to Europe and we stopped short in midocean while a boat put out from the other vessel.

"Well, how it happened I don't know, but the huge mountain of a vessel seemed to lose her balance. She wabbled about there in a dreadful fashion. Passengers and stewards were hurled about in every direction, and as for crockery, I don't believe a whole plate or cup and saucer was saved from the wreckage.

"On the vessel was every sort of general cargo, including live stock, and as for provisions, why, we had better food and fresher than you can get on a liner to-day. We had absolutely fresh meat, fresh milk and freshly killed chickens.

"Even in speed the Great Eastern was in advance of her time, for it took us only eight days to get to Liverpool."

90,000 AMERICAN SETTLERS GO TO CANADA

THE YEAR 1909 HAS SHOWN AN INCREASE OF OVER EIGHTY PER CENT IN AMERICAN SETTLEMENT.

Recent advices from Canada, our next door neighbour, the neighbourly country across the boundary line, are that upwards of ninety thousand settlers from the United States went into Western Canada during the past year, most of them for the purpose of taking up and settling upon the vacant lands, 160 acres of which are given free by the government, and lands adjoining held by railway and land companies are selling at from nine to fifteen and twenty dollars per acre. Even if thirty and forty dollars per acre were paid, the price would be low, as the lands produce wonderfully, and at these higher figures there is a large interest on the money and labor invested. The ninety thousand settlers of last year, followed about sixty thousand of the previous year, and for several years the number has been running into these large figures. There must be a reason for it. It may be found in the single phrase, "they are satisfied." Nothing attracts people more than the success of others, and the news of this reaching other thousands, causes them to investigate. The investigation in this case is always satisfactory. The splendid land of Iowa, of Indiana, of Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Ohio and other States has risen to a high value, and it is worth every dollar asked for it. But there is not room now for all on these lands. With the ever increasing demand for grain, there comes the ever increasing demand for land. Canada is the only country on the continent in a position to supply it. Land there that costs, say fifteen dollars an acre, produces on a reasonable calculation, 25 bushels of wheat to the acre, or about $20.00. The most liberal calculation as to cost makes the cost to produce $7.50 per acre, leaving a balance of $12.50 per acre. The $7.50 carries good wages for the farmer, and all other conceivable contingencies. With conditions like this, covering the entire area of about 500,000 square miles, it is readily understood why 90,000 Americans should follow the sixty thousand of the previous year. Canadian Government Agencies at different points in the Union are always ready to give information regarding the free homestead lands, ready to advise the settler as to the districts which would suit him best.

A Nasty Dig.

"As nasty a dig as I ever administered in my newspaper career in Virginia City," said Mark Twain, "was directed against a man named Ferguson.

"Ferguson, at Christmas time, invited me to see the presents he had given his wife. They were magnificent gifts. The man expected, of course, a write-up.

"Well, he wasn't disappointed. The next day, in a prominent place on the first page of the Enterprise, I inserted this paragraph:

"'John H. Ferguson's Christmas gifts to his wife are being much admired. They include a diamond stomacher and many other beautiful specimens of cut glass.'"

His Discovery.

The small son of the household had just been initiated into the art of cleaning his own teeth with the soft little brush his mother had bought him.

Hearing the baby cry lustily a few minutes later the mother ran into the nursery, only to find the nursing bottle on the floor and Johnny, toothbrush in hand, leaning over the crib of the screaming infant.

"Oh, muvver!" he cried, anxiously, "baby must have been borned wifout any toofs!"

Once there was a cook who stayed in one place for more than months. She was in a hospital, paralyzed.

Delicious way to keep teeth gleaming white—delicious WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

Nothing that was worthy in the past departs—no truth or goodness realized by man ever dies, or can die.—Carlyle.

DON'T NEGLECT THAT COUGH'

It certainly racks your system and may run into something serious. *Allen's Lung Balsam* will check it quickly and permanently. For sale at all druggists.

What a glorious country this would be to live in if turkeys were as easily raised as cats!

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Every time we see a sponge it reminds us of some men we know.

LONG TIME BETWEEN DOSES.

Doctor—If the medicine is too bitter you might take it with a glass of beer, but you should take it regularly, every two hours.

Patience—Only every two hours?

Made It Clear.

Jim had never learned to read by the ordinary methods the face of the old eight-day clock. It pleased his long-time employer, however, to ask him the hour and hear his answers.

"Jim, what time does the old clock say?" he asked one evening, when he had callers. "Step out in the hall and see."

Jim was gone several minutes, but returned with a beaming face.

"Ah—Ah—waited jes' a minute to see which'd get ahead, de sho't one or de long one," he said. "W'en I went out dey was bofe on de lef' ban' winding place, sah. But de long one, she clip it up good an' libely w'en she see me watchin' out, en' now she's 'bout a inch ahead, sah."—Youth's Companion.

Easily Distinguished.

"This," remarked Mr. Cane, "is my photograph with my two French poodles. You recognize me?"

"I think so," said Miss Softee. "You are the one with the hat on, are you not?"

The Stuff That Kills.

Mrs. Benham—Isn't my dress a poem?

Benham—Poetry will be the death of me.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Of course, a man can't help admiring a fashionably attired woman—unless he pays the freight.

Tastes like a Mint Julep without the "Julep"

The delicious flavor of real mint leaves is fine for teeth - finer yet for digestion!

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM

Look for the spear — The flavor lasts

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief--Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

An Ideal Present

NO STROPPING — NO HONING

Gillette

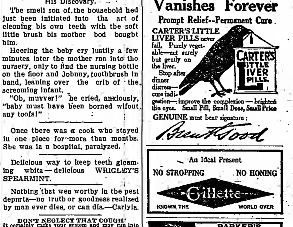
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water


THE Famous Rayo Lamp

Once a Rayo user always one

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The RAYO LAMP is a high-grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp at any price. The Burner, the Wick, the Chimney-Holder—all are vital things in a lamp; these parts of the RAYO LAMP are perfectly constructed and there is nothing known in the art of lamp-making that could add to the value of the RAYO as a light-giving device. Suitable for any room in any house. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

"California Now or Never!"

If ever you wished for a home in California send for free information about the greatest irrigation, colonizing and home-making enterprise ever undertaken. In addition to their great success in irrigating 400,000 acres in the Twin Falls Country, Idaho, the Kuhns are irrigating 250,000 acres in the Sacramento Valley. Send names of friends. Easy terms to settlers. We want you. Send 10c for 48-page book in colors. H. L. Hollister, Dept. K, 205 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

OF WORTH IN HIS BUSINESS

Boy Detective Congratulates Himself That His First Name Is Easily Pronounced.

"It's a lucky thing for me," said Bill Butts, the Boy Detective, to himself, "that my folks were plain people and believed in plain names. Supposing, for instance, I had been named after the fashion of my distinguished kinsman, Archie Butts, the military factotum of President Taft.

"I'm out on the case and I've trapped my man. I stand facing him fearlessly with a scowl on my face.

"'And who are you?' he asks.

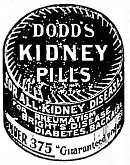
"'Archibald Willingham De Graffenreid Butts, the Boy Detective!' I answer.

"Honestly, I believe I'd have to laugh saying it. Anyhow, before I got through my man would be on the next block. That's why I say that my folks were sensible, plain people and named me plain Bill, which is of great value in my profession."

Hope is a magic lantern which often shows impossible pictures.

Spend an hour or two in the country. Chewing WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT is like visiting the green fields.

Money talks in spite of the fact that lots of men want to keep it quiet.



Virginia Farms and Homes.
FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE FLAVOR LASTS

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

A GOOD COUGH MIXTURE.

Simple Home-Made Remedy That Is Free from Opiates and Harmful Drugs.

An effective remedy that will usually break up a cold in twenty-four hours, is easily made by mixing together in a large bottle two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and eight ounces of pure Whisky. This mixture will cure any cough that is curable, and is not expensive as it makes enough to last the average family an entire year. Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure is prepared only in the laboratories of the Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O.

After the Hunt.

Provided with some trophies of the chase in the shape of rabbits, Rev. Sanford C. Hearn, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, Yonkers, proceeded to dress them for dinner in the parsonage cellar. His small son watched the father's work with interest. Going upstairs, the youngster called his mother.

"Oh, mamma," said he, "what do you suppose papa is doing?"

"I can't guess, child. What is he doing?"

"Well, he's just skinning, shaving and cutting up cats."

Gave Himself Away.

"Michael," familiarly inquired the employer, thinking he had seen his employe carrying one of the banners in the St. Patrick's parade of the day previous, in which procession the Irishman had laid off work to march, "didn't I see you carrying something in the parade yesterday?"

"Yis," admitted Michael, blushing scarlet, "but Oi had no suspicion me bottle made me hip pocket sh'tick out so much!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

Excused.

"Shame on you. You came home last night actually tipsy."

"So I did, my dear. I just couldn't resist the pleasure of seeing two of you at once."

Better make your digestion better. The real mint leaf juice of WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT does that better than anything else.

Though a man may become learned by another's learning, he can never be wise but by his own wisdom.—Montaigne.

Answer This Question

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured numerous cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are two letters which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fitchville, Ohio.—"My daughter was all run down, suffered from pains in her side, head and limbs, and could walk but a short distance at a time. She came very near having nervous prostration, had begun to cough a good deal, and seemed melancholy by spells. She tried two doctors but got little help. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier and Liver Pills she has improved so much that she feels and looks like another girl."—Mrs. C. Cole, Fitchville, Ohio.

Irasburg, Vermont.—"I feel it my duty to say a few words in praise of your medicine. When I began taking it I had been very sick with kidney and bladder troubles and nervous prostration. I am now taking the sixth bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and find myself greatly improved. My friends who call to see me have noticed a great change."—Mrs. A. H. Sanborn, Irasburg, Vermont.

We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the letters are published without their permission, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

What more proof can any one ask?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

WE FURNISH POSITIONS
to graduates, have done so and can. Send for a beautiful free catalog, to
AAKER'S BUSINESS COLLEGES
Fargo or Grand Forks, or to Prof. H. H. Aaker, Prop., Fargo.

FREE We Will Send Upon Application to Every Farmer **FREE**
PROF. THOMAS SHAW'S Directions for Planting
Garden, Flower and Field Seeds in our Catalogue of Home Grown Seed
NORTHERN SEED CO., Seed Growers. 11th St., Valley City, N. D.

WHAT'S Your Health Worth?

You start sickness by mistreating nature and it generally shows first in the bowels and liver. A 10c box (week's treatment) of CASCARETS will help nature help you. They will do more—using them regularly as you need them—than any medicine on Earth. Get a box today; take a CASCARET tonight. Better in the morning. It's the result that makes millions take them. 881

CUT THIS OUT, mail it with your address to Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill., and receive a handsome souvenir gold Bon Bon FREE.

Save the Baby—Use PISO'S CURE
THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS

Should be given at once when the little one coughs. It heals the delicate throat and protects the lungs from infection—guaranteed safe and very palatable.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

CONSERVATION PROCLAMATION

Governor Eberhart Issues Official Call for the First State Congress to Promote Agricultural Improvement and Conservation.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Governor A. O. Eberhart today issued a proclamation calling the first annual Minnesota Conservation Congress to meet in the municipal auditorium at St. Paul, March 16, 17, 18 and 19, 1910. The proclamation is as follows:

That an era of new and complex development is opening in Minnesota there is no doubt. The soil and climate of the state are second to none. There exists within the borders of this state untold opportunities for the development of farms, mines, forests, water power, reclamation of swamp lands and construction of roads as well as the necessity of more railroad lines.

To determine by a congress of representative men, interested in all lines of business and social endeavor, what the resources of this state are and how the rapid and intelligent development of Minnesota may best be assisted, will contribute greatly to the advancement of this commonwealth to the front rank of the states.

Gov. Adolph O. Eberhart.

The development of unused lands; conservation of soil fertility of lands now under cultivation; increase of production per acre on the farms; careful handling of mineral resources to eliminate waste; preservation and perpetuation of the forests; scientific drainage of swamp lands; improvement of public roads; extension of industrial and agricultural education; study of the practicability of water power and the continuance of the best sanitary conditions to insure public health, are all subjects which must be considered and agitated in order to give force to a state wide movement for the development of Minnesota.

A New Era of Pioneering.

The time is here for a new era of pioneering. Men and women are coming into the west and northwest as in the days of old, but they must come and expect to come without facing the hardships endured by the first pioneers. They will open the virgin regions of Minnesota, creating new wealth and at once contributing to public maintenance. How to assist these people to the advantages enjoyed by the older and more highly developed regions, giving them good roads, educational institutions, transportation facilities, mail routes, healthful surroundings, telephone lines and markets in which to buy and sell, is one of the problems which citizens of Minnesota may well consider in a meeting of representative men and women.

For many years parts of this state have been severely subjected to single cropping. Thousands of farms have been compelled to yield year after year the same crops until the soil is wearing out and profits have undoubtedly been reduced. These soils must be given back the elements of plant life or they will cease to pay dividends on the increasing valuation.

Vast Timber Resources.

While the state of Minnesota has vast timber and boundless mineral resources, agriculture is a condition to control, to a large measure, the industrial activity of the people in towns and cities. Only a little more than one-third of the land in the state suitable for agricultural purposes is now under cultivation. These lands should be opened and handled to insure the best returns to the tiller of the soil.

Another demand has followed this. The farmers should be given every possible opportunity to secure the knowledge of practical, scientific agriculture, the profits to be gained by crop rotation; the increase possible by creative and selective breeding of plants and animals. These things generally known and applied will result in immense improvements in production.

Knowledge of Live Stock Needed.

To develop and extend the dairying industry necessitates more general discussion and knowledge of breeding live stock. Great progress has already been made in this state and if the work is encouraged and extended, Minnesota will have in ten years a profitable market in other states and abroad for high priced cattle which combine milk and beef.

Good roads must be built to enable Minnesota producers to meet the competition of other producers in states having better transportation facilities, nearer markets and improved country roads. The cost of hauling our products from the farm to the market is excessive in comparison with the railroad charge for hauling similar products and will remain in excess of the cost in other states unless our roads are improved. Practical, intelligent work on the highways of the state will reduce the cost from a half to two-thirds, broaden the scope of the farmer's market and add to the profits.

Water Power Development.

The source of many rivers and with thousands of lakes scattered over its broad domain, Minnesota has unquestioned opportunities for the development of water power. Discussion of these unharnessed streams and their possibilities by practical engineers is to be desired that the people may realize that it rests with them whether they shall have cheap power and at the same time conserve the fuel resources of the state.

At once one of the healthiest regions in the United States, the natural advantage undoubtedly needs guarding in the cities, in the homes and school houses. How best the public health may be preserved and improved is a question for wide discussion which will have for a result general education of the people to desire and secure the most healthful conditions everywhere.

The impractical idea of taking a boy from the farm to teach him farming is overcome by incorporating in the courses of the rural school, the elements of practical, scientific agriculture and with the study goes industrial training for the boys and domestic science and art for the girls of the farm. The extension of these studies and how the system can be best fostered by consolidation of these schools, is a subject worthy of the most earnest consideration.

Value of Farmers' Institutes.

Experience has shown that farmers' institutes, the so-called "short courses" and similar meetings have had a wide influence, adding not only millions to the value of production, but improving the conditions of life. That the citizens of Minnesota should join in such a movement for conservation and agricultural development seems fitting when the governments of earth have come to deem expenditures of time and money for research, discussion and agitation looking toward the creation of a strong public sentiment for better living, more important than any other line of work.

Taking into account, therefore these vital considerations for the welfare of the state, I hereby proclaim the holding of the Minnesota Conservation and Agricultural Development Congress, in the municipal auditorium, in the city of St. Paul, on March 16, 17, 18 and 19, 1910, and earnestly invite the entire citizenship of the state to participate and co-operate in carrying out the plans for this gathering that its purposes may be fully realized.

—ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
Governor.

Attest:
JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.
St. Paul, Minn., January 17, 1910.

LAKE BEING ROBBED OF FISH.

Hundreds of Barrels Are Taken From Water Near Sauk Center.

Sauk Center.—Sauk lake is being robbed of all its fish and will soon be without any, if action is not taken immediately. The lake presents the appearance of a little settlement of huts, from which barrels of fish are being taken every day. Local merchants are being supplied and shipments are being made to the cities. Most of this fishing is illegal; as many of the men are fishing without licenses.

This lake is seven miles long and formerly abounded with game fish. It has a magnificent shore line and is very picturesque, both in winter and summer.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA AGREE!

Get Together on Suggestion of the United States.

Tokio, Japan. — Japan and Russia have reached a complete agreement on the subject of the neutralization of the Manchurian railways proposed by the United States. The newspapers here generally admit the benevolent intentions of Secretary Knox, but there is no evidence of a lessening of the opposition to his plan on the ground of impracticability.

IOWAN KILLS OLD FRIEND.

Stabs Him, Binds Up His Wounds and Escapes.

Oskaloosa, Iowa. — After fatally stabbing his friend, George Parry, 55 years old, and helping surgeons whom he had summoned, to bind up the wounds, John H. Harlow escaped on horseback. No definite cause for the stabbing is known. Parry, a wealthy land owner, had apparently been on the most friendly terms with Harlow, one of his tenants.

MIKADO HONORS A CHRISTIAN.

Rev. Francis E. Clark of Boston Has the Distinction.

Tokio, Japan. — The emperor gave an imperial audience to Rev. Francis E. Clark of Boston, founder of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, who was presented by Ambassador O'Brien.

Dr. Clark has the distinction of being the first person to be received by the emperor because of his prominence in Christian work.

Campaign Skeleton Comes Out.

New York, N. Y. — Campaign speeches, written to order subject to the approval of Tammany leader, Charles F. Murphy, and curt little newspaper articles, "knocking" William Jennings Bryan, were among the slight services rendered in furtherance of former Lieutenant Governor Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler's presidential boom in 1907, according to the testimony adduced at the trial of the suit of William F. Clarke to recover $20,000 from Chanler for alleged services as a publicity promoter.

SAVE THIS RECIPE FOR COLDS

"Mix half pint of good whiskey with two ounces of glycerine and add one-half ounce Concentrated pine compound. The bottle is to be well shaken each time and used in doses of a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful every four hours." Any druggist has these ingredients or he will get them from his wholesale house. The Concentrated pine is a special pine product and comes only in half ounce bottles, each enclosed in an air-tight case, but be sure it is labeled "Concentrated." This is one of the best and quickest remedies known to science.

Fight Against Plague Goes On.

Although the survey of the past year's anti-tuberculosis work shows that much has been done, the reports from all parts of the country indicate that this year the amount of money to be expended, and the actual number of patients that will be treated will be more than double that of the past year. For instance, special appropriations have been made in the various municipalities for next year's anti-tuberculosis work, aggregating $3,976,500. In addition to these appropriations over $4,000,000 has been set aside by the different state legislatures for the campaign against tuberculosis this year. Besides these sums, a large number of the present existing institutions and associations are planning enlargements of their work, and new organizations are being formed daily.

A Woman's Diplomacy.

It was the Chicago man's turn, and he told this one:

"Diplomacy, you know, is a remarkable agent. The other day a lady said to her husband:

"'James, I have decided to do without a new fall dress, and with the money it would cost I shall have mother here for a nice long visit.'

"James turned on her excitedly. 'What, wear that old brown cloth thing another season? I guess not!' he exclaimed, vehemently. 'You go right down to your tailor's today and order something handsome. Remember, please, that as my wife you have a certain position to maintain!'

"The wife bowed her head in submission. On her lips played a peculiar smile."—Lippincott's Magazine.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Rich Territory Opened Up.

The development of the Brazilian Amazon valley must in time amount to untold wealth. In the states of Para and the Amazonas and the federal territory of Acre there are near the water's edge 10,000,000 rubber-bearing trees of the Hevea variety. These trees, if properly tapped, will live indefinitely and steadily increase their yield. The state of Para is considerably larger than Texas, and much of it will grow excellent cotton.

Pettit's Eye Salve for Over 100 Years has been used for congested and inflamed eyes, removes film or scum over the eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

In Demand.

"That's a very popular man."

"Yes, he'll listen to the details of your summer trip without insisting on telling you about his own."

Did you ever have a good, old-fashioned boy's stomach ache? Of course you have. A little dose of Hamlins Wizard Oil will chase away a colicky pain in the stomach like magic.

Gastronomic.

"What bells of the season do you find most attractive?"

"The dinner bell."

Past tense—indigestion. Present tense—WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. Future tense—good digestion.

Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us dare to do our duty as we understand it.

Welcome kisses! WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT makes *all* kisses sweet and welcome. Had yours?

One way to acquire a reputation for amiability is to agree with every simpleton you meet.

DAVIS' PAINKILLER
has no substitute. No other remedy is so effective for rheumatism, lumbago, stiffness, neuralgia or cold of any sort. Put up in 25c, 35c and 50c bottles.

Enthusiasm is the poultice men apply of their scars.

CHANCE FOR BARGAIN.

Far Sale Cheap—Aeroplane—Owner No Further Use.

She Wants a Bonnet.

The manager of a department store received the following order from one of his out-of-town customers, who wanted a bonnet:

"Mazure of head fram eer ta eer aver top of head 12 inches; fram ear ta ear under my chin nine and one-half inches; from forehead ta back hair, seven inches. I want a black lace bonnet with streamers and rosette of red ar yeller setting ribbon and would like a bunch of pink Rozes ar a blue plume with a black jet buckel. If artifishels are still the stile I want a bunch af grapes ar a bird's tale somewhere. I do not want anything ta fensy, but if you think a wreath of pansies would look good why put one on. I have some good pink ribbon here at home sa you need not put on strings."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Pa's Sleepy Day.

"Pa, what do you go to church for?"

"Why—er—to listen to the sermon, of course."

"That's what I go for, but I can't hear it 'cause you breathe so heavy."

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive About the size of your shoes, many people wear smaller shoes by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Tired, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Question of Time.

"How much does it cost to get married?" asked the eager youth.

"That depends entirely on how long you live," replied the sad-looking man.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Most of a man's friends are of the long-distance variety.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Men deserve respect only as they give it.

CHICAGO MERCHANT MAKES STATEMENT.

After Spending Thousands of Dollars and Consulting the Most Eminent Physicians, He Was Desperate.

CHICAGO, ILLS.—Mr. J. G. Becker, of 134 Van Buren St., a well-known wholesale dry goods dealer, states as follows:

"I have had catarrh for more than thirty years. Have tried everything on earth and spent thousands of dollars for other medicines and with physicians, without getting any lasting relief, and can say to you that I have found Peruna the only remedy that has cured me permanently.

"Peruna has also cured my wife of catarrh. She always keeps it in the house for an attack of cold, which it invariably cures in a very short time."

Pla-Mate Shoes
The Best Shoes for Children

$1.75 & $2.00

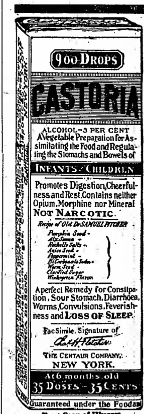
For 36 years we have done nothing but make children's shoes. Everything we have learned is embodied in the **Pla-Mate Shoes** — the best shoe made anywhere for little folks. See the shape, it means comfort and allows the feet to develop along natural lines. The soles are of clear oak, welts are genuine Goodyear, and full extension heels for protecting uppers. These points mean that a pair of **Pla-Mate Shoes** will outlast two pairs of any other shoe. They come in lace, button and oxford shape and in all sizes from 4 to 12. Just try one pair, see how the children enjoy them, and notice how long they wear. If not in stock at your dealers, send us his name, stating size and style desired and we will see that you are supplied.

WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
An immediate relief for Hoarseness, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchial and Asthmatic Troubles. An article of superior merit, absolutely free from any harmful ingredient.
Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per box.
Sample mailed on request.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

WRIGLEY'S

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package —other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WRIGLEY WRIGLEY WRIGLEY

WESTERN CANADA
What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:

"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. Feed is cheaper and climate better for the purpose. Your market will improve faster than your farmers will produce the supplies. Wheat can be grown up to the 60th parallel (800 miles north of the International boundary). Your vacant land will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land." Nearly

70,000 Americans

will enter and make their homes in Western Canada this year.

1909 produced another large crop of wheat, oats and barley, in addition to which the cattle exports was an immense item.

Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as lands held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you)

GUNS! GUNS! GUNS! Our latest bargains. Cleaning up our United States Springfield breech loading rifles 45-caliber perfect condition; good shooters; only $1.00. Send stamps for other government guns and supplies. OHIO SUPPLY COMPANY, Box 604, Steubenville, Ohio.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

When He Courted You

He didn't complain if you were a little despondent or irritable at times. Now he does. He's the same man. He didn't understand then. He doesn't now. Then he thought it was caprice and liked it. Now he thinks it is caprice and doesn't like it. But now he's busy getting money.

If he realized the full truth he would be more than anxious to have the wife he loves take the right remedy to restore her to true womanly health. Most men don't know that when a woman is weak, nervous, irritable and despondent, there is invariably something radically wrong with the delicate feminine organs with which her entire physique is in sensitive sympathy.

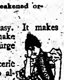
There is one, and just one remedy, tried and proven, that will put things right when the feminine organism is weak or diseased. It is

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This medicine restores perfect health to the weakened organs, and makes them strong.

It makes wifehood happy, and motherhood easy. It makes child-birth short and almost painless. It helps to make real "new women." An honest druggist won't urge upon you a substitute.

This "Favorite Prescription" is a pure glyceric extract of native medicinal roots and contains no alcohol, injurious or habit-forming drugs. A full list of its ingredients printed on its outside wrapper and attested as full and correct under oath.



Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Easy to take as candy.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fresh Nuts, Figs and Dates in our CANDY DEPARTMENT.	Fine Teas, Coffees and Apple Cider In Our GROCERY DEPT.	Big Line of Pipes and Cigars in our TOBACCO DEPARTMENT.

Phone 7

W. T. SPILLANE, **Main Street**

The Local Field

For Sale—Good work mare.
f3 Mrs. Hall.

Read the Merchant State Bank's new ad.

Base ball meeting, city hall, Friday night.

Sam E. Hunt has been in the twin cities this week.

Dr. N. M. Watson spent a part of the week in the twin cities.

"Dipshine" removes all tarnish. For sale at Mittwer's Hardware.

Miss Irma Schreiter visited with friends at Crookston last Saturday.

Have you got any "Dipshine" yet. Cleans in a minute.—Mittwer.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson made an official visit to Thief River Falls Monday.

Emil Hennings of Warroad was the guest of relatives in town this week.

The Sunshine advertises a big 13 cent sale. It will pay you to read the ad.

Mrs. G. A. Kankel of Fertile is visiting with friends and relatives in town.

C. E. Naplin of Wylie was attending to business matters in town last Friday.

Bert Lizee left Monday evening for Waubun where he has opened a barber shop.

O. J. Knutson visited with friends at Crookston from Friday until Tuesday.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose was the guest of Rev. Fr. Adolph at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Get in on that remnant sale. Short lengths at bargain prices.—LaBissoniere.

Leo Morin informs the Gazette that he has gone from Kalispel, Montana, to North Yakima, Wash., where he is employed.

Removes all tarnish without rubbing. Just drop it—"Dipshine." Sold at Mittwer's.

Fred Zalser, who has been ill with typhoid fever for many weeks, is now able to be around.

Freund's orchestra went out to Terrebonne Tuesday evening to furnish music for a dance.

We make farm Loans at lowest rates. Call and see us.—First State Bank, Red Lake Falls.

John Westerlund of Plummer was attending to business matters in the county capital Tuesday.

Rev. S. T. Palm will hold services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

At the coming spring election the people of the village of St. Hilaire will vote on the license question.

Orville Peterson of Evansville, Minn., is visiting with his brother, Julius Peterson, of the Gazette force.

Omer Hall was quite ill for several days but is now able to attend to his work at the Great Northern station.

Clem Brunelle, while hunting Sunday afternoon, killed a wolf. The animal was shot in Lambert township.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

For Sale—1 choice breeding ram, 2 yr. old and weighing 185 lb. Call or write—C.E. Naplin, R. F. D. No. 1, Wylie, Minn. F10

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, on Feb. 7, for one day. Eyes Examined. Glasses Fitted.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will serve a 25c supper at the church parlors at 6 o'clock next Wednesday evening. All are invited.

If you want to walk on velvet wear R. E. Z. cushion shoes. Warm for winter and cool for summer; just the thing. Found at The Big Store only.

Charley Bourdon, who has been employed with a crew of Soo railroad surveyors east of Brooks for several weeks, was at home over Sunday.

Miss Abbie Miller came from her home at Thief River Falls Tuesday evening and drove out to the Badger school, five miles southeast of town, where she is teaching.

Mrs. G. G. Kindseth will serve coffee at her home Friday afternoon, Jan. 28. All are cordially invited. Proceeds for the benefit of the Norwegian Lutheran church.

Bjorgo's Condition Powder is good for coughs, distemper, kidney and bladder trouble, roughness of the skin and a worm destroyer. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

School in District No. 59 will begin next Monday in Joseph Fisher's house for a five month's term. Miss Julia Kreil of Red Lake Falls is to be the teacher.-Eleven Towns.

Gordon Hats are always to the front when it comes to something new. We have them. 1-16 sizes and flexible brim derbys. When the time comes, don't forget the "Gordon."—The Big Store.

I Will Sell All Of My

Dishes
Notions
Jewelry
Groceries
Fancy Pipes
Toilet Articles
Musical Instruments at

25 Per Cent Discount

Have Just Received 500 Pounds of Kisses That Will Sell at 16c a lb.

All Christmas toys will go at cost. All kinds of fancy candies and candy boxes, and a new line of Christmas and New Year postals and leather post card albums.

FREUND'S

Get the Choice Oranges of Our 5,000 Groves

SUNKIST ORANGES

We pick, pack and ship 60% of the California Orange crop. These are of varying grades. The choicest selections are packed under the "Sunkist" label. To get the finest oranges you must insist on fruit that is wrapped in tissue paper with the word "Sunkist" printed thereon.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

They are delightfully sweet, juicy and fiberless. They are firm, thin skinned and deep tinted.

"Sunkist" oranges and lemons are picked by gloved hands, wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper, packed carefully so as to eliminate chances of becoming bruised or soft. No bruised fruit or fruit that falls to the ground is put in a "Sunkist" wrapper.

Look for "Sunkist" on the wrapper. Ask your dealer for oranges and lemons with "Sunkist" label on the tissue paper wrapper. Oranges and lemons without "Sunkist" wrappers are *not* "Sunkist" brand. Be sure you get oranges and lemons in their original "Sunkist" wrappers.

Free: Rogers' Orange Spoon

To make it doubly interesting for you to insist on "Sunkist" in the original wrappers—either oranges or lemons—we will give you a beautiful Rogers' Orange Spoon. Just send us twelve wrappers and six 2c stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send the spoon by return mail. Get a dozen "Sunkist" and send today for your first spoon. Address

SUNKIST LEMONS

California Fruit Growers' Exchange

34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill. co

County Surveyor C. H. Martz was in town yesterday, having to file his report on some county ditch work with the county auditor.

The card party given by the Royal Neighbors Monday evening was well attended and was a social success. The prizes were won by Mr. and Mrs. M. Ducharme of Perrault Station.

Theodore and Walter Garceau, who are attending school at Crookston, are at home for a few days, having come that they might be in attendance at the Garceau-Berget wedding.

At the recent annual meeting of the state association of probate judges held at Duluth Judge S. A. Swanson of Red Lake county was made a member of the executive committee.

Our spring ginghams are here Toil Du Nords, Red Star, A. T. C. etc. Very pretty patterns. You will say so when you see them. 10e pieces to select from. 8c up.—The Big Store.

The strength of the Merchants' State Bank lies not alone in its Capital and Resources, but in the character and financial responsibility of the men who conduct its affairs as well.

We want the women that are particular about shoes to see our Utz & Dunn fine shoes, for we feel sure we can satisfy them. Lace or Button, mat tops or cloth tops, kid, $2.50 to $3.50, pat. leather $3.50 to $4.00.—Teh Big Store.

Just received another lot of those stylish O'Donnell shoes. The first lot went like hot cakes. A regular $5.00 shoe at $4.50. Ask to see them. The most stylish looking shoe on the market.—LaBissoniere.

The Tarkish store at Crookston, owned by M. Kalad, was destroyed by fire Tuesday. The loss is $13,000; insurance $9,500. Two people rooming in the store building barely escaped with their lives.

The Turkish Store at Crookston, owned by M. Kalad, was destroyed by fire Tuesday. The loss is $13,000; insurance $9,500. Two people rooming in the store building bare ly escaped with their lives.

The time is coming, spring time, when you will need good rubbers. Ball Brand Rubbers are the best, and cheaper than some other makes. Buy Ball Brand every time. They satisfy.—Only at The Big Store.

Ben Brouillet from Saskatchewan, Canada, spent a part of the week with his brother, Frank Brouillet. He went to Crookston Tuesday evening and will visit with relatives in that city before returning to his home.

Peter Hansel of Wylie was in town last Friday, being on his return from Warren where had been visiting with his brother-in-law, S. J. Swanson, who is in the employ of the Red Lake Falls Milling company at Warren.

Will Neeland, who was critically ill with typhoid fever, has almost completly recovered and has been able to be out of doors for the past ten days. He had been ill for about three months and his condition was quite serious.

Emil Hennings, who is visiting with relatives in town, has disposed of his jewelry store at Warroad. He expects to leave for the west in about three weeks and if he finds a location that looks inviting to him will locate in the west.

Rev. W. B. Auger of Braddock, N. Dak., will preach at the Presbyterian church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning and at 7:30 o'clock Sunday evening. Mr. Anger is said to be an excellent speaker. All are invited to attend the services.

"The Musical Eckharts" gave a very good musical entertainment at the Bijou theatre last evening. The entertainment deserved a much better patronage than it received. The entertainment was given under the auspices of the M. B. A. lodge.

Victor Knight of Blackduck was in the city from Saturday until Monday and while here purchased a team of draft horses and drove them to his home. Mr. Knight formerly resided in Red Lake Falls and has many friends here who were glad to see him. He is a son of John T. Knight, one of the pioneers of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. John Drier return to Red Lake Falls Saturday. They have been away for the past six weeks visiting with relatives at Galena, Ill., and at Faribault and Northfield, Minn. Mr. Drier says that the weather has been more severe in Illinois this winter than for many years past, and that there is much more snow there and in southern Minnesota than in the Red River valley.

They Don't Speak Now.

"You love long rambles in the country?" asked the girl in the white sweater.

"Yes, indeed," responded the young man in the green hat with the purple band and buckled shoes. "When I go out in the country all nature seems to smile."

"Gracious! I don't blame her. It is a wonder she don't laugh outright."

13 | 13 Cent Sale For 13 Days Only | 13

For 13 days only, beginning on Saturday, January 29, we will show the best values for 13c ever offered for that price in the Northwest. Many of these are usually sold for 20c and 25c each. Listed below are a few of the items we will offer for 13c during this sale. Come early and get a quarters worth for 13c.

5 quart grey enameled ware lipped preserve kettle....13c
Box paper, smooth heavy white stock, 36 sheets paper and 36 envelopes, regular 25c value per box....13c
Gallon galvanized oil can, a regular 25c value, each....13c
Clothes Pins, first quality, 150 for....13c
Best opal nest eggs, large size, 9 for....13c
10 quart tin rinsing pan, a bargain at....13c
6-quart grey enameled pudding or milk pan, each....13c
10-inch steel fry pans, worth 20c, each....13c
11-inch blue white lined wash basins, regular 25c. each....13c

Extension curtain rods, ball ends, regular 10c, two for....13c
Lightning snap mouse traps 9 for....13c
9 papers of pins, a value unexcelled....13c
Genuine Indelible lead pencils, the 10c kind, 2 for....13c
10 bars of good toilet soap for....13c
Men's and boys' suspenders, with good leather ends, good elastic, regular 25c, pair....13c
Clothes lines, extra heavy, water proof, worth 20c....13c
10-quart tin pails, another big bargain....13c
Post card albums, good heavy art linen covers, holds 120 post cards, each....13c
Now is the time to get a good supply of post cards cheap. Lots of new designs, 9 for....13c
Full size nail hammer, good grade, each....13c
Sewing lamps with handles No. 1 size, each....13c
Wire and wood coat frames 3 for....13c
Good French briar pipes piano polish, each....13c
7-inch shears, regular 25c values....13c
Spring balance scales, brass dial, 50 lbs. regular 25c....13c
Unbleached Turkish towels, good size, each....13c

Good heavy pad locks with two keys, regular 25c....13c
3 10-inch pie tins, a good investment, each....13c
13 inch chair seats, a good grade, 2 for....13c
Good silk four-in hand neck ties, regular 20c and 25c....13c
Envelopes, good heavy quality, 100 for....13c
Japanese cup and saucer both for....13c
Palmetto scrub brushes, the best quality, each....13c
Jet hat pins, good length, each....13c
All brooms have increased 50 per cent in price, but we sell a good whisk broom at....13c
Lipped sauce pans with riveted handle, 6 quart enameled ware, each....13c
Useful glassware, large pieces, crystal glass, each....13c
Good lead pencils, the 2 for 5c kind, 9 for....13c
Infant's booties, 3 styles, all well knit, per pair....13c

THE SUNSHINE

The Store That Saves You Money.

M. Christensen, Proprietor

Steve H. Withey, one of the old time conductors on the G. N. system who has been running in and out of Crookston for lo, these many years, but who has recently accepted a position with another department of the company, was a visitor in Bemidji yesterday. "Steve" was dressed in regulation lumberjack style and none knew his mission here—but it is certain that it was a peaceful one. Come again, Steve.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.04
Rye	.65
Oats	.38
Flax	2.03
Barley	.51
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.30
Butter, dairy	.25

Shocking.

"What's youah hand bandaged for, Reggy?"

"Wenmatism, old fellow. Me bwute of a man bwought me a cold saucah with my coffee this mawning."

A Matter of Salesmanship.

"I'm going to give up poetry," declared the bard.

"But you sell your verse."

"Yes; but there are other lines that I could sell with half the effort and at ten times the profit."

Happy Thought!

"When I took my wife to see Niagara falls she was struck speechless."

"Struck speechless?"

"Yes."

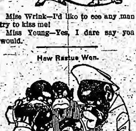
"I'll take my wife next week!"

An Enjoyable Sight.

Miss Wrink—I'd like to see any man try to kiss me!

Miss Young—Yes, I dare say you would.

How Rastus Won.



"So you won a turkey at the raffle, Rastus?"

"Uh-huh! W'ile de res' was shakin' dice I scused mahself."

RELIEF OR MONEY BACK

Z-MEX-O

Guaranteed to give relief in all cases of Eczema, Hives, Pimples, Saltrheum, Ringworm and all other skin diseases.

Should be one of your household necessities. Cures Dandruff in two or three treatments.

Read This Voluntary Testimonial

August 6, 1909.

Gentlemen: At the suggestion of a friend I commenced using Z-MEX-O for eczema of the face some four months ago. The improvement was noticeable from the start and after a diligent use of two bottles I was entirely cured and there was no recurrence of the trouble. I am fully satisfied that you have a splendid remedy and it ought to be a boon to thousands of people who are annoyed with eczema and other scrofulous affections.

Yours truly,
John E. King,
State Librarian,
St. Paul, Minn.

Cornered.

Pa—"Edith, how often do you practice on the piano when I'm away?"

Edith—"Every day, pa."

Pa—"How long did you practice yesterday?"

Edith—"Four hours."

Pa—"And to-day?"

Edith—"About the same."

Pa—"Well, I'm glad to hear you're so regular. The next time you practice, however, be sure to unlock the piano. I locked it last week, and I've been carrying the key in my pocket ever since. Here it is!"—Judge.

Putting Him Wise.

Young Doctor—Just think, six of my patients recovered this week!

Old Doctor—It's your own fault, my dear boy. You spend too much time at the club.

Jealous.

"When I refused Jack three weeks ago he declared that it would be the death of him."

"Well, it wasn't. He proposed to me last week, and I accepted him."

"Oh, then he must have meant a living death!"

Subscribe for The Gazette.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1893

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY FEBURARY 3, 1910.

VOL. XXVII—NO. 19

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ED MALONEY KILLED AT CROOKSTON

Fell From Bridge at Crookston Saturday and Died Sunday Morning.

Had Lived in Red Lake Falls and Had Many Friends In This City.

Friends in this city were pained to learn of the tragic death of Edward Maloney, who died in St. Vincent's hospital, Crookston, Sunday morning as the result of a fall Saturday afternoon from the Northern Pacific railway bridge to the river bank below.

Mr. Maloney was working with a bridge crew repairing the bridge. He was pulling bolts on the outer edge of the bridge. A bolt could not be pried up and a chain was attached to it and a jack used. Maloney was using the jack when the bolt suddenly broke and he fell over the edge of the bridge. When part way down to the ground he struck a longitudinal brace and the blow crushed his chest, internal injuries resulting. When picked up, Maloney was conscious and it was not thought necessary to remove him to a hospital. However, late Saturday night there were alarming symptoms and he was taken to the hospital. He died at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

Mr. Maloney was a graduate of the Crookston high school in the class of 1901. He was a popular boy and won local fame as a foot ball star. After his graduation from high school he lived in Red Lake Falls with his uncle, John Manley, for a number of years. The remains were taken to Rushford, Minn., Monday and the funeral was held in that city.

Council Proceedings.

Meeting of the city council held at the city hall Thursday, Jan. 4, 1910.

Meeting called to order by acting city clerk Joseph Toupin.

Motion duly made and carried to ballot for president. Ballot result: Simon Paul received 4 votes and Thos. Crompe 1. Simon Paul receiving the majority was declared elected.

Motion duly carried to ballot for vice-president. Ballot result: Thos. Crompe 4 votes, Joseph Salley 1 vote.

Thos. Crompe receiving the majority of votes was declared elected vice president.

Samuel Hunt offered the following resolution that the clerk's salary be fixed at $100 per year and that filing fees, etc., should also go to the clerk.

Seconded by Thos. Crompe.

All aldermen voting in the affirmative.

Motion duly carried to ballot for city clerk. Frank Brouillet and Samuel Gibeau were applicants. Result of ballot: Brouillet 3, Gibeau 2. Brouillet receiving the majority was declared elected as clerk.

Joseph Salley offered the following resolution that the city attorney's salary be fixed at $225 per year. It was seconded by Crompe. Result of ballot: 3 ayes, 1 no.

Motion duly carried to ballot for city attorney. Result of ballot: Chas. Baughton receiving five votes was declared elected.

Motion duly carried that the treasurer's salary remain the same.

Motion duly carried that the treasurer furnish a Fidelity Bond of $3000, he paying one half and the city the other half.

Motion duly made to ballot for street commissioner. Result of ballot: Otto Zalser received 4 votes and John Deforge 1 vote. Otto Zalser receiving the majority of votes was declared elected.

Motion duly carried that the salary of chief of police be fixed at next meeting.

Motion duly carried that the mayor's communication be placed on file and appointment confirmed.

Motion duly carried to ballot for city physician. Dr. I. Lemieux received 3 votes and Dr. J. C. Wilkenson received 2 votes. Dr. I. Lemieux receiving the majority of votes was declared elected.

The fixing of the city physician's salary was laid over until the next meeting.

Samuel Hunt and Thos. Crompe were appointed by the chair to act as a health committee.

Joseph Salley and George Hennings were appointed by the chair as poor committee.

On motion duly carried the following bill was allowed:

Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co., lights for Dec $72.65

Motion duly carried that meeting night be set for Thursday, beginning January 6th at 8 o'clock.

The appointment of Dr. J. C. Wilkenson as health officer, Arthur Lixe as chief of police and R. H. Bourdon as deputy police officer by the mayor were confirmed.

Simon Paul, Sam E. Hunt and Geo. Hennings were appointed on street committee.

T. A Crompe, President Pro tem.

Approved this 28th day of Jan. A. D. 1910.

J. A. Duffy,
Attest: J. A. Toupin, Mayor.
Acting City Clerk.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall Jan. 6, 1910.

Meeting called to order by Vice-President Crompe.

Roll call.

Alderman all present except Paul.

Minutes of the previous meeting read.

Motion duly carried that the minutes of the previous meeting be corrected to show the appointments and confirmations of the mayor's appointments. The minutes were then approved.

Motion duly carried that the bill of Walter S. Booth & Son for official oath blanks, 60c be allowed and the Red Lake Falls Telephone Co's. bill be laid on the table until next meeting.

The bonds of V. M. Higinbotham and S. A. Swanson as Justice of the Peace, amt $500 each were approved and ordered filed with the clerk of court.

Motion made by Salley, seconded by Hennings that the bonds of the city clerk be fixed at $500. Motion carried.

Motion made by Hunt, seconded by Hennings that the band petition be laid over until next meeting. Motion carried.

George Hennings offered the following resolution:

Resolved that the salary of the mayor and aldermen be fixed at $50 per year. Seconded by Hunt. Motion carried.

Motion made by Salley, seconded by Hennings that the assessor's salary be fixed at $100 per year. Motion carried.

Motion made by Hennings, seconded by Salley that the city clerk advertise in the Gazette for bids for city printing. Motion duly carried.

Motion made by Hennings seconded by Hunt that the health officers salary be laid over until next meeting.

Motion made by Salley, seconded by Hunt that the question of salary of Chief of Police be laid over until next meeting. Motion carried.

On motion duly carried meeting adjourned.

Simon Paul, President.

Approved this 28th day of Jan. A. D. 1910.

J. A. Duffy,
Mayor.
Attest: Frank Brouillet,
City Clerk.

MAY OPPOSE TAWNEY

Judge Henry O. Christensen of Rochester May Make Race.

The democrats of the First congressional district have picked Judge Henry O. Christensen of Rochester as the man best fitted to make the race against Congressman James A. Tawney next fall and Judge Christensen's friends are trying to induce him to consent to run. Judge Christensen is a brother of M. Christensen of this city, the proprietor of the Sunshine store.

Notice of Letting Contract to Build Court House.

Sealed bids are invited for the construction of a court house at the county seat of Red Lake county, according to the first set of plans and specifications on file in the office of the county auditor of said county.

The Board of County Commissioners of said county will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted for the construction of said court house, and to let the contract for same. All bids must be filed with the auditor at or before the hour of said meeting. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

A certified check for five per cent of the amount bid payable to the county auditor, must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Jan. 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Notice.

Bids will be received by the undersigned up to February 7th, 1910, for the delivery of 50 cords of green, split poplar wood at Washington School (North Side).

Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of Education, Independent School District No. 15.

Dr. I. Lemieux,
Clerk.

The fact that the Merchants State Bank is owned and controlled by well known business men is one of the many reasons you should have an account there.

WILL BE BIGGEST DITCH IN THE STATE

Hearing on Judicial Ditch No. 11 Will Be Held at Warren February 26.

Will Drain Hundreds of Thousands of Acres in Marshall and Beltrami Counties.

The hearing on the petition for the construction of Judicial Ditch No. 11 will be held before Judge Grindeland in the Marshall county court house at Warren Saturday, Feb. 26, at which the report of the engineer and the report of the viewers will be heard.

This is the greatest piece of ditching ever undertaken in the state. The ditch will have over two hundred branches and there will be several hundred miles of ditches in the network. The estimated total cost of the work is $530,000.00 and it is estimated that 265,000 acres of land in Marshall and Beltrami counties will be drained. More than 5,500,000 cubic yards of earth will be removed during the course of construction, it is estimated. It is said that nearly every quarter section of land in eastern Marshall county will be benefited by the construction of the ditch.

The ditch will drain a country that is so flat and low that it never becomes dry enough so it can be cultivated. The possibility of making tillable land in this vast area is what induced the big ditching undertaking.

ANNUAL MEETING

Charities and Correction to be Held at Mankato This Month.

The Eighteenth Minnesota State Conference of Charities and Correction to be held at Mankato, Friday to Monday, Feb. 11th-14th, will be something out of the usual. A feature of the conference will be two joint sessions held with the Minnesota Teachers' Association. The indications are that the county commissioners will be there in large numbers.

The conference is a school in matters relating to charitable, correctional and social questions. It aims not only to give instruction but it is really a missionary agency in intelligent work of this kind. One difficulty about social matters is that people are liable to plunge into them without any sort of study of the subject. Emotional people are liable to think that they can do such things without training. They get to thinking their emotionalism is sympathy, when, as a matter of fact, it is a variety of selfishness. The conference is of special interest to county commissioners, relief agents, managers of benevolent institutions, county and city superintendents of schools sheriffs, judges of probate, officers of juvenile courts, and all engaged or interested in charitable or correctional work. Among the subjects to be considered this year are child labor, boys' clubs, truancy in rural schools, study of racial types, tuberculosis, industrial accidents, outdoor relief, supervision and inspection by county commissioners, probate law, the place of the home in rural development, the economic and social improvement of country districts, and the financial support of highways. People who will be present are Gov. Eberhart; Mr. Schultz, state superintendent of education; one or more members of the State Board of Control; W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner; Professors Jenks and Coulter of the State University; A. J. Eckstein of New Ulm; Rev. J. A. Ryan of St. Paul's Seminary; Senator Clague; Prof. Maxwell of the State Normal School, Winona; Mrs. Andreas Ueland, Minneapolis; Miss Patterson, superintendent of visiting nurses, Minneapolis; Dr. Tomlinson, St. Peter; Judge Hughes, Mankato; P. N. Allen, Cannon Falls, and Fred Johnson, New Ulm. Mr. F. A. Weld, president State Normal School, is president of the Conference; Mr. J. N. Tate, superintendent State School for Deaf, Faribault, vice president, and Miss Ellen Cook, registrar Associated Charities, St. Paul, secretary.

New Band Officers.

At the meeting of the Red Lake Falls concert band held Friday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Manager—Vern Healy.
Secy.-Treas.—Harry Garceau.
Directors—F. F. Freund, A. L. Brunelle, Omer Hill and J. P. Harren.

MOVING BIG STOCKS

Garceau & Hubertus and E. A. Mittwer Swapping Locations This Week.

The Garceau & Hubertus stock of general merchandise is this week being moved into the Paradis block recently purchased by Theodore Garceau. E. A. Mittwer, whose hardware store has been located in the Paradis block, is moving his stock to the building being vacated by Garceau & Hubertus and recently purchased by J. A. Duffy. Making the exchange of the two big stocks is a big job and a large number of men have been employed at the work during the week. It is expected that by the end of the week the work will be completed. In the meantime the trade at the stores is being looked after as well as possible under the circumstances.

Personal Property Tax List.

R. L. Falls Twp.		Sande, J. B.	13.85	Laundry, Joe & Son	7.27
Akensoe, Swan	$9.23	Steele, Mathias	4.44	Laundry, Jas.	2.95
Alfson, Nils	1.48	Wagner, Fred	3.11	Laurent, Homer	.20
Arndat, F.	6.88	Whalen, Thos.	17.88	Morinville, Jas.	7.54
Baril, Ildalge	16.75	Terrebonne		Meyer, Ovila	1.08
Bjorgo, Ole	2.06	Archanbeau, A.	12.46	Mathew, Louis	2.75
Eagan, J. P.	10.23	Beaudin, Jas.	1.92	Mayer, Matilda	15.29
Baker, E. E.	6.04	Boyd, W. D	22.63	Montreail Charley	11 94
Cyr, Paul	16.86	Cadieux, L. C.	20.11	Manley John	6 08
Constant, Nap	5.04	Cote, Joseph	11.18	Pontbriant, Alfred	7 50
Carlson, John	6.26	Champeau, Joseph	10.45	Paranteau, Louis	8 91
Dufault, E. S.	7.63	Cadieux, Edmond	3.21	Paranteau, Bros.	3 47
Emerd, Pierre	7.28	Clemant, H.	5.56	Perrault Louis	27 96
Emard, Eli	5.59	Cote Valeria	11.57	Parrault J. F.	1 00
Emard, Mose	6.96	Clement, Dolphie	.71	Prenevost, Hubert	8 18
Engebretsen, E. M.	7.28	Dandapean, B.	7.28	Perusse, Alcide	9 37
Fronske, Albert	4.84	Desatelle, Richmond	4.87	Prenevost, Arthur	52
Flanigan, John	6.23	Desatelle, Arthur	1.59	Quesnell Robert	9 88
Garvels, N. R.	8.97	Derosier, Bruno	21.61	Quesnell Stephen	4 88
Gidde, Chriss	7.69	Ducharme T.	4.09	Quesnell, Wm.	5 91
Gerlach, Carl	10.91	Derosier, Antoine	7.98	Robillard, Desire	23 75
Hagl, Frank	6.08	Dupont, Willie	.84	Rossen, N. L.	11 14
Howald, Frank	6.59	Dandeneau, Joe	10.51	Reinschmidt, John	15 55
Hundertmark, Karl	10.25	Delage, Victor	14.55	Rossignal, Celina	17 86
Handley, Sam	2.92	Dupont, George	1.47	Rock, Ovila	3.21
Hirsch, Konrad	11.81	Desatelle, Celina	14.75	St Yves, Ed.	3 01
Jahnke, Ludolf	14.79	Fournier, Joseph	10.74	Souve, Ernest	36
Kees, Michael	11.09	Fournier, Isaac	14.21	Souve, Xavier	13 44
Laframboise, W.	.62	Fournier, Tusiant	9.57	Thoroux Louis	13 64
Laframboise, I	1 89	Gagner, Laurent	11.54	Thibert, Marcellen	2 07
Lacoursiere, Octave	8.23	Gagner, Philemon	.07	Terrebonne S. Co-operation Co.	6 19
Latondresse, M.	9.86	Gervais, Wilfred	.20		
Lasha, P.	16.29	Gagner, Amanda	9.93	Thibert, Raymond	6 55
Linnertz, John	7.80	Gagnon, Regis	14.55	Wolf, Amanda	2 76
Leader, H.	11.56	Gregaire, Fidime	9.61	Zimmerman, L. J.	3 79
Lacrosse, John	12.80	Generoux, Edward	5.99	Dupont, Joseph	7.88
Loeschen, John	6.99	Hartley, Thomas	11.75	Derosier, Frement	.96
Langley, Clarence	9.86	Jolly, Rodrick	3.20	Lawnton, C. W.	2.39
Lehmkuhl, John	10.75	Jolly, Hannette	14.05	St. Yves, Louis	3.58
Merchildon, Geo.	9.11	Kankel, C. O.	1.79	Saborin, Sam	11.91
Mercier, Clement P.	3.59	Kenny, Thomas	9.74	Scharmor, Gust	8.34
Meyer, Albert	7.25	Lachance, Damas	18.59	Supernault J. B.	27.58
Nenmen, J. C.	6.74	Lafleve, Mose	5.71	St. Marie, Jos.	.66
Peshle, Sepla	3.86	Lawton, C. C.	12.93	St. Martin, Jos.	6.23

STATE LAND SALE TO BE HELD IN MAY

State Auditor Iverson Will Conduct Sale in Red Lake Falls.

School Lands Will be Offered for Sale on Very Easy Terms.

State Auditor S. G. Iverson will be in Red Lake Falls May 21, to offer state school lands at public sale. This will be the only opportunity to buy these lands, for the lands will not be sold at private sale. The sale will commence at 10:30 in the forenoon.

No land will be sold at less than its appraised value and in no case for less than $5.00 per acre. At time of purchase 15 per cent of the purchase price and interest at 4 per cent on the unpaid balance to June 1, 1910, must be paid. Purchaser must also pay the value of the merchantable timber on the land. The annual rate of interest on the balance will be 5 per cent if the balance is paid within ten years. The purchaser of land in order to perfect title will be required to comply with one of three conditions. He may fence and convert into pasture 25 per cent of the land, or cultivate 5 per cent of the land, or build a house and actually occupy the land. Not more than 320 acres will be sold to one purchaser.

WOULD DICTATE TO GOVERNOR EBERHART

State Officials Make Unusual Demands of the Chief Executive.

Condition of Affairs at State School for Blind at Faribault.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Jan. 31—Official insubordination at Washington resulted in the dismissal from the public service of Gifford Pinchot and Mr. Glavis. Public sentiment approved those dismissals—not because Mr. Pinchot or Mr. Glavis' disinterestedness or zeal in the public service was questioned, but because it was plain that unless minor officials cooperated with the heads of their departments and those heads with the chief executive nothing but confusion and inefficiency could result.

An Insolent Demand.

In St. Paul we have witnessed during the past week the deplorable spectacle of the heads of the subordinate departments officered by republicans assuming the right to criticize the official acts of the chief executive of the state and to call him to account for the manner in which he has discharged the grave and responsible duties intrusted to him. They called on him to demand that in future he consult them before taking the initiative in matters peculiarly within his own province; and that they be given a voice in dictating the policy the governor is to pursue.

The Governor Patient.

It is greatly to the governor's credit that he heard them through and permitted them to formulate their extraordinary demands without interruption. A more impulsive or a less courteous gentleman would have promptly showed them the door; and public sentiment would have upheld him. Unfortunately the situation is such under our form of government there is no other method of disciplining insubordinate elective officers. Otherwise Governor Eberhart would have been quite justified in dismissing his meddlesome subordinates from the public service. The governor has done all that could be expected from him under the circumstances. He made it plain that he resented their intrusion, and that in the discharge of his responsible duties he would be governed not by the demands of candidates for public position who sought to use the executive patronage to bolster their political fortunes, but by the wishes of the people, the welfare of those great interests which have been committed to his keeping and the good of the institutions of the state.

The State University Attacked.

It is not surprising to learn that the governor's self-constituted advisors should have made one of the great educational institutions of the state the subject of their unwarranted attack. Nothing less it appears would satisfy them than permission to discipline a member of the board of regents who had frustrated a scheme of theirs to use the patronage of the state fair for party advantage and to make this department of the state the football of politics. Because B. F. Nelson had proved unwilling to permit the use of unfair means to seat in the presidency of the state agricultural association a Republican machine politician the demand was made on Governor Eberhart that he suspend Mr. Nelson on the board of regents of the state university.

Contrasting Methods.

There is a marked contrast between the attitude assumed by the state officials in question and that of the Democratic heads of department under similar circumstances. The other day when a vacancy occured in the office of executive agent of the game and fish commission, the Democratic members of that body did not take advantage of their numerical superiority to dictate to the governor the appointment of the official in question. On the contrary they at once freely and without hesitation placed at the disposal of Governor Eberhart the patronage the governor of the state has been accustomed to dispense. He was asked to name the executive agent. No attempt was made to influence his decision.

Another Instance.

The same course was pursued by the head of the banking department. Technically he has the right to name his subordinates. The Governor would probably not have attempted to interfere with him had he chosen to exercise that right. But a fine sense of the courtesy due the chief executive of the state and a proper regard for official discipline dictated a different course. The fact that a vacancy existed has brought to the attention of the governor and his wishes were consulted. The result is that both of these departments are working in harmony with the office of the chief executive to the manifest advantage of the public service.

Criticising the Governor.

Other matters touched upon in the conference forced upon the governor by subordinate officials at the state capitol were the public expositions of his policy made from time to time as occasion arose by Governor Eberhart. The view was presented to the governor that he should consult the heads of the various departments when those heads happen to be Republicans before taking the public into his confidence. They wanted to exercise both a censorship over his utterances and a veto over his appointments. They complained that the governor was entirely too free with his opinions. They even went so far as to protest that in defending himself against the charges made by Mr. Heatwole the governor was impolitic, as if a man should submit supinely to charges by which his official integrity was impugned. Why should not the governor indignantly refute these charges if they are untrue and produce the evidence to confound his traducers?

Smothering Insurgency.

While in Washington Governor Eberhart took occasion to assure President Taft of the support of Minnesota in the politics he had outlined, and to inform him that the criticism which had greeted his Winona speech had been greatly modified—in short that Insurgency in the North Star state is a diminishing quantity. In this the governor unquestionably reflected the sentiment of the Republican leaders in Minnesota. Among them insurgency is unpopular. There is no room for doubt that, as a result of Governor Eberhart's joining with President Taft to secure party solidarity, the voice of insurgency, as far as its finding any utterance through the party organization is concerned, has been effectually stilled.

Governor Johnson's Life.

It is expected that the life of Governor Johnson which has been prepared by Frank Day and Theodore Knappen will be issued from the press within a few days. Reports of canvassers indicate that its success is more than assured and that it will have a phenomenal sale. Those who have not already secured a copy from the local agent should lose no time in doing so before the edition is exhausted. The book is sold only by subscription.

Continued on Page 4

EXAMINATION FOR ENUMERATORS

Will be Conducted in Red Lake Falls Saturday Afternoon.

At the Eighth Grade Room in High School Building at 2 O'clock.

Commencing at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, examinations to be written by applicants for appointment as census enumerators will be given in the eighth grade room in the high school building in Red Lake Falls. Applicants will be given three hours in which to answer the questions. Mrs. E. F. Marshall will conduct the examination.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
January 22nd, 1910.

Pursuant to adjournment the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Saturday the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1910.

Members present: Demann, Pigeon, Anbol, Johnson and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

Meeting called to order by Chairman Lindquist at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann who moved its adoption duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon.

Resolved, That the county auditor be instructed to notify the governing bodies of the different townships in the matter of assessments made against the different townships for benefits to roads on account of ditches in order that there may be a levy made in the different townships during the coming year to take up at least part of the assessment.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann Anbol, Johnson, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: None. Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

Resolved that the township of Equality be reimbursed on account of an appropriation heretofore made but not drawn to aid the Town in the repairing of a certain road between Sections 21 and 22 of said town in the sum of $150.00 from the county road and bridge fund.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the Township of Equality be reimbursed in the sum of $800.00 from the county road and bridge fund on account of an appropriation heretofore made but not drawn to aid the said town in the building of two bridges, one between Sections 21 and 22 and one between Sections 19 and 20 in said town.

Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly made and carried the board took a recess until 1:00 o'clock P. M.

The board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

All members present.

The annual report of fees, emoluments and gratuities for the year 1909 received by Wilhelm Michelet, C. W. Johnson, S. T. Johnson, A. A. Latandresse, H. E. Ives H. F. Anderson, Lewis A. Nelson, Frank Jeffers, S. A. Swanson, O. F. Mellby and C. H. Martz were on motion duly carried approved.

A communication was presented to the county board by Chas. E. Boughton representing the Duluth Brewing company, Josie Doe, Adeline Bray, and Theodore Garceau, Trustee, and same was duly filed.

Motion made by Commissioner Anbol seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the bills of the Duluth Brewing company, Adeline Bray, Josie Doe and Theodore Garceau, as Trustee, for the purchase price of the lots therein described for court house site be rejected.

Commissioners voting aye: Johnson and Anbol.

Commissioners voting no: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Motion declared lost by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bills of the Duluth Brewing company, Adeline Bray, Josie Doe and Theodore Garceau, as trustee, for the purchase price of the lots therein described for a court house site be allowed.

Commissioners voting aye: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Commissioners voting no: Johnson and Anbol.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson seconded by Commissioner Anbol that the bill of James Brady for excavation at court house site attested by the architect's certificates in the sum of $350 be rejected.

Commissioners voting aye: Johnson and Anbol.

Commissioners voting nay: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Motion declared lost by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bill of James Brady for excavation at court house site as attested by the architect's certificates in the

Continued on Last Page.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are Interested.

Foreign

American shoe manufacturers are making extraordinary shipments on orders from their German agents, placed in anticipation of the enforcement of Germany's general tariff against American importations on and after February 7.

A native runner who has arrived from South Africa reports that Col. Roosevelt has killed three good bulls and two cows of the white rhinoceros family and considerable lesser game. The naturalists have collected many species of birds and mammals.

Former President Roosevelt in a letter dated Nairobi, East Africa, Dec. 15, and which was received at the Smithsonian institution, states that the expedition under his direction up to that date had collected 8,473 specimens of vertebrates, a large number of mollusks and other invertebrates, several thousand plants and about 2,000 photographs.

Countess Cassini, daughter of the former Rusian ambassador at Washington, who has been studying in Paris for two years, made her debut in a concert at the Theater Femina in Paris.

Complete returns from elections in England for members of parliament make the standing of the parties to date as follows: Government coalition: Liberals 79, laborites 17, Irish nationalists 16. Opposition: Unionist 96. Net unionist gain, 30.

General.

Armour says beef is high because of increased price of corn.

All along the line the people are cutting out the meat ration, but the price does not come down.

The "beef trust," so called, is to be prosecuted by the national government.

That Harry Kendall Thaw is a bankrupt and that his estate is subject to the United States bankruptcy laws is held by Referee William B. Blair.

The senate committee on irrigation will report a bill providing for a $30,000,000 bond issue to complete irrigation projects.

The senate committee on territories perfected the Beveridge measure to create a legislative council for Alaska.

Congressman Smith of Iowa will be a candidate for renomination.

National Committeeman Taggart of Indianapolis, Ind., who was accidentally shot by W. H. Morton, while hunting, will lose the sight of the right eye.

Joseph A. Graham, a widely known editor and author, died at his home in Salisbury, Md. He was widely known in the west.

American affairs are being prominently headlined in the Chinese native newspapers. The speeches of President Taft and the hunting exploits of Col. Roosevelt are followed with interest.

The petition of the American Federation of Labor asking for an investigation of the operations of the United States Steel corporation has been referred by President Taft to the committee on judiciary.

President Taft, in addressing the annual meeting of the association of Life Insurance Presidents, held out no hope for the enactment of a federal law to govern the companies.

The suit for $150,000 damages for alleged libel filed Jan. 8, 1904, by Michael W. Louis against Joseph L. Bristow, now senator from Kansas, then fourth assistant postmaster general; Henry C. Payne, former postmaster general, and three Washington newspapers, was dismised by Chief Justice Claybaugh.

It is said that if there is anything about trees that Henry S. Graves, the new chief forester of the United States, does not know it has not been discovered yet.

John R. Walsh, the Chicago banker who has been taken to the federal prison at Leavenworth for five years, has been numbered 6861. He is 72 years old.

Provision for a material, but gradual increase in the appointment of cadets to the West Point Military Academy is made by a bill reported favorably to the senate by Mr. Warren, chairman of the committee on military affairs.

Governor Hughes, before life insurance delegates, expressed faith in life insurance as an American institution.

Mrs. Stuyvessant Fish has declared in favor of woman suffrage and is going to stump the state of New York.

Robert Underwood Johnson was appointed editor of the Century Magazine in the place of the late Richard Watson Gilder. Mr. Johnson had been associate editor of the magazine since 1881.

The conference report on the Ballinger-Pinchot resolution was adopted unanimously by the house.

A Los Angeles dispatch says this year's orange crop has been damaged approximately $1,000,000 by the heavy frosts.

The Iowa supreme court held that the Masonic lodge is a charitable organization and that it is not required to pay the state a collateral inheritance tax on any bequests that might be left to it.

Senator Cummins is preparing a national incorporation bill to present to the senate.

The Madriz government has ordered the arrest of all the conservative leaders in Managua, Granada, Masaya and Rayes.

Kansas City bricklayers will "cut out meat" for a season to see if the

Irregularity in grand jury room may open the prison doors for Charles W. Morse, and F. Augustus Heinze may also benefit from a court ruling on this matter.

The British liberal party must depend on the Irish to secure a majority in the house of commons.

Special educational training for railroad men is advocated and predicted by J. Shirley Eaton.

Senator Conger's exposing New York's state politics scandal is likely to win victory for direct primary system.

In the memory of senators and representatives now in office, says a Washington dispatch, there never has been a time when the people were writing so many letters to members of congress about public affairs.

Meat dealers are firm with their prices all over the country and the move now being made has in no wise affected the packers.

Five trainmen were killed and fifteen passengers were injured in a Big Four wreck at Cincinnati, caused by derailment.

The intensely cold weather in the east has saved eastern Pennsylvania from disastrous floods.

It was stated by a high authority at Paris that no settlement has yet been reached regarding the Hankow-Sze-Chuen railroad loan of $30,000,000.

That carrier pigeons come within the purview of the interstate commerce laws and are fit subjects for legislation, is the opinion of Representative Lafean of Pennsylvania who introduced a bill regarding them.

At Freeport, Long Island, Henry Mead, a baker, dropped dead after eating a piece of his own pie for breakfast.

Senator Beveridge introduced a bill to create a legislative council in Alaska, which measure is said to command the approval of President Taft and Secretary of War Dickinson.

Congressman W. P. Hubbard of Wheeling, W. Va., formally announced his candidacy for the United States senate in opposition to Senator Nathan B. Scott. Senator Scott's term expires in March, 1911.

Ezra Kendall, the famous comedian, died of apoplexy in a sanitarium at Martinsville, Ind.

President Taft is urging upon senators to "get busy" with the nation's affairs.

A new comet, discovered by an astronomer in Johannesburg, South Africa, is conspicuously visible to the naked eye from the observatory at Kiel, Germany.

Although he has not formally resigned, Dr. William Huntington, president of Boston university, has notified the trustees of the institution that he desires to be permanently relieved from his duties at the close of this academic year.

The Gilchrist Transportation company, the second largest on the Great Lakes, was placed in the hands of receivers upon application of Frank W. Gilchrist of Alpena, Mich., vice president of the company.

Washington.

Railroad freight rates between Mississippi river crossings and Ottumwa, Iowa, are declared by the Interstate commerce commission to be unreasonable and excessive.

Voicing his desire that the postal savings bank bill should be reported to the senate and given immediate consideration, Senator Burkett protested against the adjourning every Thursday until the following Monday.

Speaker Cannon officially ruled that President Roosevelt had acted without specific authority of law in appointing representatives to the third international conference on maritime war at Brussels.

Are the returns made by corporations under the law imposing a tax of 1 per cent of their net incomes to be open to inspection as public records? The law says they are and a decision soon must be reached by Secretary MacVeagh as to the latitude to be given in the interpretation of the statute. The attitude of the trade in this regard is being awaited with undisguised interest. Many inquiries have reached the internal revenue bureau on the subject.

Ten bills relating to the public lands and conservation policies of President Taft and Secretary Ballinger were introduced by Senator Nelson, chairman of the committee on public lands. The measures are not the same as those which Representative Mondell of Wyoming declined to champion, but they relate to the same subjects.

Personal.

President Taft is showing much tact in bringing opposing congressional factions together.

The Ballinger-Pinchot committee is soon to start its investigation.

Senator Nelson has been selected as head of the Ballinger investigating committee.

Senator Burkett believes he will get a postal banking bill through congress during this session.

Iowa editors will hold their semiannual meeting at Boone, March 17.

Zelaya, former president of Nicaragua, is preparing to go to Belgium.

Lima, Peru, arranged a special reception for Hon. W. J. Bryan.

The election of Gifford Pinchot to succeed Dr. Charles W. Eliot as president of the National Conservation association is announced.

Mrs. Elsie Sigel, widow of General Franz Sigel of civil war fame, died a few days ago in New York.

John R. Walsh, now in the federal prison at Leavenworth, will not be granted any special privileges.

George Harris, president of the Burlington railroad, has presented his resignation to the board of directors, and it will be accepted.

"The fight will be either in San Francisco or across the bay at Oakland,' said James J. Jeffries who was making a short stop at Joliet, Ill.

The Frankfurter Zeitung is informed that Dr. Frederick A. Cook has arranged for a strictly incognito stay at a sanitarium near Heidelberg.

Ambassador Straus presented Charles W. Fairbanks, former vice president of the United States, to the sultan of Turkey.

The will of the late D. Ogden Mills of New York disposes of his large estate by division equally between his son and daughter.

MAY BE SENATOR

W. E. PURCELL MAY SUCCEED SENATOR THOMPSON REPORTED RESIGNED.

ILL HEALTH THE CAUSE

Newly Appointed Senator Incapacitated by Sickness Gives Up Toga—Purcell Picked at National Capital.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The resignation of United States Senator Thompson of North Dakota is said by the wise ones here to be in the inside pocket of Governor Burke. The same unconfirmed rumor that is responsible for this statement is authority for the further one that State Senator Purcell of Wahpeton will be the successor of Thompson.

After Senator Thompson's appointment, following the long contest for the place left vacant by the death of Senator M. N. Johnson, reports of the ill-health of the senator soon became rife. Early after his arrival in the national capital it was reported he had several hemorrhages and his physicians advised him to go to Mexico for the winter.

Hon. W. E. PURCELL.
Reported to be North Dakota's New Senator.
Courtesy of Fargo Forum.

It is asserted that he wrote Governor Burke regarding his resignation but the letter requested him to defer action till the governor's arrival here last week. There was a conference at which it is claimed the senator tendered his resignation and an understanding was reached through which Purcell was to be named.

It is claimed that nothing was to be given out till after Governor Burke's return to North Dakota and it is difficult to get North Dakotans now in the capital to discuss the situation although the report is generally credited.

Mr. Purcell was the candidate who was thought to have had the inside track til Thompson was named by Governor Burke.

MURDERED HIS FATHER.

Puts Strychnine in Whiskey and Gives Father Drink.

Minot, N. D., Jan. 27.—One of the most brutal murders ever brought to light in northwestern North Dakota, was unearthed yesterday, when Chris. Moline, the 23-year-old son of Frank Moline, confessed to the murder of his father.

Moline left Barton, Pierce county, Friday in good health, dying on the way to his home, four miles in the country. The son drove the horses to their home, unharnessed and later returned after the body, the apparent cause of the death being heart failure.

At the inquest started Saturday, remarks were overheard which led Sheriff Erickson to believe that a murder had been committed and yesterday the son was forced to confess.

According to his story he and his mother, who had been divorced from Mr. Moline, were afraid that Moline was about to remarry, leaving all his property to his new wife. The son said that he meant to murder both the woman and his father, but had only gotten his father. He put ten cents worth of strychnine in a small bottle of whiskey and offered his father a drink just before leaving town.

SUICIDE AT TOWER CITY.

F. S. Kiff, Son of Prominent Temperance Worker, Cuts Throat.

Tower City, N. D., Jan. 28.—F. B. Kiff of this city, a son of M. H. Kiff, the well known temperance man and general merchant of Tower City, was found dead in his bed yesterday morning at an early hour with his throat cut from ear to ear.

The suicide had been in ill health for some time. He and his wife and little daughter occupied the same room, but slept in separate beds, the little girl sleeping with her mother. A light was kept burning in the room, as Kiff had to get up in the night to take medicine.

No Cut at Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 27.—The meat boycott, which is prevalent throughout all the large cities of the country, and which was started by the labor unions in order to get more reasonable prices for this important article of food, has not struck Grand Forks as yet, but it is expected that the matter will reach here in due time. The local butchers have reported this afternoon that they had made absolutely no cut in prices as yet. One of them stated however that he could notice a slight falling off in the buying of meals and stated that the difference was steadily growing.

Six Buried in Collapse.

Cincinnati, Jan. 27.—Six persons were in a rooming house at 428 West Fourth street, which was demolished when the wall of a five-story was blown down by a 45 mile wind last night. Of the six, one is dead, another is missing, and four were injured. The police and firemen were still searching the ruins for possible additional victims today.

Yale Professor Passes Away.

New York, Jan. 27.—Prof. Ed. Reynolds, of the Yale university law school, died from pneumonia here today.

HILL VISITS PRESIDENT

PRESIDENT DECLARES REPORTED CRUSADE A MYTH.

After Conference With Noted Railroad Man Taft Puts Quietus on Sensational Rumors.

Washington, Jan. 25.—President Taft today made public the following statement as to his reported crusade against corporations:

"No statement was issued, either from the attorney general's office or the White House indicating that the purpose of the administration with reference to the prosecutions under the anti-trust law is other than as set forth in the message of the president of Jan. 7, 1910. The sensational statements, as if there were to be a new department and an indiscriminate prosecution of important industries, have no foundation. The purpose of the administration is exactly as already stated in the president's message."

The statement was issued after the president had talked with Jas. J. Hill, the railway magnate and had received information that prices were crumbling in New York under the various reports printed yesterday and this morning.

There were no further statements from the White House except the foregoing.

Hill, on leaving the White House, said he did not pretend to represent or speak for the president in anything, but was sure that the president would not attack the corporations. If the corporations were violating the laws of the country, Hill said he supposed that they would be brought to book.

TROOPS FIGHT FLOOD.

Fifty Thousand Soldiers in Paris Aid Municipal Authorities.

Paris, Jan. 25.—Fifty thousand soldiers, comprising the garrison of Paris, were placed at the disposal of the municipal authorities this morning to fight the floods whose ravages are spreading ruin and consternation throughout the city. At 8 this morning the water at Port Royal had touched 26 feet above low tide and was rising at a rate of nearly one-half inch an hour with the prospect of the rise continuing until midnight.

The damage already done is incalculable. The industrial life of the city is rapidly becoming paralyzed. Only two sections of the subway are in operation while three-fourths of the surface lines are tied up. Factories are shutting down because of a lack of power due to electric plants having been flooded. Half of the telephones in the city are out of commission and telegraph and railroad communication is demoralized.

The weather in Paris grows worse rather than better and at noon Paris was the center of an area of low pressure and a bitter cold rain and sleet were falling throughout the flooded regions, adding to the suffering of poor and homeless ones.

The price of bread and other foods has increased, owing to the fact that communication with the provinces is crippled. No trains from the south are coming beyond Choisy-Le-Roi.

The depleted supply of drinking water has caused the greatest alarm. With the rise of the flood but a few inches higher, the pumping stations still in operation must stop and Paris in the midst of a minature ocean, will be without water fit to drink.

The situation at between twenty and thirty suburban towns above this city is worse than the capital itself.

VOICE COUNTRY'S NEEDS.

Business Men of United States in Session.

Washington, Jan. 25—Sixty chambers of commerce and boards of trade, voicing the business needs of the nation from as many cities, were represented in the fortieth annual meeting of the national board of trade, which began its sessions here today. Concerted action on live issues of the day will be taken and expressions of the national body, indicative of the sentiment of the business interests, will be given in the form of resolutions proposing some legislation favoring some new proposed laws and asking for the repeal of some now in force.

Twelve of the largest bodies come with strong resolutions calling unequivocally for a ship subsidy to promote an American merchant marine.

Twelve others will call for a forward march on harbor and river improvements.

Others, while divided somewhat in opinion of methods, stand for the conservation of natural resources.

Beef Probe Spreading.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 25.—Other organizations of the so-called "Beef Trust" than the National Packing Co., may be included in the federal grand jury investigation, according to a report current about the federal building today.

In this connection it became known that the information which came to Judge Landis was in the form of a letter making detailed charges. These charges were of such a nature that Judge Landis immediately reported them to United States District Attorney Edwin W. Sims.

Avalanches in Switzerland.

Berne, Switzerland, Jan. 24.—Immense damage has been done by floods in Switzerland. A dozen avalanches have occurred, in which several chalets were engulfed.

Three Killed by Auto Plunge.

Kansas City, Jan. 25.—Three persons were killed and three seriously injured when an automobile owned and driven by a Kansas City contractor named Maloney, skidded and plunged over a forty-foot embankment at Cliff drive and Agnes avenue late today. Mr. Maloney was one of the killed.

Germany Has Storm.

Berlin, Jan. 25.—Snow continued to fall throughout northern Germany today. Many large towns have been cut off from communication by railway, telegraph and telephone.

Gets Next Convention.

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 27.—Late this afternoon the North Dakota Hardware Men's association named Devils Lake as their meeting place in 1911.

The following officers were elected:

President—H. A. Moe, Churchs Ferry.

First Vice President—J. A. White, Edgeley.

Second Vice President—Geo. Dahle, Carpio.

Delegates to National Convention—E. E. Elliot, Sanborn; J. A. Roell, Minot.

Members of Executive Committee—E. J. Pragba, Lankin; Geo. Wolbert.

CAN'T GET BONDS

ANDY JONES HAS ABANDONED EFFORTS TO GET PERSONAL LIBERTY.

MAY NOT TAKE APPEAL

Fact That Convicted Banker Goes to Leavenworth Taken to Mean That Sentence Will Be Served.

Fargo.—Unable to secure anyone to take the place of Michael Lynch of Grand Forks who withdrew from Andy Jones' bond, Judge Edward, tending counsel for the defense notified U. S. Clerk J. A. Montgomery that it would be impossible to perfect the instrument and that plan to furnish the Rugby bank wrecker his liberty while an appeal is being taken to the circuit court had been abandoned.

As a result Jones will be removed to the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kas., where he will start the service of the decade sentenced imposed by Judge Charles F. Amidon.

Many who have followed the case interpret the inability to secure an appeal bond, to mean that the sentence of the court will be served without protest and that the case will never be taken to the circuit court of appeals.

While Jones was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary, under the existing rules he will have to serve but six years and eight months if he takes advantage of the "good behavior" allowance.

Just when he will be removed to the federal penitentiary has not been announced and probably won't be. Jones will be in the custody of U. S. Marshal J. F. Shea and a deputy.

BREAKS ALL RECORDS.

Situation in Paris Is Very Alarming—100,000 Refugees.

Paris, Jan. 27.—The River Seine, whose flood has caused death and destruction during the past few days was stationary at noon today. Dead cattle and trees are being borne down its current.

The stage of the waters this morning exceeded all records of 1815 and up to 12 the river continued to rise at a rate of three-quarters of an inch an hour. Hope was given to local authorities by an early report that the Seine was stationary at its upper branches.

At Melun, Nogent and Bray the maximum flood was reached during the night. On the other hand the river Marne was reported as still rising and a new and higher flood was racing down the Younne and Grand Morin.

Perhaps the most alarming features of the situation in the morning was the fissure at Auteuil viaduct at the foot of Paris. Should this give way, it would act as a dam and submerge the entire city.

The valley of the Seine now presents a terrifying spectacle. The flood is miles wide for twenty-five miles above and the remaining torrent runs through the city at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. It is flush with the parapets of the bridges where it is not actually overflowing them, turning into muddy lagoons and choking the underground workings of the city to a bursting point.

Ballinger Probe Drags.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Just what the charges are that Louis R. Glavis upholds against Richard A. Ballinger, secretary of the interior, were finally made clear to the congressional investigating committee before its first session adjourned yesterday afternoon. Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, special counsel for Glavis, informed the committee upon its insistence of a specific nature of allegations, though maintaining that it was not any one act, but a series of acts and circumstances upon which the charges were based.

Farmers Also in Boycott.

Frankfort, Kas., Jan. 27.—Farmers in this vicinity have started a counter boycott against labor unions that have refused to eat meat and they expect to make it state-wide.

The farmers plan to quit using the products of the labor of boycotting unions for one year. In addition to this they purpose to advocate free trade. Organizers of the movement aver that the packers are back of the meat boycott.

Corporation Tax Law Upheld.

Toledo, Jan. 27.—Judge R. W. Taylor in the United States circuit court today sustained the constitutionality of the federal corporation tax law in a formal order dismissing the suit of a stockholder against the American Multigraph Co. of Cleveland. He sustained the company's demurrer.

This will allow the case to be taken at once to the supreme court for decision.

Would Remove Duty.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Representative Sabbath (dem., Ill.) believes that the way to lower the prices of food stuffs is to place them on the free list for importation from foreign countries. He has introduced a bill to bring this about. His bill would place on the free list articles such as sugar, flour, eggs, vegetables, fish, live-stock and meats of all kinds.

CLOSE LAKOTA BANK.

State Examiner Shuts Up People's State Bank.

Lakota.—The People's State bank of Lakota was ordered closed last night by State Bank Examiner Oliver Knudson.

According to a statement given out today the bank's suspension will be but temporary, and it is expected that the institution will reopen for business shortly.

The state bank examiner, who is now in charge and the bank officials both decline to divulge the nature of the present embarrassment.

McCumber Introduces Resolution.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Senator McCumber of North Dakota wants to know who is getting all the money under the existing high food schedules and in order to arrive at the truth of the situation today offered a resolution in the senate providing for a thorough investigation of the economic consideration involved.

Mexico Banks Suspends.

Mexico City, Jan. 26.—The United States Banking Co. suspended today, following its failure to make a clearing house settlement of yesterday's business.

MINERS MAY QUIT

GREAT COAL STRIKE IN UNITED STATES AND CANADA FEARED.

IT'S UP TO OPERATORS

Unless Every District Operator Signs Up Bituminous Workers in Both Countries Will Walk Out.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 26.—A general strike of the miners of the bituminous coal fields of the United States and Canada will be called if the mine operators of all or any of the districts refuse to sign contracts granting an increase of wages. Such at least was the declaration of many leaders in the convention of the United Mine Workers of America today.

Pres. Thomas L. Lewis in discussing the proposition informed some of the leaders that the entire delegate body should go to Toledo next week for a wage conference with the operators of Ohio, Indiana and western Pennsylvania, urged that wage contracts should not be signed by any districts of the union until all have obtained from the mine operators a uniform increase of wages.

"No one district should slaughter another." Lewis said, "by sending coal into the market while another district was struggling for better wages.

HIGH PRICES SMASHED.

Wide Spread Agitation Kills New York Market.

New York, Jan. 26.—"The market is dead: the agitation against the high prices did it," was the declaration today of a wholesale meat dealer. The action of local markets, both wholesale and retail, confirms the dealer's assertion. Lamb dropped a cent wholesale pork loin 2 cents and some dealers in beef cut prices a cent more a pound. It was said today that the wholesale dealers were stocked with thousands of unsold cuts of dressed beef with supplies still steadily flowing in.

"Beef will be cheaper by the end of the week than it has been in years," said a brother wholesaler. "After that the price won't go lower for the supply will be cut down."

All this is laid to the wide-spread agitation against the use of food products considered to be over-priced. The force of public sentiment is shown in the price drop, the dealers admit.

The grand jury investigation of the food combination, particularly of the alleged milk trust, continued today. District Attorney Whitman continued to look into the cold storage situation on the complaints that the system is largely responsible for the ability of the food dealer artificially to sustain prices in and out of season.

CONDITIONS GROW WORSE.

Flood in France Causes Immense Loss of Property.

Paris, Jan. 26.—The flood situation grows worse hourly. At Point Royal this morning the raging torrent of the Seine of 27 feet, 8 inches above the low water mark, and was rising at a rate of nearly an inch an hour against an hourly rise of less than half an inch yesterday. Although the river marine was reported stationery, at Fretesous, to the east of Paris, the fluvial navigation department declares that the volume of water rushing down from the Yonne and other affluents of the Seine above leaves no hope that the high water mark will be reached before tomorrow morning, when the flood is expected to reach the maximum of 31 feet, or a height greater than was reached by the disastrous flood of 1802.

Premier Briand and Minister of Finance Couchery after a consultation today estimated that the flood losses exceed $200,000,000. Paris has been divided in five sections, each in charge of a military commander, who will control the relief and rescue work. The Seine continued to rise today and the situation grows worse.

FAVOR SHIP SUBSIDY BILL.

National Board of Trade Convention Edorses Several Measures.

Washington, Jan. 26.—When the National board of trade convened today it began taking up the resolutions as they were reported by the various committees. Several organizations represented have submitted an unqualified endorsement of the ship subsidy to support a merchant marine and this subject in all likelihood will be unanimously endorsed.

Postal savings banks, currency reform and conservation, it was expected, would be reported favorably during the day by the committees which had them in charge, the only debate likely to occur being on the form in which the national body shall give its approval.

It also was expected that during the day President La Lanne would appoint a special committee of five to investigate the causes of the present high cost of living.

White Slave Bill Passes House.

Washington, Jan. 26.—By a viva voce vote, the Mann "white slave" bill was passed by the house practically as introduced by Mr. Mann.

Postmasters Appointed.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Postmasters appointed today were T. S. Farr, Hillsboro; Geo. Taney, Napoleon.

Survivors Perish by Cold.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26.—News that eight Japanese out of the forty, who survived the wreck of the schooner Koseuku Maru, were frozen to death while eight others were left to a like fate in the Kamchatka wilds has brought by the steamer Aymeric which arrived yesterday. After the wreck the forty began a march without food, losing eight in the first two days, while eight others were abandoned because their faces and feet were frozen. The remaining twenty-four made only twenty-five miles when they were rescued by the Russian steamer Altung.

Cigarette Smoker Dies.

Patagonia, Ariz., Jan. 26.—Mrs. Juana Corona, said to be the oldest person in Arizona, died here yesterday at the age of 116 years. Her youngest surviving child is 60 years old. Mrs. Corona was born in Sonora, Mexico, Oct. 20, 1794. She had been married three times and from her 10th birthday until her death she was a constant user of the cigarette.

Fortification Bill Passed.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The fortifications appropriation bill, carrying $5,617,200 was passed today.

IS OF VERY GRAVE IMPORT

FEDERAL GRAND JURY TO INVESTIGATE MEAT TRUST.

Employes and Books of Big Chicago Concerns Will be Taken Before United States Court.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—The work of preparing the case of the government against the four big meat packing concerns of this city, to ascertain whether they have operated to control the prices of fresh meats, was begun in earnest in the United States district court today before Judge K. M. Landis.

A special venire of jurors appeared before Judge Landis from which twenty-three men were to be chosen to compose a grand jury to hear the evidence against the packers.

The firms which the government will proceed against are Swift & Co., Armour & Co., and Morris & Co., who it is alleged control the National Packing Co., for their common benefit. Early today deputy United States marshals were started out with more than a score of subpoenas and writs to bring before the grand jury employees and books of the concerns involved.

The government charges are as follows:

That directors of large packing houses are also directors of the National Packing Co., the alleged "trust company."

That, subsequent to directors' meetings of the National at which certain action would be taken exactly the same action, effective of the same date would be taken by the defendant concerns whose officers attended the National directorate meeting.

That while prices paid for raw meats were not materially raised the prices to retailers were advanced materially.

That the reports of the packing houses show their dividends and undivided profits to have increased materially and to have a direct ratio of increase with the increase in the price of meats.

That no change in the price or action affecting the market was taken by any packing house whose officers were interested in the National company until a directors' meeting of the National was held.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—The action of the federal grand jury in the investigation of the methods employed by the four big local meat packing companies was temporarily halted today. It was announced that some routine subjects will be disposed of first. It was explained that the changes had been made because the cases against the packers are of such grave importance it was deemed best that the members should familiarize themselves with grand jury procedure before considering the evidence.

FRANCE SUFFERS WITH FLOODS.

One-Fourth of Total Area of Kingdom Under Water.

Paris, Jan. 24.—The Paris flood situation in Paris reached a more critical stage this morning. The Seine registered 8.53 meteres at Pont Royal. This is the highest the river has been since 1802, when it reached 8.80 materes the highest point recorded in the history of France except in the year 1615.

The terrible tempest of rain and wind which broke over the city at daylight only adds to the horror of the situation and to the suffering of the poor homeless.

A fourth of France, it is estimated, is under water today. Snow and rain are adding to the floods which are unprecedented in the history of the present generation. The Seine continued to rise today, and the situation in his city grew worse hourly. The water has drowned out the electric plant in the chamber of deputies and today the deputies met by lamp light.

Premier Briand introduced a bill appropriating $400,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the floods. He described what the government was already doing to abate distress, and highly praised the heroic rescue work done by the soldiers and gendarmes.

Owing to the difficulty of getting food into the city, market prices have been raised, adding another element of distress to the poorer calsses.

Religious Factions Fight.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 24.—More than 100 persons have been killed and many wounded as the result of religious conflicts which for two days have been waging in Old Bokhera between the Sunnites and Shiahs. The Sunnites demand the replacement of the Shiah official by Sunnites. At the request of the Bokhara authorities Russian troops and machine guns have been sent from Samar and to the scene of the fighting.

Fortifications Bill Considered.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The fortifications appropriation bill was reported to the senate today. It carries $5,817,200, a net increase of $200,000 over the bill as passed by the house. The increase is for a total of $500,000 to be expended for that purpose. As reported the bill appropriates $2,332,911 less than is carried by law for the current fiscal year.

Another Victim's Body Found.

Montreal, Jan. 24.—At the Canadian Pacific railway headquarters today it was stated that the body of another passenger had been recovered at the Spanish river wreck, making the total known dead thirty-two.

Extend Shirt Waist Strike.

Philadelphia, Jan. 24.—Plans to extend the shirtwaist makers' strike to the towns in New Jersey were advocated today at a mass meeting of the strikers in this city. One of the strike leaders reported that two factories in Carmel, N. J., has already been closed down and that an active campaign would be waged in other towns in southern New Jersey. It is planned to pay the strike benefits from this city to the operators in those towns.

Manufacturers in this city say they now have almost all the help they require and are emphatic in their refusal to recognize any union.

McCumber Introduces Resolution.

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Mexico Banks Suspends.

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THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. MARION CRAWFORD
AUTHOR OF "SARACINESCA," "ARETHUSA" ETC., ETC.
ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance, and drew off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin Saad, her betrothed, attempted to climb down a cliff overlooking the mine, but the traveler shot him. The stranger was revived from a water gourd Saad carried, dug his way out of the tunnel, and departed, deserting the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the gems she could carry, and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), a famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg, and Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American, who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret, and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He offered Lady Maud [illegible] for her pet charity if she would aid him in winning Margaret from Logotheti. Baraka approached Logotheti at Versailles with rubies to sell. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and sent it to Venice. He was visited by Baraka in male attire. She gave him a ruby after the American had told her of having seen in the United States a man answering the description of the one she loved. The American followed Margaret to the Bayreuth "Parsifal" festival. Margaret [illegible] to Van Torp, who presented her with the ruby Baraka had given him. Count Kralinsky, a Russian, arrived at Bayreuth. Van Torp believed him to be the one Baraka was pursuing. Baraka was arrested in London on the charge of stealing from Pinney, a jeweler, the ruby she had sold to Logotheti. Two strangers were the thieves.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

But after he was gone, Spiro was heard calling loudly, though not rudely or violently, from his place of confinement.

"Mr. Policeman! Mr. Policeman! Please come speak!"

She Grasped Lady Maud's Arm.

The man on duty went to the door and asked what he wanted. In his broken English he explained very clearly that Baraka had a friend in London who was one of the great of the earth, and who would certainly prove her innocence, vouch for her character, and cause her to be set at large without delay, if he knew of her trouble.

"What is the gentleman's name?" inquired the policeman.

The name of Baraka's friend was Konstantin Logotheti, and Spiro knew the address of the lodgings he always kept in St. James' place.

"Very well," said the policeman. "I'll speak to the officer at once."

"I thank very much, sir," Spiro answered, and he made no more noise.

The sergeant looked surprised when the message was given to him.

"Queer case this," he observed. "Here's the thief appealing to the owner of the stolen property for help; and the owner is one of those millionaire financiers; and the thief is a lovely girl in man's clothes. By the by, Sampson, tell Mrs. Mowie to get out some women's slops and dress her decently, while I see if I can find Mr. Logotheti by telephone. They'll be likely to know something about him at the bank if he's not at home, and he may come to find out what's the matter. If Mrs. Foxwell should look in and want to see the girl, let her in, of course, without asking me. If she's in town, she'll be here before long, for I've telephoned to her house, as usual when there's a girl in trouble."

There was a sort of standing, unofficial order that in any case of a girl or a young woman being locked up, Mrs. Foxwell was to know of it, and she had a way of remembering a great many sergeants' names, and doing kind things for their wives at Christmas time, which further disposed them to help her in her work. But the London police are by nature the kindliest set of men who keep order anywhere in the world, and they will readily help a man or woman who tries to do good in a sensible, practical way; and if they are sometimes a little prejudiced in favor of their own perspicuity in getting up a case, let that policeman, of any other country, who is quite without fault, throw the first stone at their brave, good-natured heads.

Logotheti was not at his lodgings in St. James' place, and from each of two clubs to which the officer telephoned rather at random, the only answer was that he was a member but not in the house. The officer wrote a line to his rooms and sent it by a messenger, to be given to him as soon as he came in.

It was into in the hot afternoon when Mrs. Foxwell answered the message by coming to the police station herself. She was at once admitted to Baraka's cell and the door was closed after her.

The girl was lying on the pallet bed, dressed in a poor calico skirt and a loose white cotton jacket, which Mrs. Mowie had brought and had insisted that she must put on; and her men's clothes had been taken from her with all her other belongings. She sat up, forlorn, pale and lovely, as the kind visitor entered and stood beside her.

"Poor child!" exclaimed the lady, touched by her sad eyes. "What can I do to help you?"

Baraka shook her head, for she did not understand. Then she looked up into eyes almost as beautiful as her own, and pronounced a name, slowly and so distinctly that it was impossible not to hear each syllable.

"Konstantin Logotheti."

The lady started, as well she might; for she was no other than Lady Maud, who called herself by her own family name, "Mrs. Foxwell," in her work amongst the poor women of London.

Baraka saw the quick movement and understood that Logotheti was well known to her visitor. She grasped Lady Maud's arm with both her small hands, and looked up to her face with a beseeching look that could not be misunderstood. She wished Logotheti to be informed of her captivity, and was absolutely confident that he would help her out of her trouble. Lady Maud was less sure of that, however, and said so, but it was soon clear that Baraka did not speak a word of any language known to Lady Maud, who was no great linguist at best. Under these circumstances it looked as if there were nothing to be done for the poor girl, who made all sorts of signs of distress, when she saw that the English woman was about to leave her, in sheer despair of being of any use. Just then, however, the sergeant came to the door, and informed the visitor that the girl had an accomplice who spoke her language and knew some English, and that by stretching a point he would bring the man, if Mrs. Foxwell wished to talk with him.

The result was that in less than half an hour, Lady Maud heard from Spiro a most extraordinary tale, of which she did not believe a single word. To her plain English mind it all seemed perfectly mad at first, and on reflection she thought it an outrageous attempt to play upon her credulity; whereas she was thoroughly convinced that the girl had come to grief in some way through Logotheti and had followed him from Constantinople, probably supporting herself and her companion by stealing on the way. Lady Maud's husband had been a brute, but he knew the east tolerably well, having done some military duty in the Caucasus before he entered the diplomatic service; his stories had chiefly illustrated the profound duplicity of all Asiatics, and she had not seen any reason to disbelieve them.

When Spiro had nothing more to say, therefore, she rose from the only seat there was and shook her head with an air of utter incredulity, mingled with the sort of pitying contempt she felt for all lying in general. She could easily follow the case, by the help of the sergeant and the police court reports, and she might be able to help Baraka hereafter when the girl had served the sentence she would certainly get for such an important and cleverly managed theft. The poor girl implored and wept in vain; Lady Maud could do nothing, and would not stay to be told any more insane stories about ruby mines in Tartary. She called the sergeant, freed herself from Baraka's despairing hold on her hand and went out. And when she thought of what must have gone before, and of the part Logotheti had almost certainly played in the girl's life, her anger was roused, and she sat down and wrote to Margaret on the impulse of the moment. She gave a detailed account of her experience at the police station, including especially a description of the way Baraka had behaved in trying to send a message to Logotheti.

"I tell you quite frankly," Lady Maud wrote in conclusion, "that my friend Mr. Van Torp has begged me very urgently to use any friendly influence I may possess, to induce you to reconsider your engagement, because he hopes that you will accept him instead. You will not think any less well of him for that. A man may ask his best friend to help him to marry the girl he is in love with, I am sure! I told him that I would not do anything to make trouble between you and Logo. If I am making trouble now, by writing all this, it is therefore not to help Mr. Van Torp, but because the impression I have had about Logo has really frightened me, for you. I made such a wretched failure of my own married life that I have some right to warn a friend who seems to be on the point of doing just the same thing. You have a right to be sure that the man you marry is quite free, and that you won't suddenly meet a lovely eastern girl of 20 who claims him after you think he is yours; and your friend has a right to warn you, if she feels sure that he is mixed up in some affair that isn't over yet.

"I don't know where Logo is, but if he were near enough I should go to him and tell him what I think. Of course he is not in town now—nobody is, and I've only stayed on to clear everything out of my house, now that I'm giving it up. I suppose he is with you, though you said you did not want him at Beyreuth! Show him this letter if you like, for I'm quite ready to face him if he's angry at my interference. I would even join you in Paris, if you wanted me, for I have nothing to do and strange to say I have a little money! I've sold almost all my furniture, you know, so I'm not such a total pauper as usual. But in any case answer this, please, and tell me that I have done right, or wrong, just as you feel about it—and then we will go on being friends, or say good-by, whichever you decide."

Lady Maud signed this long letter and addressed it to Miss Margaret Donne, at Bayreuth, feeling sure that it would be delivered, even without the name of the hotel, which she did not know. But the Beyreuth post-office was overworked during the limited time of the performances, and it happened that the extra assistant through whose hands the letter passed for distribution either did not know that Miss Doane was the famous Cordova, or did not happen to remember the hotel at which she was stopping, or both, and it got pigeon-holed under D, to be called for. The consequence was that Margaret did not receive it until the morning after the performance of "Parsifal" to which she had taken Van Torp, though it had left London only six hours after him; for such things will happen even in extremely well-managed countries when people send letters insufficiently addressed.

Furthermore, it also happened that Logotheti was cooling himself on the deck of his yatch in the neighborhood of Penzance, while poor Baraka was half-stifled in the police station. For the yacht, which was a very comfortable one, though no longer new, and not very fast according to modern ideas, was at Cowes, waiting to be wanted, and when her owner parted from Van Torp after promising to dine on the next day but one, it occurred to him that the smell of the wood pavements was particularly nasty, that it would make no real difference whether he returned to Pinney's at once or in two days, or two weeks, since the ruby he had left must be cut before it was mounted, and that he might just as well take the fast train to Southampton and get to sea for 36 hours. This he did, after telegraphing his sailing-master to have steam as soon as possible; and as he had only just time to reach the Waterloo station he did not even take the trouble to stop at his lodgings. He needed no luggage, for he had everything he wanted on board, and his man was far too well used to his ways to be surprised at his absence.

The consequence of this was that when Baraka's case came up the next morning there was no one to say a word for her and Spiro. Mr. Pinney identified the ruby "to the best of his belief" as the one stolen from his counter, the fact that Baraka had been disguised in man's clothing was treated as additional evidence, and she and Spiro were sent to Brixton jail accordingly, Spiro protesting their innocence all the while in eloquent but disjointed English, until he was told to hold his tongue.

Further, Lady Maud read the police court report in an evening paper, cut it out and sent it to Margaret as a document confirming the letter she had posted on the previous evening; and owing to the same insufficiency in the address, the two missives were delivered together.

Lastly, Mr. Pinney took the big ruby back to his shop and looked it up in his safe with a satisfaction and a sense of profound relief such as he had rarely felt in a long and honorable life; and he would have been horrified and distressed beyond words if he could have even guessed that he had been the means of sending an innocent and helpless girl to prison.

One thing more which concerns this tale happened on that same day. Two well-dressed men drove up to the door of a quiet and very respectable hotel in the West end; and they asked for their bill, and packed their belongings, which were sufficient though not numerous; and when they had paid what they owed and given the usual tips, they told the porter to call two hansoms, and each had his things put on one of them; and they nodded to each other and parted; and one hansom drove to Euston and the other to Charing Cross; and whether they ever met again, I do not know; and it does not matter; but in order to clear Baraka's character at once and to avoid a useless and perfectly transparent mystery, it is as well to say directly that it was the young man who drove to Euston, on his way to Liverpool and New York, who had Logotheti's ruby sewn up in his waistcoat pocket; and that the ruby really belonged to Margaret, since Logotheti had already given it to her, before he had brought it to Mr. Pinney to be cut and set. But the knowledge of what is here imparted to the reader, who has already guessed this much of the truth, would not help Baraka out of Brixton jail, where the poor girl found herself in very bad company indeed; even worse, perhaps, than that in which Spiro was obliged to spend his time.

CHAPTER VIII.

Margaret received her friend's letter and the account of Baraka's trial by the same post on the morning after she and Mr. Van Torp had been to hear "Parsifal" together, and she opened the two envelopes before reading her other letters, though after assuring herself that there was nothing from Logotheti.

She read the newspaper cutting first, supposing that it contained something flattering about herself, for she had been a little short of public admiration for nearly a fortnight. Baraka's case was reported with the rather brutal simplicity which characterizes such accounts in the English papers, and Logotheti's name appeared in Mr. Pinney's evidence. There had been the usual "laughter," duly noted by the stenographer, when the poor girl's smart man's clothes were produced before the magistrate by the policeman who had arrested her. The magistrate had made a few stern remarks when ordering the delinquents to prison, and had called Baraka "hardened" because she did not burst into tears. That was all, and there were barely five-and-twenty lines of small print.

But the prima donna bit her handsome lip and her eyes sparkled with anger, as she put the cutting back into the first envelope, and took the folded letter out of the other. The girl had not only stolen a ruby, but it was Margaret's ruby, her very own, the one Logotheti had given her for her engagement, and which she had insisted upon having set as a ring, though it would cover more than half the space between her knuckle and the joint of her third finger. Further, it had been stolen by the very girl from whom Logotheti had pretended that he had bought it, a fact which cast the high light of absurdity on his unlikely story! It was natural enough that she should have seen it, and should have known that he was taking it to Pinney's, and that she should have been able to prepare a little screw of paper with a bit of glass inside, to substitute for it. The improbabilities of such an explanation did not occur to Margaret, who saw only the glaring fact that the handsome Tartar girl had accompanied Logotheti, between London and Paris, disguised as a man, and had ultimately robbed him, as he richly deserved. She had imposed upon Van Torp, too, and had probably tried to sell him the very stone she had stolen from Logotheti, and the one she had made him take as a gift was nothing but a bit of glass, as he said it might be, for all he knew.

She devoured Lady Maud's letter in a few moments, and then read it twice again, which took so long that Mrs. Rushmore sent Justine to tell Potts to ask if Miss Doane did not mean to go out that morning, though the weather was so fine.

Great singers generally develop a capacity for flying into rages, even if they have not been born with hot tempers. It is very bad for the voice, but it seems to be a part of the life. Margaret was very angry, and Potts became as meek and mild as a little lamb when she saw the storm signals in her mistress' face. She delivered her message in a pathetic and oppressed tone, like a child reciting the collect for the day at a Sunday school.

She Saw That She Was Quite White, and That Her Eyes Were Bloodshot.

The prima donna, imposing as a young lioness, walked slowly backwards and forwards between her window and the foot of the iron bedstead. There was an angry light in her eyes and instead of flushing, as her cheeks did for any ordinary fit of temper, they were as white as wax. Potts, who was a small woman, seemed to shrink and become visibly smaller as she stood waiting for an answer. Suddenly the lioness stood still and surveyed the poor little jackal that served her.

"Ask Mrs. Rushmore if she can wait half an hour," she said. "I'm very angry, Potts, and it's not your fault, so keep out of the way."

Margaret's wrath did not subside quickly, and as it could not spend itself on any immediate object, it made her feel as if she were in a raging fever. Her temples throbbed, her hands trembled and were as hot as fire, her lips were drawn and parched, and when she caught sight of herself in the looking-glass she saw that she was quite white and that her eyes were bloodshot.

But she was really a sensible English girl, although she was so very angry.

"This is ridiculous!" she said aloud, with emphasis. "I won't be so silly!" And she sat down to try and think quietly.

It was not so easy. A Tartar girl indeed! More probably a handsome Greek.

It was no wonder that they had succeeded in deceiving her for a while, the two orientals together! They had actually made Rufus Van Torp believe their story, which must have been a very different matter from lying to a credulous young woman who had let herself fall in love! But for her friend Lady Maud she would still be their victim. Her heart went out to the woman who had saved her from her fate, and with the thought came the impulse to send a message of gratitude; and the first fury of her anger subsided with the impulse to do so. By and by it would cool and harden to a lasting resentment that would not soften again.

Her hand still shook so that she could hardly hold the pen steady while she wrote the telegram.

"Unspeakably grateful. If can join me here will gladly wait for you. Must see you at once. Do come."

She felt better as she rose from the table, and when she looked at herself in the mirror she saw that her face had changed again and that her natural color was returning. She rang for Potts, remembering that the half-hour must be almost up.

"Potts," Margaret said, "I've been in a rage, but I'm only angry now. Do I look like a human being again?"

"Yes, ma'am," answered the maid, inspecting her gravely. "You are still a bit pale, ma'am, and your eye is a trifle wild, I may say. A motor veil, perhaps, if you are thinking of going out, ma'am."

"I haven't got such a thing, have I? I never motor now."

Potts smiled the smile of the very superior maid, and moved towards a perfectly new leather hat-box that stood in the corner.

"I always put in two for sea, ma'am," she said. "You wore one when we crossed the channel the last time, if you remember."

"Potts, you're a treasure!"

"Yes, ma'am," Potts answered vaguely in her meek voice, as she dived into one of the curious secret pockets of the hat-box. "That is, ma'am," she said, correcting herself, "I mean, it's very kind of you to say so."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

English Jew in High Position.

Herbert Samuel, who was recently named as chancellor of Lancaster, with a seat in the cabinet, is the first Jew to attain to that distinction in England.

WAR ON THE "400"

Mrs Taft Leader in Movement for a "1,000."

Death of Mrs. Astor Gives Opening for Enlarging the Smart Set—Rank Will Be a Valuable Asset.

Washington.—Under the name of the "Assembly Set" the smart set of New York, Philadelphia and Washington will be fused into a body not to exceed a thousand families. In this process there will be eliminated the now historic "Four Hundred."

Mrs. William H. Taft is behind this movement, which had its inception shortly after the death of Mrs. Astor a year ago, and which is looked upon favorably by the New Yorkers in view of the way that divorce and other causes have played havoc with the original membership.

There is absolutely no intention to ignore other cities except geographically. In the opinion of those behind the movement, every social leader of the country maintains a residence in either Philadelphia, Washington or New York, and this will be sufficient qualification for membership.

Membership under the new order of things will not be limited to a person, so far as numerical strength goes, but to one family. An attempt will be made whereby an outsider can be made eligible through marriage to one of the members, provided the union is of such character as to make this advisable.

There are as many men interested in this movement as there are women—men who are renowned throughout the country for what they do in politics and other fields—and this promises, according to the sponsors of the movement, a total elimination of the snobbish rich.

The first cause that brought about the consideration of this step is the hesitation of a New Yorker, for instance, to receive a member of Washington's or Boston's or Cincinnati's smart set as freely as he would one of the Four Hundred.

According to the articles of the new set, which will be informally ratified by the White House and the exclusive leaders of those cities, a person recognized by the assembly will be eligible to all the honors and courtesies, no matter what city he visits, provided there is a member of the assembly at such place.

Mrs. William H. Taft.

Rank, birth and wealth will be but relative qualifications for membership. Rank will be more valuable than birth, according to the promoters of the movement. They include birth as a categorical qualification in wealth to justify their coming under these headings.

Wealth alone will not be considered. That money, nevertheless, is not an unnecessary item, is made plain by the drain of expenses that membership in this set will demand.

Henry Clay's Sword.

The diplomatic sword worn by Henry Clay at the signing of the treaty of Ghent was presented to Miss Anna Gratz Clay, the commoner's great-granddaughter, of this city.

The sword was presented by Henry Clay to Gen. Bodley, a famous general in the war of 1812, who had always been his friend, and he in turn willed it to his son, Charles Bodley, and thus it came into the possession of Mr. Charles Bodley's daughter, Mrs. Florence Davenport of St. Paul, Minn.

Mrs. Davenport came to Lexington for a visit to her uncle, Col. William Pickett. She brought the sword with her, intending to present it to the Kentucky Historical society. After meeting Miss Clay and finding that she was Henry Clay's great-granddaughter and also a descendant of the Gratz family, who had always been great friends of the Bodleys, Mrs. Davenport prefered to present the sword to her, knowing how great a value she would place on such a gift. The sword is a graceful short sword, the kind worn on all diplomatic occasions.—Lexington Correspondence Louisville Courier-Journal.

No Violence Necessary.

"I submitted some humorous sketches here the other day," said Jokeley. "They haven't appeared yet. Did you kill them?"

"I passed upon them," replied the editor, "but I didn't kill them."

"No?"

"No. They just died naturally of old age."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Still the Same.

"I met Dunkey to-day for the first time in years. He hasn't changed much."

"Oh, he hasn't changed at all, but he doesn't seem to realize it."

"How do you mean?"

"Oh! he's forever talking about what a fool he used to be."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Well Posted.

"Is he a well-posted man?"

"I should say so. He knows exactly what all this trouble with Nicaragua is about."—Detroit Free Press.

Eloquence of Press Agent

He Ransacks History for Comparisons to Do Justice to Place He Is Booming.

The eloquent press agent has thus described a new restaurant:

"Millionaires dreaming of the sybaritic luxury of Babylonian days and of the wonder-workings of Haroun al Raschid through the might of a staggering outlay of money, are rapidly transforming a famous old place.

"And was there ever a place of such Neronic allurements designed to meet the languorous requirements of my lady of fashion! Would she smoke? That will be provided for. A luxurious smoking room for her is now building, let alone a manicurist, French hair-dressers, and maids imported from Paris. She may be reperfumed, repowdered, and redressed. Furthermore, she may enjoy a Turkish bath, be gowned by maids as expert as her own at home, and with her coiffure rearranged may take her jewels from the safe and after a Lucullan repast be ready for the opera.

"Solomon in all his glory, or Sardanapalus the magnificent, but feebly realized the splendors, etc., etc. . . . Here, in truth, is a veritable palace of the senses. The tone throughout is Assyrian and modeled after the palace of Sennacherib. A splendid staircase 65 feet high, of yellow and black marbles, imported direct from the site of Babylon, and costing $50,000, marked on either side by a series of small crouching bronze Assyrian lions, is one of the features of this splendid building."

Not Quite.

"He's a pretty 'fly' sort of fellow, isn't he?"

"He's trying to be, since he bought an airship."

Had to Get Running Start

Commercial travelers find most of the natural curiosities along the lines of travel. This is a story told by one after a trip through southern Canada. "Being impatient to get out of a sleepy little town, I ascertained the time of the outgoing train and hurried down to the station. After a while an object slowly emerged from the distance and slunk up alongside. I boarded the solitary coach, and after a tedious wait the engine began to gasp feebly, the old coach creaked a little, but the train did not move. I was about to get out to see what was the matter, when the forward door of the coach was suddenly flung open and a head popped in. 'Hey, you,' said the engineer, leering at me, 'climb off till I git a start, will y'?'"

A kick in time may also save nine.

Some Alcohol Questions

Is alcohol a tonic? No! Does it make the blood pure? No! Does it strengthen the nerves? No! Is Ayer's Sarsaparilla a tonic? Yes! Does it make the blood pure? Yes! Does it strengthen the nerves? Yes! Is it the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol? Yes! Ask your doctor about this non-alcoholic medicine. If he approves, your confidence will be complete. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Dull boys! Dull girls! Dull men! Dull women! Heavy-headed! Downhearted! All very often due to constipation! Yet the cure is so easy.—Ayer's Pills. Ask your doctor.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN E. KING. C. R. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Hetty Green has quit eating meat because of the high price, but that's no sign the rest of us cannot afford it.

The Winona Independent remarks that food for reflection has not been affected by the higher cost of living.

The plague in India during the last ten years has caused as many deaths as have all the world's wars since the time of Napoleon.

Mary McFadden is writing politics for the Duluth News-Tribune. The newspaper boys will welcome Mary back with open arms.

There is talk that P.H. McGarry, author of the Cass Lake normal bill, may be a candidate against Congressman Lindberg in the sixth district.

There is a scarcity of whales and an over-production of sugar, according to a scientist. The remedy is obvious. All of us should try to eat more sugar and get along with fewer whales.

Ray Stannard Baker declares the insurgents need a Lincoln. We might spare them Dan O'Nielt, as things up here seem to be in statu quo and do not require his personal attention.

Some of the Republican legislators interested in the election of Furlong threaten dire vengeance on the state fair at the next session. Instances of this kind give rise to the charge of "peanut politics."

In an interview at Washington Gov. Eberhart said:

"We of Minnesota feel confident that had Governor Johnson lived he would have been elected president of the United States, because he was a most trustworthy executive and lovable man."

Albert Berg, the Spooner banker, has filed for senator in this district. Albert was once secretary of state and a big man in Minnesota politics, but some unkindly fate has since buried him in the Beltrami wildernesses. We doubt if he is worth the price of resurrection.

"Minnesota, Know Thyself," is the slogan suggested by F. W. Murphy, of Wheaton, Minn., for the conservation congress which is to be held in St. Paul in March. Mr. Murphy says he does not believe there is a state in the Union where the people know so little about the resources and possibilities of their state as in Minnesota.

Senator Dar. S. Hall of Renville county is a broad gauge sort of a man any way you take him, says the Hutchinson Leader. Though senator he held the position of manager of the state fair, but when the state attorney general gave it as his opinion that he could not legally hold both positions, instead of testing the matter in the courts, Hall gracefully retired voluntarily from the board, saying that he always had been and always intended to be a law-abiding citizen and did not want to hold a position when there was the slightest question about his legal right to do so.

There is a hopeful side to the incident of the charges brought in congress against Secretary Ballinger, says an exchange. The secretary is charged with using public funds by increasing the salaries of of favorites in office, and so forth. The hopeful thing about it is that the public is shocked and frowns ominously. This is also what there is about it that is new. The things that Ballinger is accused of doing prevailed as a matter of course practically throughout the public service not so very long ago. Not more than ten years ago nobody would have thought it worth while to kick up a fuss about such things, and in case of a fuss being kicked up nobody would pay serious attention to it. The public conscience is keener than it used to be. The public's interest in its own business is keener than it used to be.

Wm. J. Bryan delivered an address in Havana the other day in which he said: "Resort to violence is always deplorable and will, I think, become less frequent as civilization advances. As man rises in intelligence and morals reason will more and more be substituted for force and violence in the settlement of difficulties. The day will come when the world will see the folly of doctrine that you can justly settle a difference of opinion by shooting a man who may differ with you. There is a growing acceptance of representative government and a fundamental doctrine of representative governments acquiescence in the will of the majority. That was the doctrine taught by Jefferson, the greatest exponent of representative government who ever lived, and it is necessary to the existence of all republics.

There is going to be a big county option meeting in St. Paul soon, and indications are that it will be attended by men who can stir things up politically if they desire, says the Little Falls Herald. J. F. Jacobson is expected to take an active part, and others of all shades of political complexion will be there. It is more than likely that other questions in addition to county option will be discussed, and a movement may be started which will be far-reaching. In some parts of the state the county option is acute, and made more so by the foolishness, as well as injustice, of the action of the house of representatives in shutting off debate on the question. There is no better way of vitalizing an issue than to subject it to legislative arrogance. The people are entitled to hear both sides of and all about every question, and then let the popular judgement rule thru the vote of the people. The Herald believes this to be the right doctrine, without reference to the merits or demerits of county option or any other proposition.

THE COUNTY PRINTING LAW

The jurisdiction and powers of the board of county commissioners in awarding the county printing seems to be so generally misunderstood that a judicial determination will be of universal interest. In quashing a writ of mandamus brought by the publisher of the Grand Rapids Independent against the board of county commissioners, of Itasca county, Judge Stanton gives an elucidation of the law that not only sets forth the duties of the board to accept any bid, irrespective of the fact that it is the lowest, when public interest would seem to so require.

In Itasca county it appears that bids were received from the Grand Rapids Independent and the Grand Rapids Herald-Review. The bid of the Herald-Review was higher than that of the Independent, but the former bid was accepted on the assumption that it offered a wider circulation of the official notices and that the best interests of the county would thus be subserved. The Independent took the matter into court, and in his memorandum denying relief to the aggrieved editor Judge Stanton sets forth these arguments:

"As to the publication of the annual financial statements, the largest item involved, the only statutory requirement is found in Chapter 205, Laws 1907, which requires the county board to cause said statement to be published for three successive weeks 'in some newspaper' in said county. No other direction to the board, or limitation, is given. It is therefore plain so far as this publication is concerned the board has a legal right to place it in any legal newspaper in the county which it may designate, and to pay therefor any price not in excess of the legal rate. Of course, it would be manifestly improper for the board to arbitrarily award the publications to the highest bidder, other considerations being equal, but the best interests of the county should be subserved, and the determination of this question must necessarily rest with the board in the exercise of its sound discretion. As to the delinquent tax list, so-called, and the proceedings of the board, though the statutory requirements are different, and provide, in each instance, that the contract for such publication shall be let to the lowest bidder therefore, except that 'the board may reject any offer, if in its judgement, the public interests so require, and may thereupon designate a paper without regard to any rejected offer.' We are thus confronted with the well settled rule of law that the action of the public officer which requires the exercise of judgement or discretion will not be controlled by mandamus. He can be compelled to act but the manner of his action cannot be controlled."

From a legal standpoint it would seem that Judge Stanton's memorandum is conclusive. The board's discretion is wide, and it would seem that as a general rule the motives that may have influenced the official conduct of members of county commissioners cannot be made the subject of judicial inquiry.

Unless the proof is clear that there has been a flagrant abuse of discretion the manner in which the board may decide county printing or other controversies cannot be impeached. It is assumed that the board will use its honest judgement in passing on the propositions presented.

If Judge Stanton's exposition of the laws of county printing contracts was generally read and understood there would be less complaint from the newspapers that "lose out" in their ambition to be "official county papers."

EXCHANGE EXCHOES.

Brainerd Dispatch:—A half dozen newspapers in Northern Minnesota have announced the advance in price from $1.00 to $1.50 per year with the past week. The advance in the cost of print paper, wages, material and in the cost of living has made it necessary to increase the subscription price of the weekly edition of papers in that class in order to make the subscription list self sustaining. The time is near at hand when the dollar weekly will be confined to the big cities and will consist of boiler plate news, instead of the home paper that gives you the local happenings and keeps your town before the public in order that the people in general will know it is on the map.

St. Cloud Times:—With Banker Clement in the state penitentiary at Stillwater; Banker Morse in the Georgia prison, and Banker Walsh in the Federal prison at Leavenworth, the country's financial men seem to be "making a run" on prison accommodations. Should all be sent who are eligible we fear the capacity of these institutions would be overtaxed. Walsh is the thirty-third in the "bankers' colony" at Leavenworth.

Prison Mirror:—No matter what hardships a man or woman endures he or she counts for actual worth—whatever it may be. In the fallen woman, for example, sympathy for others is largely developed. The laws of natural compensation always get in somewhere to even things up.

Red Wing Free Press:—President Taft says magazines and periodicals, being heavier than newspapers, should pay a bigger rate of postage per pound. It would be interesting to learn when it was that a pound of magazines became heavier than a pound of newspapers.

Winona Independent:—It has just been discovered that the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill contained a "joker" by means of which the tariff on Bibles was raised from 55 percent, the old rate, to 40 per cent. The next thing we know congress will be trying to legislate us out of heaven.

Litchfield Independent:—The supreme court of Minnesota last week decided that a street car motorman need not stop his car to avoid running over a dog that happens to be on the track. A St. Paul man sued the street railway company of that city for damages for killing his dog, and was given a verdict for damages in the district court. The railway company appealed and the supreme court reversed the decision.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Poets are born and sometimes they are paid.

All things come to those who wait—on themselves.

The longer the engagement the shorter the married life.

The proper time to do what you don't want to do is by and by.

It's dead easy to convince a man that he is smarter than you are.

Some women seem to be ashamed to eat real food in a public dining place.

Among other things that fail to impress a man favorably are his wife's relations.

A fool and his money are soon parted, but it's different with a lazy boy and a warm bed.

An Ohio man fell and broke his neck the day before his wedding was scheduled to take place. Some men are born lucky.

Some suffragettes advocate whipping posts for abusive husbands, but they are mum as to a suitable penalty for nagging wives.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A woman's idea of good clothes is the kind her neighbor doesn't have.

The difference to a woman between love-making and loving is how much more exciting the first is.

A man who tries to bribe his wife with an automobile could do it much better with a love letter.

The last thing a man ought to want to be is an officeholder, so that's the reason so many people try to be one.

You can train brains, you can't create them; that's why so many people ought to stop training.

WOULD DICTATE TO GOVERNOR EBERHART

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued from page 1.

St. Paul Politics.

Mayor Lawler has announced that he will not be a candidate for reelection. The pecuniary sacrifice is too great to permit of his serving another term. This at least can be said of his administration—that it has been scintillating and spectacular if a trifle uncertain. No one knew just when or where the mayor would break out next. The mayor exhibited every inclination to stir things up, and it says much for the administration of the public affairs in St. Paul, that apparently with all the will in the world there was so little with which he could find serious fault. Put all together the irregularities he discovered in the administration by the Democratic officials of the public affairs of this great city would scarcely have created a ripple if they had referred only to the municipal affairs of a country town. The fact is that there are few cities anywhere whose affairs are managed with a greater regard to economy and the public welfare than right here in St. Paul.

A Sensation That Frizzled.

The trouble at the school for the blind turned out not to have been much of a sensation after all. Every effort was made by interested parties to make a sensation out of a trifling juvenile insubordination, but when sifted to the bottom the complaints were those boys are always inclined to make of their teachers and of the food they get when they first get away from home and have to go out to board. The criticism made is that the prices paid for supplies are too low and that the wages paid domestics are not high enough to insure the best service. "On the whole," say the board of visitors who investigated the institution "the food is as good as is usual at such institutions. It has been eaten by the teachers and officers without complaint, but the cooking is not as good as it might be if better help were secured at better wages."

Reforms Suggested.

It is suggested, however, and this seems important, that the fire protection for the main building is not sufficient; that physical exercise which is especially needed for the blind is not provided for and that there is no teacher of physical culture. The principal blame appears to rest with the legislature which has not made sufficient appropriations for this institution. There doesn't seem to be any doubt that the management made the best use possibly of the funds at their disposal.

Divided Authority.

Another trouble is the divided authority. "The division of authority between the board of control and the board of directors makes fixed responsibility impossible," say the board of visitors. "One board furnishes the money and the other board spends it. There should be but a single board in charge of the institution." This is probably where the whole trouble lies. The so-called board of directors appointed to appease local prejudice against the state board of control should be done away with. There is no reason why the school for the blind should not be better managed by a principal directly responsible to the board of control.

—PAUL PRY.

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S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long-duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S. S. S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S. S. S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.

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S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S. S. S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

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Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of sixty dollars which became due September 27th, 1905, all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by M. O. Sortedahl and Hilda Sortedahl, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch Amerikaansche Hypotheekbank, (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,) of Uithuizen, the Netherlands) mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of September, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of September, 1905, at 4 o'clock P. M. in Book 11 of Mortgages, on page 15.

And whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default, the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand seventy eight and 55-100ths dollars ($1,078.55) and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section twenty eight (28), in township one hundred fifty one (151) north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1,078.55 and interest, and taxes if any on said premises, and fifty dollars ($50.00), attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 12, 1910, A. D.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE
HYPOTHEEKBANK,
(The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank) Mortgagee.
Chas E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of One Thousand Seventy-nine and 90-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Laura Eickhoff and Wm. Eickhoff her husband Mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche Hypotheek Bank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank) Mortgagee, bearing date the 11th day of October, 1904, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of October, 1904 at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 11 of Mortgages on page 603, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section thirty one (31), in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 28th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of $1079.90 and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 13th 1910.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE
HYPOTHEEKBANK,
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.
Chas E. Boughton
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

In the matter of the petition of Peder H. Thoreson and others, for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 38.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such county as County Ditch No 38, said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake County, a description of said ditch commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Fifteen (15), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), Range Thirty nine (39), thence running due West through the following described lands parallel with and twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Sixteen (16) and Twenty-one (21) and Seventeen (17) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Seventeen (17), thence extending due south parallel with Twenty (20) feet east of the section line between Sections Nineteen (19) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range to a point Twenty (20) feet East Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Nineteen (19) and Twenty (20) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the East and West center line of Section Nineteen (19), a distance of Seven Hundred and Fifty (750) feet thence extending in a southwesterly direction to a point Eleven Hundred and Sixty (1160) feet East and Twenty (20) feet South of the quarter corner between Sections Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of section line between said Sections Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Nineteen (19) of aforesaid Township and Range thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Twenty-four (24) and Twenty five (25), Twenty-three (23) and Twenty six (26) and Sections Twenty-two (22) and Twenty seven (27) to a point twenty (20) feet north and Twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between said Sections Twenty-two and Twenty seven (27), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), Range Forty (40) thence extending due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the North and South Center line of Section Twenty seven (27) to a point Eight Hundred and Eighty (880) feet South of the center of Section Twenty-seven (27) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending West across the North half of the Southwest quarter of Section Twenty-seven (27) to the Red Lake River where said ditch has its outlet.

Branch Number One (1) of Ditch Number 38

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake county, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Eighteen (18), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty nine (39) thence running due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Eighteen (18) and Nineteen (19) of aforesaid Township and Range, thence extending due West parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the Section line between Sections Thirteen (13) and Twenty-four (24), Fourteen (14) and Twenty-three (23), Fifteen (15) and Twenty-two (22), Sixteen (16) and Twenty-one (21), Seventeen (17) and Twenty (20) and Sections Eighteen (18) and Nineteen (19) to a point Twenty-One Hundred and Seventy (2170) feet West of the Southeast corner of Section Eighteen (18), thence in a Southwesterly direction across the Northwest corner of the Northeast quarter of Section Nineteen (19), thence following along parallel to a coulee in a Southwesterly direction across the Southeast quarter of said Section Nineteen (19), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) to the Red Lake River where said ditch and coulee has its outlet.

Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 38.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), Red Lake County, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Northwest corner of Section One (1), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections One (1) and Two (2), and Eleven (11) and Twelve (12) to a point Twenty (20) feet East and Twenty feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Eleven (11) and Twelve (12), thence extending due West parallel to and Twenty feet North of the East and West center line of Section Eleven (11) to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Twenty (20) feet East of the quarter corner between Sections Ten (10) and Eleven (11), thence extending due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections Ten (10) and Eleven (11) and Fourteen (14) and Fifteen (15), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), where said ditch has its outlet in main ditch number Thirty-eight (38).

Branch Number 4 of Ditch Number 38.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: The said branch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40), Red Lake County, commencing at a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Northwest corner of Section Thirty (30), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty-nine (39), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the Range line between Section Thirty (30), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Thirty-nine (39) and Section Twenty-five (25), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet East and Six Hundred and Eight (608) feet south of the quarter corner between said Sections Twenty-five (25) and Thirty (30), thence extending in a Southwesterly direction on an angle of Seventy-six (76) degrees to Horse Shoe Lake, thence following the channel of said lake to a point Seventeen Hundred (1700) feet due East of a point Thirteen Hundred and Twenty (1320) feet due South of the Northwest corner of Section Thirty-six (36) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), thence extending due west a distance of Thirty-two Hundred (3200) feet, thence in a Northwesterly direction to a point Twenty (20) feet North and Two Hundred Sixty-six (266) feet west of the quarter corner between Sections Thirty-five (35) and Twenty-six (26) thence due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet north of the section line between Sections Twenty-six (26) and Thirty-five (35) and Sections Twenty-seven (27) and Thirty-four (34), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40) to the Red Lake River where said branch has its outlet, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Anton Sinsky, George Wagner, Bohumil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, Nels Ramsey, Albert Gulbranson, Theodor Jacobson, Omund Bjorgulson, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M. Parnow, Ole O. Gjermundson, Carl J. Anderson, Knut Strande, Ingeborg Spontand, Hendre O. Tommerdahl, Effie M. Hayes, James L. Peterson, Lars C. Fevig, Nora K. Martinson, Bertha Knardahl, Ingeborg J. Sandsen, Oscar Odegaard, Henry Johnson, Joseph Vorlicky, John Pelles, Gustav A. Mskkim, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Frank A. Zavoral, Knut H. Knutson, Aaron E. Abraham, Raymond Arndt, Augusta Kuehnel, James A. Kelly, Osmund K. Homme, John Larson, Bergnild O. Omlid, John Gillis, Hans O. Hommy, Hoover O. Folkedahl, Sivert Lysbakken, Tandrup Saltveit, Ole H. Haugen, Oscar Holt, Anna K. Thoreson, Ozime Beaudry, Ragnild D. Diatvold, Ole O. Hower, Lukris Grove, Ellef K. Gjernes, George S. Baird, Ole P. Gisselquist, The Township of High Landing and the Township of Star and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, The County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special session on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, and that at the hour of 3:00 o'clock p. m. of said day will proceed to the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D., 1909.

(Seal) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake,
County, Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Nesja and others for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 39.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 39, said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) and Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), Red Lake County. A description of said ditch and the lands through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), thence running due South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections Thirty-four (34) and Sections Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), to a point twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), thence extending South parallel with and Twenty (20) feet East of the section line between Sections two (2) and Section Three (3), Section Ten (10) and Section Eleven (11), Section Fourteen (14) and Section Fifteen (15) to a point Twenty (20) feet East of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), thence in a Southwesterly direction across the East one-half of the Northeast quarter of Section Twenty-two (22), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), where said ditch has its outlet in the Red Lake River.

Branch Number 1 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Thirty-one (31), thence running due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section Thirty-one (31) Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154) Range Forty (40) and Section Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of said Section Thirty-one (31), thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty feet North of the township line on the South side of Section Thirty-five (35) and Section Thirty-six (36) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the Southwest corner of Section Thirty-five (35), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41), where said branch ditch number One (1) empties or has its outlet in the main ditch No. 39.

Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing Twenty (20) feet North of the quarter corner between Sections Five (5) and Sections Eight (8), thence running due West Twenty (20) feet North and parallel with the section line between sections Five (5) and Eight (8) and Section Six (6) and Section Seven (7) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40), thence extending due west parallel with and Twenty (20) feet North of the section line between Section One (1) and Section Twelve (12) and Section Two (2) and Section Eleven (11) to a point twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Two (2), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41) where said branch ditch Number Two (2) has its outlet in said main ditch number Thirty-one (39).

Branch Number 3 of Ditch Number 39.

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point Eighteen Hundred (1800) feet East and Twenty (20) feet North of the Southeast corner of Section Fourteen (14), thence running due West, parallel to and Twenty (20) feet north of the Section lines between Sections Thirteen (13) and Twenty-four (24) and Sections Fourteen (14) and Twenty-three (23) to a point Twenty (20) feet North of the Southwest corner of Section Fourteen (14), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), where the said branch ditch number three (3) has its outlet in said main ditch number Thirty-nine (39), as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows to-wit:

Edward T. Nereson, Kittle H. Haugen, Ole J. Nesja, Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson, Ole Seving, Mikkel G. Vraa, Arnt Gevin Knut O. Solheim, Sander M. Vraa, Iferman Helverson, Jacob B. Nesheim, Thomas M. Thorson, Gunder G. Vraa, Gilbert Skaug, Arthur B. George, Olaf Wahlberg, Nels A. Luberg, Annie Pescinski, Andrew Hyrud, Peder Sulland, Frank L. Bergling, Adolph W. Hennings, Anton Hanson, Guthrand Granum, Toleff B. Nesland, Andrew O. Sandland, Haakon A. Tronnes, Carl Hatlin, Ane Omundson, Albert M. Cunningham, Nels Berg, Lars Brenden, Earnest L. Quist, Christ Myhre, John O. Nordby, Samuel A. Mills, Frank B. Newell, Alfred Bakke, Christian Gunnestad, Martha Lee, Saavi Bergland, Andrew O. Gullingsrud, Joseph Kilen, Swan J. Gjervold, Erik O. Gullingsrud, Olaus Jacobson, Knut K. Austin, Carl Jensen, John J. Cahill, Berit M. Valstad, Edward T. Emmerson, The Township of Kratka, The Township of Highlanding and The United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, The County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the office of the county auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, and that at the hour of 3:00 o'clock p. m. of said day will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D., 1909.

(Seal) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minnesota.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 18th day of January 1910.

County Auditor's Seal } A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Town of North in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at a point on the section line between Sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty-three (43), Twenty rods (20) west of the north east corner of said Section thirteen (13), thence west on the section line between said sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), and Sections eleven (11) and fourteen (14), to the north west corner of said Section fourteen (14) thence south on the section line between Sections fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23), to the south east corner of said Section twenty-two (22), thence west on the section lines between Sections Twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27) in said township One Hundred Fifty four, Range Forty-three, to a point where the said Section line intersects a coulee or watercourse; thence following said coulee or watercourse to the Red Lake River and terminating at Red Lake River as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Drainage Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof and under the twenty payment plan.

Dated December 29th, 1909.
Thomas H. Bjerke.
Gunder Griebrok.
Salve O. Omlie.
Charles E. Reed.
C. Steen.
Henry Kaushagen.
Petitioners. j20-f24

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County; in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 18th day of January, 1910

A. A. Latendresse,
[SEAL] County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the towns of Clover Leaf and Kratka in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the North West corner of Section Number Two (2), Township One Hundred Fifty Three (153), North of Range Number Forty one (41), West of the Fifth P. M., thence due West between Section Three (3), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Forty-one (41) and Section Thirty-four (34), Township One Hundred Fifty-four, (154), Range Forty-one (41) and between Section Four (4), and Thirty-three (33) and between Section Five (5) and Thirty-two (32) in said towns and ranges, to the Northwest corner of Section Five (5), township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty one (41), Thence due south between Section Five (5) and Six (6), Township One Hundred Fifty-three, Range Forty-one (41) and between Sections Seven (7) and Eight (8) in said Town and Range and between that part of Sections Seventeen (17) and Eighteen (18), Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41), lying north of the Red Lake river and terminating at the Red Lake river in said town and range as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Drainage Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof. [20 Payment Plan.]

Dated Dec. 18th 1909.
Christian U. Nygaard,
Magnus Lysbakken.
Peder Sulland.
Haakon A. Tronnes.
H. Bjornson.
J. O. Kjesbo.
A. Anenson.
Andrew Drydahl.
John Ulvild.
—Petitioners.

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder to be Set Off.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Anton F. Danda, a freeholder of School District No. 55 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to-wit:

South east quarter (SE¼) of Section thirteen (13). Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-two (42) in said County in School District No. 55, and asking that his said lands may be set off from said district No. 55 to said District No. 46 for the following reasons:—

That it is two and one-half miles to the school in District 55 and there is no road, while it is only one mile to the school house in the District No. 46 with a good, partly graded road; further there is a swamp on the way to school in District 55 which is impassable for children was presented to the County Board of Red Lake County Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910 for the action of said Board thereon. Now, therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by this Board at a session thereof commencing on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910 at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, and ex-Officio Clerk of Board
(Seal) j20-j27

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 18th day of January, 1910.

A. A. Latendresse,
(SEAL) County Auditor,

Petition for Public Ditch

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience, and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Town of Kratka, in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at a point on the section line twenty rods north of the north west corner of the south west quarter of Section ten (10), township one hundred fifty three (153), north of Range forty-one (41), west of the Fifth Principal Meridian. And running due south for about two miles between Sections nine (9) and ten (10) and Fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) and Sections twenty-one -21- and twenty-two (22) and terminating in the Red Lake River as its outlet.

A branch ditch No. 1, to commence at a point at the corner of the corner stake on the section line at the south east corner of Section Fifteen [15] in Township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of Range forty-one (41), west and running west for one mile (1) and terminating in the above described ditch as its outlet in Section fifteen (15) at the south west corner of said Section fifteen [15], Twp. 153. R. 41 W.

A branch ditch No. 2, to commence at a point at the corner stake at the north west corner of the north east quarter of Section sixteen [16], township one hundred and fifty-three (153) north of Range forty-one [41] west, and running east for one half mile and terminating in the main described ditch at the northeast corner of Section sixteen (16) in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-one (41) west.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such County Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated Dec. 28, 1909.
R. M. Johnson.
Ulo O. Roldsud.
K. K. Austin.
Nels Berg.
E. L. Quist.
Petitioners. j-20-f24

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
} ss.
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of John N. Swanson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 41,

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 41 located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-three —153— Range Forty —40—, Commencing at the Northwest corner of Section Two—2—aforesaid Township and Range running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: due south parallel with and Twenty —20—feet east of the section line between section two—2— and section three —3— to a point twenty -20- feet east and twenty -20- feet north of said quarter section corner between section two —2— and section three —3— thence running due west parallel with and twenty —20— feet north of the east and west center or quarter line of section three —3— to a point twenty —20— feet north and twenty —20— feet east of center of section three -3- thence running due south parallel with and twenty —20— feet east of the north and south center line of section three, —3— to a point twenty —20— feet east and twenty —20— feet north of quarter corner between section three —3— and section ten —10— thence extending due west parallel with and twenty —20— feet north of the section line between section three -3- and ten -10- and section four -4- and section nine -9- to the south west corner of section four -4- thence extending due south parallel with and twenty-20-feet east of the section line between section eight -8- and section nine —9— and section sixteen -16- and section seventeen -17- and section twenty-20- and twenty one -21- where said ditch has its out let into a coulee at the southwest corner of the southwest quarter of section twenty one —21— in aforesaid township and range.

BRANCH NUMBER 1 of DITCH NUMBER 41

A description of said branch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at the Northwest corner of section four -4- township one hundred fifty three -153- range forty —40— thence running due south parallel with and twenty —20— feet east of section line between section four —4— and section five —5— to a point twenty feet east and twenty —20— feet north of the southwest corner of said section four —4— where said branch has its outlet in main ditch number forty one —41— as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Peter Blackmann, John D. Vaughan, Andrew C. Douglas, Albert Arntz, Frank J. Madden, Anton Myrum, Edward Olson, John O. Brensdal, Peter O. Bratten, Gilbert O. Gnfrud, Ole Seving, John Oltedahl, Iver Nygaard, John W. Vrolson, Nils Ostvolden, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Albert T. Diangstveit, Mrs. Signe Ellingsen, Raymond Arndt, Uzime Beaudry, Thomas S. Jacobson, A. C. E. Ellingsen, F. A. Way, Patrick Sullivan, The Township of High Landing and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday the 23rd day of February A. D. 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day and that at the hour of 9:00 o'clock A. M, February 24th, 1910 will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon: and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated December 31st, A. D. 1909.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake,
j20-f3 Minnesota.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven and 60-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter J. Huseby and Lena Huseby, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche-Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank), of Uithuizen, The Netherlands, Mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1900, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of October, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book "Q" of Mortgages, on page 375; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twenty-seven (27), in township one hundred fifty one (151) north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $327.60 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910.

DE-NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE
HYPOTHEEK-BANK
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.
Chas. E. Boughton.
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA }
} SS.
County of Red Lake }

In the matter of the petition of Alex. F. Laittimore and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 40.

Notice is Hereby Given That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor, praying for the construction of a Public Ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 40, said ditch is located wholly within the townships numbered one hundred fifty-three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- and one hundred fifty-three -153- Range forty -40- in said Red Lake county. Commencing at the south east corner of section fifteen -15- Township one hundred fifty three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- thence due west and parallel with and twenty -20- feet north of the section lines between sections fifteen -15- and twenty-two -22-, sixteen -16- and twenty-one -21-, seventeen -17- and twenty -20-, eighteen -18- and nineteen -19- to a point twenty -20- feet north of the south west quarter of section eighteen -18- Township one hundred fifty-three -153- Range thirty-nine -39- thence extending due west and parallel with and twenty -20- feet north of section lines between sections thirteen -13- and twenty-four -24-, fourteen -14- and twenty-three -23-, fifteen -15- and twenty-two -22- sixteen -16- and twenty-one -21- seventeen -17- and twenty -20- and extending into the south east quarter of section eighteen -18- a distance of twenty-one hundred seventy -2170- feet; thence in a southwesterly direction across the north west corner of the north east quarter of section nineteen -19- thence following along parallel to a coulee in a south-westerly direction across the north west quarter of said section nineteen -19- township one hundred and fifty-three -153- range forty -40- to the Red Lake River where said ditch and coulee has its outlet in the Red Lake River, as appears by the report of the engineer, hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Bohumil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, Albert Gulbrandson, Nels Ramsey, Omund Bjergilson, Theodor Jacobson, Ole O. Gjermundsen, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M Parnow, Carl J. Anderson Knut Strande, Ingeborg Spontand Hendre O. Tommerdahl, Effie M. Hayes, James L. Peterson Nora K. Martinson, Lars C. Fevig, Ingeborg J. Sandsen, Bertha Knordal, Oscar Odegaard, Herman Halverson, Jacob B. Nesheim, John Oltedahl, Nils Ostvolden, Iver Nygaard, John W. Vrolson, John Knutson, Parelius Peterson, Frank A. Zavoral, Knut H. Knutson, Mrs. Signe Ellingson, Albert T. Diangstveit, Aaron E. Abraham, Augusta Kuhnel, Raymond Arndt, James A. Kelly, Bergnild O. Omlid, John Larson, Osmund K. Homme, Hans O. Hommy, John Gillis, Hoover O. Folkesdahl, Sivert Lysbakken, Tandrup Saltvedt, Anna K. Thoresen, Ole H. Haugen, Oscar Holt, Uzime Beaudry, Thomas S. Jacobson, F. A. Way, Patrick Sullivan, The Township of Highlanding, The Township of Star, and The United States of America and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And That Therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county and that at the hour of 1:00 o'clock P. M. of said day, will proceed in the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said Ditch.

Dated the 31st day of December, A. D. 1909.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake
j20-13 County, Minnesota.

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Freeholder to be Set off.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by Thomas Morean, a freeholder of School District No. 7 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to-wit:

The north west quarter -NW¼- of the north east quarter -NE¼- north east quarter -NE¼- of the north west quarter -NW¼- and so much of the north east quarter of the north east quarter -NE¼ of NE¼- as lies west of the Poplar River; all in Section twenty -20- Township one hundred fifty -150- Range forty-two -42- adjoining School District No. 141, in School District No. 7, and asking that his said lands may be set off from said District No. 7 to said District No. 141 for the following reasons:

It is four miles by road to school house in District No. 7 and only two and one-quarter miles to school house in District No. 141 was presented to the County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910, for the action of said Board thereon, Now, therefore,

NOTICE

Is hereby given that said petition will be heard by this Board at the session thereof commencing on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County,

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, and ex-Officio
Seal. Clerk of Board.
j-20-j27

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Six hundred fifty-nine and 95-100ths dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to First State Bank, of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of December 1905, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 34 of Mortgages, on page 120.

Which said Mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said First State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, by written assignment dated the 6th day of January 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 17th day of August, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 549.

Which said Mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, the Assignee and Holder thereof, to O. S. Hanson by written assignment dated the 8th day of January, 1910, and recorded on the 20th day of January 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 6, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter, (SW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two (152) North, Range Forty-three (43), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 12th day of March 1910, at one o'clock p. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Hundred Fifty-nine and 95-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 26th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27 m3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Fifteen Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of March, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of March; 1908, at 5:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 225.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to O. S. Hanson, by written assignment dated the 8th day of January, 1910, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds on the 20th day of January, 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 7.

And Whereas the said O. S. Hanson, the Assignee, Mortgagee and Holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seventy-five Dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, from the 23rd day of March, 1909, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter of Section Number Twenty-two, in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two North of Range Forty-three, West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seventy-five dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 25th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Brooks.

Miss Mae Moreau was a visitor in Thief River Falls this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Daoust left Monday for Crookston to visit their daughter and also to attend the Martin-Bougie wedding at that place.

Billy Hunt, one of our popular young men, has been seriously ill the past week. We are glad to say that he is now on the road to recovery.

Miss Tardeau of Crookston is spending a few days with relatives at Terrebonne.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Pennington of Dunderlin, N. Dak., former residents of this place, are here renewing acquaintances.

Mrs. Hunt of Red Lake Falls has spent the week in town during the illness of her son.

Mrs. Fred Lesserd of Lambert, who has been very ill, is now much improved.

The George Ramseys have sold their farm. Mr. Ramsey has not yet decided where he will go. We are sorry another of the early settlers is leaving the county.

Mrs. Hickox, who has been a visitor at Judd Asplin's, was called to her home in Superior, Wis., by the sudden death of her father.

At the monthly meeting of officers of the Brooks Co-operative creamery last Friday the result of the business of the past year was found to be very satisfactory, the money paid out amounting to $28,000, $5000 of which was paid to renovate and make our creamery one of the up-to-date ones of the county.

Mr. and Mrs. Judd Asplin entertained Messrs. and Mesdames Turgeon, Robideaux and Jean at a card party at their home Friday. Refreshments were served and all report a most enjoyable time.

—By 20 and 3.

TERREBONNE.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. G. St. Ives, a boy, Theodore.

Mrs. Ed. Generoux, after a long illness, has gone to Crookston to be treated with more facility.

Rev. E. Bossus of Red Lake and Rev. A. Beyne of Warroad visited, last Friday, with Fr. Veilleux.

Mr. J. B. Supernault and family went to Lambert last Sunday, the guests of Mr. Doucet.

Miss D. Rooillard, spent a fortnight at Gentilly at the Dubuc home.

Mrs. R. Tardif of Crookston spent the week at Terrebonne, the guest of Miss E. Prenovost.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NICK DREES
WELL
DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office.

Ditch Work to Sublet

We have the contract for the big Kratka-Mayfield ditch and will sublet some good team work by the station at a paying figure. Call or write, Lillo Bros.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game
and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery,
Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance, City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A hall. Sam'l Gihean, Pres., Frank Brouet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Faynila, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

Stock Breeders Association.

Minneapolis.—Several of the subdivisions of the Stock Breeders' Association held sessions at the University Farm School during the first week in January. The sheep breeders were interested more in a dog law protecting sheep than anything else. G. W. Baird, of Edina Mills, the original sheep breeder in Minnesota, was insistent upon better legislation and gave his experience in working with the legislature during the last session for an act that would in a measure give compensation to sheep owners for damages done by dogs. He had employed counsel to draft a bill providing for a tax of a dollar a head on dogs, the greater portion of the tax to be placed in a fund for paying for damages done by them. The dog and sheep laws of several states had been examined by counsel and the best points in them all digested and written in a bill, which seems to embrace everything desired by sheep men. He was, however, unable to get the legislation, but the association is going to persist in the work and try for a bill at the next session. Mr. Baird had himself recently lost about $600 worth of sheep by dogs and was unable to recoup his losses from the dog owners because of their financial irresponsibility. The same condition prevails throughout the state. His statistics showed that there were about one-fourth as many dogs as sheep.

The cattle men also held a session in the live stock pavilion. Prof. Grout exhibited a few Holsteins and gave a lecture on cattle judging. He next introduced a few Guernseys, among which were two cows of special interest. One was the best and the other the poorest dairy cow on the farm. Mr. Grout's idea was to show the value of proper breeding. The better cow was mother of the poorer. The former has a record of 405 pounds of butter last year and an average for five years of 325 pounds per year. Her capabilities are much greater, for by crowding and preventing sucking herself, so that all her milk can be obtained, he is confident that her yearly make would be closer to five hundred pounds, if not over. The question naturally arises as to the cause of the difference between the mother and daughter in butter production. Mr. Grout explains this as the result of breeding. The mother does not necessarily reproduce her kind. The sire used, while having some good, strong points, failed to produce offspring of value and was sent to the block after thorough trial. The daughter is kept as an object lesson to show what proper and improper breeding will do, and to show the good and bad points by comparison in judging. In this case the scales and tester were used and the heifer's milk tested, the only way of definitely knowing whether a cow is valuable on the farm. It is only through the daughters that the value of the sire can be determined; so it is maintained that when a sire shows good results and paying qualities in his offspring that he should be kept in the community so long as it is possible to prevent inbreeding. Then he can be sent to another community and his service preserved until age renders him unfit for further use. This method is as true of any grade of stock as with dairy cows.

The horse breeders listened to Prof. Edmond's lecture on judging horses. He presented three or four Clydes of a generally fine appearing quality, but his analysis of their qualities showed many defects from a scientific point of judging, though all were of large value as draft animals. His lecture elicited considerable discussion and questioning. He was followed by Dr. Lipp, assistant veterinarian of the Farm School, who lectured on the transmissability of unsoundness or disease. He does not regard many of the diseases of horses as hereditary, but does believe that a tendency to unsoundness is hereditary. Ringbone, spavin, side bone, and kindred defects in a horse are not born with him, but a tendency to these diseases is hereditary in the colt, and renders him liable to them. The natural reasoning therefore is that in using sires, as well as dams, animals free from unsoundness should be selected in order that the progeny may have strong constitutions free from the taint of even suspicion of unsoundness.

The doctor also lectured on the navel disease in colts. As a preventive he suggested absolute cleanliness in the stall at time of foaling. He would have the stall thoroughly cleaned and disinfected, using lime and a little crude carbolic acid, taking care that all cracks and crevices are reached by the disinfecting material, when he would cover the floor with clean straw. He would have the mare carefully washed about the vulva as late as possible before foaling, so that the possibility of disease germs entering the navel through the cord will be reduced to the minimum. Then he would, as an additional precaution, bandage the colt's body with antiseptically clean swaths, an old sheet thoroughly sterilized by boiling and drying being best, using a pad of outside cotton—not the common cotton sold in the stores— saturated with a five per cent solution of pure carbolic acid—made by using one ounce of acid to 19 ounces of water, placed over the navel. Absolutely cleanliness is the preventive and cure. The bandage also prevents undue strain on the colt's abdomen.

* * *

Women's Institutes.

The Department of Farmers' Institutes has been trying the feature of Women's Institutes in the past with such good results as to make the management feel that such institutes should become a regular feature of the work. The experiment was first tried in Houston county, where a meeting on one afternoon of each week, for four consecutive weeks, was held with the ladies. The attendance at each meeting was a surprise in enthusiasm, interest and numbers, averaging something like two hundred a day, and as each weekly meeting was held the interest continued to grow.

The Department has planned a course of four lectures and will soon begin the campaign of 1910. The sessions will not be confined to the ladies on the farm alone, but every woman or girl, in city, town or country is welcome and urged to attend. It is the policy of this department to so arrange these meetings as to be of as little inconvenience to those desiring to attend as possible, so they can attend and not materially neglect other duties, which might be otherwise if daily sessions were held for several successive days. Experience has shown that one meeting each week is eminently practicable, and accordingly dates have been set as follows:

Grandmeadow, Monday afternoon, January 10, and for each of the three succeeding Mondays, January 17, 24, and 31.

Spring Valley, Tuesday, afternoon, January 11, 18, 25, and February 1.

Stewartville, Wednesday afternoon, January 12, 19, 26, and February 2.

Leroy, Thursday afternoon, January 13, 20, 27, and February 3.

Austin, Friday afternoon, January 14, 21, 28, and February 4.

The Woman's institutes will be conducted by Mrs. Margaret B. Baker, of Saint Anthony Park, whose long experience as a teacher and in the home magnificently equips her for the work so interesting and important to the housekeeper.

* * *

Governor Addresses Farm School.

Gov. Eberhart was over to address the Agricultural Club of the University Farm recently, and was greeted by nearly the entire school and college, whose registration reaches almost to the thousand mark; and including the Short Course for farmers, the total present registration is over 1,200. Gov. Eberhart spoke on the question of conservation of natural resources and told the pupils that the state needed them worse than they needed the state. He regards agriculture as the greatest interest in the state and thinks the state needs the intelligent farmers which the agricultural school and college are turning out—a class of men and women skilled in scientific soil cultivation and general farm husbandry. It is a wonder to the governor that so many men are willing to appeal to him for work for the state at $75 or $100 a month when the farm offers independence and substantial wealth for men who cultivate the soil with skill and applied intelligence.

* * *

Dean Olson's Farewell.

The last meeting of the faculty of the University Farm School at St. Anthony Park, with Dean Olson, was held a few days since, at which the dean paid a high compliment to the professors with whom he has been associated since coming to the school. Resolutions on the death of late Dean Liggett and Prof. Robertson, of Crookston were unanimously passed.

* * *

"Home Decoration" at Conservation Meeting.

Mrs. Margaret J. Blair, head of the Domestic Art Department of the School of Agriculture, at St Anthony Park, has received an invitation from Gov. Eberhart to deliver an address to the lady visitors at the first Conservation Congress in Minnesota, to be held on the 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of March, on the subject of "Home Decoration."

Prof. Green Talks On Forestry.

Prof. Green, of the Horticultural and Forestry department of the Experiment Station, was over in Minneapolis a few days ago and delivered a talk at the Lowry Congregational Church to the Men's Club, on the subject of "Forestry in Minnesota." It should be gratifying to the people throughout the entire state to know that the interest in forestry is growing among the people of the cities where the needs of better agricultural conditions are as fully realized as among the agriculturists themselves

Mrs. Blair Talks To Women.

Mrs. Blair, head of the department of Domestic Art, at the University Farm, St. Anthony Park, was recently at Atwater and Howard Lake, where she lectured to short course classes in the schools. Her audiences embraced about 150 ladies, mostly from the farms near the towns mentioned. The number in attendance such weather as the first and second weeks of January gave us is evidence of the general interest among farm women in the home and home decoration.

New Books On Fruit Culture.

Prof. Green's new book on Popular Fruit Growing has just been issued from the press and received at the Agricultural School library. Those interested in horticulture will find the book a valuable asset in connection with their fruit growing, as it treats of soils, varieties of fruit, and everything a fruit grower needs in making his enterprise successful. The author is professor in horticulture and forestry at the University Farm School.

Prof. Washburn, entomologist at the State Experiment Station, will go on a leave of absence of two months, next week, to Europe, where he will visit France and Holland for the purpose of studying the conditions of the Gypsy moth and Brown Tail moth.

* * *

Farmers' Institutes are announced as follows: January 27, Waltham, and January 28 at Wykoff, Forest Henry, conductor; Donnelly and Tintah, on same dates respectively, O. M. Olson, conductor; Jordan, 28 and 29, W. W. P. McConnell, conductor.

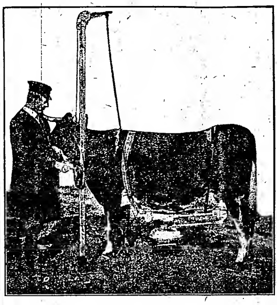
NEW MILKING MACHINE POPULAR IN SWEDEN

Simple Contrivance that Is Within Reach of Even Smallest Dairy Farmer and Easily Put Into Place.

(By Ernest Hoolist.)

While in Sweden some time since, I heard much of a new milking machine that was to be within the reach of even the smallest dairy farmer as regards cost and easy method of installment on any form. I had, however, to leave Sweden without being able to see the machine. During the past few weeks, my wife, being again in Sweden, was, through the courtesy of Mr. Frykberg, director of the manufactory where the milking machine was built, allowed to see it at work. The machine is very simply built; there is not the necessity to lay down plant to supply the motive power, as this is done entirely by hand, a great saving in primary installment; in fact this has been reduced to a minimum of expense. The milking machine proper is suspended by means of two broad straps, and just behind the shoulder over the loin of the cow. teats are milked simultaneously, or the valves can be shut off to allow of milking cows that have lost one or more quarters. It is particularly clean in its stripping action. The power required is about one-thirtieth horsepower, or a man can easily supply sufficient energy.

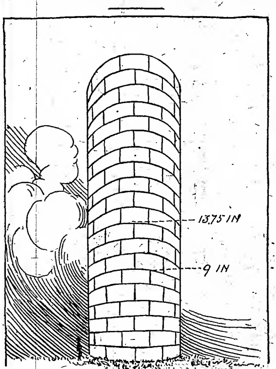
The milking machine is essentially a modern contrivance. Something of the kind seems to have been invented in America in about 1819, but no description of it is extant that we know of. About the middle of last century several machines were constructed to milk cows, but they do not appear to have met with much success, and were neglected and forgotten. Many dairy farmers, however, hankered after a mechanical device of this kind, and experimentation went on for many years. Most of those engaged in it had as their root idea a milk tube inserted into the teats of the cow, and a milker of this kind was placed on the market



The New Swedish Milking Machine.

There is the usual vacuum vessel for holding the milk. All this was very easy. Detachment-suction, or rather in this case, the result, is obtained by compression, the teat being inserted in a cup-like receptacle, one side of which actuated by a piston allows the teat to fill, and then presses it much after the method of the human fingers. All four in 1878. This milker consisted of a tube having openings along its sides, through which the milk entered. Each teat was fitted with a tube, and the tubes were kept together by a flexible band. There is no need for describing it in detail, because, although milk could be extracted by its means, it was not a really practical invention.

WATER NECESSARY FOR CROPS



This reservoir is 100 feet high and 37¼ feet in diameter and will hold 3,400 tons of water, an equivalent to 30 acre inches of rainfall. An average rainfall of 13¾ inches during the growing season would fill to the point indicated. A rainfall of nine inches, if completely utilized, would produce a yield of 30 bushels of wheat or 157 bushels of oats.

MUST GROW FENCE POSTS

Black Walnut and White Mulberry Trees Recommended as Excellent Varieties for Rapid Growth.

(BY THOMAS W. CISEL.)

Farmers of the central and eastern states are now seeing the need of replacing the timber lands that were so needlessly destroyed in order to secure more land for cultivation and as a method of securing money by cutting into lumber and other materials.

Now this same timber is wanted to replace farm buildings and in the building of fences.

Throughout the central west good fence posts can only be had from lumber dealers, who sell cypress and cedar posts at prices almost beyond the reach of the small farm owner.

Many farmers do not like concrete and steel posts, as they are expensive. Some farmers are turning fields out and farming without fences

But to do this much valuable pasture is lost, and crops are often damaged by trespassing stock.

Many are now planting timber for a future supply. In planting many plant the catalpa, thinking it the best.

True, it is a lasting timber and of quick growth when planted on low, rich soil, but on hilly land or dry sandy soil, it is very slow, requiring from ten to fifteen years to get posts large enough for fence building.

Others are planting osage orange, but it is also a slow growing tree and has the fault of growing crooked with short trunks and overmuch top.

The tree that gives the best results with little care after planting is the black locust. It does well on any soil, wet or dry. It is a quick grower and when planted thick—say six feet each way—the trees will grow tall with but little top, and will, at the end of five years, be ready for the first thinning out.

Don't breed from any diseased birds. Cut off their heads and burn them. Doctoring does not pay except with valuable birds.

The KITCHEN CABINET

As the rivers farthest flowing,
In the highest hills have birth;
As the banyan, broadest growing,
Oftenest bows its head to earth:
As the noblest minds press onward,
Channels far of good to trace;
So the largest hearts bend downward,
Circling all the human race.

Fish as Food.

Fish in one form or another is almost universally recognized as one of the important food materials that enters into the diet of most American families.

The mode of capture affects the market value. Fish caught by the gills and allowed to die in the water by slow degrees, as is the case where gill nets are used, undergo decomposition very readily, and are inferior as food.

Fish are often landed alive and allowed to die slowly. This custom is not only inhuman, but lessens the value of the fish. It has been found that fish that are killed immediately after catching, remain firm and bear shipment better than those allowed to die slowly.

Fish, because of their abundance, cheapness and wholesomeness are invaluable as an article of food. It is less nutritious and less stimulating than meat, as it contains less solids and more water.

The idea that fish is a brain food has been greatly exaggerated, because it is rich in phosphorus and the brain having that chemical in its composition which the fish is supposed to supply. The fact is that many meats have as large a proportion of phosphorus as fish. Being easily digested and therefore a good food for brain workers, may be one reason why the idea prevailed.

Scalloped Beef.

Chop fine the remnants of cooked beef; moisten with the liquor in which it was cooked, season with salt, pepper and butter if needed. Place in a deep dish and cover with seasoned mashed potatoes mixed with beaten egg. Bake a light brown and serve

Molasses Candy.

Take one quart of molasses, two cupfuls of sugar, one teaspoonful of vinegar, butter the size of an egg. Boil until it hardens in water. Just before removing it add a teaspoonful of soda. Pull when cool.

Breakfast Relish.

Put one dozen very thin slices of lean bacon into a hot frying pan; cook for one minute, then add six slices of tomatoes, or the canned may be used with the liquor reserved for soup or sauce.

We suffer not through any miraculous interposition of an avenging God, but in consequence of violated law, and the laws of nature make no distinction of persons; but so interwoven is human society, that the penalty is rarely confined to the transgressor."

Birthday Cake.

For a small child, little cakes decorated with frosting and red candles are always appreciated. There are so many inexpensive and pretty things to be bought now that one's ingenuity need not be taxed to make something pleasing. A cake baked in a small round loaf, frosted in white and the name written in chocolate with the date, or it may be done with colored sugar.

Get a candy pail cover, sandpaper, and stain it, then bore the holes part way through, making the hole to stand the candle in. This candle board may be used by every member of the family, being brought in in state with the cake in the center, and the lighted candles around it. More holes may be bored each year or they may all be arranged when the board is made to make the staining all look alike.

For a very young child the tiny cake might be surrounded by the little candles the size of a match, that are as popular with the little people. When there is a small party, or if one wishes to make a surprise cake, put little gifts that will not be hurt, by heating into the cake before baking. Even older children are made happy by such a cake.

Suet Pudding.

Mix and sift together two and three-fourths cups of flour, one teaspoonful of soda, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of salt, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, and half a teaspoonful each of ginger, cloves and nutmeg. One cup each of milk, molasses and suet. Combine mixtures. Three-fourths of a cup of currants, one and one-fourth cups of raisins, one-half cup of finely sliced citron added at the last. Steam three hours and serve with an egg sauce, made as follows: Two eggs, well beaten, one cup of sugar, one-fourth of a cup of hot milk, and one teaspoonful of vanilla. A yellow sauce may be made by using the yolks of the eggs. Flavor with orange rind and juice.

Nellie Maxwell.

Commercial Value of Rat Skins.

The use of rat skins in the manufacture of fancy articles is increasing. Last year the trade in Great Britain alone amounted to $250,000, and supplies of brown rat skins are being sought in lots of from 100 to 10,000. It is proposed to start a business in Calcutta for securing and preparing the skins of the brown rat, to be used, among a variety of purposes, in the binding of books and the making of purses, gloves and various articles for women's use and wear.

A NEW TOWN EVERY WEEK

AND A NEW SCHOOL EVERY SCHOOL DAY.

The above caption about represents the growth of Central Canada. The statement was made not long since by a railroad man who claimed to have made the remarkable discovery that such was the case. There is not a district of a fair amount of settlement in any of the three Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, but has its school, and the railways have stations every seven or eight miles apart, around which group the towns, some large and some small, but each important to its own district. Schools are largely maintained by public funds and the expense of tuition is but a nominal sum.

The final returns of the grain production for Central Canada for 1909 is now in, and the figures show that the value of the crops to the farmers of that country is about 195 million dollars, as compared with 120 million last year. American farmers or those who have gone from the United States, will participate largely in these splendid returns, and these comprise those who have gone from nearly every State in the Union.

One of the many proofs that might be put forward showing the immense wealth that comes to the farmers of Central Canada is seen in the sum that has been spent during the past two or three months by the farmers who have for the time being ceased worrying over the reaper and the thresher, and are taking to enjoying themselves for two or three months. It is said that fifty thousand people of these Western Provinces spent the holiday season visiting their old homes. Most of these passengers paid forty and some forty-five dollars for the round trip. Some went to Great Britain, some to the Continent, others to their old homes in Eastern Canada, and many thousands went to visit their friends in the States. The amount paid alone in transportation would be upward of two million dollars. Some make the trip every year. It need not be asked, "Can they afford it?" With crops yielding them a profit of $20 to $25 per acre, and some having as much as twelve hundred or more acres; the question is answered. The Canadian Government Agents at different points in the States report that they have interviewed a great many of those who are now visiting friends in the different states, and they all express themselves as well satisfied, and promise to take some of their friends back with them. There is still a lot of free homestead land in splendid districts, and other lands can be purchased at a reasonable price from railway and land companies.

Real Early Rising.

Farmer Brown and Farmer Jones were near neighbors, and many a dispute took place as to who was the earlier riser. Both maintained that each excelled the other.

One day Farmer Brown determined to put the subject to test. Rising very early one morning, about two o'clock he proceeded to visit his friend. Great was his astonishment when he saw Mrs. Jones banging out the clothes in the garden.

"Farmer Jones about?" he asked.

"Well," replied the lady, "he was the first part of the mornin', but I dunno where he be now."

A Real Catastrophe.

Philip, aged four, is in the habit of going across the street to a neighbor's house for milk. One day in December he returned home with an empty bucket and a grave face. "We can't get any more milk," he announced in a tone weighty with the importance of his message. "The cow's dried up." And, as we started in surprise at him, he suddenly clinched the matter with an observation, evidently of his own: "They don't think that she'll thaw out till spring."—Delineator.

Professional Conduct.

One of the best stories told about Mr. Birrell concerns a poor client, whose case he took up for nothing. When the case had been won, the client gratefully sent him the sum of 15s, which he accepted in order not to give offense. A colleague reproached him, however, for this "unprofessional conduct" in taking less than gold. "But I took all the poor beggar had," said Mr. Birrell, "and I consider that is not unprofessional."—M. A. P.

Kangaroo Not In It.

"Roosevelt says the kangaroo can jump further than any other creature."

"Aw, shucks! He never saw a woman with a mouse loose around her feet."

INSOMNIA

Leads to Madness, if not Remedied in Time.

"Experiments satisfied me, some 5 years ago," writes a Topeka woman, "that coffee was the direct cause of the insomnia from which I suffered terribly, as well as the extreme nervousness and acute dyspepsia which made life a most painful thing for me.

"I had been a coffee drinker since childhood, and did not like to think that the beverage was doing me all this harm. But it was, and the time came when I had to face the fact, and protect myself. I therefore gave up coffee abruptly and absolutely, and adopted Postum as my hot drink at meals.

"I began to note improvement in my condition very soon after I took on Postum. The change proceeded gradually, but surely, and it was a matter of only a few weeks before I found myself entirely relieved—the nervousness passed away, my digestive apparatus was restored to normal efficiency, and I began to sleep restfully and peacefully.

"These happy conditions have continued during all of the 5 years, and I am safe in saying that I owe them entirely to Postum, for when I began to drink it I ceased to use medicine."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

TO CURE RHEUMATISM

Prescription that Cured Hundreds Since Published Here.

"One ounce syrup of Sarsaparilla compound; one ounce Toris compound; Add these to a half pint of good whiskey; Take a tablespoonful before each meal and at bed time; Shake the bottle well each time."

Any druggist has these ingredients in stock or will quickly get them from his wholesale house. Good results are felt from this treatment after the first few doses but it should be continued until cured. This also acts as a system builder, eventually restoring strength and vitality.

AND TOMMY GOT BIFF.

Tommy—I say, sis, Mr. Gotsplosh wanted to know what you had in your stocking this morning.

Sis—Indeed; and what did you say?

Tommy—I said the usual things, you know.

WHY PEOPLE SUFFER.

Too often the kidneys are the cause and the sufferer is not aware of it. Sick kidneys bring backache and side pains, lameness and stiffness, dizziness, headaches, tired feeling, urinary troubles. Doan's Kidney Pills cure the cause. Mrs. N. E. Grnvas, Villieca, Iowa, says: "I suffered from kidney trouble for years. The secretions were disordered, there were pains in my back and swellings of the ankles. Often I had smothering spells. I had to be helped about. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me five years ago and I have been well since. They saved my life."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Cheap notoriety often turns out to be an expensive luxury.

FOR DEEP-SEATED COLDS and coughs, *Allen's Lung Balsam* cures when all other remedies fail. This old reliable medicine has been sold for over 40 years. 25c, 50c, $1.00 bottles. All dealers.

One fisherman ought to believe the stories of another, but he seldom does.

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Oronogo, Mo.—"I was simply a nervous wreck. I could not walk across the floor without my heart fluttering and I could not even receive a letter. Every month I had such a bearing down sensation, as if the lower parts would fall out. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done my nerves a great deal of good and has also relieved the bearing down. I recommended it to some friends and two of them have been greatly benefited by it."—Mrs. MAE MCKNIGHT, Oronogo, Mo.

Another Grateful Woman.

St. Louis, Mo.—"I was bothered terribly with a female weakness and had backache, bearing down pains and pains in lower parts. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regularly and used the Sanative Wash and now I have no more troubles that way."—Mrs. AL. HERZOG, 5722 Prescott Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

BABY'S FIRST SHOES SHOULD BE

Baby Pla-Mates

It is most essential that when Baby is ready to take its first steps it should have shoes that will assist and not retard the little toddler. **Baby Pla-Mate Shoes** have features found in no other shoes—note the extreme width and flatness of outsole which allows the little one to step out so confidently. These cute little shoes are made with a genuine Goodyear welt; broad, flat, non-slip sole; full extension heels, and are as flexible as a hand-turned shoe. Made in button and lace styles in patent, tan and black leather of finest quality. Ask your dealer for **Baby Pla-Mate Shoes**. If not in stock, send us his name and style and size desired, and we will see you are supplied.

Williams, Hoyt & Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

HER WEIGHT INCREASED FROM 100 TO 140 POUNDS.

Wonderful Praise Accorded Peruna the Household Remedy

Mrs. Maria Goerts, Orienta, Oklahoma, writes:

"My husband, children and myself have used your medicines, and we always keep them in the house in case of necessity. I was restored to health by this medicine, and Dr. Hartman's invaluable advice and books. People ask about me from different places, and are surprised that I can do all of my housework alone, and that I was cured by the doctor of chronic catarrh. My husband was cured of asthma, my daughter of earache and catarrh of the stomach, and my son of catarrh of the throat. When I was sick I weighed 100 pounds; now I weigh 140.

"I have regained my health again, and I cannot thank you enough for your advice. May God give you a long life and bless your work."

JUST THE SAME.

Jones—I love you.

Miss Heiress Tottle—But I am worth millions!!

Jones—I love you for all that!

Why does Great Britain buy its oatmeal of us?

Certainly it seems like carrying coals to Newcastle to speak of exporting oatmeal to Scotland and yet, every year the Quaker Oats Company sends hundreds of thousands of cases of Quaker Oats to Great Britain and Europe.

The reason is simple; while the English and Scotch have for centuries eaten oatmeal in quantities and with a regularity that has made them the most rugged physically, and active mentally of all people, the American has been eating oatmeal and trying all the time to improve the methods of manufacture so that he might get that desirable foreign trade.

How well he has succeeded would be seen at a glance at the export reports of Quaker Oats. This brand is recognized as without a rival in cleanliness and delicious flavor. 51

Natural.

"What is loaf sugar?" inquired Mrs. Justhitched.

"Why, it's sugar in the form of loaves, I suppose," answered her spouse. "Why?"

"I was wondering," said Mrs. J., "if that was what they made sweetbreads of."

Staging a Trial.

"Now, your conduct during the trial may have considerable effect on the jury."

"Ah, quite so," responded the ultra swell defendant. "And should I appear interested, or just mildly bored?"

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

The only reason we care to be a millionaire is for the purpose of inducing bill collectors to cut our acquaintance.

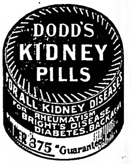
When we occasionally do meet a man whose head hasn't been turned by success, we naturally conclude that he has a stiff neck.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

The world delights in sunny people. The old are hungering for love more than for bread.—Drummond.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

Low shoes and high heels may be fashionable extremes.



Bad Breath

"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass, my breath having a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after using them I can willingly and cheerfully say that they have entirely cured me. I therefore let you know that I shall recommend them to any one suffering from such troubles."—Chas. H. Halpern, 114 E. 7th St., New York, N. Y. CUT THIS OUT, mail it with your address to Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Illinois, and receive a handsome souvenir gold Bon Bon FREE. 923

TYPEWRITER BARGAINS

Caligraph, $6; Lambert, $4; Chicago, $10; Remington, $15 up; Smith Premier, $18 up; WARRANTED. Send Stamp for Illustrated Catalogue.

Northwestern Typewriter Exchange
[illegible]

Don't Cough!—Use PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS

Will instantly relieve your aching throat. There is nothing like it for Asthma, Bronchitis and lung troubles. Contains no opiates. Very pleasant to take.
All Druggists, 25 cents.

A. R. HILL FOR JOB

REGENTS WOULD LIKE TO HAVE HIM SUCCEED PRESIDENT NORTHROP.

NOW OF MISSOURI "U"

Most of Them Believe He Will Accept—Visit to Columbia Mo., to Be Paid by Committee on Successor.

Minneapolis. — Prof. Albert Ross Hill, president of the University of Missouri, has been offered the presidency of the University of Minnesota to succeed President Cyrus Northrop. The general opinion of those who are seeking him is that he will accept the offer.

For a time the regents expected to bring Dean Frederick S. Johns, formerly of the engineering college of the University of Minnesota, now of the college of arts and sciences at Yale, back to this state, but opposition caused the withdrawal of the name.

Although there are several educators on the list of the regents, the name of President Hill is declared to be almost their unanimous choice. It is expected that the selection will be made within the next few weeks, though the committee of the regents appointed to visit the various educators under consideration may take action in a week. Of this committee ex-Governor John Lind, is chairman, and the other members are B. F. Nelson, President Northrop, Pierce Butler, and Dr. William J. Mayo. Messrs. Lind and Nelson, and possibly Mr. Butler, were to go to various institutions of the country to discuss the topic of a new president, but they may go to no other place than Missouri.

President Hill is among the best educators of the country. He was born in Nova Scotia, Oct. 4, 1869, and received his first education in a country school. He went to Pictou, N. S., academy and to Dalhousie university, Halifax, where he received A.B. honors in 1892. Following this he went to Cornell, where he received his Ph. B., in 1895. He was at Heidelberg, Berlin and Strassberg in 1893-4 and at Clark university, Worcester, Mass., in the summer of 1896. He received his LL. D. at the University of South Carolina in 1905.

His first tutoring experience came in Nova Scotia from 1885 to 1887. He was professor of psychology at the state normal school at Oshkosh, Wis., in 1895 and 1897, and following this he was made associate professor of philosophy, in 1897, of the University of Nebraska.

From 1898 to 1903 he was professor of philosophy and director of the psychological laboratories of the same institution. In 1903 he went to the University of Missouri as professor of educational psychology and dean of the teachers' college. Since then he has advanced to the head of that institution. He is a member of Sigma Xi fraternity and numerous educational organizations.

BRINGS EUROPE'S FARMERS.

Bishop McGolrick Imports 100 Belgians Into Minnesota.

Duluth—One hundred Belgians will come to America in the coming spring to take up farms in Becker and Hubbard counties in a big Catholic colony to be established there by Bishop McGolrick of this city.

Most of them have means enough to equip a dairy farm or a truck garden plot. The Belgians are especially adapted to gardening work, while the Hollanders are the great dairymen of Europe.

In the meantime, representatives of the bishop are scouring all the large cities of the United States for prospective settlers. They are searching for men who have enough money to make a first payment on a small farm, buy the necessary tools and erect enough buildings to begin farming.

Bishop McGolrick says the European farmers, who, for the most part, are experienced, will be scattered to settlements among the American colonists in order that their methods of farming may serve as models for the emigrants from the great cities, who have little practical knowledge of land cultivation.

Everything points to a large migration of settlers to the lands of the bishop's company early in the spring, and before the summer is passed the promoters expect to see many clusters of prospering settlers' homes in Hubbard and Becker counties.

Stillwater—John Allen, a Minneapolis convict, died of tuberculosis. He was 22, and his father lives in Chicago. He was sentenced to the reformatory for burglary in the third degree and transferred to the prison for incorrigibility.

SWINGING HOOK KILLS MINER.

McKinley Ore Lander Instantly Dies at Kellogg Mine.

McKinley.—Gust Mattson, single, twenty-two years old, was instantly killed while acting as a lander on the ore stock pile at the Kellogg mine. Mattson's duty was to attend to the dumping of the ore on the stock pile when the cars were sent out. A hook became detached from the end of a cable and struck the man. Death was instantaneous.

JEALOUS YOUTH SHOOTS SELF.

Finding Girl He Called On Out He Courts Death.

Winona.—Wm. Meyer, aged twenty-five years, son of J. C. Meyer, local representative of the Minneapolis Brewing company, while in a jealous rage forced his way into the room of a waitress, armed with a loaded revolver. Not finding the girl there he turned the weapon upon himself. His body was found stretched across the bed with a bullet just over the heart.

STEWART TO LIVE 1,000 YEARS

Minneapolis Capitalist Not in Dying Humor.

Minneapolis—Elder Levi M. Stewart expects to live one thousand years more.

Paul C. Hirsch, also of Minneapolis will endeavor to "go him" for the same little period, if he likes certain properties just leased from Mr. Stewart so well that he shall wish to renew the leases when they expire—for said leases run an even thousand years, and contain a provision that the lessee may secure extensions by appearing personally in the presence of the lessor for the latter's signature.

In other words a little business meeting between Mr. Stewart and Mr. Hirsch may be looked forward to by the members of the Minneapolis longevity club, to take place on June 1, 2910.

The veteran real estate man has signed leases which expire Jan. 1, 2910, with Mr. Hirsch, whom he characterizes as the senior member of his firm, although the latter is fully 50 years younger.

Three Leases in All.

Three leases were signed, one being for 40 acres of land extending from St. Albon's bay, Lake Minnetonka, to Christmas lake, the annual rental during the first 20 years amounting to $300. Thereafter the rate will be increased 3½ per cent each score of years, based on the present valuation of the property. The property is valued at $500 per acre.

The other two leases comprise a lot on Tenth avenue south between First and Second streets, valued at $17,000, and the entire State addition, owned by Mr. Stewart and located on Lake street between Portland avenue and Third avenue south. These leases were made on the same basis and for the same period as that of the Minnetonka property.

The valuation of the State addition property on which the lease was based is $100,000. The rental will be increased on a graduated scale every 20 years during the life of the lease.

These leases are record-breakers in the United States so far as the number of years is concerned.

REDWOOD FALLS IS DRY.

For First Time in Thirty Years, There Is "Nothing Doing."

Redwood Falls.—For the first time in thirty years Redwood Falls is without a single licensed saloon. The power to grant or withhold license here is vested wholly in the city council.

For several years anti-license voters have succeeded in electing one alderman, and last year an attempt to elect a "dry" alderman in each ward came near being successful, the license candidates having only four majority in the First ward and six in the Second.

This year two of the license candidates and the mayor, heretofore sustaining license, agreed to be governed by a direct vote on the question of licensing saloons, stipulating that the anti-license vote should carry both words. At the election a clause was added to the ballot for a direct vote on the issue, and the result was a majority of twelve against license in the First ward and one in the Second.

"Wets" Try to Shape Ballot.

In the Second ward an attempt was made by the license supporters to go behind the returns on account of a ticket which had been passed upon as "dry" by the judges, but which, it was contended, should have been thrown out.

When the council met and was required to act on the applications for license, however, only one alderman, who was unpledged, voted yes.

Citizens generally have accepted the result without excitement, and many believe that the city will not again license saloons.

EXPRESS AGENT GRAFTED.

Minneapolis Man Used Unique "Kiting" Scheme.

Minneapolis.—A criminal charge of embezzlement in the sum of $914.22 has been made by the American Express company against Herman Hanscome, a former agent. The county attorney is charged with the prosecution of the case and the authorities are awaiting the return of Hanscome from a business trip to serve the warrant.

It develops that Hanscome, as one of the hundred city agents of the American Express company, issued money orders among his other duties as agent and the alleged appropriation of a number of the sums recited on such money orders constitutes the basis for the charge.

Investigation by the company shows that a short time after Hanscome's accounts were checked up, on October 27, a number of money orders for $50 were issued by Hanscome in favor of a number of names. The company alleges that these names were fictitious and that their agent cashed them himself at some of the principal dry goods houses of the city and placed the money to his account in his bank as against the day when he would again have to give the company a check for the funds he had supposedly taken in for money orders issued.

FAIL TO GET TIME EXTENSION.

Citizens of Minneota, Minn., Give Reasons For Not Erecting High School.

Marshall.—The residents of Minneota have failed to gain another extension of time in the matter of erecting a high school, which they were requested to do two years ago by George A. Aiton, state high-school inspector. The arguments advanced are that there is not enough attendance to warrant it and that the diplomas granted by it would not be as good as those from other schools.

MEET AFTER LONG SEPARATION.

St. Paul Man Reunited With His Brother After 47 Years.

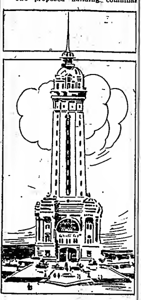
Bowling Green, Ohio, Jan. 16.—Separated while serving in the Union army during the Civil war, H. W. Sterling of Bowling Green and C. A. Sterling of St. Paul, Minn., met here for the first time in 47 years. Neither knew of the other's whereabouts until H. W. Sterling, recently, by chance learned that his brother was living in St. Paul.

URGE BIG PERRY MEMORIAL

Commissioners Want a Monument Erected at the Site Overlooking Scene of Victory.

Cleveland, O.—The one feature of the Perry's Victory Centennial, to be held at Put-in-Bay, O., in 1913, proposed by the commission in charge of the event, is a monumental memorial to the hero of the battle of Lake Erie. A design for such a memorial has been submitted by John Eisenman, and has been accepted by the commission as a basis on which to work.

In its report to Governor Harmon the commission says:



Design for Perry Monument.

"The proposed building combines the essentials of artistic beauty and historical significance with such practical objects as a lighthouse, a wireless telegraph station, a meteorological station, a life-saving station and other useful adjuncts.

"The drawing submitted contemplates a building three hundred and seventy-five feet in height, its cost subject to variation according to the material used. Each of the eight or ten floors of the tower may be dedicated to the use of one of the states participating in the centennial. Under the pinnacle the searchlight from the great height of more than 300 feet will be visible many miles at sea and cast its rays over a great land territory.

"Within a few years practically every vessel of any importance on the great lakes will be supplied with wireless apparatus, and this will undoubtedly be the case when a central station, commanding the whole lake region, is provided for the use of navigators. A wireless equipped vessel in distress on any of the great lakes could flash the call for help to Perry Memorial, and instantly response would be conveyed to the life-saving station, similarly equipped, nearest the threatened disaster, or by telegraph to any point from which succor might be forthcoming.

"It is believed that the general government would look with favor on a life-saving station, a lighthouse, a meteorological station and a permanent fisheries exhibit in connection with the proposed memorial."

TRUST'S FOE NOW ITS AID

James M. Beck Who Once Fought Sugar Combine Now Chief Counsel for the Company.

New York.—The retirement of Parsons, Closson & McIlvaine as counsel for the sugar trust was not unexpected but the selection of James M. Beck as counsel, as their successor came rather as a surprise.

Mr. Beck as assistant attorney general of the United States successfully prosecuted the celebrated Neely case. As first assistant attorney general he secured the verdict against the Northern Securities Company. He also took a prominent part in the first actions against the sugar trust, the paper trust, and other antitrust proceedings.

He was in the midst of these cases when he removed to New York and began the private practice of law.

Bonaparte's Resolve.

Napoleon entered the clubhouse with a frown a foot deep on his forehead, and a temper not fit for publication.

"Mille tonnerres!" he ejaculated. "If I ever play golf with Baron Munchausen again, may I end my days on the island of St. Helena."

"What's the matter with Munch, Boney?" asked Caesar, looking up from his asbestos copy of the congressional record.

"You get nothing but bad lies all over the links," retorted the emperor.—Lippincott's.

BREAKS A COLD IN A DAY

And Cures any Cough that is Curable. Noted Physician's Formula.

This is said to be the most effective remedy for coughs and colds known to science. "Two ounces Glycerine; half ounce Concentrated Pine; Put these into half a pint of good whiskey and use in doses of a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful every four hours. Shake bottle well each time." Any druggist has these ingredients in stock or will quickly get them from his wholesale house. The Concentrated Pine is a special pine product and comes only in half ounce vials each enclosed in an air tight case: But be sure it is labeled "Concentrated." This formula cured hundreds here last winter.

GOING UP!

"You haven't any work now?"

"No, I'm just waiting. I began by opening cab doors. Then I opened the doors of motor cars. Now I'm waiting till the aeroplanes are ready."

NO GOLFING THAT DAY, BUT—

Evidently Papa Had Not Neglected Other Pastime That Seems Somehow to Go with It.

It was customary for Perkins, on leaving his office at noon Saturday, to spend the afternoon joyously outdoors, engrossed with golf balls and highballs. Being a clever chap, he was a champion in both pastimes. On one Saturday, however, he was compelled to spend the whole day disposing of pressing business matters.

His wife and little daughter, as usual, were awaiting him on the porch. "No game to-day," he explained to Mrs. Perkins, as the little one rushed impulsively into his arms, and he picked her up and kissed her.

"No game to-day," he repeated.

Miss Margerie sniffed the air and said:

"Wel, papa, you do smell awfully of golf!"

EPIDEMIC OF ITCH IN WELSH VILLAGE

"In Dowlais, South Wales, about fifteen years ago, families were stricken wholesale by a disease known as the itch. Believe me, it is the most terrible disease of its kind that I know of, as it itches all through your body and makes your life an inferno. Sleep is out of the question and you feel as if a million mosquitoes were attacking you at the same time. I knew a dozen families that were so affected.

"The doctors did their best, but their remedies were of no avail whatever. Then the families tried a druggist who was noted far and wide for his remarkable cures. People came to him from all parts of the country for treatment, but his medicine made matters still worse, as a last resort they were advised by a friend to use the Cuticura Remedies. I am glad to tell you that after a few days' treatment with Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent, the effect was wonderful, and the result was a perfect cure in all cases.

"I may add that my three brothers, three sisters, myself and all our families have been users of the Cuticura Remedies for fifteen years. Thomas Hugh, 1650 West Huron St., Chicago, Ill., June 29, 1909."

The Ruling Passion.

An old Irish woman, in describing a "gone but not forgotten," said: "Mike was the foine man entoirely and he'd be living now, if it wasn't for the dhrink. He had a dog and sure that baste would bring him home from the saloon whin he was so blind wid liquor he couldn't see a step before him. And whin he died—'tis the truth I'm shpaking—his ghost walked at night, both back and foorth, betune the saloon and his house—and bedad 'twas so dhrunk his dog knew him!"

Free to Our Readers.

Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48-page Illustrated Eye Book Free. Write all about Your Eye Trouble and they will advise as to the Proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedies in Your Special Case. Your Druggist will tell you that Murine Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and sells for 50c. Try It in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

Slight Error.

"Nevertheless," said the young Roman, "he is an ambitious poet. He would serve the muses all his life."

"But," replied his elder, "he makes the mistake of supposing that Bacchus is one of the muses."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the
Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Awful Thought.

"When I leave here I shall have to depend on my brains for a living."

"Don't take such a pessimistic view of things."—Cornell Widow.

We are not to blame because you suffer from Rheumatism or Neuralgia, but you are if you do not try Hamlins Wizard Oil. It quickly soothes and allays all pain, soreness and inflammation.

Enough Said.

"Do you ever dress in a cold room?"

"Well, I married a Boston girl."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Interesting Problem.

Knicker—New brooms sweep clean.

Socker—Will new vacuums, also?

DAVIS' PAINKILLER
should be taken without delay when sore chest and tickling throat warn you that an annoying cold threatens. At all druggists in 25c, 35c and 50c bottles.

Men who have advice to give are never stingy with it.

A Modest Doctor.

While on his vacation, a city doctor attended the Sunday morning service at a little country church. When the congregation was dismissed several of the members shook hands with him, and one, wishing to learn if he were a Methodist, inquired: "Are you a professor, brother?"

"Oh, no, indeed," answered the physician, modestly; "just an ordinary doctor."—Lippincott's.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Slightly Altered.

"All the world's a stage."

"And most of the men and women merely supers."—Cleveland Leader.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Occasionally a girl discovers that the young man after her own heart isn't after it at all.

WESTERN CANADA

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, says:

"The stream of emigrants from the United States to Canada will continue."

Senator Dolliver recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and says: "There is a land hunger in the hearts of English speaking people; this will account for the removal of so many Iowa farmers to Canada. Our people are pleased with its Government and the excellent administration of law, and they are coming to you in tens of thousands, and they are still coming."

Iowa contributed largely to the 70,000 American farmers who made Canada their home during 1909. Field crop returns alone during year added to the wealth of the country upwards of

$170,000,000.00

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts, 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Government Agent:

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) (3)

DEFIANCE STARCH for starching finest linens.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 5-1910.

Strong Healthy Women

If a woman is strong and healthy in a womanly way, motherhood means to her but little suffering. The trouble lies in the fact that the many women suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism and are unfitted for motherhood. This can be remedied.

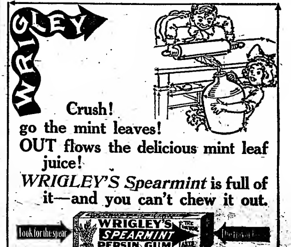
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Cures the weaknesses and disorders of women. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in motherhood, making them healthy, strong, vigorous, virile and elastic.

"Favorite Prescription" banishes the indispositions of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It quickens and vitalizes the feminine organs, and insures a healthy and robust baby. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits.

It Makes Weak Women Strong. It Makes Sick Women Well.

Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this *non-secret* remedy. It contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. Is a pure glyceric extract of healing, native American roots.



Crush!
go the mint leaves!
OUT flows the delicious mint leaf juice!
WRIGLEY'S Spearmint is full of it—and you can't chew it out.

Stops Neuralgia Pains

The shooting, tearing pains of neuralgia are caused by excitement of the nerves. Sciatica is also a nerve pain.

Sloan's Liniment, a soothing external application, stops neuralgia pains at once, quiets the nerves, relieves that feeling of numbness which is often a warning of paralysis, and by its tonic effect on the nervous and muscular tissues, gives permanent as well as immediate relief.

One Application Relieved the Pain.

Mr. J. C. Lee, of 1100 Ninth St., S. E., Washington, D. C., writes:—"I advised a lady who was a great sufferer from neuralgia to try Sloan's Liniment. After one application the pain left her and she has not been troubled with it since."

Sloan's Liniment

is the best remedy for Rheumatism, Stiff Joints and Sprains and all Pains.

At All Druggists. Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00.

Sloan's Treatise on the Horse sent Free. Address

DR. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.

"California Now or Never!"

If ever you wished for a home in California send for free information about the greatest irrigation, colonizing and home-making enterprise ever undertaken. In addition to their great success in irrigating 400,000 acres in the Twin Falls Country, Idaho, the Kuhns are irrigating 260,000 acres in the Sacramento Valley. Send names of friends. Easy terms to settlers. We want you. Send 10c for 48-page book in colors. H. L. Hollister, Dept. K, 205 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

FREE We Will Send Upon Application to Every Farmer FREE
PROF. THOMAS SHAW'S Directions for Planting Garden, Flower and Field Seeds in our Catalogue of Home Grown Seed
NORTHERN SEED CO., Seed Growers. 11th St., Valley City, N. D.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality
VALENTINES
and Valentine Post Cards
Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Mittwer's ad.

Read Spillane's new ad.

For Sale—Good work mare.
f3 Mrs. Hall.

Rev. Fr. Veilleux of Terrebonne was in town Tuesday.

Big values for little money—13 cents—at the Sunshine.

13 cent sale at the Sunshine will continue for another week.

D. B. Bokke, the Thief River Falls banker, was in town Monday.

Attorney E. M. Stanton of Thief River Falls was in town Monday.

Ed. Bray of Grand Forks was in town from Friday until Monday.

Mrs. Eugene Benoit of Bovey is visiting with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Garceau returned from their wedding trip yesterday.

Max Ingbar will go to the cities tomorrow to purchase goods for the spring trade.

A number of young people will go to St. Hilaire tomorrow evening to attend the mask ball.

James Powers of Wylie was in town Monday and went to Crookston for treatment at a hospital.

Freund's orchestra will go to St. Hilaire tomorrow evening to furnish music for a mask ball.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson spent several days out on the reservation last week posting numerous ditch notices.

Supt. H. F. Anderson has gone to Thief River Falls and is conducting the teachers' examinations in that city.

For Sale—1 choice breeding ram, 2 yr. old and weighing 185 lb. Call or write—C.E. Naplin, R. F. D. No. 1, Wylie, Minn. F10

Charley Bourdon has returned to Red Lake Falls, the Soo survey on which he was employed having been completed.

The Gazette has a new correspondent at Brooks. News from Brooks will be a regular feature of the paper in the future.

On Tuesday evening the members of the Forresters lodge and guests enjoyed a dance at the lodge rooms

I Will Sell All Of My
Dishes
Notions
Jewelry
Groceries
Fancy Pipes
Toilet Articles
Musical Instruments at
25 Per Cent Discount
Have Just Received 500 Pounds of Kisses That Will Sell at 16c a lb.
All Christmas toys will go at cost. All kinds of fancy candies and candy boxes, and a new line of Christmas and New Year postals and leather post card albums.
FREUND'S

See Chas. E. Boughton for Fire Insurance.

Don't neglect your fire insurance. See Boughton.

Alcid Morrissette of Plummer was in town Saturday.

Miss Freda Ittner, who teaches at Mentor, was at home over Sunday.

Miss Olive Zaiser visited with friends at Thief River Falls Saturday.

C. C. Borgen of Wylie was attending to business matters in town today.

Water color paint sets and water color paper for sale at Schreiter's drug store.

Dan Carroll of Plummer was attending to business matters in town Saturday.

If you are walking with a man that wears a Gordon hat you are in good company.

Rudolph Holzmon left last evening on a visit to his old home in North Dakota.

Andrew Stenseth, a real estate man of Thief River Falls, was in town Tuesday.

Miss Josephine Larimore of Crookston was the guest this week of Mrs. Jos. Miller.

Jos. Boutin was attending to business matters in the county capitol Saturday.

Frozen fish, herring, mackerel, salmon, trout, in fact, anything you want in the fish line can be had at The Big Store.

Don't take chances on fire yourself. Let the insurance companies do that. That's what they are for. Get a policy from Boughton.

In the spring time it is necessary to keep your feet dry. Ball Brand rubbers will do it. We guarantee them to please.—The Big Store.

Ready for that new hat yet? You won't be in style if you don't wear a Gordon. All shapes, styles and colors. The blue will be good this spring.—The Big Store.

This is the time of the year fires happen. If you want to be safe get a fire insurance policy from Chas. E. Boughton. Reliable company, small cost.

A number of the young friends of Miss Adolia Rose tendered her a surprise party Monday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent by the young people.

A number of the young people enjoyed a dance at M. W. A. hall last Friday evening. The affair was managed by some of the young ladies and it is said to have been the "swellest ever."

The insurance companies will bet you one hundred dollars against fifty cents that you wont have a fire. Isn't that odds enough? Put your money up with Chas. E. Boughton and get an insurance policy for their hundred.

S. M. Owen, editor of Farm, Stock and Home and a member of the board of regents of the state university, died at Minneapolis late yesterday afternoon. Mr. Owen was the Farmers' Alliance nominee for governor in 1890 and the Populist nominee in 1894.

Go to The Big Store for your Misses' shoes. Utz & Dunn's Misses' shoes are like their Ladies' shoes—the best and most stylish shoes made. But if you want something cheaper get Godman's $1.25 to $1.75 for 11 to 2. 60c to $1.25 for 6 to 11. And they have plenty of quality at that.

YOU OUGHT TO READ
DULUTH HERALD
EVERY DAY!
IF YOU DO NOT, YOU ARE MISSING THE BEST NEWS MEDIUM IN THE NORTHWEST.
Read a few issues and be convinced. Send us your name and address and we will forward sample copies. They will help you get acquainted. The price by mail is 35 cents a month or three months for $1.00. Now is the time to join The Heralds Happy Family of satisfied readers.
ADDRESS
HEAD CIRCULATION DEPARTMENT, DULUTH, MINN.

A large number of people partook of the fine supper served by the ladies of the Presbyterian church last evening.

A number of her friends tendered Mrs J. F. Gray a surprise party at her home Tuesday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent.

When in town don't forget to have that can filled with genuine red oil. Not common colored kerosene.—Mittwer's Hardware.

Mrs. G. A. Knokel, after visiting with relatives and friends here and at Terrebonne for two weeks, left Monday for her home at Fertile.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, on Feb. 7, for one day. Eyes Examined. Glasses Fitted.

Mr. and Mrs. Pillau from Cardinal, Manitoba, are visiting with Mrs. Pillau's sister, Mrs. J. B. Demarais. They will remain for about two weeks.

Just put in a full line of Richardson's embroidery silks. Big bargain. Pillow tops and centre pieces. Be sure to give us a call. Mrs. Wm. Zaiser.

For that rusty milk can use Neal's Aluminum Enamel. Paint it inside and out. Your neighbor uses it, why not you? 25c 50c 85c —Mittwer's Hardware.

We want to list a few more good farms; if you desire to sell your farm this year, let us sell it for you. Give us a call.—V. M. Higinbotham Land Company. 19-20

All my horses had distemper just before seeding. I fed them Bjorgo's Condition Powder and used them every day in seeding. They came out fine.—John McGovern. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

The ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church will serve an oyster supper in the Boughton building on main street on the evening of St. Valentine's day, Feb. 14. Supper will be served from 5 until 9 o'clock.

Wm. Beausoleil, who has been employed at railroad construction work on the new Soo east of Plummer for the past four months, was in Red Lake Falls from Friday until Monday. He made the trip by team.

Lost—Large female St. Bernard dog. Weight 140 lbs. Liver colored with white ring around neck, left shoulder white, tip of tail white and white strip in face. Return dog to Bourdon's livery barn for reward.

Teachers' examinations are being conducted at the high school building. Examinations in first grade subjects are being written today and those in second grade subjects will be written tomorrow and Saturday. Supt. L. V. Koos is in charge.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. Frank E. Hunt next Wednesday afternoon. Business meeting at three o'clock. A ten cent lunch will be served at 4:30 until all are served. All members are requested to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Laurent, Mr. and Mrs. Louis St. Yves, Mr. and Mrs. Delphis Champeau and Mr. Mrs. Joseph Laurent went to Crookston Monday evening to attend a dinner and reception given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Munn who were married Monday morning.

Rev. W. B. Auger of Braddock, N. Dak., who occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian church last Sunday morning and evening, is spending the week in Red Lake Falls. He will conduct services at the church again next Sunday at 11 o'clock in the morning and at 7:30 in the evening.

The musicale given by the pupils of Sister Cecilia at the Bijou theatre Monday evening was a delightful affair. The young people played with an accuracy that indicated that they are receiving careful and competent instruction. About two hundred of the friends of the young people were present and for them it was a delightful evening.

The local M. B. A. lodge, always socially enterprising, will give an "All Nations" dance on Monday evening Feb. 7. It will be a dance for members of the order and guests only, and those attending must wear clothing representative of some nation or country. Prizes will be given for the best representative costume. An interesting time is assured.

The meeting called for last Friday night at Carl O. Elg's residence to listen to County Superintendent H. F. Anderson speak on the graded school question, was well attended by the people living in the four districts, and while there was no action taken towards consolidating the four districts, Mr. Anderson's talk was the means of making the most of those present see the advantages of such a consolidation as soon as we get roads so that the children can be transported at less expense.—Erie Eleven Towns.

IT IS A GOOD RULING

Rural Mail Carriers are Not Required to Take Loose Coins From Mail Boxes

The post office department has just made a ruling that will interest patrons of rural routes. After Feb. 15, rural mail carriers will not be required to take loose coins from mail boxes and after that date packages deposited in mail boxes, with the money for payment of postage buried in the snow or hidden in some corner of the mail box, will not be delivered. The following communication was received from the fourth assistant postmaster general who is at the head of the division of rural delivery:

"In view of the extent to which practice of placing loose coins in boxes by rural patrons has grown, and the delay in the delivery and collection of mail and the hardship imposed on rural carriers incident thereto, you are informed that, commencing February 15, proximo, rural letter carriers will not be required to collect loose coins from rural mail boxes.

"Patrons should enclose coins in an envelope, wrap them securely in a piece of paper, or deposit them in coin-holding receptacle, so they can be easily and quickly taken from boxes, and carriers will be required to lift such coins, and, where accompanied by mail for dispatch, attach the requisite stamps."

The Royal Neighbors will give a box social and dance at Woodman hall this evening. A general invitation to attend the dance is extended.

You remember what a bright, sunshiny day yesterday was? There is no doubt that the groundhog saw his shadow and went scooting into his hole. And it is colder today, isn't it? You may not believe in signs, but you'll have to accept conditions as they are. Better buy an extra ton of coal and be prepared for six weeks more of winter.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz and D. Patterson of St. Hilaire were in town Monday and went from here to Mayfield to view some county ditch work. Mr. Martz being the engineer in charge of the work and Mr. Patterson one of the viewers appointed by the county board. At this time Mr. Martz has a crew of men in Star township on the preliminary survey of a big system of county ditches, the establishment of which people of the reservation township are petitioning for.

Notice of Sale of Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the county of Red Lake will issue its bonds for the construction of a court house in the amount of thirty seven thousand dollars, ($37,000), due twenty years from date of issue, bearing interest at not to exceed 5½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, bonds and interest payable at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, bonds to be issued in denominations of one thousand dollars each, accompanied by interest coupons.

Bids are invited for the purchase of said bonds. The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor of said county, at the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to open and consider bids for said bonds, and to negotiate the sale of said bonds.

All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of meeting, and be accompanied by a certified check for $500.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, January 22, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.01
Durum Wheat	.87½
Rye	.65
Oats	.38
Flax	2.02
Barley	.49
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.30
Butter, dairy	.25

Optimistic.

Some time ago there was a flood in western Pennsylvania. An old fellow who had lost nearly everything he possessed was sitting on the roof of the house as it floated along, when a boat approached.

"Hello, John."

"Hello, Dave."

"Are your fowls all washed away, John?"

"Yes, but the ducks can swim," replied the old man.

"Apple trees gone?"

"Well, they said the crop would be a failure, anyhow."

"I see the flood's away above your window."

"That's all right, Dave. Them winders needed washin', anyhow."—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Editor's Sally.

City Editor—What do you mean by saying in this robbery story that "Brown was knocked down and relieved of a hundred dollars?" Were you ever robbed yourself?

New Reporter—No, sir.

City Editor—That accounts for it. If you'd been robbed you wouldn't describe the loss of a hundred dollars as a relief!

Merely Anticipated.

"I lost all my money during the recent panic."

"Yet you seem cheerful."

"Yes; Christmas would have trimmed me, anyhow."

Commissioners' Proceedings.

Continued From First Page.

sum of $850 be allowed in full.

Commissioners voting aye: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Commissioners voting nay: Johnson and Anbol.

A communication was presented to the county board by James Brady authorizing the board to cancel and annul the contract for the building of the court house; same was duly filed.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann who moved its adoption, which motion was seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Whereas, under the recent decision of the Supreme court it has become possible for the county to provide and expend a larger sum of money for the erection of a court house than was formerly held available, and we deem it necessary and advisable and for the best interests of the county that a better and more suitable court house be erected than was provided for in the contract heretofore let to James Brady, contractor, on or about Sept. 14th, 1909, and, whereas, the said James Brady has abandoned his said contract with the county providing for the erection of a court house, and has consented to the cancellation of the same, as appears from the files of the county auditor's office, and the instrument in writing signed by said Brady duly presented to this board: Therefore,

Be It Resolved, That the abandonment and cancellation and offer of cancellation of said contract to build a court house by said James Brady, be, and the same is hereby accepted; and be it further resolved, that the contract for building a county court house at Red Lake Falls made between the county of Red Lake and James Brady on or about Sept. 14th, 1909, be, and the same is hereby cancelled and annulled as to its whole uncompleted and unexecuted portion, and said James Brady and the sureties on his bond are discharged and relieved from further performance thereof.

Upon a vote being had, the following commissioners voted in favor of the adoption of said resolution: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners Johnson and Anbol not voting.

Whereupon the chairman declared the said resolution duly adopted.

Commissioner Demann offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Resolved, that for the construction of a county court house of Red Lake county, we adopt the first set of plans and specifications heretofore filed in the office of the county auditor, purchased of Architect Fremont D. Orff, said plans and specifications to be used as a basis of bids for the letting of a contract to construct a court house.

Commissioners voting aye: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Commissioners voting nay: Johnson and Anbol.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution duly adopted.

Commissioner Demann offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, which motion was seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Whereas, the court house of the county of Red Lake was wholly destroyed by fire in April, 1909, and ever since said time, and at present the county does not own, possess or have a county court house of any nature or description and has no means of properly accommodating its officers, and we believe a court house to be a public necessity, therefore:

Be it resolved that this board take immediate steps to provide for the construction of a suitable court house to be paid for out of the proceeds of a sale of the court house bonds of the county in the amount of Thirty-seven thousand ($37000) dollars, and to that end, be it further resolved, that this board of county commissioners meet at the office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of February A. D. 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M., there to receive sealed bids for the construction of a county court house at the county seat according to the first set of plans and specifications purchased by the county from Architect Orff and now on file in the office of the county auditor and to award the construction thereof pursuant to law, and, resolved further that due notice of the time and place and purpose of such meeting be given by the county auditor by publication for three weeks in the official paper of the county to-wit: the Gazette, and by posting for fifteen days in the city of Red Lake Falls.

Upon a vote being had thereon Commissioners Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist voted aye and Commissioners Johnson and Anbol voted nay.

Whereupon the chairman declared said resolution adopted.

Commissioner Demann offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, which motion was seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Whereas, the court house of the county of Red Lake was wholly destroyed by fire in April, 1909, and ever since said time and at present the said county does not own, possess or have a county court house of any nature or description whatever and has no means of properly accommodating its officers and we deem it to be a public necessity that this board provide for the construction of a courthouse;

And, whereas, we have ascertained and determined that a suitable court house cannot be constructed for a less sum than Thirty-seven thousand dollars,

And, Whereas the county has no funds available or on hand to pay for the construction of a court house, and no means of providing said funds except by issuing and negotiating the sale of the bonds of the county, therefore,

Be it Resolved, that the bonds of the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota be issued and negotiated in the aggregate sum of Thirty-seven thousand dollars ($37000) for the purpose of building a county court house at the county seat of said county.

That said bonds be issued and of denominations as follows: thirty-seven bonds of one thousand dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of not to exceed five and one-half per cent per annum (rate of interest to be determined by the board from the bid accepted) principal and interest payable at the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota; principal payable twenty (20) years from date of issue, interest payable semi-annually, interest to be evidenced by interest coupons attached to the respective bonds;

That the said bonds be negotiated and sold as provided by law for not less than their par value and that the proceeds of the issuance and the sale of same shall be used for the purpose of building a county court house at the county seat in and for said county and for no other purpose. And the chairman of the board of county commissioners and the county auditor of the said county are hereby authorized, ordered and directed to prepare, sign, seal and execute and issue said bonds and interest coupons in the manner provided by law, on behalf of said county and to that end;

DIPSHINE
FOR CLEANING YOUR SILVERWARE
JUST DIP IT; THAT'S ALL
NO ACID NO POISON
NO RUBBING
25c 25c
MITTWER'S Hardware

Be it Further Resolved that the board of county commissioners meet at the office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to open and consider bids for and to negotiate the sale of the aforesaid bonds of said county and to do such other and further business as shall be then deemed necessary, and

Resolved Further, That due notice of such meeting, its time, place and purpose and inviting bids for said bonds be given by the county auditor, by publication of such notice in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, the official paper of said county, and in the St. Paul Dispatch, published at St. Paul, Minnesota, for two full weeks prior to such meeting.

Upon a vote being had upon said resolution the following commission is voted aye: Demann, Lindquist and Pigeon, the following commissioners voted nay: Johnson and the following commissioner Anbol not voting.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution duly adopted.

A meeting of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, is hereby called and ordered to be held at the office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. of said day for the purpose of receiving bids for and negotiating the sale, of Thirty-seven thousand dollars court house bonds of said county pursuant to the resolution passed by the board at its meeting January 22nd, 1910, and for the further purpose of receiving and opening bids for, and awarding the contract for the construction of a county court house at the county seat of said county, and for such matters and the transaction of such other business as shall come before the board at that time.

Dated January 22nd 1910.

Wm. C. L. Demann, Com'r 2nd Dist.
Joseph Pigeon, Com'r. 5th Dist.
C. A. Lindquist, Com'r. 1st Dist.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishing misc proceedings and supplies for county offices 8-2 to 9-23, '09	$ 49.56
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. misc. proceedings and supplies for county offices 9-2 to 10-18 '09	60.33
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. misc. proceedings and supplies for county offices 10-18 to 12-13 '09	96.86
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. school petition	4.85
Prits & Cross, supplies for county offices (3 bills)	23.45
The Pioneer Co., 8,000 current tax receipts	70.80
Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	16.50
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, long distant phone calls	4.15
A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, 8 days [illegible]	[illegible]
Louis F. Dow, supplies for county offices	[illegible]
B. A. Swanson, phone calls	[illegible]
C. A. Lindquist, Com'r., 8 days member Board of Audit	[illegible]
First State Bank, City, rent of room for jury service	[illegible]
Henry Jonsen, Dep. Sheriff, exps. to State vs. Ole Thompson	[illegible]
A. L. Roy, to coal paper bill, clerk of court office	[illegible]
Peter Kolstad, Nov. and Dec. rent of room for county surveyor	[illegible]
H. E. Ives, postage as per vouchers	[illegible]
Duluth Brewing Co., to purchase price of lot 16, block 7, Langevin's Sub division of church lot in original townsite of Red Lake Falls, Minn., bought for court house site	[illegible]
Josie Doe, to purchase price of lot 9, block 1, of Langevin's Sub-division of church lot in original townsite of Red Lake Falls, Minn., bought for court house site	[illegible]
Theodore Garceau, trustee, to purchase price of lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 of block 1, in the original townsite of Red Lake Falls, Minn., over and above property received in exchange, said lot being bought for court house site	[illegible]
Adeline Brau, to purchase price of lots 11 and 12 of block 1, in Langevin's Sub-division of church lot in Red Lake Falls, Minn., bought for court house site	[illegible]
James Brady, excavation at court house site as per engineer's certificate	[illegible]
Glend Martz, ass't eng., 4 days at $3.50	[illegible]
and board Ditch No. 42	18.00
Glenn Martz, ass't eng., 4 days at $3.50 and board Ditch No. 42	18.00
Archie Whaley, 2 days as rodman acc. ditch No 41 and 4 days as rodman acc. ditch No. 38	15.00
Sever Olson, 2 days as chainman acc. ditch No. 41 and 4 days as chainman acc. ditch No. 38	12.00
Gunder Asbjornson, 4¼ days board for engineering party, four men and team at $5.00 per day	21.25
C. H. Martz, livery acc. ditch No. 39	3.50
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineering and board acc. ditch No. 42	6.00
C. H. Martz, 9 days livery at $4.00 per day acc. ditch No. 42	36.00
C. H. Martz, 4 days livery at $4.00 per day acc ditch No. 38	16.00
C. H. Martz, 2 days livery at $4.00 per day acc. ditch No. 41	8.00
C. H. Martz, 4 days engineering and 3 days board ditch No. 42	23.00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineering and expenses acc. ditch No. 10	6.20
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceeding acc. ditch No. 40	7.88
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceedings acc. ditch 43	7.50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceedings acc. ditch 39	7.50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceedings acc. Ditch 38	10.88
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceedings acc. Ditch 41	7.26
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r Proceedings acc. ditch 42	5.63
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceedings acc. ditch No 38	9.15
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceeding acc. ditch No. 42	8.25
Red Lake Falls Gazette, notice of hearing on petition, Pub. Com'r. Proceedings and sale of ditch job acc. ditch No. 37	18.33
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. Com'r. Proceeding and sale of ditch job acc. ditch No 35	10.30
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. petition for ditch, Nesja No. 39	10.15
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. petition for ditch, Peterson, No. 48	7.25
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. petition for ditch, Laitmare, No. 40	7.98
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. petition for ditch, Brown, No. 43	8.60
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. engineers report and proceedings, meeting 11-6, Terrebonne ditch No. 2, (Rev)	7.01
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. engineers report and proceedings, meeting 11-27, Thief River Falls ditch No. 1, (Rev)	6.63
Red Lake Falls Gazette, 800 ditch notices acc. ditches Nos. 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42	6.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette 200 ditch notices acc. Terrebonne ditch No. 2 and Thief River Falls ditch No. 1, (Rev)	1.50

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board County Commissioners, Red Lake County Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and ex-officio
(Seal) Clerk of the Board.

WYLIE.

Dave Collins and K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire were business callers here Saturday.

Miss Lene Eckstein returned from Grand Forks Thursday.

Willis Warring of Stiener took in the mask ball and made a short visit with friends and relatives.

Pat Fox returned Monday from St. Hilaire after a two weeks vacation.

T. P. Smidesang was a caller at Red Lake Falls Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nick Eckstein took the overland route to Crookston Sunday for a few days visit with relatives.

Melin Bros. shipped four cars of hay out of here Friday.

Albert Kolp of St. Hilaire was a caller here Friday.

Mike Ault of Bray visited friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Miller returned from Lake Preston, S. D., Thursday.

C. G. Borgen returned from the Twin Cities Wednesday.

Jim Dreelan was a caller at St. Hilaire Friday.

RELIEF OR MONEY BACK
Z-MEX-O
Guaranteed to give relief in all cases of Eczema, Hives, Pimples, Saltrheum, Ringworm and all other skin diseases.
Should be one of your household necessities. Cures Dandruff in two or three treatments.

Read This Voluntary Testimonial
August 6, 1909.
Gentlemen: At the suggestion of a friend I commenced using Z-MEX-O for eczema of the face some four months ago. The improvement was noticeable from the start and after a bill of two bottles cured and there was no recurrence of the trouble. I am fully satisfied that you have a splendid remedy and it should be a boon to thousands of people who are annoyed with eczema or scrofulous affections.
Yours truly,
John E. King,
State Librarian,
St. Paul, Minn.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY FEBRUARY 10, 1910.

VOL. XXVII—NO. 20

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NEARLY HALF MILLION ON DEPOSIT

Local Banking Institutions are Making Great Showing of Business.

$475,000 on Deposit—Brooks Bank Makes Good Showing.

The quarterly statements of the First State Bank and the Merchants State Bank published in this issue of the Gazette contain some interesting information. The reports show that there is on deposit nearly a half million dollars in the banking institutions, the figures showing that actual deposits amount to more than $475,000. These figures indicate a very satisfactory condition of affairs in southern Red Lake county.

The First State Bank at the little village of Brooks also makes a fine showing in the statement published in this issue. There is on deposit in that bank over $60,000 and the report shows that the bank is doing a flourishing business.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall Jan. 20, 1910

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Roll call. Aldermen all present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Carl Krueger, for service on hose, etc.,	$2.50
Samuel Gibeau, Judge of Election, Special	3 90
W. A. Schreiter, supplies	3 10
W. A. Schreiter, Phone Oct. Nov. Dec. 1909, Jan. 1910	6 00

Motion made by Hunt seconded by Salley that the rebatement of taxes by Mary Kissinger on lot 6, block 61, located in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls be granted. Motion duly carried.

Motion made by Crompe seconded by Hennings that the application of Miltner Hardware Co. to move the warehouse from the rear of the building now occupied by them to the rear of the Duffy building, now occupied by Gareeau & Rupertus also permission to build an addition to same providing same is covered with sheet iron to comply with fire ordinance be granted. Motion carried.

Hunt offered the following resolution.

Resolved, that the bid of King & Baker for city printing at the rate of 50 cents per folio for first publication and 23 cents per folio for each subsequent publication for the year 1910 be accepted and that the Red Lake Falls Gazette be designated as the official paper for the year 1910. Seconded by Sally.

All aldermen voting in the affirmative.

Hunt offered the following resolution seconded by Salley:

Resolved that the salary of the chief of police shall be $720 per annum, payable in monthly payments, and that the police officer in consideration of the above named salary shall take proper care of the city hall, fire engine and apparatus and perform such other services as shall be required by the city council.

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted aye: Salley, Hunt and Hennings. Nay: Crompe.

Hennings offered the following resolution, seconded by Crompe:

Resolved that the city health officer be paid on the following basis: Visits, $1.50; quarantining, $2.00; and fumigating $5.00, and that no payment shall be made to him except on verified bills presented and passed on by the council.

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted aye: Crompe, Salley, Hunt and Hennings. Nay: None

Salley offered the following resolution, seconded by Hennings:

Resolved that the city physician be paid on the following basis: Visits, $1.50, and no payment shall be made to him except on verified bills presented and passed on by the city council.

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted aye: Hennings, Hunt, Crompe and Salley. Nay: None.

Salley offered the following resolution seconded by Crompe:

Resolved that the mayor be authorized to appoint an assistant policeman at a salary of $15 00 per month.

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted aye: Crompe, Hunt, Salley and Hennings. Nay: None

On motion duly carried meeting adjourned.

Simon Paul, President.

Approved this 25th day of Jan 1910. J. A. Duffy,
Attested: Frank Brouillet, Mayor
City Clerk.

Regular meeting of the city council held in the city hall Feb. 3, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul

Roll call. All aldermen present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved

On motion duly carried the bills of Jules Kuhl and Peter Berry were allowed at the rate of $1.50 per day.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

John Drier, salary as firewarden Oct. to Dec. 1909	$9.00
Otto Zaiser, street work	8 25
John Deforge, street work	1.00
Peter Berry, street work	1.50
Julius Kuhl, street work	7.50

On motion duly carried the appointment of Clem Brunelle as assistant marshal, by the mayor commencing Feb. 1st at a salary of $15.00 per month was confirmed.

The application of T. H. Robillard was ordered filed and advertised.

On motion duly carried the reduction in value on R. H. Bourdon's automobile from $400 to $200 was recommended.

Frank Brouillet tendered his resignation as city clerk which was duly accepted.

On motion duly carried to ballot for city clerk. Result of ballot: Joseph Perrault, 4 votes; R. Poirier 1 vote. Perrault receiving the majority of votes was declared elected city clerk.

Moved by Salley seconded by Crompe that the chief of police be instructed to remodel the cells in the city hall with as little expense as possible. Motion carried.

On motion duly carried John Deforge was appointed poundmaster. The president appointed Salley and Hunt as fire committee.

On motion duly carried meeting adjourned.

Simon Paul, President.

Approved this 8th day of Feb. 1910. J. A. Duffy,
Attest: Frank Brouillet, Mayor.
City Clerk.

It is said that the sleighing is getting poor. The warm weather has caused the snow to melt considerable and the dirt that was mixed with the snow is left on the surface of the roads. Today's snow storm will be a good thing for the roads.

THAT ST. HILAIRE SKIMMING STATION

Its Record is a Great One and Tells Story of Prosperity.

That's the Creamery Located "Seven Miles South of Thief River Falls."

The nerve of the Thief River reporter to the daily press is something to marvel at if not admire. He certainly does go the limit. His last story is one telling of the record of the Thief River Falls creamery for the year 1910. It is a good record and is worth talking about.

He purports to make his story one about the remarkable growth of dairying in Red Lake county. He says there are several good creameries in the county, which is true, and one "south of Thief River Falls some seven miles," that has made a good record also. Wouldn't that make you smile! Why not dignify that dinky skimming station with a name even if it isn't located at the north end metropolis? The St. Hilaire creamery happens to be the banner institution of the kind in Red Lake county.

During the past year the St. Hilaire creamery has paid to its patrons $75,000. That's about $25,000 more than any other creamery has paid, and there are some good creameries in Red Lake county, including the one located at Thief River Falls.

PETIT JURORS

Drawn to Serve March 1910 General Term.

C. J. Borgan, Polk Centre.
A. J. Hemsted, Emardville.
Wilfred Buchant, Lambert.
J. S. Smith, North.
John O. Oas, Thief River Falls.
James Hince, Red Lake Falls.
Christ Person, Bray.
Christ Engvoldson, Gervais.
Ovide Emard, Red Lake Falls.
O. N. Urdahl, Goodrich.
J. A. Mickelson, R L Falls Twp.
Charlie Carlson, Wyandotte.
Anton Knutson, Reiner.
John Sorenson, Garnes.
P. S. Mitchell, Emardville.
Iver Johnson, Bray.
Oscar Carlson, Plummer.
C. O. Elg, Star.
Alfred Lindquist, Sanders.
Fred Soderberg, River Falls.
J. B. Marcotte, Louisville.
Marius Miller, Black River.
Henry, Lindblom, Bray.
John Payne, Clover Leaf.

PROPOSED ADDITION TO COURSE OF STUDY

Agriculture and Manual Training May be Added to High School Course.

Large Number of High Schools of State Have Added the Course.

At the last meeting of the board of education the question of adding a course in agriculture and manual training to the work offered to the students in the Red Lake Falls high school was discussed informally and so favorably impressed were the members of the board with the information at hand regarding such work in the public schools that it was decided to investigate the work being done in nearby schools where such courses are offered.

The schools at McIntosh, Ada, Warren and Crookston offer the work and the course is to be added at Thief River Falls next year. Dr. N. M. Watson and Dr. I. Lemieux of the board of education and Supt. L. V. Koos will visit some of these schools soon to make a study of the work being done.

Of the 206 high schools in the state 116 now offer courses in agriculture and manual training and the results have been so practical that people become enthusiastic over the work wherever it is being done. One of the practical results is that there is a much larger attendance of boys in the schools that have added the work. Many of the schools that are now offering the courses are much smaller than the Red Lake Falls school.

State Inspector Aiton, who is a practical school man and who does not believe in the public schools taking up impractical schemes, is a firm believer in the value of the course in agriculture and manual training. He believes that the public schools should offer to the young people of the state an opportunity to do this practical work. The value of the work lies not so much in the information acquired as in the interest aroused and the mental training received.

The Red Lake Falls people will certainly desire to keep up the standard of their schools and the Gazette believes that public sentiment will favor the establishment of a course in agriculture and manual training if the committee visiting the other schools find that practical work is being done. The expense of adding the course would not be great. It would be necessary to add one more teacher and to purchase some equipment for the work.

This is a question in which every one should be interested and there should a free discussion. The columns of the Gazette are open to any citizen who may wish to give expression to his opinions.

Mathews-Fournier.

Miss Obeline Mathews, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Mathews, and Theodore Fournier, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Fournier were married Monday morning. The wedding occurred at St. Joseph's church at 10 o'clock, Rev. Fr. Bosse officiating. It was a quiet wedding, only a few relatives being present. Following the ceremony a wedding dinner was served at the Fournier home after which there was a reception at the home of the bride's parents.

Mr. Fournier operates the cheese factory at Wylie and he and his bride have gone to housekeeping at Wylie. Many friends are glad of the opportunity to offer congratulations and best wishes.

NEW CITY CLERK.

Frank Brouillet Resigned, Jos. Perrault Appointed.

At the regular meeting of the city council held last Thursday evening Frank Brouillet tendered his resignation as city clerk. The resignation was accepted and Jos. Perrault was elected to fill the vacancy

Few Took Exams.

Only five applicants for appointment as census enumerators wrote the examination conducted in Red Lake Falls last Saturday. Those who wrote are E. G[illegible], Chas. Dougherty and Moses Bacharme of Red Lake Falls, Fred Richards of Dorothy and Fred Lorentson of Wylie.

About twenty Red Lake Falls people drove out to the home of Evangelist Quesnelle in Badger Saturday evening and spent the evening there.

PREPARING FOR THE TOURNEMENT

Firemen of Northwestern Minnesota to Meet at Bemidji.

Tournament Will be Held Last of June or Early in July.

Judge S. A. Swanson was the Red Lake Falls representative at the meeting of the executive committee of the Northwestern Firemen's Tournament association held at Crookston to make arrangements for the tournament to be held at Bemidji the last of June or early in July.

The committee decided to purchase another association banner to be contested for by the teams in the hook and ladder race. This banner, like the one offered in the hose race, will be the property of the association and will be held by the winners until the next contest only, unless that team wins that event at three successive tournaments.

The use of corked shoes by athletes in the teams is to be prohibited. This action was taken, it is said, to make the contests less dangerous. This change does not apply to men running behind the carts or to men in individual contests.

The athletes of the local fire department have not decided whether or not they will participate in the events at Bemidji next summer.

"INSURGENTS" ARE TO BE DISCIPLINED

Federal and State Administrations are Working in Harmony.

"Insurgents" Must be Good and Sing the Harmony Song.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, February 2—The governor's visit to Washington and his conference with President Taft resulted at least in their arriving at an understanding. The governor was no doubt sincere in reporting to the president the substance of popular insurgency and the gradual reconcilation of the people of the state to the tariff law enacted at the special session of congress. Nor is there room for doubt that that is to be the attitude of what may be designated as official Republicanism. One notices the trend among those Republicans who regard themselves as leaders and as a part of the structure of the Republican organization. Indeed in those sections where pains have already been taken to make the organization effective, as is some parts of the First District where the representative in congress recognizes that he has a fight on his hands, it has been given out cold that where honors are to be distributed they will only be awarded to those who are working in harmony with the organization. Others who persist in their insurgency will be disciplined.

Putting on the Screws.

That hereafter is to be the attitude at the state capitol where the word has gone out that it is part of the policy of the state administration that the local must work in harmony with the national administration. There may indeed be no effort outspokenly and above board to make the insurgents out of the Republican party. The program is to ignore them. Right along now the governor is likely to have minor places to fill. To secure one of them the aspirant must subscribe to the Taft policies. He must be reconciled to the Payne-Aldrich Tariff law, the Aldrich-Cannon leadership, and standpatter at least to the extent of recognizing in a tariff commission a compromise measure for which both wings of the Republican party may stand and work together to establish party harmony and party solidarity. If he persists that the tariff commission is no solution of the tariff at all—that its establishment is not a compliance with the pledges of the Republican platform—that the way to revise the tariff is to revise it downward; that a progressive Republican can expect no progress as long as congress is controlled by Aldrich and Cannon and the interests they represent—if in other words he is still unreconciled—he will be given quite plainly to understand that such an attitude cannot be officially countenanced and that those who assume it cannot hope to have weight in the party councils or share in the rewards due faithful service.

An Example of Discipline.

An apt illustration is given of what it means when the state and federal administrations are in concert is given in certain appointments that have been made in the Sixth Congressional district. That district is represented by Congressman Lindberg. He is an original insurgent; also he is persistent; also he is unreconstructed and unreconciled, having the notion that it is rather the duty of a congressman to represent his constituents than to take orders from party leaders. Congressman Lindberg's rival in the district is Ex-congressman Buckman whom he defeated. When a vacancy occured in the office of executive agent for the game and fish commission names of men in the Sixth District began to be mentioned. Among them was that of "Tug" Wilson of Royalton. He is known as a close friend of Congressman Lindberg. The organization people got wind of what was going on—among them Senator Alderman of the adjoining county of Crow Wing. Now Senator Alderman is in close touch with Senator Smith. He is, by the same token, a member of that influential organization known as the senate combine. He served in the senate during the time Eberhart was lieutenant governor and was known to be close to him. He presented the matter to the governor in the right way. Result: the appointment instead of being given to "Tug" Wilson, Lindberg's friend, was presented to H. A. Rider a Buckman partizan and an organization Republican.

The Federal Machine Co-operates.

That, however, was only half the game, the state's half. It was now up to the federal machine to get in its work; for the appointment of Rider the game and fish comissioner left vacant the office of deputy United States Marshall which he occupied. Mr. Lindberg was taught the lesson that it paid to be good and didn't pay to be bad when the vacant federal position in selecting an occupant for which he would be expected naturally to have some say, was handed over to his arch enemy Ex Congressman Buckman himself. Recalcitrant and unreconciled insurgents will do well to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Dragging the University into Politics.

Extraordinary pressure has been brought to bear during the past week on Governor Eberhart to induce him to discipline B. F. Nelson for the part he took in defeating the Republican machine candidate for president of the State Fair Association by displacing him on the board of regents of the State University. Really the open way in which he has been fought first by the state capitol officials and later by organization Republicans has made it impossible for Governor Eberhart not to appoint him without laying himself open to the charge of making a political football of the greatest of state educational institutions. However it may be authoritatively stated that Governor Eberhart has made up his mind in this matter not to yield to political pressure and that Mr. Nelson's reappointment is assured.

Other Vacancies.

There will be on March 1st other vacancies on the board of regents, one occasioned by the death of S. M. Owen and others by the expiration of the terms of C. A. Smith of Minneapolis and Pierce Butler of St. Paul. Mr. Smith will undoubtedly be reappointed. He is a Republican and a friend of the governor's friends. Webster Wheelock, the son of the late Joseph Wheelock, editor of the Pioneer Press is being pushed for Butler's place, and may get it, although powerful influences are being brought to bear in Mr. Butler's behalf. Who will succeed

Continued on Page 4

Subscribe for The Gazette.

BIG BOOSTER'S MEETING AT BEMIDJI

Notable Meeting Called for Next Thursday.—Work for Re-apportionment.

An Organization to Improve Conditions in Northern Minnesota.

A meeting of men of affairs in northern Minnesota is called to be held at Bemidji next Thursday, Feb. 17, and it is expected that the meeting will result in an organized effort to secure many things of which northern Minnesota is in need and no doubt nearly every county in northern Minnesota will be represented at the meeting.

The Duluth Evening Herald has the following to say editorially of the movement:

"Big things can be made to result from the proposed conference of northern Minnesota interests at Bemidji, Feb. 17 and 18. Whether the meeting effects a compact and resolute and aggressive organization for the common good of the communities of the northern two-thirds of the state, or results in a painful fiasco, depends upon the interest taken in it by the various communities, upon the character of the men they select to represent them, and upon the earnestness with which these men go about their work.

"When the meeting was announced, the Herald stated, without talking with any member of the Duluth Commercial club, that that body would be found alert and ready to do its share.' That statement has been borne out by the action of the club. Now if the other commercial clubs of northern Minnesota will take action equally effective, and if the county commissioners and legislative members will use their authority to appoint delegates and to pick men who will go and speak out in meeting, the Bemidji conference can make itself historic.

"Nor should it be forgotten at that meeting that the chief thing to be considered, and the first thing because without it nothing else will come, is reapportionment. Northern Minnesota must send to the next legislature a solid delegation of senators and representatives who will work for reapportionment first, last and all the time, and who will lay down the ultimatum that until a reapportionment bill has been passed no other measure shall become law. In that way, and in that way only, lies northern Minnesota's salvation."

CONCERT AT THE BIJOU

Band Will Give Fine Program on Evening of Washington's Birthday.

Manager Healy of the Red Lake Falls concert band informs the Gazette that the band boys will give another of their fine concerts at the Bijou theatre on Tuesday evening, Feb. 22. Director Brunelle is preparing a fine program and patrons of the concert are assured a fine entertainment. The program will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

EDUCATORS TO MEET

Entertainment for the Women Teachers at Moorhead.

All women teachers attending the Northwest Central Minnesota Educational Convention, which meets in Moorhead February 17th and 18th who desire to be lodged in the homes of Moorhead (free of charge) will please observe the following directions:

(1) Send your name and address on a government postal card to Mr. J. V. Godfrey, Chairman Commercial Club Committee.

(2) Indicate whether you desire lodging for Thursday or Friday night, or both.

(3) Indicate the hour and train of your arrival.

(4) If you have acquaintances among the householders of Moorhead, give the names of two or three.

The Commercial Club expects to be able to provide free accomodations for all the women teachers who apply in advance according to the directions just given. For obvious reasons, replies cannot be made to these applications, but reservations will be made in the order requests are received, and all who apply at once may expect to be entertained in the homes of Moorhead.

Edwin T. Rood, Secretary.

Personal Property Tax List.

Lambert.	
Asselin, Peter	$ 4 45
Asselin, Clophas	5 94
Boucher, Antoine	4 75
Boucher, Marie	1 95
Boucher, Adeler	5 79
Boucher, Simon	3 75
Boucher, Pierre	5 27
Boucher, Exaver	1 91
Bergeron, Joseph	8 85
Bernier, Alvida	3 83
Beaudoin, Joseph, Jr	7 70
Bernier, Simon	9 13
Bachand, Wilfred	1 12
Bachand, Antonia	2 78
Bourque, Urgele	10
Bergeron, Urgele	3 67
Boucher, Antonie	4 75
Boisvert, Michel	4 68
Boisvert, Charles	19
Bergaron, Alexis	12 21
Boucher, Pierre	4 69
Boucher, Adelor	6 79
Bernier, Louie	5 90
Belland, Louis	7 98
Cloutier, Dolphice	1 14
Charest, George	9 89
Clautier, Edward	1 00
Champagne, Levi	2 98
Dessailler, Gideon	2 72
Doanst, Alexander	7 59
Derry, Hugues	5 92
Doucet, Louis	4 85
Doucet & Leblance	23 46
Evenson, John	6 70
Erickson, Edw. O.	5 28
Falardeau, Joseph	5 79
Falardeau & Lambert	23 46
Fournier, Francis	8 23
Gibeau, Phillip	8 18
Groleau, Alfred	1 57
Hince, Adelor	1 59
Hoppel, George	3 99
Hart, William	2 66
Hince, Peter	8 48
Hince, Armenegile	6 79
Hince, Louis	15 13
Hickcox, David	20 45
Jean, Joseph	8 53
Langlois, Mrs. W.	3 55
Lambert, Armidas	5 58
Lambert, Arastide	7 20
Lambert, Alphonse F.	4 78
Lambert, Jos. F.	6 93
Lambert, Jos. A.	5 98
Lacoursiere, Phillip	7 80
Lacoursiere, Abraham	8 29
Lacoursiere, Francole	8 23
Lacoursiere, Hector	2 15
Lefebre, Joseph	8 79
Lefebre, Isidore	7 91
Lessard, Freddy	2 12
Lessard, Edward	8 88
Lajambe, Graspard	85
Lajambe, Charles	4 91
Marsonnette, Jos. P.	8 21
McGinty	8 47
Nash, Mathew	2 88
Plante, John	5 81
Pletz, John	93
Paquin, Abraham	24 43
Paquin, Edward	4 88
Robidoux & Parenteau	2 07
Robidoux Catrixte	5 85
Riel, Moise	5 33
Roerig, Peter	7 09
Riel, Frank	99
Ramsey, George	2 83
Turgson, A. F.	8 18
Torgerson, Torge	8 85
Varin, Jeremie	2 43
Westby, John	1 74
Wolf, Antony	1 99
Lajambe, Virginie	44
Varin, Remy	27
Varin, Done	08
Hickcox, D. A. L.	1 24
Drees, Nick	40
Lefebere, Hercule	18
Langlois, Adeline	52
Myer, Albert	32
Bark, Tilda A.	81
Lacoursiere, Willie	35
Poplar River.	
Beaudry, Euclid	$ 7 30
Berry, Louis	4 91
Bushes Bros.	8 99
Bray, Zotique	1 80
Brooks Creamery Assn.	5 98
Brooks Hdw. Co.	21 72
Bach, Wm.	1 55
Barrow, R.	5 08
Brown, Clarissa	9 88
Champagne, Peter	9 63
Corbeil, Joseph	5 73
Carriere, Stonielas	7 28
Champagne, Marlin	33 58
Cyr, Henry	14 13
Corbeil, Ormand	2 28
Cote, Henry	5 17
Childs, Clyde	2 89
Carlson, John	3 83
Carlson, Aron	1 20
Davis, Nora	3 59
Dion, Emery	4 78
Desotelle, Urick	2 66
Disslier, Marcel	5 40
Deymonaz Bros.	17 18
Desotelle, Sophia	19 43
Danilson, G. M.	5 93
Davis, J. H.	1 21
Davis, Clyde	2 12
Davis, G. S.	1 91
Dion, Dolphis	3 41
Demars, Olton	1 21
Fournier, Arthur	4 84
Fournier, Alexie	5 28
Fournier, Theophile	4 08
First State Bank of Brooks	188 11
Guerard, Ermiline	8 33
Gagner, Octave	7 89
Gauthier, Odilon	5 72
Halley, Henry	2 39
Hince, Wilfred	2 86
Herbert, Wm.	4 74
Herbert, John B.	9 00
Hallas, Charles	9 41
Homestead Elevator Co.	40 85
Juneau, Aleine	4 05
Kienast, H. J.	1 26
Langlois, Moise	1 17
Lefebvre, Rock	5 29
Lussier, Cyrtlie	15 89
Leraux, Paul	8 40
Leraux, Tennis	3 06
Laniel Arthur	69
Loesing, John	52
Mc Ginty, J. V.	6 19
Marcil, Joseph	5 43
Moreau, Thomas	4 67
Mc Knight, J. T.	12 88
Obin, Frank	2 14
Poirier, Gilbert	5 87
Paquin, Adelore	3 14
Preme, H. L.	20 31
Pumpont, Joseph	3 60
Pennington, W. S.	31 78
Perrus, Max	4 00
Prairie Elevator Co.	31 86
Premo, S. J.	4 88
Paradis, Dave	4 81
Paradis, Oliver	5 26
Pigeon, Joseph	8 78
Robidoux, Joseph	3 08
Robidoux, Narcisse	10 47
Sorenson, A. E.	98
Smith, W. H.	16 30
Selden Lbr. Co.	65 16
Schroeder, W.	19 19
Stahl, William	7 08
Tangus, Charles	9 07
Vagne, Wm.	1 53
Valencourt Haridas	88
Venderwaal, A.	14 15

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are Interested.

Foreign

An attendant of the Raggeoou sanitarium at Heidelberg, in charge of Dr. Freuhecrer, said that Dr. F. A. Cook had been staying at that institution for some time under the name of Gunther and that he left for Vienna. This, so far as, has been impossible of confirmation.

The American Red Cross society at Washington, having been notified by Robert Bacon, American ambassador in Paris, that contributions from this country to aid the flood sufferers in France would be acceptable, issued an appeal to the American public, asking that they contribute with their characteristic generosity.

The unionists gained another seat in the Southport division of Lancaster. Otherwise the few results before announced do not change the party strength. The newly elected members of parliament now stand: Unionists, 221; liberals, 202; laborites, 34; nationalists, 69.

President Madriz of Nicaragua issued a proclamation giving the details of the causes which have led to a renewal of hostilities. He refers to the offers of peace made to the revolutionists through Rear Admiral Kimball and their refusal to accept anything but complete recognition of the provisional government, and says questions must now be settled by arms.

According to a German consular report the Kobe-Akashi Electric Railway company, with a capital of $1,500,000, has been formed to build an electric railway from Kobe, Japan, to Akashi. The first five miles of the road is to be double track.

General.

Wealthy men of New York sat down to a dinner in which the menu was limited to vegetables and fruit.

The testimony of Louis R. Glavis in the Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry was full of interest.

Convicted members of the black hand were sentenced at Toledo to long terms of imprisonment.

The proposition to remove the speaker from the rules committee is being seriously agitated.

Complaint was made in the house that agriculture is being neglected in the interest of the army.

A senate committee decided to give limited hearings to the administration court of commerce bill.

Jackson Smith, vice president of the Oregon Trunk railway, died at Portland.

Mayor Gaynor of New York took his strongest stand yet against official extravagance when he announced that any head of a department who exceeded his budget allowance without sufficient cause would be removed.

The court at Hesaya, Nicaragua, acquitted General Medina, Prosecuting Attorney Salomon Selva and other members of the court martial, of responsibility for the illegal conviction and execution of the Americans Groce and Cannon.

National Committeeman Taggart of Indianapolis, Ind., who was accidentally shot by W. H. Morton, while hunting, will lose the sight of the right eye.

That Harry Kendall Thaw is a bankrupt and that his estate is subject to the United States bankruptcy laws is held by Referee William B.

If Ballinger is convicted it will be a victory for honesty and conservatism. If acquitted it will be a vindication for a much abused man.

The management of the postoffice Baron Komura gave assurance in the Japanese diet that relations with the United States were excellent. department was criticised by the management of the Butterick company.

A letter from Guadalajara asserts that Conductor Cook, who is in jail in Guadalajara, is failing rapidly under his close confinement.

President Taft cabled to Emperor William of Germany a birthday greeting.

Foodstuff exports last year fell off heavily as compared with the previous year.

General Paulino Godoy has been appointed inspector general of the Nicaraguan army.

President Taft has decided to pay a visit to Albany and Rochester, N. Y., some time in March and in both towns will deliver addresses.

The senate committee on irrigation will report a bill providing for a $30,000,000 bond issue to complete irrigation projects.

The United States Banking company at Mexico City suspended following its failure to make the clearing house settlement of the day's business.

Joseph A. Graham, a widely known editor and author, died at his home in Salisbury, Md. He was widely known in the west.

The wisdom of an international park on the United States-Canadian line is questioned in the senate.

George Harris, president of the Burlington railroad, has presented his resignation to the board of directors, and it will be accepted.

The Frankfurter Zeitung is informed that Dr. Frederick A. Cook has arranged for a strictly incognito stay at a sanitarium near Heidelberg.

Ambassador Straus presented Charles W. Fairbanks, former vice president of the United States, to the sultan of Turkey.

The will of the late D. Ogden Mills of New York disposes of his large estate by division equally between his son and daughter.

Senator Conger's exposing New York's state politics scandal is likely to win victory for direct primary system.

The new comet is traveling more than 120 miles per second according to Prof. Winslow Upton of Brown university.

The army appropriation bill has been completed by the senate committee on military affairs and will be reported at once. It will carry about $95,000,000.

The demurrer interposed by Robert E. Peary, discoverer of the north pole, in the action for desecration of the American flag, growing out of the display of the famous "north pole flag" at the Hudson-Fulton celebration, was sustained by Justice Lyon at Elmira, N. Y.

Directors of the International Harvester company at Chicago declared a stock dividend of 33⅓ per cent on the stock to holders of record on February 3.

The executive committee of the national education association announced that the forty-eighth annual convention would be held in Boston July 2 to 8, 1910.

The twentieth century limited on the New York Central was wrecked and two trainmen killed.

There is dissatisfaction among house democrats with the leadership of Champ Clark.

Chances favor the passage of the ship subsidy bill this session.

Capt. Peary is to be put back at duty in the army.

Congress is holding back on all of the president's important recommendations for legislation.

Representative Kinkaid says he will make statement concerning his Alaska coal lands claim.

A mine disaster in Colorado cost 150 lives, mostly foreigners.

Friends of rivers and harbors say some sort of a bill will pass this session of congress.

Archbishop Ireland says the trouble with the American people is that they are living too high.

It is said a bill is to be introduced suspending the tariff on meat for a year.

The gay city of Paris is now in gloom, having something to think about beyond a hilarious time all the time.

Some one says, pay less for amusements, less for fun, and then there'll be more for the slaughter house magnets.

Ezra Kendall, the famous comedian, died of apoplexy in a sanitarium at Martinsville, Ind.

The price of extra fancy creamery butter dropped to 30 cents a pound on the Elgin board of trade. It was a cut of six cents.

Liberal forces in Great Britain have not abandoned hope of a substantial victory.

Warner M. Van Nordea, a rich New Yorker, was robbed on the street of $28,000, supposedly by two women.

Investigations by the immigration commission were denounced in the house as a big junket.

Mrs. Hetty Green has joined the anti-meat crusade because she says the price is too dear.

Washington.

Senator Pearoes introduced a bill to amend the oleomargarine law in accordance with recommendations by associations of dairymen and grangers. The measure imposes on manufacturers of oleomargarine a special tax of $600 a year. The tax to be paid by wholesale dealers in uncolored oleomargarine is fixed at $200 and the tax assessed against retailers in a similar product is fixed at $6.

Reports which reached Washington from foreign sources declared that Whitelaw Reid, ambassador to Great Britain, had been offered and had accepted an extension of two years of service as the representative of the United States at the court of St. James.

Estimates made by officials of the postoffice department indicate 300,000,000 one-cent pieces annually are taken by the rural letter carriers from letter boxes for the payment of postage on mail matter deposited. Complaints against the practice have become so widespread that the postoffice department has issued instructions to all postmasters at rural delivery office that after February 15, the practice will be discontinued.

Detailed statements of exports of the United States during the calendar year 1909 have just been completed by the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor. They show a reduction in the value of exports of nearly all the important agricultural products except cotton.

As a result of the agitation against the increased cost of living, Representative Garner (rep. Pa.) introduced a bill in the house to repeal the duty on all cattle intended to be used as food. This is the first bill of the sort introduced, but it is expected that a flood of similar measures will follow.

Personal.

President Taft is determined to push the suit against the Pacific roads.

In a speech at Pittsburg Representative Fordney of Michigan exalted the new tariff law.

King Edward and Queen Alexandria each contributed $5,000 to the Mansion house fund for the relief of the flood sufferers in France.

The election of Gifford Pinchot to succeed Dr. Charles W. Eliot as president of the National Conservation association is announced.

Only twenty-six seats are left to be contested for in the British elections.

Indictments were returned at Chicago against men accused of conspiring to defraud the city.

Governor Shallenberger of Nebraska declines to call an extra session of the legislature.

Judge Wickersham charged that Taft and Roosevelt had maintained an Alaskan lobby.

Representative Fowler introduced resolutions providing reorganization of the rules committee.

The wisdom of an international park on the United States-Canadian line is questioned in the senate.

Sixty-seven delegates met in Lincoln and perfected the temporary organization of the Nebraska league of municipalities.

The Omaha Indians are united and earnest in their demands of the government.

CAN'T GET BODIES

FROM CHERRY MINE—BLOCKADED RUNWAY HINDERS WORK OF RESCUERS.

MANY CORPSES FOUND

Smoldering Fire Continues Behind Mine Wall Back of Which Lie Bodies of the 100 Victims as They Fell.

Cherry Ill., Feb. 3.—After three days of incessant labor, only 400 feet of the many miles of underground passages of the St. Paul mine are open, and it is problematical as to when the 167 bodies can be brought to the surface. Every effort is being made to clear the runway from the main shaft to the air pit. This object may be accomplished by tonight, and then a search for the bodies can be made, and the corpses discovered yesterday can be removed.

An inspection of the cleared portion of the second level today showed that from the bottom of the main shaft, 350 feet westward for 250 feet, the principal road is in good shape.

Some of the heavy timbers near the shaft are charred, but are solid. The chief passage to the east is walled up. Behind this wall is a smoldering fire. Back of the fire lie about 100 dead miners, as they fell on Nov. 13, when the flames started.

TAFT WANTS VERTREES.

Tennessee Attorney Asked to Defend Landoffice.

Washington, Feb. 3.—John J. Vertrees of Nashville, leader of the Tennessee bar, a democrat and a warm personal friend of President Taft, has been asked to take charge of the case for the defense in the Ballinger-Pinchot congressional investigation and is now in his way to Washington to consult with Attorney General Wickersham and officials of the landoffice.

Mr. Vertrees probably will also confer with the president as the friendship between the two men is one of long standing.

Vertrees has not signified his acceptance of the offer to act as counsel either for Land Commissioner Dennett or H. H. Schwartz, chief of the field service, both of whom are accused with Secretary Ballinger by Louis R. Glavis. A strong effort will be made to have him take up the case.

The legal representatives of the interior department in the congressional investigation will consist of a chief counsel and two associates. One of the assistants will be a western man, while the others reside in Washington. In addition to the three lawyers designated as counsel, Mr. Ballinger will be assisted in an advisory capacity by Albert Battle of Seattle, his former law partner who is now in this city.

TO TEST BREAD LAWS.

Chicago Bakers to Carry Case to Highest Courts.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 3.—In conformity with a resolution adopted by the executive committee of the organization here today, the National Association of Master Bakers will carry to the supreme court of the United States a case to test all city ordinances and statutes limiting the prices to be charged for a loaf of bread. The action is known as the "Chicago case," the city council there having, by ordinance, established a scale of prices for loaves of graded sizes.

Confer With Operators.

Toledo, O., Feb. 3.—With the initial difference between them amounting to 20 cents per ton, operators and miners of the district comprising Ohio, Indiana and western Pennsylvania met here today in joint conference to adjust the wage scale, for the new contract beginning April 1.

Any agreement here will be the basis of a settlement in all the other bituminous districts and if the conference comes to a disagreement a general strike may result.

As a prime issue, the operators are expected to force to some conclusion the 12-year-old project of organizing the non-union field of West Virginia as a preliminary to increasing or maintaining the present wages.

Packer's Aides Before Jury.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Ralph Crews and Arthur Colby, general counsel and assistant treasurer of the National Packing Co., were the principal witnesses before the federal grand jury today in the investigation of the methods of the so-called beef trust. Mr. Crews carried a number of books and papers into the jury room and in a few minutes he came out minus them all.

That the government has secured a valuable and well informed witness in the person of a former trusted official of a large packing company was the report about the federal building.

Mexican Mine Disaster.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 3. — A dispatch to The Express from Eagle Pass, Tex., says:

Sixty-eight bodies had been recovered from the Palu mine of the S. Coahuila Coal Mining Co. in the state of Coahuila, Mex., where an explosion occurred late yesterday. Besides the dead eight wounded have been brought to the surface.

Clash in Swope Case.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 3.—A legal clash developed in the sensational Swope case today. It came when Frank P. Walsh, attorney for Dr. B. C. Hyde, dismissed the slander suit brought recently by the physician against John G. Paxton, executor of the Swope estate, for $100,000 for alleged slander.

Monarchs Give $55,000.

Paris, Feb. 3.—The river Seine continues its recession. The gauge today showed a drop of nearly five feet from the crest of the flood. Relief contributions from crowned heads amount now to approximately $55,000.

English Trains in Wreck.

London, Jan. 31.—Eight persons were killed and twenty possibly injured today by the wrecking of one of the express trains running between Brighton and London. The wreck occurred at Stoatsnest station. While the train was traveling forty miles an hour, the locomotive left the track. The two front cars were flung across the platform, the Pullman following was literally pitched into the air and fell on the station.

May Establish Creamery.

Kindred.—The establishment of a creamery is contemplated

WILL HAVE LEGAL HELP

COMMISSIONER OF LAND OFFICE TAKES NELSON'S ADVICE.

Secretary of the Interior Maintains He Has Nothing to Conceal and Will Not Engage Lawyer

Washington, Feb. 2—Acting upon the suggestion of Senator Nelson, chairman of the Ballinger-Pinchot congressional investigation committee, that "the other side" should be represented by an attorney who would take upon himself the task of cross-examining the witnesses, it was announced today that at the future hearings of the committee, either H. H. Schwartz, chief of the field service or Fred Dennett, commissioner of the landoffice, would be represented by counsel.

At the close of the investigating committee's session Monday afternoon Senator Nelson said that the cross-examination of Louis R. Glavis had proceeded "feebly" because of the lack of counsel.

As a matter of fact the cross-examination consisted largely of questions asked by the democratic members of the committee, and designed to accentuate the political phases of the testimony Glavis had previously given.

Secretary Ballinger still declined to engage counsel in his own behalf, saying he had nothing to conceal.

Senator Nelson, it is said, again expressed the attitude of the committee as favoring the presence of counsel both for the purpose of cross-examination and for the presentation of the case for the other side.

ON PACKERS' TRAIL.

New York Grand Jury to Investigate Cold Storage.

New York Feb. 2.—The New Jersey side of the Hudson river was today the center of activity in an attempt to find out why food prices are high. The investigating body was the Hudson county grand jury which continued its probing into the cold storage business of the big packing companies and other concerns which maintain extensive warehouses in Jersey county.

The jury examined numerous witnesses in an effort to learn what quantities of food stuffs are stored in the various plants and whether there is any understanding among the firms to hold the necessaries of life to regulate the supply and get the biggest prices possible.

Cold storage seems to be the subject upon which the investigation of the high cost of living and is being trusted by the probers in the metropolitan territory generally.

Meat prices are again on the upward trend. A third of a cent is the average advance in the wholesale rates. One full cent added to the present prices is predicted before the week end.

BLAST KILLS THIRTY-FIVE.

Thirty-three Bodies Recovered From Kentucky Mine.

Drakesboro, Ky., Feb. 2.—Heroic as have been the efforts of the rescuers, it was believed today that it would be many hours before the Browder mine near this city would yield up the bodies of the last of the long list of men whose lives were snuffed out in an explosion yesterday.

Early today thirty-three bodies had been recovered.

Of the 100 men in the mine when the disaster took place, it is now practically certain that more than a third perished.

Except for the twenty-five miners who were working near the shaft in the ill-fated east entry and who, many of them mangled and some fatally hurt, were brought to the surface within a few minutes after the concussion, the relief workers have not found a sign of life.

Drakesboro, Ky., Feb. 2.—A telephone message from the Browder mine at 8 this morning places the number of dead in yesterday's explosion at thirty-five. The bodies of thirty-three have been recovered. Several men were injured.

Railroads Reject Demands.

New York, Feb. 2.—Sixty railroads in the country have notified the representatives of 32,000 firemen of the rejection of the demands for a 20 to 25 per cent wage increase and other concessions.

News of the rejection was contained in a private dispatch from Chicago today. The railroads express a willingness to arbitrate the questions in dispute, but flatly refuse their demands.

President's Powers Made Explicit.

Washington, Feb. 2.—In order that there shall be no question as to the powers of the president to withdraw public lands for conservation purposes and continue the withdrawal in force until revoked by him or by any act of congress, the senate committee on public lands today reported a substitute for two of the administration bills.

Postmasters Appointed.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The following postmasters were appointed today:

E. C. Lucas, Lisbon; J. E. W. Dursten, Bisbee; J. R. Tohinson, Hatton; F. George Leslie, Drake.

Norway's Poet Dying.

Paris, Feb. 2.—Bjornstjerne Bjornsen, the Norwegian poet and novelist whose condition has been critical recently, was said this morning to be dying.

New Warden for Penitentiary.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 2.—The state penitentiary board today received the resignation of Warden F. G. Hellstrom as warden of the institution and will name D. H. McArthur of Bottineau, state senator from the 22th district, as his successor.

McArthur is here and will enter at once upon the taking of an inventory of the institution. Hellstrom goes to The Fargo News as business manager of that institution.

The actual change in the management of the institution will probably not take place for some days yet.

In Favor of Fish Stations.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The senate committee on fisheries today reported favorably the McCumber bill appropriating $25,000 for a fish culture station in North Dakota. The bill originally designated Fargo as the site for the station, but this feature was eliminated and the selection of the site was left to the discretion of the department of agriculture.

Report Was False.

Manila... Baden, Feb. 1.—The report that the American consul has demanded the extradition of Dr. Frederick A. Cook is fal

IS IT GUNNESS?

MANKATO MAN LOCATES SUSPECT IN KANDIYOHI CO.—URGES ARREST.

BROTHER'S HOUSEKEEPER

Indiana Authorities Send An Officer to Willmar to Attempt to Identify Suspect as Famous Murderess.

Willmar.—That Mrs. Belle Gunness of the La Porte, Ind., murder farm fame, is actually alive and within a few miles of this city, is the allegation of Samuel Kirby of Mankato. Furthermore, Mr. Kirby believes that the woman is now housekeeping in the family of his brother, Gus Kirby, a prosperous farmer.

Samuel Kirby arrived in this (Kandiyohi) county last Thursday evening, intent upon securing the arrest of the woman, who is known by the name of Mrs. Vellie Casey.

The county officers do not put much credence in the rumor.

Several reputable persons who have seen the suspected woman are loath to admit that she bore any resemblance to Mrs. Gunness.

Samuel Kirby, senior, of Mankato, is the only one who believes that the housekeeper and the unaccounted for murderess are the same. It is at Samuel Kirby's instigation that Samuel Bail, a representative of the police department of La Porte, Ind., arrived here with a warrant for the arrest of Mrs. Gunness.

The detective is supplied with a detailed description of Mrs. Gunness and made the first official comparison of the physical characteristics of the two women. The La Porte authorities did not agree to run down the Willmar rumor until Samuel Kirby had guaranteed the expense of their transportation.

Gustavus Kirby sold the Kandiyohi county farm last week to Samuel Gerver of Willmar for $10,000. Mrs. Casey, the housekeeper was present during the negotiations. It is said that both she and her employer expressed their intention of going to California as soon as all of the property was disposed of. Sheriff Peter Bonde of this county is not of the opinion that Mrs. Casey is the much-wanted woman.

In Willmar Samuel Kirby at times refers to himself as a detective and is prone to discuss the inability of the police to catch criminals. He refers to statistics and say that only two murderers out of every 100 are ever caught and that the country is spending billions of dollars uselessly for protection it does not receive.

Son Opposes Father's View.

Mankato.—Samuel Kirby, Jr., the son of Samuel R. Kirby, the man who claims that Mrs. Belle Gunness, the alleged La Porte murderess is employed as a domestic on his brother's farm near Willmar, is inclined to believe that his father is on the wrong track and that the woman at Willmar is not the much-sought Mrs. Gunness.

According to young Kirby his uncle in Willmar engaged the housekeeper, who is now in the limelight, at a St. Paul employment agency.

About two months ago, mutual friends of the two brothers wrote to the brother residing at Mankato, and insisted that he proceed at once to his brother's home.

Thinking the situation serious he at once left for his brother's farm and remonstrated with him for keeping the woman as a housekeeper. After remaining at the farm for two days, during which time the brothers continually wrangled, they parted in an angry mood, the one remaining on his farm and the other returning to Mankato.

Samuel R. Kirby, the father accidentally noticed the picture of Mrs. Gunness recently in an old newspaper and was immediately impressed by what he thought a great likeness between the La Porte woman and his son's housekeeper.

As a consequence of this decision on his part he notified the police officials, who have now taken charge of the investigation.

EBERHART AFTER PRIZE FIGHT

He Tells Dakota County Sheriff to Keep Them Down.

Governor Eberhart will not permit prize fighting in the state of Minnesota. Following his return from Washington he has taken up the story of a reported prize fight in Dakota county, which is supposed to have occurred in south St. Paul on the evening of Jan. 23, and has written a stinging letter to Frank McDevitt, Sheriff of the county, at Hastings. The governor said:

"Your duty is plain in the premises, and there can be no excuse for an officer permitting a violation of the laws against these offenders."

BOYS BUY INDECENT POSTALS.

Two Men Held to Grand Jury at Brainerd, Minn., for It.

Brainerd.—B. F. Boyd and Fred Boyd waived examination and were held to the grand jury at the June term of court this afternoon for alleged sale of obscene postals to school boys. The court-room was crowded with parents and others, and much indignation is expressed. The cards were given by purchasers to their girl schoolmates.

L. P. BAKER HEADS PINE MEN.

Northern Manufacturers' Association Holds Annual Meeting.

Minneapolis.—L. P. Baker was elected president of the Northern Pine Manufacturers' Association at the annual meeting held at Hotel Radisson. Fully 50 members attended. The other officers are: First vice president, T. L. Shevlin; second vice president, C. A. Barton; secretary, H. S. Childs. J. E. Rhodes, former secretary, read a paper on "The Burning of Slashings."

FARIBAULT GIRL LOST.

Strangely Disappears From Spokane Where She Had Been Employed.

Faribault.—Word was received here that Miss Eva Feeley, born and raised in this city, had disappeared from her apartments, 418 Cedar street, Spokane, Wash. She has been employed for years in a Spokane department store.

She exhibited a telegram she claimed to have received from her sister, Mrs. Leon Dulac, of Faribault, saying that her sister intended to visit her. At night she failed to come home and the efforts of the Spokane police to find her have failed.

Mrs. Leon Dulac, the sister mentioned in the dispatch, died suddenly. The cause of her death is unknown.

Inquiry at the Dulac home revealed that so far as the surviving family knew Mrs. Dulac had sent no telegram to Spokane this week, nor had she intended to visit her sister, from whom no letter has been received since Christmas. The relatives here are mystified over the girl's disappearance, but suggested that she may be visiting her sister, Miss Alice Feeley, a school teacher at West Branch, Idaho.

PLAN BIG CORN SHOW.

Stillwater has a Silver Cup Trophy For Exhibitors.

Stillwater. — An annual seed corn exhibit under the direction of a permanent organization is being arranged for as the result of a meeting at the Booster club. Such an exhibit last winter proved a stimulant to corn growing. John Q. Macintosh, clerk of the district court; B. A. Imholt, a prominent farmer of St. Croix, Wis., who is now manager of the Stillwater equity market feed mill and elevator; and George Jarchow, a progressive Washington county farmer, were named as a committee to perfect organization and arrange for the first exhibition.

The organization will be for competition by farmers of Washington county, Minnesota, and St. Croix county, Wisconsin. They have accepted a $70 silver cup as a trophy.

The trophy will be offered for competition to exhibitors of at least five specimens, with the condition that the person securing it five seasons shall become its owner.

The first exhibition will be in Auditorium hall about the middle of February. Experts from the state agricultural college and others will deliver addresses.

PLUNDER IN HAY STACKS.

Confession of Illinois Prisoners Clears Holland Mystery.

Holland.—Sheriff W. H. Lake and his deputy, F. V. Denhart, found in haystacks, two miles south of Rushton, rifles and revolvers stolen from the hardware store of H. D. Siehring, Holland, Sept. 14.

The cache of weapons was found upon information furnished by Sheriff Fauskee, of Colfax, Ill., from a confession of two men held in that town. The two men also confessed to robbing stores at Ashton, Ia., and Reading, Minn. Most of this plunder has been located. Following their confession, the two men sawed the bars of the Colfax jail and are yet at large.

Sheriff Lake and Deputy Denhart began a search of haystacks throughout the territory about Holland, and finally located the plunder where the robbers said they had put it, breast high in the haystack.

NEED 1,300 CARS FOR POTATOES.

President Huntoon, at Moorhead Commercial Club, Speaks.

Moorhead. — The Moorhead Commercial Club held its annual meeting and banquet at the Columbia hotel. The following officers were elected: President, L. A. Huntoon; vice-president, B. F. MacKall; secretary, A. J. Wright; treasurer, H. G. Roberts; directors, W. H. Davy, A. H. Erickson, W. R. Richards, P. H. Lamb, N. T. Weum, A. S. Kingsford, Jacob Kiefer.

The principal speaker of the evening was President Huntoon, of the First National bank, who made a strong plea for the club to get busy after cars to move the potato crop. He said that no less than 1,300 refrigerator cars would be needed to move the crop from this vicinity. He said upon the crop being sent east it would mean $260,000 to be distributed in this locality.

JESTER ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY

Bemidji. — Agreeing to the unanimous requests of business men and citizens of Bemidji, expressed at a meeting held recently, Al H. Jester of this city known all over this section as "Farmer Jester," has announced his candidacy for state senator to represent this district. Mr. Jester's slogan will be reapportionment in the legislature and the development and advancement of northern Minnesota, with equal and just treatment for this section.

COMING TO TWIN CITIES.

Ballinger and Pinchot to Attend Convention Congress.

St. Paul.—Secretary Richard Ballinger and Gifford Pinchot will come to the Twin Cities for the conservation congress next March. Senator Nelson told Governor Eberhart so when the latter was in Washington. Senator Nelson said he would arrange the hearings in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation so that the two, and other bureau heads, might be free to come to the Minnesota convention.

St. Paul Rate Hearing Ends.

St. Paul.—The railroad rate hearing, which has been going on at St. Paul during the last year before C. E. Otis, master in chancery, has came to an end as far as the Great Northern is concerned. A short hearing will be held later, on the Minneapolis and St. Louis railway. Comptroller Drew, of the Great Northern, was cross-examined by E. S. Durment, attorney for the state. On April 4, attorneys on both sides will submit printed briefs to Master Otis. An appeal will be taken.

EIGHTEEN YEARS AGO HE HAD LESS THAN 3 DOLLARS

HE IS NOW ONE OF THE RICHEST FARMERS IN SASKATCHEWAN, CENTRAL CANADA.

Arriving in Canada in 1891, just eighteen years ago, E. A. Guillomin could speak but his native language. He is a Frenchman. He had but a little over two dollars in his pocket, thus being short over seven dollars of the ten dollars required to secure entry for a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres. He eventually borrowed the money and near Forget, Saskatchewan, he started life in Canada on the homestead in which to-day he is the fortunate possessor of fifty quarter sections of land, or 8,000 acres.

Now Mr. Guillomin did not acquire all these acres as a result altogether of his farming operations, which were extensive. He looked with satisfaction upon what he was doing on his limited area, he was saving, careful, and had foresight. Surrounding land could be had for about $3.00 per acre, and he continued buying as his savings would permit, until now he has fifty quarter sections, some of which he can sell at $25.00 per acre.

Threshed Fifty Thousand Bushels.

This year he was engaged in threshing on his place for 54½ days. He threshed out 50,000 bushels of wheat, of which he sold 34,000 bushels, one train load, at a price varying from 84 to 87 cents per bushel. He has on hand still 15,000 bushels. In addition to wheat he raised 30,000 bushels of oats, 7,000 bushels of barley and 500 bushels of flax. He owns 104 horses and a number of cattle, but since the construction of the railway he has been engaged chiefly in raising wheat. This year he bought his first threshing machine, paying for it the sum of $2,100. He estimates that the machine earned for him this fall $3,000, thus paying for itself in one season and leaving $900 to the good. The weather was very propitious for farm threshing, not a single day being lost in the two months which were spent in this work. The wheat averaged 23 bushels to the acre and graded No. 1 and No. 2 Northern. In the past nine years seven good crops have been harvested on this farm. For six successive years the returns were excellent, that is in the years 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905 and 1906. In the two following years there was a partial failure. As the years have passed the quality of the buildings on the farm have been steadily improved, and are now as good as can be found in the district. About $10,000 has been invested in this way by Mr. Guillomin. The farm consists of 6,880 acres, of which about 6,000 acres were under crop this season.

CAME AFTER HER.

Johnny—What are descandants, granded?

Grandad—They are people who come after us.

Johnny—Then the baker and the milkman are Mary's descendants.

SCRATCHED SO SHE COULD NOT SLEEP

"I write to tell you how thankful I am for the wonderful Cuticura Remedies. My little niece had eczema for five years and when her mother died I took care of the child. It was all over her face and body, also on her head. She scratched so that she could not sleep nights. I used Cuticura Soap to wash her with and then applied Cuticura Ointment. I did not use quite half the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, together with Cuticura Resolvent, when you could see a change and they cured her nicely. Now she is eleven years old and has never been bothered with eczema since. My friends think it is just great the way the baby was cured by Cuticura. I send you a picture taken when she was about 18 months old.

"She was taken with the eczema when two years old. She was covered with big sores and her mother had all the best doctors and tried all kinds of salves and medicines without effect until we used Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. H. Kiernan, 663 Quincy St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1909."

Spoiled the Story.

Tattered Terry—I'm a newspaper man, but I can't get a job.

Lady of the House—Indeed! Why not?

Tattered Terry—You see, I saved a train from a terrible accident once, and all de editors have been sore on me ever since!—Puck.

The fellow who says he could never love a woman with money may discover that he can't successfully love a woman if he hasn't any.

Past tense — indigestion. Present tense—WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. Future tense—good digestion.

To act with common sense, according to the moment is the best wisdom I know.—Horace Walpole.

Welcome kisses! WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT makes all kisses sweet and welcome. Had yours?

To learn to work and work cheerfully, is the central lesson of life.—Cowen.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will cure not only a fresh cold, but one of those stubborn coughs that usually hang on for months. Give it a trial and prove its worth. 25c, 50c and $1.00.

Time cannot remove kindly acts from a grateful heart.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

AUTHOR OF "SARACINESCA," "ARETHUSA" ETC. ETC.

ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance and shut off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin [illegible] attempted to climb [illegible] the other, but [illegible] him. The stranger was rescued from a water gourd [illegible] end of the tunnel, and [illegible] the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the [illegible], and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), a famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg. [illegible] Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He [illegible] Lady Maud [illegible] for her pet [illegible] him in winning the singer from Logotheti. Baraka appeared [illegible] at Versailles with [illegible]. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and sent it to Venice. He was visited by [illegible] in male attire. She gave him a [illegible] the American had told her of [illegible] in the United States a man answering the description of the one she loved. The American followed Margaret [illegible] "Parsifal" festival. Margaret [illegible] to Van Torp, who [illegible] the ruby Baraka had [illegible] Count Kralinsky, a Russian, [illegible]. Van Torp believed [illegible] was pursuing [illegible] in London on the [illegible] from Pinney, a jeweler [illegible] had sold to Logotheti [illegible] the thieves. Lady [illegible] Logotheti's [illegible] were open to suspicion [illegible] Margaret.

CHAPTER VIII—Continued.

Without further consulting Margaret, who had seated herself before the dressing-table, Potts proceeded to fasten a broad-brimmed black straw hat on the thick brown hair; she then spread an immense white veil over it, drew it under her mistress' chin and knotted it in a way that would have amazed a seaman.

When Margaret was putting on her gloves Mrs. Rushmore herself came to the door, knocked and opened discreetly before there was any answer.

"My dear child," she asked, "what in the world is the matter? Nothing serious, I trust?"

"Oh—nothing," Margaret answered, going forward to meet her, and finding her natural voice. "I'm sorry if I've kept you waiting."

"It doesn't surprise you, my dear," Mrs. Rushmore said, with emphasis; "and Potts looked quite grave when she brought me your message half an hour ago."

"You would have been more surprised if she had burst out laughing," Margaret said viciously.

"My dear," Mrs. Rushmore answered, "I'm astonished at you! I know something has happened. I know it. You are not yourself this morning!"

This was a statement so evidently absurd that it could not be answered except by a flat contradiction; so Margaret said nothing, and went on working her hand into a perfectly new glove.

"I see that you have not even opened your letters," Mrs. Rushmore continued severely. "Except that," she added, noticing the loose sheets of Lady Maud's letter on the toilet-table.

Margaret gathered them up hastily, folded them into a crumpled package and thrust them into the empty envelope. For once, she had forgotten her caution, but she retrieved herself by pushing the thick letter into her long glove, much to Potts' distress, for it made an ugly lump. She made it worse by forcing in the second envelope which contained the newspaper cutting.

"I'm ready now," she said.

Mrs. Rushmore turned and led the way with stately steps; she was always imposing, but when she was offended she was monumental. The two went out in silence, and walked slowly down the straight, dull street side by side. Mrs. Rushmore spoke first, after they had gone some distance.

"I know," she said, "that something has happened. It was in that letter. You cannot deny it, Margaret. It was in the letter you folded in that hurried manner."

"The news was," answered the prima donna still viciously.

"I told you so. My dear child, it's not of the slightest use to try to deceive me. I've known you since you were a child."

"I'm not trying to deceive you."

"When I asked what had happened, you answered, 'Nothing.' I do not call that very frank, do you?"

"Potts was there, to begin," explained Margaret crossly.

But Mrs. Rushmore no longer heard. Her head was up, her parasol lay back upon her shoulder, her faded eyes were brighter than before, and the beginning of a social smile wreathed her hitherto grave lips.

"There's Mr. Van Torp, my dear," she said in quite another tone, and very low, "and unless I'm much mistaken—yes, I knew it! He's with Count Kralinsky. I saw the count from the window yesterday when he arrived. I hope our friend will present him."

"I dare say," Margaret answered indifferently, but surveying the two men through the white mist of her thick veil.

"Yes," said Mrs. Rushmore with delight, and almost whispering in her excitement. "He has seen us, and now he's telling the count who we are."

Margaret was used to her excellent old friend's ways on such occasions, and gave no more heed to them than she would have given to a kitten scampering after a ball of string. The kitten would certainly catch the ball in the end, and Mrs. Rushmore would as surely capture the lion.

Mr. Van Torp raised his hat when he was within four or five paces of the ladies, and his companion, who was a head and shoulders taller than he, slackened his pace and stopped a little way behind him as Mrs. Rushmore shook hands and Margaret nodded pleasantly.

"May I present Count Kralinsky?" asked the American. "I've met him before, and we've just renewed our acquaintance."

Mr. Van Torp looked from Mrs. Rushmore to Margaret, and tried to see her expression through her veil. She answered his look by a very slight inclination of the head.

"We shall be delighted," said the elder lady, speaking for both.

She Watched Him Intently While He Read the Printed Report.

Mr. Van Torp introduced the count to Mrs. Rushmore and then to Margaret, calling her "Miss Donne," and she saw that the man was handsome as well as tall and strong. He had a magnificent golden beard, a clear complexion, and rather uncertain blue eyes, in one of which he wore a single eyeglass without a string. He was quietly dressed and wore no jewelry, excepting one ring, in which blazed a large "tallow-topped" ruby. He had the unmistakable air of a man of the world, and was perfectly at his ease. When he raised his straw hat he disclosed a very white forehead, and short, thick fair hair. There was no sign of approaching middle age in his face or figure, but Margaret felt, or guessed, that he was older than he looked.

In her stiffly correct French, Mrs. Rushmore said that she was enchanted to make his acquaintance, and Margaret murmured sweetly but unintelligibly.

"The count speaks English perfectly," observed Mr. Van Torp.

He ranged himself beside Margaret, leaving the foreigner to Mrs. Rushmore, much to her gratification.

"We were going to walk," she said. "Will you join us?" And she moved on.

"It is a great pleasure to meet you," Kralinsky said by way of opening the conversation. "I have often heard of you from friends in Paris. Your little dinners at Versailles are famous all over Europe. I am sure we have many mutual friends, though you may never have heard my name."

Mrs. Rushmore was visibly pleased, and as the way was not very wide, Margaret and Van Torp dropped behind. They soon heard the other two enumerating their acquaintances. Kralinsky was surprised at the number of Mrs. Rushmore's friends, but the count seemed to know everybody, from all the grand dukes and archdukes in Russia, Germany, and Austria, to the author of the latest successful play in Paris, and the man of science who had discovered how to cure gout by radium. Kralinsky had done the cure, seen the play, and dined with the royalties within the last few weeks. Mrs. Rushmore thought him one of the most charming men she had ever met.

In the rear Mr. Van Torp and the prima donna were not talking; but he looked at her, she looked at him, they both looked at Kralinsky's back, and then they once more looked at each other and nodded; which meant that Van Torp had recognized the man he had met selling rubies in New York, and that Margaret understood this.

"I'll tell you something else that's quite funny, if you don't mind dropping a little further behind," he said.

Margaret walked still more slowly till a dozen paces separated them from the other two.

"What is it?" she asked in a low tone.

"I believe he's my old friend from whom I learned to whistle 'Parsifal,'" answered the American. "I'm pretty sure of it, in spite of a good many years and a beard—two things that change a man. See his walk? See how he turns his toes in? Most cowboys walk like that."

"How very odd that you should meet again!" Margaret was surprised, but not deeply interested by this new development.

"Well," said Van Torp thoughtfully, "if I'd known I was going to meet him somewhere, I'd have said this was as likely a place as any to find him in, now that I know what it was he whistled. But I admit that the other matter has more in it. I wonder what would happen if I asked him about Miss Barrack?"

"Nothing," Margaret answered confidently. "Nothing would happen. He has never heard of her."

Van Torp's sharp eyes tried in vain to penetrate the veil.

"That's not quite clear," he observed. "Or else this isn't my good day."

"The girl fooled you," said Margaret in a low voice. "Did she mention his name to you?"

"Well no—"

"She never saw him in her life, or if she ever did, it was she who robbed him of rubies; and it was not the other way, as you supposed. Men are generally inclined to believe what a nice-looking girl tells them!"

"That's true," Van Torp admitted. "But all the same, I don't quite understand you. There's a meaning in your voice that's not in the words. Excuse me if I'm not quick enough this morning, please. I'm doing my best."

"Your friend Baraka has been arrested and sent to prison in London for stealing a very valuable ruby from the counter in Pinney's," Margaret explained. "The stone had just been taken there by Mons. Logotheti to be cut. The girl must have followed him without his knowing it, and watched her chance, though how old Pinney can have left such a thing lying on the counter where any one could take it is simply incomprehensible. That's what you heard in my voice when I said that men are credulous."

Mr. Van Torp thought he had heard even more in her accent when she had pronounced Logotheti's name. Besides, she generally called him "Logo," as all his friends did. The American said nothing for a moment, but he glanced repeatedly at the white veil, through which he saw her handsome features without their expression.

"Well," he said at last, almost to himself, for he hardly expected her to understand the language of his surprise, "that beats the band!"

"It really is rather odd, you know," responded Margaret, who understood perfectly. "If you think I've adorned the truth I'll give you the police court report. I have it in my glove. Lady Maud sent it to me with a letter." She added, after an instant's hesitation, "I'm not sure that I shall not give you that to read, too, for there's something about you in it, and she is your best friend, isn't she?"

"Out and out. I dare say you'd smile if I told you that I asked her to help me to get you to change your mind."

"No," Margaret answered, turning slowly to look at him. "She tells me so in this letter."

"Does she really?" Van Torp had guessed as much, and had wished to undermine the surprise he supposed that Margaret had in store for him. "That's just like her straightforward way of doing things. She told me frankly that she wouldn't lift a finger to influence you. However, it can't be helped, I suppose."

The conclusion of the speech seemed to be out of the logical sequence.

"She has done more than lift a finger now," Margaret said.

"Has she offended you?" Van Torp ventured to ask, for he did not understand the constant subtone of anger he heard in her voice. "I know she would not mean to do that."

"No. You don't understand. I've telegraphed to ask her to join us here."

Van Torp was really surprised now, and his face showed it.

"I wish we were somewhere alone," Margaret continued. "I mean, out of the way of Mrs. Rushmore. She knows nothing about all this, but she saw me cramming the letters into my glove, and I cannot possibly let her see me giving them to you."

"I Took a Sort of Interest in That Tartar Girl."

"Oh, well, let me think," said the millionaire. "I guess I want to buy some photographs of Bayreuth and the 'Parsifal' characters in that shop, there on the right. Suppose you wait outside the door, so that Mrs. Rushmore can see you if she turns around. She'll understand that I'm inside. If you drop your parasol towards her you can get the letters out, can't you? Then as I come out you can just pass them to me behind the parasol, and we'll go on. How's that? It won't take one second, anyhow. You can make believe your glove's uncomfortable, and you're fitting it, if anybody you know comes out of the shop. Will that do? Here we are. Shall I go in?"

"Yes. Don't be long! I'll cough when I'm ready."

The operation succeeded, and the more easily as Mrs. Rushmore went quietly on without turning her head, being absorbed and charmed by Kralinsky's conversation.

"You may as well read the newspaper cutting now," Margaret said when they had begun to walk again. "That cannot attract attention, even if she does look round, and it explains a good many things. It's in the thinner envelope, of course."

Van Torp fumbled in the pocket of his jacket, and brought out the slip of newspaper without the envelope, a precaution which Margaret noticed and approved.

She watched him intently while he read the printed report, but his face did not change in the least. At that short distance she could see every shade of his expression through the white veiling, though he could not see hers at all. He finished reading, folded the slip carefully, and put it into his pocket-book instead of returning it to the envelope.

"It does look queer," he said slowly. "Now let me ask you one thing, but don't answer me unless you like. It's not mere inquisitiveness on my part." As Margaret said nothing, though he waited a moment for her answer, he went on. "That ruby, now—I suppose it's to be cut for you, isn't it?"

"Yes. He gave it to me in Versailles, and I kept it some days. Then he asked me to let him have it to take to London when I came here."

"Just so. Thank you. One more question, if I may. That stone I gave you, I swear I don't know that it's not glass—anyhow, that stone, does it look at all like the one that was stolen?"

"Oh, no! It's quite another shape and size. Why do you ask? I don't quite see."

"What I mean is, if these people are around selling rubies, there may be two very much alike, that's all."

"Well, if there were? What of it?"

"Suppose—I'm only supposing, mind, that the girl really had another stone about her a good deal like the one that was stolen, and that somebody else was the thief. Queer things like that have happened before."

"Yes. But old Pinney is one of the first experts in the world, and he swore to the ruby."

"That's so," said Van Torp thoughtfully. "I forgot that."

"And if she had the other stone, she had stolen it from Mons. Logotheti, I have not the least doubt."

"I daresay," replied the millionaire. "I'm not her attorney. I'm not trying to defend her. I was only thinking."

"She was at his house in Paris," Margaret said, quite unable to keep her own counsel now. "It was when I was at Versailles."

"You don't say so! Are you sure of that?"

"He admitted it when I was talking to him through the telephone, and I heard her speaking to him in a language I did not understand."

"Did you really? Well, well!" Mr. Van Torp was beginning to be puzzled again. "Nice voice, hasn't she?"

"Yes. He tried to make me think he wasn't sure whether the creature was a boy or a girl."

"Maybe he wasn't sure himself," suggested the American, but the tone in which she had spoken the word "creature" had not escaped him.

He was really trying to put the case in a fair light, and was not at all maneuvering to ascertain her state of mind. That was clear enough now. How far she might go he could not tell, but what she had just said, coupled with the way in which she spoke of the man to whom she was engaged as "Mons. Logotheti," made it quite evident that she was profoundly incensed against him, and Van Torp became more than ever anxious not to do anything underhand.

"Look here," he said, "I'm going to tell you something. I took a sort of interest in that Tartar girl the only time I saw her. I don't know why. I dare say I was taken in by her—just ordinary 'taken in,' like a tenderfoot. I gave her that fellow's address in New York." He nodded towards Kralinsky. "When I found he was here, I wired Logotheti to tell her, since she's after him. I suppose I thought Logotheti would go right away and find her, and get more mixed up with her than ever. It was mean of me, wasn't it? That's why I've told you. You see, I didn't know anything about all this, and that makes it meaner still, doesn't it?"

Possibly if he had told her these facts 48 hours earlier she might have been annoyed, but at present they seemed to be rather in his favor. At all events he was frank, she thought. He declared war on his rival, and meant to fight according to the law of nations. Lady Maud would not be his friend if he were playing any double game, but she had stuck to him throughout his trouble in the spring, he had emerged victorious and reinstated in public opinion, and she had been right. Lady Maud knew him better than any one else, and she was a good woman, if there ever was one.

Yet he had accused himself of having acted "meanly." Margaret did not like the word, and threw up her head as a horse does when a beginner holds on by the curb.

"You need not make yourself out worse than you are," she answered.

"I want to start fair," said the millionaire, "and I'd rather your impression should improve than get worse. The only real trouble with Lucifer was he started too high up."

This singular statement was made with perfect gravity, and without the slightest humorous intention, but Margaret laughed for the first time that day, in spite of the storm that was still raging in the near distance of her thoughts.

"Why do you laugh?" asked Van Torp. "It's quite true. I don't want to start too high up in your estimation and then be turned down as unfit for the position at the end of the first week. Put me where I belong and I won't disappoint you. Say I was doing something that wasn't exactly low-down, considering the object, but that mightn't pass muster at an honor parade, anyhow. And then say that I've admitted the fact, if you like, and that the better I know you the less I want to do anything mean. It won't be hard for you to look at it in that light, will it? And it'll give me the position of starting from the line. Is that right?"

"Yes," Margaret answered, smiling. "Slang 'right' and English 'right!' You ask for a fair field and no favor, and you shall have it."

"I'll go straight," Van Torp answered.

"I suppose Lady Maud will come, won't she?" he asked suddenly, after a short silence.

"I hope so," Margaret said. "If not, she will meet me in Paris, for she offers to do that in her letter."

"I'm staying on in this place because you said you didn't mind," observed Van Torp. "Do you want me to go away if she arrives?"

"Why should I? Why shouldn't you stay?"

"Oh, I don't know. I was only thinking. Much obliged anyway, and I'll certainly stay if you don't object. We shall be quite a party, shan't we? What with us three, and Lady Maud and Kralinsky there—"

Mrs. Rushmore and Kralinsky had stopped in their walk and were waiting for them. They quickened their pace.

"I thought perhaps this was far enough," said Mrs. Rushmore. "Of course I could go on further, and it's not your usual walk, my dear, but unless you mind—"

Margaret did not mind, and said so readily; whereupon Mrs. Rushmore deliberately took Van Torp for her companion on the way back.

"I'm sure you won't object to walking slowly," she said to him, "and Miss Donne and the count can go as fast as they like, for they are both good walkers. I am sure you must be a great walker," she added, turning to the Russian.

He smiled blandly and bent his head a little, as if he were acknowledging a compliment. Van Torp looked at him quietly.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

TRIED REMEDY FOR THE GRIP.

PE-RU-NA FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

WRIGLEY'S

RALLIED TO THE DEFENSE

Parlor Maid Was Loyal, But It Is Doubtful If Explanation Helped Matters Very Much.

Walter Lonsdale, Dr. Cook's secretary, was adducing facts in praise of Dr. Cook.

"And these facts," he concluded, "prove my chief's honor; and the other side's defense is as weak as the well-known defense of the parlor maid."

Mr. Lonsdale glanced at his luggage packed for Copenhagen. Then he laughed and resumed:

"'Mary,' said a mistress to her parlor maid, 'what time did my husband get home last night?'

"'Not till four, mum,' the maid answered.

"'I thought so,' said the mistress. 'Here, it's evening, and the brute not up yet!'

"The maid bridled defensively.

"'Oh, but, mum,' she said, 'he has been up once, mum; but he just drank his bath and went back to bed again.'"

CLIP THIS OUT

Renowned Doctor's Prescription for Rheumatism and Backache.

"One ounce Syrup Sarsaparilla compound; one ounce Toris compound; Add these to a half pint of good whiskey: Take a tablespoonful before each meal and at bed time; Shake the bottle before using each time." Any druggist has these ingredients in stock or will quickly get them from his wholesale house. This was published previously and hundreds here have been cured by it. Good results show after the first few doses. This also acts as a system builder, eventually restoring strength and vitality.

Nil Desperandum.

Percy Parkington rose and brushed the dust from his knees. Then, drawing himself up to his full height, he gazed resentfully upon the form of Miss Muriel Muggins, who nonchalantly fanned herself the while.

"Very well, Miss Muggins," came in bitter tones from Percy. "Oh, very well! You have spurned me, it is true! Indeed, you have spurned me twice! But, though despair eats my heart, I shall not die! I mean to go into the busy world. I will fight! I will win! My name shall become known, and my riches shall become envied—"

"Pardon me for interrupting you, Mr. Parkington," interjected Miss Muggins, "but when you shall have accomplished all that, you may try me again."—Lippincott's.

Her Idea of Discipline.

One day recently, just after the opening of the Baltimore schools, the teacher of a primary class had occasion right at the start to enforce discipline.

"Here, young man!" she exclaimed, indicating a pupil whose name she did not yet know. "I saw you laughing just now. That won't do. No laughing in this school."

"I was only thinking about something ma'am," said the youngster, sheepishly.

"Well, don't let that happen in school again," said the teacher, sternly.—Sunday Magazine of the Cleveland Leader.

HARD TO DROP

But Many Drop It.

A young Calif. wife talks about coffee:

"It was hard to drop Mocha and Java and give Postum a trial, but my nerves were so shattered that I was a nervous wreck and of course that means all kinds of ails.

"At first I thought bicycle riding caused it and I gave it up, but my condition remained unchanged. I did not want to acknowledge coffee caused the trouble for I was very fond of it. At that time a friend came to live with us, and I noticed that after he had been with us a week he would not drink his coffee any more. I asked him the reason. He replied, 'I have not had a headache since I left off drinking coffee, some months ago, till last week, when I began again, here at your table. I don't see how anyone can like coffee, anyway, after drinking Postum!'

"I said nothing, but at once ordered a package of Postum. That was five months ago, and we have drank no coffee since, except on two occasions when we had company, and the result each time was that my husband could not sleep, but lay awake and tossed and talked half the night. We were convinced that coffee caused his suffering, so he returned to Postum, convinced that coffee was an enemy, instead of a friend, and he is troubled no more with insomnia.

"I, myself, have gained 8 pounds in weight, and my nerves have ceased to quiver. It seems so easy now to quit coffee that caused our aches and ails and take up Postum."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Strange Action of Memory

Scenes of Other Days, Thought Forgotten, Are Suddenly Flashed Into the Mind.

Often suggestions out of all keeping with the surroundings come, and it may be asked, "What made you think of that?" Frequently we are positive that no conscious train of thought has brought up the idea. These memories out of all rhyme and reason with our atmosphere and conscious occupation, pop into the mind and surprise us with their incongruity. Are these spontaneously originated as they seem to be, or have we merely forgotten the connecting train of ideas, as is often contended? The author but recently, while looking at some dill pickles, had flash upon his mind the image of a Southern California beach and an incident associated with the scene. The memory came so suddenly and the connecting link was sought for so immediately that a dropping out of a segment of consciousness is altogether improbable, yet he felt that there was a connection somewhere, if it could but be found. And it was found after a little thought. Where the brine on the pickles had dried, there were left fine, white salt crystals just as he had seen on kelp and sea mosses that he had gathered on that beach. The memory in the stream of consciousness was spontaneous, and yet we see how it may come under our law, at least in its physiological version.—From the Mental Man.

A Fortunate Mishap.

In a certain New England town they manufacture a well-known kind of towel, most efficient for drying purposes. How that towel first happened to be made in the form which has proved so profitable to its makers is the subject of an amusing legend. It savors strongly of belonging to the "too good to be true" genus of anecdotes, and is as follows:

Once the machinery in the towel factory, busily engaged in turning out a very conventional brand of towel, suddenly went wrong and began, practically, to go backward. There was much excitement. Eventually the machinery was chastised and set to rights again.

But—it was discovered that the towels turned out during that interval of mechanical anarchy were of a texture quite unrivaled for use as bath towels. At once the machinery was set going backward again, and has been traveling in that direction ever since, to the great delight of the stockholders in the towel company.

All Off.

The Heiress—Have you seen papa?

The Duke—Yes. It's all off.

The Heiress—You don't mean to say that he refused to give his consent?

The Duke—Oh, no. He said he'd give his consent—but not another cent.—Stray Stories.

Impossible to be Well

It is impossible to be well, simply impossible, if the bowels are constipated. You must pay attention to the laws of nature, or suffer the consequences. Undigested material, waste products, poisonous substances, must be removed from the body at least once each day, or there will be trouble. A sluggish liver is responsible for an immense amount of suffering and serious disease. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills. He knows why they act directly on the liver. Trust him. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] KING C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The Republicans of St. Paul are having a hard time to find a candidate for mayor. It's a case of "Let George do it" and George is balking.

The Democrats elected the mayor at Duluth and control the city council by 11 to 4. All three of the large cities of the state are under Democratic rule.

The Republican managers are entirely willing that John Lind take the presidency of the university. This would take the university, also John, out of politics.

W. E. McEwen, labor commissioner, will, it is said, be a candidate for the state senate from one of the Duluth districts. Billy is able and popular, and ought to win in a walk.

The Winona Independent intimates that the chief motive back of Governor Eberhart's conservation convention is a scheme to conserve the gubernatorial job to himself for the next three years.

There has been a divided opinion in the interpretation of the compulsory school law regarding the age to which a child must attend school. The matter has been submitted to the attorney-general for his ruling, who hands down a decision holding that a child is sixteen years of age until his seventeenth birthday, hence children are considered of school age until they have attained the age of seventeen years.

In regard to the meat boycott Senator Tillman says: "Any man who pinches his own belly because he does not know how to vote has no sympathy of mine." His language is Tillmanesque, but his idea is a sound one.

The building operations of the country now aggregate about $1,000,000,000 per year. The direct and indirect losses from fire in the United States during 1907 approximated $450,000,000 or one half the cost of construction. Of this loss four-fifths or on an average of $1,000,000 a day could be prevented.

Minnesota lost a valuable citizen in the death of Sydney M. Owen, editor of Farm, Stock and Home. Mr. Owen was one of the organizers of the farmers' alliance movement in the '80s, and later was identified with the Populists, being twice their candidate for governor In 1894 he received 88,000 votes, about 30,000 more than George L Becker, the Democatic nominee.

Wahpeton, a country town of North Dakota, enjoys a unique distinction, that of having two United States senators. They live across the street from each other and are both lawyers. One is a Republican the other a Democrat. It is not likely that Wahpeton can retain both senators indefinately, but in the present mix-up in North Dakota politics it is not impossible that both might be re-elected next year.

It is not peculiar that whenever an Indian reservation is opened the people will go crazy over the gambling features of the case and try to get lands, much of which is worthless, says the Breckenridge Telegram. In the meantime they overlook the fact that there is a million and a half acres of government lands right here in Minnesota which may be had for the asking. Of this tract Koochiching county has 367,700 acres; Lake, 82,000; Cook, 75,000; St. Louis, 122,000; Aitkin, 1,900; Cass, 262,000; Itasca, 24,000; Kittson, 9,244; Red Lake, 3,928; Roseau, 249,000; others scattering.

The report of Warden Wolfer shows that at present there are 665 prisoners in the penitentiary. Of this number eighty seven are serving life sentences and fourteen are serving twenty five years sentences Ten of the prisoners now in the penitentiary are over sixty years of age, but the majority of them range in age from thirty to 40. Twenty-six of them are less than twenty years of age. The social relations of the prisoners show that 444 of them are single, 186 are married, 14 are divorced, 88 are widowers and three are separated. 260 of the prisoners are intemperate in their habits. There are 55 total abstainers among them and the rest moderate in their habits. Fourteen of the prisoners had college education, 25 went thru high school, 368 had a common school education and 88 are illiterate.

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EXCHANGE ECHOES.

St. Cloud Times: It is announced that prices of living commodities are higher in the United States today than anywhere in all the known world. So much for Taft and prosperity and the Payne-Aldrich tariff. How long, oh Lord, how long will a suffering people continue—to vote the Republican national ticket?

Duluth Herald: Paying $84,000 to induce a woman to keep silent looks expensive to an ordinary mortal. But, you know, everything is high these days and even the golden attribute of speech has to keep abreast of the times.

Hutchinson Leader: One of the most determined campaigns ever made in this country is in preparation to saddle on the taxpayers of the United States the iniquitous ship subsidy burden. The people have been fooled a long time by the plausible arguments of the high tariff beneficiaries who now want more loot in the form of ship subsidies.

Litchfield Independent: The Minnesota supreme court last week decided the reciprocal demurrage law to be constitutional. This law provides that the railroads must pay demurrage in case they do not furnish cars asked for by shippers within reasonable time. The railroads have always collected demurrage from shippers who did not unload and release cars within a specified time, but the shipper who applied for cars and had to wait days or weeks was given no recompense for his losses from such delay. The decision seems only fair and equitable.

Cannon Falls Beacon: Sometimes Mr. Tawney is funny and sometimes only ridiculous. The other day he gravely stated that high prices were attributable to the craze for automobiles, diamonds, seal coats, old laces, steam heated houses, boxes at the opera, etc. We do not see what this has to do with the prices of butter, eggs, pork, beef, potatoes, flour, calico and jeans; unless it is that the gentlemen who control by hook and by crook, the prices of these things have to put up prices so they can buy the things Mr. Tawney mentions. They are the same gentlemen who insisted on Mr. Tawney voting for the tariff bill, and who insist, and often in vain, on his voting for every other iniquitous measure their monopoly interests dictate.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Men often make bad breaks just before they go broke.

And if a worm does turn, what does it benefit him?

Don't be too anxious to grasp an opportunity that is sizzling hot.

A woman would cry more if it wouldn't give her nose a vermillion hue.

A practical joker is never funny when it's on the first person singular.

But the things you try to keep dark will sooner or later come to light.

We all have a soft spot in our heads at birth—and some of us never lose it.

A sensible man doesn't care if he isn't good looking; he knows that there are others.

If the family thermometer is not up to date we will have to blame the low temperature.

Some men run a business along the lines of the man who used a cannon to shoot mice.

An old bachelor says that the vocalizing at a wedding is even more depressing than the singing at a funeral.

You'll never be able to realize that the other fellow amounts to more than you do until you look at yourself from his point of view.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The weakness of laws is how they tempt everybody to break them.

A man thinks he's a devil of a fellow to have a friend who knows where a chorus girl was born.

Having to shave when there isn't time to do it is responsible for 99 per cent of the family breakfast squabbles

The real enjoyment of a man of having been sick is how he thinks people are interested in him telling them how much sicker he was.

The temptation about prophecy is when it turns out the other way you claim that's what you said and get mad if your wife looks as if she thinks it wasn't.

SCROFULA

Scrofula disfigures and causes life-long misery. Children become strong and lively when given small doses of

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SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

"INSURGENTS" ARE TO BE DISCIPLINED

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued From First Page.

Mr. Owen has not yet been decided upon, although it is understood that there is a movement in Minneapolis in favor of S. P. Snider, formerly congressman from the Fourth District and two years ago a candidate for governor.

A Farmer Needed.

Possibly, however, neither Wheelock or Snider may land. There is really no good reason for appointing Wheelock, except that he is the son of his father, and Minneapolis has already two representatives on the board. I would look to the governor rather to recognise the importance of agricultural education by appointing some one prominently connected with the agricultural interests of the state to succeed Mr. Owen. Men well qualified to direct the activities of the agricultural school ought not to be hard to find in an agricultural state, although Mr. Owen's place will be no doubt difficult completely to fill.

A New Candidate.

They have a new Democratic candidate to contest the First district with Congressman Tawney. This time he comes from Olmestead county, one of the richest and most populous in the district. Judge Christensen has for eight years occupied the probate office although the county is strongly Republican and he is a Democrat. He is an attorney and a good speaker. Also, in this district this is not the least of his recommendations, he is a Scandinavian. His boom which was launched this week gives promise of becoming formidable.

Dinehart's Attitude.

In the Second district Mr. Dinehart's friends maintain that his nomination is making a satisfactory progress. R. L. Mork, who was in town this week claims that he will have a big lead in Faribault county. Mr. Dinehart was a member of the delegation which called on the governor a week ago, and is understood to approve the policy outlined by the governor as a result of his conference with the president. That is really the logical attitude for him to assume. It is difficult to understand on what other grounds he can contest the district with Mr. Hammond, except that the reactionaries were right and the insurgents who voted with Mr. Hammond were wrong.

The Gubernatorial Tangle.

Some of the governor's supporters are becoming restive under the persistent criticism from influential quarters to which he has recently been subjected, and are beginning to question the advisability of holding a general conference of the leaders to decide as to where they shall throw their strength. Ripley Brower is regarded as the alternative candidate of certain powerful interests. It is understood that in the Sixth district where Mr. Brower resides the revolt in his favor has assumed formidable proportions. There is a reason to believe that certain prominent St. Paul politicians are seriously debating the propriety of making a switch. In case Brower decides to enter the field, and he is known to be considering the matter, the candidacy of of Wm. E. Lee is likely to become formidable. Mr. Lee will welcome a division of the organization forces as it is understood to be a part of his plan to play up to the county option and anti-saloon league element and appeal to the people on a radical reform platform.

—PAUL PRY.

A Vision

By F. A. MITCHEL

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

"Are you ill, sir?"

I looked up dazed. I made no reply, for I was engaged in getting my bearings.

"This is the Tower?" I asked presently.

"Yes, sir."

I was sitting on a bench in an open court in the Tower of London. Before me was a piece of pavement different from the rest, some fifteen or twenty feet square and in its center a plate on which was an inscription. I remembered being the evening before in the quarters of one of the Tower officials, and that was all. How I came to be seated on the bench in the early morning I have never to this day fully determined. At 11 I had started for my lodgings in Oxford street, but I could not remember going there. One of the Tower attendants, commonly called "beefeaters," had roused me.

If how I came to be there is a mystery, what I saw there is a still greater one. I had been sitting a long while. Of that I was fully conscious. Whether it was night or day I have no recollection, but the scene I witnessed seems to me to have been enacted in the day. My first remembrance is hearing shouts of "Long live Queen Mary!" but they seemed to come from without the inclosure. Within a few persons hurried by silently, as if in preparation for some momentous event. They were all serious, and one or two of them were in tears.

Then I was conscious of a number of persons sitting with me about the square bit of pavement, though the seats on which they sat were of rough hewn wood. The men wore trunks, hose, doublets and hats decorated with feathers, the women stomachers and large ruffled collars. Covering the square place on the pavement I have mentioned was a platform on which rested a rectangular block of wood about two feet high and hollowed at the top on both sides. Beside it, leaning on a huge ax, was a tall figure in tight fitting costume. Those about the platform, which was plainly a scaffold, wore serious countenances. Without the Tower inclosure I heard sounds indicating commotion: "The duke's finished; death to all traitors!" A man sitting next me whispered to another, "It's all over up on the hill."

A horror crept over me. I would gladly have gone away, but had no power to move. Looking down toward the other end of the court where there were buildings for dwelling purposes, I saw a lovely apparition at a window, a young girl apparently from seventeen to twenty years old. At the same time I heard the rumbling of a cart. Two young girls attendant on the one at the window tried to draw her away, but she would not go.

"It is the body of her husband," I heard some one say. "He's been executed on Tower hill."

When the cart had passed there was an interval that my memory fails to fill, but the next scene was the opening of the door under the window at which the young lady had appeared, and she came out with an officer, attended by the two girls I had seen with her and a priest. She came toward the scaffold reading from a book and praying. When she reached the scaffold she ascended the steps with as much composure as if she were going to her chamber and stood waiting for silence. When it came she spoke to the people, but I have no remembrance of what she said. There she knelt, prayed and asked permission of the priest to say a psalm.

These religious features ended, she took off her gloves and her kerchief, which she handed to one of her maids, and loosened her gown. The executioner knelt before her and asked forgiveness for what he was about to do. The girl then tied a handkerchief over her eyes with her own hands. Groping for the block, she asked, "Where is it?" Guided to it, she knelt and laid her neck on it, saying, "Lord, into thy hands I commend my spirit." The last I remember was the ax swinging over her.

"Have you been sitting here all night, sir?" asked the attendant.

"I don't know. I have a vague recollection gradually coming back to me of having followed last night when I started to go home a figure dressed in singular costume."

At that moment my eyes rested on the plate in the center of the marked square. I saw the name Lady Jane Grey. I read that she, Anna Boleyn and Catherine Howard were all executed there. My horror of the night before returned. I rose and was staggering away when the attendant, putting his arm through mine, assisted me, taking me to the gate and calling a cab for me. I was driven to my lodgings and did not leave them for a fortnight.

When I got out I had a longing to know something of Lady Jane Grey, but dreaded to bring back my experience of that gruesome night. After a few months had passed I mustered courage to read her life. I found events attending her execution the same as I witnessed in my vision, my dream or whatever it was. Those who attended her at her death have testified to her serenity.

Years afterward in a gallery of a noble family of England I saw a portrait of Lady Jane Grey's husband, Lord Guildford Dudley. He was the man who led me to the place of the scaffold.

The Ruling Passion.

An old Irishwoman, in describing a "gone but not forgotten," said: "Mike was the foine man entoirely, and he'd be living now if it wasn't for the dhrink. He had a dog, and sure thet baste would bring him home from the saloon whin he was so blind wid liquor he couldn't see a shtep before him. And whin he died—'tis the truth I'm shpaking—his ghost walked at night, back and foorth, betune the saloon and his house, and bedad 'twas so dhrrunk his dog knew him!"

S.S.S. CURES OLD SORES

Every old sore is an infected spot on the flesh, kept open by constant drainage of impure blood into the place.

One of the principal constituents of blood is plasma, a healing property. Where the circulation is pure this element of the blood, which is of a glutinous or sticky nature, performs the necessary work in healing all sores, wounds and lacerations. It does this by sticking or joining the parts together, while nature causes a knitting of the tissues and solidifies the place.

This healing property is frequently destroyed by impure accumulations in the blood, and this vital fluid not only loses its power to heal, but becomes a source of irritation and disease to any open sore or ulcer on the body. Constantly it discharges its morbid matters into the place, and gradually it causes the infection to spread, and the sore enlarges. The morbid matter in the blood comes from different causes. A long spell of debilitating sickness, which breeds disease germs in the system, the retention of the refuse matters of the body because of a sluggish condition of the eliminative members, a continued malarial state of the system, inherited bad blood, etc., are usually responsible.

CURED OF EATING SORE.

Dear Sirs:—I was suffering greatly from a sore on my left breast, which had begun to eat, and at times deep, shooting pains would pass through it, and the ulcer was discharging yellow and rather offensive matter. I consulted physicians, but their treatment did not benefit me very much. My condition seemed hopeless, and I had almost despaired of getting well. I knew that the disease was hereditary in my case, as an only sister, my mother and two of her sisters had died of Cancer of the breast. After I had finished the first bottle of S. S. S. I felt some better, so continued it until I was cured.

MRS. JAMES CASSELL,
Belton, Mo.

S. S. S. heals sores and ulcers in the very simplest way. It just goes into the circulation, and removes the impurities and polluted matter that are the means of keeping the ulcer open; then the sore is bound to heal. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and not only does it cleanse the circulation, but it adds every necessary property to it to promote good health. It is of the very greatest tonic value, and those who have been weakened and run down by the constitutional drainage of an old sore will find it the very remedy needed. S.S.S. does not simply cause a scab to come over an old sore, but beginning at the bottom it heals the place permanently by building new tissue and filling in the place with firm, healthy flesh. Special book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS—by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers.

ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

A Task.

To be honest, to be kind, to earn a little and to spend less, to make, upon the whole, a family happier by his presence, to renounce where that shall be necessary and not to be imbittered, to keep a few friends, but these without capitulation; above all, on the same grim conditions to keep friends with himself—here is a task for all that a man has of fortitude and delicacy.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

He Knew the Ropes.

During a special service in a Philadelphia church a few days ago the officiating clergyman engaged in calling those wishing to confess conversion to proceed to the altar when a stranger arose from his seat and slowly walked to the altar railing. The visitor informed the minister that he had decided to abandon his present mode of living and turn over a new leaf.

"Brother," said the clergyman, "do you think you can walk the straight and narrow path?"

"Straight and narrow path!" exclaimed the stranger. "Why, parson, that will be a cinch for me. I've been a tight rope walker for fifteen years."

Timid Applause.

During the earlier days of the reign of Queen Victoria dramatic performances were given at Windsor castle under the management of Charles Kean. The audiences being limited and stiffly aristocratic, the applause was naturally not especially hearty, and the comedians felt the absence of the more demonstrative approval manifested in the regular theater.

One evening the queen sent an equerry to Mr. Kean to know if the actors would like anything (meaning refreshments), when the actor replied, "Say to her majesty that we should be grateful for a little applause when the spectators are pleased."

Back went the equerry and conveyed the message. At the end of the act there was a slight suggestion of hand clapping and exceedingly gentle foot tapping. James Wallack, who knew nothing of the message sent to the queen, hearing the mild demonstration, pricked up his ears and inquired, "What is that?"

Mr. Kean replied, "That, my dear Wallack, is applause."

"God bless me!" retorted Wallack. "I thought it was some one shelling peas."

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal has always received the highest award when exhibited or tested in competition

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of sixty dollars which became due September 25th 19[illegible], all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by M. O. Sortedahl and [illegible] Sortedahl, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch Amerikaansche Hypotheek Bank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank of [illegible] the Netherlands) mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of September, 1905 and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September, 1905, at 4 o'clock P. M. in [illegible] of Mortgages, on page 18.

And whereas pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default the whole principal sum of said mortgage [illegible] became at once due and payable and was declared by the owner of said mortgage [illegible] there is actually due and claimed [illegible] at the date of this notice, the sum of [illegible] thousand seventy eight and 55-100 dollars [illegible] and the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and [illegible] said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit:

Southwest quarter (SW¼) of section twenty eight (28), in township one hundred fifty one (151), range forty two (42) west of the 5th Principal Meridian in Minnesota, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the courthouse in [illegible] Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on [illegible] day of February, A. D. 19[illegible], at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay [illegible] and interest, and taxes [illegible] fifty dollars [illegible] attorney's fees [illegible] mortgage [illegible] allowed by law subject to redemption [illegible] within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated [illegible] A. D. [illegible]

DE NEDERLANDSCH AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
(The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank)
Mortgagee.

Chas E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible] made in the payment of [illegible] and [illegible] claimed to be due at [illegible] a certain mortgage [illegible] by Lauris Enckell [illegible] Mortgagors, to [illegible] Amerikaansche Hypotheek Bank [illegible] American Mortgage Bank [illegible] with a power of sale therein contained, [illegible] in the office of the Register of [illegible] Red Lake and [illegible] day of October [illegible] of Mortgages [illegible] and no action or proceeding [illegible] to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

[illegible] Notice is Hereby Given, That [illegible] contained in said Mortgage [illegible] said Mortgage will be [illegible] of the premises described [illegible]

[illegible] of section [illegible] west of the [illegible] Red Lake [illegible] County of [illegible] City of Red Lake Falls [illegible] to the highest bidder [illegible] and interest [illegible] allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from the [illegible] by law.

Dated [illegible]

DE NEDERLANDSCHE AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas E. Boughton
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven and [illegible] Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Peter J. Hesby and Lena Hesby, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank) of Utrecht, The Netherlands, Mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of September, 19[illegible], and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the 13th day of October, 19[illegible] at [illegible] o'clock p. m., in Book "[illegible]" of Mortgages on page [illegible] and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southwest quarter (SW¼) of section twenty seven (27) in township one hundred fifty one (151) north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian in Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the [illegible] day of February [illegible] at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $[illegible] and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th 1910.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEK-BANK
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas E. Boughton
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of [illegible] hundred [illegible] nine and [illegible] Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and [illegible] Brevig, [illegible] Mortgagors, to [illegible] Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, [illegible] of December [illegible] therein contained [illegible] office of the Register of Deeds [illegible] Red Lake and State of Minnesota on the [illegible] day of [illegible] 19[illegible], at [illegible] in Book 31 of Mortgages [illegible]

Which said Mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said First State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, by written instrument dated the [illegible] day of January [illegible] and recorded in the office of said Register [illegible] the [illegible] day of August, 19[illegible], at [illegible] o'clock A. M., in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page 192.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, the Assignee [illegible] O. S. Hanson by written assignment dated the [illegible] day of January, 19[illegible] and recorded in the office of said Register [illegible] the [illegible] day of January, 19[illegible] at [illegible] o'clock A. M., in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page [illegible]

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage and pursuant to the statute to such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter (SW¼) of Section Twenty two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two (152) North, Range Forty-three (43), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 12th day of March 1910, at one o'clock p. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Hundred Fifty nine and 95-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 26th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Fifteen Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of March, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of March, 1908, at two o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 225.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to O. S. Hanson, by written assignment dated the [illegible] day of January, 1910, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds on the 24th day of January, 1910 at [illegible] o'clock A. M., in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page [illegible]

And Whereas the said O. S. Hanson, the Assignee, Mortgagee and Holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seventy-five Dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of [illegible] per cent per annum, from the 23rd day of March, 1908, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter of Section Number Twenty-two in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two North of Range Forty-three, West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seventy-five dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 25th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, the State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book 11 of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), north of Range Forty four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 5[illegible], and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908 amounting to $20.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f10-m24

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 21st A. D. 1902, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1902, at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages 276 to 278 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty Four (154) North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 599, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty-eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F10-M24

Summons for Publication.

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake }

The State of Minnesota to Bert H. Frazee, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 4th day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, to answer to the complaint of Paul W. Carpenter and Everette A. Webster Copartners as Carpenter & Webster, Plaintiffs in a civil action, wherein the plaintiffs claim the sum of Forty-one and 62-100 Dollars and interest at 6 per cent since October 11th, 1909. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you, upon the evidence adduced by said plaintiffs, for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand and dated this 7th day of February, 1910.

S. A. SWANSON,
Justice of the Peace.

f10-f24

Citation For Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Edward Maloney.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake; In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Edward Maloney, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Charles Brislin, Mike Maloney, Patrick Burk, Jr., John Manley and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of John Manley being duly filed in this court, representing that Edward Maloney, then a resident of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, died on the 30th day of January, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to John Manley.

NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of March, 1910, at 10:00 a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, S. A. Swanson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 8th day of February, 1910.

{ Court Seal } S. A. Swanson, Judge.

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner f10-f24

Optimistic.

Some time ago there was a flood in western Pennsylvania. An old fellow who had lost nearly everything he possessed was sitting on the roof of the house as it floated along, when a boat approached.

"Hello, John."

"Hello, Dave."

"Are your fowls all washed away, John?"

"Yes, but the ducks can swim," replied the old man.

"Apple trees gone?"

"Well, they said the crop would be a failure, anyhow."

"I see the flood's away above your window."

"That's all right, Dave. Them winders needed washin', anyhow."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Only Gloved Hands Pick "Sunkist" Oranges

We use great care in picking the famous "SUNKIST" ORANGES. Each "SUNKIST" ORANGE is picked from the tree and packed in the box by a gloved hand. No orange that falls to the ground is packed under the "SUNKIST" label.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

We grow 60% of all the California oranges. Three-fourths of all the lemons. Most of them are sold in bulk, but the choicest selections of this great quantity are wrapped in the "SUNKIST" label, so that if you would be sure that you get the choicest pick, insist upon the "SUNKIST."

Beautiful Orange Spoon FREE

Some dealers may claim the oranges they sell are the famous "SUNKIST," but that they have removed the wrapper. Insist on your dealer giving you oranges and lemons in the "SUNKIST" wrapper. If you do this we will give you a beautiful orange spoon—one of Rogers' best standard AA quality. Just send us twelve "SUNKIST" orange or lemon wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay postage, packing, etc., and receive one of these beautiful spoons by return mail.

The choicest quality of lemons also go under the "SUNKIST" label. You can easily secure a whole dozen of these beautiful orange spoons. Get a dozen "SUNKIST" oranges or lemons today.

Send to California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

SUNKIST ORANGES

SUNKIST LEMONS

TERREBONNE.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. St. Yvos, Jan. 24, a boy.

On Monday, Feb. 7, was celebrated at St. Mary's church at Terrebonne, the marriage of Miss Agnes Gaudet to Mr. A. Lacombe of Bemidji. Mr. and Mrs. Lacombe left the following day for their home at Bemidji.

Rev. E. Bossus of Red Lake and Rev. A. Beyne of Warroad were last week the guests of Fr. Vuilleux.

Pat Morin and wife spent a few days in Terrebonne, at the home of Mr. Generaux.

Lent has reached us. Few of the young people will be sorry for it!

WYLIE.

Rick Melin was a business caller to Thief River Falls Saturday.

T. P. Smidesang and Henry Schneider were at Crookston the first of the week on business.

Joe Dargan has been working at the Hotel Markham at St. Hilaire.

Jas. Dreelan and Anton Anderson left for Hallock the first of the week where they are witnesses in the Karlstad bank robbery case.

Among those who attended the masquerade dance at St. Hilaire from here were John Dargan, Joe Draeger, Jim Dreelan, Miss Mary Draeger and Miss Tena and Lena Eckstein. They all report a good time.

Talk about baled hay, but if you want to see it cull at Wylie.

Miss Alice Dreelan went to Red Lake Falls to attend school.

Albert Power who has been on the sick list for the last week or so, is at Crookston in the hospital.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

BROOKS.

Miss Fabiola Dubuque is the latest victim of la grippe.

Born, to and Mr. and Mrs. Armidas Lambert, a girl.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boucher, a boy.

Frank Cyr returned from Crookston Thursday.

Misses Perrusse and Engebritson were teachers of this vicinity who took the exams in Thief River Falls the past week.

Peter Bergeron, who has been visiting relatives in Argyle, returned to his home in Lambert Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Premo and Miss Medore spent Sunday with friends in Terrebonne.

Delore LaVoie left for Dunderlin, N. Dak., where he has accepted a position as clerk in a store.

Messrs. Frank Jean and Frank Cyr were Brookites who attended the Boisnert party at Lambert.

Mr. A. E. Sorenson has resigned his position as mail carrier. We are sorry to lose Mr. Sorenson as he was efficient and reliable and has held his present position for a number of years. He has accepted a position in Grand Forks and expects to leave for there in April.

The dance and basket party given here was a success. Several from Red Lake Falls and Plummer attended the dance.

Miss Ernestine Dery of Lambert was married Monday morning to Mr. Peter Ray. We are unable to obtain particulars as to the event this week.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

His Contribution

By MARTHA HOTCHKISS

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Mr. Keating was a young man who had a natural gift as a financial operator. Only twenty-six years old, he had carried through several deals in stocks. He had met Miss Ethel Lamb, who was quite willing to marry him. Not that he had asked her, for he had not; he wished to get himself in better financial shape before doing so.

"Mr. Keating," she said to him one evening, "I am so anxious to make a little money. I want it for a certain purpose. It's something I can't tell you about, for I have promised not to tell any one. You see, there are several of us interested in it, and I would not be justified in telling their secret."

"Certainly not. Some social move, I suppose?"

"No, it's not social."

"Oh, you are going in for some of these fads the rich women are taking up—woman voting, helping women operatives who strike or something of that kind."

"Nothing of the sort. I see you have got a wrong impression entirely, so I'll have to tell you."

And she did. They were going to endow a colored church.

"That's a laudable object, and I'd be very mean not to help you. Would a hundred dollars do?"

"We wish to make ten thousand. Now, it seems to me that if you would give us a—what do you call it?"

"A tip?"

"Yes; a tip when some stock you are going to make money in is going up, so that we can buy some of it. We can make all we want"—

"In one fell swoop."

"Yes, that's it. Without having to beg it in little lots, get up fairs and all that sort of thing."

"Very well. I'm thinking of a little scheme now. If it comes to anything I'll let you know."

Not long after that Mr. Keating called on Miss Lamb and asked if he could speak to her without being overheard. She shut all the doors, and he said to her in a low tone:

"If I give you a tip will you be sure not to tell any one?"

"Certainly."

"Well, buy Jimberjaw Lead. You'll make your $10,000. But if you should lose I'll stand your loss myself."

Miss Ethel Lamb thanked her informer, though she said it wouldn't be quite fair for him to stand any loss. Still, since there wouldn't be any loss there wouldn't be anything for him to stand.

The next day she went to a friend who was a stockbroker and told him that she had received a tip on Jimberjaw Lead and asked him to buy some of the stock for her. She had no money to put up for a margin, but he told her that if she would convince him that the tip was reliable he would buy some stock for her without any margin.

Miss Lamb remembered her promise, but, considering the cause she was working for warranted her breaking it, concluded to tell him provided he would promise solemnly not to tell a single person. He promised, and she told him that the tip had come from Mr Keating.

He opened his eyes, but said nothing and the next morning she received a notice of the purchase of 500 shares of Jimberjaw Lead. As soon as she had left the office the broker told his partners that Keating had tipped a lady he (the broker) happened to know Keating was attentive to that there was to be a movement in Jimberjaw Lead. This was done in the private office, where no one except the members of the firm could hear.

A number of customers doing business with the firm were quietly advised to buy a little of the stock without having been given the source from which the information about it came. But the clerks, seeing large orders for the shares going into the exchange, took fliers and confidentially told the clerks of other offices.

Very soon the price of Jimberjaw Lead began to rise, at first slowly, but in time rapidly. Then it began to jump. One morning Miss Lamb was informed by her broker that she had a profit of $6,000. Would she sell? She said she would like first to ask her tipper. She telephoned Keating for information, who told her to hold on and she would surely make her $10,000. This information she communicated to her brokers, and it radiated in many directions.

There were large sales of Jimberjaw Lead for a few days, the stock gaining and losing in price alternately; then it began to go down. Suddenly a large lot was dropped on the market, and Miss Lamb's profit was wiped out. From that time forward it sank slowly until she had lost some $3,000.

She sent for Mr. Keating.

"What shall I do?" she moaned. "I've lost money I can't pay."

"Didn't I tell you I would stand your loss?"

"Yes, but I don't like to have you do that. Besides, the church!"

"I'll take care of the church."

This somewhat reassured her.

"I am abundantly able to give $10,000 to your church project since I have sold out shares that have been on my hands for two years at a handsome profit. You enabled me to do so."

"I! How?"

"By confiding my secret to another."

"You wretch!"

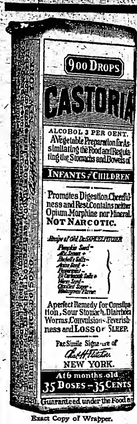
"I forgive you on one condition—that you help me to spend the profits as my wife."

His Double Affliction.

In Paris there is a blind man who carries a board bearing this singular sign: "Blind by Birth and by Accident."

"Look here, my good man," said a passerby; "your sign is positively distracting! Can you tell me how you come to be blind by birth and by accident at the same time?"

"Easy enough!" said the old man. "You see, I'm blind by birth myself, and I've bought out a blind man who did business at the other end of the bridge. He was blind by accident!"



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS / CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Brown and Black.

In one of the middle west cities there lived a local wit and his favorite butt. Both were prominent clubmen and enlivened the same social set. One was named Black and the other Brown. Black was immaculate in his dress, while Brown was careless, often wearing his finger nails in mourning and a not immaculate collar with a dress suit. But family connections excused his shortcomings. One evening the pair arrived at a reception and met the hostess simultaneously. The two names mentioned together suggested a bon mot to Brown, but the opening was disastrous.

"The colors are very much in evidence tonight," said Brown.

To which their hostess replied, "Yes I see they are, and, if rumor is to be credited, they are fast colors."

"No, no," broke in Black. "Brown won't wash."

Severely Proper.

A Boston girl the other day said to a southern friend who was visiting her as two men rose in a car to give them seats, "Oh, I wish they would not do it!"

"Why not? I think it is very nice of them," said her friend, settling herself comfortably.

"Yes, but one can't thank them, you know, and it is so awkward."

"Can't thank them! Why not?"

"Why, you would not speak to a strange man, would you?" said the Boston maiden, to the astonishment of her southern friend.

A Shock For Mansfield.

Mr. Mansfield's dignity was very great. He conducted himself toward others in a dignified way. He expected others to conduct themselves toward him in like manner.

But once, in Chicago, Mr. Mansfield was touched on the raw by a manager. It was the first night of a Cyrano de Bergerac tour. The great actor, his delicate nerves a-quiver, was making up with his dresser's help when the manager rushed into the dressing room without knocking, slapped Mr. Mansfield heartily on the back and shouted:

"The house is packed! There ain't even no more standin' room! Now, Dick, old man, sail in and show 'em what yer made of!"

The dresser used to say if he hadn't hustled that manager out Cyrano would have run him through with his sword.

A Grim Outlook.

A lady visiting Colorado suffered greatly from the elevation. One day after an attack of breathlessness she sighed out, "I am sure I will die!"

"Will you go to heaven if you die?" inquired her little son anxiously.

"I hope so, dear."

The small boy burst into tears. "Oh, mother, dear," he sobbed, "don't—don't go to heaven! You could never stand the altitude."

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
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Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
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ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
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CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance, City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A. hall. Sam'l Gilheau, Pres., Frank Brouet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hanson, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman dean, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

WANTS HER LETTER PUBLISHED

For Benefit of Women who Suffer from Female Ills

Minneapolis, Minn.—"I was a great sufferer from female troubles which caused a weakness and broken down condition of the system. I read so much of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for other suffering women I felt sure it would help me, and I must say it did help me wonderfully. My pains all left me, I grew stronger, and within three months I was a perfectly well woman.

"I want this letter made public to show the benefit women may derive from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. John G. Moldan, 2115 Second St., North, Minneapolis, Minn.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.

CALLOUS TO CRITICISM.

The Husband—As far as I am concerned, you may scold as much as you like. I am by nature thick-skinned.

DOCTOR'S BEST FORMULA

For Remarkably Quick Action on Colds and Coughs.

This prescription will frequently cure the worst cold in a day's time and it is a sure cure for any cough that can be cured. "Two ounces Glycerine; half ounce Concentrated Pine; Put these into half a pint of good whiskey and use in doses of teaspoonful to a tablespoonful every four hours. Shake bottle well each time." Any druggist has these ingredients in stock or will quickly get them from his wholesale house. The Concentrated Pine is a special pine product and comes only in half ounce vials each enclosed in an air tight case; But be sure it is labeled "Concentrated." This formula cured hundreds here last winter.

An Educational Problem.

Little Margery has just begun to go to the kindergarten, and is filled with a due sense of the importance of her studies there and the solemn value of the attainments that have thus been put within her reach. The other afternoon, after coming home from school, she remained in a brown study for a time, and then said: "Mamma, do I know as much now as I don't know?"

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

There is no conversation so agreeable as that of a man of integrity, who hears without any intention to betray, and speaks without any intention to deceive.—Plato.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

He loves his country best who strives to make it best.—Ingersoll.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

FOR RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES.

375 "Guaranteed"

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE FLAVOR LASTS

Do it Now

Tomorrow A. M. too late. Take a CASCARET at bed time; get up in the morning feeling fine and dandy. No need for ***sickness*** from ***over-eating*** and ***drinking***. They surely work while you sleep and help nature help you. Millions take them and keep well. 894

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

WRIGLEY WRIGLEY WRIGLEY

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Early Conspiracies Against Lincoln

by John W. Nicholls

Abraham Lincoln

Mrs. Lincoln

ABOUT the middle of August, 1862, Company K of the One hundred and fifth Pennsylvania volunteers, known as the "Bucktail" regiment, of which I was a private, was detailed as a bodyguard of President Lincoln and continued in that capacity until his assassination in the spring of 1865. During the three years of my stay in Washington, the most critical period of the nation's history, I saw and heard many things that have never found their way into the public prints. Some of the bodyguard were constantly with the president and his family, whether at fashionable levees, receptions to foreign legations or private interviews. At all such functions we were silent spectators of all that took place. We were always treated with the highest respect by the Lincoln family, who regarded us as a part of the household. Every private of the guard received the same attentions of courtesy as the most famous statesman or diplomat at the capital. We all formed a strong personal attachment for the president and when the grand old man laid down his life in behalf of the cause that had been his life work we felt as if we had lost the dearest friend we ever had.

During the first two years of our term of service the most rigid discipline was enforced. Sometimes we would be ordered to use extraordinary vigilance and to let no one enter the grounds of the White House without the proper passes and to be very particular as to who approached the president. Often the order would come for the guards on duty to be doubled. It was seldom that he knew the direct cause of these extra precautions, but we supposed that the officers of the secret service were in possession of information of some plot that brooded harm to the president.

Up to 1864, owing to our vigilance and the protecting hand of Providence, our beloved chief had escaped the hand of violence. The back of the confederacy was broken, a good feeling pervaded all Washington and consequently the strict watchfulness that had prevailed grew into laxity. This was the fatal period, for it was at this time that conspiracies were hatched and confederates overran the city, comparatively unmolested. The president and family spent the summer at the soldier's home, situated about three miles north of the city, and thither the bodyguard always accompanied them.

It was in the summer of 1864, while we were up at the home, that an incident happened that came very near culminating in just such an awful tragedy as followed only a few months later at Ford's theater. It was the custom of the president to remain late at the war department when anything of great importance was happening in the army, consulting with the secretary of war and transmitting and receiving dispatches, and after his work was finished he would ride out to the soldiers' home. That summer he had persistently refused an escort, imagining himself perfectly secure.

One night about the middle of August I was doing sentry duty at the large gate through which entrance was had into the grounds at the home. The place is situated about a quarter of a mile off the Bladensburg road and is reached by a devious driveway. About one o'clock I heard a rifle shot in the direction of the city and shortly afterward could hear approaching hoofbeats. In two or three minutes the horse came near enough so that in the dim moonlight I recognized the rider as the belated president. The horse, a very spirited one, belonging to Lamon, the marshal of the District of Columbia, was Mr. Lincoln's favorite saddle animal and when he was in the White House stables he always chose him.

As horse and rider approached the gate I noticed that the president was bareheaded. After I had assisted him in checking his steed the president said to me:

"He came pretty near getting away with me, didn't he? He took the bit in his teeth before I could draw the reins."

I then asked him where his hat was and he replied that somebody had fired a gun off down at the foot of the hill, which scared his horse, and the lurch of the animal toppled his hat off. I led the horse to the cottage where the president and his family was staying. There he dismounted and went in.

Thinking the proceeding a little strange, a corporal and I started in the direction from which the report of the gun had been heard, to investigate. When we came to the place where the driveway meets the main road we found the president's hat—a plain silk hat—and on examining it found a bullet hole through the corner of the crown. The shot had been fired upward and it was evident that the person who had fired it had secreted himself close to the roadside. We listened and searched the locality thoroughly, but to no avail.

The next day I gave Mr. Lincoln his hat and called his attention to the bullet hole. He unconcernedly remarked that it was put there by some foolish gunner and was not intended for him. He said, however, that he wanted the matter kept quiet and admonished us to say nothing about it.

The next fall, after we had taken up our winter quarters at the White House, a conspiracy to kidnap the president was unknowingly frustrated by us. Had the truth of the affair leaked out at the time it doubtless would have created great excitement. Our quarters were immediately in front of the south porch of the Executive Mansion, a position which placed us at about equal distance from the treasury building on the east and the war and navy building on the west.

For reasons at the time unknown to us we were ordered to move our guard tent and place it at the west end of the gravel walk, directly in the rear of the war department. While we stayed there nothing occurred to arouse suspicion. Shortly afterward we learned, however, that on the very night after we had moved the tent the confederates had a plan laid to capture the president. The conspirators were to hide in the shrubbery and when the president came along the walk they were to seize, gag and carry him across the river into Virginia. Thence he was to be taken to Richmond or some other confederate stronghold, where he was to be held as a hostage. The members of the bodyguard always supposed that the conspirators were frightened away when they saw our guard tent and abandoned the plan of kidnapping.

Not long after the attempted kidnapping another episode took place, which afterward was found to have been planned by a band of assassins who made their headquarters in the city. Bourke, the veteran coachman, who had served at the White House through Pierce's and Buchanan's administrations and thus far into Lincoln's, was taken sick and compelled to be off duty.

Immediately a stranger, who represented himself as an experienced coachman from Baltimore, applied at the White House and was employed as coachman. From the first he was domineering and after a few weeks became so important that he was discharged and Bourke reinstated.

One night shortly afterward, just about dusk, the discharged coachman was seen sneaking around the stables by some of the guard. The stables had been locked for the night and it was not supposed that he could do any damage and consequently the men who saw him did not go to the stables. Presently the whole interior of the barns was found to be on fire. The guard was called out and by dint of great exertion we saved the president's coach and team, but Tad Lincoln's ponies and Col. Hay's carriage team perished in the flames.

The plan was to have this man fire the stables and thus to distract our attention. During the excitement some of the conspirators were ready to rush into the White House and murder the president, but instead of remaining in the house Mr. Lincoln ran out among us and thus in all probability frustrated another attempt at assassination.

What makes this appear more likely now is the fact that, after the incendiary was arrested he produced several witnesses, who later found employment at Ford's theater, to testify that he was down in the city during the whole of the evening. These were the persons who doubtless planned the final conspiracy that brought the great benefactor to the grave.

GIRL DEFIED A WHOLE ARMY.

Feminine Toll-Gate Keeper Paid by Government.

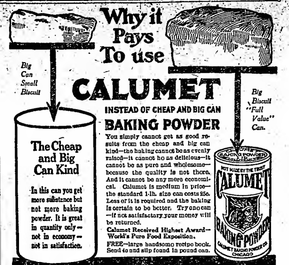
It is related that the army, headed by Sheridan and his staff, left Winchester by the valley pike early in the morning, the column moving toward Stephens City. Just as day was breaking the staff reached the toll-gate and was much discomfited to find the toll-pole down and guarded by a young and beautiful girl, Charlotte Hillman, famed locally for her girlish charms. Even the war-hardened Sheridan seems not to have been proof against the persuasion of a pair of black eyes and a pretty face, and when toll was demanded, straightway produced the tithe, setting an example that was followed by his staff.

"But," said Sheridan, as he passed through the gate, "I cannot vouch for my army."

When the common soldiery came the girl again lowered the toll-bar and demanded toll. This was met by jeers from the soldiers, whereupon she wisely raised the guard. All day the dusty troopers passed through and all day Charlotte Hillman stood at her post. For every ten soldiers who passed the gate she cut a notch in the toll-pole. Early fled beyond the Blue Ridge with the remnants of his disorganized army; in the Valley of Virginia, Lee, beaten back by Grant's overwhelming numbers, gave up the fight; in the southeast Joe Johnston fired the last burlesque shots and peace came again over the north and south. Then, when relations with Washington had been re-established and the administration's policy was one of magnanimity, Charlotte Hillman counted the notches in the toll-pole and sent her bill to Washington. And the bill was paid.—Metropolitan Magazine.

Dangerous to Author.

Parody often recoils upon its author.—La Fontaine.



Why it Pays To use CALUMET INSTEAD OF CHEAP AND BIG CAN BAKING POWDER

Big Can Small Biscuit

The Cheap and Big Can Kind

In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only—not in economy—not in satisfaction.

Big Biscuit "Full Value" Can.

You simply cannot get as good results from the cheap and big can kind—the baking cannot be as evenly raised—it cannot be as delicious—it cannot be as pure and wholesome—because the quality is not there. And it cannot be any more economical. Calumet is medium in price—the standard 1-lb. size can costs 25c. Less of it is required and the baking is certain to be better. Try one can—if not satisfactory your money will be returned.

Calumet Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

FREE—large handsome recipe book. Send 4c and slip found in pound can.

Luck.

"Does you believe it's lucky to see de new moon over yoh right shoulder?"

"Sho I does," replied Mr. Erastus Pinkney. "Dese here stormy days you's lucky to see any kind of a moon anyway."—Washington Star.

Children Who Are Sickly.
Mothers should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They break up colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Teething Disorders and Stomach Troubles. Over 10,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Ask today. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

He who gives better homes, better books, better tools, a fairer outlook and a better hope, him will we crown with laurels.—Emerson.

Delicious way to keep teeth gleaming white—delicious WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

We would all write our names on the scroll of fame but for the innumerable tribe of elbow joggers.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

A friend is merely a person we can tell our troubles to.

DOCTOR YOURSELF
when you feel a cold coming on by taking a few doses of *Perry Davis' Painkiller*. It is better than Quinine and safer. The large 50c bottles are the cheapest.

A man can always flatter his wife by being jealous.

Quaker Oats

is the world's food

Eaten in every country; eaten by infants, athletes, young and old.

Recognized as the great strength builder.

52

Delicious and economical.

Virginia Farms and Homes.
FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

California Would you like to live there? The San Diego Union will interest you. Sent 6 mo.—weekly 75c; Sundays, $1.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

"The Blood is The Life"

Science has never gone beyond the above simple statement of scripture. But it has illuminated that statement and given it a meaning ever broadening with the increasing breadth of knowledge. When the blood is "bad" or impure it is not alone the body which suffers through disease. The brain is also clouded, the mind and judgement are effected, and many an evil deed or impure thought may be directly traced to the impurity of the blood.

Foul, impure blood can be made pure by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It enriches and purifies the blood thereby curing, pimples, blotches, eruptions and other cutaneous affections, as eczema, tetter, or salt-rheum, hives and other manifestations of impure blood.

In the cure of scrofulous swellings, enlarged glands, open eating ulcers, or old sores, the "Golden Medical Discovery" has performed the most marvelous cures. In cases of old sores, or open eating ulcers, it is well to apply to the open sores Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve, which possesses wonderful healing potency when used as an application to the sores in conjunction with the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" as a blood cleansing constitutional treatment. If your druggist don't happen to have the "All-Healing Salve" in stock, you can easily procure it by inclosing fifty cents in postage stamps to Dr. R.V. Pierce, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y., and it will come to you by return post. Most druggists keep it as well as the "Golden Medical Discovery."

You can't afford to accept any medicine of *unknown composition* as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, the same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels.

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes

"Soles and Heels of Solid Leather"

That's where the ***wear*** comes, and that's where many shoes fall down. Solid, old-fashioned leather tanned by a special ***long*** process goes into the soles of all

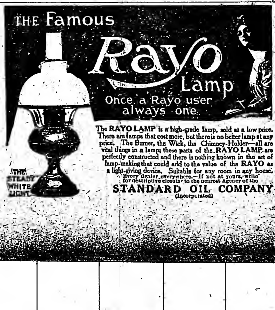
"Gitche Gamees"

The heels are ***one-piece*** lifts of the same leather. That's ONE of the reasons why "Gitche Gamee shoes make good on the feet of the wearer."

YOUR dealer sells them in all styles at four dollars

Manufactured by
The Northern Shoe Co.
Duluth, Minn.

FREE
A style-book for 1910 and a handy Pocket Mirror
A postal brings the two.
Mention your dealer's name.



The RAYO LAMP is a high-grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp at any price. The Burner, the Wick, the Chimney-Holder—all are vital things in a lamp; these parts of the RAYO LAMP are perfectly constructed and there is nothing known in the art of lamp-making that could add to the value of the RAYO as a light-giving device. Suitable for any room in any house. Every dealer everywhere.—If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest Agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

ROLL IT UNDER YOUR TONGUE!

The flavor lasts! You can't chew it out—the delicious juice of real crushed mint leaves. Fine for teeth! Fine for digestion!

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM

Look for the spear

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WESTERN CANADA

What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate, Says About Its Wheat-Producing Power:

"The greatest need of this country [United States] within another generation will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."

This great railroad magnate is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.

Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat

were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3 per acre, are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success. Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application), and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
Use address nearest you.

Pla-Mate Shoes
Are Best for Little Folks

[illegible] the lines of the natural [illegible] perfect development. Think what [illegible] parents who suffer from [illegible] as a result of wearing [illegible] which contracted the [illegible] Pla-Mate Shoes come in [illegible] and oxford styles [illegible] leathers. The price [illegible] a little higher than [illegible] paying, but think [illegible] the children [illegible] and consider that [illegible] and workmanship [illegible] into every pair of Pla-Mate Shoes makes them outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes. If your shoe dealer does not keep Pla-Mate Shoes [illegible] stating the size and style of shoe you want and we will see that you are promptly supplied.

WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

ATTENTION! HOMESEEKERS

Come to the FAMOUS YAKIMA VALLEY, the home of the BIG RED APPLE.

YAKIMA

offers unlimited opportunities for success in the growing of high grade fruit.

Choice irrigated land in this prosperous section can still be had at low prices and on easy terms.

We also plant and care for orchards for non-residents.

Write for our illustrated booklets giving full information.

Yakima Realty & Investment Co.
12 E. Yakima Avenue, North Yakima, Washington.
317-319 Palace Bldg. Minneapolis, Minnesota.
805 Third Avenue, Seattle, Washington.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

A Lifetime of Good Service
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

A convenient and effective remedy for Coughs and Hoarseness. Invaluable in Bronchial and Lung Troubles and to Singers and Speakers for clearing the voice. Entirely free from opiates or any harmful ingredient. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. Sample mailed on request.

JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Children's Coughs Cause the Little Ones Me a Unnecessary Suffering

PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Gives instant relief—soothes and heals the little throats and prevents more serious illness. Children like it too—so pleasant to take and does not upset the stomach.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

IS NEW SENATOR

COL. W. E. PURCELL TAKES OATH OF OFFICE AT NATION'S CAPITOL.

SENATOR THOMPSON ILL

Senator Money Presents Purcell's Name in Senate—Ex-Senator Thompson Grows Worse.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Hon. Fountain L. Thompson, recently appointed senator from North Dakota, has resigned on account of ill health, and Hon. W. E. Purcell of Wahpeton has been appointed his successor. The announcement was made in the senate today by Senator Money, and Mr. Purcell was sworn in.

Senator Thompson took his seat in the senate Dec. 6, last, having been appointed on Nov. 10 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Martin N. Johnson of North Dakota, during the recess of congress.

The intention of Senator Thompson to resign had been kept a profound secret about the senate and few had notice of such a purpose on his part. A large majority of senators were in ignorance until 12 o'clock today, when Mr. Purcell appeared in the senate. He was accompanied by Senator Money, chairman of the democratic caucus, who introduced him to a number of senators from both sides of the chamber.

HON. W. E. PURCELL.
North Dakota Senator Who Was Recently Sworn in.

Was born in Flemington, N. J., Aug. 3, 1856. He was educated in the common schools, worked on a farm, studied law when 20 years of age, and was admitted to practice. He came to Dakota in 1881 and settled at Wahpeton. He has been United States attorney for the territory, member of the constitutional convention and has been a member of the democratic national committee. He was elected to the state senate from the Twelfth district as a democrat. He is married and has no children.

A few minutes later Money sent up the certificate of Governor Burke, announcing the appointment and the new senator's colleague. Mr. McCumber, asked that Purcell be sworn in. Burrows, as chairman of the committee on privilege and elections, objected. He called attention to the fact that the certificate was addressed to Purcell himself, and not to the senate. This was irregular and he thought the senate should take until tomorrow to investigate.

SEN. L. F. THOMPSON.
Recently Resigned Who Is Now In Texas for Health.

Both Messrs. Money and McCumber protested, and ultimately Mr. Burrows withdrew his objection. Mr. Purcell was then escorted to the vice president's desk and the oath of office administered.

The appointment of J. V. Brooks as private secretary was one of the first official acts of the new senator. Brooks served in a similar capacity to Thompson.

Say Boycott Is Misdirected.

New York, Jan. 31.—The United Master Butchers of America, in a statement given out here today, decry the meat boycott as "misdirected energy which is defeating its own end." The statement urges the removal of the tariff on all live stock.

Flyer Crashes Into Freight.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 1.—A fast passenger train on the Monon road, which left Louisville at 8 this morning for Chicago, collided with a freight train at Wilson, Ind. [illegible]

Rescuers Work All Night.

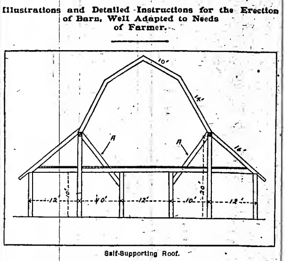
Primero, Col., Feb. 2.—All night long fresh parties of rescuers battled with the deadly black damp for control of the main mine of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co., whose four score miners were killed by an explosion Monday.

Directing the air currents with braces of timber and canvas the rescuers penetrated almost the entire length of the main slope, where the most disastrous effects of the explosion were felt. Several bodies were recovered this morning.

With the arrival of daylight, the care-worn anxious watchers again pressed against the lines fencing off the shaft.

PLAN FOR CONSTRUCTING SELF-SUPPORTING ROOF

Illustrations and Detailed Instructions for the Erection of Barn, Well Adapted to Needs of Farmer.

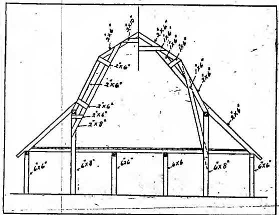


Self-Supporting Roof.

The accompanying illustrations show two barns constructed with self-supporting roofs. In Fig. 2 is shown two methods of bracing a small, self-supporting roof, that would in our opinion be suitable for a building of this width, writes J. E. Bridgman in Farmers' Review. Either method may be used with safety. The braces are nailed on both sides of the rafters and as will be seen the sizes of all timbers are given. No rods are necessary. The two braces marked "A-A," as shown in our correspondent's plan, may be eliminated, as they would only be in the way. Bolts would do no harm, but would do very little good, as they work loose in a very short time. The joints should be made neat and close fitting and be well nailed. Short pieces should be placed between the braces, where the space is over four feet long.

As to the thrust of the rafters on the plate, several things must be considered: First, the wind pressure; second, the snow load, and last the weight of the timbers themselves. On the shed roof the timbers would weigh practically eight pounds per square foot; the snow load would be about 10 pounds and the wind pressure about 15 pounds in a heavy wind storm. This gives a total weight of 33 pounds per square foot. The rafters are 16 feet long, which gives us a load of 528 pounds per running foot to be carried by the plates. One-fourth of this load, however, will be carried by the upper plate. The main roof timbers would weigh practically 11 pounds per square foot. The wind pressure could be fixed at 18 pounds per foot and the snow load 10 pounds, which gives us a total of 39 pounds per square foot. The rafters on the main roof are 24 feet long, giving us a total load of 936 pounds. To this must be added one-fourth of the weight of the shed roof, 132 pounds, and we have 1,068 pounds per running foot, that must be carried by the plates of the main barn. This, it will be understood, is during a storm period, when the wind has a velocity of 60 miles per hour.

I am not personally in favor of building sheds or shed roofs in the construction of new buildings.



Methods of Bracing Self-Supporting Roof.

TURKEYS RAISED FOR PROFIT

Some Good, Practical Suggestions from One Who for Years Made a Success in Breeding Them.

(By MISS M. CHANDLER.)

After successfully raising turkeys for a number of years I am able to give a few practical and useful hints on the subject which cannot fail to be of great benefit to the new beginner or perhaps to the ones who have been trying to raise turkeys with but poor success.

Turkeys, as we all know, are considered more difficult to raise than are chickens, on account of their being more sensitive to the damp and cold of spring, and for this reason many do not try to raise them at all.

I find that if turkeys are not hatched before May 1 it is less trouble to care for them and they are more apt to live.

It pays best to start with a small flock. Never keep over winter more than three hens and a gobbler. Right here let me say, be sure to get your gobbler and hens of different flocks in starting, and if you have your own trade with some one, so that they will not be related to the hens.

Inbreeding is the cause very frequently of blindness. I have seen inquiries in many farm papers as to the probable cause of blindness, and experience has taught me that this is the sole cause.

It is unwise to set the old turkey the first time she gets broody, but break her up to lay more eggs and set a hen or two in her place.

When a hen is set, never use more than eight or ten eggs, and even then select a large hen.

Give her a warm place to sit and saturate the nest well with sulphur to keep away vermin. Use sulphur on the hen also.

A hen that is to sit for four weeks must be well fed and cared for. Give her plenty of fresh water and exercise and a small ration of good cornmeal wet with milk once each day.

When a brood of little turkeys are first hatched they are very weakly and should not be taken from the nest for at least twelve hours.

Warm, waterproof coops should be provided for them. Large dry goods boxes, such as can be bought for about 25 cents, make excellent coops.

Turn them on their side, with blocks under the corner to keep them off the ground. Nail strips of board over every crack. The top of the box forms the front of the coop. Nail lath across the front so close together that the little ones cannot crawl through, and make a little door through which to feed and water them at one end.

I feed them on bread and milk for a few days and then give them cornmeal wet with sweet milk and a pinch of salt and some clean sand.

Dutch cheese is also good for a change. They are very fond of it and it aids digestion. Give them plenty of water, but do not leave it where they can tumble into it, as a good wetting is most certain to be the death of a little turkey.

When they are a few days old I take off a lath from the front of the coop and let them run out after the dew is off. If the nights are chilly or the weather should be damp, cover the coop well with a warm blanket.

The last year I raised turkeys I learned something very helpful. I put the coop under a large tree, where there was shade in the afternoon and found that the little "turks" never left the shade and did not run off into the grass and weeds and get lost, as they had formerly done. They cannot endure the hot sun.

Eradicate Cut Worms.

Prevention is the only way to save plants from the ravages of cut worms. Use salt on the garden plat; let the chickens have the run of the garden where there are no crops in that they will destroy; plow and stir the ground in the fall and winter so often the pests will be routed out of their nests, and then when you get the plants put an old fruit can, quart size, with top and bottom taken out, over each plant so if there should be a stray worm he cannot get the plant. Keep a watch, and if a plant is eaten hunt for the worm and kill him and set another plant.

Dried Eggs.

Dried eggs are now put up at Topeka and Wichita, Kan. The Topeka plant has consumed 1,360,000 dozen eggs in 25 weeks. Three dozen fresh eggs are needed to make a pound of the dried variety. Dried eggs are used by bakers and boarding houses and on ships, where the fresh variety is impossible to obtain. At present most of the dried eggs used in this country come from Russia, China and Japan. The present status of the new tariff bill admits dried eggs free.

New Harvester.

A new harvesting machine has been introduced in Nebraska. The harvester is propelled by its own power, and is followed by a truck carrying gasoline engine which operates the harvesting mechanism of the machine. This is used mainly in wet fields where the power of the harvester is not sufficient to make headway.

WORTH KNOWING.

Simple Remedy That Anyone Can Prepare at Home.

Most people are more or less subject to coughs and colds. A simple remedy that will break up a cold quickly and cure any cough that is curable is made by mixing two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and eight ounces of pure Whisky. You can get these in any good drug store and easily mix them in a large bottle. The mixture is highly recommended by the Leach Chemical Co. of Cincinnati, who prepare the genuine Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure for dispensing.

THE ETERNAL FEMININE.

"Why can't you run a little faster, Willie?"

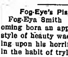
"Gee! dere's no pleasin' some women! If I was er race horse, you'd kick because I couldn't fly!"

SUFFERED TERRIBLY.

How Relief from Distressing Kidney Trouble Was Found.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wolf, 388 W. Morgan St., Tipton, Mo., says: "Inflammation of the bladder reached its climax last spring and I suffered terribly. My back ached and pained so I could hardly get around and the secretions were scanty, frequent of passage and painful. I was tired all the time and very nervous. I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, and after taking a few boxes was cured and have been well ever since."

Remember the name—Doan's. Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



Fog-Eye's Plaintive Protest.

Fog-Eye Smith of northwest Wyoming bore an appalling facade. His style of beauty was a blight. Depending upon his horrific exterior, he was in the habit of trying to awe newcomers. On one occasion, affecting some displeasure at the manner in which a pallid stranger watered his liquor, Mr. Smith announced, frowning, that unless he detected immediate amendments he would send the neophyte home in a market basket. "Which I'll sure tear you up a whole lot," said Fog-Eye. Half an hour later Mr. Smith was found groping about on the floor under the poker table, hunting for his glass eye, and muttering to himself. The stranger asked with some evidence of impatience what new line of sentiments Mr. Smith was now harboring. That injured recluse, glaring malevolently from beneath the furniture, replied: "Which I sure do hate a man with no sense of humor."

Latest Coffee Roaster.

The latest coffee roaster has a stationary inner cylinder and a rotating outer one of perforated steel, with space between for the coffee beans, and blades to insure thorough mixing and even roasting. Heat is applied to the inner cylinder by electric current. For sampling the roasting, a small cup is so arranged that on pressing a knob three or four beans are thrown out without stopping the cylinder.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Not the Proper Atmosphere.

Overheard outside St. Ann's church yesterday:

First City Man—Are you going in to hear the archdeacon to-day?

Second City Man—No, I think not. It puts me in the wrong frame of mind for business for the rest of the day.—Manchester Guardian.

Better make your digestion better. The real mint leaf juice of WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT does that better than anything else.

The Modern Polonius.

"Pay your debts promptly, my son."

"All right, dad."

"Then when opportunity knocks you won't be afraid to go to the door."

Spend an hour or two in the country. Chewing WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT is like visiting the green fields.

Work is the grand cure for all the maladies and miseries that ever beset mankind—honest work, which you intend getting done.—Thomas Carlyle.

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET.
"A Kodak on the Farm," E. B. Meyrowitz, 604 Nicollett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

The world is all gates, all opportunities, strings of tension waiting to be struck.—Emerson.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Before she is married to a man a woman always wants to think of him; afterward she wants to think for him.

WHY suffer with eye troubles, quick relief by using PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, 25c, All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Health may be wealth, but that isn't what makes the doctors rich.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

We are never too old to acquire the latest wrinkle.

Pleasant, Refreshing, Beneficial,

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and the healthy because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In its production a pleasant and refreshing syrup of the figs of California is united with the laxative and carminative properties of certain plants known to act most beneficially, on the human system, when its gentle cleansing is desired. To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine, for sale by all reputable druggists; one size only, price fifty cents a bottle. The name of the company — California Fig Syrup Co.—is always plainly printed upon the front of every package of the genuine.

California Fig Syrup Co.

LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N. Y

Mayer Special Merit SCHOOL SHOES

"WEAR LIKE IRON"

They wear best where the wear is hardest. Made of selected leather specially tanned to resist exactly the kind of wear a healthy boy or girl will give them.

Two layers of leather are sewed in at the tip instead of one, to prevent the toes kicking out. The soles are of extreme toughness.

Mayer Special Merit School Shoes

are made to fit a child's foot in a comfortable, natural way that will prevent foot trouble in later years, yet they are stylish and good looking. Only the genuine have the Mayer Trade Mark stamped on the sole.

FREE—If you will send us the name of a dealer who does not handle Special Merit School Shoes, we will send you, free, postpaid, a handsome picture, size 15x20, of George Washington.

We also make Honorbilt Shoes for men, Leading Lady Shoes, Martha Washington Comfort Shoes, Yerma Cushion Shoes and Work Shoes.

THEY WEAR LIKE IRON

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.
MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN

A SET OF ANIMAL TRACKS IN SNOW OR MUD

TO EVERYONE INTERESTED IN
HUNTING OR TRAPPING

who will cut out this advertisement and mail it to us with your name and address plainly written on coupon below, together with 2c for postage, we will send absolutely *Free* a set of *Animal Tracks in Snow or Mud* showing the foot prints of Rabbits, Deer, Muskrat, Skunk, Mink, Squirrel, Fox, Coon and Otter; running, walking or leaping, and also pattern sheet of sizes for Mink and Skunk. For 4 cents we will send you the above articles and our 40 page Trappers Book. For 6 cents we will send you all these articles and picture of 46 Wild Animals in natural colors with Key, Trap Catalog and Price List of *Hides and Furs.* We pay the highest market price for *Hides and Furs* and make prompt settlement for each shipment. We also sell *Hunters and Trappers* supplies cheap. Write your name and address plainly so these articles may be sure to reach you.

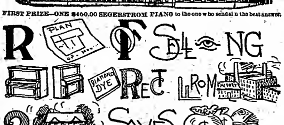
Yours always for a Square Deal, the Old Reliable
Northwestern Hide & Fur Co
ESTB. 1890
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

COUPON
NAME
TOWN
STATE
ROUTE

FREE—TO YOU—FREE

This $400.00 SEGERSTROM PIANO if you send us the best answer to the following rebus. Also $14,500.00 in other cash value prizes to advertise our factory and the fastest growing piano manufacturing business in the United States, as follows:

FIRST PRIZE—ONE $400.00 SEGERSTROM PIANO to the one who sends in the best answer.



THEN—$14,500.00 will be divided in amounts from $25.00 to $150.00 according to merit. These awards are good just the same as so much money towards the purchase of any new piano in our store.

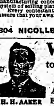
IMPORTANT—No one who has been awarded a prize in any of our former contests will be eligible to compete in this contest. Only one answer will be received from any one family, otherwise the contest is free and open to anyone in the United States.

We are spending a fortune each year in advertising the SEGERSTROM PIANO direct from the homes of satisfied customers which, after all, is the very best advertisement and we intend to accomplish in one year what other manufacturers have taken fifty years to do.

Lipton spent a million dollars in advertising the products of his manufacture. Wise guys pronounced him a lunatic. Today he is heralded by the crowned heads of Europe, proclaimed the King merchant. It pays to advertise when your goods are right. We sell more pianos wholesale and retail than any other manufacturing concern in the country and our plan appeals to the thinking buyers on account of our system of selling pianos direct from factory to home which eliminates all middleman's profits.

Every contestant will be answered by mail, but be sure and enclose a self addressed envelope to assure that your award will not be missent or lost in the mail.

SEGERSTROM PIANO MFG. CO.
804 NICOLLET AVENUE MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA



WE FURNISH POSITIONS

to graduates, have done so and can. Send for a beautiful free catalog, to

AAKER'S BUSINESS COLLEGES

H. H. AAKER

Fargo or Grand Forks, or to Prof. H. H. Aaker, Prop., Fargo.

HAMLINS WIZARD OIL GREAT FOR PAIN
THE OIL THAT PENETRATES

FREE We Will Send Upon Application to Every Farmer FREE
PROF. THOMAS SHAW'S Directions for Planting Garden, Flower and Field Seeds in our Catalogue of Home Grown Seed
NORTHERN SEED CO., Seed Growers. 11th St., Valley City, N. D.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality
VALENTINES
and Valentine Post Cards
Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Freund's new ad.

See Chas. E. Boughton for Fire Insurance.

Don't neglect your fire insurance. See Boughton.

We want to buy a few good farms —J. H. Houston.

O. J. Knuteson spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Will pay cash for snaps in farm land. J. D. Houston.

Mr. and Mrs. Keating of Crookston are in town today.

C. B. Cruzen, the Wylie merchant, was in town today.

Miss Eva Bray has been quite seriously ill the past week.

Oyster supper in the Boughton building next Monday evening.

Rudolph Holzman returned Tuesday from a trip to North Dakota.

Jos Helm, jr. left this evening on a business trip to the twin cities

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs Jas. H. Cross of Grand Forks last week.

Orban Hamry of Crookston spent Sunday with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Miss Zelia Quesnelle has gone to Badger for a two weeks visit with relatives.

Miss Rose Harren has spent the week at Brooks, the guest of Miss Mae Moreau.

Miss Louise Prudhomme is spending the week with relatives and friends at Gentilly.

Aug. Morin visited at the home of his son at Crookston from Thursday until Monday.

Freund's orchestra went to Brooks Monday night to furnish music for a dance.

A number of young people enjoyed a dancing party at M. B. A. hall Tuesday evening.

Attorney F. A. Grady was attending to legal business at Crookston the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Nap Miller of Grand Rapids are visiting with relatives in town.

Attorney F. L. Farley made a business trip to Crookston Monday, returning Tuesday.

A few young people went to St. Hilaire last Friday evening to attend the mask ball.

List your farm with us. We have buyers every week.—J. D. Houston, Bourdon Land Office.

Carl Nelson of Thief River Falls visited with friends in town Friday evening and Saturday.

E. H. Robillard went to Crookston Sunday and returned Tuesday. He made the trip by team.

Arthur Guilmette returned Friday from western Canada where he had spent the past several months.

Mrs. P. E. Pirath has spent several days at Grand Forks with the new son at the Jas. H. Cross home.

J. J. Paddon has spent a part of the week in the twin cities and at Hibbing attending to some business matters.

Having made a deal for a larger car, we offer our high wheeled automobile cheap.—V. M. Higinbotham Land Co.

Services in the Norwegian Lutheran church on Wednesday evening Feb. 16, at 7:30. Rev. S. T. Palm will preach.

For Sale—1 choice breeding ram, 2 yr. old and weighing 185 lb. Call or write—C.E. Naplin, R. F. D. No. 1, Wylie, Minn. F10

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, on Feb. 7, for one day. Eyes Examined. Glasses Fitted.

There was a good attendance at the sociable given by the ladies of the Presbyterian church at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Hunt last evening.

Sheriff Nelson has gone for a long trip thru the country. He is summoning jurors for the March general term of district court.

Don't take chances on fire yourself. Let the insurance companies do that. That's what they are for. Get a policy from Boughton.

L. C. Simons, the St. Paul-Brooks-Wonbun banker, was up from the city attending to some business matters here this week.

John Manley and Miss Elsie Manley were at Rushford, Minn., Monday to be in attendance at the funeral of the late Edward Maloney.

Get that Red Oil at Mittwer's yet? It's the finest oil ever sold. Burns longer and will not smoke. Get the genuine; not common colored kerosene.

A number of Mrs. Wm. Zaiser's friends tendered her a surprise party Tuesday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent at cards.

This is the time of the year fires happen. If you want to be safe get a fire insurance policy from Chas. E. Boughton. Reliable company, small cost.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office at Crookston, spent Sunday with his family in Red Lake Falls.

There is improvement in the condition of N. A. Nelson, father of Sheriff L. A. Nelson, who has been quite seriously ill,

Gorceau & Robertus and E. A. Mittwer have completed the transfer of stocks and business at the two stores is being conducted as usual.

E. A. Mittwer returned Tuesday from a business trip to the twin cities. Mr. Mittwer while in the cities purchased a large quantity of goods for his hardware stock.

Wm. C. Erb, a former resident of Plummer, has been spending the week in Red Lake Falls. Mr. Erb has been located at Lethbridge, Canada, for the past six months.

We want to list a few more good farms; if you desire to sell your farm this year, let us sell it for you. Give us a call.—V. M. Higinbotham Land Company. 19-20

The business of the Merchants' State Bank is governed with that conservatism, combined with enterprise and up to date methods which gives soundness and satisfactory service.

I fed Bjorgo's Condition Powder to my horses every fall and spring and my horses are never sick but look fine and kick up their heels. Any Kerston. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

The ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church will serve an oyster supper in the Boughton building on main street on the evening of St Valentine's day, Monday, Feb. 14. Supper will be served from 5 until 9 o'clock.

Mrs. E S. Wheeler and little son arrived from Palisade Rapids Monday and the Wheeler family have gone to housekeeping in the Z. Bray house, in the south part of town. Mr. Wheeler is the new electrician for the Red Lake Falls Electric Light company.

There were big doin's at M. W. A. hall last evening. Two new candidates, Herbert Fiedeisen and Dan Welsh, were initiated and it is said that those two fellows realize that they have "joined" something. Following the ceremony of initiation lunch was served and a social evening was spent.

Bill Munch, guardian of the fish and game, came to town Monday, but there wasn't anything doing for him here so he went right out again. We are law abiding citizens and Bill knows it. Our ladies never wear song birds in their hats and the rest of us never partake game any wilder than corned beef and cabbage—and we are celebrating lent anyhow. Come again, Bill.

A new degree team with sixteen members with Ed. Trombly as chief forrester has been organized in the M. W. A. lodge. The team will go to Terrebonne in a short time to initiate a bunch of candidates.

Step in at Mittwer's and ask for a sample of Dipshine for cleaning silver. Just dip it, that's all. The most wonderful stuff ever invented. Let us put you wise. It's fun to clean silver with Dipshine.

The insurance companies will bet you one hundred dollars against fifty cents that you wont have a fire. Isn't that odds enough? Put your money up with Chas. E. Boughton and get an insurance policy for their hundred.

On Monday, February 1, occurred the marriage of Miss Emma Kloe of Red Lake Falls and Mr. Frank W. Stroot of Euclid. The ceremony was performed at St. Mary's church at 9 o'clock, Rev. Fr. Ambrose officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Stroot have have gone to housekeeping at Euclid.

Jos. Helm, the enterprising machine dealer, will make the sale of automobiles an important branch o his business the coming season and early in the spring will put in a stock of machines. Read his ad in this issue.

There was a big crowd of members of the M. B. A. lodge and invited guests at the "nationality dance" given at M. B. A. hall Monday evening. Many striking costumes were worn and the dance was pronounced a social success.

V. M. Higinbotham is the owner of a five passenger Overland car The machine arrived this week and it's a fine one. This no doubt will serve as an irritation to people who are threatened with bubbleitis and who are "almost pursuaded" to take the cure.

J. D. Houston, the new land man, has opened an office in Red Lake Falls. He has leased the Bourdon building, south of Groshong's meat market. Mr. Houston says he expects to bring many prospective purchasers of Red Lake county real estate to Red Lake Falls the coming season.

The Scrap Book

She Started Early.

There was a sergeant in an English regiment who was a martinet of the meanest kind, a veritable tyrant, whom the men thoroughly detested. The sergeant decided to get married, and the men of the regiment decided that when the happy event came off it it would be a fitting occasion to pay back with interest old scores.

CAUGHT HIM JUST ABOVE THE EYE.

On the eventful day when the happy pair emerged from their quarters they were greeted with a perfect shower of rice and old shoes, but one Tommy had slyly substituted a big pair of regulation Blucher boots, which he threw with such unerring aim that the missile caught the sergeant just above the eye, inflicting a nasty cut.

Directly the ceremony was over the sergeant immediately went to the hospital to have the wound dressed. The doctor, after examining the swollen and discolored optic, inquired how it was done.

"Well, sir," replied the sergeant, "I got married today, and"—

Here he was cut short by the doctor, a married man, exclaiming:

"THAT EXPLAINS IT."

"Oh, I see! That explains it. But, by Jove, my dear man, she started early!"

Sowing and Reaping.

What we sow
Will surely grow,
Though the harvest may be slow.
It may be
We shall see
Fruitage in eternity
From some deed
Dropped, like seed,
For a soul that was in need!

Let us strive
While we live
Worthy things to do and give,
Striving still
With good will
Empty granaries to fill,
For what we sow
Will surely grow,
Though the harvest may be slow.

—Josephine Pollard.

The Sturdy Infant.

At a performance of "Dora" many years ago in a western city, when Mary Morrison made her exit to bring on her little Willie of four years she was shocked to find a lubberly boy of at least fourteen, and as he was the only Willie at hand on he must go, though he was well nigh as big as his mother. The Farmer Allan of the play, being equal to the emergency, instead of inquiring, "How old are you, my little man?" endeavored to remedy the matter by saying, "How old are you, my strapping boy?" But he failed, for the boy, who was instructed to any from "four to six," said it with such a coarse, sepulchral tone as to drive the good natured grandfather to exclaim: "Forty-six! You look it, my boy! You look it!"

Prudhomme-Munn Wedding.

This morning at St. Anne's church occurred the marriage of Miss Leah Prudhomme to Mr. Fred. Munn. The church was profusely arranged and decorated in large palms and spicy pink and white carnations. The bride was gowned in a fine serge travelling suit with a large tan hat to match. She entered with her father and stood under a large yellow bell in front of the altar. The groom followed with his father. Rev. Tapin performed the ceremony. During the impressive service, the Misses Rose Asselin, Eva LaPlant and Florence Duval sang several beautiful and appropriate songs. An elaborate wedding breakfast was served at the home of the groom's parents, on Stewart Avenue, to the immediate relatives. Among those from out of town who were present were Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Prudhomme, of Duluth, Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Prudhomme of Duluth, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Billadeau of Fisher, Miss Victoria Massie of Duluth and Mr. Villa Prudhomme of Duluth. The relatives who will arrive here this evening to attend the 6:30, 5 course wedding dinner at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. A. Prudhomme, on Central Avenue, are Messrs. and Mesdames Joe Laurent, Leon Laurent, D. Champeau, and S. Yves of Red Lake Falls. At nine o'clock a reception will be given at Woodman Hall and Young Men's Social Club rooms in honor of the happy couple. Over two hundred invitations have been issued to this. The hall has been decorated thruout in yellow and white. Frappe and wafers will be served during the evening by the Misses Laura Munn and Linda Becker. Walker's full orchestra will furnish the music for the dancing which will follow and the older people will repair to the Young Men's Social club rooms, where they will play cards. The bride's reception gown is of old rose silk trimmed with silver braid with dainty suede shoes to match. The wedding gifts received were both numerous and beautiful. Mr. and Mrs. Munn will leave Wednesday for their future home at Devil's Lake, and congratulations from a host of Crookston friends will accompany them.—Crookston Times.

Sealed Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received until February 21, 1910, for the work of cutting, piling and burning brush on south half of sec. 33, Red Lake Falls township. Brush must be cut at or below surface of the ground. Work to be completed on or before May 1. Mail all bids to No. 22, Gazette, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Thim Enarud of St. Hilaire, a young man twenty years of age, was brought before Judge of Probate S. A. Swanson yesterday for examination as to his sanity. Drs. N. M. Watson and J. C. Wilkinson were the examining physicians. The young man was adjudged insane and was taken to the hospital at Fergus Falls last evening by Sheriff L. A. Nelson and Chas. Fellman of St. Hilaire.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.00
Rye	.65
Oats	.38
Flax	2.03
Barley	.49
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.25
Butter, dairy	.25

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book 11 of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), north, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 598, and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage, elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D, 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 26th day of March A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.
CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f10-m24

FIRST STATE BANK

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF RED LAKE Falls, Minn., at close of business on Jan. 31, 1910. Date of call by Supt. Jan. 31, 1910. Date of report by bank Feb. 7, 1910.

RESOURCES:			
Loans and discounts			$126,012.09
Overdrafts			828.20
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			7,709.00
Other real estate			3,319.06
Due from Banks		41,319.35	
Checks and Cash Items		221.93	
Cash on hand, items below		8,661.20	
Currency	$4,010.00		
Gold	3,595.00		
Silver	1,040.00		
Other	16.20		
Total cash assets		$50,202.48	$50,202.48
TOTAL			$288,070.83
LIABILITIES:			
Capital stock			$25,000.00
Surplus fund			5,000.00
Undivided Profits, Net			3,238.93
Deposits subject to check		$70,856.41	
Demand certificates		6,464.49	
Cashiers Checks		232.60	
Total immediate liabilities		$77,553.50	
Time certificates		177,278.40	
Total deposits		254,831.90	254,831.90
TOTAL			$288,070.83

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss:-
We, Theo. Garceau, President, and Geo. F. Hennings, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
Theo. Garceau, President.
Geo. F. Hennings, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of Feb., 1910.
Seal Noel Delorme,
Notary Public.
My commission expires Oct. 24, 1913.
Correct Attest: Two Directors
N. M. Watson
Samuel Gibean

MERCHANTS STATE BANK.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF MERCHANTS STATE BANK, at Red Lake Falls, Minn., at close of business on Jan. 31, 1910.
Date of call by Supt., Jan. 31, 1910.
Date of report by bank, Feb. 3, 1910.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$172,768.96
Overdrafts			855.16
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			5,879.34
Other real estate			3,793.12
Due from banks		$33,250.74	
Checks and cash items		2,312.57	
Cash on hand, items below		5,421.31	
Currency	$2,217.00		
Gold	1,030.00		
Silver	2,100.00		
Other	74.31		
Total cash assets		40,984.62	40,984.62
Other resources			14,647.93
Total			$238,929.43
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$15,000.00
Surplus fund			3,000.00
Undivided profits, net			262.03
Deposits subject to check		68,034.91	
Demand certificates		1,037.81	
Cashiers' Checks		5,338.68	
Total immediate liabilities		$74,411.40	
Time certificates		146,256.00	
Total deposits		$220,667.40	220,667.40
Total			$238,929.43

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.
We, A. P. Toupin, president, and J. A. Duffy, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
A. P. TOUPIN, President
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier.
Attest: (Two) Directors
L. A. KAUFER
CHAS. N. BOURDON.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of February, 1910.
(Seal) P. F. POULIOT,
Notary Public.
My commission expires March 13, 1915.

FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS. Minn., at close of business on Jan. 31, 1910.
Date of call by Supt. Jan. 31, 1910.
Date of report by Bank Feb. 3, 1910.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$ 39,544.88
Overdrafts			261.31
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			2,925.24
Other real estate			2,440.37
Due from banks		$26,698.48	
Checks and cash items		23.44	
Cash on hand, items below		1,709.31	
Currency	$ 360.00		
Gold	1,285.00		
Silver	60.75		
Other	3.56		
Total cash assets		28,431.23	28,431.23
Total			$ 73,603.03
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund			1,500.00
Undivided profits, net			1,600.90
Deposits subject to check		24,413.03	
Demand Certificates		1,516.63	
Total immediate liabilities		25,929.66	
Time Certificates		34,572.47	
Total deposits		$ 60,502.13	60,502.13
Total			$ 73,603.03

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake }
We, L. C. Simons, President, and W. B. Cheshire, Cashier, of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
L. C. SIMONS, Pres.
W. B. CHESHIRE, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of February, 1910 F. DEYMONAZ.
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 13th, 1916.
Attest: (Two) Directors
L. C. SIMONS.
CHAS. N. BOURDON.
Seal

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 23d A. D. 1904, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1904, at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages 366 to 368 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-Four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 599, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty-eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 26th day of March A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D, 1910.

GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.
CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F10M24

Notice of Letting Contract to Build Court House.

Sealed bids are invited for the construction of a court house at the county seat of Red Lake county, according to the first set of plans and specifications on file in the office of the county auditor of said county.

The Board of County Commissioners of said county will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted for the construction of said court house, and to let the contract for same. All bids must be filed with the auditor at or before the hour of said meeting. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

A certified check for five per cent of the amount bid payable to the county auditor, must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Jan. 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

Notice of Sale of Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the county of Red Lake will issue its bonds for the construction of a court house in the amount of thirty seven thousand dollars, ($37,000), due twenty years from date of issue, bearing interest at not to exceed 5½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, bonds and interest payable at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, bonds to be issued in denominations of one thousand dollars each, accompanied by interest coupons.

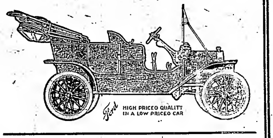
Bids are invited for the purchase of said bonds. The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor of said county, at the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to open and consider bids for said bonds, and to negotiate the sale of said bonds.

All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of meeting, and be accompanied by a certified check for $500.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, January 22, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.



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FORD CARS
Model T.-4-cylinder, 24-horse power touring car, including full top, glass wind shield, speedometer, two gas lamps, three oil lamps and fine horn.
$950.00
F. O. B. Detroit, Mich.
Joseph Helm
Red Lake Falls, Agent for Red Lake County.

Ford
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Is the first step toward success and fortune.
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Educates your children.
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If you do not have a bank account, let us suggest that you start one with us immediately.
FIRST STATE BANK

RELIEF OR MONEY BACK
Z-MEX-O
Guaranteed to give relief in all cases of Eczema, Hives, Pimples, Saltrheum, Ringworm and all other skin diseases.
Should be one of your household necessities. Cures Dandruff in two or three treatments.
Read This Voluntary Testimonial
August 6, 1909.
Gentlemen: At the suggestion of a friend I commenced using Z-MEX-O for eczema of the face some four months ago. The improvement was noticeable from the start and after a diligent use of two bottles I was entirely cured and there was no recurrence of the trouble. I am fully satisfied that you have a splendid remedy and it ought to be a boon to thousands of people who are annoyed with eczema and other scrofulous affections.
Yours truly,
John E. King,
State Librarian,
St. Paul, Minn.

FREUND'S
VALENTINES, from 1c to $2
Full Line of Valentine Post Cards.
FREUND'S

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY FEBRUARY 17, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 21

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TO CONSIDER MANY DITCH PETITIONS

County Commissioners to Have a Very Busy Session Next Week.

Will Dispose of Seven Petitions In County Ditch Proceedings.

There will be a lively session of the board of county commissioners next week when the commissioners will meet on Wednesday, Feb. 23, to consider seven petitions in ditch proceedings. Three petitions ask that engineer and viewers be appointed to go over the proposed routes of ditches asked for in the petitions, and the other four petitions ask for the establishment and construction of ditches, the engineer and viewers having filed their reports with the county auditor. The ditches, if ordered constructed, will be located in reservation townships and will drain thousands of acres of low, wet land.

The people whose property will be affected by the proposed work if done have been very much interested and there is much controversy and not a little difference of opinion as to the proper location of the proposed ditches. It is expected that a large number of reservation farmers will be here next Wednesday to be heard for or against the establishment of the ditches as prayed for in the several petitions.

There is said to be no difference of opinion as to the necessity for the ditches but all are not agreed as to the courses the ditches shall take.

First State Election.

At a recent meeting of the directors of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls the following officers were elected to serve for the year 1910: Theo. Garceau, President; Frank E. Hunt, Vice President; Geo. F. Hennings, Cashier; H. H. [illegible] and Noe Deorme, tellers. The following stockholders will serve on the board of directors: N. M. Watson, Frank E. Hunt, Jos. Perrault, Sam Gibson, Theo. Garceau, W. A. Streiter and Geo. F. Hennings.

NEW BUILDINGS

Main Building and Dormitory at Agricultural School.

Supt. E. P. Harrington of the Crookston School of Agriculture this morning received the plans and specifications for the two new buildings to be erected this year, the $50,000 main building and the $25,000 ladies' dormitory. At least one and probably two sets of these plans will be left at the commercial club rooms for the convenience of of contractors who may desire to bid on the work.

The date when the contracts will be awarded has not been set definitely, but will be within a very few weeks and work will start on their erection as soon as possible so that both will be completed and ready for occupancy some time before the School of Agriculture opens next fall.

With equipment, these new buildings will represent an outlay of close to $100,000 this summer and indicates the importance of the work being done and the rapid growth of the school making additional room imperative.—Crookston Times.

JOHNSON'S MEN HERE

"Pussyfoot" Johnson's Lieutenants Were Here Last Week.

Two white men and a breed, members of the band that has been raiding saloons in the "Indian territory," were in town last Friday. They found an awfully dry place here for they were not able to "liquidate" at any of the places in town and no doubt the breed, if he didn't wear a boot leg, went out of town with parched lips and an unsatisfied desire for stimulants.

There is little occasion anyhow for the federal authorities to mix in affairs here, for an Indian in Red Lake Falls is now such a rare sight that the cigar sign decoy was a curiosity.

This is the time of the year fires happen. If you want to be safe get a fire insurance policy from Chas E. Boughton. Reliable company, small cost.

COUNTY EXHIBITS AT ST. PAUL MEETING

An Opportunity to Advertise Red Lake County is Provided.

Conservation and Agricultural Development Congress Next Month.

At the Minnesota Conservation and Agricultural Development Congress to be held at St. Paul March 16, 17, 18 and 19, 1910, there will be exhibits of agricultural products from nearly every part of the state. It will be a big advantage for Red Lake county to have an exhibit at the meeting. The real estate dealers have undertaken the preparation of such an exhibit and they ask the co-operation of the farmers. The land men have on hand plenty of good corn, but they desire small quantities of small grains—wheat of all varieties, winter and spring rye, oats, barley, flax, speltz, buckwheat, timothy seed, beans, peas. It would be well for anyone having especially good potatoes or other vegetables to bring in a small number of each. The space allowed for each county will necessarily be small, so that one quart of any of the grains and a small number of any variety of vegetables is all that need be brought in. It will be a profitable thing for the farmers to take an interest in this exhibit for the meeting is going to be a big one and a good exhibit will be a fine advertisement for Red Lake county.

Many subjects will be discussed at the four days meeting, among them state conservation and development, agricultural developement in Minnesota, state advertising and settlement of farm lands, agricultural and industrial education, pure food, public health and sanitation, good roads, forrestry and mines, drainage and waterpowers.

There will be exhibits from the public schools, from the agricultural schools and colleges and experimental farms. The immigration department, the state engineer, the U. S. department of agriculture and the department of the interior will also make exhibits.

Numbered among those from abroad who will deliver addresses at the congress are Richard A. Ballinger, Secretary of the Interior; George Otis Smith, United States Geographical Survey; J. C. Blanchard, statistician and lecturer, United States Reclamation Service; M. O. Eldridge, chief of the bureau of good roads, department of Agriculture; John Mitchell of the American Federation of Labor; Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester of the United States; Dr. W. J. McGee, bureau of soils, Department of Agriculture; Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief chemist of the United States. Other speakers will be those who know Minnesota best—those whose homes are within the borders of the North Star State, such men as James J. Hill of the Great Northern Railway; Governor A. O. Eberhart and others.

Garceau & Rubertus

Having lately moved into our own building, we are prepared to serve the public better than ever. We have re-modeled and fixed up our store to make is as pleasant for our customers as possible. We are receiving NEW GOODS every day and we will be much pleased to have you come in and look them over. Our prices are guaranteed to be as low as the lowest, the quality of our goods considered. Come in and let us convince you that what we say is true. We pay the highest price for all kinds of Farm Produce.

Yours Respectfully,
Garceau & Rubertus

WILL SURVEY THE RED LAKE RIVER

Red River of the North and All Tributaries are to be Surveyed.

Will Determine Question of Regulating Flow of Red Lake River.

Congress has passed the rivers and harbors bill and in it there is a provision ordering a survey of the Red River of the North and all its headwaters for reservoir and power purposes. This means that it is to be determined whether or not the plan to erect a dam at the outlet of the Red lakes to regulate the flow of water in Red Lake river is a feasible one.

With the construction of so many ditches emptying into the Red Lake river the annual spring floods on the Red River of the North will be a greater than ever problem to solve. If a dam were erected at the outlet of the lakes to retain the water in the lakes until the volume of water resulting from the annual spring thaw is carried off, the flood problem will have been solved, it is thought. The Red lakes cover such a large area that it is believed a dam at the outlet that would raise the surface of the lakes only a few inches would retain enough water to regulate the flow of the river. The dam would regulate the flow to such extent that the many water powers on the river would be much more serviceable.

GORN AND CLOVER SHOW AT FORKS

Convention to be Held in Grand Forks Feb. 22-23—Poultry Show at Same Time.

The Red River Valley will hold its first annual Corn and Clover convention at Grand Forks February 22-23. Extensive arrangements are being made for the big meeting and Grand Forks will take care of its visitors with its accustomed hospitality. The meeting will be in charge of Superintendent Hoverstad. Other speakers will include Hon. O. C. Gregg, who for twenty four years was superintendent of farm institutes in Minnesota, President Worst of the agricultural college, Col. R. A. Wilkinson of Lake Elmo, Minn., who will speak on "Live Stock in the Northwest," Dean Holden of the Iowa agricultural college, a recognized authority on corn, from the state where they raise corn, Prof. J. H. Sheppard, who will speak on "Grain and Forage Problems," Prof. C. B. Waldron, who will discuss "Forestry and Fruit Growing" and other able speakers.

At the same time the Grand Forks Poultry and Pet Stock association will hold its second annual show. There are a large number of entries already for the exhibition and it will undoubtedly be one of the most successful ever held in the Northwest. Prize lists may be obtained from the secretary.

The insurance companies will bet you one hundred dollars against fifty cents that you wont have a fire. Isn't that odds enough? Put your money up with Chas. E. Boughton and get an insurance policy for their hundred.

GOVERNOR ALLOWS SEABURY CLAIM

Claim Not Approved by Governor Johnson is Allowed.

Paul Pry's Gossipy Letter About Politics and Other Things.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Feb. 15.—It don't make any difference how perfect the system of checks and balances adopted by accountants, or how rigourous the laws designed to prevent grafting and extortion at the expense of the state, unless officials in high authority are imbued with a keen sense of their duty to safeguard the state's interest and the people's money there are bound to be leaks, big or little in proportion as such officials lack of vigilance and a proper appreciation of their responsibilities. There are always those ready to take an unfair advantage of the state in whose service they are employed. The safety of the state and the security of its funds lie in the selection of public servants zealous to protect the treasury against loot and against graft.

An Illegal Claim Paid.

A case in point has just come to light. There has been paid within the past week to Channing Seabury of St. Paul out of the treasury of the state the sum of $1,890 to a part of which at least, he had no legal claim. The claim is not altogether a new one. A bill for a part of it, that is to say, for $790, was submitted to Governor Johnson during his first term. Governor Johnson refused to approve the claim in its entirety on the ground that some items charged did not have the sanction of the law. He was willing however to approve the payment of such part of it as the law authorized. Seabury who had for years been paid similar bills without protest, would have all or nothing. The matter appears then to have dropped and nothing more was heard of it until after the accession of Governor Eberhart when Seabury submitted in addition to the claim for $790, which Governor Johnson refused to authorize, a bill for 120 days more at $5 a day or $600 making in all $1,390 mentioned above.

The Seabury Emoluments.

The services alleged to have been rendered by Seabury were in connection with the erection of the new state capitol. Seabury was the resident member of the capitol commission and its vice president. During the entire period of the erection of the capitol he was a wholesale grocer in the city of St. Paul and actively engaged in the direction of his private affairs. Prior to rendering the bill just paid he had drawn per diam from the state for 856 days work, or over $4,500. Only 138 of these 856 days were represented by meetings of the capitol commission. He had charged 414 days up to conferences. One hundred and six days are alleged to have been occupied in writing letters. He spent 41 days in signing papers, 41 in preparing and mailing reports, 35 on outside trips, four preparing for a reception to the legislature, 7 inspecting the building and grounds, 1 in laying the cornerstone and 75 are under the somewhat indefinite head of "miscellaneous."

Why Johnson Objected.

Coming to this last bill the itemized account does not appear to be available for public inspection. It is known however, to include $5 for attending and assisting in the removal of the battle flags of Minnesota regiments from the old capitol to the new. The incidents in connection with this removal are still remembered in St. Paul; how battle-scarred veterans, tottering under the weight of years, came from all parts of the state at their own expense to form the guard of honor which for probably the last time followed the shot riven standards behind which the heroes of honored Minnesota regiments had marched to victory or which they protected in defeat. Channing Seabury went along, took part in the ceremony, and charged up $5 to the "erection of the capitol." For every day of January, 1905, except Sundays, Seabury also made a charge against the building of the marble palace. The legislature was in session in the new capitol at that time. It was engaged very busily in a bill to perpetuate the state capitol commission. Seabury spent a good deal of the days the legislature was in session, and as usual there was a good many when it wasn't in session, in the committee

(Continued on Page Two.)

It is the policy of the Merchants State Bank to avoid all speculative ventures and to keep its funds in assets always readily convertible into cash.

JURY SAID NOT GUILTY.

Alleged Karlstad Bank Robber Acquitted.

Ed. LeClaire, one of three men arrested for robbing the Karlstad bank Aug. 18, when the robbers got away with about $1,300, was acquitted last Friday. The trial was conducted at Hallock.

Four men did the job at Karlstad, and were observed by a woman but 23 feet distant from the bank, who was awakened by the explosion and came to the door. The robbers ordered her to go back into the house and keep quiet or they would quiet her. She obeyed but watched through her window, taking in the entire operation.

Four men were seen in Thief River Falls three days before the robbery who answered the description of three of the men arrested and two days after the robbery were seen by section men between St. Hilaire and Wylie and they testified that the three men tried answered the description of the men on trial.

Williams, one of the three men arrested, was convicted and was given a ten year sentence by Judge Grindeland. Joe. Barres, the third man, was discharged. He proved an alibi. The jury in the LeClaire trial was out only a few minutes.

WILL BE FINE CONCERT

Band Will Play at Bijou Theatre Next Tuesday Evening.

Director Brunelle has prepared a fine program to be given by the Red Lake Falls concert band at the Bijou theatre next Tuesday evening, Feb. 22. The band boys are doing good work and should be encouraged by a big crowd at the concert. Following is the program:

I

Opening Number	America
March, "Aviator"	Fulton
Overture, "The Ruler"	O'Hare
Cornet Duet, "Pals"	Barnard
Masters Philion and Hennemuth	
Waltz, "Impassioned Dream"	Rosas
Intermezzo, "Anuoa"	Gray

II

Vocal Duet,	Selected
Mona Zeh, Leah Latendresse	
March, "23rd Regiment March"	[LaCalle
Cornet Solo, "Song"	Selected
Waltz, "Fleurs Sauvages" (Wild Flowers)	[Laurendeau
Overture, "The Star"	O'Hare
March, "The Indomitable"	[Fulton
Closing Number, "Red, White and Blue."	

MRS. LEVI MILLER.

Passed Away at Family Home Yesterday Afternoon.

Mrs. Levi Miller died yesterday afternoon at one o'clock at the family home in this city after an illness of several months. Mrs. Miller had been in failing health since last August.

Mrs. Miller was 74 years old in June, 1909. She was born at Fall River, Mass. Thirty-one years ago she came west with her husband and they settled on a farm in Red Lake county and they had resided there and at the family home in this city ever since.

Deceased is survived by her husband and four sons and two daughters. The sons are Joseph and Samuel of this city and Napoleon of Grand Rapids and Peter who has spent the past two and a half years in Idaho. Both of the boys who live away had been home for several days before their mother's death. The daughters are Mrs. Joseph Patnode and Mrs. B. Westover both of Harlem, Idaho.

Funeral services will be conducted at St. Joseph's church, of which deceased was a member, at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning.

Will Build Ice Break.

Members of the board of county commissioners drove out to Louisville yesterday to look at the Red Lake river and the bridge spanning the river at that place that they might intelligently consider a request that has been made for an ice break. It is feared that the bridge may go out in the spring if something is not done to break up the ice. The commissioners decided that it would be a wise thing to contract an ice break and an appropriation will be made for that purpose.

BIG MEETING AT BEMIDJI TODAY

A Big Development—Reapportionment Meeting Thursday and Friday.

Delegates From Every Section in Northern Part of State.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz and Ed. Enright were appointed by Chairman Lindquist of the board of county commissioners as representatives to the big development-reapportionment meeting at Bemidji. The directors of the Riverside Club, acting as representatives of the commercial interests of the city, selected Mayor Duffy and V. M. Higinbotham as delegates to the meeting.

It is a two days meeting, held today and tomorrow, Thursday and Friday, Feb. 17 and 18. Practically every section of the northern part of the state is represented at the meeting. State development and re-apportionment are subjects that will be thoroughly discussed at the meeting.

Following is the program arranged for the meeting:

Thursday, Feb. 17—10 a. m.—Convention called to order in the city hall. Prayer, S. E. P. White of Bemidji; address of welcome, P. J. Russell of Bemidji. 10:30 a. m., address, George Welsh, commissioner of immigration, "Agricultural Possibilities in Northern Minnesota." 2 p. m., reports of committees. 2:30 p. m., address, George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, "Reclamation of Minnesota Waste Lands;" address, A. J. McGuire, superintendent northeast experiment farm of the University of Minnesota, Grand Rapids; address, George E. Cooley, state engineer, "Road Building." 8 p. m., smoker and social session at city hall.

Friday, Feb. 18—10 a. m., address, J. A. Vye, secretary agricultural experiment station, St. Paul, "Rural Life Education;" address, Samuel G. Iverson, state auditor, "State Land Opportunities in Northern Minnesota;" address, W. J. Brown, Warren, Minn., "Investment of State Moneys."

SIX AMENDMENTS TO BE VOTED UPON

Constitutional Amendments to be Submitted to Voters of the State.

Six constitutional amendments will be submitted to the voters at the general election next November. Attorney General Simpson has given Secretary of State Julius Schmahl an opinion, as required by law, telling what amendments are to be submitted and the purport of each, so that the Secretary of State can have the proper ballots prepared. The following are the amendments which will be submitted:

Changing the good roads provision so that the state can pay half instead of only one-third the cost of a state road.

Repealing the requirement that the reports of the state treasurer be bound in the same volume as the session laws.

Permitting the state to conduct a hail and tornado insurance.

Permitting the legislature to make a reapportionment at any session following a census.

Providing a one-fifteenth mill tax for reforestation.

Permitting the legislature to exempt timber lands from taxation.

Had Narrow Escape.

Three women and a baby had a narrow escape from being burned to death in a fire at Fosston last Friday morning. A house belonging to Jos. Lenes caught on fire at 3 o'clock in the morning from an overheated stove. The women and baby slept in rooms adjoining the one in which the fire originated and were not aware of their danger until an exploding kerosene can awakened them. It is believed that had it not been for the explosion the four people would have perished. The room in which the stove was located was enveloped in flames when the fire was discovered and the women were compelled to go out through the windows.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

It May Be Pneumonia

"A hard chill, pain through the chest, difficult breathing. Then fever, with great prostration." If this should be your experience, send for your doctor. You may have pneumonia! If your doctor cannot come at once, give Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. When he comes, tell him exactly what you have done. Then do as he says. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Keep the bowels in good condition. One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will cause an increased flow of bile, and produce a gentle laxative effect the day following.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Governor Eberhart cannot afford many more mistakes like the Seabury graft incident.

The Wisconsin man who claims to have seen a rainbow during the night time is certainly looking on the sunny side of things.

Sara Bernhart has been playing the "legitimate" for 18 years, and is now going into vaudeville. Sara ought to be entitled to a service pension after while.

The price of diamonds is advancing. It is understood that this is due to the fact that so many farmers are refusing to buy any but diamond-studded automobiles.

Judge Charles B Elliot, formerly of the Minnesota Supreme court and later of the Phillipine court, has been appointed a member of the Phillipine commission at a salary of $15,000.

The voice of God was typified by Dar Reese at the Lincoln banquet in St. Paul, and Mr. Keller heard the call. We always supposed that Dar was more familiar with the voice of Billy Hamm.

Thirty bankers convicted of crime in connection with their business are in the Leavenworth prison. The "men higher up" in the financial world who have offended the laws have not escaped the penalty to the extent they expected.

"No one should expect hens to lay 15 cent eggs or cows to produce 20 cent butter on $200 an acre land," says the Keokuk Gate City. "The increase in the price of farm lands is in part responsible for the greater cost of some of the necessaries of life."

From the time of the passage of the homestead law up to June 30, 1909, there had been patented to settlers under its provisions 115,124,295 acres of land. In the same period the land grants to railroads by the federal government amounted to 113,879,674 acres. What the railroads realized from these lands it is, of course, impossible to say. At $5 an acre they would bring $569,398,370.

According to the Salina Journal an Italian working on a road in western Kansas was warned to beware of the rattlesnakes, but was told that they always rattled as a warning before they bit. The dago accidently sat down on a cactus, and ran to the boss howling, "Rattlesnaka bita ma lega: no ringa da bella."

According to a recent poll taken by the Chicago Tribune a large majority of the Republican editors of the middle west favor Roosevelt for president as against Taft, and practically all of them are opposed to the re election of Cannon. The vote would indicate that a revolt is brewing within the Republican party, and there is little evidence that the Aldrich bill is believed to be "the best ever," notwithstanding the president's latest declaration to that effect.

Columbia (Mo.,) has a law against the exposing of meat in front of stores. In spite of the law some such displays are made, and the other day a dog picked up two and a half feet of bologna sausage and proceeded to eat a foot of it before the rest was rescued by a clerk and taken back into the store. Says the official paper of the school of journalism: "Persons who saw the occurrance wonder what was done with the remaining portion." Isn't this yellow journalism?

One of the amendments to be voted on this fall is to permit the state to conduct a hail and tornado insurance. Why not life and fire insurance as well? The latter would save to the people of the state millions of dollars that are now absorbed by outside and foreign corporations, says the Red Wing Free Press. The former would do nothing of the kind, it would be a mere disbursing process on the part of the state without any particular gain to anybody and would ultimately be the means of placing burdens where they don't belong.

Superintendent Galerneault of the state banking department calls attention to the fact, which he deplores, that twin city capitalists are reaching out and furnishing capital for and organizing country banks. He regards the tendency as unfortunate "as it will to a great extent help to divert the true purpose and intent of a country bank, namely, the receiving of commercial and savings deposits of the community to be cared for and in part carefully loaned to the borrowing public of the same community from which it was received. Instead, these holding companies send this money to the larger cities to take up their commercial paper there, to the exclusion of local borrowers."

Bob Dunn wants the governor to call a special session of the legislature to submit a good road constitutional amendment at the coming election. His purpose is praiseworthy, says the Hutchinson Leader, whether the special session is necessary or not. Now comes Speaker Rockne of the house and approves the session for the reason, he says, that it will tend to harmonize the Republican party. Isn't there some one who wants to rehabilitate the populist party at the expense of the tax payers? It might take a constitutional convention to galvanize the old Democratic party, but if "party solidarity" is so essential to the people's happiness, why discriminate as to parties? Give them all a chance.

The Republican press is whispering mysteriously. Now, for instance, in the appended item from the St. Peter Free Press, it is not easy to fathom the writer's meaning. Does Brother Miller infer that John Lind can beat Governor Eberhart and that there is some man in the Republican ranks that Lind can't beat? We pause for a diagram:

"John Lind is still talked of as a gubernatorial probability and the impression prevails that in the end he will become the nominee of the party. Should this come to pass the Republicans will know that they have opposition. John is an effective speaker and as well versed in the art of campaigning as any one on the other side. Since the Republican state convention probably convenes first this contingency should receive due consideration."

There has been some mighty interestin' readin' the last few days. Several high toned financiers have drawn surprises ranging from five to fifteen years in federal prison. The former state treasurer of Michigan who placed $680,000 public money in his private bank—and failed—is "number 9012." If the game keeps up there may be a possibility that the high-flyers in finance will get some respect for law; for other people's property. These sentences are not in proportion to the enormity of the offense; a hungry man steals a loaf of bread and gets ten years—the "financier" steals a half million, fights it out in court because he has the price, gets a light sentence and within thirty days after "influential friends" get busy and circulate a petition for his release. In the sifting it is shown that "It's no disgrace to be poor, but it's mighty unhandy."

WHY HE FLAGGED IT.

Hibbing Tribune: Here are some items charged in the Seabury capitol bill at $5 per day:

"June 3—Conference with committee on flag day.
"June 12—Conference with committee on flag day.
"June 13—Preparing a flag day.
"June 14—Attending flag day.
"June 24—Conference with committee as to flag day.
"June 26—Conference with committee as to flag day by correspondence."

No wonder Governor Johnson flagged the bill.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Winona Independent: The bear element in the New York stock exchange is beating down prices on steel and copper stocks because of "distrust of the industrial business and political outlook." How do you account for that in this period of "unprecedented prosperity?"

Badger Herald-Rustler: If the wives who are obliged to account to their husbands for every cent they get, were to turn the tables by demanding an audit of the tobacco and beer expenses things would be different.

Le Sueur Sentinel: At the beginning of an election year it might be well to remind the politicians of all parties of the truth of this statement of Grover Cleveland's: "Party honesty is party expediency."

North Branch Review: We like Frank Kellogg and believe that he is generally popular with Minnesota people, who recognize his brilliancy and worth. However, there is only one seat in the senate to be filled next winter and it looks as tho Mose Clapp has the call for another term.

Walker Pilot: It keeps some people poor trying to convince others that they are'nt.

Austin Transcript: The guarantee of bank deposits is all right and we are confident will become general, and it will be a success after proper legal means are devised to protect the banking business from the gambling banker.

Foley Independent: Good roads and reapportionment are the paramount issues in Minnesota today. It almost seems that the two are inseparably linked together and before one can be satisfactorily settled it will be necessary to dispose of the other. While it is yet early, no time should be lost in grooming the right sort of men for the legislature.

Elk River Star-News: J. Adam Bede thinks the "thoughtful people" of Minnesota believe the new tariff bill is all right. J. Adam should come home and get his ear to the ground.

NURSING MOTHERS show the beneficial effects of

Scott's Emulsion

in a very short time. It not only builds her up, but enriches the mother's milk and properly nourishes the child.

Nearly all mothers who nurse their children should take this splendid food-tonic, not only to keep up their own strength but to properly nourish their children.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St. New York

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: When a doctor gets sick he knocks his own game.

It is easy to offend people who have no use for you.

A dog's bark isn't as bad as his bite, but it lasts longer.

Many people want assistance—and a few really need it.

There is no peace for the would-be peacemaker who butts in.

The bride-elect doesn't mind being caught in a linen or china shower.

It's well to appreciate the good things of life, but don't be a good thing.

The woman whose face is her fortune is sure to go broke sooner or later.

When love grows cold even a sealskin sacque will not keep it warm.

Easy money may land a man on Easy street, but he seldom remains there long.

It isn't difficult for the average man to stay married after he once gets used to it.

And the more a woman knows about men the less she has to say on that subject.

It is easier for men to get on financially than it is for women to get off a car facing forward.

A girl is never satisfied until she has hypnotised some young man to tell her how handsome she is.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Thinking is thinking you do.

Engagements are of a high temperature; marriages of a low.

Steam heat only makes a flat that much more like purgatory.

The less a woman means it the more loyal she seems able to be.

A man can make more fuss over a little cold in his head than over having both his legs cut off.

A Model.

Mr. Jones came home at an unseemly hour the other night and was surprised to see Mrs. Jones sitting up for him below stairs, with no other light than that of the gas lamp, which faced the door, to keep her company.

"M-M-Marie," he said huskily, "y-you shouldn't sit up a'nite when I'm out on business."

As Mrs. Jones did not answer him, he continued in an alarmed voice:

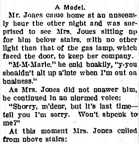
"Shorry, m'dear, but it's last time—tell you I'm sorry. Won't speak to me?"

At this moment Mrs. Jones called from above stairs:

"Mr. Jones, who are you talking to at this hour of the night?"

"Thash what I'd like to know m-m-myself," stammered Jones.

Mrs. Jones hastened downstairs, lamp in hand. When she saw the situation she laughed in spite of being very angry.



"IT'S THE MODEL," SHE SAID.

"It's the model," she said—"the model I bought today to fit my dresses on."

"Yes, thash so," said Jones tipsily. "Model woman—didn't talk back—make some fellow good wife."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

GOVERNOR ALLOWS SEABURY CLAIM

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued From First Page.

rooms and conferring with members of the legislature, just as John Furlong did at its last session, but John was modest. He only asked $100 a month for lobbying for the state fair. Seabury charged up to $5 a day for lobbying for a bill to which would make it possible to hold down his job for two years more. In justice to Mr. Seabury, however, it must be said that he didn't state it quite that way in his bill. He claimed to be absorbed in hearing numerous applications for position. In the 26 days two men got jobs. Six of the days Mr. Seabury claimed to be engaged in "correspondence."

Simpson Gets From Under.

Evidently even Governor Eberhart hesitated about allowing the bill which was subsequently paid because he approved it. When the claim was submitted to him he referred it to the attorney general. This was on the 27th of December. Simpson is a pretty wise bird. He wasn't going around pecking at dynamite. He evidently examined the bill and the items it contained with a good deal of care. When he got good and ready—on Feb. 7th—he wrote the governor a long and quite interesting letter about it—telling him in substance that he washed his hands of the whole business. In fact he declined to commit himself in any way, except to tell the governor that the charge for the 26 days to which I have alluded was clearly illegal. I quote Mr. Simpson's own words:

"For any services rendered by him (Seabury) and relating to the hiring of employees between the date of the adoption of the resolution by the board in 1904 (Dec. 6) and the passage of the act in 1905, unless the same were necessary to the erection of the building, he is entitled to no renumeration whatever, there being no law to authorize the same."

Putting it up to the Governor.

As to the other items the attorney-general declined to express an opinion. He told the governor quite plainly that if he wanted to allow the bill he would have to take the responsibility on his own shoulders. "It is my opinion," said he, "that it is your duty to ascertain the number of days service actually rendered by this claimant. In other words the same is a question of fact." The governor appears then to have taken the bull by the horns and to have approved the bill without farther inquiry or investigation. At all events Seabury got his money the next day or the day after.

A Ready Made Decision.

There is a curious incident in connection with the opinion received from the attorney general's office. When the Seabury bill was submitted to Auditor Iverson, in order that he might draw up a warrant for the amount, it was accompanied by another opinion purporting to have been issued from the legal department of the state and signed "——, attorney general." It gave the Seabury bill a blanket endorsement and pictured Seabury himself as a disinterested and self-sacrificing patriot. "The State of Minnesota," it said, "will never know and can never pay Mr. Seabury the self-sacrificing, capable and efficient services rendered by him in the construction of the new capitol." Where this opinion came from or who wrote it is at this writing as great a mystery as the identity of the man with the iron mask or the authorship of the letters of Junius. The most probable theory is that it was written by some interested party or for him with the design of inducing the attorney general to sign it; but then Simpson says he never saw it, and there you are.

Johnson Attacked.

Evidently the governor had no sooner approved the Seabury bill and thus insured its payment than he began to realize the weakness of his position and wonder how in the world he was going to justify the illegal disposition of the state's money he had authorized. In the panic into which the publicity of the accident threw him he appears to have completely lost his head and was goaded to the indiscretion of making an attack on Governor Johnson. He is reported in both the St. Paul and Minneapolis papers to have said, and I have no doubt the interview was authorized, that he considered the Seabury claim "a reasonable charge," and that "it was held up in the first instance because the Democratic administration could not get the patronage which the capitol commission controlled." As the bill was held up by Governor Johnson personally this amounts to a charge that he refused to pay a just claim in order to revenge himself on his political opponents. It is doubtful if even Governor Eberhart himself believes this, and it is not surprising that Governor Johnson's friends resent the imputation.

Young Turns Down the Claim.

The position taken by Governor Eberhart is more untenable because of the decision above quoted by Attorney General Simpson which clearly intimates that for a part at least of the Seabury claim there is no legal warrant. Moreover Governor Johnson's refusal to allow it in full was predicted upon a decision given by Attorney General Young, to which there are credible witnesses although it was not reduced to writing, to the effect that there was no law to warrant the payment to Seabury of the total amount of the charges in his bill. It is too much to expect the public to believe that Attorney General Young could be induced to misinterpret the law in order to secure patronage for a Democratic executive, or to furnish Governor Johnson an excuse for refusing to pay a Republican officeholder emoluments which he was entitled to by law.

Seabury's Easy Remedy.

There is still another view to take of the Seabury claim. There may be circumstances under which the state may incur obligations for which the law does not make proper provision. The remedy lies, and is frequently resorted to, in an appeal to the legislature. There probably never has been a session of the legislature, certainly there never has been one in recent years, in which provision has not been made for the liquidation of such claims. The people's representatives never hesitate to allow a claim that has merit and to make an appropriation for it. Since Governor Johnson refuses to allow the Seabury claim we have had at least two legislatures whose majority was overwhelmingly Republican. They would surely not be willing to see a Republican suffer partisan injustice at the hands of a Democratic governor. If the Seabury claim had merit, why was not the legislature appealed to to pay it? Or if it was appealed to why did it not make provision for its payment? The inference is plain. Seabury's claim was of such a character that he hesitated to submit it to a committee of the people's representatives of his own political faith.

—PAUL PRY.

No More Children.

"You may send me a gross of bibs."

"Won't you overlook?" inquired the careful salesman. "I thought yours was a strictly swagger trade."

"Oh, some people still want 'em for dogs."

S.S.S. CURES OLD BLOOD TROUBLES

Contagious Blood Poison is at the bottom of a great many old blood troubles. The disease may have been contracted years ago and some treatment used that removed the outward symptoms and shut the virus up in the system to slumber in the blood, but it only awaited a favorable opportunity to break out in some form again.

Certain forms of catarrhal troubles, especially where the bones are affected, scrofulous affections, non-healing sores, ulcerated membranes, etc., are due to this specific poison. Perhaps many who are afflicted in this way are ignorant of the fact that the seeds of this mighty poison are still hidden in the blood. Like the deadly serpent, which is dangerous as long as the faintest spark of life is left to enable it to sink its poisonous fangs, this powerful disease will corrupt and defile while the least particle of its insidious virus remains in the blood.

The best time to get rid of Contagious Blood Poison is when the disease is first contracted, and before its virus so penetrates the blood as to cause ulcerated mouth and throat, copper-colored spots, falling hair, etc. Then of course the victim is saved much humiliation and suffering; but even after the poison has become established in the system it can be removed and a cure effected if the blood be thoroughly purified with S. S. S.

S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers. It possesses penetrating powers that enable it to go down into the blood, and remove the last trace of blood poison. It cures all blood troubles simply and solely because it removes the cause from the circulation. Not only does S. S. S. cure Contagious Blood Poison when first contracted, but reaches it in any of its stages, even where the trouble has been inherited. S. S. S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and does not contain the slightest trace of mineral in any form. You can get rid of your old blood trouble if you will take S. S. S. and allow it to purify the blood. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

A PERFECT CURE.

Some eight years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. I was covered with sores and ulcers from head to foot. No language can express my feelings of woe during these long years. I was advised by friends who had seen wonderful cures made by it, to try S.S.S. We got some and I improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result. S.S.S. is the only blood remedy which reaches desperate cases of old blood troubles.

MRS. T. W. LEE.
Isle of Hope, Savannah, Ga.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform Absolutely Pure

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
A modern school. 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year. Full course in Actual Business. Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking. Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

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EVERY DAY!

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THE BANK ACCOUNT

Is the first step toward success and fortune.
Protects your family in emergency.
Educates your children.
Makes you independent.
Gives you a standing in the community.
Is a valuable aid in any enterprise undertaken anywhere by anybody under any condition.

If you do not have a bank account, let us suggest that you start one with us immediately.

FIRST STATE BANK

You will find the conveniences that go with a checking account at this bank indispensable for your business.

Our aim is to give depositors the benefit of modern banking facilities. To hold and encourage every legitimate business enterprise. To extend courteous treatment to large and small depositors alike.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
RED LAKE FALLS

For Sprains

Sloan's Liniment is the best remedy for sprains and bruises.

It quiets the pain at once, and can be applied to the tenderest part without hurting because it doesn't need to be rubbed—all you have to do is to lay it on lightly. It is a powerful preparation and penetrates instantly—relieves any inflammation and congestion, and reduces the swelling.

Here's the Proof.

Mr. L. Roland, Bishop of Scranton, Pa., says:—"On the 7th of this present month, as I was leaving the building at noon for lunch, I slipped and fell, spraining my wrist. I returned in the afternoon, and at four o'clock I could not hold a pencil in my hand. I returned home later and purchased a bottle of

Sloan's Liniment

and used it five or six times before I went to bed, and the next day I was able to go to work and use my hand as usual."

Sloan's Liniment is an excellent antiseptic and germ killer—heals cuts, burns, wounds and contusions, and will draw the poison from sting of poisonous insects.

25c., 50c. and $1.00

Sloan's book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free. Address

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

IMPORTANT PART WAS TRUE

She (to her fiance, with whom she has just broken off her engagement) —You deceived me; everything that you told me about your family, your position and your means was false.

He—It was true about my debts though.

RAW ECZEMA ON HANDS

"I had eczema on my hands for ten years. I had three good doctors but none of them did any good. I then used one box of Cuticura Ointment and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent and was completely cured. My hands were raw all over, inside and out, and the eczema was spreading all over my body and limbs. Before I had used one bottle, together with the Cuticura Ointment, my sores were nearly healed over, and by the time I had used the third bottle, I was entirely well. To any one who has any skin or blood disease I would honestly advise them to fool with nothing else, but to get Cuticura and get well. My hands have never given me the least bit of trouble up to now.

"My daughter's hands this summer became perfectly raw with eczema. She could get nothing that would do them any good until she tried Cuticura. She used Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Ointment and in two weeks they were entirely cured. I have used Cuticura for other members of my family and it always proved successful. Mrs. M. E. Falin, Spears Ferry, Va., Oct. 19, 1909."

On Ghosts.

James H Hyslop, the brilliant psychologist, narrated, during a discussion of the Paladin case in New York, an original old lady's opinion of ghosts.

"Ghosts!" exclaimed the old lady, scornfully. "I don't take any stock in them. If you die and go to the good place it isn't likely that you'd want to waddle back to this poor vale of trouble, while if you go to the bad place you'll be kept there."

In Bad Shape.

The Missus—Jim, you've been drinking again!

The Mister—Mabel, m' dear, I can not tell a lie—I—

The Missus—Goodness! Then you must be worse than I thought. Go to bed in the other room.

Young man, don't marry a porlor ornament unless you can afford to hire a cook.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

Community Breeding—What Is It?

The question of community Breeding is agitating breeders in some parts of the state especially, and ought to be discussed among the farmers generally. One gentleman greatly interested in this line of breeding writes the department of Agriculture at the University Farm in substance as follows:

"By Community Breeding we mean simply the getting together of farmers, deciding upon some breed to raise, then buying and using bulls in partnership. This is neither an experiment nor some foolish idea, but it has been worked out in foreign countries as well as in parts of the United States."

He cites certain counties in Wisconsin where the farmers have made wonderful records as a result of this method of breeding, and gives instances where grades are selling at high figures, and says that pure breeds are in demand at fabulous prices, drawing the deduction that if this can be done in one locality it can be done everywhere that the breeders are willing to adopt the method.

The writer argues rightly when he says that increased production is the real goal to be striven for, on the ground that the man who can make better stock grow where an inferior quality grew before is a benefactor to mankind.

With great practical knowledge he says that "You may not have grade cows for sale for several years, because you will want the heifers to grow up, to have their milk tested, etc., and cull out the poor stock, leaving only the best for future breeding. The bull calves, he says, should not be kept for breeding, but should be sold for veal. Only the best pure bred bulls from record producing ancestors should be used. The scales and tester should then be used to determine the value of their daughters, since not every bull of any strain of cattle possesses the required merit, and the only measure of his merit is the record of his offspring.

Thus, says the correspondent, a group of farmers, when working cooperatively with other groups, can use a sire until his usefulness to them is exhausted owing to his near relationship to the young females of the herd, when he can be exchanged with another group having a similar sire, and his valuable qualities preserved so long as he is fit for service, thus avoiding untried sires and reducing individual expense.

Then, to sum up, the chief thing is to select a breed of stock, no matter whether cattle, hogs, sheep or horses, stick to the breed selected and breed UP with intelligent purpose.

Good and Bad Breeding.

An interesting feature of the recent meeting of the Stockbreeders' Association at University Farm was the lecture by Prof. Grout, on the subject of selecting dairy stock. Several animals were in the ring, among which were some Guernseys, whose records of butter were stated by the professor. The best and poorest dairy cows on the farm were in evidence. The best cow, with a record of 405 pounds of butter last year, was shown, together with her daughter, whose record was only one hundred and ten pounds during the same period. The mother's average for five years past has been 325 pounds yearly, but owing to her bad habit of milking herself it is not definitely known what her record might be, though Prof. Grout thinks it would easily reach to over five hundred pounds if she were crowded. The heifer is kept as an object lesson to show the value of breeding. One would naturally think that such a mother would give great value to the offspring, and produce a good record-maker. The sire of the daughter, while having good points, failed to get a calf of value, and was disposed of as soon as his failure was discovered. In this case the scales and tester were applied to the heifer's milk, with unsatisfactory results, proving that only through the daughters can the value of the sire be determined. So it is maintained that when a sire shows good results he should be kept in the community so long as it is possible to avoid inbreeding. Then he can be sent to some other community and his value be preserved until his service is no longer valuable.

Rural School Lectures.

Splendid reports continue to come from the rural school workers under the auspices of the Division of Agricultural Extension. A feature of the work at Glencoe was Saturday afternoon lectures in a building different from the high school, where many farmers attended. On one Saturday afternoon, Prof. Olson lectured on swine and on the next Saturday afternoon Prof. Haecker talked on dairying. Evenings during the time were devoted to work in the rural school houses, where several districts would join at a designated school house and listen to Prof. Olson on swine, and Prof. Schmidt, who is employed in the Glencoe high school as instructor in agriculture, talked on corn raising. The teachers in the several schools where these evening sessions were held provided programs aside from the lectures, so that all might be interested.

NEW FARM SCHOOL DEAN.

Prof. Albert Woods.

Dean Woods reported for duty on February 1st at the College of Agriculture.

Milk Testing At Annandale.

The Dairy Division of the Agricultural Extension Department has established a milk testing station at Annandale, Wright county, where a group of 19 farmers have agreed to test their milk for one year. The testing will be done at the Albion Creamery, at Annandale, and the record kept at the dairy department of the University Farm. The Farm has sold two Jersey sires to the Annandale people and loaned one bull to them. Co-operative breeding is the rule among those people. There are a number of Jersey herds around Annandale and the experiment is going to be tried with thoroughness. This is the only practical way of developing the best dairy stock, and the farmers are entitled to encouragement in their effort to advance the growing dairy industry of Minnesota.

FARM SCHOOL NOTES.

Dean Olson bade the Agricultural College good-bye on the 31st of January.

Mrs. Olson, of Atwater, one of the ladies so much interested in the high school short courses, paid a visit to the University Farm and gave enthusiastic reports of the recent short course in her city and at Howard Lake.

A Holstein cow was recently brought to the Experiment Station from Duluth and was on exhibition to the Stock Breeders' Association a short time ago. She is regarded as one of the most valuable additions recently made to the Station herd.

Mrs. Blair, of the department of domestic art and home decoration, at the School of Agriculture, has just received from Gov. Eberhart a commission as vice-president at large of the First Minnesota Conservation and Development Congress, to be held in St. Paul, on March 16th to 19th, inclusive.

W. C. Palmer, a graduate of the Minnesota College of Agriculture, and for some time dean of the Winona School of Agriculture, was at the University Farm a day or two recently. He is now engaged in the agricultural extension and Farmers' Institute work in the North Dakota agricultural department.

William Schwager, of Lake Park, Iowa, who was attending the farmers' short course at University Farm, was taken sick with appendicitis and removed to a hospital in Minneapolis, where an operation was performed. He died a day or two after the operation. The short course people raised a purse of about twenty dollars and sent to the young man's father, with which to procure flowers for the funeral.

The Dairy Division at the University Farm has just bought a Holstein bull through F. W. Schilling, of Northfield, which is regarded as one of the best animals of his kind in the state, considering pedigree and conformation. He won first prize at the New York State Fair in 1909, second at the Great Eastern Fair at Brockton, Mass., and second at National Dairy Show in a class of fourteen, and since coming to the Farm he has improved greatly. He is a valuable acquisition to the state.

It is certainly to be hoped that the farmers of Minnesota will appreciate the efforts the Dairy Division of the Experiment Station at St. Anthony Park is making in the interest of co-operative breeding. The station is in receipt of a valuable Jersey bull from Trenton, Kentucky, known as Brook Hill Fern. His sire was sold in Kentucky for $5,000, and his dam sold at auction for $530 in 1906. The introduction of this blood into the herd will put the Experiment Station at the top of the list of Jersey herds in Minnesota. This bull is a grandson of the famous cow, Brook Hill Rose. She was first prize and champion winner of the Island of Jersey, and said to be the most famous cow ever raised on the Island, giving 28 quarts of milk daily.

"LORD OF THE SEA"

Sir Arthur Knyvet Wilson Commands Great Britain's Navy.

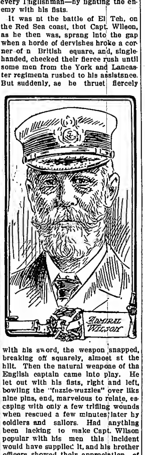
His Appointment Ends the Fisher-Beresford Feud—Has Been in Active Service More Than Half a Century.

London.—When Sir John Fisher retired from the office of first sea lord of the British navy and was succeeded by Admiral Sir Arthur Knyvet Wilson, January 25, the public of England felt not only that the direction of the greatest sea navy in the world continued in able hands, but it probably also heaved a great sigh of relief at the end of the controversies which have attended the administration of "Jackey" Fisher. For the retiring first sea lord has had a feud of the first magnitude with Lord Charles Beresford, and the navy's discipline has suffered in consequence.

Admiral Sir Arthur Knyvet Wilson does not engage in feuds. Known as "the silent admiral" and as "England's best sailor," he is exceedingly popular in the navy, although a hard disciplinarian, because of his recognized ability. Of all the admirals in the world, he is considered by the British authorities the ablest expert on gunnery, strategy and tactics, and has invented a number of devices of value to naval vessels.

For more than half a century the coming first sea lord has been in active service. As a midshipman 12 years old he first heard the thundering broadsides of a naval battle in the Crimean war, off Sebastopol. In 1854 he took part in the storming of the Taku forts in China. In 1882 he served in the Sudan campaign, where he won that simple decoration of bronze with its significant legend, "For Valor"—the Victoria cross—which is bestowed only for conspicuous acts of bravery in the presence of the enemy, and is more highly prized than any other reward that can come to the British soldier or sailor. Moreover, he earned it by an act that doubtless endeared him to every Englishman—by fighting the enemy with his fists.

It was at the battle of El Teb, on the Red Sea coast, that Capt. Wilson, as he then was, sprang into the gap when a horde of dervishes broke a corner of a British square, and, single-handed, checked their fierce rush until some men from the York and Lancaster regiments rushed to his assistance. But suddenly, as he thrust fiercely with his sword, the weapon snapped, breaking off squarely, almost at the hilt. Then the natural weapons of the English captain came into play. He let out with his fists, right and left, bowling the "fuzzie-wuzzies" over like nine pins, and, marvelous to relate, escaping with only a few trifling wounds when rescued a few minutes later by soldiers and sailors. Had anything been lacking to make Capt. Wilson popular with his men this incident would have supplied it, and his brother officers showed their appreciation of his act by presenting him with a superb new sword, while from Queen Victoria came the coveted cross of bronze.



Sir Arthur was made a knight commander of the Bath in 1902, and three years later he was made a knight of the Grand Cross, Royal Victorian Order, first class. In 1906 he received still further distinction in the Grand Order of the Bath, military order.

The list of his successive offices is long. He became captain in 1880, rear admiral in 1895, vice-admiral in 1901, was aid de camp to the queen from 1892 to 1895, lord commissioner of the admiralty and comptroller of the navy from 1897 to 1901, commander of the channel squadron from 1901 to 1903, commander-in-chief of the home and channel fleets from 1903 to 1907 and admiral of the fleet in 1907.

"The king added three super-Dreadnoughts to the navy to-day," said one enthusiastic admirer of Sir Arthur when the news that the admiral would succeed Sir John Fisher was announced. This remark tells the feeling of the new first sea lord's intimates, and the public of Britain has received the news of his appointment with great satisfaction.

Bohemian Tasts.

"I haf just had a bresent," said her Bavarian neighbor, "of an imborted duck. Ever dasde one? Much bedder than the American duck. Much bedder. Divverend dasde entirely. You'd be surbrised at the imborted tings the Bavarian beople in New York ead. Nearly efferting we ead is imborted. Our zhuzeges, our zauergrout, our vloundare, all our vish, nearly effarting we ead. We don't lige the American tiags to ead, we Bavarians. We lige the tiage from our own goundry."

Style in Ailments.

"Well, here I am," announced the fashionable physician in his breezy way. "And now what do you think is the matter with you?" "Doctor, I hardly know," murmured the fashionable patient, "What is new?"

This Contractor got results.

He knew how to feed his men.

Some years ago a contractor building a railroad in a warm climate was troubled a great deal by sickness among the laborers.

He turned his attention at once to their food and found that they were getting full rations of meat and were drinking water from a stream near by.

He issued orders to cut down the amount of meat and to increase greatly the quantity of Quaker Oats fed to the men.

He also boiled Quaker Oats and mixed the thin oatmeal water with their drinking water.

Almost instantly all signs of stomach disorders passed and his men showed a decided improvement in strength and spirits.

This contractor had experience that taught him the great value of good oatmeal. 53

The Cagey Bachelor.

The woman who wanted the bachelor to come to dinner called him up at his rooms.

"Hello," she said, adding in the irritating way of women, "do you know who this is?"

The tactful bachelor didn't, but he was too diplomatic to admit it.

"Hello, beautiful lady," he made answer.

Cheating the Law.

Man on Shore—I'm going ter have you arrested when you come outer thar!

"Te—he! I ain't coming out—I'm committing suicide!" (Sinks with a bubbling grin.)—Life.

Rough on "Rats."

"How do you like the way she does her hair?"

"I think she mistreats it shamefully."

WHEN YOU'RE AS HOARSE as a crow. When you're coughing and gasping. When you've an old-fashioned deep-seated cold, take *Allen's Lung Balsam.* Sold by all druggists. 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottles.

The decollette gown demonstrates that when a woman is in the swim she wants to wear as few clothes as possible.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Few men put off until to-morrow the meanness they can do to-day.

WESTERN CANADA

What Governor Deneen, of Illinois, Says About It:

Governor Deneen, of Illinois, owns a section of land in Saskatchewan, Canada. He has said in an interview:

"As an American I am delighted to see the remarkable progress of Western Canada. Our people are flocking across the boundary in thousands, and I have not yet met one who admitted he had made a mistake. They are all doing well. There is scarcely a community in the Middle or Western States that has not a representative in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta."

125 Million Bushels of Wheat in 1909

Western Canada field crops for 1909 will easily yield to the farmer $170,000,000.00 in cash.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres, and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Railway and Land Companies have land for sale at reasonable prices. Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop. Splendid climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates, wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

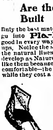
CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.

(Use address nearest you.) (1)

Pla-Mate Shoes

Are the Best Shoes Built for Children

Only the best material and finest workmanship go into **Pla-Mate Shoes**—just as good in every way as the finest shoe for grown-ups. Notice the shape of the shoe—it follows the natural lines of the foot and allows it to develop as Nature intended it to. The children like them because they are soft, flexible and so comfortable—the parents like them because while they cost a little more to start with, they are the cheapest in the end as one pair of **Pla-Mate Shoes** outlast two pairs of ordinary children's shoes, and they hold their shape so well. Sizes 4 to 12, in all suitable leathers and in lace, button and oxford styles. If you can't buy **Pla-Mate Shoes** from your dealer, send us his name and state size and style and we will see that you are quickly supplied.



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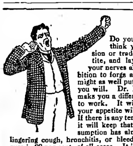
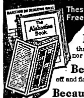


Do You Feel This Way?

Do you feel all tired out? Do you sometimes think you just can't work away at your profession or trade any longer? Do you have a poor appetite, and lay awake at nights unable to sleep? Are your nerves all gone, and your stomach too? Has ambition to forge ahead in the world left you? If so, you might as well put a stop to your misery. You can do it if you will. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will make you a different individual. It will set your lazy liver to work. It will set things right in your stomach, and your appetite will come back. It will purify your blood. If there is any tendency in your family toward consumption, it will keep that dread destroyer away. Even after consumption has almost gained a foothold in the form of a lingering cough, bronchitis, or bleeding at the lungs, it will bring about a cure in 98 per cent. of all cases. It is a remedy prepared by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., whose *advice is given free* to all who wish to write him. His great success has come from his wide experience and varied practice.

Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking inferior substitutes for Dr. Pierce's medicines, recommended to be "just as good." Dr. Pierce's medicines are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Their every ingredient printed on their wrappers. Made from roots without alcohol. Contain no habit-forming drugs. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Tint Your Walls with Alabastine



Why?

Because Alabastine is better and much cheaper than wall paper—does not harbor insects nor disease germs like wall paper.

Because Alabastine is far better than any kind of Kalsomine—kalsomine rubs off and flakes off. Alabastine does not.

Because Alabastine is clean, stylish, costs little and is easy to put on.

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

is a powder made from pure native alabaster. It comes in all sorts of rich, soft, velvety shades that enable you, at small cost, to decorate your walls in the same style as the handsome city homes.

Alabastine adheres to the wall of its own cementing qualities. It needs no dirty glue or paste as with kalsomine or wall paper. Anyone can decorate with Alabastine—you just mix it with cold water and apply with a flat wall brush. Simple directions printed on every package. In redecorating, just put a new coat over the old. That saves a lot of work, trouble and money.

Mail This Coupon Today

Alabastine Co.,
782 Grandville Ave.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

At no cost to me, please send your Alabastine book and tell me about your Free offers.

Name..............................

P. O...............................

County.............*State*.............

Our Astounding Free Offer

We will send Free, a complete color plan for the walls of your home. We will furnish Free stencils to help you make your home beautiful. We will send you at once, Free, a book about home decoration, samples of Alabastine color effects, and complete valuable information to help you make your home cheerful, clean and handsome.

To get all this, send the coupon or a postal card at once.

Alabastine Company
782 Grandville Avenue
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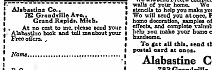
5 STICKS 5 CENTS!

Every stick is a delicious mouthful. Every mouthful has the delicious flavor of real

SPEARMINT LEAVES

FINE FOR DIGESTION



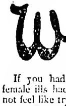
The flavor lasts ← → Look for the spear

Attention Sick Women

If you had positive proof that a certain remedy for female ills had made many remarkable cures, would you not feel like trying it?

If during the last thirty years we have not succeeded in convincing every fair-minded woman that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured thousands and thousands of women of the ills peculiar to their sex, then we long for an opportunity to do so by direct correspondence. Meanwhile read the following letters which we guarantee to be genuine and truthful.

Hudson, Ohio.—"I suffered for a long time from a weakness, inflammation, dreadful pains each month and suppression. I had been doctoring and receiving only temporary relief, when a friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and wrote to you for advice. I have faithfully followed your directions and now, after taking only five bottles of the Vegetable Compound, I have every reason to believe I am a well woman. I give you full permission to use my testimonial." —Mrs. Lena Carmocino, Hudson, Ohio. R. F. D. No. 7.

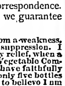


St. Regis Falls, N. Y.—"Two years ago I was so bad that I had to take to my bed every month, and it would last from two to three weeks. I wrote to you for advice and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in dry form. I am happy to say that I am cured, thanks to your medicine and good advice. You may use my letter for the good of others." —Mrs. J. H. Breyere, St. Regis Falls, N. Y.

There is absolutely no doubt about the ability of this grand old remedy, made from the roots and herbs of our fields, to cure female diseases. We possess volumes of proof of this fact, enough to convince the most skeptical.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.



Insomnia

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all that they are represented."
Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 924

For Asthma, Bronchitis and all Throat Troubles Take

PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS

The relief is as quick as it is certain. Pleasant to take and guaranteed absolutely free from opiates.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

Worm Turns at Last

It was the old story. The one we have all seen repeated so many, many times. Two young women entered the car together and the tired-looking man arose and proffered his seat. Then, while he groped unsteadily for a strap, the usual conversation ensued:

"Oh, thank you, sir."

"Thank you so much."

"Sit down, dear."

"No, you sit down."

"I insist, dear; I'm not a bit tired."

"Neither am I, and I'd just as soon stand."

"Go ahead, dear, and take it."

"No, no, you take it. I—"

And then the tired man did what so many have wanted to see done so many, many times. He took it himself.

As he sank wearily but calmly back in his seat the smiles of mutual baner-

DELINQUENT TAX LIST

For Red Lake County, Minnesota

Showing Delinquents on the First Monday of January, 1910

[illegible] District Court [illegible] Judicial District [illegible] Minnesota, to all persons or corporations who [illegible]

[illegible] W. JOHNSON [illegible]

TOWN OF STAR

Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty-nine (39)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, [illegible]

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible]	NW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	SW¼	28	[illegible]

TOWN OF REINER

Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Thirty-Nine (39)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, [illegible]

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible]	SE¼	21	[illegible]

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151), Range Forty (40)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, [illegible]

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible]	S½ of NW¼ and [illegible]	2	26.96
[illegible]	SE¼	5	[illegible]
[illegible]	SE¼ of NW¼ [illegible]	6	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼	12	28.08
[illegible]	SE¼	13	29.05
[illegible]	NE¼	15	31.45
[illegible]	SE¼	16	27.89
[illegible]	NE¼	17	30.78
[illegible]	[illegible] of SW¼ and [illegible]	19	[illegible]
[illegible]	SE¼ of NE¼	19	9.84
[illegible]	W½ of SW¼	20	28.48
[illegible]	S½ of NW¼	21	30.08
[illegible]	SE¼ of SE¼	20	[illegible]
[illegible]	N½ of NW¼	28	
[illegible]	NE¼ of SE¼	29	
[illegible]	NE¼	22	19.04
[illegible]	SW¼ of [illegible] of SW¼ and [illegible]	23	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	24	[illegible]
[illegible]	NW¼	27	[illegible]
[illegible]	SW¼	27	18.61
[illegible]	[illegible] of SW¼, SW¼ of SE¼ and Lot 6	31	[illegible]
[illegible]	S½ of NE¼ and [illegible] of NW¼	32	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼	32	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼	34	26.20
[illegible]	SW¼	34	29.07
[illegible]	NE¼	35	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼	36	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼ of SE¼	14	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼	16	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼ of SW¼	[illegible]	4.56
[illegible]	N½ of SE¼ and [illegible] SE¼, 1907 & 1908	[illegible]	28.91

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152), Range Forty (40)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, [illegible]

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible]	SW¼ of SE¼	16	21.76
[illegible]	[illegible]	16	29.42
[illegible]	SW¼ of [illegible] and Lots 6, 7 and 8	31	50.52
[illegible]	NW¼	35	[illegible]
[illegible]	NE¼	35	[illegible]

TOWN OF DEER PARK

Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152), Range Forty (40)

[illegible]

TOWN OF HIGH LANDING

Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40)

[illegible]

TOWN OF GOODRIDGE

Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty (40)

[illegible]

TOWN OF GOODRIDGE—(Continued)

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty (40)—(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Nels M. Olson	NW¼	32	24.38
Peter Blackman	SE¼	33	23.07
Albert Arntz	SW¼	34	24.54

TOWN OF LAMBERT

Township One Hundred Fifty (150), Range Forty-one (41)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Little Falls & Dakota Ry. Co.	SE¼ of NE¼	1	15.97
H. K. Lee	W½ of SW¼, SW¼ of [illegible]W¼ and Lot 1	1	46.08
Roselle Rochefort, et al.	SE¼ of [illegible]	6	9.75
C. J. [illegible]	S½ of NW¼	9	54.38
[illegible] Ellingson	80 by 120 [illegible] SW¼ of SE¼	10	7.52
C. H. Halvorson	NE¼	11	55.99
A. S. [illegible]	N½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼	14	29.29
August [illegible]	W½ of SW¼	22	11.32
Joseph A. Lambert	NW¼	23	15.82
[illegible] & Tuffy	W½ of SE¼	28	11.21
[illegible] B. Wells	E½ of SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	31	45.00
Ole O. Fiskum	SE¼	31	44.42
H. L. Lee	W½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼	33	32.94
[illegible] A. Bank	NE¼	34	38.72
Michael Lay	N½ of SW¼ and N½ of SE¼	34	30.21
John Evenson	SE¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SE¼	36	15.82
John Evenson	SE¼ of SE¼	36	7.54

TOWN OF GARNES

Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151), Range Forty-one (41)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Ole Svenson	Lots 3 and 4 and S½ of NW¼	1	10.77
Gerhard E. Evans	W½ of SW¼, SE¼ of SW¼ and Lots 2 and 3	4	12.16
Elsie Hauven	S½ of SE¼ and S½ of SW¼	9	22.66
John Houdt	NW¼	12	20.87
William Erickson	NE¼ of SE¼	14	9.55
C. L. [illegible]	NE¼ of NE¼ and Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8	27	57.60
Viaul C. Ose	NW¼ of NW¼, S½ of NW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼	25	35.20
Henry J. Endrle	Lot 1	25	6.73
Sven O. Ulland	NW¼ of SE¼	25	11.73
Ewing & Murphy	NE¼ of NE¼	29	9.64
Lars Houe	SW¼ of SE¼	34	7.55
O. N. Skomedahl	S½ of SW¼	36	14.59

TOWN OF GARNES

Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152), Range Forty-one (41)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
George Gunderson	Lots 4 and 5	29	12.88

TOWN OF MAYFIELD

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-one (41).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Magnus Olson	SW¼	4	23.42
Isaac Rohlin	SE¼	6	27.23
Charley Wilson	SE¼	7	23.42
Edward L. Miller	SW¼	8	30.07
R. G. Bagstad	NE¼	9	25.46
Mrs. Julia A. Bergh	NW¼	17	19.22
J. A. Duffy	SE¼	19	18.35

TOWN OF KRATKA

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Carl Hatlin	SW¼	3	20.98
Ernest L. Quist	NW¼	10	14.38
Martha Lee	NW¼	13	25.84
Alfred Bakke	NE¼	13	24.55
Andrew O. Gullingsrud	SE¼	14	25.55
Lars K. Viudlus	Lots 3 and 6	21	8.8[illegible]
Lars K. Viudlus	Lot 13	22	
Knut K. Austin	NW¼ of NE¼ and Lots 3, 8 and 9	22	21.16
Knut K. Austin	Lot 3	27	
Simon O'Toole	SE¼	25	13.12
Lenis O. Kongelf	NE¼	28	20.81

TOWN OF CLOVER LEAF

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Thomas Bednorchik	SE¼	9	5.07
John O'Donnell	SE¼	10	17.88
Lena DuChamp	NE¼	15	24.85
Frank Kratochvil	SE¼	16	22.08
Edith E. Quist	E½ of NW¼ and Lots 1 and 2	19	12.80
W. D. Boyce	SW¼	23	23.97
Hans Olson	SE¼	31	23.79
John Kjesbo	NW¼	33	28.56
Peder Sulland	SE¼	34	33.06

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER

Township One hundred fifty (150), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Roselle Rochefort, et al.	SE¼ of SE¼	2	10.65
C. F. Case	SE¼	3	36.51
[illegible]	for years 1905 and 1906, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. C. Doughty	SW¼ of NE¼ and Lot 2	[illegible]	[illegible]
G. F. Baker	W½ of SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
G. F. Baker	E½ of SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John A. Hanson	Und. half of [illegible]	[illegible]	16.49
Robert Strom	Und. half of [illegible]	[illegible]	18.26
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	E½ of NE¼ and E½ of SE¼	[illegible]	18.26
Alex Bushew, et al.	[illegible]	[illegible]	20.91
Albert Meyers	SW¼	[illegible]	20.22
Christian Hallis	SW¼	[illegible]	28.82
Christian Hallis	SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. L. Lewis	NE¼ of NE¼	36	[illegible]

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER

Townsite of Brooks

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Tri State Land Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Delore Lequin	[illegible]	17	6	[illegible]
Delore Lequin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. Provin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	5.00
H. Provin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	24.63
W. S. Pennington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. S. Pennington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Delore Poplin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12.36
Harvey J. Premo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6.60

TOWN OF EMARDVILLE

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible] Mathews	SW¼ of NW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. W. Pahlen	N½ of NW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	[illegible]	23.56
D. B. Stevens	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Elsworth & Jones	E½ of NW¼ and [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
D. B. Stevens	SW¼ of SW¼	4	14.39
D. B. Stevens	E½ of NE¼	4	15.40

TOWN OF EMARDVILLE (Continued)

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-two (42).—(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
D. B. Stevens	SW¼ of NE¼, E½ of NW¼ and Lots 2 and 3	4	30.82
D. B. Stevens	SW¼ of NW¼ and Lot 4 (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	4	15.80
D. B. Stevens	NE¼ of SE¼	5	6.37
Benjamin Clements	SE¼	7	34.19
E. D. Clough	SE¼	10	36.43
Frank Enderle	SE¼ of SE¼	12	18.70
M. O. Sortedahl	W½ of SW¼, SE¼ of SW¼	13	56.60
M. O. Sortedahl	NW¼ of NW¼	24	
M. O. Sortedahl	S½ of SW¼ and S½ of SE¼	14	48.92
Ed. L. Healy	NE¼	15	54.28
J. W. Eckman	NW¼ of SE¼	17	8.24
Tom Pederson	NE¼	21	25.51
Brede Bredeson	NE¼ of NW¼	26	8.22
Higinbotham & Germo	Lot 2	30	.....
Higinbotham & Germo	Lot 1	31	12.52
L. C. Simons	NW¼ of SE¼	36	5.16

TOWN OF WYANDOTTE

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Lars P. Bratolrud	SW¼	9	28.76
Healy & Brown	Lot 3	24	5.84
Abel W. Osgood	SE¼	25	11.42
Ness & Johnson	S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NE¼	28	41.34
Henry P. Fisher	S½ of NE¼	33	21.00
D. B. Stevens	S½ of SW¼	33	27.77
Henry P. Fisher	S½ of NW¼	34	10.74
J. W. Pahlen	S½ of SW¼	35	8.81

TOWN OF SMILEY

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Wallace K. Nichols	SE¼ of SE¼, and Lot 1	6	[illegible].77
Wallace K. Nichols	Lots 6 and 7	7	
Albert J. Narum	SE¼	11	13.07
Carl J. Larson	SE¼	12	12.54
H. J. Hastvelt	E½ of NW¼ and Lots 2 and 3	19	19.88
John Rime	NE¼ for years 1907 and 1908	22	85.82
Annie Cernousek	SW¼	26	32.99
Charles J. Knox	NE¼	27	32.94
Annie Salempen	S W½ of SW¼	29	3.05
Charles C. Larson	SE¼	31	61.03
Torval S. Iverson	SW¼	36	31.22

TOWN OF SILVERTON

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Mat Staska	NW¼	23	41.66

TOWN OF TERREBONNE

Township One hundred fifty (150), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
J. J. Je[illegible]	W½ of SE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and Lot 2	1	40.69
Marcellin Thibert	174 by 265 feet out of S½ of SW¼	2	1.98
Louis St. Yves	NE¼	7	60.30
Adelard Laurent	N½ of SW¼ exc 20 acres	8	7.92
Hosanna Prenevost	SE¼	10	46.80
C. M. Goodyear	SW¼	13	49.32
Timothy Foley & J. R. Swain	SE¼	15	41.92
Alfred Collins	SE¼ of SW¼ and Lots 2, 3 and 4	19	50.85
Alfred Collins	W½ of SE¼	19	24.68
Alfred Helling	NW¼	29	73.32

TOWN OF GERVAIS

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Christ Erickson	NE¼	16	39.66
Pheobe Walker	SE¼	16	34.66
Samuel Miller	NE¼ of NW¼	21	6.53
Frank O'Meara	S½ of NE¼, NW¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼	22	61.29
Lula Haslet	S½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼	25	32.84
Lula Haslet	NE¼ of SE¼	26	
M. O. Sortedahl	W½ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼	26	23.35
Julia Renson	E½ of NE¼ and E½ of SE¼	27	37.70
M. O. Sortedahl	SW¼ of SE¼	27	7.54
Christ G. Olson	N½ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼	29	34.23
Christ C. Olson	NE¼ of SE¼	30	
J. C. Mathews	S½ of SE¼, NW¼ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SW¼	29	25.18
Christ G. Olson	N½ of NE¼	31	15.72
M. O. Sortedahl	N½ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼	34	42.99
Herman Hochmeister	N½ of SW¼	35	15.69
David C. Jordan	SW¼	36	23.07
David C. Jordan	W½ of SE¼	38	15.89

TOWN OF RIVER FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Wis. Minn. & Pac. Ry. Co.	Lots 3 and 4	3	12.79
W. L. Barclay	S½ of SW¼ and SE¼ of NE¼	3	37.54
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. L. Barclay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Harvey Swenson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	SW¼ of [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lydia E. Howie	NE¼	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOWN OF RIVER FALLS

Brousseau Addition to St. Hilaire

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Carl Person		[illegible]	1	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	1	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12
Carl Person		[illegible]	[illegible]	.12

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John Dahle	Lots 12 and 13	[illegible]	12.74
Helma Johnson	N½ of NE¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Helma Johnson	N½ of NW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
O. R. Helgeson	N½ of NW¼	15	[illegible]
O. A. [illegible]	Lot 5	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hannah [illegible]	for years 1907 and 1908, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
George Crocker	Lot 5	[illegible]	[illegible]
Elizabeth McAndress	Lot 3 and undivided portion of Lots 4 and 5	[illegible]	[illegible]
Carrie Bergland	W½ of SE¼	33	[illegible]
Wis. Minn. & Pac. Ry. Co.	E½ of NW¼	34	[illegible]

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY (Continued)

Crocker Cundy and Nelson's 2nd Addition to St. Hilaire, Minn.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	Block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
St. Hilaire Lumber Co.	2 Lots all	56½	.37
J. W. Wheeler	1 Lot all	57	.10
J. W. Wheeler	24 Lots all	58	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	59	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	60	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	61	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	62	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	63	.21
J. W. Wheeler	Lot 24 of	64	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	23 Lots (all exc. Lot 24) of	64	.32
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	65	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	66	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	67	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	14 Lots all	68	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	69	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	70	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	71	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	72	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	73	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	74	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	75	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	76	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	77	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	78	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	79	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	80	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	81	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	82	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	83	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	84	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	86	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	86	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	87	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	88	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	89	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 1 to 5 inclusive of	90	.09
First National Bank of Crookston	Lot 6 of	90	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 7 to 12 inclusive of	90	.13
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	91	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	92	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	93	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	9 Lots all	94	3.28
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	95	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	96	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 1 to 3 inclusive	97	.04
Ole O. Ordal	Lots 4 of	97	.04
Edward Kilos	Lots 5 and 6 of	97	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 7 and 8 of	97	.04
Armstrong & Bushel	Lot 9 of	97	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 10, 11 and 12 of	97	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 1 to 16 of	98	.29
Karl N. Pepin	Lot 17 of	98	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 18 to 23 inclusive of	98	.13
Karl N. Pepin	Lot 24 of	98	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots of	99	.17

TOWN OF NORTH

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Mayme Knox	SE¼ of SW¼	21	13.17
Mayme Knox	That part of N½ of SW¼ and S½ of NW¼, East of G. N. Ry. R. of Way	21	29.05
Mayme Knox	SE¼ and SW¼ of NE¼	21	87.84
Mayme Knox	Lots 1 and 2	22	26.06
Laura Simondson	18 acres in W½ of SW¼	28	10.67

TOWN OF NORTH

Townsite of Fairfield

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
S. M. Posten		1		.76
E. C. Eshelby		2		.80
Rosa Lewis		17		1.24
J. J. Sutton		43		1.35
Geo. R. Lanning		45		1.36
H. L. Dudley		55		.89
Elizabeth Holst		88		1.35
Wm. E. Shaw		70		1.36

TOWN OF NORTH

Thief River Addition to Townsite of Fairfield.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
N. A. Lundblad		3	1	2.93
Even Lee		4	1	2.93

TOWN OF NORTH

Park Addition to Thief River Falls

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Andrew Sieseth		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P. O. Johnson		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P. O. Johnson		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P. O. Johnson		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P. O. Johnson		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Andrew Sieseth		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P. O. Johnson		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P. O. Johnson		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
P. O. Johnson	Out Lot		D	[illegible]

TOWN OF LAKE PLEASANT

Township One hundred fifty (150), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Evangelist Quesnell	S½ of [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M. O. Sortedahl	SE¼ of [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
George W. Woodward	SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. R. Keeler	NE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	[illegible]	[illegible]
M. T. O'Brien	SE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	[illegible]	[illegible]
L. O. Brown	NW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOWN OF RED LAKE FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
E. C. Haga	S½ of NW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eckert & Williams	Lots 6 and [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Grant Van Sant	NE¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mary V. Hall	93 rods east and west and 68.88 rods north and south in SW¼ of SE¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	W½ of NE¼	11	[illegible]

TOWN OF RED LAKE FALLS (Continued)

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-four (44)—(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Ole Christofferson	Lots 8, 7 and 8	17	11.08
J. E. Murphy	Lot 2	19	5.68
Ovide Emard	W½ of SE¼	24	10.99
Wilfred Laframboise	S½ of NE¼ and Lots 2 and 3	24	13.82
C. F. Case	E½ of SE¼	25	20.17

TOWN OF BLACK RIVER

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Sam Thompson	E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼	13	28.40
Western Land Co.	NE¼	15	30.94
John A. Duffy	SE¼	20	30.32
First Nat'l Bank of Peterson, Iowa	NE¼	22	18.34
Ed. L. Healy	SW¼	22	22.88
First Nat'l Bank of Peterson, Iowa	NW¼	23	16.68
W. G. Vanilenberg	SW¼	23	16.76
Thomas J. Baldwin	NW¼	25	15.06
Ellswood Lee	N½ of NE¼	26	13.47
Albert Lee	S½ of NE¼	26	13.33
A. H. Maas	SE¼	34	13.87
Van Sant Land Co.	SW¼	35	21.02

TOWN OF SANDERS

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. F. George	SW¼ of NW¼ and Lot 4, for taxes for 1907 and 1908	3	47.40
C. F. Case	E½ of SW¼, SE¼ of NW¼ and NW¼ of SE¼	7	19.72
Nor. Real Est. & Mtg. Co.	Lot 4	7	5.97
J. M. Olson	SW¼ of SW¼	16	9.71
I. W. Karl	NW¼	25	52.48
John Brandvold	S½ of SW¼	27	28.15
John Brandvold	NE¼ of NW¼ and NW¼ of NW¼	34	
Lizzie F. Blunt	NW¼	28	40.25
Alfred J. Larson	SE¼	31	24.33
Chas. E. Lewis	W½ of NE¼ and W½ of SE¼	16	19.72

TOWN OF NORDEN

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	NE¼ of SW¼, N½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SE¼	17	28.99

TOWN OF LOUISVILLE

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
N. E. Gaass	SW¼	2	15.87
Annette Damon	W½ of SE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	5	21.83
St. Paul M. & M. Ry. Co.	Lots 2 and 3	5	22.08
Philomene Boivin	W½ of SE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	6	22.42
Frank Patch	E½ of SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	7	46.90
Western Land Co.	SW¼	8	45.50
St. Paul M. & M. Ry. Co.	SW¼	9	45.50
Clorintha Berry	S½ of SW¼ and S½ of SE¼	10	19.30
Dan Kelley	SE¼	18	55.59
Dan Latendresse	Lot 3	25	2.85
G. A. Grussendorf	Lots 7, 9 and 10	26	27.56

TOWN OF POLK CENTRE

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John Grove	E½ of NE¼	5	11.24
John Grove	NE¼ of SE¼	5	5.81
Mason City Loan & Trust Co.	NE¼	8	14.83
D. W. Anderson	SW¼	6	18.52
F. W. Heller	NE¼	7	15.17
John S. & Lewis O. Johnson	SE¼	7	19.26
John Grove	NE¼ of SE¼	9	5.36
John Grove	NE¼ of NW¼	15	5.82
Fred Richards	NE¼	18	19.48
P. E. Smidesang	100 by 250 feet out of NE¼	25	17.23
Mpls. & St. Cloud Ry. Co.	SW¼ of NE¼	29	6.85
Annette Damon	NE¼	30	29.89
W. E. Howie	SW¼	32	27.37
Jessie W. Gleason	NE¼ of SE¼	33	8.16
Eckert & Williams	S½ of NE¼, NE¼ of SE¼ and SE¼ of NW¼	35	32.61

TOWN OF BRAY

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. E. Haney	SE¼	7	20.77
John Grove	W½ of SW¼	16	9.99
J. E. Switzer	NE¼	18	21.31
J. E. Switzer	S½ of NW¼	18	11.22
John Grove	W½ of SW¼	27	10.87
J. & A. Dahlen	N½ of NW¼ and SW¼ of NE¼	27	13.42
F. J. Blake	NE¼	30	13.95
Axel F. Kron	E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼	32	22.02
Hans Hanson	NW¼ of SE¼	35	14.24

TOWN OF NUMEDAL

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Dirk G. Manns	SE¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. E. Foss	SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sophia Olson	NW¼ of SE¼ and the NE¼ [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Edward Sayre	Und. 1-3 of [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	NW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arnold & Gruetsmacher	NE¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arnold & Gruetsmacher	NW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arnold & Gruetsmacher	SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	SW¼	[illegible]	[illegible]

VILLAGE OF PLUMMER

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
H. B. Helgen	S½ of SE¼ and [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. B. Helgen	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. B. Helgen	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. B. Helgen	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. B. Helgen	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Betsey Scheldrup	That part of [illegible] West of River	[illegible]	[illegible]

VILLAGE OF PLUMMER

Townsite of Plummer

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
J. B. Buskirk		9	6	[illegible]

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. R. Peterson	9 1-3 acres along North line West of Railroad	6	9.11
H. M. Swenson	SW¼	7	49.05

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Original Townsite.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Lewis Sellburg		17	26	2.04
Carl F. Hellberg	Lots 3 and	4	35	1.51
A. E. Tophius	for years 1905, 1906, 1907 and 1908	6	36	1.94
Anna Abrahamson	Lots 11 and	12	37	11.27
Joseph Demars	North ½ of	7	38	.29
Joseph Demars		8	38	3.96
Joseph Demars		9	38	4.24
John L. Roland et al.		19	38	2.53
Jonah Sanford		22	38	.94
John B. O'Brien		3	39	.94
John B. O'Brien		1	39	3.69
Mer. State Bank of St. Hilaire		9	40	7.89
Peder Anderson		5	42	.24
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		15	50	3.46
Anna L. Johnson		10	51	2.31
Tollef Thompson	Lots 1 and	2	52	5.67

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

St. Hilaire Townsite Co.'s 1st Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		9	78	.17
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		10	78	.17
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		11	78	.17
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		12	78	.17
Clara Wensole		21	78	.17
Clara Wensole		22	78	.17

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

St. Hilaire Townsite Co.'s 2d Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. Stulwick	Lots 9 and	10	17	3.15

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Ives' Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Daniel Patterson	Lots 2 and	3	1	7.36
Louis T. Bergh		1	1	7.82

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Owners' Re-arrangement of Blocks 3 and 4 of Ives' Addition to St. Hilaire

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
William J. Berglund		7	3	3.58

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Kolstad's Subdivision of Lot 11, Sec. 6, Township 152, Range 43

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John L. Hagseth	Lots 6 and	7		2.31
A. O. Kolstad		13		1.89

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Russel L. Vance	N½ of SE¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and Lots 1 and 3	16	92.40
Laura Bray	W½ of SW¼ of SE¼ of NE¼	27	3.22

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Original Townsite

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	Undivided ½ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	21	3	.41
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	Undivided ½ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	22	3	.41
M. O. Sortedahl	All (exc. N. 44½ feet of and Ry. R. of W.)	29	3	59.57
Patrick M. Foley		13	4	3.63
Patrick M. Foley		14	4	
Patrick M. Foley		15	4	
Patrick M. Foley		16	4	
M. O. Sortedahl	Lots A, B and	C	4	29.62

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Kritzchmer's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Louis Wadekemper		10	13	.41
A. M. Miller		21	13	.41
John Ricks		2	25	.41
Kate Gjerberg		4	42	6.19
J. O. Gjerberg	Lots 9 and	10	42	[illegible]
Peter Engele		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. H. Holden	Lots 10 and	11	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
John H. Whitmer	East½ of	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Melius G. Eggen		16	64	.72
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Anton Gunderson		14	65	[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Emma Oswald		[illegible]	71	[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]	72	.41
Nicholas Helm	Lots 14 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Freeman & Morse	Lots 16 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mary R. Kause	Lots 1, 2 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mary R. Kause	Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
James Brady		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellen Brady		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
James Brady		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellen Brady	Lots 16, 17, 18 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oscar and Christine Mattson	Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oscar and Christine Mattson	Lots 21, 22, 23 and	24	103	[illegible]

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Champagne & Dow's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
H. H. Zaiser		9	2	[illegible]
T. O'Leary	Lots 5, 6, 7 and	8	3	[illegible]
Joseph Helm	West 35 feet of Lots 6 and	[illegible]	4	[illegible]
Joseph Helm	Lots 7 and	8	4	[illegible]
Joseph Helm	Lots 9, 10, 11 and	[illegible]	4	[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louis Lefaivre	Lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jacob Olp		16	15	[illegible]
Otto [illegible]		[illegible]	15	[illegible]
Jane Rourdon	Lots 14 and	15	16	[illegible]
J. W. Rourdon	Lots 16 and	17	[illegible]	[illegible]
Albert St. Mars	Lots 17 and	18	24	[illegible]

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS (Continued)

Holme's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Frank R. Gutsch	Lots 6 and	7	2	.41
Frank R. Gutsch		12	2	.23
F. J. Kline	Lots 9, 10, 11 and	12	4	.72
F. J. Kline	Lots 17, 18, 19 and	20	8	.72
F. C. Buecher	Lots 3 and	4	17	.41

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Rose and Bottineau's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
G. A. Grussendorf	Lots [illegible], 5, 6 and	7	2	3.63
G. A. Gussendorf		8	[illegible]	.41
Mary Riechel		[illegible]	[illegible]	.96
Ernest Buss	Lots 16 and	17	[illegible]	.91
J. A. Duffy	Lots [illegible], 5 and	6	[illegible]	27.54
A. W. & J. W. Gervais	Lots 16 and	17	10	4.58
G. A. Gusseudorf	Lots 18 and	[illegible]	10	4.58
G. A. Gussendorf	Lots 3, 4, 5 and	6	12	7.28
J. H. Harrison	for years 1906, 1907 and 1908, Lots 11 and	12	13	12.06

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Bottineau's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
G. A. Grussendorf	Lots 11 and	12	2	.56
Camel Charest	Lots 17 and	18	2	.56
Oliver Charboneau		3	3	.17
L. L. Bruse		4	3	.16
August Moreau		5	3	.17
Rupert Seidenbusch		6	3	.16
Lewis Wadekemper		9	4	.96
Noah Wolf	Lots 10, 11 and	12	7	.81
G. A. Gussendorf	Lots 15, 16, 17 and	18	10	.70
Geo. Benz & Sons	Lots 2 and	3	11	.41
Arthur Lambert	Lots 13, 14 and	15	12	.56
Geo. Benz & Sons		16	14	.23

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Champagne, Dow's & Gurlett's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Joseph L. Cyr		22	16	.17

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Kritschmer's 2nd Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
August Lindquist		5	1	.28
John P. Lindquist		24	9	.23
Berthina Helland	for years 1907 and 1908	12	17	.42
Berthina Helland	for years 1907 and 1908	1	20	.42

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Railroad Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Albert Patnaude	Lots 21 and	22	2	9.89
George N. Lyman	Lots 1, 2, 3 and	4	14	1.84
Wm. Hoerr	Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and	7	19	2.73
L. C. Simons		12	19	.41
Octave Lacoursiere	Lots 7 and	8	20	.96
Wm. G. Hoerr	Lots 1, 2 and	3	27	1.36
L. C. Simons	Lots 6 and	7	27	.91
Wm. G. Hoerr	Lots 21, 22, 23 and	24	27	1.04
L. C. Simons	Lots 9 and	10	41	.96
Jeff Barber	Lots 1 and	2	44	.96
Fred M. Healy	Lots 1 to 24 Inclusive		45	[illegible]
L. C. Simons	21 Lots all exc Lots 10, 11 and 12)		53	7.66

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Ruse & Canty's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Patrick M. Foley	Lots 22, 23 and	24	11	.56

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Langevin's Subdivision of Church Lot [illegible]

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Arthur Zaiser		5	2	21.89

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Riverside Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Dubuque & Montreuil		19	2	1.36
Dubuque & Montreuil	N½ of	20	2	

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Salsbury's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Alfred Cyprianson	24 Lots all		1	[illegible]
Alfred Cyprianson	24 Lots all		2	[illegible]
Alfred Cyprianson	24 Lots all		3	[illegible]
Alfred Cyprianson	24 Lots all		4	[illegible]

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Hodgson's Subdivision of NE¼ of SE¼ and of NW¼ of Section 23, Township 151, Range 44.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
N. Moran	100 feet by 120 feet in SW. Cor. of [illegible]			[illegible]

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Central Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
N. M. Watson et al.		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. M. Watson et al.		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. M. Watson et al.		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
J. W. Wallin	5 acres of SE¼ of SW¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	33	[illegible]
Hanson & [illegible]	3 acres of SE¼ of SW¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	33	[illegible]
M. C. Harlow	Beginning [illegible] feet East of NW. cor. of SW¼, thence S. about 80 rods, West about 40 rods, North about 80 rods, East about 40 rods, Part of NE¼ of SW¼	34	[illegible]

(Continued on Page Five.)

(Continued From Page Four)

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
(Continued)
Original Townsite

[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Hemmingsen's Addition

[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Porter's Addition

[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Townsite of Red Lake Rapids

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Lena O. Berg		[illegible]	6	1.62
Lena O. Berg		[illegible]	6	[illegible]
Lena O. Berg		[illegible]	6	1.34

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
(Continued.)
Townsite of Red Lake Rapids
(Contined)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John O. Berg		26	6	1.34
Henry P. Lund		39	6	.58
Henry P. Lund		40	6	.58
Henry P. Lund		41	6	.21
[illegible]		27	8	.82
[illegible]		28	8	.82
H. P. Halvorson		5	10	.82
H. P. Halvorson		6	10	[illegible]
H. P. Halvorson		7	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		8	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		9	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		10	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		11	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		12	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		13	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		14	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		15	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		16	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		17	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		18	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		19	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		20	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		21	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		22	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		23	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		24	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		25	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		26	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		27	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		28	10	.40
H. P. Halvorson		29	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		30	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		31	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		32	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		33	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		34	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		35	10	.30
H. P. Halvorson		36	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		37	10	.58
H. P. Halvorson		38	10	.58
John O. [illegible]		39	14	2.08
John D. Aas		40	14	.50
Martin [illegible]		41	14	.58
[illegible]	Lots 5 and	6	14	1.15
[illegible]		7	14	.58
Martin A. Miller	Lots 9, 10, 11 and	12	14	1.91
Martin A. Miller		17	14	.58
[illegible] P. Nyberg	Lots 29, [illegible]	32	14	1.91
[illegible] Hoskins	Lots 45, [illegible]	[illegible]	14	1.91
[illegible] D. Aas		12	16	.58
John D. Aas		13	16	2.07
John D. Aas		14	16	.68
John D. Aas		15	16	.58
Peter M. Herpe		1	19	1.62
Peter M. Herpe		2	19	1.34
Peter M. Herpe		3	19	1.34
[illegible] Knox		25	19	14.12
[illegible] Knox		26	19	1.91
[illegible]		18	19	.97
[illegible]		19	19	.97
[illegible]	That part of [illegible] lying between Red Lake Rapids and Red Lake River and [illegible] and [illegible] Avenue North [illegible]			.58
[illegible]	A strip of [illegible] lying West of [illegible]			.58
[illegible] J. Morrissey		21	25	16.03
[illegible] J. Morrissey		22	25	4.07
[illegible] Day		43	25	17.59
[illegible] Day		44	25	2.03
[illegible] J. McCrum		1	26	20.67
[illegible] J. McCrum		2	26	2.73
[illegible] J. McCrum		3	26	[illegible]
[illegible] J. McCrum		4	26	3.26
[illegible] Lang		1	27	2.39
[illegible] Lang		2	27	11.56
[illegible] Lang		3	27	2.39
[illegible] Lang		4	27	2.39
[illegible] Johnson		21	28	.56
[illegible] Johnson		22	28	.56
Nels M. Johnson		25	28	1.62
Nels M. Johnson		26	28	8.56
Nels M. Johnson		27	28	1.36
Nels M. Johnson		15	29	1.11
[illegible] & McGrath		16	29	.82
[illegible] & McGrath		17	29	.82
[illegible] & McGrath		18	29	.82
[illegible] & McGrath		21	29	.82
John D. Aas		22	29	.82
John D. Aas		25	29	.82
[illegible]		5	30	.82
[illegible] Lang		15	30	1.11
[illegible] Tindolph		16	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		17	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		18	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		19	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		20	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		21	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		22	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		23	30	.82
[illegible] Tindolph		24	30	1.11
[illegible] & McGrath		38	30	1.11
[illegible] & McGrath		39	30	.82
[illegible] & McGrath		40	30	.82
[illegible] & McGrath		41	30	.82
Andrew Stenseth		1	32	.58
Andrew Stenseth		2	32	.58
[illegible]		8	32	.29
[illegible]		9	32	.29
[illegible]		10	32	.29
[illegible]		11	32	.41
Mrs. Lena Nelson		31	32	.58
Mrs. Lena Nelson		32	32	.55
Mrs. Lena Nelson		33	32	.58
Mrs. Lena Nelson		34	32	.82
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		1	33	.82
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		2	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		3	33	.55
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		7	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		8	33	.55
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		9	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		10	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		11	33	.82
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		15	33	.82
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		16	33	10.15
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		17	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		18	33	.55
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		19	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		20	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		21	33	.55
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		22	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		23	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		24	33	.82
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		25	33	.82
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		26	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		27	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		28	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		29	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		30	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		31	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		32	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		33	33	.58
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.		34	33	.82
[illegible] & Rollag		38	33	2.21
[illegible] & Rollag		39	33	.68
[illegible] & Rollag		40	33	.58
Bertha Lundell		23	34	.55
Bertha Lundell		24	34	2.49
[illegible] Schultz		31	34	.58
[illegible] Schultz		32	34	.58
[illegible] Schultz		33	34	.58
[illegible] Schultz		34	34	.82
[illegible] M. Evenson		38	34	.42
[illegible] M. Evenson		39	34	.29
[illegible] Will for years 1907 and 1908		40	34	1.46
[illegible] Will for years 1907 and 1908		41	34	1.46

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Lonely's 1st Addition to Red Lake Rapids

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible] Krumm, (exc. [illegible] of W. [illegible]		7	1	5.37

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible]		2	4	.68
[illegible] Lambert Keely		23	6	1.08
[illegible] Lambert Keely		24	6	5.40
[illegible] Day		14	8	7.52
[illegible] Day		15	8	2.73
Henrietta Kramm		23	8	3.26
Henrietta Kramm		24	8	3.26
Henrietta Kramm		25	8	3.26
Clarence J. Hoskins		26	8	3.26
Clarence J. Hoskins		27	8	3.26
Clarence J. Hoskins		28	8	3.26
Clarence J. Hoskins		29	8	3.26
Albert Whitman		2	9	3.26
Albert Whitman		4	9	3.26
Madeline Gland		11	9	3.26
Madeline Gland		12	9	17.61
Madeline Gland		13	9	3.26
George Okeson		14	9	6.18

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
(Continued)
Knox's Addition to Red Lake Ralpda
(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
George Okeson		15	9	1.62
George Okeson		16	9	1.63
Andrew C. Bratton		25	23	.88
Andrew C. Bratton		28	23	.88
Carrie Gilbertson		8	24	9.73
Carrie Gilbertson		9	24	.88
Joseph Vatava		21	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		22	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		23	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		24	24	10.97
Joseph Vatava		25	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		26	24	1.68
Emil Jesten		3	26	1.62
Emil Jesten		4	26	1.62
Karen Wold		10	26	.81
Karen Wold		11	26	3.81
Jens O. Sandberg		25	26	4.42
Jens O. Sandberg		26	26	.96
Lena Jennings		21	27	.96
Lena Jennings		22	27	3.35

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Meehan's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
R. O. Boe		2	2	4.07
R. O. Boe		3	2	4.07
R. O. Boe		4	2	4.07
Ole O. Hagen		6	6	12.55
Ole P. Saxberg		6	6	14.32

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
P. Meehan's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
C. M. Evenson		1	3	18.00
C. M. Evenson		2	4	14.96
M. V. Evenson		1	5	12.11
P. Meehan		4	5	12.63
William Warner		5	5	17.81
William Warner		6	5	10.78

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Highland Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Andrew O. Wiste		2	3	20.81
A. H. Akre		4	5	3.78
Inger O. Karvand		5	5	7.56
Howe Paige		1	6	4.07
Howe Paige		2	6	4.07
Howe Paige		3	6	4.07
Howe Paige		5	6	8.85
Gilbert Backe		3	8	20.06
Elling Melby		6	8	5.74
John Torrison		1	9	20.35
John Sorenson	25 feet S. of N. 25 feet of	3	9	2.73

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
River Side Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Theophile DeLaurier		1	1	15.23
Theophile DeLaurier		2	1	2.73
James Meehan, Jr.		C	11	2.73
James Meehan, Jr.		D	11	2.73

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Oakland Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Fred V. Akers		1	9	2.73
Fred V. Akers		2	9	6.32
Fred V. Akers		3	9	2.73

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Zeh's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Julia Medderigle		2	1	6.32
Emil E. Zeh		3	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		4	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		5	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		6	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		7	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		8	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		7	2	.68
Emil E. Zeh		8	2	.68
Emil E. Zeh		1	3	1.11
Emil E. Zeh		2	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		3	3	6.41
Emil E. Zeh		6	3	4.65
Emil E. Zeh		7	3	12.94
Emil E. Zeh		12	3	7.52
Emil E. Zeh		13	3	2.73
Emil E. Zeh		14	2	2.73
Emil E. Zeh		15	2	2.16
Emil E. Zeh		16	3	1.62
Emil E. Zeh		17	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		18	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		19	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		5	4	.58
Emil E. Zeh		6	4	.58
Emil E. Zeh		7	4	.58
Emil E. Zeh		8	4	2.30
Emil E. Zeh		2	5	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		3	5	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		4	5	5.11

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RED LAKE, SS.

A. A. Latendresse, being by me first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the County Auditor of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, that he has examined the foregoing list and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is a correct list of taxes delinquent for the years therein appearing upon real estate in said County.

(Seal.)

A. A. Latendresse

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of February, A. D. 1910.

(Seal.) S. L. LEWIS,
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My Commission expires September 17th, 1913.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RED LAKE, SS.

I, A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the foregoing copy of the list of real estate taxes in said County remaining delinquent on the 3rd day of January, 1910, was this day received from the Clerk of the District Court in and for said County and State.

Witness my hand and official seal this 5th day of February, A. D. 1910.

(Seal.)

A. A. Latendresse

County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Not Fit to Be Minister.

When the announcement was made that a certain distinguished citizen had been appointed to join the nation's diplomatic forces and assume an important foreign portfolio, the matter was naturally discussed with a great deal of interest among his acquaintances.

One day the subject came up in a company among which was one old fellow who had known the appointee for upward of forty years.

"What do you say he has been appointed to?" the old fellow asked. "Why," answered one, "he has been appointed to be minister in one of the largest cities of Europe."

"Well, that's the most ridiculous thing I ever heard of," snorted the friend of the new diplomatist. "He's a nice feller, all right, but he ain't fit to be minister nowhere. Why, durn it, he don't even know the Lord's prayer."

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book 11 of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), north, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 598, and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage, elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 15th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 26th day of March A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f10-m24

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 23d A. D. 1905, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1905 at [illegible] o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages 566 to 568 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-Four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and nine certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910 duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 599, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof, Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 26th day of March A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F10M24

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of sixty dollars which became due September 29th 1909, all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by M. O. Sortedahl and Hilda Sortedahl, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche Hypotheekbank, (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank, of Uithuizen, the Netherlands) mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of September, 1905, at 4 o'clock P. M. in Book 12 of Mortgages, on page 15.

And whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default, the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand seventy eight and 55-100ths dollars ($1078.55) and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section twenty eight (28), in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1078.55 and interest, and taxes if any on said premises, and fifty dollars ($50.00), attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 12, 1910, A. D.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK.
(The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank)
Mortgagee.

Chas E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Red Lake Falls, Minn j13-f17

Citation For Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Edward Maloney.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Edward Maloney, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Charles Brislin, Mike Maloney, Patrick Burk, Jr., John Manley and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of John Manley being duly filed in this court, representing that Edward Maloney, then a resident of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, died on the 30th day of January, 1910 leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to John Manley.

NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, S. A. Swanson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 8th day of February, 1910.

(Court Seal) S. A. Swanson, Judge.

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner f10-f24

Think This Over.

"What can you see in that fellow?"

"Oh, I like him."

"He's neither witty, wealth nor wise."

"No; but he never has any troubles to tell me."

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven and 60-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter J. Huseby and Lena Huseby, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche-Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank), of Uithuizen, The Netherlands, Mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1900, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of October, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book "Q" of Mortgages, on page 375; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twenty-seven (27), in township one hundred fifty one (151) north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 29th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $327.60 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910.

DE-NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEK-BANK
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Six hundred fifty-nine and 95-100ths dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to First State Bank, of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of December 1905, at 10 o'clock A. M., in Book 34 of Mortgages, on page 120.

Which said Mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said First State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, by written assignment dated the 6th day of January 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 17th day of August, 1908, at 9:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 549.

Which said Mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, the Assignee and Holder thereof, to O. S. Hanson by written assignment dated the 5th day of January, 1910, and recorded on the 20th day of January 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 6, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter (SW¼) of section Twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two (152) North, Range Forty-three (43), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 12th day of March 1910, at one o'clock p. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Hundred Fifty-nine and 95-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 26th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Fifteen Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of March, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of March, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 225.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to O. S. Hanson, by written assignment dated the 5th day of January, 1910, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds on the 20th day of January, 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 7.

And Whereas the said O. S. Hanson, the Assignee, Mortgagee and Holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seventy-five Dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, from the 23rd day of March, 1909, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter of Section Number Twenty-two in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two North of Range Forty-three, West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seventy-five dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 25th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

The Rule of Three.

A man who had been timidly thinking about matrimony for several years and who had finally goaded himself to the point of becoming engaged took his seat at his desk in a rather thoughtful mood the other morning. Finally he turned to the man at the next desk and said:

"I say, old man, can you tell me what is meant by the rule of three? My girl asked me about it last night. Never heard of it before."

"Well," said the man at the next desk, who was adorned with a frayed collar and an incipient bald spot on his head, "if you can wait till you're married and live with your wife, her ancient maiden sister and their mother you will know the rule of three all right."

The Dean's Grace.

A famous dean was once at dinner when, just as the cloth was removed, the subject of discourse happened to be that of extraordinary mortality among lawyers. "We have lost," said a gentleman, "not fewer than six eminent barristers in as many months." The dean, who was quite deaf, rose as his friend finished his remarks and gave the company grace. "For this and every other mercy make us truly thankful."

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Left Out In the Heat.

There was once a man who never attended church, thinking that his wife's regular attendance made up for his own omission. Well, the man died and duly appeared before St. Peter at the gate of paradise.

"Who are you?" the saint asked curtly.

"Why, St. Peter, I am John S. Nicholson of Chicago. I thought, of course, you knew me."

"No; I don't know you," said the saint.

"But, St. Peter, I am Mrs. Nicholson's husband—the charitable Mrs. Nicholson, don't you know, who went regularly to church and was so kind to the poor."

"Why didn't you do like her?" said the saint.

"Well, St. Peter, I was always so worn out from business on Sunday that I had to play golf to avoid getting neuritis, and, anyhow, I understood that if Mrs. Nicholson went to church regularly it would do for both of us."

"Your wife," said the saint, "was a true, faithful Christian. She came to these gates four years ago, and she went in—for both of you."

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Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events In Which Readers Generally Are Interested.

Foreign

The new press bill designed to suppress dissemination of anarchistic literature in India, and which was foreshadowed in the speech with which Lord Minto opened the imperial council, was introduced at a recent session of the council by Sir Herbert Hope Risley, secretary of the home department, British government of India. The measure does not create a censorship, but provides for the control of all newspapers and job presses.

Private correspondence now in the possession of the government relates that former President Cipriano Castro has left Malaga, Spain, for Teneriffe, Canary islands, en route to Central America. He aims to be in a position to provoke a revolution against President Gomez when the Venezuelan congress meets in April to elect a constitutional president of the republic.

The German government has issued a decree which in effect permits American apples packed in barrels, in the head of which excelsior or paper is placed to prevent damage in shipping to enter that country without the payment of the tariff rate provided.

After various conferences with the political leaders, the king of Greece has consented to the convocation of the national assembly and has charged the dragoumis with the formation of a cabinet.

A Heidelburg (Germany) dispatch says inquiries in various directions failed to elicit confirmation of the report that Dr. F. A. Cook had been staying at a sanitarium there.

Chicago gave generous help to Paris on the occasion of the recent disastrous floods.

General.

The death of Representative Lovering of Massachusetts was due to pneumonia.

F. A. Ruhders, president of the People's State bank of Lakota, N. D., which was recently closed by the state bank examiner, was arrested on a charge of forgery. He was released on $7,500 bond.

First Lieut. Burton J. Mitchell, Twelfth infantry, aide d'camp on the staff of Brig. General Frederick Funston, forwarded his resignation from the army to President Taft.

At Reno, Nev., suit for divorce on the ground of desertion was filed by James Gayley, second vice president of the United States steel corporation. The charge is desertion.

Secretary MacVeagh has announced the members of the board of ten experts whose duty it is to establish a standard of purity governing the importations of that article of merchandise during the calendar year 1910.

An honest policeman on his rounds through a dark alley in a West Virginia town stumbled over the half-conscious form of a man with $3,000 in real money in his pocket. The officer took $50 of it, but only after protest, as a reward.

Joseph A. Graham, a widely known editor and author, died at his home in Salisbury, Md. He was widely known in the west.

President Taft prevailed upon John Embry to withdraw his resignation as United States attorney for Oklahoma and to remain in the office.

President Taft cabled to Emperor William of Germany a birthday greeting.

National Committeeman Taggart of Indianapolis, Ind., who was accidentally shot by W. H. Morton, while hunting, will lose the sight of the right eye.

Tests of the methods of paper-making are provided for by an appropriation made by the house.

The Indianapolis Sun has been sold to Rudolph Leeds of Richmond, Ind., son of the late W. B. Leeds.

More than half of the merchandise imported under the new tariff law enters the United States free of duty.

The education interests of Alaska will soon be in the hands of W. T. Lopp, who has been selected by the commissioner of education as chief of the Alaskan division.

Foodstuff exports last year fell off heavily as compared with the previous year.

General Paulino Goloy has been appointed inspector general of the Nicaraguan army.

Little headway has been made in the two months congress has been in session toward the enactment of important legislation demanded by President Taft.

Only twenty six seats are left to be contested for in the British elections.

Ex-Governor Mickey of Nebraska has suffered a relapse and is again very low.

Operators and miners at Toledo are hopeful of reaching a peaceful understanding as to a wage scale.

The house ways and means committee will begin an investigation of the high cost of living.

Ex-President Zelaya says he was tricked by the United States.

During the months of July, August and September, 1909, the total number of persons killed on the railroads of the country was 852 and the injured 1,921.

D. E. Thompson declared he had no connection with the suspended bank at Mexico City.

General Manderson of Omaha says the United States is lagging in its merchant marine.

Nomination of Howells for United States district attorney for Nebraska was confirmed without opposition.

Thirty-five men are believed to have been killed by a mine explosion near Drakesboro, Ky.

Vice-President Sherman is urging the re-election of Senator Smooth of West Virginia.

Edward Payson Weston left Pasadena, Cal., on a walk across the continent which he expects to complete within ninety days. He will follow the route of the Santa Fe railroad to Chicago.

Some one says, pay less for amusements, less for fun, and then there'll be more for the slaughter house magnets.

Senator Carter argued in favor of his postal savings bank bill.

America is having a touch of the old world land question to which we have hitherto been immune, and do not yet recognize the complaint.

In a pistol duel at Edgewood, Ky., Deputy Sheriff Gordon Givens and Benjamin Gatliff, a miner, were each mortally wounded.

Denial is made in the report of the immigration commission of any great overcrowding in the cities.

General John T. Wilder, who became famous as the head of Wilder's brigade during the civil war, celebrated his eightieth birthday.

Special dispatches from Seoul report a serious uprising of insurgents at South Phongan, Korea. Twenty Japanese settlers are said to have been murdered.

At Pittsburg a dozen foreigners, save one, entered a meat boycott agreement. The twelfth choked to death on his beefsteak.

The senate and house may conduct rival investigations on the high cost of living.

A bill which would do away with the employers' liability law attracts attention in the house.

The bill providing for federal charters for corporations will be introduced in congress.

It has not yet been proved that the high cost of living is a result of cold storage.

Niagara Falls was selected by a young woman of Buffalo as a fit place to end her life.

Newton W. Gilbert of Indiana was nominated by President Taft as vice-governor of the Philippines.

Washington.

On the basis of an equal distribution of the money in circulation in the United States on February 1 a person would have 18 cents less than he or she had a year ago. The circulation per capita on February 1 was $31.82; a year ago it was $35.

In order to meet expeditiously the needs of the Indian in the handling of the individual account which the government holds in trust for him, the bureau of Indian affairs, in revising its regulations, will incorporate a provision enabling superintendents of Indian schools and reservations to give to the Indians from their individual funds, without reference to Washington, amounts not exceeding a specified sum, which will probably be placed at $100, in any one month for the purpose of meeting their actual needs.

In a spirited attack on the postal savings bank bill, Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas told the senate that it was a measure in the interest of the national banks, "the high-collared roosters, the money sharks, and money grabbers of Wall street."

An increase in round numbers, in customs receipts of $33,000,000 and in internal revenue of $10,000,000, but a deficit in the ordinary receipts of the government of $25,000,000, against $64,000,000, show the results of the first seven months' operations of the treasury for the fiscal year 1910, as compared with the corresponding period of 1909.

The house passed the agricultural appropriation bill, carrying nearly $13,000,000, a net increase of $400,000 over last year. This increase was chiefly for the forest service, made necessary by the addition to the national forests of 26,528,439 acres.

Personal.

The Mississippi legislative caucus came within ten votes of selecting a successor to the late Senator McLaurin.

The president will not insist on early action by congress on the federal incorporation bill.

Seven men in a motor car were blown to atoms by an explosion of dynamite near Phoenix, Ariz.

Wade H. Ellis has resigned as assistant of the attorney general to manage the Ohio republican campaign.

Pittsburg, Kas., officers made a vain search for the bunch of train robbers who held up passengers.

William J. Bryan, accompanied by his wife and daughter, arrived at La Paz, Bolivia. All of them are enjoying good health.

A delicate situation attended the visit of Former Vice-President Fairbanks to Rome.

The conversion of Samuel L. Shank, mayor of Indianapolis, to the model license doctrine from his theories of high license is announced.

The cross-examination of Binger Hermann, on trial for alleged conspiracy to defraud the government of public land, was concluded at Portland, Oregon, after lasting three days.

Congress adjourned promptly on learning the death of Representative Lovering of Massachusetts.

James A. Cook, the American conductor, is to be sentenced to twenty years in a Mexican prison.

Ballinger, Schwartz and Dennett are to be represented by counsel at the interior department inquiry.

Representative Dwight of New York says congress has made an excellent record thus far this session.

The Irish-Americans of Chicago want President Taft to attend a banquet to be given at that city by the Fellowship club on St. Patrick's day.

The senate committee on irrigation will report a bill providing for a $30,000,000 bond issue to complete irrigation projects.

Representative Fowler introduced resolutions providing reorganization of the rules committee.

Approximately 769,167 acres of land were designated by Secretary Ballinger of the interior department, as open under the enlarged homestead act.

Senator Conger's exposing New York's state politics scandal is likely to win victory for direct primary system.

THE LATE SIDNEY M. OWEN

SIDNEY M. OWEN

FAMOUS FARMER, EDITOR AND POLITICAL LEADER GOES QUIETLY TO REST.

DEATH DUE TO MALARIA

Arduous Campaign For the Governorship On the Populist In 1894 Weakened Him.

Minneapolis.—Sidney M. Owen, soldier, editor, politician and good citizen is dead after an illness of some weeks.

About a year ago Mr. Owen contracted malaria while on a pleasure trip in Florida, and he had never fully recovered. A weakness of the heart developed. It was aggravated by a severe cough which caused him gradually to grow weaker.

Mr. Owen is believed by many to have been the victim of the strenuous campaign he waged in 1894, when he unsuccessfully championed the People's party of the state against the Republican and Democratic forces for the governorship. The earnest fight he waged left him exhausted and weakened.

Sidney M. Owen was born in Ohio, August 11, 1838, and he received the common school education of that time and completed his studies at Oberlin university. In 1860 he married Helen A. Feagler, who survives him. He served as first lieutenant in the Fifty-fifth Ohio regiment during the civil war.

In 1885, the year after his brother, Horatio R. Owen, founded the Farm Stock and Home, he came to Minneapolis and assumed editorial charge of the publication.

His editorial policy and convictions were such that it gave him the support of the insurgents of that time as typified in the Farmers' Alliance and forced him unwillingly into the state campaign in 1890. He took the field as their candidate for governor, but without a party organization to back him and lacking newspaper support, he was not successful. However, he made an excellent run, polling more than 58,000 votes and made a name for himself as a political leader.

In 1894 he again appeared as candidate for governor on the Populist ticket. The Democratic party stood ready to nominate him and to make the campaign on the basis of fusion. Mr. Owen declined the indorsement of the democracy, though he might have been elected.

Mr. Owen will best be remembered for his connection with the development of agricultural education in Minnesota. He worked to prevent the separation of the farm school from the university, thereby alienating his friends of the Farmers' Alliance, as that organization strenuously backed the separation program.

Through the columns of the Farm, Stock and Home, and by means of personal work, he has been able to secure large appropriations from the legislature for the upbuilding of the agricultural college. He was appointed regent in 1893 to fill out an unexpired term and was reappointed for a full term in 1895, serving until 1901, when he was retired.

Arbogast Estate Not $20,000.

St. Paul. — The report of the appraisers of the estate of the late Louis Arbogast, who was murdered in his home, St. Paul, May 13, 1909, has been filed with Judge Bazille in the probate court, showing that nearly all the real property is in the name of Mrs. Arbogast. The total valuation of the remaining property, including bonds, mortgages, the homestead where the family lives on West Seventh street, and the merchandise and equipment of the meat market, is less than $20,000.

Mill City Flour Trade Grows.

Minneapolis. — The annual report of the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce for the calendar year 1909 is out. It shows that the flour mills produced 14,867,245 barrels and exported 1,645,970 barrels compared with a production of 13,694,845 and exports of 2,121,265 in 1909. For the crop year, including four months of 1908 and eight months including August, 1909, the wheat receipts were 84,562,290 bushels. The report shows a prosperous condition of the local grain trade.

BOND ACT UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Plans For Network of Highways In Hennepin County Are Blasted.

Minneapolis. — Hennepin county's $1,000,000 bond project for good roads, provided by the last legislature, has been declared illegal.

In the decision handed down by the supreme court, the decision of Judge H. D. Dickinson given in the lower court is reversed and the proposed bond issue declared unconstitutional.

The decision is a keen disappointment to residents of Minneapolis and of Hennepin county. The rosy plans that had been formed to spread over Hennepin county a network of good roads which would be of economic value to its citizens, an attraction to tourists and a pleasure for users of automobiles and any other vehicles, have been swept away.

Lawyers Thougt It Good.

The decision which wipes out the good roads plan of Hennepin county was written by Judge Brown. The case is entitled Horace Lowry, appellant, vs. Hugh R. Scott, county auditor of Hennepin county. It was a friendly suit arranged to test the law.

The law authorizing the issuance of the bonds was passed by the assembly of last winter. It authorized bonds in the sum of $1,000,000, for good roads purposes in counties of more than 275,000 inhabitants.

The decision was based on the fact that the act specified counties of 275,000 and over, such classification having no relation to the subject matter.

TAMING SEN. CLAPP FOR TAFT.

This Is the Job Laid Out For the Duluth Collector.

Washington, D. C.—To induce Senator Clapp to line up with the Taft administration, Lee M. Willcutts, collector of customs at Duluth, is in Washington. He, in company with Senator Nelson, called at the White House and went over the situation in congress with the president.

Willcutts, on account of his close relations with Senator Clapp, it is thought, can do more to make him a "good Republican," than any man in the state. It is thought he can convince the senator that his party's good requires his support of the administration measures now pending before congress, and to realize that the "tariff war" is over for the present. What will be asked of the senator is that he give the Payne bill a trial before he attacks it again.

ABUSE OF INSANE CHARGED.

State Board of Control To Investigate.

St. Paul.—Serious charges of abuse of insane patients at the Rochester state asylum have been laid before the state board of control, in a report just taken up by the board.

Most of the acts complained of are said to be several months old, but some are recent. Information first came to the state board of visitors, which sent Secretary James C. Matchitt to Rochester to investigate. He took evidence from nurses and employes and made a report, which was transmitted by the board of visitors to Governor A. O. Eberhart. It was referred by him to the board of control. The members of the board returned from a meeting at Red Wing, and at once took up the report.

PEONAGE FOUND TO EXIST.

State Labor Bureau Getting Results in Northern Minnesota.

St. Paul. — "We are getting some real live information in the peonage charges in Northern Minnesota," said W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner. "Of course, the information is far from finished," he continued, "but we are finding things of vital importance every day. We now have two inspectors in the field and some interesting statements will be out soon."

BIG FIRE AT SPOONER, MINN.

Hotel, Saloon and General Store Destroyed by Flames.

Rainy River, Ontario. — A disastrous fire broke out in the village of Spooner, Minn., and as a result the Spooner hotel, Kyler & Young's saloon and Egan's general store are a total loss, and but for the timely arrival of a fire-fighting apparatus from Beaudette, many more buildings would have been added to the list.

Egan's loss is $15,000, with $7,000 insurance.

N. Y. JURY ACTIVE

AUTHORITIES EXPECT TO SECURE INDICTMENTS AGAINST MEAT TRUST.

COURT ISSUES DICTUM

Agitation in New York Against High Prices Simmers Down and Crusades Have Nearly Been Abandoned

New York, Feb. 10.—Spurred on by Judge Swayo's charge that a combination to store foodstuffs for the purpose of advancing the price is an overt act, the Hudson county grand jury today continued its investigation of the big cold storage warehouses of Jersey City.

In view of the court's dictum that any combination to raise prices is a conspiracy, Prosecutor Garvin counts on securing indictments that he believes will check the alleged cold storage system whereby the high prices are maintained in season and out.

Agitation in New York City against high meat prices has simmered down until the only remedial measure now in view, locally, is the cold storage regulation ordinance before the board of aldermen. No action on this measure is probable for a week at least.

Meat prices at lent's beginning remain about stationary, but butter and eggs are showing a disposition to decline. This is believed to be due to the seasonable reason and not to the agitation for prices, which seems to have been considered ineffective in the form it had taken during the past few weeks and to have largely been abandoned.

CARNIVAL OF CRIME.

Many Robbers Committed While Police Department Is Probed.

St. Louis, Feb. 10.—While the police department has been busy for the last three weeks investigating itself, because of a shortage of between $17,000 and $25,000 in the relief association funds, criminals have been having a merry time. For twenty-one days ending last night 728 robberies have been entered on the police records. Included in the list of crimes of this period are 148 burglaries, 485 robberies by sneak thieves and twenty-three highway robberies.

An examination of the books of the relief fund is not yet complete, the discovery of several promissory notes for large amounts and signed with the names of men high in the department, has placed these men on the defensive. They declare the figures are forgeries. John Healy, secretary of the relief fund, is under $10,000 bonds to answer Feb. 23 any charge that may be made against him.

HOODOO STILL ACTIVE.

Big Steam Pump Burst in Cherry Mine.

Cherry, Ill., Feb. 10.—A new terror was furnished today to the men who are trying to clear the St. Paul mine, and remove the dead. Just as the big pump was about to be started to eject foul seepage water from the 500-foot level, a four-inch steam pipe burst, throwing a great volume of scalding steam into a 350-foot vein.

The men are working under a nervous tension because of the constant possibility of accidents and by reason of the memory of the fire that killed nearly 300 companions.

The roar of the steam as it hissed from the fractured pipe filled the apprehensive laborers with fear, and drove them from their work for a few minutes. No one was hurt, but the pumping will be delayed several hours.

Denies Alaskan Fraud.

Nome, Alaska, Feb. 10.—B. C. Riblet was examined today by J. M. Sheridan and W. J. Magee of the American department of the interior in connection with the charge that certain persons had taken up patents to coal lands in Alaska with the intention of disposing of the rights to others. Riblet denied that he had committed a statutory fraud. The proceedings were before American Consul Chapman Coleman. E. C. Hughes of Seattle, Wash., was present as attorney for the coal claimants.

Drops Tooth in Lung.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 10.—R. W. Pell secured a judgment for $3,000 yesterday against Dr. A. A. Shaw, a dentist, on the allegation that the dentist in extracting three teeth, had let one of the molars slip down into his lung. For two years thereafter, according to the complaint, Pell was treated for tuberculosis, but the real cause of his shattered health was finally revealed when a paroxysm of coughing ejected the tooth from the lung.

Sugar Trust Man Sentenced.

New York, Feb. 10.—Oliver Spitzer, former dock superintendent of the American Sugar Refining Co.'s plant at Williamsburg, was today sentenced to two years in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., for his part in the recent extensive sugar underweighing frauds. Spitzer's application for admission to bail pending appeal was denied and arrangements were made to take him to Atlanta to begin serving his time.

Celebrate Chinese New Year.

San Francisco, Feb. 10.—With punk sticks smoldering before many josses, fire crackers popping incessantly in the gaily bedecked and brilliantly lighted streets, and spending more money than in many a season, Chinatown is celebrating what promises to be an unusually prosperous New Year. According to the manager of the Canton bank, $60,000 has been changed into quarters by well-to-do Chinese for the poorer cousins and servants.

Mayor McCarthy's recent proclamation deciding that the Chinese may follow their legitimate gambling games has added a joyful spirit.

British Steamer Wrecked.

Seattle, Feb. 9.—Word has been received by the Merchants' Exchange that the British steamer Cyclops, of the Blue Funnel line, operating between Liverpool and Puget Sound ports via the orient was wrecked near Jeddah, a port on the Red sea.

Clerk of Court Suicides.

Devils Lake, N. D., Feb. 9.—Thomas Thorson, clerk of court, and a well known and respected citizen of Devils Lake, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, presumably in a fit of sudden insanity, caused by ill health.

GOV. HASKELL ON TRIAL

IMPEACHMENT CASE AGAINST OKLAHOMA OFFICIALS

Governor Is Charged With Using State's Coin—Legislature Is Hearing Charges

Guthrie, Okla., Feb. 9.—Gov. Charles H. Haskell will testify in his own defense today before the legislative investigation commission that met this morning to consider the charges contained in the resolution introduced in the legislature recently that the governor and other state officers are responsible for the alleged irregularities in the expenditure of public funds.

Governor Haskell is conducting his own defense. He is charged with using public funds to pay persons who were employed to attend to his personal business. All such alleged employes were summoned to appear before the investigation commission. W. T. Hutchins of Muskogee was the first witness called.

MURDERER CONFESSES.

Frank Miki Receives Thirty Year Sentence.

Grafton, N. D., Feb. 9.—Following his conviction by a jury at Grafton last night on the charge of murdering his wife and babe on Christmas day, 1909, Frank Miki today made a complete confession of his crime to the local authorities.

Miki states that a quarrel between his wife and himself over the parentage of their child culminated in the horrible tragedy. The convicted uxoricide claimed that the child was not his while his wife strenuously denied the charge. Becoming enraged over his wife's continued denials, Miki says he grabbed the little baby and strangled it to death. When his wife threatened to have him arrested he attacked her and ended her life in a similar manner.

The jury, which last night convicted Miki, placed his sentence at thirty years in the state penitentiary, but the authorities here now state that he will be given a new trial and it is possible he may be required to pay the penalty for his terrible deed on the gallows.

DOCTOR GAVE SWOPE POISON.

So Say Coroner's Jury in Kansas City Case.

Kansas City, Feb. 9. — "Colonel Swope came to his death by reason of strychnine administered in capsuls by Dr. B. C. Hyde, but whether by felonious intent or not we, the jury, are unable to say."

This verdict was rendered at 1 o'clock this afternoon by the coroner's jury at Independence, after being out one hour. The Swope inquest ended this afternoon. At that time the sensational inquiry into the cause that led to the death of Col. Thos. H. Swope, the millionaire philanthropist, went into the hands of the six jurors, who retired immediately.

Dr. B. C. Hyde, who was the physician to Colonel Swope on the day the latter died, and who prescribed the digestive capsuls, which preceded death only a short while, refused to testify before the coroner's jury, and refused even to be sworn. As a result, more excitement was crowded into the proceedings than had been experienced in two days of the testimony.

Denies Thaw's Motion.

Nyack, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Harry K. Thaw's latest application for his discharge from the Mattewan state hospital for the criminal insane was denied by Justice A. S. Tompkins, in a decision rendered today. At the same time the justice appointed William Vanainca of Orange county as a referee to take evidence on Thaw' application for a transfer from the Mattewan asylum to some other institution.

The referee is instructed to hold hearings in Mattewan and submit the evidence to Justice Tompkins together with an opinion as to whether Thaw is being properly treated.

Seine Again Rising.

Paris, Feb. 9.—The river Seine had risen nine inches during the twenty-four hours ending at noon today, owing to yesterday's rain and melting snow. The hydrographic department predicts a continued rise until Friday, when the stream will reach the height of more than twenty- two feet at Point Royal and equal the flood level of 1882.

Although confident that there is no danger of a repetition of the recent disaster the authorities are taking thorough precautions.

Choose Lands May 2.

Washington, Feb. 9.—Because of the severe winter in South Dakota and the northwestern section of the country, President Taft, at the suggestion of Senator Gamble and others, has extended the time for entry to the Cheyenne River and Standing Rock lands from April to May. This is to give the entrymen an opportunity to examine the lands which they have not been able to do.

Survey Is Assured.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The rivers and harbors appropriation bill, carrying a $40,000,000 appropriation, was favorably reported to the house today. The measure includes $10,000 for a survey of the Red river and its main tributaries.

Abdul Hamid Attempts Suicide.

Paris, Feb. 9.—A special to The Martin, from Vienna, says that Abdul Hamid, former Sultan of Turkey, was recently seized with a frenzy and attempted to strangle himself with a silk handkerchief. He was prevented by a servant, and was subsequently placed in a straight jacket.

Wreck on Rock Island Road.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 9.—Conductor Richard Reach of St. Louis was killed and three persons injured today by Rock Island train No. 28, from Kansas City, leaving the track. The wreck occurred at Union, Mo., sixty miles west

Workmen Killed by Explosion.

Bay City, Mich., Feb. 10.—While a score of workmen were warming themselves today in the boiler room of Princing's saw mill at Crump, waiting for the whistle to start the day's work, the boiler exploded, killing six men outright and injuring all the others. The mill was wrecked.

To Fight Beef Trust.

Winnipeg, Feb. 10.—The Manitoba legislature opened this afternoon. The government announced a policy to establish government owned abattoirs to off-set the high prices and monopoly created by the meat trust.

COMPROMISE BILL

REPUBLICAN SENATORS AGREE TO INVESTIGATE HIGH PRICES.

INCLUDES ALL MEASURES

Special Committee of Seven From Senate Will Probe High Cost of Living if Substitute Bill Carries.

Washington, Feb. 8.—By harmonizing several resolutions introduced in the senate directing an investigation into the cost of living, the republican leaders in a conference today perfected a resolution on that subject which was later presented to the senate by Mr. McCumber of North Dakota.

The substitute was referred to the committee on contingent expenses, which will consider the question of the cost of conducting such an inquiry.

The resolution bears the name of Senator Elkins as author and embodies the principal features of McCumber's resolution as well as some of those contained in one introduced by Mr. Lodge. The inquiry is to be conducted by a select committee of seven senators. It is planned to assemble all of the information possible at the present session of congress.

SLAIN FOR MONEY.

Such Is Belief in New York's Latest Murder Case.

New York, Feb. 8.—Avarice is believed by the police to have been the motive for the murder of the woman whose dead body was found buried in an excavation under the floor of an apartment house in West Twenty-fourth street yesterday.

Search for the woman's husband, Peter Johannsen, was continued today under added stimulation because in the rooms he is believed to have occupied since the crime, letters were found indicating that Mrs. Johannesen recently came into the possession of $2,500 from a railroad company for the death of her former husband, August Peterson.

Johannesen was janitor of the house where the body was hidden. The family furniture was moved last week and the pair were supposed to have gone to New Jersey. Instead Johannesen had sent the furniture uptown and the body of Sofia, his wife, was dug up yesterday in the vacated apartments.

Whether the woman was strangled or whether the wounds in the temple caused death is expected to be determined by an autopsy set for today. When she was last seen alive on Wednesday she is said to have displayed a large roll of bills.

STOCKWELL LOSES CASE

Must Pay to the State $6,000 in Fees Held by Him.

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 7.—Judge C. F. Templeton handed down a decision this morning for the plaintiff in the case of the state vs. W. L. Stockwell, state superintendent of public instruction, in which the state brought suit to recover about $6,000, which covered the amount of fees the defendent had appropriated as part of his salary. Through Attorney General Miller the state brought suit against Stockwell, claiming that a state officer had no right to use the fees that came into his office as part of salary.

Judge Templeton held that section 84 of the North Dakota state constitution was self executing. After fixing the salaries of the various state offials, the section says:

"But the salaries of any of the said officers shall not be increased or diminished during the period for which they shall have been elected, and all fees and profits arising from any of the said offices shall be covered into the state treasury."

The case has attracted great interest.

Prohibition for Hawaii.

Washington, Feb. 8.—A drastic form of prohibition for Hawaii is provided for in a bill introduced today by Representative Scott (rep.) of Kansas. The bill provides that it shall be unlawful to manufacture or sell or to give away, except in a private residence, any alcoholic liquors. The sale of alcohol for medical purposes is to be allowed under supervision of the governor of Hawaii.

Children Burned at McClusky.

McClusky, N. D., Feb. 8.—Two children of Mr. and Mrs. Ollenberger of this place were burned to death while the parents were at church attending a funeral service. A girl 6 years of age and a boy slightly younger, and another about a year old were left in the home. The little girl escaped and both boys were burned to death. The oldest boy was playing with matches and started a blaze, after which he crawled under a bed to hide.

Horse Rustlers on Trial.

Minot, N. D., Feb. 8.—The case of the state vs. Kid Trailor, charged with horse stealing in Williams county, is now on in the district court before Judge Burke. Slim Bear, who was implicated in the deal and, who as since turned state's evidence, was on the stand today and made an excellent witness, giving the details of the theft and how the gang was organized. The cases are being bitterly contested.

Parrot's Crys Save Child.

New York, Feb. 8.—Oh, My, Dear Me, Fire, Fire," were cries from the kitchen that awakened Mrs. William Bows in her apartment on First avenue today. Running into the room, Mrs. Bows found it filled with smoke from the thick of which her highly prized South American parrot, an educated talker, had given an alarm in plain language that probably saved the building from burning over the heads of scores of tenants.

Mrs. Bows saved her parrot and the fire which Started in a stove on the ground floor was extinguished with comparatively small damage.

Meat Boycott at Standstill.

New York, Feb. 7.—With extreme cold weather tending to drive quotations up and the first wave of enthusiasm in the crusade against high food prices receding, the campaign in the metropolitan territory settled down today to something like an endurance contest.

Women Boycott Milliners.

Denver, Col., Feb. 7.—Inspired by the success of the meat strikers in forcing the butchers to reduce their prices, society women of Denver declared a boycott against their milliners today.

Many mixtures are offered as substitutes for Royal. None of them is the same in composition or effectiveness, so wholesome and economical, nor will make such fine food.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Personal Property Tax List.

River Falls.

[illegible], W.	$10.16
[illegible], A. W.	9.81
[illegible], A. G.	3.81
[illegible]	6.68
[illegible]	3.43
[illegible], A. E.	2.58
[illegible], A. S.	3.26
[illegible], Sven	7.61
[illegible]	9.71
[illegible]	6.42
[illegible], Christ	12.76
[illegible]	4.06
Carpenter, Ira R.	5.46
[illegible]	5.20
[illegible]	5.78
[illegible]	6.20
[illegible], Anna	[illegible]
[illegible], John B.	7.30
[illegible], John	[illegible]
Culbertson, James	[illegible]
Magnuson, Jo[illegible]	6.40
Haupt, Georg[illegible]	1.56
H. & B. Mill Co.	27.32
Hanson, Martin	5.43
Hauge, R. L.	3.53
Haupt, H.	4.95
Haugen, H. O.	6.68
Holt, Martin	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Hagquist, [illegible]	.71
Holland, J[illegible]	[illegible]
Hagquist, [illegible]	[illegible]
Johnson, [illegible]	[illegible]
Just, Emil	[illegible]
Johnson, [illegible]	[illegible]
Johnson, [illegible]	[illegible]
Johnson, [illegible]	[illegible]
Johnson, [illegible]	[illegible]
Konick[illegible]	2.91
Konick[illegible]	2.13
Martinson, A[illegible]	10.38
Nelson, N. A.	13.95
Norman, John	6.81
Nordquist, A. W.	.28
Parson, Erick	1.15
Pederson, John	1.74
Peterson, Ole	2.24
Peterson, Peter	6.12
Palmquist, John	3.26
Roy, L. S.	12.3[illegible]
Rilley, H. A.	3.26
Rohr, Adam	2.98
Svenson, August	9.04
Stephens, E. H.	4.85
Samuelson, Etlech	3.12
Sjoberg, John	4.90
Samuelson, Chas	2.48
Sandberg, A. P.	6.01
Sotterberg, Frank	3.79
Svenson, Solomon	7.43
Sumpter, T. J.	6.08
Ulrick, Fred	6.65

Gervais

[illegible]	$ 2.[illegible]
[illegible]	3.22
[illegible], Gust	7.[illegible]
[illegible], A. E.	4.61
[illegible]	9.41
[illegible]	4.35
[illegible]	2.47
[illegible]	1.01
[illegible]	4.05
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	7.93
[illegible]	4.45
[illegible]	3.0[illegible]
[illegible]	6.04
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	10.65
[illegible]	8.76
Grandbois, Tr[illegible]	4.49
Harbalen, Sjur	6.93
Haslet, Burte	3.31
Herr, George	5.37
Hanson, Ola	4.78
Henricks, Cl[illegible]	10.44
Kopf, Louis	3.09
Knott, I.	7.82
Konickson, August	6.65
Laurent, [illegible]	10.19
Lafontaine, Arthur	4.68
Lapierre, [illegible]	1.10
Longtin, Adhe[illegible]	[illegible]
Laplante, [illegible]	13.74
Mahla, J[illegible]	7.30
Miller, A[illegible]	7.50
Matthews, Pet[illegible]	8.08
Orr, George C.	6.68
Perrault, J. A.	4.24
Patnode, Alex	4.68
Patnode, Dolphus	8.58
Patnode, Charles	5.50
Patnode, Harmidas	5.57
Roy, Philias	2.73
Reryerts, L.	1.54
Rodgers, Frank	10.13
Reopelle, Euclid	19.07
Sedy, John	1.32
Swanson, C. A.	5.20
Seeger, Fred	6.35
Starken, Peter	6.27
Schmidt, Franz	8.01
Tillman, Henry	10.66
Thyren, L. P.	9.38
Westerland, John	7.40
Walker, George	8.11
Ydstie, Andrew	7.37
Seeger, Charles	3.00

Lambert

Asselin, Peter	$ 4 45
Asselin, Clophas	5 94
[illegible], Antoine	1 75
Boucher, Marie	1 95
Boucher, Adolor	5 79
Boucher, Simon	3 75
Boucher, Pierre	5 25
Boucher, Exaver	1 91
Bergeron, Joseph	8 85
Bernier, Alvina	3 88
[illegible], Joseph, Jr	3 70
Bernier, Simon	9 13
Rolland, Wilfred	1 12
Rolland, Antonis	2 78
[illegible], Ergile	40
Bergeron, Ergile	8 07
Boucher, Antoine	[illegible] 75
Bassvert, Michel	1 68
Bassvert, Charles	19
Bergeron, Alexin	12 21
Boucher, Pierre	1 69
Boucher, Adelor	5 79
Bernier, Louis	3 90
Bolland, Louis	7 93
[illegible], Dolphice	1 11
Charest, George	9 29
[illegible], Edward	1 00
Champagne, Levi	2 98
[illegible], Gideon	2 72
[illegible], Alexander	7 59
Derry, Hugues	5 92
Doucet, Louis	1 35
Doucet & Lebl[illegible]	[illegible] 40
Evanson, John	6 70
Erickson, Elv[illegible]	5 23
Falardeau, Jos[illegible]	5 72
Falardeau & Lambert	[illegible] 40
Fournier, Fran[illegible]	8 23
Gibeau, Phillip	5 14
[illegible], Alf[illegible]	1 57
Hince, Adelor	1 30
Heppel, George	2 90
Hart, William	[illegible]
Hince, Peter	8 56
Hince, Armendale	6 77
Hince, Louis	15 12
Hickeox, David	20 45
Jean, Joseph	5 02
Langlois, Mis[illegible]	[illegible] 53
Lambert, Arm[illegible]	[illegible] 15
Lambert, Arast[illegible]	[illegible]
Lambert, Alphe[illegible] F.	[illegible]
Lambert, Jos. F.	[illegible]
Lambert, Jos. A.	[illegible]
Lacoursiere, Philippe	[illegible]
Lacoursiere, Abraham	[illegible]
Lacoursiere, Francois	8 23
Lacoursiere, Hector	2 15
Lefebre, Joseph	3 59
Lefebre, Isidore	7 01
Lessard, Freddy	2 12
Lessard, Edward	8 89
Lajambe, Graspard	85
Lajambe, Charles	4 01
Marsonnette, Jos. P.	3 21
McGinty	3 47
Nash, Mathew	2 88
Plante, John	5 31
Platz, John	03
Paquin, Abraham	24 43
Paquin, Edward	4 86
Robidoux & Parenteau	2 07
Robidoux Catrixte	5 85
Riel, Moise	5 83
Roerig, Peter	7 09
Riel, Frank	90
Ramsey, George	2 33
Turgson, A. F.	8 18
Torgerson, Torge	3 85
Várin, Jeremie	2 43
Westby, John	1 74
Wolf, Antony	1 99
Lajambe, Virginie	44
Varin, Romy	27
Varin, Dona	08
Hickcox, D. A. L.	1 24
Drees, Nick	40
Lefobere, Herculo	18
Langlois, Adelina	52
Myer, Albert	32
Bark, Tilda A.	81
Lacoursiere, Willie	25

Poplar River

Beaudry, Euclid	$ 7 30
Berry, Louis	4 91
Bushes Bros	3 00
Bray, Zatique	18
Brooks Creamery Assn	5 98
Brooks Hdw. Co	21 52
[illegible], Wm	1 55
Barrow, R	5 08
Brown, Clarissa	9 38
Champagne, Peter	9 52
Corbeil, Joseph	5 56
Carriere, Stonishas	72
Champagne, Martin	58
Cyr, Henry	11 12
Corbeil, Otmand	2 40
[illegible], Henry	6 17
Childs, Clyde	2 50
Carlson, John	3 52
Carlson, Aron	1 25
Davis, Nora	2 50
Dion, Emery	4 78
Desotell, Urick	2 56
[illegible], Marcel	3 40
[illegible] Bros	17 10
Desotelle, Sophia	10 1[illegible]
Danielson, G. M.	5 0[illegible]
Davis, J. H.	1 21
Davis, Clyde	2 12
Davis, G. S.	1 91
Dion, Dolphis	3 41
Demars, Oli[illegible]	1 21
Fournier, Arthur	4 84
Fournier, Alexis	5 26
Fournier, Joseph	[illegible]
First State Bank of Brooks	133 11
Guerard, Emeline	3 5[illegible]
Gagner, Octave	5 20
Gauthier, Odilon	5 72
Halley, Henry	2 30
Hince, Wilfred	2 36
Herbert, Wm	4 71
Herbert, John B.	9 63
Hallas, Charles	9 41
Homestead Elevator Co	40 [illegible]
Juneau, Alcine	4 [illegible]
Kienast, H. J.	1 26
Langlois, Moise	1 17
Lefebvre, Rock	5 20
[illegible], Cyrille	15 30
[illegible], Paul	5 40
[illegible], Tennis	2 07
[illegible], Arthur	60
Loesing, John	52
Mc Ginty, J. W.	6 10
Marcil, Joseph	6 43
Moreau, Thomas	4 67
McKnight, J. T.	12 88
[illegible], Frank	2 14
Perrier, Gilbert	5 87
Paquin, Adelord	8 29
Preno, H. L.	20 81
Payment, Joseph	6 28
Pennington, W. S.	31 78
Perras, Max	4 00
Prairie Elevator Co	31 86
Preno, S. J.	4 88
Paradis, Dave	8 31
Paradis, Oliver	5 26
Pigeon, Joseph	3 87
Robidoux, Joseph	3 30
Robidoux, Narcisse	10 47
Sorenson, A. E.	98
Smith, W. H.	10 10
Selden Lbr. Co.	65 16
Schroeder, W. A.	12 00
Stahl, William	7 08
Tangas, Charles	6 07
Vague, Wm.	1 52
Valancourt, Harmidas	33
Vanderwaal, A	11 15

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

[illegible]

The Loafers.

"The right sort of man," said the sportsman, "can go out hunting day after day and not care whether he gets anything or not."

"I know a number of the wrong sort of men who feel just that way."

"You do?"

"Yes, but what they are supposed to be hunting for is work."—The Catholic Standard and Times.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

WYLIE.

Carl Carlson of Maddock, N Dak., spent the last few days shaking hands with old friends around here.

Oscar Swanson of Bray was a business caller here Saturday.

Jas Droelan and Anton Anderson returned from Hellock Friday.

John Dragar has been on the sick list for the last few days.

Miss Lena Eckstein went to Sarles, N. Dak. last week where she will visit relatives.

John Dargan took the overland route to Red Lake Falls and St. Hilaire Saturday.

It is reported around here that we are to have a combination cheese factory and creamery here in the spring. Every little bit added to what youv'e got makes just a little bit more.

Thom Anderson who has been visiting with relatives here returned to his home at St. Hilaire Monday.

Joe Dergan and Dr. Owen of St. Hilaire were callers here Sunday.

Mrs. Oscar Booker returned from Crookston Saturday.

Thief River Falls.

From the News and Press.

Dr. Bockman, James Farr and Christ Wistie left for Hellock Tuesday morning being subpoened as witnesses in the Karlstad bank robbery case.

P. P. Palmer of Erie was in the city last Monday showing some mineral deposit that looked like about 40 per cent iron. He says he knows where there is 160 acres of just the same kind of stuff.

George Wold of Anstad was in the city yesterday with a load of wheat that he threshed but a short time ago and says he received No. 1 for the same although it was threshed in the month of January.

TERREBONNE.

A son was born, Feb. 9, to Mr. and Mrs. Homer Laurent.

Jos. St. Marie went to Gentilly last Sunday.

Mrs. Ed. Generoux was operated on last week at Crookston. She is reported to be getting along very well.

Chris Juhl, the miller, is progressing since his operation, and is able to attend to his work.

Rev. Fr. Roy of Lambert was in town, the guest of Fr. Veilleux.

Norman Schreiter, Geo. Cyr, Horace Laurent, the two Misses Laurent and Miss Odelia Lacoursiere of Red Lake Falls spent Sunday at Terrebonne, the guests of Miss Liza Laurent.

Many guests were entertained Sunday evening at the home of Mr. Jos. Laurent, who is about to leave for Crookston. Leon Laurent and wife, D. Champeau and wife, Adelard Laurent, of Red Lake Falls, Rev. Fr. Veilleux, Chas. Kankel and wife, Midas Clement and wife, C. L. Cadieux and wife Jos. Pigeon and wife were among those present. A magnificent supper was served to the guests. Everybody will regret the departure of Mr. Laurent, who has been a pioneer of Terrebonne.

ST. HILAIRE.

From the Spectator—

Elmer Swenson of the town of River Falls met with a peculiar accident one day this week. He was carrying an ax and slipped and fell, the ax severing his little finger from the right hand.

Mrs. Erick Erickson of the town of River Falls died on Friday, Feb. 4th. She was 82 years of age and was an old resident. She is survived by her husband and four children. The funeral was held on Tuesday from Clara church, Rev. Sand officiating.

PLUMMER.

From the Pioneer.

Carl Magnell and Charles Johnson, both of the town of Mayfield, where five short years ago not a settler's cabin was to be seen, are making preparations to erect two large barns so as to properly house their growing herds of stock. The two barns which will rival any seen in the southern part of the state will be 42 by 72 with leantos and a full loft and will be but another addition to the many land marks of a similar kind that loom up on that fruitful prairie.

The First State Bank lately added to their collection of this year's exhibits of Red Lake County grains and grasses some White Dent and White Cap Dent Corn that was grown on the farm of Ralph Green, on the Clearwater river in the town of Deer Park that satisfactorily answers the question as to whether corn can be successfully raised in Red Lake county and show a profit in proportion to that of smaller grains.

This is some that Mr. Green started three years ago and each succeeding year it has become the more acclimated it did better than the previous one.

Discussing Terms.

"Did you come to terms with that cook?"

"Haven't as yet. I'm holding out for more afternoons out per week than she wants to allow."

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

FIRST ANNUAL MEETING OF THE

Red River Valley Corn and Clover Convention

AND THE

Grand Forks Farmers' Institute

will be held in Grand Forks on Tuesday and Wednesday, February 22 and 23, 1910.

Speakers of national reputation, including Dean of the Iowa State Agricultural College, a leading corn expert of the world; Pres. Worst; Col. R. A. Wilkinson; Profs. Shepperd and Waldron, of North Dakota Agricultural College; O. C. Gregg, Minnesota; Prof. Palmer, and many others will lecture at these meetings which will be held at the Auditorium, Grand Forks. Everybody Invited to Attend.

See the State's Prize Corn Exhibit.

Come and Bring the Family

A Pardon

By HARRY VON AMBERG

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

"You, boy! Come out o' that and help bring on the wood."

So called the mate of a steamboat on the Mississippi to a pale faced boy lying in his bunk. It was at night, and the weather was stormy.

"I can't; I'm sick."

"You hain't goin' to work yer passage on this yere boat sojern there. Git up, I say, and carry your load."

The boy made a feeble attempt to rise, but failed. The mate seized a stick of wood and held it over the invalid.

"You git up or I'll brain you!"

Fear gave the boy additional strength, and he managed to pull himself out and stagger over the gang plank to a wood pile which the deck hands were transferring to the boat. He worked as best he could till the task was finished, then crawled back to his bunk and fell fainting in it.

This boy, Robert Stewart, was so poor that in order to get from New Orleans to St. Louis he was obliged to work his passage on a steamboat. The mate was a powerful man, and the boy, who was ill with a fever, was completely at his mercy. What made the act still more brutal was that there were plenty of deck hands to do the work without calling out a sick boy. There was something fiendish in the mate's nature that led him to this act of cruelty.

Years passed meanwhile. That sick boy was moving in one direction, while the mate who had tyrannized over him and had nearly cost him his life was moving in another. The one was rising, the other sinking. Schooled in adversity, Robert Stewart possessed that within him which enabled him to triumph over obstacles, the hardships he had endured furnishing a spur to send him onward and upward. Successful in his own affairs, the people intrusted him with theirs. In time his name became known to every one in Missouri. He rose to be governor.

One day a man was brought to the governor from the penitentiary as an applicant for pardon. He was a large, powerful fellow, and the moment the governor looked at him he started. Then he scrutinized the criminal long and closely. Without speaking he turned to his desk, picked up the paper on which the man's pardon had been made out and wrote his name at the bottom of it. Before handing it to the prisoner he said to him:

"I fear it will be useless, perhaps wrong, for me to grant you this pardon."

The man stood stolidly waiting to know the governor's reason.

"You will commit some other crime and be sent to the penitentiary again."

"No, governor; I promise you that I will not."

The governor looked doubtful. He was apparently turning something over in his mind. Finally he said:

"You will go back on to the river—as mate on a steamer, I suppose."

"Yes, governor; I'll go back to work at any position I can get."

"Well," the governor continued, "before I pardon you I wish you to make me a promise."

The man looked interested and waited. The chief magistrate was in no hurry. The mass of business awaiting his attention was forgotten in this pardon case. There must be something in it to move him so strangely. For a few minutes there was a faraway look in his eyes. He seemed to be picturing something. That it was a painful scene was evident from his expression. Then he turned to the criminal and said impressively:

"I wish you to pledge your word that when you go back to the river as mate on a steamboat you will never drive a sick boy from his bunk to load your boat on a stormy night."

The criminal looked at the governor in a vain attempt to understand why he imposed upon him such a singular condition. Then he made the required promise, asking at the same time for an explanation. Finally the governor gave it:

"One night many years ago you were mate of a steamboat running between New Orleans and St. Louis. On that boat was a boy sick with a fever. One night when the wind blew cold and the rain came down in torrents you drove that boy out of his bunk and forced him to carry wood.

"Now, there are two reasons why I don't wish you to do that again. The first is that I desire any boy you might so treat to escape your cruelty. Another time it might cost him his life. The second is that he might become governor of his state and you might commit another crime and come before him with an application for pardon."

The man stood looking at the governor, a faint glimmer of memory struggling in his brain. But with a life of so many brutal acts behind him it was hard for him to remember one which at the time he had considered of so little importance.

The governor handed him his pardon.

"I was that boy," he said. "That document is my revenge. But another time the governor's revenge might be of a different kind. The pardoning power is lodged in the chief magistrate alone, and another governor might see fit to refuse clemency. Go! Try to earn an honest living without brutality."

The criminal slunk away, but whether or not the lesson had any effect on him there is no available record.

Not Breaking Records.

"Ever have any accidents on this road?" asked the passenger who was dissatisfied with the speed of the train.

"Never," replied the conductor, who was paid to say it.

"No collisions?"

"None."

"Train doesn't run off the track?"

"Not yet."

"Well, now, on the square, own up, don't some little boys who start out with you as passengers die of old age before the train reaches its destination?"—Nashville American.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Summons for Publication.

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake }

The State of Minnesota to Bert H. Frazae, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 4th day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, to answer to the complaint of Paul W. Carpenter and Everette A. Webster, Copartners as Carpenter & Webster, Plaintiffs in a civil action, wherein the plaintiffs claim the sum of Forty-one and 62-100 Dollars and interest at 6 per cent since October 11th, 1909. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you, upon the evidence adduced by said plaintiffs, for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my band and dated this 7th day of February, 1910.

S. A. SWANSON,
Justice of the Peace.

f10-f24

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book 11 of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), north, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 598, and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage, elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby forclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn

f17-m31

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 23d A. D. 1904, and recorded in the office of the register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1904, at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages 366 to 368 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-Four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 599, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty-eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn,

F17M31

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game
and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery,
Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres.; Frank Brennet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findalsen, N.G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mixae, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Ooran. Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Feyelle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

NICK DREES
WELL
DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.

Work Promptly Attended to

Leave orders at Gazette office

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

FOR LENT Salmon, Canned Goods, Sardines and Breakfast Foods, Fine Teas and Coffees in our Grocery Dept.

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Spillane's ad.

Read Freund's new ad.

We want to buy a few good farms --J. D. Houston.

See Chas. E. Boughton for Fire Insurance.

Don't neglect your fire insurance. See Boughton

Band concert, Bijou theatre, next Tuesday evening.

Will pay cash for snaps in farm land. J. D. Houston.

Band concert, Bijou theatre, next Tuesday evening.

P. L. Malvin went to Crookston on a business trip last evening.

If you want good rubbers you will find them at the Big Store.

For Sale—Five young breeding sows, all white—Swan Akenson.

Miss Lillian Zaiser is spending the week with friends at Mentor.

Special prices at the Red Lake Falls Supply House. Read the ad.

H. H. Zaiser went to Crookston Monday evening returning Tuesday.

Mrs. J. A. Duffy went to Crookston last evening and returned today.

Want to be a musician? See Director Brunelle and join the junior band.

Don't forget the Gordon hat when you get ready to buy.—The Big Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Laurent spent Sunday with relatives at Terrebonne.

Jens P. Jensen and W. J. LaBree of Thief River Falls were in town today.

At the recent city election at Bemidji J. C. Parker was elected mayor.

Garceau & Robertus are now "at home" in their new quarters. Read the ad.

The first dance after Lent will be given by the Woodmen at their hall Monday evening, March 28.

Wm. Cuno of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters in town Monday.

Wanted—Girl at Telephone exchange office as operator.—Apply at once.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, April 7.

Director Brunelle wants several more young fellows for parts in the junior band.

Oscar Sponheim, the Thief River banker, was in town last evening and this morning.

Jos. Helm, jr. has spent the week in the twin cities attending to some business matters.

List your farm with us. We have buyers every week.—J. D. Houston, Hourdon Land Office.

Max Ingber has returned from the twin cities where he has been to purchase some goods.

Mayor D. P. Hamre of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters in town Tuesday.

Miss Anna Laurent left Monday evening for Grand Forks where she will be employed in a store.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was down from Thief River Falls Tuesday and Wednesday.

Freund's orchestra will go to Plummer Saturday to furnish music for a dance to be given Saturday night.

Having made a deal for a larger car, we offer our high wheeled automobile cheap.—V. M Higinbotham Land Co.

Herbert Findeisen has gone to the twin cities and will remain there for some time attending to some business matters.

Miss Maud Findeisen returned Saturday from the southern part of the state where she had been visiting for four weeks.

Don't take chances on fire yourself. Let the insurance companies do that. That's what they are for. Get a policy from Boughton.

Rev. D. K. Laurie will conduct services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours for church services Sunday morning and evening.

There are many people here today to submit bids for the purchase of the court house bonds or for the contract for constructing the building.

It pays to feed Bjorgo's Condition Powder. Even if your horses look well it will prevent diseases of all kinds. Chas. Shoug. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

Misses Mayme and Anna Laurent and Odelia Lacoursiere and Messrs Norman Schreiter, Horace Laurent and George Cyr spent Sunday with friends at Terrebonne.

The R. E. Z cushion is an ideal shoe for spring. No dampness goes thru the soles and its like walking on velvet. They are easy on the nerves. For sale at the Big Store.

Fish for Lent—Cod, trout, whitefish, herring, frozen fish, red salmon—we have all kinds. Fish is good, whether you observe Lent or not. Try it for a change.—The Big Store.

The Union Land & Investment Co. is paying cash for snaps in farm lands. Farmers and others who wish to sell their lands would do well to either call on them or drop them a card.

The county commissioners are in session today, having met to consider bids for the purchase of the court house bonds and also to consider bids for the contract of erecting the building.

The oyster supper served by the ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church in the Boughton building Monday evening was well patronized and a substantial sum was added to the church treasury.

Arnold Weber of Crookston was here the first of the week to attend to some business matters and to visit with his son, Henry, who lives in this city. He returned to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Flax seed for sale—First quality, grown on ground in clover six years and free of foul weeds. If spoken for soon, $2.25 per bushel will buy this good yielding flax.—Walter Columbus, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M25

Our dress goods are in—most of them our own importation. The finest line we have ever shown. The styles are correct, the prices are enticing. Samples cheerfully sent to out of town customers.—The Big Store.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Healy next Wednesday afternoon. There will be a business meeting at 3 o'clock and at 4:30 and until all are served lunch will be served.

Our dress goods are especially adaptable to the new style of dresses. The values cannot be duplicated elsewhere. All wool panamas and serges 36 in. wide at 60c. The latest novelties at 50c to $1.50.—The Big Store.

Government Agent Johnson's men last week arrested one man at Plummer and two at Warrond for selling liquor to Indians. The men were later released but are required to appear at the next term of federal court.

We are pleased to announce to the public
that we are still doing business
and getting ready for a
Grand Easter Opening
in Millinery. We have also just put in
a line of Richardson's Silks and Flosses,
Sofa Pillows and Centre Pieces.
Mrs. Wm. Zaiser

The Gazette printers have spent much time printing the delinquent tax list that may be found on pages four and five and Gazette subscribers who read it will spend much time doing so; Correspondence and other news matter of local interest may be found on pages two and seven.

Our line of white goods and muslin underwear is ready for your inspection. All our underwear is made of the finest long cloths and cambrics, artistically trimmed; 25c per garment up. We doubt if you can make them as cheap yourself.—The Big Store.

Utz & Dunn's fine shoes for fine women are here. We had such a success with their oxfords last year that we have put in for spring a bigger line than ever. Come in and look at them. No trouble to show you. A little early for them, but then—why not pick out your pair now—you are then sure to get just what you want.—The Big Store.

Mrs. A. C. Cowles and children returned Tuesday from International Falls where they had been visiting for three weeks. While at International Falls Mrs. Cowles' little daughter, Eva, underwent an operation for appendicitis. The operation was very successful and the little girl was able to be brought home two weeks after the operation was performed.

A message from Walker says that all Northern Pacific and Great Northern agents have received instructions from the head office to accept no beer or other liquor for shipment to points in Indian reservations and other restricted territory. The order effects the towns of Walker, Cass Lake and Backus, and practically wipes out all saloons in towns adjacent to the Leech Lake reservation.

Editor Objects.

Gus Beaulieu, editor of the Tomahawk, printed at Mahnomen, on the White Earth reservation, refuses to pay his personal property tax, claiming that as the reservation is not allotted, the state and the county governments cannot collect their taxes. Being an editor, he needs the money anyhow.

Sealed Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received until February 21, 1910, for the work of cutting, piling and burning brush on south half of sec. 33, Red Lake Falls township. Brush must be cut at or below surface of the ground. Work to be completed on or before May 1. Mail all bids to No. 22, Gazette, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Visiting C. E. Misner.

W. H. Jewel, for 38 years an employee of James J. Hill, is a visitor in Pasadena, and is a guest today of C. E. Misner. Mr. Jewel, who is one of the oldest passenger engineers in the United States in point of service, is not yet an old man in point of age, but is contemplating on the purchase of an orange ranch where he may retire a little later. He is now on a three months' vacation.

Accompanying him about the city is Thomas Glinn of 155 Mary street, one of Hill's oldest section foremen. Mr. Glinn has now retired from active work and bought two residences in Pasadena, and is urging all his old fellow employes to do the same.—Pasadena (Cal.) Star.

Blind Man's Buff.

At a fashionable European hotel four plausible rogues not long ago treated themselves to a capital dinner in a private room and had no intention of paying for it. Having called the waiter and asked for the bill, one thrust his hand into his pocket as if to draw out his purse. The second prevented him, declaring he would pay. The third did the same. The fourth forbade the waiter taking money from either of them, but all three persisted. As none would yield, one said:

THEY SLIPPED OUT OF THE HOUSE.

"The best way to decide is to blindfold the waiter, and whoever he catches shall settle the bill, while the others shall tip the waiter."

This proposition was accepted, and while the waiter was groping his way about the room they slipped out of the house, one after another, and bolted.

A WINTER ROMANCE

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1910, by Associated Literary Press.

Jed Smith was a farmer's son twenty years old. He was uneducated, uncouth and awkward, but he had romance in his soul. He fell in love with the new schoolma'am at once, and as he was the biggest of the boys and could lick any one of them he felt that he had the best chance. He was going to marry Miss Seymour or know the reason why. When he began to betray signs of his love his father took him out to the barn and turned on him to say:

"Now, Jed Smith, don't you go and make no ding dang fool of yourself!"

It was plain, sensible talk, but Jed wouldn't take it that way. He was a poor reader, but he had digested so many love novels that he wasn't going to let go without a try for it. He had drawn the schoolma'am on his hand sled, he had skated with her, they had slid down hill together, he had brought her the biggest apples of any one, but there was really nothing in these things to arouse her romance, and he realized that romance must come before love. After thinking over it for ten long nights and losing hours of sleep he got his plan. The schoolma'am must be abducted and he must rescue her. At first the trouble seemed to be to find the abductor, but Jed Smith had a way with him. Having got the next biggest boy in the district out to the barn with him, he unfolded his plan and added:

"Jim, you've got to bear the schoolma'am away, and I've got to rescue her. You've got to turn your coat wrong side out and wear a mask and speak in a hoarse voice. In rescuing her I've got to give you a mighty good licking, but as I am going to give you 50 cents you mustn't mind that."

Jim demurred. He didn't want to abduct a schoolma'am, and he didn't want to be licked. He came to it in time, however. Fifty cents in cash was not to be sneezed at, and he would be licked if he refused to enter into the plot. It took some little time to perfect the details, but at last everything was ready. Jed's old father saw fresh "signs," and he took him to task again.

"Jed," he said, "if you are going to make a fool of yourself in any way, then look out for me!"

In winter, especially on a cloudy day, it begins to get dark soon after 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The schoolma'am had often to stay after school had been dismissed to look over the work for the next day. She had only half a mile to go when ready. Sometimes two or three pupils stayed and walked along with her; sometimes she was alone. Luck aided the conspirators. It was young Jim Andrews who was to do the abducting part. His father's barn was near the schoolhouse, and he could both watch and have a horse ready harnessed. Jed Smith was to be waiting up the road.

One afternoon the signal was given, and the plot was afoot. The teacher had remained until almost 5. She was just donning cloak and hat when a masked villain appeared before her and announced in an awful voice:

"Come with me! If you scream or struggle it means death!"

Miss Seymour was properly shocked. She had never seen a masked villain before. No man, holding a peach stone in his mouth to make his voice terrible, had ever thus addressed her. She thought she recognized the figure, and there was a something about the terrible voice that sounded familiar, but she grew faint, her knees weakened, and she was about to sit down when the villain seized her with a grip of steel and bore her out to his sleigh. She screamed and struggled, but she had to go. Jed Smith had said that it would be all the better for the plot if she screamed and struggled. More credit would be due him for rescuing her.

What neither of the plotters had counted on was that some one might come driving along the highway at the critical moment. Some one did come. He was a man without romance in his soul. He was driving a fast horse to a cutter, and when the masked man swung the schoolma'am into his sleigh and started off at a gallop the stranger followed on and cracked his whip and shouted to let the girl know that help was at hand. She heard him, and so did Jim and his horse. In fact, the horse ran away, and just as he reached the point where the rescuer stood waiting he shied into a drift and things were upset. Jed jumped forward, but he had scarcely roared out, "Die, villain!" when he was knocked silly by the stranger. Then the struggling Jim caught it. The schoolma'am was pulled out of the robes and blankets and stood one side, and then her rescuer went in to have some fun with abductor and rescuer.

He stood them on their heads in the drifts; he jammed them about; he walloped them up and down, and when they shouted for mercy he walloped the harder. Then, when tired out, he lifted the girl into his cutter and drove her home. It did not break up the school; it simply broke up the romance of the thing. When Farmer Smith had got through using the gad on the battered Jed he threw it aside and said:

"You was after romance, and I'll give you nuff of it. There's 200 bushels of corn to be husked and shelled, and it's going to be your work from now on to next Fourth of July. Rescuing a gal! Why, durn you, you don't know nuff to rescue an old cabbage head!"

Face the Sun.

Don't hunt after trouble, but look for success.
You'll find what you look for; don't look for distress.
If you see but your shadow, remember, I pray,
That the sun is still shining, but you're in the way.
Don't grumble, don't bluster, don't dream and don't shirk;
Don't think of your worries, but think of your work.
The worries will vanish; the work will be done.
No man sees his shadow who faces the sun.

Twin Spirits

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

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He was a genius—a genius of the brush. When at his easel he was completely absorbed. At such time no one could secure his attention. His luncheon was brought in every day and set down beside him; but, although the servant was instructed to call his attention to it, he seldom knew that it was there. Often after he had finished his work for the day he would feel faint for want of food. Then he would arise to get some and frequently knocked over the stool on which his lunch had been placed and broke the dishes.

She was a poetess. She had had a lover; but, finding that she didn't feel those heavenly thrills of which she had written of people in such condition, she had broken off her engagement with him. She had seen the artist's pictures and was sure she loved the man who painted them. She burned to know him and asked every friend she possessed to introduce her. But none of them was acquainted with him.

But her yearning for him would not down. She resolved to visit him in his studio. A friend to whom she had given her confidence advised her to "brush up a bit," leave off her black alpaca and put on silk. But the recommendation did not impress her. Love was a matter of the soul; it had nothing to do with clothes, whereupon her friend admonished her to wear something pretty all the same.

She went to his studio, climbed several flights of stairs—she was delicate, and the effort made her heart throb violently—and tapped softly at the door. There was no response. No sound came from within. She tried the doorknob, turning it gently, then pushed the door slightly ajar. He was there. He sat at his easel before a canvas on which were a divine face and figure. The latch slipped back, making a sound. She started, thinking it would betray her. No; he went on painting. What a noble brow! His tumbled hair—it was thin—caressed the crown of his august head.

What should she do? Should she break the spell under which he worked by speaking? No; there was a chair near by. She would go and sit upon it till he came to himself or from himself. So she went softly to the chair, keeping her eyes upon him the while, and sat down.

Alas, she sat upon a palette—a palette on which were soft paints of many bright colors!

She sat looking at him, yearning for him. Presently he looked aside from his work and straight at her. Through his eyes looked a great spirit. But they did not see her; they were as those of a somnambulist. He turned his gaze back to his easel.

For another half hour he worked. She would no sooner drag him down from his idea flight than she pulled down herself when a poem was welling up in her own heart.

Presently she arose to go. She had seen him. Her soul had caressed his. It was enough.

But unfortunately something fell on the floor.

"Where have you been?" he asked. "I've been waiting for you. I must put in the eyes." Then, without waiting, he went on: "A little closer, please. There, face the light."

At the same time he turned and looked into her eyes. He thought she was his model. But she did not know it. She thought that his lofty intellect had stalked over the gap of a want of acquaintance.

Then he began to paint, putting her own dark, poetic eyes into the head on the canvas, turning often to look into those of flesh and blood. In her poetic imagination she fancied that he was taking, spiritually, her eyes from her body and placing them in the head of an angel.

At last the work was finished. He arose, stood at a short distance from it, viewed it critically, made a few touches, threw down his brush, put his hand in his pocket, fished out a plug of black tobacco and bit off a quid.

As her romance, pierced to the heart, died within her she gave a little cry. He turned and looked at her through eyes from which the light of Genius Creatrix had gone out and saw her as she was, a lean, homely old maid with handsome eyes.

"Who in thunder are you?" he blurted.

Poor woman! Had the romance remained it would have been quite embarrassing enough, but it had vanished with the appearance of the tobacco. What to say she did not know. There was but one thing for her to do—leave the studio. She slunk toward the door. He followed her with his eyes.

"Stop!" he said suddenly, making a few quick strides toward her. Was he going to break even the fragments of the idol she had raised and how? He seized her skirt—that part of it which hung in rear—and, spreading it out, exclaimed:

"Great Scott!"

"What is it?" she asked, not being able to see behind her.

"You've been sitting on my palette!" he said, surveying the wreck of her dress ruefully. The dress was a confusion of vermilion, prussian blue, chrome yellow, violet and other colors.

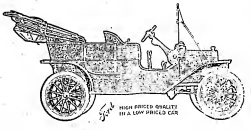
Then, telling her to wait, he rushed for turpentine and other articles and in a quarter of an hour had got off the most of the paint. As she passed out he said:

"Thank you for the use of your eyes."

Cutting the Finger Nails.

Cutting the finger nails appears to have been the most indispensable service the ancient Roman barber rendered to his patrons. Martial, chaffing a fop who had tried to dodge the barber by using plasters to remove his beard, asks triumphantly, "How are you going to manage about your nails?" And the miser in Plautus collects the parings of his nails from the barber to make something out of them, apparently never dreaming that he could save money by cutting them himself.

1910


Ford
HIGH PRICED QUALITY IN A LOW PRICED CAR

FORD CARS

Model T.—4-cylinder, 24-horse power touring car, including full top, glass wind shield, speedometer, two gas lamps, three oil lamps and fine horn.

$950.00

F. O. B. Detroit, Mich.

Joseph Helm
Red Lake Falls, Agent for Red Lake County.

Freund's Store
THE BEST VALUES IN
TOBACCOS
THAT YOU EVER HEARD OF

Chewing Tobaccos
50c Plugs go at 40c.

Smoking Tobaccos
4 10c packages of Tubcrose for 25c.

WE
have just received a full line of Spring and Summer Goods and we now have many things that we didn't have before. Come in and see them.

We still have a good many things on hand from our Winter Goods which we will sell at a big discount. We will name a few things at the prices you can get them for at our store:

White Kerosene, reg. 15c.......... 13c
Salmon, reg. 15c.................. 10c
Salmon, reg. 20c.................. 15c
Salmon, reg. 25c.................. 20c
Japan Rice, reg. 3 lbs. for 25c....... 15c
Good Yellow Peas.................. 20c
Cranberries, reg. 3 qts. for 25c, 7 qts. 25c
Pearl Barley, 6 lbs. for.............. 25c
Mocensin Coffee, reg. 25c............ 21c
Nemo Coffee, reg. 20c, 2 lbs. for.... 35c
All other Coffees 2c less regular price.
Baking Powder, reg. 25c............ 18c
Oat Meal, reg. 25c pkg............. 22c
35c Tea.......................... 30c
Dried Peaches, reg. 12½c, 3 lbs..... 25c
Prunes, reg. 10c, 4 lbs............. 30c
Many Other Things Just as Cheap.
We Sell All Kinds of Fish.

Red Lake Falls Supply House
MAX INGBER, PROP.

Cheeriness.

Cheeriness is a thing to be more profoundly grateful for than all that genius ever inspired or talent ever accomplished. Next best to natural, spontaneous cheeriness is deliberate, intended and persistent cheeriness, which we can create, can cultivate and can so foster and cherish that after a few years the world will never suspect that it was not an hereditary gift.—Helen Hunt Jackson.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.04
Rye	.64
Oats	.39
Flax	2.05
Barley	.50
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.25
Butter, dairy	.25

Subscribe for The Gazette.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY FEBRUARY 24, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 22

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

MANY MEN OF MANY MINDS

Big Number of Farmers From Reservation Towns Here This Week.

Lively Session of County Board—Ditch Petitions Being Considered.

A few of the reservation farmers are at home this week; the rest of them are in town. They are here to be heard for or against the establishment of certain drainage ditches and most of 'em are being heard and some are for and some are agin every proposition.

There are some lively contentions among the reservation people and the county commissioners were kept busy yesterday and will probably be occupied all of today considering the petitions asking for the establishment of county ditches No. 38, 39, 40 and 41. While there are four petitions, it is all one network of ditches in Star and Highlanding and other towns the construction of which are proposed.

There is no difference of opinion as to the necessity for the proposed ditch work but there is a decided lack of harmony in the expression of opinions as to the courses certain ditches and branches shall take.

Just how the puzzle is going to be solved is still a very puzzling puzzle and the commissioners and fifty or more farmers will be busy all of today and maybe tomorrow, trying to "get their heads together."

The other petitions asking for the appointment of engineer and viewers on other proposed ditch work will be considered and other business transacted after the four petitions now in contention are disposed of. The official proceedings will be published in a later issue of the Gazette.

MRS. ARROWSMITH DEAD

Passed Away at North Yakima, Wash., Saturday.

Word was received here today of the death of Mrs. George Arrowsmith which occurred at North Yakima, Washington, last Saturday. Death was due to tuberculosis from which deceased had been a sufferer for a number of years. Mrs. Arrowsmith formerly resided here and had many friends who will regret to learn of her death. The family resided on the Behn farm, south of town, for a number of years. Mrs. Arrowsmith was a sister of Theo. LaBissoniere and there are other relatives here.

Got Ten Days.

James Torgeson, who resides southeast of town, was taken into custody last Saturday by Sheriff Nelson on a complaint made by Knut Knutson charging him with violence and threatening to commit arson. As the defendent was under the influence of liquor at the time, the complaint was changed to one charging him with being drunk and disorderly. On that charge he was given a hearing Monday evening before Justice Pahlen, who decided that he had better become the guest of Sheriff Nelson at Red Lake Falls for the next ten days giving him time to think over his shortcomings that he might see the error of his ways and maybe to resolve to be a law abiding citizen in the future.

The defendant is an old offender against the peace in the community and was given a warning by Justice Pahlen to the effect that if he appeared before him again as a disturbing element he would not get off so easily. Attorney Boughton was over from Red Lake Falls to appear for the defendant and County Attorney Michelet came down from Thief River Falls to prosecute.—Plummer Pioneer.

Andy Rubertus left Monday evening on a business trip to the southern part of the state. He will visit the twin cities and Montevideo and will be gone a week or more.

IT IS ALL OVER NOW

The Contract for the Construction of the Court House Has Been Awarded to James Brady.---The Building Will Be Completed Nov. 1. 1910.

The Bonds Were Sold at a Low Rate of Interest With a Big Premium.---J. A. Duffy of This City, is the Successful Bidder.

The county commissioners were were in session last Thursday for the purpose of receiving and considering bids for the purchase of the court house bonds and also bids for the contract for the construction of the building.

Red Lake county court house bonds were in demand. There were a number of representatives of the bidders present at the meeting. The following bids were received:

Bidder	Rate	Premium
Woodin, McNear and Moor	4¾	$ 37
F. E. Magraw	4½	400
John Nuveen & Co.	5	607
Harris Trust & Savings Bank	4½	843
Security Trust & Savings Bank	5½	962
C. H. Coffin	5½	1000
Seasongood & Muyer	5	1216
Reynolds, Watson & Co.	5	1184
Otis & Hugh	5	1485
S. A. Kean & Co.	5½	1157
J. A. Duffy	5½	1000
E. H. Kellins & Sons	5	11470

After the bids were opened and read a motion was carried that the representatives present be allowed the opportunity to withdraw their bids. A motion then carried that the board receive and consider open bids. There was some spirited bidding between a representative of Reynolds, Watson & Co. and J. A. Duffy. The rate of interest offered by each was 5 per cent, the amount of the premium offered being increased with each bid. Reynolds, Watson and Co. bid $1780 Mr. Duffy bid $1800. That was the highest bid and the five per cent bonds of the county were sold to Mr. Duffy at a premium of $1800.

When the bids were opened the commissioners were skeptical about some of them, so it was decided that it would be well to give the bidders a chance to come out in the open and make a scrap for the purchase of the bonds.

The contract for the construction of the building was awarded to James Brady, his being the lowest bid received. The contract price is $37,070.00 and by the terms of the contract Mr. Brady agrees to have the building completed by Nov. 1, 1910. Aug. Marin offered to do the work for $38,263.00. The bid of W. H. Jackson was $38,860.00 and that of Nelson & Schulind $40,715.00.

The contract does not provide that the building is to be erected on the beautiful site on court house hill.

The Thief River people made feeble objection to the letting of the contract and to satisfy them it was decided that the contract would not specify that the building is to be erected on the hill. It may be that the commissioners believed that the proposed site would serve better as a location for the erection of a monument in honor of Brer. John Eastman and other vanquished heroes of the county seat war.

However, the commissioners may reconsider that action and may decide that the fine new court house will be a sufficient monument to do honor to all of the heroes (and Don O'Neil, too,) in the county seat fight and they may decide to put the building on the hill after all. Who knows? It's all over, anyhow.

Frank E. Hunt has spent the week in the twin cities attending to some business matters.

Rev. John C. Davis of St. Paul will preach at the Presbyterian church, on Sunday, Feb. 17, at both the morning and evening services at the usual hours.

YOUNG MAN IS BURNED TO DEATH

Was Employed on New Soo Line Building East of Plummer.

A temporary building used as a camp by a crew engaged in railroad construction work on the Soo line being built east of Plummer was burned last Wednesday. The fire occurred while the men were away at work. When the man in charge of the camp returned he found the building in ruins and the young man who was employed about the camp as office boy was missing. The man made a search through the ruins and came upon the charred remains of the young man. The cause of the fire is unknown and the Gazette has been unable to learn the name of the young men that was burned to death.

Subscribe for THE GAZETTE.

RED LAKE COUNTY DELEGATES NAMED

Governor Eberhart Appoints Delegates to the Big Conservation Meeting.

To represent this county at the First Minnesota Conservation and Agricultural Congress, Governor A. O. Eberhart has officially named a list of delegates to the meeting which will be held in St. Paul March 16-19. While the meetings of the congress will be open to everyone, and the governor in his proclamation, urges every citizen of Minnesota to attend if possible, the delegates have been named to insure every county being well represented.

In connection with the congress an exposition will be held which will be free to all and only rivaled by the state fair when it comes to giving a graphic idea of the resources of every county in the state. Among the speakers will be Richard A. Ballinger, Secretary of the Interior; and Gifford Pinchot, former Chief Forester.

The following are the delegates named by the governor to represent this county at the congress:

Carl Berswinger, of Anton; Alexis Bergerson, Abram Paquin, John B. Herbert, Jos. Pigeon, all of Brooks; Ole Geving, Edward Iverson, Peder Sullaad, John Markeson, of Brundeberg; E. H. Besancon, Jos. V. Hoofman, Jas. Johnson, of Erie, Sam Lovaas, Olaf Tande, of Garness; Edw. E. Havik, of Grit; Anthony Danneker, of High Landing; Peter Hadleen and Chas. Henry of Kratka; John C. Hagen of Lost; K. K. Sammes of Lillo; Peter Gustafson of Rodney; C. D. Whaley, Henry Lemieux, P. C. Nedchill, H. B. Laplante, John Aldin, of Plummer; George Singer of Rhoda; Julius Olson of Rudell; A. D. Brown of Neptune; Wm. C. L. Demenn, Chas. Seegar, Geo. Walker, Ed. Enright, Jas. Laurent, Louis Perrault, John P. Bagan, Ildarge Barll, Evangelist Quesaell, A. D. Roepelie, Marcell Patnode, all of Red Lake; Sander Engebretson, Nels K. Anderson, Ed A. Aubol, Herbert Haupt, N. A. Nelson, of St. Hiluire; Peter Engelstad, Martin Fodstad, A. B. Newton, L. J. Parbst, of Thief River; also Magnus Winborg, Clerf Larson, Chas. Knox, Nels O. Nora, Denis Connely, of Thief River; Anton Knudson and T. G. Helle of Torgenson; Leon Huot, Chas. Johnson, Ed Crown, C. A. Lindquist, John Power, all of Wylie.

Obituary.

Mrs. Lovie Miller, an account of whose death and funeral was published in the last issue of the Gazette, was one of the pioneers of Red Lake county and of Gervais township, having resided here thirty years. She came to Minnesota with her husband in 1880.

Fannie Pearl Des Lamparcy was born at St. Martin, Canada, and at the time of her death was seventy-four years old. On Aug. 17, 1860, she and Mr. Miller were married at St. Martin, Canada. Before coming to Red Lake county the family resided in Clinton county, New York, for many years.

Deceased is survived by her husband, Levio Miller, now seventy-one years old, and four sons and two daughters. The sons, Samuel and Joseph of Red Lake Falls, Napoleon of Grand Rapids, Minn., and Peter of Sand Point, Idaho, were at their mother's bedside at the time of her death. The daughters, Mrs. Jos. Patnode and Mrs. B. Westover, both of Harlem, Idaho, were not here for the funeral.

Peter Peterson and Roy Franklin of Alexandria were guests of the former's brother, Julius Peterson of the Gazette force, Monday.

SETTING A TRAP FOR THE GOVERNOR

County Option People Had a Hole Fixed for Governor to Drop in.

But the Governor Talked Too Much and Spoiled the Whole Show.

St. Paul, February 22. The real animus of the proposed county option convention—that is the animus of the politicians who are back of the move, may be seen in the totally uncalled for attack Mr. Youngdahl, the superintendent of the anti-saloon league, has seen fit to make on Governor Eberhart, after the governor had declined to fall into the trap the superintendent and his conferers had set for him.

Setting a Trap.

That their design was to entrap Governer Eberhart into making a declaration of his attitude toward county option, when they asked him to welcome the delegates to the county option convention to St. Paul, is apparent. The request was eminently illogical. In the first place the convention needed no welcome to the capitol city. It is its right to meet here if it is so desired. In the next place if the county optionists were so bashful as to be unable to enter upon their duties without encouragement from St. Paul, the mayor of the city ought to have been asked to lend his countenance. In his absence he could and doubtless would have found a fitting substitute who would have given the anti-saloon league the desired boost.

Criticism Disarmed.

But really Youndahl cared nothing about that. He was out gunning for Eberhart against whom the professional temperance reformers appear to imagine they have a grievance. So they asked him to talk at the convention. The governor took the wind completely out of their sails by consenting. If he had been satisfied to let it go at that the governor would clearly have had the best of it, for the county option people had no doubt anticipated a refusal from the governor or an evasion. In either case he would have been attacked. Having consented the governor's enemies were completely disarmed.

An Unfortunate Gift.

Unfortunately the governor has the fatal gift of speech. If there is anything he delights in more than seeing his name in print, it is hearing the sound of his own voice. He never loses an occasion for exuberant verbosity. It was so in this case. To the first reporter who came along he could not forbear unbosoming himself as to what he intended to say to the county option people and as to what he intended not to say. It was again a case of the voluble bird who talked too much.

The Governor's Hands Tied.

Not that any reasonable person could find fault with what the governor told the reporter. We all recognize the fact that the governor of the state and the leader of the party cannot be completely divorced from the individual. By virtue of position Governor Eberhart is the official head in this state of the Republican party. Any views given by him in matters of state are at once recognized by Republican voters as the expression of party attitude. When Governor Eberhart declares for the extention of agricultural education it is perfectly well understood that he commits the Republican party to that policy. When he takes a stand for conservation it is recognized that he takes the stand for the Republican administration and the members of the legislature loyal to the Republican party. Likewise, when Governor Eberhart commits himself to capitol grounds extention and the spending of two or three millions in capitol approaches we recognise in his voice that of Republican leadership as we recognize in the liquidation of the Seebury claim the Republican way of discharging a political trust.

(Continued on Page Four.)

THE BIG MEETING HELD AT BEMIDJI

Organized Effort to do Things for Northern Minnesota's Development.

Permanent Organization, Northern Minnesota Development Association, Organized.

Delegates from thirty counties in northern Minnesota were in attendance at the big development and reapportionment meeting held at Bemidji last Thursday and Friday. It was an enthusiastic gathering and an association, to be known as the Northern Minnesota Development association, was organized. Branches of the general association are to be organized in each county.

Of course the matter of reapportionment received much consideration at the meeting. The convention in resolutions adopted went on record as follows:

"Whereas, the representation of the northern half of the State in the State Legislature is conceded to be wholly inequitable and unjust in view of the rapid growth in population of that part of the state as compared with other portions, and

"Whereas, this condition is contrary both to the letter and spirit of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota and to every principal of right and justice,

"Be it resolved, that this Association demands imperatively that a reapportionment be made at the coming session of the Legislature that shall remedy this condition on a basis which will give to all parts of the state equal representation both in the Senate and in the House according to the population as shown by the United States census of 1910.

"Be it further resolved, that to this end; we recommend that all candidates for the Senate and for the House of Representatives from the counties included in this organization be required to pledge themselves to work and to vote for such a law regardless of their personal or political interests and that those who fail to make such pledge be refused support at the polls without regard to party.

"Be it further resolved, that all political parties be requested to insert in their platforms a plank pledging the early passage of a just reapportionment law."

Many other questions effecting northern Minnesota were discussed. The convention went on record as favoring legislative action submitting to the people of the state a constitutional amendment providing for a one mill property tax for road purposes, the fund to be raised by such tax to be distributed by the state highway commission. It is also suggested by resolution that the state board of investment dispose of, at the earliest possible opportunity, enough of the bonds of other states to secure and loan to the people of this state the money essential for state development, especially for roads, drainage and schools.

The activity of the state drainage board and of the federal government in making surveys is approved and the campaign of the federation of commercial clubs for a state appropriation of $100,000 per year for advertising under direction of the immigration department was endorsed.

More provision for agricultural and industrial education is urged. Resolutions bearing on this subject were adopted as follows:

"Be it resolved, that the state of Minnesota should, proceeding along similar lines to those by which it has built up its excellent system of urban, graded and high schools, build up a system of rural, township and graded high schools which shall fully meet the needs of our rural population and shall insure to them in their home schools as much instruction in elementary agriculture, manual training and home economics as it is possible to give.

"Further be it resolved, that we recommend to the State Legislature the establishment of a Rural High School Board whose duties it shall be to foster and direct the building up of an efficient system of rural schools."

Northern Minnesota has spoken very emphatically and it is expected that the united effort being made will bring about better conditions.

Alex F. Lattimore, editor of the Eleven Towns, published at Erie, has been in town this week. Mr. Lattimore is interested in the ditch proceedings before the county board. He returned to Erie this morning.

FINAL CLEARANCE SALE

HIGH GRADE SUITS AND OVERCOATS

We must make room for our immense stock of Spring Clothing and rather than pack away a lot of goods. we will offer them at a big loss to ourselves. They are all Fall 1909 goods, no old, shop-worn or out of date goods---we haven't that kind---but only Fall 1909 Kuppenheimer and Clothcraft Suits---right up-to-date goods. Our loss is your gain. We must have the room and it does not improve goods to pack them away, so we will take our loss now rather than next fall. Goods are not as heavy now-a-days as they used to be, so these suits are suitable for spring and summer wear.

$15.00 to $1800 Clothcraft Suits at **$12.50**

Choice of any $25 to $27.50 Kuppenheimer suit **$18.90**

$11.00 to $13.50 Clothcraft Suits at **$9.75**

Choice of any $18 to $22.50 Suit at **$16.50**

OVERCOATS AT THE SAME REDUCTIONS

Come and see for yourselves and you will say that we are offering you the best we have. This sale will last until March 1, 1910.

Have you seen our Dress Goods yet? Come and see the latest, it will interest you. The latest styles from European and American Mills, especially strong values at 50c and 60c. All-wool goods.

A Fore-word About Suits.

We will have a big line of Ladies, Suits at $10.50. Beautiful suits of all-wool materials, hand tailored, at $15. Don't do anything till you see our line. We will surprise you.

What about that Gordon Hat? It's here ready for you.
And what about a pair of stylish Shoes? Our spring styles are ready for you now,

Remember, it pays to trade at

THE BIG STORE

DELINQUENT TAX LIST

For Red Lake County, Minnesota

Showing Delinquents On the First Monday of January, 1910

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }
District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

The State of Minnesota, to all persons, companies, or corporations who have or claim any estate, right, title or interest in, claim to, or lien upon any of the several parcels of land described in the list hereto attached.

The list of taxes and penalties on real property for the County of Red Lake remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1910, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of District Court of said County, of which that hereto attached is a copy. Therefore you and each of you are hereby required to file in the office of said Clerk, on or before the twentieth day after the publication of this notice and list, your answer in writing, setting forth any objection or defense you may have to the taxes, or any part thereof, upon any parcel of land described in said list, in, to or on which you have or claim any estate, right, title, interest, claim or lien, and, in default thereof, judgment will be entered against such parcel of land for the taxes on said list appearing against it, and for all penalties, interest, and costs.

(Court Seal) C. W. JOHNSON,
Clerk of District Court of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

List of Real Property, For the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on which Taxes remained delinquent on the first Monday in January A. D. 1910.

TOWN OF STAR

Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Thirty-nine (39).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Albert Gilbertson	NW¼	9	19.84
Lars C. Tevig	SW¼	28	20.72

TOWN OF REINER

Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Thirty-Nine (39).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Anton Sronsky	SE¼	31	27.91

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151), Range Forty (40).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Olaf G. Jore	S½ of NW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	2	26.96
C. H. Underdahl	SE¼	5	31.34
John L. Bush	SE¼ of NW¼ and Lots 2, 3, 4 and 5	6	20.20
Ove Westad	NE¼	12	28.08
N. A. Evans	SE¼	13	24.05
J. W. Pidden	NE¼	15	53.45
L. E. Zegler	SE¼	16	53.59
Torjus Larson	NE¼	17	50.18
John Larson	E½ of SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	19	54.96
Unknown	SE¼ of NE¼	19	5.54
Mary Lide	W½ of SW¼	20	28.48
Mary Lide	S½ of NW¼	20	21.08
John Lorentzen	SE¼ of SE¼	20	31.67
John Lorentzen	N½ of NW¼	28	
John Lorentzen	NE¼ of NE¼	29	
K. K. Stones	NE¼	22	71.04
Gunder Helgesen	SW¼ of SW¼, E½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SE¼	23	65.96
Jorgen E. Askeland	E½ of SE¼	24	30.12
Ole D. Holmo	NW¼	27	70.33
O. K. Lee	SW¼	27	75.61
Wm. M. Stone	E½ of SW¼, SW¼ of SE¼, and Lot 6	31	75.95
Walter P. Stone	N½ of NE¼ and E½ of NW¼	32	28.05
Geo. F. Bender	NE¼	33	21.73
Aslak Knudson	SE¼	34	56.30
John H. Akre, Sr.	SW¼	34	29.07
Knud G. Krossen	NE¼	35	56.86
Erick Anderson	NE¼	36	53.92
Unknown	NE¼ of SE¼	14	6.83
Unknown	NE¼	16	18.23
Unknown	NE¼ of SW¼	22	4.58
Unknown	N½ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SE¼, 1907 & 1908	36	28.91

TOWN OF EQUALITY

Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152), Range Forty (40).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Aslak Thompson	W½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SE¼	26	22.76
Morten Iverson	Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8	26	29.42
Ralph H. Green	SW¼ of SW¼, and Lots 6, 7 and 8	32	30.52
Sam Gunderson	NW¼	35	37.78
Signe Johnson	NE¼	35	28.23

TOWN OF DEER PARK

Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152), Range Forty (40).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Knut Olson	SE¼	5	26.16
Clarence Hayford	NW¼	17	32.67
William Pallbrook	SW¼	17	25.70
Oscar E. Lillo	NE¼	18	29.23
Wilson L. Rehmin	NE¼	19	28.63
John Olson	E½ of SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	19	25.70

TOWN OF HIGH LANDING.

Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John Peller	S½ of NE¼ and Lots 1 and 2	2	27.91
Edward Olson	SE¼	3	25.16
Ole Olving	S½ of NW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	5	27.96
Herman Helverson	NE¼	7	28.36
Frank A. Zavoral	SW¼	7	26.79
Raymond Arndt	SW¼	13	25.04
Herfold G. Oelld	S½ of NW¼	23	12.39
John Gillis	SW¼	24	23.10
Sivert Lysbakken	NE¼	26	23.93
Ole H. Haugen	NE¼	27	26.09
Anna K. Thoreson	NW¼	27	24.35
Thomas S. Jacobson	Lot 1	28	32.75
Thomas S. Jacobson	NW¼ of NE¼ and Lots 1 and 2	29	
Daniel Sullivan	N½ of SE¼ and Lots 9 and 10	29	29.73

TOWN OF GOODRIDGE

Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Range Forty (40).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Sever Bergen	SE¼	8	24.84
Demaugh O'Brien	SE¼	17	24.39
Osmund Urdahl	E½ of NW¼ and Lots 1 and 2	18	24.94
Chas. E. Schuster	NE¼	20	24.94
William Biswers	SW¼	26	24.84

TOWN OF GOODRIDGE—(Continued)

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty (40)—(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Nels M. Ol[illegible]n	NW¼	39	24.99
Peter Blach[illegible]man	SE¼	33	25.07
Albert Ar[illegible]nix	SW¼	34	24.84

TOWN OF LAMBERT

Township One Hundred Fifty (150) Range Forty-one (41)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Little Falls & Dakota Ry. Co.	SE¼ of NE¼	1	15.37
H. K. Lee	W½ of SW¼, SW¼ of SW¼ and Lot 4	1	46.08
Rosalie Pochefort, et al	SE¼ of SW¼	6	9.75
P. P. Merriman	S½ of NW¼	9	34.38
Signe Ellingson	80 by 120 feet of SW¼ of SE¼	10	3.62
C. H. Halvorson	NE¼	11	55.99
A. S. Butler	N½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼	14	23.22
August Deymonnoz	W½ of SW¼	22	11.32
Joseph A. Lambert	NW¼	23	16.82
Gesse & Duffy	W½ of SE¼	23	11.21
Hiram P. Wells	E½ of SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	31	45.00
Geo. Q. Erskine	SE¼	31	44.42
O. K. Lee	W½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼	33	32.94
Tilda A. Bank	NE¼	34	38.72
Michael Lux	N½ of SW¼ and N½ of SE¼	34	30.21
John Evenson	SE¼ of SW¼ and S½ of SE¼	35	16.92
John Evenson	SE¼ of SE¼	36	7.54

TOWN OF GARNES

Township One Hundred Fifty-one (151), Range Forty-one (41)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Ole Swenson	Lots 3 and 4 and S½ of NW¼	1	10.77
Bertha E. Evans	W½ of SW¼, SE¼ of SW¼ and Lots 2 and 2	4	12.16
Elsie Haaven	S½ of SE¼ and S½ of SW¼	9	22.66
John Houdt	NW¼	12	20.87
William Erickson	NE¼ of SE¼	14	9.55
C. L. Hansen	NE¼ of NE¼ and Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8	25	57.60
Vizal C. Ose	NW¼ of NW¼, S½ of NW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼	25	35.20
Henry J. Enderle	Lot 1	25	6.73
Sven O. Oland	NW¼ of SE¼	25	11.73
Ewing & Murphy	NE¼ of NE¼	29	3.64
Louis Hince	SW¼ of SE¼	34	7.55
O. N. Skonndahl	S½ of SW¼	36	14.53

TOWN OF GARNES

Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152), Range Forty-one (41)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
George Gunderson	Lots 4 and [illegible]	29	12.88

TOWN OF MAYFIELD

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-one (41).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Magnus Olson	SW¼	4	23.42
Isaac Dahlin	SE¼	6	27.23
Charley Wilson	SE¼	7	23.42
Edward L. Miller	SW¼	8	30.07
E. G. Bagstad	NE¼	9	25.46
Mrs. Julia A. Bergh	NW¼	17	19.22
J. A. Duffy	SE¼	19	18.35

TOWN OF KRATKA

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Carl Harlin	SW¼	3	20.98
Ernest L. Quist	NW¼	10	14.38
Martha Lee	NW¼	13	25.84
Alfred Bakke	NE¼	13	24.55
Andrew D. Gullingsrud	SE¼	14	25.55
Lars K. Vindlos	Lots 3 and 6	21	8.64
Lars K. Vindlos	Lot 13	22	
Knut K. Austin	NW¼ of NE¼ and Lots 3, 8 and 9	22	21.16
Knut K. Austin	Lot 3	27	
Simon O'Toole	SE¼	25	13.12
Louis O. Kongelf	NE¼	23	20.81

TOWN OF CLOVER LEAF

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-one (41).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Thomas Bednorchik	SE¼	9	5.07
John O'Donnell	SE¼	10	17.88
Lena DuChamp	NE¼	16	24.85
Frank Kratochvil	SE¼	16	22.08
Edith E. Quist	E½ of NW¼ and Lots 1 and 2	19	12.90
W. B. Boyce	SW¼	23	23.97
Hans Olson	SE¼	23	23.79
John Kjesbo	NW¼	33	28.56
Peder Sulland	SE¼	34	33.06

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER

Township One hundred fifty (150), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Rosalie Bochefort, et al	SE¼ of SE¼	2	10.85
C. F. Case	SE¼	3	36.51
Oliver Demers for years 1906 and 1906	SW¼ of NW¼	3	108.54
Oliver Demers, for years 1907 and 1908	SE¼ of NE¼ and Lots 1 and 2	4	
H. C. Doughty	SW¼ of NE¼ and Lot 2	6	12.62
G. P. Baker	W½ of SW¼	5	
G. P. Baker	E½ of SE¼	6	27.83
Norcisse Martineau	W½ of SE¼	7	16.49
John A. Hanson	Und. half of NE¼	10	18.26
Henrik Strom	Und. half of NE¼	10	18.28
Walter P. Stone	E½ of NE¼ and E½ of SE¼	12	20.91
Alex Bushea et al	E½ of SW¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	14	20.22
Albert Meyers	SW¼	16	28.82
Christian Hallas	NW¼	23	22.92
Christian Hallas	SW¼	25	28.96
N. L. Lewis	E½ of NE¼	36	17.49
N. L. Lewis	W½ of NE¼	36	17.03

TOWN OF POPLAR RIVER
Townsite of Brooks

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty $ cts
Tri State Land Co.		1	6	2.31
Delore Paquin		13	6	8.37
Delore Paquin		14	6	8.37
H. Premo		1	8	5.00
W. S. Pennington		1	9	24.63
W. S. Pennington		2	9	.91
Delore Paquin		3	9	12.55
Harvey J. Premo		4	9	6.60

TOWN OF EMARDVILLE

Township One hundred Fifty-one (151), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John C. Mathews	SW¼ of NW¼	1	5.03
J. W. Pahlen	E½ of NW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	2	23.59
Ellsworth & Jones	SW¼ of SE¼	2	42.06
Ellsworth & Jones	E½ of NW¼ and NW¼ of NE¼	11	
D. B. Stevens	SW¼ of SW¼ and N½ of SW¼	3	14.30
D. B. Stevens	E½ of NE¼	4	15.42

TOWN OF EMARDVILLE (Continued)

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-two (42)—(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
B. B. Stevens	SW¼ of NE¼, E½ of NW¼ and Lots 2 and 3	4	30.82
B. B. Stevens	SW¼ of NW¼ and Lot 4 (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	4	15.80
D. B. Stevens	NE¼ of SE¼	6	6.37
Benjamin Clements	SE¼	7	34.19
E. B. Clough	SE¼	10	36.43
Frank Enderle	SE¼ of SE¼	12	18.70
M. O. Sortedahl	W½ of SW¼, SE¼ of SW¼	13	56.69
M. O. Sortedahl	NW¼ of NW¼	24	
M. O. Sortedahl	S½ of SW¼ and S½ of SE¼	14	48.92
Ed. L. Healy	NE¼	15	64.28
J. W. Eckman	NW¼ of SE¼	17	8.24
Tom Pederson	NE¼	21	25.61
Brodie Bredeson	NE¼ of NW¼	26	8.22
Higinbotham & Germo	Lot 2	30	......
Higinbotham & Germo	Lot 1	31	12.52
L. C. Simons	NW¼ of SE¼	36	5.16

TOWN OF WYANDOTTE

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Lars P. Brandrud	SW¼	9	28.76
Healy & Brown	Lot 3	24	6.94
Abel W. Osgood	SE¼	25	11.42
Ness & Johnson	S½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NE¼	28	41.34
Henry P. Fisher	S½ of NE¼	33	21.00
D. B. Stevens	S½ of SW¼	33	27.77
Henry P. Fisher	S½ of NW¼	34	10.74
J. W. Pahlen	S½ of SW¼	35	8.91

TOWN OF SMILEY

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Wallace K. Nichols	SE¼ of SE¼ and Lot 1	6	17.77
Wallace K. Nichols	Lots 6 and 7	7	
Albert J. Narum	SE¼	11	18.07
Carl J. Larson	SE¼	12	12.54
H. J. Hastvelt	E½ of NW¼ and Lots 2 and 3	19	19.68
John Rime	NE¼ for years 1907 and 1908	22	65.92
Annie Cernnusek	SW¼	26	32.99
Charles J. Knox	NE¼	27	32.94
Annie Salempen	S W¼ of SW¼	29	3.05
Charles C. Larson	SE¼	31	61.03
Torval S. Iverson	SW¼	36	31.22

TOWN OF SILVERTON

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Mat Stuska	NW¼	23	41.66

TOWN OF TERREBONNE

Township One hundred fifty (150), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
J. J. Jerard	W½ of SE¼, SE¼ of NE¼ and Lot 2	1	40.69
Marcellina Thibert	254 by 265 feet out of S½ of SW¼	2	1.98
Louis St. Yves	NE¼	7	60.30
Adelard Laurent	N½ of SW¼ exc 20 acres	8	7.92
Hosanna Prenevost	SE¼	10	46.80
C. M. Goodyear	SW¼	13	49.32
Timothy Foley & J. R. Swain	SE¼	15	41.92
Alfred Collins	SE¼ of SW¼ and Lots 2, 3 and 4	19	50.86
Alfred Collins	W½ of SE¼	19	24.68
Alfred Helling	NW¼	29	78.32

TOWN OF GERVAIS

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Christ Erickson	NE¼	16	39.66
Pheobe Walker	SE¼	16	39.66
Samuel Miller	NE¼ of NW¼	21	6.53
Frank O'Meara	S½ of NE¼, NW¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼	22	61.23
Lula Haslet	S½ of SW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼	25	32.84
Lula Haslet	NE¼ of SE¼	26	
M. O. Sortedahl	W½ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼	26	33.36
Julia Benson	E½ of NE¼ and E½ of SE¼	27	37.70
M. O. Sortedahl	SW¼ of SE¼	27	7.84
Christ G. Olson	N½ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼	29	34.33
Christ G. Olson	NE¼ of SE¼	30	
J. C. Mathews	S½ of SE¼, NW¼ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SW¼	29	35.18
Christ G. Olson	N½ of NE¼	31	15.72
M. O. Sortedahl	N½ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼	34	42.89
Herman Hochmeister	N½ of SW¼	35	15.63
David C. Jordan	SW¼	38	23.07
David C. Jordan	W½ of SE¼	36	15.69

TOWN OF RIVER FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Wis. Minn. & Pac. Ry. Co.	Lots 3 and 4	3	12.79
W. L. Barclay	S½ of SW¼ and SE¼ of SE¼	3	37.54
W. L. Barclay	E½ of NE¼	9	21.53
W. L. Barclay	SE¼	9	42.98
W. L. Barclay	SW¼	10	33.24
W. L. Barclay	SE¼	10	31.32
W. L. Barclay	W½ of NW¼ and W½ of SW¼	11	32.23
W. L. Barclay	NE¼ of SW¼	11	9.81
W. L. Barclay	NE¼	15	36.90
W. L. Barclay	NW¼	15	36.90
W. L. Barclay	N½ of SE¼	15	18.94
Henry Swanson	Lot 2	18	11.44
Ole Wedeul	SE¼ of SW¼	25	13.46
Lydia E. Howie	NE¼	30	20.57

TOWN OF RIVER FALLS
Branneness Addition to St. Hilaire

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty $ cts
Carl Person		9	1	.12
Carl Person		3	1	.12
Carl Person		10	1	.12
Carl Person		1	2	.12
Carl Person		2	2	.12
Carl Person		3	2	.12
Carl Person		4	2	.12
Carl Person		6	2	.12
Carl Person		8	2	.12
Carl Person		7	2	.12
Carl Person		1	2	.42
Carl Person		3	2	.12
Carl Person		5	3	.18

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John Bahle	Lots 12 and 13 and S½ of SE¼	1	12.74
Helma Johnson	SW¼ of NE¼	8	6.36
Helma Johnson	N½ of SE¼	8	8.58
O. B. Helgeson	N½ of NW¼	16	12.88
O. A. Aubol	Lot 5	18	3.81
Hannah S. Kolp, for years 1907 and 1908	E½ of SW¼ and W½ of SE¼	27	31.33
George Crocker	Lot 9	28	3.20
Elizabeth McAndress	Lot 3 and unplatted portion of Lots 4 and 5	33	5.37
Carrie Bergland	W½ of SE¼	33	17.02
Wis. Minn. & Pac. Ry. Co.	S½ of NW¼	34	16.95

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY
(Continued)
Crocker Cundy and Nelson's 2nd Addition to St. Hilaire, Minn.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	Block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
St. Hilaire Lumber Co.	23 Lots all	56½	.87
J. W. Wheeler	1 Lot all	57	.10
J. W. Wheeler	24 Lots all	58	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	59	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	60	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	61	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	62	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	63	.21
J. W. Wheeler	Lot 24 of	64	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	23 Lots (all exc. Lot 24) of	64	.32
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	65	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	66	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	67	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	14 Lots all	68	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	69	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	70	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	71	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	72	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	73	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	74	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	75	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	76	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	77	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	78	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	79	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	80	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	81	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	92	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	83	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	84	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	85	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots all	86	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	8 Lots all	87	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	88	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	89	.21
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 1 to 5 inclusive of	90	.03
First National Bank of Crookston	Lot 6 of	90	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 7 to 12 inclusive of	90	.13
First National Bank of Crookston	21 Lots all	91	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	92	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	93	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	9 Lots all	94	3.28
First National Bank of Crookston	24 Lots all	95	.37
First National Bank of Crookston	12 Lots all	96	.17
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 1 to 3 inclusive	97	.04
Ole O. Ordal	Lots 4 of	97	.04
Edward Kilos	Lots 5 and 6 of	97	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 7 and 8 of	97	.04
Armstrong & Bushel	Lot 9 of	97	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 10, 11 and 12 of	97	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 1 to 16 of	98	.29
Karl N. Pepin	Lot 17 of	98	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	Lots 18 to 23 inclusive of	98	.13
Karl N. Pepin	Lot 24 of	98	.04
First National Bank of Crookston	6 Lots of	99	.17

TOWN OF NORTH

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Mayme Knox	SE¼ of SW¼	21	13.17
Mayme Knox	That part of N½ of SW¼ and S½ of NW¼, East of G. N. Ry. R. of Way	21	29.05
Mayme Knox	SE¼ and SW¼ of NE¼	21	87.84
Mayme Knox	Lots 1 and 2	22	26.06
Laura Simondson	16 acres in W½ of SW¼	28	10.67

TOWN OF NORTH
Townsite of Fairfield

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	description	lot block	Total Tax and Penalty $ cts
S. M. Poston		1	.75
F. C. Eshelby		2	.80
Rosa Lewis		17	1.24
J. J. Sutton		43	1.35
Geo. R. Lanning		45	1.35
H. L. Dudley		66	.89
Elizabeth Holst		69	1.35
Wm. E. Shaw		70	1.36

TOWN OF NORTH
Thief River Addition to Townsite of Fairfield.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty $ cts
N. A. Lundblad		3	1	2.89
Even Lee		4	1	2.98

TOWN OF NORTH
Park Addition to Thief River Falls

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty $ cts
Andrew Stenseth		2	2	.38
P. O. Johnson		3	2	.36
P. O. Johnson		4	2	.36
P. O. Johnson		5	2	.35
P. O. Johnson		6	2	.44
P. O. Johnson		7	2	.69
Andrew Stenseth		8	2	.63
P. O. Johnson		9	2	.69
Andrew Stenseth		10	2	.30
P. O. Johnson	Out Lot		B	.30

TOWN OF LAKE PLEASANT

Township One hundred fifty (150), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Evangelist Quesnell	S½ of NE¼ and S½ of NW¼	12	20.80
George W. Woodward	SW¼	13	13.04
M. O. Sortedahl	SE¼	23	81.67
J. B. Keeler	NE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	28	26.01
M. T. O'Brien	SE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	28	11.61
L. O. Brown	NW¼	33	24.36

TOWN OF RED LAKE FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
E. C. Hags	S½ of NW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	3	36.68
Eckart & Williams	Lots 6 and 7	8	17.70
Grant Van Sant	NE¼	8	32.53
Mary V. Hall	SW¼	9	39.34
Mary V. Hall	33 rods east and west and 88.88 rods North and South in SW¼ of SE¼	9	7.48
Thomas McNarthnay	W½ of NE¼	11	33.76

TOWN OF RED LAKE FALLS
(Continued)

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-four (44)—(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Ole Christofferson	Lots 6, 7 and 8	17	11.08
J. E. Murphy	Lot 2	19	5.88
Ovide Emard	W½ of SE¼	24	10.99
Wilfred Laframboise	S½ of NE¼ and Lots 2 and 3	24	13.82
C. F. Case	E½ of SE¼	26	20.17

TOWN OF BLACK RIVER

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Sam Thompson	E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼	18	28.40
Western Land Co.	NE¼	16	80.94
John A. Duffy	SE¼	20	30.82
First Nat'l Bank of Paterson, Iowa	NE¼	22	18.34
Ed. L. Healy	SW¼	22	22.88
First Nat'l Bank of Paterson, Iowa	NW¼	28	18.68
W. G. Vendenberg	SW¼	23	16.76
Thomas J. Baldwin	NW¼	25	15.06
Ellswood Lee	N½ of NE¼	26	13.47
Albert Lee	S½ of NE¼	26	13.33
A. H. Maas	SE¼	34	18.87
Van Sant Land Co.	SW¼	35	21.02

TOWN OF SANDERS

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. F. George	SW¼ of NW¼ and Lot 4, for taxes for 1907 and 1908	3	47.40
C. F. Case	E½ of SW¼, SE¼ of NW¼ and NW¼ of SE¼	7	19.72
Nor. Real Est. & Mtg. Co.	Lot 4	7	5.97
J. M. Olson	SW¼ of SW¼	16	9.71
I. W. Karl	NW¼	25	52.48
John Brandvold	S½ of SW¼	27	28.15
John Brandvold	NE¼ of NW¼ and NW¼ of NW¼	34	
Lizzie F. Blunt	NW¼	28	40.26
Alfred J. Larson	SE¼	31	24.33
Chas. E. Lewis	W½ of NE¼ and W½ of SE¼	16	13.72

TOWN OF NORDEN

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1909.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	NE¼ of SW¼, N½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SE¼	17	28.99

TOWN OF LOUISVILLE

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
N. E. Gaass	SW¼	2	16.87
Annette Damon	W½ of SE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	5	21.83
St. Paul M. & M. Ry. Co.	Lots 2 and 3	5	22.08
Philomene Bolvin	W½ of SE¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	6	22.42
Frank Patch	E½ of SW¼ and Lots 3 and 4	7	46.90
Western Land Co.	SW¼	8	45.60
St. Paul M. & M. Ry. Co.	SW¼	9	45.50
Clorintha Berry	S½ of SW¼ and S½ of SE¼	10	19.30
Ban Kelley	SE¼	18	55.69
Dan Lalendresse	Lot 8	25	2.86
G. A. Orussendorf	Lots 7, 9 and 10	28	27.58

TOWN OF POLK CENTRE

Township One hundred fifty-two (152), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John Grove	E½ of NE¼	5	11.24
John Grove	NE¼ of SE¼	5	5.91
Mason City Loan & Trust Co.	NE¼	6	14.83
B. W. Anderson	SW¼	9	18.52
F. W. Heller	NE¼	7	15.17
John S. & Lewis O. Johnson	SE¼	7	19.26
John Grove	NE¼ of SE¼	9	5.36
John Grove	NE¼ of NW¼	15	5.82
Fred Richards	NE¼	18	19.49
P. E. Smidesang	100 by 250 feet out of NE¼	25	17.28
Mpls. & St. Cloud Ry. Co.	SW¼ of NE¼	28	6.85
Annette Damon	NE¼	30	29.89
W. E. Howle	SW¼	32	27.37
Jessie W. Gleason	NE¼ of SE¼	33	9.18
Eckert & Williams	S½ of NE¼, NE¼ of SE¼ and SE¼ of NW¼	35	32.51

TOWN OF BRAY

Township One hundred fifty-three (153), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. E. Haney	SE¼	7	20.77
John Grove	W½ of SW¼	16	9.99
J. E. Switzer	NE¼	18	21.31
J. E. Switzer	S½ of NW¼	18	11.22
John Grove	W½ of SW¼	27	10.87
J. & A. Dahlen	N½ of NW¼ and SW¼ of NE¼	27	13.42
F. J. Blake	NE¼	30	13.96
Axel F. Kron	E½ of NW¼ and E½ of SW¼	32	22.02
Hans Hanson	NW¼ of SE¼	35	14.24

TOWN OF NUMEDAL

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-five (45).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Dirk G. Manne	SE¼	7	14.70
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	SE¼	12	84.34
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	SW¼	12	38.82
E. G. Larson	NE¼	19	32.93
J. E. Foss	SW¼	22	32.83
Sophia Olson	NW¼ of SW¼	23	10.24
Edward Savre	Und. 1-3 of the NE¼	26	8.49
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	SE¼	30	33.10
The Brainard Lbr. & Merc. Co.	NW¼	34	43.28
Arnold & Gruetemacher	NE¼	38	38.46
Arnold & Gruetsmacher	NW¼	38	38.48
Arnold & Gruetsmacher	SE¼	38	38.42
Arnold & Gruetsmacher	SW¼	38	38.42
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	SW¼	17	25.34

VILLAGE OF PLUMMER

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-two (42).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. cts
H. B. Helgen	S½ of SE¼ and SE¼ of SW¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	4	35.14
H. B. Helgen	N½ of SE¼	4	16.78
H. B. Helgen	N½ of SW¼	4	15.71
H. B. Helgen	N½ of NE¼ and NE¼ of NW¼	8	47.87
H. B. Helgen	NW¼ of NW¼	10	
Betsey Scheldrup	That part of SW¼ of SW¼ West of River	9	10.33

VILLAGE OF PLUMMER
Townsite of Plummer

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
J. H. Buskirk		9	6	17.76

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE

Township One hundred fifty-two (152) Range Forty-three (43).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. R. Peterson	9 1-3 acres along North line West of Railroad	6	9.11
H. M. Swenson	SW¼	7	49.05

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE
Original Townsite.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Lewis Sellburg		17	26	3.04
Carl F. Hellberg	Lots 3 and	4	35	1.51
A. E. Tophius	for years 1905, 1906, 1907 and 1908	6	36	1.94
Anna Abrahamson	Lots 11 and	12	37	11.27
Joseph Demars	North ½ of	3	38	.29
Joseph Bemars		8	38	3.96
Joseph Bemars		9	38	4.24
John L. Roland et al		19	38	2.53
Jonah Sanford		22	38	.94
John B. O'Brien		3	39	.94
John B. O'Brien		4	39	3.69
Mer. State Bank of St. Hilaire		9	40	5.89
Peder Anderson		5	42	.24
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		15	50	3.46
Anna L. Johnson		10	51	2.31
Tollet Thompson	Lots 1 and	2	52	5.67

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.'s 1st Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		9	78	.17
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		10	78	.17
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		11	78	.17
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.		12	78	.17
Clara Wensole		21	78	.17
Clara Wensole		22	78	.17

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.'s 2d Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
A. Stalwick	Lots 9 and	10	17	3.15

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE
Ives' Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Daniel Patterson	Lots 2 and	3	1	7.36
Louis T. Bergh		1	1	7.52

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE
Owners' Re-arrangement of Blocks 3 and 4 of Ives Addition to St. Hilaire

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
William J. Berglund		7	3	3.58

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE
Kulstad's Subdivision of Lot 11, Sec. 6, Township 152, Range 43

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
John L. Hagseth	Lots 6 and	7		2.31
A. O. Kolstad		13		1.89

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-one (151), Range Forty-four (44).

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Russel E. Vance	N½ of SE¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and Lots 1 and 3	16	92.40
Laura Bray	W½ of SW¼ of SE¼ of NE¼	27	3.22

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Original Townsite

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	Undivided ½ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	21	3	.41
St. P. M. & M. Ry. Co.	Undivided ½ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	22	3	.41
M. O. Sortedahl	All (exc. N. 44½ feet of and Ry. R. of W.)	29	3	59.57
Patrick M. Foley		13	4	3.61
Patrick M. Foley		14	4	
Patrick M. Foley		15	4	
Patrick M. Foley		16	4	
M. O. Sortedahl	Lots A, B and	C	4	29.62

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Kritzschmar's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. cts
Louis Wadekemper		10	13	.41
A. M. Miller		21	13	.41
John Ricks		2	25	.41
Kate Gjerberg		4	42	6.19
J. O. Gjerberg		5	42	1.36
J. O. Gjerberg	Lots 9 and	10	42	7.97
Peter Engels		7	43	1.36
A. H. Holden	Lots 10 and	11	43	2.73
Antoinette Moquin	Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and	12	46	22.46
Susan D. Smith		19	53	.96
John H. Whitmer	East ½ of	14	62	.56
Mellus G. Eggen		16	64	.72
John Deutchman	North 60 feet of	14	63	3.04
Anton Gunderson		4	66	2.24
Mellus G. Eggen	Lots 13, 14, 15 and	16	71	[illegible]
A. M. Miller	Lots 20, 21 and	22	71	2.16
Claud Smithal		3	81	[illegible]
Emma Oswald		1	81	[illegible]
Carl Kretzenmar		16	81	[illegible]
Nicholas Helm	Lots 13, 14 and	15	81	16.10
Freeman & Morse	Lots 16, 17 and	18	82	4.04
Mary R. Kause	Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and	5	85	[illegible]
Mary R. Kause	Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and	12	88	[illegible]
James Brady		4	91	.68
Ellen Brady		5	91	.68
James Brady	Lots 7 and	8	91	6.40
Ellen Brady	Lots 16, 17, 18 and	19	91	1.52
Oscar and Christine Mattson	Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and	12	101	3.22
Oscar and Christine Mattson	Lots 21, 22, 23 and	24	103	5.47

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Champagne & Dow's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. cts
H. H. Zaiser		9	2	32.20
T. C. O'Leary	Lots 5, 6, 7 and	8	8	27.18
Joseph Helm	West 35 feet of Lots 5 and	6	4	1.84
Joseph Helm	Lots 7 and	8	4	13.50
Joseph Helm	Lots 9, 10, 11 and	12	4	80.50
Louis Lefaivre	Lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and	12	6	49.26
Chas. N. Bourdon		13	10	23.58
Jacob Olp		12	15	7.41
Otto Ittner		17	15	4.99
Jane Bourdon	Lots 14 and	15	21	13.60
J. W. Bourdon	Lots 18 and	17	21	10.89
Albert St. Mars	Lots 17 and	18	24	9.41

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
(Continued)
Holme's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Frank R. Gutsch	Lots 6 and	7	2	.41
Frank R. Gutsch		13	2	.23
F. J. Kline	Lots 9, 10, 11 and	12	4	.72
F. J. Kline	Lots 17, 18, 19 and	20	8	.72
F. C. Brucher	Lots 3 and	4	17	.41

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Buse and Buttineau's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
G. A. Grussendorf	Lots 4, 5, 6 and	7	[illegible]	[illegible]
G. A. Gussendorf		[illegible]	[illegible]	.11
Mary Riechel		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ernest Buse	Lots [illegible] and	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. A. Duffy	Lots 4, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21.64
A. W. & J. W. Gervais	Lots 16 and	17	[illegible]	4.78
G. A. Gussendorf	Lots 18 and	[illegible]	10	1.58
G. A. Gussendorf	Lots 3, 4, 5 and	6	12	7.26
J. H. Harrison	for years 1906, 1907 and 1908, Lots 11 and	12	12	12.06

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Gottlieson's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
G. A. Grussendorf	Lots 11 and	12	2	.56
Camel Charest	Lots 17 and	[illegible]	[illegible]	.56
Oliver Charbonneau		3	[illegible]	.17
L. I. Buse		1	[illegible]	.16
August Moreau		[illegible]	[illegible]	.17
Rupert Seidenbusch		6	[illegible]	.16
Lewis Wadekemper		[illegible]	[illegible]	.36
Neah Wolf	Lots 10, 11 and	12	7	.81
G. A. Gussendorf	Lots 15, 16, 17 and	18	10	.70
Geo. Benz & Sons	Lots 2 and	3	11	.41
Arthur Lambert	Lots 13, 14 and	15	12	.56
Geo. Benz & Sons		16	14	.28

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Champagne, Dow's & Gurlett's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Joseph L. Cyr		22	16	.17

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Kritzschmar's 2nd Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
August Lindquist		5	1	.23
John P. Lindquist		24	8	.23
Berthina Helland	for years 1907 and 1908	12	17	.42
Berthina Helland	for years 1907 and 1908	1	20	.42

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
[illegible] Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Albert Patnaude	Lots 21 and	22	2	9.89
George N. Lyman	Lots 1, 2, 3 and	4	14	1.84
Wm. Hoerr	Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and	7	19	2.78
L. G. Simons		12	19	.41
Octave Lacoursiere	Lots 8 and	9	20	.96
Wm. G. Hoerr	Lots 1, 2 and	3	27	1.86
L. C. Simons	Lots 6 and	7	27	.91
Wm. G. Hoerr	Lots 21, 22, 23 and	24	27	1.04
L. C. Simons	Lots 9 and	10	41	.96
Jeff Barber	Lots 1 and	2	44	.96
Fred M. Healy	Lots 1 to 24 Inclusive		45	8.59
L. C. Simons	21 Lots all exc Lots 10, 11 and 12)		53	7.66

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Ruse & Canty's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Patrick M. Foley	Lots 22, 23 and	24	11	.55

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Langevin's Subdivision of Church Lot

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Arthur Zaiser		5	2	21.06

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Riverside Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Dubuque & Montreuil		13	2	1.36
Dubuque & Montreuil	N½ of	20	2	

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Salsbury's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Alfred Cyprianson	24 Lots all		1	6.52
Alfred Cyprianson	24 Lots all		2	6.52
Alfred Cyprianson	24 Lots all		3	6.52
Alfred Cyprianson	12 Lots all		4	3.22

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Hodgson's Subdivision of NE¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of Section 23, Township 151, Range 44.

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty $ cts
[illegible] Moran	100 feet by 135 feet in NW. Cor. of.		3	11.50

CITY OF RED LAKE FALLS
Central Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
N. M. Watson et al		1	2	.45
Adelord Bisson		11	3	10.92
N. M. Watson et al		16	4	1.84
N. M. Watson et al		16	4	9.89

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS

Township One hundred fifty-four (154), Range Forty-three (43.)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Subdivision of Section	Section	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
J. W. Wallin	5 acres of SE¼ of SW¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	33	1.72
Hanson & Barzen	3 acres of SE¼ of SW¼ (exc. Ry. R. of W.)	33	1.02
M. C. Harlow	Beginning 3330 feet East of NW. cor. of SW¼, thence S. about 80 rods, West about 40 rods, North about 80 rods, East about 40 rods, Part of NE¼ of SW¼	34	7.92

(Continued on Page Seven.)

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

Author of "Saracinesca," "Arethusa" etc., etc.

Illustrations by A. Weil

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SYNOPSIS.

[illegible]

CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

[illegible] thought you were [illegible] and the Ameri[illegible]

[illegible] indifferent answer [illegible] only time, [illegible] situation was perfect [illegible] days before I began [illegible] walked over 2,000 [illegible] Van and was none [illegible]

"It's a Grand Ruby," He Said.

Margaret was sure that she was not going to like him, as she moved on with him by her side; and Van Torp, walking with Mrs. Rushmore, was quite certain that he was Levi Logotheti, who had herded cattle with him for six months very long ago.

CHAPTER IX.

Logotheti reached his lodgings in St. James' place at six o'clock in the evening of the day on which he had promised to dine with Van Torp, and the latter's note of excuse was given to him at once. He read it, looked out of the window, glanced at it again, and threw it into the waste-paper basket without another thought. He did not care in the least about dining with the American millionaire. In fact, he had looked forward to it rather as a bore than a pleasure. He saw on his table, with his letters, a flat and almost square parcel, which the addressed label told him contained the Archaeological Report of the Egyptian Exploration Fund, and he had heard that the new number would contain an account of a papyrus recently discovered at Oxyrrhynchus, on which some new fragments of Pindar had been found. No dinner that could be devised, and no company that could be asked to meet him at it, could be half as delightful as that to the man who so deeply loved the ancient literature of his country, and he made up his mind at once that he would not even take the trouble to go to a club, but would have a bird and a salad in his rooms.

Unhappily for his peace and his anticipated feast of poetry, he looked through his letters to see if there were one from Margaret, and there was only a colored postcard from Bayreuth, with the word "greetings" scrawled beside the address in her large hand. Next to the card, however, there was a thick letter addressed in a commercial writing he remembered but could not at once identify; and though it was apparently a business communication, and could therefore have waited till the next morning, when his secretary would come as usual, he opened it out of mere curiosity to know whence it came.

It was from Mr. Pinney, the jeweler, and it contained a full and conscientious account of the whole affair of the theft, from the moment when Logotheti and Van Torp had gone out together until Mr. Pinney had locked up the stone in his safe again, and Baraka and Spiro had been lodged in Brixton jail. The envelope contained also a cutting from the newspaper similar to the one Margaret had received from Lady Maud.

Logotheti laid the letter on the table and looked at his watch. It was now a quarter past six, and old-fashioned shops like Pinney's close rather early in the dull season, when few customers are to be expected and the days are not so long as they have been. In the latter part of August, in London, the sun sets soon after seven o'clock, and Logotheti realized that he had no time to lose.

As he drove quickly up towards Bond street, he ran over the circumstances in his mind, and came to the conclusion that Baraka had probably been the victim of a trick, though he did not exclude the bare possibility that she might be guilty.

He found Mr. Pinney in the act of turning the discs of the safe before going home and leaving his shopman to shut up the place. He smiled with grave satisfaction when Logotheti entered.

"I was hoping to see you, sir," he said. "I presume that you had my letter? I wrote out the account with great care, as you may imagine, but I shall be happy to go over the story with you if there is any point that is not clear."

Logotheti did not wish to hear it; he wished to see the ruby. Mr. Pinney turned the discs again to their places, stuck the little key into the secret keyhole which then revealed itself, turned it three times to the left and five times to the right, and opened the heavy iron door. The safe was an old-fashioned one that had belonged to his father before him. He got out the japanned tin box, opened that, and produced the stone, still in its paper, for it was too thick to be put into one of Mr. Pinney's favorite pill boxes.

Logotheti undid the paper, took out the big uncut ruby, laid it in the palm of his hand, and looked at it critically, turning it over with one finger from time to time. He took it to the door of the shop, where the evening light was stronger, and examined it with the greatest care. Still he did not seem satisfied.

"Let me have your lens, Mr. Pinney," he said, "and some electric light and a sheet of white paper."

Mr. Pinney turned up a strong drop light that stood on the counter, and produced the paper and a magnifier.

"It's a grand ruby," he said.

"I see it is," Logotheti answered rather curtly.

"Do you mean to say," asked the surprised jeweler, "that you had bought it without thoroughly examining it sir—you who are an expert?"

"No, that's not what I mean," answered the Greek, bending over the ruby and scrutinizing it through the strong magnifier.

Mr. Pinney felt himself snubbed, which had not happened to him for a long time, and he drew himself up with dignity. A minute passed, and Logotheti did not look up; another and Mr. Pinney grew nervous; a few seconds more, and he received a shock that took away his breath.

"This is not my ruby," said Logotheti, looking up, and speaking with perfect confidence.

"Not—your—ruby!" Mr. Pinney's jaw dropped. "But—" He could get no further.

"I'm sorry," Logotheti said calmly. "I'm very sorry, for several reasons. But it's not the stone I brought you, though it's just as large, and most extraordinarily like it."

"But how do you know, sir?" gasped the jeweler.

"Because I'm an expert, as you were good enough to say just now."

"Yes, sir. But I am an expert, too, and to the best of my expert belief this is the stone you left with me to be cut the day before yesterday. I've examined it most thoroughly."

"No doubt," answered the Greek. "But you hadn't examined mine thoroughly before it was stolen, had you? You had only looked at it with me, on the counter here."

"That is correct, sir," said Mr. Pinney nervously. "That is quite true."

"Very well. But I did more than merely look at it through a lens or weigh it. I did not care so much about the weight, but I cared very much for the water, and I tried the ruby point on it in the usual way, but it was too hard, and then I scratched it in two places with the diamond, more out of curiosity than for any other reason."

"You marked it, sir? There's not a single scratch on this one! Merciful Providence! Merciful Providence!"

"Yes," Logotheti said gravely. "The girl spoke the truth. She had two stones much larger than the rest when she first came to me in Paris, this one and another. They were almost exactly alike, and she wanted me to buy both, but I did not want them, and I took the one I thought a little better in color. This is the other, for she still had it; and, so far as I know, it is her legal property, and mine is gone. The thief was one of those two young fellows who came in just when Mr. Van Torp and I went out. I remember thinking what nice-looking boys they were!"

He laughed rather harshly, for he was more annoyed than his consideration for Mr. Pinney made him care to show. He had looked forward to giving Margaret the ruby, mounted just as she wanted it; and the ruby was gone, and he did not know where he was to find another, except the one that was now in Pinney's hands, but really belonged to poor Baraka, who could certainly not sell it at present. A much larger sum of money was gone, too, than any financier could lose with equanimity by such a peculiarly disagreeable mishap as being robbed. There were several reasons why Logotheti was not pleased.

"I am deeply humiliated," said the worthy old jeweler. "I have not only been tricked and plundered, but I have been the means of sending innocent people to prison."

"You had better be the means of getting them out again as soon as possible," said Logotheti. "And you must also make an effort to trace those young men who stole the ruby."

"I most certainly shall," replied the jeweler, "and if it is not found we will make it good to you, sir, whatever price you set upon it. I am deeply humiliated, but nobody shall say that Pinney & Son do not make good any loss their customers sustain through them."

"Don't worry about that, Mr. Pinney," said Logotheti, who saw how much distressed the old jeweler really was.

So they went out and hailed a hansom and drove away.

It would be tiresome to give a detailed account of what they did. Suffice it to say that the prisoners were set at large; Mr. Pinney restored the ruby to Baraka, and all her other belongings were given back to her, even including the smart gray suit of men's clothes in which she had been arrested; and her luggage and other things which the manager of the hotel where she had been stopping had handed over to the police were all returned; and when Spiro appeared at the hotel to pay the small bill that had been left owing, he held his head as high as an oriental can when he has got the better of any one, and that is pretty high indeed. Furthermore, Mr. Pinney insisted on giving Logotheti a formal document by which Messrs. Pinney & Son bound themselves to make good to him, his heirs, or assigns, the loss of a ruby, approximately of a certain weight and quality, which he had lost through their carelessness.

On the day following Baraka's liberation, Lady Maud received Margaret's pressing message begging her to go to Bayreuth. The message reached her before noon, about the time when Margaret and her companions had come back from their morning walk, and after hesitating for half an hour, she telegraphed that she would come with pleasure, and would start at once which meant that evening.

She had just read the official account of the ruby case in its new aspect, and she did not believe a word of the story. To her mind it was quite clear that Logotheti was still infatuated with the girl, that he had come to London as fast as he could, and that he had deliberately sworn that the ruby was not his, but another one, in order to get her out of trouble. If it was not his it had not been stolen from Pinney's, and the whole case fell through at once. If she was declared innocent the stone must be given back to her; he would take it from her as soon as they were alone and return it to his own pocket; and being an oriental, he would probably beat her for robbing him, but would not let her out of his sight again till he was tired of her. Lady Maud had heard from her late husband how all Turks believed that women had no souls and should be kept under lock and key, and well fed, and soundly beaten now and then for the good of their tempers. This view was exaggerated, but Lady Maud was in a humor to recall it and accept it without criticism, and she made up her mind that before leaving town to join Margaret she would make sure of the facts. No friend of hers should marry a man capable of such outrageous deeds.

So she went to Logotheti's lodgings and asked to see him, as regardless of what any one should think of her, if she were recognized, as she had been in the old days when she used to go to Van Torp's chambers in the Temple in the evening.

She was told that Logotheti was out of town. Where? The servant did not know that. The lady could see the secretary, who might, perhaps, tell her. He received every one who had business with Mons. Logotheti.

She went up one flight and was admitted to a very airy sitting room, simply furnished.

The Swiss secretary rose ponderously to receive her, and as she did not sit down he remained standing. His vast face was fringed with a beard of no particular color, and his eyes were fixed and blue in his head, like turquoises set in pale sole leather.

"I am Countess Leven," she said, "and I have known Mons. Logotheti some time. Will you kindly tell me where he is?"

"I do not know, madam," was the answer.

"He is not in London?"

"At present I do not know, madam."

"Has he left no address? Do you not forward his letters to him?"

"No, madam. I do not forward his letters to him."

"Then I suppose he is on his yacht," suggested Lady Maud.

"Madam, I do not know whether he is on his yacht."

"You don't seem to know anything!"

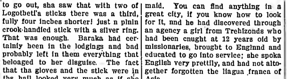
"Pardon me, madam, I think I know my business. That is all I know."

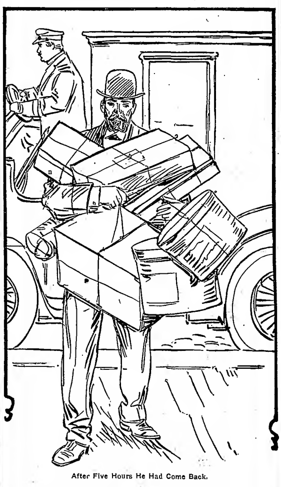
Lady Maud held her beautiful head a little higher and her lids dropped slightly as she looked down at him, for he was shorter than she. But the huge leathern face was perfectly impassive, and the still, turquoise eyes surveyed her without winking. She had never seen such stolidity in a human being.

There was clearly nothing to be done, and she thought the secretary distinctly rude; but as that was no reason why she should be, she bade him good-morning civilly and turned to go. Somewhat to her surprise, he followed her quickly across the room, opened the door for her and went on into the little hall to let her out. There was a small table there, on which lay some of Logotheti's hats, and several pairs of gloves were laid out neatly before them. There was one pair, of a light gray, very much smaller than all the rest, so small, indeed, that they might have fitted a boy of seven, except that they looked too narrow for any boy. They were men's gloves as to length and buttons, but only a child could have worn them.

Lady Maud saw them instantly, and remembered Baraka's disguise; and as she passed the big umbrella jar to go out, she saw that with two of Logotheti's sticks there was a third, fully four inches shorter! just a plain crook-handled stick with a silver ring. That was enough. Baraka had certainly been in the lodgings and had probably left in them everything that belonged to her disguise. The fact that the gloves and the stick were in the hall looked very much as if she had come in dressed as a man and had left them there when she had gone away in woman's attire. That she was with Logotheti, most probably on his yacht, Lady Maud had not the least doubt, as she went down the stairs.

The Swiss secretary stood at the open door on the landing till she was out of sight below, and then went in again, and returned to work over a heap of business papers and letters. When he had worked half an hour, he leaned back in his leathern chair to rest, and stared fixedly at the bookcase. Presently he spoke aloud in English, as if Lady Maud were still in the room, in the same dull, matter-of-fact tone, but more forcibly as to expression.





After Five Hours He Had Come Back.

"It is perfectly true, though you do not believe me, madam. I do not know anything. How the dickens should I know where they are, madam? But I know my business. That is all."

CHAPTER X.

The Erinna was steaming quietly down the channel in a flat calm, at the lazy rate of 12 knots an hour, presumably in order to save her coal, for she could run 16 when her owner liked, and he was not usually fond of going slow. Though September was at hand, and Guernsey was already on the port quarter, the sea was motionless and not so much as a cat's paw stirred the still blue water; but the steamer's own way made a pleasant draught that fanned the faces of Logotheti and Baraka as they lay in their long chairs under the double awning outside the deckhouse.

The Tartar girl wore a skirt and jacket of dark blue yachting serge, which did not fit badly considering that they had been bought ready-made by Logotheti's man. She had little white tennis shoes on her feet, which were crossed one over the other on the deck chair, but instead of wearing a hat she had bound a dove-colored motor veil on her head by a single thick gold cord, in the Asiatic way, and the thin folds hung down on each side, and lay on her shoulders, shading her face, and the breeze stirred them. Logotheti's valet had been sent out in a taximeter, provided with a few measurements and plenty of cash, and commissioned to buy everything that a girl who had nothing at all to wear, visible or invisible, could possibly need. He was also instructed to find a maid who could speak Tartar, or at least a little Turkish.

After five hours he had come back with a heavy load of boxes of all shapes and sizes and the required maid. You can find anything in a great city, if you know how to look for it, and he had discovered through an agency a girl from Trebizond who had been caught at 12 years old by missionaries, brought to England and educated to go into service; she spoke English very prettily, and had not altogether forgotten the lingua franca of Asia.

The consequence of her presence was that Baraka was dressed with great neatness and care, and looked very presentable, though her clothes were only ready-made things, bought by a man-servant, who had only her height and the size of her waist to guide him. Logotheti watched her delicate, energetic profile, admiring the curves of her closed lips, and the willful turning up of her little chin. She was more than very pretty now, he thought, and he was quietly amused at his own audacity in taking her to sea alone with him, almost on the eve of his marriage. It was especially diverting to think of what the proper people would say, if they knew it, and to contrast the intentions they would certainly attribute to him with the perfectly honorable ones he entertained.

As for Baraka, it never occurred to her that she was not as safe with him as she had been in her father's house in the little white town far away, nearly three years ago; and besides, her steel bodkin with the silver handle had been given back to her, and she could feel it in its place when she pressed her left hand to her side.

Logotheti has been first of all preoccupied about getting Baraka out of England without attracting attention, and then for her comfort and recovery from the strain and suffering of the last few days. As for that, she was like a healthy young animal, and as soon as she had a chance she had fallen so sound asleep that she had not waked for 12 hours. Logotheti's intent was to take her to Paris by a roundabout way, and establish her under some proper sort of protection. Margaret was still in Germany, but would soon return to France, and he had almost made up his mind to ask her advice, not dreaming that in such a case she could really deem anything he did an unpardonable offence. He had always laughed at the conventionalities of European life, and had paid very little heed to them when they stood in his way.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Wit Often an Affliction.

Wit is an affliction unless used with discretion and good sense. The habit of being invariably amusing will bring you into great disfavor. The sharp-tongued woman who will have her little laugh at the expense of her neighbors usually pays dearly for her fun. It is as much an art to be quiet and self-possessed as to be vivacious and entertaining, and the woman who can adjust her moods to the occasion is the one who finds herself usually the most popular member of her community.

THE KENTUCKIAN WAS PLEASED

HE SECURED A GOOD HALF-SECTION IN CENTRAL CANADA.

It is not only from Kentucky, but from thirty-five to forty different States that there comes the expression of satisfaction from those who have taken up lands in Central Canada as a free homestead or have purchased lands.

Mr. E. K. Bell, of Frankfort, Kentucky, writes to a Canadian Government Official, and says: "I have just returned from Alberta, overjoyed with my trip. Your literature was very flattering, but not half what I found it. I bought a half section between Calgary and Edmonton, one mile from railroad, near a good town. This is the best country I ever saw or ever expect to see. I will go in the spring and get to work on my place. I think it is the coming Country of the World." Some of the papers describe the settling of the Canadian West as "becoming a fever with a great many people. The lure of its golden promises is creeping into their hearts and many are they who are answering the call of that unsettled territory." This paper editorially cautions its readers to exercise care and thought before moving to a distant country. This would be a wise precaution, and is exactly what the Canadian officials ask.

The success of the settler who has made Canada his home for years is the best evidence that can be offered. And of the large number of Americans who have made their homes in Canada, very few have returned. All are satisfied.

People Realize the Danger.

As an indication of the force of the crusade against tuberculosis, the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, in a bulletin issued recently points to the fact that while 53.5 per cent. of the expenditures for tuberculosis in 1909 were made from public resources, appropriations made for 1910 indicate that over 75 per cent. of the money to be spent this year will be from federal, state, city and county funds. In 1909, out of the $8,180,621.50 spent for the prevention and treatment of tuberculosis, $4,362,750.03 was spent from public money, and $3,817,871.47 from funds voluntarily contributed. For the carrying on of state, federal and municipal tuberculosis work in 1910, over $9,000,000 has been appropriated. Of this sum, the state legislatures have granted $4,100,000, the municipal and county bodies, $3,975,500 and the federal government $1,000,000.

Practical Christianity.

"On behalf of the sewing circle of this church," said the pastor at the conclusion of the morning service, "I desire to thank the congregation for 57 buttons placed in the contribution box during the past month. If now the philanthropically inclined donors of these objects will put a half-dozen undershirts and three pairs of other strictly secular garments on the plate next Sunday morning, so that we may have something to sew those buttons on, we shall be additionally grateful."—Harper's Weekly.

Teamster's Punishment Earned.

Apparently it pays not to be cruel to horses out in Chicago. A teamster who admitted abandoning his horses for six hours on a recent stormy day was fined $50 by a magistrate. The humane society prosecuted the case vigorously and promised to report the matter to the driver's employers. Presumably he will lose his job, as he was unable to pay the fine and will have to serve a jail term.

For Shame, Mr. Staggers.

"Our splendid cook left to-day and I had to take her place," said Mrs. Staggers. "I hope I shall be successful in imitating her."

"I certainly hope you will be successful in following in her footsteps," suggestively remarked old man Staggers as he chewed on a crisp-boiled potato.

Paradoxical.

"It is a wonder that a hot-headed man is generally thought to be one of mettle."

"Why a wonder?"

"Because metal is usually well tempered."

Nothing endures but the eternal commonplace; and if one departs from that it is to run the most perilous risks.—Charles Wagner.

GET POWER.

The Supply Comes From Food.

If we get power from food, why not strive to get all the power we can. That is only possible by use of skillfully selected food that exactly fits the requirements of the body.

Poor fuel makes a poor fire, and a poor fire is not a good steam producer.

"From not knowing how to select the right food to fit my needs, I suffered grievously for a long time from stomach troubles," writes a lady from a little town in Missouri.

"It seemed as if I would never be able to find out the sort of food that was best for me. Hardly anything that I could eat would stay on my stomach. Every attempt gave me heart-burn and filled my stomach with gas. I got thinner and thinner until I literally became a living skeleton and in time was compelled to keep to my bed.

"A few months ago I was persuaded to try Grape-Nuts food, and it had such good effect from the very beginning that I have kept up its use ever since. I was surprised at the ease with which I digested it. It proved to be just what I needed.

"All my unpleasant symptoms, the heart-burn, the inflated feeling which gave me such pain disappeared. My weight gradually increased from 98 to 116 lbs., my figure rounded out, my strength came back, and I am now able to do my housework and enjoy it. Grape-Nuts did it."

A ten days' trial will show anyone some facts about food.

Look in pkgs. for the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Is Need For Definite Rule

Writer in Woman's Publication Deplores Custom of Indiscriminate Gift Giving.

Just how much are the parents responsible for the indiscriminate giving of presents between boys and girls? Of course, certain rules of etiquette obtain in certain classes of society, but there is a mass outside, in the country and small towns, who are not governed by the rules laid down by Madam Grundy. There seems to be a tendency toward expensive gifts among the young people of today. Should a young girl be allowed by her parents to accept gifts other than candy, flowers, music and books from her boy friends? The question often comes up in the homes when some boy, all in good faith, gives the girl friend a bit of expensive jewelry. Some mothers, at once, compel the girl to return the gift and that ends the friendship and causes an embarrassing situation. Of course, there are girls, without conscience or that innate refinement which every good wholesome girl possesses, who just go with a boy for the sake of the gifts lavished upon her.

Now, does the responsibility of indiscriminate giving rest with the parents of the boy or the girl? If the boy was trained by his mother not to offer expensive presents to the girls until Miss Right comes along, it would save many a heartache. If the girl has been properly instructed, could not she, in an unobtrusive way, give the boy to understand that such gifts were not desirable? Indiscriminate giving between boys and girls often causes an innocent friendship to degenerate into mawkish sentimentalism.—The Housekeeper.

No Real Value in Unjust Gains.

Do not make unjust gains; they are equal to a loss.—Hesiod.

The Sargasso Sea

In the middle of the North Atlantic there is an area of comparatively still water almost equal to continental Europe in extent and more or less covered with floating seaweed. It was known as the Mar da Sargaco to Columbus and the early navigators and is the Sargasso sea of modern geographers.

The floating seaweed was formerly supposed to have grown near the Bahama and Florida shores, and to have drifted to its present position. It is now, however, known to grow and propagate itself where it is found. In it are found globular masses of weed containing fish eggs and known as fish nests.

Recent investigations show that the floating weed of the Sargasso sea is the chosen breeding place of species of flying fish.—Field.

Does not Color the Hair

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Stops Falling Hair
Destroys Dandruff

An Elegant Dressing
Makes Hair Grow

Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.

A hair preparation made from this formula is harmless, yet possesses positive merit. A hair food, a hair tonic, a hair dressing. Consult your doctor about these hair problems.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Entered at the Postoffice at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

When Dar Reese pledged Ramsey county for Eberhart and the machine program the Lincoln club did not seal the bargain with ice water.

The Duluth Herald thinks it was a mean suggestion that Roosevelt postponed his return from April to June just so he wouldn't have Halley's comet to draw away popular attention. It is more likely he was taking pity on the comet.

The latest official report from Halley's comet is that it is in the constellation of the Fish, almost overhead at 6 p. m., invisible to naked eye observers, and not likely to be seen until after it has passed behind the sun on March 24.

The Minnesota editors, on invitation of the irresistible Mary McFadden, have gone on record for women's suffrage. This question is becoming one of importance in this state, and it is rumored that the political conventions will be asked to incorporate a suffrage plank in their platforms. Now is the time for the women to demand their rights—strike while the iron is hot.

Fred Johnson, brother of the late governor, has entered into a contract with a lyceum bureau to deliver sixty lectures at $75 per. Fred has long been recognized by his friends as an orator of exceptional ability, and it is their belief that he will make good in the larger field. There is considerable talk in political circles that Mr. Johnson will be the Democratic candidate for secretary of state in the forthcoming campaign.

The Minnesota supreme court last week decided the reciprocal demurrage law as constitutional, says the Hallock Enterprise. This law provides that the railroads must pay demurrage in case they do not furnish cars asked for shippers within reasonable time. The railroads have always collected demurrage from shippers who did not unload and release cars within a specified time, but the shipper who applied for cars and had to wait days or weeks was given no recompense for his losses from such delay. The decision seems only fair and equitable.

The county option convention to be held at the St. Paul auditorium next Wednesday, March 2, promises to be of greater interest than any political event since the days of the farmers' alliance. The county optionists will demand that the political parties come forward with definite assurances of co-operation and platform pledges. They are tired of evasion, and unless either the Republican or the Democratic party becomes a hostage to their cause they will put an independent state ticket in the field. The temperance people undoubtedly hold the balance of power in state politics, and the possibility of intelligent use of their influence may well cause the cold shivers to run down the backs of the politicians.

When it is shown by official records that the United States in ten years exported $9,000,000,000 worth of agricultural products there can be little doubt as to what country is the world's main reliance for such articles. And now that our exports of manufactures are approaching the same standard and bid fair to surpass it, there likewise can be no doubt of our industrial progress or of the headway we are making in the markets of the earth. How unnecessary and foolish is our present tariff system in view of the fact that it cannot affect the price of agricultural products, and the manufacturers seem to be able to hold their own against the world. The truth is we are taxing ourselves for the purpose of creating millionaires and entrenching trusts and corporations.

PROTECTING A ROBBER TRUST.

In his striking article on the tariff in Human Life for February, Alfred Henry Lewis says:

"When an 'infant industry' gets so big and strong that it climbs the line fence and wallops the neighbor's young ones in those neighbor's own back yards, it hardly needs 'protection.'"

"Come back with me to that question of sugar 'protection.' It was but a few weeks ago when the Sugar Trust put out these illuminating figures. Naming that 2 cents a pound (tariff) grade of sugar, it quoted it for the home market at 4.15 cents a pound, and for exportation at 2.60 cents.

"Here is proof enough of tariff perfidy to hang a man. The Sugar Trust is given 'protection' to the tune of 2 cents a pound. This 'protection' by anticipation of those who drew the bill, will result in less than $120,000 a year to the treasury. As against this, what does it mean to the Trust? Now we come to the Ophir—the real gold mine—in this business. The American public consumes 6,371,578,000 pounds of sugar from New Year to New Year. That 2 cents a pound—a shadow less, in fact—puts over $126,000,000 into the 'protected' pockets of the sugar people. Of this huge rapine the Trust takes the lion's share, while a huddle of little sugar rascals take the jackal's. And every dollar, every dime of that $126,000,000 comes out of the pockets of the public—out of you and me—of the people whose misrepresentatives in Congress assembled have builded the law. Every splinter of that $126,000,000 comes out of us. Which is why we go afoot, or cling to straps, while a Spreckles or a Havemeyer has his yacht or private car. Going now to an average, each family in the land is taxed $8 a year in favor of the Havemeyer and Spreckles families. Who was it said, 'What fools these mortals be!' He must have been looking at a tariff bill."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Red Wing Free Press: It is given out by someone who it is claimed is "next" to Roosevelt's plans that Roosevelt wants no political office for himself, but that he intends to insist on Taft's renomination and election. Roosevelt insisted on the same thing once before and by taking him at his word and electing Taft the peole got completely hunecod. It is not likely that the public will swallow the same bait twice from the same hand.

St. Peter Free Press: According to the annual report of the Twin City Rapid Transit company its gross receipts for the past year increased 8.91 per cent and the net revenue 13.66 per cent, and after allowing for heavy appropriations for renewals the net earnings for common stock were 6.45 per cent. The company has $950,000 cash on hand, expected to be invested in new construction. This means an additional source of revenue for the stockholders, without additional capital, but on which patrons of the road are expected to pay the usual interest. That is what is called a fair income on capital invested, and what is held to be just and equitable. Yet under this system a company may double and treble its original capital in a fewl years, entirely at the expense of its patrons, with interest added afterwards. It is the way millionaires are made. The tax-payers grumble, of course—between elections—but generally keep on sending men to the legislature, either incompetent, or with no disposition to bring about a change for the better.

Mora Times: Had you observed that the insurgents in the United States congress are nearly all products of the primary election law? What stronger argument can there be for the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

LeSueur News: Bede says the Aldrich tariff is just what the people need, and then intimates that he might be a candidate for congress. His philosophy may be suitable to the iron belt. It would not last as long in the Third district as a snowball would in a hot oven.

Elk River Star News: The "get-back-to-the-farm" slogan sounds nice and is well meant, but it takes money to get back to the farm, and we haven't got it.

Sandstone Courier: The man who goes fishing and sits in a cramp-inviting posture on a narrow wharf from early dawn till dewy eve and calls it fun, is the same chap that never goes to church because the pews are not comfortable.

Albert Lea Tribune: With taxes to pay for all these investigating committes on high prices it looks like a pretty hard year.

Bovey Iron News: And now the thread makers are to go on a strike. Well, let 'em. We have a couple of pounds of shingle nails left in the office yet, so why worry?

Duluth Herald: Rev. John Walker Powell says the high cost of living is merely the price of civilization. The reverend gentleman is doing a good deal towards robbing Lo, the poor Indian, of our sympathy.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Most store teeth look too natural.

The man who respects the law need not fear it.

A woman's idea of a truthful man is one who flatters her.

The small streams that feed a river make its mouth water.

Some people's only sin in life is to look for a larger target.

One clock on a shelf is worth more than a dozen on a stocking.

A man isn't necessarily narrow-minded because he lives in a flat.

Fate seems to have an ingrowing grudge against the innocent bystanders.

When it comes to talking, a small woman has her obese sister beaten to a jelly.

Just about the time a man reaches the age of discretion people begin to call him grandpa.

Lots of men who imagine they could navigate the ship of state couldn't even steer a canal boat.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The way to have faith is not to reason it out.

Except for all the misery it gives you, country life is not so bad.

When a man likes to discuss a subject it's a sign he could do something else much better.

The way a girl winds a man around her finger is making him think some other man wants her to.

A thorough education for a woman consists of having been engaged three times, saying it was twenty, married once and had four children.

THE BANK ACCOUNT

Is the first step toward success and fortune.
Protects your family in emergency.
Educates your children.
Makes you independent.
Gives you a standing in the community.
Is a valuable aid in any enterprise undertaken anywhere by anybody under any condition.

If you do not have a bank account, let us suggest that you start one with us immediately.

FIRST STATE BANK

You will find the conveniences that go with a checking account at this bank indispensable for your business.

Our aim is to give depositors the benefit of modern banking facilities. To hold and encourage every legitimate business enterprise. To extend courteous treatment to large and small depositors alike.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
RED LAKE FALLS

FOOD FOR A YEAR

Meat	300 lbs
Milk	240 qts.
Butter	100 lbs.
Eggs	27 doz.
Vegetables	500 lbs.

This represents a fair ration for a man for a year.

But some people eat and eat and grow thinner. This means a defective digestion and unsuitable food. A large size bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

equals in nourishing properties ten pounds of meat. Your physician can tell you how it does it.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

SETTING A TRAP FOR THE GOVERNOR

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued From First Page.

Speaking For the Party.

But because Governor Eberhart declined to commit himself on county option and indiscreetly at this time made public his reasons why, Mr. Youngdahl subjects to him a violent attack and charges in effect that he has identified himself in the liquor interests. The fact is that the governor merely recognized conditions as they are—that so far as county option is concerned the the Republican party is at sixes and sevens—that whereas an important section of the rank and file of the party favors county option the leaders have made other affiliations with a view to maintaining political supremacy, and are not in a position were they so inclined, to join in the crusade. What else could the governor do if he was really unable to apply an efficient stopper to indiscreet expression except to say that he had no authority to commit the Republican party to the policy which Mr. Youngdahl favored. If Mr. Youngdahl had been more considerate he would have forborne badgering the party's representative whose hands he must have recognized were so tied that he was helpless.

A Minneapolis Candidate.

Sheriff Ege of Minneapolis is still as earnest as ever in his candidacy for the office of Secretary of State. Whether, however, the veteran politician hopes to land, or whether he is merely playing the game to attain ends more remote is still a mooted question. One thing is sure that if the Hennepin county delegation is tied up in the state convention to Mr. Ege it cannot well go elsewhere. On the surface it would appear that that is the end it is sought to attain. Hugh Scott would like to be Auditor. Mr. Iverson's friends are shrewd enough to see that it would be to his interest that the biggest delegation in the convention should not be behind his rival. Of course they support Ege, likewise Hanke. Hanke would like well enough to be state treasurer. Other candidates for treasurer have friends in Minneapolis. Naturally they are willing to spend a little time in the effort to shoo Hanke off.

In the Third District.

Joel Heatwole has been very sick. He is getting better however, though it is probably too much to anticipate that he will be fully well before Easter. It may perhaps not be widely known that Ed Tuttle has been reappointed postmaster at Hastings. Archie Hayes wanted the job. Congressman Davis would have preferred to have given it to him. Hayes had the support of Bill Rich and the federal machine. Dar Reese and the interests he represented pressed his appointment. Archie had been the glad hand man for the Republican State Central committee and the governor, Chairman Brown and the State Capitol crowd were friendly and Archie is popular down in Washington. He is a protegee of Senator Nelson and on good terms with Senator Clapp. Indeed he had reason to expect to be favored if for no other reason than because of the intimate relations subsisting between him and Postmaster General Hitchcock. Naturally he was inclined to refer contemptuously to the opposition to his appointment Heatwole seemed inclined to interpose, and to speak alternately commpassionately and critically of "Joel" himself. Well, Congressman Davis finally concluded not to recommend so popular a man and with all his influence Hayes failed to land the job. Before one concludes to disparage a real political manager it is always best to be dead sure that he is down and out.

St. Paul Politics.

The St. Paul Republicans are always victorious at the beginning of a political campaign and in that way fairly share the honors with the Democrats who wait for their jollification until after the election. They have led this time to the sacrificial altar a most excellent young man, Herbert Keller, who has been a member of the assembly, made a good record and deserves a better fate. The Democratic candidate for mayor is Mr. Haas, who has an equally good record and a reputation for getting more votes. Those in touch with the situation see no reason to anticipate other than the usual result.

The State Prison.

It is said that a more critical examination of the specifications of the new state prison has caused the board of control to modify their plans at least to such an extent as to admit of freer competition. Whoever prepared the specifications in the first place is said to have shown a marked preference at certain Mankato and Kasota quarries in which prominent politicians are interested.

A Closed Incident.

The attorney general is said to have been persuaded not to attempt to recover from Channing Seabury any part of the money illegaly paid him on account of alleged services as capitol commissioner.

PAUL PRY.

The Birdcage.

A prisoner was arraigned before the bar of justice charged with having dallied too long before another sort of bar and waxing too hilarious for the public peace.

"What were you doing drunk in the street?" asked the magistrate.

"Was I drunk?" was the reply in a tone of surprised innocence.

"The policeman says you were."

"Under oath?"

"Certainly."

"Perhaps he's right, but I was just going along with a birdcage in my hand."

"The magistrate had a bottle set before the prisoner.

"Do you call that a birdcage?" he inquired. "That's what you were carrying."

IT WAS AS DRY AS HE WAS.

The prisoner picked it up carefully removed the cork, took a smell and turned it upside down. It was as dry as he was.

"Well," he answered slowly, "it ain't a birdcage now, since them policemen has had a whack at it."

"Probably you are sober now and see things differently."

"That ain't it. It was a birdcage when I had it last."

"Possibly you can explain what you mean by a birdcage," suggested the puzzled court.

"ABOUT A DOZEN SWALLOWS IN IT."

"Easy enough," smiled the prisoner. "It had about a dozen swallows in it when they got it."

Opportunity.

Foolish is he who says that at his door
I knock but once, a furtive moment stay,
Fearing lest he shall hear, then haste away,
Glad to escape him—to return no more.
Not so; I knock and wait and o'er and o'er
Come back to summon him. Day after day
I come to call the idler from his play
Or wake the dreamer with my vain uproar.
Out of a thousand, haply, now and then
One, if he hear again and yet again,
Will tardily rise and open languidly.
The rest, half puzzled, half annoyed, return
To play or sleep nor seek nor wish to learn
Who the untimely, clownish guest may be.

—William H. Eddy in Atlantic.

A Tart Answer.

The Rev. John McNeill was holding a revival service at Cardiff, Wales, and announced that he would answer any question about the Bible. At once a note was sent up to him reading as follows:

"Dear Mr. McNeill—If you are seeking to help young men, kindly tell me who was Cain's wife."

That seemed a poser, and the audience waited with intense interest, tempered with amusement, to see how the good man would extricate himself. After a pause he said:

"I love young men, especially young inquirers for light, and I would give this young man a word of advice. It is this: Don't lose your soul's salvation looking after other people's wives."

The Irishman's Request.

In the days when flogging was in vogue as a punishment in the British navy a Scotchman and an Irishman on the arrival of their ship in harbor obtained leave to go ashore for a couple days, and they overstayed the period of leave granted them. When they did put in an appearance they were ordered fifty lashes each. On the day of the punishment a parade was ordered to witness the infliction of the flogging. When all was ready the Scotchman asked as a favor to be allowed a piece of canvas on his back while he received his flogging. The captain granted his request and, turning to the Irishman, asked him if he required anything on his back while he was being flogged, to which he replied, "If ye plaze, yer honor, I'd loike to have the Scotchman on my back, if ye wouldn't mind."

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwords I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.

S. E. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

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Read a few issues and be convinced. Send us your name and address and we will forward sample copies. They will help you get acquainted. The price by mail is 35 cents a month or three months for $1.00. Now is the time to join The Heralds Happy Family of satisfied readers.

ADDRESS

HEAD CIRCULATION DEPARTMENT, DULUTH, MINN.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb. 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lammart J. Rawerts of Red Lake Falls Minnesota, who, on Feb. 4, 1904, made H. E. No. 2352, serial No. 01657, for SW¼ NE¼ Section 4, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. A. Swanson, Judge of Probate for Red Lake Co. Minnesota, at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 6th day of April, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Emil Just, of River Falls Township, Minn.
John Kjonickson of River Falls Twp. Minn.
Franz Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
Charles Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.

ARTHUR P. TURPIN, Register.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 18th day of March A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 21st day of February, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Deer Park and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the South-west corner of the South East Quarter (SE¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) North of Range Forty (40) West (Town of Deer Park), thence running north on the quarter line of Section Six (6) aforesaid to the Township Line between Townships one Hundred Fifty-two (152) and One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty (40) West, thence west on the Town Line aforesaid to the Section line between Sections Thirty-one (31) and Thirty-two (32) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) west, thence running north on the section line between said Sections Thirty-one (31) and Thirty-two (32) and between Sections Twenty-nine (29) and Thirty (30) in Township One Hundred Fifty three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West and terminating at the Red Lake River in Township One Hundred Fifty three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West (High Landing Twp.) at a point where the section line between Sections Twenty-nine (29) and Thirty (30) intersects the said Red Lake River as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such County Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated Jan. 25th, 1910.

William G. Hunt.
Ole O. Overwald.
Enas A. Mostue.
Walter McAndrews.
Thomas C. Rowe.
C. L. Clark.
Even I. Sund.

Petitioners.

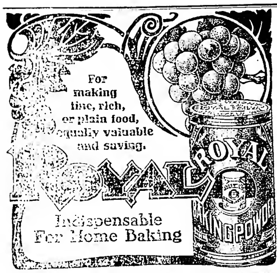
124m10

Their Meeting Place.

The lady dean of a well known girls' college, being very much annoyed that the girls after chapel on Sunday mornings waited around the entrance of the assembly room and stood in groups on the stairs instead of dispersing at once, resolved to institute a reform. So at the regular chapel service one morning she arose with much dignity and made the following remarks:

"I have noticed a growing tendency among you young women to linger about the chapel Sunday mornings, blocking the halls and stairs. I desire after the following order will be preserved in leaving chapel: First the president will pass away, then I will pass away, then the faculty members will pass away, and finally the student body by classes will pass away, and we will all meet below"—

She never finished her sentence.


For making fine, rich, or plain food, equally valuable and saving.

ROYAL

Indispensable For Home Baking

Personal Property Tax List.

Black River

[illegible]	1.34
[illegible], Alex	.24
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible], John	5.31
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible], Wil[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible], O. G.	6.29
[illegible]	2.71
[illegible]	2.11
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1.15
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	3.91
[illegible], Mike	5.39
[illegible], John	5.89
Ridge, [illegible]	4.07
[illegible]	1.62
Richard, Edward	2.42
Richard, Mrs. Emily	.51
Sevre, O. K.	6.57
Schmitz, Joseph	7.17
Schneider, Ernest	1.70
Swanson, Mons	4.17
Swanson, C. O.	10.76
Swanson, S. A.	2.50
Thompson, Sam	6.68
Wahlbeck, John	6.98
Whalen, Thos D.	8.48
Weber Henry	8.14
Weiss, Geo.	11.86
Weiss, Henry	3.35
Weiss, Paul	4.72
Whalen, Dan	1.57
Ridge, Dudley	.40

Lake Pleasant

[illegible]	7.46
[illegible], Joseph	[illegible]
[illegible]	4.61
[illegible]	6.38
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible], John	[illegible]
[illegible]	11.75
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	5.67
[illegible]	6.68
[illegible], Carl	8.73
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1.23
[illegible]	[illegible]
Purath, F.	6.09
Page, Joseph	10.69
Page, Fortuna	6.75
Quesnelle, Evangelist	3.55
R. L. F. Milling Co	21.19
Scharper, Wm	13.35
St. Ives, Wilbe	4.27
St. Mars, Eugene	6.41
Schoenauer, Paul	14.67
Trudeau, Raphael	16.88
[illegible]drin, Napoleon	3.03
Welsh, Dan B.	4.76
Weiss, Minnie	[illegible]
Zimmer, Jacob	6.87

Louisville

[illegible]	.64
[illegible]	23.87
[illegible]	5.42
[illegible]	6.11
[illegible]	12.28
[illegible]	7.32
[illegible]	.72
[illegible]	5.05
[illegible], Dan	.07
[illegible], Jul[illegible]	4.20
[illegible], Z[illegible]	2.19
[illegible], Joseph	4.25
[illegible]	4.14
[illegible], J. B.	3.93
[illegible], A. J.	11.85
Lacotte, Wilh.	2.43
[illegible], Mrs. [illegible]	3.48
O'Neill, [illegible]	2.32
O'Neill, [illegible]	[illegible]
O'Neill, [illegible]	.24
[illegible]	.76
[illegible], Joseph	4.62
Pepin, Louis	4.20
Pepin, Mrs. Rose	.12
Patnaude, Marcell	12.34
Propelle, A. D.	13.68
Raymond, Jos.	3.47
Raymond, Cyprien	5.95
Roi, Napoleon	9.94
St. Michel, Alphonse	6.59
St. Michel, Alfred	5.59
St. Martin, Frank	3.94
Schmidt, Christine	2.56
Schmidt, Frederick	6.21
Schultz, Herman	18.92
Schwalenberg, Jake	2.04
Unger, Jake	3.76
Vance, A. E.	7.14
Zeitz, Adolph	5.83
R. L. F. Milling Co	29.07

Polk Center

Johnson, Charles	22.85
Johnson, Swan	7.80
Johnson, Nels	[illegible]
Johnson, Hjelmer	[illegible]
[illegible], A. R.	6.00
Kendal, H. G.	5.45
Larson, S. J.	5.94
Lubitz, Fred	1.27
Lubitz, Gustaf	5.72
Lindquist, Gan[illegible]	3.44
Lindquist, Oscar	3.48
Lorentzon, O.	7.08
Lander, Albert	5.83
Melin, C. R.	.12
Melin, C. A.	14.45
[illegible], Nick	[illegible]
[illegible], Olof	.39
Nordin, C. E.	[illegible]
Nordin, Gust	9.97
Nordin, John	9.97
Nordin, S. J.	.25
Olsen, B.	4.14
Ortloff, Wilhelmina	5.48
Person, Sam	5.16
Peterson, J. P.	4.62
Pearson, Carl	.51
Person, Nels	4.85
Roberge, Amede	5.80
Solum, Martin	3.27
Swanson, J. E.	7.42
Soll, John J.	2.89
Smidesang, P. E.	27.58
Sandberg, C. F.	4.24
Severson, Fremont	10.66
Schirrick, Frank	5.41
Schultz, Leo	10.87
Sortedahl, M. O.	32.40
Zutz, Charles	11.67
Wylie Farmers' F. & M. Co	46.05

Minnesota Conservation

and

Agricultural Development Congress

Will Be Held in the Big Auditorium at

St. Paul, March 16-19, 1910

Everyone interested in Minnesota's welfare — and we all are — should attend.

[illegible] to purposes of the Congress, matters to be [illegible] started, call on the Northern Pacific agent or address

A. M. CLELAND, Gen. Pass'r Agent, St. Paul

Through the Land of Fortune

His Future.

"[illegible] doing something for the future?"

"Yes, Mrs. [illegible], I surely is. I got married yesterday."—Town and Country.

Not Curious.

"He says his new novel contains 200,000 words."

"Did you read it?"

"No; I took his word for it."

TERREBONNE.

Born, to Mr. and Willie Dupont, February 15, a girl.

Mrs. Jos. Dupont has returned from a month's visit with relatives at Minneapolis.

Miss Lillie Zaiser of Red Lake is visiting with Mrs. Jack Remick.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Fournier of Red Lake attended mass et Terrebonne last Sunday.

Miss Fabiola Dubue of Brooks was a Terrebonne callar Sunday.

A sad accident occurred in the woods near Bemidji which resulted in the sudden death of Emile Clement, aged twenty four years, the son of the late John Clement and brother of Napoleon of Terrebonne. The interment took place at Terrebonne, Tuesday, Feb. 22.

Thief River Falls.

From the News and Press.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Enright of Red Lake Falls were guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roark the first of the week.

There are rumors about town, and we believe well founded, that Grygla will shortly have a state bank. If the projected Soo branch passes thru that point she will have a railroad, and it will not be long before Eastern Marshall county will rise into prominence.

Oliver Fosbeck came down from Roosevelt Wednesday, where he has been working in the woods the past few months. Some two weeks ago he accidentally cut his knee and after waiting in vain for it to heal came here for surgical treatment. Dr. Gambell found the member in a very bad poisoned condition. While he entertains hopes of saving the limb yet he fears it may remain more or less stiff for life.

ST. HILAIRE.

From the Spectator—

Miss Mary Auderson, who teaches at Viking, has been home two weeks, the school in her district having been closed on account of diptheria. She left Saturday morning to resume her school duties.

J. E. Draeger was taken ill with measles last week and has been confined to his room at Hotel Markham. He has been very sick, but is improving rapidly now, which is good news to his many friends. His sister, Miss Marie Draeger, is here from Wylie to attend him during his illness.

C. R. Hill of Aurora, Minn., a brother-in-law of John Larson of the town of Mayfield, was in the village this week and closed a deal for 160 acres of L. T. Berg's farm on the reservation. The consideration was $3,000. Mr. Hill is in the hotel business at Aurora, a village on the Mesabe range.

WYLIE.

T. P. Smidesang was a business caller at Grand Forks last week.

Chas. Moren has been hauling lumber out for his new house that he is going to build in the spring.

Jim and Albert Power returned from Crookston Monday.

Miss Carlson Miller went to St. Paul Saturday.

Quite a few of our young folks intend to take in the hard times dance at St. Hilaire Friday evening.

Rasmus Miller left for Polk county where he has accepted the agency for Watkins remedies.

Carl Carlson has bought the R. Adler place south of here.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Might Come In Handy.

A charming Louisville girl, the daughter of a minister, has always been famed for her habit of saving things because they may come in handy, and last summer the family told a story on her which she would give a good deal to suppress. She had been away at White Sulphur Springs and, being especially popular, had become the recipient of such a variety of souvenirs that before coming home she sent one trunk ahead in which she put many of the various trinkets for her smaller brothers and sisters and some summer frocks which had become too faded for wear. Her mother industriously unpacked the trunk and finally, when reaching the bottom, was transfixed to find several hundred poker chips and about half a dozen decks of cards. When her horrified father later demanded an explanation the daughter quite innocently and unconsciously said:

"Why, father, they were left in the room I was occupying by some former occupant, and I just took them because I thought they might come in handy."

And even the minister smiled at her explanation.—Louisville Times.

The Proper Spirit.

When other people kick and growl,
And homely joys disdain,
Good Uncle William does not scowl,
Or join in the refrain.

"We've should be thankful, I allow,"
Says cheerful Uncle Bill.
"We've always got along somehow;
I guess we always will."

THE MISSING INGREDIENT.

An Inventor Left His Secret Guarded Well.

By EVELYN WITWOTH.

[Copyright, 1919, by American Press Association.]

"Oh, father, I'm afraid that some day you'll blow yourself up."

"Never fear, sweetheart! There is but one thing combustible about these ingredients, and that I never put in till the last. And it must have been mixed with the others an hour before there can be an explosion."

This dialogue occurred in old Severance's laboratory between him and his daughter Fanny. She was his only child, and he had no wife, so that, being all he had to love in the world, she was his idol.

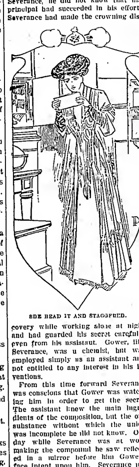
"Father," she said, changing the subject abruptly, "Will has spoken." She threw her arms about his neck and hid her face in his bosom.

"Has he, chick? I'm glad—for your sake, dearie—but for me"— He finished with a deep sigh.

"Oh, father, I will never leave you! We will always be together."

"Daughter," said the old man, "I, too, have something of importance to tell you. I have discovered a fulminate powder that will revolutionize warfare. It will treble the range of a cannon or a rifle. I have been offered $100,000 by the government for my secret. Now that Will has spoken you may tell him that you will have a fortune for a dowry. He is a fine fellow and deserves it and you."

Peter Gower, a man of thirty-five, whom Severance used for an assistant, was eavesdropping outside the door and heard every word of the conversation. Although he had worked with Severance, he did not know that his principal had succeeded in his effort. Severance had made the crowning discovery while working alone at night and had guarded his secret carefully even from his assistant. Gower, like Severance, was a chemist, but was employed simply as an assistant and not entitled to any interest in his inventions.


SHE READ IT AND STAGGERED.

From this time forward Severance was conscious that Gower was watching him in order to get the secret. The assistant knew the main ingredients of the composition, but the one substance without which the union was incomplete he did not know. One day while Severance was at work making the compound he saw reflected in a mirror before him Gower's face intent upon him. Severance put in all the ingredients, substituting for the uniting substance another than the correct one. An expression of joy came over the face in the mirror.

After this Severance conceived a dread of his assistant. One day he gave his daughter a bit of paper with a single word written on it and told her to put it away in a little trinket box she had and to be extremely careful as to its preservation.

One day Fanny Severance was startled by the sound of an explosion in the laboratory. Every drop of blood left her face instantly. Rushing into the laboratory, her worst fears were realized. Her father's body was lying on the floor so disfigured that he was scarcely recognizable. Gower followed her. He was pale and trembling.

"I've been fearing this for a long while," he said.

But the girl did not hear him. She had swooned. He carried her into the house and ministered to her till she came back to consciousness. Then he left her.

Fanny Severance and William Clarke, her fiance, found themselves thus unexpectedly cut off from the dowry they had expected at their wedding. But the young man showed no disappointment to the girl he loved, and they were married soon after her father's death.

Gower put the laboratory in order shut it up and gave Fanny the key. She saw no more of him till soon after her wedding. Then he called ostensibly to learn of her welfare, but really to see if he could get from her a bit of secret information. He had put together the chemicals necessary to the compound Severance had invented, had put in the uniting substance he had seen Severance use, but notwithstanding that he had tried every known percussion substance he had never been able to get an explosion. Recognizing that he had been foiled and that a fortune had slipped through his fingers, he was about to accept the situation when it occurred to him that Severance might have left his secret with his daughter. After making formal inquiries he told her that her father had given him all the elements of his compound but one. If he had left her the name of this uniting chemical she might yet be rich, for he (Gower), having all the rest, with this could manufacture the powder.

When her husband came home that evening Fanny told him of Gower's call and what he had said. Later on, going to her trinket box, she noticed the paper her father had given her. Taking it to her husband, she told him of the circumstance attending her receiving it and asked him if he knew what it meant. The young man looked at the word written on the paper. It was a curious mixture of letters, spelling an almost unpronounceable word. Then suddenly an idea occurred to him. He told his wife that it might be the crowning chemical used by her father for his compound.

"Then," said Fanny excitedly, "all we have to do is to give it to Mr. Gower and we will yet be rich."

But William Clarke believed in the adage "Make haste slowly." He slept but little that night, thinking why, if this was the required substance, Severance had left it without the other ingredients of the compound. He must have had a reason for doing so Clarke thought for hours upon this reason. Was it that Gower knew the other ingredients and in the event of the inventor's death could go on with the manufacture of the powder in case Fanny would give it to him. If so it meant that Fanny was the real possessor of the secret. But why had not Severance told her that what he had given her was the key and what she was to do with it in case of his death?

"Fanny," said the young husband the next morning, giving her the daily parting kiss, "go into the laboratory today and see what you can find there."

Fanny took the key to the building and, with a shudder, going into the laboratory, began to hunt—what for she did not know. There was a tiny safe in the wall that interested her. Remembering that she had father's keys in the house, she went for them and, picking out an odd looking one, slipped it into the lock. It fitted exactly, and, turning it, she opened the small door and took out several papers. Selecting one, she read it and staggered as if stricken. It read:

> Suspecting that my assistant, Peter Gower, will murder me (he thinks he possesses my secret) I leave this paper in case anything happens to me. I dare not give the secret to any one, even to my daughter, now, but trust this action will insure it to her without the risk that would occur if it left my keeping.

On another paper was a list of the ingredients except one, which the writer said he had given to his daughter.

A horrible thought entered the young wife's mind. Her father had probably been murdered.

"Bless him!" she exclaimed, kissing the record he had made. "Had it not been for his care a murderer would have robbed me of my rights."

The hours dragged slowly till her husband came home, and she told him of her discovery. He read the paper and, taking his wife in his arms, said:

"Sweetheart, it is our duty to avenge your father."

"How?"

"There are ways in which Gower could have contrived an explosion. He might have mixed substances that would require a few minutes or a few hours to unite chemically. He might have run a wire underground to the outside of the laboratory and ignited some substance within by an electric spark. He might have tossed a bomb at his victim's feet. Whatever his means, he doubtless removed all evidences of its character, for you left him to lock up the laboratory."

"So I did," she said wonderingly. "But could I have done otherwise? I wouldn't have gone there myself on any account."

The next day Clarke took steps to renew the negotiations with the government broken off by his father-in-law's death. The matter dragged, as all matters connected with governments are bound to drag. But Clarke, who had more business ability than the inventor, started negotiations with another country and before long had two nations bidding against each other. The result was that he finally received five times as much as was offered Severance.

When payment was handed to Clarke it was in one check on the national treasury. He took it home and waved it triumphantly over his wife's head, exclaiming:

"There's your dowry!"

But the wife's joy was subdued by the sad memory of her father's death. "Alas, poor father!" she said, with tears in her eyes.

The next day Clarke did the more melancholy duty of handing the police the paper incriminating Peter Gower. A warrant was issued for his arrest and as soon as he was taken an investigation of the laboratory was made. A tiny hole was found under a work bench through which a wire might have been passed to the cellar. To lead it from there to the outside of the building no other hole was needed since it could have been passed through a window. This single hole was the only evidence against the accused, and it was not sufficient to convict him. He was acquitted of the murder by the jury, but not by the public. When freed he disappeared and has never since been heard from.

A Difference In Time.

A traveler in Ireland, riding a horse that had seen better days, stopped on a country road in Donegal and asked a peasant:

"How far is it to Letterkenny?"

Now, every true Irishman, gentle or simple, is a born sportsman and has a keen appreciation of the points of a good horse. So, after surveying the sorry steed with the eye of a connoisseur, the rustic replied slowly:

"That depends."

"How depends? Depends on what?" asked the traveler impatiently.

"Well," returned Pat in the same measured tones, "ye see, sor, wid a decent horse it's a matther av five mile or so; wid that quare baste av yours it's fully tin. But"—with a sudden burst of energy—"if it wae wan av Major Doyle's blood mares ye'd be there now!"

Have a Purpose.

Have a purpose. No one ever reached great things without trying for them. Thoughts of what is great, love for great ideals, daily acts done in a great spirit, prepare the hero's hour and bring it to him. Purpose makes or mars life. Purposelessness ruins life.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Summons for Publication.

State of Minnesota
County of Red Lake } ss

The State of Minnesota to Bert H. Frazee, Defendent:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 4th day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said County, to answer to the complaint of Paul W. Carpenter and Everette A. Webster, Copartners as Carpenter & Webster, Plaintiffs in a civil action, wherein the plaintiffs claim the sum of Forty-one and 62-100 Dollars and interest at 6 per cent since October 11th, 1909. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you, upon the evidence adduced by said plaintiffs, for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand and dated this 7th day of February, 1910.

S. A. SWANSON.
Justice of the Peace.

f.c-24

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake } ss

In the Matter of the Petition of Carelius Peterson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 42.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No 42. The said Ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) and Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41). Commencing at a point thirteen hundred and forty two (1342) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between section eleven (11) and twelve (12) township one hundred fifty two (152) range forty one (41) thence running parallel with a twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12), and section one (1) and two (2) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections one (1) and two (2) of aforesaid Township and range, thence extending in a northwesterly direction to a point twenty (20) feet east and six hundred and thirty five (635) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirty six (36) township one hundred fifty three (153) range forty one (41) thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of section line between section thirty five (35) and section thirty six (36) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between said sections thirty five (35) and thirty six (36) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the east and west center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the center of said section thirty five of aforesaid township and range thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the north and south center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between section twenty six (26) and thirty five (35) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between section twenty six (26) and section thirty five (35), and section twenty seven (27) and section thirty four (34) to a point six hundred and forty (640) feet west of the section corner between section twenty six (26) and section twenty seven (27) and sections thirty four (34) and thirty five (35) of aforesaid township and range thence extending in a northwesterly direction across the south west corner of the South East Quarter (SE¼) of section twenty seven (27) and the north east corner of the South West Quarter (SW¼) of said section twenty seven (27) to a point forty (40) rods north and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter stake between section twenty seven (27) and section twenty eight (28) of aforesaid township and range thence extending parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between section twenty seven (27) and section twenty eight (28) and sections twenty one (21) and twenty two (22) township one hundred fifty three (153) range forty one (41) to the Red Lake River where said ditch has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit: Katie O'Brien, J. A. Duffy, Fred York, Hans S Quam, Elvira C. Hovland, Gust B. Tveit, Kittle Vindlos, Martin Solem, John C. Carlson, Erick Memb, Nels J. Hegemoe, Charles Krohn, Carl A. Johnson, Andrew T. Myrum, Sten Jorgensen, Olaus Nelson, Joseph W & Henry A. Metz, Asmund K. Vindlos, Arne Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Peter O'Toole James O'Brien, Edward T. Emmerson, John Quirk, Aslak B. Mandt, Louis O. Kongel, Gilbert Steen, Peter Hedeen, Albert O. Anderson, James Madden, Carl G. Olsen, Lars E. Ofte, Townships of Kratka and Mayfield and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 18th day of March 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.

f24 M10

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissapation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

Enthusiastic.

"Do you believe the president really enjoys walking in a storm?"

"Believe it? Of course he does. Why, half the time he kicks up the storm himself."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Bram, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 155, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Hitze, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hensen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8, and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

NICK DREES

WELL DIGGER

Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.

Work Promptly Attended to

Leave orders at Gazette office

COMIC VALENTINES PAST and PRESENT

by WALDON FAWCETT

[illegible] OF OLD VALENTINES

ONE OF THE EARLIEST OF COMIC VALENTINES—OLD CHATTERBOX

Photographs Copyrighted by WALDON FAWCETT

T[illegible] rather [illegible] historical [illegible] on the subject [illegible] to indicate that comic valentines did not make their appearance quite as early as the [illegible] and sentimental [illegible]—but it is evident [illegible] souvenirs [illegible] for [illegible] the poetic [illegible] of flowers and lace [illegible] fading popular favor [illegible] the whole principle of the exchange or distribution of comic valentines has been [illegible] one important essential from the dispatch of the [illegible]. In the case of the [illegible] sentimental tokens of St. Valentine the sender is usually [illegible] anxious that the recipient shall suspect his identity. In the case of the comics, on the other hand, every precaution is [illegible] taken to keep the origin of the [illegible] a profound secret.

In the [illegible] of both classes of valentines—the sentimental and the [illegible]—the earliest manufactured valentines—those of more than a century ago—were preceded by home-made valentines which had vogue during a considerable era. So general was the exchange of these home-made valentines that [illegible] in the form of "Valentine Writers" or books of appropriate verse were regularly published for the inspiration of young people who desired to prepare such epistles, just as [illegible] of ready-prepared letters yet find some sale among [illegible] youths of little imagination who desire to appear to the best advantage as sentimental correspondents. Most of the "valentine writers" were designed for the sentimental section of the public, but there were some prepared especially for the scribblers with a sense of humor.

For instance, there was published along about the last of the eighteenth century "The Quizzical or Satirical Valentine Writer," the character of which may well be surmised from the title. This, alike to most others of its kind, became an annual publication and was looked forward to each year just as the appearance of the almanac for the new year was anticipated with keen interest. Another of these forerunners of our present-day comic valentines was published in London during the same period and bore the highly significant title "Hymen's Revenge Against Old Maids, Old Bachelors and Impertinent Coxcombs; or a New Valentine Writer, Being a Collection of Valentines, Humorous and Satirical, chiefly original, written expressly for this work."

Some idea of the caustic ammunition provided by these helpers of the composers of valentines may be formed from the following specimen verse addressed "To a Lady Who Squints:"

[illegible] most delight,
[illegible] convenient sight,
[illegible]
[illegible] on either side.

One of the most novel features of the beginnings of the comic valentine craze was the appearance of tradespeople's valentine writers containing all sorts of verse especially designed to apply to devotees of the various vocations and lines of mercantile trade. Such a reference work made a good sized volume, for, in order to be complete it had to embody verses for every [illegible] trade and occupation. There were [illegible] sentimental tributes included in each volume of this character, but for the most part the contents consisted of more or less humorous reference.

The system was certainly a convenient one, for not only were gibes and appeals provided, but there was also appended favorable and unfavorable replies for each such advance, so that the recipient of one of the valentines thus derived had only to consult the book in order to ascertain the proper reply. For instance, a grocer could address his lady love as follows:

Your breath is all spice I declare,
And [illegible] and [illegible],
That you're as sweet, I think, my fair,
As plums or sugar candy.
[illegible] I [illegible],
[illegible] kindly weigh;
And if you will my heart restore,
I'll treat you to some tea.

However, the lovelorn grocer was liable to reply to this effect:

Your letter I've weighed,
And truly afraid
Many pounds you're deficient in weight;
And so Mr. Grocer,
I'd have you know, Sir,
I care not a fig for your treat.

With the introduction of manufactured valentines the comics kept pace with the sentimental variety. Among the earliest and most interesting of the humorous products of the early valentine manufacturers were transformation pictures, which conveyed hidden or double meaning. A notable example was the design which presented at first glance the figure of an attractive and fashionably gowned women. However, the pulling of a string changed the whole aspect of the picture in that the head of the woman was suddenly replaced by that of a parrot. Later the manufacturers of comic valentines struck what might be termed the standard form of grotesque, highly colored caricatures which has endured to this day with only such changes as have been dictated from time to time by the edicts of fashion in dress, etc.

With the decreasing cost of the comic valentines—the small boy can now buy as many as ten for a cent—there use has grown and our public men and celebrities, from the president, all down the ladder, are now likely to be deluged each February with more or less pertinent reminders of the jokers' day. Germany and Japan have manufactured many valentines, but American lithographic houses are gradually capturing most of the business and there are now several men in the United States who devote practically their entire time to preparing designs for comic valentines.

AWAITING THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE VALENTINES

DANGERS IN DANCING.

Dancing has been extolled as a healthful recreation; as a means of physical culture it favors the development of the muscular system and promotes health and cheerfulness.

Young girls appear to experience no fatigue after it. They will not miss a single waltz, polka or square dance, but if the pulse of one of these indefatigable devotees is felt after the dance is finished it will be found in the majority of cases that the number of pulsations is far in excess of the normal, and from this it may be inferred that the condition of the heart must react prejudicially upon the entire organism, and it justifies an apprehension of danger to delicate girls.

Robin Redbreast's Valentine

A girl and a boy wandered forth into a fair, pleasant garden that looked like fairyland, although it was wintry weather.

Suddenly the girl spoke.

"I wish St. Valentine had had the snowdrop instead of the crocus dedicated to him."

And as she spoke she knelt down and, raising one of the white, drooping flowers, she gazed lovingly at its pure white petals and at the delicate green tracery of the leaves of its inner cup.

"Ah!" said she, "what have you been waiting for so long?

"Under the snow, under the snow,
With your ivory heads all bending low,
How many secrets you must know!

The boy looked at her wonderingly.

"How can the flowers know anything?" he asked.

"Everything knows something," returned Leila, dreamily; "but the flowers are dumb and cannot tell one their thoughts—only their beauty speaks, and their fragrance breathes sweet thoughts into one's heart that one tries to put into words. But that is almost impossible."

"Of course it is," answered her companion. "Now, it is quite different with the birds; they can make themselves understood. They sing songs of thanksgiving and their note of joy or mourning is easy to tell. They scold and chatter as the jackdaw and rook, or screech like the owl, or sing a serenade as the nightingale. And one of them speaks even more clearly, for when he cries 'cuckoo, cuckoo,' we know that the summer is coming. No wonder St. Valentine cared for the birds, and you see that they are all fluttering out and singing a joyful song in honor of his birthday."

"Yes," said Leila, softly—

The birds in spring
Sweet chorus sing
To good St. Valentine.

"See, there are two sitting on a bough whispering to each other of the spring and summer days and all that is going to happen; where they shall live and how they shall build their nests. And there are two more flying toward them and two more—always in pairs. Ah! that is because on Valentine's day each bird chooses its mate."

"Of course," answered the boy.

"And the snowdrops are nodding their heads, as if they were keeping time to the birds' song," continued Leila. "Doubtless they have been waiting to do honor to St. Valentine. They have been lying patiently under the snow and now that the warmer day has come they are saying, 'We belong to the wreath that the flowers weave for Valentine's day.'"

WHY WE GIVE VALENTINES.

Long ago there lived a priest named Valentine. This good man was noted in all the country round for his kindness. He nursed the sick, comforted the sorrowing and was always ready to give help to anyone who was in need. Valentine dearly loved the children and those who went to him for food or clothes were never turned away. After this kind priest became too old to go among his people he was very sad because he thought he could no longer be of any help to them. Then he remembered that he could write loving messages to the sick and sorrowing. Soon his friends began to watch for the kind words that were sure to come whenever sorrow or joy entered their homes. Even little children would say, when they were sick "I think Father Valentine will send me a letter to-day."

But after a time no more letters were received and soon the news went abroad that good old Valentine was dead. Then every one said that such a man was good enough to be called a saint and since then he has been known as St. Valentine. It was not long until people celebrated his birthday by sending loving messages to their friends. The notes and letters containing these messages were called valentines. This all happened years ago, but good St. Valentine is still remembered on the fourteenth of each February.

SAYS DAD.

"I notice you ordered lots of ice cream during the holidays."

"Yes, I like to order ice cream sent home."

"Why?"

"Because it is about the only thing mother will eat her share of, and not try to save until next day for one of the children."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

THE STORY OF APSLEY HOUSE

Land on Which It Stands Once Gift of Monarch to Poor Companion in Arms.

It may be said that Apsley House, the duke of Wellington's mansion at Hyde Park Corner, in London, is doubly a soldier's reward. King George II. was always pleased to meet with any one who remembered that he had fought at the battle of Dettingeo, and one day when riding near Hyde Park he was saluted by a poor man walking at the roadside.

The king thought his face was familiar, and, on making inquiries, was gratified to find that he had been an humble comrade in the well-known battle. Noticing the man's condition, he asked if he could render him any service.

"Sire," replied the old soldier, "my wife and I secure a livelihood by keeping yonder apple stall. If the ground on which it stands could be ours, we should indeed be in better case."

It was not a very extravagant request, and the king granted it. Since then the value of land near Hyde Park has increased, and the old soldier's son received as much as £450 a year for the ground when a certain rich man chose the spot on which the apple stall had stood as a suitable place to erect a stately mansion. This mansion was afterward presented to the duke of Wellington as a token of the nation's gratitude.

Substitute for Gold.

In France a substitute for gold has been afforded by combining 94 parts of copper and six parts of antimony and adding a little magnesium carbonate to increase the weight. It is said that this alloy can be drawn, wrought and soldered much like true gold, and that it also receives and retains a golden polish. It is worth about 25 cents a pound.

The KITCHEN CABINET

NOTHING is small that can be done from a mighty motive. The least action of life can be as surely done from the loftiest motive as the highest and noblest. Faithfulness measures acts as God measures them. True conscienciousness deals with our duties as God deals with them."—Dr. MacLaren.

The Cocktail.

As a beginning to a course dinner, the alcoholic cocktail is under the ban, not only temperance people but also those who understand the art of delicate dining. When rum, whisky and other pungent flavor beverages are used their pungent flavor destroys the appetizing effect of the hors d'oeuvres and seriously retard the process of digestion. On this account the clam, the oyster, the various fruit cocktails and those of appetizing herbs are used, their object being to stimulate, but not to clog the appetite. The gustatory nerves are extremely sensitive and if abused by too highly-seasoned foods lose the power to appreciate the more delicate and flowerlike flavors which it should be our pleasure to enjoy.

Oyster Cocktails for Twelve.

Clean and chill 60 small oysters; mix with three teaspoons of horseradish, one teaspoon of tabasco sauce, two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, five tablespoonfuls of Worcestershire sauce, three tablespoonfuls of tomato catsup and one and one-fourth teaspooonfuls of salt. Serve in glasses, in grape fruit, lemon or tomato cups.

Tutti Frutti Cocktail.

Put into each glass a spoonful of chipped ice, and on this arrange a layer of chilled fruit, such as a tablespoonful of shredded orange pulp with a little of the juice, teaspoonful of cubes of pineapple, small pieces of banana, preserved or fresh cherries, seeded grapes or any fruit in season. Sift over all a tablespoonful crushed loaf sugar and fill the glass with grape juice and pineapple juice.

Oyster Cocktail Sauces.

Use one or two teaspoonfuls of these sauces on from four to eight small oysters for each glass. One teaspoonful each of grated horseradish and tomato catsup, a saltspoonful each of salt and cayenne. One-half teaspoon of tabasco sauce, two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice. Mix thoroughly before serving. Oysters and sauces should be well chilled when served.

THE art of cooking, like the art of dining, is exempt from the caprices of fashion. The principles of both these arts are eternal and immutable."—P. Z. Didsbury.

Historic English Recipes.

In England each county glories in certain dishes which must be eaten just there to be appreciated. The Bath bun, Shrewsbury cakes, Yorkshire pudding, Banbury tarts and any number of dishes that have become famous. The average American goes, sees, eats and pronounces them heavy and sticky, but consoles himself with the thought that they are historic. Good bread making is not said to be an accomplishment of the English cook, but the muffin or crumpet and tea cakes are worth trying.

The great fault with the English soups such as ox-tail and mulligatawny is their strength and heaviness. To begin a dinner with any of these soups as they are served in large portion shows active digestive powers, but lack of knowledge as to the real mission of soup in a meal.

A breakfast menu recommended for August is one that would not find favor with us. Bloaters on toast, corned beef, muffins, brown and white bread and butter, marmalade and boiled hominy. Olive Green says: "An American who ate a breakfast like that in August probably would not send his collars to the laundry more than once or twice more."

Devonshire Cream.

This is an old recipe which is famous in London. Allow milk to stand 24 hours in winter, 12 in summer and then brought just to the boiling point, not to boil, however. The slower it is heated the better. It is then set away until the following day, when it is skimmed and it is then known as clotted cream. It has a characteristic and delicious flavor.

Banbury Tarts.

Stone and chop one cupful of raisins, add one cupful of sugar, one egg slightly beaten, one cracker finely rolled and the juice and rind of one lemon. Roll some pastry one-eighth of an inch thick and cut in pieces three and one-half by three inches wide. Put two teaspoonfuls of the mixture on each piece, moisten the edge with cold water, half way around, fold over and press the edges together with a fork dipped in flour. Bake 20 minutes.

Nellie Maxwell.

Coat Too Much Like Heather.

The coat of a red setter normally stands out fairly clearly against heather of the ordinary hue; when, however, it gets soaked with rain it darkens very much and blends very closely with the heather. The Gordon setters are, perhaps, the worst in this regard of assimilating with the color of heather, and so being liable to get a charge of shot.—Country Life.

Always the Unexpected.

Riggs—What did she do when you kissed her?

Briggs—She said, "Oh, this is so unexpected!

Riggs—What did you say then?

Briggs—I told her that the unexpected always happened.

His Last Journey.

Jean Muller died at a home in Paris recently, at the age of 105, from fatigue. He had walked to Paris from Belfort, a distance of 30 miles, to see his children.

CHICAGO MERCHANT MAKES STATEMENT.

After Spending Thousands of Dollars and Consulting the Most Eminent Physicians, He Was Desperate.

CHICAGO, ILLS.—Mr. J. G. Becker, of 134 Van Buren St., a well-known wholesale dry goods dealer, states as follows:

"I have had catarrh for more than thirty years. Have tried everything on earth and spent thousands of dollars for other medicines and with physicians, without getting any lasting relief, and can say to you that I have found Peruna the only remedy that has cured me permanently.

"Peruna has also cured my wife of catarrh. She always keeps it in the house for an attack of cold, which it invariably cures in a very short time."

TIT FOR TAT

Farmer Huskworthy—See here! I want ter know what yer mean by sleepin' around here? Ye've been snorin' so loud they kin hear ye a mile away! If ye'd keep yer mouth shut ye wouldn't make so much noise!

Bo Bill—Neither would you.

An Exploded Theory.

"Do you believe there is anything in mental suggestion?"

"Not a thing."

"Don't you think it is possible if one person keeps his mind steadily fixed on a certain thing which he wishes another to do that the other will be influenced so that he will eventually do it?"

"No, I don't believe in the theory at all. I've been wishing for a week that you'd pay me what you owe me without making it necessary for me to ask you for it."—Sunday Magazine of the Cleveland Leader.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

What the Doctor Did.

Gustave Ullyatt has a little daughter who hasn't been well recently. The other day a physician was called to the Ullyatt home to see her. He examined the child with the aid of a stethoscope. When her father came home that evening he asked what the doctor had said.

"Nothin'," replied the little girl.

"What did he do?" asked Mr. Ullyatt.

"He just telephoned me all over," was the child's reply.—Denver Post.

Their Status.

"Are they happy?"

"Happy? No, they're rich."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET.

"A Kodak on the Farm," E. B. Meyrowitz, 604 Nicollett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

After a man has been married three years his bump of hope becomes a dent.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Many a girl never suspects a young man's intentions until he asks her if she can cook.

WHEN YOUR JOINTS ARE STIFF

and muscles sore from cold, rheumatism or neuralgia; when you slip, strain or bruise yourself use *Perry Davis' Painkiller.* The home remedy 70 years.

The face that lights up in conversation is not necessarily lantern-jawed.

ANGRY PROTEST OF BOYHOOD

"Valentine Night-Gown" Offended Sensibilities of Small Masculine Humanity.

William, a little country boy of six, was snowbound with his mother at the house of an aunt, 20 miles from his own home. The two, who had driven over in a sleigh just to spend the day, were forced to remain three nights, and were supplied by the hostess with garments to sleep in. There being no small boys in his aunt's family, William was put to bed in one of his little cousin Deborah's nightgowns, very indignant at having to wear anything with so many frills and lace trimmings around the neck and on the sleeves.

"I won't stand it, mummer," he loudly protested on the second night, "I won't wear anything so girly! I'll run away, you see if I don't, and perrush in a snow drift before I'll put that thing on again. Why, rather than wear that—that valentine night-gown—I'll sleep raw!"

Young America.

The H.'s lived in the country, kept chickens and lived the simple life. One of their daily diversions was to sit on the front veranda and watch the sunset and Roberta, aged four, sat and watched with them, but it was a rather tedious as well as solemn occasion for her and one day, after watching in silence for quite a while, an explanation of the whole thing suddenly dawned upon her and with the delighted enthusiasm of a discoverer she exclaimed: "Oh, mamma, I know now why it takes the sun so long to set. It has to hatch out so many little stars!"—Los Angeles Times.

Free to Our Readers.

Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48-page Illustrated Eye Book Free. Write all about Your Eye Trouble and they will advise as to the Proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedies in Your Special Case. Your Druggist will tell you that Murine Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and sells for 50c. Try It in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

Ruling Passion.

"I knew Butt's smoking would get him into trouble."

"Well?"

"At his wedding, when it came to the ring part, he reached into his pocket and handed the minister a match."

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

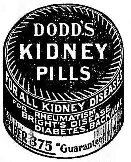
The girl who says she wouldn't marry the best man living will probably live to have the satisfaction of knowing she didn't.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

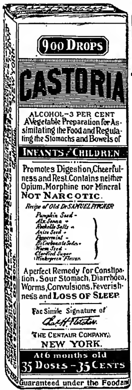
All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them.—Christian.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The average man is always paid average wages.



Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FREE We Will Send Upon Application to Every Farmer **FREE**
PROF. THOMAS SHAW'S Directions for Planting Garden, Flower and Field Seeds in our Catalogue of Home Grown Seed
NORTHERN SEED CO., Seed Growers. 11th St., Valley City, N. D.

([illegible] Page Two)

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
(Continued)
Original Townsite

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
[illegible]'s Addition

[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
[illegible]'s Addition

[illegible]

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Townsite of Red Lake Rapids

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Lena O. Berg		23	6	1.62
Lena O. Berg		24	6	6.12
Lena O. Berg		28	6	1.24

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
(Continued.)
Townsite of Red Lake Rapids
(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty.
Lena O. Berg		29	6	1.34
Henry B. Lund		39	6	.58
Henry B. Lund		40	6	.58
Henry B. Lund		41	6	.24
[illegible]		27	8	.82
[illegible]		28	8	.82
[illegible]		5	10	.82
[illegible]		6	10	......
[illegible]		7	10	.58
[illegible]		8	10	.58
[illegible]		9	10	.58
[illegible]		10	10	.58
[illegible]		11	10	.58
[illegible]		12	10	.58
[illegible]		13	10	.58
[illegible]		14	10	.58
[illegible]		15	10	.58
[illegible]		16	10	.58
[illegible]		17	10	.58
[illegible]		18	10	.58
[illegible]		19	10	.58
[illegible]		20	10	.58
[illegible]		21	10	.58
[illegible]		22	10	.58
[illegible]		23	10	.58
[illegible]		24	10	.58
[illegible]		25	10	.50
[illegible]		26	10	.50
[illegible]		27	10	.30
[illegible]		28	10	.40
[illegible]		29	10	.30
[illegible]		30	10	.30
[illegible]		31	10	.30
[illegible]		32	10	.39
[illegible]		33	10	.30
[illegible]		34	10	.30
[illegible]		35	10	.30
[illegible]		36	10	.58
[illegible]		37	10	.58
[illegible]		38	10	.58
[illegible]		39	14	2.08
[illegible]		40	14	.50
[illegible]		41	14	.58
[illegible] Lots 7 and		6	14	1.15
[illegible]		7	14	.58
[illegible] Miller Lots 9, 10 [illegible]		12	14	1.91
[illegible] Miller		17	14	.58
[illegible] Syberg, Lots 29, [illegible] and		32	14	1.91
[illegible] Hoskins, Lots 43,		44	14	1.91
[illegible]		12	16	.58
[illegible]		13	16	3.07
[illegible]		14	16	.58
[illegible]		15	16	.58
[illegible]		1	19	1.62
[illegible]		2	19	1.34
[illegible]		3	19	1.34
[illegible]		25	19	14.12
[illegible]		26	19	1.91
[illegible]		18	19	.97
[illegible]		19	19	.97
[illegible]	That part of [illegible] between Red Lake Rapids and Red Lake River and [illegible] ditch and [illegible] Avenue North			.58
[illegible]	A strip of [illegible] West of [illegible]			.58
[illegible]		21	25	16.03
[illegible]		[illegible]	25	4.07
[illegible]		[illegible]	25	17.79
[illegible]		[illegible]	25	2.07
[illegible]		1	26	20.67
[illegible]		2	26	2.72
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	3.16
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	2.39
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	11.96
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	2.39
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	2.79
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	.56
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	.56
[illegible]		[illegible]	28	1.62
[illegible]		6	28	8.59
[illegible]		[illegible]	28	1.36
[illegible]		15	29	1.11
[illegible]		16	29	.82
[illegible]		17	29	.82
[illegible]		18	29	.82
[illegible]		21	29	.82
[illegible]		22	29	.82
[illegible]		23	29	.82
[illegible]		5	30	.82
[illegible]		15	30	1.11
[illegible]		16	30	.82
[illegible]		17	30	.82
[illegible]		18	30	.82
[illegible]		19	30	.82
[illegible]		20	30	.82
[illegible]		21	30	.82
[illegible]		22	30	.82
[illegible]		23	30	.82
[illegible]		24	30	1.11
[illegible]		25	30	1.11
[illegible]		29	30	.82
[illegible]		40	30	.82
[illegible]		41	30	.82
Sidney [illegible]		1	32	.58
[illegible]		2	32	.58
[illegible]		8	32	.29
[illegible]		9	32	.29
[illegible]		10	32	.29
[illegible]		11	32	.41
[illegible]		21	32	.58
[illegible]		22	32	.58
[illegible]		23	32	.58
[illegible]		24	32	.52
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		1	33	.82
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		2	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		3	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		7	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		8	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		9	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		10	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		11	33	.82
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		15	33	.82
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		16	33	10.15
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		17	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		18	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		19	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		20	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		21	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		22	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		23	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		24	33	.82
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		25	33	.82
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		26	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		27	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		28	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		29	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		30	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		31	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		32	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		33	33	.58
The Brainerd Lbr. & Merc. Co.		34	33	.82
[illegible] & Rolling		38	33	3.21
[illegible] & Rolling		39	33	.58
[illegible] & Rolling		40	33	.58
[illegible]		27	34	.58
[illegible]		24	34	2.49
[illegible]		21	34	.58
[illegible]		22	34	.58
[illegible]		23	34	.58
[illegible]		34	34	.82
[illegible]		25	34	.42
[illegible]		39	34	.29
Fred Will, for years 1907 and 1908		40	34	1.46
Fred Will, for years 1907 and 1908		41	34	1.46

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Conely's 1st Addition to Red Lake Rapids

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Henrietta Krumm, (exc. Ry. R. of W.)		7	1	6.37

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Knox's Addition to Red Lake Rapids

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
[illegible] Elstad		2	4	.68
John Lambert Keely		23	6	1.08
John Lambert Keely		24	6	5.40
[illegible] Day		14	8	7.52
[illegible] Day		15	8	2.73
Henrietta Krumm		23	8	3.26
Henrietta Krumm		24	8	3.26
Henrietta Krumm		25	8	3.26
Florence J. Hoskins		26	8	3.26
Florence J. Hoskins		27	8	3.26
Florence J. Hoskins		28	8	3.26
Florence J. Hoskins		29	8	3.26
Albert Wichman		3	9	3.26
Albert Wichman		4	9	3.26
Madeline Glerd		11	9	3.26
Madeline Glerd		12	9	17.61
Madeline Glerd		13	9	8.26
George Okeson		14	9	6.18

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
(Continued)
Knox's Addition to Red Lake Raipds
(Continued)

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
George Okeson		15	9	1.62
George Okeson		16	9	1.63
Andrew C. Bratton		25	23	.88
Andrew C. Bratton		26	23	.88
Carrie Gilbertson		8	24	9.73
Carrie Gilbertson		9	24	.88
Joseph Vatava		21	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		22	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		23	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		24	24	10.97
Joseph Vatava		25	24	1.39
Joseph Vatava		26	24	1.68
Emil Jesten		3	26	1.62
Emil Jesten		4	26	1.62
Karen Wold		10	26	.81
Karen Wold		11	26	3.81
Jens O. Sandberg		25	26	4.42
Jens O. Sandberg		26	26	.96
Lena Jennings		21	27	.96
Lena Jennings		22	27	3.36

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Meehan's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
E. O. Boe		2	2	4.07
E. O. Boe		3	2	4.07
E. O. Boe		4	2	4.07
Ole O. Hagen		5	6	12.55
Ole P. Saxberg		6	6	14.32

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
P. Meehan's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
C. M. Evenson		1	3	18.00
C. M. Evenson		2	4	14.96
M. V. Evenson		1	5	12.11
P. Meehan		4	5	12.63
William Warner		5	5	17.81
William Warner		6	5	10.78

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Highland Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Andrew O. Wiste		2	3	20.81
A. H. Akre		4	5	3.78
Inger O. Karvand		5	5	7.56
Howe Paige		1	6	4.07
Howe Paige		2	6	4.07
Howe Paige		3	6	4.07
Howe Paige		5	6	8.85
Gilbert Backe		3	8	20.06
Elling Melby		6	8	5.74
John Torrison		1	9	20.35
John Sorenson, 25 feet S. of N. 25 feet of		3	9	2.73

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
River Side Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Theophile DeLaurier		1	1	15.23
Theophile DeLaurier		2	1	2.73
James Meehan, Jr.		C	11	2.73
James Meehan, Jr.		D	11	2.73

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Oakland Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Fred V. Akers		1	9	2.73
Fred V. Akers		2	9	6.32
Fred V. Akers		3	9	2.73

CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS
Zeh's Addition

Year for which taxes are delinquent, 1908.

Name of Owner	Description	lot	block	Total Tax and Penalty. $ cts
Julia Medlerigle		2	1	6.32
Emil E. Zeh		3	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		4	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		5	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		6	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		7	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		8	1	.58
Emil E. Zeh		7	2	.58
Emil E. Zeh		8	2	.58
Emil E. Zeh		1	3	1.11
Emil E. Zeh		2	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		3	3	6.41
Emil E. Zeh		6	3	4.55
Emil E. Zeh		7	3	12.94
Emil E. Zeh		12	3	7.52
Emil E. Zeh		13	3	2.73
Emil E. Zeh		14	3	2.73
Emil E. Zeh		15	3	2.16
Emil E. Zeh		16	3	1.62
Emil E. Zeh		17	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		18	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		19	3	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		5	4	.58
Emil E. Zeh		6	4	.58
Emil E. Zeh		7	4	.58
Emil E. Zeh		8	4	2.30
Emil E. Zeh		2	5	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		3	5	1.34
Emil E. Zeh		4	5	6.11

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RED LAKE. SS.

A. A. Latendresse, being by me first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the County Auditor of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, that he has examined the foregoing list and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is a correct list of taxes delinquent for the years therein appearing upon real estate in said County.

(Seal.)

A. A. Latendresse

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of February, A. D. 1910.

(Seal.) S. L. LEWIS,
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My Commission expires September 17th, 1913.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RED LAKE. SS.

I, A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the foregoing copy of the list of real estate taxes in said County remaining delinquent on the 3rd day of January, 1910, was this day received from the Clerk of the District Court in and for said County and State.

Witness my hand and official seal this 5th day of February, A. D. 1910.

(Seal.)

A. A. Latendresse

County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Sometimes, Tommy.

The title of this dialogue might be "Why Papa Believes in Corporal Punishment:"

"Papa?"

"Well?"

"Is there a Christian flea?"

"Why, what on earth ever put that idea in your head?"

"The preacher read it today from the Bible, 'The wicked flee when no man pursueth.'"

"Why, Tommy, that means that the wicked men flee"—

"Then, papa, is there a wicked woman flea?"

"No, no. It means that the wicked flees, runs away."

"Why do they run?"

"Who?"

"The wicked fleas."

"No, no! Don't you see? The wicked man runs away when no man is after him."

"Is there a woman after him?"

"Tommy, go to bed!"

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book "tt" of mortgages on page 248 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150) north, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 508, and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage, elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f17-m31

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 23d A. D. 1902, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1902, at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages 366 to 368 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty Four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 509, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty-eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F17M31

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of sixty dollars which became due September 29th, 1909, all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by M. O. Sortedahl and Hilda Sortedahl, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche Hypotheek bank, (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank, of Uithuizen, the Netherlands) mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of September, 1905, at 1 o'clock P. M. in Book 12 of Mortgages, on page 18.

And whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default, the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand seventy eight and 55-100ths dollars ($1078.55) and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit:

Southeast quarter (SE¼) of section twenty eight (28), in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1078.55 and interest, and taxes if any on said premises, and fifty dollars ($50.00), attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 12, 1910, A. D.

DE NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEKBANK,
(The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank)
Mortgagee.

Chas E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn j13-f17

Citation For Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Edward Maloney.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Edward Maloney, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Charles Brislin, Mike Maloney, Patrick Burk, Jr., John Manley and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of John Manley being duly filed in this court, representing that Edward Maloney, then a resident of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, died on the 30th day of January, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to John Manley.

NOW THEREFORE, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of March, 1910, at 10:00 a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, S. A. Swanson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 8th day of February, 1910.

{ Court } S. A. Swanson,
{ Seal } Judge.

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner f10-f24

Solicitous.

Host—Have you seen the wedding gifts, old man?

Guest—No; not yet.

"Well, wait a moment. I'll get one of the detectives to escort you through."—Life.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven and 60-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter J. Huseby and Lena Huseby, his wife, mortgagors, to De Nederlandsch-Amerikaansche-Hypotheekbank (The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank), of Uithuizen, The Netherlands, Mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1900, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of October, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book "Q" of Mortgages, on page 375; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twenty-seven (27), in township one hundred fifty one (151) north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 26th day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $327.60 and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 12th, 1910,

DE-NEDERLANDSCH-AMERIKAANSCHE HYPOTHEEK-BANK
The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j13-f17

Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Six hundred fifty-nine and 95-100ths dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to First State Bank, of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1905, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of December 1905, at 10.00 o'clock A. M., in Book 34 of Mortgages, on page 120.

Which said Mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said First State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, by written assignment dated the 6th day of January 1908, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 17th day of August, 1908, at 9.00 o'clock A. M., in Book 9 of Mortgages on page 549.

Which said Mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, the Assignee and Holder thereof, to O. S. Hanson by written assignment dated the 8th day of January, 1910, and recorded on the 20th day of January 1910, at 10.00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 6, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter (SW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two (152) North, Range Forty-three (43), West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state, on the 12th day of March 1910, at one o'clock p. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Hundred Fifty-nine and 95-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 26th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Fifteen Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Magnilda Brevig and T. M. Brevig, her husband, Mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, a corporation, Mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of March, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of March, 1908, at 5:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 8 of Mortgages, on page 225.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Mortgagee, to O. S. Hanson, by written assignment dated the 8th day of January, 1910, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds on the 20th day of January, 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 7.

And Whereas the said O. S. Hanson, the Assignee, Mortgagee and Holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seventy-five Dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, from the 23rd day of March, 1909, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The South West quarter of Section Number Twenty-two, in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two North of Range Forty-three, West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government Survey thereof, in Red Lake county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake county, at the front door of the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seventy-five dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 25th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. j27-m3

Forestalled.

"Yes, it is true," said a detective "that we catch criminals more frequently than we used to. It is true too, that, knowing the criminal's ways we forestall him—we take preventive measures that reduce crime enormously.

"We are like," he resumed, "the alert deacon. This deacon was passing the collection plate one Sunday morning. When he came to a certain penurious citizen he noticed that the man extended toward the plate not a hand with a coin displayed between finger and thumb, but a tightly closed fist.

"The deacon frowned at the fist and jerked the plate back from it.

"'Give it to me, Mr. Keene,' he whispered audibly. 'One has just come off my vest.'"

Let Us Smile.

There is no room for sadness when we
see a cheery smile.
It always has the same good look—it's
never out of style.
It nerves us on to try again when failure
makes us blue.
The dimples of encouragement are good
for me and you.
It pays a higher interest, for it is merely
lent—
It's worth a million dollars and doesn't
cost a cent.

Best of All Our Oranges and Lemons Are "Sunkist"

We pick, pack and ship over 20,000 cars of California oranges and lemons each season from our 5,000 groves. These are of varying grades. From all this vast quantity we select the finest—the superior grades—which we wrap in tissue paper bearing the famous "Sunkist" label so that you may know them as the choicest fruit. So be sure to get "Sunkist" oranges and lemons at your dealer's.

He has a fresh supply today.

"Sunkist" oranges ripen on the tree. The warm California sunshine gives a tender, sweet pulp, matured and made exquisitely juicy by Nature.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

These oranges are distinct, full-flavor, thin-skinned. They are picked by gloved-hands; thoroughly cleansed; wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper; packed carefully to insure firm, unbruised fruit.

How to Tell "Sunkist"

Each "Sunkist" orange and lemon is wrapped in tissue paper upon which is printed the "Sunkist" label. Lemons or oranges without "Sunkist" wrappers are not "Sunkist" brand.

Free—Best Rogers' Orange Spoons—Send us 12 "Sunkist" orange or lemon wrappers, and 6 two-cent stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send free, a Wm. Rogers & Son full standard, AA plate orange spoon. For each additional spoon send 6 two-cent stamps and 12 wrappers. You can easily have a full set. Get a dozen "Sunkist" oranges or lemons and send for your first spoon.

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California Fruit Growers' Exchange
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(6)

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is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

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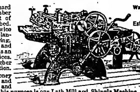

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You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.

You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by

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AGE CAME QUICKLY.

For It Must Have Seemed a Long Time Between Drinks.

This story has to do with the captivity of Governor Isham G. Harris and Senator Bate of Tennessee in the penitentiary at Nashville as prisoners of war during the sixties. After an unaccustomed period of abstinence, somewhat longer than that preserved by the governors of North and South Carolina, the governor and the senator cast about for a means to the alleviation of their consuming thirst. In the course of time an old coffeepot and other necessities fell into their hands, and from their rations they managed to save out a little corn now and then.

From this point it is as well to let Huntsman tell the story in the words of Governor Harris:

"'Well, seh, we made three quahts of the finest whisky yo' eveh sampled. But what do yo' think, seh? One of the inhuman gyards, seh, found two of them wheah we had secreted them an' took them from us at the p'int of his bay'nit, seh!'

"'And what did you do with the other quart?' Huntsman asked.

"'We aged it and drank it, seh,' said the governor.

"'How long did you age it, governor?' said Huntsman.

"'Fo' days,' was the dignified response."—Louisville Times.

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT

is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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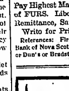
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.



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Deal direct with the largest and oldest house in the West. Highest prices and immediate cash returns. Write for price list, tags and full information.

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The Store of Quality

FOR LENT *Salmon, Canned Goods, Sardines and Breakfast Foods, Fine Teas and Coffees in our Grocery Dept.*

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Chas. Brunelle is visiting with friends at Brooks.

H. L. Ives was at St. Hilaire between trains Saturday.

O. L. Knutson spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Alfred Dahlstrom of Wylie was trading in town today.

W. J. LaBree of Thief River Falls was in town Wednesday.

Ray Lindquist visited with friends at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Homer F. Massey was at Thief River Falls between trains Tuesday.

Aug. Morin visited over Sunday at the home of his son at Crookston.

Rudolph Holzman, the jeweler, advertises a special sale on watches.

Miss Lile Haury visited with friends at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Esa Hennings of Warroad is visiting with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Want to be a musician? See Director Brunelle and join the junior band.

Wanted Girl at Telephone exchange office as operator.—Apply at once.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, April 7.

LaBissoniere advertises a big clearance sale. Read the Big Store's ad.

Supt. L. V. Koos went to Crookston Monday evening, returning Tuesday.

Director Brunelle wants several more young fellows for parts in the junior band.

Geo. Bright of Tacoma Wash., is visiting at the home of his uncle, Geo. Walker.

Joseph Corbeil of Brooks was attending to business matters in town Wednesday.

Walter Garceau, who is a student at a business college at Crookston, is at home today.

Miss Mae Moreau of Brooks was the guest of Miss Rose Harren Tuesday and Wednesday.

S. M. Sivertson has spent a part of the week at Duluth attending to some business matters.

Attorney Ira C. Richardson of Thief River Falls was attending to legal matters in town this week.

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire has been in town a part of the week attending to some business matters.

Supt H. F. Anderson was at Warren Tuesday, being in attendance at a meeting of school officers of Marshall county.

Rev. S. T. Palm of St. Hilaire will conduct services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

The Union Land & Investment Co. is paying cash for snaps in farm lands. Farmers and others who wish to sell their lands would do well to either call on them or drop them a card.

John Richards, who has been teaching the school near Anton post office, is at home, the term of school having closed.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz is here from St. Hilaire this week in attendance at the meeting of the county commissioners.

Rebecca lodge meeting at I. O. O. F. hall next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. All old members are urgently requested to attend.

Joseph Laurent will hold an auction sale on his big farm in Terrebonne township Thursday, March 3. Read the ad in the Gazette.

On pages two and seven is published the list of real property on which taxes remained delinquent on the first Monday in January 1910.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office at Crookston, spent the time between trains Tuesday with his family in this city.

Have you recently used the long distance service of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company to Bemidji and to points in that vicinity?

Regular monthly business meeting of the Riverside Club members at the club rooms Tuesday evening, March 1. All members are urged to attend.

County Attorney Wilhelm Miebelet of Thief River Falls has been in town this week, being in attendance at the meeting of the county commissioners.

E. L. Quist, editor of the Thief River Press, was in town a part of the week. Mr. Quist was interested in the ditch proceedings before the county board.

You can now afford to use the long distance service of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company to Bemidji and to points in that vicinity. Rates are low.

Many people attended the social at the E. L. Healy home last evening and the treasury of the ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church was enriched accordingly.

Chas. Vorechek, assistant cashier of the Citizens' State Bank of Thief River Falls, is in town today. Mr. Vorechek is interested in the ditch proceedings before the county board.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Porter and the baby left last Thursday for Bemidji and Coleraine. While at Coleraine they will attend the national ski tournament, a big athletic event in northern Minnesota.

In addition to its Resources as a Guarantee Fund for the safety of your deposits, the stockholders of the Merchants State Bank are individually responsible for their proportion of all the obligations of the bank.

A. W. Walstead returned to Fargo last Saturday. Mr. Walstead is a student at college in the North Dakota metropolis and was here to be present at the funeral of his father in the town of Lund.—Evansville Enterprise.

AUCTION SALE

I will sell the following property at public auction at my farm in town of Gervais, Sec. 34, Twp. 151-43, 1½ miles west of Terrebonne postoffice and 8 miles east of Rek Lake Falls, commencing at 12 o'clock sharp on

Thursday, March 3, 1910

1 bay horse 5 years old, 1200 lbs; 1 gray horse 9 years old, 1200 lbs; 2 iron gray Percheron mares, coming 3 and 4 years old, 1300 lbs. each; 8 milch cows, 2 fresh, balance soon; 1 Deering binder; 1 Deering mower; 1 hay rake, 1 Buckeye drill; 1 three horse drag, 1 3-horse spring drag; 1 12-inch John Deere gang plow; 1 16-inch breaking plow; 1 11 inch stubble plow, 1 gang and shovel cultivator with attachments; 1 narrow tire wagon; 1 hay rack, 1 iron wheeled truck wagon; 1 double seated buggy; 1 single buggy; 1 double seated express wagon; 1 two sealed cutter; 1 road cart; 4 set of work harness; 1 set of buggy harness; 3 single buggy harness; 1 extra heavy cowboy saddle, 1 washing machine; 1 grinding stone; 1 blacksmith forge carpenter tools; 1 hay press, nearly new; writing desk, tables, chairs, bedsteads, household goods and many other smaller articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: Sums under $10 cash; on all sums over $10, time will ba given until Nov. 1, 1910, on bankable paper bearing 10 per cent interest.

Free Lunch At Noon

JOSEPH LAURENT, OWNER
Jos. Belair, Auctioneer. Geo. F. Hennings, Clerk.

The burning of a small barn near the Dettling residence on the north side caused considerable excitement early Sunday evening. The loss is about $100.

Will highly recommend Bjorgo's Condition Powder to my farmer friends as the best worm destroyer and condition powder I ever used. Osmund Sannes. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

It was a fine concert that the Red Lake Falls concert band gave at the Bijou theatre Tuesday evening. The band selections were very well rendered. A cornet solo by Director Brunelle, a cornet duet by Masters Philion and Hennemuth and a vocal duet by Miss Leah Latendresse and Miss Mona Zeh were enthusiastically encored. The accompanists were Miss Mae Moreau and Miss Cora Paul.

At a meeting of the directors of the Red Lake Falls creamery association held Tuesday afternoon, P. L. Malvin was engaged as buttermaker for another year at an increase in salary. The members of the board exercised good business judgment in deciding to keep Mr. Malvin on the job. He has done great work for the local creamery. Under his management the patronage has increased and the creamery's product commands the top market price. Mr. Malvin has given much more in good service than the increase in salary will cost the patrons. The Gazette is glad that Mr. Malvin's good work is appreciated.

TEACHERS AT BROOKS

Meeting Will be Held at Soo Line Town Saturday March 5.

County Superintendent H. F. Anderson has made arrangements for a meeting of the teachers of the eastern part of the county to be held at Brooks Saturday afternoon, March 5. It is expected that there will be a good attendance and that the meeting will be a successful one. Following is the program that has been arranged for the meeting:

"What is Good Order and Discipline and How May it be Secured?"—Miss Mary Davis, Brooks.

"Value of Supplementary Reading and a Library in the Rural Schools."—Miss Nannie Swanson, Plummer.

"How May the Course of Study in the Rural Schools be Enriched from the Life and Experiences of the Farm?"—Miss Agnes Englebretson, Dist. No. 141.

"The First Year's Work in Reading."—Miss Edna Coleman, Brooks.

"How May We Get Longer and Fewer Recitations in a School of Many Grades With Only One Teacher?"—Miss Victoria Beauchene, Terrebonne.

"The Compulsory School Education Law."—H. F. Anderson.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.02
Rye	.64
Oats	.38
Flax	2.06
Barley	.50
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.20
Butter, dairy	.25

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151, R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

For Rent.

Cash rent to highest bidder. S. half of sec. 33, Red Lake Falls township. 70 acres under cultivation, balance hay land. Sealed bids will be received until March 10, 1910. Address E. McCraney, Care Gazette, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M3

A Living Emetic.

A servant who did not find her way very promptly to the kitchen one morning was visited by her mistress, who found her in bed suffering from pain and violent sickness. She explained that she had a cold and had taken some medicine which had been recommended for the children.

"How much did you take?" asked her mistress.

"Well, mum, I went by the directions on the bottle. They said, 'Ten drops for an infant, thirty drops for an adult and a tablespoonful for an emetic.' I knew I wasn't an infant or adult, so I thought I must be an emetic, and the pesky stuff has pretty nigh turned me inside out."

The Irishman's Request.

In the days when flogging was in vogue as a punishment in the British navy a Scotchman and an Irishman on the arrival of their ship in harbor obtained leave to go ashore for a couple days, and they overstayed the period of leave granted them. When they did put in an appearance they were ordered fifty lashes each. On the day of the punishment a parade was ordered to witness the infliction of the flogging. When all was ready the Scotchman asked as a favor to be allowed a piece of canvas on his back while he received his flogging. The captain granted his request and, turning to the Irishman, asked him if he required anything on his back while he was being flogged, to which he replied, "If ye plaze yer honor, I'd loike to have the Scotchman on my back, if ye wouldn't mind."

TWO YOUNG MEN KILLED IN WOODS

Emile Clement of Terrebonne Was Killed by a Falling Tree.

Leon Champagne of Brooks Accidentally Killed at Northome.

Two young men who were residents of Red Lake county and who were employed in the woods this winter, have been killed during the week, death in both cases being due to accidents while the young men were employed at their work.

Emile Clement of Terrebonne while employed in the woods near Bemidji was killed by being struck by a falling tree. The remains were brought to this city Monday and taken to the home at Terrebonne. The funeral was held at Terrebonne Tuesday, Feb. 22, Rev. Fr. Veilleux officiating. Deceased was twenty-four years old. He was a son of the late John Clement and a brother of Napoleon Clement of Terrebonne.

Leon Champagne of Brooks, who has been employed in the woods near Northome, Minn., this winter, was killed Monday morning. The young man was employed with others loading cars when he was struck by a log and received injuries that resulted in his death. The young man was twenty-two years old and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Champagne of Brooks. The remains were brought to Brooks today and the funeral will be held tomorrow.

BRING IN THE GRAINS

Red Lake County to Have Exhibit at Conservation Congress in St. Paul.

Farmers are again urged to bring in samples of best grains to be used in a Red Lake county exhibit to be made at the conservation congress to be held in St. Paul next month. A small quantity, not more than a quart, of any kind of grain is sufficient. Leave grains with any of the land men.

Flax seed for sale—First quality, grown on ground in clover six years and free of foul weeds. If spoken for soon, $2.25 per bushel will buy this good yielding flax.—Walter Columbus, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M25

Peat in Minnesota.

This state has ten times as much peat as Ireland and Scotland combined, yet for a century these two countries in Europe have been famous the world over for their deposits of peat. One of the features of the coming Conservation and Agricultural Development Congress in St. Paul, will be an address by Max Tolz, a consulting engineer, who will speak on "Peat an Inexhaustable Fuel Resource of Minnesota" This address will be given on the evening of March 16th the first day of the congress, and will alone be worth a trip to St. Paul. Mr. Tolz will not only tell where peat is but how to get it out and utilize it for fuel. The saving to farmers will be tremendous when this material is used as lignite coal is used in North Dakota and Montana.

Homestead Land in Minnesota.

Gov. Eberhart calls attention to the fact that Minnesota contains thousands of acres of land subject to homestead entry, and the immigrant commissioner backs him up by quoting figures as follows:

Koochiching, 367,700 acres; Lake 82,000; Cook 75,000; St. Louis 122,000; Aitkin 1,900; Cass 262,000; Itasca 24,000; Kittson 9,254; Red Lake 3,928; Roseau 247,000, others scattering but making a total of 1,540,000 acres of which 1,262,955 acres have been surveyed.

Fire Loss in 1909.

Fire losses paid by insurance companies in Minnesota for the year approximate a total of $4,000,000, an average of over $333,000 each month. These figures represent actual loss, the insurance serving only to distribute that loss. In addition to this property loss, there is the loss of life resulting from fires, and the greater part of this waste of life and property is due to carelessness.

Among the most prolific causes of fire are:

Carelessness in the use of gasoline.

Overheated stoves and furnaces.

Defective electric wiring.

These causes are always preventable by the exercise of a reasonable amount of care and supervision.

Per Contra

By JOHN BERWICK

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

[Any one can see that this story was written by a horrid old bachelor.]

My chum, Henry Burbank, and I courted the girls we married at the same time and married within a week of each other. As soon as we had returned from our wedding trips we met for a supper and a chat.

"Well, Harry," I said, "is your honeymoon over, or is it going to last forever?"

"I've learned just enough about working in double harness to realize that it requires adroitness to trot smoothly together."

"So have I."

"My wife seems to want to have her own way about every little thing."

"Same here."

"On our wedding trip if I proposed to go fishing she wanted that we should play tennis. If I wished to take an afternoon siesta she insisted on going to ride."

"Well, what are you going to do about it?"

"I don't know—grin and bear it, I suppose. How are you making out?"

"Well, I don't have exactly the same trouble that you have. My wife is different. If we differ about anything she always argues and argues, and I can't stop her. If I say, 'It's not a matter of any importance; let's stop talking about it,' she says, 'I want to say just one more thing,' and she says it."

"A great many times?"

"Yes."

The next summer my wife went to the country, and I, not being able to get away, stayed at home. I dined frequently with Harry and his wife. At the first dinner I took with them the subject of people keeping pet dogs in the city came up, and I was surprised to hear Harry inveigh against the practice.

"Why, I thought you loved dogs in your bachelor days," I remarked.

"Hate 'em."

"Upon my word! Did you bring about this change, Mrs. Burbank?" I asked.

"Oh, no! I like dogs. I like all animals."

At that moment a little skye terrier ran into the room and jumped up on to Harry's lap. Harry ordered him down harshly.

"I want you to come round, Tom," said Harry, "when my wife's sisters come. They're going to make us a visit. I'm looking forward to their coming with a great deal of pleasure. Lovely girls, both of 'em."

"That must be very nice for you, Mrs. Burbank," I remarked.

"Well, I'd like it if we had plenty of room and more servants and all that. Harry's got it into his head that he wants them to come. He thinks it lonely here—no one in the house with him but me. I give in to him in everything, but for once I'm going to have my own way."

I looked at Harry and thought I saw a strange look in his eyes.

"You see how I have my way," he said, addressing me. "My wife has an aunt—dearest old lady you ever met; poor woman, hasn't any home. I want her to come here and make a home with us."

"Now, Harry, you're giving an entirely wrong impression. Aunt Martha is old and irritable. She needs to run her own establishment. She would not be happy here at all. No home! Why, she has a very comfortable home—a small flat of five rooms."

"And not a soul in 'em," snapped Harry, "except herself. It must be awful lonely."

When coffee was served Mrs. Burbank left us while we smoked. She had no sooner gone than the skye terrier jumped into his master's lap, and Harry petted him as if he were a spoiled child.

"Why, Harry," I exclaimed, "I thought you hated the little beast!"

"Don't you give me away, old man. If I didn't make believe I hated him he wouldn't be here. You see, I've learned something since I've been married. I keep a sharp lookout, and if I see anything coming I don't like I just veer right round on to that side, and the harder I blow for it the more determined Doll is that it shan't come off. She has two horrid old maid sisters that she's been thinking of asking to come for a visit. See the way I headed her off?"

"Oh, that's your game, is it?"

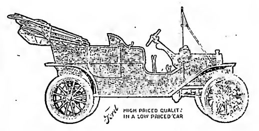
"And the old aunt—if she came here there wouldn't be any use having any vinegar on the table. She'd turn milk sour. She'd bring on a divorce between Doll and me within a week. The first thing I knew one day Doll began to talk about her aunt and how lonely she was living by herself and how much company the old cat would be for her when I was downtown and sometimes when I have to go away on business. I jumped right on to the scheme and swore it should be done at once. Doll doesn't like to be hurried into anything, and this and my being for it together have put her right on to the other side. I tell you I'm a jim dandy of a married man. These fellows who are loaded down with their wife's relations don't know how to keep 'em off. They must begin at home. It's like one of those valves that the more you blow their way the more they shut up."

When my wife came home, the first time we had a disagreement I put in practice Harry's principle. But it didn't work. When I jumped on to her side of the question she jumped on to mine.

A Hard Shot.

Dining as honored guest with the governors of various states was "Private" John Allen of Mississippi, whose very whimsical way of saying things makes people smile. He told himself what happened when he was once called on to speak. "I got up and said," explained "Private" Allen, "that I came with the understanding that I was not to speak during this trip. Then some one cried from the other end of the room, 'Yes, and I came with the same understanding.'"

1910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HIGH PRICED QUALITY IN A LOW PRICED CAR

FORD CARS

Model T, 4-cylinder, 24-horse power touring car, including full top, glass wind shield, speedometer, two gas lamps, three oil lamps and fine horn.

$950.00

F. O. B. Detroit, Mich.

Joseph Helm
Red Lake Falls, Agent for Red Lake County.

Freund's Store

THE BEST VALUES IN

TOBACCOS

Chewing Tobaccos
50c Plugs go at 40c.

Smoking Tobaccos
4 10c packages of Tuberose for 25c.

THAT YOU EVER HEARD OF

SPECIAL PRICES
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY

16 size Hampden watch, Wm. McKinley, 21 jewell, gold filled case
$28.00

16 size Hampden watch, 17 jewel, adjusted to three positions, gold filled case
$20.00

17 jewel Elgin or Waltham watch
$8.75

15 jewel Elgin or Waltham watch
$6.50

7 jewel Elgin or Waltham watch
$4.25

Ladies' watch, solid gold case, "O" size
$35.00

Ladies' "O" size watch, guaranteed permanent case, diamond set, Illinois movement
$22.00

Ladies' "OOO" size watch, 20 year case, Hampden-Molly Stark movement
$12.00

SPECIAL—20 to 30 per cent discount from regular prices on all Jewelry for Two Weeks Only.

RUDOLPH HOLZMAN,
JEWELER, - RED LAKE FALLS

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven Hundred Sixty two, 70-100 ($762.70) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Albert C. Gilbert and Helen Gilbert, his wife, Mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank Mortgagee, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1904, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of December, 1904, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 29 of Mortgages on page 549, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof:

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter (SE¼ of NE¼), and Northeast quarter of Southeast quarter (NE¼ of SE¼) of Section Twenty-one (21) and the Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter (SW¼ of NW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22), all in Township One Hundred fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty three (43) west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Sortedahl Building, temporarily used as a Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 8th day of April, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seven Hundred Sixty-two and 70-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23rd, A. D. 1910.

The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f24-m31

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MARCH 3, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 23

PREPARING FOR CONSERVATION MEETING

Red Lake County Will Have Exhibit at the Big St. Paul Meeting.

County Commissioners Appropriated Fifty Dollars to Defray Expenses.

Preparations are being made for Red Lake county's exhibit at the big conservation congress to be held in St. Paul this month. Owing to the limit of amount of space allowed each county the exhibit will necessarily be small, but it will be good.

Each county will have a table 30x36 inches and [illegible] wall space behind the table of the same size. On the table will be displayed in glass jars small quantities of all kinds of grains grown in the county. There will also be exhibits of vegetables and grasses and on the wall will be photographs and other decorations.

Everyone is being urged to bring in small quantities of any grain or product that might add to the value of the exhibit. Anyone having good [illegible] or others can help by [illegible] them in the exhibit.

A [illegible] will be hung on the wall [illegible] and from each [illegible] the map a ribbon [illegible] county's booth. It [illegible] advertisement for Red Lake county if there is a good show at [illegible].

The county commissioners last week appropriated fifty dollars to help pay the expenses of sending the exhibit. Any contribution to the exhibit may be left with [illegible] the land men who will see that it is properly handled.

Women as Delegates.

Because some women called the attention of Governor Eberhart to the fact that women of Minnesota were the first to start the conservation movement, the governor has named more than two hundred women as delegates to the coming conservation and development congress to be held in St. Paul March 16 to 19.

Mrs. C. G. Higbee, president of the State Federation of Womens' Clubs, was the one woman who knew "women were first." The incident dates back to the movement to set aside the tract about Cass Lake as a public park. This reserve was undoubtedly secured by the women and hence they made, according to prominent members of the woman's clubs, the first move for conservation in Minnesota. The governor took notice at once and a large number who attend the meetings in St. Paul will be women.

DEATH OF A PIONEER

H. B. Kaufer, Pioneer Citizen and First Village President, Passed Away Tuesday.

Tuesday morning of this week, at 6:30 at his home in this city, H. B. Kaufer passed out of this life very peacefully at the ripe old age of eighty-nine years, five months and eleven days from the weaknesses of old age aggravated by a slight case of erysipelas after a brief illness of eight days.

Mr. Kaufer was born at Worth-on-the-Main, near Frankfort, Bavaria, Germany on Sept. 19, 1820. He came to America May 1, 1852, on one of the fastest ships of that period which took three months to cross the Atlantic. He was married at Louisville, Kentucky, to Monica Litteret, who preceded him in death seven years, having died in this city in 1902. Mr. Kaufer and wife were of the early pioneers of Minnesota, having come to this state and settling at Mankato in 1859, where he engaged in the manufacture of pottery, he having established the first industry of the kind in Minnesota. They resided at Mankato until 1880 when they moved to Fergus Falls, staying there but two years when Mr. Kaufer and his family came to this city in 1882, having resided here ever since. Mr. Kaufer was one of the early settlers here and he was president of the first village council of Red Lake Falls. Of that first village council over which Mr. Kaufer presided only one member, Dr. L. Lemieux, is now living. Mr. Kaufer was known as a hard worker and in his younger days took an active interest in the welfare and upbuilding of Red Lake Falls. He was a man of great strength of character and was greatly respected by all who knew him. He was the father of six children all of whom survive him, namely, Henry J. Kaufer of Calgary, Emma K. Krast of Hammond, Indiana, Phil A. Kaufer of Tacoma, Wash., Mrs. Adam Zeh, Tillie Kaufer and L. A. Kaufer of Red Lake Falls, all of whom will be here for the funeral which will take place from St. Joseph's Catholic church this city at 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning.

WILL OPEN STORE HERE

New Furniture Store to be Opened in Kaus Block About March 15.

Arthur Fournet, of the Fournet Furniture company at Crookston, has made arrangements to open a store in Red Lake Falls. He has leased the Kaus block and he will have a large stock of furniture shipped here at once. The store will be opened about March 15. The store will be under the management of J. F. Fournet who has been engaged in business at Harvey, N. D., but recently sold out there.

For Sale—23 cows and a Short Horn bull. I will not sell less than 20 as I wish to go out of the [illegible] business. They are excellent Short Horn and none over six years old. Anyone wishing to buy the lot will have the right to see them milked morning and evening and have the milk tested.—Swan Aveuson.

GOVERNOR DOES NOT SATISFY DELEGATES

Governor Eberhart Addressed County Option Convention Yesterday.

Convention Not Enthusiastic Over What the Governor Had to Say.

Twenty-five hundred county option delegates met in convention at the auditorium in St. Paul yesterday.

Governor Eberhart addressed the convention, but his address did not satisfy the county option people. The governor in his address told the delegates he would take no part in the controversy growing out of the county option agitation until his party, in convention assembled, has decided what position towards the question shall be. He assured the delegates, however, that if a county option bill should be presented to him as governor he will sign it and enforce it.

However the delegates will stand for no one who is not a county option advocate and Governor Eberhart as a candidate for governor is not acceptable to the county option people.

C. L. Quist, editor of the Thief River Press, was secretary of the convention.

For Rent.

Cash rent to highest bidder, S. half of sec 33, Red Lake Falls township. 70 acres under cultivation, balance hay land. Sealed bids will be received until March 10, 1910. Address E. McCreery, Care Gazette, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M3

THREE DITCHES ESTABLISHED; ONE PETITION IS REJECTED

Network of Ditches Established in Star and Highlanding Townships.

Result of Stormy Meeting of the County Commissioners Held Last Week.

As a result of the stormy meeting of the board of county commissioners held last week, three of the four county ditches petitioned for were established. When the work of the construction is completed there will be a big network of ditches in the towns of Star and Highlanding. The ditches established are No. 38, known as the Toreson ditch, No. 39, the Nesta ditch, No. 41, the Swanson ditch. The commissioners rejected the petition for the establishment of ditch No. 40, the Lattimore ditch. Ditches No. 39 and 41 were established just as petitioned for and there was only one change in No. 38. That ditch instead of crossing S½ of 19-153-39 will run along the east and south lines.

Of course everyone is not fully satisfied with what the commissioners have done: that could scarcely be expected. But considering the great difference of opinion regarding the courses the ditches should take and disputes as to the assessments, it is believed that the matter was disposed of very satisfactorily. There were several petitions but the completed work will make one system of ditches.

Petitions for ditches No. 11, 15 and 16 are now before the county board and engineers and viewers have been appointed to go over the proposed routes of these proposed ditches. These ditches, if established, will drain land in the towns of North, Silverton, Kratka and Clover Leaf.

Mrs. Sam S. Haislet of Lankin, N. D., who was the guest of friends in Red Lake Falls, returned to her home Tuesday. During Mrs. Haislet's stay here a number of social affairs were given in her honor. On Friday evening Mrs. J. C. Wilkinson entertained, the guests being a number of those who were Mrs. Haislet's intimate friends during the time of her residence in Red Lake Falls. It was a ladies' party, but by the exercise of masculine intuition the husbands of the guests arrived on the scene just at the time refreshments were being served. On Saturday evening Mrs. F. A. Grady entertained for Mrs. Haislet.

Misses Twinam and Marshall of the high school faculty went to Thief River Falls yesterday to visit the schools of that city.

Will Build "Court" House.

In the spring a young man's mind turns to the light of—orange blossoms and other trimmings. Editor Quist got himself interviewed by a Crookston Times reporter last week and he said that there's going to be a new court house in Thief River Falls next August. Certainly it can't be a house for storing county papers and housing county officials for that would be playing 'way ahead of the game. Is it possible that Brother Quist got his dates mixed or that his thoughts about court houses and other happier thoughts got all tangled up? June is a better month for weddings.

SOME VITAL STATISTICS

Fewer Marriages and Divorces in Red Lake County in 1909 Than in 1908.

Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson has prepared his report of the births and deaths and the marriages and divorces in Red Lake county for the year 1909. There were 307 births and 157 deaths. The previous year there were 285 births and 124 deaths. The account just about balances: a few more have come and a few more have gone than the year previous.

But there were fewer marriages and divorces during the year 1909 than the year previous. There were 82 weddings and 6 divorces last year and 93 weddings and 13 divorces the year before. The young fellows can give the "high cost of living" about which there is so much discussion as an "excuse" for the decrease in the number of weddings, but that would hardly account for the decrease in the number of divorces unless it is true that two can live cheaper than one.

Minnesota Grows Everything.

Samples of grain from every county in the state have been collected by George Welsh, state immigration commissioner, and these are all to be shown with state exhibit at the Conservation and Agricultural Development Congress to be held in St. Paul March 16 to 19. It will be interesting to notice the difference between the types of grains, but the collection from eighty-five counties will also be a demonstration that Minnesota grows everything.

SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT

Grade Pupils of Public Schools Will Entertain Public.

The grade pupils of the public schools are preparing an entertainment to be given Friday evening, April 1. The little girls of the first four grades will give "Little Red Riding Hood," a musical play, and the boys of the same grade will give a ghost drill. The other grades will give Mrs. Jolly's Wax Figures. It has been many years since Mrs. Jolly and her wax figures have appeared in Red Lake Falls. The older people will welcome their return and the younger people will enjoy them for the first time.

INFORMATION ABOUT FEDERAL CENSUS

No One Should Hesitate About Answering Enumerator's Questions.

Washington, D. C. March 2, 1910. Letters from the census supervisors to the United States Census Bureau show the strong apprehension of a considerable element of the population that their answers to the enumerator's questions in the next census, beginning April 15, this year will cause increased taxation, or [illegible] entanglements, or injurious consequences to their persons or property.

In order to quiet such unfounded fears which would, unless removed, materially affect the accuracy of the census, the bureau has prepared an official statement relative to the decennial census, its [illegible] purpose, and uses.

This statement should furnish complete assurance to those concerned that information given the enumerators is held by the census bureau in the strictest confidence with reference to the identity of the informants, as required by the policy of the Bureau and commanded by the law of the United States.

The bureau earnestly hopes that clergymen, editors, physicians, school teachers, employers, and other public spirited citizens who come in contact with large numbers of people, will cooperate with the Bureau by telling persons who are inclined to entertain erroneous opinions the real facts and urging them to give full replies to the enumerators. Teachers are particularly requested to speak of the census to the school children and ask them to tell their parents about it.

The statement issued by the bureau explains that the Constitution requires a census of the population to be taken every ten years in order to apportion [illegible] the National House of Representatives [illegible] the means also to ascertain the increase in the population, [illegible] industries and resources of the nation since the last census.

It is emphatically declared by the statement that the information sought from the people of the United States is used solely for general statistical purposes. It will neither be published nor used in any other way to disclose facts regarding any individual or enterprise. The census [illegible] goes on to say, is not, never has been, and cannot be employed to obtain information that can be used in any way in the assessment of property for purpose of taxation or the collection of taxes, either national, state or local; or for deportation proceedings, extradition measures, army or navy conscription, internal revenue investigation, compulsory school attendance, child labor law prosecutions, quarantine regulations or in any way to affect the life, liberty or property of any person.

It points out that the [illegible] enumerators are and must be held by the Census Bureau in strict and absolute confidence. All the bureau officials, supervisors, clerks, enumerators, and interpreters before entering upon their duties are obliged to take a solemn oath not to disclose any information they may obtain except to the census bureau and a violation of the United States law in regard to this oath means a heavy fine or imprisonment for two years or both in the discretion of the court.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duffy have been at Crookston several days this week and last week, having gone there that their little daughter, Clarice, might receive surgical treatment for appendicitis. An operation was performed at St. Vincent's hospital Monday by Dr. W. H. Smith. The operation was successful and the little patient is getting along nicely. Mrs. Duffy will remain with her daughter until she is strong enough to be brought home.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

BIG DITCH CONTRACT GOES TO A. M. ARPIN

Thief River Man Gets Contract for Biggest Ditch Job in the State.

By Terms of Contract Work is to be Completed in Three Years.

The final hearing on the Mud Lake drainage project was held at Warren before Judge Grindeland last Saturday. There was very little opposition and the drainage system was ordered established.

Yesterday Judge Grindeland awarded the contract for doing the work to the Northwestern Drainage company of which A. M. Arpin of Thief River Falls is the manager. Mr. Arpin also made the offer to purchase the entire issue of the bonds for the work at par, the bonds to bear interest at 5 per cent. This was done for the reason that there had been some question as to the necessary funds being available in the state school fund to be invested in such bonds.

This is the greatest ditching project ever undertaken in the state. It will make roads and ditches more than 500 miles in length. It is said that every quarter section of land in eastern Marshall county will be benefitted by the construction of the ditch. Much of this land is low and flat and of little value at present. It is believed that it will be fine farming land when the ditch work is completed.

By the terms of the contract Mr. Arpin agrees to have the ditch completed in three years.

WORK IS SUSPENDED.

On the New Soo Line, Duluth to Plummer.

One thousand men who have been employed on the new Soo line being built from Duluth to Plummer, have been laid off temporarily. Owing to the very cold weather in January the ground became frozen so deeply that the work of grading could not be carried on advantageously. Work will be resumed as soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring.

ABOUT BOND ISSUE

Unsuccessful Bidder Congratulates People on Big Price Bonds Sold For.

The papers at Thief River Falls have severely criticised the county commissioners for selling the court house bonds to the highest bidder in open competition. In that connection the following letter from unsuccessful bidders will be of interest to the people of the county:

Chicago, Feb. 23, 1910.

Mr. A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, Red Lake County,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Dear Sir:—

We are in receipt of your favor of the 19th inst., enclosing list of the bids and bidders at the sale of your County Court House bonds to the amount of $37,000, for which please accept our thanks.

We wish to congratulate you on the high prices at which you succeeded in selling the bonds and trust we will be more successful at your next sale.

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS.

The bonds, to bear 5 per cent interest, were sold at a premium of $1800.00. The bid of E. H. Rollins & Sons was the same rate of interest and premium of $114.00.

PREPARING FOR COUNTY'S DISPLAY AT HAMLINE FAIR

People of County Will be Asked to Get Busy on the Undertaking.

Meeting of Delegates From All Over the County Will be Called.

At the monthly meeting of the Riverside Club held Tuesday evening the question of an exhibit for Red Lake county at the state fair came up for discussion and it was the consensus of opinion that the people of the county ought to get busy at once.

Last year the county commissioners appropriated $300 to defray the expenses of making an exhibit, but it was so late in the season that a creditable exhibit could not be prepared.

This year it is decided that an early start shall be made and preliminary steps were taken to secure a county organization to make a campaign for a good exhibit. A committee was appointed to make arrangements for a county meeting. A call will be issued for delegates from each of the towns, villages and cities of the county to attend a meeting at which a county organization will be perfected.

The meeting is to be set for an early date so that the work of preparing for the exhibit may be commenced before seeding. The purpose of the organization is to arouse interest in the undertaking. Farmers will be urged to prepare and plant seed of known high quality on specially prepared ground that the best possible results may be obtained when the crops are harvested. Any farmer who has grains or other products of especially high quality with soil adapted to their growth should make an effort to get a record production of that grain or other products. Much can be accomplished by making a united effort before seeding.

The members of the committee are P. B. Gaass, S. M. Sivertson, Supt. H. F. Anderson, V. M. Higinbotham, Samuel Gibeau. These men will set a date for a county meeting and will issue a call for delegates to attend that meeting and perfect a county organization. There is no doubt that the commissioners will be ready to make as liberal an appropriation as they did last year, especially if the people of the county make a united effort to prepare a creditable exhibit.

Red Lake county needs just the kind of advertising that a good exhibit at the state fair will give it and everybody should get busy.

Watch Mittwer's show windows. They are always pleasing to the eye and show the latest and best to be had in their line.

Agricultural Education.

The McIntosh high school has just closed a farmers' short course of a period of six days, during which time nearly every subject in connection with the successful operation of a farm was discussed by members of the Farmers' Institute staff and those connected with the division of agricultural extention at the Minnesota Department of Agriculture. Morning, afternoon and evening sessions were held. The attendance was large. Prizes for wheat were offered as follows: $3.00, $2.00, $1.00; for oats the same amounts; for barley the same; potatoes, the same, one peck of each. Entries were limited to those who were enrolled. An enrollment fee of $1.00 was charged.

MANY WROTE EXAMS.

But Few of Those Who Would Teach Received Teachers' Certificates.

Certificates to teach in the common schools were granted to comparatively few of the applicants who wrote in the examinations conducted at Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls recently. Less than twenty per cent of those who wrote received credits entitling them to certificates. Of the certificates granted to applicants in Red Lake county all but nine are renewals—certificates granted to those who had certificates and wrote to get better marks. Following is given the names of the successful applicants with the grade of certificate received by each:

First Grade—Joseph G. Weeks, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Conditional First Grade—Minnie H. Vandervaal, Erskine, Minn.

Second Grade—Lillian M. Cerney, Thief River Falls, Minn.; E. V. Carlson, Lillo, Minn.; Agnes Longren, T. R. Falls; Margaret Kelley, Euclid, Minn; Lily M. Johnson, St. Hilaire; Elesa Hendrickson, St. Hilaire; Eleanore Hansen, St. Hilaire; Igna Hanary, Red Lake Falls; T. Adolph Grunderen, Griebrok; Louisa Nutteland, St. Hilaire.

Conditional Second Grade—Marie M. Crompe, Red Lake Falls; Emma V. Hemmestvedt, Brunkeberg; Ina L. Motz, T. R. Falls; Mary E. Elsie Quesnel, Mentor.

Limited Certificates—Elvina C. Bloom, T. R. Falls; Albany DeForge, Red Lake Falls; Gunhild Sollom, T. R. Falls; Ida A. Ove, T. R. Falls; Anna C. Mjoberg, Stephen; Robert Jackson, St. Hilaire; Olga Ellingson T. R. Falls.

SUMMER SCHOOL AT THIEF RIVER FALLS

Training School for Teachers Will Open July 5 for Four Weeks Session.

Teachers' Examinations Will be Held at Close of Summer School.

The Red Lake county summer training school for teachers will be at Thief River Falls this year. The school will be in session four weeks, commencing July 5 and closing July 30. The work will cover a review of the common school and high school subjects and will be devoted largely, also, to the methods of teaching, organization and school hygiene. The study of agriculture will also have much attention.

The school will be in charge of J. A. Cederstrom of Winthrop, Minn. He will be assisted by A. W. Methewson of the State University, C. P. Stanley of Olivia, and Miss Edith M. Whitney of St. Cloud.

CENSUS ENUMERATION.

Red Lake County Will Have Nineteen Nose Counters.

For the purpose of taking the 1910 census the Ninth Congressional district is divided into two hundred and seventy enumeration districts. There will be nineteen districts in Red Lake county. The enumerators have not been appointed yet, but the division of Red Lake county into districts as follows is announced:

226 Black River and Sanders.
227 Bray, Norden and Numedal.
228 Clover Leaf and Kratka.
229 Deer Park, Goodridge and Highlanding.
230 Emardville, Plummer village and Gervais.
231 Equality.
232 Garnes and Mayfield.
233 Hickory, Reiner and Star.
234 Lake Pleasant and Red Lake Falls, excl. Red Lake Falls city.
235 Lambert.
236 Louisville and Polk Centre.
237 North excl. Thief River Falls city and Silverton.
238 Poplar River.
239 Wards 1, 2, and 3 Red Lake Falls City.
240 River Falls and St. Hilaire village.
241 Rocksbury exclusive of St. Hilaire.
242 Smiley and Wyandotte.
243 Terrebonne.
244 Ward 1, Thief River Falls city.
245 Wards 2 and 3 Thief River Falls city.

BETTER MAKE IT "30"

Another Postponement of Investigation of Charges Against Officials.

The investigation of the charges of malfeasance in office brought against Auditor A. A. Latendresse and Chairman C. A. Lindquist of the county board has been postponed again. Feb. 15 was the date originally set for the investigation. Before that date there was a postponement to Feb. 23 and later to March 1 and to March 3 and now comes the information that there won't be anything doing until March 23. Why not make it "30?"

Had a Narrow Escape.

Arpin's "Muskeg Limited," on its return from the Grygla country last Friday and while "putting up" for the night at Germantown, came near being the scene of disaster which would have caused the death of the inmates, due to escaping coal gas, if it had not been discovered in the nick of time. The men, as usual, betook themselves to their respective "bunks" about eleven o'clock and were fast asleep, when, about an hour afterwards, one of the men awoke, apparently from a severe headache, and arose to find the room filled with the deadly fumes and finding his strength fast giving away quickly opened a window and gave an alarm and fell to the floor unconscious; the others hearing the alarm arose only to find their strength also failing and were soon overcome, and it was not until about three hours later that they regained consciousness. They state that they are not over-anxious to encounter a similar experience again.—Thief River News.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWSNOTES CONDENSED

A Doiling Down of the More Important Events Here and There

Foreign

Consul Olivares at Managua has received and transmitted to the state department a telegram from the United States consular agent at Matagalpa, a town of 9,000 inhabitants, a little north of the center of Nicaragua, stating that the Americans in that city, numbering 100 men, women and children, are apprehensive as to the safety of themselves and their property.

Harold Vanderbilt of New York was condemned by the tribunal of the Seine at Paris to pay $4,500 damages to a harness maker who was knocked down and injured by Mr. Vanderbilt's automobile near Valence in February, 1907.

Dr. Charles W. Wallace, who is in London on leave of absence from the University of Nebraska, granted last October to permit him to pursue Shakespearean studies, will have the stories of his research published in the March number of one of the American magazines.

The duke of Abruzzi lectured at Turin before an audience numbering 1,000 and including the royal princes and princesses on his ascension of the Himalayas, which aroused great enthusiasm, especially his description of his climb of 24,600 feet. The duke will lecture in Rome February 22 before the king and queen.

The English section of the American Peace league celebrated Washington's birthday by a dinner in London. R. Newton Crane, former president of the American society, presided, having on his right John L. Griffiths, the American consul general and on his left William Phillips, secretary of the American embassy.

General.

Albert Nier of San Francisco joined twenty churches in a week and swindled the pastors of each of them on the plea that he had just moved into the city and was destitute.

A delegation of Kentucky negroes called upon President Taft and urged the appointment of Albert S. White, a negro lawyer of Louisville, as minister to Hayti.

Frank V. Dunn, prominent for years as a theatrical and sporting man, died at his home in Dorchester, Mass.

Senator Tillman is improving and it is now believed he will fully recover.

The house by a vote of 112 to 88 decided to make provision for all Indian warehouses now existing.

President Taft was the principal speaker at the Washington birthday banquet in New York.

Senator Crawford submitted an amendment to the rivers and harbors bill proposing to appropriate $1,000,000 to secure a permanent six foot channel between Kansas City and Sioux City.

At St. Louis William W. Lowe was held in $20,000 bond for the federal grand jury after a preliminary hearing on the charge of robbing the mails after holding up a Missouri Pacific train near Eureka in January.

Vice President Sherman appointed a committee to investigate the high cost of living.

Fighting has been resumed between government forces and insurgents in Nicaragua.

The army maneuvers in the Philippines continue with great interest to all except the natives in the mountains, who are frightened.

It has been learned at Mare Island navy yard that the cruisers West Virginia and Maryland were both in poor condition when they reached San Francisco from the orient.

Secretary Ballinger has made a temporary withdrawal of lands from the public domain pending an investigation.

The Morgan-Guggenheim syndicate explained to a senate committee its activity in Alaska.

A bill has been introduced in the house to bring employer and employed in closer touch.

Senator Jeff Davis made a fiery speech, attacking Senator Owen and the Standard Oil company.

The senate leaders are taking stock of the Taft policy bills and are preparing to smooth out the creases.

An explosion in the Trojan powder works in California killed and injured a number of persons.

Senator Perkins of California was in his seat in the senate for the first time in more than six weeks. His absence had been due to an injury to his spine, received by falling on the ice.

At Springfield, Ill., the Rev. James R. Kaye, former pastor of a Presbyterian church at Lincoln, Ill., who was convicted of counterfeiting, was sentenced to six months in the Peoria workhouse.

Persons who live in cities and have not mail boxes in front of their residences are liable not to receive any mail after June 30, 1911. Certainly they will not if a provision of the postoffice appropriation bill becomes a law.

Mrs. Russell Sage, widow of the late multimillionaire, is making a trip through the south and is scattering hundreds of thousands of dollars right and left.

Insurgents are gleeful over a well founded report that President Taft has overruled Postmaster General Hitchcock by deciding to appoint Postmaster True, at Oskaloosa, Ia., recom-

The movement for a Masonic memorial to George Washington has taken definite form at Alexandria, Va.

Decisions handed down by the United States supreme court show that substantial progres has been made in regulating railroads by state authority.

The president has withdrawn the nominations of names constituting the customs appeals court.

Anthracite coal-carrying roads were declared to be in a conspiracy to stifle trade.

There is a plan on foot to break the deadlock in the Mississippi legislature.

Governor Shallenberger of Nebraska says he will be a candidate for re-election.

The "grub stake" homestead bill, permitting homesteading, one person living on the claim and a partner earning money to support his homesteading comrade, was introduced by Senator Burkett.

A general movement toward the gulf coast country is creating heavy demand for emigrant equipment on the railroads.

Joseph A. Graham, a widely known editor and author, died at his home in Salisbury, Md. He was widely known in the west.

Stern measures were adopted by the police to quell the disorders and riot. Five persons were arrested charged with inciting to riot. Two women were shot by stray bullets and many injured persons were taken to the hospitals.

Rumors are afloat regarding damage to the winter wheat crop of Nebraska by cold weather.

Republican leaders in New York are determined to extend the bribery investigation.

President Taft is dissatisfied with the progress shown in some of the bills in the senate.

Mrs. Anna Christian Spreckles, widow of the late Claus Spreckles, died in San Francisco.

Former Vice President Fairbanks was the luncheon guest of Ambassador Hill at Berlin.

President Taft promised a special committee of the military order of foreign wars to go to New York on March 15 to have the insigna of the order conferred upon him.

The French steamer General Chanzy was wrecked off the coast of Minorca and one hundred and fifty-six lives were lost.

The house concluded consideration of the Indian appropriation bill, which it passed practically in the form recommended by the committee on Indian affairs.

General Sickles is 88 years old and the oldest living corps commander in the union army. It is now proposed that he be placed upon the retired list of the army with the rank of lieutenant general. The general lost a leg in battle.

Washington.

Senators Brown and Burkett introduced resolutions from the Knights of Columbus of Greeley and Lincoln demanding proper postal facilities for the official organs of fraternal societies. The Knights of Columbus print a fraternal paper and they fear that under the postal regulations they will not be allowed to carry advertising in their columns.

The Omaha Commercial club is anxious that the date on which certain features of the corporation tax law take effect be extended until such time as the supreme court passes on the several cases now pending as to the validity of the law. Resolutions setting forth the appeal of the Omaha organizations were introduced by Senator Burkett.

Regulations extending until May 15, the time for homesteaders to establish residence on lands in several western states, were issued by the interior department, in accordance with an act recently passed by congress.

Representatives of grain exchanges made their plea before a house committee.

The house passed the Indian appropriation bill.

To make Jamaica bay the greatest harbor in the world, the rivers and harbors appropriation bill provides $550,000 as an initial sum and authorizes the expenditure by the federal government, as needed from time to time, of $7,000,000 for this project alone, conditional upon the city of New York spending an additional $10,000,000.

Personal.

Barring any unforeseen complications physicians say that Senator Tillman will now get well.

An avalanche has overwhelmed Hulfsdal, on Isa Fiord, twenty-three persons being killed.

The cornerstone of Omaha's million dollar court house was laid on Washington's birthday.

Hogs on the South Omaha market sold as high as $9.15.

The Johnson-Jeffries prize fight will take place in San Francisco July 4.

President Taft called Senators Smoot and Aldrich on the carpet.

Critics scoff at the statue of Senator Harlan, recently set up in statuary hall.

W. J. Bryan was given a reception at Santiago and dined with President Montt.

Washington's birthday was quite generally celebrated throughout the country.

Officials of packing companies declare competition and not combination fixes prices of meats.

Six hundred policemen listened to an address from President Taft at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan, who was operated on for appendicitis, is steadily improving.

The service of nearly 200 employes of the treasury department at Washington will be dispensed with July 1.

Ex-Governor Sheldno declares for state-wide prohibition in Nebraska, with exception for cities mustering three-fifths vote for saloons.

Miss Mabel Boardman, the friend and confidante of Mrs. Taft, has entered heart and soul into the discussion of the problems relating to the increased cost of living.

MINNESOTA WINS

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT FILES DECISIONS IN GROSS EARNINGS CASES.

HARLAN READS DECISION

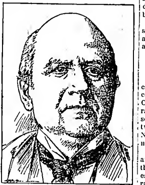
$800,000 To Be Paid Into State Treasury—Great Northern and Great Western Are Railroads Which Must Settle Deficit.

Washington, D. C. — The state of Minnesota won a complete victory over the Great Northern and Great Western Railway companies when the supreme court of the United States affirmed the decision of the state court holding that the railroads were liable to a 4 per cent gross earnings tax.

As a result of decisions by the United States supreme court in the 4 per cent gross earnings tax cases, the treasury of the state of Minnesota will be immediately enriched $800,000 and approximately $200,000 will be added to the state's income each year. Judgments for more than $800,000 in back taxes will be immediately entered against the Great Northern and Great Western railroads. The judgments are the largest ever obtained by the state.

The decision was announced by Justice Harmon, who discussed the questions at issue very briefly. He sketched the creation of the Western Pacific road, which subsequently became a part of the Great Northern system, the legislatation under which the road was taxed and the claim of the Great Northern that this legislation constituted a contract with the state, under which the rate of taxation could not be increased as provided in the 4 per cent law.

The Great Northern and Great Western tax cases arose out of the 4 per cent gross earnings law of 1903. Prior to the passage of that law all Minnesota railroads had paid 3 per cent of their gross earnings in the state, as taxes, and in lieu of all other taxes and assessments. The Great Western on its main line from St. Paul to the Iowa line had paid only 2 per cent, claiming that its territorial charter exempted it from paying a higher rate on that line.



JOHN M. HARLAN.
Associate Justice U. S. Supreme Court.

This and a similar Great Northern charter were used as arguments against the 4 per cent bill, which was fathered session after session by J. F. Jacobson, and finally passed by the legislature in 1901. But the constitution required that it be ratified by a majority of all the votes at the next election. In 1902 it failed of that majority, but the 1093 legislature passed it again, and in the 1904 election it was ratified, taking effect on the 1905 taxes.

When these taxes became due in the spring of 1906, the Great Northern Railway company paid the 3 per cent on the line covered by the old Minnesota & Pacific charter of 1857, and refused to pay the balance, which was $120,737.38. The old charter was claimed to be an irrevocable contract binding the state.

A similar position was taken by the Great Western. The Minnesota & Northwestern charter of 1856 had limited taxes on that line to 2 per cent, and the modern company claimed the rights of a successor. It refused to pay the additional $24,979.62 claimed by the state for 1905.

The state brought suit against both companies for the balance due and the legal penalties. The district court of Ramsey county decided for the defense, but the state supreme corut, Justice Calvin L. Brown, writing the opinion, reversed the decision. The supreme court held that the companies did not have any contract right to the lower tax rate, but that the state had the right to levy any reasonable rate of tax on their systems. From this the defendants went to the United States supreme court on a writ of error.

Plunge From High Bridge.

Winona.—George Sheets, of New York City, aged twenty-two, was probably fatally injured when, in act of removing a heavy motor car from the rails on the Milwaukee road at Minneiska, the car and the man plunged from the high bridge to the ground below. Sheets was crushed and was taken to the hospital in a critical condition, suffering a compound fracture of the leg and internal injuries. He was a concrete expert, engaged in the double tracking work of the Milwaukee road.

MINNESOTA RETAILERS MEET.

Hardware Dealers, Grocers and General Merchants Are In Session.

Minneapolis.—Mayor J. C. Haynes welcomed the Retail Grocers and General Merchants, whose annual convention was opened in the West hotel. His talk to the hundreds of retailers assembled was followed by addresses by W. G. Nye, chairman of the Minneapolis public affairs committee; George H. Partridge, J. G. Doncaster, J. W. Lux, Frank X. Gravelle and others. This evening the merchants will be given a banquet by the Commercial club at the Hotel Radisson, when E. L. Millar of Duluth will speak on Washington. In the evening another feast was enjoyed, Gov. Eberhart being one of the speakers. The convention closed Thursday afternoon.

St. Paul.—The annual meeting of the Minnesota Retail Hardware association was held here and the hardware exposition also opened its doors. The ladies were invited to the first session at which Mayor D. W. Lawler greeted the merchants. D. H. Evans responded for the association, and then President Marckel of Perham took the chair and delivered his annual address. At night there will be a concert in the Auditorium, and other amusement features. At the second session addresses was made by Gov. Eberhart, Past President S. R. Milea of the national association and others. Thursday evning the exposition closed with a parade of exhibitors, a concert and all kinds of fun.

HOUSE BURNS, LIFE IS LOST.

Girl Perishes in Cohasset—Man May May Die From Injuries.

Duluth, Feb. 25.—A terrible tragedy occurred at Cohasset, Minn., when Elnora, the 14-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Coombs, was burned to death in her bed and her uncle, Delaney Duss, was so badly burned that little hope for his recovery is entertained.

Mr. and Mrs. Coombs barely escaped with their lives, and saved their baby by throwing it out of the window of their home into the snow, before they climbed through.

Mr. Coombs got up at 4 a. m. to start a fire, and then went back to bed, and to sleep. When he awoke, half an hour later, the house was in flames.

PIONEER LIMITED IN DITCH.

Hastings.—Heavy steel and concrete, chief constituents in specially constructed passenger cars for the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railway, saved 100 passengers from serious injury, if not death, at a point two miles below Hastings, when train No. 15, the second section of the Pioneer Limited, struck a broken rail.

The compartment car, one sleeper, and the baggage and express cars left the track. The dining car, two coaches and a sleeping car were not derailed.

John Willis, aged 65 years, of Milwaukee, baggageman and electrician, was instantly killed. E. E. Borror of Milwaukee, sleeping car agent, received a slight scratch on the arm, and W. N. Nelson, a brakeman, was also slightly injured. George Wandberg of Minneapolis and P. A. Schaub, St. Paul, received trifling injuries.

SCHWANDTS ARE OUT ON BAIL.

Alleged Slayer of H. J. Ledbeter Arraigned at Mankato.

Mankato.—Mr. and Mrs. William L. Schwandt, who live near Sanborn, are in the city and were arraigned, charged with being an accessory after the fact for the murder of the late H. J. Ledbeter. The indictment that they were arraigned on was returned by the grand jury last fall, when it returned an indictment charging the Schwandts with murder in the first degree, but which was dismissed before Mrs. Letdbeters trial and acquittal. They were released at once on bail and held to the June term of court.

RUSHING HIGH DAM BILL.

Representative Stevens Urges Speedy Report on Draft of Proposed Law.

Washington, D. C.—It is expected that a draft of the bill embodying recommendations of the general engineers' board on the high dam proposition at Minneapolis will be submitted to the senate committee on commerce before the end of the week. Representative Stevens visited the war department to urge speedy action on the report.

Institute at Appleton.

Appleton.—A very successful farmers' institute was held here, the large opera house being well filled with farmers and their wives. The instructors were Mr. Brown, who talked on "Rotation of Crops and Corn Growing," C. O. Carlson, who spoke on "Dairying," and Miss McDonald, who spoke on "Domestic Sanitation and Making the Home More Beautiful." Lunch was served by the business men of Appleton.

FRAZIER MAY GO TO COAST.

Popular Educator Looking Towards Everett.

Winona—Word has been received here that Prof. C. H. Frazier, until a year ago superintendent of the Winona public schools and now assistant state superintendent of public instruction, is an applicant for the superintendency of the public schools at Everett, Wash., where it is said a vacancy will shortly develop, as the result of some friction.

Worm Turns at Last

It was the old story. The one we have all seen repeated so many, many times. Two young women entered the car together and the tired-looking man arose and proffered his seat. Then, while he groped unsteadily for a strap, the usual conversation ensued:

"Oh, thank you, sir."

"Thank you so much."

"Sit down, dear."

"No, you sit down."

"I insist, dear; I'm not a bit tired."

"Neither am I, and I'd just as soon stand."

"Go ahead, dear, and take it."

"No, no, you take it. I—"

And then the tired man did what so many have wanted to see done so many, many times. He took it himself.

As he sank wearily but calmly back in his seat the smiles of mutual benev-

SHOOT STRIKERS

STATE TROOPS HAVE SERIOUS SKIRMISH WITH MOB AT BETHLEHEM.

MANY ARRESTS ARE MADE

Striking Steel Workers at South Bethlehem Resort to Violence—Troops Hurried From Philadelphia.

South Bethlehem, Pa., Feb. 26.—The state police summoned from Philadelphia to the great plant of the Bethlehem Steel Co., 7,000 of whose employes are on a strike, had not been here half an hour before the force had a skirmish with a mob of 200 foreigners. The latter, who appeared to be bent on mischief, were scared. Several of the disturbers were struck by policemen's riot sticks. A number of arrests were made.

The violence, which was brought out among foreigners at the works yesterday, caused the Northampton county authorities to see further trouble ahead, and it was decided to prevent, if possible, any serious rioting. The governor was communicated with, and during the night Capt. John C. Groome of the state police was instructed to send men to Bethlehem at once.

Accordingly thirty of the policemen with their mounts, left at 5 a. m. from Philadelphia, where they were doing strike duty. They arrived shortly before 7 o'clock.

The entire plant of the Bethlehem company, which employs about 9,000 men, were shut down today until Monday. It is expected to resume then under protection of the state police.

The strike at the steel works started Feb. 4, when several hundred machinists quit because they were refused time and half for extra work. The trouble spread to the various departments of the plants, crippling the company to some extent, but the strikers were not organized and several breaks occurred, hundreds of men returning to work.

The strike again began to grow this week when the strikers became more active in picketing. The violence yesterday was due to pickets interfering with men on their way to and from the works.

Two foreigners were shot by the state police during a fight at the Majestic hotel this morning. One was shot in the head and is in a serious condition at the hospital. The other received a slight wound in the leg.

ACCUSED OF DISLOYALTY.

Pinchot Says Ballinger Has Been False to President.

Washington, Feb. 26.—With Gifford Pinchot on the witness stand the Ballinger inquiry entered its second phase today. The dismissed chief of the forest service, before being sworn, dramatically declared that when his story had been told, the country would be in sympathy with him.

L. R. Glavis, the Cunningham claims and Barney Bradles, all stood aside to make room for Mr. Pinchot, for Attorney George W. Pepper, his personal counsel and the story of Secretary Ballinger's dealings with the water power site and of the public domain.

Pinchot accused Ballinger of having made an explanation of his conduct to the president that was "Essentially false." He charged him with being a "dangerous enemy of conservation." He charged him with having made a statement shown by undisputed documentary evidence, " to be absolutely false in three essential particulars." He charged him with having "wilfully deceived the president" and of being disloyal to the president.

His recital had not progress very far, however, when there came an objection from Ballinger's attorney as to the witness repeating conservations had with President Taft. It was contended that the relation of these conversations would put the president in an attitude where he would either have to remain silent or else appear before the committee as a witness, which, it was declared, would be undesirable. The question was argued for some time and during the course of his statements of the matter Pinchot admitted that President Taft, in a letter writen subsequent to the conservation, had declared that his recollection of what transpired at the interview differed in some particulars from that of Pinchot.

KING GIVES MEDAL.

For Heroic Work Done by Conductor in Spanish Wreck.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 26—The secretary of state announced in the house of commons yesterday that his majesty King Edward, had bestowed on Conductor Thomas Reynolds, hero of the Spanish river wreck on the Canadian Pacific railroad's main line from Sudbury to Saul' Ste Marie, three weeks ago, the highest recognition of heroism, outside military valor, in the gift of a British sovereign.

In the wreck three passenger coaches went over the bridge into the Spanish river, fifty feet beneath. Some forty passengers were killed. Reynolds, at the risk of his own life, and by almost superhuman endeavor, saved the lives of nine others who had been imprisoned with him in the submerger dinning car.

Wife Held for Murder.

Kirksville, Mo., Feb. 26.—The arrest of Mrs. Vaughn today, on a charge of murdering her husband, marks another step in what promises to be one of the most sensational as well as one of the hardest fought murder cases in the history of the state.

Dr. J. R. Hull of Monroe City, the Proctor family physician, was arrested Thursday on a like charge and is now out on ball.

Vaughn died from strychnine, according to the verdict of the coroner's jury.

Mrs. Vaughn was released on $25,000 bail.

Agriculture in Palestine.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 26.—The Jewish agricultural experiment station, with principal offices in New York, was incorporated today to establish and support agricultural experiment stations in the Palestine and other countries and to promote the advancement of agriculture in arid regions throughout the world.

Mitchell Not for Commission.

Mitchell, S. D., Feb. 26.—The voters of Mitchell defeated the commission form of government here yesterday by a majority of 3436. Every ward in the city went against the proposition.

Madam: Don't be misled

Cheap and Big Can Baking Powder is Only Big in Size—Not in Satisfaction—Not in Economy

A large can and a small cost does not make baking powder cheap—or even less expensive than Calumet—the high-quality, moderate-price kind. It certainly cannot make it as good. Don't judge baking powder in this way—the real test—the proof of raising power, of evenness, uniformity, wholesomeness and deliciousness will be found only in the baking.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER the Happy Medium

is a better baking powder than you have ever used before. And we will leave it to your good judgment for proof. Buy a can today. Try it for any baking purpose. If the results are not better—if the baking is not lighter, more delicious, take it back and get your money. Calumet is medium in price—but great in satisfaction. Free—large handsome recipe book, illustrated in colors. Send 4c and slip found in pound can.

Calumet Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition

Ineligible.

So you wouldn't let Bombazine Bill sit on the jury that tried the horse thief?"

"No," answered Three Fingered Sam, "we do things fair and square in Crimson Gulch. Bill's a good man, but the fact that he runs the only undertakin' business in the county couldn't help prejudicin' him some agin the defendant."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Natural Question.

James J. Corbett, in the smoking room of the Mauretania, praised the "style" of Jim Jeffries.

"It's a neat style," he said; "neat, quick, to the point. It gets there like the remark of a little girl who said to the minister, in the course of a quite interminable call:

"'Did you forget to bring your amen with you, doctor?'"

If It's Your Eye Use Pettit's Eye Salve, for inflammation, stys, itching lids, eye aches, defects of vision and sensitivity to strong lights. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Natural Supposition.

"I am going to burn coal hereafter."

"Hereafter? I thought Old Nick would attend to the heat problem for you then."

Don't stop eating to chew WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. Chew it after. It's fine for digestion.

A scientist claims that hogs have souls, but he probably doesn't mean those who occupy two double seats in a crowded railway car.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

One should take care not to grow too wise for so great a pleasure of life as laughter.—Addison.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM
has been used successfully for years for deep-seated coughs, colds and bronchitis. Everybody should know about it. It is simple, safe and sure.

Two-thirds of all a man's troubles wear petticoats.

A Pause in Devotions.

"Mabel," called her father, outside her bedroom door. There was no answer, so he called again. Still no reply. He pushed open the door, which was not completely shut, and reaching for the button, turned on the lights. Then he saw Mabel. She was kneeling at the side of her bed in her nightgown, in the attitude of prayer—the attitude, that is, as to kneeling. But she had raised her head at the interruption and paused in her devotions to blaze at him with a face flushed with impatience.

"Gee whiz, daddy! Can't a woman say her prayers?"

Then she bowed her head again, piously, and daddy, properly rebuked, slipped noiselessly away.

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California's greatest monthly paper, "CALIFORNIA OIL FIELDS." We offer a six months subscription FREE to the first thousand people answering this advertisement. California is the Golden State of opportunity, as well as the State of sunshine and flowers. Everybody should be posted on the wonderful opportunities that California Oil land presents to the fortunate investor. Read of the many opportunities. Some day you may visit California. A postal card mailed today, will secure this paper for six months FREE, providing you are one of the first thousand to write. SAGAR & LOOMIS CO., Phelan Bldg., San Francisco Cal.

WRIGLEY'S

Sealed Lead Packets Only

AN IDEAL BREAKFAST BEVERAGE

"SALADA" Tea is the most enjoyable breakfast beverage and the most healthful. It gently stimulates without reaction. Its delicate fragrance and delicious flavor make it preferred above all other teas.

"SALADA" Tea owes its acknowledged superiority to the care exercised in selecting only the most delicate leaves, rejecting the coarser growths which are bitter to the taste. For sale by all grocers, in sealed lead packets only.

The native purity and garden freshness of "SALADA" is preserved by the use of sealed lead packets.

44

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes

"A Shoe To Be Proud Of"

The smart, dressy appearance of this model of the famous "Gitche Gamee" appeals particularly to the well-dressed *young* man. It gives the finishing touch to the carefully considered toilet. YOUR dealer sells it. Priced at Four Dollars. Many other styles at the same price. "Gitche Gamee" Shoes *Always* Make Good *on the Feet of the Wearer.*

Manufactured by
The Northern Shoe Co.
Duluth, Minn.

FREE
A style-book for 1910 and a handy Pocket Mirror
A postal brings the two.
Mention your dealer's name.

WE FURNISH POSITIONS
to graduates, have done so and can. Send for a beautiful free catalog, to
AAKER'S BUSINESS COLLEGES
Fargo or Grand Forks, or to Prof. H. H. Aaker, Prop., Fargo.

H. H. AAKER

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. MARION CRAWFORD

AUTHOR OF "SARACINESCA," "ARETHUSA" ETC., ETC.

ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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"You Will Never Understand," She Said.

SYNOPSIS.

[illegible]

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

He had been on deck a long time that day, but Baraka had only been installed in her chair a few minutes. As yet he had hardly talked to her of anything but the necessary preparations for the journey, and she had trusted him entirely, being so worn out with fatigue and bodily discomfort that she was already half asleep when he had at last brought her aboard, late on the previous night. Before the yacht had sailed he had received Van Torp's telegram informing him that Kralinsky was at Bayreuth; for his secretary had sat up till two in the morning to telegraph him the latest news and forward any message that came, and Van Torp's had been among the number.

"I have something of importance to tell you," Logotheti said.

Baraka prepared herself against betraying surprise by letting her lids droop a little, but that was all.

"Speak," she answered. "I desire knowledge more than gold."

"You are wise," said the Greek gravely. "No doubt you remember the rich man Van Torp, for whom I gave you a letter, and whom you had seen on the day you were arrested."

"Van Torp." Baraka pronounced the name distinctly, and nodded. "Yes, I remember him well. He knows where the man is whom I seek, and he wrote the address for me. I have it. You will take me there in your ship, and I shall find him."

"If you find him, what shall you say to him?" Logotheti asked.

"Few words. These perhaps: 'You left me to die, but I am not dead, I am here. Through me you are a rich, great man. The rubies are my marriage portion, which you have taken. Now you must be my husband.' That is all. Few words."

"It is your right," Logotheti answered. "But he will not marry you."

"Then he shall die," replied Baraka, as quietly as if she were saying that he should go for a walk.

"If you kill him, the laws of that country may take your life," objected the Greek.

"That will be my portion," the girl answered, with profound indifference.

"You only have one life," Logotheti observed. "It is yours to throw away. But the man you seek is not in that country. Van Torp has telegraphed me that he is much nearer. Nevertheless, if you mean to kill him, I will not take you to him, as I intended to do."

Baraka's face had changed, though she had been determined not to betray surprise at anything he said; she turned to him, and fixed her eyes on his, and he saw her lashes quiver.

"You will tell me where he is," she said anxiously. "If you will not take me I will go alone with Spiro. I have been in many countries with no other help. I can go there also, where he is. You will tell me."

"Not if you mean to murder him," said Logotheti, and she saw that he was in earnest.

"But if he will not be my husband, what can I do, if I do not k'll him?" She asked the question in evident good faith.

"If I were you, I should make him share the rubies and the money with you, and then I would leave him to himself."

"But you do not understand," Baraka protested. "He is young, he is beautiful, he is rich. He will take some other woman for his wife, if I leave him. You see, he must die, there is no other way. If he will not marry me, it is his portion. Why do you talk? Have I not come across the world from the Altai, by Samarkand and Tiflis, as far as England, to find him and marry him? Is it nothing that I have done, a Tartar girl alone, with no friend but a bag of precious stones that any strong thief might have taken from me? Is the danger nothing? The travel nothing? Is it nothing that I have gone about like a shameless one, with my face uncovered, dressed in a man's clothes? That I have cut my hair, my beautiful black hair, is that as nothing, too? That I have been in an English prison? That I have been called a thief? I have suffered all these things to find him, and if I come to him at last, and he will not be my husband, shall he live and take another woman? You are a great man, it is true. But you do not understand. You are only a Frank, after all! That little maid you have brought for me would understand me better, though she has been taught for six years by Christians. She is a good girl. She says that in all that time she has never once forgotten to say the Fatiheh three times a day, and to say 'el hamdu lillah' to herself after she has eaten! She would understand. I know she would. But you, never!"

The exquisite little aquiline features wore a look of unutterable contempt.

"If I were you," said Logotheti, smiling, "I would not tell her what you are going to do."

"You see!" cried Baraka, almost angrily. "You do not understand. A servant! Shall I tell my heart to my handmaid, and my secret thoughts to a hired man? I tell you, because you are a friend, though you have no understanding of me. My father feeds many flocks, and has many bondmen and bondwomen, whom he beats when it pleases him, and can put to death if he likes. He also knows the mine of rubies, as his father did before him, and when he desires gold he takes one to Tashkent, or even to Samarkand, a long journey, and sells it to the Russians. He is a great man. If he would bring a camel bag full of precious stones to Europe he could be one of the greatest men in the world. And you think that my father's daughter would open her heart to one of her servants? I said well that you do not understand!"

Logotheti looked quietly at the slim young thing in a ready-made blue serge frock, who said such things as a Lady Clara Vere de Vere would scarcely dare to say above her breath in these democratic days; and he watched the noble little features, and the small white hands, that had come down to her through generations of chieftains, since the days when the primeval shepherds of the world counted the stars in the plains of Kaf.

He himself, with his long Greek descent, was an aristocrat to the marrow, and smiled at the claims of men who traced their families back to the Crusaders. With the help of a legend or two and half a myth, he could almost make himself a far descendant of the Tyndaridae. But what was that compared with the pedigree of the little thing in a blue serge frock? Her race went back to a time before Hesiod, before Homer, to a date that might be found in the annals of Egypt, but nowhere else in all the dim traditions of human history.

"No," he said, after a long pause. "I begin to understand. You had not told me that your father was a great man, and that his sires before him had joined hand to hand, from the hand of Adam himself."

This polite speech, delivered in his best Tartar, though with sundry Turkish terminations and accents, somewhat mollified Baraka, and she pushed her little head backwards and upwards against the top of the deck chair, as if she was drawing herself up with pride. Also, not being used to European skirts, she stuck out one tiny foot a little further across the other, as she stretched herself, and she indiscreetly showed a pale-yellow silk ankle, round which she could have easily made her thumb meet her second finger. Logotheti glanced at it.

"You will never understand," she said, but her tone had relented, and she made a concession. "If you will take me to him, and if he will not be my husband, I will let Spiro kill him."

"That might be better," Logotheti answered with extreme gravity, for he was quite sure that Spiro would never kill anybody. "If you will take an oath which I shall dictate, and swear to let Spiro do it, I will take you to the man you seek."

"What must be, must be," Baraka said in a tone of resignation. "When he is dead, Spiro can also kill me and take the rubies and the money."

"That would be a pity," observed the Greek, thoughtfully.

"Why a pity? It will be my portion. I will not kill myself because then I should go to hell-fire, but Spiro can do it very well. Why should I still live, then?"

"Because you are young and beautiful and rich enough to be very happy. Do you never look at your face in the mirror? The eyes of Baraka are like the pools of paradise, when the moon rose upon them the first time, her waist is as slender as a young willow sapling that bends to the breath of a spring breeze, her mouth is a dark rose from Gulistan—"

But Baraka interrupted him with a faint smile.

"You speak emptiness," she said quietly. "What is the oath, that I may swear it? Shall I take Allah, and the prophet, and the Angel Israfil to witness that I will keep my word? Shall I prick my hand and let the drops fall into your two hands that you may drink them? What shall I do and say? I am ready."

"You must swear an oath that my fathers swore before there were Christians or Mussulmen in the world when the old gods were still great."

"Speak. I will repeat any words you like. Is it a very solemn oath?"

"It is the most solemn that ever was sworn, for it is the oath of the gods themselves. I shall give it to you slowly, and you must try to pronounce it right, word by word, holding out your hands, like this, with the palms downwards."

"I am ready," said Baraka, doing as he bade her.

He quoted in Greek the oath that Hypnos dictates to Hera in the "Iliad," and Baraka repeated each word, pronouncing as well as she could.

"I swear by the inviolable water of the Styx, and I lay one hand upon the all-nourishing earth, the other on the sparkling sea, that all the gods below may be our witnesses, even they that stand round about Kronos. Thus I swear!"

As he had anticipated, Baraka was much more impressed by the importance of the words she did not understand than if she had bound herself by any oath familiar to her.

"I am sorry," she said, "but what is done is done, and you would have it so."

She pressed her hand gently to her left side and felt the long steel bodkin, and sighed regretfully.

"You have sworn an oath that no man would dare to break," said Logotheti solemnly. "A man would rather kill pigs on the graves of his father and his mother than break it."

"I shall keep my word. Only take me quickly where I would be."

Logotheti produced a whistle from his pocket and blew on it, and a quartermaster answered the call, and was sent for the captain, who came in a few moments.

"Head her about for Jersey and Carterets, captain," said the owner. "The sea is as flat as a board, and we will land there. You can go on to the Mediterranean without coaling, can you not?"

The captain said he could coal at Gibraltar, if necessary.

"Then take her to Naples, please, and wait for instructions."

Baraka understood nothing, but within two minutes she saw that the yacht was changing her course, for the afternoon sun was all at once pouring in on the deck, just beyond the end of her chair. She was satisfied, and nodded her approval.

"When shall we reach that place?" she asked lazily, and she turned her face to Logotheti.

"Allah knows," he answered gravely.

She had been so well used to hearing that answer to all sorts of questions since she had been a child that she thought nothing of it, and waited awhile before speaking again. Her eyes studied the man's face almost unconsciously. He now wore a fez instead of a yachting cap, and it changed his expression. He no longer looked in the least like a European. The handsome red felt glowed like blood in the evening light, and the long black silk tassel hung backwards with a dashing air. There was something about him that reminded Baraka of Saad, and Saad had been a handsome man, even in her eyes, until the traveler had come to her father's house with his blue eyes and golden beard. But Saad had only seen her unveiled face once, and that was the last thing he saw when the ball from the Mauser went through his forehead.

"I mean," she asked after some time, "shall we be there to-morrow? or the next day? I see no land on this side; is there any on the other?"

"No," Logotheti answered, "there is no land near. Perhaps, far off, we might see a small island."

"Is that the place?" Baraka began to be interested at last.

"The place is far away. You must have patience. All hurry comes from Satan."

"I am not impatient," the girl answered mildly. "I am glad to rest in your ship, for I was very tired, more tired than I ever was when I was a child, and used to climb up the foothills to see Altai better. It is good to be in your ship for a while, and after that, what shall be, will be. It is Allah that knows."

"That is the truth," responded the Greek. "Allah knows. I said so just now. But I will tell you what I have decided, if you will listen."

"I listen."

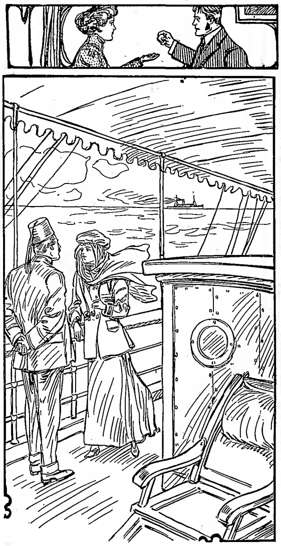
"It is better that you should rest several days after all your weariness, and the man you seek will not run away, for he does not know that you are so near."

"But he may take another woman," Baraka objected, growing earnest at once. "Perhaps he has already! Then there will be two instead of one."

"Spiro," said Logotheti, with perfect truth, "would as soon kill two as one, I am sure, for he is a good servant. It will be the same to him. You call me a great man and a king; I am not a king, for I have no kingdom, though some kingdoms would like to have as much ready money as I. But here, on the ship, I am the master, not only because it is mine, and because I choose to command, but because the men are bound by English law to obey me; and if they should refuse and overpower me, and take my ship where I did not wish to go, the laws of all nations would give me the right to put them all into prison at once, for a long time. Therefore when I say, 'Go to a certain place,' they take the ship there, according to their knowledge, for they are trained to that business and can guide the vessel towards any place in the world, though they cannot see land till they reach it. Do you understand all these things?"

"I understand," Baraka answered, smiling. "But I am not bound to obey you, and at least I can beg you to do what I ask, and I think you will do it."

Her voice grew suddenly soft, and almost tender, for though she was only a Tartar girl, and very young and slim, she was a woman. Eve had not had long experience of talking when she explained to Adam the properties of apples.



"You Are Wise as Well as Great," Baraka Said.

Logotheti answered her smile and her tone.

"I shall do what you ask me, but I shall do it slowly rather than quickly, because that will be better for you in the end. If we had gone on as we were going, we should have got to land to-night, but to a wretched little town from which we should have had to take a night train, hot and dirty and dusty, all the way to Paris. That would not help you to rest, would it?"

"Oh, no! I wish to sleep again in your ship, once, twice, till I cannot sleep any more. Then you will take me to the place."

"That is what you shall do. To that end I gave orders this afternoon."

"You are wise, as well as great," Baraka said.

They left the rail and walked slowly forward, side by side, without speaking; and Logotheti told himself how utterly happy he should be if Baraka could turn into Margaret and be walking with him there; yet something answered him that since she was not by his side he was not to be pitied for the company of a lovely Tartar girl whose language he could understand and even speak tolerably; and when the first voice observed rather drily that Margaret would surely think that he ought to feel very miserable, the second voice told him to take the goods the gods sent him and be grateful; and this little antiphone of Ormuzd and Ahriman went on for some time, till it occurred to him to stop the duo by explaining to Baraka how a European girl would probably slip her arm, or at least her hand, through the arm of the man with whom she was walking on the deck of a yacht, because there was generally a little motion at sea, and she would like to steady herself, and when there was none, there ought to be, and she would do the same thing by force of habit. But Baraka looked at such behavior quite differently.

"That would be a sort of dance," she said. "I am not a dancing girl! I have seen men and women dancing together, both Russians in Samarkand and other people in France. It is disgusting. I would rather go unveiled among my own people!"

"Which may Allah forbid!" answered Logotheti devoutly. "But where there are Englishmen, Allah does nothing; the women go without veils, and the boys and girls dance together."

"I have done worse," said Baraka, "for I have dressed as a man, and if a woman did that among my people she would be stoned to death and not buried. My people will never know what I have done since I got away from them alive. But he thought he was leaving me there to die!"

"Surely. I cannot see why you wish to marry a man who robbed you and tried to compass your death! I can understand that you should dream of killing him, and he deserves to be burnt alive, but why you should wish to marry him is known to the wisdom of the blessed ones!"

"You never saw him," Baraka answered with perfect simplicity. "He is a beautiful man; his beard is like the rays of the morning sun on a ripe cornfield. His eyes are bright as an eagle's, but blue as sapphires. He is much taller and bigger and stronger than you are. Do you not see why I want him for a husband? Why did he not desire me for his wife? Am I crooked, am I blinded by the smallpox, or have I six fingers on both hands and a hump on my shoulder like the Witch of Altai? Was my portion a cotton shift, one brass bangle and a horn comb for my hair? I gave him the riches of the world to take me, and he would not! I do not understand. Am I an evil sight in a man's eyes? Tell me the truth, for you are a friend!"

"You are good to see," Logotheti answered, stopping and pretending to examine her face critically as she stood and faced him.

"I do not desire you to speak for yourself," returned Baraka. "I wish you to speak for any man, since I go about unveiled and any man may see me. What would they say in the street if they saw me now, as a woman? That is what I must know, for he is a Frank, and he will judge me as the Franks judge when he sees me! What will he say?"

"Shall I speak as a Frank? Or as they speak in Constantinople?"

"Speak as he would speak, I pray. But speak the truth."

"I take Allah to witness that I speak the truth," Logotheti answered. "If I had never seen you, and if I were walking in the Great Garden in London and I met you by the bank of the river, I should say that you were the prettiest dark girl in England, but that I should like to see you in a beautiful Feringhi hat and the best frock that could be made in Paris."

Baraka's face was troubled, and she looked into his eyes anxiously.

"I understand," she said. "Before I meet him I must have more clothes, many beautiful new dresses. It was shameless, but it was easy to dress as a man, after I had learned, for it was always the same—the difference was three buttons—or four buttons, or a high hat or a little hat; not much. Also the Feringhi men button their garments as the Mussulmans do, the left over the right, but I often see their women's coats buttoned like a Hindu's. Why is this? Have the women another religion than the men? It is very strange!"

Logotheti laughed, for he had really never noticed the rather singular fact which had struck the born Asiatic at once.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

When Doomed.

"With us the crime is not in detection. It's in admission. All sorts of things may be thought of you, and said of you, and even known of you, and you can bluff them out; but when you have acknowledged 'em—You're doomed."—The Inner Shrine

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The Judge and the Doctor

Man of Medicine, After Jurist's Explanation, Concluded to Let His Grievance Pass.

The physician was a witness in a damage case, and his answers to questions had been marked by more length than lucidity. The lawyer who was examining him several times cautioned him to confine his replies to subjects involved in the questions, but this warning had little effect. Finally the judge lost patience and told him to make an effort to shorten his answers and to quit talking when he got through.

This had some effect temporarily, but a few minutes later the physician began a long and rambling answer which had only a vague and remote bearing upon what had been asked him.

"Look here," said the now irate judge, "you are wasting the time of the court, the attorneys, the witnesses and everybody else here, and delaying the trial of the case. Now, if you don't confine yourself to plain answers hereafter I shall send you to jail for contempt of court!"

That had its effect, and the testimony of the witness was concluded in a reasonable time after that.

The next day the judge and the physician met upon the street. They are acquaintances, and stopped and shook hands.

"Say, Judge," inquired the doctor, "would it be contempt of court, now that you are no longer on the bench, to say that you acted like a damned fool at the trial yesterday, and would you send me to jail?"

"Oh, no," replied his honor easily. "I'd go to jail; you'd go to the hospital."

The physician didn't say what he had intended to say.

Wood Chopping as a Sport.

In Tasmania is to be found a national pastime that is special and particular to that state alone—the sport of wood chopping. At Hobart and Launceston they have their turf meetings, their cricket, football, golf, cycling, and so forth, but to a wood-chopping contest people will flock from far and near—men, women and children—and watch the ax wielders hewing away at huge blocks of timber as if life and reputation depended upon the issue. Thud, thud, thud go the axes, and the splinters fly in all directions, the judges calmly sitting near taking note of the strokes, the spectators cheering the competitors from time to time as frantically as if they were race horses. To be a wood-chopping champion means something to a man in Tasmania.

Inconsiderate.

"That conductor isn't very considerate of people's feelings." "No, he'd tell a man with a wooden leg to 'step lively.'"

A LITTLE COLD.

He caught a little cold—
That was all.
So the neighbors sadly said,
As they gathered round his bed,
When they heard that he was dead.

He caught a little cold—
That was all. (Puck.)

Neglect of a cough or cold often leads to serious trouble. To break up a cold in twenty-four hours and cure any cough that is curable mix two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and eight ounces of pure Whisky. Take a teaspoonful every four hours. You can buy these at any good drug store and easily mix them in a large bottle.

INSTRUCTION IN THE SCHOOLS

Children Being Taught the Nature and Methods of Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Definite instruction concerning the nature and methods of prevention of tuberculosis is being given to less than six per cent. of the public school children of the United States, according to a bulletin of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. Recent investigation has shown that in only nine cities, Washington, Dallas, Tex., Richmond, Va., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Detroit, Mich., Malden, Mass., Salem, Mass., Saginaw, Mich., and Knoxville, Tenn., are special text books being used or lectures being given about tuberculosis. In three states and one territory, Michigan, Massachusetts, North Carolina and Porto Rico, laws have been passed requiring that instruction about the nature and methods of prevention of tuberculosis be given in all public schools. In Tennessee the state department of education has requested that such instruction be given and has issued circulars for this purpose. In New Jersey and West Virginia wall cards giving instruction are hung in every schoolroom and the attention of all children is called to them.

Opera the Great Leveler.

At one of the Wagner operas a few days ago a woman nudged her friend and said: "Who's that distinguished man bowing to you over there?" Her friend looked in the direction designated and smiled in a return greeting. "That's my butcher," she said. "I see him here quite often. When I go marketing in the morning we always discuss the opera. He's a German, you know, and really knows a lot about other things besides cutting meat."—New York Sun.

This Will Interest Mothers.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, cure Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, Regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. They break up colds in 24 hours. Pleasant to take, and harmless as milk. They never fail. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Many a saint would have less trouble wrestling with the evil if he would get out and wrestle with a hard for an hour or two.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

When a youth begins to sow wild oats it is time for father to start the thrashing machine.

Here's something good that had little boys like.—WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

Many a man's good reputation is due to what isn't found out about him.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

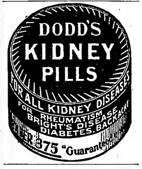
Any woman can make an impression on a man who has either a soft heart or a soft head.

Less and less cigar smoke. More and more WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT fragrance.

Many a man has kicked himself out of a good job.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It is easy to see the silver lining of other people's clouds.



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FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES
BACKACHE
"Guarantee"

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT
THE FLAVOR LASTS

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
An absolutely harmless remedy for Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Coughs. Give immediate relief in Bronchial and Lung Affections. Fifty years' reputation. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. Sample sent on request.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

WRIGLEY'S WRIGLEY'S WRIGLEY'S

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

Baby Smiles—
When He Takes
PISO'S CURE
THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS
So pleasant that he likes it—and contains no opiates. There is nothing like it for Bronchitis, Asthma and all troubles of the throat and lungs. A Standard Remedy for half a century.
All Druggists, 25 Cents

Tickling in the Throat

"Just a little tickling in the throat!" Is that what troubles you? But it hangs on! Can't get rid of it! Home remedies don't take hold. You need something stronger—a regular medicine, a doctor's medicine. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral contains healing, quieting, and soothing properties of the highest order. Ask your doctor about this. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Constipation positively prevents good health. Then why allow it to continue? An active liver is a great preventive of disease. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. What does your doctor say?

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible] at Red Lake Falls Minnesota

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The newspaper boys seem to be pretty solidly behind Sam Gordon of Browns Valley for lieutenant governor.

Doubtless President Taft feels sure that if the editors were in Washington where they could hear Aldrich and Hale and Penrose and Cannon pour every day the attitude of the newspapers would be softened.

Reapportionment promises to be a big question in Northern Minnesota in the forthcoming campaign. There is so much of injustice in the present apportionment that the legislature ought to right the wrong without a fight.

Al H. Jester of Bemidji has filed for the Republican nomination for state senator. This makes two entries for Beltrami county, and it is understood that Senator Hanson will file again, also that a Mahnomen county man will get in the race.

The eulogy of Governor Johnson delivered before the state editorial association at Minneapolis last week by Judge C. W. Stanton of Bemidji was not only a remarkable contribution to the literature of the state, but it was a deserved tribute to the man who was highest in the affections of the people of the state. Judge Stanton is entitled the generous compliments his address received.

Walter Wellman writes that Cannon and his lieutenants are planning on making Tawney speaker in case Cannon steps aside, which Wellman thinks Uncle Joe will do. The country expects just some such effort as this, but it will not succeed. Cannon not only will not be speaker of the next house, but he will not have anything to do with choosing the speaker. The power of Uncle Joe will be run out by that time.

Minnesota farmers received last year nearly $25,000,000 for milk sold to the creameries of this state according to the estimate made by Dairy and Food Commissioner Andrew French from incomplete returns received by his office. Mr. French believes that the total amount paid the patrons in the state increased 25 per cent. About one-half of this increase is due to the new creameries that were established in the state during the year. Minnesota is evidently holding its own as the "bread and butter state."

Daniel W. Meeker, superintendent of this, the ninth enumeration of the census district, which comprises the ninth congressional district, has received notification that there will be no less than 270 districts in thirteen counties of which he has supervision. It will require quick and hard work to take the census. The work must be done between April 1 and May 1 for just 30 days are allowed by the government for the task. Those who have taken the examination will be notified if their services are needed about the first of April, so they can make preparations for doing the work.

A New York judge gave his son $1000, telling him to go to college and graduate. The son returned at the end of his freshman year without a dollar and with several ugly habits. At the close of the vacation the judge told his son that he had done all he could for him. If he had wasted the money that was to have taken him through college, he might as well leave home and make his way in the world. It was a rude awakening for the young man, but he knew that his father was right. And so strong was the influence of his upright father that he did leave home to go to work in downright earnest. He went back to college, made his way through, graduated at the head of his class, studied law, became governor of the State of New York, entered the cabinet of the president of the United States, and made a name for himself that the country will not willingly let die. That man was William H. Seward.

MANAGING CONGRESS.

President Taft has ordered his administration on the theory that it is better to persuade congress to grant progressive legislation than to use the possibilities of his office to procure it. This is a kindly impulse, of course, says the Winona Independent, but it is a doubtful policy with such potential leaders as Aldrich and Cannon to be reckoned with. One of the particulars in which Mr. Roosevelt was an "exception to the rule" was that he knew when it was useless to employ persuasion and necessary to appeal to the people for co-operative pressure.

Mr. Taft is getting impatient, it is said, over the slowness of congress with certain measures urged by him in keeping with the party platform and his own progressive policies. If patience is a virtue, the President will have large opportunity to display virtuous fortitude before he sees that program carried through as he made it.

Mr. Roosevelt also was particular in another respect. He knew when congress had kept a party pledge and when it hadn't, and he never made apologies for a betrayal of the people.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The conservation convention at Bemidji was a great success. Many able men from the northern part of the state participated and it was resolved that the representatives and senators from the north were to block all legislation until the state had been given a reapportionment that should do justice to the whole state. It has been several years since the state has been legislatively reapportioned and the northern section has increased greatly in population during these years and the present basis of representation is neither fair nor satisfactory. Here's to the insurgents from the north!

Brainerd Dispatch: There is no question about Northern Minnesota wanting reapportionment—it not only wants it, but demands its rights.

Hibbing Tribune: The delegates who gathered at Bemidji were very much in earnest indeed. Their manifest intention was to seek out those things upon which the people of the thirty counties represented might agree without dispute and then to put the shoulder of a unified Northern Minnesota to the accomplishment of these things.

The Tribune predicts that out of the Bemidji conference will grow a unity that will make Northern Minnesota irresistable and that will bring to a compartively early fruition many things which Northern Minnesota has thus far attempted to cultivate with but partial and indifferent success.

Stillwater Gazette: Many people agree with each other that our banking system is wretched, the worst ever, but if you look them up closely you will find that they couldn't get a cent out of a bank, unless they used a jimmy and dynamite. This class doesn't believe in depositing: they are for excavating.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press: From fourteen southern Minnesota counties thirty-four representitives go to the state legislature. These counties cast 53,828 votes, an average of 1,584 votes for each representative. From thirteen northern Minnesota counties come nine members representing a voting population of 30,580, or one to each 3,390. Reapportionment is the issue with northern Minnesota people, and it will be their issue until the arrangement that leaves 50 per cent of them without representation is rectified. Here's to their success.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: It is reported that Rich of St. Paul may become revenue collector. Turn about is fair play: the revenue collectors of some other cities have become rich.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: We are in favor of good roads—but we doubt if calling an extra session of the legislature would not be too high a price even for the most perfect of public thoroughfares.

Sioux City Journal: It is said Mr. Cannon is very fond of automobile riding. The time was when the bicycle was an attraction with him, and when he reached such proficiency that he could spit without falling off he was delighted.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Tomorrow is uncertain and yesterday no longer counts.

How people do like to ask questions you cannot answer!

It's remarkable how some women tolerate a man who has money!

How many do you know—including yourself—who really understand you?

The average man never makes the mistake of underestimating his importance.

Men inject a lot of unnecessary enthusiasm into a handshake with a pretty women.

A woman who has lost her beauty is as fussy as a man who has to part his hair with a towel.

However, the biggest price ever paid for a pew in church would not buy standing room in heaven.

Only actual experience will teach some people that they can't raise poultry and garden truck in the same lot.

If it's all the same to our enemies, we would rather have them heap coal in our bin than heap coals of fire on our head.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Bad traits are learned trying to teach those who have them good ones.

It seems as natural to be wrong in an argument as to think you are right.

A man doesn't mind telling the truth very much when it doesn't make any difference.

It never rains but the bootblack shines.

Chance shakes the dice box; you pay the score.

Subscribe for THE GAZETTE.

You will find the conveniences that go with a checking account at this bank indispensable for your business.

Our aim is to give depositors the benefit of modern banking facilities. To hold and encourage every legitimate business enterprise. To extend courteous treatment to large and small depositors alike.

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RED LAKE FALLS

THE BANK ACCOUNT

- Is the first step toward success and fortune.
- Protects your family in emergency.
- Educates your children.
- Makes you independent.
- Gives you a standing in the community.
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If you do not have a bank account, let us suggest that you start one with us immediately.

FIRST STATE BANK

CHILDREN

In disorders and diseases of children drugs seldom do good and often do harm.

Careful feeding and bathing are the babies' remedies.

Scott's Emulsion

is the food-medicine that not only nourishes them most, but also regulates their digestion. It is a wonderful tonic for children of all ages. They rapidly gain weight and health on small doses.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings. Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
February 17th, 1910.

Pursuant to the call the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., February 17th, 1910 A. D.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

All members present.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bids for the $37,000.00 Bond Issue for the building of a county court house be opened.

Upon roll call the following commissioners, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist voted aye and the following commissioners voted nay, Johnson and Aubol.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the board grant to representatives present the opportunity of withdrawing their bids for the purchase of the bond issue.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the board invites open bids for the purchase of the $37,000.00 Bond Issue.

The following bids were opened:

Name	Rate of Interest per cent	Premium
Woodin, McNear & Moore	4¾	[illegible]
F. E. McGraw	4½	406
John Nuveen & Co.	5	60.
Harris Trust & Savings Bank	4½	[illegible]
Security Trust & Savings Bank	4½	702 50
C. H. Coffin	5	1600.
Seasongood & Mayer	5	[illegible]
Reynolds, Watson & Co.	5	1781.
Otis & Hough	5	[illegible]
S. A. Kean & Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. A. Duffy	[illegible]	1000.
E. H. Rollins & Sons	5	[illegible]

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol that all bond bids be rejected and issuance of court house bonds be postponed until such time as the title of court house site be established.

Commissioners voting aye, Johnson and Aubol.

Commissioners voting nay, Pigeon, Demann and Lindquist.

Motion declared lost by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the board take a recess until 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Motion carried unanimously.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

All members present.

The board then proceeded to hear open bids for the said bond issue.

The two best open bids were as follows:

Reynolds, Watson & Co., offer to take the entire issue at 5 per cent interest and agree to pay a bonus of $1780.00.

John A. Duffy offers to take the entire issue at 5 per cent interest and agrees to pay a bonus of $1800.00.

Both offers include the furnishing of blank bond and coupons to the county free of cost to the said county.

The folowing resolution was offered by Commisisoner Demann who moved its adoption duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Resolved that the offer of John A. Duffy wherein he agrees to take the entire issue of $37,000.00 court house bonds of Red Lake county bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum payable semi-annually either in Chicago or the Twin Cities, bonds to be of the denomination of $1000 each, to be dated when issued and to be due and payable twenty years thereafter without option of prior payment; be agreeing to pay for the issue the sum of $38,800.00 and furnish blank bonds free of expense to the county, be accepted.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: Aubol and Johnson.

Whereupon the chairman declared the said resolution duly adopted.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton appeared before the board and tendered a deed and abstract to lots one (1), two (2), three (3) of Block one (1) of Salsbury's Addition to Red Lake Falls, Minn., as a court house site.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissoner Pigeon that the board accept the donation to Red Lake County, Minn., by John A. Duffy of the following described property: Lots one (1), two (2) and three (3) of block one (1) of Salsbury's Addition to the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., as a site upon which, at the option of the board, to build a county court house.

Commissioners voting aye, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Commissioners voting nay: Johnson and Aubol.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bids for the construction of a county court house be opened.

Commissioners voting aye, Pigeon Demann and Lindquist.

Commissioners voting nay, Johnson and Aubol.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

The board then opened the bids of W. H. Jackson, Aug. Morin, Nelson and Schulind and James Brady. With the alternations as suggested by Architect Orff and concurred in by the board the bids for the construction of the county court house were as follows:

W. H. Jackson, amount of bid, $39,860.00.

Aug. Morin, amount of bid, $38,263.00.

Nelson & Schulind, amount of bid, $40,715.00. James Brady amount of bid, $37,070.00.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bid of James Brady wherein he agrees to construct a county court house for the sum of $37,070.00 be accepted.

Commissioners votinsg aye, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Commissioners voting nay Johnson and Aubol.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Resolved that the sum of $300 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road & bridge fund to aid the town of Louisville in the construction of a pier to protect the county bridge across the Red Lake river in the township of Louisville.

Resolution prevailed.

Motion made by Commisisoner Demann seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the board take a recess until 9:00 o'clock A. M. February 18, 1910.

Motion carried unanimously.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 9:00 o'clock A. M., February 18th, 1910.

All members present.

The follwing resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann and seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Resolved that the offer of the Hydraulic Press Brick Co. wherein they agree to furnish the brick for the new county court house at $35.00 per thousand as per samples Nos. 500 and 505, and laid down at Red Lake Falls, Minn., be and the same is hereby accepted.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Johnson, Demann, Pigeon, Aubol and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay, none.

Thereupon the chairman declared the said resolution duly adopted.

The following resolution was offered by Commissionre Demann and seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Resolved that the Kettle River Stone to be furnished by the Barber Asphalt Paving Co. be accepted for trimming purposes for the new court house building.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Pigeon, Johnson, Aubol, Demann and Lindquist, and the following commissioners voted nay, none.

Whereupon the chairman declured said resolution duly adopted.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the board take a recess until 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Motion carried unanimously.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

All members present.

The applications for reduction of assessment and taxes on personal property for the year 1909 of Joseph Helm, R. H. Bourdon, D. Lazar and Alex Sand were granted, subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

The application of Mary Kissinger for refundment of taxes paid on real estate for the year 1908 was granted, subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls be allowed $10.00 per month from and after the first day of March, 1910, as rent for the office occupied by the Judge of Probate.

Motion carried unanimously.

Resolved that the township of Garnes be reimbursed $200 from the county Road & Bridge Fund on account of an appropriation heretofore granted but not drawn to aid the said township in the grading of a highway between Sections 30 and 31, and 29 and 32, in said township, the township required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the Township of Lambert be reimbursed from the County Road & Bridge Fund $200 on account of an appropriation made by the county board June 19th, 1909, but not drawn, the Township required, to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the Township of Lake Pleasant be reimbursed from the County Road & Bridge fund $100 on account of an appropriation heretofore made but not drawn to aid the said township in repairing a highway between Sections 14 and 23, the township required to expend at least an equal amount.

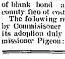
Resolution prevailed.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson that K. O. Gigstad be appointed appraiser of State lands within the county.

Motion carried unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Pigeon, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann:

Continued on Page Five.



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It is a generally recognized fact that medicines taken from the botanical kingdom are better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way, than those composed of strong mineral mixtures.

In the early settlement of this land, our forefathers were obliged to procure their medicines from Nature's great laboratories of forest and field. They searched out and compounded the different vegetable materials into teas, concoctions and medicines. That these pioneers found the most potent and valuable of the roots, herbs and barks placed at their disposal, is abundantly proven by the fact that the great majority of them were blessed with rugged health. They cured their diseases and were enabled to do the great preliminary work of civilization because the remedies they used were Nature's remedies, and specially adapted to the needs of humanity.

Among the very best of these vegetable preparations is S. S. S., a medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and barks in such combination as to make it the greatest of all blood purifiers and the finest of all tonics. S. S. S. does not contain the least particle of mineral in any form, and is absolutely a safe medicine for any one to use.

While purifying the blood this great vegetable remedy builds up and strengthens every portion of the system. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Malaria, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, hereditary taints, and all other diseases and disorders caused by impure or polluted blood.

As a tonic S. S. S. is unequalled. It invigorates every portion of the system, and the healthy blood it creates largely assists in overcoming any derangement of the digestive system. If you are suffering from any blood trouble, or need a tonic to build up your constitution, you could not do better than to take S. S. S., a medicine that is in no degree harmful. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

CHEMIST FOUND S.S.S. FREE FROM MINERALS.
A few years ago I was taken with Inflammatory Rheumatism. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S.S.S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free from potash or mercury. I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism, though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.
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is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

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You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.

You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by

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Absolutely Pure
Grapes— delicious, healthful— give the most valuable ingredient, the active principle, to
ROYAL
Baking Powder
Insures wholesome and delicious food for every day in every home
NO ALUM

No[illegible] of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

[illegible]

Petition for Public Ditch.

[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible] Hereby Given, That [illegible] Mortgage will [illegible] ... [illegible] O. S. HANSON, Assignee of Mortgagee [illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible] Red Lake county, at the front door of the Coun-

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to Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state, on the 12th day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seventy five dollars, and interest, and the taxes if any, on said premises, and Twenty five dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 25th A. D. 1910.

O. S. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee

Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. 127-m3

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and [illegible] Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book 11 of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), North of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 15th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 508, and because of said default said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgagee having under the terms of said mortgage elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of [illegible] thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby forclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February [illegible] A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f17-m31

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 23d A. D. 1904, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1904 at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages [illegible] inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty Four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910 duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 15th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 509, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty-eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof, Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 5th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage

CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F17M31

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven Hundred Sixty-two, 70-100 ($762.70) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Albert C. Gilbert and Helen Gilbert, his wife, Mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank Mortgagee, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1903, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of December, 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 29 of Mortgages on page 519, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter (SE¼ of NE¼) and Northeast quarter of Southeast quarter (NE¼ of SE¼) of Section Twenty-four (24) and the Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter (SW¼ of NW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22), all in Township One Hundred fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-three (43) west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Sortedahl Building, temporarily used as a Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 5th day of April, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seven Hundred Sixty-two and 70-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1910.

The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f24-m31

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Legal Voter to be Set off.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by R. M. Johnson, a legal voter, freeholder and resident of School District No. 41 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to-wit:

The South East Quarter (S E ¼) of Section Sixteen (16) and Lot One (1) and North Half (N½) and the South West Quarter (SW¼) of the North East Quarter (NE¼) of Section Twenty-one (21) all in Township One Hundred Fifty three (153) Range Forty-one (41) in the Township of Kratka County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said lands adjoin School district No. 68 and asking that he, with his said lands, may be set off from said District No. 41 to said adjoining District No. 68 for the following reasons:

That there is two miles to the School house in School District No. 41 and no road, while it is only one mile to the school house in School District No 68 was presented to the Board of county commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 24th day of February A. D. 1910 for the action of said Board thereon.

Now, Therefore, it is ordered that said petition will be heard by this Board at the session thereof commencing on the 18th day of March, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M., A. D. at the office of the County Auditor in said County.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given, by posting a notice thereof in one public place in each of the School Districts to be affected by said petition, and a copy thereof shall be served upon the Clerk of each of said School Districts, at least 10 days before the time appointed for such hearing.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor, and ex Officio Clerk of Board.

Seal.
m3-m10

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty and 48-100 ($930.48) Dollars, and Eighty Three and 88-100 ($83.88) dollars, paid for taxes, making a total of One Thousand Fourteen and 36-100 ($1014.36) Dollars in default then due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed by Wilton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank O'Meara, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of December 1902 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2 o'clock P. M. in Book 26 of Mortgages on Page 254.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said mortgagee, to Alice W. Hemminghouse, by written assignment dated the 31st day of December, 1902 and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2:10 o'clock P. M., in Book T of Mortgages on Page 394.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Eliza A. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 29th day of January 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 7th day of April, 1906 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on Page 324.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Harriet L. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 23rd day of September, 1909, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 24th day of February, 1910 at 11:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 5 of Mortgages on page 321.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the land and premises therein, being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit:

The West Half of the North West Quarter (w½ of nw¼) of Section Fourteen (14) in Township One Hundred Fifty Two (152) of Range Forty Three (43), will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the Statutory attorney's fees, and the taxes if any, and the costs and expenses of these foreclosure proceeding as allowed by law, and that the said sale will be made at the front door of the Post Office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said Red Lake County at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday, the 16th day of April, 1910.

Dated February 23, 1910.

HARRIET L. HAYWARD,
Assignee of Mortgage.

Grant Van Sant,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
503 Globe Building, St. Paul, Minn. m3-a14

Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
303 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Continued From Page Four.

Whereas, an action has been begun in District Court to restrain this board from letting contract to build a court house on the premises heretofore purchased by the board as a court house site, Martin V. Evenson being plaintiff,

Therefore, Be It Resolved, That the board defend said action and to that end,

Be It Further Resolved, That Chas. E. Boughton be and he is hereby employed to defend such action and prepare answer or other defense therein for the board and for Red Lake county and take such further steps therein as he shall deem necessary and to advise this board relative to the building of a court house and this appointment shall stand until discharged by order of the board.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist, and the following commissioners voted nay, Johnson and Aubol.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution duly adopted.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that the Financial Statement showing the condition of Red Lake county at the close of busines December 31st, 1909, as prepared by the county auditor be accepted.

Motion declared carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the city of Red Lake Falls be reimbursed from the county Road & Bridge Fund $100 on account of one half of the expenses incurred by said city during the year 1909 in repairing the Clearwater and Klondike bridges in said city.

Commissioners voting aye, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist. Commissioner Johnson voting nay and Commissioner Aubol not voting.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the board apply for an allotment of $2250 from the State Road Fund.

Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the arc light near the Register of Deed's old vault and the electric lights in the Register of Deed's old vault be discontinued from and after this date.

Motion carried unanimously.

On motion dully carried carried the following bills were allowed.

Free Press Printing Co., supplies for county offices	$ [illegible]
Township of Polk Center, ½ medical attendance for control of diptheria family of H. O. Koidal	37.50
Township of Polk Centre, ½ medical attendance for control of diptheria, family of Martin Solem	[illegible]
Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices (2 bills)	[illegible]
D. F. Anderson, Co Supt., postage per vouchers	[illegible]
Frank Jellers, Reg. of Deeds postage as per vouchers	12.24
A. A. Latendresse, Co Aud., postage as per vouchers	32.49
St. Paul Dispatch, to publishing sale of bonds notice	[illegible]
St. Paul Dispatch, to publishing sale of court house job	[illegible]
A. A. Latendresse, Co. Aud., fees in ditch matters	272.70
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., January lighting	[illegible]
C. A. Lindquist, Co. Com'r., inspecting Louisville bridge	3.00
C. A. Lindquist, Chr., Meeting Board Unor. School Dist.	5.00
Fremont D. Orff, Architect, per diam and exps. board meet Feb 17th	25.20
C. W. Johnson, Clerk of Court, copy descriptions delinquent real property, copy, filing and entering at 15c per	[illegible]
H. F. Anderson, Co Supt., exp. Jan. 11 to Feb. 5, 1910 per vouchers	[illegible]
L. V. Koos, services as examiner teachers' examination	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, fees in case of State vs. Torgerson	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, Turnkey wages month of Jan'y	20.00
A. P. Toupin, Justice fee case of State vs McGuire	2.75
A. P. Toupin, Justice fees case of State vs Doyea	1.75
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, boarding prisoners January	6.00
Fred Brerhower, 2 days as axman acc. ditch No 36	4.00
Joseph Belair, 10 days as viewer and exps acc. ditch No. 42	[illegible]
Daniel Patterson, 10 days as viewer and exps acc. ditch No 42	[illegible]
Peter C. Wold, 10 days as viewer and exps acc. ditch No. 42	[illegible]
Daniel Patterson, 6 days livery hire and board of team ditch No 42	[illegible]
Archie Whaley, 8 days as rodman at $2.50 and exps. ditch No. 43	[illegible]
Sever Olson, 8 days as chainman at $2.00 and exps. ditch No. 43	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, asst. eng. 9 days at $3.50 per, livery and exps. ditch No. 43	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, asst. eng. exp. acc ditch No 36	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, asst eng. 3 days at $3.50 per, ditch No. 36	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng. 1 day ditch No. 38	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 3 days ditch No. 32	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 1 day ditch No. 33	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 3 days ditch No. 35	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 4 days ditch No. 38	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 2 days ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 5 days ditch No. 41	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 1 day ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 10 days with viewers, ditch No. 42 and exps	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 1 day ditch No. 43	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, eng., 4 days ditch No. 40	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, posting 10 notices and mileage ditch 38	10.00
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, posting [illegible] notices and mileage ditch No. 39	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, posting 6 notices and mileage ditch No. 40	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, posting 6 notices and mileage ditch No. 41	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, posting 6 notices ditch No. 44	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, posting [illegible] notices and mileage ditch No. 45	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, posting [illegible] notices and mileage ditch No. 46	[illegible]
Joseph Pigeon, Com'r., mileage special meeting board Feb 17, 1910	[illegible]
Wm. C. L. Demann, Com'r., mileage special meeting board Feb 17, 1910	[illegible]
C. A. Lindquist, Com'r., mileage special meeting board Feb 17, 1910	[illegible]
Joseph Johnson, Com'r., mileage special meeting board Feb 17, 1910	[illegible]
Ed. A. Aubol, Com'r., mileage special meeting board Feb 17, 1910	[illegible]
Joseph Pigeon, Com'r., mileage inspecting Louisville bridge	[illegible]

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson duly seconded by Commissioner Demann that the board adjourn sine die.

Motion carried unanimously.

C. A. LINDQUIST.
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse.
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.

(Seal)

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3[illegible]4 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

The Way It Helps.

When Sir Andrew Clark, Mr. Gladstone's physician, recommended a patient to drink wine the latter expressed some surprise, saying he thought Sir Andrew was a temperance doctor, to which Sir Andrew Clark replied:

"Oh, wine does sometimes help you to get through work. For instance, I have often twenty letters to answer after dinner, and a pint of champagne is a great help."

"Indeed," said the patient, "does a pint of champagne really help you to answer the twenty letters?"

"No, no!" said Sir Andrew. "But when I've had a pint of champagne I don't care a rap whether I answer them or not!"

ST. HILAIRE.

From the Spectator—

C. O. Swanson of Black River returned from Minneapolis last week, where he attended the farmers' short course at the university.

A. F. Ittner, formerly of this city, announces in the Cass Lake Times that he will be a candidate for village recorder of that village at the coming spring election. "Art's" friends and acquaintances here are legion, every one of whom hopes he will win out.

Leonard Holmes went to St Paul Monday to attend a meeting of the state retail hardware dealers' association.

PLUMMER.

From the Pioneer.

On Thursday of last week at Grand Forks occurred the marriage of Miss Millie Arneson of Cooperstown, N. D. to Edwin Iverson of Plummer. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Olson of the Methodist church there.

The newlyweds will in the near future remove to Canada where Mr. Iverson has a claim and will there begin the second scene in their staging of the play of "life" on the fruitful plains of Manitoba.

The best wishes of Mr. Iverson's many friends here including the Pioneer will go with them to their new location. Our information as to details is rather meagre as everybody who had any knowlege of the affair refused to be pumped: in fact we did not even see the bride as when Mr. Iverson returned the first of the week Mrs. Iverson did not accompany him.

BROOKS.

Mr. Joseph Robidoux transacted business in Erskine Saturday.

Miss Lucy Benoit of Red Lake Falls is here visiting with friends.

Geffery and Clara Bougie returned to their home in Crookston Monday.

Mathias Goulet of Winnipeg is visiting here and will remain until her sister, Mrs. Bergeron, has recovered from her recent illness.

The sad news of the death of Leon Champagne was received here Monday, Feb. 21, which occured at North [illegible] where he was employed for some time.

At the time of the accident which caused his death he was assisting in loading a car with logs and was hit in some manner on the back. His injuries were not thought to be of a serious character and his death a few hours later was a complete shock to his friends. Leon Champagne was born in Lambert in 1888, being 22 years of age. He has always made his home here and besides his bereaved parents he leaves many friends to mourn his untimely loss.

The funeral services were held in Lambert Friday and the church of St. Francis was crowded with his sorrowing friends and relatives who came to pay respects to his memory. Rev. Roy conducted the services.

The pall bearers were Jos Hussier, Jule Girard, Napoleon Lavoie, Frank Demonaz, Peter Boucher and Leon Demonaz.

BROOKS.

(Too late for last week.)

Clem Moreau, who has been employed in the depot at Enderlin, N. D., the past few months, is now home with his parents.

Wm. Hunt passed through Terrebonne Sunday en route to Red Lake Falls.

Miss Fabiola Dubuque was at Terrebonne Sunday.

Miss Lillian Reedy spent Saturday and Sunday at Thief River Falls

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Toulouse, a boy.

Mrs. Urgelle Bergeron of Lambert, who has been ill for some time, is here and will be operated upon some time this week.

Geffery Bougie and sister, Clara, of Crookston are here visiting with relatives.

John Furgeon drove to Erskine the first of the week. He reports that the livery barns of Erskine are closed on account of a contagious disease.

Miss Rose Dery went to Crookston Monday and expects to remain there some time.

Miss Mary and Aldina Robidoux and Miss Amy and Nina Buskirk from Brooks went to Plummer on Washington's birthday to visit Miss Laura Halseth's school and to visit with friends.

Misses Amy and Nina Buskirk and Ellen Sorenson visited at N. Robidoux's this week.

Misses Mary and Albina Robidoux visited at J. Buskirk's.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In the Matter of the Petition of Carelius Peterson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 42.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 42. The said Ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) and Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41). Commencing at a point thirteen hundred and forty two (1342) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between section eleven (11) and twelve (12) township one hundred fifty two (152) range forty one (41) thence running parallel with a twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12), and section one (1) and two (2) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections one (1) and two (2) of aforesaid Townships and range, thence extending in a northwesterly direction to a point twenty (20) feet east and six hundred and thirty [illegible] feet north of the southwest corner of section thirty six (36) township one hundred fifty three (153) range forty one (41) thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of section line between section thirty five (35) and section thirty six (36) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between said sections thirty five (35) and thirty six (36) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the east and west center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the center of said section thirty five of aforesaid township and range thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the north and south center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between section twenty six (26) and thirty five (35) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between section twenty six (26) and section thirty five (35), and section twenty seven (27) and section thirty four (34) to a point six hundred and forty (640) feet west of the section corner between section twenty six (26) and section twenty seven (27) and sections thirty four (34) and thirty five (35) of aforesaid township and range thence extending in a northwesterly direction across the south west corner of the South East Quarter (SE¼) of section twenty seven (27) and the north east corner of the South West Quarter (SW¼) of said section twenty seven (27) to a point forty (40) rods north and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter stake between section twenty seven (27) and section twenty eight (28) of aforesaid township and range thence extending parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between section twenty seven [27] and section twenty eight [28] and sections twenty one [21] and twenty two [22] township one hundred fifty three (153) range forty one [41] to the Red Lake River where said ditch has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit: Katie O'Brien, J. A. Duffy, Fred York, Hans S. Quam, Elvina C. Hovland, Gust B. Tveit, Kittle Vindlos, Martin Solem, John C. Carlson, Erick Memb, Nels J. Helgemoe, Charles Krohn, Carl A. Johnson, Andrew T. Myrum, Sten Jorgensen, Olaus Nelson, Joseph W & Henry A. Metz, Asmund K. Vindlos, Arny Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Peter O'Toole James O'Brien, Edward T. Emmerson, John Quirk, Aslak B. Mandt, Louis D. Konzel, Gilbert Steen, Peter Hedeven, Albert O. Anderson, James Madden, Carl B. [illegible], Lars E. Olte, Townships of Kratka and Mayfield and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 18th day of March 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County at 1:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for the hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake County,
f24 M10 Minnesota.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

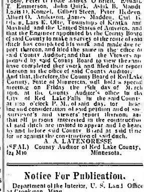
Feb., 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lambert J. Rowerts of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, who, on Feb., 4, 1904, made H. E. No. 25[illegible] serial No. 01[illegible], for SW¼ NE¼ Section 4, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. A. Swanson, Judge of Probate for Red Lake Co Minnesota, at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 9th day of April, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Emil Just, of River Falls Township, Minn.
John Kjonickson of River Falls Twp. Minn.
Franz Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
Charles Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.

ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.



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ARE
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GET THE GENUINE CATALOGUE FREE
WE SELL WELL CASING AND TILE OUTLETS
LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
LYLE MINN. MINNEAPOLIS MINN.

Watch The Gazette improve.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouillet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mitzen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SCARRED FACE IS BADGE OF HONOR

By KARL VON SCHILLER

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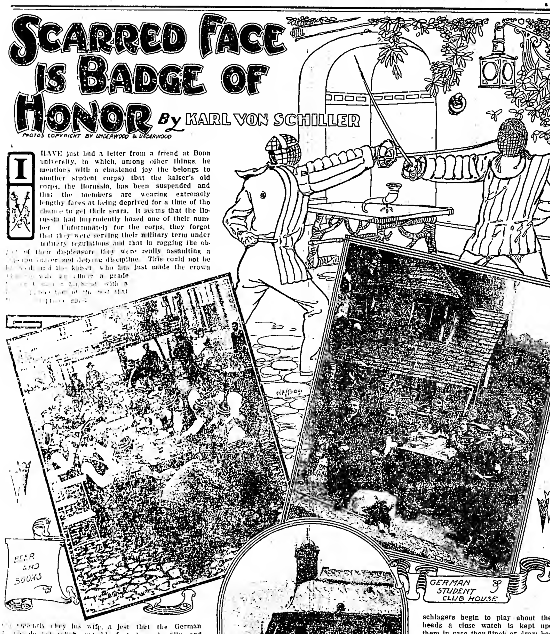


GERMAN STUDENT CLUB HOUSE

OLD UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS, HEIDELBERG

I HAVE just had a letter from a friend at Bonn university, in which, among other things, he mentions with a chastened joy (he belongs to another student corps) that the kaiser's old corps, the Borussia, has been suspended and that the members are wearing extremely lengthy faces at being deprived for a time of the chance to get their scars. It seems that the Borussia had imprudently hazed one of their number. Unfortunately for the corps, they forgot that they were serving their military term under military regulations and that in ragging the object of their displeasure they were really assaulting a superior officer and defying discipline. This could not be [illegible] and the kaiser, who has just made the crown [illegible] an officer a grade [illegible] with a [illegible] of the fact that [illegible] obey his wife, a jest that the German [illegible] did not relish—put his foot down heavily, and [illegible] will be no dueling in this corps for some time.

The kaiser, who by reason of his noble blood was not [illegible] to take part in the duels of his corps, the [illegible] of Bonn university, nevertheless is stated on [illegible] to have doffed his dignity and under a [illegible] of secrecy from his fellow students to have [illegible] his part. He has never lost his sympathy with the aim and object of this traditional custom, which to the [illegible] seems a survival of the brutal days of [illegible] times, but which in reality has a specific end. What football is to the American student, rugby and [illegible] to the English, so is the duel to the German—a test of endurance and a lesson in keeping an equable temper and restraint under provocation. The kaiser, with an eye to the championship of personal and national honor, has expressed an opinion that this custom should [illegible] and that there was nothing equal to it for the [illegible] or hardening of the leaders, military, commercial and professional, of the empire.

I never enter a car and hang by a strap without looking at the back of the man in front of me and speculating as to his profession or his nationality. The clothes [illegible] very little—they are American and well fitting, but the instant their owner turns his face you exclaim [illegible], with a sense of mental satisfaction, at having found something definite—German. There is no mistaking the telltale scar that runs from eye [illegible] or decorates his chin with a puckered [illegible].

Not all Germans wear honorable scars, however. The badge is the prerogative of the student of Bonn, Heidelberg, Leipsic, Freiburg or the other German universities and as they average [illegible] students each, the class is limited.

The kaiser's edict will not prevent dueling at Bonn however. There are still other corps, each with its distinctive name, cap, rules and regulations and clearly defined etiquette, chiefly of the [illegible] classes. Each university has its fraternities with a membership of a limited number, seldom exceeding 20 or 25; and to join one of the [illegible] ones is a much sought honor. The object of these clubs is to all appearance of a convivial nature, as beer and wine drinking enter largely into their ceremonial observances, but they are really to promote camaraderie and to enable the too often lonely student to form friendships which will endure through life and be of [illegible] service to them. Besides the specific corps there are other bodies composed of the middle class students, such as the landsmannschaft, which was the earliest order of student fraternities.

The duel may have its origin in any quarrel or difference of opinion, but usually has not. It is a thing of etiquette and is used to prove a student. The more duels one fights the bigger swagger one may display, and a scar is a sign that one has come out of the ordeal with honor and is a silent and speaking testimony to the bearer's courage. The larger the strips of sticking plaster which hold a cheek together or a sliced nose in position the higher one goes in the affection of the fräuleins, and what is the world without "Wein, weib und Gesang?"

When a duel is arranged a pretext having been contrived by the simple expedient of a member of the corps clumsily treading on the tail of a dog owned by a member of another corps, or by some such obvious excuse, the combatants are swathed with bandages on the body and right arm, the head and eyes and throat are protected and the only visible spot left are the cheeks, chin and nose.

The swords are razor-edged at the point and, unlike the French dueling sword, which is used [illegible] fashion, they are meant simply to make a downward nick, which serves to form the scar, without much further damage than a copious stream of blood and a sore face for a bit. Those are schlagers and are the scar formers. On the other hand to wipe out an insult the "sine-sine" duel is resorted to. That means that the bodies are left "without" almost any protection and the swords are sabres, which have no limitation of use. When the couple face each other and the schlagers begin to play about their heads a close watch is kept upon them in case they flinch or draw back their heads. If they do they disgrace their corps. Finally one sword lands and a sprinkle of blood appears. If it is not likely to cause a severe scar the fight continues until at last a cunning snick does the trick. The surgeon who is at hand is allowed to try his prentice hand—he is often a first year "med"—and the wound is bound up or sewn. Then an adjournment is made and the evening is spent with beer and song. The wounded one receives his congratulations and stalks about in an ecstacy of joy. If he thinks his scar is not going to be beautiful enough he may keep the wound open for days and prevent its rapid healing.

But there are other duels besides those of the sword. There is the honorable drinking trial, where he who succeeds longest in delaying his descent to below the table is crowned. As it is treason to refuse to drink a toast and as there are toasts all night, the president has a busy time supervising the proper filling of each glass. It is quite legitimate to make room for more beer. When the smoke is thickest and the songs have died to a hoarse babble it is time to make the count.

Peace has her victories, and no doubt to the students of the Fatherland this is a laudable species of peaceful victory.

BERLIN'S "NEW BREW"

WITHIN 20 minutes of Berlin is the little suburb of Hallensee. Delightfully picturesque, it is a strong rival of Potsdam as a favorite haunt for tourists and pleasure seekers. It is best known throughout all Germany for its famous Terraces of Hallensee, the nearest thing Germany has to a dreamland or the midway plaisance of a world's fair, the Berlin correspondence of the New York Times says. The scale of the terrassen, as it is called, is very different from that of a place like Dreamland or Luna park, for instead of being a row of fantastic buildings or variety shows, it is simply a restaurant of vast proportions situated upon a lake, yet at certain seasons of the year it is essentially the same sort of a place, merely a resort for pleasure seekers.

But in the early spring it is the seat for Berlin of the famous bock beer fests, a truly German institution, a tradition, in fact, and as far removed from the atmosphere of a Coney Island as the sun is from the earth. There is nothing artificial then, no American tourists to give a jarring note to the party. It is a time when the German is not afraid to be seen at play and proudly permits his inherent passion for Bavarian beer to come to the surface, like the froth on the beverage itself.

As a restaurant the "Terraces" is unique, not only from its size and capacity, accommodating as it does some 14,000, but also from its fantastic yet artistic architecture. It is an interesting example of what a creative American mind, the architect being A. F. Lange, absorbing the Teutonic atmosphere and traditions, can produce. Upon looking at the photographs of the "Terraces" one would think they were taken in Assyria, Egypt or some other oriental country, for, indeed, the Assyrian theme runs throughout the entire architecture.

In the season of the bock beer fests, the season when the Bavarian breweries announce the brewing of their new beer, an announcement which thrills the heart of every German and which is celebrated in every city of the empire, the Berliners throng the "Terraces" every night during the celebration. Berliners by no means monopolize it, but patrons and enthusiasts from all the cities of northern Germany flock about its standard like crowds of holiday seekers in the Paris or London season.

Away with the proverbial waiter! Girls and young women are brought up from Munich and other Bavarian cities especially for the occasion. Dressed in the Bavarian peasant costume, consisting of a short bodice, full skirts flowing from padded hips, small, gay colored caps poked coquettishly on one side the head and a white blouse with very loose sleeves, they give an added touch to the gay and hilarious scenes of this famous celebration. Three or four Tyrolean or Bavarian peasant bands afford the music, pleasing at first, but soon becoming a pandemonium of sounds as the evening's supply of "new beer" becomes diminished. In fact, the bands are one of the chief attractions and without them the fest would be of little amusement. Some have only zithers, while others have the full list of brass instruments, but each has at least one phenomenally stout man with an equally phenomenal capacity for the new beer, whose duty it is to harass the bass drum with more physical than musical strength.

Such efforts are the signal for uproarious shouts and jibes. In all there is the best of good nature and fellowship, nothing in the least obscene is ever suggested or tolerated.

The spread of Americanism in Europe is well evidenced there at Hallensee, where an American architect has built the temple to so sacred a fest as the celebration of the brewing of the new beer. Surely no one will deny that Americanism, an ism more to be feared than Lutherism and the reformation, has penetrated the innermost depths of traditional Europe.

LITTLE HOPE FOR FATHER

Old Gentleman Likely to Continue Being Wedded to His Idols, and Paying the Bills.

A Kansas man complains that since his daughter has taken music lessons, which he paid for, she insists upon playing only classical stuff. When he comes home tired and asks for a little tune, he gets nothing but musical gymnastics. The whole feminine part of the community, he thinks, is in a conspiracy to uplift him, and he doesn't want to be uplifted.

It is just like father to make a complaint like that. Father never did take kindly to culture. He sits disconsolate in the draughty kitchen, while daughter's Browning circle meets in the front room. It is father's idea entirely that he put on an uncomfortable collar in the evening, and hear a missionary lecture on Borneo. Father's taste of music stops short at Suwanee River, and he knows almost nothing about the minor poets and the pre-Raphaelites. His art ideas are derived from the illustrated Sunday supplement; he will not sit in a Louis XVI. chair, and he cares not a whit for the poetry of the ancient Chaldeans. Shirt sleeves and carpet slippers are his conception of correct evening dress for gentlemen.

There is little hope that anything permanent can ever be done for father. When the millennium comes, he will still be found reading the newspapers, smoking up the window curtains, impeding progress—and paying the rent.—Success Magazine.

Riches in Aspirations.

An aspiration is a joy forever, a possession as solid as a landed estate, a fortune which you can never exhaust and which gives you year by year a revenue of pleasurable activity. To have many of these is to be spiritually rich.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

THOMPSON DEAD

WELL KNOWN FARGOAN SUDDENLY STRICKEN—NEURALGIA OF HEART KILLS.

MASONIC GRAND SEC'Y

Deceased Was City Librarian—Had Been Active in Public Affairs and Served in State Legislature.

Fargo.—No greater shock was ever experienced by Fargo citizens than that caused by the announcement of the sudden death of Frank J. Thompson at his home in this city, the cause of his death being angina pectoris or neuralgia of the heart.

Mr. Thompson has long been identified with almost every enterprise connected with the upbuilding of Fargo, having come to this city with his father in 1878. He was born in Rockford, Ill., Aug. 23, 1854 and was of Revolutionary stock. His education was obtained in the schools of Marshall and Jackson, Mich. and in the former city he learned the machinist trade, serving five years apprenticeship. He never followed this occupation. For two years he was engaged in teaching music and in 1876 he began to study law in Jackson, Mich, with Highbee & Gibson, well known attorneys of that state. Soon after being admitted to the bar he came to North Dakota and located in Fargo. In 1881 he formed a partnership with Henry Krogh, but this was dissolved in 1892. Since this date he has been mainly engaged in work in connection with the Masonic bodies, being grand secretary of the Grand Lodge, Grand chapter, Grand Commandery and local secretary of the Blue lodge, Chapter, Commandery and Shrine, nearly all this period. He was also for several years the secretary of the Scottish Rite bodies. He has held nearly every Masonic office, including Grand Master and for six years was Potentate of El Zagale temple. He was also a thirty-third degree Honorarium and one of his boasts was that he had taken every Masonic degree which he had received here in Fargo.

The deceased was long connected with the school board of this city and was a member of the legislature in 1889, being the chairman of the committee on judiciary. He also held the position of assistant attorney general under Hon. C. A. M. Spencer. He has been in charge of the Carnegie library at the temple, and originated a new system of cataloguing books which has attracted universal attention.

Mr. Thompson was a student and made many deep investigations. He took up the study of osteopathy and graduated also as a full fledged physician and surgeon. He delved into the occult and the more mysterious the subject was the more interesting it became to him, and it is rare to find a more thoroughly posted man on so many topics than the deceased was.

In addition to his Masonic affiliations he belonged to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Pythias and the United Commercial Travelers.

Mr. Thompson always took an active part in public affairs and was an enthusiastic American, and with his liberal views, and energy has done much to develop all that was best in the growth of Fargo.

The deceased was married at Minneapolis, Minn., in 1882, to Miss Elmandiae Bissonette, who survives him, together with two children, Miss Jardine and Jack Dakotah; he also leaves his mother and a brother, residing at Dickinson, all of whom have the most heartfelt sympathy of a large circle of friends.

New Rockford Will Rebuild.

New Rockford.—The fire loss will not reach as large figures as at first reported this morning, and conservative estimates made by the owners and insurance men now place the loss in the neighborhood of $100,000, a small portion of which is covered by insurance.

It is believed today that the fire originated from a stove either in the Hudson confectionery store or Dunham's jewelry store, and a peculiar incident in connection with the fire lies in the fact that flames were discovered in both buildings at the same time. The fire which partly destroyed the old Davies livery barn is believed to have been of incendiary origin, as the building was a fire trap and an undesirable property in the center of the city.

The upper stories in 10 of the burned buildings were occupied and several cases of sickness are reported as due to the exposure of the people, many of whom escaped clad only in their night clothing. Goods from the various buildings were emptied into the street and much property was lost through the work of thieves. The amount of gods stolen will total several hundreds of dollars, according to the merchants.

Second Class Mail Burned.

Fargo.—Eight sacks of second class mail were badly damaged and soiled in a fire which broke out in mail car No. 113 used on the southwestern branch of the Northern Pacific yesterday morning while standing on a siding near the Fourth street crossing.

To Divide Williams County.

Ambrose.—At a meeting that has been called for Ambrose on March 18, at which there will be representatives in attendance from every township and city in the northern part of Williams county, the question of county division will be discussed. It is proposed to divide Williams county into two counties, forming a new one out of the northern half. The railroad facilities are such that go to the county seat of Williams county necessitates a long overland trip, and this fact is responsible for the present agitation. A committee is in charge of the plans that are being worked out.

Passengers Reach Seattle.

Seattle, Feb. 25—The sixty-five passengers of the Yukatan, which was sunk in Icy Straits, Alaska, a week ago, after collision with an iceberg, arrived here today. The lost most of their personal effects, but are all well.

Sanitorium for Memorial.

Denver, Feb. 25.—Through the silent labors of the Franciscan friers of St. Elizabeth's church, carried on ever since he was assassinated at the altar two years ago, Fathers Leo's name will be perpetuated by a sanitorium for the treatment of tuberculosis. A site of fiften acres has been purchased.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Aperfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

REALLY FUNNY.

"Here's de funniest joke I ever seen in a paper!"

"Wot?"

"De weather man predicts warm and clear fer to-day."

IN AGONY WITH ECZEMA

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with itching and bleeding eczema, until I was cured by the Cuticura Remedies, and I am so grateful I want the world to know, for what helped me will help others. My body and face were covered with sores. One day it would seem to be better, and then break out again with the most terrible pain and itching. I have been sick several times, but never in my life did I experience such awful suffering as with this eczema. I had made up my mind that death was near at hand, and I longed for that time when I would be at rest. I had tried many different doctors and medicines without success, and my mother brought me the Cuticura Remedies, insisting that I try them. I began to feel better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap, and one application of Cuticura Ointment.

"I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, and have taken four bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, and consider myself well. This was nine years ago and I have had no return of the trouble since. Any person having any doubt about this wonderful cure by the Cuticura Remedies can write to my address. Mrs. Altie Etson, 93 Inn Road, Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 16, 1909."

Damage Done by Smoke.

Herbert M. Wilson, of the United States geological survey, places the annual damage and waste by smoke in the United States at $500,000,000 in the large cities alone, or about $6 to each man, woman and child of the population.

DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE
when you want Perry Davis' Painkiller, as nothing is as good for rheumatism, neuralgia and similar troubles. 70 years in constant use. 25c, 35c and 50c.

Crosses are of no use to us, but in as much as we yield ourselves up to them and forget ourselves.—Fenelon.

The more you eat
Quaker Oats
the better your health will be.
Practical experiments with athletes show Quaker Oats to be the greatest strength maker. 56

Pla-Mate Shoes
Are Best for Little Folks
because they follow the lines of the natural foot and allow perfect development. Think what that means, you parents who suffer from corns, bunions, etc., as a result of wearing shoes, when you were young, which were not fitted the foot. Pla-Mate Shoes come in sizes 4 to 12 in button, lace and oxford styles and made in all suitable leathers. The price may be a little higher than you are now paying, but think of the comfort the children will have, and consider that the material and workmanship that goes into every pair of Pla-Mate Shoes makes them outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes. If your shoe dealer does not keep Pla-Mate Shoes send us his name, stating the size and style of shoe you want and we will see that you are promptly supplied.
WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
$1.75 & $2.00

Constipation Vanishes Forever
Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price
GENUINE must bear signature:
Brent Good

THE APPROVAL
of the most
EMINENT PHYSICIANS
and its
WORLD-WIDE ACCEPTANCE
by the
WELL-INFORMED,
BECAUSE ITS COMPONENT PARTS ARE KNOWN TO BE MOST WHOLESOME AND TRULY BENEFICIAL IN EFFECT, HAVE GIVEN TO
Syrup of Figs
and
ELIXIR OF SENNA
THE FIRST POSITION AMONG FAMILY LAXATIVES AND HAVE LED TO ITS GENERAL USAGE WITH THE MOST UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION.
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS, ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE
MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS
ONE SIZE ONLY, REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE IS MANUFACTURED BY THE
California Fig Syrup Co.

OWES HER LIFE TO

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Chicago, Ill.—"I was troubled with falling and inflammation, and the doctors said I could not get well unless I had an operation. I knew I could not stand the strain of one, so I wrote to you sometime ago about my health and you told me what to do. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier I am to-day a well woman."—Mrs. WILLIAM AHRENS, [illegible] W. 21st St., Chicago, Ill.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases of any similar medicine in the country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every such suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

POOR DEAL IN HIGH FINANCE

Farmer Divided Profits with the Sellers of Dressed Meat, and Lost Money.

[illegible] of the present prosperity of the farmer, Assemblyman Warren [illegible] related a little story [illegible] the other day which would [illegible] the agriculturist is [illegible] with regard to [illegible].

Some time ago, Mr. Pine said, he [illegible] and overheard the conversation of two farmers who were on [illegible] to Trenton. First they [illegible] the dry spell they had [illegible] the game laws and [illegible] of them remarked that he [illegible] Hawkins had had [illegible] killing.

[illegible] returned the other with a [illegible] he didn't do a gosh [illegible] bunko himself good [illegible].

"How did he bunko himself?" [illegible] the first wonderingly. "He [illegible] price for 'em, didn't he?"

"Yes," answered the second, with [illegible] gleeful chuckle, "that was [illegible] whole derned trouble. He got [illegible] good price for 'em thet he [illegible] the whole bloomin' lot, an' didn't [illegible] none for his own eatin'."

"Ye [illegible] kind o' got me, Bill," was the puzzled response of the first. "Ye [illegible] fer come again."

"It [illegible] as easy fer see as slippin' off a greased log," said Bill. "He sold all them hogs at $10 a hundred, an' now he is buyin' them back for his [illegible] in pork chops an' scrapple lots [illegible] somethin' like 20 cents a pound."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Mournful Pleasure.

Mister—Since your wife died you [illegible] drunk every day. You had [illegible] get married again at once.

[illegible]—Oh, oh, leave me yet a [illegible] in my grief.

Nothing New.

"Congratulations! I hear one of your daughters is engaged. Which one [illegible]?"

"[illegible] out! It's only Bessie again!"—Meggendorfer Blaetter.

Aim at excellence and excellence [illegible] attained. This is the greatest [illegible] of success and eminence.—Mor[illegible]

A GOOD CHANGE

A Change of Food Works Wonders.

The wrong food and drink causes a [illegible] of trouble in this world. To change the food is the first duty of every person that is ill, particularly [illegible] stomach and nervous troubles. As an illustration: A lady in Mo. has, with her husband, been brought around to health again by leaving off coffee and some articles of food that did not agree with them. They began using Postum and Grape-Nuts food. She says:

"For a number of years I suffered with stomach and bowel trouble which kept getting worse until I was very ill most of the time. About four years ago I left off coffee and began using Postum. My stomach and bowels improved right along, but I was reduced in flesh and so nervous that the least thing would overcome me.

"Then I changed my food and began using Grape-Nuts in addition to Postum. I lived on these two principally for about four months. Day by day I gained in flesh and strength until now the nervous trouble has entirely disappeared and I feel that I owe my life and health to Postum and Grape-Nuts.

"Husband is 75 years old and he was troubled for a long time with occasional cramps and slept badly. Finally I prevailed upon him to leave off coffee and take Postum. He had stood out for a long time, but after he tried Postum for a few days he found that he could sleep and that his cramps disappeared. He was satisfied and has never gone back to coffee.

"I have a brother in California who has been using Postum for several years, his whole family use it also because they have had such good results from it."

Look in pkgs. for the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

GATHERED SMILES

RATHER OILY.

The train stopped at the little Georgia town and the tourist sauntered out to the observation platform.

"Rather likely pickaninny you have there, uncle," remarked the traveler, good humoredly. "Named George Washington?"

"No, sah," laughed the colored man on the baggage truck. "Dat chile's name am Petro."

"Petro! Why, that's a queer-sounding name for a pickaninny."

"Might seem a little queeh to you', sah, but Massa Rockyfellar was down heah some time ago en gib me a quatah foh totin' his grip. Ah named de pickaninny in his honah, sah."

"But Rockefeller's first name is John."

"Yeas, sah, but yo' see dis chile's full name am Petroleum, en we calls him Petro foh shoht."

Missed One.

"William," said Mrs. Peckem, sternly, "did you ever stop to think that some one might steal me when you are away?"

"Well," responded the poor henpecked husband, with a far-away look, "I was a little alarmed when a horse thief was prowling through these parts last week."

Mrs. Peckem stiffened up haughtily.

"A horse thief, eh?"

"Yes; I heard that he carried off two or three nags from this section."

And then Peckem made a beeline for the car.

His Just Deserts.

"That seems to be a hot pot over there," said a recent arrival in Hades, indicating a cauldron which was throwing out terrific heat waves.

"You bet your life that's a hot pot!" said an imp who spoke slang fluently. "In fact, that's one of the hottest pots in Hades."

"May I ask who is the occupant?"

"You may. The occupant is an editor who made a practice all his life of clipping stuff from other newspapers and publishing it in his own paper without credit."

THE AUDIENCE KNEW.

Hamfatter.—His acting as the hero was so realistic that the audience interfered when the mob tried to hang him in the second act.

The Leading Lady.—Yes?

Hamfatter.—Yes, they said it was too good for him.

Dead Slow.

Along the polar contest pokes,
And duller gets,
Producing nothing new in jokes
Or epithets.

Not Incompatible.

"I wonder that the reformers have not attacked the tables in arithmetic which are taught the children in schools."

"Why should they attack such things as those?"

"On the ground of morality. Those tables make drams and scruples go together."

Brute.

Cynic—She knows his footsteps a mile off in the midst of a hundred others, sees him coming from the corner of her eye, pats her hair and smooths her dress, and jumps a foot with surprise when he ascends the piazza steps.

Clinic—Who?

Cynic—All of 'em!"—Life.

Water All Around.

Church—You know that Manhattan is an island?

Gotham—Sure thing.

"Do you know how it is bounded—by what waters?"

"Sure; North river, East river, Harlem river and Wall street!"—Yonkers Statesman.

A Fair Feast.

"How did that pretty young missionary lady get on with the cannibal tribe she went out to convert? Did they take to her?"

"Did they? Literally took her right in their midst. They said as soon as they saw her she was sweet enough to eat."

Might Have Been Worse.

"It must have been awfully exasperating to have to walk back that day you went aviating with Mr. Hyflier."

"I didn't consider it so. There was the possibility of having to come back in an ambulance, you know."

'Twasn't There.

"Mrs. Flipper was woefully disappointed yesterday."

"What happened to Mrs. Flipper?"

"Mr. Flipper brought home a copy of the Congressional Record and Mrs. Flipper spent half an hour looking for the woman's department."

Swift Thinker.

Harker—You seem in a deep study. A penny for your thoughts, old man.

Bluffwood—Oh, I'm a rapid thinker and have 500 thoughts at once. Pass me over a five spot.

LAY OF THE 30-CENT EGG CLUB.

"Cackle! Cackle! Cackle!"
Cried the hen,
"I have laid a handsome egg,
And to state I humbly beg:
Faithful to my job I work
And I do not even shirk
Now and then.
Cackle! Cackle! Cackle!"
Cried the hen.

"Cackle! Cackle! Cackle!"
Cried the man,
"I have laid a pretty plot
As for eggs, I'll eat them not
Till a dozen in expense
Comes to only thirty cents.
That's my plan.
Cackle! Cackle! Cackle!"
Cried the man.

"Cackle! Cackle! Cackle!"
Cried the trust
"I will lay rebellion's ghost.
What avails a fasting host?
I have storage houses cold
That a lot of eggs will hold
Ere they bust.
Cackle! Cackle! Cackle!"
Cried the trust.

—McLaughlin Wilson, in New York Sun.

CRUEL.

Mr. Watson.—Ah! Lobelia, I love you. My heart is on fire—

Lobelia. Then I'll put it out. I keep this bottle handy for just such emergencies.

Merely a Starter.

With young folks the mistletoe
Plays havoc. Can you doubt it?
For kissing, started by its aid,
Soon gets along without it.

The Cost of the Service.

"What do you pay your chef?" I asked the great trust magnate, whose steamers plow every sea, whose railroads span every state, whose tenements pay him 35 per cent. in every city.

"Five thousand dollars," he said, briefly.

"But one of the yellow journals," I persisted, "states that your chef costs you twenty-five thousand."

"Well, I fear the statement is not incorrect," he sighed; "though I pay the chef the amount I named, he costs me fully twenty-five thousand, for I pay a salary of twenty thousand to my physician."

His Unfortunate Modesty.

Seymour—I thought McBlusher got a job with a brass band?

Ashley—He did; but the job lasted only one day.

Seymour—What was the trouble?

Ashley—McBlusher was so modest that he had to have an assistant and the bandmaster refused to pay for the services of the two.

Seymour—You speak in riddles; I don't see what McBlusher's modesty had to do with his hiring an assistant.

Ashley—You don't? It had everything to do with it; McBlusher was too modest to blow his own horn.

Mum's the Word.

Stubb—Now, my wife and your wife are great friends. For a birthday present my wife is going to give your wife a parrot. Keep it mum, old man.

Penn (grimly)—You bet your sweet life I'll keep it mum. I'll chop off its head the first night of its arrival.

HOW?

Ethel.—I have a habit, but I've never ridden.

Maud.—How could you acquire the habit without ever being in a saddle?

The Optimist.

He built his airy castle high,
Just kept right on a-piling
Until it tumbled—then the guy
Crawled from in under smiling.

Plenty of Ice.

Rodrick—If I started out to explore the polar regions I would teach the Eskimos baseball, so we could get up a nine and pass the time away.

Van Albert—Yes, it certainly would be a fine place to slide for home.

Their Natural Enemy.

"So your teacher will not let you wear rats in your hair?"

"No, she's taken every one of our rats—the old cat!"

Her Ambition.

"Oh, dear!" sighed the girl who was trying to write a telegram, "I wish I was rich."

"Why do you want to be rich?" queried her friend.

"Then I could send telegrams without having to count the words," explained the other.

The Wrong Direction.

"I shouldn't think this aviation business was profitable."

"Why not?"

"Because it is always going up."

BURDENS LIFTED FROM BAD BACKS

Weary is the back that bears the burden of kidney ills. There's no rest nor peace for the man or woman who has a bad back. The distress begins in early morning. You feel lame and not refreshed. It's hard to get out of bed. It hurts to stoop to tie your shoes. All day the ache keeps up. Any sudden movement sends sharp twinges through the back. It is torture to stoop or straighten. At night the sufferer retires to toss and twist and groan. Backache is kidney ache—a throbbing, dull aching in the kidneys. Plasters or liniments won't do. You must get at the cause, inside.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE SICK KIDNEYS

TWICE-TOLD TESTIMONY

A Cure of Severe Kidney Disease Verified By Test of Time

William M. Sears, 429 W. Cherry Street, Nevada, Mo., says: "I was convinced of the great value of Doan's Kidney Pills through personal experience. Four or five months ago I suffered a great deal from a pain across the small of my back, extending at times into my limbs and shoulders. When I stooped or did any work that brought a strain on the muscles of my back, my trouble was aggravated. I tried a number of remedies but without success. After a short time I could see that they were benefiting me, and the contents of two and one-half boxes cured me." (Statement given in May, 1909.)

RE-ENDORSEMENT

On Dec. 3rd, 1908, Mr. Sears said: "I still have great faith in Doan's Kidney Pills. I feel justified in re-endorsing this remedy as it has done so much for me."

How To Tell When The Kidneys Are Disordered

PAINFUL SYMPTOMS

Backache, sideache, pains when stooping or lifting, sudden sharp twinges, rheumatic pains, neuralgia, painful, scanty or too frequent urination, dizzy spells, dropsy.

URINARY SYMPTOMS

Discolored or cloudy urine. Urine that contains sediment. Urine that stains the linen. Painful passages. Blood or shreds in the urine. Let a bottleful of the morning urine stand for 24 hours. If it shows a cloudy or fleecy settling, or a layer of fine grains, like brick-dust, the kidneys are disordered.

NEVER ANY RETURN

A Complete Cure of Kidney Trouble and Dropsy

Mrs. L. L. Babers, 1615 Terry St., Houston, Texas, says: "I hold a very high opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills and with good reason, for three years ago they cured me of kidney trouble that had clung to me for several years. There was a dropsical swelling of my feet and limbs in addition to other symptoms of kidney complaint, and although I used various remedies, I was not helped until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills. Two boxes of this preparation cured me and I have never had the slightest return of my trouble. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to many people who have questioned me about them, and I know of several cases in which they have done the same good work."

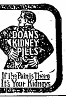
A TRIAL FREE Test Doan's Kidney Pills Yourself

Cut out this coupon, mail it to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. A free trial package of Doan's Kidney Pills will be mailed you promptly. W.N.U.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
If the Pain Is There It's Your Kidneys

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents. FOSTER-MILBURN Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Proprietors.



DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
If the Pain Is There It's Your Kidneys

THE WORST.

Mrs. Blink—The worst is yet to come.

Mr. Blink—What time does your mother arrive?

TACK THIS UP

Prescription That Breaks Up the Worst Cold in a Day.

Every winter this prescription is published here and thousands have been benefited by it. "Get two ounces of Glycerine and half an ounce of Concentrated Pine compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful of this mixture after each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle well each time." But be sure to get only the genuine Concentrated Pine. Each half ounce bottle comes in a tin screw-top case. Any druggist has it on hand or will quickly get it from the wholesale house. Many other pine extracts are impure and cause nausea.

Weak Spot in His Defense.

A religious worker was visiting a southern penitentiary, when one prisoner in some way took his fancy. This prisoner was a negro, who evinced a religious fervor so deep as it was gratifying to the caller.

"Of what were you accused?" the prisoner was asked.

"Dey says I took a watch," answered the negro. "I made a good fight. I had a dandy lawyer, and he done prove an alibi wif ten witnesses. Den my lawyer he shore made a strong speech to de jury. But it wa'n't no use, sah! I get ten years."

"I don't see why you were not acquitted," said the religious worker.

"Well, sah," explained the prisoner, "dere was shore one weak spot 'bout my defense—dey found de watch in my pocket."—Tit-Bits.

The Appetites of Kings.

The king of Spain makes up for this daily expenditure of activity by a tremendous appetite. I have observed, for that matter, that the majority of sovereigns are valiant trenchermen. Every morning of his life Alfonso XIII. has a good rump steak and potatoes for his first breakfast, often preceded by eggs and sometimes followed by salad and fruit.—From Recollections of M. Paoli in McClure's.

Neglected.

"That child gets everything it wants."

"And still it never gets what it really needs."

"You surprise me!"

"It needs a spanking."

Give children pennies if they buy digestible WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. It is much better for them.

People who do just as they please never please their neighbors.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. **MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.**

What It Meant.

"Robbie," asked the school mistress, "what does history mean when it says that in the country's pioneer days some of the settlers didn't have a roof over their heads?"

"It means that in them days the woman couldn't afford any merry widow hats!"

His Status.

"Well, my little man," inquired a visitor pleasantly, "who are you?"

"I'm the baby's brother!" was the ingenuous reply.—The Truth Seeker.

Appropriate.

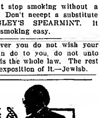
"How shall I set this ad. for the minstrel show?"

"How? Why, in black-faced type, you ninny."

You can't stop smoking without a substitute. Don't accept a substitute for WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. It makes not-smoking easy.

Whatsoever you do not wish your neighbor to do to you, do not unto him. This is the whole law. The rest is a mere exposition of it.—Jewish.

Common Sense



Leads the most intelligent people to use only medicines of known composition. Therefore it is that Dr. Pierce's medicines, the makers of which print every ingredient entering into them upon the bottle-wrappers and attest its correctness under oath, are daily growing in favor. NO SECRETS. NO DECEPTION.

The composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines is open to everybody, Dr. Pierce being desirous of having the search light of investigation turned fully upon his formulæ, being confident that the better the composition of these medicines is known the more will their great curative merits be recognized.

Being wholly made of the active medicinal principles extracted from native forest roots, by exact processes original with Dr. Pierce, and without the use of a drop of alcohol, triple-refined and chemically pure glycerine being used instead in extracting and preserving the curative virtues residing in the roots employed, these medicines are entirely free from the objection of doing harm by creating an appetite for either alcoholic beverages or habit-forming drugs.

Examine the formula on their bottle-wrappers—the same as sworn to by Dr. Pierce, and you will find that his "Golden Medical Discovery," the great blood-purifier, stomach tonic and bowel regulator—the medicine which, while not recommended to cure consumption in its advanced stages (no medicine will do that) yet *does cure* all those catarrhal conditions of head and throat, weak stomach, torpid liver and bronchial troubles, weak lungs and hang-on-coughs, which, if neglected or badly treated lead up to and finally terminate in consumption.

Take the "Golden Medical Discovery" ***in time*** and it is not likely to disappoint you if only you give it a ***thorough*** and ***fair*** trial. Don't expect miracles. It won't do supernatural things. You must exercise your patience and persevere in its use for a reasonable length of time to get its full benefits. The ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed have the unqualified endorsement of scores of medical leaders—better than any amount of lay, or non-professional, testimonials although the latter are received by thousands.

Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N.Y.

Mayer HONORBILT SHOES

The *proper* shoes for men:
shoes that *look, fit, feel* and *wear* right.

Made of *selected* leather—leather that is best by every *test*. Correct in style. Made by the finest shoe makers, in the best equipped factory in existence.

MAYER HONORBILT

shoes are "built on honor"—built for *combined* style and service—built for absolute satisfaction and lasting comfort. Biggest values you can ever hope to get for the money.

There is an Honorbilt style that will exactly suit you and fit you.

Ask your shoe dealer; if he hasn't it, write us. Look for the *Mayer Trade Mark* on the sole.

FREE—If you will send us the name of a dealer who does not handle Mayer Honorbilt Shoes, we will send you free, postpaid, a handsome picture, size 15x20, of George Washington.

We also make Leading Lady Shoes, Martha Washington Comfort Shoes, Yerma Cushion Shoes, Special Merit School Shoes and Work Shoes.

MILWAUKEE Mayer CUSTOM MADE

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO. MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN

WESTERN CANADA

What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate, Says About Its Wheat-Producing Power:

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

"The greatest need of this country [United States] in another generation or two will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."

[illegible] is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.

Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat

were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts. Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success. Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application), and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you). (4)

RHEUMATISM

Cured by Electropodes

New Electric Treatment. Metal Insoles—worn inside shoes. Body becomes magnet—nerves the connecting wires. Positive cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Kidney and Liver complaints. Only $1.00 pair. Guarantee signed with each sale. If Electropodes fail to cure, money returned. If not at your Druggist's send us $1.00. We will see that you are supplied.

WESTERN ELECTROPODE CO.
247 Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Constipation—

Nearly Every One Gets It

The bowels show first sign of things going wrong. A *Cascaret* taken every night as needed keeps the bowels working naturally without grip, gripe and that upset sick feeling. 900

Ten cent box, week's treatment. All drug stores. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

A Miracle of Comfort and Convenience

NO STROPPING NO HONING

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

FOR LENT Salmon, Canned Goods, Sardines and Breakfast Foods, Fine Teas and Caffees in our Gracery Dept.

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Helm's ad.

Read Freund's new ad.

Read L. E. Erickson's new ad.

Two well improved farms for rent.—E. D. Houston.

Where is the fellow who has seen the first robin?

Few more Acme harrows left.—S. A. Swanson.

Louis Weiss of Dugdale was trading in town last Saturday.

Mrs. Will Bray from Calgary is visiting with Mrs. Damas Bray.

Mrs. C. C. Kankel of Terrebonne is visiting with friends in town.

Louis Seif returned Wednesday from a business trip to Montana.

Special on shoes at the Red Lake Falls Supply House. Read the ad.

E. D. Houston left Monday evening on a business trip to Herman, Minn.

Dr. Spafford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, April 7.

Napoleon Marlean has gone to Colorado where he is visiting with relatives.

The Woodmen had team work at their meeting last evening. Eugene [illegible] was initiated.

M. O. Sortedahl made a business trip to Crookston Tuesday evening, returning Wednesday.

Eddie Keifenheim returned Saturday from Drayton, N. D. where he had been a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brosseau are visiting with Mrs. Brosseau's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Guerin.

The people of St Hilaire will vote on the license question at the village election to be held this month.

Miss Mamie Laurent, Norman Schroeder and Geo. Cyr spent Sunday with friends at Grand Forks.

The Woodmen are making arrangements for a big dance to be given, Monday evening, March 28.

Hon. Marcus Johnson of St. Paul, president of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, is in town today.

Attorney Ira C. Richardson of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters in town this week.

Mrs. Leon Laurent will leave next Tuesday on a trip to Montreal and Quebec where she will visit with relatives.

Just arrived with 2 carloads of broken horses. Come at once—don't delay if you want a bargain.—Louis Seiff, Owner.

Have you noticed that embroidery sale at The Big Store? 8 to 12½c embroidery sold at 5c. 12½ to 20c embroidery sold at 9c.

Miss Anna Robillard, who has been at Grand Forks for the past several weeks, returned to Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

At a recent meeting of the county board K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was appointed appraiser of all state land within the county.

Mrs. Simpson, sister of Dr. J. C. Wilkinson, who has been here for several weeks, left Wednesday evening for her home at Iowa Falls, Iowa.

Mittwer's, the store of service and quality, gives you the most for your money. Courtesy and prompt attention costs you nothing; you get it here.

What about that Easter bonnet? We just received our spring line of Gordon hats, all the new colors and styles. Come in and see them.—The Big Store.

W. H. Kroeger has gone to Mt. Clement, Mich., for treatment at the hot springs for rheumatism. Mr. Kroeger left last evening and expects to be gone about a month.

Wet feet are dangerous, so be careful. Better discard that old pair of shoes and buy one of our snappy spring styles. They are here ready for you.—The Big Store.

If you want to sell your land call and see us, or write us. Have one customer alone who wants land for a colony of 30 farmers.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Members of the M. B. A. lodge will give a card party at their hall Monday evening, March 7. All members and escorts or ladies are invited.

Vital LaPlante will leave this evening for Rochester where he will receive treatment for rheumatism. He will be accompanied by Elois Delorme.

Jos. Helm, jr., who is taking a course in hubbloitis in the twin cities, will be home in a few days to give lectures on the subject of buzz-buggies.

Thief River Falls' fine new armory and auditorium is to be dedicated the last of the month. It is a magnificent building and almost as large as a court house.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Hennemuth next Wednesday afternoon. At 4:30 a ten cent lunch will be served.

Allison J. Hayes of St. Paul, field representative for Hamline University addressed the students of the high school Wednesday on the subject of higher education.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Miss Frances Herbison, who has spent the past two months in this city with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Fisher, left last Thursday for her home at Hoople, N. Dak.

Emery Lashu left Tuesday evening for Argyle where he will be located in the future. He has purchased a Watkin's remedy agency and will run a wagon out of Argyle.

The stockholders of the Merchants State Bank have large property holdings in this city and the surrounding country and consequently their interests are identical with yours.

The Union Land & Investment Co. is paying cash for snaps in farm lands. Farmers and others who wish to sell their lands would do well to either call on them or drop them a card.

Proceedings of the one meeting of the board of county commissioners are published in this issue. The official proceedings of the hearing on ditch petitions will be published next week.

A good word: "Had a horse that was stalking bad in one hind foot. Bjorgo's Condition Powder reduced the swelling to its normal size."—Paul King. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

Flax seed for sale—First quality, grown on ground in clover six years and free of foul weeds. If spoken for soon, $2.25 per bushel will buy this good yielding flax.—Walter Columbus, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M25

Dipshine—have you ever heard the the name before? It's the latest invention for cleaning silver. Just dip it, that's all. Think of it, just dip it. Come in and let us show you. Mittwer's, the service and quality store.

There will be a meeting of the teachers of the eastern part of the county at Brooks Saturday afternoon. A good program has been arranged for the meeting. The program was published in the last issue of the Gazette.

John Herbert of Brooks, Gilbert Haavi of North and Otto Zaiser of this city, viewers on county ditch No. 43, petitioned for by A. D. Brown and others, are preparing to leave today to go over the route of the proposed ditch in the towns of Star and Hickory. They will be accompanied by County Surveyor C. H. Martz.

EASTER AT FREUND'S.....

All kinds of Easter Novelties, Fruits, Confectionery, Postals, etc., are now on display at our store. Call and see our big line.

Freund's Store, - Phone 44

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Argue entertained at dinner last evening, the guests being some of the doctor's gentlemen friends. Covers were laid for ten and it was a very enjoyable social affair.

When it comes to getting the most for your money, why not get it? The original red oil sold at Mittwer's hardware gives a better light and will not smoke. It's not common colored kerosene. Try and see the difference.

At a recent meeting of the county board $300 was appropriated to construct a pier in the Red Lake river at Lambert. It was feared that the Lambert bridge might go out in the spring if the pier is not constructed as an ice break.

Rates are so reasonable for long distance messages over the lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company, not only to surrounding cities but to Bemidji and points in that vicinity, that it is a waste of time to write letters.

Rev. John C. Davis of St. Paul, who occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian church last Sunday, is spending the week here and will preach again next Sunday, both morning and evening, at the usual hours. Mr. Davis is a fluent speaker.

Inform yourself of the reasonableness of the charges for the long distance service of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company not only to surrounding cities but also to points in the vicinity of Bemidji. Then use the service. You can afford to.

Post Falls, Idaho, the town in which Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Germo are located, is enjoying a big boom and the commercial club of that place is promoting some big enterprises. Mr. and Mrs. Germo evidently are enthusiastic Post Falls boosters. In concluding an article about a recent important meeting of of the commercial club, the Post Falls Advance had the following to say that will be of interest to Red Lake Falls people: "Before adjournment the women composing the Woman's Civic Improvement League of Post Falls, marched into the hall enmasse, and overwhelmed the men folks by the generosity of their offer. Through their President, Mrs. Germo, they announced a contribution to the club of $6600 for use by the club in promoting the enterprise under consideration by it. The men had known that the women intended to make a scoop, but were hardly prepared for one of such magnitude."

Two small mining towns in Idaho, Burka and Mace, were almost completely destroyed and a number of lives lost by a snowslide from the mountains. Dr. Lemieux has two nephews located in these towns and the doctor has visited the places which are only about a mile apart. He says that the towns are located in a canyon with mountains on either side only a few rods apart. So small is the space between the mountains that there is scarcely room for the construction of small houses and two railroads on the bank of the creek that runs through the canyon. He says the railroad is right in front of the houses and it is a combination highway, the roadbed being graded so that it can be used as a wagon road also. Dr. Lemieux has received no word informing him whether or not his relatives received any injuries. Several of the houses were wrecked and others were covered with several feet of snow and it is probable that all the people would have been killed and all of the buildings demolished, if the main slide instead of a branch of it had struck the towns.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.02
Durum	.86½
Rye	.65
Oats	.39
Flax	2.03
Barley	.49
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.20
Butter, dairy	.25

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151, R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

A Fair Proposition.

The house committee of a New York club once received this unique complaint:

"I have the honor to inform you that I lunched at the club this afternoon and had as my guests three gentlemen, all well known gourmets. Among other things an omelet was served. It contained only three flies. As an old member of the club, jealous of its reputation, I naturally found this very embarrassing, as, in order to make an equitable division of the omelet, it was necessary either to divide a fly—a nice bit of carving, as you must concede—or forego a fly myself. I beg to suggest that in the future when an omelet is served for four persons it should be either with (a) four flies or (b) no flies at all."

WYLIE.

T. P. Smidesang was a business caller and visitor at Sarles, N. D., last week.

Nick Eckstein left for Grafton, N. D., Wednesday on business.

All the farmers around here seem to be on the jump putting up wood and hauling hay. It looks as though we are going to have spring soon.

Mrs. John Cruzeu was at Red Lake Falls Monday.

Olive Provost left for Bemidj Wednesday. He sold his share in the feed mill to Anton Anderson. Schultz and Anderson will grind feed as usual on Tuesday of every week.

Those who attended the hard times dance at St. Hilaire report a good time

Oden Smidesang while playing around the elevator last Saturday had one of his arms broken.

Miss Annie Swanson, who has been employed at the A. Anderson home, returned home to St. Hilaire Monday.

A bunch of young folks from here attended the surprise party at Alfred Olson's place at Bray Saturday evening. A jolly time is reported.

Advertising Minnesota.

The Northern Pacific Railway is advertising the state of Minnesota extensively throughout the middle west and eastern sections of the United States by means of large display advertisements which are running in the leading papers of the more important cities from the Atlantic Seaboard to the Mississippi Valley. Reproduced herewith is a column advertisement which not alone sets forth the attractions of the state from agricultural and industrial standpoints but also tells the number of miles of railroad which the Northern Pacific operates in Minnesota and invites inquiries from parties interested.

In Minnesota

are millions of acres still awaiting the men to develop them and make them productive.

Northern Pacific Railway

"The Scenic Highway through the Land of Fortune"

This publicity work will be of immeasurable value to the state and the Northern Pacific is to be congratulated upon having undertaken it so aggressively.

Notice of Application to Vacate Plat.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake.

In District Court of the 14th Judicial District.

Notice is hereby given, That at the District Court room in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1910, at eleven o'clock A. M. of said day, or as soon thereafter as council may be heard at the opening of the General March, 1910 Term of said court the undersigned, Fred Behn who is the owner of the lands affected, will make application to said court for an order of said court vacating and decreeing the vacation of all of LaBissoniore's Addition to Red Lake Falls Minnesota, and of the whole plat thereof and including Blocks one to fourteen of said addition, all inclusive, together with all streets, alleys and grounds included in said plat the said premises being situate and platted in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the east half of the northeast quarter (E½ of NE¼) of section twenty-eight (28) in township one hundred fifty-one (151), north of range forty-four (44), west of the 5th P. M. for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, Minnesota and said plat to be so vacated is of record in the office of the register of deeds of said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated at Red Lake Falls Minn., February 28th, 1910.

FRED BEHN,
Petitioner.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Petitioner.

The Scrap Book

His Strong Point.

A senator who has grown very dignified in recent years was making a speech, says the Saturday Evening Post. After he had finished there was a reception at one of the hotels. A little man pushed eagerly forward.

"Hello, senator!" he shouted.

"How do you do, sir?"

"Say, senator, you remember me? I'm Jones—Jones of Springfield, you know. I met you down there. Remember how full we got together?"

"I do not," replied the senator icily. They pushed Jones away, but soon he was back.

"Hello, senator!" he shouted. "Don't you remember that time down in St. Louis we went out and made a night of it? Jones of Springfield, you know."

They shoved Jones away again, and somebody standing near the senator asked, "Who's your friend?"

"I don't know who he is, but he seems to be hell on reminiscences."

At the Club.

Mrs. Bloodgood—I thought her quotation was apropos, didn't you? Mrs. Newritch—Dear me! I always supposed his name was Edgar Allan.—Exchange.

A judicious silence is always better than truth spoken without charity.—De Sales.

A SLEEPY HEADED MAN

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1910, by Associated Literary Press.

It was a geologist and prospector who discovered that the Widow Carson's farm, forty miles from the recognized oil fields, was the center of another basin and so reported to the Sunshine Crude Oil Producing company, capital $1,000,000. That company had gobbled up all the best wells in a large district and was rapidly controlling production.

Moses Perkins was a young man of twenty-six. He was a farmer's son and a farmer himself, and he was not yet married. He had left his farm for a few months to help drill oil wells for the Sunshine company. Moses was hard working and honest. He would put in a long day's work, but he wasn't smart. From the day he began work at $2.50 a day until the day he was discharged, a period of twenty days, the foreman over him applied to him such terms as sleepyhead, idiot, blunderbuss, born fool, and so forth.

One day Perkins was sent for a can of nitroglycerin. On his return he was seen coming along tossing it in the air and catching it when it came down. This was too much. Perkins was discharged.

It was a geologist who differed from all the other geologists that found a new "dip" on the Widow Carson's farm. Her farm was the center of the basin. It was a stony, sterile old farm of 160 acres, and the widow herself was almost as dilapidated as the farm. She was forty years old and gaunt and homely, and she had three gaunt and homely children. The geologist staked his reputation that there was oil beneath her land, and the Sunshine company took him in on a proviso. The first thing was to get the legal privilege of sinking a well, and this was to carry with it a lease in case oil was discovered. There must be more or less beating about the bush to prevent the widow from taking the alarm. The preliminaries were intrusted to a lawyer disguised as a peddler.

When Moses Perkins had got it into his head that there was a Widow Carson somewhere on earth who was of interest to the Sunshine company he figured that it could mean only one thing. Then he began to inquire around, and after a week he lighted on a man who could tell him. Then he put a shirt, collar and a pair of socks into an old satchel and set out for the forty mile walk. In the evening of the second day he arrived at the widow's. He found her and her children as above described. It was next door to poverty. Moses had often dreamed of the wife he was to marry, and he was taken aback. He might have given up his project and retreated in good order had not a peddler arrived the same evening. He was the disguised lawyer of the Sunshine company. He seized on Moses Perkins for a dunderhead and went ahead and talked. The widow didn't catch on, but Moses did. A company wanted her farm for a quarry, and she was ready enough to sign any sort of paper the next day.

Moses had been asked to stay overnight. The peddler must go farther. This left the coast clear for a few hours. Moses had never made love to a woman, but he began while yet the peddler's coattails were fluttering through the gate. He told of his own farm, his prospects, his good health—how he looked in vain for years for the woman of his dreams, but had found her at last. He needn't have done half as much talking. The widow was ready to lease her farm, and she was also ready to marry again. Before midnight she was the promised bride of Moses Perkins. At 10 o'clock the next forenoon she was his wife and her children were calling him pop. At 11 o'clock the peddler arrived with certain documents and a witness. He found the bride sitting on the bridegroom's knee. He intimated that the papers were all ready to sign and that he had a certain sum of money to pass over, but fool Moses had something to say. He was the husband and the man of the house now. As soon as the wedding trip was over he was going to take off his coat and vest and make those 160 acres hump and hustle. The big bowlders lying around would take a roll, and the stony ground would blossom as the rose. Mrs. Carson would have been willing to sell the old place for most anything, but Mrs. Perkins didn't care to even sign a lease.

For six weeks longer Moses was taken for a chap with sawdust in his head. The lawyers and speculators and rings tried in every way to get the best of him, but what they cursed as his stupidity helped him to hold his own. Then he woke up one morning with his head all right. He had found oil exuding from a spring, and he announced the fact to the world at large; also that the farm was for lease or sale. The Sunshine people were not the only ones to rush. Three leases were made, and three companies pledged themselves to pay royalties, and inside of a year Moses Perkins was a millionaire and the Perkins family were eating square meals. The Carson basin turned out to be the greatest find in the state.

"To think that I should have taken you for a lunkhead!" sighed the peddler-lawyer one day when handing Moses a check for $50,000.

"Oh, mebbe I was!" was the good natured reply. "But, you see, I got over it. That's what same lunkheads never do."

He Wasn't an Exception.

It was married men's night at the revival meeting. "Let all you husbands who have troubles in your minds stand up!" shouted the emotional preacher at the height of his spasm. Instantly every man in the church rose to his feet except one. "Ah!" exclaimed the preacher, peering out at this lone sitter, who occupied a chair near the door and apart from the others. "You are one in a million." "It ain't that," piped back this one helplessly as the rest of the congregation turned to gaze suspiciously at him. "I can't get up; I'm paralyzed!"

GET YOUR MACHINERY
Ready For Spring Work.

This fine weather may be just a bluff---Spring may not be here yet---but it is going to come pretty soon.

Full line in stock and more to be received of

Manure Spreaders
Drills and Seeders
Fanning Mills
Smut Machines
Drags, Harrows

JOS. HELM
Red Lake Falls, - - Minnesota

AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

NOW IS THE SEASON
WHEN YOU NEED
GOOD FOOTWEAR

We have some big bargains in Shoes. We have a good line of Spring Shoes—good solid stock that will keep your feet dry in the sloppy Spring weather.

SOME SPECIAL VALUES.

A good heavy shoe, often sold for $3 50, our regular price $3, sale price........$2.50
A good $4 shoe for........$3.00
$2.50 shoe for........$1.75
Ladies' $3.75 shoe for........$2.75
Boys' and Girls' Shoes will go at a BIG DISCOUNT.
We also have a special shoe for woodsmen; Its a regular $2.75 shoe for........$2.00

SPECIAL! Big stock of Rubbers. We will sell you rubbers at wholesale price providing you buy your shoes from us.

These prices are good for
Three Weeks Only.

RED LAKE FALLS SUPPLY HOUSE
MAX INGBER, — PROPRIETOR

FIRST AID.

A Case Where It Was Applied Not Wisely, but Too Well.

An extremely ludicrous incident occurred in a fashionable church on a recent Sunday. A young lady, evidently a stranger, of a naturally pale complexion, accidentally let her handkerchief fall on the floor. By repeatedly stooping to reach it furtively she attracted the notice of a gentleman in the pew behind, who thought she was about to faint.

With the best of motives, therefore, he took her gently under the arms and raised her up, greatly to her surprise. As she tried to release herself another gentleman went to her assistance, and before the young lady knew what was the matter they were moving her out into the aisle.

Naturally she was too much astonished to find words for protest, and they had managed to half carry, half lead, her some distance when she directed an appealing look to another gentleman in a pew, as if asking him to help also. He, too, promptly rose from his seat and helped to lift her up and carry her into the vestry room.

There, as the three officious but well meaning gentlemen were trying to force the now thoroughly exasperated lady into an armchair, she recovered her powers of speech, and the verbal explosion that followed, while it cleared away the misunderstanding, moved the very meek men who passed out of the vestry to mutter in unison, "Never again!"

Didn't Keep a Diary.

At an important trial in a London law court one of the witnesses was an Irishwoman who was decidedly hard to handle. She was particularly categorical as to her dates and told how "this happened at 4:27 on Tuesday, this at 6:33 on Friday," and so on. At last the patience of the advocate was exhausted.

"My dear woman," said the exasperated counsel, "do you keep a diary?"

"No, sir," replied the woman, "a dramshop."

Hard Work.

The idle man does not know what it is to rest. Hard work tends not only to give us rest for the body, but, what is even more important, peace to the mind.—Sir John Lubbock.

Watch The Gazette improve.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

[illegible]
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MARCH 10, 1910
VOL. XXVII—NO. 24

COUNTY EXHIBIT TO ST. PAUL

Display of Agricultural Products Will be Shipped Tomorrow.

[illegible] men, assisted by farmers who have become interested in the [illegible], have prepared an attractive exhibit of agricultural products as an advertisement for Red Lake county to be displayed in the [illegible] booth at the big conservation congress to be held at the Auditorium, St Paul, next week.

The exhibit will be shipped tomorrow evening that there may be time for its proper arrangement before the opening of the congress. Several of the local [illegible] men intend to attend the congress to do some boosting for Red Lake county.

DIED AT CROOKSTON.

Former Pioneer Resident of Bray Township.

At his home 207 Stewart Avenue, August Peterson died late yesterday at the ripe old age of 82 years. He has been ailing for some time with a general breakdown due to old age. The funeral will be held next Sunday afternoon, but the arrangements are not yet completed.

August Peterson was a native of Sweden and came to this country with his young family in 1882, settling on a farm in Bray township, now in Red Lake county. He was a successful farmer and prospered. In 1902 he, with his family, moved to Crookston, and since that time they have resided at the home where he died yesterday. There were eleven children in the family, of these nine are living, as is their mother. The surviving children are E. S. Peterson, Chas. Booth, Lena Peterson and Emma Peterson, all of Crookston, Mrs. Albert Wickstrom of Folsom, Cal., Mrs. Olaf Mattson of Eagle Bend, Wash., Oscar Peterson of North Yakima, Wash., Mrs. Chas. Wiberg of Lake View, Idaho, and John Peterson of [illegible], in Marshall county, Minn. Notice of his death has been sent to all the children and the funeral arrangements will not be closed until they are heard from.—Crookston Times.

SUCCESSFUL MEETING.

Good Attendance of Teachers at Brooks Saturday.

In spite of dissagreeable weather and the condition of the roads there was a good attendance of teachers at the meeting for the teachers in the eastern part of the county held at Brooks last Saturday afternoon. The program was carried out as originally planned with the exception of one number and the meeting was a successful one. A number of school officers were in attendance. Musical numbers on the program were furnished by the Brooks public school chorus.

Meeting of Patrons.

Mr. Clement, buttermaker at the Terrebonne cheese factory, announces that there will be a meeting of the patrons of the cheese factory Sunday afternoon. All patrons are urged to attend the meeting.

IDENTITY ESTABLISHED

Boy Burned to Death in Soo Railroad Camp Was Jesse Mots of Strathcona.

The identity of the young man who was burned to death in the Soo railroad camp east of Plummer has been established. The boy's name is Jesse Mots.

Mr. and Mrs. Mendell, mother and stepfather of the boy, who live at Strathcona, some thirty miles north of Thief River Falls, saw an account of the death of young Mots and they went to Bemidji to investigate the affair. Young Mots had stated while working in the railway camp that his home was north of Thief River Falls; and other circumstances surrounding the case tend to firmly establish the identity of the young man.

The boy was burned to death on the night of Feb. 19. The boy was only fifteen years of age, though he was large for his age and appeared to be nineteen or twenty years old.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. 1, Sec. 28. T. 151 R. 13 Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

BROOKS WENT DRY; ST. HILAIRE TOO

Many Northern Minnesota Towns Won't Have Liquor Stores Next Year.

The license question was an issue in many of the villages in northern Minnesota at the annual election held Tuesday and there are now many dry spots. St. Hilaire went dry by a majority of three, Brooks by a majority of eight and Mentor by a majority of one. There will be no saloons in Norman county next year and all but four of the villages in Polk county are dry.

A list of township officers elected in Red Lake county will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

GRETNA GREEN AFFAIR.

Thief River Falls Young People Surprise Friends.

Two well known Thief River Falls young people stole a march on their friends. It was a near-elopment and so well planned that none of their young friends knew anything about it. Miss Flossie Weir us came down from Thief River Falls on Tuesday evening's train and P. J. Mahon drove down that evening and they were married Wednesday.

The ceremony was performed in Judge S. A. Swanson's office, which is becoming as famous as the little church around the corner, the judge officiating with becoming dignity.

Thief River Falls friends of the young people won't have even the opportunity of throwing rice or old shoes, and they had planned a more hilarious celebration of the happy event, for Mr. and Mrs. Mahon went from here to International Falls, where they will reside.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press: Let us pause just a moment, tardy in so doing though we be, to say a word of tribute to the name of Sydney M. Owen. But a few years ago the policies which he advocated so earnestly were ridiculed and branded as socialistic. Yet he lived to see the day when his theories became the theories of progressive men. He was honest and loyal and sincere. He was no politician but a mighty power for good. He helped make the world better.

JUST ARRIVED!

The latest patterns and styles in Suiting and fancy Dress Goods. All the latest patterns in Wash Goods, Ginghams and Novelty Goods. Our line of Hats and Spring Caps is here and anyone wishing anything in this line will miss it if they don't see our styles and get our prices.

We carry the very best goods in the Grocery line and anyone wanting good goods will always get them by coming here. We also carry a second grade of goods that is as good as the best grades in some of the other stores. We positively guarantee our goods and if anything you get is not satisfactory, return it to us and have your money refunded.

Garceau & Rubertus

Short News Items.

There was a good attendance at the sociable at the Hennemuth home last evening and the treasury of the ladies' aid society of the Presbyterian church was enriched accordingly.

The stockholders of the First State Bank are all residents of Red Lake Falls. This together with its large capital and surplus should be an inducement to do their banking with them.

The Union Land & Investment Co. is paying cash for snaps in farm lands. Farmers and others who wish to sell their lands would do well to either call on them or drop them a card.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will have a business meeting at the home of Mrs. Farley next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

J. K. Johnson of Crookston was attending to business matters in the city Monday. Mr. Johnson will probably be awarded the contract for doing some, if not all, of the mason work on the court house.

James Powers of Wylie was in town Monday, having just returned from a hospital at Crookston where he underwent a surgical operation. The operation resulted in much improvement in Mr. Powers' health.

The money for the court house bonds was this week turned over by J. A. Duffy, purchaser of the bonds, and there is now in the county's court house fund the money to pay for the erection of the new building.

Miss Rose Boire returned from the twin cities where she had been employed in a wholesale millinery establishment for a number of weeks. Miss Boire will be employed by Mrs. I. Lemieux as a trimmer.

J. P. Bagan last week sold his two farms west of town to C. F. Cose of Herman, Minn. Mr. Bagan got a stock of goods at Herman in the trade and will go to Herman the first of next month to take charge of the business.

T. F. Connors, a new resident of Poplar River township, a southern Minnesota man attracted to Red Lake county because of the agricultural advantages, was in town purchasing an outfit from the local dealers Tuesday.

Last Thursday morning Rev. John P. Davis spoke to the students of the high school on the subject of "Opportunity and Purpose in Life." It was an inspiring address and was enthusiastically received by the young people.

C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire and Gilbert Haavi of Thief River Falls were in town Tuesday and Wednesday making report to the county auditor on some proposed county ditch work, Mr. Martz being the engineer on the work and Mr. Haavi one of the viewers.

Jos. Laurent of Terrebonne went to Crookston Monday and remained until yesterday to make arrangements for moving his family to Crookston. Mr. Laurent sold his fine Terrebonne farm home, one of the best farms of the county, last fall and this week has given possession of the property to the purchaser.

The people of Red Lake Falls will be pleased to learn that the total footings of the First State is now $310,000.00, (this is an increase of $100,000.00 in the past year). This together with its conservativeness, large capital and surplus should be an inducement to the people of Red Lake Falls and vicinity to do their banking with them.

J. A. Duffy spent Sunday at Crookston with Mrs. Duffy and with his daughter, Clarice, who is being treated at a Crookston hospital following an operation for appendicitis. The patient is getting along nicely and Mrs. Duffy and Clarice will return to Red Lake Falls as soon as the little girl is strong enough to be moved.

Official printing that ought to be of interest to the tax payers of the county occupies much of the space in this issue of the Gazette. On pages two, three, six and seven is published the annual financial statement of Red Lake county and on pages one, four and five proceedings of the board of county commissioners. Preparing this matter for publication has been no small task for the print shop force.

Mrs A. E. Abell, accompanied by her son and daughter, arrived this week from Van Orin, Ill., and they have taken up their residence on the Jos. Laurent farm in Terrebonne. Mrs. Abell purchased the place, which is probably the finest farm property in the county, last fall, the consideration being $20,000.00, and possession of the property has just been given. The Abells are successful Illinois farmers and they will be welcomed to Red Lake county. They brought some good stock with them, not only good horses and blooded cattle, but a lot of fancy poultry as well.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.03
Durum	.85
Rye	.63
Oats	.36
Flax	2.04
Barley	.46
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.20
Butter, dairy	.25

SCHOOL OFFICERS WILL BE HERE

Annual Meeting Will be Held in Red Lake Falls March 22.

The annual meeting of the school officers of Red Lake county will be held in Red Lake Falls Tuesday, March 22. Hon. C. G. Schulz, state superintendent of public instruction, will be here to address the meeting and Supt. H. F. Anderson is preparing a good program for the meeting. The program will be published in the next issue.

EXTENSION OF TIME.

Settlers on Eleven Towns Need Not Pay Uncle Sam Yet.

The Steenerson bill for an extention of time to settlers on the Eleven Towns in Red Lake county on payments to the goverement on homestead lands has passed the house. The extention is for two years without interest.

Donation to Hospital.

A liberal donation was received today by Miss Anna McKinnon for the St. Vincent hospital from five of the prominent citizens of Red Lake Falls.—Crookston Times.

You Cannot Go Wrong in the Hardware Business.

We have a well assorted stock of hardware that together with counters, shelving, safe, cash register, desk, etc. will invoice about $3600. Everything complete to start in business. Stock now here in Plummer and was bought and shipped by party intending to start in one of the three first new towns east of Plummer on the Plummer-Duluth Soo line. Will sell same at discount for cash or part time to right party or will exchange for a good 160 acre tract of land at actual value if located in Red Lake or Polk County. Goods right here ready to haul out and no freight to pay. If you know the value of hardware you will buy this stock at once at figures we can quote.

First State Bank,
Plummer, Minn.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
February 23rd, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor, pursuant to Chapter 230 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn., met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at ten o'clock a. m., February 23rd, 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Christian O. Nygaard and others for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, Minn., and for the hearing and consideration of the petition of R. M. Johnson and others for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, Minn., and for the hearing and consideration of the petition of Thomas H. Bjerke and others for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, Minn., at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., February 23rd, 1910; for the hearing and consideration of the report of the engineer and viewers of County Ditch No. 40 at 1:00 o'clock p. m. of said day; for the hearing and consideraiton of the report of the engineer and viewers on County Ditch No. 39 at 3:00 o'clock p. m. of said day; for the hearing and consideration of the report of the engineer and viewers on County Ditch No. 38 at 5:00 o'clock p. m. of said day and for the hearing and consideration of the report of the engineer and viewers on County Ditch No. 41 at 9:00 o'clock a m. February 24th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

Members present: Demann, Aubol, Pigeon, and Lindquist.

Members absent: Johnson.

On motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously the Board took a recess until 1:00 o'clock p. m.

The Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

The petition of Christian O. Nygaard and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the Board and read, and the Board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissionr Pigeon, seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was adopted.

In the matter of the petition of Christian O. Nygaard and others for locating and constructing County Ditch No. 44 in the County of Red Lake Falls, State of Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 18th day of December, 1909, signed by Christian O. Nygaard and others, praying for the establishment of a certain County Ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 44, the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county auditor of said county, as by law required:

And Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the County Board of Red Lake County, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law;

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said county ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county, on or before the first day of June, 1910.

Dated Feb. 23rd, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
of Red Lake County.

Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

On motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on County Ditch No. 44 was made.

In the matter of the petition of Christian O. Nygaard and others, for County Ditch No. 44, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 18th day of December A. D., 1909, signed by Christian O. Nygaard and others, praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 44, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county, and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said County Board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, to-wit: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now Therefore, We, the County Board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint Otto Zaiser and Gilbert Haavi and A. R. Jones, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county, designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work; shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of such work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman.

Dated this 23rd day of February A. D., 1910.

Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

The petition of R. M. Johnson and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the Board and read, and the Board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the Laws of 1905 and acts aemndatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said propsed ditch was made.

In the matter of the petition of R. M. Johnson and others for locating and constructing County Ditch No. 45, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 28th day of December, 1909, signed by R. M. Johnson and others, praying for the establishment of a certain County Ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 45, the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county auditor of said county, as by law required:

And Whereas, It appears, by satisfactory proof to the County Board of Red Lake County, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law;

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the said County Ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county, on or before the first day of June, 1910.

Dated Feb. 23rd, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
of Red Lake County.

Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) County Auditor.

On motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on County Ditch No. 45 was made.

In the matter of the petition of R. M. Johnson and others, for County Ditch No. 45, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 28th day of December A. D., 1909, signed by R. M. Johnson and others, praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 45, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county, and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said County Board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, to-wit: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now Therefore, We, the County Board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint Otto Zaiser and A. R. Jones and Gilbert Haavi, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county, designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work; shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty

Continued on Page Five.

IMPROVEMENT IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Courses in Manual Training and Agriculture and Domestic Science Added.

At a meeting of the board of education held last evening action was taken which means that there is going to be a big improvement in the public school system. It was decided that courses in manual training and agriculture and domestic science are to be added. The board also entered into a contract with Supt. L. V. Koos to remain in charge of the schools for another year and superintend the installation of the new work. There is no doubt that last evening's work of the board of education will in every particular meet with public approval.

In a later issue the Gazette will tell its readers something of the new work that is to be taken up in the schools.

Council Proceedings.

Red Lake Falls, Minn, Feb. 17, 1910.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall February 17, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the president.

Members present: Paul, Hunt, Crompe, Hennings and Salley.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved as read.

Official bond of Joseph Perrault as city clerk was duly accepted and approved.

On motion duly carried the Surety bond of the city treasurer was referred to the city attorney for his opinion as to its validity.

On motion duly carrid the following bills were allowed:

Julius Kohl, splitting and piling wood for city hall	$7.50
Ovide Emard, city treasurer, postage, 4 years	16.00
Red Lake Falls Electric Light company, lighting for January, 1910	72.00

On motion duly carried bills of Clement E. Brunelle and Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls were laid on the table.

Alderman Salley offered the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved that the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls and the Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls be, and they are hereby designated as depositories for the ensuing term for all city funds.

Alderman Hunt offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, which motion was duly seconded by Hennings:

Be it resolved by and between the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, and the Red Lake Falls Fire Department of said city, that a schedule of rates for services for fire protection rendered to the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., by said fire department for each and every fire which said fire department shall be called out to fight and extinguish on an alarm from the city fire bell as follows:

For the time actually spent by each and every firemen attending such fire, the sum of $2.00 for the first hour and $1.00 per hour thereafter, or fraction thereof for each member's time actually spent in fighting and extinguishing such fire within the city limits of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, provided, however, that if the firemen shall not use water upon being summoned by an alarm they shall only be entitled to $1.00 for answering said alarm, and that the maximum pay for a continuous service of twelve hours shall not exceed the sum of $10.00.

Be it further resolved that this schedule of rates shall be in force and effect until revoked by said city council.

Alderman having voted unanimously in favor of the resolution the same was declared adopted by the president of the city council.

The application of Joseph Helm for reduction of assessment was on motion duly carried, recommended.

Moved by Hennings and seconded by Crompe that the mayor be requested to instruct the chief of police to strictly enforce the curfew ordinance. Motion carried.

Hennings, Crompe and Perrault were appointed by the chair as a purchasing committee.

Alderman Salley offered the following resolution:

Resolved that the salary of the health officer for the ensuing term be fixed at $35.00 per year and that in addition to such salary, he receive fees to an amount, which, together with said salary, will not exceed the sum of $75.00 per year. Resolution adopted.

Aldermen Hunt and Salley were appointed by the chair as a committee to confer with the mayor and officers of the fire department, with regard to securing an engineer for the city fire department, which committee was instructed to report at the next meeting of the city council on Feb. 24, 1910.

On motion duly carried unanimously the meeting adjourned until February 24, 1910.

Simon Paul, President.

Approved March 8th, 1910.

J. A. Duffy,
Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of Red Lake County, Minnesota, For the Year Ending December 31, 1909.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, January 4, 1910.

[illegible] County Auditor [illegible] Red Lake County, Minn. To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn. [illegible] I have the honor to submit you herewith the Financial Statement [illegible] of Red Lake County for the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1909 A. D. [illegible] receipts and disbursements by the Treasurer [illegible] the balance remaining in his hands [illegible] hereto and a part thereof is a [illegible] to which orders or warrants were [illegible] to show the purpose of each expenditure.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

[illegible]

A A Latendresse

County Auditor.

TRIAL BALANCE

[illegible] County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn. Showing [illegible] on the 31st day of December, 1908.

	Debit.	Credit.
[illegible]	$42687.88	$
[illegible]		3348.08
[illegible]		5767.90
[illegible]		722.57
[illegible]		559.14
[illegible]		147.18
[illegible]		1540.48
[illegible]		10102.27
[illegible]		306.93
[illegible]		8184.96
[illegible]		4508.94
[illegible]		62.70
[illegible]		72.60
[illegible]		462.74
[illegible]		1465.39
[illegible]		5796.30
[illegible]		....
[illegible]		136.33
[illegible]	786.02	
[illegible]	$ 43473.90	$ 43153.90

RECEIPTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY

During the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1909.

Balance on hand [illegible] 1909	$ 42687.88
Current tax collection	136629.54
Delinquent tax collections	21305.60
Mortgage tax	1900.80
Interest [illegible]	1981.93
[illegible]	1376.39
[illegible]	12048.01
[illegible]	6228.46
Collections, principal and interest [illegible] fund	18189.60
[illegible] apportionment	8181.90
State auditor [illegible]	132.30
[illegible]	1512.53
Interest on deposits of county fund	50.00
[illegible]	21.00
Rent	30.00
Jury fees	27.56
[illegible]	32.00
[illegible]	2000.00
[illegible]	29200.00
State appropriations for state roads in Red Lake County	2425.00
Insurance receipts on account of court house fire	4135.50
Refundment on account of [illegible]	141.41
Clerk's fees on account of [illegible] tax warrants	7.75
Interest on township order	13.00
Redemption of town order	200.00
Warrants outstanding December 31st, 1909	13327.57
Total	$302785.63

DISBURSEMENTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending the 31st day of December, 1909.

Warrants drawn on the County Revenue Fund	$ 28687.68
Warrants drawn on County Road and Bridge Fund	11372.85
Warrants drawn on County Bond and Interest Fund	2532.31
Warrants drawn on Private Redemption Fund	11303.07
Warrants drawn on General Ditch Fund	22652.68
Warrants drawn on Incidental Fund	157.94
Warrants drawn on School Districts Funds	66709.75
Warrants drawn on Town, City and Village Fund	32833.63
Warrants drawn on Court House and Jail Fund	4022.70
Warrants drawn on Special Court House Bond and Interest Fund	534.93
Refunding warrants	347.07
Principal and interest [illegible]	1852.56
State revenue and school tax	12641.06
Hunters' license	204.30
Inebriate hospital tax	80.00
Warrants outstanding December 31st, 1908	3348.07
Balance in Treasury December 31st, 1909	104320.64
Warrants drawn on Special Road and Bridge Fund	147.50
Warrants drawn on Contingent Fund	35.89
Total	$303785.63

TRIAL BALANCE

From General Ledger of County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn. Showing the condition of the [illegible] on the 31st day of December, 1909.

	Debit.	Credit
County Treasurer	$104320.64	$
Warrants Account		13327.57
[illegible]		11131.09
[illegible]		8.09
County Revenue	$252.38	
[illegible]		147.25
[illegible]		1475.77
[illegible]		36124.27
[illegible]		1135.07
[illegible]		22573.57
[illegible]		13473.04
[illegible]		4.76
[illegible]		3034.93
[illegible]		1229.47
[illegible]		1880.40
[illegible]		6760.64
[illegible]		251.77
[illegible]		101.20
[illegible]		14.11
Total	$112673.02	$112673.02

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNDS

County Revenue Fund.

RECEIPTS

Taxes and Penalties	$ 20132.19
Interest on deposits of County funds	1512.53
[illegible]	30.00
[illegible]	21.00
[illegible]	30.00
[illegible]	10.00
[illegible]	30.00
Clerk's fees [illegible] warrants	7.75
[illegible]	141.41
[illegible]	35000.00
[illegible]	8352.38
Total	$ 65307.26

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit Balance Jan. 1st, 1909	$ 1440.86
[illegible]	28687.68
Transferred to Incidental fund	100.00
Transferred to Contingent fund	50.00
Refunding orders	28.72
Transferred to County Ditch fund	25000.00
Total	$ 65307.26

COUNTY OFFICERS SALARIES

COUNTY AUDITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14040	John B O'Brien, salary..$	100.00
14191	John B O'Brien, salary..	100.00
14254	John B O'Brien, salary..	100.00
14556	John D O'Brien, salary..	100.00
14906	A. A. Latendresse, salary	50.00
16160	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16376	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16593	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
14747	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16846	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16951	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
	Total	$ 1200.00

COUNTY TREASURER

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14041	O. T. Tandberg, salary.$	100.00
14192	O. T. Tandberg, salary	100.00
14259	O. T. Tandberg, salary	100.00
14550	O. T. Tandberg, salary	100.00
14754	O. T. Tandberg, salary	100.00
14903	O. T. Tandberg, salary	100.00
16161	H. E. Ives, salary	40.00
16384	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
16591	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
16761	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
16847	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
17055	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
	Total	$ 1140.00

COUNTY ATTORNEY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14042	Thos. Germo, salary...$	100.00
14065	Thos Germo, salary....	16.18
14193	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	83.82
14260	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14548	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14751	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14902	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16162	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16382	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16586	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16759	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16848	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
17053	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
	Total	$1200.00

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14043	H T. McAnulty, salary.$	108.33
14062	H. T. McAnulty, salary	17.40
14194	H. F. Anderson, salary	83.72
14261	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16169	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	21.67
14549	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14752	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14903	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16163	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16383	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16589	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16760	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16849	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
17054	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
	Total	$ 1209.45

JUDGE OF PROBATE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14044	N. W. Tarrant, salary..$	97.82
14063	N. W. Tarrant, salary..	15.75
14195	S. A. Swanson, salary..	82.17
14262	S. A. Swanson, salary..	97.92
14550	S. A. Swanson, salary..	97.92
14753	S. A. Swanson, salary..	97.92
14904	S. A. Swanson, salary..	117.40
16165	S. A. Swanson, salary..	112.60
16385	S. A. Swanson, salary..	112.50
16591	S. A. Swanson, salary..	112.50
16762	S. A. Swanson, salary..	112.50
16851	S. A. Swanson, salary..	112.50
17056	S. A. Swanson, salary..	112.50
	Total	$ 1282.00

DEPUTY COUNTY AUDITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14046	A. A. Latendresse, salary..$	70.00
11197	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14264	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14552	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14755	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14906	Joseph Perrault, salary	37.50
16167	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
14900	A. A. Latendresse, salary	37.50
16387	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16593	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16764	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16853	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
17058	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
	Total	$ 896.00

CLERK HIRE IN COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14075	Joseph Perrault, ..$	36.00
14081	Amelia Berget..	3.00
14087	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14177	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14190	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14219	Joseph Perrault..	15.00
14234	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14244	Joseph Perrault..	16.00
14255	Joseph Perrault..	3.00
14256	Amelia Berget..	18.00
14376	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14391	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14409	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14480	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14587	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14622	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14625	Amelia Berget..	3.00
14640	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14764	Joseph Perrault..	36.00
14783	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
14784	Amelia Berget..	3.00
14915	Joseph Perrault..	18.00
16079	S. L. Lewis..	15.00
16115	Amelia Berget..	3.00
16156	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16197	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16271	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16284	S. L. Lewis..	15.00
16303	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16379	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16508	S. L. Lewis..	36.00
16530	Amelia Berget..	27.00
16540	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16584	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16618	Amelia Berget..	3.00
16687	S. L. Lewis..	15.00
16717	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16779	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16788	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16802	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
15829	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16842	S. L. Lewis..	15.00
16874	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
16949	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
17038	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
17086	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
17075	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
17215	S. L. Lewis..	18.00
17240	S. L. Lewis..	15.00
	Total	$ 840.00

CLERK HIRE IN COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14057	Ida Tanberg, salary....$	35.00
14276	Ida Tanberg..	40.00
14392	Ida Tanberg..	40.00
14395	Lena Tschirhart..	35.00
14598	Ida Tandberg..	40.00
16092	Emma Tandberg	75.00
16319	Lena Tschirhart..	40.00
16400	Ida Tandberg..	56.00
16552	Ida Tandberg..	60.00
16602	Ida Tandberg..	40.00
16773	Ida Tandberg..	40.00
16862	Ida Tandberg..	40.00
17067	Ida Tandberg..	40.00
	Total	$ 581.00

CLERK HIRE IN JUDGE OF PROBATE'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14935	Eleanor Tarrant, salary	$ 25.00
14064	Eleanor Tarrant..	2.40
	Total	$ 27.40

COURT REPORTER

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14048	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..$	18.65
14215	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	16.25
14266	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	18.25
14584	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	15.28
14757	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	21.67
14908	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	16.25
16389	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	21.67
16595	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	21.67
15766	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	21.67
15855	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	21.67
17060	Chas. M. Lohn, salary..	21.67
	Total	$ 235.34
14049	W. O. Braggans, salary	18.65
14215	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14267	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14555	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14758	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
14909	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
16170	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16390	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16595	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16767	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.57
16858	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
17061	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
	Total	$ 235.24

JANITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14047	Lucian Phillon, salary.$	50.00
14198	Lucian Phillon, salary.	80.00
14265	Lucian Phillon, salary.	50.00
14553	Lucian Phillon, salary.	50.00
14756	Lucian Phillon, salary.	50.00
14907	Lucian Phillon, salary.	50.00
16168	Lucias Phillon, salary.	50.00
16388	Lucias Phillon, salary.	50.00
16594	Lucias Phillon, salary.	50.00
16785	Lucias Phillon, salary.	50.00
16854	Lucias Phillon, salary.	50.00
17059	Lucias Phillon, salary.	80.00
	Total	$ 600.00

COUNTY SURVEYOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14979	C. H. Martz..$	134.50
14980	C. H. Martz..	19.00
16993	C. H. Martz..	21.50
	Total	$ 176.00

COURT COMMISSIONER FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14816	S. T. Johnson..$	11.86
16240	S. T. Johnson..	11.70
	Total	$ 23.56

COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S PER DIEM AND MILEAGE

1ST COM'R DISTRICT

14050	C. A. Lindquist, salary.$	14.58
14108	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	3.60
14199	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
14288	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.68
14330	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	3.60
14556	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
14710	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	3.60
14759	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
14863	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	7.20
14910	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
15011	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	7.20
16151	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	7.20
15171	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
16370	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	3.60
16391	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
16597	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
15668	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	3.60
16737	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	3.60
16758	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
16857	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.58
17052	C. A. Lindquist, salary.	14.68
	Total	$ 218.16

2ND COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14053	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..$	14.58
14112	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	1.40
14201	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.56
14270	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
14332	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	1.40
14558	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
14716	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	1.40
14761	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
14863	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	2.80
14912	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
15009	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	2.80
16149	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	2.80
16173	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
16368	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	1.40
15393	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
16599	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
16661	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	1.40
16739	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	1.40
16770	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
15859	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
17064	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary..	14.58
	Total	$ 191.76

3RD COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14061	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...$	14.68
14113	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	3.00
14200	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
14289	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
14329	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	3.00
14557	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
14715	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	3.00
14760	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
14862	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	6.00
14911	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.68
16010	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	6.00
16150	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	8.40
16172	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
16371	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	3.00
16392	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
16598	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
16653	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	3.00
16769	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
16858	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
17063	Ed. A. Aubol, salary...	14.58
	Total	$ 210.36

4TH COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14062	Daniel Shaw, salary...	14.58
14110	Daniel Shaw, salary...	4.00
14203	Daniel Shaw, salary...	14.58
14272	Daniel Shaw, salary...	14.58
14333	Daniel Shaw, salary...	4.00
14559	Daniel Shaw, salary...	14.58
14718	Daniel Shaw, salary...	4.00
14762	Daniel Shaw, salary...	14.58
14864	Daniel Shaw, salary...	8.00
14913	Daniel Shaw, salary...	14.58
15008	Daniel Shaw, salary...	8.00
16144	Daniel Shaw, salary...	9.00
15369	Joseph Johnson, salary	9.60
16395	Joseph Johnson, salary	20.41
16396	Daniel Shaw, salary...	8.75
15601	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
16740	Joseph Johnson, salary	3.60
16772	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
16861	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.68
17086	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
	Total	$ 231.16

5TH COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14054	Joseph Pigeon, salary..$	14.58
14114	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	3.20
14202	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
14271	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
14331	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	3.20
14560	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
14717	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	3.20
14763	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
14861	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	6.40
14914	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
15007	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	5.40
16146	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	6.40
16174	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
16387	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	3.20
16384	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
16600	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
16555	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	3.20
16738	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	3.20
16771	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
16860	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.58
17065	Joseph Pigeon, salary..	14.56
	Total	$ 213.36

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16410	A. A. Latendresse..$	9.00
16411	Joseph Pigeon..	12.20
16412	C. A. Lindquist..	12.60
16413	Ed. A. Aubol..	12.00
16414	Joseph Johnson..	18.60
16415	Wm. C. L. Demann..	10.40
	Total	$ 74.80

BOARD OF AUDIT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14122	C. A. Lindquist..$	33.00
14123	John B. O'Brien..	33.00
14124	C. W. Johnson..	83.00
14817	John B O'Brien..	18.00
14818	C. W. Johnson..	18.00
14819	C. A. Lindquist..	18.00
16256	C. A. Lindquist..	9.00
15329	A. A. Latendresse..	9.00
16570	A. A. Latendresse..	36.00
16571	C. A. Lindquist..	38.00
	Total	$ 243.00

DISTRICT COURT EXPENSES

GRAND JURORS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14425	James Evenson..$	8.20
14426	Olaf Mossbeck..	7.40
14427	John G. Anderson..	6.60
14428	Thomas Larson..	8.20
14429	Hubert Cardinal..	4.80
14430	A. D. Berry..	5.60
14431	Asmund Mandt..	10.80
14432	L. J. Parbst..	9.00
14433	John Scholin..	8.20
14434	Marcelle Patnode..	5.80
14435	Albert Anderson..	7.00
14436	John O. Vasilis..	10.20
14437	John Hedlund..	8.40
14438	Joseph Bergeson..	9.20
14439	H. H. Finrow..	7.00
14440	Peter Wold..	11.80
14441	Sandar Engebretson..	8.40
14442	Hans Frederickson..	9.20
14443	Ralph Green..	10.00
14445	M. C. Harlan..	8.00
14450	H. L. Premo..	7.60
14472	Matt Skala..	4.20
16834	Carl Beiswinger..	9.00
16831	Anton Anderson..	5.00
16882	Robert A. Lee..	10.00
16883	Abraham Newton..	11.40
16884	Olaf Hanson..	15.80
16885	Reinhard Johnsrud..	15.00
16886	J. O. Swanson..	10.20
16887	John Stensrud..	10.20
16888	M. P. Bakken..	10.40
16889	Knute Steen..	13.20
16890	Sam Lovaas..	15.00
16891	Charles Stevens..	12.60
16892	O. W. Lang..	10.20
16893	Ed. Enright..	7.00
16894	George Herr..	7.00
16895	Albert Power..	8.00
16896	Philip Desoutel..	12.30
16897	Frank Glass..	6.80
16898	E. D. Cadieux..	8.20
16900	L. T. Berg..	10.60
16924	John J. Padden..	6.20
	Total	$ 387.10

PETIT JURORS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14417	Louis Talordeau..$	6.80
14452	Jacob O. Valdal..	8.20
14457	Jorgen Hegland..	13.00
14475	Hans Gulbranson..	11.20
14478	David Paradis..	11.60
14479	W. E. Beebe..	2.00
14481	Joseph Belair..	1.00
14484	John Drier..	2.00
14485	Peter Starken..	10.00
14486	Magnus Olson..	23.00
14487	Sam McMahon..	24.00
14488	Lars Netteland..	18.34
14489	Peter Starken..	5.40
14490	John Power..	19.00
14491	Dan Linnihan..	14.20
14492	J. W. M. Ginty..	19.00
14493	Otto Zaiser..	8.20
14494	Patrick Maylan..	26.40
14498	Mathias Waldorf..	15.80
14500	Paul Cyr..	16.80
14502	Frank E. Hunt..	8.20
14504	E. E. Fletcher..	1.00
14561	Halvor Hanson..	26.60
14562	Otto Geske..	26.80
14563	Nels O. Nora..	26.40
14564	Christ Bugge..	27.60
14565	Henry Hememuth..	20.20
14566	Joseph Gray..	15.20
14567	N. A. Nelson..	23.40
14568	Nels Person..	24.80
14569	Hans Kalseth..	25.00
14570	Albert Brunelle..	13.20
14571	Paul Rogge..	13.20
14572	John Tschirhart..	2.00
14573	Bernt Wold..	2.00
14574	Charles Kruse..	2.00
14575	A. Welo..	2.00
14576	James Brady..	2.00
14577	Mathias Waldorf..	2.00
14581	Henry Kruse..	7.00
14582	Frank E. Hunt..	2.00
16905	H. J. Rustad..	6.80
16909	John Drier..	4.00
16910	Clement Brunelle..	4.00
16911	Charles Ford..	4.00
16912	Henry B. Costello..	18.60
16913	Andrew Eklund..	14.00
16914	Jacob Froiland..	17.00
16915	M. A. Converse..	1.00
16916	Magnus Winberg..	15.60
16917	Alfred Dahlstrom..	12.80
16918	Hogan Hanson..	12.20
16919	Fred Zaiser..	9.20
16920	Axel Jacobson..	12.60
16921	George Bender..	18.00
16922	Ed. Nelson..	4.00
16923	Frank Brouillet..	4.00
16925	Olaf Larson..	19.20
16926	C. J. Knox..	16.40
16927	M. J. Berg..	21.60
16928	James Gilbertson..	15.00
16929	Martin Johnson..	18.40
16930	Ed Crawn..	15.20
16931	Alsime Juneau..	14.40
16932	Andrew Hestekind..	18.00
16933	John S. Nelson..	16.10
16934	Henry Gerloch..	13.60
16935	John Albin..	16.20
16936	Joseph Belair..	4.00
16937	Adolph Zutz..	13.60
16939	P. B. Oaass..	3.00
16944	George Marchildon..	9.60
17073	V. M. Higinbotham..	4.00
	Total	$ 901.94

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14419	John Anderson..$	3.40
14420	W. S. Ferris..	3.40
14421	E. M. Stanton, Jr...	3.40
14422	Lawrence Smith..	3.40
14423	Henry M. Mahon..	3.40
14424	Jalmar Lillemoen..	3.40
14446	R. E. Jones..	11.20
14458	Robert Bryant..	3.40
14476	P. Neal Pannabaker..	3.40
16904	John Stensrud..	1.12
16907	Charles Helm..	5.60
16908	Mary Helm..	5.60
	Total	$ 50.72

CLERK OF COURT SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16164	C. W. Johnson..$	66.67
16284	C. W. Johnson..	66.67
16590	C. W. Johnson..	66.67
16761	C. W. Johnson..	66.67
16850	C. W. Johnson..	66.67
17056	C. W. Johnson..	66.67
14917	C. W. Johnson..	88.88
	Total	$ 488.90

CLERK'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14584	C. W. Johnson..$	39.09
14679	C. W. Johnson..	27.05
14680	C. W. Johnson..	23.10
14820	C. W. Johnson..	23.25
14821	C. W. Johnson..	86.40
	Total	$ 196.80

DEPUTY CLERK'S FEES

14584	S. L. Lewis..$	42.00
11773	S. L. Lewis..	6.00
16282	S. L. Lewis..	3.00
17209	S. L. Lewis..	25.50
	Total	$ 76.50

SHERIFF'S SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14045	Lewis A. Nelson, salary$	83.33
11196	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14263	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14561	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14764	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14905	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
16166	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
16385	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	103.90
16592	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
16763	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
16352	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
17057	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
	Total	$1153.89

SHERIFF'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14141	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. E. H. Detert..$	8.37
14142	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Will Freazke..	14.20
14143	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. B. Henry Costello	5.75
14144	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Admonds..	4.00
14145	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. William Quigley..	2.85
14683	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Otto Morrison..	7.27
14684	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Charley Carpenter..	12.61
14685	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning Petit Jury	13.25
14686	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning Grand Jury..	2.97
14688	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning witnesses State vs. Gronerud..	4.41
14810	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Haugland..	2.08
14972	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Falk..	4.16
16324	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Stakko..	25.00
16325	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Peleran..	3.58
16643	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. L. Johnson..	6.86
16645	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Doe..	3.58
16648	Lewis A. Nelson, State cases (3)..	7.30
16741	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Snyder..	4.80
	Total	$ 133.24

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14738	A. W. Lang, Exps. State vs. Robert Kolseth..$	8.22
14578	James Bulman..	36.00
14580	Ben Isaaceson..	37.50
14614	Arthur Lizer..	38.60
14652	James Bulman..	13.50
14772	Ben Isaaceson..	3.00
14501	James Bulman..	9.00
16276	Arthur Lizer..	3.00
	Total	$ 148.82

COURT DEPUTIES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16901	Louis Parenteau..$	6.00
16911	Ben Isaacson..	15.00
16912	Arthur Lizle..	16.50
16946	Ben Isaacson..	7.50
	Total	$ 45.00

JAILOR'S SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14115	Lewis A. Nelson..$	62.00
14355	Lewis A. Nelson..	62.00
14687	Lewis A. Nelson..	56.00
14813	Lewis A. Nelson..	62.00
15042	Lewis A. Nelson..	60.00
16210	Lewis A. Nelson..	62.00
16323	Lewis A. Nelson..	14.00
16614	Lewis A. Nelson..	50.00
16743	Lewis A. Nelson..	52.00
16970	Lewis A. Nelson..	58.00
17112	Lewis A. Nelson..	24.00
	Total	$ 562.00

BOARDING PRISONERS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14106	Andrew Lang..$	7.00
14140	Lewis A. Nelson..	25.22
11356	Lewis A. Nelson..	35.31
14690	Lewis A. Nelson..	47.60
14891	W. A. Bishop..	6.25
14811	Lewis A. Nelson..	66.12
14812	Lewis A. Nelson..	31.00
16130	W. A. Bishop..	2.00
16238	Lewis A. Nelson..	42.00
16326	Lewis A. Nelson..	4.20
16565	W. A. Bishop..	2.35
16642	Lewis A. Nelson..	37.80
17110	Lewis A. Nelson..	4.80
17111	Lewis A. Nelson..	8.40
	Total	$ 326.98

PROBATE COURT EXPENSES

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S FEES IN INSANITY CASES.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14204	N. M. Watson..$	5.30
14227	J. C. Wilkinson..	5.30
14418	N. M. Watson..	5.30
14418	J. C. Wilkinson..	5.30
14529	O. F. Melby..	5.30
14743	H. G. Helfer..	5.30
14744	Henry Grundy..	5.30
14745	H. G. Helfer..	5.30
16374	H. G. Helfer..	5.30
16375	Henry Grundy..	5.30
16947	O. F. Melby..	5.30
17261	I. Lemieux..	5.30
17262	J. C. Wilkinson..	5.30
	Total	$ 68.90

WITNESS FEES IN INSANITY CASES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14108	Sam Knutson..$	10.08
14180	Lewis Ahlstadt..	1.12
14164	Fred Krueger..	1.12
14165	C. A. Krueger..	1.12
	Total	$ 13.44

MISCELLANEOUS FEES IN INSANITY CASES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14139	Lewis A. Nelson, Conveying Joseph Vicknum, Insane to Fergus Falls..$	29.10
14146	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses, Joseph Vicknum case..	6.86
11148	Lewis A. Nelson, Conveying John Watson Insane to Fergus Falls..	18.75
14181	Emma Klos, Fees Conveying Filipina Klos, Insane, to Fergus Falls..	6.00
14237	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses Conveying Filipina Klos, Insane to Fergus Falls..	24.45
14672	James Bulman, Guard of Joseph Vicknum..	5.00
14689	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses conveying Joseph Suchomel, Insane to Fergus Falls..	33.45
14691	Joseph Belair, Expenses conveying John Watson, Insane to Fergus Falls..	14.70
11692	Wm. Watson, Taking care of John Watson, Insane..	12.44
14802	S. A. Swanson, Fees of Massestad and Delaurles..	3.11
11502	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking Anna Mossestad to asylum	38.00
14805	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking Delaurles to asylum..	55.41
11806	J. F. Farr, Taking care of Delaurles, Insane..	6.00
14867	Jensen & Sons, Livery in pursuit of Delaurles, Insane..	5.00
11808	A. W. Lang, Apprehending Delaurles, Insane	5.35
14869	James Bulman, Taking care of Anna Mossestad, Insane..	4.00
14971	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking R. Running to Faribault..	53.41
16312	Mrs. Enger Swanson, Expenses taking R. Ronning to Faribault	12.00
16376	Lewis A. Nelson Exps. conveying Sarah Morquette to Fergus Falls..	31.35
16487	A. W. Lang, Taking care of Sarah Morquette, Insane..	2.00
16488	Robt. A. Lee, Taking care of Sarah Morquette, Insane..	2.00
16633	S. A. Swanson, Expenses, case of Sarah Morquette, Insane..	1.22
	Total	$ 369.93

JUSTICE COURT EXPENSES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14120	A. P. Toupin..$	4.80
14358	Joseph Johnson..	9.90
14727	W. G. Hunt..	6.87
14728	Edward Singer..	18.33
16327	S. A. Swanson..	3.15
16328	S. A. Swanson..	9.10
16696	Arthur Laniel..	2.80
17101	S. A. Swanson..	5.85
17102	S. A. Swanson..	3.20
	Total	$ 60.98

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14358	Joseph Johnson..	3.15
14720	Josephien Wojnarowski..	1.90
14721	Edward Singer..	1.12
14722	B. Henry Costello..	1.90
14723	Julian M. Borek..	1.90
14724	Anton Radniecki..	1.45
14725	John L. Radniecki..	1.48
14726	John Esbrener..	1.90
16691	Marie Lavoie..	1.12
16692	Jos. Gauthier..	1.36
16693	Julien Guerard..	1.12
16694	Louis Berry..	1.90
	Total	$ 21.41

MUNICIPAL COURT EXPENSES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop, Costs in State cases to 12-3-08	$ 145.22
	Total	$ 145.22

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop..$	31.52
	Total	$ 31.52

JURY FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop..$	24.00
	Total	$ 24.00

CORONER'S INQUEST

CORONER'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14654	O. F. Melby, Gunsten Jorgensan Inquest..$	12.20
14655	O. F. Melby, Joseph Faucher Inquest..	16.50
14982	O. F. Melby, R. Swanson Inquest..	7.25
	Total	$ 35.95

LIGHT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14132	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company..$	16.10
14748	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company..	28.50
14671	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company..	14.25
14822	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company..	16.60
16746	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company..	50.07
16958	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company..	17.30
16959	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company..	15.10
	Total	$ 171.12

FUEL

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
11060	James Enevoldson, 24¾ cords wood at $3.00 per..$	85.75
14021	A. L. Roy, Wood for jail..	4.50
11147	Lewis A. Nelson, 2½ cords wood for jail..	12.25
14241	Thos. Germo, 10 cords wood for jail..	32.50
14501	Jerry Chognon, 10½ cords wood for Court House..	31.50
14663	A. D. Reapelle, 26 cords wood for court house	78.00
14673	Joseph Salley, 1930 lbs. coal for court house..	9.65
14986	First State Bank, 3 cords wood..	11.25
16652	First State Bank, 1 cord wood..	3.75
17088	A. L. Roy, coal..	4.15
	Total	$ 273.60

REPORTING BIRTHS AND DEATHS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14505	Felix Anderson..$	1.00
14506	F. J. Akerlund..	1.75
14507	Joseph Duchomp..	.25
14508	Chas. Sveasgaard..	1.75
14509	John Radnecki..	1.00
14510	W. A. Swanson..	1.50
14511	A. J. Hemstad..	1.50
14512	Lewis Sall..	2.75
14513	Olaf Tande..	2.75
14514	Alex Patnode..	1.00
14515	C. N. Urdahl..	1.00
14516	O. L. Dahl..	.75
14517	Julius Olson..	.50
14518	J. W. Vrolson..	3.50
14519	R. M. Johnson..	2.75
14520	M. Duchorme..	1.25
14524	Peter Boertg..	5.75
14522	A. D. Berry..	1.50
14523	Sam Lovaas..	2.25
14524	G. J. Fordhagen..	1.50
14525	E. J. Overland..	3.75
14526	Olaf Larson..	.25
14527	J. W. Pahlen..	.50
14528	C. E. Naplin..	2.25
14529	A. Lauiel..	4.50
14530	J. C. Wilkinson..	11.25
14531	Hdalge Borll..	1.00
14532	M. T. Torgerson..	4.75
14533	A. S. Anderson..	2.50
14534	P. Kagelslad..	4.00
14535	J. C. Cummings..	2.25
14536	Nels K. Anderson..	1.25
14537	W. H. Quist..	2.00
14538	C. P. Quist..	1.50
14539	Tobias Stene..	3.25
14540	Joseph Johnson..	3.25
14541	J. L. Cosette..	0.50
14542	P. L. Vistaunet..	7.75
14543	M. W. H. Bockman..	27.00
14544	J. R. Larsna..	2.30
	Total	$ 127.50

PRINTING AND ADVERTISING

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14136	Chas. W. Latta..$	21.20
14320	John W. Eastman..	4.40
14660	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14661	Red Lake Falls Gazette.	32.08
14662	St. Hilaire Spectator..	3.00
11800	Red Lake Falls Gazette	538.26
11989	St. Hilaire Spectator..	8.70
14997	Red Lake Falls Gazette	30.40
16222	Red Lake Falls Gazette	88.63
16561	Red Lake Falls Gazette	133.92
16734	John W. Eastman..	4.40
16965	Improvement Bulletin..	17.90
	Total	$ 883.64

BLANK BOOKS, BLANKS, STATIONERY AND SUPPLIES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
11102	W. A. Schreiter..$	17.00
14103	Free Press Printing Company..	19.50
14104	The Pioneer Press Company..	47.50
11105	Miller-Davis Printing Company..	22.55
14137	Red Lake Falls Gazette	46.30
14138	S. W. Bagley..	58.25
14319	S. W. Bagley..	41.26
14721	St. Paul Book & Stationery Company..	12.95
SIX		
14322	Miller-Davis Printing Company..	23.91
14323	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company..	41.65
14324	Geo. D. Barnard & Company..	35.51
14325	Free Press Printing Company..	19.20
11326	The Pioneer Press Company..	1.20
14661	Red Lake Falls Gazette	27.50
14662	St. Hilaire Spectator..	13.50
14669	W. A. Schreiter..	2.20
14674	Free Press Printing Company..	28.25
14675	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company..	17.50
14676	Miller-Davis Printing Company..	80.12
14677	Louis F. Daw Company	33.80
14813	John W. Eastman..	15.00
11834	W. A. Schreiter..	7.60
14841	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company..	30.00
14842	The Journal-Press Company..	26.90
14843	The Pioneer Press Company..	26.40
14844	Miller-Davis Printing Company..	108.83
14845	Miller-Davis Printing Company..	37.45
14993	Red Lake Falls Gazette	43.98
14997	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.50
14998	Brown, Treacy and Sperry Company..	43.70
14599	Miller-Davis Printing Company..	49.75
16000	Geo. D. Barnard & Company..	35.23
17006	W. A. Schreiter..	12.38
16127	John Eastman..	3.00
16135	Geo. D. Barnard & Company..	10.00
16136	Geo. D. Barnard & Company..	10.00
16138	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co..	46.00
16139	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co..	25.75
16220	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co..	15.00
16211	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co..	45.45
16242	F. P. DuFresne..	1.00
16243	Free Press Ptg. Co..	20.85
16244	McGill-Warner Co..	2.75
16245	Geo D. Barnard & Co..	5.00
16246	The Pioneer Press Co..	13.00
16247	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co..	4.00
16248	Geo. D. Barnard & Co..	6.07
16254	Free Press Ptg. Co..	38.75
16255	Pioneer Sash & Door Factory..	40.00
16556	The Pioneer Co..	10.50
16557	W. A. Schreiter..	18.23
16258	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co..	1.50
16359	Geo D. Barnard & Co..	2.31
16360	Free Press Ptg. Co..	13.45
16361	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co..	24.00
16362	McGill-Warner Co..	7.06
16363	West Publishing Co..	10.00
16364	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co..	20.70
16365	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co..	47.17
16366	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co..	23.70
16403	A. L. Reichert..	1.00
16557	McGill-Warner Co..	41.85
16558	McGill-Warner Co..	15.88
16559	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co..	31.10
16563	Red Lake Falls Gazette	34.25
16560	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co..	24.63
16530	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co..	39.14
16631	Fritz & Cross..	26.20
16632	The Pioneer Co..	1.83
16733	St. Hilaire Spectator..	7.25
18735	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co..	8.23

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amt.
[illegible]	McKenzie, Robbins Ptg. Co.	22.00
[illegible]	Geo. H. Barnard & Co.	10.82
[illegible]	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	5.47
[illegible]	St. Hilaire Spectator	8.25
[illegible]	McKenzie, Robbins Ptg. Co.	17.50
[illegible]	[illegible] F. Dow	11.25
[illegible]	Fritz & Cross	17.00
[illegible]	John W. Eastman	3.59
[illegible]	Free Press Ptg. Co.	6.26
[illegible]	Geo. H. Barnard & Co.	32.55
[illegible]	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	86.27
[illegible]	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	7.50
[illegible]	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	4.00
[illegible]	Fritz & Cross	13.67
[illegible]	The Pioneer Co.	44.45
[illegible]	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	31.38
	Total	$2103.35

RENT OF TELEPHONES

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amt.
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	$ 17.15
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	5.00
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	10.00
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	16.00
[illegible]	Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex.	10.00
[illegible]	Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex.	16.00
[illegible]	Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex.	18.00
	Total	$ 92.15

TELEPHONE SERVICES

LONG DISTANCE

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	$ 1.50
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	2.00
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	8.45
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	3.50
[illegible]	Lewis A. Nelson	3.50
[illegible]	C. W. Johnson	.45
[illegible]	Lewis A. Nelson	4.55
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	5.20
[illegible]	S. A. Swanson	2.40
[illegible]	Lewis A. Nelson	4.20
[illegible]	John B. O'Brien	.70
[illegible]	H. F. Anderson	3.45
[illegible]	Lewis A. Nelson	1.75
[illegible]	O. T. Tandberg	1.05
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	7.65
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	1.85
	Total	$ 55.40

WOLF BOUNTY

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible] Holland	$ 7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Peterson	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] B. Anderson	15.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	Albert Brink	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Hermundson	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Johnson	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	15.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	15.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Halley	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Anderson	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] J. Lillo	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Lee	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Brateng	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Arntz	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Hanson	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Helle	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] L. Anderson	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	22.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Wold	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	15.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Norander	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Falardeau	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] B. Anderson	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Raymond	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Hart	45.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Whaley	82.50
[illegible]	Andrew L. Kjos	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Hart	20.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Ness	35.00
[illegible]	Henry Hallstrom	12.50
[illegible]	Joseph Mayer	30.00
[illegible]	Peter Johnson	15.00
[illegible]	H. B. Laplante	20.00
[illegible]	Fred Forath	12.50
[illegible]	Knute Steen	12.50
[illegible]	George Orr	12.50
[illegible]	L. C. Evig	12.50
[illegible]	Wm. Roe	12.50
[illegible]	S. W. Sjoberg	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Thompson	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Peterson	12.50
[illegible]	Frank Patterson	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Hagen	12.50
[illegible]	Fred Cyr	12.50
[illegible]	George [illegible]	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	12.50
[illegible]	L. C. Evig	37.50
[illegible]	J. M. Hoddelson	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Salberg	12.50
[illegible]	Fred Just	12.50
[illegible]	John Dahlin	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Baker	12.50
[illegible]	Peter Thom	12.50
[illegible]	Albert Prestegaard	25.00
[illegible]	Willie E. Smith	25.00
[illegible]	Fred Schoenauer	25.00
[illegible]	Ole Britland	12.50
[illegible]	Oscar Haugen	12.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	12.50
[illegible]	Fridolph Anderson	12.50
[illegible]	Sigurd Wold	12.50
[illegible]	Martin Ford	25.00
[illegible]	Ole Skaar	12.50
[illegible]	W. H. Fletcher	25.00
[illegible]	Albert Brink	12.50
[illegible]	Horace Corbell	25.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Folk	12.50
[illegible]	Hans Holte	12.50
[illegible]	Gideon Desseiller	12.50
[illegible]	John Medchill	12.50
[illegible]	Walter Petterson	12.50
[illegible]	Martin Ford	12.50
[illegible]	John A. Hirsch	12.50
[illegible]	Fred Schoenauer	12.50
[illegible]	Albert Brink	12.50
[illegible]	Fred Robiland	12.50
[illegible]	George Olson	12.50
[illegible]	Henry Darsow	12.50
[illegible]	Kristian Skaaren	12.50
[illegible]	L. H. Fletcher	25.00
	Total	$1440.00

CROW BOUNTY

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amt.
[illegible]	Elmer Guillmette	$ .50
[illegible]	Fred Cyr	2.50
[illegible]	Peter Benoit	1.50
[illegible]	George G. Orr	.40
[illegible]	Geo. W. Herr	.70
[illegible]	William Cyr	1.50
[illegible]	Joseph Hirsch	.30
[illegible]	Clermont Grealy	.10
[illegible]	[illegible] Heinemuth	.15
[illegible]	Ernest Patnode	.30
[illegible]	George Orr	.50
[illegible]	Ernest Hedeen	1.50
[illegible]	Samuel Draeger	.70
[illegible]	Homer Demeules	.30
[illegible]	Peter Benoit	.80
[illegible]	Emile Swanson	1.20
[illegible]	Ole Skaar	1.50
[illegible]	Elvin Bammerud	2.20
[illegible]	Walter Tillman	.60
[illegible]	George Orr	.30
[illegible]	Elmer Anderson	1.70
[illegible]	Herman Blomberg	4.20
[illegible]	S. O. Flage	.10
[illegible]	Wm. Philion	.20
[illegible]	Ernest Hedeen	2.00
[illegible]	David Engebretson	.50
[illegible]	Thomas Hirsch	.30
[illegible]	Sidney Marchildon	.60
[illegible]	Adolph Hance	.10
[illegible]	Preston Hall	.20
[illegible]	Joseph Schoenauer	1.40
[illegible]	Walter Peterson	1.60
[illegible]	George Moestad	1.50
[illegible]	Tom Torgerson	2.25
[illegible]	Bernt Brateng	2.40
[illegible]	Hans Wiken	2.00
[illegible]	Bennie P. Johnson	2.50
[illegible]	Ole Skaar	2.50
[illegible]	Carl Hovie	1.70
[illegible]	Gilbert Reiersgard	.20
[illegible]	Alfred Hoerig	1.30
[illegible]	Edmund Hince	2.20
14939	Nils Monsebraten	1.30
14940	Arthur Johnson	2.00
14941	John Luxenberg	2.20
[illegible]	Harvey Honbury	.20
14944	Alex Luxenberg	.10
[illegible]	David Engebretson	.50
14946	Phillip Seiff	.10
14947	Hubert Garceau	2.20
14948	Peter Starken	1.90
14949	Sidney Marchildon	.20
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.00
[illegible]	David Engebretson	.60
[illegible]	Fred Westphal	10.30
[illegible]	R. E. Vance	2.70
[illegible]	Preston Hall	.60
[illegible]	Geo Orr	.60
14958	Lewis Steen	1.10
14959	Andrew Knutson	2.30
14960	Pierre Emard, Jr.	.60
14961	Elfige Houle	2.10
14962	Emil Ortloff	25.60
14963	Harry Ortloff	18.60
14964	Palmer Ness	3.60
15016	Howard Campbell	.70
15017	Reuben Nelson	.20
15020	Peter Fabro	.40
[illegible]	L. S. Olson	6.80
15023	Peter Joringdal	1.50
15024	Peter Joringdal	.50
15025	Jacob Aaseby	.50
15026	Carl Brekke	.70
15027	Elmer Lee	1.50
15030	Gilbert Hunt	2.20
15031	L. Dimmen	2.40
15032	Myron Boyce	1.40
15035	Henry Hallstrom	2.50
15036	August Landa	9.60
15037	Frank Rowlek	2.40
15038	John Mikulecky	7.00
15039	Ralph Ray	4.60
15040	George Norander	.70
15041	Ole Skaar	3.60
15042	Ida Sande	1.00
15043	Carl Blom	5.40
15045	Carl Schmidt	.40
15046	George Rock	1.70
15047	John Greenwold	4.30
15048	Carl Carlson	1.40
15049	Jim Ford	1.40
15050	Joe Ford	1.30
15051	Walter Humes	1.20
15054	Peter Benoit	2.50
15055	Arthur Normondeau	.30
15057	Elford Hall	.40
15058	Konrad Hirsch	.10
15059	Walter Treiman	.30
16102	Will Gauthier	2.20
15060	Myron Boyce	1.50
15061	John Lasha	2.39
15062	Fredolph Anderson	1.40
15063	Erdman Schultz	2.50
15064	Lester Double	.70
15065	Myron Engebretson	.60
15066	Peter Starken	1.00
15067	Herman Schneider	.50
15068	Iver Anderson	1.10
15069	Arthur Johnson	.60
15070	Noel Delorme	5.70
15071	Andrew Norman	1.20
15072	C. D. Gustafson	2.00
15074	Antoine Paige	1.60
15076	Walter Peterson	1.80
15067	Otto Eckstein	.70
15077	H. S. Findeisen	2.20
15078	Ole Lappegard	.90
15079	Bernt Brateng	5.00
15080	Sam Johnson	.80
15081	Jacob Aaseby	1.70
15082	Harry Myrom	10.60
15083	Edward Gravlie	3.90
15084	Carl Berg	1.70
15085	John A. Anderson	2.00
15086	Ellard Iverson	9.10
15087	Ernest Hedeen	1.30
15088	Peter Matteson	3.00
15089	Harvey Johnson	2.60
15090	Albert Solerberg	6.80
15091	Gust Lindberg	3.10
15092	Elvin Bammerud	4.80
15093	John O. Running	2.00
15094	Carl Hovie	.80
15095	Helmer Sorvik	.90
15096	Phonle Maaren	2.00
15097	Oscar Gordin	.40
15098	Ole Nelson	.40
15099	Geo. Ramsey	.40
16000	Carl L. Buse	.40
16001	Ludger Desseiler	1.30
16002	Frank Reloschmidt	.30
16003	Olle Matteson	.50
16004	Loza Goulet	1.20
16005	Victor Daoust	1.80
16006	Myron Boyce	1.80
16007	Jim Ford	1.10
16008	Herman Just	1.60
16009	Mose Mayer	2.80
16010	Arthur Skogren	1.80
16011	Herbert Carlson	2.40
16012	Carl J. Lindberg	2.00
16013	Olaf Nordhagen	3.80
16013½	Edward Lambert	.60
16014	Tom Torgerson	2.20
16015	Thomas Nash	.70
16016	Edmond Hince	2.60
16017	W. L. Riel	3.30
16018	Henry Hyland	1.70
16019	Henry Olson	2.00
16020	Crispeo Schoultz	.40
16024	Ray Lindquist	1.30
16025	Peter Schirrick	3.80
16026	A. F. Hall	4.40
16027	Carl G. Swanson	3.30
16028	Arthur Avelson	4.70
16029	Peter Peterson	1.30
16030	Carl Nelson	.40
16031	Elmo Swenson	2.30
16032	Hjalmar Peterson	1.40
16033	E. E. Kalk	4.10
16034	Oscar Sandberg	5.80
16035	Sam Lorentson	1.50
16036	Hans Wiken	1.70
16037	Sylva Lajoinbe	1.00
16038	Joseph Varin	3.20
16039	Pirie Perusse	.70
16040	Joe Mayer	2.70
16041	Alfred C. Olson	9.20
16043	Roy Wallen	1.60
16044	Eddie Whaley	3.10
16045	J. M. Hoddelson	2.50
16046	Tuly Brink	4.80
16048	William Prantz	6.40
16049	Harry Ortloff	22.30
16050	Victor Johnson	2.00
16051	Otto Ortloff	21.60
16052	Paul Rux	3.50
16053	Andrew L. Ortloff	30.90
16054	Walfred Carlson	2.30
16055	Ole Prantz	2.00
16056	Elmer Dahlstrom	1.20
16057	Emil Erickson	5.10
16058	Enoch Swanson	5.30
16059	Fred Brandeold	4.60
16060	Fred Oberg	1.00
16061	Paul Ortloff	13.90
16062	August Bessler	14.90
16063	Henry Ortloff	5.60
16064	H. T. Swanson	3.30
16065	Earnest Yonke	12.50
16066	Albert Llod	1.50
16067	Winton Hoard	4.30
16068	Tennie Troeson	9.50
16069	Selmer Wahlbeck	.80
16070	John Strom	2.60
16071	Henry Hanson	5.90
16072	Elmer Hanson	1.40
16074	Thorval Hendrickson	3.90
16075	Hubert Garceau	1.00
16077	Benole Mahln	1.60
[illegible]	August Crown	.30
16082	Joseph Schoenauer	2.30
16085	David Bjornquist	1.00
16086	Thomas Larson	2.60
16090	Will Suprenault	.70
16091	Peter Burstad	1.40
16093	Theodore Clement	.80
16095	Gunder Herjusson	.60
16096	Edmond Baurgeos	.40
16097	Andrew Anderson	1.50
16098	Jorgen Gunstenson	1.30
16099	E. K. Synersrud	1.40
16100	Ole Thonoe	4.60
16101	Andrew Larson	6.40
16103	R. Riersgaard	1.40
16104	George S. Baird	1.80
16105	William Engh	2.00
16106	Sidney Stephens	.60
16107	Harold Haugen	1.20
16108	Will Bothmann	4.70
16109	John Mikulecky	5.70
16110	Theodore Rustad	.90
16111	George Biskey	1.80
16112	Hjalmar Blomberg	1.80
16113	Carl Johnson	3.20
16116	C. A. Swanson	3.40
16152	Deals McGinn	.70
16154	Roy Glass	.60
16155	Arthur Christofferson	1.20
16158	Carl Person	1.70
16182	Tobias Stene	.80
16183	Napoleon Cyr	.70
16184	Fred Cyr	3.20
16190	Norman Stenberg	1.10
16191	Eldage Robillard	.70
16195	Karl Bock	.50
16202	James Engvoldson	.30
16259	Severt Torske	.90
16260	Gunsten Gunstenson	2.50
16261	Gunno Gunstenson	2.70
16264	Iver Tande	1.80
16265	P. E. Schoenauer	2.10
16268	Ole Warstad	.80
16269	Gilman Hegland	1.60
16274	Arthur Derosier	2.40
16279	Sigvart Bergh	1.30
16281	Euchers Huot	1.50
16282	Alfred Helgeson	1.60
16305	Philip Manatt	7.50
16101	Victor Mosbeck	1.60
16123	Victor Medchill	.40
16509	Rene Oclaire	.20
16528	Wm. Palmquist	2.10
16609	Joe Hance	.70
16612	Henry Latendresse	.10
16613	Elmer Guillmette	.20
16614	Walter Lasha	.20
16616	George Orr	.10
16617	Wm. Landa	1.00
16619	Elmer Guillmette	.10
16620	Joseph Bishop	.60
16622	Louis Philion	.20
16625	Carsten Meade	.10
16666	Walter Lasha	.20
16668	Willie Riel	1.80
16669	Walter Tillman	.70
16672	Jorgen Gunstenson	1.60
16673	Carl Saones	.40
16674	Harry Myrom	1.90
16676	H. S. Findeisen	1.80
16678	Joseph Reopelle	.30
16679	Victor Lorenston	.90
16680	Albert Zavoral	.80
16685	John Mikulecky	2.30
16686	Leopold Varier	.70
16688	Herman Blomberg	2.00
16696	Ralph Roy	.30
16697	Bennie Johnson	2.00
16703	Lars Dumnen	1.60
16704	Andrew Larson	4.40
16705	Eli Prenevost	.30
16707	Henry Ortloff	2.60
16708	Andrew L. Ortloff	2.40
16716	George S. Baird	1.70
16717	Sivert O. Preslegaard	.10
16752	Loza Gaulet	1.80
16753	Gunsten Gunstensen	.30
16755	Arthur Cristopherson	.60
16777	Tobias Stene	.60
16781	Carl G. Swanson	1.40
16782	Gilbert Reiersgaard	.70
16785	Herman Just	.40
16791	Joe Schoenauer	1.40
16801	Jorgen Gunstensen	.80
16873	Elvin Barnrud	.70
17039	Victor Medchill	.80
17081	Roy Glass	.60
14897	Lloyd Crown	8.50
16603	John Mikulecky	5.20
	Total	$ 733.05

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

No. of Warrant.	To whom Issued.	Amt.
14101	H. T. McAnulty, Livery and traveling expenses	$ 80.50
14107	Hunt Hardware Co., Supplies for County offices	13.10
14117	Fred Bellard, Banking Court House	1.00
14118	Chas. F. Kankel, Adm'r supplies for County offices	8.65
14119	E. L. Quist, recording miscellaneous documents	7.85
14125	C. W. Johnson, recording Justice Certificates of Conviction	25.00
14126	C. W. Johnson, recording Inquest Proceeding for 1908	4.70
14127	Joseph Salley, Freight and drayage	1.75
14128	Joseph LaChance, Labor at Court House	3.20
14129	H. T. McAnulty, postage	4.00
14130	John B. O'Brien, postage	4.50
14131	E. L. Quist, postage	32.45
14133	F. J. Overland, Procuring primary and general election ballots	3.40
14134	Michael T. Torgerson, Procuring general election ballots	1.30
14135	Con Short, Livery hire, election returns, 1908	5.00
14147	Lewis A. Nelson, sawing 10 cords of wood	5.00
14173	Lewis Sall, procuring general election ballots	1.00
14223	G. H. Fressell, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kalseth, horse thief	66.66
14224	C. D. McLemon, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kalseth, horse thief	66.66
14225	Anton Nelson, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kalseth, horse thief	66.66
14327	M. Pinsonault, Janitor, Teachers Examination 3 days	6.00
14328	Frank Jeffers, Recording official bonds	20.75
14334	H. T. McAnulty, Furnishings in County Superintendent's office	65.30
14335	John B. O'Brien, Expense to St. Paul in regard to Ditch Bond	24.74
14336	Elnora Tarrant, expense taking Doris Tarrant to Red Wing	33.75
14337	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	15.86
14339	H. F. Anderson, Express charges, County Superintendent	5.51
14340	S. A. Swanson, Drawing grand and petit jury	6.40
14344	C. W. Johnson, postage, Clerk of Court	6.95
14345	C. W. Johnson, Miscellaneous filing fees	13.20
14346	C. W. Johnson, 1908 Delinquent Tax Proceedings	149.15
14347	Arthur Guillmette, Cleaning court house chimneys	2.00
14349	H. H. Skagen, Delivering election returns	1.00
14350	Marie Biexrud Conducting Teachers Examination	9.50
14351	H. F. Anderson, postage	6.60
14352	O. T. Tandberg, postage	32.69
14353	Frank Jeffers, postage	9.95
14354	John B. O'Brien, postage	25.25
14648	W. E. MacGregor, Conducting Teachers Examination	9.00
14649	Thief River Falls Lbr. Co., Lumber for repair on court house	1.08
14650	G. J. Nordhagen, procuring General election ballots	2.60
14651	Ellef Gravlie, carrying general election ballots	2.40
14652	Joseph Salley, fixing safe and moving desks	2.75
14653	H. F. Anderson, expense as County Superintendent	22.39
14656	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.50
14657	H. F. Anderson, postage	7.95
14658	C. W. Johnson, postage	5.45
14659	Lewis A. Nelson, postage	21.24
14664	Frank Jeffers, postage	2.00
14665	B. C. Hoyt, Agent, Remington Typewriter"	100.00
14666	Pen Puschinsky, fixing 2 wolf punches	.75
14667	V. M. Higinbotham, 5000 picture postals	25.00
14668	Frank Gagoon, sawing and piling 13½ cords of wood	8.10
14669	W. A. Schreiter, medicine for Dr. Gronerud	.90
14823	Frank Jeffers, certifying mortgages for tax and miscellaneous filings	50.25
14824	Louis Lacousiere, services at court house fire	1.00
14825	Henry Kruse, services at court house fire	7.00
14826	Ben Isaacson, services at court house fire	7.00
14827	Peter Benoit, services at court house fire	7.00
14828	Sandford Arnold, meals for watchers at court house fire	1.75
14829	John Drier, watching court house property 6 days	18.00
14830	Aug. Moren, Moving and opening safes	29.40
14831	A. L. Roy, Drayage	1.35
14832	H. F. Anderson, Livery and expense as County Superintendent	31.32
14833	Fred Krueger & Son, meals for juries	7.00
14835	Robert L. Zaiser, Cleaning court house chimneys	1.00
14836	Lewis R. Nelson, postage	3.50
14837	H. F. Anderson, postage	2.55
14838	Frank Jeffers, postage	11.50
14839	John B. O'Brien, postage	14.92
14840	O. T. Tandberg, postage	22.36
14883	Amelia Bergit, Typing list of property destroyed by fire	6.00
14955	A. L. Brunelle, watching court house property	3.90
14956	E. G. Buse, watching court house property	3.90
14982	L. A. Kaufer, Leather belt and wrist shackle	1.75
14984	L. A. Kaufer, premium on insurance policy	12.00
14985	O. T. Tandberg, postage	5.75
14986	Robertson Lbr. Co. Lumber for desk	6.62
15003	Carl Schusser, watching court house property	5.00
15002	John Drier, watching court house property	39.00
15003	M. A. Converse, watching court house property	3.90
15004	John Drier, watching court house property	27.00
15005	John Drier, watching court house property	2.00
15052	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	6.16
16041	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	66.64
16120	John Drier, watching court house property	48.50
16121	H. F. Anderson, May expenses as County Superintendent	39.73
16122	H. F. Anderson, April expense items	5.46
16123	H. F. Anderson, postage	6.50
16125	Ben Isaacson, sawing 6 cords of wood	3.60
16129	S. A. Swanson, repairs on safe and telegrams	1.79
16132	A. A. Latendresse, postage	4.50
16123	A. A. Latendresse, Livery for Commissioners	10.06
16145	Joseph Pigeon, mileage and inspecting court house	61.14
16147	Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage, inspecting court house	59.60
16175	S. A. Swanson, rent of Probate office	5.00
16196	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. co., rent of court house	60.00
16204	F. L. Harley, premium on insurance policy	60.78
16205	O. T. Tandberg, stamps	49.88
16207	O. A. Kankel, Est., supplies	10.70
16226	A. A. Latendresse, serving notices on Town Chairmen	24.00
16228	A. P. Toupin, premium on County Treasury bond	287.50
16229	H. R. Williams, member Board of Appointment	6.80
16230	H. P. Rued, member Board of Appointment	7.80
16231	Olaf O. Omlid, member Board of Appointment	11.40
16232	Ellef Gravlie, member Board of Appointment	7.40
16233	E. H. Besancon, member Board of Appointment	10.40
16234	Edward Iverson, member Board of Appointment	9.00
16235	Lewis L. Rosland, member Board of Appointment	11.20
16236	T. P. Hamre, member Board of Appointment	6.00
16255	Wm. C. L. Demann, adjusting fire loss	4.20
16256	C. A. Lindquist, 1 day Committee work	3.00
16277	Frank Mills, Cleaning adding machine	2.50
16306	Chas. E. Boughton, Attorney, professional services	152.50
16307	J. C. Wandor, chair for probate office	7.50
16308	First State Bank, rent Register of Deed's office	33.00
16310	Joseph Sulley, Drayage	4.00
16311	H. F. Anderson, expense in June as County Superintendent	23.98
16314	John B. O'Brien, postage	2.44
16315	John B. O'Brien, Express charges	10.62
16317	W. A. Schreiter, Floral designs O'Brien and Tandberg	36.05
16320	Joseph Prudhomme, Ice, County Auditor's office	3.50
16321	C. W. Johnson, postage and express	7.65
16313	John B. O'Brien, allowance by Board	50.00
16337	C. H. Martz, purchase of field notes	5.00
16362	S. A. Swanson, supplies for County office	73.19
16353	Gareeau & Ruberlus, supplies for County office	2.80
16372	John Drier, watching court house property	61.00
16373	A. L. Roy, April, May and June drayage	6.10
16376	James J. Dow, Superintendant, dues on per cent of blind at State School	40.00
16397	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16399	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16403	A. L. Reichert, medicine for Mose Paronteau	1.25
16404	Aug. Morin, Carpenter work County office	8.98
16120	Guy A. Penny, Treasurer, Board Appropriation for County Fair	250.00
16549	Eli Lasha, work and material for repairing Register of Deed's vault	8.70
16560	Joseph Belair, watching court house property	3.00
16553	Michel Pinsonault, Janitor at summer school	57.50
17017	Lewis A. Nelson, post and material phones	9.64
16565	Frank Jeffers, Recording fees and making school map	48.05
16556	Frank Jeffers, postage	27.04
16568	Reinhort Johnsrud, Treasurer, ½ expense quarantining house of Anton Knudson	26.76
16571	C. A. Lindquist, Meeting of School Board, Unorganized District	3.00
16606	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16611	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co. rent of court house	50.80
16634	A. C. Mathison, conducting teachers examination	9.00
16635	R. H. Bourdon, Livery to County Commissioners	3.50
16637	H. F. Anderson, Livery as County Superintendent	6.00
16638	Robertson Lbr. Co., material for repairing vault	3.62
16639	H. F. Anderson, postage	9.50
16640	A. A. Lalendresse, stamped envelopes	32.41
16641	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	17.22
16636	S. A. Swanson, Drawing petit jury	3.20
16647	S. A. Swanson, postage	4.40
16722	Lewis A. Nelson, postage	6.00
16731	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.75
16732	Frank Jeffers, Field notes and ditch plats and township plats	154.00
16744	F. A. Grady, Attorney, professional services	205.60
16745	F. A. Grady, Attorney, professional services	355.50
16749	Christ Pederson, Treasurer, ½ expense contagious disease	25.00
16750	H. E. Ives, stamped envelopes	32.45
16774	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16775	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16778	A. G. Rogers, Superintendant, Dep. 6 inmates, State School	167.42
16806	C. A. Lindquist, member Board Unorganized School District	3.00
16814	Herman Ortloff, member Board of Appointment	4.50
16816	P. Christenson, General and Primary election returns, 1908	2.20
16816	Fremont D. Orff, plans, specifications and details for court house building	875.00
16863	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16864	Sortedahl, L. L. & Abs. Co. rent of court house	50.00
16955	Frank Jeffers, Recording 1250 folios, and Board's Resolution	75.00
16956	Frank Jeffers, Recording miscellaneous documents	4.76
16957	Frank Jeffers, postage	7.34
16960	August Morin, Moving safe and work in offices	14.00
16961	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	57.76
16962	Joseph Prudhomme, Furnishing ice, Auditor's office	8.90
16963	First State Bank, Rent Register of Deed's office	60.00
16964	Sydney Beloir, Chainman, Survey court house grounds	2.00
16966	Merchants State Bank, Iron safe in probate office	237.50
16967	H. F. Anderson, postage	15.00
16968	H. E. Ives, postage	28.45
17003	Glenn Martz, Assistant survey, state roads	2.50
17071	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
17076	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
17087	A. L. Roy, Drayage	7.50
17089	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.50
17090	Anderson & Wander, shade at Clerk's office	2.50
17091	Ben Isaacson, arranging rooms for court purposes	9.00
17092	H. F. Anderson, postage	3.00
17094	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	69.12
17095	F. A. Grady, Serving papers, Gaass vs. County Board	6.15
17097	Aug. Morin, repair of sheriff's residence	133.35
17096	Aug. Morin, moving Bray house	349.00
17103	Robertson Lbr. Co., Lumber and repair of Register's vault	17.35
17104	Robertson Lbr. Co., Lumber and repair of sheriff's residence	26.57
17109	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses summoning jury	27.97
17100	S. A. Swanson, Expense in Annie Lomland case	1.22
17227	Lewis A. Nelson, Expense conveying Annie Lomland to State School	35.94
16813	C. H. Martz, 1 day Engineer and expense, repair ditch	18.00
16987	C. H. Martz, 2 days Engineer and expense, repair ditch	30.90
17004	Glenn Martz, rodman 3 days, repair ditch	7.50
17011	Gilbert Haavi, chainman, 2 days, repair ditch	4.00
17016	Lewis A. Nelson, posting notices, repair ditch	9.00
16564	W. A. Schreiter, repairing notices, repair ditch	4.10
17022	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	4.40
17023	Ed. A. Aubol, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	6.00
17024	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	6.20
17025	C. A. Lindquist, Commissioner and mileage per diem, repair ditch	6.60
17026	Joseph Johnson, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	12.80
17120	Glenn Martz, 1 day rodman and Board repair ditch	3.68
17129	C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer and expense, repair ditch	10.50
17018	C. A. Lindquist, ½ Commissioners per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.30
17019	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.10
17020	Ed. A. Aubol, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.00
17021	Joseph Johnson, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	8.80
	Total	$8531.84

Statement of School District Funds.

Number of District	Bal. Jan. 2 1909 Dr.	Bal. Jan. 2 1909 Cr.	Receipts from State Apportionment and Tax Collections	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Payments to State Treasurer on Acct. of State School Fund	REFUND	Bal. Jan. 3 1910 Dr.	Bal. Jan. 3 1910 Cr.
1	$	$ 40.00	$ 680.49	$ 720.49	$ 463.93	$	$	$	$ 256.56
2			257.54	257.54	232.87				24.67
3			247.83	243.83	202.33				41.50
4			292.33	292.33	234.44				57.89
5		172.50	233.09	405.69	211.36				194.33
6			372.31	372.31	327.01				45.30
7			350.98	350.98	203.80				147.18
8			433.97	433.97	337.19				96.78
9			669.43	669.43	351.91				317.52
10		171.40	499.11	670.51	471.75				198.76
11		12.14	219.07	231.19	130.24	20.00	.17		80.78
12			504.74	504.74	313.99				190.75
13			521.00	521.06	472.11				48.95
14			312.67	312.67	243.41				69.26
15			11269.07	11289.07	10469.79		22.04		797.24
16		230.00	1228.36	1458.36	1348.39				109.97
17		109.50	590.99	790.49	513.32	51.00			226.17
18		2469.44	23642.15	26111.59	15141.84	720.00	16.71		10233.04
19		84.29	337.46	421.75	301.33				120.42
20		8.74	275.85	284.59	220.95	32.48			31.16
21		20.71	60.00	80.71	47.29				33.42
22		178.11	824.62	1002.73	439.49	276.00			287.24
23		6.83	378.24	385.07	235.56	12.00			137.51
24			146.63	146.63	93.29				53.34
25		23.02	520.89	543.91	379.16	10.00			154.75
26		15.03	231.70	246.73	123.50	12.97			110.26
27		374.34	590.38	964.72	491.27	54.00			419.45
28		51.99	291.67	343.66	249.64	43.17			50.85
29			375.06	375.06	221.45				153.61
30			199.69	199.69	191.05				8.64
31			272.82	272.82	176.47				96.35
32			397.45	397.45	248.91				148.54
33			220.79	220.79	220.79				
34			216.25	216.25	212.45				28.80
35		43.21	177.07	220.28	171.33				48.95
36			220.63	220.63	184.96				35.67
37			470.36	470.36	119.91				350.45
38			257.96	257.96	209.48	37.36			11.12
39			194.56	194.56	163.41	14.46			16.69
40			424.51	424.51	267.48				157.03
41		14.46	455.63	470.09	407.59	40.00			22.50
42			236.11	236.11	171.55	26.17			38.39
43			401.73	401.73	401.73				
44		1.50	313.01	314.51	259.38	24.00			31.13
45			8.86	8.86					8.86
46		5.42	375.94	381.36	242.11	28.00			111.25
47			244.05	244.05	155.43				88.62
48			187.85	187.85	176.45				11.40
49			345.09	345.09	198.64				146.45
50			224.15	224.15	142.48				81.67
51		79.99	356.03	436.02	306.77	24.00	9.70		95.55
52		79.85	285.32	365.17	284.25				80.92
53		139.08	239.81	378.89	274.43	15.50			88.96
54		40.00	662.94	702.94	613.05				89.89
55			208.00	208.00	140.50				67.50
56			144.72	144.72	140.33				4.39
57		51.20	133.79	184.99	126.53				58.46
58			175.33	175.33	96.47				78.86
59			198.63	198.63	145.77				52.86
60		91.96	168.05	260.01	227.36				32.65
63		240.40	613.00	853.40	511.23	26.61			315.56
64			439.01	439.01	310.17	60.33	6.48		81.48
65		1.80	106.53	108.33	74.16				34.17
66			295.35	297.35	221.39	27.80			48.16
67			72.02	72.02	21.86				50.16
73		40.00	352.78	392.78	237.72				155.06
76		9.16	719.37	728.53	296.43	32.03			400.10
78			54.40	54.40	54.40				
79		136.96	1619.03	1755.99	1347.76	83.20			325.03
80		6.20	676.82	683.02	523.16	21.00			138.86
81		113.92	1275.80	1389.72	1348.33	28.00			13.39
88		46.40	587.06	633.46	446.36				187.10
94		40.00	450.49	490.49	296.11				194.38
99		99.56	264.65	364.21	256.86				107.35
102		1286.71	2774.15	4060.86	3917.09		10.60		133.17
103			531.43	531.43	448.00				83.43
106		25.33	384.78	410.11	327.66		10.78		71.67
108		37.19	18.22	55.41	48.81				6.60
112		121.54	671.84	793.38	586.71	70.00			136.67
116			302.58	302.58	231.97				70.61
124			361.15	361.15	233.44				127.71
125			435.30	435.30	306.50	33.15			95.65
126		65.46	1410.61	1476.07	1148.28	72.00			255.79
127			554.68	554.68	356.46				198.22
130		189.99	301.97	491.96	380.39				111.57
133		40.00	554.73	594.73	516.22				78.51
135			478.31	478.31	318.60				159.71
141			388.59	388.59	347.16				41.43
147		34.23	587.83	622.06	399.75	116.00			106.31
148		72.79	716.23	789.02	312.04	208.00			268.98
149			257.81	257.81	219.12		2.98		35.71
151		146.06	680.39	826.45	648.30				178.15
153		101.33	386.39	487.72	286.44		.96		200.32
154		299.76	488.16	787.92	504.88				283.04
155		53.96	339.13	393.09	281.46				111.63
156			306.03	306.03	252.89		1.17		51.97
157			428.11	428.11	356.06				72.05
173		27.13	28.69	55.82					55.82
178			521.94	521.94	433.84				88.10
180			557.93	557.93	321.23				236.70
191			148.37	148.37	100.94				47.43
194		53.97	254.16	308.13	278.84		2.11		27.18
204		63.20	190.41	253.61	166.90	26.28			60.43
208			345.33	345.33	233.54				111.79
210		125.95	325.75	451.70	343.20	6.00			102.50
214			394.93	394.93	323.06				71.87
216		71.70	185.36	257.06	182.56				74.50
219			116.37	116.37	80.60				35.77
221			250.25	250.25	150.69				99.56
227		54.56	276.31	330.87	140.05				190.82
226		62.25	389.86	452.11	452.11				
233	87.26		404.34	317.08	244.23				72.85
Unorg.			1056.53	1056.53	759.86				296.67
Total	$87.26	$8273.22	$81182.06	$89367.02	$ 64421.65	$ 2288.10	$ 83.70	$	$ 22573.57

Receipts and Disbursements of

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE FUNDS.

City, Town and Village	Dr. Balance Jan. 2, 1909.	Cr. Balance Jan. 2, 1909.	Receipts from all Tax Collections and Licenses.	Total.	Payments to Treasurers.	Refunded.	State Loans & State Railroad Bonds	Cr. Balance Jan. 3, 1910.
Bray	$	$	$ 991.82	$ 991.82	$ 991.92	$	$	$
Black River			799.29	799.29	588.68			210.61
Clover Leaf			460.64	460.64	389.09			71.55
Deer Park			305.48	305.48	265.16			40.32
Emardville			929.02	929.02	710.08			218.94
Equality			1648.19	1648.19	1236.20			411.99
Garnes		25.82	1267.50	1293.32	845.74	.51		447.07
Gervais		47.68	1284.21	1331.89	910.78		30.00	391.11
Goodridge			291.59	291.59	226.44			65.15
Highlanding			371.91	371.91	290.73			81.18
Hickory			13.00	13.00	8.54			4.46
Kratka			467.29	467.29	425.86			41.43
Lake Pleasant		534.85	1127.32	1662.17	1020.56		40.00	601.61
Lambert		137.62	1749.69	1887.31	1097.35		70.00	719.96
Louisville		468.24	1123.85	1592.09	1295.08	.68		296.33
Mayfield			358.68	358.68	299.95			58.73
Norden		66.12	677.53	743.65	532.19			211.46
North		73.78	1082.76	1156.54	783.72			372.82
Numedal			1374.86	1374.86	1024.61	14.34		335.91
Polk Centre		504.63	1265.99	1770.62	1278.09		10.00	482.53
Poplar River		10.00	1739.20	1749.20	1342.98		20.00	386.22
Red Lake Falls Township		124.92	830.62	955.54	378.60		180.00	396.94
River Falls		495.25	1266.57	1761.82	719.08	.38		1042.36
Rocksbury		503.58	816.80	1320.38	899.80			420.58
Reiner			152.10	152.10	129.43			22.67
Sanders		197.79	877.90	1075.69	629.41	14.42		431.86
Silverton		50.60	488.20	538.80	427.33			111.47
Smiley		106.71	621.79	728.50	618.62	8.10		101.78
Star			158.83	158.83	135.08			23.75
Terrebonne		219.18	1849.53	2068.71	1310.59			758.12
Wyandotte		263.02	766.59	1029.61	689.33			340.28
Plummer Village			416.66	416.66	396.04			20.62
St. Hilaire Village			1370.43	1370.43	1210.21	14.56		145.66
Red Lake Falls City		60.99	5475.90	5536.89	3562.82	16.84	390.00	1567.23
T. R. Falls City		918.13	7193.04	8111.17	6574.66	7.24		1529.27
Total		$4808.94	$41614.78	$46423.72	$32133.63	$77.05	$740.00	$13478.04

COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance, Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 1540.48
Tax Collections	7198.08
State Appropriation	2958.80
Order on Township of Mayfield	200.00
Liquor Licenses	1000.00
Proceeds from Settlement Forfeited Tax Sale	.15
Total	$ 12898.58

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued, (includes Inebriate Hospital Tax)	$ 11412.65
Refundments	10.88
Credit Balance, Jan. 3rd, 1910	1475.96
Total	$ 12898.48

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant.	To whom Issued.	Amt.
14080	B. E. Burkee, Treasurer	$ 376.38
14114	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	1.50
14115	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.00
14110	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.80
14359	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.00
14360	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	4.00
14361	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	6.60
14362	Hennepin Bridge Company	1000.00
14363	Hennepin Bridge Company	2485.00

Continued on Page Six.

Tickling in the Throat

"Just a little tickling in the throat!" Is that what troubles you? But it hangs on! Can't get rid of it! Home remedies don't take hold. You need something stronger—a regular medicine, a doctor's medicine. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral contains healing, quieting, and soothing properties of the highest order. Ask your doctor about this. No alcohol in this cough medicine. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Constipation positively prevents good health. Then why allow it to continue? An active liver is a great preventive of disease. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. What does your doctor say?

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Governor Eberhart is glad that the county optionists have gone "back to the farm."

The American hog has been going some. He has been commanding $10 in the markets recently.

The Ballinger investigation is developing a race of prevaricators. This is so far the sole result of the inquiry.

Minnesota has given 115,121,295 acres to homesteaders and 159,125,731 to railroad corporations and the people have invariably had to pay the cost of constructing the railroads besides.

The strength shown by the county option forces at the convention in St. Paul last week was so menacing to the politicians and the liquor interests that a lot of people haven't got their breath yet.

The state banks of Minnesota show an increase of $5,576,030 in resources and liabilities in 1909 over 1908. The total for 1909 was $103,313,453, the capital stock $12,257,100, and the surplus fund $2,671,137.78. There were 646 state banks operated during 1909, against 616 in 1908.

W. E. McEwen, head of the state labor department, says: Since the passing of the new compulsory educational law 6,000 children have been put in school. In each case the department sent a letter to the parent calling his attention to the law and the reported violation and the child was immediately sent to school.

The day for Easter is the result of an astronomical calculation. It falls upon the first Sunday following the first full moon after the vernal equinox. The sun crosses the spring equinoctial line on March 21. If that day should be a Saturday and the moon reach the full that night, the next day, March 22, will be Easter. The concurrence of events, as stated, has been recorded but once in a calculated period covering beyond two hundred years.

The Breckenridge Telegram advises drastic action by northern Minnesota in saying that "it is not much of a man who will not fight for his home or rights. Let every northern Minnesota representative remember that when he goes to St. Paul next winter to fight for an honest reapportionment and if he cannot get his rights see that no one else gets his. Carry insurgency to the limit and see that the southern part of the state gets nothing until they quit playing the hog."

Some candidates for office never learn the lesson of appealing to the voters in a manner calculated to win popular support. For instance Robert J. Wells, aspirant for state auditor, declares as his principal claim to preferment that he "has fought the battles of the Republican party for thirty-two years." How weak and futile such an argument! A political party owes no man a cent for loyalty, and no man has a right to render a bill for services presumably given in the interest of good government and public welfare. And, then, the auditorship is the biggest job in the state, and other considerations rather than those of political subserviency should govern in his selection. The plea to partizanship isn't a stirring cry.

The Saturday Evening Post tells this: "We've got a right smart ailing folks around here, or they say they are," said the hotel keeper at Mitchell, Indiana. "Now, there's old Uncle Jim. Ninety years old, if he's a day, and always grunting around as if he was ready to die the next minute. He went into the store the other day and the clerk said: 'How be ye today, Uncle Jim?' 'Feelin' awful bad,' said Uncle Jim. 'My stomach is all gone. Can't eat nothin'. Didn't sleep a wink last night for the misery of it. Nigh unto death, I am.' He grunted around some more and then he saw a basket of turnips sittin' there. 'Them's good turnips,' he said to the clerk. 'How much be they?' 'Twenty cents a peck,' says the clerk. 'Well,' says Uncle Jim, 'gimme half a peck of 'em,' and he took them, and I'll be goshswizzled if he didn't pull out his old jackknife and eat that half half peck of raw turnips right then and there."

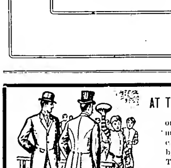
GOV. JOHN LIND.

Wheelock's Fergus Falls Weekly: Putting aside all questions of party expediency, and looking loyally to what is for the best interests of the state of Minnesota, it is clearly the duty of the democrats to nominate Hon. John Lind for the governorship. The state knows this, and any other nomination will be received with a coldness akin to that which has greeted many of the republican nominations of recent years. The menace of Gov. Eberhart's nomination as the best politician that the machine republicans can select calls for patriotism on the part of democrats, not policy work. Gov. Eberhart must be confronted by Gov. Lind, for the state's own sake, not for the sake of any party.

You will find the conveniences that go with a checking account at this bank indispensable for your business.

Our aim is to give depositors the benefit of modern banking facilities. To hold and encourage every legitimate business enterprise. To extend courteous treatment to large and small depositors alike.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
RED LAKE FALLS



AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

COUNTY OPTION.

There is a real county option fight on in Minnesota. The convention at St. Paul last week signalized the beginning of an active campaign for the election of a governor and legislature favorable to the passage and approval of a county option law. The convention was made up of earnest and sincere temperance advocates of all parties, creeds and nationalities, and they pledged their support and the support of their friends to any political program that will promise success to their cause.

Both of the old parties will be somewhat disturbed by the action of the county optionists, but the Republican party is put in a particularly embarassing position by the fact that the temperance people in advance refused to support their probable candidate for governor. This leaves the optionists the alternative of supporting the Democratic candidate or putting a third candidate in the field. It is needless, perhaps, to suggest that neither horn of the dilemma is a harbinger of Republican success in sofar at least as the governorship is concerned.

Whatever may be the individual view as to county option, it must be conceded that the people have a right to vote on the question. If the county doesn't like it after it is secured, as if the principle does not prove to be the panacea for liquor ills, license can again be secured by the resubmission to the people.

The Gazette fails to see the slightest infringement of the people's rights in county option or a menace to the public's welfare. If, for instance, Red Lake county doesn't want county option the will of the voters will be registered to that effect. But as an inherent right they should have the privilege of [illegible] for themselves. That is the democracy of Jefferson and the republicanism of Lincoln.

The political significance of the of the movement means nothing to the average citizen. He is probably willing one or all of the old parties should be defeated, or, if necessary, obliterated, in the cause of justice.

EXCHANGE EXCHOES.

Ortonville Herald-Star: It seems to be the ethics of candidates for high office that if they are in favor of any issue they are permitted to say so, but if opposed it at once becomes a "legislative question" and mum is the word.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press: Let us pause just a moment, tardy in so doing though we be, to say a word of tribute to the name of Sydney M. Owen. But a few years ago the policies which he advocated so earnestly were ridiculed and branded as socialistic. Yet he lived to see the day when his theories became the theories of progressive men. He was honest and loyal and sincere. He was no politician but a mighty power for good. He helped make the world better.

Fergus Falls Weekly: The men of ample means—the bank presidents, the secretaries of corporations, the general managers of railroads, the high financiers—agree brantitully that the high cost of living is due to the extravagance of the American people. The dictum is usually delivered at a banquet which begins with oysters and sauterne and ends with Gruyere cheese and Chartreuse. The poor devil of a hod carrier, laid off in February because the weather has stopped building operation, has another opinion—but his views do not get into print.

Litchfield Independent: Seventy or eighty years ago Denmark was ruled by its aristocracy. Today the people come to their own. Its present prime minister is the son of a shoemaker, and not one of the eight ministers in his cabinet are of the nobility.

Ada Herald: Southern Minnesota should sit up and take notice. Reapportionment must come or steps should be taken to block all other legislation. This may not be the the proper spirit but northern Minnesota must be given a square deal on representation in the lawmaking body of the state.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: How we blow when we begin to put on airs!

And when a young widow means business it is up to the wise bachelor to trek for the tall timber.

The average man insists that he wouldn't do anything mean, yet there is a lot of petty meanness in the world.

If we ever publish a dictionary, we will define mollycoddle as a man whose every act meets with approval of his wife's mother.

If a married woman is looking for trouble all she has to do is to read extracts to her husband from the letters he wrote her during their courtship.

The man who attempts to grow fuzz on his bald pate hasn't any cause to lord it over his wife just because she spends a few dollars for hair switch.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: When we turn the other cheek it's of brass.

A girl loves admiration enough to marry the man who gives it to her.

Frankness is so unusual to a woman that when she uses it it is a mask.

Man wants but little here below, and if he gets it, somebody takes it away from him.

A man will spend $1 on a cab in the rain to save 5 cents worth of shine on his shoes.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
February 24th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 2:00 o'clock p. m. February 24th, 1910.

The matter of the division of the funds and credits between School District Nos. 180 and 99 and Dist. No. 69, which said last named district was formerly a part of District Nos. 180 and 99 came before the Board. The following resolution offered by Commissioner Johnson, who moved its adoption, seconded by Commissioner Demann:

Resolved, that the funds, moneys and credits of District No. 180 be divided between said Dist. No. 180 and Dist. No. 69 on a basis of 65 per cent to No. 180 and 35 per cent to Dist. No. 69; and that the funds, moneys and credits of District No. 99 be divided between said District No. 99 and Dist. No. 69 on a basis of 85 per cent to District No. 99 and 15 per cent to Dist. No. 69, said division to be made in both instances as of the date of July 31st, 1909.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Johnson Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: None.

Whereupon the chairman declared the said resolution adopted.

Whereas, The petition of Thomas Mureau, a freeholder of School District No. 7, in this county, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described, which are situate in said School District, and that said lands adjoin School District No. 141, and asking that his said lands may be set off from said District No. 7 to said District No. 141 for the following reasons:

It is four miles by road to school house in District No. 7 and only two and one-half miles to school house in District No. 141, was presented to the County Board of this County at a session of said Board held on the 4th day of January A. D. 1910, for the action of said Board thereon; and Whereas, it was thereupon ordered by said Board that a hearing should be had on said petition at a session of said Board commencing on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county; and Whereas, it was further ordered by and in said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a notice of said hearing in three public places in each of the School Districts to be affected by said petition, and by serving upon the clerk of each of said School Districts, personally, a copy of said notice, at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing and by giving two weeks published notice thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a duly qualified newspaper printed and published at Red Lake Falls in said county; and Whereas at the said session of said Board, commencing on said 24th day of February A. D. 1910, proof of the due publication, posting and service of said notice of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date, having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by the Board, with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, and being satisfied from all the evidence produced at such hearing that the allegations of said petition are true, and said Board being of opinion that the prayer of said petitioner should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined that the following described lands owned by him, to-wit:

The Northwest quarter (NW¼) of the Northeast quarter (NE¼), Northeast quarter of the Northwest (NW¼) and so much of the Northwest quarter of the Northeast quarter (NE¼ of NE¼) as lies west of the Poplar River, all in Section twenty (26), Township one hundred fifty (150), Range forty-two (42), be and the same are hereby set off from said School District No. 7 to said School District No. 141, and said lands are hereby made a part of said last named School District for all purposes whatever.

By order of the County Board.

Dated the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of the County Board,
Red Lake Co., Minn.

Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
(Seal) Clerk of the Board.

The petition of R. M. Johnson to be set off with his lands from School District No. 41 to School District No. 63 was read and on motion duly carried a day of hearing was set March 13th, 1910, at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimously that the petition of Anton F. [illegible] to be set off with his lands from School District No. 35 to School District No. 16 be rejected.

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimously that the Board take a recess until 4:00 o'clock P. M. February 25th, 1910.

Board reconvened at 4:00 o'clock p. m. February 25th, 1910, and called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

Commissioner Demann offered the following preamble and resolutions and moved their adoption:

WHEREAS, This county of Red Lake Minnesota, does not own a county court house and such court house is necessary for the proper accommodation of its officers and the business of the county, and in the judgment of this Board of County Commissioners the construction of a court house in and for said county is a public necessity.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That in the judgment of this Board of County Commissioners it is necessary to issue the bonds of this county of Red Lake in the amount of THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS ($37,000) for the purpose of building a court house in and for this county.

Resolved, That there be issued, executed and delivered the negotiable coupon bonds of this county of Red Lake, Minnesota, in the aggregate amount of Thirty-Seven Thousand Dollars ($37,000) for the purpose of building a court house in said county, and that the proceeds of the sale of said bonds shall be used therefor, and for no other purpose. That said bonds shall be Thirty-Seven (37) in number, each of the denominations of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($1,000) bearing date March First, Nineteen Hundred and Ten, due and payable Twenty (20) years from their date, numbered from 1 to 37, both inclusive, bearing interest at the rate of Five Per Cent (5 Per Cent) per annum, payable semi-annually, principal and interest payable at the banking house of the Northwestern National Bank of Minneapolis, Minnesota, the interest to maturity to be evidenced by appropriate coupons attached to each of said bonds, each to bear the number of the bond to which it is attached, and also numbered in the order in which they fall due.

RESOLVED FURTHER, That said bonds and coupons shall be substantially in the following form, with the necessary variations as to numbers and as to maturities of coupons, which said forms are hereby approved and adopted.

(Form of Bond.)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
STATE OF MINNESOTA
COUNTY OF RED LAKE.

No............ $1000

COUNTY COURT HOUSE BOND.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That Red Lake County, in the State of Minnesota, acknowledges itself indebted, and for value received, promises to pay to bearer, the sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($1,000) lawful money of the United States of America, on the first day of March, 1930, at the banking house of the Northwestern National Bank of Minneapolis, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, with interest thereon from date until paid, at the rate of Five Per Cent (5 Per Cent) per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of March and September of each year, at the same place, on the presentation and surrender of the annexed coupons as they severally become due.

This bond is issued by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, in the State of Minnesota for the purpose of building a court house in said County, and is issued by authority of and in strict accordance with the provisions of Chapter 175 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for the year 1905, entitled, "An Act to authorize the Board of County Commissioners of any County not already owning a County Court House, to issue its bonds and to use the proceeds thereof for the building of a County Court House." Approved April 14th, 1905.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED AND RECITED that all acts, conditions and things required by the laws and constitution of the state of Minnesota, to be done, precedent to and in the issuance of this bond, have been properly done, have happened and been performed in regular and due form and time as required by law, and that the total amount of the bonds issued for the said purpose of building a court house in said county, including this bond, does not exceed One per cent of the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of said county as fixed by the last preceding assessments for General Taxation, and that the total indebtedness of said county, including this bond, does not exceed any statutory or constitutional limitation.

The faith, credit and resources of said county of Red Lake are hereby irrevocably pledged for the prompt payment of the principal and interest of this bond at maturity.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, said county of Red Lake, Minnesota, by its Board of County Commissioners, has caused this bond to be signed by the chairman of said Board and attested by the county auditor, and sealed with the official seal this first day of March, 1910.

....
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: ....
(Seal) County Auditor.

(Form of Coupon.)

No............ $25.00

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA.

On the first day of.................. 19...., the County of Red Lake, Minnesota will pay bearer the sum of $25.00 at the banking house of The Northwestern National Bank of Minneapolis, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, the semi-annual installment of interest on its County Court House Bond dated March 1st, 1910, No.............

....
Chairman, Board of County Commissioners.
Attest: ....
County Auditor.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That each of said bonds and each of the interest coupons thereto attached shall be signed by the chairman of this Board and attested by the County Auditor, and each of said bonds shall be sealed by the county auditor with his official seal, and said auditor shall keep a record of said bonds, which record shall show the date, number and amount of each bond, the rate of interest, the time when due, the place where payable and the name of the party to whom issued, and when so executed and recorded the said bonds shall be delivered to John A. Duffy the purchaser thereof, upon his paying into the county treasury, the amount of his accepted bid therefor, which is not less than par.

RESOLVED FURTHER, That the proceeds of the sale of said bonds and the whole thereof, shall be used for the purpose of building a county court house in and for this county of Red Lake, Minnesota and for no other purpose.

Resolved Further, That there shall be and there hereby is levied an annual tax upon the taxable property of this county of Red Lake, in addition to all other taxes levied, sufficient to pay the interest accruing yearly upon said bonds, and when the principal is about to become due, there shall be in like manner levied a sufficient amount of taxes to pay such principal when due.

Joseph Pigeon, one of the members of said Board, seconded the motion to adopt said preamble and resolutions, whereupon the following vote was taken and recorded:

Those voting aye: Demann, Pigeon, Johnson and Lindquist.

Those voting nay: Aubol.

Whereupon said preamble and resolutions were duly declared adopted.

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimously that the Board take a recess until 9:00 o'clock a. m. February 26th, 1910.

Board reconvened at 9:00 o'clock a. m. February 26th, 1910, and meeting called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

The application of Chas E. Boughton for reduction of assessment and taxes on personal property for the year 1909 was, on motion duly made, granted subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Aubol who moved its adoption duly seconded by Commissioner Demann:

Resolved, That the sum of Fifty Dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Revenue Fund for the necessary expenses for a county exhibit at the Conservation Congress to be held in the city of St. Paul during the present month.

Further, That the said stated sum be turned over to V. M. Higginbotham of Red Lake Falls, he within a reasonable time to file a verified statement with the county auditor showing the disposition of said sum and in the event that there should be any part of the appropriation remaining in his hands after the payment of the expenses, said sum to be turned back into the county treasury.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist, and the following commissioners voted nay: None.

Whereupon said resolution was declared adopted.

Resolved, That the Township of Black River be reimbursed from the County Road and Bridge Fund in the sum of $100.00 on account of an appropriation heretofore made but not known to aid the said Township in the purchasing and placing of galvanized iron culverts between sections 20 and 21, in said Town, said Township required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

J. W. Pahlen, justice fees case State vs. Torgerson	$ 3.50
Knute Knutson, witness fees and mileage State vs. Torgerson	1.72
Dan Conroy, witness fees and mileage State vs. Torgerson	1.72
Jack Holman, witness fees and mileage State vs. Torgerson	1.72
Arthur Lessier, witness fees and mileage State vs. Torgerson	1.72
Toupin & Sons, Bal. insurance premium, sheriff's residence	9.60
L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co., machine for Co. Supt.	70.00
L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co., machine for Judge of Probate	70.00
Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county officers (2 bills)	3.60
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county officers	.74
Michel Pinsonneault, janitor at teachers' examination	2.00
Gilbert Haavi, viewer, final hearing Ditch No. 39 and exps.	8.72
Otto Zaiser, viewer, final hearing Ditch 38, 39 and 41 and exps.	16.00
S. O. Gjestvol, viewer, final hearing Ditch 38, 39 and 41 and exps.	20.41
Gunnard Lindquist, viewer, final hearing Ditch 38 and 41 and exps.	19.00
P. A. Grady, legal services, ac. Ditch No. 38 as per resolution	35.00
Glenn Martz, Asst. Engineer, 3 days @ $3.50 and exps., Ditch No. 39	13.50
Glenn Martz, Asst. Engineer, 2 days @ $3.50 and exps., Ditch No. 40	9.00
Glenn Martz, Asst. Engineer, 3 days @ $3.50 and exps., Ditch No. 41	13.50
Glenn Martz, Asst. Engineer, 1 day @ $3.50 and exps., Ditch No. 42	4.50
Glenn Martz, Asst. Engineer, 3 days @ $3.50 and exps., Ditch No. 38	13.50
Charles Fellman, 8 days as chainman @ $2.00 and exps., Ditch No. 43	23.35
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 38	6.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 39	3.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 41	3.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditches 44, 45 and 46	1.40
Joseph Pigeon, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 38	6.00
Joseph Pigeon, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 39	3.00
Joseph Pigeon, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 41	3.00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditches 44, 45 and 46	3.20
Joseph Johnson, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 38	6.00
Joseph Johnson, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 39	3.00
Joseph Johnson, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 41	3.00
Joseph Johnson, mileage Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditches 44, 45 and 46	9.60
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 38	6.00
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 39	3.00
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 41	3.00
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage, Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditches 44, 45, and 46	3.00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 38	6.00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 39	3.00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem, att. Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditch No. 41	3.00
C. A. Lindquist, mileage Spec. Meet. Co. Board, Ditches 44, 45 and 46	3.60

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake Co., Minn.

Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
(Auditor's Seal) Clerk of the Board.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

It is a generally recognized fact that medicines taken from the botanical kingdom are better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way, than those composed of strong mineral mixtures.

In the early settlement of this land, our forefathers were obliged to procure their medicines from Nature's great laboratories of forest and field. They searched out and compounded the different vegetable materials into teas, concoctions and medicines. That these pioneers found the most potent and valuable of the roots, herbs and barks placed at their disposal, is abundantly proven by the fact that the great majority of them were blessed with rugged health. They cured their diseases and were enabled to do the great preliminary work of civilization because the remedies they used were Nature's remedies, and specially adapted to the needs of humanity.

Among the very best of these vegetable preparations is S. S. S., a medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and barks in such combination as to make it the greatest of all blood purifiers and the finest of all tonics. S. S. S. does not contain the least particle of mineral in any form, and is absolutely a safe medicine for any one to use.

CHEMIST FOUND S. S. S. FREE FROM MINERALS.
A few years ago I was taken with Inflammatory Rheumatism. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S.S.S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free from potash or mercury. I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism, though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.
MRS. ELEANOR T. JONES
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While purifying the blood this great vegetable remedy builds up and strengthens every portion of the system. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Malaria, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, hereditary taints, and all other diseases and disorders caused by impure or polluted blood.

As a tonic S. S. S. is unequalled. It invigorates every portion of the system, and the healthy blood it creates largely assists in overcoming any derangement of the digestive system. If you are suffering from any blood trouble, or need a tonic to build up your constitution, you could not do better than to take S. S. S., a medicine that is in no degree harmful. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

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Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PROCEEDINGS

Continued from page 1

[illegible]

C. A. LINDQUIST,

A. A. LATENDRESSE,

County Auditor

[illegible] by Commissioner Aubol and seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that inasmuch as the proposed County Ditch No. 40 and County Ditch No. 38 drain the same territory the hearing on Ditch No. 40 is continued to the same hour as on Ditch No. 38, to wit: 5:00 o'clock p. m. of this day, at the city hall in city of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The matter of Ditch No. 39 came duly before the Board at 3:00 o'clock p. m. and on motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously the hearing thereon is ordered to be held at the city hall in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

The Board was called to order by the chairman at the city hall.

All members present.

The said petition was read and the arguments and objections of all persons interested were heard.

On motion duly carried the report of the viewers was referred back to them for correction as to the assessments against certain tracts of land.

The viewers were present and proceeded to make the necessary corrections in their report as agreed upon after which on motion made by Commissioner Aubol and seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the petition and the report of the engineer and viewers thereon were accepted and the following order establishing County Ditch No. 39 in Red Lake county was made.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Nesja and others, for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 39.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said Board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 3:00 o'clock p. m. of said day; and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this Board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said Board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said County Board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and viewers' report thereon, and said Board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said special session of said Board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to the public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this Board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 23rd day of February A. D., 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
(Seal) Clerk of Board

The matter of Ditch No. 38 came duly before the Board at the auditor's office at 5:00 o'clock p. m., and on motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously the hearing thereon is ordered to be held at the city hall in Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 9:00 o'clock a. m. February 24th, 1910.

The hearing on Ditch No. 40 on motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously is continued until 9:00 o'clock a. m. Feb. 24, 1910.

The Board is again called to order by the chairman at the city hall.

All members present.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that the Board take a recess until [illegible] o'clock a. m. Feb. 24th, 1910.

The Board reconvened at the auditor's office at 8:00 o'clock a. m. February 24th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 8:00 o'clock a. m.

All members present.

The matter of Ditch No. 41 came duly before the Board at 9:00 o'clock a. m. Feb. 24th, 1910, and on motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously the hearing thereon was continued until 8:00 o'clock a. m. February 26, 1910, at the office of the county auditor.

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimously that the Board adjourned to the city hall to act on County Ditches Nos. 38 and 40.

The Board was called to order by the chairman at the city hall at 9:00 o'clock a. m. February 24th, 1910.

All members present.

The arguments of all interested persons were heard on County Ditches Nos. 38 and 40.

Motion duly made, seconded and carried that the Board take a recess until 5:00 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at the city hall at 5:00 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Johnson, who moved its adoption, which was duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon.

Whereas, Ditch numbered 38 of Red Lake County, Minnesota, commonly known as the [illegible] Ditch comes up for final hearing before the County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910.

And, Whereas there is opposition to the construction of said ditch and as there are many legal questions involved therein,

Now, Be It Resolved, that F. A. Grady, an attorney at law, residing in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, be and he hereby is appointed [illegible] the County Commissioners and all other interested [illegible] in the matter of said County Ditch No. 38.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Johnson and Pigeon. Commissioner Aubol not voting.

Upon which the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

In the matter of County Ditch No. 38, moved by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously that instead of running across the Southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred fifty-three (153), Range thirty-nine (39), the route of said ditch shall be along the east section line of said section to the southeast corner of said section, thence due west on the south section line of said section until it connects with the route as surveyed.

Motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously that the Board take a recess until 8:00 o'clock a. m. February 25th, 1910.

Board reconvened at the auditor's office at 8:00 o'clock a. m. February 25th, 1910. Called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

The Board then heard further arguments of interested parties in the matter of County Ditches Nos. 38 and 40.

Motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously that the Board take a recess until 1:30 o'clock p. m.

Board reconvened at the city hall at 1:30 o'clock p. m. Called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

The Board continued to hear further arguments of interested parties in the matter of County Ditches Nos. 38 and 40, and the [illegible] County Ditch No. 38 was referred back to the viewers for correction as to the assessments against certain tracts of land.

The viewers were present and proceeded to make the necessary corrections in their report as agreed upon, after which on motion made by Commissioner Johnson, seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously that the engineer's report as amended for the establishment and construction of County Ditch No. 38 be accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the viewers' report as amended on file in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake county, Minn., whereupon the following order establishing County Ditch No. 38 in Red Lake county was made.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake.)

In the matter of the petition of Peder H. Thoreson and others for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County No. 38.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said Board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1910, at 5:00 o'clock p. m. of said day; and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this Board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said Board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said County Board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said Board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

The route of said ditch ordered changed so that instead of running across the Southeast quarter of Section Nineteen (19), Township One Hundred Fifty three (153), Range Thirty-nine (39), the route of said ditch shall be along the east section line of said section to the Southeast corner of said section, thence due west on the south section line of said section until it connects with the route thereof as surveyed.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said special session of said Board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to the public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer with the exception of the change in route hereinbefore shown, made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this Board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 25th day of February A. D., 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
(Seal) Clerk of Board

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that County Ditch No. 40 as petitioned for be rejected and that the reason for such rejection is that the territory which would be drained by said ditch is as well or better drained by County Ditch No. 38 and at a much less cost and expense to the property owners of said territory.

Motion carried unanimously.

Moved, seconded and carried unanimously that the Board take a recess until 8:00 o'clock a. m. February 26th, 1910.

Board reconvened at the auditor's office at 8:00 o'clock a. m. February 26th, 1910.

The matter of Ditch No. 41 came duly before the Board at 8:00 o'clock a. m. February 26th, 1910. The said petition was read and the arguments and objections of all interested persons were heard. After which on motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanimously the petition. Report of the engineer and viewers' report thereon were accepted and the following order establishing County Ditch No. 41 was made.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
)ss.
County of Red Lake)

In the matter of the petition of John N. Swanson and others, for a public ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 41.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the County Board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said Board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this Board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said Board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said County Board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said Board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said special session of said Board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to the public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this Board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 26th day of February A. D., 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
(Seal) Clerk of Board.

Motion made seconded and carried unanimously that the Board adjourn sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake Co., Minn.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
(Auditor's Seal) Clerk of the Board.

An Interposition

By SARAH G. RIKER

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There are people who sneer at the efforts of societies for psychical research. I don't.

There are persons who are always having either dreams that contain revelations or see apparitions or are conscious of something about to happen that does happen. I have no confidence in these people. If I believed in them it would argue that in their makeup there is something especially amenable to some hidden law. But my own experience disproves this. I have had a manifestation—I know of no better name for it—of more consequence than any of these of which I have heard, yet I have had but one in all my life.

And this experience of mine, having come but once to me, in addition to indicating that my being is not unusually susceptible to such influences, points to the fact that others, either living or dead, do interfere at times in the current of our lives.

But it is not my intention to deliver a lecture. I propose to tell a story. I am a bachelor. I live at a club, associate almost entirely with men and have no thought of marriage, and I may state here that I never expect to be married. I do expect, however, in another existence to be psychically united with one who will be to me my other self.

I was traveling and had been traveling for several days with but few and rather short stops. The season was summer, the time of day evening. My conveyance was a railroad train. I was sitting by an open window, looking out upon the fields flying by to the music of the car wheels dropping from the end of one rail and jumping on to another. A favorite occupation of mine on a train has always been to imagine some one swimming along beside the train through the fields of grain that often line the track. On this occasion we were passing numerous such fields, and my image of fancy was swimming along lustily. But as the twilight faded and objects were lost to view, lulled by the rattle of the train, I dropped asleep.

When I awakened a train was beside the one I was on, moving in the same direction and going at the same rate of speed. Indeed, so exactly alike was the velocity of the two trains that I could see no gain or loss whatever to the train beside me. The window sashes of both trains were raised, and I could see the people of the other train, some reading, some lounging, some talking together.

But my attention was fixed on a lady who sat at the window opposite me. Her sash was up as well as mine, so that there was no obstacle, either transparent or opaque, between us. The distance between her and me I suppose was about three feet. She was looking at me with an expression on her face, especially in her eyes, that I never saw in any one before and have never seen since, but I can't describe it. While I looked she spoke to me.

"Leave the train at the next station and follow me," she said.

She put out her hand, but before I could grasp it the two trains separated, and in another moment the one in which the lady sat seemed to enter a tunnel, while mine went on in the open.

So vividly impressed was I that when a few minutes later we slowed up I took my grip and when the train stopped at a station I stepped out. After a moment's delay it went on and left me standing on the platform in a very singular mental condition.

"Will another train be along soon?" I asked of a station man.

"From the west?"

"No; from the east."

"No train from the east for four hours."

I was puzzled. I had been coming eastward.

"Is this track double beyond the station?" I asked presently.

"No double track on this line."

"What?"

"Single track from here both ways all the way to the terminals."

An uncanny feeling came over me. I had seen a train on a track beside me, talked with a woman on that train and had obeyed her instructions. As soon as I could recover myself I walked in a half dazed condition into the station and sat down. I remember nothing but a clicking of a telegraph instrument. How long I sat there I don't know, but when I came to my usual consciousness it was at hearing the telegraph operator say to a man outside:

"Great heavens! No. 23 has been wrecked on the bridge above! Bridge let the whole train down, with a terrible loss of life!"

Here was more to intensify that feeling of awe that had taken possession of me. A phantom woman on a phantom train had warned me of a real railroad accident in which I should probably have been killed.

From that day to this I have treasured an image in my heart—the woman real, spiritual or creation of my own brain. I have a theory of who she is or was. When I was a child I played with a little girl who died. Did I discern anything in the features of the woman to remind me of the child? No. A grown woman bears little resemblance to a child. But would the spirit child grow after death? Not likely, yet, appearing to me, I might expect that she would show herself as she would have been had she lived.

Living.

A wearied pilgrim, I have wandered here
Twice five-and-twenty, bate me but one year.
Long have I lasted in this world, 'tis true,
But yet those years that I have lived are few.
Who by his gray hairs doth his lusters tell
Lives not those years, but he that lives them well.
One man has reached his sixty years, but he
Of all those threescore has not lived half three.
He lives who lives to virtue. Men who cast
Their ends for pleasure do not live, but last.

BROOKS.

Miss Mae Morreau spent Tuesday in Thief River Falls.

Alfred Berry is substitute mail-carrier, as Mr. Sorenson contemplates leaving for Grand Forks, and will carry the mail here until a new carries is appointed.

Misses Rose and Gullmette of Red Lake Falls attended the teachers' meeting here Saturday.

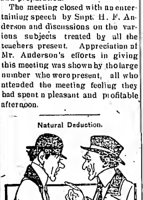
Miss Lucy Benoit of Red Lake Falls has spent the past week here with friends.

The teachers' meeting which was held here Saturday was well attended, many coming a great distance to attend the meeting. All the participants did particularly well. The discourses by Miss Mary Donis and Miss Agnes Engebretson were rendered in their forcible and eloquent manner.

Miss Coleman on "First Year's Work in Reading," read a very interesting and excellent paper, her subject showing careful thought and preparation.

The meeting closed with an entertaining speech by Supt. H. F. Anderson and discussions on the various subjects treated by all the teachers present. Appreciation of Mr. Anderson's efforts in giving this meeting was shown by the large number who were present, all who attended the meeting feeling they had spent a pleasant and profitable afternoon.

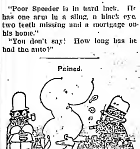
Natural Deduction.



"Poor Speeder is in hard luck. He has one arm in a sling, a black eye, two teeth missing and a mortgage on his home."

"You don't say! How long has he had the auto?"

Pained.



First Hobo—Why did yer refuse it?

Second Hobo—Why, when she said "chop suey" dat word chop reminds me too much of de time when I had ter chop three cords of wood looking into de face of two shotguns.

On Safe Ground.

A young clergyman who had been appointed to a curacy in one of the parishes of an English university town was embarrassed by the thought of criticism in his cultivated congregation. He sought counsel from his father, an old and sagacious vicar, saying:

"Father, I am hampered in my ministry in the pulpit I am now serving. If I cite anything from geology there is Professor A., the eminent expert in this science, right before me. If I use an illustration in Roman mythology, then there is Professor B. ready to trip me up for my inaccuracy. If I instance something in English literature that pleases me, I am cowed by the presence of the learned doctor who holds the chair of English literature here. What shall I do?"

The old man replied:

"Do not be discouraged. I'll give you safe advice. Preach the gospel. They probably know very little of that."

Impertinent.

Sarah, duchess of Marlborough, one day remarked to her grandson, Jack Spencer, "Jack, you must marry, and I will give you a list of the ladies you may propose to."

"Very well, grannie," he said, and he proposed to the first on the list. When he came back with his wife from their wedding tour they went to pay their respects to the old lady.

"Well, now," she said, "I am the root, and you are only the branches, and therefore you must always pay me a great deal of deference."

"That is all very well," said Jack impertinently, "but I think the branches would flourish a great deal better if the root was underground."

Greeley's Awful Writing.

Horace Greeley left behind him a very frank criticism of the legibility of his own chirography. Being uptown in New York one day and wishing to send a telegram and also to get shaved, he entered a hotel and sent his dispatch. Then, passing into the barber shop, he sat down in a chair and, according to custom, was soon sound asleep.

Meantime the telegram had created a decided sensation, Mr. Greeley having thrown it down hastily on the desk and neglected to translate it. Nobody, from the manager down, being able to supply a legible equivalent for the mysterious characters, a messenger was sent into the barber shop with the screed.

Waking with a start and supposing that the boy had brought an answer to his dispatch, Mr. Greeley took the paper, scanned it for a moment and then, with a look of deep disgust, piped out: "What blamed idiot wrote this?"

Adds Healthful Qualities to the Food
Economizes Flour, Butter and Eggs
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum—No Lime Phosphates

TERREBONNE.

The forty-hours devotion of last week were generously attended. Our priest was helped by Rev. Bossus and Rev. Beyne.

Ed. Cadieux and E. Sauve have returned from the camps.

The auction sale at the farm of Jos. Laurent, last Thursday, attracted a great crowd.

Louis Quesnel accompanied Mr. Regimbol and wife to North Yakima where he will in the future reside.

A terrific wind, accompanied by intermittent flurries of snow, ran at a high velocity last Sunday. Very few people could attend the services.

Mrs. Octave Gagne, who has been operated on at Crookston, is reported to be progressing well.

Notice of Application to Vacate Plat.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake.

In District Court of the 14th Judicial District.

Notice is hereby given, That at the District Court room in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1910, at eleven o'clock A. M. of said day, or as soon thereafter as council may be heard at the opening of the General March, 1910 Term of said court, the undersigned, Fred Behn who is the owner of the lands affected, will make application to said court for an order of said court vacating and decreeing the vacation of all of LaBissoniere's Addition to Red Lake Falls Minnesota, and of the whole plat thereof and including Blocks one to fourteen of said addition, all inclusive, together with all streets, alleys and grounds included in said plat the said premises being situate and platted in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the east half of the northeast quarter (E½ of NE¼) of section twenty-eight (28) in township one hundred fifty-one (151), north of range forty-four (44), west of the 5th P. M. for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, Minnesota and said plat to be so vacated is of record in the office of the register of deeds of said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated at Red Lake Falls Minn., February 28th, 1910.

FRED BEHN,
Petitioner.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Petitioner.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the Second day of April, 1910, at 2:00 o'clock p. m., at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 38 of Red Lake county, established by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date February 25th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, said sections of the Main and Branch ditches being numbered as follows:

Main Ditch Stations "O" to Stations 445+5, both inclusive, Branch Ditch No. 1, Stations "O" to Stations "370," both inclusive, Branch Ditch No. 2, Stations "O" to Stations "212" both inclusive and Branch Ditch No. 4, Stations "O" to Stations "121" both inclusive, being the whole of said Main Ditch known as County Ditch No. 38 and branches thereof, and contemplating the excavation and removal of 215,219 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade and in the same time and manner prescribed in the plans, profile, maps and specifications of the Civil Engineer in charge, all on file in my office. (The County Board ordered a slight change in the route of the Main Ditch as follows:—instead of through section Nineteen (19) 153-39 the route of said ditch shall be along the entire east line of said section 19 to the south east corner of said section, thence due west on the south line of said section until it connects with the route as surveyed. This may make some change in the yardage and the report of the engineer will be filed thereon previous to sale of job.) to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The excavation and removal of 215,219 cubic yards of earth being estimated at [illegible] Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is [illegible].

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated March 3rd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the Second day of April, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the County Auditor's Office in the City of Red Lake Falls Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 41 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date February 26th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, said sections of the Main and Branch Ditches being numbered as follows:

Main Ditch, Stations "O" to Stations "329" both inclusive, Branch Ditch No. 1, Stations "O" to Stations "5" both inclusive, and Branch Ditch No. 2, Stations "O" to Stations "80" both inclusive, being the whole of said Main Ditch known as County Ditch No. 41 and branches thereof, and contemplating the excavation and removal of 71,240 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade and in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profile maps and specifications of the Civil Engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order, estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The excavation and removal of 71,240 cubic yards of earth being estimated at Seven Thousand Four Hundred Twenty-four & No.100 ($7,424.00) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $9,424.00 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated March 3rd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
SEAL County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the Second day of April, 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 39 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, in their order bearing date February 23rd, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, said sections of the Main and Branch Ditches being numbered as follows:

Main Ditch, Stations "O" to Stations "241+65" both inclusive, Branch Ditch No. 1, Stations "O" to Stations "117" both inclusive, Branch Ditch No. 2, Stations "O" to Stations "185+71" both inclusive and Branch Ditch No. 3, Stations "O" to Stations "70" both inclusive, being the whole of said main ditch known as County Ditch No. 39 and branches thereof, and contemplating the excavation and removal of 119,799 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profile, maps and specifications of the Civil Engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The excavation and removal of 119,799 yards of earth, being estimated at Eleven Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety-nine and 90-100 ($11,999.90) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $13,5[illegible].90.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated March 3rd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
(SEAL) State of Minnesota

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty and 48-100 ($930.48) Dollars, and Eighty Three and 88-100 ($83.88) dollars, paid for taxes, making a total of One Thousand Fourteen and 36-100 ($1014.36) Dollars in default and due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed by Wilton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank O'Meara, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of December 1902 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2 o'clock P. M., in Book 26 of Mortgages on Page 254.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said mortgagee, to Alice W. Hemminghouse, by written assignment dated the 31st day of December, 1902 and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2:10 o'clock P. M., in Book T of Mortgages, on Page 594.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Eliza A. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 29th day of January 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 7th day of April, 1906 at 8:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 11 of Mortgages on Page 304.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Harriet L. Hayward, by written assignment dated the [illegible] day of September, 1909, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the [illegible] day of September, 1909, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., in Book 5 of Mortgages on page [illegible].

And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit:

The West Half of the North West Quarter (W½ of NW¼) of Section Fourteen (14) in Township One Hundred Fifty Two (152) of Range Forty Three (43), will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the Statutory attorney's fees, and the taxes if any, and the costs and expenses of these foreclosure proceedings allowed by Law; and that the said sale will be made at the front door of the Post Office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said Red Lake County in the State of Minnesota, at ten o'clock in the forenoon on Saturday, the 16th day of April, 1910.

Dated February 23, 1910.

HARRIET L. HAYWARD,
Assignee of Mortgage.

Grant Van Sant,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
505 Globe Building, St. Paul, Minn. m3a14

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Continued From Page Three

[illegible]	C. H. Martz	11.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Wentzel, Treasurer	100.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Singer, Treasurer	150.00
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	70.00
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	27.50
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	1.60
[illegible]	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	1.00
[illegible]	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	2471.12
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	77.75
[illegible]	Town of Terrebonne	77.70
[illegible]	Fred M. Zaiser	2.50
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	101.50
[illegible]	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	200.00
[illegible]	Pittsburgh Bridge Company	100.00
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.20
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	20.00
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann	2.20
[illegible]	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	20.00
[illegible]	R. C. Jarr, Treasurer	125.00
16527	Cyrille Lussler, Treasurer	200.00
[illegible]	Ed. M. Evenson, Treasurer	1000.00
16607	Merchant's State Bank	200.00
16751	Cyrille Lussler, Treasurer	625.50
[illegible]	H. E. Burkee, Treasurer	300.00
[illegible]	Nels O. Nora, Treasurer	100.00
[illegible]	Ellis Juringdal, Treasurer	275.00
[illegible]	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	200.00
[illegible]	O. I. Larson, Treasurer	125.00
[illegible]	Wm. Schaefer, Treasurer	150.00
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	10.50
[illegible]	Geo. Urr, Treasurer	130.00
[illegible]	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	200.00
[illegible]	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	100.00
[illegible]	Ed. A. Aubol, Treasurer	200.00
[illegible]	Alfred T. Rice, Treasurer	200.00
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	20.00
	Total	$11412.85

COUNTY POOR

Credit Balance Jan 2nd 1909	$ 147.18	
Proceeds Settlement Forfeited Tax Sale	.07	
Total [illegible]		$ 147.25

COUNTY BOND AND INTEREST

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance Jan 2nd 1909	$ 5796.30	
Tax Collections	3490.58	
Interest on [illegible]	13.00	
Total		$ 9299.88

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 2519.31	
Refundments	19.93	
Credit Balance Jan 3rd 1910	6760.64	
Total		$ 9299.88

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	$ 675.00
[illegible]	First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	[illegible]
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	[illegible]
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	[illegible]
16191	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	200.00
16195	First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	240.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	360.00
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	17.09
	Total	$2519.31

INCIDENTAL FUND

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance Jan 2nd 1909	$ 62.70	
Transfer from County Revenue Fund	100.00	
Total		$ 162.70

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 157.94	
Credit Balance Jan 3rd 1910	4.76	
Total		$ 162.70

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	$ 1.0[illegible]
[illegible]	John D. O'Brien	1.11
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	John D. O'Brien	[illegible]
[illegible]	S. A. Swanson	[illegible]
[illegible]	John D. O'Brien	[illegible]
[illegible]	O. T. Tandberg	[illegible]
[illegible]	John D. O'Brien	[illegible]
14751	Joseph Salby	[illegible]
[illegible]	Wilhelm Michelet	1.01
[illegible]	S. A. Swanson	[illegible]
[illegible]	Frank Jeffers	10.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	11.58
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	5.50
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	3.57
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	19.37
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	5.00
[illegible]	C. W. Johnson	9.20
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	6.10
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	2.84
[illegible]	Wilhelm Michelet	5.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	6.09
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	10.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	2.70
[illegible]	S. A. Swanson	7.27
[illegible]	Frank Jeffers	7.00
[illegible]	C. W. Johnson	4.45
	Total	$ 157.94

PRIVATE REDEMPTION FUND

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance Jan 2nd 1909	$ 306.93	
Redemptions	12131.21	
Total		$ 12438.14

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 11303.07	
Credit Balance Jan 3rd 1910	1135.07	
Total		$ 12438.14

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	$ [illegible]
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	[illegible]
[illegible]	Netherlands American Land Company	77.74
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	268.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	79.60
[illegible]	Peter Kiene & Son	[illegible]
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	101.[illegible]
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	73.71
[illegible]	E. M. Perrault	[illegible]
[illegible]	First State Bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	102.47
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	109.27
14211	J. H. Gergen	110.60
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	159.11
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	282.71
14249	J. A. Duffy	26.61
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	67.95
[illegible]	Leo Steinert	256.61
[illegible]	Hiram Brown	14.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	97.82
[illegible]	Hiram Brown	86.82
14377	J. A. Duffy	52.14
14380	F. H. Wellcome	124.76
14383	A. P. Taupin	46.48
14385	J. A. Duffy	26.60
14386	J. A. Duffy	21.58
14396	G. Vandertuuk	46.06
14415	First State Bank	211.23
14442	J. A. Duffy	71.12
14407	G. Vandertuuk	94.59
14469	J. A. Duffy	28.82
14579	F. H. Wellcome	600.87
14607	J. A. Duffy	82.76
14615	J. A. Duffy	17.92
14628	L. C. Simons	65.22
14629	Miller & Foote	45.78
14620	F. H. Wellcome	105.81
14629	G. Vandertuuk	171.72
14733	J. E. Quist	17.25
14740	F. H. Wellcome	125.32
14741	J. A. Duffy	[illegible]
14742	W. W. Prichard	16.92
14745	A. P. Taupin	51.05
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	17.47
14756	F. H. Wellcome	209.37
14787	G. Vandertuuk	82.25
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	21.67
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	79.24
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	17.60
14922	J. B. Gaass	10.20
[illegible]	A. P. Taupin	9.56
14947	F. H. Wellcome	58.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	172.27
[illegible]	J. B. Gaass	82.48
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank	27.82
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	21.50
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	11.97
[illegible]	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	12.50
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	67.11
16081	G. Vandertuuk	18.31
[illegible]	B. P. Hall	89.12
16118	F. H. Wellcome	495.92
[illegible]	Citizens State Bank	38.19
16177	J. A. Duffy	96.01
16180	F. H. Wellcome	82.15
16181	W. W. Prichard	29.12
16192	F. H. Wellcome	70.52
[illegible]	Peter Kiene	29.12
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	86.70
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	57.94
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	17.47
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	28.85
[illegible]	Tollef Jacobson	9.99
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	50.75
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	23.62
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	169.83
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	38.82
16296	F. H. Wellcome	47.10
16297	F. H. Wellcome	66.00
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	36.12
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	13.22
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	29.92
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	20.24
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank	46.09
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank	20.10
16416	G. Vandertuuk	12.52
16417	F. H. Wellcome	141.27
16573	G. Vandertuuk	31.76
[illegible]	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	36.42
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	458.84
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank	16.33
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	120.59
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	120.96
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	100.44
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	11.35
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	93.53
16712	G. Vandertuuk	122.83
[illegible]	A. P. Taupin	3.24
[illegible]	Hiram Brown	36.95
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	75.57
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	27.48
[illegible]	A. P. Toupin	49.55
16757	A. P. Toupin	16.38
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	110.22
16766	F. H. Wellcome	143.07
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	14.53
16823	F. H. Wellcome	20.11
16827	L. C. Simons	22.98
16828	F. H. Wellcome	35.17
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	39.12
[illegible]	Emma Tandberg	27.75
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank	42.34
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	85.77
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	221.35
16867	F. H. Wellcome	232.15
16871	First State Bank	43.68
16872	J. A. Duffy	107.11
16875	F. H. Wellcome	71.43
16879	J. B. Gaass	32.56
16880	F. H. Wellcome	25.26
16902	A. P. Toupin	74.04
16903	P. B. Gaass	30.96
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	27.40
17016	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	27.14
17067	J. B. Gaass	28.77
17068	F. H. Wellcome	83.29
17077	F. H. Wellcome	139.37
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	98.67
17087	G. Vandertuuk	21.50
17092	P. B. Gaass	22.40
17134	G. Vandertuuk	59.58
17212	F. H. Wellcome	111.21
17219	F. H. Wellcome	70.86
17223	J. A. Duffy	18.52
17224	J. A. Duffy	10.52
17225	G. Vandertuuk	24.28
17220	F. H. Wellcome	719.12
17222	J. A. Duffy	123.73
17245	G. Vandertuuk	56.37
17254	G. Vandertuuk	137.75
	Total	$11303.07

GENERAL DITCH FUND

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance Jan 2nd 1909	$ 10102.27	
Assessments paid	19484.46	
Proceeds sale of Bonds	29200.00	
Transferred from County Revenue Fund	35000.00	
Transferred to County Revenue to correct error in the Issuance of Warrants on account of Repair of Ditches	134.00	
Total		$ 93920.73

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 22653.68	
Transfer to the County Revenue Fund	35000.00	
Refundment	8.78	
Credit Balance Jan 3rd 1910	36124.27	
Warrants Issued account Repair of Ditches Nos. 2 and 10	134.00	
Total		$ 93920.73

EXCAVATION

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14426	Standard Drainage Co.	$2500.00
14388	Standard Drainage Co.	1664.03
16677	F. S. Dorge & Co.	839.04
16698	F. S. Dorge & Co.	1510.74
16721	F. S. Dorge & Co.	851.60
16878	F. S. Dorge & Co.	1067.28
16930	Northwestern Drainage Co.	1597.32
	Total	$10030.01

ENGINEER'S FEES

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14167	C. H. Martz	$ 25.00
14172	C. H. Martz	30.00
14293	C. H. Martz	5.00
14312	C. H. Martz	15.00
14365	C. H. Martz	25.00
14366	C. H. Martz	20.00
14368	C. H. Martz	20.00
14369	C. H. Martz	30.00
14370	C. H. Martz	5.00
14371	C. H. Martz	5.00
14372	C. H. Martz	5.00
14695	C. H. Martz	15.00
14703	C. H. Martz	25.00
14971	C. H. Martz	20.00
14975	C. H. Martz	30.00
14976	C. H. Martz	5.00
14977	C. H. Martz	5.00
14978	C. H. Martz	15.00
14981	C. H. Martz	10.00
16144	C. H. Martz	5.00
16142	C. H. Martz	45.00
16209	C. H. Martz	10.00
16211	C. H. Martz	30.00
16212	C. H. Martz	35.00
16213	C. H. Martz	5.00
16215	C. H. Martz	5.00
16331	C. H. Martz	50.00
16336	C. H. Martz	5.00
16338	C. H. Marts	5.00
16342	C. H. Martz	5.00
16405	C. H. Martz	35.00
16650	C. H. Martz	6.00
16671	C. H. Martz	10.00
16724	C. H. Martz	20.00
16725	C. H. Martz	10.00
16726	C. H. Martz	5.00
16727	C. H. Martz	5.00
16728	C. H. Martz	5.00
16811	C. H. Martz	5.00
16812	C. H. Martz	5.00
16983	C. H. Martz	6.00
16984	C. H. Martz	10.00
16988	C. H. Martz	26.00
16989	C. H. Martz	15.00
16990	C. H. Martz	20.00
16992	C. H. Martz	6.00
16994	C. H. Martz	6.00
16999	C. H. Martz	80.00
17001	C. H. Martz	16.00
17127	C. H. Martz	6.00
17128	C. H. Martz	6.00
17130	C. H. Martz	10.00
17131	C. H. Martz	16.00
17132	C. H. Martz	25.00
17133	C. H. Martz	10.00
17134	C. H. Martz	20.00
17135	C. H. Martz	10.00
17137	C. H. Martz	6.00
	Total	$ 880.00

ENGINEER'S EXPENSE

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14167	C. H. Martz	$ 1.76
14172	C. H. Martz	6.00
14293	C. H. Martz	.50
14313	C. H. Martz	4.00
14365	C. H. Martz	2.00
14366	C. H. Martz	4.96
14368	C. H. Martz	11.85
14369	C. H. Martz	11.66
14370	C. H. Martz	.60
14371	C. H. Martz	1.00
14372	C. H. Martz	1.00
14703	C. H. Martz	1.95
14975	C. H. Martz	9.00
14976	C. H. Martz	6.60
14977	C. H. Martz	6.00
14978	C. H. Martz	4.00
14981	C. H. Martz	2.40
16141	C. H. Martz	5.00
16209	C. H. Martz	12.50
16211	C. H. Martz	10.00
16212	C. H. Martz	1.00
16213	C. H. Martz	5.00
16214	C. H. Martz	8.65
16215	C. H. Martz	1.00
16336	C. H. Martz	15.00
16338	C. H. Martz	1.05
16342	C. H. Martz	5.26
16407	C. H. Martz	10.31
16650	C. H. Martz	4.60
16651	C. H. Martz	2.40
16725	C. H. Martz	2.45
16726	C. H. Martz	1.00
16727	C. H. Marts	1.00
16728	C. H. Martz	1.00
16811	C. H. Martz	5.60
16812	C. H. Martz	1.00
16983	C. H. Martz	7.36
16984	C. H. Martz	20.06
16985	C. H. Martz	12.90
16992	C. H. Martz	5.00
16991	C. H. Martz	5.95
17126	C. H. Martz	2.00
17127	C. H. Martz	1.00
17128	C. H. Martz	5.60
17130	C. H. Martz	2.00
17131	C. H. Martz	3.00
17132	C. H. Martz	5.00
17133	C. H. Martz	5.50
17134	C. H. Martz	4.00
17135	C. H. Martz	2.00
17137	C. H. Martz	5.25
	Total	$ 253.17

VIEWER'S FEES AND EXPENSES

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14162	O. W. Brink	$ 24.69
14163	E. A. Moran	18.85
14164	Otto Zaiser	22.75
14167	C. H. Martz	9.50
14169	O. W. Brink	28.25
14170	E. A. Moran	24.00
14171	Otto Zaiser	24.00
14172	C. H. Martz	12.00
14294	Fred M. Zaiser	8.00
14300	Joseph Belair	8.00
14301	O. W. Brink	28.85
14302	E. A. Moran	25.00
14303	Otto Zaiser	30.25
14309	Otto Zaiser	4.00
14310	Otto Zaiser	4.00
14311	O. W. Brink	4.26
14312	O. W. Brink	4.25
14367	G. K. Haavi	8.72
14697	Fred M. Zaiser	29.75
14698	Gilbert K. Haavi	36.19
14699	Joseph Belair	29.76
14700	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
14701	Joseph Belair	4.00
14705	O. W. Brink	8.60
14875	G. K. Haavi	8.47
14967	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
14968	K. O. Gigstad	29.14
14969	G. K. Haavi	29.84
15014	Joseph Belair	4.09
16124	Joseph Belair	28.92
16236	G. K. Haavi	8.72
16330	Fred M. Zaiser	36.00
16331	K. O. Gigstad	45.59
16332	Mitchell Quesnell	43.76
16348	Joseph Belair	4.00
16349	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16406	Fred M. Zaiser	32.00
16407	Gilbert Haavi	34.58
16108	Gunnard Lindquist	35.50
16766	K. O. Gigstad	5.75
16648	G. K. Haavi	8.72
16653	Mitchell Quesnell	7.50
16674	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16729	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16730	Gunnard Lindquist	7.00
	Total	$ 786.84

PRINTING AND ADVERTISING

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14157	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	$ 9.60
14159	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	$ 3.60
14160	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	8.00
14694	Red Lake Falls Gazette, Publishing notices of Hearing	11.42
14702	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14711	Red Lake Falls Gazette	9.21
14818	Red Lake Falls Gazette	9.00
14819	Red Lake Falls Gazette	8.33
14850	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.28
14851	Red Lake Falls Gazette	18.16
14853	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14990	Red Lake Falls Gazette	8.63
14991	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.63
14992	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10.13
14994	Red Lake Falls Gazette	6.08
14995	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10.18
14996	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.28
16221	Red Lak Falls Gazette	5.08
16225	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.08
11563	Red Lake aFlls Gazette	15.23
16764	Red Lake Falls Oazette	13.08
	Total	$ 177.99

INTEREST ON BONDS AND WARRANTS

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14978	Merchants State Bank	$ 178.76
14251	Merchants State Bank	2146.00
14483	First State Bank	501.00
16200	Merchants State Bank	450.00
16201	Merchants State Bank	178.75
16202	First State Bank	165.00
16694	Merchants State Bank	2145.00
16822	First State Bank	501.00
17220	Merchanis State Bank	178.75
17221	First State Bank	165.00
17222	Merchants State Bank	903.00
	Total	$7411.25

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PER DIEM AND MILEAGE

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14288	Ed. A. Aubol	$ 6.00
14289	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14290	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14291	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
14292	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
14295	Ed. A. Aubol	3.00
14296	C. A. Lindquist	3.00
14297	Joseph Pigeon	3.00
14298	Wm. C. L. Demann	3.00
14299	Daniel Shaw	3.00
14304	Wm. C. L. Demann	3.00
14305	Ed. A. Aubol	8.00
14306	Daniel Shaw	3.00
14307	Joseph Pigeon	3.00
14308	C. A. Lindquist	3.00
14314	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14315	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14316	Ed. A. Aubol	8.00
14317	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
14318	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
14706	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14707	C. A. Lindquist	6.00
14708	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
14710	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14709	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
14856	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14857	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
14858	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
14859	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14860	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16249	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16250	Joseph Pigeon	5.20
16261	C. A. Lindquist	8.80
16252	Ed. A. Aubol	0.00
16253	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16572	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
16573	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16574	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16575	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
16657	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16568	C. A. Lindquist	6.80
16860	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16862	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
16854	Joseoh Pigeon	5.20
16817	C. A. Lindquist	8.80
16818	Joseph Johnson	12.50
16819	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16820	Joseph Pigeon	8.20
16821	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
17018	C. A. Lindquist	3.30
17019	Joseph Pigeon	3.10
17020	Ed. A. Aubol	3.00
17021	Joseph Johnson	8.30
17027	Joseph Johnson	7.80
17028	Wm. C. L. Demann	13.20
17029	Joseph Pigeon	13.20
17030	Ed. A. Aubol	9.00
17031	C. A. Lindquist	11.80
17145	Joseph Johnson	12.60
17146	Ed. A. Aubol	0.00
17147	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
17148	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
17149	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
	Total	$ 394.50

MISCELLANEOUS

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14156	Newberry & Bulman, Livery hire for engineer	$ 17.50
14158	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices Ditch No. 32	11.40
14161	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices Ditch No. 33	9.50
14185	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire for viewers	12.60
14166	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire for viewers	16.00
14168	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	5.00
14386	Katherine H. Pieth, Refund of assistant paid by State	215.05
14693	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.00
14696	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	20.00
14704	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	10.60
14712	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	12.00
14546	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	6.10
14547	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	8.00
14852	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	16.00
14854	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.00
14966	G. K. Haavi, Livery hire	16.00
14970	Lewis A. Nelson, serving notices	12.80
14974	C. H. Martz, Expense, engineering party No. 35	52.85
14976	C. H. Martz, for rodman, No. 36	5.00
15126	Glenn Martz, rodman, Ditch No. 36	27.50
16137	Oscar Gunstad, chainman, Ditch No. 35	22.25
16140	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 36	78.70
16143	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 36	2.45
16208	Archie Whaley, chainman, Ditch No. 37	9.00
16215	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 37	57.85
16217	Glenn Martz, Rodman, Ditch No. 38	14.00
16218	Glenn Martz, Rodman, Ditch No. 37	20.00
16219	Archie Whaley, Chainman, Ditch No. 36	22.00
16227	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	14.00
16237	Glenn Martz, Rodman and profile work	16.00
16333	Zaiser Bros., Livery Hire	35.00
16335	C. H. Martz, Expense account, viewing	15.56
16339	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 36	9.00
16340	C. H. Martz, Expense account	5.05
16341	C. H. Martz, Expense account	2.15
16343	Archie Whaley, Rodman	5.00
16344	Archie Whaley, Chainman	6.00
16345	Archie Whaley, Chainman	8.00
16346	Glenn Martz, Rodman	21.15
16347	Oscar Gunstad, Chainman	13.00
16350	A. A. Latendresse, Reports on account of Ditch Loans	75.00
16351	A. A. Latendresse, Allowance account of Ditch services	175.00
16409	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	30.00
16667	Glenn Martz, Rodman	6.25
16849	A. A. Latendresse, Co. Auditor's Fees account Ditch	175.00
16655	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.50
16656	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.20
16723	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.50
16724	C. H. Martz, Expense account survey Ditch 33	26.90
16742	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.60
16979	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	300.00
16950	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	124.07
15981	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	86.09
16982	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	73.85
16986	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 39	20.00
16957	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 38	48.00
16991	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 40	16.00
16995	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 41	18.00
16996	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 38	60.00
16998	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 40	20.00
17000	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 39	25.00
17002	Glenn Martz, Rodman	2.50
17005	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.50
17006	Charles Feilman, Chainman	10.00
17007	Charles Feilman, Chainman	24.00
17008	Charles Feilman, Chainman	8.00
17009	Charles Feilman, Chainman	6.00
17010	Charles Feilman, Chainman	4.00
17012	W. H Quist, Board engineering party	10.00
17013	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	15.00
17014	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.50
17015	Lewis A. Nelson	10.00
17113	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	14.00
17114	Glenn Martz, Rodman	30.00
17115	Glenn Martz, Rodman	5.00
17116	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.50
17117	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.00
17119	Glenn Martz, Rodman	3.50
17121	Glenn Martz, Rodman	21.00
17122	Glenn Martz, Rodman	14.00
17123	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.50
17124	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.50
17125	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.00
17135	George Hughs, Chainman	8.00
17138	George Hughes, Chainman	24.00
17140	George Hughes, Chainman	6.00
17141	George Hughes, Chainman	4.00
17142	George Hughes, Chainman	6.00
17143	A. A. Latendresse, Co. Auditor's fees, Ditch	200.00
17144	Thief River Falls Lumber Company, Lath for Ditches	7.50
17118	Glenn Martz, Rodman	12.50
	Total	$2720.12

SPECIAL BOND AND INTEREST FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 1465.39	
Tax Collections	950.14	
Total		$ 2415.53

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 534.93	
Refundments	.20	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1880.40	
Total		$ 2415.53

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
16869	George J. Flaten, Treasurer, Polk County	$ 534.93
	Total	$ 534.93

BUILDING FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan 2nd, 1909	$ 136.33	
Tax Collections	2.98	
Insurances Receipts on account of Court House Fire	4135.50	
Total		$ 4274.81

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 4022.70	
Refundments	.34	
Credit Balance Jan 3rd, 1910	251.77	
Total		$ 4274.81

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
16286	Adeline Bray	$1800.00
16287	Theodore Gareeau	500.00
16288	Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.	1400.00
16269	Josie Doe	500.00
16808	C. A. Lindquist	3.60
16807	Wm. C. L. Demann	1.40
16809	Joseph Pigeon	3.20
16810	C. H. Martz	14.50
	Total	$1022.70

CURRENT SCHOOL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 722.57	
State Apportionment	18189.60	
Interest, Penalty and Costs on Delinquent Taxes	2058.76	
Fines	17.66	
Tax Collections	1.66	
Total		$ 21000.17

DISBURSEMENTS

Apportionments to School Districts	$ 20992.08	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, :910	8.09	
Tetal		$ 21000.17

TAXES AND PENALTIES ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1989	$ 7767.90	
Current Tax Collections	138629.54	
Delinquent Tax Collections	21305.50	
Mortgage Tax Collections	1900.80	
Interest, Penalties and Costs on Current Taxes	4339.32	
Total		$171943.06

DISBURSEMENTS

Taxes and Penalties Distributed	$160619.90	
Trannfer to Redemption Fund, to correct error	83.20	
Refundments	108.87	
Credit Balance undistributed, Jan. 3rd, 1910	11131.09	
Total		$171943.06

WARRANT ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Warrants outstanding Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 3846.07	
Warrants issued during 1909	196115.92	
Total		$190464.99

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants redeemed during 1909	$186137.42	
Warrants outstanding Jan. 3rd, 1910	13327.57	
Total		$199464.09

STATE REVENUE AND SCHOOL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 72.00	
Tax Collections	12085.62	
Hunters' License	182.30	
Total		$ 12289.92

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 9104.16	
Hunters' License	132.30	
Refundments	18.61	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	3034.95	
Total		$ 12259.92

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14399	State of Minnesota	$3536.02
14400	State of Minnesota	72.00
16417	State of Minnesota	5496.14
16870	State of Minnesota	90.00
17070	State of Minnesota	42.30
	Total	$9236.46

STATE LAND AND INTEREST FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 462.74	
Collections	5228.46	
Total		$ 6691.20

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 5461.46	
Refundments	.27	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1229.47	
Total		$ 6691.20

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14401	State of Minnesota	$ 707.92
16784	State of Minnesota	1144.64
16418	State of Minnesota	3608.90
	Total	$5461.46

REFUNDING ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Amounts Charged Back	$ 347.07	
Total		$ 347.07

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 347.07	
Total		$ 347.07

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14096	Chas H. Foy	$ 19.00
14252	Napoleon Dovea	1.80
14280	Henry Goergen	4.78
14281	Dan Laurent	7.00
14765	Mathias Skala	35.00
14766	Gustaf Anderson	13.96
14767	J. W. Kalp	14.00
16084	Joseph Hagl	11.73
16185	F. H. Wellcome	15.06
16301	Lars A. Loberg	4.96
16507	Peter A. Kolstad	.90
16542	Erick Olson	22.00
16543	John L. Radaleckl	24.95
[illegible]	H. Halte	24.67
[illegible]	Nels N. Olson	1.02
16776	Mathias Skala	11.74
[illegible]	L. B. Ornold, Agt.	22.86
16797	Wm. Stellwagen	16.20
16798	Fred Martl	16.24
16800	Anna Kretzschmar	4.15
16803	John C. Hawley	22.17
16810	L. B. Arnold, Agt.	17.80
16922	August Ackerlund	.27
16952	August Ackerlund	.20
17041	John H. Johnson	7.28
17042	John McDonald	23.95
17247	Peter Lachance	3.51
	Total	$ 347.07

SPECIAL COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE.

RECEIPTS

Tax Collections	$ 1045.25	
Total		$ 1045.25

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 796.02	
Warrants Issued	147.50	
Refundments	.63	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	101.20	
Total		$ 1045.25

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14990	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	$ 147.50
	Total	$ 147.50

CONTINGENT FUND.

RECEIPTS.

By Transfer from County Revenue Fund	$ 50.00	
Total		$ 50.00

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants Issued	$ 35.89	
Balance on hand Jan 3rd. 1910	14.11	
Total		$ 50.00

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
16830	Wilhelm Michelet	$ 19.17
16272	Wilhelm Michelet	16.72
	Total	$ 35.89

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14058	Emil E. Zeh, Treasurer	$2150.00
14059	A. Welo, Treasurer	40.00
14076	Eli Boutain, Treasurer	184.17
14079	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	202.68
14086	Sigurd Krostue, Treasurer	75.85
14097	Charles G. Olson, Treasurer	89.35
14174	Amelia Miller, Treasurer	112.37
14179	Octave Beauchene, Treasurer	101.33
14189	Alfred Brunelle, Treasurer	189.99
14208	F. J. Mathews, Treasurer	167.91
14212	Sam Person, Treasurer	99.56
14214	A. A. Odegaard, Treasurer	299.76
14230	E. B. Lanager, Treasurer	230.00
14231	Felix Anderson, Treasurer	40.00
14233	Chas. Seegar, Treasurer	40.00
14239	H. B. Laplante, Treasurer	172.50
14242	Nic. Eckstein, Treasurer	40.00
14248	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	84.29
14250	H. Haupt, Treasurer	54.56
14257	Mrs. F. J. Coan, Treasurer	139.08
14279	Ole O. Slettevold, Treasurer	63.20
14278	Joe Laurent, Treasurer	105.00
14282	George Ramsey, Treasurer	105.00
14287	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1500.00
14290	Ole L. Otteem, Treasurer	51.99
14397	Segurd Krostue, Treasurer	14.41
14403	Carl G. Olson, Treasurer	53.17
14404	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	230.65
14405	Sivert Hanson, Treasurer	104.87
14406	Chas. G. Sall, Treasurer	332.45
14408	Hans J. Peterson, Treasurer	108.09
14412	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	145.11
14415	Louis Fulordeau, Treasurer	148.53
14447	John Parver, Treasurer	120.86
14451	August Swanson, Treasurer	127.63
14455	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1874.70
14459	John Westlake, Treasurer	155.62
14460	Andrew T. Nelson, Treasurer	102.32
14461	Ole O. Sunsdahl, Treasurer	86.47
14462	Hans H. Fjeld, Treasurer	113.50
14463	Olive Christenson, Treasurer	66.86
14466	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	55.86
14468	S. E. Wilberg, Treasurer	80.00
14473	A. Wilo, Treasurer	96.05
14475	Chas. Gerloch, Treasurer	141.80
14482	A. J. Hemstad, Treasurer	113.89
14496	Andrew Soderberg, Treasurer	225.84
14497	R. E. Vance, Treasurer	101.76
14499	Joseph Pigeon, Treasurer	122.75
14503	O. T. Tandberg, Treasurer	317.27
14586	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	490.14
14588	Amelia Miller, Treasurer	189.17
14589	Rasmus Aseby, Treasurer	76.19
14590	Jos. Laurent, Treasurer	273.78
14591	Swan E. Walhaug, Treasurer	69.98
14592	Edward Singer, Treasurer	115.42
14593	Thor J. Skaar, Treasurer	107.49
14594	R. C. Haga, Treasurer	100.44
14595	Fred Anderson, Treasurer	110.06
14600	Daniel Patterson, Treasurer	2172.72
14601	Lars P. Brandrud, Treasurer	101.44
14602	Iver Solheim, Treasurer	95.51
14603	Anton Peterson, Treasurer	138.02
14606	Daniel Johnson, Treasurer	200.52
14613	Ole J. Hanson, Treasurer	9.00
14617	J. F. Mathews, Treasurer	158.42
14619	Narcisse Robidaux, Treasurer	337.04
14620	Huldor Erickson, Treasurer	152.06
14621	Ferd Gothier, Treasurer	100.30
14623	Chas. Schmidt, Treasurer	153.07
14624	Raphael Frudreau, Treasurer	147.58
14631	R. O. Gordon, Treasurer	104.92
14632	M. P. Bakken, Treasurer	101.34
14633	Salve T. Myrum, Treasurer	67.11
14634	Ole Helgeland, Treasurer	103.83
14635	F. B. Lanager, Treasurer	360.62
14636	A. S. Anderson, Treasurer	164.12
14640	George Charest, Treasurer	157.87
14641	C. M. Peterson, Treasurer	122.36
14642	John A. Reinschmidt, Treasurer	139.75
14644	K. K. Sunnes, Treasurer	88.24
14645	E. E. Zeh, Treasurer	7429.37
14678	Eli Lasha, Treasurer	119.81
14730	C. A. Carlson, Treasurer	81.60
14731	Chas. Perrault, Treasurer	122.53
14732	Frank Lundeen, Treasurer	227.29
14734	T. M. Thorson, Treasurer	66.96
14735	Geo. Ramsey, Treasurer	133.44
14736	Swan Akenson, Treasurer	67.36
14739	E. Aakre, Treasurer	121.67
14748	Ed. Rustan, Treasurer	62.35
14770	Michael Kees, Treasurer	94.75
14771	Emory Dion, Treasurer	78.16
14775	P. O. Sorlom, Treasurer	71.20
14776	Anton E. Peterson, Treasurer	55.82
14777	James Jones, Treasurer	57.67
14778	Joseph Jean, Treasurer	148.05
14790	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	160.02
14797	Ludwig Weiss, Treasurer	55.19
14867	Eli Boutain, Treasurer	180.63
14868	T. G. Helle, Treasurer	137.34
14869	Iolphis Dion, Treasurer	90.78
14882	Ole Larson, Treasurer	79.91
14884	Sam Gunderson, Treasurer	138.92
14888	Walter McAndress, Treasurer	140.17
14892	H. Haupt, Treasurer	57.07
14894	Carl Gerlach, Treasurer	98.51
14927	Sam Person, Treasurer	85.69
15018	Andrew Drydahl, Treasurer	109.99
15019	Ole O. Slettevold, Treasurer	45.26
15021	Magnus Winberg, Treasurer	122.29
15044	Alfred Brunelle, Treasurer	73.49
15053	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1500.00
16047	Elfef Gravile, Treasurer	164.07
16080	Knud O. Krossen, Treasurer	201.52
16087	Jos. Laurent, Treasurer	150.00
16089	H. B. Laplante, Treasurer	56.24
16114	Peter Nelson, Treasurer	79.71
16179	John Kellberg, Treasurer	28.97
16186	State of Minnesota	2288.10
16257	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	92.01
16262	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	500.00
16266	A. F. Anderson, Treasurer	47.39
16270	Arthur Archambeault, Treasurer	113.28
16280	Fred Beerbower, Treasurer	61.27
16402	Joseph Pigeon, Treasurer	69.41
16421	Swan Akinson, Treasurer	141.28
16422	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	595.09
16426	Nick Eckstein, Treasurer	423.93
16427	S. E. Wiberg, Treasurer	98.47
16428	L. P. Thysen, Treasurer	117.33
16429	Anton Petterson, Treasurer	97.19
16430	Chas. G. Sall, Treasurer	139.30
16431	Swan E. Walhaug, Treasurer	60.31
16432	F. B. Lanager, Treasurer	450.56
16433	Emil E. Zeh, Treasurer	5862.47
16434	K. K. Sannes, Treasurer	85.11
16435	John Jacobson, Treasurer	93.29
16436	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	128.57
16437	Ole S. Ottum, Treasurer	150.05
16438	Ole Helgeland, Treasurer	22.62
16439	O. M. Peterson, Treasurer	54.11
16440	R. O. Gordon, Treasurer	20.67
16441	Edward Singer, Treasurer	89.83
16442	John Larson, Treasurer	171.33
16443	Gunder Olson, Treasurer	153.21
16444	P. O. Sorlom, Treasurer	56.16
16445	Andrew Drydahl, Treasurer	111.99
15446	John Power, Treasurer	160.26

[illegible]	Thos. J. Skaar, Treasurer	134.62
[illegible]	I. H. Helle, Treasurer	8.71
[illegible]	Ole O. Sunsdahl, Treasurer	56.01
[illegible]	[illegible] Johnson, Treasurer	105.25
[illegible]	Mrs. J. T. [illegible], Treasurer	137.35
[illegible]	Mrs. C. J. Starks, Treasurer	84.68
[illegible]	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	30.07
[illegible]	[illegible] Oakes, Treasurer	4.96
[illegible]	Carl Gerlach, Treasurer	270.81
[illegible]	Alfred Forslund, Treasurer	123.28
[illegible]	Iver O. Solheim, Treasurer	57.85
[illegible]	A. [illegible], Treasurer	191.67
[illegible]	L. C. Codieux, Treasurer	292.82
[illegible]	Chr. Schmidt, Treasurer	245.99
[illegible]	[illegible] Anderson, Treasurer	256.41
[illegible]	I. A. Hallstrom, Treasurer	70.64
[illegible]	Joe Jean, Treasurer	169.15
[illegible]	[illegible] J. Peterson, Treasurer	137.97
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	48.81
[illegible]	[illegible] Haga, Treasurer	131.53
[illegible]	Carl Gohbler, Treasurer	127.08
[illegible]	[illegible] P. Brandvold, Treasurer	126.86
[illegible]	Ellef Bratvik, Treasurer	172.39
[illegible]	Alfred Brunelle, Treasurer	117.11
[illegible]	A. S. Anderson, Treasurer	201.10
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	201.98
[illegible]	[illegible] Brandvold, Treasurer	185.11
[illegible]	[illegible] A. Odegaard, Treasurer	265.12
[illegible]	[illegible] Larson, Treasurer	81.18
[illegible]	Michael Kees, Treasurer	126.51
[illegible]	[illegible] Swenson, Treasurer	199.21
[illegible]	[illegible] A. H. Johnson, Treasurer	176.12
[illegible]	[illegible] A. Carlson, Treasurer	62.07
[illegible]	A. P. Anderson, Treasurer	186.15
[illegible]	A. J. Heinstad, Treasurer	132.77
[illegible]	Peter Nelson, Treasurer	70.98
[illegible]	P. Haupt, Treasurer	31.42
[illegible]	John Westlake, Treasurer	172.69
[illegible]	John Sorenson, Treasurer	149.03
[illegible]	Dalphis Dion, Treasurer	111.83
[illegible]	Andrew Soderberg, Treasurer	134.41
[illegible]	[illegible] Fisher, Treasurer	147.67
[illegible]	Narcisse Robidoux, Treasurer	326.04
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	228.61
[illegible]	[illegible] Patterson, Treasurer	187.57
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	263.80
[illegible]	[illegible] Laurent, Treasurer	132.71
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	191.01
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	53.24
[illegible]	[illegible] Gunderson, Treasurer	198.77
[illegible]	[illegible] O. Krassin, Treasurer	$32,873.63
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	144.79
[illegible]	[illegible] Jeans, Treasurer	46.09
[illegible]	[illegible] Dempsey, Treasurer	12.86
[illegible]	[illegible] Kolberg, Treasurer	33.23
[illegible]	[illegible] P. Ives, Treasurer	412.59
[illegible]	[illegible] T. Nelson, Treasurer	53.11
[illegible]	[illegible] Aaseby, Treasurer	115.73
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	212.23
[illegible]	[illegible] Delorme, Treasurer	145.22
[illegible]	[illegible] Schmidt, Treasurer	6.11
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	41.06
[illegible]	[illegible] A. Carlson, Treasurer	57.97
[illegible]	[illegible] Myrum, Treasurer	31.70
[illegible]	[illegible] Archambault, Treasurer	122.28
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	148.52
[illegible]	[illegible] P. Bakken, Treasurer	54.92
[illegible]	[illegible] Christenson, Treasurer	7.34
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	182.56
[illegible]	Walter McAndress, Treasurer	81.11
[illegible]	Albert Trinka Jr., Treasurer	22.27
[illegible]	Louis Falardeau, Treasurer	147.99
[illegible]	Sievert Hanson, Treasurer	163.48
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	58.41
[illegible]	[illegible] Dion, Treasurer	121.64
[illegible]	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	125.03
[illegible]	Fredric Miller, Treasurer	164.37
[illegible]	P. M. Thorson, Treasurer	67.85
[illegible]	Carl G. Olson, Treasurer	38.02
[illegible]	Carl G. Olson, Treasurer	2.61
[illegible]	Halldor Erickson, Treasurer	131.59
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	56.34
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	62.13
[illegible]	[illegible] A. Croupe, Treasurer	1500.00
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	162.94
[illegible]	[illegible] Johnson, Treasurer	221.15
[illegible]	[illegible] A. Croupe, Treasurer	1000.00
[illegible]	Ed. Rustad, Treasurer	36.12
[illegible]	Narcisse Robidoux, Treasurer	205.00
[illegible]	Elias Perrault, Treasurer	126.38
[illegible]	[illegible] P. Ness, Treasurer	318.60
[illegible]	Chas. A. Croupe, Treasurer	1000.00
[illegible]	Louis Patterson, Treasurer	1256.80
[illegible]	Joseph Delorme, Treasurer	34.00
[illegible]	Andrew Soderberg, Treasurer	232.50
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	91.80
[illegible]	Joe Laurent, Treasurer	473.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Wilberg, Treasurer	54.40
[illegible]	[illegible] O. Krasson, Treasurer	125.50
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	297.20
[illegible]	[illegible] Erickson, Treasurer	95.20
[illegible]	[illegible] Helgeland, Treasurer	61.60
[illegible]	[illegible] Gordon, Treasurer	95.20
[illegible]	Edward Singer, Treasurer	44.20
[illegible]	Walter McAndress, Treasurer	195.60
[illegible]	[illegible] Myrum, Treasurer	61.60
[illegible]	Gunder Olson, Treasurer	23.80
[illegible]	[illegible], Treasurer	44.20
[illegible]	[illegible] Dyrdahl, Treasurer	37.40
[illegible]	T. G. Helle, Treasurer	30.60
[illegible]	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	54.40
[illegible]	Carl B. Olson, Treasurer	44.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	64.60
[illegible]	[illegible]	65.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	54.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	134.80
[illegible]	[illegible]	75.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	150.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	151.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	71.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	105.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	95.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	20.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	95.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	47.29
[illegible]	[illegible]	82.62
[illegible]	[illegible]	1000.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	91.80
[illegible]	[illegible]	51.60
[illegible]	[illegible]	120.60
[illegible]	[illegible]	107.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	564.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	111.16
[illegible]	[illegible]	61.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	124.80
[illegible]	[illegible]	153.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	75.20
[illegible]	A. J. Heinstad, Treasurer	76.40
[illegible]	K. K. Sinnes, Treasurer	47.60
[illegible]	John Power, Treasurer	130.62
[illegible]	P. P. Thysen, Treasurer	55.00
[illegible]	Gis L. Ottum, Treasurer	47.60
17251	Dalphis Dion, Treasurer	40.80
17252	Joseph Jean, Treasurer	180.80
17253	P. M. Thorson, Treasurer	74.66
17261	John Westlake, Treasurer	123.60
17263	Joseph Laurent, Treasurer	213.84
17187	Rasmus Aaseby, Treasurer	27.20
	Total	$66109.35

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14091	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	$ 468.24
14221	Wm. Schaper, Treasurer	273.31
14236	A. G. Sorenson, Treasurer	106.71
14275	Ed A. Aubol, Treasurer	202.64
14402	P. E. Smidesang, Treasurer	731.14
14407	O. L. Larson, Treasurer	106.06
14411	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	259.57
14413	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	160.44
14414	Louis Falordeau, Treasurer	407.19
14444	O. M. Mandt, Treasurer	125.02
14452	August Swenson, Treasurer	187.00
14454	John G. Hagen, Treasurer	205.67
14471	Geo. Orr, Treasurer	221.01
14474	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	107.74
14495	Ed. A. Aubol, Treasurer	521.64
14582	L. C. Codieux, Treasurer	439.30
14596	August Soderberg, Treasurer	277.51
14597	Osov G. Skreland, Treasurer	234.31
14604	H. R. Kalseth, Treasurer	158.22
14605	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	70.35
14608	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	15.00
14609	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	30.00
14610	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	90.00
14611	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	180.00
14612	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	30.00
14616	Christ Peterson, Treasurer	221.50
14618	H. J. Enderle, Treasurer	138.40
14627	State of Minnesota	20.00
14637	B. E. Burkee, Treasurer	561.19
14638	Nels O. Nora, Treasurer	194.49
14644	T. T. Kvale, Treasurer	3.92
14733	Ed. Evenson, Treasurer	2567.63
14737	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	270.38
14746	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	198.40
14769	John Linnertz, Treasurer	149.56
14779	Peder Sullard, Treasurer	123.20
14780	Ovide Emard, Treasurer	1750.66
14781	Alfred T. Rice, Treasurer	64.60
14919	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	240.75
16094	Sever Nelson, Treasurer	139.42
16153	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	116.37
16178	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	187.02
16187	State of Minnesota	40.00
16188	State of Minnesota	60.00
16258	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	431.23
16275	Wm. Schaeper, Treasurer	209.21
16490	Sever Nelson, Treasurer	161.31
16491	O. L. Larson, Treasurer	464.35
16492	H. R. Kalseth, Treasurer	431.01
16493	John C. Hagen, Treasurer	504.39
16494	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	191.31
16495	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	414.24
16496	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	61.73
16497	Osov G. Skreland, Treasurer	611.43
16498	August Soderberg, Treasurer	506.21
16499	August Swenson, Treasurer	532.08
16500	B. E. Burkee, Treasurer	649.02
16501	Henry J. Enderle, Treasurer	257.64
16510	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	120.00
16511	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	15.00
16512	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	129.00
16513	Ovide Emard, Treasurer	1812.16
16514	L. C. Codieux, Treasurer	871.29
16531	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	227.47
16541	Alfred Rice, Treasurer	161.84
16544	John Linnertz, Treasurer	227.04
16576	Geo. Orr, Treasurer	689.77
16585	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	213.13
16627	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	504.97
16667	Nels O. Nora, Treasurer	337.70
16670	O. M. Mandt, Treasurer	136.14
16699	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	582.40
16700	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	400.00
16790	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	586.09
16326	Louis Falordeau, Treasurer	691.86
17294	Peder Sulland, Treasurer	265.89
17196	T. T. Kvale, Treasurer	4.62
17197	Wm. Schaeper, Treasurer	538.04
17198	Elias Jorlugdahl, Treasurer	1024.61
17199	P. E. Smidesang, Treasurer	496.95
17200	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	13.06
17201	Ed. A. Aubol, Treasurer	75.52
17202	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	240.31
17203	Christ Peterson, Treasurer	290.11
17204	Ed. Evenson, Treasurer	3007.03
17260	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	219.19
17455	State of Minnesota	20.00
	Total	$32,873.63

FINANCIAL VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY, DECEMBER 31ST, 1909.

TAXES FOR 1908 AND PRIOR YEARS.

County Funds	$ 32304.83	
Taxes for 1909	33702.65	
Cash in County Treasury	10524.27	
Total		$ 76531.75

LIABILITIES

Warrants outstanding, County Fund	$ 9716.52	
Excess of Assets over Liabilities	66815.23	
Total		$ 76531.75

ASSESSED VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY FOR 1909.

Real Estate	$3122124.00	
Personal Property, less exemptions	622475.00	
Total		$3744599.00

INVENTORY OF COUNTY PROPERTY.

Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Block 1 of Langevin's Subdivision of Church Lot in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls Minn. (Court House Site and includes Jail Building)	$ 8000.00	
Sheriff's Residence, located on above property	2000.00	
Personal Property, includes furniture and fixtures	4000.00	
Total		$ 14000.00

BONDED DEBT OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

4 per cent Jail Bonds	$ 3000.00	
4 per cent Funding Bonds	20000.00	
4½ per cent Funding Bonds	14000.00	
4 per cent Refunding Bonds	10000.00	
Polk County Bonds	9339.13	
Total		$ 56339.13

RED LAKE COUNTY DRAINAGE BONDS.

Total issue outstanding	$153400.00

The foregoing statement prepared by the County Auditor is approved by this Board and respectfully submitted to the tax payers of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 5th day of January, A. D. 1910.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
ED. A. AUBOL,
JOSEPH JOHNSON,
JOSEPH PIGEON,
Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Attest:

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor.

Minnesota Conservation and Agricultural Development Congress

Will Be Held in the Big Auditorium at

St. Paul, March 16-19, 1910

Everyone interested in Minnesota's welfare—
and we all are—should attend.

For pamphlet regarding the purposes of the Congress, matters to be discussed and movements to be started, call on the Northern Pacific agent, or address

A. M. CLELAND, Gen. Pass'r Agent, St. Paul

The Scenic Highway NORTHERN PACIFIC *Through the Land of Fortune*

EMPLOYMENT MOTORMEN and CONDUCTORS

TWIN CITY LINES

Able-bodied young men of steady habits can secure good, permanent positions as Motormen and Conductors on the

Electric Car Lines in Minneapolis and St. Paul

Pay $60 to $80 per month
and increasing each year

Healthy, interesting work that a man enjoys.

FOR APPLICATION BLANK AND COMPLETE INFORMATION, ADDRESS
A. E. HAASE, Superintendent Employment Bureau, "Twin City Lines"
Snelling and University Avenues, St. Paul, Minn.

A 50-cent bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

given in half-teaspoon doses four times a day, mixed in its bottle, will last a year-old baby nearly a month, and four bottles over three months, and will make the baby strong and well and will lay the foundation for a healthy, robust boy or girl.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, N. Y.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book 11 of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), north, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 598, and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage, elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f17-m31

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, state of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 18th day of March A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 21st day of February, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal } A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

Petition for Public Ditch.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Deer Park and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the South west corner of the South East Quarter (SE¼) of Section Six (6) in Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) North of Range Forty (40) West Town of Deer Park, thence running north on the quarter line of Section Six (6) aforesaid to the Township Line between Townships one Hundred Fifty-two (152) and One Hundred Fifty-three (153), North of Range Forty (40) West, thence west on the Town Line aforesaid to the Section line between Sections Thirty one (31) and Thirty two (32) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) west, thence running north on the section line between said Sections Thirty-one (31) and Thirty-two (32) and between Sections Twenty-nine (29) and Thirty (30) in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West and terminating at the Red Lake River in Township One Hundred Fifty three (153) North of Range Forty (40) West (High Landing Twp.) at a point where the section line between Sections Twenty-nine (29) and Thirty (30) intersects the said Red Lake River as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such County Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated Jan. 25th, 1910.
William G. Hunt,
Ole O. Overwald,
Elias A. Mostue,
Walter McAndress,
Thomas C. Ronie,
C. L. Clark,
Even I. Suud.
Petitioners.
f24m10

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
103 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty and 48-100 ($930.48) Dollars, and Eighty Three and 88-100 ($83.88) dollars, paid for taxes, making a total of One Thousand Fourteen and 36-100 ($1014.36) Dollars in default then due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed by Wilton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank O'Meara, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of December 1902 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2 o'clock P. M. in Book 26 of Mortgages on Page 251.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said mortgagee, to Alice W. Henninghouse, by written assignment dated the 31st day of December, 1902 and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2:10 o'clock P. M., in Book T of Mortgages on Page 391.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Eliza A. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 29th day of January 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 7th day of April, 1906 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on Page 304.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Harriet L. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 23rd day of September, 1909, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 24th day of February, 1910 at 11:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 5 of Mortgages on page 351.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the land and premises therein, being in the County of Red Lake and state of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit:

The West Half of the North West Quarter (W½ of NW¼) of Section Fourteen (14) in Township One Hundred Fifty Two (152) in Range Forty Three (43), will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash, by The Sheriff of Red Lake County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the Statutory attorney's fees, and the taxes if any, and the costs and expenses of their foreclosure proceeding as allowed by law, and that the said sale will be made at the front door of the Post Office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said Red Lake County at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday, the 16th day of April, 1910.

Dated February 23, 1910.

HARRIET L. HAYWARD,
Assignee of Mortgage.

Grant Van Sant,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
508 Globe Building, St. Paul, Minn. m3-a14

Notice of Hearing on Petition of Legal Voter to be Set off.

WHEREAS, A petition signed by K. M. Johnson, a legal voter, freeholder and resident of School District No. 41 in this County, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed thereon, representing that he is the owner of the following described lands situated in said District to wit:

The South East Quarter (S E ¼) of Section Sixteen (16) and Lot One (1) and North Half (N½) and the South West Quarter (SW¼) of the North East Quarter (NE¼) of Section Twenty-one (21) all in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Forty-one (41) in the Township of Kratka County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, which said lands adjoin School district No. 68 and asking that he, with his said lands, may be set off from said District No. 41 to said adjoining District No. 68 for the following reasons:

That there is two miles to the School house in School District No. 41 and no road, while it is only one mile to the school house in School District No 68 was presented to the Board of county commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at a session of said Board held on the 24th day of February A. D. 1910 for the action of said Board thereon.

Now, Therefore, it is ordered that said petition will be heard by this Board at the session thereof commencing on the 18th day of March, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M., A. D. at the office of the County Auditor in said County.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given, by posting a notice thereof in one public place in each of the School Districts to be affected by said petition, and a copy thereof shall be served upon the Clerk of each of said School Districts, at least 10 days before the time appointed for such hearing.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of Board of
County Commissioners
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor, and ex-Officio
Seal. Clerk of Board.
m3-m10

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven Hundred Sixty-two, 70-100 ($762.70) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Albert C. Gilbert and Helen Gilbert, his wife, Mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank Mortgagee, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1904, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of December, 1904, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 29 of Mortgages on page 549, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter (SE¼ of NE¼), and Northeast quarter of Southeast quarter (NE¼ of SE¼) of Section Twenty-one (21) and the Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter (SW¼ of NW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22), all in Township One Hundred fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty three (43) west of the 5th Principal Meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Sortedahl Building, temporarily used as a Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 8th day of April, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seven Hundred Sixty-two and 70-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23rd, A. D. 1910.

The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f24-m31

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 23d A. D. 1904, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of May A. D. 1904 at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages 366 to 368 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-Four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 599, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty-eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

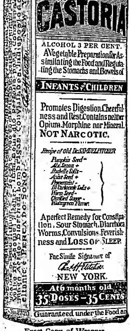
GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F17M31

Always a Way.

"You can't defeat the ends of justice!" thundered the prosecutor.

"In that case," responded counsel for the defense, "we'll try bucking the center."



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
ss
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of Carelius Peterson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 42.

Notice is Hereby Given: That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 42. The said Ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) and Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty-one (41). Commencing at a point thirteen hundred and forty two (1342) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between section eleven (11) and twelve (12) township one hundred fifty two (152) range forty one (41) thence running parallel with a twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12), and section one (1) and two (2) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections one (1) and two (2) of aforesaid Township and range, thence extending in a northwesterly direction to a point twenty (20) feet east and six hundred and thirty five (635) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirty six (36) township one hundred fifty three (153) range forty one (41) thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of section line between section thirty five (35) and section thirty six (36) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between said sections thirty five (35) and thirty six (36) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the east and west center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the center of said section thirty five of aforesaid township and range thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the north and south center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between section twenty six (26) and thirty five (35) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between section twenty six (26) and section thirty five (35), and section twenty seven (27) and section thirty four (34) to a point six hundred and forty (640) feet west of the section corner between section twenty six (26) and section twenty seven (27) and sections thirty four (34) and thirty five (35) of aforesaid township and range thence extending in a northwesterly direction across the south west corner of the South East Quarter (SE¼) of section twenty seven (27) and the north east corner of the South West Quarter (SW¼) of said section twenty seven (27) to a point forty (40) rods north and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter stake between section twenty seven (27) and section twenty eight (28) of aforesaid township and range thence extending parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between section twenty seven (27) and section twenty eight (28) and sections twenty one (21) and twenty two (22) township one hundred fifty three (153) range forty one (41) to the Red Lake River where said ditch has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit: Katie O'Brien, J. A. Duffy, Fred York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Hovland, Gust B. Treit, Kittle Vindlos, Martin Solem, John C. Carlson, Erick Meumb, Nels J. Helgemoe, Charles Krohn, Carl A. Johnson, Andrew T. Myrum, Sten Jorgensen, Claus Nelson, Joseph W. & Henry A. Metz, Asmund K. Vindlos, Arne Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Peter O'Toole, James O'Brien, Edward T. Emmerson, John Quirk, Aslak B. Mandt, Louis O. Kongel, Gilbert Steen, Peter Hedeen, Albert O. Anderson, James Madden, Carl G. Olson, Lars E. Ofte, Townships of Kratka and Mayfield and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 18th day of March 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard for and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
f24-M10

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.
Feb. 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lammart J. Rawerts of Red Rake Falls, Minnesota, who, on Feb. 4, 1904, made H. E. No. 23638 serial No. 01637, for SW¼ NE¼ Section 4, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. A. Swanson, Judge of Probate for Red Lake Co. Minnesota, at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 9th day of April, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Emil Just, of River Falls Township, Minn.
John Kjonickson of River Falls Twp, Minn.
Franz Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
Charles Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

Tired of It.

"Now I will explain to you how Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis got his peculiar name."

"No, you won't. I'll listen to any other twice-told tale you may wish to reel off, but not that one."

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Hizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER

Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.

Work Promptly Attended to

Leave orders at Gazette office

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

EASTER CANDIES,
POST CARDS, EGG DYES

Phone 7

W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Garceau & Robertus' ad.

Some good farms for rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Seed wheat and oats for sale.—Chas. N. Bourdon.

O. J. Knutson spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

H. E. Ives was at St. Hilaire between trains Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm Zaiser's announcement will interest the ladies.

S. M. Sivertson made a business trip to St. Hilaire Monday.

Andy Robertus returned last Thursday from a business trip to the twin cities and Montevedeo.

T. M. Brevig of River Falls was trading in town yesterday.

Shoe sale at the Red Lake Falls Supply House. Read the ad.

Jos. Toupin was at Crookston Friday evening and Saturday.

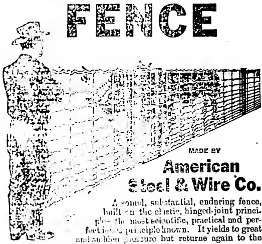
Wall paper in newest designs at 10c to 50c at Hunt Hardware Co.

For Sale—Incubator and brooder, good condition.—Mrs. V. H. Detting. A14

Dan Linnihan returned last Friday from a business trip to Montana.

Henry J. Kaufer left last evening on his return to his home at Calgary.

Sam Gibeau took a bunch of land seekers through the Brooks country Monday.



AMERICAN FENCE

MADE BY

American Steel & Wire Co.

A sound, substantial, enduring fence, built on the elastic, hinged-joint principle—the most scientific, practical and perfect fence principle known. It yields to great and sudden pressure but returns again to the original shape.
Thoroughly galvanized and protected against weather.

FOR SALE BY

HUNT HARDWARE CO.
ESTABLISHED IN 1872

FOR 33 YEARS THE HOME OF RELIABLE GOODS.

Read Spillane's new ad.

Few more Acme harrows left.—S. A. Swanson.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, April 7.

If you want Window Shades you should see the line at Hunt Hardware Co.

Perl W. Mabey, the Thief River attorney, was in town yesterday and today.

G. W. Eastman of Hazel was attending to business matters in town yesterday.

Rebecca meeting at I. O. O. F. hall next Wednesday evening. Lunch will be served.

W. A. Schreiter looked after property interests at Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mrs. George Brunelle left Monday for Blackduck where she will visit with relatives.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton was at Crookston Tuesday attending to some legal matters.

In his ad in this issue Jos. Helm tells a story that ought to be of interest to every farmer.

Miss Abbie Miller, teacher in the Badger school, spent Sunday at her home at Thief River Falls.

Theo. Garceau was attending to business matters at Crookston Tuesday and Wednesday.

Judge S. A. Swanson was at Badger attending to some business matters Monday and Tuesday.

John Deforge and Ephriam Trembly were attending to business matters at Crookston Tuesday.

Large new stocks of Wall Paper and Window Shades for your inspection at Hunt Hardware Co.

Misses Margaret Rose and Algina Guilmette visited with friends at Brooks Saturday and Sunday.

Nobody has said a word about the first robbin, but a Crookston man has seen wild ducks going north.

For Floors and Furniture use Chi-Namel. Costs a little more—worth a lot more. Hunt Hardware Co.

Miss Laura Lizee of Grand Forks visited over Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lizee, in this city.

Miss Lillie Zaiser returned Wednesday from Grand Forks, where she had been visiting with relatives for ten days.

Rev. John P. Davis will conduct services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours Sunday morning and evening.

Do you use the long distance service of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company as much as you should for your own benefit? Rates are low not only to nearby towns, but also to Bemidji and points in that vicinity.

Ole Gjerberg and Hugo Iltner, students at the State University, are at their homes in this city for a short vacation.

The Woodmen are making arrangements for a big Easter dance to be given at their hall, Monday evening, March 28.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will hold a food and apron sale in Mr. Healy's office Saturday afternoon, March 26.

Have you recently used the long distance service of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company to Bemidji and to points in that vicinity?

Bjorgo's Condition Powder is the best medicine for horses in case of colic. It saved a horse for me.—Ole Tofslaad. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office, came over from Crookston Saturday morning and remained here with his family until Monday evening.

Mrs. Leon Laurent left Tuesday on a trip to eastern Canada. She will visit for several weeks with relatives in Montreal, Quebec and other Canadian cities.

The young people of the C. E. society of the Presbyterian church and invited guests enjoyed a "hard times" sociable at the church parlors last Friday evening.

Ed. L. Healy has sold the J. W. Westphal farm, east of town, to Chris Dennison of Olmstead county. Mr. Dennison and family will take possession of the property next fall.

Flax seed for sale—First quality grown on ground in clover six years and free of foul weeds. If spoken for soon, $2.25 per bushel will buy this good yielding flax.—Walter Columbus, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M25

You will always receive courteous treatment from the First State Bank. They are interested in your business. Drop in and talk it over.

The shrewd investor does not put his money into every scheme presented which promises large returns; rather he is satisfied with the absolute security and liberal interest guaranteed on the Certificates of Deposit of the Merchants State Bank.

Card of Thanks.

The family of the deceased H. B. Kaufer desire the Gazette to express their sincere appreciation of the many acts of kindness shown them by their good friends and the citizens of Red Lake Falls and vicinity generally, during his recent illness and after his death.

WYLIE.

Eugene Dargan and Fred Landman returned from Northome Sunday. They have been working in the woods.

C. B. Houston took the overland route to the County Hub Tuesday.

Miss Lizzie Powers returned from St. Hilaire Wednesday.

S. Gideau of Red Lake Falls was out here on business Tuesday.

Miss Marie Crompe, who has been teaching here, returned to her home in Red Lake Falls Saturday.

Joe Cyr of Red Lake Falls was out here looking for hay Saturday, but we think Rick has it all.

Rasmus Miller returned from Crookston Sunday.

Albert Powers left for Crookston Friday on a business call.

John Dargan went to Warren where he will visit friends and relatives for a week or so.

Naplin Bros. have received the lumber for their new house. They will start building as soon as the weather breaks up.

The Great Northern Railroad Co., seems to think we are dead. But we will wake up if they keep on serving us the way they have lately.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake,
City of Red Lake Falls

Notice is hereby given, that an application has been made in writing to the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 25th day of March, 1910, and terminating on the 24th day of March, 1911, by William H. Krueger and Oliver Belair, co-partners as Krueger & Belair, at the following place, as stated in said application, respectively, to-wit:

In that certain one and a half story frame building situate on Lot 14 of Block 7 in Champagne & Dow's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minn., fronting on Main Street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council at the next adjourned regular meeting to be held at the city hall on the 24th day of March, 1910, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Witness my hand and the corporate seal of the City, this 8th day of March, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
(SEAL) m24 City Clerk.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of H. B. Kaufer.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court:

In the Matter of the Estate of H. B. Kaufer, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota, to Louis A. Kaufer, Henry J. Kaufer, Gertie E. Zeh, nee Gertie E. Kaufer, Emma E. Krost, nee Emma E. Kaufer, Ottillia Kaufer, Phil A. Kaufer, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Louis A. Kaufer having been filed in this court, representing that H. B. Kaufer, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the first day of March, 1910, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Louis A. Kaufer; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of April, 1910, at ten o'clock p. m. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court and the seal of said court, this ninth day of March, 1910.

(SEAL) S. A. SWANSON,
Probate Judge.

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. m24

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell, Mortgage or Lease Land.

Estate of Lula B. Haslet.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court:

In the matter of the Estate of Lula B. Haslet, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Burton Haslet, Elizabeth Haslet, Ruth Haslet, and Burton Haslet as guardian ad litem for Elizabeth Haslet, and Ruth Haslet, Minors, and all persons interested in the title and descent of certain lands belonging to said decedent: The petition of Burton Haslet as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be mortgaged and praying that a license be to him granted to mortgage the same:

Now Therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the office of the Judge of Probate, City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of April 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 5th day of March, 1910.

S. A. SWANSON
SEAL Judge of Probate Court.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for petitioner. m10-24

OUR GRAND OPENING OF SPRING MILLINERY

will be ready for inspection by our friends on

March 17 and 18, 1910

and it will give us pleasure to have you call on us.

MRS. WILLIAM ZAISER, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

EASTER AT FREUND'S.....

All kinds of Easter Novelties, Fruits, Confectionery, Postals, etc., are now on display at our store. Call and see our big line.

Freund's Store, - Phone 44

BIG SALE

IN SHOES FOR TWO MORE WEEKS

As advertised last week.

It is a big bargain for you. You are in need of shoes at this season of the year. Our shoes are guaranteed by the North Star Shoe Company. We have just got in a big new line of Hats and Caps for summer wear. We handle the celebrated

PATTERSON HAT.

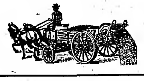
You are entitled to get the best of values at our store.

RED LAKE FALLS SUPPLY HOUSE

MAX INGBER, — PROPRIETOR

There was a big attendance at the auction sale at the Jos. Laurent farm in Terrebonne last week and articles put up at auction sold well.

Peter Swanson of Black River was in town yesterday doing some trading and visiting with his son, Judge S. A. Swanson.



THE MANURE SPREADER

The purchasing and using of a manure spreader on the farm is one of the best investments a farmer can make. If he has horses and cattle he has the manure, which is the most valuable of all farm by-products. By applying it to the land with a spreader as much as a dollar a ton can be saved, which means a return of from 25 to 100 per cent on the money invested in a spreader. We must apply the manure more carefully to our land. The spreader makes it possible. The farm must be made more fertile and the spreader will help to do it with a saving of labor. The spreader applies the manure so that it does the most good.

"FOR THE LAND'S SAKE"

BUY A GREAT WESTERN SPREADER.

The Real Spreader—No Experiment.

Oak frame — Not Pine
Oak Pole — Not Pine
Oak Beater Rails — Not Pine
Oak Axle Caps — Not Pine
Oak Double Bolsters — Not Pine
Oak Bed Plates — Not Pine
Oak Cross Pieces — Not Pine
Hickory Single and Double Trees
Malleable clips and parts not cast iron
16-inch Malleable Fifth Wheel.

GUARANTEE

We guarantee the Great Western Spreader to have 50 per cent less breakage, 50 per cent more strength and 50 per cent more wear than any other Spreader made today.

The Highest Grade Spreader Built.

No trouble. Has endless apron with its many advantages. No cranking back by hand or reverse gears. Wheels track like a wagon. Makes easy draft on machine. Makes only two tracks, not four. Can top dress corn or spread on corn stubble, covering two rows at a time. Contains more oak and malleable iron than any other Spreader built.

SOME FARMERS WHO USE THE GREAT WESTERN

F. A Kellogg, Red Lake Falls.
Mose Emard, Red Lake Falls.
Paul Cyr, Red Lake Falls.
Math Steele, Red Lake Falls.
F. E. Glass, Red Lake Falls.
Ed. Enright, Red Lake Falls.
John R. Gothier, Red Lake Falls.
John Linnertz, Red Lake Falls.
Bruno Derosier, Terrebonne.
Louis Perrault, Terrebonne.
John Patnode, Gentilly.
Frank Martel, Gentilly.
William Cuno, St. Hilaire.
C. H. Martz, St. Hilaire.
Peter Lindblom, Wylie.
C. A. Lindquist, Wylie.
C. A. Meline, Wylie.
Dufault Bros., Gentilly.
Gust Lubitz, Wylie.
George Weiss, Wylie.
Emil Larson, Wylie.
C. Ackerlund, Wylie.

If you are interested and realize the need of a manure spreader, write us or call at our office for the large free catalogue. We'll be glad to show you all about the spreader and to quote prices and terms.

JOS. HELM, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE ESTABLISHED 1883
[illegible] ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MARCH 17, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 25

SCHOOL OFFICERS WILL BE HERE

Annual Convention of School Officers in Red Lake Falls Next Week.

Supt. Anderson Has Prepared a Good Program for the Meeting.

[illegible] meeting of the school [illegible] Red Lake county will be [illegible] high school building [illegible] Tuesday, March 22 [illegible] hundred or more people [illegible] over the county will be in attendance at the meeting.

[illegible] H. F. Anderson has arranged [illegible] program for the meeting. [illegible] C. G. Schulz, state superintendent [illegible] public instruction, will be [illegible] deliver the principal address. Supt. Schulz will also [illegible] school [illegible] prepared to [illegible] the meeting [illegible] questions they can [illegible] that have troubled them in [illegible] of school affairs.

Among the addresses will be one [illegible] S. M. Sivertson of the local board [illegible] who will speak of the [illegible] that should exist [illegible] the city and rural [illegible]. Supt. L. V. Koos of the [illegible] schools will tell of efforts being made to enlarge the [illegible] of the country child. [illegible] address that will be of special interest will be one on industrial education with reference to rural schools to be given by Geo. F. Howard. Mr. Howard is a pioneer [illegible] and is now connected [illegible] rural extension work at the State University.

[illegible] is the program for the [illegible]:

Music—High School Mixed Chorus.

[illegible] Relation [illegible] the [illegible] Schools" [illegible] S. M. Sivertson, Member of School Board, Red Lake Falls.

Discussion.

Address—Hon. C. G. Schulz, State Superintendent of Public Instruction. [illegible] Opportunities of the [illegible]" Supt. L. V. Koos, Red Lake Falls.

Discussion.

"Industrial Education with Special Reference to the Rural Schools" Geo. F. Howard, Agricultural Extension, Minnesota University.

Discussion.

Question Box—Supt. C. G. Schulz.

CHARLES CYR DEAD

Passed Away at Home In Red Lake Falls.

Charles Cyr passed away at his home in this city last Thursday at the age of seventy two years, after an illness of five days.

Deceased was born in St. Morissette county, Quebec, in 1838. In 1859 he was married to Miss Vitaline Guethier at Barton, Vermont. In 1882 they came to Poplar River township, Red Lake county, to reside, and they lived there until 1903 when they moved to Red Lake Falls and the home has since been in this city.

Deceased is survived by his widow and eight children. The children are Joseph Cyr of this city, Henry Cyr of Brooks, Frank Cyr of Sioux City, Iowa, Fred Cyr of Seattle, Wash., John and George Cyr of North Yakima, Wash., Mrs. Henry Cote of Terrebonne, and Mrs. Frank Noel of North Yakima, Wash.

The funeral was conducted at St. Joseph's church Saturday morning, Rev. Fr. Bassus officiating. The remains were taken to Terrebonne for interment.

Council Proceedings.

Adjourned regular meeting of the City Council held at the City Hall on February 24th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the President.

Aldermen present: Paul, Crompe, Hunt and Salley.

Aldermen absent: Hennings.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Joseph Salley, services with team at fire of February 20, 1910...$ 5 00

Joseph Salley, for coal....... 18.97

The application by the firemen's committee for a raise in salary of the engineer of the Fire Department having been duly considered and the City Council having arrived at the conclusion that it was not justified in granting the same, the following motion was thereupon made:

Moved and seconded that the application for a raise in the salary of the engineer of the fire department be rejected. Motion carried.

The city Clerk was instructed to give notice to the firemen's committee of the action of the Council in the matter of the engineer's salary.

On motion meeting adjourned.

Simon Paul,
President.

Approved this 8th day of March, 1910.

Attest: J. A. Duffy,
Joseph Perrault, Mayor.
City Clerk.

WILL RUSH WORK ON THE BIG DAM

Work on Big Louisville Dam to be Commenced at Once.

Will Supply Power for Crookston Grand Forks and East Grand Forks.

As soon as the frost is out of the ground crews will commence work on the 3500 horse power dam on the Red Lake river at Louisville, six miles west of this city. The work will be rushed, day and night crews will be employed, and it is expected that the dam will be completed by Nov. 1. When the dam is completed the power will be transmitted to Crookston, East Grand Forks and Grand Forks and will be used for commercial purposes in those cities.

We All Get Soaked, Anyhow.

Folly, Genius and Common Sense once went walking and came to a stream. Genius, having his head in the clouds, naturally started to walk across, paying no attention to the depth. The waters soon went over his head, and he was drowned. Common Sense hunted for a safe way to get across, and finally found a foot log. As he got out about the center of the stream the log swayed, and he fell into the water and sank to rise no more. Folly stopped at the bank of the stream to amuse himself by throwing pebbles into the water and watching the waves. He sat upon the moist, cold bank until he caught a cold which developed into pneumonia, of which he soon died. Moral.—It doesn't make any difference, after all, whether you are a genius, a sage or a fool. You'll get it in the neck sooner or later anyway!—Ex.

Will J. Lieb of Minneapolis, traveling freight agent for the Milwaukee railroad, was in town today.

For rent—The S. E. ¼ sec. 31, Red Lake township. 110 acres under cultivation, 50 acres hayland. For further particulars address Elmor Ruhberg, Crookston, Minn.

SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT

Students of Brooks School Appear In Public.

Brooks, Minn.—The teachers and pupils of the Brooks school gave an entertainment in their school house on March eleventh. The teachers, Miss Davies and Miss Coleman, made arrangements to have the program in the afternoon and repeat it in the evening which gave all the patrons an opportunity to attend. The afternoon program was well attended and it reflects much credit upon Miss Davies' and Miss Coleman's ability to remark that a greater part of the audience returned in the evening to hear the same program. Altho the roads were in bad condition nearly all of the rural patrons showed their appreciation of the teachers' efforts by attending. The program was well prepared and the teachers deserved, as they received, much praise for their untiring and conscientious efforts in making the program a credit to the scholars and the scholars a credit to the community.

The correspondent was fortunate in being able to attend and express the sentiments of the community in hoping that we may have the pleasure of going again.

ELECTION RETURNS

Results in Some Red Lake County Towns.

Red Lake Falls.

Supervisors—Fraz Schmidt, Androw Ydstie, Geo. Walker.
Town Clerk—Alex Patnode.
Treasurer—Geo. G. Orr.
Assessor—C. A. Swanson.
Justice of Peace—Chas. Seeger.
Constable—Clause Henricks.

Lake Pleasant.

Supervisor—Omer Dalorme, Paul Schoenauer, Aug. Anderson.
Town Clerk—M. Ducharme.
Treasurer—Wm. Schaper.
Assessor—F. E. Glass.
Justice of Peace—Sam Luxemburg
Road Overseer—Dist. No. 1, Walter Columbus; Dist. No. 2, D. Welsh; Dist. No. 3, Joseph Page; Dist. No. 4, M. W. Loose; Dist. No. 5, Joseph Delorme; Dist. No. 6 M. Pensaauult.
Each overseer is Pond Master.

Terrebonne

Supervisors—Alcide Perusse. Telesphor Jolly, Louis Perruult.
Clerk—L. Cassetto.
Treasurer—Geo. Dupont.
Justice of Peace—L. C. Cadieux.
Assessor—Ed. St. Yves.
Road Overseer—A. Rock.
Constable—Ed. St. Yves.

Poplar River Twp. (including Brooks.)

Supervisor, 3 years—Wm. Hebert,
Town Clerk—A. Laniel.
Treasurer—Cyrille Lussier.
Justices of Peace—A. Laniel, W. B. Cheshire.
Constable—F. X. Lambert.
Overseers—1st Dist, Frank Oben; 2nd Dist., Chas Poirier; 3rd Dist., Thos. Moreau; 4th Dist., R. J. Borrow.
For license, 41; against license 49.

Emardville.

Supervisor—W. Rose.
Town Clerk—A. G. Hemstad.
Treasurer—John Hogon.

St. Hilaire Village

President—J. C. Dahl.
Councilmen—K. R. Killaad, K. O. Gigstad, R. J. McKercher.
Recorder—Arthur Hall.
Treasurer—B. E. Burke.

Polk Centre

Chairman—John Naplin.
Clerk—C. E. Naplin.
Assessor—Hjolmar Johnson.
Treasurer—P. E. Smidesang.
Overseers—Nic Mauer, Joseph Bischoff, Chas. Johnson, C. A. Moliu, C. E. Naplin, Regis Huot.

Town of Deer Park.

Supervisor—Frank Lundeen.
Town Clerk—Edward Singer.
Treasurer—O. M. Mandt.
Justice of Peace—E. A. Mostue.
Constable—Oscar Nesland.

Plummer Village.

President—H. H. Finrow.
Councilmen—Hans Hugget, Sigrud Rica and N. A. Nelson.
Recorder—Ole J. Johnson.
Constable—E. L. Wichterman.
Justice of Peace—G. A. Hogen.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

THE GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS

Members of Board of Regents, State University, are Reappointed.

But the Governor Got Into Trouble When Politics Received Consideration.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, March 15—Governor Eberhart is fortunate when he is able to take the example of his predecessor as his guide. Then he makes no mistake. It is only when he deviates from it that he finds his path beset by thorns. We see that in the course he has pursued with regard to the appointment of regents of the State University. The thing for the governor to do was always clear. By reappointing Governor Johnson's nominee he would be sure not only of having good men on the board but of appointing men who would work in harmony with their associates. The governor hesitated to do this. He let it be known that his mind was not quite made up with regard to some of them. At once his office was besieged by applicants and by the friends of applicants who urged their conflicting claims. There were those even who assumed to dictate the governor's course to him. The upshot of the matter has been that in order to avoid the entanglements that original appointments would be certain to produce, the governor, after a period of vacillation, has found the only safe way out of his dilemma is to ignore the claims and demands of his political associates and to reappoint the retiring regents.

Regents Appointed.

That is really why B. F. Nelson, C. A. Smith and Pierce Butler are still members of the board. Two of these gentlemen are Democrats. One is nominally a Republican, although his affiliations with party leaders are understood in recent years not to have been close, at all events R. C. Dunn seems to cast reflections on his loyalty, and Mr. Dunn keeps pretty close tab on public men. The only one of those appointments that has seemed to be in serious doubt is Pierce Butler. Butler is an aggressive Democrat. In the election campaign of 1906 he was a candidate for the senate in the Midway district. He was defeated by a narrow margin by Senator Hackney. He attributed his defeat to votes illegally cast by students of the Midway colleges and inaugurated a contest which proved to entail large expenses on the state. The governor hesitated long before he made up his mind to appoint him. Great pressure was brought to bear, however, to secure his retention behind which were the influences which backed Butler in his legislative campaign, the history of which would in itself prove interesting reading. In order to avoid antagonizing these influences and at the same time get out of appointing Butler, the governor is understood to have gone so far as to sound James J. Hill himself to see if he would not consent to undertake the management of the University. Mr. Hill found the demands on his time too great and the governor, disregarding the recommendations of his Republican friends, decided to retain the Johnson appointee.

The Farmer Representative.

With regard to the place made vacant by the death of S. M. Owen, the governor unfortunately did not have that recourse, and I am afraid he has got into trouble by the course he did pursue, although Milton M. Williams of Little Falls, who received the appointment is not considered objectional. Mr. Owen, however, represented the agricultural interest in a sense that Mr. Williams can hardly be said to. Mr. Owen spent a lifetime in the study of agricultural needs. He entered as few men do who are not actually farmers into the interest of farmers. His interests were identical with theirs. The paper he had conducted for so many years had done much to instruct farmers in better methods. With Mr. Williams on the other hand agriculture is understood to be a mere recreation—a side issue. He farms for pleasure rather than for profit. He is a good man no doubt and will make a good regent, but it is very questionable whether he is in a position to advise the board with any unusual intelligence as to the steps it is necessary to take in order best to advance the interests of agricultural education.

(Continued on Page Four.)

GETTING STOCK IN

Fournet Furniture Store Will be Opened Soon.

J. F. Fournet, who is to open a furniture store in the Kaus block, is here this week and is unpacking and arranging a big stock of goods in the store building. Mr. Fournet says that he expects to have the store ready to open for business about March 25. Mr. Fournet will rent a house and will move his family here soon.

FARMER AND EDITOR.

Agricultural Students Advised to Co-operate with Papers.

"The country newspaper is the greatest agency for the betterment of your community, and it will be progressive or backward in the degree that you support it" is what L. J. Boughner, city editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, told the 400 students at the state agricultural school yesterday. "When you go back to the farm, look up the editor of your local newspaper," he urged, "and make a friend of him. The editor of your local newspaper will help you in everything you undertake for the upbuilding of your locality. You need his co-operation and he needs yours."—Minneapolis Tribune.

Down at the Hardware Store.

As the sun shone bright and things commenced to look as if spring had come at last, a warm discussion took place between a sad iron and a kitchen range after being idle all winter.

When pressed for an explanation, in order to smooth over things, the sad iron said the range got hot and flew off its base because it was a black leg and a fuel.

The range turned its back and said the sad iron without reason went off the handle. At this the jackknives opened up and handled some cutting remarks which caused the case to open and request them to pocket their insults; but they refused to back out of the discussion or shut up. It had grown so spirited that the thermometers dropped some remarks, but auger bit it because it had bore enough.

The plumb tried its level best to square things, but everything was so hot that a bar of solder began to run and was lead away by a hand saw which was screwed up to such a pitch that it showed its teeth and said that it never saw such cutting up.

But the ice cream freezer kept cool and turned around with an icy stare because it is quicker than lightening when it is stirred up.

The range lost its pipe and could not smoke and began to elbow its way along as the hose turned to rubber and started to spout, but the gun went off half cocked and plugged it.

The paint began to brush its coat and it began to quiet down and did not wax grater as a hob nail raised its head and in a rasping voice said, "Bless my soul! I'll soon be driven to it."

When ready to build that house or barn, let us figure on your hardware bill. The store that saves you money, Mittwer's Hardware.

Colonize Northern Minnesota.

The first party of Holland farmers who are being brought to this county by Bishop McGolrick, in furtherance of his plans to settle the lands of Northern Minnesota with people from the larger cities of the country, sailed today.

These farmers are experts in dairying and have thoroughly studied the problem of intensive farming. They will be brought to America and will settle on farms in Mille Lacs county. They are expected to arrive in Minnesota about March 20.

These farmers will act as instructors to other settlers who will come later. The company behind Bishop McGolrick has several large tracts of land, which will be settled with poor people from the large cities of America.—Duluth Herald.

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE NEW WORK IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Big Opportunity for Growth in the Public School Work.

Rural Schools May Become Associated With Central School.

As announced in the last issue of the Gazette courses in manual training and agriculture and domestic science are to be added to the course of study in the Red Lake Falls high school next year.

The board of education at its last meeting and after careful investigation of the work as carried on in near-by schools came to the decision as stated above. Those who visited the schools made a very favorable report. They believe that these schools are doing practical and work that should be offered to students in every good high school.

Two new teachers, one for manual training and agriculture and one for domestic science, will be employed and good equipment will be purchased so that the work can be carried on in approved manner.

The law provides that where this work is undertaken rural schools in districts surrounding the central school may become associated with the central school. In order to do this a small tax levy is required to be made in each district becoming associated, the students from that district then having the right to take up the work in the central school and the board of education in each associating district to select one of the members to serve with the board of the central school. It will be well for the members of the rural boards to investigate the merits of the proposition to become associated with the Red Lake Falls city school.

The formal resolution making the proposition of association, and adopted at the last meeting of the board of education, is as follows:

Whereas, the 1909 Legislature of the State of Minnesota, recognizing the great need in the rural schools for the teaching of agriculture, home economics and manual training, and seeing the practical impossibility of carrying out such courses in the rural schools themselves with their present equipment and teaching force, was moved to enact legislation (See General Laws of Minnesota 1909, Chap. 247, sec. 9–12) authorizing (1) the association of rural schools with state high and graded schools offering these subjects in their courses of study, (2) the petition and election for association to be carried on as now provided by the law for consolidation, (3) the assistance in the support of such courses of study in the central school by a tax levy of not less than one mill nor more than four mills in each of the associating districts, and (4) the selection of one of its members by each rural district board to act with the school board of the central school in carrying out the provisions of the act, and

Whereas the Board of Education in Independent District No. 15 of the City of Red Lake Falls has already taken action to establish courses in agriculture, home economics, and manual training in the Red Lake Falls High School at the opening of the school year in September, 1910,

Therefore, be it resolved by the Board of Independent District No. 15 that it is their desire to encourage this association of rural districts and that by this resolution they invite members of school boards of rural school districts surrounding Red Lake Falls and the patrons and tax-payers of those districts to take action with a view to voting upon association with Independent District No. 15 at the coming annual school meeting in July for the purpose of giving to the children in these associating rural districts the benefits of instruction in agriculture, home economics and manual training.

By the Board of Education in Independent District No. 15.

N. M. Watson, Pres.
I. Lemieux, Sec.
T. A. Crompe, Treas.
Theo. Garceau.
H. Hennemuth.
S. M. Sivertson.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.02
Durum	.86
Rye	.62
Oats	.36
Flax	2.06
Barley	.45
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.18
Butter, dairy	.25

Abraham Lincoln

Said, fifty years ago, in an address to the Wisconsin Agricultural Society, that "Fifty bushels of wheat and one hundred bushels of corn could be raised per acre by pushing the soil to its full capacity—making best use of manures, observance of seasons, all to attend this end."

Are you putting manure on the ground in a pulverized condition to make the best plant food?

Are you making it go as far as it should?

Have You A

GREAT WESTERN SPREADER?

JOSEPH HELM,

Farm Machinery *Red Lake Falls*

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of Red Lake County, Minnesota, For the Year Ending December 31, 1909.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
January 4, 1910.

[illegible] Auditor's Office, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn.
[illegible] I have the honor to submit you herewith the Financial Statement of Red Lake County for the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1909 A. D. [illegible] of all the receipts and disbursements by the Treasurer [illegible] and shows the balance remaining in his hands [illegible] several funds. Annexed hereto and a part thereof is a [illegible] County Expenses for which orders or warrants were [illegible] to show the purpose of each expenditure.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor.

TRIAL BALANCE

[illegible] of County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn. Showing [illegible] at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1908.

	Debit.	Credit.
[illegible]	$43937.22	$
[illegible]		348.08
[illegible]		5767.90
[illegible]		722.67
[illegible]		556.14
[illegible]		147.16
[illegible]		1640.48
[illegible]		16102.27
[illegible]		306.62
[illegible]		5184.99
[illegible]		4206.94
[illegible]		92.70
[illegible]		72.00
[illegible]		462.74
[illegible]		1485.89
[illegible]		5799.30
[illegible]		....
[illegible]		139.88
[illegible]	729.22	
Total	$ 42482.22	$ 42423.20

RECEIPTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY

During the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1909.

Balance in the Treasury Jan. 2nd 1909	$ 42667.88
[illegible]	138829.34
Delinquent tax collections	21305.50
Mortgage tax	1900.80
[illegible] lands	1981.63
[illegible]	1376.39
[illegible]	12048.01
[illegible] principal and interest state lands	6228.48
[illegible] apportionment	13189.60
[illegible] aid to [illegible] schools	8181.90
Hunters' licenses	132.80
Interest on deposits of county funds	1612.63
[illegible]	60.00
[illegible]	21.00
Jury fees	30.00
[illegible]	27.68
[illegible]	32.00
[illegible]	2000.00
[illegible] of county ditch bonds	29200.00
State appropriations for state roads in Red Lake County	2425.00
Insurance received on account of court house fire	4185.50
Refundment on account of overcharges	141.41
Clerk's fees on account of personal property tax warrants	7.75
Interest on township order	18.00
Redemption of town order	200.00
Warrants outstanding December 31st, 1909	13327.67
Total	$308785.92

DISBURSEMENTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

During the fiscal year ending the 31st day of December, 1909.

Warrants drawn on the County Revenue Fund	$ 62637.66
Warrants drawn on County Road and Bridge Fund	11672.86
Warrants drawn on County Bond and Interest Fund	6636.21
Warrants drawn on Private Redemption Fund	11603.07
Warrants drawn on General Ditch Fund	62653.68
Warrants drawn on Incidental Fund	167.24
Warrants drawn on School District Funds	66709.75
Warrants drawn on Town, City and Village Fund	62883.66
Warrants drawn on Court House and Jail Fund	4026.70
Warrants drawn on Special County Bond and Interest Fund	634.66
Refunding Warrants	647.07
Principal and interest on state fund	1652.56
State revenue and school tax	12641.06
Hunters' licenses	204.20
Inebriate hospital tax	66.00
Warrants outstanding December 31st, 1908	3246.07
Balance in Treasury December 31st, 1909	164220.64
Warrants drawn on Special Road and Bridge Fund	147.60
Warrants drawn on Contingent Fund	26.69
Total	$622766.92

TRIAL BALANCE

From General Ledger of County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn. Showing the condition at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1909.

	Debit.	Credit
County Treasurer	$104328.64	$
Warrants Account		13327.37
Taxes and Penalties		11121.03
Current School Fund		6.06
County Revenue	6852.62	
Poor Fund		147.35
Road and Bridge Fund		1475.77
Ditch Fund		63124.27
Redemption Fund		1136.07
School Fund District		22373.57
Town, City and Village		13473.04
Incidental Fund		4.76
State Revenue and Schools		3664.25
State Road and Interest		1222.47
[illegible] Fund		1680.40
County Bond Interest		6786.64
Building Fund		261.77
County Special Road and Bridge		161.26
Contingent Fund		14.11
Total	$112972.36	$112973.02

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNDS.

County Revenue Fund.

RECEIPTS

Taxes and Penalties	$ 62162.16
Interest on deposits of county funds	1616.68
Auctioneers' License	60.00
[illegible]	.21.00
[illegible] fees	60.06
[illegible] court	10.00
[illegible] court	20.06
Clerk's fees, personal property tax warrants	7.73
Refundments	141.41
Transferred from county ditch fund	65000.00
Credit balance Jan. 2nd 1910	8352.33
Total	$ 66267.36

DISBURSEMENTS.

Debit Balance Jan. 2nd 1909	$ 1446.26
Warrants Paid	28837.68
Transferred to Incidental fund	100.60
Transferred to Contingent fund	66.60
Refunding orders	66.76
Re-transferred to County Ditch fund	35006.00
Total	$ 66667.35

COUNTY OFFICERS' SALARIES

COUNTY AUDITOR.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14149	John B. O'Brien, salary	$ 100.00
14191	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
14258	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
14546	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
14749	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
14900	A. A. Latendresse, salary	50.00
16163	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16156	John B. O'Brien, salary	50.00
16359	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16586	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16757	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16846	A. A. Latendresse, salary	166.06
17051	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.60
Total		$ 1260.00

COUNTY TREASURER

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14041	O. T. Tandberg, salary	$ 100.00
14192	O. T. Tandberg, salary	160.06
14259	O. T. Tandberg, salary	106.00
14547	O. T. Tandberg, salary	100.66
14750	O. T. Tandberg, salary	166.00
14901	O. T. Tandberg, salary	400.06
16161	H. E. Ives, salary	40.00
16351	H. E. Ives, salary	166.60
16357	H. E. Ives, salary	166.06
16158	H. E. Ives, salary	166.00
16547	H. E. Ives, salary	160.00
17052	H. E. Ives, salary	100.06
Total		$ 1143.33

COUNTY ATTORNEY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14042	Thos. Germo, salary	$ 100.00
14095	Thos. Germo, salary	18.18
14193	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	83.82
14260	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14548	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14761	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14902	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16182	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16382	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
18588	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16756	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16848	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
17053	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
Total		$1200.00

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14043	H. T. McAnulty, salary	$ 108.33
14062	H. T. McAnulty, salary	17.40
14194	H. F. Anderson, salary	63.72
14261	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14549	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14752	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14803	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16163	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16383	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
18586	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16780	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16846	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
17054	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
Total		$ 1209.45

JUDGE OF PROBATE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14044	N. W. Tarrant, salary	$ 97.92
14063	N. W. Tarrant, salary	15.75
14195	S. A. Swanson, salary	82.17
14262	S. A. Swanson, salary	97.92
14550	S. A. Swanson, salary	97.92
14753	S. A. Swanson, salary	97.92
14904	S. A. Swanson, salary	117.40
16185	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
16385	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
18591	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
15762	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
16851	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
17059	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
Total		$ 1282.00

DEPUTY COUNTY AUDITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14949	A. A. Latendresse, salary	$ 70.00
14197	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14264	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14552	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14756	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14906	Joseph Perrault, salary	37.50
16167	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
14900	A. A. Latendresse, salary	37.50
16387	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16593	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16764	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16653	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
17058	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
Total		$ 895.00

CLERK HIRE IN COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14075	Joseph Perrault	$ 36.00
14081	Amelia Berget	3.00
14087	Joseph Perrault	16.00
14177	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14190	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14219	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14284	Joseph Perrault	15.00
14244	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14255	Joseph Perrault	15.00
14258	Amelia Berget	3.00
14375	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14391	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14409	Joseph Perrault	16.00
14460	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14567	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14622	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14625	Amelia Berget	3.00
14649	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14794	Joseph Perrault	36.00
14783	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14784	Amelia Berget	3.00
14815	Joseph Perrault	18.00
16079	S. L. Lewis	15.00
16115	Amelia Berget	3.00
16156	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16187	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16271	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16284	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16303	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16373	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16508	S. L. Lewis	36.00
16530	Amelia Berget	27.00
16540	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16584	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16618	Amelia Berget	3.00
16687	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16715	S. L. Lewis	16.00
16776	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16788	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16802	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16829	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16842	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16874	S. L. Lewis	18.06
16949	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17038	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17066	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17075	S. L. Lewis	18.09
17215	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17240	S. L. Lewis	15.00
Total		$ 840.00

CLERK HIRE IN COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14057	Ida Tanberg, salary	$ 35.00
14276	Ida Tanberg	40.00
14322	Ida Tanberg	40.00
14395	Lena Tschirhart	35.00
14593	Ida Tandberg	40.00
16042	Emma Tandberg	75.00
16419	Lena Tschirhart	40.00
16400	Ida Tandberg	66.00
16552	Ida Tandberg	60.00
16602	Ida Tandberg	40.00
16773	Ida Tandberg	40.00
16862	Ida Tandberg	40.00
17637	Ida Tandberg	40.00
Total		$ 581.00

CLERK HIRE IN JUDGE OF PROBATE'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14055	Eleanor Tarrant, salary	$ 25.00
14064	Eleanor Tarrant	2.40
Total		$ 27.40

COURT REPORTER

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14046	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	$ 18.65
14216	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.25
14266	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.26
14564	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.25
14757	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
14906	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.25
16162	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16384	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16595	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16766	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16866	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
17080	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
Total		$ 235.34
14042	W. O. Braggans, salary	18.66
14216	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14267	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14556	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.26
14758	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
14909	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
16176	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.57
16260	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16596	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.07
16767	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16866	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
17081	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
Total		$ 266.34

JANITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14647	Lucian Phillon, salary	$ 60.00
14136	Lucian Phillon, salary	60.00
14265	Lucian Phillon, salary	50.00
14638	Lucian Phillon, salary	60.00
14763	Lucian Phillon, salary	50.00
14907	Lucian Phillon, salary	50.00
16166	Lucian Phillon, salary	50.00
16328	Lucian Phillon, salary	50.00
16664	Lucian Phillon, salary	50.00
18730	Lucian Phillon, salary	60.00
16364	Lucian Phillon, salary	50.00
17069	Lucian Phillon, salary	80.00
Total		$ 600.00

COUNTY SURVEYOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14979	C. H. Martz	$ 134.60
14980	C. H. Martz	19.00
16903	C. H. Martz	21.60
Total		$ 176.00

COURT COMMISSIONER FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14816	S. T. Johnson	$ 11.85
16240	S. T. Johnson	11.70
Total		$ 23.65

COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S PER DIEM AND MILEAGE

1ST COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14050	C. A. Lindquist, salary	$ 14.58
14109	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
14199	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
14268	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
14330	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
14556	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.68
14719	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
14759	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
14863	C. A. Lindquist, salary	7.20
14910	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
15011	C. A. Lindquist, salary	7.20
16151	C. A. Lindquist, salary	7.20
16171	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
16370	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
16391	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.68
16397	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
16658	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.80
16737	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
16768	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.68
16857	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
17062	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
Total		$ 218.16

2ND COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14053	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	$ 14.58
14112	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
14201	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
14270	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
14332	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
14558	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.68
14716	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
14761	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
14565	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	2.60
14912	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
15009	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	2.80
18149	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	2.80
16173	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16368	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
16393	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16599	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16661	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
16739	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
16770	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16859	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
17064	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
Total		$ 191.76

3RD COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14051	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	$ 14.68
14113	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
14200	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
14269	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
14329	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
14557	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
14715	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
14760	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.68
14862	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	6.00
14911	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
15010	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	6.00
16150	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	8.40
16172	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
16371	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
16392	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.56
16596	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
16663	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
16769	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
16858	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
17063	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
Total		$ 210.36

4TH COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14052	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
14110	Daniel Shaw, salary	4.00
14203	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.68
14272	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.68
14333	Daniel Shaw, salary	4.00
14559	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
14718	Daniel Shaw, salary	4.00
14762	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.68
14864	Daniel Shaw, salary	8.00
14913	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
15008	Daniel Shaw, salary	8.00
16144	Daniel Shaw, salary	9.00
16369	Joseph Johnson, salary	9.60
16395	Joseph Johnson, salary	20.41
16396	Daniel Shaw, salary	8.75
16601	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
16740	Joseph Johnson, salary	9.60
16772	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.68
16861	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.68
17066	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
Total		$ 231.16

5TH COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14054	Joseph Pigeon, salary	$ 14.58
14114	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
14202	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
14271	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.68
14331	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
14560	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
14717	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
14763	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
14861	Joseph Pigeon, salary	6.40
14014	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.68
15007	Joseph Pigeon, salary	6.40
16146	Joseph Pigeon, salary	6.40
16174	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16367	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
16394	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16600	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16665	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
16738	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
16771	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16860	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
17065	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
Total		$ 213.36

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16410	A. A. Latendresse	$ 9.00
16411	Joseph Pigeon	12.20
16412	C. A. Lindquist	12.60
16413	Ed. A. Aubol	12.00
16414	Joseph Johnson	18.60
16415	Wm. C. L. Demann	10.40
Total		$ 74.80

BOARD OF AUDIT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14122	C. A. Lindquist	$ 33.00
14123	John B. O'Brien	33.00
14124	C. W. Johnson	33.00
14817	John B. O'Brien	18.00
14818	C. W. Johnson	18.00
14619	C. A. Lindquist	16.00
16256	C. A. Lindquist	9.00
16329	A. A. Latendresse	9.00
16570	A. A. Latendresse	36.00
16571	C. A. Lindquist	36.00
Total		$ 243.00

DISTRICT COURT EXPENSES

GRAND JURORS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14425	James Evenson	$ 8.20
14426	Olaf Mossbeek	7.40
14427	John G. Anderson	6.60
14428	Thomas Larson	8.20
14429	Hubert Cardinal	4.60
14430	A. D. Berry	5.60
14431	Aemund Mandt	10.60
14432	L. J. Parbst	9.00
14433	John Scholin	8.20
14434	Marcelle Patnode	5.60
14435	Albert Anderson	7.00
14436	John O. Vaalis	10.20
14437	John Hedlund	6.40
14438	Joseph Bergeson	9.20
14439	H. H. Finrow	7.00
14440	Peter Wold	11.80
14441	Sander Engebretson	8.40
14442	Hans Frederickson	9.20
14443	Ralph Oreen	10.00
14446	M. C. Harlan	8.00
14460	H. L. Premo	7.60
14472	Mati Skala	4.20
16834	Carl Belswinger	9.00
16881	Anton Anderson	6.00
16882	Robert A. Lee	10.00
16883	Abraham Nowton	11.40
16884	Olaf Hanson	15.80
16885	Reinhard Johnsrud	15.00
16886	J. O. Swanson	10.20
16887	John Stensrud	10.20
16888	M. P. Bakkon	10.40
16889	Knute Stsen	13.20
16890	Sam Lovaas	16.00
16891	Charles Stevens	12.60
16892	O. W. Lang	10.20
16893	Ed. Enright	7.00
16894	George Herr	7.00
16895	Albert Power	8.00
16896	Philip Desoutel	12.30
16897	Frank Glase	6.80
16898	E. D. Cadieux	8.20
16900	L. T. Berg	10.60
18924	John J. Padden	8.20
Total		$ 387.10

PETIT JURORS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14417	Louis Talordeau	$ 6.80
14452	Jacob O. Valdal	8.20
14457	Jorgen Hegland	13.00
14475	Hans Gulbranson	11.20
14478	David Paradis	11.60
14479	W. E. Beebe	2.00
14481	Joseph Belair	1.00
14484	John Drier	2.00
14485	Peter Starken	10.00
14486	Magnus Olson	28.00
14487	Sam McMahon	24.00
14488	Lars Netteland	18.34
14489	Peter Starken	5.40
14490	John Fower	19.00
14491	Dan Linnihan	14.20
14492	J. W. M. Ginly	19.00
14493	Otto Zaiser	8.20
14494	Patrick Maylan	20.40
14498	Mathias Waldorf	15.80
14500	Paul Cyr	18.80
14502	Frank E. Hunt	8.20
14504	E. E. Fletcher	1.00
14561	Halvor Hanson	26.60
14562	Otto Geske	26.80
14563	Nels O. Nora	26.40
14564	Christ Bugge	27.60
14565	Henry Hememuth	20.20
14566	Joseph Gray	15.20
14567	N. A. Nelson	23.40
14568	Nels Person	24.80
14569	Hans Kalseth	25.00
14570	Albert Brunelle	13.20
14571	Paul Rogge	13.20
14572	John Tschirhart	2.00
14573	Rernt Wold	2.00
14574	Charles Kruse	2.00
14575	A. Welo	2.00
14576	James Brady	2.00
14577	Mathias Waldorf	2.00
14581	Henry Kruse	7.00
14582	Frank E. Hunt	2.00
16905	H. J. Rustad	6.80
16909	John Drier	4.00
16910	Clement Brunelle	4.00
16911	Charles Ford	4.00
16912	Henry B. Costello	18.80
16913	Andrew Eklund	14.00
16914	Jacob Froiland	17.00
16915	M. A. Converse	4.00
16916	Magnus Winberg	15.60
16917	Alfred Dahlstrom	12.80
16918	Hogan Hanson	12.20
16919	Fred Zaiser	9.20
16920	Axel Jacobson	12.60
16921	George Bender	18.00
16922	Ed. Nelson	4.00
16923	Frank Brouillet	4.00
16925	Olaf Larson	19.20
16926	C. J. Knox	16.40
16927	M. J. Berg	21.60
16928	James Gilbertson	16.00
16929	Martin Johnson	18.40
16930	Ed Crawn	15.20
16931	Alsime Juneau	14.40
16932	Andrew Hestekind	18.00
16933	John S. Nelson	16.40
16934	Henry Gerloeh	13.60
16935	John Albin	16.20
16936	Joseph Belair	4.00
16937	Adolph Zutz	13.60
16939	P. R. Gaass	3.00
16944	George Marchildon	9.60
17073	V. M. Higinbotham	4.00
Total		$ 901.94

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant	To whom issued.	Amt.
14419	John Anderson	$ 3.40
14420	W. S. Ferris	3.40
14421	E. M. Stanton, Jr.	3.40
14422	Lawrence Smith	3.40
14423	Henry M. Mahon	3.40
14424	Jalmar Lillemoen	3.40
14446	R. E. Jones	11.20
14458	Robert Bryant	3.40
14476	P. Neal Pannabnker	3.40
16904	John Stensrud	1.12
16907	Charles Heim	5.60
16908	Mary Heim	5.60
Total		$ 50.72

CLERK OF COURT SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16164	C. W. Johnson	$ 66.67
16384	C. W. Johnson	66.67
16590	C. W. Johnson	66.67
16761	C. W. Johnson	66.67
16850	C. W. Johnson	66.67
17055	C. W. Johnson	66.67
14917	C. W. Johnson	88.88
Total		$ 488.90

CLERK'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14564	C. W. Johnson	$ 39.00
14679	C. W. Johnson	25.05
14680	C. W. Johnson	23.10
14820	C. W. Johnson	23.25
14821	C. W. Johnson	86.40
Total		$ 196.60

DEPUTY CLERK'S FEES

14684	S. L. Lewis	$ 42.00
14773	S. L. Lewis	6.00
16292	S. L. Lewis	3.00
17209	S. L. Lewis	25.50
Total		$ 76.50

SHERIFF'S SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14045	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	$ 83.33
14196	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.31
14263	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14561	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14754	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14905	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
16166	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
16365	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	103.90
16592	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
16763	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
16862	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
17057	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
Total		$1153.89

SHERIFF'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14141	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. F. H. Detert	$ 3.37
14142	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Will Franzke	14.20
14143	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. B. Henry Costello	6.75
14144	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Admonds	4.00
14146	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. William Quigley	2.85
14683	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Otto Morrison	7.27
14684	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Charley Carpenter	12.81
14685	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning Petit Jury	13.26
14556	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning Grand Jury	2.97
14688	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning witnesses State vs. Gronerud	4.41
14810	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Haugland	2.08
11972	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Falk	4.15
16324	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Stakko	25.00
16325	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Peleran	3.58
16643	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. L. Johnson	6.36
16645	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Doe	3.68
16646	Lewis A. Nelson, State cases (3)	7.30
16741	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Snyder	4.60
Total		$ 133.24

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14238	A. W. Lang, Exps. State vs. Robert Kolseth	$ 8.22
14578	James Bulman	36.00
14580	Ben Isaacson	37.60
14614	Arthur Lizer	38.00
14682	James Bulman	17.50
14779	Ben Isaacson	3.00
14801	James Bulman	9.60
16270	Arthur Lizer	3.00
Total		$ 148.82

COURT DEPUTIES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16901	Louis Parenteau	$ 6.00
16911	Ben Isaacson	15.00
16942	Arthur Lizie	16.50
16946	Ben Isaacson	7.50
Total		$ 45.00

JAILOR'S SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14149	Lewis A. Nelson	$ 62.00
14356	Lewis A. Nelson	62.00
14657	Lewis A. Nelson	56.00
14813	Lewis A. Nelson	62.00
15012	Lewis A. Nelson	60.00
16210	Lewis A. Nelson	62.00
16323	Lewis A. Nelson	14.00
16614	Lewis A. Nelson	50.00
16743	Lewis A. Nelson	52.00
16970	Lewis A. Nelson	58.00
17112	Lewis A. Nelson	24.00
Total		$ 562.00

BOARDING PRISONERS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued	Amt.
14106	Andrew Lang	$ 7.00
14140	Lewis A. Nelson	25.22
14356	Lewis A. Nelson	35.34
14690	Lewis A. Nelson	45.60
14901	W. A. Bishop	6.25
14811	Lewis A. Nelson	66.12
14812	Lewis A. Nelson	39.90
16130	W. A. Bishop	2.00
16238	Lewis A. Nelson	42.00
16326	Lewis A. Nelson	4.20
16565	W. A. Bishop	2.35
16642	Lewis A. Nelson	37.30
17110	Lewis A. Nelson	4.80
17111	Lewis A. Nelson	8.40
Total		$ 326.98

PROBATE COURT EXPENSES

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S FEES IN INSANITY CASES.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14204	N. M. Watson	$ 5.30
14227	J. C. Wilkinson	5.30
14418	N. M. Watson	5.30
14446	J. C. Wilkinson	5.30
14729	O. F. Melby	5.30
14743	H. G. Heiber	5.30
14744	Henry Grundy	5.30
14745	H. G. Heiber	5.30
18374	H. G. Heiber	5.30
16375	Henry Grundy	5.30
16947	A. F. Melby	5.30
17262	I. Lemieux	5.30
17265	J. C. Wilkinson	5.30
Total		$ 68.90

WITNESS FEES IN INSANITY CASES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14108	Sam Knutson	$ 10.08
11150	Lewis Ahlstadt	1.12
14464	Fred Krueger	1.12
14465	C. A. Krueger	1.12
Total		$ 13.44

MISCELLANEOUS FEES IN INSANITY CASES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14139	Lewis A. Nelson, Conveying Joseph Viekum, Insane to Fergus Falls	$ 29.10
14145	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses, Joseph Viekum case	6.86
14148	Lewis A. Nelson, Conveying John Watson Insane to Fergus Falls	18.75
14181	Emma Klos, Fees Conveying Filipina Klos, Insane, to Fergus Falls	6.00
14357	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses Conveying Filipina Klos, Insane to Fergus Falls	24.45
14672	James Bulman, Guard of Joseph Viekum	5.00
14689	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses conveying Joseph Suehomel, Insane to Fergus Falls	33.45
14691	Joseph Belair, Expenses conveying John Watson, Insane to Fergus Falls	14.70
14692	Wm. Watson, Taking care of John Watson, Insane	12.49
14802	S. A. Swanson, Fees of Massestad and Delauries	3.44
11502	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking Anna Mossestad to asylum	38.00
14805	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking Delauries to asylum	55.41
14806	J. F. Farr, Taking care of Delauries, Insane	6.00
14807	Jensen & Sons, Livery in pursuit of Delauries, Insane	5.00
14808	A. W. Lang, Apprehending Delauries, Insane	5.35
14809	James Bulman, Taking care of Anna Mossestad, Insane	4.00
14971	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking R. Ronning to Faribault	53.41
16312	Mrs. Enger Swanson, Expenses taking R. Ronning to Faribault	12.00
16376	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. conveying Sarah Morquette to Fergus Falls	31.35
16487	A. W. Lang, Taking care of Sarah Morquette, Insane	2.00
16488	Robt. A. Lee, Taking care of Sarah Morquette, Insane	2.60
16633	S. A. Swanson, Expenses, case of Sarah Morquette, Insane	1.22
Total		$ 369.93

JUSTICE COURT EXPENSES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14120	A. P. Toupin	$ 4.60
14368	Joseph Johnson	9.90
11727	W. G. Hunt	5.85
14728	Edward Singer	18.33
16327	S. A. Swanson	3.15
16328	S. A. Swanson	9.10
16895	Arthur Laniel	2.80
17101	S. A. Swanson	3.85
17102	S. A. Swanson	3.20
Total		$ 60.96

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14358	Joseph Johnson	$ 5.16
14720	Josephien Wojnarowski	1.90
14721	Edward Singer	1.12
14722	B. Henry Costello	1.90
14723	Julian M. Brek	1.90
14724	Anton Radniecki	1.45
14725	John L. Radniecki	1.48
14726	John Esbrener	1.90
16691	Marie Lavoie	1.12
16692	Jos. Gauthier	1.36
16693	Julian Guerard	1.12
16694	Louis Berry	1.00
Total		$ 21.41

MUNICIPAL COURT EXPENSES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop, Costs in State cases to 12-3-08	$ 145.22
Total		$ 145.22

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop	$ 31.62
Total		$ 31.62

JURY FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop	$ 24.00
Total		$ 24.00

CORONER'S INQUEST

CORONER'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14654	O. F. Melby, Gunsten Jorgenson Inquest	$ 12.23
14655	O. F. Melby, Joseph Boucher Inquest	18.53
14983	O. F. Melby, R. Swanson Inquest	7.25
Total		$ 35.96

LIGHT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14132	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	$ 16.13
14248	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	28.63
14671	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	14.25
14822	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	16.68
16746	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	59.07
16958	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	17.59
16959	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	10.10
Total		$ 171.12

FUEL

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14060	James Enevoldson, 24¼ cords wood at $3.00 per	$ 86.75
14121	A. L. Roy, Wood for jail	4.59
14147	Lewis A. Nelson, 3½ cords wood for jail	12.25
14241	Thos. Germo, 10 cords wood for jail	32.53
14301	Jerry Chognon, 10½ cords wood for Court House	31.53
14563	A. D. Reapelle, 26 cords wood for court house	78.66
14673	Joseph Salley, 1930 lbs. coal for court house	9.63
14985	First State Bank, 3 cords wood	11.26
16652	First State Bank, 1 cord wood	3.75
17068	A. L. Roy, coal	4.45
Total		$ 273.66

REPORTING BIRTHS AND DEATHS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14505	Felix Anderson	$ 1.00
14506	F. J. Akerlund	1.76
14507	Joseph Duchomp	.25
14508	Chas. Svensgaard	1.75
14509	John Rodniecki	1.06
14510	W. A. Swanson	1.58
14511	A. J. Hemstad	1.50
14512	Lewis Sail	2.76
14513	Olaf Tande	6.75
14514	Alex Patnode	1.00
14515	C. N. Urdahl	1.00
14516	D. L. Dahl	.72
14517	Julius Olson	.50
14518	J. W. Vroison	3.50
14519	R. M. Johnson	2.75
14520	M. Duchorme	1.25
14524	Peter Boerig	5.76
14522	A. D. Berry	1.50
14523	Sam Lovaas	2.23
14524	G. J. Gordhagen	1.50
14525	E. J. Overland	3.76
14526	Olaf Larson	.25
14527	J. W. Pahlen	.50
14528	C. E. Naplin	2.25
14529	A. Laniel	4.50
14530	J. C. Wilkinson	11.26
14531	Hidaige Borli	1.00
14532	M. T. Torgerson	4.75
14533	A. S. Anderson	2.50
14534	P. Engelstad	4.00
14535	J. G. Cummings	2.25
14536	Nels K. Anderson	1.25
14537	W. H. Quist	2.00
14538	C. P. Quist	1.50
14539	Tobias Stene	3.25
14540	Joseph Johnson	3.25
14541	J. L. Cosette	5.80
14542	P. L. Vistaunet	7.75
14543	M. W. H. Boekman	27.00
14544	J. R. Larson	2.00
Total		$ 127.66

PRINTING AND ADVERTISING

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14136	Chas. W. Latta	$ 21.20
14320	John W. Eastman	4.40
14660	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14661	Red Lake Falls Gazette	32.06
14662	St. Hilaire Spectator	3.00
14800	Red Lake Falls Gazette	538.26
14989	St. Hilaire Spectator	8.70
14997	Red Lake Falls Gazette	30.40
16222	Red Lake Falls Gazette	58.63
16561	Red Lake Falls Gazette	133.92
16734	John W. Eastman	4.40
16965	Improvement Bulletin	17.90
Total		$ 563.64

BLANK BOOKS, BLANKS, STATIONERY AND SUPPLIES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14102	W. A. Schreiter	$ 17.00
14103	Free Press Printing Company	19.50
14104	The Pioneer Press Company	47.50
14105	Miller-Davis Printing Company	22.65
14137	Red Lake Falls Gazette	46.30
14138	S. W. Bagley	58.25
14319	S. W. Bagley	41.25
14321	St. Paul Book & Stationery Company	12.96
14322	Miller-Davis Printing Company	23.61
14323	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company	41.85
14324	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	36.51
14325	Free Press Printing Company	19.20
14326	The Pioneer Press Company	1.20
14661	Red Lake Falls Gazette	27.50
14662	St. Hilaire Spectator	15.50
14669	W. A. Schreiter	2.20
14674	Free Press Printing Company	28.25
14675	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company	17.50
14676	Miller-Davis Printing Company	80.13
14677	Louis F. Dow Company	33.80
14815	John W. Eastman	15.00
14834	W. A. Schreiter	7.69
14841	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company	30.00
14842	The Journal-Press Company	26.90
14843	The Pioneer Press Company	26.40
14844	Miller-Davis Printing Company	108.63
14845	Miller-Davis Printing Company	37.46
14993	Red Lake Falls Gazette	43.68
14997	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.50
14998	Brown, Treacy and Sperry Company	43.70
14999	Miller-Davis Printing Company	49.75
15000	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	36.23
15006	W. A. Schreiter	12.38
16127	John Eastman	3.00
16135	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	10.00
16136	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	10.00
16138	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	46.00
16139	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	25.75
16220	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	15.80
16241	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	45.46
16242	F. P. DuFresne	1.00
16243	Free Press Ptg. Co.	20.85
16244	McGill-Warner Co.	2.75
16245	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	6.00
16246	The Pioneer Press Co.	13.60
16247	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	4.00
16248	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	6.07
16354	Free Press Ptg. Co.	36.75
16355	Pioneer Sash & Door Factory	40.00
16356	The Poneer Co.	10.50
16357	W. A. Schreiter	18.23
16358	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	1.60
16359	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	2.31
16360	Free Press Ptg. Co.	13.45
16361	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	24.00
16362	McGill-Warner Co.	7.06
16363	West Publishing Co.	10.00
16364	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	20.70
16365	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	47.15
16366	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	23.70
16403	A. L. Reichert	1.06
16557	McGill-Warner Co.	41.85
16558	McGill-Warner Co.	15.88
16559	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	31.10
16562	Red Lake Falls Gazette	34.25
16560	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	24.63
16630	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	69.14
16631	Fritz & Cross	28.20
16632	The Pioneer Co.	1.33
16733	St. Hilaire Spectator	7.25
16736	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	6.28

DEFECTIVE PAGE

[illegible]

No.	Name	Amt.
11958	Lewis Steen	1.10
11959	Andrew Knutson	2.30
11960	Pierre Emard, Jr.	.50
11961	Ellige Houle	2.10
11962	Emil Ortloff	25.60
11963	Harry Ortloff	16.60
[illegible]	Palmer Ness	3.60
[illegible]	Howard Campbell	.70
[illegible]	[illegible] Nelson	.20
[illegible]	Peter Fabro	.40
[illegible]	[illegible] S. Olson	6.60
[illegible]	Peter Joringdal	1.50
[illegible]	Peter Joringdal	.50
[illegible]	Jacob Arsely	.50
[illegible]	Carl Brekke	.70
[illegible]	[illegible] Lee	1.50
[illegible]	Gilbert Hunt	2.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	2.40
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.40
[illegible]	Henry Hallstrom	2.20
[illegible]	August Landa	9.60
[illegible]	Frank Bowick	2.40
[illegible]	John Mikulecky	7.60
[illegible]	Ralph Ray	4.50
[illegible]	George Norander	.70
[illegible]	Ole Skaar	3.50
[illegible]	Ida Sande	1.00
[illegible]	Carl Blom	5.40
[illegible]	Carl Schmidt	.40
[illegible]	George Rock	1.70
[illegible]	John Greenwald	4.30
[illegible]	Carl Carlson	1.40
[illegible]	Jim Ford	1.40
[illegible]	Joe Ford	1.30
[illegible]	Walter Hunnes	1.20
[illegible]	Peter Bondt	2.50
[illegible]	Arthur Normandeau	.30
[illegible]	Edward Hall	.40
[illegible]	Conrad Hirsch	.10
[illegible]	Walter Trelman	.30
[illegible]	Will Gauthier	2.20
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.30
[illegible]	John Lasha	2.20
[illegible]	Rudolph Anderson	1.40
[illegible]	Herman Schultz	2.50
[illegible]	Lester Houlde	.70
[illegible]	Myron Engebretson	.30
[illegible]	Peter Starken	1.00
[illegible]	Herman Schaebler	.80
[illegible]	Iver Anderson	1.10
[illegible]	Arthur Johnson	.80
[illegible]	Noel Delorme	3.70
[illegible]	Andrew Norman	1.20
[illegible]	C. H. Gustafson	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Paice	1.50
[illegible]	Walter Peterson	1.80
[illegible]	[illegible] Ekstein	.70
[illegible]	H. S. Lindelsen	2.20
[illegible]	Ole Lappegard	.90
[illegible]	[illegible] Brateng	5.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Johnson	.80
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.70
[illegible]	Harry Myrom	10.60
[illegible]	[illegible] Graville	3.90
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.70
[illegible]	John A. Anderson	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Iverson	9.10
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.30
[illegible]	Peter Matteson	3.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Johnson	2.60
[illegible]	[illegible] Soderberg	6.80
[illegible]	[illegible] Lindberg	3.10
[illegible]	[illegible] Rommerud	4.80
[illegible]	[illegible] O. Romning	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Hoven	.80
[illegible]	[illegible] Sorvik	.90
[illegible]	[illegible] Marren	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Gordon	.40
[illegible]	Ole Nelson	.40
[illegible]	Geo. [illegible]	.40
[illegible]	Carl L. Rose	.40
[illegible]	[illegible] Desseller	1.30
[illegible]	Frank Reinschmidt	.30
[illegible]	Ole Matteson	.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Coulter	1.20
[illegible]	Victor [illegible]	1.80
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.80
[illegible]	Jim Ford	1.10
[illegible]	Herman Just	1.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Mayer	2.80
[illegible]	Arthur Skogren	1.80
[illegible]	Herbert Carlson	2.40
[illegible]	Carl J. Lindberg	2.00
[illegible]	Olaf Nordhagen	3.80
[illegible]	Edward Lambert	.60
[illegible]	Tom Torgerson	2.20
[illegible]	Thomas Nash	.70
[illegible]	Edmond Hince	2.60
[illegible]	W. L. Riel	3.30
[illegible]	Henry Helland	1.70
[illegible]	Henry Olson	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Schultz	.40
[illegible]	[illegible] Lundquist	1.30
[illegible]	Peter Schirrick	3.80
[illegible]	A. F. Hall	4.40
[illegible]	Carl G. Swanson	3.30
[illegible]	Arthur Axelson	4.70
[illegible]	[illegible] Peterson	1.30
[illegible]	Carl Nelson	.40
[illegible]	[illegible] Swanson	2.30
[illegible]	[illegible] Peterson	1.40
[illegible]	[illegible] Kolk	4.10
[illegible]	[illegible] Sandberg	5.80
[illegible]	[illegible] Lorentsen	1.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Wikes	1.70
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.00
[illegible]	Joseph Varin	3.20
[illegible]	[illegible] Perusse	.70
[illegible]	Joe Mayer	2.70
[illegible]	Alfred C. Olson	9.20
[illegible]	Roy Wallin	1.60
[illegible]	[illegible]	3.10
[illegible]	J. M. [illegible]	2.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Frenk	4.80
[illegible]	William Prantz	8.40
[illegible]	Henry Ortloff	22.30
[illegible]	Victor Johnson	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Ortloff	21.60
[illegible]	Fred Rux	3.50
[illegible]	Andrew L. Ortloff	30.90
[illegible]	Wilfred Carlson	2.30
[illegible]	Ole Prantz	2.00
[illegible]	Elmer Dahlstrom	1.20
[illegible]	Fred Erickson	3.10
[illegible]	[illegible] Swanson	5.30
[illegible]	Fred Brandvold	4.60
[illegible]	Fred Clark	1.00
[illegible]	Paul Ortloff	13.90
[illegible]	August Bessler	14.90
[illegible]	Henry Ortloff	5.60
[illegible]	H. T. Swanson	3.30
[illegible]	Ernest Yonke	12.50
[illegible]	Albert Lind	1.50
[illegible]	William Heard	4.30
[illegible]	[illegible] Trueson	9.50
[illegible]	Elmer Wahlbeck	.80
[illegible]	John Strom	2.60
[illegible]	Harry Hanson	5.90
[illegible]	Elmer Hanson	1.40
[illegible]	[illegible] Hendrickson	3.90
[illegible]	Hubert Gareeau	1.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Mahla	1.50
[illegible]	August Crown	.30
[illegible]	Joseph Schoenauer	2.30
[illegible]	[illegible] Bjornquist	1.00
[illegible]	Thomas Larson	2.60
[illegible]	[illegible]	.70
[illegible]	Peter Berland	1.40
[illegible]	Theodore Clement	.80
[illegible]	Gunder Herjusson	.50
[illegible]	Edmond Bourgeois	.40
[illegible]	Andrew Anderson	1.50
[illegible]	Jorgen Gunstenson	1.30
[illegible]	L. K. Synerstud	1.40
[illegible]	Ole Thoune	4.60
[illegible]	Andrew Larson	6.40
[illegible]	E. [illegible]	1.40
[illegible]	George S. Baird	1.80
[illegible]	William Engh	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Stephens	.50
[illegible]	Harold Haugen	1.20
[illegible]	Walt Rothmann	4.70
[illegible]	John Mikulecky	5.70
[illegible]	Theodore Rustad	.90
[illegible]	George Biskey	1.80
[illegible]	Hjalmar Blomberg	1.80
[illegible]	Carl Johnson	3.20
[illegible]	C. A. Swanson	3.40
[illegible]	Lewis McGinn	.70
[illegible]	Roy Glass	.50
[illegible]	Arthur Christofferson	1.20
[illegible]	Carl Person	1.70
[illegible]	Tobias Stone	.80
[illegible]	Napoleon Cyr	.70
[illegible]	Fred Cyr	3.20
[illegible]	Martin Stenberg	1.10
[illegible]	Elbert Bodillard	.70
[illegible]	Karl Bank	.50
[illegible]	James Farvoldson	.30
[illegible]	Severt Torske	.90
[illegible]	[illegible] Gunstenson	2.50
[illegible]	Gunnar Gunstenson	2.70
[illegible]	Iver Tonde	1.80
[illegible]	F. F. Schoenauer	2.10
[illegible]	Ole Warstad	.80
[illegible]	Gideon Hegland	1.60
[illegible]	Arthur Derosier	2.40
[illegible]	Stewart Bergh	1.30
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.50
[illegible]	Alfred Helgeson	1.80
[illegible]	Philip Manatt	1.30
[illegible]	Victor Masheck	1.50
[illegible]	Victor Medehill	.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	.20
[illegible]	Wm. Palmquist	2.10
[illegible]	Joe [illegible]	.70
[illegible]	Henry Latendresse	.10
[illegible]	Elmer Guillmette	.20
[illegible]	Walter Lasha	.20
[illegible]	George Orr	.10
[illegible]	Wm. Landa	1.00
[illegible]	Elnor Guillmette	.10
[illegible]	Joseph Bishop	.50
[illegible]	Louis Phillion	.20
[illegible]	Carsten Meade	.10
[illegible]	Walter Lasha	.20
[illegible]	Willie Riel	1.80
[illegible]	Walter [illegible]	.70
[illegible]	Jorgen Gunstenson	1.60
[illegible]	Carl Sannes	.40
[illegible]	Harry Myron	1.90
[illegible]	H. S. [illegible]	1.80
[illegible]	Joseph [illegible]	.30
[illegible]	Victor Lorenston	.90
[illegible]	Albert Zeveral	.80
[illegible]	John Mikulecky	2.30
[illegible]	Conrad Vaeler	.70
[illegible]	Herman Blomberg	2.00
[illegible]	Ralph Roy	.30
[illegible]	[illegible] Johnson	2.00
[illegible]	Lars [illegible]	1.60
[illegible]	Andrew Larson	4.40
[illegible]	Eli Prenevost	.30
[illegible]	Henry Ortloff	2.60
[illegible]	Andrew L. Ortloff	3.40
16716	George S. Baird	1.70
16717	Sivert O. Prestegaard	.10
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.60
[illegible]	Gunsten Gunstensen	.30
[illegible]	Arthur Cristopherson	.80
[illegible]	Tobias Stone	.60
[illegible]	Carl G. Swanson	1.40
[illegible]	Gilbert Reiersgaard	.70
[illegible]	Herman Just	.40
16791	Joe Schoenauer	1.40
16801	Jorgen Gunstensen	.30
16873	Elvin Barnrud	.70
17039	Victor Medehill	.80
17081	Roy Glass	.50
14897	Lloyd Crown	8.50
16603	John Mikulecky	5.20
	Total	$ 733.06

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14101	H. T. McAnulty, Livery and traveling expenses	$ 80.50
14107	Hunt Hardware Co., Supplies for County offices	13.10
14117	Fred Bellard, Banking Court House	1.00
14118	Chas. F. Kankel, Adm'r supplies for County offices	8.65
14119	E. L. Quist, recording miscellaneous documents	7.85
14125	C. W. Johnson, recording Justice Certificates of Conviction	25.00
14126	C. W. Johnson, recording Inquest Proceeding for 1908	4.70
14127	Joseph Salley, Freight and drayage	1.75
14128	Joseph LaChance, Labor at Court House	3.20
14129	H. T. McAnulty, postage	4.00
14130	John B. O'Brien, postage	4.50
14131	E. L. Quist, postage	32.45
14133	F. J. Overland, Procuring primary and general election ballots	3.40
14134	Michael T. Torgerson, Procuring general election ballots	1.30
14135	Con Short, Livery hire, election returns, 1908	5.00
14147	Lewis A. Nelson, sawing 10 cords of wood	5.00
14173	Lewis Sill, procuring general election ballots	1.00
14223	G. H. Fressell, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kalseth, horse thief	66.66
14224	C. D. McLemon, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kalseth, horse thief	66.66
14225	Anton Nelson, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kelseth, horse thief	66.68
14227	M. Pinsonault, Janitor, Teachers Examination 3 days	6.00
14228	Frank Jeffers, Recording official bonds	20.75
14324	H. T. McAnulty, Furnishings in County Superintendent's office	53.30
14325	John B. O'Brien, Expense to St Paul in regard to Ditch Bond	24.74
14326	Elnora Tarrant, expense taking Doris Tarrant to Red Wing	33.75
14327	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	15.86
14339	H. F. Anderson, Express charges, County Superintendent	5.51
14340	S. A. Swanson, Drawing grand and petit jury	8.40
14344	C. W. Johnson, postage, Clerk of Court	6.95
14345	C. W. Johnson, Miscellaneous filing fees	13.20
14346	C. W. Johnson, 1908 Delinquent Tax Proceedings	149.15
14347	Arthur Guillmette, Cleaning court house chimneys	2.00
14349	H. H. Skagen, Delivering election returns	1.00
14350	Marie Blexrud, Conducting Teachers Examination	9.50
14351	H. F. Anderson, postage	6.50
14352	O. T. Tandberg, postage	32.69
14353	Frank Jeffers, postage	9.95
14354	John B. O'Brien, postage	25.25
14648	W. E. MacGregor, Conducting Teachers Examination	9.00
14649	Thief River Falls Lbr. Co., Lumber for repair on court house	1.08
14650	G. J. Nordhagen, procuring General election ballots	2.60
14651	Ellef Groville, carrying general election ballots	2.40
14652	Joseph Salley, fixing safe and moving desks	2.75
14653	H. F. Anderson, expense as County Superintendent	22.39
14656	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.50
14657	H. F. Anderson, postage	7.95
14658	C. W. Johnson, postage	5.45
14659	Lewis A. Nelson, postage	21.24
14661	Frank Jeffers, postage	2.00
14662	R. C. Hoyt Agent, Remington Typewriter	100.00
14666	Pen Putchinsky, fixing 2 wolf punches	.75
14667	V. M. Higinbotham, 5000 picture postals	25.00
14668	Frank Gagnon, sawing and piling 13¼ cords of wood	8.10
14669	W. A. Schreiter, medicine for Dr. Gronerud	.90
14823	Frank Jeffers, certifying mortgages for tax and miscellaneous filings	50.25
14824	Louis Lacousiere, services at court house fire	1.00
14825	Henry Kruse, services at court house fire	7.00
14826	Ben Isaacson, services at court house fire	7.00
14827	Peter Benoit, services at court house fire	7.00
14828	Sandford Arnold, meals for watchers at court house fire	1.75
14829	John Drier, watching court house property 6 days	18.00
14830	Aug. Moren, Moving and opening safes	29.40
14831	A. L. Roy, Drayage	1.85
14832	H. F. Anderson, Livery and expense as County Superintendent	31.32
14833	Fred Krueger & Son, meals for juries	7.00
14835	Robert L. Zaiser, Cleaning court house chimneys	1.00
14836	Lewis R. Nelson, postage	3.50
14837	H. F. Anderson, postage	2.55
14838	Frank Jeffers, postage	11.50
14839	John B. O'Brien, postage	14.92
14840	O. T. Tandberg, postage	22.38
14883	Amelia Bergli, Typing list of property destroyed by fire	6.00
14955	A. L. Brunelle, watching court house property	3.90
14956	E. G. Buse, watching court house property	3.90
14982	L. A. Kaufer, Leather belt and wrist shackle	1.75
14984	L. A. Kaufer, premium on insurance policy	12.00
14985	O. T. Tandberg, postage	5.75
14986	Robertson Lbr. Co., Lumber for desk	6.62
15001	Carl Schusser, watching court house property	5.00
15002	John Drier, watching court house property	39.00
15003	M. A. Converse, watching court house property	3.90
15004	John Drier, watching court house property	27.00
15005	John Drier, watching court house property	2.00
15052	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	6.16
16041	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	56.64
16120	John Drier, watching court house property	48.50
16121	H. F. Anderson, May expenses as County Superintendent	39.78
16122	H. F. Anderson, April expense items	5.46
16123	H. F. Anderson, postage	6.50
16125	Ben Isaacson, sawing 6 cords of wood	3.60
16129	S. A. Swanson, repairs on safe and telegrams	1.79
16132	A. A. Latendresse, postage	4.50
16133	A. A. Latendresse, Livery for Commissioners	10.06
16145	Joseph Pigeon, mileage and inspecting court house	61.14
16147	Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage, inspecting court house	59.60
16175	S. A. Swanson, rent of Probate office	5.00
16196	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. co., rent of court house	50.00
16304	F. L. Farley, premium on insurance policy	50.78
16205	O. T. Tandberg, stamps	49.85
16207	G. A. Kankel, Est., supplies	10.70
16226	A. A. Latendresse, serving notices on Town Chairmen	24.00
16228	A. P. Toupin, premium on County Treasury bond	257.50
16229	H. R. Williams, member Board of Appointment	8.60
16230	H. P. Rued, member Board of Appointment	7.80
16231	Oluf O. Omlid, member Board of Appointment	11.40
16232	Ellef Graville, member Board of Appointment	7.40
16233	E. H. Besancon, member Board of Appointment	10.40
16234	Edward Iverson, member Board of Appointment	9.00
16235	Lewis L. Rosland, member Board of Appointment	11.20
16236	T. P. Hamre, member Board of Appointment	6.00
16256	Wm. C. L. Demann, adjusting fire loss	4.20
16266	C. A. Lindquist, 1 day Committee work	3.00
16277	Frank Mills, Cleaning adding machine	2.50
16306	Chas. E. Boughton, Attorney, professional services	152.50
16307	J. C. Wander, chair for probate office	7.70
16308	First State Bank, rent Register of Deed's office	33.00
16310	Joseph Salley, Drayage	4.00
16311	H. F. Anderson, expense in June as County Superintendent	29.53
16314	John B. O'Brien, postage	2.44
16315	John B. O'Brien, Express charges	10.62
16317	W. A. Schreiter, Floral designs O'Brien and Tandberg	36.05
16320	Joseph Prudhomme, Ice, County Auditor's office	3.60
16321	C. W. Johnson, postage and express	7.65
16313	John B. O'Brien, allowance by Board	50.00
16337	C. H. Martz, purchase of field notes	5.00
16352	S. A. Swanson, supplies for County office	73.19
16353	Gareeau & Rubertus, supplies for County office	2.80
16372	John Drier, watching court house property	51.00
16375	A. L. Roy, April, May and June drayage	8.10
16378	James J. Dow, Superintendant, dues on per cent of blind at State School	40.00
16397	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16399	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16403	A. L. Reichert, medicine for Mose Paronteau	1.25
16404	Aug. Morin, Carpenter work County office	8.85
16420	Guy A. Penny, Treasurer, Board Appropriation for County Fair	250.00
16549	Bill Lasha, work and material for repairing Register of Deed's vault	3.70
16550	Joseph Belair, watching court house property	3.00
16553	Michel Pinsonault, Janitor at summer school	67.50
17017	Lewis A. Nelson, post- and material phones	9.84
16555	Frank Jeffers, Recording fees and making school map	49.05
16556	Frank Jeffers, postage	27.04
16566	Reinhort Johnsrud, Treasurer, ½ expense quarantining house of Anton Knudson	28.75
16571	C. A. Lindquist, Meeting of School Board, Unorganized District	3.00
16606	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16611	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16634	A. C. Mathison, conducting teachers examination	9.00
16635	R. H. Bourdon, Livery to County Commissioners	3.60
16637	H. F. Anderson, Livery as County Superintendent	6.00
16638	Robertson Lbr. Co., material for repairing vault	3.62
16639	H. F. Anderson, postage	9.50
16640	A. A. Latendresse, stamped envelopes	32.41
16641	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	17.22
16636	S. A. Swanson, Drawing petit jury	3.20
16647	S. A. Swanson, postage	4.40
16722	Lewis A. Nelson, postage	6.00
16731	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.75
16732	Frank Jeffers, Field notes and ditch plats and township plats	164.00
16744	F. A. Grady, Attorney, professional services	205.50
16745	F. A. Grady, Attorney, professional services	155.50
16749	Christ Pederson, Treasurer, ½ expense contagious disease	25.00
16750	H. E. Ives, stamped envelopes	32.45
16774	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16775	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16778	A. G. Rogers, Superintendant, Dep. 6 inmates, State School	187.42
16806	C. A. Lindquist, member Board Unorganized School District	3.00
16814	Herman Ortloff, member Board of Appointment	4.50
16815	B. Christenson, General and Primary election returns, 1908	2.20
16816	Fremont D. Orff, plans, specifications and details for court house building	876.00
16863	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16864	Sortedahl, L. L. & Abs. Co. rent of court house	50.00
16935	Frank Jeffers, Recording 1250 folios, and Board's Resolution	75.00
16936	Frank Jeffers, Recording miscellaneous documents	4.75
16957	Frank Jeffers, postage	7.34
16960	August Morin, Moving safe and work in offices	14.00
16961	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	57.76
16962	Joseph Prudhomme, Furnishing ice, Auditor's office	8.90
16963	First State Bank, Rent Register of Deed's office	60.00
16964	Sydney Beloir, Chainman, Survey court house grounds	2.00
16966	Merchants State Bank, Iron safe in probate office	237.50
16967	H. F. Anderson, postage	15.00
16968	H. E. Ives, postage	28.45
17003	Glenn Martz, Assistant survey, state roads	2.50
17071	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
17076	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	6.00
17087	A. L. Roy, Drayage	7.60
17089	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.50
17090	Anderson & Wander, shade at Clerk's office	2.50
17091	Ben Isaacson, arranging room for court purposes	9.00
17092	H. F. Anderson, postage	3.00
17094	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	69.12
17095	F. A. Grady, Serving papers, Gaass vs. County Board	6.15
17097	Aug. Morin, repair of sheriff's residence	133.35
17096	Aug. Morin, moving Bray house	349.00
17103	Robertson Lbr. Co., Lumber and repair of Register's vault	17.35
17104	Robertson Lbr. Co., Lumber and repair of sheriff's residence	28.57
17100	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses summoning jury	27.97
17100	S. A. Swanson, Expense in Annie Lomland case	1.22
17227	Lewis A. Nelson, Expense conveying Annie Lomland to State School	35.94
16813	C. H. Martz, 1 day Engineer and expense, repair ditch	13.00
16937	C. H. Martz, 2 days Engineer and expense, repair ditch	30.90
17004	Glenn Martz, rodman 3 days, repair ditch	7.50
17011	Gilbert Haavl, chainman, 2 days, repair ditch	4.00
17015	Lewis A. Nelson, posting notices, repair ditch	9.00
16554	W. A. Schreiter, repairing notices, repair ditch	4.10
17022	Wm. C. L. Demenn, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	4.40
17023	Ed. A. Aubol, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	6.00
17024	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	6.20
17025	C. A. Lindquist, Commissioner and mileage per diem, repair ditch	8.60
17026	Joseph Johnson, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	12.80
17120	Glenn Martz, 1 day rodman and Board repair ditch	3.60
17129	C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer and expense, repair ditch	10.50
17018	C. A. Lindquist, ½ Commissioners per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.90
17019	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.10
17020	Ed. A. Aubol, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.00
17021	Joseph Johnson, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	5.30
	Total	$6531.94

Statement of School District Funds.

Number of District	Bal. Jan. 2 1909 Dr.	Bal. Jan. 2 1909 Cr.	Receipts from State Apportionment and Tax Collections	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Payments to State Treasurer on Acct. of State School Fund	REFUND	Bal. Jan. 3 1910 Dr.	Bal. Jan. 3 1910 Cr.
1	$	$ 40.00	$ 680.49	$ 720.49	$ 483.93	$	$	$	$ 236.56
2			257.54	257.54	232.87				24.67
3			243.83	243.83	202.33				41.50
4			292.33	292.33	234.44				57.89
5		172.50	233.09	405.59	211.96				94.33
6			373.31	373.31	327.01				46.30
7			350.98	350.98	203.80				147.18
8			433.97	433.97	337.19				96.78
9			669.43	669.43	351.91				317.52
10		171.40	499.11	670.51	471.75				198.76
11		12.14	219.05	231.19	130.24	20.00	.17		80.78
12			504.74	504.74	313.99				190.75
13			521.00	521.00	472.11				48.89
14			312.67	312.67	223.44				89.23
15			11289.07	11289.07	10489.79		22.04		777.24
16		230.00	1228.38	1458.38	1348.39				109.99
17		199.50	590.99	790.49	513.32	54.00			223.17
18		2469.44	23042.15	25511.59	15441.84	720.00	16.71		3933.04
19		84.29	337.46	421.75	301.98				120.43
20		8.74	276.85	264.59	220.96	32.48			31.13
21		20.71	60.00	80.71	47.29				33.42
22		178.11	824.62	1002.73	489.49	273.00			237.24
23		8.33	378.24	385.07	235.66	12.00			137.51
24			140.82	146.83	93.29				53.54
25		23.02	620.89	643.91	379.16	40.00			224.75
26		15.03	231.70	246.73	123.50	12.97			110.26
27		374.34	590.38	964.72	491.27	64.00			409.45
28		51.93	291.67	343.86	249.64	43.17			50.85
29			376.08	376.08	221.45				153.31
30			199.69	199.89	131.06				68.84
31			272.82	272.82	176.47				96.35
32			397.45	397.45	246.31				148.54
33			220.79	220.79	220.79				
34			278.25	278.25	252.45				23.80
35		43.21	177.07	220.28	171.83				48.45
36			220.63	220.63	184.98				35.87
37			470.36	470.36	419.91				50.45
38			257.96	257.96	209.48	37.38			11.10
39			194.56	194.56	183.41	14.46			18.89
40			424.51	424.51	287.48				167.03
41		14.46	455.69	470.09	407.53	40.00			23.60
42			236.11	238.11	171.55	26.17			38.39
43			401.73	401.73	401.73				
44		1.50	313.01	314.51	259.38	24.00			31.13
45			8.86	8.86					8.86
46		5.42	375.94	381.36	242.11	28.00			111.25
47			244.06	244.06	155.24				88.82
48			187.85	187.85	176.45				11.40
49			345.09	345.09	198.64				146.45
50			224.16	224.16	142.48				91.87
51		79.99	358.03	438.02	305.77	24.00	9.70		98.55
52		79.35	295.32	385.17	284.25				30.92
53		139.08	239.81	378.89	274.43	15.50			88.96
54		40.00	662.34	702.34	613.06				89.28
55			208.00	208.00	140.50				67.50
56			144.72	144.72	140.43				4.29
57		61.20	123.79	184.99	128.53				53.48
58			175.33	175.33	98.95				76.38
59			198.89	198.83	145.77				52.36
60		91.96	168.05	260.01	227.13				32.88
63		240.40	613.00	853.40	511.23	26.61			315.56
64			439.01	439.01	310.17	60.93	8.48		59.43
65		1.80	106.53	108.33	74.16				34.17
66			295.35	295.35	221.88	27.80			46.13
67			72.02	72.02	21.86				50.16
73		40.00	352.75	392.75	237.72				155.03
76		9.16	719.37	728.53	296.43	32.00			400.10
78			54.40	54.40	54.40				
79		136.96	1619.09	1755.99	1347.78	83.20			325.08
80		8.20	674.82	683.02	523.16	24.00			135.86
81		113.92	1275.80	1389.72	1346.33	28.00			15.39
88		46.40	587.06	633.46	446.36				187.10
94		40.00	450.49	490.49	296.11				194.38
99		99.56	264.65	364.21	255.86				108.35
102		1285.71	2774.15	4059.86	3917.09		10.60		132.17
103			531.43	531.43	448.00				83.43
106		26.33	384.78	410.11	327.66		10.78		71.67
108		37.19	18.22	55.41	48.81				6.60
112		121.54	671.84	793.38	586.71	70.00			136.67
116			302.68	302.68	231.97				70.71
124			361.15	361.15	233.44				127.71
125			435.30	435.30	306.50	33.16			95.64
126		65.46	1410.61	1476.07	1148.28	72.00			255.79
127			554.68	554.68	356.46				198.22
130		189.99	301.95	491.94	380.59				111.35
133		40.00	554.73	594.73	516.22				78.51
135			478.31	478.31	318.60				159.71
141			388.69	388.69	347.16				41.53
147		34.23	587.83	622.06	339.75	116.00			166.31
148		72.79	716.23	789.02	312.04	208.00			268.98
149			257.81	257.81	219.12		2.96		35.73
151		146.06	680.39	826.45	648.30				178.15
153		101.33	386.39	487.72	286.44		.96		200.32
154		299.70	488.22	787.92	564.88				223.04
165		53.96	339.13	393.09	281.46				111.63
166			306.03	306.03	252.89		1.17		51.97
167			428.11	428.11	356.06				72.05
173		27.13	38.69	65.82					65.82
178			521.94	521.94	433.84				88.10
180			657.93	657.93	325.23				332.70
191			148.37	148.37	100.94				47.43
194		63.97	254.16	318.13	278.84		2.11		37.18
204		63.20	190.41	253.61	166.90	26.28			60.43
208			345.33	345.33	233.54				111.79
210		125.95	325.75	451.70	283.20	6.00			162.50
214			394.93	394.93	323.06				71.87
216		71.70	185.36	257.06	182.56				74.50
219			116.37	116.37	80.60				35.77
221			260.25	260.25	160.69				99.56
227		64.56	266.31	330.87	146.05				184.82
228		63.25	398.86	462.11	462.11				
233	87.26		404.34	317.08	244.23				72.85
Unorg.			1055.53	1055.53	759.66				295.87
Total	$87.26	$8373.22	$81182.06	$89367.02	$ 64421.63	$ 2288.10	$ 83.70	$........	$ 22573.57

Receipts and Disbursements of

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE FUNDS.

City, Town and Village	Dr. Balance Jan. 2, 1909.	Cr. Balance Jan. 2, 1909.	Receipts from all Tax Collections and Licenses.	Total.	Payments to Treasurers.	Refunded.	State Loans & State Railroad Bonds	Cr. Balance Jan. 3, 1910
Bray	$	$	$ 991.82	$ 991.82	$ 991.82	$	$	$
Black River			799.29	799.29	583.58			215.71
Clover Leaf			460.64	460.64	389.09			71.55
Deer Park			305.48	305.48	265.16			40.32
Emardville			929.02	929.02	710.06			218.96
Equality			1648.19	1648.19	1236.20			411.99
Garnes		25.82	1267.50	1293.32	845.74	.51		447.07
Gervais		47.68	1284.21	1331.89	910.78		30.00	391.11
Goodridge			291.59	291.59	226.44			65.15
Highlanding			371.91	371.91	290.73			81.18
Hickory			13.00	13.00	8.52			4.48
Kratka			467.29	467.29	425.86			41.43
Lake Pleasant		634.85	1127.32	1762.17	1220.56		40.00	501.61
Lambert		137.65	1749.69	1887.34	1097.35		70.00	713.99
Louisville		468.24	1123.85	1592.09	1295.58	.66		295.85
Mayfield			358.73	358.73	298.95			59.78
Norden		66.12	677.59	743.65	532.19			211.46
North		73.78	1082.76	1156.54	783.72			372.82
Numedal			1374.86	1374.86	1024.61	14.34		335.91
Polk Centre		504.63	1265.99	1770.62	1278.09		10.00	482.53
Poplar River		10.00	1739.20	1749.20	1342.98		20.00	386.22
Red Lake Falls Township		124.92	830.62	965.64	378.60		180.00	398.34
River Falls		435.26	1266.57	1761.62	719.08	.38		1042.36
Rocksbury		503.58	815.80	1320.38	899.50			420.58
Reiner			152.10	152.10	129.43			22.67
Sanders		137.73	877.90	1075.89	629.41	14.42		431.86
Silverton		60.60	488.20	538.80	427.33			111.47
Smiley		106.71	621.79	728.50	618.62	8.10		101.78
Star			158.83	158.83	132.08			26.75
Terrebonne		219.18	1849.53	2068.71	1310.59			758.12
Wyandotte		263.02	766.69	1029.61	589.33			440.28
Plummer Village			416.66	416.66	396.04			20.62
St. Hilaire Village			1370.43	1370.43	1210.21	14.56		145.66
Red Lake Falls City		60.99	5476.90	5636.69	3662.82	16.84	390.00	1567.23
T. R. Falls City		918.13	7193.04	8111.17	5674.66	7.24		2429.27
Total	....	$4808.94	$41514.78	$46423.72	$32133.63	$77.06	$740.00	$13473.04

COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance, Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 1540.48
Tax Collections	7192.05
State Appropriation	2966.90
Order on Township of Mayfield	200.00
Liquor Licenses	1000.00
Proceeds from Settlement Forfeited Tax Sale	.15
Total	$ 12899.58

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued, (includes Inebriate Hospital Tax)	$ 11412.85
Refundments	10.96
Credit Balance, Jan. 3rd, 1910	1475.98
Total	$ 12899.58

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14080	B. E. Burkee, Treasurer	$ 873.38
14114	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	1.50
14115	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	3.00
14116	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.80
14359	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	3.00
14360	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	4.00
14351	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	9.60
14352	Hennepin Bridge Company	1000.00
14858	Hennepin Bridge Company	3485.00

Continued on Page Six.

One Doctor—Only One

No sense in running from one doctor to another! Select the best one, then stand by him. No sense either in trying this thing, that thing, for your cough. Carefully, deliberately select the best cough medicine, then take it. Stick to it. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for throat and lung troubles. Sold for nearly seventy years. No alcohol in this cough medicine. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Why try this thing, that thing, for your constipation? Why not stick to the good old reliable family laxative—Ayer's Pills? Ask your doctor if he approves this advice.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

If the meat packers employed a less expensive pack of lawyers the price of beef could be reduced.

There are several senators and representatives from Minnesota who would just as soon the ship subsidy bill did not come to a vote this spring.

The Hutchinson Leader states a salient truth in saying that a man elected or appointed for purely political reasons is handicapped in his efforts to honestly serve the public.

The city papers announce that Dan O'Neill of Thief River will be a candidate for representative. This is a free country and Dan has our permission to test his political prowess.

The demand for John Lind becomes more and more insistent as the campaign approaches, and there is reason to believe that Mr. Lind will yield to the importunities of his friends.

It is unofficially announced that the Republican State Convention will be held on June 15 at the St. Paul auditorium. The Democrats will not hold their meeting until August or September.

St. Paul is now in the throes of a municipal campaign. Henry [illegible] is the Democratic and Herbert P. Keller the Republican candidate, and the election promises to be warmly contested.

Governor Eberhart defies the county optionists to do their worst. But that really doesn't prove anything, since Grecian history tells us of one Ajax who defied the lightning. But he perished.

Irving Caswell seems to be walking away with the Republican nomination for clerk of the supreme court. If merit and ability count for anything Mr. Caswell ought to have an easy victory over the [illegible] crowd.

The Fourth of July speech delivered by Governor Johnson in Red Red Lake Falls in [illegible] is reproduced in the book issued by Frank A. Day. Often we do not know that history is being made until the future unrolls the scroll.

The new "night letter telegrams" went into effect in the Western Union and North American offices Monday night. Fifty words may now be transmitted at night for the same money as ten words cost during the day. It is believed that the system will shortly become very popular.

No fair minded person can blame the people of northern Minnesota for insisting on a legislative reapportionment, and we do not believe that in a general way the people of other portions of the state will be opposed to reapportionment, says the Browns Valley Tribune. Some members of the legislature from southern counties fight against reapportionment because they have fear of legislating themselves out of office, but the mass of the people don't care about this. The Republican party should endorse reapportionment in its platform and thus go on record for a square proposition.

The Outlook has figured out that the government pays the railroads more for transporting a 200 pound sack of mail the average haul of [illegible] miles, which magazines get, than a 200 pound man pays for riding the same distance; and the man has a nice comfortable seat and a window to look out of. A 200 pound sack of free advertising printed in the government printing office and franked out to Minnesota by a congressman to help build up his political health costs the government more railroad fare than it would cost to ship the congressman himself.

The Duluth News-Tribune is talking out in meeting again. Editor Mitchell says:

If ever a party needed some one strong enough and rough enough to scissor its whiskers and pry it from its bed of moss it is the republican party of Minnesota. It is today but a somnolent annex to cupidity, to be sold, bartered and traded to a militant, vigorous, well-grounded democracy. Its candidates speak in platitudes and generalizations. It is systematically kept divided and bewildered by half a dozen purely selfish, dishonest and demagogic issues. One genuine, sincere, thoroughly honest and timely idea would drive it to panic.

The tax levy for the state revenue probably will be reduced next year to less than 1 mill, for the first time in years. State Auditor S. G. Iverson says the decision in the four per cent gross earnings case will fill up the state treasury so that it will go through the famine period next December and January without a deficit and that next year the state levy should be materially reduced. Two years ago the state levy was 1.7 mills. Last year it was cut to 1.2 mills and this year to 1 mill flat. This year the increased railroad taxes will be quite sufficient to keep a surplus in the treasury. Heavy payments of railroad taxes in the last few years have wiped out the recent deficit and when all are in the state will have over $2,000,000 of cash on hand.

You will find the conveniences that go with a checking account at this bank indispensable for your business.

Our aim is to give depositors the benefit of modern banking facilities. To hold and encourage every legitimate business enterprise. To extend courteous treatment to large and small depositors alike.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
RED LAKE FALLS

AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

EXCHANGE EXCHOES.

Walker Pilot: The politicians who are proclaiming Governor Eberhart as the man of the hour, appear to be having some trouble in getting the voters to think for a minute that there is anything to it.

Fairmont Sentinel: One reason why Democrats favor the nomination of John Lind for governor is that it would obviate the expense and necessity of opening headquarters. The people would manage his campaign.

Albert Lea Standard: A true democratic principle is to tax wealth, not poverty, and until this is accomplished by the election of trustworthy state legislators and congressmen, privilege, the favored classes, will have the advantage and continue to rule.

Foley Independent: We sincerely hope the present session of congress will do something definite toward establishing a tariff commission for there has already been too much juggling with that subject. It is a matter for political economists, not political scientists.

Fairmont Sentinel: If the Minnesota Republican congressmen in their campaign speeches uphold Taft and the tariff and the ship subsidy and Ballinger and the corporation cabinet, they are sure to go down to defeat and if they don't they haven't any business in the Republican party. Wonder which horn of the dilemma they will take.

Willmar Journal: The rottenness of the professional politicians is plainly discerned by the trades and deals they are continually trying to put through. And especially is Ramsey county full of just such political rottenness. Just as long as there are kept men, who will say to other candidates, turn over your votes to my candidate and I will turn my votes to you, just as long will honest men try to keep out of politics. Would that some of the trading tricksters of the Republican party of Minnesota were gotten rid of before the next campaign!

Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press: President Taft ought to take the man who picked out his cabinet for him down to the Potomac some morning and push him in. From Wickersham, the Standard Oil graduate, and Knox, the Morgan puppet, down through Ballinger, the Guggenheimer attorney, and Hitchcock, the Cannon-Aldrich machinist, to old "Granny" Wilson, there is not any man in the cabinet of any force and power who is a friend of the people. MeVeagh is all right but what chance has he when Aldrich and Cannon control the finances of the country? A thorough housecleaning in the White House some afternoon when the cabinet happened to be in session would do more to put the Taft administration right than almost anything else.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The greatest social gift is having plenty of money.

Not enough good folk die young to keep the death rate decreasing.

All you have to do to want a thing so you can't sleep about it is not to be able to get it.

Old age has as short a memory about the error of its youth as a long one about its virtues.

The worst thing about marrying a woman is how many of her family you have to marry at the same time.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Pay as you go—but don't go too often.

Many a man has to be scared into being good.

When an aeroplane chauffeur drops its all up with him.

A man reaps what he sows and rips what his wife sews.

If you would please your neighbor say less than you think.

When a fool gets angry he furnishes the proof of his foolishness.

No, Cordelia, it isn't called "commonsense" because it is so common.

His satanic majesty seldom wastes any time trying to tempt a busy man.

A man's opinions are subject to change—save the good one he has of himself.

Anyway, spinsters and old bachelors always agree as to how children should be brought up.

A woman shouldn't be foolish about her age. It is often better to tell the truth than to have it guessed at.

After it is all over the average man wastes a lot of time telling what he would do if he had another chance.

How absurd it is that the young man in love with a pretty girl never thinks to investigate her cooking until it is too late.

A Living Emetic.

A servant who did not find her way very promptly to the kitchen one morning was visited by her mistress, who found her in bed suffering from pain and violent sickness. She explained that she had a cold and had taken some medicine which had been recommended for the children.

"How much did you take?" asked her mistress.

"Well, mum, I went by the directions on the bottle. They said, 'Ten drops for an infant, thirty drops for an adult and a tablespoonful for an emetic.' I knew I wasn't an infant or adult, so I thought I must be an emetic, and the pesky stuff has pretty nigh turned me inside out."

This is the trademark which is found on every bottle of the genuine

Scott's Emulsion

the standard Cod Liver Oil preparation of the world. Nothing equals it to build up the weak and wasted bodies of young and old.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

THE GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued From First Page.

The Governor Seeks Advice.

But Mr. Williams was merely a compromise candidate and not of the sort of regent the governor started out to appoint. This is made plain from a letter the governor addressed to a high dignitary of a powerful church within the past month. In that letter the governor told the churchman that there were three qualifications he wanted the regent to possess. First, he wanted him to be affiliated with the Roman Catholic Church. Second, he must be a farmer. Third, he should if possible be a German. The good offices of the churchman were solicited to find out and recommend such a man if possible.

The Man Found.

Priests and preachers are but human, and no doubt the churchman in question was gratified that the governor of the state should consult him in so important a matter. At all events he took the trouble to consult the inferior clergy on the subject and other friends upon whose advice he felt he should rely. The result was that a man was found who filled the governor's requirements. He was a farmer. He was a German. He was a Catholic. Moreover he was identified with the great and growing agricultural industry of the state—that of dairying. He is the president of the State Dairymen's Association. He has for years been a prominent institute worker. He conducts one of the most notable dairy farms and owns one of the finest pure-bred dairy herds in the state. He is the editor of a popular agricultural dairy paper—The Minnesota Dairyman. I refer to W. F. Schilling of Northfield.

W. F. Schilling Recommended.

The churchman had long known Mr. Schilling. He had no hesitation in indorsing him as a man whose character and attainments qualified him to fill the office for which the governor sought an incumbent. It must be understood that Mr. Schilling did not seek this appointment. Through the churchman the appointment sought him out. He filled every condition the governor laid down. The churchman recommended him to the governor in a letter which spoke of his qualifications in the most appreciative terms. The upshot of the matter was that the governor sent for Mr. Schilling and that a personal interview resulted.

Obnoxious Associates.

In that interview and from other sources of information the governor learned that while a Republican Mr. Schilling had voted for Governor Johnson. He also learned, and this appears to have been Mr. Schilling's damning disqualification that for some years he has been associated more or less intimately in a business way with a prominent Third district statesman who has given some public intimation that he does not hold Governor Eberhart in very high regard. I refer to the ex-congressman editor, Joel P. Heatwole. The governor could stand for almost everything else. He could not stand for that. It would never do for his administration to recognize in any way so belligerent an insurgent and so pronounced an opponent to the governor's nomination.

The Churchman Turned Down.

In effect that is what the governor let it be understood when he later wrote a letter to the churchman turning the recommendation down cold which he had solicited. That was in effect, too, the reply he made to the dairymen of the state who besieged the governor's office urging Mr. Schilling's appointment. Neither the churchman nor the dairymen, I am given to understand, take to it kindly. The church dignitary is not accustomed to having advice solicited disregarded or recommendations he makes lightly set aside for reasons which under the circumstances he fails to recognize as substantial. The dairymen are not satisfied to see one they have honored displaced by a man who keeps a few Guernseys on his farm which the hired help attend to. Altogether it is a pretty kettle of fish which may later be served up to the governor as a nice mess of crow.

Another of the Disgruntled.

Nor do the governor's troubles in this connection appear to end here. In this his first important original appointment he appears to have given serious cause of offense not only to those I have mentioned but to P. V. Collins of Minneapolis, the editor of a leading Minnesota agricultural paper who ever since Mr. Owen's death has made no secret of the fact that he regarded himself as his logical successor. What backing Mr. Collins had for the position I do not know. Having a proper sense of his own importance he may have thought he did not need any. The governor, however, thought differently apparently and he too is disqualified.

Conservation and Conversation.

However the prospects are it is more than likely that all these minor grievances and trivial annoyances which beset the executive office will be obliterated by the glory of the conservation convention which we are to have here this week. The governor is counting on a great triumph there and the prospects are that he will not be disappointed. Certainly so far as numbers go he will not be if those who have received commissions from him accrediting them as delegates all attend. It certainly will prove a conspicious political triumph if they all come here as administration partizans.

But is to be Non-Partizan.

I should not have said that, of course. There is to be no politics at all in this conservation convention. Everybody is going to pull together for the state and not think of doing anything else but boost waterways and canals and things. I notice that the railroads are taking a great interest in the meeting and that their contributions to its expense fund are of the most liberal character. Let us indulge the hope that they will not be its only beneficiaries.

—PAUL PRY.

The Scrap Book

Five to the Good.

"When Mr. Frith," a millionaire art collector said, "sold me my picture of a child feeding white rabbits he told me an amusing story connected therewith.

"He purchased for models, he said, a dozen white rabbits from a dealer and ordered them sent home. The man who brought them to him foolishly left them in the garden—Mr. Frith lived in the country at the time—and naturally the little animals all got away through the fence. Well, when Mr. Frith returned and found his rabbits gone he searched the neighborhood for them manfully. He got most of them back, but not all. And, meeting the dealer next day, he said angrily:

"'What did you mean by leaving the rabbits loose on my lawn, as you did? I had a frightful task to capture them, and as it was I got only eleven.'

"The dealer scratched his ear.

"'But eleven was pretty good, governor,' he said. 'I'd left only six, ye know. The rest was comin' on tomorrow.'"

Satisfied.

One evening a very tall man went to the theater and took a prominent seat in the third or fourth row from the stage. Before the curtain rose a cry of "Down in front!" became general from behind. The tall man, finding the eyes of the entire audience turned toward him, felt obliged to do something, and so he proceeded to raise himself to a standing position in such a manner, however, as to convey an impression that there was no end to him. He was, in fact, nearly seven feet high, and when at last he had risen to his full height he slowly glanced around at the astonished audience and very deliberately remarked:

"Gentlemen, to satisfy you that I was sitting down I now stand up."

A burst of laughter and applause followed, amidst which the manager, with beaming face, came forward and conducted the gentleman to a private box.

The Way It Helps.

When Sir Andrew Clark, Mr. Gladstone's physician, recommended a patient to drink wine the latter expressed some surprise, saying he thought Sir Andrew was a temperance doctor, to which Sir Andrew Clark replied:

"Oh, wine does sometimes help you to get through work. For instance, I have often twenty letters to answer after dinner, and a pint of champagne is a great help."

"Indeed," said the patient, "does a pint of champagne really help you to answer the twenty letters?"

"No, no!" said Sir Andrew. "But when I've had a pint of champagne I don't care a rap whether I answer them or not!"

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet
and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT
THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

EMPLOYMENT MOTORMEN and CONDUCTORS

TWIN CITY LINES

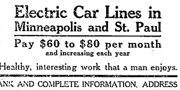
Able-bodied young men of steady habits can secure good, permanent positions as Motormen and Conductors on the

Electric Car Lines in Minneapolis and St. Paul

Pay $60 to $80 per month
and increasing each year

Healthy, interesting work that a man enjoys.

FOR APPLICATION BLANK AND COMPLETE INFORMATION, ADDRESS
A. E. HAASE, Superintendent Employment Bureau, "Twin City Lines"
Snelling and University Avenues, St. Paul, Minn.



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Established 1879

You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.

You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by

R. R. HOWELL & CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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Deal direct with the largest and oldest house in the West. Highest prices and immediate cash returns. Write for price list, tags and full information.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
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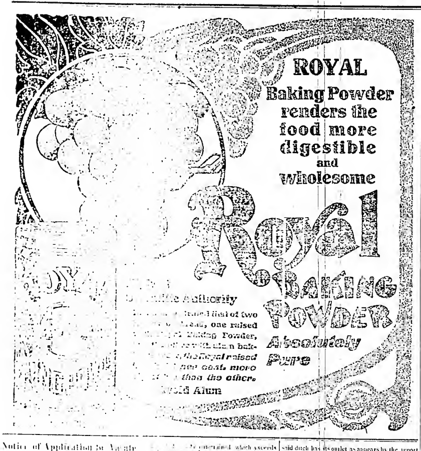
ROYAL Baking Powder renders the food more digestible and wholesome

Royal Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

[illegible] Authority [illegible] two [illegible] bread, one raised [illegible] Baking Powder, [illegible] alum bak[illegible] the Royal raised [illegible] per cent. more [illegible] than the other. [illegible] Alum

Notice of Application to Vacate Plat.

[illegible]

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible]

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

[illegible]

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible]

said ditch has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit: Katie O'Brien, J. A. Dutt, Fred York, Hans S. Quam, [illegible] Hatlund, Gust B. Trett, Kittle Vindios, Martin Solem, John C. Carlson, Erick Mandt, Nels J. Helgeson, Charles Krolin, Carl A. Johnson, Andrew T. Mirum, Stu Jorgensen, Olaus Nelson, Joseph W. & Henry A. Pietz, Asmund K. Vindios, Arne Gunderson, Simon O. Toole, Peter O'Toole, James O'Brien, Edward P. Emmerson, John Quirk, Arick B. Mandt, Louis O. Kondel, Gilbert Stern, Peter Hedern, Albert O. Anderson, James Madden, Carl G. Olsen, Lars P. Olte, Townships of Kratka and Marfield and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor, and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Saturday the 9th day of April 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
17m24

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty and 48-100 ($930.48) Dollars, and Eighty Three and 88-100 ($83.88) dollars, paid for taxes, making a total of One Thousand Fourteen and 36-100 ($1014.36) Dollars in default and due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed by Milton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank H. Mears, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of December 1902 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota on the 5th day of January 1903 at [illegible] o'clock P. M. in Book 25 of Mortgages on Page 2[illegible].

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said mortgagee, to Alice W. Hemminghouse, by written assignment dated the 31st day of December, 1902 and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the [illegible] day of January 1903 at 2:10 o'clock P. M., in Book T of Mortgages on Page 39.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Eliza A. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 24th day of January 1906 and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 7th day of April, 1906 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 12 of Mortgages on Page 324.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Harriet L. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 23rd day of September, 1904, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 24th day of February, 1904 at 11:05 o'clock A. M., in Book 5 of Mortgages on page 331.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the land and premises therein, being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit:

The West Half of the North West Quarter (W½ of NW¼) of Section Fourteen (14) in Township One Hundred Fifty Two (152) of Range Forty Three (43), will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the Statutory attorney's fees, and the taxes if any, and the costs and expenses of these foreclosure proceedings as allowed by law; and that the said sale will be made at the front door of the Post Office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said Red Lake County at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday, the 16th day of April, 1910.

Dated February 23, 1910.

HARRIET L. HAYWARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Grant Van Sant,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
718 Globe Building, St. Paul, Minn. m3-a14

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven Hundred Sixty two, 70-100 ($762.70) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Albert C. Gilbert and Helen Gilbert, his wife, Mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank, Mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of November, 1904, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, 1904, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 29 of Mortgages on page 549; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter (SE¼ of NE¼) and Northeast quarter of Southeast quarter (NE¼ of SE¼) of Section Twenty one (21) and the Southwest quarter of Northwest quarter (SW¼ of NW¼) of Section Twenty-two (22), all in Township One Hundred fifty-one (151) North of Range Forty-three (43) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Sortedahl Building, temporarily used as a Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 9th day of April, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seven Hundred Sixty-two and 70-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23rd, A. D. 1910.

The Netherlands American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Chas. F. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. f24 m31

Walked In His Sleep.

Barefoot and clad only in a nightshirt, Raymond O'Hara, the thirteen year old son of Ed O'Hara, the drayman, walked over a mile between the hours of one and two last Friday morning, when the thermometer stood about 15 degrees below zero.

The young boy had a dream that his father had asked him to go for a doctor to attend his mother, who was sick, and he arose from his bed while asleep and started upon the journey. The O'Hara's live over near the Knox school and the boy went north to the Red Lake river, a distance of about nine blocks. When he reached the river he awoke, but being somewhat bewildered he did not make a straight path for home and traveled a distance of about eleven blocks while making the return trip. When he arrived home his feet were quite badly frozen and he was thoroughly chilled. He will suffer no bad effects from his journey, however.—Thief River News.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake,
City of Red Lake Falls

Notice is hereby given, that an application has been made in writing to the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 25th day of March, 1910, and terminating on the 24th day of March, 1911, by William B. Krueger and Oliver Belair, co-partners as Krueger & Belair, at the following place, as stated in said application, respectively, to-wit:

In that certain one and a half story frame building situate on Lot 14 of Block 7 in Champagne & Dow's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minn., fronting on Main Street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council at the next adjourned regular meeting to be held at the city hall on the 24th day of March, 1910, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Witness my hand and the corporate seal of the City, this 8th day of March, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
(SEAL) m24 City Clerk.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell, Mortgage or Lease Land.

Estate of Lula B. Haslet.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Lula B. Haslet, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Burton Haslet, Elizabeth Haslet, Ruth Haslet, and Burton Haslet as guardian ad litem for Elizabeth Haslet, and Ruth Haslet, Minors, and all persons interested in the title and descent of certain lands belonging to said decedent. The petition of Burton Haslet as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be mortgaged and praying that a license be to him granted to mortgage the same:

Now Therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the office of the Judge of Probate, City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of April 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 5th day of March, 1910.

S. A. SWANSON
SEAL. Judge of Probate Court.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for petitioner. m10-24

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and For Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Edward Maloney,
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Maloney, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to John Manley and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent;

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the 11th day of June A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated March 10th, 1910

S. A. SWANSON,
Judge of Probate.
SEAL.
F. A. Grady
Atty. for Executor. 17m31

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the Matter of the Petition of Archibald D. Brown and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 43.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 43. The said ditch is located wholly within the townships one hundred fifty two (152) and one hundred fifty three (153), Range thirty-nine [39], Red Lake County, Minn. Commencing at a point twenty -20- feet east of the north west corner of the north west quarter of Section two -2- township one hundred fifty-three -153- range thirty-nine -39-, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty 20 feet east of the section line between section two -2- and three -3-, ten -10- and eleven -11-, fourteen -14- and fifteen -15-, twenty-two -22- and twenty-three -23-, twenty-six -26 and twenty-seven -27-, thirty-four -34- and thirty-five -35-, to a point twenty three hundred and six -2306- feet south of the section corner between sections twenty six -26-, twenty seven 27-, thirty-four -34- and thirty-five -35-, township one hundred fifty-three -153-, Range thirty-nine -39-, thence extending in a southeasterly direction on an angle of 51 degrees and 41 minutes over and across the south west corner of the North East Quarter -NE¼- of section thirty-five 35 and the South East Quarter -SE¼- of said section thirty-five -35- to the town line between township one hundred fifty-two -152- and one hundred fifty-three -153-, thence extending on the same line a distance of eleven hundred fifty-two -1152- feet over and across the north east corner of the North East Quarter -NE¼- of section two -2- township one hundred fifty-two -152 range thirty nine -39 to a point on the section line between section two -2- and three -3-, thence extending in a southwesterly direction over and across the Eastern Half -E½ of section three 3- to the Red Lake River, where the same terminates and has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit:

A. D. Brown, Paul P. Nygaard, Theodor Jacobson, Ommund Bjorgenson, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M. Parnow, Henry Tommerdahl, Effie M. Hayes, James L. Peterson, Albie L. Erwin, Walter H Quist, Anna Erickson, Township of Star, Township of Hickory and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Saturday the 9th day of April 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Auditor's Seal). 17m31

Some good farms for rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

TERREBONNE.

Born, March 2, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Theroux, a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. M. Thibert, March 8, a girl.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Alex Fournier, Feb. 26, a girl.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Fournier, March 11, a girl.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Generoux, March 4, a boy.

Mrs. Jos. Pigeon is critically sick.

Last week's election was very quiet. The list of officers is published elsewhere in the Gazette.

BROOKS.

Miss Rebecca Turgeon is the new clerk at the Pioneer Store.

Clem Brunelle of Red Lake Falls spent Sunday in Brooks.

Mr. Treffle Robidoux has sold his farm.

The entertainment at the school house Friday evening was well attended and was a very enjoyable affair. Great credit should be given the teachers and pupils for their work in getting up this entertainment.

Miss Mary Robidoux and Miss Amy Buskirk, two girls from Brooks, went to Erskine on a pleasant visit.

Narcisse Robidoux bought 160 acres of land for his son, Napoleon Robidoux, from Joseph Robidoux.

THE FAVORITE WON.

A Prizefight Referee Who "Seen His Duty and Done It."

In a sporting resort in the east end of London a popular Irish pugilist was matched against a burly and clever negro. The Irishman was a hot favorite, and his friends bet heavily that he would whip his colored opponent. The referee was also an Irishman, and when in the first round the negro reached the Irish fighter's jaw and the latter's head thumped the boards with a crash that seemed to preclude further contest the following monologue by the referee as he stood over the fallen favorite, counting the seconds, took place:

"One!" (In an undertone to his gasping compatriot: "Come on, man; get up out o' that. Are yez goin' to let this black son of Ham say he knocked yez out?)

"YOUR'E OUT, YOU NAYGUR."

"Two! (Wurrah, man, can't yez raise yourself and listen to what I'm tellin' yez? Come on; get up!)

"Three! (For the sake of yer fathers that bled on many a field get up and wipe up the floor with this black smoke that's grinnin' at yez!)

"Four! (An' sure are yez goin' to lie there slapin' while this limb of Satan takes all the money? Get up, I say, afore I pull yez up!)"

This sort of entreaty continued until, as the disgusted referee lingered on the final count, the badly dazed Irish pugilist staggered to his feet, swung wildly at the unguarded negro and bowled him over unexpectedly.

Quick as a flash the ever ready referee sprang to the prostrate colored man, who, though dazed and weak, was wildly struggling to regain his feet, and counted:

"One, two, three, four, five and five is ten! You're out, you naygur!"

Why He Didn't Go to Church.

A Scottish minister who was indefatigable in looking up his folk one day called upon a parishioner. "Richard," he said, "I hae na seen ye at the kirk for some time and wad like to know the reason."

"Weel, sir," answered Richard, "I hae three decided objections to goin'—firstly, I dinna believe in bein' whaur ye does a' the talkin'; secondly, I dinna believe in sic muckle singin', an', thirdly an' in conclusion, 'twas there I got my wife."

A Good Explanation.

Father—But, do tell me, Alfred, how could you fail again?

Son—Well, you see, we had another examination.

A Pertinent Query.

Freddy suddenly stopped playing with his blocks and gazed thoughtfully across the room. After a moment's contemplation he turned to his father.

"Papa," he began, "why haven't I ever seen any little boy policemen?"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Full of Sand.

Coach—Haven't you got the nerve to slide harder than that?

Slider (brushing himself)—Sure; I'm full of sand.—Cornell Widow.

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers.
ANDERSCH BROS., Department 65, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.
Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.
Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins Fargo, N. D.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book rr of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), north, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 598, and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage, elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.
CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn f17-m31

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated Mar 23d A. D. 1904, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1904, at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 14 of Mortgages on pages 366 to 368 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-Four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 599, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note said interest notes and said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty-eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof; Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceeding including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.
CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F17M31

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb., 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lammart J. Rawerts of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, who, on Feb., 4, 1904, made H. E. No. 23648 serial No. 01637, for SW¼ NE¼ Section 4, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. A. Swanson, Judge of Probate for Red Lake Co. Minnesota, at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 9th day of April, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Emil Just, of River Falls Township, Minn.
John Kjonickson of River Falls Twp. Minn.
Franz Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
Charles Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.

ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of H. B. Kaufer.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court:

In the Matter of the Estate of H. B. Kaufer, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota, to Louis A. Kaufer, Henry J. Kaufer, Gertie E. Zeh, nee Gertie E. Kaufer, Emma E. Krost, nee Emma E. Kaufer, Ottilia Kaufer, Phil A. Kaufer, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Louis A. Kaufer having been filed in this court, representing that H. B. Kaufer, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the first day of March, 1910, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Louis A. Kaufer; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of April, 1910, at ten o'clock p. m. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court and the seal of said court, this ninth day of March, 1910.

(SEAL) S. A. SWANSON,
Probate Judge.
F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. m24

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E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
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TELEPHONE 19

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HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouel, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

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WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
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Leave orders at Gazette office

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Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3564 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Continued From Page Three.

No.	To whom issued.	Amt.
[illegible]	C. H. [illegible]	11.50
[illegible]	August J. Wentzel, [illegible]	100.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Singer, Treasurer	150.00
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	20.00
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	27.50
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	1.60
[illegible]	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	1.00
[illegible]	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	2071.12
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	23.75
[illegible]	[illegible] of Terrebonne	23.70
[illegible]	Fred M. Zaiser	2.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Treasurer	401.50
[illegible]	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	204.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Bridge Company	100.00
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.20
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	20.00
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann	2.25
[illegible]	[illegible] Singer, Treasurer	50.00
16291	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	125.00
16527	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	200.00
16581	Ed. M. Evenson, Treasurer	1000.00
16607	Merchant's State Bank	200.00
16751	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	625.50
16865	H. E. Burkee, Treasurer	300.00
16866	Nels O. Nora, Treasurer	100.00
16877	Elias Jorlagdal, Treasurer	275.00
16943	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	200.00
17022	O. L. Larson, Treasurer	125.00
17079	Wm. Schaefer, Treasurer	150.00
17126	C. H. Martz	10.60
17150	Geo Orr, Treasurer	150.00
17157	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	300.00
17224	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	100.00
17236	Ed A. Aubol, Treasurer	200.00
17242	Alfred T. Blee, Treasurer	200.00
17255	State of Minnesota	20.00
	Total	$11412.85

COUNTY POOR

[illegible] Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 147.18	
[illegible] Forfeited Tax Sale	.07	
Total [illegible] Fund		$ 147.26

COUNTY BOND AND INTEREST

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 5796.30	
Tax Collections	3490.58	
[illegible]	13.00	
Total		$ 9299.88

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 2519.31	
Refundments	19.93	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	6760.64	
Total		$ 9299.68

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible] State Bank, Red Lake Falls	$ 629.6[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] Bank, Red Lake Falls	200.00
[illegible]	[illegible] State Bank, Red Lake Falls	169.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	512.22
16194	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	200.00
16195	First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	240.00
16422	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	360.00
16846	State of Minnesota	17.09
	Total	$2519.31

INCIDENTAL FUND

RECEIPTS

[illegible]	$ 62.70	
[illegible] Revenue Fund	100.00	
Total		$ 162.70

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 157.94	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	4.76	
Total		$ 162.70

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	$ 1.61
[illegible]	[illegible] O'Brien	4.14
[illegible]	[illegible]	.50
[illegible]	[illegible] O'Brien	6.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	2.50
[illegible]	[illegible] O'Brien	7.84
[illegible]	[illegible] Tandberg	11.54
[illegible]	[illegible] O'Brien	6.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.67
[illegible]	Wilhelm Michelet	4.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	5.50
[illegible]	Frank Jeffers	10.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	11.75
16424	A. A. Latendresse	5.50
16425	A. A. Latendresse	3.57
16506	A. A. Latendresse	10.37
16713	A. A. Latendresse	6.00
16746	C. W. Johnson	9.20
16823	A. A. Latendresse	6.10
16825	A. A. Latendresse	2.84
16831	Wilhelm Michelet	6.00
16958	A. A. Latendresse	6.09
17047	A. A. Latendresse	10.00
17074	A. A. Latendresse	2.70
17152	S. A. Swanson	7.25
17213	Frank Jeffers	7.00
17264	C. W. Johnson	4.45
	Total	$ 157.94

PRIVATE REDEMPTION FUND

RECEIPTS

Credit Balance, Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 306.93	
Collections	12131.21	
Total		$ 12438.14

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 11303.07	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1135.07	
Total		$ 12438.14

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	$ 77.55
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	15.29
[illegible]	Netherlands American Land Company	23.54
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	205.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	29.60
[illegible]	Peter [illegible] & Son	58.65
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	101.77
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	72.71
[illegible]	E. M. Perrault	16.21
[illegible]	First State Bank	19.02
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	182.44
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	109.29
14211	J. H. Gergen	110.69
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	159.41
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	382.71
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	26.64
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	67.97
[illegible]	[illegible]	250.61
[illegible]	Hiram Brown	14.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	95.52
[illegible]	Hiram Brown	86.52
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	52.14
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	124.76
[illegible]	A. P. Toupin	46.48
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	66.60
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	21.58
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	46.06
[illegible]	First State Bank	221.29
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	51.12
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	94.40
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	28.82
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	690.87
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	85.76
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	17.62
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	65.22
[illegible]	Miller & [illegible]	48.78
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	109.81
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	171.32
[illegible]	[illegible]	15.23
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	125.33
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	50.29
[illegible]	W. W. Prichard	16.02
[illegible]	A. P. Toupin	50.05
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	17.47
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	209.27
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	82.25
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	21.67
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	39.24
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	17.69
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	10.20
[illegible]	A. P. Toupin	9.46
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	55.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	123.22
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	92.45
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank	22.82
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	21.50
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	11.97
[illegible]	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	12.80
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	67.41
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	48.31
[illegible]	B. B. Hall	89.42
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	495.32
[illegible]	Citizen State Bank	28.19
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	99.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	83.15
[illegible]	W. W. Prichard	29.42
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	70.53
[illegible]	Peter [illegible]	29.42
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	85.70
16263	F. H. Wellcome	57.84
16267	L. C. Simons	17.47
16279	P. B. Gaass	28.85
16285	Tollef Jacobson	9.99
16292	G. Vandertuuk	50.75
16293	F. H. Wellcome	23.62
16294	F. H. Wellcome	169.83
16295	F. H. Wellcome	38.82
16296	F. H. Wellcome	47.10
16297	F. H. Wellcome	66.00
16298	F. H. Wellcome	36.12
16299	P. B. Gaass	13.22
16300	G. Vandertuuk	29.92
16302	F. H. Wellcome	20.24
16304	Merchants State Bank	46.09
16398	Merchants State Bank	20.10
16416	G. Vandertuuk	12.52
16517	F. H. Wellcome	141.27
16523	G. Vandertuuk	31.76
16547	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	36.42
16548	F. H. Wellcome	458.64
16621	Merchants State Bank	16.33
16624	F. H. Wellcome	120.59
16654	F. H. Wellcome	120.96
16685	P. B. Gaass	109.44
16689	G. Vandertuuk	11.35
16690	F. H. Wellcome	93.63
16702	G. Vandertuuk	122.83
16711	A. P. Toupin	3.24
16718	Hiram Brown	35.95
16754	F. H. Wellcome	73.57
16783	P. B. Gaass	27.48
16786	A. P. Toupin	49.55
16787	A. P. Toupin	16.38
16789	G. Vandertuuk	110.22
16796	F. H. Wellcome	143.07
16799	J. A. Duffy	14.83
16823	F. H. Wellcome	20.11
16827	L. C. Simons	22.98
16828	F. H. Wellcome	55.17
16832	G. Vandertuuk	29.13
16837	Emma Tandberg	27.76
16838	Merchants State Bank	42.34
16844	F. H. Wellcome	85.77
16845	F. H. Wellcome	221.35
16867	F. H. Wellcome	232.16
16871	First State Bank	43.68
16872	J. A. Duffy	107.11
16874	F. H. Wellcome	71.43
16879	P. B. Gaass	32.68
16880	F. H. Wellcome	25.20
16902	A. P. Toupin	74.04
16903	P. B. Gaass	30.88
17045	G. Vandertuuk	27.40
17046	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	27.14
17050	P. B. Gaass	28.77
17065	F. H. Wellcome	83.28
17077	F. H. Wellcome	139.35
17078	G. Vandertuuk	98.67
17085	G. Vandertuuk	21.50
17093	P. B. Gaass	22.40
17154	G. Vandertuuk	59.58
17212	F. H. Wellcome	111.21
17219	F. H. Wellcome	70.86
17223	J. A. Duffy	18.32
17224	J. A. Duffy	10.52
17225	G. Vandertuuk	24.28
17226	F. H. Wellcome	719.12
17232	J. A. Duffy	123.73
17246	G. Vandertuuk	56.27
17254	G. Vandertuuk	137.75
	Total	$11303.07

GENERAL DITCH FUND

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 10102.27	
Assessments paid	19484.46	
Proceeds sale of Bonds	29200.00	
Transferred from County Revenue Fund	35000.00	
Transferred to County Revenue to correct error in the issuance of Warrants on account of Repair of Ditches	134.00	
Total		$ 93920.73

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 22653.68	
Transfer to the County Revenue Fund	35000.00	
Refundment	8.78	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	36124.27	
Warrants Issued account Repair of Ditches Nos. 2 and 10	134.00	
Total		$ 93920.73

EXCAVATION

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
[illegible]	Standard Drainage Co.	$2500.00
[illegible]	Standard Drainage Co.	1664.03
[illegible]	P. S. Dorge & Co.	839.04
16695	P. S. Dorge & Co.	1510.74
[illegible]	P. S. Dorge & Co.	861.60
16838	P. S. Dorge & Co.	1067.28
16930	Northwestern Drainage Co.	1597.32
	Total	$10030.01

ENGINEER'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14167	C. H. Martz	$ 25.00
14172	C. H. Martz	30.00
14293	C. H. Martz	5.00
14313	C. H. Martz	15.00
14363	C. H. Martz	25.00
14366	C. H. Martz	20.00
14368	C. H. Martz	20.00
14369	C. H. Martz	30.00
14370	C. H. Martz	6.00
14371	C. H. Martz	5.00
14372	C. H. Martz	5.00
14693	C. H. Martz	15.00
14703	C. H. Martz	25.00
14971	C. H. Martz	20.00
14975	C. H. Martz	30.00
14976	C. H. Martz	5.00
14977	C. H. Martz	5.00
14978	C. H. Martz	15.00
14981	C. H. Martz	10.00
16144	C. H. Martz	5.00
16142	C. H. Martz	45.00
16209	C. H. Martz	10.00
16211	C. H. Martz	20.00
16212	C. H. Martz	35.00
16218	C. H. Martz	5.00
16215	C. H. Martz	5.00
16334	C. H. Martz	60.00
16336	C. H. Martz	5.00
16338	C. H. Martz	5.00
16342	C. H. Martz	5.00
16405	C. H. Martz	36.00
16650	C. H. Martz	5.00
16651	C. H. Martz	10.00
16724	C. H. Martz	20.00
16725	C. H. Martz	10.00
16726	C. H. Martz	5.00
16727	C. H. Martz	5.00
16728	C. H. Martz	5.00
16811	C. H. Martz	5.00
16812	C. H. Martz	6.00
16983	C. H. Martz	6.00
16984	C. H. Martz	10.00
16988	C. H. Martz	25.00
16989	C. H. Martz	15.00
16990	C. H. Martz	20.00
16992	C. H. Martz	5.00
16994	C. H. Martz	5.00
16399	C. H. Martz	60.00
17001	C. H. Martz	15.00
17127	C. H. Martz	6.00
17128	C. H. Martz	6.00
17130	C. H. Martz	10.00
17131	C. H. Martz	16.00
17132	C. H. Martz	25.00
17133	C. H. Martz	10.00
17134	C. H. Martz	20.00
17135	C. H. Martz	10.00
17137	C. H. Martz	5.00
	Total	$ 880.00

ENGINEER'S EXPENSE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14167	C. H. Martz	$ 1.75
14172	C. H. Martz	5.00
14293	C. H. Martz	.50
14313	C. H. Martz	4.00
14363	C. H. Martz	2.00
14366	C. H. Martz	4.95
14368	C. H. Martz	11.85
14369	C. H. Martz	11.65
14370	C. H. Martz	.60
14371	C. H. Martz	1.00
14372	C. H. Martz	1.00
14703	C. H. Martz	1.95
14975	C. H. Martz	9.00
14976	C. H. Martz	5.50
14977	C. H. Martz	6.00
14978	C. H. Martz	4.00
14981	C. H. Martz	2.40
16141	C. H. Martz	5.00
16209	C. H. Martz	12.50
16211	C. H. Martz	10.00
16212	C. H. Martz	1.00
16213	C. H. Martz	6.00
16214	C. H. Martz	8.65
16215	C. H. Martz	1.00
16336	C. H. Martz	15.00
16338	C. H. Martz	1.05
16342	C. H. Martz	5.25
16405	C. H. Martz	10.31
16650	C. H. Martz	4.60
16651	C. H. Martz	2.40
16726	C. H. Martz	2.45
16726	C. H. Martz	1.00
16727	C. H. Martz	1.00
16728	C. H. Martz	1.00
16811	C. H. Martz	5.50
16812	C. H. Martz	1.00
16983	C. H. Martz	7.35
16991	C. H. Martz	20.06
16986	C. H. Martz	12.90
16992	C. H. Martz	5.00
16994	C. H. Martz	6.96
17126	C. H. Martz	2.00
17127	C. H. Martz	1.00
17128	C. H. Martz	6.50
17130	C. H. Martz	2.00
17131	C. H. Martz	3.00
17132	C. H. Martz	5.00
17133	C. H. Martz	6.59
17134	C. H. Martz	4.00
17135	C. H. Martz	2.00
17137	C. H. Martz	5.25
	Total	$ 263.17

VIEWER'S FEES AND EXPENSES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14162	O. W. Brink	$ 24.69
14163	E. A. Moran	18.85
14164	Otto Zaiser	22.75
14167	C. H. Martz	9.50
14169	O. W. Brink	28.25
14170	E. A. Moran	24.00
14171	Otto Zaiser	24.00
14172	C. H. Martz	12.00
14294	Fred M. Zaiser	8.00
14300	Joseph Belair	8.00
14301	O. W. Brink	28.85
14302	E. A. Moran	26.00
14303	Otto Zaiser	20.25
14309	Otto Zaiser	4.00
14310	Otto Zaiser	4.00
14311	O. W. Brink	4.25
14312	O. W. Brink	4.25
14367	G. K. Haavi	8.72
14697	Fred M. Zaiser	29.76
14698	Gilbert K. Haavi	36.19
14699	Joseph Belair	29.76
14700	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
14701	Joseph Belair	4.00
14705	O. W. Brink	8.50
14855	G. K. Haavi	8.47
14967	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
14968	K. O. Gigstad	29.14
14969	G. K. Haavi	29.84
15014	Joseph Belair	4.00
16124	Joseph Belair	28.92
16235	G. K. Haavi	8.72
16330	Fred M. Zaiser	35.00
16331	K. O. Gigstad	45.59
16332	Mitchell Quesnell	43.75
16348	Joseph Belair	4.00
16349	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16406	Fred M. Zaiser	32.00
16407	Gilbert Haavi	34.58
16408	Gunaard Lindquist	35.60
16566	K. O. Gigstad	5.75
16648	G. K. Haavi	8.72
16653	Mitchell Quesnell	7.50
16654	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16729	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16730	Gunnard Lindquist	7.00
	Total	$ 786.64

PRINTING AND ADVERTISING

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14157	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	$ 9.60
14159	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	$ 9.60
14160	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	8.00
14694	Red Lake Falls Gazette, Publishing notices of Hearing	11.42
14702	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14711	Red Lake Falls Gazette	9.21
14848	Red Lake Falls Gazette	9.00
14849	Red Lake Falls Gazette	8.83
14850	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.28
14851	Red Lake Falls Gazette	13.16
14853	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14990	Red Lake Falls Gazette	8.63
14991	Red Lake Falls Gazette	6.63
14992	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10.12
14994	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.03
14995	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10.18
14996	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.28
16221	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.08
16225	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.08
16563	Red Lake Falls Gazette	15.23
16564	Red Lake Falls Gazette	13.08
	Total	$ 177.99

INTEREST ON BONDS AND WARRANTS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14978	Merchants State Bank	$ 178.75
14251	Merchants State Bank	2145.00
14483	First State Bank	601.00
16200	Merchants State Bank	459.00
16201	Merchants State Bank	178.76
16202	First State Bank	165.00
16604	Merchants State Bank	2145.00
16822	First State Bank	601.00
17220	Merchants State Bank	178.75
17221	First State Bank	165.00
17222	Merchants State Bank	603.00
	Total	$7411 25

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PER DIEM AND MILEAGE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued	Amt.
14288	Ed. A. Aubol	$ 6.00
14289	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14290	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14291	C. A. Lindquist	6.80
14292	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
14295	Ed. A. Aubol	3.00
14296	C. A. Lindquist	3.00
14297	Joseph Pigeon	3.00
14298	Wm. C. L. Demann	3.00
14299	Daniel Shaw	3.00
14304	Wm. C. L. Demann	3.00
14305	Ed. A. Aubol	3.00
14306	Daniel Shaw	3.00
14307	Joseph Pigeon	3.00
14308	C. A. Lindquist	2.00
14314	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14315	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14316	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
14317	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
14318	C. A. Lindquist	8.60
14706	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14707	C. A. Lindquist	6.00
14708	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
14710	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14709	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
14856	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14857	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
14858	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
14859	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14860	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16249	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16250	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
16251	C. A. Lindquist	6.00
16252	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
16253	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16572	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
16573	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16574	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16576	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
16657	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16658	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
16660	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16662	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
16664	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
16817	C. A. Lindquist	0.60
16818	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16819	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16820	Joseph Pigeon	8.20
16821	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
17018	C. A. Lindquist	3.30
17019	Joseph Pigeon	3.10
17020	Ed. A. Aubol	3.00
17021	Joseph Johnson	6.30
17027	Joseph Johnson	7.80
17028	Wm. C. L. Demann	13.20
17029	Joseph Pigeon	13.20
17030	Ed. A. Aubol	9.00
17031	C. A. Lindquist	11.80
17145	Joseph Johnson	12.69
17146	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
17147	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
17148	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
17149	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
	Total	$ 394.60

MISCELLANEOUS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14136	Newberry & Bulman, Livery hire for engineer	$ 17.60
14156	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices Ditch No. 32	11.40
14161	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices Ditch No. 33	9.50
14165	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire for viewers	12.00
14166	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire for viewers	16.00
14168	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	8.00
14388	Katherine H. Pieth, Refund of assistant paid by State	215.06
14693	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.00
14696	Zaiser Bros, Livery hire	20.00
14704	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	10.60
14712	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	12.00
14846	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	6.10
14847	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	8.00
14852	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	16.00
14954	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.00
14966	G. K. Haavi, Livery hire	16.00
14970	Lewis A. Nelson, serving notices	12.80
14974	C. H. Martz, Expense, engineering party No. 35	52.85
14975	C. H. Martz, for rodman, No. 35	8.00
16126	Glenn Martz, rodman, Ditch No. 36	27.50
16137	Oscar Gunstad, chainman, Ditch No. 36	22.25
16140	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 36	78.70
16143	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 36	2.46
16208	Archie Whaley, chainman, Ditch No. 37	9.00
16216	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 37	67.85
16217	Glenn Martz, Rodman, Ditch No. 36	14.00
16218	Glenn Martz, Rodman, Ditch No. 37	20.00
16219	Archie Whaley, Chainman, Ditch No. 36	22.00
16227	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	14.00
16237	Glenn Martz, Rodman and profile work	16.00
16333	Zaiser Bros., Livery Hire	35.00
16335	C. H. Martz, Expense account, viewing	15.55
16339	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 38	9.00
16340	C. H. Martz, Expense account	5.05
16341	C. H. Martz, Expense account	2.16
16243	Archie Whaley, Rodman	5.00
16344	Archie Whaley, Chainman	6.00
16345	Archie Whaley, Chainman	8.00
16346	Glenn Martz, Rodman	21.15
16347	Oscar Gunstad, Chainman	13.00
16350	A. A. Latendresse, Reports on account of Ditch Loans	75.00
16351	A. A. Latendresse, Allowance account of Ditch services	175.00
16409	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	20.00
16667	Glenn Martz, Rodman	6.25
16649	A. A. Latendresse, Co. Auditor's Fees account Ditch	175.00
16655	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.60
16656	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.20
16723	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.60
16724	C. H. Martz, Expense account survey Ditch 33	26.90
16742	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.60
16979	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	300.00
16980	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	124.07
16981	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	86.09
16982	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	73.85
16986	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 39	20.00
16987	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 38	48.00
16991	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 40	16.00
16995	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 41	18.00
16996	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 38	60.00
16998	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 40	20.00
17000	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 39	26.00
17002	Glenn Martz, Rodman	2.50
17005	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.50
17006	Charles Fellman, Chainman	10.00
17007	Charles Fellman, Chainman	24.00
17008	Charles Fellman, Chainman	8.00
17009	Charles Fellman, Chainman	6.00
17010	Charles Fellman, Chainman	4.00
17012	W. H. Quist, Board engineering party	10.00
17013	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	15.00
17014	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.50
17015	Lewis A. Nelson	10.00
17113	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	14.00
17114	Glenn Martz, Rodman	30.00
17115	Glenn Martz, Rodman	5.00
17116	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.50
17117	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.00
17119	Glenn Martz, Rodman	2.50
17121	Glenn Martz, Rodman	21.00
17122	Glenn Martz, Rodman	14.00
17123	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.60
17124	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.60
17125	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.00
17138	George Hughs, Chainman	8.00
17139	George Hughes, Chainman	24.00
17140	George Hughes, Chainman	6.00
17141	George Hughes, Chainman	4.00
17142	George Hughes, Chainman	6.00
17143	A. A. Latendresse, Co. Auditor's fees, Ditch	200.00
17144	Thief River Falls Lumber Company, Lath for Ditches	7.50
17118	Glenn Martz, Rodman	12.50
	Total	$2720.12

SPECIAL BOND AND INTEREST FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 1465.39	
Tax Collections	950.14	
Total		$ 2415.53

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 534.93	
Refundments	.20	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1880.40	
Total		$ 2415.53

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16869	George J. Flaten, Treasurer, Polk County	$ 534.93
	Total	$ 534.93

BUILDING FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan 2nd, 1909	$ 136.83	
Tax Collections	2.98	
Insurances Receipts on account of Court House Fire	4135.00	
Total		$ 4274.81

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 4022.70	
Refundments	.34	
Credit Balance Jan 3rd, 1910	251.77	
Total		$ 4274.81

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued	Amt.
16286	Adeline Bray	$1600.00
16287	Theodore Gareeau	500.00
16288	Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.	1400.00
16289	Josie Doe	500.00
16808	C. A. Lindquist	3.60
16807	Wm. C. L. Demann	1.40
16809	Joseph Pigeon	3.20
16810	C. H. Martz	14.60
	Total	$4022.70

CURRENT SCHOOL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 722.57	
State Apportionment	18189.00	
Interest, Penalty and Costs on Delinquent Taxes	[illegible]	
Fines	[illegible]	
Tax Collections	1.68	
Total		$ 21000.17

DISBURSEMENTS

Apportionments to School Districts	$ 20992.08	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	8.09	
Total		$ 21000.17

TAXES AND PENALTIES ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 7767.90	
Current Tax Collections	130284.64	
Delinquent Tax Collections	21806.60	
Mortgage Tax Collections	7244.10	
Interest, Penalties and Costs on Current Taxes	4839.82	
Total		$171943.06

DISBURSEMENTS

Taxes and Penalties Distributed	$160619.90	
Transfer to Redemption Fund, to correct error	88.20	
Refundments	108.67	
Credit Balance undistributed, Jan. 3rd, 1910	11181.09	
Total		$171943.00

WARRANT ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Warrants outstanding Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 3346.07	
Warrants issued during 1909	196118.92	
Total		$199464.98

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants redeemed during 1909	$186137.42	
Warrants outstanding Jan. 3rd, 1910	13327.57	
Total		$199464.99

STATE REVENUE AND SCHOOL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 72.00	
Tax Collections	12085.62	
Hunters' License	132.30	
Total		$ 12289.62

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 9104.16	
Hunters' License	132.30	
Refundments	18.61	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	3034.95	
Total		$ 12289.92

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14399	State of Minnesota	$3536.02
14400	State of Minnesota	72.00
16417	State of Minnesota	5496.14
16870	State of Minnesota	90.00
17070	State of Minnesota	42.30
	Total	$9236.46

STATE LAND AND INTEREST FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 462.74	
Collections	6228.46	
Total		$ 6691.20

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 5461.46	
Refundments	.27	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1229.47	
Total		$ 6691.20

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14401	State of Minnesota	$ 707.92
16784	State of Minnesota	1144.61
16418	State of Minnesota	3608.93
	Total	$5461.46

REFUNDING ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Amounts Charged Back	$ 347.07	
Total		$ 347.07

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 347.07	
Total		$ 347.07

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14096	Chas. H. Foy	$ 19.00
14253	Napoleon Doyea	1.80
14280	Henry Goergen	4.78
14281	Dan Laurent	7.00
14765	Mathias Skala	35.00
14766	Gustaf Anderson	13.96
14767	J. W. Kalp	14.00
16084	Joseph Hagl	11.73
16185	F. H. Wellcome	15.06
10301	Lars A. Loberg	4.96
16505	Peter A. Kolstad	.90
16542	Erick Olson	22.00
16543	John L. Rudniecki	24.95
16582	H. Halte	24.57
16583	Nels N. Olson	1.02
16776	Mathias Skala	11.75
16795	L. B. Ornold, Agt.	22.85
16797	Wm. Stellwagen	16.20
16798	Fred Marti	18.20
16800	Anna Kretzschmar	4.15
16803	John C. Hawley	22.17
16940	L. B. Arnold, Agt.	17.80
16952	August Ackerlund	.27
16953	August Ackerlund	.20
17041	John H. Johnson	7.28
17042	John McDonald	23.95
17247	Peter Lachance	3.51
	Total	$ 347.07

SPECIAL COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE.

RECEIPTS.

Tax Collections	$ 1045.25	
Total		$ 1046.25

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 796.02	
Warrants Issued	147.60	
Refundments	.53	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	101.20	
Total		$ 1845.26

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14090	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	$ 147.58
	Total	$ 147.50

CONTINGENT FUND.

RECEIPTS.

By Transfer from County Revenue Fund	$ 60.00	
Total		$ 68.88

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants issued	$ 35.89	
Balance on hand Jan 3rd, 1910	14.11	
Total		$ 58.08

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16830	Wilhelm Michelet	$ 19.17
10273	Wilhelm Michelet	16.72
	Total	$ 35.89

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14058	Emil E. Zeh, Treasurer	$2150.00
14059	A. Welo, Treasurer	40.00
14076	Eli Boutain, Treasurer	184.17
14079	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	202.68
14086	Sigurd Krostue, Treasurer	75.85
14097	Charles G. Olson, Treasurer	89.36
14174	Amelia Miller, Treasurer	112.57
14179	Octave Beauchene, Treasurer	101.33
14189	Alfred Brunelle, Treasurer	189.99
14208	F. J. Mathews, Treasurer	167.91
14212	Sam Person, Treasurer	99.56
14214	A. A. Odegaard, Treasurer	299.76
14230	E. B. Lanager, Treasurer	230.00
14231	Felix Anderson, Treasurer	40.00
14233	Chas. Seegar, Treasurer	40.00
14239	H. B. Laplante, Treasurer	172.50
14242	Nic. Eckstein, Treasurer	40.00
14248	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	84.29
14260	H. Haupt, Treasurer	54.56
14257	Mrs. F. J. Coan, Treasurer	139.08
14279	Ole O. Siettevold, Treasurer	63.20
14378	Joe Laurent, Treasurer	105.00
14382	George Ramsey, Treasurer	105.00
14287	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1600.00
14390	Ole L. Otteem, Treasurer	51.99
14397	Segurd Krostue, Treasurer	44.41
14403	Carl G. Olson, Treasurer	53.17
14404	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	230.55
14405	Sivert Hanson, Treasurer	104.87
14406	Chas. G. Sall, Treasurer	332.45
14408	Hans J. Peterson, Treasurer	108.09
14412	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	145.11
14415	Bonis Fulordeau, Treasurer	145.53
14447	John Parver, Treasurer	120.86
14451	August Swanson, Treasurer	127.63
14455	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1874.70
14459	John Westlake, Treasurer	155.62
14460	Andrew T. Nelson, Treasurer	102.32
14461	Ole O. Sunsdahl, Treasurer	86.47
14462	Hans H. Fjeld, Treasurer	113.50
14463	Olive Christenson, Treasurer	66.86
14466	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	55.86
14468	S. E. Wiberg, Treasurer	80.00
14473	A. Wilo, Treasurer	96.05
14475	Chas. Gerloch, Treasurer	141.89
14482	A. J. Hemstad, Treasurer	113.89
14496	Andrew Soderberg, Treasurer	225.84
14497	R. E. Vance, Treasurer	101.76
14498	Joseph Pigeon, Treasurer	122.76
14503	O. T. Tandberg, Treasurer	317.27
14586	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	490.14
14588	Amelia Miller, Treasurer	169.17
14589	Rasmus Aseby, Treasurer	76.19
14590	Jos. Laurent, Treasurer	273.78
14591	Swan E. Walhang, Treasurer	69.93
14592	Edward Singer, Treasurer	118.42
14593	Thor J. Skaar, Treasurer	107.49
14594	R. C. Haga, Treasurer	100.44
14595	Fred Anderson, Treasurer	110.06
14600	Daniel Patterson, Treasurer	2178.72
14601	Lars P. Brandrud, Treasurer	101.41
14602	Iver Solheim, Treasurer	95.51
14603	Anton Peterson, Treasurer	136.02
14606	Daniel Johnson, Treasurer	200.52
14613	Ole J. Hanson, Treasurer	9.00
14617	J. F. Mathews, Treasurer	156.42
14619	Narcisse Robidaux, Treasurer	387.04
14620	Huldor Erickson, Treasurer	152.08
14621	Ferd Gothler, Treasurer	106.36
14623	Chas. Schmidt, Treasurer	153.97
14624	Raphael Frudreau, Treasurer	147.68
14631	R. O. Gordon, Treasurer	104.92
14632	M. P. Bakken, Treasurer	101.34
14633	Salve T. Myrum, Treasurer	67.11
14634	Ole Helgeland, Treasurer	103.82
14635	F. B. Lanager, Treasurer	360.62
14636	A. S. Anderson, Treasurer	164.12
14640	George Charest, Treasurer	167.87
14641	C. M. Peterson, Treasurer	122.36
14642	John A. Reinschmidt, Treasurer	139.75
14644	K. K. Sunnes, Treasurer	88.24
14645	E. E. Zeh, Treasurer	7429.37
14678	Eli Lasha, Treasurer	118.81
14730	C. A. Carlson, Treasurer	81.60
14731	Chas. Perrault, Treasurer	122.58
14732	Frank Lundeen, Treasurer	227.29
14734	T. M. Thorson, Treasurer	66.98
14725	Geo. Ramsey, Treasurer	133.44
14736	Swan Akenson, Treasurer	57.36
14739	E. Aakre, Treasurer	121.67
14748	Ed. Rustan, Treasurer	82.35
14770	Michael Kees, Treasurer	94.76
14771	Emery Dion, Treasurer	78.16
14775	P. O. Sorlom, Treasurer	71.20
14770	Anton E. Peterson, Treasurer	65.83
14777	James Jones, Treasurer	57.67
14778	Joseph Jean, Treasurer	148.06
14790	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	160.02
14797	Ludwig Weiss, Treasurer	55.18
14867	Eli Bontain, Treasurer	180.63
14868	T. G. Heile, Treasurer	137.34
14869	Dolphis Dion, Treasurer	90.78
14982	Ole Larson, Treasurer	70.91
14984	Sam Gunderson, Treasurer	138.92
14988	Walter McAndress, Treasurer	140.17
14892	H. Haupt, Treasurer	67.07
14894	Carl Gerlach, Treasurer	98.51
14927	Sam Person, Treasurer	66.69
15018	Andrew Drydahl, Treasurer	109.98
15019	Ole O. Siettevold, Treasurer	45.26
15021	Magnus Winberg, Treasurer	122.29
15044	Alfred Brunelle, Treasurer	73.49
15053	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1500.09
16047	Filef Gravlie, Treasurer	164.07
16080	Knud O. Krossen, Treasurer	201.52
16087	Jos. Laurent, Treasurer	150.00
16089	H. B. Laplante, Treasurer	56.84
16114	Peter Nelson, Treasurer	78.71
16179	John Kellberg, Treasurer	26.97
16189	State of Minnesota	2288.10
16257	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	92.01
16262	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	500.00
16266	A. F. Anderson, Treasurer	47.29
16270	Arthur Archambeault, Treasurer	113.28
16280	Fred Reerbower, Treasurer	61.27
16402	Joseph Pigeon, Treasurer	69.41
16421	Swan Akinson, Treasurer	141.28
16422	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	595.09
16426	Nick Eckstein, Treasurer	483.93
16427	S. E. Wiberg, Treasurer	98.47
16428	L. P. Thysen, Treasurer	117.63
16429	Anton Petterson, Treasurer	97.19
16430	Chas. G. Sall, Treasurer	129.30
16431	Swan E. Walhaug, Treasurer	60.31
16432	F. B. Lanager, Treasurer	460.56
16433	Emil E. Zeh, Treasurer	5862.47
16434	K. K. Sannes, Treasurer	85.11
16435	John Jacobson, Treasurer	83.28
16436	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	128.57
16437	Ole S. Ottum, Treasurer	160.03
16438	Ole Helgeland, Treasurer	22.62
16439	O. M. Peterson, Treasurer	54.11
16440	R. O. Gordon, Treasurer	20.67
16441	Edward Singer, Treasurer	89.83
16442	John Larson, Treasurer	171.33
16443	Gunder Olson, Treasurer	153.21
16444	P. O. Sorlom, Treasurer	58.15
16445	Andrew Drydahl, Treasurer	111.99
16446	John Power, Treasurer	180.25

17216	Thomas Jones, Treasurer	[illegible]
17217	Michael Rees, Treasurer	[illegible]
17232	John Power, Treasurer	[illegible]
17233	L. P. Thyren, Treasurer	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ole L. Oltum, Treasurer	[illegible]

17251	Dolphis Dion, Treasurer	40.80
17252	Joseph Jean, Treasurer	130.80
17253	P. M. Thorson, Treasurer	74.66
17261	John Westlake, Treasurer	123.80
17262	Joseph Laurent, Treasurer	213.84
17187	Rasmus Aaseby, Treasurer	27.20
	Total	$66709.75

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amt.
[illegible]	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	$ 468.74
[illegible]	Wm. Schaeper, Treasurer	277.31
[illegible]	A. M. Sorenson, Treasurer	106.51
[illegible]	Ed. A. Aubol, Treasurer	302.64
[illegible]	P. E. Smidesang, Treasurer	731.14
[illegible]	O. L. Larson, Treasurer	165.06
[illegible]	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	289.57
[illegible]	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	169.44
[illegible]	Louis Falordeau, Treasurer	407.19
[illegible]	O. M. Mandt, Treasurer	129.02
[illegible]	August Swenson, Treasurer	187.00
[illegible]	John C. Hagen, Treasurer	265.67
[illegible]	Geo. Orr, Treasurer	221.01
[illegible]	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	107.34
[illegible]	Ed. A. Aubol, Treasurer	521.64
[illegible]	E. C. Colleux, Treasurer	459.30
[illegible]	August Soderberg, Treasurer	277.51
[illegible]	Osov G. Skreland, Treasurer	271.31
[illegible]	H. R. Kilseth, Treasurer	158.22
[illegible]	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	70.35
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	15.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	30.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	99.60
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	180.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	30.00
[illegible]	Christ Peterson, Treasurer	221.50
[illegible]	H. J. Enderle, Treasurer	148.40
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	20.00
[illegible]	P. E. Barkee, Treasurer	561.19
[illegible]	Nels O. Norn, Treasurer	164.40
[illegible]	T. T. Kvale, Treasurer	3.92
[illegible]	Ed. Evenson, Treasurer	2567.94
[illegible]	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	270.58
[illegible]	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	195.39
[illegible]	John Lamberty, Treasurer	149.55
[illegible]	Peder Sulland, Treasurer	123.20
[illegible]	Ovide Emard, Treasurer	1770.66
[illegible]	Alfred T. Rice, Treasurer	64.60
14919	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	240.75
16094	Sever Nelson, Treasurer	139.42
16153	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	116.37
16178	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	187.02
16187	State of Minnesota	40.00
16188	State of Minnesota	60.00
16258	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	431.23
16255	Wm. Schaeper, Treasurer	209.21
16490	Sever Nelson, Treasurer	161.31
16491	O. L. Larson, Treasurer	464.35
16492	H. R. Kilseth, Treasurer	431.01
16493	John C. Hagen, Treasurer	504.39
16494	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	191.21
16495	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	414.24
16496	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	61.73
16497	Osov G. Skreland, Treasurer	611.43
16498	August Soderberg, Treasurer	506.21
16499	August Swenson, Treasurer	532.08
16500	P. E. Barkee, Treasurer	649.02
16501	Henry J. Enderle, Treasurer	257.64
16510	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	120.00
16511	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	15.00
16512	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	129.00
16513	Ovide Emard, Treasurer	1812.16
16514	E. C. Colleux, Treasurer	871.29
16531	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	227.47
16541	Alfred Rice, Treasurer	161.84
16544	John Lamberty, Treasurer	227.04
16576	Geo. Orr, Treasurer	659.77
16585	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	643.13
16627	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	804.97
16667	Nels O. Norn, Treasurer	337.70
16670	O. M. Mandt, Treasurer	136.14
16699	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	582.40
16700	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	490.00
16790	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	586.09
16826	Louis Falordeau, Treasurer	691.86
17194	Peder Sulland, Treasurer	265.89
17196	T. T. Kvale, Treasurer	4.62
17197	Wm. Schaeper, Treasurer	538.04
17198	Elias Jorlingdahl, Treasurer	1024.61
17199	P. E. Smidesang, Treasurer	496.95
17200	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	13.06
17201	Ed. A. Aubol, Treasurer	75.52
17202	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	240.31
17203	Christ Peterson, Treasurer	290.11
17204	Ed. Evenson, Treasurer	3007.03
17260	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	219.12
17255	State of Minnesota	20.00
	Total	[illegible]

FINANCIAL VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY, DECEMBER 31ST, 1909.

TAXES FOR 1908 AND PRIOR YEARS.

County Funds	$ 32204.83	
[illegible] for 1909	33702.65	
Cash in County Treasury	10624.27	
Total		$ 76531.75

LIABILITIES.

Warrants outstanding, County Fund	$ 9716.52	
Excess of Assets over Liabilities	66815.23	
Total		$ 76531.75

ASSESSED VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY FOR 1909.

Real Estate	$3122124.00	
Personal Property, less exemptions	622475.00	
Total		$3744599.00

INVENTORY OF COUNTY PROPERTY.

Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Block 1 of Langevin's Subdivision of [illegible] in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls Minn. (Court House Site and includes Jail Building)	$ 8000.00	
[illegible] Residence, located on above property	2000.00	
Personal Property, includes furniture and fixtures	4000.00	
Total		$ 14000.00

BONDED DEBT OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

[illegible] Jail Bonds	$ 3000.00	
[illegible] Funding Bonds	20000.00	
[illegible] Funding Bonds	14000.00	
[illegible] Refunding Bonds	10000.00	
Polk County Bonds	9339.13	
Total		$ 56339.13

RED LAKE COUNTY DRAINAGE BONDS.

Total issue outstanding	$153400.00

The foregoing statement prepared by the County Auditor is approved by the Board and respectfully submitted to the tax payers of Red Lake County, [illegible]

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 5th day of January, A. D. 1910.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
ED. A. AUBOL,
JOSEPH JOHNSON,
JOSEPH PIGEON,
Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Attest:

A. A. Latendresse

County Auditor.

VALERIA AND THE SPICE MAN.

The Romance That Was Woven Into a Rag Carpet.

By CLARISSA MACKIE.

[Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.]

When Valeria Bird was thirty-five years old she emptied all her closets and wardrobes and spread the contents about her room—over the chairs and on the bed or wherever space afforded.

Like all the Birds, Valeria was fond of dress, and "the summer I had the pink organdie," "the winter I wore the green cloak" and other instances were fixed dates in Valeria's memory. Valeria's clothes formed the calendar of her years.

"It's all they're good for," she said decisively. "I'll cut them into carpet rags and make me a handsome carpet. There won't be another like it in Littleville."

And there wasn't another one that compared with Valeria Bird's rag carpet when it was woven and in place on the sitting room floor. Out in the woodshed was an old loom—Uncle Joshua Bird had been a famous weaver in his day—and Valeria had learned how to operate it in the face of Aunt Susanna's strong disapproval.

"You'll spread your feet all out of shape working that treadle. Your Uncle Joshua had flat foot to the end of his days from that old loom! You better take it over to the blind weaver. He can do it first rate so long as it's hit or miss"—

"'Tisn't going to be hit or miss," said Valeria stubbornly. "No one could make it this way but me."

When it was completed and the breadths sewed together it made a large carpet, for Valeria had had many garments. Aunt Susanna peered curiously at the intricate pattern.

"I never see a rag carpet like that. What's that little white square in the middle breadth, and how did you fix it so's all those different colored stripes would make squares outside each other? And the outside border is black! That's real tasty!"

"HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?" SHE ASKED SHARPLY.

Valeria smiled proudly. "The white square in the middle is made out of my little frocks, and each stripe outside of it is a year of clothes."

"And every year the stripes are wider, showing how extravagant you are getting. But don't tell Tom, Dick and Harry all about those stripes, because any fool could figure out how old you be." Aunt Susanna's voice dropped to a secretive hiss.

"Humph! I don't care who knows how old I am," replied Valeria contemptuously.

Mrs. Bird pursed her lips mysteriously. "There ain't a soul in Littleville that knows how old I be," she muttered. "If you want to be stamped as an old maid, Valery, just run around and tell how old you be."

"I want to be an old maid," said Valeria calmly as she placed the walnut center table exactly over the white square in the new carpet. "I'd rather be Valeria Bird and die unmarried than to change my name to any other. Think I'd change my name to Jones or Gibble or Riddle or Smith? Humph!"

Just as Valeria Bird sniffed contemptuously some one rapped smartly at the side door, and Aunt Susanna creaked across the floor to admit a tall, broad shouldered man with thick hair plentifully sprinkled with gray. He was indeed very handsome, and perhaps his good looks found expression in his kindly eyes and firm mouth as well as in the physical beauty of these features. He removed his hat with a friendly smile at Aunt Susanna.

"I'm selling spices, ma'am. Perhaps you would like to give me an order. I bought out William Riddle's business, and I've got a perfectly fresh stock."

"Come right in," said Mrs. Bird cordially. "I've got to go down to the missionary society, but Valery will give you an order. She had it all made out for Billy Riddle. Where's Billy gone?"

"Billy got the gold fever. He's gone out to the Klondike," replied the spice man, wiping his feet carefully on the doormat and then tiptoeing across Valeria's new carpet to a vacant chair. His eyes followed Valeria's disapproving glance to the door, where his shoes had left dusty footprints on three years of her life. "I'm very sorry," he said calmly, taking an order book out of one pocket and a fountain pen from another. He looked expectantly at Valeria, and his eyes lingered on her soft masses of brown hair and her tender blue eyes.

The tender blue eyes changed to steel gray when they encountered the gaze of the spice man, and a flood of color invaded the cool cheeks to her little ears. Valeria Bird had met that same glance in the eyes of many men, but never before had she lost her composure.

Overhead Aunt Susanna's heavy bulk shook the ceiling as she hurried to and fro in her preparation for the missionary society. Outside in the grapevines late robins were feasting on the luscious clusters, and their sweet songs were reminiscent of earlier springs when Valeria had worn pale blue gowns and held her proud little head aloof from all suitors, reserving herself for some ideal being, one who was handsome and gifted and whose name might be "Montfort." "Valeria Montfort" sounded even a little better than Valeria Bird.

"I want some cinnamon and mace," she said at last, "and a bottle of vanilla and some nutmegs."

The spice man closed his book and arose to go. "Thank you, ma'am," he said, with hat in hand. "I'll deliver the goods day after tomorrow. Good afternoon."

"Wait a minute and I'll pay you," said Valeria, leaving the room.

When she returned the spice man was crawling about the floor on his hands and knees, examining the stripes with strange intentness.

"Have you lost something?" she asked.

He scrambled to his feet, looking very much ashamed of himself.

Valeria watched him climb into the shining wagon at the gate, and when it had disappeared in a cloud of dust she turned and looked at the carpet. For what had the spice man been seeking? Save for additional traces of sand on the carpet she could see nothing. Her housewifely soul declaimed against the untidy floor, but she did not brush the sand away.

At ten time Aunt Susanna rustled home from her society meeting. She untied her bonnet strings with impatient fingers as Valeria brought in the teapot.

"I heard all about the new spice man, Valeria," she said breezily. "He's from Comcomupus way, and he's a distant relation of yours too. His mother was own cousin to your mother. He ain't never married. He's always lived on the home place and farmed it till last year his mother died, and he's been looking to buy a good business. He"—

"What is his name?" asked Valeria, quietly sipping her tea.

Mrs. Bird hesitated with spoon poised above the sugar basin. Her little dark eyes fell before Valeria's inquiring gaze.

"John Smith—John James Smith—and it's a very good name, too," said Aunt Susanna defiantly.

Valeria said nothing.

The next time the spice man called Valeria was alone. When he had set the small packages on the table he said:

"I guess you think I ought to explain what I was looking for that day when you found me on the floor. I was wondering if there was a stripe of pink that had some cloth in it—pink with little white stars on it." He paused and flushed slightly.

Valeria nodded. "There is a piece like that. I used to have a dress like that when I was fourteen years old. All this carpet is made out of my clothes."

Mr. Smith's face was eager and glowing now. "I met you once years ago You was wearing it. I never forgot your face. I was driving a young colt, and you was scared when the colt shied, and you run to the side of the road and dropped a basket of eggs, and"—

"And you got down and picked up the whole eggs and gave me 50 cents I've got the 50 cents now," exclaimed Valeria animatedly. Like an instantaneous photograph she saw the tall, handsome young man who had come to her assistance that long ago day, whose appearance had taken her girlish fancy and had forever after remained her ideal. And in her dreams she had named him "Montfort."

"Why did you keep the 50 cents, Miss Valeria?" asked the spice man curiously.

"I thought your name was Montfort," said Valeria impulsively.

He laughed heartily. "It's just plain John James Smith," he said, with a certain sturdy pride in his tone. "Now, I wonder if you wouldn't just give me a little piece of that pink calico. I want it for something," he added slowly.

Valeria flushed and then knelt down on the floor and sought the pink stripe with the white stars. Recklessly she pulled it out, and the spice man's pocket knife severed a generous sample, which he stowed carefully away in his pocket.

"Shall I come every week?" he asked, pausing in the doorway.

"Yes, do," said Valeria, with a flush.

When Aunt Susanna came home Valeria was sitting with idle hands beside the window.

"For the land's sake! Somebody has tracked fresh mud all over your floor, Valery. This carpet won't last no while if you ain't more careful."

Valeria Bird looked down at the thin pink stripe at her feet. "I don't care," she said, with a dreamy smile.

"For the land"— began Aunt Susanna again; then she looked at Valeria and did not finish the sentence.

Friendship.

They seem to take away the sun from the world who withdraw friendship from life, for we have nothing better from the immortal gods, nothing more delightful.—Cicero.

Not a Suffragist Yet.

During a presidential campaign the question of woman suffrage was much discussed among women pro and con, and at an afternoon tea the conversation turned that way among the women guests.

"Are you a woman suffragist?" asked the one who was most interested.

"Indeed, I am not," replied the other most emphatically.

"Oh, that's too bad! But, just supposing you were, whom would you support in the present campaign?"

"The same man I've always supported, of course," was the apt reply—"my husband."—Ladies' Home Journal.

His Son Andy.

Dr. Andrew J. McCosh was in his college days a famous athlete. He could run faster, kick a football farther and jump higher than any man in Princeton. Publicly his father, President McCosh, took no notice of Andy's achievements. That he privately rejoiced in his son's prowess the students learned in this way:

Jimmy, as the president was familiarly called, though exceedingly courteous, was given to fits of abstraction in which he entirely forgot his surroundings.

Once at a reception in his home, apparently forgetful of all the world, he was pacing up and down the room with head bent and hands interlocked behind his back. Suddenly he walked up before a young lady and asked:

"How tall are ye?"

In an embarrassed way she replied, "Why, doctor, I'm—I'm five feet two inches."

"Me son Andy could jump over yer head," said the doctor and immediately resumed his walk.

At the Club.

Mrs. Bloodgood—I thought her quotation was apropos, didn't you? Mrs. Newritch—Dear me! I always supposed his name was Edgar Allan.—Exchange.

A judicious silence is always better than truth spoken without charity.—De Sales.

A GREAT SINNER.

Even the Good Deacon Weakened on His Chances For Heaven.

Deacon Broadbent, a very honest and pious man, was conducting a religious revival with great success. In a word, his powerful exhortations had brought Calhoun White, the town's worst sinner, weeping to the mourner's bench. The deacon, gratified by this proof of his evangelical prowess, hastened to Calhoun's side.

"Deacon," sobbed Calhoun, "'tain't no use in mah comin' up. I's sinned away de day o' grace."

"No, yo' hain't, Brudder Cal," said the deacon. "All yo' got to do is to gib up sin an' all will be forgibhen."

"I's done gib it up, deacon, but dar hain't no salvation fo' me."

"Yes, dey is, hon. Dey hain't no sin so black but it kin be washed whiter 'n de snow."

"But I done stole fo' young turkeys last week," said the penitent.

"Dat's all forgibhen, Cal."

"An' free de week befo'."

"Dat's forgibhen too."

"An' six fat geese"—

The deacon suddenly frowned and stiffened, while the penitent sinner continued:

—"six fat geese outer yore own yard, deacon—dem fat geese wot you' 'lowed to set so much store by."

"Wot's dat yo' say?" the deacon hissed furiously.

"It wuz me wot stole yo' fat geese, sah."

The deacon rose.

"I reckon, Calhoun," he said slowly, "I reckon I's spoken too hasty. Dis case o' yourn needs advisement. I ain't sho' dat we's justified in cinterin' up de kingdom o' heben wid chicken thieves."

Didn't Mean That.

"These," said the lecturer, indicating them with his pointer, "are the marble bath houses. Thousands of people congregate here during the summer season. Over here on the left is the hotel at which I stopped, and an exceedingly homelike place it is. I shall give you a nearer view of it presently. Although I was there a week or two and would gladly have remained longer if I could have spared the time, I did not take any baths for the reason"—

[Loud and prolonged laughter.]

"I meant, ladies and gentlemen," he resumed after the merriment had subsided, "that I didn't take any baths down at the beach. This audience is altogether too smart."—Baltimore American.

"Do you want to see me again, doctor?"

"I don't want to, but it's business."

Garden Hose.

—Harper's Weekly.

A Safe Method.

Stout—How did Fox get the reputation of being such a profound thinker?

Slim—By talking on subjects that nobody understands and thereby avoiding the chance of having his arguments definitely refuted.

In Boyland.

"Was Jimmie's home run a real long one?"

"Gee, I should say! It must 'a' went a hundred feet!"—Kansas City Times.

His Plea.

"And now, friends, let us pray for those who are dwelling on the uninhabited portions of the earth."

CASTORIA

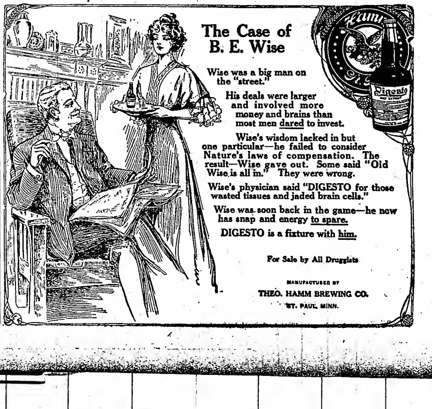
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



The Case of B. E. Wise

Wise was a big man on the "street."

His deals were larger and involved more money and brains than most men dared to invest.

Wise's wisdom lacked in but one particular—he failed to consider Nature's laws of compensation. The result—Wise gave out. Some said "Old Wise is all in." They were wrong.

Wise's physician said "DIGESTO for those wasted tissues and jaded brain cells."

Wise was soon back in the game—he now has snap and energy to spare.

DIGESTO is a fixture with him.

For Sale by All Druggists

MANUFACTURED BY
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

EASTER CANDIES,
POST CARDS, EGG DYES

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Helm has an interesting ad on the first page.

For sale 100 bushels of corn.—Swan Akenson.

Few more Acme harrows left.—S. A. Swanson.

Seed wheat and oats for sale.—Chas. N. Bourdon.

Mrs. J. A. Nicholson is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Norman Schreiter spent a part of the week at Duluth.

Another car load of machinery at Findeisen's this week. Read the ad.

Mrs. Jos. Silley spent Sunday with relatives at Thief River Falls.

Just arrived large shipment of men's spring clothing.—M. Skala.

For Sale Incubator and brooder, good condition.—Mrs. V. H. Dett[illegible] A11

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter spent Sunday with friends at Thief River Falls.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, April 7.

E. A. Columbus has gone to St. Paul to attend the conservation congress.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton was at Thief River Falls between trains yesterday.

Wilfred Morrisette of Plummer spent Sunday with friends in Red Lake Falls.

Sheriff and Mrs. L. A. Nelson spent Sunday with friends at Thief River Falls.

Miss Maud Findeisen entertained the F. and F. Bs. at her home Tuesday evening.

Miss Alice Zaiser entertained the members of the S. G. G. C. last Friday evening.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson was Thief River Monday attending to some official business.

Auditor A. A. Lattendresse is in attendance at the conservation congress at St. Paul.

The county commissioners will be in session tomorrow to consider some ditch petitions.

Have you bought your Easter suit? Before you buy call and look over my line.—M. Skala.

Jos. Helm, jr., who had been in the twin cities for a number of weeks returned last Friday.

Matt Skala left last evening for tho twin cities and will attend the conservation meeting at St. Paul.

J. D. Houston has been in tho cities this week and in attendance at the conservatiou congress.

You can get anything you want in the line of drills, new or second hand, at William Findeisen's.

Dr. Fletcher, the dentist, will ho at Dr. Wilkinson's officc Monday and Tuesday, March 28 and 29.

Miss Lillie Zaiser, who has been at homo for tho past two months, returned to Faribault Monday.

Do not forget the Sight Draft Kentucky Drill at William Findeisen's. Get one before they are all gone.

Herbert Findeisen returned last week from the twin cities where he had been for a number of weeks.

There is improvement in the condition of Len Glass who has been quite seriously ill for several days.

Mrs. E. F. Marshall went to Thief River Falls today and will visit with friends there today and tomorrow.

M. O. Sortedahl went to St. Paul Tuesday evening to be in attendance at tho conservation congress.

We share in the prosperity of tho community. Our footings today are $276,754 60.—Merchants State Bank.

P. B. Gaass went to the twin cities Tuesday evening and is in attendance at the conservation congress.

The Woodmen are making elaborate preparations for a dance to bo given at their hall Monday evening, March 28.

Jos. Laurent, recently of Terrebonne but now a resident of Crookston, visited with relatives in town this week.

Jack Legacy, a former resident of Red Lake Falls, now living at Alberta, is visiting with friends here this week.

How about your Spring Implements? Get them at William Findeisen's, who carries the best line in everything.

We have just received a big line of ladies' spring suits. Come in and see the new styles and colors.—The Big Store.

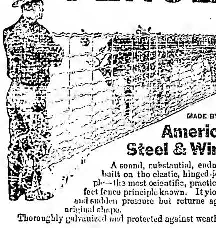
Chas. Glass of Le Sueur is in town this week for a visit with his sistors, Mrs. J. C. Wilkinson and Mrs. P. B. Gaass, and his brother, Len Glass, of Dugdale, who is quite seriously ill and is being cared for at the home of Dr. Wilkinson.

EASTER AT FREUND'S.....

All kinds of Easter Novelties, Fruits, Confectionery, Postals, etc., are now on display at our store. Call and see our big line.

Freund's Store, - Phone 44

AMERICAN FENCE



MADE BY
American Steel & Wire Co.

A sound, substantial, enduring fence, built on the elastic, hinged-joint principle—the most scientific, practical and perfect fence principle known. It yields to great and sudden pressure but returns again to the original shape. Thoroughly galvanized and protected against weather.

FOR SALE BY
HUNT HARDWARE CO.
ESTABLISHED IN 1872
FOR 33 YEARS THE HOME OF RELIABLE GOODS.

Will Durant came up from his home in Anoka last Friday and is visiting with his uncle, Simon Paul, and family.

Herbert Findeisen is driving a fine new Buick automobile. The Buick will be sold at the Findeisen warehouse the coming season.

Every man and woman who pays bills should do so with checks on tho Merchants State Bank. It is an insurance against overpayment.

The Wear-Better boy's clothing combination suits, one coat, two pr. knickerbocker pants. Every suit guaranteed. Sizes 6 to 16.—M. Skala.

If you want to sell your land call and see us, or write us. Have one customer alone who wants land for a colony of 30 farmers.—Sortedahl Land Co.

There is to be a big movement in farm lands this season. Scarcely a day passes that there are not some land seekers in town and much land is being sold.

Geo. F. Hennings left Tuesday evening on a business trip to Duluth and went from that city to St. Paul to be in attendance at the conservation congress.

Henry and Jos. Skala returned yesterday from a visit to towns on the iron range. They spent two weeks with relatives at Ely, Coleraine and Hibbing.

Is not 20c for a talk to Bemidji reasonable? Low rates and good service to other points over the lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company.

You will always receive courteous treatment from the First State Bank. They are interested in your business. Drop in and talk it over.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Julius Pleth, the Plummer real estate dealer, and Jack Pahlen of the First State Bank of Plummer, were attending to business matters in the county capital Tuesday.

Had a cow that was milking impure milk, lots of blood mixed in. Fed Bjorgo's Condition Powder and got fine milk.—A. O. Hedman. For sale at Schreiter's Pharmacy.

What is the use of wasting time and money when for a few cents you can talk directly to your friend or customer over the lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company.

Mrs. John Snyder of Faribault, sister-in-law of Mrs. Otto Zaiser, died Monday. Mrs. Snyder had visited in Red Lake Falls and her friends here will be sorry to hear of her death.

Our Terrebonne correspondence records many events that would gladden the heart of one T. Roosevelt did he know how literally the Terrebonne people are carrying out the "Roosevelt policies."

Flax seed for sale—First quality, grown on ground in clover six years and free of foul weeds. If spoken for soon, $2.25 per bushel will buy this good yielding flax.—Walter Columbus, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M25

Mr. and Mrs Ed. Enright left last evening for St. Paul. Mr. Enright will attend the conservation congress and then he and Mrs. Enright will go to Red Wing, to Hastings and to Stillwater to visit with relatives.

C.A. Lindquist, Chas. Johnson, Ed. Crown and Leon Huot, representatives from Bray and Polk Centre to the conservation convention, were in town Tuesday. They left on tho evening train for St. Paul to be in attendance at the convention.

V. M. Higimbotham went to St. Paul Monday and is in attendance at the conservation congress. Mr. Higinbotham went early in the week that he might arrange Red Lake county's exhibit in the auditorium before tho opening of the congress.

We want every man that shaves to call in and ask to see the $2 razor and genuine horse hide strop that we offer at $1.15 this week, complete. Fully warranted, too.—Mittwer's Hardware, tho store of service and quality. We always give you the most and best for your money.

I beg to announce that I have secured the exclusive agency for the well known and popular fancy goods of the Schwartz Importing Company, the quality kind at reasonable prices. Drop me a card and samples will be submitted for inspection at your leisure.—Miss Carter.

Clem Brunelle and his mother, Mrs. Geo. Brunelle, went to Blackduck Friday to attend the funeral of Annotta Bray, tho eleven year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Bray. Mr. and Mrs. Bray are former residents of Red Lake Falls and their friends here will be sorry to learn of their bereavement. Mr. Brunelle returned Monday, but Mrs. Brunelle will remain at Blackduck for a time.

The past success of tho First State Bank is a guarantee for its future. Their equipment is thorough and efficient. Consult its patrons; they will advise you.

You will want a new stove this spring, won't you? We have the finest line of malleable and cast ranges in the city. Don't fail to see them when ready to buy. The best to be had and the prices are right.—Mittwer's Hardware, the store that gives you the most for your money.

The fire losses in Minnesota for January were $190,000, as compared with $660,000 in 1909. The losses in tho United States amounted to $12,965,000, as compared with $18,686,000 in January 1909. Losses in January were much lower throughout the country than last year, in fact the lowest since 1903.

Mrs. J. A. Duffy went to Crookston Saturday evening and upon her return Monday was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Clarice, who has been at St. Vincent hospital since undergoing an operation for appendicitis about two weeks ago. The patient is getting along nicely and will soon be in robust health.

Rev. J. P. Davis, who occupied the pulpit at the Presbytorian church the past three Sundays, left Monday evening for Austin, Minn., and will supply the Presbyterian church of that city. Mr. Davis is a fluent speaker and an affable gentleman and made many friends during his stay in Red Lake Falls.

Otto Zaiser, of Red Lake Falls, J. Herbert of Brooks, Gilbert Haavi of the town of North and county surveyor Martz returned Tuesday from the town of Star where they spent several days viewing some proposed ditches. The gentlemen seemed to agree on one point and that was the town's need of ditching.—Plummer Plummer.

Thomas Ulford, residing near Mentor, died Tuesday morning at the home of his son, J. E. Ulford, with whom he had resided for the past six years. Deceased was eighty years of age and the only living member of his family is the son with whom he resided. The funeral was held today at the Catholic church at Terrebonne.

While at Brooks on Tuesday of last week Frank E. Hunt was taken quite seriously ill and after his return to Red Lake Falls he was confined to his home until a day or two ago. He is now able to be around and is enjoying his usual health. Mr. Hunt says he denies the allegation and defies tho "alligator" who alligates that his becoming ill was due to the fact that Brooks went dry that day.

M. O. Sortedahl last week sold the Herman Leader farm, north of town to C. Waters of Traverse county. Mr. Waters has been running a big stock farm in Traverse county and recently sold his property there and will come to Red Lake county to reside next fall. Though he leaves a good country, Mr. Leader is satisfied that he has made a wise move, especially considering the difference in land valuations.

Alabastine on your walls will look better than wall paper. If you are going to decorate your house this spring, come in and let us show you the best to be had for the purpose. You can put it over the old wall paper in a very satisfactory way. We know it is better and cheaper and want you to use it. All colors. Its not kalsomine.—Mittwer's Hardware, the store of service and quality. See the display in our windows. It tells the story.

Daniel Shaw, former county commissioner, was down from Thief River Falls Tuesday and Wednesday. Mr. Shaw had business at the court house and was inconvenienced because the court house is scattered all over town. This was the cause of much embarrassment to Mr. Shaw's many friends, for he has many friends here, and they wish to assure him that the county's untidy housekeeping is due to spring housecleaning and that upon the occasion of his next visit he will be entertained in a more royal manner in the new home on court house hill.

Phil A. Kaufer and Mrs. Emma Krast, who were called to Red Lake Falls because of the death of their father, the late H. B. Kaufer, left for their homes Monday. Mr. Kaufer resides at Tacoma, Wash., and Mrs. Krast at Hammond, Ind. All of the children of the deceased were at the Red Lake Falls home, though owing to the many railroad wrecks in the mountains, Mr. Kaufer did not reach here on the day of the funeral and for that reason interment did not take place until the following day, Sunday, March 6. Deceased was a pioneer of Red Lake Falls and president of the first village council and as a mark of respect to his memory the business houses of the city were closed during the hour of the funeral.

JUST ARRIVED!!

A Carload of Spring Implements

Light draft Kentucky Drills and Single Disk Tiger Drills

A Big Complete Line of Drags, both Steel and Wood

Acme Harrows, the only "Perfect Pulverizer."

Hero Fanning Mills and Hero Smut Machines

John Deere Plows of all descriptions

Wm. Findeisen

John Brekke and B.C. Haga of Plummer were attending to business matters in town today.

After it is all over the average man wastes a lot of time telling what he would do if he had another chance.

How absurd it is that the young man in love with a pretty girl never thinks to investigate her cooking until it is too late.

She Accepted.

Marion—I accepted nearly a hundred proposals at the seashore last summer.
Myrtle—Pshaw! You are joking.
Marion—No, I'm not. Every time a young man proposed soda or ice cream I accepted.

An Expensive Luxury.

Loraine—Can you break a bill?
Louisa—I can break anybody. His name doesn't necessarily have to be William.

A Case of Realizing.

Harold—Say, old boy, do you realize you owe me $3.25?
Reginald—Yaas, I wealize, but can you?

He Stopped It

By CHAUNCEY WARDWELL

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The king of Prussia—the great King Frederick—was one day walking in his garden with his hands clasped behind him when he heard an "Ahem!" spoken in a soft voice.

Looking up, he saw just above the wall a face. It was a young, round, rosy face incased in curly chestnut locks and visible from chin to crown. But below the chin was only a stone wall. The body was invisible.

"Pardon me, your majesty," said a girl's voice. "I have something to ask your majesty, and if I had taken the proper steps it would be too late to serve the purpose."

"What is it, child?" asked the king.

"I have heard that your majesty is greatly opposed to the practice of dueling, so much in vogue just now."

"Surely you do not wish permission to kill any one."

"Oh, no, your majesty! I wish you to stop a duel."

"Between whom?"

"Captain Fritz Guenther and Lieutenant Carl Hoffman."

"What interest have you in these men?"

"No interest whatever in Captain Guenther. He is a professed duelist. He picked a quarrel with Carl on my account. Guenther is a fine swordsman and would doubtless kill Carl."

"H'm!" grunted the king, noticing a tremor in the girl's voice. "This Hoffman is doubtless either your brother or your lover."

"He is not my brother," said the girl, blushing.

"I see. Well, I shall send word to them both that they cannot fight without my permission."

The girl's head disappeared, and the king went into the palace. There he directed that a royal order be sent to the duelists that they should not fight without his permission, for which they must apply in person.

That evening it was announced to the king that Captain Guenther and Lieutenant Hoffman asked for an audience. The king directed that they be admitted.

"Well, young men," he said when they came before him, "what can I do for you?"

"Please, your majesty," said Captain Guenther, "we wish to fight a duel."

"And do you join in the application?" asked the king of Hoffman.

"I do, sire."

"Very well. The application is granted on two conditions—I must choose the ground and be present at the encounter."

"So high an honor I surely did not expect," said Captain Guenther, much elated.

"Nor I," said Lieutenant Hoffman.

"Will your majesty graciously appoint the hour of meeting?" asked the captain.

"Ten o'clock tomorrow morning," replied the king.

"And the place?" asked the lieutenant.

"In the square directly in the rear of the palace."

The duelists thought such a place very public, especially at an hour when many people would be passing, but neither dared object. So they went away, Captain Guenther delighted that he was to fight in the presence of his king and Lieutenant Hoffman quite sure that his opponent would take all the more pleasure at killing him in the presence of so august a witness.

The next morning the regiment, acting as the king's bodyguard, surrounded the open square in the rear of the palace, where the meeting was to take place. A few minutes before 10 o'clock two carriages drove up to the square, each containing one of the principals and his seconds. An officer informed them that they could not enter the square until after the arrival of the king, so they waited in the carriages. Presently the king, who had been inspecting since early morning, rode up to the square on horseback. The troops made an opening for him, and, returning their salute, he rode on to the dueling ground.

When a few minutes later the duelists were admitted the first thing that attracted their attention was a gallows in the center of the square, behind which sat their sovereign on his horse. They were puzzled. When they came near to the king both uncovered, and Guenther asked:

"May it please your majesty to tell us what this means?"

"It means," said the king grimly, "that the man who survives will be hanged as high as Haman on that gibbet."

It was not only evident that the king was not favorably disposed toward dueling, but that he would keep his word in the present instance. The two officers retired and spoke to their seconds while the king waited. Immediately the seconds went to his majesty and informed him that the two officers would not think of doing that which their sovereign disapproved. Then the king rode away.

Frederick directed that the name and residence of the girl who had spoken to him over his wall he learned and sent her a letter thanking her for giving him an opportunity to read a lesson to his army. She was soon after married to Lieutenant Hoffman, and the king not only sent her a substantial wedding present, but attended the wedding in person.

After that dueling in Frederick's dominions was rarely practiced and then only with the utmost secrecy.

One Up and Two to Go!

—Golf Illustrated.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 188[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MARCH 24, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 26

MUCH TALKED ABOUT INVESTIGATION IS ON

Officials are Examining County Records and Wittnesses Today

Investigation Has Aroused Little Interest and Few Attend Hearing.

The investigation of charges against Auditor A. A. Latendresse and P. A. Lindquist, chairman of the county board, was conducted at the court house yesterday and today. The investigation started at 11 o'clock yesterday. Peter Matson of Ada, judge of probate of Norman county, is officiating as referee. The attorney general's office was represented by Lyndon A. Smith of Montevideo, assistant attorney general and former lieutenant governor. The accused officials were represented by Chas. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady of this city. W. O. Braggans of Warren, the court reporter, took the testimony in shorthand.

The principal witness was Col. [illegible], deputy public examiner, who made an examination of the county's records last October.

The investigation was a very informal affair, the attorney for the state and the attorneys for the officials having expressed the desire that the matter in the county's records and the testimony having any bearing on the charges be made a part of the evidence to go to the governor.

Nothing has developed that would seem to be any grounds for the removal of either of the officials. The proceedings were almost void of interest and few people attended, even the Thief River people who brought the charges were not represented at the hearing.

It is [illegible] that the charges are [illegible] and were brought [illegible] and may move in the light [illegible] decision.

The investigation closed this afternoon [illegible] at the hour of going to press. The testimony is simply a [illegible] of what has been published many times.

DAN CAMPBELL SHOT

Mixed it With a Bartender at Blackduck.

Dan Campbell, well known here, got a bullet in his arm last week. It is reported that Campbell got in a mix-up with a bartender in a Blackduck saloon and the barkeep used a gun. The bullet struck Campbell in the shoulder and came out near the elbow. The wound is not a dangerous one.

MRS. J. A. NICHOLSON.

Passed Away Friday Morning After Brief Illness.

Mrs. Nicholson, wife of J. A. Nicholson, passed away at her home in this city last Friday morning at 3:30 o'clock after an illness of less than one week from pneumonia.

The death of Mrs. Nicholson seems most untimely for she was only forty-one years of age and she has left a home in which there are five young children. Mrs. Nicholson, whose maiden name was Clarissa Manson, was born in Renfrew, Ontario, May 26, 1868. In 1892 she came west with her sister and they resided in Grand Forks in which city she and Mr. Nicholson were married in 1895. The children who mourn the death of their mother are Alvin, Olive, Vera, Kenneth and Donald.

Funeral services were conducted at the Presbyterian church, of which Mrs. Nicholson had long been a member, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. There being no resident pastor, Rev. Akers of Crookston conducted the service. A large number of friends were present to pay a last tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased. The Royal Neighbors lodge, of which deceased was a member, attended in a body, and members of the order acted as honorary pall bearers.

It is indeed a sad affliction that has come to Mr. Nicholson and he has the sincere sympathy of the people of the community.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.04
Durum	.86
Rye	.61
Oats	.34
Flax	2.15
Barley	.46
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.18
Butter, dairy	.25

DISTRICT COURT WILL CONVENE

Regular March General Term to Begin Next Monday, March 28.

Light Calendar—No Grand Jury Drawn and Only One Criminal Case.

District court, Judge Wm. Watts presiding, will convene in Red Lake Falls next Monday, March 28, for the March general term. The calendar is a light one. There is only one criminal case and nothing for a grand jury to do so none was drawn. Following are the cases on the calendar:

George Pfoff vs. Edward G. Gareeau. Fred L. Farley; F. A. Grady and Chas. E. Boughton.

Ole C. Olson vs. J. W. McGinty et al. Wilhelm Michelet; Perl W. Mabey.

Louis Sieff vs. N. P. Ry. Chas. E. Boughton; C. W. Bunn and C. A. Hart.

Albert E. Denchfield vs. Soo Ry. Chas. E. Boughton; John L. Erdall, Julius Olson and Alfred Bright.

Martin V. Evenson vs. County Commissioners. G. Halvorson; Chas. E. Boughton.

Gabriel Hilleikson vs. T. M. Brevig. Fred L. Farley; F. A. Grady.

Theo. Gareeau, as trustee, vs. Red Lake county. Chas. E. Boughton; Wilhelm Michelet, county attorney.

Adeline Bray vs. Red Lake county. Chas. E. Boughton; Wilhelm Michelet, county attorney.

Josie Doe vs. Red Lake county. Chas. E. Boughton; Wilhelm Michelet, county attorney.

Duluth Brewing Co. vs. Red Lake county. Chas. E. Boughton; Wilhelm Michelet, county attorney.

Emil Sedlacek vs. Salve Omlid. E. M. Stanton; G. Halvorson.

City of Thief River Falls vs. Mrs. John Ritz. G. Halvorson and Wilhelm Michelet, county attorney; E. M. Stanton. Criminal case.

Louis Seiff vs. Sjur Stolaas. Chas. E. Boughton; F. A. Grady.

Kiewel Brewing company vs. John Rogers and Alex A. Sweaas. Martin O'Brien; Perl W. Mabey.

Zolia Daoust vs. Eugenie Bancharel, as executrix of the estate of Treffle Daoust. Attorneys: Chas. E. Boughton; F. A. Grady.

Ida Kennedy vs. Geo. W. Mason and Emma G. Mason et al. Chas. E. Boughton; Ira C. Richardson and A. A. Miller.

International Harvester Co. vs. Wm. Landmau et al. W. A. Marin; L. F. Gossman and J. H. Maybury.

Mary Findeisen vs. A. Allison and Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls as Garnishee. Fred L. Farley; Chas. E. Boughton.

D. P. O'Neil vs. Lumber Companies. G. Halvorson; A. Y. Merill and R. J. Powell.

H. K. Homme vs. Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls. E. O. Hagen; Chas E. Boughton.

James Enevoldson vs. J. B. Fournier. Chas. E. Boughton; F. A. Grady.

Mittun & Randklev vs. Dedrick Kvinlaug and others. W. E. Rowe; Chas. E. Boughton; F. A. Grady and John Vig.

G. A. Grussendorf vs. David Delonais, et al. F. A. Grady; Fred L. Farley.

Ole Ostrem vs. Louis Sieff and others. G. Halvorson; Chas. E. Boughton.

Hamm Brewing company vs. John Kotchaver. F. A. Grady; Chas. E. Boughton.

Alex A. Sweaas vs. Olaf Ramstad. Chas. E. Boughton and F. A. Grady; Charles Loring and Wilhelm Michelet.

Geo. E. Diebel vs. Diebel & Laing. E. M. Stanton; G. Halvorson.

J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co. vs. D. Linnehan and J. E. Gray. Sharp and Chopin; F. A. Grady and Chas. E. Boughton.

Stone-Ordean-Wells Co. vs. Theo. LaBissoniere. Courtney & Courtney; F. A. Grady.

HAS A FINE STOCK

Fournet Furniture Store is a Good Business Addition to the City.

J. F. Fournet has been busy this week arranging his stock of furniture in the Kaus block. It is a fine stock of goods and the new store will be a welcome business addition to the city. A fine line of furniture, carpets, rugs, etc. is on display in the store and the building is well filled. Mr. Fournet finds that the building will not hold all of his stock and he has decided to erect a warehouse at the rear of the store building.

Mr. Fournet has put in a finely selected stock and people contemplating the purchase of furniture will do well to inspect the goods at his store.

THE BAND WILL PLAY

Fine Concert Will be Given at Bijou Theatre Wednesday Evening.

The band boys will give another of their fine concerts at the Bijou theatre next Wednesday evening. Following is the program that Director Brunelle has arranged, though there may be some alterations:

Part I.

March, "Intermezzo," Mitchell
Overture, "Haut Monde" Vandercook
Waltz, "Kiss of Spring" Rolfe
Selection, "Forty-five Minutes from Broadway" Cohan
Intermezzo, "Dan Cupid" Bartley
March, "Our Director" Bigelow

Part II.

March, "Kaaba Temple" Weldon
Selection, "Robin Hood" Wiegand
Grand Fantasia, "Old Folks at Home" Dalbey.
Spanish Serenade, "La Paloma" Yradier
Symphony No. 2, Dalbey
March, "Officer of the Day" Hull

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

BIG CONGRESS IS A GREAT SUCCESS

Conservation Meeting at St Paul Awakens Statewide Interest in Important Subjects

Resolutions Adopted Deal With Many Very Important Matters.

Conservation has been adopted as a permanent policy for Minnesota's future—conservation in a definite, progressive sense—as a result of the first Minnesota Conservation and Agricultural Development congress, which was in session four days in the St. Paul Auditorium. The meeting set a standard for future legislation and state policy. It crystallized ideas for progress in many lines. It awakened interest anew in farm and industrial education. It pledged the state as a whole to a good roads campaign, to more liberal treatment of state lands and to rational apportionment of legislative districts.

This result was taken part in by 3,038 delegates who registered with the secretary and by several hundred more who overlooked that formality.

There were sixteen meetings in the Auditorium, each addressed by specialists and by big men with messages to give.

The delegates, who represented every county in the state, gave much attention to the exhibit features collected, which also had their educational value. They formed a permanent organization. County conservation clubs will be organized, with printed volumes of the congress proceedings to guide their work and a second state meeting will be held next winter in Minneapolis.

EBERHART WELL PLEASED.

Governor A. O. Eberhart, who issued the call for the congress and rapped for order on the opening day, is elated over the success of the gathering.

"This is only a starter," he said. "The various counties are to be organized for the movement, in county conservation clubs, by our vice-presidents and committeemen. Between now and next year the ideas given us by experts in each line will be absorbed and used by local organizations. The delegates to the next congress will come well informed and ready for another step in progress.

"It will be proper for the subjects passed upon at this congress to be called to the attention of the next legislature in the governor's message. The next congress will probably convene while the next legislature is meeting and can endorse the ideas still further. Recommendations coming from such a large body of representative citizens are bound to have great weight.

"I must emphasize that this is a non-partisan movement, with no clique of men using it to grind their axes. When it came to appointing delegates I used names given by the county auditors, who were asked to find two good men in each township who would be likely to attend. I also named delegates on recommendation of local commercial clubs. Politics did not enter into the meeting in any way and that is one reason there has been such a fine spirit of co-operation and unanimity. That is one thing we have been needing in Minnesota, to find ourselves and each other, and to work more in unison for results."

OPENED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Governor Eberhart called the first session of the congress to order and introduced Archbishop Ireland as the presiding officer. The archbishop's address was devoted largely to Minnesota's richness in natural resources and in a plea for their conservation. The balance of the first day's morning session was occupied in the appointment of committees and transaction of the business of organization.

The features of the afternoon session were addresses by Governor Eberhart, as president of the congress; Richard A. Ballinger, secretary of the Interior, and Professor Albert Woods, dean of the State Agricultural college. A special session on "Farm Conservation Problems," with Senator S. D Works presiding, was held at 4 in the afternoon and in the evening P. V Collins of Minneapolis presided, while the speakers were Mrs. Margaret J Blair, instructor in domestic science at the State Agricultural college; Max Toltz, consulting engineer of the Great Northern railroad, who told of the richness of Minnesota's peat deposits; Professor Frederick E. Clements of the state university and George Otis Smith, director of the United States geological survey. [illegible] Smith used a [illegible] dress to illustrate the "People's Part in Conservation."

BALLINGER'S ADDRESS.

Secretary of the Interior Ballinger's address was entitled "The Public Domain and the National Obligations Regarding Its Disposition." It was, in effect, a declaration of his ideas on conservation generally. While he did not mention Gifford Pinchot by name his frequent allusions to conservation doctrinaires" and their "nebulous theories" were not easily misunderstood. He admitted that "these people" are for the most part sincere, but thought their sincerity gave them a "vigor of imagination" that makes it hard to combat their vagaries except through practical demonstration.

Mr. Ballinger made the point that the responsibility for the conservation of natural resources rests chiefly upon the states themselves, though the general government has a great duty to perform by way of assistance in the work.

Mr. Ballinger drew applause on several occasions, as, when he said: "To put as many homes as possible into the hands of the people is the earnest desire and sole object of the administration."

A special session in the afternoon was devoted to live stock and dairy interests and was considered one of the most important sessions of the convention.

C. W. Clotfelter, a banker and cattleman of Waterville, gave many interesting and instructive pointers on the cattle and sheep industries.

HILL DRAWS BIG CROWD.

The second day of the congress was more largely attended than the first, while in the exhibit rooms scores of visitors inspected the displays. Not a small part of the crowd attended especially to hear James J. Hill, who has for years been preaching the doctrine of conservation, rotation of crops, scientific farming and economy in production and who has demonstrated the soundness of his theories by putting them into practical use at his farm.

President Howard Elliott of the Northern Pacific railroad was in the chair at the morning session and President Cyrus Northrop of the state university at the afternoon session. The general subject of the morning session was "The Agricultural Development of the State of Minnesota." Professor E. V. Robinson of the University of Minnesota was the first speaker on "Minnesota's Farm and Soil Resources," and Mr. Hill followed him on "Minnesota's Agricultural Opportunities." The closing address of the morning session was by Professor A. E. Chamberlain, superintendent of the Farmers' institute, Brookings, S. D., and Professor A. D. Wilson holding the same position in Minnesota, spoke for this side of the state line in the afternoon.

At a special session of the congress at 4 o'clock in the afternoon "The Live Stock and Dairy Interests of Minnesota" was the general topic of a number of papers by various authorities on the subject. The evening session was devoted to "State Advertising and Settlement of Farm Lands."

The committee on permanent organization made its report, recommending that the congress be made a permanent affair and the report was adopted, the present officers to retain their positions during the ensuing year.

POINTS MADE BY J. J. HILL.

In his address to the congress James J. Hill recalled the fact that four years ago, in a speech at the Minnesota state fair, he called attention to the waste of national resources, inviting national disaster, and he reiterated what he said at that time. He made these points:

"We are living in an age of worldwide financial delirium. Most nations have thrown away moderation in the spending of money.

"Our national debt now tends to rise, concealed under the polite fiction of certificates of indebtedness to cover treasury deficits.

"The total debts of the states, including minor civil divisions, increased between 1890 and 1902 $727,778,393, or 64 per cent.

"The net ordinary expenditures of the national government have increased since 1890 by $180,000,000 each nine years on the average, or $20,000,000 a year, until now they are 121 per cent more than they were eighteen years ago.

"The total expenditure of state governments was $77,105,911 in 1890 and $185,764,203 in 1902. The increase in these twelve years was 141 per cent."

The increase in the cost of living is charged by Mr. Hill to several causes, among them higher taxes, currency inflation, the tariff, combinations in restraint of trade, the decline in agricultural produce and a general tendency to extravagance and luxury. Continuing, Mr. Hill said:

"We must save the wealth of the country, its capital, its credit, from the predatory poor as well as the predatory rich, but, above all, from the predatory politicians.

"Expenditures must be cut down all along the line.

"Credit everywhere should be conserved by a sharp scrutiny of new bond issues.

"Stop grafting, the offspring of public extravagance and the parent of civic decay."

D. M. Neill, president of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs, delivered one of the best addresses of the congress. He spoke on "The Eve of a Statewide Development Movement." His message was one of promise and hope for Minnesota and her people.

Proceedings of the meetings held on the third and fourth days of the Congress will be published in the next issue of the Gazette. Before adjournment the Congress adopted the following resolutions:

Be it Resolved, That this congress recommend and respectfully urge that a reapportionment be made at the coming session of the legislature that shall give to all parts of the state equal representation both in the senate and the house, according to the population as shown by the United States census of 1910.

Whereas, The present great interest in Minnesota farm lands is largely due to the work of the Minnesota immigration board, and

Whereas, This board is at present the chief distribution agency for the dissemination of information about these lands,

Be it Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that the powers of this board be greatly enlarged and a sum of not less than $100,000 annually be placed at its disposal that may enable them to compete with private and other public distributing agencies in seeking for actual settlers to populate Minnesota's idle acres.

Resolved, That we recommend the legislature be most liberal in its appropriation for the department of agriculture of the University of Minnesota. That special aid and encouragement be given to extension work, plant breeding, soils, dairying and live stock investigation; and that the state should duplicate the financial support now extended by the federal government for this important work, and be it further

Resolved, That we commend the board of regents for their labors in the cause of agriculture in the past and urge upon them a continuance of the agricultural work so necessary for the development of this commonwealth.

HIGHER TAX FOR GOOD ROADS.

Resolved, That this congress recommends that a one-fourth mill tax be levied for good roads and bridges at the next session of the legislature as the constitution now provides and that constitutional provision be made for the levying hereafter of a one mill tax for the same purpose—the same to be expended under the direction of the highway commission.

Believing that one of the important factors of the agricultural development of our state is the proper education of our farm boys and girls for farm life, and believing also that the policy of the state should be to offer as much elementary education as possible to the farm boys and girls in their home schools; that fully appreciating the magnificent urban, graded and high schools which have been built up in the state of Minnesota under the direction and guidance of the high school board and by the liberal appropriations granted by the state legislature, and realizing that the proper education of our rural children is of as much importance to the

Continued on Page Five.

IT WAS A VERY SUCCESSFUL MEETING

About Two Hundred School Officers in the City Tuesday.

Fine Program for the Annual Meeting of School officers of County.

The annual meeting of the school officers of Red Lake county held at the high school building Tuesday was a very successful affair. About two hundred school officers were present at the meeting and they were enthusiastic in their praises of the excellent program arranged by Supt. H. F. Anderson.

S. M. Sivertson and Dr. N. M. Watson of the local board of education gave short addresses and spoke of the work in which country and city school officers are mutually interested and made some excellent suggestions for co-operation in educational work.

The advantages of industrial and agricultural education, which are to receive special attention in the public schools in the future, were thoroughly discussed. Mr. Frasier, assistant state superintendent, and George F. Howard, engaged in agricultural extension work at the State University and a pioneer in industrial and agricultural work, gave excellent addresses of practical value and containing many suggestions for better work.

The school officers present were very enthusiastic over the success of the meeting and a number of them took occasion to say to a Gazette representative that they were well repaid for attending the meeting.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAM.

For Rural Carriers to be Held Saturday Morning.

Civil service examination to be written by applicants for appointment as rural mail carriers will be held in Red Lake Falls Saturday morning, March 26. The examination will be held at the high school building and applicants should report at 9:30 o'clock. The examinations will commence at 10 o'clock.

Rudolph Holzman wore a straw hat Wednesday. And the next day it snowed.

TO THE FARMER

When you think of buying a piece of Machinery, Vehicle or any implement used on the farm, think of us and the large stock we carry. Yes, take down your large catalogue of Sears, Roebuck & Co., Galloway, M. & W., or others who picture out to you that they are worth millions of dollars, are your dear friends, etc., etc. But before you send in your orders and money, first see what you can do with the same amount of money at home. I buy goods in carload lots, take cash discounts, and every one in my office works and wears overalls. Now why can't I sell you good goods at reasonable prices? Come in and let us talk it over and see if we can make a deal. I don't like the signs "Closing Out Sale" or "Going Out of Business." Give us merchants a chance to live and we'll help you increase the value of your farm and build up a decent town. We have an ax to grind, that's true, but we give you good value for your money, we help you make roads, build schools and churches, and if anything goes wrong with the goods you buy, we are here to make it right. What does the catalogue house do for you? Think this over and when you need something, come in and try to buy it at home. There is time enough after you've seen the stock and got prices to send away if we can't satisfy you, but the small amount of profit you pay your home merchant will be a benefit to all. Give me a chance and I'll convince you that I am right.

JOSEPH HELM,
FARM MACHINERY RED LAKE FALLS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of Red Lake County, Minnesota, For the Year Ending December 31, 1909.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, January 4, 1910.

[illegible] of Red Lake County, Minn. [illegible] the Financial Statement [illegible] ending December 31st, 1909, A. D. [illegible] by the Treasurer [illegible] in his hands [illegible] part thereof is a [illegible] were [illegible] purpose of each expenditure.

A. A. Latendresse,

County Auditor.

GENERAL BALANCE

[illegible] of Red Lake County, Minn. Showing [illegible] on the 31st day of December, 1908.

	Debit	Credit
[illegible]	$42687.88	
[illegible]		3248.08
[illegible]		5767.90
[illegible]		722.57
[illegible]		553.14
[illegible]		147.18
[illegible]		1540.48
[illegible]		10102.27
[illegible]		306.93
[illegible]		8184.96
[illegible]		4805.94
[illegible]		61.70
[illegible]		72.00
[illegible]		462.74
[illegible]		1465.39
[illegible]		5796.30
[illegible]		136.33
[illegible]	786.02	
	$ 43483.90	$ 43483.90

[illegible] RED LAKE COUNTY

[illegible] December 31st, 1909

[illegible]	$ 42687.88
[illegible]	36629.54
[illegible]	21305.50
[illegible]	1900.80
[illegible]	1981.93
[illegible]	1276.39
[illegible]	12948.01
[illegible]	6228.46
[illegible]	18189.60
[illegible]	8181.90
[illegible]	132.20
[illegible]	1512.53
[illegible]	50.00
[illegible]	21.00
[illegible]	30.00
[illegible]	27.36
[illegible]	32.00
[illegible]	5000.00
[illegible]	29200.00
[illegible]	2425.00
[illegible]	4125.50
[illegible] County	141.41
[illegible]	7.75
[illegible] warrants	12.00
[illegible]	200.00
[illegible]	13327.57
	$203785.63

DISBURSEMENTS OF RED LAKE COUNTY

[illegible] day of December, 1909.

[illegible] Fund	$ 28687.68
[illegible] Fund	11372.85
[illegible]	7532.31
[illegible]	11303.07
[illegible] Fund	22653.68
[illegible]	157.94
[illegible]	66709.75
[illegible]	32833.63
[illegible] Fund	4022.70
[illegible]	634.98
[illegible]	347.07
[illegible] Interest Fund	1852.56
[illegible]	12641.06
[illegible]	204.30
[illegible]	89.00
[illegible]	3348.07
[illegible]	104320.64
[illegible]	147.30
[illegible] Fund	36.89
	$203785.63

GENERAL BALANCE

[illegible] of Red Lake County, Minn. Showing [illegible] 31st day of December, 1909.

	Debit	Credit
[illegible]	$104320.64	
[illegible]		13327.57
[illegible]		11131.09
[illegible]		8.09
[illegible]	$342.28	
[illegible]		147.25
[illegible]		1475.77
[illegible]		36124.27
[illegible]		1135.07
[illegible]		22573.57
[illegible]		13473.04
[illegible]		4.76
[illegible]		3034.95
[illegible]		1229.47
[illegible]		1880.40
[illegible]		6760.64
[illegible]		251.77
[illegible]		101.20
[illegible]		14.11
	$112673.02	$112673.02

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNDS

County Revenue Fund.

RECEIPTS.

[illegible]	$ 29152.18
[illegible]	1512.53
[illegible]	50.00
[illegible]	21.00
[illegible]	30.00
[illegible]	10.00
[illegible]	30.00
[illegible]	7.75
[illegible]	141.41
[illegible]	35000.00
[illegible]	8352.38
	$ 65207.26

DISBURSEMENTS.

[illegible]	$ 1440.86
[illegible]	28687.68
[illegible]	100.00
[illegible]	50.00
[illegible]	28.72
[illegible]	35000.00
Total	$ 65307.26

COUNTY OFFICERS SALARIES

COUNTY AUDITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14045	John B. O'Brien, salary	$ 100.00
14197	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
[illegible]	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
[illegible]	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
[illegible]	John B. O'Brien, salary	100.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
16751	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse, salary	100.00
Total		$ 1200.00

COUNTY TREASURER

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14044	[illegible] Tandberg, salary	$ 100.00
14196	[illegible] Tandberg, salary	100.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Tandberg, salary	100.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Tandberg, salary	100.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Tandberg, salary	100.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	100.00
[illegible]	H. E. Ives, salary	40.00
[illegible]	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
[illegible]	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
[illegible]	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
[illegible]	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
[illegible]	H. E. Ives, salary	100.00
Total		$ 1140.00

COUNTY ATTORNEY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14042	Thos. Germo, salary	$ 100.00
14065	Thos Germo, salary	16.18
14193	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	83.82
14260	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14548	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14751	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
14902	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16162	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16382	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16588	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16759	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
16848	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
17053	Wilhelm Michelet, salary	100.00
Total		$1200.00

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14043	H. T. McAnulty, salary	$ 108.33
14062	H. T. McAnulty, salary	17.40
14194	H. F. Anderson, salary	81.72
14261	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14549	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14752	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
14903	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16163	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16383	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16589	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16760	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
16849	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
17054	H. F. Anderson, salary	100.00
Total		$ 1209.45

JUDGE OF PROBATE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14044	N. W. Tarrant, salary	$ 97.92
14063	N. W. Tarrant, salary	15.75
14195	S. A. Swanson, salary	82.17
14262	S. A. Swanson, salary	97.92
14550	S. A. Swanson, salary	97.92
14753	S. A. Swanson, salary	97.92
14904	S. A. Swanson, salary	117.40
16165	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
16384	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
16591	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
16762	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
16851	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
17056	S. A. Swanson, salary	112.50
Total		$ 1282.00

DEPUTY COUNTY AUDITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14046	A. A. Latendresse, salary	$ 70.00
14197	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14264	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14552	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14755	A. A. Latendresse, salary	75.00
14906	Joseph Perrault, salary	37.50
16167	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
14900	A. A. Latendresse, salary	37.50
16387	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16593	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16764	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
16853	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
17058	Joseph Perrault, salary	75.00
Total		$ 895.00

CLERK HIRE IN COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14075	Joseph Perrault	$ 36.00
14051	Amelia Berget	3.00
14087	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14177	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14190	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14219	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14234	Joseph Perrault	15.00
14244	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14255	Joseph Perrault	15.00
14256	Amelia Berget	3.00
14376	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14391	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14409	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14480	Joseph Perrault	15.00
14587	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14622	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14625	Amelia Berget	3.00
14646	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14764	Joseph Perrault	26.00
14783	Joseph Perrault	18.00
14784	Amelia Berget	3.00
14915	Joseph Perrault	18.00
16079	S. L. Lewis	15.00
16115	Amelia Berget	3.00
16156	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16197	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16271	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16284	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16303	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16379	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16508	S. L. Lewis	36.00
16530	Amelia Berget	27.00
16540	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16554	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16618	Amelia Berget	3.00
16687	S. L. Lewis	15.00
16715	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16779	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16788	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16802	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16829	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16842	S. L. Lewis	15.00
16874	S. L. Lewis	18.00
16949	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17038	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17056	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17077	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17216	S. L. Lewis	18.00
17240	S. L. Lewis	15.00
Total		$ 840.00

CLERK HIRE IN COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14057	Ida Tanberg, salary	$ 35.00
14275	Ida Tanberg	40.00
14392	Ida Tanberg	40.00
14395	Lena Tschirhart	35.00
14598	Ida Tandberg	40.00
16092	Emma Tandberg	75.00
16319	Lena Tschirhart	40.00
16400	Ida Tandberg	56.00
16552	Ida Tandberg	60.00
16602	Ida Tandberg	40.00
16773	Ida Tandberg	40.00
16862	Ida Tandberg	40.00
17067	Ida Tandberg	40.00
Total		$ 581.00

CLERK HIRE IN JUDGE OF PROBATE'S OFFICE

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14055	Eleanor Tarrant, salary	$ 25.00
14064	Eleanor Tarrant	2.40
Total		$ 27.40

COURT REPORTER

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14045	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	$ 18.65
14215	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.25
14366	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.25
14554	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.25
14757	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
14908	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	16.25
16169	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16389	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16595	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16766	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
16866	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
17060	Chas. M. Lohn, salary	21.67
Total		$ 235.34
14049	W. O. Braggans, salary	18.65
14216	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14267	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14555	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
14758	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
14909	W. O. Braggans, salary	16.25
16170	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16390	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16596	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16767	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
16856	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
17061	W. O. Braggans, salary	21.67
Total		$ 235.34

JANITOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14047	Lucian Phillion, salary	$ 50.00
14198	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
14267	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
14553	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
14756	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
14907	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
16168	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
16388	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
16594	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
16765	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
16855	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
17059	Lucian Phillion, salary	50.00
Total		$ 600.00

COUNTY SURVEYOR

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14979	C. H. Martz	$ 134.60
14980	C. H. Martz	19.00
16993	C. H. Martz	21.50
Total		$ 175.00

COURT COMMISSIONER FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14816	S. T. Johnson	$ 11.85
16240	S. T. Johnson	11.70
Total		$ 23.55

COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S PER DIEM AND MILEAGE

1ST COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14050	C. A. Lindquist, salary	$ 14.68
14109	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
14199	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.68
14268	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
14330	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
14556	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
14719	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
14759	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
14863	C. A. Lindquist, salary	7.20
14910	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
15011	C. A. Lindquist, salary	7.20
16151	C. A. Lindquist, salary	7.20
16171	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
16370	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
16391	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
16597	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
16658	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
16737	C. A. Lindquist, salary	3.60
16768	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
16857	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
17062	C. A. Lindquist, salary	14.58
Total		$ 218.16

2ND COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14053	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	$ 14.58
14112	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
14201	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
14270	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
14332	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
14558	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
14716	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
14761	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
14865	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	2.80
14912	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
15009	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	2.80
16149	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	2.80
16173	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16368	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
16393	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16599	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16661	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
16739	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	1.40
16770	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
16859	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
17064	Wm. C. L. Demann, salary	14.58
Total		$ 191.76

3RD COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14051	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	$ 14.58
14113	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
14200	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
14269	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
14329	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
14557	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
14715	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
14760	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
14862	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	6.00
14911	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
15010	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	6.00
16150	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	8.40
16172	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
16371	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
16392	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
16598	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
16663	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	3.00
16769	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
16858	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
17063	Ed. A. Aubol, salary	14.58
Total		$ 210.36

4TH COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14052	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
14110	Daniel Shaw, salary	4.00
14203	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
14272	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
14383	Daniel Shaw, salary	4.00
14559	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
14718	Daniel Shaw, salary	4.00
14762	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
14864	Daniel Shaw, salary	8.00
14913	Daniel Shaw, salary	14.58
15008	Daniel Shaw, salary	8.00
16144	Daniel Shaw, salary	9.00
16369	Joseph Johnson, salary	9.60
16395	Joseph Johnson, salary	20.41
16396	Daniel Shaw, salary	8.75
16601	Joseph Johnson, salary	11.58
16740	Joseph Johnson, salary	9.60
16772	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
16861	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
17066	Joseph Johnson, salary	14.58
Total		$ 231.16

5TH COM'R DISTRICT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14054	Joseph Pigeon, salary	$ 14.58
14111	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
14202	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
14271	Joseph Pigeon, salary	11.58
14331	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
14560	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
14717	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
14763	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
14861	Joseph Pigeon, salary	6.40
14914	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
15007	Joseph Pigeon, salary	6.40
16146	Joseph Pigeon, salary	6.40
16174	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16367	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
16394	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16600	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16665	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
16738	Joseph Pigeon, salary	3.20
16771	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
16860	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
17065	Joseph Pigeon, salary	14.58
Total		$ 213.36

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16110	A. A. Latendresse	$ 9.00
16111	Joseph Pigeon	12.20
16412	C. A. Lindquist	12.60
16413	Ed. A. Aubol	12.00
16414	Joseph Johnson	18.60
16415	Wm. C. L. Demann	10.40
Total		$ 74.80

BOARD OF AUDIT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14122	C. A. Lindquist	$ 33.00
14123	John B. O'Brien	33.00
14124	C. W. Johnson	33.00
14817	John B. O'Brien	18.00
14818	C. W. Johnson	18.00
14819	C. A. Lindquist	18.00
16256	C. A. Lindquist	9.00
16329	A. A. Latendresse	9.00
16570	A. A. Latendresse	36.00
16571	C. A. Lindquist	36.00
Total		$ 243.00

DISTRICT COURT EXPENSES

GRAND JURORS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14425	James Evenson	$ 8.20
14426	Olaf Mossbeck	7.40
14427	John G. Anderson	6.60
14428	Thomas Larson	8.20
14429	Hubert Cardinal	4.60
14430	A. D. Berry	5.60
14431	Asmund Mandt	10.60
14432	L. J. Parbst	9.00
14433	John Scholla	8.20
14434	Marcelle Patnode	5.60
14435	Albert Anderson	7.00
14436	John O. Vasilo	10.20
14437	John Hedlund	6.40
14438	John Bergeson	10.20
14439	H. H. Finrow	11.40
14440	Peter Wold	8.20
14441	Sander Engebretson	11.80
14442	Hans Frederickson	8.40
14443	Ralph Green	10.60
14445	M. C. Harlan	8.00
14450	H. L. Premn	7.60
14472	Matt Skala	4.20
16834	Carl Belswinger	9.00
16881	Anton Anderson	5.00
16882	Robert A. Lee	10.00
16883	Abraham Newton	11.40
16884	Olaf Hanson	15.80
16885	Reinhard Johnsrud	16.00
16886	J. O. Swanson	10.20
16887	John Stensrud	10.20
16888	M. P. Bakken	10.40
16889	Knute Steen	13.20
16890	Sam Lovaas	16.00
16891	Charles Stevens	12.69
16892	O. W. Lang	10.20
16893	Ed. Enright	7.00
16894	George Herr	7.00
16895	Albert Power	8.00
16896	Philip Desoutel	12.30
16897	Frank Glass	6.80
16898	E. D. Cadieux	8.20
16900	L. T. Berg	10.60
16921	John J. Padden	6.20
Total		$ 387.10

PETIT JURORS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14417	Louis Tnlordeau	$ 6.80
14452	Jacob O. Valdal	8.20
14457	Jorgen Hegland	13.00
14475	Hans Gulbranson	11.20
14478	David Paradis	11.80
14479	W. E. Beebe	2.00
14481	Joseph Belair	1.00
14484	John Drier	2.00
14485	Peter Starken	10.00
14486	Magnus Olson	33.00
14487	Sam McMahon	21.00
14488	Lars Netteland	18.34
14489	Peter Starken	5.40
14490	John Power	19.00
14491	Dan Linnihan	14.20
14492	J. W. M. Ginty	19.00
14493	Otto Zaiser	8.20
14494	Patrick Maylan	20.40
14498	Mathias Waldorf	15.80
14500	Paul Cyr	16.80
14502	Frank E. Hunt	8.20
14504	E. E. Fletcher	1.00
14561	Halvor Hanson	26.60
14562	Otto Geske	26.80
14563	Nels O. Nora	26.40
14564	Christ Bugge	27.60
14565	Henry Hememuth	20.20
14566	Joseph Gray	15.20
14567	N. A. Nelson	23.40
14568	Nels Person	24.80
14569	Hans Kalseth	25.00
14570	Albert Brunelle	13.20
14571	Paul Bogge	13.20
14572	John Tschirhart	2.00
14573	Bernt Wold	2.00
14574	Charles Kruse	2.00
14575	A. Welo	2.00
14576	James Brady	2.00
14577	Mathias Waldorf	2.00
14581	Henry Kruse	7.00
14582	Frank E. Hunt	2.00
16905	H. J. Rustad	6.80
16909	John Drier	4.00
16910	Clement Brunelle	4.00
16911	Charles Ford	4.00
16912	Henry B. Costello	18.60
16913	Andrew Eklund	14.00
16914	Jacob Trolland	17.00
16915	M. A. Converse	4.00
16916	Magnus Winberg	15.60
16917	Alfred Dahlstrom	12.80
16918	Hogan Hanson	12.20
16919	Fred Zaiser	9.20
16920	Axel Jacobson	12.60
16921	George Bender	18.00
16922	Ed. Nelson	4.00
16923	Frank Brouillet	4.00
16925	Olaf Larson	19.20
16926	C. J. Knox	16.40
16927	M. J. Berg	21.60
16928	James Gilbertson	17.00
16929	Martin Johnson	18.40
16930	Ed Crawn	15.20
16931	Alsime Juneau	14.40
16932	Andrew Hestekind	18.00
16933	John S. Nelson	16.40
16934	Henry Gerloch	13.60
16935	John Albin	16.20
16936	Joseph Belair	4.00
16937	Adolph Zutz	13.60
16939	F. B. Gaass	3.00
16944	George Marchildon	9.60
17073	V. M. Higinbotham	4.00
Total		$ 901.91

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant	To whom issued.	Amt.
14419	John Anderson	$ 3.40
14420	W. S. Ferris	3.40
14421	E. M. Stanton, Jr.	3.40
14422	Lawrence Smith	2.40
14423	Henry M. Mahon	3.40
14424	Jalmar Lillemoen	3.40
14146	R. E. Jones	11.20
14158	Robert Bryant	3.40
14176	P. Neal Pannabaker	3.40
16904	John Stensrud	1.12
16907	Charles Helm	5.60
16908	Mary Helm	5.60
Total		$ 50.72

CLERK OF COURT SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16164	C. W. Johnson	$ 66.67
16284	C. W. Johnson	66.67
16590	C. W. Johnson	66.67
16761	C. W. Johnson	66.67
16850	C. W. Johnson	66.67
17055	C. W. Johnson	66.67
14917	C. W. Johnson	88.88
Total		$ 488.90

CLERK'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14784	C. W. Johnson	$ 39.00
14679	C. W. Johnson	25.05
14680	C. W. Johnson	23.10
14820	C. W. Johnson	23.25
14821	C. W. Johnson	86.40
Total		$ 196.80

DEPUTY CLERK'S FEES

14784	S. L. Lewis	$ 42.00
14773	S. L. Lewis	6.00
16282	S. L. Lewis	3.00
17209	S. L. Lewis	25.50
Total		$ 76.50

SHERIFF'S SALARY

No. of Warrant	To whom issued.	Amt.
14045	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	$ 83.33
14196	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14263	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14551	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14754	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
14905	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
16166	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	83.33
16385	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	103.90
16592	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
16763	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
16852	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
17057	Lewis A. Nelson, salary	116.67
Total		$1153.89

SHERIFF'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14141	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. E. H. Detert	$ 8.37
14142	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Will Frenzke	14.20
14143	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. B. Henry Costello	5.75
14144	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Admonds	4.00
14146	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. William Quigley	2.85
14683	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Otto Morrison	7.27
14684	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Charley Carpenter	12.81
14685	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning Petit Jury	13.25
14586	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning Grand Jury	2.97
14688	Lewis A. Nelson, Exps. summoning witnesses State vs. Gronerud	4.41
14810	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Hauglund	2.08
14972	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Falk	4.10
16324	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Stakke	25.00
16325	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Peleran	3.58
16643	Lewis A. Nelson State vs. L. Johnson	6.86
16645	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. John Doe	3.58
16646	Lewis A. Nelson, State cases (3)	7.30
16741	Lewis A. Nelson, State vs. Snyder	4.80
Total		$ 133.24

DEPUTY SHERIFF'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14738	A. W. Lang, Exps. State vs. Robert Kolseth	$ 8.22
14678	James Bulman	36.00
14680	Ben Isaacson	36.00
16614	Arthur Lizer	35.60
14682	James Bulman	15.50
14772	Ben Isaacson	3.00
14801	James Bulman	9.60
16276	Arthur Lizer	3.90
Total		$ 148.82

COURT DEPUTIES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
16901	Louis Parenteau	$ 6.00
16941	Ben Isaacson	16.00
16942	Arthur Lizle	16.50
16946	Ben Isaacson	7.50
Total		$ 45.00

JAILOR'S SALARY

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
[illegible]	Lewis A. Nelson	$ 62.00
14336	Lewis A. Nelson	62.00
14657	Lewis A. Nelson	56.00
14813	Lewis A. Nelson	62.00
15012	Lewis A. Nelson	60.00
16210	Lewis A. Nelson	62.00
16323	Lewis A. Nelson	14.00
16614	Lewis A. Nelson	50.00
16743	Lewis A. Nelson	52.00
16970	Lewis A. Nelson	58.00
17112	Lewis A. Nelson	24.00
Total		$ 562.00

BOARDING PRISONERS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued	Amt.
14106	Andrew Lang	$ 7.00
14140	Lewis A. Nelson	25.22
14236	Lewis A. Nelson	35.34
14690	Lewis A. Nelson	45.60
14501	W. A. Bishop	6.25
14811	Lewis A. Nelson	66.12
14812	Lewis A. Nelson	30.90
16130	W. A. Bishop	2.00
16228	Lewis A. Nelson	41.00
16326	Lewis A. Nelson	4.20
16565	W. A. Bishop	2.35
16642	Lewis A. Nelson	37.80
17110	Lewis A. Nelson	4.80
17111	Lewis A. Nelson	8.40
Total		$ 326.98

PROBATE COURT EXPENSES

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S FEES IN INSANITY CASES.

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14201	N. M. Watson	$ 5.30
14227	J. C. Wilkinson	5.30
14418	N. M. Watson	5.30
14448	J. C. Wilkinson	5.30
14729	O. F. Melby	5.30
14743	H. G. Helber	5.30
14744	Henry Grundy	5.30
14745	H. G. Helber	5.30
16374	H. G. Helber	5.30
16375	Henry Grundy	5.30
16947	A. F. Melby	5.30
17262	I. Lemieux	5.50
17267	J. C. Wilkinson	5.30
Total		$ 68.90

WITNESS FEES IN INSANITY CASES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14108	Sam Knutson	$ 10.08
14180	Lewis [illegible]	1.12
14464	Fred Krueger	1.12
14465	C. A. Krueger	1.12
Total		$ 13.44

MISCELLANEOUS FEES IN INSANITY CASES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
[illegible]	Lewis A. Nelson, Conveying Joseph Vickum Insane to Fergus Falls	$ [illegible]
14145	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses, Joseph Vickum case	6.86
14148	Lewis A. Nelson, Conveying John Watson Insane to Fergus Falls	18.75
14181	Emma Klos, Fees Conveying Filipina Klos, Insane, to Fergus Falls	6.00
11257	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses Conveying Filipina Klos, Insane to Fergus Falls	24.45
14672	James Bulman, Guard of Joseph Vickum	5.00
14689	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses conveying Joseph Suckomel, Insane to Fergus Falls	33.45
14691	Joseph Belair, Expenses conveying John Watson, Insane to Fergus Falls	14.79
14692	Wm. Watson, Taking care of John Watson Insane	12.41
14802	S. A. Swanson, Fees of Massestad and Delauries	3.41
14502	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking Anna Mossestad to asylum	38.00
14805	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking Delauries to asylum	55.41
14806	J. F. Farr, Taking care of Delauries, Insane	6.90
14807	Jensen & Sons, Livery in pursuit of Delauries, Insane	5.00
14808	A. W. Lang, Apprehending Delauries, Insane	5.37
14809	James Bulman, Taking care of Anna Mossestad, Insane	4.00
14971	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses taking R. Ronning to Faribault	53.41
16812	Mrs. Enger Swanson, Expenses taking R. Ronning to Faribault	12.00
16376	Lewis A. Nelson Exps. conveying Sarah Morquette to Fergus Falls	31.35
16487	A. W. Lang, Taking care of Sarah Morquette, Insane	2.00
16488	Robt. A. Lee, Taking care of Sarah Morquette, Insane	2.00
16633	S. A. Swanson, Expenses, case of Sarah Morquette, Insane	1.22
Total		$ 369.95

JUSTICE COURT EXPENSES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14120	A. P. Touplin	$ 4.80
14358	Joseph Johnson	9.99
11727	W. G. Hunt	5.87
14728	Edward Singer	18.33
16327	S. A. Swanson	3.15
16328	S. A. Swanson	9.10
16695	Arthur Laniel	2.80
17101	S. A. Swanson	3.85
17102	S. A. Swanson	3.20
Total		$ 60.98

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued	Amt.
14558	Joseph Johnson	$ 6.16
14720	Josephien Wojnarowski	1.90
14721	Edward Singer	1.12
14722	B. Henry Costello	1.90
14723	Julian M. Borek	1.90
14724	Anton Radniecki	1.45
14725	John L. Radniecki	1.45
14726	John [illegible]	1.90
16691	[illegible]	1.12
16692	Jos. Gauthier	1.36
16693	Julien [illegible]	1.12
16694	Louis Berry	1.60
Total		$ 21.41

MUNICIPAL COURT EXPENSES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop, Costs in State cases to 12-3-08	$ 145.22
Total		$ 145.22

WITNESS FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop	$ 31.52
Total		$ 31.52

JURY FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14083	J. M. Bishop	$ 24.00
Total		$ 24.00

CORONER'S INQUEST

CORONER'S FEES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14654	O. F. Melby, Gunsten Jorgenson Inquest	$ 12.20
14655	O. F. Melby, Joseph Boucher Inquest	16.50
14983	O. F. Melby, R. Swanson Inquest	7.27
Total		$ 35.96

LIGHT

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14132	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	$ 16.10
14248	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	28.50
14671	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	14.25
14822	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	15.60
16746	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	59.07
16958	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	17.50
16959	Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company	19.10
Total		$ 171.12

FUEL

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued	Amt.
14060	James Knevoldson, 24½ cords wood at $3.50 per	$ 85.75
14121	A. L. Roy, Wood for jail	4.50
14147	Lewis A. Nelson, 3½ cords wood for jail	11.25
14241	Thos. Germo, 10 cords wood for jail	32.50
14501	Jerry Chognon, 10½ cords wood for Court House	31.50
14663	A. D. Beaupelle, 26 cords wood for court house	78.00
14673	Joseph Silley, 1930 lbs. coal for court house	9.65
14985	First State Bank, 3 cords wood	11.25
16552	First State Bank, 1 cord wood	3.75
17058	A. L. Roy, coal	4.45
Total		$ 272.60

REPORTING BIRTHS AND DEATHS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued	Amt.
14505	Felix Anderson	$ 1.00
14506	F. J. Akerlund	1.75
14507	Joseph Duchamp	.25
14508	Chas. Svensgaard	1.75
14509	John Radniecki	1.00
14510	W. A. Swanson	1.50
14511	A. J. Hemstad	1.50
14512	Lewis Sall	2.75
14513	Olaf Tande	2.75
14514	Alex Patnode	1.00
14515	C. N. Urdahl	1.00
14516	O. L. Dahl	.75
14517	Julius Olson	.50
14518	J. W. Vrolson	3.50
14519	R. M. Johnson	2.75
14520	M. Duchorme	1.25
14521	Peter Boerig	5.75
14522	A. D. Berry	1.50
14523	Sam Lovaas	2.25
14524	G. J. Vordhagen	1.50
14525	E. J. Overland	8.75
14526	Olaf Larson	.25
14527	J. W. Pahlen	.60
14528	C. E. Naplin	2.25
14529	A. Laniel	4.50
14530	J. C. Wilkinson	11.25
14531	Hdalge Boril	1.00
14532	M. T. Torgerson	4.75
14533	A. S. Anderson	2.50
14534	P. Engelstad	4.00
14535	J. C. Cummings	2.25
14536	Nels K. Anderson	1.25
14537	W. H. Quist	2.00
14538	C. P. Quist	1.50
14539	Tobias Stene	3.25
14540	Joseph Johnson	3.25
14541	J. L. Cosette	6.50
14542	P. L. Vistaunet	7.75
14543	M. W. H. Boekman	27.00
14544	J. R. Larson	2.00
Total		$ 127.60

PRINTING AND ADVERTISING

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14136	Chas. W. Latta	$ 21.20
14320	John W. Eastman	4.40
14660	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14661	Red Lake Falls Gazette	32.08
14662	St. Hilaire Spectator	3.00
14800	Red Lake Falls Gazette	538.26
11989	St. Hilaire Spectator	8.70
14997	Red Lake Falls Gazette	30.40
11224	Red Lake Falls Gazette	88.63
16361	Red Lake Falls Gazette	133.92
16724	John W. Eastman	4.40
16965	Improvement Bulletin	17.90
Total		$ [illegible]

BLANK BOOKS, BLANKS, STATIONERY AND SUPPLIES

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14102	W. A. Schreiter	$ 17.00
14103	Free Press Printing Company	19.50
14104	The Pioneer Press Company	47.50
14105	Miller-Davis Printing Company	22.65
14137	Red Lake Falls Gazette	46.30
14138	S. W. Bagley	58.25
14319	S. W. Bagley	41.25
14321	St. Paul Book & Stationery Company	12.95
SIX		
11322	Miller-Davis Printing Company	23.91
14323	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company	41.65
14324	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	36.51
14325	Free Press Printing Company	19.20
14326	The Pioneer Press Company	1.20
14661	Red Lake Falls Gazette	27.50
14662	St. Hilaire Spectator	15.70
14669	W. A. Schreiter	2.20
14674	Free Press Printing Company	28.25
14675	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company	17.50
14676	Miller-Davis Printing Company	80.12
14677	Louis F. Daw Company	33.80
14815	John W. Eastman	15.00
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	7.60
14841	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Company	30.00
14842	The Journal-Press Company	26.90
14843	The Pioneer Press Company	26.40
14844	Miller-Davis Printing Company	108.83
14815	Miller-Davis Printing Company	37.45
14993	Red Lake Falls Gazette	43.98
14997	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.50
14998	Brown, Treacy and Sperry Company	43.70
14999	Miller-Davis Printing Company	49.75
15000	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	35.23
[illegible]	W. A. Schreiter	12.38
16127	John Eastman	3.00
[illegible]	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	10.00
16136	Geo. D. Barnard & Company	10.00
16138	Brown, Treacy, & Sperry Co.	46.00
16159	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	25.75
16220	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	15.00
16241	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	45.45
16242	F. P. DuFresne	1.00
16243	Free Press Ptg. Co.	20.85
16244	McGill-Warner Co.	2.75
16245	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	5.00
[illegible]	The Pioneer Press Co.	13.90
16247	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	4.00
16248	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	6.07
16354	Free Press Ptg. Co.	98.75
16355	Pioneer Sash & Door Factory	40.00
16356	The Pioneer Co.	10.50
16357	W. A. Schreiter	18.23
16358	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	1.50
16359	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	2.31
16360	Free Press Ptg. Co.	13.45
16361	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	24.00
16362	McGill-Warner Co.	7.06
16363	West Publishing Co.	10.00
16364	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	20.70
16365	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co	47.17
16366	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co	23.70
16403	A. L. Reichert	1.00
16557	McGill-Warner Co.	41.85
16558	McGill-Warner Co.	15.88
16559	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	81.10
16560	Red Lake Falls Gazette	34.25
[illegible]	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	24.63
16620	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	29.14
16621	Fritz & Cross	[illegible]
16722	The Pioneer Co.	1.33
16723	St. Hilaire Spectator	[illegible]
16735	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	5.25

No.	To whom issued	Amt.
16.58	McKenzie, Robbins Ptg. [illegible]	[illegible]
16604	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	10.80
16605	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	5.17
[illegible]	St. Hilaire Spectator	8.25
16631	McKenzie, Robbins Ptg. Co.	17.50
[illegible]	Louis P. Dow	11.25
[illegible]	[illegible]	17.00
[illegible]	John W. [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] Ptg. Co.	6.25
[illegible]	Geo. D. Barnard & Co.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] Henry & Spere	[illegible]
[illegible]	Miller-Davis Ptg. Co.	4.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] Co.	11.45
[illegible]	[illegible] & Spe[illegible]	[illegible]
	Total	$[illegible]

[illegible] OF TELEPHONES

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Total	$ 92.15

[illegible]LEPHONE SERVICES

LONG DISTANCE

No.	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Total	$[illegible]

WOLF BOUNTY

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Total	$1440.60

[illegible] BOUNTY

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Peter Starken	1.50
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.00
[illegible]	R. E. Vance	2.70
[illegible]	Preston Hall	.60
[illegible]	Geo. Orr	.60
14958	Lewis Steen	1.10
14959	Andrew Knutson	2.30
14960	Pierre Emard, Jr.	.50
14961	Eldge Houle	2.10
14962	Emil Ortloff	25.60
[illegible]	Harry Ortloff	16.60
[illegible]	Palmer Ness	3.60
15016	Edward Campbell	.70
15017	Reuben Nelson	.20
[illegible]	Peter Fabro	.40
[illegible]	L. S. Olson	8.60
[illegible]	Peter Joringdal	1.50
[illegible]	Peter Joringdal	.50
[illegible]	Jacob Aaschy	.50
[illegible]	Carl Brekke	.70
[illegible]	Elmer Lee	1.50
[illegible]	Gilbert Hoat	2.20
[illegible]	L. Dimmen	2.40
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.40
[illegible]	Henry Hallstrom	2.50
[illegible]	August Landa	9.60
[illegible]	Frank Rowick	2.40
[illegible]	John Mikulecky	7.00
[illegible]	Ralph Ray	4.50
[illegible]	George Norander	.70
[illegible]	Ole Sk[illegible]	3.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Sande	1.00
[illegible]	Carl Blom	5.10
[illegible]	Carl Schmidt	.40
[illegible]	George Rock	1.70
[illegible]	John Greenwold	4.30
[illegible]	Carl Carlson	1.40
[illegible]	Jim Ford	1.40
[illegible]	Joe Ford	1.30
[illegible]	Walter Humes	1.20
[illegible]	Peter Benoit	2.50
[illegible]	Arthur Normondeau	.30
[illegible]	Elford Hall	.40
[illegible]	Konrad Hirsch	.10
[illegible]	Walter Treleman	.30
[illegible]	Will Gauthier	2.20
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.50
[illegible]	John Lasha	2.30
[illegible]	Rudolph Anderson	1.40
[illegible]	Edmund Schultz	2.50
[illegible]	Lester Dauble	.70
[illegible]	Myron Engebretson	.50
[illegible]	Peter Starken	1.00
[illegible]	Herman Schneider	.80
[illegible]	Iver Anderson	1.10
[illegible]	Arthur Johnson	.80
[illegible]	Noel Delorme	5.70
[illegible]	Andrew Norman	1.20
[illegible]	C. D. Gustafson	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Paige	1.50
[illegible]	Walter Peterson	1.80
[illegible]	Otto Eckstein	.70
[illegible]	H. S. Lindelsen	2.20
[illegible]	Ole Lappegard	.90
[illegible]	Grant Brateng	5.00
[illegible]	Sam Johnson	.80
[illegible]	Jacob Aaschy	1.70
[illegible]	Harry Myrom	10.60
[illegible]	Edward Gravlie	3.90
[illegible]	Carl [illegible]	1.70
[illegible]	John A. Anderson	2.00
[illegible]	Elliard Iverson	9.10
[illegible]	[illegible] Hedeen	1.30
[illegible]	Peter Matteson	3.00
[illegible]	Harvey Johnson	2.60
[illegible]	Albert Soderberg	6.50
[illegible]	Gust Lindberg	3.10
[illegible]	Lewis Rommerud	4.80
[illegible]	John O. Running	2.00
[illegible]	Carl Hovie	.80
[illegible]	Palmer Sorvik	.90
[illegible]	[illegible] Mauren	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Gordon	.40
[illegible]	Ole Nelson	.40
[illegible]	Geo. Emory	.40
[illegible]	Carl L. Bose	.40
[illegible]	Leslie Desseller	1.30
[illegible]	Frank Rehschmidt	.30
[illegible]	Ole Matteson	.50
[illegible]	Jack Goulet	1.20
[illegible]	Victor Durost	1.50
[illegible]	Myron Boyce	1.50
[illegible]	Jim Ford	1.10
[illegible]	Herman Just	1.50
[illegible]	Mose Mayer	2.80
[illegible]	Arthur Skogren	1.80
[illegible]	Herbert Carlson	2.40
[illegible]	Carl J. Lindberg	2.00
[illegible]	Olaf Nordhagen	3.80
[illegible]	Edward Lambert	.60
[illegible]	Tom Torgerson	2.20
[illegible]	Thomas Nash	.70
[illegible]	Edmund Hince	2.60
[illegible]	W. L. [illegible]	3.30
[illegible]	Henry Hyland	1.70
[illegible]	Henry Olson	2.00
[illegible]	[illegible] Schneitz	.40
[illegible]	Guy Lindquist	1.30
[illegible]	Peter Schirrick	3.80
[illegible]	A. P. Hall	4.40
[illegible]	Carl G. Swanson	3.30
[illegible]	Arthur Axelson	4.70
[illegible]	Peter Peterson	1.30
[illegible]	Carl Nelson	.40
[illegible]	Elma Swenson	2.30
[illegible]	Palmer Peterson	1.40
[illegible]	C. [illegible] Kolk	4.10
[illegible]	Peter Sandberg	5.80
[illegible]	Sam Lorentson	1.30
[illegible]	Hans Wiken	1.70
[illegible]	Sylva [illegible]	1.00
[illegible]	Joseph Varin	3.20
[illegible]	Earle Perusse	.70
[illegible]	Joe Mayer	2.70
[illegible]	Alfred C. Olson	9.20
[illegible]	Roy Wallen	1.60
[illegible]	Eddie Whaley	3.10
[illegible]	J. M. Huddelson	2.50
[illegible]	Tony Brink	4.80
[illegible]	William Prantz	8.40
[illegible]	Harry Ortloff	22.30
[illegible]	Victor Johnson	2.00
[illegible]	Otto Ortloff	21.60
[illegible]	Paul Pax	3.50
[illegible]	Andrew L. Ortloff	30.90
[illegible]	[illegible] Carlson	2.30
[illegible]	Ole Prantz	2.00
[illegible]	Oscar Dahlstrom	1.20
[illegible]	Fred Erickson	5.10
[illegible]	[illegible] Swanson	5.30
[illegible]	Fred [illegible]	4.60
[illegible]	Fred [illegible]	1.00
[illegible]	Emil Ortloff	13.90
[illegible]	[illegible] Bessler	14.90
[illegible]	Henry Ortloff	5.60
[illegible]	H. T. Swenson	3.30
[illegible]	Earnest Yoeke	12.50
[illegible]	Albert Lind	1.50
[illegible]	Milton Heard	4.30
[illegible]	Frank Trorson	9.50
[illegible]	Selmer Wahlbeck	.80
[illegible]	John Strom	2.60
[illegible]	Henry Hanson	5.90
[illegible]	Elmer Hanson	1.40
[illegible]	[illegible] Hendrickson	3.90
[illegible]	Hubert Gireeau	1.00
[illegible]	Bennie Mahla	1.50
[illegible]	August Crown	.30
[illegible]	Joseph Schuenauer	2.30
[illegible]	David Bjerquist	1.00
[illegible]	Thomas Larson	2.60
[illegible]	Will Supernault	.70
[illegible]	Peter Borstad	1.40
[illegible]	Theodore Clement	.80
[illegible]	Gunder Herjusson	.50
[illegible]	Edmund Baurgeus	.40
[illegible]	Andrew Anderson	1.50
[illegible]	Jorgen Gunstenson	1.30
[illegible]	E. K. Synersrud	1.40
[illegible]	Ole Thome	4.60
[illegible]	Andrew Larson	6.40
[illegible]	L. Biersgaard	1.40
[illegible]	George S. Baird	1.80
[illegible]	William Engh	2.00
[illegible]	Sidney Stephens	.50
[illegible]	Harald Haugen	1.20
[illegible]	Will Rothmann	4.70
[illegible]	John Mikulecky	5.70
[illegible]	Theodore Rustad	.90
[illegible]	George Biskey	1.80
[illegible]	Heldmar Blomberg	1.80
[illegible]	Carl Johnson	3.20
[illegible]	C. A. Swanson	3.40
[illegible]	Denis McGinn	.70
[illegible]	Lov Glass	.50
[illegible]	Arthur Christofferson	1.20
[illegible]	Carl Person	1.70
[illegible]	Tobias Stone	.80
[illegible]	Napoleon Cyr	.70
[illegible]	Fred Cyr	3.20
[illegible]	Norman Stenberg	1.10
[illegible]	Eldore Robillard	.70
[illegible]	Karl Bock	.50
[illegible]	James Eneveldson	.30
[illegible]	Severt Torske	.90
[illegible]	Gunsten Gunstenson	2.50
[illegible]	Gunnie Gunstenson	2.70
[illegible]	Iver Tande	1.50
[illegible]	P. E. Schuenauer	2.10
[illegible]	Ole Warstad	.80
[illegible]	Gilbert Hegland	1.60
[illegible]	Arthur Dernsler	2.40
[illegible]	Sigvert Bergh	1.30
[illegible]	Embers Hoot	1.50
[illegible]	Alfred Helgeson	1.80
[illegible]	Philip Manatt	1.50
[illegible]	Victor Mosbeck	1.50
[illegible]	Victor Medchill	.40
[illegible]	Benoi [illegible]	.20
[illegible]	Wm. Palmquist	2.10
[illegible]	Joe Hance	.70
[illegible]	Henry Latendresse	.10
[illegible]	Elmer Gullmette	.20
[illegible]	Walter Lasha	.20
[illegible]	George Orr	.10
[illegible]	Wm. Lamb	1.00
[illegible]	Elmer Gullmette	.10
[illegible]	Joseph Bishop	.50
[illegible]	Louis Phillion	.20
[illegible]	Carsten Meale	.10
[illegible]	Walter Lasha	.20
[illegible]	Willie [illegible]	1.80
[illegible]	Walter Tillman	.70
[illegible]	Jorgen Gunstenson	1.60
[illegible]	Carl Sannes	.40
[illegible]	Harry Myrom	1.90
[illegible]	H. S. Findelsen	1.80
[illegible]	Joseph Roupelle	.30
[illegible]	Milton Lorenston	.90
[illegible]	Albert Zavoral	.80
[illegible]	John Mikulecky	2.30
[illegible]	Leopold Varler	.70
[illegible]	Herman Blomberg	2.00
[illegible]	Ralph Roy	.30
[illegible]	Bennie Johnson	2.00
[illegible]	Lars Dummen	1.60
[illegible]	Andrew Larson	4.40
[illegible]	Eli Pronovost	.30
[illegible]	Henry Ortloff	2.60
[illegible]	Andrew L. Ortloff	2.40
[illegible]	George S. Baird	1.70
[illegible]	Sivert O. Prestegaard	.10
[illegible]	[illegible] Goulet	1.60
[illegible]	Gunsten Gunstensen	.30
[illegible]	Arthur Cristopherson	.80
[illegible]	Tobias Stone	.60
[illegible]	Carl G. Swanson	1.40
[illegible]	Gilbert Helersgaard	.70
[illegible]	Herman Just	.40
[illegible]	Joe Schoenauer	1.40
[illegible]	Jorgen Gunstensen	.80
16873	Elvin Barnrud	.70
17039	Victor Medchill	.60
17081	Roy Glass	.50
14897	Lloyd Crown	6.50
16603	John Mikulecky	5.20
	Total	$ 733.05

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14101	H. T. McAnulty, Livery and traveling expenses	$ 50.50
14107	Hunt Hardware Co., Supplies for County offices	13.10
14117	Fred Bellard, Banking Court House	1.00
14118	Chas. F. Kankel, Adm'r supplies for County offices	8.65
14119	E. L. Quist, recording miscellaneous documents	7.85
14125	C. W. Johnson, recording Justice Certificates of Conviction	25.00
14126	C. W. Johnson, recording Inquest Proceeding for 1908	4.70
14127	Joseph Salley, Freight and drayage	1.75
14128	Joseph LaChance, Labor at Court House	3.20
14129	H. T. McAnulty, postage	4.00
14130	John B. O'Brien, postage	4.50
14131	E. L. Quist, postage	32.45
14133	F. J. Overland, Procuring primary and general election ballots	3.40
14134	Michael T. Torgerson, Procuring general election ballots	1.30
14135	Con Short, Livery hire, election returns, 1908	5.00
14147	Lewis A. Nelson, sawing 10 cords of wood	5.00
14173	Lewis Sall, procuring general election ballots	1.00
14223	G. H. Fressell, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kalseth, horse thief	66.66
14224	C. D. McLemon, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kalseth, horse thief	66.66
14225	Anton Nelson, 1-3 share app. and conviction Robert Kelseth, horse thief	66.66
14327	M. Pinsonault, Janitor, Teachers Examination 3 days	6.00
14328	Frank Jeffers, Recording official bonds	20.75
14334	H. T. McAnulty, Furnishings in County Superintendent's office	55.30
14335	John B. O'Brien, Expense to St. Paul in regard to Ditch Bond	24.74
14336	Elnora Tarrant, expense taking Doris Tarrant to Red Wing	33.75
14337	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	15.86
14338	H. F. Anderson, Express charges, County Superintendent	5.51
14340	S. A. Swanson, Drawing grand and petit jury	6.40
14344	C. W. Johnson, postage, Clerk of Court	5.95
14345	C. W. Johnson, Miscellaneous filing fees	13.20
14346	C. W. Johnson, 1908 Delinquent Tax Proceedings	149.15
14347	Arthur Guillmette, Cleaning court house chimneys	2.00
14349	H. H. Skagen, Delivering election returns	1.00
14350	Marie Biexrud Conducting Teachers Examination	9.50
14351	H. F. Anderson, postage	6.50
14352	O. T. Tandberg, postage	32.69
14353	Frank Jeffers, postage	9.95
14354	John B. O'Brien, postage	25.25
14648	W. E. MacGregor, Conducting Teachers Examination	9.00
14649	Thief River Falls Lbr. Co., Lumber for repair on court house	1.08
14650	G. J. Nordhagen, procuring General election ballots	2.60
14651	Ellef Grovlie, carrying general election ballots	2.40
14652	Joseph Salley, fixing safe and moving desks	2.75
14653	H. F. Anderson, expense as County Superintendent	22.39
14656	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.50
14657	H. F. Anderson, postage	7.95
14658	C. W. Johnson, postage	5.45
14659	Lewis A. Nelson, postage	21.24
14664	Frank Jeffers, postage	2.00
14665	B. C. Hoyt Agent, Remington Typewriter	100.00
14666	Pen Peschinsky, fixing 2 wolf punches	.75
14667	V. M. Highinbotham, 5000 picture postals	25.00
14668	Frank Gagnon, sawing and piling 13½ cords of wood	8.10
14669	W. A. Schreiter, medicine for Dr. Gronerud	.90
14823	Frank Jeffers, certifying mortgages for tax and miscellaneous filings	50.25
14824	Louis Lacousiere, services at court house fire	1.00
14825	Henry Kruse, services at court house fire	7.00
14826	Ben Isaacson, services at court house fire	7.00
14827	Peter Benoit, services at court house fire	7.00
14828	Sanford Arnold, meals for watchers at court house fire	1.75
14829	John Drier, watching court house property 6 days	16.00
14830	Aug. Moren, Moving and opening safes	29.40
14831	A. L. Roy, Drayage	1.85
14832	H. F. Anderson, Livery and expense as County Superintendent	31.32
14833	Fred Krueger & Son, meals for Juries	7.00
14835	Robert L. Zalser, Cleaning court house chimneys	1.00
14836	Lewis R. Nelson, postage	3.50
14837	H. F. Anderson, postage	2.55
14838	Frank Jeffers, postage	11.50
14839	John B. O'Brien, postage	14.92
14840	O. T. Tandberg, postage	22.38
14883	Amelia Bergit, Typing list of property destroyed by fire	6.00
14955	A. L. Brunelle, watching court house property	3.90
14956	E. G. Buse, watching court house property	3.90
14982	L. A. Knufer, Leather belt and wrist shackle	1.75
14984	L. A. Kaufer, premium on insurance policy	12.00
14985	O. T. Tandberg, postage	5.75
14986	Robertson Lbr. Co. Lumber for desk	6.62
15001	Carl Schusser, watching court house property	5.00
15002	John Drier, watching court house property	39.00
15003	M. A. Converse, watching court house property	3.90
15004	John Drier, watching court house property	27.00
15005	John Drier, watching court house property	2.00
15052	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	6.16
16041	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	56.64
16120	John Drier, watching court house property	46.50
16121	H. F. Anderson, May expenses as County Superintendent	39.79
16122	H. F. Anderson, April expense items	5.46
16123	H. F. Anderson, postage	6.50
16125	Ben Isaacson, sawing 6 cords of wood	3.60
16129	S. A. Swanson, repairs on safe and telegrams	1.79
16132	A. A. Latendresse, postage	4.50
16133	A. A. Latendresse, Livery for Commissioners	10.06
16145	Joseph Pigeon, mileage and inspecting court house	61.14
16147	Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage, inspecting court house	59.60
16175	S. A. Swanson, rent of Probate office	5.00
16196	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16204	F. L. Farley, premium on insurance policy	50.79
16205	O. T. Tandberg, stamps	49.66
16207	G. A. Kankel, Est., supplies	10.70
16226	A. A. Latendresse, serving notices on Town Chairmen	24.00
16223	A. P. Toupin, premium on County Treasury bond	267.50
15229	H. R. Williams, member Board of Appointment	6.60
16280	H. P. Rued, member Board of Appointment	7.50
16231	Oluf, O. Omlid, member Board of Appointment	11.40
16233	Ellef Gravlie, member Board of Appointment	7.40
16233	E. H. Besancon, member Board of Appointment	10.40
16234	Edward Iverson, member Board of Appointment	8.00
16235	Lewis L. Rosland, member Board of Appointment	11.20
16236	T. P. Hamre, member Board of Appointment	6.00
16255	Wm. C. L. Demann, adjusting fire loss	4.20
16256	C. A. Lindquist, 1 day Committee work	3.00
16277	Frank Mills, Cleaning adding machine	3.50
16306	Chas. E. Boughton, Attorney, professional services	152.50
16307	J. C. Wander, chair for probate office	7.50
16308	First State Bank, rent Register of Deed's office	33.00
16310	Joseph Sulley, Drayage	4.00
16311	H. F. Anderson, expense in June as County Superintendent	23.93
16314	John B. O'Brien, postage	2.44
16315	John B. O'Brien, Express charges	10.62
16317	W. A. Schreiter, Floral designs O'Brien and Tandberg	36.05
16320	Joseph Prudhomne, Ice, County Auditor's office	3.50
16321	C. W. Johnson, postage and express	7.65
16313	John B. O'Brien, allowance by Board	50.00
16337	C. H. Martz, purchase of field notes	5.00
16352	S. A. Swanson, supplies for County office	73.19
16353	Gareeau & Rubertus, supplies for County office	2.80
16372	John Drier, watching court house property	51.00
16373	A. L. Roy, April, May and June drayage	6.10
16378	James J. Dow, Superintendant, dues on per cent of blind at State School	40.00
16397	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16399	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16403	A. L. Reichert, medicine for Mose Paronteau	1.25
16404	Aug. Morin, Carpenter work County office	8.85
16420	Guy A. Penny, Treasurer, Board Appropriation for County Fair	250.80
16549	Eli Lasha, work and material for repairing Register of Deed's vault	8.70
16550	Joseph Belair, watching court house property	3.00
16553	Michel Pinsonault, Janitor at summer school	57.50
17017	Lewis A. Nelson, post- and material phones	9.64
16555	Frank Jeffers, Recording fees and making school map	49.05
16556	Frank Jeffers, postage	27.04
16568	Reinhort Johnsrud, Treasurer, ½ expense quarantining house of Anton Knudson	26.75
16571	C. A. Lindquist, Meeting of School Board, Unorganized District	3.00
16606	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16611	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16634	A. C. Mathison, conducting teachers examination	9.00
16635	R. H. Bourdon, Livery to County Commissioners	3.50
16637	H. F. Anderson, Livery as County Superintendent	6.00
16638	Robertson Lbr. Co., material for repairing vault	3.62
16639	H. F. Anderson, postage	9.50
16640	A. A. Latendrosse, stamped envelopes	32.41
16641	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	17.22
16636	S. A. Swanson, Drawing petit jury	3.20
16647	S. A. Swanson, postage	4.40
16722	Lewis A. Nelson, postage	8.00
16731	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.75
16732	Frank Jeffers, Field notes and ditch plats and township plats	164.00
16744	F. A. Grady, Attorney, professional services	205.50
16745	F. A. Grady, Attorney, professional services	155.50
16749	Christ Pederson, Treasurer, ½ expense contagious disease	25.00
16750	H. E. Ives, stamped envelopes	32.45
16774	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16775	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
16778	A. G. Rogers, Superintendant, Dep. 6 Inmates, State School	167.42
16806	C. A. Lindquist, member Board Unorganized School District	3.00
16814	Herman Ortloff, member Board of Appointment	4.50
16815	B. Christenson, General and Primary election returns, 1908	2.20
16816	Fremont D. Orff, plans, specifications and details for court house building	875.00
16863	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
16864	Sortedahl, L. L. & Abs. Co. rent of court house	50.00
16935	Frank Jeffers, Recording 1250 follos, and Board's Resolution	75.00
16936	Frank Jeffers, Recording miscellaneous documents	4.75
16957	Frank Jeffers, postage	7.34
16960	August Morin, Moving safe and work in offices	14.00
16961	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	57.76
16962	Joseph Prudhomne, Furnishing Ice, Auditor's office	8.90
16963	First State Bank, Rent Register of Deed's office	60.00
16964	Sydney Beloir, Chainman, Survey court house grounds	2.00
16966	Merchants State Bank, Iron safe in probate office	237.58
16967	H. F. Anderson, postage	15.00
16968	H. E. Ives, postage	28.45
17003	Glenn Martz, Assistant survey, state roads	2.50
17071	Sortedahl L. L. & Abs. Co., rent of court house	50.00
17076	S. A. Swanson, rent of probate office	5.00
17087	A. L. Roy, Drayage	7.50
17089	Frank Jeffers, postage	5.50
17090	Anderson & Wander, shade at Clerk's office	2.50
17091	Ben Isaacson, arranging room for court purposes	9.00
17092	H. F. Anderson, postage	3.00
17094	H. F. Anderson, Expense as County Superintendent	69.12
17095	F. A. Grady, Serving papers, Gaass vs. County Board	6.16
17097	Aug. Morin, repair of sheriff's residence	133.35
17096	Aug. Morin, moving Bray house	349.00
17103	Robertson Lbr. Co., Lumber and repair of Register's vault	17.35
17104	Robertson Lbr. Co., Lumber and repair of sheriff's residence	26.57
17109	Lewis A. Nelson, Expenses summoning jury	27.87
17100	S. A. Swanson, Expense in Annie Lomland case	1.22
17227	Lewis A. Nelson, Expense conveying Annie Lomland to State School	35.94
16613	C. H. Martz, 1 day Engineer and expense, repair ditch	13.00
16997	C. H. Martz, 2 days Engineer and expense, repair ditch	60.90
17004	Glenn Martz, rodman 3 days, repair ditch	7.50
17011	Gilbert Haavl, chainman, 2 days, repair ditch	4.00
17016	Lewis A. Nelson, posting notices, repair ditch	8.00
15554	W. A. Schreiter, repairing notices, repair ditch	4.10
17022	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	4.40
17023	Ed. A. Aubol, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	8.00
17024	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	6.20
17025	C. A. Lindquist, Commissioner and mileage per diem, repair ditch	8.60
17026	Joseph Johnson, Commissioner per diem and mileage, repair ditch	12.80
17120	Glenn Martz, 1 day rodman and Board repair ditch	3.50
17129	C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer and expense, repair ditch	10.50
17015	C. A. Lindquist, ½ Commissioners per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.50
17018	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	8.10
17020	Ed. A. Aubol, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	3.00
17021	Joseph Johnson, Commissioner's per diem and mileage, repair ditch	6.30
	Total	$8531.94

Statement of School District Funds.

Number of District	Bal. Jan. 2 1909 Dr.	Bal. Jan. 2 1909 Cr.	Receipts from State Apportionment and Tax Collections	TOTAL	Payments to Treasurers	Payments in State Treasurer on Acct. of State School Fund	REFUND	Bal. Jan. 3 1910 Dr.	Bal. Jan. 3 1910 Cr.
1	$	$ 40.00	$ 680.49	$ 720.49	$ 468.98	$	$	$	$ 256.66
2			257.54	257.54	232.87				24.67
3			243.83	243.82	202.23				41.63
4			282.33	282.33	234.44				87.66
5		172.50	233.08	405.58	311.36				84.28
6			372.31	372.81	327.01				46.32
7			350.98	350.86	206.80				147.18
8			433.97	433.97	337.19				96.76
9			669.43	869.48	651.91				817.82
10		171.40	499.11	670.51	471.76				186.78
11		12.14	218.05	231.19	130.24	20.00	.17		80.78
12			504.74	504.74	318.99				180.75
13			521.06	521.06	472.11				48.95
14			312.87	312.67	243.41				68.28
15			11289.07	11289.07	10468.79				797.24
16		230.00	1226.36	1456.38	1348.89		22.94		108.36
17		199.50	580.99	790.49	518.32	54.00			223.17
18		2468.44	23642.15	26111.59	15441.84	720.00	18.71		8933.04
19		84.29	337.46	421.75	301.33				120.46
20		8.74	275.85	284.59	220.95	32.43			31.16
21		20.71	60.00	80.71	47.29				39.42
22		178.11	824.62	1002.73	438.49	276.00			267.24
23		6.83	676.24	865.07	235.56	12.00			137.51
24			146.63	146.53	83.29				53.34
25		23.02	520.59	543.91	379.16	40.00			124.75
26		15.03	231.70	246.73	123.50	12.97			110.26
27		874.94	880.83	964.72	491.27	54.00			419.45
28		51.89	281.87	343.66	249.64	43.17			50.86
29			675.06	375.06	221.45				153.81
30			199.69	198.69	181.05				8.64
31			272.62	272.62	176.47				96.66
32			697.45	397.45	248.91				148.54
33			220.79	220.79	220.79				
34			276.25	276.25	262.45				23.60
35		43.21	177.07	220.28	171.33				48.95
36			220.83	220.63	164.96				85.87
37			470.93	470.88	419.91				50.45
38			257.96	257.86	209.48	37.36			11.18
39			194.56	194.56	163.41	14.46			16.69
40			424.51	424.51	287.40				157.03
41		14.48	455.83	470.09	407.59	40.00			22.50
42			236.11	236.11	171.55	25.17			38.89
43			401.78	401.78	401.73				
44		1.50	313.01	314.51	259.38	24.00			31.13
45			8.88	8.86					8.88
46		5.42	878.94	261.88	242.11	28.00			111.25
47			244.05	244.05	155.45				66.62
48			187.85	187.85	178.45				11.40
49			345.09	345.09	198.64				146.48
50			224.15	224.15	142.48				81.67
51		79.99	958.09	488.08	805.77	24.00	9.70		98.58
52		79.55	285.82	865.17	284.25				80.92
53		139.08	239.81	878.69	274.43	15.50			58.88
54		40.00	682.84	702.84	618.05				89.89
55			206.00	208.00	140.50				87.58
56			144.72	144.72	140.83				4.38
57		51.20	133.79	184.99	128.53				58.48
58			175.33	175.83	98.47				76.66
59			198.83	195.66	145.77				52.86
60		91.86	166.05	280.01	227.35				32.68
63		240.40	813.00	858.40	511.23	26.61			315.56
64			489.01	489.01	310.17	60.93	6.48		61.43
65		1.80	106.53	108.33	74.16				34.17
66			295.35	295.35	221.88	27.80			46.19
67			72.02	72.02	81.86				68.18
73		40.00	352.78	392.78	237.72				166.06
78		8.18	719.87	728.53	296.43	32.00			400.10
68			54.40	54.40	54.48				
79		138.96	1619.03	1756.99	1347.76	83.20			325.03
80		8.20	876.62	888.02	583.18	24.00			135.66
81		113.92	1275.80	1369.72	1848.33	28.00			19.39
86		46.40	587.06	633.48	446.38				167.10
94		40.00	450.49	480.49	296.11				194.38
99		99.50	264.85	384.21	255.86				188.35
102		1288.71	2774.16	4060.86	3917.09		10.60		133.17
103			531.43	531.43	448.00				88.43
105		25.33	384.78	410.11	327.66		10.78		71.67
108		37.19	18.22	55.41	48.81				6.80
112		121.64	671.84	793.36	586.71	70.00			136.67
115			302.58	302.56	231.97				78.61
124			361.15	361.15	233.44				127.71
125			435.30	435.30	306.50	33.15			95.66
126		65.46	1410.61	1476.07	1148.28	72.00			255.79
127			554.68	554.68	356.46				198.22
130		189.99	301.95	491.94	380.59				111.35
133		40.00	554.73	594.73	515.22				78.51
135			478.31	478.31	318.60				159.71
141			388.59	388.59	347.16				41.43
147		34.23	587.83	622.06	339.75	116.00			166.31
148		72.79	716.23	789.02	312.04	208.00			286.98
149			257.81	257.81	219.12		2.95		35.71
151		146.06	860.39	826.45	648.30				178.15
153		101.33	386.39	487.72	286.44		.96		200.32
154		299.76	489.18	787.92	564.88				223.04
165		53.86	339.13	393.09	281.46				111.63
166			306.03	306.03	252.63		1.17		51.97
167			428.11	428.11	358.06				72.05
173		27.13	26.69	55.82					55.82
178			521.94	521.94	433.84				88.10
180			557.93	557.93	321.23				236.70
191			148.37	148.37	100.94				47.43
194		53.97	254.16	308.13	278.84		2.11		27.18
204		63.20	190.41	253.61	166.90	26.28			60.43
206			345.33	345.33	233.54				111.79
210		125.95	325.75	451.70	283.20	8.00			162.50
214			394.93	394.93	323.06				71.87
216		71.70	185.36	257.06	182.56				74.50
219			116.37	116.37	60.60				35.77
221			250.25	250.25	150.69				99.56
227		54.56	276.31	330.87	146.05				154.62
228		62.25	389.86	452.11	452.11				
233	87.26		404.34	317.06	244.23				72.85
Unorg.			1056.53	1056.53	759.88				296.67
Total	$87.26	$8272.22	$81162.06	$68367.02	$ 64421.65	$ 2288.10	$ 83.70	$	$ 22573.57

Receipts and Disbursements of

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE FUNDS.

City, Town and Village	Dr. Balance Jan. 2, 1909.	Cr. Balance Jan. 2, 1909.	Receipts from all Tax Collections and Licenses.	Total.	Payments to Treasurers.	Refunded.	State Loans & State Railroad Bonds	Cr. Balance Jan. 3, 1910
Bray	$	$	$ 991.82	$ 991.82	$ 991.82	$	$	$
Black River			799.29	799.29	583.68			215.61
Clover Leaf			460.64	460.61	389.09			71.55
Deer Park			305.48	305.48	265.16			40.32
Emardville			929.02	929.02	710.06			218.98
Equality			1648.19	1648.19	1238.20			411.89
Garnes		25.82	1387.50	1293.32	845.74	.51		447.87
Gervais		47.66	1284.21	1331.89	810.78		30.00	391.11
Goodridge			291.59	291.59	226.44			55.15
Highlanding			371.91	371.91	290.73			81.18
Hickory			13.00	13.00	8.54			4.48
Kratka			467.29	487.29	425.86			41.43
Lake Pleasant		534.85	1127.32	1662.17	1020.56		40.00	801.61
Lambert		137.66	1749.89	1887.31	1097.35		70.00	718.99
Louisville		468.24	1123.85	1692.09	1895.08	.66		296.35
Mayfield			358.68	358.66	298.95			59.73
Norden		66.12	677.53	743.65	582.19			211.46
North		79.78	1062.76	1156.54	783.72			372.82
Numedal			1374.86	1374.88	1084.61	14.34		636.91
Polk Centre		504.63	1285.99	1770.62	1278.09		10.00	452.53
Poplar River		10.00	1739.20	1748.20	1342.98		20.00	386.23
Red Lake Falls Township		124.92	830.62	955.54	376.60		180.00	398.94
River Falls		495.25	1268.57	1761.52	719.08	.38		1042.36
Rocksbury		503.58	816.80	1320.38	899.80			420.58
Reiner			152.10	152.10	128.43			22.87
Sanders		197.79	877.90	1075.69	628.41	14.42		431.88
Silverton		50.60	486.20	538.80	427.33			111.47
Smiley		106.71	621.79	728.50	818.62	8.10		101.78
Star			156.83	158.83	132.06			26.75
Terrebonne		219.16	1849.53	2068.71	1310.59			758.12
Wyandotte		263.02	786.59	1029.61	589.33			440.28
Plummer Village			416.66	418.86	396.04			20.52
St. Hilaire Village			1370.43	1370.43	1810.21	14.56		145.68
Red Lake Falls City		60.99	5475.90	5536.59	3562.82	16.84	390.00	1567.23
T. R. Falls City		918.13	7193.04	8111.17	5574.66	7.24		2529.27
Total		$4808.94	$41614.78	$46423.72	$32138.63	$77.05	$740.00	$13473.04

COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance, Jan. 2nd, 1908	$ 1540.48	
Tax Collections	7192.05	
State Appropriation	2966.90	
Order on Township of Moyfield	200.00	
Liquor Licenses	1000.00	
Proceeds from Settlement Forfeited Tax Sale	.15	
Total		$ 12892.58

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued, (includes Inebriate Hospital Tax)	$ 11412.55	
Refundments	10.98	
Credit Balance, Jan. 3rd, 1910	1475.86	
Total		$ 12899.58

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant.	To whom issued.	Amt.
14080	B. E. Burkee, Treasurer	$ 375.38
14114	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	1.50
14115	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.00
14118	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.60
14358	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	3.00
14330	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	4.00
14361	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	9.50
14388	Hennepin Bridge Company	1000.00
14368	Hennepin Bridge Company	2425.00

Continued on Page Six.

Why Take Alcohol?

Are you thin, pale, easily tired, lack your usual vigor and strength? Then your digestion must be poor, your blood thin, your nerves weak. You need a tonic and alterative. You need Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. We believe your doctor would endorse these statements, or we would not make them. Ask him and find out. Follow his advice. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

[illegible] greatly increase your confidence in Ayer's [illegible]. All vegetable. Ask your doctor about them.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible]

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible]

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Governor Eberhart has designated April 29 as arbor and bird day.

We are willing to take back all all the unkind things we ever made at March weather.

Secretary Ballinger seems to have discovered that his conservation ideas are not endorsed in Minnesota.

J. Adam Bede, in an interview in the St Paul Dispatch, expresses his belief that Governor Eberhart will be renominated, but the election may tell a different story.

Senator Burrows of Michigan says he is proud of the new tariff law. As there is a senatorial election on soon, the Minneapolis Journal thinks Mr. Burrows is testing the pulse with his thumb.

Recent developments at Washington seem to bear out Frank Day's contention that only two of the Minnesota Congressmen—Davis and Lindbergh—are real insurgents. The balance of the bunch voted for Cannon again.

The Democrats are getting into the game early this year by arranging for a Jefferson banquet at St. Paul on April 13. It is to be a "dollar dinner" and Governor Lind and Congressman Hammond will make the principal addresses.

Banking figures for Minnesota towns about the size of Red Lake Falls show that ours is about the liveliest in the bunch. There's an inspiration for you. A town with over half a million of bank resources is a silent and impressive lesson in wealth and thrift.

The Cannon rules committee was overthrown last Saturday, the Democrats voting solidly to eliminate it and they were joined by the thirty-five insurgent Republicans. After the defeat of the rules committee a motion was made to declare the speaker's chair vacant, but on this vote only nine Republicans joined the Democrats and the discredited speaker was given an added vote of confidence. Some of the Minnesota Congressmen who voted for Cannon will probably be obliged to reckon with their constituents next November.

The investigation being made by the officers and attorneys of fraternal insurance societies does not menace the financial standing of any of these organizations," says State insurance Commissioner J. A. Hartigan. "I make this statement," he continued "because erroneous impressions are circulating which may work harm where they should not."

President Taft's refusal to intervene in the Philadelphia street car strike, on the allegation that the trouble is merely local in its character, is just another example of the chief executive's tendency to dodge unpleasant tasks, says the Winona Independent. The gentleman who preceded him would have justified action on the theory that if it were local trouble now, it would become national if allowed to continue. T. R. never passed up any chance for a scrap.

No one is inclined to take away from Governor Eberhart the credit for making the conservation congress a success, nor disposed to charge that the meeting pandered to politics. It is passing strange though, that in the list of thirty or forty men appointed on the various committees not a Democrat, Populist or prohibitionist is to be found. The governor likely is not responsible but some of his fool friends must play politics in a manner that is far from politic. Such unnecessary slight of more than half the voters of the state is not calculated to allay suspicion in the minds of the incredulous.

From the Minneapolis Tribune we clip the following item which partially explains why Minnesota is coming to the front so rapidly:—"Minnesota soil is the best in the world, the result of decomposition of rock waste which imparts excellent chemical consistancy. Underlaid with a bed of clay, close to the surface, it has incomparable fertility and strong producing power, all the elements of plant foods, minerals and otherwise being found in it. At least 90 per cent of Minnesota soil is arable. The soil lends itself to a greater diversity of crops than that of any other state. It is capable of and does, produce heavier yields, in a shorter period of a more superior quality of seeds, crops and potatoes than the soil of any other section of the country. Statistics show this to be true."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Fairmont Sentinel: Minnesota is one of the very few states that give the people a 2-cent railroad fare. This is one of Gov. Johnson's deeds that saves the traveling public tens of thousands of dollars daily.

Albert Lea Tribune: Much is said about the rights of company and strikers on the Philadelphia strike. What about the rights of the public which has given valuable franchises in order to get certain dependable conveniences?

St. Cloud Times: Here is one on the surgeons. A Georgia court has decided in the case of a child who died after a surgical operation that the surgeon is entitled to no fee, since no benefit was derived from his services. If this theory was carried out generally in practice no doctor could collect a bill for attendance upon a patient who died—and they all die sometime.

Red Wing Republican: An Ohio preacher says newspapers should be just as accurate as the Bible. Many of them aim to be, but it must be remembered that the ancient writers who wrote the sacred pages didn't have to get their copy in every day at a certain time. They had ten years or fifty years as the case might be in which to revise and correct proof.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: There is no education so expensive as experience.

People miss a lot of fun in life by despising it because it's not expensive.

If a man can't find any other way to be a hero, he will escape having pneumonia.

A college boy can't even learn how to write a letter home for anything but money.

The trouble with domestic economies is that for every dollar anybody in the family can save, somebody else can spend two.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Cheerfulness irritates a pessimist.

Lend a man money and he will return for more.

And many a fair woman has taken a man by storm.

You can't please yourself and your neighbors simultaneously.

A politician isn't necessarily straight because he refuses to unbend.

People with the telephone habit make a busy man tired.

It isn't always those with weak eyes who look on the dark side of life.

A woman isn't invariably as pretty as a picture—even if she is painted.

Some men would rather make a dishonest quarter, than earn an honest dollar.

A round hole in the center of a compound mixture of dyspepsia is but another name for a doughnut.

The after effect is the worst thing about getting drunk—likewise, also, about getting married.

A girl likes to have someone to make her blush, just to convince people that her complexion is the real thing.

The average woman can bluff almost any man, but when it comes to bluffing some other woman—well, that's another story.

CONSERVATION CONVERSATION

Politics Was Not Much in Evidence at the Governor's Big Meeting.

The Mines, Roads and Schools Furnish Material for Much Discussion.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, March 22. There was nothing heard in St. Paul last week but Conservation. The word was in everybody's mouth. The Conservation Convention was the burden of constant conversation. Even among the politicians, politics for once had to take a back seat, except that incidental politics which conservation conversation gave birth to, and that was some. For the governor is very properly given credit for the convention. He deserves it. The delegates were of his nomination. He is given credit also for having outlined its program and for inducing the distinguished speakers who took part to attend, which he no doubt did. The convention both in point of attendance and in point of interest was a complete success. The governor is given credit for that, too. The success of the convention works for the governor's nomination, which it should. And that's about the only place politics comes in on the deal, if we except some of the politics played by the candidates who made it a point to conspicuously display the political lightning rods which they have recently set up.

A Graphic Demonstration.

There were some things about the convention—I wish I had the space to tell the whole story of it, for it is something everyone should familiarize himself with—which were particularly striking and it is to a very few of them that I intend briefly to refer. One—to my mind the most impressive—was the exhibit from the Iron region. There were the ores heavily impregnated with the most useful of all metals—all kinds of them—of all varieties and in many colors. There was the ochre found in association with iron. There was the diamond drill which plays so important a part in the mining and exploration. There was the surface mine model, showing graphically the mining method used on the range. There were the photographs of the mines and of the docks and the model of a mining shaft—the largest in the world. The ore samples were contained in small boxes and with them was a card indicating the percentage of iron, etc., and the mine from which it was taken. The names of these mines alone would fill a column of this paper. Accompanying the exhibits was a pamphlet on "Iron Ore in Minnesota," in which among other things it is stated that the iron ore production of Minnesota up to the present time has been 254,825,000 tons. This is merely the scratching of the surface.

The State's Lavish Donation.

One is impressed by this quite extraordinary exhibit with the wealth it represents. That can only be talked about in figures the mind is incapable of fully grasping. It was an eminently proper exhibit for a conservation congress. It was a striking subject lesson to look upon—these evidences of the fabulous value of the state's mineral resources, which the state is not conserving—has not conserved. It was a graphic presentation of the boundless wealth a prodigal state is pouring into the lap of the United States steel octopus. That was what struck me about it—of how small advantage it is to the people of Minnesota—of what little benefit it is to the people of the United States—that nature has been so lavish in this great gift.

Crumbs From the Rich Man's Table.

It was called to public attention in connection with this remarkable display that the state owns in fee simply a number of the mineral properties which are being operated by the mining companies. And it has been put down as if it were a matter on which the state should congratulate itself that Minnesota is receiving for the ore from the lands it owns in fee simple which are among the richest on the iron range and which, in the ground, are certainly worth not less than a dollar a ton, a royalty of 25 cents a ton! There are those who boast that from the 225,000,000 tons of ore shipped out of the state, worth to the United States Steel corporation at the pit's mouth not less than $700,000,000 the state has got some $10,000,000; and that from an estimated 1,500,000,000 tons of iron ore which is still to be mined the state may ultimately receive $100,000,000—scarcely more than the value of the product of a single mine. I may be peculiar in this matter, but I am free to confess that I am utterly unable to find matter for congratulation that the state should have bartered a birthright whose value is so inestimable for such a mess of pottage.

Good Roads.

Another impressive demonstration at the Conservation convention was that made by the good roads people. I am glad to say too that it was the one in which the greatest interest was taken. For no subject—and very properly so—appeals more strongly to the people of the state than that of good roads. If the bicycle and automobile had served no other purpose than to help awaken this interest they would have filled a most useful mission. At the demonstration it was shown how to make good roads and how not to make one. It was shown how it should be shaped; how it should be drained; how it should be surfaced. Graphic illustrations were given of how to make a good road out of common dirt; a better one of gravel; the best of macadam. This demonstration was talked of and studied, and, I haven't any doubt, will serve a very useful purpose in the instruction of those whose duty it is to build county roads.

The Newer Education.

There is still another demonstration which impressed me, and perhaps it was the most important of all, for it pointed the way to the newer education. We are going to teach different things in our public schools one of these days. Here and there a commencement has already been made. When I went to school things were brought home to us boys by giving us examples in terms of things with which we were familiar. Thus a lesson in fractions was illustrated by speaking of dividing an apple, and so on all thru the piece. It was words however with which our teacher dealt. Now it is to be the thing itself. Our children are to have their illustrations in the concrete. They are to be taught not merely the theory, but the theory by the practice. It's a movement of extraordinary significance that is going on—this training of the mind by the application of the mind and the hand to common things. It isn't merely that boys and girls are to be taught in school how to tell a good from a bad milch cow; what sort of a hog it is most profitable to raise; to know whether a horse has spavin or ringbone; how to choose seed; to turn a furrow; to drive a nail; to plain a board; to sew a seam; to fashion a garmet; to make embroidery; to knit; to bake and to cook. These indeed are useful and highly important things to know. But the valuable thing we have got hold of is that it isn't necessary to go to the dead languages or to the higher mathematics to train the mind. The useful thing that schooling does for us is not to give us facts; it is that through it we are taught to use our heads—it is the mind-training that counts. Education gives us control of our brains and enables us to make of them a useful servant. The new education is based upon the fact that the best way to train the mind is to train it in connection with the hand and to bring it to bear on the things which are a part of our everyday life. A boy's mind can be as certainly developed by the study of an ear of corn or a grain of wheat as it can by the study of a Greek or Latin root. Moreover if a boy once gets a cob of corn which he holds in his hand to give up to him its secrets, he will never forget them. The Greek root he is lucky if he remembers over night.

Adding Dignity to Farming.

There is another thing—the application of education to common things enables them. Education glorifies what it touches. A man is all the better farmer even if he does not apply his knowledge if he is familiar with the study of botany. If by the knowlege of the composition of soils, by knowing how to select his seed, how to drain his land, how to cultivate it and when and where to plant, he can make two plant blades grow where one grew before he not only enriches himself but becomes a public benefactor and has the consciousness of adding to the greatness of his country and to the sum of its productivity. To teach agriculture and manual training in the schools will popularize agriculture and mechanical pursuits. The time is coming when the bright boys will not be looking for a place in a store or in an office. That will be left for the chaps who don't know enough to make the farm pay, one of the speakers said at one of the sessions. While that may not be altogether true, for everyone will naturally drift to the vocation to which he is best suited, it is certainly true that the newer education is sure to add greatly to the attractiveness of life on the farm.

The Putnam Law.

In this connection it is plain that so much is hoped from the experiment in legislation tried at the last session of providing for agricultural education in the high schools of this state. In my own opinion we should begin lower down, for after all it is but a small proportion of our boys and girls who reach the high school; and I am inclined to think that the consolidated rural school is the true solution of the education problem. Nevertheless it's a good thing to start anywhere, and there is no doubt at all that the agricultural high school is proving a great success. One of the speakers from Washington, an expert from the agricultural department, spoke of the Putnam high school education law in terms of the highest praise.

Where License Carries.

One thing I intend to direct attention to in this letter which the Twin City papers appear, for reasons best known to themselves, to have ignored, is a most important opinion recently given by George W. Peterson, assistant attorney general. It is to the effect that a license election, in order that license may be granted, the vote for licence must be a majority of all votes cast—not on license merely—but a clear majority of all votes cast at the election. Thus Osakis went dry, in spite of the fact that 130 votes were for license and 120 against, because the 130 votes was not a majority of all votes cast for village officers. It happened to be just half the vote and that raises the other question decided by Mr. Peterson, namely, that in case the vote is a tie the village goes dry. License in order to carry must have a clear majority.

The Wrong Jake.

It was announced recently by one of the Twin City papers that Mr. Jacobson had gone back on Mr. Gordon, the only candidate for lieutenant governor who takes a decided stand in favor of temperance legislation, and had announced that he would support Dr. Cole. That was true but it wasn't our "Jake." The Mr. Jacobson who talked that way was O. B. Jacobson of Fergus Falls, a fellow townsman of Dr. Cole. J. F. Jacobson is in the county option fight to stick.

—PAUL PRY.

A 50-cent bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

given in half-teaspoon doses four times a day, mixed in its bottle, will last a year-old baby nearly a month, and four bottles over three months, and will make the baby strong and well and will lay the foundation for a healthy, robust boy or girl.

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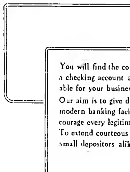
Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, N. Y.

You will find the conveniences that go with a checking account at this bank indispensable for your business.

Our aim is to give depositors the benefit of modern banking facilities. To hold and encourage every legitimate business enterprise. To extend courteous treatment to large and small depositors alike.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK
RED LAKE FALLS



AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is an Prince Albert, cut-away, walking frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S. S. S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S. S. S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.

THOS. POTTS.
111 Main St., Johnston City., Pa.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S. S. S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

You Can Have Insured Clothes

THAT'S the kind we offer you in Clothcraft. With each Clothcraft garment goes an insurance policy in the form of a signed guarantee by the maker. And we stand back of it, too.

The guarantee means that your Clothcraft Suit must hold its style—that it is strictly pure wool—that the coat front won't break—that the collar and lapel won't sag or pucker. Think what this means to you.

Yet Clothcraft Clothes cost no more than ordinary clothes which never could stand such backing.

CLOTHCRAFT

All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

Don't decide on your spring clothes until you learn the facts about Clothcraft.

The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere Proprietor

The Editor's Sally.

City Editor—What do you mean by saying in this robbery story that "Brown was knocked down and relieved of a hundred dollars?" Were you ever robbed yourself?

New Reporter—No, sir.

City Editor—That accounts for it. If you'd been robbed you wouldn't describe the loss of a hundred dollars as a relief!

A Christening in Sight.

A Mobile lawyer was surprised when his negro gardener called at the office accompanied by a large wheelbarrow.

"Marse Rob'nson," he said, "I wants to know ef you'd mind lendin' me some of yo' cyclopedias an' dictionaries an' any other big books, sah."

"Upon my soul!" exclaimed the astonished lawyer. "What on earth are you up to?"

"Very impo'tant occasion, Marse Rob'nson. Very impo'tant occasion, 'deed. Sheba an' me want to hunt up a name fo' de baby."—Success Magazine.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Absolutely Pure
Royal Baking Powder improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food
ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible]

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible]

American Mortgage Bank,
Mortgagee.

Attorney for Mortgagee.
Red Lake Falls, Minn f24 m31

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the Second day of April, 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 39 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date February 23rd, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also by one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, said sections of the Main and Branch Ditches being numbered as follows:

Main Ditch, Stations "0" to Stations "241|65" both inclusive, Branch Ditch No. 1, Stations "0" to Stations "159" both inclusive, Branch Ditch No 2, Stations "0" to Stations "185|71" both inclusive and Branch Ditch No 3, Stations "0" to Stations "70" both inclusive, being the all of said main ditch known as County Ditch No. 39 and branches thereof, and contemplating the excavation and removal of 119 799 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade and in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profile, maps and specifications of the Civil Engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders and that bids are invited for said work, said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The excavation and removal of 119 799 yards of earth, being estimated at Eleven Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety-nine and 90-100 ($11,999.90) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $14,519.90.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated March 3rd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
(SEAL) State of Minnesota

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty and 48-100 ($930.48) Dollars, and Eighty Three and 88-100 ($83.88) dollars, paid for taxes, making a total of One Thousand Fourteen and 36-100 ($1014.36) Dollars in default and due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed by Wilton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank O'Meara, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of December 1902 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2 o'clock P. M. in Book 26 of Mortgages on Page 254.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said mortgagee, to Alice W. Hemminghouse, by written assignment dated the 31st day of December 1902 and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2:10 o'clock P. M., in Book T of Mortgages on Page 291.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Eliza A. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 29th day of January 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 7th day of April, 1906 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on Page 30.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Harriet L. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 23rd day of September, 1909, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 24th day of February, 1910 at 11:00 o'clock A. M., in Book 5 of Mortgages on page 311.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the land and premises therein, being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit:

The West Half of the North West Quarter (w½ of nw¼) of Section Fourteen (14) in Township One Hundred Fifty Two (152) of Range Forty Three (43), will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the statutory attorney's fees, and the taxes if any, and the costs and expenses of these foreclosure proceedings as allowed by law, and that the said sale will be made at the front door of the Post Office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said Red Lake County at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday, the 16th day of April, 1910.

Dated February 23, 1910.

HARRIET L. HAYWARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Grant Van Sant,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
538 Globe Building, St. Paul, Minn m3-a14

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake,
City of Red Lake Falls } ss

Notice is hereby given, that an application has been made in writing to the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 25th day of March, 1910, and terminating on the 24th day of March, 1911, by William H. Krueger and Oliver Belair, co partners as Krueger & Belair, at the following place, as stated in said application, respectively, to wit:

In that certain one and a half story frame building situate on Lot 14 of Block 7 in Champagne & Dow's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minn., fronting on Main Street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council at the next adjourned regular meeting to be held at the city hall on the 24th day of March, 1910, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Witness my hand and the corporate seal of the City, this 8th day of March, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
(SEAL) m24 City Clerk.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake } ss

In the Matter of the Petition of Carolina Peterson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 42.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 42. The said Ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) and Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty one (41). Commencing at a point thirteen hundred and forty two (1342) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between section (11) and twelve (12) township one hundred fifty two (152) range forty one (41) thence running parallel with a twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12), and section one (1) and two (2) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections one (1) and two (2) of aforesaid Township and range, thence extending in a northwesterly direction to a point twenty (20) feet east and six hundred and thirty five (635) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirty six (36) township one hundred fifty three (153) range forty one (41) thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of section line between section thirty five (35) and section thirty six (36) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between said sections thirty five (35) and thirty six (36) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the east and west center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the center of said section thirty five of aforesaid township and range thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the north and south center line of said section thirty five (35) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between section twenty six (26) and thirty five (35) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between section twenty six (26) and section thirty five (35), and section twenty seven (27) and section thirty four (34) to a point six hundred and forty (640) feet west of the section corner between section twenty six (26) and section twenty seven (27) and sections thirty four (34) and thirty five (35) of aforesaid township and range thence extending in a northwesterly direction across the south west corner of the South East Quarter (SE¼) of section twenty seven (27) and the north east corner of the South West Quarter (SW¼) of said section twenty seven (27) to a point forty (40) rods north and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter stake between section twenty seven (27) and section twenty eight (28) of aforesaid township and range thence extending parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between section twenty seven [27] and section twenty eight [28] and sections twenty one [21] and twenty two [22] township one hundred fifty three [153] range forty one [41] to the Red Lake River where said ditch has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit: Katie O'Brien, J. A. Duffy, Fred York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Horland, Gust H. Trett, Knute Vindlos, Martin Soleen, John C. Carlsen, Erick Momb, Nels J. Helgemoe, Charles Krohn, Carl A. Johnson, Andrew T. Myrum, Sten Jorgenson, Olaus Nelson, Joseph W. & Henry A. Metz, Asmund K. Vindlos, Arne Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Peter O'Toole James O'Brien, Edward T. Emmerson, John Quirk, Aslak H. Mandt, Louis D. Kongel, Gilbert Steen, Peter Hedeen, Albert D. Anderson, James Madden, Carl G. Olson, Lars E. Ofte; Townships of Kratka and Mayfield and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Saturday the 9th day of April 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(SEAL) County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
17m31

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell, Mortgage or Lease Land.

Estate of Lula B. Haslet.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake.
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Lula B. Haslet, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Burton Haslet, Elizabeth Haslet, Ruth Haslet, and Buxton Haslet as guardian ad litem for Elizabeth Haslet, and Ruth Haslet, Minors, and all persons interested in the title and descent of certain lands belonging to said decedent. The petition of Burton Haslet as representative of the above named decedent, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be mortgaged and praying that a license be to him granted to mortgage the same:

Now Therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the office of the Judge of Probate, City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of April 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said court, this 5th day of March, 1910.

S. A. SWANSON,
SEAL Judge of Probate Court.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for petitioner. m10-24

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and For Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Edward Maloney.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Maloney, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to John Manley and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent;

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Saturday the 11th day of June A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House at Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated March 10th, 1910

S. A. SWANSON,
SEAL, Judge of Probate.
F. A. Grady,
Atty. for Executor. 17m31

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the Matter of the Petition of Archibald D. Brown and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 43

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 43. The said ditch is located wholly within the townships one hundred fifty two (152) and one hundred fifty three [153], Range thirty nine [39], Red Lake County, Minn. Commencing at a point twenty -20- feet east of the north west corner of the north west quarter of Section two -2- township one hundred fifty-three -153- range thirty-nine -39-, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty -20- feet east of the section line between section two -2- and three -3-, ten -10- and eleven -11-, fourteen -14- and fifteen -15-, twenty-two -22- and twenty-three -23-, twenty-six -26- and twenty-seven -27-, thirty-four -34- and thirty-five -35-, to a point twenty three hundred and six -2306- feet south of the section corner between sections twenty-six -26-, twenty-seven -27-, thirty-four -34- and thirty-five -35-, township one hundred fifty-three -153-, Range thirty-nine -39-, thence extending in a southeasterly direction on an angle of 51 degrees and 41 minutes over and across the south west corner of the North East Quarter -NE¼- of section thirty-five -35- and the South East Quarter -SE¼- of said section thirty-five -35- to the town line between townships one hundred fifty-two -152- and one hundred fifty three -153-, thence extending on the same line a distance of eleven hundred fifty-two -1152- feet over and across the north east corner of the North East Quarter -NE¼- of section two -2- township one hundred fifty two -152-, range thirty-nine -39- to a point on the section line between section two -2- and three -3-, thence extending in a southwesterly direction over and across the Eastern Half -E½- of section three -3- to the Red Lake River, where the same terminates and has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit:

A. O. Brown, Pahl P. Nygaard, Theodor Jacobson, Omund Bjorgulson, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M. Parnow, Henre Tommerdahl, Ethel M. Hayes, James L. Peterson, Abbie L. Frain, Walter H. Quist, Anna Erickson, Township of Star, Township of Hickory and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Saturday the 9th day of April 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Auditor's Seal). 17m31

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Saturday, April 23rd, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 22nd day of March, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal } A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Hickory, Deer Park and Mayfield in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the Northeast corner of Section Twenty-five -25- of Township One Hundred Fifty-two -152- North of Range Number Thirty-nine -39- West, thence due west along the section line between Sections Twenty-four -24- and Twenty-five -25-, Twenty-three -23- and Twenty-six -26-, Twenty-two -22- and Twenty-seven -27-, Twenty-one -21- and Twenty-eight -28-, Twenty -20- and Twenty-nine -29-, Nineteen -19- and Thirty -30- and continuing due west through the town of Deer Park between Sections Twenty-four -24- and Twenty-five -25-, Twenty-three -23- and Twenty-six -26-, Twenty-two -22- and Twenty-seven -27-, Twenty-one -21- and Twenty-eight -28-, Twenty -20- and Twenty-nine -29-, Nineteen -19- and Thirty -30-, and continuing due west into the Town of Mayfield a distance of two miles between Sections Twenty-four -24- and Twenty-five -25-, Twenty-three and Twenty-six -23 and 26- to the Northwest corner of Section Twenty-six -26-, thence due south between Sections Twenty-six -26- and Twenty-seven -27- and Thirty-five -35- and Thirty-four -34- to the Clearwater river and there terminate.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230-, of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 15th, 1910

Ole Bunn.
O. L. Dahl.
Knut Aursund.
P. L. Berkly.
Christ Thompson.
John O. Larson.
John Arntson.
T. A. Tonn.
Iver Johnson.
Nils O. Risen.
Knut Haso.
T. T. Kvale.
Martin Asbjornson.
H. K. Brig.
John Ohnd.
Knut Lunnet.
Julius Olson.
Carolus O. Olson.
Knut E. Solberg.
H. M. Lolo.
A. A. Rolandson.
J. K. Rystad.
Wm. M. Erb.
Jens Bulstad.
Martin Fawe.
John Polbrook.
Ed. Anderson.
A. K. Bieland.
Ole J. Dahle.
Daniel J. Helfe.
Gunnar B. Rystad.
Adolph Lindberg.
Mrs. Rika Moe.
John Olson.
Ed Rustan.
C. O. Lindberg.
Geo. Singer.
Edward Singer.
Oscar Lofthus.
Tom Haugland.
Siver Grothe.
Lewis Lunde.
Gunder Anderson.
Ole Nesland.
W. L. Rodman.
Andrew Hanson.
E. V. Carlson.
O. M. Mandt.
I. O. Lofthus.
Oscar Nesland.

—Petitioners. 21-a7

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, on Saturday April 23rd, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 22nd day of March, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal } A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Star and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the Southeast corner of Section Four -4- in Township Number One Hundred Fifty-three -153- North of Range Number Thirty nine -39- and running thence due west along the section line between Sections Four -4- and Nine -9-, between Sections Five -5- and Eight 8-, and between Sections Six -6- and seven -7- to the southwest corner of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of said Section Six -6- in said Township One Hundred Fifty-three -153- North of Range Thirty-nine -39-, thence continuing due west between Sections One -1- and Twelve -12- Township One Hundred Fifty-three -153- North of Range Forty -40- to the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of said Section One -1- in said Town One Hundred Fifty-three North of Range Forty -40- and terminating at said point.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred Thirty -230- of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated Erie, Minn., Sept. 11th, 1909.

Edmund Hruby.
Martin Korba.
Ed. Kelly.
Alois Stucky.
Ole Johnsgaard.
Albert Trnka, Jr.
Albert Trnka, Sr.
Joseph V. Holtman.
Anton Fett.
A. W. Hanson.
Sivert O. Prestegaard.
Ivar J. Hole.
Michael Stengel.

—Petitioners. 21-a7

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, dated May 23d A. D. 1904 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May A. D. 1904, at one o'clock and thirty minutes P. M. in book 11 of Mortgages on pages 366 to 370 inclusive, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate, situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the North Half of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section Seventeen (17), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-four (154), North of Range Forty-four (44), West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes, bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 4th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 15th day of January A. D. 1910, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 599, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note and said interest notes and said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Thirty eight cents.

And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof. Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings including fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.
CHARLES E BOUGHTON
Attorney for assignee of Mortgage, Red Lake Falls, Minn. F17M31

TERREBONNE.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Nason, March 15, a son.

Henry Laurent and wife, Miss Liza Laurent of Crookston, Mr. and Mrs. Theo Fournier of Red Lake attended mass here last Sunday.

There was some excitement last Sunday afternoon, near the new iron bridge, when the ice accumulated and blocked everything. For some time they feared for the dam. Fortunately some dynamite fuses cleared the way in setting the ice in motion.

Clement's butter factory is opened and makes good butter. Clement's factory is equiped up-to-date.

The farmers are preparing to sow. Some will start spring work this week.

BROOKS.

Mr. H. L. Premo transacted business in the cities the first of the week.

Miss Edna Coleman spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls.

Mr. John Hagesey of Fonda, N.D., visited with H. L. Premo this week.

W. H. Hunt went to his home in Red Lake Falls to remain for the week.

Miss Rose Marsonette is now home.

The Royal Neighbors held a meeting Friday. Some new members were initiated and an excellent lunch was served.

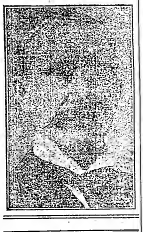
Miss Wolfe of McIntosh was in town Saturday.

Mrs. Adelaide Gervais of Red Lake Falls who has been with her sister Mrs. Jos. Jean will return to her home some time this week.

A number of young people met at the home of Mr. Alexander Doucet last Sunday. All reported a most enjoyable time.

SECRETARY BALLINGER.

One of Prominent Speakers at Conservation Congress.



Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Ole Simonson and Laura Simonson, his wife, to the West of Scotland American Investment Company, Limited, dated July 6th, A. D. 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1906, at eleven o'clock and thirty minutes A. M., in book 11 of mortgages on page 241 and following pages, by which mortgage there was conveyed and granted the following described real estate situate in the County of Red Lake aforesaid, to wit:

The northeast quarter of Section Twenty five (25) in township One Hundred and Fifty (150), north, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the fifth principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January A. D. 1910, duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 13th day of January A. D. 1910 duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in book 7 of mortgages on page 598, and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgagee having under the terms of said mortgage, elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 13th day of October A. D. 1909, paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year 1908, amounting to $26.83, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof. Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure proceedings, including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.
CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn. F17M31

Why He Was Invited.

Little Tom: "You are going with us to our picnic, ain't you?"

Young Squipps: "Yes, my dear child. Your sister honored me with an invitation, and I would not miss such an opportunity for the world. By the way, Tom, here is a new silver shilling. Now, I wish you to tell me something I want to know. Mr. Gayfellow isn't going, is he?"

Tom: "Oh! yes."

Squipps: "Hang him! I thought I should have your sister all to myself to-day."

Tom: "But you shouldn't want to hang Mr. Gayfellow. He was the one who told sister to invite you."

Squipps: "He? Why, what did he want me for?"

Tom: "To carry the baskets."—Illustrated Bits.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

Continued from page 1.

welfare of the state as the education of its urban children, and further recognizing that the present system of rural schools offers to the rural children educational advantages greatly inferior to those now offered to our villages and cities,

Be it Resolved, That the state of Minnesota should, proceeding along similar lines to those by which it has built up its excellent system of urban, graded and high schools, build up a system of rural, township and graded schools which shall fully meet the needs of our rural population and shall insure to them in their home schools as much instruction in elementary agriculture, manual training and home economics as it is possible to give, that such a system of rural and graded schools can and will be established in the near future.

Be it further Resolved, That we recommend that the secondary agricultural schools now established be strengthened and that additional schools be built from time to time as conditions demand.

CHANGES IN LAND LAWS.

Whereas, Minnesota is a region of fruitful soil, splendid waterways and water powers, boundless wealth producing resources and healthful climate, and it is the veritable parlor of nature's palace, and

Whereas, The said state of Minnesota is possessed of large and extensive areas of land secured under special grants from the federal government, and said lands as now handled constitute a continuing barrier against the full settlement and development of Minnesota by landlocking the settlers in some sections, making the building of roads impossible, and hence retarding the agricultural development of the state,

Therefore, be it Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that speedy, adequate relief be afforded by the next legislature looking to the correction of these evils. That laws be passed imposing a tax on all state lands not used exclusively for public purposes, to the end that these vast areas of state lands in Minnesota may pay their just proportion of the tax necessary for the building of roads, schools and public buildings. That an amendment to the constitution of the state be submitted to the people amending article 8 thereof, so as to permit the enactment of a better and more businesslike method of disposing of state lands, having in view the proper protection of the permanent school fund of the state.

There having been a lack of moneys from time to time in the funds from which loans are made by the state board of investment,

Be it Resolved, That it is the wish and will of this congress that Minnesota, through its board of investment, dispose of, at the earliest possible opportunity, enough of the bonds of other states held by this state necessary to secure and loan to our own towns and counties the money essential to state development, and especially for roads, drainage and schools.

STATE DRAINAGE.

Whereas, During the last few years drainage projects of enormous magnitude have been projected whereby vast areas of wet and low lands have been reclaimed and transformed into some of the richest and most fertile farm lands in the state of Minnesota,

Resolved, That we are heartily in accord with the drainage movement commenced by the different counties, the state drainage commission and the United States government and we recommend that all Minnesota counties do all in their power to further the cause of drainage; that the federal government be urged to reclaim the millions of acres held by them in trust for the Chippewa Indians; and, further, that the state legislature submit a constitutional amendment to the end that appropriation of funds can be made for the straightening and deepening of the rivers and channels which are the natural outlets of our drainage projects, and to generally assist in this important work.

Resolved, That this congress recommends that our state legislature, as early as possible, pass a law providing for a board or commission to have charge of or aid in waterways improvements, the development and control of water-powers and the use of water for domestic purposes; for irrigation, for developing power for commercial purposes, or in all ways that water may be used in our state.

TO PRINT PROCEEDINGS.

Whereas, The results and accrued benefits of the Minnesota Conservation and Agricultural Development congress depend very largely upon a wide publicity and general knowledge of the facts brought forth in the various sessions,

Be it Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting, and the opinion of the delegates here present, that all addresses given and all discussions brought forth be put into some permanent form, so that it may be widely disseminated among Minnesota people and all others interested in the welfare of this state and that a committee of five be appointed to to that end.

Be it Resolved, That measures be taken to empower some one of our state boards to secure accurate and exact statistics of Minnesota crop and farm production so that these facts may be compiled in pamphlet form and published annually.

Whereas, The value of soil survey would be of inestimable value to the people of this state,

Be it Resolved, That the federal geological survey department be urged by this congress to take steps to procure this information that Minnesota may have the advantages of a thoroughly authentic soil survey such as many states have already secured.

Whereas, The results of the good work and the public sentiment aroused by this congress depends on its continuation,

Resolved, That the counties of the state organize by the formation of auxiliary associations to work in harmony with the aims and purposes of this congress.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game
and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery,
Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
ffice over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, *Minnesota*

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A hall, Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouillet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Flodelsen, N.G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

NICK DREES
WELL
DIGGER

Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

☞Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.

Work Promptly Attended to

Leave orders at Gazette office

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissapation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of H. B. Kaufer.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court:

In the Matter of the Estate of H. B. Kaufer, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota, to Louis A. Kaufer, Henry J. Kaufer, Gertie E. Zeh, nee Gertie E. Kaufer, Emma E. Krost, nee Emma E. Kaufer, Ottilia Kaufer, Phil A. Kaufer, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Louis A. Kaufer having been filed in this court, representing that H. B. Kaufer, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the first day of March, 1910, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Louis A. Kaufer; and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of April, 1910, at ten o'clock p. m. why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court and the seal of said court, this ninth day of March, 1910.

(SEAL) S. A. SWANSON,
Probate Judge.

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. m24

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb., 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lammart J. Rawerts of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, who, on Feb., 4, 1904, made H. E. No. 23648 serial No. 01657, for SW¼ NE¼ Section 4, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. A. Swanson, Judge of Probate for Red Lake Co., Minnesota, at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 9th day of April, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Emil Jost, of River Falls Township, Minn.
John Kjoniekson of River Falls Twp. Minn.
Franz Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
Charles Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

Continued From Page Three.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	11.50
[illegible]	August J. Wentzel, Treasurer	100.00
[illegible]	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	150.00
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	20.00
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	23.50
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	1.60
[illegible]	Joseph Pigeon, Commissioner	1.00
[illegible]	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	2071.12
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	23.75
[illegible]	Town of Terrebonne	23.70
[illegible]	Fred M. Zaiser	2.50
[illegible]	[illegible] Treasurer	401.50
	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	300.00
[illegible]	Hennepin Bridge Company	100.00
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann, Commissioner	2.20
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	20.00
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann	2.20
[illegible]	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	50.00
16291	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	125.00
16527	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	200.00
16581	Ed. M. Evenson, Treasurer	1000.00
16607	Merchant's State Bank	200.00
16751	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	825.60
16862	H. E. Burkee, Treasurer	300.00
16866	Nels O. Nora, Treasurer	100.00
16877	Elias Joringdal, Treasurer	275.00
16943	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	200.00
17017	O. L. Larson, Treasurer	125.00
17079	Wm. Schaefer, Treasurer	150.00
17126	C. H. Martz	10.50
17130	Geo. Orr, Treasurer	150.00
17131	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	300.00
17234	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	100.00
17236	Ed. A. Aubol, Treasurer	200.00
17242	Alfred T. Rice, Treasurer	200.00
17255	State of Minnesota	20.00
	Total	$11412.86

COUNTY POOR

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 147.18	
[illegible] Settlement Forfeited Tax Sale	.07	
[illegible]		$ 147.25

COUNTY BOND AND INTEREST

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 5796.30	
Tax Collections	3490.58	
[illegible] Township Order	13.00	
Total		$ 9299.88

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 2519.31	
Refundments	19.93	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	6760.64	
Total		$ 9299.88

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible] State Bank, Red Lake Falls	$ 620.00
[illegible]	First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	200.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	160.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	712.22
16494	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	200.00
16495	First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	240.00
16622	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	360.00
16826	State of Minnesota	17.09
	Total	$2519.31

INCIDENTAL FUND

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 62.70	
Transfer from County Revenue Fund	100.00	
Total		$ 162.70

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 157.94	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	4.76	
Total		$ 162.70

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	[illegible]	$ 1.00
[illegible]	John P. O'Brien	4.11
[illegible]	[illegible]	.39
[illegible]	John P. O'Brien	6.50
[illegible]	S. A. Swanson	2.50
[illegible]	John P. O'Brien	5.81
[illegible]	O. T. Tandberg	11.54
[illegible]	John P. O'Brien	5.30
[illegible]	Joseph Salley	1.67
[illegible]	Wilhelm Michelet	1.00
[illegible]	S. A. Swanson	5.50
[illegible]	Frank Jeffers	10.00
[illegible]	A. A. Latendresse	14.55
16424	A. A. Latendresse	5.60
16425	A. A. Latendresse	3.67
16706	A. A. Latendresse	10.37
16713	A. A. Latendresse	5.00
16758	C. W. Johnson	9.20
16824	A. A. Latendresse	6.10
16825	A. A. Latendresse	2.84
16831	Wilhelm Michelet	5.00
16958	A. A. Latendresse	6.09
17047	A. A. Latendresse	10.00
17074	A. A. Latendresse	2.70
17152	S. A. Swanson	7.25
17243	Frank Jeffers	7.00
17264	C. W. Johnson	4.45
	Total	$ 157.94

PRIVATE REDEMPTION FUND

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance, Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 308.93	
Redemptions	12131.21	
Total		$ 12438.14

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 11303.07	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1135.07	
Total		$ 12438.14

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	$ 27.35
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	25.20
[illegible]	Netherlands American Land Company	37.54
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	205.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	39.60
[illegible]	Peter Klone & Son	58.65
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	101.33
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	73.71
[illegible]	F. M. Perrault	16.43
[illegible]	First State Bank	13.03
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	102.41
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	109.29
[illegible]	J. H. Gergen	110.60
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	199.41
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	353.71
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	26.61
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	67.95
[illegible]	Leo Steinert	250.61
[illegible]	Hiram Brown	14.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	95.82
[illegible]	Hiram Brown	86.52
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	32.14
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	124.76
[illegible]	A. P. Taupin	46.48
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	26.09
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	31.58
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	46.06
[illegible]	First State Bank	221.29
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	74.13
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	94.80
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	38.52
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	600.87
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	87.76
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	17.92
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	63.22
[illegible]	Heller & Foote	45.75
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	109.81
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	171.62
[illegible]	L. E. Quist	17.23
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	125.53
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	50.31
[illegible]	W. W. Prichard	16.02
[illegible]	A. P. Taupin	30.05
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	17.47
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	209.27
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	82.25
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	21.67
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	39.24
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	17.60
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	10.20
[illegible]	A. P. Taupin	9.56
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	38.61
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	123.22
[illegible]	P. B. Gaass	52.48
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank	23.82
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	21.50
[illegible]	L. C. Simons	11.97
[illegible]	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	12.50
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	67.41
[illegible]	G. Vandertuuk	45.21
[illegible]	E. E. Hall	89.42
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	498.32
[illegible]	Citizens State Bank	28.19
[illegible]	J. A. Duffy	98.01
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	83.15
[illegible]	W. W. Prichard	29.44
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	70.33
[illegible]	Peter Klone	29.42
[illegible]	F. H. Wellcome	86.70
16263	F. H. Wellcome	57.94
16267	L. C. Simons	17.47
16278	P. B. Gaass	28.85
16285	Tollef Jacobson	9.99
16292	G. Vandertuuk	60.75
16293	F. H. Wellcome	23.62
16294	F. H. Wellcome	169.83
16295	F. H. Wellcome	38.82
16296	F. H. Wellcome	47.10
16297	F. H. Wellcome	66.00
16298	F. H. Wellcome	36.12
16299	P. B. Gaass	13.22
16300	G. Vandertuuk	29.92
16302	F. H. Wellcome	20.24
16304	Merchants State Bank	46.09
16305	Merchants State Bank	20.10
16416	G. Vandertuuk	12.52
16517	F. H. Wellcome	141.27
16524	G. Vandertuuk	31.76
16747	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	38.42
16748	F. H. Wellcome	458.84
16621	Merchants State Bank	16.38
16024	F. H. Wellcome	120.59
16684	F. H. Wellcome	120.98
16685	P. B. Gaass	109.44
16689	G. Vandertuuk	11.35
16690	F. H. Wellcome	93.63
16702	G. Vandertuuk	122.83
16711	A. P. Taupin	3.24
16711	Hiram Brown	35.95
16734	F. H. Wellcome	73.67
16783	P. B. Gaass	27.48
16786	A. P. Toupin	49.55
16787	A. P. Toupin	16.38
16789	G. Vandertuuk	110.22
16796	F. H. Wellcome	143.07
16795	J. A. Duffy	14.83
16823	F. H. Wellcome	20.11
16827	L. C. Simons	22.98
16828	F. H. Wellcome	55.17
16832	G. Vandertuuk	39.13
16835	Emma Tandberg	27.76
16838	Merchants State Bank	42.34
16844	F. H. Wellcome	85.77
16845	F. H. Wellcome	221.35
16867	F. H. Wellcome	232.15
16871	First State Bank	43.68
16872	J. A. Duffy	107.11
16874	F. H. Wellcome	71.42
16879	P. B. Gaass	32.58
16880	F. H. Wellcome	25.28
16902	A. P. Toupin	74.04
16903	P. B. Gaass	30.98
17045	G. Vandertuuk	27.40
17046	Wheeler-Misner Loan Company	27.14
17060	P. B. Gaass	26.77
17068	F. H. Wellcome	83.29
17077	F. H. Wellcome	139.35
17078	G. Vandertuuk	98.67
17085	G. Vandertuuk	21.50
17093	P. B. Gaass	22.40
17134	G. Vandertuuk	59.58
17212	F. H. Wellcome	111.21
17219	F. H. Wellcome	70.88
17223	J. A. Duffy	18.32
17224	J. A. Duffy	10.52
17225	G. Vandertuuk	24.28
17230	F. H. Wellcome	718.12
17232	J. A. Duffy	123.73
17245	G. Vandertuuk	58.37
17254	G. Vandertuuk	137.75
	Total	$11303.07

GENERAL DITCH FUND

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 10102.27	
Assessments paid	19484.46	
Proceeds Sale of Bonds	29200.00	
Transferred from County Revenue Fund	35000.00	
Transferred to County Revenue to correct error in the issuance of Warrants on account of Repair of Ditches	134.00	
Total		$ 93920.73

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 22653.68	
Transfer to the County Revenue Fund	35000.00	
Refundment	8.78	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	38124.27	
Warrants Issued account Repair of Ditches Nos. 2 and 10	134.00	
Total		$ 93920.73

EXCAVATION

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14220	Standard Drainage Co.	$2500.00
14798	Standard Drainage Co.	1664.03
16677	P. S. Dorge & Co.	839.04
16698	P. S. Dorge & Co.	1510.74
16721	P. S. Dorge & Co.	851.60
16878	P. S. Dorge & Co.	1067.28
16930	Northwestern Drainage Co.	1597.32
	Total	$10020.01

ENGINEER'S FEES

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14187	C. H. Martz	25.00
14187	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
14293	C. H. Martz	5.00
14313	C. H. Martz	15.00
14365	C. H. Martz	25.00
14366	C. H. Martz	20.00
14368	C. H. Martz	20.00
14369	C. H. Martz	30.00
14370	C. H. Martz	5.00
14371	C. H. Martz	5.00
14372	C. H. Martz	5.00
14693	C. H. Martz	15.00
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
[illegible]	C. H. Martz	[illegible]
14142	C. H. Martz	45.00
16209	C. H. Martz	10.00
16211	C. H. Martz	30.00
16212	C. H. Martz	35.00
16218	C. H. Martz	8.00
16215	C. H. Martz	5.00
16334	C. H. Martz	50.00
16336	C. H. Martz	5.00
16339	C. H. Martz	5.00
16342	C. H. Martz	5.00
16405	C. H. Martz	35.00
16650	C. H. Martz	5.00
16651	C. H. Martz	10.00
16724	C. H. Martz	20.00
16725	C. H. Martz	10.00
16726	C. H. Martz	5.00
16727	C. H. Martz	5.00
16728	C. H. Martz	5.00
16811	C. H. Martz	6.00
16812	C. H. Martz	5.00
16983	C. H. Martz	5.00
16984	C. H. Martz	10.00
16988	C. H. Martz	25.00
16989	C. H. Martz	15.00
16990	C. H. Martz	20.00
16992	C. H. Martz	5.00
16994	C. H. Martz	5.00
16999	C. H. Martz	60.00
17001	C. H. Martz	15.00
17127	C. H. Martz	5.00
17128	C. H. Martz	5.00
17130	C. H. Martz	10.00
17131	C. H. Martz	15.00
17132	C. H. Martz	25.00
17133	C. H. Martz	10.00
17134	C. H. Martz	20.00
17135	C. H. Martz	10.00
17137	C. H. Martz	5.00
	Total	$ 880.00

ENGINEER'S EXPENSE

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14187	C. H. Martz	$ 1.75
14172	C. H. Martz	5.00
14293	C. H. Martz	.50
14313	C. H. Martz	4.00
14365	C. H. Martz	2.00
14366	C. H. Martz	4.95
14368	C. H. Martz	11.35
14369	C. H. Martz	11.65
14370	C. H. Martz	.50
14371	C. H. Martz	1.00
14372	C. H. Martz	1.00
14703	C. H. Martz	1.95
14975	C. H. Martz	9.00
14976	C. H. Martz	5.50
14977	C. H. Martz	6.00
14978	C. H. Martz	4.00
14981	C. H. Martz	2.40
16141	C. H. Martz	5.00
16209	C. H. Martz	12.50
16211	C. H. Martz	10.00
16212	C. H. Martz	1.00
16213	C. H. Martz	5.00
16214	C. H. Martz	8.65
16215	C. H. Martz	1.00
16336	C. H. Martz	16.00
16338	C. H. Martz	1.05
16342	C. H. Martz	5.25
16405	C. H. Martz	10.31
16650	C. H. Martz	4.50
16651	C. H. Martz	2.40
16725	C. H. Martz	8.45
16726	C. H. Martz	1.00
16727	C. H. Martz	1.00
16728	C. H. Martz	1.00
16811	C. H. Martz	5.50
16812	C. H. Martz	1.00
16983	C. H. Martz	7.35
16981	C. H. Martz	20.00
16986	C. H. Martz	12.90
16992	C. H. Martz	5.00
16994	C. H. Martz	5.95
17126	C. H. Martz	2.00
17127	C. H. Martz	1.00
17128	C. H. Martz	5.50
17130	C. H. Martz	2.00
17131	C. H. Martz	3.00
17132	C. H. Martz	6.00
17133	C. H. Martz	5.50
17134	C. H. Martz	4.00
17135	C. H. Martz	2.00
17137	C. H. Martz	5.25
	Total	$ 253.17

VIEWER'S FEES AND EXPENSES

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14162	O. W. Brink	$ 24.50
14163	E. A. Moran	18.85
14164	Otto Zaiser	32.75
14167	C. H. Martz	9.50
14169	O. W. Brink	28.25
14170	E. A. Moran	24.00
14171	Otto Zaiser	24.00
14172	C. H. Martz	12.00
14294	Fred M. Zaiser	8.00
14300	Joseph Belair	8.00
14301	O. W. Brink	28.85
14302	E. A. Moran	25.00
14303	Otto Zaiser	30.25
14309	Otto Zaiser	4.00
14310	Otto Zaiser	4.00
14311	O. W. Brink	4.25
14312	O. W. Brink	4.25
14367	G. K. Haavi	8.72
14697	Fred M. Zaiser	29.75
14698	Gilbert K. Haavi	36.19
14699	Joseph Belair	29.75
14700	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
14701	Joseph Belair	4.00
14705	O. W. Brink	3.50
14855	G. K. Haavi	6.47
14967	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
14968	K. O. Gigstad	29.14
14969	G. K. Haavi	29.64
15014	Joseph Belair	4.00
16124	Joseph Belair	28.92
16239	G. K. Haavi	8.72
16330	Fred M. Zaiser	35.00
16331	K. O. Gigstad	45.39
16332	Mitchell Quesnell	43.75
16348	Joseph Belair	4.00
16349	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16406	Fred M. Zaiser	32.00
16407	Gilbert Haavi	34.58
16408	Gunhard Lindquist	35.50
16566	K. O. Gigstad	5.75
16648	G. K. Haavi	8.72
16653	Mitchell Quesnell	7.50
16654	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16729	Fred M. Zaiser	4.00
16730	Gunnard Lindquist	7.00
	Total	$ 786.64

PRINTING AND ADVERTISING

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14157	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	$ 9.60
14159	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	$ 9.66
14160	Chas. W. Latta, Publishing notices of Hearing	8.00
14694	Red Lake Falls Gazette, Publishing notices of Hearing	11.42
14702	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14711	Red Lake Falls Gazette	9.21
14848	Red Lake Falls Gazette	9.00
14849	Red Lake Falls Gazette	8.83
14850	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.28
14851	Red Lake Falls Gazette	18.16
14853	Red Lake Falls Gazette	.75
14990	Red Lake Falls Gazette	8.63
14991	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.63
14992	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10.13
14994	Red Lake Falls Gazette	6.08
14995	Red Lake Falls Gazette	10.18
14996	Red Lake Falls Gazette	7.28
16221	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.08
16225	Red Lake Falls Gazette	5.08
16563	Red Lake Falls Gazette	15.23
16564	Red Lake Falls Gazette	13.08
	Total	$ 177.99

INTEREST ON BONDS AND WARRANTS

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14978	Merchants State Bank	$ 178.75
14251	Merchants State Bank	2145.00
14483	First State Bank	501.00
16200	Merchants State Bank	450.00
16201	Merchants State Bank	178.75
16208	First State Bank	165.00
16604	Merchants State Bank	2145.00
16822	First State Bank	501.00
17220	Merchants State Bank	178.75
17221	First State Bank	165.00
17222	Merchants State Bank	803.00
	Total	$7411.25

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PER DIEM AND MILEAGE

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14288	Ed. A. Aubol	$ 8.00
14289	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14290	Joseph Pigeon	9.20
14291	C. A. Lindquist	8.80
14292	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
14295	Ed. A. Aubol	8.00
14296	C. A. Lindquist	8.00
14297	Joseph Pigeon	3.00
14298	Wm. C. L. Demann	3.00
14299	Daniel Shaw	3.00
14304	Wm. C. L. Demann	3.00
14305	Ed. A. Aubol	3.00
14306	Daniel Shaw	6.00
14307	Joseph Pigeon	3.00
14308	C. A. Lindquist	3.00
14314	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
14315	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14316	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
14317	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
14710	Daniel Shaw	7.00
[illegible]	Wm. C. L. Demann	[illegible]
[illegible]	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
[illegible]	C. A. Lindquist	6.00
14359	Daniel Shaw	7.00
14860	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16249	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16250	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
16251	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
16252	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
16253	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16572	C. A. Lindquist	0.60
16573	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16574	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16576	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
16657	Joseph Johnson	12.00
16658	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
16660	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16662	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
16664	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
16817	C. A. Lindquist	6.00
16818	Joseph Johnson	12.60
16819	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
16820	Joseph Pigeon	8.20
16821	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
17018	C. A. Lindquist	3.30
17019	Joseph Pigeon	3.10
17020	Ed. A. Aubol	3.00
17021	Joseph Johnson	8.30
17027	Joseph Johnson	7.80
17028	Wm. C. L. Demann	13.20
17029	Joseph Pigeon	13.20
17030	Ed. A. Aubol	9.00
17031	C. A. Lindquist	11.50
17145	Joseph Johnson	12.80
17146	Ed. A. Aubol	6.00
17147	Joseph Pigeon	6.20
17148	C. A. Lindquist	6.60
17149	Wm. C. L. Demann	4.40
	Total	$ 394.50

MISCELLANEOUS

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14156	Newberry & Bulman, Livery hire for engineer	$ 17.50
14158	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices Ditch No. 32	11.40
14161	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices Ditch No. 33	9.50
14165	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire for viewers	12.60
14166	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire for viewers	16.00
14168	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	8.00
14388	Katherine H. Pleth, Refund of assistant paid by State	215.06
14693	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.00
14696	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	20.00
14704	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	10.60
14712	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	12.00
14846	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	6.10
14847	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	8.00
14852	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	16.00
14854	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.00
14966	G. K. Haavi, Livery hire	16.00
14970	Lewis A. Nelson, serving notices	12.80
14974	C. H. Martz, Expense, engineering party No. 35	52.85
14975	C. H. Martz, for rodman, No. 35	8.00
16126	Glenn Martz, rodman, Ditch No. 36	27.50
16137	Oscar Gunstad, chainman, Ditch No. 36	22.25
16140	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 36	78.70
16143	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 36	2.45
16208	Archie Whaley, chainman, Ditch No. 37	9.00
16216	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 37	57.85
16217	Glenn Martz, Rodman, Ditch No. 36	14.00
16218	Glenn Martz, Rodman, Ditch No. 37	20.00
16219	Archie Whaley, Chainman, Ditch No. 36	22.00
16227	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	14.00
16237	Glenn Martz, Rodman and profile work	16.00
16333	Zaiser Bros., Livery Hire	35.00
16335	C. H. Martz, Expense account, viewing	15.55
16339	C. H. Martz, Expense account, Ditch No. 38	9.00
16340	C. H. Martz, Expense account	5.06
16341	C. H. Martz, Expense account	2.15
16343	Archie Whaley, Rodman	5.00
16344	Archie Whaley, Chainman	8.00
16345	Archie Whaley, Chainman	8.00
16346	Glenn Martz, Rodman	21.15
16347	Oscar Gunstad, Chainman	13.00
16350	A. A. Latendresse, Reports on account of Ditch Loans	75.00
16351	A. A. Latendresse, Allowance account of Ditch services	175.00
16109	Zaiser Bros., Livery hire	30.00
16567	Glenn Martz, Rodman	8.85
16649	A. A. Latendresse, Co. Auditor's Fees account Ditch	175.00
16655	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.60
16656	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.20
16723	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.50
16724	C. H. Martz, Expense account survey Ditch 33	26.90
16742	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	13.50
16979	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	300.00
16980	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	124.07
16981	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	86.09
16982	Northern Culvert Company, Culverts for Ditch	73.85
16386	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 39	20.00
16987	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 38	48.00
16991	C. H. Martz, Livery account Ditch 40	18.00
16995	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 41	18.00
16996	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 38	60.00
16998	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 40	20.00
17000	C. H. Martz, Expense account Ditch No. 39	25.00
17002	Glenn Martz, Rodman	2.50
17005	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.50
17006	Charles Fellman, Chainman	10.00
17007	Charles Fellman, Chainman	24.00
17008	Charles Fellman, Chainman	8.00
17009	Charles Fellman, Chainman	6.00
17010	Charles Fellman, Chainman	4.00
17012	W. H. Quist, Board engineering party	10.00
17013	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	15.00
17014	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	11.50
17015	Lewis A. Nelson	10.00
17113	Lewis A. Nelson, Posting notices	14.00
17114	Glenn Martz, Rodman	30.00
17115	Glenn Martz, Rodman	5.00
17116	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.50
17117	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.00
17119	Glenn Martz, Rodman	3.50
17121	Glenn Martz, Rodman	21.00
17122	Glenn Martz, Rodman	14.00
17123	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.50
17124	Glenn Martz, Rodman	10.60
17125	Glenn Martz, Rodman	7.00
17136	George Hughes, Chainman	8.00
17139	George Hughes, Chainman	24.00
17140	George Hughes, Chainman	6.00
17141	George Hughes, Chainman	4.00
17142	George Hughes, Chainman	6.00
17143	A. A. Latendresse, Co. Auditor's fees, Ditch	200.00
17144	Thief River Falls Lumber Company, Lath for Ditches	7.50
17118	Glenn Martz, Rodman	12.50
	Total	$2720.12

SPECIAL BOND AND INTEREST FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 1465.39	
Tax Collections	950.14	
Total		$ 2415.53

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 534.93	
Refundments	.20	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1880.40	
Total		$ 2415.53

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
16869	George J. Flaten, Treasurer, Polk County	$ 534.93
	Total	$ 534.93

BUILDING FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan 2nd, 1909	$ 136.33	
Tax Collections	8.96	
Insurances Receipts on account of Court House Fire	4135.50	
Total		$ 4274.61

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 4022.70	
Refundments	.34	
Credit Balance Jan 3rd, 1910	251.77	
Total		$ 4274.81

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
16286	Adeline Bray	$1600.00
16287	Theodore Garceau	500.00
16288	Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.	1400.00
16289	Josie Doe	500.00
16808	C. A. Lindquist	3.60
16807	Wm. C. L. Demann	1.40
16809	Joseph Pigeon	3.20
16810	C. H. Martz	14.50
	Total	$4022.70

CURRENT SCHOOL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 782.67	
State Apportionment	18189.80	
Interest, Penalty and Costs on Delinquent Taxes	2068.76	
Fines	17.56	
Tax Collections	1.68	
Total		$ 21008.17

DISBURSEMENTS

Apportionments to School Districts	$ 28982.08	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	8.08	
Total		$ 21060.17

TAXES AND PENALTIES ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 7767.90	
Current Tax Collections	136629.34	
Delinquent Tax Collections	21805.50	
Mortgage Tax Collections	1900.80	
Interest, Penalties and Costs on Current Taxes	4639.32	
Total		$171948.06

DISBURSEMENTS

Taxes and Penalties Distributed	$180619.90	
Transfer to Redemption Fund, to correct error	83.80	
Refundments	108.87	
Credit Balance undistributed, Jan. 3rd, 1910	11131.08	
Total		$171946.00

WARRANT ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Warrants outstanding Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 3846.07	
Warrants issued during 1909	196116.62	
Total		$188484.96

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants redeemed during 1909	$188187.42	
Warrants outstanding Jan. 3rd, 1910	13327.57	
Total		$169464.99

STATE REVENUE AND SCHOOL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 78.00	
Tax Collections	12085.62	
Hunters' Licenses	132.60	
Total		$ 12286.92

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 9104.16	
Hunters' Licenses	132.30	
Refundments	18.61	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	3034.95	
Total		$ 12289.92

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14899	State of Minnesota	$3536.02
14400	State of Minnesota	72.00
16417	State of Minnesota	5496.14
16870	State of Minnesota	90.00
17070	State of Minnesota	42.30
	Total	$9236.46

STATE LAND AND INTEREST FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Credit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 462.74	
Collections	6228.46	
Total		$ 6691.20

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants issued	$ 5461.46	
Refundments	.27	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	1229.47	
Total		$ 6691.20

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14401	State of Minnesota	$ 707.92
16784	State of Minnesota	1144.64
16418	State of Minnesota	3608.90
	Total	$5461.46

REFUNDING ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

Amounts Charged Back	$ 347.07	
Total		$ 347.07

DISBURSEMENTS

Warrants Issued	$ 347.07	
Total		$ 347.07

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14096	Chas. H. Foy	$ 19.00
14253	Napoleon Doyen	1.80
14260	Henry Goergen	4.78
14281	Dan Laurent	7.00
14765	Mathias Skala	35.00
14766	Gustaf Anderson	13.06
14767	J. W. Kalp	14.00
16084	Joseph Hugl	11.73
16185	F. H. Wellcome	15.06
16301	Lars A. Loberg	4.96
16505	Peter A. Kolstad	.90
16542	Erick Olson	22.00
16543	John L. Radniecki	24.95
16582	H. Halte	24.55
16583	Nels N. Olson	1.02
16776	Mathias Skala	11.76
16795	L. B. Ornold, Agt.	22.85
16797	Wm. Stellwagen	16.20
16798	Fred Marti	16.20
16800	Anna Kretzschmar	4.18
16803	John C. Hawley	22.17
16940	L. B. Arnold, Agt.	17.80
16952	August Ackerlund	.27
16953	August Ackerlund	.20
17041	John H. Johnson	7.29
17042	John McDonald	23.95
17247	Peter Lachance	3.51
	Total	$ 347.07

SPECIAL COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE.

RECEIPTS.

Tax Collections	$ 1045.25	
Total		$ 1045.25

DISBURSEMENTS

Debit Balance Jan. 2nd, 1909	$ 796.02	
Warrants issued	147.50	
Refundments	.53	
Credit Balance Jan. 3rd, 1910	101.20	
Total		$ 1045.25

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14090	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	$ 147.50
	Total	$ 147.58

CONTINGENT FUND.

RECEIPTS.

By Transfer from County Revenue Fund	$ 50.00	
Total		$ 50.00

DISBURSEMENTS.

Warrants issued	$ 35.89	
Balance on hand Jan 3rd, 1910	14.11	
Total		$ 50.00

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
16830	Wilhelm Michelet	$ 19.17
16273	Wilhelm Michelet	18.72
	Total	$ 35.89

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FUND.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

No. of Warrant	To whom issued	Amt.
14058	Emil E. Zeh, Treasurer	$2150.00
14059	A. Welo, Treasurer	40.00
14076	Eli Boutain, Treasurer	164.17
14079	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	202.68
14065	Sigurd Krostue, Treasurer	75.85
14097	Charles G. Olson, Treasurer	89.35
14174	Amelia Miller, Treasurer	112.57
14179	Octave Beauchene, Treasurer	101.33
14189	Alfred Brunelle, Treasurer	189.99
14208	F. J. Mathews, Treasurer	167.91
14212	Sam Person, Treasurer	99.56
14214	A. A. Odegaard, Treasurer	299.76
14230	E. B. Lanager, Treasurer	230.00
14231	Felix Anderson, Treasurer	40.00
14233	Chas. Seegar, Treasurer	40.00
14239	H. B. Laplante, Treasurer	172.50
14242	Nic. Eckstein, Treasurer	40.00
14248	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	84.29
14250	H. Haupt, Treasurer	54.56
14257	Mrs. F. J. Coan, Treasurer	139.08
14279	Ole O. Slettevold, Treasurer	63.20
14376	Joe Laurent, Treasurer	105.00
14382	George Ramsey, Treasurer	105.00
14387	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1500.00
14390	Ole L. Otteen, Treasurer	51.99
14397	Segurd Krostue, Treasurer	44.41
14403	Carl G. Olson, Treasurer	53.17
14404	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	230.55
14405	Sivert Hanson, Treasurer	104.87
14406	Chas. G. Sall, Treasurer	332.45
14408	Hans J. Peterson, Treasurer	108.09
14412	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	145.11
14415	Louis Fulordeau, Treasurer	145.53
14447	John Parver, Treasurer	120.66
14451	August Swanson, Treasurer	127.63
14456	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1874.70
14459	John Westlake, Treasurer	155.62
14480	Andrew T. Nelson, Treasurer	102.33
14481	Ole O. Sunsdahl, Treasurer	86.47
14462	Hans H. Fjeld, Treasurer	113.50
14463	Olive Christenson, Treasurer	66.36
14486	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	55.86
14468	S. E. Wiberg, Treasurer	80.00
14473	A. Wilo, Treasurer	96.05
14475	Chas. Gerloch, Treasurer	141.89
14482	A. J. Hemstad, Treasurer	113.89
14496	Andrew Soderberg, Treasurer	225.84
14497	R. E. Vance, Treasurer	101.76
14499	Joseph Pigeon, Treasurer	122.75
14503	O. T. Tandberg, Treasurer	317.87
14586	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	490.14
14538	Amelia Miller, Treasurer	169.17
14589	Rasmus Aseby, Treasurer	76.19
14690	Joe. Laurent, Treasurer	273.78
14501	Swan E. Walhaug, Treasurer	69.33
14592	Edward Singer, Treasurer	116.42
14593	Thor J. Skaar, Treasurer	107.49
14594	R. C. Haga, Treasurer	100.44
14595	Fred Anderson, Treasurer	110.06
14800	Daniel Patterson, Treasurer	2172.72
14601	Lars P. Brandrud, Treasurer	101.44
14602	Iver Solheim, Treasurer	95.51
14603	Anton Peterson, Treasurer	138.02
14606	Daniel Johnson, Treasurer	200.52
14813	Ole J. Hanson, Treasurer	6.00
14614	J. F. Mathews, Treasurer	152.60
14619	Narcisse Robidaux, Treasurer	387.04
14620	Hulder Erickson, Treasurer	158.40
14621	Ferd Gothier, Treasurer	106.36
14623	Chas. Schmidt, Treasurer	153.47
14624	Raphael Frudreau, Treasurer	147.58
14631	R. O. Gordon, Treasurer	104.92
14632	M. P. Bakken, Treasurer	101.34
14633	Salve T. Myrum, Treasurer	87.11
14634	Ole Helgeland, Treasurer	103.83
14635	F. B. Lanager, Treasurer	350.62
14636	A. S. Anderson, Treasurer	164.18
14640	George Charest, Treasurer	157.87
14641	O. M. Peterson, Treasurer	122.38
14642	John A. Reinschmidt, Treasurer	139.75
14644	K. K. Sunnes, Treasurer	88.24
14645	E. E. Zeh, Treasurer	7429.37
14678	Eli Lasha, Treasurer	119.81
14730	C. A. Carlson, Treasurer	84.60
14731	Chas. Perrault, Treasurer	122.53
14732	Frank Lundeen, Treasurer	227.29
14734	T. M. Thorson, Treasurer	66.98
14736	Geo. Ramsey, Treasurer	133.44
14735	Swan Akeson, Treasurer	57.36
14739	E. Aakre, Treasurer	121.57
14748	Ed. Rustan, Treasurer	82.35
14770	Michael Kees, Treasurer	84.75
14771	Emory Dion, Treasurer	78.16
14775	P. O. Sorlom, Treasurer	71.20
14776	Anton E. Peterson, Treasurer	55.82
14777	James Jones, Treasurer	57.87
14778	Joseph Jean, Treasurer	143.05
14790	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	160.02
14797	Ludwig Weiss, Treasurer	55.18
14867	Eli Boutain, Treasurer	160.63
14868	T. G. Helle, Treasurer	137.34
14869	Dolphis Dion, Treasurer	90.78
14882	Ole Larson, Treasurer	79.91
14884	Sam Gunderson, Treasurer	133.62
14888	Walter McAndrews, Treasurer	140.17
14892	H. Haupt, Treasurer	57.07
14894	Carl Gerlach, Treasurer	98.81
14927	Sam Person, Treasurer	85.66
15018	Andrew Drydahl, Treasurer	109.88
15019	Ole O. Slettevold, Treasurer	45.26
15021	Magnus Winberg, Treasurer	182.29
15044	Alfred Brunelle, Treasurer	73.46
15053	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	1500.00
16047	Elief Gravile, Treasurer	164.07
16080	Knud O. Kroesen, Treasurer	201.52
16087	Jos. Laurent, Treasurer	150.00
16069	H. B. Laplante, Treasurer	56.24
16114	Peter Nelson, Treasurer	79.71
16179	John Kellberg, Treasurer	86.97
16186	State of Minnesota	2288.10
16257	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	92.01
16262	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	500.06
16266	A. F. Anderson, Treasurer	47.39
16270	Arthur Archambeault, Treasurer	113.28
16280	Fred Reerbower, Treasurer	61.27
16402	Joseph Pigeon, Treasurer	89.41
16421	Swan Akinson, Treasurer	141.26
16422	Thos. A. Crompe, Treasurer	595.09
16426	Nick Eckstein, Treasurer	486.93
16427	S. E. Wiberg, Treasurer	98.47
16428	L. P. Thysen, Treasurer	117.83
16429	Anton Petterson, Treasurer	97.19
16430	Chas. G. Sall, Treasurer	136.30
16431	Swan E. Walhaug, Treasurer	60.31
16432	E. B. Lanager, Treasurer	460.56
16433	Emil E. Zeh, Treasurer	5882.47
16434	K. K. Sannes, Treasurer	85.11
16435	John Jacobson, Treasurer	93.29
16436	Evangelist Quesnell, Treasurer	128.57
16437	Ole S. Ottum, Treasurer	150.05
16438	Ole Helgeland, Treasurer	22.62
16439	O. M. Peterson, Treasurer	54.11
16440	R. O. Gordon, Treasurer	20.87
16441	Edward Singer, Treasurer	89.89
16442	John Larson, Treasurer	171.83
16443	Gunder Olson, Treasurer	183.61
16444	P. O. Sorlom, Treasurer	56.18
16445	Andrew Drydahl, Treasurer	111.69
16446	John Power, Treasurer	160.26

No.	To whom Issued	Amt.
17251	Dalphis Dion, Treasurer	40.80
17252	Joseph Jean, Treasurer	180.80
17253	P. M. Thorson, Treasurer	74.66
17261	John Westlake, Treasurer	123.80
17263	Joseph Laurent, Treasurer	213.84
17187	Rasmus Aaseby, Treasurer	27.20
	Total	$66709.75

WARRANTS ISSUED

No. of Warrant	To whom Issued	Amt.
[illegible]	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	$ 468.24
[illegible]	Wm. Schaper, Treasurer	275.31
[illegible]	A. G. Sorenson, Treasurer	105.71
[illegible]	Ed A. Aubol, Treasurer	302.64
[illegible]	P. E. Smidesang, Treasurer	731.14
[illegible]	H. L. Larson, Treasurer	165.06
[illegible]	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	159.57
[illegible]	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	169.44
[illegible]	Louis Falardeau, Treasurer	405.19
[illegible]	O. M. Mandt, Treasurer	129.02
[illegible]	August Swenson, Treasurer	187.00
[illegible]	John C. Hagen, Treasurer	205.67
[illegible]	Geo. Orr, Treasurer	221.01
[illegible]	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	107.74
[illegible]	Ed A. Aubol, Treasurer	521.54
[illegible]	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	439.30
[illegible]	August Soderberg, Treasurer	277.51
[illegible]	Osov G. Skreland, Treasurer	234.31
[illegible]	H. R. Kalseth, Treasurer	158.12
[illegible]	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	70.35
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	15.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	30.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	90.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	180.00
[illegible]	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	30.00
[illegible]	Christ Peterson, Treasurer	221.50
[illegible]	H. J. Enderle, Treasurer	138.49
[illegible]	State of Minnesota	20.00
[illegible]	B. E. Burkee, Treasurer	561.19
[illegible]	Nels O. Nora, Treasurer	194.49
[illegible]	T. T. Kvale, Treasurer	3.92
[illegible]	Ed. Evenson, Treasurer	2567.63
[illegible]	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	270.58
[illegible]	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	198.39
[illegible]	John Linnertz, Treasurer	149.56
[illegible]	Peter Sullard, Treasurer	123.20
[illegible]	Ovide Emard, Treasurer	1150.66
[illegible]	Alfred T. Rice, Treasurer	64.60
14919	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	240.75
16094	Sever Nelson, Treasurer	139.42
16153	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	116.37
16178	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	181.02
16187	State of Minnesota	40.00
16188	State of Minnesota	60.00
16258	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	431.23
16275	Wm. Schaeper, Treasurer	209.21
16490	Sever Nelson, Treasurer	161.31
16491	O. L. Larson, Treasurer	464.35
16492	H. R. Kalseth, Treasurer	431.01
16493	John C. Hagen, Treasurer	504.29
16494	H. C. Jarr, Treasurer	191.21
16495	Albert Anderson, Treasurer	414.21
16496	Christ Odegaard, Treasurer	61.53
16497	Osov G. Skreland, Treasurer	611.43
16498	August Soderberg, Treasurer	506.21
16499	August Swenson, Treasurer	532.08
16500	B. E. Burkee, Treasurer	619.02
16501	Henry J. Enderle, Treasurer	257.64
16510	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	110.00
16511	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	15.00
16512	Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	[illegible]
16513	Ovide Emard, Treasurer	[illegible]
16514	L. C. Cadieux, Treasurer	[illegible]
16531	Stephen Singer, Treasurer	247.47
16541	Alfred Rice, Treasurer	151.81
16544	John Linnertz, Treasurer	[illegible]
16576	Geo. Orr, Treasurer	659.77
16585	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	[illegible]
16627	Ole O. Lee, Treasurer	[illegible]
16667	Nels O. Nora, Treasurer	337.70
16670	O. M. Mandt, Treasurer	136.14
16699	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	382.40
16700	Cyrille Lussier, Treasurer	490.00
16790	Joseph Marcott, Treasurer	556.09
16726	Louis Falardeau, Treasurer	691.86
17194	Peter Sulland, Treasurer	265.89
17196	T. T. Kvale, Treasurer	4.62
17197	Wm. Schaeper, Treasurer	538.04
17198	Elias Jorlngdahl, Treasurer	1024.61
17199	P. E. Smidesang, Treasurer	196.95
17200	Reinhart Johnsrud, Treasurer	12.06
17201	Ed A. Aubol, Treasurer	76.32
17202	Halvor Fodstad, Treasurer	240.21
17203	Chris Peterson, Treasurer	279.11
17204	Ed. Evenson, Treasurer	[illegible]
17260	A. E. Anderson, Treasurer	[illegible]
17255	State of Minnesota	[illegible]
	Total	[illegible]

[illegible] VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY, DECEMBER 31ST, 1909

TAXES FOR 1908 AND PRIOR YEARS

[illegible] Funds	$ 32301.83	
[illegible] for 1909	[illegible]	
[illegible] County Treasury	[illegible]	
Total		$ [illegible]

LIABILITIES

[illegible] Outstanding, County Fund	$ 9716.54	
[illegible] of Assets over Liabilities	66515.23	
Total		$ 76531.77

ASSESSED VALUATION OF RED LAKE COUNTY FOR 1909.

[illegible]	$3122124.00	
[illegible] Property, less exemptions	622475.00	
[illegible]		$2744599.00

INVENTORY OF COUNTY PROPERTY.

[illegible] 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Block 1 of Langevin's Subdivision of [illegible] the Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls [illegible] Court House Site and includes Jail Building)	$ 8000.00	
[illegible] residence, located on above property	2000.00	
[illegible] Property, includes furniture and fixtures	4000.00	
[illegible]		$ 14000.00

BONDED DEBT OF RED LAKE COUNTY.

[illegible] Jail Bonds	$ 3000.00	
[illegible] Funding Bonds	20000.00	
[illegible] Funding Bonds	14000.00	
[illegible] Refunding Bonds	10000.00	
[illegible] County Bonds	9339.13	
[illegible]		$ 56339.13

RED LAKE COUNTY DRAINAGE BONDS.

[illegible] outstanding	$153400.00

The foregoing statement prepared by the County Auditor is approved by [illegible] and respectfully submitted to the tax payers of Red Lake County, [illegible]

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 5th day of January, A. D. 1910.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
ED. A. AUBOL,
JOSEPH JOHNSON,
JOSEPH PIGEON,
Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor.

[illegible] Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
65 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
[illegible] Market Prices for all kinds [illegible] Liberal Assortment, Prompt [illegible], Satisfaction Assured. [illegible] Price List.
[illegible] First National Bank, Detroit; [illegible], Toronto, Ontario, Canada; [illegible]'s Mercantile Agency.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Too Much Love

By OSCAR COX

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While serving with my regiment as surgeon at Manila I received a letter from my old friend Dick Thurston at Batavia, Java, asking me if it would be possible for me to come down and see him. He was ill, and despite the fact that he was taking the best care of himself he didn't get any better. Couldn't I obtain a leave even for a few days?

I succeeded in getting a leave, and I found Dick Thurston on a coffee plantation, where he had gone some months before in the interest of an American grocery concern. He was living with a Javanese family, consisting of a mother, a daughter some twenty-five years old and several children. The young woman was attending to the patient's wants. Indeed, she had the whole care of him.

Dick was suffering from malignant dysentery. I put him under treatment, but got no response. A couple of days after I began he was as bad as ever. What puzzled me was that his trouble was intermittent. At one time he would appear so well that I couldn't believe there was anything the matter with him. Then, when I was congratulating myself that he was going to come out of it, down he would go again. As for the drugs I gave him, they appeared to have no effect whatever.

I hadn't been attending him long before I discovered that the Javanese girl who nursed him was in love with him. This set me to thinking. I had seen an extract somewhere—I think it was in a newspaper—from an old Dutch report stating that when a Javanese woman takes a fancy to an European she will either have him or poison him if she gets the chance. Might not this be a case in point? Without saying anything to Dick I resolved to watch her. She was very regular in bringing in his meals, and on several occasions when she did so I concealed myself in a closet, keeping my eye to a nail hole. But if she was poisoning his food she didn't do it when she gave it to him.

"Dick," I said to my patient, "your [illegible] I vex you."

"You don't mean it!" he exclaimed, astonished.

"Have you been making love to her?"

"I have never thought of such a thing."

"Have you any objection to doing so?"

Dick demurred, but [illegible] had a theory [illegible] his illness he finally consented. The next time she was with him he called her to him, took her hand in his and told her that her kindness was winning his heart. She did not object to a caress and went away looking very happy.

The next day Dick was better.

I told him to keep up his lovemaking for a few days, and he did so, with the result that his improvement was remarkable. I didn't care enough for further experimenting to ask him to [illegible] his devotional attitude and grow worse, so I resolved to eat some of his food myself. But to get the food that I was sure was poisoned I was obliged to have him do this very thing. He turned away from her, but did not eat the next meal she brought him. I smuggled in some food for him, ate a little of that the girl brought him and made away with the rest surreptitiously. The test fulfilled the conditions. The whole length of my alimentary canal became irritated. This was the same symptom as Thurston's. I didn't care to repeat the experiment.

There was now nothing to do but get the patient from out the clutches of this too much loving nurse, but my curiosity was aroused as to what poison she was using. I thought of watching her as she prepared the food, but to do this was impracticable. I would have tested the food chemically, but had no materials for the purpose. I was puzzled.

I had, among other instruments I had brought with me, a pocket microscope. It was by no means so powerful as the regular instrument, but excellent for its grade. For the want of something better I one day took up this microscope and brought it to bear on some of the food I had eaten. Immediately the cause of the trouble was revealed to me. The substance was filled with fine hairs—not animal, but vegetable—hollow tubes spiked like bayonets.

And these things had been passing through Dick's digestive organs. No wonder that he was ill. A comparatively few of them had made me feel as if I had eaten hot lead.

I took some of the food to a Javanese man from whom Dick had been buying coffee, showed him the hairs with the microscope and asked him what they were.

"Those," he said, "are bamboo poison hairs, so called from the fact that they are used by our people who wish to get some one out of the way."

After a consultation Dick and I decided that we didn't care to have anything to do with Javanese justice, so I advised him to keep on good terms with his "sweetheart" for a few days that he might get no more spikes in his stomach and get well. Nevertheless, before he ate any of the food she gave him I examined it with my glass.

Then one fine morning we walked away, leaving the maiden glaring at Dick from the door where he had said goodby to her.

Why He Didn't Go to Church.

A Scottish minister who was indefatigable in looking up his folk one day called upon a parishioner. "Richard," he said, "I hae na seen ye at the kirk for some time and wad like to know the reason."

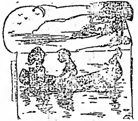
"Weel, sir," answered Richard, "I hae three decided objections to goin'—firstly, I dinna believe in bein' whaur ye does a' the talkin'; secondly, I dinna believe in sic muckle singin', an', thirdly an' in conclusion, 'twas there I got my wife."

Barnyard Conferences.

First Rooster—What did you say when she threatened her mother?

Second Rooster—I just gave her the laugh. You know she was raised in an incubator.—Philadelphia Press.

On Silver Lakes.



"Ah, darling, say that you will drift down the stream of life with me in my little canoe!"

"Make it a steam yacht, dear, and I'll say yes!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Reasonable Argument.

Attendant—Sir, you know very well that dogs are not admitted here.

Visitor—He isn't my dog.

Attendant—But it followed you in.

Visitor—Well, so did you.

Among the Girls.

"I paid only $17 for the hat, mamma."

"Dear me! What an awfully extravagant child you are! I've seen the same thing for $16.98!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Missing His Calling.

—Harper's Weekly.

Mrs. Goode—Begging again? Why, you didn't eat that piece of steak I gave you.

The Hobo—I didn't ask you for work, ma'am. What I wanted was something to eat.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an[illegible]
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HOWELL PLANER AND MATCHER
We Also Have Second-Hand Machinery
Established 1879
You no doubt find it a hard matter to sell your rough lumber to advantage because most of your customers want it finished. Furthermore you can get twice as much for your lumber by planing it, making it up into flooring, drop siding, window casing and mouldings, for which there is an unlimited demand at big prices. The Howell Planer and Matcher does all this work to perfection.
You can also make big money by working up all your slabs and waste material into Lath and Shingles. All you need for this purpose is our Lath Mill and Shingle Machine. We build the best and most up-to-date machines of this kind on the market which we can furnish you at manufacturers prices. Keep your plant running all the time. Remember we build complete Saw Mill Plants from top to bottom, all of our own manufacture. Our new Catalog B is just now out. If you have not received it, write to-day. Manufactured by
R. R. HOWELL & CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

EMPLOYMENT MOTORMEN and CONDUCTORS
Able-bodied young men of steady habits can secure good, permanent positions as Motormen and Conductors on the
TWIN CITY LINES
Electric Car Lines in Minneapolis and St. Paul
Pay $60 to $80 per month and increasing each year
Healthy, interesting work that a man enjoys.
FOR APPLICATION BLANK AND COMPLETE INFORMATION, ADDRESS
A. E. HAASE, Superintendent Employment Bureau, "Twin City Lines"
Snelling and University Avenues, St. Paul, Minn.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.
Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.
Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins Fargo, N.D.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS
Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us: Best prices. Price list free.
$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide
is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.
Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.
Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.
ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 68, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE SONS OF THE SOIL
They think deeply and decide definitely.
They know Beer is a Nature beverage.
Palatable, Satisfying, Healthful.
Their fathers knew its value.
They use it.
Their sturdy families prove its healthfulness.
They can afford the best.
You find in their homes.
Hamm's BEER
"Leads Them All"
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., St. Paul, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

EASTER CANDIES,
POST CARDS, EGG DYES

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

[illegible] has an interesting ad on the first page.

For Sale—A good piano.—Mrs. M. V. Hall.

Seed wheat and oats for sale. Chas. N. Bourdon.

Some good farms for rent—Sortedahl Land Co.

Easter hats and Easter millinery at Mrs. Lemieux's.

Supt. L. V. Koos spent a part of the week at Duluth.

Band concert, Bijou theatre, next Wednesday evening.

Homer Massey spent Sunday [illegible] Fertile.

Food and apron sale at Healy's office Saturday afternoon.

Food and apron sale at Healy's office Saturday afternoon.

A number of young people drove out to Terrebonne Sunday.

A few more second hand Drills left at William Findeisen's.

Ed. Moran shipped two cars of stock to St. Paul Saturday.

L. A. Kapp of Terrebonne was trading in town Wednesday.

Miss Thompson is spending the week at her home in Moorhead.

Perl W. Mabey, the Thief River attorney, was in town yesterday.

For Sale—Incubator and brooder, good condition.—Mrs. V. H. Dettling. A11

Noel Deforge was attending to business matters at Duluth this week.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, April 7.

Sever Nelson of Thief River Falls was in town last Friday buying some horses.

Mrs. P. F. Fletcher of Grand Forks is visiting with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

E. F. Wheeler and family have moved into the Benoit house in the south part of town.

Mrs. M. V. Hall returned Saturday from Grand Forks where she had spent several days.

The students of the public schools—and the teachers, too—are enjoying a vacation this week.

You will always receive courteous treatment from the First State Bank. They are interested in your business. Drop in and talk it over.

All the latest cloths and patterns in spring and summer dress goods at Gareeau and Rabertus'.

Judge Wm. Watts was in the city Tuesday at which time applications for citizenship were considered.

Dr. Fletcher, the dentist, will be at Dr. Wilkinson's office Monday and Tuesday, March 28 and 29.

Now is the time and Gareeau and Rubertus' is the place to buy your shirts, hats and caps for spring.

Hans Waage of Crookston, deputy treasurer of Polk county, was the guest of O. J. Knutson Tuesday.

Dr. H. C. Lyons of Hutchinson, state veterinary, was in the city this week inspecting some horses.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office at Crookston, was in town yesterday and today.

F. J. Leonard of Jordan, county attorney of Scott county, was in the city today attending to business matters.

Buy your lace curtains of Gareean and Rubertus, they are giving special discounts on them for a limited time.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Enright returned today from a visit with relatives in the twin cities, Red Wing and Stillwater.

We are showing a nice line of muslin underwear, both lace and embroidery trimmed —Gareean and Rabertus.

Strayed away from the Brohman farm, a sorrel colt and a bay colt. Please notify Louis Steff or Levi Champange.

There is nothing in it with an **"Acme Harrow"** as a Leveler and Pulverizer. For sale at William Findeisen's.

Rev. S. T. Palm of St.Hilaire will conduct services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

Co. Atty. Wilhelm Michelet was in town Friday in attendance at the meeting of the board of county commissioners.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office at Crookston, spent Sunday with his family in Red Lake Falls.

Flax seed for sale—First quality, grown on ground in clover six years and free of foul weeds. If spoken for soon, $2.25 per bushel will buy this good yielding flax.—Walter Columbus, Red Lake Falls, Minn. M25

EASTER AT FREUND'S.....

All kinds of Easter Novelties, Fruits, Confectionery, Postals, etc., are now on display at our store. Call and see our big line.

Freund's Store, - Phone 44

AMERICAN FENCE

MADE BY
American Steel & Wire Co.

A round, substantial, enduring fence, built on the elastic, hinged-joint principle—the most scientific, practical and perfect fence principle known. It yields to great and sudden pressure but returns again to the original shape.
Thoroughly galvanized and protected against weather.

FOR SALE BY
HUNT HARDWARE Co.
ESTABLISHED IN 1872
FOR 33 YEARS THE HOME OF RELIABLE GOODS.

Come and see the Chenticleer productions and other marvels of the millinery art at Mrs. Lemieux's Millinery Parlors.

We have on display 100 Ladies' Waists, ranging from $1.25 to $3.00 and they fit. Come in and see them.—The Big Store.

We have a big line of Ladies' suits on display now. You ought to see them. Big values for little money.—The Big Store.

Your interests are furthered by the interest you will receive on the Certificates of Deposit issued by the Merchant's State Bank.

Misses Ella Kruegor and Estella Hennemuth, teachers in the public schools of Fosston, are spending a vacation at home this week.

The ladies aid society of the Norwegian church will meet with Mrs. L. A. Nelson Friday, April 1. Lunch will be served. All are invited.

If you want to sell your land call and see us, or write us. Have one customer alone who wants land for a colony of 30 farmers.—Sortedahl Land Co.

You can go there and back in a twinkling for a few cents by using the long distance service of the Northwestern Telphone Exchange Company.

Our ladies' Utz & Dunn and men's O'Donnell spring shoes are here. Our line of shoes is complete and they are the right kind.—The Big Store.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire was in town Friday making report to the county commissioners on some proposed county ditch work.

Mr. Farmer, if you are in need of a **New Drill** come in and take a look at a **Light Draft Kentucky** and **New Tiger Disk Drill** at William Findeisen's.

The past success of the First State Bank is a guarantee for its future. Their equipment is thorough and efficient. Consult its patrons; they will advise you.

For rent—The S. E. ¼ sec. 31, Red Lake township. 110 acres under cultivation, 50 acres hayland. For further particulars address Elmer Ruhberg, Crookston, Minn.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

D. Patterson of St. Hilaire was in town Friday making report to the county commissioners on some county ditch work, he being one of the viewers on proposed work.

J. A. Nicholson desires by this means to thank his neighbors and friends for the many acts of sympathy and neighborly kindness shown him in his recent bereavement.

I wish to announce that the herd will be started as soon as the weather will permit. Herd will be on the same ground and rates the same as last year.—G. Lacoursiere.

I have people who wish to purchase some choice farms, both improved and unimproved. People having good lands for sale will do well to list them with me.—Ed L. Healy.

Miss Lorena Zaiser returned Tuesday from a visit of several days at Fertile and the twin cities, being accompanied to the latter place by Mrs. G. A. Kankel of Fertile.

The family of J. F. Fournet, the new furniture dealer, arrived last Saturday. Mr. Fournet has not yet secured a house and he and his family are at Paul's hotel for the present.

You don't want to wear that old hat all summer. Buy one of our new Gordons for Easter Sunday. We've just received our spring line of all the new colors and styles.—The Big Store.

The county commissioners were in session last Friday. Routine business and allowance of bills occupied the attention of the board. The official proceedings will be published next week.

Good things to wear and good things to eat may be purchased at Ed L. Healy's office Saturday afternoon. The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will hold a food and apron sale.

Miss Lucy Hunt, who teaches at Fertile, is spending the vacation at home. Miss Hunt was accompanied by Miss Lundeen of Litchfield, who also teaches at Fertile, and Miss Lundeen is her guest for the week.

Have you thought about that Spring Suit yet? Better get busy! We are now showing our spring line of Kuppenheimer suits and cravenettes and they are as usual, stylish and snappy.-The Big Store.

Miss Bertha Dorothy of Red Lake Falls completed a term of school at Grit the first of the week and returned to her home Tuesday. The first of April she will start a four months term at the Lynch school.—Plummer Pioneer.

The Woodmen are making elaborate preparations for the Easter ball to be given at their hall next Monday evening. Freund's orchestra will furnish music for the occasion and an enjoyable time is assured all who attend.

15c to talk to Crookston. Just think of the amount of business that can be transacted for this amount of expense. Use the service of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company which is good and reasonable.

Miss Pearl Mettling, niece of A. Rubertus and Theo. Gareeau, is spending the week at the Gareeau home. Miss Mettling, whose home is at Montevideo, is a student at the North Dakota University at Grand Forks, and is here for the vacation.

J. P. Bagan, who recently disposed of his farm property here, through the Ed. L. Healy agency, left last evening for Herman, Minn. Mr. Bagan got a stock of goods at Herman in the trade and has gone to take charge of the business.

Sivert Sater of the town of Hickory came in Wednesday and made final proof before Judge S. A. Swanson, on a valuable homestead he acquired in 1904 in the town of Hickory. Accompanying Mr. Sater as his witnesses were Peter E. Bjerkley and A. N. Linvick.

L. C. Simons, formerly of Red Lake Falls, now cashier of the Twin City State Bank, was in town from Friday until Monday visiting with friends and attending to business matters. He left Monday with Chas. N. Bourdon to visit the string of banks owned by himself and Mr. Bourdon.

The junior orchestra will make its first public appearance at the Bijou theatre Sunday evening. The young people in the orchestra are Ervin Toupin, piano; Alton Jackson and Robert Poirior, violin; Graham Kindseth, clarionet; Jack Hennemuth and Louis Phillion, cornets; Omar Hall, trombone; Morris Bruelle, drums; Franz Freund, bass viol.

Geo. Luckman, who purchased the Lizee farm in Terrebonne and Walter Scharf who purchased the Walker farm through the Healy agency last fall, arrived today with their families and a car load of household goods and farm machinery. The Luckman and Scharf families came from Goodland, Minn., where they were successful farmers and they will be welcomed to Red Lake county.

Friends in this city have received from Mrs. B. Zaiser invitations to the marriage of her daughter, Henrietta Bertha, to Mr. Charles L. Weiser. The wedding will occur at the home of the bride's mother in Merriam Park, Wednesday, April 6, and the young people will reside in Merriam Park. The bride and her mother formerly resided in Red Lake Falls and friends here are glad of the opportunity to offer best wishes. Miss Zaiser is a sister of H. H. Zaiser.

About fifteen of the young friends of Miss Anna Robillard tendered her a linen shower at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Telesphore Robillard, Saturday evening. The bride-to-be was showered with a number of pretty and useful articles. One of the means of entertainment for the evening was a flower guessing contest in which the prize, a pretty bon bon dish, was awarded to Miss Algina Guillmette. At eleven o'clock dainty refreshments were served.

A. G. Groshong went to Crookston Friday evening and upon his return Saturday he was accompanied by Mrs. Groshong and their little daughter, Alberta, who has been at St. Vincent hospital recovering from an operation for appendicitis. The operation was performed two weeks ago and was very successful. The little patient's condition has been favorable all of the time and there is no doubt that within a few days she will have regained her strength.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND.

First Presiding Officer of the Conservation Congress.

SOME LATE RETURNS

Officers Elected in Several Red Lake County Towns.

Equality.

Supervisor—Nels Loilend.
Town Clerk—Louis Sell.
Justice of the Peace—Andrew Anderson.
Treasurer—Ole O. Lee.

J. A. Walker and Ole Stedson had 24 votes each for Constable and it has not yet been decided which will be constable.

Rocksbury.

Supervisor—Henry Rondorf.
Town Clerk—Lars G. Nettelend.
Treasurer—Ed. A. Aubol.
Justice of the Peace—Charles Gustafson.
Constable—Ole A. Aubol.

Garnes.

Supervisors—Swan Olson, Swan Walhaug, Carl Sorenson.
Clerk—Olaf Tande.
Treasurer—Oscar Skroland.
Assessor—Simon C. Sater.
Justice of the Peace—O. N. Skomedahl.
Constable—Edward Gunstenson, John Sorenson.

Mayfield

Chairman—H. C. Jarr.
Supervisors—Nels A. Ackland, R. O. Garden.
Clerk—Sam Lovnes.
Treasurer—Ole Ruirgaard.
Assessor—Sever Mearen.
Justice—Charly Kjellin.
Constable—Iver Tvedt.

Black River.

Supervisor—John Power.
Clerk—Felix Anderson.
Treasurer—Albert Anderson.
Justice of the Peace—John Power.
Constable—Chas. Ford.

Louisville.

Supervisor—Alfred St.Michel.
Clerk—A. D. Berry.
Treasurer—Joseph Marcott.
Assessor—Fred Richards
Justice of the Peace—Fred Richards.
Constable—Arthur Roi.
Road overseers-Dist. No. 1 and 2, Nane Elested; No. 3, Victor St. Michel; No. 4, Adulf Zutz; No. 5, David O'Neil; No. 6, Paul Doyle; No. 7, Emil LaCoursiere; No. 8, Dines Layette.

Bray.

Supervisor—Alfred C. Olson.
Town Clerk—Ernest J. Akerlund.
Treasurer—A. E. Anderson.
Justices of the Peace—O. A. Akerlund, Emil Larson,
Overseer—Dist. 1, none; No. 2, Halvor Hanson; No. 3, Thomas Larson.

Sanders.

Supervisors—Hermen Ortloff, Sander Engebretson, August Kraus.
Clerk—Nels K. Anderson.
Assessor—W. O. Lind.
Treasurer—O. L. Larson.
Justice of the Peace—Nuls K. Anderson.
Constables—Fred E. Rux, Peter N. Ness.
Road Overseers—Dist. No. 1, Ernest Yonke; No. 2, Oscar Swanson; No. 3, R. Aaseby; No. 4, Fred E. Rux; No. 5, Ole Larson; No. 6, W. D. Lind.

River Falls.

Chairman Supervisor—J. S. Roy.
Supervisors—A. P. Sandberg, R. L. Hauge.
Town Clerk—A. S. Anderson.
Treasurer—Aug. Swenson.
Assessor—James Gilbertson.
Justice of the Peace—James Gilbertson, P. O. Nelson.
Constables—Andrew Martinson, Anton E. Anderson.

Wyandotte.

Supervisors—And. Nelson, Chairman. Anton Lee, Isaac E. Wilson.
Clerk—J. R. Larson.
Treasurer—H. R. Kolsoth.
Assessor—L. P. Brandrud.
Justice—H.R. Kolsoth

Lambert.

Supervisor—M. Riel.
Town Clerk—Louis Doucot.
Treasurer—Louis Farlardeau.
Assessor—Louis Doucet.
Justice of the Peace—Joseph H. Leblanc.
Constables—C. J. McGinnity, Alvida Bernier.
Road Overseers—Dist. No. 1, Petor Hince; No.2, John Platz; No.3, Levi Champagne; No 4, F. Fournior.
Poundmasters—A. F. Turgeon, F. Fournier.

Notice to Citizens of Red Lake Falls.

Notice is hereby given, that all cattle of all kinds found running at large or tied in the streets in the city of Red Lake Falls will be taken to the pound.

John Deforge,
Poundmaster
March 22, 1910.

SOME NEW CITIZENS.

Uncle Sam Has Several More Adopted Sons.

Judge Wm. Watts was in the city Tuesday and on that day considered petitions for naturalization. Following are the names, place of birth and present place of residence of those to whom naturalization papers were granted:

C. E. Steen, Norway, St. Hilaire.
K. Peterson, Norway, St. Hilaire.
K. O. Kolstad, Norway, Thief River Falls.
H. K. Jacobson, Norway, Thief River Falls.
H. O. Sande, Norway, Thief River Falls.
K. Prucha, Bohemia, Erie.
A. L. Hall, Norway, Thief River Falls.
A. Hetland, Norway, Thief River Falls.
K. Swanson, Sweden, Thief River Falls.
T. B. Mendt, Norway, Mayfield.
A. Sather, Norway, Thief River Falls.
H. O. Honndal, Norway, Kratka.
A. S. Breiland, Norway, Kratka.
S. O. Breiland, Norway, Kratka.
J. H. Svenson, Sweden, Deer Park.
O. J. Knutson, Norway, Red Lake Falls.
E. O. Rosli, Norway, Mayfield.
O. O. Omlid, Norway, High Landing.
M. O. Landsem, Norway, Smiley.
K. O. Larsen, Norwey, Hickory.
S. Sather, Norway, Hickory.
W. S. Erickson, Sweden, Red Lake Falls.
T. Belland, Norway, Reiner.
J. Ulvild, Norway, Clover Leaf.
G. S. Lillespe, Norway, Rocksbury.

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Value Received.

A man advertised recently in a London paper to forward, on receipt of postage stamps "sound, practical advice that would be applicable at any time and to all persons and conditions of life."

On receipt of the stamps he sent his numerous victims the following:

"Never give a boy a penny to hold your shadow while you climb a tree to look into the middle of next week."—Tit-Bits.

Used to Glucose.

"While in Vermont I had some pure maple syrup."

"What of that?"

"I think I could learn to like it, once I became accustomed to it."

A POSER.

"You must only believe half he tells you."
"Which half?"

A CHANGE AT BIJOU

P. L. Malvin and Jos. Toupin Purchase Opera House and Fixtures.

P. L. Malvin and Jos. Toupin this week purchased the Bijou opera house building from H. H. Zaiser and also purchased the picture machine, piano and opera house fixtures from J. C. Wander and Dennis Lemieux. The new proprietors take possession next week and they say that they are going to put on the best shows the town has ever had. The new proprietors are hustlers and there is no doubt that they will make a success of the venture in the show business.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the City Council held at the City Hall March 3rd, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the President.

Alderman present: Paul, Hunt Salley and Crompe.

Alderman absent: Hennings.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co., Street lights for Feb. 1910	$72.40
Red Lake Falls Fire Department, attendance at fire of Feb. 20, 1910	$21.00
Max Ingber, supplies	.60

A communication from the Mayor was read and on motion duly carried the appointment of W. S. Ericson as secretary to the Mayor was confirmed.

Alderman Salley offered the following resolution and moved its adoption.

Resolved that the salary of the mayor's secretary be set at $100.00 per month.

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted aye: Salley, Hunt, Crompe and Paul.

Alderman voting Nay: none.

Whereupon the president declared motion adopted.

On motion meeting adjourned.

Simon Paul, President.

Approved this 23rd day of March, 1910.

J. A. Duffy,
Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

Letters by Wire.

Announcement is made by the Western Union Telegraph company that it will shortly be prepared to handle long night messages at the rates customarily charged for ten-word day messages.

The announcement states that "a special Night Letter service will be established as soon as practicable. The charge for this service will be the standard day rate for ten words, for the transmission of fifty words or less, and one-fifth of such standard day rate will be charged for each additional ten words or less."

To be taken at these rates, "Night Letters" must be written in plain English, that is to say code words or communications written in foreign languages will not be accepted. The messages will be taken at any hour up to midnight and transmitted at the company's convenience during the night for delivery the following morning. The tariff charged for Night Letters is so low that it is expected that the new service will be largely availed of by business concerns and others to quicken their correspondence by using the telegraph instead of the mails. A Night Letter sent by telegraph will reach its destination at the opening of business hours the following morning, thus saving as much as three or four days when long distances are involved.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

Get the Choice Oranges of Our 5,000 Groves

We pick, pack and ship 60% of the California Orange crop. These are of varying grades. The choicest selections are packed under the "Sunkist" label. To get the finest oranges you must insist on fruit that is wrapped in tissue paper with the word "Sunkist" printed thereon.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

They are delightfully sweet, juicy and fiberless. They are firm, thin skinned and deep tinted.

"Sunkist" oranges and lemons are picked by gloved hands, wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper, packed carefully so as to eliminate chances of becoming bruised or soft. No bruised fruit or fruit that falls to the ground is put in a "Sunkist" wrapper.

Look for "Sunkist" on the wrapper. Ask your dealer for oranges and lemons with "Sunkist" label on the tissue paper wrapper. Oranges and lemons without "Sunkist" wrappers are *not* "Sunkist" brand. Be sure you get oranges and lemons in their original "Sunkist" wrappers.

Free: Rogers' Orange Spoon

To make it doubly interesting for you to insist on "Sunkist" in the original wrappers—either oranges or lemons—we will give you a beautiful Rogers' Orange Spoon. Just send us twelve wrappers and six 2c stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send the spoon by return mail. Get a dozen "Sunkist" and send today for your first spoon. Address

California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

[illegible] GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MARCH 31, 1910
VOL. XXVII—NO. 27

LESS WORK FOR COURT THAN USUAL

[illegible] the Cases on the Calendar Have Been Disposed of.

[illegible] District Court [illegible] Adjourn [illegible]

[illegible]

JOSEPH SCHUSSER

Passed Away Saturday Evening After Long Illness.

After an illness lasting nineteen months, during a greater part of which time he was confined to the house, Joseph Schusser passed away at 8:10 o'clock last Saturday evening. Death was due to paralysis.

Deceased was fory-one years old. He was born in Calumet county, Wis., Oct. 18, 1868, but for more than twenty years he has resided in Red Lake Falls. Eighteen years ago Mr. Schusser and Miss Emma Sandberg were married. Mr. Schusser is survived by his widow and two daughters, Bernetta, aged 16, and Irene, 11 years old. Other relatives are his mother, Mrs. Anna Schusser, who resides in this city and four sisters and three brothers.

The brothers and sisters are, Carl Schusser and Miss Sophia Schusser of this city, Mrs. Pat Roark of Thief River Falls, Mrs. Paul Holznecht of Missoula, Mont., Mrs. Wm. Lennon of Kelliher, Michael Schusser of Cour de Alene, Idaho, and A. E. Schusser of Bemidji. Mrs Roark, Mrs. Lennon and A. E. Schusser were here for the funeral.

The funeral services were held Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock at St. Mary's church, of which deceased was a member, Rev. Fr. Ambrose officiating. Members of the Woodmen lodge, of which deceased was a member, attended in a body.

Boy Rescued From Drowning.

The three year old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Torstvet had a very narrow escape last Tuesday morning. The little fellow had been playing in the back yard with his older sister and he had made bold to go near the mill-race situated just back of the Torstvet home. The little girl missing her brother ran and told her mother that he had fallen into the river. Mrs. Torstvet rushed to the scene and discovered the unconscious body lying on the bottom of the mill race. She jumped in and carried him to a place of safety where with the assistance of neighbors he was finally restored after much persistant work.

If the mill had been running there is little doubt that the currant would have been strong enough to have carried the little fellow down the stream and beyond the power of rescue in a very few moments.—Theif River Press.

For garden and field seeds, go to LaBissoniere, the old reliable seedsman.

IN THE SPRING A YOUNG MAN'S FANCY--

Dan Cupid is a Sure Shot and Bags His Game in Flocks and Herds.

Six Weddings in Four Days is the Record for Red Lake Falls.

Dan Cupid has abandoned the worn out custom of going hunting with a poor imitation of a red man's hunting paraphenalia and now he carries a gatling gun or perhaps it is one of those "ten shots quick" shooting pieces. Anyhow he gets 'em in bunches and six weddings in four days is the new record for Red Lake Falls. Tuesday was the red letter day when three "nuptial events" were pulled off and the supply of rice and old shoes is exhausted.

Olson—Regnstrand

Judge V. M. Higubotham started the good work when he officiated at the marriage of Mr. Wigor Regnstrand of McIntosh and Miss Dora Olson of Thief River Falls. The ceremony was performed at the office of Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson and during the hour and forty-seven minutes it took the judge to perform the ceremony a large number of young people clamoring for marriage licenses gathered at the door of the clerk's office. Judge Higinbotham is receiving the hearty congratulations of friends for having come out of the ordeal, his first marriage ceremony, in such excellent condition. Mr. Regnstrand and his bride, it is said, are claiming a world's record in a new endurance test. Mr. and Mrs. Renstrand left Saturday evening for McIntosh where they will reside.

Bedord—Bjorgo

Miss Josephinse Bedord and Mr. Fred C. Bjorgo were married Tuesday morning, March 29. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph's church, Rev Fr. Bossus officiating.

Fathergale—Raymond

Miss Beatrice Fathergale, step daughter of John Hunter, who resides southeast of town, and Mr. Emil Raymond, who resides in Polk county, near Mentor, were married Sunday, March 27. The ceremony was performed at four o'clock Sunday afternoon at the residence of Judge S.A. Swansen, the judge performing the ceremony. This was the most romantic of the weddings of the week, for friends of the young people knew nothing about it and Mr. Hunter says he believes it was an elopement for he wasn't consulted.

Prudhomme—Beede

Miss Delema Prudhomme, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Prudhomme of this city, and Mr. Harry Beede of Crookston were married Monday, March 28. The ceremony was performed at nine o'clock in the morning at St. Joseph's church, Rev. Fr. Bossus officiating. Monday evening the young people left on a short wedding trip after which they will go to housekeeping at Crookston.

Bottineau—Cyr

Miss Emily Bottineau and Mr. Joseph L. Cyr, both of this city, were married Tuesday morning, March 26. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph's church, Rev. Fr. Bossus officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Cyr left Tuesday evening on a wedding trip to the twin cities. They will live in Red Lake Falls and after April 10 will be at home to their friends. They will occupy a house in "Little Canada."

Robillard—Cyr

Miss Anna Robillard and Mr. George Cyr, both well known young people of this city, were married Tuesday afternoon, March 29. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph's church at 4 o'clock, Rev. Fr. Bossus officiating. The young people were attended by Miss Laura Cyr, sister of the groom, and Mr. Ernest Tonpin. The automobile which conveyed the wedding party to and from the church was artistically decorated with old shoes and other appropriate trimmings. Mr. and Mrs. Cyr will occupy rooms in the second story of the Bray building.

HOUSE BURNED

Residence of Alex Wolf Destroyed Yesterday.

The house owned by Alex Wolf and located in the southern limits of the city was burned to the ground yesterday afternoon. The house was so far out that it was impossible for the firemen to get water to it and the building burned to the ground in a short time and it was impossible to save much of the household goods.

Two families lived in the house, the family of Alex Wolf, the owner of the building, and the family of his son, Noah Wolf. The fire started from a defective chimney. The building was insured for $900 and the two sets of household goods for an equal amount. The loss will not much exceed the amount of the insurance.

Gave Fine Concert.

The concert given at the Bijou theatre last evening by the Red Lake Falls concert band was the best that the band boys have given in many months and the good music was appreciated by an audience that should have been much larger than it was. The good work that the band boys are doing gives promise that the people of Red Lake Falls are going to enjoy some fine open air concerts next summer.

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.04
Durum	.86
Rye	.59
Oats	.35
Flax	2.16
Barley	.46
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.15
Butter, dairy	.25

The rope drive at the light company's power house broke early Tuesday evening and the city was without lights for two hours while the engineer was getting up steam.

Relatives of the late Joseph Schusser desire, by this means, to to express their sincere thanks to neighbors and friends whose sympathy and assistance have been of great assistance to them in the time of their bereavement.

See "The Dolly" Ladies' Suits at the Big Store. Biggest values ever offered to the public of this city. $10.90 buys a fine tailored, satin lined, pleated skirt, nicely trimmed suit, regular length, fine fitting in every way. Save worry, trouble of fittings, by buying a ready made suit. We have 25 in stock and more coming. Look them over anyway. We are glad to show you.

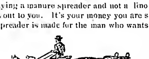
JIM HILL SAYS:

"We will have a famine inside of fifty years if the farmers don't fertilize properly."

The time has come when every good, progressive farmer knows that it pays to keep stock and also to own a manure spreader. Now then, after you have made up your mind that a manure spreader is the best investment you can make, the question of what spreader to buy has come to you. When you buy a horse you don't take the first old pelter that is offered you. We say to you, that there is just as much difference in manure spreaders as there is in horses. Let us help you. We will show you what is best in spreader construction so you will know what to look for and what you are paying for.

Before You Buy

Take a day off and look at the Great Western. Take along a knife, a rule and a sledge hammer. Jab your knife into the sills, cross frame, bolsters, axle caps, heater bars, pole, etc., and see what they are made of. If they are not oak you don't want them. Take your rule and measure these parts. You don't want light parts. They won't stand the heavy work. Take a sledge hammer and pound the fifth wheel or circle, tie clips and parts. See if they are cast iron or malleable. You will need strength in your soft yards. Make a comparison of other machines with Great Western construction. Make it fairly and honestly. Make it yourself. Keep in mind the fact that you are buying a manure spreader and not a line of talk some salesman hands out to you. It's your money you are spending. The Great Wester Spreader is made for the man who wants the very best.



JOSEPH HELM,
FARM MACHINERY, RED LAKE FALLS.

A FINE SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT

Grade Pupils of Public Schools to Give Program at Woodmen Hall.

Program Will be Given Friday and Saturday Evenings, April 1 and 2.

The grade pupils of the Washington and Lafayette schools will give an entertainment at Woodmen hall Friday and Saturday evenings, April 1 and 2.

The program will be divided into three parts. The first part is to be Little Red Riding Hood, a musical comedy in four scenes. This is to be given by the little people and the cast of characters is as follows:

Red Riding Hood—Liouse Zaiser.
Mother—Louise Olin.
Wolf—Ruel Detling.
Fairy Queen—Audrey Reichert.
Woodsmen—Harold Gaass, Maurice Robillard, Reynold Belair.

Part two will be a ghost drill by eight boys.

Part three, Mrs. Jolly's Wax Figures, will be given by the pupils of the upper grades and will be funny if not pathetic. Following is the list of characters:

Freaks of Nature—Mr. Lost Cash; The Dude; Young man with a bank account; Young lady who can cook; Man who never told a lie; Woman who kept a secret.

Chamber of Horrors—Organ grinder; Savage and his victim; Ruffian disarmed by a smile; Cleopatra; Sleeping Beauty and the Prince; John Alden and Prisilla; Rebecca and Rowena.

Historical Chamber—Christopher Columbus; Joan of Arc; Robinson Crusoe; Nero; King Alfred.

Notorious Curiosities—Chinese Giant; Two-headed girl; Celebrated Welch Dwarf; Jack Sprat and his wife; Bachelor and his wife; Mother Goose; Babes in woods.

The musical numbers on the program will be furnished by Fruend's orchestra.

At three o'clock Friday afternoon a matinee for school children only will be given for which the admission price will be only ten cents. Tickets to the evening entertainment will cost twenty-five cents.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
March 18th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 2:00 o'clock P. M., March 18th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

Members present: Aubol, Johnsn, Pigeoon, Demann and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

Order Setting Off Freeholder From One School District to Another.

Whereas, The petition of R. M. Johnson, a freeholder of School District No. 41, in this county, with the approval of the County Superintendent endorsed threon, representing that he is the owner of the lands hereinafter described, which are situate in the said School District, and that the said lands ajoin School District No. 68 and asking that his lands may be set off from said district No. 41 to said district No. 68 for the following reasons:

That there is two miles to the school house in District No. 41 and no road; while it is only one mile to the school house in District No. 68, was presented to the county board of this county, at a session of said board held on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1910, for the action of the said board thereon; and Whereas, it was thereupon ordered by the said County Board that a hearing should be had on said Petition at a session of said board commencing on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 2:00 o'clock P. M. and Whereas, it was further ordered in and by said order that notice of the time and place of such hearing be given by posting a notice of said hearing in three public places in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition, and by serving upon the clerk of each of said School Districts, personally, a copy of said notice, at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing, and by giving two weeks published notice thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a duly qualified newspaper printed and published at Red Lake Falls, in said county; and Whereas, at the said session of said board, commencing on said 18th day of March, A. D., 1910, proof of the due publication, posting and service of said notice of hearing as therein directed and required, more than ten days prior to said last named date, having been made and filed, said petition was publicly read and considered by the board, with everything which was said by said interested parties for or against granting the prayer of the petitioner, and being satisfied from all the evidence produced at such hearing that the allegations of said petition are true and said board being of opinion that the prayer of said petitioner should be granted, it is hereby ordered and determined that the following described lands owned by him, to wit: The South East Quarter (SE¼) of Section Sixteen (16), and Lot One (1) and North Half (N½) and the South West Quarter (SW¼) of the North East Quarter (NE¼) of Section Twenty-one (21) all in Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) Range Forty-one (41) in the Township of Kratka County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota be and the same is hereby set off from said school District No. 41 to said School District No. 68 and said lands are hereby made part of said last named School District for all purposes whatever.

By order of the County Board.

Dated the 18th day of March, A. D. 1910.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of the County Board
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Lalendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of the Board.
(Seal)

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann who moved its adoption duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Be It Resolved, That, pursuant to the terms of the building contract heretofore made between the County of Red Lake and James Brady, providing for the construction of the court house, upon the filing each month in the office of the county auditor duly signed and executed by Fremont D. Orff, the Archetect in charge of said building, showing and certifying the amount and value of the work done upon said building under said contract, by the said James Brady during the month immediately preceeding the filing of such certificate, the county auditor is hereby authorized and instructed to issue and deliver to said James Brady, his warrant upon the treasurer of the county for the amount and value of such work so certified to have been done, less fifteen per cent of the amount so certified, which fifteen per cent shall be retained by the county as a guarantee, until the completion of the contract.

On roll call the following Commissioners voted aye, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: Aubol and Johnson.

Whereupon the chairman declared the said resolution adopted.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Johnson who moved its adoption seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Whereas this board, at its last meeting selected a better and more expensive brick for facing purposes in the construction of a court house than that covered by the bid and contract by James Brady, contracter, with the county, there being a difference in the price of the two grades of eleven dollars per thousand; and we believe it to be for the best interests of the county that the grade selected by the board be used, therefore,

Be It Resolved, That the said James Brady, contractor, be and he is hereby authorized to purchase, provide and use in the construction of the court house the grade and kind of brick selected by this board as aforesaid and to add the difference in the cost of the same to the amount to become due him from this county on his said contract under the terms of same and the county of Red Lake shall, and hereby agrees to pay him such additional amount upon the certificate of the architect in charge, in the same manner as other payments are made upon said contract.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Johnson, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioner voted nay, Aubol.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

On motion made, seconded and carried unanimously the county auditor was instructed to have the abstract of the penal laws of the State of Minnesota relating to forest and prairie fires as submitted by the Forrestry Commissioner published for three successive weeks after April 1st, 1910, in each of the following papers: The Red Lake Falls Gazette, Thief River Press and Thief River News.

Resolved, that the Township of Lake Pleasant be reimbursed $100 on account of an appropriation heretofore made from the Road and Bridge Fund but not drawn, to aid the said township in repairing the highway between Sections 14 and 23 in said township; township required to expend at least double the amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the township of Wyandotte be reimbursed $150 on account of an appropriation heretofore made from the Road and Bridge Fund but not drawn to aid the said township grading and ditching on highway on section line leading from the South west corner of Section 9 to the South east corner of Section 12 in said township: township required to expend at least double this amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the township of Bray be reimbursed $100 on account of the appropriation made by the board under date of July 12th, 1909, from the Road and Bridge Fund but not drawn; township required to expend at least double the amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of $200 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county Road and bridge Fund to aid the township of Star in the grading of a highway commencing at the southwest corner of Section 18 in the said town, running thence due north on the range line between ranges 39 and 40 and terminating at the northwest corner of the south west quarter of section 7 in the said town; township required to expend at least double the amount.

Resolution prevailed.

The application of Joseph Belair and R. J. McKercher for auctioneer licenses were granted.

Motion made by Commissioner Pigeon seconded by Commissioner Aubol that C. H. Martz be employed to make five ditch maps of the county showing the route of the ditches on the reservation for the use of the commissioners at the agreed price of $5.00 per map.

Motion carried unanimously.

The application of John Gillis for cancellation of taxes on real property for the year 1908 was granted subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

The application of the townships of Kratka and Silverton for road and bridge appropriations were on motion duly laid over.

Motion made by Commissioner Pigeon seconded by Commissioner Demann that the unearned portion of the liquor license fee, less $10.00 in each case, dating from March 9th, 1910 be returned to Bouchen Bros. and Paul Leroux.

Motion carried unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Pigeon who moved its adoption, seconded by Commissioner Johnson:

Resolved, That the sum of $500 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the general revenue fund of Red Lake county for the purpose of assisting to maintain an exhibit of the products of said county at the Minnesota State Fair for the year 1910.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Pigeon,

Continued on Last Page.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF RED LAKE COUNTY

Annual Report of Supt. H. F. Anderson Contains Interesting Information.

Country Schools of County Receive $3100 in Special State Aid.

The annual report of County Superintendent H. F. Anderson, just made, contains some interesting information. There are 2154 pupils enrolled in the country schools of the county and of this number all but 495 are entitled to apportionment. The total enrollment in all of the schools of the county, city village and country, is 4397. Of the pupils in high and graded schools 1592 are entitled to apportionment. The average number of days attended by pupils in the country schools is 76, in the high and graded schools 135. There are 20 men and 113 women teaching in the public schools. The average monthly wages for men in the country schools is $39.46, in the high schools $72.67; for women in the country schools $34.09, in the high schools $50.16. Of the teachers employed 31 are high school graduates, 31 normal school graduates and 9 college graduates. 107 of the districts loan free text books; 7 districts sell text books at cost. There are 47 school libraries in the county and 1155 volumes for school libraries were purchased during the year. The average length of schools is 7.1 months.

The average of taxation for country schools is 11.2 mills; for high schools 21.9 mills.

For the year ending July 31, 1909, Red Lake county received $3100 special state aid. This in addittion to the apportionment money and special aid to high and graded schools. This state aid is a great incentive to longer terms, better equipment and better qualified teachers. Each school receiving this state aid must have at least eight months school, suitable buildings, library and apparatus for doing efficient work. Each room must be clean and well kept and provided with good heating and ventilating plant. A school which meets the above requirements and employs a second grade teacher gets $100. If a first grade teacher is employed $150 is received. A semi-grade school receives $300. Following is a list of the schools receiving special state aid and the teachers employed in each:

Brooks, Dist. No. 126—Teachers, Miss Mary Davis and Laura Halseth.

Terrebonne, Dist. No. 79—Teachers, Florence Columbus and Grace Bagan.

District No. 80—Teachers, Ida Wik and Lorraine Longtin.

Lambert, Dist. No. 76—Teacher, Rose Miller.

Plummer, Dist. No. 16—Teachers, Irene Caldwell and Alice Wichterman.

Highlanding, Dist. No. 37—Teachers, Ida Bjorge and Ida Skeim.

Red Lake Falls, Dist. No 63—Teacher, Katie McAnulty.

Red Lake Falls, Dist. No. 112—Teacher, Carl Schusser.

St. Hilaire, Dist. No. 154—Teacher, Otto Olson.

St. Hilaire, Dist. No. 178—Teacher, Beartilda Pederson.

St. Hilaire, Dist. No. 133—Teacher, Nannie Swanson.

St. Hilaire, Dist. No. 27—Teacher, Annie Fallman.

St. Hilaire, Dist. No. 54—Teacher, Stella Sjostrom.

Red Lake Falls, Dist. No. 81—Teacher, Coranna Tonpin.

Brooks, Dist. No. 141—Teacher, Marie Crompe.

Brooks, Dist. No. 151—Teacher, Delia Ford.

Lambert, Dist. No. 9—Teacher, Emma Jonas.

Wylie, Dist. No. 1—Teacher, Adolph Eklund.

Thief River Falls, Dist. No. 219—Teacher, Albie Miller.

Wylie, Dist. No. 180—Nora Johnson.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Foreign

Senor Nilo Pecanha, president of [illegible], gave a banquet to William Jennings Bryan, at which the American [illegible], Irving B. Dudley and Mrs Dudley and the members of the embassy were present.

Canada has read between the lines of Washington dispatches that a tariff war with the United States is inevitable and has accepted the situation. The expectation is that on April 1, Canadian goods will be assessed a 25 per cent surtax, and that soon afterwards Canada will levy a 33 1-3 per cent. tax on American goods coming into Canada.

A year and a half have elapsed since an official state act was published announcing the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the grant of a constitution to those provinces. Now the emperor has given his sanction to the constitution which, after long negotiations between the Austrian and Hungarian governments, is at length agreed upon.

Crown Prince William opened the American art exhibition at Berlin. He came with a large staff to the galleries of the Royal academy, where several hundred persons distinguished in the official, artistic and social life of Berlin awaited the prior view by royalty before having their own enjoyment of the pictures. American Ambassador Hill and all the other members of the American embassy, except Secretary Irwin M. Laughlin, who has been called home by the death of a brother, were present with their wives.

General.

President Taft was given an enthusiastic reception at Rochester, New York.

Indiana is preparing to give ex-Vice President Fairbanks a hearty welcome home.

Senator Cummins spoke against the administration railroad bill in the senate.

Secretary Ballinger in his St. Paul speech, said the people are conservation mad.

Hogs established a new top record in South Omaha Saturday, reaching $10.75.

President Lewis of the United Mine Workers, believes a strike can be averted.

An official call and program for the Nebraska conservation and state development congress has been issued.

H. W. Barker, a state senator, has announced his candidacy for the republican nomination for governor of Wisconsin.

Roosevelt's arrival at Khartoum was the occasion for much enthusiasm.

The debate on the administration bill in the senate was one of the sharpest ever heard on the subject.

Convicts in the penitentiary at Pittsburg, Pa., maintained composure while a fire raged fifty feet away.

The railroads are much concerned over the amount paid by the government for the transportation of the mails.

The health of banker Walsh, now in the federal prison at Leavenworth, has not improved since his incarceration.

A general strike of leather workers on horse goods, involving 103 cities and about 4,000 men, was ordered in Chicago.

A petition praying for the independence of the Philippine islanders was presented to the senate by Senator Crane.

The legislative, executive and judicial bill, carrying appropriations of nearly $34,000,000 has been passed by the house.

President Taft's congressional program is by no means certain of being carried out.

Fourteen hundred laymen sat down to a banquet in Omaha in the interest of foreign missions.

Louis Paulhan, angered at the patent infringement suits against him, has packed up and prepared to return to France.

There is big demand for babies in New Orleans, and another carload will be shipped there from New York.

Weston, the pedestrian, is now hiking through Kansas.

The Manitoba government Saturday issued $2,000,000 in bonds for the purpose of making a start at buying out the present elevator systems in the province.

President Taft's cabinet ate cookies made out of cottonseed flour. Secretary Dickinson provided the feast. It came to him from his nephew in Ennis, Tex.

William A. Bonsack, of St. Louis, millionaire president of the Bonsack Lumber company, was drowned while yachting in Lake Ponachartrain at New Orleans.

The annual report of the bureau of animal industry shows that the annual loss caused by tuberculosis in food producing animals is $21,000,000.

Weston, the pedestrian, is now hiking through Kansas.

The Manitoba government Saturday issued $2,000,000 in bonds for the purpose of making a start at buying out the present elevator systems in the province.

Barney Oldfield, with his 200-horse power Benz, showed great form at Dayton, O., by driving a mile in 27 2-5 seconds, which is four-fifths of a second better than the world's record.

Peary's claim to honors received still another setback before the house committee.

Ex-President Roosevelt positively declines to discuss European or American politics.

Congressman G. M. Hitchcock has formally announced his candidacy for the United States senate.

W. L. Parks of the Union Pacific has been elected vice president of the Illinois Centra.

Manuel Taylor, a negro, confessed that he killed Mrs. Mary Albert, the proprietor of a grocery store in Kansas City, Kas.

The Transvaal government has decided to give a first contribution of £100,000 for the establishment of a Transvaal agricultural university.

Giovanni Lamporti, the famous singing teacher, died in Berlin. He was 70 years old and had trained many famous singers, including Mme. Sembrich.

The house committee on naval affairs has favorably reported a bill appropriating $500,000 to raise the wreck of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor.

An agreement has been reached by the conferees on what is known as the "White Slave" bill and the measure will become a law as soon as it is signed by the president.

One hundred dollars per head was paid at Fort Worth, Texas, for a herd of 450 Oklahoma fed beef cattle. This is said to be the highest price for this class of cattle ever paid in the United States.

The condition of United States Senator Daniel of Virginia, who has been lingering between life and death for some days as the result of a stroke of paralysis, is somewhat improved.

United States Commissioner Mark A. Foote ordered the deportation of Bob Leong of El Paso, Tex., convicted last summer before Judge Landis of smuggling Chinese into this country.

By an equally divided court the supreme court of the United States affirmed the decision of the federal court of California which held the grazing of sheep without permission on forest reserves was not a violation of the law.

Following closely on the failure of the Kentucky legislature at its recent session to accede to his request that the Lincoln memorial farm be exempted from taxation came Governor Willson's veto of a bill appropriating $15,000 for improvements to be made in the birthplace of Jefferson Davis in Todd county, Kentucky.

The oldest woman in the world celebrated the 125th anniversary of her birth recently at Posen. She is Frau Dutkiewicz, and although she is bent and feeble, almost blind and deaf, she is not bedridden. Frau Dutkiewicz remembers the Napoleonic wars and fall of the Little Corporal.

Washington.

Satisfied that the present methods of operating its smelters by the Anaconda Copper Mining company are not only destructive in a widespread degree to the surrounding natural forests, but unnecessary, Attorney-General Wickersham caused a bill in equity to be filed at Helena, Mont., against the company. The bill asks for a permanent injunction to compel the company to operate its plant at Anaconda in such a manner as to end the destruction complained of.

Continued denials that the American meat packers' association discussed or attempted to fix prices in any way were made by George L. McCarthy, publisher of the National Provisioner and secretary of the association, in concluding his testimony before the senate high cost of living committee today.

The prince regent of China, according to official advices from Pekin, has issued an edict reiterating in the strongest terms of the former, declaration that a constitutional government and a parliament shall be opened in China at the end of the nine year period of preparation fixed by the late empress dowager.

Postmaster General Hitchcock authorized the exhibition of a large section of the postal museum at the Ohio valley exposition to be held in Cincinnati, next autumn.

The last chapter in the postoffice scandals of 1903 was written when United States Attorney Baker nolle prossed the remaining undisposed indictments. Baker told the court that George W. Beavers, former superintendent of salaries and allowances, and August W. Machen, superintendent of rural free delivery, had served sentences for similar offenses and that the government had no desire to further prosecute them.

Defending cold storage methods, James F. Oyster, a Washington merchant, testified before the senate high cost of living committee that they kept the price more uniform the year round. He declared that if it had not been for cold storage, eggs might have sold as high as 75 cents and $1 a dozen last fall.

Personal.

Strike troubles in Philadelphia appear far from settlement.

President Taft declared he would take no hand in the house fight.

Ex-President Roosevelt will not get home until some time in June.

Speaker Cannon is quoted as saying he prefers defeat to any compromise with the insurgents.

In an address at Rochester President Taft said he had hope that congress will yet do something.

The construction placed on Congressman Hitchcock's statement is that Bryan is to never again seek office.

Frank B. Kellogg arraigned the Standard Oil company before the supreme court.

Former United States Senator Thurston, while in Omaha, said he would take part in the Nebraska campaign next fall.

Mrs. "Jack" Cudahy says if it were not for her children she would go on the stage.

Irene Storrs Wells, formerly on the stage as Irene Bishop, has sued her husband's parents for $500,000 for the alienation of his affections.

Leroy Percy, the newly elected senator from Mississippi, made his first appearance in the senate. The oath of office was administered by Senator Keane, who occupied the chair.

KENNEDY ESTATE

ADMINISTRATORS OFFER $135,00 TAX IF STATE DROPS CLAIM FOR $450,000.

IS LATEST PROPOSITION

Estate Claims Immunity, but Offers This sum as Compromise to Save Litigation.

So. St. Paul, March 19.—If the state of Minnesota is willing to accept $135,000 for its claim of something like $450,000 against the J. S. Kennedy estate of New York, in the shape of inheritance taxes, it can have it without further litigation.

This does not necessarily mean that the administration of the estate acknowledges the state right to collect on stock owned by non-residents and represented by property located within the state, but is merely for the purpose of getting rid of a lot of expensive litigation, the outcome of which some claim is doubtful.

Cooper on Proposition.

This compromise was put up to Governor Eberhart, State Auditor Iverson, and members of the state tax commission by Attorney General G. T. Simpson on his return from the east, at a conference held in the attorney general's office.

It was some months ago that Mr. Simpson startled the legal fraternity with the announcement that he intended to enforce the state inheritance tax law against non-residents. It had never been done before and there was some doubt.

The estate of J. S. Kennedy of New York, owner of Great Northern stock aggregating $14,000,000 in value, was selected for the test and claims against the property were immediately filed. As an aid Louis W. Weeks, assistant to Mr. Simpson, was appointed resident administrator of the estate by Probate Judge E. W. Bazille of St. Paul. This was done on petition by Mr. Simpson.

Since then a quiet investigation as to the value of the property represented in Minnesota has been on and as far as known the estimate has been in the neighborhood of $4,000,000. This was ascertained by taking the Great Northern holdings and deducting the Minnesota mileage.

Mr. Simpson, it is said, is unwilling to accept the amount tendered unless backed by the other state officials. He even doubts his authority to make a compromise when such would be taken as equivalent to an admission of the state's contention that it has power to reach the property even though it is outside the state.

TO VOTE ON MANKATO CHARTER.

Commission Form of Government Question At Issue.

Mankato. — The new city charter, providing a commission form of government, will be submitted at a special election, April 26. Council so decided, practically unanimously, after a fight lasting several weeks.

Only one alderman is personally in favor of the new charter, but public opinion is so strong for it that only one voted against calling the election.

Those who opposed it wanted it submitted at the general election in November when its chances of carrying would be materially lessened, because every ballot that did not contain a vote on the charter would be counted as a vote against it.

Opposition to the charter has greatly lessened since last fall, and the commission form is expected to carry by a good majority.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

Of Minnesota to be Held Middle of June.

Minneapolis. — A. D. Brown, chairman of the Republican state central committee, has called a special meeting of the committee to decide upon a date for holding the Republican state convention. The meeting of the committee will be held at the Merchants' hotel in St. Paul, at noon, April 2. The generally accepted date for the state convention is about June 15.

The committee will also decide upon the place of holding the convention, and Minneapolis appears to be the favorite for choice. The last Republican convention was held in St. Paul, and the Democratic convention in Minneapolis. It is likely the two conventions will alternate, although there is a chance that both will be held in Minneapolis.

Hastings—N. P. Franzen of St. Paul commenced work on the new cottage for male patients at the state asylum here.

WARNED HOW TO VOTE.

Employes Say La Crescent, Minn., Company Cuts Refusers' Wages.

La Crosse, Wis.—Alleging their wages were cut by company of La Crescent, Minn., because they refused to accept hints on how to vote in the village election, seven employes have gone on a strike and threaten to bring criminal action against the officers. They say they have circular letters telling them how to vote, which they propose to use as evidence.

BARTENDER IS INDICTED

Chaska, Minn., Grand Jury Investigating Death of Man.

Chaska.—The grand jury is investigating the charges of manslaughter in the first degree preferred against a saloonkeeper here, now in jail, who is alleged to have sold liquor to a man in such quantities as to cause his death. The grand jury has been hearing evidence in this case for over a week. The victim is Julius Euntick, who died February 19.

CAPITOL IS TOO SMALL.

Custodian Has Hard Job Parceling Out Spare Rooms.

St. Paul.—Custodian Downs at the capitol is having his hands full of trouble trying to take care of all the departments that want additional room. Just now two departments, the superintendent of public instruction and the railroad and warehouse commission are after the room in the north wing which Downs has been using as his office. Superintendent Schulz had spoken for the room some time ago, and Downs had told him that if he ever moved out he would get it. Last week the railroad commission wanted the room for its engineers, and Downs decided to move the cigar stand into the corridor and use that room himself. But then he remembered his promise to Schultz, and the railroad commission apparently is no nearer than it was to getting additional room.

One plan that has been suggested is to take one room away from the public examiner, who now occupies the whole west side of the north wing. Since the superintendent of banks was created and that office was given rooms in the basement, the number of employes and callers at the public examiner's offices has greatly decreased, but whether Mr. Schaefer is willing to give up the room he has is another question.

BULL HURTS FARMER.

Vicious Animal Knocks Master Down and Besieges House.

Marshall. — Robert Boulton, living northwest of town, was attacked by a vicious bull on his farm, and is now laid up with serious injuries. Mr. Boulton attempted to drive the animal into the barn, when the bull suddenly turned on him, and, knocking him down, trampled him and rolled him several rods into a river, where he threw the man into the water and held him in.

Mr. Boulton got hold of the ring in the animal's nose and a spirited tussle ensued until the bull tore loose. The bull went out on one side of the creek and Mr. Boulton on the other, and he was able to crawl to the house before the bull overtook him again. Mrs. Boulton was a helpless spectator of the whole struggle, and so vicious was the animal that for hours he maintained an effectual blockade of the house, not permitting Mrs. Boulton to leave the residence, which she repeatedly attempted to do in order to get medical help and assistance.

Finally the animal retreated, and the wife was able to make her way to a neighbor's place and secured assistance. Mr. Boulton is suffering from several broken ribs and other internal injuries.

TO COMPENSATE HOFFMAN HEIRS

Bill Introduced By Clapp Is Passed By the Senate.

Red Wing.—The senate at Washington has passed a bill introduced by Senator Clapp for the relief of the heirs of John Hoffman, who lived on Prairie Island. The bill provides for the payment out of the treasury of the sum of $1,200 to the heirs of John Hoffman in settlement for 40 acres of land near the Hastings asylum, Hastings.

The land in question was patented in 1857 to Charles P. Adams and it afterwards was repurchased by the government with the intention of alloting the lands to certain Indians. It was so allotted to John Hoffman, who was known as Indian John along the river between Red Wing and Wabasha, which was his hunting ground. Under an act of congress, approved March 19, 1906, the land in question was conveyed to the state of Minnesota. The land adjoins the grounds of the Hastings state asylum and it was greatly needed by that institution. The bill in question now before the house is for the compensation of the heirs of Hoffman.

OWNERSHIP DEAL DRAGS.

Stillwater Council and Water Company Fail to Agree on Terms.

Stillwater.—The city council postponed action on the proposition to purchase the waterworks plant. The company will sell for $142,500 in cash or for $147,000 in 4 per cent bonds. There was no discussion, but the council evidently wants to buy for $142,500 in bonds.

Consideration of the proposal to annex the town of Oak Park to Stillwater was deferred indefinitely. Officers of the city were authorized to enter into a contract with the Consumers' Power company to install electric motors for the operation of the pontoon section of the bridge over the St. Croix. A saving of 50 per cent is expected.

The board of education decided last night to install domestic science in the schools next year. W. H. Hollands was re-engaged for superintendent of the schools for a term of two years at an advance of salary. Four teachers were chosen to fill vacancies.

RALPH JONES DRAWS 30 YEARS.

Prisoner Stood Unmoved When Judge Pronounced Sentence.

Duluth. — For the brutal murder of Walter Whitehead, the negro pugilist, Ralph Jones will spend the next 30 years of his life in the Minnesota state prison at Stillwater. Jones was allowed to plead guilty to the charge of murder in the third degree and he was at once sentenced to 30 years by Judge William A. Cent, of the district court.

Special Train Bears 100 Immigrants.

New York, N. Y. — One of the most remarkable parties of immigrants that ever came to this country arrived on the Lapland. The foreigners are speeding west in a special train for their future homes in Minnesota. There are some 100 of these sturdy Dutch—men, women and children—well supplied with money and traveling de luxe in two Pullmans, a smoking car, a diner and a baggage car. The exodus of Hollanders is the result of a plan originated by Bishop James McGolrick of Duluth.

GREET ROOSEVELT

GREATEST RECEPTION IN CAIRO'S HISTORY GIVEN TO ROOSEVELT PARTY.

SURPRISES EX-PRESIDENT

When Distinguished Traveler Looked Out Over City He Was Greeted By a Sea of Upturned Faces. Glad to Get Home.

Cairo, Egypt, March 24.—This has been Roosevelt day in Cairo. The old and new civilizations of the Egyptian metropolis co-operated to give the distinguished American a welcome that in cordiality and enthusiasm surpassed that received by any other foreigner within the memory of the present generation.

The train from Luxor bearing Col. Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel, due here at 7:55 this morning, drew into the station a few minutes after 8 o'clock and the visitors' first view of the capital was across a sea of faces that appeared to surprise the former president, accustomed as he is to waiting crowds.

Before daylight the city had been decked with American flags from old Arabian Cairo through the Ezbekiah garden to the fashionable foreign quarter of Izmailiya. For days the one topic of conversation has been the expected arrival of the American statesman and hunter, and in the restaurants, on the streets and in the corridors of the hotels, his name was heard continually. The season at the hotels is nearly closed, but hundreds of Americans and other tourists remained for today's demonstration. An hour before train time an enormous crowd gathered at the railway station.

WILL RAISE MAINE.

Congress Passes Bill for That Purpose.

Washington, March 24.—The bulk of the ill-fated battleship Maine, sunk in the harbor of Havana, will be raised so that the remains of any of the sailors dead that may be within the wreck may be recovered and so that an examination may be made to determine if possible the manner in which the vessel was destroyed, if the senate approves a bill passed by the house yesterday.

The remains of sailors that might be recovered would be interred in Arlington cemetery on the Virginia shore opposite Washington.

The mast of the Maine would be erected in the cemetery near the graves of the Maine dead.

For two hours republicans and democrats spoke in favor of removing the wreck from Havana harbor.

As passed by the house, the bill was changed in its general terms, so as to authorize the work to be done under the direction of the engineer corps of the army, with the consent of the republic of Cuba.

By the insistence of Mr. Sulzer of New York, the bill was worded to require the "raising" as well as the "removal" of the wreck so that an examination could be made of the hulk to determine the manner of the vessel's destruction.

Race War Feared.

Portland, Ore., March 24.—With Greek and Italian laborers, of whom there are 150, arming themselves for a clash, serious trouble is feared at St. John, a suburb, where 100 white men and 300 Hindus clashed in a race riot late yesterday. It appears that the rioting was directed at white foreigners, employed by the lumber mills at St. John, as well as toward the Hindus, two of whom were badly injured.

Last night the authorities took into custody twenty-eight men charged with robbery in connection with the trouble and they hold warrants for 113 more of the rioters. These arrests and the reports that the company will take back the Hindus have caused an exceedingly ugly feeling and threats are being made to drive out of town not only the Hindus, but the Greek and Italian laborers also.

The trouble started over the fact that the Hindus recently took the place of a white crew at the plant and were accepting about half the rate of wages which had been paid to the Caucasians.

To Enlarge Committee.

Washington, March 24.—The interest of the house membership today centered on the final make-up of the committee. The leaders on both sides expect great things of the committee. The regular republicans, some of them at least, concede that the augmentation of the numbers of the committees is a step in the right direction and already there is talk of increasing the number of the members to eleven so as to provide an odd number to avoid tie votes.

This talk however, has not crystallized into any definite shape and if any such movement is made it will not be at this session of congress.

Dalzell's selection as chairman is expected because of his seniority of service on the committee.

School is Closed.

Beloit, Wis., March 24.—Because of the fear of being quarantined for scarlet fever, Beloit college closed its doors today for two weeks. The regular spring recess was not due until Friday noon, but President Eaton posted a notice closing the school to avoid the "inconvenience of being quarantined."

To Conserve Headwaters.

Washington, March 24.—The Weeks bill for conserving the head waters of navigable streams and appropriating not to exceed $11,000,000 during the next five years for the acquisition of lands in any of the states for that purpose, was favorably acted upon by the house committee of agriculture

Cudahy Case Dismissed.

Kansas City, Mo., March 23.—The case growing out of the attack made by J. P. Cudahy, the packer, upon Jere Lillis, the banker, was dismissed in the municipal court here today by Daniel Howell, assistant city attorney.

Strike is Averted.

Chicago, March 23.—Commissioner of Labor Neill, the railway managers and representatives of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen spent the day in working out details of the compromise effected yesterday whereby the strike of the brotherhood members was averted.

New Troops at Ft. Lincoln.

Bismarck, N. D., March 23.—The detachment of the 14th Infantry, U. S. A., arrived in Bismarck yesterday and were at once transferred to the Fort Lincoln track and the cars set out inside the lines of the military reserve.

CONFESSIONS ARE CLOSED

CITY OF PITTSBURG WILL LEARN DETAILS OF RECENT GRAFT

Judge Says No More Immunity Will be Granted and Prosecution Will Begin Against Many Offenders.

Pittsburg, March 23.—Nine more councilmanic grafters confessed their guilt to Judge Robert S. Frazer today. No more confessions will be received. Those caught in the public prosecutor's dragnet from now on, it is said, will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. At noon today twenty-nine former and present members of the municipal legislative machine of the city of greater Pittsburg had received immunity at the hands of the lenient judge and the diligent prosecuting attorneys.

With a full confession of the ring leaders of the graft councils of 1908 and the confession of William Brad, former president of the common councils expected hourly, material is in the hands of the district attorney to indict more persons for grafting. These indictments it is reported will bring into the graft crusade bankers, real estate men and manufacturers in this vicinity.

The grand jury which is investigating the city council scandals was expected to bring today another remarkable bunch of indictments. Men said to be named in presentments are prominent in business and social life, and are chiefly alleged bribe givers in the system of wholesale corruption, the exposure of which has thoroughly shaken many political foundations.

Coincident with the bringing of Joseph C. Wasson from the western penitentiary came the statement by the authorities that today would be a "big day" in point of public interest. Wasson is a former council member and was one of the notorious "big six" in city politics. He is now serving an eighteen-months sentence for bribe-taking.

HAS U. S. LOST PRESTIGE?

English Statesman Believe Japan Has Outwitted Nation.

London, March 22.—Stung by American attempts to lower the prestige and reduce the power of Japan in the far east the statesmen of Tokio have engineered a vast tacit coalition against the United States, according to reports in circulation in semi-official circles. Cloaking their motives in public clamor against America in Japan, while ostensibly frowning on these demonstrations, the advisers of the Japanese emperor are declared to have been quietly working for the combination that would effectually shut off America's prospects of sharing in the unplumbed Asiatic markets. The results of these efforts are already apparent and it is expected that within three months an open move will be made showing the hand of the conspiring nation. Mr. Oishi, a prominent member of the diet, demanded an alliance with Russia at Tokio yesterday at the people's party convention.

Roosevelt is Reticent.

Luxor, Upper Egypt, March 28.—Colonel Roosevelt when asked today whether it was true, as reported from Washington that he had summoned Gifford Pinchot, the deposed chief forester of the United States, to meet him at Naples or some other European point for a conference concerning the present conservation policy, gave no response.

Roosevelt is consistently holding to his determination, announced as he merged from the jungle, not to answer any questions on any matter personal or political. As he has before said, Colonel Roosevelt has been for some time out of touch with American politics and in his recent public and private utterances he has scrupulously avoided anything that could be construed as comment on governmental affairs at home or the policies of the man who succeeded him in the presidency.

Officer's Wife Meets Death.

Washington, March 23.—Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff of the army, was badly, but probably not dangerously injured and Mrs. Herbert J. Slocum, wife of Major Slocum, of the seventh cavalry was almost instantly killed early today in the collision of their auto with a trolley car on the Tenallytown road in the northwest outskirts of the city. General Bell sustained one rib broken, a bad scalp wound and several severe bruises.

Sympathetic Strike Off.

Philadelphia, March 23.—Terrible workers of Kensington, who with the members of the Allied Trades, formed the backbone of the general strike, which is on in their city in sympathy with the striking car men, resumed work today. There were 35,000 textile workers and they went back in a body.

Drug Store Bandit Sentenced.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 23.—Stephen Austin Gillette, self-confessed drug store bandit, was given an indeterminate sentence of two to ten years in the penitentiary today.

Two More Dead.

Marshalltown, Ia., March 23.—Two victims of the wreck of the Rock Island Twin City express died in Marshalltown hospital today, increasing the list of fatalities to forty-nine.

Strike Melts Away.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 24.—The disintergration of the general sympathetic strike called to aid the trolley men of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co., continued today.

Following up the action of the textile union in voting to return to work, tens of thousands of mill hands who struck in sympathy with the trolleymen returned to work today in the Kensington district.

Practically all the mills started up and it was expected other unions still on strike would follow the action of the textile workers.

Favorably Reported.

Washington, March 24.—The administration railroad bill, introduced by Representative Townsend, of Michigan, and largely amended in committee, was ordered favorably reported by the house committee on interstate commerce today.

Des Moines Loses Fight.

Washington, March 24.—The city of Des Moines, Iowa, today lost its fight for a readjustment of the freight rates from that city to points in western Minnesota and North and South Dakota, when the interstate commerce commission announced its decision

TAFT'S BUSY DAY

PRESIDENT ATTENDED MEETINGS IN TWO DIFFERENT CITIES.

BREAKFASTS WITH GREY

Takes Morning Meal in New York City —Luncheon in New Haven and Is Banquetted in Providence at Night.

New York, March 21.—President Taft reached here at 7 o'clock this morning over the New York Central railroad from Albany. His car was immediately attached to an express on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad leaving at 8 a. m. for New Haven, where the president was to attend a meeting of Yale corporation.

During the hour interval at the station here the president breakfasted in his car with Earl Gray, governor general of Canada and Collector Loeb, jr., of the port of New York who were Taft's guests on the trip from Albany.

New Haven, Conn., March 21.—President Taft arrived in this city at 9:49 a. m. He entered a waiting automobile and was driven directly to Woodbridge hall to attend the meeting of the Yale corporation.

Providence, R. I., March 21.—Ending his swing through the north central and eastern section of the country on a tour of speech making and tariff elucidation, begun last Wednesday, President Taft is to be in Providence tonight as the guest of honor at the annual banquet of the New England Manufacturing Jewelers and Silversmiths' association. With him at the speakers' table will be Rhode Island's two United States senators, Nelson Aldrich and Geo. P. Wetmore, together with Governor Pothier, Mayor Fletcher and others.

When the president leaves Providence early tomorrow morning he will carry with him as a valuable souvenir of his visit a solid gold jewelry case.

A NATIONAL STRIKE.

Leather Workers Ask For An Eight-Hour Day and Increase of Pay.

St. Paul, Minn., March 21.—At 9 o'clock this morning 155 members of the St. Paul lodge of International Brotherhood of Leatherworkers struck for 15 per cent increase on piece work and an eight-hour day. At four leather plants little information could be learned regarding the strike. Employers all declared that they could "sit tight" and that there was absolutely no chance of a compromise.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 21.—More than 200 leather workers employed in St. Joseph harness factories struck today on being refused a ten hour wage scale for an eight hour work day.

Louisville, Ky., March 21.—About 300 harness makers went on strike today for shorter working day and 15 per cent increase in wage. Ten factories are affected.

Fargo, N. D., March 21.—On refusal of their demands for an eight hour day and 15 per cent wage increase between seventy-five and eighty leather workers walked out of the local harness factories this morning, complying with the national strike order issued from Chicago.

Pittsburg Has Graft Scandal.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 21.—Greater Pittsburg is again in the throes of a councilmanic graft scandal. "Captain Johnny Klein, about to be taken to the penitentiary under sentence for receiving money in 1908 for his vote in the selection of the city depository, has made good his threat to "pull down props and let the sky fall."

District Attorney Blakely told the whole story to Judges Frazer and Chosen in the criminal courts today. The public prosecutor told the court that Klein, during the last few days, had made a statement which covered a period of years and which has since been corroborated, exposing the whole system of corruption in former councils. He said six banks here had, in 1908, paid a sum of $102,000 to be elected city depositories. He also told the court that the street vacation frauds were detailed in Klein's statement.

Mediation Seems Hopeless.

Chicago, March 21.—When C. P. Neill, United States commissioner of labor, met the representatives of the Brotherhood of Railway Firemen and Enginemen and the general managers of forty-seven railroads today, peaceful settlement between the opposing sides appeared as far away as ever.

It was generally believed that today would see the last of the conferences.

Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the interstate commerce commission, returned to Washington Saturday night having apparently given up mediation as hopeless. The firemen today seemed as determined as ever and it was feared a general strike of 27,000 men interested was imminent.

Every effort was made today to bring about a peaceful settlement.

$150,000 Fire in Canada.

Winnipeg, Man., March 21.—All last night fire raged in the town of Outlook, Sask., when the principal business street was wiped out. The loss is $150,000. Several stores, postoffice and dwellings were destroyed.

Ice Gorge Smashes Engine.

Hastings, Minn., March 21.—The ice gorge in the river at this point gave way, the large boulders and cakes of ice smashing the engine shed and cylinder pump of Glenn Bros. on the south shore, and wrecking over a hundred feet of the boat guard west of the drawbridge.

Welsh Miners May Strike.

Cardiff, March 21.—The prolonged negotiations over the new wage agreement between the South Wales coal owners and miners were broken off today, and a strike of 200,000 miners is regarded as inevitable on March 31.

Armory Contract Awarded.

Wahpeton, N. D., March 22.—At the meeting of the armory board Saturday evening the contract for the construction of the armory was awarded to Samuel Christensen of this city. The contract calls for a building to cost approximately $20,000, and work will commence at once.

Headon Collision.

Lexington, Ky., March 22.—Three persons were killed and twelve others injured in a collision between two freight trains on the Louisville & Nashville railway near Berea, Ky., early today.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. MARION CRAWFORD

AUTHOR OF "SARACINESCA," "ARETHUSA" ETC. ETC.

ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was [illegible] and studying herbs in the [illegible] of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives who blocked up the entrance and drew off the water supply, [illegible] Baraka's cousin [illegible] attempted to climb down a cliff [illegible] the mine, but [illegible] The stranger was [illegible] tunnel, and [illegible] girl and carrying [illegible] gathered all the [illegible] started in pursuit [illegible] Margarita da [illegible] prima donna, became [illegible] to Konstantin Logotheti [illegible] Countess [illegible] husband [illegible] St. Petersburg [illegible] intimate [illegible] Van Torp, an American [illegible] was in love [illegible] London [illegible] Versailles with [illegible] ruby to [illegible] Van Torp [illegible] Margaret [illegible] festival Margaret [illegible] Van Torp who [illegible] Baraka had [illegible] Van Torp believed [illegible] Logotheti [illegible] Lady [illegible] Margaret [illegible] Van [illegible] Baraka's [illegible] on the [illegible] left her [illegible]

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

"[illegible] this woman's dressing is very difficult to learn," Baraka went on, leaning back upon the rail with both [illegible] and stretching out her little [illegible] together. "Without the girl Marcy whom you have found for me—but her real name is Gula, and she is a good Mussulman—without her, Allah knows what I should do! I could not put on these things for myself, alone, I cannot take them off. When I was like a man, buttons! Two, three, four, twenty—what did it matter? All the same way and soon done! But now, I cannot tell what I am made of. Allah knows and sees what I am made of. Hooks, eyes, strings, little bits one way, little bits the other way, like the rigging of ships—those Turkish ships with many small sails that go up the Bosphorus, you remember? And it is all behind, as if one had no front! Gula knows how it is done. But if I were alone, without her help, Allah is my witness, I would tie the things all round me decently and sit very still for fear they should come off! That is what I should do!"

The Greek thought her extremely amusing. She punctuated her explanations with small gestures indicative of her ignorance and helplessness.

"You will soon grow used to it," he said. "But you must get some pretty things in Paris before you go to meet the man. It would also be better to let your hair grow long before meeting him, for it is hard to wear the hats of the Feringhi ladies without hair."

"I cannot wait so long as that. Only to get pretty dresses, only so long! I will spend a thousand pounds or two—is that enough? I have much money in Paris; I can give much."

"You can get a good many things for a thousand pounds, even in Paris," Logotheti answered.

Baraka laughed.

"It will not be what I paid for the first clothes after I ran away," she said. "I did not know then what the stones were worth! A little ruby to one woman for a shift and an overtunic, a little ruby to another for a pair of shoes, a little ruby for a veil and a head-blanket, all little rubies! For each thing one! I did not know; the women did not know. But at Samarkand I sold one for money to a good Persian merchant, and what he gave me was enough for the journey, for me and the old woman servant I hired there, till we got to Tiflis; for the Persian merchants everywhere gave me letters from one to another, and their wives took me in, or I should have been robbed. That is how I reached Stamboul after many, many months, more than a year. The Persian merchants are good men. All fear them, because they are wise in their dealings, but they are honest men. They do not lie, but they are silent and shake their heads, and you must guess what they mean; and if you do not guess right, that is your fault, not theirs. Why should they speak when they can hold their peace? But this is all emptiness! We must talk of the fine dresses I must buy in Paris, and of what I must put on my head. The barbers in Paris sell wigs. I have seen them in the windows, very well made, of all colors, even of the Khenna color. I shall wear a wig, so that the beautiful Feringhi hat will stay on. I shall perhaps wear a Khenna-colored wig."

"I should not advise a wig," said Logotheti gravely, "certainly not one of that dye."

"You know, and you are a friend. When I feel rested we will go to Paris, and you shall take me to all the richest shops and tell them in French what I want. Will you?"

"I shall do all I can to help you," answered the Greek, wondering what would happen if his friends met him piloting a lovely barbarian about between the smartest linen draper's and the most fashionable dressmaker's establishment in the Rue de la Paix.

The two dined on deck, with shaded lights, but screened from the draught of the ship's way. The evening was cool, and the little maid had dressed Baraka in a way that much disturbed her, for her taper arms were bare to the elbows, and the pretty little ready-made French dress was open at her ivory neck, and the skirt fitted so closely that she almost fancied herself in man's clothes again. But on her head she would only wear a large veil, confined by a bit of gold cord, and she drew one fold under her chin, and threw it over the opposite shoulder, to be quite covered; and she was glad when she felt cold, and could wrap herself in the wide travelling cloak they had bought her, and yet not seem to do anything contrary to the customs of a real Feringhi lady.

CHAPTER XI.

Lady Maud found Mr. Van Torp waiting for her at the Bayreuth station.

"You don't mean to say you've come right through?" he inquired, looking at her with admiration as he grasped her hand. "You're as fresh as paint!"

"That's rather a dangerous thing to say to a woman nowadays," she answered in her rippling voice. "But mine won't come off. How is Margaret?"

Her tone changed as she asked the question.

"She showed me your letter about Logo," answered her friend without heeding the question, and watching her face to see if she were surprised.

She got into the carriage he had brought, and he stood by the door waiting for the porter, who was getting her luggage. She had no maid with her.

"I'm glad you have told me," she answered, "though I wish she had not. You probably think that when I wrote that letter I remembered what you said to me in London about giving me money for my poor women."

"No," said Van Torp thoughtfully, "I don't believe I do think so. It was like me to make the offer, Maud. It was like the sort of man I've been, and you've known me. But it wouldn't have been like you to accept it. It wasn't exactly low-down of me to say what I did, but it's so precious like low-down that I wouldn't say it again, and I suppose I'm sorry. That's all."

His rough hand was on the side of the little open carriage. She touched it lightly with her gloved fingers and withdrew them instantly, for the porter was coming with her not very voluminous luggage.

"Thank you," she said quickly. "I understood, and I understand now."

They drove slowly up the Bahnhofstrasse, through the dull little town, that looks so thoroughly conscious of its ancient respectability as having once been the "residenz" of a duke of Wurtemburg, and of its vast importance as the headquarters of Richard Wagner's representatives on earth.

"See here," said Mr. Van Torp. "I've almost persuaded them all to run down to Venice, and I want to know why you won't come too?"

"Venice?" Lady Maud was surprised. "It's as hot as Tophet now, and full of mosquitoes. Why in the world do you want to take them there?"

"Well," answered the American, taking plenty of time over the monosyllable, "I didn't exactly mean to stay there more than a few minutes. I've bought a pretty nice yacht since I saw you, and she's there, eating her head off, and I thought you might all come along with me on her and go home that way, or somewhere, and what I want you to decide right away is whether you'll come, provided they will—for I don't suppose you and I could go mooning around in the yacht by ourselves."

"And I don't suppose," returned Lady Maud, mimicking him ever so little, "that if 'they' decide not to come, you will have time for a long cruise."

"Now that's not fair," objected the American. "I didn't intend to put it in that way. Anyhow, will you come if they do? That's the point."

"Really, it depends a little on who 'they' are. Do you mean only Margaret and that nice old friend of her—Mrs. Patmore, isn't she? I never met her."

"Rushmore," said Van Torp, correcting her. "Then there's the Russian—Count Kralinsky. Ever hear that name?"

"Never. It sounds Polish."

"He might be anything. Sometimes I'm absolutely sure he's a man I used to know out west when I was on the ranch, and then again there's something quite different about him. Something about his legs or his eyes, I can't tell which. I don't quite make him out."

They reached the hotel, and Van Torp went off promptly, leaving Margaret to take Lady Maud upstairs and introduce her to Mrs. Rushmore.

An hour later the two young women were together in Margaret's room, while Potts was unpacking for Lady Maud in the one that had been secured for her in spite of all sorts of difficulties.

The prima donna was sitting at her toilet table, turned away from the glass, and Lady Maud occupied the only possible chair there was, a small, low easy chair, apparently much too small for such a tall woman, but less uncomfortable than it looked.

"Are you going on Mr. Van Torp's yacht?" asked Lady Maud suddenly. "He spoke to me about it on the way from the station, and asked me to come, in case you accept."

"I don't know. Will you go if I do? That might make a difference."

Lady Maud did not answer at once. She wished that she knew how matters had gone between Margaret and Van Torp during the last few days, for she sincerely wished to help him, now that she had made up her mind as to Logotheti's real character. Nevertheless, her love of fair play made her feel that the Greek ought to be allowed a chance of retrieving himself.

"Yes," she said at last, "I'll go, on one condition. At least, it's not a condition, my dear; it's only a suggestion, though I hate to make one. Don't think me too awfully cheeky, will you?"

Margaret shook her head, but looked very grave.

"I feel as if I were getting into a bad scrape," she said, "and I shall be only too glad of any good advice. Tell me what I had better do."

"I must tell you something else first as a continuation of my letter, for all sorts of things happened after I wrote it."

She told Margaret all that has been already narrated, concerning the news that Baraka had been set at large on Logotheti's sworn statement that the ruby was not his, and that he had seen it in her possession in Paris; and she told how she had tried to find him at his lodgings, and had failed, and how strangely the leather-faced secretary's answers had struck her, and how she had seen Baraka's gloves and stick in Logotheti's hall; and finally she said she had taken it into her head that Logotheti had spirited away the Tartar girl on his yacht, which, as every one in town had known through the papers, was at Cowes and in commission. For Logotheti, in his evidence, had explained his absence from the police court by the fact that he had been off in the Erinna for two days, out of reach of news.

Margaret's face grew darker as she listened, for she knew Lady Maud too well to doubt but that every word was more than scrupulously true; and the deduction was at least a probable one. She bit her lip as she felt her anger rising again.

"What do you advise me to do?" she asked, in a sullen tone.

"Telegraph to Logo and prepay an answer of 20 words. Telegraph to his rooms in St. James' place and at the same time to his house in Paris. Telegraph anything you like that really needs an immediate reply. That's the important thing. If he does not answer within 21 hours—say 36 at the most—he is either on his yacht or hiding. Excuse the ugly word, dear—I don't think of any other. If you are afraid of the servants, I'll take the message to the telegraph office and send it for you. I suppose you have some way of signing which the clerks don't recognize—if you sign at all."

Margaret leaned back in her chair in silence. After a few seconds she turned towards the glass, rested her chin on her folded knuckles, and seemed to be consulting her own reflexion. It is a way some women have. Lady Maud glanced at her from time to time, but said nothing. At last the prima donna rose with a sweep that upset the light chair behind her, one of those magnificent sweeps that look so well on the stage and are a little too large for a room. She got her blotter and pen from a shelf, brought it back to the toilet table, picked up the chair in a very quiet and sensible way, as if she had never been on the stage in her life, and sat down to write.

"I shall take your advice, dear," she said, opening the blotter and placing a large sheet of paper in the right position.

Lady Maud rose and went to the window, where she stood looking out while Margaret wrote her message.

"You needn't write it out twice," she said, without turning round. "Just put 'duplicate message' and both addresses."

"Yes. Thank you."

Margaret was already writing. Her message said it was absolutely necessary that she should see Logotheti directly, and bade him answer at once, if he could come to Bayreuth; if important financial affairs hindered him, she herself would return immediately to Paris to see him.

She was careful to write "financial" affairs, for she would not admit that any other consideration could delay his obedience. While she was busy she heard, but scarcely noticed, an unearthly hoot from a big motor car that was passing before the hotel. There must have been something in the way, for the thing hooted again almost at once, and then several times in quick succession, as if a gigantic brazen ass were beginning to bray just under the window. The noises ended in a sort of wild, triumphant howl, with a furious puffing, and the motor took itself off, just as Margaret finished.

She looked up and saw Lady Maud half bent, as if she had been struck; she was clinging with one hand to the flimsy chintz curtain, and her face was as white as a sheet. Margaret started in surprise, and rose to her feet so suddenly that she upset the chair again.

"What has happened?" she cried. "Are you ill, dear?"

The delicate color came slowly back to the smooth cheeks, the thoroughbred figure in black drew itself up with elastic dignity, and the hand let go of the curtain.

"I felt a little faint," Lady Maud answered. "Did I frighten you? It was nothing, and it's quite gone, I assure you."

"You looked dreadfully ill for a moment," Margaret said in a tone of concern. "Won't you let me send for something? Tea? Or something iced? I'm sure you have had nothing to eat or drink for hours! How disgracefully thoughtless of me!"

She was just going to ring, but her friend stopped her.

"No—please!" she cried. "I'm all right, indeed I am. The room is a little warm, I think, and I've been shut up in that stuffy train for 30 hours. Have you written your telegram? I'll put on my hat at once, and take it for you. The little walk will do me good. Where is the telegraph? But they can tell me downstairs. Don't bother! Walking always brings me round, no matter what has happened!"

She spoke nervously, in disjointed phrases, in a way not like herself, for there was generally an air of easy calm in all she did, as if nothing really mattered in the least, save when she was deeply interested; and hardly anything interested her now except what she had made her work. In all that belonged to that, she was energetic, direct and quick.

Margaret was sure that something was wrong, but let her go, since she insisted, and Lady Maud folded the written message and went to the door. Just as she was going to turn the handle Margaret spoke to her.

"If I have no answer to that by to-morrow afternoon I shall accept Mr. Van Torp's invitation."

"I hope you will go," Lady Maud said with sudden decision, "for if you do, I can go with you, and I'm dying to see the new yacht!"

Margaret looked at her in surprise, for it was only a little while since she had seemed much less ready to join the party, and only willing to do so, if at all, in order to please her friend. She saw Margaret's expression.

"Yes," she said, as if in explanation, "I've been thinking it over in the last few minutes, and I want very much to go with you all. I shall be back in less than an hour."

"An hour?"

"Say half an hour. I want a good walk."

Straight and tall in her mourning, Lady Maud went down the stairs of the hotel. As she was going out the hall porter raised his cap, and she stopped a moment and asked him which was the nearest way to the telegraph office. He stood on the doorstep and pointed in the direction she was to follow as he answered her question.

"Can you tell me," she asked, "whose motor car it was that passed about ten minutes ago, and made so much noise?"

"Count Kralinsky's, my lady," the porter answered; for he spoke good English, and had the true hotel porter's respect for the British aristocracy abroad.

"He was the gentleman with the big fair beard, I suppose? Yes, thank you."

She went out into the dull street, with its monotonous houses, all two stories high, and she soon found the telegraph office and sent Margaret's duplicate message. She had not glanced at it, but the clerk asked her questions about words that were not quite clearly written, and she was obliged to read it through. It occurred to her that it was couched in extremely peremptory terms, even for an offended bride-elect; but that was none of her business.

She resumed her walk, not knowing whither and not caring, always at the same even pace, and hardly noticing the people who passed her, of whom a good many were in two-horse cabs, some in queer little German motors, and a few on foot; and she thought, and wondered, and tried to understand, but could not. At all events, she was glad to be alone; she was glad not to have even Van Torp with her, and she was quite indifferent to the fact that time was passing, and that Margaret was beginning to wonder where in the world she was.

"My dear child," Mrs. Rushmore said, when the prima donna expressed her surprise, "those English people are all alike, when they are once out on a road by themselves. They must take a long walk. They never know when to stop walking. I cannot understand what they can see in it. Perhaps you will kindly touch the bell, my dear, and I will send the tea away. It can be brought fresh for her when she comes. Thank you, Margaret. But she will not come in till it is just time to dress for dinner. Mark my words, my child, the countess will be late for dinner. All English people are. Have you heard from Mons. Logotheti to-day?"

"Not to-day," Margaret answered, repressing a little start, for she was as near to being nervous as she ever was, and she was thinking of him just then, and the question had come suddenly.

"I think it is time you heard from him," said Mrs. Rushmore, her natural severity asserting itself. "I should think that after those very strange stories in the papers he would write to you and explain, or come himself. By the by, perhaps you will kindly pass me the Herald, my dear. What did you once tell me was the name of his yacht?"

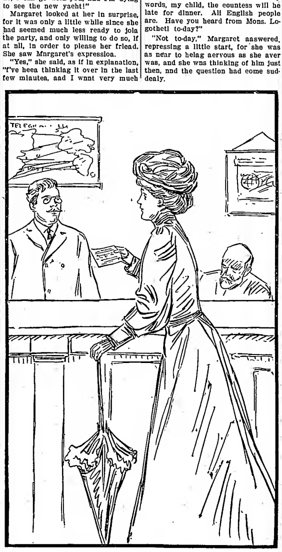
"The Erinna," Margaret answered, handing Mrs. Rushmore the sheet.

"Exactly! I think that means the 'Fury.'"

"He told me it was the name of a Greek poetess," Margaret observed.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"What Has Happened?" She Cried. "Are You Ill, Dear?"



Sent Margaret's Duplicate Message.

Peculiar Family Reunion.

There is a man in New York, a brilliant writer, who, twice divorced, is now living happily with his third wife. Last year he gave a dinner to his three wives, and he said it was really a delightful reunion.

The KITCHEN CABINET

JUST being happy is a fine
fine thing to do:
Looking on the bright side
rather than the blue;
the blue;
Sad or sunny musing
Is largely in the choosing,
And just being happy is brave work
and true.

Cooking for Two.

Almost all housekeepers start out in getting experience in the culinary art in cooking for two, but we find few recipes for such a small family. The proportions in all ordinary recipes are made for a family of five or six and the young cook is often at a loss, when dividing the recipe, to get correct proportions.

The following recipes may be safely followed:

Bread.

Take one-fourth of a cupful of hot milk, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of sugar, one teaspoonful of lard, one-fourth of a yeast cake dissolved in two tablespoonfuls of lukewarm water. Put into a bowl and add the yeast. When the milk is a little cooled, so that the yeast plant will not be killed, add flour enough to handle, then knead until the dough is elastic to the touch. Put back into the warm bowl which has been scraped and buttered, and let rise closely covered until double its bulk. Now knead again and make into a loaf, let rise again until double in bulk, then bake in a moderate oven.

A perfect loaf of bread should be well rounded over the top, a golden brown in color, a crisp, tender crust, fine crumb and good flavor.

Muffins.

Cream one tablespoonful of butter, add half a tablespoonful of sugar, one-half a beaten egg if large, or a whole one if small, five tablespoonfuls of flour sifted with a pinch of salt and a half teaspoonful of baking powder.

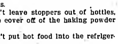
A Few Don'ts.

Don't forget to dry the wash boiler after using it, as if rusty it spoils the clothes.

Don't leave stoppers out of bottles, or the cover off of the baking powder can.

Don't put hot food into the refrigerator.

Don't let the fires burn with the dampers open and heat all going up the chimney.



AH WITH the coffee all my
years provide!
Its chemicals may turn me
green inside,
But all my fears are scattered to the
winds
When o'er the fragrant pot I can preside.
—Olive Green.

Generalities.

The juice of stewed cranberries with the addition of lemon and sugar to taste makes a delicious drink.

Cover plaster of paris figures with a thick coating of starch and water, let it dry on and the dirt will brush off with the starch.

Put an oyster shell in the tea kettle to gather the lime from the water.

Freshen velvet by holding it over a steaming teakettle or a hot iron covered with a wet cloth. This raises the pile. If the velvet needs cleaning use gasoline.

Delicious sandwiches may be made of creamed cheese and chopped red peppers, the canned variety.

Household Hints.

Any piece of woolen wrung out of gasoline makes a good duster, but care must be used to keep it away from open fires.

Make croutons for soup by cutting stale bread a half inch thick, butter it well on both sides, cut in half-inch squares and brown in the oven.

In serving a poached egg place it on a circle of bread sauted in a little butter for a change from toast.

Table linen may be ruined by continued use of a scraper instead of a brush.

The scraper roughs up the linen and breaks the threads.

Foods that have strong odors, that may fill the laundered clothing with odors, should not be cooked on ironing days.

Groceries, as well as meats, should be kept in a cool, dry place.

Jot down on a slate or tablet the articles getting low in the kitchen, so that the supply may be kept up.

Nellie Maxwell

Ever Thus.

"Just my luck," said the man with the grapefruit countenance.

"What is it?" queried the tired listener.

"Well, at one time I thought of studying for the ministry, but I didn't."

"What has that got to do with the present high price of meat?"

"Well, I didn't study for the ministry, and now I'll be hanged if there hasn't been a big fund left for poor preachers."—Boston Herald.

Prayers for King Edward.

Bishop Green, of Ballarat, complains that there is too much praying for the king. "While Anglicans are loyal, we do not want to pray for his majesty five times in the course of one service. It hardly seems loyal to imply that King Edward needs so much praying for.—London Opinion.

Getting Worse.

"I see by the papers," said he, "that Halley's comet is now being seen with the naked eye."

"Hm," she gasped, "I knew that there barefoot dance would lead to more indecencies." — Detroit Free Press.

Children have more need of morals his own rectitude. "I've led off with that fo'-bit piece for da las' fo' years. That ain't a contribution; that's a temp'rary loan, as a noble example."—Youth's Companion.

Willing to Let Him Draw

Artist Withdrew Complaint Against Fellow Member After He Had Heard Him Talk.

Pellegrini was an artist with an exceedingly liberal vacabulary, upon which he would draw freely for the edification of the Beefsteak club, of which he was a member. There was one fellow member of the club, says J. C. Carr in a book called "Some Eminent Victorians," who was wont to entertain the table with little impromptu sketches, which he executed with a certain degree of facility.

This innocent display of artistic power offended Pellegrini, who, possibly moved by a measure of jealousy, that any one should encroach upon his special province, insisted with some vehemence that a club was not the place for such exercises.

"I like the boy," he said to me one evening, "and when he talk, I listen, but 'tis pity he draw."

It was only a few evenings later that I entered the room and found the young friend who had been the subject of Pellegrini's rebuke absorbing the entire conversation of the crowded table. Pellegrini was present, and I could see that he was growing restive under the artist's unceasing flow of conversation.

In a momentary pause he turned to me, and in an audible whisper delivered this laconic judgment:

"Joe, I 'ave made big mistake. 'Tis better he draw."—Youth's Companion.

Little Waldo Surprised.

"Mamma," inquired little Waldo Bunker of Boston, who was spending the season in Florida, "what is that body of water?" "The Atlantic ocean, my dear." "The Atlantic ocean!" exclaimed little Waldo, in amazement. "Why, I thought the Atlantic ocean was near Boston!"—Master, Mate and

Down on the Beach

Suddenly the summer man gave a start and hastily removed his arm from the waist of the summer girl.

"W-what's the trouble, Fred?" she asked in alarm.

"Why," he replied, nervously, "those boarders up in the beach hotel have been training opera glasses on us for the last ten minutes. I bet they are saying this is the funniest comic opera they ever witnessed."

The summer girl smiled.

"Don't worry, Fred, you can depend on it that I don't think it is comic opera."

"And what do you think it is, dearest?"

"Grand."

And after that the ripples of mirth that drifted down from the hotel veranda failed to disturb them.

Alcohol to Children

Ask your doctor how often he prescribes an alcoholic stimulant for children. He will probably say, "Very, very rarely. Children do not need stimulating." Ask him how often he prescribes a tonic for them. He will probably answer, "Very, very frequently." Then ask him about Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla as a tonic for the young. Follow his advice. He knows. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

The first rule of health—"Daily movement of the bowels." Ask your doctor if [illegible] Then ask him about Ayer's Pills. Sold for nearly sixty years.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible]

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The situation in congress seems to be that both sides won and nobody is satisfied.

Mr. Roosevelt's admirers seem confident that his popularity can survive even the late ovation or deal.

The atmosphere is clear and the Republicans are again together.—St. Paul Pioneer Press. Under what flag?

King Menelik is dying again. He reminds us of the story of the man who wished his wife would "get well or somethin'."

The First district Democrats have agreed upon Judge Buck of Winona as their candidate for congress to make the race against James A. Tawney.

The recent political straws do not show a great deal of comfort to Republican candidates in Minnesota. When the returns are in from the heart of insurgency some of the idols are apt to be shattered.

Champ Clark thinks the only way to get rid of Cannonism is to elect a Democratic congress. After looking at the proposition up one side and down the other one is forced to the conclusion that Champ's logic is good.

The John A. Johnson fund, amounting now to $22,000, has been turned over to the State University regents, and has been accepted. It will probably be increased to $30,000. During her lifetime Mrs. Johnson is to receive the interest, and at her death the fund will be used in endowing a John A. Johnson scholarship.

Public Examiner Anton Schaefer charges that the Great Northern Railway has been dodging the payment of the four per cent gross earnings tax on part of its property by allowing large arbitrary divisions of revenue to be credited to subsidiary lines outside of the state. Mr. Hill is a thorough believer in conserving his own resources, adds the Winona Independent.

Jesse A. Gregg, a St. Paul jobber, says the insurgents are worse than Democrats—they are traitors! But Jesse has always had the disagreeable habit of putting his foot in his mouth. In 1896 he threatened to discharge his traveling men who were espousing Bryan. This eminent gentleman should have lived in an earlier age. He belongs to the era before the Magna Charta and the Declaration of Independence.

William Buchanan, the Republican candidate in the fourteenth Massachusetts district, who was defeated by Eugene N. Foss, the Democratic nominee, had this to say about his defeat: "If the result will serve to convince the Republican leaders at Washington that something must be speedily accomplished in the way of lowering the cost of living, I shall feel that my defeat has not been without value."

Governor Lind strikes a popular chord in saying that "the people of the United States want to be ruled by enlightened statesmanship actuated by the spirit of our institutions. They expect this work to be carried on for the time being by instrumentalities chosen by the Republican party but they are heartily sick of this constant twaddle about what an aggregation of special interests meeting at the Chicago convention said or meant or did not say or did not mean."

A "DOLLAR DINNER."

The Democratic State Central Committee is arranging for the celebration of the birthday of Democracy's patron saint, Thomas Jefferson, by giving a "dollar dinner" at St. Paul on Wednesday evening, April 13, 1910. It is expected that Governor Lind, Congressman Hammond and other prominent orators of the state will respond to toasts, and the affair is calculated to be the "opening gun" of the campaign.

In announcing the date and tentative program for the dinner Chairman Frank A. Day takes occasion to remark:

"Prospects for Democratic victory were never brighter. It is practically conceded that the next Congress will be Democratic, and in the middle west there is a spirit of revolt against the national administration and the delinquencies of the Aldrich-Cannon Congress. Democracy in Minnesota was never more militant and aggressive, nor was there ever a more widespread confidence that Democratic success is certain. It remains for the party workers to don their armor and enter the battle with enthusiasm."

HAMMOND SEES VICTORY.

Representative W. S. Hammond, of the Second district, gives his impressions of the recent revolution in congress, and makes this comment on the defeat of Cannon by the Democrats and insurgents:

"The change made in the personel of the committee on the rules by the taking off of the committee the speaker will be a salutory one. The removal of the speaker is more than an amendment to the rules. It is a protest made effective against the domination of that committee by the speaker, and it indicates that a majority of the members of the house are opposed to his exercise of the power as he has exercised it in the past. The speaker smarting under his defeat challenged the house to remove him from office. It seems to me that the members of the house who have complained for so long a time of his bias and power, and especially those who in their districts have announced themselves as anti-Cannon ought not to have sat silent under the challenge.

"A Democrat offered a resolution declaring a vacancy in the office of speakership and providing for the immediate selection of a new speaker. This resolution was solidly supported by the Democrats, though it in no way indicated from what party or faction in the house the speaker should be taken. A few of the insurgents joined with the Democrats, but a great majority of them united with the regulars and sustained Cannon. It seems clear that the Democrats have gained greatly before the people because they have shown consistency from first to last and have evaded no proposition, but have stood together for the reforms they have contended before the people.

"No explanations, therefore, are necessary so far as they are concerned. Those insurgents who have declared against Cannon and who when opportunity offered, to depose him, rallied to his support, may be able to explain their consitnents, but I am inclined to think that the Democrats and Independent Republicans of the country will approve the course of the Democrats and will call for no explanations from them. I am confident we shall control the next house. Gains will come from those districts represented by insurgent representatives who showed their inconsistency and lack of courage on Saturday."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Mankato Free Press: The party whip has lost its terror and congressmen are voting away the tyrannical power of the speaker.

Cass Lake Times: Ex-president Roosevelt is in such fit condition as to be able to use his own words to "hit the line hard." As the original insurgent it is safe to wager your last dollar that Teddy will be in on the insurgent side of the line which divides the insurgents from the standpatters.

Duluth News-Tribune: A Chicago man laughed when he was run over with an automobile and said he was glad it wasn't a train. Isn't he the champion optimist?

St. Paul Dispatch: "France does not like the Payne tariff law; neither does Canada," says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Neither does Massachusetts.

Red Wing Free Press: A falsehood persistently stuck to may finally be taken for the truth. That is probably the object of President Taft in sticking to his original preposterous claim that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law is the best ever, in spite of the fact that nine-tenths of the whole country know better.

Albert Lee Tribune: Wall street alternates between the blue devils and the sanguine optimism of intoxication. It never takes the cool common sense view of the man who has to work for a living.

Cannon Falls Beacon: Had the president shown the same interests in having a proper tariff revision bill formulated and enacted as he is now showing in bringing the factions in congress together for the enactment of his recent recommendations the result might have been different. The inference is that the tariff bill suited the president as well as the interests that dictated it.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: All men are more or less homely—usually more.

It's easier to stand your conscience off than your creditors.

Many a candidate has spoiled his chances by being too candid.

One king in the hand is worth two on a throne—in a poker game.

The fool is still seeking a position when the wise man has found a job.

A headache the morning after is responsible for many a good resolution.

When a man feels that he's appreciated it means that he's been over estimated by others.

Lots of men enjoy getting the short end of it so they will have something to kick about.

Always tell the truth and the chances are that you will not be taken for a member of your legislature.

Ten long years ago an Ohio girl married a rich old man with one foot in the grave—so she thought—but he is still buying his shoes by the pair.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Temptation goes in on its line work by your thinking it isn't.

A woman can no more doubt her love letters than her Bible.

A prize fight is more honorable than business competition, because it has fair rules.

A man takes exercise mostly to bore other people telling them about how he does it.

A rake will put away wine in his cellar for his grandchildren, but a farmer won't set out fruit trees for his in the orchard.

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To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

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To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

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Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

RED LAKE FALLS

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AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out the well made suits without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHILDREN

In disorders and diseases of children drugs seldom do good and often do harm.

Careful feeding and bathing are the babies' remedies.

Scott's Emulsion

is the food-medicine that not only nourishes them most, but also regulates their digestion. It is a wonderful tonic for children of all ages. They rapidly gain weight and health on small doses.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

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Proceedings of Third and Fourth Days of the Congress.

GOOD ROADS MOVEMENT.

The third day's session of the congress was notable for many things. The Minnesota Roadmakers' association was organized and in addition an all day good roads section was held, with meetings in the morning, afternoon and evening. The opening session was called to order by Governor Eberhart and addresses were made by a list of speakers with expert knowledge not only on roads in this part of the country, but also thoroughly versed in the roadmaking history of the world. Maps, diagrams, photographs and stereopticon views were used to illustrate the addresses.

Other states were represented at the good roads section, many visitors having come from North and South Dakota and Wisconsin to take in the meeting.

As a further step in the work of applying the principles of conservation discussed at the congress organizations were formed by county and farm executives, who will have it in their power to direct the employment of scientific farming and administrative methods and a movement was started to organize county conservation committees, with the probability of frequent local meetings between the adjournment of this and the convening of the next congress.

WOMEN TAKE ACTIVE PART.

Women figured prominently in the third day's session of the general section of the congress, the discussions relating to agricultural and industrial education, pure food, public health and sanitation. At a special session in the afternoon "Woman's Part in Conservation" was discussed by a number of women speakers.

Two speakers of national reputation participated in the day's programme, Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry in the department of agriculture, and D. J. Crosby, specialist in agricultural education.

Dr. Wiley spoke during the afternoon on "Pure Food in Its Relation to Public Health and Conservation." As one of the foremost authorities on questions of pure food Dr. Wiley's message to the congress was listened to with interest.

Mr. Crosby has been connected with the department of agriculture for seven years. He came from Washington especially to address the congress.

Professor E. R. Denfeld, superintendent of the Duluth public schools, made an address upon "Education and Current Business and Their Relation to each other," and George F. Howard and D. D. Mayne of the agricultural college handled the subject from the viewpoint of the educator.

DR. WILEY MADE A HIT.

For straight common sense, unquestioned sincerity and profound grasp of his subject Dr. Wiley's address stood apart from all others delivered before the convention. He did not aim to please his audience; he aimed to instruct them. With a wealth of information at his command relating to pure food he presented in concise, logical and convincing manner the message that he came from Washington to deliver to the people of Minnesota.

Many an old notion regarding quality and quantity of food received a severe jolt from the pure food expert. "Some people claim to boil milk to purify it," he said. "Nonsense. If milk is pure it does not need purifying. Maybe boiling dirt purifies it, but I'd just as soon have my dirt raw."

Dr. Wiley swept aside the old theory that one should leave the table hungry. "Eat a little more than you need," he said. "You never can tell what will happen. I have never had any time for an engineer who would start on a trip with just enough coal to carry him through if nothing unforseen occurred.

"It is not the underfed men and nations, but the men and nations who eat, that are in the vanguard of progress. The English, the Americans and the Germans are good eaters and they lead the world."

LAST DAY'S SESSION.

"Forestry and Mines" was the subject of the morning session, with W. O. McGonagle, president of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern railroad, in the chair. The 2 o'clock session was on "Drainage and Water Powers," the 4 o'clock session on "Better Farming in Minnesota" and in the evening Governor Eberhart presided over the closing session, the programme for which was miscellaneous, and included a special address by Mrs. Perry Starkweather, assistant state labor commissioner in charge of women and children, on "The Welfare of the Child." Mrs. Starkweather had much to say about child labor and living conditions in homes where there are no children and the women of St. Paul turned out in force to hear her. Other addresses on the final day's programme were as follows:

"Forestry and Conservation in Minnesota," J. E. Rhodes, president Minnesota Forestry association.

"Practical Forestry," R. H. Campbell, chief of Canadian forestry bureau, Ottawa, Can.

"Minnesota's Soil and Mineral Resources," Dr. Charles R. Van Rise, president University of Wisconsin.

"Water Wealth," Dean Francis C. Shenehon, University of Minnesota.

"Power Development and Control and Waterways Improvements in Minnesota," Colonel J. H. Davidson, chairman Minnesota waterways commission.

"What Drainage Is Doing for Minnesota Agricultural Lands," George T. Ralph, state drainage engineer.

"Northern Minnesota, a New Empire," Professor Thomas Shaw.

"Farm Drainage," Professor John T. Stewart, State Agricultural college.

"Association and Mutual Benefit," L. E. Potter, Springfield, vice president of congress.

GOVERNOR'S CLOSING TALK.

In closing Minnesota's first conservation congress Governor Eberhart said:

"I owe it to the people of this state to briefly state how this congress came about. It had a modest start beset by many difficulties. The first story was written by a reporter of a Minneapolis paper. The other papers took up the idea and it gathered force. The newspaper reporters have worked long hours and others have labored, but none so faithfully nor as long as the reporters.

GOVERNOR EBERHART.

"I want to thank the members of the various committees, the Commercial clubs of Minnesota, the members of the national guard, the faculty of the University of Minnesota, the people of St. Paul and the speakers who have given us such rare instruction on behalf of the congress. I want to thank you for attending this congress, the results of which will be greater than we can anticipate. Its proceedings will be published in full and its work spread more and more. We hope that when it reaches the readers they will appreciate their duties and their responsibilities as citizens. The congress will mean much to the future development of the state, we are sure.

"A year from now we will probably meet in Minneapolis to continue the work so auspiciously begun. I will bring the meeting to a close by wishing that some of the things you have heard will remain with you as an inspiration to the highest, strongest and purest womanhood and manhood."

Passing in review the four days devoted to the congress the question foremost in the public mind is "What is the real great benefit that will result from the congress?" The answers to this question are varied. Each delegate looks at it from his personal viewpoint, but all agree that not alone in one but in many things the congress has benefited the state and the people of the state.

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S.S.S. CURES OLD SORES

Every old sore is an infected spot on the flesh, kept open by constant drainage of impure blood into the place. One of the principal constituents of blood is plasma, a healing property. Where the circulation is pure this element of the blood, which is of a glutinous or sticky nature, performs the necessary work in healing all sores, wounds and lacerations. It does this by sticking or joining the parts together, while nature causes a knitting of the tissues and solidifies the place.

This healing property is frequently destroyed by impure accumulations in the blood, and this vital fluid not only loses its power to heal, but becomes a source of irritation and disease to any open sore or ulcer on the body. Constantly it discharges its morbid matter into the place, and gradually it causes the infection to spread, and the sore enlarges. The morbid matter in the blood comes from different causes. A long spell of debilitating sickness, which breeds disease germs in the system, the retention of the refuse matters of the body because of a sluggish condition of the eliminative members, a continued malarial state of the system, inherited bad blood, etc., are usually responsible.

CURED OF EATING SORE.

Dear Sirs:—I was suffering greatly from a sore on my left breast, which had begun to eat, and at times deep, shooting pains would pass through it, and the ulcer was discharging yellow and rather offensive matter. I consulted physicians, but their treatment did not benefit me very much. My condition seemed hopeless, and I had almost despaired of getting well. I knew that the disease was hereditary in my case, as an only sister, my mother and two of her sisters had died of Cancer of the breast. After I had finished the first bottle of S. S. S. I felt some better, so continued it until I was cured.

MRS. JAMES CASSELL,
Belton, Mo.

S. S. S. heals sores and ulcers in the very simplest way. It just goes into the circulation, and removes the impurities and polluted matter that are the means of keeping the ulcer open; then the sore is bound to heal. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and not only does it cleanse the circulation, but it adds every necessary property to it to promote good health. It is of the very greatest tonic value, and those who have been weakened and run down by the constitutional drainage of an old sore will find it the very remedy needed. S.S.S. does not simply cause a scab to come over an old sore, but beginning at the bottom it heals the place permanently by building new tissue and filling in the place with firm, healthy flesh. Special book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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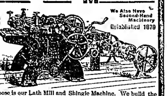
Proprietor



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[illegible]

HARRIET E. HAYWARD

[illegible]

…lication.

[illegible]

…ring on Peti-
…Mortgage or
…Deed.

[illegible]

…Foreclosure Sale

[illegible]

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

[illegible]

…of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit: [illegible] Minnesota, and the United States of America [illegible] the time and place [illegible] the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
[illegible] County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and For Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Edward Malzner.

[illegible] County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Malzner, [illegible]

[illegible] Red Lake Falls Gazette [illegible]

Dated March [illegible]

S. A. SWANSON,
Judge of Probate.

SEAL.
P. A. Grade
Atty. for Executor.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

[illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible] Red Lake County, Minnesota [illegible] Twenty five (25), in Township One Hundred and Fifty (150), North, of Range Forty four (44) West of the fifth

principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually according to the conditions of one certain promissory note and five certain interest notes bearing same date as said mortgage, and which mortgage was on the 8th day of January, A. D. [illegible] duly assigned by the mortgagee therein named to George W. Sugden by instrument in writing, bearing date on that day, and which assignment was on the 18th day of January A. D. [illegible] duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Red Lake in Book [illegible] of mortgages on page [illegible], and because of said default, said mortgagee and said assignee of said mortgage having under the terms of said mortgage elected to declare, and having declared the whole sum of principal and interest secured thereby to be due and payable immediately, and there being due and unpaid upon said promissory note, said interest notes and said [illegible] at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand and three dollars and thirty cents. And said mortgagee having on the 15th day of October A. D. [illegible] paid taxes and assessments on said mortgaged premises for the year [illegible], amounting to $26.84, for which sum and interest thereon from said date an additional lien is claimed upon said premises, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof, Now, Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and thereunder recorded, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public auction at the front door of the [illegible] building temporarily occupied as a court house in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County of Red Lake, on the 1st day of April A. D. [illegible] at ten o'clock in the forenoon to satisfy the amount of said mortgage debt then due and unpaid, together with said taxes so paid as aforesaid with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure including fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and said mortgage will be thereby foreclosed.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, February 9th A. D. 1910.

GEORGE W. SUGDEN
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHARLES E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Saturday, April 23rd, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 22nd day of March, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal
A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Hickory, Deer Park and Marshall in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the Northeast corner of Section [illegible] and continuing due west into the Town of Marshall [illegible] to the Clearwater river and there terminate.

[illegible] and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March [illegible]

[illegible]

—Petitioners.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota [illegible] Dated at [illegible] day of March, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

[illegible] lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Star and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the Southeast corner of Section Four (4) in Township Number One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Number [illegible] and running thence due west along the section line between Sections Four (4) and Nine (9), between Sections Five (5) and Eight (8), and between Sections Six (6) and Seven (7) to the Southwest corner of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of said Section Six (6) in said Township [illegible] due west between Sections One (1) and Twelve (12) Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Forty (40) to the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of said Section One (1) in said Town One Hundred Fifty-three North of Range Forty (40) and terminating at said point.

Wherefore your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred Thirty (230) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated [illegible], Minn., Sept. 11th, 1909.

[illegible]
Martin Kotrba.
[illegible]
Ole Johnsrud.
Albert Fruka, Jr.
Albert Fruka, Sr.
Joseph V. Holman.
[illegible]
A. W. Hanson.
Sivert O. Prestegaard.
[illegible]
Michael Stengel.

—Petitioners. 3-4-27

Handles No Coin.

"Any disease in money, doctor?"

"How should I know? There's no money in disease."

BROOKS.

Dr. J. Allaire, accompanied by Miss Mae Morreau, went to Lambert on Good Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Robidoux and Miss Eliza and Mrs. D. Hickox went on a visit to Jos. Robidoux's March 23.

Alfred Juneau has gone to Canada.

Jos. Corbeil, accompanied by Misses Mary and Rose Boergeois, went to Lambert on Easter Sunday.

Mrs. Hickox took the train to Erskine where she is visiting with her brother-in-law.

Miss Gormond Backand from Lambert, who is attending school at Red Lake Falls, was at home for the Easter vacation. She returned to Red Lake Falls Monday.

Star.

The snow has long since disappeared and the scribbler is studying the best model for a new wheelbarrow.

"These are the times that try men's souls:" "garden" surveying and seed supplying; also "oxmobile" repairing.

The Star farmers are scared as to sowing winter threshed grain, lest it should turn out "winter wheat."

We have seen the the new comet. They say Halley's comet is due here about May 18, next. Then, "long a leedle ondt!"

The county board has ordered the proposed east and west ditches established. Next is to secure the "Digger" that might do the "digging" so the people may use the ditches and the grades ere long.

The town board met Monday, the 28th. Not all the officers chosen at the recent election have as yet qualified. The returns were: Theo. Jacobson, Supervisor; Ole Strande, Clerk; Christ Olegard, Treasurer; Henry Feidemann and Ole Strande, Justices; Ole Sundahl and Severt Prestegard, Constables; Omund Bjorgufson, Joseph Hoffman and Ole Johnsrud, Road Overseers, 1st, 2nd, and 3rd districts respectively.

A comparison: Press reports show that Houston county in the south eastern part of the state, being the first lesislative district with 2725 votes, sends two representatives and one senator to the state legislature, while the 61st district—Norman, Mahnomen, Red Lake, Clearwater, and Beltrami counties—with 10,311 votes is represented by only two representatives and one senator. Should not this be changed for the better?—Sub Urban.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
March 18th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minn., met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock A. M., March 18th, 1910, A. D., for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of William C. Hunt and six others for a public ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Members present: Aubol, Johnson, Lindquist, Demann and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock P. M. and called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

The petition of William C. Hunt and six others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the board and read, and the board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Aubol, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an Engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was adopted:

In the Matter of the Petition of William C. Hunt and Others for Locating and Constructing County Ditch No. 47 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 25th day of January 1910, signed by William C. Hunt and six others praying for the establishment of a certain Public Ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 47, the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county auditor of said county, as by law required:

And Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the board of county commissioners of Red Red Lake county, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law:

Now, Therefore, We, the Board of County Commissioners of said county, at a Special session held this day, do

Continued on Last Page.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
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2½ miles from Erskine, 1½ miles from Cisco; good sandy loam, clay subsoil. Partly plowed. Good creek. One of best pieces in Polk county for farming and stock purposes.—Wheelock & Gilfillan, 502 German American Bank Building, St. Paul, Minn. A7

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Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

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DENTIST
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Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breu: …t. Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger. E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

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It has writing efficiency of expensive machines. Will sell on sight—well advertised. Big money in it for the right party.
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We use great care in picking the famous "SUNKIST" ORANGES. Each "SUNKIST" ORANGE is picked from the tree and packed in the box by a gloved hand. No orange that falls to the ground is packed under the "SUNKIST" label.

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We grow 60% of all the California oranges. Three-fourths of all the lemons. Most of them are sold in bulk, [illegible] of this great quantity are wrapped [illegible] "SUNKIST" label, so that if you would be sure that [illegible] the choicest pick, insist upon the "SUNKIST."

Beautiful Orange Spoon FREE

[illegible] dealers may claim the oranges they sell are the "SUNKIST," but that they have removed the wrapper [illegible] dealer giving you oranges and lemons [illegible] "SUNKIST" wrapper. If you do this we will give [illegible] orange spoon—one of Rogers' best standard [illegible] send us twelve "SUNKIST" orange [illegible] wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay postage, [illegible] and receive one of these beautiful [illegible] by return mail.

The highest quality of lemons also go under the "SUNKIST" label. You can easily secure [illegible] dozen of these beautiful [illegible] Get a dozen "SUNKIST" oranges or lemons today.

Send to California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

Follow this advice.

Quaker Oats is the best of all foods; it is also the cheapest. When such men as Prof Fisher of Yale University and Sir James Crichton Browne, LL.D., F.R.S. of London spend the best part of their lives in studying the great question of the nourishing and strengthening qualities of different foods, it is certain that their advice is absolutely safe to follow.

Professor Fisher found in his experiments for testing the strength and endurance of athletes that the meat eaters were exhausted long before the men who were fed on such food as Quaker Oats. The powers of endurance of the non-meat eaters were about eight times those of the meat eaters.

Sir James Crichton Browne says—eat more oatmeal, eat plenty of it and eat it frequently. 59

SURE THING.

P[illegible]—Papa, is it moths that goes through your clothes?

P[illegible]—Yes; it's ma—s all right.

A Big Shortage in Seeds.

[illegible] thus comes the re[illegible] of seed barley, [illegible] clovers and the [illegible] table in the [illegible] growing [illegible] of Nebraska and [illegible] dearth of seed [illegible] in these [illegible] their orders early [illegible] John A. Salzer Seed [illegible] Wis., for their [illegible] of seed corn. [illegible] potatoes. [illegible] oats. [illegible] of seed wheat. [illegible] clover and timo[illegible] with an endless [illegible] farm seeds and vege[illegible] onions, cabbage, car[illegible] radishes, toma[illegible] about the Salzer firm [illegible] They always fill [illegible] on account of the enormous [illegible] for a package of their [illegible] Catalogue. Address John A. Salzer Seed Co., Box 152, La Crosse, Wis.

An Irresistible Petition.

"And now, Lawd, uh," a bit ominously [illegible] bullet-headed Brother [illegible] in his supplication, "in de contention dat am gwine to take place [illegible] I haven't up wid Brudder Dingford [illegible] wid side-whiskers [illegible] been up-slippin' an' up-slidin' [illegible] yaller wife—be nootral, [illegible], dat's all I axes—I'll do de rest! I h[illegible] been, as you kin see for yo' [illegible] de church books, a pillah in [illegible] an' efficient stannin' for lo dese [illegible] yeahs, an' de tother gen'leman [illegible] pah-blin' elduh; so I hasn't de [illegible], Lawd, to ax yo' to [illegible] in de battle. But if yo' can't help, des hang off an' be nootral. Git yo'se'f a comfable place in de [illegible], an' sed down, an' [illegible] one o' de peartest fights yo' ever had de pleasure o' witnessin'. Amen!"

Record for Strangeness.

A Niagara Falls man tells this story:

A Buffalo man brought a relative from Scotland here to see our grand spectacle. The two gazed at the tall [illegible] silence a long time. Then the Buffalo man heaved a sigh and said:

"Ah, Cousin Donald, did you ever see anything so beautiful and strange?"

The Scotchman, after a moment's thought, answered calmly:

"Weel, for bonnie, yon's a richt; but for strange, no—fur I once saw in the Town o' Peebles a peacock wi' a wooden leg'!"

A Tough One.

Redd—Why do they call that prize fighter the Young Bantam, do you suppose?

Green—I'm sure I don't know. A young bantam is not supposed to be tough.—Yonkers Statesman.

The Point of View.

Newlywed—What, $30 for a hat! Why, it's simply ridiculous, my dear.

Mrs. Newlywed—That's what I thought, Harold, but you said it was all we could afford.—Lippincott's.

A LITTLE THING
Changes the Home Feeling.

Coffee blots out the sunshine from many a home by making the mother, or some other member of the household, dyspeptic, nervous and irritable. There are thousands of cases where the proof is absolutely undeniable. Here is one.

A Wis. mother writes:

"I was taught to drink coffee at an early age, and also at an early age became a victim to headaches, and as I grew to womanhood these headaches became a part of me, as I was scarcely ever free from them.

"About five years ago a friend urged me to try Postum. I made the trial and the result was so satisfactory that we have used it ever since.

"My husband and little daughter were subject to bilious attacks, but they have both been entirely free from them since we began using Postum instead of coffee. I no longer have headaches and my health is perfect."

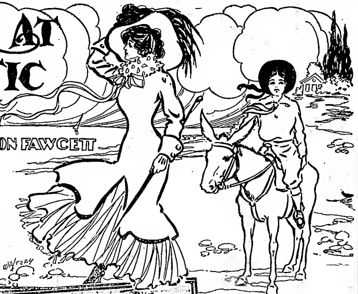
If some of these tired, nervous, irritable women would only leave off coffee absolutely and try Postum they would find a wonderful change in their life. It would then be filled with sunshine and happiness rather than weariness and discontent. And think what an effect it would have on the family, for the mood of the mother is largely responsible for the temper of the children.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

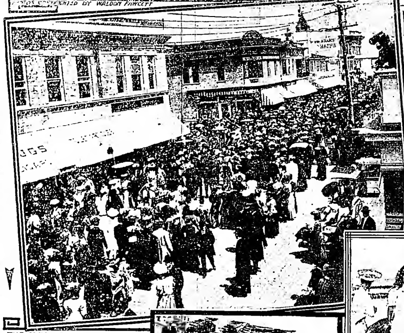
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

EASTER AT ATLANTIC CITY

By WALDON FAWCETT



DIFFERENT localities throughout the United States have varied forms of Easter observance, each novel and distinctive in its way, but it is safe to say that the most spectacular of these events is the great Easter parade on the board walk at Atlantic City. Each American city, to be sure, has its Easter parade along about church time on the joyous morning, but none of these, not even the famous show of fashion on Fifth avenue, New York, can approach in magnitude and splendor the informal procession in honor of the spring holiday at the seaside



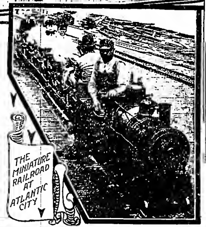
THE GREAT EASTER PARADE AT ATLANTIC CITY

It is no commonplace sight, this panorama of 150,000 people, all attired in their most impressive raiment, tramping up and down an esplanade five miles long to see and be seen.

Perhaps, if you haven't been initiated, you raise your eyebrows at the thought of Atlantic City as an Easter resort. We are wont to think of seashore resorts as bleak places in winter, with biting winds sweeping over the sand stretches and whipping mournfully the tattered remnants of last season's ice cream signs. Surely no person bent on enjoying an Easter vacation would go elsewhere then to a southern resort—certainly not farther north than Old Point Comfort, at any rate. That logic is passing, however, for all that it was very well in its way and sounds plausible even today. The people of the eastern part of the United States have come to accept Atlantic City generally as the pre-eminent Easter mecca and the pleasure loving residents of the middle west and the far west are gradually taking the same view, although they had long been accustomed to recognize it only as a summer paradise and the middle west to this day reserves its main pilgrimage for August, when one may see in bathing at one time as many people as reside in the state of Wyoming.

Just what converted Atlantic City from a summer playground into an all-the-year resort, with especial fascinations at Eastertide, is difficult to determine, although the residents of this pleasure metropolis ascribe it all to their discovery that the Gulf stream comes nearer to the coast off Atlantic City than at any other place north of Florida and thus moderates the temperature and softens the ocean breezes in a degree not enjoyed elsewhere. Candor compels the confession that there have been Easter Sundays when Atlantic City presented a decidedly chilly aspect out of doors, and even under the best conditions most of the women in the Easter parade wear furs, but as a rule the air is bracing and mild enough to encourage lengthy constitutionals. Incidentally it may be remarked that the luxurious rolling chairs which constitute a distinctive feature of life at Atlantic are not so well patronized at Easter as in dog days. Easter weather is of a kind to encourage walking and the chairs which are abroad at this season are housed in with glass.

The student of human nature—and there is no better place in the world for such study—instinctively draws contrasts between the Easter throng and the summer vacation crowd at Atlantic City. In July and August, when the city by the sea is entertaining some 200,000 visitors a day, this whirlpool of humanity is filled for the most part with wage earners and salaried folk and their families who can afford but one vacation a year and elect to enjoy it here, tarrying beside the sea for a week or ten days or two weeks.



THE MINIATURE RAILROAD AT ATLANTIC CITY

A FAVORITE AMUSEMENT OF THE LITTLE FOLKS

At Easter, on the other hand, the assemblage at Atlantic City is recruited largely from the wealthy and leisure classes—it is the rendezvous of fashion at this period, just as are Newport and Bar Harbor in midsummer.

For all that the influx at Easter does not equal that when the summer excursion business is at flood tide, almost all of Atlantic City's one thousand hotels and boarding houses are open to receive the spring merrymakers who pour in at the rate of 300 carloads a day for several days before Easter. What the Easter invaders lack in numbers they make up in spending power and this insures them a double welcome on the great amusement highway where the opportunities of retail trade are such that as much as $3,000 a year rental is charged for a tiny store room. That the Easter rush seaward means such a golden harvest for the hotel keepers and merchants at the Brighton of America is all the more significant when it is taken into consideration that many of the Easter visitors come only for the "week end"—that is, for the interval from Friday afternoon to Monday morning.

Atlantic City at Eastertide is the board walk and the board walk is Atlantic City. In the summer the great bathing beach is, of course, the prime attraction for many of the visitors, but nobody cares to indulge in a dip in old ocean at Easter unless, mayhap, it be some venturesome individual in quest of notoriety. This being the case, the board walk becomes the center of attraction and right well does it meet the responsibility. Following the example of Atlantic City, almost every seaside community has erected a board walk, but the one at Atlantic City is in a class by itself. It is upward of five miles long, is 40 feet wide throughout its main section and cost more than a quarter of a million dollars.

On the one hand this board walk affords promenaders an unobstructed view of the sea, while on the other the marine esplanade is lined with hundreds of restaurants, amusement places of every imaginable kind and the most fascinating shops in America. Interspersed at frequent intervals are art auction rooms. A large proportion of the visitors to Atlantic City are women and of course no woman can resist the temptation of real bargains—a fact of which the wily Japs who conduct these auction emporiums are manifestly well aware. Aside from the never-ending procession of variegated humanity, unlimited free amusement is provided by the picturesque "barkers," the fakirs, the street musicians and the sand sculptors who line the board walk. Finally great amusement piers of steel construction—each, in effect, an "annex" of the board walk—extend seaward from the beach a third of a mile or more and afford visitors all the sensations of life on an ocean liner save the seasickness. On these piers are the great music halls and concert auditoriums, where are held the popular dances for which Atlantic City is famous.

* * *

RESURRECTION.

A magic wand hath touched the sleeping earth,
And at its summons, lo, a glorious dawn!
To countless joys rock, field and hill give birth,
And myriad triumphs in a breath are born.

Old winter's woe, like mist, hath rolled away
And over all a rose-hued splendor glows;
Love, pleasure, hope—as flowers—adorn the day;
Ecstatic peace in every streamlet flows.

Sweet spring is here! The Easter of our souls!
O'erfilled with promise; burdened with delight;
A noble purpose in each hour that rolls;
A precious treasure in each moment's flight.

O magic wand! O faithful hand and true!
We give thee praise and gratitude for this—
Thy touch hath quickened blood and brain anew
And thrilled our lips with fresh-filled cup of bliss.

—Lurana W. Sheldon, in Metropolitan Magazine.

STRANGE EASTER RITES.

In no corner of this whimsical old world of ours can there be found more naive traditions of Eastertide than those treasured in the heart of the Macedonian race, on the border between Europe and Asia.

Even before the 40 days' fast is quite over, the rejoicing that is to flower full-blown at Easter, begins, crocuswise, to push its bright way upward through the gloom of abstinence and vigil, says a writer in Housekeeper. On Palm Sunday, in little bands of three and four, the "Palm Maidens," each flourishing a festive gold-embroidered handkerchief, go from house to house singing their happy carols.

Holy Thursday, radiant with red sashes from every balcony—fluttering symbols of the brightness of the spring—is the great egg-dyeing day. With the first egg dyed the fond mother forms the sign of the cross upon the face and neck of her dear, wee nestling, saying: "Mayest thou grow as red as this egg and strong as a stone." Then gently she places it beside the icon of the Virgin where it remains during the coming year—perhaps for a tender reminder to the holy image of the wish that the earthly mother has just uttered that the divine mother may grant its fulfillment.

At 12 o'clock Easter even a midnight mass is celebrated. The Gospel is read in the churchyard "beneath the silent stars." There follows the joyous hymn "Christ Is Risen"—the glad outburst of firearms, the clattering tongues of bells. The priest, holding up a lighted candle, bids all "Come and receive light," and in happy confusion the throng lights its candles.

With these little flickering torches in their eager hands, they turn to the church. The doors are closed and locked. Loudly they knock, their voices raised in solemn chant:

"Lift the gates, O ye rulers of ours, and ye eternal gates be lifted, for there will enter Christ, the King of Glory!"

A voice within demands: "Who is this King of Glory?"

And the answer breaks forth exultantly: "He is the Lord strong and powerful. He is the Lord mighty in war!"

Home from the service, many slip red eggs under their sleeping children's pillows that when the little ones awake Easter morning they may discover that Paschalia, the female personification of Easter, has surprised the household with a fairy visit.

OLDEST STREET IN AMERICA

Government Is to Build Postoffice on Historic Ground of Plymouth, Massachusetts.

Plymouth, Mass., is about to have a public building built by the government for a postoffice and custom house, and the lot selected is on a historic site at the corner of Leyden street and Main street extension, the oldest street in America.

All the property in this locality is historical, as this was the first street laid out by the Pilgrims, and the only street in America dating back to that time, that is as it was in the early days. The whole of this side of the street, comprising seven acres, on January 2, 1637, came into possession of one James Cole, as the land was granted to him by the court, "to belong to his dwelling house."

The land, part of which will be occupied by the building, belonged at one time to Elder William Brewster, and nearby stood his house.

This house abounded in many anecdotes, and when Gen. Goodwin lived there, at the time of the revolutionary war, he entertained many famous generals of his time.

On the corner of the Baptist church lot is the famous Elder Brewster spring from which excursionists in the summer stop and drink, and it is probable that more people from different parts of the world have drunk from this historic spring than any other similar place in the United States.

Showing World's Progress.

The average Frenchman of to-day can at a smaller price have much better wine than the wealthy Frenchman of the fifteenth or sixteenth century, and this is made possible by the fact that wine is nowadays kept largely in bottles, while in the past only casks were used. Even at the table of Louis XV. wine was rarely served in bottles.

HAVE YOU TRIED THIS?

Simple Prescription Said to Work Wonders for Rheumatism.

This has been well known to the best doctors for years and is now given to the public. "Get one ounce of syrup of Sarsaparille compound and one ounce Toris compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a tablespoonful of this mixture before each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle before using." Good effects are felt the first day. Many of the worst cases here have been cured by this. Any druggist has these ingredients on hand or will quickly get them from his wholesale house.

A TOUCHING APPEAL.

Beggar—Kind lady, won't you help a poor man wot's out at de knees?

Kind Lady—How came you to be out at the knees?

Beggar—Why—er—er—prayin' fer work, ma'am.

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a quick recovery, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-270 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show you its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

Airing the Poodle.

The messenger boy towed the leading lady's pet poodle in front of the big ventilation fan and tied him.

"Great Scott, boy!" exclaimed a bystander, excitedly. "Do you want to blow that dog away? Why, that fan is worse than a cyclone."

"Now!" snapped the messenger boy with a pout. "Let him stay there and get aired. That blooming actress hires me two hours every day to air her blooming kihoodle, and I want him to get enough of it."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Simple Life.

Hungry Guest—Afraid I'm a bit late, but hope I haven't kept breakfast waiting.

Hostess—Oh, I forgot to mention that we're trying the "no breakfast" plan, and feel so much better for it. We do trust it will have the same effect with you.

Couldn't Have Hers.

"I hope I get a good husband."

"Well, keep your hands off mine."

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER
when thoroughly rubbed in relieves strains and sprains in joints or muscles from any cause. All druggists, 25, 35, 50c sizes. Large bottles the cheapest.

It's difficult to convince a woman that other women are as good as they want her to think they are.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Hope is a fine thing, but it doesn't always enable a man to deliver the goods.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

Father Time was probably nursed in the lapse of ages.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Need Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

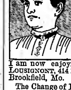
Brookfield, Mo.—"Two years ago I was unable to do any kind of work and only weighed 118 pounds. My trouble dates back to the time that women may expect nature to bring on them the Change of Life. I got a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it made me feel much better, and I have continued its use. I am very grateful to you for the good health I am now enjoying."—Mrs. SARAH LOUSIGNONT, 414 S. Livingston Street, Brookfield, Mo.

The Change of Life is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and neglect of health at this time invites disease and pain.

Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs.

For 30 years it has been curing women from the worst forms of female ills—inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and nervous prostration.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.



For Lame Back

An aching back is instantly relieved by an application of Sloan's Liniment.

This liniment takes the place of massage and is better than sticky plasters. It penetrates—without rubbing—through the skin and muscular tissue right to the bone, quickens the blood, relieves congestion, and gives permanent as well as temporary relief.

Here's the Proof.

Mr. JAMES C. LEE, of 1100 9th St., S.E., Washington, D.C., writes: "Thirty years ago I fell from a scaffold and seriously injured my back. I suffered terribly at times; from the small of my back all around my stomach was just as if I had been beaten with a club. I used every plaster I could get with no relief. Sloan's Liniment took the pain right out, and I can now do as much ladder work as any man in the shop, thanks to

Sloan's Liniment

Mr. J. P. EVANS, of Mt. Airy, Ga., says: "After being afflicted for three years with rheumatism, I used Sloan's Liniment, and was cured sound and well, and am glad to say I haven't been troubled with rheumatism since. My leg was badly swollen from my hip to my knee. One-half a bottle took the pain and swelling out."

Sloan's Liniment has no equal as a remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia or any pain or stiffness in the muscles or joints.
Prices, 25c., 50c. and $1.00

Sloan's book on horses, cattle, sheep, and poultry sent free. Address
Dr. Earl S. Sloan,
Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

BABY'S FIRST SHOES SHOULD BE Baby Pla-Mates

It is most essential that when Baby is ready to take its first steps it should have shoes that will assist and not retard the little toddler. **Baby Pla-Mate Shoes** have features found in no other shoes—note the extreme width and flatness of outsole which allows the little one to step out so confidently. These cute little shoes are made with a genuine Goodyear welt; broad, flat, non-slip sole; full extension heels, and are as flexible as a hand-turned shoe. Made in button and lace styles in patent, tan and black leather of finest quality. Ask your dealer for **Baby Pla-Mate Shoes**, if not in stock, send us his name and style and size desired and we will see you are supplied.

Williams, Hoyt & Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

A RICH, FRAGRANT TEA

Ceylon's Choicest Leaf and Bud; The finest tea the world produces. When you are not quite satisfied with the quality or price of the tea you are using—it is a healthy sign, and implies that you know a good tea when you've tried it.

Then try a drawing of "Salada"—and if you enjoy a pure, fragrant and full-flavored Tea, use half the usual quantity, boil the water (not the tea), and steep the tea for five minutes. You will find "Salada" delicious, invigorating and wholesome. An absolutely pure, uncontaminated Tea, fresh from the finest Tea Gardens of the world. Prepared by modern and cleanly methods, and the best tea, the most economical tea in the market at the price or any price! For sale by all grocers, in sealed lead packets only.

Fresh from the Gardens of Ceylon, the finest tea-growing country in the world.

"SALADA"

It goes much further, and costs no more than ordinary tea. 41

ASK YOUR GROCER

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS.

PE-RU-NA FOR KIDNEY TROUBLE (CATARRH OF KIDNEYS)

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.—To demonstrate [illegible] of Peruna in all ca[illegible] I send you a sample [illegible] free by mail. [illegible] of Peruna is [illegible] that our [illegible] for sample [illegible] Peruna Company, [illegible] Don't forget to mention [illegible] this generous offer in [illegible] write our Medical [illegible] your case fully, [illegible] will send you [illegible] literature con[illegible] rules for health, [illegible] without.

"MAW'S" RECIPE FOR PEACE

[illegible] and Direct Method by Which Quarreling Was Discouraged in Her Household.

[illegible] Mammy Collier, "I [illegible] no trouble bringin' up [illegible] gals."

[illegible] till dey got [illegible] Then you [illegible] They [illegible] wif me, but [illegible] an' get married an' [illegible]

[illegible] no such doin's, [illegible]

[illegible] you knows best [illegible] You knows [illegible] to bring you up; [illegible] how peaceful I al[illegible] Me an' him [illegible] I never ex[illegible] When the [illegible] forgit hisself [illegible] talk, I'd jest [illegible] somethin' handy [illegible] He knew dat [illegible] for him to keep [illegible] no trouble.'

[illegible] an' I tell 'em dey [illegible] to live peaceful, same as [illegible] Illustrated Sunday [illegible] Los Angeles Herald.

His Sole Resting Place.

[illegible] teacher spent a [illegible] impressing upon [illegible] pronunciation of [illegible]

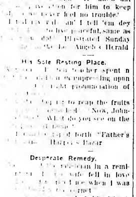
[illegible] to reap the fruits [illegible] "Now, John[illegible] What do you see on the [illegible]"

[illegible] forth "Father's [illegible]" Harper's Bazar.

Desperate Remedy.

[illegible] physician in a remi[illegible] wife fell in love [illegible] when I was [illegible]

[illegible] asked his friend, [illegible] because she [illegible] to make you stop prac[illegible]



The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

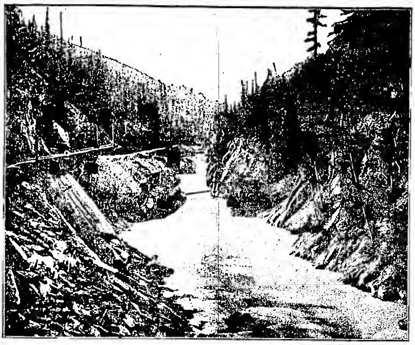
FREE [illegible] resident lots in [illegible] Minnesota and get a [illegible] absolutely free [illegible] called Land In[illegible] of over 200 farms [illegible] information regard[illegible] in Colorado

JOHN GROVE
[illegible] Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

PISO'S

is the word to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS & COLDS

SCENE OF SNOWSLIDE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA



NINETY-TWO people were buried in the most disastrous snowslide ever known on the line of the Canadian Pacific railroad. The terrible avalanche occurred in Beaver creek canyon in the Selkirk mountains. The canyon leads to Rogers pass from the east. Beyond the pass a few miles the track meets the Illecillewaet river. In Beaver creek canyon the mountains rise to many hundred feet above the track. Through Rogers pass, and west of the divide the road passes through several miles of snow sheds, but on the east slope there are practically no sheds for the protection of trains.

FEW WILD PIGEONS

Bird Once Abundant in Michigan Now Almost Exterminated.

Trappers in That State Caught Them in Large Numbers By Use of Nets and a System of Decoys.

South Haven, Mich.—Some thirty-five or forty years ago some of the locality around South Haven was a great lumbering country and to-day in uncleared brush land there are to be seen (reminding one of those early days) firmly imbedded in the ground immense pine stumps, relics of those one-time monarchs of the forest. These stumps will measure in circumference ten or fifteen feet. Old-timers and settlers recall the fact that those pine forests were once the breeding and nesting place of myriads of wild pigeons, that roosted, bred and went unmolested; that they increased in such quantities that when they made a flight they would darken the sky like a black cloud. The younger generation of sportsmen, however, has probably never seen a living specimen of that bird, his acquaintance with pigeons being entirely confined to the plucked specimens of tame pigeons on the stands of the dealers in the market places.

One of the old-timers of the early days who followed the flight of 1878 and was much interested in the pigeon business of that time said that the disappearance of the wild pigeon from its former haunts has established the fact that it is now entirely confined to the wilds of British North America. He followed the roosts and routes of the flights and the last one seen by him in Michigan was in the spring of 1876. The main body of birds disappeared across the Straits of Mackinac, much to the distress of netters.

At Petoskey and its immediate neighborhood in 1878 a flock of pigeons appeared in a considerable number, but not more than a few thousands were seen in one body. The nests in Michigan extended usually for about twenty-eight miles, averaging about two miles wide. The birds usually arrived in two separate bodies; one came directly from the south by land the other following the coast of Wisconsin. The latter body came in from the lake at about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. It was a compact mass of pigeons, at least five miles long by one mile wide. In 1878 some Chicago men came over to Michigan and employed 200 men and boys in netting the pigeons. This slaughter, together with advent of the woodmen in the pineries, contributed more than anything else to the annihilation of the wild pigeon in Michigan.

The old-timer, in describing the taking of pigeons in nets, speaks of them as seines, which were so rigged that upon being sprung they fell upon the birds which at the moment were on the ground. There were two methods by which the pigeons were decoyed, one by baiting, whereby a single pigeon, attracted by the food scattered about, called a great number of his fellows, upon whom, when collected in sufficient numbers, the net was sprung.

It was not an an uncommon thing to trap from 300 to 500 pigeons at every cast and, as the casts were numerous, the number taken throughout the day was large. Another method consisted of trapping the pigeons as they flew over the net. That required the use of decoy birds, whose eyes were sewed up and a light weight attached to their legs to prevent them from flying away. These decoys were thrown into the air when a flock was passing by to attract their attention, while trained decoys—that is, pigeons trained to act as if alighting—were worked industriously at the same time. If they brought down the flight the net was sprung at four corners. The captives were taken out and disposed of according to the purpose of the netters. Some were kept alive in coops, while the balance were killed and packed immediately for market. This account applies to the period when flocks of pigeons were large and numerous. The last occasion when nets were profitably used was in 1877.

OLD DEED IS VERY VALUABLE

Document Found, Said to Be Connecting Link of Claim to $400,000,000 Estate.

Toledo, O., Mar. 8.—In rummaging over old papers in a trunk, Harry B. Alexander of New Philadelphia, O., has come across an ancient parchment that proved to be a deed dated June 21, 1751, from agents of Lord Baltimore to William A. Price, and conveying lands now the heart of Baltimore, Md., for the sum of eleven pounds sterling.

This is said to be the connecting link of the claim of the Price heirs to an estate now valued at $400,000,000. Price gave a long lease on the lands, but this lease was destroyed when the British burned the city in 1812.

It Doesn't Appeal to Him.

The man who has no sons is always slow to accept the theory that boys will be boys as a good excuse.

TAKE DUTCH CENSUS

Enumerators in Holland Have Same Trouble as Elsewhere.

Facts Difficult to Get Because Many Persons Are Apparently Too Stupid to Give Information—Some Amusing Answers.

The Hague.—Cards with questions to be answered for the decennial census of Holland were distributed recently. About 6,000,000 cards were sent out. The experience of the census enumerators, like that in many other countries, is discouraging or amusing, according to the point of view one takes of the matter. It is discouraging if one thinks that education has been compulsory in the Netherlands for many years and that there is so little to show for it. For it is patent that all those 'heads of families" who had to fill in their own census cards and see to it that the other members of their family filled in theirs show a remarkable lack of education and even of plain common sense or intelligence.

Many were absolutely unwilling to fill in their cards; others really could neither read nor write or got hopelessly muddled in the questions and answers. Lots of the cards got lost or too much soiled for use. Some poverty-stricken people asked the enumerators whether they could "get soup on such a card" or whether they could "get work" on it. But few could understand the use of the cards or of the census, although the whole affair had been explained to the children in all the schools, so that they might be able to help their parents in filling out the cards.

Only in those cases where people were really unable, though willing, to do so were the census enumerators allowed to fill out the cards from dictation. Even then it was often difficult to make the people understand what was meant by every question or to get at the correct names, birth and marriage dates, the religious belief or business or employment of the people.

One old woman had answered the question, "What is your principal business or employment?" by writing: "Praying to God for my sovereign and my country." That she truly considered this her principal mission in life could be seen by referring to the census papers of ten years ago, when she had answered the same question in the same way.

Of course, there were many amusing mistakes made—for instance, when a father named as the chief business of his son of 14 years, "being an idiot." Another father gave his little daughter's chief employment as "eating." There seemed to be a good deal of difference of opinion among the people as to who is really the "head of the household." Some households were described as having as many "heads" as "members." In others the husbands had named their wives as the "heads."

Find Hidden Treasure.

Huntington, W. Va.—While digging into a hole to capture a rabbit Grant Bennett and Gordon Farrow of Grayson, Ky., unearthed an old tin canister containing $482 in gold and silver coin. A cabin near the place where the money was found was occupied a quarter of a century ago by John Stevenson, hermit, who died suddenly.

Wise Thought.

We need to be careful how we deal with those about us, when every death carries to some small circle of survivors thoughts of so much omitted and so little done—of so many things forgotten and so many more which might have been repaired.—Oliver Twist.

HOW TO DETECT FRESH EGGS

Dr. Wiley Gives House Committee Practical Demonstration on Cold Storage Product.

Washington.—It is easily possible to tell the difference between a fresh egg and a cold storage egg without breaking the shell, and dealers in the District of Columbia who sell stored eggs for "strictly fresh" ones may be prosecuted and convicted, according to statements of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the government's chief chemist, at the "high cost of living" hearing being conducted by a house sub-committee.

Dr. Wiley brought with him a large number of fresh eggs and also some of the cold storage variety. Dropping them into a large vessel of water containing ten per cent. salt solution, the fresh eggs immediately sank to the bottom and the refrigerated ones floated on the surface. When asked how he knew the eggs were fresh Dr. Wiley replied that one of the inspectors had watched the hens lay them the day before.

Busy Woman 113 Years Ola

Mrs. Hester Cordrey Attributes Long Life to Plowing She Did When She Was Young.

Delmar, Del.—Mrs. Hester Cordrey, known as Aunt Hester, celebrated her one hundred and thirteenth birthday at her home here the other day. With her were her four grandchildren and ten great-grandchildren.

Mrs. Cordrey was born in 1797, nine miles from this town, on a farm, where she lived until she married. She was married twice, but was the mother of only one child. Her health has been remarkable until within the last year. Her eyesight is good and she has lost only one tooth.

When asked to what she attributed her old age, Mrs. Cordrey said:

"When I was a little girl I used to go out and work on the farm like the men. Many days have I plowed all day and come to the barn after dark and milked seven cows. There were only two boys and father, and in those days it was no disgrace for a woman to work, so I used to help out and save hiring extra labor.

"If a girl now was to go out and plant corn or cut wheat she would be considered a slave, but we were praised then for being industrious. If girls these years would do more work and think less of their 'parlor' they would be more healthy and live longer."

Mrs. Cordrey now has a plot of ground which she cultivates yearly unaided.

Famous Game Coming Back?

Nebraska City, Neb.—The first wild turkey seen here in years was killed the other day in the woods between here and Plattsmouth by John Dungan. The men was hunting rabbits, and as he passed a clump of brush he heard the call of a gobbler. As Dungan approached the gobbler flew away with the ease of a swallow. Dungan fired and brought the bird down.

A WONDERFUL CHANGE.

From Daily Wretchedness and Pain to Normal Health.

Mrs. R. Crouse, Manchester, Ia., says: "For two years my back was weak. Rheumatic pains racked my lower limbs, day and night. The action of the kidneys was annoyingly irregular. When I started using Doan's Kidney Pills, these troubles soon lessened and the dull backache vanished. The kidneys now act normally and I give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for this wonderful change."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SURE THING.

Katherine—Was Miss Bliyuns expensively dressed at the ball?

Kidder—Yes, indeed. Why, even her slippers were tied with real laces.

FOR THE SKIN AND SCALP

Because of its delicate, emollient, sanative, antiseptic properties derived from Cuticura Ointment, united with the purest of cleansing ingredients and most refreshing of flower odors, Cuticura Soap is unrivaled for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, and, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for dispelling itching, irritation and inflammation and preventing clogging of the pores, the cause of many disfiguring facial eruptions. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment realize every expectation. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Send to them for the latest Cuticura Book, an authority on the best care of the skin, scalp, hair and hands. It is mailed free on request.

Driven by Hunger to Desperation.

Mrs. Mode had just returned home from the country, to discover her previously well-stocked wardrobe empty. "Good gracious, Herbert," she cried to her husband, "where are all my clothes? And what in the world is that big black patch out on the lawn?" "Nelly," he replied mournfully, "after I had starved for two whole days, you wrote me that the key of the pantry was in the pocket of your bolero. Well, I don't know a bolero from a box-plaited ruffle, and I was desperate, so I took all the things out on the lawn and burned them. Then I found the key among the ashes."—Success Magazine.

Two Points of View.

Mrs. Whoopser—For my part, I think Mr. Dyler was mean when he made his wife promise she would never marry again.

Mr. Whoopser—Oh, Mary, don't judge the poor man so harshly; you ought to be thankful because he probably prevented some brother man from being made miserable.

Cold Meat.

Mrs. Bacon.—They say these cold-storage houses are responsible for the high price of meat.

Mr. Bacon.—Is that so? Well, I hope we'll have no more cold meat for lunch, then.—Yonkers Statesman.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

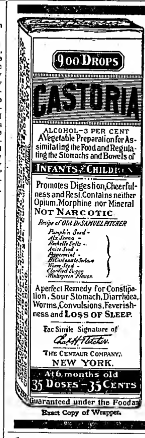
A pessimist is always calling your attention to the unusual amount of sickness there is in the neighborhood.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Second thoughts prevent a man from having lots of fun.

WE PAY HIGH PRICE FOR HIDES and Furs, and sell guns and traps cheap. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

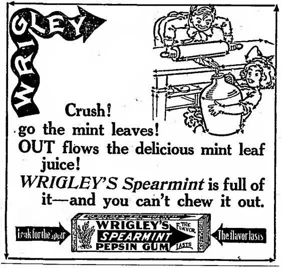
How men would kick if their wives struck for an eight-hour day.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Foodand

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Crush! go the mint leaves! OUT flows the delicious mint leaf juice! *WRIGLEY'S Spearmint* is full of it—and you can't chew it out.

MICA AXLE GREASE is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere

STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

A Consolation.

A young woman who had been in the habit of spending her summers in a hill village of Connecticut recently encountered a rural neighbor in a city store.

"How's your wife, Mr. Green?" inquired the young woman graciously.

"Why, don't you know," said Mr. Green, "I lost her three months ago?"

"Oh," said the shocked young woman, "I didn't know. I beg your pardon, Mr. Green, for being so thoughtless."

"Well," said the disconsolate widower soothingly, "it ain't as bad as it might have been. I've got good help."

Easily Explained.

"Strange," murmured the editor, "that this anecdote of George Washington has never been in print before."

"Not at all," explained the occasional contributor. "I only thought of it last night."

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c at Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

An Honest Policeman.

Judge.—What is the charge against this man, officer?

Policeman.—There isn't any, your honor; business was dull and I arrested him just to keep my hand in.

A TRIFLING COUGH will become a permanent one unless stopped. Allen's Lung Balsam will surely stop it. A 25c bottle is large enough for that. Sold at all druggists, 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottles.

Coming Down.

"How have the mighty fallen."

"Don't bother me with your airship accidents."

WESTERN CANADA

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, says:—"The stream of emigrants from the United States to Canada will continue."

Senator Dolliver recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and says: "There is a land hunger in the hearts of English speaking people; this will account for the removal of so many Iowa farmers to Canada. Our people are pleased with its Government and the excellent administration of law, and they are coming to you in tens of thousands, and they are still coming."

Iowa contributed largely to the 70,000 American farmers who made Canada their home during 1909. Field crop returns alone during year added to the wealth of the country upwards of $170,000,000.00

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts, 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) (3)

Bad BLOOD

"Before I began using Cascarets I had a bad complexion, pimples on my face, and my food was not digested as it should have been. Now I am entirely well, and the pimples have all disappeared from my face. I can truthfully say that Cascarets are just as advertised; I have taken only two boxes of them."

Clarence R. Griffin, Sheridan, Ind.

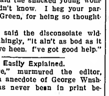
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 927

Cured Right at Home

by ELECTROPODES. New Electric Treatment. Galvanic insoles—copper and zinc—worn inside shoes. Invigorate entire body. Nerves become "live wires." Positive cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Kidney and Liver complaints. Price only $1.00. Your money returned if not satisfactory. Guarantee signed with each sale. Electropodes are mailable. If not at your Druggist's, send us $1.00. State whether for man or woman.

WESTERN ELECTROPODE CO.
245 Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, Cal.

PATENTS F. G. Bradbury, Pat. Atty., Com'l Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.; Corn Exchange Bldg., Minneapolis; McGill Bldg., Washington. Best work close at home. ADVICE FREE.



Woman's Power Over Man

Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R.V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No *honest* dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG,
SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

The difference between slender and skinny women is a matter of dollars rather than sense.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Ever notice how easy it is not to save money?

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality
Fish Poles, Fishing Tackle and Base Ball Goods.
Fine Coffees and Teas in our Grocery Department.
Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Freund's new ad.

Read Spillane's new ad.

Read the Merchants State Bank's new ad.

Hunt has an interesting ad on the first page.

For Sale—A good piano.—Mrs. M. V. Hall.

John Powers of Wylie was in town Friday.

Jas. Pahlen of Plummer was in town Saturday.

Seed wheat and oats for sale.—Chas. N. Bundon.

Some good farms for rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

C. J. Knox of Thief River Falls was here Tuesday.

[illegible] spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

[illegible] line of spring [illegible]

[illegible] spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

P. S. [illegible] of Plummer is in town for "court week."

John McCerney of Wylie was trading in town Friday.

W. J. Powers of Wylie was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Horace Laurent spent Sunday with his parents at Crookston.

Mrs. Harry Garceau is entertaining her father from Crookston.

Sam Peterson, the Crookston [illegible] was in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives were at St. Hilaire between trains Monday.

H. Stanton of Thief River Falls was in town Friday and Saturday.

G. D. L. Sage of Thief River Falls was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

[illegible] Dahl and C. J. Dahl of St. Hilaire were in town yesterday and today.

Miss Gubb of the high school faculty has been quite ill for several days.

For Sale—Incubator and brooder, good condition.—Mrs. V. H. Detting. A14

Dr. Spelora will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls April 7.

Geo. Newberry, Charles Newberry, Nick Werstlien, Frank Ginty and Dr. Teal were among Thief River people in town today.

Miss Mae Morreau of Brooks was the guest this week of Miss Rose Harren.

Miss Freda Ittner, who teaches near Mentor, was at home over Sunday.

Mrs. Hanson and daughter of St. Hilaire were in the city Friday and Saturday.

If you are thinking of buying a new spring suit, better see what Skala has.

Miss Marie Prudhomme of Crookston was a guest at the Laurent home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Omar Hall spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Gerlach at Fergus Falls.

Dan Laurent has returned from Bigfork where he has been employed in the woods.

School entertainment at Woodman hall tomorrow evening and Saturday evening.

V. M. Higinbotham, W. I. Fisher and Jos. Helm, jr. bal bled to Brooks Sunday.

M. Skala sells the famous Lanpher hat—always the standard for quality and style.

Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson was at Thief River Falls between trains Saturday.

Gotzien shoes—they keep your feet dry and they wear well—are sold by M. Skala.

Dan Laurent of Crookston spent the Easter season with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Chas. Dayme nd of Mentor visited with friends in town from Saturday until Tuesday.

Mrs. Mat Meyer of Grand Forks was the guest this week of her sister, Mrs. Jos. Miller.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson was attending to official business at Thief River Falls Saturday.

Miss Esther Johnson of St. Hilaire was the guest of friends in town Friday and Saturday.

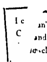
Fi ve rolls of floor oil cloth to sel ect from at the Big Store. Fine patterns at 50c a yard.

Miss Hannah Gustafson of Thief River Falls was the guest of Miss Ida Tandberg this week.

Rudolph Helm has returned from the twin cities where he spent several weeks with relatives.

You will always receive courteous treatment from the First State Bank. They are interested in your business. Drop in and talk it over.

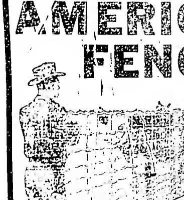
THIS IS NO IDLE JOKE.....



I can't write ads worth sour beans, but I can sell Candies, Fruits, Tobaccos, Cigars, Soft Drinks, Jewelry and Toilet Goods to beat the band.

Freund's Store, - Phone 44

AMERICAN FENCE



MADE BY
American Steel & Wire Co.

A broad, substantial, enduring fence, built on the elastic, hinged-joint principle—the most scientific, practical and perfect fence principle known. It yields to great and sudden pressure, but returns to the original shape.

Thoroughly galvanized and protected against weather.

FOR SALE BY
HUNT HARDWARE CO.
ESTABLISHED IN 1872
FOR 33 YEARS THE HOME OF RELIABLE GOODS.

Miss Marshall of the high school faculty is entertaining her sister who teaches at Mahnomen.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office at Crookston, was in town yesterday.

Bert Lizee, who conducts a barber shop at Waubun, was at his home here a part of the week.

Miss Emma Tandberg who teaches in Bray township, was at home from Thursday until Monday.

Miss Annie Laurent, who is employed in a store in Grand Forks, is spending the week at home.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton was attending to legal business at Crookston Friday and Saturday.

Ralph Healy, who is attending the North Dakota University at Grand Forks, was at home over Sunday.

Misses Ruth Martz and Lilly Johnson of St. Hilaire were guests of friends in town Friday and Saturday.

Official proceedings of the last meeting of the board of county commissioners are published in this issue.

Have you seen those Lingerie Waists at the Big Store? Such waists at the price were never seen before.

Mrs. Geo. F. Hennings left last evening for Grand Forks and will spend the remainder of the week in that city.

Jack Tschirhart, who is engaged in railroad construction work on the Soo near Cass Lake, was at home over Sunday.

J. F. Fournet this week completed the erection of a warehouse in which to house the overflow of his furniture stock.

Ernest Toupin is home for a week's vacation from Duluth where he has been employed for the past several months.

Thos. Majeras, who has been employed at the Great Northern station at Thief River Falls, has been at home this week.

Fred Borchers returned Saturday from a business trip to Missoula, Mont. Mr. Borchers spent two weeks in the west.

Mrs. Samuel Gibeau and son and Mrs. Gibeau's mother, Mrs. Levance, visited with friends at Crookston this week.

Young sow pig, white, strayed from the Thos. Whalen farm. Suitable reward will be paid for the return of the property.

Miss Abbie Miller, who teaches in the Badger school, went to her home at Thief River Falls Saturday for the Easter vacation.

Jos. Pouliot, who is employed at Duluth, is spending a week's vacation in town with his mother and his brother, P. F. Pouliot.

Misses Rose and Anna Jolie, who were at there home in Terrebonne for the Easter holidays, returned to Crookston last evening.

Louis Sieff shipped two car loads of horses to the state of Washington last Friday. The horses will be used on railroad construction work.

Dr. F. H. Gamble of Thief River Falls was in town last evening and today, he being interested in some litigation before the district court.

Theo. Labissonere returned yesterday from Denver, Colorado. Mr. Labissoniere says his winter's sojourn in the west was a pleasant one.

Louis Sieff and fourteen men employed by him left last evening for Wenatchee, Wash., where they will engage in railroad construction work.

More than sixty tickets were sold for the Easter ball given at Woodman hall Monday evening and is said to have been a very enjoyable affair.

If you want to sell your land call and see us, or write us. Have one customer alone who wants land for a colony of 30 farmers.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Jos. Belair, the auctioneer, went to Mentor to "cry" the Quesnell auction. It was a big sale and articles offered for sale were disposed of at good prices.

See our line of rugs—a bigger stock than ever. 9x12 Brussels at $12.90. Shirvan rugs from $1.25 up. We save you money on rugs of all kinds.—The Big Store.

For rent—The S. E. ¼ sec. 31, Red Lake township. 110 acres under cultivation, 50 acres hayland. For further particulars address Elmer Rubberg, Crookston, Minn.

H. T. McAnulty, former superintendent of schools, returned Saturday from New York. Mr. McAnulty spent the winter in New York and other states in the east.

The post office department is warning farmers that auction bills cannot be distributed and put in rural mail boxes without affixing the necessary postage. Farmers in many localities have been arrested for the practice and compelled to pay a fine of ten dollars. Ignorance of the law does not bar anyone.—Cokato Enterprise.

Mrs. M. V. Hall, who sells her personal property at an auction sale tomorrow, expects to leave in a few days for Grand Forks in which city she will reside in the future.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Is not time wasted and delay worth to you 15 or 20 cents? Save this delay and time by the use of the service of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company.

Miss Viola Brady, who teaches at St. Vincent, is spending a vacation of a week at home. Miss Brady's guest for the week is Miss Olson who also teaches at St. Vincent.

Theo. Fournier moved to Wylie last Saturday to prepare for the opening of his cheese factory at that place. The factory will be opened for the season's run about April 15

O. E. Gjelde of Virginia was in town last Thursday and was appointed by the probate court as guardian of Paul Skomedal, insane, who has a claim on the reservation.

Because of the session of district court many people from all over the county are here, some to serve as jurymen and others as witness or parties in litigation before the court.

I have people who wish to purchase some choice farms, both improved and unimproved. People having good lands for sale will do well to list them with me.—Ed L Healy.

Judge S. A. Swanson went to Thief River Falls Tuesday to conduct a hearing on a petition for the appointment of a guardian for two dependant children, Chester and Alice Rockstad.

Our line of Men's working shoes is the largest ever shown. Shoes have gone up but you will find our prices as low as ever. We bought before the advances. Look us up.—The Big Store.

A checking account promotes credit and establishes responsibility. The advice and use of the credit of the Merchant's State Bank will aid in developing the business of worthy patrons.

Ed L. Healy this week sold to Mr. Reese of Belmont, Iowa, 240 acres of land in Lake Pleasant township. Mr. Reese, accompanied by B. Meninger, also of Belmont, was here this week to close the deal.

Carl Nelson, John Rud and Ben Lonson, three Thief River Falls boys were in town Tuesday. The boys were a little weary and footsore when they got here for they had walked from Thief River Falls.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Wilkinson next Wednesday afternoon. No lunch will be served. All members are urged to be present as there is considerable business of importance to be transacted.

The policy of the Officers and Directors of the First State Bank is to maintain its well earned reputation for safety and conservatism. They are able and willing to do everything for thier customers that is consistent with good banking.

Ignac Kolski of Hickory township was in town Tuesday and made final proof before Judge S. A. Swanson on a fine quarter section in Hickory township. Mr. Kolski was accompanied by Mike Kolski and W. Wajernowski as witnesses.

See the new line of Kuppenheimer and Clothcraft suits at our store. No better line of patterns shown anywhere. Our range of suits is complete. $5.00 to $27.50 for suits they get $35 for in cities not very far from here. Let us show you.—The Big Store.

Miss Josephine Kaus, teacher of the third and fourth grades in the Washington school, on the north side, resigned last week. Her successor, Miss Edna Forsyth, from Fall River, Wis., arrived Saturday and is now in charge of the work of the grades.

Arthur Lizee left last evening on a trip west and will spend several weeks with a brother in California and he will also visit in Oregon and Washington. No Irishman ever born looked the part more than does Jos. Belair who is the city's peace officer during the absence of Chief Lizee.

Mrs. M. V. Hall will hold an auction sale at the Altnow house, on the north side, a block east and two blocks south of the Washington school building Friday afternoon, April 1. The sale will commence at one o'clock and some live stock, farm machinery and household goods will be sold.

F. A. Kellog went to Crookston Saturday evening and there joined the local commandery of the Knights Templar who went to Grand Forks for special Easter services. At Grand Forks they were royally entertained by the members of the commandery of that city and attended special Easter services at the Episcopal church.

The grade pupils of the public schools will give an entertainment at Woodman hall Friday and Saturday evening, April 1 and 2. The little people will give "Little Red Riding Hood," a musical play, and the pupils of the upper grades will give "Mrs. Jolly's Wax Figures." The entertainment will be a good one and everybody should plan to attend.

The friends here of Alfred Walstead, who was employed in Schreiter's drug store last year, will be pleased to learn that he has passed the examination in pharmacy held in Fargo recently by the North Dakota board of examiners and that he is now a registered pharmacist. Eighty persons wrote the examination of whom twenty-one passed as assistants. Mr. Walstead is now running a drug store at Larson, North Dakota.

Ernest Porter killed a wolf last Saturday in an unusual manner. He saw the wolf enter the slaughter house east of town. He thought a slaughter house would make a good wolfe trap so he went up to the building and cautiously closed the door. He then got inside with a club and fought it out with the wolf. In a little while the wolf was all to the bad and Red Lake county has settled with Mr. Porter for doing the job.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

DOUBLE VISION.

It Affected the Oculist as Well as the Patient.

A well known oculist of New York city tells a story of one of his patients who proved rather more than a match for him. The patient was an old fellow from one of the rural counties of the state, fifty years of age or more, who strolled leisurely into the doctor's office and, after taking a mental inventory of the place, remarked that he was afraid that his eyes were "gitting a lettle out o' kilter" and he guessed the doctor had better "take a peek at them." He was seated and, as a preliminary, was invited to look through a prism at a photograph.

"Why, now," said he after "squinting" awhile, "this is curious! I see two photographs. What makes me see like that?"

The oculist, who is something of a humorist and inclined to be jocose with certain of his patients, replied that this phenomenon was certainly very interesting and that, while possibly it indicated some slight abnormality, it yet had its compensating advantages. "With double vision you have a great advantage over me, for example," he continued, smiling; "for you will be able to see twice as many beautiful things in the world as I can. You will have twice as many friends. Your family will be doubled. You will have twice as much real estate and two pocketbooks instead of one."

The old man did not say much in reply, but seemed to be pondering it. Meanwhile the oculist completed his examination, and the time came to receive his fee, which in this case was $10.

Very slowly the old man, still pondering, drew forth a roll of notes and, carefully selecting a five dollar bill, looked hard at it for some moments. Then, proffering it, he said quietly, "Here's your $10, doctor!"

Gems In Verse

EXAMPLE.

WE scatter seeds with careless hand
And dream we ne'er shall see them more,
But for a thousand years
Their fruit appears
In weeds that mar the land
Or healthful store.

THE deeds we do, the words we say,
Into still air they seem to fleet,
We count them ever past,
But they shall last—
In the dread judgment they
And we shall meet.

I CHARGE thee by the years gone by,
For the love's sake of brethren dear,
Keep thou the one true way,
In work and play,
Lest in that world their cry
Of woe thou hear.

—John Keble.

THE STAR IN THE WEST.

I SAW a bright star shining out in the west—
A diadem bound on the brow of the sky—
A beacon, it seemed, in the home of the blest
To guide the poor toilers of earth to a rest
In a land where no sorrow can burden the breast
And all that is true cannot die.

And it seemed that the angels were guarding its fires,
Directing its beams to the mortals below,
Whose hope for a haven of refuge inspires
With courage to carry each cross, though it tires
And burdensome grows ere the moment expires
For release from all bondage and woe.

Beholding with rapture that glorious star
It seemed that I heard the faint rush of a wing
As it passed by my soul and upward afar
It swept to the portals of heaven, ajar,
Swept on to that land where the glorified are
Triumphant o'er death and its sting.

And then I remembered that tear be dimmed eyes
Of millions had gazed on those radiant beams
In ages now dead since humanity's ties
Were sundered by man, all regardless of sighs
Of brothers oppressed, and who blindly denies
The love of the one who redeems.

Then sinking adown the far fields of the west
The star that entranced me grew faint to my sight,
Till 'neath the horizon it went to its rest—
But not the sad heart that sank low in my breast—
And left me alone, all unhappy, unblest,
Unshrived in the darkness of night.

PROCEEDINGS

Continued from page 5.

hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said Public Ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county, on or before the first day of June, 1910.

Dated March 18th, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board County Commissioners of Red Lake County.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(Seal)

On motion made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously the following order appointing Viewers on the ditch petitioned for by William C. Hunt and others, designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 47, was made.

In the Matter of the Petition of William C. Hunt and Others for County Ditch No. 47 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 25th day of January, A. D. 1910, signed by William C. Hunt and six others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 47 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county; and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said County Board of said County have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said County, at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint Joseph Belair and Gilbert Haavi and Otto Zaiser, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county Auditor of said County designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified in the order of the County Auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicate of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red
Lake County, Minnesota.
By C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman.

Dated this 18th day of March, A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(Auditor's Seal)

On motion made, seconded and carried unanimously the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST.
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake Co., Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(Auditor's Seal)

PROCEEDINGS

Continued From First Page.

Aubol, Johnson and Lindquist, and the following commissioners voted nay, none.

Whereupon the chairman declared the said resolution adopted.

On motion duly carried the county auditor is instructed to apply to the State Board of Investment for a loan of $220.83 for a period of twenty years on account of the benefits to lands within the county, for the construction of Judicial Ditch No. 61.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Aubol who moved its adoption, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Whereas, There is at present over $34,000 more in the county treasury than can be legally deposited in the designated depositories as per their bonds on file.

Further, That there is a conflict in opinion between the public examiner's office and the attorney general's office relative to the taking of additional bonds from the designated depositories;

Be it Resolved, That this board approve the additional bonds of The First National Bank of Thief River Falls, The First State Bank of Plummer and the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Aubol, Pigeon and Johnson and being present and no commissioners voting nay.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Joseph Salley, Coal for Clerk and Sheriff as per bill	[illegible]
Merchant's State Bank of Red Lake Falls, To delivering $1000 court house bonds at Minneapolis	6.45
Peter Kolstad, Jan. and Feb. rent of Co. Surveyor's office	16.00
L. V. Koos, 2 days services as clerk of Co. Teachers Exam. at $5.00	10.00
C. A. Lindquist, To per diem, March 1st and 3rd, special meeting Board of auditors	[illegible]
A. L. Roe, to drawings as per bill	5.00
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, Board of prisoners, Feb.	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, Turnkey wages for Feb.	25.00
W. E. McGregor, 1 day [illegible] teacher examinations at St. Hilaire and supplies	[illegible]
H. E. Ives, postage and express as per vouchers	9.40
H. F. Anderson, postage as per voucher	[illegible]
H. F. Anderson, Co. Supt., exp. account Feb. 21 to March 14 as per voucher	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., lights and supplies	[illegible]
W. A. Schreiber, Phone service Jan. and Feb.	[illegible]
Miller-Davis Printing Co., Supplies for Co. offices (5 bills)	[illegible]
W. A. Schreiber, Long Distance tolls (2 bills)	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Bal. for Co. Printing	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. ann. notices	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. delinquent tax list	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, supplies for county offices	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Sale of J 95 ditch no. 2	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, sale of ditch no. 10	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publications ditch no. 35	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publications ditch no. 37	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publications ditch no. 42	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishing ditch no. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publications ditch no. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Comr. proceedings Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, tax notices and hearing on Petition Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Comr. proceedings Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, tax notices and hearing on Petition Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Comr. proceedings Ditch No. 47	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, Sheriff, Mileage and posting notices Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, tax notices and hearing on [illegible] Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 9 days with viewers and board Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, Wood for office at St. Hilaire	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 2 days board at hearing a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 2 days board a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 1 day final hearing Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 2 days board a-c ditch No. 35	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 1 day board a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 2 days final hearing ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, 1 day board a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, Engineer, [illegible]	[illegible]
Charles Fellman, 2 days chainman and board a-c Ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Charles Fellman, 2 days chainman and board a-c Ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Charles Fellman, 1 day chainman and board a-c Ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Sever Olson, 2 days chainman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Sever Olson, 2 days chainman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Sever Olson, 2 days chainman and board a-c Ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Archie Whalen, 2 days as rodman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Archie Whalen, 2 days as chainman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Archie Whalen, 2 days as rodman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Sever Olson, 3 days as chainman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Sever Olson, 2 days as chainman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Archie Whalen, 2 days as rodman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Archie Whalen, 3 days as rodman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., 2 days and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., 2 days and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., 3 days and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Charles Fellman, 2 days chainman and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Charles Fellman, 2 days chainman and board a-c Ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., 3 days and board and exps. a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., [illegible] a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., 2 days and board a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., 2 days livery a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn Martz, Asst. Eng., 4 days livery a-c ditch [illegible]	[illegible]
Otto Zaiser, to days viewing and board a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Gilbert K. Haavi, to days viewing and board a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
John B. Herbert, to days viewing and board a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Zaiser Bros. 6 days livery at $[illegible] for team a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Ed. A. Aubol, Comr., per diem and mileage a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Joseph Johnson, Comr., per diem and mileage a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. A. Lindquist, Comr., per diem and mileage a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Joseph Pigeon, Comr., per diem and mileage a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Wm. C. L. Demann, Comr., per diem and mileage a-c ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board,
(Seal)

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY APRIL 7, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 28

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MAY BUILD A POTATO WAREHOUSE

A Proposition that should Interest Farmers Tributary to This City.

Minneapolis Concern Proposes Building Warehouse in Red Lake Falls.

[illegible] Falls business men have [illegible] by representatives of a Minneapolis concern handling [illegible] extensively that their company [illegible] to erect a potato [illegible] in Red Lake Falls. The [illegible] to secure the erection [illegible] is the assurance that [illegible] tributary to Red Lake Falls [illegible] a quantity of potatoes. If [illegible] give assurances that they [illegible] about four hundred acres [illegible] company will put up [illegible]. It's a simple proposition [illegible] cost anybody any [illegible]

[illegible] erection of the building [illegible] farmers will be assured of the [illegible] and risk of loss from [illegible] potatoes and [illegible] will not have to b[illegible]

[illegible] of the commercial club [illegible] this is a proposition [illegible] and a meeting has [illegible] next Monday, April 11, [illegible] at the city hall in Red [illegible]. Every farmer for miles [illegible] should attend the meeting. [illegible] business proposition that [illegible] his attention. [illegible] question to be determined [illegible] acres of potatoes will be [illegible] the company asks [illegible] consideration. The fact [illegible] are selling at a price [illegible] gives no profit should [illegible] to show a lack of in[illegible] this proposition. There has [illegible] in raising potatoes in [illegible] will be again and [illegible] that when the price [illegible] profitable crop to grow. [illegible] the mutual advantage of the [illegible] to Red Lake Falls to [illegible] in this undertak[illegible] to the meeting and before [illegible] out just about how [illegible] you will plant to pota[illegible]

[illegible] has been ill this [illegible]

ABOUT THE CENSUS.

All Questions Should be Answered Without Reserve.

The census begins April 15 and must be completed in thirty days.

The enumerators will wear a badge inscribed "United States Census, 1910."

The law requires every adult person to furnish the prescribed information, but also provides that it shall be treated confidentially, so that no injury can come to any person from answering the questions.

The Census Bureau, prior to April 15, will distribute to every farm owner and tenant in this state a blank schedule containing the census questions relative to farm operations and equipment. This should be filled up, if possible, not later than the morning of April 15, but if anyone has been unable to fill it up by that time, he should do it as soon afterwards as he can.

People who do not speak English or who do not understand the schedule completely should get help from others, if possible, in filling up.

The president has issued a proclamation, calling on all citizens to co-operate with the census and assuring them that it has nothing to do with the taxation, army or jury service, compulsory school attendance, regulation of immigration, or enforcement of any law, and that no one can be injured by answering the inquiries.

It is of the utmost importance that the farm census of this state be complete and correct.

Therefore every farm owner and tenant should promptly, fully and accurately fill up the "Advance Farm Schedule" and carefully preserve it for the enumerator when he calls.

Fred Borchers, while in the west two weeks ago, closed a business deal that means that he and his family are to leave Red Lake Falls. Mr. Borchers will locate in Missoula, Montana. He has purchased half a block of ground in a good location in that city upon which location he will erect sheds and establish a lumber yard. The opening of the reservation and other causes are inducing much building in the country tributary to Missoula and consequently in the city also and Mr. Borchers believes that there is an excellent opportunity in the lumber business there. He expects to close out his business interests here so as to be able to leave for the west the last of the month.

Helm has an interesting ad on the first page.

LAST MOVE IN THE DELAY GAME

Fight on Erection of the Court House is at an End.

No More Technical Ground on Which to Cause Delay.

The suits in the district court last week, the decision of which determined the county's title to lots purchased for a court house site, have disposed of every technical ground on which the Thief River Falls county seat fighters can make a move to prevent the erection of the court house in Red Lake Falls.

Judge Watts held that the purchase of the lots by Red Lake county was a legal transaction and gave judgment to the vendors for the amount of the purchase price. Since the amount of the purchase price had been prematurely paid, it was held that the judgment had already been satisfied.

And that's all there is to that.

The county now owns a court house site the title to which cannot be questioned, and the county has the money with which to pay for the erection of the building. The contract has already been let and the supreme court has decreed that the county commissioners have acted with authority in providing for the erection of the building.

STATE LAND SALE HERE

State Auditor Iverson Will Sell State Lands Located in This County.

On May 21 State Auditor S. G. Iverson will be in Red Lake Falls and will offer for sale unsold state lands and certain other lands that have reverted to the state by reason of non-payment of interest. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st 1911 must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of sale, the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchasing money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

JUDGMENT FOR LARGE AMOUNT

Suit Against Soo Railway Results in Big Verdict.

Man Injured at Thief River River Falls Gets Verdict for $1100.

During the last week's session of district court a case that aroused much interest was that of Albert E. Deuchfield vs the Soo Railway company. This was a suit for damages for personal injuries. Mr. Deuchfield while employed as a wiper in the shops at Thief River Falls last fall was very seriously injured. So serious were his injuries that he is yet a very weak man.

The case occupied the attention of the court last Thursday and went to the jury late in the afternoon. It took the jury many hours to arrive at a decision, but at two o'clock Friday morning they reported a verdict of $1100 for the plaintiff.

The plaintiff was represented by Attorney Chas. E. Boughton of this city and the railway company by Attorneys Julius Olson of Warren and Charles Loring of Crookston.

OF INTEREST PATRONS

Uncle Sam Insists That Highways be Kept in Good Condition.

Inquiry from the post office department at Washington regarding the condition of the roads over which rural carriers travel has been received at the local post office. A report of conditions is to be made to the department and if it is found that the roads are not in satisfactory condition and improvements are not made the service will be discontinued. The only condition imposed by the government in establishing and maintaining service is that the roads be kept in good condition and it will be to the advantage of patrons to comply with the one condition.

The communication says in part: "The department is not immediately concerned in elaborate road improvements, but in the interest of the best service to the largest number of patrons it must insist upon roads being kept in good repair, the lack of which is usually due to improper drainage and unsuitable grading and surface work, which can be easily and cheaply accomplished by timely work and the regular use of the split-log drag or similar device."

A request made by the department is that patrons paint the boxes and posts to which they are attached a pure white color. The painting will preserve the posts and boxes and if the request as to color is complied with all the boxes will have a uniform color which will serve to identify them as United States mail boxes and will give them a neater and sightlier appearance. It is also suggested that patrons, after painting the boxes and posts, paint their names on the boxes in black box letters about two inches high.

Authority is given to road officials, and they are urged to use their authority, to paint upon the posts but not on boxes which are located at cross roads (but not signs thereto), the names of towns or villages to which the crossroads lead.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that no rubbish shall be burned in back yards within the city limits. The law prohibits such burning and the law will be enforced. All rubbish should be hauled away to a safe place for burning or otherwise disposed of.

John Drier,
Fire Warden.

CONTRACTS LET FOR DITCH CONSTRUCTION

Nearly Forty Miles of Ditches in Towns of Star, Kratka And High Landing.

Work Will Cost About $50,000 —To be Completed By Nov. 1. 1910.

On Saturday, April 2, Auditor A. A. Latendresse let the contracts for the construction of three county ditches, No. 38, No. 39 and No. 41. The following bids for doing the work were received and considered:

	No. 38	No. 39	No. 41
Standard Drainage Co.	12¾		12.90
Charles Sutcliff, Litchfield	12.20	12.20	12.20
A. M. Arpin	12.50	12.50	12.50
Forestal & Faven	12.25	12.25	12.25
Jerry Sherwood, Main ditch	11.50	11.50	
Jerry Sherwood, Branches	12.00	12.00	
O. F. Doyle, Main ditch	12.70	13.00	
O. F. Doyle, Branches	13.00		
Shaw & Doege, T. R. Falls		10.70	
Sweney and Son		12.50	

Ditch No. 38 was let to Jerry Sherwood of Litchfield, Minn.; total contract price, $25,689.42. The next lowest bid was that made by Charles Sutcliff at 12.20 cents per cubic yard and amounted to $26,662.72. Ditch No. 39 was let to Shaw & Doege of Thief River Falls at 10.70 cents per cubic yard; total contract price, $12,818.49.

Ditch No. 41 was let to Charles Sutcliff of Litchfield, Minn., at 12.20 cents per cubic yard; total contract price, $9,047.28.

The ditches are to be constructed in the the towns Star, Kratka and Highlanding on the reservation and by the terms of the contract in each case the work is to be completed by November 1, 1910. The total cost of the construction of the three ditches will be nearly $50,000 and there will be nearly forty miles of ditches constructed.

PEAT INDUSTRY.

Land Near Fertile Sells For Big Price.

The Peat Fuel Manufacturing Co. today filed a deed with Register of Deeds Thompson for 240 acres of peat bed land near Fertile, the consideration being $60,000. As stated yesterday in the Times, the offices of the new company, which has just incorporated, will be in Minneapolis and the first annual meeting will be held there on May 2. The capitalization is $250,000 and work will be started at once on a big plant for briquetting the peat after it is dried by a part air part steam process, and the product will be put on the market to compete with coal, the fibrous portion being separated and baled for use in cities as stable litter, being both a disinfectant and an absorbent. The product will be ready for the market early next fall.

DISTRICT COURT AGAIN

Case Not Tried Last Week is Taken up to-Morrow.

District court adjourned last Friday afternoon after disposing of the cases on the comparatively light calendar of the March general term. However, Judge Wm. Watts will be here again tomorrow to try the case of John Mittum and Martin E. Randklev, copartners as Mittum and Randklev vs Dedric Kvinlaug, Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Oscar Holden and Lewis Hancock, copartners as Holden & Hancock, Thief River Falls Lumber Co., and Paul Rogge.

This case will probably occupy the time of the court tomorrow and Saturday. W. E. Rowe is attorney for the plaintiff and Chas. E. Boughton, F. A. Grady and John Vig for the defendant.

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.00
Durum	.84
Rye	.58
Oats	.32
Flax	2.17
Barley	.46
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.15
Butter, dairy	.3[illegible]

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall March 17th 1910.

Meeting called to order by the president.

Members present: Paul, Salley, Crompe, Hunt and Hennings.

Members absent: None.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Julius Knobl, street work	$ 6.75
Thief River Falls Lbr. Co., lumber	8.35
Eus Normandeau, repairing cells in city lockup	16.00
Otto Zaiser work as street com'r.,	13.20
John Drier street work	11.25
Julius Kuebl, street work,	8.25

Alderman Crompe offered the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, John Deforge has been heretofore duly appointed as poundmaster in and for the city of Red Lake Falls,

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved, that the jurisdiction of said John Deforge as poundmaster shall and it is hereby made to extend through the entire limits of the city of Red Lake Falls:

And be it Further Resolved that that certain frame barn situated on lots 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Block 2, in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, be, and the same is hereby designated and made a city pound for the purpose of impounding such animals as shall be taken up and impounded by the pound master of said city.

On motion meeting adjourned until March 24th, 1910, at o'clock P. M.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 24th day of March, 1910.

J. A. Duffy,
Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

WHEN IS A REPUBLICAN?

Paul Pry, True to His Name, Would Like Some Information.

Interesting Gossip About the Complex Political Situation.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, April 5—The Republican State Central committee met Saturday principally for the purpose of struggling with the conundrum, "When is a Republican?" The subject is one on which recent events have thrown additional doubt. In an address delivered but a few weeks ago by a recognized national Republican leader, to-wit: Hon. Joseph G. Cannon, two parties were recognized as being represented in the national house of representatives—one composed of those members of congress who voted against the amendments to the rules submitted by Representative Norris; the other composed of Democrats and the so-called insurgents who voted with them in favor of the new rules. The first of these parties without doubt is in Mr. Cannon's opinion Republican. The other party, which he did not give a name, he evidently considered not to be worthy of recognition as Republican by the national leaders.

The Truly Loyal.

Evidently then, in Mr. Cannon's view, the real Republican party is composed only of those who believe in Cannon and in that policy which we recognize by the generic term of Cannonism. How far this definition is approved by the Republican State Central committee is not known. Whatever may have been the views of its members, however, it does not appear to have been willing to go on record as refusing to recognize the only true blue Republicanism, the brand that the majority of Republicans in congress stand for and represent. Possibly the fact that but a small majority of those who in Minnesota call themselves Republicans are willing to endorse the action of those who in congress, the speaker recognizes as Republicans, may have something to do with this.

Seeking a Test.

The endorsement of Cannon and Cannonism may therefore be consider-

(Continued on Page Four.)

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

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Mrs. F. A. Grady entertained a few lady friends at a party at her home last Friday afternoon. Mrs. Grady did not know that she was playing the part of hostess, which is quite funny, and her guests did not know that she did not know, which funnier still,—and its all due to the fact that the party was given on the first day of April.

MORE THAN HALF MILLION DOLLARS

$525000.00 on Deposit in the Local Banking Institutions.

A Remarkable Showing for City No Bigger Than Red Lake Falls.

The quarterly statements of the First State Bank and the Merchants State Bank, published in this issue of the Gazette, show that there is on deposit in those institutions more than a half million dollars, the actual amount being just a few hundred dollars less than $525,000.00.

That is a remarkable showing for banks in a city no larger than Red Lake Falls and indicates a gratifying condition of affairs in southern Red Lake county. Evidently the high cost of living hasn't taken all of the surplus cash. Every one in Red Lake Falls will feel justifiable pride in the showing that the banks, as indicators of local business conditions, have made.

Invests at Crookston.

J. E. Carpenter has just closed a deal by which he has sold to Jos. Laurent, a wealthy retired farmer from Terrebonne, the quarter of a block facing Elm street just back of the Allan McKinnon residence, and the two Oscar Halvorson lots just south of the C. F. Mix residence. On the latter site he will erect a $3000 residence and will make Crookston his future home. Mr. Laurent paid $2,900 for the real estate and it will all be improved in the near future. This is the class of new residents which any city is eager to acquire.—Crookston Times.

WILL COUNT NOSES

Supervisor Meeker Announces Appointments for Red Lake County.

Director Durand of the Bureau of the Census having approved the recommendations for census enumerators, Supervisor Meeker announces the following appointments:

226, Black River and Sanders—August N. K. Anderson, St. Hilaire.

227, Clover Leaf and Kratka—Torgus Hemmestvedt, Jr., Brunkeborg.

229, Deer Park, Goodridge and Highlanding—John T. Lattimore, Erie.

230, Emardville, Plummer village and Gervais—Anders J. Hemstad, Plummer.

231, Equality—Clarence D. Hall, Espetvet.

232, Garnes and Mayfield—Rev. Elias A. Mostue, Sunbeam.

233, Hickory, Reiner and Star—Eugene A. Besancon, Torgerson.

234, Lake Pleasant, Red Lake Falls excluding Red Lake Falls city—James Hance, Red Lake Falls.

235, Lambert—Ole N. Skomedahl, Lambert.

236, Louisville and Polk Center—Fred Richards, Red Lake Falls.

237, North excluding Thief River Falls city and Silverton—Joseph Theisge, Thief River Falls.

238, Poplar River—Clyde Childs, Brooks.

239, Wards 1, 2 and 3, Red Lake Falls city—Ernest G. Buse, Red Lake Falls.

240, River Falls and St. Hilaire village—Nels A. Nelson, St. Hilaire.

241, Rocksbury, exclusive of St. Hilaire Frank T. Satre, St. Hilaire.

242, Smiley and Wyandotte—Oscar J. Peterson, Hazel.

243, Terrebonne—Joseph L. Cossette, Terrebonne.

244, Ward 1, Thief River Falls city—Ben Christianson, Thief River Falls.

245, Wards 2 and 3 Thief River Falls city—Lars Backe, Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Margarite Perrault celebrated the seventy-eighth anniversary of her birth last Friday and during the evening of that day a number of Mrs. Perrault's friends tendered her a "surprise party." It was a joyous occasion both for Mrs. Perrault and her friends. Those present for the occasion were Mesdames John B. Demarais A. Lacrosse, Charles Perrault, O. Paymeat, Emily Boyer, A. P. Toupin, N. Pouliot, Arthur Lizee, F. Grenier, J. H. Belair, A. St. Yves, Simon Paul, D. Champoux, H. Demerais, L. Philion, T. Robillard, Oliver Belair, Anna Berry, B. Fournier. Mrs. Perrault was presented with a nice rocking chair and her friends before going to their homes joined in expressing the hope that she might live to enjoy many happy returns of the day,

Prosperity or Poverty?

The fertility of the soil is the basis of all prosperity. The Almighty provided fertility of the soil for the reproduction of Plant Life but he did not provide a sufficient quantity to permit us to take away ten times as much as returned. A man that tills the soil year after year without putting back everything within his power is a robber of the soil! It is astounding but true, that most farmers are soil robbers. If we, as a nation, continue to farm and rob the soil for the next fifty years as we have in the past twenty-five, there will be a famine in America. Our children are bound to suffer if we continue our present tactics. Our forefathers gave up their lives to give us a free country. Now, are we going to give up this beautiful country and sacrifice the lives of our children? This is not a theory or flim-flam talk but an absolute fact, verified by the greatest living men of today. Germany produces 28 bushels of wheat and England 32 bushels per acre as compared with less than 14 bushels in the United States.

Buy a Great Western Manure Spreader and quit robbing the soil.

JOSEPH HELM,
FARM MACHINERY, RED LAKE FALLS.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Foreign

Inchan Angan, the Korean who assassinated Prince Ito, former Japanese resident general of Korea, in Harbin, on October 26 last, was executed at Port Arthur.

The Italian cabinet has resigned. The retirement of the ministry, which was formed on December 10, 1909, with Baron Sidney Sonnino as premier, was due to the realization that the government's mercantile marine subsidies measure was doomed to defeat.

More than one-third of mankind are Christians, according to a religious census just published by Dr. H. Zeller, director of the statistical bureau in Stuttgart. He estimates that of the [illegible] people in the world [illegible] are Christians. There are [illegible] Confucians, 214,000,0000 Brahmans, [illegible] Mohammedans, [illegible] Buddhists and 10,860,000 Jews.

Preparations for the visit of Former President Roosevelt, who will be in Paris throughout the week of April 21-28, continue. In addition to the set functions already announced visits to the Pantheon and other great French monuments have been planned and there will be, it is expected, automobile trips to Versailles and Fontainebleau and other interesting points.

A wireless dispatch from Operator Baragher, who has been handling press dispatches at Bluefields, Nicaragua and who is now with the steamer Antilles, says that General Juan Estrada recently received a large supply of ammunition and has declared that he can hold the Atlantic coast against 10,000 Madriz troops, should they attempt to take Bluefields and the coast towns.

General.

Dr. Cook is said to be broken in health and pocketbook.

Work on the Panama canal is going forward at a great rate.

Former Vice President Fairbanks was welcomed to his Indianapolis home.

Mount Etna is in violent eruption and a stream of lava is flowing down the mountain.

The appointment of Sir Chen-Tung Liang Sheng as minister at Berlin was gazetted at Peking.

Importation of all kinds of animals from Africa is suggested as a method of solving the food problem.

The house committee on interstate commerce favorably reported the administration railroad bill.

Congressman Martin accused Attorney General Wickersham of being too close to the sugar trust.

President Gomez has issued a decree fixing the period between April 1910, and July, 1911, for the celebration of the centennial of the independence of Venezuela.

Mayor Dahlman of Omaha has announced the platform upon which he will run for governor.

Colonel Roosevelt has won the admiration of the native Egyptians.

Joseph Fels, a millionaire sack maker, is spending $250,000 yearly to spread the single tax theory. Mr. Fels does not believe in charity.

A petition praying for the independence of the Philippine islanders was presented to the senate by Senator Crane.

The president has approved the sentence of dismissal in the case of First Lieutenant Adolph Langhorst, coast artillery corps.

Kansas City's million dollar fund, raised by public subscription to maintain a line of freight boats on the Missouri river between Kansas City and St. Louis, became a reality. In fact, the solicitors reported the sum promised to be $20,000 in excess of that amount.

Reports of rain in Chicago grain pits Saturday were followed by a tumble in prices.

The house passed a bill providing for raising the wreck of the battleship Maine.

Nebraska is the second state in the union to call a state conservation congress.

E. P. Ripley, president of the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, denied the statement that the Pennsylvania railroad had bought a large section of the Santa Fe stock, formerly owned by E. H. Harriman.

Ambassador Bryce called at the white house and arranged with the president to receive Sir Ernest Shackleton, the south polar explorer.

Nicholas Longworth, son-in-law of Mr. Roosevelt, has broken with the Cannon machine, according to a persistent rumor in republican circles.

Forty-seven are thus far dead from the railroad wreck in Iowa. Some of the wounded cannot survive.

The Rev. R. A. Hafer, of St. Trinitatis Evangelical church, Jersey City, has written his congregation that bad health forces him to retire from the ministry.

The question of ousting Chicago saloons will not be allowed to come to a vote.

John C. Mabray and members of his gang were convicted at Council Bluffs of swindling.

President Clemmons of Fremont (Neb.) declares he has proof that a student started the fire which caused a loss of $40,000 to a normal building two years ago.

President Taft defended the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill in his address at the annual dinner of the New England manufacturing jewelers and silversmiths' association.

Representative Mann is to champion the administration railroad bill when it reaches the house.

The academy of science of the University of Nebraska will be divided into sections this year for the first time.

The number of dipsomaniacs in the Nebraska asylum for the past year has been only half that of the year before.

The firemen and managers' committee reached an agreement and will arbitrate the question of an increase in wages.

Governor Wilson of Kentucky signed the bill providing for electrocution as the means of inflicting the death penalty.

Not a single insurgent is included on the tentative group selected for the house rules committee.

Gifford Pinchot has sailed for Europe to meet Colonel Roosevelt, it is rumored at the latter's request.

A prairie fire, seventy-five miles northwest of Sturgis, S. D., has burned over a strip twenty by ninety miles and done much damage to property.

A two days' aviation meet will be held in Atlanta, Ga., May 2 and 3 in connection with the automobile races. Glenn Curtiss has been engaged for the trials.

Twenty-two automobiles were destroyed and eighteen were damaged when fire swept the garage of Brokaw brothers, one of the largest in New Jersey. Loss, $100,000.

William Schneidknecht has been committed to the Ohio insane asylum from Cleveland. He said he was from Patterson, N. J., where he was sworn to assassinate Secretary Ballinger.

Robert E. Peary has announced that he will turn over the proceeds of his lecture before the Philadelphia Geographical society April 7 as a contribution to the south pole expedition fund.

Having heard retailers and packers of meat in an effort to fix the responsibility for the prevailing high prices the senate committee has arranged to take the testimony of cattle raisers.

The condition of United States Senator Daniel of Virginia, who has been lingering between life and death for some days as the result of a stroke of paralysis, is somewhat improved.

Judge Riner of the United States court of appeals has held that the twenty-eight hour food and water law does not apply to terminal railroads unless the latter delays shipment the full time on its tracks.

One hundred dollars per head was paid at Fort Worth, Texas, for a herd of 450 Oklahoma fed beef cattle. This is said to be the highest price for this class of cattle ever paid in the United States.

Through the efforts of their grandson, Cody Beals a reconciliation has been effected between Colonel W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) and Mrs. Cody. Colonel Cody and Mrs. Cody became estranged three or four years ago and since that time they have lived apart.

Washington.

One dollar a day for all old soldiers incapacitated in the service is provided in a bill reported favorably from the house committee on military affairs by Representative Sherwood (dem., O.). The bill has been before the committee six or seven years, and comes before the house now, as an amendment to a measure introduced by Representative Townsend (rep., Mich.) providing for the retirement of army officers at the age of seventy on one-half or one-third pay, dependent upon length of service.

"Squatters" on unsurveyed lands within the national forests, who have occupied their tracts continuously since before the creation of the forest reserves, and who have complied with the homestead law, have had their rights increased by an order which has just been issued by the secretary of agriculture. Such settlers can now acquire title, prior to survey, to 160 acres a full homestead entry, wherever possible.

The senate amendment to the corporation law providing that reports required under the terms of that act shall only be made public when called for by resolution of the senate or house, or upon the order of the president, will not be accepted by the house until after full discussion.

Passing their judgment on the receipts for the first eight months of the current year—$177,779,138, internal revenue officials say the total for 1910 will show an advance of $13,000,000, over the amount estimated by Commissioner Cabell—$253,000,000—in his annual report.

The qualification of Indians to assume the rights of citizenship will be determined in the future by boards appointed by the commissioner of Indian affairs, to be known as "competency boards." This is the result of an experiment initiated last summer by Commissioner Valentine, when he appointed such a competency board for the Omaha Indians in Nebraska.

Personal.

Startling disclosures were made in the Pittsburg cases.

The Roosevelt party went sightseeing in and around Cairo.

Memorial services to the late Judge Gaslin were held at Lincoln, Nebr.

Representative Morris of Nebraska is securing many letters of congratulation.

Though the government denies the story, it is persistently rumored that Abdul Hamid has gone mad.

King Albert of Brussels is one of the hardest workers in his realm. He rises at 5 and is quickly at work.

Norris of Nebraska called the recent speech of Cannon the vaporings of an angry old man.

The military academy appropriation bill carrying $1,856,649 has been passed by the senate.

Representative Palmer made a general attack upon the administration in a speech in the house.

Congressman Hinshaw, of Nebraska has notified friends he will not be a candidate for re-election.

Senators Elkins and Cummins indulged in a tilt on the railroad bill.

It is now a misdemeanor for any woman to wear a long hatpin in public places in Chicago. Any woman caught wearing one is liable to arrest and a fine of $50.

A HEROIC FATHER

ANHOLM, KALVIDA SETTLER, ENTERS BURNING SHACK TO SAVE HIS THREE CHILDREN.

BRAVERY COSTS HIS LIFE

Only Wife and Baby Left.—They Are in Destitute Condition—Subscription to Be Raised for Them in Duluth.

Duluth.—Fred Anholm, the brave settler homesteading near Kalvida, who tried to rescue his three children from his burning home died of his burns. Of his happy family, only his wife and baby survive him. Two children were burned to death in the house and another, whom he carried out with its clothes on fire, died shortly afterwards on an improvised bed on the ground. Anholm was terribly burned and he suffered untold agony up to the end.

His home was a day's drive over rough roads to Moose Lake, the nearest railroad station. He was hurried to Duluth and to the hospital, but all that the sympathetic nurses could do was to alleviate his suffering.

The house took fire about 4:30 in the morning. Anholm and his wife with one baby and two men boarding with them reached the outside in safety. Failing to see his other three children, Anholm plunged into the flames in an attempt to reach them. He was gone so long that those waiting on the outside gave up hope of seeing him or the children again. In another minute he staggered through the door with one of the children. Both were human torches, and the efforts of those near were turned toward saving them. But they tried in vain, for the child did not live long and now the father is dead.

It is expected that a substantial subscription will be raised at Moose Lake and among Anholm's friends to aid the wife and baby. It is stated that they are absolutely destitute. The stricken mother reached St. Luke's hospital today. The hospital authorities are doing all in their power to help her, but she is without a cent and has no other place than the hospital to stop. Efforts will be made to interest Duluth people in her case.

IRON IN OTTER TAIL.

Mining Man Takes Contract On Very Significant Terms.

Fergus Falls.—The first mining contract ever made in Otter Tail county has just been filed in the register of deed's office in this city. The contract is given by Fred Pothila to Guy E. Harrison, a mining man, and covers Mr. Pothila's land in the town of Newton. It gives Mr. Harrison the right to go on to the farm and explore for iron for three years, and at the end of that time he must begin mining.

There has been a great deal of drilling going on in that locality for the past two years, and a great many options to purchase have been taken, but nothing has ever been given out as to what has been found. The filing of the contract would indicate the drills are finding iron.

NEW DEAN PRESENTS DIPLOMAS.

Second Annual Commencement of Crookston Agricultural School.

Crookston.—The second annual commencement of the Crookston School of Agriculture was held, the following class members being given diplomas by Dean A. F. Woods: Robert Erlandson, Charles Graves, Hilda Hendrickson, Monn Monson, Marguerita MacLaren, Emma Pederson, Julius Pauisrud, Ole Skear and Hazel Wilkinson. Dean Woods is highly gratified with the work that has been done.

QUIT PAY-AS-YOU-ENTER CARS.

Winona City Council Calls Them Menace to Public.

Winona.—The Winona city council jabbed the harpoon into the pay-as-you-enter street car system, established here March 15, when they voted to request the management of the company to re-establish the old system. The operation of the pay-as-you-enter regulations is a "menace to public safety and an inconvenience."

NORSE STUDENTS GET HOME.

Minnesota Club Buys Property for a Clubhouse.

Minneapolis.—Norwegians at the University of Minnesota are to have a home and clubhouse of their own. The Norwegian society has purchased the J. T. Wyman residence, Eleventh avenue and Fourth street southeast. The building is a handsome residence and cost $13,000. About 25 members of the society will room in the house.

HOME BURNS; TENANTS ABSENT.

Former Pastor's House Destroyed at Paynesville.

Paynesville.—Fire at 3 o'clock in the morning destroyed the residence of Rev. D. D. Day, now of Lake Beaton. The house was occupied by M. Welsman. The fire is of a mysterious origin, as Mr. and Mrs. Welsman have been away for two weeks and no one had been occupying the house during their absence. The house was insured for $2,200.

Operetta in Training School.

Red Wing, Minn.—A pleasing little operetta entitled "Lilly Belle" was presented at the Minnesota state training school. Twenty-five inmates of the institution took part in the play which was staged under the direction of Miss Maude Purdy, teacher of music and assistant matron, and Miss Zada McDonald, teacher of elocution at the institution. In the near future a breezy comedy entitled "Jane" is to be presented by officers with a cast of 12 characters for the entertainment of the inmates.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

108 Graduates at the Minnesota Agricultural School.

The twenty-first annual commencement of the Minnesota School of Agriculture was held at the chapel on University Farm, St. Anthony Park, on Wednesday, March 23d, where one hundred and eight young ladies and gentlemen graduated and returned to their farm homes to begin the new methods of farming and put into practice the theories and experience gained at the school. The order of exercises consisted of a salutatory address on the subject of Conservation in the Kitchen, by Miss Marion G. Bartlett, followed with a seed testing address by E. W. Norcross, who gave a demonstration of the work and explained the methods of testing seeds for their purity and power of germination. First Aids and Care of Injured was demonstrated by Miss Hattie Wickstrom, who appeared in the roll of a nurse and with a young man on stretcher gave examples of dressing wounds. W. C. Atwood, with equipment for testing and weighing milk, gave an address on "The Value of Milk Testing." Otto Linderman gave a demonstration of concrete construction, manufacturing a fence post on the platform, and A. M. Paterson delivered the valedictory oration. W. J. Spillman, Chief of Farm Management Investigation of the United States Department of Agriculture, delivered an address, and was so well pleased with the efforts of the student demonstrations that he personally complimented several. President Northrop presented the certificates. Gov. Eberhart spoke briefly.

STATE RED CROSS FORMED

Governor Heads New Board to Have Charge of Funds.

St. Paul.—A Minnesota state organization has been formed by the American National Red Cross, with Governor A. O. Eberhart as chairman and Kenneth Clark of St. Paul as treasurer. The Minnesota board will have charge of collecting contributions in this state at any time of disaster or famine. Notice of the appointments was received today. J. A. O. Preus, executive clerk to Governor Eberhart, is secretary to the board. The other members are: David P. Jones, F. M. Prince and H. A. Tuttle, Minneapolis; Archbishop John Ireland, St. Paul; Chester A. Congdon and J. L. Washburne of Duluth, and Lew A. Huntoon, Moorhead.

The Minnesota organization probably, will serve as custodian of funds raised for expenditure within the state, on proclamation by the governor, as well as for funds to be sent the national organization.

BOOK MAN HELD AS SWINDLER.

Wealthy Duluth Mining Man Pays Large Sum and Gets Nothing.

Duluth.—$1,606 was the sum that a book agent named Wiley H. Marcoy, managed to divorce C. D'Autrement of this city from in a period extending over nearly a year, and Marcoy was arrested in Cincinnati on the Duluth man's complaint for swindling, following an indictment by the book agent by the grand jury of St. Louis county.

Mr. Marcoy professed to be catering only to the wealthy in taking orders for his limited editions of books. Mr. D'Autrement has never received any books from the man or the firm that he said he represented, which he said were the University Alliance Co., Ltd., and International Commission of Arts and Sciences of New York. Mr. D'Autrement is a wealthy mining man.

Johnson Scholarship Accepted.

Minneapolis. — The $30,000 Gov. John A. Johnson scholarship was accepted by the regents of the state university at a meeting held in the offices of President Northrop. The fund is contributed by personal friends of the late governor. In substance, it is provided that $100 monthly, from the fund be paid to the widow of the governor during her lifetime. After her death or in the event of her marriage the fund reverts to the university and is to be divided into a number of scholarships, the nature and condition of which has not been determined. The proposition was presented by a committee of which F. B. Lynch of St. Paul was the chairman, representing the memorial fund committee appointed by Governor Eberhart some months ago.

T. R. Cole Gets State Post.

St. Paul. — Professor T. R. Cole of St. Paul was appointed assistant state superintendent by Supt. C. G. Schulz to succeed C. R. Frazier, who recently resigned to accept the superintendency of the public schools at Everett, Wash. Mr. Cole is a graduate of the Upper Iowa university and De Pauw university of Indiana. He formerly was superintendent of schools at Ridgeway, Ia., Wabasha, Minn., and for the last two years he has been principal of Cleveland high school and the Harrison grade school at St. Paul.

Big Creamery at Crookston.

Crookston.—The Bridgeman-Russell company of Duluth, which recently purchased the Cleveland creamery, has received an entire new equipment. Two big churns with a capacity of 2,000 pounds of butter at a churning, new cream vats, with a capacity of 2,000 gallons, are being installed. The butter room and the cold storage capacity are being enlarged and other sanitary improvements made. The company late in the summer will start work on a new $50,000 cold storage plant.

Want Land Opened.

Cass Lake.—A meeting of the farmers in Cass county will be held here April 8 to discuss the withholding of the government lands in this vicinity from settlement. The call has been made by a large number of the prominent citizens of the county. The direct object of the meeting will be to petition the secretary of the interior requesting him to consider the matter carefully, and, if possible, arrange matters so the lands will be opened to homestead entry as soon as possible.

KILLED BROTHER

HETTINGER BROTHERS QUARREL OVER MONEY AND ONE IS SHOT.

DRANK 2 QTS. WHISKEY

Become Reckless—One Attacks Other With Knife and Meets Death—Slayer Admits Guilt and Says He Ought to Hang.

Hettinger, N. D., March 31.—Louis B. Hanson, living five miles southwest was shot and instantly killed by his brother, Anton. The brothers came here three years ago from Ortonville, Minn. Anton had been released from the asylum for the insane at Rochester. He sold some property at Albert Lea for $1,500 and with the proceeds aided his brother Louis in getting a start. They had often quarreled as Anton wished some sort of settlement. This Louis refused. The brothers bought four quarts of whiskey and according to Anton's confession, drank about two quarts. On Sunday they continued the drinking and quarreled. At this point Anton says he cannot remember distinctly. He says he went into the house carrying some eggs he had gathered, when Louis came to him with a knife. Without hesitation he seized a rifle and shot. The first bullet struck Louis in the right cheek, coming out under the left eye, the second struck him in the mouth, coming out in the neck and severing a large artery. The prisoner has been turned over to the Perkins county officials as the murder was committed in South Dakota. The prisoner says he is guilty and ought to be hanged.

GREAT STRIKE IS PENDING.

200,000 Miners in the United States Will Walk Out.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 31.—The 200,000 organized miners of the coal fields of the United States will strike at 12 o'clock tonight and will stay away from the mines until the operators consent to pay an advance in wages of 5 cents a ton, according to the announcement today from the headquarters of the United Mine workers of America in this city.

"I have received no information that the miners and operators of any district will get together today," said Thomas L. Lewis, president of the organization. "It is barely possible that there will be a joint conference in the Indiana Block Coal district and in the Hocking districts before night."

The executive board of the miners union is in session today but the members will leave tonight and go at once to their respective districts to represent the national administration in the interests of the local strikers. President Lewis will visit the Illinois field tomorrow and does not expect to return to his office here until Saturday night.

Pittsburg, March 31.—At midnight tonight 40,000 union coal diggers in district No. 5, United Mine Workers of America, will strike. At that time the 1908-10 wage contract expires and as yet the operators of the district have signed no agreements for the ensuing year.

Kansas City, Mo., March 31.—This evening the whistles of the coal mines of the southwestern intersate fields will call each man to work but the latter in all probability will not re-

Des Moines, Iowa, March 31.—Rumors that the Iowa Coal operaters are ready to grant an increase of 5 cents as asked by the mine workers, gained credence following the visit of President John P. Reese and a committee of operators to the office of the state mining department early today. It was learned the operators indicated to the state mine officials their willingness to treat with the men.

Simple Funeral Services.

Washington, March 31. — Funeral services, simple and unostentatious as he had wished them were held today for Justice Davis J. Brewer, of the supreme court of the United States, and an hour later his body was on its way for burial at Leavenwoth, Kansas.

President of the United States members of the supreme court, with the exception of Justice Moody, who is ill, and representatives from the house and senate, attended the short service and acted as honorary pall bearers. Only members of the family and a few intimate friends were present beside them.

The service will be held in Leavenworth in the First Congregational church and the burial will be in Mount Munice cemetery beside the grave of the Justice's first wife and her daughter.

Steamer Goes to Bottom.

Perth, West Australia, March 31.—The big British liner Pericles was wrecked today six miles south of Cape Leeuwin, a southwest point of Autralia. The passengers and crew took to small boats and were all landed safely at Cape Leeuwin.

Twenty-five Perish in Fire.

Bombay, March 31.—Twenty-five women and children were burned to death today in a fire that destroyed the state cotton warehouse at Bhilwara, in the district of Raj Putana.

BLACKHAND BUSY.

Bomb Shatters Tenement House and Creates Panic.

New York, March 31.—A bomb explosion today in the basement of an East Thirty-ninth street tenement structure shattered every pane of glass in the building and caused such a panic in the block that it was necessary to call out the police reserves.

Traces of a burned time fuse which was found indicated a carefully prepared plot that the police attribute to the "black hand" operators. There have been several explosions recently in the neighborhood.

May Settle Carmen's Strike.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 31.—Rumor of a settlement of the carmen's strike were current today although neither the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co. nor the leaders of the strikers would admit of any change in the "stand-pat policy.

The company's offer made through Mayor Reyburn two weeks ago that all of the men could return to work and his given their old runs as rapidly as possible has not been withdrawn and it is believed that if the company will agree to reinstate all of the men to their old positions within a definite time the strike will end.

TO TAKE EFFECT APRIL 2

ILLINOIS AND PENNSYLVANIA MINERS TO STRIKE.

Nation-Wide Strike is Off But Men in the Two States Will Not Return to Work After April 1.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 30.—While, as a result of a plan adopted by the coal miners' international convention yesterday there will be no country wide strike of bituminous miners. President T. L. Lewis of miners declared today just before leaving the city for Indianapolis that "Pennsylvania and Illinois will be completely tide up." The miners in two districts number 190,000.

That means a fight in the two largest bituminous fields in the United States. Pennsylvania's annual production is 150,000,000 tons and Illinois is 50,000,000 tons. Ohio's production is 35,000,000 tons, giving employment to 60,000 miners. Under the plan adopted by the miners convention all the mines will be idle, as usual, on April 1st which is a holiday anniversary of the eight hour day. Then no miners are to return to work the next day unless ordered to do so by their district officials. These officials are not allowed to give that order unless all the mine owners in the district or sub-district have signed up a preliminary agreement adopted by the convention. Lewis said a strike in Canadian mines would be delayed even in the event of an immediate disagreement, because of the Canadian law, which requires the miners to give thirty days notice of an intention to strike.

Indianapolis, March 30.—Pending the arrival of President Thomas L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, Edwin Perry, secretary treasurer, and other official members of the national executive board of the organization were at the headquarters in this city where a board meeting was held this afternoon.

The board will lay plans for the campaign against the operators in the districts where there will be a suspension of work beginning at midnight tomorrow.

LEAVES AFRICA FOR NAPLES.

Colonel Roosevelt and Family Bid Farewell to Dark Continent.

Alexandria, March 30.—Former President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel sailed for Naples this afternoon on the steamer Prinz Heinrich.

From the deck of the steamer Col Theodore Roosevelt today waved a final farewell to Africa. There was a mingling of sadness and gladness expressed on the countenance of the former president as the dark continent vanished from view and the sturdy ocean liner sped away over the blue Mediterranean toward Naples, which will be reached Saturday.

To the many government officials and others who gathered to say goodbye to the distinguished American he expressed himself as having been "delighted" with his African experiences and declared he had a "bully time."

With Mrs. Rosevelt, Kermit, Miss Ethel and the other members of his party, Col. Roosevelt will begin a triumphal pilgrimage through Europe next Saturday. Reaching Naples on that day, the party will proceed on Sunday to Rome, where the former president will be presented to both the king and the pope.

King Menelik is Dead.

Abyssinia, March 30.—Menelik II, king of Abyssinia, is dead at the age of 66 years, and in the twenty-first year of his reign. Prince Lidji Leassu, the grandson of the late monarch, is heir to the throne. The king was stricken with apoplexy last fall and never recovered his health. For many weeks his death has been expected.

When he was no longer able to carry on the affairs of state Ras Tesame, appointed regent, with the approval of the principal chiefs, took over the reins of government.

To Survey Ft. Berthold Reservation

Washington, D. C., March 30.—Assurances were received today by Representative Hanna that the interior department will enter upon a survey of the Berthold Indian reservation immediately after July 1. It was explained that no money is available at the present time, otherwise the survey would be entered upon sooner. Once surveyed nothing will prevent early opening of reservation to settlement as provided for by the Hanna bill.

Soldiers Killed in Collison.

Berlin, March 30.—Private dispatch from Mülhelm Am-Rhein states that fifty soldiers were killed outright or wounded in the collision of a special passenger train with a military train today. No details or an official confirmation of the accident has been received this afternoon.

Pinchot Assumed Name.

Hamburg, March 31.—According to the other passengers on the President Grant, Gifford Pinchot landed here yesterday. He remained over night and proceeded this morning for Copenhagen. He is said to have appeared on the passenger list as Gaylord Smith.

G. A. R. Makes Protest.

Washington, March 30.—Protests by forty G. A. R. posts against the acceptance by congress of the statue of Robt. E. Lee for a place in statuary hall here was presented to the senate today by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts.

More Land for Settlers.

Washington, March 30.—More land in Montana and Wyoming has been designated for settlement under the enlarged homestead act by Secretary of the Interior Ballinger yesterday. In Wyoming 383,880 acres, which were not susceptible of successful irrigation at a reasonable cost from any known water supply were placed under the terms of that act, making a total of 13,582,040 acres which have been so designated in Wyoming. Montana has 155,040 additional acres which will be disposed of as enlarged homesteads bringing her total up to 28,466,370 acres.

Wages Voluntarily Raised.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 30.—A voluntary increase of 6½ per cent in wages received and applying to day laborers as well as to miners in the employ of the Berwind-White Coal Co. operating in the Johnstown field was confirmed officially today. Eleven thousand men are employed by this company.

German Attache Arrives.

New York, March 30.—Among the passengers on the George Washington which, arrived today was Count Renaud von Pourtaleo, the newly appointed attache of the German embassy.

JURIST STRICKEN

JUSTICE BREWER OF U. S. SUPREME COURT DIES VERY SUDDENLY.

WAS VICTIM OF APOPLEXY

His Sudden Death Causes Profound Sorrow at Washington and Throughout the Country.—Many Cases Pending.

Washington, March 29.—The death of Justice David Josiah Brewer of the supreme court of the United States at his home in this city last night caused profound regret here and throughout the country. Many calls were made at the Brewer residence today by sympathizing friends of the family. In addition to messages of condolence arrived in great numbers.

Justice Brewer, dying of apoplexy, was found in a bath room of his house by Mrs. Brewer. She at once telephoned for Justice Gould of the supreme court of the district of Columbia who lives near at hand. Hurrying to the Brewer home Justice Gould with the assistance of two servants carried the body to a bedroom. Justice Brewer's pulse was still faintly beating.

David Josiah Brewer was born in Smyra, Asia Minor, June 20, 1837, the son of Rev. Josiah and Amelia Field Brewer. He was graduated from Yale university in 1856 and the Albany law school in 1858.

After his graduation from the Albany, N. Y., law school in 1858, following studying law in the office of his uncle, David Dudley Field, in New York, he entered the practice of law in Leavenworth, Kan. He was made United States commissioner of the circuit court in 1861, judge of the probate and criminal courts of Leavenworth county, 1863-64, and of the First district of Kansas, 1856-69; district attorney for Leavenworth county 1869-70 and judge of the supreme court of Kansas 1870-84.

He was appointed by President Arthur, judge of the United States circuit court for the Eighth circuit in 1884, and served five years and following this service, President Harrison appointed him associate justice of the supreme court.

BAD TANGLE RESULTS.

Many Cases of Great Importance are Before Supreme Court.

Washington, March 29.—The regiment of cases affecting the great corporations which are pending before the supreme court of the United States loomed up prominently today as a probable outcome of the death of Justice Brewer last night. These include the dissolution suits against the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey and the American Tobacco Co. and the corporation tax cases.

A decision of those cases by the seven justices on the bench now that Justice Brewer has passed away, and Justice Moody is incapacitated for service on account of rheumatism, is believed to depend almost entirely upon a unanimity of opinions on the questions. Some lawyers who have followed closely the decisions of the supreme court scout the idea that such unanimity exists and therefore, they are free in expressing the view that these cases will be set for reargument before the full court. It is probable that a vote already has been taken on all of these cases. If this be true and the court was equally devided or nearly so, it is believed that the court would hesitate to give to the country a decision which might have resulted differently if it had been decided by a full bench.

COAL STRIKE IMMINENT.

Conference Adjourns Without Reaching an Understanding.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 29.—The declaration of an industrial war of great extent and severity seemed but a few hours away today when the delegates of 300,000 union miners of the United States met this afternoon to outline their course as the result of a Sine die adjournment without agreement of the joint conference of miners and operators of Ohio, Indiana and Western Pennsylvania.

Adjournment was taken following an all morning discussion and just after President T. L. Lewis of the United States Mine Workers of North America had declared: "When the miners go into this conflict it will be a fight to the finish, not to end until we are victors or this organization is completely routed. We will fight with every resource that human ingenuity can think of as our weapon."

St. Louis, March 29.—All Illinois coal mines will shut down Thursday night according to Alfred J. Moorshead, president of the Illinois Coal operators association, who said today that the mines will be closed for an indefinite period. The minimum time of inactivity is placed at thirty days by the head of the operators. The contract of the miners with the operators will expire Thursday night and the miners have demanded an increase in wages. There are 60,000 employed in Illinois.

Charged With Bribery.

Jackson, Miss., March 29.—L. C. Dulaney was arrested today on an indictment charging bribery in the recent senatorial election.

Fearful Tales of Cruelty.

New Orleans, March 29.—Unspeakable barbarities are being perpetrated in Granidi under the direction of the Madriz government, according to Carlos Chamorro, a brother of the leading insurgent general, Emilio Chamorro who arrived here yesterday. Chamtion owner named Caronet was recently dragged from his home, whipped to the point of laceration, and finally killed because of his refusal to contribute money in support of the Madriz faction. Both men and women, relatives of the insurgent leaders have been imprisoned Chamorro asserts.

To Be Made Public.

Washington, March 29.—It was officially stated today that the announcement of the tariff agreement with Canada would be made tomorrow at noon in Ottawa and at the state department here simultaneously. The terms of the agreement will be withheld until that time.

Strike Pending In Canada.

Winnipeg, March 29.—The Allied Mechanical union of the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern railroads last night made demands on officials of the company for a new schedule of wages to be the highest in Canada.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

Author of "Saracinesca," "Arethusa" etc., etc.

Illustrations by A. Weil

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was [illegible] studying [illegible] in the [illegible] of her home in central Asia, and [illegible] to him the location of a mine of rubies [illegible] that the stranger would [illegible] for her disclosure. [illegible] Lady Maud arrived in Bayreuth.

CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

"On account of her temper, I suppose," answered the good lady absently, for she was looking up and down the columns in search of something she had already seen. "Here it is," she said. "It is under the shipping news. 'Cape Finisterre. Passed at 1 p.m., going south, steam yacht Erinna, with owner and party on board. All well.' My dear child, it is quite plain that if this is Mons. Logotheti's yacht, he is going to Gibraltar."

"I don't know anything about geography," Margaret said, and her wrath, which had been smouldering sullenly, began to glow again.

"Margaret," said Mrs. Rushmore, "[illegible]! You were very [illegible]."

The prima donna did not hear the [illegible] of mild reproof that [illegible]. She knew well enough [illegible] Gibraltar was, and that Logo[illegible] going all the way round to the Mediterranean on his yacht with [illegible] for company, and that the [illegible] one. After what Lady Maud had said there was not [illegible] her mind as to his [illegible] could be no one but [illegible]. He had been told that he [illegible] at Bayreuth, and he [illegible] the sunset of his [illegible] life in his own way. That [illegible]. If he received the telegram that had just been sent to him, [illegible] at Gibraltar, should [illegible] there, and as for answering it [illegible] Margaret left Bayreuth, she [illegible] to make such a thing impossible by going away the next morning, or that very night.

Her angry reflections and Mrs. Rushmore's lecture on the importance of geography in education were interrupted by the direct entrance of Mr. Van Torp, who was announced and [illegible] to the door by Justine in a [illegible] French manner. On the threshold, however, he stood still and asked if he might come in, being pressed to do so he yielded, advanced, and sat down between the two ladies.

"Mr. Van Torp," said Mrs. Rushmore, "I insist upon knowing what has become of Countess Leven."

"I don't know, Mrs. Rushmore," answered the millionaire, slowly rubbing his hands. "I haven't spoken to her since I brought her from the station. I dare say she's all right. She's probably gone to take a walk. She often [illegible] in the country, I know—her father's [illegible]. I hope you'll pay a visit some day. Why, yes, Lady Maud sometimes goes off alone and walks miles and miles."

"There, Margaret," said Mrs. Rushmore triumphantly, "what did I tell you? Mr. Van Torp says the countess often walks for miles and miles."

"Why, certainly," said Mr. Van Torp, "though I'm bound to say she's just as fond of horseback. Her friends generally call her Lady Maud, Mrs. Rushmore. Perhaps you won't mind my telling you, as she prefers it [illegible] herself. You see, I've had the pleasure of knowing her several years, so I dare say you'll forgive me for mentioning it."

"I think it is quite kind of you, on the contrary," answered Mrs. Rushmore. "Margaret, why did you never tell me that? Had you any reason for not telling me?"

"I don't think I noticed what you called her," Margaret answered patiently.

"Because if you had any reason," said Mrs. Rushmore, following her own thoughts, "I insist upon knowing what it was."

"Well, now, I'll tell you," rejoined Mr. Van Torp, to save Margaret the trouble of answering the futile little speech, "her husband didn't treat her very well. There's not a purer woman in the six continents, Mrs. Rushmore, but he tried to divorce her, because he'd lost his money, if he ever had any, and she had none, and he wanted to marry an heiress. However, they automobiled him, or something, in St. Petersburg last June."

"Auto—what did you say?" inquired Mrs. Rushmore.

"Killed by an automobile," explained Mr. Van Torp gravely. "But now I come to think, it wasn't that. He got blown up by a bomb meant for a better man. It was quite instantaneous, I recollect. His head disappeared suddenly, and the greater part of him was scattered around, but they found his pocket-book with his cards and things, so they knew who it was. It was driven through somebody else's hat on the other side of the street, wasn't it, Miss Donne? Things must have been quite lively just then, where it happened. I supposed you knew."

Mrs. Rushmore explained that she had never heard any details.

"Besides," said Mr. Van Torp, in answer, though not quite relevantly, "everybody always calls her 'Lady Maud' instead of 'Countess Leven,' which she has on her cards."

"She would naturally use the higher title," observed Mrs. Rushmore reverently.

"Well, now, about that," objected Mr. Van Torp. "I'm bound to say I think the daughter of an English earl as good as a Russian count, anywhere west of Siberia. I don't know how they figure those things out at courts when they have to balance 'em up for seats at a dinner party, of course. It's just my impression, that's all, as a business man. He's dead, anyway, and one needn't make personal remarks about dead men. All the same, it was a happy release for Lady Maud, and I doubt if she sits up all night mourning for him. Have you been out this afternoon, Miss Donne?"

He changed the subject with extreme directness, and Mrs. Rushmore, who was used to the dictatorial ways of lions, took the hint submissively enough, though she would have been glad to discuss the relative and intrinsic values of the designations "Lady Maud" and "Countess Leven." But it was much more important that the lion should be left alone with Margaret as much as possible, and the excellent lady therefore remembered that she had something to do and left them.

"I had a little talk with Kralinsky before he left," said Van Torp, when she was gone. "He says he'll meet us in Venice any time in the next few days. He's just going to run over to Vienna in his sudden-death-cart for 24 hours; then he'll go south, he says. He ran me up to the hotel and dropped me. I dare say you heard the toots. I thought I saw Lady Maud looking out of the window of your room as I got out."

"Yes," Margaret said. "But how do you know that is my window?"

"In the first place, I've counted the windows. I felt a sort of interest in knowing which was yours. And then, I often see your maid opening the shutters in the morning."

"Oh!" Margaret smiled. "Did you notice anything unusual about Lady Maud when you saw her?" she asked, for she knew that he had good eyes.

"Since you mention it, I thought she looked as if she didn't feel quite up to the mark—pale, I thought she was."

"Yes," Margaret said. "She felt ill for a moment, and I thought she was going to faint. But it passed almost directly, and she insisted on going for a walk."

"Oh," mused Mr. Van Torp, "is that so? Well, I dare say it was the best thing she could do. I was telling you about Kralinsky. He's not Levi Longlegs after all, and I'm not sure he was ever in the west."

"I thought it sounded unlikely," Margaret said.

"I asked him, just like that, in a friendly way, and he thought a moment and made an effort to recollect, and then he seemed quite pleased to remember that I'd been 'Fanny' and he'd been 'Levi Longlegs,' and that he used to whistle things out of 'Parsifal' by the fire of an evening."

"Well—but in that case—" Margaret stopped with an inquiring look.

"Just so," continued Van Torp, nodding. "Did you ever attend a trial and hear a witness being cross-examined by a lawyer who wants him to remember something, and he wants to remember it himself, but can't because he never heard of it before in his life? It's quite funny. The lawyer makes steps for him and puts his feet into them so that he gets along nicely, unless the judge happens to wake up and kick, and then the little game stops right there, and somebody laughs. Well, my talk with Kralinsky was like that, only there was no judge, so he went away happy; and we're old friends now, and punched cows on the same ranch, and he's coming on my yacht. I only wonder why he was so anxious to remember all that, and why he thought it would be kind of friendly if I called him Levi Longlegs again, and he called me Fanny Cook. I wonder! He says he's still very fond of 'Parsifal,' and came on purpose to hear it, but that he's completely forgotten how to whistle. That's funny, too. I just thought I'd tell you, because if you come on my yacht and he comes, too, you're liable to see quite a good deal of one another."

"I'm Not Sure He Was Ever in the West."

"Did you tell him that Mrs. Rushmore and I would come?" Margaret asked. "And Lady Maud?"

"Why, no. You've not promised yet, any more than you did last night when we talked about it, so how could I? I forgot to mention Lady Maud to him, or else I thought I wouldn't—I forget which. It doesn't matter."

"No," Margaret smiled. "Not a little bit!"

"You seem amused," observed Mr. Van Torp.

"By your way of putting it and your pretending to forget such a thing."

"It wasn't quite true that I forgot, but I wanted to, so I didn't say anything about her. That's why I put it in that way. I don't choose to leave you any doubt about what I say, or mean, even in the smallest things. The moment you feel the least doubt about the perfect accuracy of anything I tell you, even if it's not at all a downright lie or anything resembling one, you won't trust me at all, in anything. Because, if you trust me, you'll end by liking me, and if you don't trust me you'll go back to thinking that I'm the Beast out of Revelation, or something, as you used to."

"I've forgotten all about the Beast," Margaret said.

"Thank you," answered Mr. Van Torp. "To change the subject—I've got a little scheme to propose. Maybe you'll think well of it. Anyhow, as it's a mere matter of business connected with your career, you won't mind my explaining it to you, will you?"

"No, indeed!" Margaret was interested at once. "Do tell me!" she said, leaning forward a little.

"Well," he began, "I've looked around this place a good deal since I've been here, and I've come to the conclusion that it's not very well done, anyhow, except 'Parsifal.' That's what people really come for. I'm informed that they give all the other operas better in Munich, with the advantage of being in what you might call a Christian town, compared with this. Is that correct, do you think?"

"Yes, I believe so."

"It is, you can depend upon it. Now, what I want to know is, why you and I shouldn't go into a little business partnership, and do this kind of thing ourselves, as it ought to be done." Margaret opened her handsome eyes wide.

"Because," continued Mr. Van Torp, as coolly as if he were explaining a new plan to a board of directors, "we've got the capital and the ability between us, and there's a demand in New York for what I propose to do. It'll fill a want, I know, and that means success and money. Why don't we build a theater together? When I say a theater, I mean a first-class opera house and not a barn. We'll employ the best architects to build it, and, of course, I'd leave everything about it to you. I've got a block in New York just about in the right place, and it won't take long to build. I'll give the land and put up the money for the building, if you'll undertake the management. You'll put in any money you like, of course, and we'll share the profits. Maybe they'll be quite handsome, for we'll lease the theater to other people outside of the season. We'll have the best talent in Europe, and pay for it, and the public will pay us back. We'll call it the Cordova Opera, if you like, and you'll run it according to your own ideas, and sing or not, whenever you please."

"The Company, Which Is You and I, Will Probably Rule—"

"Are you in earnest?"

Margaret had some difficulty in pronouncing the words clearly. Was there ever a great soprano who did not dream of having the most perfect theater of her very own, and who could receive unmoved the offer to build one from a man who could build 20 if he chose? Very rarely in her life had she been aware of her bodily heart, but she could feel it now, beating like a hammer on the anvil.

"I'm in earnest," Van Torp answered with perfect calm. "I've thought the whole thing over in all its aspects, just as I would a railroad, or a canal, or a mine, and I'm convinced to try it, if you'll help me, because it's going to be a safe investment. You see, Miss Donne," he went on slowly, "there's no artist on the grand opera stage now who's so well equipped for the business as you are. I'm not flattering you, either. In your own kind of parts you've simply got no rival. Everybody says so, and I suppose you don't play kitty and deny it. Let's start fair, now."

"It would be silly to deny that I'm one of the first," Margaret admitted.

"That'll do, thank you. One of the first, and the first is one of them, and you're it. Besides, you've got before you what's behind most of them. You're young. I'm not talking about your personal appearance, but that's just one more item in the assets. Another big one is that you're a first-class musician, whereas half these singers can only hang the box like great, thundering overgrown schoolgirls. Allow that?"

"I suppose I must 'allow' anything," laughed the prima donna.

"Well, now, I've told you. You've got the name I need, and you've got the voice, and the talent, and you've got the science and culture. I suppose you'll let me say that I've got the business ability, won't you?"

The iron mouth smiled a little grimly.

"Rather! I fancy some people have wished you had less!"

"And the money's here, for I always have a blank cheque in my pocket. If you like, I'll fill it in, and we'll deposit it wherever you say, in the name of the 'Cordova Opera Company,' or 'Mme. da Cordova, Rufus Van Torp & Co.' We can make out our little agreement in duplicate right here, on the corner of the table, and sign it; and before we leave here you might go around and speak to the best singers about an engagement in New York for a Wagner festival, a year from next Christmas. That's business, and this is a purely business proposition. If you'd like to think it over, I'll go and take a little walk before dinner."

"It sounds like a dream!" Margaret answered, in a wondering tone.

"Money's an awful reality," Van Torp remarked. "I'm talking business, and as I'm the one who's going to put up most of the capital, you'll do me the credit to believe that I'm quite wide awake."

"Do you really, really, really mean it?" She spoke almost like a child.

It was not the first time in his life that the financier had seen the stunning effect of a big sum, projected with precision, like a shell, at exactly the right moment. He was playing the great game again, but for a prize he thought worth more than any he had yet won, and the very magnitude of the risk steadied his naturally steady brain.

"Yes," he said quietly, "I do. Perhaps I've startled you a little, and I shouldn't like you to make a decision till you feel quite ready to. I'll just say again that I've thought the whole thing out as a genuine venture, and that I believe in it, or I wouldn't propose it. Maybe you've got some sensible lawyer you have confidence in, and would like to consult him first. If you feel that way, I'd rather you should. A business partnership's not a thing to go into with your eyes shut, and if we had any reason for distrusting one another, it would be better to make inquiries. But so far as that goes, it appears to me that we've got the facts to go on, which would make any partnership succeed. You've certainly got the musical brains, besides a little money of your own, and I've certainly got the rest of the funds. I'd like you to put some money in it, though, if you can spare it, because that's a guarantee that you're going to be in earnest, too, and do your share in the musical side. You see I'm talking to you just as I would to a man in the same position. Not because I doubt that if you put your name to a piece of paper you really will do your share as a partner, but because I'm used to working in that sort of way in business. How does that strike you? I hope you're not offended?"

"Offended!"

There was no mistaking the suppressed excitement and delight in her voice. If he had possessed the intelligence of Mephistopheles and the charm of Faust he could not have said anything more subtly pleasing to her dignity and her vanity.

"Of course," he said, "it needn't be a very large sum. Still it ought to be something that would make a difference to you."

She hesitated a moment, and then spoke rather timidly.

"I think perhaps—if we did it—I could manage a hundred thousand pounds," she said. "Would that be too little, do you think?"

The large mouth twitched and then smiled pleasantly.

"That's too much," he said, shaking his head. "You mustn't put all your money in one basket. A hundred thousand dollars would be quite enough as your share of the capital, with option to buy stock of me at par, up to a million, or so, if it's a success."

"Really? Would that be enough? And, please, what is 'stock' in such a case?"

"Stock," said the financier, "is a little plant which, when well watered, will grow like the mustard seed, till all the birds of Wall street make their nests in its branches. And if you don't water it too much, it'll be all right. In our case, the stock is going to be that share of the business which most people sell to raise money, and which we mean to keep for ourselves. I always do it that way, when circumstances allow. I once bought all the stock of a railroad for nothing, for instance, and sold all the bonds, and let it go bankrupt. Then I bought the road one day, and found all the stock was in my own pocket. That's only a little illustration. But I guess you can leave the financial side in my hands. You won't lose by it, I'm pretty sure."

"I fancy not!" Margaret's eyes were wide open, her hands were clasped tightly on her knee, and she was leaning forward a little. "Besides," she went on, "it would not be the money that I should care about! I can earn more money than I want, and I have a little fortune of my own—the hundred thousand I offered you. Oh, no! It would be the splendid power to have the most beautiful music in the world given as it could be given nowhere else! The joy of singing myself—the parts I can sing—in the most perfect surroundings! An orchestra picked from the whole world of orchestras, the greatest living leaders, the most faultless chorus! And the scenery, and the costumes—everything as everything could be, if it were really, really the best that can be had! Do you believe it is possible to have all that?"

"Oh, yes, and with your name to it, too. We'll have everything on earth that money can buy to make a perfect opera, and I'll guarantee it'll pay after the first two seasons. That is, if you'll work at it as hard as I will. But you've got to work, Miss Donne, you've got to work, or it's no use thinking of it. That's my opinion."

"I'll work like a Trojan!" cried Margaret enthusiastically.

She had enough experience in herself, and enough knowledge of the conditions to believe that her own hard work, combined with Van Torp's unlimited capital, could and certainly would produce such an opera house, and bring to it such artists as had never been seen and heard, except perhaps in Bayreuth, during its first great days, now long past.

Then, too, he had put the matter before her so skillfully that she could look upon it honestly as a business partnership, in which her voice, her judgment, and her experience would bear no contemptible proportion to his money, and in which she herself was to invest money of her own, thereby sharing the risk according to her fortune as well as giving the greater part of the labor. She felt for some weak place in the scheme, groping as if she were dazzled, but she could find none.

"I don't think I shall need time to think this over," she said, controlling her voice better, now that she had made up her mind. "As I understand it, I am to put in what I can in the way of ready money, and I am to give my time in all ways, as you need it, and my voice, when it is wanted. Is that it?"

"Except that, when you choose to sing, the company will allow you your usual price for each appearance," answered Van Torp in a business-like manner. "You will pay yourself, or we both shall pay you, just as much as we would pay any other first-class soprano, or as much more as you would get in London or New York if you signed an engagement."

"Is that fair?" Margaret asked.

"Why, certainly. But the company, which is you and I, will probably rule that you mustn't sing in grand opera anywhere in the states east of the rockies. They've got to come to New York to hear you. Naturally, you'll be free to do anything you like in Europe outside of our season, when you can spare the time."

"Of course."

"Well, now, I suppose we might as well note that down right away, as a preliminary agreement. What do you say?"

"I say that I simply cannot refuse such an offer!" Margaret answered.

"Your consent is all that's necessary," he said, in a matter-of-fact tone.

He produced from an inner pocket a folded sheet of foolscap, which he spread on the corner of the table beside him. He took out a fountain pen and began to write quickly. The terms and forms were as familiar to him as the alphabet and he lost no time; besides, as he had told the prima donna, he had thought out the whole matter beforehand.

"What if Mrs. Rushmore comes in just as we are signing it?" asked Margaret.

"We'll tell her, and ask her to witness our signatures," replied Van Torp without looking up. "I judge Mrs. Rushmore to have quite a knowledge of business."

"You seem able to write and talk at the same time," Margaret said, smiling.

"Business talk, yes." The pen ran on swiftly. "There. That's about all, I should say. Do you think you can read my writing? I don't suppose you've ever seen it."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"Tea with Children."

"Tea," says the London Chronicle, "in the garden is one of the best-established of our mid-Victorian institutions. Mr. E. V. Lucas—who is a connoisseur of the caddy—recalls in his essay, 'The Divine Leaf,' a story of the late Arthur Cecil, who once encountered the following inscription in a garden at Kew: 'Tea, plain, 6d.; tea, with shrimps, 9d.; tea, with children, 1s.'"

TURN PEARY DOWN

House Committee Refuses to Honor Pole Discoverer.

Representative Macon Openly Hints He Has Doubts Whether Naval Officer Found "Top of the World."

Washington.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook no doubt has gotten much solace out of the fact that the subcommittee of the house naval committee has refused to bestow a reward upon Commander Robert E. Peary.

The house committee wants proof. Peary has refused to submit it for the reason that it would interfere with his lectures and magazine articles. Evidently Peary thinks more of the money he can make by writing and lecturing than he does of a reward bestowed by congress, so there the matter rests. Representative Macon of Arkansas was the chief objector to conferring congressional honor upon Peary until the commander produces the proof of his claim that he found the north pole.

"I confess that I am exceedingly skeptical about Mr. Peary's ever having discovered the pole," declared Mr. Macon before the committee, "and I am going to protest against any honor being conferred upon him by congress until he has established beyond a reasonable doubt that he did discover it, and it must be established in the open and not in the dark." He expressed himself as being "indignant at the thought of being called upon as a representative of the American people to confer a high honor upon any one of its citizens in the dark." All legislation by congress, he said, ought to be open and above board.

Mr. Macon said he wanted to direct attention to one "discrepancy" in Mr. Peary's story. This was the speed which the explorer declared he made from the time Capt. Bartlett left him until he reached the pole. Mr. Peary said that for five days he made 26.4 miles per day; but, Mr. Macon said, this appeared very singular in view of the fact that the Peary party had made but 9.06 miles per day up to the time Bartlett left.

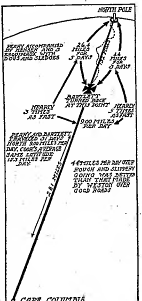

NORTH POLE
PEARY ACCOMPANIED BY HENSEN AND 3 ESQUIMAUX WITH DOGS AND SLEDGES
26.4 MILES FOR 5 DAYS
44 MILES FOR 5 DAYS
BARTLETT TURNED BACK AT THIS POINT
NEARLY 3 TIMES AS FAST
NEARLY 5 TIMES AS FAST
9.00 MILES PER DAY
PEARY AND BARTLETT TRAVELED 31 DAYS NORTH 9.00 MILES PER DAY. COOK'S AVERAGE SAME LATITUDE 15.3 MILES PER DAY.
44 MILES PER DAY OVER ROUGH AND SLIPPERY GOING WAS BETTER THAN THAT MADE BY WESTON OVER GOOD ROADS
281 MILES
CAPE COLUMBIA

Diagram of Peary's Route.

"The astonishing part of Mr. Peary's statement," said Mr. Macon, "is the number of miles he traveled every day after Bartlett left him and when no white men was with him as witnesses, his only companion being his negro valet and four Eskimos. His greatest marches, singularly, were all north of the Bartlett camp. From that time forward, going to the pole and returning to Cape Columbia, he claims to have made an average of 26.4 miles per day until he reached the pole, 44 miles per day on his way back from the pole to Bartlett's camp and 28.6 miles per day from Bartlett's camp to Cape Columbia.

Mr. Macon declared that Mr. Peary's own statements showed that he equaled this speed but twice during the entire journey to the pole. The first day he started from land he made 26 miles in 14 hours of forced march, "which Mr. Peary has told us was about the limit of human endurance."

Mr. Macon quoted Lieut. Shackleton, Gen. Greely and others to show that "ten or twelve miles per day, or slightly more, perhaps, is considered the limit of human endurance, travelling over polar seas."

The only member of the committee who did not vote to defer action on the bill was Representative Englebright of California, who said he was convinced that Mr. Peary had discovered the pole and that the committee had sufficient proofs before it.

Representative Bates of Pennsylvania, however, considered a supporter of Peary, offered the resolution, which was adopted, declaring that the committee must have further proof before proceeding.

Easily Disposed Of.

"You boy over in the corner!"

Thus asks the brutal examiner to the most nervous looking pupil in the class, says London Answers.

The boy over in the corner shot up like a bolt.

"Answer this," continued the examiner. "Do you eat the flesh of the whale?"

"Y-y-yes, sir," faltered the scholar.

"And what," pursued the examiner, "do we do with the bones?"

"P-please, sir," responded the nervous one, with chattering teeth, "we l-leave 'em on the s-s-sides of our plates."

Historical Evidence.

Gibbs—What makes you think they had theaters in Pharaoh's time?

Dibbs—Didn't Joseph's brethren remove him from the family circle and put him in the pit?—Tit-Bits.

The Judge and the Doctor

Man of Medicine, After Jurist's Explanation, Concluded to Let His Grievance Pass.

The physician was a witness in a damage case, and his answers to questions had been marked by more length than lucidity. The lawyer who was examining him several times cautioned him to confine his replies to subjects involved in the questions, but this warning had little effect. Finally the judge lost patience and told him to make an effort to shorten his answers and to quit talking when he got through.

This had some effect temporarily, but a few minutes later the physician began a long and rambling answer which had only a vague and remote bearing upon what had been asked him.

"Look here," said the now irate judge, "you are wasting the time of the court, the attorneys, the witnesses and everybody else here, and delaying the trial of the case. Now, if you don't confine yourself to plain answers hereafter I shall send you to jail for contempt of court!"

That had its effect, and the testimony of the witness was concluded in a reasonable time after that.

The next day the judge and the physician met upon the street. They are acquaintances, and stopped and shook hands.

"Say, Judge," inquired the doctor, "would it be contempt of court, now that you are no longer on the bench, to say that you acted like a damned fool at the trial yesterday, and would you send me to jail?"

"Oh, no," replied his honor, easily. "I'd go to jail; you'd go to the hospital."

The physician didn't say what he had intended to say.

Wood Chopping as a Sport.

In Tasmania is to be found a national pastime that is special and particular to that state alone—the sport of wood chopping. At Hobart and Launceston they have their turf meetings, their cricket, football, golf, cycling, and so forth, but to a wood-chopping contest people will flock from far and near—men, women and children—and watch the axmen hewing away at huge blocks of timber as if life and reputation depended upon the issue. Thud, thud, thud go the axes, and the splinters fly in all directions, the judges calmly sitting near taking note of the strokes, the spectators cheering the competitors from time to time as frantically as if they were race horses. To be a wood-chopping champion means something to a man in Tasmania.

Inconsiderate.

"That conductor isn't very considerate of people's feelings." "No, he'd tell a man with a wooden leg to 'step lively.'"

Not a Drop of Alcohol

What is a "tonic"? A medicine that increases the strength or tone of the whole system. What is an "alterative"? A medicine that alters or changes unhealthy action to healthy action. Name the best "tonic and alterative"? Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. Ask your own doctor all about it. Never take a medicine doctors cannot endorse. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Without daily action of the bowels poisonous products must be absorbed. Then you have impure blood, biliousness, headache. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills for constipation.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

C. F. L. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Entered at the postoffice at Red Lake Falls Minnesota

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

The Republican state convention has been called to meet at St. Paul June 23. There will be 1075 delegates. It may be said with all seriousness that the campaign is on.

Hon. Thomas Wilson, once chief justice of the supreme court, congressman and Democratic candidate for governor in 1890, died at his home in St. Paul Sunday. Judge Wilson was full of years and honors, and was counted one of the most learned and upright men in the state. For the past eighteen years he has been general counsel for the Omaha railway.

At the present moment, John Lind of Minneapolis is the most likely candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor. A message brought by F. B. Lynch corroborates the story. This is the way the Democratic leaders look at the situation. They say the reports from the country indicate that Lind is the choice. It appears to be the logical nomination, observes the Minneapolis Tribune.

If the New York Democrats should get behind Gaynor they might find a kindly response from Minnesota Democrats, says the Hallock Enterprise. At the time of the Johnson candidacy for the presidency, the New York city Democrats were kindly disposed to Johnson, and had it been necessary, or had it been important in bringing about Johnson's nomination, Johnson would have had the New York vote.

The conservation and boost idea seems to have developed into an epidemic for the newspapers of the country are being flooded with circulars of every description requesting "boosts" for this and that project. While the country press is often ridiculed as a vehicle for dissemination of news, says the Detroit Record, yet it is an undisputed fact that when matters of importance are to be brought to the peoples' attention, the rural press is called upon to exercise its functions and generally in this pleasing manner: "If you see fit to mention this as a news item it will be appreciated and please send marked copy to the following address." These requests are a great assistance at the end of the week when the salary checks are signed!

Miss Mary Garden, at a tea in Philadelphia, praised the skill of the modern corset maker. "It is really wonderful," said Miss Garden, "what this artist can do. I have seen fat old women, who from certain aspects, looked like supple girls. It reminds me of an answer I heard in Sunday school when I was a little child. 'What is it,' our superintendent asked, 'that binds up together and makes us better than we are by nature?' 'Our corsets, sir,' piped a wise little girl of eight."

The Albert Lea Standard pays this deserved tribute to one of the big men of Minnesota: "Frederick B. Lynch, national Democratic committeeman, big-brained, big-hearted and patriotic citizen, says, 'I don't make a business of politics. What little I dabble in it is just for the fun of the thing.' And, better yet, it may well be added, he creates a lot of keen fun for the rest of us. Both politics and the cause of good government would be on a more unselfish and higher plane if more men of the stamp of Mr. Lynch would devote their efforts and means to their promotion as he has manfully done."

The humble hen holds no inconspicuous place as a contributer to the wealth of the country. Missouri is one of the states that keeps official track of the hen, and the labor bureau of the commonwealth has just made a report on the subject. It appears from the records that in 1908 the value of the eggs laid by Missouri hens and sold elsewhere was $22,027,628. The value of poultry shipped out of the state for the same period was $22,095,658, and the value of feathers sold for the same time was $837,687. Here is a grand total of $54,960,673 from surplus poultry and poultry products alone. The showing takes no account of the quantity and value of eggs and poultry consumed at home or of the value of the feathered stock still on hand. Missouri is but one state. The aggregate for the United States must make a big array in favor of the hen.

A LITTLE STRANGE.

It seems a little strange, to say the least, that in their dealings with the corporations, representatives of the administration at Washington do not find more frequent opportunity to construe the law in favor of the people, to resolve the doubt against the trusts instead of in their faver, says the Winona Independent.

Another instance occurs. The government's purchase of 40,000 acres from the Friars was made on the ground that large holdings by religious bodies were prejudicial to the best interests of the islands. The organic act passed by congress in July 1902, forbade the sale of more than forty acres of Phillipine land to any individual and of more than 2,500 to any corporation. But Attorney General Wickersham has just approved of the sale of 55,000 acres of this land to representatives of the sugar trust. His position is that the Friar estates do not come under the act of 1902.

The sugar trust being powerful, resourceful, industrious, gets its case plausibly briefed up and presented to the attorney general, an agreeable fellow, and flattered by his own greatness, subscribes his O. K. If the attorney general were entirely frank, perhaps he would reply to the critics that if the people had a showing in opposition it isn't his fault that they didn't make it, all oblivious to the little circumstance that when the people made him they thought they were making a showing to meet all such cases.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

RED LAKE FALLS

AIMS

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

Merchants State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Red Wing Free Press: By way of intimidation the Republican congressional committee has caused to be trumpeted throughout the country that it will lend no support whatsoever to any insurgent congressman seeking re-election. So far as Minnesota and other Northwestern states are concerned, this will be the very best recommendation such candidates can secure.

Long Prairie Argus: It sounds something like a farce to hear politicians advocating county option with a breath that smells like a beer keg.

Princetown Union: Republican state committee meets at the Merchant's hotel, St. Paul, next Saturday to issue the call for the Republican state convention, which it is thought will be held about the middle of June. The latter part of August would be early enough. Why not ratify the "slate" that has already been prepared by Ed and Dar, and dispense with the holding of a convention?

Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press: Politics, like war, may be hell, but a little hell now and then is relished by the best of men.

Red Wing Republican (Rep.): Every insurgent is a marked man for the next election, so far as patronage and party leaders are concerned. Now the temper of the country is just as perfectly ascertained. It will not stand for corporate control. It will elect anybody: Republican or Democrat, who stands for the people as against the trusts. It prefers the Republican, but if it takes its orders from Wall street, it will choose the Democrat instead. The insurgent is the only man who stands between the Republican party and destruction today. Help to hold up his hands.

St. Cloud Journal Press: It seems to us, and we say it in sorrow and not in anger, as though the Republican leaders were working to throw the next house into the control of the Democrats. Congressman Lindbergh will be returned to congress by the largest majority ever given a candidate in this district, not because of any great personal popularity, but because he has had the courage to vote as he believed his constituents wanted him to vote. He has not been successful in appointing postmasters, but he has won the confidence of the people.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Satiety is the pessimism of society.

Life is a conundrum few of us care to give up.

Some people would rather pick flaws than strawberries.

It takes a long time to get rich by earning your money.

A woman's tears scare a man more than they hurt him.

Some people are respectable in spite of what the neighbors say.

Adam raised Cain but he didn't do business with the sugar trust.

Down with the egg trust. Set out an egg plant in your back yard this spring.

Moral support is right in a way, but it seldom boosts a political candidate into office.

Occasionally a woman has such a vivid imagination that she almost believes her husband is as smart as she tells her neighbors he is.

While it may be easier for a camel to go thru the eye of a needle than it is for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven, the majority of us are not losing any sleep because of it.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Friends won't disapoint you unless they get the chance.

When a woman means everything she says, it's never to a man.

It seems to be much easier to kiss a girl against her will than with it.

Destiny turns a man into a football but the devil picks those who shall kick it.

A man can get to a place so much quicker in a street car for a nickel that he wants to take a cab for $1.

Among the Militant Ones.

Bill—Jake said he was going to break up the suffragette meeting the other night. Were his plans carried out?

Bill—No; Jake was.—Life.

The Test.

No better test of love I know
Than that young heart which throbs
With love while his sweetheart doth eat
Sweet corn from off the cobs.
—Philadelphia Ledger.

FOOD FOR A YEAR

Meat	300 lbs
Milk	240 qts.
Butter	100 lbs.
Eggs	27 doz.
Vegetables	500 lbs.

This represents a fair ration for a man for a year.

But some people eat and eat and grow thinner. This means a defective digestion and unsuitable food. A large size bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

equals in nourishing properties ten pounds of meat. Your physician can tell you how it does it.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

WHEN IS A REPUBLICAN?

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued from page 1.

ed to be officially declared to be no true test of Republicanism in Minnesota. Nor is it quite clear who is to define Republicanism or by what it is to be measured. If the Republican party in Minnesota is not willing to stand for Cannon it is equally apparent, from the course pursued by its representatives in the senate, that it is also unwilling to recognize Aldrich as the leader of the Republican sentiment in that body. Nor can even support or non-support of the measures prepared by members of the cabinet under the personal supervision of the president himself be regarded an infallible test. Senator Clapp was very out-spoken recently in that regard. Speaking recently against a measure bearing the president's o. k., "I am glad," he said, "that there is no law, expressed or implied, binding upon me as a member of the senate to vote for a bill because of its origin," which means, if it means anything, that Senator Clapp does not recognize even in the president the head of the party to which he belongs and one whose wishes should be his law unto those who call themselves Republicans.

Support of the Tariff no Test.

Since William Howard Taft was elected to the high office of president of this republic now nearly two years ago, but a single measure of national importance has been passed by the congress in which the party to which he owes his election is in a majority in both branches. To the passage of that law the Republican party was pledged. The president has on more than one occasion embraced the opportunity to declare the Payne-Aldrich tariff law the most flawless flower of Republican effort—its fullest and most perfect fruitage. Still we find the Minnesota State Central Committee willing to make the approval of this tariff the test of Republicans in Minnesota. Its failure to do this indicates how hard it is to please.

Is This a Repuclican Program?

Something more might be said of what, from the national point of view, Republicanism stands for. It stands, regarding the president as its mouthpiece, for a postal savings banks system in which the savings of the people of this broad land shall be invested in United States Bonds, and thus withdrawn from local circulation to find their way ultimately to the great financial centers in which these bonds are negotiated. It stands on the same authority for subsidies to be paid to the shipping trust. It stands through recognized Republican leaders, for a great central bank to which all other banks should be subsidiary and auxiliary. Still upon more of these great national policies was the official organization of the Republican party in Minnesota willing to stand or fall. I did not make the endorsement of any or all of them the test by which a voter's Republicanism should be measured when he undertook to take part in electing delegates to the Republican convention soon to be held. Clearly in the view of the Republican state central committee to make the approval of the national policy of the Republican party or the policy outlined by the leaders of the parties from the president down would be unsafe and might possibly result in party disintegration.

Still Another Test Rejected.

There is another view—the view that membership in the Republican party depends on loyalty to its loyal leaders. Thus it may be assumed that if a Republican supports his party nominee at home he may be allowed considerable latitude with regard to national issues on which opinion differs widely and which are in any way in some measures sectional in their character. This evidently was the view of the Republican state central committee, when it declined to make standpatism or insurgency a test of party loyalty and when it did not exact from Republican voters before they took part in Republican primaries, an expression of approval either of the acts of national leaders from president down or endorsement of national policies.

The Vote for Governor.

Clearly then, the only other test of Republicanism in this state can be the loyalty of the rank and file to local Republican leaders. Two years ago or somewhat less, the Republican party put in nomination for governor of the state a gentleman who more than anyone else stood for and represented everything worth while in Republican achievement so far as the state is concerned in the last quarter of a century. Clearly from every logical point of view such a leader was entitled to his party's endorsement at the polls. Every man who voted for him had a right to claim that he was a loyal Republican. But what of those who voted against him? Can they also claim the right to take part in the counsels of their party as loyal Republicans? If not "When is a Republican?" What is the test? How are we to know?

Only a Makeshift.

Although the Republican state central committee was selected by the candidate to whom I have referred, even it did not care to go on record as defining a Republican as a man who voted for Mr. Jacobson and rejecting others as mere pretenders, although there would have been some logic in this. If Mr Jacobson had been elected support of him would undoubtedly have been the test. He didn't get enough votes, however, and to base representation on the vote for him—unquestionably the best measures of Republicanism a state vote offered—would not give some districts of the state the representation in the state convention which, from motives of policy, it was thought desirable they should have. Seeing this, the Republican state central committee appears to have thrown up the sponge. For we cannot assume that the state central committee seriously proposes to measure a man's Republicanism by whether he voted for Julius Schmahl for secretary of state or Judge Mills for member of the railroad and warehouse commission.

The Problem Unsolved.

The fact is, it is difficult to see how the congress it is proposed to ask to convene here in midsummer can lay claim to be regarded as a representative Republican convention. Doubtless it will be composed of gentlemen who, for the most part, at some time or other, have voted for Republican candidates. The delegates to it will be elected, where the form of holding a caucus is observed, by those who may even now call themselves Republicans. But, after all, if the leaders in congress have read a majority of those whose actions Minnesota voters approve out of the Republican party, can they claim to be in it? Is a claim to Republicanism well founded by a man who disapproves of the legislation enacted by that party and of that which its leaders have prepared and urged congress to enact? Is a man a true blue Republican who has no confidence in the leaders of his party and does not hesitate openly to disapprove their action? All of which only harks back to the origin of the conundrum: "When is a Republican?"

—PAUL PRY.

Chapter 22 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, entitled "Forestry and fire wardens," Requires the Forestry Commissioner to prepare an abstract of the penal laws relating to forest and prairie fires and he may require any county board to cause at least three weeks published notice thereof to be given. The following is accordingly hereby published:

STATE OF MINNESOTA
Office of Forestry Commission.
St. Paul March 15, 1910.

The law of Minnesota for preventing and suppressing forest and prairie fires, as amended by Chapter 182, Laws of 1909, makes town supervisors, town clerks, village presidents and mayors of cities fire wardens, and requires them to take precautions against, report them promptly and prosecute offenders.

THE LAW FORBIDS:

Setting fire and not extinguishing it before it endangers the property of another:

Throwing or dropping burning substance into combustible material without extinguishing same;

Starting camp fire without clearing ground within a radius of ten feet.

Setting fire to brush or slashings in clearing land before piling same;

Setting fire to brush or slashings or other combustible material in a dry season, or allowing fire to be burning or smouldering in such season.

Those who cut timber or wood to sell must pile the slashings and burn the same as soon as practicable, and when it can be done without danger, and before the first of May.

Rangers may be appointed in a dry and dangerous season.

Railroad companies must keep their right of ways clear of combustible material, extinguish fires that occur near their lines of road, also patrol their roads in dangerous weather. The master mechanic and locomotive engineer, as well as the company, are responsible for the efficiency of spark arresters.

The minimum penalty for violation of any of the provisions of this law is $50; the maximum penalty, $100 or three months imprisonment in jail.

C. C. ANDREWS,
Forestry Commissioner.

S.S.S. CURES OLD BLOOD TROUBLES

Contagious Blood Poison is at the bottom of a great many old blood troubles. The disease may have been contracted years ago and some treatment used that removed the outward symptoms and shut the virus up in the system to slumber in the blood, but it only awaited a favorable opportunity to break out in some form again.

Certain forms of catarrhal troubles, especially where the bones are affected, scrofulous affections, non-healing sores, ulcerated membranes, etc., are due to this specific poison. Perhaps many who are afflicted in this way are ignorant of the fact that the seeds of this mighty poison are still hidden in the blood. Like the deadly serpent, which is dangerous as long as the faintest spark of life is left to enable it to sink its poisonous fangs, this powerful disease will corrupt and defile while the least particle of its insidious virus remains in the blood.

The best time to get rid of Contagious Blood Poison is when the disease is first contracted, and before its virus so penetrates the blood as to cause ulcerated mouth and throat, copper-colored spots, falling hair, etc. Then of course the victim is caused much humiliation and suffering; but even after the poison has become established in the system it can be removed and a cure effected if the blood be thoroughly purified with S.S.S.

A PERFECT CURE.

Some eight years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. I was covered with sores and ulcers from head to foot. No language can express my feelings of woe during those long years. I was advised by friends who had seen wonderful cures made by it, to try S.S.S. We got some and I improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result. S.S.S. is the only blood remedy which reaches desperate cases of old blood troubles.

MRS. T. W. LEE.
Isle of of Hope, Savannah, Ga.

S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers. It possesses penetrating powers that enable it to go down into the blood, and remove the last trace of blood poison. It cures all blood troubles simply and solely because it removes the cause from the circulation. Not only does S.S.S. cure Contagious Blood Poison when first contracted, but reaches it in all stages, even where the trouble has been inherited. S.S.S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and does not contain the slightest trace of mineral in any form. You can get rid of your old blood trouble if you will take S.S.S. and allow it to purify the blood. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

You Get Style Plus Quality

A SERIOUS condition of the Clothing trade today is a continuous sacrifice of style for quality, or quality for style, to maintain a sensible cost. A few makers do combine style and quality; but you know it results in an exorbitant price.

Let us tell you the problem to combine style and quality, yet keep the cost within the limits of the average man, is solved in Clothcraft Clothes. Clothcraft makers have blazed the trail in their scientific tailoring methods.

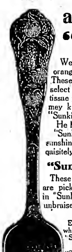
We investigated the clothing market thoroughly and were independent, because we wanted to offer you the very best the country afforded. And we are proud to be known as the Clothcraft Store.

CLOTHCRAFT

All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

Clothcraft are the only clothes that guarantee you both style and quality at popular prices. We and the makers take all the risk; you take none.

The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere
Proprietor



Best of All Our Oranges and Lemons Are "Sunkist"

We pick, pack and ship over 20,000 cars of California oranges and lemons each season from our 5,000 groves. These are of varying grades. From all this vast quantity we select the finest—the superior grades—which we wrap in tissue paper bearing the famous "Sunkist" label so that you mey know them as the choicest fruit. So be sure to get "Sunkist" oranges and lemons at your dealer's.

He has a fresh supply today.

"Sunkist" oranges ripen on the tree. The warm California sunshine gives a tender, sweet pulp, matured and made exquisitely juicy by Nature.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

These oranges are distinct, full-flavor, thin-skinned. They are picked by gloved-hands; thoroughly cleansed; wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper; packed carefully to insure firm, unbruised fruit.

How to Tell "Sunkist"

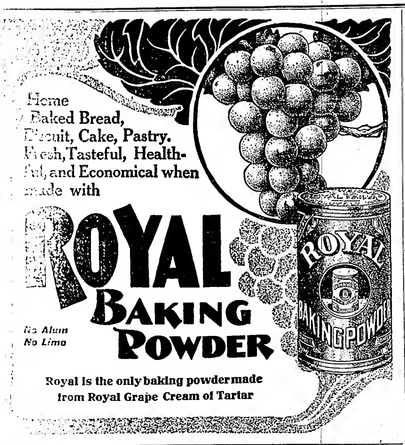
Each "Sunkist" orange and lemon is wrapped in tissue paper upon which is printed the "Sunkist" label. Lemons or oranges without "Sunkist" wrappers are **not** "Sunkist" brand.

Free—Best Rogers' Orange Spoons—Send us 12 "Sunkist" orange or lemon wrappers and 6 two-cent stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send free, a Wm. Rogers & Son full standard, AA plate orange spoon. For each additional spoon send 6 two-cent stamps and 12 wrappers. You can easily have a full set. Get a dozen "Sunkist" oranges or lemons and send for your first spoon.

Address
California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

SUNKIST ORANGES

SUNKIST LEMONS



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Biscuit, Cake, Pastry.
Fresh, Tasteful, Healthful, and Economical when
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BAKING
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No Alum
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Royal is the only baking powder made
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DETROIT, MICH.,

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Summer School Now
Fall Term Sept. 1 ● Catalog free. F. L. Watkins
Fargo, N. D

AGENTS WANTED

The Indemnity Life and Accident Co., of Minneapolis, Minn. Capitol $100,000. The first old Line Life and organized and licensed under the laws of Minnesota, offers an bright energetic men to acquire a permanent and lucrative the Company, in unoccupied territory. Previous experience. For further information address the Home Office.

THE INDEMNITY LIFE AND ACCIDENT CO.
Lumber Exchange. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at 10,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide

Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb. 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lammart J. Bawetts of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, who, on Feb. 4, 1904, made H. E. No. 23548 serial No. ..., for SW¼ NE¼ Section 4, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before S. A. Swanson, Judge of Probate for Red Lake Co. Minnesota, at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 9th day of April, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Emil Just, of River Falls Township, Minn.
John Kjonnikson of River Falls Twp. Minn.
Franz Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.
Charles Schmitz, of Gervais Township, Minn.

ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty and 48/100 ($930.48) Dollars, and Eighty Three and 88/100 ($83.88) dollars, paid for taxes, making a total of One Thousand Fourteen and 36/100 ($1014.36) Dollars in default and due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed by Milton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank O'Meara, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of December 1902 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2 o'clock P. M. in Book 26 of Mortgages on Page 214.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said mortgagee, to Alice W. Hemminghouse, by written assignment dated the 31st day of December, 1902 and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 5th day of January 1903 at 2:10 o'clock P. M., in Book T of Mortgages on Page 71.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Eliza A. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 25th day of January 1906, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 7th day of April, 1906 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., in Book 15 of Mortgages on Page 324.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said assignee, to Harriet L. Hayward, by written assignment dated the 22nd day of September, 1909, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 25th day of February, 1910 at 11:30 o'clock A. M., in Book 5 of Mortgages on page 31.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the land and premises therein being in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit:

The West Half of the North West Quarter (W½ of NW¼) of Section Fourteen (14) in Township One Hundred Fifty Two (152) of Range Forty Three (43), will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash by the Sheriff of Red Lake County to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the Statutory attorney's fees, and the taxes if any, and the costs and expenses of these foreclosure proceedings as allowed by law; and that the said sale will be made at the front door of the Post Office in the City of Red Lake Falls in said Red Lake County at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday, the 16th day of April, 1910.

Dated February 23, 1910.

HARRIET L. HAYWARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

Grant Van Sant,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
508 Globe Building, St. Paul, Minn. m3-a14

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, on Saturday April 23rd, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 22nd day of March, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

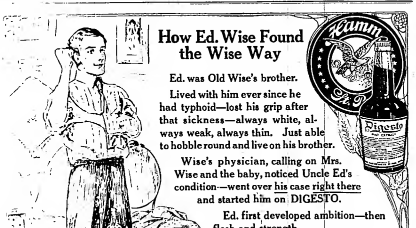
The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Star and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the Southeast corner of Section Four (4) in Township Number One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Number Thirty nine (39) and running thence due west along the section line between Sections Four (4) and Nine (9), between Section Five (5) and Eight (8) and between Sections Six (6) and seven (7) to the Southwest corner of the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of said Section Six (6) in said Township One Hundred Fifty-three (153) North of Range Thirty-nine (39), thence continuing due west between Sections One (1) and Twelve (12) Township One Hundred Fifty three (153) North of Range Forty (40) to the Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of said Section One (1) in said Town One Hundred Fifty three North of Range Forty (40) and terminating at said point.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred Thirty (230) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated Erie, Minn., Sept. 11th, 1909.
Bohumil Hruby.
Martin Kotrba.
Ed. Kelly.
Alois Srnsky.
Ole Johosgaard.
Albert Truka, Jr.
Albert Truka, Sr.
Joseph V. Hulthun.
Anton Fort.
A. W. Hanson.
Sivert O. Prestegnard.
Isak J. Holt.
Michael Stengel.

—Petitioners. 24-27



How Ed. Wise Found the Wise Way

Ed. was Old Wise's brother. Lived with him ever since he had typhoid—lost his grip after that sickness—always weak, always thin. Just able to hobble round and live on his brother.

Wise's physician, calling on Mrs. Wise and the baby, noticed Uncle Ed's condition—went over his case right there and started him on DIGESTO.

Ed. first developed ambition—then flesh and strength.

Instead of a burden, he is now Old Wise's mainstay.

"Me for DIGESTO" says Ed.

For Sale by All Druggists

MANUFACTURED BY
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

TERREBONNE.

A week ago Jos. Leadreville from Argyle visited with his sister, Miss D. Landroville at the French rectory.

Rev. Fr. Bosus was this week the guest of Fr. Veillenx.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Champoux, April 2, a boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. Gervais, March 27, a girl.

Jos. Pago and wife from Gently attended mass here last Sunday.

The farmers have begun sowing their seed. The prospects seem very good.

Saturday, April 2, was buried at Terrebonne, Mrs. Francois Villancount, who died at the advanced age of 80 years. She is survived by a son, H. Villancount, and two daughters, Mrs. Louis Theroux and Mrs. Thos. Meilloux.

Juggling the Names.

As compared with Oshkosh and Tarentum,
Hackensack, Kokomo and Schenectady,
Even Kinnikinnick
And Kalamazoo
Are laughing at poor Walla Walla!
—Buffalo News.

It Surely Do.

Uncle Josh—Don't it say in the Declaration that a just government derives its power from the consent of the governed?

Uncle Silas—Yes, and it do beat everything what the governed will consent to.—Brooklyn Life.

The Cautious Mother.

"Mother, may I go study bridge?"
"Yes, my darling Mabel,
Learn all the rules you can by heart,
But don't go near the table."
—Harper's Weekly.

Customs of the Rich.

"They used to lay down a tun of wine when an heir was born. When he became of age he opened it."

"Well?"

"Now they put a few dozen eggs in cold storage."—Pittsburg Post.

Affinities.

When Benjamin wed Annie, oh,
They both were kindly fated!
It Bennie-fited him, you know,
While she was Annie-mated.
—Cornell Widow.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Saturday, April 23rd, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 22nd day of March, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Hickory, Deer Park and Mayfield in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the Northeast corner of Section Twenty five (25) of Township One Hundred Fifty two (152) North of Range Number Thirty-nine (39) West, thence due west along the section line between Sections Twenty-four (24) and Twenty-five (25), Twenty three (23) and Twenty-six (26), Twenty-two (22) and Twenty-seven (27), Twenty one (21) and Twenty eight (28), Twenty (20) and Twenty nine (29), Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30), and continuing due west through the town of Deer Park between Sections Twenty-four (24) and Twenty-five (25), Twenty-three (23) and Twenty-six (26), Twenty-two (22) and Twenty-seven (27), Twenty one (21) and Twenty-eight (28), Twenty (20) and Twenty-nine (29), Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30), and continuing due west into the Town of Mayfield a distance of two miles between Sections Twenty-four (24) and Twenty-five (25), Twenty-three and Twenty six (26) to the southwest corner of Section Twenty-six (26), thence due south between Sections Twenty-six (26) and Twenty seven (27) and Thirty-five (35) and Thirty four (34) to the Clearwater river and there terminate.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 18th, 1910.
Ole Brom.
O. L. Dahl.
Knut Jorstad.
P. E. Bjerkly.
Christ Thompson.
John O. Larson.
John Arntson.
T. A. Tara.
Iver Johnson.
Nils O. Risen.
Knut Huso.
T. T. Kvale.
Martin Asbiornson.
H. R. Berg.
John Oland.
Knut Lintvet.
Julius Olson.
Charley O. Olson.
Knut K. Salberg.
H. M. Lillo.
A. A. Rolandson.
J. K. Rystad.
Wm. M. Erb.
Jens Bolstad.
Martin Fore.
John Polbrook.
Ed. Anderson.
A. K. Breland.
Ole J. Dahle.
Daniel J. Hetle.
Gunnar B. Rystad.
Adolph Lindberg.
Mrs. Rika Moe.
John Olson.
Ed. Kristan.
C. O. Lindberg.
Geo. Singer.
Edward Singer.
Oscar Lofthus.
Tom Haglnd.
Siver Grothe.
Lewis Lunde.
Gunder Anderson.
Ole Nesland.
W. E. Keilman.
Andrew Hanson.
E. V. Carlson.
O. M. Mandt.
L. O. Lofthus.
Oscar Nesland.

—Petitioners. 24-27

Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition by the County of Red Lake has been made, filed in my office, and duly presented to the City Council of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, praying for the vacation of the alley between Lots 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and Lots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, of Block One in Langevin's Subdivision of Church lot in the original Townsite of Red Lake Falls, and said petition will be heard, considered, and acted upon by the City Council of said city, at a meeting of said Council to be held at the city hall, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 10th day of May, 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Dated April 5th, 1910.

(Corporate Seal) JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.
27-28

THE HANGING OF PAT DOOLAN

By MARTHA M'GUIRE.

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

Pat Doolan was the bravest, handsomest, quickest witted, most reckless harebrained scamp in Ireland. Everybody knew Pat, and every one who knew him loved him. He was always getting into trouble, and his facility for doing so was equaled by his talents for getting out again. His hair was red and curly, his complexion soft and peachy as that of a girl, but he was strong and wiry and not afraid of the devil himself.

Pat was an Irishman and a patriot from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot. He was always getting in the way of the British officials, who willy nilly were obliged to stumble over him, and that meant that he was constantly being brought up before a magistrate for some breach of the law. But the magistrates and the bailiffs all loved him so well that they were always either letting him off openly or conniving at his escape from justice. The trouble is that Pat's escapades were always connected with some movement against British rule, and in this he had a large proportion of the people with him.

But when the rebellion of 17— came on and failed Pat, who had given the government more trouble than any other ten rebels, was tried, found guilty of treason and sentenced to be hanged. There was great lamentation through the country at Pat's fate, and in those parts where he was personally known had the people not just failed at one rebellion they would have started another to save him.

Pat continued to crack his jokes, eat all that was given him—good things came for him in basketfuls to the jail—and drank the health of his jailers when a bottle was smuggled in with the rest. As the day approached for his execution knots of his friends gathered and debated different methods of saving him. Some talked of a rescue, but rescues are seldom successful, especially when those appointed to carry out a sentence are prepared to resist the rescuers. No one could learn whether any of the plans proposed would be undertaken. There were those who looked knowing and those who were full of fight and those whose close tongues—an unusual thing for an Irishman—gave the impression that they were "still waters running deep." But the day for the execution came round, and there was no evidence of any well defined plan to save Pat's life.

Though as many of Pat's friends as wished were permitted to be present at the hanging, there were plenty of officials within call to prevent the possibility of interference with the carrying out of the sentence. Indeed, there were not more than half a dozen of those who loved Pat gathered about the scaffold, and they were there with a cart to remove the body after it had been taken down.

Pat ascended the scaffold with a jaunty step. Eileen McKenna, his sweetheart at the time, had sent him a tremendous flower, which he wore in his buttonhole; his hair had been carefully attended to, though no brush could get the kinks out of it, and he wore a beautiful smile. He approached the rope, examined it, tested it to discern whether it would hold, then tried to get the loop over his head.

"I can't do it," he said, "and if I could I wouldn't hang with any convenience, for the rope is too short. I demand my rights to be honged safely, and there's no safety in that gallows at all, at all."

Taking a cuddy pipe and some tobacco from his pocket, he rubbed the latter between the palms of his hands, filled his pipe, scratched a match on his leg and began to smoke.

The sheriff called some one to improve the gallows, and Pat smoked and pictured to him in words what an inhuman calling was his. "I forgive ye for what you're goin' to do to me," said Pat, "but d'ye think ye'll be forgiven by our patron saint? I have an idee that the hottest part of purgatory is kept for those who make a livin' by stretchin' necks and choppin' off heads. As for me, don't mention it. I wouldn't grudge you the pay ye'll git for makin' me a corpse for a hunder years of life."

The sheriff was much affected by this address and said he'd rather Pat would hang him than be hang Pat.

"How long must I be hangin'?" asked Pat.

"The law says an hour."

"Well, thin, get at it. It's an hour before supper. I'll be too early for it in this world, and I don't want to be too late for it in the other."

As the rope was adjusted Pat's friends crowded up on to the scaffold to bid him goodby. When he was swung off he fell against one of them—purposely in the way—which somewhat broke the fall. When it was over the sheriff turned his back, and while doing so Pat's friends somewhat relieved the strain on his neck by holding him up by the waistband. But this they were only enabled to do when the sheriff was not looking.

At the end of an hour timed by set back watches the body was let down, put in a coffin and run over a rough road to a cart. This was intended to bring Pat to his senses. And it did. He sat up in his coffin and cried at the top of his voice:

"Hurrah for ould Ireland!"

That night Pat's wake occurred, with Pat for chief mourner.

Fortune's Favor.

"Did you tell her I wasn't home, Cora?"

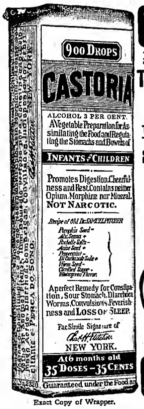
"Yes, mom."

"What did she say?"

"'Oi've shtruck luck wanst, anny-how!' sez she, mom."—Browning's Magazine.

An Englishman's Legislative Ways.

"'Tis a curious fact," said a government shark
As he read about commons and peers,
"That an Englishman votes with his ayes
And his noes
And expresses opinions with his 'ears.'"



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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
No. 2320
Guaranteed under the Food an

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

His Views.

"The prosecution has the facts, and facts are stubborn things."

"Never mind," said the sage-brush attorney. "When it comes to stubbornness, facts ain't got nothin' on jurors."

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Henry B. Kaufer
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry B. Kaufer, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Louis A. Kaufer.

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof, and that Wednesday, the Sixth day of July, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court house at Red Lake Falls in said County, be and hereby the same is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated April 2nd, 1910.

S. A. SWANSON,
(SEAL) Judge of Probate.

F. A. Grady,
Atty. for Administrator,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Fine 160 Acre Farm.

2½ miles from Erskine, 1½ miles from Cisco; good sandy loam, clay subsoil. Partly plowed. Good creek. One of best pieces in Polk county for farming and stock purposes.—Wheelock & Gilfillan, 502 German American Bank Building St. Paul, Minn. A7

Established 1867
SHIP YOUR HIDES FURS etc.
.. TO ..
D. BERGMAN & CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
Deal direct with the largest and oldest house in the West. Highest prices and immediate cash returns. Write for price list, tags and full information.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3664 Luck building, Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
ffice over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Jack Brosel, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen. N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

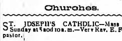
MODERN WOODMEN.—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. B. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8, and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.



Reliable Active Agents
Wanted to sell the wonderful
Bennett Portable Typewriter
in this county.
It has writing efficiency of expensive machines. Will sell on sight—well advertised. Big money in it for the right party. Write today F. S. BENNETT TYPEWRITER CO. 366 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.
$18

SHOPS AND HOMES

New Model Structure Erected for Artisans in Vienna.

Small Manufacturers Provided with Good Rooms, for Dwellings as Well as for Work—Both Sanitary and Cheap.

Vienna.—In the new jubilee workshops and model dwellings erected at a cost of $500,000, Vienna artisans are provided with excellent sanitary workshops and homes, convenient in every respect and obtainable at rents below those frequently charged for damp, dark, unhealthy quarters. The massively imposing square block in the Margarethen suburb has been provided at the joint expense of the city of Vienna and a special jubilee fund raised for improving the housing of the working classes. The building covers a considerable area, having a large courtyard. It is seven stories high, of steel construction, on the [illegible] plan, thus admitting a large [illegible]. In all it comprises 150 [illegible] workshops and 40 dwellings. [illegible] cost $400,000 and the [illegible].

No expense has been spared and no [illegible] overlooked. The construction [illegible] strong, so that the heaviest machinery can be safely installed on the top floors. There are elevators capable of carrying 2,000 pounds. Each workroom has its own emergency stairway in case of fire or other accident. There is an abundance of [illegible] and toilet room accommodation. The window casements are of [illegible] with a gutter at the bottom to carry off the steam from the glass. There is a plentiful water supply and a good ventilation. The basement [illegible] are protected against damp and the top floors under the roof from heat and cold.

Special facilities are provided for furnishing tenants with electricity or gas for motor power as cheaply as possible. And coal, coke and wood can also be obtained in small quantities at low prices.

The workrooms vary in size considerably, the smallest having an area of from 250 to 300 square feet. The rents work out at from 20 cents to 30 cents per square foot a year, according to the floor. The tenants are mostly small tradesmen employing from 10 to 15 workpeople. A few have only perhaps two or three helpers, while others employ 40 or 45 persons.

At least half the tenants are woodworkers of various kinds, chiefly furniture makers, for whom the location is especially suitable, as the principal furniture stores are in the neighborhood. The other tenants include several metal trades workers, weavers, [illegible], bookbinders and gilders.

The 40 dwellings in the building are reserved primarily for the occupants of the workshops. The accommodation consists only of living room, small bedroom and a kitchen, and the rent is from $6 to $7 a month.

Opened less than six months ago, more than three-quarters of the workshops are already occupied. Both from an economic and hygienic standpoint the new institution promises to be valuable. The workers now gathered there formerly lived in outside districts, so that much time was lost in the shipping out of goods and the collection of orders, materials and the like. Moreover, in many instances, work was carried on in miserable cellars, damp, dark and unsanitary, involving grave injury to the health and constitution of masters and workmen alike. In the jubilee workshops building the utmost attention has been paid to hygiene and sanitation. There is even an ambulance room fitted up with first-aid appliances in case of accidents happening in the building.

Battle Over an Egg.

New York.—A complicated legal case involving the ownership of one egg is up for adjustment in the Flatbush court.

The other day the children of Mrs. Mary Penninger and Mrs. Anna Ganey, playing in a vacant lot, found a newly laid egg. Right of possession of the valuable find is claimed by both women.

"I fully realize what the ownership of an egg means in these times," said the magistrate, "and therefore I will not be hasty. I postpone the case for one week."

NOTED RUSSIAN REVOLUTIONIST

MME. KATHERINE BRESHKOVSKAYA, who pleaded not guilty to the charge of having been criminally active in the Russian revolutionary organization, but added: "I admit that I am a social revolutionist," at the opening of her trial in St. Petersburg, is popularly known as "the mother of the Russian revolution" and "the Russian Joan of Arc." She served 23 years as a hard-labor convict in exile in Siberia, and for two years has been confined in the fortress of SS. Peter and Paul, St. Petersburg. Mme. Breshkovskaya has lectured in the United States, and a petition for her release was sent to the czar two years ago, signed by 50 prominent men in the United States. Mme. Breshkovskaya at the present time is more than 70 years old.

PAY FOR "SMOKES"

New York Women Spend Half Million Yearly for Tobacco.

Spend as Much More Yearly for Jeweled Accessories and Fad Is Growing Rapidly—Dealers Cater to That Trade.

New York.—New York women burned $500,000 last year. From to-day's indications in the business world they will burn even more—in fact, a great deal more—in the year 1910.

Furthermore, the word "burn" is used literally, because these fair New Yorkers actually hold the fuel between thumb and forefinger and set a match to it! Not that the money is in the form of bills from the United States treasury. Nay, it is in the form of cigarettes!

Half a million is a snug sum for women to send up in smoke. The figures are furnished by dealers, and conservative dealers at that. Three of them cater particularly to women. One of them seeks no other trade. To this half million add money spent by women cigarette faddists for smart [illegible] and one has a fair idea of what the cigarette habit costs New York women to-day.

Come from Central park down Fifth avenue for a spin and see: First, snuggled among the conservative brown stone mansions, which once echoed the gentle laughter of the old Knickerbocker aristocracy, one comes upon the atelier of a one time social figure now an importer modiste. Early New Yorkers would have called it a dressmaker's shop. Now it is an atelier, and its patrons always are addressed as "madame."

To-day "madame" is being fitted with a wonderful frock of smoldering grayish rose silk, with amethyst lights. From a cabinet in the corner a tactful saleswoman brings a slender chain of beaten silver, from which depends a quaint case, all studded with amethysts. "Madame" seizes it with eager hands. Dull silver and gems blend perfectly with the oddly tinted gown.

"How much? A hundred? Why, the gown is only $175. Yes, I know—it simply makes the costume perfect. But I've half a dozen cigarette cases already. Yes, that little place for the matches is a dear. Ye-es, I'll take it."

Ask any gown importer whose atelier can boast a cabinet of odd jewelry and trinkets where lie the best profits, and she will answer:

"In the fads of the cigarette smoker."

Time was that a single gold or silver cigarette case attached to a matching chatelaine sufficed for even the most constant cigarette smoker, but to-day the gold case is considered "loud" and the correct thing is a case of dull carved or filigree metal inlaid, or rather incrusted, with gems to match the gown.

Sometimes they come in pairs, these cases; one for cigarettes and one for matches, and especially smart is a new design just over from Berlin showing the head of the kaiser's own proud eagle, sharp beak and gleaming eye, opening at the top to display tiny compartments for small cigarettes and smaller matches.

What is the reason for the astonishing increase of the smoking habit among New York women? Simply this: They took it up because it looked "smart," in much the same way that a small boy takes his first smoke. In much the same way, too, it has grown on them, until now they are wrecking their nerves with nicotine, to say nothing of squandering great sums of money. It is no longer a fad with women, this smoking—a woman must have her after-breakfast puff just as much as she must have her breakfast. Sometimes she can get along without the food much more easily than without her cigarette. Thousands of women in New York smoke from fifteen to twenty cigarettes a day.

Deer Driving Away Caribou

Maine Game Wardens Declare That Not a Single Animal Is Left in the Whole State.

Bangor, Me.—"There ain't a single caribou left in the whole state of Maine," says Game Warden "Cy" Adams. "I have seen a great many deer and moose, but no caribou, because there weren't none there. I guess they've got the Canada fever, and the herds I used to see around here are now in New Brunswick or Quebec. They are heading further north, for caribou won't stand civilization like deer, and they won't live in pairs here and there like moose.

"It's the deer that are driving them away. There are more deer in Maine to-day than there used to be in the time of the Indians. Then the wild animals were just in the right proportion, and didn't butt into each other's rights. The natural food of the caribou is moss. Moose live on the large branches of trees principally, and deer chew small twigs and branches, grass and such like.

"Now, deer have grown so plentiful that they don't find enough of their own kind of food, so they eat the moss on which caribou used to feed. Consequently the caribou got hungry and disgusted and quit. That's why moose and caribou or moose and deer get on all right in the same territory, but caribou and deer don't get along any better together than cattle and sheep out west, and for the same reason. There's other reasons why caribou have left this state, where they used to be plentiful. Caribou are shy animals, to begin with. They won't hang around where there's lumbering going on, and there's hardly a corner of the state where the woods are not full of lumbermen."

All the world loves a lover, but not with the love a lover loves his love.

Dynamite Used in Plowing

Oklahoma Farmers Evolve Novel Plan of Breaking Virgin Fields—Proves Effective.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—Farmers in Texas county, this state, are trying a unique but effective way of breaking virgin sod, introduced by C. H. Phillips.

After boring holes in the ground about 20 feet apart and three feet deep, Phillips placed a stick of dynamite in each. These were connected and shot at the same time. The ground was torn up and will be left to absorb nature until plow time.

Mr. Phillips believes that the ground deep down, will conserve the moisture. On the ground which he has thus treated, he says he will put out in a small way, diversified crops and note carefully the result of the new method of breaking soil.

The experiment will be watched with considerable interest, as it is the first trial of the kind in the state. Farmers have generally plowed their ground deep, but the method employed by Mr. Phillips and others is new in soil cultivation.

NO WONDER THAT HE'S RICH

Aged Man, Worth $13,000,000, Spends But Seventy-Five Cents a Day on Honeymoon.

San Francisco.—Loren Coburn, 84 years old, blessed with a fortune valued at $13,000,000, spent the first days of his honeymoon with his bride, who was Miss Sarah Upton, his sister-in-law, and admits having passed her fifty-eighth birthday, in a little room in a lodging house, for which he pays 75 cents per day.

Coburn and Miss Upton were married Tuesday. The bridegroom is a California pioneer, and of late has been engaged in litigation over his land, which extends for leagues, embracing 28,000 acres of rich and fertile lands. Two years ago Coburn's nephew, Azro Coburn of Boston, asked that he be declared incompetent, and Carl Coburn, another nephew, was appointed his guardian.

The elder Coburn fought the case through all the courts of the state, and won.

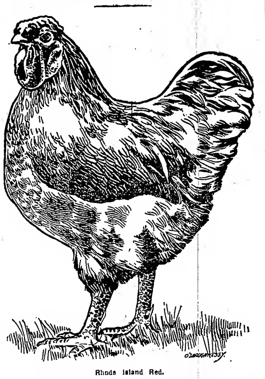
Must Pay Insurance Back.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Her husband having turned up alive and well after she had buried a corpse found in the river as that of the missing man, Mrs. Jacobini Schmidt did not make any defense in the Camden district court to the suit of the Prudential Insurance Company for the recovery of $500 paid on a policy on Schmidt's life. Judge Jones directed that judgment be entered for the full amount. Mrs. Schmidt expended $150 in giving the corpse a decent burial and when her husband several weeks later walked into her home she refused to effect a reconciliation. Schmidt is now tending bar in Philadelphia.

The reason so many people fall in love is they want to do what so many other people do.

MANY PRACTICAL POINTS OF RHODE ISLAND RED

One Writer's Strong Argument in Favor of This Celebrated Strain of Fowls—Make Rapid Growth.



Rhode Island Red.

(By E. T. DE GRAF.)

After 16 years' experience with fowls I have concluded that Rhode Island Reds combine more practical qualities and fewer undesirable ones than any of the 20 varieties I have kept.

Their popularity is due to their rapid growth, oblong bodies, with wide, plump breasts and yellow skins.

Besides their early maturity, they are very hardy and lay large eggs, especially in winter. As mothers they compare favorably with Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes.

In raising these birds to table sizes, the following is my regular practice: In a corner of the house cellar is an asbestos-lined incubator room.

When a hatch is made, 50 of the liveliest chicks are removed at about 30 hours old in the afternoon and placed in a thoroughly clean, lice-proof painted brooder, each chick having its bill dipped in water to teach it to drink. The other chicks remain in the incubator until next morning.

The first feed consists of stale bread soaked in either sweet or sour milk and squeezed out.

The second day they are given range of the brooder scratching floor, upon which is scattered sand and charcoal dust, with some litter.

Until they are six weeks old they get mostly chick feed in the litter and charcoal, grit and meat scrap in a hopper. All utensils are kept scrupulously clean; they are boiled once a week. The chicks are fond of dry wheat bran, which is always before them. Feed little and often is the rule. Milk is often given in addition to water. All liquids are protected so the chicks cannot wet themselves.

I know of no breed that possesses more vitality right from the shell. One of the reasons for this is that the chicks feather out rather slowly until about two months old.

Most of the food goes toward making flesh, bone and muscle instead of feathers.

In this respect the Reds are superior to those breeds that feather out young.

When three weeks old the chicks weigh about eight ounces and when they reach the first broiler stage at six weeks they weigh about 1¼ pounds. Two weeks later they weigh about two pounds.

At this age the cockerel is commercially more profitable if plump and hatched at the right season than he ever will be afterward, if feed and care are considered. In the roasting stage at three months they weigh three pounds and will gain a pound per month thereafter until they weigh five pounds.

In this stage they appear awkward because of their rapid growth and development of their second feathers, but their well-shaped bodies and long, plump, white breasts make them very attractive when dressed for market.

Selection of the Boar.

No matter how many sows are kept on the farm, the selection of the boar is of great importance. There are many pure bred hogs in all parts of the country, so there is no reason for the use of a scrub boar by anyone, says the Swineherd.

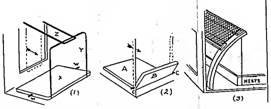
The character of the get of a scrub boar is guesswork, whereas with the pure bred boar there is some assurance that his get will be uniform and of a quality indicated by his ancestors. When possible the boar should be selected on the place where he was raised.

Successful Breeder.

The breeder of to-day who succeeds must be a breeder, a feeder and an all around stock man.

The popularity of the show ring is educating the masses to quality, and nothing but the best will justify the breeding enterprise.

GOOD FORM OF TRAP NEST



Three forms of trap nests used by English poultrymen are shown in the above illustration. In No. 1 a tilting wire arrangement is used; X is a pivot-hung board, with stout wire, Y, supporting Z, the trap wire which falls across the hen's entry, and is usually held there by an iron rod, which drops after it into a slot. The hen's weight on the nest side of board, X, tilts the wire, Y, and releases the trap wire, Z, which falls to the dotted position. Illustration 2 shows another method; while 3 shows a shallow tray hung on pivots or hooks at the side for the nest. At one front corner an upright wire, E, rises through a hole in one of the curved bearers which carry the curved shutter, consisting of two wood rails, carrying fine wire netting, D. The hen, entering, steps on front of the nest, which, dropping, carries the wire down and releases the trap, the latter sliding down the curved bearers imprisons the hen, who can, however, see out.

IMPORTANCE OF DAIRY SCHOOLS

Young Men Learn to Work Intelligently, and Then Continue Their Own Education by Reading.

(By B. E. LARA.)

It is possible that there is many a young man who has worked a couple of years under a good butter maker or cheese maker who never went to any dairy school, and who, in the pride of his success, makes light of their value, just as he does the dairy papers.

This young man is liable to hesitate to "lose" (as he calls it) the time and wages, and the saved-up capital necessary to take a term at the dairy school.

We use the term "lose" because we have heard that expression used by many of the class referred to above; the proper word is "invest," and a mighty good investment that few men take one term but that they are anxious to take another.

The value of the dairy school is not so much in what the students actually learn in practice and theory, but that they learn to work with their brain more, learn to work intelligently, and learn to continue their own education by reading technical papers and books and thus acquire a desire for an investigation of the whys and wherefores of every little phenomenon observable during their daily work.

It is not only for the teachers that they receive their education, but it is from their fellow students, who have worked under various conditions; indeed, we feel inclined to believe that this is really the most valuable part of the course.

We do not hesitate to urge the young men in the creameries and cheese factories, as well as all young farmers, to attend the dairy schools, even at a most serious sacrifice. It will be the best investment they will ever be able to make.

Who shoots wild animals in Africa has a perfectly killing time.

THEIR STATUS.

Bobby—Say, pop, what does blood relations mean?

Papa—It means near relations.

Bobby—Then mom an' you must be the bloodiest relations I've got.

NO HEALTHY SKIN LEFT

My little son, a boy of five, broke out with an itching rash. Three doctors prescribed for him, but he kept getting worse until we could not dress him any more. They finally advised me to try a certain medical college, but its treatment did no good. At the time I was induced to try Cuticura he was so bad that I had to cut his hair off and put the Cuticura Ointment on him on bandages, as it was impossible to touch him with the bare hand. There was not one square inch of skin on his whole body that was not affected. He was one mess of sores. The bandages used to stick to his skin and in removing them it used to take the skin off with them, and the screams from the poor child were heartbreaking. I began to think that he would never get well, but after the second application of Cuticura Ointment I began to see signs of improvement, and with the third and fourth applications the sores commenced to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but it finally yielded to the treatment. Now I can say that he is entirely cured, and a stronger and healthier boy you never saw than he is to-day, twelve years or more since the cure was effected. Robert Wattam, 1148 Forty-eighth St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 9, 1909."

Undesirable Acquisition.

A scientist who lost his pet dog put a little notice in the paper headed, "Warning," which charitably described the animal as having "strayed," and added:

"It is of no value, not even to the owner; but, having been experimented upon for scientific purposes with many virulent poisons, a lick from its tongue—and it is very affectionate—would probably prove fatal."

The dog came back next day.

An Exception.

"There is one thing I like about Binks. No matter what he does, he comes out in the open to do it."

"I know of one action he always is careful to do under cover."

"I dare you to name it."

"Going home in the rain."

Every time you want to smoke, chew WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. The desire goes away. You save nerves, pocketbook, and digestion.

Fair Office Exchange.

Stenog—Oh, Frank, will you please sharpen my pencil?

Clerk—Yes, if you'll please sew on this button.—Boston Herald.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Philosophy and Religion.

The idea of philosophy is truth; the idea of religion is life.—Bayne.

DAVIS' PAINKILLER
has no substitute. No other remedy is so effective for rheumatism, lumbago, stiffness, neuralgia or cold of any sort. Put up in 25c, 35c and 50c bottles.

When a fool gets angry he furnishes the proof of his foolishness.

There's more strength in a bowl of
Quaker Oats
than in the same quantity or the same value of any other food you can eat.
Most nourishing, least expensive. 60

Stop Worrying! Stop Frowning!
WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM
THE FLAVOR LASTS
Makes you forget your troubles! The delicious mint leaf juice is fine for digestion
LOOK FOR THE SPEAR
THE FLAVOR LASTS

Pla-Mate Shoes
Are Best for Little Folks
because they follow the lines of the natural foot and allow perfect development. Think what that means, you parents who suffer from corns, bunions, etc., as a result of wearing shoes, when you were young, which contracted the foot. **Pla-Mate Shoes** come in sizes 4 to 12 in button, lace and oxford styles and made in all suitable leathers. The price may be a little higher than you are now paying, but think of the comfort the children will have, and consider that the material and workmanship that goes into every pair of **Pla-Mate Shoes** makes them outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes. If your shoe dealer does not keep **Pla-Mate Shoes** send us his name, stating the size and style of shoe you want and we will see that you are promptly supplied.
$1.75 & $2.00
WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty
Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.
Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price
GENUINE must bear signature:
Brent Good

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE FLAVOR LASTS

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 14-1910.

Tired?——Nature's Sweet Restorer
THERE isn't anything more refreshing or stimulating than a cup of tea in the early morning or the middle of the afternoon.
"Salada" Tea, because of its perfect purity and delicious flavor, is enjoyed by older people as no other tea can be enjoyed. It can be drank freely because of its absolute freedom from adulteration. It has just the stimulating and rejuvenating properties that neutralize the languor which age generally feels. Above all, it has an aroma and flavor which no other tea can equal. For sale by all grocers, in sealed lead packets only.
"Salada" Tea abounds in stimulating goodness. A most healthful and pleasing beverage.
"SALADA"
Its sustaining and invigorating qualities are beyond dispute. 47

Mayer Martha Washington Comfort Shoes
Genuine comfort—that's what it means to wear the stylish Martha Washington Comfort Shoes. They fit like a glove, and insure complete rest and relief. No buttons or laces—just slip them on and off like a slipper. Elastic at the sides provides perfect fit over any instep. You will never know how comfortable a good looking shoe can be until you have worn
MARTHA WASHINGTON COMFORT SHOES
Beware of imitations. Only the genuine have the name Martha Washington and Mayer Trade Mark stamped on the sole. Refuse substitutes. Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us.
FREE—If you will send us the name of a dealer who does not handle Martha Washington Comfort Shoes, we will send you free, postpaid, a beautiful picture of Martha Washington, Size 15 x 20.
We also make Honorbilt Shoes for men, Leading Lady Shoes, Yerma Cushion Shoes, Special Merit School Shoes and Work Shoes.
F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.
MILWAUKEE Mayer CUSTOM MADE

MICA AXLE GREASE
is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere
STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

HIS SPEED.

"He leads a terribly fast life."
"Who is he?"
"Mr. [illegible] chauffeur."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney [illegible] and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to [illegible] made by his firm.
[illegible] & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting [illegible] surfaces of the system. [illegible] Price 75 cents per bottle. [illegible] constipation.

The Mystery of the Ages.

[illegible] Pa, Methuselah was the oldest man, wasn't he?

[illegible] Yes, my son.

[illegible] Then who was the oldest woman?

[illegible] My son, don't ask. From [illegible] that has been a profound [illegible] to the sons of Adam.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bringing Up.

[illegible] bringing the baby up to [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] I have the nurse take it out in [illegible] instead of giving it an automobile.

Distemper

[illegible] all ages of horses [illegible] and others in the same [illegible] having the disease [illegible] Distemper Cure. Every bottle [illegible] Over 500,000 bottles sold [illegible] and $1.00. Good druggists, [illegible] Agents wanted. [illegible] Spohn Med. Co., [illegible] Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

[illegible] otherwise truthful woman [illegible] about the amount of money her [illegible] is making.

Think of it! They charge as much for the imitation stuff as they do for real, delicious, fragrant WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

[illegible] is one of the very privileges of [illegible], being confined to the [illegible].—Leigh Hunt.

[illegible] in your pocket? [illegible] WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT [illegible] unpleasant tobacco habit.

A man seldom has enough sparo [illegible] to convince a woman that she's [illegible].

DON'T NEGLECT THAT COUGH [illegible] Lung Balsam will check [illegible] For sale at all druggists.

Light to Banish Sorrow.

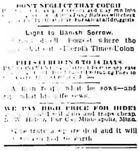
[illegible] forget where the [illegible]—Florida Times-Union.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. [illegible] any case [illegible] Protruding Piles in [illegible]

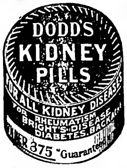
A man reaps what he sows—and [illegible] what his wife sews.

WE PAY HIGH PRICE FOR HIDES [illegible] Guns and traps cheap. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

[illegible] truth a square deal and it will [illegible] to earth.



WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT



Cured by Electropodes

New Electric Treatment. Metal insoles—worn [illegible] body becomes magnet—nerves the [illegible] cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Kidney and Liver complaints. [illegible] Guarantee signed with each pair. If [illegible] fail to cure, money refunded. If not at your Druggist's send us $1.00. We will see that you are supplied.

WESTERN ELECTROPODE CO.
247 Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Trade Mark. Don't accept any substitute.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,

A Certain Relief for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. They Break up Colds in 24 hours. At all Druggists, 25cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

WRIGLEY WRIGLEY WRIGLEY

PATENTS F. G. Bradbury, Pat. Atty., Com'l Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.; Corn Exchange Bldg., Minneapolis; [illegible] Bldg., Washington. Best work done at home. [illegible]

Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

Agricultural Engineering.

In the Department of Agriculture of the University of Minnesota, there was created in May, 1908, a Division of Agricultural Engineering.

An important part of the work of this division is the class work in the College. Under this instruction young men are taught the principles of road-making and drainage; they learn how to do road work under differing conditions, how to construct drains, the advantages and disadvantages of open drains in comparison with under drainage, and methods of land surveys.

The primary object of this Division, however, is to collect and disseminate information on the control of soil moisture for the improvement of farm lands.

Some special work has been done during the past year and experimental drainage systems have been inaugurated in the Minnesota Valley, the Red River Valley and near Duluth, and it is hoped that other experimental work can be arranged for in various parts of the state where special problems are to be solved.

Correspondence from farmers in regard to drainage improvements, completed or proposed, will be welcomed by Prof. J. T. Stewart, chief of this Division, at University Farm, St. Paul.

Sheep And Their Teeth.

Prof. Gaumnitz, of the Division of Animal Husbandry, at University Farm, St. Paul, says that fine wool sheep live longer than medium or coarse wool sheep. The former have been used successfully as breeders from 1 to 5 years, and the latter from 1 to 6, and more rarely 7 years. This indicates the extreme period of usefulness in the flock. The prime of life probably extends from 1 to 5 or 6 years.

The lamb has a short and small head as opposed to the head of the mature sheep. Its teeth are smaller in every way. They are usually smooth and white as opposed to a more corrugated, darkened surface in the old sheep. The age of sheep is told by the four pair of incisors which are found only on the lower front jaw. These are all present by the time the lamb is six weeks old.

In the yearling the central pair of small incisor teeth are replaced with a large pair when the lamb is ten to fourteen months old. They are almost twice as wide and much longer than those at either side.

At the age of two years the animal gets a second pair of large teeth.

At three years it gets a third pair of large teeth. It would then have three pairs of large teeth and one pair of small or lamb teeth.

The four years old has a full mouth of four pairs of large teeth. The outer ones are never as large as those in the center.

After the sheep is four years old it is difficult to tell the exact age. With age the teeth usually grow longer and narrower. They begin at six years to resemble shoe pegs. Sheep that are living on short pasturage and get sand with their grass wear their teeth short, even in old age. This is unusual in Minnesota. When sheep get long, peg like, or broken teeth, it is time to dispose of them.

Cost Of Producing Farm Products.

The Minnesota Experiment Station, in cooperation with The Bureau of Statistics of The United State Department of Agriculture, has been gathering statistics on twenty or more Minnesota farms for the past seven years. The object of this work is to determine the cost of producing the various farm products under farm conditions. To get this data a man has visited the same farms each working day in the year and has recorded all business transactions, and the labor done on the farm the previous day by all members of the family and by the horses. In this manner accurate data regarding the cost of producing any of the common farm products has been secured. This data has been published by the bureau of statistics and may be secured free by writing to the Bureau of Statistics, Washington, D. C., and asking for Bulletin No. 73, on "The Cost of Producing Minnesota Farm Products."

Seed Corn And The Pulpit.

Iowa, like Nebraska, is having trouble with her seed corn, and so serious has the problem become that outlines of sermons to be preached from the pulpits in Iowa have been sent to the preachers with the request that sermons be preached on the subject, so that the importance of procuring absolutely reliable seed can be brought to the attention of as many farmers as possible. These sermon outlines give suggestions for testing the germinating power of seed corn. Iowa holds that no other subject is of so much importance to the state as this. With so serious a condition prevailing in the older corn states, the warning the Minnesota Experiment Station is giving to our own people is timely. For some weeks the Department of Agriculture of this state has been sending information about seed corn testing to the farmers, and is now forwarding posters, newspapers and letters to all parts of the state showing with photographs of the apparatus needed for testing, the method of testing, together with detailed information about the use of germinators. If any farmer has failed to receive this literature let him write to the Department of Agriculture, University Farm, St Paul, and he will be fully advised Write now.

Let the Water Off.

In hundreds of cases where drainage is desirable it is not necessary to employ an engineer to lay out the work, nor to use expensive systems of excavation. Much of this work can be done by the farmer himself after the exercise of a little thoughtfulness. When the snow melts in the spring, or after a heavy rain in summer—any time when there is standing water on the field—let the farmer go over his land and determine if the water, at its height, seeks a natural runway. It is easy to see where water would escape if a few places are leveled down to a point below the water above them. Place stakes at these high places, and as soon as the ground will permit of working, get busy with a team, plow and scraper and cut down those high places. When another rain comes see if the water flows off. If not, observe where the high places are and again go over them with team and scraper. Begin work at the lower end of the natural water course and work up towards the sloughs. There may be places where greater excavation may be required, and this can often be done with a spade at seasons of the year when there is a lull in other work. Open ditch work of this character for a few years will relieve many fields of wet and unproductive places now existing, and the farmer will scarcely realize the cost, while the expense of cultivating the entire field will be reduced and its productiveness increased.

Oats For Seed.

In selecting seed oats this spring the farmers are invited to try the oats distributed by the Minnesota Experiment Station at St. Anthony Park. These were selected and grown for their high yield and have been quite generally distributed throughout the state and are known as Minnesota No. 26. The No. 26 has averaged 66.6 bushels per acre during the past 15 years at University Farm. The Station Farm will sell these oats in lots of five bushels or less, for $1.00 per bushel. Address Prof. A. Boss, Experiment Station, University Farm, St. Paul.

Campaign Of Education.

The Extension Division of the Minnesota Department of Agriculture regards the testing of seed corn of such vital importance to the farmers of Minnesota that in a few days it will distribute large posters showing by photographs how to test seed corn and giving full instructions in regard to the work, so that each farmer may be enabled to test for himself. These posters will be sent to the banks throughout the state, to railroad stations, creameries, etc., to get the matter as far as possible before the people in abundant season for them to make early germination tests. The division regards the matter of testing seed as exceedingly important this year, and will give all the help it can to everybody who wishes it. Write for information, look for the posters, read the papers. The Division is availing itself of every possible channel of getting this information before the people.

Winter Wheat.

The Minnesota Experiment Station suggests conservatism in sowing winter wheat, and would advise farmers to give it a good test on a small acreage for a couple of years before determining to grow, on a large scale, or relying upon it for a profitable crop. Winter wheat has been grown as far north as Polk County, while in the southern part of the state it has been grown in considerable quantities in certain localities, but not extensively enough to warrant the station in recommending it as a general crop. Minnesota grown seed should be used always. Where a hardy variety has become acclimated, larger profits and a greater yield have resulted than from spring wheat. Among the varieties of winter wheat recommended by the Station, and tested there, are Turkey Red (Minn. No. 529), Bearded Fife (Minn. No. 550), and Russian White (Minn. No. 642. The Station advises Minnesota winter wheats to be sown not later than Sept. 1st, to enable the plants to develop strong roots before cold weather. Unless the soil is very wet the station would have the farmers sow their winter wheat in standing corn since the grain will be better protected through the winter and spring, than if sown on land plowed in the fall.

Olmsted County School Fair.

Olmsted county is awake to the interests of agriculture in her schools. She is now out with programs for the fall exhibition of her young people's efforts, with an engraving showing J. J. Hill speaking to the fair last fall. The fair will be held in September, and substantially under the auspices of the young people, though of course it is managed by the older heads. All the entries are to be made by the boys and girls. They can exhibit everything grown on the farm to the exclusion of their parents, except where there are no young folks in the family. There are to be addresses by men of national prominence. Olmsted County is doing nothing not open to every county in the state.

Worm Turns at Last

It was the old story. The one we have all seen repeated so many, many times. Two young women entered the car together and the tired-looking man arose and proffered his seat. Then, while he groped unsteadily for a strap, the usual conversation ensued:

"Oh, thank you, sir."

"Thank you so much."

"Sit down, dear."

"No, you sit down."

"I insist, dear; I'm not a bit tired."

"Neither am I, and I'd just as soon stand."

"Go ahead, dear, and take it."

"No, no, you take it. I—"

And then the tired man did what so many have wanted to see done so many, many times. He took it himself.

As he sank wearily but calmly back in his seat the smiles of mutual benev-

The KITCHEN CABINET

"Cheeriness is a thing to be more profoundly grateful for than all that genius ever inspired or talent ever accomplished. Next best to natural, spontaneous cheeriness is deliberate, intended and persistent cheeriness, which we can create, can cultivate and can so foster and cherish that after a few years the world will never suspect that it was not an hereditary gift."

Be Forehanded.

The reason of so many failures in housekeeping and such hit or miss meal making is because of lack of preparation. Now where does system so well pay for itself as in housekeeping?

Plan the meals a week ahead, modifying them of course to fit the needs. Study the right combination of foods and do not have a heavy cream soup on the day when you have plenty of meat in the dinner, for a cream soup is very satisfying and may be used when "three were invited, here come nine."

There is no waste in the kitchen of the forehanded woman. She uses the coarser stalks of celery for soups and sauces, even saving the leaves for a flavor of soup stock.

The outside of the cabbage is cooked, while the more delicate inside portions are used for the fresh salad the next day.

When buying a rib roast, call for the bones. You have paid for them and they may be used in soup stock.

Weigh the meat as it comes from the market to see that it is correct. Then weigh it after it is cooked and then weigh the bones and gristle to see what is waste. In this way we learn to buy meat that is as free from waste as possible, for bone is costly when we pay as much for it as we do for meat.

It is usually best to buy potatoes and apples in quantities if one has a suitable place to keep them.

The forehanded woman keeps account of the supplies and orders before all is quite gone.

Household Hints.

When making a white sauce for a vegetable, make a double quantity, save the time and it will be just as good for some other combination for another meal.

When preparing a custard leave out the sugar until it is all made, then divide it, using part of it with the sugar for a custard, the rest for a salad dressing with the seasonings of salt, pepper and mustard.

"It's a grand old world if you're great,
And a mean old world if you're small;
It's a world full of hate
For the foolish who prate
Of the uselessness of it all."
—S. E. Kiser.

For the Vegetarian.

As meat is one of our most expensive foods, it is well to be able to substitute in our dietaries other foods equally as valuable and less costly.

Milk, eggs, cheese, beans and nuts are foods that take the place of meat. Milk has been called the perfect food, as it contains all the food principles, yet for an adult it is not desirable, as more solid food is needed to exercise the muscles of the digestive tract.

Even at the high price of eggs, they are equal in food value to meat, always remembering that there is no waste to eggs as there is in bones and fats of meat. Eggs in combination with milk as custard or in the form of omelets make wholesome dishes. Cheese is a highly concentrated food which has twice as large a proportion of nutrients as the same amount of meat. It is often difficult of digestion, because it is so compact. It may be used to advantage grated with the addition of a pinch of soda, which helps to soften it and so aid digestion.

As a larger proportion of fat is needed than is supplied by these foods, a free use of vegetable oils, like olive oil and the oil of nuts to dress the salads, should be used.

Baked beans with olive oil to take the place of pork will be found very satisfactory. With such a variety of vegetables to be used as food and flavors there is a great field for the ingenious to develop new dishes. Bread browned, sugar caramelized, onions and mushrooms all being nutritious, add flavor to different foods as well. The mushroom and the peppers with tomatoes are adding their delicious flavors to give variety to the vegetarians' diet.

A delicious nut bread which may be used for sandwiches is made as follows:

Take half a cup of sugar, one cupful of milk, two cupfuls of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of salt, one egg well beaten and three-fourths of a cupful of walnut meats coarsely cut. Let stand 20 minutes, then bake in a loaf 45 minutes.

Nellie Maxwell.

An Advertiser.

"Why do you constantly permit reports of your death to go about?"

"Because," answered the Moroccan bandit, "I want my name in print and those are the only reports I can get past the press censor."

Chinese Telephone Girls.

Chinese girls, specially trained in San Francisco, have begun work in Peking as central operators in the telephone system recently opened in the Chinese capital. Instead of subscribers calling, "Are you there?" or "Hello, central!" the customary mode of address is "Lily of the air" and "Butterfly that talks."

A man thinks he's a natural born weather prophet when his wife made him put on his goloshes and it stormed.

WELL KIDNEYS KEEP THE BODY WELL.

Every Picture Tells a Story

When the kidneys do their duty, the blood is filtered clear of uric acid and other waste. Weak kidneys do not filter off all the bad matter. This is the cause of rheumatic pains, backache and urinary disorders. Doan's Kidney Pills cure weak kidneys.

Rev. Abram Weaver, Gangratown, Tex., former editor Baptist Herald, says: "At a Baptist conference at Jackson, Tex., I fell from a platform and hurt my back. I was soon over the injury, but the kidneys were badly disordered, passages painful and often bloody. Doan's Kidney Pills cured this trouble completely."

Remember the name—Doan's. Sold by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. 50 cents a box.

HIS RECORD.

Table d'Hote—He holds the Italian record.

A la Carte—What Italian record?

Table d'Hote—He ate a mile of spaghetti in three minutes and a half.

Marriage.

A game of chance in which the chances are about even. The man leads at first, but after leaving the altar he usually follows breathlessly in his wife's trail. The rules are very confusing. If a masked player holds you up some night at the end of a long gun, it is called "robbery" and entitles you to telephone the police; but if your wife holds you up for a much larger amount the next morning at the end of a long hug, it is termed "diplomacy" and counts in her favor. In this, as in other games of life, wives are usually allowed more privileges than other outlaws.—Judge.

Found Wanting.

"So he has lost faith in deep breathing?"

"Yes; it wouldn't keep his hair from falling out."—Houston Chronicle.

The rich, as we reckon them, and among them the very rich, in a true scale would be found very indigent and needy.—Emerson.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Passing the Superlative.

"I am going to have Jagsby for my best man."

"Oh, I know a better man."

Pettit's Eye Salve First Sold in 1807
100 years ago, sales increase yearly, wonderful remedy; cured millions weak eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

It is easy for the man who never wore a dress suit in his life to blame all the discreditable things he hears on polite society.

Eyes bright? Digestion right? WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT is fine for digestion.

And the man who kills time will discover that sooner or later it will come back and haunt him.

"I'm tired of that not-much-of-anything flavor." "I'm fond of that delicious Wrigley's Spearmint flavor."

An empty human heart is an abyss earth's depths cannot match.—Annie C. Lynch.

Takers of the United States Census will use Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen because it is always ready and sure.

The best people on earth are your wife's folks—so she thinks.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Vanity is due to a leak in one's wisdom tank.

Have You Tried?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? We can furnish positive proof that it has made many remarkable cures after all other means had failed.

Women who are suffering with some form of female illness should consider this.

As such evidence read these two unsolicited testimonial letters. We guarantee they are genuine and honest statements of facts.

Cresson, Pa.—"Five years ago I had a bad fall, and hurt myself inwardly. I was under a doctor's care for nine weeks, and when I stopped I grew worse again. I sent for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, took it as directed, and now I am a stout, hearty woman."—Mrs. Ella E. Aikey, Cresson, Pa.

Baird, Wash.—"A year ago I was sick with kidney and bladder troubles and female weakness. The doctors gave me up. All they could do was to just let me go as easily as possible. I was advised by friends to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. I am completely cured of my ills, and I am nearly sixty years old."—Mrs. Sarah Leighton, Baird, Wash.

Evidence like the above is abundant showing that the derangements of the female organism which breed all kinds of miserable feelings and which ordinary practice does not cure, are the very disorders that give way to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are afflicted with similar troubles, after reading two such letters as the above, should be encouraged to try this wonderfully helpful remedy.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes

A Shape for Every Foot
A Style for Every Taste

Youth, middle-age and old-age, each will find the desired shape and style in

"Gitche Gamees"

In addition to the inducements held out by *Quality* and *Economy,* they offer also the inducement of *Individuality.* Your dealer sells them in all styles at $4.00.

"Gitche Gamee Shoes *Always* Make Good *on the Feet of the Wearer.*"

Manufactured by
The Northern Shoe Co.
Duluth, Minn.

FREE
A style-book for 1910 and a handy
Pocket Mirror
A postal brings the two.
Mention your dealer's name.

H. H. AAKER

WE FURNISH POSITIONS

to graduates, have done so and can. Send for a beautiful free catalog, to

AAKER'S BUSINESS COLLEGES
Fargo or Grand Forks. or to Prof. H. H. Aaker, Prop., Fargo.

A Remarkable Invention
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

SPORTING GOODS
Firearms, Hunters' and Trappers' supplies. Baseball outfitters, Canoes, Boats, Tents, Camp outfits, Kodaks. Catalog Free.
KENNEDY BROS. ARMS CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM

WESTERN CANADA

What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate, Says About its Wheat-Producing Power:

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

"The greatest need of this country [United States] in another generation or two will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."

This great railroad magnate is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.

Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat

were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre), are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured; mixed farming a success. Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application), and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you). (4)

Pass Along The Good Word

That Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is to-day and has, for over 40 years, been the standard Blood-purifyer, Stomach Strengthener and Liver Invigorator sold by druggists. It's not a secret nostrum but a medicine of known composition—a medicine so good that the best physicans prescribe it knowing that its ingredients, which are printed on its outside wrappers and attested under oath, are the best known to medical science for the diseases for which it is advised.

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

If your dealer offers something "just as good," it is probably better FOR HIM—it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not his greater profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, In Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only.* Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Down in the dumps

—from over-eating, drinking—bad liver and constipation get many a one, but there's a way out—Cascarets relieve and cure quickly. Take one to-night and feel ever so much better in the morning. 903

Cascarets—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

WRIGLEY'S

PATENT your ideas. 64-page book and advice FREE. Established 1880. Fitzgerald & Co. Box K, Washington, D. C.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fish Poles, Fishing Tackle and Base Ball Goods.

Fine Coffees and Teas in our Grocery Department.

Phone 7

W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Seed flax, barley and oats for sale. J. A. Duffy.

Some good farms for rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

M. Skala has a nice line of spring and summer dry goods.

Rev. T. T. [illegible] was the guest today of O. J. Knutson.

Rev. Fr. Veilleux of Terrebonne was in town yesterday.

Chas. Beyrand and John Remick of Mentor were in town Friday.

A. E. Brown of Halock visited with friends in town this week.

H. J. Knutson has been quite [illegible] since last Saturday.

Frank Freund will engage in the undertaking business. Read his ad.

The Misses Carver visited with friends at Thief River Falls Saturday.

Mrs. Laure Cyr visited with friends at Thief River Falls Saturday.

Mrs. C. Burns of Thief River Falls was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

For Sale—Incubator and brooder, good condition.—Mrs. V. H. Dettling. A14

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, April 7.

If you are thinking of buying a new spring suit, better see what Skala has.

Miss Elsie Mead, who teaches at Akeley, is at home for a week's vacation.

Wallace Nichols of Thief River Falls was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Gotzian shoes—they keep your feet dry and they wear well—are sold by M. Skala.

M. Skala sells the famous Lanpher hat always the standard for quality and style.

The delightful spring of 1910 has the oldest inhabitant guessing to tell of a better one.

Mrs. Tandberg and Miss Ida Tandberg were passengers to Thief River Falls today.

Marcus Johnson, president of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, was in town today.

J. J. Padden was attending to business matters at Crookston Monday and Tuesday.

Members of the M. B. A. lodge enjoyed a dancing party at their hall Tuesday evening.

The Success manure spreader is sold at Findeisen's. It will pay you to read the ad on this page.

Miss Nellie Luxemberg is quite seriously ill with typhoid fever at the home of Frank Broulliet.

Have just received a stock of all varieties of northern grown garden seed.—Majeras Feed Store.

John Richards left Tuesday evening for Duluth where he will be employed during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Cyr returned Saturday from their wedding trip and have gone to housekeeping.

The county commissioners will be in session Saturday to consider a number of petitions for county ditches.

Will St. Ives and family last week moved out to the Welch farm near Dugdale and will operate the place this season.

Miss Anna Jackson and James Jackson of Crookston arrived here this morning to spend a few days with their parents.

Fergus Falls went dry Tuesday by a majority of 52. Fergus Falls is the largest city in the state to be without saloons.

If you want to sell your land call and see us, or write us. Have one customer alone who wants land for a colony of 30 farmers.—Sortedahl Land Co.

The Merchants State Bank is in a most flourishing condition. The bank makes the finest showing in its history in the statement published in this issue.

S. M. Sivertson was up the line on a business trip as far north as Badger Monday and Tuesday.

Rev. S. T. Palm of St. Hilaire will conduct services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

Dan Shaw and Fred Doege of Thief River Falls were attending to business matters in the county capital Saturday.

A. J. Powers of Wylie was in town Tuesday, being on his return from Crookston where he had spent Sunday with relatives.

Miss Donaldson of Moorhead, a teacher in the public schools here last year, is the guest of friends in town this week.

Mrs. M. V. Hall and sons and niece, Miss Heartrater, left Tuesday for Grand Forks and they will reside in that city in the future.

Mrs. M. V. Hall's auction sale held last Friday was a big success and the articles put up for sale were disposed of at good prices.

Miss Anna Schoenauer has been quite seriously ill for several days. Miss Eva Paul is the night "central" during Miss Schoenauer's illness.

Mrs. Dettleng's sister, Mrs. F. Bourque, and two boys, who have spent the past two weeks at the Dettling home, returned to Brooks Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Borchers spent Sunday with friends at Grand Forks. Mr. Borchers returned Monday; Mrs. Borchers remained for a longer visit.

A. L. Linde, who has been here for several weeks assisting in the arrangement of the Fournet furniture stock, returned to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire was in town Saturday and Monday conferring with the county auditor relative to the letting of some county ditching jobs.

J. C. Wander, having disposed of his business interests here, left Friday for Minneapolis. He, in company with Mr. Anderson, with whom he was associated in business here before the fire early in the winter, will engage in the undertaking business in the city.

You will always receive courteous treatment from the First State Bank. They are interested in your business. Drop in and talk it over.

Rev. Calvin Foster of Columbus Junction, Iowa, will occupy the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours for church services.

A checking account is a great convenience for women, as it furnishes an accurate record of her household expenses. The accounts of women are welcome at the Merchants State Bank.

Leo Spillane, who has been employed on a paper at Gilbert, Minn., for the past several months, arrived in Red Lake Falls Tuesday and will spend the summer here assisting his father in the store.

L. P. Harrington, superintendent of Crookston agricultural school has resigned. Mr. Harrington has accepted a position with the C. A. Bohrnstedt Land and Investment company of Minneapolis.

The fine showing made by the First State Bank in the statement published in this issue shows that bank to be, as it always has been, one of the leading financial institutions in Red Lake county.

Wm. H. Krueger returned Friday from Mt. Clemens, Michigan, where he had been receiving treatment for rheumatism. The treatment has resulted in much improvement in Mr. Krueger's condition.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives left on the Great Northern Friday evening, Mr. Ives going to Cass Lake where he visited with his father over Sunday and Mrs. Ives going for a visit with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Cross at Grand Forks.

The Statement of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls published in this issue shows a wonderful growth and the bank to be in a flourishing condition. The citizens of this city and community should feel proud of this financial institution.

Jim Hill's boss carpenter is a good fellow. He and his crew are building a sidewalk from the depot to the sidewalk on main street. It is an improvement that everybody in town, and especially the people who make the trains daily, will appreciate very much.

Railway carpenters are employed this week straightening the Great Northern water tank. The tank got a bad hump on itself trying to resist the heat occasioned by the burning of the opera house or from some other cause and men with block and tackle are twisting it back into shape again.

H. H. Zaiser went to Minneapolis the first of the week to be in attendance at the wedding of his sister, Miss Henrietta Bertha Zaiser, to Mr. Charles L. Weiser. The wedding occured yesterday at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. B. Zaiser, in Merriam Park. Mr. and Mrs. Weiser will reside in Merriam Park.

The weather man has been very kind and consequently the farmers are very busy seeding. The ground is in excellent condition and a better start for the season's work could not be imagined. With favorable weather much if not practically all of the seed will be in the ground by the end of next week. If that is accomplished it will be a record breaking record.

Martin Benson and Alfred Spink, both of Herman, Minn., arrived this week to take possession of farms recently purchased from J. D. Houston. Mr. Benson bought the E half of E-half of section 23 and Mr. Spink the S.W. quarter section 24 in Polk Centre township. Both of the men say that this summer they will put up buildings on the land purchased by them.

The Athenian literary society will give a program at the high school assembly room Friday evening, April 8, commencing at 8:30 o'clock. One number on the program will be a debate between teams representing the Athenian and Spartan societies on the subject of consolidation of rural schools. All are invited. An admission fee of ten cents will be charged.

Auditor A. A. Latendresse this week received from the state auditor an order for $2278.50 in settlement of claims for wolf bounties paid during the past two years. The men on the auditor's force think they have just about earned the twenty-two hundred in doing the extra clerical work that the payment of wolf bounties required of them, but they won't even get the fifty cents.

Work was commenced the first of week by A. M. Arpin of the construction of a 20,000 gallon gasoline tank in the Soo yards. The tank will be much larger than that of the Standard Oil company's here and will be used to store the gasoline used by the numerous ditching machines Mr. Arpin's company will have in operation during the next ew years. Mr. Arpin has made arrangements with a concern in Oklahoma to supply gasoline for his engines.—Thief River News.

SPECIAL SALE
AT THE BIG STORE

Commencing
SATURDAY
APRIL 9

When in the cities the writer picked up a lot of goods at prices that will make them look cheap to you. The quantity is limited, so first come, first served. Here are a few of the bargains---we say a few for we haven't room to enumerate them all:

Best prints, 6c. Red Star, 12½c. Ginghams, 7½c. 12½c Chambray, all colors, 7½c. Swell Neckwear, 25c. 500 yards of 10c Outing Flannel, 7½c. Fast-color, red Table Cloth, 30c. Bird's eye toweling, 6c. Pins, 3c

Dress Goods Remnants Sale.

A clean-up of last winter's dress goods remnants, all of serviceable lengths, at about one-half of regular values. You can dress your little girls well and at a small cost with these.

15 pieces of New Galateo cloths, the correct thing for boys wash suits and waists, 15c to 20c. Serpentine Crepe, the new swell material for Kimonos.

Hole-Proof Hose for men and women, the guaranteed kind. If six pairs don't last you six months without darning you can send them back and get other hose in place of them. 25c and 50c a pair, all colors.

$4.00 Men's patent leather Oxfords for $2.50. Correct in style but odd lots.

Clean-up Sale of Women's Oxfords, in kid and patent leathers. Correct in every way but hardly two pairs alike. Must clean up for new stock, From 98c up. All at about one third off. As to quality, we guarantee every pair of them.

Ladies' Suits.

A fine line at $10.00 up, besides the matchless Palmer Garment, the product of America's most skillful tailors, $18.00 up. We guarantee a fit. Special orders taken.

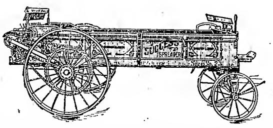
Get your patterns here—4000 Buttericks to select from.

Grocery Specials.

Good Apples, 25c a peck. Ginger Snaps, 7c a pound. Tomatoes, 9c. Breakfast Flakes, Monday only, 9½c. All kinds of fine fish on hand, Cod, Mackerel, Trout, Whitefish and Herring. 20c Lunch Ham, 10c. Only a few barrels of apples at 25c a peck. 50c to 60c a peck will then be the price.

Remember, it pays to trade at

THE BIG STORE
THEO. LABISSONIERE, PROP.



SUCCESS
Will Follow You
If You Will Use The
SUCCESS

ROLLER BEARING MANURE SPREADER

Built by the Kemp & Burpee Mfg. Co.,—the originators of Manure Spreaders—covering valuable patents not on other Spreaders and making it the best spreader in the world!

Has Seven Sets of Roller Bearings

IT MEANS—One horse less than any other Spreader of the same size
ITS USE—Means big crops.
Built to last longer than any other spreader.
We urge you to compare its construction with others.

Wm. Findeisen
Dealer in High Grade Implements Only.

FIRST STATE BANK

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF RED LAKE Falls, Minn., at close of business on March 29, 1910. Date of call by Supt. March 29, 1910. Date of report by bank April 4, 1910.

RESOURCES:		
Loans and discounts		$227,489.99
Overdrafts		1,156.87
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,092.20
Other real estate		3,319.06
Due from Banks	62,827.32	
Checks and Cash Items	59.23	
Cash on hand, items below	8,660.14	
Currency $ 3,740.00		
Gold 3,810.00		
Silver 1,056.05		
Other 54.09		
Total cash assets	$71,546.69	$71,546.69
TOTAL		$311,544.81
LIABILITIES:		
Capital stock		$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund		5,000.00
Undivided Profits, Net		3,464.59
Deposits subject to check	$96,337.71	
Demand certificates	2,229.45	
Cashiers Checks	213.38	
Total immediate liabilities	$98,780.54	
Time certificates	179,299.68	
Total deposits	278,080.22	278,080.22
TOTAL		$311,544.81

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss:

We, Theo. Garceau, President, and Geo. F. Hennings, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

Theo. Garceau, President.
Geo. F. Hennings, Cashier.

Correct Attest: Two Directors:
W. A. Schreiter.
Joseph Perrault.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of April, 1910.

(Seal) Noel Delorme,
Notary Public.
My commission expires Oct. 24, 1913

MERCHANTS STATE BANK.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF MERCHANTS STATE BANK, at Red Lake Falls, Minn., at close of business on Mar. 29, 1910.
Date of call by Supt., March 29, 1910.
Date of report by bank, April 2, 1910.

RESOURCES:		
Loans and discounts		$183,079.00
Overdrafts		383.67
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		5,879.34
Other real estate		4,407.94
Due from banks	$54,983.93	
Checks and cash items	3,442.07	
Cash on hand, items below	5,522.55	
Currency $2,358.00		
Gold 950.00		
Silver 2,200.00		
Other 13.55		
Total cash assets	63,948.55	63,948.55
Other resources		8,207.72
Total		$ 265,906.22
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$ 15,000.00
Surplus fund		3,000.00
Undivided profits, net		1,087.08
Deposits subject to check	71,061.89	
Demand certificates	1,037.81	
Cashiers' Checks	2,993.59	
Due to banks	16,224.88	
Total immediate liabilities	$ 91,318.17	
Time certificates	155,500.97	
Total deposits	$246,819.14	246,819.14
Total		$265,906.22

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

We, Theo. LaBissoniere, vice president, and J. A. Duffy, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

THEO. LABISSONIERE, Vice President.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors
L. A. KAUFER
SAMUEL GIBEAU

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of April, 1910.

(Seal) PETER F. POULIOT,
Notary Public.
My commission expires March 13, 1915.

No Assistance Needed.

As the train neared the city the colored porter approached the jovial faced gentleman, saying, with a smile:

"Shall Ah brush yo' off, sah?"

"No," he replied; "I prefer to get off in the usual manner."—Princeton Tiger.

Willing to Oblige.

"If your hair was bronze I could write a poem to it," declares the long haired swain.

"I'll have it dyed," offers the fair young thing eagerly.—Judge.

Her Repentance.

A young lady of Kalamazoo
Had her name in the book of "Who's Who."
But she made a bad break
With a well known rake,
And now all she does is boohoo.
—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Details Wanted.

"How did you win your wife?"

"Win my wife! How does any man win a wife?"

"There are various methods. I have seen wives that looked as if they might have been won in a raffle."—New York Journal.

Female Chanticleers.

Alas, that the women should crow over men!
They simply won't do as they uster.
They not only want to pose as the hen,
But wear what belongs to the ruster.
—Boston Herald.

Queer!

The rich man smokes a meerschaum
Which he tells us is a dandy;
The farmer smokes a corncob, for
He has the corncobs handy;
The soldier smokes a clay because
The pipe clay's what he's used to,
But sailors won't smoke hornpipes
I asked one, and he refused to.
—Cleveland Leader.

The Town Council.

"One of these big millionaires is giving away lakes, conditionally, of course. Shall we apply for one?"

"Dunno. Which does he expect the town to provide, the hole in the ground or the water?"—Kansas City Journal.

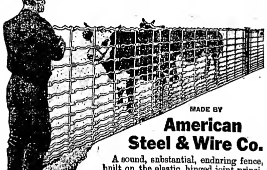
Limerique a la California.

A sensible scout from Salinas
Told his love: "All is over between us
No longer may we
Stroll down to the sea.
For I fear that your husband has seen us."

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Frank Freund, - Phone 44



AMERICAN FENCE

MADE BY
American Steel & Wire Co.

A sound, substantial, enduring fence, built on the elastic, hinged-joint principle—the most scientific, practical and perfect fence principle known. It yields to great and sudden pressure but returns again to the original shape. Thoroughly galvanized and protected against weather.

FOR SALE BY
HUNT HARDWARE Co.
ESTABLISHED IN 1872
FOR 33 YEARS THE HOME OF RELIABLE GOODS.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY APRIL 14, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 29

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SOME DRY SPOTS IN RED LAKE COUNTY

[illegible] of Pussy Foot Johnson [illegible] Territory in East [illegible] of County.

[illegible] Seventy Towns Will [illegible] Closed by Drastic Order.

[illegible] Mahnomen county [illegible] Beltrami, Cass, Clay, [illegible] Tail and Wadena [illegible] notified by William [illegible] special officer in the [illegible] service, to close [illegible] May [illegible] by Special Agent [illegible] seventy towns, [illegible] in territory and [illegible] the government [illegible] drastic of the [illegible] the special agent [illegible] began the campaign to [illegible] of old Indian [illegible] county and to [illegible] to Indians. [illegible] is one [illegible] portions [illegible] Norman, Polk and [illegible] The saloons in [illegible] allowed to sell [illegible] whiskey. The [illegible] county extends [illegible] of Red Lake [illegible] liquor stores in [illegible] and Lambert will [illegible] sell liquor that is [illegible] will be allowed three [illegible] Walker two and [illegible]

[illegible] of the railway [illegible] the closing order: [illegible] Bagley, [illegible] Bowstring, [illegible] Deer River, Dorset, [illegible] Farris, Fertile, [illegible] Hakensack, [illegible] Station or [illegible] Island Lake, [illegible] Lake Alice, Lake [illegible] Leech Lake, Longby, [illegible] McHugh, Menahga, [illegible] Nary, Nushka, Oak [illegible] Park Rapids, Pine River, [illegible] Santiago, Shevlin, [illegible] Twin Valley, [illegible] Westbury, Wil[illegible] Marcus, Winger, [illegible] Walker, Wilton [illegible] are affected [illegible] the sale of [illegible] Fertile, Fleming, [illegible] McIntosh, Men[illegible]

Zaiser-Weiser Wedding.

Miss Harriet Zaiser, daughter of Mrs. Bertha Zaiser, Rondo street, and Charles Leon Wieser were married Thursday evening at the home of the bride, by Rev. W. N. Jameson of Mankato. Miss Katherine Hennemuth of Red Lake Falls, Minn., was bridesmaid, while H. H. Zaiser acted as best man. Little Louise Spencer was flower girl and carried a basket of lilies of the valley and roses. Miss Charlotte Thorne played the Lohengrin wedding march. The bride wore a gown of white liberty satin and carried lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid wore a white chiffon gown over pink silk and carried pink roses. A reception followed the ceremony. The decorations in the dining room were pink roses, lilies of the valley and smilax. Mrs. John E. King and Mrs. Marshall Mills presided at the table and were assisted by Misses Ruth Eygabroad, H. Hillman Alice Helgeson, and Gladys Day. Miss Bessie McDaniels of Minneapolis served frappe. Mr. and Mrs. Weiser left in the evening for an eastern trip and will be at home after June 1st at 1064 Dayton avenue.—St. Paul Dispatch.

WAREHOUSE PROBABLY BE BUILT

Farmers Interested in the Proposition to Grow More Potatoes.

Many Acres Will be Planted to Potatoes This Season.

The proposition for the erection of a potato warehouse in red Lake Falls is being favorably considered by the farmers tributary to Red Lake Falls and there is little doubt that the building will be put up.

Farmers that have already reported give assurances that 300 acres will be planted by them and there are many yet to be heard from. Farmers from the Wylie and Lambert country have not yet reported and the local merchants would like to hear from them.

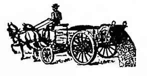
It is believed that there is no doubt that 400 acres will be planted to potatoes and that the building will be erected this summer.

Peter Morrisette of Plummer was in town Tuesday. He was accompanied by his mother who remained here to spend a few days with relatives and friends.

An Early Spring---
and Good Roads

Will assure you much use this season for the fine new buggy that you have been planning on having—so why not have it now? Why not look at what we have to offer you? We have a big line—and the latest, too. Got another carload yesterday and it includes some of those dandies with auto tops and auto seats and you ough to come in and look at them.

GREAT WESTERN
---the name is
a guarantee---
Manure Spreader



A big line of
Seasonable
Goods in the
Implement Line

JOSEPH HELM
Farm Machinery, *Red Lake Falls*

TELL YOUR SECRETS TO THE ENUMERATOR

Federal Census Enumeration is to Commence Tomorrow.

E. G. Buse is the Official Counter For Red Lake Falls City.

The official nose counting will commence tomorrow. In the counting of noses, as in the marketing of eggs, there will be no discrimination as to the sizes. All noses count alike and there won't be any bad—officially bad—noses as in the case of eggs. Since all noses count alike, the fellow who has a nice blossom on his'n won't have any advantage and the "roming nose" will be counted in only one place no matter how much it tries to spread around.

E. G. Buse will be the official counter for Red Lake Falls city. He is already quite a noted connoisseur of noses and is familiar with all of the forty-seven varieties in the city and there is no doubt that the counting will be well done.

Don't be afraid to answer the enumerator's questions. He will be quite nosey, to be sure, but Uncle Sam has given his word that none of the information that you are separated from will ever be used to get you into the penitentiary.

Tell your secrets to the enumerator.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls Minnesota.
April 9th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to Chapter 230 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county audtior in the city of Red lake Falls., Minn., at 10:00 o'clock A. M., Saturday, April 9th, 1910, A. D., for a hearing and consideration of the reports of the engineer and viewers on the following ditches: Carelius Peterson, ditch also known as county ditch No. 42 and the ditch petitioned for by A. D. Brown and others, known as County Ditch No. 43. The hearing on Ditch No. 42 called for 10:00 o'clock A. M., and the hearing on Ditch No. 43 called for 2:00 o'clock P. M.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Members present:, Anbol, Pigeon, Demann, Johnson and Linquist.

Members absent: None.

The matter of tho petition of Carelius Peterson and others for County Ditch No. 42 came duly before the board. The said petition was read and the arguments of all parties for or against the construction of the said proposed ditch were heard.

On motion duly carried the report of the viewers on said ditch was referred back to them for correction as to the assessments against certain tracts of land. The viewers were present and proceeded to make the necessary corrections as agreed upon.

Motion made by Demann seconded by Pigeon that the board take a recess until 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Motion carried unanimously.

Board reconvened at the auditor's office at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Meeting called to order by the chair man.

All memiers present.

The matter of the petition of Carelius Peterson and others for County Ditch No. 42 was again taken up and the arguments of persons interested considered; after which on motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that the engineer's report and the report of the viewers as amended for the establishment and constuction of County Ditch No. 42 be accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the viewers' report as amended on tile in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing County Ditch No. 42 in Red Lake county was made.

Order to Establish Ditch.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Carelius Peterson and others for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 42.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the county board of the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, at a Special Meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the Ninth day of April A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., of said day and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said conty auditor the said county board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all othar matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said report of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceeding in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the priovisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county board of county commissioners of the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, at said special session of said board, held at the time above specified being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conductive to public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It Is Further Ordered That, the damages awarded the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chirman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this Ninth day of April, A. D. 1910.

By the board,
C. A. LINDQUIST.
Chairman of County Board of
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-
Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

The matter of the petition of A. D. Brown and others for county ditch No 43 came duly before the board at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

The said petition was read and no one appeared to be heard for or against the establishment or consruction of the said ditch. The viewers and the engineer were present. The engineer reported that the said ditch was not a practical drainage proposition for the reason that there was not sufficient fall to the lower three miles of the ditch but that it would afford a highway, after which on motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that the engineer's report and the viewers' report for the establishment and construction of county ditch No. 43 be accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the viewers' report on file in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing County Ditch No. 43 was made:

Order to Establish Ditch.

State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of A. D. Brown and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 43.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, at a Special Meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the Ninth day of April, A. D. 1910 at two o'clock P. M. of said day, and it appearing by proper evidence that due noteie had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county and that the viewers' appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of the county auditor, the said county board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county board of the county of Red Lake State of Minnesota, at said Special Session of said board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conductive to public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, that the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of his board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this Ninth day of April, A. D. 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST.
Chairman of County Board of
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse.
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

On motion duly carried the board ajourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County
Commissioners.
Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-
Officio Clerk of the Board.
(Seal)

The city of Thief River Falls is to be bonded in the amount of $40000 for the erection of a new high school building.

SENATOR WORKS WILL SPEAK HERE

Will Deliver Commencement Address to High School Graduates.

Commencement Address Will be Delivered Friday Evening June, 3.

Senator S. D. Works of Mankato has been secured to deliver the commencement address to the class of '10 of the Red Lake Falls high school. Senator Works is one of the state's prominent men, is a fluent speaker, and there is no doubt that his address will be a good one. Friday evening, June 3, is the date set for this one of the commencement events.

A MOMENT OF YOUR TIME.

It is Only a Pointed Business Proposition.

We are all in business for more business. If we want yours we have to show you and we can show you. If you want the next fellow's you've got to show him, and so on. Our business is Hardware. What will be your needs in that line after seeding time? Are you going to do some building, repairing or painting? We make a specialty of giving you the most for your money. We aim to have our stock as complete as possible for your needs. Let us have your hardware inquiries. Our figures will interest you. The store of service and quality.—Mittwer's Hardware. Don't forget we have a telephone. We deliver.

WILL MEET HERE NEXT SFPTEMBER

Meeting of Adams Presbytery to be Held in This City.

The spring meeting of Adams Presbytery was held at East Grand Forks this week, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 12 and 13. The local Presbyterian church was represented at the meeting by C. N. Bourdon.

After the routine of business of the meeting the twenty-three ministers and elders attending the meeting where given an auto ride about the city and to Grand Forks by members of the commercial club.

Before adjournment an invitation to hold the fall meeting of the Presbytery in Red Lake Falls was accepted. The meeting will be held next September.

Rev. J. C. Mapson of Tenstrike was elected moderator. Rev. S. E. P. White of Bemidji was chosen ministerial commissioner to attend the general assembly in Atlantic City in May. Rev. John Pollock was chosen lay commissioner.

Money doesn't give a person virtues, but it makes people act as if he had them all.

STAND-PAT OR INSURGENT?

What Crowd Will be in Control of Republican State Convention?

A Question That is Agitating the Politicians of the State.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St Paul, April 12—The friends of Senator Clapp are congratulating themselves on the prospect of success for the move engineered by the federal office holding crowd to have the Republican state convention commit the party to Senator Clapp's renomination. Already they boast that Frank Kellogg has taken to the woods, for of course everybody knows what it means when he expresses a willingness to sacrifice himself and his present political prospects to party harmony.

Rampant Insurgency.

Whether Mr. Kellogg's effacing himself will insure harmony, however, is an entirely different proposition. There isn't any question that Clapp's present pronounced insurgency finds but small favor with those who now assume to lead the Republican party in Minnesota. The other day in Indiana Senator Beveridge drew the line between the administration and Republicans of his way of thinking so broad that it can't very well be ignored. Beveridge said as plainly as a man could put it in words that, so far as the tariff was concerned President Taft was on one side of that line and he was on the other. Whereupon Clapp clapped Beveridge on the back and told him that he was with him to the finish.

The Local Stand-pat Attitude.

That, say the local standpatters who are pulling the wires, may all be very well as play to the galleries. It may indeed go down with the unsophisticated and be good stuff to feed to the country gulls: but where does it leave us? Such a thing was never known in Minnesota as a failure of the Republican convention to endorse the national administration with all its works. It's got to be done this time. We need it in our business. In seven of the nine congressional districts in the state we're going to have a fight on our hands. It's no use to us to elect a state ticket unless we elect the governor. Ther's nothing to it. We can't elect a governor unless we have an organiza-

(Continued on Page Five.)

SHOES

2 Spring '10

Queen Quality SHOE

NEW Spring and Summer styles on sale—Now! If anything a little bit smarter and more exclusive than usual. The kind you see on Paris boulevards—Fifth Avenue too. Every last and leather that a woman could possibly want at any time.

Our Men's and Boys' Shoes are as good as can be made. A person should be very careful in buying a pair of shoes, for there is nothing so annoying as a poor fitting shoe. The better quality of shoe you buy the better you will be satisfied for they will be much easier on your feet, and besides, they will wear longer. If you buy a pair of Men's "Tredstrate" shoes for every day wear, you will not be troubled with corns or sore feet. For sale by

GARCEAU & RUBERTUS

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Foreign.

A special dispatch from Vienna states that the Austrian petroleum refineries and firms selling petroleum in tank cars will be obliged henceforth to procure government licenses. It is understood this is a step in the direction of establishing a monopoly of the oil trade as the Austrian petroleum industry is unable to compete with the Standard Oil company.

The suggestion made by Cardinal Moran that St. Patrick's day be celebrated through the world as Ireland's empire day has met with a hearty response in Dublin, and already steps have been taken to make next year's celebration partake of this character not only in Dublin but wherever Irishmen may be found.

When the Hamburg-American steamer President Grant, arrived at Cherbourg efforts were made to locate Gifford Pinchot, the former chief forester of the United States, who was reported to have sailed as a passenger on the steamer, but the officials of the President Grant stated that Mr. Pinchot landed at Plymouth, with the intention of proceeding to London.

The report of the death of King Menelik of Abyssinia, which was said to have occurred Sunday, is officially denied. A dispatch sent from Addis Abeda, says that Empress Taitou is still nursing the king, but that a regency has been instituted, and is now carrying on the government. The capital, the dispatch says, is overflowing with soldiers, loyal to Ras Tetlama, the regent, and 10,000 more are expected to reach the city soon.

General.

Three reports were submitted in the house on the administration railroad bill.

Richard Barah, editor of the socialist organ Vorwaerts, at Berlin, was sentenced to a month's imprisonment for having organized the demonstrative "stroll" of March 6 when thousands paraded in the interest of suffrage reform.

The announcement that Westminster cathedral is to be consecrated on June 23, has brought further gifts for the building, including altars for three of the chapels, and money for mural decoration, the total value amounting to £12,000. Already £252,523 has been spent on the building.

With ninety-four years behind him and weary of waiting for death because of the infirmities of old age, J. A. Durfee, formerly of Chicago, committed suicide in San Francisco by shooting himself in the head.

The body of Justice Brewer was taken to Leavenworth, Kas., for burial.

Nine hundred coal mines in Illinois closed down until the wage question is settled.

Mr. Roosevelt announced that on account of conditions imposed he will not visit the pope.

Taft, it is declared, is soon to assume the aggressive and turn on the men who criticize him.

The United States and Canada are moving for a reciprocity treaty.

Between three and four hundred perished in a ball room fire in a town of Hungary.

President Lewis of mine workers says a uniform advance will be granted the miners.

Marie Corelli, novelist, is seriously ill of pneumonia at her home, Mason Croft, Stratford-upon-Avon.

The French chamber of deputies voted to lay down two battleships in the present year, designed to equal the latest type added to the navies of Great Britain and Germany.

The refusal of employers to grant an increase in pay from $4.00 to $4.50 a day caused a strike of 500 journeymen carpenters at Yonkers, N. Y.

More than 3,000 white and negro women and children employed in the American Tobacco company's stemmeries at Louisville went on a strike.

Members of the supreme court did not make the trip to Leavenworth to attend the funeral of Justice Brewer.

Sixteen thousand union coal miners in Iowa will be idle for an indefinite period as a result of a suspension of work.

Governor Marshall of Indiana will investigate charges against the United States Steel company.

At Houston, Tex., Assistant Chief of Police William Murphy was shot and killed by Earl MacFarlane, a former patrolman, who had been recently discharged from the force.

Henry Lair of San Francisco, after serving thirteen months of a two-year sentence in the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth imposed by Judge Landis of Chicago for engaging in the white slave traffic, was released.

President Taft called Senators Burkett and Brown to learn their attitude on the pending railroad bill.

The government is acting on the theory that the National Packing company is the heart of the beef trust.

Harmony was the keynote of the annual convention of the Illinois Republican Editorial Association, held in Springfield.

It is now a misdemeanor for any woman to wear a long hatpin in public places in Chicago. Any woman caught wearing one is liable to arrest and a fine of $50.

President Taft wants an appropriation to carry out provisions of the tariff act.

The sympathetic strike in Philadelphia is all over and men are returning to work.

Justice Moody is reported improving and will probably return to work on the bench by next fall.

Pittsburg bankers were called before the grand jury which is investigating councilmanic graft.

Owing to the death of Justice Brewer, the Standard Oil case and others may have to be re-argued.

The Mississippi legislature completed the groundwork for its probe into the alleged bribery case.

Steps were taken to expunge from record a rebuke by the house to Roosevelt while president.

Both houses of congress took an early adjournment out of respect to the memory of Justice Brewer.

Denial was made by Attorney General Wickersham that he had ever acted as counsel for the sugar trust.

The academy of science of the University of Nebraska will be divided into sections this year for the first time.

Captain Lorenz Patterson, a sea adventurer who had taken part in many perilous exploits, is dead in Yokohama, according to mail advices.

In an address to railroad men at Worcester, Mass., the president declared his friendliness to unions.

More than 2,000,000 packages of matches went up in smoke during a spectacular fire at St. Louis.

It is said President Taft will not name a successor to Justice Brewer for some time to come.

Philadelphia street car men, who have been on strike six weeks, voted to remain out.

Washington.

President Taft recently sustained his reputation as a dancer. He was a guest at the charity ball of the navy relief society given at the navy yard. Secretary of the Navy Meyer received the president upon his arrival. A feature of the occasion was an exhibition drill by sailors of the Mayflower, of the Dolphin and the navy yard. President Taft danced but once and then but for a few moments, his sister-in-law, Mrs. Louis Moore, being his partner.

After three days of sharp controversy, the senate passed the house bill so amending the employer's liability law as to give the state courts concurrent jurisdiction with the federal courts in dealing with suits for damages growing out of accidents. The measure was reported from the committee on the judiciary and was in charge of Senator Borah who finally steered it to a successful termination notwithstanding many sharp assaults from both sides of the chamber.

The trustees and alumni of the Stevens Institute and alumni of the Institute of Technology, Hoboken, N. J., have undertaken active measures to recover a sum of money—$45,000 and interest—which was paid to the United States government as an inheritance tax in 1870. Promptness in payment is now declared to have been the real cause of the institute's loss for other charitable and educational institutions which delayed, were exempted by special laws.

President Taft will attend the launching of the big battleship Florida, at the New York navy yard on May 12. The Florida is one of the super-dreadnoughts of the navy and will have a displacement of 21,000 tons. She is the first big ship built at the New York yard since the 16,000 ton Connecticut was turned out there. Secretary of the Navy Meyer personally conveyed an invitation to the president today to attend the launching and Mr. Taft accepted.

Personal.

People from all over the world will see the Johnson-Jeffries fight.

President Lewis of the mine workers is optimistic, declaring the suspension will not last long.

President Taft and his cabinet are pleased over financial conditions.

Robert E. Peary, who arrived in Chicago, declared he was positively through with polar explorations for all time.

Joseph Sears, Dedham, Mass., is the father of thirty-four children.

Mr. Roosevelt addressed the students of the University of Egypt.

Death of Justice Brewer caused profound regret in Washington.

An expert from Washington has arrived in Omaha to study the water supply trouble.

Justice David J. Brewer of the United States supreme court died suddenly at Washington.

The members of Vice Admiral Fournier, commander of the Mediterranean squadron of the French navy, have been issued.

The coal miners' strike, now so general, it is thought will soon be adjusted.

Weston, the walkist, is eleven days ahead of his schedule.

Two Japanese engaged in an effort to secure plans of the fortifications at Corrigidor, P. I., have been arrested.

King Frederick of Denmark declared that the United States was the model for all nations.

James J. Hill believes the railroads will experience next fall and winter the greatest traffic congestion in their history.

Clayton Re-Elected.

St. Joseph, Mo.—Alvah P. Clayton, democrat, was re-elected mayor of St. Joseph by 2,504 votes. His opponent was Frank B. Fulkerson, republican police commissioner, who was running on a strict law enforcement platform.

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REP. CONVENTION

STATE REPUBLICANS DECIDE UPON LATE DATE FOR STATE MEETING.

TO BE HELD ON JUNE 23

Republican Leaders Who Advocate a Short Campaign Bring About Change To Later Date.

St. Paul. — The Republican state central committee met Saturday in the Merchants' hotel and took luncheon, the business meeting following. Practically everything was settled before the gathering was called to order by Chairman A. D. Brown, but there was still some difference over the date for the convention. Some advocated June 23, and others held out for June 15. Still others favored July 6, but after a long discussion June 23 is selected.

Going to St. Paul.

The location will be St. Paul. Sentiment was strong for that city, and the Minneapolis invitation was read without an effort to land the prize for the metropolis.

There was some debate over the basis of apportionment, but the favorite seemed to be taken on the average vote for seven candidates on the state ticket in 1908. This makes a convention of 1,075 delegates and gives Hennepin county only eighty-nine, while Ramsey will have sixty-seven. The cities would get a much better deal under the Taft vote and protested against the injustice, but the country members were unwilling to yield anything to the cities. The county option influence was strong in the committee for the smaller convention because it would reduce the influence of the larger centers.

Will Indorse Senator.

No fight developed against the proposition of Senator Clapp's friends, who have a resolution prepared to include the indorsement of a senator in the call. W. H. Grimshaw, United States marshal, and Clapp's manager in the previous campaigns, sat in the committee meeting with the proxy of George H. Sullivan, of Stillwater, to look after the senator's interest.

It was expected that June 15 would be the date, but advocates of a short campaign objected. As a compromise June 23 has been decided upon and the clans will gather in the St. Paul Auditorium.

STATE WANTS PATENT.

Attorney General Simpson Will Hurry Title to Swamp Land.

St. Paul.—Attorney General George T. Simpson has gone to Washington to present the state's side in the Shevlin-Carpenter timber trespass case when it comes up for a hearing before the United States supreme court. Simpson went to Washington early in March to argue the case, but it was postponed on account of the Standard Oil case.

While in Washington, Mr. Simpson will also take up with the interior department the patenting to the state of about 100,000 acres of swamp land which the state claims in the Indian reservations. The state claimed about 200,000 acres, which had originally been given to the state in the swamp land grant, but before it was surveyed and selected was given to the Indians in the reservations.

After three or four years of argument with the interior department, the state's claim has been upheld and from time to time patents have been given the state to parts of the land. At present the state has received the deed to a little over 100,000 acres, but there is nearly as much left. Although the state's claim has been upheld, the deeds are slow in coming, and State Auditor Iverson is anxious to get the patents as soon as possible.

He believes there is considerable trespassing, as much of the land is timbered, but until the state gets the patents this cannot be stopped. Mr. Iverson and Mr. Simpson had a conference on the matter yesterday afternoon before Simpson left for Washington.

NEW LADING BILL IN USE.

St. Paul. — The Minnesota state uniform bill of lading has gone into effect. One of the provisions is that bills of lading shall be eight and one-half inches in width and 11 inches in length. Order bills of lading must be printed on yellow paper and straight bills of lading on white paper.

It is understood that railroads and shippers will be given a reasonable length of time to conform to the law before prosecutions are brought. The penalty provided is a fine of not more than $1,000 and imprisonment for not more than one year for every carrier, officer, agent or servant knowingly violating the law.

DO NOT INDICT YANCEY.

Grand Rapids Recorder and Other Accused Get "No Bills."

Duluth.—The grand jury of Itasca county has failed to indict W. C. Yancey, village recorder at Grand Rapids, held at a preliminary hearing on a charge of arson, suspected of trying to burn the village hall.

Matt Mearle, of Nashwauk, who shot and killed Joe Persuvich last month, was exonerated, it being found the shooting was in self-defense.

CRITICISMS NOT JUSTIFIED.

Directors of School for Blind Indorse Management.

Minneapolis, March 31.—The course of instruction at the state institution for the deaf and blind at Faribault was increased by one year, at the meeting of the board of directors.

It was also represented that as a result of the recent agitation and exploitation of newspapers, the institution was proved to be upon a better basis than ever before.

MINNEAPOLIS COLISEUM.

Movement to Build Monster Convention Hall.

Minneapolis. — Public unanimous approval of the project for a coliseum was voiced by Mayor Haynes and a score of representative men at a meeting in the Commercial club rooms.

A committee of seven will be appointed soon to consider the general architectural scheme of the building, its cost and location. Means for raising funds are being considered now and the committee will begin an immediate search for a site.

Mayor Haynes, Wallace G. Nye, commissioner of public affairs of the club, L. B. Edwood, J. F. Conklin and F. E. Murphy spoke at length on the proposition and the rest of the gathering expressed approval of the scheme and urged the necessity for starting building at once.

Mr. Nye outlined the need for the building briefly. Many applications are received by the Commercial club from state and national conventions and shows the inevitable result in the past has been that many have been turned down because of inadequate space to accommodate them.

Prestige that will accrue to the city as a convention center, money that great gatherings will bring to the city, and the general civic necessity of the coliseum were discussed at length. It was agreed that dispatch is necessary because the state conservation and development congress will be held in Minneapolis next winter.

The following composed the booster committee that started the ball rolling. They will hear the report of the sub-committee next Monday:

Mayor James C. Haynes, W. L. Harris, T. G. Ingersoll, H. I. DaFoe, A. E. Zonne, A. B. Chamberlain, F. E. Murphy, J. F. Conklin, L. B. Elwood, W. L. Badger, A. L. Skiles, J. T. Elwell, H. F. Newhall, A. E. Barker, Robert Reed, J. D. Holtzerman, C. A. Johnson, C. N. Chadburn, M. S. Mathews, R. D. Cone, Wallace G. Nye and E. J. Westlake.

GAS TANK EXPLODES.

Waconia City Marshal Rams Municipal Carbide Plant.

Waconia. — A violent explosion shook the buildings in the vicinity of the acetylene gas lighting plant.

Marshal Michael Zahler was preparing to generate gas—his duty every day—when in some unknown manner there was a terrific explosion, which blew out the windows and doors and tore a large portion of the brick wall of the gas house down.

Marshal Zahler was thrown against a wall and seriously burned about the face and hands, and it is a miracle he was not instantly killed. His face is blackened beyond recognition. The attending physicians say they can save his eyesight.

A small fire resulted from the explosion, and the volunteer fire department was called out, who extinguished the blaze.

It seems Zahler was loosening up some of the carbide which had become tightly lodged in the generator and the iron rod which he was using caused a spark, igniting the gas.

The gas plant is situated in the heart of the village, directly in the rear of the new city hall, and is surrounded by residences. Had the larger tanks exploded there would have been serious destruction of property and loss of life.

There is some agitation by residents residing in the vicinity, and a petition will probably be signed asking the council to move the gas plant to the outskirts of the village.

SEEDING ENDS EARLY.

Winona.—By the middle of the present week wheat seeding operations in Southern Minnesota and South Dakota along the lines of the North-Western road will be completed. The second crop report this year was issued from the office of General Agent A. C. Johnson, of the North-Western.

It follows:

During the past week weather conditions have been favorable. Wednesday a heavy rain with snow and sleet and the temperature above freezing over all South Dakota and Western Minnesota, retarded seeding operations but one day.

Wheat seeding over the entire line 75 per cent completed, and will all be finished within the next three or four days, and other seeding operations are also in progress under favorable conditions, making the earliest season known, conditions considered.

The early seeded wheat is now above the ground over the entire line, much of it above the ground in March, and with the entire favorable ground and weather conditions, all grain seeded will advance rapidly.

E. J. Westlake Resigns.

Minneapolis.—E. J. Westlake, for eight years secretary and treasurer of the Minneapolis Commercial club, will resign his position to become manager of the Minneapolis branch of the Wm. B. Joyce Investment Company of St. Paul. Mr. Westlake is in Chicago seeking a successor.

THIRD R. R. BRIDGE BURNED.

Officials Suspect Incendiarism in Vicinity of Owatonna.

Owatonna. — The third railway bridge within a week to be burned in the vicinity has caused officials to suspect incendiarism. The 50-foot bridge on the Rock Island, north of the city, burned, and every evidence showed that the bridge was set on fire. All trains were delayed and traffic from the north interrupted.

Postoffice Is Looted.

Clara City.—Robbers broke into the postoffice here, carrying the safe about a quarter of a mile and blowing it open with nitroglycerin. The safe contained about $40 in cash, which the robbers took, leaving a quantity of stamps, books and papers. They then escaped by stealing one of the mail carrier's horses and a buggy. A horse covered with sweat was caught near Montevideo and it is believed the cracksmen are headed that way.

GET BIG GRAFTER

MAN "HIGHER UP" IN PITTSBURG IS FOUND AT LAST—ORDERED INDICTED.

PROBE IS NEARING END

Alleged Bribe Giver, Who is Wealthy Banker and Manufacturer Will Be Tried in New York if Extradition Fails.

Pittsburg, April 7.—The district attorney and his staff were busy today with the grand jury, presenting what is believed to be the last square in the puzzle plot which when completed will, it is believed, make one of the most sensational graft pictures ever brought to the light of the public.

To fill vacancies in the council made by the resignation of its indicted members Mayor Magee has called a special election for April 26.

The ordered indictment of Frank N. Hoffstot, the banker and manufacturer, now living in New York, is the one topic discussed today in the graft exposure. Hoffstot's extradition, according to the district attorney, will be asked for, but in the event of the failure of that procedure, it is reported he will be tried in New York state.

The climax promised in the Pittsburg graft exposures came, as promised, late yesterday, with the presentment by the grand jury of a long report in which is recommended the indictment of Frank N. Hoffstot, president of the Pressed Steel Car Co., and one of the most prominent business men in the country.

Simultaneously in open court came a plea of Emil Winter, president of the Workingman's Savings and Trust Co., that he had no defense to make to the charge, that he gave a $20,000 bribe to Councilman Morris Einstein.

SCORE MERRY DEL VAL.

The Roosevelt Incident Still is Talk of Rome.

Rome, April 7.—Some of the prominent ecclesiastics who were received by the pope today managed to introduce the subject of the Roosevelt incident, to these the pope expressed the deepest regret that he had been prevented from meeting and speaking with the former president, but he gave utterance to no opinion regarding the negotiations of the deadlock that followed.

The incident continues to be a live topic of popular discussion and is emphasized by what the liberal press calls the new mistake of Cardinal Merry Del Val, who had before prevented the Choral society of Cologne from being received by the pope because the society visited the quirinal and sang before the Italian sovereign in spite of fact that every year hundreds of persons are received by King Victor Emmanuel and afterwards admitted to the presence of his holiness.

The Message today says:

"Within few days Cardinal Merry Del Val has shown discourtesies to the most beloved American citizen and to a gathering of the most beloved persons of Germany and indirectly to the king of Italy. As long as the young and audacious Spanish cardinal dominates the leonine city, the Italian liberals must be on their guard."

Rice Succumbs to Injuries.

Rugby, N. D., April 7.—After hovering at death's door for several days, O. C. Rice, who was injured in an election brawl in this city Monday night passed away last evening.

Pat Meehen, who has been arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the death of Rice, is from southern Minnesota, and a baseball player of note. He has played with a number of the fast amateur teams in Minnesota, was catcher for the Rugby team three years ago and last year played with the Williston team and that of Brandon, Man.

Short funeral services will be held over Rice's body tomorrow afternoon when the remains accompanied by the two brothers of the deceased and his wife will be taken to their old home at Grant, Ky.

The preliminary hearing of Buoye and Meehan will probably be held on Monday.

Judge Parker Goes to Moscow.

St. Petersburg, April 7.—Former Justice Alton B. Parker, left today for Moscow and Crimea. During his visit here Parker called upon Premier Stolypin and discussed the possibility of closer relations between Russia and the United States.

Gregory M. Wilenkin, who has been ordered to resume his duties as financial attache of the Russian embassy at Washington, left for the United States today.

Roof Collapses, Ten Under Wreck.

Saybrook, Conn., April 7.—At least ten men were buried under the wreckage today by the collapse of the roof of a car barn of the Shore Line Trolley Co., here. Six men have been taken out, one of whom was Jerry Knhan, of Springfield, Mass. The superintendent of the barn suffers from a broken back.

Bishop is Recuperating.

La Crosse, Wis., April 7.—Bishop Schwebach, operated on on Monday is improving rapidly, despite his advanced age, and is expected to completely recover without complications.

Bandits Shot to Death.

Chicago, April 7.—Three bandits, who robbed a bank of Coal City, Ill., sixty miles southwest of Chicago of $2,000 after imprisoning a night watchman and engineer, were pursued by a posse and shot today. Five men were concerned in the robbery, the two who escaped carrying away the plunder.

Boy Kills Himself With Pistol.

Huron, S. D., April 7.—While examining a revolver, George F. Owen, the 16-year-old son of Walter Owen, a farmer living near Cavour, was accidentally shot and killed. He was alone in his home at the time.

Trouble Brewing in South America.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, April 4.—Serious anti-Peruvian riots occurred during the night. Mobs attacked the Peruvian legation at Quito and the consulate here tearing down the Peruvian colors and dragging them in the dust. Many Peruvians were assaulted and their property to the value of $20,000 destroyed. The rioters demanded war with Peru.

$100,000 Loss at Manor, Sask.

Manor, Sask., April 4.—Fire last night destroyed the Hotel Manor and three business houses. The lost is $100,000.

FULL CONFESSION MADE

TELLS FEARFUL STORY OF WHOLESALE BUTCHERY

Disappearance of Many Sailors Has Long Puzzled Authorities of Puget Sound—Retribution Near

Aberdeen, Wash., April 5.—Retribution for the mysterious murder of a number of sailors, long a puzzle at the ports of Puget Sound, seems now close at hand.

Giving the alleged details of the killing of John Hoffman and Charles Hedberg, two of the missing seamen, John Klingenberg has made a sworn confession to Prosecuting Attorney Campbell.

Klingenberg says that he, under threat of death, at the hands of Wm. Gohl, killed Hedberg. The statement charges the slaying of Hoffman direct to Gohl who is a former agent of the Sailors' union and is under arrest at Montesano, waiting trial for a wholesale slaying that threatens to parallel the Gunness crimes in Indiana.

As in many previous cases, the two appeared mysteriously. Hedberg's body was found, but a search failed to reveal Hoffman's.

In December Klingenberg says he was persuaded to accompany Gohl and Hoffman in a launch to visit Hedberg. Gohl told Klingenberg, so the latter asserts that Hedberg had informed the authorities Gohl had shot a cow.

While on the way, the confession recites, Gohl fired four shots into Hoffman's back and threw the body overboard. The two survivors continued the trip to Hedberg's cabin, where they spent the night. The next morning Klingenberg at Gohl's command and under threat of death shot Hedberg, killing him instantly. The body was taken out in a launch and sunk in the bay.

Gohl's alleged motive was greed for the money of the victim's.

LYNCHING WAS FEARED.

Prisoners are Removed to Towner Jail to Avoid Trouble.

Rugby, N. D., April 6.—O. C. Rice, who was reported dead yesterday, is still alive, although very low. A sinking spell at noon yesterday gave rise to the report that he had died.

Jack Buoye and Pat Meehan, charged with inflicting the injuries which will prove fatal to Rice were removed last evening to the jail at Towner because of the indignation their act has aroused in Rugby.

After a consultation of seven doctors held yesterday afternoon, Rice was placed on the operating table and the right side of his skull removed in order to take off a small blood clot on the brain. He was still unconscious at noon and is not expected to live more than a few hours.

The feud between the two men started over a horse race over a year ago and has been increasing ever since. Rice was with two friends on Monday night, who were called to one side by Meehan while Buoye engaged in the altercation with Rice, which ended in the fatal blow.

LONG LIST OF LAWYERS.

Has Been Retained in Fishery Question Now Before Hague.

Washington, April 6.—An array of counsel, greater in number and more illustrious in reputation than ever before assembled at the Hague to engage in a trial of a special case, has been retained to represent America and Great Britain in the determination of what is undoubtedly the most important issue ever presented to the great peace tribunal.

Technically this is a determination of the differences which have arisen between the two governments as to the true intent of the provisions of article 1 of the treaty of 1818, defining the fishing rights of Americans and Canadians, in their respective waters.

An issue of greatest importance is the determination of the right of a colony or province, such as Canada or New Foundland, by local legislation to deprive persons of the rights conferred by the treaty between the principals. On June 1 next the arbitration tribunal is to meet at the Hague to hear oral arguments.

Man Hurt at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, April 6.—The county, city, and borough police are working desperately today to round up a quartette of men who last night entered the Victor Banking Co.'s building at the "bloody corner," McKees Rocks, shot and killed the general manager and the bookkeeper, wounded several citizens and then escaped, with less than $500 in cash. A state wide dragnet has been thrown out today and as a result five suspects are already locked in the Stowe township police station and more arrests are expected hourly.

To Quell Revolt.

Constantinople, April 6.—Fourteen battalions of Turkish troops here have been ordered to North Alabania, where a revolt has broken out. The trouble is attributed to the resentment against the new taxes imposed and is causing the government much anxiety.

Opens More Montana Land.

Washington, April 7.—Approximately 23,040 acres of public lands in Montana were designated by Secretary of the Interior Ballinger for settlement under the enlarged homestead act, making a total area of 13,605,080 acres so designated in that state.

Grain House Goes Bump.

Chicago, April 6.—The suspension of the cash grain house of W. H. Merritt & Co., was announced on board of trade here today. Customers were notified to close out their trades.

W. H. Merritt & Co., have for many years been one of the most important firms in the cash grain trade, and their failure caused great surprise. The reasons for the suspension are closely analogous with those which on Monday forced another cash grain house, the Burns-Yantis Grain Co., to suspend, namely, a decline in corn prices recently. The liabilities are placed at $200,000 and assets $360,000.

Ignore Tariff Law.

Indianapolis, April 5.—The Indiana republican convention today adopted a platform that ignores the Payne-Aldrich tariff law, and declared for a protective tariff measure only by a difference between the cost of production here and abroad and the creation of a non-partisan tariff commission.

Brooklyn Bank Closes Doors.

New York, April 6.—The doors of the Union Bank of Brooklyn were closed this morning. The bank has seven branches. C. H. Cheney, state superintendent of banks has taken possession of the bank.

FRACAS IS FATAL

O. B. RICE DIES FROM INJURIES RECEIVED AT RUGBY CELEBRATION.

STRUCK IN HEAD AT NIGHT

Former Chief of Police Buoye Under Andy Jones Said to Be Bitter Enemy of Rice is Held With Pat Meehan.

Rugby, N. D., April 5.—Struck in the head during an election celebration and falling with severe force to the sidewalk, O. C. Rice, a well known resident of Rugby is unconscious and not expected to live. The fracus occurred on the main street following the election last evening.

There was a large crowd present yet no one seems to remember who did the striking.

Jack Buoye, former chief of police under Andy Jones and a bitter enemy of Rice has been arrested on suspicion. Rice has a nice home at Rugby where he has a wife and two children. The preliminary hearing will probably be held tonight.

Rugby, N. D., April 6.—O. C. Rice, who was injured in an after election celebration row here last night, died at noon today.

CALLS OFF RECEPTION.

Roosevelt Does Not Care to Arouse Religious Prejudice.

Rome, April 5.—Roosevelt's planned reception to the American colony has been called off as the result of the anti-vatican statement issued yesterday by Rev. Tipple of the American church in Rome.

The Tipple statement lifted the vatican episode out of the realm of the personal and gave it a world-wide significance saying: "Roosevelt has struck a blow for the twentieth century christianity." It was shown to Roosevelt who said "I had made no arrangements to speak at any church or clerical organizations in Rome. I have received a number of gentlemen of all religious faiths who have called at my rooms at the American embassy.

Under the circumstances I have requested the American embassador not to hold the reception which he had intended to hold Wednesday afternoon. As regards all efforts by whomsoever made to bring about and inflame religious animosities because of what has happened in connection with the vatican and myself, I can do no more than refer to my statement contained in my open letter to Dr. Lyman Abbott already published. All that I then said I desire to reiterate with my whole power."

Payne Discusses Tariff.

Washington, April 5.—The tariff law is every day confuting the many liars who attack it," declared Representative Sereno E. Payne of New York, one of the authors of the law, as he was leaving the White House today after a tariff conference with the president. Mr. Payne appeared annoyed to the point of being almost angry.

"From every standpoint it is the most successful bill this country has ever had, he declared. "It talks for itself every day in the up-building of American business at home and abroad. The Maximum and minimum provisions of the bill alone have opened the markets of the world to the goods of the United States."

Arrested for Criminal Libel.

Washington, April 5.—The arrest of John A. Penton, of Cleveland, O., secretary of the Merchant Marine league of the United States for criminal libel against Representative Steenerson, of Minnesota, followed his appearance as witness before the "ship subsidy lobby," inquiry. Penton accompanied the detectives to the district attorney's office and was released after depositing $500 cash bail. The arrest was made on a secret indictment returned March 30, based on an editorial organ of the Merchant Marine league.

Three Bishoprics to Fill.

Winona, Minn., April 5.—Rt. Rev. P. H. Heffron, appointed bishop of Winona, will not come here, until the eve of his installation. When that will be is uncertain. It has been decided that all six bishops of whom only three, Father Heffron, for Winona, Father O'Rielly for Fargo, and Father Lawler for St. Paul, have been appointed, are to be consecrated at the same time. The other, three, yet to be named, are those for Lead, S. D.; Bismarck, N. D., and Crookston, Minn.

Type of Moral Degenerate.

New York, April 5.—The tombs physician, Dr. T. A. McGuire, said today that Albert Wolter, who is charged with the murder of Ruth Wheeler, is a type of degenerate lacking in moral sense, but not immune from punishment for any crime he may have committed because he still has the power to distinguish the quality and nature of his acts.

Jim Hill Visits Taft.

Washington, April 5.—James J. Hill the railroad magnate, spent some time with the president today. Mr. Hill said he had just come from the west and called on the president to pay his respects.

Probe Conspiracy Charge.

Washington, April 6.—John A. Penton, of Cleveland, O., secretary of the Merchant Marine league of the United States, was the principal figure in today's proceedings before the house special committee which is inquiring into charges affecting members of the house in connection with ship subsidy legislation. The inquiry was at the instance to Representative Steenerson of Minnesota, whose resolution charged that the league, with a membership throughout the country had conspired improperly to create hostility against all persons opposed to ship subsidy legislation.

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THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

Author of "Saracinesca," "Arethusa" Etc. Etc.

Illustrations by A. Weil

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored [illegible] bearded stranger who was [illegible] and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of [illegible] hoping that the stranger would [illegible] her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the [illegible] who blocked up the entrance [illegible] the water supply. [illegible] Baraka's cousin [illegible] attempted to climb [illegible] the mine, but [illegible]. The stranger was [illegible] Saad carrying [illegible] of the tunnel, and [illegible] girl and carrying [illegible] gathered all the [illegible] started in pursuit [illegible] (Margarita da [illegible] donna), became [illegible] Konstantin Logotheti [illegible] financier. Her [illegible] Countess Leven, [illegible] Maud, whose husband [illegible] in St. Petersburg [illegible] Maud's most intimate [illegible] Van Torp, an American [illegible] of the richest [illegible] Van Torp was in love [illegible] to London as [illegible] for betrothal. He [illegible] Maud [illegible] for her pet [illegible] aid him in winning [illegible] Logotheti. Baraka appeared [illegible] Versailles with [illegible] presented a ruby to [illegible] Van Torp bought a yacht and [illegible]. He was visited by [illegible]. She gave him a [illegible] American had told her of [illegible] United States a man [illegible] the one she [illegible] followed Margaret [illegible] "Parsifal" festival. Margaret [illegible] Van Torp, who presented her with the ruby Baraka had given [illegible] Kralinsky, a Russian, arrived [illegible]. Van Torp believed [illegible] Baraka was pursuing. Baraka was arrested in London on the charge of stealing from Pinney, a jeweler, the ruby she had sold to Logotheti. Two strikers were the thieves. Lady Maud [illegible] Logotheti's association with Baraka were open to suspicion [illegible] Margaret. Van Torp believed that Kralinsky was the [illegible] young man [illegible] Logotheti secured Baraka's release and [illegible] with her as his guest, [illegible] yacht Erinna. Baraka explains [illegible] for revenge on the [illegible] deserted her and left her [illegible] in moderating her rage. Lady Maud arrived in Bayreuth. Margaret and Van Torp entered into an agreement to build a tremendous opera house in New York.

CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

He turned the page round, and handed it to her. The writing was large and perfectly legible, but very different from the "commercial" hand of most American business men. Any one word, taken at random, might have seemed unformed, at first sight, but the appearance of the whole was oddly strong and symmetrical. Margaret read the clauses carefully. She herself had already signed a good many legal papers in connection with her engagements and her own small fortune, and the language was not so unfamiliar to her as it would have been to most women.

"Shall I sign first?" she asked, when she had finished. "My own name? Or my stage name?"

"Your own name, please," said Van Torp without hesitation. "The other's not binding in your profession, because you appear under it, and it's not business-style."

So she wrote 'Margaret Donne' at the foot of the page in her large and rather [illegible] hand, and passed the paper back to Van Torp, who signed it.

He waved the sheet slowly to and fro, to dry the ink.

"It's only a preliminary agreement," he said, "but it's binding as far as it goes and I'll attend to the rest. You'll have to give me a power of attorney for my lawyer in New York. By the by, if you decide to come, you can do that in Venice, where there's a real live consul. That's necessary. But for all matters of business herein set forth, we are now already 'The Mme. da Cordova and Rufus Van Torp Company, organized for the purpose of building an opera house in the city of New York and for giving public performances of musical works in the same, with a nominal capital hereafter to be agreed upon.' That's what we are now."

He folded the sheet, returned it to his inner pocket and held out his hand in a cheerful, business-like manner.

"Shall we shake hands on it?" he asked.

"By all means," Margaret answered readily, and their eyes met; but she drew back her hand again before taking his. "This is purely a matter of business between us," she said, "you understand that? It means nothing else?"

"Purely a matter of business," answered Rufus Van Torp, slowly and gravely.

CHAPTER XII.

On the morning after the transaction last described, Van Torp's attention was arrested by a sensational "scare-head" about a thief and a ruby worth $50,000. Some disaffected colleague in London had known, or cleverly guessed, where the stone was that had been stolen from Mr. Pinney's, and had informed the police; the nice-looking young fellow who spoke like an English gentleman had walked directly into the arms of the plain-clothes man waiting for him on the pier in New York, the stone had been found sewn up in his waistcoat, and his pleasant career of liberty had ended abruptly in a cell.

Mr. Van Torp whistled softly as he read the account a second time. Then he neatly cut the column out of the paper, folded it with great precision, smoothed it with care and placed it in his pocket-book next to a cheap little photograph of Mme. da Cordova as "Juliet," which he had bought in a music shop in New York the day after he had heard her for the first time, and had carried in his pocket ever since.

He took up the mutilated newspaper and looked up and down the columns, and among other information which he gathered in a few moments was the fact that Logotheti's yacht had "passed Cape Saint Vincent, going east, owner and party on board." The previous telegram had not escaped him, and if he had entertained any doubts as to the destination of the Erinna, they vanished now. She was certainly bound for the Mediterranean. He remembered having heard that many steam yachts coming from England put into Gibraltar for coal and fresh provisions, coal being cheaper there than in French and Italian ports, and he thought it very probable that the Erinna would do the same; he also made some deductions which need not be explained yet. The only one worth mentioning here was that Logotheti would be likely to hear in Gibraltar that the ruby had been found and was on its way back to England, and that as he would know that Margaret would be anxious about it, since he had already given it to her, he would hardly let the occasion of communicating with her go by. As for writing from Gibraltar to any place whatsoever in the hope that a letter will arrive in less than a week, it is sheer folly. Mr. Van Torp had never tried it, and supposed it possible, as it looks, but he was tolerably sure that Logotheti would telegraph first, and had perhaps done so already, for the news of his passing Cape Saint Vincent was already 24 hours old.

This was precisely what had happened. When Mr. Van Torp opened his door, he came upon Margaret and Mrs. Rushmore on the landing, on the point of going out for a walk, and a servant had just brought the prima donna a telegram which she was reading aloud, so that the American could not help hearing her.

"'Cruising till wanted,'" she read quickly. "'Ruby found. Address, yacht Erinna, Naples.'"

She heard Van Torp close his door, though she had not heard him open it, and turning round she found herself face to face with him. Her eyes were sparkling with anger.

"Very sorry," he said. "I couldn't help hearing."

"It's of no consequence, for I should have told you," Margaret answered briefly.

He argued well for himself from her tone and manner, but he chose to show that he would not force his company upon her just then, when she was in a visible rage, and instead of stopping to exchange more words he passed the two ladies hat in hand, and bowing rather low, after his manner, he went quietly downstairs.

Margaret watched him till he disappeared.

"I like that man," she said, as if to herself, but audibly. "I cannot help it."

Mrs. Rushmore was more than delighted, but had tact enough not to make any answer to a speech which had probably not been meant for her ears.

"Perhaps," she said, "you would rather not go out just yet, my dear."

Margaret was grateful for the suggestion, and they turned back into their rooms.

Meanwhile Van Torp had reached the door of the hotel, and found Lady Maud standing there with her parasol up, for the sun was streaming in.

"I was waiting for you," she said simply, as soon as he reached her side, and she stepped out into the street. "I thought you would come down, and I wanted to speak to you, for I did not get a chance last night. They were both watching me, probably because they thought I was ill, and I had to chatter like a magpie to keep up appearances."

"You did it very well," Van Torp said. "If I had not seen your face at the window when I got out of the automobile yesterday I shouldn't have guessed there was anything wrong."

"But there is—something very wrong—something I can hardly bear to think of, though I must, until I know the truth."

They turned into the first deserted street they came to.

"I dare say I can give a guess at what it is," Van Torp answered gravely. "I went to see him alone yesterday on purpose, before he started, and I must say, if it wasn't for the beard I'd feel pretty sure."

"He had a beard when I married him, and it was like that—just like that!"

Lady Maud's voice shook audibly, for she felt cold, even in the sunshine.

"I didn't know," Van Torp answered. "That alters the case. If we're not mistaken, what can I do to help you? Let's see. You only had that one look at him, through the window, is that so?"

"Yes. But the window was open, and it's not high above the ground, and my eyes are good. He took off his hat when he said good-by to you, and I saw his face as distinctly as I see yours. When you've been married to a man"—she laughed harshly—"you cannot be easily mistaken about him, when you're as near as that! That is the man I married. I'm intimately convinced of it, but I must be quite sure. Do you understand?"

"Of course. If he's really Leven, he's even a better actor than I used to think he was. If he's not, the resemblance is just about the most extraordinary thing! It's true I only saw Leven three or four times in my life, but I saw him to look at him then, and the last time I did, when he made the row in Hare court, he was doing most of the talking, so I remember his voice."

"There's only one difficulty," Lady Maud said. "Some one else may have been killed last June. It may even have been the pickpocket who had stolen his pocket-book. Such things have happened, or do in books! But this is certainly the man you met in New York and who sold you the stone you gave me, is he not?"

"Oh, certainly. And that was at the end of July, and Leven was killed late in June."

"Yes. That only leaves a month for him to have been to Asia—that's absurd."

"Utterly, totally, and entirely impossible," asseverated Mr. Van Torp. "One of two things. Either this man is your husband, and if he is, he's not the man who found the rubies in Asia. Or else, if he is that man, he's not Leven. I wish that heathen girl had been here yesterday! She could have told in a minute. She'd better have been here anyway than cutting around the Mediterranean with that fellow Logotheti!"

"Yes," Lady Maud answered gravely. "But about myself—if Leven is alive, what is my position—I mean—I don't really quite know where I am, do I?"

"Anybody but you would have thought of marrying again already," observed Mr. Van Torp, looking up sideways in her eyes, for she was taller than he. "Then you'd really be in a bad fix, wouldn't you? But as it is, I don't see that it makes much difference. The man's going under a false name, so he doesn't mean to claim you as his wife, nor to try to get a divorce again, as he did before. He's just going to be somebody else for his own good, and he'll get married that way, maybe. That's his business, not yours. I don't suppose you're going to get up in church and forbid the banns, are you?"

"I would, like a shot!" said Lady Maud. "So would you, I'm sure! Think of the other woman!"

"That's so," answered Van Torp without enthusiasm. "However, we've got to think about you and the present, and decide what we'll do. I suppose the best thing is for me to put him off with some excuse, so that you can come on the yacht."

"Please do nothing of the sort!" cried Lady Maud.

"But I want you to come," objected her friend.

"I mean to come. Do you think I'm afraid to meet him?"

Van Torp looked at her in some surprise, and not without admiration.

"There isn't anybody like you, anyway," he said quietly. "But there's going to be a circus on that ship if he's Leven," he added. "If he makes a fuss I'll read the riot act and lock him up."

"Oh, no," answered Lady Maud, who was used to Mr. Van Torp's familiar vocabulary, "why need there be any trouble? You've not told him I am coming, you say. Very well. If he sees me suddenly after he has been on board a little while, he'll certainly betray himself, and then I shall be sure. Leven is a man of the world—'was' or 'is'—God knows which! But if it is he, and he doesn't want to be recognized, he'll behave as if nothing had happened, after the first moment of surprise. At least I shall be certain. I must be positively sure whether Leven is alive or dead, for what I have got back in these last two months is my whole life. A mere recognition at first sight and at ten yards is not enough. It may be only a marvelous resemblance, for they say every one has a 'double' somewhere in the world."

"They used to say, too, that if you met your 'double' one of you would die," observed Van Torp. "Those things are all stuff and nonsense, of course. I was just thinking. Well," he continued, dwelling on his favorite monosyllable, "if you decide to come on the yacht, and if the man doesn't blow away, we shall know the truth in three or four days from now, and that's a comfort. And even if he turns out to be Leven, maybe we can manage something."

Lady Maud chose not to ask what her friend thought he could "manage;" for she had glanced at his face when he had spoken, and though it was half turned away from her, she saw his expression, and it would have scared a nervous person. She did not like him to be in that mood, and was sorry that she had brought him to it.

But Mr. Van Torp, who was a strong man, and had seen more than one affray in his ranching days, could not help thinking how uncommonly easy it would be to pick up Count Kralinsky and drop him overboard on a dark night next week, when the Lancashire Lass would be doing 22 knots, and there might be a little weather about to drown the splash.

CHAPTER XIII.

The millionaire did things handsomely. He offered to motor his party to Venice, and as Margaret declined, because motoring was bad for her voice, he telegraphed for a comfortable special carriage, and took his friends down by railroad, and they were all very luxuriously comfortable.

Kralinsky was not on board the yacht when they came alongside at sunset in two gondolas, following the steam-launch, which carried the load of luggage and the two maids.

Stamp led the way, and Mr. Van Torp took the three ladies to their cabins; first, Mrs. Rushmore, who was surprised and delighted by the rich and gay appearance of hers, for it was entirely decorated in pink and gold.

On the writing-table stood a tall, gilt vase full of immense pink roses, with stems nearer four feet long than three. Mrs. Rushmore admired them very much.

"How did you know that I love roses above all other flowers?" she asked. "My dear Mr. Van Torp, you are a wizard, I'm sure!"

Lady Maud and Margaret entered, and kept up a polite little chorus of admiration; but they both felt uneasy as to what they might find in their respective cabins, for Margaret hated pink, and Lady Maud detested gilding, and neither of them was especially fond of roses. They left Mrs. Rushmore very happy in her quarters and went on. Lady Maud's turn came next, and she began to understand, when she saw a quantity of sweet wood violets on her table, just loosened, in an old Murano glass beaker.

"Thank you," she said, bending to smell them. "How kind of you!"

There was not a trace of gilding or pink silk. The cabin was paneled and fitted in a rare natural wood of a creamy-white tint.

"Beg pardon, my lady," said Stemp. "This and Miss Donne's cabin communicate by this door, and the door aft goes to the dressing-room. Each cabin has one quite independent, and this bell rings the pantry, my lady, and this one rings Miss Donne's maid's cabin, as I understand that your ladyship has not brought her own maid with her."

"Very nice," said Lady Maud, smelling the violets again.

Stemp threw open the door of communication to the cabin he had prepared for the prima donna. The two cabins occupied the whole beam of the vessel, excepting the six-foot gangway on each side, and as she was one of the largest yachts afloat at the time, there was no lack of room.

"Carnations, at this time of year!" cried Margaret, seeing half an armful of her favorite dark red ones, in a silver wine-cooler before the mirror. "You really seem to know everything! Thank you so much!"

She buried her handsome face in the splendid flowers and drew in a deep, warm breath, full of their sensuous perfume, the spicy scent of a laden clove-tree under a tropical sun.

"Thank you again!" she said enthusiastically. "Thank you for everything, the delightful journey, and this lovely room, and the carnations!"

She stood up suddenly to her height, in sheer pleasure, and held out her hand to him. He pressed it quietly, and smiled.

"Do as you would be done by," he said. "That's the company's rule."

She laughed at the allusion to their agreement, of which Lady Maud knew nothing, for they had determined to keep it secret for the present.

Mr. Van Torp had not found an opportunity of speaking to Lady Maud alone, but he wished her to know when Kralinsky might be expected.

"Stemp," he said, before leaving the cabin, "have you heard from the count?"

"Yes, sir. He got here this morning from Vienna in his motor, sir, and sent his things with his man, and his compliments to you and the ladies, and he will come on board in time for dinner. That was all, I think, sir."

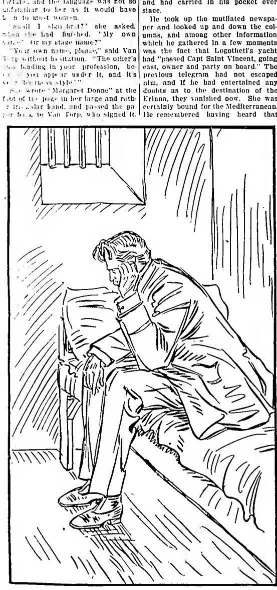
Lady Maud heard, and made a scarcely perceptible movement of the head by way of thanks to her friend, while listening to Margaret's enthusiastic praise of everything she saw. Mr. Van Torp and his man departed, just as Potts appeared, accompanied by a very neat-looking English stewardess in a smart white cap. Lady Maud was unusually silent, but she smiled pleasantly at what Margaret said, and the latter made up her mind to drown her anger against Logotheti, and at the same time be avenged on him, in an orgy of luxurious comfort, sea-air, and sunshine. The capacity of a perfectly healthy and successful singer for enjoying everything, from a halfpenny bun and a drive in a hansom to a millionaire's yacht and the most expensive fat of the land, or sea, has never been measured. And if they do have terrible fits of temper now and then, who shall blame them? They are always sorry for it, because it is bad for the voice.

Mr. Van Torp reached his quarters, and prepared to scrub and dress comfortably after a week at Bayreuth and a railroad journey.

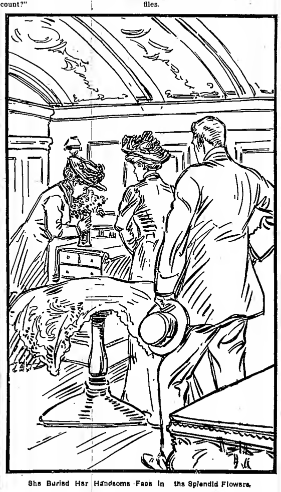
Lady Maud did not begin to dress at once, as there was plenty of time before dinner; she left the stewardess to unpack her things, and came out upon the six-foot gangway outside her cabin door to breathe the air, for it was warm. The city lay half a mile away in the afterglow of the sunset.

But she felt none of that healthy pleasure which a lovely sight naturally gave her. She was at a crisis of her life, and the exquisite evening scene was the battlefield of a coming struggle, with herself, or with another, she hardly knew. In half an hour, or in an hour, at most, she was to sit at table with a man she fully believed to be the husband for whom she had been wearing mourning, out of mere decency, but with the profound inward satisfaction of being free.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



Ended Abruptly in a Cell.



She Buried Her Handsome Face in the Splendid Flowers.

Spider Colonies.

Our native spiders are notable for their extreme unsociability. Of those which are spinners each one constructs its web apart from those of its kind. And those which hunt pursue their prey alone, says the London Globe.

In other countries, however, there are spiders which live in communities, and one such, a native of Mexico, is described by M. L. Diguet. It is known as the mosquero and makes a large nest in oaks and other trees. Here the spiders live gregariously and along with them in the nest is found a minute beetle and another species of spider. The beetle is said to act as scavenger. Parts of the nest of the mosquero are hung up in the houses during the wet season to get rid of the flies.

Mrs. Piper to the Rescue

And the Little Woman's Money Was Saved and the Highwayman Summarily Disposed Of.

The highwayman began to relieve the Jew peddler of his pocketbook and valuables. The drummer was next, and he disgorged without a murmur. Then came the little woman. She was holding her baby with one arm, while with the other she held out her little handbag to the robber.

"Oh, my!" she said. "I've only got $28 and it's all I have in the world. I don't know what me and the baby will do if you take it! I'm a stranger here."

"You'll have to write back to your friends for more," said the highwayman as he grabbed the handbag.

"I haven't anyone to write to," she replied, as he began taking out the money. "I really don't know what I will do."

"Yo' might leave her part of it," suggested Mrs. Piper, the 300-pound cook and new-found friend of the little woman. "Don't take all th' poor woman has, and her with that little baby."

"We never make change," replied the highwayman, leering as he opened the bag.

"Ain't yo' goin' t' leave her anything?" asked Mrs. Piper in a threatening tone. Her little satchel, unseen by the highwayman, dropped to the ground, and her hands were free.

"Jist keep quiet, madam, please, if yo' don't want any trouble," replied the robber. "I'm running this, and I don't want to kill anyone."

"Trouble!" exclaimed the fat Mrs. Piper, lunging toward him, and before he knew it she had wrested the six-shooter from his hand and "lammed" him over the head with it. "Trouble!" she repeated. "It'll be wors'n trouble fur you if yo' don't give that there woman her money back, every cent of it. Hear?" and she raised the six-shooter again as if to strike. "Yo' lazy lout, takin' a poor little woman's money—all she has—her an' that little baby. Put that here money back in that there handbag, 'n' put it back durned quick."

The highwayman had put his loot in a grain sack. He stopped and began putting the little woman's money back into her handbag. Then he stopped and said he had put it all back.

"Now," said Mrs. Piper, taking him by the back of his shirt collar and turning his face toward the timber, "you skin out o' here, and skin durned hard." And she kicked the seat of his jumpers a couple of times into the underbrush.—"Mrs. Piper's Limit," by George McCullough, in McClure's.

Savagery.

All men have a working knowledge of duty. A savage is a man who hasn't cultivated the art of making a great deal of talk about it.—Puck.

Farmers should eat more oatmeal.

Although the farmer of today is able to buy almost anything he wants to wear or eat he isn't paying enough attention to food values when it comes to his own table.

He feeds his stock carefully, avoids over-feeding and selects the stock food that he believes will give the best returns in strength and general efficiency.

If he has been watching the extensive researches and experiments on the question of the best human food for muscle and brain he will heed the advice from all sides to "eat more Quaker Oats."

Quaker Oats is mentioned because it is recognized in this country and Europe as the best of all oatmeals. Feeding farm hands on Quaker Oats means getting more work out of them than if you feed them on anything else. 61

A HOT ONE ON HER.

Mrs. Waunta Coyne—The parrot talks all the time.

Mr. Coyne—Yes, but he never asks for money.

IN HOSPITAL FOR NINE MONTHS.

Awful Tale of Suffering From Kidney Trouble.

Alfred J. O'Brien, Second St., Sterling, Colo., says: "I was in the Baltimore Marine Hospital for nine months. I had a dull pain in the small of my back that completely wore me out. The urine was in a terrible state, and some days I would pass half a gallon of blood. I left the hospital because they wanted to operate on me. I went to St. Joseph's Hospital at Omaha and put in three months there without any gain. I was pretty well discouraged when I was advised to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I did so and by the time I had taken one box, the pain in the back left me. I kept right on and a perfect cure was the result."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

In Demand.

"An infant in a Pullman car set up a loud wail, and would not be comforted," narrates a high railroad official, "and I came forward and told the young mother that I had helped to raise five, and that I thought I could secure a quietus. I put the little tum tum across my knees, and with a gentle jogging achieved beautiful results.

"Instead of giving me the credit I deserved some drummers in the car showed stern disapproval of my 'butting in.'

"At 2 a. m. the baby woke up and stayed awake, and kept every one else in the car awake. Finally a gruff voice asked:

"'Where's that fool that put it to sleep this afternoon, I wonder?'"

In New Hampshire.

That irresponsible Manchester Union man gave himself a surprise party by going to church last Sunday and this was the result: "On this first Sunday of Lent, while George Bailey of the Houston Post is sacrilegiously fishing for eels in a Texas bayou, and the (married) paragrapher of the Kennebeck Journal is tapping his boots, and the Ging-Ging Goophus of the Springfield Union is playing seven-up, we, in common with other good New Hampshire people, shall dutifully attend church.—Springfield Union.

There's No Place Like,' Etc.

Wife—What sort of a play would you like to see?

Husband—Something lively, that keeps you awake, and has plenty of music in it.

"Um. You'd better stay at home and take care of the baby.—Life.

ROSY COLOR

Produced by Postum.

"When a person rises from each meal with a ringing in the ears and a general sense of nervousness, it is a common habit to charge it to a deranged stomach.

"I found it was caused from drinking coffee, which I never suspected for a long time, but found by leaving off coffee that the disagreeable feelings went away.

"I was brought to think of the subject by getting some Postum and this brought me out of trouble.

"It is a most appetizing and invigorating beverage and has been of such great benefit to me that I naturally speak of it from time to time as opportunity offers.

"A lady friend complained to me that she had tried Postum, but it did not taste good. In reply to my question she said she guessed she boiled it about ten minutes. I advised her to follow directions and know that she boiled it fifteen or twenty minutes, and she would have something worth talking about. A short time ago I heard one of her children say that they were drinking Postum now-a-days, so I judge she succeeded in making it good, which is by no means a difficult task.

"The son of one of my friends was formerly a pale lad, but since he has been drinking Postum, has a fine color. There is plenty of evidence that Postum actually does 'make red blood,' as the famous trade-mark says."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Does not Color the Hair

Ingredients of Ayer's Hair Vigor

Sulphur. Destroys germs that cause dandruff and falling hair. Cures rashes and eruptions of scalp.
Glycerin. Soothing, healing. Food to the hair-bulbs.
Quinin. A strong tonic, antiseptic, stimulant.
Sodium Chlorid. Cleansing, quiets irritation of scalp.
Capsicum. Increases activity of glands.
Sage. Stimulant, tonic. Domestic remedy of high merit.
Alcohol. Stimulant, antiseptic. **Water. Perfume.**

Show this formula to your doctor. Ask him if there is a single injurious ingredient. Ask him if he thinks Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from this formula, is the best preparation you could use for falling hair, or for dandruff. Let him decide. He knows.

J. C. Ayer Company, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Entered at the Postoffice at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota [illegible]

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Secretary Ballinger probably thinks still that insurgency is a [illegible].

The Winona Independent thinks that there would be no inconsistency in hauling $11 hogs to market in an automobile.

No wonder the Boston mans are complaining about the high cost of living. The price of baked beans has raised twenty per cent.

Indiana Republicans have taken a conservative in opposition to the tariff system characterized by President Taft as "the best ever." It will soon be Minnesota's turn.

What if some of the stand-pat candidates for state offices should refuse to accept the nomination in the event the Minnesota Republicans neglect to endorse the Aldrich bill? The possibilities make us shudder.

Joel Heatwole's greatest monument is the impetus he gave to independent journalism. No editor in the state has done more to break down the idea of "my party, right or wrong." He has blazed the path for better political conditions.

The tariff reformers of Minnesota will be tickled to death to know that the Republican state convention will declare for a tariff commission. Of course they don't care about knowing how the candidates feel about the Payne-Aldrich monstrosity!

Do you know the man who refuses to carry life insurance because he "does not propose to leave a lot of money to the fellow who marries his widow?" Very good. That man leaves his widow the best reason in the world for marrying again for he leaves her the certainty that she can't do worse.

Religious and particularly denominational discussions are seldom if ever productive of satisfactory results, but on the contrary are productive of quarrels and misunderstandings. The embroglio between Teddy and the Vatican is no exception to the rule. It would be well for the people of America to respect the position assumed by both the church and the ex president. The church has the right to make its own rules and Teddy has the right to refuse to call at the Vatican if these rules do not suit him.

John Lind, in a recent interview, says: "In my opinion Cannonism will be as much alive as ever until the leader of the party takes the position that the highest interests of the nation are to be considered and observed. If this carries out platform pledges, well and good, so much the better for the party. Cannonism may be scorched a little by what occurred in the House, but, unfortunately, it is not killed. It is up to the president to repudiate and eliminate it from our national politics. If he doesn't the people will, and for that purpose they may use the Democrats or the insurgents or both, as their instrumentality."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Cannon Falls Beacon: Thomas Fortune Ryan for the senate! And why not, pray? He would be an invaluable ally for Aldrich, Hale, Lodge and Root, and he would surely have a warm greeting from Guggenheim, Stephenson and others who are in the senate by virtue of having the price of admission and not being afraid to let go of it. Let us have Ryan by all means.

Detroit Record: An inspection of the state county option committee discloses that a number of newspaper men are on the roll. Just why this we are unable to explain, unless it is that as a rule, the pencil-pushing fraternity are more consistent than some of the other reform advocates.

Red Wing Free Press: The only Minnesota insurgents in congress entitled to the name are Lindberg and Davis. There is Hammond, of course, but he is a Democrat and stands for reform on general principles. Democrats don't have to insurge against their party to stand for the right.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: Just a little more of Cannon and Aldrich and every congressional district in Massachusetts will go Democratic, and the slide will not be confined to the Bay state.

Fairmont Sentinel: There are about 135,000 Democrats in Minnesota, and not one in the lot was good enough to serve on the committee of the non(?) partisan conservation congress. Never in the history of Minnesota's public affairs has there been manifested and carried out such a contemptuous disregard of the amenities that obtain in the conduct of affairs in which all the people are supposedly interested. It is not strange that men of Pinchot's stamp refused to have anything to do with the affair or tender any excuses for his non attendance.

Walker Pilot: The man with too many axes to grind never gets an edge on any one of them sufficient to cut much of a figure.

Wabasha Herald: The Democrats and insurgents are accused of trying to "put the president into a hole." They couldn't possibly put him into a bigger hole than the one he has dug for himself.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

RED LAKE FALLS

A I M S

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

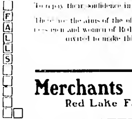
To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

Merchants State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

MERCHANTS STATE BANK



AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Running never tires those who walk.

No, Alonzo, all clubmen are not on the police force.

The signature on a check is a sign of prosperity.

Even a truthful man is occasionally guilty of exaggeration.

Some of our first impressions were made by mother's slipper.

A girl isn't necessarily a jewel because she is set in her ways.

Men are more or less afraid of a woman who is flattery proof.

The trouble with the unexpected is that it too often refuses to happen.

Many a man who is smart enough to make money hasn't sense enough to keep it.

Country people make their own jam, but the city people get their's in the street cars.

We don't mind seeing other people get up in the world as long as they refrain from using us as stepping stones.

Every man who owns a single share of stock in a $1,000,000 corporation thinks he could run it better than the general manager does.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The danger to a girl of being pretty is she thinks she's prettier.

Money doesn't give a person virtues, but it makes people act as if he had them all.

A man might be able to spend some of his own money on himself if he had no family.

The kind of popularity a man buys by spending money on people he couldn't sell for one cent on the dollar.

A woman is an exceptionally good card player when she deals her partner a poor hand and doesn't blame him for it.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, April 9th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 3:00 o'clock P. M. Saturday, April 9th, 1910 A. D.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 3:00 o'clock P. M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wm. C. L. Demann, who moved its adoption:

Whereas the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county Minnesota did on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1910, enter into a written contract with James Brady, of the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County Minnesota; whereby and pursuant to the terms of contract the said James Brady was to erect, build and finish court house according to the terms of contract on lots 1, 2, and 3 of Block 1 of Salisbury's Addition to the city of Red Lake Falls according to a plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county or upon some other suitable location to be designated by the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county within a reasonable time thereafter.

Whereas, the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county, at a duly called meeting of said board of county commissioners on the 9th day of April, 1910, at the auditor's office in the court house in said county all members of said board of county commissioners being present, and after due consideration did determine to change the site for the building of said court house, and

Whereas the county of Red Lake is now owner of lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 of block 1 of Langevins subdivision to Church Lot to the original townsite of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota according to a plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county and state, and

Whereas said last described premises is a more suitable site upon which to build the county court house.

Be it Resolved, that the court house described upon said contract bearing date the 15th day of February, 1910 be built upon the said lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 above described, and that the said James Brady is hereby directed and instructed to build and erect said county court house upon the said last mentioned property.

Which resolution was duly seconded by Commissioner Joseph Pigeon. Upon roll call the following named, Wm. C. L. Demann, Joseph Pigeon and C. A. Lindquist voted yea and the following named, Ed. A. Aubol and Joseph Johnson voted nay.

Whereupon said resolution was by the chairman of the board declared duly adopted.

I, the said James Brady, hereby accept the change of site for the building of said court house, and hereby agree to be governed thereby.

James Brady.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that the county of Red Lake buy ten atlases of Red Lake county at $15.00 per copy.

A petition for consolidation of School Districts 73 and 61 in Red Lake county was presented to the board and on motion duly made, seconded and carried unanimously a day of hearing was set for the 26th day of May, A. D. 1910 at 2:00 o'clock P. M. at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the bond of James Brady, contractor, in the sum of $37,160.00 be accepted.

On roll call the following commissioners voted yea: Demann, Pigeon, Johnson and Lindquist and the following commissioner, Aubol not voting. Whereupon the chairman declared the motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously that an auctioneer's license be granted to Waller H. Quist of the town of Silverton.

The application of the town of Highlanding for an order that the county road and bridge fund was on motion duly carried laid over until the next meeting of the board.

The matter of the bond of $500 in which Roman Anderson is principal and running to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county Minn., in the opinion of the county attorney there has been no default in the conditions of the above obligation, on motion duly carried the above matter as laid on the table.

The matter of the repair of County Ditch No. 25 came duly before the board on petition and on motion duly carried same was laid over until the next meeting of the board.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

St. Hilaire Spectator, supplies for county offices	12.50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. Financial Statement and commissioners proceedings, March 18, 1910	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, supplies for county offices	85.50
Miller Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	151.16
Miller Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	1.75
Miller Davis Printing Co., supplies for county office	18.50
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, turnkey wages March, 1910	20.00
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, expense summoning jurors	21.75
Lewis A. Nelson, board of prisoners for March	6.20
C. A. Lindquist, chairman, to mileage signing court house bonds	3.10
Ben Isaacson, preparing rooms for court, March, 1910, general term	9.60
S. A. Swanson, expense in re guardianship Rockstad children	7.85
S. A. Swanson, justice fees, case of State vs. Fritz Gerke	[illegible]
A. H. Braggans, [illegible] in re examination [illegible] Peter Matson	[illegible]
W. O. Braggans, [illegible]	[illegible]
C. A. Lindquist, [illegible] tax lists to Minneapolis [illegible]	[illegible]
O. F. Melby, [illegible] Rosamond Gunder, deceased	17.22
First State Bank, Red Lake Falls, rent of Register of Deeds office November 1 to April 1	75.01
First State Bank, rent Judge of Probate [illegible] March	[illegible]
Northern Culvert Co., culverts Ditch No. 25	[illegible]
culverts Ditch No. 25	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishing sale of Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishing sale of Ditch No. 38	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publishing sale of Ditch No. [illegible]	5.20
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. county commissioners proceedings of Mar 18	12.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. notices of hearing on Petition Ditch No. [illegible]	12.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. notices and hearing on Petition Ditch No. [illegible]	10.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. notices and hearing on Petition Ditch No. 48	[illegible]
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. notices and hearing on petition Ditch No. 49	10.75
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, serving notices and mileage, Ditch No. 45	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, serving notices and mileage, Ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
Lewis A. Nelson, sheriff, serving notices and mileage Ditch No. 48	11.00
A. A. Labentresse, county auditor, fees [illegible] ditches Nos. 36, 46, 47, 42 and 45	[illegible]
Joseph [illegible], one day as viewer and expense final hearing Ditch 42	[illegible]
Otis Zauser, one day as viewer and expense final hearing Ditch 42	[illegible]
Peter C. Wold, two days per diem mileage and expense as viewer ditch 42	[illegible]
Daniel Patterson, three days per diem mileage and expense ditch 42	15.15
Gilbert K. Hauge, two days per diem, mileage and expense ditch 43	8.77
C. H. Martz, 5 drainage maps as per resolution	25.00
" one day engineering account ditch no. 48	5.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 48	1.00
" one day engineering a-c ditch no. 42	5.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 42	[illegible]
" one day engineering a-c ditch no. 47	5.00
" four days engineering a-c ditch no. [illegible]	20.00
" expense a-c ditch no. [illegible]	[illegible]
" one day engineering a-c ditch no. 37	5.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 37	1.00
" one day engineering a-c ditch no. 42	5.00
" one day engineering a-c ditch no. 52	5.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 52	1.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 25	2.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 46	1.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 47	1.00
" four days engineering a-c ditch no. 42	20.00
" two days engineering a-c ditch no. 42	10.00
" expense a-c ditch no. 11	1.00
" expense a-c ditch no. [illegible]	1.00
Joseph Johnson, Comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 42	[illegible]
Joseph Pigeon, Comr., 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 42	3.10
Wm. C. L. Demann, comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 42	2.20
C. A. Lindquist, comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 42	[illegible]
Ed. A. Aubol, comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 42	5.00
Joseph Johnson, comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 48	[illegible]
Joseph Pigeon comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 48	3.10
Wm. C. L. Demann, comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 48	2.20
C. A. Lindquist, comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 48	3.30
Ed. A. Aubol, comr. 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-9-10, a-c 48	5.00

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake Co., Minn.

Attest: A. A. Labentresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.

(Auditor's Seal)

Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Judicial Ditch No. 14, Marshall and Red Lake Counties, Minnesota.

Clerk of Court's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court
County of Marshall } Fourteenth Judicial District

In the matter of the petition of Ole C. Steen [illegible]

[illegible] and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court; and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of said Clerk; and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and terminus of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch No. 14, including a description of land over which the same passes, is as follows, viz:—

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 45 min. north and 950 min. west of ¼ section corner on the east side of section 12 Twp. 154 N. Range 44 W. thence in a westerly direction parallel to ½ section line thru section 12, 11, 10, 9 and 8 to a point about 45 min. feet east and 45 feet north to the center of section 8 said Township and Range; thence in a northerly direction parallel to ¼ section line thru section 8 and 5, to a point about 45 feet east and 45 feet south of ¼ section corner on north side of section 5, aforesaid Twp. and Range; thence running in a westerly direction to junction with Marshall County Ditch No. 5, then a running along the course of said County Ditch No. 5 in a westerly direction along north boundary line of sections 5 and 6 Twp. 154, Range 44 W. and section 1 and 2 Twp. 154 N. Range 45 W. to a point about 30 feet east of ¼ section corner of north side of section 2, thence by a course N. 38 degrees West about 4300 feet; thence North 30 degrees West a distance of about 1700 feet in section 35 Twp. 155 N. Range 45 West to the [illegible] of said section 35, continuing the last mentioned course a distance of about [illegible] feet in section 34, of last mentioned Twp. and Range to the North boundary of section 34; thence by following respective courses [illegible] North 70 degrees West about [illegible] feet; North 12 degrees 30 minutes West about 930 feet, South 79 degrees 3 min. W. about 700 feet; South 85 degrees West about 310 feet; North 10 degrees West about 300 feet and North 38 degrees W. about [illegible] feet to its termination in a branch of Snake River.

BRANCH "A." Beginning at ½ section corner on North side of section 1 Township 154 N. Range 44 W., thence running south on ½ section line thru section 1 and 12 to an intersection with the main ditch at the center of said section 12.

BRANCH "B." Beginning at a point about 500 feet east of center of section 22 Twp. 155 N. Range 44 W., thence running south 26 degrees 20 minutes W. about 2900 feet in said section 22 about 4350 feet in section 27 and about 950 feet in section 28, Twp. and Range aforesaid, thence running south 1 degree 14 minutes East about 170 feet to an intersection, with the South boundary of said section 28 to a point about 350 feet west of the S. E. corner of said section 28, thence south 26 degrees 13 minutes W. in section 33 said Twp. and Range a distance of about 2400 feet to an intersection with the East 1-16 section line; thence south along said 1-16 section line about 3100 feet to the South boundary of said section 33, thence South 17 degrees 8 minutes West about [illegible] feet thence south 15 degrees 0 minutes West about 745 feet thru section 4 Twp. 154, Range 44 to a point about 800 feet West and 45 feet north of the ¼ section corner between section 4 and 9 said Twp. and Range, thence west parallel to the section line forming north boundary of said section 9 and 8 to an intersection with the main ditch [illegible] ¼ section corner between section 8 and 9 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

BRANCH "C." Beginning at a point near the center of the N. E. ¼ of section 28 Twp. 155 N. Range 44 W., running thence in a southwesterly direction to the ¼ section corner between section 27 and 28 said Twp. and Range, thence south along ¼ section line to the center of said section 28, thence West along the ¼ section line to a point about 229 feet West of the ¼ section corner between sections 26 and 27 Twp. and Range aforesaid, thence south 11 degrees W. about 520 feet, thence south 27 degrees 25 minutes W. about 170 feet, thence north 75 degrees 45 minutes W. about 675 feet to an intersection with the south 1-16 section line in said section 27 thence west along the said south 1-16 section line to an intersection with Branch "B."

BRANCH "D." Beginning at a point 2855 feet north and 25 feet west of ¼ section corner between sections 10 and 11, Twp. 154 N. Range 44 W. thence south parallel to the east boundary of said section 10 to a junction with the main ditch 25 feet west of the aforesaid ¼ section corner.

BRANCH "E." Beginning at a point about 25 feet west and 45 feet north of the SE corner section 14, Twp. 154 N., Range 44 W., and running thence westerly parallel to the section line to a point [illegible] feet east and 45 feet north of the SW corner of Section 15 said Twp. and Range, thence north parallel to section line to a junction with the main ditch near ¼ section corner between sections 8 and 9 said Twp. 154 N. Range 44 W.

BRANCH "F." Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 27 and 34 Twp. 155 N. Range 44 W., and running thence along ¼ section line south thru said section 34 to a junction with the main ditch near the ¼ section corner on south side of said section 34 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

And that the said engineer's report shows the dimensions of said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Agnes C. Conrad, Moe Real Estate & Mortgage Co., N. A. Borsheim, Rasmus Cru, John Rone, John Nordhagen, E. D. Reitsgaard, Louis Lee, Ole Thoen, Jr., H. B. Dobner, Robert Lee, Johanes E. Carle, Carsten Christenson, Frank M. Mousley, Anna Mousley, Ole P. [illegible], Axel Kron, O. Knudson, Henry Eide, Nutres Nelson, August Johnson, John F. Carlson, Ole R. Brooten, Gustal Opseth, Carl Z. Myhere, Ole O. Steen, S. E. [illegible], W. W. Prichard, Ole O. Ness, Tore Fergerson, Tom Fergerson, Amund Normal, S. T. Stebbins, Daniel Shaw, C. N. Sorenson, Nels Burtness, Julius S. Sonter, C. H. Herding, Ole J. Tweet, F. N. Meed, Peter N. Waldness, G. J. Nordhagen, Knut Knutseth, Knut Lyngegaard, Amund A. Myron, Anna Larson and minor children, Magnhilda Amundson, G. Vandertunk, P. E. Soderberg, Pete Peterson, Margaerete Lingelback, Reinhart Karlson, Helvor Erickson, Ole Nelson, Lars J. Putt, Ole P. Roene, Peter B. Nornald, Benjamin Anderson, Andrew Ecklund, Richard Warden, John Hjohannson, Sakarias Skeeren, Nels Samuelson, H. & C. Ellen, Carl Swanson, Aaron Martinson, John Grin, F. B. Roberts, Frans Rovner, Margarette Wight, Axel S. Axelson, Agnes M. Dobner, Edward D. Selnes, Axel Larson, Evan A. Harmon, J. E. Helquist, J. Johnson, Sven J. Haugen, T. Metlum, Emil Idonberg, Sven J. Haugen, Axel Larson, L. E. Jones, John Kemmer, John L. Haug, Thom Halten, Thom Halten, Gilbert Erickson, F. B. Roberts, John Remmem, John P. Kennedy, Amund Remmen, J. F. McLaughlin, State of Minnesota, L. Lambertson, C. A. Williams, L. E. Jones, Maria Anderson, Albert Paulson, Fred Metlum, A. O. Opseth, E. O. Selness, Henry Garske, Henry Hess, Frank Rowick, Christian Engen, Erick P. Johanson, Ole J. Dahl, O. A. Flynn, H. A. Halverson, Katherine Haller, Tri-State Land Co., Knute Jorstal, Paul Schruse, Lottemark & Kieser, Peter Sorenson, Gustav Nakken, Peter Mellum, Jackin Meegenta, Olof Opseth, Paul Erickson, Sivert Relteseth, Sam Thompson, Anna Stodsvold, Iver L. Kronstad, Lars Thompson, First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Louis Thompson, Ivar S. Kragstad, Bernard Brodson, Peter Erickson, E. L. & H. O. Dobner, W. E. Larimore, John Halvorson, J. G. Wilson, N. A. Worthing, A. Larson, O. G. Willson, W. W. Forts, Anton Miller, Ellsworth Jones & Co., John H. Lee, Fred Stavlund, James & L. Bufman, A. Grindeland, Chas. Bergman, J. M. Westby, N. Nordhagen, Sven J. Haugen, Iver M. Westby, Erik Blomberg, S. T. Daken, John D. & Fred D. Van Allen, C. A. Lundell, J. S. Larson, Louis Westman, Chas. Tanquest, Peter Lindquist, J. S. Larson, J. B. Larson, Swante Larson, John B. Peterson, Geo. H. Dayton, E. Carlson, G. Carlson, Otto S. Bland, John S. Grant, Albert Brown, O. E. Hammer, O. Carlson, Mary Nelson, Warner Draitts, P. J. Anderson, L. A. Jonson, Julius J. Olson, J. J. Olson, O. M. Sonnesen, Carl A. Swanson, Frank Rovick, Christian Engen, Bertha Sangren, Iver Olson, and the following Townships, Viz.: Norden in Red Lake County, Minnesota, and New Solum and Viking in Marshall County, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby given, that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said Court and Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the Court Room in the Court House, in the City of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of May, 1910 at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, and, that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or branches or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated April 8th, 1910.
(District Court Seal)

A. C. SWANBY
Clerk of District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.

Brown & Ecistrom,
Attorneys for Petitioners
Warren, Minn.

NURSING MOTHERS show the beneficial effects of

Scott's Emulsion

in a very short time. It not only builds her up, but enriches the mother's milk and properly nourishes the child.

Nearly all mothers who nurse their children should take this splendid food-tonic, not only to keep up their own strength but to properly nourish their children.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

He Needed It.

"I have a little volume here," began the agent.

"Git out an' shet the door, durn you!" shouted the victim. "I hain't got no use for no sech trash."

"Yes, you have," countered the caller. "This is a treatise on 'Good Manners and Good Grammar.'"—Cleveland Leader.

Spring Poem Sprung.

Buds, bonds,
Waterwash and suds;
Bees, trees,
Maybe a freeze;
Hats, gents,
Searchers for flats;
Stuff, heat,
Carpets to beat.
—Kansas City Times.

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling. S.S.S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.
S. R. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

These Clothes Guaranteed to You

NO other clothes save Clothcraft protect you with such a liberal guarantee—the Clothcraft makers sign it and we stand back of it, too. It's the only *pure wool* and *lasting style* guarantee ever given you at these prices.

The scientific tailoring methods used by the Clothcraft makers enable them to give you with every Clothcraft suit an insurance policy against disappointment. Yet the guaranteed Clothcraft costs you no more than ordinary clothes.

We are proud to show this superior line of clothes for we know they will always give you the fullest satisfaction.

CLOTHCRAFT
All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

Clothcraft manufacturers are the only ones in the country that dare guarantee clothes at these prices.
Why not profit by it?

The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere Proprietor

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for **HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC.** Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers.

ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

AGENTS WANTED

The Indemnity Life and Accident Co., of Minneapolis, Minn. Capitol $100,000. The first old Line Life and Accident Company organized and licensed under the laws of Minnesota, offers an unusual opportunity for bright, energetic men to acquire a permanent and lucrative position, representing the Company, in unoccupied territory. Previous experience desirable but not essential. For further information address the Home Office.

THE INDEMNITY LIFE AND ACCIDENT CO.
3rd Floor Lumber Exchange. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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MADE FROM AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES ARE RUST PROOF
GET THE GENUINE. CATALOGUE FREE.
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LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
LYLE, MINN. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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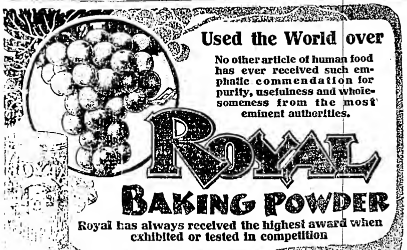
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.


Used the World over

No other article of human food has ever received such emphatic commendation for purity, usefulness and wholesomeness from the most eminent authorities.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal has always received the highest award when exhibited or tested in competition

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

[illegible]

Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition by the County of Red Lake has been made, filed in my office, and duly presented to the City Council of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, praying for the vacation of the alley between Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and Lots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, in Block One in Langevin's Subdivision of Church lot in the original Townsite of Red Lake Falls, and said petition will be heard, considered and acted upon by the City Council of said city, at a meeting of said Council to be held at the city hall, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 10th day of May, 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Dated April 5th 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, Andy Erickson and Annie M. Erickson, his wife, did on the 24th day of February A. D. 1906, make, execute and deliver to the G. Heileman Brewing Company of LaCrosse, Wisconsin, their certain promissory note and mortgage for the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars ($900.00) with the power of sale therein contained, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota on the 2nd day of March 1906 at 11:30 o'clock A. M. in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on Page One (1) and

WHEREAS, default having been made in the payment of said principal sum of Nine Hundred Dollars ($900.00) together with interest thereon from February 24th, 1906, at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum, which amount is claimed to be due and was due at the date of this notice upon said note and mortgage to the aforesaid G. Heileman Brewing Company, mortgagee, and

WHEREAS further default has been made by failure of mortgagors to pay the taxes in accordance with the terms of said mortgage, for the years 1906, 1907 and 1908 amounting to One Hundred Forty-one Dollars and Eleven Cents ($141.11) which amount has been paid by the mortgagee, and

WHEREAS further default has been made by failure of the mortgagor to keep the property insured for the benefit of the mortgagee in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00) in accordance with the provisions of said Mortgage, the premium for which insurance, amounting to Forty ($40.00) Dollars the mortgagee has paid, and

WHEREAS, said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises described and conveyed by said mortgage, said premises and real estate being situated in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number Ten (10) in Block number Thirty-six (36) of the Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said County and State on the 8th day of June A. D. 1910 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Eleven Hundred Forty-one Dollars and Eighty-six Cents ($1141.86) being the full amount of principal, interest, taxes and insurance due at the date of this notice, together with interest on said sum from the date of this notice. Also Fifty Dollars ($50) attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, also Thirty-six Dollars and Ninety-eight Cents ($36.98) taxes levied and assessed against said premises and real estate for the year 1909 together with the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1910.

G. HEILEMAN BREWING COMPANY
By F. T. Moeller,
Secretary.

L. L. Brown
Winona, Minnesota,
George H. Gordon
LaCrosse, Wisconsin,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the 12 day of May A. D. 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, at the office of the County Auditor of Marshall County, Minnesota, in the Court House in the City of Warren in said County, and the County Auditors of Marshall and Red Lake Counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 14 of Marshall and Red Lake Counties together with the branches thereof, shown in the Engineer's report, all as established by order of the Judge of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received at the said time and place for the work as one job, or for one or more of linear sections of one hundred feet thereof as shown by the Engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said Main Ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said Engineer's report.

No bids will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent, the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a State or National Bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren, Auditor of Marshall County, Minnesota, and A. A. Laudreese, Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota, said certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said Counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute bond as provided by law.

The estimates, profiles, blue prints and specifications and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the Clerk of District Court of said Marshall County, Minnesota, in the City of Warren in said County.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such Ditch is as follows:—

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of Main Ditch and branches is 231,470 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $23,347.60.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. G. Lundgren,
(County Auditor's Seal) County Auditor.
14428 Marshall County, Minnesota.

Chapter 22 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, entitled "Forestry and fire wardens," Requires the Forestry Commissioner to prepare an abstract of the penal laws relating to forest and prairie fires and he may require any county board to cause at least three weeks published notice thereof to be given. The following is accordingly hereby published:

STATE OF MINNESOTA
Office of Forestry Commission.
St. Paul March 15, 1910.

The law of Minnesota for preventing and suppressing forest and prairie fires, as amended by Chapter 182, Laws of 1909, makes town supervisors, town clerks, village presidents and mayors of cities fire wardens, and requires them to take precautions against, report them promptly and prosecute offenders.

THE LAW FORBIDS:

Setting fire and not extinguishing it before it endangers the property of another;

Throwing or dropping burning substance into combustible material without extinguishing same;

Starting camp fire without clearing ground within a radius of ten feet.

Setting fire to brush or slashings in clearing land before piling same;

Setting fire to brush or slashings or other combustible material in a dry season, or allowing fire to be burning or smouldering in such season.

Those who cut timber or wood to sell must pile the slashings and burn the same as soon as practicable, and when it can be done without danger, and before the first of May.

Rangers may be appointed in a dry and dangerous season.

● Railroad companies must keep their right of ways clear of combustible material, extinguish fires that occur near their lines of road, also patrol their roads in dangerous weather. The master mechanic and locomotive engineer, as well as the company, are responsible for the efficiency of spark arresters.

The minimum penalty for violation of any of the provisions of this law is $50; the maximum penalty, $100 or three months imprisonment in jail.

C. C. ANDREWS,
Forestry Commissioner.

BROOKS.

Quite a few attended mass at Lambert.

Mrs. C. Coleman left Saturday for her home in Little Falls after a two week's stay with her daughter, Miss Edna.

Mr. Walter Barthiaume from Grand Rapids was a visitor in Brooks Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Art Lambert got hurt at Higgins & McDonnel's Camp.

Mr. Walter Darthiaume, accompanied by Miss Marie Benoit, drove to Terrebonne Sunday.

Mr. W. Hunt and Miss Dulue drove to Terrebonne Sunday.

Bazaar at Brooks.

Brooks, Minn.—A church bazaar for the benefit of the Union Church of Brooks was held in the M. W. A. hall on April second and the neat sum of forty dollars was realized for the church fund.

The ladies also have an autograph quilt which when sold will add a few more dollars to the fund.

Supper was served from six till eight and a number of useful and pretty articles made by the ladies, were sold. A confectionary stand and fish pond were also conducted and everyone went home highly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

TERREBONNE.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. R Thibert, April 3, a boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Massonet, April 2, a girl.

Rev. C. Massonot of Crookston and Rev. Bossus of Red Lake were last week the guests of Fr. Veilleux.

Last Sunday occurred in Terrebonne the marriage of Miss Rose Lachance to Mr. Homer Parenteau. The young couple will live at Perrault Station where Mr. Parenteau runs the cheese factory.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Gibeau and son accompanied by Rev. Bossus and Miss Eleanore Donnadieu, visited last Sunday afternoon with Fr. Veilleux, coming out in Mr. Gibeau's pretty auto.

STAND-PAT OR INSURGENT?

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued from page 1.

tion, and we can't have an organization unless we have the stuff to make one out of. Where are our campaign funds to come from unless we have the administration back of us and the congressional campaign strong box to draw on? We're not in politics for our health. We've got to be regular and that's all there is to it. It's up to the state convention to endorse the national administration and show the president that our heart is in the right place.

The Wild-eyed.

That's the way they talk, and whatever Hugh Halbert and the other wild-eyed may say, the Old Guard are simply wild to see Clapp slopping over the way he does. The governor is especially chagrined that Clapp, after his nomination had been assured through his friends acting with Grimshaw and his bunch, should take it into his head to break out in a new place. For when Governor Eberhart was down at Washington he fixed it all up with the president to have his oraganiazlion line up with the Tawney crowd and the regulars. There had been some symptoms of hysterics, to be sure, he told the president; but these would soon subside and when it came to the fall elections he would see to it that the Republicans were in line alright, alright.

The Governor's Program.

Up to within a few days the governor felt pretty sure that by pursuing his usual diplomatic methods he would be able to make good. The Beveridge outburst, however, and Clapp lining himself up with Beveridge and against Taft, puts altogether another face on the matter. The convention is sure to nominate Clapp and to praise him for the independent stand he has taken against the unpopular national policies. That is the very first thing it has to do. It is the opening business laid out for the delegates to attend to. Having done this the governor has the unpleasant task laid out for him to compel the convention to stultify itself by, after having praised Clapp for the opposition he set up to the policies of the president, praising the president for having outlined those policies and for using the federal patronage to secure their embodiment in the national statutes.

Nelson For Chairman.

The announcement is made that the governor's slatemakers have selected Senator Nelson to be the permanent chairman of the convention. This plan is understood to have originated with Private Secretary Wheelock and to be intended to indicate to the president the attitude of Minnesota Republicans in the matter of the inquiry now being made by the congressional committee of which Senator Nelson is chairman. The president honored Glavis; he removed Pinchot. He gave Ballinger to understand that he regarded him as a conservator from away back. Senator Nelson has divided his time pretty fairly since the investigation began between browbeating Galvis and quarreling with the attorney employed by Mr. Pinchot. It was Secretary Wheelock's view that under these circumstances the selection now of Senator Nelson to the permanent chairman of the Republican convention would be regarded by the president as the proper caper.

Facing Both Ways.

There are among the Republican candidates—even among those who are trying to make it appear that they are identified with the administration slate a good deal of coquetting going on with the county option people. Indeed it is said that some of the candidates for lieutenat governor are trying pretty hard to carry water on both shoulders. It is noted that some of them who are most anxious to please the temperance folks maintain intimate relations with quite a different crowd.

Temperance Champion Gone.

Incidently it may be said that the advocates of county option sustained a very serious loss when Joel Heatwole died. Mr. Heatwole was known to be on confidential terms with the county option leaders and arrangements were made months ago to call him in council in arranging their plan of campaign. It is pretty certain that, apart from what he had been doing through his paper, Mr. Heatwole could bring more effective strength to the cause through his purely political connections than any man in the state. Public sentiment is all well enough in its way, but delegates are what the county option cause needs. If Mr. Heatwole had lived he would not have exhibited his usual capacity if he had not got some from unexpected quarters.

A Man Who Will be Missed.

And it won't be only the temperance people who will miss him. There will be some danger of a lot of people forgetting that Northfield itself is on the map now that he has gone. In his time there has been little else in Rice county even to make it especially conspicuous politically. Joel had a way of keeping things in the limelight he wanted people to talk about, and the independent and reform press of the state owes perhaps more than it is willing to acknowledge of his present outspoken independence and courage to his initiative.

Disreputable Methods.

Talking about Mr. Heatwole, they had a sample down in this county the other day of about the meanest and dirtiest politics the state has known for some time. They had a city election down in Faribault; a fellow by the name of Smith was running for mayor. There has always been more or less jealousy of Heatwole in that town which, being the county seat, concludes it should be the county's political center. Because Heatwole took that center up in one corner where he lives, he hasn't been as popular in Faribault as otherwise he might be. Smith got the notion in his head that he might make use of this prejudice to his own advantage. So in a campaign sheet he was getting out, dated the day of Mr. Heatwole's death and circulated while he lay in his coffin this paragraph appeared:

"Is it possible that the stuffed prophet of Northfield and the foxy Charley (Congressman Davis) think it dangerous to the interests to elect George L. Smith for a fourth term?"

In this campaign sheet "published and edited by George L. Smith" is admitted under the editorial head, a statement is further referred to as having appeared "in Charles R. Davis' paper, which is run under the direction of Joel P. Heatwole of Northfield." The fact is, I am assured, that Mr. Heatwole has had no connection whatever with a Faribault paper for years, and that since January 11th he not only did not direct such a paper, but was incapacitated by illness from even reading his own. To political scavingers like Smith even the grave is not sacred.

"They are neither man nor woman:
They are neither beast nor human:
They are ghouls."

Lee Still Talking.

William E. Lee is back from a trip to the south and is talking politics again. He isn't at all a Republican of the mealy-mouthed harmony brand. He thinks the party ought to be doing something. In an interview he took pains to give out as soon as he came back he said among other things:

"But county option is only one of the problems the Republican party will have to face. The brewers and other big interests and politicians have had altogether too much to say about platforms and nominations and the people will have to be considered. The party will have to do something or it might as well go out of business. There is not only the liquor problem, but the platform will have to say something on such questions as ship subsidy, the central bank and other national questions. The party cannot expect its congressmen to be standing for the people unless there is some such expression of popular will.

"And the platform will have to say something about the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill. That question cannot be dodged, as has been done in some states. The people will not be satisfied with a lot of platitudes. Neither can the party expect to win if it allows a few big brewers to name the candidate for governor just because they chip in a little for the campaign fund. It cannot allow the interests to run the party and lead it to defeat, as has been done in the last three campaigns.

"Whether I will be a candidate or not is of small importance in comparison with some of these questions. There are some things the people are demanding shall be done, and it is a question whether the Republican party shall do it or let some other party do it."

—PAUL PRY.

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Your Choice From 10,000,000 Orange Trees

We pack 60 per cent of California's orange crop—three-fourths of its lemons. From this great quantity we choose the solid, tree-ripened, deliciously flavored fruit for our special brand, "SUNKIST."

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

They are always packed in wrappers bearing the name "Sunkist." Be sure the oranges you get have these wrappers, for they not only insure you the finest oranges that can be grown, but for every twelve you send us we will give you a

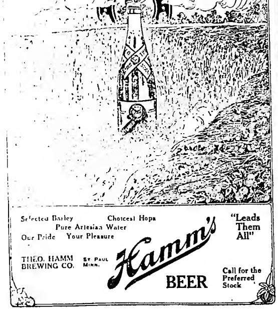
Handsome Orange Spoon FREE

These spoons are Rogers' Best Quality Standard AA—a beautiful pattern designed especially for us. You couldn't buy anything more handsome, no matter what price you paid. Think how quickly you can get an entire set—an attractive addition to your table service.

Buy a dozen "Sunkist" Oranges or Lemons today, and send us the wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay for postage, packing, etc. You will get your first spoon by return mail.

Address California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark St. :: :: CHICAGO

Buy "Sunkist" Lemons as well as "Sunkist" Oranges. The fruit is equally fine, and we accept lemon wrappers for spoons.



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Hamm's BEER

"Leads Them All"

Call for the Preferred Stock

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

LAMBERT.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Herbert, April 7, a girl.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Marconette, April 1, a girl.

Miss Clara Herbert has come home to Brooks from Crookston.

Mr. Bourgeois and family have moved over to Mr. Kinish's old place.

Mr. Joe Perrault has moved to the place where Mr. Bourgeois used to live.

Mr. and Mrs. Kinish have left for the west.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Champagne and family are in Brooks, intending to live there in the future.

Misses Mary and Rosy Bourgeois went to the hotel at Brooks to pass the evening with the other people. They went back home Monday with Adlard Darmers.

Miss Clara Champagne is at home again.

For Sale—Incubator and brooder, good condition.—Mrs. V. H. Dettling. A14

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Fine 160 Acre Farm.

2⅓ miles from Erskine, 1½ miles from Cisco; good sandy loam, clay subsoil. Partly plowed. Good creek. One of best pieces in Polk county for farming and stock purposes.—Wheelock & Gilfillan, 502 German American Bank Building St. Paul, Minn. A7

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissapation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
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J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
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ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
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CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breuet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mireo, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. D. J. Doran. Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

Reliable Active Agents
Wanted to sell the wonderful
Bennett Portable Typewriter
In this county.
It has writing efficiency of expensive machines. Will sell on sight—well advertised. Big money in it for the right party.
Write today F. S. BENNETT TYPEWRITER CO.
366 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.

ONE OF ADAM'S TROUBLES

Incident in the Garden of Eden That Must Be Taken for What It Is Worth.

Rev. Dr. Charles Townsend of Orange was one of the speakers at the Park Presbyterian Church Men's club banquet last week, and told this story of one of the troubles of the original ancestor:

"Adam had eaten the elaborate repast furnished by his helpmeet with every indication that he relished each morsel. He complimented her upon the dainty manner in which the bluepoints were served, the flavor of the puree of pea, the seasoning of the fish and entree, and finally reached a delicious salad. Adam paused, and with a worried look on his face he demanded of Eve where she found the ingredients. She enumerated all except the lettuce.

"'Where did you get those leaves?' he demanded.

"'Why, they were lying on a bush in the back yard,' she replied sweetly.

"'Well, those were my best Sunday trousers,' sobbed Adam, adding, 'Ah, woe is man,' which was corrupted into 'woman,' the term by which we know Eve's daughters."—Newark Star.

Money and expense are not essential to [illegible] and attractive rooms. One dollar and fifty cents' worth of material [illegible] transform a rude, mar[illegible] into a graceful, dainty apartment.

It is good taste and skill that makes the home homelike. That dainty touch is worth twice as much as money.

Wall paper is expensive. It costs money to buy it, to hang it and again to remove it. With the use of the alabastined wall there is only the slight cost of the material. Anyone can brush it on—and it [illegible] to wash it off the wall when a fresh coat is required.

It is very easy to mix, very simple to apply, and the results are simply beautiful. [illegible] can be done at just [illegible] the cost of a single [illegible] ordinary materials are used. [illegible] true that now that we have [illegible] materials for use in the [illegible] hours, that wall paper, [illegible] and paint are now as [illegible] the old time whitewash [illegible] candles and rough hewn [illegible]. More money is no longer an essential in good homefurnishing in artistic [illegible].

The new materials and labor saving machines are most welcome to us all—and every thoughtful woman, every woman who cares for her home, is quick to utilize them.

WHAT DID HE MEAN?

Landlady—I had to pay 25 cents a pound for this steak.

Star Boarder—That's tough.

BABY'S SKIN TORTURE

"When our baby was seven weeks old he broke out with what we thought was heat, but which gradually grew worse. We called in a doctor. He said it was eczema and from that time we doctored six months with three of the best doctors in Atchison but he only got worse. His face, head and hands were a solid sore. There was no end to the suffering for him. We had to tie his little hands to keep him from scratching. He never knew what it was to sleep well from the time he took the disease until he was cured. He kept us awake all hours of the night and his health wasn't what you would call good. We tried everything but the right thing.

"Finally I got a set of the Cuticura Remedies and I am pleased to say we did not use all of them until he was cured. We have waited a year and a half to see if it would return but it never has and to-day his skin is clear and fair as it possibly could be. I hope Cuticura may save some one else's little ones suffering and also their pocket-books. John Leason, 1103 Atchison St., Atchison, Kan., Oct. 19, 1909."

A Call for Cough Drops.

"I tell you I must have some money," roared the king of Maritania, who was in sore financial straits. "Somebody will have to cough up."

"Alas!" sighed the guardian of the treasury, who was formerly the court jester, "all our coffers are empty."—Tit-Bits.

Another Bright Boy.

"Now, children, asked the teacher, "what is the use of a calendar?"

"Please, mum," answered Willie, "it tells where you'd orter git yer life insured."—Cleveland Leader.

Too Busy to See.

Patience—Do you believe there are microbes in kisses?

Patrice—I never saw any.—Yonkers Statesman.

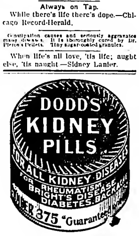
DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Always on Tap.

While there's life there's dope.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

When life's all love, 'tis life; aught else, 'tis naught.—Sidney Lanier.



COMET IS HARMLESS

When It Hits Will Make Pretty Show, But Do No Damage.

Peculiar Electrical Conditions May Be Looked For About the Middle of May—19th of May Date of Passage.

Washington. — Astronomers have fixed the 19th of May as the day of the passage of the earth through the tail of Halley's comet, at which time the celestial visitor will be at its most brilliant period on its perihelion passage through the solar system.

Comets come and go, and while in the solar system assume various shapes of circles, knots, twists and streaky tails and then leave those on the earth forever in doubt as whence they come and whither they go—a conclusion of the physicist and astronomer.

But this spring when the comet comes it will afford the rare chance, as the earth passes through its tail, of learning much in regard to comets and their accompanying phenomena. This will include distinctive markings as bright patches, streaks, straight and twisted, many and various shapes of tails and any other phenomena as may present itself to the observer.

In the passage of the earth through the tail of Halley's comet there will be a polarization of its light, light fluctuations, earth currents, which mean a marked change in the electrical condition of the atmosphere—auroreal displays may be expected for several days at the intersection of the earth with the material of the comet.

The color of the sun will be temporarily modified in the earth's passage through the tail. Twilight panorama, luminous clouds, dust particles in the air and the apparent brilliancy of zodiacal light may be greater during the passage through even so rare a substance as the tail of a comet. The auroral line will perhaps show up to be the most interesting and the most spectacular phenomena in the passage of the earth through the comet's tail.

Dr. Humphreys of the Mount Weather observatory, speaking of this phenomena, says: "Evidently the source of this line is not definitely known, but conceivably it may be rendered more brilliant by the passage of the earth through the tail of a comet, and therefore it would be well for some favorably situated observer carefully to measure its brilliancy on several consecutive nights, so selected as systematically to overlap the calculated date of our supposed passage through the tail of Halley's comet."

The late Prof. S. P. Langley said: "The encounter of the earth with a comet's tail would be like the encounter with a shadow, and the chances of a collision with the nucleus is remote indeed."

Some time about the middle of May the earth will pass through the tail of Halley's comet.

The real gist of the stunt will be known only by the mathematical astronomer, and if there should be a hitch in the performance they would hardly have the opportunity to explain the slip-up in the laws of gravitation.

Far away in the depths of space, so remote from our planetary system, lies the future comet. Across the abyss which intervenes between the comet and the sun the law of gravitation extends its sway. After the lapse of centuries, or thousands of years, the comet is seen to be rapidly approaching—it whirls around the sun, and then recedes further and further, perhaps never again to return to our system.

BOGOTA HAS STREET RAILWAY RIOTS

STREET SCENE IN BOGOTA

MINISTER ELLIOTT NORTHCOTT

BOGOTA, COLOMBIA. — Riotous mobs have succeeded in stopping the operations of the Bogota City Railway Company, and now the Colombian employes of the company, terrorized by the crowds, have refused to make further efforts to move the cars. The American legation, which was stoned some days ago, is protected by the local authorities and Minister Northcott is doing all in his power to bring the troubles to an end. The Bogota City Railway Company is composed of Americans who received a concession from former President Reyes. The granting of the concession proved very unpopular, and the rioting, directed against the Americans followed.

Day Just Like Night.

New Orleans.—Volcanic dust, blown from three craters in eruption in Mexico and Central America, mingled with clouds of unusual density, was responsible for "the darkest day" in New Orleans, chickens going to roost several hours ahead of time, according to Capt. John C. Soley, in charge of the local United States hydrographic office, and a seismographic expert. Almost at midday houses were lighted, and outside there was twilight.

MENACE TO PLAGUE

Ground Squirrel and Common Rat Aid Bubonic Plague.

Federal Experts Trace Death of Boy and Alarm Health Department Chief in Chicago—Asks Aid of Government.

Chicago.—Extinction of the ground squirrel as well as of the rat may be necessary if Chicago is to avoid the bubonic plague, according to Dr. W. A. Evans, head of the city health department.

Dr. Evans has received the health bulletin of the federal government, which contains an alarming report on the spread of bubonic plague by fleas that infest these animals. He renewed his advice for the killing of every rat in the city.

Up to August 13, 1909, government inspectors found 178 squirrels in Contra Costa county, California, infected with the plague. Orders were given afterward to poison every squirrel in that county. The government will send out free poison for this purpose.

Two cases that caused Dr. Evans to renew his warning for the extinction of rats in Chicago and that may place the squirrel in the same category are as follows:

"July 15, 1908, a boy who lived on a ranch in the northern part of Contra Costa county, died of the plague. Later in the same month a young woman of Pinole canyon succumbed.

"Infected rats were found on the ranch adjoining that on which the boy lived, according to the government report, and an infected squirrel was found near the house where he had lived. The boy had been shooting squirrels several days before he died and thrust his arm down into a squirrel burrow to get one of the animals he had shot. His arm was bitten by fleas, according to the government physicians, and the disease communicated in that way.

"There is always a constant menace of the bubonic plague anywhere in the United States," said Dr. Evans, "now that it has got a hold in California. If it should ever be introduced into Chicago the conditions would be alarming, owing to the prevalence of rats and the difficulties of exterminating them.

"The building regulations of most places in California call for rat-proof cellars, but here it is too late to take such precautions. We would also have to provide for rat-proof garbage cans and keep the rats away from all food in the alleys and cellars.

"The government officials recognize the danger of the spread of the plague and are taking every means to prevent it. Prevention is better than cure, and Chicago must assist in the work.

"If the squirrel is in the same class as the rat he must also be exterminated."

Following Dr. Evans' first warning to exterminate rats, many large business houses in Chicago called in rat catchers. It is estimated that since the crusade against rodents was started a year ago nearly 200,000 rats have been killed in the city.

Injurious Concrete Floors.

Opponents of the use of concrete for floors in factories contend that the stonelike surface is injurious to the feet and backs of workmen, and that the dust ground from the concrete finds its way into and injures the machine bearings.

Record in Picture Taking

Remarkable Achievement of Mr. F. Dundas Todd, a Victoria (B. C.) Photographer.

Victoria, B. C.—What is stated to be the longest distance photograph ever produced was recently taken from Victoria, the subject matter being Mount Baker, distant from here 75 miles. The photographer, F. Dundas Todd, spent 18 months before he finally was successful in taking his subject, walking each morning during that time to the top of Reservoir hill. On a clear, calm morning, when the towering summit of the Cascades was clearly defined against the sky-line, 12 photographs were taken from Shotholt's hill, Mr. Todd having decided upon this point after many futile visits to Reservoir hill.

The record longest distance photograph previously taken was one in Switzerland, over a distance of 65 miles. The present picture covers 75 miles, and whereas the former was taken over land the latter possesses the drawback of having had to shoot across 40 miles of water, which produces a mirage effect in photos. In Mr. Todd's photograph eight or nine planes of different values are clearly defined. First is seen the land below Shotholt's hill, then a sheet of water broken by Discovery and Chatham islands; beyond these more water, and then the end of San Juan island, on which a house is distinctly visible. Further away still a portion of Lopez island is discernible, then come the foothills of the Cascades, while crowning all, standing out in clear and distinct relief in all its snowclad majesty, is Mount Baker.

The picture was taken at midday during two hours of absolute calm. The camera was an old one, invented some twenty years ago. The focal lens was 68 inches in length. Special plates were used. The ray filter with which the photograph was taken was designed by Prof. Wallace of Yerkes Observatory, who presented it to Mr. Todd.

Mr. Todd has won several medals for photographs he has taken in Scotland, England and the United States.

No man is a hero to his own alarm clock.—Harvard Lampoon.

Bear an Effective Curfew

Timid Remain at Home at Night While Armed Expedition Search for Animal.

Clayton, N. J.—Reports of the presence of a large black bear in Jericho swamp, near here, have acted like a curfew on the timid, who will keep under shelter after dark until Bruin is captured, which will be soon, say the hunters, who, 50 strong, will explore the vast swamp in hope of apprehending his bearship.

The bear was discovered the other night by Louis G. Fisher, who, with Thomas A. Downs, Thomas Stalford, David Moore, Corbett Fisler and Ashley Ashbridge, was on a fox hunt. It was after midnight before the hounds took a trail, and Fisler rushed ahead of his comrades into the swamp, holding a lantern aloft to show the way. A big black object, which the hunters declare was a bear, with a powerful paw knocked the lantern from Fisler's hand and extinguished the light just as 18 hounds arrived and pandemonium reigned.

The hunters rescued Fisler and dragged him to a place of safety, while the bear and the hounds rush into the deep swamp. The chase was kept up until daybreak, when the tired hunters returned to town with several dogs missing.

Farmers' Whittle Club.

Owensville, Ind.—A whittle club has been organized among the farmers living in the Twinaham school neighborhood.

Guy Lofton is the president of this novel club; Perry Hays, vice-president; Earl Lofton, secretary, Ford Gillison, keeper of whittling material; Edgar Woods, knife sharpener.

One of the rules of the club is that any member who brings the subject of tariff reform, Panama canal and other national questions for discussion while the club is in session will be fined not less than one box of cigars.

ADDS TO CONSCIENCE FUND

Tennessee Preacher Sends Forty Two-Cent Postage Stamps to Street Car Company.

Syracuse, N. Y.—"Conscience money" came to C. Loomis Allen, general manager of the Syracuse Rapid Transit Company, in the form of 40 two-cent stamps, purporting to have been forwarded by Rev. H. E. Tower, a Tennessee clergyman.

The letter, which was the first instance of restitution for evaded car fares on the local street railway company, read:

"Maryville, Tenn.—Dear Sir: Some time ago, while a resident of your city I evaded several fares on the street car. Inclosed please find 40 stamps refund.

"I am serving the right Master now and desire to make all things right as far as possible. If you are not the right official to pay kindly pass it on to the proper official. Yours in his service,

"REV. E. E. TOWER, (Evangelist)."

The KITCHEN CABINET

"JUST being happy helps other souls along;
Their burdens may be heavy and they not strong;
And your own sky will lighten,
If other skies you brighten
By just being happy with a heart full of song."
—R. D. Saunders.

General Rules for Vegetables.

Select vegetables carefully, choosing each in the season when it is at its best.

Over-grown vegetables are often tough, pithy and unpalatable.

Wilted vegetables may often be freshened by soaking or sprinkling with water before cooking.

In looking over vegetables, much may be saved if thought is taken. The inside of a cabbage is much more tender, so save the inner portion for the salad, using the other part for cooking as a vegetable.

Potatoes should be looked over, the poorer ones used when the potatoes are to be mashed or cut in cubes. The potatoes for baking should be chosen which are smooth and long.

All vegetables should be put into boiling water, and salt may be added to the root vegetables.

If the water is very hard, a little soda will soften it.

Left-over vegetables may be used as a foundation for creamed soups by putting them through a sieve, adding milk, cream or butter and seasonings with a binding of flour.

The water in which strong flavored vegetables are cooked should be changed several times. The odor of cabbage and onions is less disagreeable if the vegetables are cooked in an uncovered kettle.

Color of peas or any green vegetable is best retained by boiling in an uncovered kettle.

Delmonico Potatoes.

Cut boiled potatoes into cubes. Put a layer of the potatoes into a buttered baking dish, cover with a white sauce in which three tablespoonfuls of chopped cheese is melted, repeat with the potato, then cover with buttered crumbs and grated cheese. Bake until thoroughly heated.

Minced Liver.

Cook the liver of chickens or calf in simmering water for 40 minutes; remove all stringy portions and chop fine. Moisten with a little of the water in which it was cooked, add butter, salt and onion juice, season with pepper and serve with baked potatoes.

"THE common problem, yours, mine, everyone's
Is—not to fancy what were fair in life
Provided it could be; but finding first
What may be, then find how to make it fair
Up to our means—a very different thing."
—Robert Browning.

Butter and Other Fats.

We need have no quarrel with good butter, provided we have the wherewithal to pay for it; but when a workingman who earns nine or ten dollars a week must pay rent, buy fuel and food for his family of five or six, clothe them and lay by something for the doctor's bill or a rainy day, the outgo is far in excess of the income.

Much has been said against the manufactured fats, such as butterine, oleomargarine and like fats; but when they are produced under clean conditions as we are assured they are, why will not people allow the poor laborer his butter fat in this form when he cannot afford to pay 35 and 40 cents a pound for butter.

These fats are clean and wholesome, and if one can overcome the distaste for the slight flavor, just as good, as any other form of clean fat, even butter.

In cooking they may be used without the slightest of the characteristic flavors being noticed. For a salad dressing requiring a large proportion of butter, the butterine may be used with excellent advantage.

As these fats are about one-half the price of butter, it is quite an item for the poor man who has to count and turn over every penny before spending it.

Many farmers are buying oleo, or butterine for their families, and selling cream and butter at a high price. That of course, is a saving, and if it is made up to the family in other ways perfectly just, if they are satisfied.

There is another class of farmers who are so sure that the manufactured butters are going to ruin the dairy business that they never allow an occasion to slip to strike at the product. With butter at a reasonable price there would be no question which the workingman would choose, for of all fats, butter is one of the most nutritious and easy of digestion.

"Let us live and let live."

Nellie Maxwell.

Not a Bad Break.

"I understand that you have broken your pledge not to eat meat?"

"I didn't break it; I just strained it a little."

"Explain."

"I ate a railroad sandwich."—Houston Post.

If we had fewer despairing Christians there would be fewer doubting people.—Chicago Tribune.

As It Looked to Her.

To my little daughter of three the dawning of each new day was a constant marvel and surprise. Going to an east window, she would look out quickly and exclaim: "Mamma, the sky's open again!" One morning there was a heavy fog, and when Beatrice went to the window she cried in great alarm: "Come, quick! Come, quick! The sky's coming down the road."—Woman's Home Companion.

Every loafer thinks he has a hard job—and he has.

NOT LOOKING FOR TROUBLE

Young Man Unnecessarily Alarmed Over Question Put to Him by Old Gentleman.

A quiet, bashful sort of a young fellow was making a call on a Capitol hill girl one evening not so very long ago, when her father came into the parlor with his watch in his hand. It was about half past nine o'clock. At the moment the young man was standing on a chair, straightening a picture over the piano. The girl had asked him to fix it. As he turned, the old gentleman, a gruff, stout fellow, said:

"Young man, do you know what time it is?"

The bashful youth got off the chair nervously. "Yes, sir," he replied. "I was just going."

He went into the hall without any delay and took his hat and coat. The girl's father followed him. As the caller reached for the doorknob the old gentleman again asked him if he knew what time it was.

"Yes, sir," was the youth's reply. "Good-night!" And he left without waiting to put his coat on.

After the door had closed the old gentleman turned to the girl.

"What's the matter with that fellow?" he asked. "My watch ran down this afternoon and I wanted him to tell me the time so that I could set it."—Denver Post.

Murphy.

The prisoner at the bar was of swarthy complexion and was charged with peddling without a license. "What is your name?" asked the magistrate.

"He says his name is Murphy," repeated the policeman on the bridge.

"An Irishman peddling bananas, eh? What part of Ireland do you come from?"

"He says he was born in Italy," again responded the bridge policeman.

"Umph! The Murphys are numerous, but I didn't think they had spread to Italy," said the judge as he made the fine $1 and asked the man to spell his name.

The prisoner wrote on a piece of paper "Giuseppe Muerfee."—New York Sun.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Alas.

A little five-year-old who had been watching her mother dress for an evening entertainment surprised her mother with the following question: "Mother, didn't you say you were almost 40 years old?"

"Yes," replied the mother.

"Well," answered the little girl, "you don't look it tonight, but you will to-morrow morning."—Judge.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Like Seeks Like.

Dentist—My dear, sir, you have a sympathetic toothache.

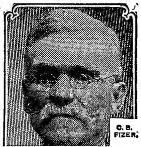
Patient—Then, doctor, I suppose your bill has a sympathetic touch.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Take a good watch to a pawnbroker and see how quickly the time passes.

KIDNEY TROUBLE

Suffered Ten Years—Relieved in Three Months Thanks to PE-RU-NA.



C. B. FIZER.

C. B. FIZER, Mt. Sterling, Ky., says: *"I have suffered with kidney and bladder trouble for ten years past.*

"Last March I commenced using Peruna and continued for three months. I have not used it since, nor have I felt a pain."

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE—To demonstrate the value of Peruna in all catarrhal troubles we will send you a sample bottle absolutely free by mail.

The merit and success of Peruna is so well known to the public that our readers are advised to send for sample bottle: Address the Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio. Don't forget to mention you read this generous offer in the..........

If in need of advice write our Medical Department, stating your case fully. Our physician in charge will send you advice free, together with literature containing common sense rules for health, which you cannot afford to be without.

BASE BALL SUITS

Boys' Suits	$1.25—$1.75
Men's Suits	2.39— 8.55
Samples of cloth sent free.	
League Masks	$1.69
American League Balls	1.00
Gloves 25 cts to	3.50
Mitts 25 cts to	7.00
Slugger League Bats	.85

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COUPON

Name ....
Town ....
State ....
Route ....

THE W. R. BURKHARD CO.
St. Paul, Minn.

Pla-Mate Shoes

Are the Best Shoes Built for Children

Only the best material and finest workmanship go into Pla-Mate Shoes—just as good in every way as the finest shoe for grown-ups. Notice the shape of the shoe—it follows the natural lines of the foot and allows it to develop as Nature intended it to. The children like them because they are soft, flexible and so comfortable—the parents like them because while they cost a little more at the start they are the cheapest in the end as one pair of Pla-Mate Shoes outlast two pairs of ordinary children's shoes, and they hold their shape so well. Sizes 4 to 12, in all suitable leathers and in lace, button and oxford styles. If you can't buy Pla-Mate Shoes from your dealer, send us his name and state size and style wanted and we'll see that you are supplied.

$1.75 & $2.00

Williams, Hoyt & Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

Tea Time Talks

It's always tea time when you are tired or thirsty.

The Protection of Perfection

"Salada" is the choicest tea of Ceylon. It is very carefully put up in hermetically sealed lead packages. This protection preserves its perfection. The fragrance and flavor of "Salada" are absolutely secure from evaporation or contamination.

Tea is most sensitive to exposure. The delicious flavor, the delicate aroma of "Salada" would be lost or vitiated, if not locked up in that air-tight lead package.

Tea sold in bulk *must* lose any quality it may originally possess.

Yearly sale over 20,000,000 packages

Ask your grocer for "Salada" Tea or send 10 cents for a sample package which makes 40 cups of delicious tea. Say whether Black or Green tea is desired.

Our booklet, "The Story of the Tea Plant," sent free.

"SALADA" TEA CO.,
Shelby Block Detroit, Mich.

A Free Book About Beautiful Walls

We have just issued a book about house decoration. May we send you a copy—free?

It tells how to produce those beautiful walls, now seen in all the finest of homes and hotels.

It suggests color schemes—offers a wealth of ideas. And it tells what has brought alabastine into universal vogue.

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

Alabastine is the only wall coating that doesn't breed germs. It has been so for 30 years.

In the past few years it has become the rage. Fashion now demands it. People of taste—both rich and poor—now have alabastined walls.

Please know the reason. Know the endless color schemes you can get from it. Know how easily you can apply it, even on papered walls.

You will never use wall paper—never use kalsomine—after you know the facts.

Alabastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Good Work In Denmark.

Under legislation enacted in 1905 the Danish government pays three-fourths of the expenses of all poor persons who desire to be treated in tuberculosis sanatoria. When the hospitals under construction are completed Denmark will have one bed in tuberculosis hospitals or sanatoria for every 1,200 inhabitants, a fact which will mean that the length of treatment can be considerably extended. In the United States there is one bed for every 4,500 inhabitants.

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her

Knoxville, Iowa.—"I suffered with pains low down in my right side for a year or more and was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, and am glad to say that your medicines and kind letters of directions have done more for me than anything else and I had the best physicians here. I can do my work and rest well at night. I believe there is nothing like the Pinkham remedies."—Mrs. Clara Franks, R. F. D., No. 8, Knoxville, Iowa.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

Stops Lameness

Much of the chronic lameness in horses is due to neglect.

See that your horse is not allowed to go lame. Keep Sloan's Liniment on hand and apply at the first sign of stiffness. It's wonderfully penetrating — goes right to the spot — relieves the soreness — limbers up the joints and makes the muscles elastic and pliant.

Here's the Proof.

Mr. G. T. Roberts of Resaca, Ga., R F D. No. 1, Box 43, writes:—"I have used your Liniment on a horse for sweeney and effected a thorough cure. I also removed a spavin on a mule. This spavin was as large as a guinea egg. In my estimation the best remedy for lameness and soreness is

Sloan's Liniment

Mr. H. M. Gibbs, of Lawrence, Kans., R F D. No. 3, writes:—"Your Liniment is the best that I have ever used. I had a mare with an abscess on her neck and one 50c. bottle of Sloan's Liniment entirely cured her. I keep it around all the time for galls and small swellings and for everything about the stock."

Sloan's Liniment will kill a spavin, curb or splint, reduce wind puffs and swollen joints, and is a sure and speedy remedy for fistula, sweeney, founder and thrush.

Price 50c. and $1.00

Sloan's book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free. Address

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

RHEUMATISM

COPPER PLATE — ZINC PLATE

Cured Right at Home

by ELECTROPODES. New Electric Treatment. Galvanic insoles—copper and zinc—worn inside shoes. Invigorate entire body. Nerves become "live wires." Positive cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Kidney and Liver complaints. Price only $1.00. Your money returned if not satisfactory. Guarantee signed with each sale. Electropodes are mailable. If not at your Druggist's, send us $1.00. State whether for man or woman.

WESTERN ELECTROPODE CO.
245 Los Angeles St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

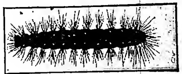
A Dangerous Pest.

A new and dangerous pest threatens Minnesota. It comes in an importation of nursery stock from France and while it is believed by the Entomologist at the Minnesota Experiment Station that all that have come into the state have been taken care of, it is of course possible that some may have escaped, and the purpose of this warning is to put purchasers of imported nursery stock on their guard and induce them to co-operate with the Entomologist in thoroughly preventing its introduction into Minnesota. The Brown Tail moth is referred to, and while in Europe, in its native lair, it has an insect enemy that holds it in check, it comes to this country as larvae and has no known enemy. It therefore becomes necessary to give personal attention to the prevention of its coming here. The state Entomologist and the federal authorities at Washington are co-operating in this state to prevent both the Brown Tail and the Gypsy moth from getting a home among the shrubbery and trees of the state. Every importation of nursery stock is reported from the steamer landing to the department in Washington, and is reported from there to the Minnesota station.

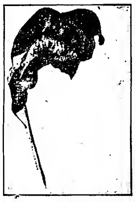
As soon as the consignment is received at the custom house in this state the collector reports its arrival to the Entomological department at University Farm, when immediately an examination is made by competent entomologists. It was in this way that Prof. A. G. Ruggles, acting Entomologist for the state, discovered a nest of the Brown Tail moth on the end of a twig a few days ago. This nest consists of a semi-roll of leaves, lined with silk, in which are hundreds of the larvae, now in the laboratory of the Entomologist at University Farm, closely guarded in a bottle from which there is no escape. These larvae are small caterpillars within the mass of leaves and silken lining. They are very active in the bottle and show rapid development.

The Brown Tail moth is one of the most destructive pests, and together with the Gypsy moth, is giving serious trouble in Massachusetts and other New England states, so much so that already Massachusetts has spent more than a million and a half of dollars in their extermination, while the general government has established a station for the breeding of their insect enemies at an expense of several thousand dollars.

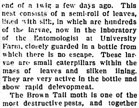
The Brown Tail is especially destructive of shrubbery, plum, apple, cherry, pear, elm, oak and maple trees, both in forests and orchards, and if once introduced into Minnesota will give our people serious trouble. The Brown Tail is also very dangerous to human health since the hairs which drop from its body are very irritating to human skin and when inhaled create dangerous conditions in the human throat, often requiring a migration to other localities for relief. The Brown Tail lays its eggs on leaves of shrubbery and trees, in July or August, soon hatching into caterpillars of dark brown color and quite easily recognized by the naked eye, characterized by two bright spots to be found on the back near the posterior end. They are very small during the winter. In the fall they draw several leaves together for a nest, lining it with silk. Hibernating as caterpillars, they develop rapidly to the full size of about an inch and a half early in summer. The moth is nearly a pure white excepting in the male when there are a few black spots on the wings.



Caterpillar of Brown Tail Moth.
They are of a dull orange color, with two bright red spots on the middle line at the lower end of the back. When from half to full grown there is a conspicuous row of white spots of hair on each side of the center of the back.



Winter Nest of Brown Tail Moth.
Small caterpillars remain in this silken web on the tips of twigs during the winter, and in the spring they come out and attack the foliage.



Male Brown Tail Moth.
These moths have a thick tuft of brownish hairs at the tip of the abdomen. They are swift and strong flyers and fly at night, and are often attracted to lights. The female is a pure, snow white.

The Gypsy is probably the most destructive species, and comes in eggs generally in clusters on the bark of trees and shrubbery, and are of a light yellowish color. When fully developed the caterpillar is of a dark color, with a double row of five blue spots on back anteriorly and six pairs of red spots posteriorly. The female moth is of whitish color with wings imperfectly streaked with black and with about two inches spread of wings.

Although the female moth has wings she never flies. The Division of Extension warns all purchasers of imported nursery stock to carefully examine it for any of the conditions named and asks that report be immediately made of the finding of eggs or webs, each respectively, to the Division of Entomology, University Farm, St. Paul, sending them so packed that neither insect nor eggs can be injured in transit nor escape. Immediate attention will be given to all such reports.

The Gypsy Moth.

Prof. Washburn, of the Entomological Division of the Agricultural Department of the University of the state, is now in Europe studying the habits of the Brown Tail and Gypsy moths, the discovery of the former having been made in St. Paul recently, in a shipment of shrubbery from France, but careful inspection by the division, working in unison with the government at Washington, has thus far failed to find any of the latter. While the Brown Tail is a very dangerous pest, attacking most varieties of shrubbery, and particularly oak, maple, elm, apple, pear, plum and cherry trees, and through the shedding of hair causing serious ailments to the human family, it is not regarded of quite so serious a menace to the growth of trees as the Gypsy, at present attacking all kinds of trees in Massachusetts and other parts of New England, though the two are somewhat similar.

These pests are regarded as somewhat more dangerous in this country than in Europe, since in the countries where they originate there are parasites to destroy them, but coming here as larvae they are free from their natural enemies and propagate rapidly. Massachusetts has spent more than a million and a half dollars in fighting the Gypsy moths, and the federal government is devoting one experiment station to the exclusive breeding of a small, four-winged fly of minute proportions to war upon them.

The calamity that would befall Minnesota by an invasion of either of these moths would be great, especially in the forest portions, and hence the Extension division asks the co-operation of all people purchasing imported nursery stock to examine it carefully for evidence of either moth, the Brown Tail being in a web of leaves lined with silk, at the end of the twigs, while the Gypsy Moth comes in eggs, generally in clusters, on the bark of trees or shrubbery, and are of a light yellowish color. The fully developed caterpillar is of dark color, with double row of five blue spots on back anteriorly; posteriorly six pair of red spots. The female moth is of whitish color with wings imperfectly streaked with black, and spread of wings about two inches. Although the female moth has wings, it never flies.

Purchasers of foreign importations are requested to examine all stock with care and report the finding of webs or eggs of each respectively, as described, to the Division of Entomology, University Farm, St. Paul, so packed that neither insect nor eggs can be injured in coming through the mail nor escape.

Good seed, good culture, good crops and good farmers go together. Don't bank on luck.

Remember that good drainage is important on potato fields. Potatoes will stand less excess of moisture than most farm crops, and unless there is natural drainage resort should be had to artificial drainage.

After a hard day's work in the field, the horses will enjoy a few moments to roll in the yard or about the straw pile. Your horses will scratch themselves more in five minutes by rolling than you can with a curry-comb in thirty minutes.

It is poor policy to keep a sow a year at a cost of seven to twelve dollars and then go off to an auction or a dance and leave her without an attendant at the critical time of farrowing.

Bran, milk and pasturage are some of the bulky feeds well adapted to the real young pig. They help to distend the digestive system, which enables the pig to use cheaper and coarser feeds to better advantage than the pig raised on concentrates.

$5,000,000 WINNER

Record in Card Game Held by Young Englishman.

With Little Knowledge of Cards He Wins Title to Mining Property in Australia That Made Him Rich.

New York.—Five million dollars is the largest sum ever won in a card game at a single sitting, and the story of the vast winning carries the listener to a lonely hut in a rugged section of Australia, according to the chronicles of Ralph Nevill, the English historian of gambling, gaming, gamesters and the turf, says the New York Telegraph. The story is related as an instance of the whims of fortune, which in certain rare instances seems to delight in showering her gifts upon some one who is not a gambler.

A young Englishman, who had gone to Australia with a slender capital, was standing at the door of his hut just as night was falling, when two men who looked much like tramps approached. The Englishman accorded them such hospitality as his scant larder afforded, and then prepared to put them up for the night. Pipes were lit after dinner, and when conversation waned one of the strangers drew from his pockets a much soiled pack of cards.

Although the young host knew little of gaming, he finally consented, after much persuasion, to play for small stakes; but he stipulated that as soon as any of the three chanced to lose such money as they had in their pockets the play should cease. The game progressed for a time with varying fortune, but luck eventually went the way of the host and the pockets of his guests were emptied of their modest sums. The losers were anxious to continue, promising to remit their losing upon arrival at the nearest town, but the Englishman insisted that the agreement be kept.

"We agreed to play for ready money; your losses are trifling. Let's turn in and go to bed," he said.

The losers continued to insist, but their entreaties fell on deaf ears. Suddenly one of them said:

"Bill, where's that bit of paper we got up the country. Perhaps he'll play us for that." A soiled document was produced. It appeared to be the title of several plots of land up country. The holders apparently attached little value to it, but the host agreed that it should be allowed to represent £10. When the game was resumed luck continued with the host and the document soon passed into his possession. Then the trio retired for the night, and early the next day the strangers went their way, first having left an address, so that any question concerning the title could be referred to them.

Luck Went to the Host.

A week passed and the Englishman had forgotten about his slip of paper, which he had sent with some other securities to the nearest bank. He was standing in front of his hut about the same hour of the day, when a mounted stranger appeared, and, saying he had come a long way, begged shelter and food. Though roughly dressed the stranger was evidently possessed of money. He announced himself as desirous of purchasing plots of land, and said he was prepared to pay liberally. He pressed his host to tell him if he knew any lots for sale, and finally elicited from him the story of the scrap of paper. The story seemed vastly to amuse the stranger, and before he left he had offered $250 for it.

Ten days later the visitor returned, announcing that he had developed a veritable craze for the possession of the paper. He displayed £200 in cash and tendered it.

It dawned upon the young Englishman about this time that the paper really was valuable, and he told his visitor that it was not for sale.

Investigation proved that the document was a clear title to a property which held one of the richest mines in all Australia, and before he was through with it it had netted the man who had won the paper from the two wayfarers in the hut a sum very close to $5,000,000. The Englishman, who is still alive, later provided handsomely for the men from whom he had won.

He learned later that the well-to-do stranger who took such an interest in him was a speculator in mines, who, in one way or another, had learned that the property represented by the paper was highly valuable, but even he did not estimate the tremendous sum eventually realized by the man who would have been termed in most sporting circles as more or less of a "piker" at card games.

Sport Called Cruelty.

A curious objection has been raised by some anti-cruelty people against Londoners playing with Mexican jumping beans on a warm plate. It seems they draw a ring around the beans, and the owner of the first bean to jump out of the circle wins the money. Now, inside of each bean is a maggot, and the idea of making these helpless creatures hop and jump off a warm plate is a form of cruelty, and nothing warmer than the natural warmth of the hand should be permitted, say these kindly people.

EXCELLENT TRADE IN WESTERN CANADA

SPLENDID CROPS, BIG PRICES, AND PROSPEROUS OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE.

Throughout all of Canada, and especially in the Western Provinces of Canada, there is a buoyancy in every line of business that is fully warranted by every condition. The crops of the past year were what was expected, and the prices for grain of all kinds, put the farmers in a class by themselves. Many of them are independent, and many others have got well started on the road. The latest reports are that seeding is well under way in almost every district, and the prospects are that a vastly larger area than that under crop last year will be seeded early this spring. In the Lethbridge district, in Southern Alberta, steam and gasoline outfits, hundreds of them, are breaking up the prairie at a tremendous pace, but they work night and day. As soon as it becomes dark, gangs are changed, a head light attached, and on, on through the night until the first streak of dawn, these giant monsters with their seven or eight gangs of breaking plows, keep up the work. Then the more modest farmer is putting in the longest hours possible with his teams of horses or oxen. And what will the Country be like in August, when these fields have become yellowed with the literally golden grain. There will be one vast expanse of wheat field. And there will be a market for it, because it is the best grain grown, and the demand will be everywhere. As previously intimated business throughout Western Canada is sound and good. The grain production of 1909 has been the great factor in establishing the reputation of Western Canada, and it is worth talking about. It surpassed all previous records, both in regard to quality and quantity, and such an achievement was by no means easy. The limit has not been reached, and a large average increase may be expected during the next ten years. There will be odd seasons when a falling-off will occur, and it is the falling-off that causes alarms and panics in the commercial world. The plains have done their duty so far in the out-put of grain and it would be reasonable to make occasional allowances for slowing-up. The faster the rate of increase is now, the sharper will be the check when the production diminishes. But there are some unreasonable people who wonder why the growth of one year is not continued during the next, and at an even faster rate. These same unreasonable people are the ones who see flaws in the situation as soon as an indication is given that the startling advances have not been maintained.

A Terrible Risk.

Typhoid had broken out in their neighborhood and the family resorted to travel as the best means of precaution until the trouble should subside.

They arrived at Quebec by the morning boat, intending to take it to Montreal in the evening, but the sightseers got tired and returned early in the afternoon to find the top of the smokestack on a level with the dock, the tide having dropped 18 feet.

"Mamma," cried the little girl, "did God drink up all that water?"

"Yes, my child."

"Then hadn't we better tell him it wasn't boiled?"

Wrong View of Marriage.

"There would be less divorce," said ex-Gov. Pennypacker, "if there were fewer men like William Windle.

"William Windle embarked on an excursion steamer for Point Breeze, and a few miles out, as he paced the upper deck and drank in the bracing ozone, he spied his friend Jackson.

"'Why, Jackson, how are ye?' he exclaimed. 'Are ye out for pleasure, or is yer wife along?'"

Vindictive Cuss.

"Ugh!" spluttered Mr. Jones. "That nut had a worm in it."

"Here," urged a friend, offering him a glass of water, "drink this and wash it down."

"Wash it down!" growled Jones. "Why should I? Let him walk!"—Everybody's.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c at Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Another Investigation.

Noble Maiden—Is kissing proper?

Encina Youth—We might investigate. Two heads are better than one.—Stanford Chapparal.

Takers of the United States Census will use Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen because it is always ready and sure.

There are lots of people who can't take a joke, and a good many times it isn't through any fault of their own.

DAVIS' PAINKILLER should be taken without delay when sore chest and tickling throat warn you that an annoying cold threatens. At all druggists in 25c, 35c and 50c bottles.

It's easier to break away than it is to get back.

Silence.

Very few men know how to keep still. The Italians have a proverb, "Hear, see and say nothing, if you wish to live in peace." The men who is bent on telling all he knows, generally ends in telling a good deal more than he knows. The tongue is harder to bridle than the wildest horse that ever roamed the prairie. The Germans say truly that talking comes by nature, while silence comes of the understanding.

Absolute Equality.

The Woman—The tax office is one which I simply love to go to.

The Man—Very few people do. Why do you like it?

The Woman—Because it is absolutely the only place where no discrimination is made against me because I am a woman. They let me there pay just as much as if I were a man.

Progress.

Knicker—Now we have children taught how to play.

Bocker—Fine, next we shall have animal trainers to show lambs how to gambol.

No Funds.

"Wasn't that a runaway marriage?"

"Yes, and a stay-at-home honeymoon."

It's difficult to arouse a man's enthusiasm by showing him a photograph of himself when a baby.

GLADNESS COMES~

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of illness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact that it is the only remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is, therefore, all-important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to purchase and note that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

It is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and assists in overcoming habitual constipation permanently, also biliousness and the many ills resulting therefrom. The great trouble with all other purgatives and aperients is not that they fail to act when a single dose is taken, but that they act too violently and invariably tend to produce a habit of body requiring constantly augmented doses. Children enjoy the pleasant taste and gentle action of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the ladies find it delightful and beneficial whenever a laxative remedy is needed, and business men pronounce it invaluable, as it may be taken without interfering with business and does not gripe nor nauseate. When buying note the name, California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of every package. Price, 50 cents a bottle.

Bakes—Roasts—Broils—Toasts

BAKES bread, pie and cake—bakes them perfectly all through, and browns them appetizingly.

ROASTS beef, poultry and game with a steady heat, which preserves the rich natural flavor.

BROILS steaks and chops—makes them tender and inviting.

TOASTS bread, muffins, crackers and cheese.

No drudgery of coal and ashes; no stooping to get at the oven; no smoke, no dust, no odor—just good cooking with greater fuel economy. Irons and water in wash-boiler always hot. The

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot. Drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and nickeled towel racks.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

CAUTIONARY NOTE: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "NEW PERFECTION."

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in food. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

WESTERN CANADA

What Governor Deneen, of Illinois, Says About It:

Governor Deneen, of Illinois, owns a section of land in Saskatchewan, Canada. He has said in an interview:

"As an American I am delighted to see the remarkable progress of Western Canada. Our people are flocking across the boundary in thousands, and I have not yet met one who admitted he had made a mistake. They are all doing well. There is scarcely a community in the Middle or Western States that has not a representative in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta."

125 Million Bushels of Wheat in 1909

Western Canada field crops for 1909 will easily yield to the farmer $170,000,000.00 in cash.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres, and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Railway and Land Companies have land for sale at reasonable prices. Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop. Splendid climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates, wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block, Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) (1)

LAZY LIVER

"I find Cascarets so good that I would not be without them. I was troubled a great deal with torpid liver and headache. Now since taking Cascarets Candy Cathartic I feel very much better. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as the best medicine I have ever seen."

Anna Bazinet,
Osborn Mill No. 2, Fall River, Mass.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 928

PARALYSIS Locomotor Ataxia Conquered at Last. Chase's Blood & Nerve Tablets does it. Write for Proof. Advice Free. Dr. CHASE, 224 North 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS F. G. Bradbury, Pat. Atty., Com'l Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.; Corn Exchange Bldg., Minneapolis; McGill Bldg., Washington. Best work done at home. ADVICE FREE.

LADIES, BOYS AND GIRLS, Send for our Catalogue. We want to show you our Premiums. Don't delay. Write now. SILVERINE MFG. CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Patriotism

The stomach is a larger factor in "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" than most people are aware. Patriotism can withstand hunger but not dyspepsia. The confirmed dyspeptic "is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils." The man who goes to the front for his country with a weak stomach will be a weak soldier and a fault finder.

A sound stomach makes for good citizenship as well as for health and happiness.

Diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are promptly and permanently cured by the use of

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY. It builds up the body with sound flesh and solid muscle.

The dealer who offers a substitute for the "Discovery" is only seeking to make the little more profit realized on the sale of less meritorious preparations.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

ICE CREAM

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Spillane's new ad.

Read Garceau & Radertus' new ad.

Helm has a nice line of buggies. Read the ad.

Chris Berk of St.Hilaire was in town today.

L. W. Larson of Crookston was in town Tuesday.

Seed flax, barley and oats for sale. J. A. Duffy.

Sale at the Red Lake Falls Supply House. Read the ad.

Dan Lanahan was at St.Hilaire between trains Monday.

Will Bottineau of Plummer spent a part of the week in town.

Theo. Labissoniere was at Crookston several days this week.

Miss Mae Morreau of Brooks is the guest of Miss Rose Harren.

Judge S. A. Swanson was at Thief River Falls between trains today.

A. E. Jordan, claim agent for the Great Northern, was in town yesterday.

Dr. Spotford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

James Powers of Wylie was attending to business matters in town Tuesday.

For Sale—Lot 11, Washington Heights, Maple Lake. See Healy Land Co.

P. P. Pouliot attended to business matters at Thief River Falls between trains today.

The P. and F. B's were entertained by Mrs. George F. Hennings Tuesday evening.

A dance was given for Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cyr at M. B. A. hall last Friday evening.

Chas. Kiewel, Tim Beaver and James McCaffery of Crookston were in town Saturday.

Have buyers for good farms. Call and see if you want to sell. Sortedahl Land Co. tf

Saturday Special, a lot of $2.00 to $3.00 hats at 98c. See Window.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

Attorneys Ira C. Richardson and Perl W. Mabey of Thief River Falls were in town Tuesday.

Proceedings of the meetings of the board of county commissioners held last Saturday are published in this issue.

For fine hardy strawberry plants order from W. A. Riechel. $1.00 per hundred. $7.00 per thousand. A21

Mrs. G. G. Kindseth went to Minneapolis Tuesday evening and will spend several days in the twin cities.

Linolium has advanced 25 per cent but we are selling it at old prices, 50c yd. See our line of lace curtains, Rugs etc.—The Big Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Morin returned Wednesday from Crookston where they had been visiting with their son.

The last of the logs in the drive on the Red Lake river were taken over the Healy dam Friday and Saturday.

Farmers, we have the right kind of seed corn for you—also any kind of grass seed. No old seeds. LaBissoniere.

A number of young people drove out to the home of M. Patnoda in Louisville Sunday and spent the day there.

Peter Mayhew of Thief River Falls was shaking hands with his Red Lake Falls friends yesterday and today.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

Mrs. S. M. Sivertson and daughter Helen left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis and will spend several days with friends in the city.

For sale or rent, good 8 room house, having fine cellar, cistern and well and good barn and large garden.—Sortedahl Land Co. tf

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet of Thief River Falls was in town Saturday, in attendance at the meeting of the county commissioners.

Fred Aubol and family from Brandon, Minn., arrived last week and are living on the Skala farm just north of town which Mr. Aubol has leased.

T. F. Connors, a southern Minnesota man who moved onto the LaBlanc place near Terrebonne about a month ago, was trading in town Friday.

Mrs. Jas. H. Cross of Grand Forks is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Pirath, and with her sister, Mrs. H. E. Ives.

The quarterly statement of the First State Bank of Brooks, showing that institution to be in a flourishing condition, is published in this issue.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz and Daniel Patterson of St.Hilaire were in town last evening and today making report to the county auditor on some county ditch work on which they had been employed as engineer and viewer.

You will always receive courteous treatment from the First State Bank. They are interested in your business. Drop in and talk it over.

Clem Brunelle is officiating as chief of police during the temporary absence of Chief Belair. Clem isn't what you'd call a real Irishman, but as long as he partially hides his star under the lapel of his coat he makes a good crime eradicator, just the same.

Fred Harrison and Emil Brink of Crookston were in town Saturday, having come over in Mr. Harrison's Buick car.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St.Hilaire was in town Saturday consulting with the county commissioners on matters in connection with county ditch work.

Mrs. E. F. Marshall and Mrs. J. E. Argue visited with friends at Thief River Falls Friday and Saturday and attended the opening of the auditorium Friday evening.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Audry Patnoda, who has been employed in Nelson's barber shop for several months, left Monday for Bovey where he will be employed in a shop owned by his brother.

Lewis Ellington, president of the Scandia Bank of Crookston and also president of the Sortedahl Land Company of this city, was attending to business matters in town Tuesday.

Your choice of 100 pc. of Toile Du Nord Ginghams at The Big Store, also 50 pc. of new Corset Cover Emb'y, Laces, Trimmings, Auto Scarfs, Hand Bags etc.—Chamoisette gloves.

For your picture framing go to Riechel's studio. I have more than a hundred styles and will do a job that will be in good taste—picture and frame will harmonize. Prices reasonable. A21

Mrs. F. Fournet, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Fournet, Mrs. F. M. Brown and Master John Routel of Crookston were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fournet Tuesday. They came over in the Fournet car.

Miss Crompe returned today from Crookston where she had been visiting with relatives. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Sylvan Hall, who will visit at the Crompe home for a few days.

We haven't forgotten the big men this year—50 stout suits to select from, $8.00 to $27.50, and a Kuppenheimer made suit is better tailored than any tailor made suit. We can show you.—The Big Store.

The ladies' aid society of the Presbyterian church will be entertained next Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. Pusebinsky. No supper will be served, but the ladies will serve a ten-cent lunch from 4:30 o'clock until six.

Dr. N. M. Watson went to Crookston Wednesday evening to hear the Robert Meikel Concert company. The doctor says that it was the finest singing he has heard since the last time he heard Mr. Meikel and his company.

Walter Garceau has secured a position as operator for the Northern Pacific at Crookston and commenced work Monday. Walter has acquired a knowedge of telegraphy after only a few months work and his friends will be glad that he has made such excellent progress.

Daniel Patterson of St. Hilaire was in town Saturday making report to the county commissioners on some proposed county ditch work, he having been appointed by the board as one of the viewers to go over the routes of the proposed ditches. Mrs. Patterson and daughter accompanied Mr. Patterson to this city and spent the day here.

Mrs. Geo. Luckman and daughter arrived from Goodland Friday to join Mr. Luckman who has been here for several weeks. Mr. Luckman purchased the Lizee farm in Terrebonne last fall and the family will make their home on the place.

Rev. Robert Sidebotham of Warroad will preach Sunday morning and evening at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours for church services. Mr. Sidebotham is said to be a fluent speaker and all are cordially invited to attend the services.

Grandpa Healy has been promoted. Today he received the following telegram from Mr. and Mrs. Harry Healy who are living at Missoula, Montana: "Great Grand Father Healy, Red Lake Falls, Minn. It's a boy. All well. Harry & Lillian."

If	$10.00
You	$100.00
Have	$1000.00

temporarily idle its Safety should be your first consideration. There is no better security for your savings than a Certificate of Deposit in the Merchants State Bank.

O. J. Knutesan, who has been quite ill for a number of days, went to Crookston last Thursday and has been there ever since. His condition is not serious and he has been getting along nicely and will be able to return to Red Lake Falls in a few days.

Fred Borchers has sold his saloon poperty here to H. A. Johnson of St. Hilaire and the change in possession is to take place early next week. Mr. Borchers expects to be able to leave for the west to look after his interests there the last of next week.

Those that do not care to pay over $10.00 to $15.00 for a suit of clothes should see our Clothcraft all wool clothes. Better than those so-called Tailor made clothes at $20.00 and $30.00 and a better, more stylish fit—a look won't cost you anything.—The Big Store.

We have an overstock of that Genuine Red Oil on hand. When that can gets empty let us fill it this time. The price is 17c per gallon this week only. The kind that gives a better light and will not smoke. The Store of Service and Quality—Mittwer's Hardware.

H. E. Ives had a birthday Monday and Mrs. Ives arranged a "birthday party" in honor of the occasion and provided for the entertainment of a number of Mr. Ives' gentlemen friends at a 7 o'clock dinner. Covers were laid for ten and it was a very enjoyable social affair.

Rev. Fr. Fayolle returned Tuesday from the south. He spent much of the winter at Tuscon, Arizona, and other places near that city. He has enjoyed his stay in the land of sunshine and flowers, but glad that spring has come so that he could return to his work here. The people in his church and his numerous friends in the city will be glad to welcome him back and to know that he is enjoying good health.

We always carried a big line of shoes but this year's line surpases any previous year's line. An immense line of Utz & Dunn beautiful shoes for ladies at $2.25 up in pumps, oxfords, shoes in tan, patent leather, gun metals & kid—no paper heels. Children's hand sewed rompers, something we never had before. Wear like iron, roomy and will not rip. Godman shoes for a cheaper line—but the best made for the money—Children's Shoes 60c up, Babies' 15c up. Get your shoes where you got choice, quality and price.—The Big Store.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

The General Opinion.

Livaway—Is Mr. Wadtiter generally liked by the people of your town?

Dwelthar—Well, he's liked to this extent. There isn't a person among us that would sincerely feel like thanking any man who should happen to save Wadtiter's life.—Chicago News.

More Spring Poetry.

The baseball player will resume
With letters on his suit.
The fan will sit out in the sun
And violently root.
His supper will grow cold and stale.
His wife will swear a bit.
The cook will make a chalk mark on
The kitchen door and quit.
The milliners will meanwhile show
Those gorgeous Easter hats
With funny dudads tacked on them
And straw and birds and bats,
And while the ladies dance for joy
Before this line of goods
Their lords will pack an extra shirt
And light out for the woods.
—Sweet Grass Tribune.

SPECIAL SALE LASTING TEN DAYS
GOODS AT WHOLESALE

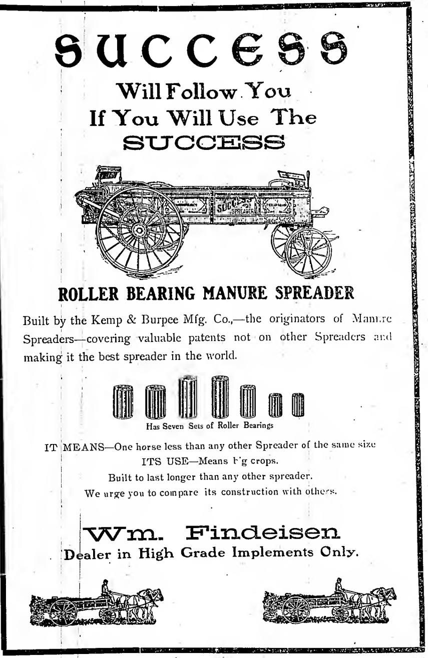
Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Caps, Shoes, Ladies' Waists, Dress Goods, Ginghams, Calicoes, and all other dress goods---all these at

Wholesale Prices

to everybody while the sale lasts.

You make a big profit on anything you need if you buy the goods here. You will be surprised by seeing the prices on each article we will offer to you.

Red Lake Falls Supply House,
Max Ingber, Proprietor



SUCCESS
Will Follow You
If You Will Use The
SUCCESS

ROLLER BEARING MANURE SPREADER

Built by the Kemp & Burpee Mfg. Co.,—the originators of Manure Spreaders—covering valuable patents not on other Spreaders and making it the best spreader in the world.

Has Seven Sets of Roller Bearings

IT MEANS—One horse less than any other Spreader of the same size
ITS USE—Means big crops.
Built to last longer than any other spreader.
We urge you to compare its construction with others.

Wm. Findeisen
Dealer in High Grade Implements Only.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Henry B. Kaufer
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry B. Kaufer, Decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Louis A. Kaufer.

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof; and that Wednesday, the Sixth day of July, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court house at Red Lake Falls in said County, be and hereby the same is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated April 2nd 1910.

S. A. SWANSON,
Judge of Probate.

(SEAL)

F. A. Grady,
Atty. for Administrator,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS, Minn., at close of business on March 29, 1910.
Date of call by Supt. March 29, 1910.
Date of report by Bank April 4, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$ 50,018.23
Overdrafts			92.81
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			2,925.24
Other real estate			2,440.37
Due from banks		$25,795.18	
Checks and cash items		31.57	
Cash on hand, items below		2,409.94	
Currency	$ 1,189.00		
Gold	890.00		
Silver	309.60		
Other	21.34		
Total cash assets		28,236.69	28,236.69
Total			$ 83,713.34

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund		1,500.00
Undivided profits, net		1,621.99
Deposits subject to check	33,764.25	
Cashier's Checks	1,887.67	
Total immediate liabilities	35,651.92	
Time Certificates	34,939.43	
Total deposits	$ 70,591.35	70,591.35
Total		$ 83,713.34

State of Minnesota
County of Red Lake } ss

We, L. C. Simons, President, and W. A. Cheshire, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

L. C. SIMONS, Pres.
W. A. CHESHIRE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of April, 1910 F. DEYMONAZ.
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 13th, 1916.

Attest: (Two) Directors
L. C. SIMONS.
CHAS. N. BOURDON.
Seal

Notice of Application for Transfer of Liquor License.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake,
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given, that an application has been made in writing to the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, county and state aforesaid and filed in my office, praying for transfer of the license to sell intoxicating liquors heretofore issued for the term commencing on the 1st day of July 1909, and terminating on the 30th day of June, 1910, by the following named person as stated in said application, respectively, to-wit: Fred Borchers to

H. A. JOHNSON

in that certain brick building situate on Lot Twenty-nine (29) of Block Three (3) in the Original Townsit of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, State of Minnesota.

For the reason that said Fred Borchers has sold his saloon business to said H. A. Johnson, said business to be continued in the same location provided for in the original license.

This application and any remonstance or objection to such transfer will be heard and determined by said city council, at its regular meeting to be held on Thursday, the 21st day of April, 1910, at the city hall in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1910

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

14a21

For Sale—Two seated buggy. Call at residence of Wm. C. Anderson, on the north side, Red Lake Falls. A21

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

YOU CAN PICK A BARGAIN

at any time in our store from our varied stock of Hardware, Paints, Oils, etc. It is worth your while to step in and see that we give you the most for your money. We run a tin shop and do general repairing.

MITTWER'S HARDWARE
"The Store of Service and Quality"

Don't Patch Your Roof With Dollar Bills

Every dollar spent for painting, coating or replacing your roof is a *Money Patch* that you can avoid if you use J-M ASBESTOS ROOFING—which requires no coating or painting to preserve it.

J-M ASBESTOS ROOFING
is made of *Asbestos*, an indestructible mineral. Cannot rot or rust, resists fire and is not affected by gases, acids, heat or cold. Its first cost is the only cost. That is why it is the "cheapest-per-year" Roofing. Easily applied by anyone.

ASBESTOSIDE is an Asbestos Siding for buildings and the most economical, durable and easily applied siding known.

Ask for samples and prices.

Hunt Hardware Co.

7901

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$ .99
Durum	.82
Rye	.58
Oats	.33
Flax	2.29
Barley	.45
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.17
Butter, dairy	.25

Miss Laura Wheeler, sister of E. F. Wheeler, and Gerry Demsham of Fargo were guests at the Wheeler home this week.

The Terrebonne Percheron Stallion, Brabo

will stand for the season at the following places commencing on April 19: Tuesday evening and Wenesday morning at Ed. St. Yves' place near Badger and from Wednesday noon until Friday noon at Guerin's barn in Red Lake Falls, and the remainder of the week at Cadieux's barn at Terrebonne.—The Terrebonne Stallion Co-operative Co. n21

Some good farms for rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

MISSING ISSUE

Date: Apr 21, 1910

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY APRIL 28, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 31

DEATH OF JUDGE S. A. SWANSON

Passed Away Sunday Morning After a Very Brief Illness.

S. A. Swanson, judge of probate of Red Lake county, died at his home in this city early Sunday morning after an illness of only a few days. His death was unexpected and the announcement that he had passed away came as a shock to relatives and numerous friends in the city and in the county.

The career of S. A. Swanson was quite a remarkable one. At the age of twenty two years he was serving as register of deeds of Red Lake county and he had been much in the public service ever since. At the time of his death he was still a young man, for had he lived until June 26, this year, he would then have been only thirty six years old.

Solomon A. Swanson was born at Fort Lee, New Jersey, June 26, 1874, and was the oldest of the family of eight children born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Swanson. In 1881 Mr. Swanson's parents came to Red Lake county and settled in Black River township and they still reside on the old homestead.

Mr. Swanson after acquiring a common school education attended the state normal school at Moorhead. He taught a few years and in 1896, when Red Lake county was organized he was appointed the first register of deeds. For a number of years he was in the real estate and abstract business in this city. At the last election he was elected judge of probate and was serving his first term at the time of his death.

On January 2, 1902, Mr. Swanson and Miss Ella Adeline Richards were united in marriage and their home had always been in this city.

Funeral services were held at the Presbyterian church at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, Rev. Neil A. Gilchrist of Thief River Falls officiating. Members of the I. O. O. F., Rebecca and M. B. A. lodges attended in a body, and a large number of friends were in attendance to pay a last mark of respect to the memory of the deceased and to offer sympathy to the bereaved relatives. The floral offerings of the lodges and societies of which Judge Swanson was a member were beautiful. Short services were conducted at the Swedish Lutheran church at Wylie in the afternoon, Rev. Alex. Saul of St. Hilaire officiating, and interment was at the church cemetery.

Besides his widow, the deceased is survived by his father and mother, one brother and two sisters, all living in Black River township.

POTATOES ON TRACK

1000 Bushels for Distribution Among Farmers.

One thousand bushels of potatoes are now on track for distribution among farmers who wish them for seed. As stated in the last issue of the Gazette these potatoes can be secured without payment of any money. By agreeing to return two bushels of potatoes in the fall for each bushel of seed potatoes secured, the seed potatoes now on the track will be distributed without any cash payment.

The potatoes are Early Ohios and of excellent quality. It will be a big advantage in securing the top market price if all potatoes grown in the vicinity of Red Lake Falls are of one variety.

Like Their New Home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Fournet and two children returned to Red Lake Falls this morning after spending several days in Crookston. Mrs. Fournet was here a week, Mr. Fournet coming down last Thursday, and they have since been busy packing up the remainder of their furniture and other household goods. Both are very much pleased with Red Lake Falls. The people are very cordial and it is a place where every business man wants to see other business men do well, there being no petty jealousies, which are such a drawback to the prosperity of many communities—Crookston Times.

BAND CONCERT FRIDAY NIGHT

First Open Air Concert of the Season Will be Given Tomorrow Night.

The band boys will give the first open air concert of the season Friday evening. Director Brunelle has prepared a good program and there is no doubt that if the weather continues pleasant a large number of townspeople will be out to enjoy the good music.

Bird cages—a fine assortment at Hunt Hardware Co.

EBERHART AND RAILROAD LEGISLATION

The Governor's Committee Appointments as Lieutenant Governor.

Congressman Tawney Not in Touch With People of His District.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul April 26—In an address last week before the commercial club at Albert Lea Senator Cushman of Owatonna, in urging the reform of railroad rates, took occasion to refer to the reactionary character of their railroad committee chosen by Lieutenant Govenor Eberhart. Senator Cushman has made the reform of railroad conditions in this state, particularly as they affect the country shipper, what may be called his hobby during the term he has represented Steele county, and therefore had occasion to know, perhaps even better than the lieutenant governor himself, the extent to which the senate railroad committee was dominated by railroad influences.

Republican Senators Reactionary.

While, of course the governor was not justified in the sweeping denial he made of Senator Cushman's charge that the committee as a whole was opposed to railroad reform, possibly Mr. Cushman's strictures of the governor may have been too severe. Senator Cushman should have made allowances for the character of the material Mr. Eberhart had to select from, and the duty he owed to his party to give its dominant element in the senate adequate representation. If Governor Eberhart selected reactionary railroad committee he had justification in the fact that the majority of the Republicans in the senate were reactionary, and submitted to the leadership of the well known representative of interests, Senator Ed. Smith of Minneapolis.

How the Committees were Selected.

Under the circumstances the hands of the lieutenant governor were tied. He was not in position to consult his own wishes. Once a former lieutenant governor, Hon. John L. Gibbs, attempted to do that. The result was that the senate took matters into its own hands. Governor Eberhart wisely avoided this humiliation by submitting his assignment to the senate leaders before they were announced. In this way he secured the approval of Senator Smith of the tax committee and the railroad committee, in which he was interested. In like manner Senator Sunn, who represents a St. Paul constituency and is incidentally the attorney for the Hamm Brewing company gave his approval to the temperance committee, and the presiding officer was given assurance that it was safe to go ahead.

The Late Judge S. A. Swanson.

A Progressive Alliance.

In his controversy with Senator Cushman the governor argues cleverly that the committees in the senate must have been progressive because of the reform-legislation enacted. Perhaps the governor carried this a little too far, for it is a matter of record that no measures of reform was adopted by the senate by a majority of Republican votes. It was joining with progressive Republicans that anything that was accomplished in the way of reform. The beneficial legislation of the sessions of 1907 and 1909 was not Republican legislation. It resulted from a coalition of reform forces of both parties.

Democratic Initiative.

The fact is indeed that much of the reform legislation enacted owes its inception to the initiative of Democratic members of the senate. Thus the commodity rate bill, from which much had been hoped and from which is still hoped and when the litigation concerning it comes to an end, was introduced by Senator Shaller of Dakota county. The two-cent fare bill, which already has saved the traveling public hundreds of thousands of dollars and of which practically every resident of the state has at some time had the benefit, was, if my memory serves me, introduced and, certainly was forced out of the committee and its passage secured by Senator Moonan of Waseca county. The same thing is true of practically all forward legislation passed during the last four years. It becomes law because the Democratic senators laid aside for the time being their prejudices and co-operated with a minority of progressive Republicans to secure legislation in the interest of the people.

Tawney Attacks Day.

Since his return to Washington Congressman Tawney has taken occasion to animadvert on the harmony which prevails among Democrats and progressive Republicans in this state.

Instead of recognizing the unanimity of sentiment which is behind it all, he attributes the harmony to the machinations of the chairman of the Democratic state central committee. This, of course, for a political purpose, for Mr. Tawney knows as well as anybody else does that the real reason why there is no Democratic opposition to Mr. Davis of the Third district and to Mr. Lindbergh in the Sixth is because Mr. Davis and Mr. Lindbergh in the vital matter of tariff and of opposition to Cannon, and Cannonism represented the sentiment and carried out the wishes of the Democratic voters of those districts. Why, then, should Democrats oppose them? If there is opposition in other districts it is not because of anything Mr. Day has done or contemplates doing, but because in these matters the people have been betrayed and their interests disregarded by those who assume to represent them.

Tawney Not in Touch With the People.

Mr. Tawney is, of course, to be excused for being deceived by outward appearances. He is in the state so little and that for so short a time that he can have no adequate knowledge of the state of public opinion. It is the more difficult for him to acquire that knowledge because when he is here he is constantly surrounded by time-servers and flatterers who studiously withhold unpleasant information from him. To that in large measure must no doubt be attributed the fact that Mr. Tawney is so deplorably out of touch with the district he represents that practically

(Continued on Page Four.)

Proposals Wanted.

The Town Board of the Town of Poplar River will meet at the Town Clerk's office in Brooks, Minn., May 7th, 1910 at Nine o'clock A. M., for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material for the construction and erection of a 22 feet girder bridge on steel pile foundation with reinforced concrete backing. Floor system composed of 12 inch I beams with reinforced concrete floor. Said bridge to be built in Town of Poplar River between Sections 13 of Town of Terrebonne and Section 18 of Town of Poplar River. Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design and showing also the areas of material proposed to be given each part. Bidders requested to be present on the above occasion when all bids will be opened and read in their presence. Bidders must furnish certified check for $100 to accompany bid.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

A. LANIEL, Town Celrk,
M5 Poplar River Township.

CITY FOR TREATMENT

E. E. Baker Unable to See Since Being Kicked By a Horse.

E. E. Baker, who was kicked in the face by a horse a week ago Saturday night, has been unable to see since he was injured and he was taken to Minneapolis Monday evening for medical treatment and it may be necessary to perform an operation. The horse's hoof struck over the right eye causing serious injury to that organ. It is possible that Mr. Baker will suffer the loss of sight in the right eye, but it is believed that the other eye has not been permanently injured.

CONDITIONS ARE RIGHT

Much of the Seeding Will Be Completed by the End of the Week.

Since the disappearance of the snow the farmers have been busy with their seeding operations and by the end of the week much of the seed will be in the ground.

About one-half of the seed was sown before the snow and that grain is coming out in excellent condition and has made a fine start.

Star kalsomine—highest quality, lowest price—40 cents for 5 lb. package at Hunt Hardware Co.

Carl Krueger to Marry.

Cards are out announcing the marriage, soon to occur, of Miss Eva Heiden of Willow Lakes, South Dakota, and Mr. Carl Kruegar of Red Lake Falls. The ceremony is to be performed at the Congregational church at Willow Lakes at 8 o'clock Thursday evening, May 5, 1910.

Mr. and Mrs. Kruegar will arrive in Red Lake Falls Saturday, May 7, it is expected, when Mr. Kruegar's friends will have the opportunity to offer congratulations and shower him with rice and old shoes and in other manner express their enthusiastic approval.

GOT ELEVEN WOLVES

Walt Swanson of River Falls Township Fortunate.

Walt Swenson of River Falls township has made a larger killing of wolves than any one in the county for a number of months.

He was in town last Friday and brought with him the carcasses of eleven wolves and received the bounty from Auditor A. A. Latendresse. The wolves were all cubs so Mr. Swanson received the comparatively small sum of $33 for his big killing.

FIRST BALL GAME

Local Bunch Will Go To Thief River Sunday.

The first baseball game of the season will be played Sunday afternoon when a team representing Red Lake Falls will play with the Thief River Falls team at Thief River Falls. The Red Lake boys have been out very little so it can't be said that they are showing much speed yet, but the germ has commenced to work and the boys are going into the game with determination even if it is to be with uncertainty.

WOULD TAKE IN MORE TERRITORY

"Pussyfoot" Johnson May Make Dry Belt Wider and Then Some.

The following communication received by H. H. Finrow, president of the village council at Plummer, from Special Agent Johnson, and published in the last issue of the Plummer Pioneer, will be of interest as a statement of the kind of campaign the Indian agent expects to carry on:

Reference is hereby made to your letter dated April 13th 1910, in which you request that the saloons be permitted to continue in Plummmer in violation of the Treaty with the Chippewa Indians of 1883.

The facts in this matter so far as Plummer is concerned are these:

After we issued the first order closing the Mahnomen country bootleggers and Indians began going up to Plummer on the evening train and returning on the midnight train with grips full of liquor which they secured in your two saloons. Both of these saloons catered to this illegal trade. I took the pains at the time to send one of my officers to follow a bunch of Indians to Plummer on one of the trips. He caught them in the act of buying liquor in your saloons. Instead of making arrests the officers warned both of the saloon keepers. For a short time things were a little better but I soon began getting complaints from your citizens that this traffic with Indians and bootleggers was being resumed. I sent officers to Plummer to investgate. The compliants were well founded. Half a dozen sales were made in both your saloons in the presence of my men.

Under these circumstances there is nothing left for me to do except to enforce the provisions of the treaty, which excludes spirituous liquors.

If, as you fear, an attempt is made to sell liquor just north of the south boundary line of town 152, I shall issue another order extending the boundary line of the closed district.

It might as well be understood now, that these boundary lines will be extended from time to time as may be necessary. It is for the liquor dealers themselves to determine how far they will compel me to go on in this respect.

Very respectfully,
WILLIAM E. JOHNSON,
Chief Special Agent.

Bids Wanted.

Bids will be received by the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at its next regular meeting to be held May 12th, 1910, for the removal of all rubbish and the taking down and removal of what is known as the Auditor's vault from Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Block 8, Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls (old court house property) and the filling up of the cellar and the leveling off of the above described property in a good workmanlike manner.

Right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

GROWING FLAX IN THE NORTHWEST

Is it True That Flax Is An Exhausting Crop For the Soil?

Minneapolis Journal: Flax is one of the great money crops of the northwest. The three states of Minnesota and the two Dakotas raised last year about ninety per cent of all the flax grown in the United States. And yet the raising of flax, despite the high prices paid for the crop, shows a tendency to fall off. The reason for this is the widespread notion that flax is very exhaustive to the soil, and to raise it as a steady crop means the depletion of the land.

The researches of the expimental stations have demonstrated that flax has a bad name that it does not deserve. Professoor H. L. Bolley, of the North Dakota Agricultural College, issued a bulletin on flax culture, in which he quoted with approval Russian experiments, showing that flax takes less out of the soil than wheat or barley, and he proved that wheat following flax does much better than wheat following wheat. Minnesota experiments shown in Bulletin 47, of the Agricultural Experiment Station prove that wheat takes 210 pounds of mineral matter per acre out of the soil, barley 218 pounds, oats 205 pounds and corn 200 pounds. Flax on the other hand takes but 87 pounds. Neither does it absord as much soil moisture as does other grains.

The bad reputation flax has acquired among farmers is due to the fact that it often leaves the fields "flax sick." It has been proved however, that this condition is due, not to the raising of flax, but to the growth of a fungus that lives on the flax plant.

This fungus so thoroughly permeates the soil that in time it becomes impossible to raise flax on it. The remedy is to use good seed and to sterilize it with Gormalin before planting. The same treatment prevents flax wilt, which destoys many fields where the seed has not been treated.

Professor Bolley has developed a variety of flax that is wilt-proof. Experiments have also developed varieties that produce a great yield. The solution of the flax porblem therefore, seems to be, not to stop raising flax but to procure the best possible seed, and before planting to treat it with a formalin spray.

The flax industry has become one of the most importrtant of the northwest. The demand for flaxseed is constantly growing, and there seems not the slightest danger of overproduction. The wise farmer will therefore, raise a good crop of flax every year taking care to rotate his crops in the approved fashion. But flax should take its place in the cycle of crops, and should not be shunned because of wrong ideas about its effect on the soil. The annual flax acreage in the northwest ought to increase steadily, because it is so enormously profitable crop, if only due care is exercised in selection and treatment of seed, and in cultivation.

BORCHER'S BANQUET

His Friends Wish Him Much Success in His New Venture.

Last Thursday evening about twenty-five of the business and professional men of the city sat down to a banquet at the Grand View hotel given in honor of Fred Borchers on the eve of his departure for the west.

After the banquet had been enjoyed attorney F. A. Grady as toastmaster asked a number of the guests to say something appropriate to the occasion. Many joined in the expression of the wish that Mr. Borchers and his family might enjoy prosperity and happiness in their new home. Before the banqueters dispersed they by a rising vote adopted resolutions recommending Mr. Borchers to the people of his new home as a man of business integrity. The resolutions will be put into permanent form and will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

Mr. Borchers, in company with Fred Morin of Crookston, a son of Aug. Morin of this city, will engage in the retail lumber business at Missoula, Montana. Mr. Morin has been manager of the Crookston Lumber company's yard at Crookston for a number of years and is a man of much experience in the lumber trade. Messrs. Borchers and Morin are going to an inviting field and there is little doubt that they will make a big success of their business venture in Montana.

The boss bought a new hat Saturday and the next day the sun shone.

Potato Planters

Potato Sprayers and all Kinds of Potato Machinery.

We carry the Aspinwall Potato Machinery and that means that you can't get anything better anywhere. We have one of the sprayers on hand and will have some of the planters next week. Come in and look at them.

Corn Planters, Too!

We have the P. & O. No. 66, Disc Corn Planter—the latest thing out with the tested improvements:

GREAT WESTERN
---the name is
a guarantee---
Manure Spreader

A big line of
Seasonable
Goods in the
Implement Line

JOSEPH HELM

Farm Machinery, Red Lake Falls

Impossible to be Well

It is impossible to be well, simply impossible, if the bowels are constipated. You must pay attention to the laws of nature, or suffer the consequences. Undigested material, waste products, poisonous substances, must be removed from the body at least once each day, or there will be trouble. A sluggish liver is responsible for an immense amount of suffering and serious disease. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills. He knows why they act directly on the liver. Trust him. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible]

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

At any rate we've had a lot of real nice weather this spring.

Mr. Bryan says not being elected president has its compensations, and doubtless William Howard Taft agrees with him.

From a general size-up of the situation we infer that the Republicans don't want the durned old house of representatives anyway.

Fortunately the average voter who isn't after an office doesn't owe allegiance to any party organization. He believes in majority rule, but it is the majority rule of good citizenship and clean political methods.

"Tell it not in Gath, publish it not in Askalon, but don't forget that John Lind will be offered the presidency of the state university, but somehow there is an overwhelming fear that Governor Eberhart and the Republican leaders will not favor the movement.

The Republican State convention will be held in St. Paul, Tuesday, June 21. The county conventions are to be held the Friday preceding that date, June 17. There will be in all 1,075 delegates at the convention, the basis being one delegate for 250 votes or major fraction thereof cast for the state ticket and five delegates at large from each county.

The Saturday Evening Post thinks that Andrew Carnegie doesn't give proper credit on the corner-stones of the libraries he has endowed. The Post suggests that the inscription should read: "Built by Andrew Carnegie and the various Republican majorities in congress voting for a protective tariff." The suggestion is good for it points an object lesson to the indifferent voters.

The Democratic party has before it the greatest opportunity in sixty years. But as the Little Falls Herald sagely remarks: "More than ever is wisdom, honesty, and good sense needed by the statesmen of the Democratic party. That party has the golden opportunity. Only foolishness and fatuity, which would be criminal, could prevent the Democratic party from achieving success. But it most deserves it."

In a recent speech before the Stillwater commercial club Governor Eberhart urges the smaller cities of the state to go after manufacturing enterprises, on the theory that the Northwest is soon to become a great manufacturing center. This is good advice, but the governor missed the vital point. It would be much better if he would urge an equitable freight rate which would put the smaller city in a position to compete with St. Paul and Minneapolis. The present freight tariff is the greatest injustice, and the country towns of Minnesota cannot grow and prosper under it. Some form of distant tariff will soon become an acknowleged necessity to the general welfare.

An exchange says some person mathematically inclined has been trying the figures on the proposed Rockfeller philanthropy "foundation" and finds that in 1970 the fund will have reached thirty nine billion dollars or equal to all the present national debts of the world. None of this mind you, to to be taxed and to be administered by future Rockfeller estates. So vast a sum devoted to charity and philanthropy could be made to do a great deal of good in the world, in the same manner, properly handled but the perpetuation of the greatest fortune in the world, in this manner, even under the disguise of philanthropy, is rather rasping to the sensibilities of the masses of the American people.

The Rochester district gave the standpatters another chill last week.

The silence on the part of Republican politicians and state officials as to the Rochester election is noticeable. Probably they are convinced that insurgency is more a mirage.

The Republicanism of the Wadena Pioneer Journal will not be questioned by those familiar with Minnesota politics, and the following criticism of President Taft and his policies cannot be charged to a newspaper looking for an opportunity to appear unfriendly:

"President Taft is a very genial, honorable and able gentleman, but he blunders badly in meeting important developments. No one desires to pick out his friends and confidants, but in standing by Ballinger, Cannon, Hitchcock and others of that character he makes himself particularly offensive. Nothing he can do or say will righten matters in this respect, for the common people have a pronounced dislike for them, and do not take kindly to the flagrant moves of the president in their behalf."

According to the Milwaukee Journal the Republicans of Indiana have gone further than to repudiate the enormously excessive duties of the new tariff law—they virtually have condemned the tariff policy of their party. If the rule that they prescribe for imposing protective duties should be applied, the high tariff wall would come down with a crash. For the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad is infinitesimal. In fact, save where the tariff operates to enhance the price of raw materials, the cost of production is as low as it is in Great Britian or Germany. In some lines it is even lower, as is attested by the fact that our manufacturers compete with and undersell their foreign rivals in the open market.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AIMS

RED LAKE FALLS

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance, which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

Merchants State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where man do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Brainerd Tribune: John Lind of Minneapolis for governor and W. E. McEwen of Duluth for lieutenant governor is said to be the ticket advocated by Frank Day, chairman of the Democratic state committee. That ticket would sure make a strong combination.

Hutchinson Leader: We regret very much to note that Knut Nelson, who has often been found standing manfully for the right seems to be leaning towards a whitewash for Ballinger. It is inconceivable that, with the evidence there is before him, the senator can believe Ballinger innocent of the charges against him.

Breckenridge Gazette: Boost for Minnesota, and more particularly for Wilkin county. If you must knock, go and knock your head against a brick wall. It won't hurt the wall and it might improve your head.

Cass Lake Times: With the insurgents making three insurgents grow where one grew before, and the Socialists making Milwaukee more famous than its beer, although one Milwaukee does not make a party, we may not be jumping at a very erroneous conclusion to see the best of the two old parties absorbed by two new ones—the Insurgents and the Socialists. What a vast crematory awaits the standpatters and regulars.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: The tide has set too strongly against the Taft administration to be stemmed even at this early day, and every time that Mr. Taft or any of his body servants attempt to force it down the throats of the people that the present tariff law is a redemption of a Republican promise and that it is a good law, he is only widening the crack in the foundation, only hastening a crash that will be mighty. The temper of the people is to be seen from Massachusetts, from Indiana, from Wisconsin and from all points where recent elections have been held, and it is a warning that it is a folly for Mr. Taft and his political friends not to heed.

Fergus Falls Weekly: At the late conservation congress at St. Paul, Prof. Willis brought out the fact that there is more net profit in one acre of 80 bushel corn than in four acres of 30 bushel corn. This may seem strange to some of our boys, but expenses count up fast, particularly when they are almost as great as the income.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Don't use what you see if you are unable to see the use.

It takes a man of tact to smile when a rival is praised.

It is frequently difficult to corner a man who isn't square.

Only a linguist can bore you in more languages than one.

An enemy's criticism may be more helpful than a friends praise.

What a woman means is often the exact opposite of what she says.

Love laughs at locksmiths because they can't keep the wolf from the door.

Many a man's success is due to his having strayed from the beaten path.

Everyone likes to attend a wedding—with the possible exception of the bridegroom.

If you can't find anything to talk about but getting married in June and going fishing talk about the weather.

If you can fool half the people half the time that's enough. Don't be a hog, even if pork is high.

A woman's only reason for carrying a watch is that it reminds her to ask some one what time it is.

Lots of women have married men for the purpose of reforming them, but did you ever hear of one who succeeded?

When a father objects to the object of his daughter's affections his objections are about as effective as the bite of a toothless dog.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Little money, much flourish.

The way a man cuts down his flower bills for a girl is by marrying her.

Men wouldn't care so much for even baseball if it were a family affair.

You can always tell by the way a woman smiles that what you think it means isn't it.

A man thinks he's a devil of a fellow to have prize fighter pointed out to him in a street car.

EBERHART AND RAILROAD LEGISLATION

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

Continued from page 1.

every vote he has cast in recent years and every attitude he has assumed has subjected him to criticism and censure. Mr. Tawney would surely never have assumed the antagonistic attitude to President Roosevelt and the Roosevelt policies which has made his record conspicuous had he appreciated fully how completely Mr. Roosevelt himself and the policies which have added glory to Republican achievement were approved by the people he was elected to represent. Mr. Tawney is too intelligent a man and too familiar with the spirit which animates our constitution—too conscientious moreover and solicitious to discharge his full duty to the people who have honored him to have made some effort to represent the sentiment in his own district had he been correctly informed as to what that sentiment was.

An Opportunity Presented.

The remedy, of course, is to afford Mr. Tawney a better opportunity of familiarizing himself with the progressiv sentiment of the state. His ability and his worth is readily conceded. The pity is that they should have been misdirected for want of leisure to study home conditions and to familiarize himself with home sentiment. Those are really Mr. Tawney's best friends who suggest his temporary retirement. No one who wished him well would want him to cling to office for the mere sake of exercising power. That is what Aldrich and Cannon have done. They will be followed in retirement by execration which Mr. Tawney has yet the privalege of evading.

County Option Troublesome.

Our county option friends seem bent on hatching out trouble for the Republican convention. The public is not generally familiar with the effective character of the campaign they are conducting. For instance during the present week a series of meetings are being held in Rochester by Hon. Seaborn Wright, the eloquent Georgian, an experienced campaigner for the county option cause. No one who heard him while at the convention here in St. Paul in March will be likely to question the strength of the appeal he will make in the country town like Rochester to the people.

Mr. Youngdahl claims that from thirty to forty per cent of the delegates to the Republican state convention will be county option men, and they will have but one purpose at the convention, namely to compel the adoption of a county option plank.

The Republicans Embarassed.

That the Republicans will adopt such a plank is in the last degree improbable. It was said that at the last Republican convention Dar Reese was the author of the temperance plank. Some one else may be employed to write it this time, as it seems to be a part of the plan of campaign to keep Dar and his kind in the background, but no one questions that whatever temperance plank is adopted this must be acceptable to the same interests which approved it two years ago. The convention will have no recourse except to turn down the county optionists if it cannot placate them. In that event, Mr. Youngdahl announces, and he no doubt speaks for the management of the county option campaign, the delegates the anti-saloon league can control will walk out of the convention.

A Serious Defection.

In its palmiest days the party could withstand no such defection as that and win. What it may do with Governor Eberhart as a canditdate is of course still an open question. He may have some hidden sources of strength. It is said indeed that his conservation propaganda has strengthened him in northern Minnesota; and many have had an opportunity to be impressed by his eloquence. Then the event may prove that Mr. Youngdahl will be unable to marshal his delegates just the way he wants to. Whichever way it turns out the Republicans seem to have a difficult situation to deal with, rendered all the more so by the unpopularity of the national administration and it's utter incapacity to give the leaders here any support. The fact is that the national policy being attacked as it must be by the two congressional insurgents and the five near insurgents in order that they may have any chance at all of election is likely to prove a serious handicap to the success of the state ticket.

—PAUL PRY.

SCROFULA

Scrofula disfigures and causes life-long misery.

Children become strong and lively when given small doses of

Scott's Emulsion

every day. The starved body is fed; the swollen glands healed, and the tainted blood vitalized. Good food, fresh air and *Scott's Emulsion* conquer scrofula and many other blood diseases.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Judicial Ditch No. 14, Marshall and Red Lake Counties, Minnesota.

Clerk of Court's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota } SS District Court
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Steen and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall and Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 14.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch designated and numbered by the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 14, and the preliminary hearing provided by law before the Judge of the District Court has been had thereon and the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of the said ditch and to perform such other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court; and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of said Clerk; and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and termini of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch No. 14, including a description of land over which the same passes, is as follows, viz:—

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 45 min. north and 900 min. west of ¼ section corner on the east side of section 12 Twp. 154 N. Range 44 W. thence in a westerly direction parallel to ¼ section line thru section 12, 11, 10, 9 and 8 to a point about 45 min. feet east and 45 feet north to the center of section 8 said Township and Range; thence in a northerly direction parallel to ¼ section line thru section 8 and 5, to a point about 45 feet east and 45 feet south of ¼ section corner on north side of section 5, aforesaid Twp. and Range; thence running in a westerly direction to junction with Marshall County Ditch No. 5; thence running along the course of said County Ditch No. 5, in a westerly direction along north boundary line of sections 5 and 6 Twp. 154, Range 44 W. and section 1 and 2 Twp. 154 N. Range 45 W. to a point about 336 feet east of ¼ section corner of north side of section 2; thence by a course N. 38 degrees West about 3300 feet; thence North 30 degrees West a distance of about 1700 feet in section 35 Twp. 155 N. Range 45 West to the West boundary of said section 35, continuing the last mentioned course a distance of about 900 feet in section 34, of last mentioned Twp. and Range to the North boundary of section 34; thence by following respective courses in section 27: North 30 degrees West about 2000 feet; North 42 degrees 30 minutes West about 900 feet, South 79 degrees 30 min. W. about 400 feet; South 85 degrees West about 400 feet; North 10 degrees West about 300 feet; and North 48 degrees W. about 300 feet to its termination in a branch of Snake River.

BRANCH "A." Beginning at ¼ section corner on North side of section 1 Township 154 N. Range 44 W. thence running south on ¼ section line thru section 1 and 12 to an intersection with the main ditch at the center of said section 12.

BRANCH "B" Beginning at a point about 500 feet east of center of section 22, Twp. 155 N. Range 44 W. thence running south 25 degrees 20 minutes W. about 3000 feet in said section 22 about 4300 feet in section 27 and about 900 feet in section 28, Twp. and Range aforesaid, thence running south 1 degree 14 minutes East about 900 feet to an intersection with the south boundary of said section 28 at a point about 350 feet west of the S. E. corner of said section 28; thence south 26 degrees 15 minutes W. in section 33 said Twp. and Range a distance of about 2400 feet to an intersection with the East 1-16 section line; thence south along said 1-16 section line about 3100 feet to the south boundary of said section 33, thence south 42 degrees 35 minutes West about 1500; thence south 15 degrees 0 minutes West about 4455 feet thru section 4 Twp. 154, Range 44 to a point about 800 feet west and 45 feet north of the ¼ section corner between section 4 and 9 said Twp. and Range; thence west parallel to the section line forming north boundary of said section 9 and 8 to an intersection with the main ditch near the ¼ section corner between section 5 and 8 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

BRANCH "C." Beginning at a point near the center of the N. E. ¼ of section 23, Twp. 155 N. Range 44 W. running thence in a southwesterly direction to the ¼ section corner between between section 23 and 26 said Twp. and Range; thence south along ¼ section line to the center of said section 26; thence West along the ¼ section line to a point about 226 feet West of the ¼ section corner between sections 26 and 27 Twp. and Range aforesaid; thence south 11 degrees W. about 800 feet; thence south 37 degrees 25 minutes W. about 900 feet; thence north 75 degrees 15 minutes W. about 600 feet to an intersection with the south 1-16 section line in said section 27; thence west along the said south 1-16 section line to an intersection with Branch "B."

BRANCH "D." Beginning at a point 3853 feet north and 248 feet west of ¼ section corner between sections 10 and 11, Twp. 154 N. Range 44 W. thence south parallel to the east boundary of said section 10 to a junction with the main ditch 248 feet west of the aforesaid ¼ section corner.

BRANCH "E." Beginning at a point about 45 feet west and 45 feet north of the SE corner section 14, Twp. 154, N., Range 44 W., and running thence westerly parallel to the section line to a point 45 feet east and 45 feet north of the SW corner of Section 16 said Twp. and Range; thence north parallel to section line to a junction with the main ditch near ¼ section corner between sections 8 and 9 said Twp. 154 N. Range 44 W.

BRANCH "F." Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 29 and 32 Twp. 155 N., Range 44 W., and running thence along ¼ section line south thru said section 32 to a junction with the main ditch near the ¼ section corner on south side of said section 32 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

And that the said engineer's report shows the dimensions of said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Agnes C. Conrad, Moe Real Estate & Mortgage Co., N. A. Sorsheim, Rasmus Oen, John Blom, John Nordhagen, E. O. Reinsgaard, Louis Lee, Olof Thoen, Jr., H. G. Dohner, Robert Lee, Johanna T. Finke, Carsten Christenson, Frank M. Mousley, Anna Mousley, Ole P. Rogne, Axel Kron, O. Knudtson, Henry Eyde, Nichola Nelson, August Johnson, John F. Carlson, Ole R. Brooten, Gustaf Opseth, Carl Z. Myberg, Ole O. Steen, A. E. Viberg, Mathilda Jensen, W. W. Prichard, Ole O. Nesja, Tom Torgerson, Tom Fergerson, Amund Norstal, S. T. Stebbins, Daniel Shaw, C. N. Sonnesyn, Nels Bortness, Julina S. Sonjei, C. H. Herbovig, Ola J. Tweet, F. N. Meed, Peter N. Waldness, G. J. Nordhagen, Knut Knutseth, Knud Lappegaard, Amund A. Myron, Anna Larson and minor children, Magnhilda Amondson, G. Vandertook, F. E. Soderberg, Pete Peterson, Marguerite Lingelbaok, Reinhart Knutson, Halvor Erickson, Ole Nelson, Lars J. Parhst, Ole P. Rogne, Peter J. Nordahl, Benjamin Anderson, Andrew Ecklund, Richard Walden, John Johanneson, Sakarias Skogren, Nels Samuelson, F. & C. Lidan, Carl Swanson, Anton Martinsen, John Grove, F. B. Roberts, Frank Rowick, Margarette West, Axel B. Axelson, Agnes M. Dohner, Edward D. Setnes, Axel Larson, Evan A. Harnem, J. E. Hellquist, J. Johnson Sr., Sven J. Haugen, T. Mallum, Emil Blomberg, Sven J. Haugen, Axel Larson, L. E. Jones, John Kemmen, John L. Haug, Thom Halsen, Thom Holten, Gilbert Erickson, F. B. Roberts, John Remmem, John P. Kennedy, Amund Remman, J. F. McLaughlin, State of Minnesota, L. Lambertson, C. A. Williams, L. E. Jones, Maria Anderson, Albert Paulson, Fred Mellum, A. O. Opseth, E. O. Setness, Henry Garske, Henry Hess, Frank Rowick, Christian Engen, Erik F. Johanson, Ole J. Dahl, O. A. Flann, H. A. Halvorson, Katherine Halder, Tri-State Land Co., Knute Jorstal, Paul Sehanke, LoSomark & Klekor, Peter Sorenson, Gustav Nakken, Peter Mellum, Jackin Meegemma, Olof Opseth, Paul Erickson, Sivert Refteseth, Sam Thompson, Anna Sjoldavold, Ivar L. Kronstad, Lars Thompson, First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Louis Thompson, Ivor S. Kragstad, Richard Erickson, Peter Erickson, O. L. & H. O. Dohner, W. E. Larimore, John Halvorson, J. G. Wilson, N. A. Worthing, A. Larson, O. G. Willson, W. W. Potts, Anton Muller, Ellsworth Jones & Co., John H. Lee, Fred Styrlund, James & L. Bulman, A. Grindeland, Chas. Bergman, J. M. Westby, N. Nordhagen, Sven J. Haugen, Iver M. Westby, Erik Blomberg, S. T. Dakan, John D. & Fred D. Van Allen, C. A. Lundell, J. S. Larson, Louis Westman, Chas. Tanquist, Peter Lindquist, J. S. Larson, J. B. Larson, Swante Larson, John B. Peterson, Geo. D. Dayton, E. Carlson, O. Carlson, Otto S. Bland, John S. Grove, Albert Brown, O. R. Hammer, O. Carlson, Mary Nelson, Warner Drotts, P. J. Anderson, L. A. Jonson, Julius J. Olson, J. J. Olson, O. M. Sonnesyn, Carl A. Swanson, Frank Roviek, Christian Engen, Bertha Saugen, Iver Olson, and the following Townships, Viz:—Norden in Red Lake County, Minnesota, and New Solum and Viking in Marshall County, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby given, that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said Court and Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the Court Room in the Court House, in the City of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of May, 1910 at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or branches or assessments of damages or benefits thereto.

Dated April 5th, 1910.
(District Court Seal)

A. C. SWANDBY
Clerk of District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.

Brown & Eckstrom,
Attorneys for Petitioners,
Warren, Minn.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for **HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC.** Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers. ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year. Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking. Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins Fargo, N. D.

You Are Particular

BUT you are no more particular when you buy a suit than we are. You strive to get the greatest value for your money. So do we. It's good business. Where you would lose $1—we would lose $1,000. We are proud of our buying ability when we offer you Clothcraft Clothes.

We bring them to you from a maker who has achieved wonders in the clothing world. By scientific tailoring the Clothcraft manufacturers reduced the cost of production one-third. And the gain to you is pure wool clothes—with lasting shape and style—to sell at reasonable prices.

With every Clothcraft garment goes a guarantee signed by the maker that frees you forever from clothes troubles.

CLOTHCRAFT
All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

Let us show you this splendid line.

The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere Proprietor

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured. Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth

For making fine, rich, or plain food, equally valuable and saving.
ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Indispensable For Home Baking

Notice.

[illegible] petition [illegible] the City Council of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota praying for the [illegible] of Block One in [illegible] and said [illegible] ordered and acted upon [illegible] City [illegible] at a meeting of [illegible] in the city hall, in the [illegible] Minnesota on the 20th day of May [illegible] P. M.

Dated April [illegible]

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, [illegible] and Anna M. [illegible] on the 5th day of February [illegible] execute and deliver to the G. Heileman Brewing company of LaCrosse, Wis. [illegible] mortgage [illegible] Nine Hundred Dollars [illegible] which said mortgage was duly recorded in the [illegible] Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota on the [illegible] March [illegible] o'clock A. M. in [illegible] of Mortgages on Page One (1) and

WHEREAS, [illegible] has been made in the payment [illegible] principal sum of [illegible] Hundred Dollars ($500.00) to [illegible] February 5th, [illegible] at the rate [illegible] per cent per annum, [illegible] due and was due at the date [illegible] upon said note and mortgage [illegible] Heileman Brewing [illegible]

WHEREAS, further default has been made by [illegible] to pay the taxes in accordance with the terms of said mortgage, for the [illegible] amounting to One Hundred [illegible] Dollars and Eleven Cents [illegible] which amount has been paid by the mortgagee [illegible]

WHEREAS, further default has been made by [illegible] to keep the property insured [illegible] of the mortgagee in the [illegible] Hundred Dollars ($ [illegible]) in accordance with the terms of said Mortgage, the premium [illegible] insurance amounting to [illegible] the mortgagee has paid.

WHEREAS, [illegible] has become operative [illegible] proceeding having been [illegible] law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and covered by said mortgage, and premises [illegible] situated in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota and described as follows, to wit: Lot number Ten [illegible] the Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1910 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of Eleven Hundred Forty-one Dollars and Eighty-six Cents ($1141.86) being the full amount of principal, interest, taxes and insurance due at the date of this notice, together with interest on said sum from the date of this notice. Also Fifty Dollars ($50) attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, also Thirty-six Dollars and Ninety-eight Cents ($35.98) taxes levied and assessed against said premises and real estate for the year 1909 together with the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1910.

G. HEILEMAN BREWING COMPANY,
By E. T. Mueller,
Secretary.

L. L. Brown,
Winona, Minnesota.
George H. Gordon,
LaCrosse, Wisconsin.
Attorneys for Mortgagee. a21jun

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOBS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the 12 day of May A. D. 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, at the office of the County Auditor of Marshall County, Minnesota, in the Court House in the City of Warren, in said County, the County Auditors of Marshall and Red Lake Counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 14 of Marshall and Red Lake Counties, together with the branches thereof, shown in the Engineer's report, all as established by order of the Judge of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received at the said time and place for the work as one job, or for one or more of linear sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the Engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said Main Ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said Engineer's report.

No bids will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent, the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a State or National Bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren, Auditor of Marshall County, Minnesota, and A. A. Latendresse, Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said Counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute bond as provided by law.

The estimates, profiles, blue prints and specifications and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the Clerk of District Court of said Marshall County, Minnesota, in the City of Warren in said County.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such Ditch is as follows:—

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of Main Ditch and branches is 271,450 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $23,545.60.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. G. Lundgren,
(County Auditor's Seal) County Auditor,
14325 Marshall County, Minnesota

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Henry B. Kaufer.
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake,
In Probate Court

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry B. Kaufer, Decedent

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Louis A. Kaufer,

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof, and that Wednesday, the Sixth day of July, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court house at Red Lake Falls in said County, be and hereby the same is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette as provided by law.

Dated April 2nd 1910.

S. A. SWANSON,
(SEAL) Judge of Probate.
F. A. Grady,
Atty. for Administrator,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 14th day of May, 1910, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 43 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date April Ninth, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also let one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter commencing at one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, said sections of County Ditch No. 43 being numbered as follows: Station "O" to Station Number "307" both inclusive and requiring the excavation and removal of 73,537.0 cubic yards of earth the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profile, maps and specifications of the Civil Engineer in charge, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than (30) per cent, over and above the estimate cost of construction, in any case, as stated in said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfilment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The excavation and removal of 73,537.0 cubic yards of earth being estimated at Seven thousand Three Hundred Fifty-three and 70—100 Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $10503.70 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated April 16th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
SEAL County Auditor Red Lake County.
State of Minnesota.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 14th day of May, 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M. at the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota, at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 42 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date April Ninth, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source said sections of County Ditch No. 42 being numbered as follows: Station "O" to Station "295" both inclusive and contemplating the excavation and removal of 55,150.0 Cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profile, maps and specifications of the Civil Engineer in charge, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent, over and above the estimate cost of construction, in any case, as stated in said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The excavation and removal of 55,150.0 cubic yards of earth being estimated at Five Thousand Five Hundred Fifteen and No—100 Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $7,590.00 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated April 16th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
County Auditor's Seal.

Notice of Application for Transfer of Liquor License.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake,
City of Red Lake Falls

Notice is hereby given, that an application has been made in writing to the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, county and state aforesaid and filed in my office, praying for transfer of the license to sell intoxicating liquors heretofore issued for the term commencing on the 1st day of July 1909, and terminating on the 30th day of June, 1910, by the following named person as stated in said application, respectively, to-wit: Fred Borchers to

H. A. JOHNSON

in that certain brick building situate on Lot Twenty-one (21) of Block Three (3) in the Original Townsit of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, State of Minnesota.

For the reason that said Fred Borchers has sold his saloon business to said H. A. Johnson, said business to be continued in the same location provided for in the original license.

This application and any remonstance or objection to such transfer will be heard and determined by said city council at its regular meeting to be held on Thursday, the 21st day of April, 1910, at the city hall in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1910

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
14121 City Clerk.

Tax Judgment Sale.

Pursuant to a Real Estate Tax Judgment of the District Court, of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, entered the 20th day of March, 1910, in proceedings for enforcing payment of taxes and penalties upon real estate in the county of Red Lake, remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1910, and of the statutes in such case made and provided, I shall on Monday, the Ninth day of May, 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at my office in the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls and County of Red Lake, sell the lands which are charged with taxes, penalties and cost in said Judgment, and on which taxes shall not have been previously paid.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
(Seal) Auditor of Red Lake County.

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.

Work Promptly Attended to

Leave orders at Gazette office

WHAT THEY NEEDED

By HARRY VAN AMBERG

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

Having occasion to see Gunter after office hours on a matter of business, I went to his room. It was 9 o'clock, a time when young people are supposed to be enjoying themselves in their evening amusements and married people are sitting around the hearthstone or the big lamp on the center table reading, dozing or listening to the chatter of the children going to bed.

But Gunter—never before in my life have I lighted upon a more desolate situation for a man in good health, prosperous and without any skeleton in his closet. He was sitting in an easy chair, looking at the wall. When I entered something of a change came over his face. He seemed pleased that any one should break the stillness.

"Great heavens, Gunter!" I exclaimed. "What are you sitting here alone for?"

"Because I have no one to sit with me."

"Then why not go out?"

"I've been going out for years, and I'm tired of it."

I stayed with Gunter all the evening. The upshot of our talk other than business was this: I agreed to pilot him into something better than a room with no one but himself in it. My cousin, Margaret Tucker, twenty-eight years old—Gunter was forty—was just as needful of something better than a single room as was Gunter. I told Gunter that he couldn't afford any longer to wait to fall in love: if he did he would likely pass the rest of his life in loneliness. If he married he couldn't be any worse off than he was, and he might be a great deal better off. I used the same argument with Margaret. I vouched for her to Gunter as being an excellent person and for Gunter to her to the same effect. I introduced them. Gunter made an expected proposal. It was accepted, and they were married.

I was shocked at what I had done. Suppose they didn't get on together. How would I feel at having tied them up in a knot they couldn't unloose without a lot of trouble? One day I saw Gunter coming toward me on the street. He looked glum. There was no side street between me and him for me to turn down, so I was obliged to face him. I nerved myself for the meeting and, assuming a lot of heartiness, ran up to him and, grabbing him by the hand, shook it warmly and said:

"How are you, old man? Happy as a clam, eh?"

There was no fervor in his affirmative response.

"Come," I went on, "tell me how you and Mag are getting on."

"Oh, we'd get on well enough, but there are certain things about women that rub a man the wrong way."

"Such as?"

"Well, Mag gives way to me in certain things I don't care anything about, but if anything of importance comes up between us she must have her own way."

"Well?"

"I wouldn't have you breathe it. I say it in the strictest confidence. I'm thinking of a separation."

"Good gracious!"

I saw he was being ruffled and tried to soothe him, but it was of no avail. He declared that his wife had an ideal of a husband in her mind, and she was trying to make him over to conform to that ideal. I left him, feeling that I had not succeeded in comforting him and cursing my folly at having led him into matrimony.

Desiring to see Mag alone and expecting that her husband would not go home at that time of day, I called on her.

"Well, Mag," I said, "how goes matrimony?"

"Oh, matrimony's well enough! It's the man one marries that's the trouble."

"What's the matter?"

"My husband is unreasonable."

"About what?"

"Well, he gives way to me in things that I don't care anything about, but if anything of importance comes up he's a perfect tyrant."

In thinking that Gunter wouldn't go home at that time of day I had made a mistake. While I was talking with Mag he came in. I was irritated at the way my plans for those I had wished to benefit had turned out and was in no mood to meet the two together.

"If you two people," I said, "insist on quarrelling instead of enjoying the happiness that has come to you I can't help it. I did the best I knew how for both of you, but"—

"Our affairs are none of your business," said Mag fiercely.

"Right you are," said her husband. "What right have you to come here and meddle?"

"I meddle?"

Seeing that if I remained where I was a minute longer there would be an explosion, I crammed my hat down on my head and rushed out of the room, slamming the door behind me.

I went to my office in a fever. I couldn't work. I couldn't sit still. I walked the floor. Presently there came a ring at the telephone bell.

"Who is it?" I asked.

"Mag. Come over to dinner."

"What for?" irritated.

"I wish to thank you for something."

"All right. I'll come. But thank me now."

"We needed some one to turn against instead of each other. We're having a delightful makeup."

Prepared For the Worst.

"Sir, your son has just joined a college fraternity. These college fraternities"—

"Never mind about breaking it gently. What hospital is he at?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Out of Style.

Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?
Why should the people be vain?
A photograph taken three short years ago
Gives even its sitter a pain.
—Puck.

TERREBONNE.

A week ago Miss Howald of Red Lake and Miss Waber of Thief River Falls were the guests of Miss Landreville at the French rectory.

Mr. C. L. Cadiaux and wife and Mr. Regis Gagnon and wife drove to Crookston to attend the funeral of the late Andres Prudhomme.

Geo. Cyr of Red Lake and his young wife attended mass here Sunday and visited with Jas. Champoux.

Sunday the young men of the town began to organize a baseball club. They played for a while and drew a big crowd. The Misses Latendresse and Zaiser, accompanied by Jos. Helm and Billy Erickson, were among the applauders of the young gentlemen.

With the good weather the farmers are again busy with the sowing. The ground is in good condition.

Concerning Comets.

Oh, de comet comes a-blazin',
But he ain' no good to me.
He's sumpin' right amazin',
But he don't help folks to see.
An' yet we makes 'miration
An' forgits de moon so bright
Dat takes her reg'lar station
When we really needs de light.

Dar's alwuys dis hero danger
Dat makes trouble in de end—
In fussin' 'bout de stranger
We neglects de trusty friend.
Some folks, like comets glowin',
Is boun' to quit you soon.
De kind dat's wuth de knowin'
Is substantial, like de moon.
—Washington Star.

Old Maids' Beds.

"This is our special old maid's bed," said the salesman. "We are selling it like hot cakes. I don't believe there's an old maid in the township sleeps on any other pattern.

"What's its peculiar advantage to old maids? Why, of course, it's lowness. Don't you see how low it is? It goes right down to the ground. No man on earth could crawl under it.

"So this is the bed that old maids buy. No man could hide under it. So it doesn't have to be looked under uneasily the last thing before turning off the light."—Minneapolis Journal.

You May Not Hear Them Knocking.

Summer soon along the ways
Her gold will be unlocking,
But howl not high for happy days.
You may not hear 'em knockin'.

They'll come to valley and to hill.
You'll see the dollars glisten,
But for their twinklin' footsteps still
Bend low your ears and listen.

Bright will be every earthly day when
They shall tell their story,
But don't you scare 'em all away by
Shoutin' too much "Glory!"
—Frank L. Stanton.

His Hunting.

"Do you enjoy hunting?"

"No."

"Perhaps you have never had favorable opportunities for enjoying the sport. What have you hunted mostly?"

"Before I was married I generally hunted for a boarding place. Since then most of my hunting has been for flats."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Proud of Him.

The doctors point to him with pride.
They view him with a friendly smile.
When he goes by they turn aside
And speak about his dash and style.

They point to him as one who walks
A monument unto their skill
And mention him in all their talks—
The gentleman has paid his bill.
—Detroit Free Press.

The Retort Courteous.

"I hate to press this bill, Mr. Slowpay," said the tailor, taking a much wrinkled memorandum of accounts from his pocket, "but"—

"Oh, don't bother, Snip," said Slowpay genially. "You don't need to press it. I don't mind wrinkles in it at all. The fact is I've got a dozen fresh copies of it at home already."

Jumping Stunts.

We know we've heard that years ago—
It may have been high noon—
A cow went out and did a stunt
By jumping o'er the moon.
How true that is we cannot say,
We'll try not to convince,
But surely beef and other meats
Have jumped some ever since.
—Yonkers Statesman.

Up to Him.

"See here," asked the cautious stranger, "if I decide to stay here for a week how much is it going to cost me?"

"You can answer that best yourself," replied the clerk of the fashionable hotel. "How much have you got?"—Catholic Standard and Times.

The Only Balm.

When lovely woman stoops to folly
And sports a hatpin two feet long
What charm can soothe the melancholy
Of those she jabbeth in the throng?
The only balm their woes to jolly,
To heal the mangling of the spikes,
Is just to know the playful dolly
Will wear and do whate'er she likes.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb., 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Torof A. Momrak of Plummer, Minnesota, who, on Dec. 20, 1904, made H. E. No. 23974 serial No. 01772, for NW¼ SW¼ Section 13, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., 5th Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 16th day of June 1910.

Ole Anderson, Hjelmer H. Fredrickson, Sjur M. Harbalen, Aslek A. Momrak, all of Plummer, Minnesota.

a28je9 ARTHUR F. TOUPIN, Register.

Order of Hearing on Petition for Consolidation of School Districts.

Notice is hereby given that a petition of which the following is a copy:

To the honorable board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Gentleman:

We, the undersigned free holders and legal voters of School Districts Numbered Sixty-one (61) and Seventy-three (73) in said Red Lake county, do hereby respectfully petition your honorable body and show that said districts were originally one district and, was known as District Numbered Seventy-three (73) but since the division of said old district it has been ascertained that such division was an unwise move in ble that the new district Numbered Sixty-one can have only about three months school and the diminished district can have only about two months school and for said reason we believe it to be to the best interests of both of said districts to be again united as one district and do hereby petition your honorable body that said districts be consolidated in the manner provided by law and that your board cause proper proceedings to be instituted and steps taken toward ultimate consolidation of said districts.

Freeholders and Legal Voters of District No. 61:

Albert Geske.
F. T. Satre.
Christ Kittelsen.
Carl Geske.
Gust Geske.
Ingeborg Satre.
Eric Kittelson.
Wm. Moeller.

Freeholders and Legal Voters of District No. 73:

Charles Gustafson.
Hogan Henson.
Henry Pope.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS

On this 6th day of April, A. D. 1910, before me, a Justice of the Peace within and for said county, personally appeered F. T. Satre, Gust Geske, Wm. Moeller, Christ Kittelsan, Albert Geske, Carl Geske, Henry Pope, Hogan Hanson, Eric Kittelson, Ingeborg Satre to me known to be legal voters and freeholders of School Districts Numbered Sixty-one (61) and Seventy-three (73) in said Red Lake county, and that each acknowledged that he signed said petition as his free act and deed and knew the contents thereof. And that said persons together with the undersigned constitute a majority of the freeholders who are qualified to vote at school meetings in both of said districts.

CHARLES GUSTAFSON.
Justice of the Peace,
Red Lake County, Minn.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS

On this 6th day of April, A. D. 1910, before me, a Notary Public within and for said county, personally appeared Charles Gustafson, to me known to be one of the persons who signed the foregoing petition, that he is a legal voter and freeholder of School District Numbered Seventy-three in said county and that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

C. HALVORSON,
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.

My commission expires July 16, 1914.
(Notarial Seal)

was presented to the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at a special session of said board held on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1910.

Now, Therefore, it is ordered, and notice is hereby given, that a hearing of all parties interested in the matter of said petition will be granted at a special session of said board, commencing on the 26th day of May, 1910, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of said day at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county:

It is further ordered that a copy of this order and notice be posted in three public places in each of said districts herein named, a copy thereof served upon the clerks of each of said districts and, that the said notice be published for two successive weeks in the Red Lake Falls Gazette at least ten days before the said day appointed for said hearing, according to law.

Dated April 9th, 1910, A. D.

Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minn.

By C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of Board.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal) a28m5

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Thursday, the 26th day of May A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 20th day of April, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Silverton and Smiley in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at a point on the section line between section eight (8) and nine (9) fifty rods due north from the northeast corner of section seventeen (17) in township one hundred fifty-four (154) north of Range forty two (42) west of the Fifth Principal Meridian in Red Lake County, Minnesota, thence due south from said point on section line between said section eight (8) and nine (9), between sections sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), between sections twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), between sections twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29) and between sections thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) to the southeast corner of said section thirty-two (32) in said township and range in Red Lake County, Minnesota, and thence continuing due south from said corner on the section line between sections four (4) and five (5) and between sections eight (8) and nine (9) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-two (42) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian in Red Lake County, Minnesota, to a point on said section line between said section Eight (8) and nine (9) where the same intersects the Red Lake River in said township and range in in Red Lake County Minnesota, and terminating at and in the Red Lake River in said township and range in Red Lake County, Minnesota as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed and establish such public ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated April 19th, 1910.

John J. Soram
H. G. Hansen
George Senum
Andrew N. Ness
Rasmus A. Gansen
Berto Landaverk
John Sandt,
—Petitioners.
a21-m5

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, [illegible] Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
ffice over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance, City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A hall, Sam'l Gibson, Pres., Frank Brown, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N.G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Hizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger, E. H. Normandean, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

Reliable Active Agents

Wanted to sell the wonderful

Bennett Portable Typewriter

in this county. It has writing efficiency of expensive machines. Will sell on sight—well advertised. Big money in it for the right party. Write today. F. S. Bennett Typewriter Co. 366 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

LYLE CULVERTS
MADE FROM
AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES
ARE
RUST PROOF
GET THE GENUINE. CATALOGUE FREE
WE SELL WELL CASING AND TILE OUTLETS
LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
LYLE MINN. MINNEAPOLIS MINN.

THE SONS OF THE SOIL

They think deeply and decide definitely.
They know Beer is a Nature beverage.
Palatable, Satisfying, Healthful.
Their fathers know its value.
They use it.
Their sturdy families prove its healthfulness.
They can afford the best.
You find in their homes.

THEO. HAMM BREWING CO., St. Paul, Minn.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality
ICE CREAM
Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Open air band concert Friday night.

Farm horse for sale at Zaiser's livery barn.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz was in town today.

Otto Zaiser was at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Andrew Luting of Plummer was in town Monday.

Judge Peter Matson of Ada was in town yesterday.

Some good farms for rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

H. E. Ives was at St. Hilaire Tuesday and Wednesday.

Attorney Perl W. Mabey of Thief River Falls was in town Monday.

Attorney Fred L. Furley spent a part of the week in the twin cities.

Helm sells the Spinwall potato machinery. Read about it in the ad.

Ray Lindquist visited with friends at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Rev. Fr. Fayolla visited with friends at Crookston the first of the week.

Fine fishing tackle at Hunt Hardware company. Season opens next Sunday.

Hunts sell the Monarch Malleable range. It will pay you to read the ad.

P. B. Gaass made a business trip to the twin cities the first of the week.

Supt. H. F. Anderson was at Thief River Falls between trains Monday.

M. O. Sortedahl went to Crookston Monday evening, returning Tuesday.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

Have buyers for good farms. Call and see if you want to sell. Sortedahl Land Co. tf

Louis Doucet, the Lambert merchant, was attending to business matters in town today.

V. M. Higinbotham was attending to business matters in the twin cities the first of the week.

Eugene Hance of Thief River Falls visited with the family of his uncle, James Hance, Monday.

Hon. Marcus Johnson, president of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, was in town yesterday and today.

New stock of Rugs, Lace Curtains, (45c. up) Linoleums, Both Rugs, Window Shades at The Big Store.

Iver Howick of Thief River Falls was in the county capital Monday to attend to some very important matters.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

The Gazette's foreign news service failed to be of any service this week which accounts for the paper being a little thin.

Mrs. I. Lemieux left last evening for Euclid where she will visit with her mother, Mrs. C. Stuhr, who has been ill for some time.

The First State Bank just remodled the interior of their bank, which makes it very attractive and a credit to the city.

For sale or rent, good 8 room house, having fine cellar, cistern and well and good barn and large garden.—Sortedahl Land Co. tf

Dr. and Mrs. F. F. Fletcher of Grand Forks are at the Fletcher home and will remain until after the funeral of Abner A. Fletcher.

At the present time there is a big log drive on the Red Lake River at Thief River Falls. The logs will reach here some time next week.

The affairs of the Merchants State Bank are under Government supervision, which is so rigid that the word STATE is a synonym for Safety.

The assessors of the county are in town today receiving instructions from the the county auditor and securing supplies for their work.

Sheriff L. A. Nolson and Homer F. Mussey, brave soldier boys, were at Thief River Falls Tuesday evening for the inspection of the company of the national guard of which they are members.

A large and correct assortment of goods for First Communion at the Big Store. 10 pc. of wide Flouncing, Embroideries, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves, Veils, Wreaths. White Shoes, etc.

The First State Bank is to be highly complimented on their safe and conservative methods of banking. Their steady growth and pleased customers speak well for the institution.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fournet were at Crookston the first of the week arranging for the shipment of their household goods to this city. Mr. Fournet and family will occupy the A. P. Toupin house.

John Richords, who is now in the employ of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company at Duluth, was here the first of the week, having come to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, the late Judge S. A. Swenson.

G. A. Grussendorf, cousin of E. G. Buse, and Mrs. Grussendorf of Fergus Falls spent a part of the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Buse. Mr. Grussendorf was looking after property interests here.

Fred Barchers, accompanied by Fred Morin, left Monday evening for his new home at Missoula, Montana, Mrs. Borchers and the children will remain until Mr. Borchers secures a suitable house when the family will go west.

Never showed a finer line of Shirts, Ties, Hats, Hosiery, in fact everything in the Gent's furnishing line, than we are showing this season. Also new line of R. E. Z. and O'Donnell Oxfards, the swellest Shoes made.—LaBissoniere.

Mrs. Fred Morin of Crookston is visiting with relatives here and will remain here until her husband, who will be engaged in the lumber business with Fred Borchers at Missoula, Mont., arranges for the family's residence in that city.

Just received 20 dozen of new Stylo Corsets, Bon Ton, Adjustos, and other new things. Our business in Royal Worchester is fast increasing—Must be a reason for it. No doubt the most popular corset made.—The Big Store, exclusive agency.

Leon Laurent, Louis St. Yves and Den Champoux went to Crookston last Friday evening to be in attendance at the funeral of Andre Prudhomme. The funeral was held from St. Anne's church, Saturday morning, Rev. Fr. Tepia officiating. Mr. Prudhomme died suddenly last Thursday from heart failure.

Are you worrying about that suit? Quit it and get a Palmer, and your mind will be at ease—½ an hour does the work—LaBissoniere has 200 samples to select from, $16 50 up, "Dolly" Suite in stock at $10.90 up, Wash Suits $5.00 up.

Work on the court house is progressing very satisfactorily. A number of men have been at work on the heavy concrete foundation for the past two weeks and it is believed that by the first of June the basement will be completed. Two carloads of lumber to be used in the construction of the building were received and unloaded this week.

You should see those Clothcraft suits at $8.00 to $15.00. Guaranteed all Wool, fit beautifully, look nifty, and will hold their shape. Are sold by the best clothiers all over the U. S. The fabrics are catchy. No trouble to show you.—LaBissoniere.

A. P. Toupin's household goods are being shipped to Crookston this week and the family will leave the last of the week. Mr. Toupin's official position, that of register of the United States land office at Crookston, makes it inconvenient for him to continue his residence in this city. Jos. Toupin will remain in Red Lake Falls and will have charge of the loan, insurance and collection business.

Francois Petler was arrested at Thief River Falls this week on the charge of having robbed a rural mail box near St. Vincent last week. It is claimed that he took several letters from the box one of which contained a money order which he tried to dispose of. One of the merchants he had asked to cash the order became suspicious and the man was arrested. He was taken before U. S. Commissioner Michelet at Thief River Falls and was bound over to await the action of the federal jury at the next term of court at Fergus Falls.

ABNER A. FLETCHER

Lost His Life in a Railroad Accident at New Castle, Wyoming.

Word has been received here of the death of Abner A. Fletcher, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Fletcher of this city. Mr. Fletcher was injured on a railroad at New Castle, Wyoming, Tuesday morning and died at 11 o'clock. That is all the information that has been received and just how Mr. Fletcher received the injuries that resulted in his death is not known. Mr. Fletcher was a young attorney, a graduate of the law school of the University of North Dakota in the class of 1908.

The remains will be brought to this city for interment, but since they cannot reach here until Saturday or Monday definite announcement of arrangements for the funeral cannot be made and an obituary will be published in the next issue.

Mr. Fletcher had many friends in this city who will be pained to learn of his death and who offer sincere sympathy to the parents and brothers and sisters in their bereavement.

H. Clement, proprietor of Terrebonne cheese factory No. 70, wishes to announce to his many patrons that his factory is better equipped and more modern than ever before, and he will begin making cheese next Monday, May 2. Those wishing to haul cream may do so as he is prepared to make both butter and cheese.

Storm Was Not an Injury.

Hallock Enterprise: It is reported that the storm which set in last Saturday and continued with snow and ice for nearly three days all over the middle-west followed the course of the proverbial ill wind. It blew bad, but it also blew good. While the fruit crop further south has been damaged to the extent of several thousand dollars, the benefit to the larger grains will much more than offset this loss according to leading grain men. Here and over the entire Red River valley fruit blossoming was not far enough advanced to do any great damage, but much of the seeding had already been done when the storm set in and to this it is said the very best thing that could happen as the snow has left enough water and moisture in the ground to last several weeks. Of course, here there is lots of seeding to be done yet, but farmers will be at work quite generally again by the end of the present week.

Miss Hazel Bourdon was at Crookston the first of the week in attendance at the Christian Endeavor convention as a representative of the local society. The convention elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Rev. H. W. Georgi, of East Grand Forks, president; Miss Gertrude Stone, vice-president; Miss Nellie Knott, Bemidji, secretary; and Wm. Morris, Tenstrike, treasurer.

Proposals Wanted.

The Town Board of the Town of Poplar River will meet at the Town Clerk's office in Brooks, Minn., May 7th, 1910 at Nine o'clock A. M., for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material for the construction and erection of a steel bridge over the Lost river in the town of Poplar River agreeable to the specifications on file at the Town Clerk's office. Said bridge is 70 feet from center to center of foundations.

Parties tendering must furnish clearly made out strain sheet of their design and also the areas of material proposed to be given to each part. Bidders requested to be present on the above occasion when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. Bidder must furnish certified check for $200 to accompany bids.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

A. LANIEL.
Town Clerk, Poplar
River Township.

M5

Card of Thanks.

We wish by this means to express our sincere thanks for and appreciation of the many acts of neighborly kindness and sympathy that have been shown us in our recent bereavement.

Mrs. S. A. Swanson.
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Swanson.

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places; Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested will stop at places between the rivers.—Victor Delage, Owner.

New State laws and other conditions are creating such increasing demands for our manufactured products, it necessitates our employing a local representative with $500 to $1,000 to carry enough stock to fill orders. Good salary, office and other expenses allowed. Extra commission, position permanent, references. Address William S Thayer, N. W. Sales Manager, 400 National Bank of Commerse Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

AN ELEVATOR OF SERVANTS

By ESTHER VANDEVEER.

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

Mrs. Barcarole was an up to date woman. She understood the monopoly question, the high price for provisions question and the labor question.

The servant question Mrs. Barcarole considered part of the other questions. The condition of the servant market, she argued, grew out of the education of those classes who formerly went into service. Being educated, they considered themselves and were to be considered as good as those who would be their masters. To serve they regarded demeaning. To work in an office, a store or a factory was not demeaning. Ergo there were no servants to be had.

Mrs. Barcarole, having thus thought the matter out, applied herself to inventing a remedy. A change must be wrought in the condition of the servant. The work attached to service must be uplifted to meet the more elevated condition of the person who served.

Her plan to produce such a social level was this: She would give an occasional sociable, procure refreshments from a caterer, invite her servants into her parlor and introduce them to her guests.

Mrs. Barcarole's reformatory effort would have appeared more feasible if she could have induced educated people to become her servants and then have introduced them socially. But as she was unable to start her reform from this position she was obliged to start it from the opposite. She must first improve the condition and then induce educated people to go out to service.

On the evening of her first soiree there was much agitation in the servants' hall.

"What are y' goin' to say to the ladies and gentlemen, Ellen?" asked the cook of the waitress.

"I'm goin' to say it's a fine night and you're lookin' very well this evenin'."

"But suppose the leddy or the gentleman looks sick."

"It doesn't matter. When the quality meets the compliments fly."

"Y' scare me," said the cook. "I don't know any compliments to throw at 'em."

"I do," said Thomas, the butler. "Lean up ag'in me, Marg, an' I'll fire 'em for y'."

At this the bell tinkled a signal that the guests were assembling and the servants were expected in the parlor. James, the coachman, entered at the moment, and all four, the men pulling down their waistcoats, the women smoothing imaginary aprons, stood at the foot of the stairs, each waiting for the others to proceed. The butler was shoved to the front, and the four of them ascended and entered the drawing room, where they found a number of guests assembled.

Mr. Barcarole, at his wife's suggestion—he knew his peace of mind depended on obliging—took the coachman and the butler to the ladies, introducing them, while the hostess did the same by the women. Thomas was being introduced to a lady when the doorbell rang. Whether from force of habit or from a desire to beat a retreat from unaccustomed conditions, he bolted to answer the call. James having been presented to a lady, the following brief dialogue ensued:

Lady—Mrs. Barcarole is a charming hostess. Don't you think so?

James—Beautiful, ma'am.

Lady—She gives very pleasant parties.

James—And lots to eat, ma'am.

The lady put a fan over her mouth and relapsed into silence.

Mary, the cook, crossed her hands before her and stood looking up at the ceiling. A gentleman, seeing her unprovided for, approached her. Another short dialogue was the result.

"Mrs. Barcarole is fortunate in having such fine weather for her soiree."

"Illigint," was the brief response.

"Are you a resident of the city?"

"Do I live in it, do y' mean?"

"Yes."

"And what do y' want to know that for?"

The gentleman looked surprised and excused himself to speak to a friend across the room.

Ellen, the waitress, got on better than any of the rest. A youngish gentleman in a very low cut vest and a very high collar was introduced to her by the hostess.

"Your first appearance in society?" he remarked, with a query.

"Yes; I'm a bud."

"I thought so. I've not seen you out before."

"No; I'm not goin' much this season; I mean, being a bud, I weren't out last season. Are you a gentleman bud?"

The young man looked at her quizzically, replied that he was a Buddhist and said he must speak to the hostess.

When refreshments were handed around neither the cook nor the waitress could resist returning to a position in which she was more at home. They both snatched the dishes from the outside help and for the first time during the evening felt comfortable. James fortunately was chatting with the president of a horse car company and found a familiar subject in diseases of the horse.

As soon as the refreshments had been devoured the guests began to depart.

"How did you like the drawin' room, Mary?" asked Ellen.

"Faith I'd be there at home sittin' on the range."

A Born Leader.

"He's born to be a leader," his parents fondly said
As proudly they beheld him upon his downy bed.
"See how his forehead bulges!" exclaimed his doting dad.
"His jaw is shaped exactly like that Napoleon had."

"He's born to be a leader," they said with honest joy
That time he bossed the household while he was yet a boy.
And they were right in thinking him sent to have command.
He has become a leader—he leads a village band.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Buy A MONARCH
MALLEABLE RANGE!
It Pays For Itself.

BUYING a Monarch Range is like investing a little money at such splendid interest that it pays back the principal in a year or so, and then for unlimited years brings a return of from 25 to 50 per cent.

Because—

A Monarch requires but little more than one-half the fuel burned up by a "steel range" of the common type. Moreover, it does away with the usual repair bills—saves much time—eliminates the hard part of kitchen work—and in addition it does its work so well it satisfies as no other can.

You dont have to take our word for these things

Investigate for yourself the way the Monarch is built. Let us show you how the Malleable Iron and steel plates are rivited together, making air-tight joints without the use of STOVE PUTTY. See the brightly polished top and body, which will retain their fine appearance forever without the use of stoveblacking. Also notice the duplex draft and other exclusive features. These things PROVE our statements.

Monarch MALLEABLE
The "Stay Satisfactory" Range

Steel Ranges built in the ordinary way are wasteful—extravagant

They are not made in the right way nor even of the right kind of material. It is not wise to buy one, nor even to continue to use one, though you may have had it only a few years. Its seams have already opened up—the stove bolts worked loose, the putty has fallen out and these "air leaks" into the flues and firebox cause a waste of fuel every year equal to a large part of the cost of a Monarch.

HUNT HARDWARE COMPANY
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

A Personal Word To Intending Buyers

In ranges as well as other lines, we aim to handle the best to be had. Our many years' experience in the range business has acquainted us with all makes of ranges and we know that the Monarch is the one and only range that could justify the above claim.

DOROTHY.

Phillip Marcott left last Tuesday for International Falls where he will open a shooting gallery.

Fred Mathews from Red Lake Falls is loading sand over here.

Mr. Briton who had been receiving treatment for cancer at Crookston, left for his home at Brainard last Monday.

Theo. Huot, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is much improved.

Fred Richards went to Red Lake Falls to attend the funeral of the late Mr. Swenson.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$ .98
Durum	.80
Rye	.57
Oats	.33
Flax	2.19
Barley	.44
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.17
Butter, dairy	.25

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich

Sane Provision.

"Every man should save one-fourth of what he makes in this life," said the thrifty person.

"Provided, of course, that he makes something besides a fool of himself," volunteered the ordinary fellow.—St. Louis Star.

Grief's Irrepressible Cry.

The pretty girl his offer had scorned;
He wasn't rich enough.
"Though love's the tender passion," he mourned,
"This certainly is tough!"
—Chicago Tribune.

Missing No Chance.

Patience—When Mr. Huggins attempted to kiss me last night I called out for help.

Patrice—What was the matter? Were you afraid he'd get away without doing it?—Yonkers Statesman.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made in writing to the city council of said city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 7th day of May, 1910, and terminating on the 6th day of May, 1911, by

DAN CHAMPEAU

at the following place as stated in his said application, respectively to-wit: In that certain brick building situate on Lot 10 in Block 3, of Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls. Said application will be heard and determined by said city council at the next regular meeting to be held at the city hall on the 12th day of May, 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M., of that day. Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city, this 28th day of April, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal)

UNDERTAKING......

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Getting Ready.

Jones (at the telephone)—Hello, Mary; I just called you up to say that as soon as I get home I'm going to discharge that cook. She's no good.

Mrs. Jones—All right, John. By the way, stop at some drug store coming home and get some arnica, some liniment and a package of court plaster. I have plenty of lint and splints.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Spring In the Mountains.

Bobwhite teeters on de rail.
Scoldin' at de cottontail
Runnin' frum de houn' dawg's yap—
Spring's 's er comin' through de Gap!

Jump-ups an' de trumpets is
Fyin' dem arbuteses,
Liftin' of dere dainty cap—
Spring's 's er comin' through de Gap!

Law-my-law de nayborhood
Feels dat happy-like an' good.
Lindy, cum an' hue yo' pap—
Spring's 's er comin' through de Gap!
—Buffalo News.

Long Distance.

"Young gentlemen," announced the professor in English literature, "tomorrow I wish you to come prepared to discuss this sentence from the works of Henry James."

"The entire sentence, professor?" groaned the class.

"Well, take it as far as the first semicolon."—Pittsburg Post.

A Suggestion.

Fair women wears a hat today
Of "Chantecler" design.
A rooster here and there, they say,
Is counted very fine.

It seems to me as scarce worth while,
Because they might, you know,
Revive the "Merry Widow" style
And stage the whole blame show.
—Judge.

Richesse Oblige.

"No doubt you are learning that wealth has its obligations, now that you are yourself wealthy?"

"Oh, yes, indeed! Isn't it wonderful? Only today I discovered that there's a right way and a wrong way to dress one's housemaid!"—Puck.

Man's Inconsistency.

Men seek to wed their opposites,
But you'll notice, just the same,
That after one is dealt a hand
In the matrimonial game
The chances of his better half
To please him are quite slim
If, perchance, his love grows cold
And she makes it hot for him.
—Chicago News.

Must Deliver the Goods.

"Statesmanship has its cares," said one eminent citizen.

"Yes," replied the other; "when a statesman travels he has to get up speeches for the people to read instead of merely sending home post cards."—Washington Star.

There Was a Man.

There was once a man with a mind unsound,
And he said he wasn't any tailor's goat.
So he wore one suit all the year around,
And he had pants buttons on his overcoat.
—Buffalo Express.

Wanted!

Bring in Your
TINWARE
and other
Light Repairing
and we will do it
FREE
For the next
Seven Days

MITTWER'S
HARDWARE
The Store of Service and Quality.

Hardware
Tinware
Paints
Glass
Oils
Etc.

At the Railway Station.

"Has the two-thirty train gone?"

"Yes, ma'am; five minutes ago."

"When's the next train?"

"Four-fifteen, ma'am."

"Thank goodness, I'm in time!"—Lippincott's.

Keep Out.

Should fate withhold her fame and coin
What right have you to idly slouch?
'Tis only cowards who rush to join
The Little Brothers of the Grouch.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MAY 5, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 32

COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

Red Lake County Branch of Northern Minn. Development Association.

First Meeting of Association Held at Thief River Saturday.

[illegible] at the Auditorium at Thief River Falls last [illegible] Red Lake County branch of the Northern Minnesota Development association [illegible]

[illegible] Thief River Falls [illegible] president [illegible] treasurer and [illegible] of Red Lake Falls [illegible] vice president to represent [illegible] commissioner district, Dr. N. [illegible] Red Lake Falls to represent [illegible] commissioner district [illegible] to represent [illegible] of Thief River [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the Bemidji convention in favor of the reapportionment of the state and refuse our support to any candidate for either the senate or house of representatives who is not known to be in favor of such reapportionment.

Whereas, we desire at this time to pledge our aid and support to the Northern Minnesota Development association recently formed at Bemidji and commend the vigorous and business-like manner in which its officers have [illegible] the good work thus begun.

Therefore be it resolved that at this the first meeting of the Red Lake county branch of the association we hereby express our entire approval of its aims and objects as set forth in the several excellent resolutions adopted at the Bemidji meeting and that we pledge our aid and support.

LOST A GOOD GAME

2 to 0 Contest at Thief River Falls Sunday—Locals Lost

The base ball game at Thief River Falls Sunday was a good exhibition [illegible]

[illegible]

Ball Team Organized.

[illegible] E. A. Nelson [illegible] manager [illegible] captain and [illegible] will be arranged.

MANY BLOCKS OF CEMENT SIDEWALK

Decision by City Council That Improvements Must be Made.

Work to be Completed Early in the Summer—Big Improvement.

In this issue of the Gazette will be found five sidewalk resolutions passed by the city council at the meeting held last Thursday night. Many blocks of side walks are condemned and the resolutions provide that cement sidewalks are to be constructed.

New cement walks are to be constructed on Main street from the Kaus block, occupied by Fournet, north to the end of the block; from the Grand View hotel south to the end of that block; from Harren's corner north past the post office; from the Bouchers building north to the railway right of way. Several blocks are also to be built in the residence district from Paul's hotel west as far as the Bouchert residence.

This is an improvement that Red Lake Falls has been in need of for a long time and everybody should be glad that the work is to be done. Here's hoping too, that the council will pass more resolutions providing for the construction of good walks in other parts of town. The sidewalks are to be completed by the 1st of July.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls Minnesota,
April 23rd, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor, pursuant to Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the Board of county commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn., met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls Minn., at 10:00 o'clock A. M. April 23rd, A. D. 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Bohumil Hruby and others for a public ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, Minnesota, and for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Ole Broin and others for a public ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, Minnesota.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Members present: Aubol, Demann, Pigeon, Johnson and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The petition of Ole Broin and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the board and read, and the board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Johnson seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was adopted.

Resolution Appointing Engineer in Ditch Proceedings.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Broin and others for locating and constructing county ditch No. 48 in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 18th day of March, 1910, signed by Ole Broin and others praying for the establishment of a certain county ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 48 the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county auditor of said county, as by law required:

And, Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the county board of Red Lake county, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law;

Now, Therefore, We, the county board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said proposed county ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county, on or before the First day of August, 1910.

Dated April 23rd, 1910.

By the board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board of
Red Lake County.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

On motion made by Commissioner Aubol, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Ole Broin and others, designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 48, was made:

Order Appointing Viewers—Ditch Proceedings.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Broin and others for county ditch No. 48 in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, a petition bearing date the 18th day of March, A. D. 1910, signed by Ole Broin and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 48, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county, and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, to wit: C. H. Martz, to make a survey of said ditch.

Now therefore, We, the county board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint Otto Zaiser and Alfred Linquist and K. O. Gigstad, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of the first meeting. In said report, they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and the value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and the amounts of benefits to each they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintainance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

(Continued on Page Four.)

INDUSTRIAL CONTEST IN RURAL SCHOOLS

Supt. Anderson Working For New Activity in the Rural Schools.

Industrial Contest Work to be Taken up in This County.

Supt. H. F. Anderson started out Monday on a trip over Red Lake county with the purpose of visiting between thirty and forty of the rural schools of the county before the end of the week. He is accompanied by Supt. Erickson of the Douglas county schools.

The superintendents are explaining to the public school children the advantages of the industrial contest work and the manner in which such work is carried on.

This work which has been successfully done in the rural schools of southern Minnesota is to be taken up here. Mr. Erickson who is assissting Mr. Anderson this week has carried on the work in Douglas county very successfully for a number of years.

Already the school children are showing much interest and their enthusiasm will increase as the work progresses. In a later issue more will be said of the manner in which the work is to be done.

ABNER A. FLETCHER

Funeral Held Sunday Afternoon at the Presbyterian Church.

The funeral of Abner A. Fletcher, announcement of whose death was made in the last issue of the Gazette, was held at the Presbyterian church at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon, Rev. Neil A. Gilbrist officiating. Ernest Fletcher, a brother of the deceased, arrived in Red Lake Falls with the remains Saturday morning.

The announcement of Mr. Fletcher's untimely death came as a shock not only to his parents and brothers and sisters, but to many friends in the city who held him in high esteem. The church building would not hold the large number of people who were in attendance at the funeral to offer sympathy to the bereaved relatives and to pay a last mark of respect to the memory of the deceased.

On April 11 Abner A. Fletcher was twenty-eight years old. He was born at Brasher, N. Y. The family came to Minnesota in September, 1882, and settled at Moorhead. In October, 1888, they came to Red Lake Falls and the family home has been here ever since. Abner graduated from the local high school with the class of 1903 and the law school of the North Dakota University in 1908. A year ago last December he located at Cheyenne, N. D., in the practice of law. He came home last December and spent a few weeks here. In January he went west with the intention of locating. He did not find a satsfactory location and accepted a position as brakeman, expecting in his travels to learn of a good location.

Since the last issue of the Gazette the particulars of the accident in which Mr. Fletcher met his untimely death have been received.

For some months Abner had been working as a freght brakeman on the Burlington railroad in Wyoming, and for several weeks prior to the accident was employed on the Cambria branch with headquarters at Newcastle. Abner had started out early Tuesday morning on the ore train on the Cambria branch. Cambria is a little town about ten miles north of Newcastle. Two ore cars had been cut off from the train and Abner was switching them to an ore shute. The shute is a wooden affair and there is a space of perhaps six inches between the car and the side of the shute. Either Abner did not know or had forgotten that there was so little room, as he was hanging to the side of the car when it entered the shute. He was badly crushed, five ribs broken and his breast pierced. As soon as he was rescued he was taken back to Newcastle—a run of about twenty minutes. He lived an hour after the accident, and every attention was given him, but the nature of the injuries precluded a possibility of recovery. He was taken to the boarding house at Newcastle, where he died an hour after the accident. With him at the last were the train crew and the landlady. Although he was apparently conscious during all the time, he did not try to talk and even the urgent appeals for information as to the whereabouts of his people brought no response until a few moments before the end. Abner then gave Dr. F. F. Fletcher's address, and a telegram was immediately sent to Grand Forks. The railroad company wired Conductor Veseley to meet the Omaha passenger and take the remains to St. Paul. Mr. Veseley had been Abner's roommate and boon companion at Sheridan.

Conductor Veseley arrived in St. Paul with the remains at 10:30 Friday evening, and was met by Ernest Fletcher, who transferred the body to the Great Northern train for Crookston, arriving in Red Lake Falls Saturday morning.

Deceased is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar E. Fletcher, four sisters, Mrs. W. A. McIntyre of Langdon, N. D., and Misses Florence, Lulu and Mildred Fletcher, and two brothers, Dr. F. F. Fletcher of Grand Forks and Ernest E. Fletcher of Langdon, N. D. All of the members of the family were at home for the funeral. Two cousins of the deceased, Mrs. Harry Jones and Wilbur Fletcher of Cohasset, were also here for the funeral. Miss Lulu Fletcher has returned to Moose Lake, where she teaches, but will resign her position and spend the summer at home. Miss Florence Fletcher, who teaches in Minneapolis, and Ernest Fletcher are spending a few days at home. The other relatives have returned to their homes.

IRA C. RICHARDSON JUDGE OF PROBATE

Thief River Attorney Received Commission from Governor Yesterday.

Will Take up the Work of the Office at Once.

Yesterday Ira C. Richardson, the Thief River Falls attorney, received a commission from Governor A. O. Eberhart appointing him Judge of Probate of Red Lake county to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late S. A. Swanson.

The county commissioners will meet tomorrow to accept the bond of Judge Richardson and Mr. Richardson will take up the work of the office at once.

Mr. Richardson is a capable man and there is no doubt that he will perform the duties of the office very acceptably.

NOTICE

Shooting Forbidden in the City

Notice is hereby given that any and all persons are forbidden to shoot or discharge any rifle, shot gun, revolver, or firearm of any kind within the limits of the city of Red Lake Falls. And the police of said city have been instructed to arrest and cause the prosecution of any person violating the ordinance prohibiting such shooting.

Also the state law forbids any boy under fourteen years of age from having in his possession or carrying, or handling any gun or firearm of any description, except when accompanied by his parent or guardian, and provides for the punishment of the boy, and for the punishment of his parent or guardian who knowingly permitted him to handle or carry the gun.

The city police have orders to strictly enforce this law within the city.

By order of the city council.

Proposals Wanted.

The Town Board of the Town of Poplar River will meet at the Town Clerk's office in Brooks, Minn., May 7th, 1910 at Nine o'clock A. M., for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the turnishing of all material for the construction and erection of a steel bridge over the Lost river in the town of Poplar River agreeable to the specifications on file at the Town Clerk's office. Said bridge is 70 feet from center to center of foundations.

Parties tendering must furnish clearly made out strain sheet of their design and also the areas of material proposed to be given to each part. Bidders requested to be present on the above occasion when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. Bidder must furnish certified check for $200 to accompany bids.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

A. LANIEL,
Town Clerk, Poplar
River Township.

M5

HICKS AT COLLEGE, SENIOR CLASS PLAY

Play With Rollicking College Atmosphere—You'll Laugh All the Time.

At Bijou Theatre Friday and Saturday Evenings, Next Week.

The senior class play, Hicks at College, is to be given next week and it is going to be more fun than anything that has happened in Red Lake Falls for a long time.

Hicks at College was presented by the class of 1909 of the University of Minnesota and was written by members of the class. The play is so popular that it has been put on this year by many high schools throughout the middle west and especially in Minnesota. Thief River Falls and East Grand Forks have put it on to crowded houses who have gone away well pleased.

As the title suggests it is distinctly a college play with a rollicking college atmosphere.

Hicks, a breakfast food millionaire, attempts to induce the most popular senior, Tom Horton, at Northern University to become advertising manager for "Braino." Failing in this, he tries to get him by intrigue. This intrigue brings about many ridiculous situations which are bound to keep an audience in good nature through the entire ninety minutes through which it runs.

The play will be put on Friday and Saturday evening, May 13 and 14, at the Bijou theatre. The play is to be given two evenings because the building is so small that all who wish to see the play could not be accommodated if the play were given only once. There will be a matinee for school children only at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, May 13. Tickets will be 25 cents; 10 cents for the children's matinee.

KINGHEAD IN WHEAT

Wheat Containing Kinghead Seed Will Suffer Much in Grade.

According to information sent out from Duluth, the large increase in the amount of wheat containing Kinghead seed that was raised on the past crops, has resulted in more of this class of grain being received at Duluth than the market can properly handle. Considerable of it has been grading 1 Nor. with dockage presumably sufficient to cover the removal of the Kinghead seed. The seed can not be taken out by elevator machinery, and as a result the contract grade is more or less affected. The terminal elevators can, under the most favorable circumstances, handle a very small percentage of this class of grain, and if they take all that is tendered on purchases to arrive on the next crop as they were compelled to do the past season, it would mean that they would have considerable stocks on hand that would practially be unsalable. It has therefore been decided by the buyers representing the various elevator interests at Duluth that on and after August 1, 1910, any purchase of wheat to arrive which they make shall be understood as meaning wheat free from Kingheads, even though the cars should grade 1 Nor. All wheat containing Kingheads will be bought on its merits regardless of the state grade or dockage, but under no circumstances are any of the cars to be applied on sales that have been made to arrive by the various receivers.

Elevator agents should direct the attention of farmers to the fact that on the coming crop the wheat containing Kingheads will suffer very greatly in grade, probably losing as much as two or three grades from what the wheat should be entitled to. The fact of the matter is, that no machinery has ever been devised that will separate the Kingheads from the wheat, and really the only successful method is to pull them in the field while growing the same as mustard and other foul weeds are eradicated.

Bids Wanted.

Bids will be received by the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at its next regular meeting to be held May 12th, 1910, for the removal of all rubbish and the taking down and removal of what is known as the Auditor's vault from Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Block 3, Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls (old court house property) and the filling up of the cellar and the leveling off of the above described property in a good workmanlike manner.

Right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Potato Planters

Potato Sprayers and all Kinds of Potato Machinery.

We carry the Aspinwall Potato Machinery and that means that you can't get anything better anywhere. We have one of the sprayers on hand and will have some of the planters next week. Come in and look at them.

Corn Planters, Too!

We have the P. & O. No. 66, Disc Corn Planter—the latest thing out with the tested improvements.

GREAT WESTERN
—the name is
a guarantee—
Manure Spreader

A big line of
Seasonable
Goods in the
Implement Line

JOSEPH HELM

Farm Machinery, Red Lake Falls

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Foreign.

A Bitterfeld (Prussia, Saxonia) dispatch says: The balloon "Delitzsch," which ascended here, fell to the earth with great force near the village of Reichensachen, about twenty miles northwest of Eisenach, in a thunderstorm. The crew, consisting of four men, were killed. The balloon passed over Eisenach at midnight, and soon drifted into a thunderstorm. It is assumed that it was struck by lightning and that the gas exploded.

Again rumors are current that the health of the emperor of Austria is such as to cause grave fear in the mind of his family and the government. There seems to be, according to information, no specific trouble, but merely the feebleness incident to advanced age. The recent trouble over the reception of Mr. Roosevelt at the Vatican has, it is understood, worried his majesty greatly.

A sensation was caused in the palace of justice at Paris when an anarchist in revenge fired four shots at M. Flory, the president of the court which found the man guilty a year ago. Flory was not hit by the bullets and the anarchist was arrested.

It is announced that the pope has struck from the list of candidates for the cardinalate all Americans, including the archbishops of New York, St. Paul, Chicago and New Orleans. The chancellery of the vaticans confirms this without volunteering an explanation.

Under the title of "Theodore the Great," Maximilian Harden in a late issue of the Berlin Zukunft makes an onslaught on Roosevelt who, he says, has made more noise than the whole twenty-five presidents of the United States who preceded him put together. Yet, according to Harden, he has never achieved anything except to plunge his country into a crisis, consequences of which have not as yet been recovered from.

General.

The late cold weather wrought great damage to fruit prospects.

Foreigners in the disturbed province of China were obliged to flee to save their lives.

Senator Aldrich will retire when his present term expires in 1911. Impaired health determines him from seeking reelection.

The hamlet of Orleans, New York, was nearly wiped out by fire. Twenty-two buildings, including a church and school house, were destroyed.

The attorney general of Missouri has filed his brief in the suit to oust the International Harvester company.

Cannon and the insurgents are sure to have another round before the session of congress concludes.

Agents of the department of justice and the treasury are looking into certain features of the beet sugar industry in the west.

The China-Japan mail leaving San Francisco over the Southern Pacific was held up by robbers, who cut mail sacks, no express being carried. The engine was then turned loose, making a wild flight, but was switched by telegraph orders before doing damage.

There will be no strike on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad. Everything has been amicably arranged.

Homer Tood shot and killed his eighteen-year-old wife at Monett, Mo., and then shot himself. He will die.

W. J. Bryan will sail for Scotland in May.

More than 5,000 men who receive pensions for service during the civil war live outside of the United States.

An expedition which ascended Mount McKinley failed to find any trace of the records of Dr. Cook.

William Schmitt, 28 years old, a member of a Freeburg (Ill.) baseball team, was killed by being struck by a ball over the heart.

Gifford Pinchot, in excellent humor, concluded his visit with Mr. Roosevelt.

Judge William H. Upson for years a leading Ohio politician, died at Akron.

Weston, the pedestrian, in his walk from San Francisco to New York, is fifteen days ahead of his time.

Extradition papers were issued for the return from New York to Pittsburg of Bank President Hoffstot.

The expedition reached Mt. McKinley, but found no records of Dr. Cook.

A Utah man lost $5,000 by fire, he having hid the same in the stove pipe unknowingly to his wife who started the flame.

There will not be any dissolution of the merger of the Union and Southern Pacific roads. This is the opinion of General Counsel Herrin for the last named road.

Secretary Ballinger has opened for settlement under the homestead act 301,080 acres in Montana and 51,640 acres in New Mexico.

Woman suffragists at Washington deplored the affront to the president.

Senator Burton of Ohio attacked the rivers and harbors bill.

An unconfirmed rumor that Viscount Stone, resident general of Korea, had resigned, was circulated at Tokio.

Benjamin Eiseman, founder of one of the largest wholesale dry goods houses in the west, died at his home in St. Louis, 77 years old.

President Taft has a long list from which to select a successor to the late Justice Brewer.

The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light company announced an increase of pay of practically 2 cents an hour for 1,200 motormen and conductors effective May 1.

Robbers blew the vault of the First National bank of Spring City, Tenn., and escaped with more than $10,000.

The senate passed a bill introduced by Senator Brown to release a $5,000 gold certificate for the First National bank of Minden, Neb.

President Taft will dine with skilled workmen of the New York navy yard at Brooklyn on the evening of May 17.

Twins were born in the Denver (Colo.) county jail to Mrs. Emmo Jett, who is charged with the murder of her husband last September.

Substantial increases in wages by the subsidiary companies of the United States steel corporation have been announced to become effective May 1.

The Philadelphia street car strike has been permanently settled by concessions on both sides.

The lavish use of lumber in the United States per capita consumption is from three to ten times greater than that of the leading nations of Europe.

Quebec's probable prohibition of the exportation of pulp wood to the United States is regarded as almost unfriendly.

Gov. Shallenberger names April 22 as Arbor Day in Nebraska.

The memory of the North American Indian is to be perpetuated by a statute memorial in New York harbor.

The outlook is that the insurgents intend giving Speaker Cannon another whirl in the near future.

President Taft has promised to go to Monroe, Mich., on June 4, and attend the unveiling of a memorial statue to General Custer.

Kansas has cancelled ball games with Nebraska on the ground of Missouri valley eligibility rules.

Italians have bestowed the title of peace apostle on Mr. Roosevelt.

Secretary of War Dickinson declared false the newspaper statement that Col. Hugh L. Scott, superintendent of the military academy at West Point, was to be relieved because of his stand in the repression of hazing.

That the province of Quebec will prohibit the exportation of pulp wood cut on the crown lands of the province to the United States, was announced in the legislature by Premier Gouin.

Washington.

The war department is about to take steps to carry out that part of the findings recently concluded by the Brownsville court of inquiry, regarding the re-enlistment of the members of the Twenty-fifth infantry, who were found to have been free from complicity in the rioting at Brownsville.

The United States government is the greatest builder in the country. It owns buildings worth more than $200,000,000, and spends $20,000,000 a year on new ones. The government carries no insurance on its property—that is, it acts as its own insurance company. It safeguards itself against loss by erecting buildings that will not burn. If it carried insurance the premiums would amount to $600,000 a year; as it is, the yearly loss from fire is only $10,000.

Vice President Sherman and Sherman Curtis advised President Taft that the administration should arrange to sell 500,000 acres of coal and asphalt lands in Oklahoma, belonging to the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians, under an agreement made with the Indians long ago. Senator Owen of Oklahoma put the matter before the president a few days ago.

The war department came in for a degree of condemnation at the hands of several senators in connection with a bill which was passed providing for the sale to Whitman college at Walla Walla, Wash., of the lands embraced in the old Walla Walla military reservation. It was charged that the price fixed was much less than the value of the land and buildings.

Bids were opened at the treasury department for the construction of the public building at Columbus, Neb. The bidders were as follows: Northwestern Construction company, Milwaukee, $70,000; J. H. Wele, South Omaha, $71,380; General Construction company of Milwaukee, $68,735.

"I approach the shores of the United States with gladness," said Mr. Bryan. "Each absence increases my appreciation of our nation's wonderful advances and progress."

The interstate commerce commission says there should be less charge for upper than lower Pullman berths.

The senate judiciary committee voted to recommend favorable action upon the nomination of Robert T. Devlin for district attorney for the northern district of California.

Personal.

In an address at Rochester Eugene Foss urged republican insurgents to go over to democracy.

Senator Perry of Mississippi says he will resign if it is shown his election was secured by fraud.

The president sent the name of E. R. Sizer, to continue as postmaster at Lincoln, Nebr., to the senate.

That William J. Baehr, formerly city treasurer of Kansas City, who died recently, was short in his accounts, $63,480.65 was reported to the mayor by a firm of accountants.

Woman suffragists at Washington deplored the affront to the president.

Senator Burton of Ohio attacked the rivers and harbors bill.

Benjamin Eiseman, founder of one of the largest wholesale dry goods houses in the west, died at his home in St. Louis, 77 years old.

President Taft has a long list from which to select a successor to the late Justice Brewer.

A Utah man lost $5,000 by fire, he having hid the same in the stove pipe unknowingly to his wife who started the flame.

"I have no intention of retiring from President Taft's cabinet," declared Secretary MacVeagh.

Secretary Ballinger has opened for settlement under the homestead act 304,080 acres in Montana and 51,640 acres in New Mexico.

It is likely that there will be a congressional investigation into the $60,000 sub-treasury shortage at St. Louis.

APPORTIONMENT

HENNEPIN COUNTY LOSES IN DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

TO HAVE 111 DELEGATES

Proposed Appointment of Convention Delegates Based on 1908 Vote for Governor John A. Johnson.

St. Paul. — Hennepin county will have 111 delegates in the democratic state convention, Ramsey county 78 and St. Louis county 39. The apportionment of delegates has not been determined, but the plan presented to the democratic state central committee by John King, state librarian, met with the approval of the members. It is based on one delegate for each 250 votes cast for John A. Johnson in November, 1908, and in addition each county is to have three delegates-at-large, making a total of 947. Hennepin county loses six from its representation of two years ago.

Up to Executive Committee.

The apportionment will be made by the executive committee which will be appointed by Frank A. Day. This committee also will fix the time and place of the convention, but will select either Aug. 17 or 24.

Frank Nelson, of Duluth, who attended the meeting, announced that he is about ready to declare himself a candidate for congress against Clarence B. Miller. He has made no formal announcement, but expects to get into the race.

Votes for Counties.

The county representation which Mr. King proposes and which the members of the committee believe will be adopted is as follows:

Aitkin, 7; Anoka, 8; Becker, 9; Beltrami, 9; Benton, 7; Big Stone, 7; Blue Earth, 15; Brown 11; Carlton, 7; Carver, 10; Cass, 6; Chippewa, 7; Chisago, 9; Clay, 9; Clearwater, 6; Cook, 4; Cottonwood, 6; Crow Wing, 8; Dakota, 13; Dodge, 6; Douglas, 10; Faribault, 8; Fillmore, 9; Freeborn, 9; Goodhue, 13; Grant, 5; Hennepin, 111; Houston, 7; Hubbard, 6; Isanti, 8; Itasca, 9; Jackson, 8; Kanabec, 5; Kandiyohi, 10; Koochiching, 6; Kittson, 7; Lac qui Parle, 6; Lake, 5; Le Sueur, 12; Lincoln, 7; Lyon, 8; McLeod, 11; Mahnomen, 4; Marshall, 9; Martin, 9; Meeker, 10; Mille Lacs, 6; Morrison, 12; Mower, 9; Murray, 7; Nicollet, 9; Nobles, 9; Norman, 6; Olmstead, 12; Otter Tail, 18; Pine, 9; Pipestone, 6; Polk, 15; Pope, 6; Ramsey, 78; Red Lake, 9; Redwood, 9; Renville, 11; Rice, 13; Rock, 6; Rosseau, 6; St. Louis, 39; Scott, 11; Sherburne, 6; Sibley, 11; Stearns, 23; Steele, 9; Stevens, 6; Swift, 8; Todd, 10; Traverse, 7; Wabasha, 12; Wadena, 6; Waseca, 9; Washington, 12; Watonwan, 7; Wilkin, 6; Winona, 18; Wright, 12; Yellow Medicine, 7.

BIG FIRE AT STILLWATER.

Flames Warded From State Prison by Efforts of Two Inmates.

Stillwater. — Serving a life sentence for murder, a convict in the Stillwater prison known as "Sinbad, the Sailor," put away all thoughts of escape during the excitement of the fire near the prison and labored heroically to save the prison from the flames.

That the prison was not destroyed is said to be due almost entirely to his efforts and those of another of the convicts whose name was not given out.

Warden Wolfer's house was saved, only suffering a severe scorching of the paint, and that the entire north end of Stillwater is not in ruins is a miracle. The fire-swept district covers an area of three squares. The estimated total loss of $65,000 is only partially covered by insurance.

Of unknown origin, the fire started at 2 p. m. in the warehouse of the Northwest Thresher company. The flames spread rapidly, fanned by a strong east wind. At 5 o'clock the fire was quenched and that more damage was not accomplished was due to the efforts of the Stillwater fire department, augmented by hundreds of volunteers.

TWO MINN. EDITORS BURNED.

Oil Causes Trouble at Hayfield and Gasoline at Eveleth.

Hayfield. — R. B. Russell, editor of the Hayfield Guard, is dead. Mr. Russell's body is one mass of burns and is the result of an attempt to start a fire in his office with kerosene.

While pouring the oil on the fire the can slipped into the stove and exploded and his entire body was engulfed in the flames. The building and machinery of the Guard office were damaged, but not entirely destroyed.

Two Burned at Eveleth.

Eveleth. — With the flesh all burned from the bones on his arms by flaming gasoline, George Ecklund, a linotype operator in the office of the Eveleth Star, lies at a local hospital in a serious condition. P. E. Bowling, proprietor of the newspaper, is also seriously burned in an attempt to aid the injured operator.

NYE URGES INCREASE.

Wants Limit of Cost for Minneapolis Postoffice Raised to $750,000.

Washington, D. C. — Representative Nye appeared before the house committee on public buildings and urged favorable action on his bill to increase the limit of the cost of the postoffice building in Minneapolis from $500,000 to $750,000. Nye said he was confident the committee would authorize the increase if a public building bill is reported.

Minneapolis Shoe Firm Fails.

Minneapolis. — The North Star Shoe Company has suspended it's business with liabilities that may equal the entire amount of the original capital, $500,000. C. B. Hoffelfinger, president and manager, announced that the failure is the direct result of the panic of 1907.

Minneapolis. — More than six thousand and five hundred pieces of real estate will be put on sale May 9 in the office of the county auditor. The taxes on the property are unpaid.

PUTS BAN ON BOOZE.

Indian Agent Makes Cleaning in Northern Minnesota.

Minneapolis. — A new liquor order, to take effect May 10, closing many saloons in the territory in Minnesota governed by the treaty with the Chippewa Indians of 1855 and 1863, has been issued by W. E. Johnson, chief special officer of the interior department. The order was issued as the result of research among the old Indian treaties by W. G. Calderwood, secretary of the Minnesota Prohibition committee.

The order affects all of Becker, Hubbard and Mahnomen counties, and parts of Beltrami, Cass, Clay, Clearwater, Crow Wing, Itasca, Norman, Ottertail and Wadena counties.

The following towns will be made "dry" by the order:

Akeley,
Audubon,
Backus,
Ball Club,
Bena,
Cass Lake,
Deer River,
Bumas,
Ebro,
Fertile,
Gary,
Hackensack,
Hunter,
Island Lake,
Kabekona,
Lake Park,
Leech Lake,
Luce,
McHugh,
Mildred,
Maru,
Oak Lake,
Park Rapids,
Hitterdal,
Santiago,
Syre,
Solway,
Ulen,
Waubun,
Marcus,
Winnipeg Jct.
Wilton,
Cisco,
Erskine,
Fosston,
McIntosh,
Plummer,
Bagley,
Bijou,
Bowstring,
Cuba,
Dorset,
Detroit,
Farris,
Frazee,
Guthrie,
Hoberg,
Horten,
Jenkins,
Lake Alice,
Laporte,
Langby,
Mahnomen,
Menagha,
Nada,
Nushka,
Ogema,
Pine River,
Rosby,
Shevlin,
Sebeka,
Twin Valley,
Vergas,
Westbury,
Winger,
Walker,
Brooks,
Dugdale,
Flaming,
Lee's Station,
Mentor.

Although some of this territory has been closed to saloons by previous orders of the interior department, hundreds of saloons will be closed by it. The saloonkeepers are given until May 10 to dispose of their stock.

May Close All Saloons.

Every saloon in the Indian country in Minnesota may be closed as the result of a clash between John W. Carl, of Mahnomen, Indian attorney, and W. E. Johnson, special Indian agent for the government. Mr. Carl says he will accomplish his purpose if he has to appeal to the department of justice. He demands the closing of every saloon in the territory covered by the treaty of 1855, which includes Brainerd, Wadena, Bemidji, Staples and several others of importance.

The New Minnesota "Dry" Spot.

Mr. Johnson has so far refused to take any action in reference to these cities on the grounds that it was not the intention of the treaty to include them. He argued that the intention of the treaty is to prohibit the sale of liquor to Indians, and inasmuch as the saloons in these cities do not sell to the red men he will not molest them.

Mr. Johnson has been inclined to doubt the sincerity of Mr. Carl's intention and charges that he is the agent of the bootleggers and the breweries, and that he has a specific purpose in his agitation. He declares that it is the plan to have all the saloons in northern Minnesota close, which will result in such a protest that congress will annul the treaty.

MRS. THOS. H. SHEVLIN DIES.

Minneapolis.—Mrs. Alice A. Shevlin, wife of lumberman Thomas H. Shevlin, is dead at the family residence, in Minneapolis. She had been ill since last August, although her condition did not become serious until December, when she was taken to New York and placed under the care of specialists. Later she spent several weeks in a sanitarium at Chicago, returning to her home in February. Mrs. Shevlin passed in unconsciousness about 10 days go and for two or three days before her death the end was expected at any moment.

Warden Must Face Charge.

Duluth.—Fred B. James of Ely, who shot and killed a fisherman named Andrew Metsapcito at Long Lake, whom James, who is a deputy game warden, was trying to arrest for alleged seining of fish, has been held to the grand jury by Judge Thomas' jury of the municipal court of Ely, charged with murder in the first degree. The coroner's jury exonerated James, finding that he did the shooting while in pursuit of his duties as a game warden. James says that the killing was accidental.

Michigan Wants Norway Seed.

Cass Lake.—Supervisor Marshall of the Minnesota national forest reserve has received a communication from the forestry supervisor of the Michigan national forestry reserve asking for 5,000 Norway seedlings, with which to start a growth of Norway trees. The Michigan forests have been all burned over and are without seed. Mr. Marshall states that the seedlings are exceedingly plentiful in the Minnesota reserve, and that he will forward the desired Norway producers as soon as possible.

40 MINERS DEAD

IMPRISONED BY CAVE-IN EVERY ONE SUCCUMBS TO DEADLY MINE GAS.

RESCUERS RISKED LIVES

Mine Superintendent and Unknown Hero Descend Into Mine to Ascertain Conditions and Nearly Perish.

Birmingham, Ala., April 21.—Not one of the forty-one men imprisoned last night in the Mulga mine of the Birmingham Iron & Coal Co., is alive.

This was the word brought to the surface this morning to the waiting, weeping families of the victims, when, unconscious from the deadly gases of the shaft, Superintendent Johns of the mine and a man named Bonds, an unknown, who risked his life for those already perished, were drawn up to the fresh air.

The condition of the rescuers told the story long before the men had been revived. When Johns and Bonds, after heroic treatment, finally regained consciousness, they confirmed the gravest anticipations of the people who for hours waited at the mouth of the shaft to hear word of their loved ones.

"Dead, all dead," was the stammering sentence of the superintendent as he began to recover from the effects poisonous gases.

RECEIVED LIKE A KING.

Ex-President Roosevelt Treated Royally by Citizens of Paris.

Paris, April 21.—Theodore Roosevelt, ex-president of the United States, entered Paris at 7:30 this morning and was received with all the honors of a reigning sovereign traveling incognito, a cordon of troops surrounding the rail way station and held back the multitude which, in spite of the early hour, had congregated.

Among the gathering upon the platform of the station to formally welcome Roosevelt were American Ambassador Bacon and others of the staff of the embassy; M. Jusserand, the French ambassador at Washington, who came from America especially to be present during the Roosevelt visit, and a number of other notables.

When the former president reached the station platform he greeted M. Jusserand, and other friends effusively.

In return each of the representatives of the government and municipality extended a formal welcome to their guest. These formalities were over in a few minutes and Mr. Roosevelt, Kermit Roosevelt, with Bacon and Jusserand, entered an automobile and were driven rapidly to the American ambassador's residence, where Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel were awaiting them. During the passage of their car through the streets Mr. Roosevelt was frequently cheered and several hundred persons who were awaiting in front of embassy greeted him with much enthusiasm.

Australia May Mine Coal.

Melbourne, April 21.—The controversy in the United States over the acquisition by private monopolies of the coal lands of that country had its echo here today in the request of Prime Minister Murray of the Victorian state government for parliamentary sanction for the state to engage in the coal business.

The state now owns the coal mines of Australia, but Murray wishes to end the system of leasing the mines to private individuals. He says coal "has become an absolute necessity in the life of a civilized community" and that it is better for the state to handle it.

A Speedy Trial.

New York, April 21.—It was promised when the trial of Albert Wolter for attacking Ruth Wheeler and strangling and burning her to death who resumed today, that the prosecution would complete its case by tomorrow at the latest.

Wolter's defense could then hardly be put in before adjournment to next week and the probability is that the case cannot be finished before Tuesday. Even in that case, however, the trial would go on record as the speediest of any notable criminal hearing in New York in many years.

Lawlessness Spreading in China.

Peking, April 21.—The lawlessness of the natives which began at Chang Sha, the capitol of Hunan province, is reported to be spreading.

Advices received here state that riots have occurred at Ningsiang, the site of a Protestant mission, about 30 miles west of Chan Sha. The mission school at Yi Yang, 20 miles north of Ning Siang has been burned. The foreigners are said to have escaped harm. One hundred Chinese from a Chinese cruiser that recently arrived at Chang Sha are guarding the foreign settlement there.

Jap Spy Caught.

Lima, Peru, April 21.—Insistent rumors that Japan is offering aid to Peru in her threatened war with Ecuador in exchange for concessions from Peru, received further support today by the arrest of a Japanese at Guayaquil, Ecuador. The alleged spy is an army engineer and has lived in Peru for a number of years.

$200,000 Raised by Church.

Washington, April 21.—Nearly $200,000 was raised for the work of the African Methodist Episcopal church in the fiscal year just ended, according to a report made to the financial board in session here today. Bishop Grant of Kansas City is presiding. Rev. John Hurst, financial secretary reported that after reservations for educational purposes, church extension, superannuation of ministers and provisions for their widows and children, nearly $100,000 was reserved for the general treasury of the church for payment of salaries of bishops, general officers and denominational needs.

Roosevelt Sees Famous Arabs.

Budapest, April 19.—The Roosevelt party left here at 10 o'clock this morning on a special train for Babolna, where they spent the day as the guest of Count Serenyi, the minister of agriculture of Hungary, and visited Hungary's famous Arab breeding farm. They are expected back at Budapest at 7:20 tonight.

Boiler Explosion Kills Eleven.

Budapest, April 19.—A boiler exploded today in a match factory at Szegedin, killing ten girls and a man. Eighteen other girls are dangerously injured.

TESTIMONY IS DAMAGING

NURSE'S EVIDENCE GOES AGAINST ALLEGED MURDERER

Attorney for Defense Defeated in Bitter Fight to Exclude Testimony Not Touching Case.

Kansas City, April 20.—It was only when asked three times by Dr. C. T. Twyman and once by Mrs. Hyde to stop the flow of blood from James Moss Hunton that Dr. B. C. Hyde closed the wound in the patient's arm, testified Miss Pearl Keller, a nurse in the Hyde murder trial today. A few minutes after Hunton's death, she further said, Dr. Hyde importuned his wife to use her mother's influence in having him made an administrator of Colonel Swope's estate to succeed Hunton. She refused.

Atty. John Lucas, representing Dr. B. C. Hyde today renewed his fight to prevent the state from introducing any testimony in the trial of his client for the alleged murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope that does not bear directly upon the death of the late millionaire. The trial was brought to an abrupt end yesterday afternoon in the midst of the testimony of Miss Pearl Keller, a nurse, in order that the defense might argue the point. The court has held thus far that the state has the right to introduce any testimony regarding the mystery it may desire in order to prove the motive.

Following the overruling of the defense's objection to the testimony not touching directly upon the death of Col. Thomas H. Swope being introduced into the Hyde murder trial, Miss Pearl Keller, a nurse, resumed the witness stand this morning.

Has Grip on Meat Trust.

St. Louis, Mo., April 20.—So satisfied is Attorney General Major that he has sufficient evidence against the National Packing Co. and its subsidaries to show that competition in the wholesale meat business is a thing of the past that the investigation of the packing companies, originally slated to last four to seven days may be concluded tonight after being in progress three days.

Several of the witnesses asked to appear have been notified that they will not be needed. The hearing was resumed this morning with the expectation that the relation of the cooling plant in St. Louis to the high price of meats will be one of the points considered during the day.

Rivalry in D. A. R. Election.

Washington, April 20.—A spirited session of the nineteenth continental congress of the National Society of Daughters of the American Revolution was ushered in early today with nominations for the election of ten vice presidents general of the society. The rivalry is keen and an adjournment was taken to give the delegates time to consider the list before voting. The election will be held this afternoon voting beginning at 3:30. The congress was called to order this morning by President General Mrs. Matthew T. Scott. Mrs. Helen Spencer Mussey, presented the report of the magazine committee of which she was chairman.

Big Banker Arrested.

New York, April 20.—F. N. Hoffstot, president of the Pressed Steel Car Co., was arrested today by Detectives Flood and Thomas, of the district attorney's office on a warrant issued in Pittsburg charging him with robbery and conspiracy in connection with the Pittsburg graft cases and the alleged bribing of some councilmen of Pittsburg with $40,000 in Hotel Imperial in this city.

Laymen Meet in Fargo.

Fargo, April 19.—Fargo is today in the hands of the missionaries. There are hundreds of delegates here from every section of the state and many from northern Minnesota in attendance at the great Laymen's Missionary conference which opened last evening with the great banquet at the A. C. armory and has continued today in rousing sessions at the Masonic temple auditorium.

Gets Life Sentence.

Richmond, Ind., April 20.—Chas. Reevalee pleaded guilty today to the murder of Mrs. Frank Allison and was sentenced to imprisonment for life. Reevalee, who had been employed on the Allison's farm in this county, beat Mrs. Allison to death and set her clothes on fire after she had discovered him robbing the house.

Into Open Switch.

Helena, Mont., April 21.—While running forty-five miles an hour Northern Pacific passenger train No. 5 ran through an open switch at Toston, forty-three miles from Helena last evening, the entire train plunging along the ground a distance of seven car lengths.

Killed Near Crookston.

Crookston, Minn., April 20.—A westbound through freight on the Great Northern went into the ditch three miles east of Crookston at the Northern Pacific crossing, and Swan Torkelson, 35 years old, of Bagley was killed almost instantly.

Mark Twain is Weaker.

Redding, Conn., April 20.—The condition of Samuel L. Clemens, (Mark Twain) was reported to be about the same today. He was resting quietly but has grown weaker. Physicians and nurses are in constant attendance.

Cuban Troops to Interior.

Havana, April 20.—During the night a special train carrying a battalion of infantry and battery of machine guns under command of General Rivas left Camp Columbia bound for Santa Clara. There was a rumor current last night that an uprising had occurred in Santa Clara, but this the government denied.

Canadian Miners Quit.

Winnipeg, April 20.—Four hundred miners quit work at Greenwood, B. C. smelter and ore mines today demanding the closed shop and that the company employ members of the Western Federation of Miners exclusively.

Heavy Loss From Forest Fires.

Milwaukee, April 20.—A special from Cable, Wis., says that a large area of timber in Hayfield county, estimated in value at $500,000 has been destroyed by forest fires. The tract burned over lies between Cable and Drummond. The fire is said to have been started from railroad section fires. A fall of snow last night preceded by a rain put the fires out.

Taft Names Carrel.

Washington, April 20.—President Taft today sent to the senate the following nomination: To be secretary of Porto Rico, M. Drew Carrel of Illinois.

WILL BE LOWER

PRICES HAVE REACHED ZENITH AND DOWNWARD TENDENCY IS RULE.

CHEAP GRAIN IS CAUSE

Close Observers Say Meat Prices Will Decline—Cheering News for All Save the Farmer—Large Amount of Grain.

New York, April 19.—Close observers of the food product's markets today expressed the belief in a probable speedy setting in of an era of low prices for food stuffs.

One provision man today declared that the tendency of prices is just now unmistakable downward and that the people may look for a decrease in the retail prices of beef and pork in a short time. The plentitude of grain he argued, has compelled the farmer to feed it to his cattle, which are waxing fat, and which must be put on the market.

Other provision men expressed similar views based largely on the decline in the grain markets and the predictions of bountiful crops both here and abroad.

Shoots Man to Protect Honor.

Carrington, N. D., April 19.—Mrs. Mildred How, shot and fatally wounded Chris Nelson on a farm in Johnson township, this county, to protect herself from the man's advances. The shooting occured Thursday night and Nelson died from his wounds Saturday night. Owing to the storm details of the affair did not reach Carrington until today.

The farm belonged to Mrs. How's brother and it has been leased for some time by Nelson, who batched on the premises with his hired man. Mrs. How was at the farm packing up some goods which belonged to her husband and which she was going to ship to Canada where her husband is now living and where she expects to join him this week.

Thursday the two were alone together and Mrs. How states that Nelson proposed that she desert her husband and run away with him. She rejected his advances and he threatened violence. She went into a room and shut the door and Nelson called through the door that he had a knife and that he was coming into the room and if she did not yield to him he would kill her.

She fired through the door and the bullet entered the man's body causing the wound to which he succumbed Saturday.

A coroner's jury was convened yesterday and after an investigation they held that the woman was justified in killing Nelson. The deceased has always borne a good character here-tofore.

Boston is Now Third Port.

Boston, Mass., April 19.—Boston is now the third port in the United States in amount of exports and imports and is a close competitor of New Orleans for second, according to the Annual report of the Chamber of commerce, issued today. A year ago this city was in fourth place, but since then the import trade has increased 42.5 per cent.

For 1909 the total imports and exports amounted to $199,968,548, an increase of $26,493,031, or 15.2 per cent over 1908. New York holds first place with $1,519,397,445 and New Orleans second with $200,426,077. During the year merchandise valued at $13,563,329, sent from Canada was shipped via this port.

Senator Hale Retires.

Augusta, Me., April 19.—The positive announcement of the early retirement of Eugene Hale from the United States senate was made here today. The news came in the shape of a confidential telegram from Washington. No definite in information as to the mode of procedure is given, but it is stated that Senator Hale had written a letter to Byron Boyd, chairman of the state committee giving full details regarding his plan.

Fight Fatal to Pugilist.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 19.—Frank Cole, the lightweight negro pugilist of this city, died in a hospital today from injuries received last night in a boxing bout which Stanley Rodgers at a boxing club managed by "Jock" O'Brien.

Rodgers was held without bail to await the verdict of a coroner's jury. The referee and several witnesses are also held.

Would Raise Employee's Pay.

Washington, April 19.—A bill to give a 10 per cent increase in pay to all employes of the government except the president and his cabinet, the vice president, members of congress and the army and navy, was introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Southwick of New York.

Chinese Rioting Stopped.

Pekin, April 19.—The rioting of natives in Changsha has ceased. The new governor of the province is on his way to Changsha and political complication as a result of the attack upon the property of foreigners are not likely to occur.

Canadian Train Wreck.

Quebec, April 19.—Further details of yesterday's disaster on the line of the Transcontinental, north of La Tuque, received today, show that ten men were killed and twenty-three injured, six fatally. The disaster was not caused by a land slide, as at first reported, but by the collapse of a ninety-foot wooden trestle at Lake MacDonald near Kakouache, over which the train with a large construction gang, was passing. The lake at this point is twenty feet deep. Most of those who lost their lives were pinned underneath the wreckage and drowned. Eight bodies have been recovered.

Mail Clerks Cremated.

Memphis, Tenn., April 18.—Four mail clerks are dead and three trainmen and a mail clerk injured as the result of the wreck on the through flyer from New Orleans to Chicago on the Illinois Central railroad, five miles north of Jackson, Miss., early today. The wreck was caused by the engine leaving the track and plunging down a fifteen-foot embankment, carrying with it the baggage car, mail and library car and two Pullmans. The rest of the train remained on the track. The wreckage caught fire and the bodies of the dead mail clerks were cremated.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

Author of "Saracinesca," "Arethusa" etc. etc.

Illustrations by A. Weil

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a fair-bearded stranger who was [illegible] and studying [illegible] in the [illegible] of her home in central Asia, and [illegible] to him the location of a mine [illegible] hoping that the stranger would [illegible] her disclosure. [illegible] were followed to the cave by the [illegible] relatives, who closed up the entrance and [illegible] off the water supply. [illegible] Baraka's cousin [illegible] attempted to climb [illegible] the mine, but [illegible]. The stranger was [illegible] Saad carried [illegible] of the tunnel, and [illegible] the gut and carrying [illegible]. Baraka gathered all the [illegible] and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da [illegible]) the prima donna, became [illegible] to Konstantin Logothetti, a Greek financier. Her [illegible] was Countess Leven, [illegible] Lady Maud, whose husband [illegible] in St. Petersburg. Lady Maud's most intimate [illegible] Rufus Van Torp, an American, one of the richest [illegible]. Van Torp was in love [illegible] Margaret and visited London as [illegible] of her betrothal. He [illegible] Lady Maud [illegible] for her pet [illegible] in winning [illegible] from Logothetti. Baraka [illegible] Versailles with [illegible]. He [illegible] a ruby to [illegible]. Van Torp bought a yacht and [illegible]. He was visited by [illegible]. She gave him a [illegible] American had told her of [illegible] to the United States a man [illegible] the one she [illegible]. [illegible] loved Margaret [illegible] Parsifal festival. Margaret [illegible] to Van Torp who pre[illegible] ruby Baraka had [illegible] Kralinsky, a Russian [illegible] Van Torp believed [illegible] Baraka was pursuing [illegible] arrested in London on the [illegible] from Pinney, a jew[illegible] sold to Logothetti. [illegible] were the thieves. Lady [illegible] that [illegible] suspi[illegible] Margaret. Van [illegible] Kralinsky was the [illegible] Baraka's re[illegible] as his guest. [illegible] Baraka [illegible] for revenge on the [illegible] and left her [illegible] in moderating [illegible]. Lady Maud arrived in Bayreuth. [illegible] and Van Torp entered [illegible] a tremendous [illegible] New York. The thief who [illegible] Mr. Pinney was arrested in New York and the stone re[illegible]. Lady Maud confided to Van [illegible] Kralinsky to be [illegible] dead. Van [illegible] his help to unravel the [illegible].

CHAPTER XIII.—Continued.

Neither Margaret nor Mrs. Rushmore had ever seen Leven, and they had not the least idea of what was really going on under their eyes. They only saw that Lady Maud was making a dead set at the count, and if Margaret wondered whether she had mistaken her friend's character, the elder lady had no doubt as to what was happening.

"My dear child," she said to Margaret, "your friend is going to console herself. Widows of that age generally do, my dear. I myself could never [illegible] one could marry [illegible]. I should always feel that dear Mr. Rushmore was in the room. It [illegible] to think of it! [illegible] and middle [illegible] that many [illegible] marry again. Mark [illegible] Margaret, your friend is [illegible] to console herself before long, [illegible] the one. It will be an [illegible]. My dear, I am quite positive [illegible]."

[illegible] sat down that evening the yacht had passed Otranto and [illegible] her course had been [illegible] for Cape Spartivento and the Straits of Messina, [illegible] in 24 hours as much as [illegible] Italian mail steamers do in [illegible] as much again as [illegible] could have done at her [illegible] speed. As Mr. Van Torp had [illegible], his engines had "warmed [illegible]" beating their own [illegible]. The breeze made by the vessel's [illegible] stronger than a woman could [illegible] with any regard to her appearance, but as the weather continued to be calm it was from dead [illegible] and there was plenty of shelter on the promenade deck abaft the [illegible], on condition of not going [illegible] the rail.

After dinner Kralinsky and Mrs. Rushmore walked a little, as on the [illegible] evening, and Lady Maud sat with Margaret and Van Torp. But before the two walkers went off to sit down in the quiet corner they had found yesterday, Lady Maud rose, went half way aft, and deliberately placed herself where they were obliged to pass close to her at each turn, standing and leaning against the bright white side of the engine skylight, which was as high as the wheelhouse itself, and broke in aft, where the big ventilating fans were situated, making a square corner inward.

She stood there, and as it was not very dark in the clear starlight, Kralinsky saw in passing that she followed his face with her eyes, turning her head to look at him when he was coming towards her, and turning it very slowly back again as he came near and went by. It was impossible to convey more clearly an invitation to get rid of his companion and join her, and he was the last man in the world to misunderstand it.

But Mrs. Rushmore saw it too, and as she considered him a lion, and therefore entitled to have his own way, she made it easy for him.

"My dear count," she said blandly, after passing Lady Maud twice, "I have really had enough now, and if you will promise to finish your walk alone, I think I will go and sit with the others."

He left her with Margaret and Van Torp and went back to Lady Maud, who moved as he came up to her, made two steps beside him, and then suddenly slipped into the recess where the fanhouse joined the engine skylight. She stood still, and he instantly ranged himself beside her. They were quite out of sight of the others, and of the bridge, and even if it had been daylight they could not have been seen except by some one coming from aft.

"I want to speak to you," she said, in a low, steady voice. "Please listen quite quietly, for some of them may begin to walk again."

Kralinsky bent his head twice, and then inclined it towards her, to hear better what she was going to say.

"It has pleased you to keep up this comedy for 24 hours," she began.

He made a slight movement, which was natural under the circumstances.

"I do not understand," he said, in his oily voice. "What comedy? I really have no—"

"Don't go on," she answered, interrupting him sharply. "Listen to what I am going to tell you, and then decide what you will do. I don't think your decision will make very much difference to me, but it will make a difference to the world and to yourself. I saw you from a window when you brought Mr. Van Torp to the hotel in Bayreuth, and I recognized you at once. Since this afternoon I have no doubt left."

"I never saw you till last night," said Kralinsky, with some little surprise in his tone, and with perfect assurance.

"Do you really think you can deceive me any longer?" she asked. "I told you this afternoon that if you could come back from the dead, and know the truth, we should probably forgive each other, though we had many differences. Shall we?" She paused a moment, and by his quick change of position she saw that he was much moved. "I don't mean that we should ever go back to the old life, for we were not suited to each other from the first, you and I. You wanted to marry me because I was pretty and smart, and I married you because I wanted to be married, and you were better looking than most men, and seemed to have what I thought was necessary—fortune and a decent position. No, don't interrupt me. We soon found out that we did not care for each other. You went your way, and I went mine. I don't mean to reproach you, for when I say you were beginning to be tired of me I did nothing to keep you. I myself was tired of it already. But whatever you may have thought, I was a faithful wife. Mr. Van Torp had given me a great deal of money for my charity, and does still. I can account for it. I never used a penny of it for myself, and never shall; and he never was, and never will be, any more than a trusted friend. I don't know why you chose to disappear when the man who had your pocketbook was killed and you were said to be dead. It's not my business, and if you choose to go on living under another name, now that you are rich again, I shall not betray you, and few people will recognize you, at least in England, so long as you wear that beard. But you had it when we were married, and I knew you at once, and when I heard you were to be of the party here, I made up my mind at once that I would accept the invitation and come too, and speak to you as I'm speaking now. When I believed you were dead I forgave you everything, though I was glad you were gone; frankly, I did not wish you alive again, but since you are, God forbid that I should wish you dead. You owe me two things in exchange for my forgiveness: First, yours, if I treated you ungenerously or unkindly; and, secondly, you ought to take back every word you ever said to me about Mr. Van Torp, for there was not a shadow of truth in what you thought. Will you do that? I ask nothing else."

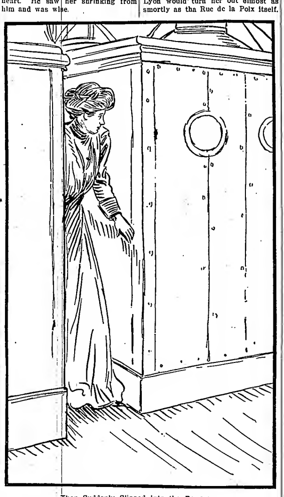
"Indeed I will, my dear Maud," said Count Kralinsky, in a voice full of emotion.

Lady Maud drew a long breath, that trembled a little as it left her heated lips again. She had done what she believed most firmly to be right, and it had not been easy. She had not been surprised by his patient silence while she had been talking; for she had felt that it was hers to speak and his to listen.

"Thank you," she said now. "I shall never go back to what I have said, and neither of us need ever allude to old times again during this trip. It will not last long, for I shall probably go home by land from the first port we touch, and it is not likely that we shall ever meet again. If we do, I shall behave as if you were Count Kralinsky, whom I have met abroad, neither more nor less. I suppose you will have conscience enough not to marry. Perhaps, if I thought another woman's happiness depended on it, I would consent to divorce you, but you shall never divorce me."

"No power could make me wish to," Kralinsky answered, still deeply moved. "I was mad in those days, Maud; I was beside myself, between my debts and my entanglements with women not fit to touch your shoes. I've seen it all since. That is the chief reason why I chose to disappear from society when I had the chance, and become some one else! I swear to you, on my mother's soul in heaven, that I thought of nothing but that—to set you free and begin life over again as another man. No thought of marrying has ever crossed my mind! Do you think I could be as bad as that? But I'm not defending myself—how could I? All the right is on your side, and all the wrong on mine. And now—I would give heaven and earth to undo it all and to come back to you!"

Lady Maud drew as far as she could into the corner where the fanhouse joined the engine skylight. She had not expected this; it was too much repentance; it was too like a real attempt to win her again. He had not seen her for more than three months; she knew she was very beautiful; his fleeting passion had come to life again, as he had. But her old repulsion for him was ten times stronger than when they had parted, and she shrank back as far as she could, without speaking. From far below the noiseless engines sent a quick vibration up to the ironwork of the skylight. She felt it, but could hardly tell it from the beatings of her own heart. He saw her shrinking from him and was wise.



Then Suddenly Slipped Into the Recess.

"Don't be afraid of me!" he cried, in a low and pleading tone. "Not that! Oh, please not that! I will not come nearer; I will not put out my hand to touch yours, I swear it to you! But I love you as I never loved you before; I never knew how beautiful you were till I had lost you, and now that I have found you again you are a thousand times more beautiful than in my dreams! No, I ask nothing! I have no right to ask for what I have thrown away! You do not even pity me, I think! Why should you? You were free when you thought me dead, and I have come back to be a burden and a weight on your life. Forgive me, forgive me, my lost darling, for the sake of all that might have been, but don't fear me! Pity me, if you can, but don't be afraid of me! Say that you pity me a little, and I shall be satisfied, and grateful, too!"

Lady Maud was silent for a few seconds, while he stood turned towards her, his hands clasped in a dramatic gesture, as if still imploring her commiseration.

"I do pity you," she said at last, quite steadily, for just then she did not fear that he would try to touch even her hand. "I pity you, if you are really in love with me again. I pity you still more if this is a passing thing that has taken hold of you merely because you still think me handsome. But I will never take you back to be my husband again. Never. That is finished, for good and all."

"Ah, Maud, listen to me—"

But she had already slipped out of the corner and was walking slowly away from him, not towards the others, but aft, so that he might join her quietly before going back to them. He was a man of the world and understood her, and did what was expected of him. Almost as soon as he was beside her, she turned to go forward with her leisurely, careless grace.

"We've been standing a long time," she said, as if the conversation had been about the weather. "I want to sit down."

"I am in earnest," he said, very low.

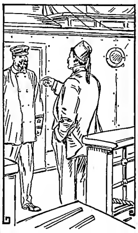
"So am I," answered Lady Maud.

They went on towards the wheelhouse side by side, without haste, and not very near together, like two ordinary acquaintances.

CHAPTER XIV.

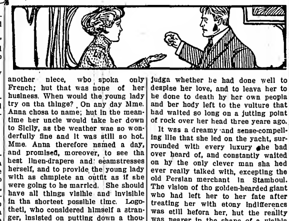
While the Lancashire Lass was racing down to the Straits of Messina the Erinna was heading for the same point from the opposite direction, no longer dawdling along at half-speed, but going her full 16 knots, after coaling at Naples, and any navigator who knew the positions and respective speeds of the two yachts could have calculated with approximate precision the point at which they would probably sight each other.

Logothetti had given up the idea of taking Baraka to Paris, if he had ever really entertained it at all. He assured her that Naples was a great city, too, and that there was a first-class French dress-making establishment there, and that the Ville de Lyon would turn her out almost as smartly as the Rue de la Paix itself.



He Sent Another Man to Wait Till Midnight at the Office.

He took Baraka ashore and placed her for half a day in the hands of Mme. Anna, who undertook to do all that money could do in about a fortnight. He had the effrontery to say that Baraka was a niece of his from Constantinople, whose mother was on board the yacht, but had unfortunately sprained her ankle in falling down the companion during a gale, and could therefore not accompany her daughter on shore. The young lady, he said, spoke only Turkish. Mme. Anna, grave and magnificently calm under all circumstances, had a vague recollection of having seen the handsome oriental gentleman already with



another niece, who spoke only French; but that was none of her business. When would the young lady try on the things? One any day Mme. Anna chose to name; but in the meantime her uncle would take her down to Sicily, as the weather was so wonderfully fine and it was still so hot. Mme. Anna therefore named a day, and promised, moreover, to see the best linen-drapers and seamstresses herself, and to provide the young lady with as complete an outfit as if she were going to be married. She should have all things visible and invisible in the shortest possible time. Logothetti, who considered himself a stranger, insisted on putting down a thousand franc note merely as a guarantee of good faith. The dressmaker protested almost furiously and took the money, still protesting. So that was settled, and Baraka was to be outwardly changed into a beautiful Feringhi lady without delay. To tell the truth, the establishment is really a smart one, and she was favorably impressed by the many pretty frocks and gowns that were tried on several pretty young women in order that she might make her choice.

Baraka would have liked a blue satin skirt with a yellow train and a bright green silk body, but in her travels she had noticed that the taste of Feringhi ladies was for very sober or gentle colors, compared with the fashionable standards of Samarkand, Tiflis, and Constantinople, and she meekly acquiesced to everything that Logothetti and Mme. Anna proposed, after putting their heads together. Logothetti seemed to know a great deal about it.

It was nearly dark when the naphtha launch took them out to the yacht, which lay under the mole where the big English and German passenger steamers and the men-of-war are moored.

Logothetti had at last received Margaret's telegram asking him to meet her at once. It had failed to reach him in Gibraltar, and had been telegraphed on thence to Naples, and when he read it he was considerably disturbed. He wrote a long message of explanations and excuses, and sent it to the prima donna at Bayreuth, tripling the number of words she had prepaid for his answer. But no reply came, for Margaret was herself at sea and nothing could reach her. He sent one of his own men from the yacht to spend the day at the telegraph office, with instructions for finding him if any message came. The man found him three times, and brought three telegrams; and each time as he tore open the little folded brown paper he felt more uncomfortable, but he was relieved to find each time that the message was only a business one from London or Paris, giving him the latest confidential news about a government loan in which he was largely interested. When he reached the yacht he sent another man to wait till midnight at the office.

The diva was angry, he thought; that was clear, and perhaps she had some right to be. The tone of her telegram had been peremptory in the extreme, and now that he had answered it after a delay of several days, she refused to take any notice of him. It was not possible that such a personage as she was should have left Bayreuth without leaving clear instructions for sending on any telegrams that might come after she left. At this time of year, as he knew, she was beset with offers of engagements to sing, and they had to be answered. From eight o'clock in the morning to midnight there were 16 hours, ample time for a retransmitted message to reach her anywhere in Europe and to be answered. Logothetti felt a sensation of deep relief when the man came aboard at a quarter-past midnight and reported himself empty handed; but he resolved to wait till the following evening before definitely leaving Naples for the ten days which must elapse before Baraka could try on her beautiful Feringhi clothes.

He told her anything he liked, and she believed him, or was indifferent; for the idea that she must be as well dressed as any European woman when she met the man she was seeking had appealed strongly to her, and the sight of the pretty things at Mme. Anna's had made her ashamed of her simple little ready-made serges and blouses. Logothetti assured her that Kralinsky was within easy reach, and showed no inclination to travel far. There was news of him in the telegrams received that day, the Greek said. Spies were about him and were watching him for her, and so far he had shown no inclination to admire any Feringhi beauty.

Baraka accepted all these inventions without doubting their veracity. In her eyes Logothetti was a great man, something like a king, and vastly more than a Tartar chieftain. He could send men to the ends of the earth if he chose. Now that he was sure of where Kralinsky was, he could no doubt have him seized secretly and brought to her, if she desired it earnestly of him. But she did not wish to see the man, free or a prisoner, till she had her beautiful new clothes. Then he should look upon her, and judge whether he had done well to despise her love, and to leave her to be done to death by her own people and her body left to the vulture that had waited so long on a jutting point of rock over her head three years ago.

It was a dreamy and sense-compelling life that she led on the yacht, surrounded with every luxury she had ever heard of, and constantly waited on by the only clever man she had ever really talked with, excepting the old Persian merchant in Stamboul. The vision of the golden-bearded giant who had left her to her fate after treating her with stony indifference was still before her, but the reality was nearer in the shape of a visible "greatman," who could do anything he chose, who caused her to be treated like a queen, and who was undeniably handsome.

She wondered whether he had a wife. Judging marriage from her point of view, there probably had been one put away in that beautiful house in Paris. He was an oriental, she told herself, and he would not parade his wife as the Feringhis did. But she was one, too, and she considered that it would be an insult to ask him about such things. Spiro knew, no doubt, but she could not demean herself to inquire of a servant. Perhaps Gula had found out already, for the girl had a way of finding out whatever she wanted to know, apparently by exploiting things to the second mate. Possibly Gula could be made to tell what she had learned without being directly questioned. But after all, Baraka decided that it did not matter, since she meant to marry the fair-beard as soon as she had her pretty clothes. Yet she became conscious that if he had not existed, she would think it very satisfactory to marry the great man who could do anything he liked, though if he had a wife already, as he probably had, she would refuse to be the second in his house. The Koran allowed a man four, it was said, but the idea was hateful to her, and moreover the Persian merchant's wife had told her that it was old fashioned to have more than one, mainly because living had grown so expensive.

Logothetti sat beside her for hours under the awnings, talking or not, as she chose, and always reading when she was silent, though he often looked up to see if she wanted anything. He told her when they left Naples that he would show her beautiful islands and other sights, and the great fire-mountains of the south, Etna and Stromboli, which she had heard of on her voyage to Marseilles, but had not seen because the steamer had passed them at night. The fire-mountain at Naples had been quiet, only sending out thin wreaths of smoke, which Baraka insisted came from fires made by shepherds.

"Moreover," she said, as they watched Vesuvius receding when they left Naples, "your mountains are not mountains, but ant-hills, and I do not care for them. But your sea has the colors of many sherbets, rose-leaf and violet, and lemon and orange, and sometimes even of pale yellow peach-sherbet, which is good. Let me always see the sea till the fine dresses are ready to be tried on."

"This sea," answered Logothetti, "is always most beautiful near land and amongst islands, and the big fire-mountain of Sicily looks as tall as Kashek, because it rises from the water's edge to the sky."

"Then take me to it, and I will tell you, for my eyes have looked on the Altai, and I wish to see a real mountain again. After that we will go back and get the fine dresses. Will Gula know how to fasten the fine dresses at the back, do you think?"

"You shall have a woman who does, and who can talk with Gula, and the two will fasten the fine dresses for you." Logothetti spoke with becoming gravity.

"Yes," Baraka answered. "Spend money for me, that I may be good to see. Also, I wish to have many servants. My father has a hundred, perhaps a thousand, but now I have only two, Gula and Spiro. The man I seek will think I am poor, and that will be a shame. While I was searching for him, it was different; and besides, you are teaching me how the rich Franks live in their world. It is not like ours. You know, for you are more like us, though you are a king here."

She spoke slowly and lazily, pausing between her phrases, and turning her eyes to him now and then without moving her head; and her talk amused him much more than that of European women, though it was so very simple, like that of a gifted child brought suddenly to a new country, or to see a fairy pantomime.

"Tell me," he said after a time, "if it were the portion of Kralinsky to be gathered to his fathers before you saw him, what would you do?"

Baraka now turned not only her eyes to him but her face.

"Why do you ask me this? Is it because he is dead, and you are afraid to tell me?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

GERMANY AND CANADIAN WHEAT

LOOKS TO THE CANADIAN WEST FOR HER SUPPLY.

A dispatch from Winnipeg, Manitoba, dated March 18, 1910 says: That Germany is "anxious to secure a share of Canadian wheat to supply her imports of that cereal." The recent adjustment of the trade relations with Germany has made it possible to carry on a Canadian-German trade with much fewer restrictions than in the past, and considerable development of trade between the two Countries is now certain. The great men of the United States are alive to the Wheat situation in this Country now, and there is consequently the deepest interest in every feature that will tend to increase and conserve the wheat supply. With its present 650,000,000 bushel production of wheat and all efforts to increase it almost unavailing, and the rapidly growing consumption of its increasing population, there is certainly the greatest reason for the anxiety as to where the wheat is to come from that will feed the nation. The United States will be forced as Germany is to look to the Wheatfields of Canada. One province alone raised last year one-eighth as much as the entire production of the United States, and but a twelfth of the wheat area has yet been touched. The Americans who have gone to Canada, are to-day reaping the benefit of the demand for Canadian wheat and they will continue to join in the benefits thus reached for a great many years. Splendid yields are reported from the farms of that Country, and from land that the Government gives away in 160 acre blocks, and from other lands that have been purchased at from $12 to $15 an acre. John Munter, near Eyebrow, Saskatchewan, a former resident of Minnesota says:

"Last fall got over 30 bushels of wheat to the acre and had 30 acres of it; also 20 acres spring breaking on which I had flax of which I got almost 20 bushels per acre. Had 20 acres in oats and got 70 bushels per acre and 500 bushels potatoes on one and three quarter acre, and can therefore safely say that I had a fine crop and am well satisfied with my homestead."

He is considered but a small farmer, but he will be one of the big farmers, some of these days. There are many others, hundreds of others, whose yields were beyond this, and whose average under crop was vastly greater. The story of the experience of American farmers in the Canadian West is a long one. The time to go, would appear to be now, when splendid selections may be made, and where land can be purchased at prices that will be doubled in a couple of years.

Something Stronger Than Wind.

Senator Depew, apropos of March winds, said, at a dinner in Washington:

"An old-fashioned fellow, one year when Easter came in March, paid too many Easter calls and drank too many cups of eggnogg, and, alas, was quite overcome.

"As the old-fashioned fellow lurched, in the late afternoon, toward home, a little girl watched him from her window, curiously.

"'Oh, mamma,' she said, 'come and look at Mr. Stuyvesant. Isn't the wind blowing him about!'"

Care of Horse's Feet.

If the horse already has defective feet keep them carefully trimmed and shod if necessary. The soft hoof should be shod and reshod every six or eight weeks in winter where the ground is frozen and at all times of the year where the roads are rocked or graveled. By keeping the horse with poor feet properly shod it will do good service without loss of time. But it is best to breed for good feet.

His Way of Doing It.

"I met young Faker on the street some time ago and he told me he was making money very fast."

"He made it too fast."

"How was that?"

"Went to the penitentiary for counterfeiting."

The Spartan Son.

The Spartan mother sent her son into battle.

"Come home with the moving picture or in it," she commanded him.

Herewith he rushed to the fray.

MISCHIEF MAKER

A Surprise in Brooklyn.

An adult's food that can save a baby proves itself to be nourishing and easily digested and good for big and little folks. A Brooklyn man says:

"When baby was about eleven months old he began to grow thin and pale. This was, at first, attributed to the heat and the fact that his teeth were coming, but, in reality, the poor little thing was starving, his mother's milk not being sufficient nourishment.

"One day after he had cried bitterly for an hour, I suggested that my wife try him on Grape-Nuts. She soaked two teaspoonfuls in a saucer with a little sugar and warm milk. This baby ate so ravenously that she fixed a second which he likewise finished.

"It was not many days before he forgot all about being nursed, and has since lived almost exclusively on Grape-Nuts. Today the boy is strong and robust, and as cute a mischief-maker as a thirteen months old baby is expected to be.

"We have put before him other foods, but he will have none of them, evidently preferring to stick to that which did him so much good—his old friend Grape-Nuts.

"Use this letter any way you wish, for my wife and I can never praise Grape-Nuts enough after the brightness it has brought to our household."

Grape-Nuts is not made for a baby food, but experience with thousands of babies shows it to be among the best, if not entirely the best in use. Being a scientific preparation of Nature's grains, it is equally effective as a body and brain builder for grown-ups.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Strange Action of Memory

Scenes of Other Days, Thought Forgotten, Are Suddenly Flashed Into the Mind.

Often suggestions out of all keeping with the surroundings come, and it may be asked, "What made you think of that?" Frequently we are positive that no conscious train of thought has brought up the idea. These memories out of all rhyme and reason with our atmosphere and conscious occupation, pop into the mind and surprise us with their incongruity. Are these spontaneously originated as they seem to be, or have we merely forgotten the connecting train of ideas, as is often contended? The author but recently, while looking at some dill pickles, had flash upon his mind the image of a Southern California beach and an incident associated with the scene. The memory came so suddenly and the connecting link was sought for so immediately that a dropping out of a segment of consciousness is altogether improbable, yet he felt that there was a connection somewhere, if it could but be found. And it was found after a little thought. Where the brine on the pickles had dried, there were left fine, white salt crystals just as he had seen on kelp and sea mosses that he had gathered on that beach. The memory in the stream of consciousness was spontaneous, and yet we see how it may come under our law, at least in its physiological version.—From the Mental Man.

A Fortunate Mishap.

In a certain New England town they manufacture a well-known kind of towel, most efficient for drying purposes. How that towel first happened to be made in the form which has proved so profitable to its makers is the subject of an amusing legend. It savors strongly of belonging to the "too good to be true" genus of anecdotes, and is as follows:

Once the machinery in the towel factory, busily engaged in turning out a very conventional brand of towel, suddenly went wrong and began, practically, to go backward. There was much excitement. Eventually the machinery was chastised and set to rights again.

But—it was discovered that the towels turned out during that interval of mechanical anarchy were of a texture quite unrivaled for use as bath towels. At once the machinery was set going backward again, and has been traveling in that direction ever since, to the great delight of the stockholders in the towel company.

All Off.

The Heiress—Have you seen papa?

The Duke—Yes. It's all off.

The Heiress—You don't mean to say that he refused to give his consent?

The Duke—Oh, no. He said he'd give his consent—but not another cent.—Stray Stories.

Does Not Stimulate

Ayer's Sarsaparilla does not stimulate. It does not make you feel better one day, then as bad as ever the next. It is not a strong drink. No reaction after you stop using it. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. You have the steady, even gain that comes from a strong tonic and alterative. We wish you would ask your doctor about this. He knows. Trust him. Do as he says. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

What are Ayer's Pills? Liver Pills. How long have they been sold? Nearly sixty years. Do doctors recommend them? Ask your own doctor and find out.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] KING. C. S. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Published Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

What's the use of a tariff commission when we have "the best tariff law ever passed"?

The Northwestern Minnesota Editorial association will hold its summer meeting at Walker on June 3-5.

Mark Twain is dead, but Tom Sawyer and Huckleberry Finn will live for all time in the hearts of American boyhood.

Aldrich and Hale announce their retirement from the senate because of ill health. Jim Tawney's health is expected to hold out until after election.

The only thing to regret in Gov. Hughes' appointment to the supreme bench, says the Northfield News, is that it deprives the nation of available presidential timber, which before long it may want to use.

Senator Nelson's position as chairman of the Ballinger investigating committee is peculiarly delicate. The people of Minnesota believe Ballinger is guilty, and if the Senator decides he isn't there will be a loud complaint.

A. C. Weiss, editor of the Duluth Herald, has been honored by being elected a director of the Associated Press, the greatest news gathering institution of the country. Mr. Weiss is exceedingly popular with the newspaper boys of Minnesota, and the signal honor conferred upon him will bring hearty and generous congratulations.

The Democrats of Indiana were wise in nominating John W. Kern, late candidate for vice president, for United States senator. The Democrats can no more afford to stand for Taggart and Tammany than can the Repulicans longer bear the odium of Aldrich and Cannon. The American people are demanding a higher order of statesmanship.

Julius Schmahl, secretary of state, says it is imperative that the Republicans should demand a revision of the Aldrich bill to prevent the country from going Democratic. Julius has had his ear to the ground recently, since not long ago he thought the Aldrich bill all right, and insisted that ere long Jim Tawney would be the only Minnesota congressman who would not be apologizing for his vote.

The following bit of sarcasm from the pen of Elmer Adams will create a smile a state wide: "The chairman of the state central committee is generally looked upon as a leader of the party in the state and Col. Brown is now filling that role. His wide experience with public affairs, first as assistant doorkeeper of the senate, and later as clerk to the lieutenant governor, equips him well for leader of the Republican party at this particular time."

Three congressional elections to fill vacancies, have been held since the passage of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill. Here is the result:

Feb. 1, 1910—Sixth Missouri district, C. C. Atkinson, Democrat, elected; plurality of De Armond of 1,190 increased to 3,778.

March 22, 1910—Fourteenth Massachusetts, E. N. Foss, Democrat, plurality 5,650; Republican plurality in 1906, 14,250.

April 19, 1910—Thirty-second New York district, J. S. Havens, Democrat, plurality 5,831; Republican plurality 1908, 10,167.

A town may by a spurt or two acquire a reputation as a live town, and all that goes with it, but it is a sure shot that one little season of hustle will not necessarily suffice for all time to come, observes Sam Haislet's Lankin Reporter. It is necessary for a town that wants to attract trade and hold it, to keep wide awake every minute of the time and not let anything remain undone that will look to the betterment of the conditions, and unless it does this there will come a reckoning day, and the reputation will go abroad that greed has usurped enterprise and hustle. Business men who put only their personal feeling and interest ahead of all else, soon kill a town, and there must be some sacrifice on the part of all if things are to be kept moving.

SENATOR NELSON'S INSURGENCY.

"I am now fast getting to be an old man. I have seen the great corporations and the trusts and combinations grow in this country at a rapid and well-nigh irresistible pace, and they will grow faster and faster until we shall be absolutely helpless unless we adhere faithfully to the provisions of the anti-trust law. The pending railroad regulation bill will give the railroad companies immunity from the anti-trust law and will confer on them unlimited power to effect mergers. I for one can never consent to such legislation."

The Duluth Labor World then comments that in what was probably the most remarkable speech in his career, United States Senator Knut Nelson of Minnesota thus spoke of the Taft-Wickersham railroad regulation bill. That such an attack should be made by a Republican senator upon a bill which the president has declared to represent true Republican policy and doctrine, and support of which Attorney Wickersham and all the reactionaries have declared is a test of puur Repubicanism, indicates how far apart the stalwarts and progressives really are.

The Minnesota senator was listened to with marked attention. The reactionaries were so amazed they forgot to even make interruptions, as is customary when progressive Republicans have the floor. It was so obvious that Senator Nelson was deeply impressed with forebodings of disaster to the nation in the event of the passage of such bills as the one under consideration, that the speech was strangely effective. The occupants of the galleries were silent and attentive, and all eyes were centered upon the picturesque Minnesotan.

Senator Nelson related how the western section of the country had suffered under railroad oppression and the long fight that had been made, until the legislation of 1906 was forced by public sentiment. He talked of the anti-trust law as the shield which had been created to protect the public against further oppression by the trusts and combinations of all sorts, and then proceeded to show how the pending bill purposes to destroy that protection and to give the railroads unrestricted power to resume their oppressive methods.

"If we are not wise," warned the Minnesota senator, "if we are not wiser than the French were in the days of Louis XV and Louis XVI and allow these trusts and monopolies to grow and go on untrammeled, the day will come—it may not be in our day, but the day will come—when the American people will resort to revolution as the people of France had to do, but it will be a peaceful revolution—an American revolution—not as violent and repulsive as the French, but as thorough and effective in its results."

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

RED LAKE FALLS

AIMS

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

Merchants State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
April 23rd, 1910.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 1:00 o'clock P. M. April 23rd, 1901.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol, seconded by Commissioner Johnson that Commissioners Demann and Pigeon be appointed a committee to assist at the letting of the Bridge Contracts in the Town of Poplar River on the 7th day of May, at 9:00 A. M.

Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, seconded by Commissioner Aubol that the County Auditor be instructed and authorized to issue his warrant or warrants in full payment of the Bond Issue of $9,000.00 and interest thereon due May 1st, 1910, on account of Sanders and Black River Ditch No. 1.

Motion carried unanimously.

The matter of County Ditch No. 24 was taken up. J. A. Duffy agreed to complete the same on or before July 1st 1910; if not completed by said time then to be re-advertised and re-let.

Resolved, that the Town of River Falls be re-imbursed from the County Road and Bridge Fund on account of the appropriation made July 12, 1910, but not drawn.

Resolution prevailed.

The following resoluion was offered by Commissioner Wm. L. C. Demann who moved its adoption:

Wheraas, the County of Red Lake has under construction at this time a new Court House, and

Whereas there are no plans and specifications for heating and plumbing of said Court House, be it resolved that Fremont D. Orff, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, is hereby employed by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, to prepare the necessary plans, diagrams, drawings and specifications for an appropriate heating plant for said court house, and that also the necessary plumbing to be used in a building of that nature, including appropriate toilet rooms, etc.,

And that the said Fremont D. Orff as soon as possible file with the County Auditor, of Red Lake county such plans and specifications, and the County Auditor of said county is hereby authorized and instructed upon receipt of said plans and specifications to advertise for bids as required by law for the plumbing and heating of said court house.

Which resolution was duly seconded by commissioner Pigeon and upon roll call the following commissioners voted yea: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist, and the following commissioners not voting: Aubol and Johnson.

Thereupon the resolution was declared duly adopted by the chairman of said board:

The following resolution was offered by commissioner Wm. C. L. Demann, who moved its adoption.

Whereas, the county has been sued by Andrew O. Bakke wherein the said Andrew O. Bakke attempts to cancel part of a ditch lien on county Ditch No. 2.

Be it resolved, that F. A. Grady of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, be and is hereby appointed to represent the county of Red Lake in the above entitled action, to appear in the District or Supreme Courts of the State of Minnesota relative to such action and to interpose a demur, answer or take such other steps as to him seems advisable in said proceedings, and to fully advise the board of county commissioners in all things pertaining to said action.

Which resolution was duly seconded by Commissioner Joseph Johnson.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted yea, Demann, Pigeon, Johnson and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay, Aubol.

The resolution was declared duly carried by the chairman of the board.

The petition for an appropriation from the county Road and Bridge Fund of $500. to aid in fixing the approaches to the steel bridge between sections 34 and 35—152—41 was on motion duly carried laid over.

The petition for the repair of county Ditch No. 25 was on motion duly carried laid over.

The application of the towns of Mayfield, Black River and High Landing for appropriations from the county Road and Bridge Fund were on motion duly carried laid over.

Motion made by commissioner Demann seconded by commissioner Aubol that commissioner Pigeon be authorized to represent the county board of this county in looking after the acceptance of Judicial Ditch No. 4.

Motion carried unanimously.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Demann who moved its adoption; duly seconded by Commisioner Aubol:

BUILD UP

in spring and summer, it's the natural time to store up health and vitality for the year.

Scott's Emulsion

is Nature's best and quickest help. All Druggists

Resolved that the Judicial Ditch No. 4 be accepted and that the balance due the Standard Drainage company as vouched for by the engineer's estimate to be turned over to the Standard Drainage company upon a favorable report by Commissioner Pigeon.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted yea: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: None.

Whereupon the chairman declared the resolution adopted.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Miller—Davis Printing Co., Supplies for Co. offices 3 bills	$ 13.10
Fritz & Cross Supplies for Co. offices	1.83
Louis F. Dow Co., Supplies for Co. offices 2 bills	22.15
Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co., Supplies for Co. offices 3 bills	20.22
Andrew W. Lang, Exs State vs Tennes Moriain	25.21
H. F. Anderson, Co. Supt., Postage as per vouchers	6.10
H. F. Anderson, Co. Supt. Expenses March & April	25.02
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., March Lighting	11.50
John W. Eastman, Publishing misc. notices	23.90
Frank Jeffers, Reg. of Deeds, Postage as per vouchers	14.50
O. F. Melby, per diem and mileage examining into the death of Mrs. Carrie Wold and Mrs. Bertha Haslad	11.00
W. O. Braggans, per diem mileage exps hearing before Peter Matson, referee,	28.40
W. A. Schreiter, Glass reset in bldg occupied for storage	5.00
W. A. Schreiter, Long distance phone calls, sheriff	6.30
S. A. Swanson, long distance phone calls as per vouchers	3.70
Northern Culvert Co., culverts as per voucher ditch No. 35 and 33	229.03
Otto Zaiser, 7 days as viewer, board and exp Ditch no. 46	28.72
Joseph Belair, 7 days as viewer, board and exp Ditch no. 46	28.72
Daniel Patterson, 7 days as viewer, board and exp Ditch no. 46	28.72
Albert Nash, 3 days as rodman at $2.00 per day Ditch 35	6.00
C. H. Newberry & Co., 2 days livery hire a-c Ditch No. 46	10.00
Joseph Belair, 1 day viewer final hearing and exp ditch 42	4.00
C. A. Lindquist, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 48	3.30
Wm. C. L. Demann, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 48	2.20
Joseph Pigeon, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 48	3.10
Ed. A. Aubol, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 48	3.00
Joseph Johnson, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c Ditch 48	6.30
C. A. Lindquist, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 49	3.30
Joseph Pigeon, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 49	3.10
Wm. C. L. Demann, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c 49	2.20
Ed. A. Aubol, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 49	3.00
Joseph Johnson, 1-2 per diem and mileage 4-23, 10 a-c ditch 49	6.30

On motion duly carried the following bills were laid over:

W. O. Braggans, transcript of proceedings before Matson, referee, furnished Grady and Boughton, Atty's. for Lindquist and Latendresse	22.55
Peter Matson, per diem and mileage and exps, Special Com'r in Lindquist and Latendresse matter	130.05

On motion duly carried the following bills were rejected:

Ben Isaacson, Services as Court Bailiff 3-23 & 24th in the Lindquist and Latendresse matter	6.00

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest:
A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and
Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
County Auditor's Seal.

PROCEEDINGS

Continued From First Page.

The county board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman,

Dated this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

The petition of Bohumil Hruby and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the board and read, and the board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was adopted:

Resolution Appointing Engineer in Ditch Proceedings.

In the Matter of the Petition of BOHUMIL HRUBY and Others For Locating and Constructing County Ditch No. 49 in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, a petition bearing date the eleventh day of September, 1909, signed by Bohumil Hruby and others praying for the establishment of a certain drainage ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 49 the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the County Auditor of said County, as by law requred:

And, Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the County Board of Red Lake County, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and that the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law;

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said County, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to take an accurate survey of the line of said proposed county ditch from its source to its outlet as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the general Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the County Auditor of said County on or before the first day of August 1910.

Dated April 23rd, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST
Chairman of the County Board,
of Red Lake County.

Attest:
A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor.
County Auditor's Seal.

On motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Bohumil Hruby and others, designated by the county auditor as county ditch No. 49, was made:

Order Appointing Viewers—Ditch Proceedings.

In the matter of the petition of Bohumil Hruby and others for county ditch No. 49 in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the eleventh day of September, A. D., 1909, signed by Bohumil Hruby and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as county ditch No. 49, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county; and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, to-wit: C. H. Martz, to make a survey of said ditch.

Now Therefore, We the county board of said county, at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint Gilbert K. Haavi and Joseph Belair and James Blake, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work, and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having recieved a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owner of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said name of owner to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and the value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and the amount of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintainence of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman.

Dated this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimously that the board adjourn sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

SHIP GRAIN

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CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb., 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Torot A. Momrek of Plummer, Minnesota, who, on Dec. 20, 1904, made H. E. No. 23914 serial No. 01772, for NW¼ SW¼ Section 13, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 10th day of June 1910.

Ole Anderson, Hjalmer H. Fredrickson, Sjur M. Harbaten, Aslak A. Momrak, all of Plummer, Minnesota.

ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

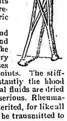
Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S.S.S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S.S.S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S.S.S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.
THOS. POTTS.
111 Main St., Johnston City., Pa.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

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Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

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YOU have had clothes satisfaction preached to you ever since you have bought your own clothes. But did you ever have satisfaction insured to you with a signed guarantee?

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We are the only Clothcraft store in town, and are proud of our distinction. This is the only store in town where you can get guaranteed all-wool clothes for no more than you would pay for common clothes.

CLOTHCRAFT
All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

Our great display of Clothcraft Clothes is now at its best.

The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere Proprietor

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Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

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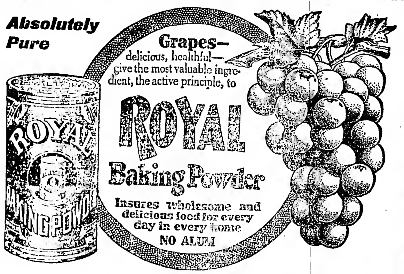

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NO ALUM

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible]

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

[illegible]

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible]

NICK DREES

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

[illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE,

County Auditor Red Lake County,

State of Minnesota.

Order of Hearing on Petition for Consolidation of School Districts.

[illegible]

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

[illegible]

... sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), between sections twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), between sections twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29) [illegible] sections thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) to the southeast corner of said section [illegible] said township and range in Red Lake County, Minnesota, and thence continuing [illegible] on the section [illegible] sections four (4) and five (5) and [illegible] sections eight (8) and nine (9) in township [illegible] north of range [illegible] West of the Fifth Principal Meridian in Red Lake County, Minnesota, to a point [illegible] line between said section eight (8) and nine (9) where the same intersects [illegible] Red Lake River in said township and range in Red Lake County, Minnesota and terminating [illegible] Red Lake River in said township and range in Red Lake County, Minnesota [illegible]

And [illegible] petitioners pray that you will proceed [illegible] such public ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter [illegible] hundred thirty [illegible], of the General Laws of Minnesota for [illegible] and acts amendatory thereto.

Dated April [illegible]

[illegible]

Petitioners.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 14th day of May, 1910, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota in Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs [illegible] and constructing the Ditch No. 43 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date [illegible] for the work as one job, and [illegible] sections of 100 feet each, [illegible] of the construction jobs [illegible] to be known and numbered [illegible] the report of the Engineer [illegible] commencing at one including the [illegible] successively, up stream [illegible] including the source, said sections of County Ditch No. 43 being numbered as follows: Station "0" to Station Number "327" both inclusive [illegible] the excavation and removal [illegible] of earth the same to be [illegible] of the ditch in the time and [illegible] in the plans, profile, maps and [illegible] the Civil Engineer in charge, to [illegible] bidder or bidders, and [illegible] work to be [illegible] time required and in the [illegible] Engineer's report. And [illegible] exceeds more [illegible] the estimate [illegible] stated in said [illegible] bidder will be required [illegible] bond, to be approved by [illegible] County, with two freehold [illegible] the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that [illegible] by reason of his failure to complete [illegible] the time required in the contract. [illegible] estimates and profile are on [illegible] at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: [illegible] and removal of 73537.0 cubic yards of earth, [illegible] estimated at Seven thousand [illegible] Hundred fifty three and 70-100 Dollars. [illegible] total cost of the work is $10503.70 [illegible]

[illegible] accompanied by a certified [illegible] Auditor of said County, for [illegible] of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby [illegible]

Dated April [illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE

(SEAL) County Auditor Red Lake County, State of Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been [illegible] in the conditions of a mortgage executed [illegible] George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, mortgagee, dated February [illegible] and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock and ten minutes [illegible] of mortgages on page 310 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to [illegible] that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises $2.50; that [illegible] amount claimed and hereby declared to be due on said mortgage at this date including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract is one thousand nine hundred thirty two and 85-100 dollars ($1932.85); that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northwest quarter and north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred [illegible] north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and [illegible] five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 28th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, Mortgagee.

R. H. Whitney,

Attorney for Mortgagee,

Slayton, Minn.

m5-je16

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, Mortgagee, dated February [illegible] and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota on April [illegible] o'clock and 10 minutes [illegible] the taxes assessed [illegible] in the said mortgage [illegible] said mortgagee has [illegible] and hereby declared [illegible] including said [illegible] one thousand [illegible] following described [illegible] of Red Lake state [illegible]

[illegible] half of southeast [illegible] township one [illegible] north of range forty [illegible] principal meridian, containing [illegible] according to [illegible] the power of [illegible] and pursuant to [illegible] provided, said [illegible] by the sale of said premises [illegible] the highest bidder [illegible] Red Lake county, Minnesota [illegible] court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state [illegible] to satisfy the [illegible] mortgage including [illegible] abstract, together [illegible] and seventy-five dollars [illegible] attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 28th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited Mortgagee.

R. H. Whitney,

Attorney for Mortgagee,

Slayton, Minn.

m5 je16

Sidewalk Resolution

By the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, authorizing the construction of sidewalks:

Alderman Salley introduced the following resolution and moved its adoption, duly seconded by Alderman Hennings:

Whereas, the sidewalks now existing at the points hereinafter mentioned are out of repair and in bad condition, and the city council does deem it necessary and expedient that a new cement sidewalk and gutter be built on the west side of main street in said city opposite to and adjoining the lots herein below described, therefore

Be it Resolved, That the sidewalks now existing at the aforesaid points and along the east front side and adjoining the lots hereinafter mentioned, and not otherwise, be, and the same are hereby condemned, and that new cement sidewalk and gutters be, and the same is hereby ordered to be built at the points aforesaid along and adjoining the said lots hereinafter mentioned, in the following manner, to-wit: The sidewalk to be 12 feet wide, gutters two feet wide, built of cement and sand in proper proportion, laid upon gravel foundation, with curbstone,—a good serviceable walk, and said sidewalk and gutter shall be completed on or before the 1st day of July, 1910. And further that this resolution shall be duly served on or before the 16th day of May, 1910, upon the owners of all the lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting on said Main street where said sidewalk is ordered to be built, and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, said service to be made personally upon all resident owners, and by publication in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette upon all non-resident owners.

Name of Owner	Feet Front	Description of Prop'y Own'd
		City of Red Lake Falls, Champagne & Dow's Addition, Block 7
Lizzie A. Kaufer	25	Lot 15
L. J. Duffy and Wm. M. Erb	25	Lot 16
Rose A. Spillane	25	Lot 17
D. and N. Latendresse	25	Lot 18
Lizzie A. Kaufer	25	Lot 19
John A. Dutt	25	Lot 20
Lenora L. Duffy	50	Lots 21 and 22
D. Latendresse and N. Latendresse	50	Lots 23 and 24

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted yea: Hunt, Salley, Hennings, Crompe and Paul and the following aldermen voted nay: None.

Whereupon the president declared the resolution adopted.

Passed April 28th, 1910.

SIMON PAUL, President of City Council.

Approved May 3rd, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,

City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal)

Sidewalk Resolution

By the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, authorizing the construction of sidewalks:

Alderman Crompe introduced the following resolution and moved its adoption, duly seconded by Alderman Hennings:

Whereas, The sidewalks now existing at the points hereinafter mentioned are out of repair and in bad condition, and the city council does deem it necessary and expedient that a new cement sidewalk and gutter be built on the West side of Main Street in said city opposite to and adjoining the lots hereinbelow described, therefore,

Be It Resolved, That the sidewalks now existing at the aforesaid points and along the east front side and adjoining the lots hereinafter mentioned, and not otherwise, be, and the same are hereby condemned, and that a new cement sidewalk and gutter be, and the same is hereby ordered to be built at the points aforesaid along and adjoining the said lots hereinafter mentioned, in the following manner, to-wit: The sidewalk to be 10 feet wide, gutters two feet wide, built of cement and sand in proper proportion, laid upon gravel foundation, with curbstone—a good serviceable walk, and said sidewalk and gutter shall be completed on or before the 1st day of July, 1910. And further that this resolution shall be duly served on or before the 16th day of May, 1910, upon the owners of all lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting on said Main Street where said sidewalk is ordered to be built, and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, said service to be made personally upon all resident owners, and by publication in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette upon all non-resident owners.

Name of Owner	Front Feet	Description of Prop'y Owned
		City of Red Lake Falls, Original Townsite, Block 2, Langevin's subdivision of Church Lot
Emma F. Marshall	25	Lot 8
W. A. Riechel	25	Lot 9
Rudolph Holzman	25	Lot 10
J. P. Harren	25	Lot 11

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted yea: Hunt, Salley, Hennings, Crompe and Paul and the following aldermen voted nay: None.

Whereupon the president declared the resolution adopted.

Passed April 28, 1910.

SIMON PAUL, President of City Council.

Approved May 3rd, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,

City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal)

Sidewalk Resolution

By the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, authorizing the construction of sidewalks:

Alderman Hennings introduced the following resolution and moved its adoption, duly seconded by Alderman Salley:

Whereas, The sidewalks now existing at the points hereinafter mentioned are out of repair and in bad condition, and the city council does deem it necessary and expedient that a new cement sidewalk and gutter be built on the east side of Main Street in said city opposite to and adjoining the lots hereinbelow described, therefore

Be It Resolved, That the sidewalks now existing at the aforesaid points and along the west front side and adjoining the lots hereinafter mentioned, and not otherwise, be, and the same are hereby condemned, and that a new cement sidewalk and gutter be, and the same is hereby ordered to be built at the points aforesaid along and adjoining the said lots hereinafter mentioned, in the following manner, to-wit: The sidewalk to be ten feet wide, gutters two feet wide, built of cement and sand in proper proportion, laid upon gravel foundation, with curbstone—a good serviceable walk, and said sidewalk and gutter shall be completed on or before the 1st day of July, 1910. And further that this resolution shall be duly served on or before the 16th day of May, 1910, upon the owners of all lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground on said Main Street where said sidewalk is ordered to be built, and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, said service to be made personally upon all resident owners, and by publication in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette upon all non-resident owners.

Name of Owner	Feet Front	Description of Prop'y Own'd
		City of Red Lake Falls, Champagne & Dow's Addition, Block 2
First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	75	Lots 1, 2 and 3
W. A. Schreiter	50	Lots 4 and 5
Rose L. Boughton	50	Lots 6 and 7
H. B. Kaufer	25	Lot 8
Helmuth Zalser	25	Lot 9
Henry Kaufer	25	Lot 10
Mary R. Kaus	50	Lots 11 and 12

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted yea: Hunt, Salley, Hennings, Crompe and Paul, and the following aldermen voted nay: None.

Whereupon the president declared the resolution adopted.

Passed April 28th, 1910.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved May 3rd, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault.

City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal)

Sidewalk Resolution

By the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, authorizing the construction of sidewalks:

Alderman Hunt introduced the following resolution, duly seconded by Alderman Salley.

Whereas, the sidewalks now existing at the points hereinafter mentioned are out of repair and in bad condition, and the city council does deem it necessary and expedient that a new cement sidewalk and gutter be built on the East side of Main Street in said city opposite to and adjoining the lots hereinbelow described, therefore,

Be it Resolved, That the sidewalks now existing at the aforesaid points and along the west front side and adjoining the lots hereinafter mentioned, and not otherwise, be, and the same are hereby condemned, and that a new cement sidwalk and gutter be, and the same is hereby ordered to be built at the points aforesaid along and adjoining the said lots hereinafter mentioned, in the following manner, to-wit: The sidewalk to be 10 feet wide, gutters two feet wide, built of cement and sand in proper proportion, laid upon gravel foundation, with curbstone—a good serviceable walk, and said sidewalk and gutter shall be completed on or before the 1st day of July, 1910. And further that this resolution shall be duly served on or before the 16 day of May, 1910, upon the owners of all the lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting on said Main Street where said sidewalk is ordered to be built, and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, said service to be made personally upon all resident owners, and by publication in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette upon all non-resident owners.

Name of Owner	Front Feet	Description of Prop'y Owned
		City of Red Lake Falls, Original Townsite, Block 3
Leon Bourque	50	Lots 23 and 24
A. M. Anderson and John C Wander	50	Lots 25 and 26
Cora Hanson and Maurice Hanson	25	Lot 27
P. E. Piratk	25	Lot 28
Theodore Majeres	25	North 22 feet of 29 [Ex Ry R of W]

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted yea: Salley, Hunt, Hennings, Crompe and Paul, and the following aldermen voted nay: none.

Whereupon the president declared the resolution adopted.

Passed April 28th, 1910.

SIMON PAUL, President of City Council.

Approved May 3rd, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,

City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal)

Sidewalk Resolution

By the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, providing for the construction of sidewalks.

The following resolution was offered by Alderman Salley who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Alderman Hennings:

Whereas, The sidewalks now existing at the points hereinafter mentioned are out of repair and in bad condition, and the city council does deem it necessary and expedient that a new sidewalk be built on the north side of Third Street and Washington Street in said city, along the south sides of Blocks 5 and 6 in Champagne and Dow's Addition and the south sides of Blocks 1 and 2 in Buse and Bottineau's addition in the city of Red Lake Falls, therefore,

Be It Resolved, That the sidewalks at the aforesaid points, and along the south side and adjoining the lots hereinafter described, (and not otherwise), be, and the same is hereby condemned, and that a new cement sidewalk be, and the same is ordered to be built at the points above described, along and adjoining the lots herenafter mentioned, (and none other) in the following manner to-wit:

Six feet wide, built of cement and sand in proper proportions laid upon gravel foundation, with curbstone, a good serviceable walk; said sidewalk to be completed on or before the 1st day of July, 1910, A. D., and further that this resolution shall be duly served on or before the 16th day of May, 1910, A. D., upon the owners of all the lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting on Third Street and Washington Street where said sidewalk is ordered to be built and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, said service to be made personally upon all resident owners, and by publication in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette upon all non-resident owners.

Name of Owner	Front Feet	Description of Prop'y Owned
		Champagne & Dow's Addition
Virginia Paul	125	Lot 24 in Block 6
Louis Lefaive	125	Lot 12 in Block 6
Ludolph Giese and Franz Freund	75	Lots 2, 4 and 6 in Block 5
		Buse & Bottineau's Addition
Frank Cyr	50	Lots 1 and 2 Block 1
Sophia Bolair	25	Lot 3 Block 1
Omer Hall	50	Lots 4 and 5 Block 1
James Biako	75	Lots 6, 7 and 8 Block 1
Israel Lemieux	50	Lots 20 and 21 Block 1
Corl Meischner	75	Lots 22, 23 and 24 Block 1
J. A. Duffy	25	Lot 26 Block 1
Andrew Knudson	35	Lot 27 Block 1
Mathilda Wolf	70	Lots 1 and 2 Block 2

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted yea: Hunt, Salley, Hennings, Crompe and Paul and the following aldermen voted nay: None.

Whereupon the president declared the resolution adopted.

Passed April 28th 1910.

SIMON PAUL President of City Council.

Approved May 3rd, 1910.

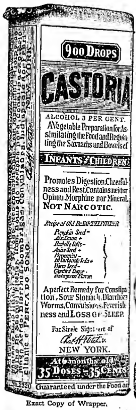
J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault

City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal)

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.



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ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of Thomas H Bjerke and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. [illegible]

Notice is Hereby Given, That a Petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. [illegible]

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—

The said ditch is located wholly within the township one hundred [illegible] range forty-three (43). Commencing at a point [illegible] hundred [illegible] feet west and twenty (20) feet north of the southeast corner of section twelve (12), thence running due west, parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), and sections eleven (11) and fourteen (14) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the south-west corner of section eleven (11), thence extending due south, parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between sections fourteen (14) and fifteen [15], and twenty-two [22] and twenty-three (23), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section twenty three (23), thence extending due west and parallel with and twenty [20] feet north of the section line between sections twenty-two [22] and twenty-seven [27] a distance of seventeen hundred and twenty-four [1724] feet to a coulee, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit: Taliack T. Ose Victor E. Johnson, [illegible] Troyalon, John T. Dahlow, Gunder Grefhock, [illegible] Bjerke, Tollef O. Lovtand, [illegible] Thompson, Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minn., Adolph Bailey, Engelert Nelson, Town ship of North in the County of Red Lake Minnesota and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor, and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 27th day of May 1910 at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

m5-19

A. A. LATENDRESSE

[Seal] County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Annie Robillard and Telesphore Robillard, her husband mortgagors, to Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Minnesota corporation, mortgagee, bearing date January 28th, 1903 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of January 1903, in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 131.

Said default consists in the non-payment of a certain note for four hundred ninety three dollars ($493.00) dated January 28th, 1903, executed by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, secured by said mortgage, and bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, all payable at the rate of fifty dollars ($50.00) per month, beginning on the 1st day of March, 1903. No part of said mortgage nor the interest thereon has ever been paid except the sum of $17.50.

By reason of such default, the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has ever been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

The property described by said mortgage, and thereby mortgaged, is lots numbered seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in block thirteen [10] in Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the corrected plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds within and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

There is claimed to be due, and is due, upon said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of $751.44.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the county Court House in Red Lake Falls in said county, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of June, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and fifty dollars attorney's fees, together with the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1910.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO. Mortgagee

Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer,

Duluth, Minnesota,

Attorneys for Mortgagee.

m5-j9

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3564 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

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RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

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L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

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GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY MONTREAL, CANADA

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Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS

[illegible] Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY

ATTORNEY

LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE

[illegible] Red Lake Falls

[illegible] Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON

Attorney at Law

Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE

DENTIST

OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING

Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A [illegible] Pres., [illegible]

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets [illegible] evening at I. O. O. F. hall [illegible] always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. [illegible] V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., [illegible] Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wed [illegible] at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F [illegible] Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman [illegible] Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Faynlle, [illegible]

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at [illegible] a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor

Reliable Active Agents

Wanted to sell the wonderful

Bennett Portable Typewriter

In this county.

It has writing efficiency of expensive machines. Will sell on sight—well advertised. Big money in it for the right party.

Write today F. S. BENNETT TYPEWRITER CO.

366 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.

The Important Problem

confronting anyone in need of a laxative is not a question of a single action only, but of permanently beneficial effects, which will follow proper efforts to live in a healthful way, with the assistance of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, whenever it is required, as it cleanses the system gently yet promptly, without irritation and will therefore always have the preference of all who wish the best of family laxatives.

The combination has the approval of physicians because it is known to be truly beneficial, and because it has given satisfaction to the millions of well-informed families who have used it for many years past.

To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

SURE.

Bingo—What does a man have to be to be buried with Masonic honors?
Jinro—Dead.

HIS HANDS CRACKED OPEN

"I am a man seventy years old. My hands were very sore and cracked open on the insides for over a year with large sores. They would crack open and bleed, itch, burn and ache so that I could not sleep and could do but little work. They were so bad that I could not dress myself in the morning. They would bleed and the blood dropped on the floor. I called on two doctors, but they did me no good. I could get nothing to do any good till I got the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. About a year ago my daughter got a cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment and in one week from the time I began to use them my hands were all healed up and they have not been a mite sore since. I would not be without the Cuticura Remedies.

"They also cured a bad sore on the hand of one of my neighbor's children, and they think very highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John W. Hasty, So. Effingham, N. H., Mar. 5 and Apr. 11, '09."

The Response Mechanical.

It is the custom in convents for the nuns to respond to a knock at the door with the words: "In the name of God," the phrase being equivalent in conventional parlance to our worldly "enter" or "come in."

In a convent in one of the western cities not long since the mother superior had a never-to-be-forgotten experience as a result of this custom. Some one in the outer world called the convent telephone number by mistake. The mother superior, roused from her meditations, picked up the receiver and responded, mechanically: "In the name of God."

"Madam!" called an irate masculine voice at the other end of the wire, "there is no occasion for you to swear at me, even if I have made a mistake in the number. Profane language is prohibited over the telephone!"

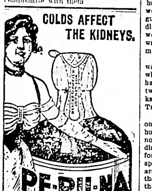
Moonlight During the Arctic Night.

The moon continues to shine at the north pole during the six months' absence of the sun.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Remember that life is not a fulfillment of one's ideals, but an eternal compromise with them.

COLDS AFFECT THE KIDNEYS.



SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE—To demonstrate the value of Peruna in all catarrhal troubles we will send you a sample bottle absolutely free by mail.

The merit and success of Peruna is so well known to the public that our readers are advised to send for sample bottle: Address the Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio. Don't forget to mention you read this generous offer in the ....

If in need of advice write our Medical Department, stating your case fully. Our physician in charge will send you advice free, together with literature containing common sense rules for health, which you cannot afford to be without.

Watch Dogs of the Wilderness

By HERBERT VANDERHOOF

COPYRIGHT BY PEARSON PUB. CO.

A LAND of infinite attraction and of infinite danger, a happy hunting-ground for the outlaw, a land of peril almost prohibitive to the peaceful-minded settler. That was western Canada 30 years ago. Now what country can point the pharisaical finger? The beauty, the fascination, the amazing possibilities, realized and yet to be, remain, and with them and of them are ordered and orderly living.

GUARD MOUNT AT A MOUNTED POLICE STATION

And the story of how this came about is the story of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police.

The mounted police! Don't you remember when you were a little chap, how you looked after the uniformed man on the glossy bay as he cantered through the park, and how you had no dearer dream of glory than to be like him? Even now, don't you feel the old, boyish thrill at the sight of a blue-coated, erect figure in the saddle at a crowded city crossing? If you do not, you are a "grown up"—saddest of labels—and will journey no more to the Never-Never-Never Land.

But for us "incurable children," the sight of the mounted policeman still catches at those old heart strings.

And if all this for the blue-coated, brass-buttoned horseman of the parks and boulevards, what of that other horseman, the one who rides alone with the stretch of endless prairies for his beat, with the criminal who holds a life at less than naught, his quarry? Surely even your dulled imagination, poor, to-be-pitied grown-ups, can catch fire faintly from the gleam of his scarlet coat.

Recruited chiefly from the younger sons of well-to-do, and even titled, English families, the Northwest Mounted Police has long been an institution where an English university man can work off the bubbling froth of a drop of gypsy blood before settling down as head of a county family and warden of his church, in the main a collection of young men for whom the Red Gods call too wildly, men with a dare-devil dash in their make-up, who leave England because they are impecunious, or because of a row with their families, or for sheer love of adventure. Come with me to Regina or Edmonton and you will hear stories of men who gave the recruiting officer the name of plain John Smith with something of a cynical smile—and it was bad form for the recruiting officer to notice this smile—men who had a habit of reaching for a monocle that wasn't there, of talking with the correct London pronunciation, and thrashing the fellow-trooper who called attention to this fact.

And any story you ever heard of the heir-presumptive in an English marquisate patrolling a 500-mile beat along the Arctic circle can be outmatched on the written records of the force, and in the memory of any officer. Fifteen years ago, Englishmen of Kipling's "gentleman ranker" type made up fully half of the force, and the other half was composed of wild Irishmen with all their country's love of a fight, old plainsmen and Indian fighters, the silent, steady-eyed, hard-riding men who gather on the frontier where the savage falls away before the ragged vanguard of civilization. And they have done their work so well that they are fast driving away their own excuse for being. The present northwest is no more what it was in 1874 than busy Winnipeg of to-day is the old Fort Garry to which the first troop of the "mounted" came 40 years ago. They have made western Canada what it is out of the lawless "territory"—an almost preposterous undertaking—one-quarter of the number of policemen in New York to govern a country 250,000 square miles larger than the United States!

In short, the mounted police have brought British law into western Canada, and firmly established it. The homesteader can go into any of the provinces and take out his claim, secure in the assurance that he can work his land undisturbed and harvest his crop uninjured. The homesteader is doing it by thousands, and the Last West is vanishing. The frontier—the last frontier of America—is being prosaically plowed by the practical man in blue overalls, who doesn't carry even a hunting knife, except to cut off his chew of Granger Twist.

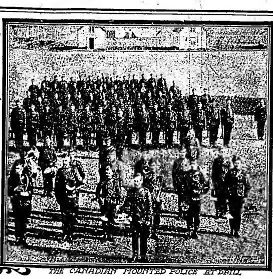
The Indian has been reduced to his lowest terms. When men of the United States were building the Union Pacific across the plains, they were obliged to employ Uncle Sam's troops to guard the builders. If the ghosts of the dead who died violently in that first five-years' fight for the west were to line up along the right of way there would be almost enough of them to mark the miles.

On a 30-mile ride from the North Saskatchewan last fall, I met dozens of teams driven almost wholly by Indians and half-breeds. They were hauling the long logs that were to be driven twenty to thirty feet into the sands of the Saskatchewan to carry the false work of the Grand Trunk Pacific's steel bridge.

What a contrast! Instead of hindering, as was once the case, the northern Indians are helping to build the railroad. In the construction of the new government transcontinental line, the Indians are employed wherever they can be used, for the road is being rushed with all possible speed consistent with good work. The Indians are useful, also, to the pathfinders as guides; they know the forests of new Canada; they know the mountain fastnesses of the Peace river, and they know all the crooks and canyons of the Coast Range. In short, the red man of to-day is the trusted guide and faithful servant of the pathfinder. He hunts for the white man still, but quite differently from the way he used to hunt for the pioneers of old.

Thanks to the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, civilization's house is in order. To-day the
be long before the mounted will be a

freight cars carry thousands of bushels of "Alberta Red" where not long since the buffalo browsed and the white-tail deer wandered undisturbed. It will not



THE CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE AT DRILL

thing of the past as well. Commissioner Perry's report states that the present arrangement ends on March 31, 1911. What after that?

Their work is done. The spirit of adventure which brought the men of 1874 to Red River Settlement will lure the hardiest on to still more distant fields. The scarlet tunic will be seen no longer, except in the pages of some historical source book; but the work of these silent, steady-eyed men will live forever, a record of tirelessness, fearlessness, unflinching courage and patience—the making of a new and great empire.

Change has already come to the mounted. The days when a scant 800 men were magistrates, doctors, coroners, explorers, surveyors, mining recorders, crown-timber agents, revenue and customs officers, telegraphers, scouts, riders, drivers, boatmen, canoemen, marines and sailors, dog-drivers, mail-carriers, couriers, public-health and animal-quarantine officers, prairie and forest-fire guardians, constables and soldiers for one-third of the British Empire are passing with every new mile of railroad. The border "wolfer," the cattle "rustler," the whisky trader, the fighting Indian, the whole band of swaggering ruffians who used to give zest to life in the "Territory" has largely passed away, or been crowded northward and westward toward the mining camps of Alaska and the Yukon. The reckless daring, the robust hardihood and picturesqueness of the force necessarily have somewhat changed in the development of the thoroughly civilized new northwest. Now the young fellows are getting their breaking-in among the settled districts, while the old stagers are stationed to the north and west where there is still the "frontier" on the edge of untraversed wilderness.

For the purposes of the new order of things, it is a thoroughly competent and efficient force, as it was in the days of the Territory. The members must pass a physical and mental examination which guarantees that. I came upon one of them in a moment of leisure studying a text-book on the common law, and he showed me some examination questions which implied that he must know how to conduct a cross-examination in open court so as to avoid what are known in the law as "leading questions." And any lawyer will be impressed when I say that every mounted policeman must know how to take a murdered man's dying declaration in such a manner that it can be presented as evidence in court. The reason for this is that he combines the functions of a policeman with those of a petty magistrate.

And this arrangement, whereby the same man could arrest you, and then try you himself, and finally put you in prison and be your keeper, was an ideal arrangement in the days when justice was a justice of the saddle, and all the more desirable for being summary. Although there are regular civil courts in the southern portion of Canada now, in the far north the duties of the mounted policeman are still as varied as those of Gilbert and Sullivan's Pooh-Bah. Primarily he keeps order. After that, he does everything that ought to be done, and that it isn't any one else's duty to do. And when some one else leaves his duty undone, the mounted policeman takes it up and finishes it. When the mail-carrier, who covers the North Country on dog sledges, reaches the most northern limit of his route, the mounted policeman takes over the bags, and goes 500 miles farther north with them. Not long ago a letter came to my hands from the Leffingwell polar expedition, in which the writer stated that he would take five dogs and a companion and travel 300 miles over the ice to mail the letter. When the letter reached its destination, the envelope bore the stamp of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, who evidently had received it at one of their posts in the arctic, and then had carried it by dog-train from the ice fields to railway connection.

It is all in the day's work to them. They will undertake anything, from minding the baby to hanging a man, with equal placidity, and put it through without flicking an eyelash. They have done their part to demonstrate that the one thing on this earth longer than the equator is the arm of English justice. Less than three years ago a mounted policeman tracked a Yukon murderer over 6,000 miles, caught up with him in Mexico, brought him back by way of Jamaica and Halifax, avoiding United States soil to prevent extradition complications, and hanged him within sight of the scene of his crime.

There has never been a lynching in Canada. Put that down to the credit of the mounted police, who administered justice so successfully that there was never any temptation for the work to be taken up by private enterprise. There was never any parallel for the experience of Bismarck, North Dakota, where it is said the first 24 graves were those of men who had died by violence. Toward the Indians, the mounted police maintained a tradition of stern vigilance which prevented anything like the costly Indian wars which the United States waged up to a few years ago. There was never in the history of Canada a train robbery such as still feature the headlines of United States newspapers from time to time. The desperado of every type had a healthy respect for the mounted policeman and preferred to conduct his little enterprises south of the border.

Canadians are particularly fond of telling the newly arrived American about the troop of American cavalry—a whole troop, mind you—who tenderly escorted a band of "bad Indians" bent on crossing the border, to the Canadian boundary line. They were met by a single mounted policeman.

"Are you ready for these Indians?" asked the American officer.

"Yes, sir," responded the policeman.

"They're a bad lot. Where is your escort stationed?"

The trooper smiled faintly under his mustache. "Why, Scott's having his horse shod, and I guess Murray's over getting a drink. They'll be along in a minute."

And when presently Scott and Murray came placidly on the scene, that troop of cavalry sat on their horses and watched the band of Indians they had so carefully guarded, depart over the yellow prairie under the charge of three men.

The American officer watched them dwindle to a dot across the level. Then his feelings found speech. "Well, I'm damned!" he said. And the troop rode away.

Again, old Pie-a-pot and several hundred of his tribe were making serious trouble along the railroad then under construction, and the mounted police promptly rode out to the Indian village with an order for the tribe to break camp and take the trail to the north, away from the line.

When the policeman explained the order to him, Pie-a-pot laughed and turned away. The other Indians jeered and discharged their guns in the air. The two policemen sat still.

"I will give you just 15 minutes to comply with the order," said the sergeant quietly.

When the 15 minutes were up, he dismounted, walked over to the chief's tepee, and with calm deliberation kicked out the key-pole of the lodge, bringing the whole structure down—poles, war bonnets, drying skins, kettles and all—in a miscellaneous heap.

Pie-a-pot did some deep and rapid thinking. A gesture to his young men would have sent a hundred bullets into each of the quiet, unruffled men who were systematically going through the camp, kicking out the key-pole of each tepee. But the Indians of the northwest had learned that sooner or later justice was done by the mounted police, and Pie-a-pot never made that gesture. He gave in, and in sullen silence the camp collected its scrambled effects and turned their ponies' heads north.

Not so fortunate was the attempt of Sergt. Colebrook to arrest a fugitive Cree Indian named Almighty Voice.

Almighty Voice had stolen a steer, and Sergt. Colebrook, with a half-breed companion, rode across the prairie to arrest him. The policeman instructed the half-breed to tell the Indian that they had come to arrest him, and that he must go with them. The Cree replied: "Tell him that if he advances I will kill him."

Instantly the half-breed covered the Indian with his rifle, but Colebrook promptly ordered him to desist, for Almighty Voice must be taken alive. Then he rode deliberately forward upon the muzzle of the Cree's rifle, and, sooner than submit to the shame of arrest, Almighty Voice fired. A year later, however, the Indian was surrounded in a pit where he had taken refuge. The police brought up their field guns and shelled the pit, killing Almighty Voice and thus avenging Sergt. Colebrook's death. The outcome of this incident served to prevent serious trouble with the Indians, who were all in a more or less sulky and unsettled mood at the time.

How greatly the Indians have come to respect the just and impartial administration of the law by the mounted police was shown when one of Mecasto's band escaped from the guardroom at Macleod after having been tried by the police on a charge of theft and convicted. When he returned to Mecasto's camp, the chief who had attended the trial at which the fugitive was convicted had been so deeply impressed by the impartial nature of the proceedings and by the fair administration of justice that he promptly delivered him up again at the fort gate to the officer in command.

Perhaps the greatest achievement which the police ever undertook was accomplished when they persuaded Sitting Bull and his band of between five and six thousand hostile Sioux to return and surrender to the United States authorities when they had taken refuge in Canada after the memorable massacre of Gen. Custer and his command. Commissioners from the United States had visited Sitting Bull and had negotiated with the chief for his return and surrender, to no avail. The police, however, by infinite tact and diplomacy, and because in their previous transactions they had won the confidence of the Indians of the northwest, at length succeeded in inducing Sitting Bull and his hostile braves to return peaceably to the United States, an exploit of which any body of men might be proud.

When the Boer war broke out, England called for the mounted police to help her there. One-third of them, practically the pick of the force, went out. Very few of them ever came back. Many were offered commissions, and some accepted. Wherever there is trouble, there the mounted police are the answer to the problem, as they have been in western Canada for 30 years, from the time of the Riel rebellion up to to-day.

The story of the mounted has its shadows. Men grew tired of the loneliness and deserted at times; men who had lost all—love, hope, ambition—quietly went away into the wilderness and blew out their brains. The life was unsettling; men could not leave it and take up clerical work or farming, because adventurers are not built that way.

But, shadows and all, the story of the Canadian mounted police is one of the most gorgeous tales since the days of the Spanish Main. And the spirit of the force is best embodied in that message found scrawled on the orders of a policeman who perished in a blizzard while making his way with dispatches to a distant post. In his last moments with numbed hand he had written: "Lost; horse dead. Am trying to push ahead. Have done my best."

Gathering Sea Fowl's Eggs

Perilous Work of Cliff Climbers on English Coast Begins with Spring.

The Yorkshire cliff climbers are making spring preparations for gathering the eggs of the myriads of sea fowl that build their nests in the dizzy precipices of the northeastern coast, according to the London Daily News.

At Bempton, a few miles from Bridlington, the favorite resort of these egg hunters, the chalk cliffs tower 400 feet above the sea. They are the home of thousands of gulls, cormorants, kittiwakes and other sea birds that have just begun to build their rough nests in the chalky crevices.

William Wilkinson, who has pursued this perilous calling for many years, is known locally as "the king of the egg hunters." He is a bluff, weather scarred man of the sea, with as much nerve and agility as are possessed by the most daring steeplejack.

Wilkinson wears an old helmet to protect his head from the pieces of rock dislodged by the rope by which he is suspended in midair. Around his body he buckles a kind of leather hammock, in which he is able to sit.

"Lower away, boys," he cries, as he swings himself over the brink in an almost horizontal position and presses each foot firmly against the chalk surface. Three of the men seize the rope and foot by foot the intrepid climber is lowered till his cheery voice is lost amid the fluttering sounds of the disturbed birds. He swings from nest to nest, putting each egg carefully in a bag slung over his shoulder. As soon as his bag is full he gives the "hoist up" signal on the guide rope and the men haul him up.

Wilkinson makes several descents and at the end of the day shares the spoil with his assistants, who sell the eggs for eating purposes to the inhabitants of the neighboring villages.

The KITCHEN CABINET

"ABILITY and nobility of character and purity of disposition depend in a great measure on what is eaten at the table."

Fish.

Fish would be more generally relished if more pains were taken in its cooking and serving.

Boiled fish put on a cold platter will come to the table too realistic for real enjoyment, as it is swimming in its native element.

Drain the fish first and serve on a folded napkin, which will absorb the rest of the water.

When the fish is baked, one may dispense with the napkin; but garnish with dainty sprays of parsley and bits of lemon.

Many kinds of fish may be cut in slices or filets, and when served show no unsightly waste portions.

Fish stock may be used as a basis for the sauce to be served with the fish.

In boiling fish, the quantity of water should be adjusted to the size of the fish, in no case should there be more than enough to cover the fish. The water should be at the boiling point, slightly acid with vinegar, and then the cooking should continue at the simmering point. The time of cooking depends upon the size of the fish, and is best determined by testing.

If the fish in its thickest part, separates easily from the bone, it should be removed at once. Too long cooking renders the flesh dry and tasteless.

In baking or boiling fish, a strip of cloth may lay in the dish to lift it out without breaking, if care is used.

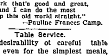
Dainty Cheese Salad.

Chop nicely bleached tender celery fine and mix it with mayonnaise dressing. Line an ice cream dipper with cottage cheese, then fill up with the celery mixture, packing it in well. Screw out the cones on crisped lettuce leaves, arranged for individual serving.

Household Hints.

Cook figs in a sirup flavored with vanilla and use them for ices, cream or with nuts and whipped cream as a dessert.

Grape fruit is said to be a cure for the grip.



"NOW you look out and mind your ways!
And I must likewise do,
And keep a cheery corner where
The skies are always blue.
The A's and B's and E's and O's
Do work that's good and great,
But U and I can do the most
To keep this old world straight."
—Pauline Frances Camp.

Table Service.

The desirability of careful table service, even for the simplest meals, can not be overestimated. A simple meal placed on a well laid table is most attractive, and no amount of food however well prepared, will take the place of carelessness in table service.

If we would teach children table manners we can not expect results unless the family table is the school. A few pointers given to a child before the arrival of company usually ends in mortification for both the mother and child, so that the training should come daily. A well laid table and good table manners in children usually go together.

A little strife is frequently a good method to use when there are several children, offering some treat or privilege to the one who needs the least correction as to table manners, or neatness at the table.

The charm of a well laid table lies in the exact precision of its appointments. Silver should be placed uniformly. No hit or miss arrangement goes, as exactness is the watchword.

Knives should be placed at the right of the plate, edge of blade toward the plate, the fork at the left, two inches from the edge of the table. Most people would rather have the spoons at the right of the knife than at the top of the plate, as it gives more room there for the water glass at the top of the knife blade, the butter plate above the fork, or forks, and the napkin at the left of the forks.

Lay the napkin so that the open fold lies nearest the hand and may be picked up and unfolded with the one movement of the hand.

The center of the table should receive first attention after the laying of the linen and silver. A small centerpiece of embroidery or lace with a vase with a flower, or something green, growing, adds to the beauty of a table, and it has been tried and proven in many homes that such little touches in the poorest homes have had a far reaching influence in both manners and morals.

Nellie Maxwell.

The Wrong Man.

Blink—Look here, old chap, where is that $10 you borrowed from me last month?

Wink—What $10?

Blink—Why, didn't you come to me and say you must have $10? Didn't you say you were so worried you weren't yourself that night?

Wink—Oh, well, if I wasn't myself, why in the deuce should I be expected to pay it?

Not the Right Kind.

"I hear there has been a big defalcation in those church funds."

"Yes, it seems that the leader of the flock had unknowingly employed a rascally fellow for his assistant."

"I see; he must have been a regular shepherd's crook."

Pat's Preference.

Irishman (after waiting at the theater entrance for a long time on a cold night)—Shure it's meself wad sooner walk 50 miles than shtand five!—Punch.

AFTER SUFFERING FOR YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Park Rapids, Minn.—"I was sick for years while passing through the Change of Life and was hardly able to be around. After taking six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I gained 20 pounds, am now able to do my own work and feel well."—Mrs. Ed. La Dou, Park Rapids, Minn.

Brookville, Ohio.—"I was irregular and extremely nervous. A neighbor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and I have become regular and my nerves are much better."—Mrs. R. Kinnison, Brookville, Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.00, $3.50, $4.00 & $5.00 SHOES
Union Made
Boys' Shoes $2.00 & $2.50

W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make,

BECAUSE:

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are the lowest price, quality considered, in the world.

W. L. Douglas $4.00 and $5.00 shoes equal, in style, fit and wear, other makes costing $6.00 to $8.00.

Fast Color Eyelets.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If they are not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog, giving full directions how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered to the wearer all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Cheerful homes

Many things combine to make home cheerful, but no one thing plays so important a part as artistic taste in wall decoration. Beautiful, cleanly and wholesome is

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

We have ideas on color harmonies, classic stencils, and much that will interest the discriminating house owner. These ideas have cost us money but are free to you. Ask your dealer or write direct.

Alabastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.

WESTERN CANADA

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, says:

"The stream of emigrants from the United States to Canada will continue."

Senator Dolliver recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and says: "There is a land hungering in the hearts of English speaking people; this will account for the removal of so many Iowa farmers to Canada. Our people are pleased with its Government and the excellent administration of law, and they are coming to you in tens of thousands, and they are still coming."

Iowa contributed largely to the 70,000 American farmers who made Canada their home during 1910. Field crop returns alone during year added to the wealth of the country upwards of

$170,000,000.00

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts, 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) (3)

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

WANTED MODERN HOTEL. Crosby, N. D. Great opening. Two railroads. Terminal point. Growing rapidly. No compulsion. Ad. Commercial Club.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Will purify your blood, clear your complexion, restore your appetite, relieve your tired feeling, build you up. Be sure to take it this spring.

Get it in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs. 100 Doses $1.

OPPORTUNITY TO DO GOOD

Combined Efforts on National Tuberculosis Sunday Will Have Excellent Results.

New York city had more arrests for violation of the anti-spitting ordinance in 1909 than any other city in the United States, having had 2,513, with [illegible] convictions, and $1,936.80 collected in fines. Baltimore comes next with 214 arrests and an equal number of convictions. Pittsburg is third in rank, with [illegible] Louis in fourth place. St. Louis, however, would have been in second place, if the sanitary police who enforce the law in that city had been at work in 1909. In 52 cities out of 80 the law was either not enforced at all or very poorly enforced. Of the remaining 28 cities, less than one-half of them contributed more than three-fourths of the arrests for spitting and of the fines collected. On account of the fact that National Tuberculosis Sunday will be observed on April 24, the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis is calling the attention of clergymen in all parts of the country to the advisability of bringing before their congregations the necessity for better enforcement of the anti-spitting laws.

Where She Scored.

Sheldon Kerruish tells this story on his esteemed father:

"One day a long time ago a number of children in our neighborhood were talking about the bad habits of their parents.

"'My father smokes 15 cigars a day,' said a little girl boastfully like.

"'My father swears something awful when supper is late,' said another.

"'My papa came home tight the other night,' remarked a third.

"It was my little sister's turn next.

"'You just ought to see my papa eat [illegible],' she said, and all the other little girls retired in confusion, tacitly admitting that sister had won the prize."—Cleveland Leader.

Pity the Poor Cowboy!

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the famous food expert, said at a dinner in Washington apropos of the meat boycott and the cold storage discussion:

"The trend of modern life seems on the surface to be toward preserved instead of fresh foods, but there is no such trend, save among certain dealers.

"Who," said Doctor Wiley, "would like to be in the boots of the cowboy in the barren sagebrush country who used to send in week after week, the same order to the storekeeper:

"'Canamilk, [illegible], canajam, canabutter, [illegible], canascrapple, canacorn, [illegible], canapdums.'"

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Irish of Shakespeare.

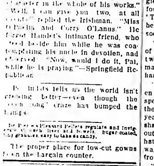
An Englishman and an Irishman were having an argument on the subject of Shakespeare. "I defy you," said the former, "to find a single Irish character in the whole of his works."

"Well, I can give you two, at all events," replied the Irishman. "Miss O'Phelia and Corry O'Lanus." He forgot Hamlet's intimate friend, who stood beside him while he was contemplating his uncle in devotion, and observed: "Now, would I do it, Pat, while he is praying."—Springfield Republican.

P[illegible] tells us the world isn't growing better—even though the "coon song" craze has bumped the bumps.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

The proper place for low-cut gowns is on the bargain counter.



BABY'S FIRST SHOES

SHOULD BE

Baby Pla-Mates

It is most essential at the time Baby is ready to take its first steps that it should have shoes that will assist and not retard the little toddler. **Baby Pla-Mate Shoes** have features found in no other shoes—note the extreme width and fullness of outside which allows the little one to step out confidently. These cute little shoes are made with a genuine Goodyear welt; broad, flat, non-slip sole; full extension heels, and are as flexible as a hand turned shoe. Made in button and lace styles in patent, tan and black leather of finest quality. Ask your dealer for **Baby Pla-Mate Shoes.** If not in stock, send us his name and style and size desired and we will see you are supplied.

Williams, Hoyt & Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

LUMP OF AMBERGRIS

Poor Man Never Suspected It Was of Any Great Value.

Merely to Satisfy Curiosity New Hampshire Man Takes It to State Chemist and Finds It Worth Many Thousand Dollars.

Manchester, N. H.—Adelard Levesque, a young house painter who resides with his wife and two small children in a modest tenement in the rear of 285 Chestnut street and who has struggled each day at his trade in order to provide comfortably for them, is the owner of a large chunk of ambergris valued at thousands of dollars, which he found floating in the St. Lawrence river in Canada more than three years ago.

It was not until a few days ago that he fully began to realize the value of his great find, when he was told that the state chemist at Concord, who had examined the specimen, had declared it, in his belief, to be ambergris.

For three years this gelatin-like mass, which is found in the intestines of the sperm whale and which is much sought by the perfumery manufacturers of the world, has lain around the little tenement of the Levesque family with no member of it giving it particular attention. Now and then Mr. Levesque would show it to friends, but none of them could tell him what it was.

A short time ago Mr. Levesque visited Boston, taking a sample of the precious mass along with him, and finally showed it to a doctor. The doctor offered him $125 for the piece that he had, which would probably weigh a pound. He refused the offer, for he then for the first time since its discovery began to think that it might be of great value.

Later Mr. Levesque went to Providence, R. I., called on some of the officials at the city hall, showed the specimen to them and also visited several drug stores, where he conferred with the owners in regard to it. One druggist told him that he had better consult C. D. Howard, the New Hampshire state chemist, at Concord and that he would tell him just what the mass was.

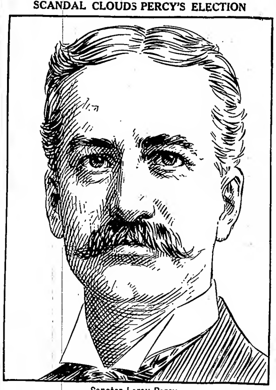
Mr. Levesque went to Concord and showed Mr. Howard the sample he had with him. In fact, he left a piece with him with which he might make a test.

A peculiar and startling result of the discovery in the St. Lawrence river is the fact that about 20 or more pounds of the mass which was taken by Mr. Levesque's brother at the time has been kicking around the family farmhouse in Canada for three years and in hot weather has been used instead of a stone to keep the doors ojar. Mr. Levesque has a piece in his possession which weighs about ten pounds and which he will undoubtedly guard closely until he disposes of it at the market price to some perfumer.

Speaking of his find, Mr. Levesque said that three years ago, while on a visit to his old home in Freserville, Canada, he and his brother Florence went gunning on the St. Lawrence river in a boat. While floating along he sighted a yellow object and, believing it to be an animal, fired at least three shots at it. He then ran the boat alongside the mess and pulled it in.

The mass was taken home and his brother took the greater part of it, leaving it at the family homestead. No one there has ever believed that it was of value and it has been used to keep the doors open and serve as a weight.

SCANDAL CLOUDS PERCY'S ELECTION



Senator Leroy Percy.

JACKSON, MISS.—The recent election of Leroy Percy to the United States senate is clouded with scandal by the indictment of L. C. Dulancy, a planter, on the charge of offering a bribe to State Senator Theodore Bilbo to vote for Percy. Bilbo was a supporter of Vardaman and says he accepted part of the alleged bribe money to use it as evidence, and bonded it to a minister with a statement of facts. Those who favored the election of Percy declare the charge is without foundation. A thorough investigation has been started by the grand jury.

Ill Luck in Horseshoe.

Burlington, N. J.—Clifford Price, liveryman and boniface, has lost his faith in the horseshoe as an emblem of good luck. While examining the foot of a horse attached to a coal cart the other morning the animal, made restless by a loose nail in its hoof, knocked the liveryman to the ground and dragged the cart, with a ton of coal aboard, over him. Friends thought Price had been killed, and he was taken to his hotel, but, although badly bruised, there were no bones broken, and his physician predicts an early recovery.

Torn Nose Sewed On.

Kenny, Ind.—A large shepherd dog, while at play with a five-year-old son of Stanford McClone, snapped at the child's nose and tore it from his face. Physicians who were called sewed it back in position and the child will recover unless blood poisoning develops.

DOWNWARD COURSE.

Kidney Troubles Grew Worse Every Year.

Charles S. Bailey, 808 Locust St., Yankton, S. Dak., says: "I suffered agony from kidney complaint and was almost helpless. The disease grew worse each year although I doctored and used many remedies. There were excruciating pains in my back and the urine passed too freely. Doan's Kidney Pills gradually helped me and soon I was cured. Some years ago I recommended them and have had no trouble since."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Treatment for Lump Jaw.

Lump jaw is due to a fungus which is usually taken into the animal's system in feed consumed. Lump jaw is liable to affect the glands of the throat or the bones of the head, writes Dr. David Roberts in American Cultivator. It is not advisable to keep an animal thus afflicted lingering in a herd. On the other hand it is advisable to either treat such an animal or kill it, as such animals invite diseases into the herd, owing to the fact that they are so reduced in vitality that they have no resisting power. A remarkably large per cent. of such cases can be successfully treated if taken in time by opening up the enlargement and washing it out with a strong antiseptic solution, like five of carbolic acid in water, and putting the animals on a tonic. In this way the afflicted animal is not only saved, but the entire herd is protected against disease.

Because a home is in the country—because it is on a farm—is only an added reason why it should be more up-to-date and attractive, for those who are fortunate enough to live in the country really spend more time in their homes than do those who live in cities.

And it is also true that farm homes and farm life is daily becoming more and more attractive. The inside of our house is our home, so why not make it nice and attractive, homely and cheerful, up-to-date and modern.

You wouldn't think of burning tallow candles, yet why use wall paper?

In order to educate a few refined people in every community to the artistic beauty of soft velvety alabastined walls of solid color, a free offer of beautiful wall stencils of classic design is made to every reader of this paper.

It is also possible to secure without any expense color suggestions for your home telling you the most suitable colors, to use the best arrangement, curtains and over curtains, etc.—in fact the services of a decorative architect are at your disposal without charge to you.

In cities there are many and most excellent designers of interior decoration, but it takes money and time to carry out their ideas. This same service is at the disposal of every reader if he asks for it, and better than all, it tells you how you can either do the work yourself or direct some one else. It gives you exact shades and colors, and the stencils to do the work without charge.

O, Those Tears!

"So you are going to marry Mr. Glimson?" smiles the first fair young thing. "I was engaged to him last year. He positively wept when I broke the engagement."

"I know he did," answers the other beauteous creature. "He told me that he wept—for joy."

Her Worry.

Mrs. Hoyle—You seem unhappy.

Mrs. Doyle—I am; I don't believe that if I were to die my husband would wear as deep mourning as he did for his first wife.

REPUBLIC TIRES
MOST FOR THE MONEY
WRITE
ST. PAUL RUBBER CO. Saint Paul

PARALYSIS Locomotor Ataxia Conquered at Last. Chase's Blood & Nerve Tablets does it. Write for Proof. Advice Free. DR. CHASE, 224 North 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Tea Time Talks

It's always tea time when you are tired or thirsty.

From Tea Plant to Teapot

The fragrant buds and young leaves of "Selede" Tea are scrupulously kept from contact with human hands.

When you open the air-tight lead package of "Salada" it exhales the fresh fragrance of the plantation.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is the best tea, grown under the best conditions. The soil of the sunny hill slopes, the growth and culture of the plant, the careful picking and scientific packing, all count as factors in its goodness.

Bulk tea cannot retain either fragrance or flavor. Its quality evaporates. "Salada" is never sold in bulk.

"SALADA" TEA

Yearly sale over 20,000,000 packages

Ask your grocer for "Salsda" Tea or sead 10 cents for a samplo package which makes 40 cups of delicious tea. Say whether Black or Green tea is desired.

Our booklet, "The Story of the Tea Plant," sent free.

"SALADA" TEA CO.
Shelby Block Detroit, Mich.

GAL-VA-NITE
TRIPLE ASPHALT-COATED, MICA-PLATED

GAL-VA-NITE comes in rolls ready to be put on. Any one can properly apply same with but hammer and knife. Each roll will cover a surface ten feet square. Nails, lap cement and directions in center of each roll.

With GAL-VA-NITE once on your buildings you are insured against leaks and the trouble and expense of patching, painting and fussing each time it rains. GAL-VA-NITE is waterproofed on both sides of the sheet with a triple coating of pure mineral asphalt. Weatherproofed with a heavy armor plating of flaked mica which makes it impervious to the ravages of rust and the dangers of flying sparks and fire brands.

GAL-VA-NITE is cheaper and better than shingles. Can be put on in quarter the time.

Let us send you samples and book—"The Inside of an Outside Proposition." Drop us a postal now. Address the Manufacturers

UNION ROOFING & MFG. CO.
200 Union Road St. Paul, Minn

ROOFING
EASY TO LAY, FIRST COST LAST COST
Be Sure Youre Right
Get GAL-VA-NITE

HELP MAN TO DRESS

When It Becomes Necessary There Will Be Fewer Divorces.

So Declares Dr. Luther H. Gulick, Director of Child Hygiene Department of Russell Sage Foundation, New York.

Chicago.—If man had the lapels of his coat and his collar and necktie in the middle of his back, so his wife would be called upon to assist him in dressing, even as he is called upon to fasten her hooks and eyes, there would be fewer divorces, because conditions would be less one-sided. Anyway, this is the belief of Dr. Luther H. Gulick, director of the child hygiene department of the Russell Sage foundation, New York, who spoke on "The New Attitude Toward Health" before the Cook County Teachers' association.

"What is needed for the harmony of the homes is more co-operation between man and wife," he said. "A man can dress himself, but a woman has to have assistance.

"We men like to laugh at you women at every chance we get," said the speaker. "We note with interest how the fashion people get together every year in Paris and decide what you shall wear, and then we see you come out with your high hats and your wide hats, and and your hats tipped up this way, and your hats with nothing in front.

"But after all this has been observed, I look at myself and I see this lapel on my coat, and in the lapel I see a buttonhole, but on the other side there is no button for it, and I wonder what the buttonhole is for. I see no use for it, and yet I would not buy a coat that does not have one there. That buttonhole must have a function, and I suspect it is a social function.

"And then I notice this piece of starched linen around the neck. And here is a piece of colored silk that goes with it, and a pin, of the color related to the color of the tie, stuck in it, and all this just for ornament in a place where the lapels are turned down, exposing a part of the body generally conceded to be most in need of protection. And I ask myself 'Just why?'

"Well, let's say there are 60 million coats, and then compute how much might be saved if all the work on those lapels were not performed. Then let us ask ourselves if it would not be just as well if the lapel were located here" (indicating his side) "or here" (indicating the middle of his back).

"Why if the men had their lapels in the middle of the back, making it necessary for their wives to help them dress themselves, we would have fewer divorces in this world. Things would not be so one-sided as they are at present, with the woman a helpless creature and the man able to take care of himself.

"Fashion is just a little ripple on the surface that carries beneath it the things of the world that make life worth while."

THIS "ROOSTER" LAYS EGGS

Hen With Comb and Spurs of Cockerel Causes Agitation Among Poultry Experts.

Ithaca, N. Y.—When the poultry experts at the State College of Agriculture at Cornell got word the other day from F. R. Glover of Lisle, N. Y., that he had a rooster that laid eggs, they told him to burry the bird here or he would have to show them.

Glover said that he was so sure the bird was a rooster that he had cut off the comb and wattles and prepared to put spurs on it when it laid an egg. On the way here another egg was laid.

The experts said the fowl was a hen, but they had never seen one with such masculine markings.

Builds Many Big Airships

Nine Aerial "Dreadnaughts" Being Built by Germany—Two Will Hold Many Persons.

Berlin.—Germany's "supremacy in the air" is graphically revealed in a new book reviewing the "aerial strength" of the various powers.

The author is Lieut. Neumann, superintendent of the aeronautic school maintained by the German Aerial Navy League at Friedrichshafen, the headquarters of Count Zeppelin.

Neumann shows that the German aerial armada at the present time consists of 14 completed vessels, each with records of numerous successful flights.

Only eight of them, two Zeppelins, two Parsevals and four of the Gross type, are actually owned by the war department and are stationed at various strategic points, but the other six are of course at the army's disposal in case of an emergency.

Nine other vessels, "four vastly larger and more powerful than any yet constructed," are approaching completion and will be ready for commission in midsummer. Two Zeppelins are intended for passenger and excursion business.

They accommodate 30 or 40 persons each and are built to travel at nearly 50 miles an hour. Two others nearly as big as the Zeppelin Dreadnaughts are the so-called Schutte and Traves vessels, which are constructed, respectively, of American pine and iron piping, as distinguished from the aluminum and steel hitherto used for the clippers of the clouds.

Germans are still superlatively enthusiastic over their future in the air and are determined to keep the big lead attained over all other nations.

"Dollar Club" Gets Pennies

How New York Street Car Company Beat Yonkers People at Their Own Game.

New York.—It's a stubborn and perverse generation up in Yonkers. That town is only 20 miles distant from this seat of light, but the middle of Africa is no more sunken in mental midnight. Not long ago pay-as-you-enter cars were put on there and although every other community in which they had been tried has hailed them as a distinct step forward Yonkers rose in the air and rebelled.

"They formed dollar bill clubs," said Leslie Sutherland, president of the street railroad. "Every man, woman and child who got on the car handed the conductor a dollar bill and demanded change. Kind helpers used to provide themselves with a pocketful of dollar bills in the morning to give to others in return for small change, so that the company would be bothered as much as possible.

"Of course the conductor would run out of change—and the possessor of the dollar would go and take his seat and sometimes the conductor would get to him later on with the 96 cents for his ducat. And then they howled like a parcel of wolves smelling a chicken roost and demanded of the public service commission that we be directed to take the cars off. Mind you, the commission had just ordered us to put them on."

"And did you beat the game?"

Mr. Sutherland swelled up in justifiable pride.

"Say," said he, "we've got that obstreperous dollar-bill bunch feeding out of our hands. We staked our conductors to sacks containing 95 pennies. They weighed about a pound and a quarter and the conductors kept a peck measure full between their feet on the rear platform. There was about a week when Yonkers was on a copper basis. No one paid a bill with anything but cents. Then the dollar-bill clubs disbanded."

Longlived Family.

Molina, Kan.—Mrs. Anna Bolcourt is dead at the age of 106 years. Her family is believed to hold all records for longevity.

William Hamilton, a brother, is 99; a sister, Mrs. Sarah Byrns of Rushville, Ill., is 102, and another brother, James Hamilton, is 108.

A nephew, Zacharias Hamilton, is 73. He expects to live to be at least 100.

Boys in "Brickbat" Club.

Colwyn, Pa.—Residents of Spruce street, between Second and Third, are organizing a novel association of boys to be known as the "Brickbat club," to clean the rubbish from an adjacent lot. It is the intention to get the boys to pick up a certain number of stones daily and throw them toward a corner, from where they are to be carted away and disposed of.

Decrease in London Crime.

Burglary and house breaking are on the decrease in London.

It Seemed So.

The little son of the family happened to be idling his time in the kitchen when the colored porter came up out of the cellar, where he had been shoveling coal into the heater, grasped the white towel hanging on the door and passed into the hall. For an instant the youth gazed awe-struck at the coal dust impressions left on the towel, then yelled after the retreating negro:

"Oh, Sam, your color's coming off!"—Judge.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children; and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Literary Fabricator.

"How did that story that George Washington couldn't tell a lie get started?" asked the inquisitive youth.

"I don't know," replied the irreverent person; "unless he had a press agent that could."

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care Try Murine Eye Salve. Aseptic Tubes—Trial Size—25c. Ask Your Druggist or Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

The Flippancy of John.

Mrs. Mott—What is a sympathetic strike, John?

Mott—A sympathetic strike, my dear, is being touched for a quarter by a beggar with a hard-luck story.

WHEN YOUR JOINTS ARE STIFF and muscles sore from cold, rheumatism or neuralgia; when you slip, strain or bruise yourself use *Perry Davis' Painkiller.* The home remedy 70 years.

Remember nothing depreciates a man more than to show him he's like other men.

AN UP-TO-DATE STOVE

Do you realize there is no longer any reason why you should use a coal range? Oil is cheaper than coal; it is lighter and easier to handle, and gives an intense heat. Provided you have the right stove, oil is more economical, cleaner and less trouble. Have you seen the

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

The accompanying illustration gives you only a rough idea of its appearance. You really can't appreciate it until you either use it yourself, or talk to someone who has used it. It does everything that a coal range will do—except heat the room. The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove will do anything, from heating a kettle of water to cooking a course dinner, but it won't heat a room. It doesn't "smell," it doesn't smoke. It can't get out of order. Light it and it is ready. Turn it down and it is out. Only a woman who knows the trouble of carrying coal and cooking in a hot kitchen can appreciate what it means to have a clean, perfect stove that will cook anything, boil, bake or roast, and yet won't heat the kitchen. How is it done? The flame is controlled in turquoise-blue enamel chimneys, and directed against the bottom of pot, pan, kettle or oven, and only there. The flame operates exactly where it is needed—and nowhere else. With this stove your kitchen is cool.

The nickel finish with the bright blue of the chimneys makes the stove ornamental and attractive. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—is cured every day by

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to their symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only;* or, in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and I find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to everyone. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."—Edward A. Marx, Albany, N.Y.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 929

OPIUM or Morphine Habit Treated. Free trial. Cases where other remedies have failed, specially desired. Give particulars. Dr. B. B. CONTRELL, Suite 596, 400 W. 23d St., New York

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Don't try to mold another to your ideal, but remold your ideal according to what he is.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

No, Cordelia, rain checks never check the rain.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

Corn Planting is here—Distemper among the horses may be near also—mares are foaling—Distemper may take some of them—corn planting may be late if your horses have Distemper.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

is your true safeguard—a cure as well as preventive—50c and $1.00 bottle—$5.00 and $10.00 dozen, delivered. Large is more than twice the smaller size. Don't put it off. Get it. Druggists—or send to manufacturers.

Spohn Medical Co., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. *MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.*

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality
ICE CREAM
Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Mittwer's ad.

Read Hunt's new ad.

Read LaBissoniore's now ad.

If it's good hardware, Hunt has it.

Olaf Nelson of St. Hilaire was in town Monday.

Sheriff Nelson was at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

H. E. Ives was at St. Hilaire between trains today.

Mrs. E. A. Normandeau has been quite ill this week.

Jos. Toupin spent Sunday with the family at Crookston.

Julius Peterson spent Sunday with friends at St. Hilaire.

Just received—a Car Load of Buggies at Wm. Findeisen's.

Samuel Githeau was at Thief River Falls between trains Monday.

S. M. Sivertson went north on a business trip to Badger today.

Miss Lucy Hunt, who teaches at Fertile, was at home Saturday.

Dr. N. M. Watson was a passenger to Thief River Falls today.

J. F. Fournet and family have moved into the A. P. Toupin house.

Helm has another carload of International manure spreaders on the road.

Sheriff Nelson and family spent Sunday with relatives at Middle River.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Enquire of Mrs. M. Christensen.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

For Sale—Four good work oxen, five and six years old.—J. D. Houston.

Edward Singor of Rhoda was attending to business matters in town Wednesday.

L. E. Erickson, the tailor, has moved to his new location south of Spillane's.

Max Iugber was attending to business matters at Crookston the first of the week.

Have buyers for good farms. Call and see if you want to sell. Sortedahl Land Co. tf

Wanted—at once, men and teams to plow 40 and break 80 acres. P. B. Gaass' Land Agency.

Peter Hansel, the Wylie blacksmith, was attending to business matters in town today.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office at Crookston, was in town Saturday.

L. M. Healy left Monday evening for Osakis where he will spend a month with relatives.

Mrs. I. Lemieux returned Tuesday from Euclid, where she had been visiting with her mother.

Walter Garceau who is employed at Crookston spent a part of the the week at his home here.

The interior of the Presbyterian church is being inproved by the application of a coat of paint.

You can get a Perfection Oil Stove on trial. Call at Hunt Hardware Co. and look them over.

Dr. F. F. Fletcher, the dentist, will be at Dr. Wilkinson's office Monday and Tuesday, May 16 and 17. m5-11

Miss Cora Adler, who has completed a term of school at Kratka, has returned to her home in this city.

Rollin Bronson, editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator, was in town Tuesday evening and Wednesday morning.

The Woodman hall is being replastered and the interior repainted adding much to the appearance of the building.

Rev. S. T. Pelm of St. Hilaire will conduct services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Patnode of Louisville returned Monday from Crookston where they had been visiting with relatives.

The Wonder Ice Cream Freezer does the work in half the time required with the ordinary kind. All sizes at Hunt Hardware Co.

Mrs. A. P. Toupin and children have gone to Crookston and they are now comfortably settled in their new home in that city.

Hicks, who has caused all kinds of fun by going to college, will be at the Bijou theatre Friday and Saturday evenings of next week.

Rev. D. K. Laurie will occupy the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours for church services.

"Know a bank by the men behind it." Your attention is called the Officers, Directors and Stockholders of the Merchants State Bank

Say boys don't buy a top buggy before you see those swell Auto-Seat and Auto-Top buggies at Wm. Findeisen's. You are sure to get the latest if you buy here.

Dr. H. B. Newell, the Thief River Falls veterinary surgeon, was in town Saturday and ordered an ad in the Gazette. Dr. Newell has a veterinary hospital which is equipped with the only operating table in this part of the state.

Mrs. J. P. Harren and Miss Rose Harren went to Thief River Falls Monday and in the evening gave instruction to some of the ladies of that city in the organization of a court of the Ladies Order of Foresters.

Miss Twiuem of the high school faculty visited with friends at Thief River Falls Saturday.

H. Lacoursiere went to the cities Tuesday night. He was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Odena, as far as Crookston where she is visiting with friends.

You are sure to get a **square deal** and **big value** for your money if you buy your buggies at Wm Findeisen's. They are fully **guaranteed** and the price is **right**.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Jos. Gray next Wednesday afternoon. A ten cent lunch will be served and all are invited to attend.

Those Deere Buggies at Wm. Findeisen's **have been going** at the rate of one a day since the first of the week. So **you will have to hurry** before our big **assortment** is cut up.

Dr. J. C. Wilkinson, the city's health officer, gives notice in this issue of the Gazette that all premises in the city must be cleaned up. Everybody should read the notice and heed it.

The Misses Zalia Quesnell and Lorena Zaiser and Robert Zaiser and Homer Mussey accompanied the ball team to Thief River Falls Sunday, remaining as guests at the Mussey home until Monday.

E. E. Baker, who was kicked in the face by a horse and was unable to see for several days after being injured, is getting along nicely. He has been receiving treatment in the city and will be able to return to his home in a few days. However, it is feared that he is to lose the sight of one eye.

D. E. Ryan & Co., the company planning the erection of a potato warehouse in Red Lake Falls, are ready to contract for the purchase of all the potatoes to be grown on one or two thousand acres so there is no doubt that there will be a potato market in Red Red Lake Falls this season.

The band boys gave a fine concert on the street last Friday evening and a lot of people were out to enjoy the good music. Director Brunelle and Jos Herran gave a delightful cornet and baritone duet. The band boys are doing good work and Red Lake Falls people are to enjoy some good work this summer.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar E. Fletcher desire to express their sincere appreciation of the many acts of neighborly kindness and sympathy that have been shown them in their recent bereavement.

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. **Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.**

SALE OF DITCHING JOB.
Polk County, Minn.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 10th day of **May**, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Strander Abstract & Investment Co., Crookston, Minnesota, the undersigned will sell the job of ditching and constructing County Ditch No. 79, in Polk county, Minnesota, established by the board of county commissioners of said county by their order bearing date February 10, 1909, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders. The work requires about $5,000 cubic yards of excavation and the estimated cost is $4,250.00. Plans and specifications are on file in the office of the county auditor of said county. Certified check payable to the undersigned in a sum equal to 10 per cent of the amount must accompany the bid and the bidder or bidders must enter into contract and furnish satisfactory bonds. Dated at Crookston, Minnesota, May 4th, 1910.—THE TITLE GUARANTY & SURETY COMPANY, By William J. Doyle, Associate Resident Manager. Chicago, Ill. m19

Proposals Wanted.

The Town Board of the Town of Poplar River will meet at the Town Clerk's office in Brooks, Minn., May 7th, 1910 at Nine o'clock A. M., for the purpose of reciving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material for the construction and erection of a 22 feet girder bridge on steel pile foundation with reinforced concrete backing. Floor system composed of 12 inch I beams with reinforced concrete floor. Said bridge to be built in Town of Poplar River between Sections 18 of Town of Terrebonne and Section 18 of Town of Poplar River. Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design and showing also the areas of material proposed to be given each part. Bidders requested to be present on the above occasion when all bids will be opened and read in their presence. Bidders must furnish certified check for $100 to accompany bid.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

A. LANIEL, Town Clerk,
M5 Poplar River Township.

New State laws and other conditions are creating such increasing demands for our manufactured products, it necessitates our employing a local representative with $500 to $1,000 to carry enough stock to fill orders. Good salary, office and other expenses allowed. Extra commission, position permanent, references. Address William S. Thayer, N. W. Sales Manager, 400 National Bank of Commerce Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

The Paint That Lasts

Is the cheapest paint to buy, the cheapest paint to put on, and the cheapest paint to keep in good condition. It lasts longest because it is ground in PURE LINSEED OIL. It makes no difference what paint is made of, if it isn't mixed in PURE LINSEED OIL it WON'T LAST.

Minnesota Paints

are mixed and ground in PURE LINSEED OIL of their own manufacture. Most paint grinders *buy* their oil,—they *make* theirs from selected Northwestern flaxseed—the best in the world—in their own mills and it never leaves their buildings until it is mixed in *Minnesota Paints*. The other things in our paints are PURE White Lead, PURE Oxide of Zinc, PURE Tinting Colors and driers. Use them once and you'll never use any other kind.

For 37 Years "The Best Paints Made"

Put up in full Government Measure cans—look better, cover more surface and last longer than any other paint.

"A Special Paint for Every Paintable Surface" Inside or Outside.

HUNT HARDWARE CO.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

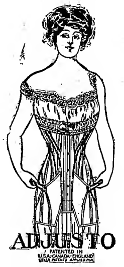
Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

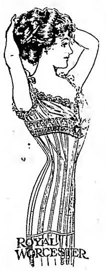
A New Stock of
Royal Worcester Corsets
At The Big Store

We are carrying a complete line of these famous corsets and our corset sales during the past year have doubled over previous years. All now have the supple back bone stay, insuring more comfort to the wearer. Best quality of imported French coutils and batistes. Get the best when it costs no more. Here are a few of our best numbers:

No. 901
BON TON
Most famous corset in America. Adapted to average figures. Medium low bust, cut front. Price, $3.00
No. 561
Same model at 901 at $2.00



No. 613
The famous Adjusto Corset for stout people. Will reduce abdominal measure 4 to 5 inches and will improve the figure in every way. Price, $3.00



No. 636
For medium figures. Has a draw string at the top and can be drawn to fit any figure, making it a desirable corset for slim figures. Price, $2

No. 462
Long flat hips and girdle top, making it an ideal corset for Misses, very flexibly stayed. Price, $1.00

We will be glad to fill orders for out of town customers and send same on approval. Once used, always used. The perfect comfort you will enjoy wearing a Royal Worcester will make you a staunch friend of them. With every Bon Ton we give you an 8-yard Lace free. Something new. Corset clasps with cloth extension of four inches.

Special sale of Corset Cover Embroidery. 18-in fine eyelet work, special, 25c. 18-in. fine eyelet work, fine material and beautiful embroidery, worth up to 50c, special 35c. Also a fine new line of white wash goods.

No. 401
A staple coutil corset that will fit mostly any figure and is a most wonderful value at $1.00
No. 460
Same only made in a Batiste.

Remember
It Pays
To Trade At
The Big Store

Clean up Notice.

As the season is early, a thorough cleaning up should be done at once.

Anything dead must be buried. All rubbish, partly decomposed vegetables, manure, etc., must be hauled to the city dumping ground. A reasonable length of time will be given from the time this notice appears, for those that have not already cleaned up. Three or four days should be enough.

J. C. WILKINSON,
Health Officer.

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places: Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested will stop at places between the rivers.—Victor Dolage, Owner.

John Walker, Thom Norby, Arnold Finrow and Chrs Christensen of Plummer were in town Saturday.

Still More Signs of Spring.

"Excuse me, I've been eating onions."

Father rooting around the plantation with a rake.

Susie skipping the rope.

Kittie and Arthur camped out on the front porch every evening.

The parlor rug out on the clothesline.

The delicate aroma of the back yard bonfire.

The splash of the sprinkling cart.

A hankering for a bungalow in the pines.

An appetite that can't be satisfied.

"Pure Vermont maple sugar" from Kansas City.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

An Offset In Togs.

The prodigal son came hesitatingly to the front gate.

His father saw him, recognized him and rushed out to welcome him with joy. "I'm glad to see you come home in rags!" exclaimed the father. "The neighbor's boy got home yesterday in his college clothes."—Chicago Post.

Reciprocity.

She sewed a button on my coat,
For I was far from mother.
"'Tis such a thing," she said to me,
"As I'd do for my brother."

She looked so pretty sitting there
I quickly stooped and kissed her.
"'Tis such a thing," I said to her,
"As I'd do to my sister!"
—Smart Set.

Of Course.

"We are going to try to take a photograph of the ghost materialized by the medium."

"Are ghosts susceptible to photography?"

"That question will be answered in the negative."—Kansas City Times.

Round Trip—No Stopover.

From Wibbleton to Wabbleton is eighteen miles,
,selim neethgie si notelbbaW ot notelbbiW
morF
From Wibbleton to Wabbleton,
,notelbbaW ot notelbbiW morF
From Wibbleton to Wabbleton is eighteen miles.
—Chicago Tribune.

Hold Lie in Cold Storage.

Cop—What's the trouble here?

Pugnacious Individual—That man gave me the lie.

Cop—Well, you can't block up the sidewalk with it. Take it home and use it the next time you go fishin'.—Boston Transcript.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 91
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Weekly Market Report.

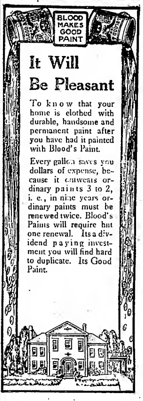
Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$ .98
Durum	.80
Rye	.57
Oats	.33
Flax	2.19
Barley	.44
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.17
Butter, dairy	.25

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jorden, Minn. tf

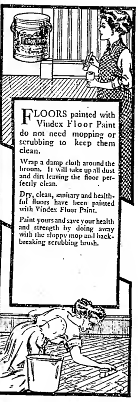
Subscribe for The Gazette.



It Will Be Pleasant

To know that your home is clothed with durable, handsome and permanent paint after you have had it painted with Blood's Paint.

Every gallon saves you dollars of expense, because it outwears ordinary paints 3 to 2, i. e., in nine years ordinary paints must be renewed twice. Blood's Paints will require but one renewal. Its a dividend paying investment you will find hard to duplicate. Its Good Paint.



FLOORS painted with Vindex Floor Paint do not need mopping or scrubbing to keep them clean.

Wrap a damp cloth around the broom. It will take up all dust and dirt leaving the floor perfectly clean.

Dry, clean, sanitary and healthful floors have been painted with Vindex Floor Paint.

Paint yours and save your health and strength by doing away with the sloppy mop and back-breaking scrubbing brush.

Blood's Carriage Paint stands all kinds of hard wear.

Its made from the best Coach Varnish and colors, ground together ready for application.

Its a mighty good plan to paint your buggy before the old finish wears off. This prevents loose spokes and joints, saves repair bills. Two dollars will refinish your buggy. Its a nice rainy day job. Try it.

MITTWER'S
HARDWARE
The Store of Service and Quality.

Hardware
Tinware
Paints
Glass
Oils
Etc.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 188[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MAY 12, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 33

TRAGIC DEATH OF WILLIAM QUIGLEY

Son of the Assistant Roadmaster Killed Near Barnesville Last Week

Tried to Catch on Moving Train and Fell Under the Wheels.

[illegible] in this city were shocked [illegible] evening when a message [illegible] here containing the [illegible] that William Quigley, son [illegible] Quigley, the assistant road master, had been instantly killed near Barnesville. The accident occurred [illegible] afternoon. Mr. Quigley was [illegible] on a gravel train working in [illegible] near Barnesville.

He went to Barnesville after the mail [illegible] walked back to the junction, where [illegible] to catch a gravel train to the pit. In trying to board the train [illegible] slipped and fell beneath the wheels [illegible] was ground to pieces, dying in[illegible].

[illegible] was twenty one years old [illegible] is survived by his father and two [illegible] and three brothers whose home [illegible] this city.

The funeral was held at Moorhead [illegible] afternoon and the remains were laid to rest beside those of his mother [illegible] several years ago. Mr. Quigley and his children were at Moorhead [illegible] the funeral. It is indeed a sad [illegible] that has come to the bereaved relatives and they have the sympathy of the community.

FRED A. GOODING DEAD.

Passed Away at Rochester, Minn., Last Friday.

[illegible] A. Gooding, a resident of Red Lake Falls a number of years ago, passed away at his home at Rochester, Minn., last Friday at the age of fifty-three years. Mr. Gooding lived in Red Lake Falls about ten years ago and had many friends here who will be pained to learn of his demise. Mr. Gooding owned and operated the Healy mill. He also [illegible] and lived in the house [illegible] the property of [illegible] L. Healy.

The funeral was held at Rochester [illegible] afternoon. Mr. Gooding is survived by his wife and one son and one daughter and by his mother and four sisters and one brother.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

Heiden-Krueger.

Carl Krueger and his bride arrived in this city last Saturday and are spending a few days with relatives and Mr. Krueger is receiving the hearty congratulations of friends.

The following account of the wedding which occurred last Thursday is taken from the Willow Lake, South Dakota, paper:

The Congregational church was handsomely decorated Thursday evening with ferns and potted plants in honor of the wedding which took place at 8:30 o'clock. The contacting parties were Miss Eva Heiden and Mr. Carl Krueger. Rev. N. H. May, pastor of the cluch, tied the nuptial knot, the impressive ring ceremony being used.

When Mrs. G. E. Langley, who presided at the pianio, began the wedding march the house was nearly filled with friends of the young couple, both from the city and the country. The bride, attended by Miss Marion Lord, as bridesmaid, and little Henrietta Richards, who acted as ring bearer, entered the church from the trout, while the minister, groom and G. S. Potter, who acted as best man, marched down the north aisle, the party meeting at the altar where the words were said uniting forever the two young hearts.

The bride was dressed in a beautiful gown of white silk, with ribbon and chiffon trimming, while the groom was clothed in the conventional black.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the bridal party and aboat 60 invited guests went to the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Otto Ulmer, where a wedding supper and reception was given.

The presents received by the newly married couple were numerons and handsome, as well as valuable.

While both the contracting parties have been residents of this city but a few months they have made many friends who offer congratalations.

The happy pair departed this morning for Red Lako Falls, Minn., the home of the groom, amid a shower of old shoes, rice and confetti.

KILL THE DANDELIONS.

Do it if You Can—and Tell Others How.

Some one told the Gazette reporter this week that tho paper ought to start an anti-dandelion campaign. That's an excellent suggestion. But how? If you who read this have a "cure" for dandelions you have information that the world needs and you should not keep it to yourself. If you know how to pat the yellow posies to sleep just tell the Gazette about it because the Gazette has aboat omillion subscribers all of whom aro anxious to know how to soak it to the dandelions.

A CONCERT MONDAY

Band Boys Will Play on the Street Monday Evening.

The band boys will givo another of their popular open air concerts next Monday evening if the weather will permit. Director Bruuelle has prepared a good program and there is no doubt that a lot of people will be on the street to enjoy the good music.

HAVE YOU BEEN INTERVIEWED BY UNCLE SAM?

If You Have Not Been Counted by the Enumerator, Report to Him Before Saturday Noon.

If you have not been counted for the 1910 census you should get busy at once. And if you know of anybody who has not been counted see that he gets busy. E. G. Buse, the enumerator, has made a thorough canvas of the city but it is not improbable that some have been missed. If the enumerator overlooked you it is up to you to get busy and report to him before Saturday noon. The work of the enumerator is to be completed this week.

It Never Pays

It never pays to talk behind a mule's back, or behind a man's back, either. That's why I come out straight in the open and say without reserve that I sell the greatest manure spreader in the world, and to prove it, I sell it to you on a liberal guarantee. I don't insinuate this or say anything against any other manure spreader. I state only the truth—The Great Western Spreader is the best in the world. It proves itself. It is built stronger and will last longer, and while it costs a little more, it is like buying a good pair of shoes for $6 or a poor pair for $2. You get satisfaction and service and pleasure out of the Great Western Spreader. If you don't, bring it back and I will look pleasant. If all the farmers in the world were using Great Western Spreaders, just as seventy per cent of them are, this would be a happier world by thirty per cent. If you are thinking of having your picture taken, buy a Great Western Spreader. It will give you a contented and happy look and make your wife love you because you appear so young again.

JOSEPH HELM
Farm Machinery --- Red Lake Falls

POLITICS IN THE SAINTLY CITY

The New Mayor of St. Paul is Believed to be a "Sute" Man.

Woman Member of St. Paul School Board Wants to Know.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, May 10. The next Democratic state convention will be held in Minneapolis—the date July 28th, the place, the auditorium. There will be 1,043 delegates, one delegate for each 200 votes cast for governor Johnson and two at large from every county except Ramsey, Hennepin and St. Louis—this with a view, I suppose, of having the delegates more nearly proportioned to the number of voters than if all counties, big and little, were allowed the samo number of delegates at large without regard to population as according to the Republican plan.

As to Democratic State Leaders.

The fact that the convention is to be held in Minneapoils seems to indicate that the men who had the matter in charge anticipated the nomination of John Lind. Certainly if he consents to run he will be the candidate. If not Congressman Hammond will no doubt be drafted. In either case the party will present to the people of the state a candidate for whom they will on no occasion have cause to blush, and moreover a candidate who will have the full confidence of the voters without respect to the party.

The St. Paul Election.

The Republicans are quite cocky over the result of the election in St. Paul. Whatever caused it it was a landslide allright. However, the issues were purely local and had nothing to do with the principles of the party. The Demoratic candidate was unfortunate in his name which was Haas. Another man by the name of Haas had undertaken last year to equalize the assessments, which have for years been notoriously unequal. In doing so it was inevitable that a number of assessments had to be raised. As a consequence an appreciable number of the voters had to pay more taxes. They revenged themselves on Haas, the candidate for mayor, for what Haas the assessor had done to them. That seems to have been the greatest conse for the slump.

The New Mayor a Safe Man.

There is no doubt too that certain interests affected by the character of the city administration regarded Mr. Keller, the Republican candidate for mayor, as "a safe man." There will be no running amuck under his administration. Unlike Mayor Lawler he won't go hunting for trouble.

Feeding Patients Bull Butter.

Not that anybody believes that Moyor Lawler was altogether in the wroug in the campaign he has made, with the local board of heatlh and the city hospitals his ire; although perhaps with equal justice he might have aimed at other departments which have more to do with spending the city's money. For instance the other day the Mayor learned that they were buying oleomargarine by the 60 pound tub out of the city hospital, and this is the "Bread and Batter State." Naturally he wanted to know whether the unfortunate patients were fed on the grease; and whether in the dining room notice was posted up as required by law that oleomargarine was used there in the place of batter. And it is a subject on which a good many others besides Mayor Lawler would like a little light.

A Popular Candidate.

It is perhaps not the least significant result of the St. Paul election that Tom Kane, who was a candidate for the assembly, was elected away up at the head of the ticket, though a majority of the men elected were Republicans. The assembly is elected not by wards but by the entire city. Mr. Kane's vote is significant of what may be anticipated if he decides to run for congress, as he is urged to do against Congressman Stevens who in the recent congressional contest became identified with the Cannon clique. Mr. Stevens has been making political capital of a kind by starting a fight against the long and short haul clause of the railway bill. His contention, however, that railroads should be permitted to charge more for a long than a short haul was something even a reactionary congress wouldn't stand for. Possibly Mr. Stevens is not so much to blame. Powerful interests in his constituency on which he has been accustomed to rely for support were behind him no doubt in his demand.

Disgruntled Leaders.

And as to the railroad bill the Congressional leaders are all up in the air. They wanted to legalize mergers. The Democrats and the progressive Republicans wouldn't stand for it. They wanted also to legalze those agreements made illegal by the Shermon Law. The Democrats and progressive Republicans wouldn't stand for that either, unless they coupled it with a provision that the rate agreed upon should first have the approval of the interstate commerce commissions. That wasn't at all what Aldrich and Elkins and their crowd wanted. so both the sections which were about all there was to the bill, had to go by the board. Since then the senate leaders have been in a fit and threaten to read the progressives out of the party and to discipline the president himself because he wasn't on hand to wield the big stick. There seems every likelihood of there being a big blowup in Congress one of these days. At all events the reactionaries are determined to make their campaign on the reactionary legislation congress has passed and the reactionary legislation it has tried to pass and failed. To that of course no one can seriously object. If the reactionaries can stand it surely the insurgents and Democrats can."

An Inquisitive Member of the School Board.

They have a lady now on the St. Paul school board who wants to know, you know. The other day a bill was presented to the board for a manual for teachers on the study of geography. It seems to have been a work in the getting up of which teachers co-operated; nevertheless it was copyrighted in the name of the supreintendent of the St. Paul city schools. Here is one place where the lady member wanted to know apparently why the superintendent got all the credit. She was formerly a teacher herself and seems to think that even school marms should

Continued on Last Page.

Lizotte-Martineau.

Miss Flora Lizette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Vitol Lizette, and Mr. Napoleon Martineou, son of Mrs. Narcisse Martineau, were united in marriage Monday morning. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph's church, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. It was a quiet affair, only a few relatives being present. Mr. and Mrs. Martinean will reside in this city.

Bids Wanted.

The supervisors of the town of Lake Pleasant will meet on the ground on Wednesday, June 1, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., to consider bids for doing road work. Bids for grading between Sections 15 and 22 and Sections 26 and 27 are wanted. Supervisors will meet between Sections 15 and 22 first and then will go to place where the other contract is to be let. Grades to be constructed in each place are to be about half a mile long.

OMER DELORME,
19 Chairman Board of Supervisors

MRS. E. NORMANDEAU

Passed Away at St. Vincent Hospital, Crookston, Sunday Morning.

Mrs. Normandeau, wife ot Eus. Normandeau of this city, passed away at St. Vincent hospitol, Crookston, where she had been taken for surgical treatment, at nine o'clock Sunday morning. Mrs. Normandeau had been ill only a few days, but her condition became so alarming that she was taken to Crookston Friday for an operation. The operation was performed Saturday forenoon, but the patient was so weak that she could not withstand the shock.

The remains were brought to this city Sunday and the funeral was conducted at St. Joseph's church, of which deceased was a member, at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday morning, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. There was a large attendance of friends at the funeral to show by their presence their sympathy with the bereaved family in their sad affliction.

The members of the Woman's Catholic Order of Forresters and the Ladies of St. Thomas and the members of the C. O. F. lodge ettended in a body and acted as escort.

Mrs. Normandeau was fifty years old the sixth of February. She was born in the state of New York. When a young girl she went to Canada and thirty-two years ago she and Mr. Normandeau were married at Oka, Canada. Ten years later they came west and in 1889 they settled in Red Lake Falls and the family home had since been in this city.

Mrs. Normandeau is survived by her husband and nine children all of whom are living at home except the one married son, E. H. Normandeau, and his home is also in this city. A number of the children are small and under such circumstances it seems sad that the life that is gone could not have been spared.

Judge Richardson Now.

The county commissioners met last Friday and accepted the bond of the newly appointed judge of probate, Ira C. Richardson, and it is Judge Richardson now. Mrs. S. A. Swanson received an appointment as deputy.

HICKS AT COLLEGE, SENIOR CLASS PLAY, THIS WEEK

Members of Graduating Class Will Entertain Public at Bijou Theater on Friday and Saturday

The first of the high school commencement events will be given this week. The senior class play, Hicks at College, guaranteed to be the funniest thing that has happened for a long, long time, will be put on at the Bijou Theatre Friday and Saturday evenings. The play is to be put on two evenings because the room is so small that all who wish to attend could not be accommodated if the play were given only once. Following is the program:

Overtnre	Frennd's Orchestra
ACT I—Scene: The Palace of Sweete, familiarly known as "The Pal," the meeting place of town and college. Time: Three days before the championship game between Northern University and Wisbaguin.	
Selection	Freund'e Orchestra
High School Chorns	"The Call to Arme"
ACT II—Scene: The Campns of Northern University. Time: The morning of the day of the game.	
Selection	Frennd's Orchestra
High School Chorns	"The Clang of the Forge"
ACT III—Scene: "The Quarters," home of the boye. Time: Evening; the jnbilee after the game.	
Selection	Frennd'e Orchestra

Cast of Characters

Hiram Hicks, the breakfast food millionaire	Theodore Tandherg
Tom Horton, a senior who writes advertisements	George Tandherg
Fritz Jordan, a chum of Horton, who plays basket ball	Robert Zaiser
Adam Biddicut, professor at the University	Graham Kindeeth
Dean Smiley, deen of women at the Univereity	Pearle Gray
Miss Percy Robbins, late from "deah Boston"	Lon Green
Bastiau Briggs, a "grind" Walker, manager for Hicks	Raymond Linnihan
Josh Aaderson, an enthusiast in general	Marcue Mershall
Tillie Padlet, reporter for the "Daily Shriek"	Isabel Helm
Peters, proprietor of "The Pal"	Ray Lindqnist
June Grant, a senior, interested in Horton	Lydia Gerlach
Polly Porter, senior, chum of June, interested in Fritz	Lillian Brady
Claire Angeline Jones, a stage-strnck girl	Alice Colnmhus
Susy Spriggins, a simpering freshman with a crush	Beatrica Emard
Daisy Armstrong, an athletic girl	Alice Zaiser
Fluff Finley, a "fusser" girl Lily, maid at the Querters	Florence Hennemuth
Flora Belle Delamartyr, woitress at "The Pal"	Eda Lizee
Mrs. Cobb, housekeeper at the Quarters	Laura Zaiser

ABOUT THE INDUSTRIAL CONTEST

Superintendents Anderson and Erickson Talked to Nine Hundred People.

Interesting School Children in Red Lake County in Industrial Contest.

In a trip over Red Lake county last week Supt. H. F. Anderson and Supt. Erickson of Douglas county visited about thirty of the schools of the county and explained to nine hundred people the work of the industrial contest which is to be taken up by the public school children of Red Lake county.

The industrial contest is a contest in the production of corn, grain, fruit and vegetables by Minnesota boys and girls under sightees years of age. The work has been very successfully carried on for the past several years and now more than forty counties hold these contests or school fairs. Besides the agricultural feature there will be cooking and sewing contests.

It is probable that five fairs or exhibits will be held in the county, at Thief River Falls, St Hilaire, Red Lake Folls and Brooks. The public school children are to prepare and bring their exhibits of agricultural products and sewing and cooking to the place of holding the fair. These will be placed on exhibit and judged and prizes of money and merchandise awarded to boys and girls making the best exhibits.

The contest work is considered valuable, of course, in the instruction it gives the boys and girls in the general duties about the farm and home. It has been known to have that gratifying result in counties where it has been carried on for a number of years.

NARCISSE MARTINEAU

Old Resident of the City Passed Away Last Wednesday.

Narcisse Martinean, one of the pioneer residents of the city, passed away Wednesday afternoon, May 4, at the age of sixty-four years. Mr. Martinean had been in poor health for a number of years. Eight years ago he suffered a stroke of paralysis and he never fully recovered from its effects.

Funeral services were conducted at St. Joseph's church, of which deceased was a member, at 10 o'clock Friday morning, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating.

Deceased is survived by his wife and three sons and one daughter. The sons are Henry, who resides at Crookston, and Napoleon and Victor of this city. The daughter, Mrs. Eugene Gandette, lives at North Yakima, Wash.

MORE ABOUT POTATOES

Company Will Contract for Big Amount if Planted.

About one half of the two carloads of potatoes shipped in here last week have been disposed. D. E. Ryan & Co., the people who shipped the potatoes in, are anxious that the farmers take the rest of them. They are selected seed potatoes, Early Ohios, of excellent quality and it will be a big advantage if all potatoes grown in the vicinity of Red Lake Falls are of one variety. The potatoes will be given out to farmers without the expenditure of any money, the company agreeing to supply a bushel of seed for two bushels of potatoes to be returned in the fall. D. E. Ryan & Co. plan the erection of a potato warehouse in Red Lake Falls this summer and they are now ready to contract for the purchase of all the potatoes that may be grown on five hundred or one thousand acres.

Benoit-Marcotte.

Miss Sophia Benoit, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. C. Benoit of this city, and Mr. Archie Marcotte of Dorothy were united in marriage Tuesday morning. The ceremony was performed at St. Joseph's church, in the presence of relatives and a number of guests, Rev. Fr. Feyolle officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Marcotte have gone to housekeeping on a farm near Dorothy.

Card of Thanks.

Eus. Normandeau and family desires, by this means, to express their sincere thanks to the Women's C. O. F. lodge, the Ladies of St. Thomas and the neighbors and friends for the many acts of kindness and sympathy shown them in their recent bereavement.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events In Which Readers Generally Are Interested.

Foreign.

Graham White, the English aviator who started on a biplane flight from Wormwood Scrubs, London, for Manchester, in an attempt to win the prize of $50,000 offered by a London morning newspaper, had accomplished more than half of the journey when compelled to descend on account of the intense cold.

Madam Tetrazzini has been attacked with sudden illness and she was able to appear, as billed in "La Traviata," at the opening of the opera season at the Covent Garden theater in London.

Edmund Heller, the zoologist of Riverside, Cal., who accompanied Mr. Roosevelt on his African hunting trip, has decided that the sable antelope killed by Kermit Roosevelt is a new species peculiar to the Mombasa region and not heretofore described. It will be named the Roosevelt.

A telegram from Belgrade reports the death of Colonel Maschin, who, with a band of officers, forced his way into the palace on the night of June 10, 1903, and massacred King Alexander and Queen Draga and those who sought to defend their majesties.

A Bitterfeld (Prussia, Saxonia) dispatch says: The balloon "Delitzsch," which ascended here, fell to the earth with great force near the village of Reichensachsen, about twenty miles northwest of Eisenach, in a thunderstorm. The crew, consisting of four men, were killed. The balloon passed over Eisenach at midnight, and soon drifted into a thunderstorm. It is assumed that it was struck by lightning and that the gas exploded.

General.

The Pickett conservation bill authorizing the president to make withdrawals of public lands for purposes of conservation, was passed by the house.

Senator Hale denied that fear of defeat prompted his announcement of coming retirement from the senate.

More than 5,000 men who receive pensions for service during the civil war live outside of the United States.

There will be no strike on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad. Everything has been amicably arranged.

Samuel Langhorne Clemens, "Mark Twain," printer, soldier, reporter, miner, lecturer, editor, publisher and author, died at his home, Stormfield, near Redding, Conn., of angina pectoris and cardiac asthma. He was 75 years of age. His last words were to his daughter, "Give me my glasses." He leaves money and estate valued at $1,000,000. His burial took place beside his wife at Elmira, New York. With his death passes the writer who, more vividly than any other, portrayed the typical American boy, and gave his readers an adequate impression of the homely, large, spontaneous life led by native Americans.

M. De Volent, Russian minister to Mexico, has been retired because of ill health and will be succeeded by Dr. A. De Stavisky, a present secretary of the Russian legation at Berne.

Official announcement was made at Baltimore of the authorization of a mortgage on the Baltimore & Ohio Chicago terminal property to secure an issue of $50,000,000 of 50-year 4½ per cent bonds.

The Kansas apple crop has been greatly damaged by cold weather.

Colonel William H. Bixby, United States engineer corps, will be appointed chief of engineers, succeeding Brigadier General William L. Marshall, who will be retired June 11.

Four of the six convicts who escaped from Leavenworth have been recaptured. Of the two still at large, one of them was engaged in the Union Pacific overland hold-up.

Congress will adjourn before the middle of June and possibly by June 1, it is believed by President Taft and the administration leaders. And before that time it is expected most of the so-called administration measures now before congress will have been passed, or, if not, they would be in such shape that they can be enacted into law soon after congress meets in December.

Judge William H. Upson for years a leading Ohio politician, died at Akron.

A large increase in the number of casualties on American railroads is shown by the interstate commerce commission report.

The Burlington sustained a loss estimated at $100,000 in a fire in the Lincoln yards at Lincoln, Nebr.

Mr. Bryan, it is stated, will help in the Missouri prohibition campaign when it is fully on.

Three more bodies were taken from the mines at Mulga, Alabama, making a total of thirty-one recovered. It is now believed by the inspectors that there are no more bodies in the mine.

In the next general election Nebraska will vote upon an amendment to the present voting laws.

Agents of the department of justice and the treasury are looking into certain features of the beet sugar industry in the west.

William Randolph Hearst praises President Taft's administration. He says he is doing things that Roosevelt ought to have done.

The late cold weather wrought great damage to fruit prospects.

Though having lost one large fortune, Mark Twain died worth a million dollars.

Foreigners in the disturbed province of China were obliged to flee to save their lives.

Denial of any rivalry among the beef packers was made by a witness at the St. Louis hearing.

Believing he has all the evidence needed to begin the ouster proceedings against the meat packing companies, Attorney General Major brought the meat investigation to a close at St. Louis.

Thomas Taggart, former chairman of the Democratic national committee, formally announced that he would be a candidate before the general assembly next year to succeed Albert J. Beveridge in the United States Senate.

There was general expression of regret all over the country over the death of Mark Twain.

Senator McCumber of North Dakota, though still very ill, will, it is said recover.

The president will name a New York man for the supreme bench to succeed Julius Brewer.

Senator Burkett celebrated Arbor day in the United States senate by introducing a bill providing for the establishment at Nebraska City of a national school of forestry.

Congressman Pollard of Nebraska says he will not be a candidate for reelection.

Rev. Dr. James Barton, foreign secretary of the American board of commerce for foreign missions, fears some misfortunes may have befallen those missionaries who have not been reported as arrived at Honkow.

While engaged in collecting data for the federal census, Rev. G. W. Pratt, pastor the Methodist Episcopal church at North Riverside, Ia.,

A strong denial was made of reports that Guatamalans are in revolt against the rule of President Cabrera.

Both Senators Hale and Aldrich will step out in 1911. Neither of them desires re-election to the upper house.

The attorney general of Missouri has filed his brief in the suit to oust the International Harvester company.

Cannon and the insurgents are sure to have another round before the session of congress concludes.

Robbers blew the vault of the First National bank of Spring City, Tenn., and escaped with more than $10,000.

The Philadelphia street car strike has been permanently settled by concessions on both sides.

W. J. Bryan made a call on President Taft, and was closeted with him for an hour.

Washington.

Secretary Ballinger of the department of the interior has withdrawn from entry approximately thirteen and a half million acres of coal lands in southeastern Montana, believed to contain valuable deposits, pending examination and classification as to their values. The secretary also has ordered 400,000 acres of land in Montana into the enlarged homesteads, as not being susceptible of irrigation, from any known source of water supply, and has applied a like order to 28,000 acres in New Mexico.

Under the provisions of an amendment to the rivers and harbors bill introduced by Senator Brown of Nebraska and agreed to unanimously by the senate committee on commerce having the bill in charge the secretary of war is directed to make experiment between Omaha and the mouth of the Platte river with sand bags and brush for the purpose of protecting the banks of the Missouri river.

The United States government is the greatest builder in the country. It owns buildings worth more than $300,000,000, and spends $20,000,000 a year on new ones. The government carries no insurance on its property—that is, it acts as its own insurance company. It safeguards itself against loss by erecting buildings that will not burn. If it carried insurance the premiums would amount to $600,000 a year; as it is, the yearly loss from fire is only $10,000.

President Taft informed Senators Brown and Burkett that he would have to defer his decision about accepting their invitation to visit the Commercial club at Lincoln some time between October 6 and 11.

Personal.

Woman suffragists descended on members of congress with petitions demanding the right to vote.

A French newspaper writer at Paris viciously attacked Mr. Roosevelt.

Daughters of the American revolution were addressed by President Taft.

President Taft would be glad to appoint Governor Hughes to the supreme court justiceship.

Conditions at Chang Shae are still disturbed and foreigners have fled.

Senator Burkett introduced a bill to establish a school of forestry at Nebraska City.

Seven days after Dr. B. C. Hyde gave Miss Stella Swope a box of candy, the young woman developed typhoid fever, testified Miss Anna Houlihan, a nurse at Kansas City.

Senator Purcell criticised the president in his maiden speech.

Bryan delivered an address before the Chicago newspaper club.

General Sherman's route from Atlanta to the sea will be followed by twenty-six instructors and students of the army staff college at Ft. Leavenworth for the purpose of studying tactics of the civil war general.

State Senator Aldrige of New York state was beaten for congress in the Rochester district.

Victor E. Berger, the Milwaukee socialist leader, announced the plans and principles of his party.

Senator Aldrich had half an hour's conference with President Taft today regarding the legislation situation in the senate.

Senator Hale of Maine will probably not be a candidate for re-election.

That William J. Boehr, formerly city treasurer of Kansas City, who died recently, was short in his accounts, $63,480.65 was reported to the mayor by a firm of accountants.

The positive statement is made that Senator Aldrich will retire.

Dr. Hyde was painted in black colors by the state at the opening of his trial at Kansas City.

COL. ROOSEVELT SPEAKS IN PARIS

Addresses Distinguished Audience at Ancient University.

"CITIZENSHIP" HIS SUBJECT

Tells Students and Professors of Duty of France as Nation and Themselves as Individuals to the World—Reads Them Lectures on Sterility.

Paris, April 23.—Ex-President Roosevelt today lectured before an audience at the Sorbonne, that comprised the greatest gathering of the intellect and learning of France that has gathered at this ancient educational seat in more than a century, if ever before. Long before the time announced for the beginning of Colonel Roosevelt's lecture every seat in the great auditorium was filled, and thousands lined the walks and streets about the university. Colonel Roosevelt said:

Foundations of Our Republic.

This was the most famous university of mediaeval Europe at a time when no one dreamed that there was a new world to discover. Its services to the cause of human knowledge already stretched far back in to the remote past at the time when my forefathers, three centuries ago, were among the sparse bands of traders, plowmen, wood choppers, and fisherfolk who, in a hard struggle with the iron unfriendliness of the Indian-haunted land, were laying the foundations of what has now become the giant republic of the west. To conquer a continent, to tame the shaggy roughness of wild nature means grim warfare; and the generations engaged in it cannot keep, still less add to, the stores of garnered wisdom which were therein, and which are still in the hands of their brethren who dwell in the old land. To conquer the wilderness means to wrest victory from the same hostile forces with which mankind struggled in the immemorial infancy of our race. The primeval conditions must be met by primeval qualities which are incompatible with the retention of much that has been painfully acquired by humanity as through the ages it has striven upward toward civilization. In conditions so primitive there can be but a primitive culture.

Building the Higher Life.

As the country grows, its people, who have won success in so many lines, turn back to try to recover the possessions of the mind and the spirit, which perforce their fathers threw aside in order better to wage the first rough battles for the continent their children inherit. The leaders of thought and of action grope their way forward to a new life, realizing, sometimes dimly, sometimes clear-sightedly, that the life of material gain, whether for a nation or an individual, is of value only as a foundation, only as there is added to it the uplift that comes from devotion to loftier ideals. The new life thus sought can in part be developed afresh from what is round about in the new world; but it can be developed in full only by freely drawing upon the treasure houses of the old world, upon the treasures stored in the ancient abodes of wisdom and learning, such as this where I speak today.

It is a mistake for any nation merely to copy another; but it is an even greater mistake, it is a proof of weakness in any nation, not to be anxious to learn from another, and willing and able to adapt that learning to the new national conditions and make it fruitful and productive therein. It is for us of the new world to sit at the feet of the Gamaliel of the old; then if we have the right stuff in us, we can show that Paul, in his turn, can become a teacher as well as a scholar.

Today, I shall speak to you on the subject of individual citizenship, the one subject of vital importance to you, my hearers, and to me and my countrymen, because you and we are citizens of great democratic republics. A democratic republic such as each of ours—an effort to realize in its full sense government by, of, and for the people—represents the most gigantic of all possible social experiments, the one fraught with greatest possibilities alike for good and for evil.

Great Lessons of France.

France has taught many lessons to other nations; surely one of the most important is the lesson her whole history teaches, that a high artistic and literary development is compatible with notable leadership in arms and statecraft. The brilliant gallantry of the French soldier has for many centuries been proverbial, and during these same centuries at every court in Europe the "free masons of fashion" have treated the French tongue as their common speech; while every artist and men of letters, and every man of science able to appreciate that marvelous instrument of precision, French prose, has turned towards France for aid and inspiration. How long the leadership in arms and letters has lasted is curiously illustrated by the fact that the earliest masterpiece in modern tongue is the splendid French epic which tells of Roland's doom and the vengeance of Charlemagne when the lords of the Frankish host were stricken at Roncesvalles.

Need of Individual Character.

Let those who have, keep, let those who have not, strive to attain a high standard of cultivation and scholarship. Yet let us remember that these stand second to certain other things. There is need of a sound body, and even more need of a sound mind. But above mind and above body stands character, the sum of those qualities which we mean when we speak of a man's force and courage, of his good faith and sense of honor. I believe in exercise of the body, always provided that we keep in mind that physical development is a means and not an end. I believe, of course, in giving to all the people a good education. But the education must contain much besides book-learning in order to be really good. We must ever remember that no keenness, and subtleness of intellect, no polish, no cleverness in any way make up of the lack of great solid qualities—self-restraint, self-mastery, common sense, the power of accepting individual responsibility and yet, of acting in conjunction with others. Courage and resolution; these are the qualities which mark a masterful people. Without them no people can control itself or save itself from being controlled from the outside. I speak to a brilliant assemblage; I speak in a great university which represents the flower of the highest intellectual development; I pay all homage to intellect, and to elaborate and specialized training of the intellect; and yet I know I shall have the assent of all you present when I add that more important still are the commonplace, every-day qualities and virtues.

The Evils of Sterility.

In the next place the good man should be both a strong and a brave man; that is, he should be able to fight, he should be able to serve his country as a soldier if the need arises. There are well-meaning philosophers who declaim against the unrighteousness of war. They are right, only they lay all their emphasis upon the unrighteousness. War is a dreadful things, and unjust; war is a crime against humanity. But it is such a crime because it is unjust, not because it is war. The choice must ever be in favor of righteousness, and this whether the alternative be peace or whether the alternative be war. The question must not be merely, is there to be peace or war? The question must be, is the right to prevail? Are the great laws of righteousness once more to be fulfilled? And the answer from a strong and virile people must be, "Yes," whatever the cost. Every honorable effort should always be made by the individual in private life to keep out of a brawl, to keep out of trouble; but no self-respecting individual, no self-respecting nation, can or ought to submit to wrong.

Finally, even more important than ability to work, even more important than ability to fight at need, is it to remember that the chief of blessings for any nation is that it shall leave its seed to inherit the land. It was the crown of blessings in Biblical times, and it is the crown of blessings now. The greatest of all curses is the curse of sterility, and the severest of all condemnations should be that visited upon willful sterility. The first essential in any civilization is that the man and the woman shall be father and mother of healthy children, so that the race shall increase and not decrease. If this is not so, if through no fault of society there is failure to increase, it is a great misfortune. If the failure is due to deliberate and willful fault, then it is not merely a misfortune, it is one of those crimes of ease and self-indulgence, of shrinking from pain and effort and risk, which in the long run nature punishes more heavily than any other.

Idle Achievements.

If we of the great republics, if we, the free people who claim to have emancipated ourselves from the thraldom of wrong and error, bring down on our heads the curse that comes upon the willfully barren, then it will be an idle waste of breath to prattle of our achievements, to boast of all that we have done. No refinement of life, no delicacy of taste, no material progress, no sordid heaping up of riches, no sensuous development of art and literature, can in any way compensate for the loss of the great fundamental virtues; and of the great fundamental virtues, the greatest is the race's power to perpetuate the race.

But if a man's efficiency is not guided and regulated by a moral sense, then the more efficient he is the worse he is, the more dangerous to the body politic. Courage, intellect, all the masterful qualities, serve but to make a man more evil if they are used merely for that man's own advancement, with brutal indifference to the rights of others. It speaks ill for the community if the community worships these qualities and treats their possessors as heroes regardless of whether the qualities are used rightly or wrongly. It makes no difference as to the precise way in which this sinister efficiency is shown. It makes no difference whether such a man's force and ability betray themselves in the career of money maker or politician, soldier or orator, journalist or popular leader. If the man works for evil, then the more successful he is, the more he should be despised and condemned by all upright and farseeing men. To judge a man merely by success is an abhorrent wrong; and if the people at large habitually so judge men, if they grow to condone wickedness because the wicked man triumphs, they show their inability to understand that in the last analysis free institutions rest upon the character of citizenship and that by such admiration of evil they prove themselves unfit for liberty.

The Idea of True Liberty.

The good citizen will demand liberty for himself, and as a matter of pride he will see to it that others receive the liberty which he thus claims as his own. Probably the best test of true love of liberty in any country is the way in which minorities are treated in that country. Not only should there be complete liberty in matters of religion and opinion, but complete liberty for each man to lead his life as he desires, provided only that in so doing he does not wrong his neighbor. Persecution is bad because it is persecution, and without reference to which side happens at the moment to be the persecutor and which the persecuted. Class hatred is bad in just the same way, and without any regard to the individual who, at a given time, substitutes loyalty to a class for loyalty to the nation, or substitutes hatred of men because they happen to come in a certain social category, for judgment awarded them according to their conduct. Remember always that the same measure of condemnation should be extended to the arrogance which would look down upon or crush any man because he is poor, and to the envy and hatred which would destroy a man because he is wealthy. The overbearing brutality of the man of wealth or power, and the envious and hateful malice directed against wealth or power, are really at root merely different manifestations of the same quality, merely the two sides of the same shield.

The man who, if born to wealth and power, exploits and ruins his less fortunate brethren is at heart the same as the greedy and violent demagogue who excites those who have not property to plunder those who have. Of one man in especial, beyond anyone else, the citizens of a republic should beware, and that is of the man who appeals to them to support him on the ground that he is hostile to other citizens of the republic, that he will secure for those who elect him, in one shape or another, profit at the expense of other citizens of the republic. It makes no difference whether he appeals to class hatred or class interest, to religious or anti-religious prejudice, the man who makes such an appeal should always be presumed to make it for the sake of furthering his own interest. The very thing that an intelligent and self-respecting member of a democratic community should not do is to reward any public man because that public man says he will get the private citizen something to which this private citizen is not entitled, or will gratify some emotion or animosity which this private citizen ought not to possess.

A Ranch Story.

Let me illustrate this by one anecdote from my own experience: A number of years ago I was engaged in cattle-ranching on the great plains of the western United States. There were no fences. The cattle wandered free, the ownership of each being determined by the brand; the calves were branded with the brand of the cows they followed. If, on the round-up, an animal was passed by, the following year it would appear as an unbranded yearling and was then called a maverick. By the custom of the country these mavericks were branded with the brand of the man on whose range they were found. One day I was riding the range with a newly hired cowboy, and we came upon a maverick.

I said to him: "It is so-and-so's brand," naming the man on whose range we happened to be.

He answered: "That's all right, boss, I know my business."

In another moment I said to him: "Hold, on, you are putting on my brand."

To this he answered: "That's all right; I always put on the boss' brand."

I answered: "Oh, very well. Now you go straight back to the ranch and get what is owing to you. I don't need you any longer."

He jumped up and said: "Why, what's the matter? I was putting on your brand."

And I answered: "Yes, my friend, and if you will steal for me you will steal from me."

Now the same principle which applies in private life applies also in public life. If a public man tries to get your vote by saying that he will do something wrong in your interest, you can be absolutely certain that if ever it becomes worth his while he will do something wrong against your interest.

France and the United States.

And now, my host, a word in parting. You and I belong to the only two great republics among the great powers of the world. The ancient friendship between France and the United States has been, on the whole, a sincere and disinterested friendship. A calamity to you would be a sorrow to us. But it would be more than that. In the seething turmoil of the history of humanity certain nations stand out as possessing a peculiar power or charm, some special gift of beauty or wisdom or strength, which puts them among the immortals, which makes them rank forever with the leaders of mankind. France is one of the nations. For her to sink would be a loss to all the world. There are certain lessons of brilliance and of generous gallantry that she can teach better than any of her sister nations. When the French peasantry sang of Malbrook it was to tell how the soul of this warrior-foe took flight upward through the laurels he had won. Nearly seven centuries ago Froissart, writing of a time of dire disaster, said that the realm of France was never so stricken that there were not left men who would valiantly fight for it. You have had a great past. I believe that you will have a great future. Long may you carry yourselves proudly as citizens of a nation which bears a leading part in the teaching and uplifting of mankind.

Man Missing With Gems.

Chicago.—Norman P. Cummings, millionaire real estate dealer, formerly of Chicago, and now of Pasadena, Cal., is missing with $37,000 worth of diamonds and $3,500 in cash on his person and his wife fears he is a victim of foul play. He disappeared Wednesday morning shortly after leaving his wife on an elevated train, and alarmed at his long absence and fearing foul play, Mrs. Cummings notified the police of the Chicago avenue station of his disappearance.

Schooner Goes Ashore.

San Francisco.—The Merchant exchange Friday received a message from Altata, Mex., stating that the schooner Eva, which sailed from San Francisco April 2, is ashore at Altata bar.

Twenty-Six Bodies Recovered.

Birmingham, Ala.—The work of recovering the bodies of the 43 victims of the Mulga mine explosion was pushed with vigor Friday. Twenty-six bodies have been recovered.

Wolter Guilty of Murder.

New York.—Albert Wolter, charged with the killing of Ruth Wheeler, the pretty young stenographer, in his apartments on March 24, was Friday found guilty of murder in the first degree by the jury.

Nothing Slow About This.

New York.—The marriage of Lawrence Swift and Miss Elizabeth M. Hurry, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Hurry, was celebrated at the Church of the Epiphany Friday.

WANTS DAMAGES

ACTION IN SUPREME COURT GROWS OUT OF TYPHOID EPIDEMIC IN MANKATO.

BROUGHT BY WIDOWS

Should Women's Appeal Be Sustained Many Suits Against Cities Would Result Is Belief of Attorneys.

St. Paul.—A case that will be watched with interest by the officers of every municipality in the state, as well as by health officers and the public in general, was argued before the supreme court last week. It was that of Della Keever and Kate Flanagan, of Mankato, who are suing the city for $5,000 each for the death of their husbands, who succumbed from typhoid fever during the typhoid epidemic three years ago. They allege that the city was responsible because, they charge, the epidemic was caused by impure water and defective sewer construction, and they contend that the city is liable. The women lost in the lower court and appealed.

Should their appeal be sustained it would mean an endless number of lawsuits, not only for Mankato, but for a number of other cities where typhoid epidemics have occurred. In Mankato alone there were in that epidemic nearly forty deaths and many other cases of illness. In each case there would be litigation to establish the facts, after the principle has been established.

City Sold Water.

The principal argument for the women was made by A. C. Carlson, of Albert Lea. He contended that the case was different from many others where damage is done to individuals by the city when the city is held not liable. The furnishing of water was not a public, but a private function in each of the parties to furnish water for a stipulated price. If they negligently furnished such water as caused the death of the customers, Mr. Carlson contended that the city was liable. The case was different, he said, from cases where the city does damage through water furnished for public use, such as for fire protection or sprinkling. The damage had been done and the individuals were not to blame, he said, and it was only a question now whether the individuals should bear all the burden or the community help to bear part of it.

The arguments for the city were made by S. B. Wilson and H. L. Schmitt, who cited numerous cases which they contended showed that a municipality would not be liable for damages in such cases.

WILL BUY WATER PLANT.

Stillwater City Council Authorizes an Expenditure of $145,000.

Stillwater.—The city council has decided to buy the Stillwater Water company's property for $145,000.

The thirty-year franchise of the company expires April 30. The contract passed by the council dates from July 1, 1910. An election may be held before the general election on the proposition of bonding the city for $145,000 of 4 per cent bonds. That matter and what will be paid the holding water company for service until the plant is taken over will be decided by a committee of the council.

The contract reads for payment of $10,000 for fourteen years and $5,000 the final year, with interest.

The Stillwater Water Company is a stock company, of which Captain Durand, of Stillwater, is president.

BEMIDJI AGITATES PAVING.

City Council Prepares to Submit the Question to Taxpayers.

Bemidji.—The first steps towards paving the streets of Bemidji were taken when an ordinance was introduced in the council calling for an appropriation of $12,000.

The ordinance does not specify which streets shall be paved, other than that they shall be in the business district, the streets to be selected by the council at a later date. The ordinance, if passed by the council, will be submitted to a vote of citizens on June 14.

A second ordinance to bond the city for $15,000 for grading streets and repairing bridges, also the city hall and the city jail, was given its first reading. The two ordinances will require the bonding of the city for $27,000.

REFUSE TO PAY TAX.

Two Duluth Phone Companies Oppose Gross Earnings Levy.

Duluth.—In proceedings brought to force the Duluth and Zenith City telephone companies to pay their personal property taxes for 1909 both companies filed their answers with the clerk of the district court.

TRAIN SMASHES INTO A TROLLEY

Accident Near Sauk Rapids Nearly Proves Fatal.

St. Cloud. — No. Eleven, the Northern Pacific west-bound Brainerd local train, ran into a street car at a crossing just a short distance this side of Sauk Rapids. There were 25 people in the car. The train rounded a sharp curve and struck the rear end of the car, throwing all of the people out, several narrowly escaping death under the wheels of the train.

Dormitory to Be Started Next Week.

Winona.—Seidlitz & Werner, who have been awarded the contract for erecting the new normal dormitory, have begun work. They will have until the 1st of March to complete the building and will get it under roof before cold weather, and finish it during the winter. The east and west lodges will remain in their present locations, both being residences of the early days in Winona, until the dormitory is completed, when they will be torn down.

WANTS CONSERVATION CONGRESS

Ralph Wheelock Urges Claims of the Twin Cities.

"Washington, D. C. — Minnesota's invitation to the National Conservation league to hold the next conservation congress in the Twin Cities was presented to Thomas R. Shipp, secretary of the National Conservation league, by Ralph Wheelock, secretary to Governor Eberhart.

In his presentation to the league Wheelock goes into details relative to the interest in conservation in Minnesota as evidenced at the recent conservation congress in March. He states that local organizations of the Twin Cities are already perfected, and that in the important matter of publicity the Twin Cities and the state as a whole have already in perfect working order exceptional facilities for covering every detail of such work. In both cities, the commercial clubs and other business organizations, including the Publicity Club of Minneapolis, are ready to push the congress in every way possible.

Pledges Support of Press.

"Behind all this," says Wheelock, "newspapers of the Twin Cities are in full accord with the conservation movement in all its bearings. It is safe to say that their efforts in behalf of the national gathering would be measured only by the physical limitations of their respective editorial staffs and mechanical plants. What is true of daily newspapers is equally applicable to all other classes of publications in country."

Wheelock discusses climatic conditions, hotel facilities, and calls particular attention to a recent increase in the latter in both cities and also to near-by lake resorts, where such delegates as choose may secure quiet accommodation. He also calls attention to railroad facilities, including twelve of the leading railroads of the country which center at the Twin Cities.

Will Meet Other Propositions.

Closing his statement on behalf of Governor Eberhart and the Twin Cities, Wheelock says: "While it is not possible at this time for your committee on the one hand and our representatives on the other to enter into any specific arrangement as to provisions for the general expenses of congress, I am authorized to say that all such expenses will be taken care of. I would suggest in this connection that should you decide upon the Twin Cities an early conference should be held on the important details, and pending such conference I can only say further that the interests of the Twin Cities will meet any proposition that may be advanced on behalf of other cities seeking this same honor."

Discussing prospects of having the congress held in the Twin Cities, Wheelock said: "I feel confident that the committee will decide in our favor."

"DRYS" GAIN TERRITORY.

Not a Saloon Left Between Mankato and Des Moines.

Mankato, April 17.—As a result of elections held this week, there is not a saloon between Mankato and Des Moines, Iowa, along the Omaha road, a distance of 201 miles.

In Blue Earth county, Lake Crystal, Garden City, Vernon Center and Amboy have voted out the saloons. They have been "wet" towns, but last year they went "dry," and this year voted to continue so. This week Amboy voted on the license question and defeated it on a tie vote, in a total vote of 128. It was the most strenuous campaign that the village has seen in years. Conveyances were sent miles to bring hack voters temporarily sojourning in nearby villages.

Charles Chomberlain was elected mayor, Nathaniel Stephens, Stephen Lamoe and Fred Appitz councilmen, J. H. Dredge recorder, Charles Ott treasurer, N. W. Sargent justice, and Charles Chamberlain, constable.

NEW MAYOR PUTS ON "LID."

Sunday and Early Closing to Be Observed at Sauk Center.

Sauk Center.—The "lid" is on in Sauk Center, the first time for some months. The day on which he took the reins of municipal government in his hands, the new mayor, Dr. H. F. Hennemann, held a conference with the saloon men and told them he expected them to obey the law in all respects. He expected them to close, he said, at 11 p. m. on weekdays, to keep closed on Sundays, and to have regard for other provisions of the liquor laws.

The conference was a good-natured one and the liquor dealers agreed to assist the mayor in the strict enforcement of the laws. No threats were made, but every man present showed the right spirit and all went away feeling kindly toward the new executive. Mayor Hennemann says he expects this condition to continue throughout his administration.

BUSINESS MEN ORGANIZE.

New Club Selects "Boost for Owatonna" as Slogan.

Owatonna.—"Boost for Owatonna" is the slogan of the newly formed Owatonna Business Men's Association, and the idea is to be carried out in every possible way. At a banquet held in the Hotel Owatonna the business men decided to push Owatonna in every way. Over 100 business men have been enrolled in the new club, and each month a banquet will be held.

Board System a Success.

Winona.—The board system of managing public utilities has been proved a success in Winona in the case of the waterworks system, which for several years has been in charge of the board of municipal works. Under the business-like administration of this body the consumption of water has been greatly lessened through overcoming waste. Other economies have been practiced, so that for the municipal year just ending a balance of $6,959 is shown in the treasury.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

Author of "Saracinesca," "Arethusa" etc. etc.

Illustrations by A. Weil

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored [illegible] stranger who was [illegible] studying herbs in the [illegible] in central Asia, and [illegible] the location of a mine [illegible] that the stranger would [illegible] for her disclosure [illegible] the cave by the [illegible] who blocked up the en[illegible] the water supply. [illegible] Baraka's cousin [illegible] attempted to climb [illegible] the mine, but [illegible]. The stranger was [illegible] Saad car[illegible] of the tunnel, and [illegible] the girl and carrying [illegible] gathered all the [illegible] and started in pur[illegible] (Margarita da [illegible] prima donna, became [illegible] Konstantin Lo[illegible] Greek financier. Her [illegible] Countess Leven, [illegible] Maud, whose husband [illegible] in St. Peters[illegible] Maud's most intimate [illegible] Van Torp, an Ameri[illegible] one of the richest [illegible] Van Torp was in love [illegible] to London as [illegible] of her betrothal. He [illegible] for her pet [illegible] aid him in winning [illegible]. Baraka ap[illegible] Versailles with [illegible]. He presented a ruby to [illegible] bought a yacht and [illegible]. He was visited by [illegible]. She gave him a [illegible] had told her of [illegible] United States a man [illegible] of the one she [illegible] followed Margaret [illegible] "Parsifal" festival. Mar[illegible] to Van Torp, who pro[illegible]. Baraka had [illegible] Kralinsky, a Russian, [illegible]. Van Torp believed [illegible] was pursuing. [illegible] London on the [illegible] from Pinney, a Jew[illegible] sold to Logotheti. [illegible] Lady [illegible] were open to [illegible] Margaret. Van [illegible] Kralinsky was the [illegible] Baraka's [illegible] his guest, [illegible] Baraka [illegible] on the [illegible] and left her [illegible] moderating [illegible] arrived in Bay[illegible] Van Torp entered [illegible] a tremendous [illegible]. The thief who [illegible] Mr. Pinney was ar[illegible] recov[illegible] to Van Torp [illegible] Kralinsky to be the [illegible] dead. Van [illegible] unravel the [illegible] on Van [illegible] Maud discovered [illegible] her husband. He of[illegible] to her. She [illegible] Baraka is[illegible] proper outfit.

CHAPTER XIV.—Continued.

"[illegible] alive this morning," Logo[illegible] answered, "and he is a strong [illegible]. But the strong die sometimes [illegible] by accident if not of a [illegible]."

"It is emptiness," said Baraka, still [illegible] him. "He will not die be[illegible] him."

"Allah forbid! But if such a thing [illegible] should you wish to go back [illegible] own people? Or would you [illegible] to speak the Frank and live in [illegible]?"

"If he were dead, which may Allah [illegible]," Baraka answered calmly, "I [illegible] I would ask you to find me a [illegible]."

"[illegible]" Logotheti could not repress [illegible] exclamation of surprise.

"[illegible] It is a shame for a woman [illegible] married. And an evil sight, [illegible] that I should go down to the [illegible] childless? Or is there any re[illegible] upon me? Therefore I would [illegible] for a husband, because I [illegible] no other friend but only you [illegible] the Feringhis. But if you [illegible] not, I would go to Constanti[illegible] and to the Persian mer[illegible], and I would say to his [illegible] 'Get me a husband, for I am [illegible] cripple, nor a monster, nor is [illegible] reproach upon me, and why [illegible] I be childless?' Moreover I [illegible] to the merchant's wife: [illegible] I have great wealth, and I [illegible] a rich husband, and one who [illegible] and pleasing to me, and who [illegible] take another wife; and if you [illegible] such a man, for whatsoever [illegible] may be, I will pay you five [illegible].'"

[illegible] made this remarkable state[illegible] of her intentions, Baraka was [illegible] expecting Logotheti to say [illegible]. What struck him was not [illegible] concluding sentence, for Asiatic [illegible]makers and peace-makers are [illegible]erally paid on some such basis, [illegible] the slim Tartar girl had proved [illegible] ago that she was a woman of [illegible]. What impressed Logotheti much more was what seemed the cool [illegible] of her point of view. It was evidently not a romantic passion for Kralinsky that had brought her from beyond Turkestan to London and Paris; her view had been simpler and more practical; she had seen the man who suited her, she had told him so, and had given him the secret of great wealth, and in return she expected him to marry her, if she found him alive. But if not, she would immediately take steps to obtain another to fill his place and be her husband, and she was willing to pay a high price to any one who could find one for her.

Logotheti had half expected some [illegible] thing, but was not prepared for her extreme directness; still less had he thought of becoming the matrimonial agent who was to find a match worthy of her hand and fortune. She was sitting beside him in a little ready-made French dress, open at the throat, and only a bit of veil twisted round her hair, as any European woman might wear it; possibly it was her dress that made what she said sound strangely in his ears, though it would have struck him as natural enough if she had been muffled in a yashmak and ferajeh, on the deck of a Bosphorus ferry boat.

He said nothing in answer, and sat thinking the matter over.

"I could not offer to pay you five per cent.," she said after a time, "because you are a king, but I could give you one of the fine rubies I have left, and you would look at it sometimes and rejoice because you had found Baraka a good husband."

Logotheti laughed low. She amused him exceedingly, and there were moments when he felt a new charm he had never known before.

"Why do you laugh?" Baraka asked, a little disturbed. "I would give you a good ruby. A king may receive a good ruby as a gift and not despise it. Why do you laugh at me? There came two German merchants to me in Paris to see my rubies, and when they had looked, they bought a good one, but not better than the one I would give you, and Spiro heard them say to each other in their own language that it was for their king, for Spiro understands all tongues. Then do you think that their king would not have been glad if I had given him the ruby as a gift? You cannot mock Baraka. Baraka knows what rubies are worth, and has some still."

"I do not mock you," Logotheti answered, with perfect gravity. "I laugh at my own thoughts. I said in my heart: 'If Baraka asks me for a husband, what will she say if I answer. 'Behold, I am the man, if you are satisfied!' This was my thought."

She was appeased at once, for she saw nothing extraordinary in his suggestion. She looked at him quietly and smiled, for she saw her chance.

"It is emptiness," she said. "I will have a man who has no other wife."

"Precisely," Logotheti answered, smiling. "I never had one."

"Now you are indeed mocking me!" she said, bending her sharp-drawn eyebrows.

"No. Every one knows it who knows me. In Europe, men do not always marry very young. It is not a fixed custom."

"I have heard so," Baraka answered, her anger subsiding, "but it is very strange. If it be so, and if all things should happen as we said, which Allah avert, and if you desired me for your wife, I would marry you without doubt. You are a great man, and rich, and you are good to look at, as Saad was. Also you are kind, but Saad would probably have beaten me, for he beat every one, every day, and I should have gone back to my father's house. Truly," she added, in a thoughtful tone, "you would make a desirable husband for Baraka. But the man I seek must marry me if I find him alive, for I gave him the riches of the earth and he gave me nothing and departed, leaving me to die. I have told you, and you understand. Therefore let us not jest about these things any more. What will be, will be, and if he must die, it is his portion, and mine also, though it is a pity."

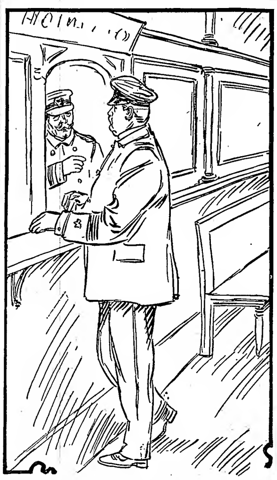
Thereupon the noble little features became very grave, and she leaned back in her chair and folded her hands in her lap, looking out at the violet light on the distant volcano. After that, at dinner and in the evening, they talked pleasantly. She told him tales of her own land, and of her childhood, with legends of the Altai, of genii and enchanted princesses; and he, in return, told her about the great world in which he lived; but of the two, she talked the more, no doubt because he was not speaking his own language. Yet there was a bond of sympathy between them more natural and instinctive than any that had ever drawn him and Margaret together.

When the sun was up the next morning and Logotheti came on deck to drink his coffee alone, he saw the magic straits not many miles ahead, in an opalescent haze that sent up a vapor of pure gold to the pale blue enamel of the sky. He had been just where he was now more than once before, and few sights of nature had ever given him keener delight. On the left, the beautiful outline of the Calabrian hills descended softly into the still sea, on the right the mountains of Sicily reared their lofty crests; and far above them all, twice as high as the highest, and nobler in form than the greatest, Etna towered to the very sky, and a vast cloud of smoke rose from the summit that streamed westward as far as the eye could reach.

"Let her go half speed, captain," said Logotheti, as his sailing-master came up to bid him good-morning. "I should like my guest to see the straits."

"Very good, sir. We shall not go through very fast in any case, for the tide is just turning against us."

"Never mind," Logotheti answered. "The slower the better to-day, till we have Etna well astern."



Captain Brown Got Information About the Erinna.

CHAPTER XV.

It was eight o'clock in the morning when the Lancashire Lass steamed slowly into Messina and dropped anchor out in the middle of the harbor to wait while Capt. Brown got information about the Erinna, if there were any to be had at the harbor-master's office. It would have been folly to run out of the straits without at least looking in to see if she were there, lying quietly moored behind the fortress of San Salvatore and the very high mole.

She was not there, and had not been heard of, but a Paris Herald was procured in which it was stated that the Erinna had arrived in Naples, "owner and party on board."

"Well," said Mr. Van Torp, "let's get to Naples, quick. How long will it take, captain?"

"About eight hours, sir, counting our getting under weigh and out of this crowded water, which won't take long, for the tide will soon turn."

"Go ahead," said Mr. Van Torp.

Capt. Brown prepared to get under weigh again as quickly as possible. The entrance to Messina harbor is narrow, and it was natural that, as he was in a hurry, a huge Italian man-of-war should enter the harbor at that very moment, with the solemn and safe deliberation which the movements of line-of-battle ships require when going in and out of port. There was nothing to be done but to wait patiently till the fairway was clear. It was not more than a quarter of an hour, but Capt. Brown was in a hurry, and as there was a fresh morning breeze blowing across the harbor he could not even get his anchor up with safety before he was ready to start.

The result of all these delays was that at about nine o'clock he saw the Erinna right ahead, bows on and only half a mile away, just between Scylla and Faro, where the whirlpool is still a danger to sailing vessels and slow steamers, and just as the tide was turning against her and in his own favor. He did not like to leave the bridge, even for a moment, and sent the second mate with an urgent message requesting Mr. Van Torp to come up as soon as he could.

Five minutes earlier the owner had sat down to breakfast opposite Lady Maud, who was very pale and had dark shadows under her eyes for the first time since he had known her. As soon as the steward left them alone, she spoke.

"It is Leven," she said, "and he wants me to take him back."

Mr. Van Torp set down his tea untasted and stared at her. He was not often completely taken by surprise, but for once he was almost speechless. His lips did not even move silently.

"I was sure it was he," Lady Maud said, "but I did not expect that."

"Well," said Mr. Van Torp, finding his voice, "he shan't. That's all."

"No. I told him so. If I had been dressed I would have asked you to put me ashore at Messina. I thought you were going to stop there—the stewardess told me where we were, but she knew nothing else—and now we're off again."

"I can't help it, Maud," said Van Torp, almost in a whisper, "I don't believe it. I don't believe in impossibilities like that beard of his. It may sound ridiculous in the face of your recognizing your own husband, but it's a solid fact, and you can't get over it. I wish I could catch the Erinna and show him to that Tartar girl. She'd know in a minute. He can't be her man and Leven, too. There's only one thing to be done that I can see."

"What?" asked Lady Maud sadly and incredulously.

"Tell him you'll take him back on condition that he'll shave."

Mr. Van Torp, who was in dead earnest, had just given his best friend this piece of sound practical advice when the door opened, though he had not rung, and the steward announced that the second mate had a message for Mr. Van Torp. He was admitted, and he delivered it.

The owner sprang to his feet.

"By thunder, we've caught 'em!" he cried, as he rushed out of the deck saloon.

Lady Maud leaned back and stared at his empty chair, wondering what was going to happen next.

This was what happened. The Lancashire Lass reversed her starboard engine with full speed astern, put her helm hard over to port, and turned back towards the straits in the smallest space possible for her, passing less than a cable's length from the Scylla rock, and nearly running down half a dozen fishing boats that pulled like mad to get out of her way; for they supposed that the steering-gear had broken down, unless her captain had gone raving mad.

While this was going on, Capt. Brown himself, with the international signal code in his hand, was calling out letters of the alphabet to a quartermaster, and before his ship had made half a circle the flags ran up the single stick the yacht carried.

"My owner has urgent business with your owner," was what the flags meant in plain English.

The Erinna was going slow, for Baraka was only just ready to come on deck, haste being in her opinion, an invention of Shaitan's. Logotheti, who wished her to see the straits, was just inside the door of the deck saloon, waiting for her to come out of her cabin. The officer of the watch read off the signals of the other yacht, ran up the answering pennant, and sent for the sailing-master, but could of course do nothing else without orders. So the Erinna continued to go slow. All this took some minutes, for the officer had naturally been obliged to look up the signal in the code before answering that he understood it; and in that time Van Torp's yacht had completed her turn and was nearly alongside. The Lancashire Lass slowed down to the Erinna's speed, and the two captains aimed their megaphones accurately at each other from their respective bridges for a little pleasant conversation. Capt. Brown, instructed by Mr. Van Torp at his elbow, repeated what his signals had meant. The other sailing-master answered that he had already informed his owner, who was coming to the bridge directly.

At that moment Logotheti appeared. There was not much more than a cable's length between the two yachts, which in land-talk means 200 yards. Van Torp also saw a slim young lady in blue serge, with a veil tied over her hair, leaning on the rail of the promenade deck and looking towards him. With his glasses he recognized the features of Baraka.

"Got 'em!" he ejaculated in a low but audible tone of intense satisfaction.

Logotheti had also seen Van Torp, and waved his hand in a friendly manner.

"Ask the gentleman if he'll come aboard, captain," said the American. "I can't talk through your cornopean anyway. I suppose we can send the naphtha launch for him if we stop, can't we?"

"Can't stop here," answered Capt. Brown. "The currents might jam us into each other, and we should most likely get aground in any case. This is not even a safe place for going slow, when the tide is running."

"Well, you know your business, and I don't. Tell him we don't want to interfere with any arrangements he's made, and that if he'll kindly set the pace he likes we'll trot along behind him till we get to a nice place, somewhere where we can stop. I suppose he can't run away from us now, can he?"

Capt. Brown smiled the smile of a man who commands a 23-knot boat, and proceeded to deliver the message in a more concise form. Logotheti heard every word, and the answer was that he was in no hurry and was quite at Mr. Van Torp's disposal. He would be glad to know whom the latter had on board with him.

"Lady Maud Leven, Miss Margaret Donne, Mrs. Rushmore and Count Kralinsky," answered Capt. Brown, prompted by Van Torp.

The latter was watching the Greek through a pair of deer-stalking glasses and saw distinctly the expression of surprise that came into his face when he heard the last of the names.

"Tell the gentleman," said Van Torp, "that if he'll bring his party with him when we stop, I'll be very glad to have them all take lunch with me."

Capt. Brown delivered the message. At such a short distance he did not even have to raise his voice to be heard through the six-foot megaphone.

To Van Torp's surprise, Logotheti nodded with alacrity, and the answer came that he would bring his party with pleasure, but thought that his visit would be over long before luncheon time.

"All right, good-by," said Van Torp, as if he were at the telephone. "Ring off, captain. That's all. Just let him give us a lead now and we'll follow him through this creek again, since you say you can't stop here."

As he went off the bridge to return to his breakfast he passed close to the chief mate, who had turned again, though it was his watch below.

"I say, Mr. Johnson," he asked, "have we got a barber shop on board this ship?"

"No, sir," answered the mate, who knew better than to be surprised at anything.

"It's no matter," said Mr. Van Torp, "I was only asking."

He went back to his breakfast with an improved appetite. When he re-entered the saloon Lady Maud was still leaning back in her chair, staring at his empty place.

"Well," he said, "they're both coming on board as soon as we get to a place where we can stop."

"Have you really seen the girl?" Lady Maud sat up, as if she were waking from sleep.

"Oh, yes! There she was, looking over the rail, as neat as a pin, in a blue serge dress, with a white veil tied over her hair, watching me. We've got 'em right enough, and that's going to be the end of this mystery!"

"Did you see any one else on the yacht?"

"Logo. That's all. He and I talked. At least, our captains talked for us. They do know how to yell, those men! If the girl's the party, Logo beats the band for brass, that's all I can say!"

"It is rather cool," said Lady Maud thoughtfully. "If he's alone with her, it will be all up with his engagement."

They talked a few minutes longer, agreeing that she should tell Margaret what was going to happen; but that Mrs. Rushmore and Kralinsky should be kept in ignorance of the plan, the American lady because she might possibly yield to temptation and tell the count, and the latter for obvious reasons. It was not likely that any of them would be on deck much before Logotheti came on board.

There is good anchorage out of the tidal current at Scaletta, some few miles below Messina, on the Sicilian side, and towards this well-known water the Erinna led the way, followed at a short distance by the Lancashire Lass.

Logotheti and Baraka watched her, the girl recognizing Van Torp on the bridge of his yacht, without even using glasses, for she had eyes like an eagle's, and the American millionaire stood alone at one end of the bridge looking towards her.

Logotheti had told her that Kralinsky was on board, and that she should see him as soon as both yachts could anchor. He explained that it was an unforeseen coincidence, and that Mr. Van Torp must have taken him on board somewhere on the previous day. To the Greek's surprise, Baraka showed no outward sign of emotion. He had promised to take her to the man, and had said that he was near at hand; that the meeting should take place sooner than had been intended hardly surprised her, because she had been so perfectly sure that it was near. Her only preoccupation now was about her appearance in her ready-made serge and blouse, when she had meant to show herself to Kralinsky in the glory of a beautiful and expensive Feringhi dress.

But Logotheti explained that even the richest Feringhi ladies often wore little blue serge frocks on yachts, and told her to watch the Lancashire Lass with her glasses, as there were three very great Feringhi ladies on board, and she might see one, and he reassured; and presently she saw Lady Maud walking alone on the promenade deck, in clothes very like her own, excepting that they were black instead of dark blue. So Baraka was satisfied, but she never took her eyes from the following yacht, for she hoped that Kralinsky would come out and show himself.

All at once he was there, taking off his white cap to Lady Maud, and they stood still facing each other, and talking.

"I see him," Baraka said in a low voice, without lowering her glasses. "It is he."

Logotheti, who had been much absorbed in thinking about his coming interview with Margaret, raised his glasses, too, for he was curious to see the man at last. He had known Leven for years, though never intimately, as he knew a vast number of people in London, and he was struck at once by the resemblance in size, build and complexion.

"He is fatter than he was, and paler," Baraka said quietly, "but it is he. He is speaking earnestly with the beautiful woman in black. I can see well. He likes her, but she does not like him. I think she is telling him so. I am so glad. But she is more beautiful than Baraka, even in those clothes. When he sees me, he will deny me, because he likes the beautiful woman in black. I will tell Spiro to be ready. It is a pity, but I see there will be no other way. It is his portion and mine. It is a great pity, for I have been happy with you."

Instead of any look of anger, Logotheti now saw an expression of profound resignation in her lovely young features. If he had been less anxious about his own affairs, he would have smiled at her simplicity.

"When we are on that ship you will let me talk with him a little apart from the rest, and Spiro shall go behind him and wait, looking at me. If he denies me, I will make a sign, and Spiro shall shoot him, and then kill me. It will be very easy and quick."

"And what will become of Spiro?" inquired Logotheti gravely.

"I do not know," Baraka said quietly. "Perhaps he will lose his head. How can I tell? But he is a good servant, and will obey me. Afterwards it will not matter, for he is really a Mussulman, and will go at once to paradise if he dies, because he has killed a Christian."

"But you are a Mussulman, and he is to kill you also. What about that?"

"I am only a woman," answered Baraka with supreme indifference. "Now I will call Spiro and tell him what he is to do. He has a good revolver."

Logotheti let her clap her hands and send the steward for her man, and she rose when he appeared and made him follow her a little way along the deck. The interview did not last long. She handed him her glasses and made him look carefully at the intended victim; then she apparently repeated her brief instructions again, pointing here and there to the deck at her feet, to show him how they were to stand; after which she turned quietly, came back to Logotheti's side and sat down again.

"He understands," she said. "It will be quite easy."

But Logotheti, looking past her as she came forward, had met Spiro's eyes; and he felt not even the slightest anxiety for Kralinsky's safety, nor for Baraka's. He was still wondering what he should say to Margaret.

At a distance, Logotheti had supposed that he could somehow account to the diva for the position in which he had foolishly placed himself, because he had done nothing and said nothing that he would have been ashamed of before her, if she knew the whole truth; and he fancied that even if they quarreled she would make up with him before long, and marry him in the end. He had a good opinion of himself as a desirable husband; and with reason, since he had been persecuted for years with offers of excellent marriages from mothers of high degree who had daughters to dispose of. And beneath that conviction there lurked, in spite of him, the less worthy thought, that singers and actresses were generally less squeamish than women of the world about the little entanglements of their intended husbands.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Right in Papa's Line.

"Whatever became of that young sport who used to call on you?" "Well, you see, papa is great on outdoor sports, so one night he threw him out."—Kansas City Journal.

Niceties of Legal Tender

Somewhat Perplexing Question Which Very Few Seem to Properly Understand.

One of the prominent officials of the treasury department recently ventured the opinion that not one banker in a hundred and probably not half a dozen members of the senate or house could tell accurately what parts of the United States currency are legal tender. He went on to say:

"A great many people know that the definition of legal tender is money of a character which by law a debtor may require his creditor to receive in payment in the absence of a special agreement. But when it comes to stating just what money is legal tender you will find the banker all at sea.

"Gold certificates are not a legal tender, but are receivable for customs, taxes and all public debts. Silver certificates are not legal tender. Neither are national bank notes. They are receivable, however, in payment of taxes, excises, public lands and all other dues to the United States, except duties on imports. Trade dollars and fractional currency are not legal tender. Fractional currency is receivable for postage and revenue stamps and also in payment of any dues to the United States less than five dollars, except duties on imports. Foreign gold and silver coins are not legal tender.

"The following are legal tender in all that the term means:

"Gold coins of the United States, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver coins, minor coin of copper, bronze or copper-nickel, up to 25 cents; United States notes or greenbacks, demand treasury notes, treasury notes of 1890. Columbian half dollar and Columbian quarters. Subsidiary silver coin, including Columbian half dollars and quarters, are legal tender up to $10."

Queer Legal Oaths.

In Siberia in the wild Ostayake law courts, the natives swear by the newly-severed head of a bear, which is implored to subsequently rend and devour them should they perjure themselves; whilst in Assam the opposing witnesses lay hold of a chicken by its feet and retain each one half as the clerk of the court chops it in two.

By undergoing this ceremony they are considered to be pledged to a like fate in the event of their swearing falsely.

By Inference.

Bridge-Teacher—Now if your partner is dealer and has a dreadful hand, what will she make it?

Mrs. Baker—No trumps.

Bridge-Teacher—Why, you don't know anything about bridge!

Mrs. Baker—Possibly not, but I know all about my partner.—Harper's Bazar.

WESTEN CANADA AS A GRAIN PRODUCER

NEVER SAW SUCH FINE WHEAT ANYWHERE.

Gust. Anderson of Maidstone, Sask, was formerly of Minnesota and has been in Central Canada three years. On January 16, 1910, he writes:

"Arriving fifteen miles from Maidstone, I bought a couple of steers from a rancher, as my capital was not large, and with the two oxen I brought with me, I broke 25 acres which I put in crop in 1908 and had to clear some brush. I earned $45.00 by breaking fifteen acres for a neighbor and during the summer I put up hay and hauled timber and put up houses for other settlers. Notwithstanding a heavy frost on August 12th, I had 22½ bushels of wheat per acre and 60 bushels of oats. Off 35 acres of wheat in 1909, I got 27 bushels of wheat per acre and 1,300 bushels of oats off 20 acres. I never saw such fine wheat anywhere. We have plenty of rain between May and August and after August seldom any but dry warm days. Water can be had at from 20 to 40 feet and plenty of grass for cattle."

The evidence of Mr. Anderson is given because it is encouraging to the man of small means who is desirous of bettering his condition. It shows what can be done, and there is really but small limit to the man with push and energy to become wealthy on Canadian lands. And the grain that he raises is good. A press dispatch says:

The quality of the wheat continues to be the feature of the deliveries. In the total of 3,378 cars in the February inspections there were 2,847 of high grade stuff, a percentage of 84.28. For January the percentage was 82.21, and for the six months it was 88.6. This is an unusually high average, and it demonstrates beyond the shadow of a doubt that the farmers in this part of the Dominion still know how to grow first-class wheat. The crop of 1908 was considered good enough, and its average of contract wheat was only 70 per cent. Good weather throughout the season was an important factor, of course, in insuring the high quality of the grain, and it is not likely that atmospheric influences of so favorable a character will be encountered for a long time to come. The best that can be expected is that a fair average for a term of years will be maintained.

SAW CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY

Unreasonable Attitude of His Friend Naturally Disgusted Man of Business.

Solomon and Moses, while walking by the canal, saw a notice board which stated that five shillings would be paid to whoever rescued another man from drowning.

It didn't take them more than a minute to arrange that one should fall in and be saved by the other, and the "stakes" divided.

In went Sol, and found it rather deeper than he expected. However, he splashed about, crying:

"Come on, Moses! Save me!"

Moses hesitated.

"Sol," he said, "I've been reading that notice board again, and it says, 'Ten shillings for a dead body.' Now, do be reasonable."—London Tit-Bits.

Not Quite.

"Young man," inquired her father, sternly, "will you give her a home like the one she has been used to?"

"No," replied the truthful suitor, "for there will be no grumpy father to come home and make everyone miserable by his kicking over trifles and swearing at matters in general. There will be no mother to scold her from morning to night for wasting time merely because she wants to be neat. There will be no big brother to abuse her for not doing half of his work, and no little brother to make enough noise to drive her crazy when her head aches. There won't be any younger sister to insist on reading some trashy novel while she does all the work. She will not have with me a home like she has been used to, not if I can help it."—Puck.

Why She Permitted It.

"Why did you ever permit your husband to buy a flimsy, rickety automobile like that?"

"He recently got himself heavily insured against accidents."

Every man who owns a single share of stock in a $1,000,000 corporation thinks he could run it better than the general manager does.

POSTUM FOR MOTHERS

The Drink That Nourishes and Supplies Food for Mother and Child.

"My husband had been unable to drink coffee for several years, so we were very glad to give Postum a trial and when we understood that long boiling would bring out the delicious flavour, we have been highly pleased with it.

"It is one of the finest things for nursing mothers that I have ever seen. It keeps up the mother's strength and increases the supply of nourishment for the child if partaken of freely. I drank it between meals instead of water and found it most beneficial.

"Our five-year-old boy has been very delicate since birth and has developed slowly. He was white and bloodless. I began to give him Postum freely and you would be surprised at the change. When any person remarks about the great improvement, we never fail to tell them that we attribute his gain in strength and general health, to the free use of Postum and this has led many friends to use it for themselves and children.

"I have always cautioned friends to whom I have spoken about Postum, to follow directions in making it, for unless it is boiled fifteen or twenty minutes, it is quite tasteless. On the other hand, when properly made, it is very delicious. I want to thank you for the benefits we have derived from the use of your Postum."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Does Not Stimulate

Ayer's Sarsaparilla does not stimulate. It does not make you feel better one day, then as bad as ever the next. It is not a strong drink. No reaction after you stop using it. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. You have the steady, even gain that comes from a strong tonic and alterative. We wish you would ask your doctor about this. He knows. Trust him. Do as he says. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

What are Ayer's Pills? Liver Pills. How long have they been sold? Nearly sixty years. Do doctors recommend them? Ask your own doctor and find out.

Your Profit From $1,100 A Week

THE makers of Clothcraft Clothes spend $1,100 a week for inspection alone. They do this to insure you of clothes without flaw or defect. Yet they are not satisfied. They continually strive to improve.

Before your suit left the factory it had to pass rigid examinations by ninety-five inspectors. This is one striking feature of Clothcraft scientific tailoring.

You can be sure that Clothcraft Clothes are of pure wool and have lasting style. Clothcraft Clothes are the only guaranteed all-wool clothes selling at $10 to $25.

CLOTHCRAFT
All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

The suit you have been waiting for is waiting for you.

The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere Proprietor

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AIMS

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

Merchants State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

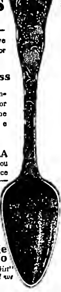
RED LAKE FALLS

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AT THE BALL GAME

or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.



SUNKIST ORANGES

Your Choice From 10,000,000 Orange Trees

We pack 60 per cent of California's orange crop—three-fourths of its lemons. From this great quantity we choose the solid, tree-ripened, deliciously flavored fruit for our special brand, "SUNKIST."

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

They are always packed in wrappers bearing the name "Sunkist." Be sure the oranges you get have these wrappers, for they not only insure you the finest oranges that can be grown, but for every twelve you send us we will give you a

Handsome Orange Spoon FREE

These spoons are Rogers' Best Quality Standard AA—a beautiful pattern designed especially for us. You couldn't buy anything more handsome, no matter what price you paid. Think how quickly you can get an entire set—a most attractive addition to your table service.

Buy a dozen "Sunkist" Oranges or Lemons today, and send us the wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay for postage, packing, etc. You will get your first spoon by return mail.

Address **California Fruit Growers' Exchange**
34 Clark St. :: :: CHICAGO

Buy "Sunkist" Lemons as well as "Sunkist" Oranges. The fruit is equally fine, and we accept lemon wrappers for spoons.

SUNKIST LEMONS

17

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for **HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC.** Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers. ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, - - - MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN E. KING C. R. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Milwaukee's socialist mayor promises to make the city famous for other things than beer.

If John Lind really doesn't care for that nomination he'll have the time of his life dodging it.

The returns from the St. Paul election indicate that the much abused assessor is an important factor in city campaigns.

The Democratic state convention has been called to meet at Minneapolis July 28. The county convention will be held July 23, and the primaries July 20.

Some folks see a notable Republican victory in the election of Mayor Keller at St. Paul. To the informed, however, it is only an indication that Billy Hamm has changed his allegiance.

Sentor Hanson has made the expected announcement of his candidacy for re-election. With two candidates from Beltrami county in the field it would seem as though the chances favored Hanson.

King George V is the new king of England and the British Empire. But the king is a good deal of a figurehead, and no one seems to know or care whether or not he has distinguished qualifications for the job.

The census bureau estimate is that Minnesota will have a population of 2,250,000, a gain of nearly half a million in the decade. Nearly five-sixths o this growth is in the twin cities and the northern part of the state.

A Wisconsin automobile manufacturer died last week leaving an estate of $2,000,000. This will easily be understood by the man who paid $3000 for a machine and then sold it in order to keep up with the times by investing $7000 in a new one.

Mankato is the first city in Minnesota to adopt the commission form of government, and an election is to be held next week to elect the first board of commissioners. Senator S. D. Works who will deliver the commencement address in Red Lake Falls, is the author of the bill authorizing this change in the form of municipal government and to him belongs the glory for the sentiment created in his home town for the new era.

"Elder" Stewart, one of the eccentric characters of Minneapolis died last week and leaves an estate variously from six to fifteen millions. Mr. Stewart's habits were peculiar, and he was universally regarded as a miser, but since his death many instances of acts of charity performed unostentatiously have come to light, and it is expected that practically all of his vast fortune will ultimately go to public and private charity.

The Browns Valley Tribune says that "some politicians seem to think that the only things they should publicly favor when seeking an important office is good weather, good crops for the farmers, a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year." This is the kind of a platform that many candidates who see breakers ahead would like to see adopted. And if they could guarantee its fulfillment it would be a happy solution for our political difficulties.

The Litchfield News-Ledger makes this wholesome suggestion: Why not confine the duties of the president of the senate and the speaker of the house strictly to that of presiding officer. Let a committee from each branch of the legislature, comprising a member from each judicial district, be named by each body as a whole immediately after the convening of the legislature and this committee recommend all standing committees, subject to the approval of their respective houses.

The sudden death of King Edward has cast a gloom over the civilized world. He was a good king, as kings go, and was broader-gaged than any previous ruler of the British empire. There are grave fears that his son, King George, is not the diplomat or politician as was his father, and the English people, especially in the colonies, are disposed to resent dictatorship and petty impositions. There is a possibility that George may be the last king of England, and that a democratic government in keeping with the spirit of the Magna Charta may supersede the present monarchial form—for it is a form, pure and simple, and the king is largely a figurehead and a pleasant fiction.

The Montevideo Leader makes this criticism of recent railroad legislation: "Years ago we heard a great deal about the long and short haul and there was a great deal of legislation proposed and some enacted to protect the people against the discriminating practices of the railroads whereby they gave the benefits to the large centers regardless of distance and the smaller inland towns suffer in consequence. We cannot see that there has been very much accomplished in the interest of the country towns as a result of that legislation. The railroads do just as they please and the state government railroad commissioners do not seem to care. There is the rankest kind of discrimination going on and the country towns continue to get it in the neck"

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the only emulsion imitated. The reason is plain—it's the best. Insist upon having *Scott's*—it's the world's standard flesh and strength builder.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Fairmont Sentinel says that an article in the current number of Hampton's Magazine shows plainly that regardless of the facts brought out at the hearing, Ballinger is to be whitewashed. It is shown that a majority of those appointed on the investigating committee are either directly interested in some of the Alaskan grabs or are attorneys for the corporations which are trying to get possession of everything worth $1 in the territory. It does not spare Taft, it being made apparant that he is serving the interests, though it gives him credit for being hood-winked by the schemers. Even our own Senator Nelson, chairman of the committee, is not free from a shadow. The gang of exploiters have named a town in Alaska after him to make him feel good, of course.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

LeSueur News: It is a mistake to suppose the insurgents in congress are leading the people. They are merely serving them. They hear the voice at home and obey. They are trying to earn their salaries by obedience, even if nothing stands to their credit on the record sheet.

Princeton Union: Some of the little hireling newspaper editors are working overtime to convince the boss that they, the little hirelings, are earning their hire by damning Bob Dunn and other Republicans who do not worship at the shrine of the accidental governor.

Winona Independent: We are in the habit of looking at Russia as a country of snow and ice, yet last year it raised over 30,000,000 bushels more wheat than the United States. If Russia were a free country like ours the tide of immigration might turn east instead of west.

Bemidji Pioneer: Dr. Mary Walker is the author of the bill to exempt from arrest women who choose to wear men's clothes. Mary is right. So long as a woman can decorate her head with the hair of a defunct Chinaman, why not allow her to wear trousers? Especially as an eminent authority says that she can do so without their bagging at the knee.

Warroad Commonwealth: The Republican bosses seem to forget that the people want certain things and don't care at all what party they get them through. But the bosses will wake up in the morning of the 9th of next November to find that the people have forgotten to a great extent, that there ever was a Republican party.

St. Cloud Times: Minnesota is pretty well fixed financially its credit is A1, its warrants at par and its money box bursting with dollars. It has on hand the tidy little sum of $3,360,000. This is $1,220,000 more than the state had at the corresponding time last year The increase is due largely to the gain in the railroad receipts. The receipts from the railroads this year so far are $7,442,400.05. Last year they were $22,072,592.55. The day is approaching when the railroads will pay in sufficient to defray all the expenses of the state proper.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: A man who tells you he is wise is otherwise.

It's easier to become a hero than it is to hold the job.

Most people think ghosts are white, but they are all shades.

Trouble is about the only thing you can find without looking for it.

A woman who has a good figure isn't necessarily good at figures.

A man isn't inevitably crooked because he can't keep his face straight.

A man is always finding fault with the weather or his wife's actions.

Candor is one of the principal ingredients in the trouble-maker's composition.

Instead of looking for a man under the bed the spinster should look for one under an auto.

Most women would order corned beef and cabbage in a restaurant if it had a high-sounding name.

Dont worry about your own funeral. You will be present of course but the proceedings will not interest you at all.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Back of the desire of man to argue is his passion to hear his own voice.

There's nothing so easy as to get contempt for a thing you try to gain, but it's beyond your reach.

A girl is very farsighted to make a man so attentive while she can, which is before she marries him.

Nothing makes a man more indignant than for his wife not to appreciate how sick he is when he isn't.

The funny thing about people with red hair is how mad they can get trying to prove it doesnt give them a bad temper.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.
Feb., 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Torol A. Momrak of Plummer, Minnesota, who, on Dec. 20, 1904, made H. E. No. 23914 serial No. 01772, for NW¼ SW¼ Section 13, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 10th day of June 1910.

Ole Anderson, Hjalmer H. Fredrickson, Bjor M. Harbalen, Aslak A. Momrak, all of Plummer, Minnesota.

a28j09 ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Astred Homme Hegland.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Astred Homme Hegland, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Gunder B. Hegland and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this sixth day of May, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON
Probate Judge.

Court Seal
Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Petitioner. 12-m26

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Ovide Moreau

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ovide Moreau, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Moreau, Ovide Moreau, Arthur Moreau and Rose Moreau and Frezildie Moreau and all other persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Frezildie Moreau having been filed in this court, representing that Ovide Moreau, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 25th. day of September 1908, and praying that letters of administration of said estate be granted to Theo. Garceau, and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. why said petition should not be granted

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 6th. day of May 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge

Court Seal
F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. 12-m26

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the tenth day of June A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 9th day of May, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal } A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Reiner, Star, Goodridge and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows. Commencing at the South-east corner of Section thirty-two (32) Township One Hundred fifty-four (154) Range thirty nine (39) running thence due west on the Town Line between Townships One Hundred Fifty-three (153) and One Hundred Fifty-four (154) a distance of seven (7) miles and terminating at the Southwest corner of Section thirty-two (32) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) range forty [40] into Branch No. 1 of County Ditch No. 29 as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed and establish such Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated April 18th, 1910.

Ole T. Bratland
Alois Srnsky
Ole O. Johnsgaard
Edwin Hanson
Joseph Stangel
Joseph V. Hoffman
Albert Trnka
Anton Fort
Emrick K. Rime
Ole Geving

—Petitioners.

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S. S. S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S. S. S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S. S. S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.

THOS. POTTS.
111 Main St., Johnston City., Pa.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

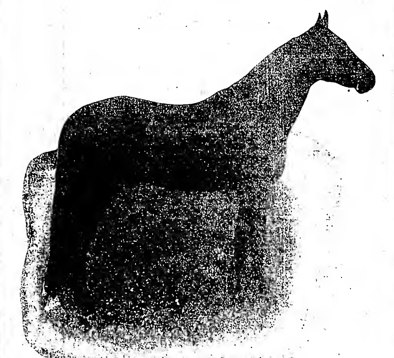
A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. F. L. W. Fargo, N. D.



The Elder 2:15 1-2, by Trustmont-Minnie R.

Owned by Thomas Whalen, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

About three years ago, at the Tri-State Fair, at Sioux City, Iowa, there was an especially strong field of green pacers in the 2:27 class, and after the first two heats had been reeled off in 2:10½, each won by Pat C., the Alcantarus mare, Miss Terrace, won the third heat in 2:11 and finally won the race. The Minnesota horse, The Elder, was close up in all five heats and won third money in this race. The following year he took a record of 2.15½ over the Hamline track during the Minnesota State Fair. As will be seen by the illustration, The Elder is a horse of fine individuality and has shown himself to have plenty of speed. His sire is Trustmont, 16926, a son of Piedmont, 2:17¼. His dam was the well known trotting mare, Minnie R., 2:29¼, who took her record at Fargo, N. D., some twelve years ago, and was by Cyclone, a son of Colonna, 4635, that the late Dr. S. C. Curryor brought to Minnesota in the early days. Colonna, a brother of Nutwood, was a son of Belmont and his dam was Lady McKinney, the dam of Nil Desperandum, 2:24. In view of the fact that the sire of The Elder was out of a daughter of Messenger Duroc, 106, and that his second dam was by America Star, 14, it will be seen that The Elder has inheritance of the stoutest kind of trotting blood. The horse is owned by Thomas Whalen, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. He was bred by Alex Faulkner, of Hutchinson, Minn., and was trained and raced by Frank Avery of the same place.—**The Horseman and Stockman.**

[illegible] Healthful Qualities to the Food
[illegible] Flour, Butter and Eggs
ROYAL
[illegible] Powder
[illegible] baking powder [illegible] Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
[illegible] Phosphate

[illegible]
E. [illegible] Blake & Co.
60 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
[illegible]

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
[illegible] injections
IN THREE DAYS
[illegible] internal treatment [illegible] all inclination to [illegible] craving or appetite for
HOME TREATMENT
[illegible] directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
[illegible] Write today [illegible] free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
[illegible] Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

LYLE
CULVERTS
[illegible]
RUST PROOF
[illegible]

SHIP GRAIN
[illegible] best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, [illegible] and Annie M. [illegible] on the [illegible] day of February, A. D. [illegible] execute and deliver to the [illegible] Brewing Company of [illegible] a certain promissory note and mortgage [illegible] the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars [illegible] the power of sale therein contained [illegible] mortgage was duly recorded in [illegible] the Register of Deeds in and for the [illegible] Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] March [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock A. M. in [illegible] of Mortgages on Page One [illegible] and

WHEREAS default having been made in the [illegible] of said principal sum of [illegible] Nine Hundred Dollars [illegible] to [illegible] interest thereon from February 13th [illegible] rate of six per cent per annum [illegible] is claimed to be due and was due [illegible] of this notice upon said note and [illegible] the aforesaid [illegible] Heineman Brewing [illegible] and

WHEREAS further default has been made by [illegible] the mortgagors to pay the taxes in accordance [illegible] the terms of said mortgage, for the [illegible] and [illegible] amounting to One Hundred [illegible] Dollars and Eleven Cents [illegible] amount has been paid by the [illegible] and

WHEREAS further default has been made by [illegible] the mortgagors to keep the property [illegible] the benefit of the mortgagee in the [illegible] Hundred Dollars [illegible] in accordance [illegible] of said Mortgage the [illegible] for which insurance amounting [illegible] Dollars the mortgagee has paid.

WHEREAS said power of sale has become [illegible] and no action or proceeding having [illegible] instituted at law or otherwise to recover the [illegible] secured by said mortgage, or any part [illegible]

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given [illegible] the power of sale contained in [illegible] mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such [illegible] made and provided, said mortgage will be [illegible] by sale of the mortgaged premises described and conveyed by said mortgage, said [illegible] and real estate being situated in the [illegible] of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, and [illegible] as follows, to-wit: [illegible] Red Lake Falls, according to [illegible] the Register of Deeds in and for said Red [illegible] State of Minnesota [illegible] the Sheriff of said Red Lake county [illegible] front door of the Court House in the City [illegible] Red Lake Falls, in said County and State [illegible] [illegible] the said amount of principal, interest, taxes and insurance [illegible] [illegible] Forty-Dollars and Ninety-eight Cents [illegible]

[illegible] HEINEMAN BREWING COMPANY,
by [illegible]
Secretary.

[illegible]
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

[illegible] Minn.,
[illegible] Red Lake [illegible]

[illegible] given that an application has [illegible] to the city council of said [illegible] Red Lake Falls and filed in my office, [illegible] license to sell intoxicating liquors for [illegible] commencing on the 11th day of May [illegible] and terminating on the 11th day of May [illegible]

DAN CHAMPLAU

[illegible] as stated in his said application [illegible] [illegible] on Lot [illegible] Block [illegible] of [illegible] Addition to Red Lake [illegible] application will be heard and determined [illegible] city council at the next regular [illegible] the 12th [illegible] at 8 o'clock P. M., of that day. [illegible] and corporate seal of said [illegible] 25th day of April, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk

[illegible]

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
[illegible] to dig and prepare wells [illegible] the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 7th day of May, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

(County Auditor's Seal)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Town of Deer Park in said county of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Description of Main Ditch.

Commencing at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter (SW¼) of Section five (5) in Township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range forty (40) west, Deer Park Township, running thence due south on the section line between Sections five (5) and six (6), and between Sections seven (7) and eight (8), and between Sections seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), and between nineteen (19) and twenty (20), and between twenty-one (21) and thirty (30), and between thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32), all in said town and range and terminating in the Clearwater river as its outlet where the said section line intersects the said river.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing eighty (80) rods west of the northeast corner of Section fifteen (15) in Township one hundred fifty-two (152) Range forty (40), running thence west on the section line between Sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), and between Sections nine (9) and sixteen (16), and between Sections eight (8) and seventeen (17) and terminating at the northwest corner of said Section seventeen (17) into the main ditch as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 2, commencing at the northwest corner of Section eighteen (18) in Township one hundred fifty-two (152) Range forty (40), running thence east on the section line between said Section eighteen (18) and seven (7) in said town and range and terminating at the northeast corner of said Section eighteen (18) into the main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 23rd, 1910.

John Polbrook.
M. E. Hyland
Mike Kolski
Gunder T. Anderson
Amund Mandt
Peder E. Reesla
Pete Gustafson
Ole J. Lande.
Torvel F. Lunde.
George Singer.
Edward Singer,
Knut E. Syversrud.
Petitioners.

m12 26

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, on the 10th day of June A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, [illegible] this 7th day of May, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

(County Auditor's Seal)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Deer Park and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing [illegible] south of [illegible] in Township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of Range forty (40) [illegible] running thence due south on the section line between [illegible] Sections [illegible] and [illegible] in said [illegible] and [illegible] thirty-three [illegible] to the town line between Townships one hundred fifty-two (152) and one hundred fifty-one (151), thence [illegible] thence due south on the section line between Sections [illegible] [illegible] natural water course [illegible] river and [illegible]

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing at the northwest corner of the south [illegible] eight (8) [illegible] Range [illegible] on the section line between [illegible] thirty-three [illegible] corner of [illegible] main ditch [illegible]

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 25, 1910.

Ole Skreland.
C. O. Swanson.
M. E. Hyland.
Tobias Olson.
Knut Olson.
Petitioners.

m12 m26

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 10th day of May, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

(Seal) By Joseph Perrault, Deputy

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Silverton and Smiley in said county of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of Section ten (10) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) range forty-two (42) Town of Silverton, Red Lake county, Minnesota, running thence due south on the section line between Sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) in said town, and between Sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) and between Sections twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28), and between Sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34), to the town line between Towns of Silverton and Smiley, continuing thence due south on the section line between Sections three (3) and four (4), in Township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty-two (42) Town of Smiley, and between Sections nine (9) and ten (10) in said town last named, to a point where the said section line intersects the Red Lake river and terminating in the said Red Lake river as its outlet.

A description of Branch ditch No. 1, commencing at the northwest corner of Section two (2) in Township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty-two (42) Smiley township, running thence due south on the section line between said Section two (2) and Section three (3), to the southwest corner of said Section two (2), running thence due west on the section line between Sections three (3) and ten (10) and terminating into the main ditch as herein petitioned for at the southeast corner of Section three (3) as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such public ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated May 4th, 1910.

Sam S. Huseby.
Fred Burdick.
Peter Schindler.
Halvor H. Hjelden.
Hans G. Skogstad.
Ole Homme.
Nils Buringrud.
Andro Breznay.
Sam Johnson.
Chas. Fisher.
Carl Beiswinger.
C. H. Helland,
Krist Larson.
Petitioners

m12 26

LAMBERT.

The school at Lambert is closed for the term, owing to Diptheria.

Miss Persse, the Lambert school teacher, expects to leave for her home in Red Lake Falls on Monday.

Mrs. F. Lambert has a slight attack of the grippe.

Omer Bergeron has commenced work at the Lambert cheese factory having bought out the half share formerly belonging to Louis Parenteau.

Misses Edna Swanson and Eugenie Bergeron and Mr. Albert Bergeron spent Sunday afternoon at A. Paquin's.

Miss Laura Gibeau is home after a three weeks' absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Boucher and son, Favier, spent Sunday evening at the C. Robideau home.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bergeron called at the home of Joe Beaudoin last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Joe Belland is seriously ill at her home near Lambert.

Miss Eugenie Bergeron visited at A. Bergeron's last Tuesday.

Miss Edna Swanson returned last Monday to her duties as teacher of Buck Town school after a weeks' absence caused by the death of her brother, S. A. Swanson.

Supt. Anderson and Supt. Erickson from Douglass county visited the Buck Town school last Tuesday, giving an instructive and entertaining talk in regard to the grain, cooking and sewing contest to be held in the fall.

Albert Bergeron has been working on the new railroad for the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Robideau made a business trip to Brooks last Friday.

M. Joe Bergeron went to Brooks last Friday on business.

The Dance at Brooks last Saturday night was well attended.

Spring work around Lambert and Buck Town is drawing to a close.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Belland, a pair of twins, last Saturday.

Mr. Eugene Parenteau is visiting with his sister, Mrs Caleste Robideaux, this week.

BROOKS.

Miss Delia Pegeon is back from Crookston.

Mr. Joe Bouchea, a brother of Sam Bouchea, was a caller here Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Will Hart drove to Red Lake Falls Saturday, returning Monday.

Mr. Premo went to Red Lake Falls Monday.

Ralph Thompson and Jim O'Burn, accompanied by Misses Mary Benoit and Rose Lambert, drove to Terrebonne Thursday.

Freight being so late Saturday made it quite bad for some of the passengers.

We expect to have a base ball game at Brooks Sunday.

TERREBONNE.

Doree Laurent and Miss Liza Laurent of Crookston were guests of Homer Laurent last Sunday.

Mrs. Julius Pleth and her housekeeper from Plummer attended service last Sunday.

Rev. Fr. Roy of Lambert spent a day at the French rectory.

Isaac Fournier, jr. had his house repaired and furnished for a life companion—so the report goes.

Born, on the Ascension day, May 5, a girl, to Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Desrosiers. Josaphat Landry and Miss Amanda Desrosiers stood for the child.

Born, May 5, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Quesnelle, a boy.

Born, May 5, a girl, to Mr. and Mrs. Ls. Elveas Perrault at Montor.

Jos. Helm and Miss Cyr spent Sunday at Terrebonne.

Mrs. Kinnesek of Syndey Lake, Minn., is here visiting Mr. and Mrs. Conners.

Dr. Allaire and Billy Hunt of Brooks came here last week to fish. They returned home leaving all the fish unmolested in the river!

160 Acres, A Bargain.

This land lays fine, well drained and is the So. West quarter of Section 21, Lambert township. This land is convenient to Brooks P. O., schools, churches, etc. As I am far away from it will sell it cheap, give long time and low rate of interest. Address Peter W. Decker, 74 Monroe St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places: Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested will stop at places between the rivers.—Victor Delage, Owner.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, mortgagee, dated February [illegible], 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota on April 24th, 1902, at 8 o'clock and ten minutes p. m. in book [illegible] of mortgages on page [illegible] that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years [illegible] and 1909, amounting to [illegible]; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises [illegible]; that the amount claimed and hereby declared to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract is one thousand one hundred thirty two and [illegible] dollars [illegible]; that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northwest quarter and north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred fifty one (151) north of range forty-two (42) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres, according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided [illegible] the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 28th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, Mortgagee.

B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee, m5 je16
Slayton, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, mortgagee, dated February [illegible], 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902 at [illegible] o'clock and [illegible] p. m. in book [illegible] of mortgages on page [illegible]; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years [illegible] amounting to [illegible]; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises [illegible]; that the amount claimed and hereby declared to be due [illegible] ($1033.[illegible]) [illegible] described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northeast quarter of section twenty one (21) township one hundred fifty one (151) north of range forty-two (42) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred sixty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute [illegible] the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 28th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited
Mortgagee

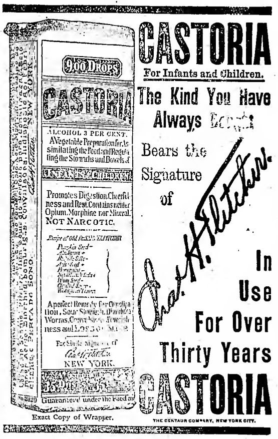
B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee m5 je16
Slayton, Minn.

Open for Business

I have just opened my new store at Wylie with a good general stock—Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, etc. I invite the people of Wylie and vicinity to call at the store and inspect my stock. I hope to make you my regular customer and will make good goods at fair prices an inducement for you to trade here.

EGGS TAKEN IN TRADE.

NICK ECKSTEIN
Wylie, Minn.


CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.
900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
NEW YORK.
Guaranteed under the Food and
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss.

In the Matter of the Petition of [illegible] Bjerke and Others for [illegible] County of Red Lake [illegible] Number [illegible] County Ditch No. [illegible]

Notice is Hereby Given [illegible] in the office of [illegible] said County, praying for [illegible] public ditch, designated [illegible] County Auditor of said County [illegible] Ditch No. 96.

A description of said ditch [illegible]

The said ditch is located [illegible] township one hundred [illegible] forty [illegible] Commencing at [illegible] north of the southeast corner of [illegible] thence running due west [illegible] and twenty (20) feet north of [illegible] sections twelve (12) and thirteen [illegible] eleven (11) and fourteen (14) to a point twenty (20) feet north and [illegible] feet east of the southeast corner of [illegible] extending due south [illegible] feet east of the [illegible] fourteen (14) and [illegible] and twenty-three (23), to a point twenty [illegible] east and twenty (20) feet north of the [illegible] west corner of section twenty three [illegible] extending due west and [illegible] (20) feet north of [illegible] [illegible] distance of seventeen hundred [illegible] (1771) feet to a [illegible] [illegible] of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned [illegible] that the names of the owners of [illegible] the names of the Municipal [illegible] that will be affected by the construction of said ditch [illegible] Talleck T. Ose, Victor [illegible] Dahlen, [illegible] Bjerke, Toflef O. Lovland [illegible] Citizens State [illegible] [illegible] and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed [illegible] Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed [illegible] made a report thereon and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor, and [illegible] Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed [illegible] filed their report in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 27th day of May, [illegible] at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County [illegible] o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition [illegible] and viewers report thereon [illegible] interested in the construction [illegible] invited to appear and be heard [illegible] County Board [illegible] construction of said ditch.

[illegible] A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

(Seal)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by [illegible] and [illegible] his wife, as mortgagors, to Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Minnesota corporation, mortgagee, bearing date January 28th, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of January 1903 in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page [illegible]

Said default consists in the non-payment of [illegible] sum of four hundred [illegible] dollars ($[illegible]) dated January 28th, [illegible] mortgagors to said mortgagee [illegible] bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum [illegible] of fifty dollars [illegible] the [illegible] day of March, 1903 [illegible] and the interest thereon [illegible] except the sum of $[illegible]

By reason of such default, the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

The property described in said mortgage, and therein mortgaged, is lots numbered [illegible] eighty-one (81) and ten, (10) in Block [illegible] Champagne [illegible] Addition to Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof [illegible] on record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

There is claimed to be due and is due upon said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of $[illegible]

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the county Court house in Red Lake Falls, in said county, on Wednesday, the [illegible] day of June, 1910 at eleven o'clock a. m. of that day, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and fifty dollars attorney's fees [illegible] with the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1910.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Mortgagee.

Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer,
Duluth, Minnesota m[illegible]
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissapation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3861 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market
A. C. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

J. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
[illegible] over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
[illegible] Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
[illegible] Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A hall. Samuel Gibeau, Pres., [illegible] Breu [illegible]

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets [illegible] Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall [illegible] are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. [illegible] V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S. [illegible] F. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

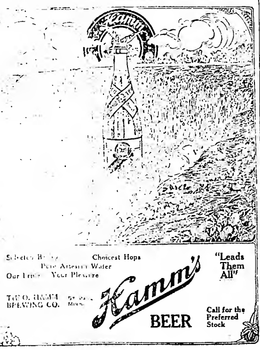
CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. [illegible] Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman [illegible] Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday [illegible] and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday [illegible] and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

Reliable Active Agents
Wanted to sell the wonderful
Bennett Portable Typewriter
In this county.
It has writing efficiency of expensive machines. Will sell on sight—well advertised. Big money in it for the right party.
Write today F. S. BENNETT TYPEWRITER CO.
366 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.


Selected Barley Choicest Hops
Pure Artesian Water
Our Pride Your Pleasure
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO. St. Paul, Minn.
Hamm's BEER
"Leads Them All"
Call for the Preferred Stock

BACKACHE!

Suffered Over Nine Months, Nothing Relieved Me Until I Took PE-RU-NA.

MRS. JOSEPH LACELLE.

Mrs. Joseph Lacelle, 121 Bronson St., Ottawa, East, Ontario, Canada, writes: "I suffered with **backache and headache** for over nine months and nothing relieved me until I took Peruna. This medicine is by far better than any other medicine for these troubles. A few bottles relieved me of my miserable, half-dead, half-alive condition."

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE—To demonstrate the value of Peruna in all catarrhal troubles we will send you a sample bottle absolutely free by mail.

The merit and success of Peruna is so well known to the public that our readers are advised to send for sample bottle. Address the Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio. Don't forget to mention you read this generous offer in this……………………

If in need of advice write our Medical Department, stating your case fully. Our physician in charge will send you advice free, together with literature containing common sense rules for health, which you cannot afford to be without.

REASON FOR SOBRIETY.

"Say, Sam, is yo' afraid of snakes?" "Deed I is; I done swore aff six months ago."

Civilization and Missions.

There is a question that is larger than government or trade, and that is the moral well-being of the vast millions who have come under the protection of modern governments. The representative of the Christian religion must have his place side by side with the man of government and trade, and for generations that representative must be supplied in the person of the foreign missionary from America and Europe. Civilization can only be permanent and continue a blessing to any people if, in addition to promoting their material well-being, it also stands for an orderly individual liberty, for the growth of intelligence and for equal justice in the administration of law. Christianity alone meets these fundamental requirements. The change of sentiment in favor of the foreign missionary in a single generation has been remarkable.

Evidently Not.

They had met at Bluepoint, L. I., two years before and were celebrating it by a little dinner at a cafe.

"I shall never forget how we became acquainted," he was saying. "So romantic. In swimming. That was when I first saw you. You went into three feet of water and got frightened. I rescued you from a watery grave and we were friends at once." He called the waiter. "Bring me the wine list," he said, explaining: "Because we began our acquaintance in a watery way, it needn't always be watery."

Getting Old.

"Was your wife pleased with that birthday gift you took home last night?"

"Delighted! She said that I didn't seem to have a thing to do but to sit around and remember her birthdays."

Physical Messengers.

He (gushingly)—Your eyes tell me much.

She (icily)—Your breath tells me more.—Cornell Widow.

Strength of Legs Differ.

In 54 cases out of every hundred the left leg is stronger than the right.

EXPOSURE TO COLD

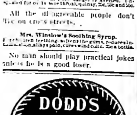
is the first step to Pneumonia. Take Perry Davis' Painkiller and the danger is averted. Unrivaled for sore throat, quinsy, &c. 25c, 35c and 50c.

All the disagreeable people don't live on cross streets.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

No man should play practical jokes unless he is a good loser.



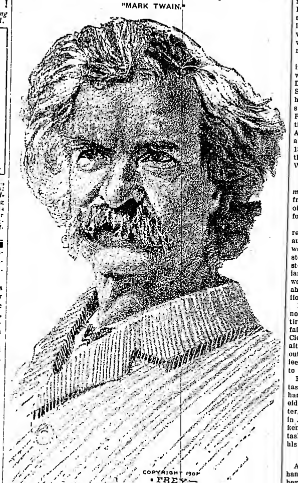
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

SAMUEL LANGHORNE CLEMENS

"MARK TWAIN."



DEATH OF "MARK TWAIN," THE GREAT AMERICAN HUMORIST.

Early Struggles and Adventures, Followed by Years of Successful Literary Work--Later Days Saddened by Deaths and Financial Reverses.

Redding, Connecticut. — Samuel Langhorn Clemens, "Mark Twain," died painlessly of angina pectoris. He lapsed into coma at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and never recovered consciousness.

It was the end of a man outworn by grief and acute agony of body.

Wednesday was a bad day for the little knot of anxious watchers at the bedside. For long hours the grey, aquiline features lay mounded in the inertia of death, while the pulse sank lower and lower, but late at night Mark Twain passed from stupor into the first natural sleep he had known since he returned from Bermuda and he woke refreshed, even faintly cheerful, and in full possession of all his faculties.

He recognized his daughter, Clara (Mrs. Ossip Gabrilovitch), spoke a rational word or two and feeling himself unequal to conversation wrote out in pencil: "Give me my glasses."

They were his last words.

Laying them aside he sank first into reverie and later into final unconsciousness.

Samuel Langhorne Clemens, America's foremost humorist and known the world over as "Mark Twain" was born in the little town of Hannibal, Mo., on November 30, 1835.

His father, John Marshall Clemens, came from an old Virginia family, and with his young wife, Elizabeth Lampton, a descendant of the early settlers of Kentucky, he joined the sturdy band of pioneers who pushed over the Alleghanies in the early part of the last century and settled along the banks of the Mississippi river.

In the uncouth environment of the then little frontier town of Hannibal the famous author spent his boyhood days. Here he fished, hunted and lounged along the river banks with his sturdy companions, living a healthy outdoor existence, which undoubtedly accounted for his long life, in the face of his many afflictions.

He attended the little school, but not being of a very studious disposition, he learned far more from contact with the rough companions whom he immortalized in later years as "Huckleberry Finn" and "Tom Sawyer," and others of their type.

The life of a steamboat pilot had always appealed to his youthful imagination, and now that he had grown to manhood, he resolved to realize his ambition. He was fortunate enough to become a pupil of Horace Bixby, and he was soon guiding the awkward river craft along the tortuous channel of the muddy stream.

The idea of his becoming an author had never entered his mind at that time, but he absorbed enough of the pilot life to enable him to describe the difficulties encountered in guiding a boat along the great river in his "Life on the Mississippi River," which he wrote many years later.

In 1862 he began his first regular literary work on the staff of the Virginia City Enterprise. He wrote a column daily, dealing with the political situation in the state, that attracted wide attention. These articles he signed with the nom de plume "Mark Twain," which he had heard sung out on the Mississippi steamers to let the pilot know that the sounding showed two fathoms of water.

In March of 1867, "Twain" published his first book, "The Jumping Frog of Calaveras County." The book made quite a stir in that part of the country, but only 4,000 copies were sold. It attracted the attention, however, of the editor of the Alta California, who sent the author out as a newspaper correspondent on a steamboat excursion to southern Europe and the Orient.

His letters were published from time to time, and in 1869 the author revised them and published them in book form under the title of "The Innocents Abroad." This work made "Mark Twain" famous and compelled his recognition as America's foremost humorist. In the first 16 months, 85,000 volumes were sold, and many more subsequently. This was a record sale for those days.

Marries Miss Langdon.

It was on his trip in the Mediterranean that "Mark Twain" met Olivia L. Langdon of Elmira, N. Y. They fell in love with each other, and in 1870 were married. Their married life was one of perfect harmony and four children blessed their union.

Mr. Clemens resided in Buffalo for a year after his marriage, and was nominally the editor of the Buffalo Express. In 1871 he joined the literary colony at Hartford, Conn., where he lived for a great many years, and where he did the greater part of the work that has made his name immortal.

In 1872 "Roughing It" appeared, and in the same year "The Gilded Age," written in collaboration with Charles Dudley Warner, was published. "Tom Sawyer" came in 1876, and "Huckleberry Finn" nine years later. Of the stories with an historical setting "The Prince and the Pauper," "A Connecticut Yankee at the Court of King Arthur," and "Personal Recollections of Joan of Arc," appeared in 1882, 1890 and 1894 respectively. In 1893 that curious philosopher, "Pudd'nhead Wilson," made his bow.

Misfortune Dogs Him.

But while the great humorist was meeting with well-deserved success from a literary standpoint, the imps of misfortune seemed to dog his very footsteps.

In 1884 he conceived the idea of reaping the publisher's as well as the author's profits from some of his works. Accordingly he organized a stock company known as C. L. Webster & Co., in which he was the largest stockholder, to publish his works. He had accumulated considerable wealth and was rated as a millionaire.

His financial ability, however, was none of the best, and in 1894 his entire fortune was swept away by the failure of the publishing house. Mr. Clemens was abroad at the time, and although 60 years of age, he started out on a tour of the globe, delivering lectures and writing articles in order to pay the debts of the defunct firm.

He had scarcely begun his great task when fate struck him another hard blow. This was the death of his eldest and most accomplished daughter, Miss Olivia S. Clemens, who died in August, 1896, at the age of 24. Broken in spirit, he continued his great task and in two years he had paid off his debts.

Wife Passes Away.

As if in sympathy with her husband's misfortunes, his wife's health began to fail. He moved to Florence, Italy, in the hope that the mild climate would restore her, but it proved of no avail, and on November 6, 1904, she died in that far off land.

About this time the humorist met H. H. Rogers, the Standard Oil magnate, and the men became fast friends. Rogers gave his literary friend the aid of his financial experience, and Clemens was soon in possession of a comfortable income.

And now misfortune selected another weapon with which to attack the white-haired author. Heretofore his books had escaped harsh criticisms, but in November, 1907, "Tom Sawyer" and "Huckleberry Finn," his boy masterpieces, were withheld from youths by the Brooklyn public libraries, as "unfit for young minds." Comptroller Joy of Detroit, Mich., declared his work, "A Double-Barrelled Detective Story," was "literary junk, unfit for a public library," and a Massachusetts public library refused to give shelf room to his "Eve's Diary," declaring that the book was "shocking."

Worn out by his lectures, after dinner speeches and misfortunes, "Twain" purchased a farm in Redding, Conn., and erected a $40,000 villa, which he called "Stormfield." With his two daughters, Clara and Jean, he moved there in 1908, and settled down to a life of ease.

But a series of fresh misfortunes was in store for him. He had vigorously denounced the rule of the late King Leopold II. in the Kongo Free State, and just when the reform movement was at its height, his ill health compelled him to abandon his work.

The "Children's Theater," which was founded by "Mark Twain" in New York, and which represented one of his life-long ambitions, was forced to close through lack of funds.

Then the humorist and his daughter Clara became involved in a lawsuit over a farm which he had presented to his former secretary, Mrs. Ralph Ashcroft, on her wedding day; and which he later attached on the advice of his daughter.

The facts regarding this disagreeable affair were aired in the press, much to the humiliation of the veteran humorist.

In the early part of 1909 his staunch friend and adviser, H. H. Rogers, died suddenly at his New York home. This great financier and the white haired humorist had been inseparable companions for a number of years. They had made trips to Bermuda together, and when Rogers opened his railroad in Virginia, "Twain" was one of the guests of honor. The author was greatly affected by the financier's sudden death.

In the latter part of 1909, "Twain" made another trip to Bermuda, and on his return his feeble appearance attracted a great deal of attention. Then the last crushing blow came the day before Christmas, when his youngest daughter, Jean, was found dead in the bath tub at his Redding home. The young woman had been a victim of epileptic fits.

Two of the World's Natures.

There are in this world two kinds of natures—those that have wings, and those that have feet—the winged and the walking spirits. The walking are the logicians; the winged are the instinctive and poetic.—Harriet Beecher Stowe.

Beware!

Beware of the man who talks of "the solemn truth." Truth wears many colored and joyous raiment; she of the mournful hue is hypocrisy.—Life.

Teacher Should Rank High.

If education is to do what we hope for our children, it is imperative that the best and most gifted men and women should be attracted into the ranks of teachers and that they should be regarded as filling one of the most highly honored positions in the land.

Sleeps in English Churchyard.

Elihu Yale, from whom the college in New Haven took its name, sleeps in the graveyard at Wrexham church, near Chester, England.

A Reason.

"Do be quiet. Don't you know that there's a visitor in the next room?" said Frances to her little brother. "How do you know? You haven't been in." "But," said Frances, "I heard mamma saying 'My dear' to papa."—Tit-Bits.

Gaily Colored Baboon.

In the Berlin zoo is a baboon with a bright blue and purple face, bright red nose and grayish-white beard and whiskers.

Fatal Flaw in His Theory

Dr. Gulick's Arguments for Matrimonial Felicity Overturned by Application of Logic.

When Dr. Luther H. Gulick, of certain honorable connection with the Russell Sage foundation, allows himself to speculate fondly on the possible domestic felicities which might result from the adoption of a masculine style of dress buttoning up the back instead of the front, he forgets an important particular. That relates to the time when it required more than the services of what is known now to wives as a "kind hooker" to get the head of the family into his togs—when a couple of squires, an armorer, a tinsmith and a blacksmith or two were needed to equip one helmeted man for his day's work, with the fair wife on the side to get the helmet on straight and to strap the laced one's sword about his manly waist.

Dr. Gulick will be sensible of his own confusion when he recalls that this co-operation did not make for the perfect domestic tranquillity so much as he desired in perfectly respectable communities. He will admit he was in error in his theory that if the husband were as dependent on the wife in the matter of hooks as the wife is dependent on him—or maid or neighbor—there would be fewer divorces.

PLEASES SCHURMAN

Cornell President Sees Good in Big Philanthropy Scheme.

Believes Congress Should Grant Request for National Charter—Would Change Only One Small Detail.

Ithaca, N. Y. — In an address before the Council congress on Friday night President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell commended the scheme for the Rockefeller foundation for which congress has been asked for a national charter. President Schurman devoted his entire speech of several thousand words to this subject and in summing up he said:

"I recognize that section No. 2 of the bill, which defines the object of the Rockefeller foundation, authorizes and empowers that foundation to do anything and everything which may promote and advance human civilization, that is to say, morals and religion, art and science, manners and social intercourse, and all that concerns the political, economic, and material well being of individuals and communities. This is a vast field for the exercise of philanthropy.

"But Mr. Rockefeller has conceived a vast scheme of philanthropy, for the benefit of his fellow citizens and mankind. His character, ability and organizing skill are adequate guarantees that he will carry out his schemes wisely and successfully, with incalculable benefit and blessing to mankind. It is in the interest of the nation that he be given a free hand in the exercise of his colossal beneficence. So long as he is active or his influence remains it would be wise and safe to give the foundation the sort of organization he desires. Neither now nor hereafter does it seem necessary to limit the scope of his beneficence, which is coextensive with the efforts of mankind to attain a higher civilization.

"The only change I would desire to see in the proposed bill is the total or partial elimination of the method of selecting trustees by co-operation. The organization might well be left a close corporation, if Mr. Rockefeller so desires, for a generation. But after that time I am confident that it would inure both to the efficiency of the foundation and to the public welfare—to say nothing of the satisfaction of the sentiment of a democracy—if the majority of the trustees were appointed by the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate, or selected by some other high abiding governmental agencies that may fairly be regarded as representing the people of the United States, whose welfare is the primary object of the immense and glorious benefaction."

AIRSHIP RUNS AWAY TO DOOM

Zeppelin II., Belonging to German Army Post, is Wrecked in Gale.

Limburg-an-der-Lahn.—The Zeppelin II., one of the three dirigible balloons of the German government's aerial fleet, ran away and was destroyed. The airship, which was forced to descend here, owing to a storm, encountered whilst attempting a return trip from Homburg to Cologne, broke its moorings and without a crew drifted in a northeasterly direction. A half hour after its escape the dirigible dropped at Weilburg and was smashed to pieces.

Saves Train From Disaster.

Spokane, Wash. — Because the engineer put on brakes after his engine struck a defective switch near North Yakima a Burlington passenger train over the Northern Pacific railroad was saved from disaster. Engineer Gordon of Ellensburg and Fireman Meyers of Pasco were killed.

GIRL IS HELD AS DYNAMITER

Suspected of Wrecking Residence Occupied by Her Former Fiance and His Bride.

Prairie City, Ia. — Suspected of having exploded dynamite which tore almost to atoms the magnificent $12,000 residence of Jesse A. Quick, wealthy farmer, three miles east, Miss Mary Guthrie of Carthage, Ill., has been arrested.

Occupants of the house escaped injury. In the home were Dr. Alexander Hall of Colfax, a former suitor of Miss Guthrie, and his bride, formerly Miss Myrtle Quick.

At one time Miss Guthrie and Dr. Hall were engaged to be married.

Runs for Ball; Drowns.

New York, April 25.—Louis Rose, a ten-year-old boy of Jersey City, running valiantly to catch a foul tip in a baseball game, fell head foremost into a shallow pond and stuck in the mud bottom. He was dead when pulled out.

AUTOS TO CROSS CASCADES

State of Washington to Complete Link in Highway Through Snoqualmie Pass.

Seattle, Wash.—Orders will be given immediately by the state highway commission for the construction of Snoqualmie pass road across the Cascade mountains, connecting the eastern and western sections of the state and completing a transcontinental automobile road. A gap of 15 miles is all that needs to be covered.

LOOK FOR GRAFT CONFESSION

Pittsburg Authorities Suspect Jury Tampering in Bribery Scandal—New Inquiry Begun.

Pittsburg, Pa. — A new grand jury began service. Attention will be given to alleged jury tampering in the recent trial of an indicted councilman. In the aldermanic graft and bribery scandal the doors to the "immunity bath" are still open. Several confessions are expected.

LIMBURGER AND THE LAW

Odorous Compound Responsible for Some Trouble and a Little Alleged "Wit."

"Technically," said Judge Wells to William Rung in the municipal court, "you had the right on your side. However, you chose a form of cruel and unusual punishment that cannot be tolerated by this court. I'll have to fine you one dollar."

It appeared from the evidence that Mr. Rung, who is a stereotyper, sat down to luncheon with Edward Snider, a fellow employe. The piece de resistance of Rung's luncheon consisted of limburger cheese, and Snider, who regards himself as something of a wag, had made certain remarks about the cheese, reflecting particularly on its odor. Thereupon Mr. Rung smeared a piece of the cheese over the humorous Snider's countenance.

"This," said Rung, as he stepped up to pay his fine, "is the kind of justice that smells to heaven."

"That will be about all from you," said the court bailiff; "cheese it!"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Have Their Troubles.

Samuel Gompers, at the recent convention in Washington of the Civic Federation, said of children:

"Children should be protected from other evils besides the one evil of wage slavery, for, when free as air, they have enough trouble, dear knows.

"Walking along an East side street, I came on two tiny tots, the smaller of whom was bawling as if to break his lungs.

"A window opened and a little girl shrieked:

"'Tommy, who's been a-hittin' of ye?'

"'Nobody's been a-hittin' of him,' the larger tot answered. 'He's awallered a worm.'"

Another Instance.

The Fiji cannibal reluctantly produced a quarter in response to the Lightning Calculator's pathetic plea at the psychological moment.

"If you would only cut out the booze," he growled, "and pass up the crap and dice and the handbook thing, you wouldn't have to be touching your friends for a grub-stake so regularly."

"Ah! You're like so many others, my Philistine friend," sighed the Lightning Calculator; "it seems impossible for you to understand the eccentricities of genius!"—Los Angeles Herald.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Real Story.

"Mike is a lobster!" announced Pat, bringing his fist down on the table.

"Now, Pat," we expostulated, "why call him such a name as that?"

"I mane exactly phwat I say. He's nayther more n'r less th'n a lobster. He star'ts out green, all roight, but th' minnit he gits into hot wather, he turns red!"

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Good Illustration.

Mrs. Bridgewhist—What is the subject of Mrs. Suffragette's lecture this afternoon?

Mrs. Clubwoman—The disasters of married life.

Mrs. Bridgewhist—I suppose she will have her husband on the platform as an exhibit?—Stray Stories.

A Great Surprise.

Papa—Ruthie, I shouldn't be surprised if God would send you a little baby brother before long. What would you think of that?

Ruthie—Oh, papa! I think it would be perfectly lovely. And say, papa, let's you and me keep it a surprise for mamma.—Life.

It's Pettit's Eye Salve,

that gives instant relief to eyes, irritated from dust, heat, sun or wind. 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

The World's Volcanoes.

There are 270 active volcanoes in the world, many of them being comparatively small.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Need Care for No One.

No man is more independent than he who can pay his bills.

Dr. Pierce's pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Those who are addicted to white lies soon become color blind.

DRIP! DROP! SPLASH!

There's that old roof leaking again. The wind got busy and blew off a few shingles and now the only thing to be done is to put the dishpan under the leak and catch the drip, drop and splash. The plaster is down in patches and the walls are ruined. Cheer up, though—You're going to get a new roof of GAL-VA-NITE that won't leak summer or winter—rain or snow. It never needs painting or patching, won't rot, rust or warp and lasts for ever. Any handy man can put it on and then we won't have any more of the grief of leaky roofs and the annoyance of drip, drop and splash.

GAL-VA-NITE comes in rolls complete and all ready to be put on. The secret of its ability to withstand the elements lies in the fact that it is waterproofed with three coats of mineral asphalt and weatherproofed with an "armor-plating" of flaked mica.

Let us send you samples and book—"The Inside of an Outside Proposition." Drop us a postal NOW.

Address the Manufacturers

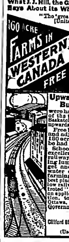
UNION ROOFING & MFG. CO.

200 Union Road St. Paul, Minn.

WESTERN CANADA

What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate, Says About its Wheat-Producing Power

"The greatest need of this country [United States] in another generation or two will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."



This great railroad magnate is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.

Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre), are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success. Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING

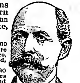
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.

(Use address nearest you.)

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.00, $3.50, $4.00 & $5.00 SHOES

Union Made — Boys' Shoes $2.00 & $2.50



W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make,

BECAUSE:

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are the lowest price, quality considered, in the world.

W. L. Douglas $4.00 and $5.00 shoes equal, in style, fit and wear, other makes costing $6.00 to $8.00.

Fast Color Eyelets.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If they are not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog, giving full directions how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered to the wearer all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

ALLEN'S FOOT=EASE

Shake Into Your Shoes

"In a pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease."

Allen's Foot=Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot=Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, callous and tired, aching feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. TRY IT TO-DAY. Sold everywhere, 25c. Do not accept any substitute. Sent by mail for 25c. in stamps.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS, the best medicine for Feverish, sickly Children. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial Package FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

Nothing Like

them in the world. CASCARETS the biggest seller—why? Because it's the *best* medicine for the liver and bowels. It's what they will *do for you*—not what *we say they will do*—that makes CASCARETS famous. Millions use CASCARETS and it is all the medicine that they ever need to take.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month. 904

20% INTEREST 20%

Gold Bonds. Absolutely Secured.

If you have money to invest, write

PACIFIC COAST TRUST COMPANY

Chronicle Bldg. San Francisco

PATENT Your ideas. 64-page book and advice FREE. Established 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

RUBBER STAMPS STENCILS, SEALS, ETC. Send for catalogue. FARGO STAMP WORKS, FARGO, N. D.

Tea Time Talks

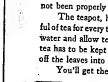
It's always tea time when you are tired or thirsty.

The Teapot Test

The final proof of "Salada" superiority is in the teapot test. If "Salada" Ceylon Tea does not prove superior in fragrance, flavor and refreshing qualities, then the tea has not been properly prepared.

The teapot, having been scalded clean, put in a teaspoonful of tea for every two cups. Pour on *freshly* boiled (bubbling) water and allow tea to brew five minutes before serving. If tea has to be kept longer than five minutes, pour the liquor off the leaves into another warm teapot.

You'll get the most delicious cup of tea you ever tasted.



Yearly sale over 20,000,000 packages

Ask your grocer for "Salada" Tea or, send 10 cents for a sample package which makes 40 cups of delicious tea. Say whether Black or Green tea is desired.

Our booklet, "The Story of the Tea Plant," sent free.

"SALADA" TEA CO.

Shelby Block Detroit, Mich.

Up to Papa.

"John, I think you would better give Edgar a good whipping."

"What's he been doing?"

"He won't study his lessons or do any chores about the house."

"What reason does he give?"

"No reason that amounts to anything. I tell him that I want him to study and work in order that he may become a great and successful man, and he just says he would rather be like you."

Men are more or less afraid of a man who is flattery proof.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the specific remedy for that tired feeling, because this great medicine purifies, enriches and revitalizes the blood. Be sure to take it this spring.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Stop Women And Consider

This Fact—that in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers twenty-five years.

The present Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, was for years under her direction, and has ever since her decease continued to advise women.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty causes them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. Such questioning and examination is unnecessary. Without cost you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

MRS. PINKHAM'S STANDING INVITATION:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

ROOTS THAT NEEDED SOAKING

Pat at Least Told the Exact Truth in His Application for Whisky.

The town of Dedham is under prohibition law, apothecaries alone being permitted to sell alcoholic stimulants. The other day a son of the Emerald Isle entered a drug store there, and, taking a bottle from his pocket, asked for a quart of whisky. The salesman asked to what use it was to be put, and the reply was:

"To soak roots in it."

The order was filled, and the clerk, while handing over the bottle and its contents, inquired, in a conversational manner:

"What kind of roots are you going to soak?"

Pocketing the bottle, the customer said:

"The roots of my tongue, be jabers!"—Vermont Storyette (1886).

Pennsylvanian's Lapse of Memory.

Forgetting that he had started to draw a gallon of whisky from a barrel in the cellar, A. C. Hidlay, proprietor of the Hotel Hidlay, Bloomsburg, Pa., left the spigot turned on and went up to talk. Two hours later he remembered it and hastened there. He found that it had all run away and into the sewer. His loss because of his lapse of memory will be about [illegible]—From the Philadelphia Record.

Country people make their own jam, but people in the city get theirs in the street car.

A Real Prodigy.

"So you think your boy is a prodigy? But every man thinks his own son is the most wonderful being that ever breathed."

"I tell you this youngster is remarkable, no matter how you may sneer. I've seen him do a thing that I don't suppose any other boy of his age could possibly do."

"What's his specialty? Mathematics?"

"Mathematics? I should say not. He hasn't any more of a head for figures than I have, and learning the multiplication table was the hardest work I ever did in my life."

"In what branch of science does he seem to be particularly interested?"

"He isn't interested in science at all; but the other day a friend of mine who has a big automobile left the machine standing in front of my house for more than half an hour, and, although the boy was playing around outside all the time he did not once climb into the automobile or even toot the horn."

A Case in Point.

Cynicus—It is impossible for a woman to keep a secret.

Henpeckke—I don't know about that; my wife and I were engaged for several weeks before she said anything to me about it.—Philadelphia Record.

What Did He Mean?

Bill—What will he do when all the fools are dead?

Jill—He'll never live to see that day.—Yonkers Statesman.

Day After Day

One will find

Post Toasties

a constant delight.

The food is crisp and wholesome and so dainty and tempting, that it appeals to the appetite all the time—morning, noon and night.

Some folks have pronounced **Post Toasties** the choicest flavoured bits of cereal food ever produced.

Post Toasties

A Compound of Indian Corn, Sugar and Salt

Postum Cereal Co., Limited

Popular pkg. 10c.
Family size 15c.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., U. S. A.

Minnesota Farmer

What He Is Doing and Saying—News of the State Farm School.

Corn vs Oats.

The average yield of corn in Minnesota, for ten years, has been approximately 30 bushels per acre. The average yield of oats in the state, for the same ten years, has been approximately 32 bushels per acre. Comparing these two crops by bushels of yield is not a true comparison from a feeder's standpoint. Thirty-two bushels of oats weigh, in round numbers, 1,000 pounds. Thirty bushels of shelled corn weigh, in round numbers, 1,600 pounds.

Comparing these feeds with bran at $20.00 per ton, the acre yield of oats, 1,000 pounds, is worth $9.50; while the acre yield of corn, 1,600 pounds, is worth $17.36. The cost of production of these two crops in Minnesota is, including rent, $10.44 per acre, for corn husked from standing stalk, and $8.86 per acre for oats, thus leaving a profit of $0.61 from the oat crop and $6.92 from the corn crop.

The above facts make it evident that a greater acreage of corn is warranted in Minnesota. Results of the past few years have shown that Minnesota is in the corn belt, and that by the use of varieties adapted to this location, yields of corn above the average of the best corn states may be expected. This is, of course, based on the supposition that good seed is put upon a well prepared soil and given good care. The reason the average yield per acre for the state is less than 30 bushels is because too many are satisfied to produce less than an average yield. Let us have more bushels per acre and more acres.

Poison Cure for Potato Scab.

Don't plant potatoes on land on which scabby crops have been raised previously. If seed to be used is scabby it should be treated as follows: Dissolve two ounces of corrosive sublimate in fifteen gallons of water, and before cutting put the potatoes in it for an hour and a half. Remove, cut, and plant, or spread out to dry. Corrosive sublimate is a deadly internal poison and should not be left where animals or poultry can drink it, nor should any of the treated potatoes be eaten by animals or human beings. Use wooden vessels, not metal. The solution may be used as long as it lasts. Keep treated potatoes out of and away from bags, baskets or other receptacles in which scabby potatoes have been. Formaldehyde, a less dangerous chemical than corrosive sublimate, and therefore a little more satisfactory, may be used instead. Mix one pound (one pint) of commercial formaldehyde (40 per cent) with thirty gallons of water in which potatoes should be immersed for two hours. Placing potatoes to be treated in a gunny sack and then immersing them in the solution will be found a very convenient way of handling them.

Potatoes vs Corn.

In some localities in Minnesota hardly adapted to corn raising experiments show that the potato crop is well adapted to many large areas, as a money maker, and can be used in place of corn as a cleaning crop in rotation. The production of seed potatoes in the state is becoming an established industry, and many other communities can profitably take up the work. The potato crop offers one of the best propositions for a community of interests, whereby the neighboring farmers can individually raise a small acreage of a single variety and market them as of one man in large quantities, whereby they will bring a better price than the same number of bushels of several varieties marketed individually. Community of interest is adopted by the great industrial concerns and prosperity comes to them. Why shall not the farmers co-operate and do business as a single man?

Domestic Science.

Domestic science according to Miss Shepperd, chief of the Domestic Science division, at the State Experiment Station, is that part of a girl's education which specially prepares her for a home maker and renders her a constant dispenser of good cheer. The object of the science is to promote universal good health and banish drudgery from the house, to do which the girls must be led to constantly apply the facts given in educational lines to special home needs, whereby home duties can be raised from irksome tasks to pleasant occupations and interesting experiments. Domestic science shows the evil effects which result from improper habits of life in the matter of food and drink, and shows the ideal home conditions. It shows the processes of breadmaking, the spoiling of food, the possible prevention of disease, etc., and impresses the fact that the place to apply the principles learned at the University Farm is in the home.

DUST FROM THE SOIL.

Every Minnesota farmer is entitled to have his name placed on the Extension Division mailing list and to receive regularly the Farmers' Library. No one should be negligent about requesting that the Library be sent. He should provide means for preserving the Library for future reference, for it will be full of useful hints and suggestions which will prove valuable at any season of the year.

The object of drainage is to prevent water standing on the fields. In excavating care should be had to not lower the low places nor leave the ridges too high. Water itself makes a good level, and any intelligent farmer can begin to drain his field at the lowest point and as he excavates the water will run off. Many other unproductive fields can be reclaimed in this way. The careful plowing of dead furrows leading into the main drain will afford excellent help in taking water from a field. Even ordinary plowing with the furrows running toward the low places will go a long ways towards carrying off the water.

"Little drops of water, little grains of sand," etc., was never more practically illustrated than at the Minnesota Experiment Station in the breeding of wheat. Here, from one kernel of wheat planted in 1892, this "little grain" has grown until its progeny covers more than half a million acres of Minnesota soil and has attracted wheat growers in other states and nations. It is known as Minnesota No. 169. A shipment of this wheat has just been made from the Experiment Station to South Africa for seed.

Farmers' Library No. 3 is ready for distribution and is being forwarded to all those whose names have been requested to be placed on the mailing list. All other residents of the state who wish to receive this literature are requested to send their names at once so that back numbers of the Library may be sent before the several editions are exhausted. Bulletin No. 3 gives detailed information regarding the state industrial contest for Minnesota boys and girls.

A. P. Nelson, of Maynard, has found by experience in operating a grain farm that where scarcely a dozen cattle could be supported on the farm by the old hit-or-miss method of farming, by rotation of crops, he can now easily keep half a hundred cattle, supporting them on the otherwise waste products of his farm without in the least decreasing the total yield of grain.

The way to get a good, fast walking team is to not over-load and not trot them. Two 1,200-pound horses, on a 14 or 16-inch plow are over-loaded. They are loaded too heavily to walk three miles an hour. Three horses on the same plow will make the work lighter and reduce the cost of plowing.

Sow fodder corn thickly, either with a grain drill or corn planter, at the rate of 30 to 50 pounds per acre, cultivate one way, cut with a corn binder, shock in the field; allow to stand until fed or hauled to the barn.

The Best Way.—There is always a best way of doing things on the farm, but it often takes study to find it. The result is worth the effort. If some one else is getting better results than you are, find the reason.

A Short Course for steam and gasoline engineering will begin at University Farm on May 4th and continue until the 17th of June. Tuition, $15,00, board, $3.50 a week.

It will not cost the farmer more than ten cents an acre to select out of his wheat bin the plumpest and heaviest kernels for seed. He will then improve his crop and yield.

Pasture and hay crops are very easily and cheaply grown, and in addition to the value of the crops is the valuable effect such crops have on the soil and its productiveness.

In selecting a brood sow it is important that the number of pigs she farrows, the number she raises, and her attitude toward them be determined before purchasing.

Prof. Haecker, who is international authority on dairying, estimates the feeding value of a ton of fodder corn at $4.90 as compared with a ton of timothy hay at $6.00.

The Most Valuable Farms were at one time sloughs and swamps and considered worthless. Drainage has made them what they are now—valuable.

Lawn Clipping.—If no other and better means for keeping the lawn clipped be at hand the horses or sheep will be of great service in doing it.

A mixture of a little salt, charcoal, ashes and air slacked lime has a good effect upon parasites of the digestive system of either young or old pigs.

Pleasant surroundings and modern conveniences, easily obtainable, will go a long way in keeping the boys and girls on the farm.

Isolation, hard work and small compensation is too often the lot of the farmers' wives. These are burdens that need lifting.

The Most Economic way of securing a permanent road bed is through drainage. It solves much of the good roads problem.

Farmers' homes may be provided with many of the modern conveniences that city people enjoy.

The orchard is a splendid place for poultry to range in. Poultry is a very good insect destroyer.

Place the hog pens a good distance from the house. Odors from such pens are not agreeable.

Plant trees this spring to protect from wind and shut out undesirable views.

The Dairy division of the Department of Agriculture at St. Anthony Park has recently sold two of the best bred Jersey bulls on the farm, one to John N. Tidd, of Meadowlands, St. Louis county, who took Tubal of Lily Dale, whose grand dam has a record of 456 pounds of butter a year, and his dam a record of about 400.

Potato growers should follow a system of rotation in which potatoes follow clover on a carefully prepared seed bed.

Soil that has produced a crop of scabby potatoes should be used for some other crop for several years because the scab spores live over in the soil and will attack subsequent potato crops for five or six years afterward. For potatoes select, if possible, a northern slope, since the crop will suffer less on such slope during hot, dry weather.

A potent reason for retaining old sows is that they usually farrow more and larger pigs than young ones.

FIGHT OVER LAND

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD AND HOMESTEADERS DISPUTE TITLE.

UP TO SUPREME COURT

Case Involves Minnesota Land Once Granted to Railroad and Revoked — Again Given Another Construction.

Washington, April 27.—A bitter controversy over the attitude of the interior department toward land grants to the Northern Pacific Railroad Co. reached a climax today when the matter was laid before the supreme court of the United States for a decision. Individual land claimants in Minnesota contend that the department has shown unjustified favors to the Northern Pacific Railway Co. as successor to the Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

Frank B. Kellogg recently before the public as leading governmental "trust buster" appeared for Frederick Weyerhauser and John A. Humbird in defense of the department.

The Northern Pacific Railway Co claims title to one parcel of land, and Frederick Weyerhauser and John A. Humbird to two others by reason of privileges given to the Northern Pacific Railroad Co. to select land within the 40-mile limit of its road through Minnesota. In opposition, Fred Wass claims one parcel under the homestead law and H. H. Hoyt and Charles D. Campbell to the others, under the timber and stone act.

Controversy grows out of the question as to whether the railroad terminated at Duluth, Minn., or at Ashland, Wis. The railroad has filed on a tract east of Duluth before the question of terminus came up when the department ruled that the terminus was at Duluth. The government cancelled the selection of the railroad to these parties. Individual claimants then filed upon them. The Hoyt and Wass applicants were accepted but the Campbell application was rejected. Finally when the supreme court decided that the terminus was at Ashland, the department approved of the selections of the railroad. Suits were then brought in the federal courts by Hoyt and Campbell. A decision was given in favor of Hoyt but against Campbell. In the state court a decision was given in favor of Wass on the strength of the Hoyt case. All these cases have been brought to the supreme court for a review.

Paris Exhibits Troops.

Paris, April 27.—Colonel Roosevelt this morning saw a portion of the garrison of Paris perform war operations on the field of Vincennes outside of the gates of that town.

Colonel Roosevelt warmly congratulated General Ralstein upon the dash and go displayed by the troops and the admirable fashion in which the operations were executed. When the maneuvers were concluded the troops filed before General Dalstein and Colonel Roosevelt while massed bands played the Star Spankled Banner.

Returning to the embassy for luncheon, Roosevelt stopped for a few minutes at the Salon Des Artistes Francais which will be formally opened on Saturday. Roosevelt came especially to see George Gray Barnard's groups. The Life of Humanity, which he created for the Pennsylvania state capital.

Jewelers in Conspiracy.

New York, April 27.—Details of what is described as one of the most gigantic jewelry frauds of recent years, with merchants of many of the larger cities victims, were given out in New York tonight in a formal statement issued by M. D. Rothschild, president of the jewelers board of trade, an organization of jewelers all over the country. Losses are estimated to date at $500,000 and a full investigation, it is said, will greatly mates of the loss range as high as $2,000,000.

Poured Kerosene on Fire.

Hazelton, N. D., April 27.—John C. Hoyck of this place was burned to death last night when he attempted to start a coal fire with kerosene. There were some live coals in the stove and an explosion followed which filled the room with flames.

Hoyck's clothing was a mass of flames in a second and he fell before he could reach the door. Six other members of the family in the house at the time were saved. The building was entirely destroyed.

Norway's Poet Dead.

Paris, April 27.—Bjornstjerne Bjornson, the Norwegian poet, novelist and dramatist, reformer and advocate of universal peace, died here last night, surrounded by his family. His end was peaceful. He was 78 years old.

The last serious illness of the novelist extended over nearly a year. He was brought to Paris in the early part of last November for special treatment.

Killed in Bombardment.

London, April 27.—A special dispatch from Saloniki says that 500 Alabains, chiefly women and children, are reported killed in an artillery bombardment of Gorauntz by Turkish troops in an effort to dislodge a force of Alabain rebels.

Split Wife's Head With An Axe.

Concord, N. H., April 27.—Herman W. Clough, a railroad switchman, killed his wife here today by splitting her head with an axe. He then cut his own throat with a meat knife, dying immediately. He was mentally unbalanced because of anxiety over his wife's illness.

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500 Trapped in Mine.

London, April 27.—Five hundred miners entombed this afternoon at Tyn-y-beducolliery in wales, result of the breaking down of cage machinery. Considerable anxiety is felt for the safety of the men.

Balloon Ran Away.

Limburg An Der Lahn, Prussia, April 25.—Zeppelin II., one of the three dirigible balloons of the German government's aerial fleet flew away today and was destroyed. The airship was forced to descend here last night owing to a storm encountered while attempting a return trip from Hamburg to Cologne.

Fire Drives People Into Storm.

Chicago, April 25.—Clad in night clothing, sixty persons were driven into a snow storm here early today by an alleged incendiary fire in the Cleдан apartment building.

HIS HAPPY PAST.

Weary—Did youse ever get enough to eat?

Miles—Gee! yes. I 'had indigestion oncet.

REST AND PEACE

Fall Upon Distracted Households When Cuticura Enters.

Sleep for skin tortured babies and rest for tired, fretted mothers is found in a hot bath with Cuticura Soap and a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment. This treatment, in the majority of cases, affords immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, scaly, and crusted humors, eczemas, rashes, inflammations, irritations, and chafings, of infancy and childhood, permits rest and sleep to both parent and child, and points to a speedy cure, when other remedies fail. Worn-out and worried parents will find this pure, sweet and economical treatment realizes their highest expectations, and may be applied to the youngest infants as well as children of all ages. The Cuticura Remedies are sold by druggists everywhere. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass., for their free 32-page Cuticura Book on the care and treatment of skin and scalp of infants, children and adults.

Saving His Life.

A story is told of an Englishman who had occasion for a doctor while staying in Peking.

"Sing Loo, gleatest doctor," said his servant; "be savee my lifee once."

"Really?" queried the Englishman.

"Yes; me tellible awful," was the reply; "me callee in another doctor. He givee me medicine; me velly, velly bad. Me callee in another doctor. He come and give me medicine, make me velly, velly badder. Me callee in Sing Loo. He no come. He savee my life."

Getting Even.

William, aged five, had been reprimanded by his father for interrupting while his father was telling his mother about the new telephone for their house. He sulked awhile, then went over to his mother and, patting her cheek, said:

"Mother dear, I love you."

"Don't you love me too?" asked his father.

Without glancing at him, William said disdainfully: "The wire's busy."

Single Blessedness.

Emerson—There's nothing like single blessedness!

Waters—What! That sounds strange from a happily married man.

Emerson—I know. But I was very much afraid that the doctor was going to say "twins" last night.—The Circle.

There is danger in delay; also in haste.

Pla-Mate Shoes
Are Best for Little Folks

because they follow the lines of the natural foot and allow perfect development. Think what that means, you parents who suffer from corns, bunions, etc., as a result of wearing shoes, when you were young, which contracted the foot. **Pla-Mate Shoes** come in sizes 4 to 12 in button, lace and oxford styles and made in all suitable leathers. The price may be a little higher than you are now paying, but think of the comfort the children will have, and consider that the material and workmanship that goes into every pair of **Pla-Mate Shoes** makes them outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes. If your shoe dealer does not keep **Pla-Mate Shoes** send us his name, stating the size and style of shoe you want and we will see that you are promptly supplied.

$1.75 & $2.00

WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

FREE A Package of "Paxtine" Will Be Sent Free of Charge to Every Reader of this Paper.

PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

PAXTINE

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

REPUBLIC TIRES
MOST FOR THE MONEY
WRITE
ST. PAUL RUBBER CO. Saint Paul

A Quick, Clean, Easy Shave
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

No Man is Stronger Than His Stomach

A strong man is strong all over. No man can be strong who is suffering from weak stomach with its consequent indigestion, or from some other disease of the stomach and its associated organs, which impairs digestion and nutrition. For when the stomach is weak or diseased there is a loss of the nutrition contained in food, which is the source of all physical strength. When a man "doesn't feel just right," when he doesn't sleep well, has an uncomfortable feeling in the stomach after eating, is languid, nervous, irritable and despondent, he is losing the nutrition needed to make strength.

Such a man should use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enriches the blood, invigorates the liver, strengthens the kidneys, nourishes the nerves, and so GIVES HEALTH AND STRENGTH TO THE WHOLE BODY.

You can't afford to accept a *secret* nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit. Ingredients printed on wrapper.

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes

"The Finishing Touch"

The most carefully considered dress will be greatly enhanced by the addition of a pair of

"Gitche Gamees"

Not only do they *look* better than any other four dollar shoe, but also they wear longer. Your dealer will tell you that "Gitche Gamee" shoes *always make good on the feet of the wearer.*

Manufactured by
THE NORTHERN SHOE COMPANY
Duluth, Minn.

FREE
A style-book for 1910 and a handy Pocket Mirror
A postal brings the two.
Mention your dealer's name.

11% Annual Cash Dividends Since Organization

AN OPPORTUNITY

to invest idle capital or small savings in the greatest real estate business in the Northwest

THROUGH A PURCHASE

of our Ten Year Profit Sharing Development

CONTRACTS

Secured by nearly $500,000 worth of best selected unincumbered, live North Dakota income REAL ESTATE. Write for booklet today.

THE NORTH DAKOTA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY
Home Office, Fargo, N. D. Capital, Surplus and Reserve $300,000.00

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

ICE CREAM

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Hicks at College!!

Farm horse for sale at Zaiser's Barn.

Helm has an interesting ad in this issue.

Dr. N. M. Watson was at Thief River Falls Saturday.

S. M. Sivertson made a business trip to Dugdale Monday.

Miss Anna Schoenauer spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

J. D. Houston was attending to business matters at Crookston Monday.

Mat Steele returned Saturday from a business trip to the twin cities.

Wanted Girl for general housework. Enquire of Mrs. M. Christensen.

Dr. Spofford will be at Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

Theo. LaBissoniere was at Crookston Monday evening and Tuesday morning.

S. M. Sivertson left Wednesday evening on a business trip to the twin cities.

Mrs. G. A. Kankel of Fertile is visiting with relatives here and at Terrebonne.

Miss Johnson of Grafton was the guest the first of the week of Mrs. E. G. Buse.

Henry G. Gorres of Willow Lake, Minn., is spending the week with friends here.

Members of the social club gave a dancing party at M. B. A. hall Friday evening.

Miss Laura Lizotte of Cass Lake spent the week with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Slada of Crookston were guests at the Otto Zaiser home over Sunday.

Have buyers for good farms. Call and see if you want to sell. Sortedahl Land Co. tf

Lost—One sorrel and one brown colt. Left the Brohman place in Brooks May 7.—Louis Sieff.

There will be a meeting of the Rebecca lodge at the I. O. O. F. lodge rooms next Wednesday evening.

Miss Clara Johnson of Polk Centre was a guest this week at the home of her brother, C. W. Johnson.

Dr. F. F. Fletcher, the dentist, will be at Dr. Wilkinson's office Monday and Tuesday, May 16 and 17. m5 11

Chairman Lindquist of the board of county commissioners was attending to business matters in town this week.

Mrs. G. L. Austin, Mrs. D. Patterson and Miss Patterson of St. Hilaire were in the city last Saturday.

Miss Hazel Healy has just closed a successful term of school in Clearwater county and is at home for a vacation.

For sale—2 bulls, 1 bull calf and 2 heifer calves, all full blood shorthorns of the milking strain.—M. O. Sortedahl.

Miss Gertruda Hannemuth returned from Fertile Saturday where she had been visiting with friends for a week.

You will own your own home eventually if you persistently deposit your savings in the Merchants State Bank.

Mrs. Frank Cyr of Birch Lake, Wis., a sister of the late Mrs. Normandeau, arrived in the city Wednesday morning.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

Val Dettling went to St. Vincent and will paint some buildings there belonging to the Red Lake Falls Milling company.

Mrs. A. P. Toupin was here from Crookston this week to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Normandeau and for a visit with friends.

PASTURE, Want 150 head cattle or horses or both, in large pasture, good grass, good water. Apply to Wm. Purath or P. B. Gaass. m26

N. M. Johnson, the Red Lake Falls Milling company's agent at Thief River Falls, was attending to business matters in town Monday.

We still have a pretty good assortment of Ladies Suits. Fit guaranteed, will stand for all alterations, $10.90 up, come and see—The Big Store.

Mrs. C. B. March of Minneapolis and Mrs. F. M. Brown of Crookston arrived today and are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fournet.

Helm expects that car load of manure spreaders soon, but they are the Great Western spreaders and not Internationals as stated in the last issue.

For Sale—One registered Durham bull, four years old. Call at my farm in section 17, Poplar River township, or write S. J. Oremo, Brooks, Minn. 12m26

Nick Eckstein, the Wylie merchant, was in town Monday. Mr. Eckstein is opening a general store at Wylie. Read his ad in this issue of the Gazette.

Will Leichea, Sem Rosenthal and Dr. Smith bubbled over from Crookston last Saturday. They were accompanied by Rev. Fr. Theillon of Gentilly.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Supt. L. V. Koos went to Crookston last Friday evening and met with the high school superintendents of the Red River Valley to confer regarding high school athletics.

Mrs. Fred L. Farley and children left last evening for Stewartville, Minn. She will visit with relatives in that city, at Waseca and the twin cities and will be gone several weeks.

P. W. Lee will leave today for Page, N. D., and a crew of ten men will go with him. Mr. Lee has the contract for some grade work on Great Northern line from Minot to Fargo.

See our line of Ladies and children's pumps and oxfords before you buy. Biggest selection in town. Patent Leather, Gun Metal and Kid carried in all styles.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

Work on the construction of new cement sidewalks was commenced this week. The first walk is being constructed in front of St. Joseph's church and it is making a decided improvement.

A full line of fine Negligee Shirts and Union Suits for men, in Gauze and Munsing's fine summer wool. $1.00 to $3. Also see our men's Straw Hats in the Gordon quality.—The Big Store.

There will be a meeting of the members of the ladies aid society and the board of trustees of the Presbyterian church at the church parlors next Monday evening and all are urged to attend.

Rev. D. K. Laurie of Thief River Falls will occupy the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening. The hour of evening service has been changed from 7:30 to 8:00 o'clock.

We never showed a better line of clothing than we do this season. Clothcraft suits, the best cheap suits in America from $7.50 up to $15.00, guaranteed all wool and fine fitting. Kuppenheimer suits $18.00 up, the highest class of tailoring throughout, guaranteed in every respect, gentlemen's suit from every standpoint.—LaBissoniere.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Commencement exercises of the Plummer graded school were held last Friday evening. It was the first commencement exercises ever held in the village and six young people received diplomas.

A brand new line of embroidery, laces and under flouncings from 5c a yard up. Beautiful stock of corset embroideries and all-over nets. All samples in a book, therefor easy to select.—The Big Store.

Mrs. Sylvan Hall, who was a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Crampe, returned to Crookston Saturday. She was accompanied by Miss Crampe who is spending a few days at Crookston.

Thomas Whelen, owner of the fast horse, The Elder, time 2:15½, has an interesting announcement in this issue. It is a description of the horse and something of his truck work, taken from the Horseman and Stockman.

Mrs. Wm. Findeisen, Mrs. E. F. Marshall and Herbert Findeisen went to Crookston in the Findeisen car. On their return they were accompanied by Miss Maude Findeisen who had been visiting with friends at Warren, Eveleth and other northern Minnesota cities.

C. H. Martz of St Hilaire and G. K. Hove of Thief River Falls were in town the first of the week making report to the county auditor on same proposed county ditch work on which they had been employed, Mr. Martz as engineer and Mr. Hovi as one the viewers.

John Albert Johnson of St. Hilaire was brought before Judge of Probate Ira C. Richardson last Saturday for examination as to his sanity. He was adjudged insane and was taken to the state hospital at Fergus Falls by Sheriff L. A. Nelson and Ed. Earight.

The price of admission for the senior class play, Hicks at College, to be given at the Bijou theatre Friday and Saturday evenings is twenty-five cents. There will be a matinee Friday afternoon for school children only for which the admission charge will be ten cents.

Friends to the number of twenty planned and carried out a very pleasant surprise party for Miss Elgina Guilmotte Tuesday evening, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. Games until twelve o'clock, when lunch was served, constituted the evening's entertainment.

The writer enjoyed a trip to the county seat Tuesday. In point of natural beauty Red Lake Falls would tempt Adam to leave his happy home. The new court house is under the process of construction and when completed will be a source of pride to every loyal citizen. And then there is a friendliness and harmony among the people that reminds one of one of the best words of the language—Boost. —St. Hilaire Spectator.

The state supreme court has sustained a decision of the lower court allowing a Polk county farmer a verdict of $500 against the Great Northern railroad for damages to land caused by water being turned from its natural course by reason of the railroad grades. The decision is considered most important and may be a precedent for bringing many suits against railroad companies for damages from water through lack of culverts and diverting water from its regular channels.

Plans and Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County, will meet at the office of the town clerk at 1:00 o'clock p. m. on Friday, the third day of June, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 20 foot steel beam bridge agreeable to the specifications hereto annexed.

Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the data on which it was computed and showing also the areas of material proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DISCRIPTION.

The bridge will be a steel girder bridge consisting of 1 span and will have a roadway of 18 feet clear width.

The distance from grade to bed of stream is 10 feet. The floor will be of reinforced concrete, with concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing, piling to be 16 to 18 feet long, backing to be 8 feet high.

SPECIFICATION FOR FLOOR SYSTEM:

For floor system of roadway either a concentrated load of 16 tons on 2 axles 10' centers, ¾ of load on rear axle and ¼ on front axle, wheels 10' gauge, each wheel load considered as carried by two joist when joist are 2' 8" or less center to center; or 100 pounds per square foot of surface.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk.

STATE LAND SALE HERE

State Auditor Iverson Will Sell Lands in Red Lake Falls May 21.

On May 21 State Auditor S. G. Iverson will be in Red Lake Falls and will offer for sale unsold state lands and certain other lands that have reverted to the state by reason of non-payment of interest. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date sale to June 1st 1911 must be paid at the time of the sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of the sale: the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be four per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year, provided the principal remains unpaid for ten years; but if the principal is paid before the expiration of ten years from the date of sale, the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchasing money will be five per cent per annum; interest is payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in default can have their certificates reinstated on payment, before the sale, of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

POLITICS IN THE SAINTLY CITY

Continued from page 1.

have some consideration.

She Shocks the Board's Dignity.

In another matter she wanted to know. It appears that recently some grade text books were approved by the school board. With practical unanimity the teachers in those classes the text books were used wanted a different kind, and the lady member of the board wanted to know why their recommendation didn't have weight. Evidently the board don't approve of such inquisitiveness on the part of new members, and the president was very dignified when he assured the inquiring member that the board would not tolerate insinuations and that gentlemen members, if they dared make such insinuations, would have their blocks knocked off. The lady member at last accounts was however undismayed and unsuppressed. Generally there are a good many things about the affairs of school boards which in this town are a big item, that a good many other people want to know,—and they are inclined to felicitate themselves on the fact that at least there is someone on the St. Paul school board who isn't afraid to ask questions.

Clamping Down the Lid.

At least one thing was indicated during the recent election campaign, and that that even in a big city like this, when the police decide to put on the lid they can clamp it down almighty tight. There were nights when the thirsty couldn't get a drink after eleven o'clock for love or money and whole Sundays when the town is as dry as a bone. Public sentiment or no public sentiment, when the St. Paul police start in earnest to do anything no one who knows about them will question their efficiency.

The Mayor's Model.

That appears to be the conclusion St. Paul's Republican mayor-elect has come to. He makes no secret of his intention not to interfere with the city's police department. The result is more than likely to show that he will conclude that he will have done his full duty if he gives the city as efficient administration as the Democrats have furnished for the past ten years or so.

—PAUL PRY.

Plans and Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned, Board of Supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake county, will meet at the office of the Town Clerk at 1:00 o'clock on Friday, the 3rd day of June, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 35 foot steel beam bridge, agreeable to the specifications hereto annexed.

Parties tendering, must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the data on which it was computed and showing also the areas of materials proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present at the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DISCRIPTION.

The bridge will be a steel girder bridge, consisting of 1 span and will have a roadway, 18 foot clear width. The distance from grade to bed of stream is 12 feet.

The floor will be reinforced concrete with concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing, piling to be from 18 to 20 feet long, concrete backing to be 10 feet high.

Contractors are requested to submit plans and bids for a pony truss of the same capacity, so that the Board may take their choice between it and the 35 foot girder bridge, herein mentioned.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk.

AN ADVERTISING SCHEME

By ARCHIBALD SPOFFARD.

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

"The fact is, Paul," said the head of the firm of Greenaway & Co., "there's not much chance for you here. Our goods are sold exclusively on advertisement. All we have to do is to deliver them on whatever demand there is for them. I can get men to ship goods and keep accounts for comparatively small compensation. However, I'll admit you've served me well. I'll pay the expenses of your trip."

"Thank you for the funds, uncle. I'll take the trip."

Paul Greenaway was at a crisis in his affairs. It was necessary for him to be something better than a mere shipping clerk in his uncle's office. The occasion of this necessity was that he had fallen in love with Mollie Edwards. He couldn't support her on what he was getting with Greenaway & Co. They would pay him no more, and he must either give up Mollie or invent some plan to make more money. What he desired was to think out a plan for increasing the sales of Greenaway's soap. By effecting that purpose he might go back with his uncle on his return to a very different position from the one he was leaving.

Mollie kissed him goodby, bidding him be of good cheer, and he went aboard the steamer Arago that was to take him to England.

The second or third night out, while quietly sleeping in his berth, Paul was awakened by a shock. He listened. The machinery stopped. He heard the sounds of men running on the decks above and a confusion of orders. Putting on some clothing, he ran out into the saloon and thence up the companionway. Outside there was a dense fog. Then he knew there had been a collision.

One party under direction of the first mate was lowering the boats; another under the captain was endeavoring to pass a sail down over the port bow to cover a hole that had been rammed there by another vessel.

When morning dawned an east wind sprang up, the fog cleared, but the ship that had done the ramming was nowhere to be seen. But something more terrifying was plainly visible—the Newfoundland coast, on to which the Arago was drifting.

Two dangers threatened the ship—the one that she would go ashore, the other that she would sink. If her bow could be raised so as to lift the hole, into which, despite the covering sail, the water was pouring, above the surface she could steam away from the coast. In order to accomplish this result the captain ordered the freight stored forward thrown overboard.

Men who are born to do great things must be endowed with the faculty of ignoring danger and being able to think quickly at critical moments. Paul Greenaway turned out to be such a man. When he saw boxes going over, many of which floated, he ran down the companionway to the engine room. There he espied a pot of red paint. Slipping a coin in the engineer's hand, he seized the paint pot—there was a brush in it—ran back on deck and began to paint on the boxes that were being thrown over: "Use Greenaway's Soap."

The first impulse of the captain on seeing the young man at this work was to hurl an imprecation at him; but, seeing that the coolness displayed restored confidence to the passengers, he changed his mind. Paul continued to paint his advertisements on every box or bale that was likely to float, and the ocean was strewn with messages in bright red paint, all driven by the wind toward the shore.

By the time the vessel's bow was sufficiently lightened to raise the hole above the surface she had drifted to within a couple of miles of land. Paul went to the captain and offered him all the money he had with him if he would put him ashore. The captain declined the offer. Then Paul begged him to give him a boat and let him go ashore himself. The captain, appreciative of the effect of Paul's coolness in calming the passengers, consented. A boat was lowered, with provisions in her in case the wind should suddenly change and she should be driven out to sea. Paul was lowered in the boat and pulled for the shore. The waves were not dangerously high, and in time the wind would have carried him to land even without pulling. On the way he picked up a life buoy on which was painted the name "Emma Bradley." This fixed the name of the vessel that had collided with the Arago. As he proceeded he saw wreckage to convince him that the Emma Bradley had gone down.

He reached a beach on which the breakers were rolling, and, not being skilled at beaching, his boat was upset, and he was thrown up on to the sand by the waves. He found the shore covered with boxes and bales that he had painted, and as the region was thickly populated many people had collected to appropriate their contents. Near by was a telegraph office, from which he sent a message directed to Greenaway & Co., makers of Greenaway's soap, giving an account of the collision. His message, the first and only one about the accident sent for weeks, was published as it was received, and Greenaway soap was mentioned from one end of the country to the other.

That stroke of genius made Paul Greenaway a member of the firm of Greenaway & Co. He married his sweetheart and became a millionaire.

To the Creditor.

Here's to the creditor! Long may he reign!
May his faith never waver, his trust never wane.
May the Lord make him gentle and gracious and gay,
Yet quick to resent the least offer of pay.
May he soften his heart, as he softened, we're told,
To the Israelites' "touch" the Egyptian of old.
And when on his last long account he shall look
The angel will say as he closes the book,
"The Lord gives you credit for credit you gave."
So here's to the creditor! Long may he waive!

The Taking of the Castle

A Historical Tale of Lake Como

By LOUISE B. CUMMINGS.

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

On Lake Como, in northern Italy towering some 500 feet above the water, is a rock on the summit of which is the ruin of the Castle of Musso. In the early part of the sixteenth century a young man named Gian Giacomo Medici, afterward called "the Medici," became ambitious to possess this fortress. At sixteen he had committed a murder, and when later he was offered the stronghold on Lake Como as a price for assassinating Astorre Visconti he readily consented.

Meanwhile the duke, having become himself afraid of the Medici, laid a plan for putting him, too, out of his way. He gave him the official documents conferring upon him the rock on Lake Como and sent him to take possession. He was also made the bearer of a sealed letter to the commandant. Becoming suspicious of the contents of the letter, he opened it and found that it contained an order to arrest the bearer and put him to death secretly. Giacomo destroyed the letter and as soon as he had taken possession of the fortress paid the men who were there to go away and replaced them by his own adherents.

The new possessor of Musso made it impregnable, mounting cannon on its battlements that commanded the lake. He established a "custom house" and kept his revenue officers busy intercepting vessels and levying dues upon their cargoes. In this way he prospered, and his power enabled him to appropriate much of the neighboring territory.

The Emperor Charles V. of Spain then had a foothold in northern Italy, and his representative in that region, Villaterelo, thought that he should possess himself of Musso for his imperial master, thus ending the Medici's piracies. Villaterelo had in prison a man named Sardo, whom he determined to utilize in this work. He told Sardo that if he would go to the Medici as a spy and concoct a plan by which the fortress of Musso might be delivered into the Spanish hands he should receive a free pardon from the emperor. Sardo accepted the mission and departed for its accomplishment. In due time he returned with the information that on a certain day the Medici would leave Musso for Bormio in order to take the famous baths there. A few soldiers only would remain in the fortress, and these, Sardo said, he had bribed to open the gates to the Spaniards.

Villaterelo and his spy then completed a plan supplementary to what had already been accomplished. Boats filled with armed men were to be rowed under cover of the darkness to the foot of the rock on which Musso stood. The force was to climb to the fortress, and when it was in their possession a cannon was to be fired as a signal to that effect. A sailing vessel following the expedition was then to return to Villaterelo with the news.

On the appointed night, it having been ascertained that the Medici had really left Musso, the little fleet started from the town of Lecco, on an arm of Lake Como, called Lake Lecco, under command of Villaterelo's brother. On reaching Musso they debarked and began the ascent. Approaching the summit, they gave a preconcerted signal and, moving over a narrow pass, were one by one admitted within the gates.

On the bosom of the lake below the commander of the dispatch ship listened for the sound of the signal gun that was to announce the capture. Suddenly a boom from above broke upon the still night air. On the wings of the wind the little ship sailed southward to Lecco, where Villaterelo was feverishly awaiting the result of the expedition. As soon as the welcome news was communicated to him he set sail himself to take possession of his newly acquired fortress.

Let us take up the thread of the story with the Medici's part in it. On the day he was to have gone to Bormio he ostentatiously left his stronghold with a large proportion of his men and a quantity of baggage as if for a long journey. But he had not gone far before he returned by an unfrequented path and re-entered his castle, doubtless through a subterranean passage hewn in the rock under the mountain, a portion of which is still discernible. When the first of Villaterelo's soldiers emerged from the narrow passage which led to the gateway and stood within the battlements he was silently dispatched. The next man then entered and met the same fate. Thus the whole of the invading force was killed, no man knowing what had happened to the one who had gone before him. When the last man had been killed the Medici himself fired the signal gun.

Meanwhile the possessor of Musso had caused the lake to be guarded by boats, with chains swung between them under water, with the intention of cutting off Villaterelo's fleet. But the Spaniard had not reached this point when he received the information that instead of being in possession of Musso his little army had been annihilated.

After a number of years of such life the Medici accepted a large sum of money and the title of Marquis of Mangnano to abandon Musso and cede his conquests to the Duke of Milan. He was greatly moved at leaving the stronghold on which he had spent so much care and is said to have shed tears—not of repentance, however.

Looks Like an Invite.

Let's have an old time party, when Cousin Will will play
On a newer style of instrument in his old heart gripping way.
An' Lil an' Tom an' Annie will take a turn and sing
Their old time songs they used to sing 'bout daisies an' the spring.
Old Uncle Bill and auntie, too, will take a turn about
An' fix the donkey's tail on straight; of that I have no doubt.
Let's hear the newer youngsters shout like we of older days,
An' let us tread together once again the old time ways.
—Detroit Free Press.

Happy Time.

Hear the truth, believers—
Listen as you go—
It's happy time just any time
You want to make it so.

If you're risin' with the daybreak,
If you're hoein' of yer row,
It's happy time just any time
You want to make it so.
—Atlanta Constitution.

May Be a Winner.

"My husband was out late last night, and this morning I found a couple of aces in his pocket. I dare say he's been losing at poker."

"Don't condemn him without a hearing. If he carries around aces he probably won."—Washington Herald.

The Cannibal's Plaint.

The hungry cannibal gorged himself
On missionary stew
They asked him if he'd have some more,
He said, "No, thanks, I'm through."
He ate so much it made him ill
He groaned and, with a frown,
Gasped out to those around him, "You
Can't keep a good man down."
—Spokane Spokesman Review.

Its Athletic Nature.

"That man whom you see going into the dentist's just now is a great athlete."

"Ah, that accounts for it!"

"Accounts for what?"

"His having such a jumping toothache."—Baltimore American.

The Hymn Raiser.

Since things air goin' up so high, my time they air a-beatin',
The only thing that I kin raise is jest a hymn in meetin'.

But I'm the chap
Kin raise it high—
Cl'ar past the new moon
In the sky!

Since livin' comes so high on airth an' poor folks pass unheeded
I'm needin' more amazin' grace than ever yit I needed.

An' them ol' hymns—
I raise 'em high—
Cl'ar past the new moon
In the sky!
—Atlanta Constitution.

A Tribute.

"I saw you at my lecture last night, Miss Harkaway. I hope you found it helpful," said Professor Gassaway.

"Yes; indeed, I did," replied Miss Harkaway enthusiastically. "I shall never forget last evening."

"You are very good to say so," said the professor complacently. "May I ask what part of it pleased you most?"

"Coming home after it was over," said the girl, with a blush. "You see, Jack proposed to me on the way back."—Harper's Weekly.

His Best Word.

"Now that we're all through, dear," said the dear little bride, "I want to tell you a great secret. I prepared all this dinner myself. What do you think of it?"

"Well, dear," replied the brute, "the grapefruit were fine."—Catholic Standard and Times.

A Cautious Lad.

There was a boy in our town
Who was so wondrous wise
He climbed up to the pantry shelf
And ate up all the pies.
And when he saw the pies were gone
With all his main and might
He seized the cat and locked her in
The pantry overnight.
—Harper's Weekly.

Didn't Want Any.

"Please, ma'am," said the servant, "there's a poor man at the door with wooden legs."

"Why, Mary," answered the mistress in a reproving tone, "what can we do with wooden legs? Tell him we don't want any."—Lippincott's.

The Endless Chain.

"What makes the hogs so high, sir?" I asked butcher on parade.
"The corn, the blooming corn, sir," is what the butcher said.
"What makes the corn so high, sir?" I asked the farmer wise.
"The hogs, the blooming hogs, sir," and he laughed and winked both eyes.
—Chicago News.

Up to Him.

"See here," asked the cautious stranger, "if I decide to stay here for a week how much is it going to cost me?"

"You can answer that best yourself," replied the clerk of the fashionable hotel. "How much have you got?"—Catholic Standard and Times.

The Only Balm.

When lovely woman stoops to folly
And sports a hatpin two feet long
What charm can soothe the melancholy
Of those she jabbeth in the throng?
The only balm their woes to jolly,
To heal the mangling of the spikes,
Is just to know the playful dolly
Will wear and do whate'er she likes.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

His Hunting.

"Do you enjoy hunting?"

"No."

"Perhaps you have never had favorable opportunities for enjoying the sport. What have you hunted mostly?"

"Before I was married I generally hunted for a boarding place. Since then most of my hunting has been for flats."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.00
Durum	.79
Rye	.58
Oats	.34
Flax	2.17
Barley	.45
Potatoes	.30
Eggs	.17
Butter, dairy	.25

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MAY 19, 1910 VOL. XXVII—NO. 34

THE BIG MEETING AT CROOKSTON

[illegible] of the Northern [illegible] Development Association

[illegible] Crookston [illegible] A Monster Gathering.

[illegible]

[illegible] Pilot's" Work.

[illegible]

A Good Cartoon.

[illegible]

Bids Wanted.

[illegible]

Clerk.

Weekly Market Report.

[illegible]

PASTOR ACCEPTS CALL

Rev. Lewis T. Hughes New Pastor of Presbyterian Church.

Rev. Lewis T. Hughes of Neche, N. D., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Presbyterian church and will preach his first sermon here next Sunday morning. Mr. Hughes has been in North Dakota for the past year and a half. Previous to that time he had charges in New York and he is said to be an able speaker and a successful church worker. Mr. Hughes is a married man and he will arrange for his wife coming and for the shipping of his household goods in a few weeks. The Presbyterian church has been without a pastor for a year though during that time there has been preaching at the church quite frequently.

TEACHERS ELECTED FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Vacancies Have Been Filled—Work Outlined For Next Year.

New Departments of Manual Training and Domestic Science Added.

Teachers for the public schools for next year have been elected and the work outlined for the opening of school next September.

As stated in a previous issue, Supt. I. V. Koos has been re-elected at an increase in salary. There will be five teachers on the high school faculty. Sara T. Marshall of Minneapolis will be principal and will teach English. Helen Whitney of Oshkosh, Wis., will teach Mathematics and Science; Genevieve Backenstoe of Beloit, Wis., Latin and German; Emma S. Weld of Chicago, cooking and sewing; Jasper I. Swedberg of St. Anthony Park, carpentry and agriculture.

The grade teachers in the Lafayette school, the high school building, will be: Edith Crawford, Saratoga, Wyo., eighth grade; Helen M. Clark, Avon, Minn., fifth and sixth grades; Clara S. Thompson, Moorhead, third grade; Mrs. J. J. Doe, Red Lake Falls, second grade; Lillian A. Nelson, Cedar Falls, Iowa, first grade.

In the Washington school building, Emma Anby, Aberdeen, S. D., will teach the seventh grade; Mattie Murphy, Davenport, Wash., fifth and sixth grades; Katherine Malan, Ada, Minn., third and fourth grades; Grace M. Aldrich, Ashby, Minn., first and second grades.

Work in the new departments of domestic science and manual training is to be taken up at the opening of the school in the fall. Miss Weld, who will have charge of the work in domestic science, is a graduate of Chicago University and has specialized in the work. All girls from the fifth grade up through the high school will be required to take work in cooking and sewing. There will be complete equipment for instruction in cooking and sewing at the Lafayette building.

Mr. Swedberg, who is to be the teacher in manual training, is a graduate of the agricultural college and has received a practical training for the work. The building south of the old Courier print shop has been leased and the manual training work will be carried on there. Sixteen benches will be put in and enough tools purchased to accommodate sixteen boys at a time. All boys from the sixth grade up through the high school will be required to take the work in carpentry.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids are invited for the plumbing and heating of the court house now being constructed for Red Lake county at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications as prepared by Fremont D. Orff, architect, and now on file in the office of the county auditor of said county. Plans and specifications can also be seen at the office of the architect, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

The board of county commissioners of said county will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 7th day of June, A. D., 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted and to let the contract for said plumbing and heating. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of said meeting. A certified check for ten per cent of the amount bid payable to the county auditor, must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., May 17th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor
(County Auditor's Seal) m19-je2

Supt. H. F. Anderson and a number of teachers residing here attended the teachers' meeting at St. Hilaire Saturday afternoon. The meeting was well attended and a good program was given.

SHERWOOD GOT TWO DITCH JOBS

Will Construct Ditches No. 42 and 43.—About Thirteen Miles of Ditches.

One Will Drain Land in Mayfield and Kratka; Other in Hickory and Star.

Last Saturday Auditor A. A. Latendresse let the contract for the construction of County Ditches No. 42 and 43. Jerry Sherwood of Litchfield got both contracts, the contract price in each case being 11½ cents per cubic yard of earth removed.

Ditch No. 42, petitioned for by Cornelius Peterson and others, will be about six miles long and it will drain land in the towns of Mayfield and Kratka. The cost of construction will be about $9200.

Ditch No. 43, petitioned for by A. D. Brown and others, will be about seven miles long. It will drain land in Hickory and Star and will cost about $8650.

A Real Live Count.

Preferring life on a Minnesota farm to that of mingling with the nobility in Belgium, Count Leopold de Rabiano and his wife have come to the Gopher State and taken residence near Radium, between Thief River Falls and Warren on the Soo line. There they will engage in the dairy business and show the rest of the nobility in Belgium how to do real work. The Count and his wife were among a party of 35 Belgians that reached St. Paul a few days ago. They are quiet, unassuming, and but for the fact that they are better dressed, could not have been told from other immigrants. The countess wore a neat light traveling dress. Her husband might have been taken for a prosperous farmer. With him was Henry Moerdeck, a millionaire, who has bought property near that of the count. "The heads of all these families are men of means," said the Rev. H. N. Van Der Velden, who was sent to Belgium by the Minnesota Catholic Colonization Company to organize the party. "Some of them individually have enough money to buy a 10,000 acre tract of land."

May Sell Beer and Malt.

The local saloon keepers will be allowed to sell malt liquors, wine and beer as long as no spirituous liquors are handled and no booze of any kind sold to Indians. The following telegram was received here Monday forenoon from special agent Johnson:

Mr. H. J. Enderle: Your letter April 21. All traffic in spirituous liquors in Plummer must cease on May tenth and all spirituous liquors must be removed outside the prohibited district. Sales of wine and beer will not be interfered with except to Indians.—Plummer Pioneer.

Herbert Finkleisen, Theo. Labissoniere and C. W. Johnson went for a trip Sunday afternoon with the Finkleisen car through the towns of Black River, Polk Centre and Perry.

BIG FIELD MEET AT CROOKSTON

High School Students of Red River Valley in Athletic Contests

Red Lake Falls Boys Will Participate in Some Events.

At the meeting of the Red River Valley Athletic association held at Crookston recently, it was decided to hold a field meet at Crookston, Saturday May 28. There are fifteen schools in the valley and quite a number of them will be represented at the field meet. Some of Supt. Koos's husky fellows have decided to train for some of the events. Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls, Fosston, McIntosh, Warren, East Grand Forks, Fertile, Argyle, and other places will be represented and it will be quite a notable athletic event.

Census Completed.

The work of taking the census has been completed and the reports have been sent in. If you were not counted you can't get into the records now. What is the population of Red Lake Falls? When is a comet? Uncle Sam told Enumerator Buse to "keep his mouth shut" and Buse isn't saying a word—not a word.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

Sentenced to Reformatory.

Carl Swansen was arrested at Thief River Falls charged with passing forged checks. He had a hearing in municipal court Tuesday and was bound over to the grand jury. However, later he decided to plead guilty. He was taken before Judge Wm. Watts at Crookston yesterday and plead guilty to forgery in the third degree. He was given a reformatory sentence.

Miss Eva Bray Dead.

Miss Eva Bray, who has been ill with tuberculosis for the past several months, passed away yesterday. Funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at St. Joseph's church of which deceased was a member. An obituary will be published in the next issue.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT SOLD

Red Lake Falls Electric Light Company Has Sold the Dam and Plant to the Red River Power Company.

New Company Will Give City All Day Service and Will Greatly Increase the Capacity of the Plant.

Last Friday the water power and electric light plant owned by the Red Lake Falls Electric Light company was sold. There have been persistent rumors that this sale had been made before, but, though negotiations have been on for some time the sale was not made until Friday and this is the first authoritative statement of the exact nature of the transaction.

The property has been purchased by the Red River Power company of Grand Forks and Crookston of which W. J. Murphy, publisher of the Minneapolis Tribune, is president.

The new owners of the Red Lake Falls plant will make some big improvements, greatly increasing the capacity of the plant. The Gazette called up Ed. Peterson, superintendent of the plant at Crookston, last evening, and secured an authentic statement from him. Mr. Peterson says that the dam is to be raised five feet, giving a twenty foot head. The canal conducting the water to the wheel is to be enlarged to three times the present width and a new modern concrete power house is to be constructed. He says that 1500 kilowatts electric energy will be developed, that the company will have at its disposal 2500 horse power.

Red Lake Falls is to have all day service so that any amount of power, enough to operate a big mill or just enough to heat a lady's curling iron, may be purchased for use at any time during the twenty-four hours of the day.

An electrical transmission line from this city to Grand Forks is to be constructed so that the surplus power may be transmitted to the North Dakota city.

Mr. Peterson says that all of these improvements are to be made this summer and that work will be commenced late in June or early in July. He says that $200,000 will be expended in making the improvements.

Whether or not the sale of the light plant means a brighter future for Red Lake Falls the Gazette cannot say. It is true, of course, that the service is to be improved and everybody will be glad that there is to be all day service, but whether or not it means bigger things in the future one fellow has as much license as another to guess.

When seen in regard to the above then, Marcus Johnson, president of the Red Lake Falls Milling Co., owners of the water power, and also of the Electric Light Co., had this to say:

"Yes, we finally accepted an offer, and have sold to the Red River Power company the water power, and the plant and property of the Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co. It has been my hope, and object of my constant efforts for some time back, to secure the co-operation of other parties who have large capital at their command, in order to bring about the location of certain industries in Red Lake Falls, such as a pulp mill, and other enterprises for which power would be utilized here. I have worked on such propositions incessantly for over a year with varying prospects of success; have made all kinds of offers to prospective investors, whom I was assured were responsible and had good backing; offering to take interest with them in order to show my faith in the undertaking.

"As is a well known fact there is nothing so timid and shy as capital, when sought for investment in new prospects, and especially, when on so large a scale as is required in the development and utilization of water powers. The element of uncertainty, present in all large undertakings, naturally causes investors to hesitate. If in addition to this there is in the community any show of hostility, or display of spirit of opposition to such as have, or plan to invest their means in the large enterprises in the place, it is often the means of discouraging altogether such ventures.

"It may be said in this connection that there are some in Red Lake Falls who have not displayed the spirit in this respect that is best calculated to encourage people to invest their money in large manufacturing enterprises and thus build up a town. Such men, especially when they happen, for a time, to be placed in a position of power and authority, if persistent in a selfish and obstructive course can do a great deal to harass and discourage investments and retard development. The experience the Electric Light Co. had with the city authorities of last year, first in the matter of the renewal of its five year franchise, which it was clearly the wish of the large majority of the citizens should be granted, as a matter of course; there being agreements as to rates and term; as well as later in the negotiations looking to an extention of the time for the use of the streets for poles and wire, that would give more assurance and permanence to investment, without at all handicapping city tactics and obstructions that we were continually up against in these matters, were, to say the least, tiresome and discouraging, and to tell the truth, were largely the cause of failure to interest parties who otherwise considered favorably, but having learned, from some source, of these proceedings, simply remarked that they would invest no money where such an attitude was taken. There is abundant evidence, however, that a large majority of the people of Red Lake Falls believe in the square deal and in considering all questions that come up in a liberal and progressive spirit.

"The new owners plan to expend a great deal of money in improvements, and in developing the water power to its fullest capacity, so there will be plenty of water available for all purposes for which it may be required, and of course they will prefer to use it all here. In case of surplus, however, they have the additional advantage of being in a position to utilize it elsewhere.

"We still retain large business interests in and about Red Lake Falls, and I expect to continue as in the past, to labor for its development and to do my best in its behalf in any matters effecting its interest. The sale of our power and lighting plant does not necessarily mean that we may not build a mill. I have reserved the privelege of obtaining power from the new owners of the dam, and this arrangement will cost less than the expense of keeping the dam in repairs. We will continue the operation of the Pinault mill as long as satisfactory arrangements can be made. Red Lake Falls is all right as a location for a mill of such capacity as may be warranted by the supply of wheat that can be secured locally, or on lines of railroad running through here, but the difficulty and increased cost of late, on shipments from other lines on account of the stand of the railroad companies now take to what they term the "back haul" from their main lines, does not make milling in transit an attractive proposition for the future. It makes it necessary, in the future, for mills to depend more and more on the local supply of grain, or that from adjacent territory."

POLITICIANS ENDORSE ADMINISTRATION

And They Will Try to Induce the Delegates to be Good, Too.

Will Senator Clapp Favor the Program or Will He Insurge?

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, May 17—As the time set for the Republican county convention approaches, it is becoming every day more apparent that administration Republicans are staking everything on their ability to control the organization. By administration Republicans is meant the active politicians who pose as leaders, local or otherwise, who are either in office or hope to attain office or patronage of some kind. The state administration is making the cause of the national administration its own. Their political fortunes are bound up together. The practical politicians in the cities are very generally helping to draw the party lines tight.

Putting on the Screws.

One sees evidences everywhere that there is sympathy for the insurgents among the active party workers. In this indeed the bosses are logical. The president is at the head of the party. It is plain that he has given his confidence to the congressional leaders. He has gone out of his way to express his high appreciation of the public services of Senator Aldrich. Not only has he himself defended the Aldrich-Payne tariff law as the best of the country has ever had, but Attorney General Wickersham, speaking for him and for his administration, has made it plain that he regards Cummins, Dolliver, Beveridge, LaFollette and other prominent insurgents as, if not without the party's pale, at least as mutinous persons who should be disciplined. The same tone is naturally taken by those, big and little, who wish to stand well with the administration. Thus the active Republican politicians from the governor down are making it plainer day by day that they are looking to their leaders for instructions rather than to the people for inspiration.

The Convention in Reactionary Hands.

That the Republican convention will reflect the wishes of the party managers rather than the insurgency which is rife among rank and file of Republican voters throughout the state I make no doubt. These latter are pretty sure to find themselves out generaled at the primaries. The local politicians are accustomed to manage things. They know how. They will make it their business to know which of the prominent men throughout the counties and in the several precincts are all right. They will see that the proper sort of men go to the county conventions. Later they will select safe men to go to St. Paul. To a greater extent and more completely than most people think this convention has been organized for that purpose. The wires are being pulled at and behind the figureheads at the state capitol.

The Attitude of Candidates.

A good many of the leading candidates for state office have been in St. Paul during the past week. Their line of talk is interesting and instructive at least as to the plan of the campaign. It found an echo in Governor Eberhart's speech at Omaha. Much will be made of the prosperity of the country. 'The farmer will be told how rich he has become. The bank deposits will be pointed to as evidence of his prosperity. All this has happened under a Republican administration and under a protective tariff, which, although perhaps not in every way an ideal tariff, is at least the best tariff the country has ever had. There is thro agricultural prosperity, a Republican administration and a high protective tariff being contemporaneous, the farmers owe their prosperity to the Republicans and to the high taxes the Republicans make them pay. As a post hoc, propter hoc argument, it is plain that this has no flaw.

All Talk Alike.

The noticeable thing about this, beside the set form in which this statement is made by those in the confidence of state leaders, is that the closer you get to the executive office, and the nearer you are to those who have in charge, the making of the slate, and the more persistently is this view insisted on. The leaders here make no secret of the fact that they feel it incumbent upon them to instruct the people. They do not at all hesitate to say—in fact they rather pride themselves upon it—that their campaign is one of education. The people, they say, have been misled. When they understand the question they will see things in their right light.

A Peregrinating Champion.

No one regards himself as having received quite so loud a call to preach the righteousness of Cannon and Aldrich and the infallibility of present Republican leadership as Adam Bede who occasionally drifts into town. In fact he has appointed himself champion in chief of maligned patriots. When the talk was most bitter against Mr. Cannon, Mr. Bede had much to say of the homespun virtues of "Uncle Joe." When everybody was criticising Ballinger Adam recalled his past history and the campaign he made for the reform in Seattle. When persons ventured to criticise the president, the birch bark statesman was properly shocked and straight away wrote out for him a certificate of character. This week he has felt the call to an even more difficult task and has undertaken to crown Billy Lorimore with a halo of glory.

The Illinois Way.

He only used to be Billy Lorimore—that was when he was down among the "boys" in the house of representatives. Now he is Senator Lorimore from Illinois, and hereby, as it is beginning to appear, hangs something of a tale. When they came a year or so ago to choose a senator down in Illinois, they thought they would try the now plan of having the people declare their choice at the primaries. So it was put up to them. They chose by a small plurality of the vote cast the retiring member, Senator Hopkins. When the legislature met it refused to ratify the result of the popular election. Then there was the very duce to play. They balloted away for weeks and months and still there was no choice. Finally one fine day W. W. Lorimore of Chicago, who hadn't been a candidate at the primaries at all, and who hadn't been regarded as a possibility, was elected by a combination of Republicans and Democrats.

Stalwart Methods.

He took his seat and outside of Illinois that was the last heard of the matter for months. But influence of one kind or another seemed to have been at work. Some one was doing some burrowing down deep. Then one day a member of the Illinois legislature confessed that he had been paid $1000 for voting for Mr. Lorimore and had received as his share of the "jackpot," or general corruption fund an additional $900. Later another statesman admitted that he had been similarly influenced, and gave quite a circumstantial account of who paid the money and where it was received. The Cook county grand jury took the matter up and is at present engaged in quite an exhaustive inquiry into the matter. While these and similar arguments were being presented to members of the legislature to convince them that it was their duty to vote for Mr. Lorimore, Mr. Lorimore was on the ground

Continued on Last Page.

SENIOR CLASS PLAY MADE A BIG HIT

First High School Commencement Event Was a Big Success.

A Funny College Play That Made Everybody Laugh.

The presentation of the senior class play, "Hicks at College," the first high school commencement event, was a pronounced success.

It is a rollicking college play with not much of a plot except possibly a low down scheme to tickle the funny bone of the fellow who watches the play. The Bijou theatre was filled Friday and Saturday evenings with people who enjoyed the good fun.

The play was so well handled that it would be difficult to give special mention to any without doing injustice to others, though it is true that some of the work was so very good that it deserves special mention.

Numbers were sung by the high school chorus in a delightful manner and Freund's orchestra furnished good music.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

A special dispatch from Washington [illegible] that John D. Rockefeller had abandoned the idea of securing a federal charter for his proposed [illegible] Starr J. Murphy, personal counsel for Mr. Rockefeller, and speaking for the Standard Oil president, said the statement was entirely without foundation. Mr. Murphy also said that Mr. Rockefeller had nothing to do with the "Economic [illegible] General Foundation" for which charter is being sought from the New York legislature for "an aged man of wealth," said to have $2,500,000 to spend on charity.

The house judiciary committee reported favorably a resolution offered by Representative Craig (dem.) Alabama, calling on the attorney general for information concerning the [illegible] by the department of justice [illegible] "[illegible] pool" in cotton.

The exchange of ratifications of the treaty of January 11, 1909, between the United States and Great Britain, [illegible] the international waterways [illegible] was announced by the state department. This treaty was approved by the United States senate on March [illegible]

A rate readjustment is being made by all inter-state carriers in the territory between the Mississippi river and the Atlantic seaboard. The routes included are the water-and-rail as well as the standard and differential lines. It is understood the increased rates will become effective about July 1.

President Taft sent a special message to the house of representatives to tell why he considers a congressional investigation of the sugar weight frauds in the custom service inexpedient. It is believed "a congressional investigation at the time would embarrass the executive department in the continuance and completion of the investigation of the appraisers and other officers of the customs service."

The rural delivery service and the star route service of the postoffice department are to be consolidated and the combined service is to be known as the division of rural mails. The order will take effect on July first. The new division will have immediate supervision over annual appropriations aggregating close to $50,[illegible]

General.

The sundry civil bill carrying an appropriation of $111,849,211, was reported to the house.

Millers' reports of the abandonment of wheat fields makes wheat at Chicago turn sharply upward.

Carrying an aggregate appropriation of $241,000,000, the postoffice appropriation bill was passed by the senate after forty minutes' consideration.

Commander Robert E. Peary has accepted an invitation to lecture before the Royal Geographical society of Antwerp.

In less than fifteen minutes time the senate considered and passed the pension appropriation bill carrying about $155,000,000.

Charles Katz, who was found guilty of larceny by a jury in the supreme court of New York, was sentenced to serve an indeterminate term in the penitentiary.

will may cause an upheaval in the engineer corps.

President Taft ended a two days' stay in Pittsburg with a speech at the Grant day dinner of the Americus club in which he dealt almost wholly with the foreign affairs of the nation.

One hundred sociologists, land owners and men and women interested in the back-to-the-farm movement, attended the first general meeting for the promotion of the national farm homes association at St. Louis.

A soaking rain fell over a good part of Nebraska.

Insurgent senators, after a conference, declared they will not be swerved from their course.

Regular trips were started on the Missouri river by a cargo steamer.

Ballinger's dislike of Director New- Senator Beveridge of Indiana is receiving congratulations upon the arrival of an infant daughter at his home in Washington.

Nearly two hundred miners are believed to have been killed by an explosion in an Alabama mine.

Andre Cushing & Co., one of the largest manufacturing concerns in Canada, has failed. Liabilities are said to be $250,000.

Many Iowa manufacturing plants will close within a few days unless the mines resume work soon.

Five Hundred people are reported killed and a town in Nicaragua destroyed by an earthquake.

Crop damage reports from all parts of the country gave wheat at Chicago a net advance.

Roosevelt delivered his Nobel prize address at Christiania.

The sundry civil appropriation bill will contain an item of $50,000 to enable the department of justice to continue the investigation and prosecution of sugar customs frauds.

Government experts on the hog cholera cure will probably be detailed to the school at Lincoln.

The house committee on expenditures in the treasury department has reported against an investigation in the defalcation of $61,500 in the subtreasury at St. Louis and the shortage of $8,000 in the customs office there.

King Edward VII. died at Buckingham Palace, London, after an illness of about one week, with pneumonia or complicated throat trouble. All England mourns for the beloved ruler, and from all over the British empire and other countries condolences poured in. Edward is succeeded by his second eldest son, the Prince of Wales.

The department of justice at Washington has begun its crusade against the bucketshops of the country.

It would be criminal to sacrifice the individuality of the independent party with a close alliance with either democrats or republicans, in the opinion of W. R. Hearst.

Max Beerbohm, the writer and critic, and Miss Florence Kahn, an American actress, whose home is in Memphis, Tenn., were married in London.

The sundry civil appropriation bill will contain an item of $50,000 to enable the department of justice to continue the investigation and prosecution of sugar customs frauds.

The king's bench in London confirmed the lower court's order for extradition of Frank Matusio, wanted for alleged forgery in St. Louis.

Approximately 6,000 trainmen and conductors employed on the lines of the New York Central east of Boston will receive wage increases averaging 20 per cent.

The demand of the administration for two new battleships will be granted, the senate committee on naval affairs having practically decided to accept the provision of the house bill on this subject.

The federal government will construct a wireless station at Omaha.

The house passed a bill providing that Indian lands near Falls City in Richardson county, Neb., be included in the Nemaha river drainage improvement now being made.

After twelve years the ill-fated battleship Maine is to be removed from Havana harbor and the bodies which went down with the vessel and will be interred in the national cemetery at Arlington.

The Minnesota democratic state convention will be held in Minneapolis July 28.

The National Conservation congress will not be held in St. Louis in August. J. B. White, chairman of the executive committee of the congress, has announced that Theodore Roosevelt will address the congress.

At a meeting of the trustees of the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, it was decided to hold the next convention in Louisville, Ky. The session closed with a banquet.

The funeral of the late Bjornstjeren Bjornson, the Norwegian writer, who died recently in Paris was held at Christiania with imposing ceremonies. It was attended by the king and queen.

So badly slashed is the senate railroad bill that its final passage by both houses is a matter of doubt.

A Nicaragua citizen has written the American consul that cruelties are being practiced in Nicaragua.

Mayor McCarthy is trying to show that San Francisco is the proper place for a Panama exposition.

There is a disposition of the house committee to hold back the postal savings bank bill.

The tomb of Edward VII will be beneath the memorial chapel at Windsor.

Nearly a thousand bodies have been taken from the earthquake ruins at Cartago, Costa Rica.

Fifteen people were killed and fifty injured by an explosion near the town of Hull, Quebec.

The senate judiciary committee has reported favorably a bill to aid the states bordering on Lake Michigan to break up gambling on specially chartered boats along the coast.

Six indictments were handed down by the special grand jury of which John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is the foreman, which has been investigating the "white slave" traffic.

Personal.

It is not likely that congress will adjourn before July.

The late king of England was one of the best beloved monarchs of Europe.

Gompers says he is not trying to form a new party, but wants farmers to be non-partisan.

Turning Hawk, an Omaha Indian, saw the comet seventy-five years ago when he was a young man.

Thirty-two awards of medals for acts of heroism were made by the Carnegie hero fund commission at its spring meeting.

Secretary Wilson promised Senator Burkett he would look into the hog cholera situation in Nebraska.

Secretary Ballinger says he has no intention of resigning.

Secretary Wilson, in a talk to farmers gave his theories on causes of the high cost of living.

A suggestion has been made to Congressman Hinshaw that he make the race for governor of Nebraska.

Representative Herrison demanded light on New York customs house frauds.

Samuel Gompers pleads for a union of farmers and organized labor.

The senate confirmed the nomination of Governor Hughes as a justice of the supreme court.

Senator Burkett is trying to arrange a visit of West Point cadets to Omaha the coming fall.

Colonel Roosevelt is said to have written a letter endorsing the administration of President Taft.

In an address at New York, Attorney General Wickersham criticised the insurgent members of congress.

Edward Payson Weston finished his ocean-to-ocean walk at the city hall of New York eleven days ahead of time.

Commander Robert E. Peary has accepted an invitation to appear before the Royal Geographical society of Antwerp.

Richard L. Metcalfe argues for a special session of the Nebraska legislature to pass the initiative and referendum.

President Taft conferred with senate leaders on the status of the administration railroad bill.

Roosevelt was welcomed by the king and queen upon his arrival in Christiania.

Secretary Ballinger testified in his own defense before the congressional committee.

THE LATE KING EDWARD VII.

CAREER OF EDWARD VII., KING OF GREAT BRITAIN

England's dead king, Edward VII., whose full title was "king of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the British dominions beyond the seas, emperor of India," was the eldest son and the second child of Queen Victoria and Albert, the prince consort. He was born November 9, 1841, in Buckingham palace and was christened Albert Edward.

At his birth he was created prince of Wales and by virtue of that dignity he became also knight of the garter. As heir apparent to the British throne he succeeded to the title of duke of Cornwall and its emoluments, and as heir to the crown of Scotland he became great steward of Scotland, duke of Rothesay, earl of Carrick, baron of Renfrew and lord of the Isles. On September 10, 1849, he was created earl of Dublin, this title being conferred on him and his heirs in perpetuity. Among the other titles and commands held by Edward were duke of Saxony, colonel of the Tenth hussars, colonel-in-chief of the Rifle brigade, field marshal of the British army and field marshal of the German army.

The prince received a most elaborate, broad and carefully planned education. At first he was under the charge of four private tutors, and subsequently his education was directed by Baron Stockmar and Charles Kingsley. In order to give him a taste of college life, he was sent for one session to the University of Edinburgh, for one year to Oxford and for four terms to Cambridge. During these years he acquired a wide general knowledge of the arts and sciences and became quite proficient in modern languages.

In 1860 the prince made a tour of the United States and Canada and the next year he joined the British army at Curragh camp, Ireland. In 1862 he set out on his travels again, this time visiting Jerusalem and other places of biblical interest. His companion on the trip was Dean Stanley of Westminster.

Edward's public life began in February, 1863, when, as heir to the throne, he took his seat in the house of lords. On March 10 of the same year he married Princess Alexandra Caroline Mary Charlotte Louisa Julia, the eldest daughter of King Christian IX. of Denmark. Her beauty, grace and charming manners at once gave her a popularity in Great Britain that has continued unlessened throughout her life as princess and queen. In 1875-76 the prince made an extended tour through the Indian empire and was received everywhere with lavish and magnificent hospitality, the native rulers seeking to outdo one another in the gorgeousness of the entertainments provided for the emperor.

On the death of Queen Victoria, January 22, 1901, Edward succeeded to the throne. The coronation was set for June 26, 1902, and all preparations for the magnificent event had been completed when disquieting rumors of the king's ill health, which had been current for several days, were confirmed by the postponement of the ceremony. It was announced that the king was suffering from perityphlitis, and on June 24 he underwent an operation. After some weeks of the greatest anxiety, he recovered, and the coronation took place August 9.

During the long years of his princehood Edward's public duties consisted solely in the office of representing the royal family at all manner of public events, and he performed these duties well. But the deadly monotony of such a life was too much for the vigorous man, and he found relaxation in amusements that frequently gave rise to scandals and that gave the world a wrong impression of his real character. He was especially fond of the theater and among his boon companions for years were actresses and actors. Also he developed a great liking for Paris and often visited that gay capital incognito. The Riviera and Biarritz likewise were familiar with the face of the prince of Wales.

But all this, as has been said, was only his relaxation, and after coming to the throne his conduct always was so circumspect that not the most captious critic could find any fault with it.

As a diplomat Edward was unexcelled among the monarchs of Europe. His influence was always thrown to the side of international peace where compatible with national honor, and his advice and example had a steadying effect on all Europe. He looked with amused tolerance on the vagaries and extravagances of his nephew, the emperor of Germany, but occasionally that ruler exasperated him to such an extent that he could not refrain from giving him some stern advice. Such admonition was not received by William in a submissive spirit, and once in a while there were sensational rumors that the peaceful relations between the two countries were about to be ruptured.

The development of the king's character in his later years was especially gratifying to the nation. In addition to the love of his people, which he had always had, he gained their admiration and respect. They had the utmost confidence in his good judgment, as was amply exemplified during the late crisis over the budget, and they were always sure he would do the right thing at the right time.

To Edward and Alexandra were born six children. The first, Prince Albert, duke of Clarence, died in 1892, aged twenty-eight years. The second, George Frederick Ernest Albert, born on June 3, 1865, succeeds to the throne. The other children are: Princess Louisa Victoria, married to the duke of Fife; Princess Victoria Alexandra; Princess Maude Charlotte, married to Prince Charles of Denmark, and Prince Alexander John, who died the day after his birth in 1871.

Absolute Rest.

"Clyde Fitch was an indefatigable worker," said an actor who has played in many of the Fitch comedies. "When he had a play on the stocks he would labor over it day and night, often scarcely pausing for his meals, and getting very little sleep. Consequently his health suffered. He would work until on the verge of a nervous breakdown, and then his physician would step in and force him to knock off.

"During one of these periods of enforced idleness he was lounging in the Players club one day when Harry B. Smith, the prolific comic opera librettist, strolled in.

"'What are you doing now?' asked Smith.

"'I'm in my doctor's hands,' replied Fitch. 'He tells me I'm in a bad way, and has absolutely forbidden me to do any brain work.'

"'That's tough," said Smith. 'How do you manage to put in the time?'

"'Oh, I'm writing the libretto of a musical comedy,' replied Fitch with one of his cynical smiles.'"

They All Serve.

George C. Boldt, the well-known hotel man, was talking in Philadelphia about the hotels of Switzerland.

"They are good," said Mr. Boldt. "At the price they are remarkably good. The Swiss are a nation of hotel keepers.

"The Alps, you know, draw all the world to Switzerland, and the Switzer who wants to become a millionaire goes into the hotel business as an American would go into steel or sugar. He begins at the bottom; he is a waiter.

"It is said that once in Berne, at a historic public meeting, all the leading men of Switzerland were gathered together. A vote had been taken, and in the intense silence preceding the epoch-making verdict of the tellers a wag shouted, 'Waiter!'

"Instantly the whole assembly rose as one man and answered, 'Yes, sir.'"

Comparative Anatomy.

You may be better than others, but that doesn't mean to say you are worth much.

STIRS UP PROBERS

DEAN SHEPPARD STARTLES THE SENATE HIGH COST COMMITTEE.

N. D. MAN GIVES FIGURES

Democrats Somewhat Surprised When They Learn Machinery is Higher in Canada Than in United States.

Washington, May 12.—Testimony regarding the relation of the farmer to the cost of living was given yesterday before the senate committee investigating the subject by John H. Sheppard, dean of the North Dakota Agricultural college at Fargo. Dean Sheppard spoke of modern farm life, many of which, he said, added to the cost of living on the farms, and to the cost of producing farm products.

He said:

"I have made a rough estimate as to how much this higher standard of living amounts to, and have placed it at 50 cents an acre. It adds that much to the cost of production per acre."

The witness startled the democrats when he testified that agricultural implements were 25 per cent higher in Canada than in the United States. During the early part of the inquiry the democratic members of the committee referred frequently to the "harvester" trust and the tariff, and asked many questions about the increase in the cost of farming implements and machinery.

"You should compare the prices in the United States and across the border in Canada," suggested Senator Clark of Arkansas.

"Agricultural implements are 25 per cent higher in Canada than in North Dakota," said Dean Sheppard.

"Higher," exclaimed a democratic senator.

The reply was in the affirmative.

Dean Sheppard told the committee that dollar wheat today is worth no more to the farmer than 80 cent wheat 10 years ago. There has been an increase of 150 per cent in the price of land while its producing capacity has been reduced 20 per cent in the same period. There has been an increase of 19 per cent in the cost of farming implements and an increase of 60 per cent in wages.

The witness also asserted that with the increase of wages paid to farm help has come a decrease in efficiency. There has been a scarcity of farm labor, and the hired help are more independent than formerly.

KING EDWARD IS DEAD.

Entire World Mourns Death of Popular English Monarch.

London, May 7.—King Edward VII., who returned to England from a vacation ten days ago in the best of health, died at 11:45 o'clock last night, (5:45 p. m. Chicago time) in the presence of his family, after an illness of less than a week, which was serious hardly more than three days.

The Prince of Wales succeeded to the crown immediately according to the laws of the Kingdom, without official ceremony. His first official act was a dispatch to the Lord Mayor of the announcement of his father's death in pursuance of custom.

His telegram read:

"I am deeply grieved to inform you that my beloved father, the King, passed away peacefully at 11:45 tonight.

(Signed) "George."

The Official Bulletin.

The physicians soon afterwards issued their official bulletin which was as follows:

May 6, 11:50 p. m. His Majesty, The King, breathed his last at 11:45 p. m. in the presence of Her Majesty Queen Alexandra, the Prince and Princess of Wales, Princess Royal, the Duchess of Fife, Princess Victoria and Princess Louise, The Duchess of Argyle.

(Signed.)

"Laking," "Reid," "Powell," "Dawson."

One of Last Utterances.

One of the last utterances attributed to King Edward was:

"Well, it is all over; but I think I have done my duty."

He seemed then to have reached a full realization that his death was approaching.

Wouldn't Answer Census Man.

Chicago, May 12.—After an enumerator, a census inspector, a special agent and a policeman had failed to make her answer questions relative to the taking of the census, Mrs. Katherine Holtrop was arrested by deputy federal marshals here and held to the federal grand jury.

After her husband had signed bonds for her release before United States Commissioner Mark A. Fotte, Mrs. Holtrop broke down and begged to be permitted to answer the questions. She was told that it was too late.

Fast Train Jumps Track.

Cleveland, O., May 12.—Pennsylvania passenger train No. 307 leaving Pittsburg at 5:30 and due in Cleveland at 11 o'clock, jumped the track at Pensington, fifteen miles from Alliance, Ohio, and some of the coaches rolled down a thirty foot embankment. Many were reported injured. The engine and baggage car and two coaches are in the ditch. A special train with physicians was made up at Alliance and rushed to the scene of the wreck.

Minot Has $20,000 Fire.

Minot, N. D., May 12.—The north end of lower Main street, Minot, was destroyed by fire early this morning, which was only prevented from spreading to the business portion of the city by the splendid pressure furnished by the new water system.

The fire started in a cigar factory, spread to the European restaurant, McDougal's dray office, O'Lander's employment agency and Smith's pool hall. The total loss on the buildings, which were owned by E. F. Tompkins, is estimated at $20,000, insured for a third of its value. The loss on stock amounts to $6,000, partially insured.

Admits Charge Was Right.

Washington, May 12.—In a letter to Chairman Parker of the house judiciary committee read by Secretary Ballinger to the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committee today, Attorney General Wickersham admits that his summary to the president of the Glavis charges was ante dated, as charged by Attorney Brandeis.

Attorney General Wickersham will probably be called as a witness in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation to testify in regard to a conversation he had with Henry M. Hayt, regarding Assistant Secretary Pierce's construction of the code of the laws of May 26, 1808.

EFFORTS ARE SUCCESSFUL

HANNA WORKS TO AID SETTLERS IN GETTING TITLES.

North Dakota Congressman Gets Assurance that There Will be Less Delay.

Washington, May 11.—Numerous complaints have been made to Congressman Hanna from the western portion of North Dakota to the effect that settlers have suffered much delay in getting titles to their lands, owing to the fact that their homestead applications were held up.

The reason for his was that the funds necessary to meet the expense of the examination of the claims for the purpose of discovering whether there was coal under the surface had been practically exhausted;

The reason for this was that the funds gressman Hanna consulted with Chairman Tawney of the appropriations committee in the sundry civil bill and asked that the fund for the ensuing year should be made immediately available as soon as the bill passed so that the work could be taken up and further delay obviated.

The bill as reported out last Saturday contained a provision worded in the manner suggested by Congressman Hanna who thereupon called upon Land Commissioner Bennett and was assured by the latter that as soon as the bill passed he would see to it that the force of experts of North Dakota would be increased so that the work of examination could be taken up and crowded along and the unnecessary delay done away with.

County Auditors in Session.

Grand Forks, N. D., May 11.—The annual convention of the North Dakota County Auditors association convened here yesterday and is still in session today. Final adjournment will be taken at the afternoon session today. At the meeting yesterday afternoon the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—I. W. Healy, Burleigh county.

Vice President—R. P. Irving, Sargent county.

Secretary—W. W. Felson, Pembina county.

The principal question discussed yesterday were as to what an election notice should contain and as to whether or not a county auditor should accept the fees for filing candidates' petitions for the primary elections as provided under the laws of 1907. This law provides that a fee equal to 1 per cent of the annual salary of the office sought, shall be paid by the candidate to the county auditor and that such candidate's petition should be signed by at least 5 per cent of the legal voters casting a ballot for the office seeker or his predecessor at the last election. The law of 1905, providing for such fees, was declared unconstitutional some time during the year 1907, and during the session of the legislature of that year another law was passed.

English Mine Horror.

Manchester, May 12.—An explosion in the Wellington coal mine at White Haven during last night cut off the exit for 136 miners who were working below the surface.

Rescue parties succeeded early today in saving four men who had been working at the bottom of the shaft, but were prevented by gas from penetrating to the point where the main body of men is imprisoned.

At 12:30 this afternoon no further rescues had been accomplished. Every indication was that the inner workings of the mine were afire and there was gravest apprehension regarding the entombed men. The colliery is owned by the Earl of Lonsdale and its workings extend four or five miles beneath the sea.

The spot where the eighty-five hewers and some fifty odd shifters still imprisoned, were working at the time of the explosion is about three miles from the exit. The rescuers directed their efforts to tunneling a road through the accumulation blocking the passage way and by mid-afternoon had reached a point within a mile of their goal. Their progress was slow and dangerous as fumes filled the workings.

Florida is Launched.

New York, May 12.—The biggest ship in the American navy slid off the ways today at the New York navy yard, when the battleship Florida dropped into the water. Later on when the Arkansas and the Wyoming, now under construction are afloat they will exceed the Florida in size by 3,000 tons, a difference sufficient to make a pretty good little liner in itself. The Florida herself is by no means finished, for as she went off the ways today she was only about 60 per cent advanced towards completion, which means that she was not much more than a vast empty hull and still awaits all of the 1,000 boilers and main and secondary engines and armor and equipment that go to make up the ship ready for commission.

Roosevelt to be Special Ambassador.

Washington, May 11. — Theodore Roosevelt today accepted by cable the appointment by President Taft to be special ambassador to represent the United States at the funeral of King Edward, in London, May 20. The cablegrams exchanged by the president and Colonel Roosevelt were not made public.

Accident in British Fleet.

London, May 11.—Reports are current at Dover of serious explosion on flagship London of the British Atlantic battleship fleet in Norwegian waters. The reports cannot be confirmed here. Rear Admiral Sir Colin Richard Keppel is in command of the fleet.

Sawmill Burns.

Winnipeg, May 12.—A big sawmill at Grand View, Manitoba, with its large quantities of stock, was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is $100,000.

Engineers in Session.

Detroit, Mich., May 11.—More than 3,000 delegates were registered this morning and hundreds more arrived during the day for the opening tonight of the biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers which will remain in session until June 4.

Argued Mountrail Case.

Rugby, N. D., May 9.—Arguments were made here yesterday in the case involving the settlement between Ward and Mountrail counties over the recent division.

YEGG'S LIFE STORY

"Liverpool Jack," Safeblower, Relates Experiences.

Once Tried to Blow Police Headquarters Safe to Get Revenge—Proves Self Guilty to Save Friend.

New York.—How he had once tried to blow open the safe at Mulberry street police headquarters in the '80s, as revenge for an unjust conviction got by one of Inspector Byrnes' men; how he had cleverly fooled a country justice of the peace after being caught on a safe-breaking job, by feigning to be drunk; and how he had later proved his own guilt, to save another man from the crime, was told recently at the new Center street headquarters by James Murphy, safe-breaker, arrested for carrying burglar's tools.

It was Murphy, known as "Liverpool Jack," who, with Red Leary and Johnny and Jimmy Hope, blew open the safe of the Manhattan bank, at Broadway and Bleecker street, in the early '70s. Murphy, now well past 70 years, has been implicated in many of the big safe-blowings of two generations. Released from the penitentiary on Blackwell's island only the other morning he was seized again on a bench warrant issued by Judge Rosolsky, charging him with carrying burglars' tools, at the time of his former arrest for carrying a revolver.

The old safe-blower told Inspector McCafferty of the robbery of the Manhatten bank, and said after his release from Sing Sing he went to Kansas City for five years.

"While I was away from the city," he went on, "a safe was blown. When I got back to New York in 1880 one of Byrnes' men nabbed me and railroaded me to prison, for this crime, of which I knew nothing. That was the one great act of injustice done me in all my career, and even the grave won't bring forgetfulness of that nasty piece of work.

Taken Before a Justice of the Peace.

"After I did that five years in Sing Sing for another man's crime I wanted to get square with Byrnes! I and another set out to blow open the safe in police headquarters. It was then in a little office off the big hall. We were at work on it when we heard footsteps, and if we hadn't been frightened off then we would have blown that cheesebox to bits."

In 1885 he went to Gloversville and robbed a safe there. He was arrested outside of the bank, while feigning intoxication, and actually had the loot on him. The policemen did not search him, but took him before a justice of the peace.

"'He was drunk outside the bank just robbed, your honor,' said the policeman," continued Murphy.

"'What's your business?' asked the justice.

"'I'm—hic—a bricklay—hic—er; hod carrier—hic—anything.'

"'How much money have you?'

"'Three—hic—dollars, judge.'

"'Well, you're fined $3, so you can't get drunk for a few days more.'

"But, inspector," continued Murphy, "the laugh was on me. Peggy Donovan was arrested for this crime I had committed, and railroaded to prison. When I learned of it I gave myself up and confessed to the crime. I had a hard time proving I had done the job. I had to subpoena the justice of the peace and the policeman from Gloversville. They bore out my story as far as they could. I was convicted, Peggy was freed and the three years and three months I did for that crime were some of the happiest years of my life."

How he got the name of "Liverpool Jack" was developed as follows:

"You remember, inspector, what you said to me a year ago, when I was nabbed with the gun and tools? You said: 'Murphy, you are old. Do you want to spend the remainder of your life in Sing Sing or in the convicts' home kept by the salvation army out on Long Island?' I told you I wasn't a hypocrite, and it was either freedom to go and do as I please or Sing Sing. I'm James Murphy, alias Conuors, alias Liverpool Jack, and a few other fanciful names; professional criminal—safe-blower.'

Very Low.

The two farmers were looking on while the aviator was cussing and working at his disabled aeroplane, which had come to earth far from the maddening crowd.

"I s'pose a machine like that there comes purty high?" remarked Ezra to Reuben.

"Haw! Haw!" guffawed Reuben loudly, for the benefit of the aviator, "looks to me like it comes purty low, b'gosh!"

"You're dead right, it does, you yap!" roared the angry aviator, "when it lands in your company!"—Literary Magazine of the Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE DIVA'S RUBY

By F. Marion Crawford

Author of "Saracinesca," "Arethusa" etc., etc.

Illustrations by A. Weil

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SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance and drew off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin Saad, her betrothed, attempted to climb down a cliff overlooking the mine, but the traveler shot him. The stranger was revived from a water gourd Saad carried, dug his way out of the tunnel, and departed deserting the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the gems she could carry, and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), a famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg, and Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He offered Lady Maud $5,000 for her pet charity if she would aid him in winning the singer from Logotheti. Baraka [illegible] Logotheti at Versailles with [illegible]. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and [illegible] Venice. He was visited by [illegible]. She gave him a [illegible] American had told her of [illegible] the United States a man [illegible] description of the one she [illegible] followed Margaret [illegible] "Parsifal" festival. Margaret [illegible] to Van Torp, who presented [illegible] with the ruby Baraka had [illegible] Kralinsky, a Russian [illegible] Van Torp believed [illegible] Baraka was pursuing [illegible] arrested in London on the [illegible] from Pinney, a jeweler, [illegible] she had sold to Logotheti. [illegible] were the thieves. Lady Maud [illegible] Logotheti's assault [illegible] open to suspicion [illegible] Margaret. Van Torp [illegible] that Kralinsky was the [illegible] in his young man [illegible] Baraka's [illegible] as his guest [illegible] Baraka [illegible] for revenge on the [illegible] and left her [illegible] in moderating [illegible] Maud arrived in Bayreuth [illegible] Van Torp entered [illegible] a tremendous [illegible] New York. The thief who [illegible] from Mr. Pinney was arrested [illegible] and the stone recovered. [illegible] Maud [illegible] to Van Torp [illegible] Kralinsky to be the [illegible] believed dead. Van Torp [illegible] to unravel the [illegible] party gathered on Van [illegible] Lady Maud discovered [illegible] to her lost [illegible]. He offered [illegible] be true to her. She [illegible] Logotheti took Baraka ashore [illegible] to procure her a proper outfit. [illegible] half in [illegible] to do so if she [illegible] the man she sought. Van Torp [illegible] at Messina, and not [illegible] the party went on [illegible]. The yachts met and Baraka [illegible] Kralinsky the man she [illegible] Logotheti, Baraka and Spiro [illegible] the Lancashire Lass.

CHAPTER XV.—Continued.

But now, at the very moment of meeting Margaret, he knew that if he found her very angry with him, he would simply listen to what she had to say, make a humble apology, state the truth coldly, and return to his own yacht with Baraka, under her very eyes, and in full sight of Lady Maud and Mrs. Rushmore. Besides, he felt tolerably sure that when Spiro failed to carry out the young Tartar girl's murderous instructions, she would forget all about the oath she had sworn by the "inviolable water of the Styx" and try to kill him with her own hands, so that it would be necessary to take her away abruptly, and even forcibly.

Before the Erinna had quite lost her way, Logotheti had his naphtha launch going alongside, and he got into it with Baraka and Spiro, and the Lancashire Lass had barely time to lower her ladder, while still moving slowly, before the visitors were there.

Baraka bade Logotheti go up first, and trod daintily on the grated steps as he followed him. The chief mate and chief steward were waiting at the gangway. The mate saluted; the steward led the visitors to the main saloon, ushered them in and shut the door. Spiro was left outside, of course.

Mr. Van Torp shook hands coldly with Logotheti; Baraka walked directly to Kralinsky, and then stood stone-still before him, gazing up steadily into his eyes.

Neither Margaret nor Mrs. Rushmore was to be seen. Van Torp and Logotheti both watched the other two, looking from one face to the other. Kralinsky, with his eye-glass in his eye, surveyed the lovely young barbarian unmoved, and the silence lasted half a minute. Then she spoke in her own language and Kralinsky answered her, and only Logotheti understood what they said to each other. Probably it did not occur to Kralinsky that the Greek knew Tartar.

"You are not Ivan. You are fatter, and you have not his eyes."

Logotheti drew a long breath.

"No," answered Kralinsky, "I am Yuryi, his brother. I never saw you, but he told me of you."

"Where is Ivan?"

"Dead."

The proud little head was bowed down for a moment and Baraka did not speak till several seconds had passed. Then she looked up again suddenly. Her dark eyes were quite dry.

"How long?"

"More than four months."

"You know it?"

"I was with him and buried him."

"It is enough."

She turned, her head high, and went to the door, and no one hindered her from going out.

"Mons. Logotheti!" Lady Maud called him, and the Greek crossed the saloon and stood by her. "He is not the man, I see," she said, with a vague doubt in her voice.

"No."

Van Torp was speaking with Kralinsky in low tones. Lady Maud spoke to Logotheti again, after an instant, in which she drew a painful breath and grew paler.

"Miss Donne knows that you are on board," she said, "but she wishes me to say that she will not see you, and that she considers her engagement at an end, after what you have done."

Logotheti did not hesitate.

"Will you kindly give a message to Miss Donne from me?" he asked.

"That quite depends on what it is," Lady Maud answered coldly.

She felt that she herself had got something near a death-wound, but she would not break down.

"I beg you to tell Miss Donne that I yield to her decision," said Logotheti with dignity. "We are not suited to each other, and it is better that we should part. But I cannot accept as the cause of our parting the fact that I have given my protection to a young girl whom I have extracted from great trouble and have treated, and still treat, precisely as I should have treated Miss Donne if she had been my guest. Will you tell her that?"

"I will tell her that."

"Thank you. Good-morning."

He turned and went towards the door, but stopped to speak to Van Torp.

"This gentleman," he said, "is not the man my guest was anxious to find, though he is strikingly like him. I have to thank you for giving her an opportunity of satisfying herself. Good-morning."

Mr. Van Torp was extremely grateful to Logotheti for having ruined himself in Margaret's eyes, and would in any case have seen him to the gangway, but he was also very anxious to know what Kralinsky and Baraka had said to each other in Tartar. He therefore opened the door for the Greek, followed him out and shut it behind him. Baraka and Spiro had disappeared; they were already in the launch, waiting.

"Now what did they say, if it isn't a rude question?" asked the American.

Logotheti repeated the short conversation almost word for word.

"He said that his name was Yuryi," he concluded. "That is George in English."

"Oh, he's George, is he? And what's his dead brother's name, again, please?"

"Ivan. That is John. Before we part, Van Torp, I may as well tell you that my engagement with Miss Donne is at an end. She was good enough to inform me of her decision through Lady Maud. One thing more, please. I wish you to know, as between man and man, that I have treated Baraka as I would my own sister since I got her out of prison, and I beg that you won't encourage any disagreeable talk about her."

"Well, now," said the American slowly, "I'm glad to hear you say that, just in that way. I guess it'll be all right about any remarks on board my ship, now you've spoken."

"Thank you," said Logotheti, moving towards the gangway.

They shook hands with some cordiality, and Logotheti ran down the steps like a sailor, without laying his hand on the man-rope, stepped on board his launch and was off in a moment.

"Good-by! good-by, Miss 'Barrack, and good luck to you!" cried Van Torp, waving his cap.

Logotheti translated his words to Baraka, who looked back with a grateful smile, as if she had not just heard that the man she had risked her life to find in two continents had been dead four months.

"It was his portion," she said gravely, when she was alone with Logotheti on the Erinna, and the chain was coming in fast.

Van Torp went back to the main saloon and found Lady Maud and Kralinsky there. She was apparently about to leave the count, for she was coming towards the door, and her eyes were dark and angry.

"Rufus," she said, "this man is my husband, and insists that I should take him back. I will not. Will you kindly have me put ashore before you start again? My things are ready now."

"Excuse me," answered Mr. Van Torp, digging his large thumbs into his waistcoat pockets, "there's a mistake. He's not your husband."

"He is, indeed!" cried Lady Maud, in a tone her friend never forgot.

"I am Boris Leven," said Kralinsky in an authoritative tone, and coming forward almost defiantly.

"Then why did you tell the Tartar girl that your name was George?" asked Mr. Van Torp, unmoved.

"I did not."

"You've evidently forgotten. That Greek gentleman speaks Tartar better than you. I wonder where you learned it! He's just told me you said your name was George."

"My name is George Boris," answered Kralinsky, less confidently.

He was not a coward, but he had never been face to face with Van Torp when he meant business, and the terrible American cowed him.

She Followed Him.

"My husband's name is only Boris—nothing else," said Lady Maud.

"Well, this isn't your husband; this is George, whoever he is, and if you don't believe it, I'm going to give you an object lesson."

Thereupon Mr. Van Torp pressed the button of a bell in the bulk-head near the door, which he opened, and he stood looking out. A steward came at once.

"Send me Stemp," said Van Torp in a low voice, as he stepped outside.

"Yes, sir."

"And, see here, send six sailors with him."

"Very good, sir."

Mr. Van Torp went in again and shut the door. Kralinsky disdained flight, and was looking out of a window. Lady Maud had sat down again. For the first time in her life she felt weak.

In less than one minute the door opened and Stemp appeared, impassive and respectful. Behind him was the boatswain, a huge Northumbrian, and five young seamen in perfectly new guernseys, with fair quiet faces.

"Stemp."

"Yes, sir."

"Take that man somewhere and shave him. Leave his mustache on." Van Torp pointed to Kralinsky.

For once in his life Stemp gasped for breath. Kralinsky turned a greenish white, and seemed paralyzed with rage.

"Take his beard off, sir, you mean?"

"Yes. Leave his mustache. Here, men," added Van Torp, "take that fellow outside and hold him down in a chair while Stemp shaves him. See?" The boatswain looked doubtful. "He's pretending to be somebody he's not," said Van Torp, "on my ship, and I want to see his face. It's mutiny if you don't obey orders!"

"Aye, aye, sir," responded the boatswain cheerfully, for he rather liked the job since there was a good reason for it.

But instead of going about his business gently, the Northumbrian giant suddenly dashed past Van Torp in a flash, and jumped and hurled himself head foremost at Kralinsky's legs, exactly as if he were diving. In the count's violent fall the revolver he had drawn was thrown from his hand and went off in the air. The boatswain had seen it in time. The big man struggled a little, but the five seamen held him fast and carried him out kicking.

"Stemp."

The valet was preparing to follow the prisoner, and was quite calm again.

"Yes, sir."

"If he won't sit still to be shaved, cut his head off."

"Yes, sir."

Van Torp's eyes were awful to see. He had never been so angry in his life. He turned and saw Lady Maud pressing her handkerchief to her right temple. The ball had grazed it, though it had certainly not been meant for her.

"Rufus!" she cried in great distress, "what have you done?"

"The question is what he's done to you," answered Van Torp. "I believe the blackguard has shot you!"

Wandering Alone in Search of Plants and Minerals.

"It's nothing. Thank God it hit me! It was meant for you."

Van Torp's rage instantly turned into tender care, and he insisted on examining the wound, which was slight but would leave a scar. By a miracle the ball had grazed the angle of the temple without going near the temporal artery, and scarcely singeing the thick brown hair.

Van Torp rang and sent for water and absorbent cotton, and made a very neat dressing, over which Lady Maud tied her big veil. Just as this was done Stemp appeared at the door.

"It's ready, sir, if you would like to come and see. I've not scratched him once, sir."

"All right." Van Torp turned to Lady Maud. "Do you feel faint? Lean on my arm."

But she would not, and she walked bravely, holding herself so straight that she looked much taller than he, though she felt as if she were going to execution.

A moment later she uttered a loud cry and clung to Van Torp's shoulder with both hands. But as for him, he said only two words.

"You hellhound!"

The man was not Boris Leven.

The eyes, the upper part of the face, the hair, even the flowing mustaches were his, but not the small retreating chin crossed by the sharp, thin scar of a sword-cut long healed.

"I know who you are," said Van Torp, surveying him gravely. 'You're Long-legged Levi's brother, that disappeared before he did. I remember that scar."

"Let me off easy," said Long-legged Levi's brother. "I've not done you any harm."

"Beyond wounding Lady Maud, after trying to pass yourself off as her dead husband. No. I won't let you off. Boatswain, I want this man arrested, and we'll take him and all his belongings before the British consul in Messina in less than an hour. You just attend to that, will you? Somebody go and tell the captain."

"Aye, aye, sir."

The rest is soon told. A long inquiry followed, which led to the solution of the mystery and sent Count Yuryi Leven to Siberia; for he was Boris Leven's twin brother.

The truth turned out to be that there had been three brothers, the youngest being Ivan, and they had all entered the same Cossack regiment, and had served in the Caucasus, where most officers learn the Tartar language, which is spoken by all the different tribes. It will be simpler to designate them by the English equivalents for their names.

Boris behaved himself tolerably well in the army, but both his brothers, John and George, who was his twin, were broken for cheating at cards, and emigrated to America. So long as they all wore their beards as officers of Cossack regiments usually do, they were very much alike. They were all educated men of refined tastes, and particularly fond of music.

When his two brothers were cashiered, Boris resigned, entered the diplomatic service, married Lady Maud Foxwell, and was killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg.

John and George separated in America when they were tired of punching cattle.

John was something of a naturalist and was by far the most gifted of the three as well as the most daring. He gravitated to China and at last to Mongolia, wandering alone in search of plants and minerals, and it was to him that Baraka showed the ruby mine. He got back to civilization with his treasure and took it to Petersburg unmolested.

There he found George earning a poor living in an obscure position in the public service, his conduct in the army having been condoned or overlooked. John, who was the incarnation of selfishness, would do nothing for him. George, exasperated by him, and half starved, murdered him in such a way that he was supposed to have died by an accident, took possession of his hoard of unsold rubies, and wrote to his twin brother to come and share the fortune John had left them.

George and Boris had been in constant correspondence, and had even helped each other with money from time to time. Some weeks elapsed after Boris' return to St. Petersburg before his death, and during that time he told George, who knew London well and had, moreover, helped him in his attempt to get a divorce, a vast number of details about his married life and his wife's behavior, her character and tastes. Then Boris was killed in the street, and George left the country and changed his name, with the vague idea that his own was not a very creditable one and that if he kept it he might be troubled by his brother Boris' numerous creditors. He began life over again as Kralinsky.

He had not entertained the least intention of passing himself for Boris and claiming Lady Maud as his wife till he met her, and her beauty made him lose his head completely when he saw that she took him for her husband. He would have been found out inevitably sooner or later, but Van Torp's vigorous action shortened Lady Maud's torments.

George was tried, and Russian justice awoke, possibly under pressure from England. The family history of the Levens was exhumed and dissected before the courts. The creditors of Boris Leven appeared in legions and claimed that in proper course he should have inherited the rubies from his murdered brother, and would then have been able to pay his debts. The court thought so too, and ordered the confiscated treasure to be sold.

But since it had been Boris', the law was obliged to declare that the residue of the money, after paying the debts, was the property of Countess Leven, Boris' widow.

Lady Maud thus found herself in possession of a considerable fortune, for she accepted the inheritance when she was assured that it would go to the Russian crown if she refused it.

The wealth Lady Maud thus commands enables her to carry much further than formerly the peculiar form of charity which she believes to be her own invention, if it may be properly called charity at all, and which consists in making it worth while and agreeable to certain unfortunate people to live decent lives in quiet corners without starving, instead of calling to them to come out from behind the virtue-curtain and be reformed in public. It is a very expensive charity, however, and very hard to exercise, and will never be popular; for the popular charities are those that cost least and are no trouble.

Mme. Konstantinos Logotheti is learning French and English on the Bosphorus with her husband, and will make a sensation when he brings her to London and Paris. On the day of his marriage in Constantinople Logotheti received a letter from Lady Maud telling him how sorry she was that she had not believed him that day on the yacht at Scaletta, and saying that she hoped to meet his wife soon. It was an honest apology from an honest woman.

He received a letter a few days later from Margaret, and on the same day a magnificently printed and recklessly illustrated booklet reached him, forwarded from Paris. The letter was from Margaret to tell him that she also took back what she had thought about Baraka and hoped to see him and her before long. She said she was glad, on the whole, that he had acted like a lunatic, because it was likely that they would both be happier. She herself, she said, was going to be married to Mr. Van Torp at St. George's, Hanover square, before sailing for New York, where she was going to sing at the opera after Christmas. If he should be in town then she hoped he would come and bring his wife.

The booklet was an announcement, interleaved with fine etchings, to the effect that "The Mme. da Cordova and Rufus Van Torp Company" would open their new opera house in Fifth avenue less than two years hence with a grand Wagner festival, to last two months, and to include the performance of "Parsifal" with entirely new scenery, and the greatest living artists, whose names were given.

Mr. Van Torp had told the diva that he would like her to choose a wedding present which she really wanted, adding that he had a few things for her already. He produced some of them, but some were on paper. Among the latter was a house in New York, overlooking the park and copied exactly from her own in London, the English architect having been sent to New York himself to build it. Two small items were two luxurious private cars of entirely different patterns, one for America and one for Europe, which she was always to use when she traveled, professionally or otherwise. He said he did not give her the Lancashire Lass because it wasn't quite new"—having been about ten months in the water—but he had his own reasons, one of which was that the yacht represented a sentiment to him, and was what he would have called a "souviner." But if she could think of anything else she fancied, "now was the time."

She said that there was only one thing she should really like, but that she could not have it, because it was not in the market. He asked what it was, and it turned out to be the ruby which Logotheti had given her, and had taken to Pinney's to be cut, and which had been the cause of so many unexpected events, including her marriage. Logotheti had it in his possession, she supposed, but he had shown good taste in not trying to press it on her as a wedding present, for she could not have accepted it. Nevertheless, she wanted it very much, more as a remembrance than for its beauty.

Mr. Van Torp said he "thought he could fix that," and he did. He went directly to Mr. Pinney and asked what had become of the stone. Mr. Pinney answered that it was now cut and was in his safe for sale. The good man had felt that it would not be tactful to offer it to Mr. Van Torp. Logotheti, who was a fine gentleman in his way, had ordered it to be sold, when a good opportunity offered, and directed that the money should be given to the poor Greeks in London, under the supervision of Lady Maud Leven, the Turkish ambassador and the Greek minister, as a committee. Mr. Pinney, after consultation with the best experts, valued it at 14,000 pounds. Mr. Van Torp wrote a check for the money, put the stone into an inner pocket, and took it to the diva.

"Well," he said, smiling, "here's your ruby, anyway. Anything else today?"

Margaret looked at him wonderingly, and then opened the small morocco case.

"Oh—oh—oh!" she cried, in rising intimations of delight. "I never saw anything so beautiful in my life! It's ever so much more glorious than when I last saw it!"

"It's been cut since then," observed Mr. Van Torp.

"It ought to have a name of its own! I'm sure it's more beautiful than many of the named crown jewels!" She felt half hypnotized as she gazed into the glorious depths of the great stone. "Thank you," she cried, "thank you so very much. I'm gladder to have it than all the other things."

And thereupon she threw her magnificent arms around Rufus Van Torp's solid neck and kissed his cool flat cheek several times; and it seemed quite natural to her to do so; and she wished to forget how she had once kissed one other man, who had kissed her.

"It wants a name, doesn't it?" assented Mr. Van Torp.

"Yes. You must find one for it."

"Well," he said, "after what's happened, I suppose we'd better call it 'The Diva's Ruby.'"

THE END.

Sugar from Old Rags.

Sugar is now manufactured in Germany from old rags. The rags are treated with sulphuric acid and converted into dextrine. This is treated with a milk of lime, and is then subjected to a new bath of sulphuric acid, which converts it into glucose. The glucose obtained by this process is identical with that of commerce, and may be used in the same way for confections, ices, etc.

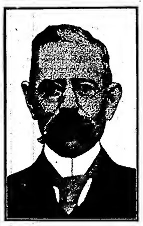
HOW ROOSEVELT PAID MEN

Gave Black Bearers Feast of Fried Hippopotamus Fat to Settle Their Bill.

Washington.—Hippopotamus fat, fried and juicy, was the medium of payment used by Colonel Roosevelt to reimburse his black bearers in one part of Africa, according to Major Mearns and J. Alden Loring, the representatives of the Smithsonian institution who went to Africa with former President Roosevelt.

Major Mearns was the surgeon of the expedition and J. Alden Loring the scientist.

"The most interesting sight to me of the whole expedition," said Major Mearns, "was the skinning at night of a hippopotamus, which was killed by the party in the Swahili country. The flickering torchlight, Doctor Heller, the taxidermist, flying around and over and back and forth about the huge carcass, the shiny black skins of the Swahilis—it was the greatest picture I ever saw.



Maj. Mearns.

"But even more interesting was the economical method by which the Swahilis were paid off for her work and for carrying the skin and the skull into camp to be cleaned up. There were 20 of them. Of course, Colonel Roosevelt was always economical in the finances of the expedition. It was necessary. So these natives were not paid in money. Instead Colonel Roosevelt graciously entertained the whole Swahili village with a feast of the roasted fat of the hippopotamus.

"Now, do not laugh. It was a great occasion. Fat of the hippopotamus to the Swahili is as terrapin to the Baltimorean. It was a most distinguished feast, and we left them profoundly grateful and even abashed because they had not done more in exchange for the treat."

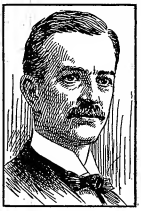
Major Mearns, asked about his own experiences, said he felt proud of the record he had made.

"I walked on foot more than 2,000 miles more, I believe, than was covered on foot by any other member of the party. In all the time I was on duty, all but two hours, I had but one little touch of fever. My services as surgeon were called for by every other white man on the expedition for periods more or less long."

GOVERNORSHIP FOR HAVENS

Democrat Who Scored Victory in New York Congressional Race May Get Further Honor.

Rochester, N. Y.—James S. Havens, the Democrat who has been elected to congress in the Thirty-second New York district (Monroe county) by a plurality of about 6,500 over George W. Aldridge, the Republican boss of the county, already has been mentioned as a candidate for governor of the empire state. Mr. Havens is a prominent lawyer and an old-line Democrat. For five years he was the partner of the late James Breck Perkins, whose seat he will fill in the house of representatives, and who was last elected by a plurality of 10,167 votes over his Democratic opponent. Mr. Havens took the stump for Grover Cleveland in both national campaigns, but has had little to do with politics since Mr. Bryan became the Democratic leader. He would support neither Bryan for president nor Hearst for governor. In the recent campaign, however, he was supported by Hearst and the Bryan lieutenants in the district.



James S. Havens.

How Persimmon Got His Name.

Persimmon, the famous derby winner, whose skeleton has just been presented by King Edward to the Natural History museum, South Kensington, possesses a name which puzzled many learned turfmen. It was adopted by King Edward from "de ole 'simmon tree" of nigger minstrelsy. The name has lately become more familiar from the date plums which are now occasionally seen for sale in the fruiterers' shops. The date plums of the persimmon seem too astringent to suit British palates, but they should be appreciated by people who like medlars when mellowed by frost. By the negroes of the southern states these 'simmons" are highly prized.—Dundee Advertiser.

Meal Always in Readiness

Believer in Corporeal Resurrection Has Table Constantly Spread Adjacent to Tomb.

One of the most curious tombs in the United Kingdom is in County Wexford. In it is laid the body of one of that curious body—the Resurrectionists. One portion of the tomb is a furnished chamber, with a table and a few chairs. On the table will be found at any time a dainty meal of considerable dimensions, with a fowl, a ham, a leg of mutton and the necessary drinkables. The departed Resurrectionist provides by his will that this meal shall be laid each fortnight, and "if the meal is untouched in the mean time, it shall be given to the poor and a fresh meal laid." So far the meal has been untouched, though eerie rumors spread round the district from time to time that in spirit form the gentleman has appeared and has enjoyed his meal. Curious stories are told of poor people to whom the ham or the leg of mutton has been given being awakened in the night by strange rappings on their doors and windows and even by demands, in a grim voice for a portion of the food which had been distributed. As a consequence and probably for another sad reason, it has come to be the practice to consume the food immediately it is brought home. It is the only way to counteract the envy of the spirit, with whom apparently hunger is constantly present.

An Awful Affair.

All who know about art are acquainted with that celebrated statue of ancient times which represents a young boy in the act of removing a thorn from his foot. But the effect which the masterpiece produces is not usually like the one it made on Mrs. Jedediah Weeds of Plum Patch, N. J., when she first visited Europe. Pressed for her opinion on art, as seen over there, she exclaimed:

"As a rule, mind you, the statues wear scarcely any clothes and don't seem to mind in the least. Why, awn to heck! Jedediah and I saw one young bronze boy who had nothing on at all but a thorn in his foot, and he was doin' his level best to take that off!"

Our disappointments oftentimes prove to be streaks of good fortune.

Crime, drunkenness, each in turn, has been tracked back to poverty. Now the doctors trace tuberculosis there. It looks as if an economic clean-up is needed for the health of the race. Riches are not a protection against the ills of economic poverty, for the satin on the back of wealth may have been worked over by a consumptive seamstress. We are so interwoven with each other that the danger of one is quickly communicated and becomes the danger of all.—Detroit News.

Does not Color the Hair
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
Stops Falling Hair
Destroys Dandruff
An Elegant Dressing
Makes Hair Grow
Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.
A hair preparation made from this formula is harmless, yet possesses positive merit. A hair food, a hair tonic, a hair dressing. Consult your doctor about these hair problems.
J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette
C. S. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.
Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY
$1.50 Per Year In Advance

The annual revenue of the royal family of England is about $3,500,000. We don't believe they are worth it.

How many consumers do you suppose were in the audience that cheered Vice President Sherman's defense of standpatism at St. Louis?

Whether the people of Minnesota want local option or not, one thing is certain they will not much longer submit to brewery domination of Minnesota politics.

The Little Falls Herald is correct in prophesying that when county after county shows up in the Democratic state convention instructed for Lind for governor, what the leaders think or do will be immaterial.

If Senator Clapp wants to be classed as a real insurgent he should demand that Minnesota Republicans show their colors and endorse the Indiana idea. But he won't. The senator will be willing to subscribe to any sort of a platform.

Judge Albert Jaques, one of the big lawyers and a thoroughly representative citizen of Duluth, has filed for the Democratic nomination for congress in the Eighth district. Mr. Jaques promises to insurge at Washington just as freely as in Minnesota. In this year of political unrest it would be no surprise if he takes the salp of the present congressman.

A part of the gossip at Washington just now is that during his latest Western trip, planned to begin this week, Mr. Taft will deliver on further eulogies of Mr. Aldrich's tariff law. It is declared that on the contrary, the president will belatedly take cognizance of the objectionable feature of that law and promise the people a genuine revision downward.

This from the St. Paul Dispatch contains truth and logic: The time was when newspapers prided themselves on being party organs. We cannot now think of any of any consequence anywhere which choose to be so regarded. There are a few somewhat subservient, but not many. This is one of the best things that has happened in the newspaper making, so far as it effects the general public newspapers free to discuss party questons, without having to shape their opinions according to ideas and declarations previously formulated by some one else. The result is that people are today getting the straight goods from the newspapers more than they ever did before.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Winona Independent: A millionaire had to pay $2.75 for two eggs and a cup of tea in New York. Most of us chuckle and call it a good joke, but the truth is that when a millionaire has to pay like that the rest of us have to come across to the same tune proportionately to our means.

J. A. Bede in Pine City Pioneer: It is getting so that it is impossible to tell whether Minnesota is represented in the United States senate by Republicans or Democrats. It looks as though our senators had stolen the livery of Heaven in which to serve the Devil.

Elk River Star-News: It is sometimes difficult to stand by ones convictions but in the long run it pays to do so. People have an admiration for the sticker, even when he is with the minority.

International Falls Press: There is only one real drawback to Northern Minnesota, and that is the policy of the present state land department—and even that can be changed.

St. Peter Free Press: The people are still waiting for a postal savings bank law and also a parcel post. Both were promised and both are wanted. What is congress going to do about it?

Virginia Enterprise: The idea of teaching every girl to thump the piano and every boy to keep books will make potatoes worth about $8 per barrel in another twenty years.

Hibbing Mesabe Ore: The Republican party has an elephant on its hands, and any attempt to whip the Minnesota Republicans into line for Taft and his administration policies will be the disaster of the party. The idea of "endorsing" Taft is the political buncombe and yellowdogism, but it is the policy of the big spoilsmen who aim to retain control of the nation by yelling partyism to those who still believe that the party, like the king of old, can do no wrong. If the Minnesota Republicans endorse Taft, The Ore hopes they will be honest enough to endorse his tariff law, and his other administration measures, and if the tariff law is condemned the man who gave it to the nation should be condemned likewise. Political quibbling will not go with the thinking voters of Minnesota, and it is a state of political thinkers.

Special Fares
TO
Portland, Puget Sound and Pacific Coast Points
via
The Scenic Highway
NORTHERN PACIFIC
YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE
Through the Land of Fortune
For the Annual Rose Festival
Portland, June 6-11, 1910
$50 for the round trip, return limit 3 months. Tickets on sale May 28 to June 3, inclusive. To Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Vancouver, Victoria and many other Pacific Northwest points. Regular Summer Tourist Fares effective June 1 to Sept. 30. $60 for the round trip, return limit October 31.
Several through electric-lighted trains daily. Drawing-room Sleeping cars, leather upholstered Tourist Sleeping cars and comfortable coaches. Dining Cars a la carte for all meals—cuisine famously good. Write to A. M. CLELAND, General Passenger Agent, ST. PAUL, for dainty illustrated book about the Rose Festival free. For information, call on
A. C. Cowles, Agent, Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Yellowstone National Park Season, June 15 to Sept. 15, 1910.
Stop off at Spokane also, and see Hayden Lake.

AT THE BALL GAME
or at any gathering where men do congregate, you can pick out a suit made by us without difficulty. There is no Prince Albert, cut-away, walking, frock or double breasted frock that bears the stamp of style like those made by
L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

The crosses we carry cheerfully are those we think aren't.

A man is just fool enough to be proud of getting into a lawsuit.

Doing almost anything that isn't against the law gets stupid even before you do it.

Most men who get into public office act as if it were a hammock on a summer day.

There's hardly anything a man lies about so much as how successful people consult him about their affairs.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: It is very unlucky to lose $13 on Friday.

A little fault of our own looks like a big vice in others.

Even a worthless man thinks he'd be able to make good as a critic.

Many a woman has lived to regret the day she discovered her affinity.

If you would know what a woman doesn't mean, listen to what she says.

No, Alonzo, a helping hand and the glad hand are not necessarily the same.

After a widow makes up her mind to marry again she makes up her face and then gets busy.

A man ought to be thankful if his wife declines to accept an excuse when he has none to offer.

One kind of harmless crank revolves the grindstone with the assistance of a small boy. It isn't subject to violent turns.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
May 6th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., May 6th, 1910, A. D.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Resolution.

Whereas, The Great and Supreme Ruler of the Universe has in His infinite wisdom removed from our midst one of our esteemed citizens and co-workers, S. A. Swanson; and whereas, the long and eminent relation with him in the faithful discharge of his duties as Judge of Probate of the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and as a citizen of our great state makes it eminently befitting that we, the board of county commissioners in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, record our appreciation of him at this, a special meeting of said board held this 6th day of May, A. D., 1010; wherefore,

Be It Resolved, That the wisdom and ability which he has exercised in the aid of good citizenship and the administration of public affairs by service, counsel, and the honest, honorable and upright life he led, not only in private life, but also as a public official, will be held in grateful remembrance;

Be It Resolved, that the sudden removal of such a life and character from us leaves a vacancy and sorrow that will be deeply realized by all good citizens in Red Lake county, Minnesota, and will prove a serious loss to the public at large;

Be It Resolved That with deep sympathy with the beloved relatives of the deceased, we express the hope that so great a loss to us all may be ruled for good by Him who doeth all things well;

Be It Further Resolved, That a copy of said resolutions be spread upon the records of this board, that a copy of said resolutions be sent to the widow of our beloved friend and a copy of said resolutions be printed in the official paper of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Said resolution having been offered by Commissioner Johnson and seconded by Commissioner Pigeon.

Resolution adopted by a unanimous vote.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.

(Seal)

The following preamble and resolution was offered by Commissioner Pigeon who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol:

Whereas, Ira C. Richardson has duly presented to this board his appointment as Judge of Probate of this county, and has duly filed his oath of office with the county auditor,

Resolved, that the bond of Ira C. Richardson as Judge of Probate in the amount of $1000 be, and the same is hereby approved and accepted, and

Resolved Further, that the appointment of Ira C. Richardson to the office of Judge of Probate to fill the unexpired term caused by the death of S. A. Swanson be and the same is hereby in all things confirmed.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist, and the following commissioners voted nay, none.

Whereupon the chairman declared the said resolution duly adopted.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson seconded by Commissioner Aubol that Wm. C. L. Demann be and he is hereby appointed to act with Commissioner Joseph Pigeon in the matter of the examination and report of the road along Judicial Ditch No. 4 in Red Lake county.

Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that N. M. Watson be appointed to supervise and have full charge of the Red Lake county exhibit at the Minnesota State Fair of 1910 and of the disbursement of the appropriation heretofore granted by this board and we do hereby fix his compensation therefor at $5.00 per day and railroad fare to be paid out of the said appropriation.

Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that the board take a recess until 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

All members present.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson duly seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously that the bond of Ida Swanson as Clerk in the office of the judge of probate be and the same is hereby approved and accepted.

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimously that the board adjourn sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

ALCOHOL
is almost the worst thing for consumptives. Many of the "just-as-good" preparations contain as much as 20% of alcohol; *Scott's Emulsion* not a drop. Insist on having
Scott's Emulsion
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Plans and Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County, will meet at the office of the town clerk at 1:00 o'clock p. m. on Friday, the third day of June, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 20 foot steel beam bridge agreeable to the specifications hereto annexed.

Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the date on which it was computed and showing also the areas of material proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DISCRIPTION.

The bridge will be a steel girder bridge consisting of 1 span and will have a roadway of 18 feet clear width.

The distance from grade to bed of stream is 10 feet. The floor will be of reinforced concrete, with concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing, piling to be 16 to 18 feet long, backing to be 8 feet high.

SPECIFICATION FOR FLOOR SYSTEM:

For floor system of roadway either a concentrated load of 16 tons on 2 axles 10' centers, ¾ of load on rear axle and ¼ on front axle, wheels 10' gauge, each wheel load considered as carried by two joist when joist are 2' 8" or less center to center; or 100 pounds per square foot of surface.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk.

Bids Wanted.

The supervisors of the town of Lake Pleasant will meet on the ground on Wednesday, June 1, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., to consider bids for doing road work. Bids for grading between Sections 15 and 22 and Sections 26 and 27 are wanted. Supervisors will meet between Sections 15 and 22 first and then will go to place where the other contract is to be let. Grades to be constructed in each place are to be about half a mile long.

OMER DELORME,
10 Chairman Board of Supervisors

Tact.

He loved his wife so dearly
And so fondly that when she
Had made her first tea biscuit
He seized on it lustily
And cried: "A thing of beauty!
I'll not eat this wondrous bake,
But keep it that posterity
Shall know what kind of bread for tea
Their mother used to make!"

Summons.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS
District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

Bert Butler, Plaintiff
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. Hellstedt, Theress Hellstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendents.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendents:

YOU, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State aforesaid, within twenty days after the service of said summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } SS
District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

Bert Butler, Plaintiff
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. Hellstedt, Theresa Hellstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this Court by the above named Plaintiff against the above named Defendents the object purpose and design of which is to foreclose by action and secure a sale of the premises hereinafter described in such proceedings, that certain Mortgage bearing date the 7th day of November, 1905, duly made and executed by Anton Gerster and Elizabeth Gerster, his wife, as Mortgagors, unto the above named Plaintiff as Mortgagee, and which said Mortgage was duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M. and duly recorded therein in Book "11" of Mortgages on page 486.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and are described as follows:

The West one half (W½) of Section twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty Two (152) North; Range Forty-five (45) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 320 acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey.

Dated May 13, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Office of Register of Deeds,
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within Instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of May A. D. 1910, at 4:20 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 331.

FRANK JEFFERS
Register of Deeds,
By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Astred Homme Hegland,
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Astred Homme Hegland, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Gunder B. Hegland and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this sixth day of May, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON
Court Seal Probate Judge.
Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Petitioner. 12-m26

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Ovide Moreau
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ovide Moreau, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Moreau, Ovide Moreau, Arthur Moreau and Rose Moreau and Frezildie Moreau and all other persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Frezildie Moreau having been filed in this court, representing that Ovide Moreau, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 25th. day of September 1908, and praying that letters of administration of said estate be granted to Theo. Garceau; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 6th. day of May 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Court Seal Probate Judge.
F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. 12-m26

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the tenth day of June A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this fifth day of May, 1910.

County Auditor's } A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Seal } County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Reiner, Star, Goodridge and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the South-east corner of Section thirty-two (32) Township One Hundred fifty-four (154) Range thirty-nine (39) running thence due west on the Town Line between Townships One Hundred Fifty-three (153) and One Hundred Fifty-four (154) a distance of seven (7) miles and terminating at the South-west corner of Section thirty-two (32) in Township one hundred fifty four (154) range forty (40) into Branch No. 1 of County Ditch No. 39 as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed and establish such Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated April 18th, 1910.
Ole T. Bratland
Alois Srpsky
Ole O. Johnsgaard
Edwin Hanson
Joseph Stangel
Joseph V. Hoffman
Albert Trnka
Anton Fort
Emrick K. Rime
Ole Gevlng
—Petitioners.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made in writing to the city council of said city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 7th day of May, 1910, and terminating on the 6th day of May, 1911, by

DAN CHAMPEAU

at the following place as stated in his said application, respectively to-wit: In that certain brick building situate on Lot 19 in Block 3, of Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls. Said application will be heard and determined by said city council at the next regular meeting to be held at the city hall on the 12th day of May, 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city, this 28th day of April, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal)

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 10th day of June, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 10th day of May, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor,
(Seal) By Joseph Perrault, Deputy

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Silverton and Smiley in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of Section ten -10- in Township one hundred fifty-four -154- range forty-two -42-, Town of Silverton, Red Lake county, Minnesota, running thence due south on the section line between Sections fifteen -15- and sixteen -16- in said town, and between Sections twenty-one -21- and twenty-two -22-, and between Sections twenty-seven -27- and twenty-eight -28-, and between Sections thirty-three -33- and thirty four -34-, to the town line between Towns of Silverton and Smiley, continuing thence due south on the section line between Sections three -3- and four -4-, in Township one hundred fifty three -153- range forty-two -42- Town of Smiley, and between Sections nine -9- and ten -10- in said town last named, to a point where the said section line intersects the Red Lake river and terminating in the said Red Lake river as its outlet.

A description of Branch ditch No. 1, commencing at the northwest corner of Section two -2- in Township one hundred fifty-three -153- range forty-two -42- Smiley township, running thence due south on the section line between said Section two -2- and Section three -3- to the southwest corner of said Section two -2-, running thence due west on the section line between Section three -3- and ten -10- and terminating into the main ditch as herein petitioned for at the southwest corner of Section three -3- as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such public ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230- of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated May 5th, 1910.
Sam S. Huseby.
Fred Burdick.
Peter Schindler.
Halvor H. Hjeldea.
Hans G. Skogstad.
Ole Homme.
Nils Burlngrud.
Andro Breznay.
Sam Johnson.
Chas. Fisher.
Carl Balswinger.
C. H. Hellend,
Krist Larson.
Petitioners, m12-26

S.S.S. CURES OLD SORES

Every old sore is an infected spot on the flesh, kept open by constant drainage of impure blood into the place.
One of the principal constituents of blood is plasma, a healing property. Where the circulation is pure this element of the blood, which is of a glutinous or sticky nature, performs the necessary work in healing all sores, wounds and lacerations. It does this by sticking or joining the parts together, while nature causes a knitting of the tissues and solidifies the place.
This healing property is frequently destroyed by impure accumulations in the blood, and this vital fluid not only loses its power to heal, but becomes a source of irritation and disease to any open sore or ulcer on the body. Constantly it discharges its morbid matters into the place, and gradually it causes the infection to spread, and the sore enlarges. The morbid matter in the blood comes from different causes. A long spell of debilitating sickness, which breeds disease germs in the system, the retention of the refuse matters of the body because of a sluggish condition of the eliminative members, a continued malarial state of the system, inherited bad blood, etc., are usually responsible.
CURED OF EATING SORE.
Dear Sirs:—I was suffering greatly from a sore on my left breast, which had begun to eat, and at times deep, shooting pains would pass through it, and the ulcer was discharging yellow and rather offensive matter. I consulted physicians, but their treatment did not benefit me very much. My condition seemed hopeless, and I had almost despaired of getting well. I knew that the disease was hereditary in my case, as an only sister, my mother and two of her sisters had died of Cancer of the breast. After I had finished the first bottle of S.S.S. I felt some better, so continued it until I was cured.
MRS. JAMES CABBELL,
Belton, Mo.
S. S. S. heals sores and ulcers in the very simplest way. It just goes into the circulation, and removes the impurities and polluted matter that are the means of keeping the ulcer open; then the sore is bound to heal. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and not only does it cleanse the circulation, but it adds every necessary property to it to promote good health. It is of the very greatest tonic value, and those who have been weakened and run down by the constitutional drainage of an old sore will find it the very remedy needed. S.S.S. does not simply cause a scab to come over an old sore, but beginning at the bottom it heals the place permanently by building new tissue and filling in the place with firm, healthy flesh. Special book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome
"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"
MASCOT
A PURE FLOUR
Always Uniform
Absolutely Pure

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS
Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.
$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide
is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.
Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.
Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.
ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

You Should Look For Thin Edges
YOU will always find them on the best made clothes. The ability of master tailors is judged by them. The thin, even edge is one of the distinctive features of Clothcraft Clothes. It enables the cloth to lay flat between the buttons—one result of scientific tailoring.
We select them from over a score of different lines to offer you, because we know them to be the best tailored pure wool clothes and selling at a sensible price. These clothes will satisfy you, no matter how particular you are.
With each suit you get a signed guarantee that every thread is wool and the style and shape will last you until the suit is worn out.

CLOTHCRAFT
All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25
Our spring line of Clothcraft is now complete. Let us show you.
The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere Proprietor

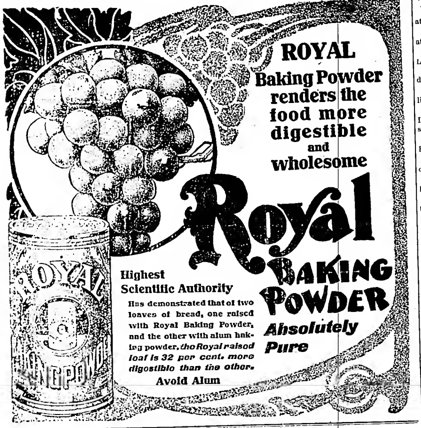
DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.
Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.
Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places: Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested will stop at places between the rivers.—Victor Delage, Owner.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf


ROYAL
Baking Powder renders the food more digestible and wholesome

Royal Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

Highest Scientific Authority
Has demonstrated that of two loaves of bread, one raised with Royal Baking Powder, and the other with alum baking powder, the Royal raised loaf is 32 per cent. more digestible than the other.

Avoid Alum

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER

Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

Work Promptly Attended to

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of [illegible] Prompt [illegible] Assured. [illegible]

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; [illegible] Agency

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For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

LYLE
CULVERTS
MADE FROM
AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES
ARE
RUST PROOF
GET THE GENUINE CATALOGUE FREE
WE SELL WELL CASINGS AND TILE OUTLETS
LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

WHEREAS, Andy Erickson and Annie M. Erickson, his wife, did on the 24th day of February A. D. 1906, make execute and deliver to the G. Heileman Brewing Company of LaCrosse, Wisconsin, their certain promissory note and mortgage for the sum of Nine Hundred Dollars ($900.00) with the power of sale therein contained, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota on the 6th day of March 1906 at 11:40 o'clock A. M. in Book Ten (10) of Mortgages on Page One (1) and

WHEREAS, default having been made in the payment of said principal sum of Nine Hundred Dollars ($900.00) together with interest thereon from February 24th, 1909 at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum, which amount is claimed to be due and was due at the date of this notice upon said note and mortgage to the aforesaid G. Heileman Brewing Company, mortgagee, and,

WHEREAS, further default has been made by failure of mortgagors to pay the taxes in accordance with the terms of said mortgage, for the years 1906, 1907 and 1908 amounting to One Hundred Forty-one Dollars and Eleven Cents ($141.11), which amount has been paid by the mortgagee, and,

WHEREAS, further default has been made by failure of the mortgagors to keep the property insured for the benefit of the mortgagee in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00) in accordance with the provisions of said Mortgage, the premium for which insurance, amounting to Forty ($40.00) Dollars the mortgagee has paid, and

WHEREAS, said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises described and conveyed by said mortgage, said premises and real estate being situated in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota and described as follows, to wit: Lot number Ten (10) in Block number Thirty-six (36) of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake county at the front door of the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County and State on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1910 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eleven Hundred Forty one Dollars and Eighty-six Cents ($1141.86) being the full amount of principal, interest, taxes and insurance due at the date of this notice, together with interest on said sum from the date of this notice. Also Fifty Dollars ($50.) attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, also Thirty-six Dollars and Ninety-eight Cents ($36.98) taxes levied and assessed against said premises and real estate for the year 1909 together with the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated this 5th day of April, 1910.

G. HEILEMAN BREWING COMPANY.
By E. T. Mueller,
Secretary.

L. L. Brown,
Winona, Minnesota.
George H. Gordon,
LaCrosse, Wisconsin,
Attorneys for Mortgagee. a14m19

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, on the 10th day of June A. D. 1910 at 10:00 o'clock a. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 7th day of May, 1910.

(County Auditor's Seal)

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Deer Park and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing eighty -80- rods south of the southwest corner of Section four -4- in township one hundred fifty-two -152 north of Range forty -40- west running thence north on the section line between Sections eight -8- and nine -9-, and between Sections four -4- and five -5- in said town to the town line between Townships one hundred fifty-two -152- and one hundred fifty-three -153-, thence due west on the said town line to the southwest corner of Section thirty-three -33- in Township one hundred fifty-three -153- Range forty -40-, thence due north on the section line between said Sections thirty-three -33- and thirty-two -32-, and between Sections twenty-eight -28- and twenty-nine -29- to about the quarter line between said sections, thence in a northwesterly direction following a natural water course, or coulee, to the Red Lake river and there terminating.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing at the southeast corner of the southwest quarter -SW¼- of Section twenty-eight -28- in Township one hundred fifty-three -153- Range forty -40- thence due west on the section line between sections twenty-eight -28- and thirty-three -33- and terminating at the southwest corner of said section twenty-eight -28- into the main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230-, of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 23, 1910.

Ole Skteland.
C. O. Swanson.
M. E. Hyland.
Tobias Olson.
Knut Olson.
Petitioners.

m12-m26

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb. 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Torot A. Momrak of Plummer, Minnesota, who, on Dec. 20, 1904, made H. E. No. 23914 serial No. 01772, for NW¼ SW¼ Section 13, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 10th day of June 1910.

Ole Anderson, Hjalmer H. Fredrickson, Sjur M. Harbaleo, Aslak A. Momrak, all of Plummer, Minnesota.

s28je9 ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

The Case of B. E. Wise

Wise was a big man on the "street."

His deals were larger and involved more money and brains than most men dared to invest.

Wise's wisdom lacked in but one particular—he failed to consider Nature's laws of compensation. The result—Wise gave out. Some said "Old Wise is all in." They were wrong.

Wise's physician said "DIGESTO for those wasted tissues and jaded brain cells."

Wise was soon back in the game—he now has snap and energy to spare.

DIGESTO is a fixture with him.

For Sale by All Druggists

MANUFACTURED BY
THEO. HAMM BREWING CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

LAMBERT.

Mrs. Simon Boacher is quite sick at her home this week.

Mrs. C. Rohideaux visited with relatives in Terrebonne last week.

Eugenio Bergeron visited in Red Lake Falls Sunday and Monday.

Omor Bergeron was in Brooks Monday.

H. Hinco and family visited at Phillippo Gibeau's Sunday afternoon.

Nettriade Bergeron is back from Red Lake Falls where she has attended school.

Mrs. Jos. Beaudin was in Red Lake Falls Saturday and Sunday.

Jos. A. Lambert took a load of cheese to McIntosh Friday.

Armidas Parenteau called at Jos. Bergeron's place Sunday night.

Mrs. Jos. A. Lambert has been on the sick list this week.

BROOKS.

Frank Jean and Frank Beourgois went to Crookston last week.

Charlie Poirier is seriously ill. It is feared that he will not recover.

Joe Helm, accompanied by Miss Laura Cyr, was over to N. Robidoux's Friday.

Miss Rose Lambert is very sick with rheumtism.

Miss Mary Beourgois is sewing in Brooks.

Frank Jean went to Crookston to doctor his eyes.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Robidoux passed Friday evening at his brother-in-laws' on account of his sickness.

N. Robidoux and J. Robidoux went to Red Lake Falls on a business trip last Wednesday.

Father W. C. Roy from Lambert left Wednesday and will return Saturday from Crookston.

Mrs. Sorenson is now home. She has been visiting in Grand Forks a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Carrier and daughter from Gentilly are now visiting friends in Brooks and Lambert.

Frank Beourgois went to Crookston on account of heart trouble.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Robidoux spent Saturday night at Mr. and Mrs. C. Poirier's.

Mrs. Charley Smith and daughter from Erskine were visiting with Messrs. and Mesdames Judd Asplin, Joe Robdoux and N. Robidoux last week.

Lots of Terrebonne people were in Brooks Sunday.

N. Robidoux and J. Robidoux went to Red Lake Falls Wednesday on a business matter.

Mrs. W. Vague was in town last week.

Frank Bell is now visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Buskirk at Brooks. Mrs. Buskirk is Frank Bell's sister. He has been at New Richmond, Wis., for a while visiting. His home is in Manning, N. D.

Joe Buskirk was in Red Lake Falls on business this week.

Jumping Stunts.

We know we've heard that years ago—
It may have been high noon—
A cow went out and did a stunt
By jumping o'er the moon.
How true that is we cannot say,
We'll try not to convince,
But surely beef and other meats
Have jumped some ever since.
—Yonkers Statesman.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 7th day of May, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

(County Auditor's Seal)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Town of Deer Park in said county of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Description of Main Ditch:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter -SW¼- of Section five -5- in Township one hundred fifty-two -152 north of Range forty -40- west, Deer Park Township, running thence due south on the section line between Sections five -5- and six -6-, and between Sections seven -7- and eight -8-, and between Sections seventeen -17- and eighteen -18-, and between nineteen -19- and twenty -20-, and between twenty nine -29- and thirty -30-, and between thirty one -31- and thirty-two -32-, all in said town and range and terminating in the Clearwater river as its outlet where the said section line intersects the said river.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing eighty -80- rods west of the northeast corner of Section fifteen -15- in Township one hundred fifty-two -152- Range forty -40-, running thence west on the section line between Sections ten -10- and fifteen -15-, and between Sections nine -9- and sixteen -16-, and between Sections eight -8- and seventeen -17- and terminating at the northwest corner of said Section seventeen -17- into the main ditch as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 2, commencing at the northwest corner of Section eighteen -18- in Township one hundred fifty-two -152- Range forty -40-, running thence east on the section line between said Section eighteen -18- and seven -7- in said town and range and terminating at the northeast corner of said Section eighteen -18- into the main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230- of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 23rd, 1910.

John Polbrook.
M. E. Hyland.
Mike Kolski.
Guoder T. Anderson.
Amund Mandt.
Peder E. Rensla.
Pete Gustafson.
Ole T. Lande,
Torkel T. Lande.
George Singer,
Edward Singer,
Knut E. Syversrud.
Petitioners. m12-26

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902, at 5 o'clock and ten minutes p. m., in book 19 of mortgages on page 310 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $246.80; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises $2.50; that the amount claimed and hereby declared to be due on said mortgage at this date including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract is one thousand nine hundred thirty-two and 86-100 dollars ($1932.86); that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northwest quarter and north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred fifty-one (151) north of range forty-one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, Mortgagee.

B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee, m5-je16
Slayton, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, Mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902 at five o'clock and 10 minutes p. m. in book 19 of mortgages, on page 307 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $247.12; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises, $8.00; that the amount claimed and hereby declared due on said mortgage at this date, including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract, is one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and 58-100 dollars ($1933.58) that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake state of Minnesota, to-wit:—

Northeast quarter and north half of southeast quarter of section twenty one (21) township one hundred and fifty one (151) north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited
Mortgagee.

B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee. m5-je16
Slayton, Minn.

Open for Business

I have just opened my new store at Wylie with a good general stock—Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, etc. I invite the people of Wylie and vicinity to call at the store and inspect my stock. I hope to make you my regular customer and will make good goods at fair prices an inducement for you to trade here.

EGGS TAKEN IN TRADE.

NICK ECKSTEIN
Wylie, Minn.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } ss

In the Matter of the Petition of Thomas H. Bjerke and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 46.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a Petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 46.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—

The said ditch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-three (43). Commencing at a point four hundred (400) feet west and twenty (20) feet north of the southeast corner of section twelve (12), thence running due west, parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), and sections eleven (11) and fourteen (14) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the south-west corner of section eleven (11), thence extending due south, parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), and twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section twenty-three (23), thence extending due west and parallel with and twenty [20] feet north of the section line between sections twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven [27] a distance of seventeen hundred and twenty-four [1724] feet to a coulee, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit: Tallack T. Ose, Victor E. Johnson, Julius Trovaton, John T. Dahlow, Gunder Grulbrok, Halvor T. Bjerke, Tollaf O. Lovland, Christian C. Thompson, Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls Minn., Adolph Barley, Engebret Netson, Township of North in the County of Red Lake Minnesota and the United States of America; and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 27th day of May, 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

m5-19 A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
[Seal] Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Anola Robillard and Telesphore Robillard, her husband, mortgagors, to Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Minnesota corporation, mortgagee, bearing date January 28th, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of January, 1903, in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 133.

Said default consists in the non-payment of a certain note for four hundred ninety-three dollars ($493.00) dated January 28th, 1903, executed by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, secured by said mortgage, and bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, all payable at the rate of fifty dollars ($50.00) per month, beginning on the 1st day of March, 1903. No part of said mortgage nor the interest thereon has ever been paid except the sum of $17.50.

By reason of such default, the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has ever been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

The property described by said mortgage, and thereby mortgaged, is lots numbered seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in block number ten (10) in Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the corrected plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds within and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

There is claimed to be due, and is due, upon said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of $761.44.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the county Court House in Red Lake Falls in said county, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of June, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and fifty dollars attorney's fees, together with the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1910.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Mortgagee.

Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer,
Duluth, Minnesota. m5-je9
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brout at Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S., H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN.—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

Reliable Active Agents
Wanted to sell the wonderful
Bennett Portable Typewriter
in this county.
It has writing efficiency of expensive machines. Will sell on sight—well advertised. Big money in it for the right party.
Write today F. S. BENNETT TYPEWRITER CO.
366 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.
$18 Bennett

QUEEN OF ACTRESSES PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

Miss Julia Marlowe

"I am glad to write my endorsement of the great remedy, Peruna. I do so most heartily."—Julia Marlowe.

Any remedy that benefits digestion strengthens the nerves.

The nerve centers require nutrition.

If the digestion is impaired, the nerve centers become anemic, and nervous debility is the result.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE—To demonstrate the value of Peruna in all catarrhal troubles we will send you a sample bottle absolutely free by mail.

The merit and success of Peruna is so well known to the public that our readers are advised to send for sample bottle: Address the Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio. Don't forget to mention you read this generous offer in the ....

If in need of advice write our Medical Department, stating your case fully. Our physician in charge will send you advice free, together with literature containing common sense rules for health, which you cannot afford to be without.

Trial Bottle Free By Mail

FITS

If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, Falling Sickness, Spasms, or have children that do so, my New Discovery will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is to send for a Free Trial $2 Bottle of Dr. May's

Epilepticide Cure

It has cured thousands where everything else failed. Guaranteed by May Medical Laboratory under Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Guaranty No. 18971. Please write for Special Free $2 Bottle and give AGE and complete address

DR. W. H. MAY, 548 Pearl Street, New York.

Please mention this paper. Druggists fill orders.

Poor Indeed.

Ella—My face is my fortune.
Stella—You destitute thing!

SORE EYES, weak, inflamed, red, watery and swollen eyes, use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Usual Thing.

Mr. Rangle—I am always outspoken.

Mr. Rangles—And I am generally outtalked.—Smart Set.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Drain on Country's Resources.

In 1908, the foreign-born population of 14.6 per cent. furnished 15.6 per cent of the criminals, 20.8 per cent. of the paupers, and 29.5 per cent of the insane. Between 1904 and 1908, the aliens in these institutions increased 31 per cent.

A Boomerang.

One of the officials of the Midland railway, coming from Glenwood Springs the other day, was telling a young woman on the train how wonderfully productive Colorado's irrigated ground is.

"Really," he explained, "it's so rich that girls who walk on it have big feet. It just simply makes their feet grow."

"Huh," was the young woman's rejoinder, "some of the Colorado men must have been going around walking on their heads."—Denver Post.

Knew Her Latin.

"D-e-f-e-n-d-a-m," spelled the youngster on the rear seat as the "rubberneck" wagon was passing the Twenty-second Regiment armory, at Broadway and Sixty-eighth street. "What does that mean, auntie?"

"I didn't quite catch what the guide said," replied the old lady. "Oh, Mr. Guide, won't you kindly tell us what it says on that building?"

"Def-en-dam!" roared the guide through his megaphone, dividing the word into three sections.

"That's what it is," said the old lady. "A deaf and dumb asylum."

Children Especially Like

The sweet, "toastie" flavour of

Post Toasties

Crisp, fluffy bits of perfectly ripe white corn—cooked, rolled and then toasted to an appetizing brown.

Served with cream and sometimes fruit, this dainty food pleases the whole family.

Give the home-folks a treat.

"The Memory Lingers"

Packages 10c and 15c.

POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY, Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

STEWART'S WILL

ECCENTRIC MINNEAPOLIS MILLIONAIRE LEAVES $100,000 TO CHARITY.

NOT MUCH FOR RELATIVES

Brother in Maine Gets the Remainder, Amounting to Five to Ten Million Dollars.

Minneapolis. — With the single exception of gifts of $50,000 each to two Minneapolis charitable institutions and $50,000 for the maintenance of the Stewart Memorial library at Corinna, Maine, the millions of the late "Elder" Levi M. Stewart are bequeathed to his relatives and friends. In all, cash bequests of $486,000 are made, the rest of the estate being awarded to David E. Stewart, Corinna, Maine, brother of the decedent, to be disposed of as he orders.

The will was taken from the safe of the late capitalist in his Kasota building offices and read in the Hennepin county court. It does not reveal the extent of the wealth of "Elder" Stewart, but it indicates that his property may be valued at from $5,000,000 to $12,000,000. The bulk of it is given to the brother, the other relatives being provided for in definite cash bequests.

Fate of Dwelling Undecided.

The little dwelling at Fourth street and Hennepin avenue, nestled in the shadow of the towering buildings around that important corner, and about the disposition of which there has been great interest, probably will remain unaltered for several years at least. The will expresses the wish that Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Gordon, who lived with the "Elder" in the little house for many years, continue to occupy it, rent free, until the estate decides what shall be done with it.

It is thought that "Elder" Stewart gave his brother explicit instructions relative to the disposition of this property as well as other realty holdings in Minneapolis.

Say Building Is Planned.

But two of the heirs of "Elder" Stewart say the estate will not long allow the little frame house to stand on Hennepin avenue. The corner is to be improved by the construction of a modern business block as soon as the estate is settled.

Only $160,000 of the vast estate of the lawyer-capitalist remains in the possession of Minneapolitans. This includes the bequests of $50,000 each to the Home for Children and Aged Women and to the Home for the Aged and Little Sisters of the Poor, and $20,000 each to Lettie M. Crafts, Henry M. Crafts and Leo M. Crafts.

The state will probably get about $300,000 as tax on the estate.

SPERRY FOR CHANCELLOR.

District Pythians Launch Boom for Owatonna Man.

Owatonna.—At the district convention of the Knights of Pythias held here a boom of Albert L. Sperry, of Owatonna Castle No. 50, for grand chancellor was formally launched, and support of Owatonna, Albert Lea, Dodge Center and Mantorville lodges virtually assured to start the campaign. One hundred and fifty delegates were in attendance. Albert Lea was the banner visiting delegation with twenty-five representatives.

In the early part of the evening regular convention work was carried out. Pythian Sisters of Owatonna lodge gave an exhibition drill. This team will exemplify the work at the grand lodge in St. Paul and Minneapolis next week.

The rank of knight was administered to several candidates. A banquet was served and toasts were delivered by prominent Pythians among these being Albert Sperry, Dr. J. H. Adair and H. S. Dart, of Owatonna, J. P. Hurley and J. P. Peterson, of Albert Lea, and Prof. Bell, of Dodge Center.

DEFENDS HOMESTEAD.

Thief River Falls Resident Seeks To Enjoin Sheriff.

Crookston.—Contending that a residence belonging to him is the remaining portion of a homestead, and that therefore it is exempt from execution upon a civil judgment, George Elder, of Thief River Falls, appeared before Judge Watts in the district court here and secured a restraining order against the sheriff of Red Lake county.

The property in question is valued at about $2,000.

In the restraining order issued, the sheriff is required to show cause why he should not be permanently enjoined from making the sale under the execution proposed.

TANK EXPLODES WITH ROAR.

Man Standing Beside It Escapes Entirely Uninjured.

Minneapolis.—A five hundred gallon gasoline tank, partly filled with gas, exploded with terrific force in the sheet metal works of D. M. Allen, 311 Sixth avenue south.

One end of the huge galvanized cylinder hurtled 40 feet through the air and crashed through the wall of a shed. No one was injured, although D. M. Allen, manager of the company, was standing beside the tank.

$10,000 Fire in St. Cloud.

St. Cloud. — A night fire of supposed incendiary origin destroyed the stone polishing sheds of the Jones brothers. The loss is about $10,000 which is only partially covered by insurance. Twenty-five men are temporarily thrown out of employment.

Minn. Surgeons in Washington.

Washington, D. C. — Dr. James E. Moore of Minneapolis and Dr. Charles H. Mayo of Rochester, are here to attend the annual convention of the National Association of Surgeons.

STATE IS SLUGGARD.

Red Lake Development Association Believes Opportunities Lost.

Thief River Falls.—The organization of the Red Lake County Development Association has been completed in this city. Representatives from all the towns and several of the rural communities of the county met at the Aniers club rooms in this city and perfected the county organization by electing Daniel Shaw, of Thief River Falls, president, Daniel Patterson, of St. Hilaire, treasurer, and A. H. Baker, of Red Lake Falls, secretary.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, We believe that the State of Minnesota has not been alive to its opportunities and has, through a policy of inaction, permitted a large immigration to pass through and out of the state without making a proper and legitimate effort to place before the people of the nation its many advantages as a desirable place of residence; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we urge upon the coming legislature of the state that it adopt a more liberal policy of advertisement of the advantages afforded by Minnesota to homeseekers, and that we hereby pledge ourselves to withhold our support from any legislative candidate at the approaching election who does not express himself as entirely favorable to such a policy.

"Further, we reaffirm the resolutions adopted at the Bemidji convention in favor of legislative reapportionment and will refuse our support to any candidate for either the senate or house of representatives who is not known to be in favor of reapportionment. Further

"Resolved, That at this time we pledge our old and financial support to the Northern Minnesota Development Association, recently organized at Bemidji, and commend the vigorous and businesslike manner in which its officers have prosecuted the good work there begun.

DEMOCRATS IN MILL CITY.

Apportionment of Delegates Is Based on Last Gubernatorial Vote.

Minneapolis.—Minneapolis has been selected as the place of the Democratic state convention by the executive committee of the Democratic state central committee. The date is July 28. The county convention will be held July 23 and the primaries July 20, unless otherwise provided by the county committee.

The appointment of delegates calls for a convention of 1,043 delegates. The apportionment is based on the vote cast for Governor Johnson in the last election. One delegate is allowed to each 200 votes cast for Governor Johnson and each county is given two delegates-at-large, with the exception of Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis, which are given five delegates-at-large.

This gives Hennepin county 142 delegates, Ramsey 200 delegates and St. Louis 50 delegates.

The time for the giving two delegates-at-large to each county with five delegates-at-large to the three largest counties was proposed in opposition to the plan of the Republicans of giving five delegates-at-large to every county, thus giving the counties outside of the cities a bigger vote in the convention.

COOLEY AT WILLMAR.

Says Drainage and Good Foundation Good Road's Necessity.

Willmar.—"Drainage and a good foundation are the two great essentials in road making," said George W. Cooley, engineer and secretary of the state highway commission, in addressing the good roads rally here. "Of course material means something, too, but it is really secondary. Even sand or gumbo, if treated right, can make fair roads. The only trouble is that we have paid but little attention to the science of road making, and still less to maintenance.

"The highway commission is doing its best to show the people how to make the right kind of roads, but it is handicapped by the fact that Minnesota has no law of maintenance. We need such a law, and need it badly."

Mr. Cooley illustrated his lecture with views taken on his recent trip through Europe.

The rally was the most successful ever held in this part of the state. Pathmasters and town supervisors from every part of the country were present and there were representatives from neighboring counties.

$10,00 Fire in West Duluth.

Duluth. — Fire, which originated from an oil can in the rear of a grocery store, did $10,000 damage at West Duluth. Two two-story buildings owned by Thomas Fouhister were damaged and the occupants suffered loss on stocks and furniture. The total insurance will not exceed one-half of the loss. The ground floors of the building were occupied by M. L. Olander, drug store; William Strevel, grocery and a saloon. The second floors were occupied as residences.

TO MEET IN MANTORVILLE.

Annual Gathering Southeastern Congregational Conference.

Winona.—The fifth annual meeting of the Southeastern Conference of Congregational Churches of Minnesota will be held at Mantorville, on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 10 and 11. One of the principal addresses will be made by Dr. T. S. Devitt, of this city, on "The Church and the Immigrant." Reports will be made from all the churches in the conference on various phases of their work.

AGED SPINSTER DYING.

Duluth. — Miss Victoria Kasehura, who is the oldest old maid in Minnesota and possibly the oldest in the entire country, is near to death at the age of 104 years. The aged spinster is a native of Germany. She has been bedridden for the past three years and resides with her niece, Mrs. C. Marshall.

Of late her mind has become clouded and she talks of things that happened when she was a little girl. Dissolution is looked for at any time.

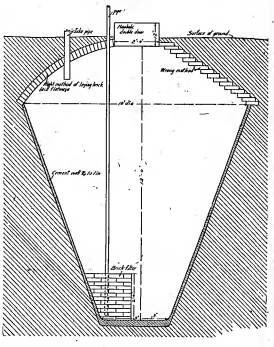
Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

Cistern On the Farm.

A cistern on the farm can be easily and cheaply constructed. Most of the work can be done by the farmer himself, while the materials necessary are of an inexpensive character, consisting chiefly of a few barrels of Portland cement and a few bricks. Mr. C. E. ...own, of Elk River, tells the Farmers' Institutes how successfully he constructed one in a sandy soil. He first dug the cistern full size and depth desired, but gave the sides more slant than he would have done in a clay soil. This to prevent caving. He says the walls were made by plastering against the sides of the dirt with a good, rich cement mortar. Two coats were used. The right coat consisted of one part cement and three parts screened, sharp sand. The second coat was made of one part cement and two parts sand. The first coat was allowed to "set" a little while before the second one was put on, but both were applied in one day. Do not trowel the first coat; just take what the trowel will hold and make a straight stroke side ways (not up and down), because the end of the trowel will dig into the sides of the cistern. Leave no place uncovered in either coat. The second coat can be smoothed a little more than the first one, but it cannot be made smooth enough with a trowel. While the mortar is still soft take a whitewash brush, wet it and brush the wall.

Leave the bottom until the cistern is otherwise all done and then clean out all the rubbish. Now, cement the bottom partly over, and lay a board on that part to stand on while putting the cement on the remainder of the bottom. Make the bottom about three inches thick.



Cut showing construction of cement cistern in sandy soil. Note proper and improper method of laying brick for arch.

After the cement is set enough, say the next day, build the filter. No cistern is complete without one. It may be about two bricks or sixteen inches square and two feet high. The filter is simply a brick box in the bottom of the cistern into which the pipe connected with the pump extends. It is laid up as tight as possible with cement mortar mixed about one part cement to three parts sand.

To make the top of the filter, lay some iron strips across to hold the brick on the top, then lay on the brick and cover with about one-half inch of cement mortar on top. Set the pipe in and wedge it tight. Make the connection while the filter is being made, so that the pipes may not be loosened after the mortar is set. Let the pipe extend to within two inches of the bottom of the filter. The water will run into the bricks as fast as it can be pumped out, and it is always clear and much purer than unfiltered water.

Build the arch by starting low enough so the top of it will just come even with the top of the ground, if the cistern is to be built out of doors. A cistern under the house causes more or less dampness and rots the sills and joists.

Start the arch one-fourth of the diameter of the cistern below the surface of the ground. For a cistern measuring ten feet across the top, the arch should be started two and a half feet below the surface. The manhole at the top should be built up about a foot above the ground, and have two covers with an air space between them to prevent freezing. Dig back of the walls of the cistern and start laying the bricks the same as for any other arch, so that the weight will come on the solid ground instead of on the walls. (See cut.)

Lay the bricks on a slant as shown in the cut. They may look as though they would not stay, but they will. When the course is laid clear around they will bind themselves. When the next course is started, break joints the same as in any other brick work.

Keep the inside as smooth as possible. Plaster the arch inside and outside with cement mortar. Don't forget to put in an intake pipe near the top of the arch. An old pump cylinder makes a good one, but a piece of four inch drain tile makes a better one and will not rust. A staging may be built inside the cistern to work on while building the arch. When all is done, we have a cistern that will not hold water until it is coated with a wash made quite thick of pure Portland cement—just thin enough to spread easily. With a whitewash brush give the inside of the cistern a good coat of this cement. The cistern is then complete and will hold water.

Wetting the walls thoroughly and then going over them while wet with a whitewash brush and dry Portland cement is recommended also as a reliable way of making the walls water tight.

Prof. Robertson, of the Crookston Experiment station, who recently died, told the Farmers' Institute of a method of making cisterns in a clay soil that proved eminently satisfactory. An egg-shaped hole was dug in the clay, narrowing the hole to the proper size at the top, and plastering onto the earth with cement mortar, the same as outlined for work on sandy walls. Such cisterns may be made with or without a brick arch. To arch such a cistern with brick, a shelf should be cut in the earth at a point where it is desired to begin the arch. This shelf may be the width of a brick. From here up the arch may be made just as described for the cistern made in sand. Made as directed these cisterns will last for years without giving any trouble, unless they are cracked by freezing. In that case the cracks may be washed with a coating of cement as described for a finishing coat for a new cistern.

Time of Sowing.

Early Spring is the best time to sow a lawn, as grass makes a better growth during the cool, moist weather of Spring than later. July and August are usually too dry.

Seeding Banks.

Trouble is often experienced in getting grass to grow on a steep slope. This is usually because the heavy rains wash the seed out before it becomes established. This may be prevented by running a heavy board along the top of the slope, to turn the water to some convenient place where a box culvert may carry the water over the edge of the slope until the sod is established. It is also a good plan to sow plenty of seed.

Mowing.

As soon as the grass is high enough it should be kept mowed with the lawn mower, as this makes a thicker, closer stand of grass. The clipping may remain on the ground if not too heavy, and protect the plants from drying out.

LEROY CADY,
Assistant Horticulturist,
University of Minnesota.

The Plum Curculio and Codling Moth are destructive of fruit. Spray the trees now with arsenate of lead or arsenate of soda and water, or in place of water use Bordeaux mixture; spray again just as the blossoms fall; again ten days later. Eighty per cent of the fruit can be saved. Three pounds of arsenate of lead, to fifty gallons of water or Bordeaux mixture, should be used for the curculio; Paris green arsenite of lime or arsenate of lead kills the insects.

DUST FROM THE SOIL.

Three Kernels of Corn in a hill give best results when seed is of good quality, testing 100 per cent.

Careless Methods of Farming often result in filling the ground with weeds.

Farm life may be made dismal by shutting in the home so that teams and people cannot be seen when passing along the road.

A Money Advantage in Planting Corn over small grain comes from the cultivation of the soil and cleaning the land of foul weeds. Corn should be cultivated well. Planting in check rows has an advantage over drills, for it can be cultivated both ways.

Don't plant corn in a heavy, cold soil if it can be avoided. There is more money in keeping the seed in the sack until the soil can be properly prepared than in such planting.

Much **LABOR** is wasted in doing work around barns and sheds when it is necessary to work in the mud. Therefore when building a barn be sure to locate it where the **water will run off**.

Tit for Tat.

Stranger (to prominent clergyman)—I came in here, sir, to criticize your church management and tell you how it ought to be run.

Prominent Clergyman, (amazed)—What do you mean, sir? How dare you? Who are you, anyway?

"I am the humble editor of the paper you have been writing to."—Life.

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Thoughtful Host.

Guest—Gracious! What long legs the new waiter has!

Host—Yes. I engaged him specially for the diners who are in a hurry.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

Had Rheumatism—Couldn't Sleep.

A lady from Oklahoma City writes: "I was sick in bed with Rheumatism, ankles swollen, couldn't sleep. Electropodes cured me. They are great." At Drug Stores—$1.00. No cure, no pay. Write for free trial offer. Western Electropode Co., Dept. A., Los Angeles, Cal.

Of Course Not.

"Did that young man have the face to kiss you?"

"He didn't kiss with his face."

Kill the Flies Now and Keep disease away. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. Ask your dealer, or send 20c to H. SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Go to any old person for sympathy, and you will learn that you don't know what real trouble is.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

How one woman doesn't enjoy hearing another praised.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
FOR RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES.
875 "Guaranteed"

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, callous and tired, aching feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. TRY IT TO-DAY. Sold everywhere, 25c. Do not accept any substitute. Sent by mail for 25c. in stamps.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS, the best medicine for Feverish, sickly Children. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial Package FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

"In a pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease"

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

W. L. DOUGLAS

$5, $4, $3.50, $3 & $2.50 SHOES

Workingmen's $2.00 Shoes

Boys' Shoes $3, $2.50 & $2

W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make,

BECAUSE:

W. L. Douglas $5.00 and $4.00 shoes equal, in style, fit and wear, other makes costing $6.00 to $8.00.

W. L. Douglas $3.50, $3.00, $2.50 and $2.00 shoes are the lowest price, quality considered, in the world.

Fast Color Eyelets.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. Take No Substitute.

Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If they are not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog, giving full directions how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered to the wearer all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has made itself welcome in the homes of the people the world over, by its wonderful cures of all blood diseases and run-down conditions.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Pla-Mate Shoes

The Best Shoes for Children

$1.75 & $2.00

For 36 years we have done nothing but make children's shoes. Everything we have learned is embodied in the **Pla-Mate Shoes** — the best shoe made anywhere for little folks. See the shape, it means comfort and allows the feet to develop along natural lines. The soles are of clear oak, welts are genuine Goodyear, and full extension heels for protecting uppers. These points mean that a pair of **Pla-Mate Shoes** will outlast two pairs of any other shoe. They come in lace, button and oxford shape and in all sizes from 4 to 12. Just try one pair, see how the children enjoy them, and notice how long they wear. If not in stock at your dealers, send us his name, stating size and style desired and we will see that you are supplied.

WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

MICKELSON'S

KILL-EM-QUICK

Kills all Pests, Vermin and Disease Germs

TRADE MARK

"Kill-Em-Quick" Gopher Poison. Kills gophers, squirrels, rats, mice, ground hogs, field mice, wolves, coyotes, rabbits and badgers. 75c and $1.25 per pkg. Special prices on quantities.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Prairie Dog Poison. Kills prairie dogs and other rodents. $1.00 per pkg. Special prices on quantities.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Rat Poison. Kills rats, mice, squirrels and pocket gophers. 15c and 25c pkg.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Lice Powder. Kills lice, fleas, vermin on live stock, also insects and worms on fruit trees and vegetables. 25c a box.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Vermin Killer. Kills fleas, crabs, cockroaches, lice and other insects. 25c.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Bed Bug Poison. Kills bed bugs, ants and cockroaches. Non-explosive; does not rust or stain. (Liquid) 25c a bottle.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Fly Poison and Hanger. For home, office and business establishments. Kills millions of flies. 10c worth Fly Paper with hanger, 10c.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Brand Fly Spray. Kills flies, mosquitoes, insects and keeps them away from horses, cattle, hogs and other live stock. In quarts, 50c; gallons, $1.25 each. Special prices on quantities.

"Kill-Em-Quick" Brand Sheep and Cattle Dip. Kills disease germs, insects and vermin. Remedy for hog cholera, scab, mange and various diseases of sheep, horses, cattle, hogs and other live stock. Complies with all requirements for official dipping. Invaluable for household uses. Disinfectant. $1.35 a gallon. Special prices on quantities.

"KILL-EM-QUICK" ALWAYS KILLS.

Sold by druggists and drug dealers. In case none in stock, accept no other, but have "Kill-Em-Quick" ordered for you. If unobtainable, send us your order, (giving name of druggist or drug dealer) and remit for such quantity as desired.

Mickelson Kill-Em-Quick Co.,
1429 Washington Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn.

WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. Feed is cheaper and climate better for the purpose. Your market will improve faster than your farmers will produce the supplies. Wheat can be grown up to the 60th parallel (800 miles north of the International boundary). Your vacant land will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land." Nearly

70,000 Americans

will enter and make their homes in Western Canada this year.

1909 produced another large crop of wheat, oats and barley, in addition to which the cattle exports was an immense item.

Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as lands held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block, Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you)

Know Shaving Comfort

NO STROPPING NO HONING

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS

Sporting goods of all kinds. Baseball goods and uniforms. Mail orders solicited.

Buckman Hardware Co., 57 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS **ELECTROTYPES**

In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by WESTERN NEWSPAPER UNION, 534 W. Adams St., Chicago

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package —other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes

"The Shoe for Business Men"

Neat but not radical in style. Toe-caps of *sole*-leather and *solid* soles and heels guarantee its *lasting* beauty.

Your dealer will tell you that

"Gitche Gamee"

Shoes *always make good on the feet of the wearer.*

He sells them for $4.00.

Manufactured by

The Northern Shoe Company

Duluth, Minn.

FREE

A style-book for 1910 and a handy Pocket Mirror

A postal brings the two.

Mention your dealer's name.

MADE WELL AND STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

[illegible], Iowa.—"When my baby was just two months old I was completely run down and my internal organs were in terrible shape. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and [illegible] wrote and told you just how I [illegible]. I began to gain [illegible] and now I [illegible] well."—[illegible], 50 Cherry St., [illegible]

Another Woman Cured.

[illegible]—"About three [illegible] and other female [illegible] I was nothing but [illegible] so sick I could [illegible] work. Within six [illegible] and well by [illegible] Vegetable Compound. [illegible] tell my friends [illegible] cured me, and you [illegible]."—Mrs. C. W. [illegible], Iowa.

[illegible] that countless army [illegible] from some form [illegible] try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. [illegible] famous remedy [illegible] for all forms of [illegible] thousands of [illegible] have been troubled with [illegible] displacements, fibroid [illegible], inflammation, ir[illegible], backache, etc.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

Is Your Health Worth 10c?

[illegible] it costs to get a—week's treatment of CASCARETS. They [illegible] for you than any medicine [illegible]. Sickness generally shows [illegible] first in the Bowels and [illegible], CASCARETS cure these ills. [illegible]—why not start today [illegible] have help in the morning?

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's [illegible]. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

Thompson's Eye Water

PYRAMID FLY CATCHER

[illegible] FREE [illegible]

Louis Dalonga & Co., 73 Beach St., New York City.

Light on Cause of Tuberculosis.

[illegible] annual meeting of the National [illegible] for the Study and [illegible] of Tuberculosis was held [illegible] on May 2 and 3. Among [illegible] the papers was one [illegible] William H. Parks, the famous [illegible] head of the laboratory [illegible] New York city department [illegible] Park contended [illegible] tuberculosis is very [illegible], caused by infection [illegible] such as the [illegible] milk or the eating of meat. [illegible] of the stomach and intestines [illegible] which compose only about [illegible] of the sickness from [illegible] are often caused by drinking [illegible] infected matter. Doctor [illegible] his conclusions by [illegible] results of years of investigation [illegible] examination of pathological [illegible]. His conclusions are [illegible] reached by Dr. [illegible] the discoverer of the tubercle [illegible].

Finding of Fresh-Water Eel.

[illegible] are channels [illegible] depths through which a [illegible] eddies have the [illegible] up from the depths [illegible] creatures which [illegible] except in the deep sea [illegible] here that the fresh-[illegible] first discovered, an in-[illegible] threw a blaze of light [illegible] history of a very mysterious [illegible].—London Daily Telegraph.

[illegible] matter, but [illegible] a wise judgment [illegible] a warm heart.—Ave[illegible]

What Thinking Takes Out

Of the brain, and activity [illegible], must be

Put Back by Proper Food

Or brain-fag and nervous prostration are sure to follow.

If you want to know the [illegible] joy on earth—the joy that comes with being well, try

Grape-Nuts Food

"There's a Reason"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

MAKING LARGE LENS

New Reflector for Mount Wilson Expected to Reveal Wonders.

Weighs Five Tons and Must Be Carried Up Hill a Mile High—Many Difficulties to Be Overcome in Mounting.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Recently there appeared in a British periodical an article written by an Englishman seriously discussing the theory that Andrew Carnegie and Dr. George E. Hale had built the observatory on Mount Wilson in an endeavor to get a corner on solar energy. The article has caused amusement in scientific circles, where the Mount Wilson observatory is looked upon as the greatest contribution that has yet been made to the science of astronomy.

In spite of the fact that the big "snow telescope" is visible from Los Angeles, there is probably little conception here of the importance the observatory promises to play in the development of astronomical science. The coming of the famous astronomers of the world this summer for a convention here will do more to call attention to the progress of Los Angeles as a scientific center than anything that has yet occurred.

Within a month or six weeks there will be an item of news at the observatory which will interest the entire world. It will be known at that time whether the 100-inch lens recently cast in France is to be a success or not. If it is, new secrets of the heavens will be revealed as soon as it can be set up on Mount Wilson.

The attempt to cast the big reflector was once before made and the result was a failure. It takes several months for the big casting to cool and the second one is in that process now. The first reports are that it will probably come out all right.

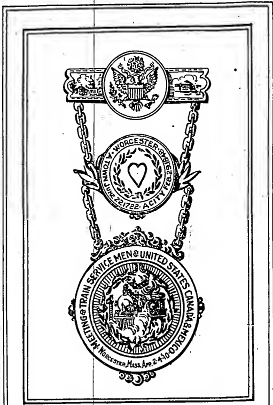
Mr. Carnegie's recent visit to Mount Wilson means that the dome for this new instrument will be provided without question. The success of the 60-inch reflector now in use assures the support of the Carnegie Institute and its founder. The new building will be expensive and will complete the construction so far as Dr. Hale's plans go. The original plans for the observatory are already fulfilled in the equipment in daily use.

Some idea of the difficulties to be overcome in mounting the big lens that is coming will be gained from the fact that it weighs five tons. This piece of glass must be hung so that it will move with perfect ease in order to be kept in a fixed position by the clockwork attachment which overcomes the motion of the earth. Dr. Hale's invention is a steel bearing floating in mercury, a principle in use on the 60-inch lens which weighs one ton.

Astronomers originally doubted the efficiency of the larger lenses. It has been demonstrated that the spectra of the stars are increased in a ratio corresponding to the size of the lens, and with the 100-inch disc there are remarkable possibilities of developing new facts in regard to the universe.

This lens, weighing five tons, will have to be transported to the top of a mountain a mile high, where tons of the original material for construction had to be packed over a narrow trail on the backs of burros. The wagon trail built for the purpose of getting the 60-inch lens to the top will again prove indispensable.

TAFT DECORATED BY RAILROAD MEN


TOWN A WORCESTER MASS. JUNE 22 1722 A CITY FEB. 29 1848
MEETING TRAIN SERVICE MEN OF UNITED STATES CANADA & MEXICO
WORCESTER, MASS. APR. 2-4-10

TRAINMEN'S GIFT TO TAFT

WASHINGTON.—President Taft has just been awarded one of the two crosses presented annually by the American Cross of Honor, but he does not seem as proud of this as of the beautiful decoration given him by the railroad men at their recent international convention in Worcester, Mass. It is a solid gold affair, and cost about $300, but its chief value in the eyes of Mr. Taft is the assurance its presentation bears of his popularity among the men who operate the trains of the United States, Canada and Mexico.

An interesting operation is going on at present in the construction of a vertical solar telescope. It was found that for longer observations of certain phenomena of the sun the snow telescope did not offer the best conditions, although it fulfilled the purpose for which it was built.

In order to test his idea of a vertical tower, Dr. Hale had a water tower erected and made steady by guy ropes. With this he obtained such good results that he decided upon a vertical tower. This is to be 165 feet in height in order to give a focal length of 150 feet from the reflector to the point where the image is recorded. With the equipment he will be able to get an image of the sun 16 inches in diameter.

In order to use a tower 165 feet in height for photographic purposes and long exposures, where the subject is simply a ray of light, it was necessary to resort to novel means for avoiding vibration. It took months of wrestling with the problem to work out the comparatively simple idea of erecting a double tower, no parts of which should touch each other. The outer tower, which takes all the vibration of the wind, is built of hollow shafts.

With this instrument the spectroscope of the sun's rays will be increased from a length of 18 feet to 75 feet, giving a broader opportunity for analyis. This tower will be completed in time for use at the astronomical congress this summer.

Many Bugs in Collection

University of Kansas Possesses 130,000 Specimens That Are Worth $47,000.

Kansas City, Mo.—Prof. S. J. Hunter of the entomological department of the University of Kansas has just finished invoicing the collection of insects belonging to the university and has valued them at $47,000. The collection was begun by Dr. F. H. Snow in 1878 and now numbers approximately 130,000 specimens, all of which are labeled and mounted for use in the classes of the department. The collection probably would sell for $50,000 if the university would part with it.

Beetles, flies and butterflies make up the larger share of the collection. Most of the specimens are of American insects, though a fair foreign collection has been built up by exchanging with foreign collectors. This exchange is going on all the time and the university collection is now one of two or three best collections owned by educational institutions in the world. By far the larger share of the insects were collected by Dr. Snow and his students in the summer vacations, and the cost to the university was very small.

"We have one of the best collections in America," Prof. Hunter said, "and it is arranged in such a way as to make all of it useful to our students. We are going to keep adding to it until it is absolutely the best we can make it. Prof. Hunter and his students collected insects in the summer of 1897, 1898 and 1899.

One of the most useful and interesting to the state is the collection of harmful insects that has been arranged. All the known Kansas crop pests are mounted together with samples of their devastations. It is in this line of work that Prof. Hunter is specializing his advance students.

Must Pay for Widow's Cow

Adjustment of Famous Port Arthur Siege Case—Milk Given to the Wounded.

St. Petersburg. — Russia's indomitable business woman, Mme. Stoessel, has just been ordered by the Moscow civil court to hand over 120 rubles, or about $62, to Mme. Rouddky, widow of a Russian officer. The case began in 1906. It proved to turn upon the prowess of General Stoessel's wife as queen of the Port Arthur provision trust during the Japanese seige of that place. Mme. Stoessel had already withstood the attacks of beleaguered civilians who complained to the government that after she had worked a corner in fowls she got her husband, as commandant of the fortress, to fix the selling price of eggs in Port Arthur.

Mme. Rouddky informed the court that at the outbreak of the war she owned a cow and two calves. When the siege began she left Port Arthur and handed over her dairy business to her husband, who died soon afterward. Mme. Stoessel thereupon appropriated her cow. The plaintiff estimated that Mme. Stoessel sold a thousand rubles' worth of milk before selling the animal for 120 rubles.

Mme. Stoessel admitted selling the cow, but declared she had given all the milk to the wounded. Moreover, the cow, she said, was injured when she found it.

The court decided that she must refund the price of the cow, 120 rubles, but Mme. Rouddky had to pay the costs of the suit. She did not receive judgment for her milk claim.

Must Wear Birdless Hats.

Trenton, N. J.—The Audubon society bill put in by Assemblyman Hedcliffe, making it a misdemeanor for women to wear feathers, wings, or bodies of birds for personal adornment was put through the house by a vote of 33 to 11.

If the senate passes it Governor Fort will sign it, and spring styles for New Jersey women must undergo a change at once or many women will be in jail.

College Bars Towels.

Houghton, Mich.—Towels have been tabooed at the Michigan College of Mines. This does not mean that soap also has been put under the ban, but that the faculty has decided that towels are relics of barbarism and are insanitary and expensive. When a student now washes his hands and face he uses a big sheet of paper for drying purposes and then throws it into a waste basket.

Punctual Editor Snubs King.

St. Petersburg.—An unusual episode marked King Peter's last day in St. Petersburg. The king made an appointment to receive M. Souverein, editor of Novoe Vremya, and when the editor arrived at the precise hour he found the king was out visiting. M. Souverein went home.

When the king, on his return to the palace, renewed the invitation by telephone, M. Souverein declined to accept it.

Motor for Farm Purposes

Use of Gasoline Machines in Agricultural Pursuits Is Extending Rapidly.

Washington.—Consul Frank Deedmeyer, Charlottestown, directs attention to the growing use of motors for fishing and agricultural purposes in Canada:

On land, on sea, and in the air the use of the gasoline motor is extending rapidly. Its great utility, combined with economy, in the fisheries and upon the farm, is now fully recognized in the maritime provinces of Canada. Here is a most promising field for American manufacturers. The race is to the swift. Those who would cultivate this rich opportunity must act at once. Fishermen, a conservative folk, were slow to equip their craft with gasoline motors. During the fishing season of 1909 about 15 per cent. of the fishing boats and vessels were provided with this motor power. The boats and vessels so equipped had such palpable advantages over those using sail propulsion that the most conservative fisherman now realizes that he can no longer compete if he has to contend with the contrary winds, while his more progressive neighbor can bring his catch to shore speedily and surely.

The fishing fleets of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edwards Island, consist, according to official returns, of 26,315 boats and 1,082 vessels. Nova Scotia is credited with 16,121 of these craft, New Brunswick with 9,393, and Prince Edward Island with 1,883. Within the next few years this entire fleet will be supplied with gasoline motors.

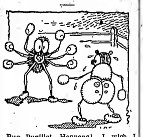
The number of farmers of these three provinces, according to the last Dominion census, is 107,630, all of whom own the farms which they till, except 2,692, who are lessees. Agriculture, owing to the constantly rising prices of farm products, is remunerative. These farmers are generally well to do, progressive, employing agricultural implements and other labor-saving devices. The gasoline motor has just commenced to displace on the farm the windmill, animal power, and the steam engine, used in pumping water, threshing and crushing grains, cutting wood, and for various other purposes. The superiority of the gasoline motor of American make is universally conceded. Canadian manufacturers of this article usually advertise their motors as being constructed upon the latest designs secured from the United States.

Cigar Smoking Record.

Washington. — The long distance cigar smoking championship of the world has been won by Harry McKelden, a telegraph operator, who smoked a mild cigar of standard size during 94 minutes and 30 seconds without relighting it. He exceeded the record recently made by a Cornell professor by 9½ minutes.

Some men are like some postage stamps. You can't get them up to the sticking point.

UP AGAINST IT.



Bug Pugilist—Heavens! I wish I had never gotten on a match with the spider!

AN INTOLERABLE ITCHING

"Just about two years ago, some form of humor appeared on my scalp. The beginning was a slight itching but it grew steadily worse until, when I combed my hair, the scalp became raw and the ends of the comb-teeth would be wet with blood. Most of the time there was an intolerable itching, in a painful, burning way, very much as a bad, raw burn, if deep, will itch and smart when first beginning to heal. Combing my hair was positive torture. My hair was long and tangled terribly because of the blood and scabs. This continued growing worse and over half my hair fell out. I was in despair, really afraid of becoming totally bald.

"Sometimes the pain was so great that, when partially awake, I would scratch the worst places so that my finger-tips would be bloody. I could not sleep well and, after being asleep a short time, that awful stinging pain —would commence and then I would wake up nearly wild with the torture. A neighbor said it must be salt rheum. Having used Cuticura Soap merely as a toilet soap before, I now decided to order a set of the Cuticura Remedies —Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills. I used them according to directions for perhaps six weeks, then left off, as the disease seemed to be eradicated, but toward spring, eighteen months ago, there was a slight return of the scalp humor. I commenced the Cuticura treatment at once, so had very little trouble. On my scalp I used about one half a cake of Cuticura Soap and half a box of Cuticura Ointment in all. The first time I took six or seven bottles of Cuticura Pills and the last time three bottles—neither an expensive or tedious treatment. Since then I have had no scalp trouble of any kind. Standing up, with my hair unbound, it comes to my knees and had it not been for Cuticura I should doubtless be wholly bald.

"This is a voluntary, unsolicited testimonial and I take pleasure in writing it, hoping my experience may help someone else. Miss Lillian Brown, R. F. D. 1, Liberty, Me., Oct. 29, 1909."

Remedies Too Costly.

Get out the old-fashioned household remedy book and scratch out two remedies, one advising raw beefsteak spread on a bruise and the other advising bacon for a felon. We can't waste beefsteak and bacon on bruises and felons these days.—Atchison Globe.

IT WEARS YOU OUT.

Kidney Troubles Lower the Vitality of the Whole Body.

Don't wait for serious illness; begin using Doan's Kidney Pills when you first feel backache or notice urinary disorders.

Every Picture Tells A Story

John L. Perry, Columbus, Texas, says: "I was taken sick about a year ago. My limbs and feet began to swell and my doctor said I had Bright's disease. I then consulted another doctor who told me I had dropsy and could not live. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me promptly, and I owe my life to them."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Spring Longings.

Splutter—I'm just dying to get out and dig in the ground.

Butter—Golf or fishworms?

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Nothing is there more friendly to a man than a friend in need.—Plautus.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER

Summer complaint, bowel trouble, cramps have no terrors in the household where this dependable medicine is kept on hand. 25c, 35c and 50c bottles

A girl isn't necessarily a jewel because she's set in her ways.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

Never say die till you are dead—and then it's no use.—Spurgeon.

STOMACH LIVER LUNGS

Each of the chief organs of the body is a link in the Chain of Life. A chain is no stronger than its weakest link, the body no stronger than its weakest organ. If there is weakness of stomach, liver or lungs, there is a weak link in the chain of life which may snap at any time. Often this so-called "weakness" is caused by lack of nutrition, the result of weakness or disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. Diseases and weaknesses of the stomach and its allied organs are cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When the weak or diseased stomach is cured, diseases of other organs which *seem* remote from the stomach but which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, are cured also.

The strong man has a strong stomach. Take the above recommended "Discovery" and you may have a strong stomach and a strong body.

GIVEN AWAY.—Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, new revised Edition, is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE TRADE MARK ALABASTINE

A Woman's Home

should be her pride. Your home should reflect your own individuality. You cannot have special wall papers designed by you for each room—you can carry out a special Alabastine decorative scheme for those rooms—you can be a leader in your community and have your home the talk of your friends.

Alabastine

The Stylish Wall Tint

is the material that will accomplish this result. We can show innumerable color effects, classic stencil designs, and our Art Department is at your service.

Send for the Alabastine book explaining what we do for you, and how we furnish free stencils where Alabastine is used.

Alabastine is a powder made from Alabaster, ready for use by mixing with cold water, and is applied with an ordinary wall brush. Full directions on each package.

Alabastine Company

New York City, N.Y. Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE PACKAGE

"Way Above the Average Roof" "High in Quality"

GAL-VA-NITE

TRIPLE ASPHALT-COATED, MICA-PLATED

Is way above the average roof. High in quality—high in the favor of every up to date builder. Used in every state of the Union—in all climates and under the most trying conditions. GAL-VA-NITE is suitable for every sort of building from the largest factories and warehouses down to the smallest barn or shed.

This tough, pliable, lasting GAL-VA-NITE is waterproofed with three coats of asphalt and weatherproofed with a regular "armor-plating" of flaked mica. It needs no paint—no after attention. First cost last cost. Won't rust—can't rot and will never catch on fire from flying sparks.

GAL-VA-NITE comes in rolls all ready to lay. Anyone can do the work. Nails and lap cement furnished free. Get samples and details.

Let us send you samples and book—"The Inside of an Outside Proposition." Drop us a postal NOW.

Address the Manufacturers

UNION ROOFING & MFG. CO.

200 Union Road St. Paul, Minnesota

Stone's Piano Polish

is the finest piano and furniture polish on the market today. Restores old surfaces and preserves the new. Doesn't smear, streak or collect dust. Has been used by us for over 15 years. Two sizes, 35c and 50c.

Special Introductory Offer

On cash orders received during the month of May only, we will send a 35c bottle of this fine polish for only 25c prepaid.

Don't wait, but order now.

STONE PIANO COMPANY

Everything Known in Music. Stone Building, Fargo, N. D.

11% Cash Dividends

ANNUALLY SINCE ORGANIZATION.
AN OPPORTUNITY OFFERED TO INVEST IDLE CAPITAL OR SMALL SAVINGS IN THE

Greatest Real Estate Business

In the Northwest, through a purchase of our

TEN YEAR PROFIT-SHARING DEVELOPMENT BONDS

SECURITY: One-half million dollars worth of best selected unincumbered, live North Dakota Income Real Estate.

Write while it is open.

THE NORTH DAKOTA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY

Home Office, Fargo, N. D. Capital, Surplus and Reserve $300,000.00.

STEM WIND—SET

WE GIVE

a fine plated GOLD WATCH, guaranteed five years, proper size, handsomely engraved; with chain; and plated GOLD RING, beautiful [illegible] Diamond setting, for selling 24 low priced jewelry articles among your friends. Send name and address. NO MONEY. WE TRUST YOU. Articles sent at once. Full instructions. Introductory offer. Only limited time. Write right now to—

L. L. SPENCER CO., Horton, N.Y.

Tea Time Talks

It's always tea time when you are tired or thirsty.

The Protection of Perfection

"Salada" is the choicest tea of Ceylon. It is very carefully put up in hermetically sealed lead packages. This protection preserves its perfection. The fragrance and flavor of "Salada" are absolutely secured from evaporation or contamination.

Tea is most sensitive to exposure. The delicious flavor, the delicate aroma of "Salada" would be lost or vitiated, if not locked up in that air-tight lead package.

Tea sold in bulk *must* lose any quality it may originally possess.

"SALADA" TEA

Yearly sale over 20,000,000 packages

Ask your grocer for "Salada" Tea or send 10 cents for a sample package which makes 40 cups of delicious tea.

Say whether Black or Green tea is desired.

Our booklet, "The Story of the Tea Plant," sent free.

"SALADA" TEA CO.

Shelby Block Detroit, Mich.

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.

Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality
ICE CREAM
Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Holzman's ad.

Nick Mones of Wylie was trading in town Friday.

O. J. Knutson spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

H. E. Ives was at St. Hilaire between trains Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Kruegar drove to Plummer last Friday.

Henry F. Musses was at Thief River Falls between trains Friday.

Mrs. Jos. Schusser visited with friends at Crookston this week.

Miss Laura Lizee of Grand Forks is spending the week at the Lizee home.

The F. and F. B's were entertained by Mrs. S. E. Lewis Tuesday evening.

M. O. Sortedahl was attending to business matters at Crookston Saturday.

[illegible] Addison was attending to business matters at Crookston yesterday.

Mrs. Chas. Cyr left Tuesday evening for Grand Forks where she will visit with friends.

Dr. Spafford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls June 7.

Miss Inna Schroeter visited with friends at Thief River Falls Friday and Saturday.

C. O. Kinsel, the Terrebonne miller, was attending to business matters in town Monday.

Your spring suit is waiting for you at the Big Store. It will suit you in price and style.

Mrs. F. A. Kellogg returned today from St. Paul where she had been visiting a few days.

Dr. F. F. Fletcher of Grand Forks was in the city two days this week on his professional visit.

Mrs. Rose Dargan returned Friday from Grand Forks where she had been visiting with friends.

Rev. Fr. Adolph of Thief River Falls was the guest of friends in town Monday and Tuesday.

Proceedings of the last meeting of the board of county commissioners are published in this issue.

Plenty of Seed Corn that will grow at The Big Store. Also Rape Seed, Grass Seeds of all kinds.

Alex Sieff of Chicago, who has spent several weeks here with relatives, left Tuesday for Page, N. Dak.

Don't forget we have the best line of corsets in the Northwest. All the latest forms. LaBissoniere.

The Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls base ball teams will meet on the local grounds Sunday afternoon.

Louis Sieff left Tuesday for Miles City, Mont., where he will purchase some horses for shipment east.

Miss Abell, who teaches in Illinois, arrived last week to spend the vacation at the Abell home in Terrebonne.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. P. B. Gaass next Wednesday afternoon.

Will Rinker and John Ihle, two Thief River Falls high school boys, attended the class play Friday evening.

G. K. Haavi of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters in the county capital Monday and Tuesday.

Editor Dotson of the Crookston Times and Mrs. Dotson were in the city Sunday, making the trip in an automobile.

S. H. Fisher was in the twin cities and other points in southern Minnesota attending to business matters this week.

A log drive of 11,000,000 feet, the largest drive that has been brought down for a number of years, is on the Red Lake river a short distance above the city.

The band boys gave a fine concert Monday evening and a lot of people were on the street to enjoy the good music.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

Misses Schwalve and Anderson of the Thief River Falls high school faculty attended the class play Friday evening.

For Sale—2 bulls, 1 bull calf and two heifer calves, all full blood shorthorns of the milking strain.—M. O. Sortedahl.

Miss Blanche Allstadt has completed a successful term of school in Beltrami county and is at home for the vacation.

Misses Mamie and Lucile Crompe, who were visiting with their sister, Mrs Sylvan Hall, at Crookston, returned Monday.

Miss Esther Morin of Black River, who is attending the Moorhead Normal came home today to spend the summer vacation.

The C. E. society of the Presbyterian church will give a food sale at Ed L. Healy's office from 3 until 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

Jos. Buskirk, agent for the Bertram and Wright Lumber company at Brooks, was attening to business matters in town Monday.

PASTURE. Want 150 head cattle or horses or both, in large pasture, good grass, good water. Apply to Wm. Porath or P. B. Gaass. m26

J. F. Fournet, C. A. Lindquist and A. A. Latendresse went for a trip out into Bray township with the Fournet car Tuesday evening.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire was in town Monday and Tuesday attending to matters in connection with county ditch work.

Clothilde Supernant of Terrebonne returned Monday from Seattle, Wash. Miss Supernant spent several weeks with relatives in the west.

See our fine line of Dimities, Lawns, Wash Ginghams of every description, Jap Loom Silks, Bright Silk effects at 25c yd up.—The Big Store.

Lost—Scotch Collie dog, answers to name "Jack." Last seen six miles west of Dorothy. Communicate with J. H. Lasha, Red Lake Falls.

E. G. Buse and Vern Healy went to Thief River Falls Monday to play in a game of ball with Crookston against Thief River—but it rained.

C. Beaudry of Providence, Rhode Island, is a guest at Paul's Hotel. Mr. Beaudry will spend the summer here visiting with relatives and friends.

Street grades are being established this week preparatory to the construction of cement sidewalks several blocks of which are to be built this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lindquist of Bray attended the class play Saturday evening. While in town they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duffy.

There will be services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours Sunday morning and evening. Rev. Lewis T. Hughes, the new pastor, will preach.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire was in town Saturday conferring with Auditor Latendresse on matters in connection with county ditch work.

For Sale—One registered Durham bull, four years old. Call at my farm in section 17, Poplar River Township, or write S. J. Premo, Brooks, Minn. 12m26

Miss Josephine Starken, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Starken, and Henry G. Gorres of Willow Lake, Minnesota, were married Tuesday at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Gorres will go to Wanda, Minnesota, where they will visit with relatives and a reception will be given for them. They will later go to Willow Lake, where they will reside.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AIMS

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

RED LAKE FALLS

Merchants State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

Robt. Eitel of Marshall is spending a few days in town. Mr. Eitel has considerable real estate in southern Red Lake county and is here to look after his property interests.

Miss Febiola Duhuque of Terrebonne visited with friends in Red Lake Falls the first of the week and last evening she went to Crookston where she will spend a few days.

Jerry Sherwood of Litchfield, who has recently been awarded several ditch contracts in Red Lake county, has shipped in two dredges and now has one of them at work on ditch No. 37.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

Sheriff L. A. Nelson started out for a trip to the reservation country the first of the week to post ditch notices. Of course he headed in for Thief River Falls Tuesday for the Norwegian celebration.

F. A. Kellogg is going to stock his farm with blooded cattle. He expects to leave Saturday for Whitewater, Wis., to arrange for the hsipment of a herd of registered Holstein cattle to this place.

Thief River Falls' new auditorium is to be formally opened next week. Two musical comedies are to be put on—"The Royal Chef" Monday evening and "A Knight for a Day" Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Fred Morin and children left Tuesday evening for their new home in the west. Their destination is Missoula, Montana, where Mr. Morin is engaged in the lumber business with Fred Borchers.

Chas. Sutliff of Litchfield, who has the contract for the construction of county ditch No. 41, was in town this week and he and County Surveyor C. H. Martz are making a trip over the route of the ditch.

A. R. Jones of St. Hilaire, G. K. Haavi of Thief River Falls and Otto Zaiser, who have been appointed viewers for county ditch No. 47 started out Tuesday to go over the route of the proposed ditch.

Max Ingber this week purchased the Charles Cyr house north of Paul's hotel and will occupy it as a residence. Mrs. Cyr expects to leave next month for the state of Washington and live with her son in the west.

The Treasurers of Fraternal and Religious Societies are invited to consult with the officers of the Merchants State Bank regarding the safe investment of their trust funds. Every facility for investigation will be furnished you.

I. D. Wilson of Northfield and his son, B. Wilson, of Aberdeen, S. D., were in the city the first of the week. The Wilsons recently purchased the Bagan farm through the Healy agency and they were here to look at the property.

Chairman C. A. Lindquistt of the county board is in town this week and he and Auditor A. A. Latendresse and C. W. Johnson, clerk of court, have an all week's job as a board of audit going over the records of the county treasurer.

Mr. Alfred J. Waldall and Miss Clara Olson, young people residing near Plummer, were married in this city Wednesday. The ceremony was performed at the office of Judge Ira C. Richardson, the judge officiating. The young people will reside on a farm near Plummer.

Mr. Hector Bray of Calgary, Alberta, and Miss Eva Bray of this city were married Tuesday at St. Joseph's church, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. It was a quiet wedding only a few relatives being present. Mr. Bray and his bride will go to Calgary where they will reside.

The season for new shoes is at hand. We show a more complete line of shoes than any other store in town. Our Godman at $1.49 up in Ladies and 75c up in Children's are the best solid leather shoes sold at the price. Have sold them for 10 years without a "kick." O'Donnell shoes for men and Utz & Dunn's for women are the productions of the highest class shoemaking. Come in all classes of leather and styles, $2.25 up. You better yourself by buying from us.—The Big Store.

Friends in this city of Dan J. Doran, now agent for the Crown Lumber company at Gleichen, Alberta, running one of the company's forty yards, will be glad to know that he is prospering in his Canadian home. The following letter received by Mr. Doran from the president of his company is self explanatory: "The officers and head office staff of the Crown Lumber company, Limited, take pleasure in informing you of the fact that you have made the best general record of any manager in our company in regard to the way in which you take care of your records and accounts, general condition of your yard, and your success in keeping the outstandings down to a reasonable figure. You are, therefore, entitled to a special bonus of $50.00, cheque for which you will find enclosed, and we trust that the good work that you have done in the past will be duplicated in the future and that you will retain the position you now old in the regard of head officers. We trust in the matter of outstandings that you will be able to make a still further reduction."

A Clerical Conundrum.

Archbishop Whately once asked the question, "Why can a man never starve in the great desert?" and answered it himself as follows: "Because he can eat the sand which is there. But what brought the sandwiches there? Why, Noah sent Ham, and his descendants mustered and bred."

Council Proceedings.

Adjourned regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall, April 21, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen present: Crompe, Hennings, Salley, Hunt and Paul.

Aldermen absent: None.

Alderman Hennings offered the following resolution and moved its adoption, seconded by Alderman Hunt:

Resolved, that the application of Fred Borchers for the transfer of the Liquor License heretofore issued to him permitting him to sell intoxicating liquors for a term commencing July 1st, 1909, and ending June 30, 1910, for the balance of said term, from the said Borchers to H. A. Johnson, be, and the same is hereby granted and said transfer ordered made. Resolution unanimously adopted.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 18th day of May, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

Sidewalk Resolution

By the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, ordering the construction of sidewalks:

Whereas, the sidewalks now existing at the points hereinafter mentioned are out of repair and in bad condition, and the city council does deem it necessary and expedient that a new cement sidewalk, curbstone and gutter be built on the west side of Champagne Avenue in said city opposite to and adjoining the east side of Block six in Champagne and Dow's Addition, between second and third streets, the full length of said block; also on the east side of said Champagne Avenue, opposite to and adjoining the full length of Block seven in said Champagne and Dow's Addition, between said second street and third street; also on the south side of Second Street, along and adjoining the full north side of Block seven in said Champagne and Dow's Addition:

Therefore, Be it Resolved, That the sidewalks now existing at all the aforesaid points upon Champagne Avenue and Second Street, adjoining the lots hereinafter described, be and the same are hereby condemned, and that a new cement concrete sidewalk, curbstone and gutter be and the same is hereby ordered to be built at all the aforesaid places and points and adjoining lots hereinafter described, in the following manner, towit: The sidewalk to be six feet wide, curbstone of sufficient depth to prevent undermining, all built of cement and sand in proper proportions, laid upon good gravel foundation—a good serviceable walk; and said sidewalk, curbstone and gutter shall be completed on or before the 15th day of July, A. D., 1910. And further that this resolution shall be duly served upon the owners of all the lots, parts of lots and parcels of ground below described, and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, said service to be made personally upon all resident owners, and by publication in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette upon all non-resident owners.

Name of Owner	Front Feet	Description of Prop'y Owned Champagne & Dow's Addition
William Findeisen, Marie Findeisen, administrator of the estate of Wm. Findeisen	50	Lots 13, 14, Block 6
Frank E. Hunt	25	Lot 15, Block 6
Vitaline Cyr	50	Lots 16, 17, Block 6
Georgiana Marchand	25	Lot 18, Block 6
Raphael St. Marie	5.	Lots 19, 20, Block 6
Virginia Paul	100	Lots 21, 22, 23, 24, Block 6
L. A. Dautremont, Rose Spillane and William Spillane	60	Lots 9, 10, and north 10 feet of Lot 11, Block 7
Simon Paul	25	Lot 8, Block 7
Augusta Krueger	50	Lots 6, 7, Block 7
Ben Puschinsky, Mrs. Ben Puschinsky, administrator of the estate of Ben Puschinsky	50	Lots 4, 5, Block 7
William Findeisen, Marie Findeisen, administrator of the estate of Wm. Findeisen	25	Lot 3, Block 7
Mertie S. Hunt	198	Lots 1, 2, Block 7
Augusta Krueger	140	Lot 13, Block 7
T. C. O'Leary	100	Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, Block 3

Adopted May 12th, 1910, A. D.

SIMON PAUL,
President of City Council.

Approved May 12, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

God Bless Us Every One!

"God bless us every one!" prayed Tiny Tim,
Crippled and dwarfed of body, yet so tall
Of soul we tiptoe earth to look on him,
High towering over all.

He loved the loveless world nor dreamed, indeed,
That it at best could give to him the while
But pitying glances when his only need
Was but a cheery smile.

And thus he prayed, "God bless us every one!"
Infolding all the creeds within the span
Of his child heart, and so, despising none,
Was nearer saint than man.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

Mixed His Poetry.

Mixed metaphors, absentmindedness and inattention have caused many laughable incidents. Teachers in the elementary grades of the public schools especially hear many of these amusing "breaks."

One day a bright youth in one of the higher grades of a Kensington school during an elocution period furnished an addition to the long list. He mixed up two poets with a result that provoked much laughter in the school. He quoted, or, rather, misquoted, as follows:

Oh, woman, in our hours of ease,
Uncertain, coy and hard to please;
But, seeing too oft, become familiar with her face,
We first endure, then pity, then embrace.

—Philadelphia Times.

A New Case of English Humor.

Two southerners were entertaining an Englishman when one of them told the following story:

"There was a poor white in our county named Yarrow, whom every one thought dishonest, but who had never been caught stealing. At last he got too bold, and through the testimony of a Mr. Brown he was sent to jail. Soon after Yarrow served his sentence Mr. Brown was obliged to go to Baltimore and have his eyes operated upon. A much exaggerated account of the operation reached the county and was told to Yarrow.

"'I wish ter gracious,' said that worthy, 'that when the doctor took out that old Brown's eyes he'd dropped 'em on the floor and the cat had got 'em!'"

At the conclusion of the story the other southerner laughed heartily, but the Englishman was horrified. "Just think," he said, "of having a cat in the room when such a serious operation was being performed!"—Lippincott's.

POLITICIANS ENDORSE ADMINISTRATION

Continued from page 1.

conducting his campaign in person.

The Men Behind.

While Mr. Bede has much to say about Mr. Lorimore's humble beginnings, his many virtues and the great prominence he has attained, it may perhaps be as well to recall just one other circumstance in Mr. Lorimor's career. He was a member of the lower house of congress when the law to tax oleomargarine was passed. He took a strong stand on behalf of the oleomargarine industry. In fact he led the fight against the interests of the dairymen of the nation. The same fight is up again. Indeed for some weeks now hearings have been taking place. This week the dairymen are presenting their side of the case, being represented among others by E. K. Slater, former dairy commissioner of Minnesota, now secretary of the national dairy union, and W. F. Schilling of Northfield, president of the Minnesota Dairymen's association. Of course there may be no connection between the purchase of a seat for Mr. Lorimore in the United States senate and the fight the Chicago packers are making in favor of the reduction of the tax on oleomargarine, but at the same time there can be no harm come of considering things seemingly related at the same time.

The Lieutenant Governorship.

As to what may happen beyond nominating Governor Eberhart to head the Republican state ticket everybody seems to be at sea, except that there is a sort of crowding to get on the administration band wagon. The latest talk is of a Mr. Neil of Red Wing being the new candidate for lieutenant governor. Mr. Neil is at the head of the federated commercial clubs of the state and has been quite active in the conservation movement. He is well spoken of, but if he is a candidate there does not seem to be any warrant to conclude that Goodhue county will not go, as has been all along anticipated to Dr. Gates who has been long in the field and who is naturally counting on a strong delegation from the Third District.

A Man in Ambush.

The latesst hear I about the contest for lieuteant governor, however, and it was from one who is in position to know what is going on behind the scenes, is the man who will get his nomination has not yet been named. "Eberhart," said the gentleman in question, "is pretty foxy and has a strong card up his sleeve, which he will play at the psychological moment." This language must not be taken literally. Far be it from me to suggest on the part of the govrenor any familarity with either any game of cards or with the code which goverus those accustomed to hundle the pasteboards.

Gorden Apparently Confident.

However, be that as it may, there is some reason to consider that the position occupied by S. Y. Gordon, the editor candidate from Browns Valley, is a strong one. If he has support outside his county option friends, which I am inclined to believe, he is likely to show up at the convention with more strength than has been anticipated. Indeed I think there are likely to be some surprises in store for those who think to belittle the efforts temperance people are making. I am told that the campaign being conducted in many of the smaller cities of the state is proving effective. I know that in Minneapolis there is a strong element which favors county option certain to stand up in the legislature and at the polls if not at the state convention. Of course in St. Paul Dur Reese runs the politics for us and on the temperance question we have at least the satisfation of knowing where we are at.

After the High Boss.

Speaking about Minneapolis I learn that it is regarded as by no means certain that E. D. Simth will be chosen as the Republican party's candidate for the senate. Carl Wallace is giving him a hot race and Carl isn't particularly strong. Indeed it is said that if some man were opposing him less mixed up in the factional fights of the district Smith wouldn't be in it. It is said to be certain anyway if Smith does get the nomination that an independent candidate will be put in he field against him with good prospects of success. In view of this there is some talk of Smith's throwing up the sponge altogether to become chairman of the Republican State Central committee and later the governor's private secretary and political manager. I learn that Frank Nimocks who was a member of the last house has Senator Calhoun, Smith's alter ego, beaten to a frazzle. There are some things about the representation of the metropolis of the northwest which are decidedly queer.

—PAUL PRY.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sertedahl Land Co.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall April 14th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Roll called.

Aldermen all present.

The minutes of the proivous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

John Drier, 9 days street work	$ 18.50
John Drier, 5½ days street work	8.50
A. L. Reichert, Medicine for Paul Benoit	2.00
Henry Demerais, 6 days with team, Street work	21.00
Red Lake Falls Fire Dptmt, Services at fire of March 29, 1910	12.00
Joseph Salley, Hard coal for City Hall	2.91
George Moquin, 2 days work on streets	3.00
Julius Kuehl, Street work 5 days	7.50
Julius Kuehl, Street work 1½ days	2.25
Hunt Hardware Co., Supplies for City Hall	39.65
Zaiser Bros., man and team, work on streets	12.25
Otto Zaiser, 6 days work as Street Com'r	9.00
Otto Zaiser, 5 days work as Street Com'r	8.25

On motion duly carried the bonds of Merchants State Bank and First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, as depositories of city funds, were ordered approved.

On motion meeting adjourned until April 21st, 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 18th day of May, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest:
Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

Plans and Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned, Board of Supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake county, will meet at the office of the Town Clerk at 1:00 o'clock on Friday, the 3rd day of June, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 35 foot steel beam bridge, agreeable to the specifications hereto annexed.

Parties tendering, must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the date on which it was computed and showing also the areas of materials proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present at the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DISCRIPTION.

The bridge will be a steel girder bridge, consisting of 1 span and will have a roadway, 18 foot clear width. The distance from grade to bed of stream is 12 feet.

The floor will be reinforced concrete with concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing, piling to be from 18 to 20 feet long, concrete backing to be 10 feet high.

Contractors are requested to submit plans and bids for a pony truss of the same capacity, so that the Board may take their choice between it and the 35 foot girder bridge, herein mentioned.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk.

The children of Nap Morrissette of Seattle, Wash., arrived in Red Lake Falls Monday and will spend the summer with their grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Paul. Mr. and Mrs. Paul went to Crookston Sunday to meet the children of whom there are five.

WHAT IS ADJUSTING?

Someone has said, "An adjusted watch is a watch in perfect order." This is literally true for that is what adjustment means and what it attempts to secure. The word "adjust" is derived from Latin words, "ad" and "justice," just right. This expresses it. When a watch is perfectly adjusted it is just right and when it is just right it is a perfect time piece. This is a condition to be aimed for and although we can never hope to attain it, yet it is encouraging to know that we are steadily advancing to a closer approximation. Every error in a watch has some underlying cause. The correction of an error depends, first, on discovering the cause and, second, on removing it. Theory often aids us in determining the cause, but it requires patient experimenting and persistent practice to remove it. Nature's forces and the Laws of Mechanics are our sole reliance in accomplishing this. They furnish both the cause and the remedy. Temperature error is a notable example of this fact. The expansion and contraction of metal is the cause of temperature error. The same law of expansion and contraction is applied to correct the error. We obtain similar results in position work by the use of the laws of acceleration and retardation which furnish both the cause and the remedy of many errors.

RUDOLPH HOLZMAN,
JEWELER, RED LAKE FALLS.

Get the Choice Oranges of Our 5,000 Groves

SUNKIST ORANGES

We pick, pack and ship 60% of the California Orange crop. These are of varying grades. The choicest selections are packed under the "Sunkist" label. To get the finest oranges you must insist on fruit that is wrapped in tissue paper with the word "Sunkist" printed thereon.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

They are delightfully sweet, juicy and fiberless. They are firm, thin skinned and deep tinted.

"Sunkist" oranges and lemons are picked by gloved hands, wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper, packed carefully so as to eliminate chances of becoming bruised or soft. No bruised fruit or fruit that falls to the ground is put in a "Sunkist" wrapper.

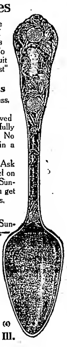
Look for "Sunkist" on the wrapper. Ask your dealer for oranges and lemons with "Sunkist" label on the tissue paper wrapper. Oranges and lemons without "Sunkist" wrappers are *not* "Sunkist" brand. Be sure you get oranges and lemons in their original "Sunkist" wrappers.

Free: Rogers' Orange Spoon

To make it doubly interesting for you to insist on "Sunkist" in the original wrappers—either oranges or lemons—we will give you a beautiful Rogers' Orange Spoon. Just send us twelve wrappers and six 2c stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send the spoon by return mail. Get a dozen "Sunkist" and send today for your first spoon. Address

California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

SUNKIST LEMONS



UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 91
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY MAY 26, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 35

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Stores Will Close at 1 O'clock p. m., Monday----Memorial Day

THE BIG CONSERVATION MEETING

Second Meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development Association

At Crookston Three Days, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, June 1, 2, 3.

The people of Crookston are making elaborate preparations for the entertainment of the Northern Minnesota Development association. The second meeting of the association will be held at Crookston Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, June 1, 2 and 3, and it will probably be the most important meeting ever held in northern Minnesota. Among the prominent speakers on the program will be Wm. Hays, assistant secretary of agriculture, Right Rev. James McGolrick, Bishop of Duluth, and B. C. Baum of Princeton. Following is the excellent program that has been arranged for the meeting:

Wednesday, June 1

8:00 P.M.—Smoker, at Commercial Club. James E. O'Brien, President Crookston Commercial Club, presiding.

Thursday, June 2

Session at City Hall, H. G. Maxwell, President, presiding.

10:00 A.M.—Prayer, Rev. E. W. Akers of Crookston.

Address of Welcome: City of Crookston, Allen J. Mckinnon, Mayor; Polk County, Charles J. Conger, President Polk County Development association.

Appointment of Committees.

P. E. Dowling, Editor "Eveleth Star," "What Shall We Do to Be Saved?"

George Welsh, State Immigration Commissioner, "Immigration."

Leroy Boughner, Minneapolis Tribune, "Intelligent Publicity for Northern Minnesota."

1:00 P.M.—Special Train to Crookston Agricultural College where afternoon session will be held.

2:00 P.M.—Bernhard Boegild, Prof. Royal Danish Agricultural College of Copenhagen, "Cooperation for the Development of Northern Minnesota."

A. M. Dunton, Superintendent State Agricultural High School, McIntosh, "The Educational Needs of the Rural Community."

A. J. McGuire, Superintendent Northwest Experimental Farm, Grand Rapids, "Ways and Means of Successful Farming in Northern Minnesota."

T. L. Haecker, University of Minnesota, "Dairying."

A. B. Hostetter, Superintendent Agricultural Department, Duluth Commercial Department, Duluth Commercial Club, "Development of Northern Minnesota."

R. C. Dunn, Editor "Princeton Union," "Constitutional Amendments."

P. J. Russell, member State Forestry Board, "Swamp Lands."

8:00 P.M.—City Hall, H. G. Maxfield, President presiding.

George W. Cooley, State Engineer, "Good Roads." Illustrated by over 100 pictures.

P. H. Konzen, Hallock, "The Red River Valley."

John H. Gray, Economics and Political Science, University of Minnesota, "Getting Together."

Friday, June 3

Session in City Hall, H. J. Maxfield, President, presiding.

10:00 A.M.—Right Rev. James McGolrick, Bishop of Duluth, "Colonization."

Wm. J. Brown, County Attorney, Marshall County, "Reclamation of State Lands."

1:30 P.M.—Report of Committees.

A. F. Woods, Director University of Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station, St. Paul, "General Soil Conditions of Minnesota."

W. M. Hays, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., "Country Life."

Charles P. Craig, member State Fair Board of Managers, Duluth, "The Settlement of Northern Minnesota."

J. M. Underwood, President Minnesota State Agricultural Society, "The Fair."

Automobile Ride.

Frank Hovald

Frank Hovold, son of Mr and Mrs Frank Hovold who reside two miles southeast of the city, died Thursday, May 19. The deceased, a young man twenty one years old, was taken seriously ill while on his way to church Sunday morning, May 8. He was taken to the residence of Rev. Fr. Ambrose where he was cared for and given every possible attention but to no avail.

Funeral services were held at St. Mary's church, of which deceased was a member, Saturday morning, Rev. Fr. Ambrose officiating, and interment was at the church cemetery.

The condition of E. E. Baker, who was seriously injured a few weeks ago by being kicked in the face by a horse, continues to improve. For a time it was thought that Mr. Baker had lost the sight of one eye, but he is now able to distinguish light from dark and it is possible that the eye has not been permanently injured.

Automobile Convention.

The first annual meeting of the Northwestern Automobile Owners' association will be held at Grand Forks on Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, May 31, and June 1 and 2 and 3. Governor Burke, President McVey, of the University, President Worst of the Agricultural college, Minnesota State Roads Commissioner Cooley and other prominent speakers will address the convention on subjects of special interest to automobile owners. Machines cared for free of charge. Come to Grand Forks this spring on that tour you have been planning on and add profit to pleasure.

Mrs. Margaret Liffrig

Mrs. Margaret Liffrig passed away at 11 o'clock Thursday morning, May 19, at the home of her brother, J. N Nimesgern, after an illness of less than one week. Mrs. Liffrig had been living in Red Lake Falls less than a month. She came here from her former home at Mazeppa, Minn, to keep house for her brother. Deceased was fifty-two years old.

J. N. Nimesgern and his father, who had been making his home here since Mrs Liffrig came, took the remains to Mazeppa Friday evening and the funeral was held at that place.

A sister of the deceased, Mrs. Daskin of Wabasha, was also in attendance at the funeral.

HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETES WILL COMPETE

Meet of Red River Valley Association at Crookston on Saturday

Red Lake Falls High School Will be Represented by Small Team

Supt. L. V. Koos, and four high school boys, Robert Zaiser, Marcus Marshall, George Tandberg and Theodore Tandberg, will go to Crookston Saturday for the field meet of the Red River Valley Athletic association.

Red Lake's team is a small one and for that reason the boys will have to do some strenuous work to make a showing. One of the boys will participate in six events, one in five and each of the other two in four and in some of the events Red Lake Falls will not be represented at all. Even if they have a strenuous job before them, the boys expect to make a few points. With such a small team it is hardly possible that they will be near the top in the scoring.

BUILD STATE DITCHES

State Spending Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars in Red River Valley

Contracts entailing the expenditure of $365,000 for draining portions of the Red River Valley of Minnesota, and a district in Koochiching county, have been let by George A. Ralph, State Drainage Engineer, and the work will begin at once. Ditch 83, which includes the straightening and deepening of Thief River which runs in a southerly direction across Marshall County, will be constructed by two companies, the northern half being let to Forrestal and Peyen of Saint Paul, for $77,085.81, and the lower portion to D. B. Stevenson of Cleveland, O., for $72,649.14. The prices asked by the bidders ranged from 7.8 cents to 8.9 per cubic yard. Thief River, when straightened and deepened, will receive the water from a system which, with lateral branches and ditches already constructed, will cover 600 miles in length and drain 600,000 acres.

The ditch in the southeastern part of Kittson county near Karlstad will be 30 miles in length, and will be built by the Standard Drainage company of Windom, Minn, for $10,362.53. The ditch in Roseau county will be 125 miles in length, and will drain approximately 125,000 acres. Foley and Gleason of Aitkin, Minn., will construct it for $143,340. The ditch in Koochiching county near Big Falls, is 18 miles in length, will be built by the same firm for $30,089.50. Taxes will be levied on all properties, including state lands, to pay the cost.

Omer Hall, upon his return from the Great Northern agents' meeting Monday morning did not wish to leave the train when it reached Red Lake Falls, no doubt due to the fact that he is not familiar with the surroundings at the Great Northern depot. Members of the crew argued with him until the train was half way to St. Hilaire before they could persuade him that he ought to get off.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT EVENTS

Baccalaureate Sermon at Presbyterian Church Sunday Evening

Commencement Address by Sen. S. D. Works on Friday Evening, June 3.

Sixteen young people, members of the class of 1910, will graduate from the Red Lake Falls high school this year. The first of the commencement events, the presentation of the class play, is now high school history. The play was given twice before "capacity houses" and was enthusiastically received.

The baccalaureate sermon is to be delivered by Rev. Lewis T. Hughes. That event is to occur at the Presbyterian church Monday evening, May 29.

The commencement address is to be delivered by Senator S. D. Works of Mankato at the Bijou theatre Friday evening, June 3. Senator Works is one of the state's prominent men and has at various times been suggested as possible candidate for governor. His address will be worth hearing.

Following are the names of the young people who are members of the class of 1910:

Edo G. Lizee.
Raymond A. Linnihan.
Graham M. Kindseth.
Pearle F. Grey.
George O. Tandberg.
Isabel T. Helm.
Lydia E. Gerlach.
Beatrice E. Emard.
Lon F. Green.
Robert L. Zaiser.
Florence A. Hennemuth.
Laura B. Zaiser.
Lillian T. Brady.
Alice J. Columbus.
Carl T. Tandberg.
Alice M. Zaiser.

Here's to Dad!

I happened in a home the other day and over the parlor door saw a legend worked in red letters, "What is a Home Without a Mother." Across the room was another brief. "God Bless Our Home."

Now what's the matter with "God Bless Our Dad?" He gets up early, lights the fire, boils an egg, grabs his dinner pail and wipes off the dew of the lawn with his boots while many a mother is sleeping. He makes the weekly handout for the butcher, the grocer and the milkman and his little pile is badly worn before he has been home an hour. He stands off the bailiff and keeps the rent paid up.

If there is a noise during the night, dad is kicked in the back and made to go down stairs and kill the burglar. Mother darns the socks, but dad bought the socks in the first place, and the needles and the yarn afterwards. Mother does up the fruit; well, dad bought it all, and jars and sugar cost like the duce.

Dad buys chicken for the Sunday dinner, carves that himself, and draws the neck from the ruins after everyone else is served. "What is Home Without a Mother?" Yes, that is all right, but what is home without a father? Dad, here's to you. You've got your faults—you may have lots of them—but your all right.

When you want anything in the hardware line, trade at Mittwer's. If you are not dealing with us, let's get acquainted. We give you the most for your money; service and quality considered.—Mittwer's Hardware.

A Runaway.

The athletic performance scheduled as a base ball game between Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls Sunday afternoon, was more like a track meet or firemen's tournament, with Thief River doing most of the running, than like a ball game. Red Lake Falls got two scores; Thief River Falls more than a dozen. No one is responsible for the defeat. It was a contest to see which Red Lake player could give the pitcher the poorest support.

Red Lake Falls and Fosston will play at Fosston Sunday.

Horses, Horses, Horses.

I will be here on May 31st with 2 carloads of broken and unbroken horses. Now is your chance to buy good horses cheap.—Louis Sleff, owner.

Hoch Der Tet!

(With Apologies.)

Der Kaiser of dis Fatherland
Und Roosevelt oll dings command—
Vs two und Gott, you understand—
Myself—und Tet.

't used to be yust Gott und me,
But Tet he come to make it dree,
Und Gott don't count much latterly—
Yust me—und Tet.

Yust me und Tet mit power divine
To keep de rest of dem in line—
In bease nod var to give der sign—
Und sometimes—Gott.

Myself und Tet der same as peas—
Der same mit Gott, if you shall please—
Der same in wor der same in bease—
Myself—mit Tet.

Der eastern hemisphere for me—
For Tet the der ooe across der sea—
For Gott dor sky, ve vill agree—
Myself—und Tet.

A health to me—a health to Tet—
Und one for Gott alretty yet—
Vun Holy Trinity, yon bet—
Ve two—und Gott.

—St Louis Post-Dispatch.

COMMENCEMENT AT ST. JOSEPH'S SCHOOL

Ten Young People Will Graduate In the Class of 1910

Commencement Exercises are to be Held Monday Evening June 9.

Commencement exercises for St. Joseph's school are to be held Monday evening, June 9, at which time ten young people, members of the class of 1910, will graduate. An excellent program has been prepared for the occasion. The program will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

Following are the names of the members of the graduating class:

Maurice Brunelle.
Mose Latendresse.
Cora Normondeau.
Grace Jeffers.
Emma Hance.
Rose Lambert.
Regina Prudhomme.
Rosalie Lemieux.
Ernestine Gorceau.
Mary Baril.

BORCHERS AND MORIN

Fred Borchers and Fred Morin Are Incorporators of New Company

Fred Borchers and Fred Morin, who recently went to Missoula, Mont., to engage in the lumber business, have associated themselves with a Mr. Riberdy, owner of valuable timber lands and saw mill property, and the three have incorporated as the Riberdy Lumber company. The many friends in Red Lake Falls of Messrs. Borchers and Morin will wish them success in the new venture. The following from a Missoula paper tells of the organization of the new company:

Articles of incorporation of the Riberdy Lumber company were filed in the office of the county clerk yesterday. The Riberdy Lumber company has been in existence for some time, but is to be materially strengthened by the addition of two new men to the company. The men who have bought in with Mr. Riberdy are Fred Morin and Fred Borchers. Mr. Morin comes from Crookson, Minn., and has had much experience in the lumber business, as he was in full charge of the T. N. Robertson Lumber company's yards at that place. Mr. Borchers has had much experience in the lumber business and should prove of much value to the firm. The officers as named in the articles are: Mr. Riberdy, president; Fred Borchers, vice-president and treasurer; Fred Morin, secretary and general manager. The company is in readiness to handle all business transacted by lumber yards and should have a prosperous future.

We have a complete line of Holeproof Hosiery for men and women in all colors at 25c and 50c a pair. With every six pairs we give a guarantee bond that they will wear six months without need of darning. Unquestionably the best hose on the market. Try a pair and be convinced.—The Big Store.

GAME OF THE PUBLICITY AGENTS

They Hope to Reap Harvest Out of State Advertising Campaign

Wm. J. Bryan Talks About "Personal Liberty" and Other Things

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, May 24.—Word has gone out that there must be more talk of Conservation. The State capitol politicians are getting nervous about the publicity given the work it was hoped would be kept subrosa which is being done by trusty lieutenants under the direction of Brigadier General Reese. From various quarters the warning has been sent that altogether too much is made of the formation of Liberty leagues and kindred organizations, and that more trouble may be had than was anticipated in rounding up Eberhart delegates unless the attention of the voters is distracted in some way. The thing to do now, say the campaign managers, is for everybody to talk Conservation. The term is so delightfully vogue is one thing that recommends it. It can be made to mean anything as circumstances require. And really the fact that it isn't an issue at all is what recommends it most. Still there may be phases of it to which exception may be made and the governor appears to have stumbled on to one of them.

For Revenue Only.

There has for some years been here in St. Paul a bunch of so-called publicity agents who have long been itching for a chance to get a whack at the state treasury. Graduallly they find that all other sources of income are running dry. They have worked their graft on the railroads until the railroads found out it didn't pay. They fastened themselves like leeches on the municipality of St. Paul until they made even the politicians of the city hall tired. They have milked our commercial bodies dry. Even the brewers' organization refused to be held up any longer—no substantial results being forthcoming. At the first note of the conservation movement they had their eyes open to the opportunities it held for them and for months now they have made the funds accumulated by its projecters a source of revenue, and, I am told, have made serious inroads on the governor's contingent fund.

Holding Up the State.

However, these sources of profitable exploitation have been pretty well exhausted without in any appreciable degree satisfying an insatiate appetite for public plunder. Preparations are now under way to make a raid on the legislature under the specious pretense of advertising the state. Naturally a willing auxiliary is found in St. Paul's newspaper consolidation, which, wherever public printing is in sight, proves to be a remarkably close corporation, or as Bro. Paradis put it the other day in a communication addressed to the city council, "a 'come along' in a political hold-up."

Working the Governor.

The smooth confidence men to whom I have referred have, I learn from a circular which has recently been issued from the executive office, managed to enlist the governor in the good cause of finding them continued profitable occupation. They have so worked on the governor's feelings that he has promised to take the initiative and to exercise the influence of the executive office to secure a nice fat appropriation "to advertise the state." The appropriation once made the expert publicity agents can be depended upon to do the rest. Of course "advertising the state" sounds good to the country newspaper man, who up to date has done more to advertise the state than any and every other agency combined and will no doubt continue to do so. Indeed no one knows that better than the consolidated society of publicity sharks who for many months have been exploiting the country newspapers and cashing them in.

The Country Editor's Share.

And as to cashing them in: I understand there are in existence some bulging scrap books filled with this free advertising for which our city publicity agents claim credit and upon the evidence of which they in large part base their claims to payment for their services. The detailed account of what the country newspapers got out of it is, however, another matter. It is understood that in the appropriation made by the last legislature there was covered up some $50,000 for publicity purposes connected with the "conservation" movement and to "advertise the state." I wonder to what extent this appropriation has profited the country press, which is now expected to boost this movement for an appropriation the profits of which the publicity agents of St. Paul are getting in shape to absorb.

The Nebraska Oracle.

William Jennings Bryan may not always be right. Indeed there are not wanting those who allege that the greater part of the time he is wrong. But whether right or wrong he is always interesting. Moreover, he isn't afraid to say what he thinks. And he generally manages to have quite a decided opinion on every topic of current interest. It is not surprising therefore that just now he should think the time opportune to ventilate his views on county option. He chose Chicago of all places in the world from which to talk on this subject and, although the twin city dailies haven't seen fit to quote him for reasons which perhaps may be obvious, the Chicago papers gave him top of column next to reading matter.

Personal Liberty.

I understand that we have in this state an organization known as the Liberty League which opposes county option on the ground that it is an undue interference with the liberty of the individual. On this phase of the subject Mr. Bryan has something timely to say, and whether one agrees with him or not, one cannot but be impressed with the plausible arguments he makes.

Defines the Term.

"'Personal liberty' is a phrase which is used a great deal by those who oppose legislation on the liquor question," said Mr. Bryan. "It is time that we had a definition of 'personal liberty.' We are all opposed to any unnecessary restrictions upon personal liberty, and yet we are all in favor of such restrictions as are necessary. The question is, what is necessary? The individual surrenders a certain amount of his personal libetry when he enters society. He makes this surrender in return for the advantages derived from society. For instance, if a man is living on a desert he can ride his horse as fast as he pleases. But he cannot run his horse on a public highway. He cannot gratify his love for his horse racing at the risk of the lives of others. Every city fixes a speed limit. Even the liberty of the automobilist is restricted at times, and he is compelled to reduce the speed of his machine to a point that is considered safe. And so with the restriction upon the sale and use of liquor. No individual can claim the right to use liquor in such a way as to infringe upon the equal rights of other people. I would not favor legislation forbidding the use of liquor at any time or under any circumstances. I would consider this an unnecessary restriction upon the liberty of the individual, but I am in favor of such limitation as may seem necessary for the protection of society."

The Liquor Business.

Mr. Bryan then goes on to talk of the liquor business itself on which he holds decidedly radical views. "The saloon differs from all other business in that no one regards it as a blessing," he says "it is not defended as a good thing. It is not an educational center.

"It is not an economic or moral asset to a community. It is a nuisance, and only tolerated when it is believed to be necessary. It cannot be defended at all if the community does not want it. No one would be willing to stand sponsor for the doctrine that a saloon ought to be forced into a town against the wishes of the people of the town. But the right of the people of the community to protest is so well recognized and so firmly established that I need not discuss the matter."

The Unit.

He then proceeds to argue for local option. "There is a good deal of discussion at this time," he said, "over the unit." That is, as to whether the power to regulate the liquor traffic shall be vested in the town, in the precinct, in the county, in the state, or in the nation. I hold that every unit ought to have authority to act on this subject, except as it is restrained by a larger unit. That is, that the block, the ward, the city, the precinct, the county, the state and the nation should have the undisputed right to exclude the sale of liquor within its limits or to fix such restrictions upon the sale of liquor as the people of the unit may deem necessary for their protection and welfare. I believe, also, that the larger unit has a right to control the smaller one on this, as on other subjects."

Where Bryan Falls Down.

The weak point in Mr. Bryan's argument, and it seems to me a fatal one from the Democratic point of view, is where he says that "the larger unit has the right to control the smaller one." That is certainly not good Democratic doctrine. The word "control" anyway, as applied to an independent community does not sit well on the Democratic stomach. It means the centralization of power. It is the reverse of the Jeffersonian idea that a government governs best which governs least. Even if a majority of the people of the nation assumed authority to govern New York from Washington that would make it none the less an act of tyranny to deprive the citizens of that municipality of the right to manage their own local affairs. The closer the government is to the people the more righteous it is, the freer it is, and the more Democratic it is.

Anxious Inquirers.

Republicans are just now unnecessarily exercised about who will be the Democratic candidate for governor. First they have definitely retired John Lind. Now they are busy pulling Mr. Hammond out of the race. Well, the Democratic voters haven't yet delegated their powers to the politicians of the state capitol, to the slatemakers of the metropolitan press, or to that mainspring of the Republican inspiration which has its headquarters in the German American Bank Building and even whose activities Der Reese presides with some assistance from those high up. One of these days they will say whom they want; and whether it is John Lind, Mr. Hammond or another, whatever personal sacrifice is necessary will be made. It is not the fashion of loyal Democrats to hang back when the people issue the call to service.

Orders From Headquarters.

A demand is made from the northeastern part of the state that Mr. Simth, the Eveleth banker, be nominated for state treasurer. The machine isn't in a position to close its ears to orders from that quarter. Indeed it has been quite openly intimated that if it does the county option people wouldn't hesitate to accept delegates even from St. Louis county. It has been in the air for some time that the Steel Trust politicians are not quite satisfied that their interests lie in cooperating with the politicians of the liquor interests who are dictating the Eberhart campaign and have in charge the framing of the slate.

Political Pilgrims

It was noted that during the past week quite a pilgrimage of politicians from the northern part of the state to St. Paul and their friends from other sections found it convenient to be here at the same time, among others Speaker Rockne who would like a seat in the State Senate and John Dalzell who was the floor leader in the House and who is not yet ready to abandon his political activities.

An Appeal For Help

It is understood that within the past week an urgent and pathetic appeal has been made from Washington to the local leaders to stand by the administration which is in sore straits. Privately assurance has, I learn, been sent in reply that there will be no occasion for complaint of the action of the state convention. The leaders have assured their correspondents that insurgency is on the decline in the state and that such an organization has been affected at the county seats as will result in delegates coming to St. Paul who can be relied upon to stand here they are hitched.

—PAUL PRY.

STATE LAND SALE WELL ATTENDED

State Auditor Iverson Sold About Three Thousand Acres Saturday

Little Good State Land Left Unsold In Red Lake County

The state land sale conducted by Samuel G. Iverson, state auditor, in Red Lake Falls last Saturday was well attended and practically all of the land of value that was offered for sale was purchased. Frank Enderle purchased four 40 acre tracts, Edwin Jacobson 1, Peter S. Medchill 2, John Olson 1, Brede M. Thoreson 2, John A. Duffy 1, Nels E. Johnson 4, Edna V. Nelson 5, Benj. C. Wasser 2, Nellie E. Gaass 6 and 2 lots, John W. Benson 4, Geo. R. Foot 4, Celeste E. Helson 1, Mrs. Harriet Nelson 4, Frank Jeffers 4, Ida Swanson 8, Margaret Rose 4, Charles Poirier 1, Wm. H. Smith 2, Philip Desantells 2, Chas. Hallas 4, J. Pleth 6.

About three thousand acres were sold. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest to June 1, 1910, paid into the county treasury at the time of sale, amounted to $5154.95.

PASTURE, Want 150 head cattle or horses or both, in large pasture, good grass, good water. Apply to Wm. Purath or P. B. Gaass. m26

Some Alcohol Questions

Is alcohol a tonic? No! Does it make the blood pure? No! Does it strengthen the nerves? No! Is Ayer's Sarsaparilla a tonic? Yes! Does it make the blood pure? Yes! Does it strengthen the nerves? Yes! Is it the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol? Yes! Ask your doctor about this non-alcoholic medicine. If he approves, your confidence will be complete. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Dull boys! Dull girls! Dull men! Dull women! Heavy-headed! Downhearted! All very often due to constipation! Yet the cure is so easy—Ayer's Pills. Ask your doctor.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] KING C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The comet was like the average political prediction. It didn't come up to the plans and specifications.

It is about time for Resolution Grimshaw to retire to his library and prepare for the Republican state convention.

"On to Crookston" should be the rallying cry of every person interested in the development of northern Minnesota.

Dr. Halley and Dr. Cook seem to be twigs of the same family tree. Both are short of results and convincing affidavits.

A convincing indication of the approach of an election is Jim Tawney's sudden interest in a tariff commission. Jim needs a few reasons.

It now takes two dollars to buy a hat one dollar used to buy. The Winona Independent is mean enough to suggest that the difference between this and "a fifty cent dollar" is more real than apparent.

The comet failed to carry out its advertised plan of action, and this may be accounted for, according to the Duluth Herald, on the assumptiotn that it is in some way related to the Republican party.

The Republican voters of Ohio must be a benighted lot. At the recent primary they endorsed Senator Dick for re-election. But at the general election this fall he will probably be found in the scrap heap along with Foraker, Taggart, Aldrich and Cannon.

Attorney General Wickersham talks of coming to Minnesota to make a campaign speech this fall. The Democrats will welcome his assistance, and would be glad to have him bring along Mr. Ballinger.

An Ohio woman murdered her husband because he abused her. If this spirit of independence and retaliation is permitted to continue poor man will soon be deprived of all his rights and privileges.

Uncle Joe doesn't tell us whther he intends to hang the insurgents singly, in groups or all in a bunch. We suggest the latter. It will get the job over with promptly, and besides give the common people a chonch to enjoy a Roman holiday.

"Intensive cultivation," so called, has reached its highest state of perfection in the market gardens lying about Paris, where land rent runs to $250 an acre per year, and four crops are taken from the soil between February and November, and on the Island of Guernsey, in the English Channel, where farming land is valued at $1,200 an acre—two instances that move all writers upon agricultural topics to wondering awe, and yet in the near vicinity of Boston, gardeners growing lettuce, radishes and cucumbers under glass are clearing $3,000 to $4,000 an acre a year, without attracting more than passing notice.

The Hutchinson Leader wonders if it is appreciated that the increased cost of living affects newspapers. In three years the number of newspapers in Minnesota has decreased over 100. One sixth of the newspapers in Minnesota have gone out of existance in three years because they could not make a living. During the past few years newspapers have found their payrolls increasing from fifty to one hundred per cent, while prices charged for advertising, job work and subscriptions have remained practically the same. Prices should be advanced at least one-third to yield the paper as much profit as it made ten years ago on a given amount of business. Instead of doing this the weaker papers have been permitted to die.

Special Fares
TO
Portland, Puget Sound and Pacific Coast Points
via

The Scenic Highway NORTHERN PACIFIC YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE *Through the Land of Fortune*

For the Annual Rose Festival
Portland, June 6-11, 1910

$50 for the round trip, return limit 3 months. Tickets on sale May 28 to June 3, inclusive. To Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Vancouver, Victoria and many other Pacific Northwest points. Regular Summer Tourist Fares effective June 1 to Sept. 30. $60 for the round trip, return limit October 31.

Several through electric-lighted trains daily. Drawing-room Sleeping cars, leather upholstered Tourist Sleeping cars and comfortable coaches. Dining Cars a la carte for all meals—cuisine famously good. Write to A. M. CLELAND, General Passenger Agent, ST. PAUL, for dainty illustrated book about the Rose Festival free. For information, call on

A. C. Cowles, Agent, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Yellowstone National Park Season, June 15 to Sept. 15, 1810

Stop off at Spokane also, and see Hayden Lake.

AT THE BALL GA AE

or at any gath- ring where
men do cong- regate, you
can pick out a suit made
by us with- out difficulty.
There is no Prince Albert,
cut-away, walking, frock
or double breasted frock
that bear s the stamp of
style like those made by

L. E. ERICSON,
The Tailor, R d Lake Falls, Minn.

The following will be appreciated by those who are candidates for office and others who are not. The Little Falls Transcript says the practice of soliciting advertising on benefit programs or asking for money for church purposes from political candidates is openly condemned by two societies of a Merriam Park, St. Paul, Congregational church. One society is led by Mrs. Russell R. Dorr and the other, the Brotherhood Bible class, by J. H. Anderson. These societies denounce the practice as "graft" pure and simple though perhaps indicative not so much of "sin of the heart as an error of judgement." A part of the resolutions adopted by the societies is as follows:

"We believe that to solicit money or advertising or to attempt to sell tickets for church purposes among men who are candidates for office simply as an advertisement for the church, tends to bring discredit and adverse criticism upon the church."

This talk of uniting the Republican factions of Minnesota by declaring for a tariff commission and dodging the real issue of the tariff reform would be laughable were it not so serious. The people of Minnesota are divided in two camps—the standpatters and the reformers. Oil and water does not mix, and it does not seem possible to bring the warring factions together by unanimous dslaration that means nothing and cannot satisfy either part of the controversy. Along this line the Hibbing Ore says: "The Republican party has an elephant on its hands and any attempt to whip the Minnesota Republicans into line for Toft or his administration policies will be the disaster of the party. The idea of 'endorsing' Taft is the merest political huncombe and yellowdogism, but is the policy of the big spoilsmen who aim to retain control of the nation by yelling partyism to those who still believe that the party, like the king of old, can do no wrong. If the Minnesota Republicans endorse Tatf, the Ore hopes they will be honest enough to endorse his tariff law, and his other administration measures, and if the tariff law is condemned likewise. Political quibbling will not go with thinking voters of Minnesota, and it is a state of political thinkers."

DOCTORS DISAGREE.

W. S. Hammond is not entitled to re-election because he voted in opposition to a tariff commission.—Minneapolis Journal.

Talking of uniting standpatters and insurgents in a tariff commission compromise is the same childish drivel by which popular demand for tariff revision has been thwarted several times before. A tariff commission can be useful only to determine cost of production and show congress how to adjust duties to it. That we have already. What we want is a congress that will do the work.—Minneapolis Tribune.

THE TARIFF BUNCO.

The Minneapolis Tribune would like to support the Republican party, but it can't. It would like to defend the Payne-Aldrich tariff monstrosity, but it can't find a redeeming feature about it. If the reader wants to know why Taft, Tawney, Aldrich, Cannon and the standpatters generally are unpopular, let them read the Tribune's excoriation of the tariff dose these eminent buccaneers forced down the throats of the American people:

"The best any defender of the present bunco tariff can say for it is that it is better than the old law. The president damned it with the faint praise of the best tariff the Republican party ever made, as if it had not been the trade of the Republican party for thirty years to make the worst tariff the voters would put up with.

"Now Judge Simth, the one Iowan standpatter whose seat in congress is slipping away from him, says that defeat of the bunco tariff would have perpetuated the Dingley law. We sincerely hope that Reresentative Tawney, whose return in congress on higher grounds than the one slip he couldn't help is highly desirable, will make a more tenable position than that.

"It is not admitted that the present tariff is better than the Dingley tariff. If it is, the president has made it so by defeating the purpose of the servants of privelege with the treaty making power and the tariff commission. The question is not whether it is better or worse, but whether it carries out the pledge of the Republican platform to reduce duties to the differences between domestic and foreign cost of production.

"The best evidence that it does not is the serried array of all servants of privelege against any honest attempt to find out what this difference is. Besides the Dingley law could not have been perpetuated beyond one election. The framers of the tariff serve notice on us that we must grin and bear it for ten years more."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Albert Lea Standard: Some farmers and consumers as well seem to think the middleman has a tendency to crowd over upon both sides.

Milaca Times: Judging by what the new Socialist mayor and council of Milwaukee are doing, Socialism could be defined as doing the things that the old political parties pramise to do but never put into practice.

Red Wing Free Press: Will the Republican state convention endorse the Taft-Payne-Aldrich bill? If it does, it will receive the condemnation of the people of Minnesota. If it does not, it will be condemned by the federal administration and its cohorts. In either case it will mean defeat for the Republican party in Minnesota. And there you are.

THIN MILK

How can the baby grow strong if the nursing mother is pale and delicate?

Scott's Emulsion

makes the mother strong and well; increases and enriches the baby's food. All Druggists

Warren Register: Even if a Democratic member of the Illinois legislature did get $1000 for voting for Boss Lorimer, that is no argument against the prevailing method of electing United States senators. It would be just as reasonable to say that the election of Stephenson in Wisconsin or of Clarke in Motana (his second election) is an argument against the election of senators by popular vote.

Little Falls Herald: Puzzle and conundrum experts are invited to send in samples of a tariff plank for the Minnesota state Republican convention. It must be suitalbe to Tawney, who voted one way and to Taft, who signed what Tawney voted for, and it must also suit the two senators and eight congressmen who voted the other way. One or the other side is right. Will the state convention have the courage to say which?

Wabasha Herald: If anyone wants to buy property at reasonable figures we would advise them to follow up the assessors as the assessors can get more reasonable figures on property than any other individual we know of.

Winona Independent: A voodoo doctor at Port au Prince, Hayti, has been selling oodles of "comet pills," calculated to protect his black friends from any dangers consequent upon the visitation of the comet today. A pill every hour until the comet begins to recede from our neighborhood is recommended. Now, why didn't some smart medicine man in the United States think of that.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: The near-great man imagines he is the real thing.

Some men are proud of their ability to tell a lie that passes for the truth.

When it comes to an argument a woman gives in only when she gives out.

Most people imagine they would rather be miserably rich than comfortably poor.

Don't fool away your time telling a man he's a liar. If he is he knows it.

We may know a good thing when we see it, but nine times out of ten the other fellow beats him to it.

A woman never cries for the purpose of making herself feel better. She turns on the briny flow for the purpose of making some man feel worse.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Some people ask you to do them a favor as if they were doing it to you.

One good thing about a boy's going through college is that it never has to happen but once.

Even a man who drinks nothing at a public dinner can be fool enough to make a speech there.

The reason a girl can fall in love so quick is she's trying to beat all the other girls doing it.

A man always thinks his brain would be more appreciated by people if the climate agreed with him better.

Plans and Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County, will meet at the office of the town clerk at 1:00 o'clock p. m. on Friday, the third day of June, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 20 foot steel beam bridge agreeable to the specificatione hereto annexed.

Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the date on which it was computed and showing also the areas of material proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DISCRIPTION.

The bridge will be a steel girder bridge consisting of 1 span and will have a roadway of 18 feet clear width.

The distance from grade to bed of stream is 10 feet. The floor will be of reinforced concrete, with concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing, piling to be 16 to 18 feet long, backing to be 8 feet high.

SPECIFICATION FOR FLOOR SYSTEM:

For floor system of roadway either a concentrated load of 16 tons on 2 axles 10' centers, ¾ of load on rear axle and ¼ on front axle, wheels 10' gauge, each wheel load considered as carried by two joist when joist are 2' 8" or less center to center; or 100 pounds per square foot of surface.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the tenth day of June A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this fifth day of May, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Reiner, Star, Goodridge and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the South-east corner of Section thirty-two (32) Township One Hundred fifty-four (154) Range thirty-nine (39) running thence due west on the Town Line between Townships One Hundred Fifty-three (153) and One Hundred Fifty-four (154) a distance of seven (7) miles and terminating at the Southwest corner of Section thirty-two (32) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) range forty (40) into Branch No. 1 of County Ditch No. 39 as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed and establish such Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated April 18th, 1910.
Ole T. Bratland
Alnia Srnaky
Ole O. Johnagaard
Edwin Hanson
Joseph Stangei
Joseph V. Hoffman
Albert Truke
Anton Fort
Emrick K. Rime
Ole Geving

—Petitioners.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 10th day of June, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 10th day of May, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.
(Seal) By Joseph Perrault, Deputy

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be effected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Silverton and Smiley in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of Section ten -10- in Township one hundred fifty-four -154- range forty-two -42-, Town of Silverton, Red Lake county, Minnesota, running thence due south on the section line between Sections fifteen -15- and sixteen -16- in said town, and between Sections twenty-one -21- and twenty-two -22-, and between Sections twenty-seven -27- and twenty-eight -28-, and between Sections thirty-three -33- and thirty four -34-, to the town line between Towns of Silverton and Smiley, continuing thence due south on the section line between Sections three -3- and four -4-, in Township one hundred fifty three -153- range, forty-two -42- Town of Smiley, and between Sections nine -9- and ten -10- in said town last named, to a point where the said section line intersects the Red Lake river and terminating in the said Red Lake river as its outlet.

A description of Branch ditch No. 1, commencing at the northwest corner of Section two -2- in Township one hundred fifty-three -153- range forty-two -42- Smiley township, running thence due south on the section line between said Section two -2- and Section three -3- to the southwest corner of said Section two -2-, running thence due west on the section line between Section three -3- and ten -10- and terminating into the main ditch as herein petitioned for at the southwest corner of Section three -3- as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such public ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230-, of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated May 5th, 1910.
Sam S. Huseby.
Fred Burdick.
Peter Schindler.
Halvor H. Hjelden.
Hans G. Skogstad.
Ole Humme.
Nils Buringrud.
Andru Breznay.
Sam Johnson.
Chas. Fisher.
Carl Beiswinger.
C. H. Helland,
Krist Larson.
Petitioners. m12-26

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Ovide Moreau

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ovide Moreau, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Albert Moreau, Ovide Moreau, Arthur Moreau and Rose Moreau and Frezildie Moreau and all other persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Frezildie Moreau having been filed in this court, representing that Ovide Moreau, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 25th. day of September 1908, and praying that letters of administration of said estate be granted to Theo. Gerceau; and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition: Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 6th. day of May 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

Court Seal
F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. 12-m26

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Astred Homme Hegland.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Astred Homme Hegland, Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to Gunder B. Hegland and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The Representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this sixth day of May, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON
Probate Judge.

Court Seal
Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Petitioner. 12-m26

S.S.S. CURES OLD BLOOD TROUBLES

Contagious Blood Poison is at the bottom of a great many old blood troubles. The disease may have been contracted years ago and some treatment used that removed the outward symptoms and shut the virus up in the system to slumber in the blood, but it only awaited a favorable opportunity to break out in some form again.

Certain forms of catarrhal troubles, especially where the bones are affected, scrofulous affections, non-healing sores, ulcerated membranes, etc., are due to this specific poison. Perhaps many who are afflicted in this way are ignorant of the fact that the seeds of this mighty poison are still hidden in the blood. Like the deadly serpent, which is dangerous as long as the faintest spark of life is left to enable it to sink its poisonous fangs, this powerful disease will corrupt and defile while the least particle of its insidious virus remains in the blood.

The best time to get rid of Contagious Blood Poison is when the disease is first contracted, and before its virus so penetrates the blood as to cause ulcerated mouth and throat, copper-colored spots, falling hair, etc. Then of course the victim is saved much humiliation and suffering; but even after the poison has become established in the system it can be removed and a cure effected if the blood be thoroughly purified with S. S. S.

S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers. It possesses penetrating powers that enable it to go down into the blood, and remove the last trace of blood poison. It cures all blood troubles simply and solely because it removes the cause from the circulation. Not only does S. S. S. cure cure Contagious Blood Poison when first contracted, but reaches it in any of its stages, even where the trouble has been inherited. S. S. S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and does not contain the slightest trace of mineral in any form. You can get rid of your old blood trouble if you will take S. S. S. and allow it to purify the blood. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

A PERFECT CURE.

Some eight years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. I was covered with sores and ulcers from head to foot. No language can express my feelings of woe during these long years. I was advised by friends who had seen wonderful cures made by it, to try S.S.S. We got some and I improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy which reaches desperate cases of old blood troubles.

MRS. T. W. LEE.
Isle of of Hope, Savannah, Ga.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pure, Sweet and Wholesome

"IT'S ALL THE WHEAT THAT'S FIT TO EAT"

MASCOT

A PURE FLOUR

Always Uniform Absolutely Pure

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers. ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year. ● Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking. Summer School Now Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins Fargo, N. D.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry
EXCURSION BULLETIN

May 30—Decoration Day. Fare and one-third between all stations.

June 1 to Sept. 30—Summer Tourist Fares to Eastern Canada, New York and New England.

June 3 to July 30—Every Friday. Low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 7-15-22—Annual Spring Excursions to Cheboygan, Alpena, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo. Usual low fares.

July 11-17—Elks National Convention, Detroit, Mich.

Watch for announcement of other excursions.

For particulars apply to

A. J. Perrin, General Agent,
Duluth, Minnesota

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places: Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested wil stop at places between the rivers.—Victor Delage, Owner.

One Best Bank

We refer, of course, to this one, and knowing the superior facilities we have to offer, we unhesitatingly make the statement that every man, woman and child in this community who has anything to do with money should have an account with us. Certainly a modest statement, you say, and we agree with you because we know of no legitimate argument against it. Let us analyze a little and see where we are. No better set of officers and directors could be assembled than are in charge of this bank's affairs. All men of highest standing, all financially responsible, all men whose word and bond possess equal value. Nothing that could be offered you in any financial institution in America is lacking here, because dollar for dollar no bank anywhere is any safer than ours. We solicit business on our merit and large capital and surplus, and can offer you value received every time. If you have not already done so we ask you to establish relations with this bank now and we are very sure that they will be long continued.

First State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

Royal Baking Powder improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food
ROYAL

Absolutely Pure...

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

LYLE
CULVERTS
MADE FROM
AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES
ARE
RUST PROOF
GET THE GENUINE CATALOGUE FREE
LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
MINNEAPOLIS MINN

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality. T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the County Board at the office of the County Auditor of said County, in the City of Red Lake Falls, on the 10th day of June A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 7th day of May, 1910.

County Auditor's Seal } A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Deer Park and High Landing in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing eighty -80- rods south of the southwest corner of Section four -4- in township one hundred fifty-two -152- north of Range forty -40- west running thence north on the section line between Sections eight -8- and nine -9-, and between Sections four -4- and five -5- in said town to the town line between Townships one hundred fifty-two -152- and one hundred fifty-three -153-, thence due west on the said town line to the southwest corner of Section thirty-three -33- in Township one hundred fifty-three -153- Range forty -40-, thence due north on the section line between said Sections thirty-three -33- and thirty-two -32-, and between Sections twenty-eight -28- and twenty-nine -29- to about the quarter line between said sections, thence in a northwesterly direction following a natural water course, or coulee, to the Red Lake river and there terminating.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing at the southeast corner of the southwest quarter SW¼ of Section twenty-eight -28- in Township one hundred fifty-three -153 Range forty -40- thence due west on the section line between sections twenty-eight -28- and thirty-three -33- and terminating at the southwest corner of said section twenty-eight -28- into the main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230-, of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 23, 1910.
Ole Skreland.
C. O. Swanson.
M. E. Hyland.
Tobias Olson.
Knut Olson.
Petitioners.
m12 m26

Know What Clothes Science Means

RATHER a technical term to use for Clothes, but when you learn its true meaning, you will see how it describes Clothcraft Clothes.

The makers have invented 207 different appliances that reduce the cost of production to a minimum. So you can now get Clothcraft Clothes at a third less than other clothes of equal high grade. That is Scientific Tailoring. It means economy and satisfaction for you.

We make a special feature of Clothcraft Clothes. They are guaranteed pure wool and will hold their style and shape until their last day.

CLOTHCRAFT
All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

This is your invitation to come in and see our great gathering of Clothcraft Clothes.

The Big Store, Theo LaBissoniere
Proprietor

Only Gloved Hands Pick "Sunkist" Oranges

SUNKIST ORANGES

We use great care in picking the famous "SUNKIST" ORANGES. Each "SUNKIST" ORANGE is picked from the tree and packed in the box by a gloved hand. No orange that falls to the ground is packed under the "SUNKIST" label.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

We grow 60% of all the California oranges. Three-fourths of all the lemons. Most of them are sold in bulk, but the choicest selections of this great quantity are wrapped in the "SUNKIST" label, so that if you would be sure that you get the choicest pick, insist upon the "SUNKIST."

Beautiful Orange Spoon FREE

Some dealers may claim the oranges they sell are the famous "SUNKIST," but that they have removed the wrapper. Insist on your dealer giving you oranges and lemons in the "SUNKIST" wrapper. If you do this we will give you a beautiful orange spoon—one of Rogers' best standard AA quality. Just send us twelve "SUNKIST" orange or lemon wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay postage, packing, etc., and receive one of these beautiful spoons by return mail.

The choicest quality of lemons also go under the "SUNKIST" label. You can easily secure a whole dozen of these beautiful orange spoons. Get a dozen "SUNKIST" oranges or lemons today.

SUNKIST LEMONS

Send to California Fruit Growers' Exchange
(3) 34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb., 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Torni A. Momrak of Plummer, Minnesota, who, on Dec. 20, 1904, made H. E. No. 23914 serial No. 01772, for NW¼ SW¼ Section 13, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., fifth principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 10th day of June 1910.

Ole Anderson, Hjalmer H. Fredrickson, Sjur M. Harbaten, Aslak A. Momrak, all of Plummer, Minnesota.

a25je9 ARTHUR P. TOUPIN, Register.

Summons.

State of Minnesota } SS
County of Red Lake }
District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

Bert Butler, Plaintiff
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. Heilstedt, Theresa Heilstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendents.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendents:

YOU, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State aforesaid, within twenty days after the service of said summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

State of Minnesota, } SS
County of Red Lake }
District Court.
Fourteenth Judicial District.

Bert Butler, Plaintiff
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. Heilstedt, Theresa Heilstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this Court by the above named Plaintiff against the above named Defendents the object purpose and design of which is to foreclose by action and secure a sale of the premises hereinafter described in such proceedings, that certain Mortgage bearing date the 7th day of November, 1906, duly made and executed by Anton Gerster and Elizabeth Gerster, his wife, as Mortgagors, unto the above named Plaintiff as Mortgagee, and which said Mortgage was duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M. and duly recorded therein in Book "11" of Mortgages on page 156.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and are described as follows:

The West one half (W½) of Section twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty Two (152) North: Range Forty-five (45) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 320 acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey.

Dated May 13, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Office of Register of Deeds,
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within Instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of May A. D. 1910, at 4:20 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 331.

FRANK JEFFERS
Register of Deeds
je23 By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902, at 5 o'clock and ten minutes p. m., in book 19 of mortgages on page 310 thereof, that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $246.80; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises $2.50; that the amount claimed and hereby declared to be due on said mortgage at this date including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract is one thousand nine hundred thirty-two and 86-100 dollars ($1932.86); that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northwest quarter and north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred fifty-one (151) north of range forty-one [41] west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.
EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, Mortgagee.
B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee, m5-je16
Slayton, Minn.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county in the city of Red Lake Falls on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 7th day of May, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the Public Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a Public Ditch along the following described route in the Town of Deer Park in said county of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Description of Main Ditch:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter -SW¼- of Section five -5- in Township one hundred fifty-two -152- north of Range forty -40- west, Deer Park Township, running thence due south on the section line between Sections five -5- and six -6-, and between Sections seven -7- and eight -8-, and between Sections seventeen -17- and eighteen -18-, and between nineteen -19- and twenty -20-, and between twenty-nine -29- and thirty -30-, and between thirty-one -31- and thirty-two -32-, all in said town and range and terminating in the Clearwater river as its outlet where the said section line intersects the said river.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing eighty -80- rods west of the northeast corner of Section fifteen -15- in Township one hundred fifty-two -152- Range forty -40-, running thence west on the section line between Sections ten -10- and fifteen -15-, and between Sections nine -9- and sixteen -16-, and between Sections eight -8- and seventeen -17- and terminating at the northwest corner of said Section seventeen -17- into the main ditch as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 2, commencing at the northwest corner of Section eighteen -18- in Township one hundred fifty-two -152- Range forty -40-, running thence east on the section line between said Section eighteen -18- and seven -7- in said town and range and terminating at the northeast corner of said Section eighteen -18- into the main ditch as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such Public Ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230- of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated March 23rd, 1910.
John Polbrook.
M. E. Hyland.
Mike Kolski.
Gunder T. Anderson.
Amund Mandt.
Peder E. Rensla.
Pete Gustafson.
Ole T. Lande.
Torkel T. Lande.
George Singer.
Edward Sloger.
Knut E. Syversrud.
Petitioners. m12-26

LAMBERT.

Isaac Fournier called on Zelia Boucher Sunday.

William Langlois took a load of cheese to McIntosh Saturday.

George Charast spent Sunday afternoon at Joe Bergeron's place.

Mrs. Simon Boucher died at her home last Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, after a week's illness.

Misses Eugenia Borgeron and Edna Swanson spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Zelia Boucher.

F. Fournier from Terrebonne attended the funeral of Mrs. Simon Boucher.

Rev. Father Roy returned from St. Paul Saturday.

Mr. Joe Bergeron from Argyle attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. S. Boucher.

Mr. A. Bachrand and Joe Bergeron drove to McIntosh Friday.

Mrs. A. Pernsse from Red Lake Falls is visiting out here this week.

Simon Boucher is to leave for Ayglo to stay with his bother-in-law for a few weeks.

The ball game between Bucktown and Lambert was well attended Sunday afternoon.

Miss Mary Hince called on Laura Gibeau Sunday afternoon.

Armidas Lambert made a business trip to Red Lake Falls Friday.

TERREBONNE.

A. Lacombe and wife from Bemidji were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Gaudet the first part of the week.

Our priest has announced for next Sunday, being the feast of Corpus Christi, a procession and depository for the blessed sacrament.

Rev. Fr. Vellieux has returned from East Grand Forks, where he had been to assist with the forty hours devotion, and from St. Paul where he had been to attend the consecration of the six bishops.

Jos. Laurent of Crookston was visiting here last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Laurent have gone to Crookston. Mrs. Laurent is going to be operated upon at St. Vincent's hospital.

Quite a few young men drove to Red Lake Falls last Sunday to witness the base ball game.

Plans and Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned, Board of Supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake county, will meet at the office of the Town Clerk at 1:00 o'clock on Friday, the 3rd day of June, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 35-foot steel beam bridge, agreeable to the specifications hereto annexed.

Parties tendering, must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the date on which it was computed and showing also the areas of materials proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present at the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DISCRIPTION.

The bridge will be a steel girder bridge, consisting of 1 span and will have a roadway, 18 foot clear width. The distance from grade to bed of stream is 12 feet.

The floor will be reinforced concrete with concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing, piling to be from 18 to 20 feet long, concrete backing to be 10 feet high.

Contractors are requested to submit plans and bids for a pony truss of the same capacity, so that the Board may take their choice between it and the 35 foot girder bridge, herein mentioned.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids are invited for the plumbing and heating of the court house now being constructed for Red Lake county at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications as prepared by Fremont D. Orff, architect, and now on file in the office of the county auditor of said county. Plans and specifications can also be seen at the office of the architect, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

The board of county commissioners of said county will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of June, A. D., 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted and to let the contract for said plumbing and heating. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of said meeting. A certified check for ten per cent of the amount bid payable to the county auditor, must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., May 17th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal) m19-je2

Bids Wanted.

Wylie, Minn, May 14, 1910.

Sealed bids will be received until Saturday, June 11, 1910, for the erection of a frame school house in District No. 69, Red Lake County. Building is to be 20x36, 10 foot posts. Contract is to be let for work of construction of building only as material is to be furnished and foundation construction by the district. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the clerk with whom the bids are to be filed.

C. A. LINDQUIST
Clerk.
m10-je2

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

BROOKS.

Miss Rose Beougois is at home now. She s quite well now since being treated by the doctors at Crookston.

N. Robidoux passed through town last week with a new manure spreader.

Jos. Helm and son Oscar of Red Lake Falls were at N. Robidoux's last week.

David Hickox has the prettiest automobile that ever came to Brooks.

Miss Rose Lambert was ill last week with rheumatism.

Miss Reedy attended mass in Brooks Sunday.

Joseph Helm and sons were in Brooks and Lambert Sunday.

Mrs. A. Morean was at Erskine for a visit.

Fred Cyr is visiting with his brother, Henry Cyr.

Mrs. D. Hickox is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Judd Asplin.

J. Corbeil and Miss Rose Beourgois were at Lambert.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Laniel, May 22, a boy.

Miss Edna Coleman visited with friends at Red Lake Falls from Saturday until Sunday night.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } SS
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of R. M. Johnson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 45.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a Petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 45.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—

The said ditch is located wholly within the Township one hundred fifty-three (153), Range forty-one (41); commencing at a point four hundred (400) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between Sections nine (9) and ten (10), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between Sections nine (9) and ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), and Sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) to the Red Lake river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet, as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

John Watson, Carl Hatlin, Ane Omundson, Albert M. Cunningham, Nels Berg, Daniel Anderson, Tobias Eldum, Gulbrand Rolfson, Lars Brenden, Earnest L. Quist, Ole T. Gullingsrud, Sam Knutson, Joseph Kilen, Swan J. Gjerwold, Erik O. Gullingsrud, Hans Jorstad, Ole Olson Roisland, David Ross, Rasmus Martin Johnson, Carl Jensen, Knut K. Austin, the Township of Kratka, the State of Minnesota and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

m26-je9 A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
[Seal] Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } SS
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of Christian O. Nygaard and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 44.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 44. A description of said ditch and the land over and through which it passes is as follows.

The said ditch is located within the townships one hundred fifty three (153) and One hundred fifty four (154) Range forty one (41). Commencing at a point two (2) rods west and twenty (20) feet north of the southeast corner of section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred fifty-four (154) Range forty-one (41) thence running due west along the south side of section thirty-four (34), thirty three (33) and section thirty two (32) of aforesaid township and range and north of section three (3) four -4- and five -5- township one hundred fifty three -153- to a point twenty -20 feet north and twenty feet east of the south west corner of section thirty-two -32- Township one hundred fifty four -154-, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty feet east of the section line between sections five -5- and six -6-, seven -7- and eight -8- and sections seventeen and eighteen -18- to the Red Lake River where the said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Branch of Ditch Number 44.

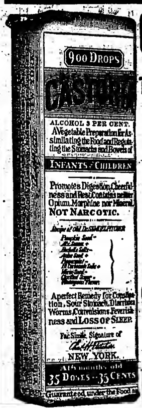
A description of said branch and the land over and through which it passes is as follows.

The said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-four -154- Range forty one -41-. Commencing at a point twenty -20- feet east of the northwest corner of section twenty -20- thence running due south parallel with and twenty -20- feet east of the section line between sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20) twenty nine (29) and thirty (30) and sections thirty one (31) and thirty two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirty two (32) where said branch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 44 as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Frank Kratchovil, Andrew John Anderson, Andrew Sanders, Andrew Rickson, Kjartan Svenagaard, Charles Rodthe, Andrew R Larson, Joseph Ptecek, Sigvart A. Rustad, Joseph Hruby, Andy C Hurl, Olaf Troftan, Edith E. Quist, Albert Bakken, Valarga Benka, Barner L. Levae, Halvor H. Olson, Ulric Rak, J. J. Vorachek, Jim Krile, Frank Przybyszeski John Vokoc, Joseph Vo'iva Harold Johnson, Segard Olson Grolid, Haverk Strande, Levi O. Robertson Nels A. Luborg, Annie Pescinski, Mary Robertson, Ole P. Skokkerud, Christ Strandjord, Josephine Maresh, Hans Olson, Michael J. Ford, Albert S. Swanson, Hookon A. Tronnes, John Watson, Carl Hatlin, Knut T. Nordgard, Ane Omundson, Bornay E. Frieman, Knut Bjorge, Aslak Olson, Christian P. Brorby, Ole O. Legvold, Knut T. Knudsun, Herman R. Leslin, Pliny H. Wright, Herman R. Leslin, Gunder Olson, Danoel Anderson, David Ross, Ludvig I. Larson, Hans Johnson, Town of Cloverleaf, Town of Kratka, State of Minnesota, and the United States and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 17th day of June 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
(County Auditor's Seal) Minnesota.
m26-je9


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Annie Robillard and Telesphore Robillard, her husband, mortgagors, to Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Minnesota corporation, mortgagee, bearing date January 28th, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of January, 1903, in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 133.

Said default consists in the non-payment of a certain note for four hundred ninety-three dollars ($493.00) dated January 28th, 1903, executed by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, secured by said mortgagee, and bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum; all payable at the rate of fifty dollars ($50.00) per month, beginning on the 1st day of March, 1903. No part of said mortgage nor the interest thereon has ever been paid except the sum of $17.50.

By reason of such default, the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has ever been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

The property described by said mortgage, and thereby mortgaged, is lots numbered seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in block number ten [10] in Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the corrected plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds within and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

There is claimed to be due, and is due, upon said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of $761.44.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and persuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the county Court House in Red Lake Falls in said county, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of June, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and fifty dollars attorney's fees, together with the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1910.
DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Mortgagee.
Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer,
Duluth, Minnesota, m5-je9
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, Mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902 at five o'clock and 10 minutes p. m. in book 19 of mortgages, on page 307 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $247.15; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises, $3.00; that the amount claimed and hereby declared due on said mortgage at this date, including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract, is one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and 58-100 dollars ($1933.58) that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake state of Minnesota, to-wit:—

Northeast quarter and north half of southeast quarter of section twenty one (21) township one hundred and fifty one (151) north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.
EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited
Mortgagee.
B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee. m5 je16
Slayton, Minn.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 384 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breu et, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Miren, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandan, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fabelle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to
Leave orders at Gazette office

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

ICE CREAM

Phone 7
W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Holzman's ad.

Read the First State Bank's new ad.

P. S. Medchill of Plummer was in town Saturday.

Rev. O. W. Rhode of Wylie was in town last Friday.

Supt. H. F. Anderson was at Thief River Falls Monday.

Mrs. Omer Hall spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

We would buy some good onions.—Theo. LaBissioniere.

Ross Chesterman of Crookston was in town last Thursday.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton was at Thief River Falls Monday.

Miss Ella Jackson visited with friends at Crookston over Sunday.

Louis Marchand, who is employed at Shevlin, spent Sunday at home.

A crowd of young folks from Terrebonne were here for the ball game.

Jos. Gray returned today from a business trip to International Falls.

Rev. C. R. Calloway of Thief River Falls was in town yesterday and today.

Perl W. Mabey, the Thief River attorney, was in town yesterday and today.

Miss Delina Parenteau of Terrebonne spent the week with friends in town.

For Sale—Fresh young milch cow, heavy milker. Inquire at Gazette office.

The county commissioners will meet Friday to consider several ditch petitions.

Soren Knutson of Numedahl was attending to business matters in town Saturday.

Rev. Neil A. Gilchrist of Thief River Falls was in town Monday evening.

John Connerty of Black River was attending to business matters in town Saturday.

The relatives of the late Miss Eva Bray desire to express their appreciation of the many acts of kindness shown them in their bereavement and they especialy wish to thank Mrs Marchand.

For Rent Housekeeping suite of four furnished rooms. Inquire of Leo Spillane.

Mrs W. H. Fisher is entertaining her sister, Miss Agnes Herbert, from Hoople, N. Dak.

S. M. Sivertson made a business trip up the line as far as Badger the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs J. F. Fournet went to Crookston last evening and returned this morning.

See our new line of ties. Chanticleer, Knit Silks—we have them all.—Theo. LaBissioniere.

Mrs. H. E. Ives went to Grand Forks last evening for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Jas. H. Cross.

E. L. Quist, editor of the Thief River Press, and Audley Caldwell of Plummer were in town Wednesday.

Fred Holznecht and family and Mrs. Hubert Holznecht of Thief River Falls spent Sunday at the Salley home.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

W. E. McGregor, principal of the St. Hilaire schools, and Ole Olson of St. Hilaire, were in the city Friday evening.

Andy Rubertus left Monday evening on a business trip to Montevideo and other points in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. A. G. Groshong very pleasantly entertained the teachers of the public schools at her home Monday evening.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every Monday. tf

For Sale—2 bulls, 1 bull calf and two heifer calves, all full blood shorthorns of the milking strain.—M. O. Sortedahl.

Harvey Richards, a former resident of Red Lake Falls, now living in North Dakota, spent a part of the week with friends here.

Judge Knight, one of the pioneers of Red Lake county and the first judge of probate, spent a part of the week visiting with his old friends in Red Lake Falls. Judge Knight has been living with his son at Bigfork for some time.

Discounts on suits from $3.00 to $8.00 as long as the fall and winter samples last.—L. E. Ericson.

There will be services at the Norwegian church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning. Rev. S. T. Pulm of St. Hilaire will preach.

Mrs. E. F. Marshall was the guest of friends at Thief River Falls the first of the week and attended the opening of the new auditorium.

Rev. Fr. FayoBe was in St. Paul last week in attendance at the important ceremonies attending the consecration of the six bishops.

Samuel Gibeau spent a part of last week at Lambert taking inventory of the stock of Dicot & LeBlanc who have filed a petition in bankruptcy.

Workingmen's Specials: 75c Gloves, 39c; 50c and 60c work shirts, cheviot and satine, 39c; $2.25 shoes, $1.69; 20-oz. dull gloves, 15c.—The Big Store.

For Sale—One registered Durham bull, four years old. Call at my farm in section 17, Poplar River Township, or write S. J. Premo, Brooks, Minn. 12m26

T. G. Spellman of Mankato, nephew of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Pirath, was a guest of the Pirath and Ives families this week.

Hitching posts have been placed to the north of the Thief River Falls Lumber company's shed for the accommodation of farmers who wish to tie their horses there.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

L. A. Kaufer spent Sunday and Monday at Fergus Falls. Mr. Kaufer resided in Fergus about twenty years ago and he enjoyed a visit with many of his old time friends.

A number of people from the north of the county, people interested in proposed county ditches, are here to be present at the hearing of the board of the county commissioners.

Noel Delorme, E. A. Nelson and V. M. Higinbotham went to Thief River Falls in the Higinbotham car Tuesday evening and attended the musical comedy given at the new auditorium.

The fire losses in Minnesota for March were $210,000, as compared with $90,000 in 1909. The losses in the United States amounted to $16,444,000 as compared with $12,356,000 in March 1909.

Omer Hall went to St. Paul Saturday evening to attend a meeting of Great Northern agents. The meeting was held at the Hotel Ryan club rooms and about a hundred were present.

Frank Brady has disposed of his meat market at Bigfork and is at home for the summer. He will assist his father, James Brady, who has the big job of constructing Red Lake county's new court house.

New spring suits are arriving daily at The Big Store—Kuppenheimer suits $20 up, Clothcraft suits $8.50 up. The $15 suits in this line show more style and quality than any so-called tailor-made suit. Guaranteed all wool.

A number of the young people of the city drove out to the hospitable home of Mrs. A. E. Abell in Terrebonne Saturday evening, the party being given for the Misses Abell. A delightful evening was spent.

Miss Elwise Longtin returned Saturday from Brazil, N. Dak., having closed a successful term of school at that place. Before coming home, Miss Longtin spent a few days at Oberon, N. Dak., with her sister, Mrs. V. H. Pearson.

Jos. Belair returned this morning from the twin cities where he had been for several days. He was accompanied by his mother-in-law, Mrs. Gervais, who resides in Minneapolis. Mrs. Gervais will visit with relatives here for some time.

For solid comfort, wear and style, buy St. Cecilia shoes. Come in kid, tan, gun metal and patent leather. The best shoes made, $2.50 to $4.00. For a cheaper shoe try our Godman line, $1.50 to $2.25. All quality but less style.—Theo. LaBissioniere.

C. L. Alleman, vice-president of the Standard Oil company, was here Tuesday looking after southern Red Lake county land owned by him. Mr. Alleman invested in land here a number of years ago and he says that he is satisfied that he made some good investments.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. X. M. deLagassy, who reside at Vanda, Sask., have received the sad news that their daughter, Lucile, died Monday, May 16. The little girl fell into a pail of boiling water Saturday, May 14, and was so seriously burned that death resulted.

Arthur Lizee, Red Lake Falls' guardian of the peace, returned from his western trip the first of the week. Mr. Lizee spent several weeks in Washington and Idaho. He enjoyed the trip and likes the country, but he likes Red Lake county and Red Lake Falls, too, and he's going to stay here.

This year assessors have a new burden added to their work. In their rounds they will have to take a record of every child born in the year 1909, says an exchange. This record will be taken every year from this time on. It includes at first the name of the child, date of birth, sex, color, etc. The record is kept on file by the government and can be referred to in years to come when certain conditions make it necessary to know the facts therein contained.

A case of interest recently decided by the supreme court is that of Peter L. Vistaunet vs. city of Thief River Falls. Vistaunet brough suit to recover for services as health officer. G. Halvorson, city attorney, demurred. Judge Wm. Watts of the district would not sustain the demurrer and an appeal was taken to the supreme court where the decision of the district court was affirmed. F. A. Grady of this city was attorney for Vistaunet.

TEMPERATURE ERRORS

All metals used in watch construction expand with heat and contract with cold. The proportion, or rate, is called coefficient of expansion. When we say soft steel has a coefficient of expansion of .00000599, it means that a bar of steel will elongate that percentage of its length for each degree rise in temperature. The coefficient expansion of soft steel is .00000599; that of brass is .00001037. This is to say, brass expands about seven-tenths more than steel. There is another effect that heat produces on most metals, in fact, on every metal of which I have any knowledge except nickel-steel, viz: it renders them less rigid and more easily deflected. It is impossible for a watch to keep the same rate of time in different temperatures unless it has a cut expansion balance steel inside and brass outside with properly adjusted time screws to different temperatures.

RUDOLPH HOLZMAN,
JEWELER, RED LAKE FALLS.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

AIMS

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

Merchants State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

RED LAKE FALLS
MERCHANTS STATE BANK

Miss Eva Bray.

Miss Eva Bray, brief announcement of whose death was made in the last issue, was twenty-two years and eight months old. She had been ill with tuberculosis for a number of months and her death was not unexpected. Deceased was born Sept. 16, 1888, and died at 9:30 o'clock Wednesday morning, May 18. She was a graduate of St. Joseph's convent in the class of 1905.

Funeral services were held at St. Joseph's church, of which deceased was a member, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating, at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning. The pall bearers were Jos. Toupin, Clem Brunelle, Jos. Harron, Arthur Guilmette, Arthur Demerais and Henry Grenier. The honorary pall bearers were the Misses Louise Philion, Celina Grenier, Emily Demerais, Alginn Guilmette and Eva Paul. The children of St. Mary, of which deceased was a member, marched in a body.

Beautiful floral offerings were received from the society, from Mrs. Domas Bray, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Bray, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Bray and others.

People from away who were here for the funeral were: Mrs. C. F. Bray, Mrs. W. V. Bray and Hector Bray all of Calgary; Mrs. Fred Brossean, Mrs. Morin and Louise Bray from Crookston; Mrs. Ed. Bray from Grand Forks.

MY FLOWER.

(Contributed.)

I had a beautiful flower,
  So fragil and sweet and fair
I loved it with a love absorbing
  And guarded with tender care.
I watched my flower expanding,
  From bud to blossom it grew;
The pride I took in its loveliness
  None but the gardner new.

I said "No harm shall befall it,
  I'll watch it by day and night;
No hand that is rude shall touch it
  Nothing its beauty shall blight.
I'll stand in the wind and the showers
  To shelter my flower rare,
It's nectar must be a dew-drop,
  Its food be the purest air.

As long as I live, my flower
  I will nurture by my side,
And the passers-by shall call it,
  "The beautiful garden's pride.'
So, I loved my flower dearly
  And thought it would never fade;
But the King of the garden saw it,
  And His stern request was made.

"Give me the beautiful flower
  Thou guardest with tender care.
The winds and the storms will crush it
  Their fury it cannot bear.
"Thy truest love cannot shield it
  As I will shield it for thee;
I'll keep it forever fadeless
  The angels' care it shall be!"

I refused—but He took my flower,
  I called—but He would not stay,
And wearing it in His bosom
  He went from my sight away.
My garden spot is deserted,
  Its pride and its fragrance hath fled,
I hear men say when they're passing,
  "The pure white flower is dead!"

But though I weep, and am lonely
  Without my beautiful flower,
I know that the King, my Saviour
  Will say in some lone, sad hour
"Come to My Heavenly garden
  And see in its perfect bloom,
Thy flower that I bore from earth land:
  Rejoice in its rare perfume."

O then I shall know His reason,
  Though I know it not to-day,
Why, in its promising beauty,
  He took my sweet flower away.

Theo. LaBissoinere has received news of the death of his cousin, Miss Rosanna LaBissionere, at North Yakima, Wash. Miss LaBissionere was the daughter of Frank LaBissionere one of the pioneer residents here who went west several years ago. Miss LaBissionere had many friends here who will be pained to learn of her death. She died in a hospital following an operation for hip trouble. The operation was performed several weeks ago.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held in at the city hall April 28th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the president.

Members present: Paul, Hennings, Hunt, Crompe and Salley.

Members absent: None.

Moved by Salley seconded by Crompe that the street committee be instructed to cause an extension of the sewer at the northwest corner of Block 2, Champagne & Dow's Addition, to be constructed so as to connect with the Great Northern Railway company's sewer.

Motion carried.

On motion duly carried the purchasing committee was authorized to have the fire engine repaired.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Nick Pahlen, one day with team on Grader,	$ 3.50
Zaiser Bros., 3½ days, man and team, street work,	12.25
Improvement Bulletin, Advertising,	3.20
Otto Zaiser, 9 days as street Com'r	14.45
John Drier, 9 days work on streets	13.50
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co. Street Lights for March, 1910	73.45
E. A. Mittwer, supplies for fire engine,	8.30
Eus. Normandean, making one road drag,	13.00
John Drier, Services as Fire Warden, Jan. 1 to Mch. 31, 1910,	9.00
Julius Kuehl, 5 days Street work	7.50

The following resolutions were offered and on motion duly seconded were adopted:

Authorizing construction of sidewalk on west front side of Block 3, original Townsite of Red Lake Falls. (Resolution published elsewhere)

Authorizing construction of side walk on south side of Blocks 5 and 6 Champagne & Dow's Addition and on the south side of Blocks 1 and 2, Buse & Bottineau's Addition to Red Lake Falls. (Resolution published elsewhere.)

Authorizing construction of sidewalk on the east front side of Block 2, Langevin's Subdivision, Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls. (Resolution published elsewhere.)

Authorizing construction of sidewalk on west front side of Block 2, Champagne and Dow's Addition. (Resolution published elsewhere.)

Authorizing construction of sidewalk on east front side of Block 7, Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls. (Resolution published elsewhere.)

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 20th day of May, 1910.

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest:
Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

Resolution Vacating Alley in the City of Red Lake Falls.

WHEREAS,—A petition has been duly made, signed by a majority of the owners of the property affected, verified, and filed in the office of the city clerk, praying for the vacation of that part of the public alley lying between lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and lots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, of block one (1) in Langevin's Subdivision of Church-lot in the original townsite of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, and stating the facts and reasons for such vacation, and being accompanied by a plat as required by law, and due and lawful notice having been given by publication in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, the official paper of the city for four weeks, once each week, that the city council of this city will meet to hear, consider, and act upon said pettition, stating the time and place of such meeting; and the city council having met at the time and place stated in said notice, at an adjourned term of the regular meeting of said council all members being present, and it appearing that said petition has been duly made and filed as aforesaid, and due notice of the pendency thereof and of this meeting has been given, in all things as required by law, and the board having duly heard and considered the prayer of said petition, and all arguments for and against the vacation of alley prayed for, and having made full investigation of the facts relative thereto,—

Be it Resolved,—That all that part and portion of the public alley lying and being between lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, on the one side, and lots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, on the other side, all in block one (1) of Langevin's Subdivision of Church-lot in the original townsite of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in said city of Red Lake Falls, according to the plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota,—be, and the same is hereby vacated, and the title thereto shall pass to and vest in the County of Red Lake upon the taking effect of this resolution, and the payment into the city treasury of the value of said premises as hereinafter set.

Resolved, further, that the value of said vacated portion of said alley is hereby appraised at, and stated to be the sum of Twenty and no-100 dollars, ($20.00).

Upon roll call, the following aldermen voted yea, Hennings, Crompe, Hunt, Salley and Paul and the following voted nay,—none.

Whereupon the president declared the resolution adopted.

Passed May 16th, 1910.

SIMON PAUL
President of City Council,

Attest,—
Joseph Perrault
City Clerk,

Approved May 21st 1910,
J. A. Duffy
Mayor of the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn.
(Corporate Seal)

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

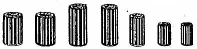
Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL CARLOAD OF SUCCESS SPREADERS
The Lightest Draft Manure Spreader on the Market.
Guaranteed to pull one horse lighter than any other spreader made.

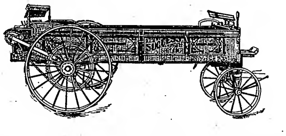
These are what do it:

They have been built for thirty-one years

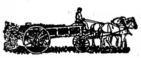


Made by the Pioneers in the Spreader business

Here is the machine:



Fitted with steel wheels which can never rot, split, warp or break—not the ordinary steel wheel but something new and different. The Success is built light but very strong. It is not a clumsy, top-heavy machine that is a load alone for a team but one which we guarantee can be worked under ordinary conditions with only one team of horses. Before you buy, come in and look the Success over.



WILLIAM FINDEISEN

NORTHWESTERN
Automobile Owner's
CONVENTION

GRAND FORKS, MAY 31, JUNE 1, 2, 3, 1910

On the above dates the automobile owners in this section of the country will meet in Grand Forks for the purpose of organizing the Northwestern Automobile Owners' Association. This organization will have for its object the discussion of all subjects of interest to automobile owners, such as better roads, equitable laws governing automobiles the care and operation of automobiles, etc.

Speakers of note including Gov. John Burke, Minnesota State Roads Commissioner Cooley, Dr. James E. Boyle, Ph. D., Hon. Tracy R. Bangs, and H. E. Pence of Minneapolis will be present.

A reception committee of the Commercial Club has been appointed to see that the visitors have a good time, and an arrangements committee, which plans to care for all automobiles free of charge, is also one of the many promised features.

Annual May Music Festival

will be in session in Grand Forks in the new auditorium, which has a seating capacity of 2000, during this convention, with Mme. Norelli, prima donna, Metropolitan Opera, Co., New York, and Royal Opera of London, and the Minneapolis Symphony Orchestra, 55 pieces, under the direction of Emil Oberhoffer, and an Oratoria Society Grand Chorus of 175 voices. No one should miss these two big events.

TAKE THAT TOUR THAT YOU HAVE BEEN PLANNING ON

Go to Grand Forks on May 31. For full information including program of Automobile Owners' Convention and Music Festival, address Secretary, Grand Forks Commercial Club Grand Forks, N. D.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

J. R. Fournier has moved from Seattle to Pullman, Wash. He says he likes his new home, that he is in a country where big crops of wheat are grown and that fruits, strawberries and cherries grow in abundance.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 36

HEARING WOULDBE ONLY A FORMALITY

Governor Eberhart Disposes of Charges Against County Officials.

The Decision is Not a Surprise to Red Lake County People.

Governor Eberhart has rendered a decision in the matter of the charges of malfeasance in office brought against A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, and C. A. Landquist, chairman of the board of county commissioners. The result is what everybody who is at all informed about local conditions expected. The governor's decision is published in full as follows:

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Executive Department.

In the matter of the charges of malfeasance in office against A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, and C. A. Landquist, chairman of the county board of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

The procedure prescribed by statute has been followed in this matter through all required steps to and including the taking and returning [illegible] of the evidence relative to the matters contained in said charges. This evidence has been read [illegible] and does not show any willful and intentional violation of law by either of the persons charged with malfeasance. I am advised that officers elected by the people should not be removed for errors of judgment, but only for willful intention to violate or ignore the law.

The ultimate facts in the case seem to me to be as follows:

1. Ditch funds were transferred to the fund for constructing county buildings contrary to law. The illegality of such action was shown the officers in question and at the next meeting of the county board the funds were transferred back to the ditch fund.

2. A site for a court house was bought with auditor's warrants. This was done upon legal advice. This erroneous advice and action resulted from giving a too broad, but not impossible, definition to the word "purchase" in the clause of the statute giving county boards power to "purchase" land for site for court house.

Under these circumstances a hearing in the matter would be a useless formality. It will not be ordered nor will any further proceedings be had herein, except for cause shown by interested parties.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Minnesota at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, this 28th day of May, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
Governor.

Attest: Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

(Seal)

LITTLE FELLOWS WIN

McIntosh and Argyle Boys Win in High School Field Meet.

At the track meet of the Red River Valley athletic association held at Crookston last Saturday honors were won by the smaller high schools represented. The athletes of the McIntosh high school scored the most points with the Argyle boys giving them a merry chase and scoring close second.

The Crookston, East Grand Forks and Red Lake Falls teams engaged in competition for the consolation prize. Red Lake Falls participated in only a part of the events because represented by only four boys and made a good showing considering the handicap.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Wylie Farmers Elevator and Mercantile Company will be held at Wylie July 1st at 1:30 p. m. Sealed bids for the position as manager of the above company will be considered not later than June 30th. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Address bids to
C. O. SWANSON, Secretary.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Star Route.

Read the First State Bank's new ad.

JUST A MOMENT OF YOUR TIME PLEASE!

The hot weather will soon be here. For every house-wife that means many hours of work on beastly hot days over a sizzling coal or wood fire to prepare meals. If we could tell you how to find genuine comfort in the kitchen during the summer days, you would at least consider it worth while to listen, wouldn't you? A gasoline stove will increase the joys of living. It will prepare a meal quickly and well without the uncomfortable heat of a range. Let us demonstrate this fact to you. Come into the store any day and we will show you the latest improved models of gasoline stoves.

NO DANGER! NO DIRT! NO TROUBLE!

The Quick Meal gasoline stove is safe, easy to operate and clean.

MITTWER'S HARDWARE
"OF COURSE."
The Store of Service and Quality.

POTATO WAREHOUSE WILL BE BUILT

D. E. Ryan & Co. Will Construct the Building This Summer.

Erection of Building Insures Potato Market at all Times.

D. E. Ryan, senior member of the firm of D. E. Ryan & Co., St. Paul, was in town last Thursday and took a trip through the country in the vicinity of Red Lake Falls. Mr. Ryan's company had been planning the erection of a potato warehouse in Red Lake Falls and what Mr. Ryan saw and learned of the country was so satisfactory that he made definite arrangements for the erection of the buildings.

The warehouse will be erected on the east side of the Great Northern right of way about opposite the water tank. The building will be completed in time to handle this year's crop. The erection of a warehouse in Red Lake Falls assures the top price for potatoes and a market all the time.

Sidewalk Resolution.

By the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, ordering the construction of sidewalks:

Whereas, the sidewalks now existing at the points hereinafter mentioned are out of repair and in bad condition, and the city council does deem it necessary and expedient that a new cement sidewalk, curbstone and gutter be built on the west side of Champagne Avenue in said city opposite to and adjoining the east side of Block six in Champagne and Dow's Addition, between second and third streets, the full length of said block; also on the east side of said Champagne Avenue, opposite to and adjoining the full length of block seven in said Champagne & Dow's Addition, between said second street and third street: also on the south side of Second Street, along and adjoining the full north side of Block seven in said Champagne & Dow's Addition; also on the west side of Block three, opposite to and adjoining Lots 5, 8, 7, and 8, in said Champagne and Dow's Addition; also on the South side of First Street opposite to and adjoining Lot 13 of Block Three in said Champagne and Dow's Addition; also on the North side of Lot 11 Block 2 of Langevin's Subdivision of Church Lot in the Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls,

Therefore, Be it Resolved, That the sidewalks now existing at all upon the aforesaid points upon Champagne Avenue upon Second Street, and First Street adjoining the lots hereinafter described, be, and the same are hereby condemned, and that a new cement concrete sidewalk, curbstone and gutter be and the same is hereby ordered to be built at all the aforesaid places and points and adjoining the lots hereinafter described in the following manner, towit: The sidewalk to be six feet wide, curbstone of sufficient depth to prevent undermining, all built of cement and sand in proper proportions, laid upon good gravel foundation—a good serviceable walk; and said sidewalk and curbstone and gutter shall be completed on or before the 18th day of July, A. D. 1010. And further that this resolution shall be duly served upon the owners of all the lots, parts of lots and parcels of ground below described, and whose names with their respective holdings are hereinafter stated, said service to be made personally upon all resident owners and by publication in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette upon all non-resident owners.

Name of Owner	Front Feet	Description of Prop'y Owned
		Champagne & Dow's Addition
William Findeisen, Marie Findeisen, administrator of the estate of Wm. Findeisen	50	Lots 13, 14, Block 6
Frank E. Hunt	25	Lot 15, Block 6
Vitaline Cyr	50	Lots 16, 17, Block 6
Georgiana Marchand	25	Lot 18, Block 6
Raphael St. Marie	50	Lots 19, 20, Block 6
Virginia Paul	100	Lots 21, 22, 23, 24, Block 6
L. A. Dautremont, Rose Spillane and William Spillane	60 10	Lots 9, 10, and north feet of Lot 11, Block 7
Simon Paul	25	Lot 8, Block 7
Augusta Krueger	50	Lots 6, 7, Block 7
Ben Puschinsky, Mrs. Ben Puschinsky, administrator of the estate of Ben Puschinsky	50	Lots 4, 5, Block 7
William Findeisen, Marie Findeisen, administrator of the estate of Wm. Findeisen	25	Lot 3, Block 7
Mertie S. Hunt	193	Lots 1, 2, Block 7
Augusta Krueger	140	Lot 13, Block 7
T. C. O'Leary	100	Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, Block 3
May A. Lemieux	140	Lot 13, Block 3
Langevin's Subdivision of Church Lot, Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls.		
J. P. Harren	140	Lot 11, Block 2

Adopted May 12th, 1910, A. D.
SIMON PAUL,
President of City Council.
Approved May 17, 1910.
J. A. Duffy, Mayor.
Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal)

Moses Not Yet.

The Rev. Henry van Dyke of Princeton is quoted as telling this story at a recent Presbyterian gathering:

"A Connecticut pastor of a denomination well known to us was questioning a boy pupil of the Sunday school. The lad answered greatly to the satisfaction of the good man, but finally the latter was stumped when the youngster made his last reply.

"'What commandment, my son, did Adam break when he ate the apple?' asked the pastor.

"'Please, sir,' returned the boy, 'there were no commandments at that time.'"

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the Council held at the City Hall, May 12th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:—

John Drier, Street work	$20.13
Julius Kuehl, Street work	7.50
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Printing Advertising	72.14
Otto Zaiser, Services as Street Com'r	9.08
Zaiser Bros., team work on streets	8.88
Dr. I. Lemieux, Medical services to Paul Benoit	5.50
Red Lake Falls Electric Lighting Co., Lighting for April, 1010	72.00
A. L. Roy, Drayage	1.25

Moved and seconded that Surety Bond of City treasurer be rejected and that he be required to furnish a new bond immedately. Motion carried.

On motion duly carried an additional allowance of $5.00 per month begining May 1st, 1010, was granted to Mrs. Hubert Benoit for the support of her son.

On motion duly carried the bid of Henry Demarais for clearing and removing all rubbish from lots 9, 10, 11 & 12 of Block 3, in C. & D. Add. to Red Lake Falls, for the sum of $45.00, was accepted.

The application of Dan Champeau for Liquor License was granted and his bond duly approved.

On motion meeting adjourned to meet May 16th, 1910, at 8:00 o'clock P. M.

SIMON PAUL, President.
Approved May 31st, 1010.
J. A. Duffy, Mayor.
Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT

Address by Senator S. D. Works at Bijou Theatre Friday Evening.

Junior Banquet at M. B. A. Hall Saturday Evening, June 4.

The sixteen young people who graduate from the Red Lake Falls high school in the class of 1910 will receive their diplomas Friday evening, June 3. The commencement exercises are to be held at the Bijou theatre and the address is to be delivered by Senator S. D. Works of Mankato.

On Saturday evening the annual spread, the junior banquet, is to be given at the M. B. A. Hall.

Following is the program for the commencement exercises Friday evening:

Overture — Freund's Orchestra.
"The Angel," — Rubenstein.
Girls' Chorus.
Invocation — Rev. Fr. Fayolle.
Overture, — Orchestra.
Address — Hon. S. D. Works.
"The Bees," — Hermann.
Mixed Chorus.
Presentation of Diplomas by the President of the Board of Education.
Overture, — Orchestra.

PROCLAMATION ISSUED

Formal Call for Vote on Question of Dividing Red Lake County.

Governor Eberhart on Tuesday issued a proclamation calling for a vote on the question of dividing Red Lake county and creating a new county to be known as Pennington county. Thief River Falls is named as the county seat of the proposed new county and the following men are to serve as a board of county commissioners in case the prosposition to divide receives a majority of the votes cast: Peter C. Wold, Peter Heedan, Ed. A. Aubel, Daniel Shaw and Olaf Larson.

The question is to be voted upon at the next general election. The issuance of the proclamation does not mean that the governor is lending his support to the county division movement. Upon the filing of the petition with a sufficient number of signatures the governor is required to issue a proclamation of calling for a vote on the proposition.

A Stomach on a Holiday.

A Chicago wine merchant went on a yachting trip with a judge from the same city. They were out together for two weeks and had a good time. When they returned the agent was much upset to find himself summoned on a jury, but cheered up when he discovered the judge on the bench was his late yachting companion. He hurried to the court and pleaded business pressure as a reason for an excuse for him.

"What is your business?" the judge inquired of him coldly.

"I represent a wine in Chicago."

"Selling it or drinking it?"

"Well, drinking it largely."

"Step into the box, sir. A ten days' rest will do you good."

The wine agent served.

ANOTHER BANK A POSSIBILITY

Dame Rumor Says the Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls.

Sale of Lemieux Block Adds Interest to the New Bank Story.

The fellow who gets his information from the lamp post on the corner says that Red Lake Falls is to have another bank. The yarn spinning has progressed far enough to give the new institution a name. It is to be known as the Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls—that is, if the story that five St. Paul men have made application for a charter for a national bank is not without foundation.

This week a deed to the Lemieux block, now occupied by Schroiter's drug store and the Sunshine store, was filed in the office of the register of deeds. In the deed the Middle West Investment company is named as grantee—and dame rumor is again on the job. It is now said that the bank is to have the desirable location on the corner.

The Gazette is not speaking as one having authority, but the report is published for the news value it has.

Promotion for Tracy.

Fergus Falls Journal: J. L. Tracy, the Great Northern agent, is able to be out a little today, after quite a siege of rheumatic fever. The Great Northern is about to promote its agent at St. Cloud to the position of station inspector, and has offered Mr. Tray the agency in that city, but he has not yet recovered sufficiently to accept it. In case he does, the company will appoint Mr. T. J. Kelly, Jr, the present efficient cashier, to the position of agent here. The Great Northern has been very fortunate in the selection of its employes in this city, and it is the company's policy to promote men for good service all along the line.

A BIG CROWD AT CROOKSTON

Northern Minnesota Development Association Meeting This Week.

It,s the Biggest Meeting in the History of Northern Minnesota.

The big conservation meeting is on at Crookston this week. The meeting opened last evening with a smoker and there will be sessions today and tomorrow. It is a monster gathering with delegates from all over northern Minnesota and from the twin cities. There is no doubt that it is the most important meeting ever held in northern Minnesota. Among the prominent speakers is W. M. Hayes, assistant secretary of agriculture. Some of the other speakers are R. C. Dunn of Princeton, Bishop McGolric of Duluth and Bernhard Boegild of the Royal Danish Agricultural College at Copenhagen. Red Lake county is represented by a good delegation.

Senator Frye's Fishing Luck.

Senator Frye is an enthusiastic fisherman. He was once the guest of a family that arranged for him and other visitors in Eastport, Me., a picnic at a lake a few miles distant. The head of the family, noticing that his brother, who had charge of the vehicles, had placed a supply of fishing paraphernalia in one of the wagons, asked why he had done so.

"They're for Frye," was the reply.

"But, man alive, there are no fish in that lake," the elder exclaimed.

"Well, Frye doesn't know it."

Frye didn't. On arriving at the lake he took the fishing tackle and trudged off, to return some hours later very warm and very much bitten by mosquitors.

"Get any bites, Frye?" he was asked.

"Get any bites!" was the half indignant reply. "Look at my face!"

A Straight Tip.

Two Irishmen stopping at a hotel in Dublin shared the same bed as well as the same bottle of whisky. Pat waited till he saw Mike was asleep, when he rose quietly and emptied the bottle. Soon afterward Mike, waking, stole out of bed and began groping about in the dark.

"Phwat are you lookin' for, Mike?" asked Pat.

"Oh, nothin'!" said Mike.

"Well, Mike," said Pat, "go over to the corner there, and you'll find it in the bottle."

Council Proceedings.

Adjourned regular meeting of the City Council held at the City Hall, May 16th, 1010.

Meeting called to order by the president.

Aldermen all present.

Alderman Hunt offered the following resolution and moved its adoption duly seconded by Alderman Crompe:—

(Here follows resolution vacating a certain alley in Langevin's Subdivision of Church Lot in the original Townsite of Red Lake Falls, published elsewhere.)

Alderman Crompe offered the following resolution and moved its adoption seconded by Alderman Salley—

(Here follows resolution authorizing the construction of cement sidewalks on both sides of Champagne Avenue and First streets and on the South side of Second street, published elsewhere)

The matter of electing a poundmaster having been taken up, the City Council proceeded by ballot to such election with the following result:

Fred Westphal received four votes and was declared Poundmaster within the city of Red Lake Falls.

On Motion meeting adjourned without day.

SIMON PAUL, President.
Approved May 31st, 1910.
J. A. Duffy, Mayor.
Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

EXERCISES HAVE BEEN POSTPONED

St. Joseph's Commencement to Occur on Friday Evening, June 10.

An Excellent Program Has Been Prepared For the Event.

Rev. Fr. Fayolle is to be at Crookston the first of the week for the ceremonies attending the installation of the new bishop and is to deliver the installation address on Monday and participate in the other ceremonies. For that reason the St. Joseph's school commencement announced for next Monday evening has been postponed until Friday evening, June 10. Following is the excellent program that has been prepared for the commencement event:

Overture, Freund's Orchestra.
Chorus—"Les Oiseaux" Tritan, Class.
Recitation—"A Second Trial" Kellogg Grace Jeffers.
Musical Recitation—"The Faithful Soul" Proctor, Eighth Grade Girls.
Song—"The Midshipmite" Adams, Boys.
Des Comique—"Les Deux Moqueses," Wachs, Emma Hance and Alma Demarais.
Selection—Freund's orchestra.
Recitation—"The Soldier's Cradle Song" McGuire, Maurice Brunelle
A Drama—"A Public Benefactor"
Characters;
Erastus Steele, a merchant, Raymond Mercier
Harry, his son, Mose Latendresse
Solomon Longface, an Imposter, George Giheau.
Cyrus Caucus, a Countryman, George Crompe.
Bobby Simson, a lubberly boy, Henry Latendresse.
Barney Hoolon, a laborer, Louis Kaufer.
Cornet Solo, "Selected," Mr. Clement E. Brunelle.
Recitation "Keeping a Seat at the Benefit, Fisk, Rosalha Lemieux.
Selection Freund's Orchestra
Valedictory (French) Cora Normandeau.
Presentation of Diplomas, Very Rev. E. Fayolle.
Chorus, "Farewell," Class.
Selection, Freund's Orchestra.

The Highest Court.

When Tom Bagnell was justice of the peace at Altmau, the highest incorporated town in the country, standing 12,000 feet above the sea level, he had occasion to fine a disorderly character $10 and costs. The victim of the operation of justice objected to the finding of the court and announced that he would take an appeal.

"What! Appeal, would you?" asked the astonished court. "You can't come any of that, now. This is the highest court in the United States, and you can't appeal."

The Prisoner Escaped.

Old colored Joe had for many years been man of all work for the Gordons. When the family moved to another town Joe remained in Reading. Several years later, when Mr. Gordon returned to Reading on business, old Joe heard he was in town and went at once to the home of Mr. Gordon's sister. They were at dinner, and at one of the open windows Joe took his stand, a pleased grin on his face. After Joe had asked about each member of Mr. Gordon's family Mr. Gordon said, "Where's Harve now, Joe?" Harve was Joe's brother.

"He's daid, suh," returned Joe. "A woman in Foht Smith shot him."

"What did they do to her?" asked Mr. Gordon.

"They put her in the penitentiary foh life. She didn't stay her time out, though," said Joe.

"She didn't? Why not?" asked Mr. Gordon.

"She daid," said Joe.—National Monthly.

THE COURT HOUSE CORNER STONE

The New County Building Will Be Formally Anchored June 11.

There Will be Appropriate Ceremonies and Everybody is Invited.

Work on the new court house is progressing very satisfactorily. The heavy concrete foundation was completed several weeks ago and the brick layers have their work several feet above ground. The building is already taking form and gives an indication of the fine appearance that the new court house will have.

The county commissioners at their meeting last Friday made provision for the proper celebration of the laying of the corner stone. The event is scheduled for Saturday, June 11. The commissioners appointed a committee of five one from each commissioner district, to prepare a brief historical sketch of Red Lake county to be deposited with other documents in the corner stone. The committee will also make other arrangements for the proper celebration of the occasion and the Gazette will tell more about that next week. The members of the committee are, F. A. Grady, Ira C. Richardson, Julius Pleth, K. O. Gigstad and John Ebert.

ALL BUT THE EIGHTH

Crookston and Red Lake Falls Played a Good Game Monday.

For seven innings the Red Lake Falls and Crookston base ball teams battled in a fine game of ball Monday afternoon with the score in favor of Red Lake Falls at that stage of the game. It looked like a sure victory for Red Lake Falls, but in the eighth inning Crookstn filled the basses and played the hit and run game for seven scores. Garceau who pitched a fine game was in no way responsible for the scoring in the eighth. The infielders were slow in handling the little ones that rolled away from the plate and did not wake up until a procession of seven Crookstonites had passed over the plate. In their half the local boys hit the ball for four scores, but it was'nt enough.

Score by innings—
Crookston 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 0—8
R. L. Falls 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 4 0—6

The Red Lake Falls team went to Crookston for a game yesterday afternoon. The final score tells as much as need be known about the game—Crookston 11; Red Lake Falls 1.

YOU CAN GET SEED POTATOES FOR A SONG

Make Your Own Terms---And Agree To Plant The Potatoes.

Some of those very good seed potatoes that were supplied by D. E. Ryan & Co., the company that will build a potato warehouse in Red Lake Falls are still on hand and you can get them on any old terms if you need some potatoes for seed. Just make your wants known to any of the local merchants and you will get the seed potatoes.

Spoiled the Treatment.

She was unquestionably a stout woman. She occupied more than one person's share of space in the street car and quite overshadowed her trim companion. "You really ought to try something," said her friend in reply to an aside from the stout lady herself regarding her weight. "A woman I know reduced herself twenty pounds in a very few months by taking a treatment. I can find out what it was if you like."

"You're very kind," said the stout lady, "but I've quite given up trying to get thin. Oh, I know," she went on as the other interrupted, "but you cannot induce me to take up any new fads. The last one I tried settled that. They made me imagine that I was a beautiful lily swaying in the summer breeze from side to side! I decided that was ridiculous for a woman of my weight and so"—

"Perhaps you didn't give it a fair trial," suggested her friend.

"Perhaps not, but my husband came in just when I was being a lily, and he"—

"Men never understand, do they?" said her friend.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

A bill providing for the opening to agricultural settlement and development of the surface of lands which have been classified as coal lands was passed by the house. The measure would reserve about 70,000,000 acres of coal lands.

A bill was introduced in the senate by Senator Burkett increasing the limit of cost of the new federal building at Columbus, Neb., from $65,000 to $75,000. It was found that under the specifications called for contractors could not undertake to construct the building for the amount allowed in the bill.

Attorney General Wickersham will have a rival in his investigation of the so-called cotton pool. The senate committee which is inquiring into the cost of living decided to turn its attention to cotton as well as food products.

Protest against the bill conveying to the cities of Colorado Springs, Manitou and Cascade, Colo., 21,000 acres of land on the north slope of Pike's Peak to be used for bettering the water supply of the cities was filed by the forest service through Associate Forester Potter with the house committee on public lands.

Attorney General Wickersham decided to send to the senate, in response to the resolution introduced by Mr. Smith of Carolina, information in connection with his investigation into the alleged pooling in cotton.

The state department returned to Governor Shallenberger the extradition papers which he forwarded with the request that the state department take steps to return to Nebraska Thomas F. Shireman who is a fugitive from justice in Calgary, Canada, and is wanted in Keith county on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Governor Shallenberger's request for extradition was forwarded through Senator Brown.

General.

John D. Rockefeller, always popular among the people of Tarrytown, N. Y., where he lives, is adding to that popularity this spring by his fondness for taking his friends and neighbors out driving. Not a pleasant day goes by without the oil king inviting some of them, men, women and children, to ride with him in automobile or carriage, and it is safe to say that the invitations are seldom declined, for his vehicles are the best to be had, and the drives around Tarrytown are beautiful. Mr. Rockefeller, before starting for a ride, always dons a paper vest, declaring it a great protection against colds, and he insists that his guests do the same. After the ride he refuses to take back the garments, and consequently in nearly every home in Tarrytown may be found a paper vest preserved as a souvenir of a delightful ride with the multimillionaire.

President Taft takes full responsibility for the Lawler letter.

The directors of the Aero club of America decided to hold the international aviation meet on Hempstead Plains, Long Island. The race for world's championship will be held October 2.

At Washington information received points to an early conflict between the armies of Peru and Ecuador over their boundary disputes.

The American Sugar Refining company has appealed its case to the supreme court.

By the lack of one vote the house declined to accord the necessary two-thirds vote to submit to the several states of the union the question of changing the date of the inauguration of president and vice president from March 4 to the last Tuesday in April.

A petition for the pardon of John R. Walsh, now serving a term in the Leavenworth penitentiary for violation of the national banking laws, soon will be forwarded to the department of justice.

At the annual national convention of paper jobbers held in Chicago it was announced that print paper prices will remain unchanged during the ensuing year.

It is said "There are between 700 and 800 men in Seattle who live from the revenue of the white slave traffic, almost all of whom could be reached by the state courts if proper effort were made.

The senate has passed the omnibus lighthouse bill, which makes provision for aids to navigation practically on every coast of the United States. As amended in the committee on commerce it carries items aggregating about $2,500,000.

Since a decision was rendered holding the South Dakota employers' liability law invalid the Nebraska statute is being closely watched.

Death claimed 1,595 lives in Iowa during the month of March, so the monthly report of Secretary Sumner of the state board of health, just issued, shows.

With Emperor William as an auditor Theodore Roosevelt delivered a notable address at the University of Berlin.

F. Augustus Heinze was acquitted of the charge of misapplication of the funds of a bank.

Three masked men blew the safe of the First State bank at Dumont, Minn.

So great was the crowd that gathered to do honor to the memory of the late King Edward VII of England at a Chicago theatre that many men and women fainted in the crush to gain entrance.

The high cost of living was attacked by the convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Tin and Steel Workers.

Champ Clark may not get the speakership even if the democrats get control of the next house.

Five carloads of macaroni shipped from St. Louis to Chicago and alleged to contain poisonous coloring substance, was ordered destroyed by Judge Landis.

Representative Bartholdt of Missouri, chairman of the American group of the inter-parliamentary peace union, is in receipt of a notice from the secretary of state at Brussels that the conference of the union will be held at Brussels August 29 to September 2, inclusive. Dr. Bartholdt will call together within the next two weeks the members of the American group in congress to select delegates to attend the conference.

An engagement between the provisional and Madriz forces at Rama is looked for at any moment. The two armies are practically facing each other.

The Jockey club of Juarez has announced that a gross sum of $30,000 in stakes and purses will be given during a 100-day meeting Thanksgiving day, an increase of $1,000 a day over the meeting last season.

After quarreling over a $10 skirt which her husband had bought for her under protest, Mrs. A. J. Sunderland of Chippewa Falls, Wis., shot and killed him.

One hundred and fifty delegates to the National Socialist congress, representing the entire socialist movement in the United States met in Chicago to prepare for the coming state and congressional campaigns.

The International & Great Northern railroad is to be sold under foreclosure to satisfy the claims of the holders of second mortgage bonds, aggregating $12,165,545.60. The date of the sale will be fixed later.

Senators Burkett and Brown have given no assurance that they will vote for the railroad bill.

President Taft paid tribute to the foreign soldiers who helped the United States to win independence.

The house will investigate to determine if the sugar trust bought the friar lands.

Former President Roosevelt is expected to be the guest of honor and principal speaker at the formal opening of the international bridge across the Rio Grande at Brownsville, Tex., in July.

Statues to two Polish-American heroes were unveiled in Washington.

President Taft's railroad bill as amended is a long stride forward in railroad legislation.

The New York Stock exchange will be closed for two hours on Friday, May 20, during the funeral of King Edward.

Montreal exporters fear a grain famine at that port, owing to the refusal of Manitoba grain men to market last year's crop for less than 99 cents.

Advices received at Guayaquil state that the Peruvian government has stationed 100,000 men along the frontier to resist invasion.

The county treasurer at Seattle forced the Seattle Electric company to pay up $167,000 of delinquent taxes by seizing 12 of its cars.

The French minister of marines has ordered that all ships of the French navy carry their flags at half mast until after the funeral of King Edward.

An imperative edict at Peking summons the national assembly to meet October 3 and announces the appointment of ninety-six members representing all classes.

Personal.

George V was publicly proclaimed King of Great Britain.

Former State Printer Mark Slater was sentenced to four years in the Ohio penitentiary.

Theodore Roosevelt made an unqualified denial of the letter credited to him at Washington.

A telegram was sent by President Taft to General and Mrs. Ballington Booth congratulating them on the celebration of the fourteenth anniversary of the founding of the Volunteers of America.

Secretary Ballinger pictured Gifford Pinchot as a crafty conspirator who sought to discredit him.

Congressmen will try to get away from Washington in June.

King Alfonso has left Madrid for London to attend the funeral of the late King Edward.

Mr. Roosevelt may be designated a special ambassador to attend the funeral of King Edward.

Governor James O. Davidson of Wisconsin, it is authoritatively announced, will not be a candidate for renomination as governor or for any other office.

Dr. B. C. Hyde and his wife were star witnesses for the defense in the Kansas City murder trial.

Senators Cummins and Dolliver were in Iowa to open the campaign of progressive republicans.

Commander Robert E. Peary's lecture was given before the Geographical society at Rome, King Victor Emmanuel and the duke of the Abruzzi attending.

A warrant was issued for the arrest of Joseph G. Armstrong, director of the department of public works in the city of Pittsburg, charging him with forgery, perjury and false pretenses.

Signor Marconi has completed the reconstruction of the wireless station at Glace bay and is now enroute to Montreal.

Orville Wright has denied that he or his brother will attempt an aeroplane flight from Dayton to Chicago.

Right Rev. John B. MacGinley of Philadelphia was consecrated bishop of Nueva Caceres, Philippine Islands.

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Right Rev. John B. MacGinley of Philadelphia was consecrated bishop of Nueva Caceres, Philippine Islands.

Stenographer Kirby Fired.

Washington.—Frederick M. Kerby, the stenographer in the office of the secretary of the interior, who issued a statement regarding the Lawler memorandum on the Glavis charges to the president, was discharged from the government service by Secretary Ballinger.

MORE LAND OPEN

233,295 ACRES PUT WITHIN REACH OF HOMESTEADERS BY TAFT'S PROCLAMATION.

IN STATE OF MINNESOTA

Filings to Be Made By Prospective Homesteaders at Crookston, Duluth and Cass Lake on June 30.

Washington, D. C. — President Taft has signed a proclamation opening 233,295 acres of Indian reservation lands in Minnesota. The large portion of this area will be subject to homestead entry at the Crookston land office at 9 a. m., June 20. Eight complete townships, embodying 185,000 acres, in ranges 32 and 35, inclusive, and in townships 157 to 159, are within the jurisdiction of the Crookston office. Also tracts on the Garden and Oak Island in the Lake of the Woods, heretofore claimed and occupied by Canadian Indians who have been removed, will be settled from the Crookston office.

In the Duluth land district parts of townships 63 and 64, range 5, on Pigeon river and Grand Portage lands will be opened on the same date. Provisions have also been made for the homesteading of 12,983 acres on the Fond du Lac reservation in townships 49, 50 and 51, in ranges 17, 18 and 19 from Duluth lands.

The balance of the land on the Winnabagoshish and the Deer creek and the White Earth lands, to the extent of 33,000 acres, will be subject to entry at Cass Lake land office on June 20.

Of the Cass Lake lands 26,000 acres are subject to immediate settlement according to the provision of the Clapp-Lindberg bill of 1908. By this is meant that those who occupy the lands within the former forest reservation near Cass lake, can, if they have occupied the land, have a preference when it comes to filing. But on the Red Lake, Chippewa, Fond du Lac and the Pigeon river lands, no preference will be given to squatters.

It is announced that while the entire area to be opened for homestead June 20, is classed as agricultural lands, that the state of Minnesota shall not be deterred from presenting any further claim for swamp lands which may lie within the reservation. About 1,450 homesteads of 160 acres each will be thrown open by the proclamation.

WHEATON HEADS K. OF P.

Duluth Man Elected At Annual Convention.

Minneapolis. — With the initiation of sixty candidates into the mysterious of the dramatic order, Knights of the Khorassan, in the Elks' ball, the first day of the annual convention of the Minnesota grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, came to an end.

While the Elks' hall was being made the scene of mirth and good cheer for those taking the side degree, the old Knights of Columbus hall was filled with more than 100 members of the Pythian Sisters, the auxiliary order of the Pythians. This latter organization held its memorial service and, in addition, did much exemplification work. The service in memory of departed sisters was conducted by Myrtle temple, No. 2, of St. Paul, and the ritualistic work was carried through by the officers of Weaver temple, No. 2, and staff of Hope temple, No. 32.

Grand lodge officers elected are: James A. Wherton, of Duluth, grand chancellor; A. L. Sperry, of Owatonna, grand vice chancellor; Rev. Frederick S. Atwood, of Sleepy Eye, grand prelate; P. W. McAlister, of Minneapolis, grand keeper of records and seal; Charles W. Farwell, of Minneapolis, grand master of exchequer; J. P. Peterson, of Albert Lea, grand master-at-arms; A. J. Bishop, of St. Paul, grand inner guard; O. J. Davidsen, of Wheaton, grand outer guard; R. J. Augus, of Fergus Falls, grand trustee. The latter was elected for three years.

The new officers of the grand temple of Pythian Sisters elected are:

Past grand chief, Lelah Pease, of Redwood Falls; grand chief, Margaret B. Greeley, of Pine City; grand senior, Florence Frase, of Fairmont; grand junior, Mae Cutliff, of Duluth; grand manager, Effie Adsit, of Owatonna; grand mistress of records and seal, Alta Wetson, of Melrose; grand mistress of finance, Hilda Borglia, of Minneapolis; grand protector of temple, Alice Holmes, of Minneapolis; grand outer guard, Jessie Bauer, of Winona.

TANK EXPLODES WITH ROAR.

Minneapolis.—A five hundred gallon gasoline tank, partly filled with gas, exploded with terrific force in the sheet metal works of D. M. Allen, 311 Sixth avenue south.

BURY FIRE VICTIMS.

Faribault, Minn., Funeral Attended by Record-breaking Crowd.

Faribault.—The funeral of the five victims of Friday's fire—Mrs. Kellogg, A. H. Sperry and three children—was held from the Methodist church. Hundreds of people could not gain admittance. It was one of the largest funerals ever held in Faribault. The bodies were placed in three caskets, those of the children together.

Trees for Snow Fence.

Crookston.—The Great Northern is distributing several carloads of trees along the right of way between Dugdale and Ebro, to be planted in a narrow strip about three rods wide to serve as a snow fence. Golden willows are being used to a great extent, and the experiment will be watched very closely, with the intention of using trees more generally in the future if the plan proves successful. Over two hundred thousand trees will be planted, and the work will be finished within a month.

ASSIGNMENT OF MINISTERS.

State Conference of Evangelical Association Makes Changes.

Olivia. — The Minnesota state conference of the Evangelical association closed its session here Sunday with a union meeting of the various churches in this city. The assignment of ministers to the various pastorates throughout the state are as follows:

St. Paul District.

H. Plantikow, presiding elder; St. Paul—Pine Street church, C. B. Goetz; St. Paul—Winnifred Street, C. A. Tesch; South St. Paul—To be supplied; East Prairie—H. Isker; Le Sueur Center—E. Helmer; Farmington—H. Heneel; Kasson—H. A. Ceder; Rochester—S. R. Irving; Racine—C. B. Frank; Preston—H. C. Smith; Cherry Grove—Lewis Steely; Faribault—R. R. Mueller; St. Charles—C. C. Englehurt; Waseca—C. W. Wolthausen; Morristown—To be supplied; Hammond—W. Walter; Winona—F. R. Platikow; Mound Prairie—A. R. Zick; Buffalo Lake—F. P. Wirner; Meridan—L. Passer; Montrose—F. R. Wolter.

Minneapolis District.

A. H. Utringer, presiding elder; Minneapolis — A. Geyman; Maple Grove—G. Britzius; Olivia—J. Gongoll; Danube—F. R. Riedel; Hutchinson—P. A. Lang; Mayer—J. Mantby; Paynesville—C. W. Sydlow; Zion—G. A. E. Lippert; St. Cloud—F. F. Arndt; Rice—To be supplied; Brainerd—D. Groening; Wadena—E. H. Bollanbach; Deer Creek—G. Wordleman; Alexandria—To be supplied; Odessa—A. Zahel; Appleton—C. C. Stettbacher; Duluth—R. R. Werner; South Haven—J. Knuth; Pequot—To be supplied.

Mankato District.

M. Schoenlehen, presiding elder; Mankato—R. C. Mittlestaedt; Amboy—P. R. Mueller; Blue Earth Circuit—W. A. Juedes; Blue Earth—C. F. Kechel; Wells—A. Reek; Rice Lake—C. F. Sydow; Le Sueur—F. Moede; New Ulm—C. G. Roestl; Sleepy Eye—G. W. Hielscher; Redwood—G. Krienke; Lamberton—B. Simon; Fairmont—G. H. Schaefer; Sherburne—H. F. Schleek; Worthington—G. G. Schmidt; Luverne—O. Brose; Pipestone—K. Meckel; Marshall—O. Schultz; Wabasso—J. D. Moede; Hendricks—To be supplied.

GOPHER CORPORATION TAXES.

Minnesota Makes 3,339 Returns Under New Law.

Washington, D. C. — Figures showing the number of returns, assessments and penalties on account of the tax of 1 per cent on the net income of corporations under the new tariff act, are made public by R. E. Cabell, commissioner of internal revenue. They show the total number of returns to have been 231,243 total assessments $25,709,045, and penalties for failure to furnish returns by March 1, $101,570.

Internal revenue districts showing large amount of assessments were: Second New York, 7,309 returns; assessments, $3,274,748; First Illinois, 10,252 returns; assessments, $2,286,786; Minnesota, 339 returns; assessments, $1,122,480.

Other districts make the following showing: Hawaii, 417 returns, assessments $124,143; fifth Illinois, 800 returns, assessments $91,560; sixth Indiana, 3,804 returns, assessments $347,312; third Iowa, 2,545 returns, assessments $78,542; fourth Iowa, 2,536 returns, assessments $107,544; first Michigan, 3,563 returns, assessments $597,950; fourth Michigan, 2,165 returns, assessments $204,261; Nebraska, 2,522 returns, assessments $119,652; North and South Dakota, 3,034 returns, assessments $34,709; Oregon, 1,067 returns, assessments $149,734; Washington, 6,763 returns, assessments, $241,190; first Wisconsin, 4,128 returns, assessments $493,825; second Wisconsin, 3,000 returns, assessments $86,320.

The figures given are approximate and are subject to slight revision.

NEXT CONVENTION IN ST. PAUL.

Winona. — The annual convention of the State Council, Knights of Columbus, was held in Winona, with about 100 delegates representing every council in the state. The election of officers resulted: John E. Berry, St. Paul, deputy; William Reau, Minneapolis, secretary; H. J. Kennedy, Faribault, warden; delegates to the national council at Quebec in August, John E. Barry, J. H. Nightingale, Minneapolis; Leo Ball, Duluth; C. F. Ladner, St. Cloud.

The next convention will be held in St. Paul. Retiring State Deputy Nightingale in his annual report showed that a gain of 1,200 members had been made during the past year.

Three new councils, at Spring Valley, Bemidji and Brainerd, were established and new homes for the order were built at St. Paul and Minneapolis, and were being filled up at Rochester and Winona. The grand council is in an excellent condition financially. The gathering came to a close with an elaborate banquet at Union hall.

PROBING ST. PAUL'S RECORD.

French Bankers Satisfying Themselves as to Sends' Soundness.

New York.—It has been learned that the French syndicate of bankers that was negotiating for $50,000,000 of St. Paul debentures had agreed upon the price, but that the deal was not likely to be closed for several days. The delay is caused by the time required to furnish the detailed information requested by the Paris bankers.

Austin Contract Opened.

Washington, D. C. — Bids were opened at the treasury department for the construction of the public at Austin, Minn. The bidders were as follows: King Lumber company of Charlottesville, Va., 54,480; Bartlett H. Klug, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, $57,800; Northern Construction company of Milwaukee, $51,500.

The Northern Construction company of Milwaukee has been awarded the contract for the construction of the public building at Rochester, Minn., at $46,840.

GREAT S. S. MEET

WORLD'S WORKERS MEET IN CONVENTION AT NATIONAL CAPITAL.

ADDRESSED BY PRESIDENT

Sunday School Convention Now in Session Will be Great Force for Christianizing the World—Largest Ever Held.

Washington, May 19.—More than 3,000 delegates from the United States and Canada and 500 from other countries are in Washington to attend the World's Sixth Sunday School convention which began this afternoon.

At the opening session of the convention, planned to be the greatest gathering for the christianizing of humanity that the world has ever seen, Bishop Grantson of the Methodist-Episcopal church of Washington will deliver the invocation and read from the scriptures.

Tonight President Taft will extend a welcome to the delegates.

FIFTY DIE IN EXPLOSION.

Workman Drops Case of Dynamite With Fatal Results.

Havana, May 19.—Until the ruins have been more thoroughly examined it will not be known positively how many lives were lost when the rural guards barracks in the city of Pinar Del Rio was demolished by an explosion of dynamite late yesterday. There is reason, however, for the hope that the fatalities did not succeed fifty. The wounded will number more than 100, it is believed.

It is almost certain that the explosion resulted from the accidental fall of a case of dynamite from the hands of an employe of the public works department, who, with others, was loading upon wagons seventy-two cases of the explosive which was to be transferred from the barracks to the government magazine in the city. This morning twenty-eight bodies had been recovered and forty injured persons have been taken to the hospitals.

Comet Puzzles Scientists.

Williams-Bay, Wis., May 19.—Shattering all scientific calculations and completely puzzling the learned astronomers, who declare they made sure of the phenomena with repeated observations here before day break this morning, the glowing tail of Halley's comet appeared in the eastern sky today at a time when the world's comet authorities had agreed it would be in the west indicating that the earth did not pass through the diaphaneous light band last night as supposed.

Such astronomers of Prof. S. A. Mitchell of the Columbia university staff and Prof. Edwin B. Frost, head of the Yerk's observatory staff and professor Edward Barnard of the University of Chicago, witnessed the startling fan of light in the east and all agreed that it was the comet's tail.

Merry represented that he was the authorized agent of the Dickinson Commercial club and obtained $100 from Dr. Johns of Hettinger, which he stated was to be used in making a preliminary survey, and he fought the decision of the lower court on the ground that the money had been used as specified.

The court held this did not let him out. Since this case has been before the supreme court, Merry has been placed under arrest in connection with the promotion of another road, and is out under $2,000 bond, but has left the state and the authorities are looking for him now.

Merry has been in trouble many times before in connection with promotion schemes, but has always escaped arrest and prosecution.

Pullmans Begin Fight.

Chicago, May 19.—Legal warfare against the interstate commerce commission to prevent lowering of sleeping car rates as ordered by the committee, was begun here today in the filing of a bill for an injunction against the commission by General Solicitor Daniels of the Pullman company, with the clerk of the United States circuit court.

A hearing is expected next Wednesday.

The bill attacks the jurisdiction of the commission over the company and alleges that the company is not engaged in the business of furnishing transportation, merely renting its cars to the railroads as traveling hotels.

Meets Distinguished Men.

London, May 19.—Roosevelt spent the morning writing and reading. He saw no visitors.

At luncheon at Dorchester house, the former president met Lewis Harcourt, the first commissioner of public works. During his visit here he has met some forty men distinguished in the public life of Great Britain, including, with two or three exceptions, all the members of the cabinet. This afternoon Roosevelt called upon Emperor William at Buckingham palace.

Denver Goes "Wet"

Denver, Col., May 19.—The anti-saloon element which sought to make this city "dry," were beaten in the election yesterday by a majority of from 5,000 to 10,000.

Dog Lands Fugitives.

Mitchell, S. D., May 19.—Three men broke jail at Chamberlain, Sunday night, and Fire Marshal Craft went there with the state's bloodhound. Fourteen hours after the men got away the hound took up the scent and followed it south along the Missouri river bank until darkness set in.

In the morning, after a light rain had fallen, the hound was put to work again, and after traveling until 2 o'clock the following day and never losing the scent, the escaped prisoners were discovered twenty-five miles south of Chamberlain, concealed in some bluffs along the river bank.

New North Dakota Towns.

Towner, N. D., May 18.—Three new towns will be platted in the southern part of McHenry county as a result of the running of the new Ayr to Surrey cut-off line of the Great Northern through this section. The new towns will be known as Guthrie, Karlsruhue and Sincoe. Guthrie will be located seven miles south of Granville; Karlsruhue will be located ten miles north of Balfour while Sincoe will be just five miles from Drake. New banks will be established in each of these towns by the Tallman Investment company, headed by A. Tallman of Willmer, Minn.

FORGED TOTAL OF $43,000

EX-COUNTY AUDITOR ENTERS PLEA OF GUILTY.

Former Strong Man Has Grown Emaciated and Grey—Will Report to Judge Twice a Day.

Dickinson, N. D., May 18.—John B. White pleaded guilty in district court this morning to forgery in the second degree as charged in the state's information. He reports twice each day to Judge Goss until sentence is passed.

The courtroom was full when the ex-county auditor stood up before the judge. His crime is forging $43,000 in warrants during the past eight years.

He is not the strong, robust looking man that he was six months ago, when arrested. He is emaciated and gray.

U. S. MAY MEDIATE.

Offers Services to Peru and Ecuador to Prevent War.

Lima, Peru, May 18.—It is reported that the cabinet at a meeting today decided to accept the proposal for the United States, Brazil and Argentine for a joint mediation in the boundary dispute between Peru and Ecuador which has brought the two republics to the verge of war.

Washington, May 18.—Information received here today confirms the report from Lima that the United States, Argentina and Brazil will mediate between Peru and Ecuador to prevent hostilities. While no official acceptance has been received it is not doubted that both Ecuador and Peru will concur.

Small Boy Hero at Fire.

Detroit, Mich., May 18.—Dudley Lappin, 13 years old, made a hero of himself here by rescuing his 2-year-old baby brother from their burning home after the children's mother and a neighbor had been driven back by the flames and given the child up for lost.

The little boy had the presence of mind to throw his coat over his head. With this protection he groped his way through the smoke and fire to the baby's bed presently staggering out with the little one safe in his arms. The bed clothing had protected the infant from being burned and the boy rescuer escaped with painful though not serious burns.

Taft Didn't Say It.

Washington, May 18.—President Taft today authorized several of the administration senators to deny absolutely the stories in circulation during the past few days that President Taft had recently denounced the insurgents in unmistakable terms and had used language to which these statesmen took offense. The reports reached the White House today that some of the insurgents, smarting under what they had heard had been said of them, were determined to defeat the railroad bill and others of the president's measures, regardless of what might happen to them or to the party.

Officials Probe Explosion.

Canton, O., May 18.—State officials arrived from Columbus today and began investigation into the explosion of seven boilers at the plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Co. yesterday afternoon resulting in the death of fourteen men and the injury to a score more.

Although it is believed that no more bodies will be found, a careful search of the ruins is in progress.

At the hospitals physicians say that several of the seriously injured may die. The property loss on the wrecked plant has not been estimated but it will be large.

Catholic Notables Gather.

St. Paul, May 18.—Rev. Diomede Falconio, papal delegate to the United States, arrived in St. Paul today and is the guest of Archbishop Ireland. He is here to attend the ceremony of consecrating the six new bishops, which will take place on the grounds and in the chapel of St. Paul seminary.

For this notable event in the history of the Roman Catholic church, archbishops, bishops and priests from various parts of the United States are arriving in St. Paul today.

May Have Ferry Over Red.

Grafton, N. D., May 18.—Grafton is desirous of extending the limits of its territory and with that end in view the Business Men's club has taken up the question of establishing a ferry across the Red river ten miles east of here. If such a ferry were established, a great deal of trade would be attracted to the city from the Minnesota side—a trade which the city is not now able to secure.

Prepared for Comet.

Neenah, Wis., May 18.—Fearful that the rods might attract dangerous substances that might accompany the comet today, many farmers in this vicinity removed the rods from their homes and barns and took other extra precautions in the Polish settlement of the city. The families will remain in their homes in prayer.

Wait to See King's Body.

London, May 19.—The last day of lying in state of the body of King Edward brought a repetition of yesterday's scenes on an even larger scale. The resolute band of a thousand or so persons, mostly women, who had braved the storm throughout the night, was increased by a score of thousands before the sun rose.

Will Not Permit Bombardment.

Washington, May 18.—Commander Gilmer of the United States gunboat Paducah has served notice on General Irias who is in command of a war vessel that he will not permit a bombardment of the city of Bluefields, Nicaragua and has also notified General Madriz that he will not permit any armed conflict within city.

These notices were sent after General Irias had given notice of his intention to bombard the city should General Estrada not surrender in the meantime. General Estrada, it is learned, has refused to comply with the demand for surrender.

Merry Case Affirmed.

Bismarck, N. D., May 19.—The supreme court this noon handed down a decision affirming the verdict of the Stark county court in the case of Chas. F. Merry, charged with obtaining money under false pretense in connection with the promotion of a railroad between Dickinson and Minot.

Robber Shot in Fight.

Wapanucka, Okla., May 19.—In a running fight between a posse of citizens and a band of robbers who entered a bank here early today a member of the posse was shot.

ON LAST JOURNEY

BODY OF KING EDWARD REMOVED TO WESTMINSTER HALL LIES IN STATE.

CROWDS VIEW PARADE

First Part of Journey of Remains of Edward VII to Last Resting Place is Taken—Roosevelt Does Not Take Part.

London, May 17.—The body of King Edward VII, the peacemaker, was taken with stately pomp this morning, from Buckingham palace on the first stage of the journey to the grave and now lies in state in Westminister hall where hundreds of thousands will pay a last tribute to the dead monarch before the final passage through the streets of the capitol on Thursday.

The procession from Buckingham palace to Westminister hall passed through double lines of red coated soldiers flanked with rows of stalwart policemen and a mass of silent black garbed humanity. The buildings along the route were heavily draped with mourning.

German and other embassies in Carlton house terrace were covered with funeral palls of black and purple relieved occasionally by green wreaths and bouquets of white lilies. The first intimation that the crowd, which had been waiting for hours, had of the approach of the funeral cortege, was the booming of the first of sixty-eight minute guns which were fired at St. James park, followed by the tolling of "Big Ben," the great clock in the tower of the house of commons, which heretofore has been heard only as it struck the hours, and the roll of muffled drums.

Roosevelt, the special American ambassador to the funeral of King Edward, did not participate today in the ceremony attending the removal of the body of the king from Buckingham palace to Westminster hall. Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Roosevelt, Kermit, American Ambassador Reid and Mrs. Reid witnessed the procession from a house in Carlton house terrace, but Roosevelt spent the morning answering his accumulated correspondence.

The dominating characteristic of the procession was the impressive simplicity. There were 12,000 troops afoot and mounted and 1,000 sailors along the route, but in the procession itself, the largest body of uniformed men was massed bands of the guards. The regimant bands numbering 250 under Lieutenant Morgan, senior bandmaster of the British army, played the funeral marches.

Oppose Raise of Rates.

Chicago, May 17.—Vigorously opposing the proposed advance in freight rates which carriers in "official classification" territory and "western trunk line" territory have decided to make, shippers from all sections of the country gathered in conference here today at one of the largest meetings of shippers assembled for years.

The conference was called to order by W. H. Burn, vice president of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, under whose auspices the meeting is being held. A letter from Martin B. Madden, congressman from the First district of Illinois, explaining the provisions of a bill amending the Hepburn act, was read. A communication from Ohio C. Barber, chairman of the board of directors of the Diamond Match Co., urging united action, was also read. There were a large number of speakers.

All of the speakers declared the rates on many articles are already too high and that the carriers are wrong in their contention that higher rates are necessary to meet increased operating expenses.

Given to Committee.

Washington, May 17.—President Taft's explanation of the circumstances under which his letter, exonerating Secretary Ballinger from the Glavis charges and dismissing L. D. Glavis as prepared, was presented by Chairman Nelson to the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee when the hearings were resumed today. It will be printed as part of the record of the committee.

Lightning Hits Street Car.

Des Moines, May 17.—A street car well filled with men and girls on its way from the northern part of Des Moines downtown this morning, was hit by a bolt of lightning. John Jasper's leg was broken and J. Jackson was badly bruised in the panic which followed. The armature of the car was burned out, but the car was not otherwise damaged.

Noah is Again on Trial.

Minot, N. D., May 17.—The trial of Robert S. Noah, charged with the murder of Gus Johnson, a Kenmare homesteader and who on his first trial was sentenced to be hung, from which he was saved by the supreme court, will be tried this afternoon. It is generally understood that the case will be fought and that some interesting legal points are involved.

Forest Fire Extinguished.

Ashland, Wis., May 17.—A heavy soaking rain today is extinguishing the forest fires which have been burning here for weeks. They were the most destructive fires that ever occurred in this section.

Girl's Assailant Captured.

Winona, Minn., May 17.—Fifty miles from the scene of his alleged crime yesterday, in the village of Plainview, the authorities ran down George Rolien, 35 years old, after a sensational man hunt, in which several posses, including the constable, marshal and several residents of Plainview participated.

Rolien, it is alleged, attacked a 13-year-old girl while weeding onions in a patch in the outskirts of the village.

The girl's cries brought assistance and her assailant fled. Rolien has been employed in the village as a feather renovator for five weeks.

New North Dakota Towns.

Towner, N. D., May 18.—Three new towns will be platted in the southern part of McHenry county as a result of the running of the new Ayr to Surrey cut-off line of the Great Northern through this section. The new towns will be known as Guthrie, Karlsruhue and Sincoe. Guthrie will be located seven miles south of Granville; Karlsruhue will be located ten miles north of Balfour while Sincoe will be just five miles from Drake. New banks will be established in each of these towns by the Tallman Investment company, headed by A. Tallman of Willmar, Minn.

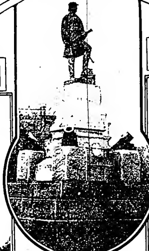
Statues of War-time Heroes

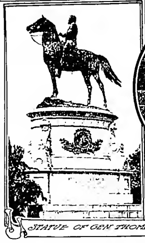
by WALDON FAWCETT

STATUE OF GEN HANCOCK

STATUE OF GEN LOGAN

Photographs by WALDON FAWCETT


STATUE OF ADMIRAL FARRAGUT


STATUE OF GEN THOMAS

STATUE OF GEN SHERMAN

RECENT arrangements for the completion this year of a $250,000 statue to Gen. U. S. Grant and the unveiling of a statue to Gen. Phil Sheridan, the dashing cavalry leader of the Civil war, following close upon the dedication of [illegible] bronze figures of Generals [illegible] and McClellan, betokens the [illegible] of the American people to [illegible] through their representatives [illegible] a most notable testimony [illegible] sculpture to the leaders of the [illegible] Union. No other country [illegible] such pretentious [illegible] to the heroes of any conflict [illegible]

[illegible] counterfeit presentment [illegible] marble and bronze the saviors of the republic will cost the nation [illegible] millions of dollars, [illegible] it will be worth all it costs [illegible] patriotism for coming generations. [illegible] labor of gratitude has been in [illegible] for some years past, and already a [illegible] of the foremost warriors in the [illegible] have been thus honored. Of late, however, the importance has been emphasized [illegible] the increasingly elaborate character of the monuments erected. The climax [illegible] year [illegible] hence, with the [illegible] that splendid memorial to General Grant, for which the congress of the [illegible] has appropriated a quarter of a [illegible] for the foundation of which [illegible] been set aside in the shadow of [illegible] States capitol.

[illegible] claim to military [illegible] relatively small, the national [illegible] the city of Washington, [illegible] coming year by year to [illegible] more and more the character [illegible] in architecture [illegible] and landscape gardening [illegible] the property of the whole [illegible]. The statues to the victors in [illegible] between the north and [illegible] positions in [illegible] located of [illegible] with which the [illegible] abounds—verdure [illegible] which seem as [illegible] have been specially [illegible] for just such [illegible]. Some of the [illegible] under the shadow of the [illegible] the White [illegible] are placed [illegible] inspiration in [illegible] to the capital.

[illegible] of the [illegible] the military heroes of the [illegible] due to the [illegible] all of them are equestrian. [illegible] in all countries [illegible] on horseback" [illegible] royal personages, or [illegible] commanders of [illegible] the title of com- [illegible]. The first equestrian statue [illegible] in the Western Hemisphere [illegible] George III of [illegible], which stood in Bowling [illegible] of Broadway, New York, and which during the war [illegible] was melted up and [illegible] by patriotic daughters of Miss Columbia.

[illegible] oldest equestrian monument [illegible] in the New World is a [illegible] of Charles IV. of Spain, in the City of Mexico. The initial [illegible] statue in the United States [illegible] one of Gen. Andrew [illegible] which stands in the park directly in front of the White House at Washington. It is estimated that there [illegible] equestrian statues in the [illegible] of which number the city on the Potomac will have, with the completion of the Grant memorial, a total of 12, most of them representations of [illegible] heroes.

The first statue arranged for in [illegible] of a warrior identified with the Civil war was that in which Gen. Winfield Scott is depicted mounted on a charger at rest. This monument was ordered in 1857, and was erected [illegible] years later. General Scott is [illegible] uniform of lieutenant general. The material for the figures of horse [illegible] rider was derived from cannon [illegible] during the Mexican war in which General Scott won his greatest [illegible]. The pedestal for this statue is [illegible] large pieces of granite cut in Cape Ann quarries, and at the time they were obtained, the largest pieces of granite ever cut from quarries in this country.

Next came the erection of a statue to Gen. James B. McPherson. This was erected through the efforts of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, and it was intended that the monument should constitute McPherson's tomb. Beneath the statue is a vault designed to receive the body of the gallant officer killed near Atlanta, but such interment was never made. The statue represents McPherson as he led in battle. In his right hand he holds field glasses and is portrayed as gazing deliberately over a field of battle.

Surpassingly inspiring and magnificent is the statue erected to Gen. George H. Thomas by his comrades of the Army of the Cumberland in 1874. The "Rock of Chickamauga" is represented reining in his horse in order that he may obtain a better view of a field of battle. J. Q. A. Ward is the sculptor of this masterpiece, and every person who has seen it will readily agree with the art critics that there is not in the whole range of the world's sculpture so splendid a representation of a horse as the charger on which the Virginian is seated.

A fine equestrian statue of General Hancock was unveiled in 1896. Alike to the Thomas statue, the pose is one of action, the hero of Gettysburg being portrayed as a commander watchful and alert in the center of activities. The statue of General Logan, the first of the memorials to be unveiled during the present century, is unique in many respects. General Logan is represented as riding along the line of battle his sword drawn and carried low in his right hand. The horse is represented in the attitude of moving at a slow trot. On one face of the pedestal of the monument is a group representing General Logan with other leading officers of the Army of the Tennessee, while opposite is a group representing General Logan taking the oath of office as United States senator, administered by Vice-President Arthur.

All of these equestrian statues have cost considerable sums. The General Scott statue cost $20,000, and the pedestal $25,000 more. The bronze figure of McPherson cost $23,000, and the pedestal $25,000. The sum of $40,000 was paid for Ward's matchless statue of Thomas, and $25,000 for the pedestal. The statue of General Hancock involved the expenditure of $49,000 all told, and the Logan statue cost $65,000, of which sum congress appropriated $50,000. As has been said, the maximum expenditure will be made in the case of the great memorial to General Grant, upon which at least $250,000 will be expended.

Because no definite program was followed in honoring the heroes of the Civil war, it came about that some of the lesser leaders were commemorated in bronze ere the greatest Union leaders received homage in this form. However, the past few years has witnessed the beginning of compensation in this direction. The first step was the provision of a heroic equestrian statue, with an attendant group of symbolic figures of Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman.

Next after the Sherman statue came the statue to McClellan, which shows "Little Mac" seated upon a splendid charger, and portrays the great organizer of the Union army wearing the service cap which became familiar to all the boys in blue who followed him. Now the nation has added to its open-air gallery of fame a statue of Gen. Phil Sheridan.

MODERN SCULPTURE FOR OUR BATTLEFIELDS

BY WALDON FAWCETT

DESIGNING THE NATION'S BATTLEFIELD MEMORIALS

CARVING A BATTLEFIELD MONUMENT

PHOTOS COPYRIGHT BY WALDON FAWCETT

CHISELING WITH A COMPRESSED AIR TOOL

THE MAKING of battlefield monuments and memorials has developed into an important industry in the United States during the past few years. This is due, first of all, to the increase in the number and size of our battlefield national parks. It is now the policy of the national government, ably seconded by most of the state governments, to convert into national parks the tracts of land in the southern and middle states which were the scenes of the great battles of the Civil war. Each year sees new reservations of this kind acquired by purchase of congress or through other means and set aside as permanent testimonials of the nation's gratitude to the men who fought and died there. Keeping pace with the creation of new parks is the policy of extension being pursued with reference to the older established battlefield parks which have not included at the outset—as few of them have—the entire areas embraced in the battle which they commemorate.

A second and even more direct influence in fostering the present activity in the creation of memorials in marble and bronze is the custom which has grown up with the development of the battlefield park plan of suitably marking every historic spot at the scene of a great struggle between the Union and Confederate forces. This explains the dozens and even hundreds of statues, monuments and markers that are now to be found in the average important battlefield park. Some of the monuments are erected by appropriation of congress or by funds set aside by the legislatures of states that desire to thus honor their sons who fought in defense of the flag. An even greater number of these enduring tributes, however, have been erected by organizations made up of the survivors of companies, troops, batteries, regiments or other minor divisions of a contesting army and who take this means of testifying to their regard for their fallen comrades.

Perhaps the best evidence of the extent to which modern sculpture is being relied upon to commemorate the deeds and the heroes of the greatest of civil wars is afforded by a tour of the Gettysburg National park. Here, lining more than 100 miles of carefully prepared roadway and marking every significant point in the three days' battle, are a total of more than 400 monuments, memorial shafts and tablets and more than 1,000 markers. Many of these testimonials in marble, granite and bronze are elaborate and costly and the aggregate cost amounts to several million dollars. And yet on this battlefield as elsewhere the labor of love is only partially completed. Numerous other monuments are definitely projected and yet others are in contemplation.

The provision of monuments in ever-increasing numbers for the battlefields (of which Gettysburg is only one) would indeed be an appalling task were it necessary to laboriously chisel out of marble by hand all the statues and carved figures. However, modern ingenuity has provided means for effective "short cuts" in battlefield sculpture—expedients that make it possible to unveil a monument within a few months after the money for it has been appropriated. Many of the present-day battlefield memorials are in bronze and in the cast of such a monument it is only necessary to model the figure in plaster. Molds are taken from this and when forwarded to the foundry enable the casting of the figure in bronze—a replica or exact duplicate of the original design which the sculptor fashioned in the clay or plaster.

The correspondingly rapid creation of granite or marble statues presented for a long time more of a problem, but it has been solved and largely by the invention of some wonderful new tools and appliances which make the long-dreamed-of "sculpture by machinery" a reality. The machines, or rather tools, which now perform in minutes what the old-time hand chiseler required hours to accomplish, are all operated by means of compressed air, utilized in much the same way that

At each one of these modern monument making institutions the air is compressed at a central power plant and is led by means of pipes and hose to the various localities where the mechanical chiseling is to be done. The designs for a statue or monument are first prepared by draftsmen and are then outlined on the stones to be cut. With these markings as a guide a workman manipulating one of the portable pneumatic tools can carve out quickly and with great accuracy the intended design. The principle of the superiority of the mechanical carver is that it rains hundreds of blows a minute, whereas the artisan with mallet and chisel would not deliver more than one or two blows. It can be appreciated that the surface to be cut is covered much more rapidly by the machine method, and moreover the air-driven chisel will cut more accurately and with greater uniformity than any save the most expert sculptor unaided.

Youth a Financial Genius

Boy Speculator Who Seems Likely to Become a Great Wall Street Magnate.

At Sweetwater he had a chance to see how luck sometimes works for a company of barnstormers. The hotel was huge, but we saw very few people about. As I recall the situation, this was a farming section, and we had to stay over night at the expense of $22. The son of the proprietor asked if we would "put up a show." We demurred. We had counted hardly a dozen noses, and thought it not worth while to unpack our trunks.

He took up to the top floor and showed us a dance hall nearly 40 feet square. "Now," he said, "I'll give you $25 and a good time to put up a show for some of my friends. What do you say?"

It was enough to cover expenses and we agreed. We hung some portieres on wires and gave vaudeville sketches and skits ad libitum to an audience of a hundred or more. The young speculator had hitched up two four-horse rigs and scoured the country for an audience. He charged three dollars a couple and returned them in his wagons. The hotel people got up a supper at 25 cents a plate and thus got their money back.

We had the time of our lives, for after our little performance we mingled with the natives and joined the merry dance. The young man lived far away from the madding crowd, but he was up to date, and made at least a hundred dollars by his little venture, and every one was satisfied.—Wide World Magazine.

True Definition of Conceit.

Conceit is vanity driven from all other shifts and forced to appeal to itself for admiration.—Hazlitt.

Onion Hard to Trace.

The onion has been so long in cultivation that its original form is not definitely known. There are so-called wild onions that grow in the woods. Nobody ever tastes them but once, and there is about the taste no suggestion that cultivation or anything else could ever make them grateful to the human palate. In all probability the onion is a native of western Asia and adjacent parts of Africa, since it is mentioned in old Egyptian writings and the Pentateuch.

Minnesota Farmer

What He Is Doing and Saying—News of the State Farm School:

The Typhoid Fly.

Prof. Washburn, chief of the entomological division of the department of Agriculture at St. Anthony Park, says the house fly, better named the typhoid fly, passing the winter as a perfect insect, or as a pupa, now appearing in alarming numbers, is laying her eggs which will quickly hatch into maggots. These reach mature growth in from six to seven days, and after resting about the same time become a perfect fly. It breeds in manure piles, in decaying vegetables, in sewage, in waste from the human intestines and in other filth. The typhoid fly does not bite, but sucks or laps up its food in a liquid state, and, crawling over bread, pastry, candy, vegetables and other articles of human food, infects it with bacteria, which, taken into the human system, causes intestinal disorders, typhoid fever, tuberculosis (consumption), &c. This filthy insect is found to be a serious menace to human health by the discovery of disease germs on its feet and body. One hundred thousand bacteria have been found under the microscope on the body of a single fly, known to have been in contact with matter voided from the human intestine. These flies, crawling over human food, infect it with deadly germs, and inoculate wounds and abrasions on the skin with loathsome disease. It may be the cause of epidemics suddenly appearing in a community for which no reason can be assigned.

The remedies are screened windows and doors, fly paper, sticky or poisoned, doing away with manure heaps, covering of slops, filth, swill barrels, and through sterilizing of intestinal discharges from patients suffering with typhoid or other fevers, or infectious diseases, before being emptied into sewer or cesspool or otherwise deposited where flies can have access to them. Prof. F. L. Washburn, University Farm, St. Paul, will send without charge bulletins treating upon the eradication of flies and other household insects to all who apply for them.

Moths In the House.

Moths are a serious menace to furs, feathers and woolen goods during May, June, July, August and September. The Entomological division of the state department of agriculture advises shaking or brushing articles of clothing on which eggs, visible with the naked eye, are found and then storing them in air tight receptacles. When carefully packed in such receptacles put a few ounces of carbon bisulphide into a saucer-shaped dish and set it on top of the goods, closing the cover tightly. Don't open for several days. In a week or ten days later a second fumigation may take place. The carbon bisulphide vapor is fatal to insect life, but as its effect on the eggs is not quite so certain two or three such fumigations during the summer are advised. The carbon bisulphide vapor is heavier than air, will penetrate everything in the box, and is not injurious to garments. It is explosive and no artificial light or matches should be used near it. It may be purchased of druggists in pint cans.

Camphor, napthaline, moth balls and cedar wood are only repellants. They do not destroy insects nor eggs. Closets, attics and other out of the way places are prolific breeding places of moths. Clothing subject to attack by moths should never be stored in them.

Green Cabbage Worms.

A farmer at St. Vincent wrote to the Extension Division for a remedy for the Green Cabbage Worm. The Entomologist of the Experiment Station suggests the following:

Paris green or arsenate of lead in water during the season as frequently as occasion demands on cabbages. Cabbages can be sprayed with any arsenical up to within a few weeks of gathering. They are not easily injured by Paris green, and some growers use it as strong as 3 pounds in 50 gallons of water. Arsenate of lead could be used the same strength with perfect safety, and it has the advantage over Paris green of sticking longer on the leaf.

A quart of soft soap, or eight quarts of strong soap-suds should be used in every 50 gallons of liquid to insure its spreading over the leaf.

Hand picking of the green worms can be resorted to, and it is worth while to pay children a little bit to kill the white butterflies hovering over the fields of cabbages and cauliflowers. The females of these butterflies lay the eggs which produce the green cabbage worm.

Experiments have shown that it is perfectly safe to use Paris green on cabbage up to within two weeks of gathering.

Hay For the Horse.

The agricultural authorities both of North Dakota and of the Minnesota Experiment station agree that a pound of hay per day per hundred pounds of weight of the horse to which it is fed is sufficient. Over feeding of hay results frequently in heaves and indigestion. It is advised to limit the amount of hay a work horse is given to avoid serious results consequent upon working on too full a stomach. Colts, however, may be fed all the hay they will eat.

Shallow and Frequent Cultivation, with a liberal application of manure, together with continued selection of early maturing ears of corn for seed, have enabled farmers in Northern Minnesota to produce from 25 to 30 bushels of Minnesota No. 23 corn per acre. This variety is known as White Cap Yellow Dent and originated at the state experiment station. To educate farmers in originating, developing and selecting their own seed grains will be the object of the Good Seed Institutes next winter to be held in various parts of the state.

Make Better Roads.

The farmer is the greatest user of the highways, and the better the roads are the larger loads he can haul to market, and the larger will be his profit. In some localities Progressive Road Leagues have been organized. Each farmer agrees to give personal attention to road work along his farm at all seasons. Farmers have not regarded this as burdensome because they do the work at odd times when other work cannot be advantageously done. The King road drag is the most useful implement for this work. Each farmer can provide himself with one for a dollar or two, and after a rain he can go over the road along his farm and improve it for travel. Directions for making a King road drag may be had without cost, by writing the Division of Agricultural Extension, University Farm, St. Paul.

Bull Thistles, Common in Pastures, cannot always be killed by mowing. Mowing tends to prevent maturity of seed. Cutting off the thistles just below the surface of the ground, two or three times a year, will effectually eradicate them. Working the ground in rotation of grass, grain and corn is a very sure way of eradication.

Manuring the Soil, the prime object of which is to increase the crop yielding capacity, may be done with stable manure, commercial fertilizer, or by plowing under green vegetation, such as clover, grasses, and weeds—before their seeds ripen. To justify the practice the increase in product from the soil must be more than enough to offset the cost of fertilizers and labor employed. Good profits almost invariably result from the application of barnyard manure and plowing under green crops.

Relation of Hay and Manure. Wheat, corn and other crops are no more improved by rotation than hay. The Minnesota Experiment Station shows that a plot continuously cut for hay the past fifteen years has given an average yield of 1.73 tons per acre, while on a plot under a three-year rotation of wheat, clover and corn, hay has yielded the past ten years an average of 2.9 tons per acre. In a five-year rotation of wheat, timothy and clover, pasture oats and corn the hay has yielded an average of 3.9 tons per acre since 1900. Eight tons of manure were applied once in five years on the five-year rotation plat. There is money in manure.

Rape For Hogs. A little rape may be sown on the out-of-the-way places on the farm for poultry and hogs. It will pay the farmer better than weeds which usually grow on such land. Rape is full of nutriment. Pasture, however, of any kind,—clover, alfalfa or any of the grasses, affords good food for pigs, and it is so much cheaper than grain foods that it is surprising that more farmers do not fence in tracts and sow the land to grazing crops for their swine. Beside furnishing cheap feed, pastures furnish the minumum amount of labor in caring for the flock. This is proven by experience at the Minnesota Experiment Station.

Rape a Quick Crop. Rape will produce pasture feed in from six weeks to two months after sowing for all stock that will eat it, and is available earlier than most green crops as feed. It may be eaten when young without injury. It also furnishes pasture until late in the summer if sown six to eight weeks before wanted. Experience at the Experiment Station, St. Anthony Park, has demonstrated these facts.

The Minnesota Experiment station does not advocate the spending of money for an incubator unless one is prepared to devote enough time and study to the hatching of eggs to make it a profitable investment. If an incubator is used it should be placed in a room specially prepared for it, where it can be the least disturbed by the changing temperature.

Late Summer Pasture. Nothing in the opinion of the Minnesota Experiment station produces a more satisfactory growth of swine, as a late pasture food in Minnesota, than peas sown at the rate of two or three bushels per acre. When the peas are perfectly ripe the field may be turned over to the pigs. They "will do the rest."

The Minnesota Experiment station has found through a brief experimentation that pullets hatched in April and May will develop into best winter layers. It is easier to get strong, fertile eggs during those months than later in the summer.

The Experiment station at University Farm has never been able to discover a way of telling, before placing in an incubator or under a hen, whether an egg will hatch or if it will produce a rooster or pullet.

In setting hens, or in incubating artificially, the Minnesota Experiment station has found best results by selecting eggs of a uniform size, with smooth shell and as perfectly formed as possible.

Harrowing Corn after it is planted is looked upon at the Experiment station as somewhat hazardous because the harrow is sure to injure some of the hills. After the farmer has planted his corn he cannot afford to lose any portion of his field through unwise cultivation. Planting corn more thickly will not compensate for the loss as the harrow does not strike all hills alike, and is too liable to leave too many stalks in one hill and too few in another. Harrowing before planting is the better practice. Cultivate afterward.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Does not Color the Hair

Hair falling out? Troubled with dandruff? Want more hair? An elegant dressing?

Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.

We believe doctors endorse this formula, or we would not put it up.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Does not Color the Hair

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] KING C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

There is no worse reason for running a man for office than the fact that he needs it.

Now if the president could only find African missions for Ballinger and Wickersham.

Secretary Ballinger is said to be in favor of universal peace and the disarmament of the newspapers.

Joe Cannon is getting a lot of inexpensive fun. He's continually taking a joy ride on a hot air wagon.

Congressman Tawney has discovered that Southern hospitality and chivalry are not appropriate topics for criticism.

It is likely that Minnesota will have another congressman after the reapportionment. It is hoped that northern Minnesota will have a few more members of the legislature, too.

Minnesota has a lieutenant governor again in the person of Senator Ed. Smith. Although there is a question with regard to his eligibility, there is not likely to be occasion to raise the question.

Cass Lake Times: President Taft's insistence in demanding a tariff commission with a view to a revision "if necessary"—is to put it mildly—a slam at his insistence that the present tariff bill is the best ever passed.

The Stillwater Gazette declares that Democratic papers are charging the failure of Haley's comet to the Republican party. Perhaps the Gazette is right. We wouldn't wonder if the comet's tears of pity have taken all the shine off.

The John S. Kennedy Inheritance tax case has been settled by Attorney General George T. Simpson, acting for the state, for $315,325.25. Kennedy was a New York millionaire and heavy stock holder in the Great Northern Railway company.

Frank A. Day underwent an operation at the Cobb hospital at St. Paul last week. It was eminently successful and in a few days Frank expects to be "whooping 'er up" again. It takes something more than a surgical operation to daunt Frank's opitmistic spirit.

President Taft has at last concluded that he needs a new secretary—even the Minnesota brand being unequal to the emergency. Mr. Carpenter had little training for the responsible duties of a private secretary of the president, and it is small wonder that he made a failure of the job.

The Breckenridge Telegram is strongly opposed to the churches opening their doors to the meetings of the Anti-Saloon League, arguing that it opens the way for active participation in politics by the church organizations. We are disposed to disagree with the Telegram. The church people are sponsors for the moral sentiment of the community, and they can perform a greater good by discussing present-day needs than by quibbling over the academic propositions of predestination or the mistakes of Moses. The great need of the day is a church militant unafraid to denounce what it conceives to be wrong. This is not bringing the church into politics. It is making it a power for righteousness.

THE PEOPLE WANT LIND.

Unless John Lind is a wizard it will be impossible for him to put aside the nomination for governor. The demand comes from every corner of the state and all places between. It looks now as though Lind would be nominated in spite of anything he can say or do to avoid it. And John Lind isn't the man to shirk a fight or refuse the unanimous call of his party. The Duluth Herald in a lengthy editorial, has this to say:

"In each one of the eighty-five counties of Minnesota the demand is that John Lind shall be nominated. The unanimity of that demand is a rare compliment. It is one that comes to few men in any state. It is a high tribute to the ability and citizenship of the man it honors. It is a testimonial that neither he nor the leaders of the party can afford to ignore.

"In the face of such a demand as this, Mr. Lind's personal inclinations must give way to duty. That he does not care to be elected does not abate the ardor of those who wish him to be elected governor. It may even be that it increases that ardor, for the people often tire of those who constantly importune them for office, and prefer to fill their high places with men whose calibre is such that they need not seek office for livelihood, notority or temporary eminence.

"There is no doubt about the demand. It is for John Lnid. The people want him to be the Democratic candidate and if he becomes the Democratic candidate they will make him the governor, putting him back in the place he filled with great credit to himself and to the state ten years ago.

"There are other men in the Democratic party who would make good candidates. There are other Democrats who would make good governors. There are other men who could be elected on the Democratic ticket. But neither these facts nor the fact that John Lind prefers to evade rather than seek the office have any influence with the people. They want Mr. Lind and they demand his nomination.

"In such circumstances it is the plain duty of the Democratic party to nominate Mr. Lind for governor. In such circumstances, it is the plain duty of Mr. Lind to accept the nomination. The state needs him, the people demand him."

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

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Baked Potatoes

They're a feature of the Northern Pacific's Dining Car service. They weigh at least two pounds apiece. They are fine. So is the service in general. Tender meats, good fish, eggs from our own poultry farm; bread, cakes, pies and ice cream made at our own bakeries in Seattle and St. Paul, Washington creamery butter, milk in individual bottles, whipped cream for coffee.

All prepared by expert chefs and served by experienced waiters—a corps of Dining Car Instructors is maintained to keep the service "up to the handle."

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Provides service that sets the pace—not only in its Dining Cars, but all the way through.

Several electric-lighted trains east and west every day. Low Summer Tourist Fares.

Let me help you plan your trip.

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ST. PAUL, MINN.

NORTHERN PACIFIC
YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

The Scenic Highway through the Land of Fortune

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: Don't get the walking fad. It's too expensive; it's worse than riding in street cars. Walking will make you hungry, you'll eat more, and this add to the high cost of living.

Albert Lea Standard: Senator Clapp is performing well as an insurgent and well knows every hypocrite and stool pidgeon of the interests, yet favors the re-election of Jim Tawney. Where, will somebody explain, is Senator Clapp really at?

Floodwood Broadax: And now, the lumber men claim the fires that have been raging in northern Minnesota were due to the brush burning law. Surest thing. Never heard of a forest fire until that law went into effect.

Virginia Eterprise: The Gilbert Herald avers in speaking of the apparent love of the range press for Congressman Miller, that "when the time arrives all the boys will line up for Miller and deliver the goods. Perhaps so, "when the time arrives." But like the tail to Halley's comet that time will forget to arrive.

Pinecton Union: The Catholic Colonization society is doing much toward settling up Minnesota lands, and the immigrants which it is bringing here are a very desireable class—people who are fairly well to do and experienced tillers of the soil. They will make excellent citizens and will no doubt become Americanized in short order. The colonization society is entitled to credit for its good work.

Painted Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Jealousy has no mercy for its victims.

Marriage is seldom what it is contracted to be.

Many a man tries to stand on his rights who hasn't any.

Did you ever hear of a burglar trying to break into society?

If time were money, most of us wouldn't have much to spare.

His Satanic majesty boosted his business when he invented politics.

A pessimist defies society as a lot of nobodies who talk about nothing.

Did it ever occur to you to try your own advice before turning it over to others?

The man who married for money should be willing to take the humilation that goes with it.

Probably the easiest kind of an easy mark is the man who labors under the delusion that he understands women.

A company that will insure a man against his wife's relations would secure more patronage than any other insurance company.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The prize husband has never been born yet.

It's easy to admire a man to his face when he will do something for you for it.

Children have a good time until they get old enough to learn it doesn't cost them anything.

It's a great comfort to a woman to feel that any minute her husband might learn to appreciate her.

A man thinks he's full of logic to remember the states that were in the geography he studied.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
May 26th, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor, persnant to Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met in the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn. at 10:00 o'clock A. M. May 26th, A. D. 1910, for the hearing and considering of the petition of John J. Sorum and others for a public ditch located wholly within the County of Red Lake, Minn.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman at 10:00 o'cleok A. M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The petition of John J. Sorum and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the horad and read and the board being satisfied that the conditions of Chapter 230 of the saws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commisioner Pigeon seconded by commissioner Demann and carried unanimousy the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed dich was adopted.

In the Matter of the Petiition of John J. Sorum and Others For Locating and Constructing County Ditch No. 50 in the County of Ded Lake State of Minnesota

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, SS

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 19th day of April 1910 signed by John J. Sorum and others praying for the thalishment of a County ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 50 the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and the proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the County Auditor of said County, as by law required:

And, Whereas, It appears by a stisfactory proof to the County Board of Red Lake county, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law:

Now, Therefore, We the county board of said county, at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is taken by people in tropical countries all the year round. It stops wasting and keeps up the strength and vitality in summer as well as winter.

ALL DRUGGISTS

230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county, on or before the 15th day of August, 1910.

Dated May 26th, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
of Red Lake County.

Attest: A. A. Laendresse,
County Auditor.

On motion made by Commissioner Aubol, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by John J. Sorum and others, designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 50, was made.

In the matter of the petition of John J. Sorum and others for County Ditch No. 50 in the county of Red State of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss

Whereas, a petition bearing date the 19th day of April, A. D. 1910, signed by John J. Sorum and others praying for the establisement of a ditch in saidcounty, desidgnated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 50 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a propor bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county; and said county audilor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition and said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition persnont to said notice: and the County Board of said County have heretofore duly appointed a competant engineer, to-wit: C. H. Mortz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now Therefore, We, The County Board of said County at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint A. R. Jones and Alfred Lindquist and Otto Zaiser three resident freeholders of said County, who are not interseted in the construction of said propesed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of the said peposed work and of the route thereof. The soid veiwers shall first toke an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such vewers aod of the order of the County Auditor of said County designating the time and place of the first meeting of the said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the County Auditor adforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefited thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said County Auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the nome of the owner of each tract of land to be benefited or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract so benefited or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the County tax duplicates of said county, and the descriptien to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be) so the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change or any water course and the location and volne of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such rood will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefit, togelter with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separatly. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and the branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In moking said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chaptter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amedatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairmon.

Dated this 26th day of May, A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimousyl that the board adjourn sine die.

C. A. LIDQUIST,
Chariman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

Bids Wanted.

Wylie, Minn, May 14, 1910.

Sealed bids will be received until Saturday, June 11, 1910, for the erection of a frame school house in District No. 69, Red Lake County. Building is to be 20x36, 10 foot posts. Contract is to be let for work of construction of building only as material is to be furnished and foundation construction by the district. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the clerk with whom the bids are to be filed.

C. A. LINDQUIST
Clerk.

m19-je2

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids are invited for the plumbing and heating of the court house now being constructed for Red Lake county at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications as prepared by Frement D. Orff, architect, and now on file in the office of the county auditor of said county. Plans and specifications can also be seen at the office of the architect, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

The board of county commissioners of said county will meet at the temporary office of the county auditor in the Sortedahl building in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 17th day of June, A. D., 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted and to let the contract for said plumbing and heating. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite further bids.

All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of said meeting. A certified check for ten per cent of the amount bid payable to the county auditor, must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., May 17th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

(County Auditor's Seal) m19-je2

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } SS

In the Matter of the Petition of Christian O. Nygaard and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 44.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 44. A description of said ditch and the land over and through which it passes is as follows. The said ditch is located within the townships one hundred-fifty three (153) and One hundred fifty four (154) Range forty one (41). Commencing at a point two (2) rods west and twenty (20) feet north of the southeast corner of section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred fifty-four (154) Range forty-one (41) thence running due west along the south side of section thirty-four (34), thirty three (33) and section thirty two (32) of aforesaid township and range and north of section three (3) four -4- and five -5- township one hundred fifty three -153- to a point twenty-20 feet north and twenty feet east of the south west corner of section thirty-two -32- Township one hundred fifty four -154-, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty feet east of the section line between sections five -5- and six-6-, seven-7- and eight-8- and sections seventeen and eighteen -18- to the Red Lake River where the said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Branch of Ditch Number 44.

A description of said branch and the land over and through which it passes is as follows.

The said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-four -154- Range forty one -41-. Commencing at a point twenty -20- feet east of the northwest corner of section twenty -20- thence running due south parallel with and twenty -20- feet east of the section line between sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20) twenty nine (29) and thirty (30) and sections thirty one (31) and thirty two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirty two (32) where said branch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 44 as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit: Frank Kratchoill, Andrew John Anderson, Andrew Sanders, Andrew Rickson, Kjartan Stensgaard, Charles Rodthe, Andrew B. Larson, Joseph Piecek, Sigvart A. Ruslad, Joseph Hruby, Andy C. Hurt, Olaf Trotten, Edith E. Quist, Albert Bakken, Valarga Benka, Barner L. Levas, Halvor H. Olson, Ulric Rak, J. J. Vorachek, Jim Krile, Frank Przybyszeski, John Vokoc, Joseph Volina, Harold Johnson, Segard Olson Grolld, Haverk Strande, Levi O. Robertson, Nels A. Luborg, Annie Pescinski, Mary Robertson, Ole P. Skukkerud, Christ Strandjord, Josephine Maresh, Hans Olson, Michael J. Ford, Albert S. Swanson, Hookon A. Tronnes, John Watson, Carl Hatlin, Knut T. Nordgard, Ane Ommundson, Borney E. Frieman, Knut Bjorge, Aslak Olson, Christian P. Brorby, Ole O. Legrold, Knut T. Knudson, Herman R. Leslin, Pliny H. Wright, Herman R. Leslin, Gunder Olson, Daniel Anderson, David Ross, Ludvig J. Larson, Hans Johnson, Town of Cloverleaf, Town of Krarka, State of Minnesota, and the United States and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 17th day of June 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
(County Auditor's Seal) Minnesota.
m26-je9

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake } SS

In the Matter of the Petition of R. M. Johnson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 45.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a Petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 45.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—

The said ditch is located wholly within the Township one hundred fifty-three (153), Range forty-one (41); commencing at a point four hundred (400) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between Sections nine (9) and ten (10), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between Sections nine (9) and ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), and Sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) to the Red Lake river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet, as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the consruction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

John Watson, Carl Hatlin, Ane Omundson, Albert M. Cunningham, Nels Berg, Daniel Anderson, Tohias Eidum, Gulbrand Rolfson, Lars Brenden, Earnest L. Quist, Ole T. Gullingsrud, Sam Knutson, Joseph Klien, Swan J. Gjerwold, Erik O. Gullingsrud, Hans Jorstad, Ole Olson Roisland, David Ross, Rasmus Martin Johnson, Carl Jensen, Knut K. Austin, the Township of Kratka, the State of Minnesota and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to veiw the same have completed their work and filed their report in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

m26-je9 A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
[Seal] Minnesota

For Sale—One registered Durham bull, four-years old. Call at my farm in section 17, Poplar River Township, or write S. J. Premo, Brooks, Minn. 12m26

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.

S. R. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

AN ABSOLUTELY PURE FLOUR

MASCOT

"It's all the wheat that's fit to eat."

Sold by enterprising grocers anywhere.

Always uniform and always pure.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry

EXCURSION BULLETIN

May 30—Decoration Day. Fare and one-third between all stations.

June 1 to Sept. 30—Summer Tourist Fares to Eastern Canada, New York and New England.

June 3 to July 30—Every Friday. Low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 7-15-22—Annual Spring Excursions to Cheboygan, Alpena, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo. Usual low fares.

July 11-17—Elks National Convention, Detroit, Mich.

Watch for announcement of other excursions.

For particulars apply to

A. J. Perrin, General Agent,
Duluth, Minnesota

Summons.

State of Minnesota
County of Red Lake } SS
District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

Bert Butler, Plaintiff.
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. Hellstedt, Theresa Hellstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendents.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendents:

YOU, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State aforesaid, within twenty days after the service of said summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake } SS
District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District.

Bert Butler, Plaintiff
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. Hellstedt, Theresa Hellstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this Court by the above named Plaintiff against the above named Defendents the object purpose and design of which is to foreclose by action and secure a sale of the premises hereinafter described in such proceedings, that certain Mortgage bearing date the 7th day of November, 1905, duly made and executed by Anton Gerster and Elizabeth Gerster, his wife, as Mortgagors, unto the above named Plaintiff as Mortgagee, and which said Mortgage was duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M. and duly recorded therein in Book "11" of Mortgages on page 486.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and are described as follows:

The West one half (W½) of Section twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-Two (152) North; Range Forty-five (45) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 320 acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey.

Dated May 13, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Office of Register of Deeds,
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of May A. D. 1910, at 4:20 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 331.

FRANK JEFFERS
Register of Deeds.
je23 By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Overreached Himself.

A doctor living in a country town near London was notoriously fond of good living. He had accepted an invitation to dine with friends, but as he climbed their steps he smelled venison cooking in the kitchen next door.

The neighbors being also his friends, he resolved to drop in on them unexpectedly to partake of the venison. They pressed him to share their informal dinner, but when he refused both soup and fish his host began to apologize for the simple fare.

The doctor then confessed that he was waiting for the venison, which he had smelled as he came in.

"Oh, that venison," said his entertainer, "we were roasting to oblige our neighbors, who have a dinner party next door."

Duty.

Duty is a power which rises with us in the morning and goes to rest with us at night. It is coextensive with the action of our intelligence. It is the shadow which cleaves to us, go where we will, and which only leaves us when we leave the light of life.

CAKE, hot biscuit, hot breads, pastry, are lessened in cost and increased in quality and wholesomeness, by

ROYAL Baking Powder

Bake the food at home and save money and health

LYLE CULVERTS

MADE FROM AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES ARE RUST PROOF

LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth

NICK DREES

WELL DIGGER

Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent

Work Promptly Attended to

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible]

Dated April 25th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, Mortgagee.

[illegible]

Attorney for Mortgagee. [illegible]

Slayton, Minn.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn.

Feb. 21, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Tord A. Monrak of Plummer, Minnesota, who, [illegible] made H. E. No. 2304 serial No. [illegible] for NW¼, SW¼ Section 15, Township 151 N., Range 43 W., 5th principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minnesota, at Crookston, Minnesota, on the 10th day of June [illegible]

[illegible] Halmer H. Fredrickson, [illegible] Monrak, all of Plummer, Minnesota.

[illegible] ARTHUR P. POUPIN, Register.

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places: Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested will stop at places between the rivers. Victor Delage, Owner.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

[illegible]

Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide

Is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of [illegible] Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Best of All Our Oranges and Lemons Are "Sunkist"

We pick, pack and ship over 20,000 cars of California oranges and lemons each season from our 5,000 groves. These are of varying grades. From all this vast quantity we select the finest—the superior grades—which we wrap in tissue paper bearing the famous "Sunkist" label so that you may know them as the choicest fruit. So be sure to get "Sunkist" oranges and lemons at your dealer's.

He has a fresh supply today.

"Sunkist" oranges ripen on the tree. The warm California sunshine gives a tender, sweet pulp, matured and made exquisitely juicy by Nature.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

These oranges are distinct, full-flavor, thin-skinned. They are picked by gloved-hands; thoroughly cleansed; wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper; packed carefully to insure firm, unbruised fruit.

How to Tell "Sunkist"

Each "Sunkist" orange and lemon is wrapped in tissue paper upon which is printed the "Sunkist" label. Lemons or oranges without "Sunkist" wrappers are not "Sunkist" brand.

Free—Best Rogers' Orange Spoons—Send us 12 "Sunkist" orange or lemon wrappers and 6 two-cent stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send free, a Wm. Rogers & Son full standard, AA plate orange spoon. For each additional spoon send 6 two-cent stamps and 12 wrappers. You can easily have a full set. Get a dozen "Sunkist" oranges or lemons and send for your first spoon.

Address

California Fruit Growers' Exchange

34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

LAMBERT.

Xavier Boucher spent Sunday afternoon at the Joe Bergeron home.

J. Fortier and family from Blackduck are visiting for a few days at the home of Joe Bergeron.

Joe Lambert and Omer Bergeron went to Red Lake Falls Saturday on business.

Alice Robidoux of Lambert is seriously ill.

A. Lambert and wife and Joe Beaudoin and wife spent Sunday afternoon at J. Bergeron's.

Joe Fournier is workng on the new railroad.

C. Robidoux and wife visited at the J. Robidoux home Sunday evening.

Xavier Boucher expects to leave for Argyle soon.

Geo. Charest drove to McIntosh Friday on business.

Lambert cheese factory is getting 1000 lbs. of milk daily. Good for Lambert.

Albert Bergeron is working on the railroad this week.

Misses Georgianna and Rose Larourster visited Sunday afternoon at A. Paquins'.

Fred Carrier is on the sick list this week.

Lambert expects to enlarge the cemetery in the near future.

Mrs. A. Bachand visited Thursday with her brother, Xavier Boucher.

F. Fournier went to Brooks on business Friday.

A. Paquin had the misfortune to lose one of his horses this week.

A. Bergeron expects to leave for Canada soon.

Mrs. A. Boucher went to Lambert Friday.

Joe Boucher called on Laura Gibeau Sunday.

Wonder if the comet is responsible for this cold weather.

Boucher Bros. are still hauling rails and building material for the Soo line.

Mrs. Sam Lambert is visiting with friends and relatives several weeks here.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
May 27th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock a. m., May 27th A. D. 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the reports of the engineer and viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Thomas Bjerke and others designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 46.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

Members persent: Demann, Johnson, Anhol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned to the city hall for the hearing of above named ditch.

The reports of the engineer and viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Thomas H. Bjerke and others known as Countyg Ditch No. 46, were duly considered by the board. The said petition was read and the arguments of all parties for or against the construction of the said proposed ditch were heard.

On motion duly carried the report of the viewers was referred back to them for correction. The viewers were present and proceeded to make the necessary corrections as agreed upon.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 2:00 o'clock p. m.

Board reconvened at the city hall at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

Motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, seconded by Commissioner Anhol and carried unanimously that the engineer's report and the report of the viewers as amended for the establishment and construction of County Ditch No. 46 be accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the viewers' report as amended on file in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing County Ditch No. 46 in Red Lake county, Minn., was made:

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Thomas H. Bjerke and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 46.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the county board of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, at a Special Meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch, has competed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of the county auditor, the said county board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the constuction of said work are greater than its total cost, including the damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utitlity and promote the public heatlh and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, at said special session of said board held at the time above speified that the proposed ditch will be of publci utility and conductive to public health and public benefti and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made undd filed therein.

It is Further Ordered thatt the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named herein, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 27th day of May, A. D. 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latondresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

Motion made, seconded and carried unanimously that the board adjourn sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

HIS ASSISTANT

A Story of a Professor And a Girl Graduate

By BERTHA D. ALSOP

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

Professor Erskine was a very old young man. He was thirty-two and looked ten or fifteen years older. "What can you expect," said one of the young women students, referring to his antique appearance, "of a man whose sole diet is Greek roots?"

Luella Greenfield led her class from start to finish and took every prize she competed for. She was a great favorite with Professor Erskine, who the day after her graduation said to her:

"Your career must not be that of women who are tied down to the care of children. Choose rather to devote yourself to intellectual pursuits. I can give you a fine opportunity for a beginning. I am writing a history of the barbarian kings who changed the influence of Rome in European civilization during the fourth and fifth centuries. I need an assistant to aid me in my researches. Will you join me?"

"And give up all thoughts of a home life with dear little children to comfort me when I am old?"

"You will be interested in your work, a far nobler duty than mending children's clothes and washing their dirty faces."

Luella, whether or no she was convinced, was at last induced to accept the professor's invitation. She dived into books on the Goths, while the professor bored into the past of the Huns. He found her extremely useful. Indeed, he soon learned that it would have been next to impossible to get on without her. She worked so hard that at the end of a few months she needed a rest and went away from him. Professor Erskine was not surprised that he found his work very difficult without her, but he was surprised that during her absence he had no heart in his work. Genseric, Alaric, Attila, all the barbarian kings, ceased suddenly to interest him. The libraries in which he delved had become musty. In his study there were Luella's chair and desk, but without Luella the room was unbearable. Instead of working he went out and walked back and forth on the campus.

"There's old Erskine," said a co-ed on her way to lecture, "stalking back and forth as if moonstruck. He's been doing that ever since Luella Greenfield went away. I wonder if he's dreaming of the barbarian kings or of her."

"He persuaded her," said another, "to devote her life to wormy books. He certainly wouldn't permit himself to think about her except as a means to dig up the past of the people he writes about."

One day a letter came to the professor from his assistant stating that he must get some one to take her place. In order to fit herself physically for the plans he had laid down for her to an intellectual field she needed a year of out of door life.

The professor's heart fell like a barometer before a sudden storm. The Goths, the Visigoths, the Huns, were forgotten in the depth of his despair at being condemned to work without Luella. As to having any one else sitting at her desk, the thought was unbearable.

The next morning the college bulletin announced that Professor Erskine, having been suddenly called away, would not lecture that day. A male student, reading the notice, remarked: "Good! I can practice pitching all day. I'll bet he's got on to a headless Jupiter and gone to buy it for the museum." A girl student followed and, with her sex's keener intuition, said: "H'm! Gone after Luella Greenfield. I knew she'd get him."

"I have come," said the professor to his assistant, "to learn if it is absolutely essential that you should give up your work for so long a period."

"So my physician advises me—that is, if I am to do sedentary work. And you know how interested I am in following an intellectual life. It was you who directed me."

"H'm! Unfortunate—very unfortunate for me. It will be impossible for me to continue my present work without your assistance."

"There's Miss Pringle who was graduated last June. She's very bright. She would love the work."

"I shall give it up."

"Oh, professor, don't talk that way. It will give you a great reputation."

"I can't go on with it."

"Not with an able assistant?"

"No."

"Why not?"

"Unless I see you at your accustomed place I have no heart in it, and literary work done without heart is worthless."

Luella turned away, but said nothing.

"Perhaps," the profesor went on, reddening, "if I knew when I went home at night that you would—be there—I mean as my wife—it might make a difference."

There was a prolonged silence, at the end of which Luella said:

"That would mean an abandonment of an intellectual career for me."

The professor hung his head like a boy who had been caught robbing the sugar bowl.

"You remember what you said to me a few months ago as to the preference for an intellectual life?"

He remembered very well that it was better than "mending children's clothes and washing their dirty faces," but still he said nothing.

Suddenly she threw her arms about his neck.

THE HORSY MAN.

He Was Pressed Into Service as an Art Critic.

A London horse dealer famous for his expert treatment of "whistling," "roaring," "bucking" and other equine ailments had a friend who was a picture buyer. The latter, hearing that one of James MacNeill Whistler's works had been put on sale, was hurrying to New Bond street to have a look at it.

Meeting the horsy man on his way, he stated that he was going to have a look at a Whistler and inquired jocularly if his friend knew anything about Whistlers.

"If I know anything in the world it is what constitutes a genuine whistler," replied the man, greatly to the astonishment of the first, who had never heard of such an infirmity of the horse.

"Come along, then," said he, "and I'll get your opinion on one that's in this neighborhood."

Well, they entered New Bond street, and when they came opposite the print seller's where the picture was hanging the leader of the quest said:

"Here we are. It's inside."

"What's inside?" asked the other.

"The Whistler," said the first.

"It's the queerest place for a stable I ever knew," remarked the horsy man. "Where's the whistler here?"

"It's upstairs," said his friend, entering.

"How the mischief did they get it upstairs?" inquired the other.

"I suppose they carried it up. You didn't fancy it could walk, did you?"

"Is it so far gone as that? It must be a roarer," said the horsy man as they went up to the first floor.

"I don't know any modern painter named Roarer," said the other. "But there's the Whistler, and you may give me your opinion on it. He calls it 'Sauterne In A Flat.'"

The horsy man turned without a word, strode out of the shop, and the two have never spoken since.

A Clincher.

An Irishman visited a tuberculosis exhibit, where lungs in both healthy and diseased conditions were displayed preserved in glass jars. After carefully studying one marked "Cured tuberculosis lung" he turned to the physician and said:

"Perhaps it's because Oi'm Irish, but if he cured th' patient how th' divil could ye have his lung in a bottle?"—Lippincott's.

The Accommodating Night Clerk.

Up to the night clerk's desk went Abe Perlmutter, a Chicago travelling man. "I wonder," he says, "could you find me somebody to play a game of pinochle for an hour or two tonight?"

"Why," says the clerk, "I guess so." And he runs his eye over the register. "Boy," he calls, "page Mr. Gutwillig."

A GAME IS ARRANGED.

Before long Mr. Gutwillig is found and introduced to the pinochle hungry Perlmutter, and a game is arranged. "How did you know I played pinochle?" Mr. Gutwillig asks the clerk. "Oh, I"— begins the clerk. Just then emerges from the bar a young man triple plied with wine. He staggers up to the desk and says: "Shay, I wanna fight! D'ye hear? I'm lookin' f'r a scrap!"

Thus the clerk: "Boy, page Mr. Kelly and Mr. O'Brien."—Success Magazine.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Annie Robillard and Telesphore Robillard, her husband, mortgagors, to Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Minnesota corporation, mortgagee, bearing date January 28th, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of January, 1903, in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 133.

Said default consists in the non-payment of a certain note for four hundred ninety-three dollars ($493.00) dated January 28th, 1903, executed by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, secured by said mortgage, and bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, all payable at the rate of fifty dollars ($50.00) per month, beginning on the 1st day of March, 1903. No part of said mortgage nor the interest thereon has ever been paid except the sum of $17.50.

By reason of such default, the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has ever been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

The property described by said mortgage, and thereby mortgaged, is lots numbered seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in block number ten (10) in Champagne & Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the corrected plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds within and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

There is claimed to be due, and is due, upon said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of $761.44.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and persuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the county Court House in Red Lake Falls in said county, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of June, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and fifty dollars attorney's fees, together with the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1910.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Mortgagee.

Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
m5-je9

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is heredy given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, Mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902 at five o'clock and 10 minutes p. m. in book 10 of mortgages, on page 307 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $247.12, that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises, $3.00, that the amount claimed and hereby declared due on said mortgage at this date, including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract, is one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and 58-100 dollars ($1933.58) that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake state of Minnesota, to wit:—

Northeast quarter and north half of southeast quarter of section twenty one (21) township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars [$75.00] attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited
Mortgagee.

B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee m5 je16
Slayton, Minn.

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT

is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market

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Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

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OLD RELIABLE HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

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FRED L. FARLEY

ATTORNEY

LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE

Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON

Attorney at Law

Oldest established lawyer in the city Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE

DENTIST

OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING

Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN.—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall, D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday, at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co.

66 Jefferson Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

8 A. M.

Cyrus—Say, Mandy, Hiram tells me them New Yorkers hez dinner at six o'clock. I reckon accordin' ter thet they must hev supper when th' cock crows.

BABY WASTED TO SKELETON

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come out on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad that I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh. He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk.

"My aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I sent to a drug store and got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of the Ointment and followed directions. At the end of two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since. I can sincerely say that only for Cuticura my child would have died. I used only one cake of Cuticura Soap and about three boxes of Ointment.

"I am a nurse and my profession brings me into many different families and it is always a pleasure for me to tell my story and recommend Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, Litchfield, Conn., Oct. 23, 1909."

A Divided Family.

The bright six-year-old daughter of a physician hopped into his reception room the other day and a waiting woman patient engaged her in conversation.

"I suppose you go to church and Sunday school?" she asked.

"Oh, yes, ma'am," she replied.

"And what denomination do your parents belong to?"

"Why," said the little one, "mamma's a Presbyterian and papa's a stomach specialist."

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Oft hath even a whole city reaped the evil fruit of a bad man.—Hesiod.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER
[illegible] swellings [illegible] awful [illegible] and 50c bottles.

Self love is the only kind that puts a man in the undertaker's hands.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Black Duck, Minn.—"About a year ago I wrote you that I was sick and could not do any of my housework. My sickness was called retroflexion. When I would sit down I felt as if I could not get up. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and did just as you told me and now I am perfectly cured, and have a big baby boy."—Mrs. Anna Anderson, Box 19, Black Duck, Minn.

Consider This Advice.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

A $—Dollar for a Dime

Why spend a dollar when 10c buys a box of CASCARETS at any drug store? Use as directed—get the natural, easy result. Saves many dollars *wasted* on medicines that do not cure. Millions regularly use CASCARETS. Buy a box now—10c week's treatment—proof in the morning. 908

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

HOMES IN SUNNY SAN JOAQUIN

Send for descriptive matter of lands for homeseekers now being placed upon the market by the oldest established real estate firm in San Joaquin County, California. Fifty years experience in the business in this city and county. Personal attention given to every inquiry. Letters promptly answered. Tracts from 5 to 2,000 acres. These lands have never had any [illegible] advertising and at the present time can be bought at very low prices compared to other portions of the state for land of the same character. L. M. Cutting & Co., 133, Hunter St., Stockton, Cal.

WE GIVE
[illegible]
L. L. SPENCER CO., Norton, N. Y.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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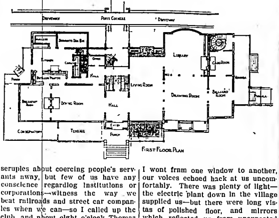


FIRST FLOOR PLAN

CHAPTER I.

I Take a Country House.

This is the story of how a middle-aged spinster lost her mind, deserted her domestic gods in the city, took a furnished house for the summer out of town, and found herself involved in one of those mysterious crimes that keep our newspapers and detective agencies happy and prosperous. For 20 years I had been perfectly comfortable; for 20 years I had had the window-boxes filled in the spring, the carpets lifted, the awnings put up and the furniture covered with brown linen; for as many summers I had said good-by to my friends, and, after watching their perspiring hegira, had settled down to a delicious quiet in town, where the mail comes three times a day, and the water supply does not depend on a tank on the roof.

And then—the madness seized me. When I look back over the months I spent in Sunnyside, I wonder that I survived at all. As it is, I show the wear and tear of my harrowing experiences. I have turned very gray—Liddy reminded me of it only yesterday by saying that a little bluing in the rinse water would make my hair silvery instead of a yellow white. I hate to be reminded of unpleasant things and I snapped her off.

"No," I said sharply, "I'm not going to use bluing at my time of life, or starch, either."

Liddy's nerves are gone, she says, since that awful summer, but she has enough left, goodness knows! And when she begins to go around with a lump in her throat, all I have to do is to threaten to return to Sunnyside, and she is frightened into a semblance of cheerfulness—from which you may judge that the summer there was anything but a success.

The newspaper accounts have been so garbled and incomplete—one of them mentioned me but once, and then only as the tenant at the time the thing happened—that I feel it my duty to tell what I know. Mr. Jamieson, the detective, said himself he could never have done without me, although he gave me little enough credit, in print.

I shall have to go back several years—13, to be exact—to start my story. At that time my brother died, leaving me his two children. Halsey was 11 then and Gertrude was seven. When Halsey had finished his electrical course and Gertrude her boarding school both came home to stay. The winter Gertrude came out was nothing but a succession of sitting up late at night to bring her home from things, taking her to the dressmakers between naps the next day, and discouraging ineligible youths with either more money than brains or more brains than money. By spring I was quite tractable. So when Halsey suggested camping in the Adirondacks and Gertrude wanted Bar Harbor, we compromised on a good country house with links near, within motor distance of town and telephone distance of the doctor. That was how we went to Sunnyside.

We went out to inspect the property, and it seemed to deserve its name. Its cheerful appearance gave no indication whatever of anything out of the ordinary. Only one thing seemed unusual to me: The housekeeper, who had been left in charge, had moved from the house to the gardener's lodge a few days before. As the lodge was far enough away from the house, it seemed to me that either fire or thieves could complete their work of destruction undisturbed. The property was an extensive one; the house on the top of a hill, which sloped away in great stretches of green lawn and clipped hedges, to the road, and across the valley, perhaps a couple of miles away, was the Greenwood Club house. Gertrude and Halsey were infatuated.

The property was owned by Paul Armstrong, the president of the Traders' bank, who at the time we took the house was in the west with his wife and daughter, and a Dr. Walker, the Armstrong family physician. Halsey knew Louise Armstrong—had been rather attentive to her the winter before, but as Halsey was always attentive to somebody, I had not thought of it seriously, although she was a charming girl. I knew of Mr. Armstrong only through his connection with the bank, where the children's money was largely invested, and through an ugly story about the son, Arnold Armstrong, who was reported to have forged his father's name for a considerable amount to some bank paper. However, the story had had no interest for me.

I cleared Halsey and Gertrude away to a house party, and moved out to Sunnyside the first of May.

The first night passed quietly enough. I have always been grateful for that one night's peace; it shows what the country might be under favorable circumstances. Never after that night did I put my head on my pillow with any assurance how long it would be there; or on my shoulders, for that matter.

On the following morning Liddy and Mrs. Ralston, my own housekeeper, had a difference of opinion, and Mrs. Ralston left on the 11 train. Just after luncheon, Burke, the butler, was taken unexpectedly with a pain in his right side, much worse when I was within hearing distance, and by afternoon he was started cityward. That night the cook's sister had a baby—the cook, seeing indecision in my face, made it twins on second thought—and, to be short, by noon the next day the household staff was down to Liddy and myself. And this in a house with 22 rooms and five baths!

Liddy wanted to go back to the city at once, but the milkboy said that Thomas Johnson, the Armstrongs' colored butler, was working as a waiter at the Greenwood club and might come back. I have the usual scruples about coercing people's servants away, but few of us have any conscience regarding institutions or corporations—witness the way we beat railroads and street car companies when we can—so I called up the club, and about eight o'clock Thomas Johnson came to see me. Poor Thomas!

Well, it ended by my engaging Thomas on the spot, at outrageous wages, and with permission to sleep in the gardener's lodge, empty since the house was rented. The old man—he was white-haired and a little stooped, but with an immense idea of his personal dignity—gave me his reasons hesitatingly.

"I ain't sayin' nothing', Mis' Innes," he said, his hand on the door-knob, "but there's been goin's-on here this las' few months as ain't natchal. 'Tain't one thing an' 'taint another—it's jest a door squealin' here, an' a winder closing' there, but when doors an' winders gets to cuttin' up capers and there's nobody nigh 'em, it's time Thomas Johnson sleeps somewhar's else."

Liddy, who seemed to be never more than ten feet away from me that night, and was afraid of her shadow in that great barn of a place, screamed a little, and turned a yellow-green. But I am not easily alarmed.

It was entirely in vain I represented to Thomas that we were alone, and that he would have to stay in the house that night. He was politely firm, but he would come over early the next morning, and if I gave him a key, he would come in time to get some sort of breakfast. I stood on the huge veranda and watched him shuffle along down the shadowy drive with mingled feelings—irritation at his cowardice and thankfulness at getting him at all. I am not ashamed to say that I double-locked the hall door when I went in.

"You can lock up the rest of the house and go to bed, Liddy," I said severely. "You give me the creeps standing there. A woman of your age ought to have better sense." It usually braces Liddy to mention her age; she owns to 40—which is absurd. Her mother cooked for my grandfather, and Liddy must be at least as old as I. But that night she refused to brace.

"You're not going to ask me to lock up, Miss Rachel!" she quavered. "Why, there's a dozen French windows in the drawing room and the billiard room wing, and every one opens on a porch. And Mary Anne said that last night there was a man standing by the stable when she locked the kitchen door."

"Mary Anne was a fool," I said sternly. "If there had been a man there she would have had him in the kitchen and been feeding him what was left from dinner, inside of an hour, from force of habit. Now don't be ridiculous. Lock up the house and go to bed. I am going to read."

But Liddy set her lips tight and stood still.

"I'm not going to bed," she said. "I am going to pack up, and to-morrow I am going to leave."

"You'll do nothing of the sort," I snapped. Liddy and I often desire to part company, but never at the same time. "If you are afraid, I will go with you, but for goodness' sake don't try to hide behind me."

The house was a typical summer residence on an extensive scale. Wherever possible, on the first floor, the architect had done away with partitions, using arches and columns instead. The effect was cool and spacious, but scarcely cozy. As Liddy and I went from one window to another, our voices echoed back at us uncomfortably. There was plenty of light—the electric plant down in the village supplied us—but there were long vistas of polished floor, and mirrors which reflected us from unexpected corners, until I felt some of Liddy's foolishness communicate itself to me.

The house was very long, a rectangle in general form, with the main entrance in the center of the long side. The brick-paved entry opened into a short hall, to the right of which, separated only by a row of pillars, was a huge living room. Beyond that was the drawing room, and in the end the billiard room. Off the billiard room, in the extreme right wing, was a den, or cardroom, with a small hall opening on the east veranda, and from there went up a narrow circular staircase.

Liddy and I got as far as the card-room and turned on all the lights. I tried the small entry door there, which opened on the veranda, and examined the windows. Everything was secure, and Liddy, a little less nervous now, had just pointed out to me the disgraceful dusty condition of the hard-wood floor, when suddenly the lights went out. We waited a moment; I think Liddy was stunned with fright or she would have screamed. And then I clutched her by the arm and pointed to one of the windows opening on the porch. The sudden change threw the window into relief, an oblong of grayish light, and showed us a figure standing close, peering in.

That Completed Our Demoralization.

As I looked it darted across the veranda and out of sight in the darkness.

CHAPTER II.

A Link Cuff-Button.

Liddy's knees seemed to give away under her. Without a sound she sank down, leaving me staring at the window in petrified amazement. Liddy began to moan under her breath, and in my excitement I reached down and shook her.

"Stop it," I whispered. "It's only a woman—maybe a maid of the Armstrongs'. Get up and help me find the door." She groaned again. "Very well," I said, "then I'll have to leave you here. I'm going."

She moved at that, and, holding to my sleeve, we felt our way, with numerous collisions, to the billiard-room, and from there to the drawing-room. The lights came on then, and, with the long French windows unshuttered, I had a creepy feeling that each one sheltered a peering face. In fact, in the light of what happened afterward, I am pretty certain we were under surveillance during the entire ghostly evening. We hurried over the rest of the locking-up and got upstairs as quickly as we could. I left the lights all on, and our footsteps echoed cavernously. Liddy had a stiff neck the next morning, from looking back over her shoulder, and she refused to go to bed.

"Let me stay in your dressing room, Miss Rachel," she begged. "If you don't I'll sit in the hall outside the door. I'm not going to be murdered with my eyes shut."

It was 11 o'clock when I finally prepared for bed. In spite of my assumption of indifference, I locked the door into the hall, and finding the transom did not catch, I put a chair cautiously before the door—it was not necessary to rouse Liddy—and climbing up put on the ledge of the transom a small dressing-mirror, so that any movement of the frame would send it crashing down. Then, secure in my precautions I went to bed.

I did not go to sleep at once. Liddy disturbed me just as I was growing drowsy, by coming in and peering under the bed. She was afraid to speak, however, because of her previous snubbing, and went back, stopping in the doorway to sigh dismally.

Somewhere down-stairs a clock with a chime sang away the hours—eleven-thirty, forty-five, twelve. And then the lights went out to stay. The Casanova Electric Company shuts up shop and goes home to bed at midnight: when one has a party, I believe it is customary to fee the company, which will drink hot coffee and keep awake a couple of hours longer. But the lights were gone for good that night. Liddy had gone to sleep, as I knew she would. She was a very unreliable person: always awake and ready to talk when she wasn't wanted and dozing off to sleep when she was. I called her once or twice, the only result being an explosive snore that threatened her very windpipe—then I got up and lighted a bedroom candle.

My bedroom and dressing room were above the big living room on the first floor. On the second floor a long corridor ran the length of the house, with rooms opening from both sides. In the wings were small corridors crossing the main one—the plan was simplicity itself. And just as I got back into bed, I heard a sound from the east wing, apparently, that made me stop, frozen, with one bedroom slipper half off, and listen. It was a rattling, metallic sound, and it reverberated along the empty halls like the crash of doom. It was for all the world as if something heavy, perhaps a piece of steel, had rolled clattering and jangling down the hard-wood stairs leading to the card-room.

In the silence that followed Liddy stirred and snored again. I was exasperated; first she kept me awake by silly alarms, then when she was needed she slept like Joe Jefferson, or Rip—they are always the same to me. I went in and aroused her, and I give her credit for being wide awake the minute I spoke.

"Get up," I said, "if you don't want to be murdered in your bed."

"Where? How?" she yelled vociferously, and jumped up.

"There's somebody in the house," I said. "Get up. We'll have to go to the telephone."

"Not out in the hall!" she gasped; "Oh, Miss Rachel, not out in the hall!" trying to hold me back. But I am a large woman and Liddy is small. We got to the door, somehow, and Liddy held a brass andiron, which it was all she could do to lift, let alone brain anybody with. I listened, and, hearing nothing, opened the door a little and peered into the hall. It was a black void, full of terrible suggestion, and my candle only emphasized the gloom. Liddy squealed and drew me back again, and as the door slammed, the mirror I had put on the transom came down and hit her on the head. That completed our demoralization. It was some time before I could persuade her she had not been attacked from behind by a burglar, and when she found the mirror smashed on the floor she wasn't much better.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A Famous Picture Matched

Companion Piece of a Painting in the Frankfort Museum is in America.

One of the most widely-known collectors of old masters in this country recently has acquired from the Ehrich galleries two canvases for his collection. These are "Portraits of Frau Urmiller and Daughter," by a Suabian master of about 1525, and a "Portrait of a Venetian Lady," by Bernadino Licinio (about 1540).

Especially interesting in connection with the example of early South German portraiture is the fact that it is the companion piece to a painting in the Frankfort museum, representing Herr Urmiller and son. Until four or five years ago the Frankfort work was always attributed to and admired as a Holbein. The latest criticism, however, has attributed the painting to some unknown but extraordinary master who painted in the neighborhood of Augsburg in the first half of the sixteenth century.

Licinio, whose work consists principally of portraits and family groups, worked during the greater part of his life in Venice and indicates the influence of Titian. Examples of his pictures are found in the principal galleries of Europe. The delicacy of outline, richness of color and purity of condition make the picture recently acquired from the Ehrich galleries a notable example of Licinio's work.

The Well Traveled Air Route.

Life and accident insurance companies have put the ban on aviators. It was not so long ago that a number of the big companies were up in the air themselves, and they know it is a dangerous situation.

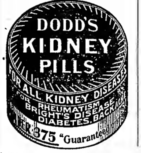
Shows Value of Steel Car.

That the steel car is of great value as a protection to passengers in the event of collision was demonstrated in a recent clash of two trains in the Hudson tunnel, New York city. There was no such telescoping as would probably have occurred with wooden cars, and the injuries were merely such as resulted from the passengers' being thrown down by the shock of the collision.

Cause of the Rush.

"Sad, sad, to see humanity ever engaged in a mad rush for wealth."

"Forget it. Them fellers is on their way to the ball park."



Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all blood humors, all eruptions, clears the complexion, creates an appetite, aids digestion, relieves that tired feeling, gives vigor and vim.

Get it today. In usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs. 100 Doses $1.

Fargo Directory

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Bicycles, Kodaks, Baseball and Tennis Goods, Fire Arms, Tents, Motor Cycles, Edison Phonographs and Records.
J. E. JOHNSON CYCLE SUPPLY HOUSE
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Ship Your **Hides, Wool** and **Pelts**
To BOLLES & ROGERS FARGO, N. D.

PARALYSIS Locomotor Ataxia Conquered at Last Chase's Blood & Nerve Tablets does it. Write for Proof. Advice Free. Dr. CHASE. 224 North 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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DEFIANCE STARCH never sticks to the iron.

The Overland
The Simplest Car

The wonderful sale of the Overland—greater than any other car ever known—is largely due to simplicity. The man who runs his own car wants a trouble-proof car.

We are turning out 140 such cars every day, but we never yet have been able to make as many as people wanted.

Easy to Operate

The Overlands operate by pedal control. One goes backward or forward, fast or slow, by simply pushing pedals. It is as simple as walking, and the hands are left free to steer.

The Overland has fewer parts than any other automobile. One part is made to take the place of many. It is free from complexities. The operations are all automatic.

A novice could run an Overland from coast to coast the first time he tried. One of these cars has run 7,000 miles without stopping the engine.

Very Low Prices

The Overlands are made—as watches are made—by modern automatic machinery. And we devote a whole factory to one model alone.

Because of these facts, and our enormous output, we give more for the money than anyone else. We have cut the cost 20 per cent in the past year alone.

We now sell a 25-horsepower Overland for $1,000 in roadster style, or for $1,100 with tonneau. The car has a 102-inch wheel base, and is easily capable of 50 miles an hour.

We sell a 40-horsepower Overland for $1,250. Other Overland models cost $1,300, $1,400 and $1,500. All prices include gas lamps and magneto.

You will find no car that compares with an Overland at anywhere near its price.

The Car You'll Want

You will see why the Overlands outsell all other cars when you make your comparisons. Wherever you are you can do this, for there are Overland dealers everywhere.

But the first step is to send for our catalog—to see all the styles and know all the facts. When we send it we will tell you our nearest dealer. Please send us this coupon now.

The Willys-Overland Co. F47
Toledo, Ohio
Licensed Under Selden Patent
Please send me the catalog free.

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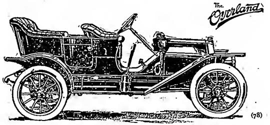


The 25-horsepower Overlands cost $1,000, $1,050 and $1,100, according to style of body
The 40-horsepower Overlands cost from $1,250 to $1,500

Really a Serious Dilemma.

"The chap who works on one side of me," said an office man, "has been married six weeks and he sneaks to the telephone about four times a day and calls up his wife, and then I hear him saying: 'Dear, how is your headache now? I hope you are feeling better.' Then pretty soon he comes back to his desk and goes to work again all smiling.

"The man who works on the other side of me has been married six years and he goes to the telephone only when he's called and then I hear him saying: 'Why, I can't possibly do that, I can't spare the money;' and then he comes back to his desk all scowling.

"And, really, when I hear the way these two men go on I don't know what to do. I don't know whether to get married or to stay a bachelor."

Too Lavish.

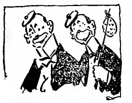
Mrs. Dobbs was trying to find out the likes and dislikes of her new boarder, and all she learned increased her satisfaction.

"Do you want pie for breakfast?" she asked.

"No, I thank you," said the new boarder, with a smile. "Pie for breakfast seems a little too much."

"That's just the way I look at it," said Mrs. Dobbs, heartily. "I say pie for dinner is a necessity, and pie for supper gives a kind o' finishing touch to the day; but pie for breakfast is what I call putting on airs."—Youth's Companion.

FITTED TO BE STARS.



Wiggins—Say, Ragsy, it's a wonder dey hasn't started up de baseball game in Russia long ago.

Ragsy—What put dat in yer head?

Wiggins—'Cause dey are such good runners.

Mr. Adee in Europe.

Second Assistant Secretary Adee of the state department is on his annual vacation in Europe. In company with Mr. Thackera, United States consul general at Berlin, and Mrs. Thackera, he will devote about six weeks to a bicycle tour of southern France. He expects to return to Washington about the middle of June.

New Fly-Trap.

A Californian has taken advantage of the fact that flies always walk up a window by inventing a trap to be fastened to a pane in such a manner that a fly will enter it without being aware that it has left the surface of the glass.

Some Sweet Day

Post Toasties
A Compound of Indian Corn, Sugar and Salt
Postum Cereal Co. Limited

Popular pkg. 10c
Family size 15c.
Sold by Grocers.

You may be served with

Post Toasties

and Cream

Then you will know what a dainty, tempting food you have been missing.

Every serving wins a friend—

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Better Health

A Pleasing Sense of Health and Strength Renewed and of Ease and Comfort

follows the use of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, as it acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually, when constipated, or bilious, and dispels colds and headaches.

To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$5, $4, $3.50, $3, $2.50 & $2

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS.

Millions of men wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the lowest prices, quality considered, in the world. Made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions.

W. L. Douglas $5.00 and $4.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.

[illegible] Take No Substitute. [illegible] W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

DROVE HUSBAND FROM HOME

Act of Militant Suffragette That Was Too Arbitrary to Be Upheld by the Court.

The results that may ensue from being married to a suffragette were revealed the other day in a London [illegible] police court. Mrs. [illegible] took up the cause and was [illegible] to spend much time at home. When the husband remonstrated she [illegible] commanded her daughter to [illegible] her father's carpet-sack and there [illegible] him out of the house. [illegible] and then the lady sued him [illegible] and demanded alimony.

"[illegible] you did not take it so [illegible]" asked the magistrate of the [illegible].

"It was [illegible] objecting," was the [illegible]. "She wanted to be master and [illegible] that if I annoyed her she would [illegible]. I was only too anxious to [illegible] home, but she would not let [illegible]."

The case was dismissed.

Even Among the Hoboes.

"Hello, Dusty," said Weary Waggles as the two tramps met in the [illegible]. "How's livin'?"

"Something awful," replied Dusty [illegible]. "The cost of everything's [illegible] so a feller can't hardly get his three meals per."

"Humph!" ejaculated Weary. "I never knowed you to pay for nothin'."

"No," returned Dusty, "but it's the [illegible] fact that along my route, [illegible] I used to have to ask only once for a breakfast they make me ask twice these days."—Harper's Weekly.

The Simple Shepherd!

A Cockney, while spending his holidays in the Highlands, met an old shepherd driving a flock of sheep. Wishing to show off a bit, he said:

"Now, if I were a shepherd I would teach the sheep to follow me."

"Oh, aye," said the shepherd, "and I hae nae doot ye wid manage, for if they saw anither sheep in front they wid be sure to follow."—Tit-Bits.

Something Visible.

"Show me some tiaras, please. I want one for my wife."

"Yes, sir. About what price?"

"Well, at such a price that I can say: 'Do you see that woman with the tiara? She is my wife!'"

Odd Fellows' Paper?

Wright—He's going to call his new paper the Sausage Links.

Penman—Be in three sections, I suppose.—Yonkers Statesman.

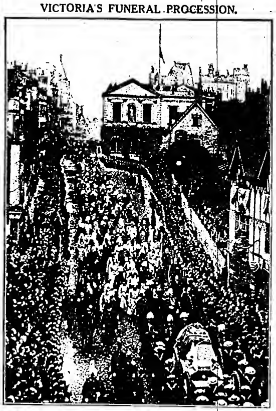
A clear brain and
Steady, dependable nerves
Can win wealth and fame
For their owner.

Clear headedness and a
Strong, healthy body
Depend largely on the
Right elements in
Regular food and drink.

Coffee contains caffeine—
A poisonous drug.

Postum is rich in the
Gluten and phosphates that
Furnish the vital energy
That puts "ginger" and
"hustle"
Into body and brain.
"There's a Reason"

VICTORIA'S FUNERAL PROCESSION.



From photograph, copyright, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

KINGS AND PRINCES OF ALL NATIONS FOLLOWED THE BIER OF QUEEN VICTORIA. A SIMILAR SCENE WAS WITNESSED AT THE FUNERAL OF KING EDWARD.

FUNERAL RITES OF KING EDWARD VII.

London, Eng.—The funeral of King Edward is declared to have been the most imposing ceremonial Great Britain's capital ever witnessed. Thirty thousand soldiers were brought from Aldershot and other military camps to line the streets when the procession passed.

As there was no room to barrack them over night, the soldiers bivouacked in the parks and streets. The city had the appearance of an invested town for two days. Some of the soldiers slept in tents in the parks, while the remainder lay down beside their guns in the streets.

At a conservative estimate 700,000 persons passed through Westminster hall to look upon the coffin of the king lying in state. Barriers were built, by means of which the people were ushered through in four lines at the rate of 18,000 an hour. The body of the late king was not exposed to view.

Queen Mother Chose Hymns.

The hymns sung at the service at Windsor were all of the queen mother's choice. They were "My God, My Father, While I Stray," "Now the Laborer's Task Is O'er," and "I Heard a Voice From Heaven."

Scotland yard had all its detectives on duty, and these were reinforced by a hundred more from continental cities. All visitors were watched, but there was little real fear of anarchistic attempts, because it was known that every one under surveillance would be deported from England if any trouble were caused on this occasion, and it was not likely that the persons of the anarchist type would give up voluntarily their safest refuge in Europe.

The procession to Westminster hall May 17 for the lying in state was almost on as great a scale as the funeral procession. The cortege included King George and all the foreign sovereigns on horseback, and the queen mother and the royal ladies in carriages.

When the funeral procession started every street car in London came to a standstill for a quarter of an hour. All the public houses in London were closed while the procession was passing.

No Distinction Shown.

There was no distinction as to person nor were there any ticket privileges for the lying in state in Westminster hall. All had to take their turn in line.

At St. George's chapel, at Windsor, from whence the body was carried to its final resting place the carved stalls were removed in order to give place to timber seating. Otherwise not a tenth of those entitled to attend would have been able to enter. The chapel was draped with violet hangings.

The service held in Westminster abbey did not form any part of the royal funeral. It was a memorial service held especially for those members of the house of lords and house of commons, who were unable to go to Windsor.

Electric standards were fixed around the place in Westminster hall where the catafalque stood. The public was admitted until ten o'clock at night. The catafalque occupied the spot on which Gladstone's catafalque stood.

The Court at Windsor.

The court removed to Windsor the day before the funeral. The archbishop of Canterbury, assisted by Canon Wilberforce, conducted a short service at Westminster hall on the arrival of the body on May 17. The members of both houses of parliament attended this service.

Neither M. Loubet, M. Delcasse nor M. Clemenceau formed part of the French mission to attend the funeral of King Edward. Premier Briand intended to go, but also gave up the idea, owing to the fact that Emperor William was there. Under these circumstances the mission was purely formal. It consisted of M. Pichon, minister of foreign affairs; General Dalstein, military governor of Paris; Admiral Marquis and an attache representing President Fallieres.

Roosevelt Among the Monarchs.

Ex-President Roosevelt, who was named as special envoy of the United States to attend the funeral of King Edward, was presented to King George soon after his arrival in London. Mr. Roosevelt occupied a place with the visiting monarchs in the funeral procession and attended the burial at Windsor.

Jackies Drew Carriage.

King George being so closely identified with the navy, the naval contingents took a prominent part in the ceremonies. Bluejackets drew the gun carriage to Windsor, as they did the carriage which bore the body of Victoria, although on that occasion they did so because the horses became restive.

Soldiers from the king's company, grenadier guards, kept sentry watch over the body in the throneroom at Buckingham palace. They were relieved each hour. With simple ceremony some one of the visiting royalties entered the room every now and then, and the widowed queen went there frequently.

Body in Magnificent Tomb.

The body of King Edward lies with that of his immediate ancestors in the magnificent mausoleum at Frogmore, in the Home park of Windsor castle. In this structure, erected by Queen Victoria at a cost of $1,000,000, Prince Albert Edward, father of the late king, was laid to rest in 1861. In the same year Queen Victoria's mother, the duchess of Kent, was buried in an elaborate tomb in the grounds near by. In 1901 Queen Victoria herself was buried in the mausoleum beside her husband.

Queen Mother's Grief Deep.

The successive delays in the removal of King Edward's body from the bedroom where he died to the throne room at Buckingham palace were due to Queen Alexandra's reluctance to allow the body to be removed from the proximity of her own apartments.

All arrangements had been made for the reception of the body in the throne room and notices were issued to members of the household that they would be permitted to view the body lying in state there, but day by day the removal was postponed and the invitations deferred.

The queen's private apartments communicate directly with those of the late king, and it is not known how often she visited the room in which her dead husband lay or the duration of the vigils she made there, but it is said her sister, the dowager empress of Russia, feared her grief might prove too great a strain.

During the later years of the king's life he and the queen were on the most excellent terms of friendship and good feeling. Indeed, it is no exaggeration to say they were deeply attached to one another. The king was most kind and considerate in his attitude toward his consort, who valued highly the attentions he always showed her.

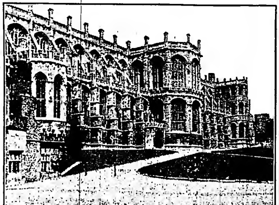
King's Consideration for Consort.

For years they had been, to quote an informant of credit, "the best of pals," and while the inclusion in the list published in the papers of a house party at Sandringham of a certain woman's name caused some astonishment in general society, there was considerable the more astonishment among those in the inner circles of court life at the efforts made by a foreign ambassador to suppress any mention of the woman's name in the list of guests who were invited to meet the king at his country house.

Queen Alexandra herself, by a letter which the London Times described as artless, has shown how deeply she is affected by the death of her consort. Authoritative details of what passed on the day of Queen Alexandra's return to England show in what regard King Edward held his queen.

On that Thursday before his death Edward was continually speaking of her majesty to his entourage. In the morning he announced his intention to go to the station to meet her on her arrival, and when he was forced to bow to the advice of his physicians in this matter he said he would at least meet her at the head of the stairs in Buckingham palace.

When the queen arrived King Edward, by an effort which taxed his powers to the utmost, stood up to receive her. As she clasped him in her arms he fell back into the chair in a state of collapse. For a time it was feared the end was at hand.



ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL, WINDSOR, FROM WHENCE, AFTER THE FINAL CEREMONIES THE BODY OF THE LATE KING WAS CONVEYED TO THE MAUSOLEUM.

A Census Question.

Here is a sample of one of the tests given to the men who took the examination to be census enumerators. The test is not exactly as it appears on the question sheets, but is given from the memory of one of the men who took the examination:

Sarah Green and Jim Brown were married in London, England. They lived there four years, one child was born to them, then they emigrated to the United States. A child was born to them on the ocean. They lived in New York for nine years, during which time three more children were born. Then they moved to Ohio and another child was born. Then Sarah and Jim disagreed and were divorced, and Sarah married another man and a child was born to the new union. Jim meantime was naturalized.

The problem was to place the various facts on the enumeration blank as they should appear when the census is taken.—Columbus Dispatch.

A Genius.

A genius is merely a fool vindicated.

His Thirst Varied.

A lady about to deliver a temperance lecture thought it well to get her information at first hand, so she interviewed a workingman. "Is it true," she asked, "that you working men drink a great quantity of beer every day?" "I don't know, ma'am," he replied; "it all depends. Some days I've seen me drink 18 or 20 pints; while, on the other hand, some days I've seen me drink quite a lot."

Any Name Will Do.

Mrs. Aristocrat—"Did you hear what Mrs. Nouveau Riche said to me at the concert this evening?" Mrs. Wellborn—"No, my dear; do tell me all about it." Mrs. Aristocrat—"Well, she informed me that she had decided to have a nom de plume in her hat."—Stray Stories.

In Bad.

"I'll never offer any more friendly advice."

"Wouldn't he listen to you?"

"He listened to me carefully and then struck me for two dollars. Of course, I had to cough up."

Horse's New Competitor.

The "zebrass" is a new thing in the world, it never having existed until a year ago. It is the hybrid offspring of the African zebra and the Texas donkey. There are at the government experiment station at Bethesda, Md., six young zebrasses.

Their sire is the royal Abyssinian zebra which King Menelik gave to President Roosevelt. They are regarded as offering great promise. Certain of them combine the docility, strength and utility of the mother with the spirit, activity and beauty of the father. The yearlings are already larger than their mother. They are beautifully built and should be adapted to the many uses to which the domestic animal is put.—Scientific American.

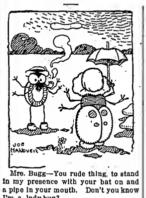
A Crafty Move.

"My Brooklyn aunt has put me down in her will at $30,000. It pays to bury the old folks."

"What did you do?"

"I went into half mourning the time her pet rubber plant died."

AN OUTRAGE.



Mrs. Bugg—You rude thing, to stand in my presence with your hat on and a pipe in your mouth. Don't you know I'm a lady-bug?

HELP FOR THE AGED.

No Need to Longer Suffer from Kidney Trouble.

Mrs. Catherine Sullivan, 1712 Moffott St., Joplin, Mo., says: "Like most elderly people, I suffered from kidney trouble for years. My back ached intensely and there was a feeling of numbness in my spine. My hands cramped and the urinary passages were profuse. Doctors prescribed for me but I was not benefited. At last I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. They drove my troubles away, and I now enjoy excellent health."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Jeweled Set.

An actress said of Eleanor Robson: "She is a dear. She has married August Belmont. Now she is in the set that I once heard her so wittily ridicule.

"She said that in conversation with a leading matron of this gilded, this jeweled set, she once said:

"'And where do you think you'll spend the summer, Mrs. Van Gelt?'

"'Er—the North Cape, I believe,' Mrs. Van Gelt answered. One can get ski-ing there all through August, you know.'

"'And where will you spend the winter, then?'

"'Oh, Florida, by all means. There's such ripping January bathing at Palm Beach.'"

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Out of the Race.

Because of the general scrapping match between the various cities as to who shall have the honor of the National or International Congress of Aviators, Washington and Baltimore have both withdrawn from the whole business.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Exercise Good for It.

Asked the Progressive Woman of the Beauty Culturist: "Don't you think women should exercise the suffrage?"

"Certainly. My method will increase it two inches."—Puck.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, many people wear smaller shoes by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Tired, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

His Way.

Knicker—Is Jones charitable?

Bocker—Well, he doesn't let his right foot know whom his left foot kicks.

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care Try Murine Eye Salve. Aseptic Tubes—Trial Size—25c. Ask Your Druggist or Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

There may be people who think they always get their money's worth, but we never met any of them.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

Don't criticise a fool; fools can't help being foolish.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Never let matters come to an open rupture.

A More Advanced Stage.

Mrs. Caller—Do you know the woman next door well enough to speak to?

Mrs. Subbubs—Well enough? I know her too well to speak to.—Boston Transcript.

OPIUM or Morphine Habit Treated. Free trial. Cases where other remedies have failed, specially desired. Give particulars. Dr. R. G. CONTRELL, Suite 568, 400 W. 23d St., New York.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Fortune Telling

Does not take into consideration the one essential to woman's happiness—womanly health.

The woman who neglects her health is neglecting the very foundation of all good fortune. For without health love loses its lustre and gold is but dross.

Womanly health when lost or impaired may generally be regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pain-wracked women, by the hundreds of thousands and this too in the privacy of their homes without their having to submit to indelicate questionings and offensively repugnant examinations.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*. All correspondence held as sacredly confidential. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Great Family Doctor Book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—1000 pages, answers *in Plain English* hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know about. Sent *free*, in plain wrapper to any address on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only, or in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

11% Cash Dividends

ANNUALLY SINCE ORGANIZATION.
AN OPPORTUNITY OFFERED TO INVEST IDLE CAPITAL OR SMALL SAVINGS IN THE

Greatest Real Estate Business

In the Northwest, through a purchase of our

TEN YEAR PROFIT-SHARING DEVELOPMENT BONDS

SECURITY: One-half million dollars worth of best selected unincumbered, live North Dakota Income Real Estate. Write while it is open.

THE NORTH DAKOTA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY

Home Office, Fargo, N. D. Capital, Surplus and Reserve $300,000.00.

MICA AXLE GREASE

is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere

STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

GAL-VA-NITE

TRIPLE ASPHALT-COATED, MICA-PLATED

GAL-VA-NITE comes in rolls ready to be put on. Anyone can properly apply same with but hammer and knife. Each roll will cover a surface ten feet square. Nails, lap cement and directions in center of each roll.

With GAL-VA-NITE once on your buildings you are insured against leaks and the trouble and expense of patching, painting and fussing each time it rains. GAL-VA-NITE is waterproofed on both sides of the sheet with a triple coating of pure mineral asphalt. Weatherproofed with a heavy armor plating of flaked mica which makes it impervious to the ravages of rust and the dangers of flying sparks and fire brands.

GAL-VA-NITE is cheaper and better than shingles. Can be put on in quarter the time.

Let us send you samples and book—"The Inside of an Outside Proposition." Drop us a postal now.
Address the Manufacturers
UNION ROOFING & MFG. CO.
200 Union Road St. Paul, Minn

ROOFING

EASY TO LAY— FIRST COST LAST COST

Be Sure Youre Right
Get GAL-VA-NITE

A Storekeeper Says:

"A lady came into my store lately and said:

"'I have been using a New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove all winter in my apartment. I want one now for my summer home. I think these oil stoves are wonderful. If only women knew what a comfort they are, they would all have one. I spoke about my stove to a lot of my friends, and they were astonished. They thought that there was smell and smoke from an oil stove, and that it heated a room just like any other stove. I told them of my experience, and one after another they got one, and now, not one of them would give hers up for five times its cost.'"

The lady who said this had thought an oil stove was all right for quickly heating milk for a baby, or boiling a kettle of water, or to make coffee quickly in the morning, but she never dreamed of using it for difficult or heavy cooking. Now—she knows.

Do you really appreciate what a New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove means to you? No more coal to carry, no more coming to the dinner table so tired out that you can't eat. Just light a Perfection Stove and immediately the heat from an intense blue flame shoots up to the bottom of pot, kettle or oven. But the room isn't heated. There is no smoke, no smell, no outside heat, no drudgery in the kitchen where one of these stoves is used.

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

It has a Cabinet Top with a shelf for keeping plates and food hot. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove ornamental and attractive. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Tea Time Talks

It's always tea time when you are tired or thirsty.

Tea When You're Sick

It is *tea* and toast, not coffee and toast, that go to the sick room. Neither the stomach nor nerves of the sick are strong enough to endure coffee.

Right there you get a suggestion of the comparative effects of tea and coffee. Tea is a stimulant and a sedative. It is more refreshing than coffee and its after effects are soothing instead of straining to the nerves.

"Salada" Tea is pure tea, fragrant and of delicious flavor. It comes in air-tight packages to ensure plantation goodness to the purchaser.

"SALADA" TEA

Yearly sale over 20,000,000 packages

Ask your grocer for "Salada" Tea or send 10 cents for a sample package which makes 40 cups of delicious tea. Say whether Black or Green tea is desired.

Our booklet, "The Story of the Tea Plant," sent free.

"SALADA" TEA CO.
Shelby Block Detroit, Mich.

WESTERN CANADA

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, says:

"The stream of emigrants from the United States to Canada will continue."

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Senator Dolliver recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and says: "There is a land hunger in the hearts of English speaking people; this will account for the removal of so many Iowa farmers to Canada. Our people are pleased with its Government and the excellent administration of law, and they are coming to you in tens of thousands, and they are still coming."

Iowa contributed largely to the 70,000 American farmers who made Canada their home during 1909. Field crop returns alone during year added to the wealth of the country upwards of

$170,000,000.00

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts, 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) (3)

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

ICE CREAM

Phone 7

W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Mittwer's ad.

Read Holzman's new ad.

John Rothstein of Plummer was in town today.

H. E. Ives was at St. Hilaire between trains Monday.

Mrs. J. A. Duffy visited with friends at Crookston this week.

The public schools will close Friday for the summer vacation.

Dr. H. B. Newell of Thief River Falls was in town Saturday.

Chas. Ford of Amret is visiting with relatives here this week.

For Sale—A cow boy saddle at a very low price.—George F. Hennings.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose visited with Rev. Fr. Adolph at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Dr. J. E. Aague and Sam Hunt spent Sunday at the Hunt cottage at Maple Lake.

Misses Abbie Miller and Melissa Williams spent Sunday at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. L. F. Marshall entertained the F. and F. B. at her home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Berlach and little daughter of Fergus Falls are visiting with relatives in town.

For good Seed corn, rye, rape, stock beet and carrot seed go to The Big Store.

Louis Stoll returned Tuesday from Montana and brought a lot of horses with him.

Mrs. Koehler of Minneapolis is spending the week with her mother, Mrs. Ittner.

Andy Robertus returned Saturday from a business trip to the southern part of the state.

The big log drive has gone down stream. The wangan was taken over both dams Monday.

Adam Zeh, who has been in the west for many months, returned to Red Lake Falls this week.

E. Lasha who operates a medicine wagon out of Argyle, is visiting relatives in Red Lake Falls.

All the latest summer goods at the Big Store. 8c a yard up. Suisine 25c, Jap Loon Silks 25c to 18c fine imitation of the dollar goods. New Belts, barrettes, combs, all the novelties of the season.

Attorney C. E. Boughton was attending to legal business at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. S. M. Sivertson entertained the teachers and officers of the Presbyterian Sunday school last evening.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

For Sale—2 bulls, 1 bull calf and two heifer calves, all full blood short-horns of the milking strain.—M. O. Sortedahl.

Rev. Lewis T. Hughes will conduct services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours Sunday morning and evening.

Mrs. George F. Hennings has issued invitations for a shower for Miss Etta Garceau to be given at her home Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gibeau and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duffy went out to Lambert last Thursday, making the trip in the Gibeau car.

C. W. Johnson was at St. Peter last week for the commencement events at Gustavas Adolphus college of which he is a graduate.

We have what you are looking for in Shoes, whether you want the highest class of workmanship and quality, or the medium priced shoe.—The Big Store.

J. A. Duffy, Dr. N. M. Watson, Geo. F. Hennings and Frank Jellers are among the local people attending the conservation meeting at Crookston this week.

The grand procession which was to take place at Terrebonne last Sunday, was postponed on account of unfavorable weather to next Sunday. A big crowd is expected.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

H. A. Johnson is moving his household goods from St. Hilaire this week. The family will arrive Saturday and they will live in the rooms in the second story of the Borchers building.

E. E. Baker returned Tuesday from the twin cities where he had been to receive treatment for his eyes. His left eye, the sight of which it was feared had been lost, it is now believed has not been permanently injured, though he will not be able to use the eye for some time.

June Weddings

Are not some of your friends going to be married this month? For June weddings, silver weddings, golden weddings, all kinds of weddings, and for all other occasions, I have a most carefully selected stock from which you can make selections. I shall gladly give you the benefit of my long experience in helping you make your selections. For the sweet girl graduate or for a June bride, I especially recommend a watch, because of its time keeping qualities and because I know it will give to the owner

"True Time for a Life Time."

Rudolph Holzman

Watches Jewelry

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

A I M S

RED LAKE FALLS

To promote our customers' interests as we would our own.

To do all we can to make their relations here profitable and agreeable to them.

To contribute to their enterprises the enthusiastic co-operation, foresight and the timely assistance which a strong bank can properly bestow.

To repay their confidence in us with confidence in them.

These are the aims of the officers of this bank, and business men and women of Red Lake Falls and vicinity are invited to make this their banking home.

Merchants State Bank

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

MERCHANTS STATE BANK

Things persist in growing in Red Lake county even if it has been a little colder than people would wish. M. O. Sortedahl was exhibiting ripe strawberries this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Savard left Wednesday on a trip to Canada. They will be gone several days and Mr. Savard may decide to purchase some Canadian real estate.

Nick Nimesgern and his father have returned from Mazeppa, Minn., where they had gone to take the remains of their sister and daughter, the late Mrs. Margaret Liffrig.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

Mrs. Fred Borchers shipped the household goods to Missoula, Montana, this week and expected to leave for the west with the children, but is detained because of the illness of her son George.

Rev. Lewis T. Hughes, the new pastor of the Presbyterian church, and Mrs. Hughes, have been here during the week securing a house and making arrangements for the shipment of their household goods to this city.

Children's Day will be observed by the Presbyterian Sunday School next Sunday, June 5. A short program will be given by the pupils at ten o'clock in the Sunday School room. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these exercises.

Mrs. James Armstrong and daughter Myrtle are spending the week with old friends in Red Lake Falls. They formerly resided here but their home is now in Missoula, Montana, where Mr. Armstrong is engaged in the clothing business.

Lendgren and Soderlund and their crew of men are now employed in the construction of cement sidewalks on the east side of main street. Lindgren & Soderlund have contracts for the construction of many blocks of sidewalks in Red Lake Falls and will be employed here most of the summer.

F. A. Kellogg returned from Whitewater, Wisconsin, Tuesday and brought with him several head of registered Holstein cattle with which to stock his farm. Mr. Kellogg is of the opinion that it costs no more to feed good stock than the other kind and that there is a greater margin of profit in keeping the good cattle. There is no doubt that he is right.

The installation ceremonies for the new bishop of the Catholic church are to occur at Crookston next week. The installation address is to be delivered on Monday by Rev. Fr. Fayolle of this city. The ceremonies will extend over several days and Rev. Fr. Fayolle will be at Crookston the first half of the week to participate in the ceremonies.

Warmer weather is predicted. When it comes it will be with a vengeance—and one will be looking for cooler wearing apparel. Don't forget us for nifty straw hats—the Gorden, of course—a suit of light underwear—we have Munsing's and B. V. D. Knickers or anything else from a light summer suit to a pair of garters. We have the goods and will be glad to show you.—The Big Store.

Fred and Hilage Moilloux, prominent merchants of North Yakima, Wash., visited with relatives in Red Lake Falls and vicinity this week. They were guests at the home of their uncle, Charles Benoit, and on Tuesday Samuel Gibeau took them to Brooks with his car and they visited at the homes of Gilbert Poirier and A. Laniel. The Moilloux brothers were formerly engaged in business at Crookston.

L. E. Healy, who has been engaged in business in Missoula, Montana, and in teaching at other places in the west for some time, arrived in Red Lake Falls last Friday and will remain here permanently. He has become associated with his father in the land business. The Healy Land company has become associated with outside colonization companies and the scope of the business is to be extended.

"Pusseyfoot" Johnson, the newly elected king of northern Minnesota, has issued a decree that they may sell beer at Plummer, if they will haul it in with teams from Red Lake Falls, as he will not allow them to ship it on the Soo line. This has raised our hopes, and we are going to write and ask him if we cannot have a couple of bottles of beer for the 4th of July, if we will agree to go west of Thief River Falls to drink it.—Sunbeam.

Mrs. M. Christensen left last evening for Byron, Minn., being summoned to that place because of the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. C. Castner. Mrs. Castner has suffered a stroke of paralysis and her condition is so serious that it is feared she will not live. The fact that she had previously suffered a stroke of paralpysis makes her condition more alarming. Mrs. Castner visited in Red Lake Falls last summer and friends will be pained to learn of her serious illness.

Her Long Suit.

"Mrs. Promoter informs me that you and I are to be partners in the whist game at her card party tonight," imparted the major, meeting the clever Mrs. Flurry on the avenue. "I didn't know you played whist."

"Oh, I play a little, major. It's a beautiful day, isn't it?"

"Yes. Now let me give you a pointer," rejoined the major, who was as earnest in his whist playing as he was redoubtable. "In the game tonight if you have long suit use it."

"Very well, major, I shall. There goes Mrs. Skittle, whom I want to see. Goodby, major. I'll see you at the whist game, and I'll wear my long suit."—Judge's Library.

She Ate It

By SHEELA ESTHER DUNN

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

In Belgium the month of May is known as the Virgin's month and consecrated to the Virgin Mary. In the province of Liege during May young girls have a pretty way of learning whom they shall marry. A group of maidens arrange to meet at sunrise, walk through the fields until they come to a hedge, and, selecting a spot unexposed to the highway, they choose a honeysuckle bush beneath which to perform their mystic rites. Each girl selects three blades of grass, cuts the tops to equal lengths and to each ties a colored thread of silk. Black represents a bachelor, red an unknown lover and green the person the girl in her heart wishes to marry. Ten days afterward they return to the spot where they left the blades growing, and that blade of the three which has grown highest represents the lover that is destined for the maiden's husband.

There lived in this province a poor girl named Anna DeWindt. She was an adopted daughter of an old couple who worked a small farm. Anna was a fair complexioned, fair haired, blue eyed maiden, her pure heart being plainly manifest in her countenance. The adjoining farm on the east was a much larger one and owned by a farmer named DeRoade, with one son, Belleger. Helleger DeRoade was at the university when Anna DeWindt came to live at the adjoining farm. When he returned for his spring vacation he saw her busy about the adjoining premises, but she was so far from him that he could not tell whether she was comely or ugly. Taking a glass, he brought the image nearer and discovered what he was pleased to call his "Madonna."

From that time when he would see Anna on the porch of the house or back in the kitchen garden he would watch her through his glass and longed to go out and chat with her.

His vacation came to an end, and he experienced a pang at leaving his Madonna, whom he had been used to bringing so near to him by means of his glass. On the morning of his departure he was obliged to rise early. Going out on to the porch, he sniffed the delicious spring air. The sun was just rising. He walked about, presently going under a tree with overhanging branches. A door opened in the next house, and Anna and another girl came out and walked directly toward him. They advanced to the hedge that separated the two places and were screened from him by its twigs and leaves.

Stealing out of his retreat, stooping that he might not be seen, he went treading on the soft grass to the hedge. On reaching it he heard coming from a few yards distant on the other side their soft voices. Anna's companion was speaking.

"This is the bachelor," she said, tying a thread on a spear of grass. "This is the unknown," tying another, "and this," tying a third, "is my dear love."

"And who is your dear love?" asked Anna, who was herself tying threads on blades of grass.

"John Ten Eyck. Who is yours?"

"I can't tell you; it is so foolish of me."

"You needn't. I know already. It is the handsome student in the DeRoade place."

Anna made no reply, but Helleger, having found an opening just big enough to give him a view of her face, saw a blush overspread her features.

He was astonished. A girl whom he had not suspected of having been aware of his existence had indicated with the green thread that she had taken him into her innocent heart.

Having tied the blades of grass and cut them to a uniform length the two girls went back to the house and the student departed for the university.

* * * * * * *

At Amsterdam several years later Helleger and his Madonna met. Her people had received a small legacy and had come to Amsterdam to claim it. Helleger DeRoade did not betray the fact that he had seen Anna before; certainly did not mention that he had looked at her through a fieldglass. Nevertheless he yielded to an irresistible impulse to make her his wife.

In Holland if a young man wishes to ask the hand of a girl in marriage he buys a sweet cake, takes it to her house and in presence of her family places it on a table before her. The family affect not to notice the gift, while the girl, if she accepts him, eats the cake. If she refuses him she leaves the cake on the table.

DeRoade took a cake and laid it before Anna. A blush came to her cheek, and she put out her hand toward it, but did not take it. Was she yielding to a natural coquetry or had she some reason for hesitating? Helleger said to her:

"Am I not he of the green thread?"

The blush on her cheek deepened to scarlet; she hid her face in her hands. At last she said:

"Tell me how you learned about the green thread."

"I will if you will tell me about how you came to know anything about me."

"You must first tell me how you knew about me," she replied.

He shrank from telling her that he had been looking at her through a spyglass. He took up the cake and handed it to her.

She ate it.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$ .95
Durum	.69
Rye	.56
Oats	.30
Flax	1.83
Barley	.42
Potatoes	.25
Eggs	.17
Butter, dairy	.25

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL CARLOAD OF SUCCESS SPREADERS

The Lightest Draft Manure Spreader on the Market.

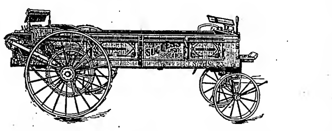
Guaranteed to pull one horse lighter than any other spreader made.

These are what do it:

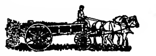
They have been built for thirty-one years

Made by the Pioneers in the Spreader business

Here is the machine:



Fitted with steel wheels which can never rot, split, warp or break—not the ordinary steel wheel but something new and different. The Success is built light but very strong. It is not a clumsy, top-heavy machine that is a load alone for a team but one which we guarantee can be worked under ordinary conditions with only one team of horses. Before you buy, come in and look the Success over.



WILLIAM FINDEISEN

One Best Bank

We refer, of course, to this one, and knowing the superior facilities we have to offer, we unhesitatingly make the statement that every man, woman and child in this community who has anything to do with money should have an account with us. Certainly a modest statement, you say, and we agree with you because we know of no legitimate argument against it. Let us analyze a little and see where we are. No better set of officers and directors could be assembled than are in charge of this bank's affairs. All men of highest standing, all financially responsible, all men whose word and bond possess equal value. Nothing that could be offered you in any financial institution in America is lacking here, because dollar for dollar no bank anywhere is any safer than ours. We solicit business on our merit and capital and surplus, and can offer you value received every time. If you have not already done so we ask you to establish relations with this bank now and we are very sure that they will be long continued.

First State Bank, Red Lake Falls

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOBS.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 24th day of June, 1910, at one o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 46 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date May 27th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, being Stations "O" to Station No. "224" both inclusive and contemplating the excavation and removal of 31,554.0 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of construction, in any case, as stated in said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

Three Thousand One Hundred Fifty-five and 40 100.

The estimated total cost of the work is $4,530.40 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 1st, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE

SEAL County Auditor Red Lake County,
je2-16 State of Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } ss

In the matter of the petition of William C. Hunt and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 47.

Notice is Hereby Given That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 47, said ditch is located wholly within the Townships One Hundred Fifty-two (152) and One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40).

A description of Main Ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east and one hundred and forty (140) feet north of the quarter corner in the center of section seven (7), township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40) thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter or center line in sections seven (7) and six (6), to a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section six (6) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) and sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty -30- to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two -152-, range forty -40-, and the lands over and through which it passes are as follows: Commencing at a point seventeen hundred -1700- feet east of the quarter corner between sections six -6- and seven -7-, thence running due west parallel with and twenty -20- feet south of the section line between sections six -6- and seven -7- to a point twenty -20- feet south and twenty -20- feet east of the northwest corner of the northeast quarter -NE¼- of section seven -7- where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the main ditch No. forty-seven -47- as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Tona O. Rjenstad, Fred L. Farley, Knut Olson, Gustav Swenson, Swan B. Swanson, J. A. Duffy, Thomas G. Rome, Andreas Anensen, Frank York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Hovland, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hyland, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skreland, Mike Kolski, Charles W. Johnson, Clarence Havlord, Oscar E. Lillo, John Qoirk, Daniel Sullivan, William G. Hunt, Annie Spokely, Walter McAndress, Kate O'Brien, Charley Clark, Frank Jeffers, Olaf H. Snoback, Even J. Lund, Jerry O'Brien, Aanund Knutsen, Julius Halverson, Andrew M. Johnson, Kattel Vindlos, Gust B. Tvelt, Martin Solom, Andrew T. Myrum, Arne Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Joseph E. O'Toole, Lars E. Olte, Township of Deer Park, Township of Highlanding and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county, to make a survey of the route of

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 1st day of July, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of the surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated May 24th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn.

County Auditor's Seal jn2-16

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 37

ARE PLANNING ON A BIG CELEBRATION

Laying of Corner Stone of New Court House Is Arousing Enthusiasm.

Committee Has Prepared a Program That Promises to Mark an Epoch.

On Saturday of this week the corner stone of the magnificent new Red Lake County court house will be laid, and the ceremonies as planned by the committee in charge, give every evidence of being successful from start to finish. Time rolls on in rapid flight, and the chance of witnessing so impressive a ceremony as the laying of a court house corner stone comes but once in a life time. For this reason, each and every one who will be present and none are barred from attending will fully realize the importance of the occasion. Red Lake Falls in particular, and Red Lake county in general will have every reason to be proud of the new building, and it is hoped that the enthusiasm of the witnesses to the ceremony will know no bounds.

No big plans or program will be arranged. The band will be present and will render several selections. The short history of the county which has been prepared by a committee appointed for that purpose, will be placed in the stone, and the stone itself will be laid by the county commissioners.

Arden Alvester.

Arden Alvester, the seventeen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Alvester, who reside seven miles northwest of town, died at the family home last Monday evening. He had been sick for the past four years with consumption, but until Saturday had not been confined to his bed.

The remains were taken on Tuesday evening's train to Cyrus, Polk county, where interment was made. The young man's parents and his grandmother, Mrs. Nels Alfson accompanied the remains to Cyrus.

Reception for Senator Works.

Senator S. D. Works, who was in the city Friday to give the commencement address, was the guest of honor at an informal banquet at Paul's hotel Friday evening. The gathering was far removed from anything of a political nature and both democrats and Republicans joined hands across the table and drank toasts to the honored guest. A light lunch followed by cigars and short speeches by those present constituted the evening's program.

THE NEW BANK IS A SURE THING

L. C. Simons Says That New Institution Will Open in the Lemieux Block.

To be Known as Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls.

L. C. Simons was in town Monday and when interviewed about the report that a new bank in which he is to be interested, is to be started in Red Lake Falls, he said: "Yes, the report is true—all true. We have bought the Lemieux block and we bought it for bank purposes. The bank will be opened up just as soon as arrangements can be made. We hope to have the location on the corner, though Mr. Schreiter's lease runs for a time yet. But the bank will be started soon either in the corner room or the room occupied by the Sunshine store."

L. C. Simons, M. C. Tifft of the insurance commissioners department and three other St. Paul bankers have made application for a charter for the Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls. Besides these, others will be interested in the new bank.

From the foregoing the natural conclusions is that the new bank will be opened in a few weeks.

Miss Mary Cadieux, who has spent the winter teaching school at Lundgren, near Rainy Lake, is at home for the summer vacation.

Good News!

We trust you read our former advertisement regarding gasoline stoves. We have no intention of boring you with this subject but we believe that if the advantages of a gasoline cook stove have once been properly presented to you, you will be enthusiastically in favor of buying one. A gasoline stove in the home means just this: You don't have to build a fire an half hour or so before meal time; you do not have to suffer the discomfort of all the heat of a coal or wood range; the meal is economically and quickly prepared and much time and labor is saved.

An investment of a few dollars buys a "Quick Meal" gasoline stove—the best made—with an oven. You will get your money's worth in one month's use during the hot weather. Call us on the telephone, send us a postal card or let us know in some other way—any way at all but let us know—and we will send a stove on approval to your home if desired. A salesman will be sent along to explain its method of operation. Then you can keep it or send it back, just as you please. Now we trust this statement will be received and treated in the same kindly spirit in which it was written, as we are certain you will be much pleased with one of our "Quick Meal" gasoline stoves. See our display in the show window or in the store.

Mittwer's Hardware

"SERVICE AND QUALITY"

SENATOR STEPHENS AS FOXY GRANDPA

Works Out Clever Scheme For Bettering Condition of His Pet Candidates.

Paul Pry Sees Through Plans and Then Gives the Whole Secret Away.

St. Paul, June 7.—Talking about king-makers and slate-makers and that sort of thing, don't overlook Aandy Stephens of Crookston. He knows things. He has been next to the game for many years. He has been next to the big fellows—has been made us of by them and has made use of their influence. For many years when the Republican managers were doing things, Andy has been on the inside. Andy is now close to the governor. It is in pursuance of his advice that the governor did not attend the Crookston conservation convention. Too nearly conflicting interests there. Eberhart better keep awey and not commit himself. Andy was confident he could manege things better with him out of the way.

Arcades Ambo.

Andy is hand in glove with Ed. Smith, the Minneapolis Republican boss and handy man for various interests. Incidentally he is the connecting link between the governor's organization and Jim Tawney's machine. He and Elmer Tawney are interested in a string of banks up north which Elmer personally looks after. When Elmer and Andy get together they fix things up. When you want to know really what's doing in state politics keep your eye on Senator Stephens.

Political Vagaries.

Senator Stephens was the big man at the Crookston convention. He managed things. Ostensibly tabooing politics at the convention, Andy has taken care to make it the hot-bed for spronting political fortunes. From the capitol of Polk he has sounded the Republican key note of the political campaign. "We lost but once before," said he, "by going off on vagaries. They still outvote us down at St. Paul but if we steer clear of vagaries I pledge you that the Republican convention" will do so and so. Mark the "I pledge you". Stephens speaks as one having authority. He has. He talks by the book. And he talks too ex cathedra for those who will control the Republican convention. He knows who they are. The rest of us can only guess who they will be. The wily Andy has evidently been delegated to speak for them.

Hobbyhorses in Stall.

"Vagaries." What are vagaries? One's mind instantly reverts to our anti-saloon friends with their county option propoganda. Let it be recalled also that Represetative Bjorge is ambling oround Crookston these days. There you have it. Let those who have hobby-horses take notice. If they want to get in the Republican convention they must leave their prancing steeds behind. Andy will have none of them. They aren't going to be allowed to disturb the harmony of the Republican convention—not this time.

Fixing the Slats.

But that is not all the Polk county statesman is up to. He is wet nurse to the Bagley banker's new-born political ambitions. Because he wants Kaiser to be state treasurer and considering his banking interests there are obvious reasons for this he is shooing other candidates off from his politicals preserves. Doc. Cole must make way there. Bob Wells receives no kindly greetings. For the auditor's office, Iverson is the machine candidate; for lieutenant governor, who?

Smith in Training.

And this raises the query, why was Ed. Smith sworn in to that office the other day after shying clear of it for six long months. Its a bold thing to do to set up Ed. Smith's name on the second place on the Republican ticket; but Stephens is equal to any coup d'etot. Who else is there? Doc. Gates, as everybody knows has been coquetting with the county option people. Since vagaries are to be steered away from, clearly he won't do it. Gordon is flatfooted against the machine, and insurgency will not be countenanced. On the other hand, consider Smith. His location is just right. Stephens' friends are his friends. They have long trained together, Smith playing Damon to Stephens' Pythias. In this office a nomination is equal to an election. Smith is known to be in the governor's confidence and to have long enjoyed it. Indeed it is no secret that when Eberhart was lieutenant governor he gave Smith carte blanche to pick out the best things for himself and his friends. Smith occupying the

Continued on Last Page.

WAS ADJUDGED INSANE

Moses Peleran of Thief River Taken to Fergus Falls.

Probate Judge Richardson was at Thief River Falls Tuesday conducting a special term of probate court for the purpose of examining into the condition of Moses Peleren, as to his sanity. Several witnesses were examined and as the evidence of all tended to show that the prisoner was an irresponsible party, the Judge committed him to Fergus Falls, where he was taken Wednesday by Sheriff Nelson.

Peleran, who also goes by the name of Parenteau, is a familar charecter around Thief River Falls. Since childhood he has been subject to epileptic fits and this is undoubtedly responsible for the unbalancing of his mind. At the time of his examination he was practically rational but the evidence introduced showed that he was not in condition to be left loose, hence the decision of the court.

WAS FISHING ILLEGALLY

Henry Jonke Pays $12 for Fishing With Net.

While in the city Wednesday, Game Warden Munch swore out a warrent against Henry Jonke, charging illegal fishing. Jonke was taken before Justice of the Peace Higinbotham, where, in view of the fact that it was his first offence he was fined $12. Jonke it seems, had been fishing with a net at Healy's dam, contrary to law, so his arrest was caused. There are several others here who have been doing considerable net fishing and Warden Munch has his eyes on other offenders who will be prosecuted unless the practice is discontinued.

STATE TREASURER DINEHART IS DEAD

Promising Career of Prominent Official Suddenly Cut Short.

Clarence C. Dinehart, state treasurer of Minnesota, died at 3:30 Wednesday morning in Luther hospital in St. Paul.

Mr. Dinehart, one of Minnesota's most brilliant young politicians, was operated on Saturday for appendicitis. He seemed to rally satisfactorily, but relapse followed relapse, until shortly before midnight Tuesday the attending physician, Dr. E. I. Brown, told the parents of the doomed man that the end must be near.

Mr. Dinehart's condition first became serious enough to demand the attention of a physician about a week ago. An examination established the fact that the appendix was highly inflamed, causing the patient much pain. He was taken to the hospital and on Saturday, when the inflamation became less acute, it was decided, after a conference with his parents, to proceed at once with an operation.

For twenty-four hours following the operation, which was performed in Luther hospital, his case was not regarded as being particularly dangerous. Then it developed that he would be unable to take the required nourishment in the natural manner, and unusual methods of supplying him with food were resorted to.

The dead man was twice elected state treasurer on the Republican ticket, although only thirty-three years old.

He was an announced candidate for the Republican nomination this fall for Congresman from the Second district, now represented by Congressman Hammond of St. James. It had been freely predicted that he would secure the nomination and election.

He was a graduate of the University of Minnesota and from Yale. He was distinguished as an orator and public officer of unusual abilities.

"No man knows what the future held for him," said an admirer at the capital, "it was filled with possibilities. He seemed certain of a seat in Congress and Clarence Dinehart is the sort of material from which presidents are made.

We are agents for "King" waists—the finest fitting waists made—strictly man tailored, $2.25 to $3.50. Also the "Goodman" tailored and Lingerie waists, direct from New York. Fine fitting and stylish—$1.25 and up. Great values.—The Big Store.

CROOKSTON BISHOP NOW IN OFFICE

Installation Services Were Conducted This Week by Diocese Laymen.

Large Gathering Present to Witness Ceremonies of Assuming Office.

Bishop Timothy Corbett was duly installed as bishop of the Crookston diocese on Tuesday of this week. The ceremonies were held at Crookston and were attended by many outside visitors in addition to the district priests and laymen who participated.

The receptions for Bishop Corbett, Bishop McGolrick of Duluth and Archbishop Ireland on Monday marked the opening of the two days celebration.

Bishop Corbett was met at the train by visiting priests and the streets were lined on both sides by hundreds of Knights of Columbus from Crookston, Bemidji, Grand Forks and other cities. Following the reception at the train the party entered St Mary's church where Bishop Corbett said mass.

Prior to mass, Father Fayolle, of Red Lake Falls, welcomed the bishop and his earnestness was impressive. He said the priests of the diocess and many of the laymen knew and loved their new bishop and that all would love him and uphold his hands in the great work that was before him.

Bishop Corbett's address in response was full of that earnestness that has characterized his residence at Duluth, stating that although it grieved him much to think of leaving his parish at Duluth, he was not discouraged at the great work before him.

"I know the self sacrificing character of the priests in this diocese," he said, "and I know what can be expected of them. Uphold them in all their efforts. They will do their part. You must do yours. Let everyone assume the responsibility that falls upon them.

"I come to you as a bishop of the people, and we must work together. Come to me with your troubles and I will help you if possible. Let us aim to make temperate, virtuous law abiding citizens, thus exemplifying the teaching of our church and making firmer the foundation of the great country in which we live."

He closed with a final appeal for unity of action, and the co-operation of all in accomplishing the great work ahead in the diocese of Crookston. His remarks were made with an impassioned eloquence that appealed to every person present very strongly and points toward a united following of most able leadership.

The counties comprising the new diocese are Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Polk, Kittson, Marshall, Norman, Red Lake, Mahnomen and Roseau.

Archbishop Ireland, in his installation address, spoke words of hope and blessing for the diocease of Crookston and said the present occasion was the beginning of a wonderous era of spiritual grace. He traced the history of this section when it was trackless to the present time, when 35 priests are laboring in the field and the wonderful possibilities which are present with rich land, no better on earth he said, its salubrious climate and the great promise it gave for the future.

Among the priests from this vicinity who were in attendance were Fathers Fayolle of Red Lake Falls, Roy of Lomhort, Theillon of Gentilly, and Veillieux of Terrebonne.

Banquets, auto rides through the city of Crookston and into the adjoining vicinity, receptions and lectures by prominent speakers marked the closing of a period which will mark an epoch in the Catholic history of this section of the tsate. People, irrespective of religious tendencies gathered as one body to pay respects and to extend a welcome to Bishop Corbett. But one thought was uppermost in the minds of all and that was to give the new dignitary a fitting welcome and to thoroughly convince him that in all his undertakings in his new work he would hae the hearty co-operation of all.

Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County, will meet at Wylie, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock, on Friday, the 1st day of July, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the constructon and erection of a 35 foot steel beam bridge, agreeable to the specificatons hereunto annexed.

je9-23

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Johnson of Polk Center were guests over Sunday at the home of their son, C. W. Johnson.

Base Ball Sunday.

The Red Lake Falls ball team—no, Mabel, the first team,—will go to Thief River Sunday, weather permitting, to play a game with the team from that city. This game won't decide the county seat fight, because that's already settled. Neither will it decide the divison scrap. It will be just an ordinary game of base ball with plenty of excitement and there isn't any question that if the roads and weather are favorable, a number from here will accompany the team.

GRADUATES RECEIVE THEIR DIPLOMAS

Large Class Graduates From Red Lake Falls High School.

Commencement Exercises Held at Bijou Theatre Friday Evening.

Sixteen young people received diplomas from the Red Lake Falls high school Friday evening, the presentation of the coveted sheep skins by Dr. N. M. Watson, president of the board of education, being one of features of the program for the annuel commencement exercises at the Bijou theatre.

The commencement address was delivered by Senator S. D. Works of Manato. Senator Works gave an able and eloquent address on the subject, "Individualism." He urged the young people to strong individual effort. All good things, he said, are accomplished if not by the effort of an individual, by the combined individual efforts of thinking people inspired by common desires. He said that the epoch-making events in the history of the country were the results of the individual efforts of people inspired by high purposes. The address was an able one and was well received by the audience.

The invocation was offered by Rev. Fr. Fayolle. Songs by the high school girls chorus and by the mixed chorus were delightfully rendered.

Other musical numbers were given by Freund's orchestra.

Seated on the platform were Senator S. D. Works, Rev. Fr. Foyolle, Supt. L. V. Koos and members of the high school faculty, members of the board of education and members of the class of 1910.

Diplomas were presented to the following young people:

Eda G. Lizee,
Raymond A. Linnihen.
Graham M. Kindseth.
Pearls F. Grey,
George O. Tandberg.
Isabel T. Helm.
Lydia E. Gerlach.
Beatrice E. Emard.
Lou F. Green,
Robert L. Zaiser,
Florence A. Hennemuth.
Laura B. Zaiser.
Lillian T. Brady.
Alice J. Columbus.
Carl T. Tandberg.
Alice M. Zaiser.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican county convention will be held at Thief River Falls Friday, June 17, at 10:30 o'clock. The county convention is to elect delegates to the state convention which is to nominate candidates for the various state offices. The precincts of the county are entitled to representation in the county convention as follows:

Bray 2, Black River 2, Clover Leaf 2, Deer Park 2, Emardville 2, Equality 3, Garnes 3, Gervais 2, Goodridge 2, Highlanding 3, Hickory 2, Kratka 3, Lake Pleasant 2, Lambert 3, Louisville 2, Mayfield 2, Nordan 3, North 3, Numedal 2, Polk Center 2, Poplar River 3, Red Lake Falls town 2, River Falls 2, Rocksbury 4, Reiner 2, Sanders 2, Silverton 3, Smiley 3, Star 2, Terrebonne 2, Wyandotte 2, Plummer Village 2, St. Hilaire Village 3, Red Lake Falls City, First Ward 2, Second Ward 2, Third Ward 3; Thief River Falls City, First Ward, 1st precinct 4, First Ward, 2nd precinct 5; Second Ward 3 Third Ward 6. Total number of delegates, 104.

Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County will meet at Wylie, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock p. m. Friday the 1st day of July, 1910, for the purpose of recieving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 20 foot steel beam bridge agreeable to the specifications hereunto annexed.

je9-23

Supt. L. V. Koos of the city schools has gone to Yorkville, Illinois, where he will spend the summer vacation with relatives.

IT WAS A MONSTROUS MEETING

Big Noise Made at Crookston Was Heard all over the State.

Conservation Meeting Biggest Thing in History of Northern Minnesota.

Hundreds of northern Minnesota enthusiastic boosters gathered at Crookston last week for the big conservation meeting and it was the biggest of the kind ever held in northern Minnesota.

People from all over the state were in attendance at the meeting and the politician or statesman or other aspirant for public office, of whom there were many at the meeting, has his eyes opened if he had not previously been able to see that northern Minnesota is entitled to and is to receive some consideration at the hands of the next legislature.

The meeting was full of politics to the running over point—not partizan agitations; just plain politics.

This year's political platform that does not have some northern Minnesota planks in it, is going to be a pretty wobbly sort of a contraption. That is the concensus of opinion of the hundreds of people who attended the big meeting at Crookston.

The Junior Banquet.

The Junior banquet, given in the M. B. A. hall last Saturday evening, brought to a most successful close the events of commencement week of the Red Lake Falls High School. The hall was tastily decorated with the class colors and the evening was one of the most pleasant of the season.

A "pi" contest, a hat-making contest, in which each contestant made a paper hat and then wore it for exhibition purposes, were the amusements of the evening. Supt. Koos officiated as toastmaster, and toasts were given by Albany Deforge, Robert Zaiser, Geo. Tandberg, Miss Twinum and Miss Gibbs of the faculty, Lou Green as president of the class of the Seniors, and Mona Zeh as class president, for the Juniors.

The lunch which was served in four courses, was the crowning feature of the whole affair, the manner of serving being especially pleasing. Following is the lunch by courses:

Wafers — Fruit Salad
Creamed Chicken — Potato Salad
Sandwiches
Ice Cream — Cake
Coffee
Candy — Nuts

CLASS WILL GRADUATE

St. Joseph's School Commencement Tomorrow.

The commencement exercises for St. Joseph's school are to occur Friday evening, June 17, when ten young people will recieve diplomas from the school. A drama, "A Public Benefactor," is to be given and a fine program of literary and musical numbers has been prepared. Following is the program:

Overture Freund's Orchestra.
Chorus—"Les Oiseaux" Tritan, Class.
Recitaton—"A Second Trial" Kellogg, Grace Jeffers.
Musical Recitation—"The Faithful Soul" Proctor, Eighth Grade Girls.
Song—"The Midshipmite" Adams, Boys.
Des Comique—"Les Deux Moqueses," Wachs, Emma Hance and Alma Demarais.
Selection—Freund's orchestra.
Recitation—"The Soldier's Cradle Song" McGuire, Maurice Brunelle
A Drama—"A Public Benefactor"
Characters;
Erastus Steele, a merchant, Raymond Mercier
Harry, his son, Mose Latendresse
Solomon Longface, an Imposter, George Gibeau.
Cyrus Caucus, a Countryman, George Crompe.
Bobby Simson, a lubberly boy, Henry Latendresse.
Barney Hoolen, a laborer, Louis Kaufer.
Cornet Solo, "Selected," Mr. Clement E. Brunelle.
Recitation "Keeping a Seat at the Benefit, Fisk, Rosalba Lemieux.
Selection Freund's Orchestra.
Valediotory (French) Cora Normandeau.
Presentation of Diplomas, Very Rev. E. Fayolle.
Chorus, "Farewell," Class.
Selection, Freund's Orchestra.

Mrs. E. F. Wheeler has gone to Fargo for an extended visit at the home of Mr. Wheeler's parents. Her visit will extend over a month and before returning she will also spend some time at the home of her parents at Fergus Falls.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events In Which Readers Generally Are Interested

Washington.

Representative McLachlan of California, made a speech in the house on his resolution calling on the secretary of war for detailed information regarding the military readiness of the country.

Dominicio da Gama, at present minister of Brazil to the Argentine Republic will be appointed ambassador to the United States. No official announcement on the subject has been made but there is little doubt such is the fact.

A study of industrial education in the United States has been begun by the bureau of labor. The scope of the inquiry has not yet been definitely determined by Commissioner Neill. A special agent of the bureau is studying in a general way the various forms of industrial training.

Members of the Ballinger-Pinchot committee are discussing the probability of a report during the present session of congress. Several members expressed the opinon that the hearings could not be concluded and the mass of testimony reviewed and passed on before congress adjourned.

Battling Nelson called on Speaker Cannon at the capitol and after carefully looking over the latter's spare frame from a respectful distance averred "that the speaker would have made a great feather weight."

After weeks of inactive deadlock, followed by other weeks of careful work of consideration, conference and the house postal saving hall, as favored by the republican members of the committee on postoffice and post roads, was introduced to the house by Representative Gardener of New Jersey.

By telling robbers that a hank vault was locked with a timelock L. E. Ellison, cashier of a bank at Layton, Utah, prevented the robbery of the bank.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of H. L. Welty, former president of the Home Security Savings bank of Bellingham, Wash., which was closed by the state examiner March 31. He is charged with embezzling $10,000.

A moderate earthquake, estimated at 45,000 miles away, was registered on the seismograph at Georgetown university.

The abolition of the national forestry in Arkansas as contemplated by bills which have been introduced in congress, have been enumerated before the house public lands committee by Alec F. Potter, associate forester, and S. J. Record, supervisor of the Arkansas national forestry.

Colonel Ira Copley, millionaire gas magnate of Aurora, Ill., has offered to contribute a large sum of money to assist in carrying on the investigation in the election of William Lorimer to the United States senate.

Mr. Bryan made an address in Omaha favorable to county option.

"Darvey" Thielman, a Seattle bartender, was arrested by a deputy United States marshal on an indictment returned by a federal grand jury at Omaha last December, charging him with promoting a fake prize fight.

Richard Price Morgan who is credited with drawing the plans for the first elevated railroad in the United States and a former roommate of Abraham Lincoln, is dead, aged 82 years.

The interior department is preparing for the establishment of the the bureau of mines, in accordance with the recent enactment of congress, creating it as a co-ordinate division in that department.

The Democrats in the senate refused to make an agreement to aid the "regulars."

John H. Converse, late head of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, of Philadelphia, has created a fund of $200,000 to carry on evangelical work.

The claim that American people have gone navy mad was made in the senate by Hale and Clay.

Two almost simultaneous explosions of dynamite, supposed to consist of 3,000 pounds, completely demolished the rural guard barracks in the city of Pinar del Rio. One hundred were killed.

Speaker Cannon was quoted as predicting that congress will not adjourn until July 15th, at the earliest, and possibly remain in session until August 1.

The house postal savings hank bill, as favored by the republican members of the committee on post offices and post roads, was introduced to the house by Representative Gardner of New Jersey.

Mrs. George M. Pullman, widow of the late palace car magnate, was successfully operated on in Chicago Tuesday. Her speedy recovery is predicted.

House insurgents are very angry over the speech of Speaker Cannon at New York.

Racing will not be re-established in Louisiana at this session of the legislature. Governor Sanders announced recently that he would vote any measure repealing the Locke law.

The United States has suggested to Mexico that the boundary question involved in the celebrated Chamizal zone case be submitted to some well known jurist of a mutually friendly power for arbitration.

Advices received at Guayaquil state that the Peruvian government has stationed 100,000 men along the frontier to resist invasion.

Astronomers obtained valuable observations during the passage of the earth through the comet's tail.

The first survivors of the recent earthquake in Costa Rica, in which more than 1,500 lives were lost in the destruction of Cartago, arrived at New York.

Colonel W. T. Sullivan, a former postoffice inspector, for several years in charge at Denver, Colo., died at Gallatin, Mo., from paralysis. He retired from the government service about three months ago.

An excursion steamer capsized in the Missouri river but no lives were lost.

General.

The Standard Oil company has increased the wages of its workmen from 6 to 10 per cent. The order is retroactive and became effective May 1. It is estimated that the company will add from $6,000,000 to $10,000,000 to its annual pay roll expense. The new scale affects employees engaged in the company's works and factories, but the office men will not be benefited by this increase. Most of the employees who will get the increase are laborers, and the advance applies to all the subsidiary companies in the United States. The company has approximately 70,000 employees. The Standard is one of the very few big concerns of this country which has never had a strike among its employes.

The Methodist Episcopal church south is agitating the question of removing the time limit of ministers.

Liliuokalani, former Queen of Hawaii, has again met defeat in her effort to obtain $150,000 for the rentals from the crown lands in Hawaii.

Theodore H. Price of New York, the cotton king, indicted in Washington for connection with the cotton leak scandal of 1905, cannot be prosecuted in the District of Columbia.

Two towns were wrecked and several people killed by a tornado in Oklahoma.

Congressmen whose home fences are out of repair are worrying over the prolonged session of congress.

An experiment of immense potential value, the establishment of a "credit union," will be tried at Springfield, Mass.

Augustus L. Revere, the great grandson of Paul Revere, and said to have been the last direct descendant of the revolutionary hero, died at Morristown, N. J.

It was announced at Houston, that Edwin Hawley had purchased the Texas & Central railway and that the line would become part of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas system.

Rev. William A. Wasson, rector of the Grace Episcopal church at Riverhead, N. Y., a fashionable summer resort, is going to give up the pulpit to defend the liquor cause in the United States.

Sir Walter Gilbey, the author of numerous books on agriculture, horse breeding and sporting subjects, is seriously ill in London.

King George ordered that military sentries be posed at Dorchester House in honor of Mr. Roosevelt, special envoy of the United States.

After eluding arrest for thirteen years, William Allen, wanted in Barry county, Missouri, for the murder of Samuel Gibbs, is under arrest at Marshfield, Ore.

One hundred men were killed by a dynamite explosion in Cuba.

There was evidence of bad humor in the senate debate on the railroad bill.

Reports from Nanking, the capital of the province of Kiang Su, tell of serious evidences of unrest among the Chinese.

President Taft takes full responsibility for the Lawler letter.

The senate committee has agreed to appropriate $425,000 for an addition to the Lincoln (Neb.) public building.

Seventy-five thousand miners with $750,000 fund behind them are on a strike in Illinois.

The wage question of all the Vanderbilt lines has been settled.

The senate has passed the omnibus Bettheone bill, which makes provision for aids to navigation practically on every coast of the United States. As amended in the committee on commerce it carries items aggregating about $2,500,000.

Personal.

Attorneys of Dr. Hyde of Kansas City have filed a motion for a new trial. It will be heard June 4th.

President Taft's action in sending a letter to Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, commending Representative Smith for reelection has stirred up considerable interest in Washington.

More than twenty men were killed by an explosion at Canton, O.

Regulars in congress were generally successful in the statewide primary in Ohio.

W. J. Bryan, in a hall hired by himself, told Omaha voters what he thought of democracy of that county.

Congressman Walter I. Smith of Iowa opened his campaign for renomination as a standpat republican.

Hon. W. J. Bryan publicly discussed the liquor traffic in Chicago.

Memorial services for King Edward were held in Washington.

Census returns show that comparatively few people attain the age of 100 years.

Bishop and Lady Van Scheele of Sweden will make a tour of the United States.

Clara Morris, the famous actress, is seriously ill with fear of entirely losing her sight.

Representative Kendall has asked that the eight-hour bill be reported to the house immediately.

Henry Watterson addressed the Canadian press association on the changing conditions in the newspaper profession.

Congressman Hinshaw has decided not to enter the race for the governorship of Nebraska.

Tex Rickard has been selected as referee in the Jeffries-Johnson fight.

Prospects are for a month's debate in the house on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Clara Morris, the famous actress of a generation ago, is said to be threatened with blindness at her home in Yonkers.

FOURNIER'S TRIAL

LAWYERS TRY TO RULE OUT EVIDENCE OR MURDER OF N. O. DAHL.

CRIME COMMITTED IN 1904

Decides the Two Cases Are So Interwoven That Evidence of Either Is Admissible.

Aitkin—The trial for his life of Paul Fournier, of Beltrami county, on the charge of having killed Aagot Dahl at Quiring, Beltrami county, April 7, 1904, was commenced in the district court, with Judge C. W. Stanton, of Bemidji, sitting on the bench, the case having been transferred from Beltrami county to Aitkin county by Judge McClenahan, who granted the application of Fournier's attorney, C. W. Scrutchin, of Bemidji, for a change of venue. The attorney alleged prejudice and inability to get a fair trial in Beltrami county, where the defendant had once been convicted of the charge of having killed N. O. Dahl.

Judga C. W. Stantnn.

Chester McKusick, of Bemidji, county attorney of Beltrami county, is in charge of the case against Fournier for the state and he is being assisted in getting the jury by Louis Hallum, of Aitkin, county attorney of Aitkin county. C. W. Scrutchin, Bemidji's colored attorney, is defending Fournier and Attorney Crowell, of Brainerd, is assisting Scrutchin.

The first clash of the attorneys occurred when the state began the introduction of testimony relative to the killing of N. O. Dahl, in connection with the present charge against Fournier of killing Aagot Dahl.

Attorney McKusick questioned Dr. Marcum, former assistant coroner of Beltrami county, relative to condition of the body of N. O. Dahl when found, and offered in evidence twelve pieces of the skull of N. O. Dahl to show the nature of two bullet wounds which caused the death of the old man.

Attorney Scrutchin, for the defense, objected to this testimony as being inadmissible. Defense contended the state was trying to guess at what time the Dahls disappeared and declared nothing had even been produced to actually prove when the father and daughter disappeared.

Attorney Scrutchin declared the state was attempting to prove a crime independent of the Aagot Dahl murder.

Judge C. W. Stanton overruled the objection, stating that while proof of the killing of N. O. Dahl would not prove the killing of the daughter, yet the circumstances were so intimately connected that the testimony was admissible.

Dr. Marcum then told of the finding of the body of N. O. Dahl under a balsam tree. The doctor described the fractures of the skull.

Fournier gazed steadily at the pieces of skull and displayed no emotion whatever at the gruesome exhibit.

Eugene Caldwell, chief witness for the state, was called to the stand shortly before the hour for noon adjournment. He testified as to the last time he saw Miss Dahl alive, declaring he found everything all right when he passed the Dahl cabin, April 6, 1904. He passed again the morning of April 8, but could find no trace of habitation.

Caldwell is the man who found the body of Dahl and his testimony at the first trial was impeached, the defense declaring that, contrary to his assertion that he was not aware that the reward had been raised from $200 to $1,500, information to that effect reached him one hour before he discovered the body. From the trend of the case thus far it is quite evident that the defense is preparing to move along the same line and impeach his testimony on this point.

County Optionists Speak at Windom.

Windom.—Sunday was a big day for the county optionists of this locality. Superintendent P. J. Youngdahl, Donald MacKenzie, of Mankato, and Rev. W. H. Miller, of Minneapolis, were the principal speakers. Each of these men spoke in the various churches in the forenoon and in the evening a mass meeting was held in the opera house, at which Superintendent Youngdahl was the principal speaker. Mr. Youngdahl urges every voter to work for a county option candidate, regardless of party.

Cale Tragedy Casts Gloom.

Willmar. — A very deep gloom fell over this city when the news reached here of the murder of Goldie Cale, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Cale, at the hands of John McGuire, the aged Swift county farmer, who shot her and then committed suicide. The tragedy is all the sadder, as the murdered girl's mother is critically ill with tuberculosis, one of her sisters is afflicted with the same malady and two smaller sisters are confined to their home with measles.

SCHOOL TEACHER MURDERED.

Willmar Man, After Committing Deed, Ends His Own Life.

Willmar. — Miss Goldie Cale, 23 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Cale, of this city, was shot and killed by John McGuire, a farmer of Heghert, who then ended his own life by hanging.

The girl had been teaching school near Heghert, a village 45 miles west of Benson, and was boarding at the home of McGuire, who had repeatedly attempted to keep company with her although he had been repulsed several times. The family were eating supper at the time of the tragedy and without warning McGuire left the table, and in a few moments entered the room with a double barrel shotgun in his hands. The girl seemed to know who he was after and jumped from the table running to the kitchen and thence to her bedroom, where she locked the door, McGuire in pursuit. While the farmer was battering down the door, Miss Cale pounded out a window and jumped to the ground making for a neighbor's home, a mile distant. McGuire followed and when within 600 feet of the girl fired a shot, the charge entering the lower part of her neck. She fell to the ground and although dead, McGuire fired a second shot, this charge setting fire to her dress. McGuire's mother who had seen the shooting from a window, rushed to the girl and extinguished the flames.

Hangs Self on Bridge.

McGuire then calmly walked back to the house, took his clothes and after taking a horse drove to the Pomme de Terre river, four miles from his home, where he took a rope, which he was carrying, and after tieing one end to the bridge which spans the river, jumped into the water with the other end around his neck.

His body was found later by the Benson authorities who had been informed of the crime.

The girl's body was brought to her home in this city. No cause is known for the deed except that the jilting of McGuire by the girl is thought to have preyed on his mind.

SKIPS ON EMPLOYER'S CASH.

Is Arrested Following Return, However, and Lodged in Jail.

Winona.—Samuel Thompson, the young farm hand who is said to have got away with $500 from the strong box of John Thompson, on his farm near Lewiston in March, is in jail here after having been off on a long and delightful trip abroad to his old home in Norway. His correspondence with a woman friend in southern Illinois served as a clew that ultimately resulted in his capture by Sheriff Parr of Winona at Pardeville, Wis., today.

Last March Thompson, the farmer, and his employe, Thompson, drove to market at Lewiston with a load of hogs, for which the farmer received $1,000. Returning home, the money was placed in the strong box in the house, where it remained for the night. The farm hand arose early the following morning and left the house, presumably to do his chores. When he remained out longer than usual suspicion was aroused and a search of the money chest revealed the fact that $500 was missing, but another similar amount in the same chest had been overlooked. A hunt was immediately instituted, but the fugitive had gained too good a start and reached Lewiston in time to make his getaway.

The authorities here learned of the friend of the missing man in southern Illinois and when Thompson wrote to her she gave him up to the sheriff. He was at Pardeville, employed with a construction gang in railroad work.

DRAINAGE IN VALLEY OF RED.

General System On a Big Scale Is Being Gradually Worked Out.

Crookston.—Some conception of the amount of drainage work being done in this section can be realized by the verified statement that O. L. Hamery, of this city, drainage engineer, has the supervision of 500 miles of ditches, practically all in Marshall, Kittson and Roseau counties, though there are a few miles in Beltrami county and a few in Polk.

For practically all of this work the contracts have been let, and the ditches will be completed the coming fall.

Mr. Hamery is but one of many drainage engineers in Crookston and surrounding territory, and thus it is seen that the work in the aggregate is immense. The system in this section of the state within a few years will be in shape for tile drainage, which will become general. In the past it has not been practical, because the general drainage system was not far enough advanced to furnish outlets for tile drainage. However, a few farmers have experimented with tile drainage, and it has proved thoroughly satisfactory.

Much of the land that will be reclaimed is exceptionally rich and has been termed as swamp land in the past. It has a rich layer of decayed vegetation on top and will produce wonderful crops when the water problem has been disposed of.

GENERAL WOOD COMING.

National President of Holstein Association Will Speak At Northfield.

Faribault.—The first general meeting of the Minnesota State Holstein Association will be held May 27 at Northfield. General C. W. Wood, of Worcester, Mass., president of the National Holstein-Friesian Association will speak, also Professor Hecker and Professor Grout, of the Minnesota State Experiment Station, and A. W. French, state dairy and food commissioner.

Would Wear Togas.

Windom. — Politics in Cottonwood and Jackson counties is beginning to boil. C. W. Gillam, a prominent grain man, of this place, is seeking the senatorship from these two counties and is opposed by A. C. Olson, a prominent farmer living a few miles south of here in Jackson county. Mr. Gillam is a strong county option man. For a time the field seemed open for representative from Cottonwood county as it is thought D. A. Stuart will not again seek that office.

NO RIGHT TO FLAG

VESSEL SEARCHED BY NICARAGUANS WAS NOT AMERICAN REGISTERED.

NO ACTION TO BE TAKEN

Advices Received at Washington State That Esfuerno Was a Nicaraguan Boat and Not Under U. S. Protection.

Washington, D. C., May 26.—If the Schooner Esfuerno, which was searched by the Nicaraguan gunboat Venus, was flying the United States flag at the time she was overhauled, as has been reported, she was carrying the stars and stripes without any authority, according to official advices received here.

The navy department has authentic information that the Esfuerno is not an American schooner. She is said to have a Nicaraguan register and is entitled to fly the Nicaraguan flag. It is thought that she may be partly owned by American capital, but that in no sense entitled her to the protection of the United States as an American vessel.

Under these circumstances the American government would not be justified in taking any action whatever.

JEWS DRIVEN OUT.

Affecting Scenes in Kiev, When Paupers are Driven Out.

St. Petersburg, May 26.—The exodus of Jewish families from Kiev has begun. The total departures from that city up to last night were 300 prescribed families belonging exclusively to the poorest classes. The expulsion is attended with harrowing sights.

The exodus is compulsory and in fulfillment of an order of the Russian government that all Jews who cannot establish a legal claim to residence outside the pale return forthwith to the confines defined in the original Jewish segregation laws. The pale was formed by the Polish Provinces and Ukraine.

The scenes in the streets of Kiev yesterday were affecting. The evicted ones were veritable paupers, lacking all means of sustenance. For the moment the Jewish families' possessions were undisturbed.

Wheat Corner Smashed.

Chicago, May 26.—Sensational declines in the wheat market at today's session of the board of trade, following a private settlement of the May wheat option declined an extreme of 5⅝ cents from last night. September at the bottom showed a decline of 5 cents. In the unloading of a long line, estimated at 5,000,000 bushels, James Patten was reported to have been the seller of the latter preparatory to arranging his affairs for an extended vacation, but the statement was denied by Mr. Patten.

Smothered in Pillow.

Mandan, N. D., May 26.—Mrs. Marguerite Pope was smothered to death in a pillow at the home of her mother here today. She had gone upstairs on an errand during the forenoon and fainted away, falling face down across a bed with her head buried in a pillow.

When she was found her life had been smothered out. She was about 26 years of age. She was formerly a teacher in the Indian school here and had been married about a year.

Gets Honorary Degree.

Cambridge, Eng., May 26.—Roosevelt came here today to receive the honorary degree of doctor of laws from Cambridge university. His visit to the ancient town should be one of the pleasantest memories of his stay in England, for the reception given him by the faculty, students and townspeople was notable. The former president was accompanied from London by Mrs. Roosevelt and his daughter, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth.

Awaits Taft's Signature.

Washington, May 26.—The house has concurred on the senate amendment to the Hanna bill providing for the opening of the Berthold Indian reservation in North Dakota.

The bill as it now stands is substantially as introduced by its author in the house.

The president will probably sign the bill some time this week. Over 4,000,000 acres of land will be made subject to entry as a result.

Five Brokers Go to Prison.

Cincinnati, O., May 26.—Louis W. Foster, Ed Whall, Walter Campbell, J. M. Scott and Arthur W. Baldwin, the five members of the O'Dell Brokerage company, who were sentenced to jail on charges of using the mails for bucket shop operations, surrendered to United States Marshal Eugene Lewis today. They were taken to the county jails in Dayton and Troy, Ohio.

Meehan Out on Bail.

Minot, N. D., May 26.—Pat Meehan, who has been held in the county jail at Rugby for several months on a charge of murder, arising out of the killing of Ole Rice, at Rugby, during a celebration following the last election in that town, has been released under $10,000 bonds.

Legal Lights Gather.

St. Paul, Minn., May 26.—Attorneys general and their assistants from more than half of the states in the union are here to attend the fourth annual convention of the National Association of Attorneys General which opened at the state capitol today. The convention will continue through tomorrow.

Attorney General George T. Simpson of Minnesota called the meeting to order at 11 this morning and delivered the opening address, his subject being The Removal of Cases in Which the State is a Party From State to Federal Courts.

Twenty Hurt in Collision.

St. Paul, Minn., May 25.—More than thirty-five passengers were injured at Wabash and Exchange street this morning when a Hamline-Union depot car crashed into an interurban car.

The accident followed two explosions in the Hamline-Union depot car, which set the passengers in a wild panic.

Every window in the rear car was shattered, and many were painfully cut trying to climb through the broken panes before the motorman opened the gates. Most of the injured were in this car.

SIGNED UP FOR CAUCUS

FATE OF POSTAL SAVINGS BANK TO BE DETERMINED

Some of the Members of the Party, Fearing to Put Themselves on Record on the Bill,

Washington, May 25.—A caucus of the republican members of the house on the subject of the postal savings bank bill will be held tonight in the chamber of the house of representatives. Not all of the members of the majority party will attend, but the exact number that will purposely absent themselves to prevent their being bound by the action taken tonight is unknown.

Less than a dozen, all "insurgents," so far as known, have declined to sign the call for the caucus. About 170 names were signed to the petition out of the total republican membership of 217, but a large number are absent from the city who would have attached their names to the call had they been in Washington.

The action to be taken at tonight's caucus on the postal savings bank bill is expected to be decisive as far as the house is concerned.

DECISION SOON.

Supreme Court Has Data in Ward-Mountrail Case.

Minot, N. D., May 25.—The county settlement fight between Ward and Mountrail counties has been concluded so far as the trial court is concerned and the record is now ready to be sent to the supreme court for a decision.

The higher court will have but one point to decide that will affect the money which is to change hands, that is whether the roads and bridges are the property of the state or county. Judge Templeton has held with Ward county on this point vesting the title in the state.

The hearing this morning was held for the purpose of stipulating the amount of property that had been lost or destroyed and was not now in existence, amounting to about $9,000, which will be deducted from the settlement. In case the court holds that the depreciation can be allowed he must also hold that an increase can be counted in real estate so that his decision on this point will have little effect on the settlement proper.

As the hearing now stands Mountrail county will owe Ward about $5,000.

Dry Dock Dewey Sinks.

Manila, May 25.—It is the general opinion that the sinking yesterday of the dry dock Dewey was due to carelessness rather than to a deliberate purpose upon the part of station employes who are Japanese, to cause damage.

Experts declare that the great floating dry dock, which was towed here from the United States at much expense, will be saved despite the likelihood that it will be entirely submerged before tomorrow morning.

The port side, including the pumps, is submerged today and partly resting on the bottom.

The starboard side is still exposed, but is settling slowly. It is doubtful whether the starboard pump alone will avail much. The tug Piscataqua is waiting to assist when the sea is calmer. The electrical machinery operating the valves is badly damaged.

Farmer Crushed to Death.

Underwood, N. D., May 25.—Frank Mintzer, aged 23, a prominent and wealthy young farmer was crushed to death on the streets of Underwood this forenoon.

The young fellow owns a section and a half farm near this place. This morning he drove to town and was tying his team to a hitching post in the street when the blooded animals made a break for liberty. Mintzer sprang to catch the reins when one of the horses kicked him, knocking him down. He jumped up and made another attempt to catch them when the same horse lashed out with its feet and kicked him under a wagon loaded with hay that was passing.

The load of hay passed over his head causing almost instant death. His parents live at Mansfield, O., and have been notified.

Contract Let For Court House.

Forman.—Bids for the construction of the new court house were opened by the county commissioners. There were seven bids on the building and the contract was awarded to A. E. Thomas of Blooming Prairie, Minn., for $42,343. Mr. Thomas' bid was $40,994. The additions for plate glass windows, for copper front and front doors and for better grade of brick, made up the difference, $1,349, and made the total consideration $42,343.

Charity Meet Ends.

St. Louis, Mo., May 23.—The morning session of the last day of the conference of charities and correction was given to discussion of religion wage standards and immigrant labors. The closing exercises of the conference will follow the general session tonight.

Submarine Sinks.

London, May 26.—A telegram received at the admiralty says that the French submarine Phuvoise was rammed and sunk in the English channel today by a mail boat running between Calais and Dover. Her crew, numbering twenty-three, are all lost.

Earl of Stamford Dead.

London, May 25.—The earl of Stamford, died today. He was born in St. John's, Nfld., April 18, 1850, a son of Rev. William Grey and Harriet, daughter of Rev. Francis Henry White. In 1895 he married Elizabeth Louisa Penelope, daughter of Rev. C. Theobold, rector of Lasham, Hants. A son, Lord Grey Groby, and daughter, Lady Jane, survive.

In politics the earl was an Liberal-Unionist. His home was Dunham-Massey hall, near Altrincham in Cheshire. He was at one time professor of classic and philosophy at Codrington college of Barbados.

Rioting in China.

Bhangbai, May 24.—Native riots occurred at Chuanchia, thirty miles northwest of Chang Sha, last Saturday. A considerable portion of the city was burned. A Lutheran church was destroyed by fire. The general unrest and anti-foreign sentiment are spreading.

Trouble at End in Liberia.

Washington, May 24.—The chiefs of the wild tribes on the border of Liberia are signing the oath of allegiance, and the trouble that has existed for some time with these turbulent people seems to be at an end.

BOATS IN CRASH

TWENTY LIVES LOST IN COLLISION ON LAKE HURON DURING FOG.

ONLY FOUR ARE RESCUED

Few of the Crew Had Chance to Save Themselves—Many Killed by Falling Hatches, Not Knowing What Happened.

Port Huron, May 24.—Late this afternoon the positive information was received that the big steel steamer Frank H. Goodyear of the Mitchell Transit Co. lies in forty fathoms of water in Lake Huron about thirty-five miles off Point Aux Barques and probably twenty of its seamen have met their graves following a collision between that vessel and the steamer James B. Wood, another steel boat belonging to the Gilchrist Transit Co.

When the two steamers came together, the crew of the Goodyear, which is reported to have been struck amidship, had only time to seize life preservers and only a few could jump overboard before the boat began to fill with water.

Many were in the mess room when the crash came, some jumped into the water and managed to get out of the boat which was fast filling. Suddenly the Goodyear parted in the center and with a sound which could be heard above the whistling of the wood sank out of sight, carrying with it all but five of its crew. The bow of the Wood was stove in, but rested on her bulkhead and although some water flowed into the hold she was kept afloat through the efforts of the pumps.

The following were rescued by the life boat of the Wood: Captain Hemenger, the steward, Frank Bassett, Mrs. Emma Bassett, Frank Mollich, George Grant, and were taken aboard, all in an exhausted condition, caused by their exertions to save themselves and the length of time they were in the water.

Star Witness Testifies.

New York, May 24.—Although the government's star witness Oliver Spitzer, the former dock master who walked out of the Atlanta penitentiary where he had been sent after bossing for years the sugar weighing frauds on the Williamsburg docks had a most interesting story to tell yesterday, it is not mainly on his evidence that the government relies in its effort to convict Charles R. Heike, the American Sugar Refining Co. secretary, of a part in the conspiracy fraud.

His testimony, rather, bad to do with James F. Bendernagel, the refinery cashier, and Earnest F. Garbracht, superintendent, both of whom are on trial with Heike, together with three other former employes of the company.

Striking Miners Riot.

Scranton, Pa., May 24.—A riot broke out among the striking miners at No. 14 colliery of the Pennsylvania Coal Co., near Pittston today following an attempt of a posse of state police, headed by Sergeant Henning, to disperse a crowd of Italians who threatened others when a work train reached the colliery.

Sheriff Rodda of Lucerne county was struck in the head by a coupling pin. One foreigner, Peter Sura, was so severely clubbed by the state policemen that he may die. State trooper Jesper Oftedach was caught under his horse which was felled by a blow on the head, and he was clubbed before the other troopers drove off his assailant.

Will Plan No New Irrigation.

Washington, May 24.—No new irrigation projects will be started by the government within the next ten years, said Director Newell, of the reclamation service, today. The bureau is now bending its energies to complete the work already begun and, in formulating its plans for the next fiscal year, the service has arranged to use advantageously the $30,000,000 bond issue, in case congress authorizes it, or to continue the work without it.

Alaskan Probe On.

Washington, May 24.—An investigation expected to emphasize the bitterness among Alaskan republicans was begun here today before a sub-committee of the senate committee on judiciary. Charges were made against Governor Clark, ex-Governor Hoggatt, and Lois Shackleford, republican national committeeman from Alaska, by Delegate Wickersham, who sought to connect them with Guggenheim interests.

Intended for King Alfonso.

Madrid, May 24.—Following a night of search and inquiry, the police believe today that a bomb exploded last night, was intended for King Alfonso.

As a result of this conviction, plans for the king's return have been changed and it now arranged for him to enter the city by automobile instead of by train.

The bomb thrower, who was injured by his own weapons, proves to be an American.

Fight at Bluefields.

Bluefields, Nicaragua, May 24.—General Lara, commanding a force of government troops today fiercely attacked the provisional government's position at the rear of Bluefields.

Portuguese Anarchist Confesses.

Lisbon, May 24.—The government is awaiting the completion of the investigation of the statements made by an anarchist named Ramirea before taking action against those named as conspirators in the assassination of King Carlos and Crown Prince Louis in 1908.

Ramirea escaped to Brazil following the assassination, but was recently arrested and brought back here. Subsequently he made a confession and gave the police the names of 1,148 persons including several prominent in politics, who he said shared in the conspiracy.

Wireless for Pike's Peak.

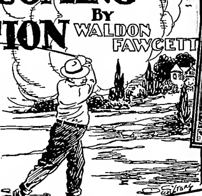
Denver, Colo., May 26.—According to information received here, Marconi will establish a wireless station on the top of Pike's Peak, to be used as a midway transmitting and receiving point, in the effort to send messages from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast.

McCumber Improving.

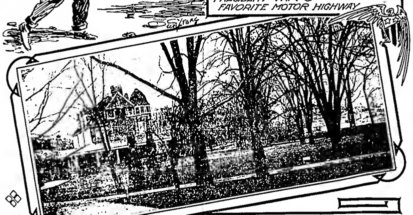
Washington, May 26.—Senator McCumber's condition shows continued improvement, although plans for his removal to his home have been put off for the present. Indications are that he will leave the hospital early next week.

THE PRESIDENT'S FORTHCOMING VACATION

By WALDON FAWCETT



PRESIDENT TAFT'S FAVORITE MOTOR HIGHWAY



SUMMER HOME OF THE PRESIDENT

RESIDENCE OF JOHN HAYS HAMMOND

THE PRESIDENT'S "PRIVATE BEACH" AT BEVERLY, MASS.

THE quaint little community of Beverly, Mass., is pretty certain to enjoy the distinction of ranking as the "summer capital" of the United States so long as William H. Taft is president. The Tafts chose the little seashore resort for a vacation retreat for the first summer of the present [illegible] tration somewhat as an experiment. No member of the family had previously spent much time on the famed "North Shore" of Massachusetts [illegible] they were obliged to [illegible] on hearsay its claims [illegible] as an ideal summer [illegible]. However, after their first [illegible] this pleasure domain the [illegible] household was more [illegible] regarding the locality [illegible] decided to return [illegible]. Hence the [illegible] in extending [illegible] the cottage he occupies [illegible].

[illegible] a half prior to the [illegible] Taft as president [illegible] of the [illegible] members [illegible] of the [illegible] family, had been [illegible] summer at Murray Bay, Canada, a picturesque resort [illegible] the St. Lawrence [illegible] have not, to this day, lost [illegible] of their affection for the hamlet [illegible] the rendezvous of [illegible], but Murray Bay is, of [illegible] in Canada, and the president [illegible] to go beyond the borders of the United States, even for a [illegible]. This put it up to the president and the first lady of the land the [illegible] of selecting a new summer [illegible].

[illegible] the North shore of Massachusetts [illegible] chosen was largely due to the [illegible] of Miss Mabel Boardman, the well known Red Cross leader, and [illegible] Taft's closest personal friend. The Boardmans have long had a summer [illegible] at Manchester-by-the-Sea, which is but [illegible] miles from Beverly and Miss Boardman, like her parents, is more than enthusiastic regarding this "summer colony belt." She accompanied Mrs. Taft on a house hunting expedition [illegible] spring, and was her chief adviser in the selection of the roomy frame cottage which was finally chosen as the "summer White House."

[illegible] factor in the satisfaction of the Tafts, and [illegible] in the decision to return to Beverly this summer, is found in the circumstance that this vacation retreat proved beneficial to Mrs. Taft. It may be remembered that Mrs. Taft broke down in health only a few weeks before the time [illegible] for the departure of the family for their summer home. When the physicians prescribed absolute quiet some of the friends of the mistress of the White House were dubious as to the effect of Beverly, for although the town is a quiet enough community, the whole North shore of Massachusetts is a very lively place socially in summer, even rivaling Newport in that respect, and the migration of a president to a summer resort is always followed by the transfer of many of the diplomatic establishments from Washington, to say nothing of the influx of ambitious social leaders so that a "summer capital" quickly springs into existence as a setting for a "summer White House."

However, all misgivings to the contrary, Mrs. Taft was enabled to enjoy a thoroughly quiet and restful summer at Beverly, and this program will be repeated this season, for the health of the first lady of the land continues anything but robust. The Taft cottage being located on a point of land and surrounded by water on three sides, is well located with reference to quiet, and also for the securing of the sea breezes which have proven Mrs. Taft's best tonic. On the land side the house is located only about a hundred yards from a trolley line, but it is well screened by trees, and the fact that the cottage may be approached by land from only one direction makes it a comparatively simple matter for the secret service men to intercept unwelcome callers.

President Taft has planned for the summer of 1910 a much longer and more restful vacation than he was able to enjoy last year, when, it may be recalled, the extra session of congress and the fight over the tariff kept him in Washington until well into August. The president hopes to get to Beverly early in June, and with the exception of occasional trips, mostly to nearby points, will remain there throughout the heated term. A year ago the president planned to devote most of the summer of 1910 to a trip to Alaska—a journey that would have far surpassed in point of time consumed and number of miles traveled, the famous transcontinental "swing around the circle" in which Taft indulged during the autumn of 1909. However, various influences, primarily the state of Mrs. Taft's health—have caused the president to abandon this Alaska trip, and he will rest quietly at Beverly save for visits to fairs, conventions, etc., none of which will consume more than a few days.

The president is planning a very busy and beneficial summer on the golf links. The courses in the vicinity of Beverly include some of the finest and also some of the most difficult in the country, and the chief magistrate's summer program calls for three or four hours of golf every day. He will not lack for worthy partners and opponents either. His especial chum "Jack" Hammond and W. J. Boardman, have cottages nearby; his brother, C. P. Taft of Cincinnati, also a golfer, has leased a cottage on North shore, to be near his brother this summer, and he will also have with him Capt. Archibald Butt, who in addition to serving as the president's military aide can likewise always be drafted for a golf game. Next to golf the president takes delight in motoring on the magnificent roads of the North shore—perhaps the finest in America. Several of the White House automobiles are transferred to Beverly, and these place the president within easy reach of three or four different golf courses.

Where Men Fought and Fell

Spurred by the efforts of Miss Georgia Frazer, a descendant of an old revolutionary family, and Charles M. Higgins, a wealthy manufacturer of Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, the city authorities are taking steps to acquire for the erection of a suitable monument and a children's playground the plot of ground covering two city blocks on which part of the battle of Long Island was fought in the Revolutionary war on August 27, 1776. The plot is located between Third and Fifth streets and Fourth and Fifth avenues, Brooklyn, and there are now only about ten houses on the entire plot, which is owned by the Litchfield estate. The rest of the land is vacant.

Directly behind the row of houses in Fifth avenue, between Third and Fourth streets, stands an old willow tree, marking the site of the old Stone house at Gowanus, where an important engagement between the British and Americans was fought. The Americans, although inferior in numbers, dislodged the British troops from the old Stone house, which was used as a fort, and as a result Washington was able to cross the East river with his army, thus saving the patriots from utter annihilation and virtually deciding the country's fate.

The old Stone house of Gowanus is not visible now and very few of the present generation know anything about it. The plot where it stands was very low—much lower than the surrounding [illegible]—and it became a dumping ground. As a result the historic house has been buried by 16 feet of earth. A willow tree which stood at the entrance to the old house was also buried, but from its branches rose another willow tree, which is still standing, and it is because of this tree that the movement to uncover the old house and erect a lasting monument to the defenders of the country who fell there has received such an impetus.

Mr. Higgins, who, although of Irish extraction, is an ardent American patriot, was touched by the survival of the old willow and looked upon it as a mute appeal to those now living to remember the men who fought and died that the country might become free forever. His attention was called to the spot by a book written by Miss Frazer in which she gives the history of the old Stone house at Gowanus. Miss Frazer's attention was first called to the house by a painting executed by Louis Grube in 1846 at the order of George Anderson, her granduncle. Miss Frazer spent her girlhood at the home of her uncle, Thomas Easton of Newport, R. I., to whom the painting had been sent, and she took a great interest in the picture and the story attached to it.

At a dinner given recently by the Prospect Heights' Citizens' association at which Mayor Gaynor, who is a neighbor, was present, Mr. Higgins aroused the enthusiasm of the gathering by his appeal for the restoration of the old Stone house and the consecration of the plot surrounding it to the memory of the revolutionary heroes who fell there.

He said it was a patriotic shame that the historic spot should have been neglected so long. Mayor Gaynor, Borough President Steers and other officials who were at the dinner let it be known that they were in favor of the restoration of the old Stone house, and the board of estimate is expected to make an appropriation for the purpose in the near future.

Miss Frazer, who is very modest about her connection with the matter, told a reporter how she came to discover the site of the old Stone house.

"After much research," said she, "I found a bronze tablet that had been erected many years ago on the front of the two-story brick house that stands at the corner of Fifth avenue and Third street. It was almost hidden by grime, and in the shadow of the "L." It contains this inscription under a picture of a battle field:

> "Here on the 27th of August, 1776, 250 out of 400 brave Maryland soldiers under the command of Lord Stirling were killed in combat with British troops under Lord Cornwallis."

"I found that the old Stone house around which the battle was fought, and which was also called the Cortelyou house, had been buried under 16 feet of earth, nobody knowing that it was famous 75 years before the battle of Long Island was fought in and around it. It was built in 1699 by Nicholas Vechte, a Dutch colonist, and in 1790 it passed to the Cortelyous, the price being $12,500. In 1846 the Litchfields, who now own it, bought the property from the Cortelyous. It stood on the banks of a brook emptying into Gowanus creek, 15 or 20 feet below the present street level, and was famous as the largest and most substantial house on Long Island at the time.

"The spot became a city dumping ground, and in 1846 only the upper part of it was visible. Some one took away the iron brace that supported the roof and the roof fell in. Gradually it was covered up entirely, but I believe that when it is unearthed the lower portion of the house will be found in a good state of preservation."

Eggs of Various Birds

Ostriches lay the largest eggs of all birds now extant, according to a writer in the Scientific American, but the ostrich's egg would have appeared small beside that extinct Madagascar bird, the epyornis, which measured more than 30 inches in its smallest circumference. The smallest birds' eggs are those of the minute species of humming birds, which are smaller than the eggs of certain kinds of tropical beetles. But the cuckoo lays the relatively smallest egg. That is to say, while the jackdaw and the cuckoo are about equal in size, the former's egg is five or six times larger than the latter's. The fact that the cuckoo is wont to deposit its eggs in the nests of birds which are usually much smaller than itself doubtless accounts for this. The relatively largest egg is laid by the kiwi, a strange, wingless New Zealand bird. The egg is no less than five inches long, although the extreme length of the bird itself is only twenty-seven inches.

Teaching Women Responsibility.

Princess Ingeborg, a member of the Swedish royal family, is among the most regular of the 800 women who have been attending the course of lectures given in Stockholm under the direction of the Swedish Women's National Suffrage association. The lectures are intended to prepare women for their new responsibilities under the new municipal law which makes them eligible as town and county councillors. Though the women of Sweden have long had the municipal vote, they are now for the first time eligible to office.

The total number of patents issued in all countries which thus protect their inventors from the earliest time to December 1, 1909, was 2,999,433.

SINGLE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED INDUSTRIOUS

There Is None Better for All-Purpose Fowl, Says Texas Poultry Fancier—Little Chicks Very Strong.

There is too little attention being paid to poultry on the farm. Poultry is as essential as horses, cows, hogs or any other farm stock. It seems to me that every farmer's wife would select some large breed of chickens and have a small flock to supply her table with nice fryers and fresh eggs all the year. There is none better than the Single Comb Rhode Island Red for an all purpose fowl.

They are very large and very industrious. Rhode Island Reds are up early every morning and go to roost late every evening. The little chicks are very strong from the time they leave the shell. They feather early and all poultry raisers know when a chick is feathered it is raised, writes K. C. Yelverton in Farm and Ranch. Chicks grow very fast and are large enough to eat when they are eight weeks old.

The pullets, when well cared for, lay at five months old. I have raised many of the so-called standard breeds, for instance, the Barred Plymouth Rocks, the Wyandottes, the Hamburgs, White Leghorns, Buff Cochins and others, and was always troubled more or less with various diseases among my chickens. I can truthfully say since I have been raising the Single Comb Rhode Island Reds I have never had any disease whatever among them.

The Single Comb Rhode Island Reds are very beautiful with their rich red plumage, well developed body and exquisitely bright eyes, which all goes to show they are the chickens for the men or woman who wants to make money with poultry. January, 1909, I had seven red hens and one cock. In that month the seven hens laid 109 eggs. In February my family was sick so much I could not keep a record of the eggs laid. But in March I was able to keep a record, and they laid 140 eggs, 11 dozen and eight eggs laid in March. I sold a good many eggs for hatching purposes, and sold some of the stock for breeders, and raised 40 fine pullets for my own use. Besides, we had all the fryers a family of four could eat all the year. I sold from those seven hens $46.25 in eggs and stock. I never got such results from any other chickens. This year I have two pens of fine red hens and two fine cocks.

Single Comb Rhode Island Red.

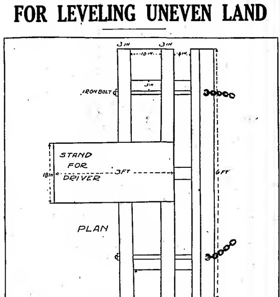
Killing Pocket Gophers.

The pocket gophers are quite easily killed with poisons. The United States department of agriculture gives the following formula for this: Dissolve one ounce of strychnia sulphate in a pint of boiling water. Add a pint of thick sugar sirup. Scent this mixture by adding a few drops of oil of anise. Steep a half bushel of corn in hot water and allow it to soak over night. After this, drain it, and allow to soak for several hours in the poisoned sirup.

Postage on Seeds.

The total weight of seeds sent by congressmen to their constituents through the mails in a single year is 1,350,000 pounds. If postage were paid on these seeds it would cost the congressmen a round million dollars.

FOR LEVELING UNEVEN LAND



A cheap and effective contrivance for leveling uneven land is shown in the accompanying illustration. The leveler may be made of any convenient length up to 12 feet; the steel smoothing plate is very light, but will last a long time. It is brought from the middle 3 inches by 2 inches beam to the underneath of the back 6 inches by 3 inches beam, and holes are cut in it for the ties and bolts. It is a flat steel sheet with ends turned one inch, and secured with one-inch screws. The cutter is shod with 2½-inch by 4½-inch steel plate, with beveled edge, secured with two-inch screws. The stand for the driver is of pine, 2 feet 9 inches by 1 foot 6 inches by 1½ inch. In use the driver standing on the plate, by moving forward causes the front beam with its cutting edge to enter the ground, and carry forward any soil cut off. By moving backward he raises the cutting edge, allowing the accumulated earth to pass under in as great or as little quantity as he pleases; while the sloping steel sheet smoothes it out, crushes the lumps and spreads it into any depressions.

Value of a Sow.

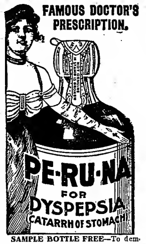
The sow that brings two litters a year and nourishes them well until six weeks old is worth two or three times pork prices, however high pork may be. Never fatten your reliable sows until they fail to be reliable.

The Flower Beds.

It won't matter what shape flower beds you make—round, square or oblong—so long as you make them.

A man who owns a farm foul with weeds is still a renter. Sometimes less than half the crop is his.

FAMOUS DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION.



SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE—To demonstrate the value of Peruna in all catarrhal troubles we will send you a sample bottle absolutely free by mail.

The merit and success of Peruna is so well known to the public that our readers are advised to send for sample bottle: Address the Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio. Don't forget to mention you read this generous offer in the...

If in need of advice write our Medical Department, stating your case fully. Our physician in charge will send you advice free, together with literature containing common sense rules for health, which you cannot afford to be without.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief--Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

Willing to Pay for Rammer.

When the British square at the battle of Abu Klea, in the Nubian desert, was penetrated by the dervishes, one of them attempted to spear a gunner who was in the act of ramming home a charge. The Briton brained the Sudanese, but the rammer head split on the man's hard skull. Next day the gunner was sent for. Mistaking the reason, and knowing from experience that soldiers are charged for government property which they break, he led off with: "Please, sir, I'm very sorry I broke the rammer, but I never thought the fellow's head could be so hard. I'll pay for the rammer so as to hear no more of the case."

The Valuable Match.

There was a loud splash, and a moment later a dripping head appeared above the waves. On the end of the dock was a stevedore nonchalantly lighting his pipe.

"Help, man!" cried the chap in the water. "Can't you see I am overboard? I can't swim."

"How often have you been down?" asked the stevedore, shielding the flickering match from the wind.

"Once, I believe, but hurry up, man! Give me a hand!"

"You wait! You have two more times yet to go down, and I have only one match. I'll catch you on the last trip."—Exchange.

Old Men in Responsibility.

The American business system, which gives mere boys responsible positions before they have acquired practical experience, is to an Englishman quite unaccountable. He wonders whether it does not cause reckless trading and wild speculation. In other countries they prefer to keep elderly men in responsible positions because they can be depended upon. Messrs. Dyke & Sons, Somerset, England, employ 66 men. More than half have completed 30 years' service, 20 have been there 40 years, nine over 50 years and one 70 years.

It Made No Difference.

Congressman Ransdell of Louisiana, recently told a story of Alec Trimble, the valet and factotum of a physician in New Orleans, who took a fancy to one of the summer shirts of his master, and finally went and bought one exactly like it. He showed it to his mistress, who said that he had done wrong, as the two shirts might get mixed in the washing; and Alec answered:

"It'd make no difference, missus, 'cause dey's both alike in size an' price."

A Grievance.

Hewitt—It is no longer fashionable for a woman to have a small waist.

Jewett—I know it; you long-armed fellows have a cinch.

A Breakfast Joy—

Sweet, Crisp, Golden-Brown

Post Toasties

Ready to serve from the package with cream—no cooking necessary.

"The Memory Lingers"

Pkgs. 10c and 15c.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

For Coughs—Take This

Do you know a remedy for coughs and colds nearly seventy years old? There is one—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Once in the family, it stays. It is not a doctor, does not take the place of a doctor. It is a doctor's aid. Made for the treatment of all throat and lung troubles. Ask your own doctor his opinion of it. Follow his advice. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

You cannot recover promptly if your bowels are constipated. Ayer's Pills are gently laxative; act directly on the liver. Sold for nearly sixty years. Ask your doctor all about them.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN E. KING C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The "back to the farm" movement is growing, but for every boy that desires to get back two more are trying to break away.

Former Governor Folk has announced his candidacy for president. We are waiting to hear from Mr. Bryan whether or not he will do before making further comment.

The laying of the cornerstone of the court house next Saturday marks an epoch in the history of Red Lake county, and likewise it sounds the death knell of rival county seat ambitions.

The Duluth News-Tribune asserts that when the railroads figure out a six per cent increase in operating expenses, they at once recoup with a ten per cent increase on freight charges. It is thus they spell finance.

A North Dakota man could not tell the name of the president of the United States. Mr. Taft gets so flustered occasionally though, that it is doubtful if he is in a better condition than the man from North Dakota.

Re-apportionment is the most urgent need of northern Minnesota, but it is doubtful if we can get it by assuming a belligrent attitude. Our hope lies in the possibility that the southern Minnesota legislators will recognize the spirit of justice and fair play.

An Oklahoma girl advertised for a husband and landed him, says an Iowa exchange. The entire cost for advertising and wedding was $11. One year later her husband died leaving her $10,000 insurance. And still there are some old fashioned people who will tell you that it does not pay to advertise.

In his speech on tariff, Champ Clark, of Missouri, declared that if President Taft had vetoed the Payne-Aldrich-Smoot bill, he could have wrote his name among the country's greatest benefactors. "But he let the golden opportunity go buy unimproved," added the minority leader, "and it will never return to him as long as the grass grows or water runs."

The Republican party could be of great service to the movement for a non partisan judiciary by nominating Judge Thomas D. O'Brien for re-election to the supreme bench. The Judge has made an enviable record and is recognized as an exceptionally able and conscientious jurist. No one can give a reason why he should be retired except that he belongs to the Democratic party.

There is a growing sentiment of the discontinuance of Decoration day and to substitute there for a Memorial Sunday. The fact that the day is not generally observed in the spirit and manner originally intended is the chief argument for the change. We are getting too many holidays anyway and perhaps the new arrangements will better serve the purpose of commemorating the heroism of the Union soldiery.

Congressman Hammond's position with reference to a permanent tariff commission is absolutely right, says the Sleepy Eye Herald-Dispatch. He says real revision will be indefinitely prolonged by a commission and congress can do that at its first session of the next congress. It is a remarkable thing to see the friends of protected interest shout for a commission just as if there is any danger of the people's taking a hand in remedying evils.

The National Bar Association and National civic federation joint committee on reform in legal procedure, have made the statement that "The system under which our law is administered is one hundred years behind the age: procedure in equity cases is a scandal to jurisprudence; many cases are decided not on merits but on purely technical questions; and not only has something got to be done but something will be done" Every thoughtful person will agree with this finding; and speed the day when something will be done.

Maybe the editor doesn't belong to your church or lodge or political party, but he is doing a lot more than you have dreamed of doing to keep your town on the map, says the Fairport Herald. And he can't paint it in glowing colors and buy Venetian red to do it with forever, unless he is a man of independent fortune. If he's the right sort he won't ask you to advertise or subscribe unless you get one hundred cents for a dollar, but he can sing the town's virtues in a much clearer tenor if his advertising columns are filled and some good citizens occasionally help him by writing a little for publication instead of telling him what to do.

LET US FORGET.

The Sons of Veterans at St. Paul have sent a petition to Washington protesting against the Lee statue in the national capitol. This would seem to be an ill-advised and ungenerous movement. In the first place the sovereign state of Vrignia has the right to choose its representatives for the hall of fame. General Robert E. Lee was a high type of American citizenship. True he was a Confederate general, but the northern people are not disposed at this distance from that unhappy period to question the motive that moved the Southern heart or to rekindle the flames of sectional strife.

Rather would we forget the wounds of war and do our part in securing closer bonds of sympathy and union.

Might not all of us profit by reading Max Ehrmann's recent poem:

"Let us forget the knife of war
That tore the tender flesh of youth,
Sent white haired men to ugly death,
And made the land a thing uncouth.
O blue, O gray; who long since met,
Let us forget, let us forget!
"No matter now which won or lost—
I say our country's traitor he
Who pricks afresh the healing scars
A brother's blood again to see.
On gray or blue grim victory set
By murder God let us forget!
"On every grave I drop a rose
Of love, and question not if gray
Or blue the sleeper be. My heart
With each lies buried there today.
And Memory sits with eyes all wet.
If blue or gray, let us forget."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

A misplaced M made a land firm's recent ad. in a Twin City paper appear like this: "Good Marm For Sale Cheap." A subscriber wrote in: "Tell that land man, if it's a school marm I'll take her."—St. Charles Union.

So there is a foul block in "gum shoes" in the Republican camp, is there? And are we to understand that only those are immaculate who regard the acts of government officials as confidential?—The Commoner.

A man down in North Carolina, 85 years old, has held office continuously for 52 years and is again up for reelection. The office must seek the man with a vengeance down in that part of the county.—Zumbro Falls Enterprise.

It is getting pretty warm down in Washington, and congress will no doubt hurry up its business and adjourn. Congressmen are used to roasts at home but they don't like to be roasted in Washington at the same time.—Inter-Lake Tribune.

When politicians say that so and so is going to receive the nomination, because they have agreed upon such a course, it's time the voter shows his manhood and turns the candidate down. Don't you think so, voter?—Lake Crystal Union.

This is not a drug store advertisment. The people of Ft. Collins, Col., have exterminated the dandelions by spraying their lawn with twenty per cent solution of iron sulphate. Three applications did the business without injury to the grass.—Stillwater Gazette.

The letter worded: "You are hereby discharged from the public service because you are unworthy to remain in it," was the proper thing—but, it should have been addressed by Taft to Ballinger instead of by Ballinger to Kerby.—Glencoe Enterprise.

Minnesota is getting to be a great financial and manufacturing state. Its receips for the government corporation tax were second only to those of New York and Illinois. It may be, of course, that Minnesota hasn't more profitable corporations but that they are more given to truth telling.—Mazeppa Journal.

Quite frequently the reformer gains a victory by educating the people thoroughly on certain lines, but the organizations keep right on pegging away, even when defeated, and eventually get back in power when the public gets somnolent and forgetful. The only way to beat organizations is with organizations.—Elk River Star News.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: An honest painter is always true to his colors.

It isn't scandal until people begin to talk about it.

It is reasonably safe to judge a man by the friends he hasn't.

There isn't much sweetness in the smile that won't come off.

A girl who begins by fooling her mother may end by fooling her husband.

It doesn't improve the morals of a caterpillar to turn over a new leaf.

You would do much better than the other fellow if you had his chance—so you think.

Some people have as much faith in weather reports as they have in patent medicine testimonials.

An Ohio man recently married for the seventeenth time. He evidently has a corner in the affinity market.

Wise is the woman who knows how to manage a husband, but wiser is she who knows how to manage without one.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The only bad habit a man can give up is if he doesn't like to do it.

A sure thing about a man without brains is how he can question everybody else's.

A woman is so naturally contrary she can love a man just because nobody else will.

A woman calls it having an exciting day if she hears how big a neighbor's grocery bill was last month.

A girl needs a full moon to appreciate having a man make love to her, unless there isn't any, when she can do just as well without.

They All Told Him.

The old gentleman from the back lots was holding up a line of passengers at the ticket office of a Chicago station the other day.

"I want a ticket to New York."

"Twenty dollars."

"What? Twenty dollars? The last time I went it was only ten!"

"Twenty dollars, please."

"How long has the fare been raised? I ain't got no $20!"

"Twenty dollars is the fare. Hurry up!"

"I ain't going to pay no twenty. I know I only paid ten last time."

"Then get out of the way. Don't you see you're holding up all these people? If you want to go to New York it will cost you $20. Move on!"

"Where can I go for $10, then?"

Well, the line of people told him in one emphatic monosyllable.

The Test.

I look into my neighbor's eyes
And twist a smile that's strangely grim.
I'm thinking, Would he feel surprise
To know just what I think of him?

I gaze into my dear friend's face.
And with this thought my soul is stirred:
What revolution would take place
Were I to tell her what I've heard?

I stare into my mirror there
With eyes that hunger to be true
And say aloud, Would it be fair
To mention all I know of you?
—Lurana W. Sheldon.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Visit Yellowstone Park

Visit "Wonderland"—the great region of scenic surprises—before you go to Europe. Or, if you've seen the Old World, see *this* year that world of canyons, cataracts, geysers and hot springs, which lies so close at home, in our own country. Fine hotels, magnificent coaching trip, incomparable climate—over a mile above the sea.

Northern Pacific Ry

operates through Pullman Sleeping Cars direct to the Park boundary at Gardiner Gateway, the official entrance, daily duiring the summer season: June 15 to September 15, 1910.

Park Tour Fares

Effective June 12 to Sept. 12, return limit Oct. 31, 1910, stop-overs both ways. For rate of fare, time of trains and full information. call on

A. C. Cowles, Agent, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

A. M. CLELAND,
General Passenger Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

NORTHERN PACIFIC
YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

The Scenic Highway through the Land of Fortune

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.
May 26th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 2:00 P. M. May 26th, A. D. 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Anhol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The matter of the consolidation of School districts Nos 73 and 61 came duly before the board. The said petition was publicly read. The arguments of all parties for or against the consolidation of the school districts were heard.

On motion made by commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the following order consolidating School Districts Nos. 73 and 61 was made.

Whereas, A petition signed and duly acknowledged by a majority of the freeholders who are entitled to vote at school meetings in their respective districts, residing within the territory of the school districts Nos. 73 and 61 asking for the consolidation of said districts, which shall embrace the territory hereinafter described, was presented to the county board, at a session of said board held on the 9th day of April A. D. 1910, for the action of the board thereon.

And Whereas, It was then ordered by said board that a hearing should be had on said petition, at a session of the said board commencing on the 26th day of May A. D. 1910 at 2:00 o'clock P. M. at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county.

And Whereas, Due notice of the time and place of such hearing has been given by posting a copy of said notice in three of the most public places in each of the school districts to be affected by said petition ten days prior to the day of such hearing and by mailing to the clerk of each of the said school districts so affected thereby a true copy of such notice, at least ten days before the time appointed for such hearing, and by the publication of said notice for two weeks in the legal newspaper printed and published in said Red Lake county, to wit. Red Lake Falls Gazette which said named newspaper last mentioned is printed and published in said county, and was duly designated by said county board for the publishing of the same; and due proofs of the posting and service and publication of said notice of hearing having been made and filed by the affidavit of David Gustafson who posted said notice, and by the certificate of the county auditor of said county, who served the said notice upon each of the clerks of said districts affected thereby, and by the affidavit of the publisher of said newspaper in which the same was so published respectively;

And Whereas, At the session of said county board commencing on said 26th day of May A. D. 1910, said petition was publicly read and considered, and the arguments of all persons interested therein for and against the organization of said proposed new district duly heard and considered.

It is Hereby Ordered and Determined, That said petition be granted and the following described territory, to-wit: All that territory formerly embraced in school Districts Nos. 73 and 61, be and the same is hereby organized and constituted a school district, and shall be hereafter designated and known as common school district No. 73 of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

It is Further Ordered and determined, That the 16th day of July A. D. 1910 at 7:00 o'clock in the afternoon, at the School house in school district No. 73 in said district be and the same is hereby fixed as the time and place, when and where, the first meeting of the electors of said district who are qualified to vote at the school meetings, will be held to organize said district, and that the county auditor cause ten days posted notice to be given of the time and place of such meeting as required by law. The county auditor will mail to the clerk of each of the districts affected by this order a true copy thereof.

By order of the County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

C. A. LINDQUIST
Chairman of Board.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor of the said Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Dated this 26th day of May 1910.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

On motion duly carried the following reports of the board of Audit were approved and accepted.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Gentlemen:

The undersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake County, met at the office of the County Treasurer of said county, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1910 for the purpose of examining and auditing the Accounts, Books and vouchers of H. E. Ives, Treasurer of said county, and to count and ascertain the kind and description and amount of funds in the county Treasury and belonging thereto:

We respectfully make the following report thereon:

Balance in treasury, Jan. 4th, 1910, date of last report	$101,320.61	
Treasurer's Receipts from Jan. 4th, 1910, to Feb. 28th, 1910, from tax collections	[illegible]	
From Collections on Public lands	[illegible]	
From Collections on Private Redemptions	[illegible]	
From Collections on interest on County Fund	[illegible]	
From Collections of fines and licenses	[illegible]	
From Collections of Ditch Assessments	[illegible]	
From Collections, Miscellaneous	[illegible]	
Total Balance and Receipts		[illegible]
By disbursements from Jan. 4th, 1910, to Feb. 28th, 1910, as follows:		
Paid orders on Revenue Fund	[illegible]	
Paid warrants on Private Redemption Fund	[illegible]	
Paid warrants on Road and Bridge Fund	[illegible]	
Paid Warrants on Interest Fund	[illegible]	
Paid warrants on Co'l Ditch Fund	[illegible]	
Paid warrants on Town Funds	10,204.41	
Paid warrants on School District Fund	20,356.88	
Paid warrants on State Taxes	[illegible]	
Paid warrants, Miscellaneous	[illegible]	
Total Disbursements		[illegible]

Balance in Treasury at close of business Feb. 28th, 1910, $[illegible] as appears from the books of said County Treasurer.

Respectfully submitted this 13th day of May, 1910.
A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor.
C. A. Lindquist, Chairman Board Co. Comr's.
C. W. Johnson, Clerk District Court.

Verification of Current Tax Collections.

To the board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County Minnesota
Gentlemen:—

The Board of Audit of Red Lake County respectfully report to your Honorable Body that they have examined the books, accounts and vouchers of the County Treasurer, counted and ascertained the kind, description and amount of funds in the Treasury of said county, or belonging thereto, for the period from Jan. 4th, 1910 to Feb. 28th, 1910, both days inclusive.

We find the treasurer charged with the Tax Levy for 1909 as follows:—

Tax levy for 1909	$169,7[illegible]	
Additions to the tax	[illegible]	
Total Debit		[illegible]
Taxes Collected	[illegible]	
Taxes abated	[illegible]	
Total Credit		[illegible]
March 1st, 1910, Balance uncollected		[illegible]

We hereby certify that we have verified the corrections of the foregoing statement by checking the duplicate receipts with the tax books for the period above named.

C. A. Lindquist, Chairman County Board
A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor
C. W. Johnson, Clerk of District Court
Board of Audit Red Lake County

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Gentlemen:—

We the udersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake County, convened at the office of the county Treasurer of said county on the 13th day of May 1910, for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books and vouchers of H. E. Ives county Treasurer of said county, and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amount of the funds in the treasury and belonging thereto.

We respecfully report that we found the said treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on March 1st, 1910 in the aggregate sum of $106,221.99.

And we find the Treasurer in the possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amount as follows:

Cash in safe	[illegible]	
Town Orders	708.12	
Deposited in First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	[illegible]	
" " Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	[illegible]	
" " First State Bank, Thief River Falls	5,076.28	
" " First National Bank, Thief River Falls	[illegible]	
" " Citizens State Bank, Thief River Falls	[illegible]	
" " Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire	12,122.46	
" " First State Bank, Brooks	[illegible]	
" " Peoples State Bank, Thief River Falls	[illegible]	
" " First State Bank, Plummer	[illegible]	
Total Funds on hand March 1st, 1910		$106,221.99

Respectfully Submitted.
C. A. Lindquist, Chairman County Board
A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor
C. W. Johnson, Clerk of District Court
Board of Audit Red Lake County

The application of Mrs. William Zaiser for the reduction of assessment and taxes on personal property in the city of Red Lake Falls for the year 1909 was granted, subject to the approval of the state tax commission.

The application of C. A. Chelin for reduction of assessment and taxes on real estate in the city of Thief River Falls for the year 1909 was granted, subject to the approval of the State Tax commission.

The application of Charles M. Evanson of Thief River Falls for an auctioneer's license was, on motion duly carried, granted.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to 1:00 o'clock P. M. May 27th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman at 1:00 o'clock P. M. May 27th, 1910.

Members all present.

Resolved that the Township of Garnes be and the same is hereby granted an appropriation from the county Road and bridge fund of $150.00 to aid the said town in the fixing of the approaches to the steel bridge located between sections 34 and 35 in Mayfield Twp. Said town required to expend an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Motion made by commissioner Anhol, seconded by commissioner Pigeon that Glenn Martz, assistant engineer receive $1.50 per day for his services from and after this date.

Motion carried.

Motion made and seconded that the Red Lake county Development Association be granted an appropriation of $75.00 from the county Revenue Fund payable to the order of Daniel Patterson, Treasurer of the said Association.

Motion carried.

Motion duly made and seconded that the sum of $150.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county revenue fund for the industrial contest between the school pupils in Red Lake county to be held under the supervision of the County Superintendent of schools.

Motion carried.

Motion made and seconded that C. H. Martz, County Surveyor, is to have general supervision in the matter of placing bridges and culverts on all county ditches.

Motion carried.

(Continued on Page Three)

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

It is a generally recognized fact that medicines taken from the botanical kingdom are better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way, than those composed of strong mineral mixtures.

In the early settlement of this land, our forefathers were obliged to prepare their medicines from Nature's great laboratories of forest and field. They searched out and compounded the different vegetable materials into teas, concoctions and medicines. That these pioneers found the most potent and valuable of the roots, herbs and barks placed at their disposal, is abundantly proven by the fact that the great majority of them were blessed with rugged health. They cured their diseases and were enabled to do the great preliminary work of civilization because the remedies they used were Nature's remedies, and especially adapted to the needs of humanity.

Among the very best of these vegetable preparations is S. S. S., a medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and barks in such combination as to make it the greatest of all blood purifiers and the finest of all tonics. S. S. S. does not contain the least particle of mineral in any form, and is absolutely a safe medicine for any one to use.

CHEMIST FOUND S. S. S. FREE FROM MINERALS.

A few years ago I was taken with Inflammatory Rheumatism. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S.S.S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my own friend, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free from potash or mercury. I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism, though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

MRS. ELEANOR T. JONES
53 Cliff St., Roxbury, Mass.

While purifying the blood this great vegetable remedy builds up and strengthens every portion of the system. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Malaria, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, hereditary taints, and all other diseases and disorders caused by impure or polluted blood.

As a tonic S. S. S. is unequaled. It invigorates every portion of the system, and the healthy blood it creates largely assists in overcoming any derangement of the digestive system. If you are suffering from any blood trouble, or need a tonic to build up your constitution, you could not do better than to take S. S. S., a medicine that is in no degree harmful. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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Sold by enterprising grocers anywhere.

Always uniform and always pure.

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EXCURSION BULLETIN

June 1 to Sept. 30—Summer Tourist Fares to Eastern Canada, New York and New England. Optional Routes.

June 3 to July 30—Every Friday. Low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 7 15 22—Annual Spring Excursions to Cheboygan, Alpena, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 29 to July 3—Annual Convention of National Educational Association at Boston, Mass. Optional Routes.

July 2 3-4—Low rates for Independence Day.

July 6 to 10—National Convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 21—Annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que., and return. Usual low fares.

Watch for announcements of other excursions.

APPLY TO TICKET AGENTS
FOR PARTICULARS.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages, 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies. Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 68, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year. Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking. Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

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DETROIT, MINNESOTA
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Delightful Location
Splendid Entertainment
Unexcelled Outings

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CHICAGO OPERATIC COMPANY
EDWIN LANHAM, Lecturer
LOU J BEAUCHAMP, Humorist
CHAUTAUQUA Ladies' Orchestra
BILL BONE, Entertainer
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HON. JOSEPH FOLK
Former Governor of Missouri
ROSS CRANE, Cartoonist
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HOW'O PLATTENBURG, Lecturer
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Write for Booklet. Detroit Chautauqua Ass'n, DETROIT, MINN.

Notice For Publication.

[illegible]

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
[illegible]
Work Promptly Attended to
[illegible] Gazette office

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CULVERTS
MADE FROM
AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES
ARE
RUST PROOF
GET THE GENUINE CATALOGUE FREE
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LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
MINNEAPOLIS MINN.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

Summons.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }
District Court
Fourteenth Judicial District

Ben Butler, Plaintiff
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert F. Helstedt, Theresa Helstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State aforesaid, within twenty days after the service of said summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Red Lake }
District Court
Fourteenth Judicial District.

Ben Butler, Plaintiff
against
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert F. Helstedt, Theresa Helstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendants

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this Court by the above named Plaintiff against the above named Defendants the object purpose and design of which is to foreclose by action and secure a sale of the premises hereinafter described in such proceedings that certain Mortgage bearing date the 7th day of November, 1905, duly made and executed by Anton Gerster and Elizabeth Gerster, his wife, as Mortgagors, unto the above named Plaintiff as Mortgagee, and which said Mortgage was duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December 1906, at 9 o'clock A. M. and duly recorded therein in Book "1" of Mortgages on page 4?.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and are described as follows:

The West one half (W½) of Section twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty-Two (152) North, Range Forty-one (41) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 320 acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey.

Dated May 13, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

Office of Register of Deeds,
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of May A. D. 1910, at 4:20 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book 39 of Mortgages on page 351.

FRANK JEFFERS
Register of Deeds.
m23 By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Bids Wanted.

Wylie, Minn, May 14, 1910.

Sealed bids will be received until Saturday, June 11, 1910, for the erection of a frame school house in District No. 60, Red Lake County. Building is to be 20x36, 10 foot posts. Contract is to be let for work of construction of building only as material is to be furnished and foundation construction by the district. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the clerk with whom the bids are to be filed.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

C. A. LINDQUIST
m19-je2 Clerk.

SUNKIST ORANGES
Your Choice From 10,000,000 Orange Trees

We pack 60 per cent of California's orange crop—three-fourths of its lemons. From this great quantity we choose the solid, tree-ripened, deliciously flavored fruit for our special brand, "SUNKIST."

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

They are always packed in wrappers bearing the name "Sunkist." Be sure the oranges you get have these wrappers, for they not only insure you the finest oranges that can be grown, but for every twelve you send us we will give you a

Handsome Orange Spoon FREE

These spoons are Rogers' Best Quality Standard AA—a beautiful pattern designed especially for us. You couldn't buy anything more handsome, no matter what price you paid. Think how quickly you can get an entire set—a most attractive addition to your table service.

Buy a dozen "Sunkist" Oranges or Lemons today, and send us the wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay for postage, packing, etc. You will get your first spoon by return mail.

Address California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark St. CHICAGO

SUNKIST LEMONS
Buy "Sunkist" Lemons as well as "Sunkist" Oranges. The fruit is equally fine, and we accept lemon wrappers for spoons.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of Christuan O. Nygaard and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 44.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 44. A description of said ditch and the land over and through which it passes is as follows. The said ditch is located within the townships one hundred fifty three (153) and One hundred fifty four (154) Range forty one (41). Commencing at a point two (2) rods west and twenty (20) feet north of the southeast corner of section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred fifty-four (154) Range forty-one (41) thence running due west along the south side of section thirty four (34), thirty three (33) and section thirty two (32) of aforesaid township and range and north of section three (3) four (4) and five (5) township one hundred fifty three (153) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty feet east of the south west corner of section thirty-two (32) Township one hundred fifty four (154), thence extending due south parallel with and twenty feet east of the section line between sections five (5) and six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) and sections seventeen and eighteen (18) to the Red Lake River where the said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Branch of Ditch Number 44.

A description of said branch and the land over and through which it passes is as follows.

The said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty four (154) Range forty one (41). Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section twenty (20) thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20) twenty nine (29) and thirty (30) and sections thirty one (31) and thirty two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirty two (32) where said branch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 44 as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:

Frank Kratchovil, Andrew John Anderson, Andrew Sanders, Andrew Rickson, Kjartan Sveusgaard, Charles Rodlhe, Andrew B. Larson, Joseph Pricek, Sigvart A. Rustad, Joseph Hruby, Andy C. Hurt, Olaf Trolien Edith E. Quist, Albert Bakken, Valarea Benka, Barney L. Levas, Halvor H. Olson, Ulric Rak, L. J. Vorachek, Jim Knife, Frank Przybyszeski John Yokoc, Joseph Volira Harold Johnson, Segard Olsen Groltd, Haverk Strande, Levi O. Robertson Nels A. Luborg, Annie Pescinski, Mary Robertson, Ole P. Skukkerud, Christ Strandjord, Josephine Maresh, Hans Olsen, Michael J. Ford, Albert S. Swanson, Hookon A. Tronnes, John Watson, Carl Hatlin, Knut T. Nordgard, Ane Ommundson, Hornes E. Frieman, Knut Bjorge, Aslak Olson, Christian P. Brorby, Ole O. Legvold, Knut T. Knudson, Herman R. Leslin, Pliny H. Wright, Herman R. Leslin, Gunder Olson, Dancel Anderson, David Ross, Ludwig H. Larson, Hans Johnson, Town of Cloverleaf, Town of Kratka, State of Minnesota, and the United States and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 17th day of June 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
(County Auditor's Seal) Minnesota.
m25-je9

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Petition of R. M. Johnson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 45.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a Petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 45.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows—

The said ditch is located wholly within the Township one hundred fifty-three (153), Range forty one (41), commencing at a point four hundred (400) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between Sections nine (9) and ten (10), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between Sections nine (9) and ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), and Sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) to the Red Lake river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet, as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

John Watson, Carl Hatlin, Ane Omundson, Albert M. Cunningham, Nels Berg, Daniel Anderson, Tobias Eidum, Gulbrand Rolfson, Lars Brenden, Earnest L. Quist, Ole T. Gullingsrud, Sam Knutson, Joseph Kilen, Swan J. Gjerwold, Erik O. Gullingsrud, Hans Jorstad, Ote Olson Roisland, David Ross, Rasmus Martin Johnson, Carl Jensen, Knut K. Austin, the Township of Kratka, the State of Minnesota and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said County to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor, and that the Viewers appointed by said County Board to veiw the same have completed their work and filed their report in the office of said County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the City of Red Lake Falls in the said County, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

m25-je9 A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
[Seal] Minnesota

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902, at 5 o'clock and ten minutes p. m., in book 19 of mortgages on page 310 thereof, that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $246.80; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises $2.50; that the amount claimed and hereby declared to be due on said mortgage at this date including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract is one thousand nine hundred thirty-two and 86-100 dollars ($1932.86); that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northwest quarter and north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred fifty-one (151) north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.
EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, Mortgagee.
B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee, m5-je16
Slayton, Minn.

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places: Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested will stop at any place on the rivers.—Victor Delage, Owner.

CONSUMPTION
In the cure of consumption, concentrated, easily digested nourishment is necessary.
For 35 years
Scott's Emulsion
has been the standard, world-wide treatment for consumption. All Druggists

PROCEEDINGS.

Continued from Page Two.

The following committee consisting of F. A. Grady, Ira C. Richardson, K. O. Gigstad, Julius Pleth and John B. Heibert were named to prepare a history of Red Lake County down to the present time to be placed in the corner stone of the new court house building on the 11th day of June, 1910.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

W. A. Schreiter, supplies for county offices	$ 1.60
Thief River Press, supplies for county offices	5.00
Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices 3 bills	13.75
The Pioneer Co., supplies for county offices	13.00
The Pioneer Co., supplies for county offices	11.50
The Pioneer Co., supplies for county offices	19.00
Free-Press Printing Co., supplies for county offices 4 bills	34.95
Brown Tracy & Sperry Co., supplies for county offices	22.50
Louis F. Dow Co., supplies for county offices	42.00
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county offices	.74
Geo. D. Barnard	40.00
Geo. D. Barnard, Gen. Elec. and Primary Election supplies	132.75
C. A. Lindquist, to mileage as member of the Bldg. Com.	25.20
Joseph Pigeon, to mileage as member of Bldg. Com.	22.40
Wm. C. L. Demann, to mileage as member of Bldg. Com.	9.80
Red Lake Falls Gazette, supplies for county offices	20.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, miscellaneous publications	55.80
St. Hilaire Spectator, pub. notice of teachers exam	3.75
H. F. Anderson, exps. acc. Apr. 26 to May 21, 1910	57.87
H. E. Ives, postage as per vouchers	60.00
H. F. Anderson, postage as per vouchers	4.00
C. H. Martz, postage as per vouchers	10.00
Lewis A. Nelson, turnkey wages month of May	30.00
Lewis A. Nelson, board of prisoners for month of May	9.00
Lewis A. Nelson, exps in case of State vs. Carl Swenson	6.00
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. in case of State vs. Torgerson Bros	21.00
W. A. Schreiter, long distance phone calls 3 bills	8.85
Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex., phone rent for county officers, March and April	22.70
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., lights for April	10.90
Knute Kolstad, March and April rent for Surveyor's office	10.00
A. A. Latendresse, per diem member of Board of Audit	24.00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem member of Board of Audit	24.00
Frank Jellers, misc. recording and certificates	63.80
Frank Jellers, recording misc. bonds and appointments	4.25
Peter Matson, per diem as referee in the Latendresse and Lindquist matter	125.00
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting 6 notices Ditch No. 46	8.60
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting 9 notices Ditch No. 48	14.50
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting 6 notices Ditch No. 50	9.40
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting 6 notices Ditch No. 53	12.00
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting 6 notices Ditch No. 54	9.00
C. H. Martz, to 2 days engineering Ditch No. 35	10.00
C. H. Martz, to 6 days engineering Ditch No. 38	30.00
C. H. Martz, to 2 days engineering Ditch No. 39	10.00
C. H. Martz, to 2 days engineering Ditch No. 41	10.00
C. H. Martz, to 2 days engineering Ditch No. 44	10.00
C. H. Martz, to 1 day engineering Ditch No. 44	5.00
C. H. Martz, to 3 days engineering Ditch No. 45	15.00
C. H. Martz, to 3 days engineering Ditch No. 46	15.00
C. H. Martz, to 1 day engineering Ditch No. 47	5.00
C. H. Martz, exp. acc. on Ditch No. 35	2.00
" " " " " 38	6.00
" " " " " 39	2.00
" " " " " 41	2.00
" " " " " 44	3.00
" " " " " 45	4.85
" " " " " 45	3.50
" " " " " 46	3.00
" " " " " 47	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days as asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 32	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days as asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 35	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 7 days asst. engineer, board and exps. Ditch No. 36	34.25
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 37	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 7 days asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 38	31.50
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days asst. engineer and board ditch No. 39	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 3 days asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 41	13.50
Glenn H. Martz, 4 days asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 44	18.00
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 45	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 6 days asst. engineer and board Ditch No. 46	27.00
A. R. Jones, 8 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 47	32.50
Otto Zalser, 8 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 47	32.00
Gilbert K. Haavi, 8 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 47	32.72
A. R. Jones, 4 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 45	16.50
Otto Zalser, 4 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 45	16.00
Gilbert K. Haavi, 4 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 45	16.72
A. R. Jones, 9 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 44	36.50
Otto Zalser, 9 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 44	36.00
Gilbert K. Haavi, 9 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 44	36.72
Zaiser Bros., 5 days livery at $4.00 and board for team Ditch No. 44	25.00
Zaiser Bros., 2 days livery at $4.00 and board for team Ditch No. 45	10.00
Zaiser Bros., 4 days livery at $4.00 and board for team Ditch No. 47	20.00
Oen Merchantile Co., supplies for Ditch No. 35	2.00
Peder Omundson, 2 days chainman at $2.00 and board Ditch No. 50	6.00
Northern Culvert Co., 1 culvert for County Ditch No. 36	118.58
Northern Culvert Co., 1 culvert for County Ditch No. 36	51.16
Arthur Itall, 2 days chainman ditch No. 30	4.00
" " 2 " " " " 32	4.00
" " 3 " " " " 50	6.00
Hugo Jacoby, 3 days rodman ditch No. 50	7.50
" " 2 " " " " 32	5.00
" " 2 " " " " 35	5.00
" " 4 " " " " 47	10.00
A. A. Latendresse, auditor's fees on Ditches Nos 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, and 48	400.00
Northwestern Drainage Co., material and hauling same for bridge, Sec. 11-153-42, Ditch No. 35	85.96
M. Forder, team hire and labor hauling and installing culvert on Ditch No. 33	54.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, first pub. and 100 notices Ditch No. 50	11.55
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Board proceedings April 9th and pub. notice sale of job, Ditch No. 43	15.60
Red Lake Falls Gazette, first pub. and 100 notices Ditch 51	9.15
Red Lake Falls Gazette, first pub. and 100 notices Ditch 53	10.35
Red Lake Falls Gazette, first pub. and 100 notices Ditch 52	12.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, first pub. and 100 notices Ditch 54	12.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, final hearing pub. and 100 notices Ditch No. 46	11.55
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. comr. proceedings meet of April 23rd, 1910, Ditch No. 49	10.20
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. proceedings meeting of April 23rd, 1910, Ditch No. 48	12.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, Pub. comr. proceedings April 9th and sale of job, Ditch No. 42	18.00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage attending spec. meet May 6th, 1910	3.20
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage attending spec. meet May 6th, 1910	3.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage attending spec. meet May 6th, 1910	1.40
Joseph Johnson, mileage attending spec. meet May 6th, 1910	9.60
C. A. Lindquist, mileage attending spec. meet May 6th, 1910	3.60
Wm. C. L. Demann, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 50	3.70
Ed. A. Aubol, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 50	4.50
Joseph Pigeon, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 50	4.60
C. A. Lindquist, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 50	4.80
Joseph Johnson, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 50	7.80
Wm. C. L. Demann, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 46	3.70
Ed. A. Aubol, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 46	4.50
Joseph Pigeon, to per diem and one half mileage Ditch 46	4.60
O. A. Lindquist, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 46	4.80
Joseph Johnson, to per diem and one-half mileage Ditch No. 46	7.80

On motion duly carried the following bills were rejected:

Louis F. Dow Co., county record book of survey,	$ 28.00

On motion duly carried the following bills were laid over:

Peter Mutson, mileage as special com'r in Latendresse and Lindquist matter	$ 42.00
Northwestern Drainage company, putting in culvert Ditch No 36	00.00
Northwestern Drainage Co., putting in culvert Ditch No. 36	40.00

On motion carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake county Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOBS.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 24th day of June, 1910, at one o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 46 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date May 27th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, being Stations "O" to Station No. "224" both inclusive and contemplating the excavation and removal of 31,554.0 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of construction, in any case, as stated in said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows.

Three Thousand One Hundred Fifty five and 40-100.

The estimated total cost of the work is $4,550.40 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 1st, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
SEAL County Auditor Red Lake County.
je2-16 State of Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Red Lake }

In the matter of the petition of William C. Hunt and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 47.

Notice is Hereby Given That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 47, said ditch is located wholly within the Townships One Hundred Fifty-two (152) and One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40).

A description of Main Ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east and one hundred and forty (140) feet north of the quarter corner in the center of section seven (7), township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40) thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter or center line in sections seven (7) and six (6), to a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section six (6) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) and sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty (30) to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40) and the lands over and through which it passes are as follows: Commencing at a point seventeen hundred (1700) feet east of the quarter corner between sections six (6) and seven (7), thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections six (6) and seven (7) to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of section seven (7) where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the main ditch No. forty-seven (47) as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Tone O. Rjenstad, Fred L. Farley, Knut Olson, Gustav Swenson, Swan B. Swanson, J. A. Duffy, Thomas G. Rome, Andreas Anensen, Frank York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Hovland, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hyland, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skreland, Mike Kolski, Charles W. Johnson, Clarence Havlord, Oscar E. Lillo, John Quirk, Daniel Sullivan, William G. Hunt, Annie Spokely, Walter McAndress, Kate O'Brien, Charley Clark, Frank Jelfers, Olaf H. Snoback, Even J. Lund, Jerry O'Brien, Anund Knutson, Julius Halvorson, Andrew M. Johnson, Kettel Vindlos, Gust B. Tveit, Martin Solum, Andrew T. Myrum, Arne Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Joseph E. O'Toole, Lars E. Olte Township of Deer Park, Township of Highlanding and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county, to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 1st day of July, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of the surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated May 24th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn
County Auditor's Seal je2 16

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

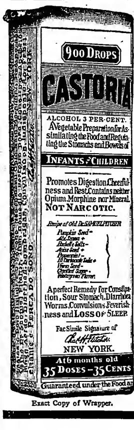
Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Wylie Farmers Elevator and Mercantile Company will be held at Wylie July 1st at 1:30 p. m. Sealed bids for the position as manager of the above company will be considered not later than June 30th. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Address bids to
C. Q. SWANSON, Secretary,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Star Route,

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Annie Robillard and Telesphore Robillard, her husband, mortgagors, to Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Minnesota corporation, mortgagee, bearing date January 28th, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of January, 1903, in Book 21 of Mortgages on page 133.

Said default consists in the non-payment of a certain note for four hundred ninety three dollars ($493.00) dated January 28th, 1903, executed by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, secured by said mortgagee, and bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum; all payable at the rate of fifty dollars ($50.00) per month, beginning on the 1st day of March, 1903. No part of said mortgage nor the interest thereon has ever been paid except the sum of $17.50.

By reason of such default, the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has ever been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

The property described by said mortgage, and thereby mortgaged, is lots numbered seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in block number ten [10] in Champagne & Dorr's Addition to Red Lake Falls, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the corrected plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds within and for said Red Lake County, Minnesota.

There is claimed to be due, and is due, upon said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of $761.44.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and persuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be forclosed by a sale of said premises at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the county Court House in Red Lake Falls in said county, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of June, 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and fifty dollars attorney's fees, together with the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1910.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Mortgagee.
Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer,
Duluth, Minnesota, m5-je9
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Millar, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, Mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902 at five o'clock and 10 minutes p. m. in book 19 of mortgages, on page 307 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $247.12; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises, $3.00; that the amount claimed and hereby declared due on said mortgage at this date, including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract, is one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and 58-100 dollars ($1933.58) that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake state of Minnesota, to-wit:—

Northeast quarter and north half of southeast quarter of section twenty one (21) township one hundred and fifty one (151) north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy-five dollars [$75.00] attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.
EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited
Mortgagee.
B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee m5 je16
Slayton, Minn.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE
Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3604 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
ffice over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breu et, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN.—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandean, Recording Secretary.

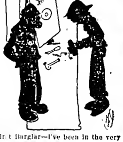
Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

IN HIGH SOCIETY.



First Burglar—I've been in the very best houses in town.

Second Burglar—I am much sought after myself.

UNSIGHTLY COMPLEXIONS

The constant use of Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for toilet, bath and nursery purposes not only preserves, purifies, and beautifies the skin, scalp, hair and hands, but prevents inflammation, irritation and clogging of the pores, the common cause of pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness, yellow, oily, mothy and other unwholesome conditions of the complexion and skin. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find Cuticura Soap most successful in realizing every expectation. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are admirably adapted to preserve the health of the skin and scalp of infants and children, and to prevent minor blemishes or inherited skin humors becoming chronic, and may be used from the hour of birth. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the civilized world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, for their free Cuticura book, 32 pages of invaluable advice on care and treatment of the skin, scalp and hair.

For the Critics.

Creston Clark, whose untimely death at Asheville robbed America of a serious and capable actor, was somewhat impatient of criticism. To a Philadelphia critic he once said:

"You critics are unwilling to accept a man for what he is. You want to change him to your own taste. But each of you has a different taste. To whose inclination, then, is he to bend?

"No, no! Take the artist for what he is. That is the right critical attitude. Don't be like the farm urchin I once saw—an urchin who, as he [illegible] a frog to death, repeated severely:

"'I'll l'arn ye to be a toad.'"

From Habit.

The Insurance Agent—The company has rejected your application on the ground that you lied in your answers. Why did you say that your circulation was good?

Mr. Kolumn—Honest, I couldn't help it. That's my business. You see, I'm advertising manager on the Daily Boomer.—Puck.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A mustard plaster can always be depended upon to do something smart.

DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES, BACKACHE
NUMBER 375 "Guaranteed under

WESTERN CANADA
What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate, Says About its Wheat-Producing Power!

"The greatest need of this country [United States] in another generation or two will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."

This great railroad magnate is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.

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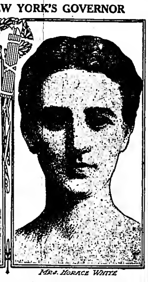
LIEUT. GOV. HORACE WHITE


MRS. HORACE WHITE

ALBANY, N. Y.—When Charles A. Hughes retires from the gubernatorial chair on October 1 to assume his duties as an associate justice of the Supreme court of the United States, he will be succeeded by Horace White of Syracuse, now lieutenant governor. To be sure, there will remain only two weeks of Governor Hughes' term for Mr. White to fill, but he may do much in that short time. The lieutenant governor is a millionaire and he and Mrs. White are leaders of society in Syracuse. Mr. White has been long active in politics and is a strict party man. He is only forty-three years old, but has had a varied career.

PRIZE IN A JUNGLE

Indiana Scientist Brings Back Strange Fish With Legs.

Dangers of All Kinds Are Braved by Hoosier in a Three-Year Trip Through South American Wilds—Tales of Hardship.

Bloomington, Ind.—In the midst of a mass of 30,000 specimens of fish life, now reposing in the preservative of the Carnegie institute of Pittsburg, is a specimen of animal life which is totally new to present-day scientists, according to a statement given out here by Dr. John D. Haseman, who has just returned after a three-years' trip through the wilds of South America in search of hitherto unknown forms of fish life.

Reticent in the extreme concerning his discovery, which, it is alleged, is the greatest in zoology since the days of Alexander Humboldt, Dr. Haseman would say only that the new species is about eighteen inches long, is blind and has 96 segments in its body.

Dr. Carl H. Eigenmann, head of Indiana zoological department, says that the specimen is neither a fish nor has it four legs. It is known, however, that the species has rudimentary legs, and closely resembles the American salamander. Only one specimen of the "find" is in the possession of the institute.

Speaking of his trip across the wilds of the Paraguay river, through the 2,000-mile stretch of the Amazon valley and into the unknown regions of the coastwise rivers of the southern continent, Dr. Haseman tells almost unbelievable stories of hardship and privation, hunger and disease suffered along with his handful of native guides in the pursuit of the various discoveries in the scientific world, which he says he will soon make public. Dr. Haseman was the only white man in the party.

After journeying almost 10,000 miles along the east coast of the continent, from Bahia to Buenos Ayres, making numerous side trips into the valleys of the coastwise rivers, the former Indiana university student started on a 10,000-mile trip through the very heart of the continent. He followed the Paraguay river from its mouth to the source, then made a 400-mile trip, which took 27 days, in order to get around an intervening range of mountains.

This side expedition was made in a bull cart. The explorer then found the source of the Gunpola river, traveled 1,500 miles down it to the Madeira river, then into the valley of the Amazon and down the valley of the "King of Rivers" to its outlet, a distance of more than 1,000 miles.

Most of the long journey was in boats, some of it was on foot, through almost impassable jungles, some of the way was negotiated on log rafts, and at times, when the rivers were dry, the native guides had to pull the boats over hidden rocks.

A close watch had to be kept and barricades built of the boats themselves to keep the Indian along the route from shooting into the party with poisoned arrows.

At times the food supply of the party ran out and they were forced to shoot monkeys for food. At other times a limited supply of dried fish formed the only sustenance of the entire party.

The specimen of the "fish with feet," which is the only one of its sort that scientists have been able to capture, and which is so highly prized that few hints of its true character have leaked out, was captured in the Rio Negro river, near its junction with the Amazon.

Doctor Haseman is the only other scientist besides Johann Netterer, a German naturalist, who undertook a similar expedition in 1825, who has made this South American trip. Netterer's specimens are now in the Vienna museum.

ONE LETTER COSTS FORTUNE

Visions of Vast Riches Disappear When New Jersey "Heir" Learns of Mistake.

Burlington, N. J.—William P. Stockley learned the other day that he missed by a mere letter becoming a millionaire. An industrious policeman with a description of a William Stockley, missing for several years from Wilmington, Del., found the local Stockley the other night and told him of his great luck.

Stockley once lived in Delaware and was having visions of a palace and automobiles while the authorities were endeavoring to connect with the executor of the estate from which the missing man will inherit more than $1,000,000 if found.

The answer from Delaware gave the full name of the missing man as William Brown Stockley. The middle initial of the local William is "P.," which does not stand for Brown, and he is now back on his job convinced that the fates had tricked him.

PURPURAEMORRHAGICA KILLS

English Jury Declares That Rare Malady Accelerated the Death of a Miner.

London.—A case of alleged purpuraemorrhagica—or black blister—was inquired into by the Walsall deputy coroner.

A man named Edward Booker, on arriving home from his work at the Holly Bank Colliery company's Sneyd pit, had a black eye and complained that a "tree" had flown out and hit him. Next day he developed black blisters in the mouth, which extended over his body and caused death.

Dr. Longmore stated that this was a disease called purpuraemorrhagica, which was so obscure that "Coates' Pathology," one of the best known pathological works, did not even mention it; and, further, that it was brought on by the blow.

The jury returned a verdict of death from purpuraemorrhagica, accelerated by injuries received while at work.

German Dress Is Criticized

Reputation for Simplicity Compared Unfavorably With Other Nations—Faith in Silk.

Berlin.—The reputation of the German woman for simplicity of living and dressing has caused her to be compared unfavorably with her sisters of Paris, New York and London. There is general agreement that she has deserved her reputation, but there is no less general agreement that of late years she has changed her standard of dress and has become more ambitious.

A critic who has recently been studying dress in Berlin still finds much to be dissatisfied with. The progress is not inclusive enough. Women in the upper classes have vastly improved in their knowledge of dress and the application of their knowledge with elegance and taste.

Actresses are now costumed in a way that makes the German street scene far more attractive and pleasing than it was a dozen years ago. But there is an enormous number of women who recognize taste and elegance when they see such qualities in feminine costumes, but from motives of tradition and economy, chiefly the latter, steadily refuse to change their fashion of attire.

These women, in age from forty to sixty, usually pin their faith to silk, and the older the silk is the better. It is this clinging to tradition that gives so many theater audiences in Germany their look of commonplaceness, not to say untidiness. This class of German woman, the critic says, is almost equally criminal in her attitude toward the crown of a woman's getup, the hat.

WHOLE SHIP CARGO WEIGHED

Porphydrometed Registers as Passenger Come Aboard or Leaves—Detects Leaks.

London.—An ingenious little instrument which weighs the whole cargo of a ship at one operation and records the change in the vessel's weight when a passenger steps on or off, has been tested on a 200 ton barge off the Temple pier, London. Its name is the porphydrometer. The instrument is based on the infallible principle that a body floating in a liquid of whatever density displaces a quantity of that liquid exactly equal to its own weight, and by its application a vessel is transformed into a gigantic weighbridge, or weighing machine. The porphydrometer will be of immense value in minimizing the danger from leaks on vessels, for attached to the instrument is an electric bell which gives warning should a leak occur.

Disappointment at a Reception.

Departing Visitor (disappointedly)—Hang it, I've got my own hat after all!—M. A. P.

Mere Man Outbid by Woman

Los Angeles Widow Wins Yuma Farm From Wyoming Man at Recent Auction Sale.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Outbid by a woman. This was the experience of Edward B. Milner from the plains of Wyoming, in the contest for Yuma farm unit O 33, which was auctioned at the United States land office.

Mrs. Mary E. Delo, widow, residing in this city, was the woman who refused to be outdone by a mere man.

The price paid was $201.

The land for which Mrs. Delo and Mr. Midner were bidding was a farm unit which went by default, the successful applicant in the drawing having failed to make the first payment within the ten-day period.

When Receiver Robinson offered this strip of land at auction a contest for the farm was begun.

It did not require the perception of a sage to see that the land was wanted by both Mr. Milner and Mrs. Delo.

As quickly as one bid, the price was raised by the other contestant for the farm. Rapidly the price was bid up to $100, and then increased steadily until it had soared to $200. At this figure a friend of Milner persuaded him to withdraw from the bidding, and no person seemed willing to raise the price of $201 bid by Mrs. Delo.

Receiver Robinson declared that Mrs. Delo had purchased the first right to file an entry on farm unit G 33 of the Yuma land project for $201. In addition to this amount, it will be necessary for Mrs. Delo to pay the regular government price of $65 an acre.

Defeated in this quarter, but determined to have a Yuma farm, Mr. Milner studied the blue print showing the location of the various units, and selected a section which had been allowed to go by default by the original applicant, and filed an entry on it without paying any money except the regulation price of $65 an acre.

It was farm unit C 33, and Mrs. Delo and Mr. Milner will be near neighbors.

Easy Victory.

"Life," said the idealist, "should be a generous rivalry in kindness and self-sacrifice." "Yes," replied Mr. Sinnick; "but in that kind of a contest there are too many people willing to let you win hands down."

THIS DOG CAN COUNT HOURS

Acts as Alarm Clock for Early-Rising New Jersey Farmer—Wants His Breakfast.

Beverly, N. J.—Promptly at 4:30 o'clock every morning John Paesner, a farmer, arises and begins his day's work. He does not bother about alarm clocks any more, for he places more reliance in his hound dog Spot, who sleeps outdoors and who a few minutes before 4:30 begins an unearthly howl.

Paesner knows from experience it is useless to try to prolong his sleep, for the dog's yelps will not cease until his master comes down to him.

Paesner gives a simple explanation of how the dog became such a reliable alarm. When he used the clock the first thing he would do after getting up would be to see if Spot was all right and throw him a piece of meat. The dog now looks for his breakfast at that hour, and for three months has not varied five minutes in time.

Family Cat Catches Mumps

Animal Now at Large and Health Authorities Fear Epidemic Among Tabbies of City.

Norwood, Pa.—Mumps have become such an epidemic in this borough that the authorities are trying to locate a family pet in the shape of a large cat, with wide stripes around its body, the pet of a family where the mumps had prevailed, and the recipient of the milk and toast that the patient would not eat. The result is that the cat has the mumps, and is now running at large.

For several days the board of health inspector has tried hard to catch that cat. He said he did get a look at him, and he was the greatest sight a man ever saw—a cat with a couple of good-sized hickory nuts, one on each of its jowls, and sitting on a fence, emitting unearthly screeches. He tried to move toward him slowly and carefully, but the cat saw him, and was off like a streak.

One of the leading physicians in the borough said that such a thing was possible as a cat having the mumps, although it might not be known as that, and there was danger of other domestic pets catching the disease. The inspector says he is going to keep on the job until that cat is in his net, and in the meantime he suggests to pet owners that they keep their animals at home.

Our Foreign Trade Booming.

Washington.—Foreign trade of the United States is booming. Going and coming large increases are apparent in a summary of the export and import trade for March alone and the nine months ended with March, just compiled by the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor. Imports of raw materials have grown largely and the exports of manufactures from these same raw materials has also increased.

There were more than a billion dollars' worth of imports during the nine months ended with March.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

Is this a time to be cloudy
and sad,
When our Mother Nature
laughs around,
When even the deep blue heavens look
glad,
And gladness breathes from the blossoming ground?

A Few Salads.

A salad is one of the most appetizing of dishes and one should never consider the preparation of a salad as too much trouble.

A salad should be simple and may be prepared in a very few moments. One of these dishes is:

Strawberry Salad.—Take the heart leaves of lettuce, heap a few ripe strawberries in each, dust with powdered sugar. On each portion place a teaspoonful of mayonnaise and a piece of lemon.

Grape Fruit and Cherry Salad.—Cut the grape fruit through the center, removing the sections and freeing them of the white fiber. Marinate in a little French dressing of three tablespoonfuls of oil, one of vinegar and salt and pepper to taste. Place some of the grape fruit on heart leaves of head lettuce, on these nests add enough cherries to make an attractive salad.

Spanish Salad.—Cut in halves several hard cooked eggs, and place them at intervals on the lettuce in a salad bowl or plate. Between the eggs lay stuffed olives and halves of tomatoes. Cover each egg with mayonnaise, and serve each guest with each of the ingredients of the salad.

Fish Filets.—Cut the large filets into three smaller ones, dip in flour, season with salt and red pepper. Place a nest in the meat and on this place strips of salt pork and sliced onion, then lay on the filets. On each place a bit of pork and onion, and cover closely and bake until well done. Serve with a white sauce in which chopped parsley and sour pickle is added.

Grape Juice Soup.—Cook half a cupful of tapioca until soft, with a pint of water. Add three pieces of stick cinnamon. Strain and add one cupful of grape juice. Sweeten to taste and serve hot.

"As the door turneth upon his hinges, so doth the slothful upon his bed."

"Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it."

Eggs.

Eggs are now becoming reasonable in price so that the frugal housewife may feel that she can use them more plentifully. They may often take the place of meat in a meal, especially for a breakfast, luncheon or supper dish.

When making angel food the yolks may be used for any number of dishes. A salad dressing, or a gold cake will use most of the yolks. Beat the yolks left from the angel cake, add a little cream or milk and salt, then turn into a hot buttered omelet pan and stir constantly until all cooked. Serve as a supper or breakfast dish. If more cream is added the egg may be served on toast.

For a simple little luncheon dessert there is nothing daintier than a plain omelet spread with apple jelly, which has been heated in hot water to soften. Fold and cut in slices. It tastes very good and looks even prettier than it tastes.

Save the egg shells (washing the egg before breaking), and use them to settle the coffee.

Breakfast Eggs.—Put six eggs into a vessel which will hold five pints. Pour over boiling water to fill the dish, cover closely and set on the back part of the stove or the rack to cook. Leave seven minutes for a soft cooked egg, ten for a medium cooked, fifteen for a firm and thirty for a hard cooked egg.

Nellie Maxwell.

Qualifications of Maids of Honor.

A girl who aspires to become a maid of honor intimates, usually through her parents, to the mistress of the robes that she would like to serve her majesty in this capacity, and if she is a suitable candidate her name is put down and submitted to the queen when a vacancy among the maids of honor occurs, or in the event of her majesty wishing to increase the number, which is at present limited to three.

A maid of honor must of course occupy a well established social position, though it is now not necessary, as it was once, that they should be of titled rank. A maid must be able to speak French fluently and should be able to converse in German; she must be a good pianist, and be able to read accompaniments at sight, and she must, it is scarcely necessary to say, be thoroughly well educated and have traveled on the continent. A good well trained voice is a qualification.—Gentlewoman.

New Work for Women.

Mrs. Frederick H. Snyder is the only woman impressario on earth, she says. She decided that grand opera would be a good thing for St. Paul and made her first venture so successful that she has continued in the business after the fashion of men engaged in the same work.

The candle of contentment is not necessarily better than the lamp of learning.

People seem to have a mania for touching a man on his sore spots.

Answer This Question

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured numerous cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are two letters which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fitchville, Ohio.—"My daughter was all run down, suffered from pains in her side, head and limbs, and could walk but a short distance at a time. She came very near having nervous prostration, had begun to cough a good deal, and seemed melancholy by spells. She tried two doctors but got little help. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier and Liver Pills she has improved so much that she feels and looks like another girl."—Mrs. C. Cole, Fitchville, Ohio.

Irasburg, Vermont.—"I feel it my duty to say a few words in praise of your medicine. When I began taking it I had been very sick with kidney and bladder troubles and nervous prostration. I am now taking the sixth bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and find myself greatly improved. My friends who call to see me have noticed a great change."—Mrs. A. H. Sanborn, Irasburg, Vermont.

We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the letters are published without their permission, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

What more proof can any one ask?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

☞ Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

MICA AXLE GREASE
is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere
STANDARD OIL CO.
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ALONE, ALL ALONE.

Mrs. Proudmar—I tell my daughter that her voice is a gold mine!

Professor Schnickelfritz (going)—Ach, zah, vat you call an abandoned mine, nind't it?

A SOLDIER'S EXPERIENCE.

Hardships of Army Life Brought On a Severe Case of Kidney Trouble.

H. N. Camp, 1356 Delaware St., Denver, Colo., says: "During the Spanish-American war, I contracted a severe kidney trouble. After returning home, I was under a physician's care for months, but grew gradually worse. Finally I got so bad I could not hold the urine at all. I also had intense suffering from back pains. Doan's Kidney Pills made improvement from the first, and soon I was well and strong."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

It costs more to live now than it did a hundred years ago, but they had no possibell then.

Put up with sarcasm—don't practise it.

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.
Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics
FOR ALL TOILET USES.
PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC
Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.
A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.
THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

SENT FREE
Send a 2-cent stamp (to cover mailing) and your dealer's name for a Pyramid Fly Catcher, which keep will your home flyless. The
PYRAMID FLY CATCHER
is more sanitary than fly paper and works better and quicker, and lasts longer. It has no objectionable odor and will not drip in the hottest weather. It can be hung up out of the way. The shining surface attracts the flies. Sold by grocers and druggists for 5c. each.
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DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c.
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WE GIVE a fine plated GOLD WATCH, guaranteed five years, proper size, handsomely engraved; with chain; and plated GOLD RING, beautiful, diamond setting, for selling 24 low priced jewelry articles among your friends. Send name and address. NO MONEY. WE TRUST YOU. Articles sent at once. Full instructions. Introductory offer. Only limited time. Write right now to—
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W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 22–1910.

Afraid of Ghosts

Many people are afraid of ghosts. Few people are afraid of germs. Yet the ghost is a fancy and the germ is a fact. If the germ could be magnified to a size equal to its terrors it would appear more terrible than any fire-breathing dragon. Germs can't be avoided. They are in the air we breathe, the water we drink.

The germ can only prosper when the condition of the system gives it free scope to establish itself and develop. When there is a deficiency of vital force, languor, restlessness, a sallow cheek, a hollow eye, when the appetite is poor and the sleep is broken, it is time to guard against the germ. You can fortify the body against all germs by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It increases the vital power, cleanses the system of clogging impurities, enriches the blood, puts the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition in working condition, so that the germ finds no weak or tainted spot in which to breed. "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol, whisky or habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients printed on its outside wrapper. It is not a secret nostrum but a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION and with a record of *40 years of cures*. Accept no substitute—there is nothing "just as good." Ask your neighbors.

Libby's Food Products

Never Vary in Quality or Taste

Because the utmost care is taken by **Libby's Chefs** to select only the choicest materials and prepare them in the same careful manner every time. You are thus assured of uniform goodness, and this is the reason that the use of Libby's gives such general satisfaction to every housewife.

Try Libby

Dried Beef Mexican Tamales
Ham Loaf Chili con Carne
Vienna Sausage
Evaporated Milk

For luncheon, spreads or everyday meals they are just the thing.

Keep a supply in the house. You never can tell when they will come in handy. Ask for **Libby's** and be sure you get **Libby's.**

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

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If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Fargo Directory

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GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS Sporting goods of all kinds. Baseball goods a specialty. Mail orders solicited. Buckman Hardware Co., 67 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

Very Fishy.

She was a fisherman's daughter, she wore her hair in a net, and she preferred love in a piscatorial way.

"My love," he whispered, "you hold first place in my heart! Although I flounder about in expressing myself, my only wish is that you will save me from becoming a 'crabbed' old bachelor. I shall stick to you closer than a limpet, from you a 'wink'll' be the road to gubble me. Together we will 'skate' over life's 'rocks,' and when I look at your hand beside me I will say to myself: 'Fortune was mine when I put 'herring' there!"

And then the lady dropped her eyes in sweet confusion, and murmured: "Pass the salt."

A Quick Cat.

Some years ago the proprietor of a hotel in southern New Hampshire told the following story. He said that when he was a boy he had occasion to go into the garret of his house one evening and that the family cat followed him up the stairs. One of the windows was open, and when they entered the garret a frightened mouse leaped out of the window, and the cat, jumping after it, caught it in midair and, whirling round, jumped back again into the same window.

The Man Invasion.

The witch out for a moonlight jaunt on her favorite broomstick, had just escaped being run down by an aeroplane manned by a joy-rider. "Oh, this is simply maddening!" she cried, hysterically; "to think of men invading the one field of which we women have had a monopoly for centuries!" And I believe I heard the joy-rider say, as he passed: "Oh, you kid witch!"

Appreciation.

"That successful poker player certainly paid a tribute to his winning game when he selected his handsome house."

"How so?"

"Don't you know he built it on a bluff?"

Equality.

Doctor (politely)—Good morning, Mr. Schmidt.

Janitor—Howdy, Doc.—Life.

We are our best when we try to be it not for ourselves alone, but for our brethren.—Phillips Brooks.

There is a reason
Why Grape-Nuts does correct
A weak, physical, or a
Sluggish mental condition.
The food is highly nutritious
And is partially pre-digested,
So that it helps the organs of
the stomach
To digest other food.
It is also rich in the
Vital phosphates that go
Directly to make up
The delicate gray matter
of brain and nerve centres.
Read "The Road to Wellville"
In pkgs. "There's a Reason."
POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY, Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night, she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. She passed a terrible night, which was filled with unseemly noises.

CHAPTER II.—Continued.

"There's going to be a death!" she wailed. "Oh, Miss Rachel, there's going to be a death!"

"There will be," I said grimly, "if you don't keep quiet, Liddy Allen."

And so we sat there until morning, wondering if the candle would last until dawn, and arranging what trains we could take back to town. If we had only stuck to that decision and gone back before it was too late!

The sun came finally, and from my window I watched the trees along the drive take shadowy form, gradually lose their ghostlike appearance, become gray and then green. The Greenwood club showed itself a dab of white against the hill across the valley, and an early robin or two hopped around in the dew. Not until the milk-boy and the sun came, about the same time, did I dare to open the door into the hall and look around. Everything was as we had left it. Trunks were heaped here and there, ready for the trunk room, and through the end window of stained glass came a streak of red and yellow daylight that was eminently cheerful. The milk-boy was pounding somewhere below, and the day had begun.

Thomas Johnson came ambling up the drive about half-past six, and we could hear him clattering around on the lower floor, opening shutters. I had to take Liddy to her room upstairs, however—she was quite sure she would find something uncanny. In fact, when she did not, having now the courage of daylight, she was actually disappointed.

Well, we did not go back to town that day.

I warned Liddy not to mention what had happened to anybody, and telephoned to town for servants. Then, after a breakfast which did more credit to Thomas' heart than his head, I went on a short tour of investigation. The sounds had come from the east wing, and not without some qualms I began there. At first I found nothing. Since then I have developed my powers of observation, but at that time I was a novice. The small card-room seemed undisturbed. I looked for footprints, which is, I believe, the conventional thing to do, although my experience has been that as clews both footprints and thumb-marks are more useful in fiction than in fact. But the stairs in that wing offered something.

At the top of the flight had been placed a tall wicker hamper packed with linen that had come from town. It stood at the edge of the top step, almost barring passage, and on the step below it was a long, fresh scratch. For three steps the scratch was repeated, gradually diminishing, as if some object had fallen, striking each one. Then for four steps nothing. On the fifth step below was a round dent in the hard wood. That was all, and it seemed little enough, except that I was positive the marks had not been there the day before.

It bore out my theory of the sound, which had been for all the world like the bumping of a metallic object down a flight of steps. The four steps had been skipped. I reasoned that an iron bar, for instance, would do something of the sort—strike two or three steps, end down, then turn over, jumping a few stairs, and landing with a thud.

Iron bars, however, do not fall down-stairs in the middle of the night alone. Coupled with the figure on the veranda the agency by which it climbed might be assumed. But—and here was the thing that puzzled me most—the doors were all fastened that morning, the windows unmolested, and the particular door from the card room to the veranda had a combination lock of which I held the key, and which had not been tampered with.

I fixed on an attempt at burglary, as the most natural explanation—an attempt frustrated by the falling of the object, whatever it was, that had roused me. Two things I could not understand; how the intruder had escaped with everything locked, and why he had left the small silver, which, in the absence of a butler, had remained downstairs over night.

In the afternoon a hack came up from Casanova, with a fresh relay of servants. The driver took them with a flourish to the servants' entrance, and drove around to the front of the house, where I was awaiting him.

"Two dollars," he said in reply to my question. "I don't charge full rates, because, bringin' 'em up all summer as I do, it pays to make a special price. When they got off the train I sez, sez I: 'There's another bunch for Sunnyside, cook, parlor maid and all.' Yes'm—six summers, and a new lot never less than once a month. They won't stand for the country and the lonesomeness, I reckon."

But with the presence of the "bunch" of servants my courage revived, and late in the afternoon came a message from Gertrude that she and Halsey would arrive that night at about 11 o'clock, coming in the car from Richfield. Things were looking up; and when Beulah, my cat, a most intelligent animal, found some early catnip on a bank near the house and rolled in it in a feline ecstasy, I decided that getting back to nature was the thing to do.

While I was dressing for dinner, Liddy rapped at the door. She was hardly herself yet, but privately I think she was worrying about the broken mirror and its augury, more than anything else. When she came in she was holding something in her hand, and she laid it on the dressing table carefully.

"I Was Roused by a Revolver Shot."

"I found it in the linen hamper," she said. "It must be Mr. Halsey's, but it seems queer how it got there."

It was the half of a link cuff button of unique design, and I looked at it carefully.

"Where was it? In the bottom of the hamper?" I asked.

"On the very top," she replied. "It's a mercy it didn't fall out on the way."

When Liddy had gone I examined the fragment attentively. I had never seen it before, and I was certain it was not Halsey's. It was of Italian workmanship, and consisted of a mother-of-pearl foundation, encrusted with tiny seed-pearls, strung on horsehair to hold them. In the center was a small ruby. The trinket was odd enough, but not intrinsically of great value. Its interest for me lay in this: Liddy had found it lying in the top of the hamper which had blocked the east-wing stairs.

That afternoon the Armstrongs' housekeeper, a youngish good-looking woman, applied for Mrs. Ralston's place, and I was glad enough to take her. She looked as though she might be equal to a dozen of Liddy, with her snapping black eyes and heavy jaw. Her name was Anne Watson, and I dined that evening for the first time in three days.

CHAPTER III.

Mr. John Bailey Appears.

I had dinner served in the breakfast room. Somehow the huge dining room depressed me, and Thomas, cheerful enough all day, allowed his spirits to go down with the sun. He had a habit of watching the corners of the room, left shadowy by the candles on the table, and altogether it was not a festive meal.

Dinner over I went into the living room. I had three hours before the children could possibly arrive, and I got out my knitting.

The chug of the automobile as it climbed the hill was the most welcome sound I had heard for a long time, and with Gertrude and Halsey actually before me, my troubles seemed over for good. Gertrude stood smiling in the hall, with her hat quite over one ear, and her hair in every direction under her pink veil. Gertrude is a very pretty girl, no matter how her hat is, and I was not surprised when Halsey presented a good-looking young man, who bowed at me and looked at Trude—that is the ridiculous nickname Gertrude brought from school.

"I have brought a guest, Aunt Ray," Halsey said. "I want you to adopt him into your affections and your Saturday-to-Monday list. Let me present John Bailey, only you must call him Jack. In 12 hours he'll be calling you 'Aunt'; I know him."

We shook hands, and I got a chance to look at Mr. Bailey; he was a tall fellow, perhaps 30, and he wore a small mustache. I remember wondering why; he seemed to have a good mouth and when he smiled his teeth were above the average. One never knows why certain men cling to a messy upper lip that must get into things, any more than one understands some women building up their hair on wire atrocities. Otherwise, he was very good to look at, stalwart and tanned, with the direct gaze that I like. I am particular about Mr. Bailey, because he was a prominent figure in what happened later.

Gertrude was tired with the trip and went up to bed very soon. I made up my mind to tell them nothing until the next day, and then to make as light of our excitement as possible. After all, what had I to tell? An inquisitive face peering in at a window; a crash in the night; a scratch or two on the stairs, and half a cuff-button! As for Thomas and his forebodings, it was always my belief that a negro is one part thief, one part pigment, and the rest superstition.

It was Saturday night. The two men went to the billiard room, and I could hear them talking as I went upstairs. It seemed that Halsey had stopped at the Greenwood club for gasolene and found Jack Bailey there, with the Sunday golf crowd. Mr. Bailey had not been hard to persuade—probably Gertrude knew why—and they had corralled him off triumphantly. I roused Liddy to get them something to eat—Thomas was beyond reach in the lodge—and paid no attention to her evident terror of the kitchen regions. Then I went to bed. The men were still in the billiard room when I finally dozed off, and the last thing I remember was the howl of a dog in front of the house. It wailed a crescendo of woe that trailed off hopefully, only to break out afresh from a new point of the compass.

At three o'clock in the morning I was roused by a revolver shot. The sound seemed to come from just outside my door. For a moment I could not move. Then—I heard Gertrude stirring in her room, and the next moment she had thrown open the connecting door.

"O, Aunt Ray! Aunt Ray!" she cried hysterically. "Some one has been killed!"

"Thieves," I said shortly. "Thank goodness, there are some men in the house to-night." I was getting into my slippers and a bath-robe, and Gertrude with shaking hands was lighting a lamp. Then we opened the door into the hall, where, crowded on the upper landing of the stairs, the maids, white-faced and trembling, were peering down, headed by Liddy. I was greeted by a series of low screams and questions, and I tried to quiet them. Gertrude had dropped on a chair and sat there limp and shivering.

I went at once across the hall to Halsey's room and knocked; then I pushed the door open. It was empty; the bed had not been occupied!

"He must be in Mr. Bailey's room," I said excitedly, and followed by Liddy, we went there. Like Halsey's, it had not been occupied! Gertrude was on her feet now, but she leaned against the door for support.

"They have been killed!" she gasped. Then she caught me by the arm and dragged me toward the stairs. "They may only be hurt, and we must find them," she said, her eyes dilated with excitement.

I don't remember how we got down the stairs; I do remember expecting every moment to be killed. The cook was at the telephone upstairs, calling the Greenwood club, and Liddy was behind me, afraid to come and not daring to stay behind. We found the living room and the drawing room undisturbed. Somehow I felt that whatever we found would be in the card-room or on the staircase, and nothing but the fear that Halsey was in danger drove me on; with every step my knees seemed to give way under me. Gertrude was ahead and in the card-room she stopped, holding her candle high. Then she pointed silently to the doorway into the hall beyond. Huddled there on the floor, face down, with his arms extended, was a man.

Gertrude ran forward with a gasping sob. "Jack," she cried, "Oh, Jack!"

Liddy had run, screaming, and the

two of us were there alone. It was Gertrude who turned him over, finally, until we could see his white face, and then she drew a deep breath and dropped limply to her knees. It was the body of a man, a gentleman, in a dinner coat and white waistcoat, stained now with blood—the body of a man I had never seen before.

CHAPTER IV.

Where Is Halsey?

Gertrude gazed at the face in a kind of fascination. Then she put out her hands blindly, and I thought she was going to faint.

"He has killed him!" she muttered almost inarticulately; and at that, because my nerves were going, I gave her a good shake.

"What do you mean?" I said frantically. There was a depth of grief and conviction in her tone that was worse than anything she could have said. The shake braced her, anyhow, and she seemed to pull herself together. But not another word would she say; she stood gazing down at that gruesome figure on the floor, while Liddy, ashamed of her flight and afraid to come back, drove before her three terrified women servants into the drawing room, which was as near as any of them would venture.

Once in the drawing room, Gertrude collapsed and went from one fainting spell into another. I had all I could do to keep Liddy from drowning her with cold water, and the maids huddled in a corner, as much use as so many sheep. In a short time, although it seemed hours, a car came rushing up, and Anne Watson, who had waited to dress, opened the door. Three men from the Greenwood club, in all kinds of costumes, hurried in. I recognized a Mr. Jarvis, but the others were strangers.

"What's wrong?" the Jarvis man asked—and we made a strange picture, no doubt. "Nobody hurt, is there?" He was looking at Gertrude.

"Worse than that, Mr. Jarvis," I said. "I think it is murder."

At the word there was a commotion. The cook began to cry, and Mrs. Watson knocked over a chair. The men were visibly impressed.

"Not any member of the family?" Mr. Jarvis asked, when he had got his breath.

"No," I said; and motioning Liddy to look after Gertrude, I led the way with a lamp to the cardroom door. One of the men gave an exclamation, and they all hurried across the room. Mr. Jarvis took the lamp from me—I remember that—and then feeling myself getting dizzy and light-headed I closed my eyes. When I opened them their brief examination was over, and Mr. Jarvis was trying to put me in a chair.

"You must get upstairs," he said firmly, "you and Miss Gertrude, too. This has been a terrible shock. In his own home, too."

I stared at him without comprehension. "Who is it?" I asked with difficulty. There seemed a hand drawn tight around my throat.

"It is Arnold Armstrong," he said, looking at me oddly, "and he has been murdered—in his father's house."

After a minute I gathered myself together and Mr. Jarvis helped me into the living room. Liddy had got Gertrude upstairs, and the two strange men from the club stayed with the body. The reaction from the shock and strain was tremendous; I was collapsed—and then Mr. Jarvis asked me a question that brought back my wandering faculties.

"Where is Halsey?" he asked.

"Halsey!" Suddenly Gertrude's stricken face rose before me—the empty room upstairs. Where was Halsey?

"He was here, wasn't he?" Mr. Jarvis persisted. "He stopped at the club on his way over."

"I—don't know where he is," I said feebly.

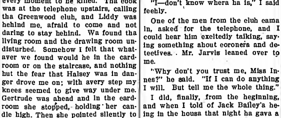
One of the men from the club came in, asked for the telephone, and I could hear him excitedly talking, saying something about coroners and detectives. Mr. Jarvis leaned over to me.

"Why don't you trust me, Miss Innes?" he said. "If I can do anything I will. But tell me the whole thing."

I did, finally, from the beginning, and when I told of Jack Bailey's being in the house that night he gave a long whistle.

"I wish they were both here," he said when I finished. "Whatever mad prank took them away, it would look better if they were here. Especially—"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



Fair Exchange No Robbery

Rumania Gets Our Sweet Corn and Gives to Us Her Little Melons.

America's sweet corn has been traded for Rumania's little watermelons. Horace G. Knowles, ex-American minister to Rumania, who is soon to start for his new post as minister to Nicaragua, consummated the transaction in the interest of good living.

When Mr. Knowles found the melon, about the size of a grapefruit, growing in the Carpathian foothills, he realized that it would be just the thing to serve individually in America. He obtained a quantity of the seed and transmitted it to the department of agriculture. The little melons have been cultivated with success at the government experiment stations in those regions where huge American melons are grown.

Having gained this desirable delicacy from Rumania, Mr. Knowles was anxious to repay the gift. He noticed that the people were utter strangers to sweet corn. Accordingly he obtained seed for this product from the department of agriculture, hired several plots of ground himself, and instructed the Rumanians in its culture.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
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Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
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In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes

Ask Your Dealer to Show You

The new wing-tip, "short-toed" model of the

"Gitche Gamee"

We guarantee that it will *wear* as well as it *looks.* Price $4.00.

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes *Always Make Good on the Feet of the Wearer.*

Manufactured by
THE NORTHERN SHOE CO.
Duluth - - - Minnesota

FREE
A style-book for 1910 and a handy Pocket Mirror
A postal brings the two.
Mention your dealer's name.

What He Knew.

"You can tell me the names of the twelve apostles, Sam?" said the pretty Sunday school teacher one morning. Sam's face fell, and he shifted his weight from one foot to the other.

"Can't do it, ma'am," he said, sorrowfully; and then his eyes brightened; "but I can call off all of the pitchers in the league teams," he volunteered.—Harper's Magazine.

The Idea.

"Jock sent me a handsome mirror for my birthday."

"Oh, that accounts for it."

"Accounts for what?"

"Yesterday he asked me if a woman ever got too old to be pleased with a looking-glass."

If You Have Common Sore Eyes,
if lines blur or run together, you need PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

I love everything that is old; old friends; old times; old manners; old books.—Goldsmith.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

A trickster is merely a person who gets the better of us.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER
For a sudden chill or cold (instead of whiskey) use Painkiller. For colic, diarrhea and summer complaint this medicine never fails. 25c, 35c and 50c bottles.

The man who plants a ladder never knows what will come up.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It takes an oculist to make some people open their eyes.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

Farmers and washladies get their living from the soil.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$5, $4, $3.50, $3, $2.50 & $2
THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS.
Millions of men wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the lowest prices, quality considered, in the world. Made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions.
W. L. Douglas $5.00 and $4.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.
Boys' Shoes, $3, $2.50 & $2
W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it. **Take No Substitute.** *Fast Color Eyelets.* **Ask your dealer** for W. L. Douglas shoes. If not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog, showing how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Stop
taking liquid physic or big or little pills, that which makes you worse instead of curing. Cathartics don't cure—they irritate and weaken the bowels. CASCARETS make the bowels strong, tone the muscles so they crawl and work—when they do this they are healthy, producing right results. 907
CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

HOMES IN SUNNY SAN JOAQUIN
Send for descriptive matter of lands for homeseekers now being placed upon the market by the oldest established real estate firm in San Joaquin County, California. Fifty years experience in the business in this city and county. Personal attention given to every inquiry. Letters promptly answered. Tracts from 5 to 25,000 acres. These lands have never had any boom advertising and at the present time can be bought at very low prices as compared to other portions of the state for land of the same character. L. M. Cutting & Co., 18 N. Hunter St., Stockton, Cal.

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch
makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

Tea Time Talks
Beverage of 2,000 Flavors
That beverage is *tea.* Eighty per cent of the tea drinkers of this country know tea by name instead of by nature. Some for instance, have been used to drinking Japan and China teas and think them perfect.
Imagine one who had known no apples but sour crabs tasting for the first time a luscious pippin, and you can appreciate the surprise of the palate of "Salada" Green.
"Salada" Ceylon Tea is a perfect tea developed under perfect conditions of soil and climate in the Island of Ceylon. An air-tight lead package keeps it free from dust and dirt and holds its flavor uncontaminated.
"SALADA" TEA
Yearly Sales Over 20,000,000 Packages
Ask your grocer for "Salada" or send for a free trial package. We mail it without charge. Say whether you use Black, Mixed, Green or Japan Tea.
The "Salada" Tea Co.
Shelby Block, Detroit, Mich.

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, Cookies and Crackers. Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

Phone 7

W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Read Spillane's new ad.

Theo. LaBissoniere spent Sunday at Crookston.

Miss Crompe spent Sunday with her sister at Crookston.

J. J. Patlden was a business caller at Crookston Tuesday.

Louis Cadieux went to Grand Forks Monday on a business trip.

Lene Laurent went to Crookston Monday evening, returning Tuesday.

For Sale. A cow boy saddle, at a very low price. George F. Hennings.

J. A. Momrak of Plummer was attending to business matters in town Monday.

Thos. Crompe was attending to business matters at Crookston the first of this week.

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters in the city Monday.

Sheriff Nelson went to Crookston Tuesday to witness the installation of Bishop Corbett.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Schreiter visited with friends at Crookston the first of the week.

Game Warden Munch came up from Crookston yesterday on one of his regular visits.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls June 7.

I. C. Simons was up from St. Paul Monday on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Lars Backe of Thief River Falls transacted business in this city the first of the week.

Miss Mae Moreau arrived from Brooks Wednesday for a few days visit with friends.

Miss Dora Toupin of Crookston was the guest of friends and relatives in the city this week.

Miss Carrie Altstadt, who has been teaching at Dent, returned to her home in this city Saturday.

Miss Viola Brady, who has been teaching at St. Vincent, is at home for the summer vacation.

Miss Elsie Mead, who has been teaching at Akley, is at home for the summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis St. Yves are the guests of friends and relatives in Terrebonne this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duffy went over to Crookston Tuesday to attend the installation services.

Ervey Toupin went down to Crookston Saturday and will spend the summer with his parents.

Mrs. M. V. Hall came over from Grand Forks Saturday for an over Sunday visit with friends.

E. A. Mittwer expects to leave for his home in Minneapolis Friday morning for a few days stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Elvester and family desire by this means to thank the many friends who so kindly assisted them during the illness and at the death of their son and brother.

Red the Merchants State Bank ad.

Miss Kate McAnulty, who has been teaching school at Crookston, is at home for her summer vacation.

Attorneys Mabey and Halvorson of Thief River Falls, transacted business in this city the first of the week.

Mittwer's Hardware has something more of interest regarding gasoline stoves in their ad in this issue.

For a nifty straw hat get the Gordon. The Gordon is a synonym for quality and style.—The Big Store.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire, was attending to business matters in the county capitol Monday.

Ed. A. Nelson is still making improvements in his barber shop, the latest being the laying of new linoleum.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Rev. Fr. Fayolle has been at Crookston this week to participate in the ceremonies of installation for the new bishop.

William Hunt, manager of the hardware store at Brooks, was visiting friends and relatives in town the first of the week.

For Sale—2 bulls, 1 bull calf and two heifer calves, all full blood shorthorns of the milking strain.—M. O. Sortedahl.

V. M. Higinbotham left Sunday for the southern part of the state on business connected with land matters. He returned Wednesday.

E. A. Williams came up from St. Paul Friday and spent the day here attending to business matters and visiting friends.

Mrs. Jack Knight of Crookston has returned to her home following a visit of several days at the J. F. Fournet home here.

Miss Helen Mayhew was among those who spent the fore part of the week in attendance at the installation services at Crookston.

Con Kehoe, a former resident of Red Lake Falls, but now living at Roseau, has spent the week visiting friends in this city.

The Crookston base ball team defeated Thief River Falls in a game played at Thief River Falls Sunday by a score of 7 to 3.

Miss Ella Krueger and Estella Hennemuth, teachers in the public schools at Fosston, are at home for the summer vacation.

The will be services at the Norwegian Lutheran church Wednesday evening, June 15, at 8 o'clock. Rev. S. T. Palm will preach.

J. R. Pouliot of Duluth, was an over Sunday visitor in this city with his brother, P. F. Pouliot, of the Merchants State Bank.

New embroideries, beadings, corset coverings, laces at the Big Store. Special! 12 yds. linen Torchon lace for 30c, worth 8c per yd.

Two of our regular correspondences failed to arrive in time this week to be of any use. They will, however, be published next week.

Theo. Ducharme is spending this weeks with friends at Barnesville.

John E. King was up from St. Paul Friday and Saturday of last week.

Ross Chesterman of Crookston was a business visitor in the city Tuesday.

Aug. Morin was attending to business matters at Crookston the first of the week.

Mrs. Nick Helm went down to Crookston Tuesday evening on a pleasure trip.

Miss Ruth Martz of St. Hilaire was the guest of friends in Red Lake Falls Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Melissa Williams, who has taught in the primary grades in the city schools for the past year, left Tuesday for the her home in Minneapolis.

Miss Freda Ittner, who last Friday closed a successful term of school near Mentor, came home Saturday for the summer.

Tom Majeres, operator in the Great Northern depot at Thief River Falls, attended the commencement exercises Friday evening.

Rev. Fr. Velleux of Terrebonne was in town Monday and went to Crookston to be present at the installation of the new bishop.

Ray Lindquist has returned to his home in Bray township after spending the winter as a student in the public schools of Red Lake Falls.

The family of H. A. Johnson moved down from St. Hilaire Saturday and they are now comfortably settled in rooms in the Borchers building.

Miss Erma Schreiter entertained a few of her friends at an informal party last Sunday afternoon, the occasion being her "umpteenth" birthday.

For Sale—One registered Durham bull, four years old. Call at my farm in section 17, Poplar River Township, or write S. J. Preme, Brooks, Minn. 12m26

Fr. Bessus, who had charge of St. Joseph's parish here during the absence of Fr. Fayolle, last winter, was in the city Wednesday as the guest of Fr. Fayolle.

The Ladies aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. O. T. Tandberg Friday afternoon, June 18. Lunch will be served.

A large number of Red Lake Falls people were at Crookston this week in attendance at the installation of Father Corbett as bishop of the recently created Crookston diocese.

Arthur Hall and Glenn Martz of St. Hilaire and James Walker of Thief River Falls were in town Monday on business connected with survey work on which they are engaged.

Dr. J. E. Argue is the owner of a new Hupmobile runabout which arrived Monday. It is a nifty little car and the doctor already has the automobile pretty well trained.

Mrs. Scott C. Hall and daughter Elizabeth, who have been visiting friends and relatives in Red Lake Falls, returned to their home at St. Thomas, N. Dak., last Saturday.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Mrs. O. T. Tandberg and son George spent the first of the week at Thief River Falls getting their house in order for occupancy. Mrs. Tandberg and family will go to Thief River Falls soon to live.

The local post office has received notice of a raise in salary of the postmistress effective July 1st. The office now draws a salary of $1760 per year. The Thief River Falls office salary was increased ot $2260 a year.

The new floor in the Woodman hall was formally dedicated last evening by a largely attended ball. This lodge has made many improvements in their building this spring and now have one of the neatest lodge rooms in the state.

Miss Mabel Wyar, daughter of James I. Wyar, for many years president of the First State Bank, was married at Minneapolis Tuesday to Mr. Russell Greer, son of Prof. J. H. Greer, of the state university. Mr. and Mrs. Greer will make their home at Minneapolis.

I. D. Converse is now the editor and manager of the St. Hilaire Spectator, succeeding Rollin Bronson. The Converse family will reside here, Mrs. Converse arriving here Saturday, accompanied by the three children of her son, Milton, with whom she will make her home.

Bert Lizee, who is proprietor of a barber shop at Waubun, came over to attend the commencement exercises Friday night, his sister, Miss Eda, being a member of the gradnating class.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

The Royal Neighbors will give a grand ball in the Woodmen hall next Friday evening, June 17. The Royal Neighbors have a reputation for making a success of their dances, and all signs indicate that this coming dance will be no exception to the rule.

Joseph Brouillette, the fifteen year old son of Mrs. Wilfred Chatel, died last Saturday morning of kidney and lung trouble following an illness of several weeks. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon from St. Joseph's church, interment taking place in St. Joseph's cemetery.

The band will give another open air concert next Tuesday evening on the north side. An excellent program has been arranged and Manager Healy says that Director Brunelle says that there's sure goin' to be some kind of swell harmony in the atmosphere when the band boys start tootin.'

If you haven' your summer suit yet, this weather will remind you that you need one. Get a Kuppenheimer or a Clothcraft and your friends will sit up and take notice—$10.00 up. For $15.00 we will sell you a suit of the latest materials, guaranteed all wool and to keep its shape.—The Big Store.

W. H. Fisher returned last Saturday from an extended trip of three weeks duration in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and other states. Mr. Fisher reports that crops in general in this section are looking equally as well as in the territory he visited. The season is backward in that section also and frosts are things of regular occurance.

The public schools have closed and the teachers living out of the city have gone to their homes, Miss Twinam to Estherville, Iowa, Miss Gibbs to Anoka, Miss Thompson to Moorhead, Miss Clark to Hastings, Misses Whitney and Marshall to Minneapolis, Miss McLain to Winona, Miss Forsyth to Fall River, Wisconsin, Miss White to New York.

Grocery specials—tomatoes 10c qt., olives 30c, 2 cans herring or smoked sardines for 25c, shell salmon 15c, fine salmon 10c, Altura coffee 25c, the best ever; cabbage 5c, fine brick cheese 20c, 25c oysters 15c, sliced peaches and apricots 20c, fine plums 6 cans for $1.00, ginger snaps 8c, fine strawberry preserves 25c, Heinz India Relish 30c, Norsk herring 8c.—The Big Store.

The Merchants State Bank celebrated the eleventh anniversary of its existence this week. The growth of this institution has been remarkable. The bank, though young in years, has grown to be one of the solid financial institutions of northern Minnesota and the officers of the bank are to be pardoned for the satisfaction they feel in the growth that the institution has made.

St. Cecelie shoes are made for particular women—those that know what they want and will take nothing else. We never had a "kick" on the quality and when it comes to style it is there. $3.50 to $4.00 in shoes or oxfords, carried in B to E—a fine stock. Our line of childrens oxfords and slippers the biggest we ever carried. You will get what you are looking for here.—The Big Store.

Members of the St. Paul Jobbers and Manufacturers association who are touring northern Minnesota on an extended "get acquainted" trip will spend an half hour in Red Lake Falls next Tuesday. They will come in a special train, arriving from the north at 1:40 in the afternoon, and departing again at 2:10. It is requested by the members that no extensive plans be made for their entertainment, as he main object of their trip is to meet the merchants of the northern part of the state, and to more fully familiarize themselves with the condtions existing at present.

Editor C. R. C. Baker left Tuesday evening for a ten days visit at his home in Brownton. Of late Mr. Baker's attentions have been seriously directed towards the North Side, and though no signs have been apparent during the daytime, residents of that section of town have been awakened at all times during the night, by the sounds of boxes being torn open, of pounding, and of noises attendant on the moving of furniture. And all this has occured in the Rogers house, but as the office "devil" has not been informed as to the true nature of the case, he is not able to say fully what it all means. Of course, if you have an idea, don't change your mind until you are forced to. It may be possible to say more regarding it next week, but until then, it is hoped that—well, it is hoped, anyway.

Miss Gertie Dixon

...In Refined Banjo Song and Dance....

Latest Comic Songs and Banjo Solos

Bijou Theater Thursday Friday Saturday

One Best Bank

We refer, of course, to this one, and knowing the superior facilities we have to offer, we unhesitatingly make the statement that every man, woman and child in this community who has anything to do with money should have an account with us. Certainly a modest statement, you say, and we agree with you because we know of no legitimate argument against it. Let us analyze a little and see where we are. No better set of officers and directors could be assembled than are in charge of this bank's affairs. All men of highest standing, all financially responsible, all men whose word and bond possess equal value. Nothing that could be offered you in any financial institution in America is lacking here, because dollar for dollar no bank anywhere is any safer than ours. We solicit business on our merit and large capital and surplus, and can offer you value received every time. If you have not already done so we ask you to establish relations with this bank now and we are very sure that they will be long continued.

First State Bank, Red Lake Falls

SENATOR STEPHENS AS FOXY GRANDPA

Continued from page 1.

lieutenant governers' office is the logical candidate to succeed himself. It's plain as a pikestaff that that's the way Stephens has it figured out.

Kickers Kicking.

To be sure there are those always ready to spoil sport, and a series of recent interviews indicate that the kicker is still in evidence. He wants to retire certain spavined and ringboned wheel horses and harness up the promising colts. Thus we have the suggestion that young Dickson, whose brilliant management of Mayor Keller's campaign has brought him into prominent notice, should be given a chance to show what he could do in a larger field. Dickson is from Northfield, which already is somewhat noted in the political history of the state. He's a clean-cut able chap, without a checkered past. He has no political or other affiliations to bring reproach upon him. The younger Republicans are mostly Dickson men. However, the party doesn't appear to be ready yet for a new deal. Everything indicates that this year the old guard will again be entrusted with the direction of the campaign, and it's probably to late now to make a change. They are confident of victory. So were the other old guards—before Waterloo.

Local Scraps.

One reason, of course, why Smith is put forward so prominently is that it may become necessary to take care of him as Carl Wallace is after his scalp and may be able to capture his place in the senate. There is method, too, in Stephens assuming the aggressive at this time. He himself locally is in need of the prestige associated with the confidence of the state executive which he takes pains to advertise. Pains are being taken to make it plain in the Ninth congressional district and especially in Polk county that if Eberhart is elected governor, Stephens will be given a bunch of plums to distribute. Why? The reason is plain. There are a lot of people up there who have "vagaries." It used to be the hotbed of Populism. The woods are full of county optionists. The tonnage tax has all kinds of advocates. These people with vagaries are getting together. Clearly they can have no use for Stephens who has no vagaries, indeed is impatient of them. They want someone else in the senate instead of Stephens. They think they've found a man who can beat him. They've picked out John Sangstad for the job. John don't put on many frills. He don't pretend to know the political game as well as Stephens does. He has served two terms in the house and made two campaigns—the last one a strenuous one, especially in the primaries. Then the Stephens outfit was against him. He won out. The proposition now is that Saugstad shall try conclusions with Stephens himself, and there are those who predict that in that campaign Stephens will need to be busy every minute and will want all the pressure the governor can bring to bear in his behalf.

The Man From Walker.

Pat McGarry was down this week from Walker as smiling and confident as ever. He keeps hammering away at Lindberg in the Sixth district and appears to be quite satisfied with the progress he is making. "They tell me," he said, "that the Lindberg people talk of my candidacy up there as a good joke. Well, I want them to keep thinking that way. You remember I came down here not long ago after a normal school for Cass Lake. That made people smile. It was a joke they said. Well, I let them have their fun while I kept on sawing wood. I've been all over the district. I've been over parts of it two or three times. I ain't claiming anything, but you know me. The man who laughs best laughs last."

Democrats on Deck.

Curiously enough it wasn't only Republican politics that were on tap up at Crookston. Some Democrats casually appeared on the scene. First it was Senator Works from Blue Earth, Eberhart's county. "My county," he said "will come to the state convention instructed for John Lind." Works isn't given to talking through his hat and don't go off at half cock. When Works begins to talk John Lind it's a pretty good guess that he's got the tip that it's the thing to do and that Mr. Lind will take no offense. Reports from the northern counties which have been visited indicated that there is nothing doing but Lind. Western Minnesota Democrats are all for Lind. In St. Paul and Minneaplis the talk is all for Lind. That's the way they're talking up to Crookston. There seems to be method in it. Men are talking who are not accustomed to talk idly. Mr. Lind, to be sure, isn't saying a word. Why should he? But he knows as well as anyone what's going on, and it's a safe bet it wouldn't be going on if he put his foot down. It's a safe bet, too, that if the Democratic leaders were making any mistake, he would be fair enough with them at least to give them a hint that it's no use.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF Red Lake Falls

CAPITAL $15,000.00

SURPLUS $3,000.00

SINKING FUND $15,000.00

DEPOSITS $250,000.00

Honesty!! Ability!!

All men and all institutions CAN BE HONEST AND TRUTHFUL, but when it comes to a matter of that depends upon a matter of strength, resources, capital, brain capacity, public confidence and other environments and qualities that make up the SUCCFSSFUL BANK.

The integrity of the Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls has been time-tested thru panics and is UNQUESTIONED.

And now, as to its ABILITY! The business men and the people of Red Lake Falls generally are beginning to look upon the Merchants State Bank as a friendly, home institution with the disposition and the ABILITY TO FINANCE EVERY worthy business enterprise.

The directors of the Merchants State Bank fully realize that its financial ability depends largely upon the men, women and children that have the money to deposit, and if the citizens of Red Lake Falls and surrounding country went a strong, vigorous banking institution with the ability and disposition to fournish money to "BOOST" all honest business and worthy public enterprises, they should deposit ALL THEIR FUNDS with the bank even tho they use them the next day. It is the Short ¼ Time deposits that fournish much of our ability, our financial strength.

Being a constant and regular depositor at the Merchants State Bank also INSURES YOUR financial growth, and will lead on to sure success. We respectfully invite our patrons to impress this upon the minds of THEIR FRIENDS.

The depositing of the idle money NOW in hiding by timid people would vastly increase the financial ABILITY of the bank besides giving to these timid people interest on their money and untold comfort in carrying a bank balance, CONSTANTLY earning them interest, night and day.

No man can do a better act than to advise his friends to put their money in the Merchants State Bank where it will constantly earn them interest.

The wise will certainly make their money EARN THEM MONEY by depositing with us in the

Merchants State Bank

A. P. TOUPIN, Pres. THEO. LABISSONIERE, Vice Pres.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Margaret Liffrig.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Liffrig, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Johanna Arndt, Nicholas Nimesgern, Peter Nimesgern, Mary Terese, Anna Bastise, John Peter Nimesgern, John Nimesgern, St. Peter's & St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church of Mazeppa, Minn., John Terese, Mary Arndt, John Nimesgern Jr., Loretta Barsand, St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church of Red Lake Falls, Minn., and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Nicholas Nimesgern being duly filed in this court, representing that Margaret Liffrig, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 13th day of May, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Nicholas Nimesgern. Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, in the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the first day of July, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, Ira C. Richardson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this sixth day of June, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON
Judge.

Court Seal
Fred L. Ferley,
Attorney for Petitioner.
j19-j14.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of thirty eight and 50-100ths dollars which became due December 1st, 1909, all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Philomene Boivin, a widow, mortgagor, to First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 18th day of December, 1908, at 4 o'clock, P. M. in book 34 of Mortgages, on page 485, and whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default, the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred fifty nine and 70-100ths dollars, ($759.70) and the further sum of ($33.20), tax paid on said premises by said mortgagee and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefor, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit, the west half of the southeast quarter, (w½ of se¼) of section six (6), in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty-five (45) in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Sortadahl Building temporarily used as a court house, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 23d day of July, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $759.70 and interest, and taxes of $33.20 on said premises, and an attorneys fee of twenty-five dollars as stipulated in said mortgage, disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 6th, 1910.

First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
J19-J14

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 38

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

CORNER STONE IS SET IN POSITION

The Corner Stone of County's Court House Laid With Solemn Ceremony.

The Representative Tax Payers Present are Well Pleased With New Building.

Last Saturday afternoon in the presence of twelve hundred to fifteen hundred people gathered from all parts of the county the corner stone of the new court house was laid, after a very entertaining program had been carried out.

Dr N M Watson acted as the chairman of the occasion, welcomed the people who attended with very appropriate remarks, thanking the people from the different parts of the county who were present for their interest in the welfare of Red Lake county, and reminding them that as soon as the court house under construction would be completed that records and other property of the county would be safely housed in a suitable building thus protecting the property of all the people of the county.

Rev Hughes delivered the invocation for the occasion and his remarks fitted nicely into the program.

After the invocation a brief history of Red Lake county prepared by a committee appointed by the board of county commissioners was read, and contained some pertinent facts relative to this county in short it recited that in the year 1858 the state of Minnesota was admitted into the Union as a sister state, and that in July of the same year the county of Polk was established, which embraced all the territory in the present counties of Polk, Norman, Red Lake, Mahnomen and some townships which are now a part of the counties of Clay, Clearwater and Becker.

At that time a greater part of what was then Polk county was an Indian reservation, and it was not until the month of October, 1863, a treaty was concluded at the old crossing of the Red Lake river, about eight miles west of Red Lake Falls, in the township of Louisville, by Alexander Ramsey and Ashley C. Morrill and the chiefs and head men of the Red Lake and Pembina bands of Chippewa Indians whereby only eleven townships of Indian reservation remained in what was then Polk county. The county of Red Lake was established by the issuance of a proclamation of Governor David M. Clough, bearing date the 24th dey of December, 1896.

The history names down to and including the present incumbents, and recites the wonderful growth and advancement of Red Lake county since its birth.

The reading of the history was followed by an oration of the day delivered by Dr. I. Lemieux who certainly did himself proud. The genial doctor kept the vast crowd in continuous uproar during nearly the entire time he spoke with his story telling and quaint sayings, he then turned to the serious phase of his subject, and discussed at length the origin, custom and object of the ceremony of laying corner stones in all public buildings following its history back to the dawn of civilization, and when the speaker had finished, his audience bursted into applause which lasted for several minutes.

The history of Red Lake county, some coins, relics, etc., were collected from those present and were deposited in the metallic box by the mayor of the city, John A. Duffy, who sealed it and deposited it in its proper receptacle in the corner stone.

The board of county commissioners acting as master of ceremonios then proceeded to lay the corner stone, and Simon Paul, an old soldier handled the trowel which firmly cemented the stone to its final resting place.

The entire program was interspered with sweet strains of music furnished by the Red Lake Falls Concert Band.

At the close of the program Wm. H. Krueger hoisted the Star and Stripes over the stone and the audience all joined in singing" America."

Every one who attended proclaimed that the laying of the corner stone of the new court house to be an occasion long to be remember.

GRADUATES RECEIVE THEIR DIPLOMAS

Large Class Graduated With Honors From St.Joseph's School.

Commencement Exercises Held at St.Joseph's Church Friday Evening.

Ten young people recived diplomas from St.Joseph's school Friday evening. The program as published in the Gazette of last week was well presented showing careful preparation throughout.

The recitations and musical numbers were splendidly rendered. Especial mention is made of the drama, entitled "A Public Benefactor" which was presented in a splendid manner by partipents and showed the result of careful training.

Freund's orchestre fournished the music for the occasion and Clement E. Brunelle rendered a cornet solo that was well received. After the conclusion of the exarcises the Mother Superior in a neat speech presented diplomas to the following young people.

Mary Baril
Ernestine Garceau
Regina Prudhomme
Rose Lambert
Grace Jeffers
Emma Hence
Maurice Brunelle
Mose Latendrasse
Rosalba Lemieux
Cora Normandeau.

Well Pleased

We still want to interest our friends and customers who have not bought one of those "QUICK MEAL" gasoline stoves for their use this summer, THE SAFE KIND, THE CLEAN KIND.

Whether you intend to be in the market for a gasoline stove this year or not, it will pay you well to come to our store and look over our line.

You may buy a stove of this kind at some time in the future and all the information you can gather will be of use to you.

Our terms on these "QUICK MEAL" gasoline stoves will be made to suit your convenience.

The best gasoline stoves made for 3 to 10 dollars is a safe investment at any time.

Mittwer's Hardware
"SERVICE AND QUALITY"

Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County will meet at Wylie, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock p. m. Friday the 1st day of July, 1910, for the purpose of recieving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 20 foot steel beam bridge agreeable to the specifications hereunto annexed.

Parties tendering must furinsh a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the data on which it was computed and showing also the areas of materials proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present at the above occasion when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

The bridge is to be a steel girder bridge consisting of 1 span and will have a readway, 18 foot clear width. The distance from grade to bed of stream is 12 feet.

The floor will be reinforced concrete with a concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing piling to be from 18 to 20 feet long, concrete backing to be 10 feet high.

Contractors are requested to submit plans and bids for a pony truss of the same capacity so that the Board may take its choice between it and the 35 foot girder bridge herein mentioned.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk

Garceau-Healy.

On Wednesday afternoon of this week at the home of the bride's brother, Harry Garceau occurred the marriage of Leland E. Healy and Miss Etta E. Garceau Rev. Fr. Fayolle of St. Joseph's church officiating. The ceremony was performed in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends. Following the ceremony a light luncheon was served at the Healy home to the guests.

The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Nina Garceau of Montevideo, while Mr. Paul L. Spoonor of Morris, a classmate of the groom while the latter was attending the state university, attended Mr. Healy.

Miss Garceau is the eldest daughter of Theo. Garceau and is one of the most popular girls in the city. Her long residence here has created for her a circle of admiring friends, all of whom extend their congratultions. Mr. Healy is a prominent young man of Red Lake Falls who has practically grown up in this city He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed L. Healy, and is at present connected with the Healy Land Company for the past winter and spring he was a member of the Healy Piano Company of Missoula, Mont. Mr. Healy is equally prominent and popular as his charming bride and both have been the recipients of many congratulations. They will reside in this city

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the City Council held at the City Hall May 26th 1910.

Meeting called to order by the President of the Council.

Were present:—Alderman Salley Paul, Hunt, Crompe and Hennings.

Absent:—none.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The application of Mrs. Wm. Zaiser for reduction of assessment of personal property for the year 1910 was reccommended.

The bond of City Treasurer Ovide Emard was duly accepted and ordered filed.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed,—

Julius Kuehl, Street work, 7½ days	$11.25
Aris Lambert, Drayege	4 75
Nick Pahlen, Street Work, Man and team, 2 days	8.50
Wm. McAnulty, Street Work 4½ days	7.88
John Drier, Street work, 10½ days,	18.38
Mer. State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Fidelity Ins. bond of City Treasurer	11.40
Zaiser Bros. 9 days team work on streets	27.26
Otto Zaiser, 7½ days work as Street Com'r,	12.38

On motion duly carried the council proceeded by ballot to the election of a Poundmaster for the First Ward with the following result Peter Starken received five votes and was declared elected.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.
Approved June 14th 1910.
J. A. Duffy, Mayor
Attest:—Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

Notice for Bids on Cement Sidewalk Construction.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of Red Lake Falls will receive bids for the construction of all cement and concrete sidewalks, gutters, crossings, curbstones, sewers, and sewer catch basins to be built by the City of Red Lake Falls, during the year 1910. Bids to be based on specifications on file in the office of the city clerk. The successful bidder will be required to furnish bond in an amount to be set by the council, conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract, and a five year guarantee of his work. All bids to be sealed and filed with the city clerk, to be opened by the council at the city hall, June 30, 1910 at 2 o'clock P. M. But the council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to receive oral bids at such meeting.

Dated June 15, 1910.

Joseph Perrault,
Je16-23 City Clerk.

Bridge Proposals Wanted.

The Board of Supervisors of the township of Deer Park in Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the home of Ralph Green in Section 32, Township 152, Range 40 at 1:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1910 for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a steel span over the Clearwater River between Sections 31 and 32 in the Township of Deer Park (152-40) agreeably to the specifications hereto annexed. Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design, with the data on which it was computed, and showing also areas of material proposed to be given to each

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

(Signed) W. A. Swanson,
Town Clerk of Deer Park

General Description.

The bridge will be a through bridge consisting of one span ninety six (96) feet long with the steel tube foundations and re-inforced concrete backing with Six (6) foot wing, and will have a 3 inch plank roadway Sixteen (16) feet clear width

The distance from grade to bed of stream is Eleven (11) feet and from grade to highest water is Five (5) feet.

For the floor system of roadway either a concentrated load of Sixteen (16) tons on two axels 10 foot centers, 3-4 of load on rear axel and 1-4 on front axel wheels, 10 foot gauge, each wheel load considered as carried by two joists, when joists are two feet, 8 inches or less center to center; or 100 pounds per square foot of surface. Cooper's specifications to govern all workmanship and material.

(signed) C. H. Martz, C.E. Engineer.
(J16-Jc30.)

Just Another Ball Game.

The ball game at Thief River Falls last Sunday was noted chiefly for the length of time taken to finish the game and that nearly every individual member of both contending teams seemed to feel, at least judging by results, that he must contribute all the errors possible. "Just a comedy of errors" would be more appropriate than to call it a ball game. The score at the close of the second inning, after about an hour and a half's play, stood 7 to 1 in favor of our boys. Tudie Garcean who pitched for our team, had the misfortune to turn his ankle early in the game. It took over three hours to play the entire nine innings and the final score was 23 to 10 in favor of the Thief River Falls team.

Theodore Ducharme, one of the tonsorial artists in the employ of E. A. Nelson was at Burnesville the latter part of last week.

? ? ?

The junior member of the firm, C. R. C. Baker is absent this week, that is a certainty, the rest is not so easy to follow. He has rented a house and garden on the north side, has house well filled with furniture and has some garden truck planted. Neighbors report that lights have been seen and hammering heard at all time of the night. Further his trunk, that ever since his advent to our city has occupied a niche in the Gazette office, has been removed and while direct evidence is lacking yet it is a fair inference to presume that the said trunk is now in the parlor of the house on the hill. There is a persistent rumor going around to the effect that he is contemplating matrimony, but even in the face of the foregoing it is hard to believe inasmuch as no word has reached this office to that effect. It hardly seems that he would forget the fact that the paper wants all the news all the time.

Circumstential evidence is pretty strong and all tends to but one conclusion but judgment will not be passed at this time, the defense, if any will be expected in next week's issue.

Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County, will meet at Wylie, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock, on Friday, the 1st day of July, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all meterial, the constructon and erection of a 35 foot steel beam bridge, egreeable to the specificatons hereunto annexed.

Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the data on which they it was computed and showing the areas of meterials proposed to be given to each part.

Bidders are requested to be present at the above occasion when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

The bridge is to be a steel girder bridge, consisting of 1 span and will have a road way, 18 foot clear width. The distance from grade to bed of stream is 13 feet,

The floor will be reinforced concrete with concrete wheel guard,

Foundatun will be steel pilings with concrete backing, piling to be from 18 to 20 feet long concrete backing to be ~~10 feet high.~~

Contractors are requested to submit plans and bids for a pony truss of the same capacity, so that the board may take their choice between it and the 35 foot girder bridge herein mentiond.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls Minn,
June 10, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor pursuant to Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn., met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock A. M. June 10, 1910, A.D. for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Ole Bratland and others for a public ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake Minnesota; and for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of John Polbrook and others for a public ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, Minnesota; and for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Ole Skreland and others for a public ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, Minnesota, and for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Sam S. Haseby and others for a public ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, Minnesota.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson Aubol, Pigeon, and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The petition of Ole Bratland and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the Board and read, and the Board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Demann, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was adopted.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Bratland and Others For Locating and Constructing County Ditch No. 51 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 18th day of April, 1910, signed by Ole Bratland and others praying for the establishment of a certain Ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 51 the route of which is more fully described in said petition and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the County Auditor of said County as required by law:

And, Whereas It appears by satisfactory proof to the County Board of Red Lake County, that due notice of the pendency of said petition and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law;

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said County at a Special session held this day do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said Ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Lawe of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the County Auditor of said County, on or before the First day of August, 1910.

Dated June 10, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST
Chairman of County Board.
of Red Lake County.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

On motion made by Commissioner Aubol, and duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Ole Bratlend and others, designated by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 51, was made.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Bratland and others for County Ditch No. 51 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas a petition bearing date the 18th day of April A. D. 1910, signed by Ole Bratland and others preying for the establishment of a ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 51 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same has been filed with the County Auditor of said County; and said County Auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice and the said County Board of said County have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said County, at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint K. O. Gigstad and Alfred Lindquist and Otto Zaiser, three resident freeholders of said County who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work,, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the County Auditor of said County designating, the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the of the County Auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with the County Auditor of said County within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the dscription of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged(said names of owners to be the same as appear on the County tax duplicates of said County, and the description to be given in legal form,) and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated numer of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged(as the case may be) the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land: the, damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part any public or corporate road or raiload, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, road beds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessar to identify the corporations, private or public to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge culverts, or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chepter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.
Dated this 10th day of June A. D. 1910.
Attest: A A Latendresse,
County Auditor.
County Auditor's Seal.

The petition of John Polbrook and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the Board and read, and the Board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanmously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of, said proposed ditch was made.

In the Matter of the Petition of John Polbrook and Others For the Locating and Constructing County Ditch No 52 in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, a Petition bearing date the 23rd day of March 1910, signed by John Polbrook praying for the establishment of a certain Ditch in said County designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 52the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the County Auditor of said County, as required by law:

And, Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the County Board of Red Lake County, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law:

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said County, at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said Ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the County Auditor of said County, on or before the First day of August, 1910.

Dated June 10. 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LIINDQUST,
Chairman of County Board of
Red Lake County
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

On motion made by Commissioner Johnson duly seconded h Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimousy the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by John Polbrook and others; designated by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 52 was made.

In the Matter of the Petition of John Polbrook and others for County Ditch No. 52 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

State of Minnesota. County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas A petition bearing date the 23rd day of March A. D. 1901 signed by John Polbrook and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said County., designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 52 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the County Auditor of said County; and said County Auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the County Board have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit: C. H. Martz to make a suvey of said ditch

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said County at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint K. O. Gigstad and Alfred Lindquist and Otto Zaiser three resident freeholders of said County, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers: and therefore after having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the County Auditor of said County designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the County Auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said County Auditor of said County within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged, (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the County tax duplicates of said County and the description to be given in legal form, andthe total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged(as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefited or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds, or railroads, and report said benefits together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should

Continued on Page Five.

Mrs. Leon Laurent returned the latter part of last week from a three months' visit with relatives and friends in Eastern Canada.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

The report of the conferees on the river and harbor bill was presented in congress and was approved. As finally agreed to it carries appropriations aggregating $51,947,718, a net reduction of $765,500 from the amount of the bill as it passed the senate.

The City of Omaha, Neb., will be required to purchase the waterworks system of the Omaha Waterworks company for $6,263,294.49 under a decision of the supreme court of the United States announced recently. The court affirmed the judgement of the circuit court of appeals in the matter.

The State department has taken cognizance of the Associated Press dispatches from San Juan Del Sur, that William Pittham, the American captured by the Madriz troops, would be tried by court-martial. A telegram to the Madriz government is being sent stating in effect that this government expects fair and humane treatment for Pittham.

President Taft announced that during his administration he should not lend his approval to legislation designed to give government aid to private interests in Alaska. Instead he favors a general law which will apply to all who comply with its provisions; a law modeled after the policy which for years has been in effect in the Philippine Islands.

W. H. Hunter, Fred H. Hoye and W. F. Wappich, members of the Fire and Police commission of Omaha, together with Charles A. Salter, chief of the Omaha fire department, were in Washington on a tour of inspection of fire department houses. They visited the capitol in charge of Senator Brown. From here they go to New York, Boston and other cities to determine by personal investigation the best and most efficient equipment to purchase for the Omaha fire department houses.

General.

The injunction against the railroads was made at Taft's suggestion.

The supreme court sustained the interstate commerce in the Missouri river rate cases.

Every section foreman employed by the Southern Pacific in Texas was ordered on strike.

Premier Rutherford tendered his resignation as the head of the Alberta government cabinet.

The month of May lived up to its reputation and, outside of politics, there was not a disturbing element.

Chinese warships with troops have been dispatched to Nanking in anticipation of a native outbreak against foreigners.

With 225 cases on its docket as a starter, the United States court of customs appeals will begin business Tuesday.

A dispatch from Cape Henry says the steamer Danubian, bound for Newport News, is towing in the schooner Mary L. Crosby, which was reported from Beaufort, N. C., as southwest of Diamond Shoal lightship, partly dismasted and leaking. The Crosby is from Wilmington, N. C., lumber laden.

An amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill adopted by the house stipulates that no part of the $100,000 provided in the bill for the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law can be used in the prosecution of labor organizations.

August Belmont was thrown from his horse while playing polo at the Meadow Brook hunt club. For a time there were many rumors that he had been seriously injured, but at his home it was said he was not seriously hurt.

Commander Robert E. Peary was presented to King George at Marlborough house. He remained a half hour telling his majesty something of his achievements and discussing the prospects of Captain Scott's antarctic expedition.

Whether women will be granted suffrage in Oklahoma will be decided at the regular election to be held in November. The last obstacle in the way of voting on this question was removed when the state supreme court sustained the action of the state court in overruling objections to the petition of the suffragists asking that the question be submitted to the voters.

Timothy Murphy, formerly a captain of the Volunteers of America, was, at St. Paul, sentenced to serve seven years in the state prison for embezzlement.

Stephen Van Rensselaer Ford, author, editor, composer and critic, a member of one of the oldest families in the central part of New York state, died Sunday.

United States Senator Julius C. Burrows of Maryland has announced his candidacy for reelection and his desire to be endorsed by popular vote at the primaries next fall.

Weakness in stock and cotton markets forced down the price of wheat at Chicago.

Commander Robert E. Peary was presented to King George at Marlborough house. He remained half an hour with his majesty.

Maurice Farman and George Besancon, aviators, were thrown to the ground at Paris Sunday with considerable force, but were not seriously injured, when their aeroplane capsized. The machine was close to the ground at the time, which accounts for their lucky escape.

President Ripley of the Santa Fe says the roads will fight the court injunction against increasing freight rates.

Dr. W. M. Greene, an aviator, will attempt on June 21 to fly from Rochester across Lake Ontario to Toronto.

King George and Queen Mary entertained Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt at luncheon at Marlborough house in London.

Glenn H. Curtiss will attempt an aeroplane flight from Cleveland to Put-in-Bay and Detroit some time next month.

The postoffice safe at Merriam, Wis., was blown by burglars and money and stamps to the value of $10,000 were stolen.

Colonel Wilton Jenkins Atkinson, 82 years old, Chicago pioneer and veteran of the civil war, dropped dead of heart disease while reading a paper.

The abscess on the right wrist of Emperor William is healing and his majesty's physicians appear to be satisfied with the results of their treatment.

There is no reasonable doubt that the United States will hold that the Estrada faction in Nicaragua is entitled to collect the customs at Bluefields.

Reports received at Bristol, Tenn., are to the effect that two churches and probably a dozen dwelling houses were blown down in a wind and hail storm which visited that section.

Emil Seidel, the mayor of Milwaukee, in a speech declared the monopolies were labor-saving devices and necessary. Mr. Seidel added that all monopolies, however, should be under the strictest regulations.

A mass meeting of Pittsburg residents of British birth or British descent decided to erect a research laboratory for the Tuberculosis sanitarium of Pittsburg as a local memorial to the late King Edward VII.

The grand jury which was convened May 16 by Governor Hughes of New York, to investigate alleged county grafting cases returned fifty indictments against twenty-seven persons.

At Hannibal, Mo., twenty-five western railroads were temporarily restrained by United States District Judge Dyer from enforcing or making a general advance in interstate freight rates.

Thomas E. Watson, once a democratic member of congress and once named by the populist party for president, announced in a card issued last week his return to the democratic party.

In a desperate encounter between revenue officers and "moonshiners" in Wilkes county, North Carolina, more than a hundred shots were fired and several of the moonshiners were injured.

The supreme court of the United States set the corporation tax aside for reargument at the beginning of the next term before a full bench. This action was announced by Chief Justice Fuller.

H. W. Lyon, who is said to be the president and vice president of several banks and corporations in Minneapolis, Minn., was held in New York on the charge of smuggling two pearl necklaces, a brooch and a gold watch.

Returns from the vote at the primaries in Ohio county, West Virginia, indicate that candidates for the state legislature favorable to the re-election on United States Senator N. B. Scott, won by 500 majority over the supporters of Congressman W. P. Hubbard.

Charles Stuart Rolls started in an aeroplane in an attempt to fly across the English channel from Dover to Calais. He had gone only a few yards, however, when the motor broke down and he was compelled to postpone the flight.

Treasury officials figure that if all the money in circulation in the United States were divided equally, every man, woman and child would have $34.59. This is 14 cents per capita more than they would have had by the same process of reasoning a month ago.

Funeral services for Former Governor John H. Mickey were held at the home at Osceola.

Notwithstanding recent threats that a revolutionary movement would be inaugurated in China Sunday, the date set for the opening of the Nanking exposition, this ceremony was carried out without the slightest disorder.

In a desperate encounter between revenue officers and "moonshiners" in Wilkes county, North Carolina, more than a hundred shots were fired and several of the moonshiners were injured. The officers destroyed four illicit distilleries and 4,000 gallons of beer.

Personal.

Mrs. Doxey, on trial in St. Louis for murder, was acquitted.

Mr. Roosevelt caused a stir by his speech in Guild hall, London.

Senator Cummins announced he would support the railroad bill.

Senator Stephenson, the richest man in the senate, does not care to make a display of his wealth.

The expected removal of Director Newell is likely to start a new storm in the reclamation service.

A British aviator flew twice across the English channel without alighting.

General Estrada has renewed his peace proposal to President Madriz.

Expelling of Jews from Kiev is being carried out in a moderate way.

Joseph S. Harris, former president of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company died in Philadelphia.

Senator Norris Brown was an orator at a memorial day observance at Washington.

Senator Burkett thinks the Oregon plan of electing United States senators will come into use in Nebraska.

Champ Clark says he would rather be speaker than United States senator.

State Senator Broderick of Chicago and other alleged bribers gave bond at Springfield and were released.

The Brown amendment to the railroad bill was defeated in the senate.

A permit for the Jeffries-Johnson fight was issued at San Francisco.

The first cabinet of United South Africa has been formed by General Louis Botha, who has himself taken the portfolio of premier and minister of agriculture.

MEETING CLOSES

UPPER MINNESOTA BOOSTERS TO STICK TO REAPPORTIONMENT UNTIL THEY WIN.

NEXT MEET IN BRAINERD

System of Township Schools and New Land Laws Are Resolved Upon. One-Mill Tax for Good Roads Is Requested.

Strong resolutions were adopted by the Northern Minnesota Development association at the afternoon session Friday. They include:

A demand for reapportionment at the next session of the legislature.

A 1-mill state tax for good roads and employment of good roads experts.

A correction of alleged evils in the administration of state lands.

An appropriation of $100,000 for the board of immigration.

Establishment of a system of township rural schools and modification of the present school system so as to provide for their co-ordination with other institutions of learning.

Crookston, Minnesota. — The Northern Minnesota Development association has said its last word. The resolutions score the state land policy and make an appeal for reapportionment. The demand for reapportionment comes first in the resolutions, as the people of this section believe that their future development and fair treatment rests, above all else, on this. But the state land policy is criticized more mildly than it would have been had it not been feared that political color would be given to the expression of the association.

As it is, the paragraph expressing a demand for a change in the state land policy is in substance as outlined by Robert J. Wells, candidate for state auditor in an interview recently given to the public.

Conservative Counsel Prevails.

There were men on the committee hostile to State Auditor Iverson. There was a disposition to make the expression stronger but more conservative counsel prevailed and the chapter was modified. Auditor Iverson had arrived on the ground and it is possible that the activities of himself and of his friends had something to do with toning down the resolutions relative to the land policy.

The suggestion that mineral rights be reserved to the buyer of lands was made, but turned down, even though accompanied by the suggestion of the accompaniment of a 25-cent royalty.

The committee did insert a declaration to the effect that the timber on land go to the settler so that he might have an opportunity to build his home.

In view of the bar of the constitution to securing what northern Minnesota thinks she wants, F. E. McPartlin of International Falls, came forward with the suggestion of a legislational convention, but this was turned down on the ground that northern Minnesota would not be ready for a legislational convention until it had secured reapportionment. It is proposed to have a constitutional amendment placed before the people with a view of securing a more business-like method of handling the state lands.

Good Roads Paragraph.

The good roads paragraph was formulated by Robert C. Dunn of Princeton, and declares unequivocally for better roads and for a liberal appropriation for the maintenance of the highway commission.

President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern and W. H. Gemmel of the Minnesota and International Falls road were present, urging a separate paragraph relative to the opening of the 233,000 acres of land in the Cass Lake, Crookston and Duluth districts, which was done.

A suggestion made by the representatives of the Minneapolis Publicity club that "Upper Minnesota" be substituted for "Northern Minnesota," was not adopted, the delegates preferring to retain the old description of "Northern Minnesota."

Brainerd was chosen as the next place of meeting, the lively Crow Wing county city meeting with no opposition.

ST. PAUL MERCHANT CALLED.

George R. Finch, Head of Big Dry Goods Firm Is Dead.

St. Paul. —George R. Finch, president of the wholesale dry goods house of Finch, Van Slyck & McConville, St. Paul, died at his home, 245 Summit avenue, from an attack of valvular heart trouble. Mr. Finch was born in Mount Vernon, O., Sept. 24, 1839, and was 71 years old. He had been connected with the present corporation and with its predecessor for forty-eight years.

SHOT BY HIRED MAN HE OUSTS.

Little Chance for Recovery of Farmer Living Near Dalliver, Minn.

Fairmont, Minnesota. — A shooting affray occurred on a farm near Dalliver Saturday. A farmer named McCloone had trouble with his hired man and discharged him. The young fellow returned with a revolver and, it is alleged, fired one shot at McCloone, it taking effect in his chin and lodging in the back of his head at the base of the brain. There is little chance for his recovery.

EXPECTED BACK FROM TRIP.

St. Paul.—W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner, and George M. Gillette, members of the state employers' liability commission, are expected to return next Saturday or Sunday from their trip to Europe to investigate workingmen's compensation acts in that country.

They sailed from Europe last week on the Lusitania. They have been gone two months and have visited nearly all of the European capitals and several other large cities.

MOROCCAN MINISTER HOME.

F. W. Carpenter, Former Sec. to Pres. Taft, Visits Mother.

Sauk Center.—Fred Warner Carpenter, former secretary to President Taft arrived here in Sauk Center and immediately went to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Sprague. Carpenter was met at the depot by Mrs. Eva Carpenter, his mother, who is the sister of Mrs. C. M. Sprague, and is visiting here for the summer. C. M. Sprague was away at Crookston at the development convention, and so Carpenter was taken to the home of Fay W. Sprague, cashier of the First National Bank.

Carpenter evaded the newspaper men at St. Paul and Minneapolis, as he is not anxious to discuss politics and to get into publicity at present. He was somewhat tired and in great need of rest.

"I am not sick, but simply in need of a little rest before taking up my work at Morocco," said Carpenter. He was reticent and did not wish to speak for publicity. He will remain here about two weeks and visit with Mrs. Carpenter, his mother, and take in the fishing season. His desire is to get all the quiet and rest possible and have a long visit with his mother.

Mrs. Carpenter, while delighted with her son's promotion, was visibly affected at the thought of him going to a foreign land.

DULUTH HAS $100,000 FIRE.

Two Firemen Are Overcome by Smoke When Building Burns.

Duluth.—A $100,000 fire completely gutted the Old Bradley building, occupied by the Rathskeller cafe, the S. H. Knox 5 and 10-cent store and several stores.

The fire started in the kitchen of the cafe from a defective gas range. It was the third blaze in the past nine weeks originating there. The others were less disastrous.

Two firemen, William McLaughlin and John Cribbler, were overcome by smoke and had to be carried from the burning building.

Practically the entire fire fighting apparatus in the city was employed in combatting the blaze which defied all efforts for three hours. It was with the utmost difficulty that the flames were kept from spreading to the New Jersey building adjoining the Bradley block. It caught fire several times.

TIMOTHY MURPHY IS GUILTY.

Man Who Absconded With $1,250 Is Convicted.

St. Paul. — Captain Timothy Murphy, recently of the Volunteers of America, who claimed that he was kidnapped and robbed of $1,250 belonging to the organization on March 17 lost, was found guilty by a jury, of grand larceny in the first degree. The offense carries with it a punishment of one to ten years in the penitentiary.

The money Murphy is alleged to have stolen was collected during Tag day, the funds being raised to build a girls' rescue home.

Murphy disappeared and several days later returned, claiming that he had been confined in a cave by robbers who took the money.

Murphy Given Seven Years.

St. Paul. — Seven years at hard labor in the state prison at Stillwater was the sentence pronounced by Judge Hallam in District Court on Timothy Murphy, former captain in the Volunteers of America, as a punishment for having embezzeled $1,250, March 21 last. The sum represented the major part of the fund collected by Volunteer workers on Tag day, March 17 last.

STOCK YARDS IN RUINS.

Chicago Great Western's Loss Estimated at $50,000.

Rochester, Minnesota. — Fire at 12:45 p. m. destroyed the stockyard buildings and yards of the Chicago Great Western railway.

Several boxcars were also destroyed and the loss is estimated at $50,000. The amount of the insurance is not known here.

Italian laborers, while cooking their dinner, started the fire. Nine hogs and two head of cattle burned to death.

MINNEAPOLITAN A SMUGGLER?

H. R. Lyons Is Held Charged With Concealing Jewelry.

New York, N. Y. — H. R. Lyon, who is said to be the president and vice president of several banks and corporations in Minneapolis, was held after an examination before Acting Surveyor George J. Smith in the customs house on the charge of smuggling two pearl necklaces, a brooch and gold watch, and was sent to Hoboken in custody of an inspector to be arraigned before United States Commissioner Russ.

SHERIFFS TO GATHER IN DULUTH

Good Time Will be Object of Minnesota Meeting June 22 and 23.

Duluth. — Sheriff William Bates, of St. Louis county, will entertain about 100 Minnesota sheriffs and former sheriffs, accompanied by their wives, in this city, June 22 and 23. It will not be a business convention, but one simply for social entertainment. Outings and excursions have been planned, including a trip by steamboat to Two Harbors and return.

BUY WATER SUPPLY

Vote Permits City to Issue $145,000 Bonds to Occupy Plant by July 1.

Stillwater.—At a special election in Stillwater the proposition to bond the city for $145,000 to buy the Stillwater Water company was passed by a large majority. The vote was 724 to 62. The total cast was very light. The city will assume control of the water company July 1.

The franchise of the water company expired April 30 and the city council failed to renew it.

SUED FOR $10,000

ACTION IS BEGUN AGAINST COMMODORE PEARY FOR ARCTIC SUPPLIES.

SUIT IS IN BERLIN COURT

Cook's Campaign Claims Peary Took Advantage of His Illness to Compel Him to Give Up Valuable Collection.

Berlin, June 9.—Commander Robert E. Peary was served here yesterday with papers in a suit brought by Rudolph Francke. Peary left for London this morning.

The American explorer had nothing to add to a statement made last night that he had placed the matter of litigation in the hands of American Ambassador Hill.

Francke was associated with Dr. Frederick A. Cook in North Polar expedition and alleges that Peary found him ill at Etah and took advantage of his condition to secure his collection of furs and walrus and whale teeth as the price for transporting him homeward. Francke demands $10,000 as the value of Arctic products which he claims to have handed over to the commander. The suit was brought in Berlin courts, notice of the action being served upon Peary when he arrived here yesterday to fill a lecture engagement.

THRILLING TALE OF SEA.

Crew Saved From Small Boats in Nick of Time.

Norfolk, Va., June 9.—After a three days' fight for life in two small boats, 450 miles out in the ocean, Miss Elizabeth Erickson, her father, Captain P. A. Erickson, nine men composing the crew, two dogs and a cat, were rescued in the nick of time by the British steamer Melts after having abandoned their barkentine Good News, of Philadelphia and are today safe on land.

It is a thrilling tale of the sea that Captain Erickson and his crew tell. Struck by a heavy storm the Good News sprang a leak. All hands remained continually at the pumps, but failed to keep her afloat and at noon June 3, the ship was abandoned.

The captain's daughter showed great bravery and after the Good News went to the bottom, she cheered the men. At times it seemed as though the two little boats would be swamped by the huge waves. A sail was rigged and one boat towed the other. Little progress was made, however, and there seemed no hope. Three days and nights passed slowly. Only a little hard bread and a half gallon of water comprised the provisions.

Roosevelt Gets His Man.

London, June 9.—In spite of constant criticisms from many sources on the now famous Guild hall speech of Colonel Roosevelt, it has become known through reliable sources that the object of his attack, Sir Elden Grost, will undoubtedly be recalled. As his successor has been suggested Gen. F. G. Wingate, a personal friend of the ex-president. Should this appointment be made, it will be one of the greatest victories for Roosevelt since he brought about the peace negotiations in the Japanese-Russian war.

Sir Francis Wingate, at present Sidar of the Egyptian army and governor of the Soudan, became a close friend of the colonel, while he was traveling through Egypt.

Tri-State Postmasters Meet.

Minneapolis, June 9.—The Tri-State Postmasters' association in annual convention today introduced resolutions asking the government to place postmasters of all classes in all the states under the classified civil service which now governs the fourth class postmasters in fourteen states.

Other resolutions which were introduced were as follows: The abolition of passing out other than first-class mail matter at postoffices to patrons on rural routes. The association was expected to elect Yanish of St. Paul president; vice president, August H. Wahl, Washburn, N. D.; second vice president, J. E. Wells, Mitchell, S. D.; third vice president, G. J. Simmons, Austin, Minn.; secretary-treasurer, C. A. Rasmussen, Red Wing.

Had to Hurry Speech.

Nazareth, Pa., June 9.—Because the president desired to have Attorney General Wickersham in Washington during a conference on the railroad bill, the programme for the commencement exercises of Nazareth Military academy at which the attorney general delivered the principal address, was somewhat disarranged.

Wickersham was to have been among the last speakers but received a telegram from the president summoning him at once to the meeting of the cabinet so the programme was arranged to enable him to speak first.

Endorse President Taft.

Milwaukee, June 9.—The administration of President William H. Taft is strongly endorsed in the platform unanimously adopted at the closing session of the republican state convention in Milwaukee today. The present tariff law is approved and the provision for maximum and minimum schedules and the future scientific revisions are commended. Governor Davidson's administration is also endorsed. The convention today adjourned sine die.

Large Wheat Acreage.

Washington, June 9.—In a report issued today by the department of agriculture, the area sown to spring wheat is shown to be about 19,742,000 acres, or 1 349,000 (7.3 per cent) more than sown last year—the largest acreage ever reported. The condition of spring wheat on June 1 was 92.8, as compared with 95.2 on June 1, 1909; 95 on June 1, 1908, and 93.8 June average over the last ten years.

The condition of winter wheat on June 1 was 80.0, as compared with 82.1 on May 1, 1910; 80.7 on June 1, 1909; 86.0 on June 1, 1908, and 81.9 the June average of the last ten years.

Brewers Meet at Washington.

Washington, June 8.—In one of the most objective points of the "enemy's" campaign—the national capitol, where prohibition has been agitated for some time—the United States Brewers' association opened its annual convention, which will last for three days. About 150 members of the association, many other brewers and also manufacturers of machinery for breweries, attended the first sessions. The convention proper will be called to order tomorrow, when Pres. H. Hoster of Kansas City, Mo., will deliver an address and reports of trustees and standing committees will be read.

STALWARTS IN CONTROL

WISCONSIN REPUBLICANS MEET IN MILWAUKEE.

First Convention in State of Republicans for Six Years—LaFollette's Followers in Minority.

Milwaukee, June 8.—Vice President James S. Sherman, accompanied by Former Congressman James Wilson, of Indiana, arrived in Milwaukee today. The distinguished visitors were met by a large reception committee.

Messrs. Sherman and Wilson will address the republican convention tonight.

Milwaukee, June 8.—For the first time in six years, the republicans of Wisconsin will meet in state convention at the auditorium here this afternoon for the purpose of ascertaining the general party sentiment toward the present national administration by the adoption of a party platform and to consider the advisability of recommending or endorsing candidates for state offices to be voted for at the September primary election.

The convention will be made up of 1,065 delegates. Among the delegations from all parts of the state are there are quite a number of former followers of United States Senator Robert M. La Follette, but the majority are adherents of the so-called "stalwart" wing of the party.

Aside from the adoption of a platform and endorsing the national administration, it is impossible to forecast just what business the convention will transact.

HELPS THE AFFLICTED.

King and Queen of Italy Succor Earthquake Victims.

Avellino, Italy, June 8.—King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena spent today amidst the desolation of Calitri, ministering to their afflicted subjects. The town practically is a heap of ruins. Following the disastrous earthquake shock of yesterday, 8,000 inhabitants bivouacked last night in the country districts. There was much suffering, but the arrival of the sovereigns this morning gave new courage to the survivors.

Their majesties were affected by the sight which met them here. The king insisted on going through the streets half filled, with fallen walls, and visiting every spot where his discretion of advice were of value. While the king was so engaged the queen turned her attention to the more helpless ones. She had a word of comfort for every woman and caresses for the children. Her majesty said she would take care of the orphans. She personally visited the wounded ones, inquiring solicitously as to their needs.

Naples, June 8.—American Ambassador Leishman visited the American cruiser New York, which is lying in the harbor today. If the necessity arises, the cruiser will contribute to the work of relief for the earthquake sufferers.

The duke of Aosta today joined King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena at Calitri, the town in the province of Avellino where the greatest damage by earthquake was done.

Naples, June 6.—During the night a series of slight earthquake shocks was recorded by the seismograph at points in southern Italy. The disturbances, however, were not otherwise noticeable and today the people throughout the region that was severely shaken yesterday are calmer in the hope that the worst is over.

Arrested for Arson.

Brampton, N. D., June 8.—A young man named McDowell was arrested at Hankinson on the charge of setting fire to the Cooper store in this city last week. The fire destroyed the Cooper building, the Kurth building, and a lumber yard, causing a loss of about $30,000.

Carey Benson was also arrested at Watertown, S. D., as an accomplice. Benson is the man who gained some fame last winter because it is alleged that he was chasing an escaped murderer from Ransom county.

It is suspected McDowell robbed the postoffice, which was in the Cooper store, then set fire to the building. There was at least $20 in silver in the drawer in the postoffice. Following the fire the lock and other parts of the drawer were found in the ruins, but there was no money. There were other reasons for suspecting McDowell, and it is claimed that he has made a confession.

Masons in Session.

Cleveland, O., June 8.—Nearly 2,000 Masons from all parts of the country today are participating in the twenty-first annual session of the supreme council of the mystic Order of Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm. The order consists of twenty-four grottoes with a membership of more than 10,000. All of the grottoes are represented here.

Carroll Wins in Iowa.

Des Moines, Ia., June 8.—While the returns from yesterday's primaries are still far from complete, the nomination of Carroll, republican, and Porter, democrat, for governor seems certain. Eight progressives and three standpatters were nominated for congress.

To Begin Trial.

Chicago, June 9.—It is believed the jury to try Lee O'Neil Browne on the charge of bribing State Representative C. A. White to vote for William Lorimer for United States senator will be completed today and the trial will begin tomorrow.

One-Half as Digestible.

Kansas City, June 8.—More rapid progress was expected today in the "bleached flour" case being tried in the United States court here. The cross-examination of Dr. Gustave Mann, professor of geology at Tulane university, New Orleans, was resumed when the court convened this morning.

Dr. Mann testified yesterday that the digestibility of bleached flour was only one-half that of the unbleached product. He stated that through experiments with a species of plant known as drosera, a carnivorous bog-inhabitant herb, he had proved the indigestibility of bleached flour.

Not Guilty of Jury Bribing.

Bismarck, N. D., June 9.—Frank McCormick was found not guilty by a jury in the case in which he was charged with jury bribing. The charge was brought by Charles Anderson, one of the jurors, who claimed that McCormick had attempted bribing in the Empting blind pig case.

Nicaraguan War Causes Panic.

Washington, June 9.—Official dispatches from Managua, Nic., state that war is fast reducing western Nicaragua to a state of panic. The exportation of fruit has been prohibited and money exchange is rapidly increasing.

QUAKE IN ITALY

INTERIOR PROVINCES EXPERIENCE SEVERE SHOCK—THIRTY SEVEN DEAD.

KING HURRIES TO SCENE

Details are Hard to Secure, but Great Damage to Property Is Reported —King and Queen Leave on Special Train.

Naples, June 7.—Earthquake shocks of unusual intensity were experienced throughout Italy, including the island of Sicily at 3:07 a. m. today.

The extent of the damage wrought has not been determined, but it is believed that at least thirty-seven persons were killed and that the property losses in certain districts will be heavy. The shock appeared to have spent its force chiefly in the province of Avellino in central Campania, east of Naples. The village of Calitri suffered the most. One report has it that half of the town was destroyed.

Rome, June 7.—The king, accompanied by Queen Helena, left for Avellino on a special train this afternoon. Two automobiles for their use were placed on board the train. The government has decided to ask parliament for an appropriation of $100,000 for immediate relief.

Avellino, Compartment of Campania, Italy, June 7.—The province of Avellino bore the brunt of a severe earthquake which was felt in southern Italy shortly before dawn today. A number of fatalities occurred and much damage was done to property but up to noon it was impossible to determine the extent of the devastation.

In this city little harm was done and the only death reported was that of an old man who died of fright. The population however, was terror stricken.

Reports from the villages throughout the provinces are much more grave. Twenty people are reported killed at Calitri, which is said to have been badly damaged.

The situation there is distressing. Ten persons are said to have met death at San Sossio, where sulphur waters, with which the district is rich, were released from bounds by the disturbance and flooded the vicinity. From the flood noxious gases arose. At Chianche, a house fell burying and killing an aged man. One person was killed and several were injured at Castel Baronia. Cabrit, too, was much damaged.

SENDS SPECIAL MESSAGE.

President Confers With Railroad Men and Enlightens Congress.

Washington, June 7.—President Taft's message to congress recommending a modification of the railroad bill so as to conform with the administration's agreement with the railroads, was read in the house soon after that body convened today.

Chairman Mann of the interstate commerce commission called up the railroad bill after the reading of the message had been concluded and attempted to obtain unanimous consent to send the measure to conference.

"I object," shouted Lenroot, of Wisconsin, one of the republican "insurgents," who is one of those favoring the acceptance by the house of the senate amendments. A storm of applause from the democratic side followed Lenroot's objection.

To facilitate action on the measure, a motion was made to dispense with the reading of the senate amendments, but this also was objected to, and Speaker Cannon ordered the reading of the bill.

In anticipation of action on the railroad bill, the "whips" of both sides of the chamber had sent out notices to members admonishing them that their presence was needed and nearly every member was in his seat when the house assembled.

Walked With Broken Neck.

Pittsburg, June 7.—With his neck broken and supporting his head with both hands, to keep it from falling limp on his shoulders, Elmre Grove, 25 years old, walked home with the assistance of two companions, after he had fallen from a street-car. When taken to a hospital later, the physicians said the man might live, though the spinal column was broken near the base of the skull. An operation will be performed to remove the pieces of broken bone.

Wants Mediation.

Washington, June 7.—General Estrada, the Nicaraguan insurgent chief, has appealed to the Cartago court of justice asking its influence to obtain from President Madriz, a reply to his offer of March 14 last, proposing that the United States mediate between the two and that an election be held for president at which neither Estrada nor Madriz shall be candidates.

Rain Stops Firemen's Tournament

Bismarck, N. D., June 7.—A light rain this morning put a temporary stop to the outdoor activities in connection with the state firemen's convention, but it is expected this afternoon the programme can be carried out as planned. There are hundreds of firemen from over the state, and over fifty towns and cities are represented.

To Welcome Roosevelt.

Washington, June 7.—Congressman Hanna has extended an invitation to President McVey of the state university at Grand Forks, Atty. D. C. Greenleaf, Minot, and John C. Lowe, court stenographer for Judge Burke of Valley City, to represent North Dakota at the reception to welcome Col. Theodore Roosevelt home in New York, June 18.

Congressman Hanna plans to make the affair non-partisan in every respect. President McVey is not supposed to be a factionalist in any way. Mr. Greenleaf is a democrat and Mr. Lowe is a republican.

Brewers Meet at Washington.

Washington, June 8.—In one of the most objective points of the "enemy's" campaign—the national capitol, where prohibition has been agitated for some time—the United States Brewers' association opened its annual convention, which will last for three days. About 150 members of the association, many other brewers and also manufacturers of machinery for breweries, attended the first sessions. The convention proper will be called to order tomorrow, when Pres. H. Hoster of Kansas City, Mo., will deliver an address and reports of trustees and standing committees will be read.

ROOSEVELT GIVES ROMANES LECTURE

Former President of United States at Oxford

LORD CURZON IN THE CHAIR

Sheldonian Theater Crowded With Distinguished People When American Talks on "Biological Analogies in History."

Oxford, England.—The Romanes lecture by Theodore Roosevelt, which was to have been delivered on May 18, but which was postponed on account of the death of King Edward, was given on June 7 by the distinguished American. The Sheldonian theater was filled to its capacity by notable persons and Oxford students and the lecture, which was on "Biological Analogies in History," was well received. Lord Curzon, chancellor of the university, presided.

In seeking to penetrate the causes of the mysteries that surround not only mankind but all life, both in the present and the past, said Mr. Roosevelt, we see strange analogies in the phenomena of life and death, of birth, growth and change, between those physical groups of animal life which we designate as species, forms, races and the highly complex and composite entities which rise before our minds when we speak of nations and civilizations. It is this study, he asserted, that has given science its present-day prominence, and the historian of mankind must work in the scientific spirit and use the treasure-houses of [illegible].

To illustrate, the lecturer took several instances of the development of new species and the extinction of species in the history of mammalian life, [illegible] that in some cases the causes can be traced with considerable accuracy, and in other cases we cannot so much as hazard a guess as to why a [illegible] change occurred.

Analogies in Human History.

Continuing, Mr. Roosevelt said in part:

[illegible] of the phenomena in the [illegible] there are, if not [illegible] certain analogies, in the [illegible] in the [illegible] of the [illegible] of the tem[illegible] death or trans[illegible] of varying kind [illegible].

[illegible] in human history, [illegible] from the specialization [illegible] existing [illegible] hitherto very [illegible] or non-[illegible] for instance, when [illegible] a variety of causes [illegible] more complex culti[illegible]. That is what occurred [illegible] in western Europe [illegible] of the Teutonic and [illegible] Scandinavian ethnic overflows [illegible]. All the modern countries [illegible] from the [illegible] by these northern invaders. When first created they could be called [illegible] states in the sense that [illegible] or all of the people composing [illegible] from races that [illegible] been civilized at all, and [illegible] for the first time entered [illegible] of civilized communities. In [illegible] part of western Europe the [illegible] thus formed consisted in [illegible] the inhabitants already in the land [illegible] empire, and it was [illegible] the new kingdoms first took [illegible]. Through a reflex action their [illegible] then extended back into the cold [illegible] which the invaders had come, [illegible] and Scandinavia witnessed [illegible] communities with essentially [illegible] civilization as their southern [illegible], though in those communities, [illegible] southern communities, there [illegible] of new blood, and in each [illegible] civilized nation which gradu[illegible] was composed entirely of [illegible] of the same race which in the [illegible] ages lived the life of [illegible] barbarism. The same [illegible] of the Slavs and the Slavonized [illegible] eastern Europe, when an infil[illegible] leaders from the [illegible] infiltration of Byzantine [illegible] from the south joined to produce [illegible] which have gradually, out of [illegible] communities of the forest [illegible] formed the mighty Russian [illegible].

"New" and "Young" Nations.

[illegible] the new form may represent [illegible] splitting off from a long-estab[illegible] developed and specialized [illegible] the nation is usually [illegible] "young," and is correctly [illegible] "new," nation; but the [illegible] always to be used with a clear [illegible] difference between what is [illegible] in such case and what is de[illegible] term in speaking of [illegible] just developed from a [illegible]. Carthage and Syracuse were [illegible] compared with Tyre and Corinth [illegible] Greek or Phoenician race was [illegible] of the word as old in the [illegible] in the old city. So, nowadays, [illegible] Manitoba is a new community [illegible] with England or Scotland; but the ancestral type of civilization and culture is as old in one case as in the other. I [illegible] do not mean for a moment that great changes are not produced by the [illegible] fact that the old civilized race is [illegible] placed in surroundings where it is again to go through the work of taming the wilderness, a work finished [illegible] before in the original [illegible] of the race. I merely mean that the ancestral history is the same in each [illegible]. We can rightly use the phrase "a young [illegible]" in speaking of Canadians or Australians, Americans or Afrikanders. But we use it in an entirely different sense from that in which we use it when speaking of such communities as those founded by the northmen and their descendants during that period of astonishing growth which saw the descendants of the Norse sea-thieves conquer and transform Normandy, Sicily, and the British islands; we use it in an entirely different sense from that in which we use it when speaking of the new states that grew up around Warsaw, Kief, Novgorod, and Moscow, as the wild savages of the steppes and the marshy forests struggled haltingly and stumblingly upward to become builders of cities and to form stable governments. The kingdoms of Charlemagne and Alfred were "new," compared with the empire on the Bosphorus; they were also in every way different; their lines of ancestral descent had nothing in common with those of the polyglot realm which paid tribute to the Caesars of Byzantium; their social problems and aftertime history were totally different. This is not true of those "new" nations which spring direct from old nations. Brazil, the Argentine, the United States, are all "new" nations, compared with the nations of Europe; but with whatever changes in detail, their civilization is nevertheless of the general European type, as shown in Portugal, Spain, and England. The differences between these "new" American and these "old" European nations are not as great as those which separate the "new" nations one from another and the "old" nations one from another. There are in each case very real differences between the new and the old nation—differences both for good and for evil; but in each case there is the same ancestral history to reckon with, the same type of civilization, with its attendant benefits and shortcomings; and, after the pioneer stages are passed, the problems to be solved, in spite of superficial differences, are in their essence the same; they are those that confront all civilized peoples, not those that confront peoples struggling from barbarism into civilization.

So, when we speak of the "death" of a tribe, a nation or a civilization, the term may be used for either one or two totally different processes; the analogy with what occurs in biological history being complete. Certain tribes of savages, the Tasmanians, for instance, and various little clans of American Indians, have within the last century or two completely died out; all of the individuals have perished, leaving no descendants, and the blood has disappeared. Certain other tribes of Indians have as tribes disappeared or are now disappearing; but their blood remains, being absorbed into the veins of the white intruders, or of the black men introduced by these white intruders; so that in reality they are merely being transformed into something absolutely different from what they were.

A like wide diversity in fact may be covered in the statement that a civilization has "died out."

Phenomena That Puzzle.

In dealing, not with groups of human beings in simple and primitive relations, but with highly complex, highly specialized, civilized, or semi-civilized societies, there is need of great caution in drawing analogies with what has occurred in the development of the animal world. Yet even in these cases it is curious to see how some of the phenomena in the growth and disappearance of these complex, artificial groups of human beings resemble what has happened in myriads of instances in the history of life on this planet.

Why do great artificial empires, whose citizens are knit by a bond of speech and culture much more than by a bond of blood, show periods of extraordinary growth, and again of sudden or lingering decay? In some cases we can answer readily enough; in other cases we cannot as yet even guess what the proper answer should be. If in any such case the centrifugal forces overcome the centripetal, the nation will of course fly to pieces, and the reason for its failure to become a dominant force is patent to every one. The minute that the spirit which finds its healthy development in local self-government, and in the antidote to the dangers of an extreme centralization, develops into mere particularism, into inability to combine effectively for achievement of a common end, then it is hopeless to expect great results. Poland and certain republics of the western hemisphere are the standard examples of failure of this kind; and the United States would have ranked with them, and its name would have become a byword of derision, if the forces of union had not triumphed in the civil war. So the growth of soft luxury after it has reached a certain point becomes a national danger patent to all. Again, it needs but little of the vision of a seer to foretell what must happen in any community if the average woman ceases to become the mother of a family of healthy children, if the average man loses the will and the power to work up to old age and to fight whenever the need arises. If the homely, commonplace virtues die out, if strength of character vanishes in graceful self-indulgence, if the virile qualities atrophy, then the nation has lost what no material prosperity can offset.

But there are plenty of other phenomena wholly or partially inexplicable. It is easy to see why Rome trended downward when great slave-tilled farms spread over what had once been a countryside of peasant proprietors, when greed and luxury and sensuality ate like acids into the fiber of the upper classes, while the mass of the citizens grew to depend, not upon their own exertions, but upon the state, for their pleasures and their very livelihood. But this does not explain why the forward movement stopped at different times, so far as different matters were concerned; at one time as regards literature, at another time as regards architecture, at another time as regards city building. We cannot even guess why the springs of one kind of energy dried up while there was yet no cessation of another kind.

Holland as an Example.

Take another and smaller instance, that of Holland. For a period covering a little more than the seventeenth century, Holland, like some of the Italian city states at an earlier period, stood on the dangerous heights of greatness beside nations so vastly her superior in territory and population as to make it inevitable that sooner or later she must fall from the glorious and perilous eminence to which she had been raised by her own indomitable soul. Her fall came; it could not have been indefinitely postponed; but it came far quicker than it needed to come, because of shortcomings on her part to which both Great Britain and the United States would be wise to pay heed. Her government was singularly ineffective, the decentralization being such as often to permit the separatist, the particularist, spirit of the provinces to rob the central authority of all efficiency. This was bad enough. But the fatal weakness was that so common in rich, peace-loving societies, where men hate to think of war as possible, and try to justify their own reluctance to face it either by high-sounding moral platitudes or else by a philosophy of short-sighted materialism. The Dutch were very wealthy. They grew to believe that they could hire others to do their fighting for them on land; and on sea, where they did their own fighting, and fought very well, they refused in time of peace to make ready fleets so efficient as either to insure the Dutch against the peace being broken or else to give them the victory when war came. To be opulent and unarmed is to secure ease in the present at the almost certain cost of disaster in the future.

It is therefore easy to see why Holland lost when she did her position among the powers; but it is far more difficult to explain why at the same time there should have come at least a partial loss of position in the world of art and letters. Some spark of divine fire burned itself out in the national soul. As the line of great statesmen, of great warriors, by land and sea, came to an end, so the line of the great Dutch painters ended. The loss of pre-eminence in the schools followed the loss of pre-eminence in camp and in council chamber.

In the little republic of Holland, as in the great empire of Rome, it was not death which came, but transformation. Both Holland and Italy teach us that races that fall may rise again.

Danger of Race Suicide.

There are questions which we of the great civilized nations are ever tempted to ask of the future. Is our time of growth drawing to an end? Are we as nations soon to come under the rule of that great law of death, which is itself but part of the great law of life? None can tell. Forces that we can see and other forces that are hidden or that can but dimly be apprehended are at work all around us, both for good and for evil. The growth in luxury, in love of ease, in taste for vapid and frivolous excitement, is both evident and unhealthy. The most ominous sign is the diminution in the birth-rate, in the rate of natural increase, now to a larger or lesser degree shared by most of the civilized nations of central and western Europe, of America and Australia; a diminution so great that if it continues for the next century at the rate which has obtained for the last 25 years, all the more highly civilized people will be stationary or else have begun to go backward in population, while many of them will have already gone very far backward.

There is much that should give us concern for the future. But there is much also which should give us hope. No man is more apt to be mistaken than the prophet of evil. I believe with all my heart that a great future remains for us; but whether it does or does not, our duty is not altered. However the battle may go, the soldier worthy of the name will with utmost vigor do his allotted task, and bear himself as valiantly in defeat as in victory. Come what will, we belong to peoples who have not yielded to the craven fear of being great. In the ages that have gone by, the great nations, the nations that have expanded and that have played a mighty part in the world, have in the end grown old and weakened and vanished; but so have the nations whose only thought was to avoid all danger, all effort, who would risk nothing, and who therefore gained nothing. In the end the same fate may overwhelm all alike; but the memory of the one type perishes with it while the other leaves its mark deep on the history of all the future of mankind.

In the first part of this lecture I drew certain analogies between what had occurred to forms of animal life through the procession of the ages on this planet, and what has occurred and is occurring to the great artificial civilizations which have gradually spread over the world's surface during the thousands of years that have elapsed since cities of temples and palaces first rose beside the Nile and the Euphrates, and the harbors of Minoan Crete bristled with the masts of the Aegean craft. But of course the parallel is true only in the roughest and most general way. Moreover, even between the civilizations of today and the civilizations of ancient times there are differences so profound that we must be cautious in drawing any conclusions for the present based on what has happened in the past. While freely admitting all of our follies and weaknesses of today, it is yet mere perversity to refuse to realize the incredible advance that has been made in ethical standards. I do not believe that there is the slightest necessary connection between any weakening of virile force and this advance in the moral standard, this growth of the sense of obligation to one's neighbor and of reluctance to do that neighbor wrong. We need have scant patience with that silly cynicism which insists that kindliness of character only accompanies weakness of character. On the contrary, just as in private life many of the men of strongest character are the very men of loftiest and most exalted morality, so I believe that in national life as the ages go by we shall find that the permanent national types will more and more tend towards those in which, while the intellect stands high, character stands higher; in which rugged strength and courage, rugged capacity to resist wrongful aggression by others, will go hand in hand with a lofty scorn of doing wrong to others. This is the type of Timoleon, of Hampden, of Washington and Lincoln.

Problems of Modern Nations.

Every modern civilized nation has many and terrible problems to solve within its own borders, problems that arise not merely from juxtaposition of poverty and riches, but especially from the self-consciousness of both poverty and riches. Each nation must deal with these matters in its own fashion, and yet the spirit in which the problem is approached must ever be fundamentally the same. It must be a spirit of broad humanity; of brotherly kindness; of acceptance of responsibility, one for each and each for all; and at the same time a spirit as remote as the poles from every form of weakness and sentimentality. As in war to pardon the coward is to do cruel wrong to the brave man whose life his cowardice jeopardizes, so in civil affairs it is revolting to every principle of justice to give to the lazy, the vicious, or even the feeble and dull-witted, a reward which is really the robbery of what braver, wiser, abler men have earned. The only effective way to help any man is to help him to help himself; and the worst lesson to teach him is that he can be permanently helped at the expense of some one else. True liberty shows itself to best advantage in protecting the rights of others, and especially of minorities. Privilege should not be tolerated because it is to the advantage of a minority, nor yet because it is to the advantage of a majority. No doctrinaire theories of vested rights or freedom of contract can stand in the way of our cutting out abuses from the body politic. Just as little can we afford to follow the doctrinaires of an impossible—and incidentally of a highly undesirable—social revolution which, in destroying individual rights (including property rights) and the family, would destroy the two chief agents in the advance of mankind, and the two chief reasons why either the advance or the preservation of mankind is worth while. It is an evil and a dreadful thing to be callous to sorrow and suffering, and blind to our duty to do all things possible for the betterment of social conditions. But it is an unspeakably foolish thing to strive for this betterment by means so destructive that they would leave no social conditions to better. In dealing with all these social problems, with the intimate relations of the family, with wealth in private use and business use, with labor, with poverty, the one prime necessity is to remember that, though hardness of heart is a great evil, it is no greater an evil than softness of head.

But in addition to these problems the most intimate and important of all which to a larger or less degree affect all the modern nations somewhat alike, we of the great nations that have expanded, that are now in complicated relations with one another and with alien races, have special problems and special duties of our own. You belong to a nation which possesses the greatest empire upon which the sun has ever shone. I belong to a nation which is trying, on a scale hitherto unexampled, to work out the problems of government for, of, and by the people, while at the same time doing the international duty of a great power. But there are certain problems which both of us have to solve, and as to which our standards should be the same. The Englishman, the man of the British isles, in his various homes across the seas, and the American, both at home and abroad, are brought into contact with utterly alien peoples, some with a civilization more ancient than our own, others still in, or having but recently arisen from, the barbarism which our people left behind ages ago. The problems that arise are of well-nigh inconceivable difficulty. They cannot be solved by the foolish sentimentality of stay-at-home people, with little patent recipes, and those cut-and-dried theories of the political nursery which have such limited applicability amid the crash of elemental forces. Neither can they be solved by the raw brutality of the men who, whether at home or on the rough frontier of civilization, adopt might as the only standard of right in dealing with other men, and treat alien races only as subjects for exploitation.

No hard and fast rule can be drawn as applying to all alien races, because they differ from one another far more widely than some of them differ from us. But there are one or two rules which must not be forgotten. In the long run, there can be no justification for one race managing or controlling another unless the management and control are exercised in the interest and for the benefit of that other race. This is what our peoples have in the main done, and must continue in the future in even greater degree to do, in India, Egypt, and the Philippines alike. In the next place, as regards every race, everywhere, at home or abroad, we cannot afford to deviate from the great rule of righteousness which bids us treat each man on his worth as a man. He must not be sentimentally favored because he belongs to a given race; he must not be given immunity in wrong-doing, or permitted to cumber the ground, or given other privileges which would be denied to the vicious and unfit among themselves. On the other hand, where he acts in a way which would entitle him to respect and reward if he were of our own stock, he is just as much entitled to that respect and reward if he comes of another stock, even though that other stock produces a much smaller proportion of men of his type than does our own. This has nothing to do with social intermingling, with what is called social equality. It has to do merely with the question of doing to each man and each woman that elementary justice which will permit him or her to gain from life the reward which should always accompany thrift, sobriety, self-control, respect for the rights of others, and hard and intelligent work to a given end. To more than such just treatment no man is entitled, and less than such just treatment no man should receive.

Duty of Nation to Nation.

The other type of duty is the international duty, the duty owed by one nation to another. I hold that the laws of morality which should govern individuals in their dealings one with the other are just as binding concerning nations in their dealings one with the other. The application of the moral law must be different in the two cases, because in one case it has, and in the other it has not, the sanction of a civil law with force behind it. The individual can depend for his rights upon the courts, which themselves derive their force from the police power of the state. The nation can depend upon nothing of the kind; and therefore, as things are now, it is the highest duty of the most advanced and freest peoples to keep themselves in such a state of readiness as to forbid to any barbarism or despotism the hope of arresting the progress of the world by striking down the nations that lead in that progress. It would be foolish indeed to pay heed to the unwise persons who desire disarmament to be begun by the very peoples who, of all others, should not be left helpless before any possible foe. But we must reprobate quite as strongly both the leaders and the peoples who practise, or encourage or condone, aggression and iniquity by the strong at the expense of the weak. We should tolerate lawlessness and wickedness neither by the weak nor by the strong; and both weak and strong we should in return treat with scrupulous fairness. The foreign policy of a great and self-respecting country should be conducted on exactly the same plane of honor, of insistence upon one's own rights and of respect for the rights of others, as when a brave and honorable man is dealing with his fellows. Permit me to support this statement out of my own experience. For nearly eight years I was the head of a great nation and charged especially with the conduct of its foreign policy; and during those years I took no action with reference to any other people on the face of the earth that I would not have felt justified in taking as an individual in dealing with other individuals.

I believe that we of the great civilized nations of today have a right to feel that long careers of achievement lie before our several countries. To each of us is vouchsafed the honorable privilege of doing his part, however small, in that work. Let us strive hardily for success, even if by so doing we risk failure, spurning the poorer souls of small endeavor who know neither failure nor success. Let us hope that our own blood shall continue in the land, that our children and children's children to endless generations shall arise to take our places and play a mighty and dominant part in the world. But whether this be denied or granted by the years we shall not see, let at least the satisfaction be ours that we have carried onward the lighted torch in our own day and generation. If we do this, then, as our eyes close, and we go out into the darkness, and other hands grasp the torch, at least we can say that our part has been borne well and valiantly.

THE BEST THAT MORGAN GOT

Imperious Financier May Keep In Memory One Man He Could Not Browbeat.

The yarn of the other day about Mayor Gaynor and a bell-boy recalls another one. Gaynor, you know, slept at the Hotel Astor one night, having been detained there very late. In the morning he couldn't find his way to the elevator, and met one of the pert youths who browbeat the hotel guest.

"Aw, foller yer nose," said the kid, "I ain't got no time to bother wit' youse."

Mr. Gaynor's nose ultimately led him to the office and shortly afterward a clerk's nose led him to the seventeenth floor and the boy's nose led him to Broadway, with instructions to stay out of the Astor forever after. It recalled to a reporter the time that J. Pierpont Morgan got tangled up with a menial. Mr. Morgan, you may know, is imperious and dictatorial. He speaks in grunts. When the grunt is not readily interpreted by his unfortunate opposite, he roars.

On this occasion Mr. Morgan had gone to one of the big uptown hotels to attend a banquet. He asked a large person at the entrance where he could find the banqueting hall. The large person sent him along, and Mr. Morgan next met a hall porter who had just been discharged and was looking for a chance to get even. Mr. Morgan grunted inquiringly. The porter grunted sullenly.

"Wuh-wuh-wuh," grunted Mr. Morgan.

"Wah-wah-wah," growled the porter.

"How dare you?" asked Morgan.

"Say," said the porter, belligerently, "I don't know who you are, you old skeezicks, but if you unpin that lip uh yourn again I'll hang a brace on it."

"My name is Morgan," said the banker, indignantly.

"Well," said the porter, after looking him over carefully, "you look it."

And that's the best that Morgan got.—Boston Traveler.

Mummified Heads Scarce.

Mummified heads of South American Indians belonging to a tribe living on the slopes of the Andes near Quito, in Ecuador, once so easily purchased, are becoming extremely scarce. The head is shrunk by some secret process known only to the natives, being thus reduced from life size, nine or ten inches from tip of chin to top of head, to five inches.

The curious thing is that the head can be reduced in this fashion without destroying the features. These heads, some of which are of great antiquity, are now almost impossible to procure. Their sale is forbidden by law.—Wide World Magazine.

Satirical Voltaire.

One day some mice said to one another: "How charming is this world! What an empire is ours! This palace so superb was built for us; from all eternity God made for us these large holes. Do you see those fat hams under that dim ceiling? They were created there for us by Nature's hands; those mountains of lard, inexhaustible aliment, will be ours till the end of time. Yes, we are, great God, if our sages tell us the truth, the masterpiece, the aim, of all Thy work! Cats are dangerous and prompt to devour, but it is to instruct and correct us!"—Voltaire.

Common Law.

The common law of England is an ancient collection of unwritten maxims and customs of British, Saxon and Danish origin, which, by long use and approval, have become fundamental in English jurisprudence. Many of the principles of the English common law hold in this country and throughout the English speaking world as well.

Romance.

"It seems she did something rather odd—wedded her first love or some such silly thing." "No. It was far more remarkable—loved her first wedded."—Smart Set.

Another View of It.

There is a quality of possible revenge in having stuck like a porous plaster to an unworthy friend. It hurts him all right when you do pull away finally.—Puck.

STRONGLY DEMAND REAPPORTIONMENT

UPPER MINNESOTA BOOSTERS TO STICK TO IT TILL THE VICTORY IS WON.

NEXT MEETING AT BRAINERD

System of Township Schools and New Land Laws Are Resolved Upon. One-Mill Tax for Good Roads Is Requested.

Crookston, Minn., — At least one thousand enthusiastic boosters of northern Minnesota crowded the convention when the first session of the Crookston convention of the Northern Minnesota Development association began, and every man meant business.

Senator Stevens' declaration that the Republican state convention would incorporate in its platform a demand for reapportionment if the 30 counties of northern Minnesota made only reasonable demands, was everywhere commented upon. It was taken generally as marking a definite step onward, and it intensified the feeling of optimism the delegates carried into the convention hall.

The "get together" smoker, at which Senator Stevens' promise was made, was an optimism breeder in itself. There were more than 200 delegates in attendance and the keynote of the convention was struck by the very first speaker, Al H. Jester of Bemidji, a former Minneapolis man, praised the booster and denounced the knocker. Representative L. W. Bills of Park Rapids, County Attorney Boyle of Cook and Senator Stevens talked for northern Minnesota. The three larger cities of the state were represented by Mac Martin of Minneapolis, Col. J. H. Davidson of St. Paul and Charles Mitchell of Duluth.

Minneapolis as a Buyer.

Martin emphasized the fact that Minneapolis wanted to buy from Crookston, rather than sell, and the spirit of the Minneapolis idea met with instant appreciation. Besides the Duluth and St. Paul delegations, in number at least, Minneapolis is making an unenviable showing.

Two hundred St. Paul representatives arrived. Against these busy crowds is matched an official delegation from Minneapolis numbering six persons—Richard Kilgore, C. B. McCall, Mac Martin, Frank L. Thresher, H. I. Dafoe and F. K. Fowler. Two or three commercial travelers and the newspaper men from Minneapolis were pressed into service and the Mill City delegation, by spreading gorgeous banners and making lots of noise, is trying to attract the attention that is due the city.

H. J. Maxfield, secretary of the Northern Minnesota Development association, presided at the first session of the convention, which began promptly at 10 o'clock. The session was opened by prayer delivered by Rev. E. W. Akers of Crookston, and he was followed by Mayor Allan J. McKinnon of Crookston and Charles J. Conger, president of the Polk County Development association, who welcomed the delegates to the city and county.

These addresses were followed by the appointment of committees.

Strong resolutions were adopted by the Northern Minnesota Development association at the afternoon session Friday. They include:

A demand for reapportionment at the next session of the legislature.

A 1-mill state tax for good roads and employment of good roads experts.

A correction of alleged evils in the administration of state lands.

An appropriation of $100,000 for the board of immigration.

Establishment of a system of township rural schools and modification of the present school system so as to provide for their co-ordination with other institutions of learning.

Crookston, Minn., June 4.—The Northern Minnesota Development association has said its last word. The resolutions score the state land policy and make an appeal for reapportionment. The demand for reapportionment comes first in the resolutions, as the people of this section believe that their future development and fair treatment rests, above all else, on this. But the state land policy is criticized more mildly than it would have been had it not been feared that political color would be given to the expression of the association.

As it is, the paragraph expressing a demand for a change in the state land policy is in substance as outlined by Robert J. Wells, candidate for state auditor in an interview recently given to the public.

Conservative Counsel Prevails.

There were men on the committee hostile to State Auditor Iverson. There was a disposition to make the expression stronger but more conservative counsel prevailed and the chapter was modified. Auditor Iverson had arrived on the ground and it is possible that the activities of himself and of his friends had something to do with toning down the resolutions relative to the land policy.

The suggestion that mineral rights be reserved to the buyer of lands was made, but turned down, even though accompanied by the suggestion of the accompaniment of a 25-cent royalty. The committee did insert a declaration to the effect that the timber on land go to the settler so that he might have an opportunity to build his home.

In view of the bar of the constitution to securing what northern Minnesota thinks she wants, F. E. McPartlin of International Falls, came forward with the suggestion of a legislational convention, but this was turned down on the ground that northern Minnesota would not be ready for a legislational convention until it had secured reapportionment. It is proposed to have a constitutional amendment placed before the people with a view of securing a more business-like method of handling the state lands.

Good Roads Paragraph.

The good roads paragraph was formulated by Robert C. Dunn of Princeton, and declares unequivocally for better roads and for a liberal appropriation for the maintenance of the highway commission.

President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern and W. H. Gemmel of the Minnesota and International Falls road were present, urging a separate paragraph relative to the opening of the 233,000 acres of land in the Cass Lake, Crookston and Duluth districts, which was done.

A suggestion made by the representatives of the Minneapolis Publicity club that "Upper Minnesota" be substituted for "Northern Minnesota," was not adopted, the delegates preferring to retain the old description of "Northern Minnesota."

Brainerd was chosen as the next place of meeting, the lively Crow Wing county city meeting with no opposition.

Minneapolis, Minn. — J. M. Stellman was crushed to death by a descending elevator in the Minnesota Plow company's building. He was the driver for a sprinkling wagon for the city.

Red Wing.—Mrs. Mary A. Geld, 70 years old, and who was a resident of St. Paul for half a century, died at the home of her son, Coroner R. L. C. Geld. She came to this city only recently to reside.

Duluth, Minnesota. — Axel Peterson, son of Fred Peterson of 120 Garfield avenue, was drowned while fishing in the St. Louis river. The boat was upset while Peterson and a companion were trying to recover an oar.

Minneapolis, Minn. — The regular quarterly dividend of 6 per cent per annum on its common stock was declared by the Twin City Rapid Transit company, payable July 1 to stockholders of record on the books of the corporation.

Minneapolis, Minn. — Viktoria Penranen, 44 years old, an inmate of the state hospital at Fergus Falls, will be deported to Knupio, Finland, by the immigration department. He was taken to Quebec by Inspector Robert F. Davis of Minneapolis.

Following the presentation of that time-honored emotional drama, "East Lynne," at the Bijou, the Klimt & Gazzolo Company will be seen in "The Fatal Wedding," a melodrama of the better class which scored heavily locally a number of years ago.

Fairmont. — Charles Scott, aged 25, died from lockjaw. He was a farmer, and a few days ago was accidentally wounded by a target rifle. The injury was not considered dangerous, until tetanus developed and his jaws set. Death resulted in 24 hours.

Minneapolis. — Love's dream, but this time not a young one, was unfolded in Judge Hale's court where Anna Olson, 70 years old is suing Ola Osmund, 74, also known as Ola Osmundson, for breach of promise. Trial of the issue began in the district court.

Winona. — While attempting to save her two-year-old child, who had run directly in the path of a rapidly moving street car, Mrs. William Redmann stumbled and pitched beneath the coach, the rear wheels crushing her head to a pulp. The child was jerked from the rails by the motorman and was uninjured.

St. Cloud.—The commencement exercises of the St. Cloud normal was held at the Davidson theater today and 199 seniors, the largest normal graduating class in the history of the state, received diplomas. Dean W. S. Pattee, of the university law school, delivered an address on "The Mission of the Christian Scholar."

Hastings, Minnesota. — Patrick J. Gibbons, who murdered his wife and Rev. E. J. Walsh in South St. Paul Sunday evening, was arraigned before Police Justice A. F. Joneson at the courthouse. He pleaded not guilty and waived further hearing and was committed without bail to the next term of the district court, which convenes in November.

Albert Lea, Minn. — The First District Breeders' association met here and there was a large attendance, especially from outside the county. The next meeting will be held in Rochester in December. The officers chosen were as follows: President, J. J. Furlong, Austin; vice-president, Finley McMartin, Claremont; secretary, J. R. Morley, Owatonna; treasurer, J. C. Mills, Preston.

Grand Rapids.—Antone Stotak, an employe of the Consolidated Water Power and Paper company of this city, was instantly killed while assisting in moving a large beater roll, weighing between two and three tons, from the beater room of the paper mill through a large opening in the floor, near the elevator to the basement below for the purpose of loading it into a car and shipping it to Appleton for repairs.

We have plenty of pure food laws—let us have some poor food laws.

Remember that good drainage is important on potato fields. Potatoes will stand less excess of moisture than most farm crops, and unless there is natural drainage resort should be had to artificial drainage.

After a hard day's work in the field, the horses will enjoy a few moments to roll in the yard or about the straw pile. Your horses will scratch themselves more in five minutes by rolling than you can with a curry-comb in thirty minutes.

It is poor policy to keep a sow a year at a cost of seven to twelve dollars and then go off to an auction or a dance and leave her without an attendant at the critical time of farrowing.

Bran, milk and pasturage are some of the bulky feeds well adapted to the real young pig. They help to distend the digestive system, which enables the pig to use cheaper and coarser feeds to better advantage than the pig raised on concentrates.

WAS GREAT SLEUTH

Inspector Byrnes' Death Recalls Activity as Officer.

Rose From the Ranks to a Millionaire and Laid the Clever Trap That Caught Jay Gould's Blackmailer.

New York.—Probably no man was better known in the world of police and none was more feared by crooks than Thomas F. Byrnes, former detective and inspector who died in this city a few days ago. It was while inspector and in charge of the detective bureau at police headquarters in Mulberry street that Byrnes won his greatest fame.

From the day he became a member of the police, in August, 1869, until he retired on May 27, 1895, Inspector Byrnes was a thief catcher first of all and it was as such that he became a valuable servant of the people.

Byrnes rose quickly from the ranks. He was first a patrolman, then a roundsman, later on a sergeant, then captain, inspector and finally commissioner.

Thirty years ago the city was overrun with thieves and thugs. A reign of terror had spread over the town. Murders were committed almost nightly. It was at that time that Byrnes was called to Mulberry street and told to organize a detective bureau. He had shown considerable detective ability while occupying positions of lower rank in the police department, and this had attracted the attention of his superiors to the quiet but determined man.

In a short time he had organized what became known as the central office of detectives and assigned to that bureau were the best thief catchers in the department. He had only a limited number of detective sergeants under his command, but had the power to reduce those at any time and without trial. In that way he was able to surround himself with the best talent the department could afford.

Thomas F. Byrnes.

Byrnes was a man of striking personality. He was tall and well put together. He wore a big mustache and never talked in a loud voice, except when he wanted to let people know that he would stand no trifling.

His wife was a school teacher in her earlier days. Their daughters, pretty and highly educated, adored their father, who was intensely proud of them. He was proud, too, of his fine summer home at Red Bank, N. J.

Byrnes was a very rich man. He was said to have been a many times millionaire. He was a witness before the Lexow committee and there he told how he came to make his fortune.

It was generally believed that Jay Gould was among other of his friends who gave him valuable tips on money making.

Byrnes was not ungrateful. Gould became the victim of a blackmailer, who wrote so many threatening letters that Gould was in constant fear of his life. The letters were always mailed on a Sunday, but never from the same box. There was no clue to his identity and to catch him seemed hopeless. Byrnes undertook the task. First he distributed photographs of an envelope addressed to Jay Gould by the blackmailer among the entire police force. Then, on a Sunday, he stationed a policeman, plain clothes man or postal inspector at every mail box in the city. Every time a letter was dropped in the box was opened and the letter inspected. Finally the right man dropped in the right letter and was promptly arrested.

"Colonel Wells," as he was known, was convicted and got a long term. The case perhaps brought Byrnes more fame than any of his others.

Memorial Well Deserved.

From Borsad, Bombay, India, the Rev. Robert Henderson, a missionary, writes to the New York Tribune, to call attention to a proposed practical memorial to Dr. Louis Klopsch, of the Christian Herald, long known as a minister of relief for the afflicted in all lands. In India he is gratefully remembered for his work in aid of the famine sufferers of 1897 and 1900. Mr. Henderson says that it is planned to establish a Christian farm colony, of at least 20 farmers with model farmhouses for themselves and families, and sheds for their cattle, and also a good house for a mission worker who would act as pastor of the place. The colony is to have a church with a suitable inscription carved in stone in its porch, describing briefly the great work of which the colony is a memorial. The name is to be Klopschpur.

Way to Choose.

A friend has let out a secret regarding the way in which some young women judge novels.

In a bus two girls were talking of what they read.

"Oh, I choose a novel easily enough," said one. "I go to the circulating library and look at the last chapters. If I find the rain softly and sadly dropping over one or two lonely graves, I don't have it; but if the morning sun is glimmering over bridal robes of white satin, I know it's all right."

Why Take Alcohol?

Are you thin, pale, easily tired, lack your usual vigor and strength? Then your digestion must be poor, your blood thin, your nerves weak. You need a tonic and alterative. You need Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. We believe your doctor would endorse these statements, or we would not make them. Ask him and find out. Follow his advice. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

The endorsement of your doctor will certainly greatly increase your confidence in Ayer's Pills as a family laxative. Liver pills. All vegetable. Ask your doctor about them.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN A. KING   C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

An Indiana farmer complains that "the price of brooms is so derned high it don't hardly pay to sweep."

The Mahnomen Pioneer thinks that Senator Sageng has been forgotten. But Ole isn't through plowing.

Brewery trust bossism" is declared the greatest menace to the Republican party by the St. Cloud Journal-Press.

The Democratic state convention has been called to meet at Minneapolis on July 28. The county conventions will be held on Saturday, July 23, and the official call will be issued shortly.

The state fire marshal's report to the governor shows that there were 2500 fires during the year 1910 in this state. Of these Minneapolis led with 512, and St. Paul had 321. The total loss in the state was $79,420. Fourteen persons were arrested on arson charges but only one indictment was found, and that case has not yet been tried.

The Thief River News is going to prove that county division will not mean increased taxes. The News might also inform us of the best method to make water run up hill.

The Roosevelt club banquet at St. Paul Saturday evening was addressed by James R. Garfield and Gifford Pinchot. It is a notable commentary on political conditions in Minnesota that the president's name was not mentioned. And yet we are told that there is harmony in their ranks.

A teacher in a Duluth school recently found the subjoined facts in a composition on Longfellow, the poet, written by a 15 year old girl: "Henry W. Longfellow was born in Portland, Me., while his parents were traveling in Europe. He had many fast friends, among whom the fastest were Phoebe and Alice Cary."

The candidates for lieutenant governor are very busy, and it is almost impossible to hazard a guess on the outcome. It is generally conceded that Sam Gordon, the Browns Valley newspaper editor, will lead on the first ballot, but it is also apparent that Billy Hamm and Ed Smith do not desire his nomination and a coalition of the opposing forces is inevitable. This would indicate the probable selection of Dr. Gates or "Cash" Sprague.

The Republican party was never in greater danger of defeat than at this moment; and those who are doing most to bring this about are the silly compromisers who are disgusting the voters that still remain faithful, says the Red Wing Republican. Let the party cut loose from "the interests." That is the demand. The country stands by the insurgents because they oppose the control of this government by money and business interests. Can the leaders not understand that by this time?

Lest we forget, only nine of the 28 republicans of the national house of representatives are in a position to stand before their constituents and report that they voted to unseat Cannon as speaker. Page 3490 of the congressional Record shows that on March 19 all but nine Republicans voted against the Burleson resolution which would have unseated Speaker Cannon and made it possible to elect a new speaker. Every Democrat voted to unseat "Uncle Joe." Lindbergh and Davis are the only Minnesota Republicans reported recorded in favor of declaring Speaker Cannon's seat vacant.

The G. A. R. boys of Minneapolis on Memorial Day inaugurated a movement to world's peace and disarmament, says the Fairmont Sentinel. The veterans all over the country are to be asked to join in the movement and to enlist every influence in its behalf that is possible. It is eminently fit and proper that those who know the horrors of war by experience should inaugurate a movement which means more for humanity than any other attempted. Let us hope hat the seed sown by the Minneapolis soldier boys will scatter on the wings of heaven to all parts of the earth.

"In Minnesota the farmers at all intermediate points between the twin cities and Duluth are compelled to pay the railroads 7 1-2 cents per hundred pounds for shipping wheat to either terminal, while the Twin city farmers, who "farm the farmers of the state" and get rich returns are charged only five cents per hundred pounds from one point to another, observes the Waseca Herald. Is it education that the farmers need to keep them on the farm or is it fair and equal rates and priveleges as shippers and business men, as producers and also as consumers, that will make them satisfied with their laborious calling?

Hon. E. E. Adams, the broad gauge and able editor of the Fergus Falls Journal, comes out squarely in favor of the nomination of Thomas D. O'Brien by the republican state convention to succeed himself as a justice of the supreme court, says Robert C. Dunn in his Princeton Union. Mr. O'Brien is an ornament to the bench, and if fitness were the prime requisite he would be renominated by acclamation. We cordially approve of the Journal's article which is herewith produced.

"There has been great deal of talk about taking judiciary out of politics and nominating men for the bench regardless of their political affiliations. The republicans of the state are going to be put to the test in this matter. There is but one democratic judge on the supreme bench at the present time, Judge Thomas D. O'Brien of St. Paul. He was a prominent member of the Ramsey county bar before Governor Johnson was elected governor. The governor appointed him insurance commissioner because at that time a strong man was needed in that important office. He became one of the most influential commissioners in the country and was one of Governor Johnson's most influential advisers during his three administrations, and was the greatest moral and intellectual force in it. He was a high class man, and when a vacancy occurred in the supreme court, Governor Johnson appointed him to that position, and it was one of the most creditable apointments of his administraton. During the time he has served on the bench he has served most creditably, and if the republican party has any sense of the fitness of things, and any desire to do that which will commend them to the people of the state, it will not pull the supreme court into politics but will renominate Judge O'Brien notwithstanding he was a democrat before taking his place upon the bench."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Ogilvie Sentinel: Nearly all Minnesota calls for John Lind. Republicans as well as Democrats are wondering if he will consent to be named by the convention, and are wishing that he will.

Walker Pilot: After reading over the list of candidates for state treasurer one wonders whether the approaching republican convention is a political affair or just a bankers' re-union.

St. Peter Herald: William J. Bryan has attacked Governor Harmon in the Commoner and seeks to discredit Ohio's chief magistrate as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for president. In doing so he repeats the tactics he used when a governor of our own state was put forward for the place. Col. Bryan has been signally honored by the democracy, and in the next campaign, when democratic success is not only possible but probable, it would be becoming in him to permit the rank and file of the party to select its own candidate and then prepare to support him unitedly.

Warren Register (Rep.): If state legislatures are not to be trusted to elect United State senators, let's do away with state legislatures altogether. The member of the legislature who will sell his vote for senator will sell it for any measure that comes before the legislature, if the interested party will pay him his price. If legislatures are not honest enough to be allowed to choose senators, how can we trust them to make laws upon any subject affecting the public welfare? There's no consistency about the demand for popular election of senators, for it is a cinch that any man who is on the square in matters of legislation will be on the square when called upon to aid in the election of a senator.

Hallock Enterprise. The average intelligent voter will not longer blindly follow party dictation and he has awakened to the monstrous deceptin of party leaders who have in the past appealed to his partisan pride, while the men for whom he has shouted and voted have been convenient "rubber stamps" for the Aldrich-Cannon program.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: Just how a congressman can be an insurgent and yet support the Taft administration is one of the things that needs a heap more explanation than has been given so far.

Cannon Falls Beacon: Mr. Tawney is himself to blame if the country insists on a practical demonstration of the tariff commission plan, introduced by him and passed by the house, before they will accept it. Mr. Tawney has been working all sorts of flim flam practices on the people in an effort to distract their attention from the main point at issue which is that he is the trusted agent of monopoly.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Margaret Liffrig.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Liffrig, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Johanna Arndt, Nicholas Nimesgern, Peter Nimesgern, Mary Tarhes, Anna Bastian, John Peter Nimesgern, John Nimesgern, St. Peter's & St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church of Mazeppa, Minn., John Ternes, Mary Arndt, John Nimesgern Jr., Lorretta Barand, St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church of Red Lake Falls, Minn., and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Nicholas Nimesgern being duly filed in this court, representing that Margaret Liffrig, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 19th day of May, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Nicholas Nimesgern, Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, in the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the first day of July, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, Ira C. Richardson Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this sixth day of June, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON
Judge

Court Seal
Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Petitioner.   je9-j14

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn.   tf

LAMBERT.

Laura Gibeau is working for a few weeks at A. Boucher's.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Adelore Boucher, a baby girl.

C. Robideau and family left Tuesday for Winnipeg to visit with relatives for a few days.

J. Bergeron went to Brooks Tuesday.

Mrs. J. Bergeron is sick at her home at Buck Town.

Xavier Bouchier came home from Minneapolis Tuesday bringing with him a bride.

Isaac Fournier called at the J. Bergeron home Monday.

J. Fournier and family left Saturday for their home in Black Duck after visiting for several weeks with friends and relatives at Red Lake Falls and Lambert.

Alice Robideau, daughter of J. Robideau, died at her home Monday morning.

A. Paquin is busy building the foundation for his new barn.

Miss Edna Swanson was at Lambert Saturday.

Alice Dery is staying with her sister Mrs. A. Paquin.

Philrome Lacoursiere and Adelise Biovin were married at Louisville last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Lambert were in Brooks Tuesday on business.

Miss Rose Dery returned home from Crookston where she has been sewing for the last three months.

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOBS.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 24th day of June, 1910, at one o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 46 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date May 27th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source, being Stations "O" to Station No. "224" both inclusive and contemplating the excavation and removal of 31,554.0 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the side of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of construction, in any case, as stated in said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: Three Thousand One Hundred Fifty-five and 40-100.

The estimated total cost of the work is $4,530.40 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 1st, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
SEAL   County Auditor Red Lake County.
je2-16   State of Minnesota.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } ss

In the matter of the petition of William C. Hunt and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 47.

Notice is Hereby Given That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 47, said ditch is located wholly within the Townships One Hundred Fifty-two (152) and One Hundred Fifty-three (153), Range Forty (40).

A description of Main Ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east and one hundred and forty (140) feet north of the quarter corner in the center of section seven (7), township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40) thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter or center line in sections seven (7) and six (6), to a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of Section six (6) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) and sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty -30- to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two -152-, range forty -40- and the lands over and through which it passes are as follows: Commencing at a point seventeen hundred -1700- feet east of the quarter corner between sections six -6- and seven -7-, thence running due west parallel with and twenty -20- feet south of the section line between sections six -6- and seven -7- to a point twenty -20- feet south and twenty -20- feet east of the northwest corner of the northeast quarter -NE¼- of section seven -7- where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the main ditch No. forty-seven -47- as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Tone O. Rjenstad, Fred L. Farley, Knut Olson, Gustar Swenson, Swan B. Swanson, J. A. Duffy, Thomas G. Rome, Andreas Anensen, Frank York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Hovland, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hyland, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skreland, Mike Kolski, Charles W. Johnson, Clarence Haylord, Oscar E. Lillo, John Quirk, Daniel Sullivan, William G. Hunt, Annie Snokely, Walter McAndress, Kate O'Brien, Charley Clark, Frank Jeffers, Olaf H. Snoback, Even J. Lund, Jerry O'Brien, Aanund Knutson, Julius Halvorson, Andrew M. Johnson, Kettel Vindlos, Gust B. Tveit, Martin Solum, Andrew T. Myrum, Arne Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Joseph E. O'Toole, Lars E. Olte, Township of Deer Park, Township of Highlanding and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county, to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 1st day of July, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 10.00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of the surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated May 24th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minn.
County Auditor's Seal   je2-16

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Wylie Farmers Elevator and Mercantile Company will be held at Wylie July 1st at 1:30 p. m. Sealed bids for the position as manager of the above company will be considered not later than June 30th. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Address bids to
C. O. SWANSON, Secretary,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Star Route.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Great Big Baked Potatoes

They're a feature of the Northern Pacific's Dining Car service. They weigh at least two pounds apiece. They are fine. So is the service in general. Tender meats, good fish, eggs from our own poultry farm; bread, cakes, pies and ice cream made at our own bakeries in Seattle and St. Paul, Washington creamery butter, milk in individual bottles, whipped cream for coffee.

All prepared by expert chefs and served by experienced waiters—a corps of Dining Car Instructors is maintained to keep the service "up to the handle."

Northern Pacific Ry

Provides service that sets the pace—not only in its Dining Cars, but all the way through.

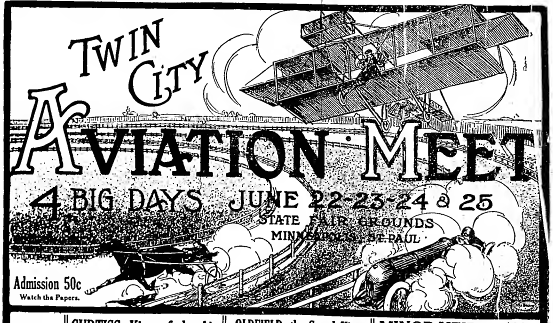
Several electric-lighted trains east and west every day. Low Summer Tourist Fares.

Let me help you plan your trip.

A. C. Cowles, Agent, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

A. M. CLELAND,
General Passenger Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

The Scenic Highway through the Land of Fortune



Aviators | CURTISS, King of the Air — Willard, Mars, Harmon, Capt Baldwin and others. | OLDFIELD, the Speed King — In his 200 H. P. Car. KISCHLER in his Darracq. As well as local Automobile and Motor Cycle Races. | MINOR HEIR, 1.59¼ — KING OF THE TURF — Will race Curtiss and Oldfield. The fastest horse, fastest aeroplane and fastest auto in a competition for the WORLD'S speed supremacy.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on an imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.
Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.
MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

AN ABSOLUTELY PURE FLOUR

MASCOT

"It's all the wheat that's fit to eat."

Sold by enterprising grocers anywhere.

Always uniform and always pure.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry
EXCURSION BULLETIN

June 1 to Sept. 30—Summer Tourist Fares to Eastern Canada, New York and New England. Optional Routes.

June 3 to July 30—Every Friday. Low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 7-15-22—Annual Spring Excursions to Cheboygan, Alpena, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 29 to July 3—Annual Convention of National Educational Association at Boston, Mass. Optional Routes.

July 2-3-4—Low rates for Independence Day.

July 6 to 10—Nationa Convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 24—Annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que., and return. Usual low fares.

Watch for announcements of other excursions.

APPLY TO TICKET AGENTS
FOR PARTICULARS.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Salt and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 68, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year. Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking. Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins Fargo, N. D.

Detroit Lake
CHAUTAUQUA
DETROIT, MINNESOTA
June 25 to July 4
1910

Delightful Location
Splendid Entertainment
Unexcelled Outings

Inexpensive Summer Resort
Furnished Tents Supplied at Reasonable Prices

LIST OF ATTRACTIONS
CHICAGO OPERATIC COMPANY
EDWIN LANDAM, Lecturer
LOU BEAUCHAMP, Humorist
CHAUTAUQUA Ladies' Orchestra
BILL BONE, Entertainer
J. K. GRIFFIS (Tabani) Entertainer
HON. JOSEPH FOLK, Former Governor of Missouri
ROSS CRANE, Cartoonist
MIDLAND JUBILEE SINGERS
HOW'D PLATTENBURG, Lecturer
HON. RICHARD D. YATES, Former Governor of Illinois

Write for Booklet. Detroit Chautauqua Ass'n, DETROIT, MINN.

Summons.

[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible] Red Lake County, Minnesota, [illegible] of Mortgages, on page [illegible] Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, [illegible] in the city of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of July, A. [illegible]

Dated June [illegible]

[illegible] State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn. Mortgagee.

[illegible] Attorney for Mortgagee, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Jy 9-14

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
Work Promptly Attended to

LYLE CULVERTS
MADE FROM AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES ARE RUST PROOF
CATALOGUE FREE
LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

Notice of Lis Pendens.

State of Minnesota, ss. County of Red Lake.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

[illegible] Plaintiff, against [illegible] Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this Court by the above named Plaintiff against the above named Defendants, the object, purpose and design of which is to foreclose [illegible] that certain Mortgage bearing date the [illegible] day of November, [illegible], duly made and executed [illegible] as Mortgagors, unto the above named Plaintiff as Mortgagee, and which said Mortgage was duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of December [illegible] and duly recorded [illegible] in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page [illegible]

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and are described as follows: The West one-half (W½) of Section Twenty [illegible] in Township One Hundred and Fifty [illegible] North, Range Forty [illegible] West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing 320 acres, more or less, according to the U. S. Government Survey.

Dated May [illegible]

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

Office of Register of Deeds,
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of May A. D. [illegible] o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page [illegible]

FRANK JEFFERS,
Register of Deeds.
By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Get the Choice Oranges of Our 5,000 Groves

We pick, pack and ship 60% of the California Orange crop. These are of varying grades. The choicest selections are packed under the "Sunkist" label. To get the finest oranges you must insist on fruit that is wrapped in tissue paper with the word "Sunkist" printed thereon.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

They are delightfully sweet, juicy and fiberless. They are firm, thin skinned and deep tinted.

"Sunkist" oranges and lemons are picked by gloved hands, wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper, packed carefully so as to eliminate chances of becoming bruised or soft. No bruised fruit or fruit that falls to the ground is put in a "Sunkist" wrapper.

Look for "Sunkist" on the wrapper. Ask your dealer for oranges and lemons with "Sunkist" label on the tissue paper wrapper. Oranges and lemons without "Sunkist" wrappers are *not* "Sunkist" brand. Be sure you get oranges and lemons in their original "Sunkist" wrappers.

Free: Rogers' Orange Spoon

To make it doubly interesting for you to insist on "Sunkist" in the original wrappers—either oranges or lemons—we will give you a beautiful Rogers' Orange Spoon. Just send us twelve wrappers and six 2c stamps for postage, packing, etc., and we will send the spoon by return mail. Get a dozen "Sunkist" and send today for your first spoon. Address

California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

BROOKS.

Johnny Turgeon and Caroline Beourgoise went to Brooks Monday.

Miss Rose Beourgoise has returned to Crookston

J. Corbeil went to Crookston this week on business.

Five girls from Brooks passed the eighth grade examination in Erskine, Ellen Sorenson, Mary and Albina Robidoux, Amy and Nina Buskirk.

Domien Carbono left for Montreal on account of sickness.

Mrs. J. Payment of Grand Rapids is visiting friends and relatives in Lambert and Brooks.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Boucher and children have gone to Grand Forks

Wonder if the comet is responsible for this nice weather?

Mrs Joe Jean has been very sick the past week.

Napoleon Lussier and Louis LaPlante are working on the new railroad.

Frank Oben and Frank Bourgois have been working on the Brooks street this week.

Napoleon Lavore and J. Guururd went to Erskine last Friday.

Many people from Cisco, Plummer, Lambert and Terrebonne attended the dance at the M. W. A. hall at Brooks, June 2nd.

Albert Poirer accompanied by Misses Dela and Leah Pigeon visited at Brooks Sunday.

Mrs Joe Marsonette who has been sick for so long at Crookston is at home now quite well.

Messrs Asplin and Robidoux went to Brooks Tuesday on business.

D. Hickox went to Erskine Monday.

Miss Edna Coleman, having closed her school here, left Saturday for her home at Little Falls.

PERRAULT STATION.

The contract for the construction of 32 stations of road work was let last Wednesday to Louis Parenteau of Terrebonne.

Two new patrons, Sam Luxemberg and A. Haule, are now hauling milk to the cheese factory.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Ducharme took their son David to Red Lake Falls to have his eyes tested by Dr. Spofford.

M. Dupount is learning the art of cheese making from Homer Purenteau.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosur Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902, at 5 o'clock and ten minutes p. m., in book 19 of mortgages on page 310 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $246.80; that said mortgagee has paid for extension of an abstract of said premises $2.50; that the amount claimed and hereby declared to be due on said mortgage at this date including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract is one thousand nine hundred thirty two and 86-100 dollars ($1932.86); that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northwest quarter and north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred fifty-one (151) north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, including said taxes and extension of abstract, together with the costs of such sale and seventy five dollars ($75.00) attorney's fees stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, Mortgagee.
B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Slayton, Minn.
m5 je16

The Grade Stallion "Farmers Fancy"

Will stand for the season of 1910 at the following places: Red Lake Falls, Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday, at Prudhomme's barn; Brooks, Saturday, at home the rest of the week. If requested wil stop at places between the rivers.—Victor Delage, Owner.

PROCEEDINGS

Continued From First Page.

not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.

Dated this 10th day of June A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

The petition of Ole Skreland and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the Board and read, and the Board being satisfied that all the conditions of Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimosly the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was made.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Skreland and Others for Locating and Constructing County Ditch No. 53 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the the 23rd day of March, 1910, signed by Ole Skreland and others praying for the establishment of a certain ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 53 the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the County Auditor of said County and by law required.

And Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the County Board of Red Lake County that due notice of the pendency of said petition and the time and place at which the same would be heard has been given as required by law:

Now, Therefore, We, the County Board of said County, at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said Ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the County Auditor of said County on or before the First day of August, 1910.

Dated June 10, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
of the county Board,
of Red Lake county.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
county Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

On motion made by Commissioner Aubol, duly seconded by commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Ole Skreland and others, designated by the county auditor as county Ditch No. 53 was made.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Skreland and others for county Ditch No 53 in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas a petition bearing date the 23rd day of March A. D. 1910, signed by Ole Skreland and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said County, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 53 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the County Auditor of said County; and said County Auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice and the said county Auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice and the said county Board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now, Therefore, We, the county Board of said county, at a Special session held this day., do hereby appoint K. O. Gigstad and Alfred Lindquist, and Otto Zaiser, three resident free holders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewes shll first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers and therefter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch andof the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county Auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified in the order of the county Auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby, and, having completed said view and examinaton of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county Auditor of said county within thirty days of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county and the description to be given in legal form), and the total numbr of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land the damage, if any to riparian rights pertaining to any tract and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road, or railroad or benefis any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds, or railroads, and report said benefits together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed; and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch, and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon the said viewers shall proceed according to chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.

Dated this 10th day June, A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor,
(County Auditor's Seal.)

The petition of Sam S. Huseby and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the Board and read, and the Board being satisfied that all the conditions of Chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was made.

In the Matter of the Petition of Sam S. Huseby and Others for Locating and Constructing County Ditch No. 54 in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 5th day of May, 1910, signed by Sam S. Huseby and others praying for the establishment of a certain Ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the County Auditor as county Ditch No. 54 the route of which is more fully described in said petition, and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county Auditor of said county as by law required.

And, Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the county Board of Red Lake county, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law.

Now, Therfore, We, the County Board of said county, at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz, as a competent and experinced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county Auditor of said county on or before the First day of of August, 1910.

Dated June 10, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman,
of County Board of Red Lake County.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

On motion made by commissioner Aubol, duly seconded by commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimosly the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Sam S. Huseby, and others, designated by the county Auditor as County Ditch No. 54, was made.

In the matter of the petition of Sam S. Huseby and others for County Ditch No. 54 in the conuty of Red Lake State of Minnesota:

State of Minneosta, county of Red Lake, ss;

Whereas, a petition bearing date the 5th day of May, A. D. 1910, signed by Sam S. Huseby and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in saidcounty, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 54, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county; and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition and said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition persuant to said notice; and the County Board of said County have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now Therefore, We, The County Board of said County at a Special session held this day, do hereby appoint Joseph Belair and Gilbert Haavi and A. R. Jones, three resident freeholders of said County, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of the said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers; and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the County Auditor of said County designating the time and place of the first meeting of the said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the County Auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefited thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said County Auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the name of the owner of each tract of land to be benefited or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract so benefited or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the County tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged (as the case may be) the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandored lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains either in whole or in part any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefit, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private, or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and the branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch, including the damages assessed therefor is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

By C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.

Dated this 10th day of June, A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

Motion made and seconded, that the Board adjourn sine die.

Motion carried.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-
Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

SCOTT'S EMULSION
is now a summer as well as a winter remedy. It has the same invigorating and strength-producing effect in summer as in winter.
Try It in a little cold milk or water.
ALL DRUGGISTS

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, Mortgagee, dated February 20th, 1902 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on April 24th, 1902 at five o'clock and [illegible] minutes p. m. in book 19 of mortgages, on page [illegible] [illegible] of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northwest quarter and north half of [illegible] the city of Red Lake Falls, [illegible] mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.
EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited, [illegible]
B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee
Slayton, Minn.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Rooms over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE GREAT FAIR OF THE GREAT WEST
Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition
The Annual Exposition of the
Wonderland of the World
Triumphal Live Stock and Agricultural Exhibits
THE WORLD-FAMOUS TRACTOR TEST
Track devoted to Heavy Harness Horse Judging July 18-20
HOME-FARM-FACTORY-NATION EXHIBITS
TROUPE OF ELEPHANTS
GREAT CIRCUS ACTS
SHOWS—MUSIC—SPECTACLES
Pyrotechnic Climax and Military Tournament
"With Roberts in Afghanistan"
turning night into a crater of fire.
Send for Prize List and Programme.
TEN DAYS—NINETEEN TEN
JULY 13-23

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breu, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Pindeisen, N. G.; F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hausen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN.—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandin, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pas.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43 Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE
Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or normal power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

WOMAN ESCAPES OPERATION

Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Elwood, Ind.—"Your remedies have cured me and I have only taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was sick three months and could not walk. I suffered all the time. The doctors said I could not get well without an operation, for I could hardly stand the pains in my sides, especially my right one, and down my right leg. I began to feel better when I had taken only one bottle of Compound, but kept on as I was afraid to stop too soon."—Mrs. SADIE MULLEN, 2728 N. B. St., Elwood, Ind.

Why will women take chances with an operation or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion, and nervous prostration.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c and $1.00 at Druggists

GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS
[illegible] of all kinds. Baseball goods at [illegible]. Mail orders solicited.
Buckman Hardware Co., 57 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

[illegible] Thompson's Eye Water

A Horse Lover.

James R. Keene, who is noted no less as a horseman than as a financier, said at a luncheon at his Cedarhurst residence:

"My love of horses has been a great comfort to me all my life. I have always kept my horses in their place, though I haven't allowed them to interfere with my business.

"Some men carry their love of horses altogether too far. Such a one was a young father who stood, with his fair wife, before the crib of their first born.

"'Isn't he wonderful?' the young mother cried. 'Did you ever see anything like him at twenty-six months?'

"'Maternal love is all very well,' the father retorted, impatiently, 'but please don't try to compare it with a two-year-old thoroughbred.'"

Good Work Proceeds Slowly.

At the present rate of increase nearly forty-five years must elapse before sufficient hospital accommodations to provide for all the indigent consumptives in the United States will be provided, declares the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. Although over 7,000 beds in hospitals, sanatoria, camps and wards for tuberculous patients were established last year, there are fully 300,000 indigent consumptives who ought to be placed in such institutions and a total of only 22,720 beds in the entire country. On May 1, 1909, there were 15,214 beds for consumptives and 291 institutions. The annual report of the national association shows an increase of 99 institutions and 7,500 beds.

Different.

Windig—Do you mean to say you believe that story Bilinks told us this morning?

Hobert—Sure I do.

Windig—Well, I'm surprised. Why, I wouldn't believe it if I had told it myself.

Hobert—Neither would I.

Question of Precedent.

"What makes you doubt that all men are born equal?"

"The absolute confidence of every parent that his baby is superior to any other in existence."

A Taste
A Smile
And satisfaction to the last mouthful—

Post Toasties

There's pleasure in every package. A trial will show the fascinating flavour.

Served right from the package with cream or milk and sometimes fruit—fresh or stewed.

"The Memory Lingers"

Pkgs. 10c and 15c.
Sold by Grocers.

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night, she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. She passed a terrible night, which was filled with unseemly noises. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff button in a clothes hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot. A strange man was found shot to death in the hall. It proved to be the body of Arnold Armstrong, whose banker father owned the country house. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared.

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

"Especially what?"

"Especially since Jack Bailey and Arnold Armstrong were notoriously bad friends. It was Bailey who got Arnold into trouble last spring—something about the bank. And then, too—"

"Go on," I said. "If there is anything more, I ought to know."

"There's nothing more," he said evasively. "There's just one thing we may bank on, Miss Innes. Any court in the country will acquit a man who kills an intruder in his house at night. If Halsey—"

"Why, you don't think Halsey did it!" I exclaimed. There was a queer feeling of physical nausea coming over me.

"No, no, not at all," he said with forced cheerfulness. "Come, Miss Innes, you're a ghost of yourself, and I am going to help you upstairs and call your maid. This has been too much for you."

About six o'clock Gertrude came in. She was fully dressed, and I sat up nervously.

"Poor Aunty!" she said. "What a shocking night you have had!" She came over and sat down on the bed, and I saw she looked very tired and worn.

"Is there anything new?" I asked anxiously.

"Nothing. The car is gone, but Warner"—he is the chauffeur—"Warner is at the lodge and knows nothing about it."

"Well," I said, "if I ever get my hands on Halsey Innes I shall not let go until I have told him a few things. When we get this cleared up, I am going back to the city to be quiet. One more night like the last two will end me. The peace of the country—fiddlesticks!"

Whereupon I told Gertrude of the noises the night before, and the figure on the veranda in the east wing. As an afterthought I brought out the pearl cuff-link.

"I have no doubt now," I said, "that it was Arnold Armstrong the night before last, too. He had a key, no doubt, but why he should steal into his father's house I cannot imagine. He could have come with my permission easily enough. Anyhow, whoever it was that night left this little souvenir."

Gertrude took one look at the cuff-link and went as white as the pearls in it; she clutched at the foot of the bed and stood staring. As for me, I was quite as astonished as she was.

"Where did—you—find it?" she asked finally, with a desperate effort at calm. And while I told her she stood looking out of the window with a look I could not fathom on her face. It was a relief when Mrs. Watson tapped at the door and brought me some tea and toast. The cook was in bed, completely demoralized, she reported, and Liddy, brave with the daylight, was looking for footprints around the house. Mrs. Watson herself was a wreck; she was blue-white around the lips, and she had one hand tied up. She said she had fallen downstairs in her excitement. It was natural, of course, that the thing would shock her, having been the Armstrongs' housekeeper for several years and knowing Mr. Arnold well.

Gertrude had slipped out during my talk with Mrs. Watson, and I dressed and went downstairs. The billiard and card rooms were locked until the coroner and the detectives got there, and the men from the club had gone back for more conventional clothing.

I could hear Thomas in the pantry alternately wailing for Mr. Arnold, as he called him, and citing the tokens that had precursed the murder. The house seemed to choke me, and, slipping a shawl around me, I went out on the drive. At the corner by the east wing I met Liddy. Her skirts were draggled with dew to her knees and her hair was still in crimps.

"Go right in and change your clothes," I said sharply. "You're a sight, and at your age!"

She had a golf stick in her hand, and she said she had found it on the lawn. There was nothing unusual about it, but it occurred to me that a golf stick with a metal end might have been the object that had scratched the stairs near the cardroom. I took it from her, and sent her up for dry garments. Her daylight courage and self-importance, and her shuddering delight in the mystery, irritated me beyond words. After I left her I made a circuit of the building. Nothing seemed to be disturbed; the house looked as calm and peaceful in the morning sun as it had the day I had been coerced into taking it. There was nothing to show that inside had been mystery and violence and sudden death.

In one of the tulip beds back of the house an early blackbird was pecking viciously at something that glittered in the light. I picked my way gingerly over through the dew and stooped down; almost buried in the soft ground was a revolver! I scraped the earth off it with the tip of my shoe, and, picking it up, slipped it into my pocket. Not until I had got into my bedroom and double-locked the door did I venture to take it out and examine it. One look was all I needed. It was Halsey's revolver. I had unpacked it the day before and put it on his shaving stand, and there could be no mistake. His name was on a small silver plate on the handle.

I seemed to see a network closing around my boy, innocent as I knew he was. The revolver—I am afraid of them, but anxiety gave me courage to look through the barrel—the revolver had still two bullets in it. I could only breathe a prayer of thankfulness that I had found the revolver before any sharp-eyed detective had come around.

I decided to keep what clues I had, the cuff-link, the golf stick and the revolver, in a secure place until I could see some reason for displaying them. The cuff-link had been dropped into a little filigree box on my toilet table. I opened the box and felt around for it. The box was empty—the cuff-link had disappeared!

CHAPTER V.

Gertrude's Engagement.

At ten o'clock the Casanova hack brought up three men. They introduced themselves as the coroner of the county and two detectives from the city. The coroner led the way at once to the locked wing, and with the aid of one of the detectives examined the rooms and the body. The other detective, after a short scrutiny of the dead man, busied himself with the outside of the house. It was only after they had got a fair idea of things as they were that they sent for me.

I received them in the living room, and I had made up my mind exactly what to tell. I had taken the house for the summer, I said, while the Armstrongs were in California. In spite of a rumor among the servants about strange noises—I cited Thomas—nothing had occurred the first two nights.

"One Look Was All I Needed."

On the third night I believed that some one had been in the house; I had heard a crashing sound, but being alone with one maid had not investigated. The house had been locked in the morning and apparently undisturbed.

Then, as clearly as I could, I related how, the night before, a shot had roused us; that my niece and I had investigated and found a body; that I did not know who the murdered man was until Mr. Jarvis from the club informed me, and that I knew of no reason why Mr. Arnold Armstrong should steal into his father's house at night. I should have been glad to allow him entree there at any time.

"Have you reason to believe, Miss Innes," the coroner asked, "that any member of your household, imagining Mr. Armstrong was a burglar, shot him in self-defense?"

"I have no reason for thinking so," I said quietly.

"Your theory is that Mr. Armstrong was followed here by some enemy and shot as he entered the house?"

"I don't think I have a theory," I said. "The thing that has puzzled me is why Mr. Armstrong should enter his father's house two nights in succession, stealing in like a thief, when he needed only to ask entrance to be admitted."

The coroner was a very silent man; he took some notes after this, but he seemed anxious to make the next train back to town. He set the inquest for the following Saturday, gave Mr. Jamieson, the younger of the two detectives, and the more intelligent looking, a few instructions, and, after gravely shaking hands with me and regretting the unfortunate affair, took his departure, accompanied by the other detective.

I was just beginning to breathe freely when Mr. Jamieson, who had been standing by the window, came over to me.

"The family consists of yourself alone, Miss Innes?"

"My niece is here," I said.

"There is no one but yourself and your niece?"

"My nephew." I had to moisten my lips.

"Oh, a nephew. I should like to see him, if he is here."

"He is not here just now," I said as quietly as I could. "I expect him—at any time."

"He was here yesterday evening, I believe?"

"No—yes."

"Didn't he have a guest with him? Another man?"

"He brought a friend with him to stay over Sunday, a Mr. Bailey."

"Mr. John Bailey, the cashier of the Traders' bank, I believe." And I knew that some one at the Greenwood club had told. "When did they leave?"

"Very early—I don't know at just what time."

Mr. Jamieson turned suddenly and looked at me.

"Please try to be more explicit," he said. "You say your nephew and Mr. Bailey were in the house last night, and yet you and your niece, with some women servants, found the body. Where was your nephew?"

I was entirely desperate by that time.

"I do not know," I cried, "but be sure of this: Halsey knows nothing of this thing, and no amount of circumstantial evidence can make an innocent man guilty."

"Sit down," he said, pushing forward a chair. "There are some things I have to tell you, and, in return, please tell me all you know. Believe me, things always come out. In the first place, Mr. Armstrong was shot from above. The bullet was fired at close range, entered below the shoulder and came out, after passing through the heart, well down the back. In other words, I believe the murderer stood on the stairs and fired down. In the second place, I found on the edge of the billiard table a charred cigar which had burned itself partly out, and a cigarette which had consumed itself to the cork tip. Neither one had been more than lighted, then put down and forgotten. Have you any idea what it was that made your nephew and Mr. Bailey leave their cigars and their game, take out the automobile without calling the chauffeur, and all that at—let me see—certainly before three o'clock in the morning?"

"I don't know," I said, "but depend on it, Mr. Jamieson, Halsey will be back himself to explain everything."

"I sincerely hope so," he said. "Miss Innes, has it occurred to you that Mr. Bailey might know something of this?"

Gertrude had come downstairs and just as he spoke she came in. I saw her stop suddenly, as if she had been struck.

"He does not," she said in a tone that was not her own. "Mr. Bailey and my brother know nothing of this. The murder was committed at three. They left the house at a quarter before three."

"How do you know that?" Mr. Jamieson asked oddly. "Do you know at what time they left?"

"I do," Gertrude answered firmly. "At a quarter before three my brother and Mr. Bailey left the house, by the main entrance. I—was—there."

"Gertrude," I said excitedly, "you are dreaming! Why, at a quarter to three—"

"Listen," she said. "At half-past two the downstairs telephone rang. I had not gone to sleep, and I heard it. Then I heard Halsey answer it, and in a few minutes he came upstairs and knocked at my door. We—we talked for a minute, then I put on my dressing gown and slippers, and went downstairs with him. Mr. Bailey was in the billiard room. We—we all talked together for perhaps ten minutes. Then it was decided that—that they should both go away—"

"Can't you be more explicit?" Mr. Jamieson asked. "Why did they go away?"

"I am only telling you what happened, not why it happened," she said evenly. "Halsey went for the car, and instead of bringing it to the house and rousing people, he went by the lower road from the stable. Mr. Bailey was to meet him at the foot of the lawn. Mr. Bailey left—"

"Which way?" Mr. Jamieson asked sharply.

"By the main entrance. He left—it was a quarter to three. I know exactly."

"The clock in the hall is stopped, Miss Innes," said Jamieson. Nothing seemed to escape him.

"He looked at his watch," she replied, and I could see Mr. Jamieson's eyes snap, as if he had made a discovery. As for myself, during the whole recital I had been plunged into the deepest amazement.

"Will you pardon me for a personal question?" The detective was a youngish man, and I thought he was somewhat embarrassed. "What are your—your relations with Mr. Bailey?"

Gertrude hesitated. Then she came over and put her hand lovingly in mine.

"I am engaged to marry him," she said simply.

I had grown so accustomed to surprises that I could only gasp again, and as for Gertrude, the hand that lay in mine was burning with fever.

"And—after that," Mr. Jamieson went on, "you went directly to bed?"

Gertrude hesitated.

"No," she said finally. "I—I am not nervous, and after I had extinguished the light, I remembered something I had left in the billiard room, and I felt my way back there through the darkness."

"Will you tell me what it was you had forgotten?"

"I cannot tell you," she said slowly. "I—I did not leave the billiard room at once—"

"Why?" The detective's tone was imperative. "This is very important, Miss Innes."

"I was crying," Gertrude said in a low tone. "When the French clock in the drawing room struck three I got up and then—I heard a step on the east porch, just outside the cardroom. Some one with a key was working with the latch, and I thought, of course, of Halsey. When we took the house he called that his entrance, and he had carried a key for it ever since. The door opened and I was about to ask what he had forgotten, when there was a flash and a report. Some heavy body dropped, and, half crazed with terror and shock, I ran through the drawing room and got upstairs—I scarcely remember how."

She dropped into a chair, and I thought Mr. Jamieson must have finished. But he was not through.

"You certainly clear your brother and Mr. Bailey admirably," he said. "The testimony is invaluable, especially in view of the fact that your brother and Mr. Armstrong had, I believe, quarreled rather seriously some time ago."

"Nonsense," I broke in. "Things are bad enough, Mr. Jamieson, without inventing bad feeling where it doesn't exist. Gertrude, I don't think Halsey knew the—the murdered man, did he?"

But Mr. Jamieson was sure of his ground.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

King Arthur's Round Table.

Although the work of excavating the Roman amphitheater popularly known as King Arthur's Round Table at Caerleon, Monmouthshire, has only been in progress a few days, some very interesting discoveries have been made. The most striking undoubtedly is that of the two piers of the southern gateway through which the chariots passed into the arena.

The gateway is nine feet six inches in width, and the walls are of characteristic Roman work, with massive stones still looking as if they would last for centuries. From the upper to the lower wall must have stretched beams of wood or connecting walls on which sloping lines of seats were built, there being room, it is estimated, for 11 tiers giving seating capacity for between 4,000 and 5,000 spectators.—London Evening Standard.

One Mr. Thackeray.

The plaintiff in the theatrical libel case explained that she adopted the name of Walker because she liked it better than that of Thackeray. It must be embarrassing, no doubt, to be in continued danger of the funny man's question, "How the Dickens do you come to have such a name?" But one Mr. Thackeray, whom Lord Melbourne, when his mind was becoming weak, met one day in a railway carriage, must have had even stranger reasons for wishing he had some other name. "Pray sir," asked Melbourne, "are you the Mr. Thackeray who invented brass locks?" "No," said the stranger. "Are you the Mr. Thackeray who wrote 'Vanity Fair'?" "No." "Then what the —— Mr. Thackeray are you?"—London Chronicle.

In Accordance with Scripture.

A Boer had sold to a mission Kaffir the carcass of an ox that had died from lung sickness. The missionary remonstrated with him, and threatened to report him to the authorities. The Boer expressed his surprise at such language from a missionary, saying he had acted strictly according to Scriptural precept. The missionary said he would not say another word if the Boer could justify his act from the Bible. The Boer thereupon asked for a Bible and, referring to Deut. 14:21, read as follows:

"Ye shall not eat of anything that dieth of itself; thou shalt give it to the stranger that is within thy gates, that he may eat it; or thou mayest sell it unto an alien."

A New Sun-Defying Cloth.

A new cloth is being made in Calcutta, India, which is manufactured on scientific principles to conform to nature's plan of warding off the sun's rays, as exemplified in the color of the skin and the pigments under the skin. It is the belief of physicians that one of the chief reasons for the many deaths recorded in hot weather is that of improper clothing. The designers of what we must wear to be of the elect may ordain a color or texture thoroughly unsuited to the prevailing climatic conditions, and safety and comfort are often jeopardized in consequence.—Van Norden Magazine.

ONE REASON FOR STATUES

Not Altogether Devoid of Common Sense Was Answer Given to Inquisitive Child.

A Washington dentist praised enthusiastically the respect paid to the memory of Horace Wells by the French government. It has erected recently a statue of him in the Place des Etats Unis, in Paris, and the unveiling ceremony in March was attended by distinguished scientists from all over the world.

"Professor Wells," said the dentist, "was born in Hartford in 1815. He was a pioneer in the use of nitrous oxide gas in dental operations to prevent pain, and for his discoveries in anaesthesia he may be regarded as a benefactor to mankind.

"Wells has been dead 50 years, and France is the first—a tardy first—to acknowledge the importance of his discovery, and raise a tribute to his almost forgotten memory. This case reminds me of a conversation between a little boy and his father.

"'Why are statues erected to famous men, father,' said the child.

"'So that they may become known, dear,' was the answer."

A Cynical Synonym.

"Poor Myra Kelley," said a magazine editor at the Authors' club in New York, "was almost as distressed as Mr. Carnegie at the spirit of graft and crookedness rampant among us.

"The young writer, at a dinner of magazine contributors, said that we worshiped wealth—that was our trouble. Then she crystallized her meaning in an anecdote.

"She said that one man asked another:

"'What position does Blank hold in the community?'

"'A very honorable position,' was the reply.

"'Is he wealthy?'

"'Wealth and honor,' said the other, 'are synonymous terms in America today.'"

Casey at the Bat.

This famous poem is contained in the Coca Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910, together with records, schedules for both leagues and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities. This interesting book sent by the Coca Cola Co., of Atlanta, Ga., on receipt of 2c stamp for postage. Also copy of their booklet "The Truth About Coca Cola" which tells all about this delicious beverage and why it is so pure, wholesome and refreshing. Are you ever hot—tired—thirsty? Drink Coca Cola—it is cooling, relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst. At soda fountains and carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere.

At the Bovine Faucets.

"I sent my little boy on his first visit to the country last week," said a Washington Heights milk dealer. "Although my boyhood was passed on the old farm, Willie has grown to the age of eight in the city. He had been watching Uncle Hezekiah milk the cow on his first evening, and when he returned to the house his aunt asked him:

"'Is Uncle Hezzie through milking yet, Willie?'

"'Not yet,' answered Willie. 'He has finished two faucets and has just begun on the other two.'"

You will not get to heaven any quicker by provoking your neighbors to wishing you were there.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Too many sermons deal out sugar when the world needs moral sand.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER
for all sorts of cuts, bruises, burns and strains. Taken internally it cures diarrhea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes. 25c, 35c and 50c.

The deeper love's roots the less it runs to flowers of rhetoric.

OLD LADY'S THOUGHTFUL ACT

Didn't Mean Beloved Pastor's Digestion Should Suffer if She Could Help It.

One morning, a popular young minister was presenting his views upon an important subject under discussion, says the National Monthly, and insisting that he held certain things to be true, the commentators notwithstanding. He contended, "I hold this to be true, even though the commentators disagree with me—and again—I say, even though the commentators disagree with me."

At this point an old lady was seen to leave the church. On his way home from the service the minister was met by this old lady, bearing a basket. She stopped and handed it to him, saying: "Dear brother, I heerd you say thet common-taters disagree with you, so I've brought you a basket of Virginia yams."

His Excellence.

"I tell you," said one man to another as they emerged from the dimly lighted corridor of a concert hall, "I envy that fellow who was singing."

"Envy him!" echoed the other. "Well, if I were going to envy a singer I'd select somebody with a better voice. His was about the poorest I ever heard."

"It's not his voice I envy, man," was the reply. "It's his tremendous courage."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Some choirs have the artistic temperament so badly they will sing a lullaby just before the sermon.

For Any Disease or Injury to the eye, use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, absolutely harmless, acts quickly. 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

It is pleasant to think that the people who make gateways to the heavenly road never get any farther on it.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

If a man would be himself he must cease to think of himself.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Who has a favorite sin has a hard master.

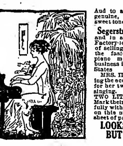
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$5, $4, $3.50, $3, $2.50 & $2
THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS.
Millions of men wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the lowest prices, quality considered, in the world. Made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions.
W. L. Douglas $5.00 and $4.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.
Boys' Shoes, $3, $2.50 & $2
W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it. Take No Substitute. Fast Color Eyelets. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Nothing Too Good
for you. That's why we want you to take CASCARETS for liver and bowels. It's not advertising talk—but merit—the great, wonderful, lasting merit of CASCARETS that we want you to know by trial. Then you'll have faith—and join the millions who keep well by CASCARETS alone. 909
CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

Tea Time Talks
Taste In Tea
is largely due to chance rather than choice. Because Japan teas first came into common use in the United States, many still drink them, although the development of the tea trade gives the choice of such a superior tea as "Salada" Green.
The increasing use of "Salada" Ceylon Tea proves that the public is cultivating a refined taste in tea. To those accustomed to Japan Tea, a cup of "Salada" Green will give a new idea of the deliciousness of this wholsome beverage.
"SALADA" TEA
Yearly Sales Over 20,000,000 Packages
Ask your grocer for "Salada" or send for a free trial package. We mail it without charge. Say whether you use Black, Mixed, Green or Japan Tea.
The "Salada" Tea Co.
Shelby Block, Detroit, Mich.

FREE! FREE! 7,000.00 MONEY VALUE PRIZES FREE!
Consisting of Purchase Checks of $25.00 to $150.00 According to Merit.
ALSO:
One Lady's Watch
One Gentleman's Watch
One Lady's Diamond Ring
For Answering this REBUS—



And to advertise the genuine, hand made, sweet toned Segerstrom Piano and to advertise our Factory-to-Home Plan of selling pianos, and the fastest growing piano manufacturing business in the United States
MRS. IDEAL is playing the accompaniment for her two little girls' singing. FIND THE TWO LITTLE GIRLS! Mark their outline carefully with pen or pencil on this or a separate sheet of paper.
LOOKS EASY, BUT IS IT?
TRY AT ONCE. Your chance is just as GOOD as any one else's. Enclose self addressed envelope to guard against answer being misdirected.
ADDRESS DEPT. B, SEGERSTROM PIANO MFG. CO.
1812 FARNUM STREET OMAHA, NEBRASKA

MICA AXLE GREASE
is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere
STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

GNAT CAUSES PELLAGRA.

Committee on Disease in Europe Says Corn Is Not to Blame.

London, May 14.—Dr. Sambon, a member of the Field committee which has been investigating the disease pellagra, telegraphs from Rome that the committee has definitely proved that maize or Indian corn is not the cause of pellagra.

The committee finds that the parasitic conveyor of the disease is the "simulium reptans," a species of biting gnat.

The Business Instinct.

An English farmer, taking his little son with him, was going to the polling station to give his vote. On the way he met a friend on the same errand, and the two entered into conversation. After an excited and heated argument about the budget they came to blows. The poor lad was much frightened, and, seeing that his father was getting the worst of it, suddenly called out to him:

"Hit him in the watch, father; that'll cost him something!"

A Wonder Worker.

Sapleigh—Ah, speaking of electricity, that makes me think—

Miss Keene—Really, Mr. Sapleigh? Isn't it remarkable what electricity can do!

[illegible] was to lead the weak to [illegible] to make a mockery of [illegible] boast of the strong.

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Cooked Corned Beef

There's a marked distinction between Libby's Cooked Corned Beef and even the best that's sold in bulk.

Evenly and mildly cured and scientifically cooked in Libby's Great White Kitchen, all the natural flavor of the fresh, prime beef is retained. It is pure, wholesome, delicious, and it is ready to serve at meal time. Saves work and worry in summer.

Other Libby "Healthful" Meal-Time-Hints, all ready to serve, are:

Peerless Dried Beef
Vienna Sausage, Veal Loaf
Evaporated Milk
Baked Beans, Chow Chow
Mixed Pickles

"Purity goes hand in hand with the Libby Brand."

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:

"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. Feed is cheaper and climate better for the purpose. Your market will improve faster than your farmers will produce the supplies. Wheat can be grown up to the 60th parallel (800 miles north of the International boundary). Your vacant land will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land." Nearly

70,000 Americans

will enter and make their homes in Western Canada this year. 1909 produced another large crop of wheat, oats and barley, in addition to which the cattle exports was an immense item. Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as lands held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you)

EARN WATCH CHAIN
WE GIVE
[illegible]
L. L. Spencer Norton S. Y.

HOMES IN SUNNY SAN JOAQUIN

[illegible] lands for homeseekers [illegible] the market by the oldest [illegible] firm in San Joaquin County [illegible] years experience in the business [illegible] county. Personal attention given [illegible] Letters promptly answered [illegible] 20 acres. These lands have never [illegible] and at the present time [illegible] low prices as compared to [illegible] the state for land of the same character. [illegible] & Co., 150 Hunter St., Stockton, Cal.

Solid Shaving Comfort
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 DeKalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

Don't Kill the Toad.

Prof. Washburn of the Minnesota division of Entomology at University Farm finds toads to be friends of the farmer. They feed entirely upon an incredible number of insects. The federal department of agriculture, investigating the toad, discovers the startling fact that in twenty-four hours the insect food consumed by one toad equals in quantity four times the capacity of its stomach, which is practically filled and emptied four times every twenty-four hours. One hundred fifty-nine stomachs examined by the department showed a content of 19 per cent of ants; 16 per cent of cut worms; 10 per cent of thousand legged worms; 9 per cent caterpillars; 8 per cent of ground beetles; 5 per cent of destructive weevles; 3 per cent of grasshoppers, together with crickets, spiders, sow bugs, potato bugs and a miscellaneous lot of other insects. Protect the toad. Teach the thoughtless boy friendliness to this helpless, harmless, useful animal.

The Pocket Gopher.

Bisulphide of carbon on a piece of burlap or oakum, thrown quickly down a pocket gopher's burrow, preferably when the soil is moist, Prof. Washburn, Minnesota entomologist, says has killed many pocket gophers in his experiment work. He uses half a pint of bisulphide at a burrow. The chemical costs at wholesale is about eight cents a pint. Its gas is very poisonous, heavier than air, penetrates the burrow, and causes death by suffocation. The openings must be completely closed with dirt to prevent air going in. Do not use matches or a light when using bisulphide. It is dangerously explosive. Resort to strychnine has sometimes been had. A little on a piece of potato, pushed far down the hole with a stick so that no scent of the hand is left in the earth, has killed many.

Fight Quack Grass Now.

Get to work now on the small patches of quack grass. Set them apart for special attention during the rest of the summer. Keep the underground stems from being dragged to other parts of the field. If the patches are two large to smother with tar paper dig up the grass, shake out the roots and underground stems carefully, and haul them from the field and burn. A five or six-tined fork will be found a valuable tool for this work. If dead the roots and stems may be plowed under to increase fertility. Look the patches over every week to catch any plants that may have been left or that may have developed. These patches may be planted to any cultivated crops. For management of large patches or fields of quack grass see Minnesota Press Bulletin No. 36.

Seed Corn Week, Sept. 19th-24th, 1910.

Are you really interested in having better seed corn for next season? Would you be willing to assist in boosting the reputation of our state along the line of production and particularly along the line of corn? Could you be counted on to co-operate with the extension division by saving your seed corn early this season and urging your neighbors to do the same?

We need to make this "seed corn week" a state-wide movement.

Reports received at the Minnesota Experiment Station at St. Anthony Park from Minnesota Farmers who raise large yields of corn and potatoes show that the cultivation of corn immediately after planting (when it may be done deeply) and kept up as long as possible in the season, gives the best yields and best quality of grain. Cultivate shallow, not more than one to two inches deep, after the roots begin to grow.

The Old Method of Cultivating corn was to go over the field with a drag when the corn was just coming up. This method is no longer recommended by the Minnesota department of agriculture. Modern methods at University Farm, St. Anthony Park, are the use of the cultivator and deep stirring of the earth as soon as planting is over, and shallow cultivation when the roots have started.

Bull Thistles, Common In Pastures, cannot always be killed by mowing. Mowing tends to prevent maturity of seed. Cutting off the thistles just below the surface of the ground, two or three times a year, will effectually eradicate them. Working the ground in rotation of grass, grain and corn is a very sure way of eradicating weeds.

Strawberries.—The Minnesota Experiment Station has had best results by cultivating the strawberries set out in the spring, and by picking off all blossoms that appear during the first year. Fruiting the first season weakens the plants. The Station keeps the runners in the row where they will take root and form new plants.

Kill the weeds in the corn and potatoes. Weeds take up moisture the crops need and prevent the circulation of air thus encouraging the spread of plant diseases. They shade the ground and keep the soil from absorbing heat—an important factor in corn growth.

Cultivate Corn Often to save soil moisture is advised by the Minnesota Experiment Station.

Spraying of Dandelions.

For the past two years iron sulphate has been used at the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station for the eradication of dandelions in lawns. Fairly good success has resulted from these experiments. Although spraying the dandelions does not by any means mean absolute destruction of this pest, it at least kills many of the flowering stalks and keeps hundreds of dandelions from coming to seed. It also kills many of the younger plants. If one were to spray a lawn carefully for an entire season the result would possibly warrant the time and expense connected with the spraying. Iron sulphate at the rate of 1½ pounds to 1 gallon of water is the proper proportion to use on the lawns. The spray should be applied with a sprayer which gives a very fine, mist-like spray. Apply the solution about three days after the lawn is cut, on a day that is bright and warm. The grass will be somewhat blackened but little damage results. Some of the white clover, owing to its broad leaf is somewhat injured. The lawn should be sprayed about once a month. Care should be taken when spraying to keep the solution off of the cement walks as it discolors them.

Cut Worm Destruction.

The State Entomologist, Prof. F. L. Washburn, says that some relief may be had from cut worms by the use of poisoned baits, made and applied as follows: Make a bran mash, sweeten with molasses or brown sugar, and add enough Paris green to make it a decided green color. A big tablespoonful of this placed at intervals among the plants, just at nightfall, will attract the cut worms, and kill a large number. These baits should not be put too close to the plants for fear rain will wash the Paris green against the plants and injure them. Cut worms do not die immediately upon taking this poison, but it is sure death after a few hours. Traps, consisting of pieces of board, placed about the garden, may be used, under which the cut worms will be found in the morning. Some birds prey upon them, and various parasites and predaceous insects attack them. In the case of field crops, where it is possible, frequent cultivation will turn the worms up, enabling birds and other enemies to prey upon them.

Another Less Than a Dollar Dinner.

Four college girls of Miss Shepperd's senior class in domestic science gave the last of the class dinners, of the college year, recently, in the Domestic Science Building, at the Experiment Station, at St. Anthony Park. Six guests were present. Following is the menu: First course—Tomato soup, croutons; second, stuffed heart, potato puff, lima beans, Parker House rolls, mint ice; third, Waldorf salad, pastry sticks; fourth, Rhubarb pie, cream meringue, coffee, cream, sugar. The cost was 99½ cents, or a little over 16 cents for each person. In the college dining hall the meals cost each student at this season of the year 15 cents, but the actual cost of the food, eaten is about 8 cents.

Fodder Corn.—At the Minnesota Experiment Station it is thought that fodder corn may be planted this year up to the 10th or 15th of June. It will yield several more tons per acre than hay. Harrow the field smooth, sow the corn in drills three feet to three feet eight inches apart and the kernels from one to two inches apart in the row. Fodder corn may be harrowed until it is two or three inches high, but harrowing this must not be construed as suggesting the harrowing of field corn. Such harrowing is regarded at the Station as bad practice. Cultivate the fodder corn every week through the growing season.

The Minnesota Experiment Station does not recommend the killing of an animal for the purpose of human food within twenty-four hours after feeding. When an animal is on full feed it is impossible to thoroughly drain the veins. Food in the stomach rapidly decomposes after the animal is killed, and the gases generated often flavor the meat disagreeably. Water, however, may be given up to the time of slaughter. It keeps the temperature normal and helps to wash the effete matter out of the system. A nicely colored carcass results.

The Division of Botany and Plant Pathology has just prepared a novel weed seed collection of twenty-four seeds, including seeds of quack grass, Canada thistle, mustard, etc. The collection is now on sale. Price 50c to farmers of this state, and 75c to nonresidents. Send orders to Cashier, Minnesota Experiment Station, St. Paul, Minn.

The Experiment station at University Farm has never been able to discover a way of telling, before placing in an incubator or under a hen, whether an egg will hatch or if it will produce a rooster or pullet.

In setting hens, or in incubating artificially, the Minnesota Experiment station has found best results by selecting eggs of a uniform size, with smooth shell and as perfectly formed as possible.

Sounds Reasonable.

"Why do they take dogs for travel on the ice in the arctic regions?"

"They couldn't very well have horses, you know."

"Why not? I should think it was the very place for old skates."

The Last Resource.

"That fellow has low aims, low ideas and low associations all around him. There is only one thing in life which will ever take him up."

"What is that?"

"An elevator."

Concrete Water Tanks.

Concrete hot-water or steaming tanks cost more than such tanks made of wood, but their durability, freedom from leakage, and non-conductive properties are claimed to make such tanks a good investment.

Papa's Give-Away.

"Did her father give the bride away?"

"Yes; he told the groom before the entire assemblage that his daughter's teeth were false and her hair store-made. Wasn't it awful?"

AN ACHING BACK

Means Weak Kidneys.

Well kidneys filter the blood of uric acid and other impurities. When the kidneys are sick, waste matter accumulates and backache, headache and urinary troubles result. To eliminate the aches and pains you must cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, and cure them permanently.

Every Picture Tells A Story

J. N. Markham, Montesano, Wash., says: "Kidney trouble came on me gradually and before long I was suffering from dropsy. My body bloated and my flesh was soft and flabby. I tired easily and suffered severely from pain in my back. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I am today in much better health."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

HAD TO PAY THE BILLS.

Mrs. Wise—I think there is a robber in the cellar.

Mr. Wise—Nonsense. The only robber there is the gas meter.

His Pull.

"Does that 'ere thin, stoop-shouldered, dyspeptic-lookin' drummer that you bought so much from today sell any better or cheaper goods than the fat one ye turned down so hard yesterday?" inquired Hi Spry.

"D' know as he does," confessed the Squam Corners merchant, "but his views on the criminal rapacity of the trusts are a whole lot sounder."—Puck

State of Ohio City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Reasoning of Youthful Mind.

A schoolmistress whose hair was of the blackest hue, was one day giving a lesson on a coal mine to a class in Suffolk, England. To make the lesson interesting as possible she went on to say she had herself been in a coal mine. A little lad put up his hand, and when pointed to said: "Please, teacher, is that what made your hair so black?"

Up to Pa.

"Papa, sister's a liar!"

"Why, why! Jennie, you mustn't say such things."

"I can prove it by your own self. Last night I heard her say, 'Charlie, I'll call papa if you dare to do it again!' And he did it twice more. Did you hear her call?"

Rather Personal.

Tallman—Only a fool makes the same sort of mistake the second time.

Shortman—Do you mean to insinuate that I am a fool?

Tallman—Certainly not.

Shortman—Well, I didn't know. I've been married twice.

An Average.

"Doesn't it annoy you to be baldheaded?"

"Not at all," replied the genial citizen. "When we go out evenings my wife wears more than enough hair for two."

Still a Chance.

"Have you ever loved and lost?" asked the sweet young thing.

"Not yet," replied the man who had been divorced three times.

FEED CHILDREN

On Properly Selected Food. It Pays Big Dividends.

If parents will give just a little intelligent thought to the feeding of their children the difference in the health of the little folks will pay, many times over, for the small trouble.

A mother writes saying: "Our children are all so much better and stronger than they ever were before we made a change in the character of the food. We have quit using potatoes three times a day with coffee and so much meat.

"Now we give the little folks some fruit, either fresh stewed, or canned, some Grape-Nuts with cream, occasionally some soft boiled eggs, and some Postum for breakfast and supper. Then for dinner they have some meat and vegetables.

"It would be hard to realize the change in the children, they have grown so sturdy and strong, and we attribute this change to the food elements that, I understand, exist in Grape-Nuts and Postum.

"A short time ago my baby was teething and had a great deal of stomach and bowel trouble. Nothing seemed to agree with him until I tried Grape-Nuts softened and mixed with rich milk, and he improved rapidly and got sturdy and well."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

LOADED TO THE GUARDS.

Jiggs—What makes Boozer have such a vacant look?

Jaggs—I guess he's full.

16 YEARS OF SKIN DISEASE

"For sixteen long years I have been suffering with a bad case of skin disease. While a child there broke out a red sore on the legs just in back of my knees. It waxed from bad to worse, and at last I saw I had a bad skin disease. I tried many widely known doctors in different cities but to no satisfactory result. The plague bothered me more in warm weather than in winter and being on my leg joints it made it impossible for me to walk, and I was forced to stay indoors in the warmest weather. My hopes of recovery were by this time spent. Sleepless nights and restless days made life an unbearable burden. At last I was advised to try the Cuticura remedies [Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills] and I did not need more than a trial to convince me that I was on the road of success this time. I bought two sets of the Cuticura Remedies and after these were gone I was a different man entirely. I am now the happiest man that there is at least one true cure for skin diseases. Leonard A. Hewtof, 11 Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., July 30 and Aug. 8, '09."

A Child's View.

Scarlet fever was in the house next door and a little girl of eight had listened to the recital of what was happening. A caller came and the child attempted to entertain the stranger until her mother came into the drawing room.

She told about the trouble next door, but in the telling "broke in" and "broke out" got tangled in her child-brain.

"Johnny's got scarlet fever, because his face is all red and his chest is broken in!" she announced.

Jimmy's Definition.

"What is geography?" asked the father, who was testing his son's progress in study.

"Geography," replied little Jimmy Jiggs, "is what you put inside your trousers when you think you are going to get a whipping."—Sunday Magazine of Los Angeles Times.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

When our names are blotted out, and our place knows us no more, the energy of each social service will remain.—John Morley.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
OR RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES. BACKACHE
1875 "Guarant

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.

Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 24-1910.

Aids Nature

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

If your dealer offers something "just as good," it is probably better FOR HIM—it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not the profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, In Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Gitche Gamee" Shoes

The "Short-Toe" Raises the Instep

The new toe-effect used in

"Gitche Gamees"

gives an apparently *smaller* foot and *heightened* instep—that means *smartness* in footwear. Besides: "Gitche Gamee" Shoes *Always Make Good on the Feet of the Wearer.*

Your dealer has them, $4.00.

Manufactured by
The Northern Shoe Co.
Duluth, Minn.

FREE
A style-book for 1910 and a handy
Pocket Mirror
A postal brings the two.
Mention your dealer's name.

The Overland
The King of Cars

No other car has so large a sale—none has made such amazing records. Price, $1000 up.

It requires four factories, employing 4,000 men—turning out 140 Overlands daily—to meet the flood-like demand for these cars. Yet two years ago a hundred rivals had a larger sale.

The reason lies largely in the car's utter simplicity. Its able designer made it almost trouble-proof.

He created an engine which, for endurance, is the marvel of engineering.

He designed the pedal control. One goes forward or backward, slow or fast, by merely pushing pedals. The hands have nothing to do but steer.

A child can master the car in ten minutes. A novice can drive it a thousand miles without any thought of trouble.

The Overland always keeps going, and almost cares for itself. All the usual complexities have been eliminated.

That is why each car sells others, and our orders for this year's Overlands amount to $24,000,000.

Another fact is that no other car gives nearly so much for the money. This is due to our enormous output, and the fortunes invested in our automatic machinery. It would bankrupt a smaller maker to try to compete with us.

You can get a 25-horsepower Overland, with a 102-inch wheel base, for $1,000. You can get a 40-horsepower Overland, with a 112-inch wheel base, for $1,250. The prices include lamps and magneto.

This car, which has captured the country, is the car you will want when you know it.

Two Free Books

Nothing is published about automobiles so interesting as the facts about Overlands. They are told in two books which we want to send you. Every motor car lover should have them. Cut out this coupon as a reminder to write for the books today.

$1,000 to $1,500.—According to size, style and power

G62
The Willys-Overland Co.
Toledo, Ohio
Licensed Under Selden Patent
Please send me the two books free.

(49)

Health and Wealth in Colorado

Of course you are familiar with the delights of **Colorado's** climate and it's **scenic grandeur** but do you realize that Eastern Colorado has millions of acres of **fertile land** which can be bought **cheap now.** This is

Your Opportunity

This land produces wonderful results and **big profits.** It is a marvelous **dairy** and **poultry** country and high price markets with splendid transportation facilities are close at hand. **Dairy cows thrive** on the **natural grasses** and are free from many of the troubles elsewhere.

Now is the time to see these rich lands along the Rock Island Lines and learn what others are doing.

Very Low Excursion Fares

are in effect daily to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, via Rock Island Lines, with long return limits.

Why not combine business and pleasure? Enjoy an outing among the Colorado Rockies and investigate the wonderful land opportunities on the way. Write me today and I will give you interesting literature and tell you how easily you can do it.

Rock Island
L. M. ALLEN
Passenger Traffic Manager
236 LaSalle Station Chicago, Illinois

Stone's Piano Polish

is the finest piano and furniture polish on the market today. Restores old surfaces and preserves the new. Doesn't smear, streak or collect dust. Has been used by us for over 15 years. Two sizes, 35c and 50c.

Special Introductory Offer

On cash orders received during the month of May only, we will send a 35c bottle of this fine polish for only 25c prepaid.

Don't wait, but order now.

STONE PIANO COMPANY
Everything Known in Music. Stone Building, Fargo, N. D.

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles, Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

Phone 7

W. T. SPILLANE, Main Street

The Local Field

Oliver Belair was an over Sunday visitor at East Grand Forks.

Peter Hansel of Wylie has a new ad. in this week's issue.

H. A. Johnson was at St. Hilaire between trains Tuesday.

The Royal Neighbors will have a dance Friday night. All are invited.

For Sale—A cow-boy saddle, at a very low price.—George F. Hennings.

Emily M. Cress and Eva R. Paquin went to Thief River Falls Saturday.

Miss Agnes Lindquist visited with friends in this city Saturday.

O. J. Knutson made one of his regular over Sunday visits at Crookston.

Tom Hovet of St. Hilaire was in the city Tuesday evening on business.

Your attention is called to the new ad. of the Big Store in this issue.

W. A. Schreiler was at Thief River Falls on business the fore part of the week.

I. Dahlen of St Hilaire transacted business at the county seat Friday..

Matt Skala returned from Stillwater Thursday where he went on a business trip.

Robert Jackson of St. Hilaire, a brother of Alton Jackson, visited in in this city Saturday.

Carl Schusser completed a very successful term of school in district No. 112 last Friday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

We give premiums on cash sales. Ask for coupons. Red Lake Falls Supply House.

William Gomoll is back from Bemidji where he has been employed for some time past.

Dolphus Beausoliel who has been working on the new Soo railway near Gully returned Saturday.

Nap Lacoursiere who has been working near Gully returned the latter part of the week.

Carl Schussor was a south bound passenger Saturday evening, bound for Crookston.

W. Smith, traveling freight agent of the Great Northern railway was in the city Wednesday.

Middle River will celebrate the Fourth of July, a splendid time is promised all who attend.

Miss Zelia Quesnelle and Mrs. St. Yves returned Saturday from a short visit at Bemidji.

Louis Sieff returned Tuesday from Page, N. D. where he had been on business the previous week.

Highest prices paid for hide all the year round. Cash or in trade. Red Lake Falls Supply House.

Miss Esther Johnson was visiting with friends at Thief River Falls, between trains Tuesday.

Frank Gonyea left Monday for an extended trip through the New England States and Eastern Canada.

Max Ingber was at Thief River Falls on business matters between trains the early part of the week.

George Cyr, formerly of this city but now of Birchwood, Wis., arrived Saturday for a visit with relatives and friends.

James Blake left for Thief River Falls on a business trip Monday morning and will be absent all of the week.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

For Sale—2 bulls, 1 bull calf and two heifer calves, all full blood shorthorns of the milking strain.—M. O. Sortedahl.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Mathies and Mrs. J. Keuhl and daughter Alma were at Thief River between trains Friday.

The annual picnic of the old timers was held at the Marshal dam Sunday and a thoroughly enjoyable time was had by all.

The band boys gave their regular band concert last Tuesday evening on the north side. A splendid program was given.

Rudolph Holzman, our popular jeweler, returned Tuesday from an over Sunday visit with relatives at Osnabrock, N. D.

We regret that we are unable to find room in our paper this week for our regular St. Paul letter from the pen of Paul Pry.

D. P. O'Neill, the Thief River Falls politician, was in town Friday, talking tariff reform, county division politics and crops.

Miss Nina Garceau arrived from Montevideo Friday for a visit with relatives and to attend the Garceau-Healy wedding.

Ed. Nelson of Thief River Falls has been appointed deputy sheriff of Red Lake county, succeeding Ben Isaacson who recently resigned.

C. R. Baker of Red Lake Falls arrived in Browerville Wednesday for a few days visit at his home here.—Browerville Bulletin.

Theodore Garceau, Jr., came up from Crookston Saturday morning and accompanied the ball team to Thief River Falls Sunday.

Louis Demorais who has been employed in construction work on the new Soo railway in the eastern part of the county returned home Friday.

Mrs. Oliver Belair who has been visiting with relatives at Grand Rapids is now at East Grand Forks visiting with the family of Ed. Bray.

Miss Abbey Miller and Mayme Finburg who have been teaching schools near this place left for their homes at Thief River Falls Saturday.

For Sale—One registered Durham bull, four years old. Call at my farm in section 17, Poplar River Township, or write S. J. Premo, Brooks, Minn. 12m26

There will be a special meeting of the Royal Neighbors next Monday night at the Woodman hall. All members are urged to come as there will be special business.

The second base ball team of this city, otherwise known as the "Picketts" will play ball against Terrebonne at the latter place Sunday.

H. T. McAnulty returned the early part of the week from an extended trip in the interest of Waterman & Waterbury Co. by whom he is employed.

Miss Clara Marchand, who has been teaching in the city schools at Browns Valley, Minn., the past year returned to her home in this city the early part of the week.

A large number of relatives and friends from Crookston, Gentilly and Terrebonne spent Sunday, the guests of Leon Laurent and family, at their home on Champagne ave.

Miss Maggie Orr who has been teaching school at Westhope, N. D. returned home Saturday. She visited en route with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Harlow at Crookston.

Mrs. Harriet J. O'Brien who has been teaching in the schools at Deer River for the past year arrived in the city Monday evening for a short visit with friends.

I am agent for State Prison Machinery Binders, Mowers and twine. Come early and get a bargain as the machinery will be limited this season.—Matt Skala.

Ira C. Richardson, Judge of Probate, is at Alexandria attending the Firemen's convention as a delegate from the Thief River Falls Fire Department.

Ray Lindquist, Marcus Marshall, L. A. Nelson and Homer Mussey went up to Thief River Falls Saturday where they joined the city's militia company on the annual ten day's outing at Lake City.

A. R. Jones of St. Hilaire, Alfred Lindquist of Bray township and Otto Zaiser of this city left Monday evening to view County Ditch No. 50 in the Townships of Silverton and Smiley.

The Pastor, teachers and pupils of St. Joseph's school, wish to extend their sincere thanks to Freund's orchestra for the excellent music with which they favored their Commencement Exercises.

Miss Abbe Miller closed a successful term of school in the Badger district Friday and returned to her home at Thief River Falls the next day. The closing exercises took the form of a picnic which was thoroly enjoyed by all.

There will be a Sunday School Hat Sociable at Mrs. Frank Glass on the eve of June 23, given by the Lake Pleasant Sunday school. Light lunch, 10c. Everybody come and have a good time. Ladies are to bring untrimmed hats and trimming and needle and thread.

Guy A. Aubol, Deputy Internal Revenue Collector, was in the city Saturday. He was present at the laying of the corner stone of the new court house. He complimented the county on the splendid structure now in course of construction and stated that if the county was divided the tax payers would regret it. He has had a little experience as he has a piece of land that is now in Koochiching County and was formerly a part of Itasca County. While his land was in Itasca County his taxes were from $9.45 to $9.55 a year and now his taxes in Koochiching County for the past three years have been from $27.00 to 28.00 per year.

I. D. Converse spent Sunday with his family. Mr. Converse is at present manager of the St. Hilaire Spectator, having taken charge of the paper there the early part of the month. It was Mr. Converse's first visit to Red Lake Falls for about two years and he stated that it seemed very pleasant to be with us.

Neilson-Mittwer.

E. A. Mittwer, proprietor of one of the hardware stores in this city, and Miss Lillian Nielson were married at the home of the bride's parents in Minneapolis. After a short trip they will be at home to their many friends in the pleasant rooms on the second floor of the Champeau Block. The Gazette joins in extending congratulations.

4th of July FLAGS

ALL SIZES

4x6 foot Flags 75c

TENTS FOR RENT

American Tent & Awning Company
MINNEAPOLIS

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given that applications has been made in writing to the city council of said city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 1st day of July, 1910, and terminating on June 30th, 1911, by the following persons, and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to wit:

H. A. JOHNSON

On the first floor of that certain brick building situate on lot 27 of block 3, Original Townsite of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council of the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday, the 7th day of July, 1910, at 8:00 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city, this 16th day of June, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal)

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 18th day of July, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 9th day of June, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
(Seal) County Auditor,

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Hickory and Star in said county of Red Lake, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the Northwest corner of section sixteen [16], Township one hundred fifty two [152], range thirty-nine [39]. Town of Hickory, Red Lake County, Minnesota, running thence west on the section line between sections nine [9] and sixteen [16], and between sections eight -8- and seventeen -17-, and between sections seven -7- and eighteen -18- to the range line between ranges thirty-nine -39- and forty -40-, continuing thence west in the Township one hundred fifty-two -152- range forty -40-, Town of Deer Park in said county, between sections twelve -12- and thirteen -13- to the South-west corner of said section twelve -12-, and continuing thence due north on the section line between sections twelve -12- and eleven -11- to the north-west corner of said section -12-, thence continuing in a north westerly direction over and across the South East Quarter -SE¼- of section two -2- and terminating in the Red Lake River at about the center of section two -2- township one hundred fifty-two -152- range forty -40- Town of Deer Park as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing at the south-west corner of section eight, -8- in township one hundred fifty two 152 range thirty-nine -39- continuing thence due north on the section line between said section eight -8- and seven 7- and terminating into the Red Lake River at about the north-west corner of said section eight -8- as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 2, commencing at the south west corner of the North West Quarter -NW¼- of section seventeen -17- township one hundred fifty-two -152- range thirty-nine -39- continuing thence due north on the section line between said section seventeen -17- and eighteen -18- and terminating into the Main Ditch at the northwest corner of said section seventeen -17- as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such county ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230-, of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and the acts amendatory thereof.

Dated June 4, 1910.
P. Lorenco Wajnarowski
Ignac Kolski
John Wjleniek
William Bruckman
Auvar Slayness
Anton Radniecki
je16-30 —Petitioners.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 91
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

ACME

NOT IN THE TRUST

But I TRUST Farmers in need of

FARM MACHINERY

will call on me and examine my full line of Binders, Mowers and Rakes

PETER HANSEL, Wylie, Minn.

Minnesota Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company

Be not deceived. This Company has a State License.

¶ It has gained much for mutual insurance. Over $7,000,000.00 in force all in Minnesota. NO LIABILITIES. Oldest mutual in state. Always lowest assessment. Writes cyclone and hail. Send for booklet giving every detail of work done and losses paid. Agents wanted in every township. *MOTTO:—Liberal adjustment and prompt payment of losses.*

502 Bank of Commerce Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

One Best Bank

We refer, of course, to this one, and knowing the superior facilities we have to offer, we unhesitatingly make the statement that every man, woman and child in this community who has anything to do with money should have an account with us. Certainly a modest statement, you say, and we agree with you because we know of no legitimate argument against it. Let us analyze a little and see where we are. No better set of officers and directors could be assembled than are in charge of this bank's affairs. All men of highest standing, all financially responsible, all men whose word and bond possess equal value. Nothing that could be offered you in any financial institution in America is lacking here, because dollar for dollar no bank anywhere is any safer than ours. We solicit business on our merit and large capital and surplus, and can offer you value received every time. If you have not already done so we ask you to establish relations with this bank now and we are very sure that they will be long continued.

First State Bank, Red Lake Falls

Big June Sale of Seasonable Merchandise

Everything offered is all new up-to-date goods. The cold months of April and May have retarded business a little and we must now rush things if we want to catch up.

Ladies' Suit Sale

20 per cent off on suits, making
$10.90 suits at $8.72
$15.00 suits at $12.00
$20.00 suits at $16.00

Ladies' Wash Suits

Five Linen "Tub" Suits 20 per cent off
$5.00 Suits at $4.00 and other numbers at same proportion.

Men's Fine Suits

10 per cent off on all our new suits. 25 per cent off on past season's suits. Plenty of choice, got a bunch of new suits last week.

Here Are a Few Specials from Different Departments

Calicos, 10 yard limit, 5½c; Ladies' Hand Bags, half price; Sun Bonnets, 10c; Misses' 50c Hats, 25c; large line White Spreads, $1.50, worth at least $2.00; 12 yards fine Lace for 30c; Bird's Eye Towels, 3c; 5c and 10c Handkerchiefs, 3c; Brooch and Belt Pins and Buckles, 10c, worth up to 50c; $2.00 Working Shoes, $1.69; 50c Working Shirts, 39c; 10c Canvas Gloves, 5c; Bargains in Ladies' Fine Slippers; Men's Soiesette Shirts, $1.00, usually sold at $1.25 to $1.50; a big bunch of Remnants at bargain prices; Men's White Vests at one third off; Men's Khaki Pants at $1.00 up; Table Oil Cloth, 17c; Fine Gordon Straw Hats, $1.50 to $3.00, the finest made and made in our own state. Fine All Linen Doilies, 8 to 15 inches, choice 7c; Royal Worcester, Princess Hip Corsets and Girdles, 69c; Fancy Ribbons, 25c to 38c, for 15c.

GROCERIES. Large can oysters, can 15c; Silver Gloss Starch, 9c; Sliced Peaches, can 20c; Fine Apricots and Pears, can 20c; Tomatoes, 10c; 15c can Veal Loaf, 10c; 20c can Beef, 15c; 25c Jar Pickles, 15c; Broken Cookies, 7c; Ginger Snaps, 8c; Good Salmon, 10c.

We offer the most complete line of Shoes in the city. You can find what you are looking for here. Godman Ladies' Shoes at $1.50 up, for all solid leather shoes. Utz & Dunn at $2.25 up. Get the best where it does not cost any more than other makes sold at the same price.

Sale Commences Saturday, June 18th

Will Last One Week

Remember It Pays to Trade at

THE BIG STORE

THEO. LaBISSONIERE, Prop.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF Red Lake Falls

CAPITAL
$15,000.00

SURPLUS
$3,000.00

SINKING FUND
$15,000.00

DEPOSITS
$250,000.00

Honesty!! Ability!!

All men and all institutions CAN BE HONEST AND TRUTHFUL, but when it comes to a matter of that depends upon a matter of strength, resources, capital, brain capacity, public confidence and other environments and qualities that make up the SUCCESSFUL BANK.

The integrity of the Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls has been time-tested thru panics and is UNQUESTIONED.

And now, as to its ABILITY! The business men and the people of Red Lake Falls generally are beginning to look upon the Merchants State Bank as a friendly, home institution with the disposition and the ABILITY TO FINANCE EVERY worthy business enterprise.

The directors of the Merchants State Bank fully realize that its financial ability depends largely upon the men, women and children that have the money to deposit, and if the citizens of Red Lake Falls and surrounding country want a strong, vigorous banking institution with the ability and disposition to furnish money to "BOOST" all honest business and worthy public enterprises, they should deposit ALL THEIR FUNDS with the bank even tho they use them the next day. It is the Short ½ Time deposits that furnish much of our ability, our financial strength.

Being a constant and regular depositor at the Merchants State Bank also INSURES YOUR financial growth, and will lead on to sure success. We respectfully invite our patrons to impress this upon the minds of THEIR FRIENDS.

The depositing of the idle money NOW in hiding by timid people would vastly increase the financial ABILITY of the bank besides giving to these timid people interest on their money and untold comfort in carrying a bank balance, CONSTANTLY earning them interest, night and day.

No man can do a better act than to advise his friends to put their money in the Merchants State Bank where it will constantly earn them interest.

The wise will certainly make their money EARN THEM MONEY by depositing with us in the

Merchants State Bank

A. P. TOUPIN, Pres. THEO. LABISSONIERE, Vice Pres.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 39

POWER AND LIGHT PLANT SOLD AGAIN

Local Property Purchased by H. M. Byllesby & Company, a Chicago Corporation.

Large Amount to be Expended in Improvements—Plans Being Prepared.

The water power and light plant recently sold by the Red Lake Falls Electric Light company to the Red River Power company of Grand Forks and Crookston has been sold by the last named company to H. M. Byllesby & Company, Chicago, a large corporation owning many similar properties. The company recently purchased the plant at Fargo, N. D., from J. J. Hill and his son and also the one at Stillwater, Minn., and they own several others.

In the deal involving the transfer of the local plant is the dam and power house and local lighting system, the dam site and properties at Louisville and the gas and electric light plant at Grand Forks.

The Red River Power company had made elaborate plans for improvements to be made here and already purchased material for the work and work was to have been commenced soon. However, the purchasing company plan improvements on a larger scale. Plans for the work are now being prepared. It is not known exactly what improvements are to be made or when the work is to be done, though it is known that the company is building for the future, that big improvements are to be made and that in Red Lake Falls and vicinity hundreds of thousands of dollars will be expended.

Mr. Roycraft, who has been manager of the plant at Grand Forks for a number of years, will continue in that capacity and will also have supervision of the local plant.

Johnson-Naplin.

Two prominent young people of Polk Center were married yesterday. The parties to the happy event were Miss Clara Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson, and Mr. C. E. Naplin, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Naplin. The wedding occurred at the Black River church, Rev. Alex Sand of St. Hilaire officiating. The ceremony was performed in the presence of seventy guests. The bride was attended by her sisters, Misses Betsie and Amanda Johnson, and the groom by Hjalmar Johnson and Oscar Naplin, brothers of the bride and groom respectively.

Following the marriage there was a reception at the bride's parents and a number of the friends of the young people were present to offer congratulations and best wishes. At twelve o'clock an elaborate wedding dinner was served. The young people have gone to housekeeping on the groom's farm in Polk Centre.

APPOINTMENT FOR MARCUS JOHNSON

Nominated for Collector of Customs for the State of Minnesota.

Dispatches from Washington state that the nomination of Hon. Marcus Johnson, president of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, to be collector of customs for Minnesota was sent to the senate yesterday.

Mr. Johnson is an old time Republican and has long been a party worker. He has served in the Minnesota legislature, both in the senate and lower house. As collector he will succeed John Peterson.

Griswold-Baker.

At 12:30 o'clock Wednesday, June 15, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Griswold at Dodge Center, Minnesota, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Grace Italia, to Clayton R. C. Baker, junior editor of the Gazette. Rev. E. S. Corey of Hayfield, Minnesota, was the officiating clergyman. Mr. and Mrs. Baker arrived in Red Lake Falls Friday morning. They are living in the Rogers house on the north side and will be at home after July 10.

They Got Me

I may be stubborn but I think everybody should be that way when it comes to paying out their money on another man's scheme. If my talks persuades you to become stubborn enough to insist on getting good goods and the most for your money, then and not until then will I be convinced that the Gazette makes good.

If you are not dealing with us, we would appreciate an opportunity of serving you, knowing that it will be to your benefit. Ask your neighbor, he knows.

Mittwer's Hardware

"SERVICE AND QUALITY"

WILL PLAY THE COLORED GOPHERS

Fast Negro Base Ball Team to be in Red Lake Falls July 11.

The Colored Fellows are as Much Fun as Ringling's Circus.

The famous negro base ball team the Colored Gophers, will be in Red Lake Falls Monday, July 11, for a game with the local team. Everybody who is looking for a barrel of fun for twenty-five cents should witness that game.

Some of the fastest negro base ball players in the country are with the Gophers. Besides being good players they put up a performance that beats any minstrel show on the road. They are more fun than several boxes of African monkeys.

MORE CITY NEWS.

N. A. Nelson of St. Hilaire is handling the State Prison machinery so if you need a Mower or Binder it will pay you to give him a call. j7

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Johnson and Misses Ida and Emma Tandberg attended the Johnson-Naplin wedding and reception in Polk Centre yesterday.

For Sale—One registered Durham bull, four years old. Call at my farm in section 17, Poplar River Township, or write S. J. Premo, Brooks, Minn. 12m26

Miss I. Myhre of St. Paul is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Kiodseth this week. Miss Myhre is on a trip to the Pacific coast.

Ladies wash Suits, White, Pink, Tan and Blue Linens at $4.00 up. A few left from the sale, cheaper than you can make them.—La Bissoniera.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson and Homer F. Mussey, members of Company L. at Thief River Falls, are at Lake City for the annual encampment of the national guard.

The ladies aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church will meet at the home of Nels Alfson, at the Sortedahl farm, Friday afternoon. Lunch will be served.

For Sale—Betsy Ross cottage, Maple Lake, 6 rooms, 50 ft. lot, boat house, wood shed, screen porch. Write or phone George B. Winship, Grand Forks, N. D. 2w

The base ball game at Terrebonne Sunday between Terrebonne and the Red Lake Falls second team resulted in a victory for Terrebonne by a score of 11 to 7.

There will be communion services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 8 o'clock Sunday evening. The services will be conducted by Rev. S. T. Palm of St. Hilaire.

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Dr. J. C. Wilkinson, A. L. Reickert, A. L. Brunelle and Frank Broulllet went to Lake Sarah on a fishing trip Sunday. They brought in a good string of black bass.

Dr. N. J. Pinault of New Orleans, owner of the Healy water power in this city, was in town last week. Dr. Pinault contemplates making improvements on his property.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

The kind of underwear you want is at the Big Store. Fine gauze suits, 50c; sleeveless shirts and pants, $1.00 a suit, Munsing's fine wool, $3.00; fine Balbrigan, $1.00 suit.

We can rig you out with a new suit at any price you care to pay. We carry cheap suits as well as expensive ones. $5.90 up, but $10.00 buys all wool suits of fine materials. —The Big Store.

The ball game Sunday at Fosston between Fosston and Red Lake Falls resulted in a victory for Fosston by a score of 8 to 2. As usual there was one bad inning for Red Lake Falls. Except for that losing it was a good scrappy game.

There will be confirmation services at the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. S. T. Palm will conduct the services. Those in the class are Eerling Lucian Kiodseth, Astrid Geneva Kiodseth, Esther Sophie Tandberg, Ida Rebecca Ingebretson.

Miss Florence Dautremont of Lewiston, Mont., was the guest of Miss Rose Herren this week. Miss Dautremont formerly lived in Red Lake Falls, at a time when her father, the late L. A. Dautremont, was publisher of the Gazette, and many friends here were glad of the opportunity to greet her.

Michael Quesnel and wife were in town Friday. While here Mr. Quesnel closed a deal for the sale of his farm six miles southeast of town, to Louis Sleyter of Crookston. The consideration for 80 acres was $3000. Mr. Sleyter will take possession about Nov. 1. Mr. and Mrs. Quesnel will leave about that time for the west where they will reside in the future.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET

County Option Advocates Made Big Showing in State Convention.

In the Republican state convention held at St. Paul Tuesday O. A. Eberhart was nominated for governor by acclamation. Other candidates placed in nomination were:

Lieutenant Governor—S. Y. Gordon, Browns Valley.

Secretary of State—Julius A. Schmahl, Redwood Falls.

State Auditor—S. J. Iverson, Rushford.

Attorney General—Geo. T. Simpson, Winona.

State Treasurer—Walter J. Smith, Eveleth.

Clerk of Supreme Court—J. A. Caswell, Anoka.

Associate Justice Supreme Court—E. A. Jaggard, St. Paul; P. E. Brown, Luverne; C. L. Brown, Morris; D. F. Simpson, Minneapolis.

Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—C. H. Staples, St. Paul.

Senator Moses E. Clapp was unanimously nominated to succeed himself as United States senator.

A county option plank proposed in a minority report of the committee on resolutions, failed of adoption by a vote of 435 to 638. However, the nomination of Gordon for lieutenant governor is considered as a recognition of the strength of the county option people.

LEO KELLEY DEAD

Nephew of Ed. Enright Passed Away Recently.

Shortly before 10 o'clock yesterday morning, Leo Kelly, the 17-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Kelly, of this city, breathed his last, tuberculosis being the cause of death. The young lad had been a sufferer with the dread disease for a number of months, but within the last few weeks he showed great improvement and his parents were making plans to send him to California, in the hopes that the change of climate would bring back his health. Death came as an interrupter of their plans, however.

All day Thursday he showed improvement, feeling in the best of spirits, but that night he was taken with a sinking spell and continued to grow worse until death relieved him of his sufferings yesterday morning.

Growing up from infancy in this city as he did, Leo was well known and liked throughout the city. He was one of the popular boys of the school, and his fellow students will mourn his loss as only boys can. In school he showed himself both scholarly and manly, and it was with deep regret that his teacher and classmates learned that he was forced to leave school about a year ago.

The sympathy of the entire community will go out to Mr. and Mrs. Kelly and the three brothers, Arthur, Howard and Bearnie, in their loss. The funeral will be held from Sacred Heart Catholic church at 8:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, Rev. Father Jas. Hogan officating.

The foregoing was taken from the East Grand Forks department of the Grand Forks Herald. The deceased was a nephew of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Enright and they were at East Grand Forks for the funeral. The young lad had often visited here and had many friends who will be pained to learn of his death. He had been feeling much better of late and had planned to come here for a visit soon. For that reason the announcement of his death came as a surprise and shock to relatives and friends.

The above obituary was intended for publication some time ago but was inadvertently omitted.

PAUL PRY IS A GOOD GUESSER

He Tells Things in Advance About Republican Convention.

Tells of Endorsement of Administration With Machine in Control.

St. Paul, June 21—Before this letter is in print the Republican state convention will have passed into history, and it is hardly worth while to risk one's reputation as a political prophet to forecasts its proceedings. Nevertheless it is already apparent enough that it has been decided to ignore all questions on which there is any principal involved and to give the administration that endorsement which may mean anything or nothing as local exigencies may require. However principals in general are not matters which greatly concern those who have undertaken to manipulate the convention. What they are after is fat jobs and fatter patronage.

The Machine In Control.

The primaries held throughout the state and the county convention resulting from them illustrates the advantage which flows from a familiarity with the game. Everywhere it is the men who knew how who got there. It was those to whom it was worth while who shaped things. Progressive Republicans and insurgents who not only had no organizaton but who were organized against had no show. The result was that the convention was representative not of the views of the rank and file of Republicans in harmony with the state organization who had something to gain. Such representation as the people want they must look for at the polls.

Bossing a Party.

The tendency is all that way. Take the attitude of the leaders at Washington. They make no pretense of regarding the Republican party as composed of and directed by republican voters. The republican party to them means the Republican administration and those members of congress who have the whip handard direct party activities. Thus Dolliver and Cummins of Iowa, LaFollette of Wisconsin and Clapp of Minnesota have been read out of the Republican party, as for as the they can be read out by the Republican leaders, not because they have tried, with a measureable degree of success, to shape legislation in accordance with what is believed to be the wishes of the Republican voters, but in opposition to those who assume to be the national leaders. The program of those leaders acting in concert with the leaders in this and other states, is to dragoon the Republican voters into supporting candidates who, like Tawney, have more or less openly defied the wishes of their constitutes in order to maintain party solidarity, and to sanction such measures as the tariff of which it is known they disapprove. This program in some states may be successfully carried out. Then again it may not. If this is really a government of the people, by the people and for the people some illusions are likely to be dispelled. There has in this state heretofore been evidenced on the part of the votes a disposition to take the bit in their mouths and to disregard orders from those higher up. We may have examples of this kind.

What Republicans say of Their Party.

When Pinchot and Garfield were here a week ago they put out a plain line of talk. According to these men, one of whom has been cabinet minister and the other high in the confidence of perhaps the most widely popular president the nation ever had, the present administration officered by members of the party to which they belong has been turned over, bound hand and foot to interests. These are not Democarts who say this. They are republican to the manor born. With the consent of the president, Pinchot charges, the secretary of the interior is so manipulating the affairs of his office that favored monopolists are exploiting the natural resources of the country to their own advantage. As directed by the Republican administration the conservation policy is a fraud and a sham. In making the tariff, according to Mr. Pinchot, the people were deliberately and designedly betrayed into the hands of the trusts who are the only beneficiaries of Republican tariff legislation. That is the doctrine reached by these men known to be high in the confidence of President Roosevelt. Yet the Minnesota republican platform endorses the administration of President Taft, root and branch, and in the Minneapolis convention it was resolved, according to a platform prepared by a federal officeholder, that

'We heartily endorse and warmly commend the administration of President William Howard Taft. We believe that his administration for the last fourteen months has renewed prosperity throughout the country, and has established confidence at home and abroad."

This really is quite a remarkable document when you come to analyze it. President Taft did not succeed a Democratic executive. He succeeded Theodore Roosevelt. Was it necessary at the close of Roosevelt's administration to renew prosperity? Was it necessary to establish confidence? Mr. Grimshaw says it was and what Mr. Grimshaw doesn't know is scarcely worth inquiring about. Then whose confidence was to be established at home? Certainly not the confidence of the plain people of the United States. Roosevelt enjoyed that in heaping measure. Which brings us back to what Marshall Grimsaw realy meant. Roosevelt did not have the confidence of that happy band of corporation attorneys who comprise Taft's cabinet. He did not have the confidence of Wall Street, which lived in constant dread of what he would do next. He did not have the cofidence of Aldrich and Cannon. Tawneyhe had accorded membership in the Ananias club and their feelings were reciprocal. In a message to congress he openly denounced both Tawney and Smith of Iowa, a rival for the speakership, as pursuing a course detrimental to the public interest. Roosevelt did not have the confidence in fact of any of the congressional reactionaries who lost no opportunities to set pitfalls for his feet and to block the Roosevelt policies. All Roosevelt ever got out of the congressional reactionaries he hammered out of them with a big stick. But Taft has "re-established confidence." Really Mr. Grimshaw should be publicly, thanked for the happy phrase. For Taft is in with the men Roosevelt was out with. Roosevet's friends have been dismissed from public service. For which Marshall Grimshaw gives thanks. It is as well to let it go at that. It is the keynote of the rejoicing among the republican leaders here as elsewhere. The party is reunited, in token of which the fatted calf of the tariff was prepared for the delectation of those who feast when the republican table is laid.

The Battle Still to Come.

In the preliminary conferences among republican delegates before the conventon met the absence of an old time enthusiasm was quite marked. Of course all the repulicans were for Eberhart for the nomination. No one however, was observed shouting their heads off for him. In perhaps the majority of cases they appeared to be for the governor with the mental reservation, that when it comes to the election then another story. They weren't sayng much about that. They would wait to see what the democrats would do. They seemed to be pretty well assured of what that would be. They didn't see how Lind would get away from the nominaton. In case he was nominated and accepted, even the men who are most interested in the election of a republican gorvernor admitted that that was only the beginning. Frank Eddy expressed the general view very well. "Well," he said, "I guess Eberhart's luck is going to carry him through. "But," it was objected, "what if Lind is nominated "That" said Frank, "is a different prapostion. "If my observation is woth anything and in the past year have been pretty much over the state, am afraid if Lind is nominatd, Eberhart's luck will desert him him."

—PAUL PRY.

A DOUBLE HEADER

Crookston and Terrebonne Base Ball Teams to be Here Same Day.

There will be two base ball games on the local grounds Sunday afternoon. The first game will be between Red Lake Falls and the Brandons of Crookston and the second game between Terrebonne and the local second team. For the first game admission charges of 25 cents and 10 cents will be made and for the second game 15 cents.

Notice for Bids on Cement Sidewalk Construction.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of Red Lake Falls will receive bids for the construction of all cement and concrete sidewalks, gutters, crossings, curbstones, sewers, and sewer catch basins to be built by the City of Red Lake Falls, during the year 1910. Bids to be based on specifications on file in the office of the city clerk. The successful bidder will be required to furnish bond in an amount to be set by the council, conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract, and a five year guarantee of his work. All bids to be sealed and filed with the city clerk, to be opened by the council at the city hall, June 30, 1910 at 2 o'clock P. M. But the council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to receive oral bids at such meeting.

Dated June 15, 1910.

Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

Jn16-23

FARMERS SHOULD THINK ABOUT THIS

What Representation Would They Have if Red Lake County is Divided.

Farmers of Proposed Pennington Could Pay the Price and See the Show.

Several Red Lake Falls people, it doesn't matter who, went to Thief River Falls last Friday to attend an alleged Republican county convention. The supposed purpose of this convention was to elect delegates to represent Red Lake county in the state convention. Thief River Falls people were in the majority so they elected a chairman and then chose ten delegates to represent Thief River Falls at the state cronvention. Seven of the delegates were residents of Thief River Falls, the other three were chosen to represent the vast territory of the northern half of Red Lake county. Southern Red Lake county was without representaton. The suggestion that there ought to be a representative delegation from Red Lake county did not receive any response and the program was sheepishly pushed through and the meeting hurridly adjourned.

It was such a clever little scheme. That no doubt is that Brother John thinks and everybody is glad he is happy, but the good Red Lake Falls Republicans who thought they were attending a county convention are still wondering how anyone except possibly a man of John's capacity, could get any satisfaction out of the transaction.

Seven to three—that's the proportion of representation that the people of Thief River Falls say the city and the rest of the territory comprising the proposed county of Pennington will be entitled to. They are saying that now before the vote on the division proposition—seven to three. No doubt if division carries, when they will have the power to do anything they please, they'll tell the reservation farmers to come into the city and help run things.

THE THIEF RIVER FALLS INVESTIGATION

It Developed Many Things That Were Not Expected by People Interested.

So the Wheels of Justice Slipped a Cog and the Investigation Ended.

Several weeks ago the city council of Thief River Falls, apparently angered at certain remarks [illegible] upon the streets relative to one of its prominent members, ordered an investigation, commanded the citizens who had passed the remarks to appear before it at a time set and tell what they knew or be chastised by the gentleman most concerned who, it was claimed by some, had acquired the pleasant habit of running things to suit him [illegible] two or three others, [illegible] with the crooked name. It was not supposed that these otherwise quiet citizens would have the nerve to appear and beard the lion in his own special jungle, but they did not only appear with proof, but also employed an attorney to investigate the city records and books, and represent them at the hearing, with the result that the large crowd in attendance was greatly edified, and the council refused to hear all the proof that was tendered them.

Grave irregularities in the conduct of city affairs were discovered affecting other city officials than the one in question, and one or more ex-councilmen. Some of the city officers seemed to consider their pockets a safer place for city money than the city treasurer's safe. Record proof of these matters were tendered the council at the hearing, but they declined to receive them, one alderman saying that they "knew all about that already."

The meeting finally adjourned without further action, and a deep silence has reigned over Thief River Falls ever since. Although the reporters of both Thief River papers are said to have attended the hearing, not a word of the matter appeared in their papers.

Is this a sample of the way Pennington county would be run?

For Coughs and Colds

Troubled with a cough? A hard cold, bronchitis, or some chronic lung trouble? There is a medicine made for just these cases—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Your doctor knows all about it. Ask him what he thinks of it. No medicine can ever take the place of your doctor. Keep in close touch with him, consult him frequently, trust him fully. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Ayer's Pills. Sugar-coated. All vegetable. Act directly on the liver. Gently laxative. Dose, only one pill. Sold for nearly sixty years. Ask your doctor about them.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN E. KING C. A. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

A New York woman has had 20 children in 20 years, but the newer and more expensive diseases continue to be more popular there.

They are talking of reading Bob LaFollette out of the Republican party. It looks to us as though Bob was reading the Republican party out of himself.

Every once in a while we hear of a car of dynamite exploding. It always means several funerals that could have been avoided by the exercise of a little care.

The insurgents go to bat twice this year. If they don't win at the primaries they still have the opportunity of showing their power at the general election.

A Northwestern university professor thinks men should be proud to have descended from an ape. Some men should be proud undoubtedly, but what about the ape?

Senator Cummins says "I will not lie for the Republican party or any other party." This might be a hopeful indication except there is an array of stump speakers who will.

If we put our money into circulation with the same freedom that we devote to discriminating our favorite remedies for colds, monetary stringency will promptly become a lost art.

Some of the railroads are complaining of hard times, but somehow the annual statements continue to show increased profit. This is a poor time to pull off a panic for the purpose of teaching the common people to keep their place.

A Pittsburg police captain has solved a mystery by declaring that the alleged epidemic of hydrophobia among dogs is really only a form of intoxication; speeding chauffeurs and dogs, says he, are made drunk by inhaling the fumes of gasoline. Soon we may look for either speedmania or hydrophobia among birds.

The proposed new county of Pennington held a Republican county convention last Friday. The Thief River partisans refused to permit the election of a single delegate from the southern part. This may be a good way to exhibit petty spite, but it isn't the best way to forward the Republican party. If Thief River thinks it essential to furnish all the delegates they might as well go ahead and furnish all the votes.

Northern Minnesota's demand for legislative reapportionment has become so strong that it is doubtful whether either of the two leading political parties will consider it policy to turn a deaf ear to clamor from the northern residents any longer, says the Glencoe Enterprise. A reapportionment bill, however, will by no means be an easy matter to get through the legislature unless it provides that the house be enlarged so as to give each county a member, and leaves the senate representation untouched.

Senators Hughes of Colorado and Heyburn of Idaho are opposed to the conservation policy on the grounds that it is retarding the progress of the West. Hughes said it would take 900 years to mine out the coal in Colorado alone, and added that the conservation policy would make mollycoddles out of future generations. If the public were reasonably assured that Hughes, Heyburn and others of their kind, were less solicitous about the welfare of the interests that are plundering the national resources, and more in sympathy with the just claims of the people as a whole to the heirship of God's favors, there might be more of a disposition to view their utterances with respect.

When the Passion Play at Oberamergau was in progress ten years ago an American visitor spent much of his spare time looking up the actors in their homes and chatting with them about the play. One complaint he met almost everywhere was the tremendous fatigue the performers suffered at the close of the 8-hour performance. Coming to the home of Hans Zwink, the Judas of the play, he found the painter-actor in quite a cheerful mode. "Does the performance fatigue you so much, too?" the tourist inquired. Ere Herr Zwink could reply his little 1-year old son chirped up: "Pa, he don't get so tired. He hangs himself at 3 o'clock and comes home two hours before the others."

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Visit Yellowstone Park

Visit "Wonderland"—the great region of scenic surprises—before you go to Europe. Or, if you've seen the Old World, see *this* year that world of canyons, cataracts, geysers and hot springs, which lies so close at home, in our own country. Fine hotels, magnificent coaching trip, incomparable climate—over a mile above the sea.

Northern Pacific Ry

operates through Pullman Sleeping Cars direct to the Park boundary at Gardiner Gateway, the official entrance, daily during the summer season: June 15 to September 15, 1910.

Park Tour Fares

Effective June 12 to Sept. 12, return limit Oct. 31, 1910, stop-overs both ways. For rate of fare, time of trains and full information, call on

A. C. Cawles, Agent, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

A. M. CLELAND,
General Passenger Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

The Scenic Highway through the Land of Fortune.

More than $10,000,000 was paid by the people of Minnesota for life insurance during 1910 and more than $4,000,000 of this was returned in the form of death claims according to the preliminary report just issued by the state insurance department. Level premium life companies did the largest share of the business. They collected premiums amounting to $7,503,259 and incurred losses amounting to $1,907,168. Fraternal societies collected $3,454,250 and paid claims $2,353,854. Old line companies wrote out 66,051 new policies, amounting to $35,772,296 and at the end of the year, the amount of business in force was $223,054,281. Fraternal companies wrote 28,646 new policies aggregating $321,614,316. The previous year the old line companies wrote 52,561 new policies and the fraternals 30,205.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Albert Lea Standard: Why, oh why, cannot the people who believe in and want good government, cast aside party prejudice, get together and compel the plutocrats and political pirates to flock by themselves?

Long Prairie Argus: The leaders of the state Democracy are hesitating as to wether they had better nominate John Lind and lose the support of the saloon interests, or take Hammond and make the fight on the tariff. But whatever the leaders may think about it, the average Democratic voter is for John Lind—whisky or no whiskey.

Middle River Pioneer: If the members of the next legislature stand together in their demands with the unity manifested at the big Crookston convention, they can put through anything within reason that they demand. And, they will have to stand together in the demands of the resolutions of the convention, or their names will be Dennis in future campaigns.

Sandstone Courier: The second great meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association was held at Crookston last week and it was a hummer. It shows that the people in this part of the state are just waking up to a realization of what can be accomplished for their own good, when all get together and work for it. These meetings will be kept up until their demands are answered and each one will be larger and better than the one before.

Winona Independent: The regulars controlled the Wisconsin state convention by a big majority, and the general plea was for party harmony and faith in President Taft. But what advantage is there in party harmony, when it means the despoiling of the consumer for the benefit of the big manufacturing interests? And how can an intelligent voter have faith in a president whose every move so far stamps him as a failure?

Northfield News: A Kentucky jury has rendered a verdict of guilty against 12 farmers charged with violating the Sherman anti-trust law. The farmers had agreed not to sell their tobacco to the tobacco trust for the price it was willing to pay, and had solicited other farmers to join them. That may be a good law, but it seems that farmers, who are up against combinations of one kind or another pretty much all the time, cannot themselves combine.

Elk River Star-News: Reapportionment is a vital issue with Northern Minnesota and in all fairness it should be granted, and right here it seems pertinent to say that it rests largely with Northern Minnesota itself whether they get it or not. We are convinced that there is enough of the spirit of fairness in Southern Minnesota to grant this right if the politicians of the northern part of the state would only get together in a solid body back of the proposition. Senators are elected for four-year terms this fall and every candidate should be pledged in writing to favor the proposition, it only needs a very few votes, but if the matter is properly put up to the southern solons, we are convinced that enough votes could be secured for a proper measure to carry it through.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: If a man can't invent anything else, he always can deviltry.

The more a man's faith in a thing turns out to have been misplaced, the surer it is that it wasn't an investment.

Just as soon as you begin to give anybody charity, he begins to think you owe it to him right along and a lot more besides.

A woman always tells her friends how much more her new clothes cost than they did so as to strike a fair average with how much less she tells her husband they did.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: If you call a policeman a lobster he is likely to pinch you.

A man may not be a coward because he is afraid of a woman.

Some men would rather call a bluff than recognize the real thing.

An egotist is a man who has an impartial opinion of himself.

A man's stomach is nearly round, yet it takes a square meal to fill it.

Flattery may be all right for dessert, but it makes an unsatisfactory meal.

It's better to hustle for a dollar than to indulge in a pipe dream of millions.

The average woman has less confidence in her husband than she has in her family physician.

If you are anxious to acquire a bad name in the shortest possible time, get into the political game.

Riches may not get a man into heaven after death, but poverty might get him into the other place during life.

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION.

Judicial Ditch No. 13, Marshall and Red Lake Counties Minn.

Clerk of Courts Notice of Hearing in Ditch Petition

State of Minnesota } ss. District Court
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition of H. A. Halvorson and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall and Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 13.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch designated and numbered by the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 13, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the Judge of the District Court has been had thereon and that the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of said ditch and to perform such other duties as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court: and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the said Clerk; and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and terminal of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch No. 13, including a description of the land over which the same passes, is as follows, viz:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 640 feet East and about 43 feet south of the ¼ section corner between section 1 Township 153, N., Range 39 W., and Section 36, Twp. 154, N Range 39 W., thence running West parallel with and about 43 feet south of the Township line forming the North boundary of sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Twp. 153 N., Range 39 W., to a point about 43 feet South and about 43 feet East of the N. W. corner of said section 4; thence running North parallel with and about 43 feet East of the section line forming the East boundary of section 32, Twp. 154 Range 39 W., to a point about 43 feet East and about 45 feet South of the N. E. corner of said section 32, thence running West parallel with and about 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of sections 32 and 31, twp. 154 n. range 39 w. and sections 36 and 35 Twp 154 N Range 40 W. to a point about 45 feet south and about 45 feet East of the n.w. corner of said section 35; thence running north parallel with and about 45 feet east of the section line forming the East boundary of sections 27, 22 and 15 to a point about 45 feet east and about 45 feet South of the N. E. corner of said section 15; thence running West parallel with and 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of sections 15, 16, 19 and 18 of Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and terminating in Marshall County Judicial Ditch No. 18 near the N. W. corner of section 18 aforesaid.

Branch "A". Beginning at a point about 1350 feet East and about 30 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 13 and 14, Twp. 154 n. Range 39 W. thence running west along the ¼ section line thru sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 said Twp. and Range and sections 13 and 14 Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., and terminating in the Main Ditch near the ¼ section corner between sections 14 and 15 last named twp. and Range.

Branch "B". Beginning at a point about 43 feet East and 40 feet south of the S. W. corner of section 11, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., thence running North parallel to the West boundary of said section 11 to the source of Branch "2" of Marshall Co. Ditch No. 20.

Branch "C". Beginning at a point about 43 feet East and 40 feet South of the S. W. corner of section 8, Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W. thence running North parallel to the West boundary of said section 8 to the source of Branch "C" of Marshall Co. Ditch No. 20.

Branch "D". Beginning at a point about 33 feet south and about 40 feet East of the S. W. corner of section 3, Twp. 153 N., Range 39 W., thence running North parallel with the West boundary of said section 3 to a termination in the Main Ditch near the N.W corner of Sec. 3 aforesaid.

Branch "E". Beginning at a point about 30 feet East and 33 feet South of the ¼ section corner between sections 1 and 12, Twp 153 N, Range 39 W., thence running North along the ¼ section line to an intersection with the Main Ditch near the ¼ section corner on the North side of said section 1.

Branch "F." Beginning at a point about 30 feet East and 33 feet North of the ¼ section corner between sections 25 and 36 Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running South along the ¼ section line to the center of section 36; thence running westerly along the ¼ section line to the 1-16 line of said Sec. 36; thence southerly along the 1-16 line to its intersection with the Main Ditch on the south side of section 36 aforesaid.

Branch "1". Beginning at a point about 43 feet East of the ¼ section corner between sections 25 and 26, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., thence running northerly parallel with and about 43 feet East of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 25, 24 and 13 said township and Range to a termination in the Branch "A" near the ¼ section corner between section 13 and 14 of township and Range aforesaid.

Branch "2". Beginning at a point about 45 feet South and about 43 feet East of the S.W. corner of section 22, Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Westerly parallel with and about 43 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of Sections 28, 29 and 30, said Twp. and Range to a point about 43 feet South and about 43 feet East of the N.W. corner of said section 30; thence Northerly parallel with and about 43 feet East of the Range line forming the West boundary of sections 19 and 18 said Twp. and Range to a junction with Branch "A", near the N.W. corner of S W.¼ of aforesaid section 18.

Branch "3". Beginning at the center of section 20; thence northerly along the quarter section line to a termination with Branch "A" near the center of section 17, aforesaid Twp. and Range.

Branch "4". Beginning at a point about 43 feet South of the ¼ section line between sections 24 and 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Westerly parallel with and about 43 south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 25, 26, and 27, said Twp. and Range to a point about 43 feet East and 43 feet South of the North West corner of said section 27, thence running Northerly parallel with and about 43 feet East of the section line forming the West boundary of sections 22 and 15, aforesaid township and Range to a junction with Branch "A" near the NW. corner of the SW¼ of said section 15.

Branch "5". Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 10 and 15, Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Southerly along the ¼ section line to its intersection with Branch "A" near the center of said section 15.

Branch "6". Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 13 and 24 Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Northerly along the ¼ section line thru the source of Branch "A" near the center of section 13 aforesaid continuing to the ¼ section corner between sections 1 and 12 said Twp., and Range, as its north terminus.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch Number 13 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, viz:— Sections 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 36 Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W.

Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, Twp. 153, N, Range 39 W. Sections 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25, 26, 35, 36, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W. All in Marshall and Red Lake Counties, Minnesota.

And that the said Engineers report shows the dimentions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: United States, Christ Lee, John Swan, C. M. Ohl, Isaac S. Isaacson, Peter O. Grevik, Christoffer Vad, Horace L. Welch, Halvor A. Vingren, Tora Anderson, Peter A. Kolstad, Ole E. Wiseth, Tillie Anstad, Nels A. Nylen, Sven Bergen, Alfred O. Vingstad, W. P. Harmon, Andrew Hanson, John Sjohsvold, Fred Solle, Lars L. Furan, Severt Beoson, John Johnson Furan, John Knsmak, William Blowers, Even O. Kios, John J. Wood, Gunder Erickson, Joseph Westerlion, Andrew O. Duglas, Frank J. Madden, Peter J. Lovly, Marie Linder, George Wagner, Chas. M. Marcel, Philomina A. Friberg, Edward Kolly, August Landa, Albert Tanka, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fork, Anton Knudson, Arnt C. Halvorson, Henry T. Rye, Charles T. Johnson, Lars L. Solberg, Lars Olson Oak, C. A. Cramberg, Sarah Westenberg, G. O. Yrro, Benjamin Benson, S. C. Weaks, Peter Ar. Rogedal, John S. Daughbenbaugh, Helmer C. Halvorson, Alfred Olson, Nels T. Jorgonson, Ellef Halvorson, John S. Miller, Andrew E. Halvorson, Martin C. Lund, Anton Stensky, Svend Erwick, Mandoza Beaudry, Walter H. Quist, Anna Erickson, Eddy T. Kivle, Townships of Moylan and Espelie in Marshall County, Minnesota, and Townships of Goodridge, Reiner and Star in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' report, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said Court and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the Court room in the court house in the City of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, and and that all persons interested in the construction of the said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or or benefits thereon.

Dated June 15th, 1910.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.

(District Court Seal.)
Brown & Eckstrom,
Warren, Minn.
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Bridge Proposals Wanted.

The Board of Supervisors of the township of Deer Park in Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the home of Ralph Green in Section 32, Township 152, Range 40 at 1:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1910 for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a steel span over the Clearwater River between Sections 31 and 32 in the Township of Deer Park (152-40) agreeably to the specifications hereto annexed. Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design, with the data on which it was computed, and shewing also areas of material proposed to be given to each

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

(Signed) W. A. Swanson,
Town Clerk of Deer Park

General Description.

The bridge will be a through bridge consisting of one span ninety six (96) feet long with the steel tube foundations and re-inforced concrete backing with Six (6) foot wing, and will have a 3 inch plank roadway Sixteen (16) feet clear width.

The distance from grade to bed of stream is Eleven (11) feet and from grade to highest water is Five (5) feet.

For the floor system of roadway either a concentrated load of Sixteen (16) tons on two axels 10 foot centers, 8-4 of load on rear axel and 1-4 on front axel wheels, 10 foot gauge, each wheel load considered as carried by two joists, when joists are two feet, 8 inches or less center to center; or 100 pounds per square foot of surface. Cooper's specifications to govern all workmanship and material.

(signed) C. H. Martz, C.E. Engineer.
(J16-Je30.)

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Wylie Farmers Elevator and Mercantile Company will be held at Wylie July 1st at 1:30 p. m. Sealed bids for the position as manager of the above company will be considered not later than June 30th. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Address bids to
C. O. SWANSON, Secretary,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Star Route.

Order of Hearing on Petition to Convey Lands on Contract.

State of Minnesota, } ss. IN PROBATE COURT,
County of Red Lake } Special Term, June 21st, 1910.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ovide Moreau Deceased.

On Reading and Filing the petition of George Dupont claiming to be entitled to a conveyance of certain real estate from the Administrator of said estate, setting forth that Ovide Moreau deceased, was bound by a contract in writing to convey said real estate to the said George Dupont, William Dupont, and Joseph Dupont upon the terms and conditions therein stated, with a description of the land to be conveyed, and the facts upon which such claim to conveyance is predicated, and praying that the Probate Court make a decree authorizing and directing the said Administrator to convey said real estate to said petitioner as the person entitled thereto.

It is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate may appear before this Court, at a special term thereof to be held on Friday the fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate office in the Court House in Red Lake Falls, in said County, and oppose said petition.

And it is Further Ordered, That this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper printed and published at City of Red Falls in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 21st day of June A. D. 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
Judge of Probate.

(Seal)
Je23J7

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

State of Minnesota, } IN PROBATE COURT.
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Estate of John Maloney Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to John Manley, John Maloney, Michael Maloney, Doonis Maloney, Mary Shardian, Margaret Gorke, Mrs. Lizzie Grislin, Geo. Maloey, Edward Manley Anthoney, Manly and James Manly all persons interested in the determination of the descent of the real estate of said decedent: The petition of John Manly having been filed in this Court, representing that said decedent died more than five years prior to the filing thereof, leaving certain real estate in said petition described, and that no will of decedent has been proved nor administration of said estate granted in this State, and praying that the descent of said real estate be determined by this Court:

Therefore, You, and Each of You, Are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of July 1910, at ten o'clock, A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 22nd day of June 1910.

F. A. GRADY IRA C. RICHARDSON
Attorney for Petitioner Probate Judge.
(COURT)
(SEAL)
Je23J7

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

EXTENSION BULLETIN.

June 1 to September 30, low round trip summer tourist fares to eastern Canada, New York and New England. Optional routes.

June 3 to July 30. Every Friday low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 22. Last of the popular spring excursions to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 29 to July 3. Annual convention National Educational Association, at Boston, Mass. Optional routes.

July 2, 3, and 4. Low rates for Independent Day.

July 6 to 10. National convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 24. Annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que. and return. Usual low fares.

Sept. 2 to 9. Eucharistic Congress Montreal.

Watch for announcement of other excursions. For particulars apply to A. J. Perrin, General Agent, 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S.S.S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S. S. S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S. S. S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.

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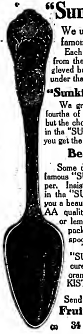
Only Gloved Hands Pick "Sunkist" Oranges



We use great care in picking the famous "SUNKIST" ORANGES. Each "SUNKIST" ORANGE is picked from the tree and packed in the box by a gloved hand. No orange that falls to the ground is packed under the "SUNKIST" label.

"Sunkist" Navel Oranges Are Seedless

We grow 60% of all the California oranges. Three-fourths of all the lemons. Most of them are sold in bulk, but the choicest selections of this great quantity are wrapped in the "SUNKIST" label, so that if you would be sure that you get the choicest pick, insist upon the "SUNKIST."

Beautiful Orange Spoon FREE

Some dealers may claim the oranges they sell are the famous "SUNKIST," but that they have removed the wrapper. Insist on your dealer giving you oranges and lemons in the "SUNKIST" wrapper. If you do this we will give you a beautiful orange spoon—one of Rogers' best standard AA quality. Just send us twelve "SUNKIST" orange or lemon wrappers, with six 2c stamps to pay postage, packing, etc., and receive one of these beautiful spoons by return mail.

The choicest quality of lemons also go under the "SUNKIST" label. You can easily secure a whole dozen of these beautiful orange spoons. Get a dozen "SUNKIST" oranges or lemons today.

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SUNKIST LEMONS

Send to **California Fruit Growers' Exchange**
34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

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GET THE GENUINE. CATALOGUE FREE. WE SELL WELL CASING AND TILE OUTLETS.
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DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

COMPLETE TEXT OF RESOLUTIONS

Adopted at Crookston Meeting of Northern Minnesota Development Association.

The [illegible] adopted by the Northern Minnesota Development Congress [illegible]

[illegible] from thirty-one counties of Northern Minnesota, in convention [illegible] at the city of Crookston, [illegible] 1910, composing the Northern Minnesota Development [illegible] that in Northern [illegible] development of natural [illegible] such as no [illegible] and to the end [illegible] to specify [illegible] hereby adopt the [illegible]

[illegible] the representation of the [illegible] in the state [illegible] to be wholly [illegible] in view of the [illegible] population of that part [illegible] compared with other [illegible]

[illegible] condition is contrary to the letter and spirit of [illegible] of the State of Minnesota [illegible] to every principle of right [illegible]

[illegible] That this association [illegible] that a just [illegible] reapportionment be [illegible] of the [illegible] before the next [illegible] shall remedy this condition [illegible] which will give to all [illegible] the state equal representation [illegible] the state and the house, [illegible] to the population as shown by the United States census in 1910.

"Be it further Resolved, That [illegible] and we demand that all [illegible] for the senate and [illegible] of representatives [illegible] the counties included in [illegible] required to [illegible] to work and [illegible] regardless [illegible] or political [illegible] and that those who fail [illegible] pledge be refused [illegible] at the polls without regard to party.

Be it further Resolved, That all political parties be most urgently requested to insert in their platforms a plank [illegible] the passage of a just reapportionment bill.

BETTERING OF OUR PUBLIC HIGHWAYS.

"Whereas, There is no question that more vitally affects the people of our state at the present time than that of bettering our public highways, we [illegible] that the next [illegible] submit a constitutional [illegible] providing for a [illegible] mill state [illegible] that [illegible] road tax of one [illegible] mill, as authorized by the [illegible] be levied by the next [illegible] the same to be expended under the supervision of the state highway commission, and that the [illegible] make a liberal appropriation annually hereafter to enable the state highway commission to employ [illegible] of competent men to [illegible] the local road authorities in [illegible]

"Whereas, During the last few years [illegible] of enormous magnitude have been prosecuted, whereby [illegible] have been reclaimed [illegible] into rich and fertile [illegible] therefore;

Be it [illegible] by this association, That Minnesota, through the board of [illegible] should immediately dispose of enough of the bonds of other [illegible] held by it as are necessary to [illegible] to our own people [illegible] to state development, especially for roads, drainage and [illegible]

"Be it therefore Resolved, That we are heartily in accord with the drainage movement commenced by the various counties.

Be it therefore Resolved, That the federal government be urged to reclaim the million of acres held by it in trust for the Chippewa Indians.

"Whereas, There is owned by the state of Minnesota a vast area of land amounting to over 2,000,000 acres, and

Whereas, This great acreage is contained almost entirely in eight counties of Northern Minnesota, where new settlements are struggling with the problem of building roads and schools and are finding themselves handicapped by state lands that present a constant barrier to road construction and bear no part of the expense of road and school building so necessary to the healthy growth of any new country;

Therefore, be it Resolved, That it is the demand of Northern Minnesota, in convention assembled, that speedy and adequate relief be afforded by the next legislature looking to the correction of the evils that may exist in the handling of state lands. That direct appropriations be made to all counties in which state lands exist, proportionate to the acreage of state lands in such counties, to aid in the building of roads and schools therein and the development of the agricultural advantages thereof.

[illegible] state lands, suitable for agriculture, [illegible] sold or offered for sale in their virgin state, with the timber, by contract or fee simple, to the end that the settler building a home on these lands may have some means of support from the timber while developing their farms. That the legislature at its next session, provide for the classification and appraisement of all state lands and that all lands, classified as agricultural, be offered for sale at a reasonable price at frequent intervals. That an amendment to the constitution of the state be submitted to the people amending article 8 thereof so as to permit the enactment of a better and more business-like method of disposing of state lands, having in view the proper protection of the permanent school fund for the state.

"Whereas, We believe that the powers of the board of immigration should be greatly enlarged, so that the advantages of the state for homeseekers may be given the greatest publicity, therefore,

"Be it Resolved, That the legislature be requested to appropriate not less than $100,000 annually for the use of the board of immigration.

"Whereas, The federal government will, on June 20, 1910, open for settlement over 275,000 acres of land in the Cass Lake, Crookston and Duluth districts in the northern part of Minnesota,

"Be it Resolved, That this association appreciates the act of the department in opening said lands for settlement and that we co-operate with the different federal land offices and the state immigration bureau in giving general publicity to this opening and endeavor to attract actual settlers to the land.

"Be it Resolved, That we recommend to the next legislature the passage of such legislation as may be needed for the establishment of a system of rural township graded schools, wherein as much instruction in the elements of agriculture, home economics and manual training may be taught as it is possible to give, and the granting of liberal appropriations to encourage the development of such a system, and for the accomplishment of this work we recommend the creation of a rural state school board whose duties it shall be to foster and direct the establishment of such a system.

"Be it Resolved, That we recommend that the system of secondary agricultural schools, consisting of the school of agriculture at Crookston, Morris and St. Anthony Park, be extended from time to time as conditions demand.

"Be it Resolved, That the movement for the establishment of agricultural departments in urban high schools be restricted to those high schools so situated that schools surrounding a village or city can secure better results through cooperation with the village or city high school than through independent organization.

"Be it Resolved, That we recommend the establishment of a thoroughly efficient training department for the preparation of teachers for the rural schools and that the elements of agriculture be added to the list of subjects required for the certification of all teachers of the rural schools.

"Be it Resolved, That we approve of the policy of bringing the results of the experiments and research conducted in the university to the people and recommend that liberal appropriation for such extension work be made.

"Be it further Resolved, That the delegates of the convention, each and every one of them, hereby express their appreciation of the courteous, hospitable treatment accorded them by the [illegible] and the Commercial club of Crookston and the officers of the association."

Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County, will meet at Wylie, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock, on Friday, the 1st day of July, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 25 foot steel beam bridge, agreeable to the specifications hereunto annexed.

Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the data on which they it was computed and showing the areas of materials proposed to be given to each part.

Builders are requested to be present at the above occasion when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

The bridge is to be a steel girder bridge, consisting of 1 span and will have a road way, 18 foot clear width. The distance from grade to bed of stream is 12 feet.

The floor will be reinforced concrete with concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel pilings with concrete backing, piling to be from 18 to 20 feet long concrete backing to be 10 feet high.

Contractors are requested to submit plans and bids for a pony truss of the same capacity, so that the board may take their choice between it and the 25 foot girder bridge herein mentioned.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk

Proposals Wanted.

The undersigned board of supervisors of the Township of Polk Center, Red Lake County will meet at Wylie, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock p. m. Friday the 1st day of July, 1910, for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a 20 foot steel beam bridge agreeable to the specifications hereunto annexed.

Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design with the data on which it was computed and showing also the areas of materials proposed to be given to each part.

Builders are requested to be present at the above occasion when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

The bridge is to be a steel girder bridge consisting of 1 span and will have a roadway, 18 foot clear width. The distance from grade to bed of stream is 12 feet.

The floor will be reinforced concrete with a concrete wheel guard.

Foundation will be steel piling with concrete backing piling to be from 18 to 20 feet long, concrete backing to be 10 feet high.

Contractors are requested to submit plans and bids for a pony truss of the same capacity so that the Board may take its choice between [illegible] foot girder bridge herein mentioned.

C. E. NAPLIN,
Town Clerk

BIG DAY AT TERREBONNE

Ladies of the Church Raised More Than Two Hundred Dollars.

Terrebonne, Minn., June 20—Last Sunday was indeed a great day for Terrebonne, which is not too far out in the country to gather a big crowd. The dinner served by the ladies of the parish to our many friends of Red Lake Falls, Brooks, Gentilly and Crookston, proved to be an immense success.

The dinners and balmy air of Terrebonne are proverbial. "Let us go to Terrebonne and have a dandy time," is the common saying.

The tables set in the church—which is soon to be adorned with very pretty pews—were artistically decorated with flowers that harmonized well with the elegant and amiable young waiters.

The admirers of base ball had the pleasure of a nice game between Red Lake Falls and Terrebonne teams. The score stood 7 to 11 in favor of Terrebonne. The others, remaining and chatting under the very attractive trees of the rectory, enjoyed a good glass of soft drink with a cone of delicious ice cream, both very palatable in this extreme wave of heat.

The president of this [illegible], Mrs. X. Sauve, together with all devoted ladies in charge as assistants, wish to extend, through the Gazette their hearty thanks to all the parishioners and friends of the neighboring towns who have encouraged them by their presence. They are proud of the net receipts which exceeded the sum of $200.00.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, June 10, 1910.

Pursuant to call, the board of county commissioners in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., June 10th, 1910.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lundquist.

Members absent: None.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol [illegible] unanimously:

Resolved, that the county auditor be and he is hereby instructed and directed to issue his warrant in favor of the state of Minnesota in the amount of $290.83 in full payment of the assessment against lands in Red Lake county on account of the construction of Judicial Ditch No. 81.

Resolved that the sum of $100 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund, payable $200 to the town of Deer Park and $200 to the town of Equality to aid the said towns in the construction of a bridge across the Clearwater River between Sections [illegible] and [illegible] in Township One Hundred [illegible] (152), Range Forty (40), Townships required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of $200.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund, payable $100.00 to the Town of Bray and $100.00 to the Town of Numedal to aid the said towns in the repairing of the highway between sections 35 and 36 in Numedal township and Sections 1 and 2 in Bray Township, the said towns required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of $150.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the Town of Red Lake Falls in the grading of a road on the quarter line on the west side of the North East quarter of Section 27 in said town and on the quarter line on the south side of the North East Quarter of said section and in the building of a bridge across the County Ditch at the southeast corner of the said North East quarter of said section. The said appropriation to be payable to the order of Ovide Edard, treasurer of the city of Red Lake Falls and to be expended under his supervision, the said city required to expend an amount at least equal to the appropriation.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of $200.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county Road and Bridge Fund to aid the town of Lambert in the grading and repairing of the state road between sections 22 and 27 and between Sections 10 and 15 in said town, the township required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved, that the sum of $150.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the town of Highlanding in the grading and repairing of the highway between sections 29 and 28 and between sections 29 and 32 in said town, the township required to expend an amount at least equal at the appropriation.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of $100.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the town of Terrebonne in the purchase and placing of iron culverts to be [illegible] one between sections 2 and 11 and one between sections 21 and 28 in said town, the said town required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the town of Terrebonne be reimbursed the sum of $150.00 on account of appropriation from the County Road and Bridge Fund [illegible] of July 12, 1909, but not drawn to aid the said town in the purchase and placing of iron culverts, two between sections 21 and 28 and one between sections 4 and 5, the said town required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of $200.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county Road and Bridge fund to aid the town of Poplar River in the grading and repairing of the state road between sections 12 and 13, 11 and 14 and 10 and 15 in said town, the said town required to expend at least an equal amount. Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of $150.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county Road and Bridge Fund to aid the town of Lake Pleasant in the repairing of the highway between sections 21 and 13, between 26 and 27, and between 22 and 27 in said town and for repair of bridge at the south east corner of section nine in said town and for repair of bridge [illegible] line between said town and [illegible] Red Lake Falls between sections [illegible] and 3 in said town, the said town required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

Resolved that the sum of [illegible] be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county Road and Bridge fund to aid the town of [illegible] in the grading and repairing of the highway between sections [illegible] the said town required to expend at least an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed.

The application of the town of [illegible] for an appropriation of [illegible] from the county road and bridge fund was on motion duly carried [illegible]

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously:

Resolved that the sum of $300 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the general county revenue fund to aid the Red Lake county agricultural association [illegible] the holding of the fair at Thief River Falls for the year 1910.

The application of [illegible] for cancellation of taxes on real estate for the year 1909 was on motion duly made granted, subject to the approval of the state tax commission.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned to June 11th, 1910 at 9:00 o'clock a. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 9:00 o'clock a. m. June 11th, 1910.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Pigeon and Lundquist.

Members absent: Aubol.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

H. F. Anderson, postage as per vouchers	4.25
H. F. Anderson, exp. a/c as supt. of schools	26.11
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co. lighting for May	11.75
Miller [illegible] supplies for county offices	56.81
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county offices	27.40
The [illegible] heating and plumbing job	[illegible]
Louis F. Dow Co., [illegible]	[illegible]
John W. Eastman, printing circulars summer school	12.50
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting notices Ditch 44	13.00
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting notices Ditch 45	11.00
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting notices Ditch 50	17.00
Lewis A. Nelson, mileage and posting notices Ditches [illegible]	[illegible]
Otto Zaiser, [illegible]	[illegible]
Arthur Hall, [illegible]	[illegible]
Hugo Jacoby, [illegible]	[illegible]
Joe Stengel, [illegible]	[illegible]
Glenn H. Martz, [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, [illegible] days services as engineer ditch No. [illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. Martz, [illegible] ditch No. 45	5.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, attending special meeting county board [illegible] mileage, to be charged equally against Ditches 51, 52, 53 and 54	[illegible]
Joseph Pigeon, attending special meeting county board [illegible] to be charged equally against Ditches 51, 52, 53 and 54	[illegible]
Ed. J. Aubol, attending special meeting county board [illegible] to be charged equally against Ditches 51, 52, 53 and 54	[illegible]
C. A. Lindquist, attending special meeting county board [illegible] Ditches 51, 52, 53 and 54	[illegible]
Joseph Pigeon, attending special meeting [illegible]	[illegible]

On motion [illegible] the board adjourned sine die.

[illegible] Chairman [illegible] County Commissioners.

[illegible] County Auditor and Ex Officio clerk [illegible] (County auditor's seal)

Flying Machines

A few years ago flying machines were hardly thought of, nor was Scott's Emulsion in summer. Now *Scott's Emulsion* is as much a summer as a winter remedy. Science did it. All Druggists

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of thirty-eight and 50-100ths dollars which became due December 1st, 1909, all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Philomena Bowin, a widow, mortgagor, to First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 18th day of December, 1908, at 4 o'clock P. M. in book 31 of Mortgages, on page 48; and whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default, the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage, and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred fifty nine and 70-100ths dollars, ($759.70) and the further sum of ($8.75), tax paid on said premises by said mortgagee and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefore, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit, the west half of the southeast quarter, (w½ of se¼) of section six (6), in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty five (45) in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the [illegible] building temporarily used as a court house, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $759.70 [illegible] of $8.75 on said premises, and an attorneys fee of twenty-five dollars [illegible] in said mortgage, disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, [illegible]

First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn., Mortgagee.

[illegible] Attorney for Mortgagee, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Summons.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } ss. District Court, [illegible] Judicial District.

[illegible], Plaintiff,
vs.
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. [illegible], Theresa Heilstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which [illegible] in the office of the clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, within [illegible] days after the service of said summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } ss. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

[illegible], Plaintiff,
vs.
Anton Gerster, Elizabeth Gerster, Albert E. Heilstedt, Theresa Heilstedt, A. M. Record and Albert D. Kissinger, Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this Court by the above named Plaintiff against the above named Defendants, the object of which is to foreclose by action and secure a sale of the premises hereinafter described, in such proceedings that certain Mortgage bearing date the [illegible] and executed by Anton Gerster and Elizabeth Gerster, his wife, as Mortgagors, unto the above named Plaintiff as Mortgagee, which said Mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of December 1909, at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] M. and duly recorded in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page 156.

The premises affected by said action, are situated in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and are described as follows:

The [illegible] of Section twenty-two (22) in Township One Hundred and Fifty [illegible] North of Range Forty [illegible] West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing [illegible] acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey.

Dated May 13, 1910.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Office of Register of Deeds, County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of May A. D. 1910, at 4:20 o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book [illegible] of Mortgages on page [illegible]

FRANK JEFFERS,
Register of Deeds.
By Margaret Rose, Deputy.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, City of Red Lake Falls. } ss.

Notice is hereby given, that application has been made in writing to the city council of said City of Red Lake Falls and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 1st day of July, 1910 and terminating on June 30th, 1911, by the following person, and at the following place, as stated in said application, respectively, to-wit:

[illegible] Johnson, in the first floor of that certain brick building on lot 29 of block [illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council of the city of Red Lake Falls at the council rooms in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Monday, the [illegible] day of July, 1910, at [illegible] o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city this [illegible] day of June, 1910.

[illegible], City Recorder.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Margaret Lilling.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court. } ss.

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Lilling, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Johannis Arndt, [illegible] Nimsgern, Peter Nimsgern, Mary [illegible], Anna Bastian, John Peter Nimsgern, John Nimsgern, St. Peter's & St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church of Mazeppa, Minn., John Ternes, Mary Arndt, John Nimsgern Jr., Lorrette [illegible], St. Marc's Roman Catholic Church of Red Lake Falls, Minn., and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Nicholas Nimsgern being duly filed in this court, representing that Margaret Lilling, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the [illegible] day of May, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Nicholas Nimsgern. Now Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the first day of July, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, Ira C. Richardson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this [illegible] day of June, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON
Judge

(Court Seal)
Fred L. Farley,
Attorney for Petitioner. je9-j14

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by George Miller and Catherine Miller, his wife, mortgagors, to Edinburgh American Land Mortgage Company, Limited, Mortgagee, dated February [illegible] 1907 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota on April 24th, 1907 at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] M. in book 19 of mortgages, on page 307 thereof; that said mortgagee has paid the taxes assessed against the premises described in the said mortgage for the years 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, amounting to $217.12, that said mortgagee has paid for extension of abstract [illegible] $5.00; that the amount claimed and hereby declared to be due on said mortgage at this date including said taxes and interest thereon and said amount paid for extension of abstract, is one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and 58-100 dollars ($1933.58); that the premises described in and covered by said mortgage are the following described real estate situate in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

Northeast quarter and north half of southeast quarter of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred and fifty one (151) north of range forty one (41) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing two hundred and forty acres according to government survey; that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash by the sheriff of Red Lake county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county and state on June 18, 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage (including said taxes and extension of abstract) together with the costs of such sale and [illegible] ($[illegible]) attorney's fees stipulated [illegible] mortgage.

Dated April 25th, 1910.

EDINBURGH AMERICAN LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, Limited
Mortgagee.

B. H. Whitney,
Attorney for Mortgagee
Slayton, Minn.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the [illegible] day of July, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this [illegible] day of June, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Town of [illegible] said county, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

[illegible] starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the North-east corner of section sixteen [16], Township one hundred fifty-two [152], range forty [40], Red Lake County, Minnesota, running thence west on the section line between sections nine [9] and sixteen [16], and between sections eight [8] and seventeen [17] and eighteen [18] to the range line between ranges thirty-nine [39] and forty [40], continuing thence west [illegible] township one hundred fifty-two [152] range [illegible] in said county, between section twelve [12] and thirteen [13] [illegible] and section twenty [12], and continuing thence due north on the section line between sections twelve [12] and eleven [11] to the north west corner of said section [illegible] direction over and across the South East Quarter [SE¼] of section two [2] and terminating in the Red Lake River at about the center of section two [2] township one hundred fifty-two [152] range forty [40] Town of Deer Park as its outlet.

[illegible] of Branch Ditch No. [illegible] corner [illegible] one hundred fifty [illegible] continuing thence due north on the section line between said section eight [8] and seven [7] and terminating into the Red Lake River at about the north-west corner of said section eight [8] as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 2, commencing at the south west corner of the North West Quarter [NW¼] of section seventeen [17] township one hundred fifty-two [152] range [illegible] continuing thence due north on the section line between said section seventeen [17] and eighteen [18] and terminating into the [illegible] at the north-west corner of said section seventeen [17] as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such County Ditch and cause the same to be constructed [illegible] Chapter [illegible] Two Hundred thirty [230] of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and the acts amendatory thereof [illegible]

Dated June [illegible], 1910.

F. Lawrence Wegnerowski
Ignat Kolski
John Wpentek
William Brockman
Albert Stachess
Anton Pednecki
je16-30

—Petitioners.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 19

HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. [illegible] WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
[illegible] BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office [illegible] Bank [illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies

[illegible] K. of C. [illegible]

I. O. O. F.—[illegible] every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G.; R. A. Grady, V. G.; F. A. Mizen, R. S.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. D. J. [illegible]oran, Chief Ranger; E. [illegible]eau, Recording Secretary.

Churches

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼ Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co. cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss [illegible] weak back, failing [illegible] deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3[illegible] Luck Building

A man is apt to think he is having a moral awakening when he begins to sit up and take notice of his

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!!
PHONE 7. MAIN STREET

The Local Field

Read Mittwer's new ad.

Mohair coats at half price at The Big Store—35c up.

Rev. S. T. Palm of St. Hilaire was in the city yesterday.

S. M. Sivertson made a business trip to Sandridge today.

Claus Adolphson of Black River was trading in town Tuesday.

Peter L. Mayhow of Thief River Falls was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Leo Steinert returned Monday from a business trip to the twin cities.

Dr. F. F. Fletcher, the dentist, will be at Dr. Wilkinson's office July 5 and 6. j30

Mrs. Elsie Adolphson and Mrs. C. B. Cruten of Wylie were in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. Thos. Germo of Post Falls, Idaho, arrived in Red Lake Falls yesterday for a visit at the home of her mother, Mrs. Wm Findeisen.

More city news on first page.

J. A. Duffy spent a part of the week in the twin cities.

O. J. Knutson spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Jos. Toupin spent Sunday with his parents at Crookston.

Editor Converse of St. Hilaire spent Sunday with relatives in town.

If that stiff hat seems to weigh a ton, get a fine Gordon straw, $1.25 up.—The Big Store.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Houston, Saturday, June 18.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose spent a part of the week with friends at Thief River Falls.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 7.

Bert Borkins of Rochester was the guest of his sister, Mrs. P. L. Malvin, this week.

Miss Lula Fletcher, who has been teaching in St. Paul, is at home for the summer vacation.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz was attending to business matters in town the first of the week.

Editor Hunt of the Sunbeam was in town Saturday. The Gazette acknowledges a fratenal call.

For Rent—5 room house with 5 acre lot. Good well and barn, sheds etc. James Hance, at elevator.

Mrs. Fred Overle of Sauk Center, mother of Mrs. E. A. Nelson, is a guest at the Nelson home this week.

The Woodmen and Royal Neighbors and their families will enjoy a picnic at the Island in the Clearwater river Friday, June 24. One of the good things to be enjoyed by the picnicers is a basket lunch.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 340 Residence Phone, 91
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

$983.00 GIVEN AWAY!
We want every one of our lady customers to enter in the
Grand Prize Silk Embroidery Contest
which has just started

1st Prize - $200.00
2nd Prize - $100.00
3rd Prize - $75.00
4th Prize - $50.00
160 other Prizes, all valuable

NO ENTRY FEE

Call at our store for full instructions, including full list of prizes and conditions governing the contest.

MRS. WM. ZAISER - MILLINERY

ACME
NOT IN THE TRUST

But I TRUST Farmers in need of
FARM MACHINERY
will call on me and examine my full line of Binders, Mowers and Rakes

PETER HANSEL, Wylie, Minn.

Minnesota Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company
Be not deceived. This Company has a State License.

It has gained much for mutual insurance. Over $7,000,000.00 in force all in Minnesota. NO LIABILITIES. Oldest mutual in state. Always lowest assessment. Writes cyclone and hail. Send for booklet giving every detail of every phase and losses paid. Agents wanted. MOTTO—Liberal adjustment and prompt payment of losses.

508 Bank of Commerce Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

There will be services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours Sunday morning and evening.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

For Sale—2 bulls, 1 bull calf and two heifer calves, all full blood short-horns of the milking strain.—M. O. Sortedahl.

V. M. Higinbotham, S. M. Sivertson and J. J. Padden went to Crookston in the Higinbotham car yesterday.

Miss Ada Foote, formerly a teacher in the public schools of this city, was the guest of Mrs. Geo. F. Hennings this week.

Mrs. A. D. Purdy of Jolliett, N. Dak., is spending the week in this city at the home of her brother, Frank Brouillet.

Wm Munch, the game warden, was over from Crookston Tuesday. He didn't have much to do here cause everybody is being good.

Have an extra supply of lard on hand so am selling the best home rendered lard at 15 cents a pound while it lasts.—A. G. Groshong.

Miss Tillie Kenfer left yesterday afternoon for Hammond, Ind., where she will visit with her sister, Mrs. Emma Krost, for a few days. She will then go on a trip to the Pacific coast and will spend several months at the homes of her brothers.

For Sale.

1 light buggy, 1 high grade, canopy top surry, 1 single harness, 1 light team harness. All in good condition.

S. M. Sivertson.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

Of First State Bank of Oklee.

Know all men by these presents, That we have agreed to, and do hereby associate ourselves together as a banking corporation, under and pursuant to the provisions of the Laws of the State of Minnesota governing banks of discount and deposit and to that end we do hereby execute under our hands and seals the following certificate of incorporation, to-wit:

FIRST.

The name of this corporation shall be the First State Bank of Oklee.

The general nature of its business shall be banking, receiving deposits, buying, selling and discounting notes, bills and other evidences of debt, domestic and foreign, dealing in gold and silver bullion and foreign coins, issuing circulating notes and loaning money on real estate and personal security; and the place where the business of this corporation is to be carried on is Oklee in Red Lake county, Minnesota.

SECOND

Said corporation shall commence on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1910, and shall continue for the period of thirty years.

THIRD.

The names and places of residence of the incorporators, and the number of shares held by each of them are as follows:

Name	Residence and Post Office	No. Shares
J. A. Duffy	Red Lake Falls, Minn.	68
A. P. Toupin,	Crookston, Minn.	10
L. J. Duffy,	Red Lake Falls, Minn.	5
Samuel Gibean	"	5
Theo. LaBissoniere	"	5
A. D. Stephens	Crookston, Minn.	5
S. H. Drew	Minneapolis, Minn.	2

FOURTH.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of 3 or 5 directors, who shall be elected at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of January of each year between the hours of 9:00 A. M. and 4:00 P. M. of the said day. The first board of directors shall consist of the following members:

A. P. Toupin, Crookston, Minn.
Samuel Gibean, Red Lake Falls, Minn.
J. A. Duffy, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

who shall hold office until the first annual meeting, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

FIFTH.

The amount of the capital stock shall be Ten Thousand Dollars fully paid in, in cash, which shall be divided into One Hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The capital stock may be increased from time to time by a majority vote of stockholders, but not to exceed the sum of Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars.

SIXTH.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be Two Hundred Fifty Thousand dollars.

In Witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 23rd day of May, A. D. 1910.

In Presence of (Two witnesses to each signature)	Name
Ross R. Clark H. P. Neucomb	S. H. Drew
W. S. Ericson Peter F. Pouliot	J. A. Duffy
W. S. Ericson Peter F. Pouliot	L. J. Duffy
W. S. Ericson Peter F. Pouliot	Theo. LaBissionar
W. S. Ericson Pater F. Pnallot	Samoel Gibean
V. L. McGregor Geo. G. LeBlanc	A. P. Toupin
V. L. McGregor Geo. G. LeBlanc	A. D. Stephens

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake, ss.

On this 23rd day of May, A. D. 1910, before me, a Notary Public in and for said county, personally appeared

J. A. Duffy	Red Lake Fall, Minnesota
L. J. Duffy	" " "
Samoel Gibean	" " "
Theo. LaBissoniera	" " "

to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they each executed the same as their free act and deed.

W. S. ERICSON,
Notary Public Red Lake county, Minn.
My commission expires March 28, 1917
(Seal)

State of Minnesota, County of Polk ss.

On this 28th day of May, A. D. 1910, before me, a Notary Public in and for said county, personally appeared A. P. Toupin, and A. D. Stephens to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

V. L. McGREGOR,
Notary Public, Polk county, Minnesota.
My commission expires Dec. 13, 1915.
(Seal)

State of Minnesota, county of Hennepen, ss.

On this 25th day of May, A. D. 1910, before me, a Notary Public in and for said county, personally appeared S. H. Drew to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowleged that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

H. P. NEUCOMB,
Notary Public, Hennepin county, Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 4th, 1915.
(Seal)

State of Minnesota,
Department of Banking.

This is to certify that the name "First State Bank of Oklee" as given in the foregoing Certificate of Incorporation, has been approved by me.

Dated this Fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1910.

J. B. GALARNEAULT,
Superintendent of Banks.
(Seal)

State of Minnesota
Department of State

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 8 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in book 1 of State Bank Records, on page 233.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p.m., and was duly recorded in Book "G" of Miscellaneous, page 27.

FRANK JEFFERS,
Register of Deeds.
By Margaret Rose, Deputy.
(Seal)

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION

Judicial Ditch No. 18, Marshall and Red Lake Counties Minn.

Clerk of Courts Notice of Hearing in Ditch Petition in Ditch Proceeding.

State of Minnesota } ss District Court,
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition of John C. Johnson and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall and Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 18.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of district Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch designated and numbered by the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 18, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the Judge of the District Court has been had thereon and the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the of said ditch and to perform such other duties as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court; and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the said Clerk; and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and termini of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch No. 18, including a discription of the land over which the same passes, is as follows, viz:-

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 22 and 29, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., thence running west parallel to the section line forming the north boundary of sections 27, 28, 29 and 30, to a point 40 feet south and 43 feet east of the NW. corner of said section 30; thence running northerly parallel to the range line forming the west boundary of sections 19 and 18 of aforesaid Twp. and Range to a point 43 feet east and 47 feet south of the NW. corner of section 18 said Twp. and range; thence running west parallel to and 47 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 Twp. 154, N., Range W., and section 13 Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., to a point 47 feet east and 47 feet south of the NW. corner of the last mentioned section 13; running thence northerly parallel to and 47 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 12 and 1, Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., and section 36 Twp. 155 N., Range 42 W. terminating in Branch "A" of Marshall County Ditch No. 20 near the ¼ section corner between sections 35 and 36, of aforesaid Twp. and Range.

BRANCH "A". Beginning at a point 47 feet south and 40 feet east of the NW. corner of section 16 Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of section said Twp. and Range to a termination at Station D of Branch "B" of Marshall County Ditch No. 20.

BRANCH "B". Beginning at point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 15 and 22, Twp. 154 N. Range 41 W. running thence westerly parallel to and 40 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 22, 21 and 20 of said Twp. and Range to a point 40 feet south and 40 feet east of the NW. corner of said section 20; thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the west boundary of section 17 said Twp. and Range, terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of said section 17.

BRANCH "C". Beginning at a point about 40 feet east of the SW. corner of section 23, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., running thence northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 23 and 14 said Twp. and Range and terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 14 aforesaid.

BRANCH "D". Beginning at a point 40 feet east of the SW. corner of section 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., running thence northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 25, 24 and 13 said Twp. and Range, and terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 13 aforesaid.

BRANCH "E" Beginning at a point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 15 and 22, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., running thence westerly parallel to and 40 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 22, 21, 20 and 19 said Twp. Range, and terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of said section 19.

Branch "F". Beginning at a point 40 feet east of the ¼ section corner between section 31, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and section 36, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the range line forming the west boundary of section 31 and 30, Twp. 154, N., Range 40 W., terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 30 aforesaid.

BRANCH "G" Beginning at a point about 40 feet east and 33 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 28 and 33, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the ¼ section line to a termination in the Main Ditch near the ¼ corner between sections 21 and 28 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

A farther description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch No. 18 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, viz:- Sections 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and Sections 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., and Sections 1, 12, 13, Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., and Section 36, Twp. 155 N., Range 42.

And that the said engineers report shows the dimensions of said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as the same appear in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:- United State, Danaugh O'Brien, John Johnson Furan, Osmund Urdahl, Charles C. Schuster, Rober E. Sothern, Alfred T. Rice, Joseph Trenda, Lars Erickson C. C. Hoch, Teresa O. Reilly, K. A. Daley, John Comacher, Nels Olson, John D. Reilly, Geo. Topper, Edward T. Nerison, Ole J. Nesja, Kettle Heftange, Nels M. Olson, Michel C. Collins, Anton H. Buser, John D. Vaughn, Peter Blackman, Hans H. Hanson, Albert Arntz, Ole T. Bratteland, Joseph Vorlicky, John Pelier, Anton Myrum, Gustaf A. Bakkom, Charles Radke, Jacob Braes, Ennes Schmidt, G. Schmidt, H. G. Dohner, Thom Bednorchik, John O. Donnell, Edwar Wener, Richard A Kromer, Oleaus Jacobson, Nels Knutson, Engebret Vad, Henry Haluorson, Thomas Haage, Gunder T. Skretvet, Charlie T. Thompson, Bertha Peterson, Maggie Bergh, Lena DuChamp, Joseph Vorlicky, Christopher H. Porter, Nels Vikingson, Andraw Sandora, Andrew J. Anderson, Frank Krotchvil, Andrew Rickson, Andrew Erickson, Charles Radtke, Kjorton Svensgeard, Andrew B. Larson, Sigvart A. Rustad, Joseph Ptacyhe Joseph Hurly, Edith L. Qnist, Olaf Traften, Andy C. Hart, Valeryn Benkn, H. H. Olson, Bertha L. Lovos, Albert Bakken, Ulrik Rak, Tim Krika, J. J. Voracheck, Oswald O. Oos, Nels Olson, Nels J. Berg, John Holmgren, John C. Jhonson, J. J. McCarty, W. D. Boyce, Gustaf T. Melum, Own Morris, Cnnrlwy Newberry, Carl L. Swonsen, Huns O. Hommy, Emil T. Nelson, Alonzo R. Georgo, Olaf Nahberg, Arthur Biessrge, Them Thompson, Joseph N. Komrowski, Anna Pencinski, Nels A. Lisborg, Frank Przyhyszeski, Harold Johnsen, Segurd Olson Grolid, Anton Hanson, Adolph W. Henning, Edward Ivarson, Simon Olson, Tollef N. Nesland, Gulbrand Grnnnm, Samnol Dangerfiold, Bert A. Gordon, Ole Furthum, Charles H. Brown, Thor Gunderson, Peter J. Nerdahl, Lars Lurson, Anton F. Donda, Martin J. Bragstad, Frank Chipera, Carl Moon, O. C. Hanson, Anna N. Moe, John N. Bumbeck, Tina Helsinger, Ole M. Olson, Fred Elmn, William Finnegan, John C. Skog, Anton Kalski, Erick O. Gratzke, Edith A. Phillip, Carl Hubedank, Geo. E. Hediand, Ola O. Finberg, Ole O. Fonberg, Bernhard Knudson, Christian B. Sherly, Oswald Stainbakken, Stephen Goll, F. Gructske, Rudolph O. Manthey, August Olsen, Ovila Beaudry, Knud A. Bangs, Knud A. Bngaas, Grand Plain township, and Agder Township, Marshall county, Minnesota, and Townships of Stiverton, Cloverleaf, Goodridge and Highlanding, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given, that within three days after the filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' report, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said court, and the Honoable Andrew Gindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall county, Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1910, at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the construction and establishment of said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated June 15, 1910.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of District Court,
Marshall county, Minnesota.
(District Court Seal.)
Brown and Eckstrom,
Warren, Minnesota,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., on the 18th day of July, A. D., 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 9th day of June, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE
County Auditor.
(Seal)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for, the expense of the construction of the County Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a County Ditch along the following described route in the Towns of Hickory and Deer Park in said county of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows:

Commencing at the North-east corner of section sixteen [16], Township one hundred fifty-two [152], range thirty-nine [39]. Town of Hickory, Red Lake County, Minnesota, running thence west on the section line between sections nine [9] and sixteen [16], and between sections eight -8- and seventeen -17-, and between sections seven -7- and eighteen -18- to the range line between ranges thirty-nine -39- and forty -40-, continuing thence west in the Township one hundred fifty-two -152- range forty -40-, Town of Deer Park in said county, between section twelve -12- and thirteen -13- to the south-west corner of said section twelve -12-, and continuing thence due north on the section line between sections twelve -12- and eleven -11- to the north-west corner of said section -12-, thence continuing in a north-westerly direction over and across the South East Quarter -SE¼- of section two -2- and terminating in the Red Lake River at about the center of section two -2- township one hundred fifty-two -152 range forty -40- Town of Deer Park as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 1, commencing at the south-west corner of section eight -8- in township one hundred fifty-two -152- range thirty-nine -39-, continuing thence due north on the section line between said section eight -8- and seven -7- and terminating into the Red Lake River at about the north-west corner of said section eight -8- as its outlet.

A description of Branch Ditch No. 2, commencing at the south west corner of the North West Quarter -NW¼- of section seventeen -17- township one hundred fifty-two -152- range thirty-nine -39- continuing thence due north on the section line between said section seventeen -17- and eighteen -18- and terminating into the Main Ditch at the northwest corner of said section seventeen -17- as its outlet.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such county ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter Two Hundred thirty -230-, of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and the acts amendatory thereof.

Dated June 4, 1910.
P. Lorenca Wajonrowski
Ignac Kolski
John Wjientek
William Bruckman
Auver Stavness.
Anton Radniecki
je23-j7 —Petitioners.

Women's oxfords 98c, good for dry weather only; Pat. Leather Pumps and Oxfords, Men's and Women's odd lots at a third off. Our $3 50 Gun Metal and Patent Leather Pumps and Oxfords are positively the finest made, compare with other makes, is all we ask.—LaBissoniere.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, } In Probate Court
County of Red Lake }

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry B. Kaufer Decedent.

The petition of Louis A. Kaufer as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate, having been filed in this court, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court and the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto:

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard, and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Room in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of July 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing and in the said matter, and that such citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said county according to law.

Dated June 21st, 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
Probate Judge.
(Seal)
je23-j7

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the city council of said city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 1st day of July, 1910, and terminating on June 30th, 1911, by the following persons, and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

JOHN DEUTSCHMAN

On the first floor of that certain brick building situate on lot 7 of block 51, in Kreitzschmar's Addition to Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council of the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday, the 7th day of July, 1910, at 8:00 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city, this 21st day of June, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal)

4th of July
FLAGS
ALL SIZES
4x6 foot Flags 75c
TENTS FOR RENT
American Tent & Awning Company
MINNEAPOLIS

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF Red Lake Falls

CAPITAL $15,000.00
SURPLUS $3,000.00
SINKING FUND $15,000.00
DEPOSITS $250,000.00

Honesty!! Ability!!

All men and all institutions CAN BE HONEST AND TRUTHFUL, but when it comes to a matter of Ability, that depends upon a matter of strength, resources, capital, brain capacity, public confidence and other environments and qualities that make up the SUCCESSFUL BANK.

The integrity of the Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls has been time-tasted thru panics and is UNQUESTIONED.

And now, as to its ABILITY! The business men and the people of Red Lake Falls generally are beginning to look upon the Merchants State Bank as a friendly, home institution with the disposition and the ABILITY TO FINANCE EVERY worthy business enterprise.

The directors of the Merchants State Bank fully realize that its financial ability depends largely upon the men, women and children that have the money to deposit; and if the citizens of Red Lake Falls and surrounding country want a strong, vigorous banking institution with the ability and disposition to fournish money to "BOOST" all honest business and worthy public enterprises, they should deposit ALL THEIR FUNDS with the bank even tho they use them the next day. It is the Short ½ Time deposits that fournish much of our ability, our financial strength.

Being a constant and regular depositor at the Merchants State Bank also INSURES YOUR financial growth, and will lead on to sure success. We respectfully invite our patrons to impress this upon the minds of THEIR FRIENDS.

The depositing of the idle money NOW in hiding by timid people would vastly increase the financial ABILITY of the bank besides giving to these timid people interest on their money and untold comfort in carrying a bank balance, CONSTANTLY earning them interest, night and day.

No man can do a better act than to advise his friends to put their money in the Merchants State Bank where it will constantly earn them interest.

The wise will certainly make their money EARN THEM MONEY by depositing with us in the

Merchants State Bank
A. P. TOUPIN, Pres. THEO. LABISSONIERE, Vice Pres.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier

One Best Bank

We refer, of course, to this one, and knowing the superior facilities we have to offer, we unhesitatingly make the statement that every man, woman and child in this community who has anything to do with money should have an account with us. Certainly a modest statement, you say, and we agree with you because we know of no legitimate argument against it. Let us analyze a little and see where we are. No better set of officers and directors could be assembled than are in charge of this bank's affairs. All men of highest standing, all financially responsible, all men whose word and bond possess equal value. Nothing that could be offered you in any financial institution in America is lacking here. Nothing is any safer than ours. We solicit business on because dollar for dollar no bank anywhere is any safer than ours, and can offer you value received every time. If our merit and large capital and surplus, and can offer you value received every time. If you have not already done so we ask you to establish relations with this bank now and we are very sure that they will be long continued.

First State Bank, Red Lake Falls

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 40

MAKING FIGURES LIE; CAMPAIGN OF MISREPRESENTATION

Thief River People Trying to Hoodwink the Voters of Red Lake County.

Campaign of Misrepresentation is Started by the Up River People.

If all the people of Red Lake County were crowded into half its territory, it is self evident that lands would then sell at advanced prices, that there would be more personal property to the square mile, or to the township, and that the RATE of taxation would be reduced correspondingly.

It does not take much of a mathematician to figure that of two counties the same size, one with an assessed valuation of a million dollars, the other three million with an equal amount of revenue needed, the people living in the county with the smaller valuation will pay three times the RATE of the people in the other county.

It is a fact accepted as true that small counties are run more economically than large counties if and the it is all [illegible] those counties have population and wealth. The reduction of the size does not lower the rate of taxation unless the wealth and inhabitants are retained within the smaller territory.

Using the small county argument, the Thief River papers have started the campaign for county division, using figures in an argument so misleading as to be equivalent to gross misrepresentation to deceive the people and to induce them to vote for county division.

They use for comparison southern Minnesota counties smaller than would be the county of Pennington and show that the rate of taxation in those counties is lower than in Red Lake. They mention Scott county, Carver county and Dodge county, not one of which has more than twelve townships about a third the size of Red Lake county. These counties have rates of taxation lower than Red Lake and therefore they say, if Red Lake county is cut in two we'll have small counties and taxes will be reduced.

Tell it to a policeman and he'll lock you up in a padded cell.

Isn't that comparison of rates the boldest bit of bluff a gang ever tried to put over on a bunch of voters?

Assuming that all the figures are correct it is the boldest attempt at deception.

Any one of those three small counties has a population larger than Red Lake's and greater wealth, all contained within twelve small townships.

Scott county, for example, has three or four finely improved farms on every section of land in the county, a hundred or more to the township, and it is doubtful if Red Lake would average twenty five well improved farms to the township the county over.

That's the kind of comparison the Thief River papers did not make.

They say cut the county in two and we'll have smaller counties and smaller taxes.

A $5000 or $6000 farm in Red Lake county would be an $8000 or $10000 farm in Scott county. The question of rate has no bearing on the case except as the rate has relation to the valuation placed on property. The Scott county farmer will actually pay more into the county treasury on his $8000 or $10000 farm at 23 mills than the Red Lake county man will on his $5000 or $6000 farm at 45 mills. If the statements of rate published in the Thief River papers are correct, we ought to congratulate ourselves. Scott county with only twelve townships and yet more wealth and people within that small territory than in all Red Lake county, has a rate of taxation more than half as large as Red Lake's with its fewer people scattered over thirty-two townships and low property valuations.

Comparisons of rates with counties where conditions are different, proves nothing to our disadvantage.

Why don't the people of Thief River Falls tell a few truths?

Why don't they tell HOW MUCH MONEY it costs to run Red Lake county compared with little Scott or Carver? Those are figures that would mean something.

Why don't they tell how much it costs to run a township?

A comparison of tax rates gives no authentic information until there is a comparison of population and of property valuation to the square mile or the township.

But the Thief River people are going to have a small county like Scott and low rate of taxes like Scott's, even if they will then have less than one half as many people as Scott and probably not more than a third of the property valuation.

It is a ridiculous proposition. The people of Red Lake county should read those figures so generously supplied by the Thief River papers and then do a little figuring for themselves.

Lindquist-Erickson.

The marriage of two prominent Polk Centre young people occurred in this city yesterday morning. The contracting parties were Miss Emily Augusta Lindquist, sister of County Commissioner C. A. Lindquist, and Mr. Martin Erickson. The ceremony was performed in the parlor of the Grand View Hotel at 11 o'clock by Judge V. M. Higinbotham. The young people were attended by Miss Tessie Jacobson and Mr. Gunnard Lindquist.

Mr. and Mrs. Erickson have gone to housekeeping on the groom's farm in Polk Centre. A large number of friends join in extending congratulations and best wishes.

At the Republican convention held in Thief River Falls last Friday, hoggishness, instead of justice and fairness, seemed to predominate. Red Lake Falls or any other place opposed to Thief River Falls were not allowed any delegates to the state convention, as that city had the power and they used it to the extent that would make any uninterested observer conclude that he would hesitate to place all the power of Red Lake or we might say Pennington county in their hands. It may sometimes be good politics to be fair when you are on the top, instead of carrying good luck too far and carrying disaster, meeting disaster on the road.—Sunbeam.

SHORT CHANGE ARTIST

Arthur N. Daly Will be Compelled to Answer to a Serious Charge

A man giving the name of Arthur N. Daley and claiming to come from Penn, North Dakota, is a guest of Sheriff Nelson at the county jail.

Daly made a deal with Fred Zaiser for the purchase of a team of horses for $250. He gave Mr. Zaiser a check for $125 and got a check for $75 in change. He cashed the $75 check at St. Hilaire and a little later it was learned that the bank on which the $125 check was drawn refused to honor it.

Daly was arrested on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. He was taken before Justice Higinbotham yesterday and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

TOURNAMENT AT BEMIDJI NEXT WEEK

Red Lake Falls Athletes Will Not Participate This Year.

Frank Jeffers, H. H. Hennemuth and Jos. Salley will go to Bemidji next week to represent the local fire department as delegates to the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament association. E. G. Base will also be in attendance, he being a member of the executive committee. The tournament will continue for three days—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 4, 5 and 6. The Red Lake Falls department will not send an athletic team to participate in this year's events.

THE BAND WILL PLAY

Will Give an Open Air Concert In Front of the City Hall Friday Evening.

Manager Healy requests the Gazette to announce that the band will give an open air concert in front of the city hall Friday evening and that Director Brunelle has prepared a program of good numbers for the occasion. No doubt many people will be on the street to enjoy the good music.

L. A. Kaufer ran a harness shop here until 1882, and then removed to Red Lake Falls, where he has since resided. He called here Monday for the first time in 28 years, and notices some changes. The town is twice as big and handsome, he says, but real estate has gone down in price since 1882. He owns a lot on West Lincoln avenue which he could have sold at that time for $2,000, and he did sell a lot on Court street near the present Presbyterian church in 1882 for some $3,000 which has since been sold for about $1,500. In short, Fergus Falls real estate is not inflated.—Wheelock's (Fergus Falls) Weekly.

COMPLETE REPORT OF HIGH SCHOOL

Manual Training, Agriculture and Home Science Added to the Course.

Our School Board to be Commended for the Interest Shown in Work.

The reports of the city superintendent in Red Lake Falls to County Superintendent Anderson and State High School Inspector George B. Aiton contain a few items which the Gazette considers to be of importance to the citizens of this community. According to these reports a total of 78 students have been enrolled in our high school during the year 1909-10, the largest enrollment our state high school has enjoyed for a number of years. The enrollment in the grades during the same period has been 342. This makes the entire enrollment in both grades and high school a total of 420 pupils. 373 of these pupils are entitled to state aid under the apportionment, an apportionment which is of great assistance to our public schools. This compares very favorably with reports of the school year 1908-9, and, considering the improvement which the teaching ability has undergone and the various lines along which the equipment has been increased ought to be very gratifying to the citizens of Red Lake Falls.

At this time the Gazette wishes to briefly sketch the outline of the new work which is to be installed at the opening of school in September—no doubt the most significant improvement which the public schools have undergone since the establishment of the State High School here about ten years ago. The Board of Education has already engaged two special teachers to handle the new work in Manual Training, Agriculture, and Home Science,—Mr. Jasper I. Swedeberg of the College of Agriculture for the two subjects first named, and Miss Emma S. Weld of Chicago University for the work in Cooking and Sewing. At present the Board and Supt. Koos are making plans and purchases of the proper apparatus for conducting this new work and developing the courses of study.

Tools and benches to accomodate as many as fifteen boys at one time and a hundred boys during the week in the classes in woodwork. This work is to be required of every boy in the schools from the sixth grade up through the high school and will be added to the regular course of study as another subject. The details of the work can not be stated at this time, but plans for the work call for the making of nothing but articles with utility, things that can be used in the homes from which the boys come. The work will be so graded that all boys will grow in the knowlege of the most common carpenter tools.

The work in Agriculture, which will be a course open to freshmen in the High School, is also to be a departure into the realm of the "intensely practical" in education. This course though it will be based upon a text book, will deal with the practical things in farming. Enough apparatus will be purchased and enough actually useful work will be done during the one year through which this course will extend that those taking it will find it exceedingly valuable whether they live in town or country. Some of the phases of farm work in soils and the fertilizers with actual fertilizer tests, study of the various farm crops as to variety, selection, culture, and improvement, with a consideration of the enemies of these crops; observation in types and breeds of the farm animals with judging practice, feeding, etc; consideration of the many questions that come up under farm management; not to forget a strong emphasis upon dairying, a subject which in this corner of the state is rapidly growing in importance. The school will own a milk-tester and hopes to maintain a close connection with the creameries in our vicinity.

The work in both Manual Training and Agriculture will be taught by a young man who has worked on a farm, has spent some time working at the carpenter's trade, while his work and record at the College of Agriculture assures us that he is fully prepared to handle the theoretical side of both subjects which he is to teach.

Just as complete an equipment is to be purchased for the work in Domestic science. The purpose at present is to require sewing in its several branches of the fifth, sixth, seventh grade girls and during the second and third years of the high school course, while cooking is to be required of eighth grade and of high school freshman and senior girls. The work in these courses is to be nearly all actual laboratory and will consist of little reading and study. One of the large rooms in the Lafayette building is to be fitted up with enough kitchen tables, utensils, stoves, etc., to accomodate as many as sixteen girls at one time, and sewing tables, mashines, etc., for about the same number so that all girls from the fifth grade up through the high school can be taken care of during the school week. The work in cooking will include the practice in the proper care and use of stoves, tables, and kitchen utensils, a study of the composition of the principal articles of diet, and the preparation among numberless other things of such food articles as egg, meat, fish, poultry, cereals, sugar, milk, cheese, frozen dishes, and salads. Under sewing will come a great variety of practical exercises. All the principal stitches and seams will receive recognition and emphasis in relation to the making of articles useful about the house. Exercises in the repair of fabrics will be required. There will be work in drafting and in complete garment making, and numerous other phases of domestic art which we do not have space to mention in these columns.

The board is receiving enthusiastic support in this movement toward industrial education. They know that this installation is no pioneer work, as almost two-thirds of the state high schools are offering it already and they wish to give in and around Red Lake Falls the privileges of the best education obtainable. They feel that the support of the intellegent people in the community is with them.

OLD GUIDE'S TRAMPS

Interesting Recollections Told By Pierre Bottineau Twenty-five Years Ago.

In its department headed "Twenty-five Years Ago" a reprint of interesting items printed in the paper a quarter of a century ago before the Minneapolis Journal prints the following:

"Things have changed since I was young" said Pierre Bottineau, the old pioneer resident of Minnesota, Saturday morning. The old gentleman was the first settler in St. Anthony. Years ago he moved north and now lives at Red Lake Falls. He is visiting a few old friends in the city and will sit for hours and talk over the early scenes in the states' history.

"Forty-eight years ago I came up with my family from St. Paul and settled on the east side just opposite the upper end of Nicholett island, where built a log house," said the old man. "At that time there were just six families in St. Paul. For six years I lived there in quiet before another settler came. An old man lived below me to take charge of a claim belonging to Franklin Steele. I made a good living trading with the Indians, mostly of the Soo tribe. I owned 400 acres of land on the east side of the river, but about thirty two years ago I commenced selling off and trading small tracts for horses or anything I could get. Little did I think then of the great transformation that was to follow, that soon the wilderness would be made over into a great city.

"About twenty-eight years ago I led the Stevens expidition through Fort Benton on the Missouri. You see I was born up at Fort Benton and when a younger man I traveled up from Benton into the Saskatchewan country and down to St. Anthony until I knew every foot of land, every grove, every lake and you might say I knew the country by heart.

"The Stevens expidition was the first one made through this part of the country. Then a few years later Sibley come on with 400 wagons drawn by six-mule teams and I guided them through. There was lots of game in those days. I remember when with Sibley that we struck a grove on the prairie up near Breckenridge and it was covered with Buffalo eating. Speaking of expiditions, I also guided the party that surveyed the route for the Northern Pacific."

TOOK TWO BALL GAMES

Locals Won Handily From the Fast Brandow Team of Crookston.

The ball game Sunday afternoon between the locals and the Brandows of Crookston was a good exhibition and delighted the fans for at no stage did the Crookstonites look dangerous. Until the eighth inning the Brandows were blanked. In that inning two or three bad errors and a couple of timely hits netted them three scores. But in the first seven the locals had accumulated six and there was nothing more doing. Garceau pitched a good game, having twelve strike outs and allowing only four hits. He was given good support except in the eighth.

The score by innings:

Crookston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	—3
R. L. Falls	3	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	x	—6

Tigers Defeat Terrebonne.

After the big game Malvin's colts took on the Terrebonne team and defeated them in a sprinting contest by a score of 17 to 12.

W. B. Lynch of Chicago, auditor for P. M. Byllesby & Company, the new owners of the electric light and power plant, was in town a few days ago on business in connection with the purchase of the property.

OPENS TUESDAY AT THIEF RIVER

A Four Weeks School to Commence Next Tuesday, July 5.

Will be Held at Thief River Falls this Year—the Faculty

The summer training school for teachers for Red Lake county will open at Thief River Falls next Tuesday, July 5th and will be in session for four weeks. County Superintendent H. F. Anderson has issued the following statement relative to the work to be done in the school.

The Teacher's training school for Red Lake county, will be held at Thief River Falls, July 5th to 29th, 1910.

FACULTY.

J. A. Cederstrom, Supt. of Schools, Winthrop, Conductor Arithmeitc, Algebra, Geometry, Pedagogy.

A. C. Matheson, University of Minnesota, English Grammar, U. S. History, Physiology.

J. P Bengtson, Roseau, Civics, Physics or Phys. Geography.

Edith B. Whitney, St. Cloud, Drawing and Music, Penmanship and Spelling, Primray Methods.

Agriculture and Sewing.

Supt. E. C. Higbie of Canby will give special work in Agriculture during the third week beginning July 18th and Miss Mary Hartzell of the College of agriculture will give special instruction in sewing during the first week beginning July 5th.

All student teachers enrolled are expected to take this special work.

Issued from the county superintendents' office June 23rd, 1910.

H. F. Anderson,
Sup't. of Schools.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
June 17th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor pursuant to Chapter 230 of the general laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 2:00 o'clock p. m., June 17th, 1910, A. D. for the purpose of hearing and considering the reports of the engineer and viewers on the following ditches: On the ditch petitioned for by Christian O. Nygaard and others, designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 44 and on the ditch petitioned for by R. M. Johnson and others, designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 45.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 2:00 o'clock p. m.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The matter of the petition of Christian O. Nygaard and others for county ditch No. 44 came duly before the board. The said petition was read and the arguments of all parties, for or against the construction of the said proposed ditch were heard. On motion duly carried the report of the viewers on said ditch was referred back to them for correction of assessments against certain tracts of land. A. R. Jones and Otto Zaiser, two of the viewers were present at the hearing and proceeded to make the corrections as agreed upon, after which on motion made by Commissioner Aubol, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the report of the engineer and the report of the viewers as amended was accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the report of the viewers as amended on file in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing County Ditch No. 44 in Red Lake county was made:

Order to Establish Ditch.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Christian O. Nygaard and others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 44.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 2:00 o'clock p.m., of said day at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said county board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers report thereon and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor, of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said special session of said board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairmen of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 17th day of June, A. D 1910.

By the Board.
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

The matter of the petition of R. M. Johnson and others for County Ditch No. 45 came duly before the board. The said petition was read and the arguments of all the persons for or against the construction of the said proposed ditch were heard. On motion duly carried the report of the viewers on said ditch was referred back to them for correction of assessments against certain tracts of land. A. R. Jones and Otto Zaiser, two of the viewers were present at the hearing, and proceeded to make corrections as agreed upon after which, on motion made by Commissioner Johnson duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the report of the engineer and the report of the viewers as amended was accepted and that said ditch be in all things established, as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the report of the viewers as amended on file in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing county ditch No 45 in Red Lake county was made:

Order to Establish Ditch.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the Petition of R. M. Johnson and Others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 45

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the county board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 17th day of June A.D. 1910, at 2 o'clock p.m. of said day, at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said county board did at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon, and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county and that all other proceedings in the matter have been duly made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said special session of said board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It Is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county in warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the Chairman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 17th day of June, A. D. 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman of County Board, of Red Lake County, Minnesota
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

CELEBRATION ON THE NORTH SIDE

Ball Game, Bowery Dances and Races Next Monday Afternoon

North Side Business Men Plan to Entertain Their Friends.

The business men on the north side of the river in this city plan to entertain their friends at a Fourth of July celebration next Monday day afternoon.

There will be a program of races and sports, a base ball game between Terrebonne and a team representing Red Lake Falls and a bowery dance afternoon and evening. Those who attend are promised a good time.

NEW TRIAL GRANTED

Damage Suit Against the Red Lake Falls Milling Company.

The personal injury suit, W. A. Sarseleil vs. Red Lake Falls Milling company, will probably be tried in district court again. When the case was tried before the jury gave a verdict for the defendant. An appeal was taken and the supreme court has recently rendered a decision reversing the order and granting a new trial.

Sarseleil was employed by the milling company in its grain elevator at St. Hilaire and was injured by his hand being caught between a belt and pully while he was attempting, with his hands, to place the belt upon the pully. He brought action for damages on the ground that his injury was due to the failure of the company to supply a belt shifter.

The supreme court held that the statute requiring owners of factories mills or work shops to furnish, if practicable, belt shifters, applies to owners of grain elevators. It was also held that trial court erred in refusing to instruct the jury to the effect that it was the duty of the defendant company, if it was practicable, to furnish belt shifters.

A new state bank in which a number of Red Lake Falls people are to be interested is being organized. It is the First State Bank of Oklee and will open for business soon at the new Soo line town in eastern Red Lake county. The incorporators are J. A. Duffy, L. J. Duffy, Samuel Gibeau and Theo. LaBissoniere of this city; A. P. Toupin and A. D. Stephens of Crookston; S. H. Drew of Minneapolis. The capital stock is to be $10,000. The certificate of incorporation is published in this issue of the Gazette.

STORES WILL CLOSE

Business Men and Employees Will Enjoy a Rest on the Fourth.

The Gazette has been requested to announce that the business places in Red Lake Falls will be closed all day next Monday, July.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters In Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

International commerce, according to statistics procured by the department of commerce and labor, showed a marked improvement in all the principal countries of the world for the year ending in April, 1910.

Splendid prospects for fruit in New England and the Pacific coast states almost counterbalance the poor showing of the central states, where late frosts got in telling work, according to a report made public by the department of agriculture on general crop growth.

Democratic members of the house, who on May 2[illegible] prevented the $25,000 appropriation for President Taft's traveling expenses for the fiscal year of 1911 being made available for use for the closing months of the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1910, will not oppose the appropriation as arranged by the senate in the sundry civil appropriation.

Formal charges against Senator William Lorimer of Illinois were laid before the senate by his colleague, Senator Cullom. The charge was on the presentation of a memorial by Clifford W. Barnes of Chicago, president of the Illinois legislative voters' league, embodying the charges of bribery of members of the Illinois legislature.

Treasury officials figure that if all the money in circulation in the United States were divided equally, every man, woman and child would have $[illegible]. This is 11 cents per capita more than they should have had by the same process of reasoning a month ago. Compared with a year ago there was on June 1, $14,000,000 more money in circulation, and yet strange as it may seem, the per capita was 42 cents less. This it is said, is due to the increase in population it being proportionately more than the growth of the medium.

General.

The supreme court of Nebraska holds valid the employers' liability act of 1907.

B. L. Duke, the tobacco magnate, was unsuccessful in his fourth attempt at matrimony.

A Mexican refugee declares that Mexico is using a system of espionage in the United States.

President Taft's speech on socialism is interpreted by politicians as a slap at Senator La Follette.

Yellow fever has broken out in the Ecuadorean army, now being withdrawn from the Peruvian frontier.

The officials of the Reading railway and its trainmen have reached a satisfactory adjustment of the wage conference.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of William D. Crum of Charleston, S. C., to be minister to Liberia.

Mitchell D. Follansbee, '92, Chicago, was elected president of the Associated Harvard Clubs of America at the annual convention at Cleveland.

Japan is hurrying an expedition under Lieutenant Shirase to leave this month in the hope of anticipating the British expedition to the south pole.

Col. Roosevelt will pay duty on his baggage when he arrives, saying he will not have it any other way.

Mrs. Mary H. Knapp, wife of Dr. Seaman A. Knapp of the bureau of plant industry department of agriculture, died at the family home in Washington. The body was sent to Ames, Iowa, for burial.

Brigadier General William L. Marshall, chief of engineers, U. S. A., has finished his active service with the army. He was famous for his discovery of the "Marshall Pass" across the Rocky Mountains.

Taxes to the amount of $2,000,000, which the city of St. Louis is trying to collect on stock in foreign corporations held by St. Louisans, were held to be illegal by Circuit Judge Williams.

In compliance with the wish of the president the senate accepted an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill appropriating $100,000 to permit the president to investigate the methods of conducting the executive department with a view of obtaining greater economy and efficiency.

In accordance with the wish of the late King Edward, the duke of Connaught will succeed Earl Grey as the governor general of Canada, probably next spring.

The Navy department has decided to give another chance to the eight midshipmen of the class of 1908, who were found deficient in the recent examinations and recommended to be dropped.

The appointment of Herr Von Lindequist, until now the under secretary, to succeed Bernhard Dernburg as secretary of state for the colonies was gazetted at Berlin.

Progressives in the house made an unavailing fight to accept the senate railroad bill.

Omaha democrats express belief that Bryan will be forced into the senatorial race.

King George and Queen Mary entertained Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt at luncheon at Marlborough house in London.

Through his legal representatives, James J. Jeffries has settled the $5,000 gambling debt contract with Stout and Miller, gambling house proprietors of Reno, Nev., four years ago.

Demands have been made on the Chinese throne to convoke a parliament.

Rise in interest rates is a conspicuous feature of the financial situation.

The Nebraska centenary celebration will take place at Bellevue June 22, 23 and 24.

Beverly, Mass., is making ready for the summer sojourn of President Taft and his family.

A large delegation from the trade organizations of the Pacific coast will visit China this summer.

Governor Haskell recognizes Oklahoma City as the new state capital and has established an office there.

A bill has been introduced in the Russian duma to abolish the Jewish pale. It has the support of 160 members.

Forest fires have swept over a section twenty-five miles in length in the Ojo and Manseanal mountains of Mexico.

In London, June 8, Miss Margareta A. Drexel, daughter of the Philadelphia banker, was married to an Englishman.

A cross country aeroplane flight from St. Louis to Kansas City will be held July 18 for a prize of at least $10,000 and probably more.

Charles Gridley, attorney of Virginia, Ill., who represented the fisher in the Springfield lobby, was given a clean bill by Mr. Burke, after he had testified.

The appointment of Sir Charles Hardinge, permanent undersecretary of state of foreign affairs, as viceroy of India, in succession to the Earl of Minto, was officially announced.

According to the official estimate, the population of New South Wales at the end of March was 1,656,630, showing an increase for the quarter of 10,336, the highest for many years.

With a record of 150 bills, carrying $800,000 altogether, favorably reported, and 200 carrying $2,000,000 adversely reported, the house committee on claims has closed its work for the session.

When Colonel Roosevelt comes sailing home on June 18 Collector of the Port William Loeb, Jr., and several hundred loyal friends will meet him down the bay in government vessels and escort him up to Manhattan.

Attorney General Wickersham has rendered a decision in which he holds that Richard Parr is entitled to recover from the government the amount of his claim for information given against the so-called sugar trust.

Joseph G. Cannon has decided to make an extensive speaking tour in the coming campaign. He made this known in the course of a conversation with friends. Uncle Joe said he had not decided just what states he would visit, but he would go to a good many of them.

An appropriation of $7,500 for the widow of former Representative D. A. De Armond is carried by the general deficiency bill, which was reported to the house. The same amount also is carried for the widows of three other members of the house who have died during the past year.

Vice President Sherman and Speaker Cannon must pay the salaries of their chauffeurs and buy their own gasoline. The senate gave up its fight for the appropriation of $2,500 each for the maintenance of the automobiles of the presiding officers of the two houses of congress.

Cannibals who ornament their huts with the skulls of their victims are causing much trouble in the French Congo, according to Captain Prakos, who has just arrived from Africa.

Santa Barbara and San Luan national forests in California will be consolidated July 1 and will thereafter be known as Santa Barbara forest.

Treasury officials figure that if all the money in circulation in the United States were divided equally, every man, woman and child would have $34.59. This is 14 cents per capita more than they would have had by the same process of reasoning a month ago.

Notwithstanding recent threats that a revolutionary movement would be inaugurated in China Sunday, the date set for the opening of the Nanking exposition, this ceremony was carried out without the slightest disorder.

Personal.

Roosevelt will be in New York on Sunday, June 12th.

Jim Jeffries kept his promise and put in six hours of boxing.

Many postmasters in Nebraska will get salary increases July 1st.

Formal charges against Lorimer were presented in the senate.

Jim Jeffries has a bad thumb and refuses to box until it is well.

Party loyalty was the keynote in the Wisconsin convention speeches.

President Taft and family will soon go to their summer home at Beverly, Mass.

Iowa republicans have entered on a new fight for control of the coming state convention.

Judge Peter S. Grosscup discussed intellectual honesty before the students of Augustana college.

Judge Prouty of Des Moines, after years of effort, finally stands a chance of becoming a congressman.

Wisconsin republicans warmly endorsed the administration of President Taft and the new tariff law.

William T. Vernon, registrar of the United States treasury has resigned the presidency of the Western University and Industrial School.

Senator Nelson of Minnesota criticised the conservation policy.

General Edward S. Bragg, the famous commander of the iron brigade, is sold by his physicians to be dying.

Official dispatches from Managua, Nicaragua, state that the war is fast reducing western Nicaragua to a state of panic.

George F. Baer, head of the Reading railway and president of the board of trustees of Franklin and Marshall college, has given the institution $50,000 for its endowment funds.

The mayor of Cordova, Alaska, telegraphed the State department asking authority to transport to the United States 250 laborers from Montenegro, stranded in the Alaskan town and threatening to cause disorder.

TRIBUTE TO PREXY

"HAIL MINNESOTA" WAS MOST IMPRESSIVELY SUNG AT COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES

OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY

Nearly 600 Black-Garbed Seniors Receive Diplomas From Dr. Northrop's Hand—Ex-Pres. Folwell There.

Minneapolis. — Two abreast, escorted by the University band, 592 graduates of the University of Minnesota wended their way from the chapel to the armory to receive their diplomas. As the leaders reached the armory entrance the line halted, the two ranks separated, and formed a lane of black-gowned, square-capped graduates, through which President Cyrus Northrop, followed by the members of the faculty, walked into the building.

His head bared, and attired in the black gown, with the hood lined with purple silk to denote his honorary degree of doctor of law, President Northrop stepped firmly through the long line of students who stood hats in hands and heads bowed. He seemed to have shed for the day the weight of years and labor that has commenced to bow his shoulders. Members of the faculty did not wear gowns, appearing in the conventional garb of everyday life.

Hardly had the graduates found their seats when the band started to play "Hail, Minnesota." The entire audience sang the first two verses and then the graduates, on their feet, every eye turned towards the form of President Northrop, standing by the dais on the platform, sang in slower time the second verse:

Hail to thee, our Prexy, Sire,
Thou hast made us all thine own,
And our hearts ane hoon aspire,
That our love may be thy throne.
Throughout our future years
Naught can e'er thy memory mar,
We will guard thy fame
And adore thy name,
Thou shalt be our Northern star.

When the singers had settled in their seats again, the band played "The Gay Musician," till the crowd had quieted, and then President Northrop led in prayer.

After a brief service of music, the degrees were conferred, each graduate receiving his diploma from the hand of President Northrop. As each diploma was given, the friends of the recipient in the audience applauded, and frequently waved their handkerchiefs. Though many of the women in the audience showed their emotion, not a single untoward event marked the ceremonies.

The candidates for the master's degree, four in science and twenty-seven in literature and arts, were the last to receive the coveted sheepskins. The masters were privileged to discard the cap and wear in its stead a hood. The masters from the science department had hoods trimmed in gold, maroon, and yellow; those from the department of literature and arts in gold, maroon and white.

After the presentation of the master's degrees, the honor students were announced, each being loudly applauded as his name was mentioned. The band then led the audience in the national hymn "America," after which benediction was pronounced and the ceremonies were over.

HOTEL AT WHITE BEAR BURNS.

Third Building On the Same Site Is Destroyed By Fire.

White Bear.—Incendiaries are supposed to have set fire to the new Oriental hotel at White Bear lake, which was totally destroyed, entailing a loss estimated at about $50,000. Henry Dieg, 971 Dayton avenue, St. Paul, proprietor, said that he carried only $14,500 insurance on the place.

When the fire was first discovered by a passerby, the flames were already belching from the windows in different parts of the building, which makes the fire marshal believe it was started in several places at once.

Jerry Flynn, the caretaker, was aroused by the crackling of flames barely in time to make his escape, half dressed. An impromptu fire brigade was organized, which fought the blaze until help arrived from St. Paul.

Cottages Take Fire.

The cottages of Michael McNamera and Dr. A. J. Aldrich caught fire from the shower of sparks and were burned to the ground. Several other cottages were threatened, but the timely arrival of the St. Paul firemen saved them from destruction.

In former years the site of the Oriental was occupied by the Chateguory and later by the Wahbehaguay hotels, both of which were destroyed by fire said to have been caused by firebugs.

HAUGE SYNOD ADJOURNS.

Fund For Home Missions Increased $2,000 At Successful Meet.

Red Wing.—The Hauge synod adjourned after an eight days' session in this city at the Red Wing seminary, and the delegates left for their homes.

There were 244 delegates, a larger number than there has been for some years. There were 147 lay delegates, 39 more than last year, and 94 pastors present, as against 82 last year. Five members of the board of trustees were here.

SENDS ASSAILANT TO PRISON.

Alleged Habitual Criminal Sentenced For Attacking School Teacher.

Fairmont.—Albert Annis was sentenced in the district court to fifteen years at hard labor in the Stillwater penitentiary. The offense was committed last March when Annis assaulted a young country school teacher and narrowly escaped lynching. He is 46 years old and has already served twenty years, it is said, for similar offenses. This is his fourth conviction.

PINCHOT AND GARFIELD SPEAK.

Banquet at Ryan Hotel at Which Both Talk Conservation.

St. Paul.—Conservation was the topic of the day in St. Paul Saturday. Two of the country's foremost exponents of that great cause were guests of the St. Paul Roosevelt club at a banquet at the Ryan hotel Saturday evening. Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester, and James R. Garfield, former secretary of the interior, were the orators.

Elaborate preparations had been made for the banquet in the evening. Justice Jaggard of the state supreme court was toastmaster. Hugh T. Halbert, president of the Roosevelt club, spoke first. He was followed by Gov. A. O. Eberhart, who welcomed the visitors and who delivered an address on "The State and Conservation." "The City and Conservation" was the subject upon which Mayor Geier of St. Paul spoke.

Mr. Garfield's subject was "The Ultimate Results of Conservation."

The speech which will serve as a climax to the evening was one given by Mr. Pinchot on "Our National Resources and How They Are Best Conserved." In a letter received in St. Paul from Mr. Pinchot during the week the former chief forester stated that he would make his speech a "fighting" one. He added that he would not mention any names, but it was taken for granted that he will speak in a most plain manner.

HIT BY HIGH LIVING.

State Normal School Board Decides To Raise Board At Dormitories.

Winona.—The increase in the cost of maintaining the pupils in the normal school dormitories, as shown in the reports of the different resident directors, was the occasion for general discussion at the annual meeting of the Minnesota state normal board held here in connection with the normal jubilee.

It is shown that the cost of the average meal is 7 cents and the charges for board at the dormitories do not equal that amount. It was decided, therefore, to increase the cost of room and board at the dormitories.

The faculties were chosen for the schools and the five state normal presidents were re-elected. The following were present:

School Presidents—G. E. Maxwell, of Winona; Charles H. Cooper, of Mankato; Walte A. Shoemaker, of St. Cloud; Frank A. Weld, of Moorhead, and Eugene A. Bohannon, of Duluth.

Board Members—E. Torrance, president, Minneapolis; C. G. Schulz, ex-officio secretary, St. Paul; S. H. Somsen, Winona; J. C. Wise, Mankato; Karl Mathie, St. Cloud; C. A. Nye, Moorhead; J. L. Washburn, Duluth; H. E. Hoard, Montevideo; W. E. Cross, Blue Earth.

NEW BISHOP AT CROOKSTON.

Rt. Rev. Timothy Corbett Is Accorded Big Welcome on Arrival.

Crookston. — Bishop Timothy Corbett arrived here and was extended a warm welcome by the residents, as well as priests from all sections of the diocese. The greatest interest is taken in the installation services.

Archbishop Ireland, assisted by Bishop McGolrick, of Duluth, will officiate, while there will be in attendance priests from all the different parishes of the new diocese.

Bishop Corbett was greeted upon his arrival by the Knights of Columbus from Grand Forks, Duluth, Bemidji and surrounding towns. Tonight Archbishop Ireland will deliver a lecture which will be attended by persons from all sections of upper Minnesota.

WALKS TO DEATH IN RIVER.

Austin, Minn., Tailor Commits Suicide at Spring Valley.

Spring Valley.—A most uncommon suicide has just occurred here. Sibert Hermann, a tailor, who came here from Austin, Minn., a short time ago, evidently tired of life, got up early, went to the river at the foot of Broad street, removed his coat and hat as if he was going to do something very commonplace, waded into the stream to the depth of about a foot, folded his hands, and then lay face downward in the water. Before he could be reached he was dead.

BEGIN WORK ON GIRLS' HOME.

Surveyors and Workmen Busy On State Grounds At Sauk Center.

Sauk Center.—Four surveyors from St. Paul arrived here and begun work on the Northern Pacific extension to the site of the industrial school for girls. Mr. Lauritzen and Architect Johnston, St. Paul, are expected here this week. Mrs. Fannie French Morse has a crew of men doing the preliminary work on the school grounds and she expects building to commence in a few days.

BISHOP AT ROCHESTER.

Head of Catholic Diocese of Winona Pays First Visit and Preaches Sermon.

Rochester.—Bishop Patrick Heffron, the new bishop of the Winona diocese of the Catholic church, paid his first visit to Rochester.

Father William Coleman celebrated his first mass, assisted by Father Ryan of St. Paul and Father Tibesar of the Winona diocese, both college companions of the new priest. Bishop Heffron preached the sermon.

DIVORCE ACTIONS MULTIPLY.

Minneapolis, Minn. — The number of applications for divorce filed in the courts of Hennepin county this year is more than double that of last year. So far as the records show, including April, 1910, 496 cases have been filed this year, against 228 of last year. Youthful marriage is attributed as the cause. Cruel and inhuman treatment, drunkenness, desertion and kindred causes are given as reasons why the courts should grant separations.

WANT REHEARING

NORTHWESTERN ROADS NOT SATISFIED WITH NEW SLEEPING CAR RATES.

MAY GET POSTPONEMENT

Roads Affected by Recent Order Will Appeal to Interstate Commerce Commission—Request May Be Granted.

Washington, June 16.—Representatives of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and Milwaukee railroads and the Pullman Car Co. will present tomorrow, arguments to the interstate commerce commission for a rehearing of the Pullman case, involving the sleeping car rates between Chicago and St. Paul, St. Paul and Minneapolis, St. Paul and Grand Forks and Fargo, N. D., and St. Paul and Seattle. E. C. Lindley will represent the Great Northern; C. W. Bunn, the Northern Pacific; Burton Henson, the Milwaukee, and C. S. Fernild, the Pullman Co. The federal courts in Chicago recently refused an injunction to restrain the commission from enforcing its order reducing sleeping car fares between the points mentioned on July 1.

Commissioner Lane, who announced the decision in these cases, is now on his way to Europe. The indications are that the request for a postponement of a reduction of the order will be granted, that there will be another hearing in the fall, when Commissioner Lane returns.

WEHRLE IS BISHOP.

New Diocese of Bismarck Formally Inaugurated.

Bismarck, June 16.—With the acclaim of a multitude of Catholic laymen and in the presence of church dignitaries from all parts of the northwest Bishop Vincent Wehrle, was today formally installed bishop of the diocese of Bismarck.

The day was an ideal one, and the attendance at the installation was so large that the church was crowded to its capacity and hundreds were unable to gain admission to the formal ceremony. Bishop Wehrle was installed with the formal church ceremony, Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, conducting the ceremony.

Following the formal ceremony the visiting priests of the diocese kissed the ring of the new bishop, thus pledging their support and obedience to the new authority of the church in the diocese of Bismarck.

Archbishop Ireland was the guest of Governor John Burke during his stay in Bismarck and last night at a banquet in honor of Bishop Wehrle made a ringing and patriotic address, dwelling upon the importance of church growth and influence and of the establishment of the new diocese of the church in the western part of the state. Governor Burke, President Williams of the city commission, Judges Carmody and Ellsworth of the supreme court, Bishop Wehrle and others responded to toasts.

Catholic societies from North and South Dakota are holding meetings this afternoon and addresses are being made by prominent Catholic laymen of the northwest.

Special trains this morning brought 1,000 visitors to the city from all parts of the Missouri slope, and bands from several cities are in attendance. The city is elaborately decorated with patriotic and church colors and the three days' celebration will be observed generally through the city.

Flood Loss Is $2,500,000.

Berne, Switzerland, June 16.—The floods in Switzerland caused by continued rains, particularly in the eastern and central districts, have proved to be the most disastrous in the past sixty years. Twenty lives have been lost in the swollen waters.

New bridges, constructed at great expense, either have been carried away or badly damaged. A property loss aggregating $2,500,000 is reported.

Gets Ten Years' Sentence.

Minot, N. D., June 16.—L. W. Dole, charged with the murder of Miss Gina Lien, who died in this city as the result of a criminal operation, was found guilty by the jury at Bugby and received a sentence of ten years.

The case against Mrs. Ida Moline, charged with being an accomplice in the murder of her husband will be tried now. She will first be examined before the jury for insanity.

Earthquake Recorded.

Washington, June 16.—An earthquake of considerable intensity and duration occurred this morning at a distance approximately 4,000 miles from Washington, according to the seismograph at Georgetown university. The shocks began at 1:45 a. m. and continued for two hours and 23 minutes, ceasing at 4:11 a. m.

McCumber's Condition Is Bad.

Washington, June 16.—Senator McCumber's condition took a sudden turn for the worse today, causing much apprehension among his friends. His health has been far from satisfactory

Entire Town Destroyed.

Naco, Ariz., June 16.—The entire mining town of Movarshi in Sonora, including ten stamp mills, has been destroyed by a forest fire that is sweeping the Ojo and Bacoachi mountains.

Roosevelt to Land Saturday.

Cable Island, June 16.—The wireless station here was in communication at an early hour today with the Kaiserin August Victoria. The steamer was 310 miles southeast of Sable Island and eighty-five miles east of Sondy Hook. It should be off Ambrose channel light ship about 5 o'clock Saturday morning, some three and a half hours earlier than was indicated in a message from the steamer yesterday. The Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, which has among her passengers Theodore Roosevelt and others of his family, probably will dock in New York about 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

Forest Fires Still Burning.

Winnipeg, Man., June 16.—Forest fires are still burning fiercely forty miles north of Fort Williams. Greer brothers, lumbermen, lost a mill and valuable stock.

Charles Scarlett, a homesteader, lost his life. The loss to date is half a million dollars.

Mary May Be Named Regent.

London, June 16.—Premier Asquith introduced in the house of commons today a bill appointing Queen Mary regent in the event of the demise of King George during the minority of the Duke of Cornwall.

THREE DAYS CELEBRATION

ELABORATE INSTALLATION CEREMONIES AT BISMARCK.

Mammoth Parade and Banquet Mark First Day—Congress of Catholic Clubs Also Held.

Bismarck, N. D., June 15—There will be a three days' celebration in connection with the installation of Bishop Wehrle of the new Bismarck diocese starting this evening, at 5:30 with a monster parade.

The bishop will arrive from Richardton this evening on a special train and the parade will form at the depot and pass through the principal business and residence street of the city.

At 8 o'clock a banquet will be tendered the visiting clergy. Judge Carmody will be the toastmaster, and aside from Governor Burke, Fred Conklin, president of the commercial club; Judge Winchester of the Sixth judicial district, and E. A. Williams, president of the city commission, there will be no other guests.

The installation proper will be held tomorrow morning and the congress of Catholic clubs will hold their meetings Thursday afternoon and Friday morning.

Special trains are coming from the Linton branch of the Northern Pacific and both ways on the Soo line. Several bands will be here from the various towns, and from the present indications it looks as though Bismarck would entertain over 2,000 visitors.

Archbishop Ireland arrived here at 1:45 this afternoon and other visitors are expected in on later trains during the day.

GETS WARM WELCOME.

President Taft Receives Big Ovation at Marietta.

Marietta, O., June 15.—As warm a welcome as was ever received by a national executive, was extended to President Taft when he arrived in Marietta at noon today to attend the diamond jubilee celebration of the 75th anniversary of Marietta college.

The arrival of his special train was the signal for an official salute of twenty-one guns, while an official reception committee of 2,000 school children carried flags, and flowers and extended greetings of the city. President Taft and his party were immediately taken to the home of W. W. Mills. After luncheon at the Mills home, the president was taken to the college library where he delivered the original deed which gave the northwest territory of the Ohio Land Co., just after the revolutionary war, and other historical documents.

At 2 o'clock he delivered an address in Muskingum park. Following this he spoke at the college exercises in the famous old First Congregational church. The president was then taken to American Union Lodge No. 1, one of the oldest Masonic organizations in the country, and spoke a few words.

An automobile ride will complete his visit, and many historical points of interest were visited. He will return to Washington at 5 o'clock.

Survivors Tell Sad Tales.

Cologne, June 15.—Stories of death and suffering of survivors are brought by refugees from the flooded valley of the Ahr. The waters are rapidly subsiding, but while at their height they wrought frightful damage. Several villages on banks of the river Ahr are washed away. Houses collapsing hurled their occupants beneath the flood.

So strong was the current that it swept away locomotives and steam road rollers as a child might scatter its toys. Near the mouth of the Ahr river a rescuing party recovered the bodies of a woman and an infant.

Fee Clause Not Constitutional.

Grand Forks, N. D., June 15.—Judge Templeton in a decision handed down today holds that the fee clause of the primaries as amended by the North Dakota primary law originally provided that the county official filing for office should give a fee amounting to 2 per cent of the salary he would receive in the office. This was held to be unconstitutional. At the last session of the legislature the clause was amended to read 1 per cent of the salary and it is this amendment which 's knocked out today by Templeton.

Floods in Bavaria.

Bavaria, June 15.—Oberammergau, the scene of the Passion play, is today cut off from railway communication with outside points by the flood that has invaded the district.

Of 600 strangers in the place to witness the sacred performance, 300 are Americans. It is believed, however, that there is no danger, as the hotels are on high grounds. The lower streets are filled with water.

Senate Bill Has Rider.

Washington, June 15.—A bill to authorize the issuance of certificates of $30,000,000 to complete reclamation projects was adopted by the senate as a rider on the pending administration land withdrawal bill. Only Senators Burton, Gallinger and Kean voted against it.

Lodge and Longworth Asked.

Washington, June 16.—Senator Lodge and Representative Longworth have been invited to take breakfast with Theodore Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, Sunday. The request that they be on hand for the early day meal came by wireless.

Early End to Flour Case.

Kansas City, June 15.—Indications point to an early end to the bleached flour case being tried here in United States court. The government today brought out several new points said to be important in proving the deleterious effect of the bleaching process on flour.

Delay In Conference Report.

Washington, June 15.—The conference report on the railroad bill probably will not be called up in the senate today owing the absence of Senator Elkins, who is detained at home with a severe cold.

Will Pass Statehood Bill.

Washington, June 15.—Senate leaders today said that the passage of a statehood bill by the senate at the present session was assured. It will not be taken up, however, until action is had upon the conference report on the postal savings bank bill. They do not feel certain, however, that the statehood legislation will emerge from the conference.

Boarding House Burns.

Niagara Falls, June 15.—Twelve persons, all foreigners, are believed to have perished in a fire in a boarding house at Niagara Falls early today.

FLOODS KILL 200

HEAVY RAINS AND CLOUDBURST SWELL GERMAN RIVERS—FLOODS FATAL.

LOADED BRIDGES FALL

Thirty-Seven Dead Bodies Have Been Picked UP From Along the Banks of the River Ahr Where They Were Thron.

Cologne, Germany, June 14.—It is estimated that 200 persons lost their lives in a flood that swept the valley of the River Ahr in the Tifel region. Eighty-seven bodies have been recovered today. These were found along the river banks, tossed high by the flood or left stranded as the waters subsided.

A report received here today says that fifty lives were lost at the village of Schult when a bridge which was crowded with persons watching the turbulent waters was carried away. Throughout the Ahr valley only one bridge is left standing.

Heavy rains, of several days' duration, caused the river to rise and break its boundaries. Sunday night there was a cloudburst and the waters choked the valley, drowning every living creature in their path and causing immense monetary damage.

Two barracks in which Italian and Croatian laborers were housed were swept away and their occupants drowned. A railway was washed out and small villages destroyed. Lightning which accompanied the rains did much damage.

Yesterday the flood subsided. There is much distress among the inhabitants of the valley who have survived, as most of them have lost their possessions.

Hamilton Not Satisfied.

New York, June 14.—Charles K. Hamilton, the young aviator whose remarkable cross country flight yesterday to Philadelphia and return supplied the world of aviation with a new sensation and new records, is today looking for more aerial spaces to conquer. This morning found the daring aeroplanist, refreshed by a good night's rest after his nerve racking trip, and already planning further conquests of the air.

Hamilton is known to have one great present ambition. It is to beat the record Paulhan established for a continuous cross-country flight. That 117 miles without a stop, made by the French aviator in his journey from London to Manchester, still stares the ambitious American in the face.

It is known that Hamilton intends at the first opportunity, to undertake a flight that will give him the chance which ill-fortune spoiled yesterday.

Wild Crowds in Montreal.

Montreal, June 14.—An all night search of the ruins of The Herald building, which was destroyed by fire yesterday, brought to light but one additional victim, making in all only three recovered. Relays of police and firemen are digging at the ruins and it will be at least thirty-six hours more before the basement, which is believed to contain the bodies of twenty-six additional victims, is reached.

A wild crowd began to besiege the city morgues early today, searching for missing friends and relations. Reports from hospitals indicate that the twenty-five injured are doing well. An official investigation into the cause of the disaster has been ordered.

Bad Canadian Fires.

Winnipeg, Man., June 14.—All the fire rangers in and around the district of Fort Williams, Ont., were ordered out to fight a terrible conflagration raging in the timber for a radius of fifty miles north and west of that city. Scores of settlers' homes are threatened. Ten thousand dollars' worth of timber is destroyed. The village of Hymers is surrounded and forty settlers' homes in Conmee township will be destroyed. Fires are raging in Conmee, Gillies and O'Connor townships. A big electrical plant at Kakabeka Falls, which supplies Fort Williams and Port Arthur with power, was compelled to shut down.

May Not See Son Graduate.

Washington, June 14.—Because of the possibility that next week may witness the end of the present congressional session, President Taft has decided not to start for New Haven Sunday night. If there should be delay in congress the president will go to New Haven Tuesday night to remain over Wednesday. But if there is a pressure of business he will forego the privilege of seeing his son graduate.

Large Graduating Class.

Princetown, N. J., June 14.—The one hundred and sixty-third commencement at Princeton university today was attended by one of the largest crowds in several years. President Woodrow Wilson conferred degrees upon 208 members of the senior class.

Sherman's Wife Ill.

Iowa City, Iowa, June 14.—Vice President James S. Sherman has cancelled his engagement to deliver the Iowa university commencement address tomorrow because of his wife's illness. President Northrup of Minnesota university will speak in his stead.

Many Die In Sea Disaster.

Willemstad, Curacao, June 14.—The government schooner Vanbordt has been wrecked on the northeast coast of Curacao. The captain, crew and passengers, with the exception of four sailors and one passenger, were drowned. The lost include the governor of Buenos Ayres.

Launch Blows UP—Two Die.

Hibbing, Minn., June 14.—Martin Imbertson and William Boland of this city were drowned at Swan Lake summer resort, a few miles west of here, late yesterday. They were out in a gasoline launch. The engine blew up.

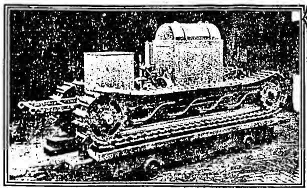
Wood Alcohol Fatal.

Cadillac, Mich., June 14.—A. 1. McGoskill, aged 63; Will Martin, aged 31; and George Teecheout, 22 years old, are dead, and Clarence Smith and Leo White are believed to be dying as a result of drinking wood alcohol Saturday night at the village of Mcuwatka, four miles from here.

St. Louis Doctor Shot.

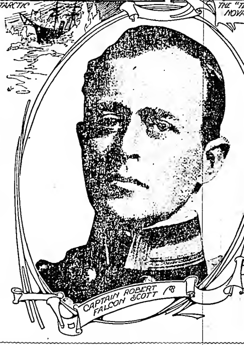
St. Louis, June 14.—Dr. John M. Grant, one of the most widely known surgeons in the country, was shot and fatally wounded in his home shortly before noon today by an unidentified man who made his escape.

SCOTT'S SOUTH POLE EXPEDITION NEARLY READY



MOTOR-SLEIGH TO BE USED BY THE ANTARCTIC

THE "TERRA NOVA"



CAPTAIN ROBERT FALCON SCOTT

LONDON.—At the West India docks preparations are being rapidly completed for the expedition which Capt. Robert Falcon Scott is to lead in search of the south pole, and it now seems likely that a start will surely be made in June. Painters, carpenters, smiths and other [illegible] fitters are swarming over the Terra Nova, the ship in which the antarctic explorers will sail, and the [illegible] vessel is nearly ready. Captain Scott, who is an officer in the royal navy, has been overseeing all this work and selecting the extensive outfit that he will take with him. He has given especial attention to the matter of motor sledges and finally has picked out one which it is hoped will be of the greatest assistance in getting over the great ice cap which covers the southern extremity of the earth. It is so constructed that the driving wheels do not touch the ground, but rest on an endless chain, and this, as it were, travel along a road carried by the car. Sir Ernest Shackleton also took a motor sledge with him on his "furthest south" expedition, but it was not a complete success, though of considerable use at times. Captain Scott will make his final start for the south pole from New Zealand.

ONCE A ROMAN TOWN

Ruins of Ancient Settlement Found Near Voorburg, Holland.

Dutch Government Assists Society in Work of Uncovering Old Walls and Moats—Fortress Is Mentioned in Chronicles.

The Hague.—An eminent German historian has called the present century "the age of the spade," for the seekers of the past no longer confine their studies to musty archives, but pickax and shovel are called into requisition to reconstitute the history of bygone times. So far not much has been accomplished in that direction in Holland and it is generally by some lucky chance that any antiquities are unearthed. It is now some 80 years ago that a learned archeologist recognized as Roman antiquities some objects that had accidentally been dug up in a country seat not far from The Hague, in the small village of Voorburg. Now, popular tradition had always seen in Voorburg, a famous forum of Roman times, which, according to old chronicles, was situated somewhere on the great canal dug by the Romans in the time of the Emperor Claudius for military purposes. This canal, the "Fossa Corbulanus," extended for many miles from where afterward was Delft to beyond Leyden, which was also a Roman settlement, thus joining the rivers Schie and Rhine, forming a continuous waterway for the Roman fleet. Eighty years ago there were only a few people, however, to take an interest in the unearthing of a few amphorae, tiles and vases.

But the owner of the country seat was full of zeal and did what he could with his private means, so that, in the course of a few years, it was impossible to doubt any longer that there, deep in the soil, was an important fortress or a city of Roman origin. Ever since that time excavations have been going on in a desultory manner, but a year or two ago a company was formed, which took the name of the Arentsburg society, after the county seat, which is most significantly Arentsburg, or "the Castle of the Eagles." It will be remembered that the Roman emblem, like the American, was the eagle.

The new company has been working more systematically and the walls and moats of an extensive fortification have been partly laid bare. These, archeologists declare, were built in the second half of the first century A. D. The Dutch government has now also become interested in this important historical document of stone and has voted a subsidy of 10,000 florins in installments, to be paid yearly during five years to the society, beginning with 2,000 florins in 1910. The provincial states have also appropriated 500 florins a year for the same purpose, while the local authorities and many private individuals contribute considerable sums.

As far as can be judged now it is probable that Arentsburg, once near the well fortified harbor for the Roman fleet, and a considerable Roman settlement, was built on an emplacement elevated with the soil that had been dug out of the "Fossa Corbulans," which was dug by Corbula during the reign of Emperor Claudius, after he had conquered the Frisians.

Old chronicles mention a fortress in these parts. They tell of the ruins of a great castle, which was destroyed by the Normans. Tradition wove many fables about these ruins, which, in the fifteenth or sixteenth century, still covered some eight acres of ground. After that time no further mention is made by them and in the eighteenth century the county seat, Arentsburg, was laid out on the same spot, so that it would seem that all the masonry above ground must by that time have disappeared. When next year the company doing the excavating work can begin in earnest, many an important "find" may be anticipated.

Girls never could throw straight, so if a girl throws herself at a fellow and misses him she generally hits another.

Piano Player is Curiosity

Rare Specimen of Such Instrument Made About 1780—Mechanical Playing Device in Bottom.

Philadelphia.—A musical instrument which is, in all probability, the only one of its kind in this country, was presented to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art and added to the collection of old pianos in Memorial hall, Fairmount park. It is one of the earliest specimens of a combination piano and player-piano and was made about 1780. It is the gift of D. E. Woolley, treasurer of the Estey company, who secured it after a thorough search of the country for some of the earlier specimens of this form of piano construction.

The instrument is a six-octave piano and resembles somewhat in appearance the old-fashioned style of bookcase. It stands about seven feet high and the case is of mahogany. Above the music rack is a soft, stationary drapery, which was intended to be both ornamental and provide a screen for the interior mechanism of the instrument. Age has placed its indelible mark on this ornamentation and it is now torn in many places, being exceedingly fragile, although it still preserves to some extent its original delicacy and design.

The most interesting feature about it, however, is its two-fold use, showing, as it does, that the idea of a self-playing instrument is far from a recent conception. As a piano it conforms to much of the general appearance of the usual antique upright. Its mechanical playing device is contained in the base of the instrument, but instead of paper rolls, such as are now used the notes were produced by large wooden cylinders, into which were placed metal pins, much on the principle of the well-known music box. Each of these cylinders contained three selections.

Three of the cylinders accompanied the gift of the piano. Although the selections that are played on it are now barely distinguishable, they are quaint in musical form, suggestive of the compositions of Handel. The mechanism that moved the rolls is still in good condition. This is a spring motor on the order of a watch or music box and is wound up by a crank. As the cylinder is turned the little metal pins strike projecting jacks, which in turn raise the hammer from the strings of the instrument. As each one is released it strikes a string and the note is produced. Provision has been made for changing the time and also for producing various effects in expression, according to the will of the person manipulating it.

Evidently Pleased.

"I suppose papa acted just awful when you asked him for my hand, didn't he?" queried the fair maid, who happened to be the eldest of six daughters.

"Well," answered the young man in the case, "he tried his best to control himself, but he displayed all the symptoms of a man who had just received a letter from home containing money."

Woodpecker Alarm Clock

New Jersey Preacher Crawls From His Bed at Call of Industrious Little Bird.

New York.—A novel alarm clock is the [illegible] possession of Rev. Dr. George A. Paul, pastor of the Upper Montclair (N. J.) Presbyterian church. He has to crawl unwillingly from bed at the call of a woodpecker. The clergyman was awakened one morning recently by a hammering on the roof of his house. He found the noise was caused by a woodpecker knocking on the sheet-iron covering on top of the chimney. Dr. Paul frightened the bird away and went back to bed, but the noise was renewed. The clergyman gather papers and built a fire, the smoke of which effectually checked the bird for the time. Next morning, however, Mr. Woodpecker was there again trying to drill a hole through the sheet-iron cover. The clergyman again burned paper. After several mornings of this work Dr. Paul took to putting papers in the fireplace before he went to bed at night so as to be ready on the instant for his visitor in the morning. The bird now calls regularly at 6:30 a. m. and compels the pastor to rise in order to start the smoke that will shut off the tapping alarm.

FARM HANDS GETTING SCARCE

Illinois Labor Bureau Reports Inability to Supply Frequent Calls for Laborers.

Springfield, Ill.—Secretary David Ross of the State Bureau of Labor Statistics is receiving reports from officials in charge of the six free employment offices of the state of many openings for farm hands which the offices are unable to fill. Peoria has reported 156 reports for help of various sorts on the farm in anticipation of the beginning of spring work.

In connection with the shortage of farm hands it is reported that the tendency of applicants for places through the employment bureaus to refuse to register is growing. Many applicants enter the offices, ask for openings, and on finding none at the time, they depart without leaving their names. Sometimes they call again, sometimes not.

A list of unregistered requests for work is being compiled in the office of the bureau of labor for reference. In connection with the list it will be shown how many of those who applied were at the time without employment.

War on "Rats."

Elgin, Ill.—Twelve senior girls at the Elgin high school appeared in their classroom with their hair combed tightly back over their ears and neatly braided. As a secret organization just formed they have signed a pledge to abandon "rats." They call their society the "Anti-Rat league," and expect that their attitude toward false hair will have an effect upon other girls in the school.

Follow the style and you'll be led to extravagance.

ROOSEVELT'S HUNT FOR AFRICAN GAME

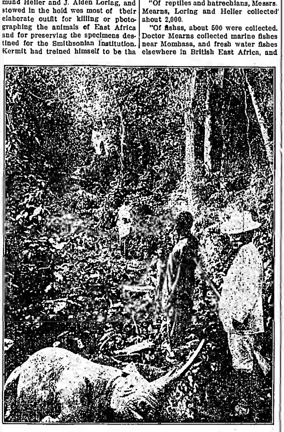
Lions and Other Animals Shot in Large Numbers.

YEAR ON DARK CONTINENT

Naturalists Collected Hundreds of Specimens for the Smithsonian Institution—Kermit Photographer of the Party.

Theodore Roosevelt's hunting trip in Africa, officially known as the Smithsonian African expedition, lasted nearly eleven months and was most successful in every way. The colonel's desire to hunt big game was not all that was back of the trip, for the Smithsonian Institution wanted specimens of the fauna and flora of the Dark Continent and commissioned the ex-president to obtain them. For this reason, a part of the expenses were borne by the institution, but Mr. Roosevelt paid all the expenses of himself and his son Kermit, presumably earning much of them by his articles in a magazine for which he received a record-breaking price.

Not wasting much time after leaving the White House, Colonel Roosevelt sailed from New York on the steamship Hamburg, headed for Naples. With him were Kermit and three naturalists, Major Mearns, Edmund Heller and J. Alden Loring, and stowed in the hold was most of their elaborate outfit for killing or photographing the animals of East Africa and for preserving the specimens destined for the Smithsonian Institution. Kermit had trained himself to be the chief photographer of the expedition, but he also turned out to be considerable of a hunter.



From stereograph, copyright, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

IN THE AFRICAN JUNGLE

A great throng of friends and admirers bade the colonel farewell, and he sailed away, but could not entirely separate himself from the world, for practically all the way across the Atlantic wireless communication with the Hamburg was maintained. Moreover, at the Azores, and again at Gibraltar, he found the officials and people insisted on doing him honor, and when he reached Naples on April 5 the entire populace turned out to greet him with flowers and cheers.

Boarding the German steamship Admiral for Mombasa, Mr. Roosevelt found in his cabin a quantity of flowers and a letter from Emperor William wishing him "good hunting." At Messina a stop was made to view the earthquake ruins, and there, at King Victor Emmanuel's request, Mr. Roosevelt and Kermit visited the Italian monarch on board the battleship Rex Umberto. The party arrived at Mombasa April 21 and was received by Acting Governor Jackson, who had been instructed by the British government to do all in his power to further the plans of the expedition. Unusual privileges were granted the hunters, and Mr. Roosevelt and Kermit were licensed to kill lions.

At Mombasa the party was joined by R. J. Cuninghame, a veteran African hunter and explorer, and Leslie J. Tarleton, and these two managed the expedition in a most able manner. Taking train to Kapitil plains, the party became the guests of Sir Alfred Pease on his ranch. An immense caravan of 260 persons was organized and on April 25 Colonel Roosevelt had his first African hunt. On this occasion he bagged two wildebeests and a Thompson's gazelle. April 30 was a notable day in the camp on the Athi, for on that day the first lions fell victims to the marksmanship of the Roosevelts. Theodore shot two and Kermit one, and there was great rejoicing among the natives who made up the caravan. After that the big game came fast and cheetahs, giraffes, rhinoceroses and more lions were added to the list, in all 14 varieties of animals being secured. Meanwhile Kermit was busy with his cameras and the naturalists prepared the specimens.

George McMillan, an American, was the next host of the hunters, and several weeks were spent on his fine Ju Ja ranch and in the surrounding country. There the game was very plentiful and many fine specimens were bagged. Members of the party made several extensive trips of exploration, notably on and around Mount Kenia.

The expedition left East Africa December 19, crossed Uganda and went down the White Nile, getting back to comparative civilization at Gondokoro. There they went aboard a steamer put at their disposal by the sirdar, and journeyed to Khartum, where Mrs. Roosevelt met her husband, and accompanied him in a leisurely trip to Cairo. During his stay in Egypt Colonel Roosevelt was the recipient of many honors and made several speeches. One of them, in which he praised the administration of the British, gave considerable offense to the native Nationalists. At the end of March the Roosevelts sailed for Italy.

In a preliminary report to the Smithsonian Institution Mr. Roosevelt summarized the material results of the expedition as follows:

"On the trip Mr. Heller has prepared 1,020 specimens of mammals, the majority of large size; Mr. Loring has prepared 3,153, and Doctor Mearns 714—a total of 4,897 mammals. Of birds, Doctor Mearns has prepared nearly 3,100, Mr. Loring 899, and Mr. Heller about fifty—a total of about 4,000 birds.

"Of reptiles and batrachians, Messrs. Mearns, Loring and Heller collected about 2,000.

"Of fishes, about 500 were collected. Doctor Mearns collected marine fishes near Mombasa, and fresh water fishes elsewhere in British East Africa, and he and Cuninghame collected fishes in the White Nile.

"This makes, in al, of vertebrates:

Mammals	4,897
Birds (about	4,000
Reptiles and batrachians (about)	2,000
Fishes (about)	500
Total	11,397

"The invertebrates were collected chiefly by Doctor Mearns, with some assistance from Messrs. Cuninghame and Kermit Roosevelt.

"A few marine shells were collected near Mombasa, and land and fresh-water shells throughout the regions visited, as well as crabs, beetles, millipeds, and other invertebrates.

"Several thousand plants were collected throughout the regions visited by Doctor Mearns, who employed and trained for the work a M'nyumnezi named Makangarri, who soon learned how to make very good specimens, and turned out an excellent man in every way.

"Anthropological materials were gathered by Doctor Mearns, with some assistance from others; a collection was contributed by Major Ross, an American in the government service at Nairobi."

E. WEBSTER.

To Remove a Paint Stain.

To remove the unsightly stain of paint spilled on the doorstep, try the following plan: Make a strong solution of potash and wet the stain well with this, keeping it wet until the paint becomes soft. In a short time it will readily rub loose and it may then be washed off with soap and water. If any color has penetrated the fibers of the wood keep the spot well wet with the solution, and it will shortly disappear. Paint which has been left on for some time will yield to this treatment.

Well Supplied.

Benevolent Lady (to showgirl)—And, dear child, have you no home?

Showgirl—Yes, indeed. My father and mother have both married again and I am welcome at either place.—Life.

Sounds Reasonable.

"Why do they take dogs for travel on the ice in the arctic regions?"

"They couldn't very well have horses, you know."

"Why not? I should think it was the very place for old skates."

The Last Resource.

"That fellow has low aims, low ideas and low associations all around him. There is only one thing in life which will ever take him up."

"What is that?"

"An elevator."

Concrete Water Tanks.

Concrete hot-water or steaming tanks cost more than such tanks made of wood, but their durability, freedom from leakage, and non-conductive properties are claimed to make such tanks a good investment.

Papa's Give-Away.

"Did her father give the bride away?"

"Yes; he told the groom before the entire assemblage that his daughter's teeth were false and her hair store-made. Wasn't it awful?"

AT A CRITICAL PERIOD

Of Peculiar Interest to Women.

Mrs. Mary I. Remington, Eigleberry St., Gilroy, Cal., says: "I suffered so severely from pain and soreness over the kidneys that it was a task for me to turn over in bed. My kidneys acted very frequently, but the secretions were retarded and the passages scalded. I was weak and run down. After taking other remedies without benefit, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was permanently cured. I was going through the critical period of a woman's life at that time and after using Doan's Kidney Pills there was a miraculous change for the better in my health."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

NATURALLY.

Biffs—How did the baby show turn out?

Bings—Oh, it was a howling success.

For Proper Care of Tuberculosis.

According to the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, New York state leads in the number of beds for consumptives provided up to May 1, with 5,475 beds; Massachusetts is second with 2,403 beds; Pennsylvania, third, with 2,347 beds; Colorado, fourth with 1,489 beds; and New Mexico fifth, with 1,104 beds. As yet, not one state in the country has made adequate provision for its consumptives. New York has set itself the task of having "No uncared-for Tuberculosis in 1915," and several cities in other parts of the country have adopted similar programs. The National association says that tuberculosis will not be stamped out until all cases of the disease are cared for either in their homes or in institutions. With this end in view, efforts will be made to increase the number of hospital beds in this country to at least 35,000 by May 1, 1911.

A Practical Discourse.

One stormy day the children were amusing themselves indoors, playing church. "Now, Florence," said Theodore, "I'll be the minister and tell you what you must do, and you'll be the people, and you must listen and do what I tell you." Climbing up on a chair, he began his sermon. "Florence, you must be a very good girl and do whatever your brother wants you to. If he wants your playthings, you must let him have them, and if you want any of his, you just let 'em alone."—Christian Herald.

Casey at the Jet.

"What's this I hear about Casey?" asked McGinnis.

"He's been trying to asphyxiate himself," said O'Reilly.

"G'wan! What did he do?"

"He lit every gas jet in the house and sat down and waited."—Everybody's.

The Vocabulary.

Webster was compiling the dictionary.

"Getting together a few words to use in a fifty word telegram," he explained.

Herewith the public called him blessed.

The Kid and the Goat.

"Where are you going with that goat, little boy?"

"Down to the lake. Come along if you wanter see some fun. This here goat has jest at a crate of sponges and I'm goin' down an' let him drink!"

A DOCTOR'S EXPERIENCE
Medicine Not Needed in This Case.

It is hard to convince some people that coffee does them an injury! They lay their bad feelings to almost every cause but the true and unsuspected one.

But the doctor knows. His wide experience has proven to him that to some systems, coffee is an insidious poison that undermines the health.

Ask the doctor if coffee is the cause of constipation, stomach and nervous trouble.

"I have been a coffee drinker all my life. I am now 42 years old and when taken sick two years ago with nervous prostration, the doctor said that my nervous system was broken down and that I would have to give up coffee.

"I got so weak and shaky I could not work, and reading your advertisement of Postum, I asked my grocer if he had any of it. He said: 'Yes,' and that he used it in his family, and it was all it claimed to be.

"So I quit coffee and commenced to use Postum steadily and found in about two weeks' time I could sleep soundly at night and get up in the morning feeling fresh. In about two months I began to gain flesh. I weighed only 146 pounds when I commenced on Postum, and now I weigh 157 and feel better than I did at 20 years of age.

"I am working every day and sleep well at night. My two children were great coffee drinkers, but they have not drank any since Postum came into the house, and are far more healthy than they were before."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

MOTHERS WHO HAVE DAUGHTERS

Find Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Hudson, Ohio.—"If mothers realized the good your remedies would do delicate girls I believe there would be fewer weak and ailing women. Irregular and painful periods and such troubles would be relieved at once in many cases. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is fine for ailing girls and run-down women. Their delicate organs need a tonic and the Compound gives new ambition and life from the first dose."—Mrs. GEORGE STRICKLER, Hudson, Ohio, R. No. 5, Box 32.

Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

It Was His Turn.

Two weary travelers were compelled to seek lodging in a country hotel that was unpromising in looks at least. Upon conferring with the owner the prospects brightened.

"Certainly, gentlemen," he said, "I have one spare bed that the two of you may have—a large feather one. This way, please."

They followed and were loath to anticipate much ease, but accepted the only thing and retired. One was soon snoring long and loudly, the other could not sleep. At about 2 in the morning the wakeful one nudged his companion.

"Here, get up! Time's up," he said.

"What's the matter?" asked the other; "we are not on duty."

"No, but it's my turn to sleep on the feather," was the reply.

Aroused Sporting Instinct.

An Irish policeman who was also something of a sportsman, had been posted on a road near Dublin to catch the scorching motorist. Presently one came along at 20 miles an hour, and the policeman saw it pass without a sign. Next came a large motor traveling at 40 miles and hour, and the eyes of the guardian of the public brightened. And then one passed at the rate of a mile a minute. "Begorrah," said Pat, slapping his thigh, "that's the best of the lot."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Invariably.

"When I looked over my mail," said one young author, "there was nothing in it excepting bills or rejected manuscripts."

"I know," replied the other; "it's always either something due or nothing doing."

How About "Lift Thine Eyes?"

The English Tourist—Excuse me, my friend and I cannot agree as to the name of that range of hills. Can you tell—

The Scot (severely—Mon, the Sawbath is na the day for speiring hills whatever!—Sketch.

Apology.

"You have broken your word to me!" said the heiress, bitterly.

"Yes," replied Baron Fucash; "being a foreigner I can't help using a certain amount of broken English.

When Rubbers Becomes Necessary
And your shoes pinch, shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Cures tired, aching feet and takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Always use it for Breaking in New shoes and for dancing parties. Sold everywhere 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

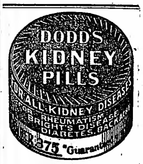
Circumstances are beyond the control of man, but his conduct is in his own power.—Beaumont.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny, granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

No Alonzo, a silver cup never runs when it is chased.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Our tears are round to remind us that God loves the whole world.



DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch
makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

Falling Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor promptly destroys the germs that cause falling hair. It nourishes the hair-bulbs restores them to health. The hair stops falling out, grows more rapidly.

Dandruff

Ayer's Hair Vigor just as promptly destroys the germs that cause dandruff. It removes every trace of dandruff itself, and keeps the scalp clean and in a healthy condition.

Does not Color the Hair

We wish you to positively and distinctly understand that Ayer's Hair Vigor does not affect the color of the hair, even to the slightest degree. Persons with the whitest or the lightest and most delicate blond hair may use it freely without having the hair made a shade darker.

Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.

Show this formula to your doctor. Ask him what he thinks of it.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN F. KING. C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

It was a true, if not a happy phrase, when sponsor Wilson referred to "our God given young governor." But when he says: "He is one of the triumphs of our age—oh! tush!

The tariff plank of the Republican platform is a masterpiece of indirection. It is so broad that even a free trader might find a place to stand beside Senator Payne and Nelson Aldrich.

The chairman of the Ramsey county Republican convention in a moment of undue exuberance announced that "the state will soon be redeemed from the stigma of Democratic rule." Now, really, was Governor Johnson's administration a "stigma?"

Congressman Frank Nye of Minneapolis made a humorous speech in the house in which he landed Joe Cannon. If the voters in his district read it, and they probably will, they will very likely remember it about election time and then it will not seem half so funny to Mr. Nye, says the St. Cloud Times.

Irrespective of politics, the country newspaper boys are pleased over the success of Sam Y. Gordon in landing the nomination for lieutenant governor. Sam is a whole-souled fellow and considerable of a free-lance on public questions. He is to be congratulated upon winning a fight that was made against great odds.

Mr. Pruess says there can't be any question of Governor Eberhart's re-election (of course he ought to have said election)", but really unless Mr. Wheelock is made chairman of the state committee we are afraid the astute Mr. Day may somehow hornswoggle the common people into the belief that John Lind is pretty nearly as big a man as Eberhart.

The Northfield News says: "Don't stick up your nose at the King road drag. The only objection to it is that it is simple. It ought to have three or four fly wheels, fifty or sixty cogs and a few hundred coil springs attached to it. Then if $285 f. o. b. Chicago, were charged for it, it might come into general use. As it is, it is handicapped by cheapness. Nobody wants a road drag that only costs a few boards off the back yard fence, a bolt or two from the windmill and a fist full of skinned knuckles."

The many friends of Hon. Marcus Johnson will be pleased to learn that he has been appointed collector of customs for the district of Minnesota. This position pays a handsome salary and is considered the choicest federal plum that comes to the state. It is understood that Senator Clapp made the selection. Under the Harrison administration, twenty years ago, Mr. Johnson was collector of internal revenue.

Major John A. Pickler, the man who was the father of the rural free delivery, died on Monday at his home in Faulkton, S. D. While a member of congress from South Dakota, Major Pickler introduced the resolution which authorized the first free delivery of mail to farmers. He was a pioneer and leader in developing the state of South Dakota. At 21 he became a major in the civil war by his bravery.

Congress is about to retire Justice Moody of the supreme court on full pay, though he hasn't served the required time or reached the requisite age, says the Duluth Herald. But he is disabled by rheumatism and probably never can serve on the bench again. He needs the money and the country needs a full bench. His retirement is one of those public acts which are very good in themselves, but very bad when they constitute precedents.

The managers of Governor Eberhart's campaign have appropriated the Governor Johnson motto: "He has made good." It is now up to them to prove it. Perhaps he "made good" when he appointed temperance committees of the last two legislatures, or when the railroad and tax committees were given over to the interests. Or did he make "good" when he permitted the Seabury graft. The piracy of the motto may be immaterial, but it is not usually advisable to adopt a motto that has not always been adhered to.

Thomas A. Edison says that a large part of our heightened price of living comes from the cost of delivering small quantities to the ultimate consumer, and suggests the package form of food production and automatic stores as a partial remedy. Rent is another element which he proposes to correct by making his poured cement houses so cheap that the ordinary workingman can afford to have his own house. For $1200 he can put up a three story house with the same conveniences and room as a house built of cut stone that would cost $30,000. The "wizard of Menlo Park" is doing more for his race than the ordinary library-giving Carnegie or the whole tribe of college-endowing millionaires.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: The best way to understand women is not to try.

If a man is really a dead one he is in a grave condition.

Fortunately for most of us, a lot of temptation doesn't tempt.

Telling the average man to use his own judgment is poor advice.

Many a man acquires a lot of friends by keeping his advice to himself.

No, Cordelia, you can't travel by mail even if you do stamp your feet.

How a man does enjoy giving his wife money—for about a week after marriage.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Fear of the truth makes love of a lie.

The worst thing about children is when they aren't yours.

Nine times out of ten a man can fall in love with a girl because it is a fool thing to do.

There's no possible way of keeping expenses down except for people who have more money than they can use.

People find out, by trying, how different marriage is from what they thought it was. But it's too late then.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Great Big Baked Potatoes

They're a feature of the Northern Pacific's Dining Car service. They weigh at least two pounds apiece. They are fine. So is the service in general. Tender meats, good fish, eggs from our own poultry farm; bread, cakes, pies and ice cream made at our own bakeries in Seattle and St. Paul, Washington creamery butter, milk in individual bottles, whipped cream for coffee.

All prepared by expert chefs and served by experienced waiters—a corps of Dining Car Instructors is maintained to keep the service "up to the handle."

Northern Pacific Ry

Provides service that sets the pace—not only in its Dining Cars, but all the way through.

Several electric-lighted trains east and west every day. Low Summer Tourist Fares.

Let me help you plan your trip.

A. C. Cowles, Agent, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

A. M. CLELAND,
General Passenger Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

NORTHERN PACIFIC
YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

The Scenic Highway through the Land of Fortune

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

In the Matter of the Petition of John J. Sorum and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 50.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 50.

MAIN DITCH NUMBER 50.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Said ditch is located within the townships one hundred fifty-three (153) and one hundred fifty four (154), Range forty-two (42). Commencing at a point eleven hundred and twenty-five (1125) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of the Northwest Quarter (NW¼) of section seventeen (17), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-two (42) thence running the south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eight (8) and nine (9), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), twenty eight (28) and twenty nine (29), and sections thirty-two (32) and thirty three (33) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections four (4) and five (5), and sections eight (8) and nine (9) township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty-two (42), to the Red Lake River where said ditch terminates and has its outlet, as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit:

Vincent D. Clul, Alfred C. Danielson, Solomon Danielson, Ole T. Stramme, Andrew A. Anderson, Peter O. Sorlum, Thomas McCormick, Bert A. Gordon, Sam S. Huseby, Andrew Carlson, Hans C. Sorenson, Rudolph Sthek, Rasmus A. Gaarn, John A. Arndt, Victor B. Johnson, Halvor Lodstad, Tom H. Uhild, Osten Hanson, Nels Christenson, Esther C. Hoagland, Ole J. Nomland, Andrew N. Ness, Henry Schindler, Paul Hennin, Halvor Holden, Oscar Gunderson, George M. Gunderson, Sten D. Rystand, Andrew Furseth, Ole L. Ottum, Emil O. Ugecund, Ole J. Vackum, Martin Hols, Oscar Ostrem, Peter H. Stenheim, Martin P. Mork, John L. Hegerness, Ole Dimmeson, Henry H. Hanson, Township of Silverton, Township of Emardville, and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor, and that the Viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 29th day of July 1910 at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. of said day for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.)

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby given That on the 29th day of July 1910, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 45 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910, etc. For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being stations "0" to Stations "70" both inclusive, contemplating the excavation and removal of 10,335 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work, said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bill will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The estimated total cost of the work is Eighteen Hundred Fifty five & 50-100 ($1855.50) Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 18th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County, State of Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.)

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 29th day of July 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 41 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date 17th of June 1910, etc. For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown in the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "270" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 57,974 cubic yards, and from Stations "0" to Stations "118" of the Branch Ditch, both inclusive, with a yardage of 16,123 cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 88,504 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work, said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bill will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The excavation and removal of 88,504 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated, at an estimated cost of Eight Thousand Eight Hundred Thirty-nine & 40-100 Dollars ($8,839.40).

The estimated total cost of the work is Eleven Thousand Eight Hundred Thirty nine & 40-100 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 18th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor Red Lake County, State of Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.)

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION.

Judicial Ditch No. 13, Marshall and Red Lake Counties, Minn.

Clerk of Court's Notice of Hearing on Ditch Petition.

State of Minnesota } ss District Court
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District

In the matter of the petition of H. A. Halvorson and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall and Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 13.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch designated and numbered by the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 13, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the Judge of the District Court has been had thereon and that the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of said ditch and to perform such other duties as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court, and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the said Clerk, and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, course and terminus of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch No. 13, including a description of the land over which the same passes is as follows, viz:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 650 feet East and about 33 feet south of the ¼ section corner between section 1, Township 153, N. Range 39 W., and Section 36, Twp. 154, N Range 39 W., thence running West parallel with and about 33 feet south of the Township line forming the North boundary of sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Twp. 153 N. Range 39 W. to a point about 33 feet South and about 33 feet East of the N. W. corner of said section 4; thence running North [illegible] about 33 feet East of the section line forming the East boundary of section 32, Twp. 154 Range 39 W., to a point about 33 feet East and about 45 feet South of the N. E. corner of said section 32, thence running West parallel with and about 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of sections 32 and 31, Range 39, and sections 35 and 34 Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., to a point about 45 feet south and about 45 feet east of the N. W. corner of said section 34; thence running north parallel with and about 45 feet east of the section line forming the East boundary of sections 27, 22 and 15 to a point about 35 feet east and about 45 feet South of the N. E. corner of said section 15, thence running West parallel with and 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of sections 15, 16, 17 and 18 of Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., and terminating in Marshall County Judicial Ditch No. 18 near the N. W. corner of section 18 aforesaid.

Branch "A". Beginning at a point about 1380 feet East and about 33 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 13 and 14, Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., thence running west along the ¼ section line thru sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 said Twp. and Range and sections 13 and 14 Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., and terminating in the Main Ditch near the ¼ section corner between sections 14 and 15 last named twp. and Range.

Branch "B". Beginning at a point about 45 feet East and 45 feet South of the S. W. corner of section 11, Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., thence running North parallel to the West boundary of said section 11 to the source of Branch "2" of Marshall Co. Ditch No. 20.

Branch "C". Beginning at a point about 35 feet East and 45 feet South of the S. W. corner of section 8, Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W. thence running North parallel to the West boundary of said section 8 to the source of Branch "C" of Marshall Co. Ditch No. 20.

Branch "D". Beginning at a point about 33 feet south and about 40 feet East of the S. W. corner of section 5, Twp. 153 N. Range 39 W., thence running North parallel with the West boundary of said section 5 to a termination in the Main Ditch near the N.W. corner of sec. 5 aforesaid.

Branch "E". Beginning at a point about 50 feet East and 33 feet South of the ¼ section corner between sections 1 and 12, Twp. 153 N. Range 39 W., thence running North along the ¼ section line to an intersection with the Main Ditch near the ¼ section corner on the North side of said section 1.

Branch "F." Beginning at a point about 50 feet East and 33 feet North of the ¼ section corner between sections 25 and 36 Twp. 154 N. Range 39 W., thence running South along the ¼ section line to the center of section 36; thence running westerly along the ¼ section line to the 1-16 line of said Sec. 36, thence southerly along the 1-16 line to its intersection with the Main Ditch on the south side of section 36 aforesaid.

Branch "G". Beginning at a point about 45 feet East of the ¼ section corner between sections 23 and 26, Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., thence running northerly parallel with and about 45 feet East of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 23, 14 and 13 said township and Range to a termination in the Branch "A" near the ¼ section corner between section 13 and 14 of township and Range aforesaid.

Branch "H". Beginning at a point about 45 feet South and about 45 feet East of the S. W. corner of section 25, Twp. 154 N. Range 39 W., thence running Westerly parallel with and about 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of Sections 35, 34 and 36, said Twp. and Range to a point about 45 feet South and about 45 feet East of the N. W. corner of said section 36, thence Northerly parallel with and about 45 feet East of the Range line forming the West boundary of sections 31 and 30 in said Twp. and Range to a junction with Branch "A" near the N. W. corner of S. W. ¼ of aforesaid section 18.

Branch "I". Beginning at the center of section 26; thence northerly along the quarter section line to a termination with Branch "A" near the center of section 23 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

Branch "J". Beginning at a point about 45 feet South of the ¼ section line between sections 24 and 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W. thence running Westerly parallel with and about 45 feet south of the section line forming the North boundary of sections 25, 26 and 27, said Twp. and Range to a point about 45 feet East and 45 feet South of the North West corner of said section 27, thence running Northerly parallel with and about 45 feet East of the section line forming the West boundary of sections 22 and 15, aforesaid township and Range to a junction with Branch "A" near the NW. corner of the SW ¼ of said section 15.

Branch "5". Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 10 and 15, Twp. 154 N. Range 39 W., thence running South along the ¼ section line to its intersection with Branch "A" near the center of said section 15.

Branch "6". Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 13 and 24 Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Northerly along the ¼ section line thru the source of Branch "A" near the center of section 13 aforesaid continuing to the ¼ section corner between sections 1 and 12 said Twp. and Range, as its north terminus.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch Number 13 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, viz:— Sections 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36 Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W.

Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, Twp. 153 N, Range 39 W. Sections 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25, 26, 35, 36, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W. All in Marshall and Red Lake Counties, Minnesota.

And that the said Engineer's report shows the dimensions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to wit: United States, Christ Lee, John Swan, C. M. Hild, Isaac S. Isackson, Peter D. Brevik, Christopher Vad, Horace L. Welch, Halvor A. Vingerud, Tina Anderson, Peter A. Kolsrud, Ole E. Wirth, Tillie Austad, Nels A. Kylen, Sven Bergen, Alfred O. Vingstad, W. P. Hannon, Andrew Hanson, John Johnsvold, Fred Sollie, Lars L. Furan, Scott Hanson, John Johnson Furan, John Kunz, Wilmer Klauers, Even H. Kjos, John L. Wood, Gunder Erickson, Joseph Westerlion, Andrew C. Duplis, Frank J. Madden, Peter L. Loels, Marie Linder, George Wagner, Chas. M. Marcel, Philomina A. Frifecte, Edward Kolls, Anna Landa, Albert Tenka, Hans C. Schorte, Aaron Fork, Anton Knudson, Anul L. Halverson, Henry F. Ner, Charles F. Johnson, Lars L. Schorte, Lars Olsen Bk, C. A. Cranbere, Sarah Westerberg, C. O. Yern, Benjamin Benson, S. C. Weeks, Peter W. Kogstad, John S. Danielson, Hrane O. Halvorson, Alfred Olson, Nels C. Jorgenson, Ellef Halverson, John S. Miller, Andrew E. Halvorson, Martin L. Laird, Anton Stenska, Scund Erwics, Maudora Beaudry, Walter H. Dorst, Anna Ericksen, Eddis T. Kjyle, Townships of Moylan and Espelie in Marshall County, Minnesota, and Townships of Goodridge, Reiner and Sterne Red Lake County, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' report, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held before said Court and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the Court room in the court house in the City of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are notified to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated June 15th, 1910.

A. C. SWANBY,
Clerk of District Court, Marshall County, Minnesota.

(District Court Seal.)
Brown & Eckstrom,
Warren, Minn.
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Bridge Proposals Wanted.

The Board of Supervisors of the township of Deer Park in Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the home of Ralph Green in Section 32, Township 152, Range 40 at 1:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1910 for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a steel span over the Clearwater River between Sections 31 and 32 in the Township of Deer Park (152-40) agreeably, to the specifications hereto annexed. Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design, with the data on which it was computed, and showing also areas of material proposed to be given to each.

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

(Signed) W. A. Swanson,
Town Clerk of Deer Park

General Description.

The bridge will be a through bridge consisting of one span ninety six (96) feet long with the steel tube foundations and re-inforced concrete backing with Six (6) foot wing, and will have a 3 inch plank roadway Sixteen (16) feet clear width.

The distance from grade to bed of stream is Eleven (11) feet and from grade to highest water is Five (5) feet.

For the floor system of roadway either a concentrated load of Sixteen (16) tons on two axels 10 foot centers, 3-4 of load on rear axel and 1-4 on front axel wheels, 10 foot gauge, each wheel load considered as carried by two joists, when joists are two feet, 8 inches or less center to center; or 100 pounds per square foot of surface. Cooper's specifications to govern all workmanship and material.

(signed) C. H. Martz, C.E. Engineer.
(J16-Je30.)

Order of Hearing on Petition to Convey Lands on Contract.

State of Minnesota, } ss. IN PROBATE COURT,
County of Red Lake } Special Term, June 21st, 1910.

In the Matter of the Estate of Oride Moreau Deceased.

On Reading and Filing the petition of George Dupont claiming to be entitled to a conveyance of certain real estate from the Administrator of said estate, setting forth that Oride Moreau deceased, was bound by a contract in writing to convey said real estate to the said George Dupont, William Dupont, and Joseph Dupont upon the terms and conditions therein stated, with a description of the land to be conveyed, and the facts upon which such claim to conveyance is predicated, and praying that the Probate Court make a decree authorizing and directing the said Administrator to convey said real estate to said petitioner as the person entitled thereto.

It is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate may appear before this Court, at a special term thereof to be held on Friday the fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in the Probate Office in the Court House in Red Lake Falls, in said County, and oppose said petition.

And it is further Ordered, That this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper printed and published at City of Red Falls in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn. the 21st day of June A. D. 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
Judge of Probate.

(Seal)
Je23-J7

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

State of Minnesota, } IN PROBATE COURT.
County of Red Lake }

In the Matter of the Estate of John Maloney Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to John Mauley, John Manney, Michael Manney, Dennis Maloney, Mary Sheridan, Margaret Burke, Mrs. Lizzie Brosnan, two Manley, Edward Manley Anthony, Manly and James Manly and all persons interested in the determination of the descent of the real estate of said decedent: The petition of John Manly having been filed in this Court, representing that said decedent died more than five years prior to the filing thereof, leaving certain real estate in said petition described, and that no will of decedent has been proved nor administration of said estate granted in this State, and praying that the descent of said real estate be determined by this Court:

Therefore, You, and Each of You, Are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of July 1910, at ten o'clock, A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 22nd day of June 1910.

F. A. GRADY
Attorney for Petitioner
(COURT)
(SEAL)

IRA C. RICHARDSON
Probate Judge.

Je30-J7

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

EXTENSION BULLETIN.

June 1 to September 30, low round trip summer tourist fares to eastern Canada, New York and New England. Optional routes.

June 3 to July 30. Every Friday low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 22. Last of the popular spring excursions to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 29 to July 3. Annual convention National Educational Association, at Boston, Mass. Optional routes.

July 2, 3, and 4. Low rates for Independent Day.

July 6 to 10. National convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 24. Annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que. and return. Usual low fares.

Sept. 2 to 9. Eucharistic Congress Montreal.

Watch for announcement of other excursions. For particulars apply to A. J. Perrin, General Agent, 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

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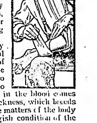
S.S.S. CURES OLD SORES



Every old sore is an infected spot on the flesh, kept open by constant drainage of impure blood into the place.

One of the principal constituents of blood is plasma, a healing property. Where the circulation is pure this element of the blood, which is of a glutinous or sticky nature, performs the necessary work in healing all sores, wounds and lacerations. It does this by sticking or joining the parts together, while nature causes a knitting of the tissues and solidifies the place.

This healing property is frequently destroyed by impure accumulations in the blood, and this vital fluid not only loses its power to heal, but becomes a source of irritation and disease to any open sore or ulcer on the body. Constantly it discharges its morbid matters into the place, and gradually it causes the infection to spread, and the sore enlarges. The morbid matter in the blood comes from different causes. A long spell of debilitating sickness, which breeds disease germs in the system, the retention of the refuse matters of the body because of a sluggish condition of the eliminative members, a continued malarial state of the system, inherited bad blood, etc., are usually responsible.

CURED OF EATING SORE.
Dear Sirs:—I was suffering greatly from a sore on my left breast, which had begun to eat, and at times deep, shooting pains would pass through it, and the ulcer was discharging yellow and rather offensive matter. I consulted physicians, but their treatment did not benefit me very much. My condition seemed hopeless, and I had almost despaired of getting well. I knew that the disease was hereditary in my case, as an only sister, my mother and two of her sisters had died of Cancer of the breast. After I had finished the first bottle of S. S. S. I felt some better, so continued it until I was cured.
MRS. JAMES CASSELL,
Belton, Mo.

S. S. S. heals sores and ulcers in the very simplest way. It just goes into the circulation, and removes the impurities and polluted matter that are the means of keeping the ulcer open; then the sore is bound to heal. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and not only does it cleanse the circulation, but it adds every necessary property to it to promote good health. It is of the very greatest tonic value, and those who have been weakened and run down by the constitutional drainage of an old sore will find it the very remedy needed. S.S.S. does not simply cause a scab to come over an old sore, but beginning at the bottom it heals the place permanently by building new tissue and filling in the place with firm, healthy flesh. Special book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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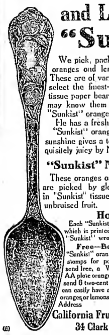

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These oranges are distinct, full-flavor, thin-skinned. They are picked by gloved-hands; thoroughly cleansed; wrapped in "Sunkist" tissue paper; packed carefully to insure firm, unbruised fruit.

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Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

NOTICE.

[illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

[illegible]

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

of First State Bank of Oklee.

Know all men by these presents, that we have agreed to and do hereby associate ourselves together as a banking corporation under and pursuant to the provisions of the Laws of State of Minnesota governing banks of discount and deposit and to that end [illegible] execute under our hands [illegible] the following certificate of incorporation, to wit:

FIRST

The name of this corporation shall be First State Bank of Oklee.

The general nature of its business shall be banking, receiving deposits, buying, selling and discounting notes, [illegible] and other evidences of debt, domestic and foreign, dealing in gold and silver bullion and foreign coins, issuing circulating notes and loaning money on real estate and personal security; the place where the business of said corporation is to be carried on is Oklee in Red Lake county, Minnesota.

SECOND

Said corporation shall commence on the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1910, and shall continue for the period of thirty years.

THIRD

The names and places of residence of the incorporators, and the number of shares held by each of them are as follows:

[illegible]

FOURTH

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of 3 or 5 directors, who shall be elected at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the [illegible] Monday of January of each year between the hours of 9:30 A. M. and [illegible] P. M. of the said day. The first board of directors shall consist of the following members:

A. P. Toupin, Crookston, Minn.
[illegible], Red Lake Falls, Minn.
A. D. [illegible], Red Lake Falls, Minn.

who shall hold office until the first annual meeting and until their successors are elected and qualified.

FIFTH

The amount of the capital stock shall be Ten Thousand Dollars, fully paid in, in cash, which shall be divided into One Hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The capital stock may be increased from time to time by a majority vote of stockholders, but not to exceed the sum of Twenty Five Thousand Dollars.

SIXTH

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be Two Hundred Fifty Thousand dollars.

In Witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this [illegible] day of May, A. D. 1910.

In presence of — Signature — Name
S. H. Drew
A. D. [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Samuel [illegible]
A. P. Toupin
A. D. Stephens

State of Minnesota, county of Red Lake, ss.

On this [illegible] day of May, A. D. 1910, before me, a Notary Public in and for said county, personally appeared [illegible] to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that they each executed the same as their free act and deed.

W. S. ERICSON,
Notary Public Red Lake county, Minn.
My commission expires March 28, 1914.
(Seal)

State of Minnesota, County of Polk ss.

On this 28th day of May, A. D. 1910, before me, a Notary Public in and for said county, personally appeared A. P. Toupin, and A. D. Stephens to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

V. L. McGREGOR.
Notary Public, Polk county, Minnesota.
My commission expires Dec. 13, 1915.
(Seal)

State of Minnesota, county of Hennepin, ss.

On this 25th day of May, A. D. 1910, before me, a Notary Public in and for said county, personally appeared S. H. Drew to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

H. P. NEWCOMB,
Notary Public, Hennepin county, Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 4th, 1915.
(Seal)

State of Minnesota,
Department of Banking.

This is to certify that the name "First State Bank of Oklee" as given in the foregoing Certificate of Incorporation, has been approved by me.

Dated this Fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1910.

J. B. GALARNEAULT.
Superintendent of Banks.
(Seal)

State of Minnesota
Department of State

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 3 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in book 1 of State Bank Records on page 234.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds
County of Red Lake, Minn.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 1 o'clock p.m. and was duly recorded in Book "H" of Miscellaneous, page 27.

FRANK JEFFERS,
Register of Deeds.
By Margaret Rose, Deputy
(Seal)

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION

Judicial Ditch No. 18, Marshall and Red Lake Counties Minn.

Clerk of Courts Notice of Hearing in Ditch Petition in Ditch Proceeding.

State of Minnesota, County of Marshall ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition of John C. Johnson and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall and Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 18.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of district Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch designated and numbered by the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 18, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the Judge of the District Court has been had thereon and the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the said ditch and to perform such other duties as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court, and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the said Clerk, and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and terminus of the main ditch and laterals of Judicial Ditch No. 18, including a description of the land over which the same passes, is as follows, viz:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 40 feet north of the ¼ section corner between sections 22 and 27, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., thence running west parallel to the section line forming the north boundary of sections 27, 28, 29 and 30, to a point 40 feet south and 43 feet east of the NW. corner of said section 30, thence running northerly parallel to the range line forming the west boundary of sections 19 and 18 of aforesaid Twp. and Range to a point 33 feet east and 47 feet south of the NW. corner of section 18 said Twp. and range, thence running west parallel to and 47 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 Twp. 154 N., Range [illegible] W., and section 13 Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., to a point [illegible] east and 47 feet south of the NW. corner of the last mentioned section, thence running northerly parallel to and [illegible] feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 12 and 1, Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., and section 36 Twp. 155 N., Range 42 W., terminating in Branch "A" of Marshall County Ditch No. [illegible] near the ¼ section corner between sections 25 and 36 of aforesaid Twp. and Range.

BRANCH "A". Beginning at a point 47 feet south and [illegible] feet east of the NW. corner of section 18 Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of section [illegible] said Twp. and Range to its termination at Station [illegible] of Branch "B" of Marshall County Ditch No. [illegible]

BRANCH "B". Beginning at a point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 15 and 22, Twp. 154 N. Range 41 W., running thence westerly parallel to and 40 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 22, 21 and 20 of said Twp. and Range to a point [illegible] feet south and 40 feet east of the NW. corner of said section 20, thence running northerly parallel to and [illegible] feet east of the west boundary of section 17 said Twp. and Range, terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 17.

BRANCH "C". Beginning at a point about 40 feet east of the SW. corner of section 23, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., running thence northerly parallel to and [illegible] feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 23 and 14 said Twp. and Range and terminating in the Main Ditch near the SW. corner of section 14 aforesaid.

BRANCH "D". Beginning at a point 40 feet east of the SW. corner of section 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., running thence northerly parallel to and [illegible] feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 25, 24 and 13 said Twp. and Range, and terminating in the Main Ditch near the SW. corner of section 13 aforesaid.

BRANCH "E". Beginning at a point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 15 and 22 Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., running thence westerly parallel to and 40 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 22, 21, 20 and 19 said Twp. Range, and terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of said section 19.

Branch "F". Beginning at a point 40 feet east of the ¼ section corner between section 31, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and section 36, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., thence running northerly parallel to and [illegible] feet east of the range line forming the west boundary of section 31 and 30, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 30 aforesaid.

BRANCH "G". Beginning at a point about 40 feet east and 33 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 28 and 33, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the ¼ section line to a termination in the Main Ditch near the ¼ corner between sections 21 and 28 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch No. 18 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, viz: Sections 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and Sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., and Sections 1, 12, 13, Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., and Section 36, Twp. 155 N., Range 42.

And that the said engineer's report shows the [illegible] of said ditch and the particular and general benefits thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: Leonard Stone, Danaugh O'Brien, John Johnson, [illegible], Gonnund Erdahl, Charles P. Schuster, Robert L. Sothern, Alfred T. Rice, Joseph Tremblay, Lina Erickson, C. C. Hach, Teresa G. Reilly, K. A. Huber, John Comunder, Nels Olson, John M. Reilly, Geo. Topper, Edward L. Peterson, Ole J. Nesse, Kettle Hellange, Nels M. Olson, Michael C. Collins, Anton H. Buser, John B. Vaughn, Peter Bleekman, Hans H. Hanson, Alfred Amb, Ole T. Brattelund, Joseph Vorlicky, John Peller, Anton Mernum, Gustal A. Bakkum, Charles Radke, Jacob Brass, Ennes Schmidt, G. Schmidt, H. H. Dohren, Thom Bednorchik, John O'Connell, Edwar Wener, Richard A. Kroner, Ellean Jacobson, Nels Knutson, Engelbert Vad, Henry Halvorsen, Thomas Haagr, Gunder T. Skretzet, Charlie F. Thompson, Bertha Peterson, Maggie Bergh, Leon DuChamp, Joseph Vorlicky, Christopher H. Porter, Nels Vikingson, Andrew Sandure, Andrew J. Anderson, Frank Krotchel, Andrew Rickson, Andrew Erickson, Charles Radke, Kjorloo Svensgaard, Andrew B. Larson, Sigvart A. Rustad, Joseph Placyhe Joseph Hurly, Edith L. Quist, Olaf Traften, Aady C. Hart, Valerya Benka, H. H. Olsoa, Bertha L. Lovos, Albert Bakken, Ulrik Rak, Tim Krike, J. J. Voracheck, Oswald O. Oos, Nels Olson, Nels J. Berg, John Holmgren, John C. Jhonson, J. J. McCarty, W. D. Boyce, Gustaf T. Molum, Own Morris, Charlwy Newberry, Carl L. Swensen, Hans O. Hommy, Emil T. Nelson, Alonzo R. Georgo, Olaf Nahberg, Arthur Blessrgo, Thom Thompson, Joseph N. Kemrowski, Anna Pencinski, Nels A. Lishorg, Frank Przybyszeski, Harold Johnson, Segurd Olson Grolid, Anton Hanson, Adolph W. Henning, Edward Iverson, Simon Olson, Tollef N. Nesland, Gulbrand Grannon, Samuel Dangerfield, Bert A. Gorden, Ole Furthum, Charles H. Brown, Thor Gunderson, Peter J. Nerdahl, Lars Larson, Anton F. Donda, Martin J. Bragstud, Frank Chipera, Carl Moon, O. C. Hanson, Anna N. Moe, John N. Bambeck, Tina Helsinger, Ole M. Olson, Fred Elma, William Finnegan, John C. Skog, Anton Kalski, Erick O. Gratzko, Edith A. Phillip, Carl Habedank, Geo E. Hedland, Ole O. Finberg, Ole O. Finberg, Bernhard Knudson, Christian B. Shirly, Oswald Steinbakken, Stephen Goll, F. Gruetske, Rudolph O. Manthey, August Olson, Ovila Beaudry, Knud A. Bangs, Knud A. Bagaas, Grand Plain township, and Agder Township, Marshall county, Minnesota, and Townships of Silverton, Cloverleaf, Goodridge and Highlanding, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given, that within three days after the filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' report, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said court, and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall county, Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1910, at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the construction and establishment of said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated June 15, 1910.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of District Court,
Marshall county, Minnesota.
(District Court Seal.)
Brown and Eckstrom,
Warren, Minnesota,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry B. Kauler Decedent.

The petition of Louis A. Kauler as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate, having been filed in this court, representing, among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court and the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto:

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard, and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of July 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing and in the said matter, and that such citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said county according to law.

Dated June 21st, 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.
(Seal)
je23j7

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake } SS
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the city council of said city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 1st day of July, 1910, and terminating on June 30th, 1911, by the following persons, and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to wit:

JOHN DEUTSCHMAN

On the first floor of that certain brick building situate on lot 7 of block 51, in Kretzschmar's Addition to Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council of the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday, the 7th day of July, 1910, at 8:00 o'clock P. M. of that day.

Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city, this 21st day of June, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal)

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of thirty eight and 50-100ths dollars which became due December 1st, 1909, all of which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Philomena Borin, a widow, mortgagor, to First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota on the 18th day of December, 1908, at 4 o'clock, P. M. in book 31 of Mortgages, on page 481, and whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage by reason of said default, the whole principal sum of said mortgage outstanding and unpaid, became at once due and payable and was so declared by the owner of said mortgage, and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred fifty nine and 70-100ths dollars, ($759.70) and the further sum of ($38.20), tax paid on said premises by said mortgagee and the said power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now therefor, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit, the west half of the southeast quarter, (W½ of SE¼) of section six (6), in township one hundred fifty one (151), north of range forty-five (45) in Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Red Lake County, at the front door of the Sortedahl Building temporarily used as a court house, in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $759.70 and interest, and taxes of $38.20 on said premises, and an attorneys fee of twenty-five dollars as stipulated in said mortgage, disbursements allowed by law: subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 8th, 1910.

First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Mortgagee.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Red Lake Falls, Minn. Je9 Jl14

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to

BUILD UP
in spring and summer, it's the natural time to store up health and vitality for the year.
Scott's Emulsion
is Nature's best and quickest help. All Druggists

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, June 17th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the Board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. June, 17th, 1910, A. D.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A.M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that F. A. Grady be appointed Special County Attorney for the purpose of this meeting.

Motion carried.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 1:00 o'clock P.M.

Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock P.M.

All members present.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigion that the Board proceed to the opening of the bids for the plumbing and heating of the county court house.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Pigeon, Johnson and Lindquist, Commissioner Aubol not voting.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Bids were opened as follows:—For the furnishing of all labor and material for both the plumbing and the heating in accordance with the plans and specifications of the architect on file.

I. E. O'Brien & Co., Crookston	$ 4880.
James Brady, Red Lake Falls	4975.
Doran Bros., Bemidji	5000
Crookston Plumbing & Heating Co.	5240.
D. T. Quealy & Co., Hastings, bid not considered.	
Chas. Wilkins & Co., Minneapolis	4775.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bid of Chas. Wilkins & Co. be accepted.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Pigeon Lindquist and Johnson, Commissioner Aubol not voting.

Chairman declared the motion carried.

On motion duly carrried a recess was taken until 3:30 o'clock p. m.

Board reconvened at 3:30 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Johnson who moved its adoption, which resolution was duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol:

Whereas, There has heretofore been filed with the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, a petition for a county ditch signed by Alex. T. Lattimore and others which ditch was designated by the county auditor of said county as ditch No. 40, and whereas, at or about the same time there was filed with the county auditor of said county another drainage petition signed by Peder H. Thoreson and others and designated by the county auditor of said county as ditch No. 38, and

Whereas, both of said ditches to a large extent drained the same water basin, and whereas, an engineer and viewers were appointed on both of said ditches and said engineer and viewers did go upon the lands adjacent to both of said ditches and whereas the same engineer and the same set of viewers were appointed on both of said ditches and the knowledge and information obtained by them as to said proposed ditch No. 40 was used without additional expense in the laying out of Ditch No. 38:

Be it resolved that the expense caused by the petitioning of said ditch No. 40 be transferred to ditch No 38 and assessed against the property thereby benefitted, which expense amounts to the sum of four hundred twenty-three and 98-100 dollars ($423.98).

Be it further resolved that the county auditor is hereby instructed to transfer said account from said proposed Ditch No. 40 to said ditch No. 38 and cause the same to be assessed against the property benefitted by said ditch No. 38.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay: None.

Whereupon the resolution was declared carried by the chairman.

Moved by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that $15000. fire and lightning insurance be placed on the county court house now under construction to be divided equally between the following agents: J. A. Duffy, V. M. Higinbotham and Toupin & Son.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist and the following Commissioners Aubol and Johnson not voting.

Motion declared carried.

Resolved that the town of Red Lake Falls be reimbursed $250.00 from the county road and bridge Fund on account of an appropriation made under date of July 12th, 1909 but not drawn.

Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly carried the application of M. O. Sortedahl for reduction of assessment and taxes on personal property located in Polk Center Townships for the year 1909 was granted subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Chas. E. Boughton, to professional services for C. A. Lindquist before Peter Matson, spec. com'r.	$ 40.00
Chas. E. Boughton, To miscellaneous Professional services rendered between 1-21-10 and 4-23, 1910	148.00
Miller Davis Printing Co., Supplies for county offices	3.70
Miller Davis Printing Co., Supplies for county offices	8.40
Louis F. Dow Co., Supplies for county offices	1.60
Fremont D. Orff, To one trip of inspection of court house and assisting in opening of bids for the plumbing and heating of same and expenses	27.60
V. M. Higinbotham, For insurance premium as per bill	13.47
Fremont D. Orff, To drawing plans and specifications of heating and plumbing court house	119.42
C. W. Johnson, expense of State vs Carl Swenson	2.78
Atis Lambert, to drayage as per bill	9.50
F. A. Grady, to atty. fees as special county attorney June 17th, 1910	15.00
F. A. Grady, to four days engaged in representing A. A. Latendresse before Peter Matson, special com'r.	40.00
F. A. Grady, To 2 days briefing the law and interposing demurrer in re A. O. Bakke vs. Red Lake Co.	50.00
Nils O. Risen, To 2 days service as teamster Ditch No. 48	4.00
J. T. Coan, installing culvert on County Ditch 35	15.00
Zeiser Bros., To 2 days livery a-c Ditch No. 2	7.00
Joseph Belan, To 1 day viewer and exp final hearing on Ditch No. 46	4.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, To per diem and mileage special meeting county board June 17, 1910, charge to ditch 44 & 45	4.40
Joseph Johnson, To per diem and mileage special meeting county board June 17, 1910, charge to ditch 44 & 45	12.60
Joseph Pigeon, To per diem and mileage special meeting of county board June 17 1910 charge to ditch 44 & 45	6.20
C. A. Lindquist To per diem and mileage special meeting of county board June 17 1910, charge equally to ditch 44 & 45	6.60
Ed. A. Aubol, to per diem and mileage special meeting county board June 17, 1910, charge equally to ditch 44 & 45	6.00

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse.
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Democratic County Convention.

A Democratic Delegate convention for the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at Thief River Falls, on Saturpay, July, 23, 1910 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day for the purpose of selecting 9 delegates to the Democratic Convention, to be held at the city of Minneapolis, on Thursday, July 28th, 1910, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Clerk of the Supreme Court. Also to designate a resident of said county who shall be recommended to the State convention as a member of the State central committee, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for each 25 votes or major fraction cast for the late Governor John A. Johnson in 1608, and one delegate at large for each precinct.

In accordance with the above apportionment the several precincts of the county will be entitled to the following number of delegates:

Bray	2
Black River	3
Clover Leaf	2
Deer Park	2
Emardville	2
Equality	2
Garnes	2
Gervais	3
Goodrige	1
Highlanding	1
Hickory	1
Kratka	2
Lake Pleasant	2
Lambert	2
Louisville	2
Mayfield	2
Norden	2
North	2
Numedahl	2
Polk Center	3
Poplar River	3
Red Lake Ealls, town	3
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	3
Heiner	1
Sanders	3
Silverton	2
Smiley	2
Star	1
Terrebonne	4
Wyandotte	2
Plummer Village	2
St. Hilaire Village	3
Red Lake Falls City—	
First ward	4
Second ward	3
Third ward	5
Thief River Falls City—	
First ward, 1st precinct	5
First ward, 2nd precinct	5
Second ward	5
Third ward	5
Total number of delegaees	103

The primaries for the election of delegates to the County Convention will be held in the usual voting places of the several precincts on Wednesday, July 20, 1910. from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock P. M.

W. B. FULLER,
Chairman.
FRED BORCHERS,
Secretary.

The Valley for Them.

Hermaa Krueger, and Chas. Wentzel and son Ed., have returned from a trip through Montana, Idaho, Colorado and Wyomiag. They traveled through these states, stopping at many places to investigate the possibilities for investments and openings for business is has been so optimistically described ia the profuse advertising that is being circueated. Mr. Krueger, in speaking of his trip, says that he is well satisfied at having taken the trip. He is now contented and satisfied that northern Minnesota is the best place to invest and remain in. There were a large number of persons who were interested in the findings of his and Mr. Wentzel's investigations, and will remain in Crookston. Mrs. Krueger went to St. Paul to meet him but was unable to return, on account of being taken ill there. She is at present visiting at the home of her brother, Adolph Wentzel, who resides in Minneapolis.—Crookston Times.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

Several good residence properties, some livestock, including some full-blood Shorthorns, and a second hand threshing rig, good as new, to trade for land.—Sortedahl Land Co.

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MADE FROM
AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES
ARE
RUST PROOF
GET THE GENUINE CATALOGUE FREE
WE SELL WELL CASING AND TILE OUTLETS
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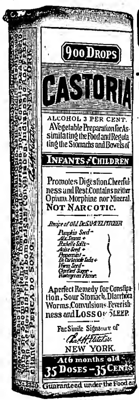

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit, Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agencies.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
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THE GREAT FAIR OF THE GREAT WEST
Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition
The Annual Exposition of the
Wonderland of the World
Triumphal Live Stock and Agricultural Exhibits
THE WORLD-FAMOUS TRACTOR TEST
Track devoted to Heavy Harness Horse Judging July 18-20
HOME-FARM-FACTORY-NATION EXHIBITS
TROUPE OF ELEPHANTS
GREAT CIRCUS ACTS
SHOWS—MUSIC—SPECTACLES
Pyrotechnic Climax and Military Tournament
"With Roberts in Afghanistan"
turning night into a crater of fire.
Send for Prize List and Programme.
TEN DAYS—NINETEEN TEN
JULY 13-23

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
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Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouillet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Flodelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Milan, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. D. J. Doran, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE
Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

LAND IN CANADA AN INVESTMENT

WORK IT, AND SECURE 20 PER CENT. ON THE EXPENDITURE.

Farm lands in Canada increased in value this Spring from fifteen to twenty per cent, and as a result of this increase thousands of those who have gone there within the past few years have had that much more value added to their holdings. There is proof here that as a field for investment there is nowhere to be found a more profitable one than in purchasing farm lands in Canada. And, as a field for occupation and working the farms there is nowhere on the continent where more satisfactory return is given. The crops are always sure and the prices are always good. With railroads entering and traversing all the settled parts, there are very few districts in which the farmer will be more than from ten to twelve miles from a railway station. Roads are good, and big loads are easily handled. The price of getting grain to the primary market is low on this account, and then in reaching the world's markets the railways have their rates controlled by the Government, and what may be considered a fair deal is certain. Good prices for all kinds of grain is the rule, and if the investor has made good money by the increased value given to his unworked land, it is not difficult to understand that the profit to the man who works his land is just that much more, and there will be no depreciation. The man who holds a free homestead of one hundred and sixty acres of land, which he got for $10 as an entry fee, has land which at its lowest estimate is worth $10 an acre—yes, $15 an acre the moment he has completed his three years' residence duties. It will continue to increase in value until its earning power gives a reasonable interest on a certain sum. That is, if he takes off the land fifteen to twenty dollars per acre clear profit each year, his land is worth to him, at a fair rate of interest, $200 an acre. If he only realizes $10 an acre clear profit, it is worth $100 per acre. Now, thousands of farmers are duplicating these figures. The price of land in Canada today is much less than its realizing value. The fact that the fifty thousand Americans who went to Canada year before last were followed by one hundred thousand last year offers evidence, and good evidence, too, that there is getting to be a pretty fair knowledge that money is to be made in Canada lands. As an investment money is to be made, but more by living upon the land, secured either by homestead or purchase. The one hundred thousand of last year will be one hundred and fifty thousand this year. These comprise people from every state in the Union, and it is just being realized the asset that awaits the homeseeker in Canada. The large numbers that have gone, though, makes no appreciable difference in the supply of land. There is still left vast quantities of the best of it. But the longer a delay is made in arriving at a decision, the price will advance proportionately, and the more desirable homesteads near the railway lines become more difficult to secure. The Government publishes interesting literature, which may be had on application to any of the agents whose offices are located at different points through the States, and they (the agents) will be pleased to assist in any way possible in the choice of location.

The Rude Visitor.

There is a story about the secretary of a golf club who was a man of diminutive stature. It was summer time, and the grass had been allowed to grow rather long. The secretary was playing in front of a visitor who was a very long driver, and kept dropping his ball in the neighborhood of the secretary all the way round. At last the little man could stand it no longer and walked back and remonstrated with the visitor on his conduct, but the only reply he got was, "If you would cut the grass, one might be able to see you."

Would Mean a better Show.

"Johnny," said the teacher, "here is a book. Now, stand up straight and sing like a little man."

The song was "Nearer, My God." No sooner had the school commenced to sing than a little girl waved her hand frantically. Stopping the singing, the teacher inquired the cause.

"Please, teacher, I think Johnny will get nearer if he whistles."—Judge.

Don't pose as an earthly angel unless you want to attract suspicion your way.

Sincerity, a deep genuine sincerity, is the first characteristic of all men in any way heroic.—Carlyle.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

A grass widow can give references—but she hardly ever does.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY; DISPELS COLDS, AND HEADACHES DUE TO CONSTIPATION.
BEST FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN—YOUNG AND OLD.
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS—ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE.
MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS
ONE SIZE ONLY, REGULAR PRICE 50¢ A BOTTLE

ROYAL WELCOME FOR ROOSEVELT

Vast Throng Greets the Former President at New York.

HE IS MET AT QUARANTINE

Escorted to the Battery by a Great Flotilla—Speeches and Land Parade—Affair Is Spontaneous and Non-Partisan.

New York.—He has come back!

Theodore Roosevelt returned to his native land June 18, and was given a welcome home such as was never before accorded to a citizen of this republic. The whole country joined in it, and it was so spontaneous and so utterly non-partisan that it could not but be most flattering to the former president.

Since emerging from the African jungle the latter part of March, Mr. Roosevelt has been the guest of nearly every European ruler and almost unprecedented honors have been heaped on him. The reception by his fellow citizens was a fitting climax to his triumphal tour and must have been the most satisfactory event connected with it.

BEFORE AND AFTER THE TRIP

Flotilla Meets Him at Quarantine.

More than a month ago every available craft in New York harbor had been engaged for the day, and numerous big organizations, like the Republican club of New York and the Hamilton club of Chicago, had chartered regular coast line steamers. Early in the morning this immense flotilla sailed far down the bay, and when, about 9 o'clock, the scouting tugs and motor boats came flying in with the word that the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria was approaching, all made ready for the first greeting.

As the big liner came into sight, every whistle on every vessel was tied open and shrieked the welcome to the returning wanderer. Colonel Roosevelt, with Mrs. Roosevelt and Kermit by his side, stood on the deck, waving his hand and smiling the familiar smile, and the waiting thousands cheered him again and again.

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THE VOYAGER HOMEWARD BOUND

Reception Committee Takes Him.

At Quarantine the necessary formalities were quickly over and the official reception committee took the colonel and his party aboard its revenue cutter. That vessel at once started up the harbor and all the gaily decorated craft, filled with clubs and private parties, fell in behind and formed a most spectacular water parade. On almost every boat was a band, and all the way the musicians played at the top of their lungs. The shores were black with people who shouted their greetings to "Teddy" as he passed and the factories and mills added the noise of their whistles to the general din.

So it went all the way up to Twenty-third street, where the parade turned and made its way back to the Battery. At that historic spot at the lower end of Manhattan island Colonel Roosevelt landed to receive the formal welcome home.

Welcomed by Mayor Gaynor.

In an enclosure in the center of Battery park were 200 distinguished guests, including senators, representatives, ambassadors and close personal friends of Mr. Roosevelt. Surrounding this enclosure was another reserved space which was occupied by about 2,500 prominent men and members of the big reception committee.

The cheering and music were almost continuous as the colonel entered the park, but finally quiet was restored and Mayor Gaynor stepped forward and delivered a cordial address of welcome on behalf of the nation and the city. Mr. Roosevelt responded briefly but feelingly, and short speeches were made by several other prominent men. Much as he would have liked to be present to greet his predecessor, President Taft was kept away on account of his official position and by a previous engagement.

Parade Through the City.

When the speech making was over, the parade through the city streets started. It was originally intended to conclude the reception with a monster parade, and invitations were issued to various organizations throughout the country. Within a few days, however, the committee was flooded with so many applications that the parade feature had to be in part abandoned. Organizations from Maine to California and from the Gulf to the Great Lakes requested places in the line of march, and if the project had been carried out, the procession would have extended from the Battery to the Harlem river and back again, a distance of 20 miles, and the people who had traveled hundreds of miles to see Roosevelt would have been deprived of the pleasure. In order to overcome this obstacle so that no one would be offended, a unique arrangement was adopted by the committee. All organizations that wished to participate in the parade were assigned certain blocks along the line of march; for instance, one or two blocks were assigned to some visiting club, and the next to the public, and so on.

The procession itself was comparatively small and was led by the mounted police of New York, who were followed by the police band on foot. Then came the escort of 500 Rough Riders under the command of Robert Hunter of Oklahoma city, president of the organization. Colonel Roosevelt came next in a carriage, and his carriage was followed by a long procession of vehicles containing the members of the committee and the speakers.

TREATED AS FIRST AMERICAN OF TIME

Theodore Roosevelt Most Highly Honored in Europe.

EXCITING INCIDENT IN ROME

Former President Delivered Scholarly Lectures in Paris, Berlin and Oxford—Represented His Country at King Edward's Funeral.

Scarcely less interesting than his hunting trip in Africa, and at times almost as exciting, were the adventures of Col. Theodore Roosevelt in Europe. There he desired to be treated as a man of letters and science, rather than as a sportsman, and his desire was gratified. But in addition, Europe insisted on receiving him as the most distinguished American of the time, and everywhere he went honors were showered on him. Emperors, kings, princes and all manner of royalties and nobility greeted him, dined him and toasted him, and the people in all the lands that he visited turned out in vast throngs to see him and cheer him.

In Paris, Christiania, Berlin and Oxford Mr. Roosevelt delivered scholarly public addresses and the literary and scientific circles opened to let him in and marveled at the wide scope of his knowledge.

The event connected with Mr. Roosevelt's European tour that aroused the most interest and excitement occurred immediately after his arrival in Italy early in April. Before he left Africa his desire to pay his respects to the pope had been conveyed to the Vatican and the holy father had intimated that he would be glad to see the distinguished American. About the same time former Vice-President Fairbanks was in Rome and had arranged for an audience at the Vatican which was canceled by the pope because Mr. Fairbanks first addressed the Methodist mission in Rome. When Colonel Roosevelt reached the Eternal City he received, through the American minister, a message from Cardinal Merry del Val, papal secretary of state, to the effect that the pope would grant an audience to Mr. Roosevelt if he did not repeat the mistake made by Mr. Fairbanks. The colonel promptly called it all off, stating that as an independent American citizen he could not submit to such restrictions. The head of the Methodist mission tried to make religious capital out of this, and Mr. Roosevelt thereupon canceled the plans for a general reception to which the Methodists had been invited. Thus, with his usual luck and facility for "coming out on top," he had the best of the matter all around and his conduct was generally commended all over the world.

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COL. ROOSEVELT IN VENICE

Leaving the Sorbonne, Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt and Kermit were received by the king and queen of Italy and spent some days in that country. The colonel and his wife visited Venice and traveled once again the Riviera route that they passed over on their honeymoon, and next Mr. Roosevelt visited Vienna and Budapest, where he was given a royal welcome.

Paris was next on his itinerary, and there on April 23 he lectured in the Sorbonne before a great audience of savants and students. The municipality and its officials, the president of France and various learned societies vied with each other in doing honor to the visitor, and for amusement he was taken to the field of aviation, where he saw some exciting aeroplane flights.

Traveling northward somewhat leisurely, by way of Brussels, Amsterdam and Copenhagen, Mr. Roosevelt arrived at Christiania and delivered an address on international peace before the Nobel prize commission, which had awarded to him the Nobel peace prize for his successful efforts to end the Russian-Japanese war.

Emperor William had made great plans for the entertainment of the ex-president in Berlin, but the death of King Edward caused the curtailment of the program to a considerable extent. Instead of being the kaiser's guest in the palace, Mr. Roosevelt stopped at the American embassy, and though William received him and dined him and showed him the German army in maneuvers, the more spectacular and public features were omitted. On May 12 Mr. Roosevelt delivered at the University of Berlin an address on modern civilization which was highly praised for its scholarly qualities.

Taking the Air in Austria.

Having been appointed special ambassador of the United States to attend the funeral of King Edward, Colonel Roosevelt next crossed the channel to England, and when the body of the dead monarch was carried to the tomb he was one of the remarkable crowd of royal personages and distinguished men that followed the gun carriage on which Edward's coffin was borne. After the funeral he was received by King George and Queen Mary and by the widowed queen mother, and in a quiet way made necessary by the mourning of the nation much attention was shown him. This culminated, in London, by a reception in the Guild Hall, at which the freedom of the city in a gold casket was presented to him.

He was the guest, thereafter, of several prominent Englishmen, and on June 7 he delivered the Romanes lecture at Oxford, which had been postponed by the demise of the king. This was the most pretentious of all his European addresses and the best. His subject was "Biological Analogies in History."

The University of Cambridge honored Mr. Roosevelt by conferring upon him the degree of doctor of laws, and the occasion served to demonstrate his popularity with all classes. As Mr. Roosevelt accepted his diploma from the hands of Vice-Chancellor Mason, the students who crowded the galleries shouted "Teddy! Teddy!" and let down a large Teddy bear from the ceiling. The whole audience cheered and the colonel, as he passed out, smilingly patted the Teddy bear. Later that day Mr. Roosevelt addressed 700 graduates, on all kinds of topics.

On June 11 the traveler, together with Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel, sailed on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria on their way to New York and the rousing welcome that he knew was awaiting him from his fellow countrymen.

HENRY FORDYCE.

The Dairy division of the Department of Agriculture at St. Anthony Park has recently sold two of the best bred Jersey bulls on the farm, one to John N. Tidd, of Meadowlands, St. Louis county, who took Tubal of Lily Dale, whose grand dam has a record of 456 pounds of butter a year, and his dam a record of about 400.

Potato growers should follow a system of rotation in which potatoes follow clover on a carefully prepared seed bed.

Soil that has produced a crop of scabby potatoes should be used for some other crop for several years because the scab spores live over in the soil and will attack subsequent potato crops for five or six years afterward. For potatoes select, if possible, a northern slope, since the crop will suffer less on such slope during hot, dry weather.

A potent reason for retaining old sows is that they usually farrow more and larger pigs than young ones.

THE GREAT STRUGGLE

The Civil war was the most momentous struggle of history. It operated through fifteen imperial states, over more than 600,000 square miles. Its armies were unparalleled—2,000,000 as brave and intelligent men as ever gathered for mortal strife. Grant alone commanded more soldiers than Napoleon ever saw.

Its leaders were unsurpassed—McClelland, the magnificent; Hancock, the superb; Logan, the dashing; Thomas, the conservative; Meade, the self-reliant; Hooker, the fighter; Sheridan, the relentless; Sherman, the strategist; Farragut, the peerless admiral; Seward, the statesman; Sumner, the philanthropist; Stanton, the man of iron will; Chase, the financier; Greeley, the journalist; Beecher, the preacher; Phillips, the orator; Whittier, the bard, and above all these, the mightiest military chieftain of modern times—the silent man of destiny—U. S. Grant.

Tea Time Talks
The Tea of the Traveled

The traveler who visits England or Canada with the home-grown notion that any tea is tea usually comes back deeply impressed with the idea that tea is not tea unless it's "Salada." If he has been used to drinking Japan or China Tea before his travels, he will, on his return, insist on "Salada" Green, because of its unforgetable flavor and fragrance.

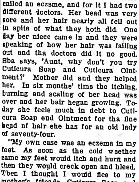
The widespread enjoyment of "Salada" Ceylon Tea is due to the fact that soil, climate, culture, preparation, purity and packing all unite to create the choicest tea possible to grow.

"SALADA" TEA
Yearly Sales Over 20,000,000 Packages

Ask your grocer for "Salada" or send for a free trial package. We mail it without charge. Say whether you use Black, Mixed, Green or Japan Tea.

The "Salada" Tea Co.
Shelby Block, Detroit, Mich.

A HARD BLOW.



GIVE US THIS DAY OUR DAILY BREAD
Geo Bowen

The Landlady—Coffee wasn't known to the ancient Greeks.

The Boarder—Then, to judge by this brown liquid in my cup, I should say some of them used to board here.

SAVED OLD LADY'S HAIR

"My mother used to have a very bad humor on her head which the doctors called an eczema, and for it I had two different doctors. Her head was very sore and her hair nearly all fell out in spite of what they both did. One day her niece came in and they were speaking of how her hair was falling out and the doctors did it no good. She says, 'Aunt, why don't you try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment?' Mother did and they helped her. In six months' time the itching, burning and scaling of her head was over and her hair began growing. Today she feels much in debt to Cuticura Soap and Ointment for the fine head of hair she has for an old lady of seventy-four.

"My own case was an eczema in my feet. As soon as the cold weather came my feet would itch and burn and then they would crack open and bleed. Then I thought I would flee to my mother's friends, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I did for four or five winters, and now my feet are as smooth as any one's. Ellsworth Dunham, Hiram, Me., Sept. 30, 1909."

The Laughing Barber.

Jim Rice, the coach of the Columbia crew, was praising a stalwart freshman.

"He's so young and tender," said the coach, "you'd never think he could row. Why, they laugh at him at the barber's.

"As he was getting his hair cut the other day he said to the barber wistfully,

"'Do you think I'll have a strong beard? My father has a very strong one.'

"'It looks to me,' said the barber, 'as though you took after your mother.'"

Try This, This Summer.

The very next time you're hot, tired or thirsty, step up to a soda fountain and get a glass of Coca-Cola. It will cool you off, relieve your bodily and mental fatigue and quench your thirst delightfully. At soda fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Delicious, refreshing and wholesome. Send to the Coca-Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga., for their free booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola." Tells what Coca-Cola is and why it is so delicious, refreshing and thirst-quenching. And send 2c stamp for the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910—contains the famous poem "Casey At The Bat," records, schedules for both leagues and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities.

The man who improves his talent always gets God's reward for doing it.

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes
Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care Try Murine Eye Salve. Aseptic Tubes—Trial Size—25c. Ask Your Druggist or Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Honest politicians are as plentiful in some places as white blackbirds.

A CERTAIN METHOD
for curing cramps, diarrhea and dysentery is by using Painkiller (Perry Davis'). This medicine has sustained the reputation for over 70 years. 25c, 35c and 50c.

Does a cow become landed property when turned into a field?

Fletcherite Loses His Count.

"Bobby," said his mother, "sit up straight, and don't tuck your napkin under your chin. I've told you hundreds of time—"

"There!" exploded Tommy, "you've made me lost the count! I don't know now whether it's 256 or 356 times I've chewed this clam!"

After the Horrible Example.

"Does a minister to China, pa, have to take a queue with him?"

"He gets a cue not to talk too much."

The Army of Constipation
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE
GENUINE must bear signature:
Brent Good

WESTERN CANADA
Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, says:
"The stream of emigrants from the United States to Canada will continue."
Senator Dolliver recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and says: "There is a land hunger in the hearts of English speaking people; this will account for the removal of so many Iowa farmers to Canada. Our people are pleased with its Government and the excellent administration of law, and they are coming to you in tens of thousands, and they are still coming."
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Iowa contributed largely to the 70,000 American farmers who made Canada their home during 1909. Field crop returns alone during year added to the wealth of the country upwards of
$170,000,000.00
Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts, 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful.
For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Government Agent.
CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) (3)

Fargo Directory

SPORTING GOODS
Bicycles, Kodaks, Baseball and Tennis Goods, Fire Arms, Tents, Motor Cycles, Edison Phonographs and Records.
J. E. JOHNSON CYCLE SUPPLY HOUSE
216 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies
Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention.
FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

Ship Your Hides, Wool and Pelts To BOLLES & ROGERS FARGO, N. D.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 DeKalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

STEM-WIND AND SET WATCH, RING AND CHAIN
EARN BY SELLING 24 CARDS OF 10c ART JEWELRY
WE GIVE ... plated GOLD WATCH like picture, GUARANTEED 5 years, (together with chain), also imit. DIAMOND ring by selling two sets (or selling 24 cards of jewelry at 10cts. each. Order jewelry. We trust you. When sold send $2.40 and receive premiums. L. L. Spencer, Norton, N. Y.

OPIUM or Morphine Habit Treated. Free trial. Cases where other remedies have failed, specially desired. Give particulars. Dr. R. G. CONTRELL, Suite 614, 400 W. 23d St., New York

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-est references. Best results.

PATENTS F. G. Bradbury, Pat. Atty., Com'l Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.; Corn Exchange Bldg., Minneapolis; McGill Bldg., Washington. Best work close at home. ADVICE FREE.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 25-1910.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
Is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases, disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in the diseases of women.
It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system.
THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which creates no craving for such stimulants.
THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle-wrapper and attest to the truthfulness of the same under oath.
It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine of KNOWN COMPOSITION. No counterfeit is as good as the genuine and the druggist who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. See that you get what you ask for.

Libby's
SOUPS

Tomato
Chicken
Vegetable

and ten other kinds. Delightful natural flavor and made from the very best materials, with the care of experienced chefs, in the great White Enameled Kitchens.

Libby's Soups are ready for immediate use by adding an equal portion of hot water

Ask your grocer
for Libby's Soups

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

Why Jones Was Sad.

Jones' rich grandmother died and Jones seemed unnaturally depressed [illegible]. His friends tried to cheer him.

"[illegible] left a last will and testament, I [illegible]," said Jenkins carelessly.

"Oh, yes," said Jones raising his head at last, "she left a will and testament."

"Ah," chimed in Brown, "you were always a friend of hers! Of course your name was mentioned."

"Yes," answered Jones, bursting into floods of tears, "my name was mentioned, boys. I—I am to have—"

They hung expectant, while more sobs choked back his words.

"I," he declared at last, "am to have the testament!"—Scraps.

Children.

Listen to this opinion from David Starr Jordan:

"There is nothing in all the world so important as children, nothing so interesting. If you ever wish to go in for some philanthropy, if you ever wish to be of any real use in the world, do something for children. If you ever yearn to be truly wise, study children. We can dress the sore, bandage the wounded, imprison the criminal, heal the sick and bury the dead, but there is always a chance that we can save a child. If the great army of philanthropists ever exterminate sin and pestilence, ever work out our race's salvation, it will be because a little child has led them."—[illegible]

An Embryo Emancipator.

A little miss riding on a Brooklyn trolley car the other day tendered the conductor half fare. "How old are you, little girl?" he queried, gingerly handling her fare.

She pursed her lips for a moment, then calmly opened her purse, dropped two more pennies into the conductor's extended palm, snapped her purse and demurely replied: "You have your fare, sir; my statistics are my own."

Up in the Air.

I have been at the top of Pike's Peak, which is more than 14,000 feet above sea level. What was the greatest height you ever reached?"

"I don't know just what the altitude was, but it must have been much greater than that which you mention. I made the ascent shortly after I had stepped with my bare feet on a bumble-bee's nest."

Natural.

"And did your wife die a natural death?"

"Oh, yes. She was talking when the end came."

Uncle Ezra Says:

"Playin' on one string soon wears out the string ez well ez the player."—Boston Herald.

A Happy Day
Follows a breakfast that is pleasing and healthful.

Post Toasties

Are pleasing and healthful, and bring smiles of satisfaction to the whole family.

"The Memory Lingers"

Popular Pkg. 10c.
Family Size 15c.

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night, she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. She passed a terrible night, which was filled with unseemly noises. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff button in a clothes hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot. A strange man was found shot to death in the hall. It proved to be the body of Arnold Armstrong, whose banker father owned the country house. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson and the coroner arrived. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she had talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

"The quarrel, I believe," he persisted, "was about Mr. Armstrong's conduct to you, Miss Gertrude. He had been paying you unwelcome attentions."

And I had never seen the man!

When she nodded a "yes" I saw the tremendous possibilities involved. If this detective could prove that Gertrude feared and disliked the murdered man, and that Mr. Armstrong had been annoying and possibly pursuing her with hateful attentions, all that, added to Gertrude's confession of her presence in the billiard room at the time of the crime, looked strange, to say the least. The prominence of the family assured a strenuous effort to find the murderer, and if we had nothing worse to look forward to, we were sure of a distasteful publicity.

Mr. Jamieson shut his note-book with a snap and thanked us.

"I have an idea," he said, apropos of nothing at all, "that at any rate the ghost is laid here. Whatever the rappings have been—and the colored man says they began when the family went west three months ago—they are likely to stop now."

Which shows how much he knew about it. The ghost was not laid; with the murder of Arnold Armstrong he, or it, only seemed to take on fresh vigor.

Mr. Jamieson left then, and when Gertrude had gone upstairs, as she did at once, I sat and thought over what I had just heard. Her engagement, once so engrossing a matter, paled now beside the significance of her story. If Halsey and Jack Bailey had left before the crime, how came Halsey's revolver in the tulip bed? What was the mysterious cause of their sudden flight? What had Gertrude left in the billiard room? What was the significance of the cuff-link and where was it?

CHAPTER VI.

In the East Corridor.

When the detective left he enjoined absolute secrecy on everybody in the household. The Greenwood club promised the same thing, and as there are no Sunday afternoon papers, the murder was not publicly known until Monday. The coroner himself notified the Armstrong family lawyer, and early in the afternoon he came out. I had not seen Mr. Jamieson since morning, but I knew he had been interrogating the servants. Gertrude was locked in her room with a headache, and I had luncheon alone.

Mr. Harton, the lawyer, was a little, thin man, and he looked as if he did not relish his business that day.

"This is very unfortunate, Miss Innes," he said, after we had shaken hands. "Most unfortunate—and mysterious. With the father and mother in the west, I find everything devolves on me; and, as you can understand, it is an unpleasant duty."

"No doubt," I said absently. "Mr. Harton, I am going to ask you some questions, and I hope you will answer them. I feel that I am entitled to some knowledge, because I and my family are just now in a most ambiguous position."

I don't know whether he understood me or not; he took off his glasses and wiped them.

"I shall be very happy," he said with old-fashioned courtesy.

"Thank you. Mr. Harton, did Mr. Arnold Armstrong know that Sunnyside had been rented?"

"I think—yes, he did. In fact, I myself told him about it."

"And he knew who the tenants were?"

"Yes."

"He had not been living with the family for some years, I believe?"

"No. Unfortunately, there had been trouble between Arnold and his father. For two years he had lived in town."

"Then it would be unlikely that he came here last night to get possession of anything belonging to him?"

"I should think it hardly possible," he admitted. "To be perfectly frank, Miss Innes, I can not think of any reason whatever for his coming here as he did. He had been staying at the club house across the valley for the last week, Jarvis tells me, but that only explains how he came here, not why. It is a most unfortunate family."

He shook his head despondently, and I felt that this dried-up little man was the repository of much that he had not told me. I gave up trying to elicit any information from him, and we went together to view the body before it was taken to the city. It had been lifted on to the billiard-table and a sheet thrown over it; otherwise nothing had been touched. A soft hat lay beside it, and the collar of the dinner-coat was still turned up. The handsome, dissipated face of Arnold Armstrong, purged of its ugly lines, was now only pathetic. As we went in Mrs. Watson appeared at the card-room door.

"The Quarrel, I Believe."

"Come in, Mrs. Watson," the lawyer said. But she shook her head and withdrew; she was the only one in the house who seemed to regret the dead man, and even she seemed rather shocked than sorry.

Before Mr. Harton left, he told me something of the Armstrong family. Paul Armstrong, the father, had been married twice. Arnold was a son by the first marriage. The second Mrs. Armstrong had been a widow, with a child, a little girl. This child, now perhaps 20, was Louise Armstrong, having taken her stepfather's name, and was at present in California with the family.

"They will probably return at once," he concluded, "and part of my errand here to-day is to see if you will relinquish your lease here in their favor."

"We would better wait and see if they wish to come," I said. "It seems unlikely, and my town house is being remodeled." At that he let the matter drop, but it came up unpleasantly enough, later.

At six o'clock the body was taken away, and at seven-thirty, after an early dinner, Mr. Harton went. Gertrude had not come down, and there was no news of Halsey. Mr. Jamieson had taken a lodging in the village, and I had not seen him since mid-afternoon. It was about nine o'clock, I think, when the bell rang and he was ushered into the living room.

"Sit down," I said grimly. "Have you found a clew that will incriminate me, Mr. Jamieson?"

He had the grace to look uncomfortable. "No," he said. "If you had killed Mr. Armstrong, you would have left no clew. You would have had too much intelligence."

After that we got along better. He was fishing in his pocket, and after a minute he brought out two scraps of paper. "I have been to the club-house," he said, "and among Mr. Armstrong's effects, I found these. One is curious; the other is puzzling."

The first was a sheet of club note-paper on which was written, over and over, the name "Halsey B. Innes." It was Halsey's flowing signature to a dot, but it lacked Halsey's ease. The ones toward the bottom of the sheet were much better than the top ones. Mr. Jamieson smiled at my face.

"His old tricks," he said. "This one, as I said before, is puzzling."

The second scrap, folded and refolded into a compass so tiny that the writing had been partly obliterated, was part of a letter—the lower half of a sheet, not typed, but written in a cramped hand.

——by altering the plans for—— rooms, may be possible. The best way, in my opinion, would be to——the plan for——in one of the——rooms——chimney.

That was all.

"Well?" I said, looking up. "There is nothing in that, is there? A man ought to be able to change the plan of his house without becoming an object of suspicion."

"There is little in the paper itself," he admitted; "but why should Arnold Armstrong carry that around, unless it meant something? He never built a house, you may be sure of that. If it is this house, it may mean anything from a secret room—"

"To an extra bathroom," I said scornfully. "Haven't you a thumb-print, too?"

"I have," he said with a smile, "and the print of a foot in a tulip bed, and a number of other things. The oddest part is, Miss Innes, that the thumb-mark is probably yours and the footprint certainly."

His audacity was the only thing that saved me; his amused smile put me on my mettle, and I ripped out a perfectly good scallop before I answered.

"Why did I step into the tulip bed?" I asked with interest.

"You picked up something," he said good-humoredly, "which you are going to tell me about later."

"Am I, indeed?" I was politely curious. "With this remarkable insight of yours, I wish you would tell me where I shall find my four-thousand-dollar motorcar."

"I was just coming to that," he said. "You will find it about 30 miles away, at Andrews Station, in a blacksmith shop, where it is being repaired."

I laid down my knitting then and looked at him.

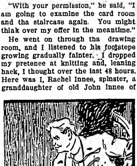
"And Halsey?" I managed to say.

"We are going to exchange information," he said. "I am going to tell you that, when you tell me what you picked up in the tulip bed."

We looked steadily at each other; it was not an unfriendly stare; we were only measuring weapons. Then he smiled a little and got up.

"With your permission," he said, "I am going to examine the card room and the staircase again. You might think over my offer in the meantime."

He went on through the drawing room, and I listened to his footsteps growing gradually fainter. I dropped my pretence at knitting and, leaning back, I thought over the last 48 hours. Here was I, Rachel Innes, spinster, a granddaughter of old John Innes of revolutionary days, a D. A. R., a Colonial Dame, mixed up with a vulgar and revolting crime, and even attempting to hoodwink the law! Certainly I had left the straight and narrow way.



Bolted Down Stairs, Three at a Time.

I was roused by hearing Mr. Jamieson coming rapidly back through the drawing room. He stopped at the door.

"Miss Innes," he said quickly, "will you come with me and light the east corridor? I have fastened somebody in the small room at the head of the card room stairs."

I jumped up at once.

"You mean—the murderer?" I gasped.

"Possibly," he said quietly, as we hurried together up the stairs. "Some one was lurking on the staircase when I went back. I spoke; instead of an answer, whoever it was turned and ran up. I followed—it was dark—but as I turned the corner at the top a figure darted through this door and closed it. The bolt was on my side, and I pushed it forward. It is a closet, I think." We were in the upper hall now. "If you will show me the electric switch, Miss Innes, you would better wait in your own room."

Trembling as I was, I was determined to see that door opened. I hardly knew what I feared, but so many terrible and inexplicable things had happened that suspense was worse than certainty.

"I am perfectly cool," I said, "and I am going to remain here."

The lights flashed up along that end of the corridor, throwing the doors into relief. At the intersection of the small hallway with the larger, the circular staircase wound its way up, as if it had been an afterthought of the architect. And just around the corner, in the small corridor, was the door Mr. Jamieson had indicated. I was still unfamiliar with the house, and I did not remember the door. My heart was thumping wildly in my ears, but I nodded to him to go ahead. I was perhaps eight or ten feet away—and then he threw the bolt back.

"Come out," he said quietly. There was no response. "Come—out," he repeated. Then—I think he had a revolver, but I am not sure—he stepped aside and threw the door open.

From where I stood I could not see beyond the door, but I saw Mr. Jamieson's face change and heard him mutter something, then he bolted down the stairs, three at a time. When my knees had stopped shaking, I moved forward, slowly, nervously, until I had a partial view of what was beyond the door. It seemed at first to be a closet, empty. Then I went close and examined it, to stop with a shudder. Where the floor should have been was black void and darkness, from which came the indescribable damp smell of the cellars.

Mr. Jamieson had locked somebody in the clothes chute. As I leaned over I fancied I heard a groan—or was it the wind?

CHAPTER VII.

A Sprained Ankle.

I was panic-stricken. As I ran along the corridor I was confident that the mysterious intruder and probable murderer had been found, and that he lay dead or dying at the foot of the chute. I got down the staircase somehow, and through the kitchen to the basement stairs. Mr. Jamieson had been before me, and the door stood open. Liddy was standing in the middle of the kitchen holding a frying pan by the handle as a weapon.

"Don't go down there," she yelled, when she saw me moving toward the basement stairs. "Don't you do it, Miss Rachel. That Jamieson's down there now. There's only trouble comes of hunting ghosts; they lead you into bottomless pits and things like that. Oh, Miss Rachel, don't—" as I tried to get past her.

She was interrupted by Mr. Jamieson's reappearance. He ran up the stairs two at a time, and his face was flushed and furious.

"The whole place is locked," he said angrily. "Where's the laundry key kept?"

"It's kept in the door," Liddy snapped. "That whole end of the cellar is kept locked, so nobody can get at the clothes, and then the key's left in the door, so that unless a thief was as blind as—as some detectives, he could walk right in."

"Liddy," I said sharply, "come down with us and turn on all the lights."

She offered her resignation, as usual, on the spot, but I took her by the arm, and she came along finally. She switched on all the lights and pointed to a door just ahead.

"That's the door," she said sulkily. "The key's in it."

But the key was not in it. Mr. Jamieson shook it, but it was a heavy door, well locked. And then he stooped and began punching around the keyhole with the end of a lead pencil. When he stood up his face was exultant.

"It's locked on the inside," he said in a low tone. "There is somebody in there."

"Lord have mercy!" gasped Liddy, and turned to run.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Women in Postal Service

The distinction of first appointing a woman postmaster does not belong to America, nor is the employment of women in the postal service a new idea. As early as 1548 a woman postmaster was appointed to look after the mails of Braine le Comte, an important town of France. In the trying times of the Thirty Years' War the principal office in the postal service of Europe was held by a woman, Alexandrine de Rue. From 1628 to 1646 she was in charge of the mails of the German empire, the Netherlands, Burgundy and Lorraine. She was known as a master general of the mails. In America, Elizabeth Harvey was the first to hold a place in the postal department. She had charge of the letters in Portsmouth, N. H., in the beginning of the seventeenth century. A half century afterward Lydia Hill was placed in charge of the post office in Salem, Mass.

Where It Goes.

"That man made an immense fortune out of a simple little invention."

"Indeed! What did he invent?"

"Invent? Nothing, you dub! He was the promoter."

Trouble.

If people were as resolute in reducing their wants as they are in increasing their demands, the world's worst troubles would quickly disappear.

Docile Cheese.

Andrew Carnegie, while eating with appetite and courage last month the dishes cooked by the young girls of the Margaret Morrison school in Pittsburg, said:

"I have no fear before these experimental dishes. He who has eaten in France learns to eat boldly.

"Think of the French cheeses alone!

"Why, one afternoon in a restaurant in the Boulevard des Italiens, I heard a guest shout angrily:

"'Waiter, look here, this cheese is walking all over the table!'

"'Ah, have no fear, monsieur. It won't escape,' the waiter replied. 'If it goes too far, just call "Jules, Jules!" It always answers to its name.'"

Willing to Help.

"If we didn't have the children," she bitterly declared, "I'd get a divorce from you."

"I'll write and see if I can't get my folks to take them."

Something Lacking.

"Disappointed in Venice, with its romantic lagoons and canals?"

"Well, there wasn't any place to shoot the chutes."

Crude, But Comforting.

"You are having a lot of fun with that kite of yours," said the neighbor.

"Yes," replied Ben Franklin, "there's a great deal of satisfaction in getting a little long distance electricity without being told that the line's busy."

Rejected by Hobo.

Weary—It's a poor rule that doesn't work both ways.

Willie—G'wan! It's a poor rule to work at all.

Nothing makes us richer that does not make us more thankful.

Big Assets

Four hundred thousand people take a CASCARET every night —and *rise* up in the morning and call them blessed. If you don't belong to this great crowd of CASCARET takers you are missing the greatest asset of your life. 918

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed - Alx. Senna - Rochelle Salts - Anise Seed - Peppermint - Bi Carbonate Soda - Worm Seed - Clarified Sugar - Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Cook in Comfort

You no longer need wear yourself out with the weakening heat of an intensely hot kitchen. You can cook in comfort.

Here is a stove that gives **no outside heat.** All its heat is concentrated at the burners. An intense blue flame (hotter than either white or red) is thrown upwards but not around. All the heat is utilized in cooking — none in outside heating.

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

entirely removes the discomfort of cooking. Apply a match and immediately the stove is ready. Instantly an intense heat is projected upwards against the pot, pan, kettle or boiler, and yet there is **no surrounding heat—no smell—no smoke.**

Why? Because The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is scientifically and practically perfect. You cannot use too much wick—it is automatically controlled. You get the maximum heat—no smoke. The burner is simple. One wipe with a cloth cleans it—consequently there is no smell.

The New Perfection Oil Cook-Stove is wonderful for year-round use, but especially in summer. Its heat operates upward to pan, pot, or kettle, but not beyond or around. It is useless for heating a room.

It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove ornamental and attractive. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Colorado Lands Richer Than Gold Mines

There are bigger profits in eastern Colorado in proportion to the cost of land than almost anywhere else. Colorado's agricultural products are more than double the value of its mines.

Irrigation is unnecessary. By deep plowing and continual shallow cultivation the soil never dries out during the growing season, making big crops and surprising profits on $5.00 to $20.00 land.

What Some Men Have Done:

One man raised enough potatoes on 12 acres to buy 160 acres. Another man makes affidavit that he has not lost a crop in fifteen years.

Without irrigation one man's 800 cherry trees brought him $900. Five hundred plum trees produced $225. One hundred apple trees gave 300 bushels, $150; 1,400 currant bushes, three years old, yielded $225.

Hogs raised on alfalfa, fattened on corn (also raised on the same farm), cost $4 per head (including first cost of parent stock) and sell at top prices.

It's a great dairy and poultry country where dairy cows thrive on natural grasses.

The climate of eastern Colorado is the healthiest in the world. It makes healthy families and prolific crops. Good churches, good schools and splendid markets close at hand.

Combine business with pleasure. Enjoy an inexpensive vacation among the Colorado Rockies and all these wonderful lands along the Rock Island Lines on the way. Now is the time to go. See for yourself what a delightful section it is.

Low fare excursions to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo every day with long return limits

L. M. ALLEN, Passenger Traffic Manager
236 La Salle Station, Chicago

Rock Island

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas and Coffees in our Grocery Department	ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!!

PHONE 7. MAIN STREET

The Local Field

Read Fournet's ad.

Band concert Friday evening.

Read the First State Bank's new ad.

Editor Converse of St Hilaire was in town Wednesday.

Conrad Lajambe of Bemidji has been in town this week.

Miss Mamie Tschann of Northfield is a guest at the Kans home.

S. M. Sivertson made a business trip to Crookston last evening.

Miss Heartrater of Grand Forks is visiting with friends in town.

Rudolph Holmann made a business trip to Crookston Tuesday evening.

Gustav Stoppe of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters in the county capital Monday.

N. A. Bray, formerly of this city, was last week elected a member of the municipal council at Gleichen, Manitoba, where he now resides.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire was in town yesterday attending to business matters in connection with county ditch work.

The Red Lake Falls concert band will go to Fertile Monday to furnish music for the Fourth of July celebration. The Fertile people may expect to enjoy some good music.

Mrs. F. L. Farley has returned from an extended visit in southern Minnesota. She spent several weeks with relatives in Stewartville, Waseca and other southern Minnesota cities.

Miss Eugenia Perrault, who has been away the past few weeks visiting friends and relatives in Valley City, Fargo and other points in North Dakota returned to her home in this city Saturday.

W. H. Conklin of Hoquiam, Wash., a former resident of Red Lake Falls, visited with friends here this week. Mr. Conklin had been in Michigan to take the remains of his father who recently died.

To get the best out of life is a problem. Learn how by sending to Mankato Commercial College for their free Year Book. Worth a fortune to you, so send today.

A lot of Terrebonne people were in town Sunday afternoon for the ball games.

Dr. F. F. Fletcher, the dentist, will be at Dr. Wilkinson's office July 5 and 6. j30

T. A. Monrak of Plummer was attending to business matters in town Monday.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet of Thief River Falls was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

For Rent 5 room house with 5 acre lot. Good well and barn, sheds etc. James Hance, at elevator.

Dr. Spafford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, June 5.

T. J. Skaar of Mavie was attending to business matters in town today.

Sever Matrea of Garnes was attending to business matters in town today.

100 bushels of potatoes for sale cheap, for stock feeding.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

The family of Chas. N. Bourdon are at the cottage at Maple Lake for the season.

A few ladie's Wash suits left, your choice at about half price.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

Geo. F. Henning left last evening on a business trip to Deer River and Grand Rapids.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton returned Wednesday from a business trip to the cities.

Decorate your horse and buggy for the 4th and buy your decorations at The Sunshine.

For Sale—Two fresh milch cows. Call on E. E. Baker, 5 miles northeast of town. 2w

The members of the city council met several days this week as a board of equalization.

For Sale Good 2d hand mower cheap for cash, or I will trade in for hay.—Frank E. Hunt.

The Misses Linnihan, who have been teaching at Gilbert, are at home for the summer vacation.

99 in the shade--

Keep Cool

By using our Refrigerators, and Porch and Lawn Swings.

Fournet Furniture Store

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

There will he eervices at the Presbyterian church at the usuel hours Sunday morning and evening.

Miss Cora Paul roturned the first of the week from Big Falls where she had heen visiting with relatives.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Havo an extra supply of lard on hand so am selling the host home rendered lard at 15 conts a pound while it lasts.—A. G. Groshong.

The Misses LaFreniore, who havo been teaching near Grand Rapids, are at home for the summer vacation.

The family of Frank E. Hunt and Mrs. J. E. Argue have gone to Maple Lake to spend the summer at the cottage.

Miss Elln Corcoran, formerly a teacher in the public schools of this city, is spending the week at the Kans home.

Miss Ada Footo, who was the guest of Mrs. Geo. F. Henning, returned to her home at East Grand Forks Tuesday.

Wo aro offering special Bargains in Suits. Get a new suit for the 4th. Wo can still give you a good selection.—Tho Big Store.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Duffy and children of Vail, Arizona, are her for n visit at the homo of Mr. Duffy's brother, Mayor J. A. Duffy.

N. A. Nelson of St. Hilairn is handling the State Prison machinery so if you need a Mower or Binder it will pay you to give him e call. j7

Ladies all wool Tan Korsey cloth, 54 in. long coats for $8.75. A manufacturer sent us e fow to sell, elegant fitting, great hargain.—Tho Big Store.

Havo for service at my place in Kretzschmar's Add. n fino blooded short horn bull, of milking strain. Fees one dollar to he paid at time of service. Knute Flnge. 2w

The stato game and fish commission car went through on the Great Northern Tuesday. Three cans of fish fry were unloaded here and dumped into tho Clearwater river.

Buy your flags, firecrackers, torpedoes, pistols, caps, fireworks and Fourth of July goods at The Sunshine. We sell the Pan-American hrand of 4th of July goods, the best made.

A. C. Mathewson of the State University, who is to he one of the instructors in tho summer school at Thief River Falls, was the guest of Supt. H. F. Andorson the first of tho week.

Mrs. John Manley is very seriously ill. Last Monday evening she was taken to Grand Forks where sho will receive surgical treatment at a hospital. She was accompanied by Mrs. A. L. Brunelle.

The stockholders of the Merchants State Bank of this city at a meeting hold recently elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: A. P. Toupin, President; Theo. LaBissoniero and Samuel Gibean, Vico Presidents; J. A. Duffy, Cashier; P. F. Pouliot, Asst. Cashier and W. S. Ericson, Teller.

A. L. LaFreniere, editor and publishor of tho Grand Rapids Independent, is speading the week in this city with his mother. Editor LaFreniere has fovored the Gazette with a number of agreeahle visits to indulge in shop talk. Mr. LaFreniero is o former Red Lake Falle boy, having left here ohoul eight year ago, and has made good in newspapor work.

For Sale—Betsy Ross cottage, Maple Lake, 5 rooms, 50 ft. lot, boat house, wood ehed, screen porch. Wrlte or phone Georgo B. Winship Grand Forke, N. D. 2w

The Treasurers of Fraternal ond Religlous Socletles are Invited to consult with the officers of the Merchuet State Bank regariug the safe Investment of thelr trnet funds. Every facility for investigntion will ho furnishek to you.

Mrs. Sanderson, mother of Mre. S. M. Sivertson, left Tuosday evening for Graceville, Minn., where she will spend the summer with here daughter, Mrs. Pioreo. She was accompanied as far as Fargo hy Mrs. Sivortson.

Mrs. A. H. Cowles and children and Mrs. Cowles' sister, Mrs. Marion Cook, who had heen her guest for a week, left Monday morning for for Wadena, where they will visit with relatives for n few days. They will then go Mrs. Cook'e home in Laynl, Wis., where thoy will visit with relatives for seveul weeks.

Here ere a few specials this week, Ladies Union Suits 15c., Rihhou Remnants 5 and 10c., Raeme feet 10c., make your old stockings new, Ladies' colored hose in Tan, Blue, Pink end Brown, in silk Lisle 50c., Mon's Mohair or alapaca coat, 98c., Ladies' oxfords 98., 12 yds. 5c to 8c lace for 30c., 2 lb. pail Maple cream 25c, 1 qt. Jar Dill Pickles 10c.—The Big Store.

L. A. Nolson, Marcus Marshall, Ray Lindquist and Homer F. Mussey have returned from Lake City where they hed heen ia camp with company L of Thiof River Falls. Sheriff Nelson got away from Lake City a few duys hefore the company broke camp and escaped a thirty day guard house sentence oa the plea that it was necessary for him to attend the sheriff's meeting at Duluth. The sheriffs, as a part of the entertainmeat provided for them, were given a bout ride, and Nelson was a central figure on shipboard, and about him many less important personages gathered that they too might be shot hy the camera friends —uutil Nelsoa rushed to the side of the boat and surrendered to the waves that for which they had been clamoring. Then Nelson insisted that he wanted to die; he was determiaed to die. It took most of the sturdy officers of the law oa hoard to keep him under control until the ship headed into port— and Nelson still lives. Next time he's going to servo out the guardhouse sentence.

A one percent grade on a read means a rise of one foot for each hundred feet of distance traveled up the hill. A ten per cent grade means ten feet rise in each hundred feet so traveled. A one percent grade then, means that in traveling up hill one mile an ascent is made of 52.8 feet whilo a ten per cent grade means a rise in altitude of 528 feet in a mile. Accurate tests have shown tho Minnesota Experiment Station that a horse which can pull 11,000 pounds on a lovel road can pull only 81 pounds on a rise of one foot in fifty, and on a riso of one foot in ten he can pull only 250 pounds. These facts show that the greatest load thut can be hauled over a road is tho load which can be taken up tho steepest hill on that road or thrrough the deepest mudhole. It is therefore addvised that all highways traveled by heavily loadep vehicles should be kept within a three or four per cent grado if practicable. To do this may requiro a ehange of location to got aronnd bills, always keepping in mind that the lower the grade the larger the load may be hauled and tho cost of haulage kept at the lowest point.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall June 9, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:—

Julius Keihl, street work	$4.50
Zaiser Bros. team work on street	15.75
Mrs. Wm. Findeisen, 2 wheeled scrapers	74.00
Otto, Zaiser, services as street com'r	18.15
Red Lake Falls Electric Light Co Lighting for May 1910	72.25
John Drier, street work	17.50
Free Press Printing Co., suppiles	10.50
R. H. Bourdon, rig for street committee	1.75
Samuel Giheau, repairing fire engine	32.00
Wm. McAnulty, street work	11.38
Henry Demerais, street work,	28.68
The Robertson Lumber Co., lumber	84.94

On motion unanimously carried the office of Justice of the peace was declared vacant and the council proceeded to elect an officer to fill said vacancy; the result was 5 votes for Samuel Gibeau

Samuel Gibeau was thereupon declared elected Justice of tho Peace.

On motion meeting adjourned,

Simon Paul, President

Approved thle 29th day of June, 1910

J. A. Duffy, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault, City Clerk.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota }
County of Red Lake }SS
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the city council of said city of Red Lake Falls, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 1st day of July, 1910, and terminating on June 30th, 1911, by the following persons, and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to wit:

GEORGE CYR

On the first floor of that certain brick Building situate on Lot 17 of Block 3, in Champagne & How's Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council of the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday, the 21st day of July, 1910, at 8:00 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city, this 29th day of June, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

je30-j7
(Corporate Seal)

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minaesota, Connty of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Bohnmil Hruhy and Others for a Public Ditch in the Connty of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designeted and Numbered as County Ditch No. 49.

Notice is hereby givea, that a petition has been filed ia the office of the county anditor of said conty, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designeted and aumbered hy the couaty auditor of snch county as county ditch No. 49, said ditch is locateed wholly within township one hundred fifty-three (153), ranges thirty-nine and forty.

MAIN DITCH.

A description of the Main Ditch and lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north of the sontheast corner of section fonr (4), township one hnndred fifty-three (153), range thirty-nine (39), thence running due west parallel with, and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections fonr (4) and nine (9), five (5) and eight (8), and sectione eix (6) and seven (7) of aforesaid township and range to a point twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section eix (6), thence extending due west pareilel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sectione one (1) and twelve (12), township ono hundred fifty-three (153), range forty (40), to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of section one (1), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in branch number two (2) of county ditch No. 38.

Description of extension of ditch number 49:

A description of said extension and the lands over and through which it passes ie as follows: Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section eight (8) township one hundred fifty three (153) range thirty nine (39), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eight (8), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section eight (8) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty feet north of the section line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section seven (7) of aforesaid township and range thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of section twelve 12 township one handred fifty-three (153) range forty (40), thence due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line beween sections thirteen (13) ann fourteen (14) to a point (20) twenty feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirteen (13) where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in branch nnmber one (1) of county ditch number 38 as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appeare in the report of said viewers hereinafter mentioned are as followe, towit:

Clara M. Manuel, Philimona A. Friberg, Edward Kelly, August Landa, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fort, Aslak Salverson, Sivert O. Prestegaard Bohumil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, John Chirpa, Ole N. Trontvet, Elling S. Ramsey, (Exec.), Albert Gubrandson, Theodore Jacobson, Omund Bjorgufson, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M. Parnow, Ole O. Gjermnndson, Carl J. Anderson, Knut Strande, Anton Srnsky, Svend Erwick, Mandoza Beaudry Ole T. Bratland, Joseph Vorlicky, James Ramsey, Frank A. Zavoral, John Forst, Knut H. Knutson, Peter Lovely, George Wagner, Mora Linder, Township of Star, Township of High Landing and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed hy the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch hae completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 29th day of July, at the county auditor's office, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. of said duy, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyors and viewors report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by end before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board, at the office of the county auditor of said County, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 28th day of July A. D. 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 28th day of June, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

(County Auditor's Seal.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

The undersigned land owners whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for the expense of the construction of the Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of e ditch along the following described route in the town of Silverton in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility. A general description of the preposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the North East corner of section thirty three (33) in township one hundred fifty four (154) north of range forty-two (42) west, thence running west along the section line between sections twenty eight (28) and thirty three (33) twenty nine (29) and thirty two (32) and hetween sections thirty (30) and thirty one (31) all in said township one hundred fifty four (154) North of Range forty two (42) West, and terminating at the County Ditch No. 33 on the range line between townships one hundred fifty four (154), Range forty two (42), and township one hundred fifty four, (154) range forty-three (43) as its outlet, being County ditch No. 33 in said Red Lake Co.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated June 27th, 1910.

Ole Omundson,
Peter Omundson,
Gustav Omundson,
Oscar Omundson,
Theo. Omundson,
D. P. O'Neill.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

4th of July

FLAGS

ALL SIZES

4x6 foot Flags 75c

TENTS FOR RENT

American Tent & Awning Company

MINNEAPOLIS

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF Red Lake Falls

CAPITAL
$15,000.00

SURPLUS
$3,000.00

SINKING FUND
$15,000.00

DEPOSITS
$250,000.00

Honesty!! Ability!!

All mea and all instilutioae CAN BE HONEST AND TRUTHFUL, but when it comes to a mntler of Ability.
that depeads upon a matter of strength, resources, capital, hraiu capacity, public confideace and other environments aad qualities that make up the SUCCESSFUL BANK.

The integrity of tho Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls has heen timetested thra panics and is UNQUESTIONED.

And now, as to its ABILITY! The business men aad the people of Red Lake Falls geaerally are heginniag to look upoa the Merchants State Benk as a friendly, home institution with the dispositioa aad the ABILITY TO FINANCE EVERY worthy business enterprise.

The directors of the Merchaats State Bank fully realize that ite financial ability depends largely upon the men, women aad children that heve the money to deposit, aad if the citizens of Red Lake Falle and surrounding country want a strong, vigorous banking institution with the ability and disposition to fournish money to "BOOST" all houest business aad worthy public enterprises, they should deposit ALL THEIR FUNDS with the hank even tho they use them the next day. It is the Short ¼ Time deposits that fournish much of our ability, our financial strength.

Being o constaat and regular depositor at the Merchants State Bank also INSURES YOUR financiol growth, ond will lead on to sure success We respectfully invite our patrone to impress this upon the minde of THEIR FRIENDS.

The depositing of the idle moaey NOW ia hiding hy timid people wonld vastly increeee the financial ABILITY of the bonk hesides giving to these timid people intereet oa their money and untold comfort in carrying a hank balance, CONSTANTLY earning them intereel, night ond dey.

No men can do o better eot thaa to odvise his frieade to put their moaey in the Merchents State Benk where it will constantly earn them iaterest.

The wiee will certaiuly make their moaey EARN THEM MONEY by depoeiting with us in tne

Merchants State Bank

A. P. TOUPIN, Pres. THEO. LABISSONIERE, Vice Pres.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

Minnesota Historical Society

[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 41

JOHN LIND'S LETTER TO FRANK DAY

Does Not Mean That John Lind Will Not be the Nominee.

Frank Nye Says it was All a Joke When he Praised Cannon.

[illegible] It is the most in [illegible] of the state. Few [illegible] to conclude [illegible] nomination [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Lind to [illegible] not that really a [illegible] irrevocably [illegible] a candidate for [illegible] that [illegible] Mr. Lind [illegible] the [illegible] not [illegible] hitherto [illegible] other times [illegible] the man who [illegible] responsibility [illegible] to the [illegible] the man is [illegible] the office [illegible]

Mr. Lind's One Reason.

[illegible] reason [illegible] should not [illegible] of the [illegible] he [illegible] which he [illegible] of gov [illegible] lawyer [illegible] would [illegible] of a statute [illegible] the [illegible] constitution of the [illegible] It was [illegible] The men [illegible] from the state for [illegible] a position [illegible] served its purpose [illegible] to the scrap [illegible]

A Legislative Bluff.

[illegible] which resulted in the [illegible] was [illegible] developing for [illegible] which they were paid [illegible] while they were members [illegible] E. W. Randall [illegible] of the board of [illegible] of the agri [illegible] He drew a stipend in [illegible] state agricultural [illegible] His [illegible] had like [illegible] This [illegible] It was not [illegible] to the public interests. [illegible] when [illegible] the form of a legislative [illegible] Mr. Randall took the [illegible] the law was not [illegible] to have any effect and could [illegible]

Platform Writing.

Mr. [illegible] some suggestions [illegible] the state platform [illegible] as much as [illegible] state in July. [illegible] will be [illegible] time-honored Democratic principles. "If our party [illegible] remains loyal to the fundamental principles of Democracy [illegible] of right and opportunity [illegible] policy and accords to [illegible] division of the state the right to adopt such regulations [illegible] the people deem most conducive to their welfare we shall deserve victory and in attaining it I believe that we shall have the cooperation of all our people who stand for progress and social progress." That [illegible] doctrine.

[illegible] Lind even goes so far in [illegible] as to sound what will be [illegible] the keynote of the Democratic campaign. "The dominant element of the Republican party," he says, [illegible] in the recent convention that question of right and wrong [illegible] place in our creed. It is [illegible] however, that so [illegible] have been adopted by the [illegible] the platform has been [illegible] by Mr. Taft and [illegible] by the president of the [illegible]" Mr. Lind does not talk like a man whose interests in political movements was only casual.

About Off-handed Speeches.

Representative Nye of Minneapolis has come to find a pretty kettle of fish stewing. Nobody likes better than Frank to be a good fellow and in Washington his speeches of appreciation of Mr. Cannon's many endearing qualities won him great favor in Stalwart Republican congressional circles and among the boys in the smoking room. But since he came back he finds it different, and he is beginning to pledge. Of his last effort developed just before the close of congress he says: "I didn't mean it; and any one who reads it will see that I didn't mean it. It was an off-handed speech." That reminds me of what Mark Twain said, when complemented on an extempore address. "Oh, yes, he replied. "I make an excellent extempore speech. You see I take great care to prepare it beforehand." Not only is there intervale evidence of this habit in Mr. Nye's address, but any one who will consult the congressional record will see not only that it was carefully prepared, but that it was held back for revision.

A Change of Heart.

Representative Stevens too has discovered since he came back to St. Paul that Mr. Cannon as a candidate for speaker is impossible. It is peculiar how light breaks in on the minds of our representatives as soon as they touch Minnesota soil. In Washington it was different. Not only did Mr. Stevens vote there for Mr. Cannon every chance he got, but he was one of the noble band of patriots who went down to defeat with Uncle Joe in defence of the rules which made him the absolute autocrat of the house.

Steenerson Outspoken.

However perhaps one shouldn't say that about all of them. It seems to be different with Mr. Steenerson about some things at least. While in Minnesota he hesitated about voting for Mr. Cannon, indeed won't do it at all, he still sees in the Payne-Aldrich bill the best ever. "It is," said he, "a much better measure than the one whose place it took. It is a general reduction downward." When Ole gets through plowing I suspect we are likely to hear something more of interest about this tariff which is very much in general a revision downward. Perhaps, however, by the time Mr. Steenerson penetrates the interior as far west as Fergus Falls like Mr. Nye and Mr. Stevens, a doubt may have arisen in his mind on that subject. Why indeed if the tariff is in general a revision downward, and as such is to be commended, did Mr. Steenerson vote against it.

Wanted a Campaign Manager.

I understand that the Republican machine managers are in no end of a funk as to who shall be chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. There are indications that the governor has gone back on Ed. Smith who was half promised the job. It will be remembered that during the convention Ed. was sneaking in his tent and never showed up until the last minute. The trouble appears to be to find some one to do the job who hasn't got a string to him. The present design appears to get some one of whom to make a representative figurehead and then turn over the real work to the governor's executive clerk, Mr. Preus, who has for some time been coaching the governor. Of course he will have counsel from the inner circle but that will be distinctly sub rosa.

Fixing the Courts.

The sentiment appears to becoming more general that the Republicans made their biggest mistake in the convention by their failure to endorse Judge O'Brien and make a stand for a nonpartisan judiciary. There were, of course, reasons why, the management of the Republican party being subject to the influence which controls it, those who manipulated the convention should have left Mr. O'Brien off the state ticket. However, except with regard to the supreme bench the convention got out of the hands of the bosses for the most part and now, looking back, the older leaders think it almost a pity that the only concessons made should have been in favor of the railroads and the steel trust. There is a good deal of anxiety lest it become generally known what was really behind the reconstruction of the supreme bench.

—PAUL PRY.

Sandy's Criticism.

A young Scotchman went to a London school of music, where he learned to play the violoncello fairly well. On his return to his native village he gathered his friends together to hear his new instrument. When he had played one or two tunes, he looked up expectantly. After a slight pause his old grandfather spoke.

"Eh, maun," he said, "it's a mercy there's na smell wi' it!"—Liverpool Mercury.

He Knew.

Lady Customer—I wish to tell you how these shoes of mine are to be made. Shoemaker—Oh, I know that well enough large inside and small outside.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

Pretty Bad.

Wife — Aren't you going to smoke those cigars I gave you? Husband—No; I'm keeping them till Tommy begins to want to smoke. They'll settle it!—Illustrated Bits.

Authoritative.

"So you are going to leave your studio?"

"Leave? No. Who told you so?"

"Your landlord."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

MORE THAN HALF MILLION DOLLARS

Fine Showing is Made by the Local Banking Institutions.

More Than Half Million Dollars is Deposited in the Two Banks.

The two banks of this city, in quarterly statements published in this issue, make a showing that ought to be a source of gratification to everybody in southern Red Lake county.

The amount of money deposited in the two banks aggregates more than a half million dollars. That is an indication that the people of southern Red Lake county are enjoying a large measure of prosperity.

BOB DUNN'S TALK ON GOOD ROADS

Princeton Editor's Address at the Big Meeting at Crookston.

Robert C. Dunn of Princeton discussed in a comprehensive manner at the Northern Minnesota Development Congress two proposed amendments to the state constitution. He took strong ground against the adoption of chapter 509, laws of 1909, referring to reapportionment, and vigorously supported the amendment concerning roads and bridges. On the question of good roads he said, in part:

"If all the money levied for road purposes were intelligently expended there would be a vast improvement in the condition of the highways of the state. In many counties, especially in Southeastern Minnesota, splendid work is being done in bettering the roads. But I think you will hear me out in the assertion that a great deal of money is wasted through lack of knowledge in the science of roadmaking on the part of the local boards and overseers of highways. Of course, you all know that I am a staunch advocate of the enactment and submission of a constitutional amendment which will provide for the levying of a general 1-mill state road tax and I hope you will send no man to the legislature from this section of the state who is not heartily in favor of that proposition. By the time such an amendment can be submitted and adopted the valuation of the state will have increased to at least $1,250,000,000. A 1-mill tax on that amount would produce a revenue of $1,250,000, 60 per cent of which would be paid by the counties of St. Louis, Hennepin and Ramsey; the United States Steel corporation alone would pay one-fifth of the entire amount.

"There are eighty-five counties in the state and each would receive on an average $15,000 a year. That 3 per cent constitutional proviso would of itself guarantee an equitable distribution of the fund. The money would be expended under the supervision of the state highway commission.

> "Presuming that a county would expend a like amount—$15,000—$30,000 ought to construct twenty miles of fairly good permanent roads. In a county containing 1,000 miles of alleged roads, twenty miles seem but a drop in the bucket, but there are many counties at the present time that have not even twenty miles of good roads.

"It is not to be expected that the state can build good roads to every farmer's dooryard. Twenty miles of good roads is a valuable asset in itself, but it would prove far more valuable as an object lesson in roadmaking to the county and township road authorities.

WHAT IS BEING DONE BY OTHER STATES.

"A few days ago the governor of New Hampshire was in Minneapolis and in an interview said that little rock ribbed state—hardly as large as some of our Minnesota counties—would expend this year $1,000,000 in building three trunk line highways across the state. The state of Washington levies a 1-mill state road tax annually and is getting splendid results. The movement for better public highways is nationwide. Shall our own North Star state keep up with the procession or lag behind?

"With reference to the 1-mill tax, all that can be done at the next session of the legislature is to enact an amendment to the constitution and submit the same to the voters at the regular election in 1912. But in the meantime the legislature of 1911 can levy a one-fourth of 1 mill state road tax, and that is five times more than is levied at present. The legislature can also make a liberal direct appropriation to extend the scope and usefulness of the state highway appropriation. The commission has accomplished a great deal with the scant means at its disposal. The annual appropriation for the state highway commission is less than $9,000, I believe. The state expends annually for the protection of its snipe and suckers—for the benefit of the few—$6,000 or thereabouts. We have all sorts of costly boards and bureaus. Our food, drink, baking powders, kerosene oil and boilers are inspected regularly, almost daily, at the expense of the state, but the most important bureau or commission of all, the highway commission, is begrudgingly given a beggarly pittance of less than $9,000.

"This convention ought to recommend an appropriation of at least $50,000 annually for the state highway commission. Instead of one engineer and a deputy who have not the time at their disposal to visit each county in the state once a year, there ought to be twenty-five or thirty competent engineers and road builders constantly in the field from the 1st of April to the 1st of November each year to superintend the work for which the state has appropriated part of the means, also to instruct the township road authorities in the science of road making."

SOW CORN FOR FORAGE

Dean Shepperd of North Dakota Agricultural College Issues a Timely Bulletin.

With the failure of the hay crop this year farmers are being urged to cast about for some means of providing forage for the coming winter season, and in a special press bulletin issued by Dean J. H. Shepperd of the North Dakota Agricultural college, the question is quite thoroughly taken up.

"The hay crop for 1910 is very short," said Dean Shepperd, "and stock men now have before them the question of providing provender for next season. Fortunately a dry season is usually followed by a rainy late season, which gives a chance for the late grown forage crops to make a great growth.

"There is considerable land summer fallowed each year and all such land that has been plowed can now be seeded to corn or millet and produce a good supply of rough feed for carrying the stock through the winter.

"In the season of 1900 I planted corn on a field of ten acres which I had left for fallowing and which I had harrowed some time before, and I received a yield of over four tons of dry fodder to the acre. I used common feed corn, planting it with a drill in rows wide enough apart to be cultivated by a corn harrow, and thick in the row, about a grain of corn in every two or three inches.

"This field was planted on July 7 and because of the work that had been done on the land, it was in splendid condition. There was plenty of moisture following and the result was good and all that could be expected.

"Corn and millet are hot weather plants and will come on rapidly in mid-summer, if they have an ample supply of rain. I believe it is this year's solution of the forage situation."

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.03
Durum	.76
Rye	.58
Oats	.31
Flax	1.86
Barley	.45
Potatoes	.25
Eggs	.15
Butter, dairy	.25

GOOD SEED INSTITUTES.

Lecturers Will Visit as Many Towns as Possible.

Next winter the Farmers' Institutes division of the Minnesota department of agriculture will hold good seed institutes in as many towns in the state as their force of lecturers is able to visit and wherever the business men are willing to co-operate in the work. The object of these institutes is to furnish information and instruction regarding the production and selection of good seed. The Experiment Station, having originated and developed a variety of corn that matures in Northern Minnesota and produces good yields, also valuable varieties of grain, leads to the belief that the knowledge obtained in the developing of these varieties should be given to the farmers throughout the state so that they may be able to breed their own seed and properly select it. The principles involved are as applicable in one part of the state as in another.

The Tax.

I look into my neighbor's eyes
And twist a smile that's strangely grim.
I'm thinking, Would he feel surprise
To know just what I think of him?

MORE FIGURES THAT DON'T FIT

Thief River News Tries to Give Voters Another Bum Steer.

The County Division Dopster is so Awfully Clever.

The fellow who writes the county division dope for the Thief River papers has been doing some investigating. That fellow is a star performer in the Sherlock Holmes business. He finds upon investigation, very careful investigation, that the year after Red Lake county was organized the rate of taxation was lower than it is at the present time.

Wonderful discovery!

In an argument that is as convincing as a high school commencement oration, it is then reasoned that Pennington county ought to be sliced off from Red Lake as Red Lake was sliced off from Polk—because the rate of taxation was low in Red Lake county the first year of its existence.

It is a matter of local history that when Red Lake county was organized rigid economy was practiced: Only such appropriations of public money as were absolutely necessary for present needs were made. But it may not have been practical economy, for bridges must be built, roads constructed and various appropriations or expenses of local government must be made eventually.

The people of Thief River Falls could in case Pennington county is created, refrain from spending Pennington's money for a year or two and in that manner keep the rate of taxes low for a short time, they could do that if they should want to.

But a little later the people of the county would be paying taxes just the same, and some taxes, too.

That brilliant dopster should be rewarded with the appointment to the chair of logic in some second class correspondence school.

It is to laugh.

Horses Horses Horses.

Just arrived with a car load of broken work mares. I will be in Red Lake Falls for a few days only. If you want a good work horse cheap come at once.

Louis Seiff,
Owner.

Notice for Bids on Cement Sidewalk Construction.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of Red Lake Falls will receive bids for the construction of all cement and concrete sidewalks, gutters, crossings, curbstones, sewers and sewer catch basins to be built by the city of Red Lake Falls during the year 1910. Bids to be based on specifications on file in the office of the city clerk. The successful bidder will be required to furnish bond in an amount to be set by the council, conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract and a five year guarantee of his work. All bids to be sealed and filed with the city clerk, to be opened by the city council at the city hall, July 23, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M. But the council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to receive oral bids at such meeting.

Dated July 5, 1910.

Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

j7-14

WORTH CONSIDERING

Suggestions to Prevent Losses of Live Stock by Lightning.

A prominent firm, manufacturers of lightning rods, writes under date of May 27th, 1909, that a perfect lightning arrester on a wire fence is obtained by putting a galvanized wire about six feet long into the ground and into moist earth and below the bottom of a fence post, connecting it with three wires on the fence. The connection can be made with the fence wires by wrapping it once or twice around each of three wires and then extending it into the moist earth.

Another prominent firm writes as follows: Wire fences are not in metallic connection with the earth and cannot well receive and discharge the stored electricity, and animals standing by such fence become the means of connecting the fence to earth, electrically, as posts are poorer conductors than animals, but if a ground wire is put on every fifth post no animals will be killed, as the wire is a better conductor than the animal. To put on this wire you can use a wagon box rod to punch a hole two feet deep, stapling the wire to the post so it touches the fence wires. This wire may stick an inch or two above the post. You can protect a pasture of 160 acres for 75 cents if you throw in one-half day of your time to do it.

THE RED RIVER POWER COMPANY

Representatives of the Company Here This Week to Inspect Plant.

Improvements to be Made but Plans are Still in the Making.

The Red Lake Falls electric plant is now in possession of the new owners. The Red River Power company, recent purchasers from the Red Lake Falls Electric Light company, more recently sold to H. M. Byllesby & Company, a large Chicago concern, as reported in the Gazette two weeks ago. The company also purchased the Grand Forks electric and gas plants and the Louisville property. It is understood that the new owners will conduct the business as the Red River Power company, the name under which the Murphy interests operated.

Thomas Roycraft, the company's manager at Grand Forks, and who is also to have general supervision of the local plant, and B. E. Lynch of H. M. Byllesby & Company were here this week to inspect the company's property.

They told the Gazette that the installation of all day service and extensive improvements are planned, but the plans are still in the making and a definite statement of what the company plans to do cannot be made until the engineers have completed their work.

Bids Wanted.

The board of supervisors of the town of Lake Pleasant will meet on the ground, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. Monday, July 11, to let the contract for the construction of a ditch on the quarter section line between sections 22 and 23. Ditch is to be 3700 feet long. Contract to be let to the lowest bidder. Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, July 1, 1910.

OMER DELORME,
Chairman.

Vexatious.

He lit the fire with gasoline
And got a flame;
But forthwith left in haste the scene,
Or so they claim.

His wife was 'most too far away
To see him go.
And thus she lost her chance to say:
"I told you so."

Farmers and Land Owners

IF You have a farm to sell, list it with us and you'll get a square deal.

IF You are figuring on buying land in other parts, come to us for information and literature.

If you have Rents to be taken care of, leave it to us and we will give it our special attention.

We secure the land seeker to Canada, special railroad rates.

We are also agents for Idaho, Washington an Oregon lands.

We insure crops against Hail and Tornadoes.

Give us a call. *Give us a call.*

Healy Land Co.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE BRIEF BUT INTERESTING

Record of What Is Going on in Congress, in Washington and in the Political Field.

Washington.

Representative George W. Norris of Nebraska announced that he will not be a candidate for the republican nomination for the senate and will be a candidate for renomination for the house.

Richard Parr, the customs deputy at New York, who materially assisted the government in recovering over $2,000,000 in the sugar underweighing frauds, is to be rewarded to the extent of $100,000.

The following Nebraska postmasters have been appointed: Anoka, Boyd county, Martin K. Kirport, vice H. W. Parcken, resigned; St. Michael, Buffalo county, Edith A. Nickel, vice D. M. Hendrickson, removed; Table, Custer county, Oscar A. Oline, vice P. M. Sperry, resigned.

Family and business reasons were given at the state department as the cause of the retirement from the diplomatic service of James Flyan Stutesman, American minister to Bolivia. The report that Mr. Stutesman was stepping out in order to make a place in the service for Fred W. Carpenter, former secretary to the president, is denied.

As a result of information sent to the house by the war department disclosing the alleged fact that Frank W. Carpenter, executive secretary of the Philippine government, and E. L. Worcester, had bought and leased "friar lands" in the Philippines, Representative Martin (dem., Col.) introduced a resolution demanding an investigation and charging malfeasance in office.

Coal rates from the Colorado fields to towns along the Northwestern railroad between Chadron and Stuart in Nebraska were reduced 25 cents a ton, by the interstate commerce commission. The rates to Deadwood, Lead and Rapid City were reduced 75 cents per ton by the same order, which was the decision of the commission on a complaint filed by the Colorado fuel traffic association.

General.

Congress expects to be able to adjourn by June 25 at the latest.

In accordance with the wish of the late King Edward, the duke of Connaught will succeed Earl Grey as the governor general of Canada, probably next spring.

Federal Judge Campbell has set the trial of the Muskogee town lot cases, in which Governor Charles N. Haskell is one of the defendants for September 26.

Treasury officials express the opinion that the alleged sugar drawback frauds, at New York, if they amount to anything of consequence, may reach as high as $1,000,000.

Senator Lodge introduced a bill permitting Associate Justice Moody of the supreme court of the United States to retire from office with full pay notwithstanding he has not served ten years, nor is he seventy years old, as required by existing law. Mr. Moody's health is given as the reason for the proposed act.

The feature of the Edinburg missionary conference was a letter from a Catholic bishop commending the work.

A five-acre farm will be dropped from the sky when the aeroplane flight across from St. Louis to Kansas City is held in July. The Missouri state board of immigration announced that before the aeroplanists leave St. Louis, they will be provided with cards, one of which will entitle the finder to five acres of Missouri land.

At Oklahoma City before a vast audience at State Fair park, Governor Haskell stated his position on the summary removal of the capital, and again held that the enacting law is not binding in Oklahoma.

The government schooner Van Hendt has been wrecked on the northeast coast of Curacao. The captain, crew and passengers with the exception of four sailors and one passenger, were drowned.

Fire destroyed the Hassell Block foundry in Chicago, causing a loss of $300,000. The plant was a two-story brick concrete structure and covered an entire city block.

More government witnesses were heard in the bleached flour case in the federal court at Kansas City in support of the charge that the process of bleaching flour adulterates it and impairs its food value.

With a record of 150 bills, carrying $500,000 altogether, favorably reported, and 200 carrying $2,000,000 adversely reported, the house committee on claims has closed its work for the session.

A cross-country aeroplane flight from St. Louis to Kansas City will be held July 18 for a prize of at least $10,000 and probably more.

The Jeffries-Johnson prize fight will be staged in Nevada.

The house adopted a rule which will prevent smothering of legislation in committee.

For an hour and a half customs inspectors searched the baggage of the Roosevelt party at the Hamburg-American dock in Hoboken, opening everything and permitting nothing to escape their inspection. Elephant guns, books on every imaginable subject, a bongo head and skin, the process of wild animals, etc., were gone over and appraised.

Johnson and Jeffries managers say the fight will be pulled off in Nevada if not allowed to do so in California.

A bill has been introduced in the Russian duma to abolish the Jewish pale. It has the support of 160 members.

In a speech in the house Representative Ransdell advised immigration to the southern states.

John Pierce, one of the big real estate operators in Sioux City in the boom days, died at Oakland, Cal.

Beverly, Mass., is making ready for the summer sojourn of President Taft and his family.

Representative Martin demanded an investigation of friar land leases in the Philippines.

President Taft formally received at the white house the new Turkish ambassador Youssoufzia.

The first cloudburst in many years caused hundreds of thousands of dollars' damage in Berlin.

A large delegation from the trade organizations of the Pacific coast will visit China this summer.

Charles K. Hamilton made the trip from New York to Philadelphia and return in an aeroplane.

Outfielder Jack Dalton of the Des Moines club has been sold to the Brooklyn National league club.

President Taft expounded the doctrine of a square deal to a delegation of shippers at the white house.

Governor Haskell recognizes Oklahoma City as the new state capital and has established an office there.

Ex-President Roosevelt will rest for two months at Oyster Bay, meantime not saying a word about politics.

The greatest demonstration that New York ever witnessed was that pulled off on the arrival of Roosevelt.

Forest fires have swept over a section twenty-five miles in length in the Ojo and Manscanal mountains of Mexico.

The senate has confirmed the appointment of John Rustgard to succeed John J. Boyse as United States attorney in Alaska.

A bill allowing homesteaders to leave their claims until water is available was passed by the house. The privilege is confined to bona fide entrymen.

Cannibals who ornament their huts with the skulls of their victims are causing much trouble in the French Congo, according to Captain Prakos, who has just arrived from Africa.

The police are keeping a sharp lookout for Porter Charlton, husband of the American woman who was murdered and her body thrown into Lake Como at Como, Italy. They believe he is hiding in Switzerland.

Former Congressman Henry Parsons, aged sixty-six, died suddenly in Georgia while sitting in a chair at his home. His wife, while occupying the same chair, expired in a similar manner a short time ago.

The house has adopted the senate statehood bill, rather than let it go back to conference, where it was feared the senate conference would kill it. It provides that congress and the president must approve the constitutions of the new states.

The house committee on public buildings and grounds decided on an omnibus bill carrying approximately $20,000,000. The bill is smaller than usual on account of the so-called retrenchment program. It probably will be put through during the closing days of the session.

Carrying a [illegible] supply of trinkets and gumdrops for the Iglo dwellers of the frozen north the steamship Beothic, chartered by Harry Whitney of New Haven, Conn., and Paul J. Rainey of Cleveland, O., for a hunting expedition in the Arctic, sailed from South Boston.

A special from Williamsburg, Ky., says Rev. Robert Vaniver and Rev. Isaac Perry, mountain preachers, who had been holding revival meetings, fought a duel with knives in the County Baptist church. Vanover was cut from ear to ear. He died in a short time.

By a vote of 50 to 11, the senate passed the revised railroad bill after desultory and featureless debate. All republican senators voted for the bill.

In the course of a speech in the senate, Senator Hayburn spoke of Ex-Forester Pinchot as an "apostle of fallacy, theory and ignorance."

A cross country aeroplane flight from St. Louis to Kansas City will be held July 18 for a prize of at least $10,000 and probably more.

Not since President Roosevelt's famous defence message of the winter of 1908 has the country had a political address so straight from the shoulder as Pinchot's at St. Paul.

With $30,000,000 provided for the completion of irrigation projects, and various other amendments, the bonds bill authorizing the withdrawal of public lands by the president passed the senate.

Attorney General Wickersham has rendered a decision in which he holds that Richard Parr is entitled to recover from the government the amount of his claim for information given against the so-called sugar trust.

Personal.

Col. Roosevelt on his way home was swamped with wireless messages.

Two of the graduating West Point cadets were married the following day.

President Taft is hopeful that congress will get through before June is gone.

Johnson and Jeffries may have to [illegible] their much advertised fight.

Webster Grim was nominated for congress by the democrats in Pennsylvania.

Tex Rickard contemplates starting a civil action against Governor Gillette and Attorney General Webb because of interference with prize fight.

John Austin Stevens, 83 years old, well known New York merchant of a generation ago, died at Newport, R.I.

Party loyalty was the keynote in the Wisconsin convention speeches.

Secretary of State Knox was commencement orator at the University of Pennsylvania exercises.

Governor Gillette of California has ordered the attorney general to stop the Jeffries-Johnson prize fight.

President Taft and family will soon go to their summer home at Beverly, Mass.

G. A. R. STATE CAMP

WORLD MOVEMENT FOR DISARMAMENT HOLDS ATTENTION OF MEN WHO TASTED WAR.

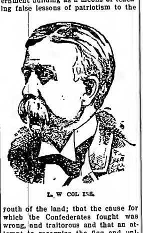
L. W. COLLINS OPENS MEETING

Ovation Is Accorded Prof. Maria Sanford When She Sounds the Call—Hundreds of Defenders of the Union Meet.

Minneapolis, Minn. — Resolutions introducing the Minnesota delegates to the National encampment of the G. A. R., to urge legislation prohibiting the placing statues or paintings of Robert E. Lee or any member of the Confederacy in any buildings or grounds owned or controlled by the federal government were introduced at the forty-fourth annual encampment, department of Minnesota G. A. R. Canfield post No. 8 brought these resolutions before the encampment.

Hardly had they been read before a dozen delegates were on their feet demanding to be heard. State Commander Collins abruptly cut off all argument for the time by referring them to the committee on resolutions.

The resolution characterized the attempt to place Lee's statue in a government building as a means of teaching false lessons of patriotism to the youth of the land; that the cause for which the Confederates fought was wrong, and traitorous and that an attempt to recognize the flag and uniform of the Confederacy in this manner was an insult to the flag and patriotic Americans.



L. W. COLLINS.

The delegates to the national convention were instructed by resolution to favor changing of the name, "United States avenue," at Gettysburg to "Hunt avenue," in recognition of the commander of the artillery at that battle.

Stand to Salute Flag.

Three raps from the gavel of State Commander Loren W. Collins brought the delegates scurrying into their seats. Prayer was said, and then Color Bearer W. H. Deline marched from the entrance to the platform, flag staff in holster, and flag drooping. As he reached the steps leading to the platform, every one present stood, brought his hand to salute, and remained in that position until the colors were placed on the platform.

Commander Collins then made a brief opening address, and was followed by other officers, who read reports. Comrade Levi Longfellow made an address to the flag; Miss Zadie McDonald gave a short recitation, and Miss Helen McDonald sang "The Star Spangled Banner."

Immediately after the convention was called to order at 2 p. m., Prof. Maria Sanford, who delivered an address advocating universal peace on Memorial day, took the platform.

"The proposition I make is that the Grand Army of the Republic ask the Confederate veterans to unite with them and commission Theodore Roosevelt to act as their agent in devising a plan for disarmament and obtaining for it the approval and acceptance of the nations," she said.

"General Sherman said 'War is hell,' and I know he was right," said Benjamin Franklin Curtis, commander of Chase Post No. 22.

Talking not of the victories of war, but of a still greater victory of peace; not of the splendid battalions that marched under Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan, but of plans for universal disarmament, more than 500 veterans of the Department of Minnesota G. A. R. met in their forty-fourth annual encampment at the Princess theater, Fourth street, near Central avenue at 10 a. m. today. The morning was devoted to the registration of delegates, the salute of the flag, and routine reports from the state officers. At the afternoon session Prof. Maria Sanford made the principal address, urging the veterans to carry the universal peace propaganda to a successful conclusion.

Loving Cup for Carpenter.

Washington, D. C. — Frederick W. Carpenter, until recently secretary to President Taft and now United States Minister to Morocco, has returned from a visit to his home in Minnesota. He will spend a couple of weeks here conferring with the state department regarding his duties and in closing up his private affairs. He will sail from New York July 5 for Tangier. When Mr. Carpenter visited the White house he was surrounded by the clerks and messengers who presented to him a silver loving cup.

BAD FIRE IN PARK RAPIDS.

Firms Lose Heavily In $19,000 Blaze—Whole Town Threatened.

Park Rapids. — The entire city was threatened by a devastating fire that caused a loss around $19,000 and was extinguished only by the most heroic efforts on the part of the fire fighters.

The blaze originated in the rear of the Park Rapids Drug company's store, and many business places fell prey to the flames.

NEW HOSPITAL DELAYED.

Ruling Causes Cancelation of Contract For Inebriate Institution.

St. Paul. — The new state inebriate hospital provided for by the legislature of 1907, for which a contract was let, will not be erected until the next legislature corrects the law which is declared faulty by Attorney General George T. Simpson. As a result of his ruling the state board of control canceled the contract made with John Lauritzen, of Fergus Falls, for the erection of the building at a cost of $180,000.

The hospital is to be at Willmar and will be supported by a 2 per cent tax on all saloon licenses. This brings in about $16,000 annually. There is, with the appropriation and income, $98,000 in the fund at present.

Lauritzen's attorney conferred with the attorney general concerning the contract. The attorney general says the law does not give the board of control the direct power to erect the building. Further he says the board cannot let the contract until the money is in hand. The board had decided to erect the building and make payments as the money came in.

The ruling does not do away with the institution, but stops proceedings for the present. The board of control and the attorney general will ask the next legislature to correct the law and give the board the power to build and anticipate the payments from the licenses.

NO FREE SHOWS FOR OFFICERS.

Mayor Brown, of Fergus Falls, Leads Off In Another Reform.

Fergus Falls.—Fergus Falls has always been considered a highly progressive city, and when it comes to reform measures, can always be counted upon to head the procession. The state anti-pass law does not prevent city officials from accepting circus tickets and passes of this character, the matter being called to public attention here through a letter written by Mayor D. M. Brown to the members of the council.

At the next regular meeting of the city council an ordinance will be passed making it unlawful for the agent of any circus, menagerie, side show, wild west show, Indian congress, theater, baseball game, picture show, nickelodeon, merry-go-round, hurdy-gurdy, slot machine, ring-the-cane, hit-the-nigger's-head, or any other exhibition or game whatsoever, to give, directly or indirectly, to any mayor, acting mayor, alderman or city official of any kind, whether elective or appointive, any free pass or ticket of admission.

BRAVES IN PEACE JUBILEE.

Chippewas In Paint and Feathers Celebrate Town's Founding.

White Earth, Minn., June 16.—White Earth celebrated the forty-third anniversary of its settlement by the Minnesota Chippewas.

The town is arrayed in picturesque splendor with a large number of visiting Sioux and native Chippewas gorgeously painted, befeathered and arrayed in all the glory of barbarous splendor as in former days of the warpath and life in the wigwam.

Five hundred Sioux and Chippewa braves took part in the interesting ceremony of burying the hatchet and smoking the calumet.

Peace making by white and native orators, Indians games, races and native dances, baseball and a sham battle constituted the day's program. Bowery dancing and fireworks were the feature of the entertainment. Perfect order prevails.

BIG CEREMONIAL SESSION.

Twin City Shriners Will Unite in Observing Anniversary.

Minneapolis. — The Zuhrah Temple of Minneapolis and Osman Temple of St. Paul Shriners will have a joint ceremonial session June 21 in the hippodrome at the state fair grounds in honor of their twenty-fifth anniversary. Prominent men from outside to attend are Imperial Potentate Fred A. Hines, Los Angeles, Cal., and Imperial Deputy Potentate J. Frank Treat, Fargo, N. D. Imperial Marshal Charles E. Ovenshire of Minneapolis promises that the work will be done on a grander scale than ever before attempted in the northwest.

Tim Murphy Enters Prison.

St. Paul, June 17.—Timothy Murphy, former captain of the Volunteers of America, of St. Paul, convicted of embezzlement, was taken to Stillwater, to begin his seven-year sentence which was recently imposed by Judge Hallam. He was found guilty of embezzling funds which had been collected by the Volunteers of America. His attorney will make an appeal to the supreme court for a new trial.

Osakis Is Declared "Wet."

Osakis, Minnesota. — Judge L. L. Baxter of Fergus Falls has decided that Osakis is "wet," overruling the decision handed down by Assistant Attorney General George Peterson.

Forest Fires Again Threaten.

Duluth. — Another forest fire caused by a spark from an engine is raging in township 51, range 16, on both sides of the Cloquet river. It has been burning several days, making it necessary to call out a large number of men to try to control the fire and save the settlers' homes. C. J. Carlson, a settler, lost his barns and machinery and tools to the amount of several hundred dollars; Oscar Anderson, another settler in that township, who was absent, lost everything he owned.

Breaks Arm Cranking Machine.

Barnesville, Minnesota. — Carnet Solum, son of Cashier Solum of the city, while starting his father's automobile, slipped and fell, the handle striking him on the arm, fracturing the bone above the wrist.

Catches Eight-Pound Bass.

Sauk Center. — Charles Fiesler claims to have made the record catch this season in Long Lake when he landed a gamey black bass weighing eight pounds. It was 16½ inches girth and 23 inches long.

ARE ENTHUSIASTS

GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION HOLDS ANNUAL CONVENTION IN FARGO.

HOLD 3 DAY'S SESSION

Mayor Lovell and President Worst Extend Hearty Welcome to Delegates—Putnam's Band in Attendance.

Fargo, June 22.—The third annual convention of the North Dakota Good Roads association was called to order at the A. C. armory this morning at 10 o'clock by Pres. A. I. Hunter of Grand Forks. He then introduced Pres. J. H. Worst of the A. C. as chairman of the convention.

The Putnam band gave several street concerts in the morning and then took the special cars to the college where in the armory the convention will assemble for the two days. The band gave a most pleasing concert prior to the opening of the session.

Dr. R. C. Adams of the First Presbyterian church offered the invocation, asking that the Almighty would shed his blessing on the gathering and that it might be productive of a great deal of good.

The first speaker introduced was Mayor V. R. Lovell. Among other things the mayor said:

"The city of Fargo is always ready to welcome any convention that has for its object the betterment of the conditions of the people in general. It is needless to say that Fargo extends a warm welcome to the people of this convention because they are working for a great end, for good roads will benefit the people of the entire state."

In introducing President Hunter, who delivered the response to Mayor Lovell's welcome, President Worst said that two years ago the Good Roads association was formed at Larimore and that one its greatest enthusiasts was A. I. Hunter of Grand Forks, who had been its first and second president, and he spoke in words of praise of Mr. Hunter's work.

After this speech the convention adjourned and assembled at 1:30 when George W. Cooley, state engineer of Minnesota, delivered his address on The Construction and Maintenance of a Primary System of Highways. Mr. Cooley used a stereopticon and showed some very interesting views.

After Mr. Cooley's address S. R. Cox of Arcola, Ia., talked on The Method of Making Good Roads, which was followed by a general discussion.

ENDORSES TAFT.

Minnesota Republicans Name Ticket and Commend President.

St. Paul, Minn., June 22.—Endorsing the "wise," conciliatory administration of President Taft, but laying on the table, by an overwhelming vote, a resolution reaffirming "our unalterable support of the policies promulgated by Theodore Roosevelt," the Minnesota state republican convention yesterday nominated a full state ticket. A. O. Eberhart was nominated for governor by acclamation, the other nominations being:

Lieutenant Governor—S. Y. Gordon, Browns Valley.

Secretary of State—Julius A. Schmahl, Redwood Falls.

State Auditor—S. J. Iverson, Rushford.

Attorney General—Geo. T. Simpson, Winona.

State Treasurer—Walter J. Smith, Eveleth.

Clerk of Supreme Court—J. A. Caswell, Anoka.

Associate Justice Supreme Court—E. A. Jaggard, St. Paul; P. E. Brown, Luverne; C. L. Brown, Morris; D. F. Simpson, Minneapolis.

Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—C. H. Staples, St. Paul.

Senator Moses E. Clapp was unanimously nominated to succeed himself as United States senator.

The insurgent element led by T. Halbert, was overwhelmingly defeated in their efforts to secure favorable action on a resolution denouncing the Payne-Aldrich bill as a "repudiation of the pledges of the republican party to the American people."

HOWLEY ENDORSED.

Is Again Elected President of Minnesota Federation of Labor.

Fargo, June 22.—In one of the most stirring addresses delivered at the labor convention, Delegate James, one of the conspicuous leaders, this afternoon put the name of George B. Howley in nomination for president, which was the signal for screeches of applause which resounded for several minutes.

Following this the name of John Walquist was placed in nomination. The ballot for president was the first taken. While the count was being made, vice presidents were elected.

Following is a list of officers as elected:

President—George B. Howley, Minneapolis.

Vice Presidents—1st district, N. A. Kruger, Winona; 2nd district, left to Mankato Trades and Labor assembly; 3rd district, Wm. Schilling, Red Wing; Fargo district, Chas. A. Fraser, Fargo.

Secretary—W. E. McEwen.

Brand Socialists Heretics.

St. Louis, June 22.—Charges of political heresy against the St. Louis branch of the socialist party of America are said to have been sustained at a three days' trial before a special board of inquiry, and as a result the charter of the local body is in danger of revocation. The indictment, as the investigators term it, grows out of the [illegible] socialists [illegible] Jeptha D. How, erstwhile republican boss, at the last municipal election, by which How was enabled to defeat former Excise Commissioner Thomas E. Mulvihill for membership on the board.

Germany Has Airship Line.

Dusseldorf, Germany, June 22.—The first regular airship passenger service was started today when Count Zeppelin's great craft, Deutschland, carrying twenty passengers, successfully made the first scheduled trip from Fredrichshafen to this city, a distance of 300 miles, in nine hours. The weather was perfect and the motors worked faultlessly. The average time made for the complete course was approximately thirty-three miles an hour, but between Friedrichshafen and Stuttgart, 124 miles was covered at the average rate of about forty-one miles an hour.

EAST SHOULD NOT DICTATE

SENATOR BORAH PLEADS FOR SANE CONSERVATION.

Asks Why East Should Have Free Use of Water Power and Resources and West Be Denied.

Washington, June 21.—"What we want is a sane, practical conservation policy, under reasonable regulation, permitting the development of our natural resources in accordance with the natural laws of progress and industrial growth," declared Senator Borah in addressing the senate yesterday during consideration of conservation legislation.

Mr. Borah spoke as the champion of the west. "It would be a magnificent scheme, indeed," he exclaimed, "to compel the whole great west to hold its vast resources in idleness, deprive its people of their enjoyment and use and compel them to pay tribute to those resources of which you have taken possession here in the east and developed at your own free will."

Contending that it was a violation of every principle of the constitution to withhold power sites from the use of the western states, Mr. Borah inquired: "If Illinois or Massachusetts receives thousands or even millions of dollars as a revenue for their water power and Idaho receives nothing, but, on the other hand, pays millions into the federal treasury, is there equality among the states?" He said that the contention that natural resources in a state belonged to all the people in the United States was all right in theory but that in practice it was utterly untrue.

"Our power sites do not in any sense of the term belong to the people of New England or New York," continued the senator. "They are to be utilized by those who make themselves citizens of the state and join with others in trying to build up a commonwealth." He argued that it never had been the theory of the government that these resources should be utilized as a revenue producing proposition but that they were for the benefit of all the people. "But," he said, "the people must come within the state in order to avail themselves of the use and benefits."

Three Hundred Poisoned.

Vienna, June 21.—Poisoning of the waters of a spring near Trau, in Dalmatia, is responsible for the death of three religious processionists, the probable fatal illness of 200 others and the serious condition of at least another hundred. The hospitals at Trau are today crowded with victims of the poisoning outrages.

During a religious parade yesterday in the Trau diocese the procession passed a famous alkaline and sulphur spring. The day was hot and the processionists broke ranks and rushed to the spring. In the disorder one of the attendants at the spring was trampled and killed.

The thirsty paraders drank of the waters and three died within a few hours. Others became violently ill and the religious observance was abandoned, the priests turning their attention toward caring for the stricken men, women and children.

Fifty of the processionists were placed under arrest today, charged with the murder of the attendant. No clue to the poisoning has been found.

Heat Is Continued.

Bismarck, N. D., June 21.—After a night during which the thermometer at the government weather station did not go below 79 and with the temperature up to 94 at 11 o'clock this morning, the people of the western part of the state are due to experience another day as hot as yesterday, if not hotter.

The wind is not blowing today as it did yesterday. There were indications last evening of rain in this vicinity, but the clouds parted and passed over. There have been no reports of rain in any part of the state received here for the past forty-eight hours. The crops, with the exception of flax, are suffering greatly and every day without rain is doing immense damage.

Electric Storm in New York.

New York, June 21.—A severe electrical storm swept the upper part of Manhattan Island and the Bronx Borough today, lightning striking several buildings and doing extensive damage. Several men were shocked into unconsciousness when an electric bolt struck a newspaper branch office on One Hundred and Forty-ninth street. Early indications were that today would prove the hottest so far.

Reno Gets Fight.

Reno, June 21.—Tex Rickard definitely announced shortly after noon today that Reno had been selected for the Jeffries-Johnson fight. The preparations for the arena were begun immediately.

Ogden, Utah, June 21.—Governor Dickinson, of Nevada, who is in Ogden today, declared that he would not interfere with the Jeffries-Johnson fight.

Injured in Fire.

St. Paul, June 22.—Three men were injured during a fire today, which completely destroyed the five-story building owned and occupied by the Andrew Schoch Grocery Co. at the corner of Broadway and east Seventh street.

N. D. Appointment.

Washington, D. C., June 21.—Frank R. Simmons was late today appointed rural carrier at Drayton, vice O. E. Othtott.

Taft to Fight.

Washington, June 21.—Abandoning his trip to New Haven to see his son graduate from Yale and announcing that he would stay in Washington "all summer" if need be, President Taft today began his first fight with the United States senate. The postal savings bill is the issue between the White House and the northern wing of the capitol. The president has announced that the senate must adopt the house bill. Several insurgents and some of the regular republicans are strongly opposed to the house bill and rumors of a filibuster against the measure filled the air.

Fast Train Derailed.

Cincinnati, O., June 21.—One employee was slightly injured when passenger train No. 34, on the Louisville & Evansville railroad was derailed today at Catawba, Pendleton county, Kentucky, fifteen miles south of Cincinnati. Reports received at headquarters of the road in this city states that all the cars that left the track remained upright.

The train is a fast passenger between Nashville and Cincinnati. It was en route to this city with a good complement of passengers when the accident happened. But for a shakeup none of them was injured.

NOW IN SESSION

MINNESOTA FEDERATION OF LABOR HOLD ANNUAL MEETING AT FARGO.

WELCOMED BY MAYOR

And Commissioner of Labor Gilbreath —Largest Labor Convention in the History of the Northwest.

Fargo June 20.—With 214 accredited delegates from all parts of Minnesota where labor unionism is known, the twenty-eighth annual convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor opened this morning at Pirie's hall. Never has any city in the northwest been host to a larger or more enthusiastic convention of laborers, and never has a heartier welcome been extended to the men who toil, than was given the visitors this morning.

In many respects the present convention is looked upon with considerable significance, coming at a time when capital and labor legislation occupies the attention in every legislative hall in the country.

The main business before the convention this morning was acting on the reports of the credential committees, which filed minority and majority opinions concerning the right of the convention to seat delegates from the label leagues. The majority held that such action was contrary to the laws of the American Federation. The minority report carried and sixteen lady delegates were seated with full power to ballot.

In opening the convention Charles A. Fraser, president of the Fargo Trades and Labor assembly made a few very fitting remarks. The satisfactory showing that has been made in this city was reviewed by the speaker who declared that it was gratifying not only to local union advocates but to the great movement as well. In conclusion he stated that everything would be done to fulfill the pledges of the Red Wing delegation which succeeded in bringing the convention to this city.

Rev. Chas. Ryan Adams of the First Presbyterian church was called upon to invoke the divine blessing.

On behalf of the city of Fargo Mayor Verner R. Lovell welcomed the delegates to Fargo. In introducing this executive he was referred to by Chairman Fraser as "Mayor of the biggest little city in the world," which brought forth hearty hand clapping.

Following the hearty welcome of Mayor Lovell, W. C. Gilbreath, commissioner of agriculture and labor of North Dakota, was introduced by Chairman C. A. Fraser and was greeted with hearty applause, several times being interrupted by storms of approval.

N. D. Boy Was Murdered.

Lakota, N. D., June 20.—Finding evidence that his son, Daniel Lynch, 22 years old, was murdered and then robbed, his body afterwards being thrown into the bay at Seattle and found twenty-four hours later, John J. Lynch of this city offered a reward of $1,000 for the apprehension of the criminals.

When young Lynch's body was found it was supposed to be a case of accidental drowning, but when a thorough investigation was made a clot of blood on the brain, with every indication of his having been struck by some blunt instrument, together with rifled pockets, told the story.

His body was brought to Lakota and buried. He had left here only a few weeks before his death.

Public Buildings for State.

Washington, June 20.—The Omnibus bill which passed the house late Saturday carried the following appropriations for North Dakota all secured through bills introduced and worked for by Congressman Hanna.

Mandan, site and building, $55,000; Williston, site and building, $145,000; sites at Dickinson, Jamestown and Valley City at $10,000 each.

President Will Insist.

Washington, June 20.—Encouraged by the success that has attended his legislative programme up to this time, President Taft decided today to make an issue of the passage by congress before the adjournment of the present session, of the bill providing for the publicity of campaign contributions in all campaigns affecting federal offices.

Statehood Bill Up to Taft.

Washington, June 20.—Shortly after noon today the vice president affixed his signature to the statehood bill. This is the last step in the progress of the legislation before the measure goes to the president for his approval. The bill will probably reach the white house during the afternoon.

Wants Lorimer Investigated.

Washington, June 20.—Senator Borah today offered an amendment to the senate resolution directing an investigation into the charges of bribery in connection with the election of Senator Lorimer of Illinois to require the investigation to be prosecuted immediately. The proposed amendment was rejected.

N. D. Postal Change.

Washington, June 20.—Elmer E. Williams was today appointed rural carrier at Berg, vice J. I. Berg resigned.

MAY SETTLE QUESTION.

World's Missionary Conference Considers Situation in Congo.

Edinburgh, Scotland, June 20.—The World Missionary conference considered today with other matters, those governmental, diplomatic and civil questions that would affect missions. This subject was introduced through the presentation of the report of the Commission on The Relation of Missions to Governments. Lord Balfour of Burleigh is chairman of this commission and it is expected to make a decided pronouncement upon the Belgian Congo question.

Lake Front Claimants.

Chicago, June 20.—Attorneys representing the Pottawatomie Indians are pressing their claims to rights on Chicago's lake front, worth millions of dollars. The made land, extending into Lake Michigan along Chicago's water front, has constituted a local problem of vital interest for many months. Shipping interests claim the land, as does also the city of Chicago. Now, with a third claimant in the field, the situation becomes even more complex.

One plan which has been suggested for its settlement is that it be left to Chief of Engineers, U. S. A., Col. William H. Bixby.

The Old Time Celebration

THE old-time celebration is the kind I like the best;
The girls, they looked their sweetest, all in fluffy muslin dressed;
And the marshal of the day,
Mounted on a prancing bay,
Rode about a-shouting orders, and a-clearing of the way.
Into town the folks came pouring,
While the anvil shots were roaring,
With the bird of freedom soaring
All the day.

Oh, the old-time celebration always meant a big parade;
Thirteen floats of lovely maidens, all in starry flags arrayed,
And the Goddess, Lib-er-tee,
Waved the emblem of the free,
Sitting on her throne of beauty, unconcerned as she could be.
And the "horribles" came after,
Clad in rags and causing laughter,
And nobody acted dafter
Then than me.

The old-time celebration meant a picnic in the grove—
Oh, the patriotic frenzies that the "noted speakers" wove!
Why, if England with her men
Had swooped down upon us then,
We who "licked her twice already" would have "licked" her once again!
For we tweaked the lion's tail
Till we seemed to hear his wail
[illegible] over hill and dale,
Field and glen.

On the old-time celebration there would always fall a shower,
Splashing on the red umbrellas, dripping from the leafy bower;
And the women, helter skelter,
Seized their skirts and ran for shelter,
While the air was cooled and freshened, which before had made us swelter.
[illegible] the bunting's dripping red
[illegible] made was shed,
And [illegible] many a lady's head,
There to welter.

But the old-time celebration, which we celebrate in story,
[illegible] the day was ended, ended in a blaze of glory;
With the pinwheels flashing, whizzing;
And the rockets crashing, sizzing;
With the [illegible] booming, roaring;
And the fireballs booming, soaring,
[illegible] that broke in air,
[illegible] starlight everywhere;
[illegible] the balloons,
[illegible] of stars and moons;
[illegible] piece "Washington"
[illegible] that the day was done—
[illegible] each glowing spark
[illegible] traveled through the dark.

Declaring Her Independence

FROM the time she was five years old Gloria West had been imbued with patriotic feeling and a reverence for the constitution of her country.

Her father had been [illegible] and her grandfather before [illegible] when she was so little as to [illegible] to get up into a chair without being lifted, she had to sit solemnly by the side of her sisters and [illegible] and listen to tales of heroism told by her father.

On every Fourth of July, as regularly as that date rolled around, Gloria and all the members of her family had been forced to sit patiently and reverently in a circle about the old [illegible] while their father read, [illegible] as he had believed— [illegible] word of the declaration of Independence.

No firecracker, no torpedo, no celebration of any sort took place in the [illegible] until after this patriotic [illegible] had been done. And then the [illegible] was drawn high on its pole [illegible] the various members of the [illegible] were allowed to celebrate in [illegible].

Gloria was nineteen now, and [illegible] her father had long since [illegible] to the resting place of [illegible] the old custom of [illegible] the Declaration on the morning of every Fourth of July still prevailed in the family.

And there were many candidates [illegible] place at Gloria's side. The [illegible] men in the pretty western [illegible] gladly have joined the [illegible] even though it meant absolute [illegible] to the will of the beautiful Gloria.

"I [illegible] be married and submit [illegible] of a mere masculine person," [illegible] to her sister one evening when the latter young woman [illegible] to go to make a dis[illegible] duty call for her husband.

"And what would you do?" asked [illegible], indulgently.

"I'd assert my independence and—"

"And have war instead of peace in [illegible] family," interrupted the wiser [illegible].

"Not at all," protested Gloria laughing. "We're going to have a constitution in our family," she added with [illegible] stress on the progressive pro[illegible]. "And he shall abide by it."

"He?" asked her sister in surprise. "Then have you decided which one it shall be?"

Gloria was noncommittal. "At [illegible], if I have, he doesn't know it," [illegible] said. "It is poor policy to dis[illegible] the maneuvers of war, you [illegible]."

"You're bound to have war at all [illegible]," was her sister's parting comment.

[illegible] a fancy, Gloria had asked [illegible] of her most constant admirers to [illegible] of the Declaration at the [illegible] on the morning of her [illegible] Fourth of July.

"I shall declare my own independence that day," she said to John Hammon, "and every one of you boys shall sign it. Won't it be fun?—for [illegible] added roguishly.

"And if I draw up a constitution to insure a perfect union, Gloria?" the young man asked, half in jest, half in earnest.

Even Gloria's quick wits failed her for a moment. There were so many ways to take that.

"Yes," she said with a gleam of daring in her eyes, as she looked squarely at him, "draw up a constitution and we'll have it put before the whole house."

In the merry jest of the morning when Gloria had laughingly presented to her professed admirers a document wherein she had set forth her acts of independence, each had felt an underlying strain of seriousness and each wanted to talk with her. Jokingly they had signed it, thereby making themselves slaves to her whims henceforth, then, and forever—all but John Hammon.

Gloria Turned and Saw Him.

Even in view of its being the veriest jest, he refused, laughingly though it was, to add his name to the list under Gloria's perpendicular scrawl. Gloria had been accordingly piqued, and though she smiled and danced and made merry, still she wondered why he had refused so trifling a fancy on her part.

At last they were all gone and Gloria was standing on the threshold listening to their footsteps die away on the old brick walk. Presently she heard one pair of steps coming back. Someone had forgotten something.

"Gloria," said the deep voice of John Hammon, "just one moment before you go."

Gloria turned and saw him in the moonlight. "Yes," she acquiesced in such a strange little voice that she hardly recognized it.

"I—that is—I have drawn up the constitution," he said, his hand on his pocket.

"But you didn't sign the declaration," Gloria reminded him, a little pout on her lips.

"I'll sign anything if you say this is all right—read it," he broke off suddenly, thrusting a folded paper into her hand. "Look at it and tell me if you think it will insure us a perfect union, dear."

And in the moonlight Gloria unfolded the paper, to find lying tied within its folds a ring. She did not speak.

"Dear, give me your hand and let me draw up our constitution," he said. "Will you?"

She did; and it fitted so well—was so fitting, as Gloria put it some long minutes afterward—that she decided to accept it.

Improvement in the Dairy Herd lies in better breeding, in better housing and in better feed in greater quantities. Corn fodder, clover and roots must succeed slough hay in winter, and old, weedy pastures must be broken up and sown to clover, blue grass and timothy for summer feeding. Systematic care, and feeding with only the substances which may be grown on every farm in Minnesota, is the practice at University Farm, St. Anthony Park, and is what gives the results reported from the Experiment station.

Weighing and Testing Milk.—This is the only sure way to determine the difference in value between the good and inferior cow. Weighing and testing daily is only a business proposition. It is the only safe way of determining what price to ask for a cow in selling her, or of what to pay for her when buying. No intelligent farmer will sell a cow for thirty dollars that will make him a net profit of $40 or $50 a year. Neither will he keep a cow that doesn't pay him a profit if he knows it.

The Document That Made Americans Freemen

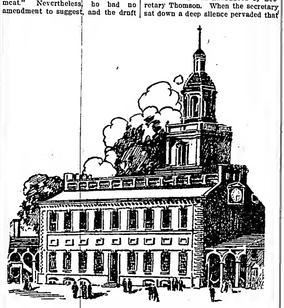
CONGRESS in 1776 had put into the hands of John Adams and Thomas Jefferson the drafting of the Declaration of Independence, writes Fullerton L. Waldo in the Philadelphia Ledger. The two collaborators had a clear idea of the articles of which the Declaration was to consist, for there had been prolonged discussions in committee, of which careful notes were taken. The little sub-committee of two men met and conferred together, and Jefferson asked Adams to take the written memoranda to his lodgings and there prepare the draft.

But Adams, self-effacingly, insisted that the laborious honor should fall to his colleague.

"You are a Virginian," said Adams, "and I am a Massachusetts man. You are a southerner and I am from the north; I have been so obnoxious for my early and constant zeal in promoting the measure that any draft of mine would undergo a more severe scrutiny and criticism in congress than one of your composition. And finally—and that would be reason enough if there were no other—I have a great opinion of the elegance of your pen and none at all of my own."

Whereupon, bowing deeply and with protestations of mutual regard, the patriots went their several ways, Jefferson with the manuscript under his arm. And in a day or two they met again and "conn'd the paper over."

"I was delighted with its high tone," Adams wrote in 1822 to Timothy Pickering. But to the part containing the denunciation of King George he took exception. "I thought the expression too passionate and too much like scolding for so grave and solemn a document." Nevertheless, he had no amendment to suggest, and the draft of the declaration was put before the committee of five just as Jefferson had prepared it.



Famous Old Independence Hall.

The desk upon which the declaration was drafted is in the library of the state department at Washington. It was exhibited at Buffalo in the Pan-American exposition in 1901.

The final debate in congress, in the committee of the whole, upon the adoption of the Declaration of Independence began at nine o'clock on Monday, July 1. On that day Pennsylvania, seven of whose delegates were present, voted against adoption. The vote of Delaware, having two delegates present, was divided.

Thereupon McKean of Delaware, who had voted affirmatively, wrote a frantic letter to the absent Delaware delegate, Caesar Rodney, imploring him to come and cast his vote, and thus turn the scale for Delaware, for it was highly probable that if Delaware supported the declaration Pennsylvania would follow suit.

Rodney at the time was 80 miles away, at Dover, at one or the other of his farms, Byfield and Poplar Grove. He suffered tortures from the cancer, which, starting on his nose, had spread all over one side of his face, so that he had to wear a green silk shield to hide the disfigurement; it was of this chronic affliction that he died. A contemporary chronicle describes him as "an animated skeleton—indeed, all spirit, without corporeal integument."

McKean's messenger left Philadelphia late in the afternoon of July 1. It was necessary to get Rodney back to Independence hall by July 4, the day appointed for taking the vote upon the adoption of the declaration. All night, all day he rode at top speed; and Rodney is supposed to have started on the return journey in the evening of the second.

That ride of Rodney's deserves to go down in history alongside of Paul Revere's and Philip Sheridan's. In default of missing detail the imagination must provide the picture of the tall gaunt spectre of a man, half-masked and riding like a demon, urging his steed onward through the night with whip and spur, along a road abounding in pitfalls, with black miles separating one warm, yellow cabin light from the next. What was he thinking of as he rode onward? Not of the pain of the cancer, slowly eating away his countenance and sapping his vitality; not of the risk he ran, a solitary horseman, of being waylaid and robbed or murdered upon the lonely journey. He heeded not the hunger and the sleeplessness; he was thinking only of the fact that his vote would turn the day for Delaware; Delaware, though a little state, might influence Pennsylvania, and so the vote of the colonies would be unanimous for a declaration that would immortalize the men who made and signed it, and enfranchise the people of the 13 colonies and their descendants.

Next day, Thursday, July 4, as the members were assembling at the state house door, a rider, booted and spurred and covered with the dust of night-and-day travel, dismounted in their midst, and when, a little later, Caesar Rodney rose in his place, still breathing hard, and said, "I vote for independence," the result was that the vote of Delaware was cast in favor of the declaration, Pennsylvania, by three of her five delegates present, supported Delaware's notion, and thus by the ride of Rodney the unanimous vote of the colonies (with the solitary and temporary exception of New York) was that day secured for the Magna Charta of our American liberties.

"It was two o'clock in the afternoon," Lossing tells us, "when the final decision was announced by Secretary Thomson. When the secretary sat down a deep silence pervaded that august assembly. Thousands of anxious citizens had gathered in the streets. From the hour when congress convened in the morning the old bellman had been in the steeple. He placed a boy at the door below to give him notice when the announcement should be made. As hour succeeded hour, the grayheard shook his head, and said, 'They will never do it! They will never do it!' Suddenly a loud shout came up from below, and there stood the blue-eyed boy, clapping his hands and shouting 'Ring! ring!' Grasping the iron tongue of the old bell, backward and forward he hurled it a hundred times, its loud voice proclaiming 'Liberty throughout all the land, unto all the inhabitants thereof.' The excited multitude in the streets responded with loud acclamations, and with cannon peals, bonfires and illuminations the patriots held glorious carnival that night in the quiet city of Penn."

Union and Liberty.

Flag of the heroes who
left us their glory,
Borne through their battlefields' thunder and
flame,
Blazoned in song and illumined in story,
Wave o'er us all who inherit their fame!
Up with our banner
bright,
Spread its fair emblems
from mountain to shore,
While through its
sounding sky
Loud rings the nation's cry—
Union and Liberty! One
Evermore!

THE GREAT STRUGGLE

The Civil war was the most momentous struggle of history. It operated through fifteen imperial states, over more than 600,000 square miles. Its armies were unparalleled—2,000,000 as brave and intelligent men as ever gathered for mortal strife. Grant alone commanded more soldiers than Napoleon ever saw.

Its leaders were unsurpassed—McClelland, the magnificent; Hancock, the superb; Logan, the dashing; Thomas, the conservative; Meade, the self-reliant; Hooker, the fighter; Sheridan, the relentless; Sherman, the strategist; Farragut, the peerless admiral; Seward, the statesman; Sumner, the philanthropist; Stanton, the man of iron will; Chase, the financier; Greeley, the journalist; Beecher, the preacher; Phillips, the orator; Whittier, the bard, and above all these, the mightiest military chieftain of modern times—the silent man of destiny—U. S. Grant.

HONOR FOR WOMAN DOCTOR

Bertha von Hoosen of Chicago Writes Paper Which Is Read in Medical Congress.

Chicago.—Out of several hundred papers submitted to the international congress, the one of a woman doctor of Chicago, Dr. Bertha von Hoosen, was chosen to be read before the association at its meeting in Budapest. It was one of two written in the English language that were chosen, the other being the production of an eastern doctor of distinction. Just as soon as she was informed of her honor, Dr. von Hoosen hastened abroad, taking her mother, who is more than eighty years old, with her.

Besides this honor, she has been attending clinics in Paris, which are said to have been closed to women until just a few years ago, and she has performed a number of operations.

Dr. Bertha von Hoosen.

She is acknowledged by the men of her profession to be a surgeon of great skill. St. Luke's operating room is the place where she does much of her work, and she has been known to perform five operations in a morning and maintain her steadiness of hand throughout.

In appearance Dr. von Hoosen is not what the professional woman has erstwhile been considered to be. She is small and plump and she has quantities of golden hair. Her face is youthful and her eyes are bright and sympathetic. She dresses with style and taste.

RICH "COP" STILL ON BEAT

Policeman Neely of Pittsburg Has $100 Daily Income, But Holds His Job.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Despite the fact that an oleaginous stream of wealth is flowing into his coffers at the rate of $100 a day, Harry Neely of the Pittsburg police force is content to continue swinging his nightstick and "pounding a beat."

Neely, who is 35 years old and a patrolman attached to the Allegheny police station, had as his heritage a small sandy farm, in Sandy Creek, Pine township, 15 miles from Pittsburg, which until recently was productive of little besides rocks and stumps.

Then an agent of John D. Rockefeller came along and scented oil underlying the bleak acres. Today four "gushers" are pouring forth a united stream of wealth and semi-annually there comes to Patrolman Neely a check drawn on the Standard Oil company and approximating $100 a day as Neely's share of the proceeds.

The field is being further developed and Neely bids fair to become a very rich man. He is investing his money in brewery stock as fast as the checks come in.

Harry Neely.

"Meanwhile," says Neely, "three dollars a day merely for swinging a club and wagging an occasional sleeper still looks good to me."

Saved the Sunday Dinner.

That the present cost of living has caused articles ordinarily of but slight value to assume an unusual degree of importance in the household is aptly illustrated by an incident which occurred at a fire in a neighboring town early Sunday morning.

The first floor of the building in which the fire broke out is occupied by a clothing firm, and the upper stories are rented out as apartments. When the alarm was sounded the dwellers in the apartments, with one exception, hurriedly dressed and left the burning building. The exception who, by the way, was the first to reach the street, appeared with nothing on his back but a pair of pajamas and a refrigerator. A question as to why he had sought to save the refrigerator first elicited the following reply:

"Say, all the provisions for our Sunday dinner are in that icebox, and if we are burned out, God only knows when I will be able to buy another."

Do you blame him?—Pittsburg Gazette.

Farm School Letter

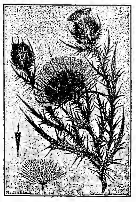
Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

Canada Thistle, How to Exterminate.

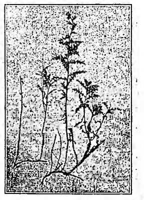
By J. E. Sundberg, Kennedy, Minn., in Minnesota Farmers' Institute Annual.

One of the greatest enemies that the farmers have to contend with is the Canada Thistle. It makes his land look bad, diminishes his chances of selling, and greatly reduces the crop yield. What shall we do to rid ourselves of this awful pest is the cry of every industrious farmer? Many different methods of eradicating the Canadian Thistle have been suggested by farmers and also by experiment station men.

The scientific man tells us to cover the patches with tar paper and thereby smother the plants. This is undoubtedly an absolutely safe method and would be practical if one only had a few small patches. But when your entire farm is overrun, such a method is entirely impractical. Others tell us to sprinkle salt on them. This again is an impractical method for a farmer who has a quarter section or more of land. No, we must look to some other way.



Bull Thistle.



Canada Thistle.

The above cuts represent the Canada thistle and the Bull Thistle so common in pastures, and are published to enable Minnesota farmers to distinguish them.

During the last eight years I have tried different methods and at last I believe I have struck a way of eradication that is practical.

First: I tried plowing shallow in the fall and then plowed again late in the spring and sowed barley. The barley gets ripe before the thistle. Harvesting did not kill all the thistle. But it did kill out the wild oats. Working the land two seasons in succession like that will completely destroy the wild oats, but not very many thistles are killed.

Second: I tried summer following. I endeavored to keep the thistle underground, which is nearly impossible. In 1900, I experimented with 50 acres. This piece was plowed five times and disced six times. The last time it was plowed in the latter part of October. The following spring I cross-seeded it with wheat, using two bushels to the acre. The thistles were annihilated. This method is all right in a dry season, though it is a very expensive one. But, if the season is wet, this course is of no avail, in fact, it will only spread the thistles because each time it is plowed the roots are cut and each root piece will grow. Because, if it is wet you cannot keep it underground and then the thistles get the start anew. No, this way cannot be recommended.

Third: At last I believe I found the practical method. Let the land lay idle for one season. Between the 10th and the 25th of July, the thistles are in bloom and the stocks are hollow. At this time the field should be cut with a mower, then raked and the weeds burned. The field can then lay till about the 1st of August. It should be plowed quite deep any time in August, but before the 25th. After plowing, drag it to start other weeds growing, and, later, drag again and destroy them. This plan I have tried for two years and it has proven an absolute success.

It is indeed a very difficult matter to rid the farms of thistles. You can by the third method rid the piece treated that same year. But then if there are any large farms or speculator's lands lying near, the seeds, millions of them, blow onto your clean fields and in a few years your land is overrun again. If there was a farmer on every 160 acres or 320 it would be an easy matter. Because then they could treat some land according to the first method and some according to the third and in that way completely exterminate the thistles.

Do not plant corn on land that has thistles, because that only cultivates them. Along the ditches and at the side of the roads, one should seed timothy and alsike clover, thereby giving no chance for the thistle to grow and spread.

I have also found that seeding the infested fields to timothy will also rid us of the thistles. The timothy must not be pastured because that tends to till the thistle. If the timothy is mowed just as the thistles are in bloom, for two or three successive years, it will kill them. For a farmer having 160 acres I would recommend the following:

Divide the field into three parts. One part should be treated according to the first method, seeding either barley or early oats. Second part should be treated in accordance with the third method. The third part should be sowed down to timothy and clover. Cut the timothy for hay, for three years, and then break it up the fourth year. It should be broken shallow in the spring, or early summer, after seeding is over. Then it should be backset quite deep between July 25th and August 10th, and then dragged a few times in the fall. By adopting this plan one could get rid of this pest.

Bordeaux Mixture.

The Minnesota Experiment Station submits the following formula for Bordeaux Mixture for potatoes:

Five pounds of bluestone (also known as copper sulphate, or blue vitriol) and five pounds of the best grade of stone lime, to fifty gallons of water. For fruit trees a 4-4-50 formula may be used. The bluestone can be dissolved most readily by hanging it near the top of the water. The lime must be fresh and of the best grade and should slake readily. It should be slaked several hours or more before it is wanted. When ready to apply the Bordeaux mixture, the bluestone solution, containing the five pounds of bluestone, should be poured into the sprayer barrel and diluted to about thirty-five gallons. The milk of lime, containing the original five pounds of stone lime, should then be diluted to about fifteen gallons, and poured into the diluted bluestone solution. The resulting product is the Bordeaux mixture, ready for use. Any poison needed for potato bettles may then be added, thus spraying for blight and the potato bugs at the same time.

If the lime used is of low grade, there is danger of burning of the foliage from the Bordeaux mixture. A good test is to hold the point of a knifeblade in the mixture for a short time. If copper collects on the blade, more lime must be added.

Throughout all this work it must be remembered that high pressure in spraying (not less than seventy-five pounds), thorough application, constant agitation and thorough straining are essentials to success.—A. R. Kohler, of Horticultural Division of Minnesota Department of Agriculture.

Effect of Sulphate Spraying.

To ascertain the effect of spraying with iron sulphate for the destruction of weeds, in Minnesota, a pound and a half of the chemical was used with each gallon of water, on the weeds named below, with the result shown:

Canada thistle, plant above ground partially injured, kept from seeding; ragweed, plants killed; quack grass, leaves discolored, no injury; plantain, leaves blackened and dried, new leaves appeared; sweet clover, large plants sprayed, all leaves killed, new leaves appeared, small plants killed; pigeon grass, no effect; chickweed, twenty per cent killed; fivefinger, severely injured, some killed; wild buckwheat, very little damage; lambsquarters, not affected; Shepherd's-purse, plants killed; curled dock, leaves killed, new leaves appeared; kinghead, small plants killed, leaves on large plants killed, new leaves appeared; sheep sorrel, quite effective; burdock, leaves blackened, no damage; corn cockle, plants somewhat injured; bull thistle, no permanent injury; pigweed, fifty per cent destroyed.

Besides copper sulphate and iron sulphate, other chemical sprays are sometimes used to destroy weeds, such as corrosive sublimate and sodium arsenite. They should be used only under exceptional circumstances and with full understanding of their poisonous nature.—W. L. Oswald, Minnesota Experiment Station.

It is a Loss of Money according to reliable statistics received at the Minnesota Experiment Station for farmers to do business over roads as at present constructed in this state.

Improvement in the Dairy Herd lies in better breeding, in better housing and in better feed in greater quantities. Corn fodder, clover and roots must succeed slough hay in winter, and old, weedy pastures must be broken up and sown to clover, blue grass and timothy for summer feeding. Systematic care, and feeding with only the substances which may be grown on every farm in Minnesota, is the practice at University Farm, St. Anthony Park, and is what gives the results reported from the Experiment station.

Weighing and Testing Milk.—This is the only sure way to determine the difference in value between the good and inferior cow. Weighing and testing daily is only a business proposition. It is the only safe way of determining what price to ask for a cow in selling her, or of what to pay for her when buying. No intelligent farmer will sell a cow for thirty dollars that will make him a net profit of $40 or $50 a year. Neither will he keep a cow that doesn't pay him a profit if he knows it.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

STOPS FALLING HAIR
DESTROYS DANDRUFF

AN ELEGANT DRESSING
MAKES HAIR GROW

Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.

Ask your doctor if there is anything injurious here.
Ask him also if there is not genuine merit here.

Does not Color the Hair

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible]

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

[illegible] appropriate that [illegible] Roosevelt should close [illegible]

[illegible] of people who were [illegible] Fourth of July went [illegible] bloody punching [illegible]

[illegible] like those of [illegible] rested and [illegible]

[illegible] that Sam [illegible] Valley [illegible] was nominated [illegible] governor, will [illegible] the middle [illegible] his name stands for.

[illegible] Thief River Falls has [illegible] of five thousand [illegible] a population of less [illegible] people. These [illegible] that the Thief River [illegible] don't print. Do your own [illegible]

[illegible] that in the event of [illegible] of the proposed [illegible] county of Pennington a new [illegible] will not be built. On [illegible] the people of Thief River [illegible] right away [illegible] But they'll build a court [illegible] want to all [illegible]

[illegible] house will [illegible] people living in a small city [illegible] forty thousand dollar opera house to fill [illegible] ten thousand dollar [illegible] That [illegible] every taxpayer living in the proposed new county of Pennington should answer to his own satisfaction.

D. P. O'Neil of Thief River Falls [illegible] candidacy for the Republican nomination for member of the house from the 61st senatorial district. In his announcement Mr. O'Neil says, among other things, that he will support a county option [illegible] This ought to [illegible] for the county option people for Dan has never before been considered a friend of the temperance people.

In a [illegible] against the Clearwater [illegible] the jury awarded the plaintiff one cent. Now Editor Kolberg is trying to figure out what the jury means: whether the members of the jury believe that it is impossible to injure the plaintiff's reputation more than is represented by the amount awarded or that they [illegible] amount represents the capacity of the paper to do injury. Anyhow Bro. Kolberg had a lot of [illegible] the money.

[illegible] from the reservation [illegible] why people down here [illegible] interested one way or the other in the county division proposition [illegible] a pertinent question. County division isn't going to hurt Red Lake Falls, they say, and of [illegible] But the farmers [illegible] county division [illegible] the farmers and the [illegible] a pleasure to [illegible] word for them now and then.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

St. Cloud Times: Old Joe Cannon [illegible] that he may be a candidate for speaker in the next house. [illegible] in the present house [illegible] who will support him [illegible]

Ogilvie Sentinel: After standing [illegible] voting with the Cannon crowd against the insurgents and now getting good with Ballinger, Mr. Tawney won't have to worry much about his political fences down in the first Minnesota district. He will do well if he can even see the post holes.

Middle River Pioneer: "It is announced that President Taft will use his utmost endeavors to promote party harmony. He will urge regulars to vote for insurgent nominees and vice versa. In a word he would have the people sacrifice principle to party. This is in direct contradiction to the general spirit of the times and will not go down with the American people.

Hibbing Mesaba Ore: During the course of the coming campaign some of the very best political spellbinders of the country will be seen and heard in Minnesota. There are a number of near insurgents in this state that must be saved to the stand-patters, even if it takes all of the "talent" at the command of the Taft-Aldrich-Cannon machine to do it.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Employes in the government mint never object to being paid in their own coin.

After all women haven't much the best of men when it comes to indulging in useless talk.

The father of triplets is certainly in a position to realize that it is the little things that count.

Democratic County Convention.

A Democratic Delegate convention for the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at Thief River Falls, on Saturday, July, 23, 1910 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day for the purpose of selecting 9 delegates to the Democratic Convention, to be held at the city of Minneapolis, on Thursday, July 28th, 1910, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Clerk of the Supreme Court. Also to designate a resident of said county who shall be recommended to the State convention as a member of the State central committee, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for each 25 votes or major fraction cast for the late Governor John A. Johnson in 1908, and one delegate at large for each precinct.

In accordance with the above apportionment the several precincts of the county will be entitled to the following number of delegates:

Bray	2
Black River	3
Clover Leaf	2
Deer Park	4
Emardville	2
Equality	4
Garnes	2
Gervais	3
Goodrige	1
Highlanding	1
Hickory	1
Kratka	2
Lake Pleasant	2
Lambert	2
Louisville	2
Mayfield	2
Norden	2
North	2
Numedahl	2
Polk Center	3
Poplar River	3
Red Lake Falls, town	3
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	3
Reiner	1
Sanders	3
Silverton	2
Smiley	2
Star	1
Terrebonne	4
Wyandotte	2
Plummer Village	2
St. Hilaire Village	3
Red Lake Falls City—	
First ward	4
Second ward	3
Third ward	5
Thief River Falls City—	
First ward, 1st precinct	5
First ward, 2nd precinct	5
Second ward	5
Third ward	5
Total number of delegaees	108

The primaries for the election of delegates to the County Convention will be held in the usual voting places of the several precincts on Wednesday, July 20, 1910, from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock P. M.

W. B. FULLER,
Chairman.

FRED BORCHERS,
Secretary.

The old gentleman from the back lots was holding up a line of passengers at the ticket office of a Chicago station the other day.

"I want a ticket to New York."

"Twenty dollars."

"What? Twenty dollars? The last time I went it was only ten!"

"Twenty dollars, please."

"How long has the fare been raised? I ain't got no $20!"

"Twenty dollars is the fare. Hurry up!"

"I ain't going to pay no twenty. I know I only put up ten last time."

"Then get out of the way. Don't you see you're holding up all these people? If you want to go to New York it will cost you $20. Move on!"

"Where can I go for $10, then?"

Well, the line of people told him in one emphatic monosyllable.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $5 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake. } ss

In the Matter of the Petition of John J. Sorum and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 52.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 52.

MAIN DITCH NUMBER 52.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—Said ditch is located within the townships one hundred fifty three (153) and one hundred fifty four (154), Range forty two (42). Commencing at a point [illegible] feet east of the northwest corner of the South West Quarter (SW¼) of section seventeen (17) township one hundred fifty four (154), range forty-two (42) thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eight (8) and nine (9), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), twenty (20) and twenty one (21), twenty-eight (28) and twenty nine (29), and sections thirty two (32) and thirty three (33) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections four (4) and five (5), and sections eight (8) and nine (9), township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty two (42), to the Red Lake River where said ditch terminates and has its outlet as appears in the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit:

Vincent H. [illegible], Alfred C. Danielson, [illegible], Ole T. Stranne, Andrew A. Anderson, Peter O. Sorlum, Thomas McCormick, [illegible] A. Gordon, [illegible] S. [illegible], Andrew Carlson, Hans C. Sorensen, Rudolph Sebek, [illegible] A. Gausen, John A. [illegible], Victor E. Johnson, Halvor Folstad, Tom H. Ouail, Ozen Hansen, Nels Christofferson, Esther C. Hoaglund, [illegible] Nordland, Andrew N. Ness, Henry Schindler, Paul Flemm, Halvor Haldan, O [illegible] Gunderson, George M. Ganderson, Stan D. [illegible], Andrew Forseth, Ole L. Olson, [illegible], [illegible] J. Wichum, Martin [illegible], Peter H. Strehem, Martin C. Mors, [illegible], Ole Gunnarson, [illegible], Township of Silverton, [illegible] and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor, and that the Viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of the County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 29th day of July 1910 at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers report thereon, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.) Je30-Jy14

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 30th day of July 1910, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 48 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910, [illegible]. For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "1" to Stations "[illegible]" both inclusive, [illegible] the excavation and removal of [illegible] cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimated cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The estimated total cost of the work is Eighteen Hundred Fifty Five & 80-100 (1855.80) Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 18th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.) Je30-Jy14

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 30th day of July 1910, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls Minnesota I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 41 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date 17th of June 1910. For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "A" to Stations "[illegible]" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of [illegible] cubic yards, and from Stations "O" to Stations "[illegible]" of the Branch Ditch, both inclusive, with a yardage of [illegible] cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 8539 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimated cost of the construction, in any case as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The excavation and removal of 8539 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated, at an estimated cost of Eight Thousand Eight Hundred Thirty-nine & 40-100 Dollars ($8839.40).

The estimated total cost of the work is Eleven Thousand Eight Hundred Thirty-nine & 40-100 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 18th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.) Je30-Jy14

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } SS
City of Red Lake Falls }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the city council of said city of Red Lake Falls and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on the 1st day of July, 1910, and terminating on June 30th, 1911, by the following persons, and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to wit:

GEORGE CYR

On the first floor of that certain brick Building situate on Lot 17 of Block 3, in Champagne & Dow's Addition to the City of Red Lake Falls.

Said application will be heard and determined by said city council of the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday, the 21st day of July, 1910, at 8:00 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and corporate seal of said city, this 24th day of June, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk

Je30-J7
(Corporate Seal)

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION.

Judicial Ditch No. 13, Marshall and Red Lake Counties, Minn.

Clerk of Court's Notice of Hearing on Ditch Petition.

State of Minnesota } ss District Court
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District

In the matter of the petition of H. A. Halvorson and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall and Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 13.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch designated and numbered by the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 13, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the Judge of the District Court has been had thereon and that the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of said ditch and to perform such other duties as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court, and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the said Clerk, and that, as appears in the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and terminus of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch No. 13, including a description of the land over which the same passes, is as follows, to-wit:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 640 feet East and about 33 feet south of the ¼ section corner between section 1 Township 153 N., Range 39 W., and Section 36, Twp. 154, N Range 39 W., thence running West parallel with and about 33 feet south of the Township line forming the North boundary of sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 in Twp. 153 N., Range 39 W., to a point about 45 feet South and about 43 feet East of the N. W. corner of said section 4, thence running North parallel with and about 43 feet East of the section line forming the East boundary of section 32, Twp. 154 Range 39 W., to a point about 43 feet East and about 45 feet South of the N. E. corner of said section 32, thence running West parallel with and about 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of sections 32 and 31, Twp. 154 N. range 39 W. and sections 36 and 35 Twp. 154 N Range 40 W. to a point about 45 feet south and about 45 feet East of the N.W. corner of said section 35, thence running north parallel with and about 45 feet east of the section line forming the East boundary of sections 27, 22 and 15 to a point about 45 feet east and about 45 feet South of the N. E. corner of said section 15; thence running West parallel with and 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of sections 15, 16, 17 and 18 of Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and terminating in Marshall County Judicial Ditch No. 15 near the N. W. corner of section 18 aforesaid.

Branch "A". Beginning at a point about 1330 feet East and about 30 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 13 and 14, Twp. 154 N. Range 41 W. thence running west along the ¼ section line thru sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 said Twp. and Range and sections 13 and 14 Twp. 154 N. Range 41 W., and terminating in the Main Ditch near the ¼ section corner between sections 14 and 15 last named twp. and Range.

Branch "B". Beginning at a point about 43 feet East and 45 feet south of the S. W. corner of section 11, Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., thence running North parallel to the West boundary of said section 11 to the source of Branch "2" of Marshall Co. Ditch No. 20.

Branch "C". Beginning at a point about 45 feet East and 45 feet South of the S. W. corner of section 8, Twp. 153 N. Range 40 W. thence running North parallel to the West boundary of said section 8 to the source of Branch "C" of Marshall Co. Ditch No. 2.

Branch "D". Beginning at a point about 33 feet south and about 43 feet East of the S. W. corner of section 3, Twp. 153 N. Range 39 W., thence running North parallel with the West boundary of said section 3 to a termination in the Main Ditch near the N.W. corner of Sec. 3 aforesaid.

Branch "E". Beginning at a point about 30 feet East and 33 feet South of the ¼ section corner between sections 1 and 12, Twp. 153 N. Range 39 W. thence running North along the ¼ section line to an intersection with the Main Ditch near the ¼ section corner on the North side of said section 1.

Branch "F". Beginning at a point about 30 feet East and 33 feet North of the ¼ section corner between sections 25 and 30, Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running South along the ¼ section line to the center of section 36; thence running westerly along the ¼ section line to the 1-16 line of said Sec. 36, thence southerly along the 1-16 line to its intersection with the Main Ditch on the south side of section 36 aforesaid.

Branch "1". Beginning at a point about 43 feet East of the ¼ section corner between sections 25 and 26 Twp. 154 N. Range 40 W., thence running northerly parallel with and about 43 feet East of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 25, 24 and 13 said township and range to a termination in the Branch "A" near the ¼ section corner between section 13 and 14 of township and Range aforesaid.

Branch "2". Beginning at a point about 45 feet South and about 43 feet East of the S.W. corner of section 22, Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Westerly parallel with and about 45 feet South of the section line forming the North boundary of Sections 29, 31 and 30, said Twp. and Range to a point about 43 feet South and about 45 feet East of the N.W. corner of said section 30; thence Northerly parallel with and about 43 feet East of the Range line forming the West boundary of sections 19 and 18 said Twp. and Range to a junction with Branch "A" near the N.W. corner of SW¼ of aforesaid section 18.

Branch "3". Beginning at the center of section 20, thence northerly along the quarter section line to a termination with Branch "A" near the center of section 17, aforesaid Twp. and Range.

Branch "4". Beginning at a point about 43 feet South of the ¼ section line between sections 21 and 22, Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Westerly parallel with and about 45 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 21, 20 and 27, said Twp. and Range to a point about 45 feet East and 43 feet South of the North West corner of said section 21, thence running Northerly parallel with and about 43 feet East of the section line forming the West boundary of sections 22 and 15, aforesaid township and Range to a junction with Branch "A" near the NW. corner of the SW¼ of said section 15.

Branch "5". Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 10 and 15, Twp 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Southerly along the ¼ section line to its intersection with Branch "A" near the center of said section 15.

Branch "6". Beginning at the ¼ section corner between sections 13 and 24 Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W., thence running Northerly along the ¼ section line thru the source of Branch "A" near the center of section 13 aforesaid continuing to the ¼ section corner between sections 1 and 12 said Twp. and Range, as its north terminus.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch Number 13 is surveyed and will pass is as follows:— Sections 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36 Twp. 154 N., Range 39 W.

Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, Twp. 153 N., Range 39 W.

Sections 8, 11, 17, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, 21, 25, 26, 27, 36, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W. All in Marshall and Red Lake Counties, Minnesota.

And that the said Engineers report shows the dimensions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: United States, Christ Lie, John Swan, C. M. Ohl, Isaac S. Ericson, Peter O. Brevik, Christopher Vad, Horace L. Welch, Halvor A. Vingren, Tora Anderson, Peter A. Kolstad, Ole E. Wreth, Tillie Austad, Nels A. Nylen, Sven Bergen, Alfred O. Vingstad, W. P. Harmon, Andrew Hanson, John Sjobsvold, Even Solie, Lars L. Furan, Seifert Benson, John Johnson Furan, John Knutson, William Powers, Even O. Kjos, John J. Wood, Gunder Erickson, Joseph Westerling, Andrew C. Dugas, Frank J. Madden, Peter J. Leith, Marie Linder, George Wagner, Chas. M. Marcel, Philomena A. Friling, Edward Kolls, August Lamla, Albert Park, Hans C. Sollerg, Anton Park, Anton Knudson, Ann C. Halvorson, Henry T. Roe, Charles T. Johnson, Lars L. Sollerg, Lars Olson Bak, C. A. Cramberg, Sarah Westenberg, G. O. Vrto, Benjamin Benson, S. C. Weeks, Peter Sr. Rogedal, John S. Haughtenbaugh, Reimer C. Halvorson, Alfred Olson, Nels T. Jorgenson, Ellef Halvorson, John S. Miller, Andrew E. Halverson, Martin C. Lund, Anton Skonsky, Swend Erwick, Mardorn Beaudry, Walter H. Quist, Anna Erickson, Eddy F. Kirk, Townships of Moylan and Espelie in Marshall County, Minnesota, and Townships of Goodridge, Reiner and Rivers Red Lake County, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' report, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held in and before said Court and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the Court room in the court house in the City of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any manner relating to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or of benefits the city.

Dated June 15th, 1910.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.

(District Court Seal.)
Brown & Eckstrom,
Warren, Minn.
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Bridge Proposals Wanted.

The Board of Supervisors of the township of Deer Park in Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the home of Ralph Green in Section 32, Township 152, Range 40 at 1:00 o'clock in the afternoon on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1910 for the purpose of receiving plans and proposals for the furnishing of all material, the construction and erection of a steel span over the Clearwater River between Sections 31 and 32 in the Township of Deer Park (152-40) agreeably to the specifications hereto annexed. Parties tendering must furnish a clearly made out strain sheet of their design, with the data on which it was computed, and showing also areas of material proposed to be given to each

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion, when all the proposals will be opened and read in their presence.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

(Signed) W. A. Swanson,
Town Clerk of Deer Park

General Description.

The bridge will be a through bridge consisting of one span ninety six (96) feet long with the steel tube foundations and re-inforced concrete backing with Six (6) foot wing, and will have a 3 inch plank roadway Sixteen (16) feet clear width.

The distance from grade to bed of stream is Eleven (11) feet and from grade to highest water is Five (5) feet.

For the floor system of roadway either a concentrated load of Sixteen (16) tons on two axels 10 foot centers, 3-4 of load on rear axel and 1-4 on front axel wheels, 10 foot gauge, each wheel load considered as carried by two joists, when joists are two feet, 8 inches or less center to center; or 100 pounds per square foot of surface. Cooper's specifications to govern all workmanship and material.

(signed) C. H. Martz, C.E. Engineer.
(J16-Je30.)

Order of Hearing on Petition to Convey Lands on Contract.

State of Minnesota, } IN PROBATE COURT,
} ss.
County of Red Lake } Special Term, June 21st, 1910.

In the Matter of the Estate of Oride Moreau Deceased.

On Reading and Filing the petition of George Dupont claiming to be entitled to a conveyance of certain real estate from the Administrator of said estate, setting forth that Oride Moreau deceased, was bound by a contract in writing to convey said real estate to the said George Dupont, William Dupont, and Joseph Dupont upon the terms and conditions therein stated, with a description of the land to be conveyed, and the facts upon which such claim to conveyance is predicated, and praying that the Probate Court make a decree authorizing and directing the said Administrator to convey said real estate to said petitioner as the person entitled thereto.

It is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate may appear before this Court, at a special term thereof to be held on Friday the fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate office in the Court House in Red Lake Falls, in said County, and oppose said petition.

And it is Further Ordered, That this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper printed and published at City of Red Falls in said County.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., the 21st day of June A. D. 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
Judge of Probate.

(Seal)
Je23J7

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake } IN PROBATE COURT.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Maloney Decedent:

The State of Minnesota to John Manley, John Maloney, Michael Maloney, Dennis Maloney, Mary Sheridan, Magaret Burke, Mrs. Lizzie Brisbin, Geo. Manley, Edward Manley Anthoney, Manly and James Manly all persons interested in the determination of the descent of the real estate of said decedent: The petition of John Manly having been filed in this Court, representing that said decedent died more than five years prior to the filing thereof, leaving certian real estate in said petition described, and that no will of decedent has been proved nor administration of said estate granted in this State, and praying that the descent of said real estate be determined by this Court.

Therefore, You, and Each of You, Are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of July 1910, at ten o'clock, A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 22nd day of June 1910.

F. A. GRADY, Attorney for Petitioner
IRA C. RICHARDSON, Probate Judge.

(COURT)
(SEAL) Je23J7

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June 22. Last of the popular spring excursions to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 29 to July 3. Annual convention National Educational Association, at Boston, Mass. Optional routes.

July 2, 3, and 4. Low rates for Independent Day.

July 6 to 10. National convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 24. Annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que. and return. Usual low fares.

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Certain forms of catarrhal troubles, especially where the bones are affected, scrofulous affections, non-healing sores, ulcerated membranes, etc., are due to this specific poison. Perhaps many who are afflicted in this way are ignorant of the fact that the seeds of this mighty poison are still hidden in the blood. Like the deadly serpent, which is dangerous as long as the faintest spark of life is left to enable it to sink its poisonous fangs, this powerful disease will corrupt and defile while the least particle of its insidious virus remains in the blood.

The best time to get rid of Contagious Blood Poison is when the disease is first contracted, and before its virus so penetrates the blood as to cause ulcerated mouth and throat, copper-colored spots, falling hair, etc. Then of course the victim is saved much humiliation and suffering; but even after the poison has become established in the system it can be removed and a cure effected if the blood be thoroughly purified with S. S. S.

S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers. It possesses penetrating powers that enable it to go down into the blood, and remove the last trace of blood poison. It cures all blood troubles simply and solely because it removes the cause from the circulation. Not only does S. S. S. cure the Contagious Blood Poison when first contracted, but reaches it in any of its stages, even where the trouble has been inherited. S. S. S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and does not contain the slightest trace of mineral in any form. You can get rid of your old blood trouble if you will take S. S. S. and allow it to purify the blood. Book on the blood and any medical advice free.

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Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice [illegible] that a petition, of [illegible] has been filed in [illegible] of Red Lake [illegible] hearing [illegible] to the county [illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minn. [illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

[illegible]

[illegible] Petitioners.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible] payment o[illegible] which became [illegible] is due and [illegible] this notice [illegible] and deli[illegible] mortgagor, [illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minne[illegible] first day of De[illegible] therein [illegible] office of the Re[illegible] for Red Lake County [illegible] of December, 1908, at [illegible] Mortgages, on page [illegible] terms and con[illegible] [illegible] mortgage [illegible] due and [illegible] notice, the [illegible] mortgage, said [illegible] Red Lake [illegible]

[illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minn. [illegible]

[illegible] Jy. Jr.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

[illegible] In Probate Court [illegible] Final Decree [illegible] Estate of Henry B. Kaufer [illegible] together with [illegible] representing [illegible] final account [illegible] Red Lake Falls [illegible] Minnesota [illegible]

By the Court,
DAVE RICHARDSON
Probate Judge.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake—ss.

In the matter of the petition of Bohumil Hruby and Others for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 49.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 49, said ditch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty three (153) ranges thirty-nine and forty.

MAIN DITCH.

A description of the Main Ditch and lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north of the southeast corner of section four (4), township one hundred fifty three (153) range thirty-nine (39), thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections four (4) and nine (9), five (5) and eight (8), and sections six (6) and seven (7) of aforesaid township and range to a point twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section six (6), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections one (1) and twelve (12), township one hundred fifty three (153), range forty (40), to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of section one (1), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in branch number two (2) of county ditch No. 38.

Description of extension of ditch number 19:

A description of said extension and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows: Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section eight (8) township one hundred fifty three (153) range thirty nine (39), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eight (8), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section eight (8) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty feet north of the section line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section seven (7) of aforesaid township and range thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of section twelve 12 township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty (40), thence due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) to a point (20) twenty feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the southwest corner of section thirteen (13) where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in branch number one (1) of county ditch number 38 as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of said viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, towit:

Clara M. Manuel, Philumena A. Friberg Edward Kelly, August Lauda, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fait, Aslak Salverson, Sivert O. Prestegaard Bohumil Hruby, Andrew J. Anderson, John Chirpa, Ole N. Troutvet, Elling S. Ramsey, (Exec.), Albert Gulbrandson, Theodore Jacobson, Osmund Bjorgulfson, Mary Tommerdahl, Paul M. Farnow, Ole O. Gjermundson, Carl J. Anderson, Knut Strande, Anton Srusky, Svend Erwick, Manloza Beaudry Ole T. Bratland, Joseph Vorlicky, James Ramsey, Frank A. Zavoral, John Frost, Knut H. Knutson, Peter Lovely, George Wagner, Mora Linder, Township of Star, Township of High Landing and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 29th day of July, at the county auditor's office, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyors and viewers report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION

Judicial Ditch No. 18, Marshall and Red Lake Counties Minn.

Clerk of Courts Notice of Hearing in Ditch Petition in Ditch Proceeding.

State of Minnesota, County of Marshall—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition of John L. Johnson and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall and Red Lake, State of Minnesota designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 18.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a certain drainage ditch designated and numbered by the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 18 and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the Judge of the District Court has been had thereon and the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the line of said ditch and to perform such other duties as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the said Clerk of the District Court, and that the said Judge of the District Court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the said Clerk, and that as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned the starting point, route and terminus of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch No. 18, including a description of the land over which the same passes, is as follows, to-wit:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 22 and 27, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., thence running west parallel to the section line forming the north boundary of sections 27, 28, 29 and 30, to a point 40 feet south and 47 feet east of the NW corner of said section 30, thence running northerly parallel to the range line forming the west boundary of sections 19 and 18 of aforesaid Twp. and Range to a point 43 feet east and 47 feet south of the NW corner of section 18 said Twp. and range; thence running west parallel to and 47 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., and section 13 Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., to a point 47 feet east and 47 feet south of the NW. corner of the last mentioned section 13, running thence northerly parallel to and 47 feet east of the section line forming the east boundary of sections 12 and 1, Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., and section 36 Twp. 155 N., Range 42 W., terminating in Branch "A" of Marshall County Ditch No. 29 at the ¼ section corner between sections 25 and 36, aforesaid Twp. and Range.

BRANCH "A". Beginning at a point 47 feet south and 40 feet east of the NW. corner of section 16, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of section 9 said Twp. and Range to its termination at Station 13 of Branch "B" of Marshall County Ditch No. 29.

BRANCH "B". Beginning at a point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 15 and 22, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., running thence westerly parallel to and 40 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 22, 21 and 20 said Twp. and Range to a point 40 feet south and 40 feet east of the NW. corner of said section 20, thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the west boundary of section 17 said Twp. and Range, terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of said section 17.

BRANCH "C". Beginning at a point about 40 feet east of the SW. corner of section 23, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., running thence northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 23 and 14 said Twp. and Range and terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 14 aforesaid.

BRANCH "D". Beginning at a point 40 feet east of the SW. corner of section 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., running thence northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the section line forming the west boundary of sections 25, 24 and 13 said Twp. and Range and terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 13 aforesaid.

BRANCH "E". Beginning at a point about 40 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 15 and 22, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., running thence westerly parallel to and 40 feet south of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 22, 21, 20 and 19 said Twp. and Range, and terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of said section 19.

Branch "F". Beginning at a point 40 feet east of the ¼ section corner between section 31, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and section 36, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., thence running northerly parallel to and 40 feet east of the range line forming the west boundary of section 31 and 30, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., terminating in the Main Ditch near the NW. corner of section 30 aforesaid.

BRANCH "G". Beginning at a point about 48 feet east and 33 feet south of the ¼ section corner between sections 28 and 33, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., thence running northerly parallel

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to and 40 feet east of the ¼ section line to a termination in the Main Ditch near the ¼ corner between sections 21 and 28 aforesaid Twp. and Range.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch No. 18 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, to-wit: Sections 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, Twp. 154 N., Range 40 W., and Sections 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, Twp. 154 N., Range 41 W., and Sections 1, 12, 13, Twp. 154 N., Range 42 W., and Section 36, Twp. 155 N., Range 42.

And that the said engineers report shows the dimensions of said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to wit:- United State, Danaugh O'Brien, John Johnson Furan, Osmund Urdahl, Charles C. Schuster, Robert E. Solhern, Allred T. Rice, Joseph Trendle, Lars Erickson C. C. Hoch, Teresa O. Reilly, R. A. Daley, John Comacher, Nels Olson, John D. Reilly, Geo. Tupper, Edward T. Nereson, Ole J. Nesja, Kettle Hellange, Nels M. Olson, Mabel C. Collins, Anton H. Buxer, John D. Vaughn, Peter Blackman, Hans H. Hanson, Albert Arntz, Ole T. Brattelund, Joseph Vorlicky, John Peller, Anton Myrum, Gustal A. Bakkum, Charles Radke, Jacob Braos, Ennes Schmidt, G. Schmidt, H. H. Dohner, Thom Bednorchik, John H. Donnell, Edwar Weiter, Richard A. Kromer, Gleaus Jacobson, Nels Knutson, Engebret Vad, Henry Halvorson, Thomas Haage, Gunder T. Skretrel, Charlie F. Thompson, Bertha Peterson, Maggie Bergh, Lena DuChamp, Joseph Vorlicky, Christopher H. Porter, Nels Vikingson, Andrew Sautate, Andrew J. Anderson, Frank Krolehvil, Andrew Rickson, Andrew Erickson, Charles Rudike, Knoton Svensgaard, Andrew B. Larson, Sigrart A. Rustad, Joseph Piacybe Joseph Hurly, Edith L. Quist, Olaf Traften, Andy C. Hart, Vulerya Benka, H. H. Olson, Berthu L. Lovos, Albert Bakken, Ulrik Rak, Tim Krike, J. J. Vonacheek, Oswald O. Oos, Nels Olson, Nels J. Berg, John Holmgren, John C. Jhonson, J. J. McCarty, W. D. Boyce, Gustaf T. Melum, Own Morris, Charlwy Newberry, Carl L. Swensen, Hans O. Hommy, Emil T. Nelson, Alonzo R. George, Olaf Nuhlberg, Arthur Blessrge, Thom Thompson, Joseph N. Kmnrowski, Anna Pencinski, Nels A. Lisborg, Frank Przybyszeski, Harold Johnson, Segurd Olson Grolid, Anton Hanson, Adolph W. Henning, Edward Iverson, Simon Olson, Tollef N. Neslund, Gulbrand Granum, Samuel Dangerfield, Bert A. Gorden, Ole Furthum, Charles H. Brown, Thor Gunderson, Peter J. Nerdahl, Lars Larson, Anton F. Donda, Martin J. Bragstad, Frank Chipera, Carl Moon, O. C. Hanson, Anna N. Moe, John N. Bambeck, Tina Helsinger, Ole M. Olson, Fred Ehma, Willam Finnegan, John C. Skog, Anton Kalski, Erick O. Gratzke, Edith A. Phillip, Carl Habedank, Geo. E. Hedland, Ole O. Finberg, Ola O. Fonberg, Bernhard Knudson, Christian B. Sherly, Oswald Steinhakken, Stephen Goll, F. Gruetske, Rudolph O. Manthey, August Olson, Ovila Beaudry, Knud A. Bangs, Knud A. Baggas, Grand Plain township, and Agder Township, Marshall county, Minnesota, and Townships of Silverton, Cloverleaf, Goodridge and Highland ing, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given, that within three days after the filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' report, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said court and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall county, Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1910, at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time, for or against the construction and establishment of said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated June 15, 1910.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of District Court,
Marshall county, Minnesota.
(District Court Seal.)
Brown and Eckstrom,
Warren, Minnesota,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District

F. W. Gregory,
Plaintiff,
-vs-
Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson; Henry Sheldon Judson, Rose M. Judson his wife; Frank E. Hanson, H. C. Suttle; Scroggin & Son; L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin, copartners as Scroggin & Son; Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, at the court house at Red Lake Falls, the County seat of said Red Lake County, in Red Lake County, said State, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dated June 28, 1910.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, District Court Fourteenth Judicial District

F. W. Gregory,
Plaintiff,
-vs-
Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson, Henry Sheldon Judson, Rose M. Judson his wife; Frank E. Hanson, H. C. Suttle; Scroggin & Son; L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin, Copartners as Scroggin & Son; Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein.
Defendants.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in said Court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants. The premises affected by said action are situate in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, and are described as follows, to wit: The South one-half (S ½) of the Southeast Quarter (S. E. ¼) of Section Seventeen (17), Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range Forty-five (45) West, according to the Government survey thereof. That the object of said action is to quiet the title to said premises in the plaintiff and to determine the adverse claims of the defendants therein, and the rights of the parties in said action respectively.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dated June 28, 1910. j7 a11

Subscribe For The Gazette.
The Sooner, The Better

TERREBONNE.

Mr. and Mrs. Laurent Gagne celebrated their golden wedding Monday, the 4th of July. They were married in 1860 in Quebec and moved afterwards, some thirty years ago, to Terrebonne. A high mass was sung for them by Rev. Fr. Veilleux who congratulated the happy people. One of the pioneer women, Mrs. Perusse and Mr. X. Sauve, were respectively bridesmaid and groomsman. All wish for Mr. and Mrs. Gagne a diamond jubilee.

A pretty new set of pews has been installed in the church which adds greatly to the beauty of it.

Next Tuesday the Rt. Rev. Bishop of Crookston, Mgr. Corbett, will confirm a large class of children, some 350. A solemn high mass will be celebrated at 10 a. m. Many guests are expected.

LAMBERT.

(Intended for last issue.)

P. Gibeau is busy enlarging his house.

Laurn Gibeau is home again after a several weeks absence.

Zelia Boucher and Isaac Fourniar were married last week and are now living in Terrebonna.

Joe Bergeron is recovering from an attack of blood poison.

A. Lambert and family from Red Lake Falls have been visiting here with relatives the past week.

A ball game was played Sunday between Lambert and Buck Town. The score was 27 to 12 in favor of Buck Town.

Mrs. Frank Lacoursiere has returned from an extended visit with relatives in Canada.

P. Hemel from McIntosh spent several days last week at Joe Bergeron's.

Mr. and Mrs. Xaviar Boucher spent Sunday evening at C. Robideeux's.

Mrs. J. Bargeron from Argyle has been visiting here for the past few weeks.

TOOT YOUR OWN HORN, HE SAYS

Address at Conservation Meeting By Editor of Minneapolis Tribune.

One of the most pertinent addresses of the Northern Minnesota Development Congress was that of Leroy Boughner, city editor of the Minneapolis Tribune. It was, in part, as follows:

"Before this body of delegates there is no need of dwelling upon the need of publicity, for this is an age of advertising, and this convention itself is evidence of your belief in tooting one's horn. Publicity for Northern Minnesota is your object and I have been permitted to offer a word or two that may help you to make that publicity effective. Publicity must be effective, or you will have wasted time and money, and it can't be effective unless it is intelligent.

"It's of no use to have a splendid article for sale if you can't sell it; and it's of no use to try to build up a splendid part of the state and get what is coming to you if you can't make anybody listen to you. The northern part of the state isn't near enough the North to attract by a sort of magnetism; you've got to get out and hustle, not only in the forenoon, but all day; and not only today, but tomorrow, and all next week, and month after month, till you get what you want. You can get it by the intelligent use of publicity—which is nothing more or less than taking people by the back of the neck and making them look at this part of the country whether they want to or not.

"Unintelligent publicity is squatting down upon the farm and expecting that the Lord and the rest of the state will be good to Northern Minnesota. The Lord has been good to Northern Minnesota and he will keep it up, but the people are not so discerning and when you deal with them you can readily believe that Missouri has overlapped all the rest of the country and stops only a few miles south of Crookston. They have got to be shown.

"Intelligent publicity, however, is more than waiting for good things to come; it is going out and taking them, and I am sure that newspaper men, who have spent years—perhaps not many, but at least some years—in the study of what must be done to make a man listen when he doesn't want to can tell how to attain it.

MAKE A FRIEND OF THE HOME EDITOR.

"You have listened to the answer to the question, 'What Must We Do to Be Saved?' Mr. Dowling has his own splendid ideas upon that question, but if I were answering it I'd say: Get acquainted with a reporter. Every man in these counties, when he gets back home, ought to look up the editor of his home paper, if he doesn't know him already, and make a friend of him. The editor will be a friend of yours, if you make an advance, and you will never regret the step. Every commercial organization ought to include all the newspaper men in the district, and I don't say this because I'm a newspaper man, and want recognition, but because these men, who study nothing but the best methods of making people read what they write, can be of assistance to you in making people read your message.

"Newspapers all over the country want interesting news and pictures. Here's an example:

"In two weeks you will install a new bishop here. I suppose every Twin City newspaper man will have to write to Crookston to get photographs of the church or cathedral, the bishop's house, and the bishop himself. Yet every newspaper in three states would be glad to publish a composite picture of that kind, and at an expense of not to exceed $50 Crookston could have the photographs or cuts made and send them to the papers and get this publicity.

"Ten million people, at an expense of half a hundred dollars, could be made to see the importance Crookston has assumed, and newspaper men would watch for these opportunities and help you to take advantage of them.

MANY INCIDENTS FOR FREE ADVERTISING.

"There are enough such incidents to get this part of the state good free advertising at least once a week. The other day there were statements published in the Twin Cities that the recent forest fires had done great good in clearing the land. Now, the original stories of the forest fires were printed the country over and ninety millions of people got the idea from that that Northern Minnesota was simply an unbroken stretch of inhospitable woods. What was done to counteract this feeling? Probably nothing. But a photograph of a stretch of fertile land, cleared by the so called 'destructive' forest fires, could, by a little tact, have found publication in a hundred newspapers, if you sent with it the facts I have just related dressed in readable fashion. That is the secret; make the news of Northern Minnesota readable, and you needn't worry about publicity.

"Another way to obtain intelligent publicity is to boost your part of the state among yourselves all the time. Our hotel reporter must turn in two interviews each day, one praising Minnesota, the other praising Minneapolis. You needn't smile and say 'What's the use of telling your readers what they know already?' Your wife knows she's a good cook and you know it; but doesn't she like to be told it? Of course she does; everybody likes to have his good points praised, and what is true of the individual with regard to his own is true of the mass with regard to property as a whole. If you keep telling people what a fine state they have, what splendid farms, what unexcelled advantages, they will talk about it, and spread the gospel—and they won't do it unless you keep telling them. Have your newspapers talk Northern Minnesota every day, every week, and their readers will follow their lead.

ANOTHER METHOD TO SECURE PUBLICITY.

"You noticed my reference to the hotel reporter. There's another avenue leading to publicity that every man here can follow. Within the year at least a hundred of those who are listening to me will go to the Twin Cities. Let each one, when he strikes the city, look up a newspaper reporter and tell him that the crops are fine in Beltrami county and that the last mortgage was burned the night before. That reporter will hie himself back to the office and write the story and print it and the next morning a hundred thousand people are reading your message. If you can't get ten settlers out of a hundred thousand your message must be wrong.

"Don't make the mistake of telling the reporter too much; give him just an item or two; and don't insist that he write it your particular way. Leave it to him, it's his business to make it readable, and he will if you leave it to him. The percentage of mistakes in a newspaper is small compared to the enormous number of facts.

"And that reminds me: Have any of you seen a mistake in the Twin City papers about Northern Minnesota? I should assume you had. When you did see it what did you do about it? Did you stop to think that newspapers are striving for facts and nothing but the facts, and that they are just as anxious not to make mistakes as you, and that they are just as anxious to correct them as you are—unless you take a club to the editor, and then he won't correct anything. An editor can't be forced to do anything, but he can be coaxed like a girl. You all know about the editor that wrote up the 'battle scarred' veteran, and the printer made it 'battle scared.' The veteran went around next day and made a complaint in a gentlemanly way and the editor immediately corrected it, but the printer made another mistake and set it 'bottle scarred.' Then the veteran took a club to the editor and the editor wouldn't correct a letter. He said he'd rather resign than take chances of making another mistake. He didn't stop running till the veteran got out of breath.

"That story is proof of what I say, that you can always get a correction. And now, the next time that a mistake is made, sit down and write a letter to the editor, pointing out the error. Make it short; don't call any names; assume that the mistake was unintentional, which is true in ninety-nine out of a hundred cases, and I'll guarantee that the correction will be printed. Do this; don't let anybody get away with anything that damages Northern Minnesota."

HE QUALIFIED.

The Soldier Told the Truth and Won the Prize.

During the spring of 1864 a company of Virginia soldiers was encamped near the home of Mrs. Sawyer, a woman noted throughout the neighborhood for her charitable deeds. One day, driving by the camp, she saw a poor, sick soldier lying by the roadside and, stopping her carriage, talked to him for some time, asking about his health and expressing her sympathy. She noticed while doing so that on each hand he had two thumbs.

Upon reaching home she was haunted by the recollection of the poor man, and, although provisions of all kinds were very scarce, she determined to divide with him the few things she had in the house.

After preparing the basket she remembered that she had not asked his name, but, recalling his deformity, wrote on the cover, "For the soldier with two thumbs." Giving it to a trusted negro, with minute directions, she sent him on horseback to the camp.

She was much surprised at his speedy return and asked how he had managed to find the man so soon.

"He was de fust one I see," said Sam. "I was gwine 'long, and a soldier ask me what I got in dat basket, and I tole 'im a chicken and things for de man wid two thumbs, and he say he was de one, and I give 'im de basket."

"Did he have two thumbs on each hand?" she asked.

"Well, he didn't say nothin' 'bout whar he had 'em. He jes' say he got two thumbs."—Youth's Companion.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

NICK DREES
WELL DIGGER
Aeromoter Wind Mill Agent
☞ Contracts to dig and prepare wells by the foot or by the day.
Work Promptly Attended to

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board, at the office of the county auditor of said County, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 5th day of August A. D. 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 28th day of June, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

The undersigned land owners whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for the expense of the construction of the Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a ditch along the following described route in the town of Silverton in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility. A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the North East corner of section Thirty three (33) in township one hundred fifty four (154) north of range forty-two (42) west, thence running west along the section line between sections twenty eight (28) and thirty three (33) twenty nine (29) and thirty two (32) and between sections thirty (30) and thirty one (31) all in said township one hundred fifty four (154) North of Range forty two (42) West, and terminating at the County Ditch No. 33 on the range line between townships one hundred fifty four (154), Range forty two (42), and township one hundred fifty four, (154) range forty-three (43) as its outlet, being County ditch No. 33 in said Red Lake Co.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated June 27th, 1910.
Ola Omundson,
Peter Omundson,
Gustav Omundson,
Oscar Omundson,
Theo. Omundson,
D. P. O'Neill. j7-j21

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone: Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, *Minnesota*

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breu, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 153, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Fredsisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. F. Arnie, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN.—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Fischalt, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8, and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or manual power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

IN A SERIOUS CONDITION.

A Case of Terrible Kidney Trouble.

Henry Palmer, Cole and Walnut Sts., Barnesville, O., says: "My kidney trouble was caused by hardships and exposure in the army. The awful pains across my back gradually became more severe until I was in constant misery. My feet and hands were swollen to twice their natural size. The kidney secretions were in a terrible condition—for months I voided what seemed to be clear blood. I became so dizzy everything seemed to whirl. My condition was alarming when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Before long I improved and was soon strong and well."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

An Almost Universal Prayer.

"Among the late Bishop Foss' anecdotes about prayer," said a Philadelphia Methodist, "there was one concerning a very original Norristown [illegible]

"The preacher, in the course of a prayer one Sunday night, recounted the mixed fortunes and evils that [illegible] the course of his [illegible] Then, sighing heavily, he [illegible]

"[illegible] with affliction, [illegible] and with sorrow of [illegible] If thou are obliged to try [illegible] Lord, try me with the bur[illegible]"

SKIN BEAUTY PROMOTED

In the treatment of affections of the skin and scalp which torture, disfigure, itch, burn, scale and destroy the hair, as well as for preserving, purifying and beautifying the complexion, hands and hair, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are well-nigh infallible. Millions of women throughout the world rely on these pure, sweet and gentle emollients for all purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery, and for the sanative, antiseptic cleansing of ulcerated, inflamed mucous surfaces. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., sole proprietors of the Cuticura Remedies, will mail free, on request, their latest 32-page Cuticura book on the skin and hair.

Why He Whitewashed.

A country doctor tells a story of a negro who moved into a dilapidated old cabin, and was found by the doctor one day whitewashing it inside and out. "I'm glad to see you making this old place so nice and neat," said the physician. "It's been an eyesore in the neighborhood for years." "Tain't nothing to me about eyesores," was the reply. "The last couple what lived here had twins three times, and I hope whitewash is a good disinfectant. Yo' see, we've got ten children."

A Protection Against the Heat.

When you begin to think it's a personal matter between you and the sun to see which is the hotter, buy yourself a glass or a bottle of Coca Cola. It is cooling—relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst. Wholesome as the purest water and lots nicer to drink. At soda fountains and carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Send 2c stamp for booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola" and the Coca Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910. The latter contains the famous poem "Casey At The Bat," records, schedules for both leagues, and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities. Address The Coca-Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Good Scheme.

"It's a shame," commented the friend of the restaurant proprietor.

"What's a shame?" asked the restaurant man in surprise.

"Why, that you should give that pretty waitress all the tough steaks for the patrons at her table."

"Oh, I pay her extra for that. You see, she is so pretty not one man would kick if the steaks were so tough they pulled his teeth out."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Wanted to Know the Worst.

"Well, doctor, boy or girl?"

"My dear sir, you are the father of triplets."

"Sure you haven't missed any in your hurried count?"

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

Fargo Directory

RUBBER STAMPS STENCILS, SEALS, FARGO STAMP WORKS, FARGO, N. D.

GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS
Sporting goods of all kinds. Baseball goods and uniforms. Mail orders solicited.
Buckman Hardware Co., 57 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

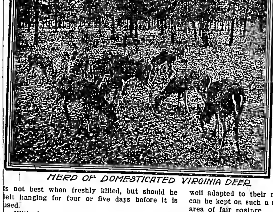
Gall Cure Horse Collars
Are made over Curled Hair Pads and will not gall the horse. Write us for free sample of the Pad. Give the name of your harness dealer. Sold by best dealers everywhere. BRISTOL & SWEET CO., Fargo, N. D.

DEER FARMING IN THE UNITED STATES

BY D. E. LANTZ
U. S. BIOLOGICAL SURVEY

That the rising prices of beef and mutton in the United States can be partially overcome by raising deer for venison, is maintained by Dr. C. Hart Merriam, chief of the United States biological survey. According to Dr. Merriam elk meat can be produced cheaper than beef or mutton in many sections of the United States, and with comparatively little effort it is possible to make raising deer for venison as profitable as any other live-stock industry. Everyone who has seen the large numbers of deer browsing on private estates in England as peacefully as cattle and sheep wonders why American enterprise has not long since developed breeding deer for food in this country.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN ELK



HERD OF DOMESTICATED VIRGINIA DEER

SEVERAL species of deer are suited for breeding in enclosures in the United States; the axis deer, the Japanese and Pekin sikas, the red and the fallow deer of Europe, and especially the Rocky Mountain elk, or wapiti, and the Virginia deer. While experiments with the foreign species named offer every promise of success to the owners of American preserves, the elk and Virginia deer are recommended as best adapted for the production of venison in the United States.

The flavor of venison is distinctive, though it suggests mutton rather than beef. In chemical composition it is very similar to beef. A lean venison roast before cooking has been found to contain on an average 76 per cent. of water, 20 per cent. of protein or nitrogenous material and 2 per cent. of fat; a lean beef rump, some 65 to 70 per cent. of water, 20 to 23 per cent. of protein and 5 to 14 per cent. of fat; and a lean leg of mutton, 67 per cent. of water, 19 per cent. of protein and 13 per cent. of fat.

The general popularity of venison is so great and the demand for it so widespread that overproduction is improbable. The other products of the deer—skins and horns—are of considerable importance and in countries where deer are abundant and especially where large herds are kept in semi-domestication, the commerce in both is very extensive.

The wapiti, known generally in America as the elk, is, next to the moose, the largest of our deer. It was once abundant over the greater part of the United States, whence its range extended northward to about latitude 60 degrees in the Peace river region of the interior of Canada. In the United States the limits of its range eastward were the Adirondacks, western New Jersey and eastern Pennsylvania; southward it reached the southern Alleghenies, northern Texas, southern New Mexico and Arizona; and westward the Pacific ocean.

At the present time the elk are found only in a few scattered localities outside of the Yellowstone National park and the mountainous country surrounding it, where large herds remain. Smaller herds still occur in Colorado, western Montana, Idaho, eastern Oregon, Manitoba, Alberta, British Columbia and the coast mountains of Washington, Oregon and northwestern California. A band of the small California valley elk still inhabits the southern part of the San Joaquin valley.

The herds that summer in the Yellowstone National park and in winter spread southward and eastward in Wyoming are said to number about 30,000 head and constitute the only large bands of this noble game animal that are left. Although protected in their summer ranges and partially safeguarded from destruction in winter by the state of Wyoming, there is yet great danger that these herds may perish from lack of food in a succession of severe winters. Partial provision for winter forage has been made within the national park, but the supply is inadequate for the large numbers of animals. Further safeguards are needed to place the Wyoming elk herds beyond the reach of winter starvation.

In addition to the wild herds there is a considerable number of elk in private game preserves and parks, as well as in nearly all the public zoological parks and gardens of this country. The herds in captivity form the nucleus from which, under wise management, some of the former ranges of this animal may restocked and from which a profitable business of growing elk venison for market may be developed. At the present time this species affords a most promising field for ventures in breeding for profit.

The elk is both a browsing and a grazing animal. While it eats grasses freely and has been known to subsist entirely upon pasture, it seems to prefer a mixture of grass and browse.

The elk is extremely polygamous. The adult bulls shed their antlers annually in March or April and new ones attain their full size in about 90 days. The "velvet" adheres until about August. While the horns are growing the bulls usually lead solitary lives; but early in September, when the horns are fully matured, the mating season begins. Fights for supremacy then take place and the victor takes charge of as many cows as he can round up and control.

Although the elk is less prolific than the common deer and some other species that have been bred in parks, it increases fully as rapidly as the common red deer of Europe. Moreover, it makes up for any lack of fecundity by its superior hardiness and ease of management. It has been acclimatized in many parts of the world and shows the same vigor and hardiness wherever it has been transplanted. In Europe it has been successfully crossed with the Altai wapiti and the red deer and in both instances the offspring were superior in size and stamina to the native stock.

The flesh of the elk, although somewhat coarse, is superior in flavor to most venison. That of the bulls is in its best condition about the time the velvet is shed. In October their flesh is in the poorest condition. As the open season for elk is usually in October and November and only bulls are killed, it follows that hunters often obtain the venison when it is poorest. The meat is not best when freshly killed, but should be left hanging for four or five days before it is used.

With few exceptions the early attempts to domesticate elk were made by men who were wealthy enough to disregard all thought of profit in raising them. They were usually placed under the care of servants and the bucks were left uncastrated until they became old and unmanageable. Soon the serious problem of controlling them outweighed the novelty of their possession and one by one the attempts at domestication were abandoned.

A desire to preserve this important game animal has caused a renewal of attempts to breed it in confinement and at present there are small herds under private ownership in many places in the United States. The biological survey has recently obtained much information from owners of herds in regard to their experience in breeding and rearing the animals and also their opinions as to the possibility of making the business of raising them profitable. Of about a dozen successful breeders nearly all are of the opinion that raising elk for market can be made remunerative if present laws as to the sale of the meat are modified.

One especially important fact has been developed by the reports from breeders. It is that the elk readily adapts itself to almost any environment. Even within the narrow confines of the paddocks of the ordinary zoological park the animal does well and increases so that periodically the herds have to be reduced by sales.

The fullest reports that have been received by the department of agriculture from breeders of elk are from George W. Russ of Eureka Springs, Ark.

Mr. Russ has a herd of 34 elk. They have ample range in the Ozarks on rough land covered with hardwood forests and abundant underbrush. The animals improve the forest by clearing out part of the thicket. They feed on buds and leaves to a height of eight feet and any growth under this is liable to be eliminated if the range is unrestricted. If not closely confined elk do not eat the bark from trees nor do they eat evergreens. In clearing out underbrush from thickets they are more useful than goats, since they browse higher. Goats, however, eat closer to the ground, and as the two animals get along well together Mr. Russ recommends the use of both for clearing up brushy land and fitting it for tame grasses.

The increase of elk under domestication is equal to that of cattle. Fully 90 per cent. of the females produce healthy young. An adult male elk weighs from 700 to 1,000 pounds; a female from 600 to 800 pounds. The percentage of dressed meat is greater than with cattle, but, owing to hostile game laws, experience in marketing it is very limited. An offer of 40 cents a pound for dressed meat was received from St. Louis, but the law would not permit its export. Mr. Russ says:

"From the fact that as high as $1.50 a pound has been paid for the meat in New York city and Canada and that the best hotels and restaurants pronounce it the finest of all the meats of mammals, we are of the opinion that if laws were such that domesticated elk meat could be furnished it would be many years before the supply would make the price reasonable compared with other meats. Elk meat can be produced in many sections of this country at less cost per pound than beef, mutton or pork."

Mr. Russ thinks that large areas of rough lands in the United States not now utilized, especially in localities like the Ozarks and the Alleghenies, could be economically used to produce venison for sale and he regards the elk as especially suited for this purpose.

Another feature of Mr. Russ's report is of more than passing interest. He says:

"We find from long experience that cattle, sheep and goats can be grazed in the same lots with elk, providing, however, that the lots or inclosures are not small; the larger the area the better. We know of no more appropriate place to call attention to the great benefit of a few elk in the same pasture with sheep and goats. An elk is the natural enemy of dogs and wolves. We suffered great losses to our flocks until we learned this fact; since then we have had no loss from that cause. A few elk in a thousand-acre pasture will absolutely protect the flocks therein. Our own dogs are so well aware of the danger in our elk park that they cannot be induced to enter it."

Elk thrive best in preserves having a variety of food plants—grasses, bushes and trees. Rough lands, well watered with clear streams and having some forested area, are well adapted to their needs. About as many elk can be kept on such a range as cattle on an equal area of fair pasture. There should be thickets enough to furnish winter browse, but this should be supplemented by a supply of winter forage.

Except when deep snows cover the ground, elk will keep in good condition on ordinary pasture and browse, but a system of management that provides other food regularly will be found more satisfactory. Hay and corn fodder are excellent winter forage, but alfalfa hay has proved to be the best dry food for both elk and deer.

Elk are much less nervous than ordinary deer and less disposed to jump fences. When they escape from an enclosure they usually return of their own accord. If tame, they may be driven like cattle. Ordinarily a five-foot fence of any kind will confine elk.

The cost of stocking an elk preserve is not great. Usually surplus stock from zoological parks or small private preserves may be obtained at low cost, varying with the immediate demand for the animals.

The Virginia or whitetail deer is the common deer of the United States. Including the half dozen geographic races that occur within our borders, it is distributed over most of the country, except Nevada and the major portions of Utah, Arizona, Washington, Oregon and California. It is extinct in Delaware and practically so in a number of states in the middle west. South of our borders a number of closely related species occur.

In view of the wide natural range of the Virginia deer, its adaptability to nearly all sections of the United States cannot be doubted. Testimony as to its hardiness in parks and preserves is not so unanimous as that concerning the elk; but the general experience of breeders is that with suitable range, plenty of good water and reasonable care in winter, raising this deer for stocking preserves or for venison may be made as profitable as any other live-stock industry. Not only do deer thrive on land unsuited for cattle or horses, but, like elk, they may be raised to great advantage in brushy or timbered pastures fully stocked with cattle or horses, as the food of deer rarely includes grass.

Advocates of the Angora goat industry state that within the United States there are 250,000,000 acres of land not suited to tillage or to the pasture of horses, cattle or sheep, which are well adapted to goats. Much of this land is suited also to deer and elk and can be utilized for these animals with less injury to the forest cover than would result from browsing by goats.

Virginia deer have often been bred in parks for pleasure or in large preserves for sport, but the economic possibilities in raising them have received little attention. Recently breeders have recognized the fact that they are profitable under proper management and would be much more so were conditions for marketing live animals and venison more favorable.

The chief obstacle to profitable propagation of deer in the United States is the restrictive character of state laws governing the killing, sale and transportation of game. Many of the states, following precedent, lay down the broad rule that all the game animals in the state, whether resident or migratory, are the property of the state. A few states except game animals that are "under private ownership legally acquired."

The laws concerning the season for killing and the sale of deer are often equally embarrassing to those who would produce venison for profit. The owner of domesticated deer cannot legally kill his animals except in open season.

Instead of hampering breeders by restrictions, as at present, state laws should be so modified as to encourage the raising of deer, elk and other animals as a source of profit to the individual and to the state.

It is believed that with favorable legislation much otherwise waste land in the United States may be utilized for the production of venison so as to yield profitable returns and also that this excellent and nutritious meat, instead of being denied to 99 per cent. of the population of the country may become as common and as cheap in our markets as mutton.

Trees in Their Right Place

One Writer Who Asserts That Conservation Can Be Carried to the Extreme.

Among persons who use more sentiment than reason, or lack knowledge of the facts, it has become a fad to say it is a crime to cut down a tree and that it is always, under any circumstances, an act of great virtue to plant one.

To one who gives thought to the matter, these accepted principles may be reversed, and we can say with all seriousness and truth that there is no town in this country where the judicious use of the ax among trees in some neighborhood or other is not demanded; and, on the other hand, thousands of trees are planted where no tree should be planted.

Each variety of fruit or ornamental tree when it reaches maturity under reasonably favorable conditions has its established size or spread of branches. Among the better shade trees this reaches 40, 50, and even a greater number of feet in diameter. In dense forests we see the trees stretching up after air and sunshine, losing their side branches and becoming a collection of giant telegraph poles with pitiful bunches of green at the top, nothing beautiful about them.

Every tree to be beautiful must have room to expand and develop to its proper proportions, and to retain the side branches with which nature always furnishes them, unless she is thwarted by the bungling hand of the hired man with ax or saw.—Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin.

When They Married.

"Her husband makes a fool of her!"

"I don't make a fool of you, do I, dear?"

"You did once, but not since."

CZAR'S SPIES ALERT

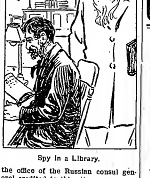
Every Russian in New York Under Espionage.

Emperor's Hirelings Haunt the Libraries and Make Note of What Is Read by Supposed Revolutionists.

New York.—If a Russian Jew dwelling in an East side tenement house spends his evenings in a public library reading the history of his fatherland or poring over books on democracy or socialism, the secret police of the czar of Russia will know about it, sooner or later. The name, age, sex, New York address, and occupation of the library reader will in the course of routine business be inscribed on the official records at St. Petersburg, together with a description of the listed person's physical appearance.

According to Bourtseff and the local leaders of the movement with whom he is working, this city harbors many secret agents of the home government whose business it is to keep the police informed of the revolutionary activities here, and especially to cable information whenever a revolutionist leaves New York for a visit to Russia. His departure is known in St. Petersburg before his ship is half way across the Atlantic, and if he ventures to cross the Russian border some pretext is found for arresting him.

It is optional with each spy in this city what ostensible occupation he shall have. He may push a peddler's cart, or keep a shop, or print books, or have a job in some city department. Anything will do so long as his neighbors do not suspect him and admit him to membership in one or more of the many little organizations of the revolutionists. He attends the meetings of these various "circles," takes part in their debates, often as not is a leader and noted for the earnestness of his denunciation of the czar. His real business is to report to the chief of the spies in New York, who in turn communicates with the Russian police and makes a call at the office of the Russian consul general credited to this city.



Spy in a Library.

This chief agent is supposed to be Alexander M. Evenlenko, who calls himself a publisher, and who declares that he is loyal to the same cause that his accusers are working for. But it is said that Evenlenko makes too many calls at the consulate, and he is specifically charged with informing St. Petersburg of the coming of Matushenko. Matushenko was one of the conspirators who brought about the mutiny on the Russian warship Potemkin. He escaped to this country, where he was harbored by Evenlenko, and then returned to Russia upon the latter's advice. He was captured at the border and hanged three days later.

For every drop of blood spilled in this revolutionary work there are oceans of printer's ink involved. Bomb throwing is infrequent, but pamphlets attacking the czar and printed in New York and Paris are smuggled over the Russian border every day by the carload. So, in the opinion of the secret police, the first step toward disloyalty to the government is reading about it. That is why the spies in New York have their instructions to watch the libraries. One of these agents is an old man with a long white beard. He is a great reader himself. He spends most of his time in the branch public libraries on the East side.

But he never forgets that he is on duty, and looks away from his fiction pages from time to time to see who is reading the heavier books of philosophy and history and political economy. If he sees that some other reader is there regularly he will walk behind him to get a glimpse of his book. If it is of the sort of literature supposed to breed discontent with monarchies in the mind of the reader, the old spy will find some way of learning that reader's name and address. He will report to the chief agent, who will give the name of the suspect to the spy assigned to the student's particular neighborhood. The second spy will learn what organization, if any, the library patron belongs to, and then attend a meeting to learn how much of what has been absorbed from the books is poured out in speeches denouncing the czar. Then, after this investigation, if the watched man or woman is considered at all dangerous by the agent, the name is forwarded to Russia.

The Same Principle.

Mesta—Isn't it true that a man working in a candy factory soon loses all desire for the product?

Staffords—Yes; why do you ask?

Mesta—I was wondering whether the same principle didn't apply to McSollar.

Staffords—McSollar? Does he work in a candy factory?

Mesta—No, a soap factory.

Rural Life Robbed of Its Terrors.

Stella—Are you afraid of cows?

Bella—Not with my hatpins.

YOUR BACKACHE WILL YIELD

To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Bloomdale, Ohio.—"I suffered from terrible headaches, pains in my back and right side, and was tired all the time and nervous. I could not sleep, and every month I could hardly stand the pain. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health again and made me feel like a new woman. I hope this letter will induce other women to avail themselves of this valuable medicine."—Mrs. E. M. FREDERICK, Bloomdale, Ohio.

Backache is a symptom of female weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so safely and surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Cure the cause of these distressing aches and pains and you will become well and strong.

The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has restored health to thousands of women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

A Welcome Gift for Any Man
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 DeKalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

THE COUNTRY FOR HIM.

"Golly! If I was eddicated I'd certainly find out where de country is where da chickens lay sich big eggs, an' I'd certainly go dere."

Wrong Diagnosis.

A drummer was taken ill suddenly. He went to see a physician of considerable standing, and the following conversation ensued: "I feel very sick," declared the drummer. "What's the trouble?" asked the physician. "Severe pain in my side." "Humph," said the doctor slowly, "I think you have appendicitis." "You have made a mistake, doctor," replied the salesman. "I'm not a millionaire, just a plain drummer." "Well, I guess you just have the cramps, then," replied the indignant personage. "Five dollars, please."

Soothing.

"But those extremely violent women lunatics—how do you manage to keep them so quiet?"

"That's an idea of the new superintendent's."

"Yes?"

"Yes; he had the straightjackets made up in the peek-a-boo style."—Puck.

Not Prepared to See.

Marjorie—Didn't you see the mouse?

Madge—Why, dear, I just couldn't see it. I had my old stockings on.

A DETERMINED WOMAN
Finally Found a Food That Cured Her.

"When I first read of the remarkable effects of Grape-Nuts food, I determined to secure some," says a woman in Salisbury, Mo. "At that time there was none kept in this town, but my husband ordered some from a Chicago traveler.

"I had been greatly afflicted with sudden attacks of cramps, nausea, and vomiting. Tried all sorts of remedies and physicians, but obtained only temporary relief. As soon as I began to use the new food the cramps disappeared and have never returned.

"My old attacks of sick stomach were a little slower to yield, but by continuing the food, that trouble has disappeared entirely. I am today perfectly well, can eat anything and everything I wish, without paying the penalty that I used to. We would not keep house without Grape-Nuts.

"My husband was so delighted with the benefits I received that he has been recommending Grape-Nuts to his customers and has built up a very large trade on the food. He sells them by the case to many of the leading physicians of the county, who recommend Grape-Nuts very generally. There is some satisfaction in using a really scientifically prepared food."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Libby's Food Products

Libby's Vienna Sausage

Is distinctly different from any other sausage you ever tasted. Just try one can and it is sure to become a frequent necessity.

Libby's Vienna Sausage just suits for breakfast, is fine for luncheon and satisfies at dinner or supper. Like all of Libby's Food Products, it is carefully cooked and prepared, ready to serve, in **Libby's Great White Kitchen** — the cleanest, most scientific kitchen in the world.

Other popular, ready-to-serve Libby Pure Foods are:

Cooked Corned Beef
Peerless Dried Beef Veal Loaf
Evaporated Milk
Baked Beans Chow Chow
Mixed Pickles

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

JUST THE PLACE you are looking for—an irrigated farm in the Sacramento Valley, Cal. Write today for free information. [illegible] poultry [illegible] alfalfa. Ideal climate. [illegible] & CO., 205 LaSalle St., Chicago

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A Tart Tongue.

Col. Robert C. Carter, at a Nashville banquet, was talking about campaign comrades.

"Then there was Dash of Company A," he said. "Dash had the reputation of being the nastiest tongued man in the regiment.

"It was Private Dash, you know, who out foraging one evening on a rich estate, came accidentally upon the owner's wife, a grande dame in evening dress.

"Dash asked her for food. She refused him. He asked again. But, still refusing, she walked away.

"'No,' she said, 'I'll give you nothing. Trespassing like this! I'll give you nothing. My mind is made up.'

"'Made up, is it?' said Dash. 'Like the rest of you, eh?'"

Why He Quit.

"Bondsonby has given up smoking."

"Impossible. He's been a slave to the habit for years."

"He's given it up, all right."

"Why? Did the doctor order him to do it on account of his nerves?"

"No, I don't believe so; but you know that peach of a stenographer he's had for the past few weeks? Well, I happened to overhear her say one day, when Bondsonby was listening, that she would be as willing to kiss a pig as to kiss a man who was always smoking."

Right Name at Last.

"Let me show you our latest novelty," said the clerk in the haberdashery. "Here is the 'north pole' collar button. Named in honor of Cook and Peary."

"By Jove!" laughed the humorous customer. "They couldn't find a better name for a collar button."

"Why not?"

"Because it is so hard to locate."

According to Her Count.

"Yes," said the young wife; "Philip and I have lived together a whole year, and we've never had the slightest quarrel."

"What are you talking about! You and Philip were married seven years ago!"

"To be sure we were, but you forget that he's a traveling salesman."

Post Toasties

with strawberries and cream.

A delightful combination that strongly appeals to the appetite.

The crisp, fluffy bits have a distinctive flavour and are ready to serve from the package without cooking.

Convenient,
Appetizing,
Healthful food.

"The Memory Lingers"

Popular pkg. 10c.
Family size, 15c.

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night, she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. She passed a terrible night, which was filled with unseemly noises. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff button in a clothes hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot. A strange man was found shot to death in the hall. It proved to be the body of Arnold Armstrong, whose banker father owned the country house. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson and the coroner arrived. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she had talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson told Miss Innes that she was hiding evidence from him. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped down a laundry chute. It developed that the intruder was probably a woman.

CHAPTER VII.—Continued.

"Liddy," I called, "go through the house at once and see who is missing, or if any one is. We'll have to clear this thing at once. Mr. Jamieson, if you will watch here I will go to the lodge and find Warner. Thomas would be of no use. Together you may be able to force the door."

"A good idea," he assented. "But—there are windows, of course, and there is nothing to prevent whoever is in there from getting out that way."

"Then lock the door at the top of the basement stairs," I suggested, "and patrol the house from the outside."

We agreed to this, and I had a feeling that the mystery of Sunnyside was about to be solved. I ran down the steps and along the drive. Just at the corner I ran full tilt into somebody who seemed to be as much alarmed as I was. It was not until I had recoiled a step or two that I recognized Gertrude, and she me.

"Good gracious, Aunt Ray," she exclaimed, "what is the matter?"

"There's somebody locked in the laundry," I panted. "That is—unless—you didn't see any one crossing the lawn or skulking around the house, did you?"

"I think we have mystery on the brain," Gertrude said wearily. "No, I haven't seen any one, except old Thomas, who looked for all the world as if he had been ransacking the pantry. What have you locked in the laundry?"

"I can't wait to explain," I replied. "I must get Warner from the lodge. If you came out for air, you'd better put on your overshoes." And then I noticed that Gertrude was limping—not much, but sufficiently to make her progress very slow, and seemingly painful.

"You have hurt yourself," I said sharply.

"I fell over the carriage block," she explained. "I thought perhaps I might see Halsey coming home. He—he ought to be here."

I hastened to the lodge.

"Where is Warner?" I asked.

"I—I think he's in bed, ma'am."

"Get him up," I said, "and for goodness sake open the door, Thomas. I'll wait for Warner."

"It's kind o' close in here, ma'am," he said, obeying gingerly, and disclosing a cool and comfortable-looking interior. "Perhaps you'd keer to set on the porch an' rest you'self."

It was so evident that Thomas did not want me inside that I went in.

"Tell Warner he is needed in a hurry," I repeated, and turned into the little sitting room. I could hear Thomas going up the stairs, could hear him rouse Warner, and the steps of the chauffeur as he hurriedly dressed. But my attention was busy with the room below.

On the center table, open, was a sealskin traveling bag. It was filled with gold-topped bottles and brushes, and it breathed opulence, luxury, femininity from every inch of surface. How did it get there? I was still asking myself the question when Warner came running down the stairs and into the room. He was completely but somewhat incongruously dressed, and his open, boyish face looked abashed. He was a country boy, absolutely frank and reliable, of fair education and intelligence—one of the small army of American youths who turn a natural aptitude for mechanics into the special field of the automobile, and earn good salaries in a congenial occupation.

"What is it, Miss Innes?" he asked anxiously.

"There is some one locked in the laundry," I replied. "Mr. Jamieson wants you to help him break the lock. Warner, whose bag is this?"

He was in the doorway by this time, and he pretended not to hear.

"Warner," I called, "come back here. Whose bag is this?"

He stopped then, but he did not turn around.

"It's—it belongs to Thomas," he said, and fled up the drive.

To Thomas! A London bag with mirrors and cosmetic jars of which Thomas could not even have guessed the use! However, I put the bag in the back of my mind, which was fast becoming stored with anomalous and apparently irreconcilable facts, and followed Warner to the house.

Liddy had come back to the kitchen; the door to the basement stairs was double-barred, and had a table pushed against it; and beside her on the table was most of the kitchen paraphernalia.

"Did you see if there was any one missing in the house?" I asked, ignoring the array of sauce pans, rolling pins and the poker of the range.

"Rosie is missing," Liddy said with unction. She had objected to Rosie, the parlor maid, from the start. "Mrs. Watson went into her room, and found she had gone without her hat. People that trust themselves a dozen miles from the city, in strange houses, with servants they don't know, needn't be surprised if they wake up some morning and find their throats cut."

After which carefully veiled sarcasm Liddy relapsed into gloom. Warner came in then with a handful of small tools, and Mr. Jamieson went with him to the basement. Oddly enough, I was not alarmed. With all my heart I wished for Halsey, but I was not frightened. At the door he was to force Warner put down his tools and looked at it. Then he turned the handle. Without the slightest difficulty the door opened, revealing the blackness of the drying room beyond!

Mr. Jamieson gave an exclamation of disgust. "Gone!" he said. "Confound such careless work! I might have known."

It was true enough. We got the lights on finally and looked all through the three rooms that constituted this wing of the basement. Everything was quiet and empty. An explanation of how the fugitive had escaped injury was found in a heaped-up basket of clothes under the chute. The basket had been overturned, but that was all. Mr. Jamieson examined the windows; one was unlocked, and offered an easy escape. The window or the door? Which way had the fugitive escaped? The door seemed most probable, and I hoped it had been so. I could not have borne, just then, to think that it was my poor Gertrude we had been hounding through the darkness, and yet—I had met Gertrude not far from that very window.

I went upstairs at last, tired and depressed. Mrs. Watson and Liddy were making tea in the kitchen. In certain walks of life the tea pot is the refuge in times of stress, trouble or sickness; they give tea to the dying and they put it in the baby's nursing bottle. Mrs. Watson was fixing a tray to be sent in to me, and when I asked her about Rosie she confirmed her absence.

"But Before We Go On, I Want to Say This."

"She's not here," she said; "but I would not think much of that, Miss Innes. Rosie is a pretty young girl, and perhaps she has a sweetheart. It will be a good thing if she has. The maids stay much better when they have something like that to hold them here."

Gertrude had gone back to her room, and while I was drinking my cup of hot tea, Mr. Jamieson came in.

"We might take up the conversation where we left off an hour and a half ago," he said. "But before we go on, I want to say this: The person who escaped from the laundry was a woman with a foot of moderate size and well arched. She wore nothing but a stocking on her right foot, and, in spite of the unlocked door, she escaped by the window."

And again I thought of Gertrude's sprained ankle. Was it the right or the left?

CHAPTER VIII.

The Other Half of the Link.

"Miss Innes," the detective began, "what is your opinion of the figure you saw on the east veranda the night you and your maid were in the house alone?"

"It was a woman," I said positively.

"And yet your maid affirms with equal positiveness that it was a man."

"Nonsense," I broke in. "Liddy had her eyes shut—she always shuts them when she's frightened."

"And you never thought then that the intruder who came later that night might be a woman—the woman in fact, whom you saw on the veranda?"

"I had reasons for thinking it was a man," I said, remembering the pearl cuff-link.

"Now we are getting down to business. What were your reasons for thinking that?"

I hesitated.

"If you have any reason for believing that your midnight guest was Mr. Armstrong, other than his visit here the next night, you ought to tell me, Miss Innes. We can take nothing for granted. If, for instance, the intruder who dropped the bar and scratched the staircase—you see, I know about that—if this visitor was a woman, why should not the same woman have come back the following night, met Mr. Armstrong on the circular staircase, and in alarm shot him?"

"It was a man," I reiterated. And then, because I could think of no other reason for my statement, I told him about the pearl cuff-link. He was intensely interested.

"Will you give me the link," he said when I finished, "or, at least, let me see it? I consider it a most important clew."

"Won't the description do?"

"Not as well as the original."

"Well, I'm very sorry," I said, as calmly as I could, "I—the thing is lost. It—it must have fallen out of a box on my dressing table."

Whatever he thought of my explanation, and I knew he doubted it, he made no sign. He asked me to describe the link accurately, and I did so, while he glanced at a list he took from his pocket.

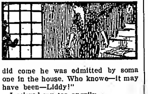
"One set monogram cuff-links," he read, "one set plain pearl links, one set cuff-links, woman's head set with diamonds and emeralds. There is no mention of such a link as you describe, and yet, if your theory is right, Mr. Armstrong must have taken back in his cuffs one complete cuff-link, and a half, perhaps, of the other."

The idea was new to me. If it had not been the murdered man who had entered the house that night, who had it been?

"There are a number of strange things connected with this case," the detective went on. "Miss Gertrude Innes testified that she heard some one fumbling with the lock, that the door opened, and that almost immediately the shot was fired. Now, Miss Innes, here is the strange part of that. Mr. Armstrong had no key with him. There was no key in the lock, or on the floor. In other words, the evidence points absolutely to this: Mr. Armstrong was admitted to the house from within."

"It is impossible," I broke in. "Mr. Jamieson, do you know what your words imply? Do you know that you are practically accusing Gertrude Innes of admitting that man?"

"Not quite that," he said with his friendly smile. "In fact, Miss Innes, I am quite certain she did not. But as long as I learn only parts of the truth, from both you and her, what can I do? I know you picked up something in the flower bed; you refuse to tell me what it was. I know Miss Gertrude went back to the billiard room to get something, she refuses to say what. You suspect what happened to the cuff-link, but you won't tell me. So far, all I am sure of is this: I do not believe Arnold Armstrong was the midnight visitor who so alarmed you by dropping—shall we say, a golf-stick? And I believe that when he



did come he was admitted by some one in the house. Who knows—it may have been—Liddy!"

I stirred my tea angrily.

"I have always heard," I said dryly, "that undertakers' assistants are jovial young men. A man's sense of humor seems to be in inverse proportion to the gravity of his profession."

"A man's sense of humor is a barbarous and a cruel thing, Miss Innes," he admitted. "It is to the feminine as the hug of a bear is to the scratch of—well, anything with claws. Is that you, Thomas? Come in."

Thomas Johnson stood in the doorway. He looked alarmed and apprehensive, and suddenly I remembered the sealskin dressing bag in the lodge. Thomas came just inside the door and stood with his head drooping, his eyes, under their shaggy gray brows, fixed on Mr. Jamieson.

"Thomas," said the detective, not unkindly, "I sent for you to tell us what you told Sam Bohannon at the club, the day before Mr. Arnold was found here, dead. Let me see. You came here Friday night to see Miss Innes, didn't you? And came to work here Saturday morning?"

For some unexplained reason Thomas looked relieved.

"Yas, sah," he said. "You see it were like this: When Mistah Armstrong and the fam'ly went away, Mis' Watson an' me, we was lef' in charge till the place was rented. Mis' Watson, she've bin here a good while, an' she warn' skeery. So she slep' in the house. I'd bin havin' tokens—I tol' Mis' Innes some of 'em—an' I slep' in the lodge. Then one day Mis' Watson, she came to me an' she sez, sez she: 'Thomas, you'll hev to sleep up in the big house. I'm too nervous to do it any more.' But I jes' reckon to myself that ef it's too skeery fer her, it's too skeery fer me. We had it, then, sho' nuff, and it ended up with Mis' Watson stayin' in the lodge nights an' me lookin' fer work at da club."

"Did Mrs. Watson say that anything had happened to alarm her?"

"No, sah. She was jes' natchally skeered. Well, that was all, far's I know, until the night I come over to see Mis' Innes. I come across the valley, along the path from the club house, and I goes home that way. Down in the creek bottom I almost run into a man. He wuz standin' with his back to me, an' he was workin' with one of these yere electric light things that fit in yer pocket. He was havin' trouble—one minute it'd flash out, an' the nex' it'd be gone. I hed a view of 'is white dress shirt an' tie, as I passed. I didn't see his face. But I know it warn't Mr. Arnold. It was a taller man than Mr. Arnold. Besides that, Mr. Arnold was playin' cards when I got to the club house, same's he'd been doin' all day."

"And the next morning you came back along the path," pursued Mr. Jamieson relentlessly.

"The nex' mornin' I come back along the path an' down where I dun see the man night befoh, I picked up this here." The old man held out a tiny object and Mr. Jamieson took it. Then he held it on his extended palm for me to see. It was the other half of the pearl cuff-link!

But Mr. Jamieson was not quite through questioning him.

"And so you showed it to Sam, at the club, and asked him if he knew any one who owned such a link, and Sam said—what?"

"Wal, Sam, he' lowed he'd seen such a pair of cuff-buttons in a shirt belongin' to Mr. Bailey—Mr. Jack Bailey, sah."

"I'll keep this link, Thomas, for a while," the detective said. "That's all I wanted to know. Good-night."

As Thomas shuffled out, Mr. Jamieson watched me sharply.

"You see, Miss Innes," he said, "Mr. Bailey insists on mixing himself with this thing. If Mr. Bailey came here that Friday night expecting to meet Arnold Armstrong, and missed him—if, as I say, he had done this, might he not, seeing him enter the following night, have struck him down, as he had intended before?"

"But the motive?" I gasped.

"There could be motive proved, I think. Arnold Armstrong and John Bailey have been enemies since the latter, a cashier of the Traders' bank, brought Arnold almost into the clutches of the law. Also, you forget that both men have been paying attention to Miss Gertrude. Bailey's flight looks bad, too."

"And you think Halsey helped him to escape?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Women in Postal Service

The distinction of first appointing a woman postmaster does not belong to America, nor is the employment of women in the postal service a new idea. As early as 1548 a woman postmaster was appointed to look after the mails of Braine le Comte, an important town of France. In the trying times of the Thirty Years' War the principal office in the postal service of Europe was held by a woman, Alexandrine de Rue. From 1628 to 1646 she was in charge of the mails of the German empire, the Netherlands, Burgundy and Lorraine. She was known as a master general of the mails. In America, Elizabeth Harvey was the first to hold a place in the postal department. She had charge of the letters in Portsmouth, N. H., in the beginning of the seventeenth century. A half century afterward Lydia Hill was placed in charge of the post office in Salem, Mass.

Chinese Thanks for Rain.

The following quaint Chinese imperial decree was recently issued from the palace in Pekin: "Owing to the scarcity of rain Prince Kung and others have been detailed to pray at the Takaotien on our behalf by dedicating incense, and also Prince Tsai Hsun and others to the Shih yin-kung and other temples to pray by dedicating incense and now plenty of rain has come for which we feel thankful. Therefore we detail Prince Tsai Hsun to the Takaotien on the 7th July on our behalf dedicate incense, and we detail Prince Puhung to the Shaochengmiao, Duke Tsai Tse to the Hsunjeumiao, Tsai Futo the Yihomiao on the same day to dedicate incense and to perform ritual service to return thanks for the rain with desires for further rainfall to console the peasants."—Shanghai Mercury.

Where It Goes.

"That man made an immense fortune out of a simple little invention." "Indeed! What did he invent?" "Invent? Nothing, you dub! He was the promoter!"

A Clean Man

Outside cleanliness is less than half the battle. A man may scrub himself a dozen times a day, and still be unclean. Good health means cleanliness not only outside, but inside. It means a clean stomach, clean bowels, clean blood, a clean liver, and new, clean, healthy tissues. The man who is clean in this way will look it and act it. He will work with energy and think clean, clear, healthy thoughts.

He will never be troubled with liver, lung, stomach or blood disorders. Dyspepsia and indigestion originate in unclean stomachs. Blood diseases are found where there is unclean blood. Consumption and bronchitis mean unclean lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

prevents these diseases. It makes a man's insides clean and healthy. It cleans the digestive organs, makes pure, clean blood, and clean, healthy flesh.

It restores tone to the nervous system, and cures nervous exhaustion and prostration. It contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs.

Constipation is the most unclean uncleanliness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure it. They never gripe. Easy to take as candy.

A USEFUL QUALITY.

"This watch of mine is absolutely waterproof."

"That is a great idea. It will not hurt the works when you 'soak' it."

Paired.

She was an amiable old lady, and volunteered much information to the fair stranger who had come down to see an important event in the country town—the laying of the foundation stone of the new church.

"Yes," prattled the old lady, "that is the duke and duchess, and the couple behind them are the mayor and mayoress; and those two to the right are the vicar and—er—vixen."—Ideas.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Not a Musician.

"What is a man called who plays on a saxophone?"

"You mean what does he call himself or what do his hearers call him?"

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Goodness is the only investment that never fails.—Thoreau.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Unsung songs cheer no hearts.—A. Williams.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

Search others for their virtues, and thyself for thy vices.—Fuller.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
FOR RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
BACKACHE
DIABETES
$375 "Guarantee"

PATENT your ideas. 64-page book and advice FREE. Established 1880. Fitzgerald & Co. Box K, Washington, D.C.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$5, $4, $3.50, $3, $2.50 & $2
THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS.
Millions of men wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the lowest prices, quality considered, in the world. Made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions.
W. L. Douglas $5.00 and $4.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.
Boys' Shoes, $3, $2.50 & $2
W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it. Take No Substitute. Fast Color Eyelets.
Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

WESTERN CANADA
What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate, Says About its Wheat-Producing Powers
"The greatest need of this country [United States] in another generation or two will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."
This great railroad magnate is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat
were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.
Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre), are to be had in the choicest districts.
Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured; mixed farming a success. Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application), and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.
CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) (4)

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.
Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.
PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.
A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.
THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

30 ft. Bowels—
Biggest organ of the body—the bowels—and the most important—It's got to be looked after—neglect means suffering and years of misery. CASCARETS help nature keep every part of your bowels clean and strong—then they act right—means health to your whole body. 911
CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—Million boxes a month.

Big Profits from Cheap Lands in Eastern Colorado

Eastern Colorado—the wonderful cattle country, great because of great crops of **nutritious grasses** and **fine water.** Better results are obtained in the feed-lots of Eastern Colorado than from **any other** district.

The **best** and strongest **horses** are raised solely on native grasses without prepared food, and bring fancy prices for cavalry purposes and general use.

Conditions are ideal for dairying or sheep raising. Mild winters—plenty of sunshine—abundant pure water, rich grasses, alfalfa, cow peas, kaffir corn, broom corn, milo maize and cane through all the year.

Hogs thrive—no cholera or other diseases that attack swine in lower altitudes. Hogs raised on alfalfa, fattened on corn raised on the same farm, cost $4 per head (including first cost of parent stock) and sell readily at top prices.

The climate of Eastern Colorado is the healthiest in the world for men and beast. Good churches, good schools and splendid markets.

Now Is the Time to Go

and see for yourself. Take the longed-for trip and see the beauties of the Colorado Rockies and investigate these **fertile cheap lands** on the way.

Let me tell you more about Eastern Colorado along the Rock Island Lines. I want to point you to success. Send me your address, tell me the kind of farming you prefer, and I will tell you about others who have **quit paying rent** and now are living in healthy, happy **homes of their own.** Write today.

Low fares for the round trip every day to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo.

L. M. ALLEN, Passenger Traffic Manager
236 La Salle Station, Chicago

Rock Island

MICA AXLE GREASE
is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere
STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Jos Toupin spent Sunday with his parents at Crookston.

Read the ad of the Healy Land company on the first page.

Dr. J. E. Argue and Sam Hunt spent Sunday at the cottage at Maple lake.

Editor E. L. Quist of the Thief River Press was in town Friday evening.

Mrs. George Jarman of Thief River Falls is a guest at the Linnihan home.

Nap Miller of Grand Rapids, Minn., visited with relatives here this week.

Louis Seitl's horse, "Sandy," took first money in the running race at the Fertile fair.

Levi Champagne of Brooks was attending to business matters in town yesterday.

For Sale—Two fresh milch cows. Call on E. E. Baker, 5 miles northeast of town. 2w

Sheriff L. A. Nelson and family visited over the Fourth with friends at Thief River Falls.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, August 6 and 7.

E. A. Columbus left Tuesday evening on a business trip to the southern part of the state.

For Sale—Good 24 hand mower cheap for cash, or I will trade in for hay.—Frank E. Hunt.

A number of Red Lake Falls people attended the celebration at Thief River Falls Monday.

G. K. Haavi of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters in town Friday and Saturday.

For Rent—5 room house with 5 acre lot. Good well and barn, sheds etc. James Hance, at elevator.

Judge Ives, the veteran editor of the Cass Lake Times, was the guest of his son, H. E. Ives, Friday and Saturday.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Nap Lemieux, who has been employed at the Great Northern station at Crookston, is at home for a vacation.

Rev. S. T. Palm will conduct services at the Norwegian Lutheran church at 8 o'clock next Wednesday evening.

Attorney F. A. Grady returned Friday from his old home at Fulkton, S. D., where he had been visiting with relatives.

The excellent concert given by the band boys last Friday evening was very much enjoyed by the people on the street.

W. W. Prichard, jr., and Willis Akre of Thief River Falls "autoed" down to this city Tuesday evening to see the new court house.

L. C. Simons of St. Paul, on a trip of inspection of the various banking institutions in which he is interested, was in the city Saturday.

N. A. Nelson of St. Hilaire is handling the State Prison machinery so if you need a Mower or Binder it will pay you to give him a call. j7

The county commissioners were in session Friday and Saturday. The official proceedings will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

A lot of Terrebonne people were in town Monday for the north side Fourth of July celebration and did some good rooting for their base ball team.

Mr. Earnest L. Quist, editor of the Thief River Press, and Miss Irene Caldwell were married at Thief River Falls last Saturday morning.

Mrs. J. F. Fournet and children returned Saturday from Crookston where they had been visiting with relatives. Mrs. Fournet was accompanied by her sister, Miss Matie Brown of Minneapolis, who is spending the week here.

99 in the shade--

Keep Cool

By using our Refrigerators, and Porch and Lawn Swings.

Fournet Furniture Store

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was down from Thief River Falls Friday and Saturday in attendance at the meeting of the county commissioners.

W. H. Fisher, who has just returned from a trip in North Dakota, says that many farmers north of Grand Forks are plowing up their grain fields.

Bills due the Red River Power company, successors to the Red Lake Falls Electric Light company, are payable at the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls.

Editor LaFreniere returned to Grand Rapids Friday after a week's visit with his mother in this city. Mrs. LaFreniere and little son remained for a longer visit.

Have for service at my place in Kretzschmar's Add. a fine blooded short horn bull, of milking strain. Fees one dollar to be paid at time of service. Kaute Flage. 2w

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

Ernest Toupin and John Richards, who are now employed at Duluth, visited with relatives and friends in town the first of the week. They returned to Duluth Tuesday evening.

There were heavy rains to the north of us and heavy rains to the south of us and much disappointment for hundreds of people here who expected a soaker Tuesday night.

The families of Dr. J. C. Wilkinson, P. B. Gaass and F. L. Farley are spending the week at Lake Sarah. The heads of the families have been making frequent trips to the lake.

If you have money lying idle or invested in a way that is not satisfactory or does not yield more than 5 per cent, you should investigate the Certificates of Deposit issued by the Merchants State Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fisher visited over the Fourth with relatives at Hoople, N. D. On their return they were accompanied by Mrs. Fisher's mother, Mrs. J. J. Herbison, who will spend a few weeks here.

Attorney F. A. Grady was at Thief River Falls Saturday conferring with clients who are residents of Marshall county and who will take an appeal from decisions in judicial ditch proceedings in Marshall county.

The summer training school for teachers opened at Thief River Falls Tuesday with a good attendance. A number of the Red Lake Falls young people, teachers in the public schools of the county and prospective teachers, are in attendance.

Mayor and Mrs. J. A. Duffy are having a regular house warming. The family of Mr. Duffy's brother, Mrs. W. B. Duffy and children, from Washburn, Wisconsin, are here for a visit at the Duffy home. They will leave soon for Culbertson, Montana, to join Mr. Duffy who has located in the west. Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Duffy and children from Vail, Arizona, are also guests at the Duffy home, they having been here for the past ten days.

Alma Vogelpohl, age 16, left the graded schools to attend Mankato Commercial College, and took bookkeeping and shorthand. That was five years ago. She has held good positions and is now considering a $1,500 offer as private secretary. The M. C. C. students are wonderfully successful.

Next Sunday, July 10, the German Lutheran church near Wylie will celebrate Mission Festival. German services will be held at 10:30 A. M. by Rev. H. O. Stark of Ada, Minn., and English services at 3:00 P. M. by Rev. H. C. Hiaz of Fisher, Minn. Dinner will be served free and other refreshments may be purchased. All are invited to attend.

Quite a number of people participated in the celebration provided by the people on the north side of the river in this city, July 4th. The ball game between Terrebonne and the local second team, Malvin's Tigers, was a lot of fun for the crowd. Terrebonne won by a score of 11 to 6. Races and a bowery dance entertained the people and kept them busy the rest of the day.

Mr. C. A. Wisto and Miss Gertie Lofthus, two prominent Thief River Falls young people, were married in this city last Saturday morning. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the officiating clergyman, Rev. L. T. Hughes, pastor of the Presbyterian church. The young people were attended by Miss Edith Brown and Mr. Elmer Zeh, both of Thief River Falls.

L. P. Harrington, who recently resigned the principalship of the Crookston agricultural school, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday. Mr. Harrington is now representing the A. C. Bohrnstedt company, a Minneapolis real estate firm, and is selling Oregon fruit lands. Mr. Harrington was accompanied by Mrs. Harrington and the children and they were guests at the A. G. Groshong home.

Miss Gladys Newland entertained last evening at a six o'clock dinner in honor of her guest, Miss Hazel Bourdon, of Red Lake Falls. There were eight young ladies present, all congenial friends of the hostess and her guest and a happy evening was spent, though all regret that Miss Bourdon has decided to leave so soon as several social affairs had been planned in her honor this week.—Crookston Times.

That H. N. Jobason has been a progressive Republican for a long time has been well known, but his unfailing loyalty to the cause was made more evident on Wednesday evening—primary day—by the arrival of a fine new boy of regulation weight at his home. The young fellow has no "gangism" in his make-up, and will be up and at 'em twenty-one years hence. The mother and babe are doing nicely, and the reporter sincerely trusts that he may live long to prove a joy and credit to his happy parents.—Lankin (N. D.) Reporter.

Clearance Sale at LaBissoniere's of Lawns, Corset Cover Embroideries, etc. 8c to 10c Lawns, 6c; 12½c to 18c goods, 9c; 25c to 35c goods at 19c; Corset Embroidery: 25c to 35c goods, 21c; 45c, 50c and 60c lines at 33c; 75c, 80c and 90c goods at 59c. We have all sizes in Ladies' and Misses' blue, tan, pink and brown hose at 25c and 50c. 20 per cent off on Ladies' brown oxfords. Broken sizes but out of many lines. We will find your size. We have a big line of Ladies' easy shoes for summer, both in regular shoes and slippers of all kinds, Juliettes, Empress, Nurse shoes, Martha Washington, elastic tops, etc. We always carry a big line of these goods.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

Improvements that are not only pleasing to the eye, but are substantial and that are of lasting benefit and satisfaction are those that have been made upon the streets and sidewalks of the city the past few weeks. New cement walks about the St. Joseph's church and school grounds and along a number of the residence and business streets and the grading and graveling of some of the streets is work that is being well done and that is an improvement that is much appreciated by the people of the city. One of the property owners who objected mildly to the construction of cement walks because of the expense, is so well pleased that he says that under like circumstances he'd do what he objected to doing this time even if it cost much more. There is not another improvement that would add more to the appearance of the city than the construction of cement walks and the work is practical, for though the first cost seems large, it is cheaper "in the end." The work is permanent and the expense of repair as well as that of rebuilding is practically eliminated. It would be a fine thing for Red Lake Falls if many more blocks of cement walks were to be built this season and next year.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

First State Bank

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF RED LAKE Falls, Minn., at close of business on June 30, 1910. Date of call by Supt. June 30, 1910. Date of report by bank July 6, 1910.

RESOURCES:			
Loans and discounts			$242,871.94
Overdrafts			1,671.77
Drafts in Transit			4,470.34
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			8,168.60
Other real estate			4,589.31
Due from Banks		35,298.92	
Checks and Cash Items		724.77	
Cash on hand, items below		8,737.84	
Currency	$ 3,545.00		
Gold	4,111.00		
Silver	1,068.00		
Other	13.84		
Total cash assets		$44,761.53	$44,761.53
TOTAL			$306,530.39
LIABILITIES:			
Capital stock			$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund			5,000.00
Undivided Profits, Net			969.45
Dividends Unpaid		1,875.00	
Deposits subject to check		$89,473.69	
Demand certificates		1,329.13	
Cashiers Checks		619.94	
Total immediate liabilities		$91,422.76	
Time certificates		182,263.18	
Total deposits		273,685.94	273,685.94
TOTAL			$306,530.39

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss:
We, Theo. Garceau, President, and Geo. F. Hennings, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
THEO. GARCEAU, President.
GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier.
Correct Attest: Two Directors:
N. M. WATSON,
W. A. SCHREITER.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of July, 1910.
(Seal) NOEL DELORME,
Notary Public.
My commission expires Oct. 24, 1913

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Maloney Decedent.

The petition of John Manley as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate having been filed in this court, representing, among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court, and that the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto:

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard, and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing and in the said matter and that citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said County according to law.

Dated July 6th, 1910.
By the Court.
{ Court Seal } IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge j6-21

A Stomach on a Holiday.

A Chicago wine merchant went on a yachting trip with a judge from the same city. They were out together for two weeks and had a good time. When they returned the agent was much upset to find himself summoned on a jury, but cheered up when he discovered the judge on the bench was his late yachting companion. He hurried to the court and pleaded business pressure as a reason for an excuse for him.

"What is your business?" the judge inquired of him coldly.

"I represent a wine in Chicago."

"Selling it or drinking it?"

"Well, drinking it largely."

"Step into the box, sir. A ten days' rest will do you good."

The wine agent served.

Merchants State Bank

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF MERCHANTS STATE BANK, at Red Lake Falls, Minn., at close of business on June 30, 1910.
Date of call by Supt., June 30, 1910.
Date of report by bank, July 5, 1910.

RESOURCES:			
Loans and discounts			$168,776.33
Overdrafts			1,112.92
Other Bonds, Stocks and Securities			20,000.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			5,879.34
Other real estate			7,431.80
Due from banks		$37,151.91	
Checks and cash items		1,837.81	
Cash on hand, items below		5,826.37	
Currency	$3,504.00		
Gold	1,100.00		
Silver	1,170.00		
Other	52.37		
Total cash assets		44,816.09	44,816.09
Other resources			4,784.00
Total			252,860.48
LIABILITIES:			
Capital stock			$ 15,000.00
Surplus fund			3,000.00
Undivided profits, net			1,303.55
Dividends Unpaid		750.00	
Deposits subject to check		62,963.40	
Demand certificates		1,037.81	
Cashiers' Checks		3,077.82	
Due to banks		7,755.06	
Total immediate liabilities		$75,614.09	
Time certificates		157,942.84	
Total deposits		$233,556.93	233,556.93
Total			$252,556.93

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.
We, Theo. LaBissoniere, vice president, and J. A. Duffy, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
THEO. LABISSONIERE, Vice President.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier.
Attest: (Two) Directors
L. A. KAUFER
R. H. BOURDON
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of July, 1910.
(Seal) PETER F. POULIOT,
Notary Public.
My commission expires March 13, 1915.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Montreuil, Decedent.

The petition of William Montreuil as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate, having been filed in this court, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court and that the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto:

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard, and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing and in the said matter, and that such citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said county according to law.

Dated July 6th, 1910.
By the Court,
(Seal) IRA C. RICHARDSON
j7j21 Probate Judge.

Order to Show Cause on Filing Petition to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. IN PROBATE COURT, Special Term, July 6th 1910.

In the Matter of the Estate of Frank Pribyl Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Louis A. Kaufer, Administrator of said Estate setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of, the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased as far as the same can be ascertained, the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof, the persons interested in said estate, with their residences, and praying that license be to him granted to sell all the Real Estate in the above entitled matter, and it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said Louis A. Kaufer to pay said debts, the [illegible] or expenses, of administration, [illegible] interests of said Estate and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate.

It is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on Tuesday the 2nd day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why a license should not be granted to said Louis A. Kaufer to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further Ordered, That this Order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Red Lake Falls Gazette a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Red Lake Falls, in said County, according to law.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 6th day of July A. D. 1910.
By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
(Seal) Judge of Probate.
j7-j21

To Save Space

Jack—Hello, Tom, old man; got your new flat fitted up yet? Tom—Not quite. Say, do you know where I can buy a folding toothbrush?—Boston Transcript.

When you have written a wrathful letter put it in the stove.—Lincoln.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF Red Lake Falls

CAPITAL $15,000.00
SURPLUS $3,000.00
SINKING FUND $15,000.00
DEPOSITS $250,000.00

Honesty!! Ability!!

All men and all institutions CAN BE HONEST AND TRUTHFUL, but when it comes to a matter of Ability that depends upon a matter of strength, resources, capital, brain capacity, public confidence and other environments and qualities that make up the SUCCESSFUL BANK.

The integrity of the Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls has been time-tested thru panics and is UNQUESTIONED.

And now, as to its ABILITY! The business men and the people of Red Lake Falls generally are beginning to look upon the Merchants State Bank as a friendly, home institution with the disposition and the ABILITY TO FINANCE EVERY worthy business enterprise.

The directors of the Merchants State Bank fully realize that its financial ability depends largely upon the men, women and children that have the money to deposit, and if the citizens of Red Lake Falls and surrounding country want a strong, vigorous banking institution with the ability and disposition to furnish money to "BOOST" all honest business and worthy public enterprises, they should deposit ALL THEIR FUNDS with the bank even tho they use them the next day. It is the Short ½ Time deposits that furnish much of our ability, our financial strength.

Being a constant and regular depositor at the Merchants State Bank also INSURES YOUR financial growth, and will lead on to sure success. We respectfully invite our patrons to impress this upon the minds of THEIR FRIENDS.

The depositing of the idle money NOW in hiding by timid people would vastly increase the financial ABILITY of the bank besides giving to these timid people interest on their money and untold comfort in carrying a bank balance, CONSTANTLY earning them interest, night and day.

No man can do a better act than to advise his friends to put their money in the Merchants State Bank where it will constantly earn them interest.

The wise will certainly make their money EARN THEM MONEY by depositing with us in the

Merchants State Bank
A. P. TOUPIN, Pres. THEO. LABISSONIERE, Vice Pres.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 42

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

CROP CONDITIONS MUCH IMPROVED

A Fine Rain Comes and the Farmers are all Happy Again.

A Conservative Estimate is that County Will Have at Least Half a Crop.

It rained!

And the rain that it rained was such a fine rain!

There was a steady downpour from three until seven o'clock Monday morning. The rain extended over much of the Red River valley and there was greater precipitation some places than here. In the northern part of the county there were good rains a few days earlier and crop prospects are looking up some, whatever that means or something like that.

Before the rains came the farmers were getting pretty discouraged because of the prolonged "dry spell," but most everybody is happy now. There are a few places on the ridges where there won't be much to harvest, but in other places there are actually some fine stands of grain. For example, between this city and Terrebonne crops are looking fine.

Asked for opinions regarding the crop prospects for Red Lake county, people who have been traveling thru the county since the rain and visitors from various parts of the county who have been in the city expressed the opinion that the county over "better than half a crop" will be harvested. There seemed to be no difference of opinion on that point.

The hay crop will be light, but corn and potatoes are coming along fine and a lot of fodder corn has been planted to help with the seed problem. Prices are sure to be good and there is little occasion for any one feeling blue, with a few exceptions of those who have high sandy land. In fact the farmers of Red Lake county are fortunate indeed by comparison with people in many parts of the country.

THE DAIRY INDUSTRY

Billion Dollars' Worth of Products Shows Magnitude Output.

According to the last year-book of the Department of Agriculture, there are 21,720,000 milch cows in the United States and these are worth $702,645,000.00. The magnitude of the industry can perhaps be best understood when it is considered that these cows produce yearly about $1,000,000,000.00 worth of diary products.

There is no other branch of diversified agriculture so important to the progress of a community. The fertility of the soil can best be maintained by the liberal use of barnyard manure and the dairy herd not only makes this possible but diarying is also more remunerative than other branches of farming when properly carried on.

Dairying has made wonderful progress since the advent of the modern creamery and the consumer of butter has not only been benifited by being furnished a more wholesome and palatable article of food, but the wife in the farm home is relieved of the drudgery incident to making butter on the farm. Where formerly the cream was ripened and churned into butter under conditions not conductive to fine quality in the finished product and in the majority of cases by unskilled hands, now the most of the milk or cream is delivered to a modern creamery where the conditions are suited to the purpose of making butter, and the result has been a wonderful improvement in the quality of our dairy products. As the quality has improved consumption has increased and the progress of dairying has been remarkable during the past decade.

The perpetuity of the country's greatness depends upon increasing the production of farm products from year to year, a result which not only furnishes our people with food but maintains the prosperity of our farming communities. Increase in production can only come through improved methods of agriculture and soil improvement. When it is considered that the dairy cow is the foundation for soil improvement and farming prosperity, her importance is better understood, and interest in her should not be confined to her owner. She is an important factor in the development and prosperity of our country.

There will be services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours Sunday morning and evening.

SOME NEW CITIZENS

Naturalization Papers Granted to Eighteen Tuesday.

Judge William Watts was here Tuesday to consider applications for naturalization that had been filed with Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson. Naturalization papers were granted to eighteen applicants. The names, native countries and present places of residence of the new citizens are given below:

Elias Angell, Norway, Smiley.
Ole J. Ferstad, Norway, Goodrich.
O. M. Peteran, Norway, Smiley.
Arnold Bjerkhoel, Norway, T. R. Falls.
Charles F. Peterson, Sweden, Thief River Falls.
Jacob Bjerkhoel, Norway, Thief River Falls.
Martin O. Moen, Norway, Reiner.
Adolph F. Lindblad, Sweden, Thief River Falls.
Gunder J. Bakke, Norway, Bocksbury.
John L. Magnuson, Sweden, Thief River Falls.
Chris Halvorson, Noway, Thief River Falls.
Chistian A. Ruslad, Norway, North.
Anton Horachek, Bohemia, Highlanding.
Albert Angell, Norway, Thief River Falls.
John B. Smith, England, Thief River Falls.
John Olson, Norway, Smiley.
Hilde Soderberg, Sweden, Thief River Falls.
Marit N. Landsen, Norway, Smiley.

Not the Gazette.

The statement published in a recent issue of the Sunbeam, that the Gazette is being advertised for sale by John E. King is incorrect.

THE SUMMER SCHOOL

About One Hundred Teachers Are Enrolled at Thief River Falls.

Work in the summer training school for teachers being held at Thief River Falls is progressing very satisfactorily and about one hundred teachers are in attendance. Those from Red Lake Falls are, Cora Adler, Mae Adler, Nellie A. Abell, Amelia Boilean, Mary W. Caddieux, Della Dubuque, Della A. Ford, Octavio Gamache, Pearl F. Grey, Geo. Richard, Cora I. Paul, Alice M. Zaiser, Laura B. Zaiser, Graham Kindseth. Others in attendance are, Lillie Boekm, Annie J. Fallman, Gena Finstad, Ebbie F. Hanson, Selma Hoff, Bernice Jackson, Blanche Lind, Mabel Remington, Ruth Roy, Emma Sathre, Emma Paulson and Raymond Pope from St. Hilaire, Bernadotte Dery from Brooks, Gida R. Oullingsrud, Elphie Lee and Emma Wnidal from Plummer, Hanne Miller and Ernest Johnson from Wylie, Marget Sorenson and Annie Sorenson from Lambert. There is a large attendance from Thief River Falls and there are a few from Fosston, McIntosh, Erskine and other places.

Divorce Was Granted.

Before Judge Watts in chambers last evening Mrs. Magnhild Lee was granted an absolute divorce from her husband, Lars Lee. The parties have been married for twenty-one years and have made their home northwest of Thief River Falls where they owned 160 acres of land. They had two children, a girl of 19, who is now married, and a boy of 16. The grounds on which the divorce was asked and granted were habitual drunkenness and cruelty. By stipulation the land and property was divided. Attorney Guy Halvorson of Thief River Falls represented Mrs. Lee while Chas. E. Boughton of Red Lake Falls appeared for the husband.—Crookston Press.

Proposals Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will convene in special session Friday, August 5th, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the furnishing of all labor and materials required in the erection and finishing of the electric wiring of the county court house now under construction in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the county auditor.

Plans may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

Sealed bids will be received up to the hour of 1:00 o'clock p. m., of said day and may be filed with the county auditor.

A certified check, payable to the order of A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, must accompany all bids calling for an amount equal at least to 10 per cent of the amount of the bid.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite open bids.

By order of the Board.
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal) j14-28

SOME FIGURES THAT DON'T LIE!

An Argument Against County Division That Is Unanswerable

A Contribution from a Man Who Knows What He's Talking About.

The Gazette has received the following letter which is an interesting contribution to the literature of the county division campaign:

Brooks, Minn., July 11, 1910.

Editor Gazette:—

For the benefit of the county divisionists of Thief River Falls and the people of Red Lake county in general, I wish to give them an example of the difference in taxes between little Scott county, which they alluded to in their papers, and Red Lake county. I lived in Scott county for fifty years, owned 156 acres of land in one of the full townships of that county, 60 acres of which was under plow. 10 acres were assessed as swamp and the remainder was meadow and timber pasture. On the buildings I could not get over $1000 insurance, and for the last ten years I have paid $40 to $42 per year real estate taxes. There is no ditch tax, or court house tax, as the court house has been built forty years and would be a disgrace to the Fiji Islands, but they have got to do with it, for the taxes are already too high. There are not any large streams to be bridged in the county and not any more poor to be taken care of than in any other county of its size, and its affairs are run as economically as possible.

Now I own 250 acres in Red Lake county which I am told is the best in the county. There ar 100 acres under the plow. I have $1000 insurance on my buildings and have paid this year's taxes which were $33.10.

Now I think this example ought to prove to any fair minded man that small counties are an expensive luxury especially where there is so much idle land.

Hoping your readers will think it over seriously before election, I remain,

Yours truly,
THOS. F. CONNORS.

Neither Pennington nor reduced Red Lake county, in case county division should carry, would have more than half as many people as Scott county and not half as much property to be assessed, and yet either county would have greater expense,—county buildings to be paid for, roads and bridges to be built and general expenses as large at least as those in Scott county. Read Mr. Connors' letter again and then try to figure what would be the taxes on a 160 acre farm in Pennington or reduced Red Lake county.

AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL

A Fine New Building is Being Erected at the Crookston School.

"The Ladies Dormitory and Auditorium at the Crookston School of Agriculture are being rapidly pushed towards completion and everything is in favor of their being finished and equipped ready for the fall term. The Ladies Dormitory has thirty-seven students' rooms and will accomodate from seventy-five to one hundred girls.

The building is to have parlor, bedrooms, toilets and bathrooms fitted up with the most modern conveniences and everything will be done to make the school life of the students pleasant as well as profitable. The Auditorium is to have a large Assembly Room 41x61 ft. with a balcony at the rear and a large stage at the front. This room will seat about 400 persons. This building also contains the Superintendent's offices, the Library, and Reading Room 24x34ft. Shower Baths, Toilets and Locker Rooms, and a Gymnasium 41x61ft. where the students may get pysical training under a competant director.

The fall term opens October 8, 1910. Board and room will be $15.00 per month. Those wishing copies of the School Bulletin for 1910 and 1911 may receive them by addressing, Supt. Crookston School of Agriculture, Crookston, Minn."

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.05
Durum	.77
Rye	.59
Oats	.34
Flax	1.91
Barley	.49
Potatoes	.22
Eggs	.17
Butter, dairy	.25

It Would Be So Easy.

Some one has suggested that a ball game between the married men and the single men of the city would be a lot of fun. That is doubtful of course because it would be such a snap for the married men that the game could not be very interesting. But if a collection were to be taken up after the game and the proceeds devoted to a fund for the erection of a bachelor's home, all charitably minded people would become interested and the little chewing match could be made a financial success.

However, it is probable that the bachelors don't dare.

Like Our Band.

In its write-up of the fair held at Fertile, the Fertile Journal has the folowing to say of the Red Lake Falls band:

The Red Lake Falls band was there with the music all the time. They were always ready for every occasion. They are a gentlemanly lot of players and are considered one of the best bands in this part of the state. The management have no reason to feel otherwise but well pleased with music given them and if Fertile has no band next year no other music will be considered but the Red Lake Falls band.

County Revenue Warrants Payable.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 1st, 1910

Notice is hereby given that all county revenue warrants recorded prior to May 1st, 1910, are payable at the office of the County Treasurer, and interest on same will be stopped 30 days from above date.

H. E. IVES,
County Treasurer, Red Lake Co.

THE BEMIDJI RACES

Complete Report of Events of Meet of Firemen's Tournament Association.

The athletics of the Red Lake Falls fire department did not participate in the races and contests of the tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament association held at Bemidji last week. However, a number of their unusual records still stand so the boys may feel that they are still in the game and they will probably get into the races next year. Local people will be interested in the result of the contests at Bemidji so a complete report is published as follows:

Ladder Climbing contest. Harry Schmidt, Crookston, 1st, time 7 4-5 seconds; Shorty Ecklund, Warren 2nd; E. Helgeson, Ada, 3rd.

Association Banner Race. Bemidji 1st, time 23 4-5; Crookston 2nd; Warren 3rd.

100 yard dash. Joseph Staska, Warren, 1st, time 11 seconds; Van Boyd, Crookston, 2nd; Ray Dennis, Bemidji, 3rd;

Coupling contest. Ray Dennis Bemidji 1st, time, 4 1-5; Harry Schmidt, Crookston, 2nd; Helgeson, Ada, 3rd. Dennis has won this race six years straight. His best time is 4 flat.

Association Hook and Ladder Race. Crookston, 1st, time 24 4-5 seconds; Warren, 2nd; Bemidji 3rd.

Flag race. Warren, 1st, time 67 seconds; Crookston and Bemidji tied for second, time 70 flat. This race was one by Red Lake Falls last year in 65 2-5 seconds beating the world's record by 3-5 of a second.

Service Wet Test. Bemidji 1st, time 26 3-5 seconds; Warren 2nd; Ada, 3rd.

Combination Hook and Ladder and Hose Race. Warren, 1st, time 25 1-5 seconds; Bemidji, 2nd; Crookston, 3rd. This race was won five years straight by Red Lake Falls with a record of 23 flat.

Hub and Hub Race. Warren, 1st time 18 1-5 seconds, Bemidji and Crookston tied for second, time 18 2-5 seconds. This race was won by Red Lake Falls five years straight. Their record is 17 flat.

Firemen's Base Ball Game. Warren vs. Ada. Warren, 8; Ada, 3.

Notice for Bids on Cement Sidewalk Construction.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of Red Lake Falls will receive bids for the construction of all cement and concrete sidewalks, gutters, crossings, curbstones, sewers and sewer catch basins to be built by the city of Red Lake Falls during the year 1910. Bids to be based on specifications on file in the office of the city clerk. The successful bidder will be required to furnish bond in an amount to be set by the council, conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract and a five year guarantee of his work. All bids to be sealed and filed with the city clerk, to be opened by the city council at the city hall, July 23, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M. But the council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to receive oral bids at such meeting.

Dated July 5, 1910.

Joseph Perrault,
j7-14 City Clerk.

ED SMITH IS THE MAN ON THE JOB

Minneapolis Politician Chosen to Run the Republican State Campaign.

The Governor and His Secretary Dodging Pinchot-Ballinger Controversy.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, July 12.—It is difficult to understand why Republicans who are satisfied to see Mr. Eberhart nominated for governor should set up such a roar because he has selected Ed. Smith to be chairman of the Republican State Central committee and his personal representative. And if they have kept in touch with what is going on they would hardly have failed to know that ever since he has been governor Senator Smith has been Mr. Eberhart's constant advisor. It was Senator Smith who, in selecting a private secretary for the governor, chose a man who could be relied upon not to butt in and at the same time keep him informed as to what was going on in the executive office. It was Senator Smith who directed the governor's pre-convention campaign. It was the interests that Senator Smith represents who took the initiative in rounding up delegates, promptly sat down on it whenever incipient opposition raised a snarling front and smoothed the way for a harmonious convention.

Eberhart's Inspiration.

Moreover when Mr. Eberhart was lieutenant governor it was to Senator Smith to whom he looked to organize the senate. Mr. Smith was given carte blanche not only to name the committees on which he wished to serve but also to select portfolios for his friends. Because Senator Smith took the trouble to organize the senate Mr. Eberhart's ways were made pleasant for him. They made a great team. Left to itself there is no telling what the senate might have done. There was a nasty sprinkling of insurgency in it. Men were there who wanted to make trouble for the railways, for the brewers, for the steel trust, and for corporations generally. Ed. went around quickly and fixed things before the men possessed with vagaries knew where they were at, he had the legislative plums apportioned, the patronage distributed, and everything was working like clockwork.

Smith's Recommdations.

The objection made is that Senator Smith has a record. What of it? His friends are the Governor's friends. Supposing Mr. Smith heretofore has done business with them. It surely does not constitute a disdvantage on the eve of a campaign to have a man in charge who knows the ropes and who is next the people who can finance a political campaign without feeling it. Governor Eberhart has been through two campaigns and doubtless knows where the shoe pinches. There is no Cole this year to foot the committee's bills. It is most humiliating and unpleasant to have to go around hat in hand as had to be done two years ago begging for small contributions and then to be harrassed afterwards by unpatient creditors. Why should the governor not take care to have a man at the head of his committee who would relieve him of so unpleasant a prospect.

Ed, Dar and Jake.

The part Mr. Smith took in the Jacobson campaign is also the subject of criticism. The charge is made that at a certain conference at which Mr. Smith was present and in which D. F. Reese also took part, certain inducements were held out to Mr. Jacobson if he would carry on his campaign in a certain way, and that, while Mr. Jacobson carried out his part of the compact, he did not ultimately get the support from Mr. Smith's and Mr. Reese's friends he had been led to expect. This, of course, is unfair both to Mr. Smith and Mr. Reese. Their compact only went to the nomination. They delivered the goods. Mr. Jacobson has no right to complain if afterwards Mr. Smith's friends concluded that their interests lay elsewhere.

An Unfortunate Omission.

Mr. Smith always, of course, represented the interests while he was a member of the senate. He was opposed, as no doubt he had a right to be, to any measure restricting the privileges of the railroads. He tried to buy the tonnage tax bill. He set his face against the sumptuary temperance laws. But in all this he did no more than represent the interests who have secured Governor Eberhart's nomination and on whom he relies for support in his campaign. It would have been extremely ungrateful in the governor when he found Mr. Smith in sore straits and even in danger of rejection by his own ward, if he had not come to the rescue. The only fair criticism that can be made of the governor's course is that he did not insist on Dar Reese being made Secretary of the State Central Committee. He knows how close Mr. Reese is to Mr. Smith and what a team they make when they work together. In his own interest he should have insisted on the executive committee being homogenous. It may be, however, that that has been arranged for Mr. Reese's office will be just around the corner and doubtless they will have ample opportunity for consultation.

Pinchot on the Grill.

I am pained to see that private secretary Wheelock is quite angry with Mr. Pinchot. Mr. Pinchot, it appears, carries insurgency to too great an extent. He should let by-gones be by-gones and get in bed with Ballinger. The people in Mr. Wheelock's opinion are sick of the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy and he intends to insist that nothing disagreeable shall be so much a mentioned at Governor Eberhart's conservation congress when it is held here in September.

Calling him down.

Mr. Wheelock is futher reported as follows "It was thought", said Mr. Wheelock, "that some of the speakers were too partisan, and that the Pinchot side of the Pinchot-Ballinger controversy was given too prominent a place on the program. On account of this idea, the governor yesterday wired Mr. Pinchot, asking for a conference upon the program, suggesting that there might be some changes made. In reply Pinchot wired that it would be impossible to change the program, as the arrangements had already been made.

"We believe that Mr. Pinchot did not understand the governor's message, because when we were in Washington, arranging the details of bringing the congress to St. Paul, both Mr. Shipp and Captain Thomas White of Kansas City, chairman of the executive committee, assurred us that the program would only be tentatively arranged until the local committee had a chance to see it."

Putting a Crimp in Roosevelt.

It is understood that Mr. Wheelock has also expresed some anxiety relative to the part President Roosevelt will take in the proceedings and fears lest by his brashness he might disturb the harmony regarded so much in the governor's interests. Mr. Wheelock, however, has learned with some satisfaction that Col. Roosevelt, before delivering his address in the Guild Hall at London, submitted a draft of his remarks to Earl Grey. He regards the precedent as a good one and is seriously considering suggesting to the Colonel that it be followed by submitting his St. Paul address for executive revision. Mr. Wheelock is confident that if it is submitted to him he will be able to make suggestions which, if followed, will avoid any possibility of offence.

Fixing the Ninth District.

Senator Stephens has been given a place in the Republican State Central Committee. It is understood that he will have charge of the governor's interests in the Ninth Congressional district. In the recent campaign Senator Stephens familiarized himself thoroughly with political conditions in the Red River Valley. No doubt he is just the man to secure hearty co-operation of Dr. Cole, Mr. Wells, Mr. Halcomb, and other defeated candidates. With Senator Stephen's cooperation it is hoped that even Elmer Adams can be brought into line.

Chronic Kickers.

I am sorry to have to report that the meeting of the candidates here in St. Paul was rather a stormy one. Although as a precaution a blanket was hung in front of the door, the echoes of stormy voices reached ears for which they were not intended. I am told that when Sam Gordon heard that Ed. Smith was to be "It" he just roared and that Julius Schmahl and some others were there to sic him on. However these fellows were sat down on as they should have been. Governor Eberhart was bound to have harmony if he had to use a club.

Clapp Making Sure.

I understad that although there does not appear to be any opposition to Senator Clapp he is taking nothing for granted. He seems to have small faith in the Republican organization and even looks with suspicion on Governor Eberhart himself seeing him, no doubt, in case he redeems the state a possible rival. At all events I learn that the senator is going ahead and perfecting an organization independent quite of Mr. Smith. In particular, I am told he is busy in the third district, and has taken some pains to hold out an olive branch there to politicians there without a recognized leader. I am told that by forming new combinations his friends hope to secure the election Clapp Republicans to seats in the legislature held by Democrats.

—PAUL PRY.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

IT WILL BE A VERY FINE BUILDING

Brick Work on Basement and First Story of Court House is Completed.

New County Capitol is to be Ready For Occupancy November 1.

Work on the new court house is progressing very satisfactorily. The brick work for the basement and the first story of the building is completed and as the brick work has progressed Contractor Brady and crew have been putting in the frame work. Conditions have been favorable for rapid progress with the work and there is little doubt that the building will be completed by Nov. 1, the time provided in the contract when the building shall be ready for occupancy.

As the work progresses and the building is taking on form people are having an opportunity to get an idea of what a fine building the new court house is to be. A number of Thief River Falls people have taken occasion to express their admiration for the building. Others, not so outspoken, though perhaps approving none the less, have been making eyes at it. This is all very pleasing, and perhaps through admiration for our good works they will, after the court house is completed, come to love us a little more.

PLAY DOUBLE HEADER

Two Ball Games on the Local Grounds Next Sunday Afternoon.

There will be a ball game between Fosston and Red Lake Falls on the local grounds Sunday afternoon. Fosston has one of the fastest teams in the northwest. They recently took the long end of a championship series with Crookston. If the locals pull out a victory they will know that they have been in a ball game.

Following the big game Terrebonne and Dorothy will play for a purse of $10.00. One admission price of 25 cents will pay for seeing the two games.

Democratic County Convention.

A Democratic Delegate convention for the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at Thief River Falls, on Saturday, July, 23, 1910 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day for the purpose of selecting 9 delegates to the Democratic Convention, to be held at the city of Minneapolis, on Thursday, July 28th, 1910, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Clerk of the Supreme Court. Also to designate a resident of said county who shall be recommended to the State convention as a member of the State central committee, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for each 25 votes or major fraction cast for the late Governor John A. Johnson in 1908, and one delegate at large for each precinct.

In accordance with the above apportionment the several precincts of the county will be entitled to the following number of delegates;

Bray	2
Black River	3
Clover Leaf	2
Deer Park	2
Emardville	2
Equality	2
Garnes	2
Gervais	3
Goodrige	1
Highlanding	1
Hickory	1
Kratka	2
Lake Pleasant	2
Lambert	2
Louisville	2
Mayfield	2
Norden	2
North	2
Numedahl	2
Polk Center	3
Poplar River	3
Red Lake Falls, town	3
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	3
Reiner	1
Sanders	3
Silverton	2
Smiley	2
Star	1
Terrebonne	4
Wyandotte	2
Plummer Village	2
St. Hilaire Village	3
Red Lake Falls City—	
First ward	4
Second ward	3
Third ward	5
Thief River Falls City—	
First ward, 1st precinct	5
First ward, 2nd precinct	5
Second ward	5
Third ward	5
Total number of delegates	103

The primaries for the election of delegates to the County Convention will be held in the usual voting places of the several precincts on Wednesday, July 20, 1910, from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock P. M.

W. B. FULLER,
Chairman.
FRED BORCHERS,
Secretary.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

THING GOT ON HIS NERVES

Irascible Old Gentleman Found Himself Compelled to "Butt Into" the Conversation.

It happened on an elevated train. A nervous man was sitting in front of a couple. The man of the couple was explaining to the woman the wonders of the elevated system.

"That's the third rail," he said.

"O, yes," she answered. "Why do they call it the third rail?"

"Why, because there are three rails, you see."

"Do you know, I have often wondered why it was. It looks like it was higher than the others."

"It is. They have to have it that way."

"Really! It seems to be higher. So that's the third rail. Do you know, I have read and heard so much about the third rail, and never knew what it was. It appears to be higher than the other two."

"Yes. It is. That's the third-rail system, you know."

"Uh-huh. I never could understand it before. It really looks higher than the others, too, doesn't it?"

"It is higher. You see, they raise it above the others."

"My! Don't they do things in the city? So that is the third rail? It doesn't look any different from the others, only it seems to be higher."

"Yes. It's higher. You see—"

At this point the nervous man jammed his paper into a wad, turned about and glared at the couple and snapped:

"For the sake of argument, madam, we will concede that it is the third rail and that it is higher than the others. Now, what's the next point in dispute?"

The conductor induced him to get off at the next stop.—Chicago Evening Post.

Drainage Area of Ohio River.

Beginning in 1907 the United States geological survey undertook to define the full drainage area of the Ohio river basin in square miles. Its first important subject has been the Kanawha river, where an intensive study has been in progress. At the mouth of the Kanawha, where it empties into the Ohio river, its drainage has been placed at 12,000 square miles.

In 1908 25 gauging stations were maintained in the Kanawha basin, averaging one station for each 49 square miles of drainage. Final estimates of the flow of the river for each month in the year will require more time or accuracy in the full report, but from four of these stations an approximation has been made, interesting as to water versus steam power. In the bulletin of the survey is the statement:

"The Kanawha river drainage basin contains abundant water powers and also great resources of good coal, and if hydraulic power can compete with power developed from steam in this area it will be possible for it to compete with steam in almost any other part of the country."

Thomas Hardy's Birthday.

In the quiet that only a rigorously guarded front door can insure where the hero of the occasion is a world-famous novelist and the scene a cozy London flat, Thomas Hardy celebrated his seventieth birthday last week. From every part of the world congratulations reached him by post and telegram in this little eyrie in the heart of a London that he knows and loves a good deal better than some Wessex worshipers imagine. An attack of influenza had left him in no mood to see visitors, so, while pilgrims—many of them Americans—were tramping the path that leads to Max Gate, Hardy's country home in Dorsetshire, he himself was calmly sitting at his London tea table with his devoted wife, listening to the distant roar of the motor-buses tearing their way to London's "dormitories," as her northern suburbs are called.—Harper's Literary Gossip.

Bottle Many Centuries Old.

In a recent lecture in Paris, Professor Julian, a member of the faculty of the College de France, showed a bottle of wine which he declared was 1,500 years old. He said it had been found in the old cemetery of St. Seurien, near Bordeaux. The shape of the bottle was closely studied and this, as well as the place of discovery, seemed to carry out the professor's contention, according to a report made by a member of the academy.

Havoc Wrought by Rabid Dog.

Some three years ago a rabid dog ran across the international bridge at Buffalo into Ontario. Many cases of rabies have since occurred in that province, some fifty persons bitten by dogs having had to go to New York for treatment at the Pasteur institute.

Choice of Evils.

"According to statistics," read Mrs. Peckem from a magazine, "75 per cent. of male criminals are unmarried."

"Which shows how many men prefer the penitentiary to matrimony," rejoined Mr. Peckem, significantly.

They Have to Laugh.

"What ever gave him an idea he is a humorist?"

"He is always springing jokes on the men who work for him."—Houston Post.

Honest Genius.

The editor wrote: "Dear madame, the verses entitled, 'The Kiss,' are very clever. Can you assure me that they are original?"

The authoress answered: "Sir. Not quite. 'The Kiss' was a collaboration."—Cleveland Leader.

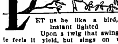
Feminine Tactics.

"Why are you talking of a trip to Europe? It would cost your husband a thousand dollars or more."

"Quite so. I expect to compromise on a $50 hat."

The KITCHEN CABINET

The KITCHEN CABINET



LET us be like a bird, one instant lighted
Upon a twig that swings;
He feels it yield, but sings on unafrighted,
Knowing he hath his wings."
—Victor Hugo.

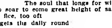
Serving Strawberries.

The delicious strawberry served au naturel can not be improved upon. Place a small mound of powdered sugar on a paper doily, then heap the berries around it, leaving on the hulls. When the strawberry leaves can be obtained use them instead of the doily. Nothing could be more appetizing on a hot morning or for first course at a summer luncheon. Have the berries well chilled.

Do not fail to prepare a glass or two of sun preserved berries. They will make a choice dish for the holiday table.

One of the nicest of pastries is the strawberry pie. Bake a rich crust and fill with chopped berries well mixed with powdered sugar. Cover with sweetened whipped cream and serve.

Another delicious dessert is made with angel food baked in two tins and put together as shortcake, with berries. Serve with whipped cream, sweetened.



DESPISE not thou small things.
The soul that longs for wings
To soar to some great height of sacrifice, too oft
Forgets the daily round
Where daily cares abound,
And shakes off little duties, while she looks aloft.'

Cocoanut and Ways to Use.

When the cocoanut comes freely into the market, many of our housewives get a fresh one, make a cake and give the children a treat, never thinking that they may prepare their own cocoanut for a year's use.

This delicious and wholesome nut may be put through the food chopper, first removing the brown shell and inside covering using the coarse knife in the chopper first, then putting it through the finer. Mix it generously with sugar and stand it in the warming oven of the stove to dry gradually for a day, when you will have cocoanut to last until the fresh ones come again. A half a dozen cocoanuts will make about four quarts in bulk. It may be dried without sugar, and is then ready for soups and salads.

A custard pie with half a cup of cocoanut added to it makes a plain custard pie quite stylish.

Have a dish of fresh peeled cocoanut on the dinner table for the children; they enjoy it and if well masticated, it is good food. In many of our colleges this is a popular luncheon dish for the girls and boys.

A salad that is well liked is made of fresh cocoanut or desiccated, well-washed to remove the sugar, equal parts of chopped apple, one cupful to a teaspoonful of chopped parsley and onion, and a bit of red pepper, chopped to give a touch of red and flavor, a tablespoonful of green pepper chopped. Serve with French dressing.

Fruit Salad Dressing.

A dressing for fruit has been a problem for many cooks who do not like the French or the boiled dressing on fruit. It seems strange that the fruit juices should not be more commonly used.

Pineapple, orange juice, lemon, strawberry and in fact any fruit juice, makes a dressing for a fruit combination which is especially suited to it.

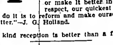
Take half a cup of orange juice, a quarter of a cup of lemon juice, a tablespoonful each of butter and flour cooked together, then add the fruit juice and a tablespoonful of sugar; cook until smooth; cool before using. This dressing may be used on any fruit combination, and is well liked.

When a sweet salad dressing is wanted, boil sugar and water to a thick sirup and pour when cold, over the fruit. This is very nice on pineapple and strawberry combination.

A boiled dressing may be made by saving out a little of a boiled custard, not using sugar in the custard until after the cooking. This part may be seasoned as one likes, with onion juice, mustard, pepper and salt, having a dessert and a boiled dressing from the same dish, and saving time and fuel.

The mayonnaise is a salad dressing made by adding oil to a beaten yolk of an egg, a little at a time, alternating with vinegar. Add salt and cayenne to the egg before beating. A cupful of oil will take five tablespoonfuls of lemon juice or vinegar, to one egg. Beat until thick, adding the oil and vinegar a few drops at a time at first.

The KITCHEN CABINET



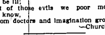
IF WE would reform society, or make it better in any respect, our quickest way to do it is to reform and make ourselves better."—J. G. Holland.

A kind reception is better than a feast.

Seeing Things to Do.

There are some people who are always seeing little things that they may do for others. Comfort, little attentions that cost little and mean much. To the ordinary plodding mortal who would be glad to do many things; but never see them to do until somebody does them, this art seems a mystery. It is really very simple and one becomes proficient by practise. One of the hardest things we have to do in life and one in which we have acquired little ability, most of us, is the noble art of putting ourself in our neighbor's place, and judging from his standpoint.

The practise of this gentle art makes us sensitive to times and seasons, tactful and offering attentions and generous in putting ourselves in the background. In traveling one sees more human nature in a week than we do among our acquaintances in a year, for even nice people, are thinking of themselves too much and too little of the comfort of others. One may endure the slights of strangers, and the selfishness shown by them, but in the intimate relationship of home life, thoughtfulness for others will make or mar the happiness of a life.



THE surest road to health, say what they will,
Is never to suppose we shall be ill;
Most of those evils we poor mortals know,
From doctors and imagination grow."
—Churchill.

Household Hints.

A cake that rises in the middle and bursts open may have too much flour in it, or the oven too hot at the beginning.

When any baked mixture has large holes in it, making it coarse grained, too much baking powder has been used. Many people consider the sifting of flour several times to be a great task, but with two pieces of manilla paper one may sift it in a few turns of the wrist. As one of the secrets of success in cake making is the flour sifting, let that process be done well, for whatever is used to lighten the mixture must be well blended in order to do its work.

The creaming of the butter, adding the sugar a little at a time is another important point. Then the cutting and folding in of the beaten whites just at the last, and increasing the heat in baking. Never decrease it.

Salad Dressings.

One of the simplest of all salad dressings is the one of oil and vinegar called the French dressing. Olive oil is so wholesome that the taste for it should be cultivated. Elderly people especially need the oil to limber up the stiffened joints and nourish the wasting tissues.

Where vinegar seems to disagree, lemon juice may be used. Use four parts of oil to one of acid, as too much acid is not good for the stomach.

Add a half teaspoonful of salt and a dash of pepper to the above amount, stirring with a fork or spoon until well mixed. Some tastes like a bit of onion juice added to the dressing or a cut clove of garlic might be rubbed on the inside of the bowl in which the dressing is mixed.

A salad dressing of sour cream with seasonings and a bit of vinegar is liked by many, on cucumbers.

Supreme of Strawberries.

Fill a hollow mold with strawberry jelly made by using the strawberry juice and gelatine. Unmold and fill the center with ripe large berries and powdered sugar, with whipped cream. Serve very cold.

Strawberries cut in halves and served with pineapple makes a very good salad. Using French dressing made with lemon juice instead of oil. The pineapple may be cut in cubes or the strawberries heaped on a slice for each serving.

Cocoanut Soup.

Put the meat of half a cocoanut through a meat chopper two or three times until smooth. Cook gently one hour in one quart of white stock. Thicken with one tablespoonful of rice flour or wheat flour, add a tablespoonful of lemon juice, a bit of cayenne and nutmeg, and salt to taste. Rice boiled until soft and put through a ricer may be used instead of rice flour.

Nellie Maxwell.

Work of the Unfortunate.

Miss Mabel Nutting of the school of household arts in Teachers' college, New York, arranged the exhibit of invalids' work which was recently held at Teachers' college in connection with the convention of the American Society of Superintendents of Training Schools for Nurses. These articles were made by weak-minded people, one-handed people, paralytic people and even invalids of the kindergarten age. The handicraft shop of Marblehead, Mass., where the nervously broken down go to seek restoration by quiet work under medical guidance, was among the institutions exhibiting.

Invited Others to Talk.

Said She—Miss Screetcher is popular at social gatherings.

Said He—She is, eh?

Said She—Yes. She has the happy faculty of keeping the conversational ball a-rolling, as it were.

Said He—Why, I never considered her much of a talker.

Said She—Oh, she isn't; but she sings on the slightest provocation.

MULTIPLY ON YOUR FINGERS

Method Is An Invention of a Polish Mathematician—Serve as Calculating Machine.

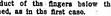
A French magazine describes an amusing method of learning and remembering the harder part of the multiplication table. The method is there stated to be an invention of M. Procopowitch, a Polish mathematician.

He has discovered a way of making the fingers serve as a calculating machine to obtain the products of the numbers from 6 to 10, and also of the series of numbers from 11 to 15 and from 16 to 20, both inclusive.

For the first series—6, 7, 8, 9, 10—fingers and thumbs are numbered, the numbers running from 6 on the thumb to 10 on the little finger of each hand. Now, in order to multiply the number on one hand by the number on another finger we put the two fingers together, one on each hand. In finding the product we count the two joined fingers and all above them and thus get the number of tens; to get the units we multiply the number of fingers below the joined fingers on one hand by the number below on the other.

The rule is a little different for the products of the series 11, 12, 13, 14, 15. The fingers of the factors are marked as before except that the thumbs are now 11 and the little fingers 15. Join as before the fingers to be multiplied. Then for 10s add together the joined fingers and all above them and also add 100. For the units multiply the joined finger together with those above it on one hand by the joined finger and those above on the other.

For the next series of numbers, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, the thumbs are each 16 and the little fingers 20. Join the fingers which are to be multiplied, count the fingers which are joined as 2 and all above to get the number of 20s and add 200. To this add the product of the fingers below those joined, as in the first case.



Multiply on Fingers.

Perhaps the latter cases of this curious little trick will be more interesting than useful, but the first series will at times be an aid to everybody who is now and then bothered in his recollection of the multiplication table. A little experimenting will show that the whole device is simpler in practise than in description. Reference to the cut will simplify the study of these rules.

GIVE SOAP-BUBBLE PARTIES

Most Interesting Pastime for All Ages and Sizes—Clay Pipes and Castile Soap Needed.

These are most interesting for all sizes and ages. Good clay pipes and castile soap and bowls enough to go around are the needful things; also a room which will not be hurt by a sprinkling of soap suds; and one thing more—the smaller the child the bigger the apron to cover him.

A little glycerine in the lukewarm soap suds will make the bubbles brighter and more durable, and if a thick shawl is spread on the floor they will bounce upon it like rubber balls.

A bubble tournament is great fun. Arrange sides, with leaders. Let one side step forward in a line with pipes and bowls; then the leader starts and sees how many bubbles he can make with one dip of his pipe. Each of his followers does likewise, while some one not in the game keeps the score. Then the other side takes its turn and the side which blows the greatest number is the prize winner.

There are many different ways of enjoying this pretty pastime. Science has discovered several methods of heightening the colors in the bubbles.

THE DANCER.

She dances like a dandelion,
Fluff upon the breeze,
As gaily as a butterfly,
And quite as much at ease;
And surely she was always meant
To fly upon her toes.
There never was another
That could go as Doris goes.

The flowers she is scattering
Are no lovelier than she.
They fall in yellow showers,
As she gaily sets them free.
And she beckons them to follow
To the land where all is young
Where a thousand sprites are singing
In the early faerie tongue.

NOVEL USE FOR TELEPHONE

New York Druggist Finally Discovers Cause for Popularity of His Instrument's Number.

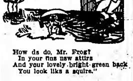
"My telephone number has become the cradle song of the children in this block," said an Amsterdam avenue druggist, says New York Globe.

"Ask any toddler hereabouts his name, and the chances are that instead of telling you that it is Johnnie This or That, he will sing out 'River 7823,' my telephone number. Yesterday I learned the secret of my phone's popularity.

"The youngsters have been taught the number as a means of identification. Students of the child mind have discovered that children can remember a telephone number better than mere names. If a child is very young or thoughtless or stupid his address, or even his name, doesn't mean much to him, but anything that makes such a delightful racket as a telephone is an object of special interest, and he can remember the number attached to it.

"Most of the people in this neighborhood have no telephone of their own, so they are teaching the kids my number, to be used as a tracer in case any of them get lost."

"GREETINGS, MR. FROG."



How do do, Mr. Frog?
In your fine new attire
And your lovely bright green back
You look like a squire."

"Thank you," said the Frog,
In a manner quite airy;
"With your pretty red ribbons
You look like a fairy."

SWINGING RING GAME IS NEW

Requires Very Nice Sense of Distance, Careful Eye and Light Touch to Do It Right.

On days when it is too stormy or too slushy to be comfortable out of doors there is generally a strongly expressed wish voiced by the younger members of the family that "there was something to do." The old games do not always suit, and most of them require too many players. Let us solve the problem, says Ladies' Home Journal.

Here is a pastime that is real fun, for it depends on skill. It is fun even when played alone, for you can always try to beat your own best previous score, and every time you try it you become just so much more expert. It is for girls as well as boys, so a brother and sister can spend a jolly afternoon at it without either wanting to see any friends, who are pretty sure not to come in on a very bad day.

You need two nails, a string and a ring of some kind, about six inches in diameter. If you have no old curtain ring or something else of that sort, you can make a ring that will serve your purpose perfectly well by getting a thin piece of board, marking a circle seven inches in diameter on its surface, and inside of that another circle six inches in diameter. Now drive a nail in the ceiling, if there is no hook for a lamp or chandelier already there, and another nail in the wall with its head pointing upward at an angle of about 45 degrees. Suspend your ring from the nail in the ceiling by a string just long enough to allow the ring to swing its center over the nail in the side wall and hang there. Now you are ready to begin.

Stand by the nail in the side of the wall with your right hand holding the ring close to the nail. Now push the ring away from you, trying to make it swing back and hook over the nail. There! Of course you didn't do it! The ring came back and struck the nail, but did not catch on it. In order to catch on the projecting nail the ring must swing in a circle. If you do it once out of your first ten trials you are lucky. It requires a very nice sense of distance, a careful eye and a light touch to do it just right. Not so easy as it seems, is it?

It takes a lot of practise to score three out of five trys. Get your brother to try it with you, and he will be astonished to find he is no better at this than you are. In fact, girls are best at this game and, strange as it may seem, their judgment of distance more accurate.

Try a game of fifty points, with "innings" of ten points each.

Of course, the winner is the one who rings the nail the most times out of fifty trials.

SIGN THAT IS NOVEL PUZZLE

Unique Method of Trimming Store to Advertise Stock—Eleven Words Can Be Picked Out.

This sign was placed in a trimming store to advertise the stock. They kept cotton, lining goods, silk, tape, thread, pins, braid, cloth and buttons. Can you find them by moving up,

A	T	B	T	O	E
O	R	U	N	I	P
L	E	A	S	A	T
G	C	D	I	L	O
T	O	N	N	G	K

A Unique Sign.

down and slanting? Do not skip, though you may use the same letter over again.

A Trifling Offense.

Nouchirevan, King of Persia, had a very violent temper. One day he condemned a page to death for having by accident spilled a little sauce over him while waiting at table. The page, knowing that he had no hope of pardon, proceeded to pour the whole contents of the plate over his master. Nouchirevan, almost forgetting his anger in his surprise, asked the reason of this outrageous act.

"Prince," explained the page, "I am desirous that my death should not injure your renown by being undeserved. All nations esteem you as the most just of sovereigns, but you would lose that glorious title were it to become known that you had condemned one of your slaves to die for so trifling a fault as the one which I first committed."

This answer made such an impression upon the king that, ashamed of his passion, he pardoned the slave, and also tried by his bounty to atone for his contemplated cruelty and injustice.

Questions and Answers.

Who invented the locomotive?—Stephenson.

Who established the theory of the solar system?—Copernicus.

Who invented the fly shuttle?—John Kaye of Bury, 1750.

Who invented the spinning jenny?—James Hargreaves.

Who invented the spinning frame?—Richard Arkwright.

Who made the celebrated "March to the Sea?"—W. T. Sherman.

The American Home

WILLIAM A. RADFORD Editor

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 194 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

America is a nation of home builders. It has come to the point that a man's standing in a community is measured by his home. It is distasteful to most people to pay rent. The normal man desires to have a home of his own for his children. And these children have a right to a home of their own. It goes without question that a man's work is made lighter as he thinks during the day that his wife and his children are under their own roof. It is true that all men are not able to have a home of their own. They are tied down by conditions that prevent their entering upon so worthy an enterprise. But the desire is there, just the same.

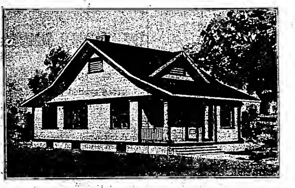
In nearly every town of any size the real estate men and property owners are anxious to offer inducements to home building, and in many instances it is as easy to pay for a home as it is to pay rent. The payments are arranged so that they amount to the same as rent and as they include the interest each month there is no difference, really, except that the buyer must pay the insurance, which is a small matter.

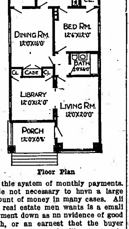
When you come to think of it there is really no excuse for any man paying rent when he can get a home on these terms. He cannot lose anything for the reason that if he should ever fail in his payments he has an equity that has a cash value, something he could not have if he paid rent. The sense of satisfaction in undertaking an enterprise like this is tremendous, for the occupant feels that he owns the place the minute he gets into it, and the pleasure of making little improvements and adding to the attractiveness of the place is delightful.

There are thousands and tens of thousands of families in the country living in their own homes today, independent of landlords, who never would have possessed anything but for this system of monthly payments. It is not necessary to have a large amount of money in many cases. All the real estate men wants is a small payment down as an evidence of good faith, or an earnest that the buyer means business and will not move in a month or two.

The house we show here is one of the type being sold in many localities. Do you not think it would be happier for you to live in a house like this than pay rent? You will have something to live for, and it will be the ambition of your wife and yourself to get it paid for as soon as possible. And you have no idea how easy it will be. This house is arranged with a view to convenience in housekeeping. There are no stairs to climb. And you will notice that the front porch is included under the roof. The house is 26 feet wide and 53 feet long. This house ought to be built on a wide lot that will allow plenty of shrubbery and trees to enhance its beauty. These things are requirements that should not be lost sight of in selecting the location. Entrance is had to a large living room off the front porch. This room is 12 by 20 feet in size. To the left is the library, which can be used as a parlor if desired. But the day of the parlor has passed. It is the vogue now to live all over the house. No longer do we see the parlor which is kept closed and not profaned except when the minister calls or sister gets married. In the center of the house is the bathroom and back of this is a bedroom. The dining room is of good size, and it will be noticed that ample light is provided for. In fact, throughout the house there are plenty of windows. The kitchen is 12 feet square.

It ought to be mentioned that if any person selects this design and wants to build, the best method is to consult a real estate man, if the intending builder does not already own a lot, and arrange to have the house built on the monthly payments plan. Of course, it is preferable to pay cash if possible, but as has been said before, it is not necessary. The main requirement at the outset is the desire to build, and when a man or woman once has such a resolve there is always a way to realize the wish.





Floor Plan

ARE NATURAL ART LOVERS

Experience Has Proved That Even Small Boys and Girls Appreciate Fine Pictures.

"I saw a funny sight in the Carnegie gallery recently," laughed the frivolous worker as she came into the studio and began the usual preparations for the morning's painting. "There was a school being conducted through the rooms—apparently two or three grades, from the size of the crowd. I heard the tramping and looked around. Well, Halley's comet couldn't have traveled faster than those youngsters. At the head were two teachers, then the long tail of the children—and swish, swish, tramp, tramp, tramp they rushed through, never stopping to study a picture, but turning their heads from side to side trying to take in everything as they scorched past. I followed through two rooms just to see if they wouldn't pause somewhere, but not they. I hope they were properly edified by what they saw."

"Well, I've seen children there taking a far greater interest in the pictures than lots of grown-ups," remarked the serious worker. "I heard some small boys one time discussing the exhibit and one of them said: 'There isn't a bum picture in the whole show—they can't get in. If there was even one bum one it wouldn't seem so great, but there isn't.' Now, don't you call that appreciation, even if you can't agree to there not being a single 'bum' picture in the whole show? I watched those boys and they stopped and examined each painting with the greatest interest—it proved all my beautiful theories about teaching children to love all works of art."—Pittsburg Gazette-Times.

GREAT WEIGHT OF SLEEPERS

Most Extravagant and Costly Method of Transportation is Sleeping Car Train.

The most extravagant and costly method of transportation in the world is the sleeping car train, which carries two tons of dead weight for every passenger moved. The great weight of passenger cars is due in no small measure to the great length to which these cars have grown in recent years. The body of a modern "sleeper," over 70 feet in length, supported on a truck at each end, may be regarded structurally as a bridge carried on two end piers. And in the case of the car, as of the bridge, the bending stresses tend to break it in two, and therefore the weight of material necessary to resist these stresses increases in a much more rapid ratio than the length. Moreover, the concentration of weight on the two trucks calls for heavy construction in the trucks themselves.

It has been proposed that a great saving in weight would be affected by reducing the length of the cars and substituting lighter four-wheeled trucks for the ponderous six-wheeled trucks now in use. The roof construction could be considerably lightened by abolishing the end platform and substituting entrances at the center of the cars and vestibuling the car bodies directly against one another.

But the greatest reduction in weight it is thought would come from the substitution of steel for wood and the application to the design of the cars of those principles of steel construction which have rendered the modern steel bridge such a marvel of lightness in proportion to its strength and the load it can carry. The weight of the present railroad cars is the result of too much coach builder's art and too little of the bridge engineer's.

Algebraical symbols are used when you don't know what you are talking about.

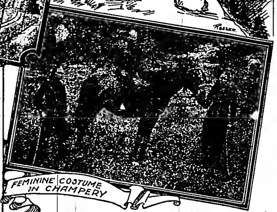
IN VALAIS

BY LOUISE MURRAY

A VILLAGE STREET: CHAMPERY

ON A COUNTRY ROAD NEAR CHAMPERY

CHAMPERY AND THE DENTS BLANCHES


FEMININE COSTUME IN CHAMPERY

THE DENTS DU MIDI

LE CALVAIRE

APROPOS of all the present talk about woman suffrage, let us take a glance at the inhabitants of a small village in Switzerland, or, more accurately, the dwellers on the mountain slopes about Champery, in the canton of Valais, that sequestered and charming hamlet which lies contentedly at the feet of its famous neighbor, the Dent du Midi.

There the sturdy peasant women have solved the "equal rights" matter to their own satisfaction. Votes were never a factor in the question, but trousers were, and have been calmly appropriated for their own use; so it is a man's equal in freedom of movement and attire, at least, that the feminine half of the community tend their herds, cut hay on the almost perpendicular hillsides, and clamber up and down the stony and tortuous paths leading to their mountain homes.

If Americans are as yet in almost total ignorance of this little spot, successfully hidden for years at the extreme end of the lovely Val d'Illiez, it is by no means undiscovered, and, owing to the recent foreign invasion, these fair traitors to the conventional skirt have become as shy as the proverbial chamois, and one must seek them upon their own heights during the summer season, when the new electric tramway which has supplanted the old-time diligence renders this village almost too accessible to the ever-growing tourist army.

En route from Italy, one leaves the Simplon line at Saint Maurice, rides for a few minutes in a shuttle train of doubtful comfort, and, arriving at Monthey, takes the tram, which immediately commences an ascent of the fertile valley. Through vineyard and chestnut grove, over roaring mountain streams and past various hamlets, the little train wends its way, ever upward.

Leaving the heat of the plain below, one gradually emerges into an atmosphere of crystalline coolness. Champery, the end of the railway and the last village in the valley, lies 3,500 feet above the sea. Except for the bracing air, one is unconscious of the altitude, as all about tower the infinitely greater heights of the Dents du Midi and the Dents Blanches, their white "teeth" so dazzling in the sunlight that one welcomes the almost ever-present curtain of cloud which veils their brightness. Some 300 feet below the village the rapid and noisy Vieze, home of that delectable fish, the "ombre," rushes down the bed of the valley from its source in the Col de Coux, another mountain, at whose summit lies the frontier of Savoy and a customs-house, and from whence one may continue one's walk in France to Chamonix.

The country abounds in walks and climbs to suit the most expert or inexperienced mountaineer. First and foremost of these is the ascent of the Dent du Midi, more than 10,000 feet in height. Of its seven teeth, the Haute Cime is most popular and least dangerous. Parties usually leave Champery in the afternoon, sup at Bonaveau, snatch a few hours of sleep, and are off before dawn in order to reach the summit for a far-reaching panorama of the sun-kissed Alps awaking from their sleep.

It was at this little chalet of Bonaveau that one party, finding their hopes of an ascent shattered by torrential rain, resolved to play bridge and amuse themselves as best they could until the wee sma' hours; but "English as she is spoke" and accompanying laughter evidently jarred upon the proprietor's nerves, for in the morning their modest bill was embellished with the strange item: "Extra: Pour bruit fait pendant la nuit (for noise made during the night), 5 francs."

To return to the village, its one street lined by chalets with gayly flowering window-boxes and neat gardens, hotels, pensions, and little shops, let us occupy ourselves with the cosmopolitan throng that wanders back and forth on any August day.

The Hotel Dent du Midi, Champery's largest and most modern hostelry, is the best point of vantage for such a survey. Choosing a comfortable chair from beneath its striped awnings, we call a waitress wearing one of the typical scarlet kerchiefs on her head to bring us tea. While waiting we may listen to the orchestra and marvel at the many countries of the world represented in this small corner of it. The English and French element predominate, and as yet the American is in the minority, but electricity, steam heat and all the commodities of modern life that especially recommend a place to his luxury-loving heart are fast doing away with its former simplicity. What a field in which to study human nature, national characteristics, and that intangible something which stamps indelibly the types of each country for its own.

There goes a former prime minister of Austria off for a walk with his beautiful wife, his fox terriers bounding in glee at his heels. A distinguished Roman and his two sons are returning from an all-day climb, their arms filled with Alpine roses. Here comes an English army officer, pack on back and alpenstock in hand, off with his guide for "the Dent." A little Indian princess tosses a bit of cake to her squirming and anticipatory dachshund. Out in the garden four hilarious Parisiennes are settling their accounts at bridge. A Greek countess flicks the ashes from her cigarette, as she sips her tea in company with a young Roumanian. An Italian admiral strolls into the "poste," and the inevitable American girl returns from tennis. So one might continue indefinitely, for Swiss, Dutch, Russian, Hungarian, and even Egyptian are all represented in this out-of-the-way little place to such an extent that during the annual tennis tournament lodgings of any sort, be it ever so homely or primitive, is at a premium.

It is in June, however, that Champery is at its loveliest. Then the fields are carpeted with masses of wild flowers of the most extraordinary beauty and variety, delicate orchid-like blossoms that might have been hot-house grown mixing with the more sturdy ones, and it is with real regret that one sees them swept away by the relentless scythe in haying time. In the heart of the village lies the newly restored parish church, with its unique and ancient crown-capped bell-tower, from which a veritable chaos of chimes peal forth on feast days.

Mention of Champery would not be complete without a word as to its favorite strolls, the "Petit" and "Grand Paradis"—two lovely wooded spots by the rapid Vieze, where one may sit beneath the pines and listen to its noisy music—and "les Galeries," a natural rock formation in the sheer cliff rising from the right bank of the river, and from which a splendid view of the village is to be had.

But it is toward the east, a half hour distant, that we wend our way most frequently, for there lies "Le Calvaire," a stone cross set upon a projecting knoll which dominates the entire Val d'Illiez far down to the peaceful Valley of the Rhone and across to the distant peaks of Cheusey, Gummfluh, and the Mont d'Or glistening in the sun. From this point, midway between the valley and the mountains, seated beneath that cross, eternal symbol of death, one may best watch the mystery of the departing sun as it sinks behind the Col de Coux. Then the veil that hangs all day before the Dent du Midi lifts, and the dying rays slowly flood the mountains' cold, dead whiteness with the rosy glow of life and eternal promise.

Finds Homes For Children

Recently two large parties of children left Liverpool by the Allan liner Corsican, Captain Cook, for Quebec. One party, consisting of boys and girls, was from the Birt home, and the children were under the care of Miss Birt, who traveled in the ship. This lady has been engaged for 37 years in rescuing children and has taken out over 6,000 and settled them in the Dominion of Canada. The party in the Corsican was the eighty-first which has gone out under the auspices of the home.—London Times.

Stag a Powerful Swimmer

The stag is not by any means afraid of the water, and when the necessity arises he is ever ready to give an exhibition of his swimming powers. Such a spectacle is not uncommon in the Highlands and excites little comment among foresters. The noble creature frequently takes to the limpid element in order to elude pursuit.

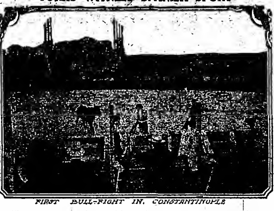
Only the other day a fine stag which had apparently been subjected to some molestation in the neighborhood of Melmsdale Harbor, Sutherlandshire, plunged into the sea and set his course oceanward. He swam lightly and rapidly and succeeded in placing two miles to his credit.

Two fishermen in a boat captured the animal, which unhappily was drowned while being towed ashore. It was a nine pointer and weighed about 18 stone. The occurrence reminds me of a similar incident which some four years ago came under my observation in the island of Mull.

A certain proprietor had ordered a number of stags from the south with the object of infusing some fresh blood into his ruddy herd. On arriving by steamer the animals were carted in their crates to the park assigned to them and where they were promptly liberated. One of the strangers was evidently much alarmed by his new surroundings and instantly made a dash for the adjacent shore.

Without a moment's hesitation he sprang into the water—which was at the time very choppy and intensely cold—and struck out gallantly for the nearest point on the mainland. The Sound of Mull, three-quarters of a mile broad, was duly negotiated, and after resting for an instant on the tangle covered beach the gallant creature tripped it lightly toward the rugged hens.—Country Gentleman.

TURKS WITNESS SPANISH SPORT


FIRST BULL-FIGHT IN CONSTANTINOPLE

The great sport of the Spanish people, bull fighting, was introduced to the Turks in Constantinople the other day, but the subjects of the sultan did not take kindly to it, as is proved by the emptiness of the grand stand, shown by the accompanying photograph. There were many protests against the granting of a concession for the holding of bull-fights in the Turkish metropolis, but all were vain.

LESSON IN FARMING

Thirty Tons of French Garden to Be Transported.

Plants Undisturbed While Earth Surrounding Them Is Removed From Reading to Birmingham Farm Demonstration.

London.—Some thirty tons of French garden, heavy with plants as well as "golden soil," are being removed from Reading to Birmingham.

The garden, which stood in a corner of Messrs. Sutton's trial ground at Reading, is the best educational model yet seen. In its new site in Warley park, close to the bandstand, it will cover a strip 160 feet in length, and a good three days' work will be spent in setting it up and, so to speak, naturalizing it. The garden will be opened by the lord mayor and lady mayoress of Birmingham, who were originally interested in the scheme by Mr. Chance—like his cousin, Sir Joseph Chance, one of Birmingham's notable benefactors.

The model is described as "educational," designed to "demonstrate the continental system of intensive cultivation," and as a demonstration it is not less charming than it is educational.

Everything is to be transferred just as it is, and not one plant of the many thousands will be disturbed. The frames and cloches and open patches of ground are to demonstrate the growth and progress of French gardening as well as the results; and for this reason all the spectators will follow one path in one direction, so that they may pass with the explanatory lecturer, as it were, from February to November.

First, they will see a bed in the making, one part pit, one part heaped manure, one part completed with soil and frame. Next comes a row of frames in which three crops are growing cheek by jowl—lettuces, carrots and radishes. This is succeeded by a row in which four crops are growing together, the fourth being cauliflower.

From the frames you pass to the cloches under which the seed is first sown, making a close green mat. Next are the cloches where these seedlings are pricked out at even distances, showing how the cloches feed the frames. At this stage the first part of the year is completed. The succeeding beds and frames illustrate how the soil is used yet again for the later part of the year.

This is perhaps the most novel and interesting part of the demonstration. The variety is most striking. One of the late beds is filled with cabbages, between which again is a double crop of radish and endive. These cabbages, though they have only been in the ground six weeks are already as big as cabbages which were planted last November. Five months have been saved.

Other frames and cloches contain peas which are already in pod, strawberries which are just ripe, tomatoes in flower, and melons just beginning to set.

SNAKES CHANGE MAN'S VIEWS

Pennsylvania Farmer Puts His Hand Into Nest of Copperheads and Stops His Grumbling.

York, Pa.—Farmer William Tracey changed his notions about the weather when he reached into a nest of six copperhead snakes in removing an old stone fence, in Dover township, and promptly resigned from the Knockers' club.

Before the adventure of his hand Farmer Tracey's remarks at the Eastmount village store were those of a weather pessimist. He opined that it was unseasonably cool and that crops would suffer if a hot wave did not soon come along.

However, if that particular hot wave for which Tracey hankered had been there when he put his hand into the copperheads' nest, it is probable they would have been active enough to have made Tracey the hero of a different sort of reception. As it was, the six snakes were too sluggish from the chill to move with their summer alacrity.

LOVE MEASURED BY MACHINE

It Will Be Patented by Man Who Declares That It Records Psychological Attractiveness.

San Francisco.—A mechanical arrangement which he terms a "love machine," and which he declares will measure the strength of human affections between lovers, friends or relatives—which will correctly tabulate the amount of resistant will power of any individual, and which will also tell in an infinitesimal fraction the amount of psychological attractiveness exerted over a person by another—has been invented by Charles Trudow, a mechanic, who lives on Jones avenue, Elmhurst. Trudow has applied for letters patent upon his contrivance and is seeking capital with which to start a "love machine" factory.

The machine is termed a "phystymograph" by Trudow. Its powers are such that the human emotion termed love is drawn into it when two persons grip a pair of handles, not unlike those of an ordinary electric battery. A dial which connects a contrivance of springs and wires registers the amount of affection the two persons who grip the handles have for each other. If there is no love between them the dial hand remains motionless. According to tests by Trudow its only fault is that it cannot tell the full amount of love between some extra affectionate couples. The machine will not measure the affections of two men—the dial hand remaining motionless, as is the case when there is no love between men and women.

GAS PIPE ITS OWN PLUMBER

When Fire Came From Leak a Lead Jacket Plugged the Hole—Explanation Is Simple.

Kansas City, Mo.—Chance sometimes works overtime to produce very insignificant results, and, as an example, here's the story of a fire in the joint basement below the Economy Furniture company, 813 Main street, and a pawnshop owned by G. A. Stevens at 813½ Main street. A lead jacketed pipe runs through the floor of pawnshop to a steam radiator above. A space near the pipe was left when the plumbing was done. Directly below the hole is a gas pipe.

Now, at exactly two minutes of 11 o'clock in the morning, George A. Stevens, Jr., who clerks in the pawnshop, dropped a lighted cigarette through this hole; at the same second the gas discovered a small leak in the pipe and ventured out. The cigarette set fire to the gas and in a few moments a little blue flame was scorching the floor of the pawnshop. By the time several fire companies arrived the fire was extinguished and the gas pipe leaked no more.

Now, here's the explanation: The flame had melted the lead pocket about the steam pipe, the lead had dripped down on the gas pipe and the leak was plugged.

City Owns Pigs and Pianos

Inventory Being Prepared in Cleveland Lists Everything From Canary to Elephant.

Cleveland, O.—The task of preparing an inventory of every bit of property, movable and otherwise, owned by the city of Cleveland, is now drawing to a close. Twelve hundred typewritten pages in the office of Department Examiner Brown, at the city hall, show a complete list of everything that the city of Cleveland owns from office blotter to reservoirs, and from lead pencils to Minnie, the Brookside zoo elephant.

The work, so far as it has progressed, reveals the fact that Cleveland owns at least three pianos and two organs, six canary birds, 77 pigs, 239 chickens, 60 cows, several barber chairs and a number of razors, and only the general schedule for two departments out of a total of 200, has been completed. There are 139 rocking chairs at the City hospital and 118 at the infirmary.

Cleveland is the second city in the United States to adopt the plan of preparing an inventory of all goods and property owned. The first was Lynn, Mass.

"I believe that the municipal code should require every village in the state to adopt this plan," said City Examiner Brown. "An inventory should be made at least once every year. It is a valuable thing for a city to possess, and it is a businesslike procedure that should be generally followed by cities of the state."

OLD ALMANAC BRINGS $385

Document Was Printed in 1667 on First American Press—Belonged to Justice Sewall.

Boston.—The sale at an auction-room of one of the finest private libraries in the United States, that of the late Amor L. Hollingsworth of Milton, containing some of the very rarest of books ever printed and some of the choicest and most artistic bindings by the foremost binders of France, England and the United States has begun.

There are some very rare Americana in the library, and the few numbers of this class which were offered aroused strong bidding. A copy of Brankenbury's Almanac, which the average person wouldn't give ten cents for, was quickly run up from $100 to $385, the highest price ever paid for a copy of this almanac, which was printed at the Daye-Press, in Cambridge, the first press established in the colonies, by Samuel Green in 1667.

It belonged to Chief Justice Samuel Sewall of the Massachusetts Bay colony and contains an autograph note of Judge Sewall's concerning the incognito visit of Lord Culpepper, his majesty's lieutenant and governor general of Virginia, to Boston, August 24, 1680.

The less said about the weather, the better.

Will Buy American Cattle

Slaughter Houses Be Erected at Smithfield and Importation of Meat Discontinued.

London.—To encourage the importation of American cattle into England, the city of London corporation has a big scheme on hand. It is proposed to construct a huge slaughter house and cold storage plant in connection with the Metropolitan meat market at Smithfield.

Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars will be spent on the scheme, and when they are completed the buildings will constitute one of the finest establishments of their kind in the world. They will be equipped with all the latest appliances and are expected to create a revolution in the importation of cattle into this country.

The scheme is viewed with consternation by the railroad companies here, who receive a large proportion of their income from the carriage of frozen meat from Liverpool and other ports to London. Under the new scheme cattle will be shipped direct to London.

This scheme will have a double advantage. The meat of foreign cattle killed in London will fetch as high a price in the market as if the cattle had been of English origin, while it will reduce enormously the necessity for consuming frozen meat.

There are already two great slaughter yards in this country—at Birkenhead and Deptford, near London—but their capacity is not equal to the demand which any considerable increase in the importation of live American cattle would make upon them.

Dead From Lack of Sleep

Russian Lives Six Years After Fracturing Skull in Railroad Accident.

St. Petersburg.—A puzzle to physicians was M. Petronovitch, a lawyer who died a few days ago at Nikolsk-Ussurisk. M. Petronovitch had hardly enjoyed a wink of sleep since he fractured his skull six years ago in a train collision.

For some weeks he was at the brink of death, but his strong constitution triumphed and he recovered and was discharged as cured from the hospital. A curious phenomenon then manifested itself. He found he could not sleep, but that did not worry him, as he did not feel the need of it.

After a while, however, he began to be uneasy under the strain of this unbroken wakefulness. The strongest soporifics had no effect on him. They made him ill but did not bring sleep. For weeks at a time he never closed his eyes. Then he would drop off into a light doze of two or three hours' duration and wake apparently refreshed.

This lasted some years and then he began to complain of intense fatigue, the only remedy for which, he discovered, was a vigorous massage of the head. As he was fairly well to do he could afford to consult several eminent specialists, but his case baffled them all. After his death his skull and brain were dissected, but the surgeons could find nothing to explain his persistent insomnia.

PRIZE COW TAKEN ON TOUR

Animal Will Be Exhibited and Lectured About to Enlighten Farmers on Breeding.

New York.—Zelma, the prize cow owned by the state of New York, will be one of the star performers on the "farming special" to be run by a certain railroad. She belongs to the state department of animal industry, and has one of the best milk producing records ever made. She is to be displayed along the route as an example of what can be accomplished by up-to-date breeding methods.

The train is to start from Ithaca and go to Auburn. Lectures and demonstrations are to be given at towns on the way—Freeville, Paruton, Groton, Locke, Moravia and Ensenore.

The train will be made up of two "laboratory" cars, a baggage car and a passenger coach. Besides the prize cow there will be chickens, spraying machines and other things which will help to illustrate the remarks of the experts.

Transportation.

A Texas evangelist says: "Persons who speculate on the stock market or bet on horse races are bound for hell in a racing automobile." But the experience of an observer is that those who speculate on horse races or bet on the stock market usually arrive there as pedestrians.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Weak Throat—Weak Lungs

Cold after cold; cough after cough! Troubled with this taking-cold habit? Better break it up. We have great confidence in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for this work. No medicine like it for weak throats and weak lungs. Ask your doctor for his opinion. He knows all about it. His approval is valuable. Follow his advice at all times. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Always keep a good laxative in the house. Take a dose when your cold first comes on. What is the best laxative for this? Ayer's Pills. Ask your doctor his opinion. Let him decide.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible] Every [illegible] at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The "Senate combine" is in the saddle until November.

The worst feature of the Lind movement is the alleged promise of Ralph Wheelock that the former governor would run. It is wrong to take advantage of confiding innocence, even though circumstances alter cases.

The Colonel so often puts personal friendship above political principal that we are often inclined to doubt his sincerity. The idea of speaking for Lodge in Massachusetts and for Beveridge in Indiana! Surely this is hard [illegible].

Governor Eberhart's political path was thorny enough without taking on Ed Smith. The feeling that Smith and his political record is discredited by the voters of Minnesota is widespread, so much so that but one Republican candidate besides the governor was in favor of his appointment as chairman of the state committee.

In the registration of automobiles, the 10,000 mark has been reached in Minnesota. Twelve million dollars represents the Minnesota ownership in automobiles, says Julius Schmahl, secretary of state. When 10,000 was reached it meant that 3,000 new machines had been bought in 1910 by Minnesotans. Last year only 7,000 motor cars were tagged. Mr. Schmahl says the 11,000 mark will be reached this year.

Hon. John Lind has written a letter in which he declines to accept the Democratic nomination for governor. The people of this state were already aware of Mr. Linds' aversion to becoming a candidate for the office, says the Pelham Enterprise, but a large majority of the people think that Mr. Lind ought to make the sacrifice. They want a statesman in the governor's chair—not a cheap imitation. They want a governor who has the courage of his convictions, a man to whom no predatory interest can dictate or suggest.

IT WILL BE LIND.

John Lind's letter refusing to become a candidate for governor is not regarded as a finalty. It is the belief of practically all of the Democratic leaders that Mr. Lind will be nominated and that he will accept. This view is also shared by the Republicans. Particularly in the country districts is felt the need of a strong, honest, forceful candidate and a platform free from equivocation and promising reforms demanded by the progressive spirit of the times. The voters are disgusted with the reactionary platform adopted by the Republicans, and they like the Republican candidate little better.

John Lind is pre-eminently the bravest man in public life in Minnesota. His former administration is notable in the number and character of political reforms adopted, and this year there is no disposition to take a backward step nor to give the state over to the control of the corporations.

The demand for Lind is so insistent that the leaders of the Democratic party could not prevent his nomination if they desired, and there is no apparent movement in that direction.

Lind will be nominated by acclamation, and there need be no fear that he will refuse to heed the call of duty.

EDWARD E. SMITH.

"BIG BUSINESS" is evidently behind the Eberhart campaign. "Big Business" demanded the appointment of Ed. Smith as chairman of Eberhart's campaign. "Big Business" provides the sinews of war and "Big Business" demands certain prerogatives in the event of victory.

In order to secure the appointment of Smith it was necessary for the governor to make a personal appeal for him. Every other candidate, except Julius A. Schmahl, secretary of state, objected to him, some of them, notably Sam Y. Gordon, strongly insisting that Smith would be a millstone on the neck of the Republican cause. But Governor Eberhart still insisted on Smith, probably because he was pledged to Smith and "Big Business."

The reader probably knows who "Big Business" is. If perchance, he doesn't let Lynn Haines, author of "The Minnesota Legislature of 1909" tell him. Mr. Haines says:

"The commander of the coterie of politicians that manipulated things in the last legislature (1909) was Senator E. E. Smith of Minneapolis. An entire volume might be written about his character and achievements as the legislative representative of "Big Business." So far as I have been able to learn he has no other business except to play politics and run the legislature."

Flattering endorsement, isn't it? But, listen! In the brief biographies of the members of the last legislature, Mr. Haines says further:

"E. E. Smith, 43d district—the recognized leader of the corporation forces in the legislature; needs no detail mention here because preceding chapters have shown his powers and pernicious public character."

Say, dear reader, if you haven't a sufficient number of reasons to vote against the candidate for governor espoused by Ed. Smith and "Big Business" beg, borrow or steal a copy of Lynn Haines' book. It will give you ample and convincing argument.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Austin Transcript: If President Taft had shown the same decision and firmness in connection with the robber Payne tariff bill a year ago that he recently showed in connection with the postal savings bank there would have been something done in behalf of the people.

St. Cloud Journal Press: Now is the time for the Republican papers who were so dead sure that Governor Eberhart was an easy man to elect to get busy along the boosting line. We are going to be real good and help.

Red Wing Republican: A man can't keep a newspaper and devote it to special interests, without its motives and impulses being obvious on the face of its attitude on public questions and that means that its influence is nullified and its usefullness as a newspaper in a fair way to be destroyed. That is the reason that so many of the great metropolitan dailies exert so little influence. They are known to be controled by some "special interest."

Stillwaer Gazettte: Men may come and women may go, but be it remembered that Minnesota has had the driest, hottest, rottenest June this year that ever happened or ever will.

Middle River Pioneer: Already are seen the effects of the weilding of the party whip. The Republican machine dailies are lauding the Taft administration to the skies, giving great prominence to interviews with standpatters and in every way possible belittling the strength of the progressive movement. But, thanks be, there is an army of periodicals and weekly papers that do not wear the party collar.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Few people care if care did kill a cat.

It's easier to make an enemy than it is to shake him.

And many a man has been roped in with a matrimonial tie.

The trouble with some men is they have too many fool friends.

A woman isn't necessarily wise because she can fool a fool man.

The chief end of a man is the one at which he gives the undertaker a job.

Nothing short of hard cash will make an impression on a heart of stone.

After lots of men have done their duty, they hang around and wait for people to applaud.

It's useless to go where duty calls unless you are going to get busy after you get there.

A woman need not doubt her husband's love if he refuses to eat her own cooking.

There's nothing probably quite so unsatisfactory as friendship that requires constant nursing.

When you bump up against something that you can't afford to do and can't afford not to do, what do you do?

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: What makes woman so good is comparing her with men.

When a girl gives up flirting, it's a sign her parents only think she does.

A man feels very uncomfortable wearing the very latest fashions, and a woman not doing it.

A girl has to be in love about fourteen times before she can believe she ever felt like that before.

A man seems to think that all he loses at gambling is worth it and that all he wins by work isn't.

Spring Poem Sprung.
Buds, floods,
Whitewash and suds;
Bees, trees,
Maybe a freeze;
Hats, gnats,
Searchers for flats;
Sleet, heat,
Carpets to beat.
—Kansas City Times.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
July 1st, 1910.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissoners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn.; at 1:00 o'clock P. M. July 1st, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Anbol, Pigeon, and Lindquist.

Members absent: none.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the board take a recess until 5:00 o'clock P. M..

Motion carried.

Meeting again called to order at 5:00 o'clock P. M.

Members all present.

Moved and seconded that the Board take a recess until 8:30 A. M. July 2nd, 1910.

Motion carried.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 8:30 A. M., July 2nd 1910.

Members all present.

Resolved that reimbursement of $100 from the County road and bridge fund to the town of Lake Pleasant under date of March 18th, 1910, to aid the said town in the repair of the highway between section 14 and 23 in said town be changed to repairing the highway between sections 15 and 22 in the said town, the said town required to expend at least double the amount.

Resolution prevailed.

The application of the town of Clover Leaf for an appropriation from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid in the repair of the State road between sections 30 and 31 in the said town was on motion duly carried laid over.

On motion made, seconded and carried unanimously the matter of the placing of culverts on county Ditches Nos. 35 and 36 was left to the judgement of the engineer in charge.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed;

Free Press Printing Co., Supplies for county offices	$ 22.75
McKenzie-Robbins Ptg. Co., Supplies for county offices	30.00
Miller-Davis Printing Co., Supplies for county offices	13.40
Ira O. Richardson, Postage and express as per vouchers	5.06
H. F. Anderson, Expense a-c as Co. Supt.	13.30
Red Lake Falls Elec. Light Co., Supplies for county	2.40
V. M. Higinbotham, insurance premium of court house	87.50
J. A. Duffy, insurance premium of court house	87.50
Fred L. Farley, Insurance Premium of court house furniture	34.56
Knuta Kolstad, May & June rent of Surveyor's office	10.00
Frank Jeffers, Mics. recording fees	2.75
A. A. Latendresse, 2 days member board of Audit, special meet	6.00
Thief River Falls Lumber Co., Lumber for bridge ditch No. 55	66.57
A. A. Latendresse, county auditor fees in ditch matters	400.00
Northern Culvert Co., culverts for ditch No. 37	208.15
Northern Culvert Co., culverts for ditch No. 35	208.15
A. R. Jones, 2 days and exps. viewer final hearing ditches Nos. 44 & 45	8.50
Otto Zaiser, 1 day final hearing and exps. Ditches Nos. 44 & 45	4.00
Dan Latendresse, 9 days viewing and esps Ditch No. 49	37.72
Joseph Belair, 9 days viewing and esps Ditch No. 49	37.72
Gilbert K. Haavl, 9 days viewing and esps Ditch No. 49	38.44
C. H. Newberry & Co., 5 days livery and board for team Ditch No. 49	25.00
A. R. Jones, 9 days as Viewer and esps. Ditch No. 50	37.84
Alfred Lindquist, 9 days as Viewers and exps. Ditch No. 50	47.00
Otto Zaiser, 9 days as viewer and exps. Ditch No. 50	37.00
Zaiser Bros., 5 days livery and board for team Ditch No. 50	25.00
Arthur Hall, ½ day as rodman Ditch No. 2	1.25
Arthur Hall, 2 days as rodman Ditch No. 10	5.00
Arthur Hall, 1 day as rodman Ditch No. 32	2.50
Arthur Hall, 2 days as rodman Ditch No. 34	5.00
Arthur Hall, 2 days as chainman Ditch No. 37	4.00
Arthur Hall, 14 days as rodman Ditch No. 48	35.00
Martin McAndress, ½ day as chainman Ditch No. 2	1.00
Martin McAndress, 2 days as chainman Ditch No. 34	4.00
Martin McAndress 14 days as chainman Ditch No. 48	28.00
James Walker ½ day as chainman Ditch No. 2	1.00
James Walker, 2 days as chainman Ditch No. 10	4.00
James Walker, 2 days as chainman Ditch No. 34	4.00
James Walker, 14 days as chainman Ditch No. 48	28.00
Ole Nesland, 1 day as teamster Ditch No. 45	2.00
Glenn H. Martz, ½ day as asst. engineer ditch No. 2	2.25
Glenn H. Martz, 3 days as asst. engineer ditch No. 10	13.50
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day as asst. engineer ditch No. 32	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days as asst. Engineer ditch No. 34	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days as asst. engineer ditch No. 37	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day as asst. engineer ditch No. 39	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day as asst. engineer ditch No. 44	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 16 days as asst. engineer ditch No. 48	72.00
Glenn H. Martz, expense account ditch No. 2	7.25
Glenn H. Martz, expense account ditch No. 10	16.25
Glenn H. Martz, expense account ditch No. 32	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, expense account ditch No. 34	9.50
Glenn H. Martz, expense account ditch No. 37	15.75
Glenn H. Martz, expense account ditch No. 39	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, expense account ditch No. 44	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, livery account ditch No. 48	56.00
Glenn H. Martz, expenses account ditch No. 48	84.20
Joseph Pigeon, Per diem and mileage 7-1,10 a-c Ditch No. 47	6.20
C. A. Lindquist, Per diem and mileage 7-1,10 a-c Ditch No. 47	6.60
Ed. A. Anbol, Per diem and mileage 7-1,10 a-c Ditch No. 47	6.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, Per diem and mileage Ditch No. 47	4.40
Joseph Johnson, Per diem and mileage 7-1,10 a-c Ditch No. 47	12.60

On motion duly carried the following bill was rejected:

Glenn H. Martz, To repairs on transit as per receipts attached	$ 11.75

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman,
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minn.,

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

A Christening in Sight.

A Mobile lawyer was surprised when his negro gardener called at the office accompanied by a large wheelbarrow.

"Marse Rob'nson," he said, "I wants to know ef you'd mind lendin' me some of yo' cyclopedias an' dictionaries an' any other big books, sah."

"Upon my soul!" exclaimed the astonished lawyer. "What on earth are you up to?"

"Very impo'tant occasion, Marse Rob'nson. Very impo'tant occasion, 'deed. Shaba an' me want to hunt up a name foh de baby."—Success Magazine.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, pursuant to chapter seven (7), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, a petition was filed with the Secretary of State on the 13th day of May, 1909, praying for the creation of a new county out of the territory now lying in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known as Pennington county, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, according to the United States Government survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) west to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one-hundred and fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one-hundred fifty-three (153) and one-hundred fifty-four (154) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of Marshall county as the same now exists, thence running west along the southern boundary line of said Marshall county to a point where said boundary line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian, the said point being the northwest corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The said territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21) twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) in townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty (40), forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44) and forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian and all of townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) and one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian and also all that part of township one-hundred and fifty-four (154) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian lying and being within said Red Lake county as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls located on sections twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) in township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian.

The names and places of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county, are as follows:

Peter C. Wold, residing on lots one (1) and two (2) and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen (19), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Peter Hedeen, residing on the northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-one (41) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county,

Ed A. Anbol, residing on lots three (3) and six (6) in section twenty-nine (29) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Daniel Shaw, residing in the City of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county.

Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight (8) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county,

Whereas, the said petition represents and avers that the said hereinbefore territory comprises more than four hundred square miles, and contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and that the remaining area of Red Lake County after deducting the territory hereinbefore described, will comprise more than four hundred square miles and contain more than two thousand inhabitants; and

Whereas, the said petition has been duly considered and found and certified to as conforming in all respects to the provisions of law;

Now, therefore, I, Adolph O. Eberhart, governor of the state of Minnesota, pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, do hereby direct and proclaim that the question of the creation of the proposed new county of Pennington be submitted to the voters of said Red Lake County at the next general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1910.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereto affixed, at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, this twelfth day of May, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
(Seal) Governor.
Attest: JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 30th day of July 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No 44 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date 17th of June 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "270" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 57,971 cubic yards, and from Stations "0" to Stations "158" of the Branch Ditch, both inclusive, with a yardage of 30,423 cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 88,394 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The excavation and removal of 88,394 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated, at an estimated cost of Eight Thousand Eight Hundred Thirty-nine & 40-100 Dollars ($8,839.40.)

The estimated total cost of the work is Eleven Thousand Eight Hundred Thirty-nine & 40-100 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 18th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) Ja30-J14

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Red Lake, }

In the Matter of the Petition of John J. Sorum and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, Designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 50.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered b the County Auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 50.

MAIN DITCH NUMBER 50.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:—Said ditch is located within the townships one hundred fifty-three (153) and one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-two (42). Commencing at a point eleven hundred and twenty-four (1124) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of the North West Quarter (NW¼) of section seventeen (17), township one hundred fifty four (154), range forty-two (42) thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eight (8) and nine (9), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29), and sections thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections four (4) and five (5), and sections eight (8) and nine (9), township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty-two (42), to the Red Lake River where said ditch terminates and has its outlet as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit:

Vincent D. Clift, Alfred C. Danielson, Solomon Danielson, Ole T. Staume, Andrew A. Anderson, Peter D. Sorum, Thomas McCormick, Bert A. Gordon, Sam S. Huseby, Andrew Carlson, Hans C. Sorenson, Rudolph Sihek, Rasmus A. Gansen, John A. Sundi, Victor E. Johnson, Halvor Fodstad, Tom H. Omild, Osten Hanson, Nels Christofferson, Esther C. Hoagland, Ole J. Nomland, Andrew N. Mess, Henry Schindler, Paul Hemin, Halvor Huldon, Oliver Gunderson, George M. Gunderson, Sven D. Raysland, Andrew Forseth, Ole L. Ottum, Emil O. Oggerud, Ole J. Wickum, Martin Quist, Oscar Ostrem, Peter H. Stenhelm, Martin P. Mork, John J. Hegerness, Ole Omundson, Henry H. Hanson, Township of Silverton, Township of Smiley and the United States of America, and that the Engineer appointed by County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of the County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 29th day of July 1910 at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota
(County Auditor's Seal.) Je30-J14

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby given, That on the 30th day of July 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 45 of Red Lake County, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "100" both inclusive, contemplating the excavation and removal of 10,058 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The estimated total cost of the work is Eighteen Hundred Fifty five & 80-100 (1855.80) Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated June 18th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) Je30J14

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

EXTENSION BULLETIN.

June 1 to September 30, low round trip summer tourist fares to eastern Canada, New York and New England. Optional routes.

June 3 to July 30. Every Friday low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 22. Last of the popular spring excursions to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 29 to July 3. Annual convention National Educational Association, at Boston, Mass. Optional routes.

July 2, 3, and 4. Low rates for Independent Day.

July 6 to 10. National convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 24. Annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que. and return. Usual low fares.

Sept. 2 to 9. Eucharistic Congress Montreal.

Watch for announcement of other excursions. For particulars apply to A. J. Perrin, General Agent, 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

He Needed It.

"I have a little volume here," began the agent.

"Git out an' shet the door, durn you!" shouted the victim. "I hain't got no use for no sech trash."

"Yes, you have," countered the caller. "This is a treatise on 'Good Manners and Good Grammar.'"—Cleveland Leader.

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

S.S.S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S.S.S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.
S. R. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

AN ABSOLUTELY PURE FLOUR

MASCOT

"It's all the wheat that's fit to eat."

Sold by enterprising grocers anywhere.

Always uniform and always pure.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 68, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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Subscribe for The Gazette.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment o [illegible] dollars which became due [illegible] all of which is due and [illegible] at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by [illegible] a widow, mortgagor, [illegible] Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, [illegible] bearing date the first day of December, [illegible] with a power of sale therein [illegible] recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of December, 1908, at [illegible] M. in Book [illegible] of Mortgages, on page [illegible] pursuant to the terms and conditions [illegible] by reason of said default, [illegible] sum of said mortgage [illegible] at once due and [illegible] declared to the owner of said [illegible] is actually due and [illegible] the date of this notice, the [illegible] and [illegible] has been instituted [illegible] to recover the debt secured [illegible] mortgage, and [illegible] Minnesota, [illegible] of the [illegible] court [illegible] Red Lake [illegible] day of July, A [illegible] said day, [illegible] attorneys fee [illegible] from the [illegible]

[illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minn. Mortgagee.

[illegible] Mortgagee.

[illegible] j8-j11

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake.

[illegible] the petition of Bo [illegible] and Others for a Public [illegible] County of Red Lake State [illegible] designated and Numbered County Ditch No. 49.

Notice is hereby given that a petition [illegible] filed in the office of the [illegible] of said county, praying [illegible] construction of a public ditch, [illegible] and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch [illegible] said ditch is located wholly [illegible] one hundred fifty [illegible] ranges thirty-nine and [illegible]

MAIN DITCH.

[illegible] of the Main Ditch [illegible] and through which [illegible] follows: Commencing [illegible] twenty (20) feet [illegible] southeast corner [illegible] township one hundred [illegible] range thirty-nine [illegible] running due west parallel [illegible] twenty (20) feet north of the [illegible] line between sections four (4) [illegible] five (5) and eight (8), and [illegible] six (6) and seven (7) of aforesaid township and range to a point twenty [illegible] feet north of the southwest [illegible] of section six (6), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section [illegible] between sections one (1) and twelve (12) township one hundred [illegible] range forty (40), [illegible] to a point twenty (20) feet north and [illegible] feet east of the southwest [illegible] section one (1), where said ditch [illegible] and has its outlet in [illegible] two (2) of county ditch No. [illegible]

Description of extension of ditch [illegible]

[illegible] of said extension and [illegible] over and through which it [illegible] follows: Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north and [illegible] (20) feet east of the northwest [illegible] of section eight (8) township [illegible] hundred fifty three (153) range [illegible] thence running due [illegible] parallel with and twenty (20) feet [illegible] of the section line between sections seven [illegible] and eight (8), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty [illegible] north of the southwest corner of section eight (8) thence extending [illegible] west parallel with and twenty [illegible] north of the section line between [illegible] seven (7) and eighteen (18) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the [illegible] corner of section seven (7) of [illegible] township and range thence [illegible] west parallel with and [illegible] feet north of the section line between sections twelve (12) [illegible] to a point twenty (20) [illegible] north and twenty (20) feet east [illegible] of the southwest corner of section twelve (12) township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty (40), thence [illegible] parallel with and twenty [illegible] feet east of the section line between sections thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) to a point (20) twenty feet [illegible] twenty (20) feet north of the [illegible] corner of section thirteen [illegible] said ditch terminates and [illegible] branch number one (1) of county ditch number 38 as appears [illegible] report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of [illegible] of the lands and the names of [illegible] and other corporations [illegible] will be affected by the construction [illegible] said ditch as appears in [illegible] report of said viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

[illegible] M. Manuel, Philimont A. Fr [illegible] Edward Kelly, August Lamla, [illegible] Salberg, Anton Fort, A [illegible] Sivert O. Prestegaard, Bo [illegible] Andrew J. Anderson, [illegible] Ole N. Troutvet, Elling [illegible] Albert Gulbrandson, Theodore Jacobson, Daniel Bjor [illegible] Max Tommendahl, Paul M. [illegible] Ole O. Gjermundson, Carl J. Anderson, Knut Strande, Anton [illegible] Swend Erwick, Mandoza Beaudry, [illegible] Joseph Vorlicky, James Ramsey, Frank A. Zavoral, John Lust, Knut H. Knutson, Peter [illegible] George Wagner, Mora Lauder, Township of Star, Township of High Landing and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the [illegible] of said county auditor.

Now, therefore, the county [illegible] of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota will hold a special meeting on [illegible] the 29th day of July, at the county auditor's office, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyors and viewers report thereon and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) j30-jt1

Subscribe For The Gazette. The Sooner, The Better

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake,

District Court,
Fourteenth Judicial District

F. W. Gregory,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson; Henry Sheldon Judson Rose M. Judson his wife; Frank E. Hanson; H. O. Sutile; Scroggin & Son; L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin, copartners as Scroggin & Son; Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein,
Defendants

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, at the court house at Red Lake Falls, the County seat of said Red Lake County, in Red Lake County, said State, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dated June 28, 1910.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake,

District Court
Fourteenth Judicial District.

F. W. Gregory,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson, Henry Sheldon Judson, Rose M. Judson his wife; Frank E. Hanson; H. O. Sutile; Scroggin & Son; L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin; Copartners as Scroggin & Son. Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein.
Defendants.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in said court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants. The premises affected by said action are situate in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast half (S ½) of the Southeast Quarter (SE ¼) of Section Seventeen (17), Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range Forty-one (41) West, according to the Government survey thereof. That the object of said action is to quiet the title in said premises in the plaintiff and to determine the adverse claims of the defendants therein and the rights of the parties in said action respectively.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dated June 28, 1910. j7-a11

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition, of which the following is a copy, has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board, at the office of the county auditor of said County, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the 5th day of August A. D. 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 28th day of June, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

The undersigned land owners whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for the expense of the construction of the Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a ditch along the following described route in the town of Silverton in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility. A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the North East corner of section thirty three (33) in township one hundred fifty four (154) north of range forty-two (42) west, thence running west along the section line between sections twenty eight (28) and thirty three (33) twenty nine (29) and thirty two (32) and between sections thirty (30) and thirty one (31) all in said township one hundred fifty four (154) North of Range forty two (42) West, and terminating at the County Ditch No. 33 on the range line between townships one hundred fifty four (154), Range forty two (42), and township one hundred fifty four, (154) range forty-three (43) as its outlet, being County ditch No. 33 in said Red Lake Co.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230), of the General Laws of Minnesota, for 1905, and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated June 27th, 1910.
Ole Omundson,
Peter Omundson,
Gustav Omundson,
Oscar Omundson,
Theo. Omundson,
D. P. O'Neill. j7-j21

Order to Show Cause on Filing Petition to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } ss. IN PROBATE COURT, Special Term, July 6th 1910

In the Matter of the Estate of Frank Pribyl Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Louis A. Kaufer, Administrator of said Estate setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of, the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased as far as the same can be ascertained, the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof, the persons interested in said estate, with their residences, and praying that license be to him granted to sell all the Real Estate in the above entitled matter, and it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said Louis A. Kaufer to pay said debts, the legacies or expense of administration, and for the the best interests of said Estate and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate;

It is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court on Tuesday the 2nd day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said Louis A. Kaufer to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further Ordered, That this Order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Red Lake Falls Gazette a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Red Lake Falls, in said County, according to law.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this 6th day of July A. D. 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
(Seal) Judge of Probate.
j7-j21

More Spring Poetry.

The baseball player will resume
With letters on his suit.
The fan will sit out in the sun
And violently root.
His supper will grow cold and stale.
His wife will swear a bit.
The cook will make a chalk mark on
The kitchen door and quit.
The milliners will meanwhile show
Those gorgeous Easter hats
With funny dudads tacked on them
And straw and birds and bats,
And while the ladies dance for joy
Before this line of goods
Their lords will pack an extra shirt
And light out for the woods.
—Sweet Grass Tribune.

LAMBERT.

Mrs. Armidas Lambert left Monday for a few days visit in Winnipeg accompanied by her sister, Antoinette Bergeron.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lambert and family visited here last week.

Mrs. Martin and three daughters from Minneapolis are visiting with friends and relatives for the last few days.

Philipe Gibeau made a business trip to McIntosh Tuesday.

The dance at Armidas Lambert's Saturday evening was well attended and all reported a good time.

Charlie Swanson from Black River visited with his sister Edna last Tuesday.

George Charest spent Sunday evening at C. Robideaux's.

Laura Gibeau is staying at Armidas Lambert's while Mrs. Lambert is gone visiting.

Eugenie Bergeron visited at the Jos. A. Lambert home Thursday afternoon.

Edna C. Swanson spent the fourth at her in Black River.

Laura Robideau is back home after a few week's stay at the Jos. Jean home.

Dan Girine of Red Lake Falls was called to doctor one of Xavier Boucher's horses.

The Misses Doucet were guests at the Joe Bergeron home Sunday afternoon.

Albert and Omer and Eugenie Bergeron spent Sunday evening at the Xavier Boucher home.

PERRAULT STATION.

(Intended for last week.)

Rodlph Ducharme and wife from Crookston were visitors at M. Ducharme's last Sunday.

Charlie Perrault was a caller at the station and arranged with Homer Parenteau to paint his barn.

M. Marleau and Jos. Guthier were city callers last week.

Mrs. Homer Parenteau paid a visit at Damos Lachance's last week.

Mose Ducharme and wife were in town on business last Thursday.

Perrault and Dupont issued checks for the month of May as follows:

Louise Dupont	$33.99
Eugene St. Mars	36.96
M. W. Loose	39.27
Nap Delorme	77.36
Carl Nelson	83.31
Aug. Anderson	95.93
Jos. Guithier	38.48
M. Marleau	35.17
Jos. Page	10.85

Three new patrons started to haul milk last week. They are, J. H. Hunter, Jos. Delorme and Ed. Busse. The factory has double the patrons it had last year and is prosperous.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota., July 1st, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor pursuant to Chapter 230 of the general laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of hearing and considering the report of the engineer and viewers on the Ditch petitioned for by Wm. C. Hunt and others, designated by the county auditor as county Ditch No. 47.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the hearing in the above entitled matter be posponed for the reason that there is a petition for an extension of the said ditch on file in the auditor's office that will necessitate a re-survey and a re-assessment of benefits.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

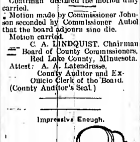
Chairman declared the motion duly carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson seconded by Commissioner Aubol that the board adjourn sine die.

Motion carried.

C. A. LINDQUIST. Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

Impressive Enough.



"Willie, does your teacher try to impress you with the Golden Rule?"

"Nope. She uses a plain wood one but it works just fine."

Hints on Cultivation of Corn.

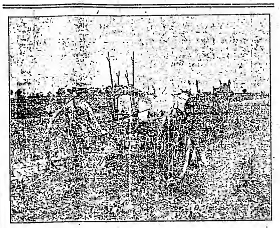
A. D. Wilson, Minnesota Experiment Station.

Corn is cultivated to keep the soil in good condition, to save moisture and to destroy weeds. To get a good crop of corn, it is essential that the plants have plenty of available plant food every day. Plant food is made available in our soils largely by the decomposition of vegetable matter. Decomposition of vegetable matter takes place only in the presence of heat, air and moisture.

Cultivation of the soil checks the evaporation of moisture; consequently, corn roots will be closer to the surface than in a field that has been plowed deeply and that has been opened up to a considerable depth by the growth of clover. Consequently, one can cultivate more deeply in a field that has been well prepared than in a field that has been poorly prepared.

It is not usually necessary to cultivate more than two inches deep to keep the soil in good condition. After the first one or two times, one can usually do better work and do it more safely by using some sort of a surface cultivator. Floats or knives can be purchased from most of the dealers to attach to any cultivator.

It is not enough to cultivate simply when the corn gets weedy. When the soil is dry, one should cultivate to retain moisture by means of checking evaporation with the surface mulch. When the soil is wet, cultivation opens it up, aerates it and makes it warmer. If one does not cultivate deep enough to injure the roots, it is advisable, when possible, to cultivate even after the corn is tasselled. This, of course, must be done with a one-horse cultivator.



A two-row cultivator at work. With such a machine one man can do practically twice as much work as he can with a one-row machine.

has a tendency to make the soil warmer. Checking the evaporation also increases the supply of available moisture in the soil. Cultivation also stirs up the soil and allows the air to enter more freely. Consequently, in cultivating, one has a means by which he can largely control the available moisture in the soil. In this way the corn grower has the advantage of the grain grower; because the grain grower loses control of his crop as soon as it is seeded, while the corn grower can do many things to regulate the condition of his soil by means of cultivation.

Corn, like any other plant, gets its plant food from the soil entirely through its roots. One should bear this in mind when cultivating, and avoid tearing off the roots as much as possible. This usually means rather shallow cultivation. If land has been poorly farmed and poorly plowed, the

The most economical way of securing a permanent roadbed is through drainage. It solves much of the good roads problem, in the opinion of the Minnesota Experiment Station.

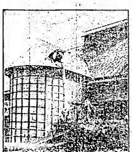
Sowing Fodder Corn.

Sow fodder corn thickly now, either with a grain drill or corn planter, at the rate of thirty to fifty pounds per acre, cultivate one way, cut with a corn binder, shock in the field, allow to stand until fed or hauled to the barn, is recommended by the Minnesota Experiment Station.

CORN FOR SILAGE.

Conserves Much of Its Food Value When Stored in a Silo.

There is no other way by which a crop of corn can be handled that will conserve so much of its food value, as by storing it in the silo. Where one can afford the necessary buildings and equipment, as much corn as can be fed in that form to advantage should be stored in this way. For silage, corn is usually sown in drills at the rate of about one-half bushel per acre. However, many of the farmers, who have had long experience in handling corn in the silo, are reducing the amount of seed used per acre down to about one peck, and often the corn is planted in the same manner as for ears. For silage, one should use the varieties of corn that gives best results in the production of ear corn in the locality, because good silage is made only from corn that is practically mature.



Storing corn in a silo.

The large varieties of corn, that do not mature, make silage that is too juicy, and consequently too sour for best results in feeding.

One can ordinarily expect about ten tons of silage per acre from a crop of corn. Cut corn for silage when the ears have become well glazed, or, in other words, at about the stage it would be cut if it were to be shocked for ear corn.

The cost of silage can be greatly reduced if several farmers own the machinery together, and, under most conditions, it is desirable to co-operate in the filling of the silo. Considerable saving can also be made if several go together and buy the material, and have several silos made at once.

A cow will use to good advantage, during the season, from three to four tons of silage. The more silage one can use, the cheaper it becomes per ton. It is usually not advisable to build a silo for a very small herd of cattle.

In addition to saving all nutriment in the crop, by storing corn in the silo, one gets the benefit of the succulent food supply, which aids digestion and enables stock to make better use of the dry feeds that they eat.—A. D. Wilson, Minnesota Experiment Station.

The most valuable farms were at one time sloughs and swamps and considered worthless. Drainage has made them what they are now—valuable—and a skillful engineer is constantly employed at the Agricultural College, University Farm, St. Paul, to instruct students and others in the science and principles of farm drainage.

MISSED ONE POINT.

The Lady Told Him What More He Could Have Said.

"I am going to tell you the truth about yourself," he said.

"Go on," said the young and ambitious actress.

"I have in my time had rare opportunities to observe beautiful, graceful and talented women, and I violate no confidence in saying that you are the queen of them all. You unite in your lovely person that peculiar magnetism which lays audiences at your feet. Your genius, shining through all the deficiencies of stagecraft, enables you to triumph over every obstacle. So supreme are you that you have the right to rise above all conventionalities, to marry, to love, to discard whom you please, and no one will dare to criticise. Your work will live. You are the very personification of the highest art. United with this your perfection of beauty gives you the just title to a lasting fame."

"Is all that true?" she asked softly.

"Absolutely. Would you have me say more? What more could I say?"

She sighed.

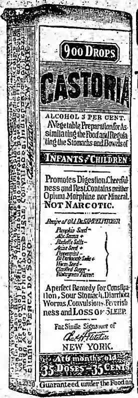
"You might," she answered, "have mentioned my clothes and my figure."—Puck.

Face the Sun.

Don't hunt after trouble, but look for
success.
You'll find what you look for; don't look
for distress.
If you see but your shadow, remember, I
pray,
That the sun is still shining, but you're
in the way.
Don't grumble, don't bluster, don't dream
and don't shirk;
Don't think of your worries, but think of
your work.
The worries will vanish; the work will be
done.
No man sees his shadow who faces the
sun.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

ALCOHOL
is almost the worst thing for consumptives. Many of the "just-as-good" preparations contain as much as 20% of alcohol; Scott's Emulsion not a drop. Insist on having
Scott's Emulsion
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Maloney Decedent.

The petition of John Manley as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate having been filed in this court, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court, and that the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto.

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard, and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing and in the said matter and that such citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said County according to law.

Dated July 6th, 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON,
(Court Seal) Probate Judge j7-j21

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Montreuil, Decedent.

The petition of William Montreuil as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate, having been filed in this court, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court and that the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto.

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard, and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing and in the said matter, and that such citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said county according to law.

Dated July 6th, 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
(Seal) Probate Judge.
j7j21

Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and [illegible] Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Larson, a single man, Mortgagor, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Mortgagee, bearing date the [illegible] day of December, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of December, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., in Book [illegible] of Mortgages, on page 178 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: West half of southeast quarter, (W ½ of SE ¼) of section twenty three (23) in township one hundred fifty three (153), north of range forty (40) West of the 5th principal meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the [illegible] building temporarily used as a Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 27th day of August, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty one and [illegible] Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty five Dollars, Attorney's fees, the same being reasonable attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 9th A. D. 1910.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF RED LAKE FALLS, Mortgagee.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

No Use For It.

A Washington man took his little boy to church one Sunday morning. A missionary preached, telling about the nude heathen in the tropics, and after the sermon a missionary collection was taken up.

The little boy noticed that his father put in a suspender button.

He said to his father on the way home:

"Didn't I understand the preacher to say that these savages went naked, father?"

"Yes, my son," was the reply. "I'm glad to find you were so attentive."

"Then, father," said the boy, "why did you put a button in the plate?"

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, *Minnesota*

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Enok Breu [illegible] Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen [illegible] F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tisdhart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE
Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses or dissipation, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope to any man who will write for it.—A. E. Robinson, 3964 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ARE QUEENS OF HOMES AS WELL AS EMPIRES

EVER since Queen Victoria, some fifty or sixty years ago, roundly spanked a small son who was cutting up didoes—and that right in public in the midst of some big procession or other—the English throne has set about the most forceful example of strict attention on the part of its queens to the principal business of womanhood that the modern world has seen.

Not that publicly chastising a naughty child is of itself an index of the right sort of motherhood, by any means. But in these particular circumstances it certainly was. For it served to show the entire world that the queen of Great Britain and empress of all India put nothing, not even royal decorum, above the business of motherhood.

She did not, as many mothers might have done, allow the offender to keep on in his evil course until the royal parade was at an end, and then get down to maternal first principles.

Nor did she loftily wave him out of sight, as we fondly imagine all kings and queens may, when brought face to face with an unpleasantness of whatsoever sort.

Instead, she spanked sonny with her own right royal hand.

The act was simple, human and illuminating, even if a jar to that English hallmark of good breeding, deadly composure under all circumstances.

Queen Victoria set the example of supreme maternalness at a time when to be motherly and domestically inclined was not considered in the best of social form. Queen Alexandra after her, and now Queen Mary, continue to make a fashion of it, as much as anything can be made a fashion of, that requires all that is best in one to perform.

Makers of Homes.

In trying to get hold of the salient characteristics of Alexandra, now called the Queen Mother by her own wish, and Queen Mary, upon whose shoulders the royal mantle worn by Alexandra for nine years now falls, the curious fact presents itself that they have almost no existence outside the role of mother and housewife.

That is, whatever distinction they have attained has been through being devoted mothers, splendid home-makers, companions to their husbands when companionship was desired of them, and conservers always of the name they took in marriage.

While the English people have loved her, their feeling is nearer reverence than fellowship. She has stood alone in a little world of her own, aureoled by pure goodness.

Perhaps the fact that she is more than slightly deaf has caused this separateness from human foibles. Perhaps it has saved her pain, too, for people may whisper, but they will not shout about scandal.

Alexandria is a lover of horses and dogs, particularly dogs. At one time she was the champion woman tandem driver of England. She adores music and flowers. In Edward's dead hands she folded one white rose before he was shut forever from the world.

The queen who succeeds Alexandra on the throne, Mary, is the first British consort that has sat on the throne of England for hundreds of years. While resembling Alexandra in the most womanly of her traits—love of home and children—she gives every promise of being a more aggressive factor in the final summing up of the reign in which she figures.

Personality of New Queen.

She and her husband have led so secluded a life that very little has been learned of their private affairs—but it appears that she is renowned as a determined patronizer of English textile manufactures, refusing to wear anything not woven in British realms. She is no sportswoman. She likes to skate, but will skate on nothing but natural ice. She is a gentlewoman, and will have none but gentlewomen about her, so "freak dinners" and cotillion presents running into four or five figures are about as likely to win her sufferance as murder or arson.

Queen Mary is very good to the poor, liberally aiding bazars, etc. She has guarded her privacy jealously, has reared five splendid children, one of whom is a girl, and has allowed herself to be photographed in an engaging picture with the young prince of Wales riding pickaback on her shoulders.

Queen Mary was brought up in a straight-laced, rigid fashion by her mother, who sent her to bed instead of to parties. Mary is a cousin, twice removed, of King George. She was engaged to the duke of Clarence, the heir apparent, who died in 1892. Against Alexandra's will, but greatly to the joy of Queen Victoria and the English people, who longed to see an England princess on the throne, being against any more German alliances for the reigning house, she was won over to an engagement with her former betrothed's younger brother, George. They were married on July 6, 1893, when Mary was about twenty-six years old.

Their Realm the Home.

It is a curious fact from this point of view that there is no part of such a role not open for emulation to the poorest wife and mother among all the subjects of these queens.

Both Queen Alexandra and Queen Mary are famous throughout Great Britain as splendid housekeepers, exquisite needlewomen, practical mothers, with thorough understanding of the care of nurseries, and educators of their young children. As housewives and mothers they have lived with a single-minded devotion, not surpassed by the most rigid of British matrons.

To be sure, no evidence appears that either of these women is highly endowed intellectually, or could by force of her brilliancy and wit reign over salons. But they might have tried. That their natural promptings have been to devote themselves to home and children indicates much, however, and the force of example has been something tremendous.

Helen Vacaresco, the Roumanian writer, tells of seeing Alexandra in her youth. She pictures her as of fairy-like beauty, with the loveliest of blue eyes, the sunshiniest of golden hair, and the walk of a goddess.

Lady Randolph Churchill's "Reminiscences" bring her nearer, for Lady Churchill is too brilliant a woman to be satisfied with drawing merely a lay figure of royalty. She spent some time at Sandringham with the prince and princess of Wales, and her delineation of the woman whose dressing table was so crowded with pictures of her children and bibelots that she had no place for comb or toilet articles, has the human touch. An aged white parrot occupied the stand of honor in the middle of Alexandra's dressing-room, where he was as cross as only an old parrot can be.

Lady Churchill tells how the princess used to rap unexpectedly on the door of a guest's room at night, ostensibly to ask if the guest was comfortable, but really to speak a little word of sympathy, advice or encouragement, according to what had occurred during the day to necessitate it. The princess had abnormally keen eyes for sorrow and trouble, she says, and won all hearts by her unfailing sympathy.

Has Known Sorrow.

In 1871 Princess Alexandra lost a child. Later in the year Edward lay almost at the point of death with typhoid. During his sickness a stable boy was stricken with the same disease and died. Alexandra visited his mother, attended the funeral, and gave the stone erected over his grave. It bears this legend, which shows how gracious her tact was:—"One was taken, and the other was left."

There are numberless stories of her simple goodness of heart and lavish generosity.

When she came to England her bountifulness of spirit made difficulties for her. She gave to all who sought and could not believe, until time demonstrated, that people were preying on her well-known kindness.

The story of her betrothal to Edward, debonair prince of Wales, has a tender touch of romance, for he fell in love with her picture. She was the daughter of a Danish prince, whose house gave an empress to Russia and a king to Greece, but her youth was spent quietly in domestic pursuits. Her father was not then king of Denmark. The home was a simple one, in which frugality and simple living prevailed. There was a remarkable bond of love between parents and children, however, that sweetened all the short shrifts necessary, and lasted through all the after years unbroken, save where death intervened. This is in part demonstrated by Alexandra's recently establishing her summer home near Copenhagen with her sister, the dowager empress of Russia. Here, it is said, she will retire, in companionship with her sister.

Edward and Alexandra were married in 1863, when she was but nineteen. In all the years since then, during which she has had to pass through the ordeal of getting acquainted with the English people, and has had to maintain a tremendously difficult social role as princess and queen, not one single social blunder has been charged against her.

She has shown herself to be "a woman of singularly blameless life, loving and lovable," as one chronicler puts it. You cannot review her life without getting the impression that generally prevails about her in England, that she is a woman of superlative goodness of character. And not without keen intelligence, or she could never have picked her steps so carefully as neither to give offense nor seem to be offended.

For 37 years the wife of a prince whose scope, both by inclination and circumstance, was entirely social, a "good fellow" in the widest sense of the word, a man of boundless energy, superlative good nature and eager admiration for brilliance and wit in either man or woman, Alexandra maintained a character so self-contained, so truly pure and good, that, as one writer says, a veil seems to have fallen between herself and the rest of the world, so that not even her most spontaneous act brings her near to common human nature.

Tasks Ahead of King George.

About King George's past there hangs a romantic rumor of a morganatic marriage with the daughter of Admiral Seymour. He has made a good husband, however, being without any good fellowship or club notions whatever. He is no "mixer" in the sense that King Edward was.

They say that while many members of his father's court did not know him by sight when he succeeded King Edward, his was a familiar figure in the councils of the workingmen of the East End. However that may be, it certainly "listens good" in the pass in which King George finds himself today, called upon to stem the tide of one of the greatest political revolts that Great Britain has ever known.

In her pictures Queen Mary has the face of a little puritan, which she is said to be. Her training has not been such as to liberalize her views socially, at any rate in the way that Queen Alexandra's have been—or shall we say that Queen Alexandra has allowed it to appear? Queen Mary was born to a great position.

Married to a man sharing her quiet tastes, her lack of particular care for fashion and the ostentation of wealth—in fact, of everything that King Edward stood for, including unparalleled popularity—it is but natural to believe those who predict a startling reversal to the manners of Queen Victoria's court in England; chiefly in the rigid exclusion from royal circles of all persons who cannot back up brilliancy, beauty or richness with blue blood and unspotted escutcheons.

Already Queen Mary takes out a piece of needlework or a bit of crocheting for the poor after dinner in the drawing-room and works at it standing up, for she believes that it is good for the health to stand up after dinner.

Of course, the only thing for the ladies of the court to do is to follow suit. So they, many of whom gathered around the pleasant bridge tables of evenings heretofore, stand also and teach their stiff, unaccustomed fingers the gentle art of wielding the ladylike needle again.

It is probably going to be a thoroughly well-bred court at St. James hereafter, with a blue-blooded attendance. There will be no surprise in the way of introductions therein of celebrities in arts not commonly recognized as polite. For which reason it is feared by many that it will be a much duller court, too.

CLIMAX FOR GREAT TENOR

Caruso Approaches Finale in "Marital" Entanglements Through Divorce Suit Against Women.

Florence.—Enrico Caruso is approaching a climax in his "marital" entanglements. It will be remembered that during his first two seasons in New York at the Metropolitan Opera he was accompanied by a woman whom every one considered to be his legal wife.

This woman was really Mme. Gina Betti, the wife of a Florentine merchant, who under the name of Mimi Giachetti had achieved a certain success on the operatic stage, and who is a sister of the better-known lyric soprano of the same name. A year or two ago Mme. Giachetti-Betti-Caruso was reported to have eloped with her chauffeur.

Mme. Caruso.

Now the Florentine merchant, Betti, is suing her for divorce and names Caruso. Mme. Caruso, as she is still generally known, has written a letter to the press in which she states that she endeavored to seek a divorce from Betti ten years ago, but he refused his consent. It was then that she went to live with the tenor. Since that time she declares she has lived with Caruso as his wife, and has had two children by him.

She often saw Betti, who never seemed to resent the fact of her alliance nor care one way or the other. She denies having eloped with the chauffeur and says Caruso left her penniless at Mont Cherlee on the very spot where they first met and where he persuaded her to forsake her artistic career for his love.

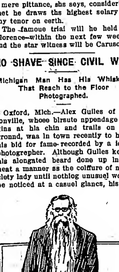
Mme. Betti deplores her unhappy married life with both men, whom she accuses of having failed to contribute to her support, although she admits that Caruso gives her $100 a month—a mere pittance, she says, considering that he draws the highest salary of any tenor on earth.

The famous trial will be held in Florence within the next few weeks, and the star witness will be Caruso.

NO SHAVE SINCE CIVIL WAR

Michigan Man Has His Whiskers That Reach to the Floor Photographed.

Oxford, Mich.—Alex Gulles of Ortonville, whose hirsute appendage begins at his chin and trails on the ground, was in town recently to have his bid for fame recorded by a local photographer. Although Gulles keeps his elongated beard done up in as neat a manner as the coiffure of a society lady until nothing unusual would be noticed at a casual glance, his advent here to have his whiskers "took" by a photographer created no little excitement.



Alex Gulles.

Gulles is the proprietor and operator of a saw mill at Ortonville, and 'tis said he locks step with that trailing streamers of whiskers as he winds the devious way in and about the swiftly humming machinery, indifferently among this luxuriant growth of human foliage. He has not had a shave since war times and does not expect one, striving earnestly to prove that what he claims is the blue ribbon winner for length, in whiskers.

He prides himself on having the longest whiskers in Michigan. And the residents of Ortonville, who have seen that winding trail of wispy, stringy whiskers floating about the saw mill over humming saws and buzzing set screws, give Gulles credit for as much courage as he has hair.

Fully Qualified.

The invalid was on the road to recovery and the physician had just presented his bill for $700.

"Doctor," said the patient, "you missed the opportunity of your life. You should have been a nerve specialist."

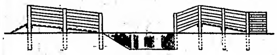
Her Way.

Mrs. Green—Yes; I can get anything I want out of my husband. I can use a few persuasive words and go right through his heart.

Mrs. Bibb—I prefer to go right through my husband's pockets.—Exchange.

EVERY BREEDER SHOULD POSSESS DIPPING TANK

Even Carefully Kept Herds and Flocks Are Liable to Become Infested With Vermin—Inexpensive Plant Illustrated.



A Practical Dipping Tank.

The time to rid flocks of sheep and herds of swine of ticks and lice is during the warm months and then there will be none to bother with in the winter time and to annoy animals so that only half or no profits can be had from them. Of course while the flocks and herds are cleaned up, the buildings must also be properly renovated and cleaned up, or there may be a general reinfesting from them, says Wisconsin Agriculturist. Every hog and sheep farm should have a dipping plant as a part of its regular equipment, for even carefully kept herds and flocks are liable to become infested with vermin such as lice and ticks.

A convenient, inexpensive and durable dipping plant may be constructed on the plan of the one represented in the accompany illustration. The sheep or hogs are driven in at a receiving chute, plunged into a tank containing a disinfectant solution, made to swim to the other end, where they can climb out over another chute and return to the pens or into paddocks. The general construction of the chutes does not need much explanation. That is quite clear from the plan of the illustration. Good cedar posts set firmly into the ground three feet apart, with the exception of those at the ends of the tank, which should be no farther apart than the top width of the tank, answer the purpose of supports. Pieces of 2x4-inch studding are nailed to each pair at proper height to give the incline to the floors. Planks are used for the flooring and inch boards for the sides. The incline of the receiving chute to the right of the illustration has cleats nailed across its floor to aid the animals in making the climb; the decline has no cleats and is covered with a sheet of galvanized zinc to prevent the animals resisting being plunged into the tank. The cleats of the former are nailed straight across. A gate is attached at the entrance to the chute so that a number of animals may be inclosed at a time while the dippers are working at the tank. The distance between the posts of the receiving chute on the sides is four feet, and the height of the incline is one foot and a half.

The incline of the chute through which the animals leave the tank is the same as that of the receiving chute, but it is longer, the distance between the posts being five instead of four feet. The floor here should also be covered with galvanized sheeting and the cleats nailed so as to allow the dripping from the wet animals to run back into the tank. Unless this is done the supply of solution in the tank will soon all be lost, and the dipping made unnecessarily much more expensive. The cleats, instead of running directly across, are short pieces nailed at angles, so that their inner ends are lower than the outer ends, and do not meet so as to let the drippings run down the center. When sheep are dipped it may become necessary to retain them in the dripping chute for a time, as those with long wool will carry even a gallon or two of the dip in their fleeces, which takes time to drain out.

The dipping tank should be at least four feet deep at the end into which the animals are plunged to admit of their being entirely submerged, and should be about fifteen feet long, so that sufficient time is required by the animal to pass through for them to receive a thorough wetting from the solution, otherwise it will be necessary to hold them back for a time until this is accomplished. The deep part of the tank need not be longer than five feet, the rest of the tank becoming gradually shallower up to the dripping chute and the bottom having cleats or grooves across to assist the animals in wading along. At the top the tank should be 18 inches wide, but at the bottom a width only sufficient for the animal's feet is necessary. This will properly be about one foot.

The material of which the dipping tank is made may be either wood, galvanized sheeting or concrete. Concrete will prove the most lasting, and can easily enough be molded by the owner.

Ventilation Is Essential.

Good ventilation at all times, both by day and by night, is essential in maintaining good health with poultry. Much of the diseases with which the birds are afflicted may be traced for its origin to a neglect to provide proper ventilation.

POOR METHOD OF FARMING

Agricultural Implements Exposed to Inclemency of Weather and Used By Poultry for Roosting Places.

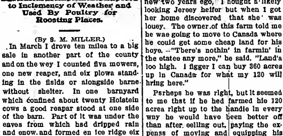
(By S. M. MILLER.)

In March I drove ten miles to a big sale in another part of the county and on the way I counted five mowers, one new reaper, and six plows standing in the fields or alongside barns without shelter. In one barnyard which confined about twenty Holstein cows a good reaper stood at one side of the barn. Part of it was under the eaves from which had dripped rain and snow and formed an ice ridge six inches thick. A big Plymouth Rock rooster stood proudly on one of the blades of the machine and there was evidence that this was the favorite roosting place of the flock.

In one field a breaking plow had been left standing at the end of a furrow in a corner of the field and the snow covered the beam. One handle was broken off. At the sale a fine reaper and mower were sold. The reaper was in a leaky shed but the mower stood in a corner of an alfalfa field. The reaper brought $14 and the mower nine dollars. Both were new two years ago. I bought a likely looking Jersey heifer but when I got her home discovered that she was lousy. The owner of this farm told me he was going to move to Canada where he could get some cheap land for his boys. "There's nothin' in farmin' in the states any more," he said. "Land's too high. I figger I can buy 360 acres up in Canada for what my 120 will bring here."

Perhaps he was right, but it seemed to me that if he had farmed his 120 acres right up to the handle in every way he would have been better off than after selling out, paying the expense of moving and equipping his new big farm in the northwest. The farm showed every evidence of neglect of small things. It was untidy, unthrifty in appearance and showed the lack of system. With such a farmer the bigger the farm the greater the waste. That ten-mile trip was a great object lesson to me and to my boys, who went along, as well.

METHOD OF FEEDING POULTRY



The device shown in the illustration gives a novel way to feed mangels, cabbage and so on to poultry. When the lower portion is all eaten off the tops fall down sufficiently to allow the chicks a share as well as the fowls. The rod is made to rest in a groove on posts set in the ground. The roots do not get soiled, and this proves an economical plan. The poultry will eat all, clear to the last bit.

Surface Culture.

Frequent surface cultivation makes the natural food of the plant more available, prevents escape of moisture and holds water in store for summer use.

Watering Plants.

Watering in the evening, besides aiding in the spread of fungous diseases, also causes "damping off." Watering should never be practised during heavy, cloudy weather. Sheds, heat and light should be considered. Plants growing in the bright sunlight always need more water than those in the shade, for evaporation and transpiration are always greater under such circumstances. Mid-day waterings, when the sun shines directly on the foliage, will burn the foliage of many of our common house plants. Shading during excessive heat will strengthen the plants and assist in retaining moisture.

Big Potato Crop.

On Lord Rosebery's estate at Dalmeny, Scotland, an acre has been made to produce more than 3,000 measured bushels of potatoes. This yield is so remarkable that the department of agriculture at Washington has sent an expert to Scotland to find out how it was made, and secure hints that will aid the American grower to increase his potato yields.

Kindness for Brood Hen.

Don't be mean to the poor brood hen because she wants to set. Maybe she has raised you one or two broods of chicks this season. If she has not, she has surely been doing her duty toward laying, and, anyway, she can't help it if she wants to set. She was created that way. Do not stuff her into a little, old, nasty, dirty hole of a place, on half rations, or no rations at all. Give her a good, clean pen, with plenty of feed and clean water twice a day. Good care will soon set her to singing again; whereas, ill treatment in her weakened condition may cause a disease that will take not only her but may spread to the whole flock.

Topdressing Pastures.

Pastures may be topdressed and should not be grazed too early in spring nor too heavily. Where pastures can be plowed it is advisable to plow and reseed occasionally.

The raising of clover, corn and forage crops furnishes a larger amount of protein for cattle and less feed will need to be purchased.

WHERE IT PROFITETH NOT

Attending to One's Own Garden May Be Good for the Health, But It Worries the Pocketbook.

Although once I used to toy with the stubborn glebe—and no glebe ever was stubborner than that of southern Ohio's hills, where there were four large stones to one small dirt—I am become as sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal or any other symbol you care to use when it gets right down to the real agricolture act.

I have figured myself out as a dead loss. The more I try to do the work about my suburban lot the more money it costs me. Maybe I get something in health, but that is a problem that medical science will never be able to solve. Medical science or any other kind of science, for that matter, has never settled anything. They've taken every question to the moot stage, and there they've left it mooting. And who cares a hoot for a moot?

Recently I thought I'd get busy and do some of the garden beds. The place where we placed dahlias and sweet peas in relays last year needed spading and fertilizing and reworking, the hydrangeas needed to be loosened up about the roots, some pansies needed transplanting, the whole lawn needed raking and massaging, and I was game for the job.

I went out and spaded around a whole row of hydrangeas and found myself coming down with one of those farm appetites that used to keep father busy paying interest on the mortgages. Ordinarily I am satisfied with a slice of roast beef and some vegetables for dinner. This time, however, I finished half an expensive panroast, cleaned out the vegetables till we worried over what the cook and nurse would get, and destroyed a lot of preserves that we had thought would last till the middle of the summer. I did a little figuring after dinner, and if my drowsiness did not too largely interfere with the accuracy of my calculations I had lost just $1.50 more than it would have cost me to have some-one whom I need not feed come and dig around those shrubs.

Next morning I telephoned to a man I knew who could send out some help that would do more good work in an hour than I could do in two, and who would not lift my grocery and market expense a particle.

Hereafter when I feel that tendency to wrestle with Mamma Earth and see the earthworms writhe and smell the good smell of the soil I shall do so when I am visiting or when I am boarding at some American-plan hotel. I simply cannot afford to work in my own garden and board myself, since the cost of foodstuffs has become so exorbitant.

If I did all my own work I'd be bankrupt the day the first grocery bill fell due.—Baltimore Sun.

Rube Audience.

Usher—Ladies, the audience wishes you to keep still during this performance.

Ladies—Heavens! Is it possible that the audience hasn't heard this old opera before?

A BAD THING TO NEGLECT.

Don't neglect the kidneys when you notice lack of control over the secretions. Passages become too frequent or scanty; urine is discolored and sediment appears. No medicine for such troubles like Doan's Kidney Pills. They quickly remove kidney disorders.

Mrs. A. E. Fulton, 311 Skidmore St., Portland, Ore., says: "My limbs swelled terribly and I was bloated over the stomach and had puffy spots beneath the eyes. My kidneys were very unhealthy and the secretions much disordered. The dropsical swellings began to abate after I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon I was cured."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

HIS WISH.

Mrs. Henpeck—Ah Henry, when I'm gone you'll never get another wife like me.

Mr. Henpeck (sotto voce)—I hope not.

A BURNING ERUPTION FROM HEAD TO FEET

"Four years ago I suffered severely with a terrible eczema, being a mass of sores from head to feet and for six weeks confined to my bed. During that time I suffered continual torture from itching and burning. After being given up by my doctor I was advised to try Cuticura Remedies. After the first bath with Cuticura Soap and application of Cuticura Ointment I enjoyed the first good sleep during my entire illness. I also used Cuticura Resolvent and the treatment was continued for about three weeks. At the end of that time I was able to be about the house, entirely cured, and have felt no ill effects since. I would advise any person suffering from any form of skin trouble to try the Cuticura Remedies, as I know what they did for me. Mrs. Edward Nenning, 1112 Salina St., Watertown, N. Y., Apr. 11, 1909."

Unflattering Truth.

A Chicago physician gleefully tells a child story at his own expense. The five children of some faithful patients had measles, and during their rather long stay in the improvised home hospital they never failed to greet his daily visit with pleased acclamation. The good doctor felt duly flattered, but rashly pressed the children, in the days of convalescence, for the reason of this sudden affection. At last the youngest and most indiscreet let slip the bitter truth.

"We felt so sick that we wanted awfully to do something naughty, but we were afraid to be bad for fear you and the nurse would give us more horrid medicine. So we were awfully glad to see you, always, 'cause you made us stick out our tongues. We stuck 'em out awful far!"

Midas.

Midas had come to that point in his career where everything he touched turned to gold.

"What shall you ever do with the stuff?" asked his entourage in visible alarm.

Midas affected not to be uneasy. "Just wait till the boys begin to touch me!" quoth he, displaying an acquaintance with economic tendencies far in advance of his age.—Puck.

Caring for the Baby.

Old Lady—What a nice boy, to watch your little brother so carefully!

Nice Boy—Yes, 'm. He just swallowed a dime and I'm afraid of kidnapers.

Compound Interest

comes to life when the body feels the delicious glow of health, vigor and energy.

That Certain Sense

of vigor in the brain and easy poise of the nerves comes when the improper foods are cut out and predigested

Grape-Nuts

take their place.

If it has taken you years to run down don't expect one mouthful of this great food to bring you back (for it is not a stimulant but a rebuilder.)

Ten days trial shows such big results that one sticks to it.

"There's a Reason"

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

The Lost Chords.

The village concert was to be a great affair. They had the singers, they had the program sellers, they had the doorkeepers and they would doubtless have the audience. All they needed was the piano, but that they lacked. Nor could they procure one anywhere.

At last the village organist learned that one was possessed by Farmer Hayseed, who lived "at the top o' the 'ill." Forthwith he set out with two men and a van.

"Take it, an' welcome," said Hayseed cordially. "I've no objections s'long as ye put 'Pyenner by Hayseed' on the program."

They carted it away.

"An' I wish 'em joy of it," murmured Mrs. Hayseed, as the van disappeared from sight.

"Wish 'em joy of it," repeated Hayseed. "What d'yo mean?"

"Well, I mean I only 'ope they'll find all the notes they want," replied the good woman. "'Cos, ye see, when I wanted a bit o' wire I allus went to the old pianner for it."

It Is a Mistake

Many have the idea that anything will sell if advertised strong enough. This is a great mistake. True, a few sales might be made by advertising an absolutely worthless article but it is only the article that is bought again and again that pays. An example of the big success of a worthy article is the enormous sale that has grown up for Cascarets Candy Cathartic. This wonderful record is the result of great merit successfully made known through persistent advertising and the mouth-to-mouth recommendation given Cascarets by its friends and users.

Like all great successes, trade pirates prey on the unsuspecting public, by marketing fake tablets similar in appearance to Cascarets. Care should always be exercised in purchasing well advertised goods, especially an article that has a national sale like Cascarets. Do not allow a substitute to be palmed off on you.

HE'D HAD SOME HARD KNOCKS.

"Fortune knocks once at every man's door."

"Fortune is a knocker, all right."

He Rose to It.

"Do you know," said a little boy of five to a companion the other day, "my father and I know everything. What I don't know my father knows, and what my father don't know I know."

"All right! Let's see, then," replied the older child, skeptically. "Where's Asia?"

It was a stiff one, but the youngster never faltered.

"Well, that," he answered coolly, "is one of the things my father knows."—Harper's Bazaar.

The Miser of Sag Harbor.

"Economy," said Daniel W. Field, the millionaire shoe manufacturer of Boston, who at the age of forty-five has entered Harvard, "economy is essential to wealth, but by economy I don't mean niggardliness.

"Too many men fail to attain to wealth because they practise a cheeseparing and mean economy that gets everybody down on them.

"They practise, in fact, an economy like that of old William Brewster of Sag Harbor. William, you know, would never buy oysters because he couldn't eat shells and all."

To greet misfortune with a smile is decidedly a one-sided flirtation.

Delightful Desserts

and many other pleasing dishes can be made with

Post Toasties

A crisp, wholesome food—always ready to serve.

With fruits or berries it is delicious.

"The Memory Lingers"

A little book—"Good Things Made with Toasties"—in packages, tells how.

Sold by Grocers—pkgs. 10c and 15c.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.
Battle Creek, Mich.

UNCLE AARON'S WILL

By G. A. RUSSELL

When my uncle died, the people of Frankfort were almost distracted between the conflicting emotions of grief and curiosity.

They knew, or thought they knew, my uncle as the richest man by far in the city. Silent, cold and reserved, no one had ever presumed to be his confidential friend.

He died without kith or kin of any kind in the world, except myself, whom he heartily detested. We had not spoken to each other for years, and both were glad of it. I regarded him as an avaricious, coldly calculating machine, without heart, conscience or human sympathy. He thought of me as an idle, shiftless dreamer, with the heart of a poet and the head of a fool.

Whatever the people thought of him, it is but fair to his memory to say that they agreed with his judgment of myself.

Therefore, when I returned to Frankfort—for I never long remained in the uncongenial hole—the inhabitants of that town were properly curious as to whether he would leave his money to his unworthy nephew, or to some worthy charity.

After the funeral I was called into a private room where two men were seated. One of them I recognized as my uncle's lawyer, the other as his banker.

They greeted me in a curiously quiet and constrained way that struck me as ominous for my future welfare.

Mr. Boles, the lawyer, got up and lighted the gas, pulled down the shades, and locked all the doors. The banker remained seated, offering no comment, while I gazed with fascinated interest from one to the other. Mr. Boles having at last secured the proper privacy seated himself and began:

"Mr. Gordon, I have a strange communication to make to you. The strangest that you ever heard. It is concerning your uncle's will. We three are the only persons on earth that are to know the contents of this strange bequest, and if you refuse to abide by the provisions enumerated therein, you are forbidden ever to speak about it. Do you accept this preliminary requirement?"

"I do," I said without hesitation.

"The first of all, you must know that your uncle was far richer than any one imagined. He died possessed of almost unlimited wealth. Not one, but many, many millions. If you accept the terms of his will, your letter of credit with Mr. Brenton will be unlimited. No check however small or great, will be unhonored; your wealth will exceed the dreams of Monte Cristo. If you refuse the terms of the will all his wealth goes to charity."

"Go on," said I nervously.

"The provisions of this strange document are in brief these: That all of this great fortune is to be yours, to spend in any manner you choose, provided you remain within the corporate limits of Frankfort always; and further, that you tell no one of the contents of this bequest."

The two men looked at me curiously; I was strangely embarrassed. Never in my wildest imagination had I dreamed of anything like this.

"Once more tell me the restrictions that will be placed on me if I accept?"

"That you are never to leave the corporate limits of Frankfort willingly or unwillingly, and that you tell no one of the conditions of the will. The minute you break any one of these requirements the money passes out of your hands."

I thought rapidly. That I should be compelled to remain in such a place was a terrible idea to me. That I should lose a fortune rich beyond imagination was not to be thought of by an idle beggar like me.

"I accept the terms," I said briefly, and hurried out lest I change my decision.

My uncle, I reflected, could have inflicted no greater punishment than that of compelling me to live inside of the city limits of Frankfort, and yet who in the world would not jump at the chance of being absolute monarch and dictator of one of the hustling young American cities, for such I would be?

Though I possessed the contempt of most of the inhabitants that knew me, I did not have an enemy there; and I knew that as soon as unlimited money was mine, these people would be fawning sycophants at my feet.

The best hotel that the town possessed was the Elks, a three-story building that stood on a prominent corner. It was old in design, rather behind the times and had been enlarged once or twice. Every one with proper civic pride was sensitive as to the Elks, yet recognized the fact that no one could successfully compete with the landlord, George Graham, in starting a new hostelry, for the reason that competitive building space was too valuable, and the price of labor and building material too high to make the investment profitable.

As I entered the lobby and advanced to the office I saw Graham himself behind the desk.

"Hello, Gordon, want a square meal before you hit the road again?"

Many a time he had spoken to a similar manner, yet today without telling so, I resented it.

"On the contrary I am going to stay with you for a time, and shall require a room with a bath, or better yet, a suite."

"Do you want Florida water in your bath?" said he, scarcely hiding a sneer.

"I want civil treatment," was my retort.

"Our terms are cash in advance," he replied, flushing almost purple.

When he named a price he thought beyond my means, I pulled out a check-book and wrote in the amount, signed my name and gave it to him.

He rang the call bell and as the first boy approached said:

"Here, take this to the bank and see if it is any good."

I walked away and several in the crowd that had been drawn together by the sound of our voices tittered. He had drawn first blood.

Perhaps Frankfort would keep me interested after all. I liked the prospect better. One thing was certain, George Graham and I would be better acquainted before long.

When I lay down that night it was not to sleep, but to think out plans for the future.

The next morning I started out on my plan of campaign. I selected the corner from the Elks that I conceived to be most desirable and got options from as many of the owners as I thought would be necessary to build a hotel the size I wanted.

Next I went to the tenants and got from them options on their leases.

I accomplished all this within one week, and so little was I known and respected that I succeeded in getting both the land and the leases at very reasonable rates.

Those who knew me concluded I had a little money that I wanted to spend in making a show, and figured the option money would be a little easy, extra change.

The following day when I took up the options and insisted upon deeds and terms of location being complied with, there were mingled feelings of joy, consternation and wonderment on all sides. I was at once the sensation of the town.

No one knew what use I was going to make of the buildings or ground, though I had an idea that George Graham had a secret fear of what was going to happen. He was respectful enough now, to my face, but from all I could hear he was as venomous as a snake behind my back.

The second day after my purchases the principal architect from a nearby city arrived, and we spent the rest of the week on the plans. My directions were very simple; build a hotel three times the size of the Elks, and without any restrictions whatever, make it the finest that money can buy.

The men thought I was simple, but he charitably named the venture Civic Pride, and we let it go at that.

I demanded the erection of this hotel in an incredibly short time, and as money can accomplish much in Frankford as well as elsewhere, I had the old buildings razed and work begun on the new almost before the citizens realized what we were doing.

As the new building went up, almost as if by magic, I realized what fame meant. With my rise came the fall of George Graham. That he felt it keenly I could see. I could further see that there was yet one good fight left in him, and he would make it.

When my hotel was finished and a good landlord installed, his was practically a deserted inn.

On the occasion of the opening of the "Frankfort" I gave a reception and ball. Among the guests was a young lady by the name of Della Cole. I knew the minute that I saw her that I simply must have her for my wife. She was at once the most beautiful and attractive woman that I had ever seen. She moved like a queen among the guests, and like a queen she accepted my homage.

I was both surprised and annoyed to hear, the following day, that George Graham was paying court to her.

It was but one more reason why it should be a war to the death between us; nevertheless, I was determined that her name should not be dragged into our affairs before we had finally settled accounts with each other.

It must not be expected from this that Graham was without friends. Far from it; he had a number, many of them intensely partisan, who would not hesitate at anything to accomplish their purpose.

Among these was a young fellow by the name of Reynolds who owned a jewelry store next door to the Elks. This cur had already circulated a number of most malicious lies about me, when I determined to put him out of business. I might have a sort of respect for Graham, but none for his creatures.

I bought the store next to Reynolds and fixed it up with the finest of furnishings. Then I sent for one of my out-of-town friends, put everything in his name, and placed twice as large and handsome a stock as Reynolds' in the store. I instructed my man to sell for one-half the price his competitor charged for an article.

Reynolds commenced cutting prices, and his end was so quick that he didn't even furnish me amusement or excitement.

In a similar manner and for like reasons I established and controlled a newspaper, a bakery, a harness shop and a theater.

The town was rapidly becoming mine, and I was king.

If any one disliked me or my ways they acquired the ability of keeping that knowledge to themselves; for, somehow, they found that my enemies, for some cause they could not fully understand, were rapidly taking advantage of the bankruptcy law.

During this period I managed to find time to pay court to Della Cole. I cannot say that I made the headway there that I did in everything else. Miss Della seemed to avoid me, and though I couldn't tell that Graham was making any progress, I was quite sure that I was not getting along as I should.

I was not a little puzzled at her attitude, and I remember one evening in particular that I called at her home and tried to get an explanation from her.

"Mr. Gordon," she said with a little nervous laugh, "you are so used to having your way about everything since your return to town that you imagine that I ought to fall into your arms almost before I know you."

That sounded so satisfying to my self-love that I was beginning to feel quite gratified, when I suddenly wondered what she meant.

"I scarcely know—" I began, when she interrupted me.

"Mr. Gordon, with all your money, power and talents, we of Frankfort often wonder why you bother to spend it all on us. Why you don't, in short, move to a larger place or spend part of your time in travel?"

"Why Miss Cole, don't you know I couldn't leave town—I mean I won't leave while you are here?"

A noise like the falling of a chair in the next room, or the violent slamming of a window blind by the wind, startled us.

That night when I was walking to my hotel I was seized by four ruffians who bound, gagged and threw me into a light wagon standing near. I fought as I never had fought before, for I realized what I should lose should they succeed in getting me beyond the city limits. We had nearly reached that point when I succeeded in jumping out of the buggy. The fall nearly killed me, but a passer-by saw it and came to my rescue.

What was the reason for my attempted abduction? Had anyone guessed my secret? If so, I knew that my days of power were over. While anyone would hesitate to murder me, I had enemies who would not hesitate to commit the lesser crime of abducting me.

As I thought of my stay in Frankfort I knew I had not betrayed myself to anyone, unless I had to Della the evening of the night I was assaulted. Had she proven herself a Delilah, or had my secret been overheard when I had almost given it away to her?

As soon as I was able and presentable, I called again and told the story of the assault.

From the manner in which she heard it I was certain that she had no hand in a plot against me. If any one knew they had overheard the slip of the tongue I had made and guessed the rest.

For the first time in my life I was afraid. A ridiculous ending was liable to come to all my pretensions at almost any minute. I pleaded with Della for her love that evening. I loved her more than I thought it possible for me to love. She represented the only thing in Frankfort that I was not sure of. The very desire of possession seemed to feed my passion a hundredfold.

Sympathy or love, I could not tell which, made her unusually kind, and while she would not say yes, yet gave me some hope.

The next day I went to my lawyer and studied over the contents of the will carefully. Then, I did a very unusual thing. I bought block after block of the business center of Frankfort, and as fast as possible sold what I had just purchased even if I only got half or two-thirds of the amount I had previously paid. As fast as I got the money from these sales I banked it, until I had a trifle over two hundred thousand dollars.

Meantime every one secretly thought I had gone crazy.

Then, I went to the girl I had come to love better than life itself, and in the privacy of my carriage, in the middle of the road, safe from listening ears and tattling tongues, I told her something of the story of my life, and of my uncle Aaron's will.

"And you forfeit everything," she said with wide and wondering eyes, "by telling me this?"

"Everything in the world I do not have in my own name," I corrected, "but I would give it all, and more, too, if I had it, for your respect, your love."

Soft arms stole around my neck.

"Yes, I know," said Mr. Boles, "I know all about it; you have lost and won out. Perhaps it is best, for I imagine someone suspected your secret. But what passes my understanding is, why didn't you get millions of your uncle's wealth transferred to your name?"

"It seems to me that with Della, my property in town and $200,000 in the bank I ought to do pretty well," I replied, smilingly. "Now, let charity have a chance."

THE SITUATION PUT GENTLY

Uncle Elijah's Diplomatic Answer to Slightly Unfortunate Question.

"A certain circumspection always obtains between gentlemen," remarked Col. Ashby Blanton of Kentucky the other evening at the Holland house, according to the New York Herald, "and it is instinctive with some men who are not far removed from the primitive. A friend of mine with whom I spent a week last winter went down stairs one night and raised Cain with the janitor because his flat was like a cold storage treasure house. He ripped that janitor up the back in the most approved fashion, and being an eloquent as well as a profane man he was so abundantly voluble that the janitor couldn't cut in with any talk."

"'And now,' said my friend, 'failing to get it here, I must go to a place where there's plenty of heat.'

"'Well, you can go there, as far as I'm concerned,' quoth the janitor man, who turned and walked away.

"Another example occurred away from the crowded marts of men. I was traveling in the Tennessee mountains last spring in a region quite familiar to me, as I had been seen there several years before. I was passing the farm of old Elijah Posey, a patriarch who had married his fourth wife two years previous. She had died, but I was, of course, unaware of the fact when I drew up and, after saluting Uncle Elijah, asked, 'And how's your wife?'

"The old man squinted at a tall pine up the mountain, shifted the cud in his mouth and wrinkled his brow in a perplexed fashion, but did not answer.

"'And how is your wife, uncle?' I repeated.

"'Wall,' he replied, slowly and with great gravity, 'waal, tu tell the truth, kunnell, I'm kinder out o' wives jas now!'"

Substitute for Wall Paper.

Among the peculiar substitutes for wall paper is that used in one of the New York art galleries. It is nothing but a huge rag carpet of neutral tone that covers the entire wall space. "I had it woven especially for this purpose," said the owner, "and my pictures never had a better setting, though I am bound to admit that the carpet attracts as much attention as the paintings."

A Protection Against the Heat.

When you begin to think it's a personal matter between you and the sun to see which is the hotter, buy yourself a glass or a bottle of Coca-Cola. It is cooling—relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst. Wholesome as the purest water and lots nicer to drink. At soda fountains and carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Send 2c stamp for booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola" and the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910. The latter contains the famous poem "Casey At The Bat," records, schedules for both leagues, and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities. Address The Coca-Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga.

He Had Been Observing.

"Why don't you call your invention the 'Bachelor's Button?'" I asked my friend, who was about to put on the market a button that a man could attach without needle or thread.

"I fear that the appellation would imply too much restrictiveness," he answered. "You see," he went on, giving me one of his knowing smiles, "I expect to do just as much business with the married men as with the bachelors."

TAKE A FOOT-BATH TO-NIGHT

After dissolving one or two Allen's Foot-Tabs (Antiseptic tablets for the foot-bath) in the water. It will take out all soreness, smarting and tenderness, remove foot odors and freshen the feet. Allen's Foot-Tabs instantly relieve weariness and sweating or inflamed feet and hot nervousness of the feet at night. Then for comfort throughout the day shake Allen's Foot-Ease the antiseptic powder into your shoes. Sold everywhere 25c. Avoid substitutes. Samples of Allen's Foot-Tabs mailed FREE or our regular size sent by mail for 25c. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

"Foot-Tabs for Foot-Tubs."

Trying to Satisfy Him.

Squeamish Guest (as waiter places water before him)—Waiter, are you sure this is boiled distilled water?

Waiter—I am positive, sir.

Squeamish Guest (putting it to his lips)—But it seems to taste pretty hard for distilled water.

Waiter—That's because it's hard-boiled distilled water, sir.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Heard Many a One.

The Judge—Madam, do you understand the nature of an oath?

The Witness—You seem to forget, your honor, that I've been married for over 20 years.

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes
Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care Try Murine Eye Salve. Aseptic Tubes—Trial Size—25c. Ask Your Druggist or Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Tactful.

A woman with a pronounced squint went to a fashionable photographer.

He looked at her and she looked at him and both were embarrassed.

He spoke first.

"Won't you permit me," he said, "to take your portrait in profile? There is a certain shyness about one of your eyes which is as difficult in art as it is fascinating in nature."—Beacon.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

The morning after is responsible for many good resolutions.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE, BACKACHE
DIABETES.
375 "Guaranteed"

Foxy Hiram.

"Well, now, if that ain't surprising!" ejaculated Mrs. Ryetop, as she shaded her eyes with her hand. "There goes old Hiram Skinflint, and rather than step on a poor black ant he picked it up, and I bet he is going to drop it somewhere out of the reach of danger."

Her husband laughed knowingly.

"Not Hiram Skinflint, Mandy. He'll go down to Jed Weatherby's general store and order a pound of granulated sugar. Then while Jed is looking another way he'll drop the ant among the grains and tell Jed as long as his sugar has ants in it he ought to sell it at half price. Like as not he'll try to get Jed to throw in two or three raisins and a yeast cake. You don't know Hiram Skinflint."

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Many people are busy mortgaging the future in order to acquire a past.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Rich relatives have a mania for living to a ripe old age.

Silence!

The instinct of modesty natural to every woman is often a great hindrance to the cure of womanly diseases. Women shrink from the personal questions of the local physician which seem indelicate. The thought of examination is abhorrent to them, and so they endure in silence a condition of disease which surely progresses from bad to worse.

It has been Dr. Pierce's privilege to cure a great many women who have found a refuge for modesty in his offer of FREE consultation by letter. All correspondence is held as sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription restores and regulates the womanly functions, abolishes pain and builds up and puts the finishing touch of health on every weak woman who gives it a fair trial.

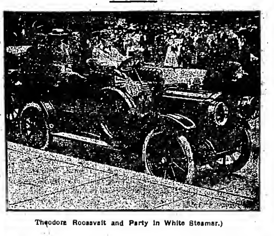
It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION.

ROOSEVELT RETURNS AND IS GIVEN AN OVATION SELDOM EQUALED

The Mighty Traveler Goes Buoyantly Through a Long and Trying Reception-Parade, Showing Lively Interest in Everything American

The White Company Receives Unique Compliment for the Sturdy Reliability of Its Steam Car From Mr. Roosevelt and Family



Theodore Roosevelt and Party in White Steamer.)

After fifteen months' absence, exactly as scheduled, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt disembarked from the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Saturday morning, June 18, at 11 a. m. To the keen disappointment of a large group of newspaper correspondents, Mr. Roosevelt absolutely refused, as heretofore, to be interviewed or to talk on political subjects, but his rapid fire of questions showed the same virile interest in public affairs as before.

If the welcome tendered by the vast throng may be considered a criterion upon which to base a "return from Elba," surely there was no discordant note in the immense reception-parade, nor in the wildly clamorous crowd which cheered at every glimpse and hung on his very word.

The incidents of the day in New York were many, but perhaps none better illustrated the nervous energy and vitality of the man, the near-mania to be up-and-doing, which he has brought back to us, than the discarding of horses and carriages for the swifter and more reliable automobiles. The moment the Roosevelt family and immediate party landed, they were whisked away in White Steamers to the home of Mrs. Douglas Robinson at 433 Fifth avenue. A little later, when the procession reached the corner of Fifty-ninth street and Fifth avenue, Colonel Roosevelt again showed his preference for the motor car in general and the White cars in particular, when he, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Collector Loeb transferred from their carriage to White Steamers, which were in waiting for them.

After luncheon at Mr. Robinson's house, the entire party, including Colonel Roosevelt, again entered White cars and were driven to Long Island City, where they were to take a special train to the ex-President's home at Oyster Bay.

The supremacy of the White cars with the Roosevelt party was again demonstrated on Sunday, when the party was driven to church in the White Steamers, and a group of some forty prominent Rough Riders were taken in a White Gasoline Truck to a clambake at the Travers Island clubhouse of the New York Athletic Club.

Many Women who are Splendid Cooks

dread having to prepare an elaborate dinner because they are not sufficiently strong to stand over an intensely hot coal range. This is especially true in summer. Every woman takes pride in the table she sets, but often it is done at tremendous cost to her own vitality through the weakening effect of cooking on a coal range in a hot kitchen.

It is no longer necessary to wear yourself out preparing a fine dinner. Even in the heat of summer you can cook a large dinner without being worn out.

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

Gives no outside heat, no smell, no smoke. It will cook the biggest dinner without heating the kitchen or the cook. It is immediately lighted and immediately extinguished. It can be changed from a slow to a quick fire by turning a handle. There's no drudgery connected with it, no coal to carry, no wood to chop. You don't have to wait fifteen or twenty minutes till its fire gets going. Apply a light and it's ready. By simply turning the wick up or down you get a slow or an intense heat on the bottom of the pot, pan, kettle or oven, and nowhere else. It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot, drop shelves for coffee, teapot or saucepan, and even a rack for towels. It saves time, worry, health and temper. It does all a woman needs and more than she expects. Made with 1, 2, and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner sizes can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 29-1910.

Up-Set Sick Feeling

that follows taking a dose of castor oil, salts or calomel, is about the worst you can endure—Ugh—it gives one the creeps. You don't have to have it—CASCARETS move the bowels—tone up the liver—without these bad feelings. Try them.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 DeKalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth; 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

Write for prices on **HEAVY IRON CULVERT PIPES** Come and see them. We pay expenses if you buy. Western Boiler Pipe Co. Monmouth, Ill.

Fargo Directory

GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS
Sporting goods of all kinds. Baseball goods and uniforms. Mail orders solicited.
Buckman Hardware Co., 57 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

SPORTING GOODS
Bicycles, Kodaks, Baseball and Tennis Goods, Fire Arms, Tents, Motor Cycles, Edison Phonographs and Records.
J. E. JOHNSON CYCLE SUPPLY HOUSE
614 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

James Powers of Wylie was trading in town today.

Rev. S. T. Palm of St. Hilaire was in town today.

Sam Arnoson of Thief River Falls was in town Tuesday.

James Hanen and family spent Sunday at Maple Lake.

Rev. Fr. Voilloux of Terrebonne was in the city Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Noplin of Wylie were in town Saturday.

Miss Erma Schroiter is visiting with friends at Cass Lake.

Halvor Larkin of Thief River Falls was in town Tuesday.

Mrs J. F. Fournet is visiting with relatives in Crookston.

Miss Kathleen Spillane is visiting with friends in Duluth.

Editor Converse of St.Hilaire was in town yesterday and today.

G.B.Kindseth visited with friends at Thief River Falls this week.

Mrs. E. F. Marshall visited with friends at Crookston this week.

Mrs. D. D. Converse has been quite ill for the past two weeks.

Miss Cora Cress visited with friends at Thief River Falls Saturday.

Attorney Ronkan of Kasson was attending to legal business in town Monday.

For Sale—Two fresh milch cows. Call on E. E. Baker, 5 miles northeast of town. 2w

Bert LaFreniere of Grand Rapids Minn., is spending a few days with his mother in this city.

Rev. L. T. Hughes is this week entertaining his brother from Hanna, North Dakota.

P. J. Nimesgern and family, who have been living in Oklahoma, arrived in Red Lake Falls Friday.

Miss Ella Converse who was a guest at the Kaus home, returned to St. Paul Wednesday.

Miss Brady returned Saturday from International Falls where she had been visiting for some time.

Zaiser Bros. yesterday sold their livery stock to Bouselcll & Son and the new owners are in possession.

The Crookston base ball team defeated Thief River Falls at Thief River Sunday by a score of 3 to 0.

Harry Tousley of Louisiana arrived this week and is visiting with his sister, Mrs. V.M. Higinbothem.

V. M. Higinbotham left Tuesday evening for Dresden, N. Dak. where he is visiting with his brother.

Have for service at my place in Kretzschmar's Add. a fine blooded short horn bull, of milking strain. Fees one dollar to be paid at time of service. Knute Flege. 2w

Miss Olive Zaiser is visiting with friends at Thief River Falls this week.

Hon. Marcus Johnson, president of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, was in town yesterday and today.

David Laurent and family came over from Crookston Saturday and are spending the week with relatives in town.

A number of the young people who are attending the summer school at Thief River Falls spent Sunday at home.

Omar Hall left Saturday for his old home at Auburn, Nebraska. He will spend a month with his parents who reside in that city.

The families of Dr. J. C. Wilkinson, F. L. Farley and P. B. Gaass have returned from Lake Sarah where they were camping.

The official call of Governor Eberhart for the vote on the proposition to divide Red Lake county is published in this issue of the Gazette.

The ball game at Terrebonne between Terrebonne and Red Lake Falls resulted in a victory for the locals by a score of 15 to 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Sylvan Hall of Crookston are visiting this week at the home of Mrs. Hall's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Crompe.

The quarterly statement of the First State Bank of Brooks, showing that institution to be in a flourishing condition, is published in this issue.

Louie Doucet has purchased the big bankrupt stock of Doucet & LeBlanc at Lambert and will close the stock out at one-half the usual prices.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Carver next Wednesday afternoon, July 20, for a work and business meeting.

Some of our young people will enter Mankato Commercial College at the Fall Opening. A good time to enter and a fine school to attend. If interested send for free Year Book.

Any one having a farm for sale between Brooks and Red Lake Falls is invited to correspond with me, as I have several friends desirous of settling in this locality.—T. F. Connors, Brooks, Minn. tf

Dr. Spofford will hereafter be in Red Lake Falls the 5th of every other month, instead of the 7th as formerly. His next visit will be August 6, one day, Office at the Grand View.

C. O. Kaukel, the Terrebonne Miller, will have an especially good reason for enjoying future fourth of July celebrations for that day will be the anniversary of the birth of the young man who came on Monday, July 4, to take up his permanent abode in the Kaukel home.

The board of county commissioners will meet as a board of equalization next week.

For patent and tan oxfords and pumps, you will find what you want at The Big Store.

The county commissioners were in session this week. The official proceedings will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was down from Thief River Falls this week for the meeting of the board of county commissioners.

"Butch" Brunelle and his little drum were at Bemidji Wednesday and Thursday to assist the Bemidji band in furnishing music for the firemen's tournament.

Just in, a new assortment of men's fine Shirts, Belts, Suspenders, Hats, everything in the furnishings line. We are always complete.—The Big Store.

Just received a new line of fine black skirts up to 34 waist measure, $5.00 to $8.00, fine values. Also long tan coats at $8.75, all wool Kersey. A bargain.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

The F. and F. Bs. enjoyed a picnic on the banks of the Clearwater river Wednesday afternoon. They had spring chicken and lots of other good things to eat and just a lovely time.

Mrs. Marshall, accompanied by Miss Brown of Minneapolis, who had been the guest of her sister, J. F. Fournet, visited with friends at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Director Clem Brunelle of the Red Lake Falls band was at Bemidji last Wednesday and Thursday assisting the Bemidji band in furnishing music for the firemen's tournament.

Found—Fastened to my dogs collar, Thursday morning, a dog chain in poor repair at one end. Owner of the chain can have same by calling and proving property.—Frank Brouillet.

H. H. Hennemuth, Frank Joffers and Jos. Salley as delegates, and E. G. Buse as a member of the executive committee, represented the Red Lake Falls fire department at the tournament at Bemidji last week.

Mrs. W. B. Duffy and children, who were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duffy, left Saturday for Culbertson, Montana, where they will join Mr. Duffy and in which city their home will be in the future.

E. H. Gerlach of Fergus Falls was here this week for a visit with relatives with whom Mrs. Gerlach and the baby had been visiting for some time. He has returned to Fergus but Mrs. Gerlach will remain for a longer visit.

Profit by the costly experience of those unfortunate people who have lost their money by speculation, fire or thieves and deposit your hard-earned savings with the Merchants State Bank, where you are insured against loss from any cause.

Swan Akenson returned today from a trip to the twin cities and his old home at Cannon Falls. Mr. Akenson says that the crop yield in southern Minnesota is going to be very uneven. On the heavy land good crops will be harvested while on the sandy land there will be little.

Mrs. Dolphis Beausoliel of this city arrived yesterday from New Rockford, North Dakota where she had been for a two weeks visit. It had been twenty years since she had seen her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lapierrle, and it is needless to say that she enjoyed the reunion at the old home.

Steve Withey, the veteran conductor, is again making the run over this line of the Great Northern after an absence of several months. When he made his first trip last week his friends were so delighted that they demanded that he make a speech from the rear platform of the train, but he gave the engineer the highball and made a run for it.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Berreche of Olympia, Wash., are here this week for a visit at the home of Mrs. N. Pouliot. Mr. and Mrs. Berneche came east because of the serious illness of Mr. Berneche's father who resides at Duluth and whose condition is very much improved. Before returning to their home they decided to visit with relatives here.

Mrs. Guy Aubol of Crookston died in a Minneapolis hospital last Thursday after a very brief illness. Death was due to blood poison which was caused in a rather unusual manner. Mrs. Aubol had blistered her heel by wearing oxfords that were a little too loose. Later she purchased some silk stockings. These she wore and the infection resulted. Mr. Aubol is deputy revenue collector for this district. He is well known in this city and his many friends here sympathize with him in his bereavement.

I wish to announce to my many customers that I am going to leave here and am disposing of my harness business. I would therefore respectfully ask those who know themselves to be indebted to me to call and make settlement, as I wish to close up my business affairs as speedily as possible. I will take this opportunity of thanking my friends and customers for the confidence and courtesy shown me during the many years of residence and business with you. I predict a great and prosperous future for the country tributary to Red Lake Falls and as the country grows and improves so also shall the city.

Very Respectfully,
L. A. Kaufer.

Hot weather specials:

Chocolate	18c cake.
Seeded Raisins	9c
Blea. Sultana Raisins	8½c
Corn Starch	7c
20c pickled Onions	15c
Canned Soups	7c
Sour Pickles	20c gal.
3 lb. can Asparagus	19c
20c cove oysters	12½
Graino & Dr. Shoop's coffee	19c
3 cans Plums	50c
3 cans Pears	50c
3 cans sliced Peaches	55c
15c Reception Peas	12c
Van Camp's sifted Peas	15c
Wumpum Squash	10c
Good Tomatoes	10c
fancy 4 crown Raisins	9c
10 lb. Box Prunes	80c.

—The Big Store.

L. A. Kaufer will move with his family to Seattle, where he has accepted the management of the Seattle Branch of the P. A. Kaufer Co., jobbers and importers of Catholic supplies. This institution was established at Tacoma, Wash., several years ago by P. A. Kaufer, formerly proprietor of Red Lake Falls Gazette. Under his management the business has grown rapidly and a branch was established at Seattle, which also proved a success. P. A. Kaufer found that the rapid growth of the business required more help and offered his brother, L. A. Kaufer, an interest in the business and management of the Seattle store, which he finally decided to accept tho not without regrets at leaving Red Lake Falls and the nice little harness business which he has established. The family expect to leave for the new home in about two months.

For Sale.

I offer for sale at reasonable prices the following real estate:

The old Kaufer home on Main St.

The property on corner Third and Champagne opposite Paul's hotel occupied by W. T. Spillane.

My home on Washington Ave.

The large livery barn on Main St. known as the Zaiser barn.

160 acres land in Wyandotte two miles north of Plummer.

160 acres land in Deer Park just across the river from Lille creamery.

A number of vacant lots scattered about the city. A lot of second hand doors, windows, frames, store-fronts and lathe at almost your own price.

Call on me if interested.

L. A. Kaufer.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn.

THE CASE OF PETER STRIKER

By M. QUAD.

Copyright, 1910, by Associated Literary Press.

Peter Striker was the son of Farmer Striker, and up to the age of twenty he had a reputation of mowing more grass and cutting more corn than any other man, old or young, in the township of Dubois.

When a young man has reached the age of twenty-one he becomes his own boss. There are farmers yet who will not have it so, but will keep a son on until he simply gets up and declares his legal right. At twenty Peter asked his father for his time—that is, he wanted his legal rights a year ahead of time, as he had a chance to travel about the country with a lightning rod man. The father refused.

Peter sat down under the big pear tree at the corner of the house to think things over. As he thought he fell asleep, and as he slept a thundershower came up. Almost the first bolt struck the tree, and a few minutes later he was found with his boots burned off, his old silver watch melted and in an unconscious condition. The doctor who revived the young man told his father that the victim might never be able to work again and that he must have the best of care to keep him from the grave. As a matter of fact, the doctor was all wrong. Peter had got mixed up with a thunderbolt, but the damage, outside of the nervous shock, amounted to nothing. However, when the doctor's words were overheard it was a cue for Peter. He had been working hard, and here was his chance to loaf. For a month he had to be carried about.

Haying time arrived, and Peter was conveyed to the shade of a tree down by the meadow that he might watch the men at work and wish he were one of them. By and by three or four bumblebees that had been disturbed near by came along and hopped on to him. The pain of their stings jumped Peter to his feet and sent him running for ten rods before he remembered his helpless condition.

Then a doctor was called in. He felt of Peter's fatness and heard about his race with the bees, but instead of pronouncing him able to go into the hayfield and sweat his shirt, as he really was, it was diagnosed as a case where sudden excitement had revived the muscular action for a moment.

Corn planting had come round again, and the father was working in a field near the highway when a man came along pushing a cart before him. He was bound to the village, and in the cart was a big electric battery, such as fakers travel from town to town with. The man was halted, and the farmer climbed the fence to see all about the machine. After he had been given a shock free gratis he asked:

"The stuff in there is the same as lightning, ain't it?"

"Just about the same."

"It will shock a feller so he won't know anything?"

"It would. If I should turn on the full current you couldn't let go of the handles."

Then the father told about Peter being shocked, and when he had finished the man said:

"Electricity works two ways. One shock will cripple a man, and the next will restore him to his pristine vigor. What your son wants is another shock. If it cures you are to give me a dollar. If it doesn't you need not give me anything."

It was planned that Peter must be deceived, and the plan was carried out. He was sitting in a rocking chair on the veranda, and the faker and his machine were escorted there, and the father explained:

"Pete, you have been going back on corned beef for the last month, and here is something to sharpen your appetite. You take hold of these 'ere handles, and it's like taking a tonic. I took hold of them up the road, and I'm as hungry as a bear now."

"But the doctors all said my case mustn't be experimented with," protested Peter, who scented some trick.

"Oh, this is no experiment! When a feller loses his appetite the doctors expect him to get it back the best way he can. I want to see you pitching into fried pork and taters tonight. Take right hold, my son."

Peter took hold, and the current was turned on full. He was frozen to the handles and yelled blue murder. After fifteen seconds it was turned off, and he jumped up and threw the faker and his machine off the veranda and heaved the father after them. Then, without a word, he grabbed a hoe and started for the cornfield. In three hours he did more work than his father had done all day, and it was reckoned that he sweat off ten pounds of fat. He acknowledged that he was as good as new. After supper he milked four cows, fed the hogs and carried in the wood for breakfast. At midnight he got up to go to work again. He couldn't sit still for a moment. He worked and sweat and sweat and worked, and at the end of two weeks, there being no more pressing work on hand, he tried to carry the smokehouse to a new site on his back and collapsed and died. The first shock had made him lazy, and the second had made him too great a hustler.

"What you should have done," said the first doctor to the father when told of the case, "was to sit him down in the middle of a pasture with a bull in it. In running for the fence the shock would have come on gradually instead of suddenly, and he would have been hoeing that corn and whistling hymn tunes a month from today."

Isn't It?

"All the world's a stage."

"And yet the young man doesn't always get the girl he wants; the burglar can't break jail; the farm is often sold without a grandstand rescue. How different life is from a melodrama!"—Ex.

Used to Glucose.

"While in Vermont I had some pure maple syrup."

"What of that?"

"I think I could learn to like it once I became accustomed to it."

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall June 23rd, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

All aldermen present.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Zaiser Bros., team work on streets	$20.25
John Drier, street work,	24.00
Henry Demarais, street work	40.88
Nick Pahlen, street work	15.08
Otto Zeiser, services as street com'r.,	10.78
Julius Kuhl, street work,	7.50
First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, cordwood	8.75

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 14th day of July, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.

Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Proposals Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will convene in special session Friday, August 5th, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the furnishing of all labor and materials, such as digging of a well, furnishing and installation of pump, engine, pipe, air compressor, fittings and valves, for the pumping of water supply for the county court house now under construction in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the county auditor.

Plans may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

Sealed bids will be received up to the hour of 1:00 o'clock p. m., of said day and may be filed with the county auditor.

A certified check payable to the order of A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, must accompany all bids calling for an amount equal at least to 10 per cent of the amount bid.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite open bids.

By order of the Board.
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal) j14-28

For Sale.

A lot of strong rope, suitable for use in haying. Cheap.—Red Lake Falls Milling company elevator, J. F. Hunce, Agent. j21

No Assistance Needed.

As the train neared the city the colored porter approached the jovial faced gentleman, saying, with a smile:

"Shall Ah brush yo' off, sah?"

"No," he replied; "I prefer to get off in the usual manner."—Princeton Tiger.

Willing to Oblige.

"If your hair was bronze I could write a poem to it," declares the long haired swain.

"I'll have it dyed," offers the fair young thing eagerly.—Judge.

When to Lift Your Hat.

In answer to the question, "Please tell when and where are, or is, the correct time for a gentleman to lift or remove his hat," we reply: Without consulting authorities of etiquette, in fact giving it to you offhand, so to speak, we should say at the following times and on the following occasions, respectively, the hat should be lifted or removed as circumstances indicate: When mopping the brow, when taking a bath, when eating, when going to bed, when taking up a collection, when having the hair trimmed, when being shampooed, when standing on the head.—Wichita (Kan.) Beacon.

Perfectly Reckless.

The members of the church voted that their dearly beloved and devoted pastor should have a vacation, and so he decided that he would visit a brother worker in the neighboring village. This good brother, recognizing his fellow worker in the Lord way back among the congregation on Sunday morning and wishing to show every courtesy, asked him to lead in prayer. But the visitor calmly replied: "You'll have to excuse me, dear brother. I'm on my vacation."

FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS, Minn., at close of business on June 30, 1910.

Date of call by Supt.—June 30, 1910.

Date of report by Bank July 5, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 54,040.80
Overdrafts		274.61
Other Bonds, Stocks and Securities		1500.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		2,925.24
Other real estate		2,440.37
Due from banks	$25,998.35	
Checks and cash items	101.80	
Cash on hand, items below		
Currency $ 1,328.00		
Gold 635.00		
Silver 226.55		
Other 4.20	2,163.75	
Total cash assets	28,293.90	28,293.90
Other Resources		111.90
Total		$ 89,586.72

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund		1,775.00
Deposits subject to check	38,174.33	
Cashier's Checks	2,472.17	
Total immediate liabilities	40,646.50	
Time Certificates	37,165.22	
Total deposits	$ 77,811.72	77,811.72
Total		$ 89,586.7

State of Minnesota
County of Red Lake } ss

We, L. O. Simons, President, and W. B. Cheshire, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

L. C. SIMONS, Pres.
W. B. CHESHIRE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of July, 1910.
F. DEYMUNAZ,
Notary Public, Red Lake County, Minn.
My commission expires Sept. 13th, 1916.

Attest: (Two) Directors
L. C. SIMONS.
CHAS. N. BOURDON. Seal

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } DISTRICT COURT

George Pfaff Plaintiff,
against
Edward J. Garceau, Defendant.

Notice is Hereby Given, that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake upon a judgement rendered in said court in favor of George Pfaff and against Edward J. Garceau, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit: The Southeast quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-two (22), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-two (152) North; Range forty-five (45) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota. And that I shall, on Saturday the 27th day of August A. D. 1910, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the front door of the County Auditor's Office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Edward J. Garceau, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said Judgement and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Three Dollars and Thirty seven Cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 28th day of June, 1910, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

Fred L. Farley,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Dated, Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 13th, 1910.
j14-a18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION—LIQUOR LICENSE

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that Alphonse Paquin has petitioned the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for license to sell intoxicating liquors in a certain one story frame building 20 by 30 feet situated at a point about 200 feet west of the north east corner of the north west quarter of section 15, Township 150, north of Range 41, west of the 5th P. M., Township of Lambert, Red Lake County Minnesota.

This application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of the same will be heard and determined by said board of county commissioners, at their special meeting of the county board at 3 o'clock p. m., on August 5th, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.
Dated July 7th, 1910.
(County Auditor's Seal) j14-28

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

UNDERTAKING ......

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 43

SOME ELECTION SATURDAY NIGHT

Three Hundred and Seventy Three Votes Cast in Annual School Election.

Automobile Parade Was a Big Feature of the Lively Occasion.

The annual school election held Saturday night was an election that was some kind of an election all right. In a single hour 373 votes were cast, and when the polls were closed at eight o'clock more people [illegible] the desire to exercise the right [illegible] those were coming.

People came in automobiles, in carriages, on horse back and afoot. A lot of gasoline was consumed in getting the voters to the polls [illegible] Barney Oatmeal. All speed regulations were violated and there were no innocent bystanders to protest for almost everybody participated in the joy riding.

Two members of the board of education were elected. The terms of office of Dr. N. M. Watson and Dr. J. Lemieux expired and they were candidates for re-election. The other candidates were Rufus Poirier and F. A. Grady. The scrap was [illegible] featured as it was strenuous and the crowd enjoyed the automobile [illegible] ously. Following is the result of the election:

Dr. N. M. Watson 256
Dr. J. Lemieux 251
Rufus Porter 121
F. A. Grady 111

Just what induced such an excellent school election no one knows. It may have been the desire for joy riding. Some said that opposition to the re-election of the old members may have been due to the action of the board in establishing courses in manual training and domestic science. It is hardly possible that this is true, for the action of the [illegible] has been generally approved.

But, anyhow, everybody would be [illegible] excellent condition for that county division scrap if the election were to be pulled off next week.

THE BAND WILL PLAY

Will Give Open Air Concert on the Street Friday Evening.

The band boys will give another of their good concerts Friday evening. Director Brunelle is arranging a program of good numbers to be rendered on the streets tomorrow night.

Running Some.

A young man employed with the Soo steel gang at Plummer became suddenly insane Tuesday morning and left the camp and started off through the woods at a lively canter. And he kept going for hours, eluding those who were attempting to capture him. He kept going all day and all night. Yesterday he stopped at a farm house, utterly exhausted, wrapped himself in a horse blanket and went to sleep, and there the authorities got him. When taken the horse blanket was about all the wearing apparel the unfortunate young man had about his person. About his neck there was enough of a shirt to hold a necktie, and that was all. His legs and body were quite badly scratched from his wild race through the woods and he was covered with blood. The boy was so much exhausted that he made no objection to going to Minneapolis with his father who came for him.

G. G. Knutseth last week received a letter from his brother, S. G. Knutseth, who resides in Norway, and to his surprise the letter came from the Storthing, the Norwegian legislative body which compares with the American Congress. Mr. Knutseth was elected to represent his district in the Storthing at the election held in the spring. He has been in public life for a number of years but had never before been honored by election to such a prominent place.

JOSEPH SIEFF DEAD.

Passed Away at Omat, Washington, Sunday.

On Monday a telegram was received here containing the sad news that Joseph Sieff, son of Mrs. Louis Sieff, had died at Omat, Washington, the previous day, after a brief illness with typhoid pneumonia.

The deceased had been in the west only a few months. He left Red Lake Falls last March with a string of horses belonging to his step father, Louis Sieff. The horses were used by A. Guthrie & Co., railroad contractors, and Joe was there to look after the horses.

A few weeks ago, in a letter to his parents, he said that he was not feeling very well, but he was not alarmed over his condition. On the 9th of July he rode up to a ranch on horseback and told the people there that he was sick. There he was cared for by the lady of the house until he could be taken to the company hospital at Omat. He seemed to improve and encouraging reports came from the west until the announcement of his death which came as a shock to the family and many friends in this city.

Deceased was a bright boy and the announcement of his untimely death causes general regret. He was seventeen years old last December. He was born in Chicago but the family had lived in Red Lake Falls for a number of years. He is survived by his mother, his step father, five brothers and two sisters.

The remains were shipped to Chicago and are to be interred at Waldheim cemetery beside those of his father. All of the members of the family have gone to Chicago to be in attendance at the funeral.

WAS A GOOD GAME

Contest Between Fosston and Red Lake Was Good to Look Upon.

The ball game Sunday between the locals and the fast Fosston team was a good scrappy game and there was much in it to please the fans, even though the locals did not pull out a victory. It was very much a pitchers battle with Garcean for Red Lake and Narveson for Fosston doing excellent work. The hits were few and scattering except in two or three innings when good batting brought in a few runs. Both pitchers were given good support and the crowd was well pleased with the exhibition.

Following is the score by innings:

Fosston 0-0-0-0-3-2-0-0-0—5
R. L. Falls 0-0-0-0-0-0-3-0-0—3

Terrebonne 17; Dorothy, 9.

After the big game there was an interesting contest between Terrebonne and Dorothy for a purse of $10.00 offered by Manager Nelson of the local team. Terrebonne took the game by a score of 17 to 9.

NEW SUPERINTENDENT.

C. G. Selvig of Glencoe Goes to Crookston Farm School.

The superintendency of the Crookston agricultural school, made vacant by the death of the late Supt. Wm. Robertson, has been filled by the appointment of C. G. Selvig, superintendent of the schools at Glencoe, Minn. Mr. Selvig visited Crookston recently, after having been tendered the place, and has decided to accept the appointment.

The new superintendent is a very capable school man and there is no doubt that his experience and ability qualify him for the position. The Glencoe school is one of the ten high schools in the state doing practical work in agriculture and Mr. Selvig has in a brief time worked out a very effective course of study, and while that was being done the efficiency of the high school, which is one of the strong high schools in the state, has been maintained.

The local ball team will go to Crookston Sunday for a game with the Brandows of that city. On the same day Thief River Falls will play the cubs and a special train will take the teams and fans from the two towns. Both games will be played in the afternoon, one following the other.

ROOSEVELT AT THE STATE FAIR

The Mighty Huntsman Will Be the Star Attraction One Day of the Fair.

The Coming State Fair to be the Biggest Pumpkin Show Ever.

The board of managers of the state fair have for the past few months been very enthusiastic over the prospects for the 1910 fair. They have made many assertions regarding the increase in amounts paid in premiums, the increase in industrial and educational exhibits, the wonderful attractions, race program, etc., but now they announce a feature attraction that will surely pack the state fair grounds to its utmost capacity, for Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who is to address the national conservation congress, to be held in St. Paul the week of the state fair, will undoubtedly speak on the grounds some day of the week, probably on Tuesday.

Fair week this year will be a most important one for the Twin Cities and the entire state. The meeting of the conservation congress in St. Paul, the presence of Col. Roosevelt in the Twin cities and at the fair, the meeting of the congressional committee in the Pinchot Ballinger case in Minneapolis, the flights of Write Brothers' aeroplanes, and the many other State Fair features, and will go towards making Minnesota and the Twin Cities the mecca and news center of the entire United States for six big days.

Every necessary preparation will be made to take care of fair ground visitors this year. Many more sidewalks are being put in, all streets will be graded and sprinkled with oil, which will reduce the dust question to a minimum, the new grand stand will be painted with dust and water proof paint, and more attention will be given to the sanitary condition of the entire grounds.

Many thousands of hot-house plants and shrubs have been planted by the state fair managers, and several of the individual exhibitors have gone to great expense in making their buildings and surroundings more attractive with new paint, flowers, shrubs, etc.

There is a big surprise in store for all who visit the 1910 Minnesota State Fair, and even Col. Roosevelt will witness a few things not seen on his famous fourteen month's trip.

RED LAKE COUNTY FAIR

At Thief River Falls Three Days, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Aug. 3-4-5.

The annual fair of the Red Lake County Agricultural society will be held at Thief River Falls Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 3, 4 and 5. The management promises a fine race program, some good special features, good exhibits of live stock, and as good exhibits of agricultural products as is possible at the early date on which the fair is to be held.

Mrs. Sarah Converse.

Mrs. Sarah Converse passed away at her home in this city last Friday morning. Mrs. Converse had been ill less than two weeks and her illness had not been so serious as to cause alarm. On the day previous to her death she seemed much improved and the announcement of her death came as a shock to relatives and friends.

Mrs. Converse came to Red Lake Falls to reside about a month ago. However, she resided here a number of years ago, at a time when her husband was deputy county auditor, and she had a wide circle of friends and acquaintences here. Mrs. Converse was a woman of many fine qualities and her death causes much regret.

The remains were taken to Cass Lake, the former home of the deceased, Saturday and the funeral was held at that place Sunday.

Deceased is survived by her husband, I. D. Converse, editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator, by her son, M. A. Converse of this city, and by the three young children of M. A. Converse who had lived with their grandmother since the death of their mother.

Miss Maranna Crompo is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Hall, at Crookston.

DEATH OF A PIONEER

Joseph H. Leblanc Passed Away Saturday Evening.

Joseph Leblanc, one of the pioneers of Red Lake county, passed away at his home in Lambert Saturday evening. Death was due to heart failure, the infirmities of old age contributing to the patient's weakness.

Mr. Leblanc was born in Canada and was about seventy years old. Thirty years ago he came to Red Lake county and homesteaded the land in Poplar River which is now the fine farm home of Thos. Connors. He was one of the pioneers of the town and county. About ten years ago he moved to Lambert and engaged in the general merchandise business in which he continued until recently, being a member of the firm of Doucet & Leblanc.

Funeral services were held at the Catholic church, of which deceased was a member, and interment was at Terrebonne. Mr. Leblanc was a man widely known in southern Red Lake county and had many friends and acquaintances who held him in high esteem.

Deceased is survived by his widow, by three daughters, Mrs. Geo. Morinville of Crookston and Mrs. A. Generaux and Mrs. Octave Gagnon of Terrebonne, and one son, Urcis Leblanc of Windsor, Minn.

County Revenue Warrants Payable.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 1st, 1910

Notice is hereby given that all county revenue warrants recorded prior to May 1st, 1910, are payable at the office of the County Treasurer and interest on same will be stopped 30 days from above date.

H. E. IVES,
County Treasurer, Red Lake Co.

PENNINGTON GLOOMY

Soo President says North Dakota crops Will Be Far Below Normal.

Edmund Pennington, president of the Soo railroad returned to Minneapolis Saturday from a tour of inspection of the crops in North and South Dakota. His size-up of this year's crop is gloomy.

Mr. Pennington told St. Paul newspapers that after ten years of immense crops, the farmers are confronted with a freakish situation. "Not more than 10,000,000 bushels of wheat," he says, "will be exported from North Dakota. The rest will be used in flour and feed. Ten and a half million bushels will be used for feed next year, and about five million for flour. The production is then, about 25 per cent of the normal. Oats and barley crops are failures. The flax situation is still a question." South Dakota crops, Mr. Pennington says, are a little better, due to the early propitious weather conditions.

Mr. Pennington says, however, that the state will not be hit as hard as it would if it did not have a succession of fat years to fall back on.

The Cost of a Field of Grain.

Few farmers know the labor cost of a field of grain. Few know whether the crop harvested pays the labor cost. It is less difficult than troublesome to keep a record, but if the farmer will carry a little book and make a memorandum of the hours actually spent in plowing, in preparing the seed bed, in sowing or planting, in cultivating, in harvesting—in fact a record, by hours, of all the time consumed by man, or man and team, he will discover a new light and begin to find remedies. An account should be kept with each field, as with an individual. Charge the field with labor at a price the farmer would pay for it if he hired the work done. Each item of it should be charged to the field. If a machine is broken charge the expenses of repairs to the field in which the accident occurs. When the crop is taken off, credit the field with its value. The difference between the two footings will show where the loss or gain falls. Going farther into bookkeeping, the cost of seed to which the cost of cleaning etc. might then be added and made a part of the record. When the farmers are making but 4 per cent on their investment in Minnesota, on an average as shown by Experiment Station reports at University farm, some making, others losing money, each should know for himself what he is doing, and if losing, apply the remedy and stop leak of prosperity.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. 4, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE FOR CAMPAIGN

But all is Not Harmonious—Some of the Old Heads Not Satisfied.

Conservation as a Political Issue in the State of Minnesota.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, July 19—The meeting in St. Paul last Thursday evening to take the initial steps in organizing the Ramsey county Progressive Republican League was in some results a remarkable one. The attendance while not large, a mass meeting was not contemplated, appeared to represent fairly the business and professional men of the city. While the younger element predominated, there were quite a number of older men there who are accustomed to take part in the political activities of the city. The older as well as the younger men seemed very much in earnest.

A Leader in Despair.

One of these older men was Frank B. Doran, a former mayor of St. Paul. Mr. Doran's Republicanism has never been called in question and he has been in active political life longer than a good many of us have been on earth at all, having been present at the birth of the party away back in the late fifties. To judge from his pessimistic line of talk he evidently anticipates living long enough unless something comes out of the progressive movement, to be present at its obsequies. He even went so far as to suggest the formation of a new party. The parallel was made between the government of the country before the war being practically dictated by the slave-holding interests and the government of today which Mr. Doran and other Republican speakers at this meeting declared to be so subservient to special interests that the people have no representation either in congress or at the council board. This is the kind of a thing the Progressive Republicans of Ramsey county are organiziing to do their share in remedying.

Hammering Ed Smith.

Nor did the Progressive Republicans stop at denouncing party management and party leadership in Washington. It is common enough to do that sort of thing while remaining conveniently blind to what is going on under one's nose either in state or municipal affairs. Not only did Congressman Stevens come in for scoring because of his subserviency to the Cannon machine, but, by implication the whip was laid on Governor Eberhart's back over Ed. Smith's shoulders. Quite a vigorous protest was made by formal resolution against Ed. Smith's appointment on the Republican State Central committee, the charges being made that "he has shown himself consistently and decidedly favorable to public service corporations desiring special legislation." Senator Smith's record was cited to prove this, not, however, as conclusively as it easily might have been.

Progressives Tied Up.

Evidently some one has a string even on the progressive Repbulicans of St. Paul; for they were careful to avoid any reference to some of Mr. Smith's most notorious affiliations. Jim Peterson of Minneapolis, a Hennepin county Progressive, who was down to encourage his Ramsey county brethern, took occasion to refer to the St. Paul considerations for certain interests active in politics, and to administer a tender rebuke. He asked them why they did not, like the Hennepin county Republicans, bawl out the names of the corporations who were dipping into politics. To refer to them merely as the interests, he intimated was child's play. When the Hennepin county Republicans got after them they called them by name—the Great Northern railroad, the Twin City Rapid Transit company, the United States Steel Corporations, the Consolidated Brewing interests. The St. Paul boys, Mr. Peterson suggested, should pluck up courage and do the same thing.

Really when it comes to that, why don't they? Why so many mouthed? Why hesitate to speak of Ed. Smith's labors in connection with the tonnage tax bill? Why not mention his opposition to temperance legislation? Are the young attorneys who framed the St. Paul progressive platform solicitous not to offend prospective clients. Its easy to hammer heads at Washington by wireless. Why not take a crack at the crowns bobbing up under our nose?

A New Crusade.

Incidently that appears, according to Mr. Peterson, to be what the Hennepin county chaps are going to do. They've got a lot of spell binders over there. These have a lot of eloquence on tap which they must shoot off or bust. So the Progressive Republicans League is going to buy a big tent for them and they are going to hold political camp meetings in it. They are going to move the tent around. When they have done enough evangelistic work in one ward they are going to start off to hold revival meetings in another, and the orators at these meetings, so says Mr. Peterson, are not going to be satisfied with bawling out the names of offending corporations as referred to above; they are going to grill objectional congressional candidates and legislative candidates and candidates for county and city offices and if they start out at that kind of thing in Ramsey county from present prospects they are likely to have their hands full, as it is usually represented in the legislature by men whose political reputations would stand fumigating. Taking it for all in all we are looking for lively times in the Twin cities during the approaching campaign in which the Progressive Republicans will have a chance to show the metal they are made of.

Conservatives Squabbling.

The state capitol folks have been doing some insurging themselves, by the way. It appears that the National Conservation Congress brands of conservation, unlike the Eberhart brand of conservation, wasn't framed up to please everybody, so last week Eberhart hiked down to Chicago to show the national conservationists how, and took along certain representatives of the Twin city jobbers and manufacturers to tell the national conservationists about the kind of program they must prepare before their clients would put up for convention expenses.

A High Old Time.

From what can be gathered from the reports they had a regular monkey and parrot time at the conference in the Windy City, both sides doing a lot of loud talking and the National conservationists failing to be convinced that real conservation can be talked without giving offence to timber thieves and iron and coal land and waterpower grabbers. From the reports that come from Chicago they appear to have some suspicion that our good governor has somebody behind him pulling strings. One report has it that "Senator Nelson of Minnesota and Hill the railroad magnate are the chief factors in the opposition to the program which has been prepared." The Chicago Record Herald reports the view of the National conservationists as follows:

"The officers of the congress denied that they had tried to 'pack' the program. They objected also to the St. Paul plan of inviting five western governors to speak, on the ground that most of the western governors stand for state rather than national conservation. They intimated also that the St. Paul delegation was nothing more than the mouthpiece of James J. Hill, who, they hinted, likes conservation only so far as it means conservation of the things that Mr. Hill owns. They said that an attempt was being made to put on the program Judge C. Handford of Seattle, who is an enemy of conservation in all forms."

It is too bad that there should be an attempt to cast any reflection on the bonafides of Governor Eberhart's devotion to conservation but notoriously these national conservation boomers are a suspicious lot.

The Governorship.

If the weather wasn't so warm I could go ahead and write a book about what is being said about the gubernatorial situation both from the Republican and Democratic point of view, and from the point of view of the Republican and the Democratic state insurgents both of whom are growing in numbers. But what's the use? No one would be much the wiser after I got through. It's enough to say that the whole thing is the worst tangle ever, and there is every present prospect that both parties are going to be torn up the back and no one can tell what will come out of it. However, as I was in the Ryan Lobby the other evening before the progressive Republican meeting chatting with an insurging Democratic state senator, an old gentleman, who had also come to attend the meeting interposed, apropos of the possibility that the Democrats would adopt a plank looking to county option, to say that he had just come from having a long talk with "Mr. William Hamm," and Mr. William Hamm had told him that if the Democratic Convention did anything of that kind he would teach them a lesson that they would not be likely to forget in a hurry. The argument the old gentleman made was that if M. Williams Hamm withdrew his support from the Democratic party there wouldn't be enough of it left to hold a convention. I wonder if that is so?

—PAUL PRY.

Bemidji Bible Conference.

The Bemidji Bible conference will meet at Bemidji next week, July 24 to 31, for the sixth season. The congress is nonsectarian and interdenominational and a fine program that will attract people interested in the work has been prepared. There will be opportunity also for recreation at the summer resort, Lake Bemidji.

WILL OPEN ABOUT SEPTEMBER FIRST

Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls Was Orgsnized This Week.

W. B. Cheshire of Brooks to be Cashier.—A. A. Latendresse Assistant.

Red Lake Falls' new bank, the Farmers National Bank, was organized this week. The stockholders got together on Tuesday and Wednesday and perfected the organization. About thirty of the local business men and farmers are stockholders in the new institution. The stockholders elected the following board of directors: Rev. E. Fayolle, Chas. N. Bourdon, Sam E. Hunt, Joseph Salley, J. E. Argue, W. B. Chesire, L. C. Simons.

The first officers chosen to serve the institution are:

L. C. Simons, President.
Sam E. Hunt, Vice President.
Rev. E. Fayolle, Vice President.
W. B. Cheshire, Cashier.
A. A. Latendresse, Assistant Cashier.

Mr. Cheshire, the cashier, comes from Brooks, where has been cashier of the First State Bank. Before going to Brooks he had charge of a bank at Wylie. The fact that County Auditor A. A. Latendresse is to be the assistant cashier [illegible] were not a few who believed that he would be a candidate for auditor in the election this fall. He will serve out his term of office and will then take up his work in the new bank.

This new bank, having so many well known local people among its stockholders, starts with every promise that it is to be a solid institution. Red Lake Falls already has two banks the growth of which has been the occasion of much satisfaction and with three solid institutions the city will have banking facilities unexcelled in a place the size of Red Lake Falls.

The new bank people have purchased the Lemieux block and will have the desirable location on the corner, the room occupied by Schreiter's drug Store. Mr. Schreiter will move his stock one door to the south to the room occupied by the Sunshine store. Mr. Christiensen, proprietor of the Sunshine, will move his stock to the Reichel building.

The building to be occupied by the new bank is to be remodeled, the front changed, interior altered and vault and bank fixtures put in. It is expected that this work will be done so that the bank will open for business about the first of September.

BISHOP AT TERREBONNE

Bishop Corbett Administered Sacrament of Confirmation to Nearly 300 Children.

Terrebonne, Minn., July 19.

Last Monday, July 11, Bishop Corbet of Crookston paid his first visit to Terrebonne. Bishop Corbett was very much pleased with the reception tendered him. A delegation met him at Badger Creek and accompanied him to the church where he was received by the clergy.

The following day a high mass was sung by Rev. Fr. Roy of Lambert. An address to the Bishop was delivered by Rev. Fr. Vellieux and Bishop Corbett responded in perfectly good French.

Bishop Corbett administered the sacrament of confirmation to nearly three hundred children. The clergymen present were Fr. Fayolle of Red Lake Falls Fr. Theillon of Gentilly, Fr. Roy of Lambert, Fr. Tapin of Crookston. Bishop Corbett was accompanied by his chancellor, Fr. Wurm.

Monday, July 18, the remains of Joseph LaBlanc, who died suddenly Saturday night, were interred in the Terrebonne cemetery. Mr. Leblanc, before moving to Lambert, had been a pioneer of Terrebonne. Many friends from Lambert accompanied the remains to their last resting place.

For Sale.

A lot of strong rope, suitable for use in haying. Cheap.—Red Lake Falls Milling company elevator, J. F. Hancs, Agent. j21

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & SAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

CONDENSATIONS

NEWS AND NOTES HERE AND THERE.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

Other Matters of Interest Condensed From the More Important Telegrams.

Washington.

It was stated at the department of justice that there are not in contemplation any proceedings to prevent the removal of the Oklahoma state capital from Guthrie to Oklahoma City.

Members of the senate committee appointed Senator Day to investigate the charges made by Senator Gore relating to Oklahoma Indian lands contracts have discovered that the committee was not provided with funds to defray the cost of the inquiry.

The convention providing for the arbitration of the dispute between the United States and Mexico over the Chamizal zone at El Paso, Tex., was signed by the two governments. Secretary Knox affixed his signature on behalf of the United States and Ambassador De la Barra for Mexico.

The president has signed several proclamations eliminating nearly half a million acres of land from the national forests and adding a little more than [illegible] acres to the reserves. The lands taken out are more suitable to agriculture than to forest purposes and later will be open to settlement.

An attack was made on the charges for upper berths by the Pullman company by the state of Oklahoma. In a petition filed with the interstate commerce commission by Charles West, attorney general of Oklahoma, directed against the pullman company and various railroads operating in the western and southwestern territories, it is alleged that making the same charge for an upper berth as for a lower is unjust and discriminatory.

Foreign.

The announcement of the opening of Port Arthur to the shipping of all nations commencing July 1, is published in the official gazette at Tokio.

Anna Sutter, the leading singer in the Royal Opera at Stuttgart, was shot and killed in her bed by Alois Obrist, a former conductor of the opera, who then killed himself. Obrist, although a married man, persecuted the singer with his attentions.

Liabeuf, the Apache who killed a policeman several months ago, was guillotined in Paris. The socialists had attempted to get a reprieve for the assassin, but this failed and a violent manifestation by the revolutionary socialists occurred at the scene of the execution.

General.

Paterson, New Jersey, recently had a half-million fire loss.

Government receipts are gratifying to Secretary MacVeagh.

Former Governor John H. McGraw of Washington, died at his home in Seattle.

The petition for a re-hearing in the Missouri river rate case was filed by the railroads.

James Garnett, a recruit at Fort Des Moines, shot himself through the head while cleaning a rifle.

Mr. Roosevelt, Gifford Pinchot and James R. Garfield are declared by the Oyster Bay Pilot to be forming a new national party.

Chairman Tawney says congress did not appropriate a billion dollars.

At Chicago Richard T. Sweeney, a mail collector, is under arrest, accused of the theft of nearly $100,000 in securities belonging to W. O. Ford, a manufacturer.

President Taft has designated George Otis Smith, director of the geological survey, as acting chief of the new bureau of mines recently authorized by congress.

Unless Porter Charlton, held in Jersey City, on the charge of murdering his wife at Moltrasio, Italy, is surrendered to the Italian government for trial, he will be adjudged guilty of murder by proxy.

Freight rates on lemons from the producing territory in Southern California to certain destinations were reduced by the Interstate Commerce commission from $1.15 per 100 pounds to $1.00 per 100 pounds.

The interior department announced that all the remaining pine timber on the ceded Chippewa Indian lands in Minnesota will be offered for sale to the highest bidder. This involves about 375,000,000 feet covering 152,849 acres.

On a bid of $5,200,000 the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville railway was sold to men representing the Chesapeake & Ohio railway.

An advance in wages of from 8 to 15 per cent has been given the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad clerks. About 2,300 clerks will be benefited.

Charles A. White, scientific associate of the late Professor Langeley of the Smithsonian Institute, member of many scientific societies in this country and Europe, and author of numerous scientific publications died in Washington.

C. Wolters, president of a bank at Hopkins, Mo., and his son, Robert, were probably fatally injured, when the tire on their automobile exploded near Waukee, Ia.

The college-trained lawyer will solve the great legal and economical questions of government in this and the next generation. That is the opinion of Attorney General Wickersham.

The Illinois supreme court decided that religious exercises, consisting of the reading of the Bible, singing and prayer cannot be held in Illinois public schools during the time pupils are required to be in attendance.

Roosevelt has written that he will be unable to visit Omaha as requested.

Joseph Wendling, alleged slayer of Alma Kellner, the Louisville girl, has been located on a ranch near Houston, Texas.

The public buildings bill passed does not carry any money appropriation.

Count Zeppelin is disappointed but not discouraged over the wreck of his airship.

J. F. McMurray declares he is ready to disprove the charges made by Senator Gore.

Senator Norris Brown has expressed himself as satisfied with the work of congress.

Extensive rate reductions were ordered by the interstate commerce commission.

A petition to the United States to intervene in the Nicaraguan war is regarded as probable.

Senator Burrows, as the man who must act, is bothered over the bribery case of Senator Lorimer.

Secretary of State Knox was commencement orator at the University of Pennsylvania exercises.

Roosevelt denies that he is endeavoring to have Hughes keep in the race for governorship.

The state department has sent a sharp note in reply to the representations of President Madriz.

Followers of pugilism believe the Jeffries-Johnson mill at Reno will be the last of the big fights.

A report is to be framed by the Ballinger-Pinchot committee at a meting in Minneapolis in September.

The first bale of cotton of 1910-11 was sold at auction in New York and brought 50 cents per pound last week.

A whirlwind campaign to raise $100,000 on the Sioux City Y. M. C. A., ended with all the money needed subscribed.

Representative Butler Ames of Massachusetts, has publicly announced his candidacy for the United States senate.

John L. Sullivan visited the Jeffries training quarters twice in one day and a reconciliation was effected between the two champions.

Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of the United States supreme court was elected president of the Harvard Law School Association.

A million dollars was received at the treasury Saturday for the corporation tax. The total paid to date on that account agregates $4,239,402.

As Representative Charles F. Booher of Savannah, Mo., was leaving a train at St. Louis his pocket was picked of $50 and a draft for $25.

E. H. Terrel, a wealthy business man of San Antonio, and former United States minister to Belgium, is dying at his home in San Antonio, Texas.

Half a million dollars a day is the amount that Chicagoans are spending this warm weather in the effort to keep cool by drinking cooling beverages.

Beginning July 1, conformably with law, there will be organized a division of corporations in the office of the commission of international revenue.

The Scott anti-option bill to restrict cotton exchange transactions which do not involve actual delivery of the commodity was passed by the house.

The Spanish government has received by telegraph another note from the Vatican in which it is stated that the Vatican will reply to the government's proposals which have now arrived.

The New York World's Work has been making a poll of its subscribers on the question as to whether they wanted Theodore Roosevelt to become president again. Out of 375 answers received, 293, coming from every state in the Union, expressed the wish that Mr. Roosevelt should run again for presidency.

Personal.

Senator Daniel of Virginia died on the 30th of June.

Colonel Roosevelt went to Cambridge for the Harvard commencement.

Dr. Hyde of Kansas City, has been denied a new trial.

Speaker Cannon says republicans will control the next congress.

Disaster overtook Count Zeppelin's airship while making a trip during a hard gale.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry, is to be deprived of a part of his duties.

Lawyer McMurray of Oklahoma says he is innocent of wrongdoing in the Indian land deal.

Attorney General Thompson of Nebraska will be the new solicitor of the treasury at Washington.

Senators Dolliver and Burkett have filed on the senate desks of Senators Hale and Aldrich, respectively.

Rudolph Franske, an associate of Dr. Cook, has brought suit against Commander Peary in a German court.

Richard M. Corwine of Ohio, treasurer of Moro province, in the Philippines, died in the Islands June 26.

Senator La Follette had a conference with Roosevelt; they talked politics, and the senator is happy.

Italy will make a formal request for the extradition of Porter Charlton.

Word was received of the drowning of Lieut. F. Y. Miller, Twenty-ninth Infantry U. S. A., detailed as governor of the Island of Paragmay, Philippine Islands.

Postmaster General Hitchcock declared that he will push rapidly the organization of the postal savings banks system.

Harry Burns Hutchins was elected president of the University of Michigan to succeed Dr. James B. Angell. President Hutchins was born in Lisbon, N. H., April 18, 1847.

MUCH GOLD CHANGES HANDS.

Quarter Million Dollars Won and Lost at Reno.

Reno, Nev.—It is estimated that over $250,000 was won and lost in Reno alone on the outcome of Monday's fight. Betting Commissioner Corbett announced that three wagers of $10,000 each, and several approximating $5,000 were entrusted to him at the ringside by men of national prominence.

LIND WON'T RUN

STATES REASON WHY HE SHOULD NOT HEAD DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

IN LETTER TO FRANK DAY

Disposition Exists Not to Accept Statement as Last Word—Believes He is Ineligible.

St. Paul.—John Lind's statement that he will not be a candidate on the Democratic ticket for the governorship is now in the hands of the Minnesota Democratic leaders.

Frank A. Day, chairman of the committee, to whom the letter was addressed, returned from Fairmont, and found the letter waiting for him. Mr. Day is consulting with his friends and the exact text of the letters will not be given out until the matter has been fully considered.

Mr. Lind takes the position, it is understood, that the law relative to the members of the board of regents being candidates for any other office during the time for which they have been elected, is inhibitive, and that it would be folly to nominate him under the conditions.

He recites his reasons for not being a candidate and expressed the opinion that some other man can be nominated and elected.

The Democrats are apparently not willing to accept Mr. Lind's declination as final. They say the law relative to the board of regents is not binding, because the constitution itself fixes the status of candidates for office, and that any law which assumes to override the constitution would not necessarily be binding.

Not Last Word.

Although the Democratic leaders are considerably taken off their feet by Mr. Lind's letter, they are not disposed, at once, to accept it as the last word.

In addition to their interpretation of the law passed by the legislature relative to the eligibility of men holding office while on the board of regents, they say that Mr. Lind owes a duty to the party and say no man has been known to ignore a unanimous call to duty.

The only thing that puzzles them is whether or not Mr. Lind will make good on his statement. They acknowledge that the former governor is inclined to have his own way and that he may absolutely decline to run if nominated without his consent. In spite of this, their first inclination is to nominate him and leave the rest to chance.

In the background, the name of Congressman W. S. Hammond, looms up largely as a possibility.

With the head of the ticket in doubt Democrats are busily engaged in naming the rest of their ticket. If Lind were nominated for governor, one of the most likely candidates for the second place would be Charles A. Nye, of Moorhead. It seems unlikely that Fred W. Johnson, of New Ulm, will be named for second place if either Lind or Hammond were nominated. The nomination of Lind and Johnson would place too many Scandinavians at the head of the ticket, while Hammond and Johnson would overload the ticket with candidates from the second district.

Want Liberal Vote.

In spite of this, if Lind were nominated, the Democrats would like to put up a man for second place who would appeal to the liberal element in opposition to the county option candidacy of S. Y. Gordon for lieutenant governor on the Republican ticket.

Stan J. Donnelly, of St. Paul, is booked for the attorney generalship, although this plan may be changed in view of the fact that Thomas D. O'Brien will be nominated for the supreme court and Otto Bremer will be nominated for state treasurer or Henry G. Haas will be named for some place and the tendency would be to get away from the danger of overloading the ticket with Ramsey county candidates. Judge F. C. Brooks of Minneapolis, will be nominated for the supreme court if he will permit the use of his name.

Fred W. Johnson is likely to be named for the place of secretary of state.

New Church Contract Let.

Fergus Falls.—The Swedish Lutheran church of this city let the contract for the erection of a large new church building here. John Lauritzen undertaking to erect it for $9,564, exclusive of plumbing, heating, decorating and other extras, which will bring the total cost up to $14,000. The building will be of concrete blocks, veneered with pressed brick.

MAN BURNS IN SHACK.

Blackduck Homesteader Shoots Self After Setting Fire to Cabin.

Bemidji.—That he set fire to the shack in which he was living and afterwards shot himself with a rifle to insure that his body would be burned, is the conclusion reached by returned from Blackduck, where the skeleton of a man was found in the burned ruins of Charles Miller's cabin, the remains being identified as those of Miller.

Brownsdale Loses Elevators.

Spring Valley. — Two large grain elevators were burned to the ground and a stock yard damaged by a fire in Brownsdale, a town about 20 miles west of Spring Valley. The loss is estimated at $20,000, mostly covered by insurance. The loss to the stock yard was about $500 and to each of the two elevators about $10,000. One was owned by the Hunting Elevator Company, the other by the La Crosse Grain company. The owners lay the cause of the fire to tramps.

EXPLOSION KILLS FIVE.

Acetylene Gas Tank Blows Up With Fatal Results.

The Dead:

Charles Giebenhain, 48 years old, bartender.

Louis O. Hamish, 27 years old, a painter.

Eugene Hamlin, 25 years old, a teamster.

Albert Hirth, Drickton, Minn., about 22 years old.

Middleaged man thought to be Joseph Silhaugh, 42 years old, carpenter.

The Injured:

Edward Soucher, 35 years old, proprietor of the Point saloon, burned and bruised about the head and shoulders; hearing and sight probably destroyed;

George Miller, 27 years old, plasterer. Severely burned about the chest and face.

Ernest Osterhold, 39 years old, porter. One arm and his face badly burned.

Minneapolis, June 30.—Five men were killed and three injured when, with a detonation that could be heard for several miles, the acetylene gas generating tank in the basement of the Point saloon, at the intersection of the Crystal lake and Robbinsdale roads near Minneapolis was blown up, hurling the walls of the building outward and killing and maiming some 14 persons who were in the place. The explosion was followed by a fire which reduced the shattered structure to ashes and horribly charred and disfigured the bodies of those who failed to escape with their lives.

According to a gold watch found on the body of Charles Giebenhain, the bartender, the explosion occurred at 4:22 p. m., at which time the watch stoped. An alleged defect in the acetylene generator, which was used for illuminating purposes only, is hinted at as the cause of the accident, although from the twisted and jumbled mass of boiler plate and metal in the basement of the ruins, the real cause may never be ascertained.

The blast literally tore out the front and one side of the building, hurling beams, timbers and glass across the Crysal Lake and the Robbinsdale roads. The corner support between the two shattered walls was also blown away and the roof of the structure hung above, supported only by the rafters running to the rear end other side wall of the building.

Both the first and second floors in the front part of the building shot skyward, carrying with them bar, fixtures, contents of the cellar and occupants of the bar room. The roof withstood the terrible upheaval and the splintered wreckage fell back into the pit of the basement. The floors in the rear room, separated from the bar room by a strong partition, bent upward before the blast like so much canvas, but did not fall into the basement.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS ELECT.

Encampment at Faribault Chooses Red Wing for Next Meeting.

Faribault. — The Spanish-American war veterans in convention here elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Department commander, Joseph Gibson, Duluth; senior vice commander, L. H. Dibble, Faribault; junior vice commander, E. A. Hempstead, Minneapolis; department inspector, H. A. Starr, Waseca; judge advocate, J. W. Finehout, St. Paul; surgeon general, F. U. Davis, Faribault; department chaplain, Wilson H. Morrow, St. Paul; department marshal, J. W. Nicholson, Austin.

The next department encampment will be held at Red Wing. J. W. Finehout delivered a most impressive address to the encampment. A class of about twenty took the degree of the organization, after which a dance was given.

The ladies' auxiliary also met and organized, electing the following officers: National aid, Mrs. Joe. Gibson, Duluth; assistant national aid, Mrs. Anderson, St. Paul; secretary, Mrs. Hugo V. Koch, St. Paul. The officers of the organization are well pleased with the encampment and prosperity of the organization.

SELECT STATUE SITE.

Placed Just Outside the Governor's Room.

St. Paul.—The statue of the late Governor John A. Johnson, when it is completed, will be placed on the state capitol grounds just outside the governor's suite of rooms and between the balustrade around the building and the sidewalk below.

The spot was selected by Cass Gilbert and Governor Eberhart. The monument commission decided to leave to the architect of the building the selection of the spot for the statue.

Andrew O'Connor, the sculptor, is now at work on the statue and it will be completed in a few months. The spot selected for it will give it a commanding position at the top of the capitol grounds.

Creameries Pay Big Amount.

Long Prairie.—From figures just compiled from the May creamery reports, Todd county creameries paid Todd county farmers in cash during the month of May, the sum of $72,000. August Wendorf of Hewitt received the largest check of any farmer in the county for the month. He received $190. Last year the Todd county creameries paid out in cash $360,000. Figuring the increase on the basis of increase each month during 1910, the cash paid out this year will exceed $500,000.

Engineer Disappears From Plant.

Little Falls.—A very deep mystery surrounds the disappearance of Arthur McGrah, an employee of the Little Falls Water Power company, a young man 18 years old, who is believed to be in the Mississippi river. He came here six weeks ago from Anoka to work in the electric power house. No voltage record was made by him since 10 o'clock in the morning but one machine was shut down at 1 in the afternoon. His coat, hat and full dinner pail were in the plant. The river is being dragged.

SPEAKS SEPT. 5

EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WILL VISIT HOME STATE ON LABOR DAY.

CITIZENS TO JOIN LABOR

Congressman Hanna Receives Letter Stating That Former President Will Come to Fargo on That Occasion.

Fargo, N. D., July 7.—Congressman Hanna has received the following letter from ex-President Roosevelt:

Office of Theodore Roosevelt, The Outlook, New York, July 2, 1910.—Hon. L. B. Hanna Fargo N. D.—My Dear Congressman: I have received many requests to speak in North Dakota. Unfortunately I can only speak at all by arranging my dates and places so they will fit in with one another.

Now I think I can speak at Fargo, Labor Day, Sept. 6. Would you consult your friends and whoever else you may choose and find out if they would like to have me do so? Faithfully yours, Theodore Roosevelt.

Congressman Hanna at once wired back the following:

"Labor day date most satisfactory. Every arrangement will be made and our people are delighted over the prospect of having you with us. We will give you a warm western welcome and will send in a few days all the details just as soon as we can consult with the labor leaders all over the state, the commercial clubs and other prominent men. L. B. Hanna."

The above correspondence insures Fargo the biggest day in her history, Labor day, Sept. 5. The letter from Mr. Roosevelt to Mr. Hanna was received this morning and the telegram as given above was sent out at once.

It is known that it was the ex-president's desire to pay a visit to what he is pleased to call his "home state," and that his welcome here will be a warm and hearty one goes without saying.

Congressman Hanna will at once begin the task which will be a most pleasant one to him of consulting with the labor leaders, not only of Fargo, but of all over the state as to the coming visitation. It is his idea to make the coming of Col. Roosevelt a state affair.

The labor leaders of the city are delighted and promise to do their best to make it the biggest day the city ever saw.

The Fargo Commercial club held a session this afternoon and joined with Mr. Hanna in extending the warmest kind of an invitation. It is known that it has been Mr. Roosevelt's intention since coming home from Africa to pay a visit to the different states of the Union and he said at the home coming reception that he would not consider he was "home" until he had visited North Dakota.

Des Lacs Wiped Out.

Minot, N. D., July 7.—Fire starting in a restaurant destroyed practically the entire business section of Des Lacs on the Great Northern.

The fire, which started early this morning, spread rapidly and before the flames could be checked, because of lack of material on which to feed, nineteen stores were burned to the ground.

The loss is not fully estimated, but it is believed it will reach $100,000 easily.

The heaviest losers are: The Rogers Lumber Co., St. Anthony Lumber Co., Farmers' Elevator, Farmers' State bank and the big hardware store over which was located the Odd Fellows' hall. The postoffice and one grocery store are about all that are saved from the ruins in the business section.

America Imports Gold.

New York, July 7.—The gold importation movement of 1910 had its inception today with the engagement of $1,750,000 in gold bars in London by Lazard Freres for import to the United States. The imports of gold was forecasted by the demands made on New York institutions by western banks for funds to finance land purchases in the west. Local bankers have recently sold large amounts of American securities abroad and are availing themselves of these credits to strengthen their own position by importing gold.

Offers Reward for Lynchers.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 7.—Governor Hadley offered a reward of $300 today for the arrest and conviction of every person who engaged in the lynching of two negroes at Charleston last Sunday. In an interview Hadley warned the negroes they must not provoke race riots on account of the Johnson-Jeffries fight.

1,500 Carmen on Strike.

Winnipeg, July 7.—Fifteen hundred Canadian Northern carmen struck today because the report of the board of conciliation on wage dispute was not satisfactory. The shops from Port Arthur to Edmonton are affected.

Flight Records Broken.

Bethany Plain, Rheims, July 7.—Olieslagers today broke the duration record at the aviation meet now in progress here.

To Homestead Alaska Lands.

Seattle, Wash., July 7.—The first steps for the opening of agricultural and others areas in Alaska to homestead entry will be taken by Topographer R. H. Sargent of the United States geological survey, who left for the north last night to make public land surveys in the territory. Mr. Sargent and nine assistants will begin work in the Tanana valley in the vicinity of Fairbanks.

It is estimated there are 100 parcels of land already under settlement in the valleys around Fairbanks, but these are not subject to homestead entry until the surveys are made.

Rain Puts Out Forest Fire.

Superior, Wis., July 6.—A special telegram from Cornucopia, this morning says that it rained hard for two hours in that region last night and the fires are out. A number of settlers lost their buildings and much timber and pasturage is destroyed.

Submarine on Long Run.

Provincetown, Mass., July 6.—To demonstrate the practicability of a submarine for long ocean trips, a submarine left here today on a 660 mile run to Bermuda. It is expected that the run will be made in about seventy hours.

MANY VACANCIES OCCUR

IN UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT MEMBERSHIP.

President Taft May Appoint Governor Hughes to the Position of Chief Justice.

Beverly, Mass., July 6.—While the president declines definitely to commit himself in any way, it is regarded here tonight as practically certain that Governor Hughes of New York will be the next chief justice of the supreme court.

No appointment of a successor to Chief Justice Fuller will be made until congress meets next December. By that time it is believed, the president will have to appoint also a successor to Justice Moody, in whose behalf the retirement bill was passed at the session of congress just closed.

In the selection of an associate justice to succeed Justice Fuller, President Taft will take plenty of time for deliberation. It is believed that the president will be informed as to Justice Moody's intention as to retirement within the next month or two, so the chief executive is practically casting about for two men.

The probable retirement of Justice Moody will make the fourth vacancy in less than two years. It is not unlikely that before his term of four years has expired President Taft will have been called upon to appoint six out of the nine justices forming the supreme tribunal. President Taft told some of his friends recently that he was anxious above almost anything else that his administration might be known for the character of his appointments to the federal bench.

It can be positively stated that the president is entirely open minded as to the supreme court vacancies. One of the most likely candidates spoken of here today is Justice Swayzee of the New Jersey supreme court. He has been strongly recommended to the president and is said to have had an excellent chance for appointment to succeed the late Justice Peckham, should Governor Hughes have declined.

President Taft, it is said, is anxious to secure men for the supreme court between 40 and 60 years of age. The appointment of Justice Lurton was an exception, and it is not believed he would again select a man of that age. For this reason there is but little talk of Senator Root of New York and Secretary of War Dickinson, who were prominently regarded as supreme court possibilities.

Bar Fight Pictures.

Fort Worth, Tex., July 6.—In response to request of Mayor Davis, the city commission passed an ordinance prohibiting the exhibition of Johnson-Jeffries fight pictures.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 6.—Mayor E. S. Meales today issued an order prohibiting the display of the Reno prize fight pictures in this city.

Portland, Me., July 6.—The exhibition of the fight pictures in Maine is prohibited by a law passed by the legislature.

Cape Town, July 6.—There is a widespread demand here for prohibition in South Africa of the bioscopic pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson fight owing to the effect upon natives.

Prince Weds Despite Mother.

London, July 6.—Miss Dorothy Deacon, daughter of the late Edward Parker Deacon and Prince Antoine Albert Radziwill were married today in St. Mary's church, Cadogan square. The ceremony was a quiet one, without bridesmaids, and only a few relatives and near friends attended. Lord Grey de Ruthyd gave away the bride. Prince Radziwill married against the determined opposition of his mother, who is supposed to be in Austria to attend the wedding of a younger son. This London ceremony was postponed a few days ago because necessary documents wanted by English law had not arrived and it was then reported in society that the objections of the prince's mother had prevailed.

Police Fight Safe Blowers.

New York, July 6.—After a running fight between safe crackers and the police in Harlem today, in which thirty shots were exchanged. The police firing a rain of bullets, chased Frank Picci up an elevated railroad stairway and captured him after a desperate hand to hand encounter. A second man bolted into a tenement house and disappeared.

The burglars showed fight at the start, when they were found by Zerando Dianglies, the proprietor of a First avenue cafe drilling a hole in a safe in which Dianglies for the last month has kept from $6,000 to $7,000 belonging to Italian societies.

Killed in Auto Wreck.

San Antonio, Tex., July 6.—An automobile plunged fifteen feet from a bridge into San Pedro creek here early today and one person is dead and four injured, two probably fatally. The machine turned turtle as it fell.

The dead:

MISS DOT MILLER, buried under the wreck; body had to be chopped out with an axe.

May Prohibit Fight Pictures.

London, July 7.—Sir Howell Davies has given notice of his intention to ask the home secretary, in the house of commons, in the interest of public decency to prohibit the exhibition of biograph pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson fight.

Heroic Act of Superintendent.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 6.—While firemen poured powerful streams of water upon him, W. A. Weaver, superintendent of the Atlantic Refining plant, (Standard Oil Co.) dashed daringly through flames and smoke early today and shut a valve which prevented fire spreading from a burning still of benzine to the great tanks of oil nearby. In the vicinity of over 30,000 barrels of petroleum in the first stages of refinement were stored. Two thousand people, called from their beds by the peril, cheered the superintendent as he came scorched from the burning still.

Funeral Attended by Royalty.

Dreaux, France, July 7.—Duke D'Alencon was buried today in Orleans in the chapel beside his wife who was burned to death in the charity bazaar fire of 1897. The king of Bulgaria, representatives of the royal houses of Spain, Portugal and Belgium and members of the French Bourbon family were present. A strong detachment of troops preserved order.

Paris Faces Railway Strike.

Paris, July 7.—A general railway strike here is threatened. The men demand an increase in wages and other ameliorations.

WRECK KILLS 19

HEAD-ON COLLISION IN OHIO PROVES FATAL TO MANY PASSENGERS.

FOUR DIE FROM INJURIES

Mistake in Train Orders Responsible for Awful Loss of Life—Big Four New York Flyer Crashes Into Freight.

Middletown, O., July 5.—Nineteen persons were killed outright, three probably fatally hurt, and half a dozen were seriously injured in a head-on collision between a freight and passenger train on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad here yesterday. Of the killed, eighteen were passengers, the other victim being a member of the passenger train crew.

The dead:

H. P. BAKER, Cincinnati.

H. A. SMITH, Dayton.

J. SMITH KIRK, Dayton.

GEO. DOYLE, Dayton.

FRANK GOLDEN, passenger train brakeman.

JOHN W. COOLEY, McCutcheonsville, Ohio.

MISS FAY H. DAUFEMEIR, Pleasantville, Ohio.

RAY D. SNYDER, London, Ohio.

A. S. GARRIGUE, Columbus, Ohio.

RICHARD VAN HORN, Dayton.

CHARLES H. MOULTON, Youngstown.

MRS. JESSIE J. RODEY, Dayton.

KING YEN LUN, a Chinaman, Columbus.

C. B. GRANT, Springfield, Ohio.

ONE UNIDENTIFIED WOMAN, about 40 years of age.

UNIDENTIFIED MAN, initials "W. A." on clothing.

TWO UNIDENTIFIED MEN, supposed to be from Dayton.

Middleton, O., July 5.—Four victims of the wreck of the Big Four New York flyer here yesterday, bringing the total number of dead up to twenty-three. Reports from the hospitals in Dayton and Hamilton, where many of the thirty-seven injured were taken, indicates that a number of these will die. Some of them are frightfully maimed and no hope is held out for their recovery. All the bodies from the wreck have been identified but one, that of a woman about 45 years old.

The wrecking crews worked all night and the track was cleared early today. No more bodies have been found in the debris.

The officials are now trying to place the blame for the wreck. It is known that a misunderstanding of orders caused the frightful catastrophe, but which train crew was at fault has not been decided.

RIOTS FOLLOW FIGHT.

Negroes and Whites Clash in Many Cities.

New York, July 6.—The police were still keeping active patrol today in "black belts" of New York to check any further sporadic race trouble engendered by the outcome of Jeffries-Johnson fight. Resentment caused by the defeat of Jeffries at the hands of the negro caused scores of street fights, negro hunts through the streets and petty outbreaks all through the night.

Washington, July 5.—In a fight last last night, resulting from clashes between negroes and whites over the championship battle at Reno, Thomas Mutdle, an enlisted man of the United States marine corp had his throat cut and is at the Casualty hospital in a serious condition.

Another white man, who was found unconscious late at night in Pennsylvania avenue after a free for all fight, was taken to the hospital where it was discovered he had sustained concussion of the brain. Several other participants in the street fight were reported severely injured, but no fatalities have resulted.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 5.—More than 100 whites and blacks, some with their heads bandaged or showing other evidence of their participation in last night's race riot, following Johnson's victory at Reno, stood before the police magistrates today to receive punishment. As a rule the disturbers of the peace were released with a fine, but those more seriously involved in the riots were held in bail for court or sent to the county prison for short terms.

St. Louis, July 5.—Rioting in a negro section of St. Louis at Market street and Jefferson avenue, followed quickly upon the announcement that Jack Johnson was the victor in the Reno fight. The negroes were clubbed into submission and dispersed.

Roosevelt Meets Poindexter.

Oyster Bay, July 5.—One of Roosevelt's important political conferences was scheduled today with Representatives Poindexter, the insurgent from Washington, Ballinger's state, and it is generally understood he will report on the conditions in Washington.

McCumber Coming Home.

Washington, July 5.—Senator McCumber and family, together with Secretary Robert Farrar, leave Washington tomorrow for their home in North Dakota. They will make the journey in easy stages, owing to Senator McCumber's health.

Gets Life Imprisonment.

Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—B. C. Hyde, convicted of murdering James H. Swope, was sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Latshaw in the criminal court this morning. An appeal to the supreme court has been filed and until it is heard the prisoner will remain in the county jail.

Fire Destroys Lumber Yard.

Arnprior, Ont., July 5.—Fire last night and today destroyed lumber worth from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 in the Gillies lumber yards. The burned area covers half a square mile. The mills were saved after a hard fight.

Rain Puts Out Forest Fire.

Superior, Wis., July 6.—A special telegram from Cornucopia, this morning says that it rained hard for two hours in that region last night and the fires are out. A number of settlers lost their buildings and much timber and pasturage is destroyed.

Submarine on Long Run.

Provincetown, Mass., July 6.—To demonstrate the practicability of a submarine for long ocean trips, a submarine left here today on a 660 mile run to Bermuda. It is expected that the run will be made in about seventy hours.

WHERE DIGNITY SITS ENTHRONED

by EDWARD B. CLARK

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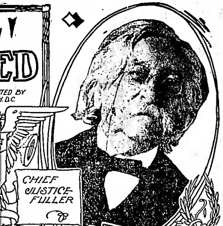
CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER, AND JUSTICE LURTON


CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER

WHEN the Supreme court of the United States enters upon its fall term it will sit with full membership provided no deaths occur during the vacation period and provided also that Associate Justice William H. Moody has so far recovered his health that he can join his colleagues on the bench.

Governor Charles E. Hughes of New York state will be welcomed to membership by the individual members of the court with full hearted pleasure and esteem. Some one has said that Governor Hughes, while in the main a conservative, is a man who believes that the laws should be interpreted in the spirit of 1910 rather than in the spirit of 1820. The criticism on the judgments rendered on occasion by the Supreme court has been to the effect that seemingly some of the members live in the past, and that objection has been made to allowing law lights to strike the "laws of the ancients."

The Supreme court of the United States is said to be the most dignified body in the world. It looks it, but it must not be taken for granted that the justices, from the veteran Chief Justice Fuller down to the youngest man on the bench, have not their times of relaxation when they can give full vent to their sense of humor. Justice John M. Harlan, who is seventy-nine years old, has a rare humor and he likes to give it play. Justice Edward D. White of Louisiana, who has been pronounced by many of the leading lawyers of the country to have a "judicial mind" not excelled in the United States, has hard work at times to keep from giving vent to his humorous conception of things as they appear in court. Such a proceeding would be dubbed undignified, and so Judge White manages to control his flow of wit when in court, but when the tribunal is not in session he gives his mood full play.

Judge Oliver Wendell Holmes, son of one of the most distinguished American scholars and one of its rarest humorists, has a great deal of the fun of his father in him, but self-confessedly he tries to hold its expression in check on many occasions because it might be said that he was trying to make Oliver Wendell Holmes the second appear as Oliver Wendell Holmes the first, and this the present justice modestly holds to be impossible.

Not long ago a lawyer went to the residence of one of the associate justices of the Supreme court, a married man and one who the lawyer thought was the staidest of the staid. The visitor had gone to see the justice to get some advice on behalf of a person who he knew was a family friend of the one of whom he was seeking advisory help.

It seems that the man's wife had died, and while the husband was a kindly disposed and most excellent man generally, his father-in-law and mother-in-law insisted on taking the children who had been left motherless. The widower did not want to part with his children and neither did he want to make a fight which would bring the children into public notice and show that he had had a breach with his wife's father and mother.

The lawyer who was calling on the justice said, "What would you do if your father-in-law and mother-in-law on your wife's death tried to get your children away from you?" The answer came quick and sharp, "I'd tell them to go to the devil."

Now it happened that the justice's wife was sitting at his elbow and the lawyer at this strong expression from the judicial minded one looked with trepidation at Mrs. Justice, expecting to see her overcome with mortification at her husband's outbreak. The visitor was relieved and also somewhat surprised when Mrs. Justice said, "I'd tell them to go to the devil, too."

The household court being thus unanimous, the lawyer went away and gave advice to his client, and the presumption is that within a day or two the father-in-law and mother-in-law went to the devil.

The justices of the Supreme court put on their robes in a room which is across the main corridor of the capitol from the courtroom. In order to reach the bench they are obliged to cross the corridor and this they do in procession, the clerk of the court leading the way like a pioneer and being followed by the chief justice and the associate justices in order of rank.

It is on the stroke of twelve, noon, that this procession takes up its way, and as it is known that noon is the hour for the court opening the corridor is always filled with people who want to see the judges file by. Just before they appear in the doorway of their robing room four attendants take up their places in the corridor and stretch across it two thick silken cords, thus making a passageway through which the procession moves. It is the most dignified looking proceeding possible and the justices look neither to the right nor the left, but conscious that there are scores of onlookers, each one bows, but bows straight ahead in order that there may be no discrimination in courtesy between those of the public who are standing on the right and those standing on the left. It is a perfectly impartial bowing proceeding and while it is dignified it strikes some people also as being awfully funny.

JUSTICE HOLMES

JUSTICE DAY

JUSTICE HARLAN

JUSTICE HUGHES IN OFFICIAL ROBES

JUSTICE WHITE

Every Monday, as soon as court assembles, it is the custom to read decisions on cases which have been considered and on which the court is to pass judgment. If the decision of a great case is expected the courtroom always is crowded and the members of the bar, newspaper men and others who have been present before on like occasions, look anxiously to see which judge is to read the important decision. If any one of three or four justices is to read it there is a distinct sense of disappointment, because nobody except the reading judge is likely to hear the decision. In other words, some of the judges of the supreme court have such weak voices that not even the men closest to them can catch what they say and everybody must wait until the decision can be read before knowing what it means.

This inability or perhaps lack of desire on the part of some of the justices to read out loud, is a great trial to the newspaper correspondents who are anxious to telegraph the news of the decision at the earliest moment possible. There are other troubles which beset the correspondents as well as those which come from the poor enunciation and the weak voices of some of the justices. Legal language is the hardest kind of language for the layman to understand, and the result is that when the decision is read the first part of occasionally makes it seem certain that one side has won the case, while the tail end of the decision may reverse everything and give the case to the other side.

There was one striking instance of this in a great case which was decided three years ago. The city of Chicago was trying to effect changes in its street-car system. The street-car companies held that their franchise was good for 100 years and that the city could not oust them from any of their privileges under their franchise. The case went to the Supreme court and was of tremendous interest to all the cities in the United States. Moreover, the speculative interests of the country were awaiting the decision with the keenest anxiety and interest, for if it went one way it meant that certain stocks still would be of great value, and if it went the other way it means that they would be worth little.

The decision was read in the Supreme court by a judge who had a good voice. Everybody had made up his mind that if the Supreme court decided that the railroad companies had a hundred years' franchise they had won the case and that the city had lost. This was regarded as the crucial feature of the whole controversy.

The newspaper correspondents from the great cities were in attendance at the court when the decision was read and they were ready to dispatch messengers instantly to the telegraph office with a brief dispatch saying either "The companies win," or "The city wins." This was all that was to be sent out at the first instance, for the situation was understood in every newspaper office in the country, and a single tip as to which side won would be sufficient to release long stories of the railroad controversy, and other stories already written of what the victory meant for the companies or for the city. In the very first part of the decision the statement was made that the Supreme court had decided that the companies had a franchise for 100 years. Instantly some of the correspondents sent dispatches, "The companies win." Two or three correspondents were held in their seats by a cautionary word from a veteran who had done long service in the Supreme court. He said, "Wait."

In a few minutes, as the reading went on, it became apparent that the court had decided that while the companies had a franchise for 100 years they had practically no rights under it. On the strength of the mistake which was made in sending out some of the first dispatches on that day stocks went up and then when the truth came out they tumbled so fast that they hurt their heads.

When the justices led by the clerk and the chief justice enter the Supreme courtroom everybody stands. When the judges have taken their seats the court crier, after the manner of court criers since the time of the patriarchs, declares that the high and honorable court is in session and that justice is to be dispensed. Just before taking their seats the justices bow to the assembled throng and the throng bows back. When the court crier's voice has died away everybody takes his seat and the proceedings begin.

The Supreme court sits in the old senate chamber of the capitol. It is the room where Webster, Hayne, Clay, Calhoun and others fought their battles. The gallery is a tiny affair capable of seating only about thirty people and the wonder is how when Webster delivered his great oration in reply to Hayne there could have been present the great crowd of which history tells us.

It was in the Supreme courtroom that the electoral commission which decided the Hayes-Tilden contest held its sessions. The fifteen members of that commission occupied the seats of the justices and it is said that during the progress of the hearing the little room was crowded literally to suffocation and that many people were overcome. It is an historic chamber and it is one of the places to which visitors to Washington bend their steps.

In the membership of the Supreme court there are two veterans of the Union army and two veterans of the Confederate army. John Marshall Harlan, who is a Republican, raised the Tenth Kentucky infantry and served in Gen. George H. Thomas' division. He rose to the rank of colonel and his name was before the senate for confirmation as a brigadier general at a time late in the war when his father's death compelled him for family reasons to retire from the service.

Oliver Wendell Holmes of Boston graduated from Harvard college in 1861 and at once entered the Union army. At the battle of Ball's Bluff in October, 1861, Holmes was shot through the breast and for a long time it was believed he could not possibly recover. He did recover, however, and went back to the front, taking part in the battle of Antietam, where he was shot through the neck, and again his life was despaired of. Once more he recovered and went to the front, only to be wounded again at the battle of Fredericksburg.

Justice Edward Douglass White was born in Louisiana and he served through the Civil war in the Confederate service. Horace Harmon Lurton, who was appointed by President Taft to the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Peckham, entered the Confederate service when he was only seventeen years old and he served three years. He was with General Buckner at Fort Donelson when the Confederate commander surrendered to General Grant. Lurton was Grant's captive and it is not at all probable that the northern soldier had any conception that this youthful prisoner was one day to be appointed to the Supreme court of the United States by a Republican president.

CITY MAN AS A "COME ON."

The average city man thinks the farmer who buys a "gold brick" in need of a guardian. Yet thousands of these same city men have paid for "bricks" which any farmer would have known were the commonest kind of brass. There are all sorts of them nicely prepared for city men.

Now it is a scheme to buy fruit land on the Pacific coast. Our city friend is told he can make $1,000 an acre from the start. A few days ago I found a young man almost on his way to the bank to draw $800 for such a scheme, says a writer in the Metropolitan. He had a guaranty that in five years he would be drawing $3,000 annually from his "farm." Next is some co-operative scheme for growing peaches in Texas or oranges in Florida. You do not work. You simply buy stock in the enterprise, pay for it, of course, and then sit in the shade and draw your dividends. You sit in the shade—no doubt of that—and the dividends draw like the memory of evil deeds.

RIVAL OF WESTON

Septuagenarian Walks 13 Miles Before Breakfast Daily.

Capt. N. H. Chittenden at 70, Takes Long "Hike" Every Morning—Has Many Friends Among the Indians.

New York.—The sight of a gaunt and bearded man in sombrero and corduroys who daily turns in his tracks at the New Jersey end of the Fort Lee ferry, has awakened the curiosity of dwellers in the vicinity.

The appearance of the man is decidedly "Wild West," and the youngsters near the ferry who are astir at about seven o'clock mornings have had visions of redskins and buffaloes lately when the stranger has rewarded their vigils by coming on the scene.

The western-looking one is Capt. Newton H. Chittenden, the first explorer of the Queen Charlotte islands, who although 70 years old, walks from Alpine, N. J., to the ferry, a distance of 13 miles, regularly before eight o'clock each morning as a "constitutional."

That Captain Chittenden deserves a nicely ornamented spot in the walkers' section of the Hall of Fame along with Colonel Weston and Mayor Gaynor is evident from his exploits.

In 1888 and 1889 he broke the record for long walks by making a continuous journey on foot diagonally across the continent from the Pacific to the Gulf of Mexico, a distance, including several hundred miles of side expeditions, amounting to 3,350 miles. He was accompanied by a pack burro.

The trip was for archeological and ethnological research, and Captain Chittenden considers it one of the severest of his career. He estimates that he dragged his donkey more than five miles through the overflowed bottoms of Louisiana.

Of the more than 200,000 miles which Captain Chittenden has covered in his 40 years of traveling, 25,000 miles have been on foot. Testimony of his researches are found in most of the famous museums in this country and in museums of Canada and England as well.

Among American pathfinders it is said that this explorer has devoted more severe labor to the accomplishment of his many expeditions than any other ten men of this country. His donations to museums have included many valuable relics and much data pertaining to the Indian tribes and prehistoric Americans.

Captain Chittenden has visited practically every Indian tribe on the continent and has lived with some of the distinguished old chiefs as long as six months, or a year. He has consequently become versed in several Indian languages. It is an interesting fact that, save on one or two occasions when protection from border ruffians demanded it, he never carried a weapon.

Chief Edonsau of the Queen Charlotte tribe was Captain Chittenden's great friend. Poundmaker, chief of the Saskatchewan Crees, whom he visited during the Riel rebellion, was another intimate. Others were American Horse, a great war chief of the Sioux; Red Cloud, Sitting Bull; Two Strike, and the noted Chief Joseph, who came to see him in camp on the Spokane river in the early days.

In the winter of 1908-'09 upon visiting Chief Manuel of the Cahuilla and Serano Indians of southern California he was invited to address the tribe at their fiesta, and he remained in camp with them for 40 days.

As evidence of his pedestrian habits, Captain Chittenden in 1882, when provided with free transportation to and from the gold fields of Cariboo, left the stage in the interior and proceeded 300 miles alone on foot among the various Indian tribes inhabiting that portion of British Columbia. Two years later, in the dead of winter, with the thermometer reaching 15 degrees below zero and the snow in places 15 feet deep, he walked alone over the mountains into the gold fields of Coeur d'Alene and then crossed the Bitter Root range into Montana a distance altogether of more than 300 miles.

Country roads are child's play to Captain Chittenden, whose pedestrianship has been devoted to rougher travel than that which his rivals have experienced. He attributes his unusual degree of endurance to inheritance and careful living. He has never smoked nor taken a drop of liquor, wine, or beer, and has not drunk a cup of tea or coffee in 40 years.

Gives Aid to Birds.

New York.—Mrs. Russell Sage the other day gave $15,000 to the National Association of Audubon societies for its work in the south. Earlier in the week she gave $500 to the association. The $15,000 is to be used in educational work in Georgia, Florida, Alabama, North Carolina and South Carolina.

The $500 was given to start a special "robin protective fund" to protect the robin from extermination in this country.

Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

SHORTAGE OF HAY IN MINNESOTA.

Fodder Corn Suggested by the Experiment Station as a Valuable Substitute.

Owing to the unprecedented drouth the hay crop in Minnesota is probably less than fifty per cent of a normal crop. In places it is a total failure, and the farmers are not attempting to cut their meadows. Resort must be had to other roughage to feed stock during the coming winter. The alarming reports which have reached the Minnesota Experiment Station have called out the following timely article on corn fodder as a substitute for hay:

FODDER CORN, next to clover and alfalfa hay, is the most valuable forage to be grown on the farm. It permits of early or late planting, and is harvested before the general corn crop is mature. Large yields of dry forage (3 to 7 tons per acre), or of silage (10 to 20 tons per acre), are obtained which for cattle, sheep young stock or even horses, is an excellent feed. For milch cows, it is second only to alfalfa and clover. Much could be stated about this valuable crop, but the purpose of this article is merely to advise the farmers to sow corn thickly for fodder, thus tiding over the hay shortage period and save the live stock.

A ten-acre field of corn sown for silage at the Minnesota Experiment Station.

Preparing the Ground.

Any piece of fertile land will grow the fodder. If no other land is available for the purpose, the meadow or pasture can well be spared.

Plow the land about five inches deep, and harrow as fast as plowed. Work the furrow slice back into a firm condition again with a disk, a sub-subsurface roller (not a surface roller) and finally a harrow. This is necessary to prevent the rapid drying out of the furrow slice.

If sod land is used a more thorough preparation will be necessary for the stubble will act as a barrier between the subsoil and furrow slice, against the free capillary movement of the moisture upward to the seed bed. You must keep the moisture in the soil. This can only be done by proper tillage methods. In this connection the disk is imperative on sod land.

In the event, that plowing up pasture or meadow lands will make a shortage of either of these crops, no fear need be exercised, for fall rye or even spring grains, can be sown on the land to be used for spring pasturage or for hay, until another seeding is established. In short, the effort should be made to keep the live stock.

Planting.

The seed is planted in drill rows, about 3 feet six inches apart. From one bushel (56 pounds) to sixty pounds are sown per acre. When a two horse corn planter is not to be had a grain drill (not a broad-cast seeder) will do the work satisfactorily. Cover the seed cups of the drill with a piece of wood or tin so as to leave the open tubes the proper distance apart for the rows. Open the seed cups wide and test the planting. The seeds should be about two inches apart. If the seed cups do not open wide enough to permit of sowing at least one bushel per acre, re-adjust the closed ones so as to leave two adjacent cups open, thus planting double rows, or drills, 6 to 8 inches apart and about 42 inches, on center, apart. The seeds in the double rows should be from three to four inches apart, to sow the desired amount per acre. A little figuring and testing will be found necessary to determine just which cups to cover or to leave open, in order to best arrange for the marking and driving.

More fodder will be produced from the double rows, but more care is necessary in harvesting with the corn binder, especially if the corn is lodged. The experiment station, in 1900, planted fodder corn on July 12th, and harvested in the fall a good tonnage of excellent fodder. The stalks grew slender and about five feet high. When fed the animals left no stubs of stalks in the mangers.

Cultivation.

Harrow the land with a slant-tooth drag the next day after planting. Harrow again just as the corn is coming up. If the corn does not come up immediately harrow ever five or six days until the corn is an inch or so high.

Cultivate shallow, after the harrowing, at least once a week, until the corn is eighteen or twenty inches high. The cultivator used should have several, but small, teeth or shovels (the "duck-bill" or "eagle-claw" type). No sulky should be used, which has the common shovels (three on a side or in each gang). They are sure to run too deep. Two and a half inches is plenty deep enough. Do not neglect this harrowing or cultivation for the moisture must be kept in the soil. The culture prevents surface evaporation.

C. P. BULL,
Assistant Agriculturist, Minnesota Experiment Station.

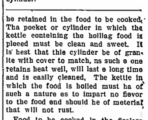
The subject of harvesting fodder corn will be treated in a subsequent article by Prof. Bull.

Fireless Cookers.

Of the many household helps and labor saving devices for women now on the market there are few which may be used to better advantage in the home than the fireless cooker. Like any other piece of machinery, to use it successfully requires thought and common sense properly combined, as well as an understanding of the principles underlying its construction.

In preparing foods requiring long, slow cooking, the use of the fireless cooker greatly diminishes the amount of fuel used and the heat in the kitchen.

A very simple heat-retention cooker may be constructed out of a candy pail, lard can or a box, material for packing, and a pail or other receptacle if desired size for the pocket or cylinder. The space between the pocket and the inside of the pail or box to be filled with packing should be not less than two inches at top, bottom and sides. Cork, excelsior, paper, or any non-conductor of heat may be used as packing. Great care should be exercised in placing the cork, excelsior or paper so that the heat will be retained in the food to be cooked. The pocket or cylinder in which the kettle containing the boiling food is placed must be clean and sweet. It is best that this cylinder be of granite with cover to match, as such a one retains heat well, will last a long time and is easily cleaned. The kettle in which the food is boiled must be of such a nature as to impart no flavor to the food and should be of material that will not rust.



A home-made fireless cooker, casting about $3.00. Nos. 1 and 2 are pads made of a flour sack, filled with the same material the box is packed with, and used, when cooking, to cover the top of the closed pocket or cylinder.

Food to be cooked in the fireless cooker must be brought to the boiling point and cooked until boiled thoroughly all through. For example: Oat meal, boil five minutes; cracked wheat, boil fifteen minutes; a nine-pound ham, boil one-half hour after reaching the boiling point. Rolled oats should remain in the cooker ten or twelve hours; cracked wheat, sixteen hours or more; the ham fifteen to twenty hours. All food, when taken from the cooker, should be made boiling hot before serving to insure perfect wholesomeness.

Remember, when using the heat-retention cooker, that all foods must be actually boiling when placed in it; and if the food requires more than ten or twelve hours' cooking, it should be removed from the cooker, brought to the boiling point and replaced in the cooker.—Mary L. Bull, Division of Domestic Science, Minnesota Experiment Station.

BROOD MARES FOR PROFIT.

It is now costing the farmer about $90.00 a year to support a horse in Minnesota, according the statistics carefully kept at the Experiment Station. The necessity is apparent for the farmer to get into methods of handling his horses so they will return a profit, in addition to the work they do, "to pay for their board." It has been suggested by the secretary of the Minnesota Stallion Registration Board that the present average farm horses be at once converted into high class brood mares capable of raising a colt annually. The geldings should be sold to people whose business will keep them busy throughout the year and pay their owners a profit. Colts of high class brood mares will sell at the end of the second or third year for a sum sufficient to give the farmer a fair profit on his mare, while her labor will have paid him part of the cost of keeping through the idle season. The farmer needs a horse that will pay him a profit every day in the year.

LAST WISH OF GREAT ARTIST

Dying Request of Great Painter Was for Royal Recognition of His Wife.

The only cloud upon the happiness of Millais was the fact that Lady Millais—Ruskin's divorced wife—could not be received at court. Queen Victoria's prejudices were so strong that she excluded from this honor ever woman who had been divorced, no matter for what cause; and Lady Millais suffered with the rest. Her husband was tormented by this exclusion, which seemed to him unjust.

In his last days, as he lay dying, the princess of Wales—now Queen Alexandra—drove to his house to ask him about his health. He begged that he might see her, and she was escorted to his studio, where he lay upon a couch unable to get up. The princess spoke to him with great cordiality, and finally, when she rose to go, she asked:

"Is there anything whatever that I can do for you, Sir John?"

"Yes," returned the dying man; "there is one thing that your royal highness can perhaps do for me. If you will promise it, I shall die with nothing to afflict my mind."

The princess, somewhat surprised by his earnest tone, gave him the promise that he asked.

"There is only one thing that I wish to ask," said he, "and that is that you will try to have Lady Millais received at court."

The princess, greatly moved, gave her promise; and it was not very long before the widowed woman was invited to a royal drawing room.—Munsey's.

The Worm Will Turn.

Barber—Your hair's very thin, sir.

Long Sufferer—And you've got a hump on your nose, and one of your eyes squints.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.

Anything injurious here? Ask your doctor.
Anything of merit here? Ask your doctor.
Will it stop falling hair? Ask your doctor.
Will it destroy dandruff? Ask your doctor.

Does not Color the Hair

J. C. Ayer Company, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] RED LAKE

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Entered [illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Conservation as a political issue in Minnesota is sadly in the dumps.

Automobiles have found a new use. In Montana the other day one was used to chase down a runaway engine. The automobile evidently is the most rapid means of locomotion we have.

Carnegie is giving away a million a year to public libraries but the fact that his brother died in a California poorhouse the other day emphasizes the fact that he doesn't believe himself his brother's keeper. Andy is [illegible] for more glory.

"[illegible]," says the Owatonna Chronicle Journal, "is a really big man to get out and make a fight to be elected governor, senator, and congressman on the side of real live issue." [illegible] next week, dear brother. John Lind is a real big man, and he will have plenty of real live issue.

The revolt against Chairman Ed. Smith is assuming alarming proportions. From every corner of the state comes the severest criticism from the best Republicans who have hoped that the party might break away from the control of the corporate interests. In this connection those in charge of the Republican campaign should remember Lowell's injunction that "it is not the insurrection of ignorance that is dangerous, but the revolts of intelligence."

A new light is dawning in the educational world. At Boston, where the leading educators in America were gathered in convention, one man, Aley of Indianapolis, blazed a new trail when he declared that "it's time gifted children be given as much care as the defective and inefficient." Taking no notice of the risk that the teacher consist having some particular child pointed to as a "pet," it is worth while to train a genius to a realization of his possibilities more worth while than to bring a deficient child to the height of his capabilities or to the point where he passes to the next higher grade conditionally.

The joke is on the German whose horse had wandered from the stall. Desiring its return he told his troubles to the newspaper man, the German dictating the ad: "Yust put id in vat I told you," replied the man. "Dis vas vat you did say, aind id? One nite de odder day about a week ago last mont I heard me a noise by der front middle of the back yard in front of the house which did not used to be so. So I chumps to bed and runs out der door, und when I am see, I finds dat my pag gray iron mare, he vas tied loose and running mit der stable off. Whoefer prings him pack shall pay me fifty dollars revart. Is it not so?"

The bureau of immigration at Washington claims to have statistics showing that between March 1, 1909 and March 1, 1910, 95,353 Americans crossed the Canadian border, taking with them for investment $95,371,000, and that since March, 1906, ending March 1909, 125,920 Americans crossed the Canadian line for permanent residence, the majority from the middle west. While many have gone the fact is that thousands have returned to the states, and of tradesmen and mechanics the Dominion loses thousands annually because they can earn nearly twice the wages here that they can earn there. Possibly no record is kept of this but it is a known fact.

Mrs. John A. Johnson, who is at present touring Europe as the guest of Mme. Olive Fremstad, the prima donna, may return to America before the end of the month, says the St. Peter Herald. In letters written to friends in St. Paul she intimates that she longs for home, and intends to return soon. Mrs. Johnson saw the production of the Passion play at Oberammergau, June 22nd. She goes to Paris next Sunday, after which she has no plans. She has made several visits to the studio of Andrew O'Connor, the sculptor who is to make the statue of Governor Johnson that is to be placed on the state capitol grounds, and has seen him at work on the model.

WHAT IT COSTS TO LIVE.

The latest report of the department of commerce and labor shows that the cost of living in March of this year was 7.5 per cent higher than in August, 1908 and 10.2 per cent higher than the average prices of 1900.

For the ten years from 1890 to 1899, inclusive, the government experts find an average yearly increase for life's principal necessities. Then they find, by comparison, that the present cost of living is 40.2 per cent higher than the average cost in the decade prior to 1900.

These figures only refer to the wholesale cost of products. On top of these wholesale prices there must be added the retailers increasing profits. In an era of high prices, retailers' profits mount more rapidly than those of the middlemen.

WHY NOT ARSENIC?

What an unspeakable nuisance children are at times! There are those Gould kids, Dorothy and Helen. They are so utterly in the way that one wonders why on earth they were ever born, says the Winona Independent.

The other day, when their mother was attending to the mere incident of getting married, those pesky kids were there and had with them a train of nine detectives. Think of it! Having one's wedding marred by the presence of those coarse persons, gathered to watch the kids. The purpose was to see that the bride and the groom didn't take the youngsters away with them to Europe to the chagrin of their father. "We are here to follow these children wherever they go," one of the detectives admitted. "We are not to let them out of sight. Mr. Gould gave these instructions and we mean to follow them out."

Under the divorce decree granted the former Mrs. Gould she was given custody of the children for the greater part of the time on condition that she would not remarry. Neither parent, however, was to take them more than one hundred miles from New York without the others consent. In event of the mother's marriage again Frank Gould was to have his children the major part of the time. He, too, recently remarried, however, and is now in Europe, and a new agreement will have to be drawn up.

For the life of us, we can't see why a little arsenic wouldn't solve the annoying problem about as quickly as anything. Of what use are the interloping little brats, anyway, except to make trouble for their poor parents?

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Minnesota Mascot: The platform has some elements of disappointment about it. Its utterances on the tariff are hardly representative, that is to say, a representative utterance on the subject would be couched in terms denunciatory of the Payne-Aldrich tariff while the platform of the Minnesota Republicans as far as it deals with the present situation, speaks in terms of praise of one or two features of the tariff bill, features that are to be commended, of course, but, after all, only features. So the platform is not representative of the public sentiment in Minnesota when it comes to the tariff question.

Marshall News-Messenger: There are two administration sources of irritation that Minnesota Republicans wish to be kept out of the present campaign—the Payne-Aldrich tariff measure and the Ballinger burglary attempt in Alaska. It is bad enough for Minnesota Republicans to be forced upon a tariff-straddling platform, without carrying any Washington incumbrances, but the straddle is a trick of our own which we are willing to take chances on.

Madison Independent: The indorsement of the administration of Mr. Taft was tommy rot and everybody nows it. The indorsement of Mr. Tawney, who voted for the rotten Taft tariff law and the balance of the Minnesota delegation, who voted against it, was pure buncombe and means absolutely nothing. If Mr. Tawney was right all the rest of the delegation was wrong. If Mr. Tawney is entitled to praise then the rest of the delegation is entitled to censure. The people of this state do not believe Taft has done right and they do not believe Tawney has done right in the matter of the tariff, and they do not believe that the republican convention did right when it endorsed the actions of these men.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A man's jealousy is his fear of himself.

Money would last forever if it was a fierce pain.

Nobody without some pepper in him is worth his salt.

Owing money is the worst trouble for the man who lent it when he tries to get it back.

There's no way so easy to get fooled as thinking a man who can look you straight in the eye will do other things straight.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Tact is sometimes high-grade flattery.

It's better to kiss a miss than to miss a kiss.

Knock and the world will join in the anvil chorus.

A thick head is apt to generate a multitude of thin ideas.

It's easier to get on in the world than it is to get up in it.

We are still patiently awaiting the advent of wireless politics.

Formerly the people burned witches now they roast politicians.

Occasionally the man with an eagle eye proves to be a human vulture.

Remember, girls, that pinning a $17 hat on a 17 cent head doesn't increase the value of the head.

A crazy person thinks every one else is insane, and love is bind because it imagines everybody else is.

Democratic County Convention.

A Democratic Delegate convention for the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, will be held at Thief River Falls, on Saturday, July, 23, 1910 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day for the purpose of selecting 9 delegates to the Democratic Convention, to be held at the city of Minneapolis, on Thursday, July 28th, 1910, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Clerk of the Supreme Court. Also to designate a resident of said county who shall be recommended to the State convention as a member of the State central committee, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for each 25 votes or major fraction cast for the late Governor John A. Johnson in 1908, and one delegate at large for each precinct.

In accordance with the above apportionment the several precincts of the county will be entitled to the following number of delegates:

Bray	2
Black River	3
Clover Leaf	2
Deer Park	2
Emardville	2
Equality	2
Garnes	2
Gervais	3
Goodrige	1
Highlanding	1
Hickory	1
Kratka	2
Lake Pleasant	2
Lambert	2
Louisville	2
Mayfield	2
Nordon	2
North	2
Numedahl	2
Polk Center	3
Poplar River	3
Red Lake Falls, town	3
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	3
Reiner	1
Sanders	3
Silverton	2
Smiley	2
Star	1
Terrebonne	4
Wyandotte	2
Plummer Village	2
St. Hilaire Village	3
Red Lake Falls City—	
First ward	1
Second ward	3
Third ward	5
Thief River Falls City—	
First ward, 1st precinct	5
First ward, 2nd precinct	5
Second ward	5
Third ward	5
Total number of delegaees	103

The primaries for the election of delegates to the County Convention will be held in the usual voting places of the several precincts on Wednesday, July 20, 1910, from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock P. M.

W. B. FULLER,
Chairman.

FRED BORCHERS,
Secretary.

Proposals Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will convene in special session Friday, August 5th, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the furnishing of all labor and materials, such as digging of a well, furnishing and installation of pump, engine, pipe, air compressor, fittings and valves, for the pumping of water supply for the county court house now under construction in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the county auditor.

Plans may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

Sealed bids will be received up to the hour of 1:00 o'clock p. m., of said day an may be filed with the county auditor.

A certified check payable to the order of A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, must accompany all bids calling for an amount equal at least to 10 per cent of the amount bid.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite open bids.

By order of the Board.
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal) jl1-28

Let Us Smile.

There is no room for sadness when we see a cheery smile.
It always has the same good look—it's never out of style.
It nerves us on to try again when failure makes us blue.
The dimples of encouragement are good for me and you.
It pays a higher interest, for it is merely lent—
It's worth a million dollars and doesn't cost a cent.

A RACE WITH FIRE CARS

A Story of the Civil War

By EDWIN C. TRASK

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association

When one morning just before sunrise we swept down on Turnerville, taking the place by surprise, we found three locomotives and twenty freight cars standing in the railroad yard.

A train was made up, loaded with troops, and I, having been a locomotive engineer, was put in the cab. Before starting the general said to me:

"Sergeant, the success of this expedition depends upon you. Colonel Parker is in command, but has nothing to do with running the train. That's in your hands. As soon as the Confederates know we're here they'll send a force to cut us off. But they'll need the bridge at B., and I want you to get these men there before daylight in the morning to burn it. But you must keep a sharp lookout for snags. The citizens on the line you will pass over are all hostile, and they'll strain every nerve to wreck your train. Remember, not only the lives of the men in these cars, but the safety of the whole command depends upon you."

The first ten miles we did by daylight. Then it grew dark, and I had nothing to see by but the lantern, which lit the track dimly. My head was thrust far out the cab window, and my hand was on the throttle. Twice I stopped her within a few feet of a tie wedged in between a rail and the ties, and once I bumped a tree that had been felled across the track, having not quite stopped before reaching it. On an elevation I struck a junction and a lot of people standing about staring at us as we passed. I didn't like their looks. But the telegraph wires had been cut, and I didn't see how they could send word ahead. There were half a dozen freight cars on a sidetrack, but no locomotive.

Soon after leaving the junction I shut off steam and let her roll down the long declivity. I was nearly at the foot on a short upward grade when I had a break—the engine was only fit for a junk heap—and spent half an hour at a standstill while I patched it. As I remounted the cab Corporal Bob Jenkins, who was acting as fireman, pointed up the hill with a look of horror. I saw a bright light, and a moment later a short string of freight cars shot from out a cut. I knew at once what it meant. The citizens at the junction had started the cars I had seen on the sidetrack, first having set them afire, with the hope that they would smash us on catching us and if there was anything left of our train burn it. I jumped into the cab and pulled the throttle.

The grade behind us wasn't less than 30 degrees, and the fire train was coming like lightning. I had a few train lengths to go on nearly a level, then a straightaway track on a slight decline. The fire train was coming at a rate of a mile in forty-five seconds, and the best my old wheezer could do was a mile in two minutes. If I couldn't haul away far enough before the cars behind reached a place where they would lose momentum they would ruin us.

Then began the race of my life. I could have stopped, let the men out of the cars and permitted the smashup, but the bridge wouldn't be burned and our force at Turnerville would be cut off. I remembered the pressure of the hand the general had given me, and I tightly grasped the throttle, resolved to get away from those fire cars or get wrecked.

I held my eyes front, while Bob Jenkins kept me posted on the fire cars. "They're gaining on us mighty fast!" "Only a mile away!" "They'll catch us sure!" "They're coming like a streak of lightning!" These were the unassuring words Bob gave me while my locomotive puffed and sputtered and dragged along at what seemed to us a snail's pace.

Then suddenly turning a curve I saw a light ahead. Great heavens! Were we to have fire both in front and behind us? Running on a straight track, I saw men kindling a small bridge. They had got the fire well going, but I didn't believe they had burned the stringers sufficiently to let us down. At any rate, I determined to risk it. Leaving on full speed—I couldn't put on any more—I dashed into the flames. My locomotive crossed safely, and I was congratulating myself that the train was all over when I felt a shock. We went a short distance and stopped.

The bridge had gone down under the last two cars. Several men were badly injured, but no one killed. All were got out before the fire cars plunged in on the wreck and stopped there to mingle their burning with that of the other material.

The men of the last two cars got into those cars that had crossed, carrying the wounded. I mounted my engine, and we steamed on for the rest of the night, reaching the bridge at B. just before dawn. My work was done. I leaned out of the cab window, watching the men carry the wood and petroleum and distribute them along the structure. Then suddenly there was a flash, and from one end to the other all was aflame. I never looked at destruction before with such comfort and delight.

When I got back to camp I got a warm pressure of the hand from the general, and it was not long before, through his influence, I was given a commission. But the best work I did in the war was the flight before those fire cars.

The Glad Ring.

The ideal state of love will never come to pass until the wooer can use the glad ring in his voice and save the price of a diamond toward provisions for the first year in a flat.—Spokane (Wash.) Spokesman-Review.

Reading without purpose is sauntering, not exercise. More is got from one book on which the thought settles for definite end in knowledge than from libraries skimmed over by a wandering eye. A cottage flower gives honey to the bee, a king's garden none to the butterfly.—Lord Lytton.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, pursuant to chapter seven (7), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, a petition was filed with the Secretary of State on the 12th day of May, 1909, praying for the creation of a new county out of the territory now lying in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known as Pennington county, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, according to the United States Government survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) west to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the south[illegible] corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one-hundred fifty-three (153) and one-hundred fifty-four (154) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of Marshall county as the same now exists, thence running west along the southern boundary line of said Marshall county to a point where said boundary line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian, the said point being the northwest corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The said territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) in townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty (40), forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44) and forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian and all of townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) and one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian and also all that part of township one-hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian lying and being within said Red Lake county as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls located on sections twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) in township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian.

The names and places of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county, are as follows:

Peter C. Wold, residing on lots one (1) and two (2) and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen (19), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

[illegible] residing on the northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-one (41) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Ed A. Jobol, residing on lots three (3) and six (6) in section twenty-nine (29) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian in said proposed new county.

[illegible] Shaw, residing in the City of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county.

Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight (8) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Whereas, the said petition represents and avers that the said hereinbefore territory comprises more than four hundred square miles, and contains more than two thousand inhabitants and that the remaining area of Red Lake County after deducting the territory hereinbefore described, will comprise more than four hundred square miles and contain more than two thousand inhabitants; and

Whereas, the said petition has been duly considered and found and certified to us conforming in all respects to the provisions of law;

Now, therefore, I, Adolph O. Eberhart, governor of the state of Minnesota, pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, do hereby direct and proclaim that the question of the creation of the proposed new county of Pennington be submitted to the voters of said Red Lake County at the next general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1910.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereto affixed, at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, this twelfth day of May, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
(Seal) Governor.
Attest: JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

It Didn't Work.

A man who lives far uptown in New York is not sure whether the joke is on him or on his wife. Here is how he tells it:

"One night last week I thought I heard some one prowling about the house, and as there have been a number of houses broken into lately I concluded that the noise was made by burglars. As I sat up in bed listening I chanced to glance into the next room, the door of our bedroom being open, and there, sure enough, stood a burglar coolly gathering our silver plate. With this startling discovery came the chilling thought that I hadn't such a thing as a firearm in the house. But I determined to see what bluff would do so, turning to my wife, I said in a loud voice:

"'Mary, where's my revolver?'

"'John,' she answered in a voice equally as loud, 'there isn't such a thing in the house, and you know it.'

"After that I closed and locked the door and blew a police whistle."

The Real Scrap.

Two muscular individuals were hammering at each other in the ring.

"Horrible!" ejaculated a tender hearted spectator.

"Horrible nothing," said a regular patron. "If you want to see a real scrap get next to them when they divide the purse."—Philadelphia Ledger.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

AN ABSOLUTELY PURE FLOUR

MASCOT

"It's all the wheat that's fit to eat."

Sold by enterprising grocers anywhere.

Always uniform and always pure.

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for **HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC.** Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers.
ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, - - - MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured. Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agencies.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

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Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

EXTENSION BULLETIN.

June 1 to September 30, low round trip summer tourist fares to eastern Canada, New York and New England. Optional routes.

June 3 to July 30. Every Friday low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 22. Last of the popular spring excursions to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

June 29 to July 3. Annual convention National Educational Association, at Boston, Mass. Optional routes.

July 2, 3, and 4. Low rates for Independent Day.

July 6 to 10. National convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 24. Annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que. and return. Usual low fares.

Sept. 2 to 9. Eucharistic Congress Montreal.

Watch for announcement of other excursions. For particulars apply to A. J. Perrin, General Agent, 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. } District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. W. [illegible], Plaintiff,

vs.

[illegible] Defendants.

Summons.

[illegible]

Notice of Lis Pendens.

[illegible]

Notice of Filing of and Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition of which the following is a true copy has been filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, and that a hearing will be had upon said petition before the county board at the office of the county auditor of said county, in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of August A. D. 1910, at 1 o'clock p. m. Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., this [illegible] day of June, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

(County Auditor's Seal)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH

To the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned landowners whose lands will be liable to be affected by, or assessed for the expense of the construction of the Ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare and the reclamation of wet and overflowed lands require the establishment and construction of a ditch along the following described route in the town of Silverton in said County of Red Lake and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility. A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said ditch is as follows: Commencing at the North East corner of section thirty three (33) in township one hundred fifty four (154) north of range forty-two (42) west, thence running west along the section line between sections twenty eight (28) and thirty three (33), twenty nine (29) and thirty two (32) and between sections thirty (30) and thirty one (31) all in said township one hundred fifty four (154) North of Range forty two (42) West, and terminating at the County Ditch No. 33 on the range line between townships one hundred fifty four (154), Range forty [illegible] and township one hundred [illegible] Range forty three (43) [illegible] being County ditch No. [illegible] in said Red Lake Co.

And your petitioners pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter two hundred thirty (230) of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

Dated June 27th, 1910.

Ole Gunnulson,
Peter Gunnulson,
Gustav Gunnulson,
Hans Gunnulson,
Hans Gunnulson,
D. P. O'Neill j7-14

Order to Show Cause on Filing Petition to Sell Land.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court.

[illegible]

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Judge of Probate.

No Assistance Needed.

As the train neared the city the colored porter approached the jovial faced gentleman saying with a smile:

"Shall Ah brush yo' off, sah?"

"No," he replied. "I prefer to get off in the usual manner."—Princeton Tiger.

Willing to Oblige.

"If your hair was bronze I could write a poem to it," declares the long haired youth.

"I'll have it dyed," offers the fair young thing eagerly.—Judge.

TIMIDITY OF LOVE

A Veteran of the Civil War Quails Before a Woman

By ARNOLD BROWN

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

It was April —, 1861. The —th regiment was ordered to march the next day to the defense of Washington. A reception was to be held the evening before departure in the armory, at which mothers, wives, sisters and sweethearts could bid adieu to their loved ones, some of whom might not return. During the afternoon previous to the reception young Norman Egerton, second lieutenant of G company, sat at a desk in his comfortable room writing. This is what he wrote:

> I have delayed to speak, fearing to be repulsed, but now at the last moment I must tell you that I love you better than my life, everything but my duty. May I hope at I return that I [illegible] claim you? If [illegible] wear [illegible] of these flowers bought [illegible]

The words, such as a boy would write who is [illegible] into what he was doing, were intended for Miss Mabel Harding, even younger than himself. They were written on a bit of thin paper, which he folded into a small compass, and, taking up a bouquet that lay beside him, he thrust his missive into its center, covering it with the flowers as if fearful the girl would find it. Calling a servant, he directed him to carry the flowers to their destination and report to him that they had been received by the young lady. Then he waited the hour till the report had been made.

That night at the armory he watched eagerly for the signal. Presently he saw Miss Harding walking toward him on the arm of a man whom he had feared as a rival. She wore no flowers. The young officer, like many a man in his first fight, quailed. He left the hall and did not return to it.

Egerton proved the reverse in war of what he was in love. He returned with an empty sleeve and a colonel's commission, with brevet rank of brigadier general. But he had no sooner reached home than his lover's cowardice got the better of him. Sensitive to a high degree, he dreaded meeting the girl who had refused him, his dread being enhanced by the absence of his right arm. A mutilated man nurses his misfortune, and it is doubtful if any soldier is proud of the loss of a limb. The general rankled at his maiming, for he considered that it removed him further, if that could be, from the woman he still loved. To escape a meeting with her as soon as he was mustered out of the service he made a tour abroad. But this only deferred the meeting, and at last he summoned courage and went back to the city where they both lived.

On the street one day he saw her coming. If he continued to advance he would meet her face to face. He looked about him, as he had seen many a man do on the field of battle, for cover. An alley was near. It was a narrow, mean looking lane, but he dashed into it. It led nowhere, and he found himself in a pocket flanked by the rear of small shops. He stood trembling till he knew that his enemy must have passed, then slunk out of it and pursued his way.

A few days later he received a fright that took away his breath. It was an invitation to an evening function given at Miss Harding's home. Fortunately the date of the affair was some days away. He resolved a dozen times to "regret" to go, but, having time to get up a little courage at the last moment, sent an acceptance. It had no sooner been dispatched than he wished to recall it. But it was too late.

On the appointed date he got into evening dress, pinned up his empty sleeve, heaving a deep sigh as he did so, and went to the house. Half an hour in the robing room was necessary to give him the requisite courage to go below. The hosts were drawn up to receive their guests, to Egerton appearing like an opposing line of battle to a raw recruit. He approached, saluted and, seeing a look of embarrassment on Miss Harding's face, as soon as the ceremony was over beat a precipitate retreat.

Later he was stalking about, wondering if sufficient time would ever pass to enable him to depart with propriety, when he felt a hand slipped on his arm and, turning, saw the girl who had refused him.

"General," she said, while her eyes on the floor, "why did you not come to see me after your return from the war?"

"I—why—I went abroad."

"Then why not since your return?"

There was a warm hand on his left arm that imparted courage to his heart.

"I—didn't suppose—that you wished to see me."

"Why not?"

There was a pause before the reply. It came at last. "Do you remember that I sent you a bouquet of flowers before the reception given the evening previous to our departure?"

"I do."

"And the scrap of paper in it?"

"The scrap of paper?"

"Yes."

She had led him into a corner where no one but themselves was present.

"Wait here," she said.

Darting away, she ran upstairs and returned with a withered bouquet. Diving into it, she withdrew his note written six years before and, opening it, read for the first time his message. Then, taking all that was left of a rose, the stem, she inserted it in her corsage.

Valuable Aid to Rural Teachers.

County superintendents and principals of schools will soon be called upon to introduce industrial training, agriculture, domestic art and domestic science into rural schools. They will find valuable help by attending the short course for teachers at University Farm, for six weeks from June 20. Insight into the subjects now demanding attention of school men and women will be given. They will then be able to introduce the subjects and supervise instruction in those subjects with confidence and intelligence.

THIN MILK

How can the baby grow strong if the nursing mother is pale and delicate?

Scott's Emulsion

makes the mother strong and well; increases and enriches the baby's food. All Druggists

LAMBERT.

Mrs. Peter Moranville from Terrebonne attended Mr. J. Leblanc's funeral Tuesday.

Miss Rose Dery returned to her home Tuesday after a few days sewing at the McIntosh hotel.

Laura Robidoux is working at the Joe Carrier home for a few days.

Edward Lessor has completed his new barn.

Osias Fafardeau is employed at the Semon Boucher home.

A crowd of young folks went to the new railroad Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Robidoux visited Sunday at N. Boucher's.

Several Red Lake Falls men were in Lambert Monday.

Mr. Joseph Leblanc died suddenly Saturday evening at his home.

Joseph Bergeron went to McIntosh Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bachand were guests at Xavier Boucher's home Sunday evening.

Miss Bella Bachand left last Wednesday for a few weeks visit in Chivalry, N. D.

Mr. and Mrs. Antoine Boucher were visitors in Thief River Falls last week.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Proposals Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will convene in special session Friday, August 5th, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the furnishing of all labor and materials required in the erection and finishing of the electric wiring of the county court house now under construction in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the county auditor.

Plans may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

Sealed bids will be received up to the hour of 1:00 o'clock p. m., of said day and may be filed with the county auditor.

A certified check, payable to the order of A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, must accompany all bids calling for an amount equal at least to 10 per cent of the amount of the bid.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite open bids.

By order of the Board.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex Officio Clerk of the Board.

(County Auditor's Seal) j14-28

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION—LIQUOR LICENSE

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that Alphonse Paquin has petitioned the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for license to sell intoxicating liquors in a certain one story frame building 20 by 30 feet situated at a point about 200 feet west of the north east corner of the north west quarter of section 15, Township 150, north of Range 41, west of the 5th P. M., Township of Lambert, Red Lake County Minnesota.

This application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of the same will be heard and determined by said board of county commissioners, at their special meeting of the county board at 3 o'clock p. m., on August 5th, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.

Dated July 7th, 1910.
(County Auditor's Seal) j14-28

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } DISTRICT COURT

George Pfall, Plaintiff,

against

Edward J. Garceau, Defendant.

Notice is Hereby Given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake upon a judgement rendered in said court in favor of George Pfall and against Edward J. Garceau, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to-wit: The Southeast quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty-two (22), in Township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) North, Range forty-three (43) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota. And that I shall, on Saturday the 27th day of August A. D. 1910, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the front door of the County Auditor's Office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Edward J. Garceau, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgement and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Three Dollars and Thirty seven Cents, together with all accruing costs of sale and interest on the same from the 28th day of June, 1910, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

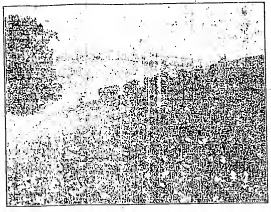
Fred L. Farley,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Dated, Red Lake Falls, Minn. July 13th, 1910.
j14-a18

How to Supply Pasture for Cows.

D. A. Gaumnitz, Division of Animal Husbandry, Minnesota Experiment Station.

There is probably no phase of farm industry more neglected than that which has to do with supplying pasture for cattle. They are fed in the yards on dry hay when fresh grass is more palatable, more digestible, more nutritious and cheaper, the necessary fencing included, than hay.

Where lands are cheap it may pay to use wild pasture; but pastures in the wood lot, particularly where the trees are thick, are only about half as productive, and, consequently, only half as efficient, as cultivated pastures.


Cows feeding in rape and clover. Seed was sown with grain crop in spring and made excellent fall pasture at very little expense.

While lands that lie low, as along creek bottoms, are from one-half to twice as productive as lands that lie high and dry, yet high, or prairie, lands are greatly to be preferred to wet, swampy tracts. A low, reasonably dry piece of land is the ideal one for pasture.

Pasture lands that cannot be brought under cultivation may well be sown to Kentucky blue grass. In pastures that are under rotation this grass is too slow to start, requiring a couple of years to become well seeded.

A good mixture for land along creek bottoms would be, per acre:

Blue grass, one pound.
Timothy, six pounds.
Bromus, four pounds.
Red top, three pounds.

Where crop rotation is practiced pasture will come into the rotation. Probably the best mixture for this purpose would be red clover and timothy, about three pounds to seven pounds of red clover and nine pounds to fourteen pounds of timothy per acre; or red clover and bromus, in which case about five pounds of red clover and ten to fifteen pounds of bromus are sown per acre.

Annual pastures are not practicable for cattle, at least in the sense in which they are used for sheep. Corn which is grown to maturity, rape which has been grown with a grain, makes a very good pasture for cattle, but only under the conditions mentioned.

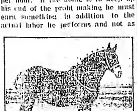
The greatest total amount of pasture can be gotten by permitting the grass to get a fair start before turning cattle upon it. When cropped too closely, the grass which the cattle get is too watery and does not contain enough nutrients. On the other hand, grass which is allowed to get too matured is woody and unpalatable, and it of course soon ceases growing entirely and goes to seed, thus lessening the amount of pasture possible. Spots where cattle leave the grass should be mown down to insure continued growth. The most satisfactory system of pasturing is where the pasture is divided into two parts and these parts pastured alternately. By following this system there is little chance of the grass going to seed, and all of the grass is eaten down more uniformly than when the cattle have access to the entire lot.

Every man should aim to have plenty of pasture so that the cattle will grow fat on a very cheap feed. It is much more profitable to do the fattening on these cheap feeds than to do it in the winter with expensive grains and roughages.

THE FARM HORSE.

If Properly Managed He Will Add to Profits of Owner.

Farmers who have made a careful study of farm economics have discovered that the horse, as ordinarily kept and managed, is one of the most expensive farm laborers. If properly managed the farm horse may be made to pay his way and add to the profits of the farm. Statistics compiled by the Minnesota Experiment Station through the years from 1901 to 1907, inclusive, show that in the southeastern part of the state it costs $90.39 per year to maintain the average farm horse and that in return the horse is doing, on an average, 977 hours of work per year. His labor is costing the farmer 9.2 cents per hour. In the northwestern part of the state it costs $75.05 to maintain a horse and in return he is doing 1,025 hours' work per year. His work is costing 7.1 cents per hour. If the horse is to keep up his end of the profit making he must earn something in addition to the actual labor he performs and not as


A good type of farm horse.

now, on most farms, stand idle the greater part of the year.

A logical solution of the problem seems to be to convert the present horse stock into high class draft brood mares, capable of producing good foals annually in addition to the work done in the harness. The geldings, now spending so much idle time on the farm, should be working where they can bring greater annual returns to their owners, who can make use of them constantly. Brood mares, with ordinary care, would do the work on the average farm in addition to raising a colt that would, at the end of the second or third year, sell for a good price. The farmer would then realize a profit from the mare's labor.

A horse depreciates in value rapidly after passing a certain age and some farmers, realizing that depreciation detracts directly from their profits, are doing farm work with young horses that are increasing in value while laboring.

The farm is an excellent place to develop a young horse. It is a poor place to make a profit with a horse that is giving nothing but labor in return for his feed and care. Brood mares will be found valuable in the mortgage lifting enterprise.—J. S. Montgomery, Secretary Stallion Registration Board at Minnesota Experiment Station.

THE OLD HEN AND CHICKENS

Cleanliness, Good Food and Regular Care Imperative.

Through her efforts to lay and reproduce her species, the hen, in the spring and summer, cheapens her product, enabling mankind to procure fresher and cheaper eggs than is usual in winter. Hens are not to be charged with producing poor eggs, for their owner is always at fault when the egg is not standard in quality.

Cleanliness, good food, regular care, with protection from weather and natural enemies, cannot be too emphatically emphasized. Cleanliness must be practiced in the hennery, in the yards, in the brooders and in the feed. White diarrhoea may be introduced by slight neglect to keep things clean about the yards, drinking and feeding utensils, etc. When the disease is once present its ravages are extremely fatal.

Poultry should not be fed mouldy or musty grain. Young chicks may first be fed when thirty-six hours old. Hard boiled eggs, which have been tested on the seventh day of incubation and found infertile, mixed with bread crumbs, may be fed the first week. If moistened with sweet skimmed milk and squeezed dry this food will be greatly relished by young chicks, and no harm will result if they are fed in clean dishes. When chicks are a week or ten days old these feeds may be followed with finely cracked grains. Rolled or pinhead oats may also be fed at this time. Pure water and grit should at all times be supplied in abundance. Green food is important and should be supplied, especially when chickens or old birds are kept in confinement, by chopping mangles, potatoes, clover, etc. A green sod placed in the pen will be enjoyed by the chickens. Exercise may be insured by the use of straw or chaff.

Never allow the young flocks to go over a feeding time without food. Bad results are apt to follow. Keeping a supply of food where it can be fed liberally five times a day for the first three or four weeks, and afterward four times a day, is practiced at the Minnesota Experiment Station at St. Anthony Park until the flock is at least half grown.

When a chick is seen in a crouching position, wings drooping, eyes closed, isolate it from the flock. Kill and bury it rather than permit it to run with the flock.—Dwight Lane, Minnesota Experiment Station.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins, Fargo, N. D.

Minnesota Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company

Be not deceived. This Company has a State License.

¶ It has gained much for mutual insurance. Over $7,000,000.00 in force all in Minnesota. NO LIABILITIES. Oldest mutual in state. Always lowest assessment. Writes cyclone and hail. Send for booklet giving every detail of work done and losses paid. Agents wanted in every township. *MOTTO:—Liberal adjustment and prompt payment of losses.*

502 Bank of Commerce Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court.

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward M [illegible], Decedent.

The petition of John Mandes as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate, having been filed in this court, representing, among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court, and that the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto.

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard, and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing, and in the said matter and that citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said County according to law.

Dated June [illegible], 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

(Court Seal)

Order for Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } In Probate Court.

Order of Hearing on Petition for Adjustment of Final Account and for Final Decree of Distribution.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Montreuil, Decedent.

The petition of William Montreuil as representative of the above named decedent, together with his final account of the administration of said estate having been filed in this court, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that said final account of said administration be examined, adjusted and allowed by the court and that the court make and enter its final decree of distribution of the residue of the estate of said decedent to the persons entitled thereto.

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard and said final account examined, adjusted and allowed, by the court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the second day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., and that the citation of this court issue to all persons interested in said hearing and in the said matter, and that such citation be served by the publication thereof in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of said county according to law.

Dated July 6th, 1910.

By the Court,
IRA C. RICHARDSON
Probate Judge.

(Seal)
j7-21

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and no/100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Larson, [illegible]

Dated July [illegible], A. D. 1910.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF RED LAKE FALLS,
Mortgagee.

Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Mrs. Goode—Begging again? Why, you didn't eat that piece of steak I gave you.

The Hobo—I didn't ask you for work, ma'am. What I wanted was something to eat.

Transparent Rhubarb.

To be made day before using. Cut rhubarb into pieces one-half inch long. Spread on plates and sprinkle with sugar, allowing one-half cupful of sugar to each cupful of fruit. Let all stand overnight. In the morning pour off the juice and boil for ten minutes, drop in the rhubarb, a small portion at a time, and cook until tender. Remove from the sirup as soon as done to preserve its shape. Put in a pretty dish.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY MONTREAL, CANADA
Over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN RAY'S BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office in Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. [illegible]

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome. Wm. Findeisen, N. G., F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Bizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S., H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. J. Trottier, Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses or dissipation, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3861 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

In an Opera.

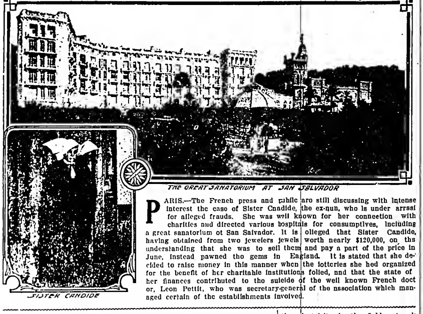
"I can never, never, never be yours," caroled the maid.

"Why not, why not, why not?" warbled the man.

"Because I am a soprano and you are not a ten—o—or."

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CHARITY SCANDAL CAUSES SENSATION IN FRANCE



THE GREAT SANATORIUM AT SAN SALVADOR

SISTER CANDIDE

PARIS.—The French press and public are still discussing with intense interest the case of Sister Candide, the ex-nun, who is under arrest for alleged frauds. She was well known for her connection with charities and directed various hospitals for consumptives, including a great sanatorium at San Salvador. It is alleged that Sister Candide, having obtained from two jewelers jewels worth nearly $120,000, on the understanding that she was to sell them and pay a part of the price in June, instead pawned the gems in England. It is stated that she decided to raise money in this manner when the lotteries she had organized for the benefit of her charitable institutions failed, and that the state of her finances contributed to the suicide of the well known French doctor, Leon Pettit, who was secretary-general of the association which managed certain of the establishments involved.

ASSIST CROP YIELD

Sir Oliver Lodge's Plan of Utilizing Electricity.

Says Small Dynamo Attached to Farm Will Work Wonders in Increasing Output—Practical Auxiliary of Husbandry.

London.—In spite of the obstinate conservatism of the average farmer, much has been done to carry out Sir Oliver Lodge's plan of utilizing electricity for reinforcing the fertility of plants.

Watched as a business proposition, Sir Oliver Lodge's system has justified itself, and what was tentative and experimental is now being taken up on commercial lines as a practical auxiliary of husbandry.

Lionel Lodge, who has control of this department of Sir Oliver's work, has explained the developments of the last year or two and the hope they afford of further progress.

"Have you ever noticed what a remarkable impulse is given to the growth of crops by a thunderstorm?" asked Mr. Lodge. "That is the effect of the strongly charged atmosphere, and our object is to supply a similar stimulus systematically.

"The growth and development of plants in the arctic regions compares favorably with that in southern countries, and yet their summer is very short, and the sun's rays have to travel in such an oblique direction that much of their heating power is lost. Why is it, therefore, that the plants flourish? The explanation lies in the strong electrical currents which are passing from the air to the earth, the effect of which can be seen in the Aurora Borealis.

"The electric current can be generated either by a small dynamo or from the nearest supply company's mains, and by means of a transformer it is raised to the high pressure required (about 100,000 volts). The current from the transformer is more or less alternating; that is, it is not a steady current in one direction, but oscillating first in one direction and then in the opposite. For convenience we call the current in one direction positive and in the other negative. It is the positive current that we discharge from the network of wires above the plants. Under special conditions—as where there is an excess of natural electricity—it might be advisable to use the negative, but alternating current would be of no use.

"To sort out the positive and negative currents from the transformer valves specially invented for the purpose by Sir Oliver are used. Working exactly like the valves in an ordinary pump, they allow the current to flow in one direction only, and prevent its getting back; they thus store the electricity in the field network from which it 'fizzes' off to the plants below.

"This field network consists of fine iron wire, the wires being spread about ten yards apart and eighteen feet or so above the ground. The wires are so fine that it is difficult to see them even when standing immediately below them.

"The action that the electrical discharge has on the plants, Sir Oliver suggests, may be considered as artificial sunshine, and as in no way taking the place of fertilizer. The richer the soil the larger the increase that may be expected. With more plants, on average soil, the electrified area may be expected to yield 30 per cent more than the non-electrified. If a higher increase than this is obtained we consider the results good and if lower poor. On rich soil very much larger percentages have been obtained. The power required is quite small, and many of the installations at present working are in unskilled hands."

Fortune for a Feast

Modern Food Fads Recall Expensive Palates in Earlier Days—Minced Cat, Stewed Rats and Dog's Liver Served in Paris.

London.—The food fads, about which so many members of society have gone almost crazy, recall the food fads—quite different in their essence—of olden days. From time immemorial wealthy epicures have not hesitated to spend large sums on single meals for themselves and a select and limited number of friends.

For instance, there are on record some nice little repasts indulged in by the Roman gourmands. Aelius Verus gave a banquet to a dozen guests, which must have been a sight for gods and men, seeing that it cost if reckoned in American money, more than $240,000. The Emperor Vitellius once entertained his brother Lucius to a dainty "snack" which ran away with something like $200,000. This latter feast could not have been a meager affair when it is considered that among the courses were 2,000 different sorts of fish and 7,000 varieties of fowl.

It is said that the equivalent of something like $40,000,000 was spent by Apicius Coelius during his lifetime, merely in continual tickling of the palate. He committed suicide when his extravagance in eating and drinking and in other directions had reduced his income to about $400,000 a year, a sum on which he imagined he could not be happy.

In modern times the art of feeding has been by no means neglected; but who would care to sit down to a banquet such as that organized by Geoffrey St. Hilaire during the siege of Paris? After swallowing a consomme de cheval da millet the company partook of minced cat, stewed rats, grilled dog's liver and plum pudding.

The feast seems to have been a great success, for it is on record that "the soup was perfect, the dog's liver tasted like sheep's kidneys, the minced cat resembled veal, the rat stew was very good and reminded the guests of boiled chicken."

Rats, by the way, are described as an exquisite form of nourishment, which is an obiter dictum to which many have agreed, notably a famous naturalist, the late Frank Buckland. He used to swear by roast alligator, which he declared was more succulent even than boiled boa constrictor, one of his most prized dishes, and this in turn he preferred to the finest veal.

Crows Eat Fish Bait.

Covington, La.—Crows have invaded a hitherto uninvaded field. The field is liquid, and crows are carnivorous, according to reports from many fishermen in this section. Crab fishermen, it is declared, along the shores of Lake Pontchartrain have left their baited lines only to find on their return empty hooks. Several fishermen standing guard in an effort to discover the secret of the unbaited hooks witnessed the raising of the lines and the devouring of the bait by crows. They have borrowed scare-crows from cornfields and placed them on the water.

Books Lincoln Would Select.

Chicago.—President Gunsaulus of Armour Institute in an address, said if Lincoln could be reached and asked what books should be placed in the new Harper library he would say Shakespeare, the Bible, Pilgrims' Progress, the Constitution of the United States and the Life of Washington.

Panama is Mosquito Proof

Canal Zone Is Now Healthier Than New York City, Declares Health Officer Pierce.

New York.—Stating his belief that the Panama canal would be completed in 1913, a year and a half ahead of the schedule time, Dr. C. C. Pierce, a health officer in the Canal zone, arrived here the other day.

"The greatest advance during the six and a half years I've been there," he said, "was in the extermination of mosquitoes. We have filled innumerable swamps, drained off standing water and even filled the gutters from housetops.

"Panama is a healthier place than New York city today, because authority to carry through reforms is vested in the Isthmian Canal commission and must be obeyed. If you attempted to make this city mosquito-proof and ordered a New Yorker to take down his gutters, you would first have to get an order from a court and he in turn would obtain an injunction. In the Canal zone what the authorities say goes without question."

The doctors could not understand why the wound should pain, and made a further examination of the leg, with the result of locating the nail. When the nail was extracted it was bent and in a blackened condition. The physicians who performed the operation say that now, as the nail has been removed, there is little possibility of any further trouble from the wound.

Mail by Airship Line.

Washington. — The carrying of United States mail by airship or aeroplane may be the next step in aerial navigation.

Representative Sheppard, of Texas, has introduced a resolution "authorizing and directing the postmaster general to investigate the practicability and cost of an aeroplane or airship mail route between the city of Washington and some other point or points suitable for experiment."

Trout Gets Revenge on "Jonah" Eel.

Winsted, Conn.—Harry Hall of Newington had an unusual experience on a trout fishing expedition to Talcott Mountain. A "Jonah" eel had partly swallowed a large trout, which, when it realized its danger, grabbed Hall's hook. Hall got both eel and trout, the former refusing to let go its catch.

Mayor Gets Small Salary.

Pontiac, Ill.—The mayor of Hoopeston has just received a check for 50 cents, his salary for the municipal year just ended. The aldermen's checks called for 25 cents each.

$23,080 FOR CARE OF ZOO

Few of Items in Bills Presented to London Zoological Society for Feeding of Animals.

London.—An insight into what it costs to feed all the inhabitants at the zoo is given by the report presented at the annual meeting of the Zoological society. Here are just a few of the items in the year's food bill:

Hay, $2,650; green food, $580; grain and seed, $1,300; fish, $2,250; clover, $2,400; oats, $1,600; fruit, $2,920; fowls' heads, $385.

The total cost of the commissariat for the year was $23,080. Among the quantities of foodstuffs consumed were: Plaice, 12,207 pounds; monkey nuts, 4,500 pounds; horses, 212; eggs, 40,054; goats, 150; grapes, 4,600 pounds; oranges, 14,897; fowls' heads, 37,967; milk, 6,695 quarts.

Engage Another.

"Will promote beauty," say the headlines. Evidently another stenographer is to be married.—Charleston News and Courier.

Praise for Little Spider

Interesting Story Contributed by Writer, Greatly Struck by Intelligence of Insect.

London.—An interesting article is contributed to the Scotsman by a writer who has been studying the life and habits of the spider and who has been greatly struck by its intelligence.

"Of all the solitary insects I have ever seen," he says, "the spider is the most sagacious, and its actions, to one who has attentively considered them, seem almost to excel belief. The spider is formed by nature for a state of war not only on other insects, but on its fellows. For this state nature seems perfectly well to have formed it with singular perfection.

"Its head and breast are covered with a strong natural coat of mail, which is impenetrable to the attempts of every other insect; and its lower parts are enveloped in a soft, pliant skin which eludes the sting even of a wasp. Its legs are terminated by strong claws, not unlike those of a lobster, and their vast length, like spears, serves to keep every assailant at a safe distance. Not worse furnished for observation than for attack and defense, it has several eyes, large and transparent."

Pauperism in England.

London.—Pauperism in England, according to statistics just issued, has fallen to the ratio of 1904, but the total number of paupers, 789,008, was exceeded only in 1909 and 1908. London had 121,749, a fall of 1,500. This means twenty-five paupers per 1,000 people in London.

Later Particulars.

Macduff was laying on lustily. "I don't allow any man to swear at me!" he exclaimed. For at that time there had been no court decision to the effect that the word used by Macbeth was not profane.

STORING PLANT FOOD FOR PRODUCING ENERGY

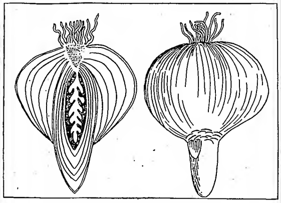
Place and Manner of Storage Differ in Composition to Starch or Some Proteid Compounds—Century Plant Popular.

"After the plant's food has been made in the green leaves, what is done with it?" This is the natural question which students of plant life ask themselves. Careful investigation shows that some is variously changed and used in the leaves themselves, some is carried to other parts of the plant where it is needed for the production of energy and the building up of new cells, and the surplus is stored away for the future needs of the plants. The place and manner of storage differ widely in different plants. Sometimes the surplus is accumulated in the form of various sugars, very often as starch and less frequently as mucilage similar in composition to starch or some proteid compounds.

There are difficulties encountered in storing this surplus food just where it is made. It may so obstruct the cells of the leaf that food making is hindered and leaves are usually rather small so they can contain only a small reserve. Besides many plants retain their leaves for a few months only, when they fall to the ground to be replaced by others when another growing season arrives, hence reservoirs of food are usually larger and more permanent organs. Small amounts of starch and sugar are usually kept in leaves for a short time and this is more particularly true of thick fleshy leaves that persist for many months or even years. The best known instances are seen in bulbous plants, where the storage organs are the thick leaf bases that surround a bit of stem in the center. A hyacinth bulb, a globular mass of leaves, reveals when cut through the center a miniature cluster of flower buds in the center. Place the bulb in a glass of water and, using the food stored in the leaves, the buds will expand into beautiful flowers.

An excellent example of thick leaves producing a food storehouse is found in the American century plant, Agave Americana, found most abundantly in the warm regions of southern United States and the drier parts of Mexico and Central America. As public parks and greenhouses have been multiplied, century plants have become familiar objects in many parts of the country. Found in hot dry countries they have successfully solved the problem of obtaining plenty of sunlight without exposing too much leaf surface to the drying winds of the desert. Their leaves are long and thick, arranged in a loose rosette and covered with an exceedingly thick epidermis. In these thick leaves large quantities of sugar and mucilage are stored.

Century plants are long-lived but seldom reach the hundred years that their names would suggest. The early years of their life are devoted to the task of making and storing an accumulation of food to be expended in the spectacular closing year of their existence. In the warm climate of Mexico and Central America, this task is accomplished in 10 to 30 years, but in the cooler regions farther north it may require 40 to 60 years. Finally a large rosette of leaves forms a storehouse filled to the full and ready to furnish the supplies needed for the rapid development of the flowers and seeds which is the climax of the plant's active life.



Hyacinth Bulbs—Food in the Leaf Bases.

KINDNESS TO FARM ANIMALS

Gives to All of Them That Kindly Disposition Which Makes Them Quiet, Teachable and Reasonably Safe.

(By C. C. MILLER.)

There is always a way to overcome fear in our domestic animals and that is by kindness. Kindness from the day of their birth, and continued as long as they live. This gives to all of them that kindly disposition which makes them accommodating, quiet and teachable, and safe. It makes them loving and loyal. It adds to their length of life. A horse of a fretful disposition is old at ten, while one that has a quiet disposition may still be young at twenty. It is strange that we do not learn this. How often does a young man just starting in life, buy a good team of young horses, and in order to make them appear to have much spirit and life, checks them up high, cracks his whip over them, and sometimes strikes them, drives them fast with a heavy wagon, and sometimes with a load, and in a few years they are a span of plugs, or perhaps one is dead, and the owner is a poor man, whereas, another man with kindly treatment, keeps a similar team for 20 years, doing incredible amounts of work, and hard work, and yet he never frets them, and never has required of them anything they were not able and willing to do. They have made him rich, and he has made their lives happy.

In Paris, it is said, horses are treated more cruelly than anywhere else in the world, and because of this treatment, though they have the best street draft horses in the world, the Percheron, they live on the average but three years.

DAIRY COWS FIGHT FLIES

No Time for Making Milk While Thus Employed—Should Have Clean Water and Shaded Place.

A cow that has to fight flies all day in a pasture where the grass is scant, travel half a mile or more every time she wants a drink, and stand all night in a hot, close and dirty stable ought not to be expected to earn much money by her milk.

Why, the cow is actually fighting for her life during the hot days unless she is properly cared for, and if she gives a drop of milk it is more than she ought to do.

Cows drink a surprisingly large amount of water every day if they can. In a herd of a dozen some of them will be taking a mouthful every hour of the day where there is a running stream or cool, clean water in a trough.

If cows have to travel half a mile three or four times a day in hot weather to get a drink they will certainly lose in the milk-giving power every time. It isn't nature to keep up a normal supply under such conditions.

It is not an uncommon sight to see cows running wildly across the sun-scorched field, mad with thirst and the torment of flies, in search of shade and water.

Is it reasonable to suppose the milk supply can be kept up when a cow is in such misery? Hardly.

A cow is a milking machine and should be treated as such. If she is of good dairy blood, has good food, clean water, shade, and is kept free from worry, she will pay her way every time. But even a cow has her limitations.

LOSE TIME, SEED AND MONEY

The illustration shown herewith was drawn from an actual photograph. The owner of the farm had no corn crop and wondered why. Apparently the ground had been broken up when it was dry and no attempt had been made to reduce the big lumps and put the soil into good condition for planting.

Of course, soil in this condition would hardly produce an average crop. In planting some of the corn would lodge on top of the clod while others might fall down into the holes between, six inches deeper.

Time spent in putting corn ground in good condition before planting is never wasted. If the soil is well fined the weeder can be run over it just before the corn comes up and cultivation thereafter will be much easier than if the ground is left in a rough condition.

In case of drought well fined soil will, if it receives frequent cultivation, retain moisture much longer than rough ground, and there is really no reason, except ignorance or laxness, which should prevent this most important work in the growing of corn.

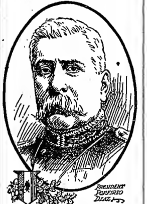
PRES. DIAZ IS RE-ELECTED

RAMON CORRAL IS NAMED AS VICE-PRESIDENT.

President of Mexican Republic Wins Out by an Overwhelming Majority in National Election.

Mexico City, Mex. — General Porfirio Diaz was re-elected president of Mexico, and Ramon Corral vice-president by an overwhelming majority.

The anti-re-electionists' ticket, headed by Francisco I. Madero, now under arrest in San Luis Potosi, received about 2 per cent of the votes cast in Mexico City, according to an unofficial statement. It is estimated that between 40,000 and 50,000 were cast in the capital.



PRESIDENT PORFIRIO DIAZ

Eight hundred electors were chosen in Mexico City, of whom only four are of the anti-re-electionists. From telegrams received from various parts of the republic, the same proportionate vote prevailed throughout the country.

RAMON CORRAL

The election in Mexico City passed off quietly.

The electors now chosen will meet in the electoral college on July 10 to vote for deputies and senators, on July 11 to officially declare the election of a president and vice-president and on July 12 to name judges of the supreme court.

AMERICANS ARE VICTORIOUS.

Win Bitter Fight in Contest Against the Vacuum Oil Company.

Berlin.—The Americans interested in the long and bitter fight waged by rival industrial interests and German newspapers against the Deutsche Vacuum Oil company, one of the branches of the Standard Oil company, have just scored a big victory, the public prosecutor at Hamburg having decided that no necessity exists for action by his office against the concern.

A well-known Hamburg newspaper for months printed such a series of attacks on the "American graft methods" alleged to have been practised by the vacuum company in the conduct of its German business that the public prosecutor of Hamburg felt constrained to make an official investigation with a view to eventual indictments. The prosecutor has now concluded his investigation, especially of the work of E. L. Quarles, American manager of the German company's sales department, and announces that no necessity exists for pursuing the inquiry further.

No evidence of anything warranting prosecution was found against Mr. Quarles, and the costs of the entire inquiry will be borne by the state.

The result of the investigation constitutes a notable triumph for American interests in Germany.

It is not the first time that Germans, finding themselves unable to compete with Americans on ordinary terms, have resorted to slander.

Daniel Sully Dead.

Woodstock, New York. — Dan Sully, the old time actor, died at his home here from Bright's disease. He had been ill for three months.

Deadwood Gas Plant Burns.

Deadwood, South Dakota. — Fire, starting from some hot ashes dumped near the woodwork, caused a fire which almost totally destroyed the plant and mains of the Deadwood Gas company, between the two cities. Owing to the distance from water, the firemen were powerless to do much, and they were afraid of explosions. The company supplies both cities with gas and is now practically out of business for some weeks. The loss is about $35,000, with little insurance. New machinery has been ordered.

Two Killed in Family Fight.

East St. Louis, Ill., July 5.—One man and a young girl were killed, another man was probably fatally injured and a third man seriously injured, when Roger Higginbotham, aged 40, of Kansas City, attempted to forcibly remove his daughter from the home of his former wife here.

Lunatic Crushes Father's Head.

Kill City, Kas., July 5.—Buck Plant, who recently escaped from the insane asylum at Parsons, went to the home of his father, George Plant, here today and crushed the old man's skull while he lay asleep. Plant was recaptured.

UNDEFEATED CHAMPION OF THE NORTHWEST.

T. A. Ireland, Rifle Shot, of Colfax, Wash., Tells a Story.

Mr. Ireland is the holder of four world records and has yet to lose his first match—says he: "Kidney trouble so affected my vision as to interfere with my shooting. I become so nervous I could hardly hold a gun. There was severe pain in my back and head and my kidneys were terribly disordered. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me after I had doctored and taken nearly every remedy imaginable without relief. I will give further details of my case to anyone enclosing stamp."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MEMORIES OF CHILDHOOD.

The Rooster—What! You're my long-lost brother? Get out!

The Duck—Sure I am! Don't you remember when I tried to teach you to swim and you were afraid of the water?

Try This, This Summer.

The very next time you're hot, tired or thirsty, step up to a soda fountain and get a glass of Coca-Cola. It will cool you off, relieve your bodily and mental fatigue and quench your thirst delightfully. At soda fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Delicious, refreshing and wholesome. Send to the Coca-Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga., for their free booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola." Tells what Coca-Cola is and why it is so delicious, refreshing and thirst-quenching. And send 2c stamp for the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910—contains the famous poem "Casey At The Bat," records, schedules for both leagues and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities.

Get After the Flies.

With the warm days flies multiply amazingly. Now is the time to attack them and prevent the breeding of millions from the few hundreds that already exist.

Perhaps the most effective method of destroying flies is by burning pyrethrum in each room. This stuns the flies and they can be swept up and burned.

Flies are dangerous carriers of disease and an enemy of humankind. Do your part toward keeping down the pest and improving the health of your community.

The Luggage Question.

DeLancey Nicoll, lawyer, is always a well-dressed man, and abominates a slovenly appearance. At the Union club he said of a westerner one day:

"He has come on to New York for a week and I don't believe he has brought a stitch of luggage with him."

Here Mr. Nicoll smiled.

"Unless, indeed," he added, "he's stowed something in the large bags he carries in the knees of his trousers."

A Hibernian Verdict.

A New Yorker is the happy employer of an aged Irishman, who grows eloquent over the woes of the Emerald Isle. Said the boss: "Pat, the king of England is dead."

The old man was silent for a moment. Then he took off his hat.

"Well," he said slowly, "as a man he was a fine bit of a boy. As Englishmen go, he was as good as yez can make them. As a king, there was nobody on earth as could beat him. But still, I'll keep me eye on George."

A "Corner" In Comfort

For those who know the pleasure and satisfaction there is in a glass of

ICED POSTUM

Make it as usual, dark and rich—boil it thoroughly to bring out the distinctive flavour and food value.

Cool with cracked ice, and add sugar and lemon; also a little cream if desired.

Postum is really a food-drink with the nutritive elements of the field grains. Ice it, and you have a pleasant, safe, cooling drink for summer days—an agreeable surprise for those who have never tried it.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Postum Cereal Co., Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

TUMOR OF YEARS GROWTH

Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Holly Springs, Miss.—"Words are inadequate for me to express what your wonderful medicines have done for me. The doctors said I had a tumor, and I had an operation, but was soon as bad again as ever. I wrote to you for advice, and began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you told me to do. I am glad to say that now I look and feel so well that my friends keep asking me what has helped me so much, and I gladly recommend your Vegetable Compound."—MRS. WILLIE EDWARDS, Holly Springs, Miss.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy—tumor. If you have mysterious pains, inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation, but try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable compound at once.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and such unquestionable testimony as the above proves the value of this famous remedy, and should give everyone confidence.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

PROOF in the Morning!

We tell you about how good you'll feel after taking a CASCARET—that millions of people—buy, use and recommend them—But that's talk—you buy a box now—take as directed to-night and get the proof in the morning—After you know CASCARETS you'll never be without them. 913

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Thompson's Eye Water

INCOMPETENT.

Mrs. Hare—Old Snail got his boy a position last week and he only held it one day.

Mr. Hare—What was it?

Mrs. Hare—A messenger boy.

German Alcohol Stills.

An authority on alcohol stills says that there are 20,000 farm stills in operation on as many forms in Germany. The German government permits the farmer to produce a certain amount of grain or potato alcohol, the amount depending upon the size and location of the farm and the annual demand for the product, upon the payment of a reduced revenue tax. Alcohol distilled in excess of the quantity allowed is subject to the higher rate of taxation. Denatured alcohol, however, is not subject to any tax.

For the Dog's Sake.

"Where are you going for your summer vacation this year?" asked Mrs. Gotrox.

"O, dear, I've not made up my mind yet," sighed Mrs. Rich wearily. "I want to find some quiet, restful spot, where my dear little French poodle can get plenty of fresh air."

Gunner—"They say since Coggwood bought his new automobile he has run into wealth." Guyer—"Yes, he ran into a 400 pound hog the other day."

A Pleasing Combination

Post Toasties

with Cream and Sugar.

Adding strawberries or any kind of fresh or stewed fruit makes a delicious summer dish.

The crisp, golden-brown bits have a most delightful flavour—a fascination that appeals to the appetite.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers, Pkgs. 10c and 15c

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night, she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. She passed a terrible night, which was filled with unseemly noises. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff button in a clothes hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot. A strange man was found shot to death in the hall. It proved to be the body of Arnold Armstrong, whose banker father owned the country house. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson and the coroner arrived. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she had talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson told Miss Innes that she was hiding evidence from him. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped down a laundry chute. It developed that the intruder was probably a woman. Gertrude was suspected, for the intruder left a print of a bare foot. Gertrude returned home with her right ankle sprained. A negro found the other half of what proved to be Jack Bailey's cuff button.

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued.

"Undoubtedly. Why, what could it be but flight? Miss Innes, let me reconstruct that evening, as I see it. Bailey and Armstrong had quarreled at the club. I learned this to-day. Your nephew brought Bailey over. Prompted by jealous, insane fury, Armstrong followed, coming across by the path. He entered the billiard room wing—perhaps rapping, and being admitted by your nephew. Just inside he was shot, by some one on the circular staircase. The shot fired, your nephew and Bailey left the house at once, going toward the automobile house. They left by the lower road, which prevented them being heard, and when you and Miss Gertrude got downstairs everything was quiet."

"But—Gertrude's story," I stammered.

"Miss Gertrude only brought forward her explanation the following morning. I do not believe it, Miss Innes. It is the story of a loving and ingenious woman."

"And—this thing to-night?"

"May upset my whole view of the case. We must give the benefit of every doubt after all. We may, for instance, come back to the figure on the porch; if it was a woman you saw that night through the window, we might start with other premises. Or Mr. Innes' explanation may turn us in a new direction. It is possible that he shot Arnold Armstrong as a burglar and then fled, frightened at what he had done. In any case, however, I feel confident that the body was here when he left. Mr. Armstrong left the club ostensibly for a moonlight saunter, about half after eleven o'clock. It was three when the shot was fired."

I leaned back bewildered. It seemed to me that the evening had been full of significant happenings, had I only held the key. Had Gertrude been the fugitive in the clothes chute? Who was the man on the drive near the lodge, and whose gold-mounted dressing-bag had I seen in the lodge sitting room?

It was late when Mr. Jamieson finally got up to go. I went with him to the door, and together we stood looking out over the valley. Below lay the village of Casanova, with its Old World houses, its blossoming trees and its peace. Above on the hill across the valley were the lights of the Greenwood club. It was even possible to see the curving row of parallel lights that marked the carriage road. Rumors that I had heard about the club came back—of drinking, of high play, and once, a year ago, of a suicide under those very lights.

Mr. Jamieson left, taking a short cut to the village, and I still stood there. It must have been after 11, and the monotonous tick of the big clock on the stairs behind me was the only sound. Then I was conscious that some one was running up the drive. In a minute a woman darted into the area of light made by the open door, and caught me by the arm. It was Rosie—Rosie in a state of collapse from terror, and, not the least important, clutching one of my Coalport plates and a silver spoon.

She stood staring into the darkness behind, still holding the plate. I got her into the house and secured the plate; then I stood and looked down at her where she crouched trembling against the doorway.

"Well," I asked, "didn't your young man enjoy his meal?"

She couldn't speak. She looked at the spoon she still held—I wasn't so anxious about it; thank Heaven, it wouldn't chip—and then she stared at me.

"I appreciate your desire to have everything nice for him," I went on, "but the next time, you might take the Limoges china. It's more easily duplicated and less expensive."

"I haven't a young man—not here." She had got her breath now, as I had guessed she would. "I—I have been chased by a thief, Miss Innes."

"Did he chase you out of the house and back again?" I asked.

Then Rosie began to cry—not silently, but noisily, hysterically. I stopped her by giving her a good shake.

"What in the world is the matter with you?" I snapped. "Has the day of good common sense gone by! Sit up and tell me the whole thing."

Rosie sat up then, and sniffled.

"I was coming up the drive—" she began.

"You must start with when you went down the drive, with my dishes and my silver," I interrupted, but, seeing more signs of hysteria, I gave in. "Very well. You were coming up the drive—"

"I had a basket of—of silver and dishes on my arm, and I was carrying the plate, because—because I was afraid I'd break it. Part-way up the road a man stepped out of the bushes, and held his arm like this, spread out, so I couldn't get past. He said—he said—'Not so fast, young lady; I want you to let me see what's in that basket.'"

She got up in her excitement and took hold of my arm.

"It was like this, Miss Innes," she said, "and say you was the man. When he said that, I screamed and ducked under his arm like this. He caught at the basket and I dropped it. I ran as fast as I could, and he came after as far as the trees. Then he stopped. Oh, Miss Innes, it must have been the man that killed that Mr. Armstrong!"

"Don't be foolish," I said. "Whoever killed Mr. Armstrong would put as much space between himself and this house as he could. Go up to bed now; and mind, if I hear of this story being repeated to the other maids, I shall deduct from your wages for every broken dish I find in the drive."

I could fancy Liddy's face when she missed the extra pieces of china—she had opposed Rosie from the start. If Liddy once finds a prophecy fulfilled, especially an unpleasant one, she never allows me to forget it. It seemed to me that it was absurd to leave that china dotted along the road for her to spy the next morning; so with a sudden resolution, I opened the door again and stepped out into the darkness. As the door closed behind me I half regretted my impulse; then I shut my teeth and went on.

I Was Conscious That Some One Was Running Up the Drive.

I have never been a nervous woman, as I said before. Moreover, a minute or two in the darkness enabled me to see things fairly well. Beulah gave me rather a start by rubbing unexpectedly against my feet; then we two, side by side, went down the drive.

There were no fragments of china, but where the grove began I picked up a silver spoon. So far Rosie's story was borne out; I began to wonder if it were not indiscreet, to say the least, this midnight prowling in a neighborhood with such a deservedly bad reputation. Then I saw something gleaming, which proved to be the handle of a cup, and a step or two farther on I found a V-shaped bit of plate. But the most surprising thing of all was to find the basket sitting comfortably beside the road, with the rest of the broken crockery piled neatly within, and a handful of small silver, spoons, forks and the like, on top! I could only stand and stare. Then Rosie's story was true. But where had Rosie carried her basket? And why had the thief, if he were a thief, picked up the broken china out of the road and left it, with his booty?

It was with my nearest approach to a nervous collapse that I heard the familiar throbbing of an automobile engine. As it came closer I recognized the outline of the Dragon Fly, and knew that Halsey had come back.

Strange enough it must have seemed to Halsey, too, to come across me in the middle of the night, with the skirt of my gray silk gown over my shoulders to keep off the dew, holding a red and green basket under one arm and a black cat under the other. What with relief and joy, I began to cry, right there, and very nearly wiped my eyes on Beulah in the excitement.

CHAPTER IX.

Just Like a Girl.

"Aunt Ray!" Halsey said from the gloom behind the lamps. "What in the world are you doing here?"

"Taking a walk," I said, trying to be composed. I don't think the answer struck either of us as being ridiculous at the time. "Oh, Halsey, where have you been?"

"Let me take you up to the house." He was in the road, and had Beulah and the basket out of my arms in a moment. I could see the car plainly now, and Warner was at the wheel—Warner in an ulster and a pair of slippers, over heaven knows what. Jack Bailey was not there. I got in, and we went slowly and painfully up to the house.

We did not talk. What we had to say was too important to commence there, and, besides, it took all kinds of coaxing from both men to get the Dragon Fly up the last grade. Only when we had closed the front door and stood facing each other in the hall did Halsey say anything. He slipped his strong young arm around my shoulders and turned me so I faced the light.

"Poor Aunt Ray!" he said gently. And I nearly wept again. "I—I must see Gertrude, too; we will have a three-cornered talk."

And then Gertrude herself came down the stairs. She had not been to bed evidently; she still wore the white negligee she had worn earlier in the evening, and she limped somewhat. During her slow progress down the stairs I had time to notice one thing: Mr. Jamieson had said the woman who escaped from the cellar had worn no shoe on her right foot. Gertrude's right ankle was the one she had sprained!

The meeting between brother and sister was tense, but without tears. Halsey kissed her tenderly, and I noticed evidences of strain and anxiety in both young faces.

"Is everything—right?" she asked.

"Right as can be," with forced cheerfulness.

I lighted the living room and we went in there. Only a half-hour before I had sat with Mr. Jamieson in that very room, listening while he overtly accused both Gertrude and Halsey of at least a knowledge of the death of Arnold Armstrong. Now Halsey was here to speak for himself: I should learn everything that had puzzled me.

"I saw it in the paper to-night for the first time," he was saying. "It knocked me dumb. When I think of this houseful of women, and a thing like that occurring!"

Gertrude's face was still set and white. "That isn't all, Halsey," she said. "You and—and Jack left almost at the time it happened. The detective here thinks that you—that we—know something about it."

"The devil he does!" Halsey's eyes were fairly starting from his head. "I beg your pardon, Aunt Ray, but—the fellow's a lunatic."

"Tell me everything, won't you, Halsey?" I begged. "Tell me where you went that night, or rather morning, and why you went as you did. This has been a terrible 48 hours for all of us."

He stood staring at me, and I could see the horror of the situation dawning in his face.

"I can't tell you where I went, Aunt Ray," he said after a moment. "As to why, you will learn that soon enough. But Gertrude knows that Jack and I left the house before this thing—this horrible murder—occurred."

"Mr. Jamieson does not believe," Gertrude said drearily. "Halsey, if the worst comes, if they should arrest you, you must—tell."

"I shall tell nothing," he said with a new sternness in his voice. "Aunt Ray, it was necessary for Jack and me to leave that night. I cannot tell you why—just yet. As to where we went, if I have to depend on that as an alibi, I shall not tell. The whole thing is an absurdity, a trumped-up charge that cannot possibly be serious."

"Has Mr. Bailey gone back to the city," I demanded, "or to the club?"

"Neither," defiantly; "at the present moment I do not know where he is."

"Halsey," I asked gravely, leaning forward, "have you the slightest suspicion who killed Arnold Armstrong? The police think he was admitted from within, and that he was shot down from above, by some one on the circular staircase."

"I know nothing of it," he maintained; but I fancied I caught a sudden glance at Gertrude, a flash of something that died as it came.

As quietly, as calmly as I could, I went over the whole story, from the night Liddy and I had been alone up to the strange experience of Rosie and her pursuer. The basket still stood on the table, a mute witness to this last mysterious occurrence.

"There is something else," I said hesitatingly, at the last. "Halsey, I have never told this even to Gertrude, but the morning after the crime I found, in a tulip bed, a revolver. It—it was yours, Halsey."

For an appreciable moment Halsey stared at me. Then he turned to Gertrude.

"My revolver, Trude!" he exclaimed. "Why, Jack took my revolver with him, didn't he?"

"Oh, for heaven's sake don't say that," I implored. "The detective thinks possibly Jack Bailey came back, and—and the thing happened then."

"He didn't come back," Halsey said sternly. "Gertrude, when you brought down a revolver that night for Jack to take with him, what one did you bring? Mine?"

Gertrude was defiant now.

"No. Yours was loaded, and I was afraid of what Jack—might do. I gave him one I have had for a year or two. It was empty."

Halsey threw up both hands despairingly.

"If that isn't like a girl!" he said. "Why didn't you do what I asked you to, Gertrude? You send Bailey off with an empty gun, and throw mine in a tulip bed, of all places on earth! Mine was a 38 caliber. The inquest will show, of course, that the bullet that killed Armstrong was a 38. Then where shall I be?"

"You forget," I broke in, "that I have the revolver, and that no one knows about it."

But Gertrude had risen angrily.

"I cannot stand it; it is always with me," she cried. "Halsey, I did not throw your revolver into the tulip bed. I—think—you—did—it—yourself!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

OREGON HAS KINDEST MAN

Panjah River Hermit Refuses to Kill Wild Animals That Destroy His Crops.

If you lived in the woods where bear, deer and cougars actually interfered with your farming operations and devoured your crops, would you have any hesitation about killing the offending varmints? Frank Lotcon, a German hermit living alone on the Panjah river in the Blue mountains, in Oregon, thinks it wrong to kill wild animals and they bully him unmercifully.

Although for years he has lived in a district where all sorts of wild animals are numerous, he has never killed one yet. "They frequently cause me much trouble," he says, "but it is wrong to kill them."

Recently he awoke in the morning to see two large cougars glaring at hit through the windows of his cabin. The mountaineer could easily have killed both of them, but he said he had no objection to have them inspect the interior of his house. After watching him for several minutes, the wildcats slunk away into the timber.

A field of corn planted and cultivated by Lotcon with great care, was destroyed by a herd of deer. Several acres of the corn was eaten to the ground. Mr. Lotcon could easily have killed the deer the morning after the animals devoured the corn, but he did not molest them. A big deer recently created havoc with the irrigation scheme Mr. Lotcon has carried out on his farm. Wallowing in the spring from which the water is drawn, the deer squeezed mud into the outlet pipe, stopping it up, and the crops suffered before the cause of the trouble was discovered.

Taking all these things into account, Oregon may claim to have the kindest man.

A Burglar's Text Book.

The police of New York found upon a burglar, arrested by them, a treatise on safe-cracking that is said to be the most remarkable document that has ever fallen into their hands. The contents are so well compiled that the police unhesitatingly declare the author a past grand master in his profession, and, according to Popular Mechanics, are somewhat anxious to find out just how many copies are in circulation throughout the country.

For the most part the manuscript is in the yegg code, a lingo freely used by thieves the country over. It describes the two kinds of safes recognized by the profession, namely, the fireproof and the burglar-proof, asserting, however, that there is no genuine burglar-proof safe, and that kind that are drill-proof are only called so by courtesy. Minute directions for cracking a safe are given, together with diagrams to illustrate the treatise.

His Favorite Song.

There is a young optician in Denver, Col., who sings very well. The other night he was making a call on a couple of sisters up on Corona street when he was asked to sing.

"What shall it be?" he asked as he went to the piano.

"Your favorite song," said one of the girls.

"All right," he replied: And then the optician sat down and sang "The Night Hath a Thousand Eyes."

Guilt Revealed.

"Johnny, do you smoke cigarettes?"

"I d-d-do a l-l-little, sir," stammered Johnny, paling beneath the tan of the baseball field.

The boss fixed him with his eagle eye.

"Then gimme me one," he said. "I left mine on the bureau."

Remedies are Needed

Were we perfect, which we are not, medicines would not often be needed. But since our systems have become weakened, impaired and broken down through indiscretions which have gone on from the early ages, through countless generations, remedies are needed to aid Nature in correcting our inherited and otherwise acquired weaknesses. To reach the seat of stomach weakness and consequent digestive troubles, there is nothing so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a glyceric compound, extracted from native medicinal roots—sold for over forty years with great satisfaction to all users. For Weak Stomach, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Stomach after eating, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Belching of food, Chronic Diarrhea and other Intestinal Derangements, the "Discovery" is a time-proven and most efficient remedy.

The genuine has on its outside wrapper the Signature R. V. Pierce, M.D.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic, medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

A Teacher in the Making.

She was a popular young normal student, who had been to a party the night before, and as a consequence, was "not prepared" in the geography class.

The woman instructor, true to her method of drawing upon the general knowledge of a student rather than to permit a failure, after eliciting two or three inconsequential "stabs" from her fair but jaded disciple, asked for the products of China.

The victim brightened. "Tea," she asserted, preparing to sit down.

"Yes, and what else?" encouraged the instructor.

The young woman smiled with sweet hopelessness.

"Now you can mention others, I am sure. Just think about it."

"Tea," drawled the flute-like voice of the pretty girl, "and," puckering her forehead with an intellectual tour de force, "and laundry work."—Youth's Companion.

BOY TORTURED BY ECZEMA

"When my boy was six years old, he suffered terribly with eczema. He could neither sit still nor lie quietly in bed, for the itching was dreadful. He would irritate spots by scratching with his nails and that only made them worse. A doctor treated him and we tried almost everything, but the eczema seemed to spread. It started in a small place on the lower extremities and spread for two years until it very nearly covered the back part of his leg to the knee.

"Finally, I got Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills and gave them according to directions. I used them in the morning and that evening, before I put my boy to bed, I used them again and the improvement even in those few hours was surprising, the inflammation seemed to be so much less. I used two boxes of Cuticura Ointment, the same of the Pills and the Soap and my boy was cured. My son is now in his seventeenth year and he has never had a return of the eczema.

"I took care of a friend's child that had eczema on its face and limbs and I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. They acted on the child just as they did on my son and it has never returned. I would recommend the Cuticura Remedies to anyone. Mrs. A. J. Cochran, 1823 Columbia Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 20, 1909."

In the Way.

"You haven't much of a memory for dates," said the conversational boarder.

"Nope," replied Farmer Corntossel. "I used to have. But it interferes with business when you're sellin' spring chickens."

Faster.

Teacher—Children, nature is superior to man in everything. For instance, there is nothing that travels so fast as the unseen wind.

Willie—Huh! You ought to hear what my pa says about a sight draft!

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

A rich man's children seem to think it is up to them to make a noise in the world.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Fargo, N. D.

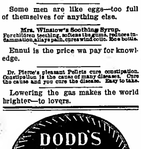
Some men are like eggs—too full of themselves for anything else.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Ennui is the price we pay for knowledge.

Dr. Pierce's pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Lowering the gas makes the world brighter—to lovers.



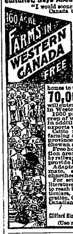
DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 DeKalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

MICA AXLE GREASE is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere

STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:



"I would sooner raise cattle in Western Canada than in the corn belt of the United States. Feed is cheaper and climate better for the purpose. Your market will improve faster than your farmers will produce the supplies. Wheat can be grown up to the 60th parallel (800 miles north of the International boundary). Your vacant land will be taken at a rate beyond present conception. We have enough people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land." Nearly

70,000 Americans

will enter and make their homes in Western Canada this year.

1909 produced another large crop of wheat, oats and barley, in addition to which the cattle exports was an immense item.

Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as lands held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, and good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you) (2)

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature: Brent Good

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine. Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Try Gillette Shaving
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Wanted Confidential Correspondents Everywhere in the UNITED STATES. Experience unnecessary. School Teachers, Stenographers, Telegraph Operators, Clerks and Professional men or women eligible. An unusual opportunity to increase your income. Particulars. Box 871. Los Angeles, Cal.

FREE INFORMATION about irrigated farms in the Sacramento Valley, Cal. Ideal climate. Rich soil. Six and seven cuttings of alfalfa. First class poultry and dairy country. All the fruits. Easy terms. H. L. Hollister & Co., 205 LaSalle St., Chicago

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 28-1910.

Fargo Directory

TRUNKS "Made in N. Dakota." SUIT CASES
Leather Goods. Dealers Send for Catalog
MONSON TRUNK FACTORY, FARGO, N. DAKOTA

Ship Your Hides, Wool and Pelts To BOLLES & ROGERS FARGO, N. D.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies
Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention.
FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

Gall Cure Horse Collars
Are made over Curled Hair Pads and will not gall the horse. Write us for free sample of the Pad. Give the name of your harness dealer. Sold by best dealers everywhere. BRISTOL & SWEET CO., Fargo, N. D.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

CONDENSATIONS

NEWS AND NOTES HERE AND THERE.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

Other Matters of Interest Condensed From the More Important Telegrams.

Washington.

Eleven captains and commanders in the navy have applied voluntarily for retirement and their applications have been granted.

Freight rates on lemons from the producing territory in southern California to eastern destinations were reduced by the interstate commerce commission from $1.15 to $1 a hundred pounds.

The secretary of the interior has restored to the public domain several tracts of land which had been withdrawn in connection with the irrigation projects but which are not now needed by the reclamation service.

Major John M. Carson, chief of the bureau of manufactures of the department of commerce and labor, has been selected to go abroad to look into the general trades conditions and opportunities for American manufacturers.

In waging their warfare for the control of the next congress both the republican and democratic congressional committees will have headquarters in the east and west where will be done the work of directing and sending out literature and spellbinders.

A commission has been made out at the treasury department for the appointment of Fremont Leidy, of Leon, Kas., to the position of collector of internal revenue for the district of Kansas, but it is being temporarily held in abeyance to await the expected resignation of James M. Simpson, who now holds the position. If this is not forthcoming very soon Mr. Leidy's commission will be issued to him.

Foreign.

Australian diplomats are said to be displeased over the conclusion of the Russo-Japanese convention.

It is authoritatively announced that the Chilean government in September will ask for tenders in the United States and Europe for the construction of a battleship of 22,000 tons.

At Monivar, Spain, a bomb exploded under the table of Senor Gallardo, a banker, during a dinner he was giving to some political friends. Two of the guests were killed, thirteen were injured, and the house partly destroyed.

Miss Anice Lulu Stockes, daughter of Carrington Stockes a well known Louisiana cotton-grower and broker, claims the distinction of being the only American girl who ever won from the bank at Monte Carlo a section of American land.

The French foreign office has set August 18 as the date for the ceremonies attending the presentation, by the state of Virginia, of the bronze reproduction of Houdon's famous state of Washington to the people of France. The statute will be located in Paris.

General.

The bleached flour case was decided in favor of the government.

Roosevelt will aid Senator Beveridge in his fight for re-election.

President Taft has taken the conservation policy in his own hands.

The Western Union has discontinued service to brokers in ten eastern cities.

A female aviator in France suffered a fall of fifty meters and received terrible injuries.

A mob at Newark, O., lynched a young joint-raider who had killed a restaurant proprietor.

An attempt is to be made by Walter Wellman to cross the Atlantic ocean in a dirigible ballon.

Some of the railroads will ask for extension of time to comply with safety law which is not plainly interpreted.

Governor Shallenberger is said to be somewhat annoyed over failure of Omaha officers to enforce daylight saloon law.

The directors of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1-2 per cent.

Authoritative figures just out show Alabama's pig iron production to have reached 158,869 tons against 99,355 tons in June last year.

Representative Poindexter of Washington received comfort and encouragement at Oyster Bay.

Attorney General Thompson advised Governor Shallenberger that the statutes of Nebraska do not prohibit the exhibition of prize fight pictures.

One cannot be quite certain, but it is most probable that Secretary Ballinger's policy of blocking the wheels of conservation with legal quibbles would have succeeded but for Pinchot and Glavis.

A card torn from a freight car was filed in probate court at Pittsburg as the will of Robert J. McElroy after being fatally injured by a freight train, scribbled on the card, "Mary, all that is mine is thine."

More than twelve tons of frozen or dessicated eggs, shipped to New York from Chicago, were seized as unfit for human consumption.

The socialists-democrats of the fifth congressional district of Wisconsin announced the nomination through referendum of Victor L. Berger, candidate at the fall election.

Officers of both the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies said that the sending of fight news out of Reno broke all telegraph records for a single day's work. More than 800,000 words were sent at an average cost of 2 cents a word.

The first death for three years from the bubonic plague ocurred at Honolulu.

Jim Jeffries has gone back to his alfalfa farm very much crestfallen and determined to do no more fighting.

Heavy rains have broken the drouth in Oklahoma.

Dr. Hyde of Kansas City has been sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

The wheat yield in states of the northwest will be far below the normal.

Senator Norris Brown has expressed himself as satisfied with the work of congress.

President Taft signed orders for withdrawing more land from the public domain.

A man was arrested at Chicago who was thought to be gunning for Jack Johnson.

Politics enter into Germany's protest against the disparagement of the evangelical faith.

Mrs. Ella F. Young of Chicago was elected president of the national educational association.

A surprisingly good showing is made in the yearly statement of the treasury department.

Solicitor McCabe says enforcement of the pure food law is one cause for increased cost of living.

Senator Burrows, as the man who must act, is bothered over the bribery case of Senator Lorimer.

The postoffice department is arranging the details for the inauguration of postal savings banks.

Jeffries' wife became hysterical when she learned that her hubby had been bested in the prize ring.

A cry has gone forth that Roosevelt take the leadership of the republican reform forces in New York.

Mr. Bryan calls off his boom for senator from Nebraska, saying he can do more for the party as a citizen.

Jim Jeffries may ask for a return match with Jack Johnson is the statement contained in a Los Angeles dispatch.

Grace McKinley, alias Grace Mack of Indianapolis, was arrested in Sedalia, Mo., charged with wearing men's attire.

J. R. Wilson, youngest brother of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, died last week of stomach trouble at Excelsior Springs, Mo.

The Louisiana legislature, which is now in session, is expected to select Governor Jared Y. Sanders for the United States senate.

It is stated that $2,000,000 of gold purchased for Germany which has arrived in London, has been engaged for shipment to New York.

The New York World says it has reliable information that Helen Kelly Gould, who divorced Frank J. Gould in May, 1909, will be married July 15.

W. J. Bryan branded Nebraska state senators who have refused to support the initiative and referendum as unworthy of the party's confidence or votes.

Only two members of President Taft's cabinet are in the capital "sitting on the lid," as former President Roosevelt designated this summer assignment.

An estimate that the total number of immigrant aliens admitted at all ports of the United States during the past fiscal year reached 1,035,545 was made by Commissioner General Keefe.

It was announced that 25,000 locomotive engineers employed on forty-nine railroad systems west of Chicago are formulating demands for increased wages which will be presented to the managers before August 1.

The big mill between Jeffries and Johnson took place at Reno, Nev., July 4th and was won by the latter, the negro knocking Jeffries out in the fifteenth round. A tremendous crowd was in attendance and hundreds of thousands of dollars changed hands. Jeffries was badly bruised, while Johnson was apparently unhurt and showed no marks of the contest. Before the rounds were half covered the inevitable outcome was foreseen.

Peter Smith, a husky young tannery worker in Newark, N. J., drank seventeen jiggers of whisky in succession, thereby winning a bet of $1. As he pocketed the money he fell to the floor unconscious and died soon after in a hospital.

Personal.

Jack Johnson declares he will not fight again for a year.

Chief Justice Fuller served twenty-two years on the bench.

Anti-negro demonstrations in the south followed news of the first result.

Congressional campaign committees are planning to wage vigorous warfare.

Rickard says Jeffries was disqualified, which was the reason he was not counted out.

When Jack Johnson arrived at Ogden young toughs at the depot tried to get him into a brawl.

Secretary Ballinger visited the president at Beverly, but it was not to tender his resignation.

Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of the supreme court died at his summer home at Sorrento, Me.

W. J. Bryan issued an extended statement defining party duty.

David Starr Jordan denounced football before educators at Boston.

A dynamite cartridge hanging from a tree at a height where a covered automobile would strike, and probably explode it, was found above the road over which the Harrimen automobiles travel.

The sudden death of Chief Justice Fuller makes a change in a majority of the supreme court of the United States during the first term of President Taft, a possibility, if not a certainty.

Ohio Political Fight Opens.

Cleveland, O.—Cheered by an audience of progressive republicans as the "peoples' candidate for governor of Ohio," James R. Garfield Monday night opened the fight to place Ohio in the "insurgent" column. In a two-hour speech in which he avowed himself an "insurgent" and eulogized the section of congress which is known by that name, the former secretary of the interior set forth the platform upon which the "progressive" republicans of this state will enter the fall campaign.

ASKS FOR PROBE

E. ARMITAGE, ONE OF NORTH STAR CO. CREDITORS, SEES COUNTY PROSECUTOR.

WANTS FULL SETTLEMENT

He Declares That Investigation Has Only Scratched the Surface—Seeks To Learn If Stockholders Can Be Compelled To Pay.

Minneapolis, Minn.—E. Armitage, general merchant at Waterville, Minn., a creditor of the defunct North Star Shoe Company to the amount of $5,000, announced that he would lay the matter of the Heffelfinger failures before County Attorney Al Smith and ask that the grand jury investigate.

Mr. Armitage called on the county attorney for this purpose several days ago, but that official was too busy to hear the complaint and it was agreed to take it up later.

Each hearing of the Heffelfinger cases before the referee in bankruptcy has found Mr. Armitage one of the first to arrive and the last to leave. He has had to depend upon the newspapers, he says, for information as to dates of hearings, and declares that the whole conduct of the investigation and efforts at settlement has caused him to take this step toward a grand jury probe.

"When the hearings were started we had reason to believe that the whole thing would be probed to the very bottom," said he, "but, as a matter of fact, just about the net result of the hearings is that W. W. Heffelfinger has been produced in court.

"I, along with numerous other creditors, want to know who the stockholders of the Heffelfinger Shoe Manufacturing Company are and just how many stockholders of the North Star were protected by having their stock transferred to the manufacturing company just before the North Star failure, when it was well known that the North Star was insolvent.

Seek Dollar-for-Dollar Settlement.

"We have information from a former employe of the North Star that the stockholders of the North Star who were protected in this way could pay the North Star creditors dollar for dollar. Also we have legal advice that they could be made to pay.

"This offer of 40 or 50 cents on the dollar as a settlement with creditors does not suit me at all. I do not believe there are any philanthropists engaged in the business of settling bankrupt estates. The stock in trade of the North Star should have brought $200,000 instead of $147,300. The St. Louis concern paid the latter amount for the stock, patents, copyrights, right to the use of the name, and subsequently sold the whole thing with a handsome profit. Why couldn't the creditors, instead of the St. Louis concern, have received what the property was worth and what it brought at final sale?

"There are many more matters of a similar nature which many creditors would like to have exploited and which there is no prospect of under existing conditions."

CARS CRUSH AUTOMOBILE.

Driver Has Narrow Escape From Death When Machine Crumbles.

Minneapolis.—Almost up to his neck in a writhing mess of crackling, crushing, bending wreckage, Louis J. Newmann, 19 years old, 924 Goodrich avenue, St. Paul, miraculously escaped death or injury when his automobile was caught between two street cars coming in opposite directions and literally crumbled to pieces.

The accident occurred at Forty-seventh street and Nicollet avenue. Newmann escaped being seriously hurt by standing high on the front seat while the large machine was rolled and flattened out beneath him. He received only a slight cut on the chin.

Newman, driving a large car, attempted to pass to the left of a outbound Washburn Park and Columbia Heights car which was going in the same direction. It was necessary to cross one track and to the other, on which an inbound car was approaching. Newmann had almost succeeded in passing ahead of the first car and "sneaking" between the two when the crash came.

FIREMEN HOLD RACES.

Tournament of Northern Minnesota Association Arouses Interest.

Bemidji.—The second day of the Northern Minnesota firemen's tournament passed without friction of any kind among the firemen participating in the races and contests. There was a fair crowd in attendance and intense interest was shown in the program.

All visiting firemen are loud in their praise of the hospitality extended by the Bemidji firemen and the Bemidji people generally.

DAN PATCH AIR LINE IS OPENED.

Minneapolis.—The new Dan Patch Air Line began its first regular scheduled service between Minneapolis and Savage, a distance of 12½ miles, when the first motor car left the Washburn park hill at the end of the Nicollet avenue street car line. Two cars were in service, one which was used on the inspection trip, and the other, the "Irene," which has just arrived. The cars carried capacity loads and to each were attached two trailers.

Train Wrecked; No One Hurt.

Faribault.—A Chicago Great Western passenger train was wrecked at Bridgewater, six miles north of here. The front wheels of the engine broke, causing the wreck. No one was hurt. The wrecking crew brought the wrecked train in this morning.

Minneapolis is Wealthy.

Minneapolis. — The Minneapolis assessment for 1910 will probably reach $195,000,000. Last year it was $179,000,000.

TO SELL TIMBER AT AUCTION.

Involves About 375,000,000 Feet on Ceded Indian Lands.

Washington, D. C.—The interior department announced that all the remaining pine timber on the ceded Chippewa Indian lands in Minnesota will be offered for sale to the highest bidder. This involves about 375,000,000 feet, covering 152,840 acres, located in the former Pigeon river, or Grand Portage, Fond du Lac, Boise Fort, Chippewa of the Mississippi, Winnibigoshish, Leech Lake, Red Lake and White Earth reservation.

The greater portion of the timber stands in the Minnesota national forest. It will be the largest sale of Chippewa timber yet held, and the sealed bids under which it will be sold will be opened at the district land office in Cass Lake, Minn., on Sept. 15.

Under the law and rules governing the sale, the timber will be cut and logged by the purchaser, but the logging will be supervised and the scaling will be done by the superintendent of logging and his assistants appointed by the interior department. The purchaser will be allowed four years to remove the timber which is outside the national forest and five years to remove that which stands inside.

BOOSTERS WILL START WORK.

Headquarters For National Gathering Opened in State Capitol.

St. Paul, Minn.—Headquarters have been opened and work actually commenced to preparation for the national conservation congress to be held in St. Paul, Sept. 6.

Thomas R. Shipp, executive secretary, has established offices at the lieutenant governor's office at the state capitol. A meeting of the local board of managers was held at the governor's office. Those present were Governor Eberhart, Frank B. Kellogg, George H. Prince, Paul Doty, J. H. Beek, Ralph W. Wheelock and Thomas R. Shipp. Plans for the raising of the necessary $10,000 were drawn up. The business men of the Twin Cities will be appealed to. Stenographers have been employed and the work of sending out the invitations will be started immediately.

Frank B. Kellogg was appointed vice-chairman of the local board of managers. The governor is the chairman. George H. Prince was selected as treasurer. Major W. C. Heody was appointed secretary to the local board. He will have active charge of all the routine work in connection with the preparation of the congress.

STILLWATER HAS BIG FIRE.

Only Hardest Kind of Work Saves Business Section.

Stillwater, Minn.—Stillwater was visited by a very destructive fire in the business part of the city. The fire started, it is supposed, from a locomotive spark in the second story of the farm implement warehouse of Burtzlaff brothers. This frame structure was rapidly destroyed, with the contents. The brick building and granite establishment of P. N. Peterson was also destroyed. The coal sheds of Fred Luchsinger and J. J. Kilty, were partly burned. The boat houses of G. S. Welshons and Peder Gnalan'e, with their gasoline launches, were destroyed. Several freight cars loaded with hay and merchandise were partly burned.

The total loss will reach $30,000, with about a third of the loss covered by insurance.

The property scorched and saved by hard work of several hundreds of regular and volunteer firemen were the Stillwater equity market, feed mill and elevator, the McKellar and company carriage and wagon factory and a number of other buildings.

M. MULLEN OF NEW ULM DIES.

Prominent Old Settler, Long Identified With Banking Business.

New Ulm. — M. Mullen, seventy-one years old, a prominent old settler of this city, died of paralysis at this home here. In March Mr. Mullen sought to benefit his health by a trip to Texas, but the journey benefited him but little and he began to fail upon his arrival home.

Mr. Mullen was born in Vermont and came to St. Peter in the early days and to New Ulm as early as '69. He was long identified with the Citizens bank here, which bank became a state bank and then a national bank. He was president of the Minnesota & Dakota Cattle company.

WOMAN SHOOTS NEIGHBOR.

Becker, Minn., Victim of Accident is Seriously Wounded.

St. Cloud.—Mrs. Martha Madder, the wife of a prominent farmer, living near Becker, Sherburne county, was brought to the hospital in this city suffering from a bullet wound received on the Fourth of July. A neighbor woman was toying with a 32-calibre revolver, which accidentally was discharged. The bullet struck Mrs. Madden squarely on the chin, shattering the jaw bone, passed around her throat and lodging near the spine.

LUMBER IS BURNED.

Virginia Fire Set From Forest Blaze Sparks is Costly.

Virginia.—Fire at the Virginia and Ratay Lake Lumber Company's mill destroyed between $5,000 and $10,000 of lumber, which was insured.

The quick work of the company's fire department, combined with that of the city department, subdued the fire within fifty feet of the new planer. The wind favored the fighters. The origin was possibly from sparks of near-by burning forests.

BRACE ACCUSED OF ROBBERY.

St. Paul.—Fred Miller and John Burk were arrested at the Union Depot on complaint of John Huss, who said they had taken $10 from him, using the good old-fashioned Queensberry rules.

The cries of Huss attracted the attention of Detective Mike Sweeney and Officer McMahon, and they found the three, in a dark alley by the side of the depot. Huss had a black eye, and gave other evidences of rough handling.

MORE OPTIMISTIC

BIG ORDERS FROM NORTH DAKOTA ARE BEING RAPIDLY REINSTATED.

BUSINESS TONE BETTER

Merchants Who Held Up Orders Some Time Ago Now Request Them to Be Filled—Twin City Jobbers are Optimistic.

St. Paul, Minn., July 14.—A buyer from North Dakota in the city this morning called at the office of the manufacturers whom he had asked to hold up an order of $3,000 worth of clothing. He told them to ship all but $500 of it. Another firm from Grand Forks recently modified their cancellation with the same firm, cancelling only $750 of a $4,000 order they had suspended.

These experiences are typical of most of the jobbing houses of the city. In some lines, where all of the suspensions of orders came from North Dakota, there have been no reinstatements. "It is a little early," said one jobber. From other parts of the northwest full orders are being reinstated.

"The situation is much brighter," said Ambrose Guiterman this morning.

"It's looking so good to me that I intend to leave town," remarked C. L. Kluckholm of Gordon & Ferguson. He leaves today or tomorrow for a ten weeks' trip to Russia, where he will visit the fur centers. Charles W. Gordon of the same firm is also out of town.

"The country merchants are acting as I like to see them," said C. J. McConville, of Finch, Van Slyck & McConville. "When they see that they can't sell the goods we don't want them to take them. The 'hold-ups' we have received amount to only a very small part of our orders, and they are all from North Dakota."

Hold Up Proposed Increase.

Washington, July 14.—The interstate commerce commission announced today its intention to suspend all tariffs naming general and important rate advances, pending an investigation as to the reasonableness of the proposed increases.

"No more definite statement in this regard can be made now," says the commission, "but specific orders will be announced from time to time as they are entered and served."

It is expected the suspension in each case will be for 120 days from the effective date named in the tariff, but the commission intends by subsequent orders to provide for making effective on the same day such advances as may be allowed.

After Real Criminals.

Chicago, July 14.—Judge K. M. Landis' charge to a special federal grand jury empaneled in the United States district court today to hear the evidence in regard to the alleged violation of the anti-trust law by the National Packing Co. and subsidiary companies was most direct and in its instructions to get the real offenders disregarding the mere "aliases" the grand jurors might find. Individual indictments are expected as a result. The jury was cautioned by Judge Landis in his charge to allow their actions to be wholly free from the influence of the oft heard argument that law enforcement will "unsettle business."

East Faces Railroad Strike.

Philadelphia, July 14.—The positive declaration that the failure of the company to meet the demands of the men would be met with a strike was made by W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, just before he joined a conference between W. Heywood Meyers, general manager of the Pennsylvania railroad for the lines east of Pittsburg and 120 committeemen of the conductors' and trainmen's union in the assembly room of the Pennsylvania railroad state today.

Fined for Refusing Census Returns.

Helena, Mont., July 14.—Lewis Wagner, an aged Valley county farmer, who was indicted on the charge of refusing to answer questions propounded by a census enumerator, despite repeated efforts to secure the desired statistical information, entered a plea of guilty and was fined $100. This he paid and immediately afterwards visited the census office and freely answered all queries propounded by the supervisor of this district.

To Settle Boundary Dispute.

Washington, July 14.—A conference on the boundary dispute between Peru and Ecuador today occupied the attention of Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson, Charge d'Affaires De Lima E. Silva of Brazil, and Charge d'Affaires Villagas of Argentina, representing the three mediating powers which are endeavoring to bring about amicable relations between the two republics by arranging the long disputed border line.

Appointed Collector.

Washington, D. C., July 14.—Willis C. Cook of North Dakota has been appointed collector of internal revenue for the district of North and South Dakota.

Conservation Convention Program.

Chicago, July 14.—Gifford Pinchot, president of the national conservation congress, and its executive committee met here today to consider the features of the tentative program of the next meeting of the congress. Mr. Pinchot went into secret conference with the members of the committee.

Governor Eberhart of Minnesota also was present.

It is understood that objections have been made to certain features of the proposed program which are thought to have decided leanings toward the Pinchot side of the Pinchot-Ballinger controversy.

Consul Asks for Tent.

Washington, July 14.—With the entire town of Campbellton, N. B., swept away by fire, United States Consul Botkins today telegraphed to the state department requesting that a wall tent be sent him for use as a temporary office. He said not a store was left in the town and only a few buildings.

King Edward's Funeral Cost $202,500.

London, July 14.—The elaborate funeral given King Edward cost the nation $202,500 as is shown in the supplementary financial estimate issued today.

CONFERS WITH HUGHES

ROOSEVELT DISCUSSES SITUATION IN NEW YORK.

Wants Best Man for Governor of New York and one Acceptable to Rank and File of the Republicans

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 13.—Theodore Roosevelt gave his first indication of his position in respect to the nomination of the republican governor of New York this fall.

Mr. Roosevelt in an interview said: "My position in regard to the governorship this fall is this: I went to find the best man for the office, a man who is most acceptable to the rank and file of the republican party and the independent voters. I intend to do everything in my power to see that such a man is elected."

Roosevelt's indication of his position made less than an hour after the departure for New York of Governor Hughes, is taken as a significant sidelight on the conference between the governor and the colonel. While both men refused this morning to disclose the precise subject matter of their conference, it is believed from the colonel's attitude that it was decided that Mr. Roosevelt shall take an active personal part in the nomination of a candidate for governor.

Governor Hughes left at 10 o'clock for New York in the automobile of Wm. R. Wilcox. He said he would meet his military secretary, Frederick M. Crossett at the Hotel Astor and that they would leave this afternoon for Washington, where the governor is to select a house to move into this fall when he goes on the supreme court bench.

That was all he would say.

Colonel Roosevelt was smiling contentedly when he was seen shortly afterward.

"I had a delightful visit with Governor Hughes," he said. "We had a most interesting talk."

"Did you talk politics with him?" he was asked.

The question seemed to amuse him. "Of course, we talked of political conditions. What else could we talk about? We discussed things which we have been anxious for a long time to talk of."

That was all he was willing to say as to the conference.

Eagles in Parade.

Fargo, July 13.—The big event of today for the state meeting of Fraternal Order of Eagles, which began its annual convention in this city yesterday afternoon was the street parade which took place at 10 o'clock this morning, and which notwithstanding the fact that there were not many people in line as expected was a most creditable one.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the state aerie went into secret session for the purpose of hearing reports of the various committees, election of officers and a place for the 1911 convention. This, it is expected will occupy the attention of the convention until the hour for adjourning which has been set for 5 o'clock.

Murderer Gets Thirty Years.

Ellendale, N. D., July 13.—Robert Boatner, charged with the murder of Richard A. Mock at Forbes, this county on May 3 over a dispute of $5 due on wages, was found guilty of murder in the second degree by a jury this morning.

The jury fixed the sentence at thirty years in the penitentiary. The trial was concluded at midnight and the jury was out five hours.

Mock was shot twice. He was taken to a hospital at Minneapolis on the evening of May 3, where he died on May 6. The shooting was declared to have been premeditated and without cause.

Boatner admitted the killing, but claimed self-defense.

Nation Wide Strike Possible.

New York, July 13.—It was announced today by the general strike committee of the 60,000 striking cloak makers that there was the possibility of a general strike of the cloak makers throughout the country. Representatives of the union in all large cities where cloaks and suits are made are in New York to confer with the strike leaders. The report said that unions in their various cities are ready to call a strike at a moment's notice.

Train Dispatcher Fired.

Cincinnati, O., July 13.—Albert Smith a train dispatcher for the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad at Dayton has been relieved of his position. He was dismissed, the officials said today, more than a week ago for his connection with the Middletown wreck in which twenty-three people lost their lives July 4.

Five Aeronauts Killed.

Leichlingen, Rhenish Prussia, July 13.—Oscar Erbsloch, the German aeronaut who won the international balloon race at St. Louis in 1907, and four companions were killed today when the dirigible balloon Erbsloch burst at a height of several hundred feet and dropped to the ground a crumpled mess.

Farmer Is Fined.

Hampton Iowa, July 14.—It cost S. S. Sharpe a fine of $99 and costs to pay for damages done by his sheep to the crop of William Rodemeyer, a neighbor. The controversy has been pending some time and at one time bordered on an incipient feud.

Drown When Track Sinks.

Kenora, Ont., July 13.—The War Eagle dump on the Canadian Pacific went down early today and the water is flowing over it. A pile driver and a train load of piles, and timber were sent to bridge the gap, train No. 97 and the boat express being held here. Passengers on the Kenora local were transferred and brought here on a special.

When the dump went down four Galician laborers were thrown into the water. Three scrambled out, but one was drowned. The old single track dump at War Eagle had stood undisturbed for twenty-five years.

Shooting Mystery Solved.

Chicago, July 13.—The mystery in the shooting of Raymond Mahonay, by Elher Cooper, Monday morning was solved today according to the police by the confession of Theodore Burgess, who declared that Mahonay, John Rush and himself lay in wait for Cooper and attempted to rob him.

Rush is a brother of Cathryna Rush, Cooper's fiancee who said good night to Cooper just before the fatal shot was fired. Burgess was wounded in the back by one of the shots from Cooper's revolver and was in hiding until this afternoon when he was traced to a physician's office.

EAGLES IN FARGO

FRATERNAL ORDER IS HOLDING ANNUAL CONVENTION IN GATE CITY.

100 DELEGATES ATTEND

Every Aerie in North Dakota Represented at the Big Meeting—Wednesday Will Be the Big Day of the Convention.

Fargo, July 12.—The annual convention of state aerie of the fraternal order of Eagles convened this afternoon at 2 o'clock in Loyal Knight's hall, this city. It was called to order by Bernard Mullen, state president of Grand Forks, with all the state officers present.

There were in the neighborhood of 100 accredited delegates here, representing the nineteen aeries in the state and a membership of 2,700. Mr. Mullen in opening the convention stated that the object of the state conventions was to suggest new laws to better the condition or the subordinate aeries as well as to get recognition on the part of the grand aerie for the individual states.

In the absence of Mayor, Lovell. Alderman E. E. Cole gave a hearty welcome to the visitors, at the hearty welcome to the visitors, at the same time extending to them the hospitality of the city. He said that Fargo was always glad to welcome visitors and was particularly pleased to welcome representatives of this large and growing fraternity.

Then followed the appointment of the committees on credentials, resolutions, on constitution and additional by-laws and routine business. The convention will adjourn shortly after 4 o'clock this afternoon to enable the visitors to witness the baseball game between the Athletics of this city and the celebrated Picketts of Grand Forks. This evening the ladies will be given a ride over the trolly lines and at 8 o'clock the annual banquet to delegates and state officers will take place in the dining room of the Metropole hotel. This will be followed by a reception and ball for Eagles and their ladies at Stone's Music hall.

FAKE UPRISING.

Stock Broker Was Behind Recent Cuban Insurrection.

Havana, July 12.—The purpose of Colonel Joorje Valora and his associates were arrested yesterday, was to compel American intervention, according to government's information. The secretary of the interior has issued an official statement that it was learned some days ago a conspiracy existed with the design of blowing up bridges and railways and the destruction of property of foreigners.

The investigation resulted in the discovery that the suspects were in constant communication with a stock broker whose name is not known.

A description of him has been obtained and the police are making an active search for him. The arrests were delayed until the four conspirators had started for Viaja Bermeja, where is is believed they intended to begin operations.

When arrested one of the conspirators named Valeriana Pico, voluntarily declared the whole conspiracy was a fake and merely an attempt to make a pretense of an uprising to break the local stock market by committing some damage, not serious to property.

Pinchot to Aid Campaign.

New York, July 12.—Gifford Pinchot, the close friend of Colonel Roosevelt and the deposed United States forester, announced today that he would leave for California tomorrow to take the stump in behalf of Hiram Johnson, who is seeking the gubernatorial nomination in California and who is endorsed for that honor by the Lincoln-Roosevelt league of California.

Pinchot's announcement was made shortly after a conference with Colonel Roosevelt in which Marshal Stimson of Los Angeles, Cal., also took part. Mr. Pinchot said he would make several speeches in behalf of Mr. Johnson's candidacy which he indicated was being strongly opposed by the old line republican organizations of that state.

Neither Mr. Pinchot nor Marshal Stimson would say that Colonel Roosevelt had given his assurances of support to Mr. Johnson's gubernatorial aspirations, but the fact that Mr. Pinchot's announcement came within a few minutes after leaving Colonel Roosevelt's office caused general belief among politicians that Mr. Roosevelt endorsed Mr. Johnson in his efforts to secure the nomination.

Stage Goes Over Cliff.

Yosemite, Cal., July 12—A four-horse stage coach carrying eleven passengers bound for El Portal, the gateway of the Yosemite National park, went over a cliff into the Mercer river, a fall of 100 feet, Sunday. One man and three women were carried down with the stage and were injured seriously. The other passengers and the driver jumped in time. Two horses were killed.

The coach was rounding a sharp curve known as "Devil's Elbow" on the stage road between Yosemite and El Portal. One of the leaders stumbled and knocked the outside leading horse over the cliff. Two wheelers and stage went over after it. When the driver saw that the coach was going, he called to the passengers to jump, at the same time leaping to safety himself.

Noted Englishman Dead.

Bournemouth, Eng., July 12.—Hon C. B. Rolls, son of Lord Llangatteck, and the hero of the recent channel flight from Dover to France and return, was killed this morning by a fall while flying with his Wright biplane. The machine suddenly buckled up while forty feet from the ground, was overturned and the young aviator was dashed to the earth.

Captain Rolle was 33 years old and was one of the most popular young sportsmen in England. His death will be a great blow to the aristocratic sporting enthusiasts, with all of whom he was a great personal favorite.

Roblin Wins Out.

Winnipeg, Man., July 12.—Roblin government of Manitoba and government ownership of elevators, succeeded at the polls today, conservatives electing twenty-seven and liberals fifteen seats. All cabinet members had big majorities.

Arrested for Rioting.

Columbus, O., July 12.—Four men were arrested at Newark early today on information furnished by the governor's office and charged with participating in the lynching riot last Friday night.

WHEN BIG BOSSES MIX

by JOHN BRAND

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SO FAR as things political go, Pat O'Brien owns the town. So far as the railroad goes, and that is to the jumping-off place in the Pacific ocean, Joe Dale owns the railroad. Dale's railroad moves and has a large part of its being in O'Brien's town. Soon or late these two men were sure to war for supremacy in the town, and this is the story of how it happened. The people of the town and the stockholders of the railroad don't come into the story at all. They only furnished the sinews of war, which fact is abundant proof that the story is true.

Pat O'Brien's town calls him the cardinal. In a moment of angry defeat, a silk-stockinged enemy, too polite to liken Pat to the devil, sourly dubbed him a second Cardinal Richelieu. The name tickled the town's fancy, and it stuck.

The cardinal didn't mind. He was too busy to cavil at mere names. His business as a stockbroker grew with the town, he had for customers men like John, the son and henchman of Joe Dale, and when John bought and sold stocks it was to be supposed that the cardinal profited through inside knowledge. Other business friends were powerful and their friendship financially was worth while. Colonel Legarde, who controls the Superior railroad, is also president of the Interstate Electric railway, an electric road, with terminals and local lines in the town. The electric road needed many political favors and the cardinal obtained them for it, or for his friend Colonel Legarde. Really there was no other way to get anything. Unless and until Pat nodded his head there was nothing doing, for the town council fed out of his hand and state legislators followed out his orders.

Pat O'Brien waxed rich. But one generation away from the "ould sod" his clothes spelled American business man, but his neckties faded the solar spectrum to a neutral tint, and marked the politician who bought and sold franchises and dealt out jobs at will. Knowing the times to talk and to keep silence, a loyal friend and a deadly enemy, he made money for his stock dabbling [illegible], serenely grafting his political way as the safest means to a desired end, and was worth a million and a half, at least. He owned the town.

As John Dale's business of owning the railroad grew greater and more complex, he was more and more away from Lacedaemon—for that is better Greek than the real name of the town, anyhow—it became necessary for him to ask favors of the cardinal, and the favors were given with open hand. Dale found it necessary, too, to have a daily local organ and a voice wherewith to fool the people. He bought the Daily Planet Publishing company, and made Pat O'Brien president. Dale regarded the presidency a reward for favors received and a final binding of the town boss to his chariot tail. The cardinal knew that Pollock, the editor, received all his orders from Dale, and regarded the presidency as something of a joke. Grown to full stature among the other railroad kings, ruling had become a habit with Joe Dale. He made and unmade towns and the people in them at will, and expected no other interest than Joe Dale's to be thought of, or moved in, or lived for by any one connected with him. Sometimes he mistook his man, as when one day he went into the office of one of his eminent and well-paid legal aids and found the lawyer dead to the outside world and Joe Dale's business in a volume of Balzac.

The railroad king blew up. "I don't pay you to read dum French novels," he roared. The lawyer looked at him a long moment.

"Mr. Dale," he finally said, "You pay me for what I know, not what I do. I'll read dum French novels"—crescendo—"or do any other dum thing"—forte—"any dum time or any dum place"—fortissimo—"I dum please!" ending with a Wagnerian bang on the table.

Whereupon Joe Dale changed the subject.

Dale thought he owned the president of the Daily Planet company, but the cardinal had other thoughts about the matter. Colonel Legarde wanted a new franchise for an extension of the Interstate to a summer resort, some 30 miles away. The proposed extension would pass through another town or two on its way to the lake and would parallel Joe Dale's steam road. Now Joe Dale and the colonel were bitterly at outs over various grabbings and snatchings each had made at the other's magnateship. The cardinal could not see that this concerned him at all. The extension would be a benefit and a convenience to the town. There was money in it for him. The deal was on.

Then Joe Dale came from New York and sent for the cardinal. The two men faced each other with the eyes of poker players in a game, keen, deep, unfathomable. For the rest, it might have been a whiskered farmer in his Sunday suit meeting a city man, otherwise correctly clad, wearing a red, red ascot tie.

"I hear," said Dale, "That the Interstate people want a franchise for that foolish summer resort extension of theirs."

"I hear so too," the cardinal replied.

"Well, let's cut it short. They can't get it."

"The extension would be a good thing for the town, Mr. Dale."

"I don't want it. It parallels my road. Your city council must refuse the franchise." Here was no slushy talk or thought of the rights of people or of stockholders. It was "my road," and "your council." The cardinal was undisturbed. "The people want it, Mr. Dale," he said, "it will be a great convenience for travel between the towns and the lake."

Dale measured his man again. There were the cool, unfathomable eyes, the correct clothes, the red tie. The red necktie settled it. O'Brien was only a cheap politician after all. He must be shown.

"You know, O'Brien, the Planet will oppose this thing to the bitter end, and you are the president of the Daily Planet Publishing company. It will place you in a nasty light." This was no news to the cardinal, and his eyes were accustomed to nasty lights. But he said, in the tone of a man who half surrenders: "I hadn't thought of that."

"YOU BLOCK THAT FRANCHISE OR YOU WON'T BE PRESIDENT OF THE PLANET COMPANY LONG"

"PAT, I HAVE A PRIVATE TIP THAT A BIG KILLING IS COMING OFF IN NIPPER STOCK"

"Pollock will roast you," the magnate went on, "Of course he can't do it by name, but he will do you up. You must block this franchise. I insist on it, as your friend."

"Well, Mr. Dale, Colonel Legarde is my friend too," continued the cardinal.

"The extension will parallel my road. You must stop it," snapped Dale, irritated by the mention of his enemy's name. He cared nothing about the extension itself, but that Colonel Legarde wanted it was enough to make him fight the franchise. O'Brien knew this as the real reason and went on deliberately.

"It will be a hard thing to do. Colonel Legarde is popular—"

This second mention of Legarde was too much for the temper of the railroad king. He blew up.

"Dum Legarde!" he shouted. "You block that franchise or you won't be president of the Planet company long."

"Hold on, Mr. Dale. Don't get hostile. I'd no idea you were so dead set against this thing."

"Well, I am. And I don't want to have to tell you about it again."

"You won't have to," the cardinal assured him, and departed, well satisfied with the fact that he had made Dale too mad to see that no promise had been given to block the obnoxious franchise.

Joe Dale went back to New York convinced that he had shown the man with the red necktie it was not safe for Joe Dale's men to fool with the Dale buzz saw. Apparently he had, for when the franchise came before the council it was chewed over, chewed up, delayed, tabled, taken up again, juggled with, side tracked and everything but killed outright. Public interest in it lagged. Pollock of the Planet, his fears soothed by the parliamentary acrobatics which he thought were only O'Brien's method of "saving face," took himself and his loaded editorial pen to New York on business.

This was the cardinal's time, and he acted quickly. At the next meeting of the city council the franchise was rushed through. But this was not all. In the absence of Pollock the president of the Planet company assumed authority, and the morning after, out came the Planet with news descriptions of the Interstate extension, scare-head, first page, and double-leaded indorsement of the council's action, the need of Lacedaemon for the proposed road and the many benefits it would bring to the city, on the editorial page. The people read and marveled. Some laughed and others of the knowing ones looked scared. Dale's guns were spiked. He had no other local means of attacking the franchise or the cardinal, and any way the deed was done. All wondered what he would do.

They didn't wonder long. As fast as a railroad king can get over the rails, Joe Dale came to Lacedaemon. He almost literally threw the Daily Planet out of its office windows, murdered it and jumped on its corpse. He fired Pat O'Brien from the presidency with force and arms. It would have been tragic, if everybody had not been grinning at Dale's futile wrath. As it was, the only satisfaction the irate railroad king got out of it was to tell a few party leaders who besought him to continue the paper or sell, that he would let the Western Associated press franchise expire rather than see another fool paper like that in Lacedaemon. Even this small satisfaction was lessened when Pollock insisted on his salary being continued to the end of an iron-clad four-year contract. Mr. Dale went back to New York with new ideas about city bosses and their ways.

The episode, for it was only an episode in the life of busy Lacedaemon, was soon almost forgotten. The cardinal had shown Joe Dale that he was boss of the town. Joe Dale had chopped off the cardinal's presidential head in retaliation. John Dale continued his business friend and customer, and the whole affair was dismissed from the cardinal's busy mind as closed, with honors even.

But Joe Dale was not through with Pat O'Brien. It is a railroad king's prerogative to punish, as well as to reward, and for the punishment of O'Brien, Dale laid a trap the effectiveness of which lay entirely in its simplicity.

Came John Dale one day to the cardinal and said: "Pat, I have a private tip that a big killing is coming off in Nipper stock. Buy me ten thousand at the market and hold on until I tell you to let go."

"All right," said the cardinal, and bought another ten thousand as well for his own account. Nipper advanced a point. He called in a few chosen friends who formed a pool and invested heavily. Nipper advanced two points, five points. Pat bought more; he would pull out when John Dale did and retire from active business with his profits.

John Dale himself had gone to New York on the day he gave his order to O'Brien. Within a day Nipper began to sag. Then it dropped below the buying point. The pool put up more margins. The stock still dropped, swiftly now, and the other members of the pool became alarmed. Pat reassured them. "They're shaking out the small blocks of stock," he said, "Then you'll see her sky-rocket."

Nipper continued to toboggan. Pat's friends were seriously concerned. They talked of selling and pocketing their losses, but he showed them his hand. "Look here," he said, "John Dale is in this thing up to his neck and we know where he gets his private tips. Here's what he has on my books alone. As long as he holds on and keeps up his margins, I'm satisfied." His friends knew the cardinal; they knew he, too, was "up to his neck;" they held on.

Suddenly Nipper went down like mercury in blizzard weather. The friends were wildly alarmed. They insisted that John Dale was giving Dick the "double cross." Though he did not believe it, he wired to New York for special and private investigation of John Dale's movements there. And after a little delay tidings came that made the pool-sharers very sick men. John Dale had gone to New York, had a short talk with his father, then gone straightway to his broker and sold short ten thousand Nipper at the market. The profits on the sale as the stock went down would pay his losses on the Lacedaemon purchase. Meanwhile Joe Dale would see to it that Nipper did go down until Pat O'Brien was utterly swamped.

Of course the pool made haste to sell out. John Dale's private tip had been a prophecy. A killing had been made and O'Brien and his friends were the slaughtered ones. When the debris was finally swept up the cardinal, who had plunged fiercely on his own private account, found himself poorer by some $750,000. It had cost him that much to disobey the mandate of a railroad king. But he still owns Lacedaemon.

Lure of the City Strong

Strange Fascination That Even Beauty of the Country Is Unable to Overcome.

The middle-aged woman was at the St. Regis, and there one of her friends found her, to her great surprise. "You don't mean to tell me," exclaimed the caller, "that you have given up your beautiful home in the country?"

"Yes, I have. My daughter simply took me out of it."

"Why?"

"Because she doesn't like the country. Whenever she visited me out there she complained so bitterly about things that we were both unhappy. She thought the cream was horrible—all full of thick lumps, instead of smooth and thin, like real city cream. The butter, she said, tasted like grass, and the broilers didn't taste 'high,' like the kind she was used to. There was so much light it made her eyes ache, and the scent of roses kept her awake at night, so she sold the place and brought me in here."

"Reminds me," said the caller, "of an old play, in which I once saw Mrs. Gilbert. In one scene she personated a woman who had just returned to New York after a long absence. She opened a window which was supposed to overlook Broadway, leaned out, took a long whiff, and then exclaimed rapturously: 'Oh, the dear, delightful, dirty New York!' "—New York Press.

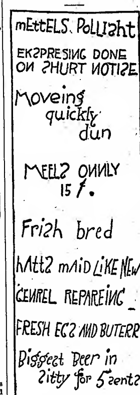
Grand Patriotic Celebration.

More than forty pure and mixed races of mankind took part in the colossal international pageant in celebration of the centennial of the birth of Elihu Burritt, "Apostle of Brotherhood,' held recently in New Britain, Conn., the Hardware city. School exercises, choral singing, parades and floats, speeches and an illuminated town enjoying a half-holiday contributed to the patriotic celebration.

LIKE CRUDE SIGNS

Reason for Misspelled and Poorly Printed Ads.

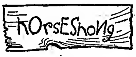
Men of Education in City's Foreign Quarter Purposely Make Signs Ridiculous to Hold Their Trade.



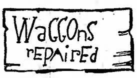
Indianapolis.—Most of the advertising signs in the foreign sections of the city present many humorous phases of business activities. They are inartistic, in bad taste, and seem to display a generous amount of ignorance or carelessness—but such is not the case.

Investigation has disclosed the fact that those signs, at least most of them, serve as business getters. They are the mediums which bring and hold the foreigners together, and they attract hundreds of up-to-date Americans, who think those signs stand for just what they want. The advertising in the foreign districts, however crude it may seem, is in many respects more up to date than what is used downtown. Many of the foreigners—and many in the foreign districts are matured Americans—could prepare or order as pretty signs as seen anywhere, but this would spoil the business in those districts, and the old signs are retained.

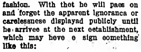
A man on West Washington street, blacksmith by trade, and one who looks every bit a foreigner, is well educated. He knows every word in the English language adapted to his trade and does not have to stutter when spelling most any word called for. He writes a good hand and can print the capital and small letters of the alphabet almost as well as a graduate sign painter. But his sign over the door to the shop reads:



Another, almost as good, on the front of the shop, says:



As soon as these are noticed the onlooker will comment on the poor spelling, first of all. Then he will take into consideration the art of sign making and wonder why on earth a man should jumble the letters in that fashion. With that he will pass on and forget the apparent ignorance or carelessness displayed publicly until he arrives at the next establishment, which may have a sign something like this:



BORDERS BY WEK OR DEY WANTED

This may not seem so crude. The letters are uniform and present a good appearance. Evidently somebody with real artistic instinct had been employed to advertise the wants of the house. Here the spelling is the chief fault.

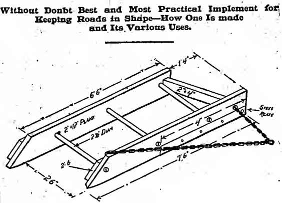
A large artistic and in every way beautiful sign, such as can be seen in the business district, would not attract the foreigners. First of all, they think an establishment carrying a sign of bright colors and worked out to mathematical precision would show too much prosperity, too much Americanism.

About Beans.

The bean that we eat in some form nearly every day, that almost everybody likes, is comparatively new as an edible. Our common, everyday bean is a native of South America and was introduced into Europe, whence it came to this country, during the sixteenth century, and now is represented by more than 150 cultivated varieties. The big, broad bean is the bean of history and its origin is so remote that it is doubtful. It is probably a native of southwestern Asia and northeastern Europe.

CONSTRUCTION AND USE OF SPLIT-LOG DRAG

Without Doubt Best and Most Practical Implement for Keeping Roads in Shape—How One Is made and Its Various Uses.



King Road Drag.

(By L. W. CHASE, UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION.)

The split-log drag, or, as it is commonly called, the "king" drag, is without doubt the best implement for keeping roads in shape and in many instances is as efficient as any other implement in the construction of earth roads.

The king drag can be constructed of either a split log or a plank, but in this state the plank is much easier to obtain than the log, hence this brief description pertains to the construction from planks.

Select a good yellow pine, ash or oak plank two inches thick, twelve inches wide, and fourteen feet long. Cut this in two at an angle so that one edge of each piece is seven feet and six inches long and the other edge is six feet and six inches long. Spike to the back and along the center of each of these planks a two-inch by six-inch piece, which reinforces the plank. Bore the holes for the cross stakes about twenty-six inches apart and four inches from each end with a two and one half inch auger, using care to keep the auger perpendicular to the plank. The two-inch by four-inch brace at the front end should start from the middle of the rear plank and drop to the bottom part of the front plank. The blade, which is generally made of stock cutter steel, should be given the proper cutting slope by placing a wedge-shaped strip between it and the plank. One end of the chain is fastened to a cross stake and the other passes through a hole in the plank and is held in position by means of a pin.

The use of the drag is more satisfactory if the road has first been crowned with a blade grader, but whenever this is not convenient and the traffic is not too heavy the road may be gradually brought to a crown by means of the drag.

The surface of the average country road should be covered in one round with the drag. One horse should be driven on the inside of the wheel track and the other on the outside, the drag being set, by means of the chain, so that it is running at an angle of about 45 degrees with the wheel track and working the earth toward the center of the road. In the spring when the roads are more likely to be rutty and soft it is generally better to go over the road twice and in some places more times.

The drag should be floored with boards which are separated by open spaces of sufficient width so that the dirt which falls over will rattle through and yet they should be close enough so that the driver can move about upon the drag quite freely.

To insure the successful operation of the drag it is necessary for the driver to use careful judgment. Sometimes it is essential that the blade be held down so that the drag will cut roots and weeds, while at other times the front edge should not bear too heavily upon the surface as it will dig out a soft place which would be better if left undisturbed. This regulation of the cutting edge can be accomplished by the driver moving back and forth or to the right and left on the drag.

If the road is to be crowned with the drag it is often well to plow a light furrow along the sides and work this loosened dirt to the center.

On roads with heavy traffic the drag should be used much oftener and with more care than on roads with light traffic.

The distance from the drag at which the team is hitched affects the cutting. A long hitch permits the blade to cut deeper than a short hitch, likewise a heavy doubletree will cause the cutting edge to settle deeper than a light one.

Strange as it may seem, the heavier the traffic over a properly dragged road the better the road becomes.

There are very few periods of the year when the use of the drag does not benefit the road, but it does the best work when the soil is moist and yet not too sticky. This is frequently within a half-day's time after a rain. When the earth is in this state it works the best, and the affects of working it are fully as beneficial as at any other time. The Nebraska soils when mixed with water and thoroughly worked become remarkably tough and impervious to rain and if compacted in this condition they become extremely hard.

This action of the soil in becoming so hard and smooth not only helps to shed the water during a rain, but also greatly retards the formation of dust.

Successful Farming.

Many a successful railroad president would prove a failure running a chicken farm.

The middle-age city man on a salary faces a terrifying old age, but the middle-age farmer can always make the soil support him.

Why should any farmer in good health who has grown well off by active work move to town to go to seed?

Exercise Judgment and Care.

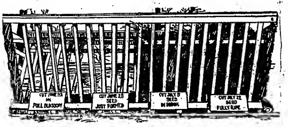
We have reports of three farmers in different states being literally chopped to pieces under disk harrows this spring. Doubtless there are scores of similar accidents that are not reported. It is criminal carelessness to stand in front of a harrow, mower or reaper while the team is attached. Only a moment is required to drop the traces and perfect safety is thereby insured.

Electricity on Farms.

On the great truck farms of Long Island electricity is used very largely in all farm operations. On one farm a plant costing $1,500 has been installed, but it does nearly all the work on the farm that was formerly done by horses. It costs about $600 a year to operate this plant, but the owner estimates that he saves three times this amount in labor.

The root is the foundation of the plant. It should be stimulated to early and continuous growth by the best care in the beginning.

SECURE BEST HAY QUALITY



CUT JUNE 22 IN FULL BLOSSOM
CUT JUNE 28 SEED JUST FORMED
CUT JULY 5 SEED IN DOUGH
CUT JULY 12 SEED FULLY RIPE

To get the best quality of hay the timothy plants require to be cut when in full bloom. In an experiment made by Prof. Waters of Missouri, racks were filled with hay cut in different stages of ripeness. As shown in the illustration all the early-cut hay was eaten before the late-cut was touched. The largest yield of dry matter was obtained by cutting at the dough stage.

LOW HEADED FRUIT TREES

Many Orchardists Believe That Nearer to Ground They Can Head Trees the Better—They Are Short-Lived and Unsightly.

(By E. R. CANFIELD.)

At the present time many orchardists believe that the nearer to the ground they can head their trees the better and thousands of trees have grown up like bushes without any training at all, each shoot from near the ground striving to become the body of the tree.

The trees grown in this way will come sooner into bearing and have a greater bearing surface, but are short lived and unsightly, are easily broken down by the wind and weight of the fruit. In certain parts of the country where the trees are exposed to droughts and hot winds, I would advise low-headed trees, but as a rule I am in favor of medium high training. The branches after the tree comes into bearing should protect the trunk of the tree from the sun during the summer.

The heading should be high enough to secure a growth of branches at nearly right angles with the trunk, otherwise they will form what is termed mal-formed crotches, owing to the natural tendency of the branches to an upright growth. Every tree should have a central shaft and the branches should be evenly distributed. Care must be exercised in pruning not to allow a side branch to get ahead of the center.

Hen Leaving Nest.

A hen may leave a nest of eggs for more than a day and the eggs still hatch, if they have not been subjected to freezing temperature. In very warm weather a hen may be away from her eggs for two days and the eggs still hatch. If you find a hen has left her nest and the eggs cold, give the eggs to another hen.

There are two main crops of cabbage, one for the early season and one for late fall maturity.

Does not Color the Hair

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Stops Falling Hair / Destroys Dandruff

An Elegant Dressing / Makes Hair Grow

Composed of Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume. Ask your doctor his opinion of such a hair preparation.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Does not Color the Hair

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN E. KING C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Mayor Haynes of Minneapolis has filed for re-election. And it is said there is no use trying to beat him.

About forty saloons at Moorehead will be closed in September by the recent order of the government. This will be a hard blow to Fargo.

The Minnesota crop is said to be above the average. The southern part of the state has a bumper crop, which will make up for the deficiency in other parts.

8,722 persons killed and 95,626 injured by the railways of the United States during the year ending June 30, 1909, is the latest offering in vital statistics as applied to railroads. Nearly five-eighths of the killed were trespassers on railroad trains or tracks, which goes to show that if life is worth much it is cheaper to pay your way than to beat the railroad company out of a fare.

The movement for uniformity in legislation is in the popular favor, says the Glencoe Enterprise. The desirability of such legislation is apparent when we note the various clashing laws, of the several states in the union. Governors and professional men in many states have organized to push legislation for uniform laws, in which effort Minnesota should join. This state took one step in that direction, during the administration of Gov. Johnson, with regard to insurance laws.

According to the Fairmont Sentinel the Socialists have adopted a novel plan for making a showing in Martin county. It is their intention to enter the campaign in earnest and to have candidates file for the leading county offices with the understanding that all of the salary in excess of $1,000 will be donated to a good roads fund. They consider a salary of $1,000 per year sufficient for any county officer and they would be nearly right except for the fact that every county officer is called upon about sixteen times daily for contributions to this fund or that. The Socialist plan would simply put the amount all in one fund and have chosen the good roads move as the one calculated to be the most popular. Now that the plan has been given publicity perhaps candidates in some of the other parties will take up with the scheme.

Under the terms of the postal savings bank law, a board of trustees is created, consisting of the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the attorney general, who shall declare what postoffices shall become postal savings banks. Deposits in these shall not be more than $100 a month or exceed a total of $500. An account may be opened with $1.00 but stamps of ten cents each will be issued for those desiring to accumulate money to be deposited. On deposits 2 per cent interest per annum is to be paid. Any depositor so desiring can change his deposits for government bonds to be issued in denominations of $20, $40, $60, $80, $100 and $500, to bear interest at 2½ per cent per annum. The money accumulating in the postal savings bank is to be deposited in both national and state banks in the vicinity of the postoffice in which the money is deposited by the people, such banks to pay 2½ per cent interest. Five per cent of the total to be retained by the secretary of the treasury as a cash reserve. Not more than 30 per cent of these deposits may be withdrawn by the government at any one time for investments in bonds of the United States, the remaining 65 per cent to remain on deposit with the banks.

AN EXPLANATION.

The Thief River News reprints from the American Press the following notice:

FOR SALE—ONLY NEWSPAPER and job office in live town of 1,300; eight pages all home print, independent Democratic; first class equipment, Babcock tapeless press, vast amount of type, all in excellent condition; big advertising and job business; third county printing; clears over $2000 per year; price $3,750, $2000 cash, balance long time. JOHN E. KING, State Librarian, St. Paul, Minn.

The News states that this notice means that the Red Lake Falls Gazette is for sale.

This is not true. A friend of mine, Mr. A. J. Schaffer, of the Adrian Democrat, recently informed me that because of ill health he found it necessary to sell his paper and retire from the newspaper business, and for obvious business reasons did not wish replies to his advertisement to be addressed to him. I told him to use my name for the purpose. Last week the Democrat was sold to Mr. M. E. Mohrten, of Pittsburg, Pa.

This, I believe, is sufficient answer to the intimation of the News. Further, let me say that I own only a half-interest in the Gazette, and under my contract with Mr. Baker, my associate who owns the other half, I could not sell even my interest in the paper without his consent. The Gazette is not on the market, and at present I have no desire or intention of disposing of my half-interest. In justice to the Gazette and to Mr. Baker and myself the editor of the News should make the amende honorable.

JOHN E. KING.

An exchange remarks that "It will not be very easy to win a libel suit against a Minnesota newspaper. The supreme court has decided that proof of falsity is not sufficient to warrant a verdict; there must be added proof of malice and bad faith. It is the bad faith of the defendent, coupled with the falsity of the article that constitutes the gist of the plaintiff's cause of action, and in order to entitle plaintiff to recover, he must farther prove, outside, and beyond the article itself, the actual malice and bad faith of the defendant."

STANTON ON COUNTY OPTION.

Judge C. W. Stanton, at one time considered a likely candidate for governor on the Democratic ticket, created something of a furor in state politics by declaring in favor of county option. The Judge makes a splendid argument for the county option cause, and his address has excited so much interest that the Gazette takes pleasure in reprinting a portion of it:

"It is the proud boast of the American people that every citizen is a soverign and that the expressed will of the majority of the people constitutes the law. Then why, let me ask, shall we hesitate to submit to our sovereign power, the people, a question of such momentous importance as the traffic in intoxicating liquors?

"If I understand the county option movement, it is the advocacy of the granting of permission to the qualified electors of each county to determine for themselves whether the sale of intoxicants shall be licensed in the county. What request could be more Democratic or more closely in accord with the popular principles upon which our Republican form of government is founded? It must be conceded that a county is the proper governmental sub-division to determine this question, and this, for the reason among others, that the tax-payers of the county must stand the burden of the expense incident to the traffic, that the enforcement of the laws devolves upon the county officials and that the moral effect of the traffic in any city, village or community reaches and permeates the county.

"It comes down then to the question, not of prohibition, but of the control of ourselves. And in this connection it is pertinent to inquire what the interests are that are aligned against this movement and what methods are resorted to by those interests to control legislative enactment and prevent an expression of the will of the people.

"If I should attempt to discuss this phase of the question as conditions exist today in Minnesota, I fear I would approach too dangerously near an analysis of party politics in our fair state, and so I will leave the subject with only the suggestion that it may not be improbable that certain corporate interests are seeking to dominate the affairs of the state as well as of the nation."

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

MEETING BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

Continued From Page 1

knitting machines, raised 50 percent.

Town of Terrebonne, watches and clocks, raised 100 percent.

Town of Terrebonne, melodeons and organs, raised 15 percent.

Town of Terrebonne, pianofortes, raised 25 percent.

Town of Terrebonne, household goods, etc, raised 12 1-2 percent

Town of Terrebonne, agricultural tools, etc, raised 50 percent.

Town of Wyandotte, horses three years old and over, raised 5 percent.

Town of Wyandotte, wagons, carriages etc., raised 50 per cent.

Town of Wyandotte, sewing and knitting machines, raised 50 percent.

Town of Wyandotte, household goods, etc., raised 33 1-3 percent.

Town of Wyandotte, melodeons and organs, raised 5 percent.

Village of Plummer, one year old horses, raised 33 1-3 percent.

Village of Plummer, two year old cattle, raised 20 percent.

Village of Plummer, sheep, lowered 50 percent.

Village of Plummer, dogs, raised 20 percent.

Village of St. Hilaire, wagons, carriages etc., raised 20 percent.

Village of St. Hilaire, automobiles, etc., lowered 50 percent

Village of St. Hilaire, pianofortes, lowered 15 2-3 percent.

Village of St. Hilaire, agricultural tools, etc., lowered 50 percent.

Village of St. Hilaire, elevators etc. lowered 10 percent.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 8:00 o'clock a. m. July 20th, 1910.

Board reconvened at 8:00 o'clock a. m. July 20, 1910 and called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

City of Red Lake Falls, horses, two years old, raised 15 2-3 percent.

City of Red Lake Falls, wagons, carriages, etc, lowered 20 percent.

City of Red Lake Falls, automobiles, etc., raised 75 percent.

City of Red Lake Falls, sewing and knitting machines, raised 20 percent.

City of Red Lake Falls, watches and clocks, raised 50 percent

City of Red Lake Falls, melodeons and organs, raised 5 percent

City of Red Lake Falls, pianofortes, raised 10 percent

City of Red Lake Falls, dogs, raised 100 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, horses one year old, raised 25 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, cattle two years old, lowered 20 per cent.

City of Thief River Falls, pianofortes, raised 15 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, goods, mdse., wholesale merchants, raised 50 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, goods and merchandise, retail merchants, raised 50 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, logs, etc. in hands of manufacturer, raised 25 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, manufacturer's tools, etc., raised 33 1-3 per cent.

City of Thief River Falls, elevators only, lowered 25 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, dogs, raised 50 percent.

City of Thief River Falls, other personal property, raised 33 1 3 percent.

The assessment and equalization of real estate was taken up and on motion made by Joseph Johnson, duly seconded by Ed. A. Anbol and carried unanimously, the following changes were made in the assessments of farm lands exclusive of structures and other improvements.

Town of Bray raised 5 percent.

Town of Deer Park raised 5 percent.

Town of Equality raised 20 percent.

Town of Gervais raised 10 percent.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1:00 o'clock p. m.

Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock p. m., and called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

Town of Lake Pleasant raised 20 per cent.

Town of Mayfield raised 100 percent.

Town of Norden lowered 15 percent.

Town of Numedal lowered 5 per cent.

Town of Polk Centre raised 10 per cent.

Town of Red Lake Falls lowered 20 percent.

Town of River Falls raised 10 pecent.

Town of Rocksbury raised 20 per cent.

Town of Reiner raised 5 percent.

Town of Sanders raised 30 percent.

Town of Silverton raised 5 percent.

Town of Smiley raised 20 percent.

Town of Star raised 10 percent.

Town of Terrebonne raised 50 per cent.

Town of Wyandotte raised 25 percent.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 8:00 o'clock a. m., July 21st, 1910.

Board reconvened at 8:00 o'clock a. m., July 21st, 1910, and called to order by the chairman. All members present.

The assessment and equalization of structures on lands was taken up and on motion of Joseph Johnson, duly seconded by C. A. Lindquist and carried unanimously the following changes were made in the assessments of values of structures and other improvements:

Town of Deer Park raised 300 per cent.

Town of Garnes raised 100 per cent.

Town of Gervais raised 33 1-3 per cent.

Town of Goodridge raised 400 per cent.

Town of Highlanding raised 100 per cent.

Town of Lake Pleasant lowered 25 percent.

Town of Lambert raised 400 percent.

Town of Louisville raised 25 percent.

Town of Mayfield raised 50 percent.

Town of North raised 50 percent.

Town of Numedal raised 100 percent.

Town of Poplar River lowered 33 1-3 percent.

Town of Red Lake Falls lowered 20 percent.

Town of River Falls raised 100 per cent.

Town of Rocksbury raised 50 percent

Town of Sanders raised 75 percent.

Town of Silverton raised 150 percent.

Town of Smiley raised 50 percent.

Town of Star raised 100 percent.

Town of Terrebonne raised 125 per cent.

Town of Wyandotte raised 66 2-3 per cent.

Having examined, compared and equalized the return of assessment of Real and Personal Property of the county for the year 1910, on motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

WM. C. L. DEMANN, Chariman
Board of Equalization,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, July 11, 1910.

Pursuant to law the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in regular session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 5:00 o'clock p. m. July 11, 1910.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Anbol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent, None.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman at 5:00 o'clock p. m.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann, that the Board take a recess until 7:00 o'clock p. m.

Motion carried.

The board reconvened at 7:00 o'clock p. m. and were called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Anbol, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson:

Resolved that the sum of $150.00 be and the same hereby is appropriated from the County Road and Bridge Fund to aid the Town of Rocksbury in the grading of that certain county road running diagonally across Section 2, twp. 153, range 43, from the northwest corner to the southeast corner of said section, the said township required to expend at least double the amount appropriated on said work.

Resolution prevailed.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the board adjourn until 7:00 oclock a. m. July 12th, 1010.

Motion carried.

The board reconvened at 7:00 o'clock a. m. July 12th, 1910, and called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

A certified list of petit jurors as selected by the county board was ordered filed with the clerk of the district court.

On motion duly carried the following report of the Board of Audit was approved and accepted:

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Gentlemen:—

We, the undersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake county, convened at the office of the county treasurer of said county, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1910 for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books, and vouchers of H. E. Ives, County treasurer of said county, and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amounts of funds in the treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found said treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on July 1st, 1910, in the aggregate sum of $185,020.20,

And we find the treasurer in the possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amount as follows:

Cash in safe	$32.40
Town Orders	683.13
Deposited in First State Bank, Red Lake Falls	18,072.20
Deposited in Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls	23,589.97
Deposited in First State Bank, Thief River Falls	11,536.55
Deposited in First National Bank, Thief River Falls	29,803.06
Deposited in Citizens State Bank, Thief River Falls	14,044.83
Deposited in Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire	12,203.87
Deposited in First State Bank of Brooks	5,007.66
Deposited in Peoples State Bank, Thief River Falls	12,038.32
Deposited in First State Bank, Plummer	8,008.21
Total Funds on Hand July 1, 1910	$135,020.20

Respectfully Submitted,
A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor,
C. W. Johnson, Clerk of Dis't Court,
C. A. Lindquist, Chairman Co. Comrs.
Board of Audit,
Red Lake county.

The following statement of the financial condition of the county was submitted by the County Auditor:

Name of Fund and purpose for which tax was levied	Tax Levy for 1909	Cash Balance in Treasury July 1, 1910
County Revenue Fund	$25,000.00	Debit $ 3,704.20
County Bond & Interest	3,500.00	Credit 7,794.11
County Road & Bridge	9,000.00	Credit 5,679.57
Courthouse & Jail Fund	15,500.00	Credit 35,966.02
Special Co. Bond & Int.	1,000.00	Credit 2,633.96
County Poor Fund		Credit 147.35

Respectfully Submitted,
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's seal.)

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Demann and seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Whereas after due consideration, this board has estimated the necessary expenses of the county for the ensuing year to be as follows:

County Purposes	$25,000.00
Road and Bridge Purposes	9,000.00
Interest and Principal on Bonds	5,000.00
Special Bond and Interest	1,000.00

Therefore be it resolved, that to meet such expenses, the following sums be levied on the taxable property of Red Lake County as a basis of taxation for the year 1910:

County Revenue Fund	$25,000.00
County Road and Bridge Fund	9,000.00
County Bond and Interest Fund	5,000.20
Special Bond and Interest	1,000.0

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye Pigeon, Demann, Johnson, Anbol and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay, none.

Whereupon the chairman of the board declared the said resolution duly adopted.

The list of uncollected personal property tax for the year 1909 as returned by the sheriff was revised by the board and citations were ordered issued against the following named persons in the following amounts:—

Name of Person Assessed	Town or District	Tax, Penalty and Costs
E. M. Stanton	Thief River Falls	$ 0 25
T. J. Sampter	River Falls	6 94
M. D. Sortedahl	Polk Centre	35 89
Geo. Elder	Thief River Falls	19 29
Peter Roerig	Lambert	8 05
Alrick & Co.	Plummer	72 59
Bert Everett	Plummer	22 49
A. J. & A. McKinnon	Louisville	13 28
John Loeshen	Red Lake Falls Twp.	6 84
Clarence Langley	Red Lake Falls Twp.	10 99
Prairie Elevator Co.	Poplar River	35 30
Nick Drees	Lambert	69
Ivar Johnson	Hickory	13 64
Peter E. Bjerklie	Hickory	10 19
Hans Braleng	Numedal	5 74
Teenan Stenseth	Smiley	1 25
P. H. Thorsson	High Landing	11 59
Nils Helgemoe	Mayfield	3 00
Ole Eggen	Mayfield	1 77
Ole Peterson	Mayfield	8 05
Henry Rowald	Deer Park	17 70
Crookston Lumber Co.	St. Hilaire	24 29
G. W. Hooper	St. Hilaire	58 04
C. D. Whaley	Mayfield	16 33
Ed. Stephens	Mayfield	11 68
Henry Schmitz	Red Lake Falls Twp.	21 59
John A. Magnusson	Wyandotte	13 91
Willie Lacoursiere	Lambert	64
Tilda A. Burke	Lambert	1 14
Anton G. Sorenson	Smiley	1 35
Krist Larson	Smiley	2 89
Ole Bolstad	Smiley	7 77
Jens Krill	Clover Leaf	3 95
Fred Anderson	Wyandotte	3 63
A. W. Aotry	River Falls	11 04
John Kratchovil	North	4 28
C. L. Smith	Thief River Falls	4 43
Fred Kopp	Thief River Falls	11 09
Anton Miller	Rocksbury	7 30
L. D. Lakin	Thief River Falls	1 60

(Continued On Page 5

Notice of Hearing on Petition In Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota } ss District Court
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District
In the Matter of Judicial Ditch No. 25.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall county, State of Minnesota, and that the Judge of said District Court has fixed as the time and place for the preliminary hearing thereon, August 20th, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court rooms in the court house, in the city of Warren, in said county and state.

And notice is hereby given, that said preliminary hearing will be held before said Judge at said time and place, and that a copy of said petition follows this notice.

Dated at Warren, Minnesota, this 20th day of July, A. D. 1910.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court.
(SEAL) Marshall County, Minnesota.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, District Judge, 14th Judicial District, Marshall County, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by or assessed for the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route, in the towns of New Solum, Viking and Comstock, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, the towns of Norden and Numedal in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota and the Towns of Helgeland, Bristet, Farley, Sandsville, Higdem, Grandt, Angus, Tabor, Northland and Esther in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and will also affect lands in the Town of Bray in said Red Lake county, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility and is further necessary for the reasons that in seasons of high water, the surface water collecting upon the adjourning territory has no adequate means to be carried off and remains upon and adjoining the proposed route for said ditch hereinafter described for long periods, thus causing great damage to lands, public travel and health.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said drainage ditch and branches, is as follows:

Main Ditch—Commencing at a point at or near the center of Section 5, in Township 154, North of range 44 West, in Marshall county, Minnesota thence due south and along the quarter line through said section 5 and through section 8 to the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of section 17, in said township and range; thence due west along the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 17 and 18, in said township and Range; thence due west along the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 13, 14, 15 and 16, in Township 154 North, of range 45 west, in the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, to the north east corner of Section 17, in said Township and range; thence due south along the east side of the section line forming the west boundary line of Sections 16, 21 and 28 in said Township and Range; thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 32 and 31, in said Township and range; Thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34 and 33 in Township 154 North, of Range 46 west, in Polk county, Minnesota, to junction with the coulee at or near the north west corner of section 33 in said township and Range, thence along the center line of said coulee in a westerly and south westerly direction through sections 33, 32 and 31 in said township and Range; thence continuing along the center line of said coulee, in a westerly and south westerly direction through section 36 in Township 154 North, of Range 47 West, to a point at or near the south-west corner of section 36, in said Township 154 North, of Range 47 west, to a point at or near the south east corner of section 35 said township and range; thence due west and on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 2, 3, 4 5, and 6 in township 153 North, of Range 47 West; thence continuing due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 1 and 2 in Township 153 North, of Range 48 west, to a point at or near the center of the north line of said section 2 where said boundary line intersects with County Ditch No. 7 as an outlet.

Your petitioners further represent and show to the court that the said County Ditch No. 7 is at this time too shallow and narrow to carry off the surface water in the immediate territory thereof, and is wholly inadequate in its present condition to adequately carry the surface water thrown into the same, and that the said ditch will be wholly inadequate to carry off the additional water that will be delivered by the said proposed ditch hereinbefore described; and that your petitioners pray that the said ditch be widened, deepened and straightened sufficiently to adequately carry off the surface water coming into it from the immediate territory thereof, and also and in addition thereto the water furnished by the proposed ditch hereinbefore described.

Your petitioners further pray that said County Ditch No. 7 be deepened, widened and extended as follows: along and on the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 35, 34, 33, 32, and 31, in Township 154 North, of Range 48 West, in said County of Polk, thence continuing along the said ditch and the course thereof and along the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34, 33, 32 and 31, in Township 154 North, of Range 49 West to the south-west corner of said last mentioned section; thence due west on the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34, 33, and 32 in Township 154 North of Range 50 West, to a point where the same intersects with the Red River of the North, as the final outlet.

Your petitioners further pray that if in the judgment of the engineer it would be cheaper or more feasible or beneficial to all parties interested and concerned, that the said engineer be authorized and empowered to continue the said proposed ditch due north from the said south-west corner of said section thirty-one in township 154 North, of Range 49 West, and following the course of the said ditch to where the same intersects with Judicial Ditch No. 1, and thence due west to a point where the same may be found to be of sufficient size to form an adequate outlet, and if necessary to the Red River of the North as a final outlet in lieu of the course heretofore described due west from the said southwest corner of section 31, Township 154 North, of Range 49 West to the Red River of the North.

Branch A—Commencing at a point at or about the center of Section 25, in Township 153 North, of Range 46 West, in Polk county, Minnesota; thence due north through said Section 25 and on the quarter line thereof and continuing on the quarter line through sections 24, 13, 12 and 1 in said Township and range to a point on the south side of the north boundary line of said last mentioned section 1; thence due west and on the south side of the north boundary line of said section 1, and of sections 2 and 3, in said Township and Range to a point on the south side of the north boundary line of said last mentioned section where the said line intersects with a coulee at or near the quarter line of said section; thence in a northwesterly direction and along the course of said coulee through section 34 and part of section 33, in Township 154 North, of Range 46 west to a point at or near the northwest corner of said last mentioned section where the said last mentioned coulee joins with the course of a certain coulee the course of which runs in a westerly and southwesterly direction from said northwest corner of said section, and which coulee is more fully described as a part of the description of the course of the main ditch herein, as an outlet for the said "Branch A."

Branch B—Commencing in the north west corner of section 16, in Township 154 North, of Range 45 West, being on the south and east side of the North and West boundary lines of the said section, thence due north on the east side of the west boundary line of section 9, in said township and range to a point on the south and east sides of the section lines forming the north and west boundary lines of said last mentioned section; thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 8 and 7 in said last mentioned township and range, and continuing due west and on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 12, 11, 10, 9 and 8, in Township 154 North, of Range 46 West, to a point in the northwest corner of said last mentioned section, south and east of the north and west boundary lines of said last mentioned section; thence due north and on the east side of the section line forming the west boundary of section 5 in said township and range to a point where the same intersects with the coulee running in a westerly and north-westerly direction through said last mentioned section as an outlet. It is proposed that a greater portion of the said Branch B will empty into the last mentioned coulee, described as the outlet, and that a portion thereof will empty into the main ditch heretofore described at the point described at the commencement of said Branch B.

And your petitioners further petition and request that if better results can be obtained or greater benefit will accrue to the greater part of the area affected by such proposed ditch, by a different source, course or outlet for such proposed ditch, or any branch thereof, that the engineer appointed herein designate the same and that the court establish the same as designated by such engineer, and that the engineer designate and lay out such lateral ditches as is necessary and that the court establish the same.

And your petitioners further pray that in the order establishing the said ditch it be ordered that the bonds for the said ditch be twenty year bonds, and that the liens for benefits be ordered paid in fifteen annual payments commencing five years after the order establishing the said ditch.

Your petitioners further pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905, and amendatory acts.

Dated July 17th, 1910.
Johannes Gjerde.
Carl Anderson.
Julius J. Olson.
Ole Gjerde.
Andrew Stark.
John Edgar.
Hans T. Haugild.
A. L. Rud.

J28-a11

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn.

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S. S. S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S. S. S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S. S. S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.

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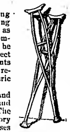

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Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Banking, [illegible] Shorthand, [illegible]

Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. [illegible] Fargo, N. D.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District

F. W. Gregory, Plaintiff,

vs

Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson; Henry Sheldon Judson; Rose M. Judson his wife; Frank E. Hanson, H. C. Suttle, Scroggin & Son; L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin, copartners as Scroggin & Son. Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein,

Defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, at the court house at Red Lake Falls, the County seat of said Red Lake County, in Red Lake County, said State, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dated June 28, 1910

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District

F. W. Gregory, Plaintiff,

vs

Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson, Henry Sheldon Judson, Rose M. Judson his wife, Frank E. Hanson, H. C. Suttle, Scroggin & Son, L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin, Copartners as Scroggin & Son. Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein

Defendants

Notice of Lis Pendens.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in said Court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants. The premises affected by said action are situate in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and are described as follows, to wit: The South one half (S ½) of the Southeast Quarter (S E ¼) of Section Seventeen (17) Township One Hundred and Fifty three (153) North, of Range Forty five (45) West, according to the Government survey thereof. That the object of said action is to quiet the title to said premises in the plaintiff and to determine the adverse claims of the defendants therein, and the rights of the parties in said action respectively.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dated June 28, 1910 j7 8t

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } DISTRICT COURT

George Flatt, Plaintiff,

against

Edward J. Gatceau, Defendant

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake upon a judgment rendered in said court in favor of George Flatt and against Edward J. Gatceau, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to wit: The Southeast quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty two (22), in Township One Hundred and Fifty two (152) North, Range forty-five (45) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota. And that I shall, on Saturday the 27th day of August A. D. 1910, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the front door of the County Auditor's Office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Edward J. Gatceau, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Three Dollars and Thirty seven Cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 28th day of June, 1910, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

Fred L. Farley,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Dated, Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 13th, 1910
j14 a18

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION—LIQUOR LICENSE

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that Alphonse Paquin has petitioned the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for license to sell intoxicating liquors in a certain one story frame building 20 by 30 feet situated at a point about 200 feet west of the north east corner of the north west quarter of section 15, Township 150, north of Range 41, west of the 5th P. M., Township of Lambert, Red Lake County Minnesota.

This application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of the same will be heard and determined by said board of county commissioners, at their special meeting of the county board at 3 o'clock p. m., on August 5th, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake
County, Minn.

Dated July 7th, 1910.
(County Auditor's Seal) j14-28

Proposals Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will convene in special session Friday, August 5th, 1910, at 1.00 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the furnishing of all labor and materials required in the erection and finishing of the electric wiring of the county court house now under construction in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the county auditor.

Plans may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

Sealed bids will be received up to the hour of 1.00 o'clock p. m., of said day and may be filed with the county auditor.

A certified check, payable to the order of A. A. Latendresse, county auditor, must accompany all bids calling for an amount equal at least to 10 per cent of the amount of the bid.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite open bids.

By order of the Board.
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal) j14-28

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DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDIOGS

Continuen From Page 4.

O. H. Horton, Thief River Falls	5 30
Nels Hakenson, Thief River Falls	5 94
Northwestern Credit Ass'n, Thief River Falls	42 63
Asmund Vinloe, Kratka	1 13
Nels E. Olte, Kratka	3 37

The following is a correct list of personal property taxes in said county for the year 1909, which said board is satisfied cannot be collected and so cancelled by said Board, to-wit—

Name of Person Assessed	Town or District	Tax, Penalty and Costs
Andy Erickson	Thief River Falls	$45 58
Myron Boyce	Red Lake Falls	94
Charles Winship	Plummer	7 88
Ole J. Haavan	Garnes	1 54
Ole Paison	Garnes	1 72
Gunston Torgerson	Garnes	54
Edvind J. Hestvig	Garnes	94
Jacob Schanno	Garnes	84
Donna Laurent	Lake Pleasant	5 83
Alfred Pontbriant	Terrebonne	8 50
Hercule Lefebvre	Lambert	45
Ole Vattendahl	High Landing	31
Alsa Sand	St. Hilaire	34 53
M. K. Hall	Red Lake Falls	8 17
Ed Miller	Mayfield	12 05
K. A. Henderson	Kratka	28
Sisart A. Berg	Smiley	96
Alfred Danielson	Smiley	66
Olaf Engen	Smiley	59
Edwin Skaar	Clover Leaf	53
Anton E. Paterson	Silverton	50
Scott L. Lamont	Thief River Falls	11 26
Signa L. Holm	Kratka	1 40
Oscar Johnson	Emardville	3 47

On motion carried the board took a recess until 1:00 o'clock p. m.

Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock p. m. and called to order by the chairman.

Members all present.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Aubol, that the sum of $150.00 be transferred from the County Revenue Fund to the Incidental Fund.

Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol, seconded by Commissioner Johnson, that the County Attorney be directed to take such steps as will insure the completion of Rocksbury & North Ditch No. 1 and that George Ralph be notified to complete the said ditch within thirty days from July 19, 1910.

Motion carried unanimously.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:—

Free Press Printing Co., supplies for county offices	$ 21.50
Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	10.00
Frank Jeffers, postage and express as per vouchers	34 64
A. A. Latendresse, postage as per vouchers	64.57
Toupin & Son, Insurance premium on court house	87.50
John W. Eastman, printing notices for school officers	7.00
Lewis A. Nelson, turnkey wages month of June	60.00
Lewis A. Nelson, board of prisoners for month of June	48.00
James Grady, material and labor for court house sewer	320.63
Red River Power Co., lights for June	10.50
Lewis A. Nelson, expenses case state vs. Anderson and Olstein	8 04
Lewis A. Nelson, expenses case State vs. Daly	3 50
Lewis A. Nelson, expenses case State vs. Nelson	2 08
Lewis A. Nelson, expenses case State vs. McDonald	2 08
Lewis A. Nelson, expenses case State vs. Manahan and Abel	2 94
Henry Demattis, moving wood and sales	17 00
Lewis A. Nelson, telephone tolls as per vouchers	3 20
V. M. Higinbotham, Justice fees, case of State vs. Daly	8 75
Northwestern Drainage Co., placing culvert Ditch No. 36	22 00
George Elder, placing culvert Ditch No. 36	43 00
George Elder, placing culvert Ditch No. 36	34 00
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 6 notices and mileage Ditch No. 47	13 00
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 6 notices and mileage Ditch No. 49	14 00
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 6 notices and mileage Ditch No. 50	10 00
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 6 notices and mileage Ditch No. 55	13 40
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 3 notices and mileage Ditch No. 56	7 12
Mrs. Con Short, meals and lodging for engineering party, Ditch No. 34	8 75
Northern Culvert Co., 3 culverts Ditch No. 46	269 70
Arthur Hall, 2 days rodman, Ditch No. 2	5 00
Arthur Hall, 3 days rodman, Ditch No. 24	7 50
Arthur Hall, 3 days rodman, Ditch No. 46	7 50
Arthur Hall, 5 days rodman, Ditch No. 47	12 50
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days as asst. engineer Ditch No. 2	9 00
Glenn H. Martz, 4 days as asst. engineer Ditch No. 24	18 00
Glenn H. Martz, 3 days as asst. engineer Ditch No. 46	13 50
Glenn H. Martz, 5 days as asst. engineer Ditch No. 47	22 50
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days as asst. engineer Ditch No. 48	9 00
Glenn H. Martz, exp. a-c Ditch No. 2	14 00
Glenn H. Martz, exp. a-c Ditch No. 24	23 25
Glenn H. Martz, exp. a-c Ditch No. 46	17 25
Glenn H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch No. 47	47.25
Glenn H. Martz, exp. a-c Ditch No. 48	8 00
C. H. Martz, 1½ day engineer ditch no. 2	7 50
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 24	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 32	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 32	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 36	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 36	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 37	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 38	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 44	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 45	5 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 46	5 00
C. H. Martz, 2 days engineer ditch no. 46	10 00
C. H. Martz, 3 days engineer ditch no. 45	15 00
C. H. Martz, 5 days engineer ditch no. 48	25 00
C. H. Martz, 3 days engineer ditch no. 49	15 00
C. H. Martz, 2 days engineer ditch no. 50	10 00
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 54	5 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 2	3 50
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 10	4 50
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 24	1 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 32	5 50
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 32	1 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 36	1 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 36	1 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 37	1 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 38	5 50
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 44	1 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 45	5 50
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 46	5 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 46	6 50
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 48	5 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 48	3 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 49	18 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 50	11 00
C. H. Martz, exp. a-c ditch no. 54	1 00
C. A. Lindquist, mileage member court house committee	14 40
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage member court house committee	5 60
Joseph Pigeon, mileage member court house committee	18 80
C. A. Lindquist, mileage inspecting ditch no. 24 and per diem	12 80
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage inspecting ditch no. 24 and per diem	10 60
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage inspecting ditch no. 24 and per diem	10 60
Joseph Johnson, mileage inspecting ditch no. 24 and per diem	18 40
Joseph Pigeon, mileage inspecting ditch no. 24 and per diem	12 40
C. A. Lindquist, mileage regular meeting county board	3 60
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage regular meeting county board	1 40
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage regular meeting county board	3 00
Joseph Johnson, mileage regular meeting county board	9 60
Joseph Pigeon, mileage regular meeting county board	3 20

Motion duly made, seconded and carried that the board adjourn to July 21st, 1910, at 9:00 o'clock a. m.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake Co., Minn.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of the board.
(County Auditor's seal.)

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 18th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor pursuant to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock a. m. July 18th, 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of P. Lorence Wajnorowski and others for a ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, Minn.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is taken by people in tropical countries all the year round. It stops wasting and keeps up the strength and vitality in summer as well as winter.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

Members present: Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: none.

The petition of P. Lorence Wajnorowski and others for a ditch in said county was presented to the board and read, and the board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with on motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was made:

In the matter of the petition of P. Lorence Wajnorowski and others for locating and constructing county ditch No. 55 in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 4th day of June 1901 signed by P. Lorence Wajnorowski and others praying for the establishment of a certain ditch in said county designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 55 the route of which is more fully described in said petition and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county auditor of said county as by law required:

And Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the county board of Red Lake county that due notice of the pendency of said petition and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law;

Now therefore, We, the county board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz, as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said proposed ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the County Auditor of said County, on or before the 15 day of September, 1910.

Dated July 18, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board of Red Lake county.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's seal.)

On motion made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by P. Lorence Wajnorowski and others designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 55 was made,

I the matter of the petition of P. Lorence Wajnorowski and others for County Ditch No. 55 in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas a petition bearing date the 4th day of July, A.D. 1910 signed by P. Lorence, Wajnorowski and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 55 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same has been filed with the county auditor of said county: and said County auditor has given due notice of the pendancy of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer tow-it: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now, therefore, we the County Board of said county, at a special session held this day do hereby appoint K. O. Gigstad and Alfred Lindquist and Gilbert Haavl, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view each proposed work and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county and the description to be given in legal form) and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged, as the case may be, the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandering lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of each added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains either in whole or in part any public or corporate road or railroad or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota,
By C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.
Dated this 18th day of July A. D, 1910.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's seal.)

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of the board of County Commissioners, Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, pursuant to chapter seven (7), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, a petition was filed with the Secretary of State on the 12th day of May, 1909, praying for the creation of a new county out of the territory now lying in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known as Pennington county, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, according to the United States Government survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) west to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one-hundred and fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one-hundred fifty-three (153) and one-hundred fifty-four (154) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of Marshall county as the same now exists, thence running west along the southern boundary line of said Marshall county to a point where said boundary line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian, the said point being the northwest corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The said territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21) twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) in townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty (40), forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44) and forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian and all of townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) and one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian and also all that part of township one-hundred and fifty-four (154) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian lying and being within said Red Lake county as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls located on sections twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) in township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian.

The names and places of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county, are as follows:

Peter O. Wold, residing on lots one (1) and two (2) and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen (19), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Peter Hedeen, residing on the north-west quarter of section thirty-four (34), in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-one (41) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Ed A. Aubol, residing on lots three (3) and six (6) in section twenty-nine (29) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Daniel Shaw, residing in the City of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county.

Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight (8) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Whereas, the said petition represents and avers that the said hereinbefore territory comprises more than four hundred square miles, and contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and that the remaining area of Red Lake County after deducting the territory hereinbefore described will comprise more than four hundred square miles and contain more than two thousand inhabitants; and

Whereas, the said petition has been duly considered and found and certified to as conforming in all respects to the provisions of law;

Now, therefore, I, Adolph O. Eberhart, governor of the state of Minnesota, pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, do hereby direct and proclaim that the question of the creation of the proposed new county of Pennington be submitted to the voters of said Red Lake County at the next general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1910.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereto affixed, at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, this twelfth day of May, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
Governor.
(Seal)
Attest: JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

LAMBERT.

Joe F. Lambert spent Sunday afternoon at the Joe A. Lambert home.

C. Rohideau went to Terrebonne Monday on business.

Mrs. Joe Lacoursiere and Mrs. Frank Lacoursiere returned Wednesday after spending several days at the fair in Winnipeg.

Archie Dupont from Gentily was in the villiage Sunday.

A large crowd attended the ball game at Bucktown Sunday. The score stood 8 to 11 in favor of Brooks.

Mr. and Mrs. X. Boucher and Mr. and Mrs. A. Bachand spent Sunday evening at C. Rohidoux's.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lambert went to McIntosh Thursday.

Cheese Inspector Parkins went through here Thursday.

C. Rohideau was in Brooks Friday.

Miss Georgiena Delaire returned after a weeks visit with friends and relatives in Red Lake Falls.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE PRESS AGENTS ARE GETTING BUSY

Continued From Page 2.

nominate? Is it not on the contrary true, that the best citizens are really ever candidates for public office. But the gentlemen I have named are Democrats and when they are called for public service, there is not one among them who would not make great sacrifices in order to respond to that call.

An Independent Candidate.

In view of the strength of the county option sentiment which is unquestionably growing and which is bound to cut a great figure in the campaign, and in the event of the Democrats putting up as unfriendly a front as the Republicans have done as is plain from the character of the Republican organization and especially the chairman of the state central committee, I learn that even as late as it is the Anti-Saloon League will consider the advisability of nominating a candidate for governor by petition. They may think there is nothing else left for them to do.

A Congressional Fight.

Henry O. Bjorge, of Lake Park, filed last week for member of congress from the ninth district. On his recent return from Washington Mr. Steenerson, the present member, undertook the defence of the Aldrich-Payne tariff law as much better than the Dingley law and the best to be had under the circumstances. Doubtless as the campaign progresses he will see the propriety of emulating the example of Mr. Stevens and Mr. Nye and find a new set of opinions better suited to this latitude. It does beat all how different things look in Minnesota from what they do in Washington.

The Trusts In Clover.

Incidentally Senator Bristow is letting in some light. With the Aldriches up to their eyes in the rubber trust and the Guggenheimers manipulating the lead trust and the Ryans in the copper trust and all combining to fix up a tariff for the dear people, it is small wonder one has to pay pretty dear for his whistle these days.

—PAUL PRY.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Of the Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
July 21st, 1910.

Pursuant to adjournment the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 9:00 o'clock a. m. July 21, 1910.

Meeting called to order at 9:00 o'clock a. m. July 21, 1910.

Members present, Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The application of John Quirk for cancellation of taxes on real estate for the year 1909 was on motion duly granted subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

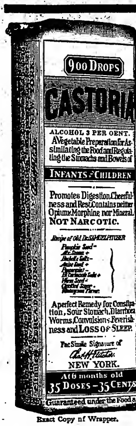
Moved by Commissioner Aubol, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that the plat of the village of OKLEE be approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:—

Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	$ 1 58
Arthur Lizee, officer's fees case state vs Gorrin	45
Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex., phone rent for May and June	22 00
Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex., phone tolls (3 bills)	7 05
Ed. O'Hara, placing culvert ditch no. 46	11 00
Northern Culvert Co., culvert ditch no. 36	20 88
Northern Culvert Co., 2 culverts ditches Nos. 35 and 36	237 15
Tobias Sklerping, placing culvert on ditch no. 35	25 00
Joseph Pigeon, to per diem spec. meet. July 18, a-c ditch No. 55	3 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, to per diem spec. meet. July 18, a-c ditch No. 55	3 00
Joseph Johnson, to per diem spec. meet. July 18, a-c ditch No. 55	3 00
C. A. Lindquist, to per diem spec. meet. July 18, a-c ditch No. 55	3 00
Ed. A. Aubol, to per diem spec. meet. July 18, a-c ditch No. 55	3 00

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's seal.)


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-one and 99/100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Larson, a single man, Mortgagor, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of December, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., in Book 6 of Mortgages, on page 148, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: West half of southeast quarter, (W½ of SE¼) of section twenty three (23) in township one hundred fifty three (153), north of range forty (40) West of the 5th principal meridian in Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the building temporarily used as a Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 27th day of August, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty one and 99/100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 8th A. D. 1910.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF RED LAKE FALLS, Mortgagee.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
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MADE FROM AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES ARE RUST PROOF
GET THE GENUINE CATALOGUE FREE
LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.
LYLE, MINN. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres. Jas. Emard, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome. Wm. Findeisen, N. G.; F. A. Grady, V. G.; F. A. Miner, R. S.; Dr. J. E. Argue, P. S.; H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets on 1 and 3 Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Thibault, Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or mental power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3841 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

Not Curious.

"He says his new novel contains 200,000 words."
"Did you read it?"
"No; I took his word for it."

In an Opera.

"I can never, never, never be yours," caroled the maid.
"Why not, why not, why not?" warbled the man.
"Because I'm a soprano, and you are just a ten-o-or."

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night, she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. She passed a terrible night, which was filled with unseemly noises. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff button in a clothes hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot. A strange man was found shot to death in the hall. It proved to be the body of Arnold Armstrong, whose banker father owned the country house. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson and the coroner arrived. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she had talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson told Miss Innes that she was hiding evidence from him. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped [illegible] developed that [illegible] was possibly a woman. Gertrude was suspected for the intruder [illegible] found Gertrude [illegible] with her right ankle sprained. A [illegible] found the other half [illegible] to Jack Bailey's cuff [illegible]. Halsey suddenly reappeared. He [illegible] and Bailey had left because [illegible] received a telegram. Gertrude [illegible] had given Bailey an unloaded revolver, fearing to give him Halsey's weapon.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

They stared at each other across the big library table, with young eyes all at once hard, suspicious. And then Gertrude held out both hands to him appealingly.

"We must not," she said brokenly. "Just now, with so much at stake, it — is hateful. I know you are as ignorant as I am. Make me believe it, Halsey."

Halsey soothed her as best he could, and the breach seemed healed. But long after I went to bed he sat downstairs in the living room alone, and I knew he was going over the case as he had learned it. Some things were clear to him that were dark to me. He knew, and Gertrude, too, why Jack Bailey and he had gone away that night as they did. He knew where they had been for the last 48 hours, and why Jack Bailey had not returned with him. It seemed to me that without fuller confidence from both the children—they are always children to me—I should never be able to learn anything.

As I was finally getting ready for bed, Halsey came upstairs and knocked at my door. When I had got into a negligee—I used to say wrapper before Gertrude came back from school—I let him in. He stood in the doorway a moment, and then he went into agonies of silent mirth. I sat down on the side of the bed and waited in severe silence for him to stop, but he only seemed to grow worse. When he had recovered he took me by the elbow and pulled me in front of the mirror.

"'How to be beautiful,'" he quoted. "'Advice to maids and matrons, by Beatrice Fairfax!'" And then I saw myself. I had neglected to remove my wrinkle eradicators, and I presume my appearance was odd. I believe that it is a woman's duty to care for her looks, but it is much like telling a necessary falsehood—one must not be found out. By the time I got them off Halsey was serious again, and I listened to his story.

"Aunt Ray," he began, extinguishing his cigarette on the back of my ivory hair brush, "I would give a lot to tell you the whole thing. But—I can't, for a day or so, anyhow. But one thing I might have told you a long time ago. If you had known it, you would not have suspected me for a moment of—of having anything to do with the attack on Arnold Armstrong. Goodness knows what I might do to a fellow like that, if there was enough provocation, and I had a gun in my hand—under ordinary circumstances. But—I care a great deal about Louise Armstrong, Aunt Ray. I hope to marry her some day. Is it likely I would kill her brother?"

"But the whole thing is absurd," I argued. "And besides, Gertrude's sworn statement that you left before Arnold Armstrong came would clear you at once."

Halsey got up and began to pace the room, and the air of cheerfulness dropped like a mask.

"She can't swear it," he said finally. "Gertrude's story was true as far as it went, but she didn't tell everything. Arnold Armstrong came here at 2:30—came into the billiard room and left in five minutes. He came to bring—something."

"Halsey," I cried, "you must tell me the whole truth. Every time I see a way for you to escape you block it yourself with this wall of mystery. What did he bring?"

"A telegram—for Bailey," he said. "It came by special messenger from town, and was—most important. Bailey had started for here, and the messenger had gone back to the city. The steward gave it to Arnold, who had been drinking all day and couldn't sleep, and was going for a stroll in the direction of Sunnyside."

"And he brought it?"

"Yes."

"I can tell you—as soon as certain things are made public. It is only a matter of days now," gloomily.

"And Gertrude's story of a telephone?"

"Poor Trude!" he half whispered. "Poor loyal little girl! Aunt Ray, there was no such message. No doubt your detective already knows that and discredits all Gertrude told him."

"And when she went back, it was to get—the telegram?"

"Probably," Halsey said slowly. "When you get to thinking about it, Aunt Ray, it looks bad for all three of us, doesn't it? And yet—I will take my oath none of us even inadvertently killed that poor devil."

I looked at the closed door into Gertrude's dressing room, and lowered my voice.

"The same horrible thought keeps recurring to me," I whispered. "Halsey, Gertrude probably had your revolver; she must have examined it, anyhow, that night. After you—and Jack had gone, what if—that ruffian came back, and she—and she—"

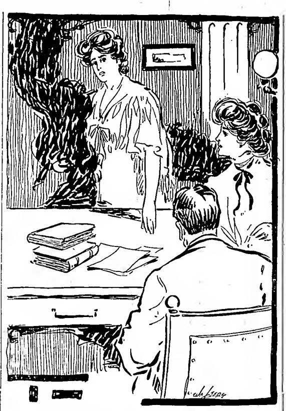
I couldn't finish. Halsey stood looking at me with shut lips.

"She might have heard him fumbling at the door—he had no key, the police say—and thinking it was you, or Jack, she admitted him. When she saw her mistake she ran up the stairs, a step or two, and turning, like an animal at bay, she fired."

Halsey had his hand over my lips before I finished, and in that position we stared each at the other, our stricken glances crossing.

"The revolver—my revolver—thrown into the tulip bed!" he muttered to himself. "Thrown perhaps from an upper window; you say it was buried deep. Her prostration ever since, her—Aunt Ray, you don't think it was Gertrude who fell down the clothes chute?"

I could only nod my head in a hopeless affirmative.



They Stared at Each Other Across the Big Library Table.

CHAPTER X.

The Traders' Bank.

The morning after Halsey's return was Tuesday. Arnold Armstrong had been found dead at the foot of the circular staircase at three o'clock on Sunday morning. The funeral services were to be held on Tuesday, and the interment of the body was to be deferred until the Armstrongs arrived from California. No one, I think, was very sorry that Arnold Armstrong was dead, but the manner of his death aroused some sympathy and an enormous amount of curiosity. Mrs. Ogden Fitzhugh, a cousin, took charge of the arrangements, and everything, I believe, was as quiet as possible. I gave Thomas Johnson and Mrs. Watson permission to go into town to pay their last respects to the dead man, but for some reason they did not care to go.

Sent Two Telegrams.

Halsey spent part of the day with Mr. Jamieson, but he said nothing of what happened. He looked grave and anxious, and he had a long conversation with Gertrude late in the afternoon.

Tuesday evening found us quiet, with the quiet that precedes an explosion. Gertrude and Halsey were both gloomy and distraught, and as Liddy had already discovered that some of the china was broken—it is impossible to have any secrets from an old servant—I was not in a pleasant humor myself. Warner brought up the afternoon mail and the evening papers at seven—I was curious to know what the papers said of the murder. We had turned away at least a dozen reporters. But I read over the headline that ran half-way across the top of the Gazette twice before I comprehended it. Halsey had opened the Chronicle and was staring at it fixedly.

"The Traders' bank closes its doors!" was what I read, and then I put down the paper and looked across the table.

"Did you know of this?" I asked Halsey.

"I—expected it. But not so soon," he replied.

"And you?" to Gertrude.

"Jack—told us—something," Gertrude said faintly. "Oh, Halsey, what can he do now?"

"Jack!" I said scornfully. "Your Jack's flight is easy enough to explain now. And you helped him, both of you, to get away! You get that from your mother; it isn't an Innes trait. Do you know that every dollar you have, both of you, is in that bank?"

Gertrude tried to speak, but Halsey stopped her.

"That isn't all, Gertrude," he said quietly; "Jack is—under arrest."

"Under arrest!" Gertrude screamed, and tore the paper out of his hand. She glanced at the heading, then she crumpled the newspaper into a ball and flung it to the floor. While Halsey, looking stricken and white, was trying to smooth it out and read it, Gertrude had dropped her head on the table and was sobbing stormily.

I have the clipping somewhere, but just now I can remember only the essentials.

On the afternoon before, Monday, while the Traders' bank was in the rush of closing hour, between two and three, Mr. Jacob Trautman, president of the Pearl Brewing Company, came into the bank to lift a loan. As security for the loan he had deposited some 300 International Steamship Company 5's, in total value $300,000. Mr. Trautman went to the loan clerk, and, after certain formalities had been gone through, the loan clerk went to the vault. Mr. Trautman, who was a large and genial German, waited for a time, whistling under his breath. The loan clerk did not come back. After an interval, Mr. Trautman saw the loan clerk emerge from the vault and go to the assistant cashier; the two went hurriedly to the vault. A lapse of another ten minutes, and the assistant cashier came out and approached Mr. Trautman. He was noticeably white and trembling. Mr. Trautman was told that through an oversight the bonds had been misplaced, and was asked to return the following morning, when everything would be made all right.

Mr. Trautman, however, was a shrewd business man, and he did not like the appearance of things. He left the bank apparently satisfied, and within 30 minutes he had called up three different members of the Traders' board of directors. At 3:30 there was a hastily convened board meeting, with some stormy scenes, and late in the afternoon a national bank examiner was in possession of the books. The bank had not opened for business Tuesday.

At 12:30 o'clock the Saturday before, as soon as the business of the day was closed, Mr. John Bailey, the cashier of the defunct bank, had taken his hat and departed. During the afternoon he had called up Mr. Aronson, a member of the board, and said he was ill, and might not be at the bank for a day or two. As Bailey was highly thought of, Mr. Aronson merely expressed a regret. From that time until Monday night, when Mr. Bailey had surrendered to the police, little was known of his movements. Some time after one on Saturday he had entered the Western Union office at Cherry and White streets and had sent two telegrams. He was at the Greenwood Country club on Saturday night, and appeared unlike himself. It was reported that he would be released under enormous bond some time that day, Tuesday.

The article closed by saying that while the officers of the bank refused to talk until the examiner had finished his work, it was known that securities aggregating a million and a quarter were missing. Then there was a diatribe on the possibility of such an occurrence; on the folly of a one-man bank, and of a board of directors that met only to lunch together and to listen to a brief report from the cashier, and on the poor policy of a government that arranges a three or four day examination twice a year. The mystery, it insinuated, had not been cleared by the arrest of the cashier. Before now minor officials had been used to cloak the misdeeds of men higher up. Inseparable as the words "speculation" and "peculation" have grown to be, John Bailey was not known to be in the stock market. His only words, after his surrender, had been: "Send for Mr. Armstrong at once." The telegraph message which had finally reached the president of the Traders' bank, in an interior town in California, had been responded to by a telegram from Dr. Walker, the young physician who was traveling with the Armstrong family, saying that Paul Armstrong was very ill and unable to travel.

That was how things stood that Tuesday evening. The Traders' bank had suspended payment, and John Bailey was under arrest, charged with wrecking it; Paul Armstrong lay very ill in California, and his only son had been murdered two days before. I sat dazed and bewildered. The children's money was gone; that was bad enough, though I had plenty, if they would let me share. But Gertrude's grief was beyond any power of mine to comfort; the man she had chosen stood accused of a colossal embezzlement—and even worse. For in the instant that I sat there I seemed to see the coils closing around John Bailey as the murderer of Arnold Armstrong.

Gertrude lifted her head at last and stared across the table at Halsey.

"Why did he do it?" she wailed. "Couldn't you stop him, Halsey? It was suicidal to go back!"

Halsey was looking steadily through the windows of the breakfast room, but it was evident he saw nothing.

"It was the only thing to do, Trude," he said at last. "Aunt Ray, when I found Jack at the Greenwood club last Saturday night, he was frantic. I cannot talk until Jack tells me I may, but—he is absolutely innocent of all this, believe me. I thought, Trude and I thought, we were helping him, but it was the wrong way. He came back. Isn't that the act of an innocent man?"

"Then why did he leave at all?" I asked, unconvinced. "What innocent men would run away from here at three o'clock in the morning? Doesn't it look rather as though he thought it impossible to escape?"

Gertrude rose angrily. "You are not even just!" she flamed. "You don't know anything about it, and you condemn him!"

"I know that we have all lost a great deal of money," I said. "I shall believe Mr. Bailey innocent the moment he is shown to be. You profess to know the truth, but you cannot tell me! What am I to think?"

Halsey leaned over and patted my hand.

"You must take us on faith," he said. "Jack Bailey hasn't a penny that doesn't belong to him; the guilty man will be known in a day or so."

"I shall believe that when it is proved," I said grimly. "In the meantime, I take no one on faith. The Inneses never do."

Gertrude, who had been standing aloof at a window, turned suddenly. "But when the bonds are offered for sale, Halsey, won't the thief be detected at once?"

Halsey turned with a superior smile.

"It wouldn't be done that way," he said. "They would be taken out of the vault by some one who had access to it, and used as collateral for a loan in another bank. It would be possible to realize 80 per cent. of their face value."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

* * *

SCENTING THE BLUEFISH

Valuable Information from the Wise Skipper for a Party Out Fishing.

"Ah!" said the skipper out with a party bluefishing, turning his face to windward as he spoke and at the same time throwing the wheel over and bringing the boat up and putting her off on the other tack, "I smell them!"

"You smell them?" said a member of the party in the boat. "Do you mean to tell me you can smell the fish?"

"Why, certainly," said the skipper, as he got another little pull on the sheet, "or you can smell where they are, which amounts to the same thing.

"You see," the skipper continued, "the bluefish is a voracious feeder—very voracious; he will eat about a million of the little fishes that you find around so plentiful in the water, put there apparently for the bigger fish to feed on, and when he has gorged himself on about a million, more or less, of these little fishes the bluefish will settle down on the bottom and there disgorge them, and this disgorged food, oily, floats up to the surface, and that you can smell, and it means bluefish; and I can smell them now, sure." And so the skipper got an inch more of the sheet and peered ahead and kept her a-going with every inch drawing, just a-humming and a-boiling, keen on the scent.

And did the party come up with the bluefish and catch lots of them? A boatload of fish? Keep hauling them in till they all got tired of fishing? W—ell, that—as a once celebrated English writer has so aptly remarked—that is another story; scenting bluefish and catching them being two quite different things.

Origin of "John Bull."

The name "John Bull," as applied to the English nation, was first made use of in a poem dated 1712.

Farm School Letter

Interesting Information on Minnesota Agriculture by Our Special Correspondent.

SELECTION AND CARE OF DAIRY CATTLE.

Valuable Hints on Dairy Industry From the Dairy Division Minnesota Department of Agriculture.

The most economical method of building up a fine herd of dairy cattle is by the use of the pure bred sire upon common stock. For those who have plenty of capital and some experience the breeding of pure bred stock may prove exceedingly profitable.

In order that success may be attained either through a grade or pure bred herd, great care must be given to the selection of the herd bull as he is at least half the herd. When looking for a bull to head the herd select one with dairy qualities. He should have a large deep barrel with reasonable spread of ribs. He should be very masculine in appearance, having a strong head and crest, which denotes prepotency. He should be very sharp over the shoulders with spine prominent, well cut up in the rear flank and twist, thighs nicely chiseled out, rudimentary teats placed well forward and milk veins prominent.

Look well to the breeding of the bull placed at the head of the herd. See that his dam and granddam as well as the dam of his sire have good records. If the animals appearing in the bull's pedigree have been kept for generations for dairy purposes, the bull of the proper conformation himself should transmit these qualities. There is a great difference between the prepotency and value of bulls of the same breed.

It is well for farmers and breeders in the same locality to select the same breed and practice community breeding, first because bulls can be rotated and thus kept in service up to a ripe old age; second, buyers will be attracted to a section where stock can be had in large quantities; third, if one breed is kept in common, all are interested in proclaiming the merits of the same line of stock.

When rearing calves it is important to give the dam from four to eight weeks rest before freshening again for these reasons: First, to give the unborn calf better nourishment in the foetal stage; second, that the cow may form colostrum milk which is needed in cleaning out the alimentary canal of the little calf; and third, because the cow will make a better record the following year if given this rest.

The calves at the Minnesota Experiment Station are raised on skim-milk and a grain mixture after the third week. They are taken from their dams at once after sucking the colostrum milk and are started on from three to four pounds of whole milk per feed. They are then gradually gotten on to skim-milk and grain.

G. P. GROUT,
Assistant Professor of Dairy Husbandry.

Swill Barrel Cholera.

Dr. H. M. Reynolds, veterinarian at the Minnesota Experiment Station says that swill barrel cholera has often been mistaken for true hog cholera, and that it may kill hogs quite rapidly and cause just as severe losses for the farmer. It is a less serious disease than true hog cholera, for it does not spread by infection. The doctor says:

The symptoms frequently resemble rather closely the true hog cholera, but hogs die from this disease that are supposed to be immune to cholera. This disease does not spread to other hogs and involves only those which are receiving swill from a certain barrel or tank. The condition of the barrel or tank itself usually gives very good reason for suspecting that the disease is swill barrel cholera rather than true cholera.

Serious losses among garbage feeders using hotel slops frequently occur and are often due to the presence of washing powder or other material containing a high percentage of irritating alkalies. These appear to cause disease by direct inflammation of the bowels due to chemical irritation. Possibly these chemicals in the swill may simply irritate and reduce the vitality of the membrane lining the digestive organs for invasion by germs which otherwise could not produce disease.

A case of swill barrel cholera has recently come to the attention of the experiment station. Mr. B., a farmer living in Southwestern Minnesota, lost fifty-nine out of sixty hogs. The one hog which did not die was kept in a pen adjoining the yard where sick hogs were kept and with every opportunity for transferring the infection, if there had been infection, from the yard to the pen. The fifty-nine hogs were fed sour buttermilk from a local creamery. The buttermilk had been kept in a wooden tank, the sides of which were green with mold.

Near-by neighbors who did not use this buttermilk lost no hogs.

Moral: Clean out and scald your swill tank as often as necessary and give the interior of it a good sun bath once in a while.

Grasshoppers.

By F. L. Washburn, State Entomologist, University Farm, St. Paul.

A report was received shortly after the cold weather, occurring the middle of April, that grasshoppers had hatched in the unusually warm weather of early spring, and had been killed by the freeze in April. This would have been good news if it had been actually the case in all parts of the state. Unfortunately grasshoppers were found hatching in quite large numbers early in May, when all danger of cold weather had passed, and we will probably have in some locations more or less trouble this season.

Common red-legged locust or grasshopper.

We have found in here in the laboratory that young grasshoppers can live five days without food, under trying conditions, which is not particularly encouraging to the farmer.

This Division will send directions for treatment to any locality troubled with this insect, or, if necessary, will send a man to help an afflicted farmer. Use the telegraph in cases of emergency. Young hoppers just hatching can sometimes be taken care of by plowing them under, beginning on the outside of the field where they are hatching, and plowing toward the center. A poisonous bait, known as the Criddle Mixture, is also effective when grasshoppers are young. Since the above was dictated we have received a report from near Foxhome, Wilkin Co., under date of May 24th, that grasshoppers were hatching in large numbers on land owned by nonresidents, and that nearby crops were threatened. We have a law in Minnesota to prevent this evil, obliging land owners or tenants to plow infected land.

Pigeon Grass may be held in check by fall pasturing, early fall plowing, cultivating crops, growing of rape, grass and a rotation of crops. Above all—use clean seed.

Continue Sending Names to the Division of Extension, University Farm, St. Paul for the Farmers' Library. It is free to all who ask for it. Six numbers have already been published, and the July issue will soon be out of press.

Quack Grass Eradication.—Experiments at the Minnesota Station have proven that carefully hoeing and otherwise cultivating corn on land infested with quack grass is a good remedy. Following careful cultivation for a year or two will clean the land.

Germinating the Seeds of Annual Weeds like pigeon grass, pig weeds, wild oats, etc., in the fall, in time for the frost to kill the tender roots, is a good way of cleaning the land. Discing the stubble field as soon as the grain is removed, if removal is promptly done, is a help. Remember this in August, Mr. Farmer.

Animals in Ill Health Are Unfit For Human Food, and the Minnesota Experiment Station advises that flesh from animals that have recovered from disease before slaughter does not cure well and is difficult to keep after curing. Bruises, broken legs or similar accidents have the same effect on the meat as ill health. Unless an animal is bled and dressed immediately after an accident, before the temperature rises, do not use the meat for human food.

Manuring the Soil, the prime object of which is to increase the crop yielding capacity, may be done with stable manure, commercial fertilizer, or by plowing under green vegetation, such as clover, grasses, and weeds—before their seeds ripen. To justify the practice the increase in product from the soil must be more than enough to offset the cost of fertilizers and labor employed. Good profit almost invariably results from the application of barn yard manure and plowing under green crops.

Minnesota Insect Life is the name of a little booklet published for free distribution among those who ask for it by Prof. Washburn state Entomologist, at University Farm. The booklet will appear in April, May, June, July and August, and will tell of the insects in Minnesota and how to fight them. Send a request by postal card to Prof. Washburn and the name will be entered on his mailing list.

Frequently the question of a creamery comes up in different sections and the objection is soon raised that there are not enough cows. There never will be while the heifers are sold for beef, and at five and six cents a pound. Butter sold from the experiment farm at the grocery store averaged 31 cents per pound during 1909.

A. J. McGUIRE, Supt.,
N. E. Minnesota Experiment Station.

Improvement in the Dairy Herd lies in better breeding, in better housing and in better feed in greater quantities. Corn fodder, clover, and roots must succeed slough hay in winter, and old, weedy pastures must be broken up and sown to clover, blue grass and timothy for summer feeding. Systematic care, and feeding with only the substances which may be grown on every farm in Minnesota, is the practice at University Farm, St. Anthony Park, and is what gives the results reported from the Experiment station.

Weighing and Testing Milk.—This is the only sure way to determine the difference in value between the good and inferior cow. Weighing and testing daily is only a business proposition. It is the only safe way of determining what price to ask for a cow in selling her, or of what to pay for her when buying. No intelligent farmer will sell a cow for thirty dollars that will make him a net profit of $40 or $50 a year. Neither will he keep a cow that doesn't pay him a profit if he knows it.

A BAD THING TO NEGLECT.

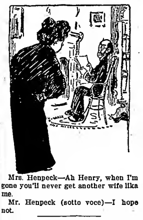
Don't neglect the kidneys when you notice lack of control over the secretions. Passages become too frequent or scanty; urine is discolored and sediment appears. No medicine for such troubles like Doan's Kidney Pills. They quickly remove kidney disorders.

Mrs. A. E. Fulton, 311 Skidmore St., Portland, Ore., says: My limbs swelled terribly and I was bloated over the stomach and had puffy spots beneath the eyes. My kidneys were very unhealthy and the secretions much disordered. The dropsical swellings began to abate after I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon I was cured."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

HIS WISH.



Mrs. Henpeck—Ah Henry, when I'm gone you'll never get another wife like me.

Mr. Henpeck (sotto voce)—I hope not.

A BURNING ERUPTION FROM HEAD TO FEET

"Four years ago I suffered severely with a terrible eczema, being a mass of sores from head to feet and for six weeks confined to my bed. During that time I suffered continual torture from itching and burning. After being given up by my doctor I was advised to try Cuticura Remedies. After the first bath with Cuticura Soap and application of Cuticura Ointment I enjoyed the first good sleep during my entire illness. I also used Cuticura Resolvent and the treatment was continued for about three weeks. At the end of that time I was able to be about the house, entirely cured, and have felt no ill effects since. I would advise any person suffering from any form of skin trouble to try the Cuticura Remedies, as I know what they did for me. Mrs. Edward Nenning, 1112 Salina St., Watertown, N. Y., Apr. 11, 1909."

Unflattering Truth.

A Chicago physician gleefully tells a child story at his own expense. The five children of some faithful patients had measles, and during their rather long stay in the improvised home hospital they never failed to greet his daily visit with pleased acclamation. The good doctor felt duly flattered, but rashly pressed the children, in the days of convalescence, for the reason of this sudden affection. At last the youngest and most indiscreet let slip the better truth.

"We felt so sick that we wanted awfully to do something naughty, but we were afraid to be bad for fear you and the nurse would give us more horrid medicine. So we were awfully glad to see you, always, 'cause you made us stick out our tongues. We stuck 'em out awful far!"

Midas.

Midas had come to that point in his career where everything he touched turned to gold.

"What shall you ever do with the stuff?" asked his entourage in visible alarm.

Midas affected not to be uneasy. "Just wait till the boys begin to touch me!" quoth he, displaying an acquaintance with economic tendencies far in advance of his age.—Puck.

Caring for the Baby.

Old Lady—What a nice boy, to watch your little brother so carefully!

Nice Boy—Yes, 'um. He just swallowed a dime and I'm afraid of kidnapers.

Compound Interest

comes to life when the body feels the delicious glow of health, vigor and energy.

That Certain Sense

of vigor in the brain and easy poise of the nerves comes when the improper foods are cut out and predigested

Grape-Nuts

take their place.

If it has taken you years to run down don't expect one mouthful of this great food to bring you back (for it is not a stimulant but a rebuilder.)

Ten days trial shows such big results that one sticks to it.

"There's a Reason"

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., Battle Creek, Mich.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brent Good

The Lost Chords.

The village concert was to be a great affair. They had the singers, they had the program sellers, they had the doorkeepers and they would doubtless have the audience. All they needed was the piano, but that they lacked. Nor could they procure one anywhere.

At last the village organist learned that one was possessed by Farmer Hayseed, who lived "at the top o' the 'ill." Forthwith he set out with two men and a van.

"Take it, an' welcome," said Hayseed cordially. "I've no objections where as ye put 'Pyanner by Hayseed' on the program."

They carted it away.

"An' I wish 'em joy of it," murmured Mr. Hayseed, as the van disappeared from sight.

"Wish 'em joy of it," repeated Hay[illegible] "What d'ye mean?"

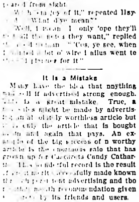
"Well, I mean I only 'ope they'll get all the notes they want," replied the old man. "'Cos, ye see, when I wanted a bit o' wire I allus went to the old pianner for it."

It Is a Mistake

Many have the idea that anything will sell if advertised strong enough. This is a great mistake. True, a few sales might be made by advertising an absolutely worthless article but it is only the article that is bought again and again that pays. An example of the big success of a worthy article is the enormous sale that has grown up for Cascarets Candy Cathartic. This wonderful record is the result of great merit successfully made known through persistent advertising and the [illegible] recommendation given [illegible] by its friends and users.

Like all great successes, trade pirates prey on the unsuspecting public, by marketing fake tablets similar in appearance to Cascarets. Care should always be exercised in purchasing well advertised goods, especially an article that has a national sale like Cascarets. Do not allow a substitute to be palmed off on you.

HE'D HAD SOME HARD KNOCKS.



"Fortune knocks once at every man's door."

"Fortune is a knocker, all right."

He Rose to It.

"Do you know," said a little boy of five to a companion the other day, "my father and I know everything. What I don't know my father knows, and what my father don't know I know."

"All right! Let's see, then," replied the elder child, skeptically. "Where's Asia?"

It was a stiff one, but the youngster never faltered.

"Well, that," he answered coolly, "is one of the things my father knows."—Harper's Bazaar.

The Miser of Sag Harbor.

"Economy," said Daniel W. Field, the millionaire shoe manufacturer of Brockton, who at the age of forty-five has entered Harvard, "economy is essential to wealth, but by economy I don't mean niggardliness.

"Too many men fail to attain to wealth because they practise a cheeseparing and mean economy that gets everybody down on them.

"They practise, in fact, an economy like that of old William Brewster of Sag Harbor. William, you know, would never buy oysters because he couldn't eat shells and all."

To greet misfortune with a smile is decidedly a one-sided flirtation.

Delightful Desserts

and many other pleasing dishes can be made with

Post Toasties

A crisp, wholesome food—always ready to serve.

With fruits or berries it is delicious.

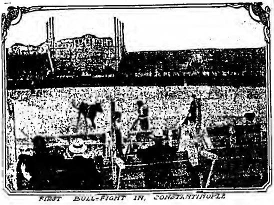
"The Memory Lingers"

A little book—"Good Things Made with Toasties"—in packages, tells how.

Sold by Grocers—pkgs. 10c and 15c.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.
Battle Creek, Mich.

TURKS WITNESS SPANISH SPORT



FIRST BULL-FIGHT IN CONSTANTINOPLE

The great sport of the Spanish people, bull fighting, was introduced to the Turks in Constantinople the other day, but the subjects of the sultan did not take kindly to it, as is proved by the emptiness of the grand stand, shown by the accompanying photograph. There were many protests against the granting of a concession for the holding of bull-fights in the Turkish metropolis, but all were vain.

LESSON IN FARMING

Thirty Tons of French Garden to Be Transported.

Plants Undisturbed While Earth Surrounding Them Is Removed From Reading to Birmingham Farm Demonstration.

London.—Some thirty tons of French garden, heavy with plants as well as "golden soil," are being removed from Reading to Birmingham.

The garden, which stood in a corner of Messrs. Sutton's trial ground at Reading, is the best educational model yet seen. In its new site in Warley park, close to the bandstand, it will cover a strip 160 feet in length, and a good three days' work will be spent in setting it up and, so to speak, naturalizing it. The garden will be opened by the lord mayor and lady mayoress of Birmingham, who were originally interested in the scheme by Mr. Chance—like his cousin, Sir Joseph Chance, one of Birmingham's notable benefactors.

The model is described as "educational," designed to "demonstrate the continental system of intensive cultivation," and as a demonstration it is not less charming than it is educational.

Everything is to be transferred just as it is, and not one plant of the many thousands will be disturbed. The frames and cloches and open patches of ground are to demonstrate the growth and progress of French gardening as well as the results; and for this reason all the spectators will follow one path in one direction, so that they may pass with the explanatory lecturer, as it were, from February to November.

First, they will see a bed in the making, one part pit, one part heaped manure, one part completed with soil and frame. Next comes a row of frames in which three crops are growing cheek by jowl—lettuces, carrots and radishes. This is succeeded by a row in which four crops are growing together, the fourth being cauliflower.

From the frames you pass to the cloches under which the seed is first sown, making a close green mat. Next are the cloches where these seedlings are pricked out at even distances, showing how the cloches feed the frames. At this stage the first part of the year is completed. The succeeding beds and frames illustrate how the soil is used yet again for the later part of the year.

This is perhaps the most novel and interesting part of the demonstration. The variety is most striking. One of the late beds is filled with cabbages, between which again is a double crop of radish and endive. These cabbages, though they have only been in the ground six weeks are already as big as cabbages which were planted last November. Five months have been saved.

Other frames and cloches contain peas which are already in pod, strawberries which are just ripe, tomatoes in flower, and melons just beginning to set.

SNAKES CHANGE MAN'S VIEWS

Pennsylvania Farmer Puts His Hand Into Nest of Copperheads and Stops His Grumbling.

York, Pa.—Farmer William Tracey changed his notions about the weather when he reached into a nest of six copperhead snakes in removing an old stone fence, in Dover township, and promptly resigned from the Knockers' club.

Before the adventure of his hand Farmer Tracey's remarks at the Eastmount village store were those of a weather pessimist. He opined that it was unseasonably cool and that crops would suffer if a hot wave did not soon come along.

However, if that particular hot wave for which Tracey hankered had been there when he put his hand into the copperheads' nest, it is probable they would have been active enough to have made Tracey the hero of a different sort of reception. As it was, the six snakes were too sluggish from the chill to move with their summer alacrity.

LOVE MEASURED BY MACHINE

It Will Be Patented by Man Who Declares That It Records Psychological Attractiveness.

San Francisco.—A mechanical arrangement which he terms a "love machine," and which he declares will measure the strength of human affections between lovers, friends or relatives—which will correctly tabulate the amount of resistent will power of any individual, and which will also tell to an infinitesimal fraction the amount of psychological attractiveness exerted over a person by another—has been invented by Charles Trudow, a mechanic, who lives on Jones avenue, Elmhurst. Trudow has applied for letters patent upon his contrivance and is seeking capital with which to start a "love machine" factory.

The machine is termed a "phystymograph" by Trudow. Its powers are such that the human emotion termed love is drawn into it when two persons grip a pair of handles, not unlike those of an ordinary electric battery. A dial which connects a contrivance of springs and wires registers the amount of affection the two persons who grip the handles have for each other. If there is no love between them the dial hand remains motionless. According to tests by Trudow its only fault is that it cannot tell the full amount of love between some extra affectionate couples. The machine will not measure the affections of two men—the dial hand remaining motionless, as is the case when there is no love between men and women.

GAS PIPE ITS OWN PLUMBER

When Fire Came From Leak a Lead Jacket Plugged the Hole—Explanation Is Simple.

Kansas City, Mo.—Chance sometimes works overtime to produce very insignificant results, and, as an example, here's the story of a fire in the joint basement below the Economy Furniture company, 813 Main street, and a pawnshop owned by G. A. Stevens at 813½ Main street. A lead jacketed pipe runs through the floor of pawnshop to a steam radiator above. A space near the pipe was left when the plumbing was done. Directly below the hole is a gas pipe.

Now, at exactly two minutes of 11 o'clock in the morning, George A. Stevens, Jr., who clerks in the pawnshop, dropped a lighted cigarette through this hole; at the same second the gas discovered a small leak in the pipe and ventured out. The cigarette set fire to the gas and in a few moments a little blue flame was scorching the floor of the pawnshop. By the time several fire companies arrived the fire was extinguished and the gas pipe leaked no more.

Now, here's the explanation: The flame had melted the lead packet about the steam pipe, the lead had dripped down on the gas pipe and the leak was plugged.

City Owns Pigs and Pianos

Inventory Being Prepared in Cleveland Lists Everything From Canary to Elephant.

Cleveland, O.—The task of preparing an inventory of every bit of property, movable and otherwise, owned by the city of Cleveland, is now drawing to a close. Twelve hundred typewritten pages in the office of Department Examiner Brown, at the city hall, show a complete list of everything that the city of Cleveland owns from office blotter to reservoirs, and from lead pencils to Minnie, the Brookside zoo elephant.

The work, so far as it has progressed, reveals the fact that Cleveland owns at least three pianos and two organs, six canary birds, 77 pigs, 239 chickens, 60 cows, several barber chairs and a number of razors, and only the general schedule for two departments out of a total of 200, has been completed. There are 139 rocking chairs at the City hospital and 118 at the infirmary.

Cleveland is the second city in the United States to adopt the plan of preparing an inventory of all goods and property owned. The first was Lynn, Mass.

"I believe that the municipal code should require every village in the state to adopt this plan," said City Examiner Brown. "An inventory should be made at least once every year. It is a valuable thing for a city to possess, and it is a businesslike procedure that should be generally followed by cities of the state."

OLD ALMANAC BRINGS $385

Document Was Printed in 1667 on First American Press—Belonged to Justice Sewall.

Boston.—The sale at an auction-room of one of the finest private libraries in the United States, that of the late Amor L. Hollingsworth of Milton, containing some of the very rarest of books ever printed and some of the choicest and most artistic bindings by the foremost binders of France, England and the United States has begun.

There are some very rare Americana in the library, and the few numbers of this class which were offered aroused strong bidding. A copy of Brankenbury's Almanac, which the average person wouldn't give ten cents for, was quickly run up from $100 to $385, the highest price ever paid for a copy of this almanac, which was printed at the Daye-Press, in Cambridge, the first press established in the colonies, by Samuel Green in 1667.

It belonged to Chief Justice Samuel Sewall of the Massachusetts Bay colony and contains an autograph note of Judge Sewall's concerning the incognito visit of Lord Culpepper, his majesty's lieutenant and governor general of Virginia, to Boston, August 24, 1680.

The less said about the weather, the better.

Will Buy American Cattle

Slaughter Houses Be Erected at Smithfield and Importation of Meat Discontinued.

London.—To encourage the importation of American cattle into England, the city of London corporation has a big scheme on hand. It is proposed to construct a huge slaughter house and cold storage plant in connection with the Metropolitan meat market at Smithfield.

Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars will be spent on the scheme, and when they are completed the buildings will constitute one of the finest establishments of their kind in the world. They will be equipped with all the latest appliances and are expected to create a revolution in the importation of cattle into this country.

The scheme is viewed with consternation by the railroad companies here, who receive a large proportion of their income from the carriage of frozen meat from Liverpool and other ports to London. Under the new scheme cattle will be shipped direct to London.

This scheme will have a double advantage. The meat of foreign cattle killed in London will fetch as high a price in the market as if the cattle had been of English origin, while it will reduce enormously the necessity for consuming frozen meat.

There are already two great slaughter yards in this country—at Birkenhead and Deptford, near London—but their capacity is not equal to the demand which any considerable increase in the importation of live American cattle would make upon them.

Dead From Lack of Sleep

Russian Lives Six Years After Fracturing Skull in Railroad Accident.

St. Petersburg.—A puzzle to physicians was M. Petronovitch, a lawyer who died a few days ago at Nikolsk-Ussurisk. M. Petronovitch had hardly enjoyed a wink of sleep since he fractured his skull six years ago in a train collision.

For some weeks he was at the brink of death, but his strong constitution triumphed and he recovered and was discharged as cured from the hospital. A curious phenomenon then manifested itself. He found he could not sleep, but that did not worry him, as he did not feel the need of it.

After a while, however, he began to be uneasy under the strain of this unbroken wakefulness. The strongest soporifics had no effect on him. They made him ill but did not bring sleep. For weeks at a time he never closed his eyes. Then he would drop off into a light doze of two or three hours' duration and wake apparently refreshed.

This lasted some years and then he began to complain of intense fatigue, the only remedy for which, he discovered, was a vigorous massage of the head. As he was fairly well to do he could afford to consult several eminent specialists, but his case baffled them all. After his death his skull and brain were dissected, but the surgeons could find nothing to explain his persistent insomnia.

PRIZE COW TAKEN ON TOUR

Animal Will Be Exhibited and Lectured About to Enlighten Farmers on Breeding.

New York.—Zelma, the prize cow owned by the state of New York, will be one of the star performers on the "farming special" to be run by a certain railroad. She belongs to the state department of animal industry, and has one of the best milk producing records ever made. She is to be displayed along the route as an example of what can be accomplished by up-to-date breeding methods.

The train is to start from Ithaca and go to Auburn. Lectures and demonstrations are to be given at towns on the way—Freeville, Peruton, Groton, Locke, Moravia and Ensenore.

The train will be made up of two "laboratory" cars, a baggage car and a passenger coach. Besides the prize cow there will be chickens, spraying machines and other things which will help to illustrate the remarks of the experts.

Transportation.

A Texas evangelist says: "Persons who speculate on the stock market or bet on horse races are bound for hell in a racing automobile." But the experience of an observer is that those who speculate on horse races or bet on the stock market usually arrive there as pedestrians.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Protection Against the Heat.

When you begin to think it's a personal matter between you and the sun to see which is the hotter, buy yourself a glass or a bottle of Coca-Cola. It is cooling—relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst. Wholesome as the purest water and lots nicer to drink. At soda fountains and carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Send 2c stamp for booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola" and the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910. The latter contains the famous poem "Casey At The Bat," records, schedules for both leagues, and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities. Address The Coca-Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga.

He Had Been Observing.

"Why don't you call your invention the 'Bachelor's Button?'" I asked my friend, who was about to put on the market a button that a man could attach without needle or thread.

"I fear that the appellation would imply too much restrictiveness," he answered. "You see," he went on, giving me one of his knowing smiles, "I expect to do just as much business with the married men as with the bachelors."

TAKE A FOOT-BATH TO-NIGHT

After dissolving one or two Allen's Foot-Tabs (Antiseptic tablets for the foot-bath) in the water. It will take out all soreness, smarting and tenderness, remove foot odors and freshen the feet. Allen's Foot-Tabs instantly relieve weariness and sweating or inflamed feet and hot nervousness of the feet at night. Then for comfort throughout the day shake Allen's Foot-Ease the antiseptic powder into your shoes. Sold everywhere 25c. Avoid substitutes. Samples of Allen's Foot-Tabs mailed FREE or our regular size sent by mail for 25c. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

"Foot-Tabs for Foot-Tubs."

Trying to Satisfy Him.

Squeamish Guest (as waiter places water before him)—Waiter, are you sure this is boiled distilled water?

Waiter—I am positive, sir.

Squeamish Guest (putting it to his lips)—But it seems to taste pretty hard for distilled water.

Waiter—That's because it's hard-boiled distilled water, sir.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Heard Many a One.

The Judge—Madam, do you understand the nature of an oath?

The Witness—You seem to forget, your honor, that I've been married for over 20 years.

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care Try Murine Eye Salve. Aseptic Tubes—Trial Size—25c. Ask Your Druggist or Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Tactful.

A woman with a pronounced squint went to a fashionable photographer.

He looked at her and she looked at him and both were embarrassed.

He spoke first.

"Won't you permit me," he said, "to take your portrait in profile? There is a certain shyness about one of your eyes which is as difficult in art as it is fascinating in nature."—Beacon.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

The morning after is responsible for many good resolutions.

Foxy Hiram.

"Well, now, if that ain't surprising!" ejaculated Mrs. Ryetop, as she shaded her eyes with her hand. "There goes old Hiram Skinflint, and rather then step on a poor black ant he picked it up, and I bet he is going to drop it somewhere out of the reach of danger."

Her husband laughed knowingly.

"Not Hiram Skinflint, Mandy. He'll go down to Jed Weatherby's general store and order a pound of granulated sugar. Then while Jed is looking another way he'll drop the ant among the grains and tell Jed as long as his sugar has ants in it he ought to sell it at half price. Like as not he'll try to get Jed to throw in two or three raisins and a yeast cake. You don't know Hiram Skinflint."

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Many people are busy mortgaging the future in order to acquire a past.

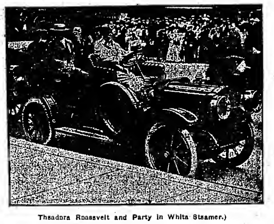
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Rich relatives have a mania for living to a ripe old age.

ROOSEVELT RETURNS AND IS GIVEN AN OVATION SELDOM EQUALED

The Mighty Traveler Goes Buoyantly Through a Long and Trying Reception-Parade, Showing Lively Interest in Everything American

The White Company Receives Unique Compliment for the Sturdy Reliability of Its Steam Car From Mr. Roosevelt and Family



Theodore Roosevelt and Party in White Steamer.)

After fifteen months' absence, exactly as scheduled, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt disembarked from the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Saturday morning, June 18, at 11 a. m. To the keen disappointment of a large group of newspaper correspondents, Mr. Roosevelt absolutely refused, as heretofore, to be interviewed or to talk on political subjects, but his rapid fire of questions showed the same virile interest in public affairs as before.

If the welcome tendered by the vast throng may be considered a criterion upon which to base a "return from Elba," surely there was no discordant note in the immense reception-parade, nor in the wildly clamorous crowd which cheered at every glimpse and hung on his very word.

The incidents of the day in New York were many, but perhaps none better illustrated the nervous energy and vitality of the man, the near-mania to be up-and-doing, which he has brought back to us, than the discarding of horses and carriages for the swifter and more reliable automobiles. The moment the Roosevelt family and immediate party landed, they were whisked away in White Steamers to the home of Mrs. Douglas Robinson at 433 Fifth avenue. A little later, when the procession reached the corner of Fifty-ninth street and Fifth avenue, Colonel Roosevelt again showed his preference for the motor car in general and the White cars in particular, when he, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Collector Loeb transferred from their carriage to White Steamers, which were in waiting for them.

After luncheon at Mr. Robinson's house, the entire party, including Colonel Roosevelt, again entered White cars and were driven to Long Island City, where they were to take a special train to the ex-President's home at Oyster Bay.

The supremacy of the White cars with the Roosevelt party was again demonstrated on Sunday, when the party was driven to church in the White Steamers, and a group of some forty prominent Rough Riders were taken in a White Gasoline Truck to a clambake at the Travers Island clubhouse of the New York Athletic Club.

Many Women who are Splendid Cooks

dread having to prepare an elaborate dinner because they are not sufficiently strong to stand over an intensely hot coal range. This is especially true in summer. Every woman takes pride in the table she sets, but often it is done at tremendous cost to her own vitality through the weakening effect of cooking on a coal range in a hot kitchen.

It is no longer necessary to wear yourself out preparing a fine dinner. Even in the heat of summer you can cook a large dinner without being worn out.

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

Gives no outside heat, no smell, no smoke. It will cook the biggest dinner without heating the kitchen or the cook. It is immediately lighted and immediately extinguished. It can be changed from a slow to a quick fire by turning a handle. There's no drudgery connected with it, no coal to carry, no wood to chop. You don't have to wait fifteen or twenty minutes till its fire gets going. Apply a light and it's ready. By simply turning the wick up or down you get a slow or an intense heat on the bottom of the pot, pan, kettle or oven, and nowhere else. It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot, drop shelves for coffee, teapot or saucepan, and even a rack for towels. It saves time, worry, health and temper. It does all a woman needs and more than she expects. Made with 1, 2, and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner sizes can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Up-Set Sick Feeling

that follows taking a dose of castor oil, salts or calomel, is about the worst you can endure—Ugh—it gives one the creeps. You don't have to have it—CASCARETS move the bowels—tone up the liver—without these bad feelings. Try them. 914

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 DeKalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

Write for prices on **HEAVY IRON CULVERT PIPES** Come and see them. We pay expenses if you buy. Western Boiler Pipe Co. Monmouth, Ill.

Silence!

The instinct of modesty natural to every woman is often a great hindrance to the cure of womanly diseases. Women shrink from the personal questions of the local physician which seem indelicate. The thought of examination is abhorrent to them, and so they endure in silence a condition of disease which surely progresses from bad to worse.

It has been Dr. Pierce's privilege to cure a great many women who have found a refuge for modesty in his offer of FREE consultation by letter. All correspondence is held as sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription restores and regulates the womanly functions, abolishes pain and builds up and puts the finishing touch of health on every weak woman who gives it a fair trial.

It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

You can't afford to accept a *secret* nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION.

Fargo Directory

GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS
Sporting goods of all kinds. Baseball goods and uniforms. Mail orders solicited.
Backman Hardware Co., 57 Broadway, Fargo, N. D.

SPORTING GOODS
Bicycles, Kodaks, Baseball and Tennis Goods, Fire Arms, Tents, Motor Cycles, Edison Phonographs and Records.
J. E. JOHNSON CYCLE SUPPLY HOUSE
216 Broadway, Fargo, N.D.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Read Findeisen's new ad.

J. A. Duffy was at Crookston last evening.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose was at Crookston last Friday.

The Red River Power company has an ad in issue.

Do not forget to settle your account with L. A. Kaufer.

S. M. Sivertson made a business trip to St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Alfred Rasmussen of Thief River Falls was in town Saturday.

Editor Converse of the St. Hilaire Spectator was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Victor Kaight of Big Falls is the guest of Mrs. J. J. Doe.

Born, Friday, July 15, to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Padden, a daughter.

Game Warden Wm. Munch of Crookston was in town Tuesdoy.

Ed. Enright made a business trip to Crookston the first of the week

Theo. LaBissoniero went over to Crookston last evening, returning today.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose was tho guest of Fr. Adolph at Thief River Falls Monday.

Milton Forder of Thief River Falls was in town Mondsy and Tuesday.

Theodore and Waltor Garceau left last evening on a trip to Tocoma, Wash.

Mrs. Orr of Marshall, Minn., is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Ericksa visited with friends at Crookston the first of the week.

J. J. Padden was attending to business matters at Crookston the first of tho week.

S. M. Sivertson was attending to business mattors at Crookston the first of tho wcok.

Don't miss the free show on platform, Red Lako Falls, given by the Quaker Doctore.

Ed. Petorsoa, manager of the light and power plant at Crookston, was in town Monday.

Senator Smith—not Senator Ed, but Senator Smith of Crookston—was in town Tuosday.

Miss Annie Laurent, who is employed at Grand Forks, is at home for a week's vacation.

Miss Freda Ittner is spending the week at the Remick home near Mentor and at Maple Lake.

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters in the county capital Monday.

The Thief River Falls ball team defeated the Crookston Cubs Sunday by a score of 8 to 4.

Frank Jeffers attended the Democratic county convention at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

The members of the dancing club enjoyed one of their frequent social affairs last Friday evening.

Don't miss the free show near Thief River Lumber Co's. yard, Red Lake Falls, next week.

D. W. Brown has gone to Thief River Falls where he is caring for Graham Kindseth who is ill.

Miss Etta Hennemuth returned Tuesday from Grand Forks where she had been visiting with friends.

Geo. Houston of Herman, Minn., spent soveral days here with his brother, J. D. Houston, and family.

There will he services at the Preshyterian church at the usual hours Sunday morning and evening.

This issue of the Gazette contains the official report of board of equalization and much other official printing.

Mrs. T. Goff, who was the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. A. Duffy, left Tuesday for her home at Helena, Montana.

The Misses Inez and Mebel Petterson of St. Hilaire were the guests of Miss Esther Johnson Friday and Saturday.

Miss Margaret Rose returned Saturday after having spent a two weeks vacation at Lake Sarah, Grand Forks and Crookston.

The Royal Neighbors will meet in special session next Monday evening. All members are urgently requested to he present.

A security that cannot he questioned, a location that is convenient, a courtesy and accomodation that is uniform, all are afforded you as a depositor of the Merchants State Bank.

Miss Leah Latendresse gave a party Tuesday in honor of Theodore and Walter Garceau who left for the west last night.

Big free entertainement, two hours of fun and amusement. Red Lake Falls, near Thief River Lumher Co's. yard, next week.

Will Prichard, Willis Akre and Tom Lonson came down from Thief River Falls in an auto Friday evening and attended the dance.

Dr. F.F. Fletcher of Grand Forks will he at Dr. Wilkinson's office Aug. 6 and 8 prepared to do all kinds of first class dentistry.

Mrs. F.E. Fletcher and daughter, Miss Florence Fletcher, returned Tuesday from Crookston where they had been visiting with friends.

Elmer Burkee of St. Hilairo was the guest of friends in Red Lake Falls Friday and Saturday and attended the dance Friday evening.

Thomas Roycroft of Grand Forks, general manager for the Red River Power company, was looking after the company's business in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Kindseth were at Thief River the first of the week to arrange for the proper care of their son Graham who is ill with scarlet fever.

Lost—Between Great Northern depot and the Porter home, by way of foothridge over Clearwater river, a gold watch. Finder please return to Miss Tillie Porter.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson has heen out on the reservation several days putting up hay. The report that he is building political fences on the hayland is incorrect.

Miss Febiole Dubuque, who is employed at Walhalla, N. Dak., arrived in Red Lake Falls Tuesday and went to her home at Terrebonne for a brief visit.

The ladies of St. Mary's church will serve ice cream and cake next Sunday afternoon and evening on the church lawn. All are invited. The usual price will he charged.

Mrs. Jos. Dawson and the twins, a son and a daughter, from Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, are at the home of Mrs. Dawson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Longtin, for an extanded visit.

M. Skala has put in some hay scales north of his store on the north side. This will he a hig accommodation to the people on the north side who have loads to he weighed.

The ladies aid society of the Preshyterian church will meet at the church parlors next Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 3. There will he a picnic supper, to which all are cordially invited.

The hand boys rendered a program of very fine numbers in their concert on the street last Friday evening and a large number of people were on the street to enjoy the good music.

Free show near Thief River Lumher office, Red Lake Falls, all next week. 3,000 feet of moving pictures, vaudeville specialties, dancing specialties. All free, given hy the Quaker Doctore.

There will he a picnic supper at the Preshyterian church parlors next Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock. Members of the church and congregation are cordially invited to attend. Bring a basket.

Graham Kindseth is ill with scarlet fever at Thief River Falls, having become ill after going to Thief River to attend the summer school. However, he has the disease in a mild form and it is expected that he will he out of quarantine in a few days.

A. H. Cowles left yesterday for Oakfield, Wis., where he will join Mrs. Cowles and the children who had gone there previously. They will spend two or three weeks with relatives. H. G. Johnson of Fertile is in charge of the N. P. Station during Mr. Cowles' absence.

Jos. Harren has resigned his position at the Big Store and has accepted a position as travelling salesman for the American Tobacco company. He went to the city Saturday to report for work. His route will be through Red Lake Falls and he will he able to make frequent visits to his home here.

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

COMING!!
BIG FREE SHOW
On Big Platform Near Thief River Falls Lumber Co. Yard in Red Lake Falls.

SEE
THE FUNNY COMEDIANS
THE LAUGHABLE FARCES
THE CLEVER MAGICIANS
THE LATEST MOVING PICTURES

One Week Commencing
Monday Night, August 1

These entertainments are put on free to advertise the
Crookston Medical Institute and Hospital of Crookston, Minn.

Dr. Jas. Davidson, *Agent and Demonstrator.*

BIG FREE SHOWS TO ALL

Dr. Spofferd will hereafter be in Red Lake Falls the 6th of every other month, instead of the 7th as formerly. His next visit will be August 6, one day. Office at the Grand View.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pudwin from Minneapolis and Mr. and Mrs. Samson from Crookston have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Belair this week.

Miss Hannah C. Johnson and Jalmer F. Carlson, both of Thief River Falls, were married in this city last Saturday afternoon. The wedding occurred at 3 o'clock in the parlor of the Grand View hotel and the ceremony was performed by Judge E. G. Buse.

The condition of Mrs. Jos. Remlok, who was seriously injured a week ago Sunday, continues to improve and she will be able to be brought to her home in a few days. She has been cared for at the home of Evangelist Quesnelle since the accident which resulted in her injury.

May Hall completed the stenographic course in Mankato Commercial Collage last week. She was sent to a good position at $50 a month. We predict she will soon he getting $100 a month. Just think of it! Why don't you take a course in that school? Send for catalog.

A. C. Duffy and family of Voil, Arizona, who have been visiting with relatives here, left for their home this morning. They will stop enroute at Coleraine, Superior and Cromwell to visit with brothers of Mr. Duffy. They were accompanied by Mr. Duffy's sister, Mrs. L. A. Kaufer, who will make a short visit with her brothers at the above points.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gibeau and son and Mrs. Gibeau's mother went to Grand Forks in the auto last week to attend the fair. The one feature of the fair which delighted them very much was the flights of the Wright aeroplane. Mr. Gibeau said that the operator had almost perfect control of his machine and that the exhibition far exceeded their expectations.

The account of the injuries sustained by Miss Carter recently, taken from the McIntosh Times and published in the last issue of the Gazette, was exaggerated. It was stated that Miss Carter's leg was broken and two ribs fractured. That is incorrect. One of Carter's ankles was dislocated and her chest was severely bruised. She is fast recovering from her injuries and expects to he around in a few days.

As a result of the burning of the mill and the sale of the milling company property, the offices of the Red Lake Falls Milling company are to be moved to Crookston and the change means that the officers and members of the office force and their families are to leave Red Lake Falls. The first to go are Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Sivertson and daughter Helen and they will leave for their new home at Crookston this evening. That Mr. and Mrs. Sivertson are no longer to be numbered among Red Lake Falls people causes general regret. In the years that they have lived here they have always been identified with the city's good works and they have in an unassuming way been a power for good in the community and have made fast friends who will join in the wish that their lot in the future may be cast in pleasant places.

Talk To People When Their Minds Are Receptive....

Talk to them in the evening after they have cast aside the cares of the day.

For this purpose ELECTRIC ADVERTISING is irresistable.

Measured by results Electric Advertising is the cheapest of all forms of advertising, when using on electric sign.

See us about it.

Red River Power Company
Phone 18--2. *Red Lake Fall, Minn.*

C. A. Lindquist, chairman of the board of county commissioners, Auditor A. A. Latendresse and C. W. Johnson, clerk of court, are occupied this week as a board of audit going over the accounts of the county treasurer.

A number of the young friends of Helen Sivertson gave a picnic in her honor on the island in the Clearwater river Tuesday afternoon. This was a farewell party for Helen who left today for her new home in Crookston.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Margaret Lißrig.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Lißrig, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Nicholas Nimeagern.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the third day of January, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the court house at the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said County of Red Lake, as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, 1910.

(Seal) IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Judge of Probate.

UNDERTAKING......

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake, } SS
City of Red Lake Falls.

Notice is Hereby Given, That applications have been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Red Lake Falls and filed in my office, praying for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors for the term commencing on August 6th, 1910, and terminating on August 5th, 1911, by the following persons at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

Latendresse Bros.

In that certain frame building situate upon Lot 18 of Block 7 in Champaigne & Dow's Addition to Red Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council at the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., in Red Lake County, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday the 18th day of August A. D. 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of the City of Red Lake Falls this 27th day of July, A. D. 1910.

(Seal) JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1885

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 45

NEW BANK PEOPLE SELL PART OF BUILDING

W. A. Schreiter Purchased the Room Occupied by the Sunshine Store.

An important real estate transfer this week was the sale by the directors of the recently organized Farmers National Bank to W. A. Schreiter of the part of the Lemieux block now occupied by the Sunshine store. In a few days Mr. Schreiter will move his drug stock to the new location.

The bank is to have the desirable location on the corner and the directors this week made arrangements for the remodeling of the front, some changes on the interior and for putting in bank fixtures. It is expected that the new bank will be ready for business about Sept. 1

POPULAR DEMAND NOMINATED LIND

Paul Pry's Comment on the Democratic State Convention.

St. Paul, August 2.—There was no possible way of preventing the nomination of John Lind as the Democratic candidate for governor of the state. It was not that the people did not believe he was sincere in saying he had made up his mind not to be candidate. They knew the position had no attraction for him. But they thought when he realized with what unanimity the call was made upon him he would make his own wishes subservient to the wishes of his friends and of the people of the state.

The People's Candidate.

It was not merely for party reasons that Mr. Lind's nomination was desired, nor was it merely the Democrats who wished him to run. Behind their action was the sentiment of the growing body of independent voters of the state. Because of Mr. Lind's very reluctance these were all the more anxious that he would consent to serve them. To tell the truth the people are something weary of the professional candidate whose every word and action is measured for its political effect, and who is ready either to adopt or to suppress any opinion if doing so would advance his political prospects. The wishes of the independent voters to have a man of high character and great talents occupy the most important office in the gift of the state naturally had weight with the Democrats. That is why the sentiment for Lind from the delegates from the country swept everything before it in the convention and demonstrated the futility of the efforts of a few practical politicians to side-track the movement at the instigation of interests who supposed that Mr. Lind's administration would prove detrimental to them.

They Trusted the Man.

That was on account of his attitude on county option, and a campaign was organized against him here in the fear that were he in the field his candidacy would have an effect adverse to their interests on the legislative campaign. That fear, however, only had weight with the agents of the liquor interests and those who sought their support. The voters themselves thought no less of a man who held opinions and expressed them fearlessly even if they did not agree with him. They were willing to let Mr. Lind hold any views he wished. It did not alter theirs. Thus it was that men opposed to county option and who would not stand for a party declaration joined with the extreme county option men in demanding the

Continued On Page 4

A FINE WHEAT CROP

Much of it Will be in the Shock by Saturday Night.

A magnificent crop of wheat is now being harvested in southern Red Lake county. By the end of the week the greater part of it will have been cut.

The grain is of excellent quality and clean, the best wheat that has been raised in Red Lake county for years, and the yield is going to be good.

The oats, rye and barley crops will be rather light, but corn looks fine and more hay is being put up than for many years. There are comparatively few farmers who have reason to be dissatisfied with their crops this year.

Wasn't Worth While.

The Thief River News complains because the Gazette did not say anything about county division in the last two issues. Well, you see, it was this way: After wading through several columns of dope in recent issues of the News in an effort to find a single reason advanced why people ought to vote for county division, the search was given up. You see, John had shot his little wad and he's back on the old job of roasting county officials without saying anything.

If every one of Red Lake county's officials were incompetent or for any other reason ought not to be holding public office, any fool knows, John does, that that's no reason for dividing the county. If a condition of that kind existed the people would remedy it in another way.

SOME FIGURES ON COUNTY TAXES

The Thief River News' Campaign of Misrepresentation.

The cause of the high taxes in Red Lake county, the highest average in the state, may be easily understood from the amounts levied for the support of the county government in recent years. In 1909, $62,924.39 was levied for county purposes only. In 1908, $49,212.83; in 1906, $37,614.88; in 1901, $22,627.33; and in 1897, the year the county was organized, only $11,523.37 was levied. It cannot be argued that the growth of the county requires this increased expenditure, for the tax is increasing twice as fast as population. These official figures show that three times as much tax is needed to run the county now as in 1901, only nine years ago. Today the county has exactly three times the assessed valuation as it had in 1897, but the board of county commissioners levy six times the tax. Why this great discrepancy between property and taxes occur is accounted for only on the grounds of extravagance and waste of public money and utter disregard for the pocket books of the taxpayers. Unless a halt is called, either by the organization of Pennington county or by other more drastic means, Red Lake county will soon reach that condition known as bankruptcy. Other adjoining counties have gotten into this deplorable state and so may others which spend more than they raise in taxes.—Thief River News.

The figures as published in the above article taken from the Thief River News are correct, but as it has previously done the News is making figures that are correct in themselves lie. The Gazette has secured from the county auditor's office a statement showing for what purposes the levies have been made. The News makes a comparison between 1897, the year the county was organized, and 1909. Here are the figures:

Levy for 1897.

County Revenue	$ 6,365.62
County Bond and Interest	1,042.68
County Poor	2,058.16
Other Purposes	2,056.91
Total	$11,523.37

Levy for 1909.

County Revenue	$18,723.62
County Road and Bridge	7,489.38
County Bond and Interest	5,242.35
Building Fund	14,979.03
Ditch Assessments, etc.	16,490.01
Total	$62,924.39

Any fool knows that a county can't be run for $11,523.37. John Eastman knows that.

But let's compare the figures.

Not a cent was spent for roads and bridges in 1897. You see the county had just been organized and they weren't spending any money for anything. They raised a little money to take care of the poor and to pay the interest on some old Polk county obligations and that was about all. Item No. 2 in the levy for 1909 is for roads and bridges and amounts to $7,489.38.

The bond and interest fund has increased about four thousand dollars since the county was organized. There was no occasion for any bonded indebtedness when the county was organized—for as previously stated the county wasn't spending any money the year it was born. That's item No. 3 of the levy of 1909 amounting to $5,241.35.

For several years after the county was organized not one cent was spent for county buildings. A building for court house purposes was furnished by Red Lake Falls without expense to the county. In 1909 a tax levy for court house purposes was made because some of the people of Thief River Falls objected to a bond issue to pay for the building. That is item No. 4 of the tax levy for 1909 and amounts to $14,979.03.

The last item in the levy is for ditch assessments. But ditch assessments do not increase taxes at all. Those people who desire to have ditches constructed ask for a loan for that purpose and they pay the money back in installments. The ditch assessments are taxed up against their land and no one whose land is not benefitted pays one cent of ditch taxes. But the ditch assessments make the tax levy for 1909 appear $16,490.01 larger than it otherwise would appear. In making a comparison to show extravagance ditch assessments are not to be considered at all. The construction of a county ditch is practically a private undertaking, the county acting simply as an agent in negotiating the loan and collecting the interest and payments, the whole expense of the transaction being charged against the lands benefitted by the construction of the ditch.

Can any one see extravagance in the last four items of the tax levy for 1909? That much of the levy is for improvements that are needed.

Red Lake county is building roads and bridges and a courthouse and some of its farmers are digging ditches which accounts for practically the complete tax levy with the exception of the first item in the statement above, the levy for the expenses of county government.

All of the other items speak for themselves. Let's compare the amounts levied for county revenue. In fact that is what will show extravagance if there is extravagance.

In 1897, the year the county was organized, they levied $6,365.62 to pay the officers' salaries, for purchasing supplies, heating and all other expenses of county government.

Why do you smile?

The News says that our assessed valuation is now only three times what it was in 1897.

Well, last year the tax levy for the expenses of county government was not quite three times as great—$18,723.62.

But let's compare a little more.

Let's begin by asking how they did it in 1897. How did they pay the expenses of county government on that tax levy? What salaries did the officers receive?

Yes, that's why you smile.

Could any one have said that the business of the county was not conducted economically if the levy had been twice $6,365.92?

And who is there who says that $18,723.62 is too much for paying the officers' salaries and the other expenses of county government?

You know, Brother John, that the county wasn't spending money for anything the first year of its existence—and the officers worked for their board and went home nights and Sundays.

Why don't the News compare the levy for 1909 with a time after the county had been doing business for a few years. But if that is done the Gazette challenges the News to print the items of the tax levy as the Gazette has done.

Before making the comparison to show the extravagance two items should be cut out—Ditches and Buildings. Ditches can't be any extravagance because they are never constructed until people need them, demand them and are ready to pay for them.

And there was no building fund and no occasion for such a fund in the early history of the county so it isn't "on the square" to make the building fund a part of the grand total for purposes of comparison of the levies to show extravagance.

But you say building a courthouse is an extravagance. Allright. Lets agree to disagree on that point and fight it out on that issue. That's about all there is to it anyhow.

Do the tax payers want to pay for two courthouses instead of one? Are they ready to pay all the other expenses of the maintenance of two county governments with nothing to show for the expense except to know that they have gratified the selfish desire of certain Thief River people?

The only possibility of success that the Thief River Falls people have is that they may be able to deceive enough people by the campaign of misrepresentation to carry the election next fall. That is the kind of campaign they are now carrying on. If they were to tell what they know would be the effect of county division they would be making votes against division.

Every person reading this is requested to take a careful comparison of the statements made by the News and the Gazette.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION

John Lind the Unanimous Choice for Head of the Ticket.

THE TICKET.

For Governor—John Lind, Minneapolis.

Lieutenant Governor—M. C. Tifft, Long Prairie.

Secretary of State—Fred W. Johnson, New Ulm.

State Treasurer—Charles F. Ladner, St. Cloud.

State Auditor—T. J. Meighen, Fillmore county.

Attorney General—J. M. Fresman, Olivia.

Justices of the Supreme Court—T. D. O'Brien, St. Paul, and Arthur H. Snow, Winona.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—Fred E. Wheaton, Minneapolis.

Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—James C. Tracy, Rochester.

Minneapolis, July 29.—The Democratic state convention assembled in the Minneapolis auditorium nominated John Lind of Minneapolis for governor amid a wild scene, which was characterized by intense enthusiasm and remarkable parliamentary confusion. There was practically no opposition to the nomination of Mr. Lind as the party standard bearer, but a number of his friends tried their utmost to head off the nomination under the belief that the former governor would decline to accept it.

Headed by the St. Louis county delegation the country delegates maintained the most determined stand for the nomination of their choice and the combined efforts of the Ramsey and Hennepin county delegations to effect the selection of some other standard bearer were futile. Mr. Lind was chosen first by a yea and nay vote. Then a proposition to make the selection unanimous caused some expert parliamentary maneuvering which consumed over an hour. The nomination finally was made unanimous.

It was half an hour before noon when Frank A. Day, chairman of the state central committee, called the convention to order in these words:

"Boys, here we are again in a good old fashioned, fighting Democratic convention that is not controlled by bosses and is unacquainted with the machinery which propels a steam roller. You have all paid 2 cents a mile to get here and you would be paying 3 cents had it not been for the efforts

Continued On Page 5

DEATH OF A PIONEER.

Peter Raymond of Louisville Died Tuesday Morning.

Peter Raymond, one of the pioneers of Red Lake county, died at his home in Louisville at 2 o'clock Tuesday morning after a very brief illness. Mr. Raymond was a veteran of the Civil War and one of the earliest settlers of the county, having come here over thirty years ago. He has always lived on his homestead in Louisville.

Death was probably due to the infirmities of old age. Mr. Raymond was in town Saturday and stated that he was feeling as well as usual and it was not until the evening before his death that he complained of feeling unwell and even then he was able to sit up.

Deceased was eighty-five years old and is survived by a family of grown children. Funeral services were held today in the Catholic church at Louisville of which deceased was a member.

BEAT THE BRANDOWS

Local Ball Team Took an Easy Game From Crookston Aggregation.

In a base ball game on the local grounds Sunday afternoon the locals took an easy victory from the Brandows of Crookston. In the absence of Garceau, Vera Healy was on the mound for the locals and performed in excellent style. He was given excellent support, Red Lake playing almost an errorless game. Crookston was not so strong in the field or with the stick as the locals. The score by innings:

Crookston	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
R. L. Falls	1	0	2	0	6	0	0	0	x	—9

PERRAULT STATION.

The Perrault cheese factory added a new patron to their list, Joe Everetts, the first of the month. The factory is doing finely considering the dry spell, averaging 2100 lbs. daily.

The farmers of this section are beginning their harvest, all with a pleasant smile for there is a good crop. All grain is No. 1.

Mose Ducharme entertained a number of his friends last Sunday. The time was spent playing cards and refreshments were served. Among the guests was Mrs. T. Robillard from town who paid her last visit here before leaving for her new home in North Yakima, Wash.

Mrs. W. H. Krueger and children returned Saturday from Crookston where they had been visiting with the family of Herman Krueger.

BIG DAY FOR ST. MARY'S CHURCH

Bishop Corbett Here for Confirmation of a Large Class.

Sunday was a big day for the members of the St. Mary's church. The Right Reverend Bishop Timothy Corbett of Crookston was here for the confirmation of a class of seventy-five young people.

The bishop delivered a sermon in the forenoon and also spoke in the evening. He spoke in English on all occasions. This was the new bishop's first official visit to Red Lake Falls and his eloquent addresses and pleasing personality delighted those who attended the services.

Following the bishop's morning address the sacrament of confirmation was administered.

Visiting clergymen who were Rev. Fr. Ambrose's guests for the occasion were Fr. Conrad of St. Thomas, Fr. Veilleux of Terrebonne and Fr. Fayolle of this city.

In the afternoon and evening the ladies of the church served ice cream and cake on the church grounds and in the evening the Red Lake Falls band rendered a program of excellent numbers. Several people from Terrebonne, Crookston, Grand Forks and other places were here for the occasion. The ladies realized $65 from the sale of ice cream and cake.

WARNING TO OFFICERS.

Should Watch Out for School Supply Agents.

People traveling through the country offering for sale maps and other school supplies and claiming to have recommendations from Supt. H. F. Anderson are making such claims without authority from Mr. Anderson who does not recommend any agent's supplies. School officers should govern themselves accordingly. Turn down the agents. Consult with the teachers and the superintendent about the purchase of school supplies.

Summer School Closes.

The Red Lake county summer school held at Thief River Falls closed last week after a four weeks session. The school was a successful one. The total enrollment was 128; the average daily attendance 88. Supt. Anderson says that the difference between the total enrollment and average attendance is accounted for by the fact that a number took the special work in sewing etc., that continued for one week only.

JUST RECEIVED

A CARLOAD OF BINDER TWINE

This is all New Twine made this year, for we did not carry a pound from last year. Don't buy twine unless you are sure it is New. We have the famous Deering and Plymouth brands of twine.

TWINE HAS DROPPED 1 1-2c

Because of poor crops throughout the Dakotas and the Northwest. Here are the reduced prices:

Pure Manila, 650 ft., 11 1-2c
Manila, 600 ft., 10 1-2c
Standard, 500 ft., 9c

Come and get the benefit of these low prices at

WM. FINDEISEN

Midsummer Clearance Sale

In order to close out as much of our Summer Goods as possible, we are going to give a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent on all Summer Goods such as Lawns, Dimities, Batistes and Work Skirts and 10 per cent off on all Black Sateen Petticoats. Save money by taking advantage of this sale.

Garceau & Rubertus

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

CONDENSATIONS

NEWS AND NOTES HERE AND THERE.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

Other Matters of Interest Condensed From the More Important Telegrams.

Washington.

Washington Lee Capps, Captain in the regular naval establishment has tendered his resignation to take effect October 1st.

The officials of both the state and navy departments are closely watching the developments in the fight of Estrada and Madriz forces in Nicaragua.

The text of the long-heralded Manchurian convention between Japan and Russia, signed July 4 at St. Petersburg, was made public. It is one of the shortest important treaties of modern times, being just 237 words in length.

Unless further neglect and mistreatment is shown by the Madriz government toward William Pittman, the American engineer now held in Managua as a prisoner of war, the state department will leave his case in the hands of United States Consul Olivares in Managua.

Bids were opened at the treasury for the construction of the public building at Columbus, Neb. The bidders were as follows: J. H. Well of South Omaha, $68,850; Northwestern Construction company of Kearney, Neb., $[illegible]; General Construction company of Milwaukee, $67,715. Bartlett W. King of Cedar Rapids, $64,150.

The interstate commerce commission announced Monday that the recently filed tariffs making advances in the freight rates on cattle and dressed beef between Chicago and New York had not been suspended. The matter arose through an inquiry from an important New York business house as to the proposed rate.

Foreign.

The elaborate funeral given King Edward cost the nation $202,500, as is shown in the supplementary financial estimate.

Military aviators engaged in a minute aerial battle at Vincennes. The Blues, representing the attacking force, beat the Reds, the defending force. Both forces carried guns to a height of 100 meters (about 325 feet).

Dr. Leslie Dodd Ward of Newark, N. J., vice president of the Prudential Insurance company, died in London. Dr. Ward was not in good health when he sailed from New York and his condition gradually grew worse after his arrival in London.

At Cracow, Galica, a great three-day's national Polish festival in celebration of the 500th anniversary of the battle of Tannenberg, in which the Polish and Lithuanian army defeated and broke the power of the Teutonic order began with the unveiling of a monument to King Ladislaw Jagello.

The Glasgow board of trade return shows that during the five months ending May 31, no fewer than 29,535 passengers left the Clyde for places out of Europe. Of these 41,401 were bound for the United States and 15,0[illegible] for Canada, thirteen for Australia, and sixty six for other places. In the month of May alone 4,603 left for Canada and 2,837 for the United States.

There is a bible in the royal library of Stockholm that is 35 inches long and 19 inches wide. It takes three men to lift the book, in which there are 302 pages, seven having been lost. The book is written on parchment made from the skins of 160 asses.

General.

President Taft has taken the conservation policy in his own hands.

An international railroad commission may be formed by Canada and the United States.

In this day war becomes a new problem by reason of the achievements of aeroplanes.

With the purpose of contributing to the development of Northwestern California, the department of agriculture has offered to sell about 1,000,000,000 feet of timber in the Trinity national forest in that state.

President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton university announced that he would accept the democratic nomination for governor of New Jersey if he were convinced that a majority of the party sincerely desired him to run.

Officials of the census bureau declare they are paying as fast as possible the enumerators who collected the statistics for the thirteenth census.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel and Attorney General Wickersham are going to Alaska to find out whether the Guggenheims or the United States own that territory.

Another Central American revolution is imminent. This time Honduras is to be the battle ground and President Davila is to meet in combat his old opponent and former president of the republic, Manuel Bonila.

In this day war becomes a new problem by reason of the achievements of aeroplanes.

An attempt is to be made by Walter Wellman to cross the Atlantic ocean in a dirigible balloon.

Authoritative figures just out show Alabama's pig iron production to have reached 158,869 tons against 99,855 tons in June last year.

Theodore Douglas Robinson, nephew of former President Roosevelt, has announced his candidacy for the republican nomination for member of congress from the Twenty-seventh New York district.

Roosevelt will aid Senator Beveridge in his fight for re-election.

A new union station is planned for Chicago which may cost $25,000,000.

The wheat yield in states of the northwest will be far below the normal.

The health of the German emperor is said to be greatly impaired.

The first death for three years from the bubonic plague occurred at Honolulu.

It is said the next lower house is not necessarily lost to the republicans.

The Pan-American Congress is now in session and will hold for several weeks.

The postal savings bank law is expected to prove an aid to the treasury.

Forty millions in gold is expected to be imported from Europe by Christmas.

Seven Cubans were arrested charged with conspiracy against the government.

Senator Burrows, as the man who must act, is bothered over the bribery case of Senator Lorimer.

Representative Poindexter of Washington received comfort and encouragement at Oyster Bay.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General P. V. DeGraw talked to Nebraska postmasters in session at Lincoln.

Hon. Charles S. Rolls, an English aviator, was killed by the falling of his machine while making a flight.

Loeb says he would rather remain at his post in the customs service than to be a candidate for governor.

At Clinton, Ill., Chief of Police John Struble was shot about midnight by an unknown man and died in a short time.

Daniel Kinet, the Belgian aeronaut who fell when the rudder of his aeroplane broke, died from his injuries.

Drouth in the northwest is seriously affecting the cattle men, threatening them with great losses and possibly with financial ruin.

Congressman George W. Norris of the Fifth (Nebraska) district had his name filed as a candidate for renomination on the republican ticket.

George Otis Smith, director of the geographical survey will be the first head in the new bureau of mines, just created by act of congress.

At Hamburg Thirty-five thousand ship yard workers united in a demand for an increase of 10 per cent. in wages and a fifty-three-hour week.

At Enid, Okla., guests of the City Hotel fled in their night clothes when the hotel and an adjoining structure was destroyed by fire. Several of the guests were slightly injured.

Robert Prewitt Williams, state treasurer of Missouri during the administration of Alexander Dockery as governor and a well known banker, died at his home at Fayette.

The sudden death of Chief Justice Fuller makes a change in a majority of the supreme court of the United States during the first term of President Taft, a possibility, if not a certainty.

For the first time since he returned to Kansas, United States Senator Joseph L. Bristow, in a speech at Olathe, Kans., referred to the fact that he has been denied patronage by President Taft.

Harvard City, Clay county, Nebraska, has the distinction of being the first Nebraska town whose population is announced by the Census bureau. Harvard City has a population of 1,102, as against 840 ten years ago.

Telegraphic advices from Portland have been received announcing the suicide of Major W. J. Tucker in a Portland hotel. He was formerly treasurer of the Battle Mountain sanitarium and government home at Hot Springs, S. D.

President Taft was highly pleased when he received a letter from Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh, stating that the splendid showing of federal finances announced on June 30 last, had been improved by revised returns showing additional receipts of about $5,500,000.

The Hrbek monument was unveiled at Cedar Rapids, Io., and appropriate memorial exercises were held for the late professor of the University of Nebraska.

To race with the British expedition under Captain Scott to the south pole, a Japanese sailing vessel of 200 tons carrying Lieutenant Shiraes and the Japanese expedition to the Antarctic will leave Tokio bay on August 1. The expedition will proceed via Benin Islands and Australia.

Cardinal Gibbons will celebrate next year a double jubilee. He will have been a priest fifty years and a cardinal twenty-five years. Already the Catholics of the country are preparing to make this golden and silver jubilee of the man who is not only the highest placed, but best beloved man in the Roman hierarchy in the United States a red letter event in American church history.

Personal.

Pinchot will help the insurgents in the California campaign.

Wm. Loeb may make the race for governor of New York on the republican ticket.

Charles S. Rolls, the noted English aviator, was killed in England.

Roosevelt and Hughes held a conference over the political situation in New York.

President will not be in a hurry about filling the vacancy in the supreme judgeship.

James R. Garfield is in accord with progressive republicans in Ohio.

Roosevelt declares he has as yet taken no stand regarding the "regular" and "insurgent" factions.

President Taft is giving considerable thought to the forthcoming report by the monetary commission.

Roosevelt held a conference with Governor Hughes at Oyster Bay.

Taft discussed politics with Orens, Wickersham and Nagel at Beverly.

President Taft is giving considerable thought to the forthcoming report by the monetary commission.

Major John Talbot, U. S. A., retired a famous civil war veteran, Indian fighter and pioneer, died at Cheyenne, Wyoming.

The Alabama republican convention nominated J. O. Thompson, Birmingham, for governor and candidates for other state offices except justice of the supreme court.

DEEP WATERW'YS

COMMUNITIES EXPECTED TO DO THEIR SHARE SAYS CONGRESSMAN TAWNEY.

NEXT MEETING AT ALTON

Main Officers Re-elected by Upper Mississippi Association.—South's Need of Flour Said to Insure Aid in Waterways Work.

St. Paul, Minn.—Congress expects every state and every municipality along the Mississippi river to show its appreciation of the recent appropriations made for river improvement by providing proper terminals and maintaining proper freight handling facilities so that the river can be utilized for transportation. This is the statement of Congressman Tawney of Winona, chairman of the committee on appropriations. Mr. Tawney gave a short address before the convention of the Upper Mississippi Improvement association at its closing session.

"Congress was glad of the opportunity to appropriate money for this purpose of improving the rivers, but it expects that the states and cities will now do their part," said Mr. Tawney.

Thomas Wilkinson of Burlington, Iowa, was re-elected president of the association; Lewis B. Boswell of Quincy, Illinois, secretary, and J. P. Eckbarl, treasurer, were both re-elected. The following were named as vice-presidents of the association: J. G. Arneson, Stillwater, Minn.; Wendell A. Anderson, La Crosse, Wis.; W. A. Meese, Moline, Ill.; L. A. Hamell, Keokuk, Iowa, and J. J. Martin, St. Louis Mo.

Alton, Ill., was selected as the place of meeting for next year. There was no opposition to the selection.

Resolutions thanking Congressman Tawney for his work in getting increased appropriations were passed.

The reservoir system of the upper Mississippi was indorsed and the convention asked not only that it be maintained but that it be enlarged.

Now that congress has appropriated the money for a six-foot channel and other extensive improvements in the river, the convention went on record as believing that it was incumbent on municipalities and business organizations to see that proper terminals and landings were constructed and that freight handling facilities were provided. It also recommended that the building of modern steel craft be encouraged.

The Upper Mississippi River Improvement association will continue its membership in the National Rivers and Harbors congress and will also co-operate with all other kindred organizations in securing improvements for the river. This intention was included in the text of the resolution.

Minneapolis flour is the product most demanded by the states of the lower Mississippi valley, and for that reason these states are willing to co-operate in securing improvements in waterways in the upper Mississippi. This is the opinion of Thomas H. Lovelace, secretary of the Lakes to the Gulf Deep Waterways association, who addressed the convention in the morning.

South Demands Flour.

"Iron ore lies in abundance at the headwaters of the Mississippi and should be brought down for smelting. Paper pulp and all manner of forest products come also," said Mr. Lovelace, "but most of all the lower Mississippi demands the flour from the Minneapolis mills for domestic and export trade, in return for which it will send up in great quantities cotton for the Oriental trade, sugar, coffee, rice, hardwood and all the imports from the world at large that enter the gates of New Orleans."

Appropriations for Work.

"The generous appropriations of this year, grudgingly permitted to pass by the opponents in the legislative and executive departments of the government, bear strong testimony to the power of public opinion which has been aroused by the river improvement association."

Governor Eberhart delivered an address before the association, in which he dwelt particularly on the relations between water transportation and transportation by rail.

"Many of the best railroad men today realize that water transportation and railroad transportation must work together," said the governor. "It is as much advantage to the railroad to have the waterways deepened as it is to anyone else. The railroad cannot handle all of the business. However, with a six-foot canal, bulky material can be shipped by water. This will be a great blessing to the railroads themselves and I am sure that they will co-operate. Minnesota is perhaps more intensely interested in the development of interior waterways than any other state in the Union."

BLINDPIGGERS CAUGHT.

White Earth.—The agency under the direction of J. R. Howard, United States Indian agent, succeeded in rounding up two blind piggers who have been doing a lucrative business among the Indians at Ebro and along the northern boundary of the reservation during the past summer.

The prisoners are in the agency jail and will be turned over to the charge of deputy United States marshal, who is expected here soon.

COW, HIT BY TRAIN, HURTS BOY.

Fergus Falls Youth Knocked Into River, His Leg Broken.

Fergus Falls. — The fast Great Northern limited struck a cow on the track just before reaching the river east of this city. The cow was hurled from the track and instantly killed and as her body went through the air it struck the hired boy named Krietzer and he went down the bank with the cow into the river. He was gotten out alive, but his leg is broken.

HAYNES MAY RUN FOR GOV.

Would Enter Arena if Choice of All Democrats.

Minneapolis, Minn. — It can be stated with authority that should Mayor Haynes be offered unanimously the Democratic nomination for governor he would accept.

"Should the Democratic state convention pick you as the party leader and tender you the nomination for governor unanimously would you accept?" was asked the mayor.

"The possibility is so remote that I have not even given it serious consideration," was the reply.

That the proposition has been put directly up to the mayor by the Democratic leaders and that he is being seriously considered as the most available candidate in the party is indicated by a remark made by the chief executive of the city later on in the conversation.

"I suppose," he said in a thoughtful way, "that I will have to make up my mind one way or the other before the state convention."

This is taken to indicate that at the St. Paul conference of Democratic leaders which he was invited to attend Tuesday some definite offer was made to him. It is pointed out that Mayor Haynes could carry Hennepin county by a tremendous vote and would do much better here than John Lind. The Democrats also say he would make a brilliant fight throughout the state and that his anti-corporation attitude would bring him many votes. The declaration is also made that aside from John Lind he is more widely known than any one else who has been mentioned by the Democrats and that in the cities especially he would run much stronger than Congressman Hammond.

Mr. Haynes is of the opinion that John Lind will be the nominee and says he has no doubt as to the outcome of the convention. He believes Mr. Lind will accept.

SHERIFF CLOSES HAMEL BAR.

Officer Takes a Hand in the Village Saloon War.

Minneapolis. — Sheriff Otto Langu, of Hennepin county, locked the doors of both of the saloons in Hamel, the town 16 miles west of Minneapolis where the district schoolhouse was dynamited and set afire last Tuesday morning. The dynamiting of the school had been attributed to the saloon war which has raged in the little hamlet for several years and kept the people in a state of terror with its several fires and threats.

When he was informed that James Sheridan, whose license expired Thursday night, and who had been warned to cease selling liquor, was operating his saloon in defiance of the edicts of the county attorney and the sheriff, Sheriff Langum hurried to the town and closed not only Sheridan's place, but that of his rival, John Scott.

May Deny Both Licenses.

After the dynamite outrage of Tuesday morning it was discovered that both saloons are within 1,500 feet of the schoolhouse, contrary to the provisions of the state law. Sheridan's application for a renewal of his license was held up, and it is declared that his appeal will be denied next Monday, when the county commissioners meet. On good authority it is declared that the license granted May 25 to Scott also will be revoked. This will leave the little town dry.

NO LIQUOR NEAR RESERVATION.

Will Abolish all the Saloons on Ceded Indian Lands.

Washington, D. C. — Prohibition will be extended by the national government on ceded Indian lands in Minnesota. The bureau of Indian affairs has decided to enforce its anti-liquor regulations on a larger area of these lands than previously has been attempted.

All the lands within and adjacent to the White Earth and Leech Lake reservations will be embraced within the prohibited territory. Some places within this area previously have been permitted to maintain saloons, but these will now be abolished and the ban on the introduction of intoxicating liquors will be applied to the following counties: Becker, Cass, Clay, Hubbard, Mahnomen and Norman; southwestern portion of Beltrami, Itasca and Polk; southern portions of Clearwater and Red Lake; those parts of Crow Wing and Wadena lying north of the Mississippi and the northern portion of Otter Tail.

This action was taken by the Indian bureau in order to protect the red men adequately against whisky and also to enforce, so far as its appropriation will permit, the provisions of the treaties by which the lands were ceded. These conventions prohibit the introduction of intoxicating liquors in the whole northern part of the state, except by consent of congress or the president, and if carried out strictly according to their letter, it is said, would embrace even Minneapolis and Duluth. There is no present likelihood, however, of the Indian bureau invading these two cities with its temperance crusade.

AUTO MOTOR BOAT BURNED UP.

Red Wing, Minnesota.—The Forest Products Company's auto motor boat No. 29 blew up in midstream and was burned to the water's edge.

A 30-gallon tank of gasoline surrendered to the heat but there was no explosion. The oil burned as it poured out of the tank.

William Farrel, operating the boat, fought the flames for three hours and was painfully burned about the hands and lower limbs.

DEAN GREEN LAID TO REST.

Boston, Mass. — Funeral service for Samuel Bowdleer Green, a leading forester and horticulturist and dean of the school of forestry at the University of Minnesota, were held in Mount Auburn, Chelsea. Among those in attendance were scientists of this neighborhood and friends of Professor Green living in Chelsea and Wellesley. Prof. Green was born at Chelsea in 1859, the son of Thomas and Anna Green.

FIRES STILL BURN

FOREST CONFLAGRATIONS IN WISCONSIN AND KOOTENAY DISTRICTS.

ESCAPE IS IMPOSSIBLE

Several Hundred People are Hemmed in by Fire in Bloomville and Heineman, Wisconsin, With no Way to Escape.

Merrill, Wis., July 21.—Several hundred persons of Bloomville and Heineman are hemmed in by forest fires at the former town with seemingly no means of escape. The fires have destroyed the railroad tracks for some distance between Bloomville and Merrill, making it impossible for the inhabitants of the doomed village to seek refuge in that direction.

Wausau, Wis., July 21.—Forest fires in the southwestern portion of this county are probably the worst fires ever seen in Marathon county, and unless the wind dies down will lay waste the entire county and about 10,000,000 feet of standing timber will be destroyed. The fire covered an area fully ten miles in length, extending west and east.

The chief loser is the Hatton Lumber Co., of New London, which lost 4,000,000 feet of logs, and the Moore & Galloway Lumber Co., 1,500,000 feet of hardwood and pine logs.

Winnipeg, July 21.—Latest reports from Sandon in the Kootenay district state that town is in imminent danger. A train crowded with refugees is ready to leave. Three Forks, reported burned is still in existence but surrounded by fire. The total destruction of White Water and McGuigan is confirmed. The fire is now closing in on the Rossland Center big mines.

At Kenora, Ont., a hundred miles east of here brush fires are within a mile of the town. Farm houses on the outskirts were destroyed and the town is filled with smoke. A fire brigade has been out thirty-six hours continuously fighting off the fire. The residents are packing valuables and preparing for a hasty departure.

Spokane, Wash., July 21.—The town of Marble on the Columbia river, about ten miles south of the Canadian boundary, is reported to be burning. The town's destruction is expected. Fire in the Flatcreek country, near Bossburg, Wash., is steadily spreading and threatens to wipe out a majority of the homes. In the Chona Creek basin the citizens have been fighting the flames almost continuously since Sunday afternoon. Indians bring the news to Bossburg that all the buildings at the Napoleon mine, five miles west of town, have been burned.

Artilleryman Killed by Explosion.

Fort Monroe, Va., July 21.—Eleven artillerymen are dead and a number of others seriously injured, including two officers, as the result of the blowing out of the breech block in a 12-inch shore gun at Derussey battery, during coast artillery practice here today. The accident occurred while the student officers were endeavoring to sink a fleet of towed targets, representing an imaginary hostile fleet proceeding toward Washington. The battery was under the immediate command of Sergeant Harry Haas of the Sixty-ninth Co., United States coast artillery.

Freight Is the Problem.

Montreal, July 21.—"Freight" continued to be the problem in the Grand Trunk railway strike today. Five thousand striking conductors and trainmen continued to be conspicuous by their absence not only from their posts which they left Monday night, but from public view anywhere.

Their leaders, speaking for them, reaffirmed that all are quietly awaiting an expected time when the railroad will find the resumption of its freight business impossible and will make such wage overtures to the strikers as will induce them to return.

Kidnaped and Ate Children.

Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, July 21—The disappearance of Dominican children near the Haytien frontier has been explained by the confession of a Haytian woman that she murdered them, eating four.

This African cult is prevalent in Hayti. Christianity appears to be a failure there. The Dominican press demands severe measures to prevent Haytian immigration and thus protect the civilization of the Hayti public.

Father Francis Drowned.

Devils Lake, N. D., July 21.—Rev. Father Francis, recently from Richardton, N. D., was drowned last night while bathing in the lake near the monastery south of the city. The alarm was given and searching parties were out all night. The remains have not yet been recovered.

Father Francis came here to take the place of Father Johns at the monastery while the latter was on a vacation to Europe.

First Harvest Is On.

Edgeley, N. D., July 19.—The first harvest started here today. The farmers estimate a yield of seven to eight bushels but later wheat will go around ten to twelve. Te recent rains in this vicinity have helped late crops and made a better prospect for forage.

Preparing Exhibits for State Fair.

Bismarck, N. D., July 21.—Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor Gilbreath is busy at present getting the exhibits that will be taken to the state fair at Fargo, in shape. Most of the exhibit that was used at Omaha at the corn show last year will be shipped to Fargo and from there to other fairs in other states this fall. There will, of course, be fresh exhibits along the line of grains and grasses, but the ground work will be the same as at the big show last fall. The exhibit made a big hit at Omaha and will probably be one of the big attractions at the local fair.

Minot Clerks Get Raise.

Washington, July 20.—The postmaster at Minot, N. D., has been authorized to promote the clerks in his office, effective July 1, as follows: One clerk from $800 to $900, one from $900 to $1,000, one from $1,000 to $1,000, and one from $1,100 to $1,200.

Insurrection in Honduras.

New Orleans, La., July 20.—Insurrections today at Cerba and other points on the coast of Honduras are declared by members of the Central American colony here to be the signal for a general uprising throughout the country of the sympathizers of Manuel Bonlella.

AVIATOR WAS CLEVER

WAS EASILY LEADING FEATURE OF GRAND FORKS FAIR.

Had Machine Under Perfect Control and Remained in Air for Sixteen Minutes—Large Crowds.

Grand Forks, N. D. July 20.—Arch Hoxsey, the aeroplane man, was easily the feature of the opening day at the Grand Forks fair when for sixteen minutes he kept the great crowd gaping with astonishment while he cut all kinds of capers in the air. He has his machine under perfect control every second of the time.

Yesterday's attendance is estimated at 10,000. The grandstand and bleachers were filled and hundreds grouped themselves along the fences or sat in carriages and automobiles around the race track during the afternoon events. The avenues and the merry midway were thronged with people from morning until the gates closed last night. It was a good crowd and an enthusiastic and well behaved one and everybody seemed to be thoroughly satisfied.

The afternoon's race programme and the vaudeville acts between the heats were highly interesting.

Freight Service Is Tied Up.

Montreal, July 20.—With its more important passenger schedule fairly maintained, the pressing problem confronting the Grand Trunk railway today lies in the continued and apparently complete paralysis of its freight traffic. This condition, the striking conductors and trainmen declare to have been precisely the objective when to a number of 5,000 or more, they left their various positions on the company's system from Portland, Me., to Detroit, and in New England, Monday night.

Carloads of perishable freight are standing on siding far and near and unless it is possible to begin to turn wheels soon the property loss will be large. Food supplies and crop transportation are vitally involved it is said.

The generally expressed opinion at many important points on the Grand Trunk is that the strikers will be able to continue the freight train holdup two or three days longer at least. Conductors and yardmen in the employ of the Wabash, which road leases from the Grand Trunk between Niagara Falls, Ont., and Windsor, Ont., opposite Detroit have gone out and as a result the Wabash is having considerable trouble in moving passenger trains over that division. No attempt is being made to touch freight.

Monon R. R. President Murdered.

Chicago, July 20.—Ira G. Rawn, president of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville railway (Monon route) was shot through the heart and instantly killed at 1:30 this morning by a burglar who entered his summer home in Winnetka, a suburb fifteen miles north of Chicago.

The burglar forced open the basement door and was heard prowling about the first floor by Rawn, who went down stairs to investigate.

Members of his family heard him say, "What do you want here," and the shot was fired immediately afterwards.

When they hurried to the first floor Mr. Rawn was lying dead at the foot of the stairs with a bullet through his heart. The murderer or murderess escaped.

Lightning Strikes Aeroplane.

Barcelona, July 20.—In a cross country flight today Aviator Ehrmann's aeroplane was struck by lightning and fell blazing to the ground. The aviator escaped injury.

There never has a more startling aeroplane exhibition than that which Ehrmann unwilling afforded, and those who witnessed it could hardly believe their eyes when the air man emerged from the singed framework none the worse for his experience.

He was sailing along as a moderate height when he got in the path of the sky bolt. Instantly the aeroplane was enveloped in the flames, its canvas wings shriveled up, and clinging to the skeleton of his craft, Ehrmann came down with a thud.

Wickersham to Determine.

Washington, July 20.—Until the officials of the department of justice have communicated with Attorney General Wickersham, now en route to Alaska, no announcement will be made here concerning the procedure which may be had in the pending prosecutions of the officials of the American Federation of Labor growing out of the trouble with the Buck Stove & Range Co. of St. Louis.

Governor Names Commissioners.

Bismarck, N. D., July 20.—Governor Burke appointed the followink commissioners for the new county of Renville today:

I. D. Johnson, Tolley.
Ben. Harvey, Sherwood.
Donald Gillespie, Glenburn.

It is said that the apointment of these men means that Mohall will get the temporary county seat.

Want Control of Alaskan Roads.

Washington, July 21.—A proceeding was instituted before the District of Columbia supreme court today to compel the interstate commerce commission to assume jurisdiction over Alaskan railways and transportation companies and to compel them to file tariffs with the commission.

Cannon Does Strenuous Work.

Kansas City, Mo., July 20.—Speaker Joseph G. Cannon arrived in Kansas City this morning from Marion, Kan., where last night he closed his Kansas stumping tour in behalf of the "standpat" republican congressmen who are seeking renomination. Speaker Cannon left for St. Louis this morning. He will go from St. Louis to his home in Danville, Ill., either tonight or tomorrow. When he reached Kansas City he said he was feeling well. Despite his 74 years and his temporary collapse at Winfield last Saturday, the speaker is determined to get into the fall campaign. Cannon before the end of the

State Gets General Rain.

Bismarck, N. D., July 19.—There was a general rain over this section of the state last night. Reports from Dickinson, New Salem and Mandon are to the effect that there was a heavy downpour of rain during the afternoon for about an hour. The same rain hit Bismarck and Burleigh county, later in the evening.

Along the Soo line to the north Ruso, Dogden, Washburn, Wilton, Ryder and Flasher report refreshing rains and while they have come too late to do any good, to wheat, will brace up the corn and flax and do a great deal of good to the pastures and hay fields.

CANADIAN STRIKE

FREIGHT TRAFFIC IS TIED UP ON THE GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD.

GOVERNMENT OFFERS AID

Will Appoint Board of Arbitration at Its Own Expense if Desired by Both Parties—Three Thousand Men Out.

Montreal, July 19.—Before noon today the Grand Trunk officials claimed that the strike of conductors and trainmen inaugurated on its line last night had not tied up its service. The company officials admitted some local trains had been cancelled and that the freight traffic practically had been compelled to come to a standstill, but claimed that all important passenger and mail trains were moving as usual.

The International Limited from Montreal to Chicago, the company's most important day train, left Bonaventure station here as usual at 9 o'clock this morning in charge of a non-union crew. The company expects to replace many of the men who are on strike by recruits from their shops.

Montreal, July 19.—A new turn was given to the situation in the strike of the Grand Trunk railroad conductors and trainmen here shortly after noon by the receipt of a dispatch from the minister of labor at Ottawa offering on behalf of the government to appoint a board of arbitration on the trouble between the company and its employee, the finding to be binding on both and the government to bear all expenses in connection therewith. The offer was submitted in the form of letter to President Hayes of the Grand Trunk and to head officials of the unions involved and is now under consideration by them.

Fire at Lakota.

Lakota, N. D., July 19.—Fire which started in the Tony LaBiere bakery at 9:30 this forenoon from a gasoline explosion caused $35,000 damage in the business district.

The following buildings were totally destroyed:

Tony LaBiere, restaurant and bakery, loss $4,000.

People's Drug Store, owned by Ivetz & Jennings, loss $5,000.

Vacant building, owned by J. W. Murphy, $2,500.

Ferris & Son, general store, loss $10,000.

Hartin Elevator, loss with contents, $15,000.

After burning the Ferris & Son store the fire was stopped on the north by the brick building owned by the Lakota Mercantile Co. It jumped the street, however, and consumed the Hardin elevator.

Taft Also Breaks Record.

Eastport, Me., July 19.—When the presidential yacht Mayflower pointed her way up the Lubec Narrows this morning, a president of the United States for the first time in the history of the United States reached the northeast corner of the country. Eastport, the home of the American sardine industry, was appropriately excited over the occasion. Flags and bunting were displayed from all the low lying buildings along the water front and the entire population was early astir getting the little town in readiness for the coming of the noted guest. Mayor Garnett, who was to have the honor of entertaining the president, personally superintended most of the preparations.

Disaster Pursues Zeppelin.

Friedrichshafen, Germany, July 19.—The gas works of the Zeppelin Airship Co., were demolished by an explosion today. Seven persons were injured.

The cause of the accident has not been ascertained. Shortly before noon the gas meter burst and the surrounding walls were blown to a great distance. Several colleges in the vicinity fell in heaps of ruins while other near by buildings which held to their foundations lost their windows and doors. The detonation was heard for many miles around, causing a panic in the district and even among those residing on the opposite side of Lake Constance.

Still Driving Out Jews.

Kiev, Russia, July 19.—The expulsion of the Jews from Kiev continues at the rate of forty-five individuals a day. From July 4 to July 15, 497 were expelled by what is known as the second method: that is, they were forced actually to leave town.

During the same period 1,121 persons were expelled by the first method, which in effect is a warning from their department, but permits them a time for the settlement of private affairs. In a majority of cases the latter method proves ineffective, as the Jews in that category are prone to return to Kiev after a temporary absence.

Will Visit Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., July 19.— United States Attorney General George W. Wickersham and secretary of the department of commerce and labor, Charles Nagel, will start on their Alaskan tour next Saturday from Vancouver, B. C. on government fisheries steamer Albatross.

Bush Fires Burning.

Winnipeg, July 19.—Bush fires again blazing in the Kootenay district of the Rockies with terrific ferocity caused five deaths and enormous damage to property yesterday.

The most serious loss is in Kaslo district. The town of Whitewater is blotted off the map. All the buildings at McGuigan are destroyed and the Lucky Jump, Rambler and other mines lost buildings.

Three hundred miners with their families lost all their possessions. The Powers Lumber Co. was completely destroyed with timber and cord wood. Several valuable teams were roasted.

Strike Will Likely Fail.

New Castle, Eng., July 21.—The Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants today refused to recognize and finance the strike against the North-eastern Railway Co. This attitude on the part of the society, which embraces the whole country, probably will prove to the success of the strike.

The strike of employes on the North-Eastern Railway is fast demoralizing the industries dependent upon the line. The disorganization of traffic threatens ruin to many shippers. The loss on perishable goods, fish, milk and the like is enormous.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of [illegible]

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

"[illegible]"

"[illegible]"

"[illegible] the man who did it—he would be known."

"Yes. I tell you both, as sure as I stand here: I believe that Paul Armstrong looted his own bank. I believe he took a million at least, as the result, and that he will never come back. I'm worse than a pauper now. I can't ask Louise to share nothing a year with me, and when I think of this disgrace for her, I'm crazy."

The most ordinary events of life seemed pregnant with possibilities that day, and when Halsey was called to the telephone, I ceased all pretense at eating. When he came back from the telephone his face showed that something had occurred. He waited, however, until Thomas left the dining room; then he told us.

"Paul Armstrong is dead," he announced gravely. "He died this morning in California. Whatever he did, he is beyond the law now."

Gertrude turned pale.

"And the only man who could have cleared Jack can never do it!" she said despairingly.

"Also," I replied coldly, "Mr. Armstrong is for ever beyond the power of defending himself. When your Jack comes to me, with some $200,000 in his hands, which is about what you have lost, I shall believe him innocent."

CHAPTER XI.

Halsey Makes a Capture.

It was about half-past eight when we left the dining room, and still engrossed with one subject, the failure of the bank and its attendant evils, Halsey and I went out into the grounds for a stroll. Gertrude followed us shortly. "The light was thickening," to appropriate Shakespeare's description of twilight, and once again the tree toads and the crickets were making night throb with their tiny life. It was almost oppressively lonely, in spite of its beauty, and I felt a sickening pang of homesickness for my city at night—for the clatter of horses' feet on cemented paving, for the lights, the voices, the sound of children playing. The country after dark oppresses me. The stars, quite eclipsed in the city by the electric lights, here become insistent, assertive. Whether I want to or not, I find myself looking for the few I know by name, and feeling ridiculously new and small by contrast—always an unpleasant sensation.

After Gertrude joined us we avoided any further mention of the murder. To Halsey, as to me, there was ever present, I am sure, the thought of our conversation of the night before. As we strolled back and forth along the drive, Mr. Jamieson emerged from the shadow of the trees.

"Good evening," he said, managing to include Gertrude in his bow. Gertrude had never been even ordinarily courteous to him, and she nodded coldly. Halsey, however, was more cordial, although we were all constrained enough. He and Gertrude went on together, leaving the detective to walk with me. As soon as they were out of earshot, he turned to me.

"Do you know, Miss Innes," he said, "the deeper I go into this thing, the more strange it seems to me. I am very sorry for Miss Gertrude. It looks as if Bailey, whom she has tried so hard to save, is worse than a rascal, and after her plucky fight for him, it seems hard."

I looked through the dusk to where Gertrude's light dinner dress gleamed among the trees. She had made a plucky fight, poor child. Whatever she might have been driven to do, I could find nothing but a deep sympathy for her. If she had only come to me with the whole truth then!

"Miss Innes," Mr. Jamieson was saying, "in the last three days, have you seen any suspicious figures around the grounds? Any—woman?"

"No," I replied. "I have a houseful of maids that will bear watching, one and all. But there has been no strange woman near the house or Liddy would have seen her, you may be sure. She has a telescopic eye."

Mr. Jamieson looked thoughtful.

"It may not amount to anything," he said slowly. "It is difficult to get any perspective on things around here, because every one down in the village is sure he saw the murderer, either before or since the crime. And half of them will stretch a point or two as to facts, to be obliging. But the man who drives the hack down there tells a story that may possibly prove to be important."

"I have heard it, I think. Was it the one the parlor maid brought up yesterday, about a ghost wringing its hands on the roof? Oh perhaps it's the one the milk-boy heard; a tramp washing a dirty shirt, presumably bloody, in the creek below the bridge?"

I could see the gleam of Mr. Jamieson's teeth as he smiled.

"Neither," he said. "But Matthew Geist, which is our friend's name, claims that on Saturday night, at 9:30, a veiled lady—"

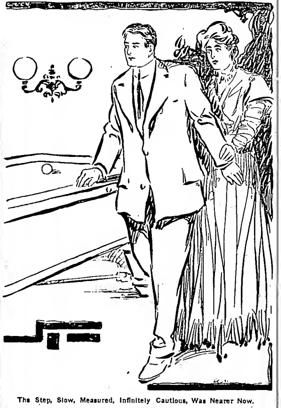
"I knew it would be a veiled lady," I broke in.

"A veiled lady," he persisted, "who was apparently young and beautiful, engaged his hack and asked to be driven to Sunnyside. Near the gate, however, she made him stop, in spite of his remonstrances, saying she preferred to walk to the house. She paid him, and he left her there. Now, Miss Innes, you had no such visitor, I believe?"

"None," I said decidedly.

"Geist thought it might be a maid, as you had got a supply that day. But he said her getting out near the gate puzzled him. Anyhow, we have now one veiled lady, who, with the ghostly intruder of Friday night, makes two assets that I hardly know what to do with."

"It is mystifying," I admitted, "although I can think of one possible explanation. The path from the Greenwood club to the village enters the road near the lodge gate. A woman who wished to reach the Country club, unperceived, might choose such a method. There are plenty of women there."



The Step, Slow, Measured, Infinitely Cautious, Was Nearer Now.

I think this gave him something to ponder, for in a short time he said good night and left. But I myself was far from satisfied. I was determined, however, on one thing. If my suspicions—for I had suspicions—were true, I would make my own investigations, and Mr. Jamieson should learn only what was good for him to know.

We went back to the house, and Gertrude, who was more like herself since her talk with Halsey, sat down at the mahogany desk in the living room to write a letter. Halsey prowled up and down the entire east wing, now in the cardroom, now in the billiard room, and now and then blowing his clouds of tobacco smoke among the pink and gold hangings of the drawing room. After a little I joined him in the billiard room, and together we went over the details of the discovery of the body.

The cardroom was quite dark. Where we sat, in the billiard room, only one of the side brackets was lighted, and we spoke in subdued tones, as the hour and the subject seemed to demand. When I spoke of the figure Liddy and I had seen on the porch through the cardroom window Friday night, Halsey sauntered into the darkened room, and together we stood there, much as Liddy and I had done that other night.

The window was the same grayish rectangle in the blackness as before. A few feet away in the hall was the spot where the body of Arnold Armstrong had been found. I was a bit nervous, and I put my hand on Halsey's sleeve. Suddenly, from the top of the staircase above us came the sound of a cautious footstep. At first I was not sure, but Halsey's attitude told me he had heard and was listening. The step, slow, measured, infinitely cautious, was nearer now. Halsey tried to loosen my fingers, but I was in a paralysis of fright.

The swish of a body against the curving rail, as if for guidance, was plain enough, and now whoever it was had reached the foot of the staircase and had caught a glimpse of our rigid silhouettes against the billiard room doorway. Halsey threw me off then and strode forward.

"Who is it?" he called imperiously, and took a half dozen rapid strides toward the foot of the staircase. Then I heard him mutter something; there was the crash of a falling body, the slam of the outer door, and, for an instant, quiet. I screamed, I think. Then I remember turning on the lights and finding Halsey, white with fury, trying to untangle himself from something warm and fleecy. He had cut his forehead a little on the lowest step of the stairs, and he was rather a ghastly sight. He flung the white object at me, and, jerking open the outer door, raced into the darkness.

Gertrude had come on hearing the noise, and now we stood, staring at each other over—of all things on earth—a white silk and wool blanket, exquisitely fine! It was the most unghostly thing in the world, with its lavender border and its faint scent. Gertrude was the first to speak.

"Somebody—had it?" she asked.

"Yes. Halsey tried to stop whoever it was and fell. Gertrude, that blanket is not mine. I have never seen it before."

She held it up and looked at it; then she went to the door on to the veranda and threw it open. Perhaps 100 feet from the house were two figures, that moved slowly toward us as we looked. When they came within range of the light, I recognized Halsey, and with him Mrs. Watson, the housekeeper.

CHAPTER XII.

One Mystery for Another.

The most commonplace incident takes on a new appearance if the attendant circumstances are unusual. There was no reason on earth why Mrs. Watson should not have carried a blanket down the east wing staircase, if she so desired. But to take a blanket down at 11 o'clock at night, with every precaution as to noise, and, when discovered, to fling it at Halsey and bolt—Halsey's word, and a good one—into the grounds—this made the incident more than significant.

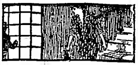
They moved slowly across the lawn and up the steps. Halsey was talking quietly, and Mrs. Watson was looking down and listening. She was a woman of a certain amount of dignity, most efficient, so far as I could see, although Liddy would have found fault if she dared. But just now Mrs. Watson's face was an enigma. She was defiant, I think, under her mask of submission, and she still showed the effect of nervous shock.

"Mrs. Watson," I said severely, "will you be so good as to explain this rather unusual occurrence?"

"I don't think it so unusual, Miss Innes." Her voice was deep and very clear; but it was somewhat tremulous. "I was taking a blanket down to Thomas, who is—not well to-night, and I used this staircase, as being nearer the path to the lodge. When vested, and through an ugly story—Mr. Innes called and then rushed at me, I—I was alarmed, and flung the blanket at him."

Halsey was examining the cut on his forehead in a small mirror on the wall. It was not much of an injury, but it had bled freely, and his appearance was rather terrifying.

"Thomas ill?" he said, over his shoulder. "Why, I thought I saw Thomas out there as you made that cyclonic break out of the door and over the porch."



I could see that under pretense of examining his injury he was watching her through the mirror.

"Is this one of the servants' blankets, Mrs. Watson?" I asked, holding up its luxurious folds to the light.

"Everything else is locked away," she replied. Which was true enough, no doubt. I had rented the house without bed furnishings.

"If Thomas is ill," Halsey said, "some member of the family ought to go down to see him. You needn't bother, Mrs. Watson. I will take the blanket."

She drew herself up quickly, as if in protest, but she found nothing to say. She stood smoothing the folds of her dead black dress, her face as white as chalk above it. Then she seemed to make up her mind.

"Very well, Mr. Innes," she said. "Perhaps you would better go. I have done all I could."

And then she turned and went up the circular staircase, moving slowly and with a certain dignity. Below, the three of us stared at one another across the intervening white blanket.

"Upon my word," Halsey broke out, "this place is a walking nightmare. I have the feeling that we three outsiders who have paid our money for the privilege of staying in this spook-factory, are living on the very top of things. We're on the lid, so to speak. Now and then we get a sight of the things inside, but we are not a part of them."

"Do you suppose," Gertrude asked doubtfully, "that she really meant that blanket for Thomas?"

"Thomas was standing beside that magnolia tree," Halsey replied, "when I ran after Mrs. Watson. It's down to this, Aunt Ray. Rosie's basket and Mrs. Watson's blanket can only mean one thing: There is somebody hiding or being hidden in the lodge. It wouldn't surprise me if we hold the key to the whole situation now. Anyhow, I'm going to the lodge to investigate."

Gertrude wanted to go, too, but she looked so shaken that I insisted she should not. I sent for Liddy to help her to bed, and then Halsey and I started for the lodge. The grass was heavy with dew, and, man-like, Halsey chose the shortest way across the lawn. Half way, however, he stopped.

"We'd better go by the drive," he said. "This isn't a lawn; it's a field. Where's the gardener these days?"

"There isn't any," I said meekly. "We have been thankful enough, so far, to have our meals prepared and served and the beds aired. The gardener who belongs here is working at the club."

"Remind me to-morrow to send out a man from town," he said. "I know the very fellow."

I record this scrap of conversation, just as I have tried to put down anything and everything that had a bearing on what followed, because the gardener Halsey sent the next day played so important part in the events of the next few weeks—events that culminated as you know, by stirring the country profoundly. At that time, however, I was busy trying to keep my skirts dry, and paid little or no attention to what seemed then a most trivial remark.

At the lodge everything was quiet. There was a light in the sitting room downstairs, and a faint gleam, as if from a shaded lamp, in one of the upper rooms. Halsey stopped and examined the lodge with calculating eyes.

"I don't know, Aunt Ray," he said dubiously; "this is hardly a woman's affair. If there's a scrap of any kind, you hike for the timber." Which was Halsey's solicitous care for me, put into vernacular.

"I'll stay right here," I said, and crossing the small veranda, now shaded and fragrant with honeysuckle, I hammered the knocker on the door.

Thomas opened the door himself—Thomas, fully dressed and in his customary health. I had the blanket over my arm.

"I brought the blanket, Thomas," I said; "I am sorry you are so ill."

The old man stood staring at me and then at the blanket. His confusion under other circumstances would have been ludicrous.

"What! Not ill?" Halsey said from the step. "Thomas, I'm afraid you've been malingering."

Thomas seemed to have been debating something with himself. Now he stepped out on the porch and closed the door gently behind him.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

DETROIT'S GOOSE MARKET

Where Housewives Buy Living Birds for More Than One Reason.

Far up Hastings street, where long rows of poplar trees mark the approach to the Polish settlement, says the Detroit Free Press, is a market the like of which is not to be found elsewhere in the city.

On a vacant corner, surrounded by a high fence, an enterprising east sider has established a goose and duck market that attracts patrons from far and near. The women of the neighborhood are a trifle particular as to how they buy their poultry. The guaranty of freshness furnished by the fact that a goose or duck is alive is not of so much consequence as the knowledge that feathers, which might otherwise be wasted, can be transferred to the ticks so much in vogue in this quarter. Thus it comes that on market day, which is almost any morning of the week, the housewife with a longing for poultry journeys here, enters the inclosure, selects the fowl that strikes her fancy or appeals to her mature judgment, and stands by, while the proprietor, with a long pole on the end of which a wire hook is fastened, proceeds to separate the bird in question from the rest of the flock and deftly slip the hook about its neck, making it a captive.

There is much dickering. Often the first choice does not prove satisfactory and a second and third bird is snared and inspected carefully to see that the feathers are thick enough and that it is sufficiently plump. When all the preliminaries have been attended to the purchaser pays over the price, grabs the bird firmly by the legs, with its head hanging down, or tucks it snugly under her arm and waddles off home, the envy of her neighbors who may not be able to indulge in such a luxury.

WILKERSON DREW RAIL LAW

Chicago Lawyer Prepared the Act Adopted in the Recent Session of Congress.

Chicago.—It remained for Chicago to furnish the legal talent to put the finishing touches on President Taft's railroad rate and interstate commerce bill passed at the recent session of congress giving the interstate commerce commission great additional power.

Special Assistant District Attorney James H. Wilkerson was called to Washington by Attorney General Wickersham to work on the bill, then known as the "conference bill." He worked more than a month and whipped the document into such shape that it was passed without further amendments.

After the house and senate had passed amendment after amendment to President Taft's bill, a conference committee was appointed to draw up practically a new bill. At this time Attorney General Wickersham cast about for a man competent enough to handle the bill from a legal viewpoint. The result was a message to Mr. Wilkerson to go to Washington.

Mr. Wilkerson has been connected with all the big prosecutions of the government since he became a special assistant under District Attorney Sims. At present he is working with Assistant Attorney General Kenyon, the government's official "trust buster," on the last grand jury investigation of the beef trust.

TROUBLE FOR CLARA MORRIS

Famous Actress, Blind and Ill, Loses Her Old Home by Foreclosure.

White Plains, N. Y.—Under an order filed here in the county clerk's office the old homestead of Clara Morris at Yonkers is to be sold under foreclosure. Although Miss Morris, the well-known actress, is blind and near death in the old mansion, the referee announced that the sale would take place after notice by publication.

Clara Morris and Her Home.

Miss Morris, who in private life is Mrs. Frederick M. Harriott, does not know that her home is in danger and probably never will know. Her physicians say she will probably not live much longer.

Real Politeness.

Little Barbara's mother is careful about her manners and teaches her to answer everybody politely. But Barbara has a faculty of mixing up her polite speeches. The other day she came running into the house with some letters, and cried: "Mamma, I met the postman at the gate and I took the letters, and he said, 'Thank you!'" "And what did you say to him, then?" asked her mother. "Oh, I said, 'Pleasant dreams!'" answered Barbara.

Counterfeiting of Gems.

While the demand for precious stones increases, despite counterfeits, there is shown these days an amazing ingenuity in the manufacture of the imitations, both in this country and abroad. The counterfeiting of gems has always existed, but in recent years the work has been brought to a state of perfection not dreamed of by the workers of ancient times.

The Irrepressible Aspirate.

"Englishmen know comparatively little about America, after all." "That's true," replied the harmlessly mendacious parson. "Many of them haven't decided whether it ought to be spelled with a capital H."

Tobacco in the Orient.

Use of tobacco is universal in the orient, and the word cheroot and its use come from Madras. The first cigars seen by Columbus were wrapped with corn shucks.

The KITCHEN CABINET

IT NEVER pays to wreck
the health,
In drudging after gain;
And he is sold who thinks that gold
The cheapest bought with pain."

Some Old New England Dishes.

For raised doughnuts which are excellent take two cupfuls of milk, one-half cup of yeast and flour to make a batter, set at noon in a warm place and let rise until night. Add a tablespoonful of butter, a little salt, one egg, a cupful of sugar, a teaspoonful of grated nutmeg and half a teaspoonful of soda; let rise until morning.

Mould, roll and cut in strips and twist. They may be filled with jelly or jam by rolling out and cutting with a biscuit cutter, putting the jam in the center and pinching up the edges. Fry in deep fat, roll in powdered sugar and serve.

Baked Pears.

One of the most delicious desserts of old New England is baked pears. They also may be used as a compote or preserve. Wash a half dozen pears and put them to bake with two cupfuls of sugar, the juice of a lemon and a cupful of water; baste often during the baking and remove when the syrup is a golden brown. Serve cold. As a dessert serve with whipped cream.

There is no delicacy which more delights the heart of a child than the old-fashioned tartlets filled with the jewel-like jelly which none makes so well as the New England housewife. Cut the two crusts from the pastry with a biscuit cutter, for the top one use a large thimble or the top of a salt shaker and make three holes, put the jelly on the crust and press down the top one so that the jelly stands in ruby-like spots on the top.

Pippin Pie.

Take twelve fine ripe pippins, pared and grated, one pound of sugar, half a pound of butter, six eggs, one lemon (juice and peel), with a little nutmeg. Cream the butter, add the sugar, stir in the beaten yolks, then the lemon, nutmeg and apples, adding the whites well beaten at the last. Bake in a crust with cross bars of paste over the top.

A Hint.

A pretty custom in Dresden is one which should find favor in the eyes of many American mothers, not to mention the children. The cornucopia is placed at the plate of every one to take home into which may be slipped the bon bon or favor which will so delight the little ones at home. Another point in its favor, it lowers the rate of indigestion.

ART LITTLE? Do thy little well, and for thy
comfort know,
Great men can do their greatest work
no better than just so."—Goethe.

Linoleum.

As a floor covering linoleum is one of the most satisfactory.

Do not use soap suds for scrubbing a floor as it injures the varnish, making the colors dim. On a farm where there is plenty of milk there is nothing better for cleaning and brightening linoleum than skimmed milk.

If milk cannot be used entirely add a cupful to a few quarts of warm water or a little kerosene oil. Wring out cloth and go over the linoleum after giving it a good dusting. It will look quite new and fresh and the finish will be uninjured.

Linoleum will last much longer if it is given a good coat of varnish every year. Keep off of it until well dried and hard.

In buying linoleum it pays to get a good piece. A color that doesn't show the dust is most desirable, and have it carefully laid. Often after using it a few weeks it will be necessary to tighten it as wrinkles form and if not removed will crack and ruin the looks of the floor.

Such a floor covering is easy to care for and always looks well.

Cracker Pudding.

Take nine common crackers, one cup of raisins, half cup of sugar, half cup of molasses and a quart of milk, let stand over night and in the morning add one teaspoonful of cinnamon and half a teaspoonful of cloves, put into a mold and steam four hours. Reheat and serve with whipped cream or egg sauce.

Peach Tapioca.

Soak half a pint of tapioca in a cupful of cold water over night. Fill a baking dish half full of nice canned peaches, leaving out the syrup. Sprinkle sugar to taste over the peaches. Cook the tapioca in the peach syrup until clear, pour over the peaches and bake slowly for half an hour. When cold serve with sugar and rich cream.

Hot Ham Toast.

Mix with one tablespoonful of finely chopped ham the beaten yolk of an egg and a little cream and pepper and salt. Heat over the fire and then spread the mixture either on hot buttered toast or on slices of bread fried in butter. Serve very hot.

IF EVERY one would be only half as good as he expects, his neighbor to be, what a heaven this world would become.

Chocolate.

Chocolate is such a wholesome food and drink and so universally liked that one never tires of it. For a drink, cut the chocolate in fine bits, using four squares to one quart of milk and two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Add three tablespoonfuls of hot water to the chocolate, scald the milk, add the chocolate and boil for a few moments. Beat with a whisk and serve hot. A marshmallow added to the cup makes a pleasant change.

Chocolate Cookies.

Cream half a cupful of butter and one tablespoonful of lard. Gradually beat into this one cupful of sugar, add a little salt, one teaspoonful of cinnamon and two ounces of chocolate melted. Now add one well beaten egg and half a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in two tablespoonfuls of milk. Stir in about two cupfuls of flour. Roll thin, cut in round cakes and bake in a hot oven. Use as little flour as possible in rolling out.

Chocolate Ice Cream.

Make a custard for the ice cream, adding two squares of chocolate melted and added to the cream.

A sauce to use on an ice cream which is served hot: Put a tablespoonful each of butter and flour into a saucepan and cook together, add one square of melted chocolate and one cupful of boiling water, cook until smooth and serve hot as a sauce. Add a half teaspoonful of vanilla just before serving.

A cream pie flavored with chocolate is very nice. Cornstarch pudding may be agreeably changed by the addition of a square of chocolate. As a filling for cake, boiled frosting with a little grated chocolate or a fudge filling are both great favorites.

Chocolate mousse, bavarian cream, blanc mange, charlotte and souffles are all fine desserts.

Household Hints.

Clean marble by rubbing with powdered chalk wet with alcohol.

Moisten the blacking with kerosene instead of water when blacking the stove as the blacking stays on longer and gives it a better gloss.

Blue white clothes well before putting away and they will not turn yellow.

Clean paint that is much stained, especially on doors, by rubbing with a wet cloth on which put a little turpentine.

LABOR WITH what zeal we
will,
Something left undone,
Something uncompleted still,
Waits the rising of the sun."
—Longfellow.

Beauty Hints.

Lemon juice and glycerine is good to soften and whiten the hands.

Butter milk is a good wash to remove tan.

After a long drive or day on the water, do not wash the face in cold water, but rub it well with cold cream or if that is not at hand, sweet cream from milk is every bit as good. It will soothe and cool the skin.

The girl who has been struggling vainly with the dingy brown line on the neck, the result of high and tight collars, should use pumice stone. If rubbing the stone and soapy water on the neck is too hard for the skin, try mixing powdered pumice with cold cream. Finish the process by washing with a lather of white soap.

Pumice stone, powdered, is a good cleanser for the teeth, removes the tartar and keeps them white and clean.

Nellie Maxwell.

For Beautiful Eyes.

The first point to understand is the importance of good general health.

Eyes require daily attention, fresh air, cleanliness and even exercise.

Nine hours' sleep a night in a well-ventilated room is a splendid eye-medicine.

To cleanse the eyes, open them while the face is half submerged in a basin of cold water. Cold water is an excellent tonic for both eyes and lashes.

For exercise, move the eyes upward and downward and from side to side with the head held well up and perfectly still.

This strengthens the muscles, which raise and lower the eyeballs and brings to the eyes a healthy supply of blood.

Large-type books, good light and a good position when reading are all cases of that prevention which is the best cure.

Fried Tomatoes on Toast.

Dip slices of ripe tomato in pancake batter, fry until tender and brown; place each fritter on a slice of warm buttered toast and sprinkle with salt and pepper.

Norfolk Jackets.

Are unusually good for young girls. Who is young and who isn't? It would be a trifle difficult to decide, and a little dangerous to state in black and white; but all age limits to the one side, the erect, alert-looking woman is always youthful enough in actual seeming to wear the Norfolk jacket.

Its variations are many, and it is no longer narrowed down to the four box plaits which were its original stamp. They turn sidewise, with two plain plaits on each side, or they simmer down into one on each side. The belt may hold in the plaits or the plaits hold on the belt.

The Norfolk is shorter or longer, according to its purpose as a very useful garment or a little ornamental jacket. And in the same way is its material varied. The rough Scotch and English and Canadian stuffs have given way before those of less rough American weaves, and these, in turn, have let in linen for summer wear. But the Norfolk jacket stands fast.

Are Doctors Any Good?

Foolish question! Yet some people act as if a medicine could take the place of a doctor! The best medicine in the world cannot do this. Have a family doctor, consult him frequently, trust him fully. If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds, we would not offer it to you. Ask your doctor. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Pills for constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, we would not offer them to you. Ask your own doctor about this.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible] Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

It turns out, as usual, that Eastman was the liar.

The Kansas insurgents were lucky in securing a few of Joe Cannon's open dates.

Senator Clapp and the Republican state platform do not agree as to the merits of the Payne-Aldrich bill. Senator Clapp says: "The new tariff law has cost and is costing the American people millions of dollars in the increased cost of living. And if the Payne-Aldrich bill had been defeated these millions would have been saved the people."

Sam Gordon's Browns Valley Tribune says: "Judge Stanton's declaration in favor of county option law, while it seems to have been a surprise to the rank and file of his party, was not so to the writer. We heard Judge Stanton privately make a county option declaration six months ago, so it is not a matter of very recent convesion on his case."

The inevitable happened at Minneapolis last Thursday. John Lind was nominated for governor, and whether or not he accepts it, the plain people of the state registered their desire to see Minnesota's first citizen in the governor's chair. The demand for Lind came from no party or faction, but from the people. And this is a call that should be heeded.

The latest government report is additionally favorable to a big wheat crop. The returns as interpreted by the skilled statistician of the New York produce exchange, indicate a total harvest of 702,400,000 bushels, against an indication for the same time last year of 652,351,000 bushels. The estimate for 1909 fell below the actual result for the total yield last year was 737,159,000 bushels. Should there be a similar excess this year there will be a good chance for a record breaking output.

Thomas Edison predicts that we shall need to do but very little work within two hundred years. It is safe to say that in two hundred years men and women will work as they do today, only in a more rational and more sanitary manner. But it is safe to predict that in much less than two hundred years very few of us will have to be sick, except as in the course of time the machine wears out and some part gives away. But the most of the diseases with which the race is now afflicted will have been banished ere the close of this century.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Brainerd Tribune: There is room in northern Minnesota for many thousands of settlers.

Pine River Sentinel: Farm land in Iowa is worth on an average $75 per acre. In Minnesota the average value per acre in the central and northern parts of the state is not over one-third this amount. Last year Minnesota raised more crop per acre than Iowa in everything they raised, including corn and apples. Now, Mr. Farmer, if you cannot figure where you belong your scope of vision is very limited.

Big Falls Compass: The withdrawal of $6,100,000 by the state board of investment from foreign state loans bearing 3½ per cent to be invested in home municipal bonds at 4 per cent is another of the achievements of the Northern Minnesota Development association.

Greenbush Tribune: One of the things we want in northern Minnesota is reapportionment and all candidates for the legislature should tell exactly where they stand on this proposition. The people of northern Minnesota want reapportionment, and want only men to represent them who will work to that end.

Appleton Press: Bert Farnham, editor of the Madison Press, does not agree with anything in the Republican platform, does not approve of the record made by the Republican party in congress, has no confidence in Republican pledges and hasn't a single good word for Taft, Cannon, Roosevelt or any of the Republican leaders, and yet he calls himself a Republican. Bert needs a little more independence. He's Democratic in everything but his vote.

Rush City Post: If elected, it is no wise certain that the lieutenant governor will have the power to appoint the senate committee. The power was taken from Governor G. S. Ives and it may be again in view of the fact that Candidate Gordon has already announced his intention in that direction. Youngdahl and Rachie are doing too much slating around and knocking the ticket to expect any generous favors.

St. Cloud Times: The Ortonville Herald-Star thinks if Lindbergh, Davis and Hammond were retired, Minnesota would have better standing in Washington next winter. The esteemed Herald-Star is a Standpatter from Cannonville.

POPULAR DEMAND NOMINATED LIND

Continued From Page 1

nomination of Mr. Lind, the man. They knew they could trust him to do what was right, and that he would not take any unfair advantage of their confidence.

His Name Sufficient.

Of course it is still a question whether Mr. Lind will permit the use of his name. He will no doubt take time to consider the matter. For it is not necessary that Mr. Lind should campaign the state in order to insure his election. Possibly it might be better for others to advance his claims to public confidence. There are plenty men in the party able and willing to do that. Indeed it is a question whether much of a campaign is necessary. The people have pretty well sized up the situation in the state. A political party which selects Ed. Smith as its manager pretty thoroughly advertises its character.

Great Rejaicing at the Capital.

It is natural that Mr. Lind's reluctance to make a campaign should put new breath in the administration politicians. Their hope was in his standing by his decision not to be the candidate of his party. Naturally they welcome the refusal to accept he is alleged to have made, and have much to say of his firmness and about his being a man of his word. That, however, is today's talk. It wasn't yesterday's. Then it was said that he was only waiting to have the nomination forced on him; that it was a smooth game; that he not only wanted to be governor but that he was plotting to beat out Clapp in the senate, and much more of the same tenor. Also that he was a corporation attorney and that the steel trust was grooming him. Notwithstanding their present words of appreciation it has been made plain within the week the kind of campaign the men behind Ed. Smith and Governor Eberhart were going to make against John Lind. They may yet conclude to dig out the broadsides attacking him they had prepared.

No Warse aff.

However, if the worst comes to the worst and the duty of selecting a candidate for governor devolves upon the state central committee, the party has done nothing to be ashamed of or nothing that under like circumstances it would not do again. It need make no apology for honoring the man the people trust. Nor is its position weakened. The administration managers just now are congratulating themselves that from now on it will be plain sailing. Things may happen likely to cause them to change their mind.

A Gaad All-Raund Ticket.

At all events the Democrats may well invite a comparison of the men they have nominated with the men the Republicans have nominated for the same positions. From the judges of the supreme bench to the clerk of the court the candidates are men not only deserving of public confidence but who enjoy it. In parallel columns the nominations for state office made by both parties are:

Democrat		Republican
	Governor	
John Lind		A. O. Eberhart
	Lieutenant Governor	
M. C. Tifft		S. Y. Gordon
	Secretary of State	
F. W. Johnson		Julius Schmahl
	Treasurer	
C. F. Ladner		Walter J. Smith
	Auditor	
T. J. Meighen		S. G. Iverson
	Attorney General	
J. M. Freeman		Geo. T. Simpson
	Clerk Supreme Court	
Fred E. Wheaton		I. A. Caswell
	R. R. Commissioner	
J. E. Tracy		C. F. Staples
	Justices Supreme Court	
T. D. O'Brien		E. A. Jaggard
A. H. Snow		D. F. Simpson
C. L. Brown		C. L. Brown
P. E. Brown		P. E. Brown

—PAUL PRY

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
July 29th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor persuant to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., July 29th 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the reports of the engineer and viewers on the ditches petitioned for by Bohmil Hruby and others and by John J. Sorum and others, designated by the county auditor as county ditches Nos. 49 and 50, respectively.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock a. m., July 29th, 1910.

Members present Demann, Johnson, Aubol, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: None.

The matter of the petit'on of Bohmil Hruby and others for county ditch No. 49 came duly before the board. The said petition was read and the arguments of all parties for or against the construction of the said proposed ditch were heard. On motion duly carried the report of the viewers was referred back to them for correction of assessments against certain tracts of land. Gilbert K. Haavi, Joseph Belair and Dan Latendresse, viewers, were present at the hearing and proceeded to make the corrections as agreed upon, after which on motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the report of the engineer and the viewers as amended was accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the report of the viewers as amended on file in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing county ditch No. 49 was made:

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Bohmil Hruby and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 49.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said county board did at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pertaining thereto, find as follows to-wit:

FIRST: That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county board of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, at a special session of said board held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conductive to public health and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, to be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 29th day of July, A. D. 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board
of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

The matter of the petition of John J. Sorum and others for county ditch No. 50 came duly before the board. The said petition was read, after which on motion made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the matter of the final hearing on said ditch is postponed and is to be held at the same time as the final hearing on county ditches Nos. 54 and 56.

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman,
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minn.,
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For State Senator.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for senator for the 61st District, unequivocally endorsing the platform adopted by the Republican Convention, June 21st, 1910, and pledge my vote and best effort to legislation that will re-apportion the state justly and fairly and effectively on or before January 1st, 1912, and without regard to the term of office for which I may be elected, should I be the choice of the Republicans of this District and be elected in the General Election in November next.—ALBERT BERG, Spooner, Minnesota.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
July 29th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the board of county comissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 2:00 o'clock p. m., July 29th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 2:00 o'clock, p. m.

Members present: Lindnist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

In the matter of the repair of county ditch No. 10, the following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimousy:

Whereas, C. H. Martz, the engineer, appointed by the board of county commissioners has under date of July 29th, 1910 filed in the office of the county auditor his report of completion of job in above entitled matter;

Now, therefore, we the county board of said county do hereby approve in all respects the report of said engineer and do hereby authorize the county auditor to issue auditor's warrant in full payment of above work to Gilbert K. Haavi, according to the terms of his said contract on file in the county auditor's office.

Motion made by Commissioner Pigeon duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol that the county auditor be instructed and directed to prepare the papers for a bond issue on the following numbered county ditches, Nos. 31, 33, 35, 36, 37, and 46.

Motion carried.

On motion made seconded and carried unanimously the clerk hire in the office of the county treasurer is fixed at $25.00 per month from and after the 1st day of August, 1910.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	$ 6 00
Brown, Tracy & Sperry Co., supplies for county offices	3 00
Wright, Barrett & Stillwell, supplies for county offices	10 45
John W. Eastman, pub. notice teachers exam	3 75
John W. Eastman, supplies for county offices	7 00
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county offices	17 55
A. A. Latendresse, one day member board of audit	3 00
C. A. Lindquist, one day member board of audit	3 00
C. W. Johnson, one day member board of audit	3 00
C. A. Lindquist, 3 days per diem and mileage, Equalization	12 60
Wm. C. L. Demann, 3 days per diem and mileage, Equalization	10 40
Ed. A. Aubol, 3 days per diem and mileage, Equalization	12 00
Joseph Johnson, 3 days per diem and mileage, Equalization	18 60
Joseph Pigeon, 3 days per diem and mileage, Equalization	12 20
A. R. Jones, 2 days viewer and expense, final hearing ditch no. 49	8 50
Otto Zaiser, 1 day viewer and exps. final hearing ditch no. 50	4 00
Northern Culvert Co., a culverts ditch no. 36	149 30
A. A. Latendresse, county auditor's ditch fees	400 00
C. A. Lindquist, Board meet. July 29, 1910, charge ditches 49 and 50	6 60
Wm. C. L. Demann, board meet July 29, 1910, charge ditches 49 and 50	4 40
Ed. A. Aubol, board meet July 29, 1910, charge ditches 49 and 50	6 00
Joseph Johnson, board meet July 29, 1910 charge ditches 49 and 50	12 60
Joseph Pigeon, board meet July 29, 1910, charge ditches 49 and 50	6 20

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Bids Wanted.

Notice is hereby given that the Dist. board of Dist. 80, Terrebonne, Red Lake County, Minn., will receive sealed bids at 7 o'clock P. M. on August 13, 1910, for building a stable. Plans and specifications are on file at clerk's office of said district. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated this July 21st, 1910.
By order of Dist. Board.
STEPHEN QUESNEL,
j28-a5 Clerk.

Bids Wanted.

Bids will be received until 7 o'clock p. m. Saturday, August 13, for the work of remodeling the school house in District No. 3[illegible], on section 15, in Lake Pleasant township, Red Lake county. The work to be done is the construction of a chimney for a furnace, new floor and painting throughout. Members of the board of education will be at the school house at 7 o'clock p. m. of the date named to consider the bids and let the contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 21, 1910.
M. W. Loose,
j21a4 Clerk.

"Look here," said one of the jurymen after they had retired, "if I understand aright, the plaintiff doesn't ask damages for blighted affections or anything of that sort, but only wants to get back what he's spent on presents, pleasure trips, etc."

"That is so," agreed the foreman.

"Well, then, I vote we don't give him a penny," said the other hastily. "If all the fun he had with that girl didn't cover the amount he expended it must be his own fault. Gentlemen, I courted that girl once myself."—Housekeeper.

Notice of Hearing on Petition In Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota } ss. District Court
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District
In the Matter of Judicial Ditch No. 25.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall county, State of Minnesota, and that the Judge of said District Court has fixed as the time and place for the preliminary hearing thereon, August 20th, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court rooms in the court house, in the city of Warren, in said county and state.

And notice is hereby given, that said preliminary hearing will be held before said Judge at said time and place, and that a copy of said petition follows this notice.

Dated at Warren, Minnesota, this 20th day of July, A. D. 1910.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court,
(SEAL) Marshall County, Minnesota.

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, District Judge, 14th Judicial District, Marshall County, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by or assessed for the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route, in the towns of New Solum, Viking and Comstock, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, the towns of Norden and Numedal in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota and the Towns of Helgeland, Brislet, Farley, Sandsville, Higdam, Brandt, Angus, Tabor, Northland and Esther in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and will also affect lands in the Town of Bray in said Red Lake county, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility and is further necessary for the reasons that in seasons of high water, the surface water collecting upon the adjoining territory has no adequate means to be carried off and remains upon and adjoining the proposed route for said ditch hereinafter described for long periods, thus causing great damage to lands, public travel and health.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said drainage ditch and branches, is as follows:

Main Ditch—Commencing at a point at or near the center of Section 5, in Township 154, North of range 44 West, in Marshall county, Minnesota thence due south and along the quarter line through said section 5 and through section 8 to the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of section 17, in said township and range; thence due west along the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 17 and 18, in said township and Range; thence due west along the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 13, 14, 15 and 16, in Township 154 North, of range 45 west, in the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, to the north east corner of Section 17, in said Township and range; thence due south along the east side of the section line forming the west boundary line of Sections 16, 21 and 28 in said Township and Range; thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 32 and 31, in said Township and range; Thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34 and 33 in Township 154 North, of Range 46 west, in Polk county, Minnesota, to junction with the coulee at or near the north west corner of section 33 in said township and Range, thence along the center line of said coulee in a westerly and south westerly direction through sections 33, 32 and 31 in said township and Range; thence continuing along the center line of said coulee, in a westerly and south westerly direction through section 36 in Township 154 North, of Range 47 West, to a point at or near the south-west corner of section 36, in said Township 154 North, of Range 47 west, to a point at or near the south east corner of section 35 said township and range; thence due west and on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 in township 153 North, of Range 47 West; thence continuing due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 1 and 2 in Township 153 North, of Range 48 west, to a point at or near the center of the north line of said section 2 where said boundary line intersects with County Ditch No. 7 as an outlet.

Your petitioners further represent and show to the court that the said County Ditch No. 7 is at this time too shallow and narrow to carry off the surface water in the immediate territory thereof, and is wholly inadequate in its present condition to adequately carry the surface water thrown into the same, and that the said ditch will be wholly inadequate to carry off the additional water that will be delivered by the said proposed ditch hereinbefore described; and that your petitioners pray that the said ditch be widened, deepened and straightened sufficiently to adequately carry off the surface water coming into it from the immediate territory thereof, and also and in addition thereto the water furnished by the proposed ditch hereinbefore described.

Your petitioners further pray that said County Ditch No. 7 be deepened, widened and extended as follows: along and on the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 35, 34, 33, 32, and 31, in Township 154 North of Range 48 West, in said County of Polk, thence continuing along the said ditch and the course thereof and along the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34, 33, 32 and 31, in Township 154 North, of Range 49 West to the south-west corner of said last mentioned section; thence due west on the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34, 33, and 32 in Township 154 North of Range 50 West, to a point where the same intersects with the Red River of the North, as the final outlet.

Your petitioners further pray that if in the judgment of the engineer it would be cheaper or more feasable or beneficial to all parties interested and concerned, that the said engineer be authorized and empowered to continue the said proposed ditch due north from the said southwest corner of said section thirty-one in township 154 North, of Range 49 West, and following the course of the said ditch to where the same intersects with Judicial Ditch No. 1, and thence due west to a point where the same may be found to be of sufficient size to form an adequate outlet, and if necessary to the Red River of the North as a final outlet in lieu of the course heretofore described due west from the said southwest corner of section 31, Township 154 North, of Range 49 West to the Red River of the North.

Branch A—Commencing at a point at or about the center of Section 25, in Township 153 North, of Range 46 West, in Polk county, Minnesota; thence due north through said Section 25 and on the quarter line thereof and continuing on the quarter line through sections 24, 13, 12 and 1 in said Township and range to a point on the south side of the north boundary line of said last mentioned section 1; thence due west and on the south side of the north boundary line of said section 1, and of sections 2 and 3, in said Township and Range to a point on the south side of the north boundary line of said last mentioned section where the said line intersects with a coulee at or near the quarter line of said section; thence in a northwesterly direction and along the course of said coulee through section 34 and part of section 33, in Township 154 North, of Range 46 west to a point at or near the northwest corner of said last mentioned section where the said last mentioned coulee joins with the course of a certain coulee the course of which runs in a westerly and southwesterly direction from said northwest corner of said section, and which coulee is more fully described as a part of the description of the course of the main ditch herein, as an outlet for the said "Branch A."

Branch B—Commencing in the north west corner of section 16, in Township 154 North, of Range 45 West, being on the south and east side of the North and West boundary lines of the said section, thence due north on the east side of the west boundary line of section 9, in said township and range to a point on the south and east sides of the section lines forming the north and west boundary lines of said last mentioned section; thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 8 and 7 in said last mentioned township and range, and continuing due west and on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 12, 11, 10, 9 and 8, in Township 154 North, of Range 46 West, to a point in the northwest corner of said last mentioned section, south and east of the north and west boundary lines of said last mentioned section; thence due north and on the east side of the section line forming the west boundary of section 5 in said township and range to a point where the same intersects with the coulee running in a westerly and north westerly direction through said last mentioned section as an outlet. It is proposed that a greater portion of the said Branch B will empty into the last mentioned coulee, described as the outlet, and that a portion thereof will empty into the main ditch heretofore described at the point described at the commencement of said Branch B.

And your petitioners further petition and request that if better results can be obtained or greater benefit will accrue to the greater part of the area affected by such proposed ditch, by a different source, course or outlet for such proposed ditch, or any branch thereof, that the engineer appointed herein designate the same and that the court establish the same as designated by such engineer, and that the engineer designate and lay out such lateral ditches as is necessary and that the court establish the same.

And your petitioners further pray that in the order establishing the said ditch it be ordered that the bonds for the said ditch be twenty year bonds, and that the liens for benefits be ordered paid in fifteen annual payments commencing five years after the order establishing the said ditch.

Your petitioners further pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905, and amendatory acts.

Dated July 17th, 1910.
Johannes Gjerde.
Carl Anderson,
Julius J. Olson.
Ole Gjerde.
Andrew Stark,
John Edgar.
Hans T. Hanglid.
A. L. Rud. J28-a11

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn tf

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.
S. R. COWLEY,
Amery, Wis.

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ANDERSCH BROS., Department 56, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District

F. W. Gregore, Plaintiff,

vs

Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson, Henry Sheldon Judson, Rose M. Judson his wife; Frank E. Hanson, H. C. Suttle, Scroggin & Son; L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin, copartners as Scroggin & Son. Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, at the court house at Red Lake Falls, the county seat of said Red Lake County, in Red Lake County, said State, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dated June 29, 1910.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

F. W. Gregore, Plaintiff,

vs

Nancy Toulmin Foote Judson, Henry Sheldon Judson, Rose M. Judson his wife, Frank E. Hanson, H. C. Suttle, Scroggin & Son, L. K. Scroggin and T. A. Scroggin, Copartners as Scroggin & Son. Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in said Court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants. The premises affected by said action are situate in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota and are described as follows, to wit: The South one half (S ½) of the Southeast Quarter (S E ¼) of Section Seventeen (17), Township One Hundred and Fifty three (153) North, of Range Forty five (45) West, according to the Government survey thereof. That the object of said action is to quiet the title to said premises in the plaintiff and to determine the adverse claims of the defendants therein and the rights of the parties in said action respectively.

LLOYD PEABODY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
409-410 Court Block,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dated June 29, 1910. 27-8t

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake } DISTRICT COURT

George Flatt, Plaintiff,
against
Edward J. Garceau, Defendant.

Notice is Hereby Given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Red Lake upon a judgement rendered in said court in favor of George Flatt and against Edward J. Garceau, I have levied upon the following described real property of said defendant, to wit: The Southeast quarter (SE¼) of Section Twenty two (22), in Township One Hundred and Fifty two (152) North, Range forty-three (43) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, and situated in Red Lake County, Minnesota. And that I shall on Saturday, the 27th day of August A. D. 1910, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of said day, at the front door of the County Auditor's Office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Edward J. Garceau, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgement and costs, amounting to Two Hundred and Three Dollars and Thirty seven Cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 28th day of June, 1910, at the rate of six per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

LEWIS A. NELSON,
Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

Fred L. Farley,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.
Dated Red Lake Falls, Minn., July 13th, 1910.
14-415

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

ESTATE OF A. A. FLETCHER.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. A. Fletcher, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Millie Fletcher, Edgar E. Fletcher, Freeman F. Fletcher, Lydia F. McIntyre, Leo M. Fletcher, Ernest E. Fletcher, Florence F. Fletcher, Mildred Fletcher and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of Edgar E. Fletcher having been filed in this court, representing that A. A. Fletcher, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 26th day of April, 1910, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Edgar E. Fletcher, of Red Lake Falls, Minn., and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition: Therefore, You, And Each Of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 30th day of August, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 14th day of July, 1910.

{ COURT } IRA C. RICHARDSON,
{ SEAL. } Probate Judge.
W. A. McINTYRE,
Attorney for Petitioner. 14-15

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Margaret Littig.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Littig, Decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Nicholas Nimeagein.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof, and that Tuesday the third day of January, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the Probate Court Rooms at the court house at the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said County of Red Lake, as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, 1910.
(Seal) IRA C. RICHARDSON,
13-8t Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty one and 19-100 Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Larson, a single man, Mortgagor, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1908, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of December, 1908, at ten o'clock A. M., in Book [illegible] of Mortgages, on page 148, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz: West half of south east quarter, (W½ of SE¼) of section twenty three (23) in township one hundred fifty three (153), north of range forty (40) West of the 5th principal meridian for Minnesota, in Red Lake County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Red Lake County at the front door of the Sortedahl building temporarily used as a Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County and State, on the 27th day of August, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twenty one and 19-100ths Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five Dollars, Attorney's fees, the same being reasonable attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 6th A. D. 1910.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF RED LAKE FALLS, Mortgagee.
Chas. E. Boughton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. 14-415

Subscribe For the Gazette.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, pursuant to chapter seven (7), Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, a petition was filed with the Secretary of State on the 13th day of May, 1909, praying for the creation of a new county out of the territory now lying in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known as Pennington county, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, according to the United States Government survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) west to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one-hundred and fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one-hundred fifty-three (153) and one-hundred fifty-four (154) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian, to the southeast corner of Marshall county as the same now exists, thence running west along the southern boundary line of said Marshall county to a point where said boundary line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian, the said point being the northwest corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th principal meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The said territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21) twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) in townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty (40), forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44) and forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian and all of townships one-hundred fifty-two (152) and one-hundred fifty-three (153) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian and also all that part of township one-hundred and fifty-four (154) north of Range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th principal meridian lying and being within said Red Lake county as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls located on sections twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) in township one hundred and fifty-four (154) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian.

The names and places of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county, are as follows:

Peter C. Wold, residing on lots one (1) and two (2) and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen (19), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153) north of range forty (40) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Peter Hedeen, residing on the northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), in township one hundred fifty-three (153), north of range forty-one (41) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Ed A. Aubol, residing on lots three (3) and six (6) in section twenty-nine (29) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Daniel Shaw, residing in the City of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county.

Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight (8) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th principal meridian, in said proposed new county.

Whereas, the said petition represents and avers that the said hereinbefore territory comprises more than four hundred square miles, and contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and that the remaining area of Red Lake County after deducting the territory hereinbefore described, will comprise more than four hundred square miles and contain more than two thousand inhabitants; and

Whereas, the said petition has been duly considered and found and certified to as conforming in all respects to the provisions of law;

Now, therefore, I, Adolph O. Eberhart, governor of the state of Minnesota, pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, do hereby direct and proclaim that the question of the creation of the proposed new county of Pennington be submitted to the voters of said Red Lake County at the next general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1910.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereto affixed, at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, this twelfth day of May, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
(Seal) Governor
Attest: JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given, That on the 30th day of August A. D. 1910 at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the office of the County Auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, in the court house in the city of Warren in said county the county auditors of Marshall and Red Lake counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 13 of Marshall and Red Lake counties, together with the branches thereof, shown in the Engineer's report all as established by order of the Judge of the District Court of Marshall county, Minnesota. Sealed bids will be received at the said time for the work as one job, or for one or more of the linear sections of One Hundred feet thereof, as shown by the Engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said Engineer's report. No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent, the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a State or National Bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren Auditor of Marshall County and A. A. Latendresse Auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota said certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law.

The estimates, profile, blue-prints and specifications and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the Clerk of District court of said Marshall county, Minnesota, in the city of Warren in said county.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of said Ditch is as follows:—

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of said ditch and branches is 512,561 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $51,256.10 and for leveling roads $6,407.40.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. G. LUNDGREN,
County Auditor, Marshall county, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal.) 24-18

CONSUMPTION

In the cure of consumption, concentrated, easily digested nourishment is necessary.
For 35 years
Scott's Emulsion
has been the standard, world-wide treatment for consumption. All Druggists

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION

Continued From Page 1.

of our late lamented governor and the Democratic party."

Chairman Day then referred to the candidacy of Governor Eberhart and said that official wants to be elected governor so bad that he is willing to accept the honor and let somebody else run the office.

Hammond Temporary Chairman.

Mr. Day then nominated Congressman W. S. Hammond as the temporary chairman of the convention, and he was chosen with a vigorous demonstration of approval. In sounding the real keynote of the Democratic party in Minnesota the Second district congressman paid a touching tribute to the life and achievements of the late Governor Johnson. Then he reverted to the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and detailed a number of schedules in that bill which he declared placed excessive burdens on the masses of the people. Mr. Hammond referred to the statements of the Republican candidates during the last presidential campaign that the existing tariff rate would be substantially reduced in accordance with the promises contained in the national platform. Concluding his remarks on the tariff, he said:

"After months of hard work the Republican party, in control of the national houses of congress, passed the most undesirable and vicious piece of legislation that has been placed on the statute books during the last half a century. It is true that the tariff bill was so rank that many progressive Republicans refused to vote for it, but that fact does not make the bill any the less a Republican measure. It is now up to the Democrats and the progressive Republicans to insist on a revision of the tariff downwards in accordance with the mandate of the people."

Mr. Hammond said that from his own experience in congress he should say that if the same Republican methods of legislation are maintained in the lower house in Washington, the people might just as well have Joe Cannon for speaker as anybody else. The chairman closed his speech by urging the convention to name as candidates such men as will stand up for equal rights for all and special privileges for none.

Secretaries Are Named.

Senator F. L. Glotzbach of Faribault, Richard Tattersfield of Hennepin county and Frank Battley of St. Paul were named as temporary secretaries and later made permanent.

Congressman Hammond then announced that the committee on resolutions would be composed of two members to be selected by the delegates from each congressional district and three at large to be named by the chair, making twenty-one in all. The committees on credentials and permanent organization were selected in a similar manner. Before taking a recess for lunch at 1:30 p. m. a motion was passed declaring it the sense of the convention that no nominations should be made until the committee on resolutions had reported.

When the convention reassembled at 2:30 o'clock the committee on resolutions was hammering away on the different planks of the platform in a room in the Radisson hotel. Senator Works of Mankato was elected chairman and Martin O'Brien of Crookston was made secretary. The friends of county option on the committee made a vigorous fight for their favorite plank, but without avail. It was defeated for a substitute calling for the initiative and referendum and recall, proposed by Senator Stockwell of Minneapolis.

In the meantime the convention was having the hottest kind of a time. The credentials committee had reported that as there were no contests there was nothing for them to do. The committee on permanent organization recommended that M. J. Daly of Perham, a prospective candidate for congress in the Ninth district, be made permanent chairman, and that the temporary secretaries be made permanent.

Then the excitement started in earnest. Z. H. Austin of Minneapolis offered a resolution that, notwithstanding John Lind's eminent fitness for governor, the convention did not deem it wise to insist upon his nomination for governor. Amid the wildest excitement Chairman Daly ruled the resolution out of order. S. L. Comstock almost caused a riot with a motion to have the convention proceed with the nominations. There was an avalanche of amendments to wait for the report of the committee on resolutions in accordance with a motion adopted at the morning session.

Points of order galore were raised and the chair was powerless to maintain order. It looked like bedlam had broken loose. Finally the appearance of former Governor Joseph W. Folk of Missouri diverted the minds of the excited delegates. Mr. Folk was escorted to the platform and his appearance there was the signal for a prolonged outburst of cheering.

Upon being introduced by Chairman Daly, Mr. Folk thanked the delegates for inviting him to address them and said:

Opportunity for Democrats.

"There has never been such an opportunity for the success of Democratic principles as right now. By these principles I mean equal rights to all and special privileges to none. The Democratic party, if true to its high ideals, must stand for men above money. It is not right or just for 80,000,000 people to be taxed in order to make a few men rich. It is better to have the wealth of the country in the hands of all the people than in the hands of a few."

Mr. Folk urged unity of action in enforcing the laws and the most vigorous opposition to any efforts to attempt to defy them. He said he was in favor of building up public virtue and private integrity in order to produce a religion that has for its ten tenets the golden rule in politics and not the rule of gold. In closing, Mr. Folk said that he expected to be in Minnesota during the fall campaign, when he would help to elect the candidates that would be nominated by the convention.

The nomination of candidates was declared to be the next business before the convention. A demand for a roll call of the counties was made and Aitkin gave way to St. Louis. John Jenswold of Duluth, who had been frequently mentioned as the possible nominee for governor, took the platform and was greeted with tremendous cheering. Mr. Jenswold said that with such a man as he intended to place before the convention the rights of the people were sure to be protected and the special privilege evil certain to be extirpated. Then he presented the name of John Lind.

Inspiring Scene Followed.

An inspiring scene of cheering and shouting followed, especially participated in by the country delegates. The men from Ramsey and Hennepin kept quiet, otherwise there would have been an inevitable stampede to Lind. Anoka county next seconded the nomination. This was followed by Becker, Beltrami and Benton, whose delegates were so anxious to have Lind declared the nominee that they tried to vote right then and there. J. M. Freeman of Olivia at this juncture almost took the Twin City delegates off their feet by moving to have the nominations closed. St. Louis was prompt to take advantage of the opportunity and that delegation seconded the motion. On a yea and nay vote the chair decided that Mr. Lind was the nominee for governor, although the Twin City delegations vociferously yelled "no." After a motion to make the nomination unanimous had been seconded Senator Stockwell of Minneapolis attempted to make a speech from the platform in order to convince the convention that Mr. Lind would not accept the nomination. A point of order by E. A. Stevens, that Mr. Lind had already been declared the nominee of the convention, was declared to be well taken. Mr. Winston of Minneapolis next endeavored to persuade the convention that Mr. Lind would not accept the nomination and he urged the delegates to not act hastily until they could get in communication with the ex-governor and ascertain whether or not he would consent to be the party's standard bearer. Daniel W. Lawler, former mayor of St. Paul, next took the platform and said:

"There is not a man here who is not in favor of the nomination and election of John Lind. However, in view of his repeated assertion that he would not accept the nomination we would not be true to ourselves unless we received from Mr. Lind his unqualified acceptance of the nomination before this convention adjourns."

Mr. Lawler then moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to telegraph Mr. Lind at Portland, Ore., and learn if he would accept the nomination, the convention to take a recess until 8 p. m. to await a reply.

This course was strenuously opposed by J. M. Freeman of Olivia, who insisted that Mr. Lind was already the nominee of the convention and it would be useless to waste any more time on the matter. Mr. Lawler's motion was defeated and the original motion to declare Mr. Lind the unanimous choice of the convention was carried with only a few dissenting votes.

Other Candidates Nominated.

The nomination of candidates for all the other state offices was then taken up. Only one name was presented for each office, with the exception of Judges O'Brien and Snow for the supreme court. All were nominated by acclamation. Judges C. L. and Philip E. Brown, two of the candidates for the supreme bench on the Republican ticket, were endorsed for election by the convention.

Although the last business of the day was the naming of the state central committee, it caused another uproar. Chairman Daly announced that he would appoint the members of the committee at large, but ex-Judge J. R. Larson of Minneapolis offered a motion providing for calling together the convention to fill a vacancy in case John Lind declined the nomination. He said it was not right to leave the selection of the state committee in the hands of one man when it might be called upon to act in such an emergency. This was seconded by James Manahan of Minneapolis, who amended it so that the state central committee be named by the candidates on the ticket. The original motion to call the convention together in case of a vacancy was declared out of order as the statutes provide that the state central committee should fill all vacancies. The amendment offered by Mr. Manahan was carried and the candidates will have the selection of the committee. The convention then adjourned.

Explaining the Cause.

There were introductions all around. The big man stared in a puzzled way at the club guest.

"You look like a man I've seen somewhere, Mr. Binkler," he said. "Your face seems very familiar. I fancy you have a double. And a funny thing about it is that I remember I formed a strong prejudice against the man who looks like you—although I'm quite sure we never met."

The little guest softly laughed.

"I'm the man," he answered, "and I know why you formed the prejudice. I passed the contribution plate for two years in the church you attended."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

TERREBONNE.

Rev. Fr. Veilleux spent the week visiting with friends at Bemidji, Blackduck, Brainerd and Fort Ripley.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose and Fr. Comradus visited last Wednesday at the French rectory.

D. Robiliard has returned from a four months visit at North Yakima, Wash.

The farmers are busy with harvesting. The crop far exceeds their expectations.

There was a base ball game Sunday between Brooks and Terrebonne. The score was 4 to 16 in favor of Terrebonne.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Fournier, a son, July 26.

LAMBERT.

Mr. and Mrs. Arstide Lambert from Red Lake Falls were visitors here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Xavier Boucher went to McIntosh Sunday afternoon.

Miss Edna C. Swanson left for her home in Black River after closing a successful term of school in Buck Town.

Omer Bergeron made a business trip to Red Lake Falls Saturday and Sunday.

The dance at Phillipe Gibeau's place Thursday was well attended and all reported a good time.

Rose Dery is sewing at John Turgeon's place for a few days.

Eugenie Charest left last week for Terrebonne where she is working for Isaac Fournier.

Jack Welch attended the ball game in Terrebonne Sunday.

Several families out here are sick with the diphtheria.

Frank Jean visited here Sunday and returned Monday morning to Gully where he is employed as cashier of the new bank there.

A crowd of young folks from Brooks passed through here Sunday.

Mrs. Peter Boncher was taken to McIntosh hospital where she was operated on and is recovering rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lacoursiere were visitors in Terrebonne a few days last week.

Mrs. C. Robidean spent Friday afternoon at the Xavier Boncher home.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SYNOPSIS OF PLATFORM

Declaration of Principles of the Democratic State Convention.

The main features of the platform adopted by the convention follow:

Calls upon the people to rebuke the Republican party for its deception in enacting the Payne-Aldrich tariff law.

Deplores the timidity of President Taft for failing to use the tremendous forces at his command to compel the Republican majority in congress to do its solemn duty of tariff reform.

Condemns the appointment and retention of Secretary Ballinger as a national scandal and the discharge of Gifford Pinchot as a national crime.

Feels contempt for the national administration for its insincere efforts to appear to support conservation after public disapproval of its course was manifested.

Commends the Minnesota Republican congressmen for voting against the tariff bill.

Declares that the members of the delegation who so faithfully supported Cannon and Cannonism knowingly misrepresented their constituents and should be retired from congress.

Applauds the wise and statesmanlike course of Hon. W. S. Hammond in congress and declares that he has generously earned re-election.

Demands of the next state legislature, regardless of political affiliations, that it submit to the voters of the state at the next general election a constitutional amendment providing for the initiative, the referendum and the recall.

Favors the levying of a tax on state lands for the purpose of local improvements.

Favors a federal income tax law.

Favors the direct election of United States senators by the people.

Favors a reapportionment of representation in the state legislature.

Favors conservation of natural resources.

Commends the administration of the state bureau of labor under Democratic officials.

Stands committed to the enactment of a workingmen's compensation act.

Favors the granting of state aid to encourage the consolidation of rural schools, placing them upon a broader basis.

Favors an educational standard for the office of county school superintendents and a more liberal appropriation for their services.

Commends the three state administrations of Governor Johnson and regrets both his death and that of Hon. L. A. Rosing of the state board of control.

Tit For Tat.

The lady of the house was a handsome woman of a mature order of beauty, and when she had completed her toilet she gazed fondly at herself in the glass and remarked to the new maid, "You'd give a good deal to be as handsome as I am, wouldn't you, now?"

"Yes'm," was the maid's answer, "almost as much as you'd give to be my age."

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1910 at 2 o'clock P. M., of that day, at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, in the court house, in the city of Warren in said county, the county auditors of Marshall and Red Lake counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 18 of Marshall and Red Lake counties, together with branches thereof, shown in the engineer's report all as established by order of the Judge of the District court of Marshall county, Minnesota. Sealed bids will be received at the said time for the work as one job, or for one or more of lineal sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said engineer's report. No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent, the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a State or National Bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren, auditor of Marshall county and A. A. Latendresse, auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, said certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law. The estimates, profile, blue-prints and specifications and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the Clerk of District Court of said Marshall County, Minnesota, in the city of Warren in said County.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such ditch is as follows:—

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch and branches is 388,467 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $38,846.70 and for leveling roads $4,855.84.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. G. LUNDGREN,
County Auditor, Marshall county, Minn.
(Auditor's Seal.) 24-18

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake, } SS
City of Red Lake Falls. }

Notice is Hereby Given, That applications have been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Red Lake Falls and filed in my office, praying for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors for the term commencing on August 6th, 1910, and terminating on August 5th, 1911, by the following persons at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

Latendresse Bros.

In that certain frame building situate upon Lot 18 of Block 7 in Champaigne & Dow's Addition to Red Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., in Red Lake County, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday the 18th day of August A. D. 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of the City of Red Lake Falls this 27th day of July, A. D. 1910.

(Seal) JOSEPH PERRAULT,
128-21t City Clerk.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections.
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Grosbong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP
Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips
L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Bropi el, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findalsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Misen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S., H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets 2nd & 4th Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tiechart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

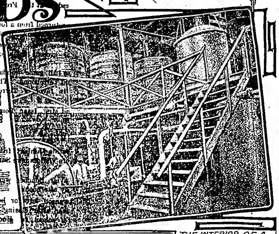
In an Opera.

"I can never, never, never be yours," caroled the maid.

"Why not, why not, why not?" warbled the man.

"Because I am a soprano and you are not a ten—o—or."

HARDEST OF ALL WOODS



THE INTERIOR OF A QUEBRACHO EXTRACT FACTORY

A QUEBRACHO TREE IN "THE CHACO"

A SAWMILL BETWEEN "THE CHACO" AND CIVILIZATION

THE BARK OF THE QUEBRACHO TREE

TWO of the greatest industries in the world are railway building and the preparation of hides and skins into leather. For the former the sleepers on which the rails are laid are essential and costly items; for the latter nothing can quite take the place of some vegetable extract which is the tanning substance of the trade. Sleepers can be made of glass and metal, but they do not give the satisfaction of [illegible] wood. The oak and the hemlock have for ages supplied [illegible] by which leather is cured. In fact, the very word tan implies by its derivation its relation to the oak, by which name the tree was called in old British language. Railway sleepers have been made from the oak, but the expense grows higher year by year. No wonder, therefore, that the earth is scoured for trees to [illegible] the one or the other of [illegible], and no wonder also that [illegible] hailed with delight the [illegible] of the availability for both purposes of the South American tree called "Quebracho."

Quebracho is a contraction of the colloquial Spanish [illegible] term quiebra-hacha, originally [illegible] to many trees in Latin America. It means [illegible] and the character is implied in this [illegible]. The wood is hard, fine grained, and tough [illegible] by the natives for ages in their [illegible] work. Of recent years, however, quebracho is restricted in the arts and industries to a particular tree found only in South America, and even here only within broad limits of the [illegible] of the River Parana. In Cuba there [illegible] so called locally, which is a member of the [illegible] family. In Chile a quebracho is [illegible] locally, and probably in other [illegible] America the name is indiscriminately [illegible] hard wood that has tested the metal of [illegible]. No such indefinite use of the word [illegible] today, because the tree of the South American Chaco has become so commercially important that it must be understood to signify only that one tree and nothing else.

The genuine quebracho tree is found in Brazil, Paraguay, and the Argentine Republic. There are two important varieties and a third has been distinguished, although it has no great significance botanically or value commercially. Locally and in the trade the names given are Quebracho colorado (red), and Quebracho blanco (white). Quebracho colorado has the scientific designation of Loxopterygium lorentzii, and belongs to the order of Anacardiaceae. This is the particular tree from which both the sleepers and the better quality of tanning extract are derived. The other, Quebracho blanco, is neither so straight nor so serviceable as the red variety, but is nevertheless of definite commercial value, as it furnishes some tanning extract and the logs can be used for fence posts and axles. From it is taken also a drug extensively used for bronchial diseases; in fact, as a plant it was studied for this purpose long before its other advantages were exploited. The scientific name is Aspidosperma quebracho.

Railways must have sleepers on which to lay their rails. In some instances wooden ones are imported at great expense, or substitutes therefor are used if climatic conditions are favorable. As a rule, however, it is preferred to take supplies from native timber whenever procurable. This was the case in the Argentine Republic when railway building away from the coast had begun, and no more fitting wood could be discovered than that recommended by the natives, both by the name and by the experience of those who had used it. The quebracho wood proved by far the most serviceable for sleepers on South American railways, and its reputation grew so steadily that today many miles of European rails are supported by sleepers brought from the River Plate.

In one respect quebracho resembles rather mahogany than oak or pine. The trees do not grow in clumps or groves, but are dispersed through the forests and the less dense woods, singly or in groups seldom more than four or five to the acre. The tree itself is tall, about two or three feet in diameter, and is crowned by a rather thin, oval, or V-shaped, mass of branches and leaves. The white quebracho is somewhat smaller than the red, and begins to branch lower to the ground, so that it is not hard to distinguish them from each other. The leaves are oval, or lance shaped, smooth, somewhat shining and leathery; they do not fall completely in the winter, but cling to the branches in company with the fruit. The tree seems to thrive best on a sandy soil, where the atmospheric moisture is not very great, but where abundant water is provided for the roots, either by dews or sufficient rain. It is neither a mountain nor a river growth, but lives best in the subtropical stretches between water courses. Although the age of the tree has been given as measured by hundreds of years, it is well enough established that at ten years from planting the best small shrubs are big enough to use for posts. The future promises, therefore, an opportunity for the actual cultivation of quebracho, because, although savage inroads have been made into the supposedly inexhaustible forests of the Chaco, it is not too late to restrict the cutting of the tree, or even to adopt modern forestry methods of planting and conservation for the supply of coming generations. In fact, the Argentine Republic has already passed suitable laws in this direction, and it is more than probable that under the wise administration of that government there will be developed an arboricultural industry to proceed hand in hand with the preparation of quebracho posts for fences and construction work, sleepers for railways, and of tanning extract, the three industries for which this unique tree is at present utilized.

"Rollizos" is the Spanish word commonly employed in the trade for the rough and untrimmed logs (which the word means), from which only the bark has been removed. They are still supplied by smaller camps from dwarfed undergrowth not great enough for other purposes than posts, beams, cabin pillars, or cart axles. When the forest was first invaded these logs were the only product brought out of it, and the stories told of the primitive methods adopted by the natives for transport carry one back before the days of steam and machinery. A popular way of loading the logs was to lay them on the ground on ropes; then the animals were unharnessed and the cart was tilted bodily upside down over the logs; these were then made fast to the body of the cart, after which maneuver it was brought back to its normal position. Of course only two-wheeled carts were used. As soon as modern methods were introduced, and better carts or wagons became known, these primitive and cumbersome habits disappeared, although in the far interior even today rollizos are still brought to market in this manner. "Durmientes," according to the Spanish, or sleepers, in the English idiom, are probably the most important product of the quebracho of the Argentine Republic.

The industry of making sleepers has assumed huge proportions. The difficulties of former days have been largely overcome by the introduction of modern machinery, especially saws, and some of the mills many miles distant from any main railway are equipped and organized in a manner which would reflect credit on any similar plant in the United States. Special saws are needed to penetrate the wood, but they are furnished from the factories of England, France, and America. This mill business is carried on by many companies, although the tendency is to concentrate the management into fewer but larger organizations. One company owns a tract of land of about 4,000,000 acres, and is prepared to cut timber, fashion it into logs and sleepers, prepare tanning extract, and utilize every other resource which the land provides. Another company can turn out 20,000 to 30,000 sleepers a week. This number, however, can by no means meet the steady demand for railway building which is characteristic of this portion of South America. Sleepers are laid at about an interval of two feet from center to center. Assuming, therefore, only 2,000 sleepers for every mile, it will be seen that 30,000 are enough for only 15 miles. A year's supply at fullest capacity will consequently build only 750 miles of railway. But the Argentine Republic, Uruguay, Chile and Bolivia, all contiguous to the Chaco, are constructing more than this mileage, so that it is easy to see that every sleeper turned out from modern mills can at once find a local market. These sleepers are now finished at the mill, and the mill is situated at the spot in the forest itself most convenient for carrying on the process.

Quebracho extract prepared for tanning skins and hides into leather is, however, the most serviceable product of the tree. All the timber companies are adjusting their plants so as to utilize the wood, either in its entire output, or in that portion not reserved for posts and sleepers, for this extract. In Paraguay and areas in the Chaco remote from good roads, so that the cost of supplying timber is excessive, every particle of the wood is turned into extract, because the demand is usually in advance of the supply, and it is therefore more profitable to manufacture the more concentrated article, which can be easier and more economically carried to market.

One feature of quebracho, in which it is superior to other sources of supply, is that the bark, the sapwood, and the whole of the central part of the tree produce the extract in considerable quantities. The bark contains 6 to 8 per cent. of tannin, the sap 3 to 5 per cent., and the heart 20 to 25 per cent. As the heart represents two-thirds and often three-fourths of the total quantity of wood, the amount of tannin in the Quebracho colorado is seen to be considerable. It is merely a chemical question whether this tanning material is equal or inferior to that from the oak, but later methods of preparation point to a full justification of the claim that the leather from quebracho extract grades up to that resulting from any other tanning substance. So serviceable is it, however, that since its discovery, the tanning industry of the Argentine Republic has made noticeable advance, because, with both hides and extract as great natural products of the country, the government is making every effort to foster the leather industry within its own border.

"Quebracho extract," as it is called in the trade is easily manufactured when the machinery is once installed. All the wood is passed through a machine that cuts it into shavings or the smallest possible chips. It is then collected into immense kettles, in which it is treated by chemical processes until all the tannin is removed; after this the fluid preparation is reduced by evaporation to a thick, jelly-like mass, which is poured into sacks, where it is finally dried into the substance sold in commerce.

The difficulty of gathering the raw material far outweighs the preparation of the finished article, especially as the extract is no longer to be considered a by-product, but is coming to have more importance and value than posts and sleepers. In Paraguay particularly, where all the wood is utilized for extract, the hardest part of the business lies in gathering wood for the factory. The trees are cut in the heart of the virgin forest and hauled by ox teams to the nearest clearing. Only native Indians have proven themselves suitable for the work, as they are thoroughly acclimated, understand the wilderness, and can withstand the plague of insects which make life at night miserable for the foreigner; and exposure for nights as well as days is unavoidable, because the cutting stations are usually remote from any settlement.

In 1895 the first real exportation of quebracho extract from the River Plate was recorded. The increase has been rapid—from 400 tons in the first year to 9,000 tons in 1902, 120,594 tons in the next five years, and 28,195 tons in 1907. Of this quantity the United States received 17,733 tons, or almost 65 per cent.

MATERIAL FOR A BOOMERANG

Celluloid Is Excellent Because of Lightness, Hard to Break and Can Be Properly Curved.

The material of which the boomerang is made is a feature which must be considered. It can be fashioned of ash or hickory, but can also be cut or stamped out of celluloid and hard rubber. Boomerangs are now being sold in two or three American cities, writes Day Allen Willey, in St. Nicholas. Several expert throwers in this country, however, have fashioned their own boomerangs not only of celluloid but of heavy cardboard. If the cardboard does not get wet, it makes a serviceable missile. Strange to say, celluloid is excellent for the purpose, because it is light, very hard to break and can be worked into the peculiar curve and twist which are so necessary to give the boomerang its force and direction.

Mountain of Death.

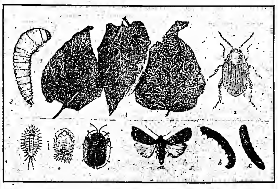
An exploration party recently ascended Mount Taihu, one of the loftiest in Formosa, 12,000 feet above the sea level.

When the party reached an aboriginal village (the Puma tribe) half-way up the mountain, they employed 21 aborigines to accompany them and continued the ascent. This mountain is believed by the aborigines to be a mountain of death, and nobody has dared to ascend it before. The aborigines, being in great fear, warned the party not to break branches of trees nor make loud noises nor throw stones, and finally they refused to proceed further. In spite of this the party proceeded and reached the summit at last. Seeing this, the aborigines were quite surprised at the bravery of the Japanese. The mountain is reported to abound in valuable trees.

DESTRUCTIVE LITTLE SWEET POTATO BEETLE

In Size, General Appearance and Methods of Motion, It Resembles Flea-Beetle of Common or White Potato.

The sweet potato flea-beetle is a small, bronzed or brassy-brown shining beetle, about one-sixteenth of an inch in length, very active, somewhat chunky, with deeply ridged or striped wing-covers, all these characters, except the general shape and bronzed color, require a magnifying glass to make out clearly. The hind legs of this beetle have the thighs very much thickened or enlarged, so that it leaps as readily as it flies, especially in the sunny part of the day. In the early morning and evening and in wet or cold cloudy weather, it is less active and may be readily taken on the leaves. In size, general appearance and methods of motion, it resembles the flea-beetle of the common or white potato, and it is supposed by some growers to be the same. It has totally different breeding and feeding habits, however, and the bronze color of the sweet potato species contrasts strongly with the dead black of the other.



Destructive Flea Beetle.

Fig. 1, work of flea-beetle on sweet potato leaves; Fig. 2, sweet potato flea-beetle; Fig. 4, larva, enlarged; Fig. 5, the mottled tortise beetle, with larva and pupa; Fig. 6. Euxoa messoria, a, its cut-worm larva, b and c, natural size.

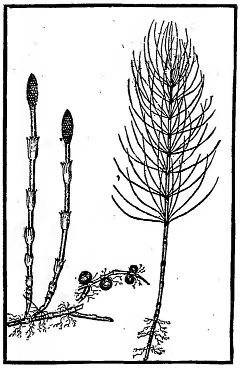
These beetles live through the winter in rubbish, under logs, stones or among masses of leaves and other vegetation, and specimens may be found at almost any time during that season by sifting such rubbish along the edge of woods, under fence rails, along roadsides and in similar places.

When the weather becomes really warm, these beetles leave their winter quarters and seek food.

As soon as the plants are set in the field the beetles attack them and begin feeding. Their eating is peculiar in character and easily recognized. On either upper or under side they chew out narrow grooves or channels, at first close to and parallel with some of the principal veins; later, when the leaf has been pretty well eaten into, the channels may run any way. This attack, made as soon as the plants are set out, and while they are suffering from the shock of transplanting causes the leaf to lose vitality, turn brown, and die. If the weather happens to be dry and hot the entire plant dies, or if it does not, takes hold so slowly that the hill never catches up and is a poor one at harvest. If the plant is vigorous and weather conditions are right, it takes hold before the leaves have died, and after it has once made a start, soon gets beyond reach of the insects. Early in June the beetles begin to increase in number, and, as the bindweeds are by this time growing vigorously, the tendency on their part is to forsake the cultivated for the wild plants.

By the middle of June the beetles have practically disappeared and nothing more is seen of them until August, and then they are again found abundantly, not, as a rule upon sweet potatoes, but upon the hedge and other bindweeds and wild morning glories, where their characteristic feeding can be seen until October, although the beetles themselves disappear into winter quarters by mid-September. Practically, the insects disappear from the sweet potato fields about June 15.

POISONOUS HORSETAIL WEED



In summer there may be seen on low, marshy ground plants, showing first upright stalks, as shown at the left, and a few weeks later the bushy stems with fine needle-like leaves shown at the right. Horses often acquire a taste for this plant and eat it with injury to themselves. The effects are a gradual loss of control of the hind legs.

Profit in the orchard largely depends upon the perfection of the fruits raised and the quantity. And the trees cannot produce their full capacity unless well cared for.

Spraying for Blight.

Spraying for early blight on late varieties of the Rural New Yorker type of potatoes has proved profitable the past two years at the Minnesota experiment station. Spraying late varieties of the Rural New Yorker type may be delayed until the earliest planting of early varieties in the locality shows signs of the presence of the disease, when spraying should be immediately applied at the rate of 60 to 75 gallons of Bordeaux mixture per acre, followed with spraying of an equal amount every ten days in good weather. In rainy weather spray more frequently.

Good Exercise.

There is no harm in pigs rooting if they are in a field where rooting will do no harm. Pigs can secure much feed by rooting and the exercise will do them good. Where troublesome roots infest the soil they will often eradicate them if allowed to do so. The fattening hog should not be allowed to root, as the exercise consumes too much feed and energy.

Sunshine in Homes.

Few homes are able to scatter more sunshine in other homes than that of the farmer. The occasional basket of apples that are literally "going to waste," the overflow from the garden, even a bouquet of wild flowers, may do a world of good in homes which know them not.

Ducks Free From Disease.

Ducks never have cholera, roup or gapes. They lay more eggs which hatch better than hen's eggs. And they can be made to attain a weight of five pounds in ten weeks. But to secure the most profitable results one of the better breeds should be kept.

To Secure Plump Tomatoes.

If you want big, plump tomatoes, pinch off the vines just below the third set of blossoms, and then keep pinching off the side shoots which will start where the leaves start from the vines. This gives the fruit the benefit of the whole energy of the roots and makes large fruit.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

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FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.

Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

PAXTINE

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

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Are made over Curled Hair Pads and will not gall the horse. Write us for free sample of the Pad. Give the name of your harness dealer. Sold by best dealers everywhere. BRISTOL & SWEET CO., Fargo, N. D.

ONE THING CERTAIN.

"Don you know," shouted the earnest orator, "what to do to the trust?"

"No, but I know blame well what they're doing to us!" said a man in the front row.

Autoing and Optics.

"Is not auto driving terribly hard on the eyes?" we asked.

"Well, I guess not," replied the chauffeur, withering us with scorn. "Why, before I got to runnin' a car I was thinkin' o' gettin' specks, my eyesight was that poor I couldn't see the contribution box in church until it was so near past me it was too late to dig for any money. But I hadn't been runnin' that wagon two days till I could see a policeman's little finger stickin' out from behind a tree four miles away. I could even see which way a copper's eyeballs were turned if he was standin' in the shade three miles off. Hard on the eyes! Well, not much! It's the best medicine for weak eyes that was ever invented, don't you forget it."

A Dream of Ease—

Post Toasties

NO COOKING!

An economical hot weather luxury—food that pleases and satisfies at any meal. So good you'll want more.

Served right from the package with cream or milk. Especially pleasing with fresh berries,

"The Memory Lingers"

Pkgs. 10c and 15c
Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Co., Limited
Battle Creek, Mich.

HARDEST OF ALL WOODS

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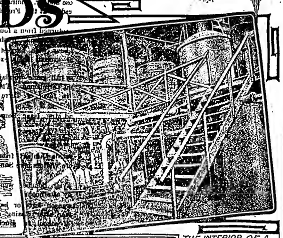

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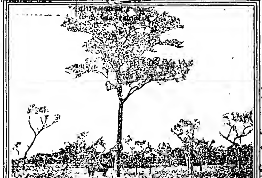

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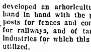

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The industry of making sleepers has assumed huge proportions. The difficulties of former days have been largely overcome by the introduction of modern machinery, especially saws, and some of the mills many miles distant from any main railway are equipped and organized in a manner which would reflect credit on any similar plant in the United States. Special saws are needed to penetrate the wood, but they are furnished from the factories of England, France, and America. This mill business is carried on by many companies, although the tendency is to concentrate the management into fewer but larger organizations. One company owns a tract of land of about 4,000,000 acres, and is prepared to cut timber, fashion it into logs and sleepers, prepare tanning extract, and utilize every other resource which the land provides. Another company can turn out 20,000 to 30,000 sleepers a week. This number, however, can by no means meet the steady demand for railway building which is characteristic of this portion of South America. Sleepers are laid at about an interval of two feet from center to center. Assuming, therefore, only 2,000 sleepers for every mile, it will be seen that 30,000 are enough for only 15 miles. A year's supply at fullest capacity will consequently build only 750 miles of railway. But the Argentine Republic, Uruguay, Chile and Bolivia, all contiguous to the Chaco, are constructing more than this mileage, so that it is easy to see that every sleeper turned out from modern mills can at once find a local market. These sleepers are now finished at the mill, and the mill is situated at the spot in the forest itself most convenient for carrying on the process.

Quebracho extract prepared for tanning skins and hides into leather is, however, the most serviceable product of the tree. All the timber companies are adjusting their plants so as to utilize the wood, either in its entire output, or in that portion not reserved for posts and sleepers, for this extract. In Paraguay and areas in the Chaco remote from good roads, so that the cost of supplying timber is excessive, every particle of the wood is turned into extract, because the demand is usually in advance of the supply, and it is therefore more profitable to manufacture the more concentrated article, which can be easier and more economically carried to market.

One feature of quebracho, in which it is superior to other sources of supply, is that the bark, the sapwood, and the whole of the central part of the tree produce the extract in considerable quantities. The bark contains 6 to 8 per cent. of tannin, the sap 3 to 5 per cent., and the heart 20 to 25 per cent. As the heart represents two-thirds and often three-fourths of the total quantity of wood, the amount of tannin in the Quebracho colorado is seen to be considerable. It is merely a chemical question whether this tanning material is equal or inferior to that from the oak, but later methods of preparation point to a full justification of the claim that the leather from quebracho extract grades up to that resulting from any other tanning substance. So serviceable is it, however, that since its discovery, the tanning industry of the Argentine Republic has made noticeable advance, because, with both hides and extract as great natural products of the country, the government is making every effort to foster the leather industry within its own border.

"Quebracho extract," as it is called in the trade is easily manufactured when the machinery is once installed. All the wood is passed through a machine that cuts it into shavings or the smallest possible chips. It is then collected into immense kettles, in which it is treated by chemical processes until all the tannin is removed; after this the fluid preparation is reduced by evaporation to a thick, jelly-like mass, which is poured into sacks, where it is finally dried into the substance sold in commerce.

The difficulty of gathering the raw material far outweighs the preparation of the finished article, especially as the extract is no longer to be considered a by-product, but is coming to have more importance and value than posts and sleepers. In Paraguay particularly, where all the wood is utilized for extract, the hardest part of the business lies in gathering wood for the factory. The trees are cut in the heart of the virgin forest and hauled by ox teams to the nearest clearing. Only native Indians have proven themselves suitable for the work, as they are thoroughly acclimated, understand the wilderness, and can withstand the plague of insects which make life at night miserable for the foreigner; and exposure for nights as well as days is unavoidable, because the cutting stations are usually remote from any settlement.

In 1895 the first real exportation of quebracho extract from the River Plate was recorded. The increase has been rapid—from 400 tons in the first year to 9,000 tons in 1902, 120,594 tons in the next five years, and 28,195 tons in 1907. Of this quantity the United States received 17,733 tons, or almost 65 per cent.

MATERIAL FOR A BOOMERANG

Celluloid is Excellent Because of Lightness, Hard to Break and Can Be Properly Curved.

The material of which the boomerang is made is a feature which must be considered. It can be fashioned of ash or hickory, but can also be cut or stamped out of celluloid and hard rubber. Boomerangs are now being sold in two or three American cities, writes Day Allen Willey, in St. Nicholas. Several expert throwers in this country, however, have fashioned their own boomerangs not only of celluloid but of heavy cardboard. If the cardboard does not get wet, it makes a serviceable missile. Strange to say, celluloid is excellent for the purpose, because it is light, very hard to break and can be worked into the peculiar curve and twist which are so necessary to give the boomerang its force and direction.

Mountain of Death.

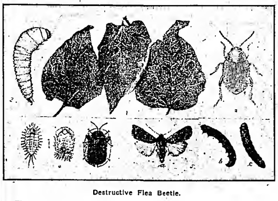
An exploration party recently ascended Mount Taihu, one of the loftiest in Formosa, 12,000 feet above the sea level.

When the party reached an aboriginal village (the Puma tribe) half-way up the mountain, they employed 21 aborigines to accompany them and continued the ascent. This mountain is believed by the aborigines to be a mountain of death, and nobody has dared to ascend it before. The aborigines, being in great fear, warned the party not to break branches of trees nor make loud noises nor throw stones, and finally they refused to proceed further. In spite of this the party proceeded and reached the summit at last. Seeing this, the aborigines were quite surprised at the bravery of the Japanese. The mountain is reported to abound in valuable trees.

DESTRUCTIVE LITTLE SWEET POTATO BEETLE

In Size, General Appearance and Methods of Motion, It Resembles Flea-Beetle of Common or White Potato.

The sweet potato flea-beetle is a small, bronzed or brassy-brown shining beetle, about one-sixteenth of an inch in length, very active, somewhat chunky, with deeply ridged or striped wing-covers, all these characters, except the general shape and bronzed color, require a magnifying glass to make out clearly. The hind legs of this beetle have the thighs very much thickened or enlarged, so that it leaps as readily as it flies, especially in the sunny part of the day. In the early morning and evening and in wet or cold cloudy weather, it is less active and may be readily taken on the leaves. In size, general appearance and methods of motion, it resembles the flea-beetle of the common or white potato, and it is supposed by some growers to be the same. It has totally different breeding and feeding habits, however, and the bronze color of the sweet potato species contrasts strongly with the dead black of the other.



Destructive Flea Beetle.

Fig. 1, work of flea-beetle on sweet potato leaves; Fig. 2, sweet potato flea-beetle; Fig. 4, larva, enlarged; Fig. 5, the mottled tortiss beetle, with larva and pupa; Fig. 6. Euxoa messoria, a, its cut-worm larva, b and c, natural size.

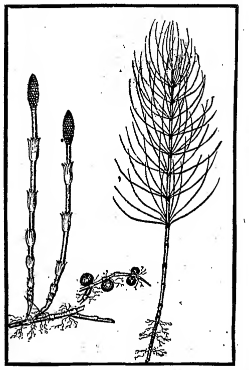
These beetles live through the winter in rubbish, under logs, stones or among masses of leaves and other vegetation, and specimens may be found at almost any time during that season by sifting such rubbish along the edge of woods, under fence rails, along roadsides and in similar places.

When the weather becomes really warm, these beetles leave their winter quarters and seek food.

As soon as the plants are set in the field the beetles attack them and begin feeding. Their eating is peculiar in character and easily recognized. On either upper or under side they chew out narrow grooves or channels, at first close to and parallel with some of the principal veins; later, when the leaf has been pretty well eaten into, the channels may run any way. This attack, made as soon as the plants are set out, and while they are suffering from the shock of transplanting, causes the leaf to lose vitality, turn brown, and die. If the weather happens to be dry and hot the entire plant dies, or if it does not, takes hold so slowly that the hill never catches up and is a poor one at harvest. If the plant is vigorous and weather conditions are right, it takes hold before the leaves have died, and after it has once made a start, soon gets beyond reach of the insects. Early in June the beetles begin to increase in number, and, as the bindweeds are by this time growing vigorously, the tendency on their part is to forsake the cultivated for the wild plants.

By the middle of June the beetles have practically disappeared and nothing more is seen of them until August, and then they are again found abundantly, not, as a rule upon sweet potatoes, but upon the hedge and other bindweeds and wild morning glories, where their characteristic feeding can be seen until October, although the beetles themselves disappear into winter quarters by mid-September. Practically, the insects disappear from the sweet potato fields about June 15.

POISONOUS HORSETAIL WEED



In summer there may be seen on low, marshy ground plants, showing first upright stalks, as shown at the left, and a few weeks later the bushy stems with fine needle-like leaves shown at the right. Horses often acquire a taste for this plant and eat it with injury to themselves. The effects are a gradual loss of control of the hind legs.

Profit in the orchard largely depends upon the perfection of the fruits raised and the quantity. And the trees cannot produce their full capacity unless well cared for.

Spraying for Blight.

Spraying for early blight on late varieties of the Rural New Yorker type of potatoes has proved profitable the past two years at the Minnesota experiment station. Spraying late varieties of the Rural New Yorker type may be delayed until the earliest planting of early varieties in the locality shows signs of the presence of the disease, when spraying should be immediately applied at the rate of 60 to 75 gallons of Bordeaux mixture per acre, followed with spraying of an equal amount every ten days in good weather. In rainy weather spray more frequently.

Good Exercise.

There is no harm in pigs rooting if they are in a field where rooting will do no harm. Pigs can secure much feed by rooting and the exercise will do them good. Where troublesome roots infest the soil they will often eradicate them if allowed to do so. The fattening hog should not be allowed to root, as the exercise consumes too much feed and energy.

Sunshine in Homes.

Few homes are able to scatter more sunshine in other homes than that of the farmer. The occasional basket of apples that are literally "going to waste," the overflow from the garden, even a bouquet of wild flowers, may do a world of good in homes which know them not.

Ducks Free From Disease.

Ducks never have cholera, roup or gapes. They lay more eggs which hatch better than hen's eggs. And they can be made to attain a weight of five pounds in ten weeks. But to secure the most profitable results one of the better breeds should be kept.

To Secure Plump Tomatoes.

If you want big, plump tomatoes, pinch off the vines just below the third set of blossoms, and then keep pinching off the side shoots which will start where the leaves start from the vines. This gives the fruit the benefit of the whole energy of the roots and makes large fruit.

The Wretchedness of Constipation
Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.
Genuine must bear Signature
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FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.
Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.
PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC
Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.
A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.
THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

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RUBBER STAMPS STENCILS, SEALS, etc. Send for catalogue. FARGO STAMP WORKS, FARGO, N. D.
KODAKS and Kodak Supplies. Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention. FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.
Ship Your Hides, Wool and Pelts To BOLLES & ROGERS FARGO, N. D.
Gall Cure Horse Collars. Are made over Curled Hair Pads and will not gall the horse. Write us for free sample of the Pad. Give the name of your harness dealer. Sold by best dealers everywhere. BRISTOL & SWEET CO., Fargo, N. D.

ONE THING CERTAIN.

"Don't you know," shouted the earnest orator, "what to do to the trust?"

"No, but I know blame well what they're doing to us!" said a man in the front row.

Autoing and Optics.

"Is not auto driving terribly hard on the eyes?" we asked.

"Well, I guess not," replied the chauffeur, withering us with scorn. "Why, before I got to runnin' a car I was thinkin' o' gettin' specks, my eyesight was that poor I couldn't see the contribution box in church until it was so near past me it was too late to dig for any money. But I hadn't been runnin' that wagon two days till I could see a policeman's little finger stickin' out from behind a tree four miles away. I could even see which way a copper's eyeballs were turned if he was standin' in the shade three miles off. Hard on the eyes! Well, not much! It's the best medicine for weak eyes that was ever invented, don't you forget it."

A Dream of Ease—
Post Toasties
NO COOKING!
An economical hot weather luxury—food that pleases and satisfies at any meal. So good you'll want more.
Served right from the package with cream or milk. Especially pleasing with fresh berries,
"The Memory Lingers"
Pkgs. 10c and 15c Sold by Grocers
Postum Cereal Co., Limited Battle Creek, Mich.

DEFECTIVE PAGE
INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Oronogo, Mo.—"I was simply a nervous wreck. I could not walk across the floor without my heart fluttering and I could not even receive a letter. Every month I had such a bearing down sensation, as if the lower parts would fall out. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done my nerves a great deal of good and has also relieved the bearing down. I recommended it to some friends and two of them have been greatly benefited by it."—Mrs. Mae McKnight, Oronogo, Mo.

Another Grateful Woman.

St. Louis, Mo.—"I was bothered terribly with a female weakness and had backache, bearing down pains and pains in lower parts. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regularly and used the Sanative Wash and now I have no more troubles that way."—Mrs. Al. Henzoo, 5722 Prescott Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

HEAVY IRON CULVERT PIPES

Western Roller Pipe Co. Monmouth, Ill.

Thompson's Eye Water

IT WAS ONCE HIS.

"You don't remember me, do you?"

"No, but that umbrella has a familiar look."

Old Advice.

Manager—You never get this scene right. Your business with the sweet peas is all wrong and you forget when you are to speak—you get your lines all mixed up.

Actress—All right, sir, I'll be more attentive and fix the sweet peas and try to get my lines in the right place.

Manager—Your course is very simple. Just mind your peas and cues.—Baltimore American.

How She Conciliated Them.

Filmer—How did it happen that those five men who were so angry with the woman in the nickelodeon for not taking off her hat became so friendly with her afterward?

[illegible]—It was raining like fury when the show was over and she invited them to take shelter with her under her hat.

Not an Objection.

"I think he'd like to join your club, but his wife wouldn't hear of it."

"She wouldn't hear of it? Why, I know of half a dozen men who would join our club if their wives couldn't hear of it."

Protected.

Stella—Are you afraid of cows?

Bella—Not with my hatpins.—New York Sun.

HARD TO PLEASE
Regarding the Morning Cup.

"Oh how hard it was to part with coffee, but the continued trouble with constipation and belching was such that I finally brought myself to leave it off.

"Then the question was, what should we use for the morning drink? Tea was worse for us than coffee; chocolate and cocoa were soon tired of; milk was not liked very well, and hot water we could not endure.

"About two years ago we struck upon Postum and have never been without it since.

"We have seven children. Our baby now eighteen months old would not take milk, so we tried Postum and found she liked it and it agreed with her perfectly. She is today, and has been, one of the healthiest babies in the State.

"I use about two-thirds Postum and one-third milk and a teaspoon of sugar, and put it into her bottle. If you could have seen her eyes sparkle and hear her say 'good' today when I gave it to her, you would believe me that she likes it.

"If I was matron of an infants' home, every child would be raised on Postum. Many of my friends say, 'You are looking so well!' I reply, 'I am well: I drink Postum. I have no more trouble with constipation, and know that I owe my good health to God and Postum.'

"I am writing this letter because I want to tell you how much good Postum has done us, but if you know how I shrink from publicity, you would not publish this letter, at least not over my name."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

HOWLS ARE TERRIFIC

Seal With Awful Voice Keeps Zoo Attendants Awake at Night.

Mediterranean Monk Brought From Madeira Gives Keepers Little Chance for Rest by Dread Noise He Makes.

London.—The worst thing, according to their own estimate, that ever happened to the keepers at the Zoo is Bodger's voice.

Bodger—he is called Baleful Bodger now—is the Mediterranean monk seal brought from Madeira a month ago to the Zoological gardens.

On the voyage over he kept the whole ship awake every night by the dreadful noise he made. This forced the passengers and crew to conclude that he was excessively seasick.

Now the keepers of the zoo know to their cost that those sounds are Bodger's natural tones. As he has begun to feed and is in excellent health, they realize that they may have to live many years with his voice, and they describe the prospect as vile.

"It may not seem a serious matter to others," his keeper said, "but it is very serious to me.

"I have grown used to the howling of wolves, and when I slept near the jackals they did not keep me awake. After a time the lions' roars were a lullaby, the eagle and the screech owl ceased to worry me.

"But Bodger's voice is the limit of my endurance. It gets on my nerves more and more. It is spoiling my appetite."

Outside Bodger's cage was found a crowd of men, women and children.

Lying on the cement was Bodger, and every ten seconds or so he opened his mouth wide. From its dark depths he sent forth a dreadful sound.

As a lieutenant put it, it was exactly like the noise one would expect from an ass trying to bray whilst tortured by seasickness.

"You watch," said the keeper. "The people laugh at first, but it always drives them away in the end."

The keeper was right. The spectators' faces lost their hilarity after about three of Bodger's shouts, and they went away.

"At night," the keeper continued, "that fearful noise can be heard distinctly from one end of the gardens to the other. The attendants who live in the lodge near by complain that they cannot sleep.

One of the girls at the refreshment stall on the top of the terrace above Bodger has petitioned her employers to move her to the farthest part of the grounds. She says she cannot eat now that she has to listen to the brute's voice.

"Is he doing well? Yes, he is. We are trying now to get him to eat dead fish. So far he has only condescended to partake of live eels, and he eats $2 worth a day.

This much tried keeper has also the pleasanter task of caring for Roosevelt, the Teddy bear, and he was enthusiastic in his praise.

Roosevelt, through his trusting nature, has met with a minor disaster. Impelled by love and curiosity, he put his tongue into the striped hyena's den. The hyena immediately bit it and made the blood come.

Now Roosevelt, who has been moved to next door but one, spends his time standing against the wall nearest his enemy's cage, apparently longing to encounter him.

CANADA'S NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT

THE DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT

OTTAWA, CAN.—The appointment of the duke of Connaught to be governor general of Canada is very popular in the Dominion for its people fully appreciate his high abilities and devotion to public work. Moreover, the duchess will be warmly welcomed as the leader of Canadian society. The duke of Connaught is an uncle of King George and is sixty years old. The duchess, to whom he was married in 1879, was a daughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia.

REPLACES BELL BOY

Automatic Enunciator Imperils Messengers' Jobs.

Inventors of Sound Magnifier Claim It Is Possible to Talk to Millions of People Thousands of Miles Away—How Worked.

Chicago.—An automatic enunciator, by which a man talking in New York can be heard in every part of a large room in Chicago, that may throw most of the bell boys in the hotels and clubs out of a job, and that may make it possible for a public speaker to address a million or more people at one time, was given its first public demonstration in Chicago the other day.

A man whose wife is somewhere in the shopping crowd of a big store can be located instantly by the new device, it is promised, and as a word spoken into the transmitter can be heard in every room with which the instrument is connected, it may be used to call trains in railway stations and to spread a fire alarm throughout a large building.

From the fifth floor of one building to the third of another was the distance in the test, but a distance of 900 miles from Pittsburg to Columbus, Ohio, and back to Pittsburg, has been successfully negotiated, according to Joseph Harris, president of the Automatic Electric company, who had charge of the test. Ordinary telephone wires are used by the new instrument, the receiver and transmitter being on new lines. A graphophone horn at the receiving end of the instrument sends the voice of the person at the transmitter to all parts of the room at the other end of the wire.

With every public room of a big hotel connected with an enunciator, it will no longer be necessary to send a bellboy traveling over the building calling out messages for the guests, the inventors of the instrument declare. The message spoken into the transmitter will be heard over the entire building, and will not need to be repeated. Several big Chicago hotels will have them in operation before fall, Mr. Harris declared, one big hostelry now nearing completion having already concluded arrangements for the automatic bellboy.

Theodore Roosevelt, had he postponed his visit until the work of installing the instruments had progressed a little further, could speak to practically every person in Chicago without getting hoarse, the enthusiastic inventors pointed out. All that would be necessary would be to put a transmitter on the platform beside him and connect up various halls in all parts of the city, where people of the different neighborhoods could gather.

Running descriptions of baseball games or prize fights can be sent over long distances for the entertainment of sporting fans of all varieties. Cabs can be called from the theaters while waiting parties remain inside the building, and trains may be equipped with the instrument so that stations may be called in all the cars simultaneously.

Beyond stating that the enunciator is the combined work of a number of American and foreign inventors, Mr. Harris refused to reveal the discoverer of the new method of sound transmission.

Food for Cows is Wasted

Atlanta, Ga.—Governor Brown is a strong believer in the conservation of the national resources and a foe to waste. On the simple matter of cornstalks Governor Brown figures that Georgia is throwing away enough feed to keep a million head of cattle.

It is a well known fact that while the farmers of Georgia pull the leaves from the corn for fodder, leaving the stalk standing to support the ear of corn, through the northern and western states it is the custom to cut the stalk down, shock it up and then to shred it for cattle feed after the corn has been taken off.

Governor Brown is of the opinion that the method now in vogue in this state of pulling fodder is an exceedingly wasteful one and he would welcome the introduction of shredding machines as a saving to farmers of millions of dollars annually.

"The impression prevails among our farmers," the governor said, "that the corn would shrivel up if the stalk were cut down. Such is not the case. When the fodder is pulled the cornstalk dies and dies just as quickly as if the plant had been cut down.

"The leaves on the stalk are the lungs of the plant and when they are stripped off the plant dies. Heretofore cornstalks have been considered a nuisance on the land and they are generally raked up and burned. Now there are probably a ton of corn stalks to an acre. A ton and a half would be a nearer estimate. With 5,000,000 acres in Georgia planted in corn the stalk waste would be sufficient to carry through the winter a million head of cattle. Think how much this would mean to the Georgia farmer in meat value, to say nothing of the manure.

Hen Rival of Chameleon.

Pittsfield, Mass.—Mrs. Henry Farnum of Lanesboro has a black Minorca hen which she says is fifteen years old and has changed its color four times. As a pullet the hen was black, later she became speckled black and white, then changed to black and is now pure white. The Minorcan still sings and lays.

Pig Chews Dynamite.

Portland, Ind.—A pig weighing about 75 pounds, the property of Joseph H. Sell of Pennville, was killed in a peculiar manner. A dynamite cartridge accidentally became mixed in the feed and was discharged by the animal while chewing. The lower jaw of the pig was broken by the explosion of the cap and its death followed instantly.

Poor Advice.

The Tourist (hanging precariously on a shaky limb half-way down the precipice—And my psychical science doctor told me when in a condition of great mental strain, to relax every muscle

In Chicago's Little Italy

Glimpses of Real Bohemianism Where Real Italian Songs Are Heard—Notable Guests.

Chicago.—There is a small Italian restaurant in Chicago which has so far escaped the attention of that class which spoils Bohemia by entering its borders. When invaders led by curiosity and armed with lorgnettes and ear trumpets come in such numbers that the original inhabitants fly before their invasion then Bohemia is gone. Therefore to say that it is in the neighborhood of Sixteenth street is to be definite enough.

It is a place of good fellowship and equality. The host greets with the same gracious welcome the first faint spark of talent and the genius whose flame has lighted up the world. The unpretentious walls have sheltered diplomats artists actors and singers. Here one may often find Bedusehi who created the tenor roles in most of Puccini's operas in Italy, and who is now a Chicago singing teacher. Scotti and Caruso on their travels frequent the place, although, sad to say, the golden voiced one does not go there as frequently as he did before Bonci discovered the place.

Here one can listen to real Italian songs sometimes sung by those voices which call the public in crowds to fashionable opera houses. Here the real Italian wines can be obtained and the proper manner in which to eat spaghetti half a yard long may be observed.

If you would find your way to this little eating place ask the Italian violinist in the lobster palace any one of 'em which you may happen to frequent. He knows, and, perhaps, he'll tell.

Topless Potatoes Fool Bugs.

Lewistown, Pa.—Perke Murtiff, proprietor of the St. Charles hotel, owns a farm in the vicinity of Burnham park, and his farmer called him over and informed him that he was growing topless potatoes.

An investigation proved that two rows, supposed to have been Early Rose seed, were absolutely without sign of stalks; yet there are roots, with potatoes the size of large shellbarks in the rows.

The farmer says it's a good thing, as it will fool the bugs.

Only Witness at Wedding

Forsaken New Jersey Lass Takes Uninviting Station and Faints After Ordeal.

Hoboken, N. J.—One of those everyday romances which would sound improbable if presented as fiction was revealed the other day in the marriage records filed by Samuel Engler, justice of the peace, at 53 Newark street, this city. Two certificates bear the name of Margaret Korn as a witness. This is the story told by Mr. Engler.

William Longley of 45 Second street, Jersey City, and Margaret Korn of 220 East Eighty-second street, Manhattan, were warm friends. Their close acquaintances said they were engaged. Recently they disagreed and Longley went from Margaret to Sadie Katzenstein of 1685 First avenue, New York, a mutual friend and proposed. He was accepted, and they went to the office of Justice of the Peace Engler to be married. On entering the office they came face to face with Margaret Korn, who had gone there to be a witness at the wedding of two other mutual friends, Albert Rheinhardt of Jersey City, and Louisa Cops, of New York.

To add to the dramatic feature of the situation, Longley stepped over to Miss Korn and asked her if she would not be a witness of his wedding to Miss Katzenstein. She agreed and stood up with them. As they were pronounced man and wife Miss Korn fainted. She was revived by the two newly married couples and departed with them to the wedding dinner.

Unearths Mammoth Teeth.

London.—Seeing a piece of ivory projecting from the face of Filey Cliffs, R. J. Stephenson the council surveyor, worked at it with his walking stick and succeeded in unearthing a tooth of a mammoth in a perfect state of preservation, weighing 12 pounds 13 ounces. It stands 8 inches high and is over 4 inches thick. A thorough search is to be made of the cliff side for further remains

A TERRIBLE CASE OF DROPSY.

Lebanon, Ind., Man Gives Vivid Description of His Suffering.

John T. Anderson, 613 W. Main St., Lebanon, Ind., says: "I was taken suddenly with agonizing pains through my kidneys, followed by a stoppage of the urine. I was soon in such agony I could not lie in bed and for weeks sat in a chair propped up by pillows. The urine was mostly blood and had to be drawn with a catheter. My limbs were swollen to twice their normal size. The doctor finally said he could do no more and my family gave up hope. It was at this time I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and gradually improved until well. I gained twenty-eight pounds and have had no trouble since."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

HE'D GET THE APPLE.

Eddie—Say, mom, give Jessie an apple.

Mamma—Then you'll want one, too.

Eddie—No. Just give it to Jessie. We are going to play Adam and Eve, and she is going to tempt me.

Casey at the Bat.

This famous poem is contained in the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910, together with records, schedules for both leagues and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities. This interesting book sent by the Coca-Cola Co., of Atlanta, Ga., on receipt of 2c stamp for postage. Also copy of their booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola" which tells all about this delicious beverage and why it is so pure, wholesome and refreshing. Are you ever hot—tired—thirsty? Drink Coca-Cola—it is cooling, relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst. At soda fountains and carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere.

Incorruptible.

The lady of the house hesitated.

"Are my answers all right?" she asked.

"Yes, madam," replied the census man.

"Didn't bother you a bit, did I?"

"No, madam."

"Feel under some obligations to me, don't you?"

"Yes, madam."

"Then, perhaps you won't mind telling me how old the woman next door claims to be?"

"Good day, madam," said the census man.

SOFT, WHITE HANDS

May Be Obtained in One Night.

For preserving the hands as well as for preventing redness, roughness, and chapping, and imparting that velvety softness and whiteness much desired by women Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, is believed to be superior to all other skin soaps. For those who work in corrosive liquids, or at occupations which tend to injure the hands, it is invaluable.

Treatment—Bathe and soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, and in severe cases spread the Cuticura Ointment on thin pieces of old linen or cotton. Wear during the night old, loose gloves, or a light bandage of old cotton or linen to protect the clothing from stain. For red, rough, and chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, and shapeless nails with painful finger ends, this treatment is most effective. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass.

Different.

"Yes, Brown will stick to anything he likes."

"True, but he doesn't like anything he has to stick to."—Puck.

We know people who seem to know everything except the fact that they don't know how much they don't know.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Many of us have cause to be thankful for what we don't get.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Man cannot be happy when idle, unless resting from previous labor.

Didn't Care for Expenses.

They were seated at the breakfast table.

"John, dear," said the young wife, "this is my birthday."

"I'm glad you mentioned it, darling," rejoined her husband. "I'll buy you a present the first thing when I get downtown."

"Well," she said, "I hope you won't get any cheap 98-cent affair."

"Of course I won't," he replied. "Why, I would be ashamed to present you with anything that cost less than a dollar."

Novelty.

"I thought you told me you had something original in this libretto," said the manager, scornfully. "Here at the very outset you have a lot of merry villagers singing, 'We are happy and gay!'"

"You don't catch the idea at all," replied the poet, wearily. "The 'g' is soft. It should be pronounced 'happy and jay.'"

Awfully Busy.

Jim—A stitch in time saves nine.

Tom—Who said that?

Jim—Gee! Ain't you read your Bible?

Tom—Nope; I ain't even had time to read the sporting page this morning yet.—Cleveland Leader.

The satirist can talk about the "average man" with impunity, because every man considers himself above the average.

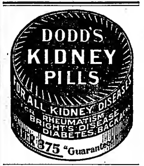
Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

And many a coming man neglects to arrive.

Small Job.

Him—I was confused for a bit, I confess, but it took me only a moment to collect my wits—

Her—Yes, it couldn't take any longer than that. Go on.



Gillette Blades Are Fine
NO STROPPING NO HONING
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

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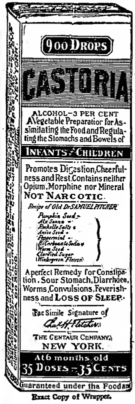

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Go Southwest and Grow

with the country. Thousands are doing this and "making good" because the opportunity is there.

Go and see for yourself the country reached by the M. K. & T. Ry.—it will pay you well to do so.

On the First and Third Tuesdays of each month

excursion tickets are sold at especially low rates to Oklahoma and Texas with privileges of stop-overs. Such a ticket enables you to visit a large section of country—seeing for yourself what the Southwest offers. Will you go *now*, or wait longer until land prices advance to the top notch and the opportunities are less.

Probably I can help you decide—at any rate write me for some literature and further information about the Southwest.

W. P. LINDSAY
District Passenger Agent
ST. PAUL, MINN.

MICA AXLE GREASE
is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer, everywhere
STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

What Ails You?

Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heart-burn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach gnaw or burn, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, torpid liver with indigestion, or dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and nerve strengthener.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at these will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of native American medical forest plants. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sickly Smile

Wipe it off your otherwise *good looking* face—put on that *good* health smile that *CASCARETS* will give you—as a result from the *cure* of Constipation—or a torpid liver. It's *so easy*—do it—you'll see. 913

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, Cookies and Crackers, Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas and Coffees in our Grocery Department

ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Read Funfeisen's ad.

Read Fournet's new ad.

S. M. Sivertson was over from Crookston today.

Dr. N. M Watson was in St. Paul the first of the week.

[illegible] of St. Hilaire was in town Monday and Tuesday

Miss Mayme Linnihan spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Joe Laurent of Crookston is visiting with relatives in town.

Sheriff Nelson made an official visit to Thief River Falls Saturday.

Otto Zaiser went to Crookston Friday evening, returning Saturday.

Mr. Jos. Salley is visiting with [illegible] in Thief River Falls.

Mrs. [illegible] Tandberg spent Sunday with the family at Thief River Falls.

John Johnson of Bagley was attending to business matters in town Saturday.

[illegible], the St Hilaire real estate dealer was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Helen Clark of Bemidi has been the guest this week at the Jas. [illegible] home.

Samuel Gibeau went to Thief River Falls in the auto today to attend the county fair.

Mrs. E. F. Marshall and Irving Kelper are visiting with friends at Thief River Falls.

Good reliable renter wanted for 480 acre well improved farm. Apply to Mrs. John Sutter.

Mrs. Anna Laurent returned to Grand Forks Monday after a vacation spent at her home here.

Misses Laura Lussier and Violet Champagne from Brooks visited Miss Lucy Benoit this week.

Irving Kellper of Minneapolis is spending a vacation at tho home of his aunt, Mrs. E. F. Marshell.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man was in the city this week. and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Mrs Hamry returned yesterday from Shelly, Minn., where she had been visitidg with relatives for two weeks.

A limited amount of lard for 15 cents while it lasts. Also salt pork at a shilling a pouod. A. G. Groshong.

Louis Sieff, jr. left Tuesday evening for the state of Washington where he will look after some horses belonging to his father.

Mrs H. E. Ives and daughter returned Tuesday from Grand Forks where they had been for a visit at the James Cross home.

T. Robillard and family have moved to North Yakima, Wash. they left for their new home in the west on Monday.

Adelor Laurent went to Duluth last week and on his return Tuesday was accompanied by his son, Dona Laurent, who is ill with rheumatism. The patient has been ill for several weeks and his condition is quite serious.

C. H. Martz, county surveyor, was down from St. Hilaire Friday for the ditch meeting before the board of county commissioners.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet of Thief River Falls was in attendance at tho meeting of the board of county commissioners Friday.

Now goods at LaBissoniere's. 100 pieces of fleeced and Kimono flannels, flannelettes, Kid and Mocha gloves for ladies.

J. L. Tracy, who recently went from Fergus Falls to St. Cloud, is back in Fergus Falls again where he is agent for tho Great Northern.

L. C. Timous was up from St. Paul this week on business in connection with his banking interests in tho city and county.

Dr. F.F. Flotcher of Grand Forks will bo at Dr. Wilkinson's office Aug. 6 and 8 prepared to do all kinds of first class dentistry.

I have sold my set of Alexandor Dumas' works but find that four or five volumes are missing. Who has one of the books?—L. A. Kaufer.

A Remington typewriter in good worknig condition for sale cheap or will trade for good camera or anything owner can use. Inquire at this office.

Mrs. Ovido Emard and daughter Miss Beatrice, returned last Friday from St. Thomas, North Dakota, where they had spent two weeks with relatives.

D. P. O'Neill of Thief River Falls, candidate for tho Republican nomination for representative, was "circulating" among Red Lake Falls people last Friday.

Alec Benoit of Benson, Minn., has spent the past two weeks with relatives in town. Mr. Bonoit formerly resided here. but had not visited Red Lake Falls for twenty-two years.

Dr. Spofford will hereafter be in Red Lake Falls the 6th of every other month, Instead of tho 7th as formerly. His next visit will be August 6, one day. Office at the Grand View.

John Kelfenholm, who is employed at Page, N. Dak., with the Seiff & Sullivan railroad construction crew, was in town the first of the week. He was here for tho purpose of getting some supplies for the crew.

A number of the reservation farmers were in town last Friday for tho ditch hearing before the board of county commissioners. The official proceedings of tho meeting are published in this issue of the Gazette

Among those who went to Thief River Falls today to attend the fair were: Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Ericson, Mrs. J. A. Duffy, Miss Esthor Johnson, Homer Mussey, H. Lacoursiere, Alton Jackson, Rufus Poirier, Supt. H. F. Anderson, Judge Ira C. Richardson.

Announcement has been made of tho approaching marriage of Mr. Frank Morin to Miss Odelia Benoit, which will occur Tuesday at tho Catholic church. Mr. Morin is a cook in one of tho Oliver camps at Keewatin, and is well known here having made Grand Rapids his home for many years. Miss Benoit is a sister of Mrs. L. Dandaeau of this city, and has made her home in Grand Rapids the past three years.—Grand Rapids Independent.

Clearnce sale Garceau & Rubert us'. Read the ad.

Attorney F. A. Gredy was at St. Hileire on legal business yesterday.

Big show every night on the platform near Thief River Lumber Co's. yard.

W. A. Schreiter was attending to business matters at Thief River Falls today.

Miss Julia Rasmussen of McIntosh was the guest of Miss Huide Kuehl this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen McKinnon and children of Crookston visited with friends in town Saturday.

Consult the Quaker Doctors at the Grand View Hotel. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

The Lemieux billiard hall was this week moved from the Reichel building to the Boughton building.

The county fair is on at Thief River Falls this week. The fair opened yesterday and will close tomorrow.

Office hours at Grand View Hotel, 9 to 12 n. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. Consultation absolutely free.—The Quaker Doctors.

Miss Alice Boyd has resigned her position at the Big Store and will leave in a few days for her home in Saskatchewan.

E. G. Lasha goes to Argyle today. He owns a medicine wagon which he will run out of that village during the fall.

Thos. Whalen has been very unfortunate recently. Two valuable horses belonging to him have died within the past two weeks.

Attorney Wilhelm Michelet, John A. Swor and Carl J. Auderson of Thief River Falls had business before the probate court Monday.

The announcement of Albert Berg, candidate for the Republican nomination for senator from this district, is published in the Gazette.

A number of Red Lake Falls people have been at Thief River Falls this week to take in the attractions of the Red Lake county fair.

Omar Hall is again on the job at the Great Northern station. He has returned from Auburn, Nebraska, where he had spent a month with his parents.

J. D. Houston has taken his pacing mare, "Lady Storm," to Thief River Falls and will enter her in the county fair races today and tomarrow.

An addition to the Red Lake Falls Milling company's elevator is being constructed and a gasoline engine is being put in for the operation of a feed mill.

Fred Mason will enter Mankato Commercial College Sept. 1. Over 700 students in attendance last year. You can get particulars by sending for free year book.

Miss Esther Nelson of Hallock, Misses Olive and Elme Herbert and Helen Fourtier and Will Herbert of Crookston were the guests of Miss Cora Lasha Sunday.

The new owners of the Kaufer harness shop are P. F. Pouliot, assistant cashier of the Merchants State Bank, and his brother, A. J. Pouliot. The business will be in charge of A. J. Pouliot and the new owners are already in possession. The new firm is a strong one and there is no doubt that they will do a prosperous business. Mr. Kaufer and family will not leave for their new home in the west for several weeks.

Red Lake Falls' "second nine" will go to Terrebonne Sunday for a game with the Terrebonne sluggers. Each team has won a game so this game promises to be worth while.

Will Neelend, who has been employed by Mat Skala for the past several years, is now employed by Theo. LaBissoniere, taking the place made vacant by the resignation of Jos. Harren.

The interior of the Reichel building, recently vacated by Dennis Lemieux, is being painted and papered and when the work is completed the building is to be ocoupled by the Sunshine store.

The good old Quaker once said to his son: "Nathan, it is not what thee earns that makes thee rich, but what thee saves." The Merchants state bank will pay 5 per cent interest on your savings account.

John Beaudry of Grand Rapids, Minn., was in town a few days this week looking after property interests here. Mr. Beaudry is a former resident of Red Lake Falls and now owns a fine farm in Terrebonne.

Mathias Waldorf, who has been in North Dakota for the past several months, was in Red Lake Falls a few days the past week. He left the first of the week for Calio, North Dakota, where he will remain for about two months.

R. T. Wagner, a prosperous Iowa farmer, was here this week and purchased through the Gaass agency, a farm in Louisville. Mr. Wagner and family will come up from Iowa in the fall to live on the place.

Mrs. Thorpe and Mrs. Jacobson, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Kindseth, have returned to their homes in Minneapolis. They were accompanied by Miss Austrid Kindseth who is visiting with relatives in the city.

A base ball game with a time limit is scheduled for the local grounds Friday evening. The first and second teams will begin a scrap at 7 o'clock. At 8 o'clock they will stop the play, no matter at what stage of the game, and count the scores.

John Felkey of Barnesville, Minn., has purchased the B. Puschinsky blacksmith equipment and stock and will open the shop in a few days. Mr. Felkey has the reputation of being a first class workman. He is a married man and in a short time his family will come here to reside.

I have purchased the B. Puschinsky blacksmith outfit and stock and will open up the shop for business in a few days and will then be prepared to do blacksmith work in first class manner. Satisfaction guaranteed and some of your work solicited.

John Felkey.

Mrs. Genieve Altstedt, mother of Louis Aalstedt of this city, died in a hospital at Perham, in which city she resided, Wednesday, July 27. Mrs. Altstadt was seventy-six years old. She had visited in Red Lake Falls several times and was known to a number of the people here who will be pained to learn of her death. Mr. Altstadt has been at Perham for several days, having been summoned there because of the critical illness of his mother and remaining until after the funeral.

Having disposed of my harness shop I wish to close up my business affairs as rapidly as possible. I will therefore respectfully ask those who know themselves to be indebted to me to call at the old stand and make settlement of their account. I would also be pleased to have those who have any claim or bill against me to present or mail same, as I believe my bills should be paid as well as collected.—L. A. Kaufer.

Alfred Johnson passed from this earth Tuesday at 1 o'clock p. m., at the home of his father-in-law, Jacob Geratner, in the town of Godfrey. Heart failure was the cause of his demise. He was thirty-eight years of age and is survived by a wife and four children. Funeral services will be held today from the Gerstner home in Godfrey and the remains taken to Red Lake Falls for interment.—Fertile Journal.

When on a visit to the state fair Theo. Garceau purchased a small quantity of what is known as Alaska wheat. This year he arranged for planting an acre to the grain and a bumper crop is now being harvested. The heads are large and it looks as if the acre will yield from 60 to 75 bushels. When the grain is harvested the Gazette will report its yield and will give a statement of what is considered the value of the grain for growth in this country.

Specials at The Big Store:
Cups and saucers 45c set,
Van Camp's pork and beans 10c
Pine apples, can 19c
$1.25 house slippers 98c.
Tie Sale—25 to 50c ties for 25c
$1.00 Misses sandals 50c.
$1.00 Men's undershirts, size 36 50c,
25 to 35c Men's sox 19c.
$5.00 Silk petticoats, Blk., Bro. Blue $3.50
$1.25 to $1.50 Boys knee pants, Knickers, 89c.
80c to $1.00 Boys knee pants, Knickers, 69c.
75c Muslin drawers 39c.
Men's summer pants, 40 per cent off.
Men's $1.00 shirts 75c.
A full line of Holeproof Sox, the only sox on the market with a guarantee, the only hose with an insurance policy, 25 to 50c, all shades.
$3.50 Lace bed sets $1.98.
40 percent off on ladies wash suits.

A double wedding of local interest occurred at St. Joseph's church Monday, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. The young people who were parties to the happy affair were Miss Delima Benoit and Mr. Fred Raymond and Miss Josephine Constant and Mr. Henry Raymond. The first named couple were attended by Miss Rose Lacoursiere and Albert Pruneau and the others by Miss Anna Constant and Henry Raymond. Wedding dinners were served at the Benoit and Constant homes and then the wedding parties joined again for a wedding supper and reception at the Raymond home near Mentor. The young people will reside near Mentor.

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have purchased the stock, tools, machinery and good will of L. A. Kaufer, Old Reliable Harness Shop, and will continue in the business at the same location as occupied by Mr. Kaufer, having made a lease of the premises from him. It will be our aim to conduct a good, first class, up-to-date establishment. P. F. Pouliot will have charge of the financial and A. J. Pouliot of the mechanical and managing department. With this combination we feel that we will be well equipped to cater to the needs and wants of the trade. It is our earnest desire to make a success of this business. We will need your aid to do this which we hope to receive and merit by fair and square dealing and thereby be a credit to the community.—P. F. Pouliot, A. J.

As announced in last week's issue of the Gazette, I had made arrangements to dispose of my harness stock this week. I am glad to say that I succeeded in closing a deal whereby P. F. Pouliot, A. J., become the owners of the stock. These two young men need no introduction from me as they grew to manhood among you. I was much pleased to turn over my business to two such men as I am satisfied that they will not only strive to keep up the business to what it has been, but will bring new ideas and ambition which will result beneficial to them and the community. I wish to thank the public for the many years of patronage given me.

Very Respectfully Yours,
L. A. Kaufer.

O. J. Knuteson, who has been with the Red Lake Falls milling company as bookkeeper for the past several years, will not go to Crookston when the offices of the company are moved to that city. He has resigned his position with the milling company, to accept a more lucrative position with the Red River Power company, the recent purchasers of the local light and power plant. He will be employed in the office at Grand Forks and will leave for the North Dakota city Saturday. Mr. Knuteson has been a valuable man for the milling company and it was his good work in the office here that brought him the offer of the better place at Grand Forks. Mr. Knuteson has many friends here who will hope for his rapid promotion with the company.

Remnant Sale.

A clean up of our summer goods. All short lengths of dress goods, plaids, ginghams, calicoes, linings, etc., have been put on a table at a price that will make them move quickly, 5c a yard up. Beautiful dress goods up to $1.75 a yard, can be bought at about half price. Just the thing for school girls' dresses. The early shoppers get the best selections.—The Big Store.

For Sale.

I offer for sale at reasonable prices the following real estate:

The old Kaufer home on Main St.

The property on corner Third and Champagne opposite Paul's hotel occupied by W. T. Spillane.

My home on Washington Ave.

The large livery barn on Main St. known as the Zaiser barn.

160 acres land in Wyandotte two miles north of Plummer.

160 acres land in Deer Park just across the river from Lillo creamary.

A number of vacant lots scattered about the city. A lot of second hand doors, windows, frames, store-fronts and lathe at almost your own price.

A fur lined overcoat, slightly used, valued at $100.00, sell for $40.00. Musk-rat lined, Otter collar, extra heavy shell. Here is a great bargain as I have worn it but a short time, and took specially good care of it.

Call on me if interested.

L. A. Kaufer.

BROOKS.

Misses Violet Champagne and Laura Lussier and Pete and Paul LaVoie took in the fair at Thief River Falls and from there went to Red Lake Falls for a visit with Miss Lucy Benoit.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 1st, 1909.

Dear Doctors:

I promised you that I would send you a letter of reference in regards to your ability, so after a long delay here it is.

Well my boy is all right now, going to school and as strong and healthy as a boy of six could be.

Just to think of his condition when you first started his treatment in Minneapolis. He was having 40 to 60 convulsions in 24 hours, could not talk, walk or feed himself. When you said that 3 month's treatment would cure him I surely thought that you was trying to graft me, but like a drowning man grasps at a straw I took a chance with you, with the wonderful results.

Now, Dr., I won't attempt to thank you for mere words won't express my gratitude, but if I can be of any help to you or your patients, let them write me enclosing stamp and I will verify any of this letter.

Kindest regards from
J. Richard Steree,
Seattle, Wash.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA
FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Talk To People When Their Minds Are Receptive....

Talk to them in the evening after they have cast aside the cares of the day.

For this purpose ELECTRIC ADVERTISING is irresistable.

Measured by results Electric Advertising is the cheapest of all forms of advertising, when using an electric sign.

See us about it.

Red River Power Company
Phone 18--2. *Red Lake Fall, Minn.*

Furniture Buyers

When you buy Furniture consider quality first—then the price. Furniture may look all right on the surface but a few months wear will show up the defective workmanship. We have just gone over our line and added new goods, and are giving better inducements than ever for your business. If you want furniture that is dependable in both price and quality, give us a trial.

Fournet Furniture Store

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1895

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 46

OWN MANY WATER POWERS IN STATE

H. M. Byllesby & Company Issue Statement Showing Extent of Enterprise.

Property Here Has Capacity of Three Thousand Horse Power

According to reports published in last evening's dailies, the H. M. Byllesby company of Chicago have issued a circular showing the water powers in the state controlled by the company and offering for [illegible] in the various enterprises.

These people recently purchased the Red Lake Falls electric light plant, water power and electric light plant and are conducting the business and that at Red Lake under the corporate name of Red River Power company. Besides the local property, the Byllesby company owns like properties in the following cities: St. Paul, Stillwater, South Stillwater, [illegible] Cannon Falls, [illegible] Mankato, [illegible] Fargo, Grand Forks and [illegible].

The [illegible] announcement [illegible] 3300 horse power capable of use here and on [illegible] cities in the state being improved [illegible] 2300 horse power.

RAILROAD RATE DISCRIMINATION

Makes Fat Cities and Lean Towns—Will Lind Accept.

St. Paul, Aug. 9.—The announcement [illegible] by the census bureau that the population of St. Paul is now [illegible]. The population in 1900 was [illegible] the gain in the ten years is [illegible] per cent of [illegible] of increase. While the population of Minneapolis is not yet announced those familiar with conditions in both cities believe that both the [illegible] and the rate of increase there will be great.

Growth of Cities.

Naturally the rapid growth of the [illegible] cities is considered by their inhabitants a matter of congratulation. And it is if the increase of rural has kept pace with the increase of urban population. Otherwise it might become a matter of serious concern. The state at large reaps small advantage from the growth of its larger cities in population and wealth if that growth is brought about by artificial conditions [illegible] it results from a studied policy to center industry and trade in [illegible] localities at the expense of the [illegible] the other parts of the state [illegible] if they were not discriminated against.

Fat Towns and Lean Country.

It is the failure of the smaller towns in the state and especially in the older parts of the state to make that progress which their favorable location seems to warrant has long since ceased to be a matter of surprise. The conditions which bring it about are well known. No town can become more than a country village which has only a rural trade to depend upon. Its growth is retarded even in that respect when by reason of unfair transportation charges the price the farmer receives for his produce is arbitrarily cut down. Nor is the condition of purely agricultural communities as favorable as they should be where the policy of the railroads to center trade and industry at points they consider to their advantage results in depriving them of the local market which a wide diffusion of industry would involve.

The Farmer's Best Market.

The best market the farmers can have is the market that lies at his door. The building up of local industries in his market town is what gives him this. But manufacturing industries do not thrive in Minnesota country towns. They do not thrive and prosper in Iowa country towns and many of the comparatively small towns of Wisconsin are seats of industries of national importance. The same thing is true in Illinois, in Indiana and other states of the middle west. Here the growth of manufacturing and industry is to all intents and purposes confined to the Twin Cities and Duluth.

An Artificial Condition.

The reason is that they get more favorable freight rates. In Duluth this is a natural result. Duluth is at the head of the great inland waterway. In St. Paul and Minneapolis it is an artificial result, brought about appreciably by railroad discrimination in their favor and against the smaller towns which have equal natural advantages, and are equal or in some cases shorter distance from the sources from which raw materials are supplied and the markets in which manufactured products are sold. Indeed the shipper of practically all the products of Minnesota soil, if he lives in a small town, must pay a higher rate to reach the ultimate market for those products than a shipper who lives in the Twin Cities, although he may ship in the same quantities for the same or even less distance. Under such circumstances there is nothing surprising in the rapid rate of growth in the large cities and in the sluggish rate at which country towns expand.

Political Conservation.

It is little peculiar about politics at the National Conservation Congress which is shortly to be held in St. Paul. The governor says there must be none of it. Mr Ballinger says it must be tabooed. But Mr. Roosevelt tells the boys all to get together and boost President Taft on the opening day. Indeed it is to be called the president's and governor's day in which of course there is no political purposes. Evidently in this matter politics is to take on a new meaning. If the conservation congress were anything else than a Republican sideshow, is it not a little remarkable that the name of no single Democrat of national prominence has yet been connected with it? We have Taft and Roosevelt and Dolliver and Beveridge and Wilson and Lindsey and Garfield and a score or more of lesser lights, but no single solitary Democrat of national prominence on the program. Isn't it strange that one of them could not be found to take part in a national non-partisan movement?

A Peculiar Situation.

It is scarcely conceivable that there are no Democrats who wish to preserve for the use of the people the Democracy of the republic—the resources which are the gift of nature. When did Mr. Bryan ever fail to plead the cause of the common people that he should be excluded from a conference of non-partisans as to the best methods to protect the right of the people to the public domain? Is the eminent Democrat who presides over the destinies of Ohio unworthy to be consulted on these vital matters of preservation of our forests and our mineral resources or as to the best method of advancing the interests of agricultural education? Was there not one among the distinguished Democratic orators in either house of Congress but is in league with the forest despoilers, the iron kings and the war waterpower grabbers?

Playing for Position.

The idea that there are no patriotic members of the Democratic party interested in any genuine movement to preserve to the nation its natural resources is of course absurd. But the fact, so far as the men who have taken an active part in arranging the program for this convention is concerned is that they have acted throughout as though it was a Republican sideshow. That is what the governor undertook those pilgrimages to Chicago for. Pinchot and Garfield and their faction were getting the long end of it and incidentally to do a little advertising for himself and to help out Ballinger. Roosevelt comes in with the design of wielding the big stick over the head of both factions and making them be good until after election which he sees to be fraught with danger unless they get together. Generally the governors of the states throughout the union are wise to the real situation. That's why so many of them are passing the congress up. They have troubles enough of their own and have no fancy for pulling either Pinchot's or Ballinger's chestnuts out of the fire, and a good many of them don't give a continental whether peace prevails in the Republican household or not.

Much to Learn.

Not that anybody who can attend the congress would not do so, for after all, the men who are sparring for points are not going to be the whole thing in it by any means. So far as our local Republican politicians are concerned when the matter of real moment comes to be discussed they are hardly of the size to cut a figure. To be sure much of the conservation concerns semi-arid lands and the best method of irrigation which effect us but little and the preservation of forests in the mountain regions where there are still forests. But these subjects will be treated by experts, not by the men who are now getting the advertising out of it, and there will be much opportunity for the persons who really want to know the present condition of the state's natural resources to learn. There are able men who have made the subject a life-long study to be here to tell us what they have learned and to advise what is best to do. The politicians will thresh out after the first big splurge or so and then the men in earnest about conservation will get down to business and it is at their conferences where the real work will be done and the real information disseminated.

The Governorship Again.

Within the past few days there have been developments in the Democratic situation in this state, which indicated that an active junta has been extremely busy since the convention propagating misinformation. It is exceedingly difficult to get those who do know to say much, but there seems every reason to believe that the administration boosters have been a good deal too previous with their crowing. "Eberhart's luck" in not having to try conclusions with John Lind on which they have been counting may in the end prove not to have been such a remarkable dispensation of Providence in behalf of our "God-given Governor" after all. Really it's about the only thing that could save him and there are signs which indicate that it may fail.

Doctored Dispatches.

There have, since people have been hoodwinked with queer telegrams from Washington, been a number of conferences among independents of various kinds with the governorship as the subject of deliberation. There are a whole lot of people in the state who want to cast an effective vote on the one hand for Eberhart or go to the extreme to vote for the candidate of the Prohibition party. They would like to see some other way out. Now Lind would have found a highly satisfactory alternative. It is in the cards that they may yet not be disappointed.

—PAUL PRY.

Keifenheim-Converse.

Miss Mary Keifenheim and Mr. Milton A. Converse were married Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. The ceremony was a quiet one, only a few relatives being present. The attendants were Miss Marie Baril and Mr. Edward Keifenheim. Mr. and Mrs. Converse left on a short wedding trip to Detroit, Minn. On their return they will go to housekeeping in the south part of town in the house until recently occupied by the Tundberg family. Mr. and Mrs. Converse have many friends who are glad of the opportunity to offer congratulations and best wishes.

DROWNED IN RED LAKE RIVER

Two Young Ladies Lost Their Lives at Crookston Last Evening.

Two young ladies, daughters of L. M. Walton, head miller for the Crookston Milling company, were drowned in the Red Lake river at Crookston last evening. The young ladies, with others, were in bathing. One of them went beyond her depth. She called for help. Her sister went to her assistance and both went down. The girls were 16 and 18 years old. This information was contained in a telephone message received here last evening and is all that has been learned of the sad accident.

WILL BE REAL GLIDERS

Wright Brother's Aeroplane at the Minnesota State Fair.

The second week in June the Wright Brothers gave their first public demonstrations at Indianapolis, Ind.. With a 22 mile wind blowing, Mr Brookins, a graduate from the class Mr. Orville Wright had been teaching in the vicinity of Montgomery, Ala., broke the world's record for height, reaching an altitude in excess of 4,300 feet.

This is the kind of aerial exhibition that will be seen at the State Fair. A competent operator and an engine of sufficient horse power to make long, high and sensational flights is what the Wright Brothers will furnish.

Glen Curtiss of Hammondsport, N. Y., who made several successful flights during the aviation meet, promises he will send an eight-cylinder machine to the fair, which will assist in making this portion of the attraction of extreme interest.

The fair aeroplanes will not be gliders, that make a short flight of two or three hundred feet at a height of fifteen to twenty feet, but the real article you have read and heard so much about.

THAT CAMPAIGN OF MISREPRESENTATION

Thief River's Only Hope in Division Contest is to Juggle Figures.

If They Told the Truth There'd Not be a Single Reason for Division.

The newspapers of Thief River Falls continue their tirade of abuse, vainly imagining that the foolish falsehoods their special articles contain are so disguised that the people of Red Lake county will swallow them for logical argument.

Both papers contain the same identical unreasoning, malicious round of personal abuse written for the occasion, not by the respective editors, (whose minds usually run in widely different channels,) but by a professor of the city schools in Thief River Falls, who shows his ability to teach the young, by the facility with which he abuses older and better men than himself.

The arguments which have been put forth in favor of the division of Red Lake county, have been so weak and transparent that they fell to pieces of their own weight and scarcely required an answer. But, owing to the insistent demand of the voters of the county for REAL FACTS, we have decided to publish some.

One of the main and most plausible arguments set forth by the "yellow journalist" of the north was the statement that the "average rate of taxation" in Red Lake county for years quoted by him was high as compared with some other counties in the state. And he went on to say that the "average rate of taxation" in Red Lake county for 1909 was 45 mills. This was a deliberate attempt to deceive the people of the county who haven't time to look into the figures for themselves, to make them believe that the 45 mills represented the county tax, levied for the county purposes. As a matter of fact the actual county tax of our county for 1909, levied for county purposes, was less than 12½ mills, and even then it included an extra levy of four mills for court house building purposes. If you have any doubts go to the office of the county auditor or the county treasurer, and see for yourselves.

The 45 mill average not only includes the county tax, but the township, city, village, and school district taxes, and the state tax.

You know, don't you, that whether you live in a large county or a small one, Red Lake, Pennington or Polk, your state taxes, your township, city or village taxes, and your school district taxes will be just the same? The county has nothing to do with them except to collect them and to pay them over to the local treasurer for you. The county board does not levy them. The state levies the state tax, your township, village or city board levies your township, village or city taxes, and your school board levies your school tax.

You know, don't you, that in the last few years, eleven or twelve towns of new territory have been opened up and settled in Red Lake county, each requiring new school districts, new school houses, new expenses, which had to be met by a levy of larger school taxes? The new towns required roads and road work, making the township taxes larger. The city of Thief River Falls is building a fifty thousand dollar opera house and a forty thousand dollar school house, adding so much more to the total taxes necessary.

Would your town, or your school cost less to run if you were in Pennington county instead of Red Lake.

All these items go to make the 45 mill average.

Do you think it is a fair appeal to your intelligence that the Thief River Falls Boomers should try to make you believe that the county board of Red Lake county is responsible for that 45 mill average?

They want to do your thinking for you.

They actually believe that you voters won't know any better than to take their padded, bogus figures as Gospel truth.

Why don't they tell you the REAL FACTS AND FIGURES? Why do they seek to mislead you? If the truth was in them they would be feeding you on such fanciful figures as the "45 mill average?"

It is because if the real facts were laid before the intelligent voters of this county, it would convince every one beyond a doubt that to vote for a division of Red Lake county would be to cut off your nose to spite your face.

Do you want to know what the tax levy for county purposes in Red Lake county has been for the last few years?

Well, here it is, and it is true. You can verify it by the county records any time.

County rate of taxaton for each year.

1897	9.47 mills.
1898	9.97 mills.
1899	10.07 mills.
1900	11.17 mills.
1901	15.17 mills.
1902	9.47 mills.
1903	9.77 mills.
1904	9.07 mills.
1905	8.67 mills.
1906	8.82 mills.
1907	9.82 mills.
1908	9.47 mills.
1909	9.40 mills and 4 mills for courthouse.

And these levies include the one-mill county school tax, and the money necessary for roads and bridges and to pay bonds and interest.

Only about 9½ mills per year, and some of the time less, for county purposes.

What do you think about that, after all the shouting Thief River Falls has done about high county taxes and forty-five mill rates?

Now, do you know what it cost to run the extravagant city of Thief River Falls, and their city schools at the same time?

Their city and school levy for 1909 is 33 mills, and besides that they get one mill out of the county tax and a big state apportionment, for their schools. THIRTY-FOUR MILLS LEVY to provide Thief River Falls Boomers with spending money, and only NINE AND A HALF MILLS to run the whole of Red Lake county with thirty-one townships.

Doesn't it look as if out of that big forty-five mill average, they levied about thirty-four mills for themselves?

Now, if they tax their own people that high to provide spending money for themselves, what wouldn't they do to Pennington county if that unfortunate would-be county should come into existence, and be owned by the Thief Riverites?

With their claimed twelve hundred votes controlling the Pennington county elections, they would tax the poor farmers out of existence to add glory to Thief River Falls, and build fifty thousand dollar opera houses.

The reservation townships would become mere suburbs of the city and the biggest crop you would have to raise would be taxes.

"BUFFALO BILL" COMING.

Will be at Crookston Saturday August 20.

The interesting announcement is made that Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Pawnee Bill's Far East will exhibit as indicated above. A remarkable event is announced in the leave-taking from public life of the old scout, "Buffalo Bill," who is making a last bow to each city he now visits—a valedictory. It is further stated that arrangements have been made with officials of the railroads to run reduced rate excursions on that date, thus affording residents of this vicinity an opportunity to visit the exhibition at a minimum of expense. Two vast enterprises are now allied under one management. The union of Buffalo Bill's Wild West with Pawnee Bill's Far East brings together two great factors in out-of-door entertainment. While, of course, the general style of the combined entertainment remains the same as when they were separate units in public amusement, there will be many features entirely new to this style of exhibition. The Far East contingent will be represented in an oriental spectacle of great beauty and splendor; introducing many picturesque types which inhabit the romantic east. In this scene and as a particular feature, Rossi's Musical Elephants, imported at an expense of $1,000 per week, will introduce their remarkable exhibitions; playing various musical instruments, dancing, and in other manners evidencing their remarkable sagacity and wonderful training. The chief scenic feature will be the Battle of Summit Springs, a reproduction of one of the deciding conflicts in Indian warfare; a battle in which Col. Cody participated and in which he shot and killed Chief Tall Bull. In "A Holiday at 'T-E' Ranch" will be pictured the pleasures and past-times of the plainsman, cowboy sports and a dance upon the green.

Bids Wanted for Office Counters, Fixtures, Etc.

Sealed bids are invited for the furnishing and installtion of the judge's desk, witness and jury box, railing, paneling, etc., in the court room and for the counters, railings, etc., in the different offices in the County Court House now under construction at Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn. Plans and specifications may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

The County Board of said county will meet at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock P. M. September 9th, 1910, to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted and to award the contract for the same. All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of the meeting and must state when the job will be completed. Court House will be ready for installation on or about November 1st, 1910.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to invite further bids. A certified check in the amount of not less than $250, payable to the order of the County Auditor must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., August 8th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
(County Auditor's Seal.) a11-25

THE WISE PLAN.

School Officers Should Consult Teachers and Superintendent.

A wise plan, the only safe plan, for school officers to follow in the purchase of school supplies is to consult with teachers and the superintendent before making any purchases. They are better able to advise you than are any other people. Even if people claim to have recommendations from the county superintendent or from others, you are not playing a safe game unless you consult with the superintendent.

GENTILLY WON THE PRIZE AGAIN

High Score for State Cheese Contest for the Month of July.

For the steenth time the Gentilly cheese factory has carried off first prize in a state cheese scoring contest. In the contest for July Gentilly scored 97 per cent, an exceptionally high mark. Dairy Commissioner French this week notified Fr. Thiellon of the result and he and the cheesemaker are very much gratified.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., August 5th, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor pursuant to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock p. m. August 5th, 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of Ole Omundson and others for a ditch located wholly within the county of Red Lake, Minn.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 o'clock p. m.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson, and Pigeon.

Members absent: none.

The petiton of Ola Omundson and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the board and read and the board being satisfied that all of the conditions of Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof had been complied with, on motion made by Commissioner Aubol, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of the said proposed ditch was adopted:

In the matter of the petition of Ola Omundson and others for locating and constructing county ditch No. 56 in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 27th day of June, 1910, signed by Ole Omundson and others praying for the establishment of a certain ditch in said county designated and numbered by the County Auditor as County Ditch No. 56 the route of which is more fully described in said petition and a proper bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county auditor of said county as by law required:

And, Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the county board of Red Lake county that due notice of the pendency of said petition and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law:

Now, therefore, We, the county board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz, as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of said proposed ditch from its source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the County Auditor of said County, on or before the 30 day of September, 1910.

Dated Aug. 5, 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board of Red Lake county.
Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's seal.)

On motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously the following order appointing viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Ole Omundson and others designated by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 56 was made.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Omundson and others for County Ditch No. 56 in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

Whereas a petition bearing date the

Continued On Page 5

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 23, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co. cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn 4t

THE NERVE OF THOSE FELLOWS

They Talk About Extravagance, Graft and Other Crookedness.

It's a Subject in Which They Ought to be Well Versed.

Isn't it refreshing to read in the Thief River Falls newspapers the charges of extravagance and wrong-doing that they make against Red Lake Falls and Red Lake county, the veiled insinuations and slanderous rounds of abuse that they heap upon certain selected members of the county board—selected to abuse because these members are straight, upright men with minds of their own, who have refused to become the tools of the Thief River Falls boomers.

It well becomes Thief River Falls to stand upon a pedestal stamped with virtue and honesty, and point a hypocritical finger at any other town or people.

Thief River Falls—the home of graft; the hot-bed of corruption. The place that furnishes a "full house" for our county jail from January to December.

The place where they vote bonds every morning before breakfast and spend the money before dinner.

The place where the city officers get a slice of the contract price of building $50,000 opera houses with tax payers' money.

The place where in one year the saloon keepers paid sixteen thousand dollars license money, and only eight thousand dollars of it found its way into the city treasury.

The place where every man's hand is against his neighbor because he fears he isn't going to get a share of the "rake-off."

No wonder their fingers itch to get the handling of the county money as well as their own. Their field isn't broad enough. They have put their city where it is about "all in" so far as raising more money goes, and if they should lose their saw mill, and its big tax-raising valuation, Thief River Falls would be swamped with a debt it could never pay.

Don't you farmers of the would-be Pennington county want the boomers of Crooked Town to handle your tax money for you? And they would if Pennington became a sad reality.

At the last general election Red Lake county cast less than three thousand votes. Count off our southern half of the county with its fifteen hundred votes and you will have Pennington county with fifteen hundred votes, of which Thief River Falls will cast two-thirds. How will you get your representation in county offices then? The city will control every election in your county, grab all the county offices for city men, and the only use they will have for you farmers will be to raise taxes to pay salaries.

You can stay on your farm and grub, and plow, and sweat, while the Thief River Boomers hold snaps, draw salaries, and smoke good cigars at your expense. Don't you see that that is what they are after? You complain now that you have no representation on the board of county commissioners when, as a matter of fact, every man on the board is a farmer and lives in the country. How much representation would you have if Thief River Falls elected the board for you?

Don't you know that the very best thing for you farmers is to keep Red Lake county as it is, with the two cities opposed to each other, so that each one needs your help, and you farmers hold the balance of power?

If the time ever comes when Thief River Falls don't need your help or votes—has votes enough to run things—do you think they will chase you around asking you to hold office?

Just remember their name. The man who started the town must have been born with a gift of prophecy, for he named it THIEF.

TAFT AND ROOSEVELT

Big Fellows to be Big Attractions at the Big State Fair.

Both President Taft and Theodore Roosevelt, the only living ex-president and about the liveliest wire in the universe, are to visit the great Minnesota state fair next month. Such star attractions as these are sure to beat the Dan Patch attendance record.

Subscribe For the Gazette.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

CONDENSATIONS

NEWS AND NOTES HERE AND THERE.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

Other Matters of Interest Condensed From the More Important Telegrams.

Washington.

Chico Baca, who was one of Aelaya's closest supporters, has resigned as minister general of the Madriz cabinet in Nicaragua, according to advices sent to the state department.

William Pittman, the American engineer captured by Madriz and confined in a prison cell in Managua, is reported by American Consul Olivares at Managua to be ill with malarial fever, although his condition is said not to be serious.

The application of the supposedly [illegible] rulings of President Taft on what constitutes whisky, may be suspended for some time as the result of [illegible] courts acting on a petition of representatives of the so-called whisky trust.

President Taft has approved the appointment by the interior department of J. A. Ockerson of St. Louis, to investigate conditions in Imperial valley, Cal., where serious damage is threatened by the Colorado river [illegible] banks.

[illegible] the failure of a safety mechanism to operate when a sudden [illegible] was given by an artilleryman in attaching the lanyard, was held the responsibility for the accident which cost the lives of eleven men at Fort Monroe, Va., during the battle practice. Such is the conclusion of General Crozier, chief of ordnance.

Foreign.

Herr Dallwitz, Prussian minister of the interior, on recommendation of the political police, has signed orders for the expulsion of twenty-one Mormon missionaries, most of whom are Americans or Englishmen. They were conducted to the frontier.

Mutsuhito, emperor of Japan, has telegraphed to President Taft that it was a great pleasure to him to have the opportunity of seeing Jacob M. Dickinson, the American secretary of war, on his recent visit to Tokio and the secretary was shown every courtesy by the Japanese officials.

The crop report for Germany which gives conditions up to July 15 has just been made public. It shows a slight depreciation since June 15, but winter wheat is considerably better than the average conditions during the last ten years. Winter rye is slightly better but spring wheat and spring rye are slightly below the ten year average.

Moustaches are considered so important in the British army that a special order has been issued at Aldershot drawing attention to the regulations on hirsute adornment. It seems that certain young officers, especially in the cavalry, have been using the razor on the upper lip, following the prevailing fashion of clean-shaven faces.

Prosecutions against manufacturers of ice cream cones containing borax are to be instituted by the government under the pure food law. Large seizures of cones were made recently in different parts of the country by inspectors of the department of agriculture.

General.

Senator Bristow says Kansas is not taking Speaker Cannon seriously.

President Taft has taken the conservation policy in his own hands.

Eleven members of the coast artillery force were killed by an explosion at Fortress Monroe.

Severe fighting among the tribes of Liberia in the vicinity of Cape [illegible] has broken out again.

Cleveland voted to issue $2,000,000 worth of bonds to abolish grade crossings throughout the city.

The convention of the American association of Ad clubs opened in Omaha with 500 in attendance.

The government intends to break up the practice of railroads selling foodstuffs spoiled in transportation.

The third raid on Chinese restaurants within three weeks, made in St. Louis resulted in the seizure of opium worth $18,750 at retail.

Census returns issued show that Brownsville, the southernmost city in Texas, increased its population 68.3 per cent in the last ten years. Its population is now 10,517, as compared with 6,305 in 1900.

Five hundred employes of the Long Island City plant of the New York Sugar Refining company went on strike in sympathy with the strikers at the Williamsburg works.

The Tesurei Maru, plying between Kobe and Dairen, sunk off Chindo, Korea. The steamer had 246 passengers aboard, of whom forty were saved.

At Fort Crester, N. Y., eleven thousand volts of electricity passed through the body of Michael Foley and although he is frightfully burned he still lives and there is a chance that he will recover.

Washington will have one of the first experimental postal savings banks to be established under the postal savings bank bill.

Mrs. Marion Mayo of Augusta, Ga., reputed to be wealthy and of social position, who took passage on the steamer City of Columbus from Savannah, jumped into the ocean and was lost.

Another Central American revolution is imminent. This time Honduras is to be the battle ground and President Davila is to meet in combat his old opponent and former president of the republic, Manuel Bonilla.

A strike of conductors and trainmen was called on the Grand Trunk line.

Cardinal Gibbons was 76 years old Saturday. He spent the day at the country home of a friend near Westminster, Md.

Senator Cummins declares Cannon and Aldrich are driving the country toward socialism.

The Oklahoma crop situation shows an improvement of 75 per cent over any previous year.

The explosion at Fortress Monroe is believed to have been due to a defective device on the gun.

There will be no strike on the Pennsylvania railroad, the dispute being settled by a conference.

Rhode Island shows increased population, but not enough to give the commonwealth another congressman.

At Clinton, Ill., Chief of Police John Struble was shot about midnight by an unknown man and died in a short time.

Daniel Kinet, the Belgian aeronaut who fell when the rudder of his aeroplane broke, died from his injuries.

A Lincoln, Nebraska man has invented a bucket which may revolutionize methods of excavating and hoisting.

The crop report for Germany, which gives conditions up to July 15, shows a slight depreciation since June 15.

The Baltimore Eastern League baseball club has sold Pitcher "Lefty" Russell to the Philadelphia American League team for $12,000.

Miss Katie Tomara of Chicago, 21 years old, was seriously wounded after a struggle with a burglar whom she discovered in her bedroom.

The French government has accepted a bronze copy of Houden's statue of George Washington, which was presented by the state of Virginia.

Plans for the establishment of a bureau of railway economics at Washington, D. C., by the railroads of the country were announced at Chicago.

The Wisconsin prohibition platform contains clauses denouncing both local and county option as not being a settlement of the liquor problem.

At Hamburg Thirty-five thousand ship yard workers united in a demand for an increase of 10 per cent. in wages and a fifty-three-hour week.

The forest service is engaged in cruising the national forests in the south and southwest for the purpose of determining the stand of saw timber.

President Taft has approved the appointment by the interior department of J. A. Ockerson of St. Louis to investigate conditions in Imperial valley, Cal.

Major General Frederick Dent Grant has left Chicago to assume command of the Department of the East, with headquarters at Governors Island, N. Y.

At Omaha Samuel C. Dobbs was reelected by acclamation president of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America and after a gruelling fight Boston was awarded the next convention.

Chico Baca, who was one of Aelayn's closest supporters, has resigned as minister general of the Madriz cabinet in Nicaragua, according to advices to the state department.

Formal announcement was made by J. S. Temple, secretary of the Bucke Stove and Range company, of the end of the fight with organized labor. The secretary, however, did not state if the present workmen would be required to join the union.

Chalmers No. 5, which was driven by Bill Bolger, was the winner of the Glidden trophy. The contest board of the American Automobile association, in session at Detroit, fully sustained the protest of the Chalmers' Motor company against the entry of the Premier Motor Car company of Indianapolis, and awarded the Detroit car the classic trophy of endurance contest. The Glidden tour victor was a $1,500 Chalmers "30."

Colonel Roosevelt, as well as Gifford Pinchot, has been asked to be in Atlanta, October 7, when a meeting will be held for the purpose of organizing a state conservation association.

A motion asking for a new trial in the bleached flour case in which a jury recently returned a verdict favorable to the government, was filed in the United States district court at Kansas City by attorneys representing the Lexington Mill & Elevator company of Lexington, Neb.

Personal.

Cannon declares he is in the speakership fight to stay.

Ex-Vice President Fairbanks addressed the association of ad clubs at Omaha.

Jack Johnson, the pugilist, was arrested in New York for automobile speeding.

It is rumored that the investigating committee has decided to exonerate Ballinger.

Because they wanted to be "bad men," John Warner and Ray Metcalf, each 11 years old, of Columbus, Ohio, committed 600 burglaries.

William Flege was arrested at Wayne, Neb., charged with the murder of his sister.

Major Manuel Costa has been appointed military attache to the Argentine legation at Berlin.

The death at New Orleans of J. Parker Harrison, removes a figure known for many years as one of the leading turf operators of the continent.

John S. Overton, an old-time actor who played with Edwin Booth, Lawrence Barret and other famous stars, died in St. Louis at the age of 69 years.

Colonel Roosevelt will be a visitor in Kansas City from noon until midnight on September 1.

Louis D. Cole, a prominent contractor living near Mount Pleasant, Mich., was killed when his automobile overturned.

Honolulu Votes "Wet."

Honolulu.—In the special election ordered by congress to determine whether the Hawaiian Islands shall become "dry" and the importation of all liquor be prohibited, the "wets" won in Honolulu by a vote of 3,833 to 815.

MINN. PROSPERS

COMMONWEALTH FINDS ITSELF IN POSSESSION OF VAST SUMS OF MONEY.

PROCEEDS OF JUDGMENTS

Hoard May Wipe Out Taxes for 1911 and Become a Christmas Gift.—Governor Said to Be Seeking Legal Authority.

St. Paul. — Minnesota's taxes abrogated for the year 1911. No state taxes paid, the state running itself through collections coming in from various sources and through the unusual collections made during the year.

This is an unheard of thing, something that probably has never occurred in the history of this or any other state, but it is exactly what is going to happen in Minnesota, if recommendations which Governor A. O. Eberhart, following suggestions made by Attorney General George T. Simpson and other state officers, are reported to be considering, are followed.

At present the treasury of the state of Minnesota is groaning under the burden of a surplus which has never been duplicated. On Oct. 1 there will be nearly $4,000,000 in the state treasury. Oct. 1, 1909, there was approximately $2,000,000 in the treasury, or about half the amount that will be in the state's strong box on the corresponding date this year. There is, or will be, a surplus of $1,700,000 in the state treasury.

The unusual amount of money in the state's cash box has come about through the successful settlement of cases which have netted the state large sums of money. The largest of these items came from the settlement of the lumber cases, the gross earnings tax cases, the Kennedy inheritance tax cases and others.

Not only have large sums of money come into the treasury, but they will result in constantly augmenting streams of gold in the direction of the state's coffers, so that Minnesota bids fair to become a state unique in the history of taxation—a state that may find it not necessary to tax its people one cent for the general maintenance of state governments.

As this money has been piling up in the state treasury the officers of the state have been wondering what to do with it. It is understood there have been secret conferences extending over a month. The governor's office has been in secret consultation with the office of the attorney general, the attorney general has been in consultation with the state auditor and the state auditor has in turn consulted with the others.

"Melon" Won't Be Cut.

What the exact results of these conferences have been and just how far they have gone in settling the future financial policy of the state is not known. The matter has been guarded jealously with the probable intention of giving the conclusions to the state all in one finding and the definite conclusions may not have been reached.

But this much can be stated, the governor's inquiry has resulted in an approval of the part of the attorney general of the program of abrogating the state's taxes and it is probable that a cool million or more, possibly the entire taxation sum, will be lopped off the roll for the year beginning Oct. 1.

Matters of policy for the future are involved. Surpluses are dangerous things. They tempt to the cutting of melons, of useless expenditures in the way of improvements, new buildings, state institutions, etc. The application of money to the running expenses of the state which are paid out of the general revenue fund, would find an immediate use for the cash.

The program is so revolutionary that the absolute legality of the act may be questioned, but it is understood from seemingly credible sources that Attorney General Simpson believes it can be done, that other lawyers are of the same opinion and that it will be done to the extent of applying the surplus, of over one million dollars to the general expense fund of the state, leaving only something like $200,000 to be raised by general taxation purposes.

BUYCK TOWN CLERK ACCUSED.

Duluth.—B. B. Brosvik, town clerk of Buyck, has been arrested on a charge of forgery, the warrant having been sworn out by W. J. Stevenson, special counsel of the board of county commissioners. The alleged irregularities were discovered by County Examiner Waegatt.

But one count has been entered against him, but it is declared on reliable authority, that the investigation which has been under way for some time will open a pit of corruption exceeding anything in the history of St. Louis county.

ROOSEVELT TO SPEAK.

Oyster Bay, L. I. — Theodore Roosevelt says that he has decided definitely to speak before the conservation congress in St. Paul on Sept. 6. He was informed that there had been reports of friction because some of the men on the program as speakers were regarded as ultraradical in their views. He gave the impression that these reports had reached his ears, but that the matter had been adjusted and said that his speech would be delivered as scheduled.

Vicious Horse Attacks Child.

Rochester.—A 6-year-old child of William Hennessey, residing five miles west of this city, was attacked by a vicious horse and her escape from a torturing death was a miracle. The horse knocked the child down and trampled upon her. The screams of the child brought the terror-stricken parents and their quick and prompt action saved her life. The body of the child is badly bruised in a number of places and the right arm is fractured. It is not known that there are any internal injuries.

BIG FIRE AT HAZEL RUN.

Blaze Which Wipes Out Principal Business District Costs $35,000.

Hanley Falls.—A $35,000 blaze wiped out the principal business buildings in Hazel Run, a village near Hanley Falls in Yellow Medicine county. The Jertson building, owned by J. H. Jertson, of Hazel Run, constructed partially of concrete, two stories in height, and containing the Hazel Run Mercantile Company's store, the Farmers' store and the furniture of three families occupying flats in the second story; and a frame building containing the store and residence of Ole Wilson and two vacant store rooms were both burned to the ground.

The fire originated in a defective gas plant in the basement of the Jertson building. No one was injured, the families occupying the buildings escaping before the flames had much headway.

The town is without fire protection, and after the flames had burst through the first floor of the Jertson building efforts to save the buildings were futile.

The value of the Jertson building was estimated at $12,000. The Hazel Run Mercantile Company's stock was valued at $15,000. The stock of the Farmers' store was valued at about $10,000. Other losses are as yet unestimated, but it is believed that the total will be about $35,000.

The insurance is unknown.

EIGHT PHARMACISTS FINISH.

Certificates Granted to Fortunate Ones by State Board.

Minneapolis. — The following eight candidates were successful in the examinations held by the Minnesota state board of pharmacy at the University of Minnesota this week. They were granted pharmacists' certificates:

Anastasia M. Remes, Minneapolis.
E. L. Kallher, Minneapolis.
Charles O. Deissner, St. Paul.
Theodore J. Le Vine, St. Paul.
F. A. U. Smith, St. Paul.
Herbert W. Cutter, Park Rapids.
Harold A. Syrholm, New Richland.
Nels Vasenden, Fertile

Assistant pharmacists' certificates were granted to the following:

A. R. F. Johnson, Minneapolis.
Leo. C. Cyemanish, Minneapolis.
Elmer J. Peterson, Red Wing.
William Humphreys, Moorhead
Arthur T. Bloomquist, Milaca.
Ernest J. Kaplan, Owatonna.

MINNESOTA "DRYS" PLEASED.

Urge Indian Bureau to Remain Firm in State.

Washington, D. C. — The anti-saloon league of northwest Minnesota telegraphed its congratulations to the bureau of Indian affairs for its action in extending prohibition on the ceded Indian lands in that state adjacent to the Leech Lake and White Earth reservations.

The league referred to the instructions recently issued by Chief Supervisor Holcombe to the field agents of the Indian bureau, forbidding the introduction of liquor to the prescribed territory in order to carry out for the protection of the Indians against intoxicating beverages, the stipulations of the treaties by which the lands were ceded.

The dispatch requested the officials to remain firm in their attitude on the subject.

ST. PAUL HIBERNIAN IS CHOSEN.

James J. Regan Made National President of A. O. H.

Portland, Ore. — Practically the whole day was taken up by the national convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in electing officers.

James J. Regan of St. Paul, Minn., the present national vice president, was elected national president over Matthew Cummins of Massachusetts by 12 votes.

The vice presidency went to Joseph McLaughlin of Philadelphia, whose support of Mr. Regan enabled the latter to secure the national presidency. National Secretary McGinnis of Scranton, Pa., was returned to that office without opposition.

Thomas Maloney of Council Bluffs, defeated J. F. Quinn of Chicago for national treasurer.

DR. ALEXANDER STONE DEAD.

St. Paul. — Doctor Alexander J. Stone, one of the most prominent surgeons in the Northwest, died at the Aberdeen hotel. Bronchial and lung troubles is given as the cause of death.

Dr. Stone was one of the best known medical men in the Northwest. He has been a resident of the Twin Cities for over 40 years and was surgeon-general of the state of Minnesota under the governorships of Lind, Van Sant, Johnson and Eberhart. He was a prominent officer in both state and national medical societies. He held a professorship at the state university of obstetrics and women's diseases up to a year ago when his health failed him and he was forced to resign. He was a member of the Masons, Elks and Knights of Pythias.

"CARRIE" AT ALBERT LEA.

Woman of Hatchet Fame Talks on Temperance.

Albert Lea.—Carrie Nation of hatchet fame spoke in the city before a crowded house. The noted saloon smasher was in jovial mood, but took occasion to severely arraign the local saloon men. The proceeds of the lecture are to be used for water wagon purposes, that is, the establishment of sanitary drinking fountains in the business district.

DULUTH TEACHER KILLS SELF.

Leaves Note, Declaring Intention, and Body Is Now Sought.

Athol, Massachusetts. — Leaving a note to his mother that the community would be shocked to learn that he had taken his own life, Ernest L. Easler, a teacher in a private school at Duluth, Minn., who was spending his summer with his parent, disappeared. A party has searched the woods for him and the authorities have dragged the pond without finding any trace of him.

SCANDAL GROWS

ANOTHER ALLEGED EXPOSURE IS MADE IN THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

MORE BRIBERY CHARGES

Sensational Story of an Attempt to Buy the Election of Hopkins Before the Election of Lorimer.

Chicago, July 28. — The Tribune today prints a statement that an attempt was made previous to the election of Wm. Lorimer as United States senator to purchase seventeen democratic votes at $2,0000 a vote to secure the re-election of Senator Albert J. Hopkins.

The story comes on top of the recent luncheon where Roger Sullivan, the democratic national committeeman for Illinois and representatives of the ex-governor, fired pointed remarks at each other.

On this occasion, Sullivan is quoted as saying:

"Why don't you fellows look into what Albert J. Hopkins was trying to do at Springfield for four months?"

The Tribune declares that $35,000 was collected to secure the needed votes. It was placed in the hands of two little known ex-governors and a block of votes selected and made ready for delivery.

It is alleged that Mr. Sullivan and Speaker Shurtleff foiled the plan. The speaker is said to have told the culprits that he would expose the plot from the chair the moment a democratic ballot was cast for Hopkins.

Then Sullivan entered the arena. He arrived at midnight one night and gathering seventeen about him threatened to break every political bone in their bodies if they voted for Hopkins. That ended it.

The Tribune expresses the belief that the plot was formed without the knowledge of Senator Hopkins. The story is said to have leaked out to anti-Hopkins republicans and to democratic leaders through the babblings of one of the seventeen, who was rejoicing at the prospect of "easy money."

Republicans Harmonious.

Fargo, N. D., July 28.—The republican candidates at the meeting this afternoon formed a permanent organization by electing E. C. Cooper, chairman and J. M. Devine, secretary.

McCumber, A. J. Gronna, H. T. Helgesen, L. B. Hanna, C. A. Johnson, J. M. Devine and E. C. Cooper was appointed to prepare a platform to present to the candidates who will meet at Bismarck Sept. 9, the day before the state republican executive committee will meet, in order that such platform if desirable may be presented to the executive committee.

Walter B. Taylor, who participated in the meeting said: "The meeting was a harmonious one and every man present will be for the full ticket at the November election."

The meeting adjourned shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon to meet in Bismarck Sept. 9 for the purpose of hearing the recommendations of the platform committee.

Kentucky Crops Ruined.

Hawesville, Ky., July 28.—Nearly every bridge in Hancock county was carried away, many miles of public highways rendered impassable and the Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis railroad washed out in many places as the result of a twelve-hour rain that began last night and continued until daybreak today.

Many homes on streams throughout the county have been abandoned. The loss of livestock is reported heavy. Wheat and tobacco that escaped damage in the heavy rains of the past month was completely destroyed and the farmers are utterly discouraged. Corn is flat on the ground and the meadows are ruined.

Rawn Was No Millionaire.

Chicago, July 28.—Instead of being a millionaire, Ira G. Rawn, president of the Monon Railroad Co., who was found shot to death at his summer home, died possessed of an estate valued at only $120,000. So at least a petition filed today by his widow declared. Rawn's will was promptly admitted to probate. Mrs. Rawn was appointed executrix.

Hill to Be At Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, N. D., July 18.—James J. Hill, the railroad magnate will be at Grand Forks on the occasion of the inauguration of President McVey of the North Dakota state university, and the city expects to make this a big day in her history. The date fixed for the inauguration is Sept. 28.

English Cattle Barred From U. S.

Washington, July 28.—Owing to the discovery of foot and mouth diseases among the cattle in Yorkshire, England, the importation of cattle from that country to the United States has been prohibited until the extent of the disease can be determined.

Attendance Was Large.

Fargo, N. D., July 28.—All records for attendance were broken at the state fair today. It was Dan Patch day and that and the fine weather drew large crowds.

$125,000 Fire at Driscoll.

Bismarck, N. D., July 28—Starting in an alley between a pool hall and a meat market fire did damage to the amount of $125,000 at the little village of Driscoll, east of here on the N. P. this morning. The entire west side of the village was wiped out.

There is no fire fighting apparatus and the buildings on the east side of the tracks caught fire several times but were put out before they gained much headway. There is no theory as to the origin of the fire but there are some who suspect it was started intentionally. The loss is about half covered with insurance.

Rawn's Estate $2,000,000.

Chicago, July 26.—Despite the death of Ira G. Rawn, the former president of the Monon bank, who was to have been a witness in the taking of testimony in the Illinois Central car repair cases, was resumed today before Thomas Taylor, master in chancery. It is part of the present purpose of the hearing to determine whether any money is due the road from officers and employe involved in car repair contracts and amount. The wealth of the Rawn estate is today estimated at $2,000,000 by a detective agency which has made an investigation into the affairs of the former railroad man.

A FRIEND OF DAKOTA DAN

CLAIMS HE WAS OFFERED BRIBE IN RUSSELL CASE.

Will Aid Him To Get Proper Share of His Father's Estate That Should Come To Him.

Boston, Mass., July 27.—William J. Cole, a native of New Hampshire, whose name was mentioned in the famous Daniel Blake Russell court fight, was approached with a proposition to impersonate the missing heir, to the detriment of the North Dakota claimant, according to a story told by Cole today.

Ten thousand dollars is the bribe he claims was offered with the one condition that he carry the impersonation through successfully. Cole confided his story to employes at the hotel where he was stopping, with the result that the Dickinson, N. D., man soon heard of it.

"I was introduced to Cole," said Dakota Dan this morning, "and he told me a story that startled me. He said he was approached by a person—he would not tell me who—while he was in California, months ago, who asked him to come to Boston and impersonate the younger brother of William C. Russell and become a claimant for a share in the estate left by my father.

"He said he later met the author of the proposition in Chicago and was told that he need not fear about his identity becoming known, as it could be shown that he had been killed in the San Francisco earthquake."

Cole himself refused to discuss the statement he made to Dakota Dan, simply saying: "I am a friend of the man you call Dakota Dan, and if I can help him get what belongs to him I will do so."

Harding for Governor.

Columbus, O., July 27.—The republican candidate for governor of Ohio is G. Harding of Marion, O., once lieutenant governor. Despite the efforts of Senator Burton's Cuyahoga county delegation to stampede the convention for Nicholas Longworth, and George D. Cox's every effort in behalf of Judge O. B. Brown, a Dayton man, the combination of "progressives" with the national administration men broke up the fight on the third ballot.

Then Cox, yielding to the inevitable cast ninety-one votes for Harding, and that finished it. The continuation of the roll call was a farce. The withdrawal of James R. Garfield and Carmi A. Thompson, before the beginning of the vote made possible the Garfield administration combination.

All Garfield's outside Cuyahoga delegation, except a few that clung grimly to the candidacy of the ex-secretary of the interior, were cast for Harding. Walter Brown of Toledo and Wade Hellis, state chairman were influential in lining up other delegates for the Marion man.

Immediately after this Lieut. Gov. Frances W. Treadway was renominated by acclimation. Granville W. Mooney was nominated for secretary of state.

Torrid in Chicago.

Chicago, July 27.—Only temporary relief from the intense heat of the last four days was promised by United States forecaster, Henry J. Cox, today, when the wind shifted to the northeast and the mercury dropped to 79 degrees. Warmer weather is predicted for tomorrow, when, according to the forecaster, the temperature is likely to equal its previous record of 97 degrees.

Two prostrations were reported early today. Andrew Peters, 21 years old, was overcome while on a street car and fell to the street, and was taken to a hospital. Another person by the name of Wm. Peters was also overcome and taken to a hospital.

Unknown Man Shot.

Steele, N. D., July 27.—An unknown man between 25 and 30 years, shot just below the heart, was brought to this city at noon today in an unconscious condition. He was found in a buggy just north of Tappen, near here. His gun was lying in the vehicle. The supposition is that he is probably a well-to-do young farmer of that vicinity, and had gone out hunting. His dog, which was in the bottom of the buggy, in some way caused the gun to go off. His condition is serious and his recovery is doubtful.

Small Claim Holds Steamer.

Chicago, July 27.—The failure of the Chicago South Haven Steamship Co. to pay a wage claim of $1 today, tied up one of the steamers of the company and involved the officials of the United States district court in an effort to effect a settlement of the case. The claim of $1 is made by Frank Jones, an 18-year-old Indianapolis boy who worked one day as a coal shoveler. Deputy United States marshals held the boat until the matter was adjusted.

Shot in Strike Riots.

New York, July 28.—Two men were shot and killed, four dangerously wounded and a score or less seriously injured in a riot of strike sympathizers today at the plant of the American Sugar Refining Co., in Williamsburg, where a strike has been in progress for a month.

Venire Ordered Drawn.

Chicago, Ill., July 27.—Circuit Judge Kersten, sitting in criminal court today ordered a venire of 100 drawn for Aug. 3 for the second trial of Lee O'Neil Browne. The trial will open Aug. 1.

ARRANGES FUNERAL.

And Then Nephew of Late Levi Zeiter Attempts Suicide.

Chicago, July 27.—Carver Remington, son of Samuel Remington and nephew of the late Levi Z. Leiter, who shot himself after making full preparations for his burial, is hovering between life and death here. The bullet entered Remington's breast, penetrating his lung and now is imbedded in the muscles of his back.

Disappointment over the result of several recent business ventures is said to be the cause of Remington's attempt to end his life.

HELD FOR MURDER.

Man Recently Shot by Valley City Hotel Porter Is Dead.

Valley City, N. D., July 27.—O. H. Hanson, the porter of the Hotel Butler in this city, will have to answer a charge of murder as a result of the death of Robert Seeford, who was shot by Hanson last Saturday in a row over some trivial matter in the hotel. The two had a dispute, and were not good friends when the trouble arose. Hanson alleges that Seeford came after him with a knife, when he drew his revolver and shot. The man died at the Valley City hospital yesterday.

WOODMEN'S DAY

AT STATE FAIR WAS LARGELY ATTENDED—PARADE WAS A FEATURE.

SAVAGE HORSES EXHIBIT

Dan Patch Was Driven an Exhibition Mile—Great Crowds Line Grand Stands and Fields—20,000 People Attend.

Fargo, N. D., July 26.—This was Woodman day at the fair and the members of that order turned out by the thousand. In addition to the big membership in Fargo, hundreds of Woodmen from all parts of the state were in evidence and the exercises at the grand stand were in consequence most interesting, being enlivened by speeches by the governor and other distinguished men in and out of the order.

The parade formed promptly down town and reached the fair grounds a little after 10 o'clock and proceeded at once to the grand stand where the speech-making took place. The stand was well filled, while several hundred occupied seats on the parade in front.

Ex-ayor W. D. Sweet presided at the meeting and opened the meeting with a gracious word of greeting.

Congressman Hanna was then introduced and in his happy manner gave the Woodmen and the Royal Neighbors a cordial welcome to Fargo and the state fair. He was most happy in his address and was heartily applauded at its conclusion.

At 3 o'clock Dan Patch, 1:55, king of racing horses was brought out on the track and made his bow to the admiring thousands. The great pacer seemed to enjoy the popular acclaim. He bowed to the grand stand while it fairly shook with the thunders of applause. The handsome pacer was then driven an exhibition mile.

Officials Stop Trains.

South Bend, Ind., July 26.—Although two attempts were made to derail passenger trains and one freight was partially burned by strike sympathizers, the Grand Trunk strike situation here today opened quietly.

As was the case Monday, union men engaged in other trades were at their employment and the mob was small and easily controlled. The attempts to wreck the passenger trains were unsuccessful, the obstructions in each case being discovered in time to avoid accident.

Rumors have been current that the trains running are not equipped with full crews, and railroad commissioners it is said, are coming here to investigate. One passenger, running from Port Huron, Mich., to South Bend, was stopped last night by Chief of Detectives Cassidy because it lacked the proper brakemen. Although the train ordinarily stops in the yards in the western part of the city, the officer would not permit it to go beyond the local depot. The distance is but two miles.

Trapped in Burning Hotel.

Belfast, July 26.—Fire swept through the Kelvin hotel here today, burning to death three employees, while several guests received frightful injuries. Five of the guests were dangerously burned and others are in a serious condition. Among those surviving, who suffered were Rev. Wm. John McCaughan, for nine years pastor of the Third Presbyterian church of Chicago and wife. The McCaughans were caught on an upper floor and in attempting to find an exit were terribly burned. Their escape through the usual exits being blocked, the minister and his wife finally threw themselves from an upper window. Both struck the pavement with great force and when they were removed to the hospital it was found that the skulls of both had been fractured. The condition of the two is critical.

Dr. McCaughan resigned his pastorate in Chicago in May, 1907 to become pastor of the May street congregation in this city.

To Suspend Grain Rates.

St. Paul, Minn., July 26.—The conference of the railroad commissioners of Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota at the state capitol ended abruptly today with the receipt of a telegram from Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the interstate commerce commission which said that the carriers will have a conference in Chicago tomorrow, and unless the proposed increase in the grain tariffs in the middle western states are voluntarily postponed to Nov. 1, they will be suspended by the commission.

New York Gets Relief.

New York, July 26.—Although five deaths attributed to the heat were early reported, measurable relief for the heat stricken New Yorkers was in sight today, after a night, which was one of the season's hottest, which was comforts tempered only by occasional fitful breezes. At 8 o'clock this morning the thermometer stood at 80 degrees, the air is much dryer and a twenty-two mile wind is blowing.

No Further Word of Crippen.

London, July 26.—The London police have received no word from the steamer Montrose, aboard which are two passengers suspected of being Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, wanted in London in connection with the disappearance of his actress wife, Belle Elmore.

Cubans Fear Insurrection.

Havana, July 26.—The government is much alarmed over an insurrection at El Caney, province of Santiago. Following a midnight council at the Palace troops were today rushed to the disaffected districts. The insurgents are reported as retreating to the hills, pursued by troops already in the province. Last night the government learned that General Minnet and Colonel Jane, revolutionary veterans, had taken to the woods at the head of about a score of followers. Minnet is a man of influence, and it is feared that many malcontents will be rallying around his standard.

Troops Called in Street Car Strike.

Columbus, Ohio, July 28. — Not a street car has been running in Columbus since midnight and thousands were compelled to walk to get to their places of business today. The cars will not be started until two thousand troops of the National guard arrive today to enforce order during the strike of the street car men. The famous mounted troop A of Cleveland is among the soldiers called out.

The headquarters of General W. V. McKaken of Toledo, commanding the first brigade, who is in command of all troops, is on the state house

HANDLING WHITE HOUSE VISITORS

by EDWARD B. CLARK

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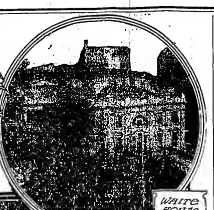
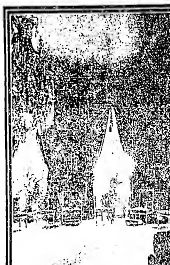
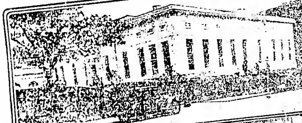

WHITE HOUSE


THE BLUE PARLOR WHERE PRESIDENT AND MRS TAFT RECEIVE THEIR GUESTS

CHARLES D. NORTON SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT

PRESIDENT TAFT'S NEW PRIVATE OFFICE

Photo Copyright by Clinedinst, Wash. D.C.


NEW WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT

LITTLE BY LITTLE President Taft has come into direct line with one of the Roosevelt policies, and he will follow it in the future as he has been following it for some weeks. It will be the rule at the summer capital at Beverly, Mass., as it is today the fixed rule of procedure in the White House.

The Roosevelt policy which President Taft finally has adopted as his own is the method of receiving visitors which was in force during the colonel's tenure of office. It is possible that President Taft never will be able to adopt the Roosevelt policy of getting rid of his visitors, because the two men are constitutionally different in at least one respect. It must be said, however, that the Roosevelt plan of receiving guests has done a good deal to save the tempers of White House visitors and the time of Mr. Taft.

As everybody knows, an addition was made to the White House offices some time ago. In the Roosevelt days callers went into the cabinet room and from there either were ushered into the adjoining room, where the president sat, or [illegible] Mr. Roosevelt came out and [illegible] of the cabinet room, speaking to [illegible] and getting through with them quickly and yet without giving offense.

Now President Taft has a circular room all to himself and outside the visitors are allowed the two big rooms [illegible]. It is from these rooms that [illegible] to the president's presence, [illegible] at a time, and not one at a time as was the case when Mr. Taft first took office.

The president has adopted the Roosevelt method of passing from visitor to visitor learning the business of each and trying as best he can to satisfy the caller and to get rid of him as quickly as possible and yet politely. President Taft, however, is so good natured and is so humanly interested in matters not connected with politics or legislation that of his own volition he lingers long frequently with individual visitors, and so while the method of reception hastens things in a measure it cannot offset the delay that comes from the president's apparent desire to have every guest put into good humor and to leave him with a smile in his heart."

At the outset of the Taft administration visitors saw him one at a time and the one who was talking to him did not feel the spur of haste which is now felt by the presence in the room of half a dozen or a dozen other visitors, all eagerly waiting their turn and occasionally shifting uneasily in their seats because of the time that the one who has the president's ear is taking up.

President Roosevelt, just as President Taft, was humanly interested in a great many things which did not affect public matter. For instance, if a well known sportsman called Mr. Roosevelt would perhaps talk to him for half an hour about big game hunting or the best way to reach the haunts of some wild creature which the colonel never had had the pleasure of meeting at the end of the gun. One of President Taft's hobbies is baseball, and every league team that visits Washington calls at the White House, where its members talk of curves, inshoots, drop balls and the best way to place hits, to the man who, weary of railroad legislation and tariff talk, is willing in spirit to sit on the diamond for a few minutes.

President Taft's good nature is proverbial. During the late spring and early summer in Washington school children literally by the thousands poured into the capital. It seems that in some cities the children of the high schools give entertainments during the winter and charge admission thereto. The money that is thus obtained is used to pay the expenses of the pupils to Washington. In cases where the children's parents are able to bear the expenses of the trip the money is used to pay the expenses of boys and girls who otherwise could not undertake the journey.

One day at the White House there appeared a delegation of 450 school children. The president had a number of appointments with senators and representatives and with prominent men from a distance. Notwithstanding this he told his secretary that the door should be thrown open and that the school children should be admitted. He not only made them a speech, but he shook hands with each one and had a word beyond the perfunctory "Glad to see you," to say to each pupil as he or she went by.

The story of the welcome which the 450 children had went abroad and for days the president's mornings were busy with the work of welcoming the pupils of schools from all the eastern cities. The children always are accompanied by several teachers, who chaperon them and make preparations for their sightseeing. As soon as they reach Washington the representatives in congress from the district or districts in which the schools are situated are called upon, and the congressmen in nearly every case lead the way to the presence of the president.

The wonder is if the country knows how much hard work goes on in the White House, not only in the president's office, but in all the adjoining offices. If anyone envies the private secretary his position perhaps he would throw envy to the winds after watching Charles Dyer Norton go through one day's labor. The assistant secretary works just as hard as does the chief secretary and in the office communicating with the room of these two hard-working men is a room filled with stenographers and clerks hard at work.

There is one White House clerk who has a most painstaking job. Invitations to the semi-public White House receptions of course are engraved, but as the name of each person invited must appear on the engraved ticket of admission which accompanies the invitation, one line of the ticket must be left blank because the engraving of 4,000 individual names, one to go on each card, would be an endless task and a tremendous expense. It is the duty of one of the clerks to fill in the names and to do it so that the writing shall look as though it were engraved. This he does in a way that deceives the ordinary eyesight. A card of admission to one of the White House receptions looks as if it were all the work of the engraver, so fine is the handicraft of the man who fills in the vacant line with the tracing of his ordinary pen.

About a year and a half ago the clerk who did this engraving died and it became necessary to find some one to take his place. It was supposed that this would be a hopeless task, or that at the best the services of a man must be obtained who after long practise might be able to accomplish what his predecessor so successfully had done. To the surprise of everybody the first cards of invitation that went out were just as deceptive as far as engraving and handwriting were concerned as were those that had gone from the desk of the man who for years had labored at the task and had arrived at a perfection which it was supposed no one without months of practise could reach.

One of President Taft's daily tasks is to sign the commissions of officers of the army and navy, and of men appointed to various positions in civil life. Of course commissions are for the most part engraved, but there are names and dates to be filled in and these are written deftly and then the pile of parchment is laid on the desk before the president, who frequently in a seemingly automatic way signs his name to commission after commission while carrying on with some visitor at his elbow a conversation relating perhaps to intricate matters of state.

The White House officials, secretaries and clerks have to concern themselves with all kinds of matters. Secretary Norton is the recipient of letters from people all over the United States, who write to the president upon the most trivial affairs.

When one takes into consideration the fact that hundreds of persons who have really legitimate business with the White House either call or write every day, it can be seen at once that the secretary's hands, time and mind are well filled. There are certain orders of rank which have to be respected, and in a democracy it is pretty hard work to convince the ordinary citizen that any man has the right of precedence. As far as precedent is concerned the president's audiences are governed by the supposed importance of the visitor's official business. For instance, if a senator is waiting to see the president and a cabinet officer happens to come in the member of the president's official family always will see President Taft first unless he says specifically that his business is of little importance and expresses a willingness that the senator shall get to the president ahead of him.

A newspaper man with whom President Taft has had frequently personal relations for some years went to the White House one morning and told Mr. Taft that he would like to see him alone for a minute if he could, and so the president took him into a side room and closed the door. They staid together talking for fifteen minutes and then the newspaper man went out into the president's main office, leaving the president behind him to write a letter in seclusion. On entering the president's office the caller met a senator who had been waiting for fifteen minutes. The senator is a jovial soul and with mock solemnity of spirit he bowed low to the newspaper man. "Would you mind going back to ask the president," said the senator, "if now that he has completed his affairs of state with a newspaper correspondent he will consent to see an humble senator of the United States?"

The ambassadors and ministers representing foreign countries in Washington are great sticklers for precedence and every known means has to be taken to prevent giving them offense. It is almost impossible for any human being except one or two of the state department officials, to keep rigid track of the rank of the diplomats and the attaches at all the foreign legations in Washington. So it occasionally happens that some second assistant secretary of the legation of the king of the cannibal islands is allowed to get into a room ahead of the first assistant secretary of the legation of the king of ballyhoo, and then there are black looks which if they could be put into words would be tantamount to a declaration of war against the United States.

The American officials in Washington life are not above being piqued if a junior gets in ahead of a senior, though troubles of this kind are confined as far as Americans are concerned almost wholly to social offenses, for senators, representatives, supreme court judges and the rest have finally made up their minds that at the White House one must take his chances of precedence.

Stag a Powerful Swimmer

The stag is not by any means afraid of the water, and when the necessity arises he is ever ready to give an exhibition of his swimming powers. Such a spectacle is not uncommon in the Highlands and excites little comment among foresters. The noble creature frequently takes to the limpid element in order to elude pursuit.

Only the other day a fine stag which had apparently been subjected to some molestation in the neighborhood of Melmsdale Harbor, Sutherlandshire, plunged into the sea and set his course oceanward. He swam lightly and rapidly and succeeded in placing two miles to his credit.

Two fishermen in a boat captured the animal, which unhappily was drowned while being towed ashore. It was a nine pointer and weighed about 18 stone. The occurrence reminds me of a similar incident which some four years ago came under my observation in the island of Mull.

A certain proprietor had ordered a number of stags from the south with the object of infusing some fresh blood into his ruddy herd. On arriving by steamer the animals were carted in their crates to the park assigned to them and where they were promptly liberated. One of the strangers was evidently much alarmed by his new surroundings and instantly made a dash for the adjacent shore.

Without a moment's hesitation he sprang into the water—which was at the time very choppy and intensely cold—and struck out gallantly for the nearest point on the mainland. The Sound of Mull, three-quarters of a mile broad, was duly negotiated, and after resting for an instant on the tangle covered beach the gallant creature tripped it lightly toward the rugged bens.—Country Gentleman.

GIRL WINS A FARM

Philadelphian Draws 160 Acres on Indian Reservation.

Outdoor Life and Larger Freedom of Undeveloped Country Appear Pleasing in Contrast With Environments of City.

Spokane, Wash.—Miss Mary R. Bloomer of Philadelphia, who won a homestead of 160 acres in the Flathead Indian reservation in western Montana at the government lottery, has decided to become a farmer. She is now at Missoula with her mother and brother, and says her father living at Philadelphia, and brother, a resident of Seattle, will join them in a short time.

Miss Bloomer did not journey from Philadelphia to the Spokane country merely for the purpose of registering in the land drawings last year at Missoula, Spokane and Coeur d'Alene. In fact, when she left her eastern home for a visit in the Pacific country she did not know there was any such thing as a land drawing in progress. She had not even heard of the Flathead reservation, and Montana was to her not much more than a name convenient in identifying a huge portion of the great American desert—a vast, unmeasured hunting ground for gun toting cowpunchers, savage Indians and wild things.

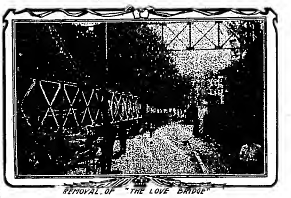
But, while stopping on the way to visit relatives at Leavenworth, Wash., her uncle mentioned the big land opening, and then and there it was determined that she would stop at Missoula, Spokane and Coeur d'Alene, and register. This was done, and in course of time Miss Bloomer received notification from Uncle Sam that she should have 341st choice among the Flathead farms in Montana.

Evidently Miss Bloomer was happy in the prospect of becoming a farmer in the eastern part of the Spokane country. Missoula she thought to be a most progressive and attractive little city; and she seemed to appreciate at its full value the exquisite beauty of its surroundings. She is impressed with the activity and optimism of the people and believes she will become as much attached to the west as she was to her home city.

"There is much to attract one in the northwest," she said, when asked why she left the east. "The outdoor life and the larger freedom and more vigorous atmosphere in this land of magnificent distances and opportunities possess a fascination that few can resist, and I believe I will become a full fledged westerner in a short time. It is true I am what you would call a 'tenderfoot,' and I do not know a thing about farming, setting a hen or milking a cow, but I am going to learn, and I feel I shall 'make good' with the best of them."

Miss Frances L. Loosmore of Hilyerd, a suburb of Spokane, who had 337th choice, filed on 81 acres, which, she says she will put into grain and fruit.

TEARING DOWN LEOPOLD'S BRIDGE


REMOVAL OF "THE LOVE BRIDGE"

BRUSSELS.—The people of Belgium are pleased to note that one relic of the dissolute life of the late King Leopold has been removed. This was the so-called "Love Bridge," which connected his majesty's palace at Loeken with the residence of Baroness Vaughan, whom he married secretly shortly before his death. The bridge crossed a handsome thoroughfare and was an eye-sore, in addition to being a reminder of Leopold's unworthy conduct.

Old Hiding Place Safer.

Bristol, Tenn.—After hiding $1,000 in $20 gold pieces for 50 years at different spots on his premises, John Hopper of Washington county, Virginia, two weeks ago secreted the yellow coin under the kitchen of his home. When he went to get the money the other day, to count it, it was missing. There is no clue to the thief.

FIX RUBBER PRICES

Manufacturers of Crude Product in Mexico Form Organization.

Discrimination Is Alleged and Foreign Dealers, Especially in United States, Are Prejudiced Against Para Product.

Torreon, Mexico.—The manufacturers of crude rubber from the guayule shrub are forming a strong organization, which has for its purpose the fixing of the price that shall be paid for the product and to protect themselves against the discriminations which they allege is being practised against this kind of rubber in the principal markets of the world, particularly in the United States.

The guayule rubber manufacturing companies and individuals composing this new combine represent a capital aggregating about $65,000,000 gold that is now invested in the industry in Northern Mexico. The combined capacity of the manufacturing plants is about 300 tons of crude rubber daily. The reports of the different factories show that those located in the state of Coahuila alone has outputs aggregating $12,000,000 during the first four months of this year, and that this is to be still further increased by the erection of new factories of large capacity.

The chief concerns interested in the movement to improve prices and market conditions of the crude products are the Continental-Mexican Rubber company of Torreon, the Compania Explotadora Coahuilense of Parras, the Mexican Crude Rubber company of Viesca, the Compania Gandere de la Merced of Cuatro Cienegas, the Compania Guayulera de Torreon, S. A., of Torreon; the Compania Hulera Mexicana of Gomez Palacio, La Internacional Mexicana of Torreon, the Compania Hulera de la Laguna, S. A., of Torreon; the Compania Huayulera Nacional, S. A., of Gomez Palacio; the Compania Mexicana Explitedora de Hule of Torreon, Othan Kateerfeldt of Gomez Palacio, and Enrico Northoldt of Torreon.

The complaint of the manufacturers is that the foreign dealers and brokers in rubber arbitrarily fix a price on the guayule rubber considerably below that which is paid for the Parra product, and that of rubber trees in other parts of the world without regard to the relative difference in the cauchouic properties of the two products. The fact is cited that while the rubber tree product is accepted on a basis of 90 per cent. on its gross weight, an allowance of only 48 to 50 per cent. on its gross weight is made for guayule rubber. It is claimed that an analysis of guayule rubber shows that it averages 75 per cent. chauchou, the manufacturers being therefore deprived of practically one-third of the value of the product in its sale. When the Parra and other rubber tree products were selling for $1.25 a pound, offers of 80 to 90 cents per pound were made for guayule rubber.

It is the purpose of the guayule rubber combine to demand an equalization of the prices, which will place their product on a parity with that obtained from the rubber tree.

Presentiment Halts Hymen.

Allentown, Pa.—Through a mother's premonition, the elopement of Miss Julia Cutler, seventeen years old, of Lensford, and Michael Daniels of this city, was frustrated.

The girl came to Allentown some time ago to work, and falling in love with a man ten years her senior, made all arrangements for her wedding, even buying her trousseau.

The couple had planned to get married the other night. The mother, however, having some premonition, came on during the day and after rigid cross-examination, the daughter divulged her plans.

The mother objected violently, and with the aid of a policeman, took the daughter home, trousseau and all.

Will Make Spooning Legal

Asbury Park Police to Show Much Toleration and Allow Flirting Within Reason.

Asbury Park, N. J.—Oh, joy! "Spooning" is to be permitted at Asbury Park this summer, and flirting is to be tolerated within reasonable limits. This will be good news for the boys and girls who summer at that resort and who have heretofore found the restrictions irksome. Chief of Police Smith has said it. If a man flirts with a woman, the man will not be arrested if the woman reciprocates his advances.

Of course the police will interfere if they find any man forcing his attentions on a girl who does not desire his acquaintance. But the guardians of the peace positively will not interfere if any fair maiden takes the initiative and persists in flirting with a man. Smith figures that the men are able to take care of themselves in such emergencies, and he will take no action unless called upon by the man who is thus offended, or would you say honored and complimented?

The police chief's statement is tempered with a warning. Girls who flirt are to take all the responsibility to themselves.

"Spooning" will not be interfered with if done in dark places away from the public gaze. Smith says there are sufficient number of corners along the beach to accommodate all the spooners summering at Asbury Park and that "spooners" will not be molested if they keep out of public gaze and off the board walk.

The police chief says also that he and his men will be more lenient in the matter of bathing suits.

DICTIONARY FOR THE BLIND

Sightless Wizard Is Author of Most Wonderful Book—Printed in Braille Type.

Vienna.—A notable achievement for the benefit of the blind is the first French-German dictionary printed in Braille type. This work demanded an extraordinary amount of minute and laborious precision, and was carried out by Herr Karl Satzenhofer, who is himself blind, at the printing works of the Vienna Institute for the Education of the Blind.

It is the well known Legenscheidt dictionary which has been put into Braille type. The main difficulty was that in order to economize space the work had to be printed in what is known as the abbreviated type, which in France is different from the system followed in Germany, and called for an intimate knowledge of both systems on the part of the translator.

Aeroplanes at Army Meet

New Engines of Modern Warfare to Figure in Grand French Maneuvers in September.

Paris.—This year's grand maneuvers of the French army will take place between September 9 and 18 in the region between Rouen and Amiens. The operations will be directed by the generalissimo, General Tremeau, and General Michel of the army council will be chief umpire. The troops engaged will be the Second army corps under the command of General Picquart and the Third army corps under General Meunier, together with three battalions of chasseurs, the Paris Zouave regiments, the Fifth Colonial brigade and the First and, perhaps, also the Third cavalry division.

The composition of the two army corps will be on the basis of 30 battalions of infantry and 30 batteries of artillery to each army corps. Companies will be not less than 150 and squadrons not less than 100 strong. The artillery will be organized in four-gun batteries. Every appliance of modern warfare will be employed, and according to present arrangements aeroplanes as well as airships will be seen at work.

The Rule.

A little absence now and then is relished by the best of husbands.—Life.

BOY IS BETTER FLY KILLER

In Contest Conducted by English Parochial School Girls Come Out Second Best.

London.—Stirred to action by the statement that the slaughter of one fly in early spring was responsible for the suppression of 1,728,000 in June, the headmistress of a parochial school in Wiltshire persuaded her pupils to do their utmost to exterminate these household pets.

The results of their efforts have been as follows: Twenty-eight girls killed 2,210 flies; twenty-four boys killed 3,150 flies.

The biggest haul of any one child was 275, secured by a boy; but the highest score of any one girl was 120.

In all, 5,360 flies are known to have been accounted for. Reckoning that every fly is responsible for 1,728,000 of its species, it is evident that these determined exterminators have saved the world from the presence of 9,262,080,000 flies.

Man Has Slain 2,000 Bears

Veteran Western Hunter Also Has Remarkable Record of Shooting 3,000 Cougars.

Spokane, Wash.—Tom Hopper, who has killed more than 2,000 bears in California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana and the province of British Columbia in the last 35 years, has returned to his home in Spokane from Kingston, Idaho, with the pelts of four bears, including the largest cinnamon bear ever killed in Idaho, and two cougars, the result of three days' work with a pack of hounds.

The big bear was killed on Pine creek, south of Kingston, after a lively battle, in which several of the dogs were severely pawed. The hounds were game, however, and stood their ground till Hopper reach the scene and dispatched the big fellow with a head shot. The other three bears and the cougars were bagged without much difficulty, though Hopper admits that one of the black bears showed a lot of fight.

The veteran has killed several thousand cougars in the Pacific and northwestern states since 1890, his largest bag in one year being 739, killed in eastern Washington and Oregon and northern Idaho and southeastern British Columbia. Hopper confines his work to predatory animals, upon which the various states have placed a hand bounty.

It Wasn't.

The telephone call of a suite of apartments in a ladies' boarding house is 190. One young lady, a recent comer, answered the call and was astonished to hear a man's voice inquire hurriedly, "Is this one nine o?" When she could catch her breath, the lady who was a very proper young lady indeed, replied, "I think not. Were we ever introduced?"

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
Stops Falling Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor is composed of sulphur, glycerin, quinin, sodium chlorid, capsicum, sage, alcohol, water, and perfume. Not a single injurious ingredient in this list. Ask your doctor if this is not so. Follow his advice. A hair food, a hair tonic, a hair dressing. Promptly checks falling hair. Completely destroys all dandruff.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
Does not Color the Hair
J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] KING C. R. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible] at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The president and other apologists for the Payne-Aldrich tariff tell us the bill is a great revenue producer. If this is so we presume that the foreigner is paying the tax.

The recent resurgence of insurgency in Kansas and Iowa ought to stiffen the backbone of Moses E. Clapp. Lately the junior senator has shown marked symptoms of [illegible] heart.

The composite opinion of the Republican press of the state seems to be that an officeholder may be active in politics so long as such activity is confined to an advancement of the Republican end of the game.

During the last fiscal year, ending July 1, 1910, 1,041,570 immigrants came to this country. Among these were 223,453 Italians and 128,348 Poles. Only 38,392 Irishmen came over, against 52,198 Englishmen.

The Fairmont Sentinel says that the nomination of John Lind, with [illegible] the county option plank, means a greater realignment of the dominant parties in this state than the average man realizes. It is not necessary to go far anywhere to find Republicans who will not vote for Eberhart or Democrats who will not vote for Lind.

In the future analysis of the case of People vs Interests the late Democratic state convention will stand out as a turning point in the fight against the surrender of the politics of the state to the breweries and the other corporations. The nomination of John Lind by the country Democrats was notice that at least a majority of the voters of that party cannot be controlled by the special interests.

An important, a just and common sense supreme court decision was handed down last week by the supreme court of Minnesota. It holds that wholesale jobbers who sell adulterated foods to retailers are liable. This puts it up to the manufacturer to see that his product complies with the pure food laws. The practise has been to arrest and fine the retailer which was an injustice in most cases.

Now that we are to have a "seed corn day" by virtue of a generous dispensation of gubernatorial power, why shouldn't the governor insist upon having every day of the year devoted to some useful and patriotic purpose? For the guidance of a half million thrifty housewives let him designate Monday of each week as wash day. Then we might have a barn-raising day, a tax-paying day, and a snipe-hunting day. And, above all, why not devote Tuesday, November 8, to praise and thanksgiving for the vouchsafance of such a thoughtful state administration?

WHY HE ADVERTISES.

A prominent business man of Michigan explains why he advertises and why he uses newspapers for that purpose as follows:

"I advertise in the newspapers because I am not ashamed of my goods or my work and to let people know about myself, my store and my stock; because I cater to the intelligent class, and they read the papers, and I believe in increasing my business; because I can talk to more people through the newspapers at a greater distance in less time and at a more reasonable price than in any other way; because my newspaper advertising has brought me greater returns for the least expenditure of any advertising that I have done; I can [illegible] when I write an ad it is seen and read [illegible] I am not [illegible] stingy to pay for placing it in the best possible medium or to have it inserted so it is attractive; because I know my ad is seen and read by every one in the home where the paper goes."

SALVATION'S STILL FREE.

There's a tariff on sugar,
A tariff on tea,
A tariff on iron,
A tariff on rice,
A tariff on lemons,
But praise to Allah,
Salvation's still free!

There's a tariff on razors,
A tariff on soap,
A tariff on leather,
A tariff on rope,
A tariff on coral,
That comes from the sea,
But, whoop, hallelujah
Salvation's still free!

There's a tariff on clothing,
A tariff on nails,
A tariff on hosiery,
On tin cups and pails,
A tariff on farm tools,
Note Schedule C—
But shout loud ye mourners!
Salvation's still free!

There's a tariff on coffins,
A tariff on lead
A tariff on everything—
Both living and dead;
A tariff on cotton—
See page 83,
But let the sun shine!
Salvation's still free!

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Olivia Times: If an editor published all items that are told him he would be in jail half the time and in the hospital the other half.

Fergus Falls Weekly: Admitting that Mr. Lind decides that he will not serve if elected, and that the state central committee is compelled to select a candidate to take his place, it is clear that the new man will enter into the campaign under much cleaner and better auspices than he would have done if he had been named in place of Lind at the convention, which, very clearly was not captured by "the liquor interests."

Fairmont Sentinel: The country delegations had their way in spite of the city politicians. They went down to nominate Lind and they nominated him.

Little Falls Herald: Some republican is quoted in the Twin City city Press as saying Lind would be "easy" because he was twice defeated for governor. As a matter of fact, John Lind was chosen by the people three times. In 1896 skullduggery and manipulation of the returns in certain parts of the state robbed the people of their choice; in 1900 the Lucas "Socialist-Democrat" deal did the job. In Morrison county alone many voted for both Lucas and Lind and the votes were thrown out. John Lind, although he did not serve, was really elected three times. This year will give an opportunity to confirm the popular choice of other years.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A child thinks is parents beat him because they deserve it themselves.

The only objection to virtues is how dull they make people, but it's enough.

A man will hunt the world over for money; he expects religion to find him.

A girl never trusts a canoe, but she can make any man believe she does because he's managing it.

No matter how suspicious a woman is about all other women's figures, she could never make herself believe anybody would be suspicious about hers.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News. The oyster is wise. It never opens its mouth until forced.

A man with a sunny disposition seldom has a hot temper.

Probably the most popular illustrated paper is the bank note.

After giving us a lift the elevator man is ready to turn us down.

A woman can't help admiring a man if he tells her she is good looking.

Flattery will open a woman's heart much quicker than it will a man's purse.

Better a man who fails in his efforts to do something than one who never tries.

As every bride is beautiful, we have often wondered where all the homely married women come from.

It is more blessed to give up without a struggle than it is to receive it in the neck from a sandbag.

And occasionally a man strays from the straight and narrow path for the purpose of picking up a few dollars.

An old bachelor says that you can't keep women away from weddings. Well, what would weddings amount to if it wasn't for women?

I have sold my set of Alexander Dumas' works but find that four or five volumes are missing. Who has one of the books?—L. A. Kaufer.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $6 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In the matter of the petition of Wm. G. Hunt and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 47.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 47.

DESCRIPTION OF MAIN DITCH.

Said ditch is located within the townships one hundred fifty two (152) and one hundred fifty-three (153), Ranges forty(40) and forty-one(41) and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:

Commencing at a point twenty(20) feet east and twenty five hundred (2500) feet south of the quarter corner between sections six(6) and seven(7), Township one hundred fifty-two(152), Range forty(40), thence running due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter line in the center of sections six(6) and seven(7), to the town line between townships one hundred fifty-two (152) and one hundred fifty-three(153), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections thirty-one(31) and thirty-two(32), township one hundred fifty-three(153), range forty(40) to a point twenty(20) feet east and twenty(20) feet south of the section corner between sections twenty-nine(29), thirty(30), thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the section line between sections thirty (30) and thirty-one(31) of aforesaid township and range to the range line between ranges forty(40) and forty-one (41), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the section line between sections twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (36), to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (36), township one hundred fifty-three(153), range forty-one (41), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter line in the center of section twenty-five(25) a distance of forty three hundred and twenty-four(4324) feet where said ditch intersects with a coulee and follows said coulee in a northwesterly direction a distance of six hundred and fifty(650) feet to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 1.

Said branch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty-two(152) range forty(40). Commencing at a point seventeen hundred(1700) feet east and twenty(20) feet south of the section corner between sections six(6) and seven(7) thence running due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the section line between said sections six(6) and seven(7) to a point twenty(20) feet south and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter corner between said sections where said branch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 47.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 2.

Said branch is located within the townships one hundred fifty-two(152) and one hundred fifty-three (153), range forty-one(41). Commencing at a point eighteen hundred and fifty-four(1854) feet south of the southeast corner of section one(1), township one hundred fifty-two(152), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet west of the range line between ranges forty(40) and forty-one (41), to a point twenty(20) feet west and twenty(20) feet south of the north east corner of the north east quarter of section one(1), thence due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the town line to a point twenty(20) feet south of the north west corner of the north east quarter of section one(1) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending in a northwesterly direction over and across the south east quarter of section thirty-six(36) and the north east quarter of said section thirty-six(36) to a point one thousand and fifty(1050) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between section twenty-five(25) and section thirty-six(36), township one hundred fifty-three(153) range forty-one (41), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter line in the center of section thirty-six(36) to a point twenty(20) feet east and twenty(20) feet south of the quarter corner between sections twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (36), where said branch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number 47, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to wit:

Ione O. Rjenstad, Fred L. Ferley, Knut Olson, Gustav Swenson Swen B. Swanson, J. A. Duffy, Thomas C. Rome, Andree Anenson, Fred York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Hoviand, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hylend, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skreland, Mike Kolski, Charles W. Johnson, Clarence Hayford, Oscar E. Lillo, John Quirk, Daniel Sullivan, William G. Hunt, Annie Spokely, Walter McAndress, Kate O'Brien, Charley Clark, Frank Jeffers, Olaf H. Snoback, Even J. Lund, Jerry O'Brien, Annund Knutson, Julius Helvorsen, Andrew M. Johnson, Kettel Vindlos, Sten Jorgenson, Gust B. Tveit, Martin Solum, Andrew T. Myrum, Arne Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Joseph E. O'Toole, Lars E. Ofte, Nils E. Ofte, Edward T. Emmerson, James O'Brien, Township of Deer Park, Township of High Landing, Township of Meyfield, Township of Kratka and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the Ninth day of September, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) 11aug25

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For State Senator.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for senator for the 61st District, unequivocally endorsing the platform adopted by the Republican Convention, June 21st, 1910, and pledge my vote and best effort to legislation that will re-apportion the state justly and fairly and effectively on or before January 1st, 1912, and without regard to the term of office for which I may be elected, should I be the choice of the Republicans of this District and be elected in the General Election in November next.—ALBERT BERG, Spooner, Minnesota.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Red Lake county and solicit your support and your vote at the primary election to be held September 20, 1910.—G. G. KINDSETH.

Bids Wanted.

Bids will be received until 7 o'clock P. M., Saturday, August 20, for the erection of an addition to the school house of School District No. 141, Section 8, in Poplar River Township, Red Lake county. All the material will be delivered on the place. Specification of the building will be furnished by the Clerk on or before said date. Members of the board of education will be at the school house at 7 o'clock P. M on the date named to consider the bids and let contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated August 7, 1910.
MAX PERRAS,
Clerk.
a11-18

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S. S. S. to any who are likewise afflicted.
MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

AN ABSOLUTELY PURE FLOUR

MASCOT

"It's all the wheat that's fit to eat."

Sold by enterprising grocers anywhere.

Always uniform and always pure.

THE GREAT
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
SIX BIG DAYS
SEPT. 5TH TO 10TH 1910
$60,000 IN PREMIUMS
$30,000 RACING PROGRAM
LIBERAL ARTS EXHIBIT IN THE NEW GRANDSTAND AND EXPOSITION BUILDING
MILLER BROS. 101 RANCH WILD WEST
500 PEOPLE AND HORSES
INCREASED CATTLE EXHIBITS
DAILY FLIGHTS OF WRIGHT BROS. & CURTISS AEROPLANES
ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, FLORICULTURAL & INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITS
BEAUTIFUL SPECTACLE
"PAGEANT OF NATIONS"
WITH 1000 PARTICIPANTS
FIRST NORTHWESTERN CORN SHOW
EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.
Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.
Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins Fargo, N. D.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide

Is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Good reliable renter wanted for 480 acre well improved farm. Apply to Mrs. John Sutter.

Northwestern National Life Insurance Company.
Leonard K. Thompson, President, Minneapolis

December 31st, 1909.

Admitted Assets	$ 5,943,204.99
Total Pd Policyholders	8,242,771.06
Insurance in Force	25,026,138.00
Surplus	253,293.55

Record For 1909.

Total Income	$1,526,777.21
Excess of Income over Disbursements	281,297.47
Paid Policyholders and Beneficiaries	909,243.81

FIVE YEARS RECORD
Under Present Management

Paid in Death Claims	$1,807,825.04
Paid to Living Policyholders	1,851,440.35
Total	$3,659,265.89
Increase in Ledger Assets	$2,729,517.26
Surplus Earned	253,293.55

Northwestern National invests every dollar of its income in the West, for the upbuilding of the territory in which it operates.

Over $100,000 loaned by this company in Red Lake County.

Agency at the Merchants State Bank, Red Lake Falls Minn

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District

[illegible], Plaintiff,

vs.

[illegible] Foote Judson, Henry Sheldon [illegible] Mae M. Judson his wife, Frank E. [illegible] Smith, [illegible] & Son, L. K. [illegible] copartners as [illegible] & Son. Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants: [illegible]

LLOYD [illegible], Plaintiff's Attorney, [illegible] St. Paul, Minnesota.

[illegible]

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District

[illegible], Plaintiff,

vs.

[illegible] Foote Judson, Henry Sheldon [illegible] Mae M. Judson his wife, Frank E. [illegible] & Son, L. K. [illegible] copartners as [illegible] & Son. Also all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, interest or lien in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice of Lis Pendens.

[illegible]

LLOYD [illegible], Plaintiff's Attorney, [illegible] St. Paul, Minnesota.

[illegible]

Sheriff's Sale.

[illegible] DISTRICT COURT

[illegible] Plaintiff,

[illegible] Defendant.

[illegible]

LEWIS A. NELSON, Sheriff of Red Lake County, Minn.

[illegible] Red Lake Falls, Minn. June 13th, 1910.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

ESTATE OF A. A. FLETCHER.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. A. Fletcher, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Miles Fletcher, [illegible] Fletcher, [illegible] Fletcher, Lydia F. [illegible] Fletcher, Ernest F. Fletcher, [illegible] Fletcher, Mildred Fletcher and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent: The petition of [illegible] Fletcher having been filed in this Court, representing that A. A. Fletcher, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, [illegible] on the 28th day of April, [illegible] and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Edgar E. Fletcher, of Red Lake Falls, Minn., and the court, having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition: Therefore, You And Each Of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of August 1910, at ten o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this [illegible] day of July 1910.

IRA E. RICHARDSON, Probate Judge.

(SEAL)

A. M. [illegible], Attorney for Petitioner. j28-a18

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Margaret Littig.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Littig, Decedent.

[illegible]

BY THE COURT, IRA E. RICHARDSON, Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible]

Dated July 6th A. D. 1910.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF RED LAKE FALLS, Mortgagee.

Roy E. Haughton, Attorney for Mortgagee. j14-a18

Subscribe For the Gazette.

Notice of Hearing on Petition In Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Marshall } ss District Court, 14th Judicial District

In the Matter of Judicial Ditch No. 25.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Marshall county, State of Minnesota, and that the Judge of said District Court has fixed as the time and place for the preliminary hearing thereon, August 25th, 1910, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court rooms in the court house, in the city of Warren in said county and state.

And notice is hereby given, that said preliminary hearing will be held before said Judge at said time and place, and that a copy of said petition follows this notice.

Dated at Warren, Minnesota, this 20th day of July, A. D. 1910.

J. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.

(SEAL)

PETITION FOR PUBLIC DITCH.

To the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, District Judge, 14th Judicial District, Marshall County, State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, land owners, whose lands will be liable to be affected by or assessed for the expense of the construction of the drainage ditch hereinafter described, would respectfully represent that the public health, convenience and welfare require the establishment and construction of a drainage ditch along the following described route, in the towns of New Solum, Viking and Comstock, in the County of Marshall, State of Minnesota, the towns of Norden and Numedal in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota and the Towns of Helgeland, Brislet, Farley, Sandsville, Higdem, Brandt, Angus, Tabor, [illegible] and [illegible] in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and will also affect lands in the Town of Bray in said Red Lake county, and that the construction of the same would be of public benefit and utility and is further necessary for the reasons that in seasons of high water, the surface water collecting upon the adjoining territory has no adequate means to be carried off and remains upon and adjoining the proposed route for said ditch hereinafter described for long periods, thus causing great damage to lands, public travel and health.

A general description of the proposed starting point, route and terminus of said drainage ditch and branches, is as follows:

Main Ditch—Commencing at a point at or near the center of Section 5, in Township 154, North of Range 43 West, in Marshall county, Minnesota, thence due south and along the quarter line through said section 5 and through section 8 to the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of section 17, in said township and range; thence due west along the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 17 and 18, in said township and Range, thence due west along the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 13, 14, 15 and 16 in Township 154 North, of range 44 west, in the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, to the north east corner of Section 17, in said Township and range, thence due south along the east side of the section line forming the west boundary line of Sections 16, 21 and 28 in said Township and Range; thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 32 and 31, in said Township and range, thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34 and 33 in Township 154 North, of Range 46 west, in Polk county, Minnesota, to junction with the coulee at or near the north west corner of section 33 in said township and Range; thence along the center line of said coulee in a westerly and south westerly direction through sections 33, 32 and 31 in said township and range, thence continuing along the center line of said coulee, in a westerly and south westerly direction through section 36 in Township 154 North, of Range 47 West, to a point at or near the south west corner of section 36, in said Township 154 North, of Range 47 west, to a point at or near the south east corner of section [illegible] said township and range, thence due west and on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 in township 153 North, of Range 47 West; thence continuing due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary line of sections 1 and 2 in Township 153 North, of Range 48 west, to a point at or near the center of the north line of said section 2 where said boundary line intersects with County Ditch No. 7 as an outlet.

Your petitioners further represent and show to the court that the said County Ditch No. 7 is at this time too shallow and narrow to carry off the surface water in the immediate territory thereof, and is wholly inadequate in its present condition to adequately carry the surface water thrown into the same, and that the said ditch will be wholly inadequate to carry off the additional water that will be delivered by the said proposed ditch hereinbefore described, and that your petitioners pray that the said ditch be widened, deepened and straightened sufficiently to adequately carry off the surface water coming into it from the immediate territory thereof, and also and in addition thereto the water furnished by the proposed ditch hereinbefore described.

Your petitioners further pray that said County Ditch No. 7 be deepened, widened and extended as follows: along and on the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 35, 34, 33, 32 and 31, in Township 154 North, of Range 48 West, in said County of Polk, thence continuing along the said ditch and the course thereof and along the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34, 33, 32 and 31, in Township 154 North, of Range 49 West to the south west corner of said last mentioned section, thence due west on the section line forming the south boundary line of sections 36, 35, 34, 33, and 32 in Township 154 North of Range 50 West, to a point where the same intersects with the Red River of the North, as the final outlet.

Your petitioners further pray that if in the judgement of the engineer it would be cheaper or more feasible or beneficial to all parties interested and concerned, that the said engineer be authorized and empowered to continue the said proposed ditch due north from the said south west corner of said section thirty-one in township 154 North, of Range 49 West, and following the course of the said ditch to where the same intersects with Judicial Ditch No. 1, and thence due west to a point where the same may be found to be of sufficient size to form an adequate outlet, and if necessary to the Red River of the North as a final outlet in lieu of the course heretofore described due west from the said southwest corner of section 31, Township 154 North, of Range 49 West to the Red River of the North.

Branch A—Commencing at a point at or about the center of Section 25, in Township 153 North, of Range 45 West, in Polk county, Minnesota, thence due north through said Section 25 and on the quarter line thereof and continuing on the quarter line through sections 24, 13, 12 and 1 in said Township and range to a point on the south side of the north boundary line of said last mentioned section 1, thence due west and on the south side of the north boundary line of said section 1, and of sections 2 and 3, in said Township and Range to a point on the south side of the north boundary line of said last mentioned section where the said line intersects with a coulee at or near the quarter line of said section; thence in a northeasterly direction and along the course of said coulee through section 34 and part of section 33, in Township 154 North, of Range 46 west to a point at or near the northwest corner of said last mentioned section where the said last mentioned coulee joins with the course of a certain coulee the course of which runs in a westerly and southwesterly direction from said northwest corner of said section, and which coulee is more fully described as a part of the description of the course of the main ditch herein, as an outlet for the said "Branch A."

Branch B—Commencing in the north west corner of section 16, in Township 151 North, of Range 45 West, being on the south and east side of the North and West boundary lines of the said section, thence due north on the east side of the west boundary line of section 9, in said township and range to a point on the south and east sides of the section lines forming the north and west boundary lines of said last mentioned section, thence due west on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 8 and 7 in said last mentioned township and range, and continuing due west and on the south side of the section line forming the north boundary of sections 12, 11, 10, 9 and 8, in Township 154 North, of Range 46 West, to a point in the northwest corner of said last mentioned section, South and east of the north and west boundary lines of said last mentioned section; thence due north and on the east side of the section line forming the west boundary of section 5 in said township and range to a point where the same intersects with the coulee running in a westerly and north westerly direction through said last mentioned section as an outlet. It is proposed that a greater portion of the said Branch B will empty into the first mentioned coulee, described as the outlet, and that a portion thereof will empty into the main ditch heretofore described at the point described at the commencement of said Branch B.

And your petitioners further petition and request that if better results can be obtained or greater benefit will accrue to the greater part of the area affected by such proposed ditch, by a different source, course or outlet for such proposed ditch, or any branch thereof, that the engineer appointed herein designate the same and that the court establish the same as designated by such engineer, and that the engineer designate and lay out such lateral ditches as is necessary and that the court establish the same.

And your petitioners further pray that in the order establishing the said ditch it be ordered that the bonds for the said ditch be twenty year bonds, and that the liens for benefits be ordered paid in fifteen annual payments commencing five years after the order establishing the said ditch.

Your petitioners further pray that you will proceed to establish such drainage ditch and cause the same to be constructed as provided by Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905, and amendatory acts.

Dated July 18th, 1910.

Johannes Gjerde
Carl Andersen
Julius J. Olson
Ole Gjerde
Andrew Stark
John Edgar
Hans J. Hanglid
A. L. Rud

j28-a11

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, less of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3864 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is now a summer as well as a winter remedy. It has the same invigorating and strength-producing effect in summer as in winter.

Try it in a little cold milk or water.

ALL DRUGGISTS

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Continued From Page 1.

27th day of June, A. D. 1910 signed by Ole Ommundson and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as County Ditch No. 56 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same has been filed with the county auditor of said county: and said County auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer to-wit: C. H. Martz to make a survey of said ditch.

Now, therefore, we the County Board of said county, at a special session held this day do hereby appoint Gilbert K. Haavi and Joseph Belair, and Alfred Lindquist three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified, in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work and the land damaged or benefitted thereby: and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county and the description to be given in legal form) and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged, as the case may be, the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefitted or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains either in whole or in part any public or corporate road or railroad or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefitted thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

The County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
By C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.

Dated this 5th day of Aug., A. D. 1910.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor.
(County Auditor's seal.)

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of the board of County Commissioners, Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's seal.)

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls Minnesoat.
August 5th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 2:00 o'clock P. M. August 5th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 2:00 o'clock P. P. M.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: one.

Motion made and seconded that bids be opened for the electric wiring of the court house and for the installation of the water system as per plans and specifications on file in the county auditor's office.

Motion carried.

The following bids were opened:

Minnesota Electric Co., wiring court house conduit system	$1220.00
Minnesota Electric Co., wiring court house knob and tube system	900.00
Emil Erickson, wiring court house conduit system	1587.00
Minnesote Electric Co., installing water works plant	1997.00
Chas. Wilkins & Co., wiring court house, knob end tube system, furnishing material, labor and installing water works plant, both as per specifications on file	2720.00

Motion made by Commissionor Demann, duly seconded by Commmissioner Pigeon that the bid of Chas. Wilkins & Co., for the wiring and the water works plant for the court house now under construction be accepted.

Motian carried unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by comissioner Demann who moved its adaption, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon:

Whereas this Board is satisfied that by the installation of a system of temperaturo regulation in the county court house that said building can be heated more economically thun otherwise;

And, Whereas, Chas. Wilkins & Co. havo offered to install the Johnson system of temperaturo regulation complete in all respects in the basement, first and second floors af said building, and without additional expense instruct as to the workings af said system, give personal attention from time to time for to heating seasons as to the workings of said system, guerantee the said system in all respects far a period of five years and furnish surety bond in the full amount of the contract price covering the above, all for the sum of $1150.00,

Therefore, be it resolved, that we accept said bid far said work and payments ta be made to the contractar an architect's certificates the same es in the contract for the wiring end water works plant this day awarded them.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

No Commissioaers voted nay.

Thereupon the Chairman declared the said resolution duly adopted.

On motion duly carried the hearing on the application of Alphonse Paquin for a license ta sell intoxicating liquors in a certain building located about 200 feet west of the North East corner af the North West Quarter of Sec. 15-150-41 was postponed until 1:00 o'clock P. M. September 9th, 1910.

On motion duly carried the bid of the Minnesota Loan & Trust Co., for $59,000.00 of Ditch Bonds, they to pay $59,000.00 for said issue, interest et 5½ per cent payable semi-annually, principal and interest payable in the Twin Cities or Chicaga, bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000 to be duted when issued, and to be due end payable either 1-20 of the total sum each year for 20 years, ar one quarter due in five yeers and one quarter due in ten years, one quarter due in fifteen years and ane quarter due in tweaty years, was accepted.

Resolved that the sum of $50.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road end bridge fund to aid the town of Red Lake Fnlls in the grading of n highwny between sections 29 and 30 in the said town, conditioned that the said town expend at least double the amount of this appropriation on said work.

Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	$ 75.70
Michel Pinsonault, 3 days janitor teacher's exam	7.50
Fremont D. Orff, per diem and exp court house inspection	25.70
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs Sundeen	2.08
Lewis A. Nelson, Turnkey wages month of July	62.00
Lewis A. Nelson, Board of prisoners month of July	58.80
Knute Koistad, rent of surveyor's office July	5.00
Martin McAndress, 3 days as chainman ditch No. 24	6.00
Martin McAndress, 3 days as chainman ditch No. 31	6.00
Martin McAndress, 1 day as chainman ditch No. 38	2.00
Martin McAndress, 2 days as chainman ditch No. 43	4.00
Martin McAndress, 5 days as chainman ditch No. 47	10.00
Martin McAndress, 3 days as chainman ditch No. 51	6.00
Martin McAndress, 3 days as chainman ditch no. 54	6.00
James Walker, 3 days as chainman ditch no. 24	6.00
James Walker, 1 day as chainman ditch no. 46	2.00
James Walker, 5 days as chainman ditch no. 47	10.00
James Walker, 3 days as chainman ditch no. 54	6.00
Arthur Hall, 1 day as rodman ditch no. 10	2.50
Arthur Hall, 1 day as rodman ditch no. 24	2.50
Arthur Hall, 3 days as rodman ditch no. 31	7.50
Arthur Hall, 1 day as rodman ditch no. 38	2.50
Arthur Hall, 2 days as rodman ditch no. 43	5.00
Arthur Hall, 1 day as rodman ditch no. 47	2.50
Arthur Hall, 3 days as rodman ditch no. 51	7.50
Arthur Hall, 3 days as rodman ditch no. 54	7.50
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 3 notices and mileage ditch no. 56	7.10
Gilbert K. Haavi, 2 days and exps. final hearing ditch no. 50	8.72
Otto Zaiser, 7 days as viewer and exps. ditch no. 47	28.72
Dan Latendresse, 1 day and exps. final hearing ditch no. 49	4.00
Alfred Lindquist, 2 days final hearing and exps. ditch no. 50	8.42
R. H. Bourdon, livery for viewers ditch no. 48	4.00
John T. Coao, installing two culverts ditch no. 35	30.00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage meet Aug. 5, 1910, ditch No. 56	6.60
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage meet Aug. 5, 1910 ditch no. 56	4.40
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage meet Aug. 5, 1910 ditch No. 56	6.00
Joseph Johoson, per diem and mileage meet Aug. 5, 1910 ditch no. 56	7.00
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage meet Aug. 5, 1910 ditch no. 56	6.20

On motion duly carried the following bill was rejected:

Free Press Printing Co., additional charge for levy record	$4.50

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairmen,
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minn.,

Attest: A. A. Latendresse,
County Auditor end Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditar's Seal.)

Bids Wanted for Vault Fixtures

Sealed bids are invited for the furnishing and installation of the tables and steel fixtures for the vaults in the County court house at Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn. Plans and specifications may also be seen at the office of the arhitect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

The county board of said county will meet at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 1:00 o'clock P. M., September 9th, 1910, to open end consider such bids as shall be submitted and to award the contract for same. All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of the meeting and must state when the job will be completed. Court house will be ready for occupancy on or about November 1st, 1910.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite other bids. A certified check in the amount of not less than $250, payable to the order of the County Auditor must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., August 8th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.

(County Auditar's Seal.) a11-25

LAMBERT.

Miss Beraadette Dery returned home last Saturday after five month's absense.

Little Arstide Paquia died of diptheria Saturday morning.

A jolly crowd spent Sunday avening at the H. Dery home.

N. Leblanc and family from Gully are visiting here for a few days.

Miss Georgiana Delairo is working at the Anton Boucher home for a few weeks.

Miss Rebecca Lefivre is visiting here with her parents for a couple weeks.

Joe Fulurdeau made a business trip to McIntosh last Monday.

Omer and Albert Bergeron spent Sunday evening at the Alex Bergeron home.

Miss Emma Sovey from Terrebonne visited here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Robideau went to McIntosh Saturdey.

A class of about 35 made their first communion Sundry.

Hermidas Parenteau left last week for his home in Terrebonne after a two month's employment at cheese making at Abraham Paquin's.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

BLACK RIVER.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Swanson from Clearbrook, Wash., arrived on Aug. 7 at the home of Peter Swanson for an extended visit with friends and relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. Swanson is a brother of Peter Swanson and a former resident of Black River having left with his family for Washington 8 years ago.

They express themselves as surprised but well pleased with northwestern Minnesota despita the western reports in regard to crop failures, drought and terrific heat.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Wilson L. Barclay and Edith M Barclay, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real estate, situate in the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section two; the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section three; the east one half of the northeast quarter of section nine, the southeast quarter of section nine; the south one half of section ten; the west one half of the west one half of section eleven, the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section eleven; the north one half of section fifteen; and the north one half of the south one half of section fifteen; all in township one hundred fifty-two, north range forty-three, west of the fifth principal meridian and containing thirteen hundred twenty acres according to government survey.

Which said mortgage bears date July 7, 1904, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake county, July 15, 1904, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in Book 14 of Mortgages at page 395, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of seventeen thousand forty-two dollars and sixty-five cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said property will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the sheriff of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, in the state of Minnesota, on Friday September 23, 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the cost of foreclosure thereof including an attorney's fee of two hundred dollars therein provided for in case of foreclosure thereof.

Dated August 11, 1910.

PETER KIENE,
Mortgagee.

James E. Markham,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
1019 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

a11-s15

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT

is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE

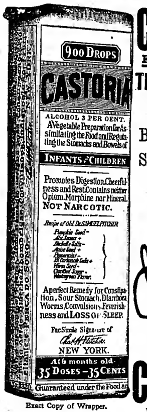
403 7th St. South. Department T.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1910 at 2 o'clock P. M., of that day, at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, in the court house, in the city of Warren in said county, the county auditors of Marshall and Red Lake counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 18 of Marshall and Red Lake counties, together with branches thereof, shown in the engineer's report all as established by order of the Judge of the District court of Marshall county, Minnesota. Sealed bids will be received at the said time for the work as one job, or for one or more of linear sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said engineer's report. No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent, the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a State or National Bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren, auditor of Marshall county and A. A. Latendresse auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, said certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law. The estimates, profile, blue-prints and specifications and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the Clerk of District Court of said Marshall County, Minnesota, in the city of Warren in said County.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such ditch is as follows:—

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch and branches is 385,467 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $38,846.70 and for leveling roads $4,555.84.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. G. LUNDGREN,
County Auditor, Marshall county, Minn.

(Auditor's Seal.) a4-18

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

State of Minnesota,
County of Red Lake, } SS
City of Red Lake Falls,

Notice is Hereby Given, That applications have been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Red Lake Falls and filed in my office, praying for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors for the term commancing on August 6th, 1910, and terminating on August 5th, 1911, by the following persons at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

Latendresse Bros.

In that certain frame building situate upon Lot 18 of Block 7 in Champaigne & Dow's Addition to Red Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Red Lake Falls at the City Hall in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., in Red Lake County, and State of Minnesota, on Thursday the 18th day of August A. D. 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of the City of Red Lake Falls this 27th day of July, A. D. 1910.

(Seal) JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

j28-a11

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings.

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given, That on the 30th day of August A. D. 1910 at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the office of the County Auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, in the court house in the city of Warren in said county the county auditors of Marshall and Red Lake counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 13 of Marshall and Red Lake counties, together with the branches thereof, shown in the Engineer's report all as established by order of the Judge of the District Court of Marshall county, Minnesota. Sealed bids will be received at the said time for the work as one job, or for one or more of the linear sections of One Hundred feet thereof, as shown by the Engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said Engineer's report. No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent, the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a State or National Bank for not less that ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren Auditor of Marshall County and A. A. Latendresse Auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota said certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law.

The estimates, profile, blue-prints and specifications and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the Clerk of District court of said Marshall county, Minnesota, in the city of Warren in said county.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of said Ditch is as follows:—

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch and branches is 512,561 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $51,250.10 and for leveling roads $6,407.40.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. G. LUNDGREN,
County Auditor, Marshall county, Minn.

(County Auditor's Seal.) a4-18

Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co.

66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

TELEPHONE 19

OLD RELIABLE
HARNESS SHOP

Harness, Saddlery, Blankets and Whips

L. A. KAUFER, PROP.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B.A. hall, Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brom[illegible]et, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findalsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. J. Trechart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

LYLE

CULVERTS

MADE FROM

AMERICAN INGOT IRON PLATES

ARE

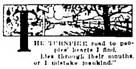
RUST PROOF

GET THE GENUINE CATALOGUE FREE
WE SELL WELL CASING AND TILE OUTLETS

LYLE CORRUGATED CULVERT CO.

LYLE MINN. MINNEAPOLIS MINN.

The KITCHEN CABINET



"THE TURNPIKE road to peoples' hearts I find,
Lies through their mouths, or I mistake mankind."

Grape Fruit.

Grape fruit owing to its bitter principle was on its first introduction more of a curiosity than an epicurean delight. It is a fruit, however, that grows upon one. It is now generally accepted as a wholesome fruit valuable also for its medicinal virtues.

Owing to the high price of grape fruit it is not as commonly used as the orange. The most universal manner of serving grape fruit is to cut in halves and eat with a spoon. Served after standing on ice with a little sugar added there is no more appetizing breakfast fruit to serve.

Grape Fruit Ice.

Extract the juice from three or four grape fruit. Boil the rind in a quart of boiling water for 15 minutes. Make a syrup of two cupfuls of sugar and one of water and the juice of one lemon, cook until thick, add the water that the peeling was cooked in to the fruit juice and freeze.

Grape Fruit Sherbet.

Extract the juice from the desired number of grape fruit and add about two-thirds of a cupful of sugar and one-third of a cup of water for each medium sized fruit. Dissolve a tablespoonful of gelatine for six grape fruit. Boil the juice and sugar five minutes, add the dissolved gelatine and freeze. When half frozen add the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Serve with a preserved cherry on each dish.

Household Hints.

Clean mirrors with a damp cloth dipped in alcohol.

In the spring when apples grow tasteless add a little rhubarb to the sauce to give it a fresh taste.

Freshen a carpet by wiping with a cloth dipped in alum water, using one tablespoonful of powdered alum to six quarts of warm water.

Matting is freshened by washing in salt water. A tablespoonful of salt to six quarts of water.

Save the tea leaves from the tea pot to use on the carpet when sweeping.

Maple Custard.

Beat five eggs until well mixed, add half a cup of maple syrup, a dash of salt and three cupfuls of milk. Pour into a dish or mold. Set the mold in a dish on a folded newspaper or trivet, pour boiling water around and bake until the custard is firm. Serve cold.

"CONVERSATION is but carving.
Give no more to every guest
Than he's able to digest
Carve to all but just enough,
Let them neither starve nor stuff."
—Walter Scott.

Fish Chowder.

A delicious fish chowder may be made of any of our fresh water fish. Clean and boil them, removing the bones and skin, then shred the fish and add to the other ingredients prepared as follows: Fry out a piece of fat salt pork (half a pound, cut in dice), add half a dozen potatoes, sliced three onions and sufficient water to cover, cook until the vegetables are tender, add a quart of milk, half a dozen large crackers, butter and salt to taste. Serve hot.

It seems too bad that people living inland should not enjoy the fish chowders of the seashore; the fresh fish may take the place of the salt water fish and make a dish very little inferior to the coast chowders.

Date Pie.

Line a pastry plate with crust and cover the bottom well with well-washed dates from which the stones have been removed. Add a cupful of milk, a dash of salt, a grating of nutmeg and one egg well beaten, bits of butter dotted over the top and a quarter of a cupful of sugar. Bake in a slow oven until set.

Household Hints.

Rub the lumps of sugar to be used in hot tea or iced tea with lemon peel and you have a delicately flavored sugar which adds to the tea.

Equal parts of baking soda and salt dissolved in water and well rubbed in will relieve the pain caused by bites of insects.

Breakfast Hash.

Prepare any hash of meat and potatoes finely chopped and well seasoned, make a nest for each individual and in it place a nicely poached egg, sprinkle with salt, dot with butter and serve. A poached egg is much better in appearance if dropped into a greased muffin ring in the pan of water. Then remove with a skimmer.

Fricatelli.

Chop raw fresh pork very fine, add a little salt, pepper and two small onions chopped fine, half as much bread as there is meat, soaked until soft, and two beaten eggs. Mix well and make into patties, fry like oysters. Serve with slices of lemon.

"WHO TOILS in faith and knows not fear
Shall live to find his cross some day
Supported all along the way
By angels who are walking near."
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Care of Furs.

Furs are needed nearly the year around in our uncertain climate and many women do not put them away at all.

Furs that are often used need constant watchfulness and frequent sunning and airing. They should be kept in air-tight bags and hung where they will not be forgotten.

Very heavy long coats and furs, rugs and wraps should be sent to a professional packer. These firms keep them in cold storage and are carefully preserved from moths. Such furs should be carefully tagged, so that no exchange will be made. Where furs are packed at home, as most furs are, they should be well cleaned before putting away. A soiled spot is often the nesting place for moths. Rub dry bran or cornmeal into the durable furs and powdered magnesia into sable, ermine and chinchilla. When very dirty, meal may be mixed with gasoline before using. Do not rub too vigorously. Never hang on a line and beat, as such treatment will soon torn skins.

In brushing use a stiff brush, parting the hair evenly and getting at the felt. To remove any cleaning meal a man's hat brush is good.

Sun and air furs for several days before packing away. Brush with the nap of the fur. Small furs if wrapped in newspaper are well protected, as moths dislike the printer's ink. After wrapping in paper tie up in a thick cotton bag; a pillow case makes a good bag. A few cedar twigs put into the top of the bag or cedar chips may be used, but many successful furriers use no preservatives when using this method.

Washing Flannels.

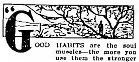
Do not leave woolen garments lying about wet; it causes them to shrink.

Avoid extremes of heat and cold. Warm water is the best.

Do not dry the flannels in the sun or in front of a fire; they should not be allowed to steam.

Melt the soap to make a lather; never rub soap on flannel.

Squeeze the articles gently between the hands, but do not rub them; turn and repeat until clean. Rinse in water of the same temperature. Pass through a wringer. Dry in the open air.



"GOOD HABITS are the soul muscles—the more you use them the stronger they grow."

Talent develops itself in solitude, character, in stream of life.
—Goethe.

Laundry Notes.

To preserve color in ginghams, soak them in a pail of water to which add a tablespoonful of kerosene an hour before washing.

To bring back the pink into a faded dress, use dark red crepe paper in the rinsing water and a little of the color in the starch, using care to strain the pulp of the paper out of the water. A dress will bear another washing before it will need to be dipped again.

Home Remedies.

Take common rock salt, dry in an oven and mix with spirits of turpentine in equal parts, put it into a rag and wrap it around the felon. As it drys put on more and in twenty-four hours the felon is cured.

For cold on the chest, wring out a flannel from hot water, sprinkle with turpentine and lay on the chest. Lard and turpentine in equal parts rubbed on the chest is also a fine remedy for a cold.

Sandwich Filling.

A very simple but good filling for sandwiches is made by chopping fine two hard-cooked eggs, add two tablespoonfuls of melted butter with a few drops of onion juice and season well with salt and pepper.

A bit of chopped olives with fried bacon minced fine makes a very appetizing sandwich filling.

Nellie Maxwell.

Contrary Discipline.

First Maid—My master is the contrarist of men.

Second Ditto—How do you mean?

First Maid—The other day he came home and found missus dressing up. What do you think he did?

Second Ditto—What did he do?

First Maid—Gave her a dressing down.

Latest Claim to Fame.

Little Willie—Say, pa, who was it that invented sleep?

Pa—I'm not sure, my son, but I think it was William Penn. Anyway, he founded Philadelphia.

A Stag Dinner.

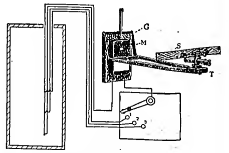
At a stag dinner given last year by a young woman for her husband and brother the decorations were so original as to be worth repeating here. In the center of the round table was placed a large cut glass tobacco jar filled with loose tobacco. On top of this was a little bisque doll dressed like a ballet dancer, with spreading skirts.

A circle of small playing cards was arranged to form a centerpiece, and from this radiated a row of cards to each plate, forming a wheel.

Corncob pipes were stacked at each corner of the table, and at each cover were tiny beer steins and little sample bottles of wine as souvenirs. The menu was a substantial one, such as men like. It consisted of bouillon, thick sirloin steak, with French fried potatoes, string beans, endive salad with Camembert cheese and wafers, a frozen fruit pudding and black coffee. This is an easy dinner to prepare and serve even without a maid.

APPARATUS FOR TESTING TEMPERATURE OF GRAIN

Heat Is Not Uncommon in Bins and When Elevator Man Can Locate It Many Dollars Can be Saved—How Done.



Apparatus for Testing Grain Temperature.

Grain stored in one large bin will often heat. A good many dollars would be saved if the temperature down in the grain could be known at any time. This has been made possible by the Zeleny thermometer, says Popular Electricity. About 90 years ago it was found that two metals, such as bismuth and antimony, if heated while in contact would generate an electromotive force and this principle, that of the thermo-electric pile, is used in this device.

In the illustration one wire of nickel-copper is run in a conduit for protection down into a bin represented at the left. At various points taps are taken off with copper wire. An ordinary galvanometer and scale is placed on the wall near a contact board on which the wires terminate. When the lever is in the position shown, all the circuits are open and the scale (S) is moved so that on looking through the telescope the scale is shown by reflection from the little mirror in the galvanometer. Then the lever is moved over to point (1), for instance, this places the galvanometer in circuit with one of the thermo-electric junctions down in the bin. A slight current will then flow through the galvanometer due to the heating of the junction and will deflect the galvanometer mirror so that the scale as you look through the telescope will appear to move over. The distance which it moves indicates the temperature of the junction, as the scale is calibrated to read in temperatures.

Silo Corn.

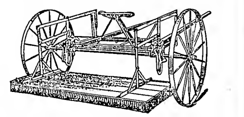
If for the silo the large growing kinds of corn that will mature sufficiently early are to be preferred, as a much greater amount can be grown on an acre, and the process of siloing will put the crop in excellent condition for feeding; but such are not usually the best for curing to feed dry, as there is a liability of being too much waste.

This crop should not be planted too thickly, but space allowed for air and sun, and a fair amount of ears will add materially to the value of the fodder. Plant in rows sufficiently far apart to admit of cultivation which should be the same as for that grown for the grain.

Cost of High-Grade Fertilizers.

Fertilizers of high agricultural value cost no more to bag, freight and handle than those of low agricultural value. It pays to buy and use the best fertilizers, that is, those possessing a high agricultural value, as results of their use show up not only on the first crops but on the crops following. They save freight, money, time, wear and tear on wagons, horses and drills, much disappointment and financial loss.

SUBSTITUTE FOR BUMBLE BEE



The implement here illustrated is a mechanical substitute for a bumblebee, and its purpose is to cross-pollenize clover.

The machine consists of a platform, the under side of which is covered with a myriad of minute fibrous fingers arranged like the bristles of a brush, says Popular Mechanics. The end of each fiber is covered with a rubber-like substance to which the pollen of the clover will cling.

When driven across a field, the platform, or frame, moves up and down, the little fingers reaching down into the heads of the clover. All that is required of the operator of the machine is to know when the pollen is in the proper state to be carried from one blossom to another by the machine.

The clover pollen, unlike that of most plants, is heavy and has a tendency to adhere to the heart of the blossom. The period in which the pollen can be carried from one blossom to another lasts not longer than two or three weeks. Consequently, it would take a vast army of bumblebees to carry the pollen from every head of clover to some other head, even in a small field. The pollen cannot be carried by the wind, and the bumblebees are disappearing, therefore, a machine to do the bumblebee's work is necessary.

Boom in Beet Sugar.

Beet sugar factories are now in successful operation in 16 states, Colorado, California and Michigan being the leaders in the order named. The largest of the factories handles three thousand tons of beets per day. They pay the growers $5.35 per ton and the acreage has increased to eight times the area of ten years ago. The business seems to be profitable for the growers and improves the market value of farm lands in the neighborhood of the factories. The by-products, pulp and molasses, are fed to stock, increasing the amount of cattle kept and fed in the factory districts.

Good Farming.

How many farmers know that air is as necessary to the soil as water.

A good farmer hangs out his sign in the shape of a silo or manure spreader.

It is not bad judgment for a hustling young farmer to go into debt for the farm machinery he actually needs, provided he takes care of it.

GOOD FARMING IS PROFITABLE

How Three Men and a Boy Operate Successfully 160-Acre Farm —Find Time to Give Neighbor a Lift.

(By A HIRED MAN.)

The owner of our farm and another man besides myself and a sixteen-year-old boy as chore boy and messenger, farm 160 acres of land and farm it right too. In the spring we put four good horses on a riding plow or three on the big disk and keep them hustling along. We harrow mostly with four horses, because in this way one man and the team can cover nearly as much ground as two men and two teams. We hitch two horses to the drill and always use a two-horse riding cultivator for the corn.

When haying time comes we use a hay loader and a side delivery rake and the hay fork with the horse on the end of the rope makes the job comparatively easy.

Sometimes we help out a neighbor and he gives us a lift later. I notice that the boss always takes care of his own hay and grain first before he works out any trade. Somehow, he seems to be always a little ahead of our neighbors so that this arrangement works well. Our grain is always stacked, although some of our neighbors thresh right out of the field. This saves time, but our boss seems to think that wheat that goes through a sweat in the stack keeps better in storage. Our threshing is done by a man with his own machine and crew. So completely does the thresher men take this job off our hands that frequently only one man is left to our crew to check up the work done, while the other two are at work on another part of the farm.

Prevents Potatoes Sprouting.

Consul General Richard Guenther, at Frankfort, reports that a German publication, the Practical Adviser in Fruit Raising and Gardening, states that a new method for keeping potatoes and preventing sprouting consists in placing them on a layer of coke. Doctor Schiller of Brunswick, who has published the method, is of the opinion that the improved ventilation by means of coke is not alone responsible for the result, but believes that it is due to the oxidation of the coke, which, however, is a very slow one. Coke always contains sulphur, and it is very possible that the minute quantities of oxides of carbon and sulphur, which result from the oxidation, mixing with the air and penetrating among the potatoes, are sufficient greatly to retard sprouting. Potatoes so treated are said to keep in good condition until the following July.

Ingredients of Best Fertilizers.

The highest agricultural value in fertilizers is found in those that are manufactured mainly from animal matter, such as animal bone, dried blood, animal tankage, nitrate of soda and high-grade potash salts.

Guinea Fowls Protect Flocks.

I like the white guinea fowl because it is not so wild as the other kinds I have had, says a writer in Baltimore American. The hens lay nearer our homes and sometimes even in the henhouses.

Gapes have been prevented and cured by using oil of sassafras. Place a few drops in the food for prevention, and for a cure drop down the windpipe with a medical dropper. Put it on the head and under the wings for lice.

GATHERED SMILES

DECLARED OFF.

"When can you spare the time for our marriage, Marion?" the betrothed man asked.

The woman consulted her engagement book. "Three o'clock next Friday afternoon," she replied.

"Oh, that will be out of the question," he cried protestingly. "There's a special meeting of the Glitter Gold company that I must attend at that time."

"Well, it's the only time I have," she told him with an air of easy resignation. "Every other hour for the next two years is filled up."

The man jerked his shoulder irritably. "I guess we'll have to call our little matter off, then," he said.

"It seems to be inevitable," she agreed, indifferently.

And so they parted, for with some people marriage is but an incident, and an incident is, of course, too trivial to deserve the sacrifice of an event.

Interested Them.

"I have here," says the inventor to the capitalists, "two plans for radical changes in sleeping cars."

"Yes?" murmurs the capitalists.

"This plan increases the space given to each passenger and makes the berth much more comfortable by—"

"Can't consider it."

"Well, the second plan makes the car uncomfortable, but it enables it to carry half as many more passengers, and—"

"Give us the complete details, with estimates of cost."—Life.

Reason For Doubt.

The obese party with the big diamond in his tie claimed to be a self-made man and a millionaire.

"But," we asked, "were you not happier when you were earning $1.15 a day by the sweat of your brow?"

"No," he answered, "I am happier now than at any previous stage of the game."

Thus were we led to doubt the millionaire portion of the claim.

More Frenzied Finance.

Bleeker—I don't see why our government should tax the people or need a tariff. It has exclusive control of the greatest money making business on earth.

Meeker—Referring to the mint?

Bleeker—No. The stamps we pay 2 cents apiece for cost the government only 7 cents a thousand.

BETTER.

The Bricklayer's Wife—Dreaming, eh? I suppose you were building castles in the air.

The Bricklayer—No. I'm mending chimneys of castles in the air.

How He Won Her.

Said she: "Through life I'll walk alone,
In sunshine and stormy weather,"
But he bought an aeroplane next day—
And now they are flying together.

Out of Season.

"Dese pure-food guys make me tired," muttered Micky Jones, as he looked over the newspaper.

"What's de trouble, kiddo?" asked his chum.

"Why, in de winter monthe dey always get off dat gag about ice cream being adulterated an' unhealthy. Why don't dey spring it in de summer when de goils are negging yer every hour to treat?"

All in the Game.

Edyth—Have you heard the latest?

Meyme—Don't know. Let's hear it.

Edyth—Fred says his father threatens to disinherit him if he marries me.

Mayme—Fudge! That's merely a bluff to make you think his father has money.

Flaw in the Theory.

"Every girl," remarked the fussy old bachelor, "should learn her father's business and thus become independent."

"Oh, I don't know," replied the fair maid. "My father is—er—a telegraph lineman."

Not Fit to Print.

"I suppose a man who plays on a trombone calls himself a trombonist?"

"I believe so. Other people call him various names."

Success in Medicine.

First Young Doctor—When will you be able to get married?

Second Young Doctor—I'm waiting now for only three operations more.
—Life

THE HERO.

The greatest hero of them all
Is not the man behind the gun
Nor he that scales a flaming wall
To rescue some weak, helpless one;
He does not lead the rescue where
The ship is fast upon a rock,
Nor does he navigate the air—
He's playing leads in summer stock.

The maidens gaze at him and sigh,
He is the envy of the boys;
His step is proud, his head is high,
He is the loudest, sweetest noise;
There is no other in his class,
He struts like any turkey cock;
The kiddies run to see him pass—
He's playing leads in summer stock.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.

Good Fishing.

K. M. Whorry was telling some friends about a proposed fishing trip to a lake in Colorado he had in contemplation.

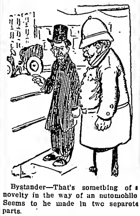
"Are there any trout out there?" asked one friend.

"Thousands of 'em,' replied Mr Wharry.

"Will they bite easily?" asked another friend.

"Will they?" said Mr. Wharry. "Why they're absolutely vicious. A man has to hide behind a tree to bait a hook."

BROKE IN HALF.



Bystander—That's something of a novelty in the way of an automobile Seems to be made in two separate parts.

The Copper—It ain't made that way. The guy that owns it just ran into a trolley car.

As It Might Have Been.

King Richard had been sorely tried—
Richmond gave him many a pain;
Then he got mad and loudly cried:
"My kingdom for an aeroplane!"

What He Required.

"Why don't you go to work?" asked the kind lady.

"I would, ma'am," replied the husky hobo, "ef I hod de material and de tools."

"What tools and material do you require?" queried the k. l.

"A knife an' fork an' some food," answered the h. h.

Too Small for Use.

"Man," remarked the student of unnatural history, "is the only animal that uses a handkerchief."

"Then," rejoined the thoughtful thinker, "it is just as I suspected."

"How is that?" queried the student.

"A woman's handkerchiefs are only for show," answered the t. t.

As Amended.

"The man who trusts another educates him," remarked the generator of near-philosophy.

"You have said it," rejoined the student of human nature. "And the more trusting he does the more he will add to his own stock of knowledge."

Stabbed.

"I never leave my mirror until I am perfectly satisfied with my appearance.'

"You're easily satisfied, or you'd never leave it."

SHE HAD EATEN SOME ONCE.

Prospective Employer—Can you cook on the chafing dish?

Cook—No, ma'am.

Prospective Employer—Then I'l give you a dollar more a week.

Still in the Running.

Great Caesar crossed the Rubicon,
A rived small, though wet,
Great Caesar now is dead and gone—
But the Rubicon's there yet.

Made a Difference.

Little Willie—What is logic, pa?

Pa—Logic, my son, is your line of argument in a controversy.

Little Willie—And what is sophistry?

Pa—The other fellow's.

BROOD MARES FOR PROFIT.

It is now costing the farmer about $90.00 a year to support a horse in Minnesota, according the statistics carefully kept at the Experiment Station. The necessity is apparent for the farmer to get into methods of handling his horses so they will return a profit, in addition to the work they do, "to pay for their board." It has been suggested by the secretary of the Minnesota Stallion Registration Board that the present average farm horses be at once converted into high class brood mares capable of raising a colt annually. The geldings should be sold to people whose business will keep them busy throughout the year and pay their owners a profit. Colts of high class brood mares will sell at the end of the second or third year for a sum sufficient to give the farmer a fair profit on his mare, while her labor will have paid him part of the cost of keeping through the idle season. The farmer needs a horse that will pay him a profit every day in the year.

Knock and the world will join in the anvil chorus.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

If there is plenty of room at the top, why do people who get there continue to fall off?

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Be true to the best of yourself, fearing and desiring nothing, but living up to your best nature—then you will be happy.—Marcus Aurelius.

Initials.

"What are Mr. Wise's initials?"

"Can't say. He has been taking so many college degrees that nobody can keep track of them."

Enough Provocation.

Patience—Does she know any songs without words?

Patrice—No, whenever she sings it's certain to bring on words.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

As He Remembered It.

"Johnnie, what did the minister preach about today?"

"It was about something that stings like an adder and bites like a multiplier."

A Dreamer.

"You say your boy Josh is a dreamer?" said the literary lady. "Does he write poetry or romances?"

"Oh," replied Farmer Corntossel, "he don't write anything. But he jes' natcherelly refuses to get up till 9 o'clock."

Diagnosis.

"Do you see that man going along with his head in the air, sniffing with his nose?"

"Yes, I know him."

"I suppose he believes in taking in the good, pure ozone."

"No; he's hunting for a motor garage, I believe."—Tit-Bits.

Caught Too Quick.

"I pleads guilty fer stealin' dem melons, jedge," said the prisoner, "but I wants de mercy er de court."

"On what grounds?" asked the judge.

"On dese grounds," replied the prisoner: "I stole de melons, but de sheriff didn't give me a chance to eat 'em!"—Atlanta Constitution.

The Home of the Cod.

There is just one other great cod bank in the world besides those off Newfoundland. It lies off Cape Agulhas, which is the southern tip of Africa, and south of the Cape of Good Hope. The Agulhas plateau is said to be almost a duplicate in size and richness of the north cod banks. But this is too far off, so there is little promise of its appeasing the hungry appetite of the world for cod.

How He Kept the Law.

"I noticed," said the friend-who-could-be-trusted, after a trip through the factory where preserves are made, "that a white powder is first put in the cans, and that the preserves are then put in the white powder."

"Yes," explained the proprietor to the friend-who-could-be-trusted, "that white powder is a preservative. You see we are compelled to put the preserves in a preservative because an idiotic requirement of the government makes it unlawful for us to put a preservative in the preserves."

Silenced the Critic.

Charles Sumner, when in London, gave a ready reply. At a dinner given in his honor, he spoke of "the ashes" of some dead hero. "Ashes! What American English!" rudely broke in an Englishman; "dust you mean, Mr. Sumner. We don't burn our dead in this country." "Yet," instantly replied Mr. Sumner, with a courteous smile, "your poet Gray tells us that 'Even in our ashes live their wonted fires.'" The American was not criticized again that evening.

A Knowing Girl.

When young Lord Stanleigh came to visit an American family, the mistress told the servants that in addressing him they should always say "Your Grace." When the young gentleman one morning met one of the pretty house servants in the hallway and told her that she was so attractive looking he thought he would kiss her, she demurely replied, clasping her hands on her bosom and looking up into his face with a beatific expression, "O Lord, for this blessing we are about to receive, we thank thee."—Lippincott's.

There's vitality, snap and "go"
In a breakfast of
Grape-Nuts
and cream,
Why?
Because nature stores up
In wheat and barley
The Potassium Phosphate
In such form as to
Nourish brain and nerves.
The food expert who originated
Grape-Nuts
Retained this valuable
Element in the food.
"There's a Reason"
Read the famous little book,
"The Road to Wellville,"
Found in Packages.

POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY, Limited,
Battle Creek, Michigan.

DESERVED IT.

Rastus—Playin' poker hands las' night I accidentally threw five aces.

Sambo—What did de odders do?

Rastus—Threw me outer de winder.

EPIDEMIC OF ITCH IN WELSH VILLAGE

"In Dowlais, South Wales, about fifteen years ago, families were stricken wholesale by a disease known as the itch. Believe me, it is the most terrible disease of its kind that I know of, as it itches all through your body and makes your life an inferno. Sleep is out of the question and you feel as if a million mosquitoes were stinging you at the same time. I know a dozen families that were so affected.

"The doctors did their best, but their remedies were of no avail whatever. Then the families tried a druggist who was noted far and wide for his remarkable cures. People came to him from all parts of the country for treatment, but his medicine made matters still worse. As a last resort they were advised by a friend to use the Cuticura Remedies. I am glad to tell you that after a few days' treatment with Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent the effect was wonderful and the result was a perfect cure in all cases.

"I may add that my three brothers, three sisters, myself and all our families have been users of the Cuticura Remedies for fifteen years. Thomas Hugh, [illegible] West Huron St., Chicago, Ill., June 25, 19[illegible]."

Tit for Tat.

Being of a literary turn and having [illegible], both Mr. and Mrs. Glippins contributed special articles occasionally to two different newspapers in the town where they resided. One day Mr. Glippins picked up a paper his wife had just finished, and proceeded to look it over.

"That's very good, Bertha," he said, after completing his inspection, "but I see you use the phrase, 'well known fact.' I wouldn't do that."

"Why not?" she asked.

"Well, if a thing is well known, why mention it?"

His wife said nothing in rejoinder at the time, but a few days later, while reading one of his articles in print, she found something to criticize.

"Horace," she said, "I am surprised to see you using the phrase, 'self-evident.'"

"What's the matter with that?"

"Why, if a thing is self-evident, what is the use of calling attention to it?"

Horace looked at her sharply over his glasses, but made no verbal reply.—Youth's Companion.

The Deacon's Parable.

A self-conscious and egotistical young clergyman was supplying the pulpit of a country church. After the service he asked one of the deacons, a direct, plain-spoken man, what he thought of his morning effort.

"Wal," answered the old man, slowly, "I'll tell ye in a kind of parable. I remember Tunk Weatherbee's first deer hunt, when he was green. He picked the deer's tracks all right, but he followed 'em all day in the wrong direction."—Housekeeper.

Advice.

"Father," queried Bob, just home from college, "you've worked for me pretty hard nearly all my life, haven't you?"

"That's right, quite right, son," said father, retrospectively.

"Well, sir," returned Bob, briskly, "I think you had better get busy and work for yourself a bit—eh, dad?"—Life.

The Modern Idea.

"And you don't love him?"

"No."

"Then why marry him?"

"Oh, I might as well. Every girl has to have a foolish marriage or two before she finally settles down."

Plenty of Material.

"Son," said the press humorist, "you have inherited some of my humor."

"Not enough to make a living with, dad."

"Never mind. I'm going to leave you all of my jokes."

There can be no true rest without work, and the full delight of a holiday cannot be known except by the man who has earned it.—Hugh Black.

[illegible] still patiently awaiting the [illegible] of wireless politics.

For Breakfast—
Post Toasties
with cream or milk
The smile that follows will last all day—
"The Memory Lingers"
Sold by Grocers.
Pkgs. 10c and 15c
POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night, she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. She passed a terrible night, which was filled with mysterious noises. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff button in a clothes hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot. A strange man was found shot to death in the hall. It proved to be the body of Arnold Armstrong, whose banker father owned the country house. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson and the coroner arrived. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she had talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson told Miss Innes that she was hiding evidence from him. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped down a laundry chute. It developed that the intruder was probably a woman. Gertrude was suspected, for the intruder left a print of a bare foot. Gertrude returned home with her right ankle sprained. A man found the other half of what proved to be Jack Bailey's cuff button. Halsey suddenly reappeared. He said he and Bailey had left because Bailey had received a telegram. Gertrude said that she had given Bailey an unloaded revolver, fearing to give him Halsey's loaded weapon. Cashier Bailey of the Traders' bank, defunct, was arrested, charged with embezzlement. Halsey said Armstrong had wrecked his own bank and was able to clear Bailey. A telegram received announced that Paul Armstrong was dead. Halsey trapped Mrs. Watson, the housekeeper, while she was stealing from the house.

CHAPTER XII.—Continued.

"I reckon you bettah come in, Mis' Innes," he said, speaking cautiously. "It's got so I dunno what to do, and it's boun' to come out some time er ruther."

He threw the door open then, and I stepped inside, Halsey close behind. In the sitting room the old negro turned with quiet dignity to Halsey.

"You bettah sit down, sah," he said. "It's a place for a woman, sah."

Things were not turning out the way Halsey expected. He sat down on the center-table, with his hands thrust in his pockets, and watched me as I followed Thomas up the narrow stairs. At the top a woman was standing, and a second glance showed me it was Rosie. She shrank back a little, but I said nothing. And then Thomas motioned to a partly open door, and I went in.

The lodge boasted of three bedrooms upstairs, all comfortably furnished. In this one, the largest and airiest, a night lamp was burning, and by its light I could make out a plain white metal bed. A girl was asleep there—or in a half stupor, for she muttered something now and then. Rosie had taken her courage in her hands, and coming in had turned up the light. It was only then that I knew. Fever flushed, ill as she was, I recognized Louise Armstrong.

I stood gazing down at her in a stupor of amazement. Louise here, hiding at the lodge, ill and alone! Rosie came up to the bed and smoothed the white counterpane.

"I am afraid she is worse to-night," she ventured at last. I put my hand on the sick girl's forehead. It was burning with fever, and I turned to where Thomas lingered in the hallway.

"Will you tell me what you mean, Thomas Johnson, by not telling me this before?" I demanded indignantly.

Thomas quailed.

"Mis' Louise wouldn't let me," he said earnestly. "I wanted to. She ought to 'a' had a doctor the night she came, but she wouldn' hear to it. Is she very bad, Mis' Innes?"

"Bad enough," I said coldly. "Send Mr. Innes up."

Halsey came up the stairs slowly, looking rather interested and inclined to be amused. For a moment he could not see anything distinctly in the darkened room; he stopped, glanced at Rosie and at me, and then his eyes fell on the restless head on the pillow. I think he felt who it was before he really saw her; he crossed the room in a couple of strides and bent over the bed.

"Louise!" he said softly; but she did not reply, and her eyes showed no recognition. Halsey was young, and illness was new to him. He straightened himself slowly, still watching her, and caught my arm.

"She's dying, Aunt Ray!" he said huskily. "Dying! Why, she doesn't know me!"

"Fudge!" I snapped, being apt to grow irritable when my sympathies are aroused. "She's doing nothing of the sort—and don't pinch my arm. If you want something to do, go and choke Thomas."

But at that moment Louise roused from her stupor to cough, and at the end of the paroxysm, as Rosie laid her back, exhausted, she knew us. That was all Halsey wanted; to him consciousness was recovery. He dropped on his knees beside the bed, and tried to tell her she was all right, and we would bring her around in a hurry, and how beautiful she looked—only to break down utterly and have to stop. And at that I came to my senses, and put him out.

"This instant!" I ordered, as he hesitated. "And send Rosie here."

He did not go far. He sat on the top step of the stairs, only leaving to telephone for a doctor, and getting in everybody's way in his eagerness to fetch and carry. I got him away finally, by sending him to fix up the car as a sort of ambulance, in case the doctor would allow the sick girl to be moved. He sent Gertrude down to the lodge loaded with all manner of impossible things, including an armful of Turkish towels and a box of mustard plasters, and as the two girls had known each other somewhat before, Louise brightened perceptibly when she saw Gertrude.

When the doctor from Englewood—the Casanova doctor, Dr. Walker, being away—had started for Sunnyside, and I had got Thomas to stop trying to explain what he did not understand himself, I had a long talk with the old man, and this is what I learned.

On Saturday evening before, about ten o'clock, he had been reading in the sitting room downstairs, when some one rapped at the door. The old man was alone, Warner not having arrived, and at first he was uncertain about opening the door. He did so finally, and was amazed at being confronted by Louise Armstrong. Thomas was an old family servant, having been with the present Mrs. Armstrong since she was a child, and he was overwhelmed at seeing Louise. He saw that she was excited and tired, and he drew her into the sitting room and made her sit down. After a while he went to the house and brought Mrs. Watson, and they talked until late. The old man said Louise was in trouble, and seemed frightened. Mrs. Watson made some tea and took it to the lodge, but Louise made them both promise to keep her presence a secret. She had not known that Sunnyside was rented, and whatever her trouble was, this complicated things. She seemed puzzled. Her stepfather and her mother were still in California—that was all she would say about them. Why she had run away no one could imagine. Mr. Arnold Armstrong was at the Greenwood club, and at last Thomas, not knowing what else to do, went over there along the path. It was almost midnight. Part way over he met Armstrong himself and brought him to the lodge. Mrs. Watson had gone to the house for some bed linen, it having been arranged that under the circumstances Louise would be better at the lodge until morning. Arnold Armstrong and Louise had a long conference, during which he was heard to storm and become very violent. When he left it was after two. He had gone up to the house—Thomas did not know why—and at three o'clock he was shot at the foot of the circular staircase.

The following morning Louise had been ill. She had asked for Arnold, and was told he had left town. Thomas had not the moral courage to tell her of the crime. She refused a doctor, and shrank morbidly from having her presence known. Mrs. Watson and Thomas had had their hands full, and at last Rosie had been enlisted to help them. She carried necessary provisions — little enough — to the lodge, and helped to keep the secret.

Thomas told me quite frankly that he had been anxious to keep Louise's presence hidden for this reason: They had all seen Arnold Armstrong that night, and he, himself, for one, was known to have had no very friendly feeling for the dead man. As to the reason for Louise's flight from California, or why she had not gone to the Fitzhughs', or to some of her people in town, he had no more information that I had. With the death of her stepfather and the prospect of the immediate return of the family, things had become more and more impossible. I gathered that Thomas was as relieved as I at the turn events had taken. No, she did not know of either of the deaths in the family.

Taken all around, I had only substituted one mystery for another. If I knew now why Rosie had taken the basket of dishes, I did not know who had spoken to her and followed her along the drive. If I knew that Louise was in the lodge, I did not know why she was there. If I knew that Arnold Armstrong had spent some time in the lodge the night before he was murdered, I was no nearer the solution of the crime. Who was the midnight intruder who had so alarmed Liddy and myself? Who had fallen down the clothes chute? Was Gertrude's lover a villain or a victim? Time was to answer all these things.

Amazed at Being Confronted by Louisa Armstrong.

CHAPTER XIII.

Louise.

The doctor from Englewood came very soon, and I went up to see the sick girl with him. Halsey had gone to supervise the fitting of the car with blankets and pillows, and Gertrude was opening and airing Louise's own rooms at the house. Her private sitting room, bedroom and dressing room were as they had been when we came. They occupied the end of the east wing, beyond the circular staircase, and we had not even opened them.

The girl herself was too ill to notice what was being done. When, with the help of the doctor, who was a fatherly man with a family of girls at home, we got her to the house and up the stairs into bed, she dropped into a feverish sleep, which lasted until morning. Dr. Stewart—that was the Englewood doctor—stayed almost all night, giving the medicine himself, and watching her closely. Afterward he told me that she had had a narrow escape from pneumonia, and that the cerebral symptoms had been rather alarming. I said I was glad it wasn't an "itis" of some kind, anyhow, and he smiled solemnly.

He left after breakfast, saying that he thought the worst of the danger was over, and that she must be kept very quiet.

"The shock of two deaths, I suppose, has done this," he remarked, picking up his case. "It has been very deplorable."

I hastened to set him right.

"She does not know of either, doctor," I said. "Please do not mention them to her."

He looked as surprised as a medical man ever does.

"I do not know the family," he said, preparing to get into his top buggy. "Young Walker, down in Casanova, has been attending them. I understand he is going to marry this young lady."

"You have been misinformed," I said stiffly. "Miss Armstrong is going to marry my nephew."

The doctor smiled as he picked up the reins.

"Young ladies are changeable these days," he said. "We thought the wedding was to occur soon. Well, I will stop in this afternoon to see how my patient is getting along."

Some time about noon of that day, Wednesday, Mrs. Ogden Fitzhugh telephoned me. I have the barest acquaintance with her—she managed to be put on the governing board of the

Old Ladies' home and ruins their digestion by sending them ice cream and cake on every holiday. Beyond that, and her reputation at bridge, which is insufferably bad—she is the worst player at the bridge club—I know little of her. It was she who had taken charge of Arnold Armstrong's funeral, however, and I went at once to the telephone.

"Yes," I said, "this is Miss Innes."

"Miss Innes," she said volubly, "I have just received a very strange telegram from my cousin, Mrs. Armstrong. Her husband died yesterday in California and—wait, I will read you the message."

I knew what was coming, and I made up my mind at once. If Louise Armstrong had a good and sufficient reason for leaving her people and coming home, a reason, moreover, that kept her from going at once to Mrs. Ogden Fitzhugh, and brought her to the lodge at Sunnyside instead, it was not my intention to betray her. Louise herself must notify her people. I do not justify myself now, but remember, I was in a peculiar position toward the Armstrong family. I was connected most unpleasantly with a cold-blooded crime, and my niece and nephew were practically beggared, either directly or indirectly, through the head of the family.

Mrs. Fitzhugh had found the message.

"'Paul died yesterday. Heart disease.'" she read. "'Wire at once if Louise is with you.' You see, Miss Innes, Louise must have started east, and Fanny is alarmed about her."

"Yes," I said.

"Louise is not here," Mrs. Fitzhugh went on, "and none of her friends—the few who are still in town—have seen her. I called you because Sunnyside was not rented when she went away, and Louise might have gone there."

"I am sorry, Mrs. Fitzhugh, but I cannot help you," I said, and was immediately filled with compunction. Suppose Louise grew worse? Who was I to play Providence in this case? The anxious mother certainly had a right to know that her daughter was in good hands. So I broke in on Mrs. Fitzhugh's voluble excuses for disturbing me.

"Mrs. Fitzhugh," I said. "I was going to let you think I knew nothing about Louise Armstrong, but I have changed my mind. Louise is here, with me." There was a clatter of ejaculations at the other end of the wire. "She is ill, and not able to be moved. Moreover, she is unable to see any one. I wish you would wire her mother that she is with me, and tell her not to worry. No, I do not know why she came east."

"But my dear Miss Innes!" Mrs. Fitzhugh began. I cut in ruthlessly.

"I will send for you as soon as she can see you," I said. "No, she is not in a critical state now, but the doctor says she must have absolute quiet."

When I had hung up the receiver, I sat down to think. So Louise had fled from her people in California, and had come east alone! It occurred to me that Dr. Walker might be concerned in it, might possibly have bothered her with unwelcome attentions; but it seemed to me that Louise was hardly a girl to take refuge in flight under such circumstances. She had always been high-spirited, with the well-poised head and buoyant step of the outdoors girl. It must have been much more in keeping with Louise's character, as I knew it, to resent vigorously any unwelcome attentions from Dr. Walker. It was the suitor whom I should have expected to see in headlong flight, not the lady in the case.

The puzzle was no clearer at the end of the half hour. I picked up the morning papers, which were still full of the looting of the Traders' bank, the interest at fever height again, on account of Paul Armstrong's death. The bank examiners were working on the books, and said nothing for publication; John Bailey had been released on bond. The body of Paul Armstrong would arrive Sunday and would be buried from the Armstrong town house. There were rumors that the dead man's estate had been a comparatively small one. The last paragraph was the important one.

Walter P. Broadhurst of the Marine bank had produced 200 American Traction bonds, which had been placed as security with the Marine bank for a loan of $160,000, made to Paul Armstrong, just before his California trip. The bonds were a part of the missing traction bonds from the Traders' bank! While this involved the late president of the wrecked bank, to my mind it by no means cleared its cashier.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Why He Did Not Come.

"Why didn't you come, Bobby, when I first called to you?" asked a mother of her six-year-old son.

"Because you told me last week, mamma," replied Bobby shrewdly, "never to accept an invitation unless it was repeated. So many people invite you once out of politeness but really don't want you to come."

Metropolis of the Azores.

Ponta Delgada, with a population of 23,000, is the largest city in the Azores islands.

The Mountains of Thessaly

Olympus is perhaps the most interesting of all mountains, and it is always within sight of Saloniki, on the Turkish side of the classic Vale of Tempe, which lies along the boundary between the two countries that hate each other with an everlasting and irreconcilable hatred. The Vale of Tempe has been famed for its beauty from the earliest times. In one of its glades once stood an altar to Apollo, to which the priests of the oracle of Delphi sent an embassy to make sacrifice every eight years in expiation for the slaughter of the dragon Python, which the "Far Darting" Apollo slew five days after his birth in the island of Delos.

Mount Pelion is only a little more than half as high as Olympus, the latter rising 9,754 feet above the level of the sea, while Pelion is only 5,308 feet; but Pelion is much more attractive, because it lies directly along the boy, with the waters washing its feet, and is cultivated almost to the very top. It is a long mountain, with a gradual slope, and on the side toward the sea 24 villages of whitewashed houses can be counted from the deck of the vessel, and they glisten like snow in the sun. They are scattered at various elevations, are connected with roads, which may be easily traced and are surrounded by fields, orchards and vineyards which produce abundant crops of corn and wine and oil.

Ossa is not particularly interesting, except for its association with mythological characters, and Shakespeare's famous lines, which are so often quoted. It rises 6,398 feet above the sea. It has a dome that is now covered with snow and is now the most prominent figure in a group of mountains which have been made famous by song and story.—Saloniki Letter to the Minneapolis Journal.

Behold the old smile on the face of the Oyster Bay popcorn man.

TOO SHORT A TIME.

Wise—Why did that woman's club disband?

Sharpe—The majority adopted a resolution limiting the time of each member for speaking on any topic to two hours.

Try This, This Summer.

The very next time you're hot, tired or thirsty, step up to a soda fountain and get a glass of Coca-Cola. It will cool you off, relieve your bodily and mental fatigue and quench your thirst delightfully. At soda fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Delicious, refreshing and wholesome. Send to the Coca-Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga., for their free booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola." Tells what Coca-Cola is and why it is so delicious, refreshing and thirst-quenching. And send 2c stamp for the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910—contains the famous poem "Casey At The Bat," records, schedules for both leagues and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities.

Immense Saving Possible.

In a preliminary bulletin on the cost of maintaining a tuberculosis sanatorium, the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis announces that the average cost per patient per day in thirty semi-charitable sanatoria scattered in all parts of the United States is $1.669. These institutions represent an annual expenditure of over $1,300,000 and over 815,000 days of treatment given each year. The bulletin, which is part of an extensive study the National association is making for its bureau of information, points out that the country could save annually at least $150,000,000 if the indigent consumptives were properly segregated.

More Serious.

"Mathilde Browne was very rude to an overdressed old woman she met on the street the other day."

"I know the story. The old woman turned out to be Mathilde's very rich aunt, and now she's going to give all her money to a hospital for decrepit dogs."

"Nothing of the sort. In fact, it's worse. The old woman was the Brownes' new cook—and now they haven't any."

Comparing Notes.

Mrs. Newly—My little Bobbie is remarkably strong; he is only four years old, but he can raise his high chair with one hand!

Mr. Spoodler—Oh, that's nothing; in the apartment house where I try to do my sleeping there's a baby that's only four months old, and that child can raise the roof with no hand at all.

Qualified.

"How does your new book go?"

"Great! I am convinced that it is a classic."

"A classic? What convinces you of that?"

"Everybody has either seen it or heard of it, but nobody has read it."

She's a Free Lance.

"Would you have a pickpocket arrested if you detected one in the act of going through your pockets?"

"With one exception."

"What's that?"

"Not if it was my wife."

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive
About the size of your shoes, many people wear smaller shoes by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Tired, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Why He Believes Her.

Evangeline—Rachel never can tell anything without exaggerating it.

John—That's why I believe her when she tells her age.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes.
Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c at Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Where He Came In.

"Have you ever figured in a divorce suit?"

"No; the lawyers did the figuring. I just paid the bills."

A crazy person thinks every one else is insane, and love is blind because it imagines everybody else is.

A thick head is apt to generate a multitude of thin ideas.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

It's easier to get on in the world than it is to get up in it.

An Easy Fit.

A number of years ago there lived in northern New Hampshire a notorious woman-hater. It was before the day of ready-made clothing, and wanting a new suit, he was obliged to take the material to the village tailoress. She took his measurements, and when she cut the coat, made a liberal allowance on each seam.

The man's dislike of women in general prevented his having a fitting. He took the finished garment without trying it on. It was much too large, and his disgust was apparent in the answer he made to the friendly loafer on his first visit to the post office, when he wore the despised article.

"Got a new coat, Obed?" said the loafer.

"No, I hain't!" said Obed. "I've got seven yards of cloth wrapped round me."—Youth's Companion.

Aromatic Effects.

"What you ought to do," said the physician, "is to take the air in an automobile or a motor boat."

"Can't I stay home and open a can of gasoline?"

The fellow who buries the hatchet may still have a knife up his sleeve.

AFTER FOUR YEARS OF MISERY

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"For four years my life was a misery to me. I suffered from irregularities, terrible dragging sensations, extreme nervousness, and that all gone feeling in my stomach. I had given up hope of ever being well when I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Then I felt as though new life had been given me, and I am recommending it to all my friends."—Mrs. W. S. Ford, 2207 W. Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has stood the test of years and to-day is more widely and successfully used than any other female remedy. It has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means had failed.

If you are suffering from any of these ailments, don't give up hope until you have given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. She has guided thousands to health, free of charge.

The Army of Constipation
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

A vacation necessity—the
TRADE Gillette MARK
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Busted

Many a man goes broke—in Health—then wealth. Blames his mind—says it don't work right; but all the time it's *his bowels*. They don't work—liver dead and the whole system gets clogged with poison. Nothing kills good, clean-cut brain action like constipation. CASCARETS will relieve and cure. Try it now. 918

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 31-1910.

Women's Secrets

There is one man in the United States who has perhaps heard more women's secrets than any other man or woman in the country. These secrets are not secrets of guilt or shame, but the secrets of suffering, and they have been confided to Dr. R. V. Pierce in the hope and expectation of advice and help. That few of these women have been disappointed in their expectations is proved by the fact that ninety-eight per cent. of all women treated by Dr. Pierce have been absolutely and altogether cured. Such a record would be remarkable if the cases treated were numbered by hundreds only. But when that record applies to the treatment of more than half-a-million women, in a practice of over 40 years, it is phenomenal, and entitles Dr. Pierce to the gratitude accorded him by women, as the first of specialists in the treatment of women's diseases.

Every sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, absolutely without charge. All replies are mailed, sealed in perfectly plain envelopes, without any printing or advertising whatever, upon them. Write without fear as without fee, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Prest., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION
Makes Weak Women Strong,
Sick Women Well.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, Cookies and Crackers. Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas and Coffees in our Grocery Department

ICE CREAM AND SOFT DRINKS

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

[illegible] Sailey went to Thief River Falls [illegible].

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was [illegible] today.

Miss Elsie Mead is visiting with [illegible] at Euclid.

A new boiler is being installed at the creamery this week.

[illegible] Ives was attending to business matters at St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Mrs. Ira Tibbets of Waubun is the guest of Miss Clara Marchand.

Mrs. David Laurent of Crookston [illegible] with relatives in town this [illegible].

Miss [illegible] Sedling of Brandon, [illegible] guest at the E. A. Nelson [illegible].

[illegible] Hanry entertained the [illegible] B. B.'s at her home Tuesday [illegible].

[illegible] A. Crompe made a business trip to Crookston Friday, returning [illegible].

[illegible] A. Dally and Ed L. Healy left [illegible] on a business trip to [illegible].

Max Logber made a business trip to Crookston Tuesday, returning Wednesday.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz spent several days in town this week conferring with Auditor La[illegible] on matters in connection with county ditch work.

Judge Ira C. Richardson left yesterday on a business trip to the twin cities.

Chas. Naplin of Polk Centre was attending tn business matlors in town Monday.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiber visited with friends at Thief River Falls Friday nnd Saturbay.

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters in town Tuesday.

We are taking orders for Ladies' suits. See book of 200 samples.—LaBissoniere's.

Miss Eleanore Haeson of St. Hilaire was the guest of Miss Inga Hanry this week.

O. A. Naplin of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters in town Monday.

The members of the dancing club are arranging for a dance to be given Friday evening.

You can get nice fresh fish at the Red Lake Falls Supply House every Friday morning.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States Land office, was over from Crookston Friday.

Miss Effie Christianson of Thief River Falls was the guest of friends in town Tuesday evening.

Bert LaFreniere, who has spent the past few weeks with his mother in this city, left yesterday for Hoquiam Wash., where he will be employed as a printer.

Furniture Buyers

When you buy Furniture consider quality first—then the price. Furniture may look all right on the surface but a few months wear will show up the defective workmanship. We have just gone over our line and added new goods, and are giving better inducements than ever for your business. If you want furniture that is dependable in both price and quality, give us a trial.

Fournet Furniture Store

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA
FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

There will be a big harvest dance at M. W. A. hall, Brooks, next Thursday evening, Aug. 18.

Miss Amanda Johnson and John Johnson of Polk Center spent Sunday at the C. W. Johnson home.

Theo. Garceau: "It pays to advertise. Three days after the paper was out I had sold the guns and dog."

Teachers and normal school girls will come nearer filling their lists here than anywhere else.—The Big Store.

A limited amount of lard for 15 cents while it lusts. Also salt pork at a shilling a poued. A. G. Groshong.

Mr. Lilly, a real estate dealer from Waseca, Mine., was looking after business matters in town yesterday.

Miss Marie Baril left yesterday on a trip west. She will spend several weeks with relatives at North Yakima, Wash.

Mrs Jos. Benoit leaves today for Grand Rapids, Minn., where she will visit with her daughters for a week or ten days.

The county commissioners were in session last Friday. The official proceedings are published in this issue of the Gazette.

Attorney F. A. Grady and John Manley left Wedeesday for Coltdena, where they have gone to attend to some legal matters.

Fred Coe will sell a lot of live stock, farm machinery and household goods at his farm one half mile north of Dorothy, Thursday Aug. 25.

Ole Knuteson left Monday evening for Grand Forks to assume the duties of his new position as book keeper for the Red River Power company.

Dr. Spofford will hereafter be in Red Lake Falls the 6th of every other month, instead of the 7th as formerly. His next visit will be August 6, one day. Office at the Grand View.

Het weather has no effect on interest. It works just as hard at 98 degrees as at 65 degrees. Five per cent the year round at the Merchants State Bank.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Abell next Wednesday afternoon. All are invited. A ten cent lunch will be served.

National Business College, Crookston, Minnesota. The only school in the northwest that gives its students actual office experience in an uptodate wholesale office.

The B. B. M's. gave a farewell party at the home of Miss Cora Cress last Friday evening, in honor of Miss Alice Boyd. The evening was pleasantly spent with contests and games.

Wm. Loeb, Collector of Customs, gets $12,000 a year. His knowledge of shorthand and business got him the place. Why don't you take a course in Mankato Commercial College? Send for free Year Book.

Miss Alice Boyd, who resigned her position after having been in charge of the dry goods department at the Big Store for many years, left Monday for Yellow Grass, Sask. She will spend two months with relatives there. Her plans for the future have not been definately decided upon, but the good wishes of numerous friends of Miss Boyd in this city will accompany her wherever she may go.

Special sale of Silk Petticoats at the Big Store. A $5 petticoat for $3.60 on Saturday. Only fifteen at that price.

Get your threshing dishes and other supplies at LaBissoniere's. Cups and saucers, 45c a dozen, other dishes as cheap.

Just opened another large lot of Royal Worcester Corsets. The best corset made, $1.00 to $3.00.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

Mrs. Anna LeBec, sister of James Hance, and family, arrived this week from Superior and will spend a month at the Hance home.

Editor Converse of the St Hilaire Spectator was here Wednesday morning to be in attendance at the Keifenheim-Converse wedding.

A Remington typewriter in good working condition for sale cheap or will trade for good camera or anything owner can use. Inquire at this office.

Just opened: eight 100-piece dinner sets, no two alike. Very best English ware, will not craze. At $13.50 to $15. Real bargains—Theo. LaBissoniere.

W. E. Peterson of Fisher is employed in the Red Lake Falls Milling company's office, taking the place made vacant by the resignation of O. J. Knuteson.

We expect our Kuppenheimer clothes in a few days. Don't miss looking them over. No trouble to show the goods and you will see the latest.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

Mrs. Wm. Findeisen entertained at a luncheon Monday afternoon for her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Germo, who is to go to her home in Post Falls, Idaho, next week. A delightful afternoon was spent by those present.

Mrs. A. G. Groshong and children left Tuesday on a trip to southern Minnesota. They will visit with relatives at New Auborn, Arlington and other places. Mr. Groshong accompanied them as far as Crookston.

Don't forget to settle your account with me as I will leave in a few weeks. All accounts left unpaid or unsettled will be placed in the hand of an attorney for collection with instruction to enter suit. —L. A. Kaufer.

Lawrence J. Anderson of Crookston, general agent for the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, has been spending several days in the city and vicinity. The company's local agency is at the Merchants State Bank. Note the ads in this issue.

New goods at the Big Store—15 pieces "Duckling" fleece for kimono goods at 15c, worth 18c. 300 doz. ladies handkerchiefs, 2c to $1.25 each. Fine table linen, bags, purses, auto scarfs 50c up, ladies' kid, Mocha and cape gloves, trunks, suit cases, everything that Normal school girls and teachers will need.

The Red Lake River is now the lowest it has been for years and it is nearly impossible for boats to navigate. During the past two weeks we have only seen two and formerly six, sometimes eight, passed here each week. The creamery association has to haul their butter by team to Thief River Falls. —Sunbeam.

I am still missing the following volumes of the set of Alexander Dumas' works as follows: The Son of Monte Christo, Volume 1, The Countess of Monte Christo, Volume 2. If you have one of these books, not belonging to you, it probably would be one of the books belonging to this set. Kindly look over your library and oblige, L. A. Kaufer.

Mrs. Cornelia Castner, mother of Mrs. M. Christensen, died at her home at Byron, Minn., Friday morning after having suffered a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Christensen went ty Byron and was in attendance at the funeral which was held Sunday. On his return he was accompanied by Mrs. Christensen who had been at Byron for several weeks caring for her mother during her illness. Mrs. Castner had visited in Red Lake Falls and friends here will be pained to learn of her death.

About thirty of the business and professional men of the city gave a banquet at Paul's Hotel last evening for the officers of the Red Lake Falls Milling company, S. M. Sivertson who has moved to his new home at Crookston and J. J. Padden who is soon to leave. It was a glad and a sad affair. It was a delight to honor two such good fellows as Sivertson and Padden, but the change in the affairs of these good men that necessitates their leave taking causes sincere regret. Mrs. Paul provided an excellent banquet and then the oratory flowed spontaneously for everybody wanted to tell how he prized the friendship of the guests of honor and express regret that Red Lake Falls is to lose two such clean, public spirited citizens and two such estimable families. It is a real loss. The many friends of the Sivertsons and Paddens will be glad that they are going to a nearby city and that there will be many things in which they and the people here will have a common interest.

Talk To People When Their Minds Are Receptive....

Talk to them in the evening ofter they have cast oside the cores of the doy.

For this purpose ELECTRIC ADVERTISING is irresistable.

Measured by results Electric Advertising is the cheapest of all forms of advertising, when using an electric sign.

See us obout it.

Red River Power Company
Phone 18--2. Red Lake Fall, Minn.

Miss Betsy Johnson of Polk Centre is spending the week at the home of her brother, C. W. Johnson. Miss Johnson has just returned from Nelson, Minn., where she has been teaching a parochial school.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Fournet, Misses Mamie and Agnes Montigue and Bert Routell of Crookston and Miss Eleanore Fisher of Minneapolis are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fournet. They came over from Crookston in the Fournet car today.

Dr. I. Lemieux arrived Tuesday from the west after having been gone three weeks. The doctor spent a very pleasant vacation. The first point at which he stopped was Black Bear, Idaho. Accompanied by his son and nephew, who reside at that place, and by a guide, he went for a five days tramp through the mountains indulging in trout fishing and other forms of recreation common in a mountainous country. The doctor says he had as much fun as any kid could have. On his return trip he stopped at North Yakima, Wash., for a visit with former Red Lake Falls and Red Lake county people residing there.

On Monday evening, August 8, the local M. B. A. lodge gave a presentation and dance, the object of which was to present a handsome gold emblem ring to Samuel Gibeau in appreciation of his services as president of the lodge for the past five years. The gathering was large and enthusiastic. The presentation address was made by Addies Longtin and Mr. Gibeau was escorted by Frank Brouillet and Moses Ducharme. The local lodge of the Modern Brotherhood of America is one of the financially strongest in membership of the city's fraternal societies. Under the able management of its president, Frank Brouillet, and secretary, Samuel Gibeau, as well as its other officers, it has been brought up to an enviable social and fraternal position. The recognition and appreciation shown its officers augurs well for the stability of the local lodge.

Schoenauer-Teeauson.

Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock occurred the marriage of Miss Zule Schoenauer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schoenauer, to Ole Teeauson of Crookston. Miss Ella and Mr. Jos. Schoenauer, sister and brother of the bride, were the attendants. Following the marriage ceremony the bridal party drove to the home of the bride's parents where a wedding dinner was served and a reception was held. The bride and groom drove to Crookston and took the train at that place for the twin cities and other points. On their return they will go to housekeeping at Crookston. Numerous friends in this city and vicinity offer congratulations and best wishes.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Stand Up For Minnesota

We are just as good as New York. The products of Minnesota are just as good as those of New York—even better—and I will prove it. Following is a comparison of premium rates for $1,000 standard

Twenty Payment Life Policy

in the companies named at age 35 years. Comparison will hold good at any other age. All these companies are good—good as old wheat—and entitled to your confidence.

Table of Rates.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL LIFE, Minneapolis	$35.30
Equitable Life, New York	$38.34
Fidelity Mutual, Philadelphia	37.49
Germania, New York	37.53
Hartford Life, Hartford	35.37
Manhattan Life, New York	36,17
Mutual Benefit, New Jersey	36.22
Mutual Life, New York	38,34
New York Life, New York	38.34
Penn Mutual, Philadelphia	36.22
Phoenix Life, Hartford	37.16
Security Mutual Life, Binghamton, New York	38.04
Northwestern Mutual Life, Milwaukee	36.85

Read On And Reflect.

It will be observed that the good old home company, NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL LIFE sells insurance at a LESS rate than any company mentioned above, and its interest earnings are certainly as large, to say the least, as any of them.

What Do You Think Of This?

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL LIFE has paid in policy claims during the past five years an average of $2,489 every 24 hours—as good as a gold check to some family every working day.

During the same time it has paid $1,807,825.04 in death claims and $1,851,440.85 to people who did not die. What do you think of that? How is that for a low mortality record? Can't YOU be a BOOSTER for your HOME company? Don't you want a policy in this great Minnesota company? Drop us a line, giving your exact age and we will send you all necessary particulars.

LAWRENCE J. ANDERSON
Lock box 293. Gen. Agent Crookston, Minn.

This company has over $100,000 loaned on Red Lake county farms.
Represented in Red Lake Falls by
MERCHANTS STATE BANK.

Mrs. Wm. Zaleer and daughter, Lorene, have gone to the twin cities and will be away for several weeks. They will spend the time in the wholesale millinery establishments in the cities.

MISSING ISSUE

Date: Aug 18, 1910

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 48

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

STILL ANOTHER LIE IS NAILED

Some Facts About Those County Road and Bridge Appropriations.

Weak Argument of Thief River Papers Knocked in the Head.

Half of the weak argument put up by the Thief River Falls newspapers has been an attempt to inflame the farmers of the county by claims that the road and bridge money of the county has been unfairly distributed. Whole columns have been filled with vague, general statements that this part or that part of the county had received more than its share. Figures were distorted and misplaced with deliberate intent to mislead the people. Now, when you catch a man lying in one of his arguments to you, do you put much faith in anything else he may say? A man who has to lie to prove his case, has a weak case. And to cover up the truth is as bad as it is to lie. They did not tell you that of the road and bridge money spent in the county since December 1st, 1907, nearly six thousand dollars was state money, sent here by the state and appropriated to its different uses by the legislature at St. Paul. What had the county board or the Red Lake Falls people to do with that? Nothing at all. Yet in their frenzied search for some lie to set the voters of the county against us, they lay it all on us. If we had one-half the power with which they credit us or were one-half as mean, we would have wiped Thief River Falls off the map long ago and stopped the fight.

Now, if you want to know what towns have received road and bridge money from the county treasury during the past five years, go to the county auditor's office and see for yourself. You will be received courteously and given plenty of opportunity and help to find what you want.

If you haven't the time, here are some of the figures copied from the records.

In 1905, the following towns received road and bridge money in the amounts set after their names: Plummer $200, Louisville, $100, Black River $50, Thief River Falls $150, Numedal $75, Lambert $100, North $200.

In 1906 the following towns received: Equality $100, Poplar River $200, Silverton $200, Lambert $100, Polk Centre $75, Terrebonne $250, Clover Leaf $100, Black River $100, North $100, Equality $100, Goodridge $100, Louisville $2,500, for bridge; Rocksbury $150, Sanders $100, Garnes $200, Poplar River $200, Bray $100, Numedal $75. Also the following further appropriations were made by the county board: Thief River Falls $100, Lake Pleasant $50, Emardville $200, Garnes and Mayfield $250.

In 1907 the following towns received: Red Lake Falls twp., $20, Thief River Falls $150, Star $50, Deer Park $250, Black River $100, Louisville $150, Mayfield $100, Polk Centre $75, Sanders $150, Garnes $150, Poplar River $250, Lambert $150. Also the following appropriations were made by the county board: North $200, Rocksbury $250, River Falls $200, Emardville $1,578, for bridge, Norden $150, Red Lake Falls twp. $200, Thief River Falls $1,000, Red Lake Falls city $250.

In 1908 the following towns received: Rocksbury $200, and $75; Emardville [illegible], Terrebonne $100, North $150, Lake Pleasant $150, Thief River Falls $500, Equality $200, Red Lake Falls city $775, St. Hilaire $46, North $125, Mayfield and Garnes bridge $1508, Lambert $185, Smiley $150, Reiner $100, Kratka $150, Gervais $200, Norden $125, Rocksbury $200, Polk Centre $200, Black River $200, Red Lake Falls twp., $200, Bray $75, Lake Pleasant $50, Terrebonne $50, Lambert $175. Also the county board further appropriated to Sanders $75, Highlanding $100.

In 1909 the following towns received: St. Hilaire $676, Poplar River $1500, Highlanding $100, Kratka $150, Terrebonne bridge $2075, Black River $200, St. Hilaire $20, Kratka $50, Mayfield $825, Thief River Falls $1000, Norden $100, Numedal $175, Silverton $200, Sanders $125, Lake Pleasant $150, Reiner $100, Rocksbury $200, Goodridge $200, Gervais, $150, Louisville $200. Also the county board made the following further appropriations: Star $100, Deer Park $100, River Falls $200.

Now, what about that distribution of money? Every part of the county received all that was coming to them. If your town received none it was because you did not need it or did not ask for it.

If you are a voter, read the list over and decide for yourself whether Thief River Falls has any cause to kick, or to ask you to do their kicking for them. Their whole campaign is one of spite and lies.

How long are you going to let them fool you?

Wait till they get Pennington organized. See how much road and bridge money you will get then, when Thief River Falls controls the county. They will use your road and bridge funds to build opera houses and lay out parks in the city of Thief River Falls.

ENDORSE THE JUDGES.

Bar Association Urge Watts and Grindeland for Re-election.

The bar associations of practically every county in the Fourteenth Judicial district have endorsed Judges Watts and Grindeland for re-election. All of the attorneys in Red Lake county have gone on record as favoring the re-election of the judges. It is a commendable move, one in line with the agitation for a non-partisan judiciary.

A car load of Italians are making headquarters on the sidetrack near the power house. They say they are here to "fight fire" which probably means that they are here to protect the railroad company's property from possible damage from forest fires along this line of road.

THREE MORE THIEF RIVERITES IN JAIL

Nine of Them Now and Not All of Them Have Been Caught Yet.

And That Means "Quite a Few" Taxes for Red Lake County.

Three more of Thief River Falls' best citizens arrived at the county jail, registered, and concluded to stay and watch us build the new court house. It is not known whether they were members of the county division committee at Thief River or not, but from the general cast of their countenances we have our suspicions. They look as though they would steal everything in sight.

The county jail is now overflowing. Nine crooks from the would-be county seat town draw their rations daily and are growing fat at the tax-payers' expense. Talk about taxes! Do you know that it is costing the tax-payers of the county about two hundred forty four dollars per month in board and jailor's salary to keep those nine gentlemen from Thief River Falls. And they aren't all caught yet. They have a pleasant custom up there. When a man is arrested, he is anxiously searched and if he has any money, complaint is made of violation of a city ordinance, and the city gets his money. But if he is broke, he has violated a state law and they send him down to board on the farmers at Red Lake Falls.

CAMPBELL-BOTTINEAU

Former Resident of Red Lake Falls Married Last Week.

George Bottineau, a former Red Lake Falls resident and known to nearly everybody in the country, and his bride are visiting with relatives in town. Mr. Bottineau and Miss Alice Campbell of Ardock, N. Dak., were married at Crookston August 16, at the residence of the clergyman officiating, Rev. H. C. Hodgson.

Mr. Bottineau is a son of the late Pierre Bottineau, the famous scout of pioneer days. As a boy he lived in Red Lake Falls for many years and he is now receiving the congratulations of his numerous friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Bottineau will remain here for a few days and then go to Bemidji where they will reside. Mr. Bottineau has been in the employ of a large lumber company for years and will be employed this winter as foreman of lumber camps.

Mrs. Nicholas Tolan.

Mrs. Tolan, wife of Nicholas Tolan of this city, died at St. Mary's hospital, Crookston, early Monday morning. Mrs Tolan had been a sufferer from rheumatism for many years and had gone to the hospital for treatment. Her daughter was with her at the hospital and Mr. Tolan arrived from Finch, N. Dak., where he had been employed, on Monday. Funeral services were held from St. Mary's Catholic church at Crookston on Tuesday, Rev. Fr. Wurm officiating and interment was in the Catholic cemetary at Crookston. Deceased is survived by her husband, five children and a number of other relatives.

PRAIRIES FULL OF BLACK BEAR-STORIES

And Some are Real Live Bears—And Some Dead Ones.

Several Killed in the Eastern Part of County Last Few Days.

From all over the Red River valley come reports of black bears being seen and killed.

Last week Walter Columbus and Purath brothers killed a black bear near the John Glass farm south of town. They weighed bruin after he was dressed and he tipped the scales at 125 pounds.

On Tuesday E. G. Busa made a trip into the eastern part of the county and he heard many stories of bears being killed. One farmer living in Deer Park township told him that eight had been killed in the vicinity of his farm within a week. While driving along the road Buse saw three or four men chasing a bear through the woods. The farmers out there told him that there are many bears, deer and wolves in the country. It is believed that the animals are taking to the prairie because of the forest and bush fires to the east. There is a shortage in the berry crop and bruin is hungry, so he takes to the good things on the farms. Nice, tender porkers especially are his delight.

During the past week a number of bears have been seen in the Badger creek country between this city and Terrebonne.

The people at T. Morveau's farm in Louisville, a few miles west of town, had a rather unusual experience with a bear Sunday.

Mrs. Morveau heard the pigs squealing in the pen. She ran out and arrived in time to see bruin jump over the pen with a hundred pound porker. Mrs. Morveau called to her husband who ran to the house to get his rifle. Mr. Morveau could not find a bullet for the rifle, so he ran after bruin and laced him over the head with the gun. The bear let go of the pig and got away but not until he had secured a mouthful of fresh pork.

None of the bears seen have made any attempt at attacking people, but because of the fact that none had been seen in the country for several years people have become quite excited over the bear stories.

HEALY AND OTHER STIFFS

Some Moss Covered Base Ball Dope.

Frank Sanders, the kid who played good ball in Marshall a quarter of a century ago, has been playing ever since, and is still playing on the Pacific coast. A dispatch in the Minneapolis Journal on the 16th says:

"Speaking of old baseball players and veterans on the diamond, Frank Sanders of Bickleton, Wash., is the oldest active player on the Pacific coast. He is the first baseman on the Bickleton team He fields his position, runs bases, hits the ball and annoys the umpire with much more ginger than most of the youthful members of the team. "Dad" Sanders began his baseball career in his home town, Marshall, Lyon county, Minn., when he was 14 years old, and played with an organized club every season save one since that time. He started in playing left field on his home team but his throwing ability became so noticeable that he was soon tried as a pitcher. In 1878 he joined the Sliver Stars of Winona, Minn., in the Northwestern league, composed of sixteen teams in the leading cities of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Dakota and Iowa. He pitched for them for four years. He returned to his home town in 1882 and played with Goldendale, Arlington, Ore., Bluelight and Bickleton, Wash."

This "Dad" Sanders is the junior of "Dad" Sanders of Marshall of twenty-five to thirty years ago, and both the kid and the old man were sports and athletes. They wore on what is known as the Patterson farm adjoining Marshall on the south and the old man was a trainer in athletics before coming to Marshall. He was a conspicious figure at all the sports on the county fair ground when located on the Van Fleet now Peniston farm. Old residents remember the old man as a sprinter, when he ran foot races with Dave Gamble and other would-be sports, always winning out. Frank, the kid, was long on the manly art, and made a reputation as a boxer, which was emphasized by the frequency of black eyes and bloody noses of many of the town boys who ran up against him. In those days Marshall had an invincible ball team, which made historic records with Watertown, Redwood Falls and other places. And young Sanders was in the team with Fred Healy, Ed. Healy, Billy Gwathmer, Jale Murray and other old stiffs, who could doubtless show the present Marshall team pointers of the game, especially if they could have "Dad" Sanders on first base.—Marshall News-Messenger.

Fred Brosseau, who left with his family this morning for Glaichen Alta., Canada, has bought the interest of N. A. Bray in the big hotel there which Bray owned with Eudore Brosseau. Mr. Bray cleaned up $20,000 in his 17 months stay there and is now taking charge of another hotel and buffet in a town 20 miles from Gleichen.—Crookston Times.

THE BRICK WORK IS COMPLETED

Contractor Johnson's Men Completed Their Big Job Today.

New Court House Will be Ready for Occupancy November 1.

The brick work on Red Lake county's fine new court house was completed today and such excellent progress has been made on all of the work on the building that there is little doubt that it will be ready for occupancy by Nov. 1.

Contractor Johnson's men have done excellent work They have been employed on the building since the last of May and they have made a conscientious effort to comply with the the conditions of the contract in every detail. The fine building will be a monument to their good workmanship.

The best St. Louis brick, and there is none better in the country, was used in the construction of the building. Though the people of Red Lake county will not have the largest or most expensive court house in the state, they will have something for the money expended.

It will be an imposing building erected on a site that cannot be surpassed and will be big enough and large enough for Red Lake county for several hundred years to come.

Contractor Brady and his men have been on the job all summer. The framework has been put in, the lathing is about completed and the roof is now being put on. The heating plant is also being installed and the contracts have been let for the electric wiring and the instalation of water-works plant and that work will be done in the course of a few weeks.

SOME WHEAT YIELDS

A Very Good Crop Was Harvested in Southern Red Lake County.

During the past few weeks several farmers residing near Red Lake Falls have threshed their wheat and the threshing that has been done indicates that the average yield in the southern part of the county will not be far from 20 bushels to the acre. That of course is a very good yield but what is just as gratifying is the fact that the grain is practically all of first quality, clean, plump and of fine color. It is believed that nearly every bushel will grade No. 1 hard or No. 1 northern.

In the country east of town there is some fine grain. On a large piece of ground Cadieux Bros got 27 bushels to the acre and on their home farm 23 bushels. W. D. Boyd, near Badger creek, got 25 bushels. E. Reopelle got 25 bushels. Frank LaPlant, living near Badger creek, 4 miles east, got 22 bushels.

P. B. Gaass went out into Gentilly Tuesday and at three places where wheat had been threshed yields of 20, 13 and 10 bushels to the acre were reported.

On a farm southeast of town Frank Hagel got 22 bushels an acre on a 40 acre piece. Frank Hovuld threshed 80 acres just north of the forty and got a yield of 14 bushels to the acre.

C. H. Martz has threshed the wheat and oats on his farm near St. Hilaire. The wheat went 20 and oats 40 bushels to the acre.

Other crops are not so good as the wheat, but they are far from failures, and the season is a very satisfactory one for the farmers of Red Lake county.

PLOTTING AGAINST CONSERVATION

Planning to Do Things to Roosevelt's National Conservation Plan.

Paul Pry's Comment About the Big Meeting In St. Paul.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, August 23—There is a plot on to queer the conservation congress, in so far as it was designed to advance the national conservation policy as outlined and inaugurated by President Roosevelt. It is part of a widespread conspiracy to discredit Roosevelt. The first move in the game was made last week when Theodore Roosevelt was turned down in New York in favor of Jim Sherman for temporary chairman of the state convention. It is the beginning of the campaign to re-elect Taft president in 1912. The "system" is at the back of it. The campaign in the northwest is in charge of the Hill interests. The Eberhart administration is one of the pawns these interests are playing with. The conference of western governors in Salt Lake City is where the second move is being made.

Where Tawney Got In His Work.

The governors who met there are frankly opposed to the Roosevelt policy of conservation. They belong to the Ballinger school. They make no pretense of being anything else. They knew they had no place in a genuine National Conservation Congress, for they don't believe in national conservation. They therefore did not intend to send representatives to the St. Paul gathering which they regarded as antagonistic to their interests. They relied on putting up the right sort of fight against the forces back of national conservation in congress at Washington and bring about ultimately the abandonment of the policy. Headway has already been made there. Mr. Tawney as chairman of the committee on appropriations, was able to cut off the funds which were used for educating the public in respect to the conservation movement. Bulletins and printed matter bearing on the subject of national conservation is no longer sent out to the newspapers all over the country, as when Pinchot was at the head of the forestry service. The public is no longer supplied with the information by which they were able to keep in touch with what was being done. That much, thanks to Mr. Tawney, has already been accomplished.

State Conservation Preferred.

The purpose of the Minnesota delegation which was sent to Salt Lake City was to get these western governors to send delegations to the congress in St. Paul antagonistic to the original purposes of the national conservation congress. The ultimate purpose is to capture the congress with the cry of state's rights. The interests concerned know where they are when they have only the state administration to deal with. They do not know what they may run up against if it becomes the settled policy of the national government to preserve for the use of the people the natural resources of the nation in the way of minerals, forests and waterpowers.

What the Schemers are After.

The merger roads are not merely scarcely primarily a great railway system. The iron holdings of the Great Northern almost, if not quite, equal in value the physical value of the transportation plant. So great are its other holdings that a separate corporation had to be created to care for them. Into the Lake Superior company, Limited, has been dumped securities representing natural resources of fabulous value acquired by the Hill interests. There are coal, iron and other mineral lands. There are forests. There are vast areas of agricultural land. Incidentally there are branch railroads leading to them. Similar convenient dumping grounds are provided for Northern Pacific properties of one kind and another. Naturally the Hill interests seek to perpetuate a policy by which these were acquired. Naturally, too, they see the advantage of co-operating with the Gugenheims and the Ryans and others interested in natural resources in the west and in Alaska not yet either exploited and appropriated. Naturally there is nothing for any of them in a policy of national conservation as outlined by Roosevelt.

The Fixers From Minnesota.

That is why Eberhart has been so busy for some time back. In Chicago they saw through his game. The national conservation leaders there showed the thing up. They wouldn't stand

Continued On Page 4.

Mrs. A. Itner has gone to Cass Lake for a visit with the family of her son, A. F. Itner.

PATNODE-RUBERTUS

Prominent Young People Married Yesterday Morning.

At high mass at 10 o'clock at St. Joseph's church Wednesday, August 24, occurred the marriage of Miss Carrie Patnode, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dolphis Patnode, to Mr. Andrew Rubertus. Rev. Fr. Fayollo was the officiating clergyman and the ring service was used. Miss Nettie Patnode, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid and Mr. Noel Delorme was groomsman.

The ceremony was witnessed by the relatives of the bride and groom and by a few invited guests.

At noon a sumptuous three-course wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Rubertus left on the five o'clock train for a short wedding trip. They will visit with Mr. Rubertus' relatives at Montevideo and in the twin cities and will return to Red Lake Falls early in September. They will be at home to their friends after October 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Rubertus are popular and estimable young people and have many friends who are glad of the opportunity to offer congratulations and best wishes.

WEDNESDAY LAST DAY FOR FILING

Only Thirteen Candidates Have Filed for the Primary Election.

All are Republicans—Contests For Only Three Places On the Ticket.

Next Wednesday, Aug. 31, is the last day for filing before the primary election and yet only thirteen people have signified their intention of becoming candidates before the primaries. All are Republicans and unless there are other filings there will be contests for the nomination for only three of the offices, judge of probate, treasurer and sheriff. Those who have filed and the nominations they seek are as follows:

County Treasurer—Harry E Ives, G. G. Kindseth.

Judge of Probate—Ira C. Richardson, Ben Christianson.

Sheriff—L. A. Nelson, Charles J. Fellman.

County Attorney—Wilhelm Michelet.

Clerk of Court—C. W. Johnson.

County Superintendent—H. F. Anderson.

County Auditor—Andrew Hanson.

County Surveyor—C. H. Martz.

Commissioner 1st. Dist.—C. A. Lindquist.

Commissioner 5th. Dist.—Joseph Pigeon.

The primary election will be a quiet affair, but there are going to be some independent candidates after awhile and the general election will be interesting enough so that the people of Red Lake county will not be deprived of their due share of campaign excitement.

Time to Quit.

A little girl was on a visit to her aunt and had enjoyed herself very much until Monday morning.

On this occasion she accompanied her relative on a rent collecting excursion through a poor district where her aunt owned some property. As is often the case, they were in many instances met with excuses for nonpayment, and the little lady's countenance, as for the ninth time she heard the remark, "I'm very sorry, but I can't give you anything today!" took on an expression of great disgust.

At last she could restrain herself no longer.

"Auntie," said she, "I think I had better go home this afternoon. I am quite sure my mamma would not like to know that you had taken me round such dirty streets begging!"

A Rejected Bid.

Eugene Walter, the noted playwright, had a visitor one afternoon at his apartment in New York. The visitor, a thickset young man in a shepherd's plaid suit and a red tie, said:

"Mr. Walter, I like your work, and I want you to write me a one act skit. I'm the Only Maunering of the Quag circuit, and I want a breezy, funny skit, but it must have a deep underlying feeling, the same as 'Paid In Full,' you know."

"What would you be willing to pay for a satisfactory skit of this type?" Mr. Walter asked.

"Well," said the Only Mannering, "if the skit suited me I wouldn't mind paying $10 for it."

"Ten dollars!" said Mr. Walter "Oh, dear, no! I can always borrow that."

BAD FIRE ON ED. GARCEAU'S FARM

House and Other Buildings Were Burned Sunday Afternoon.

Fire Occurred When Members of Family Were at Church.

There was a fire which resulted in a heavy property loss on Ed. Garceau's farm in Polk Centre township Sunday afternoon. No one was at home when the fire started and its origin is unknown. Some time before the fire was discovered the members of the family had gone to Louisville to attend church.

The fire was discovered by Game Warden Munch of Crookston who was out looking for "sooners." Mr. Munch whipped up his horses and drove over to the fire, having picked up T. P. Smidesang of Wylie on the way and the two fought the flames for quite a while before other assistance arrived. People attending church near by came to their assistance and that made quite a company of fire fighters. However, the fire had made much progress before the fire fighters had arrived and the property loss will be heavy.

Just a few articles of furniture were gotten out of the house before it was necessary to give up the fight on that building. The machinery was taken out of the sheds and the stock from the barns. Before the fire was under control the house, machine shed, machine shop and pig pens were burned.

There was a hard fight to save the barn. A straw stack near the barn caught on fire and frequently set fire to the roof of the barn and it was necessary to tear all of the shingles off the barn to save that building. Four large hogs were burned, but the rest of the stock was saved. The granary, barn and a few stacks of grain near the barn were saved.

Mr. Garceau's loss is a heavy one. There is some insurance, but it will come far short of covering the loss. Only two or three articles of household goods were saved and all clothing except what was worn by the members of the family was destroyed.

Lost Beyond Recall.

A fussy old Scotchwoman, travelling to Glasgow, seated in a corner of the railway carriage, was provided with an india rubber cushion for her greater comfort, but unfortunately, owing to the heat and continued pressure, the cushion suddenly exploded. The old lady was in despair, even to tears, over the misfortune to the windbag and again and again reverted to her misfortune.

"Tut, woman," said a commercial traveler in another corner of the carriage, "it's not worth making a fuss about. You will get it repaired in town for about 18 pence."

"It's no' that I'm vexed aboot—it's no' the price. That's easy sorted. But the last time that bag was blawn up it wis by Aunty Jean, almaist wi' her very last breath, an' that canna be restored!"

He Did.

"Excuse me, but does Walter Halter live hereabout?"

Thus the English tenderfoot, polite and timid, addressed himself to the grizzled native in the slouch hat and whiskered trousers.

"No," replied the native.

"Well, do you happen to know where I shall be able to find him?" politely pursued the Englishman.

"No!"

"Dear me!" The tenderfoot stood puzzled. "I must have lost my way. Perhaps you can tell me where Mr. William Bluff, popularly known as Grizzly Bill, hangs out?"

"I can."

"Where?"

"Right here! I'm Bill!"

"But," expostulated the tenderfoot, "they distinctly told me at the settlement that Halter lived within a gunshot of you."

"Well," responded Grizzly Bill, "he did."

Revenge.

Revenge is a naked sword.
It has neither hilt nor guard.
Wouldst thou wield this brand of the Lord?
Is thy grasp then firm and hard?

But the closer thy clutch of the blade,
The deadlier blow thou wouldst deal,
Deeper wound in thy hand is made—
It is thy blood reddens the steel.

And when thou hast dealt the blow,
When the blade from thy hand has flown,
Instead of the heart of the foe,
Thou ma'st find it sheathed in thine own.

—Charles Henry Webb.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & SAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

The population of the Island of Porto Rico is 1,118,012, as shown by the complete returns of the recent census. This is a gain of 164,799 or 17.3 per cent as compared with the census of 1899. San Juan is shown to be the largest town in the island, its population being 48,716.

What is assumed to be Italy's formal demand for the extradition of Porter Charlton, the young American in the Hudson county, New Jersey jail, charged with having killed his wife, Mary Scott Castle Charlton, at Lake Como, Italy, reached the state department. As the case has not reached the jurisdiction of the department, the papers were returned to the Italian embassy, whence they came.

Present indications that the national regatta of the American Association of Amateur Oarsmen to be held this year on the Potomac river under the auspices of the Potomac Boat Club, will be one of the greatest gatherings of oarsmen ever held in America. Two days, Friday and Saturday, August 12 and 13, will be devoted to the races. Crews and individual scullers from all parts of the United States and from Canada will enter the contest.

Emigration from and immigration to Canada is the subject of a statement issued by the immigration bureau. During the twelve months ended March 31 last there were 71,921 arrivals of aliens and citizens from Canada for permanent residence in the United States, against 61,517 during the previous twelve months. In the same period there were 103,789 departures of aliens and citizens from the United States into Canada for permanent residence, against 59,832 the previous twelve months.

Foreign.

Fighting continues in Formosa, according to advices received from China, and popular subscriptions are being collected to supply the Japanese troops with comforts.

Many Americans are included among the delegates and visitors who arrived in Berlin to take part in the fifth world congress of free christianity and religious progress.

The Spanish ambassador to France, Senor Perez-Caballero, declares that the report that King Alfonso is showing signs of mental weakness is a malicious invention of the clerical press.

The accession declaration bill, striking out the phrases offensive to Roman Catholics in the declaration made by the king after accession and substituting the words "I am a faithful protestant" was passed by the house of lords on third reading.

With a view to preventing the escape of Dr. Crippen and Miss Leneve through a technicality, Scotland Yard decided upon the advice of the attorney general that so far as it controlled in the matter all formalities involved in the extradition laws of Canada should be complied with in the case of the prisoners under arrest at Quebec.

General.

Statistics show a shrinkage in the meat supply of the country.

Speaker Cannon says he is not worrying over the result in Kansas.

Thousands of acres of unoccupied lands are soon to be thrown open to settlement.

Mr. Roosevelt is looking into industrial conditions in the mine regions of Pennsylvania.

Democrats of Minnesota nominated John Lind for governor, but it is said he will not accept.

John Mitchell was suggested to Mr. Roosevelt as good material for the New York governorship.

The steamer Princess May was lost in Alaskan waters, but the passengers and crew were saved.

The president of the United States and the president of Chili met at Beverly with an exchange of formalities that were cordially informal.

Church services in Esperanto, the international language, will be conducted at Washington, on Sunday, August 14, for the first time in the history of the national capital.

Vice President Sherman reiterated his previous denial of any connection with Indian land contracts.

One of the first duties of the United States supreme court will be to pass on the Kansas bank guaranty law.

James B. Watt, the oldest telegrapher in point of service in the Associated Press, died at his home in Nashville, Tenn., at the age of 62.

A force of 400 men under general Lee Christmas, an American follower of General Bonilla in Spanish Honduras, repulsed 200 of the government troops, under General Diaz, Tuesday.

Believing he was shooting a burglar, Ivey Land shortly after midnight shot and killed his brother Quintis at Albany, Ga.

Sixty farmers from Auburn, Neb., have just become aware that they are victims of a land fraud in which they are losers of $110,000 cash, as the result of lax methods of the Utah State Land board.

Hubert Latham made a flight from Chalons-Sur-Marne to Paris, a distance of ninety-seven miles. He made two stops en route. His aeroplane passed over Paris at an altitude of 1,850 feet.

Inspector Dew denies a report that Dr. Crippen had confessed.

The standpatters were badly defeated by the insurgents in Kansas.

On the whole, it is thought crops this year will be about the same as last.

Friends of Dr. Crippen are working actively in his defense.

Roosevelt will address the national conservation congress in St. Paul, September 6.

Senator Gore gave the full details concerning a bribe he alleges was offered to him.

Joseph Wendling, alleged slayer of Alma Kelner, reached Denver on his way to Louisville.

President Taft helped dedicate a monument to the pilgrims who landed at Provincetown, Mass.

The papal nuncio at the Spanish court has been warned to make ready to depart on short notice.

Claude A. Swanson has been appointed U. S. Senator from Virginia in place of Daniels, deceased.

Representative Bird McGuire of Oklahoma says Senator Gore is not much better than a slanderer.

Secretaries Wickersham and Nagel are keeping out of the Alaska quarrel while visiting the territory.

Senator Gore testified Vice President Sherman was one of the men higher up in the Indian contract scandal.

In a pitched battle between police officers and a band of negroes at Bradford, Ohio, one of the negroes was fatally shot.

Betting on elections became illegal in Georgia when Governor Brown signed the anti-betting bill just passed by the legislature.

Lionel Waldron and Jules Pages, the American artists and Alexander Garfield, the American explorer of Africa were decorated with the legion of honor.

The ancient and long established pass book system, used in ordinary savings institutions, will be adopted for the proposed government postal savings banks.

Governor Harmon of Ohio commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of death which was to have been imposed upon Joseph J. Mackley, the Toledo murderer.

Japanese newspapers publish speeches by Takenokoshi Josohuri, a noted Japanese historian, in which he says a war between Japan and America is inevitable.

It was announced by the war department that examinations of civil candidates for second lieutenants in the army will be held at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., November 1.

One of two new dreadnaughts authorized by the last congress will be built in the New York navy yard and it is possible the other ship also may be built by the government.

With her throat cut from ear to ear, the body of Mrs. Joseph Wolfe, aged 51, wife of a Dennison, Tex., contractor, was found by her daughter lying fully dressed on a bed in her home.

Robert Black and Miss Margaret Fitzpatrick, who were among those injured when an automobile was wrecked by a Southern railway train at Birmingham, Ala., died Monday, bringing the total dead to four.

The Missouri supreme court refused a writ of mandamus to compel Secretary of State Roach to place a constitutional amendment on the official ballot to redistrict the state as proposed by the republican state committee.

Leo Rapp, aged 13; Walter Sloan, aged 10, and Emile Jacobs, aged 11, were killed when a train on the Allegheney valley division of the Pennsylvania railroad struck a horse and wagon in which they were riding near Emlenton.

Lieutenant Commander Henry T. Baker, on duty at the Bremerton navy yard, Washington, was reduced fifty-five numbers and a public reprimand sent to him by the Navy department as the outcome of a "by court-martial on a charge of uttering a falsehood."

The French government has accepted a bronze copy of Houden's statue of George Washington, which was presented by the state of Virginia.

Governor Sanders has issued a proclamation convening the Louisiana general assembly in extra session August 15 to vote on the submission of an increased bond issue to popular suffrage in support of the World's Panama exposition proposed to be held at New Orleans in 1915.

"Big Jim" Kennedy, it was known, made a good thing out of his clubs in New York and in Chicago, but until Monday the trained nurse he married on his deathbed never dreamed that her share of his estate would be one-third of $1,000,000. The best informed estimate by his friends was $300,000.

A catch-as-catch-can wrestling match for $10,000 a side was contested at a London music hall between the American wrestler, Dr. B. F. Roller, and Gama, the champion of India. Gama won the first fall in one minute and forty seconds and the second fall in nine minutes and nine seconds, winning the match.

The Nebraska state board of assessment levied a five mill state tax, the smallest ever levied in Nebraska.

Personal.

Dr. Crippen and Miss Leneva must remain in Quebec until August 18.

Oldfield says he is willing to meet Jack Johnson in an automobile race.

Progressives of Iowa largely controlled the republican state convention at Des Moines.

President Taft has decided that his public speeches henceforth will be few and far between.

Arthur Gogelin, night marshal of Telurlde, Col., was shot and killed by Jesse Munn, a miner.

King Alfonso has given Premier Conalejas a free hand in the controversy with the vatican.

Congressman Charles Q. Tirrell of the Fourth Massachusetts district, died suddenly last week.

Dr. Crippen and his companion were identified and arrested on the steamer Montrose at Father Point.

Premier Canalejas describes the recall of Marquis de Ojeda, the Spanish ambassador to the vatican, as "an indefinite suspension of negotiations."

Congressman C. B. Vreelan of the Thirty-seventh New York district, was renominated by the republicans.

BIG ORE INCREASE

MESABA RANGE PRODUCTION JUMPS 15,000,000 TONS IN SEVEN YEARS.

GOVERNMENT STATISTICS

Much Money Spent in Improving Region.—One-Half of the Iron Imports Come From the Island of Cuba.

Washington, D. C. — A great advance in iron ore production has been made in the Mesaba range in Minnesota, where the shipments have increased from 13,000,000 tons in 1902 to 28,200,000 tons in 1909, according to a report of the geological survey on the movement of Lake Superior iron ores.

In that region where the increase has resulted from the continued activity of the opened deposit and from the extension of the operations of the ore field beyond the Mississippi river, the expenditures for railroads, permanent mine equipment and explorations indicate a faith in its future. The Lake Superior iron ore represent about 80 per cent of the total iron ore production of the United States.

The Adirondack region of New York, from which eastern furnaces draw ore, has produced since it was opened over 100 years ago about 36,000,000 tons. There are numerous other fields supplying ore and during last year the foreign iron ores imported aggregated 1,700,000 long tons, which is the maximum quantity imported in any one year. Over one-half of the imports were from Cuba.

MOORHEAD MUST GO "DRY."

S. S. Comstock Says Washington Officials Stand Squarely by Order.

Moorhead.—Former Representative S. G. Comstock and Mayor Davy have returned from Washington, where they went to put before the Indian department on Indian affairs the financial condition of Moorhead, and the effect that the saloon closing order of Special Agent Johnson would have on the city.

In speaking of his trip Mr. Comstock said:

"The government is determined to stop the sale of liquor to the Indians and is taking drastic measures to reach this end. As far as the closing order goes, it is positive in its statement that the saloons must be closed. I have received no information from any source that would make me believe this order will not be enforced. No one could regret more than I the necessity for such a trip, but any one familiar with the finances of our city will comprehend its imperative necessity. The department is strongly prejudiced against Moorhead because of the undue proportion of saloons to the population, and the impression seems to be that the dealers in Moorhead have been engaged in the illegal sale of liquor to the Indians."

BLUFF IS GIVEN TO RED WING.

"Old Sentinel" Becomes Property of City; Will Be Park.

Red Wing.—After several years of agitation to save Barn Bluff for picnic purposes and prevent further quarrying, the "Old Sentinel," as it is sometimes affectionately called, has been donated to the city of Red Wing.

James Lawther, who now lives in Ireland and who recently donated $50,000 for the Y. M. C. A. building here, offered to buy the bluff for the city, giving other citizens the privelege to participate. Accordingly announcement was made that Mr. Lawther, the Bank of Pierce, Simmons and company, the Red Wing Manufacturing company and C. A. Beecher would jointly give the famous bluff to the city.

Barn bluff was once suggested as a state park because of its unusual natural beauty. There is much rejoicing over the happy outcome of the controversy which for some years threatened to disrupt Red Wing's unity. The Milwaukee road is said to have sustained a loss of $10,000 by discontinuing quarrying in response to the demands from the people.

CULPRITS ARE NOT FOUND.

Men At Large Who Dynamited Duluth Coal Dock.

Duluth.—No trace has yet been found of the men who attempted to destroy the new machinery on the Philadelphia & Reading coal dock in Superior by blowing it up with dynamite. Two explosions occurred, one coming just before midnight and the second at 12:35. They were distinctly heard even in Duluth, but the police were unable to locate them until after the second explosion.

FOUND HANGING TO TREE.

Insane Farmer Commits Suicide in St. Louis County Forest.

Duluth.—Crazed by overwork too soon after his discharge a short time ago from the insane asylum at Fergus Falls, James Lackenberg, a farmer, living near Zim, Minn., hanged himself to a tree several miles from his home. He has been missing for a week, and the body was discovered by accident by woodsmen. Lackenberg has a wife and several children in Finland. He was about 25 years old.

ROBBERS LOOT A BANK

State Institution At Onamia Robbed of $3,000 in Coin.

Milaca, Minn. — Five burglars successfully blew the safe of the State Bank at Onamia, got between $2,500 and $3,000 in currency and escaped in a stolen rig toward Mille Lacs. It is believed they will try to elude their pursuers by crossing the lake.

J. H. McKenzie, lawyer and editor of the village newspaper, was passing the bank on his return from a night fishing trip when he was held up by three of the robbers who were standing watch outside. Thrusting revolvers into his face, they compelled him to halt and keep quiet, which he did while from inside the bank issued reports of the boring of the safe door and later the explosion.

A few minutes later the two safe experts of the robber crew emerged from the bank with their pockets loaded with money. With final and threatening warning to the editor to refrain from alarming the townspeople, the five robbers piled into a wagon, to which a spirited team was hitched and drove swiftly away.

Onamia is in Mille Lacs county, on the Soo Line and 30 miles from another town or railroad line. Owing to its isolated location it is believed detectives of Minnesota State Bankers' association and the Interstate Bankers' Protective association have more than a fair chance to apprehend the band.

As soon as the robbers had fled beyond pistol shot, Mr. McKenzie shouted the alarm to the townspeople. He then called J. H. McGilvre, president of the bank at Milaca, by telephone. The latter notified Charles R. Frost of Minneapolis, secretary of the Interstate Bankers' Protective association. Detectives were at once dispatched to the village.

The village marshal of Onamia was engaged in quelling a miniature Indian outbreak at the edge of town while the burglars were working on the safe. The Indians were drunk and fighting. It is believed the robbers provided the Indians with liquor so as to get the marshal out of the way.

ANDERSON OUTLINES CAMPAIGN.

Country Leaders Believe the Lanesboro Man Has Chance.

Albert Lea. — The insurgent Republicans assembled here, and the first gun in the campaign against Congressman James A. Tawney has been fired. Sydney A. Anderson of Lanesboro, Fillmore county, the candidate of the progressives was present, and made a stirring address to the assembled progressives, outlining what might be expected of him, should be be elected and also what sort of a campaign might be hoped for.

His business and campaign manager, O. M. Levang, the "original" insurgent, accompanied him and is enthusiastic over prospects for success at the primaries. Representatives were present from practically every county in the district and many of the committeemen reported great enthusiasm over Mr. Anderson's entrance into the field.

Thomas Frazer of Rochester, one of the most radical of the insurgents stated that in Olmsted county the dissatisfied voters had been only awaiting the entry of some good candidate to express their disapproval of Tawney, and that they had taken up with Anderson at once, and would support him to the last ditch.

He is confident that Tawney will lose Olmsted. Eugene Miller of Winona, is also delighted over Anderson's entrance and believes that they now stand a good chance to make deep inroads into Tawney's vote in Winona county. T. P. Kelley of Owatonna, who was originally urged to make the run, was present at the meeting and pledged his hardiest efforts towards the success of the progressives. He has canvassed Steele county very carefully, and is of the opinion that Tawney will lose the county by a considerable majority.

Campaign Short.

The campaign agreed upon is to be short and decisive. Anderson will speak in every voting precinct in the district and will conduct a whirlwind fight.

To those who have suggested that the time remaining is too brief, he cites the fact that Knatvold made but a three weeks' campaign and yet placed the Winona man in perilous danger of defeat. Anderson is himself confident of success, and will put in some strenuous days from now until after the primaries.

Papers to Be Used.

One of the first things that will be done, is to line up those papers which are opposed to Tawney and endeavor to conduct through them a liberal advertising campaign, the idea of Anderson being that as much publicity as possible is desirable.

Levang cited a long list of papers throughout the district which were to be counted as insurgent publications. The active campaign will begin the latter part of the week when Anderson will sound the keynote of his fight and will make public declaration of his platform.

EPIDEMIC ATTACKING CHILDREN.

Coleraine.—An epidemic of an unknown disease has broken out among the children of this village. Over a score are ill and four deaths have occurred since Sunday.

Physicians are puzzled over the disease and so far have been unable to diagnose it. They say it bears no resemblance to infantile paralysis, which was prevalent in several cities of the southern part of the state last summer, but is no less fatal.

Improvement in the Dairy Herd lies in better breeding, in better housing and in better feed in greater quantities. Corn fodder, clover and roots must succeed alough hay in winter, and old, weedy pastures must be broken up and sown to clover, blue grass and timothy for summer feeding. Systematic care, and feeding with only the substances which may be grown on every farm in Minnesota, is the practice at University Farm, St. Anthony Park, and is what gives the results reported from the Experiment station.

Weighing and Testing Milk.—This is the only sure way to determine the difference in value between the good and inferior cow. Weighing and testing daily is only a business proposition. It is the only safe way of determining what price to ask for a cow in selling her, or of what to pay for her when buying. No intelligent farmer will sell a cow for thirty dollars that will make him a net profit of $40 or $50 a year. Neither will he keep a cow that doesn't pay him a profit if he knows it.

WILL FIGHT FIRES

FOREST SERVICE ASKS FOR TROOPS FROM THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

TAKE TURN FOR WORSE

Hot, Dry Weather Responsible for Fiercer Outburst of Flames—Small Fires in the National Park Under Way.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 11.—The forest service has called on the war department for aid to fight the forest fires in Montana. General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, has directed that a battalion of the Fourteenth infantry, now taking part in maneuvers at American Lake camp, Ore., be immediately ordered to Missoula for work.

White Fish, Mont., Aug. 11.—Forest fires in the Lally Lake region have taken a serious turn and now are burning more fiercely than ever after three days' of hot, dry weather. The smoke has been so thick that it completely obscured sun.

Livingston, Mont., Aug. 11.—The report that disastrous forest fires were burning in the National Park has been thoroughly investigated and it is learned that no fires of serious character are raging. Several small fires have been under way far from the route taken by transportation companies. These are now all under control. The fires are believed to have been started by lightning. The game is being driven into the valley's below the fire region, the animals apparently losing their fear of man.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Serious forest fires are raging on the Flathead Indian reservation in Montana and the situation of the Couer de 'Alene national forest in Idaho continues extremely critical. A telegram received today by Acting Secretary Pierce of the interior department from Superintendent Morgan of the Flathead Indian reservation reported that seven distinct fires were burning beyond control. The war department ordered troops to his aid.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Sad Wreck in Minnesota Ruins Much Merchandise.

Erskine, Minn., Aug. 11.—A very bad wreck occurred on the Great Northern one mile from Erskine last night in which three men lost their lives and an immense quantity of merchandise was practically ruined.

The train was west bound and in it were sixteen cars of merchandise for points in western North Dakota. The accident was caused by a kinked rail which caused the tearing up of seventeen full rails and a long stretch of track. Two of the dead men are strangers and supposed to be itinerants. The third is thought to be Henry Buelow of Erskine who sustained bad scalp wounds. Late this afternoon the track was not clear and a transfer system was being used for passenger trains.

It was the worst wreck on the Great Northern in northern Minnesota in years.

Steamer Gets Stokers.

Southampton, Eng., Aug. 11.—The steamer Adriatic sailed for New York punctually, somewhat to the surprise of the striking firemen, who were confident that the company would be unable to secure stokers.

The White Star line officials used a bit of strategy. Office clerks and other shore employes were put aboard the ship to help get up steam, after which the Adriatic gently dropped down the Solent and picked up 100 firemen who had been held in waiting off the Isle of Wight. The stoke-hole complement was thus made complete and the steamer proceeded under normal conditions.

Since the strike began on Monday, when the men demanded an increase of wages, up to the hour of sailing today, the White Star piers were guarded by a large police force, but there was no trouble.

Mine Workers in Convention.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 11.—Nearly 1,000 delegates are in Indianapolis today ready for the opening of the special convention of United Mine Workers, called by President Thomas L. Lewis, principally to discuss wage contracts and the strike situation in various districts.

No mention is made specifically in the call of the convention of dissensions in national order, but one clause states one object of the convention is "to take such action as is necessary to require the officers and members of the United Mine Workers to respect and comply with the authority of the international executive board."

Convict Recaptured.

Bismarck, N. D., Aug. 11.—J. Jerome, a convict at the state penitentiary, sentenced to two years and nine months from Bottineau county for burglary, made his escape from the pen last night. He was captured a few hours later by Officer Buck. The officer found Jerome perched in a tree a mile from the penitentiary.

Jerome made his escape from the guards while coming from the hayfield with a number of other convicts who had been at work.

Inquest on Murder Victim.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 11.—The inquest into the death of William L. Rice, who was shot and killed near his home in Euclid Heights village last Friday, was begun today. The chief witnesses summoned were Doctors W. H. Phillips, and T. H. George, who found the body, and Special Policeman E. J. Wahl.

The manager of the club which Rice had left a few minutes previous to the killing, was called. The inquest is expected to throw light on the newly formed theory that Rice had an appointment to meet some one on his way home from the club.

Fined for Reviling Gaynor.

Pittsburg Aug. 11.—An echo of the shooting of Mayor Gaynor reached the police court of Pittsburg today, when a magistrate fined and sentenced Joseph McDonald charged with disorderly conduct, for making public announcement that the shooting of New York's chief executive was justified.

Antarctic Ship Overdue.

London, Aug. 11.—Considerable anxiety is felt for Captain Scott's antarctic expedition ship, the Terra Nova, now eleven days overdue at Cape Town. The vessel has not been seen since she left Maderia on June 27.

INSTRUCTS A COMMITTEE

STATE DRUGGISTS WANT THE PERMIT LAW REPEALED.

Resolutions are Passed at the Fargo Convention to That End—Officers are Elected for 1911.

Fargo, N. D., Aug. 10.—The North Dakota Pharmaceutical association at its convention in Loyal Knights' hall, went on record as being opposed to the present permit laws of the state, which places the granting of a permit to sell intoxicating liquors in the hands of the district judges.

The question came up during a discussion as to what legislation the association would ask its legislative committee to look after at the coming session of the state legislature next winter. It was stated that the present law is unjust and discriminating, in that it placed alcohol and other spirits which are used as medicines in a class by themselves.

Almost as soon as the meeting was called to order this morning twenty-seven applications for membership were read and referred to the committee on membership and were reported on favorably this afternoon.

The election of officers took place at the meeting this morning and the officers are as follows:

President—A. B. Bell, Devils Lake.

First Vice President—H. R. Strehlow, Casselton.

Second Vice President—A. S. Sigurdson, Valley City.

Secretary-Treasurer—W. S. Parker, Lisbon.

Local Secretary—Robert McGrath, Grand Forks.

Place of Meeting 1911—Grand Forks.

Time of Meeting—First Tuesday of July, 1911.

Grand Forks was chosen as the next place of meeting, there was no opposition.

HOLDS HIS OWN.

Mayor Gaynor Is in No Immediate Danger.

New York, Aug. 10.—Mayor Gaynor continues to hold his own this afternoon and while his physicians have not pronounced him out of danger, they hope an operation to remove two fragments of bullets may be unnecessary. The mayor has been active in police reform. James J. Gallagher, the discharged dock employe, who shot the mayor, has been placed under constant guard. Fearing he may attempt suicide, his belt and suspenders have been taken from him and he is denied the use of a knife and fork, being fed with a spoon.

An encouraging symptom displayed by the stricken executive was the development of a pronounced appetite. The nourishment mentioned in the official bulletin was chicken broth. The patient had some difficulty in swallowing the broth, owing to the soreness of the muscles.

One of the first announcements made by the physicians today was that a consultation of all physicians would be held this morning when it would be decided whether an operation would be performed to remove the bullet. The X-Ray photographs last night showed that the bullet had split just after it entered the head. The mayor's physicians showed by their course through the night that they considered him in no immediate danger.

Police Strike Sympathizers.

Columbus, O., Aug. 10.—The fear of more serious trouble tonight in the street car strike here is openly expressed today in spite of the fact that Mayor Marshall says he can control the situation. The 200 special police sworn in to take the place of 3,000 soldiers who have left here, are declared to sympathize with the striking union street car men and many business men declare that they are utterly unable to cope with the strike sympathizers who bombard the cars with stones and bad eggs.

Indians on Stand.

McAlester, Okla., Aug. 10.—Little, if any evidence bearing directly on the Gore bribery charges was heard today by the congressional committee investigating the Indian land affairs. Many Indians who were summoned to testify concerning their attitude toward the McMurray contracts repeated the testimony of previous witnesses that they signed the contracts agreeing on a ten per cent attorney's fee because they were impatient at the delay of the government in selling their lands.

No Immediate Break.

Rome, Aug. 10.—Cardinal Merry Del Val, papal secretary of state, remains at his summer villa on Monte-Mario. His absence from Rome was construed as indicating that no immediate developments bearing on the strained relations between the vatican and Spain were expected. It was learned that the attitude of the holy see is unchanged.

Indict an Employe.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—Thomas G. Lee of the dressed beef department of Armour & Co., was indicted today on a charge of perjury by the grand jury which is investigating the alleged combination of packers.

Steal Confiscated Beer.

Linton, Ind., Aug. 10.—Thieves broke into the jail here last night and stole twelve barrels of bottled beer, which had been confiscated by the city authorities in a blind tiger raid.

Disobeyed Orders.

Ignacio, Cal., Aug. 10.—Disobedience of orders, according to the railroad officials, on the part of a conductor was responsible for a head-on collision between a passenger and a work train on the Northern Pacific near here that took a known toll of eleven lives and resulted in the injury of about twenty. The unidentified bodies of three others are reported to be under the wreckage. The smoking car of the passenger train was telescoped by the engine of the freight and aside from the train crews who were hurt, all of the killed and injured occupied the smoker.

Killed in Hight Rent Strike.

Bari, Italy, Aug. 10.—Four persons were killed and several others wounded today during a clash between two troops and the participants in a general strike which had been organized in protest against high house rent.

Sixteen Men Indicted.

Columbus, O., Aug. 10.—Sixteen members of a mob at Newark, O., who participated in the riot which resulted in the lynching of Carl Ethrington on July 8 were indicted by a grand jury for first degree murder.

MAY BREAK ALSO

RELATIONS BETWEEN PORTUGAL AND THE VATICAN ARE STRAINED.

SPAIN GETS 6,000 RIFLES

Government Seizes Arms From Tug Chartered to Attend Demonstration —May Have Been For Carlist Uprising.

Lisbon, Aug. 8.—Portugal like Spain, is almost o the verge of an open rupture with the vatican, due among other causes, to friction over governmental censure of the Roman Catholic archbishop of Braga for suppressing Portuguese Franciscan newspapers without submitting the order to the Portuguese government for approval. Since the issue of the royal decree, July 12, nullifying action of the archbishop, the clerical forces, inspired, it is charged by Cardinal Merry Del Val the papal secretary of state, have been conducting a bitter campaign against the government on this account. At the same time the vatican has been raising difficulties about refilling diplomatic vacancies caused by the death of Senor Martin Dox Antas, the Portuguese ambassador to the vatican.

Danger also threatens the government from the side of the republicans on account of the refusal of the king to redeem the promise made by government of an amnesty for political offenders, including the assassinators of his father and brother.

Bilbao, Spain, Aug. 8.—Six thousand rifles were seized by the authorities today on board the tug which had been chartered to go to San Sebastian, where the great anti-governmental demonstration was proposed to be held yesterday, before the clerical leaders abandoned the manifestation. The local authorities at San Sebastian had held that the Carlists were planning to take advantage of the Catholic manifestation to start a movement against the government. No statement, however, is made as to which party to the conflict chartered the tug and loaded it with arms.

San Sebastian, Spain, Aug. 8.—The city continues tranquil, no further attempt at a demonstration having been made since the group of more hot-headed adherents yesterday gathered on the street with shouts of "death to Spain; long live the pope." The troops, however, will remain in the summer capital for several days.

The pope and Cardinal Merry Del Val received this morning from Spain many telegrams expressing loyalty to the Vatican in the conflict with Spain. The telegrams sought to encourage the Vatican to resist the anti-clerical movement in Spain.

May Use Soldiers.

Washington, Aug. 8.—President Taft has authorized the use of troops to fight forest fires in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and California.

The war department has ordered Maj. Gen. T. H. Barry, commander of the department of California, with headquarters at San Francisco, Brig. Gen. M. H. Maus, commanding the department of Columbia with headquarters at Vancouver barracks, Wash., and Brig. Gen. Walter Howe, commanding the department of Dakota at St. Paul, Minn., to hold the troops at all posts in their commands in readiness to fight forest fires.

The troops will be furnished as they may be requested by district officials of the national forests. Commanders of posts will be instructed to give immediate assistance in case of a call in their territory.

Fighting in Teheran.

Teheran, Persia, Aug. 8—The casualties in yesterday's battle in the city streets between the government and nationalist insurgents were about twelve killed and wounded on the government side. The nationalists, who were fighting under the leadership of Satar Khan, made famous by his long defense of the city of Tabriz against the forces of the deposed shah, lost thirty killed and wounded.

Three hundred of their number were captured in final assault which was made after their position in the northern part of city had been under fire from infantry and rapid fire guns during the entire afternoon yesterday. Bakir Khan, principal subordinate to Satar Khan was among the prisoners and was wounded.

Government Crop Report.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The average condition of corn crop on Aug. 1 as estimated by the crop reporting board of the department of agriculture made public with the general crop report today was 79.3 as compared with 85.4 last month, 84.4 year ago and 82.1 average on Aug. 1 for last ten years.

Average condition of the spring wheat on Aug. 1 was 61 as compared with 61.6 last month, 91.6 last year and 81.9, the ten years' average on that date.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Hurt.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 8.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who is making a political tour of western Canada, was slightly injured last night near Pense, Sask., as the train he was on collided head on with a freight. The fireman was killed and Laurier injured about the legs.

Prisoners Crowded in Cells.

New Orleans, Aug. 6.—A special to The Picayune from San Pedro Sula, Spanish Honduras, says that the jail there is packed with political prisoners.

It is said that in three small cells there are over 100 men, crowded almost to the point of suffocation. Some of the most influential natives are among the prisoners suspected of being implicated in the alleged movement to overthrow the government. Several suspects are said to have been severely tortured in an effort to wring confessions from them. The Bonilla expedition is reported to have been last seen in Guatemalan waters near Livingston.

Cholera Epidemic in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 6.—Russia's scourge, the cholera, continues to spread with most alarming rapidity, particularly in the southern mining districts, and in St. Petersburg, where the conditions are fast approaching the proportion of the great epidemic of 1908.

Figures furnished today by the central sanitary bureau show that in the week beginning July 24, there were 15,244 cases of cholera and 6,944 deaths. Of these 4,780 cases and 2,233 deaths were reported from the province of Yekaterinoslav and the territory of Don Cossacks in south Russia.

The KITCHEN CABINET

"IF A MAN can write a better book, preach a better sermon, or make a better mouse trap than his neighbor, though he build his house in the woods, the world will make a beaten path to his door."—Emerson.

WEDDING REFRESHMENTS.

A sunrise marriage, followed by a porch breakfast is particularly adapted to a small company. For this early breakfast simple Arcadian fare is the most appropriate. Fresh berries on the stem, brook trout or fried chicken with water cress and creamed potatoes, waffles or baking powder biscuits with honey, and coffee fragrant and rich with thick country cream, will make a collation satisfying to all.

If a wedding takes place at noon, a wedding breakfast follows. A ceremony at four o'clock is followed by a buffet luncheon, which need be no more elaborate than an afternoon tea and still be in good taste. For a more formal entertainment the guests are seated.

A Wedding Cake Novelty.

If the bride is as fortunate as the one at a recent wedding, she may have a composite wedding cake. The bride's cake contained beside its usual ingredients, small portions of the wedding cake of the bride's parents, her sisters and brothers, as well as the silver and golden wedding cakes of the grand parents.

In the wedding cake which the bride cuts there is often hidden a ring, a thimble, a dime and a raisin. These are wrapped in paraffine paper. The one receiving the ring is properly supposed to be the next bride, the thimble foretells spinsterhood, the dime wealth in prospect, and the raisin an unannounced engagement.

Aside from the bride's cake, which may be either white or black fruit cake, everything is small and made so that it can be handled without soiling fingers or gloves. Usually the cakes are made in sheets, then iced and cut in squares, triangles or rubes. These may be decorated with candied cherries, mint leaves or violets.

While most brides prefer to cut their own wedding cake as a pretty touch of sentiment the fashion of distributing small slices of the cake, daintily boxed, is a prevailing one.

"I HAVE learned that success is to be measured, not so much by the position that one has reached in life, as by the obstacles he has overcome while trying to succeed."—Booker T. Washington.

BONNY CLABBER.

Bonny clabber is an old time dish that is worthy of revival, and is good at any meal. Allow good unskimmed milk to sour without disturbing it. After about the second day, dish it out in spoonfuls and serve with sugar and nutmeg dusted over it.

Nothing could be more delicious than Devonshire cream served either on berries or on the breakfast cereal. Scald rich new milk, at least two quarts, put in a cool place for the cream to rise. The next day remove the cream and serve on fruit or cereal.

Fruit omelets make a pleasant change for a breakfast dish. The fruit may be added to the omelet and cooked in it or served around it as a sauce.

For hygienic reasons it is well to have days throughout the summer when a meal may be omitted entirely or serve something very simple.

A favorite breakfast is composed of rolls torn open and toasted in the oven, then lightly buttered, to be served with coffee and a cold cereal in which some fresh fruit was stirred while hot, this to be eaten with cream.

For another breakfast try whole tomatoes that have been peeled the day before and placed on ice, season with salt, pepper and a little sugar and eat with thick cream and toasted bread.

Carrot Soup.

Wash young carrots, scrape them free from skin and cook in boiling water until tender. Press through a vegetable ricer, and to a cupful of carrot add two cupfuls of milk. Cook together two tablespoonfuls each of flour and butter, combine the mixtures and cook five minutes. Season with salt and pepper and a little onion juice. Serve with a little finely minced parsley sprinkled over the top.

Hot Pineapple Compote.

Canned sliced pineapple heated in its own sirup and served with the game or meat course is another novelty, but one generally approved. The fresh pineapple may be served, but it should be cooked in a rich sirup and served hot.

Cherry Pie.

Line a pie plate with pastry, fill with sweetened cherries, put strips of pastry across in lattice work fashion, and bake. Just before serving, put little spoonfuls of sweetened whipped cream on each square and on each mound cream put a fresh cherry.

"EVERY one must have felt that a cheerful friend is like a sunny day which sheds its brightness on all around; and most of us can, as we choose, make of this world either a palace or a prison."—Sir John Lubbock.

THE FIRELESS COOKER.

The revival of the fireless cooker has passed through its fad stage and settled down to a practical necessary article. It hardly seems necessary to describe its construction and merits, yet there are many who have not acquainted themselves with its usefulness, as there are so many queries regarding it. One great beauty of the cooker is that any one may have one, for they may be made very satisfactorily at home. The manufactured cooker is more easily kept sweet, but one in my own kitchen, which has been in use three years is still in good condition. It is packed with crushed paper, and after cooking any odorous vegetable in it, it is taken out of doors and aired on the grass. The earth absorbs all odors in a very few hours.

The cooker above mentioned is made from an old trunk, a small-sized one. It is lined with several layers of newspaper, a partition of thin board put through the center, which makes two compartments. The utensils to be used in each are set in and the paper crushed and packed in by hard pounding. The dishes used should be fitted with tight covers, as the secret of a successful cooker is air-tight dishes. The nests made by packing the paper around the utensils permit their being taken out and put in easily.

Cushions of excelsior and hay cover each compartment tightly, and the cooker is ready to use.

For the proper cooking of meats there is no better device than this cooker, as it is cooked rapidly for ten to twenty minutes on the stove and then as it is put into the cooker and covered tightly it simmers for hours below the boiling point, the ideal way of cooking meat.

Rice and breakfast cereals which take long cooking, if boiled for ten minutes and put in the cooker are ready in a few hours to reheat and serve. Put the breakfast cereal in the cooker at night for breakfast and the fricassee at breakfast time to be ready for dinner.

As a practical convenience in the army it has been found invaluable, as the men have been provided with hot meals when a fire would reveal their positions to the enemy.

"ENJOY your goods as if your death were near,
Save them as if 'twere distant many a year,
Sparing or spending, be thy wisdom seen,
In keeping ever to the golden mean."

CHERRIES ARE RIPE.

The delicious cherry is one of our most satisfactory fruits for canning and preserving, as it keeps its color and flavor so well.

A well-tried recipe for preserving them fresh, if carefully followed, keeps them in such good condition that it is hard to tell them from the fresh fruit.

Pit the fruit and mix with equal bulk of sugar, let stand 12 hours, stirring occasionally so that the sugar is completely dissolved before canning. See that the cans are well sterilized and air tight. Fill them with the prepared fruit, seal and put in a cool cellar. The secret of keeping any fruit in this way is the low temperature.

Other fruits keep equally well, currants are especially fine canned in this manner. Any fruit canned without cooking is more desirable for salads and desserts.

Directions for Canning.

Fruit for canning should be fresh and ripe. If over-ripe the fruit is apt to ferment. Allow one-third its weight in sugar for canning, boiling the sugar with water to dissolve, cooking ten minutes before adding the fruit. By so doing the fruit is kept in better shape.

Cook a small quantity of fruit at a time, put into sterilized jars, fill with the boiling sirup to overflowing. If a spoon is inserted between the fruit and the jar the bubbles rise to the top and break. Screw the tops on tight and when cool tighten again.

When filling jars, place them on a cloth wrung out of hot water.

To Sterilize Jars.

Wash the jars and fill them with water (cold). Set them on a trivet, and surround them with cold water. Heat the water gradually to the boiling point and fill the jars while hot. Put the covers into the water and let them scald five minutes. Dip the rubbers into the water before putting on the jars. New rubbers should be used each year. Care should be used that the rims of the covers are not bent, as the jars cannot then be hermetically sealed.

Nellie Maxwell.

SEASONABLE HINTS.

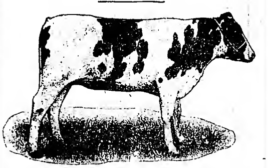
When going camping this summer the following suggestions may prove helpful. Dig a hole in the dry ground about three feet long, 18 inches wide and about as deep.

Build a good fire in the hole of hard wood, and let it burn to coals. While the wood is burning get the beans ready to bake. If parboiled first in a soda in the water it softens them more quickly. Turn the beans into the camp kettle, cover with boiling water and add a piece of salt pork, some salt and an onion, then cover tight. Clear a place for the kettle by raking the coals aside, then put it down in. Arrange a layer of ashes around the kettle to keep the beans from burning. Then heap the coals all round and over the ashes, and throw over all a foot of earth. In the morning you will find the most delicious kettle of baked beans.

Other things may be cooked as well. Chicken and game of all kinds is beautifully cooked in this manner.

SKIM MILK EXCELLENT FEED FOR DAIRY CALVES

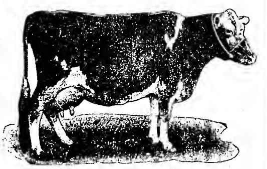
May Form Principal Diet of Young Animal for Eight Months or Year—Experiments Show It to Be Inexpensive.



Pure Bred Dairy Heifer Reared on Skim Milk.

The annual calf crop of Wisconsin amounts to about 2,189,600 head. The state has 2,576,000 head of cattle, of which 56 per cent., or 1,462,000 head, are milch cows. A herd properly managed ought to reproduce at the rate of 85 per cent. of its number annually (one calf to every 1.18 cows). This means 2,189,600 calves born in Wisconsin every year, of which 1,242,700 are from milch cows.

If the dams have been properly nourished the value of these calves at birth depends largely if not entirely upon the intelligence and skill exercised by their owners in their breeding. The future possibilities of the newborn calf, however, rest on the thought and skill that the owner puts into its feed, care and management. Mistakes made at this period of the calf's life are probably of lifelong influence, while a mistake in feeding and caring for a mature animal may be only temporary. By good feed and care, or the lack of it, it is easy to make a variation of $1 to $5 or even $10 per head in the value of the calf the first year. This means millions of dollars to the dairy farmers of Wisconsin. A difference of $5 per head would mean from $60 to $65 annually to every farm in the state.



Queen, Famous Wisconsin Cow Raised on Skim Milk.

The 1,242,700 calves from milch cows receive but little whole milk, and consequently must be raised on skim milk, buttermilk, whey, grain and roughage or some other substitute for whole milk. Of these calves 20 per cent., or 248,540, are from cows whose product is turned into farm butter, 50 per cent., or 621,350, are from cows that supply creameries and 30 per cent., or 372,810, are from cows that supply cheese factories. From this it will be seen that 70 per cent. of the calves from Wisconsin milch cows will have either farm or factory skim milk as a part of their ration and that 30 per cent. may have whey as a part of their ration in addition to whatever whole milk or milk substitutes are offered them.

Good calves can be raised on factory skim milk provided the creamery is careful to receive only good sweet milk so that the skim milk may be kept sweet until consumed by the calf. It should be borne in mind, however, that unless factory skim milk is heated sufficiently to destroy germ life it is not only difficult to keep sweet but it may spread disease, especially tuberculosis, to the calves and hogs kept on the farm.

It is much less work when the hand separator is used, and the calves are assured of a more uniform feed. The calves are usually fed immediately after separating, while the milk is still warm and sweet. This uniformity of condition and freedom from outside infection in the milk is exceedingly important, and the hand separator deserves much credit for making this possible and practicable.

Buttermilk is of practically the same composition as skim milk. There is little question if it has not the same feeding value as sour skim milk. Experiments show that calves fed buttermilk made good gains and may even be less subject to scours than those fed skim milk. Where buttermilk is fed special effort should be made to have its condition at feeding time as nearly uniform as possible.

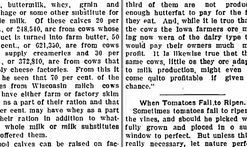
Iowa Cows.

The report of the recent Iowa Dairy Train says: "While it is true that there are a million and a half cows in Iowa, it is also true that at least a third of them are not producing enough butterfat to pay for the feed they eat. And, while it is true that if the cows the Iowa farmers are milking now were of the dairy type they would pay their owners much more profit. It is likewise true that these same cows, little as they are adapted to milk production, might even become quite profitable if given a chance."

When Tomatoes Fail to Ripen.

Sometimes tomatoes fail to ripen on the vines, and should be picked when fully grown and placed in a sunny window to perfect. But unless this is really necessary, let nature perform the work in her own way, as the fruit ripened on the vines has a richer flavor.

CONCRETE FOR SMOKE HOUSE



A handy arrangement of stove for smoke house is shown in the illustration, which can easil yhc made by trntion, which can easily be made by Haughton, in Farm Press.

A box form is placed outside the walls of smoke house and the concrete is filled around same, as shown by (a) in illustration; a box form is made for the flue or opening into smoke house as shown by (c); this is covered with concrete and is made in two sections, so it can be removed when the concrete has hardened; (d) shows the fire box or place where the fire is placed; (f) is an open space outside the wall of stove which ends in a small opening into fire box, to secure draft, which may be regulated by opening or closing this opening with a piece of tin. At (e) is shown the cover to fire box, which is a sheet of tin or sheet iron to close same; the line (g) shows the ground level which is also the floor of smoke house, while (h) shows the walls of smoke house and the method of placing the flue through same to extend into the center of floor and so place the smoke evenly on the contents.

This insures against any danger from fire and makes an everlasting as well as satisfactory stove for this purpose. The size depends upon the capacity of the smoke house and while the walls should not be less than two and one-half inches, for a small size they may be increased as the size of stove is increased.

Marketing Apples.

A man can earn $5 a day or even more, by sorting his apples for market.

After the apples have been sorted it is bad policy to put the little ones in the bottom of the boxes.

Apples in the same box should be as nearly the same size as possible.

If the big and little apples are packed separately the will bring more money than if mixed together with the biggest fruit on top.

Rat and Sparrow Clubs.

In England young people organize rat and sparrow clubs, the object to organize campaigns against these pests. In one small village the local club reported a slaughter of 3,838 rats, 839 sparrows and 614 moles.

When Hens Are Nuisance.

The farmer who says hens are a nuisance generally speaks the truth as far as his individual experience goes. His method, or lack of method, makes them a veritable nuisance.

Do not forget that a balanced ration is just as essential for poultry as it is for other livestock.

SMILES

HIS GOOD TASTE.

A young man contemplating matrimonial felicity took his fair intended to the home of his parents that she might be introduced to the old folks.

"This is my future wife," said the young man proudly, turning to paterfamilias, who was a canny Scot. "Now, father, tell me candidly what you think of her."

The old man eyed the blushing bride-elect critically for fully two minutes, and then answered with deliberation:

"Well, John, I can only say that you have shown much better taste than she has."

An Ultimatum.

"Let me see, Alice," said the old man to his eldest daughter, "young Blinkers has been calling on you regularly for six or eight months, hasn't he?"

"Yes, father," replied the fair Alice.

"Well," continued the anxious parent, "if he asks you to marry him when he comes tonight, tell him he wants to see me. Understand?"

"Yes, father," she rejoined.

"And if he doesn't ask you to marry him," added the old man, "just tell him that I want to see him."

A Good Reason.

She—How is it you were not at the West End's reception?

He—I stayed away on account of a personal matter.

She—May I ask you what it was?

He—Will you promise to keep it secret?

She—Yes.

He—Well, they failed to send me an invitation.—Judy.

Only a Partial Loss.

Mrs. Northside—Is it true that your little boy has lost his voice since his recent illness?

Mrs. Crosstown—Not entirely, but his voice has been reduced considerably. When he is carrying on a conversation with other boys now you can't hear him for more than five blocks.

How to Tell.

"How can you tell a smart man from a fool?"

"Well, when a man is always telling you how wonderfully smart he is that's——"

"The smart man?"

"No, the fool."

WANTED TO WORK IT, TOO.

Swipsey—Say, why wasn't yer at school ter day?

Jimpsey—'Cos I had er headache.

Swipsey—Say, how did yer make yer mudder believe it?

Dearer.

Dear heart, you're twice as dear to me
As what you used to be,
Since things have doubled up in price
You're twice as dear to me.

Her Dearest Pets.

"I have a heart-rending scene in my new drama."

"How now?"

"The heroine is in such reduced circumstances that she has to cook the canary."

"Sad, sad."

"But the worst is yet to come. She has to build the fire with the rubber plant."

Self-Consciousness.

"Is this silk of the latest style?" asked the man who had been appointed on a reception committee.

"The very latest," replied the obliging salesman.

"Then I don't want it. What I'm after is something new enough not to be shabby and old enough to look as if I were used to wearing it."

She Could Spare One.

"'Scuse me, ma'am," said the hobo to the lady at the front door, "can yous spare a pore beggar a copper?"

"Certainly," answered the lady and, turning to a speaking tube, she called: "Jane, send that policeman you have in the kitchen up here at once."

But the hobo was heating it up the nearest alley.

Blasted Hopes.

Mr. Stubb—Maria, do you remember that millinery store that had such a great display of fall hats? Well, there has been a fire down there and everything is reduced—

Mrs. Stubb—Gracious, what a chance for bargains! And everything is reduced, John?

Mr. Stubb—Yes, reduced to ashes.

If.

"If I were as rich as you are I wouldn't stay here to work and swelter."

"If I were as poor as you are I wouldn't have any object in staying here to sweat and worry."

Knew His Man.

His Wife—I'm afraid you are a little too severe with old Mr. Skinflint, my dear. You should treat him with the milk of human kindness.

Her Husband—Huh! He'd churn it and sell the butter if I did.

HOPE.

When all my life's unruly ways be trod,
And at Death's gate I stand to render toll,
When all my body is widowed of the soul
And this hot heart lies cold beneath the sod,
Oh, how shall I, uncovered and unshod,
Endure the tale of that recording scroll?
And where's the hyssop that shall make me whole
To stand unshamed before the face of God?

Yet, though through devious path and dark defile
I wander stumbling and with aimless feet,
Surely I yet shall find a meadow green
Where I may rest and breathe calm air a while;
Surely I yet shall find a river sweet,
To wash my limbs till ev'ry speck be clean.

—G. H., in the Academy.

A Screw Loose Somewhere.

Professor of Drawing—Miss Hectol, the primary teacher, told her pupils today that she was 22 years old.

Professor of History—Her statement doesn't agree very well with an answer she gave me once.

Professor of Drawing—What answer was that?

Professor of History—Why, she answered "Yes" when I asked her if she remembered the year in which America was discovered.

GENEROUS.

Mrs. Torker—I hear that your husband is very generous.

Mrs. Noowedd—Very! I gave him a box of cigars for a birthday present and he never smoked one of them. He gave them all away to his friends.

His Loss Her Gain.

When an ostrich is captured
He knows his mishap
Means another big feather
In some woman's cap.

Idiot at the Breakfast Table.

"I hope you are satisfied with our table," Mr. Idiot," said the landlady.

"In the main, yes," replied the idiot. "But I really think I ought to register a complaint against yesterday's fish-balls, madam."

"Why, I'm sorry about that," said the landlady, blushing. "We rather pride ourselves on our fishballs. What was the matter with them, sir?"

"Mine had a distinctly fishy taste," returned the Idiot.—Harper's Weekly.

Perhaps He Gives It to Her.

"You husband's business is growing and making more money for him right along, is it not?"

"No, he is losing more and more money every day."

"You astonish me! You must surely be mistaken?"

"No, I'm not; every time I ask him for a dollar, he tells me how he is losing money."

Both Envious.

"There goes a man I envy," remarked Wedderly, "and strange to say, he also envies me."

"What's the explanation?" queried the party of the other part.

"We were both in love with the same woman," answered Wedderly as he permitted an open-faced sigh to escape; "and—and I married her."

TIT FOR TAT.

Bookkeeper—This is an awful big bill you are going to send to Mr. Fixemup.

The Dentist—I know—he's the man who fixed the plumbing in my house. This is the first chance I've had at him.

The Only Deed for Her.

He was a man of deeds from many a fray,
And yet she loved him not;
For it seems a chap came along one day
With a deed for a house and lot.

Not So Bad.

Mrs. Myles—You wasn't at the bridge party yesterday?

Mrs. Styles—No; I was detained by sickness at home.

"So sorry! I hope your dear little dog Fido wasn't sick?"

"Oh, no; only one of the children."
—Yonkers Statesman.

On the Waiting List.

"Has he any claims to greatness?"

"Oh, yes; very extensive claims, but he seems to be having trouble in getting them validated."

THE IMPORTANCE OF HEALTHY KIDNEYS.

Weak kidneys fail to remove poisons from the blood and are the cause of backache, headache, urinary troubles and dizzy spells. To insure good health, keep the kidneys well. Doan's Kidney Pills remove all kidney ills. Read what a physician says:

Dr. H. Green, 215 N. 9th St., No. Yakima, Wash., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills in my practice for years and they have given satisfaction. I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills personally and pronounce them the best remedy I have prescribed in my long career as a physician and surgeon."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

It Was the Other Way.

"Mr. Jones," said the senior partner in the wholesale dry goods house to the drummer who stood before him in the private office, "you have been with us for the past ten years."

"Yes, sir."

"And you ought to know the rules of the house. One of them is that no man of ours shall take a side line."

"But I have none, sir."

"But you have lately got married."

"Yes; but can you call that a side line, Mr. Jones?"

"Technically, it may not be."

"You needn't fear that having a wife is going to bring me in off a trip any sooner."

"Oh, I don't. It is the fear that having a wife at home you'll want to stay out on the road altogether!"

Casey at the Bat.

This famous poem is contained in the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910, together with records, schedules for both leagues and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities. This interesting book sent by the Coca-Cola Co., of Atlanta, Ga., on receipt of 2c stamp for postage. Also copy of their booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola" which tells all about this delicious beverage and why it is so pure, wholesome and refreshing. Are you ever hot—tired—thirsty? Drink Coca-Cola—it is cooling, relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst. At soda fountains and carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere.

History Cleared Up.

The third grade was "having history." Forty youngsters were making guesses about the life and character of the Father of His Country, when the teacher propounded a question that stumped them all.

"Why did Washington cross the Delaware?"

Why, indeed? Not a child could think of anything but the answer to the famous chicken problem: "To get on the other side," and, of course, that wouldn't do. Then little Annie's hand shot into the air. Little Annie crossed the Delaware every summer herself, hence the bright idea.

"Well, Annie?"

"Because he wanted to get to Atlantic City."—Philadelphia Times.

Seeking Comfort.

"I've got a long way to go and I'm not used to travel," said the applicant at the railway ticket office. "I want to be just as comfortable as I can, regardless of expense."

"Parlor car?"

"No. I don't care for parlor fixin's."

"Sleeper?"

"No. I want to stay awake an' watch the scenery."

"Then what do you want?"

"Well, if it wouldn't be too much trouble, I wish you'd put me up in one of these refrigerator cars I've read so much about."

Only One Cobb.

The morning after Judge Andrew Cobb, a one time justice of the supreme court of Georgia, tendered his resignation, an Atlanta lawyer and a shoe drummer sat in the same seat in an outgoing train.

The lawyer bought a newspaper and looked over the headlines. Then he turned to the drummer and said:

"Well, I see Cobb has resigned."

"Gee!" said the drummer. "What will Detroit do now?"—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

His Soft Answer.

"And this is the sort of excuse you put up for coming home two hours late for dinner and in such a condition—that you and that disreputable Augustus Jones were out hunting mushrooms, you wretch? And where, pray, are the mushrooms?"

"Eere zay are, m' dear, in m' ves' pocket; and w'ile zay ain' so many of 'em, m' deer, we had lots of fun—Gus an' I—huntin' 'em."

No Trouble—
A Saucer,
A little Cream,
and
Post Toasties
right from the box.

Breakfast in a minute, and you have a meal as delightful as it is wholesome.

Post Toasties are crisp and flavoury—golden-brown, fluffy bits that almost melt in the mouth.

"The Memory Lingers"
POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

Does not Color the Hair

Ingredients of Ayer's Hair Vigor

Sulphur. Destroys germs that cause dandruff and falling hair. Cures rashes and eruptions of scalp.
Glycerin. Soothing, healing. Food to the hair-bulbs.
Quinin. A strong tonic, antiseptic, stimulant.
Sodium Chlorid. Cleansing, quiets irritation of scalp.
Capsicum. Increases activity of glands.
Sage. Stimulant, tonic. Domestic remedy of high merit.
Alcohol. Stimulant, antiseptic. **Water.** **Perfume.**

Show this formula to your doctor. Ask him if there is a single injurious ingredient. Ask him if he thinks Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from this formula, is the best preparation you could use for falling hair, or for dandruff. Let him decide. He knows.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN F. KING C. R. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The Fairmont Sentinel opines that it is about time for Moses E. Clapp to fish or cut bait.

Even the regulars have seen the necessity for repudiating Cannon. But this is locking the stable after the horse is stolen.

James T. McCleary is rapidly approaching the last stages of political desuetude. No one stops to listen to his plaints.

Governor Eberhart's notion of a pardon board seems to be that St. Paul bankers should have some protection against the penalties of joy-riding.

Attorney General Simpson has ruled that county auditors may receive affidavits of candidates for filing for the primary election ballot up to midnight of Aug. 31.

It looks as though Mayor Gaynor would be forced to take the Democratic nomination for governor. And this course is likely to make him the candidate for president in 1912.

There are some prosperous Indians in Oklahoma. It is said that a Chickasaw chief was able to deposit $75,000 a few days after McMurry received $750,000 in attorney's fees.

Thief River Falls city is a brilliant example of municipal financiering. The prospective tax-payers of the prospective county of Pennington can easily figure out the possibilities in tax rates and bond issues.

The governor and his staff are rusticating at the Isle Royal this week. And the Pioneer Press speculates on the possibilities if that Canadian should happen around to annex the island to Great Britian.

With Roosevelt attending the progressive banquet at St. Paul and James R. Garfield speaking against Congressman Nye at Minneapolis the conservation congress will not be without some political side issues.

Many of the prominent Republican newspapers of the state are urging the election of Thos. D. O'Brien to the supreme court. If the judges could be elected on their merits rather than of party designation there is no doubt that Judge O'Brien would head the list.

The Madison Independent Press expresses our sentiments when it says, "What's the use of blowing about Ballinger. Why not put the blame for his continuing to hold his seat in the cabinet where it belongs? Taft made him. Taft should unmake him. It is a matter for Taft to deal with, and if he doesn't, the voters should deal with Taft.

This is the year which, more than any of his years in the presidency, will make or mar Roosevelt, says the Little Falls Herald. He can encourage greatly the movement for political right doing, but he cannot stop it if he would. It has gone too far. The momentum is too great. Let us see Roosevelt use his tremendous influence on the side of La-Follette, Bristow and Cummins and he will have done greater good for his country than in any other way.

A city is but the larger family, says the Little Falls Herald. The streets, it has been well said, are but an extention of the home. And so the street should be made an extention of the home. That means clean, decent streets. When you invite a stranger into the home you know that cleanliness and decency is pleasant for him. When a stranger comes into the big family home called a city what must he think of the dwellers therein, to find some, perhaps many, parts dirty, unclean, uninviting? Clean your city, keep it clean, physically and morally, and the stranger will long to join the family.

Five Elections.

New York Times: Here are the figures of five national elections, in all of which, save one, the party in power lost the house of representatives in the "off year:"

1874—Republican majority of 102 changed to Democratic majority of 61.

1876—Presidential election disputed.

1882—Republican majority of 8 changed to Democratic majority of 74.

1884—Cleveland, Democrat, elected.

1886—Democratic majority of 84 reduced to 13.

Harrison, Republican, elected.

1890—Republican majority of 7 changed to Democratic majority of 148.

1892—Cleveland, Democrat, elected.

1894—Democratic majority of 94 changed to Republican majority of 142.

1896—McKinley, Republican, elected.

1910—If the Republicans lose the house of representatives?

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Hinkley Herald: It seems that when a number of men unite their capital and form a corporation serving the public and by doing so increase their power and at the same time they create agencies which create risks for others, they should be made to take all the risk ordinary and extraordinary involved and not the poor working man who under our present system of laws has very little, if any, recourse.

Winona Independent: Dr. Crippen should have taken his wife to Italy to kill her, and then made his way to the United States.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press: The party bosses are getting space in the newspapers telling of the death of the insurgent movement. They overlook the fact that the insurgent senators and congressmen are in earnest and the people back of them are in earnest. Their cause is the cause of truth. Our stand-pat brethren should not forget that never yet has a movement founded on truth and headed and backed by earnest men died a premature death. No, insurgency is not dead.

Pine Poker: The greatest "grafter" that ever entered the state penitentury has been liberated partly because of his ability as a "grafter." He horticultured his way into the hearts of the pardoning board by handing them a three-pound lemon, and the parole followed.

Little Falls Transcript: If pessimistic, change and become optimistic. If optimistic, become more so. It never pays to be glum, but it does pay to boost.

St. Cloud Times: It is rather noticeable that so far the "exposures" that are being made of politicians "higher up" in the Republican party it is always a "regular" and not an "insurgent" that draws the scare head-lines in the newspapers.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: A sealskin watch fob may be worth two on an iceberg.

A fool can always find another fool to admire him.

Some men are self-made and some others are wife-made.

A man knows but little if he tells the missus all he knows.

It's always a case of the survival of the fittest. Are you it?

The sweetest slumber is the kind uninterrupted by the alarm clock.

If rich enough you can afford to do the things you don't want to do.

Once in a great while we meet a man who actually practices what he preaches.

Look a man in the eye when you have anything to say to him—likewise a mule.

The discovery that he has invested in a salted mine is apt to make a man peppery.

We feel sorry for a girl that knows more than she ought to and not as much as she should.

By associating with some old people you may realize the truth of the saying. "The good die young,"

If a man amounts to anything in a small town he soon begins to think he would amount to more in a big town.

It takes a strong-minded spinster to believe that the reason men don't propose to her is that she never gives them a chance.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A girl has the best time making her suiters think some other fellows are.

The most deceitful thing about a woman is how soft she can purr just before she scratches.

People seem to be able to stand more reforming than anything else without showing any results of it.

A man on $20 a week can act as if it were a hundred if he hasn't a family; if he has he can't do it on $20,000 a year.

PLOTTING AGAINST CONSERVATION

Continued From Page 1.

for it. Something else had to be done. Hence the delegation sent to the conference of governors at Salt Lake City. At the head of this delegation is Frank Kellogg, who as attorney for the United States Steel Corporation would naturally be expected to entertain views of a certain kind on national conservation. The Steel Trust is a great conservetor. With Mr. Kellogg is Ralph Wheelock, representing the governor, who is relied upon to follow carefully the instructions of those of the governor's powerful supporters interested in preventing the national government from butting in and interfering with their methods of aiding state conservation. Then there is J. H. Beek, the secretary of the Minneapolis Jobbers' association, and Reuben Warner, a wholesaler of Minneapolis.

The Pull of the interests.

Mr. Beek has been a persistent figure at hearings in this state before the railroad commission, the legislature and elsewhere as representing the St. Paul jobbers. The St. Paul jobbers have uniformly regarded their interests as identical with those of the railroads when these conflicted with the interests of the people of the rest of the state. That's where Beek has always lined up. Possibly the jobbers are not quite free agents. Indeed business interests in St. Paul are tied up pretty close to other interests. With these the banks cut quite a figure; and the influence of the Hills, the Weyerhaeusers and others likely to be affected by any genuine scheme of national conservation with the St. Paul banking institutions is a dominant one. If their support for any reason were withdrawn there would be various kinds of troubls. Naturally Mr. Beek, representing the jobbers, would be ready to take his cue from the Hill people.

The Man Who Talked.

Some months ago, on his return from the west, Mr. Louis Hill, who always talks when he can and not always as discreetly as his predecessor in the presidency of he Great Northern took a slam at conservation as practiced in the west during the Roosevelt regime. Shortly before that there had been large acreages set aside as government preserves, and a number of valuable waterpowers among other things as well as mineral deposits were affected when these lands were withdrawn from public entry. All this no doubt has its bearing on the action of the conference of governors who reached the conclusion among other things, "that the early elimination from the national forests reserves of all homestead and untimbered and grazing lands is expedient."

What the Western Governors Want.

Other conclusions reached at the conference of the governors are that "the existing national conservation laws have tended to retrench monopoly," and that "national and state governments co-operate, and within a reasonable time the state governments be conceded complete administration of conservation laws." That is where the cry of state rights is to be set up. Minnesota indeed has no reasonable cause of complaint in this respect. We have had the full right for some years of "the complete administration of conservation laws." How admirably indeed have we conserved the state's timber. Think of the immense benefits reaped by the people because the state has conserved for the use of future generations the mineral deposits with which it is endowed by nature. Small wonder that the Hills, the Weyerhauser's and Mr. Kellog's clients should wish to see the same policy extended to other northwestern states.

A Fight in Prospect.

And that's why they take so great an interest in the conservation movement and why they thought it desirable to send emissaries to Salt Lake City. They propose to show Roosevelt and Pinchot and Garfield and the rest that they are not going to have it all their own way when the conservation congress meets in St. Paul. At a somewhat similar conventon in Chicago a few years ago—one at least in which the representatives of the people had control—there was a bolt. The representatives of the interests herded by themselves and passed all kinds of resolutions. In case of their failure to make the cry of state's rights go here there may also be things doing in St. Paul.

Discrediting National Conservation.

If only Roosevelt can be discredited in St. Paul much will be gained. National conservation is one of his pet hobbies. At one time he had things going his way. The people were beginning to believe that much was to be hoped for from a movement in which the natural resources of the country were to be protected and preserved for the benefit of the people of the country by the federal government. If only now they can be pursuaded that Roosevelt's real purpose was the centralization of power and to rob the people of their rights, may we not hope to see the middle west again rallying around the administration of President Taft? The politicians of New York, as has been seen, are in line. Wall Street is for a safe and sane administration. The manufacturing interests of the nation can be relied upon to do their part. What is needed now is to break up the insurgency of the middle west, and to break in by way of Minnesota would be a victory indeed. With the state administration and the Republican organization working with so much apparent success and so industriously to that end, one of these days party solidarity may triumph and the man on horseback lose his terror to the business interests who regard their welfare as the nation's first concern.

—PAUL PRY.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Red Lake. }

In the matter of the petition of Wm. G. Hunt and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 47.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 47.

DESCRIPTION OF MAIN DITCH.

Said ditch is located within the townships one hundred fifty two (152) and one hundred fifty-three (153), Ranges forty(40) and forty-one(41) and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:

Commencing at a point twenty(20) feet east and twenty five hundred (2500) feet south of the quarter corner between sections six(6) and seven(7), Township one hundred fifty-two(152), Range forty(40), thence running due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter line in the center of sections six(6) and seven(7), to the town line between townships one hundred fifty-two (152) and one hundred fifty-three(153), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections thirty-one(31) and thirty-two(32), township one hundred fifty-three(153), range forty(40) to a point twenty(20) feet east and twenty(20) feet south of the section corner between sections twenty-nine(29), thirty(30), thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the section line between sections thirty (30) and thirty-one(31) of aforesaid townhip and range to the range line between ranges forty(40) and forty-one (41), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the section line between sections twenty five (25) and thirty-six (36), to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (36), township one hundred fifty-three(153), range forty-one (41), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter line in the center of section twenty-five(25) a distance of forty three hundred and twenty-four(4324) feet where said ditch intersects with a coulee and follows said coulee in a northwesterly direction a distance of six hundred and fifty(650) feet to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 1.

Said branch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty-two(152) range forty(40). Commencing at a point seventeen hundred(1700) feet east and twenty(20) feet south of the section corner between sections six(6) and seven(7) thence running due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the section line between said sections six(6) and seven(7) to a point twenty(20) feet south and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter corner between said sections where said branch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 47.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 2.

Said branch is located within the townships one hundred fifty-two(152) and one hundred fifty-three (153), range forty-one(41). Commencing at a point eighteen hundred and fifty-four(1854) feet south of the southeast corner of section one(1), township one hundred fifty-two(152), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet west of the range line between ranges forty(40) and forty-one (41), to a point twenty(20) feet west and twenty(20) feet south of the north east corner of the north east quarter of section one(1), thence due west parallel with and twenty(20) feet south of the town line to a point twenty(20) feet south of the north west corner of the north east quarter of section one(1) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending in a northwesterly direction over and across the south east quarter of section thirty-six(36) and the north east quarter of said section thirty-six(36) to a point one thousand and fifty(1050) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections twenty-five(25) and section thirty-six(36), township one hundred fifty-three(153) range forty-one (41), thence extending due north parallel with and twenty(20) feet east of the quarter line in the center of section thirty-six(36) to a point twenty(20) feet east and twenty(20) feet south of the quarter corner between sections twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (30), where said branch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number 47, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Ione O. Rjenstod, Fred L. Farley, Knut Olson, Gustov Swenson Swan B. Swanson, J. A. Duffy, Thomas C. Rome, Andres Anenson, Fred York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Hovland, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hyland, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skrelund, Mike Kolski, Charles W. Johnson, Clarence Hayford, Oscar E. Lillo, John Quirk, Daniel Sullivan, William G. Hunt, Annie Spokely, Walter McAndress, Kate O'Brien, Charley Clark, Frank Jaffers, Olaf H. Snoback, Even J. Lund, Jerry O'Brien, Annund Knutson, Julius Halvorsen, Andrew M. Johnson, Kettel Vindlos, Sten Jorgenson, Gust B. Tveit, Martin Solum, Andrew T. Myrum, Arne O. Gunderson, Simon O'Toole, Joseph E. O'Toole, Lars E. Ofte, Nils E. Ofte, Edward T. Emmerson, James O'Brien, Township of Deer Park, Township of High Landing, Township of Mayfield, Township of Kratka and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board or said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the Ninth day of September, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) 11aug25

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For State Senator.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for senator for the 61st District, unequivocally endorsing the platform adopted by the Republican Convention, June 21st, 1910, and pledge my vote and best effort to legislation that will re-apportion the state justly and fairly and effectively on or before January 1st, 1912, and without regard to the term of office for which I may be elected, should I be the choice of the Republicans of this District and be elected in the General Election in November next.—ALBERT BERG, Spooner, Minnesota.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Red Lake county and solicit your support and your vote at the primary election to be held September 20, 1910.—G. G. KINDSETH.

For Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county, and respectfully solicit the support of all. If nominated and elected I will at all times do my duty.

—CHARLES J. FELLMAN.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for county treasurer of Red Lake county and respectfully solicit the support and votes of all who believe that I will, if nominated and elected, run the office in an honest, efficient and economical manner.

If elected I hereby pledge that I will run the office to the best of my ability in an impartial and businesslike manner

A the Republican Primaries Sept, 20th, 1910.

HARRY E. IVES.

For Representative.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination as a member of th house of representatives from the 61st legislative district which comprises the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake. If nominated and elected I pledge mysif to use all efforts to secure the redistricting of the state, a one mill tax for good roads, a liberal appropriation to advertise the resources of Minnesota, and a county option law.

D. P. O'NEILL.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!! Opening sales of business and residence locations in the following NEW SOO TOWNS will occur on the townsites as follows:

OKLEE, Monday, August 29,	2 P. M.	SCRIBNER, Saturday, Sept. 3.	3 P. M.
GULLY, Tuesday, August 30,	2 P. M.	FEDERAL DAM, Monday, Sept. 5.	11 A. M.
GONVICK, Wednesday, August 31,	2 P. M.	BOY RIVER, Monday, Sept. 5.	3 P. M.
CLEARBROOK, Thursday, Sept. 1,	2 P. M.	REMER, Tuesday, Sept. 6.	3 P. M.
LEONARD, Friday, Sept. 2	2 P. M.	SHOVEL LAKE, Wednesday, Sep. 7.	3 P. M.
PINEWOOD, Saturday, Sept. 3.	11 A. M.	GAIN, Thursday, Sept. 8,	3 P. M.

New Country New Towns New People Splendid Business Opportunities

Attend these sales and secure desirable business locations. Get in on the ground floor and profit by the rapid development of this rich new territory. For information address W. H. KILLEN, Industrial Agent, Soo Line, Minneapolis, Minn.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling. S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.

Amory, Miss. S. E. COWLEY.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

AN ABSOLUTELY PURE FLOUR

MASCOT

"It's all the wheat that's fit to eat."

Sold by enterprising grocers anywhere.

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MINNESOTA STATE FAIR
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
SIX BIG DAYS
SEPT. 5TH TO 10TH 1910
$60,000 IN PREMIUMS
$30,000 RACING PROGRAM
LIBERAL ARTS EXHIBIT IN THE NEW GRANDSTAND AND EXPOSITION BUILDING
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INCREASED CATTLE EXHIBITS
DAILY FLIGHTS OF WRIGHT BROS. & CURTISS AEROPLANES
ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, FLORICULTURAL & INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITS
BEAUTIFUL SPECTACLE
"PAGEANT OF NATIONS" WITH 1000 PARTICIPANTS
FIRST NORTHWESTERN CORN SHOW
EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 9 teachers, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year. Full course in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking. Summer School Now. Fall Term Sept. 1. Catalog free. F. L. Watkins Fargo, N. D

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CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

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DRINK HABIT

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Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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Subscribe for The Gazette

..MINNESOTA...

State Fair

Hamline, September 5-10

Nat'l Conservation Congress

St. Paul, September 6-7-8

Plan to attend both. Minnesota's State Fair has a national reputation of being one of the greatest attractions of its kind held in the United States and the Hamline grounds are nowhere surpassed in any feature. The Conservation Congress being a national movement for the preservation of our resources, the subject is of vital importance to every one. President Taft, Ex-President Roosevelt and many other prominent men will speak. The combination of two so important events affords an exceptional opportunity, that will provide attractions for all. Fix the dates and plan to go. You will profit. Several trains daily, going and coming.

NORTHERN PACIFIC YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

A. C. COWLES, Agent.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Northern Pacific Ry.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible]

Bids Wanted for Vault Fixtures

Sealed bids are invited for the furnishing and installation of the tables and steel fixtures for the vaults in the County court house at Red Lake Falls, Red Lake County, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn. Plans and specifications may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

The county board of said county will meet at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 1 o'clock P. M., September 9th, 1910, to open and consider such bids as shall be submitted and to award the contract for same. All bids must be filed with the county auditor at or before the hour of the meeting and must state when the job will be completed. Court house will be ready for occupancy on or about November 1st, 1910.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to invite other bids. A certified check in the amount of not less than $20 payable to the order of the County Auditor must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., August 8th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor
(County Auditor's Seal.) a11-25

Bids Wanted for Office Counters, Fixtures, Etc.

Sealed bids are invited for the furnishing and installation of the judge's desk, witness and jury box, railing, benches, etc., in the court room and for the counters, railings, etc., in the different offices in the County Court House now under construction at Red Lake Falls, Red Lake county, Minnesota, according to the plans and specifications of the architect on file in the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn. Plans and specifications may also be seen at the office of the architect, Fremont D. Orff, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

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The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to invite further bids. A certified check in the amount of not less than [illegible] payable to the order of the County Auditor must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., August 8th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor
(County Auditor's Seal) a11-25

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

[illegible]

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Boen and others for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 48.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 48.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:

MAIN DITCH.

Said ditch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty-two (152), ranges thirty-nine (39), forty (40) and forty-one (41), commencing at the boundary line between Red Lake and Clearwater counties between sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), township one hundred fifty-two (152) range thirty-nine (39), thence running due west parallel with and twenty two (22) feet north of the section line between sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), twenty-three (23) and twenty-six (26), twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27), twenty-one (21) and twenty-eight (28), twenty (20) and twenty-nine (29), and nineteen (19) and thirty (30) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twenty four (24) and twenty-five (25), twenty-three (23) and twenty-six (26), twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27), twenty-one (21) and twenty-eight (28), twenty (20) and twenty-nine (29) and sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30), township one hundred fifty-two (152) range forty (40) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty-two (22) feet north of the section line between sections twenty four (24) and twenty-five (25), twenty three (23) and twenty-six (26), twenty two (22) and twenty seven (27) and sections twenty-one (21) and twenty eight (28) to a point twenty-two (22) feet north and twenty-two (22) feet east of the south west corner of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty-one (41), thence due south parallel with and twenty-two (22) feet east of the section line between sections twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29) a distance of thirty four hundred and twenty-two (3422) feet to the Clearwater river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH DITCH.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) range forty (40), commencing at a point twenty-two (22) feet north of the quarter corner between sections fourteen (14) and twenty-three (23), thence due west parallel with and twenty two (22) feet north of the section line between sections fourteen (14) and twenty three (23), fifteen (15) and twenty-two (22), and sections sixteen (16) and twenty-one (21) to a point twenty two (22) feet north and twenty-two (22) feet east of the south-west corner of section sixteen (16), thence due south parallel with and twenty-two (22) feet east of the section line between sections twenty (20) and twenty one (21) to a point twenty-two (22) feet north and twenty-two (22) feet east of the south west corner of section twenty one (21) where said ditch terminate and has its outlet in ditch number forty eight (48,) as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Maret O Hennum, Louis H. Larson, Tomas Amundson, Haaken R. Berg, Ignac Kolski, Sivert Sater, Quam & Gasselden, Julius Olsen, A. Korthof, John I. Ellingboe, Karen Skara, Levor A. Bjella, Nils D. Rueson, John O. Larson, Gilbert Tasa, Iver Johnson, Thomas A. Tasa, Otto L. Dahl, Iver A. Tasa, Frank Enderle, Peder E. Bjerkly, Thomas O. Homme, Knut J. Tasa, Torger T. Elton, Martin Ashjornson, James Franeck, John K. Halvorson, Knut K. Husa, Gunil K. Halvorson, Halvor K. Halvorson, Martha L. Halvorson, Ole Hendron, Martin Hegstad, Edward Kolski, Henry Bowald, Walenty Wajnarowski, Andrew A. Bowald, August A. Lalla, Knud L. Syversrud, George Singer, William J. Pollnock, Engo Peterson, Wilson L. Rodman, Edward Singer, John Olson, Anon Knudson, Lewis M. Lunde, Herman J. Lalla, Jens Sundal, Oscar Lundberg, [illegible] Vold, Magna Iverson, Aslak Thompson, Osmund S Lunden, Torger M. [illegible], Martin Gilbertson, Gerhard K. [illegible], Martin Gilbertson, Oscar Nesland, Peter Milne, Amund K. Breiland, Albert Hanson, Jorgend K. Rystad, Eyvind Schjeldrup, Charles G. Sill, Wilma M. Erb, Christian O. [illegible], H. Green, B. T. Langley, Bernhard Lindberg, Wm. R. Olson, Con Shott, Swan Larson, Rasmus Nilson Fore, Louis A. Kaufer, Sigurd Krostue, Daniel E. Aakhus, Seymour Iverson, Peter F. Loesch, O. L. Chester, Soren C. Jensen, Aslak Tveteken, Steen Tveteken, F. O. Gustafson, Ole M. Bakke, Osten O. Slette, Edward Anderson, Iver J. Twedt, Franz Schmidt, Nic Nelson, Louie Anderson, John A. Larson, L. K. Moen, Unni Steenerson, et al., Gunnar B. Rystad, First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Peder Johanson, Sever Maaren, Christ Knudson, Daniel J. Helle, Township of Hickory, Township of Deer Park, Township of Mayfield and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by the said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor. And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 9th day of September, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) a18-s1

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Sam S. Hesehy and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 54.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 54.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:

Main Ditch—Said ditch is located wholly within the townships one hundred fifty-three (153) and one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-two (42), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the section corner between sections nine (9) ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), township 154, range 42, thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) and sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the section corner on the town line between sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154) range 42, and sections three (3) and four (4) township one hundred fifty-three (153), range 42, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between said sections three (3) and four (4) and sections nine (9) and ten (10) to the Red Lake river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Description of Branch Ditch.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty-two (42), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section two (2), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections two (2) and three (3) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between sections two (2), three (3), ten (10) and eleven (11), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections three (3) and ten (10) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between sections three (3) and four (4), nine (9) and ten (10), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in ditch No. 54, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McCormick, Bert A. Gordon, Samuel Dangerfield, Carlus H. Brown, Martin J. Bragstad, O. C. Hanson, Carl Moen, Frank Chipera, Anne H. Moe, Sam S. Husehy, Andrew Carlson, Hans C. Sorenson, Rudolph Sebek, Rasmus A. Gansen, Tom H. Omlid, Esther C. Hoagland, Ole J. Nomland, Andrew N. Ness, Henry Schindler, Paul Hemen, John Ulstad, Clement Sebek, Andro Breznay, Mat Staska, John T. Coan, Walter H. Quist, Nils O. Buringrud, Carrie Baner, Halvor Hjeldon, Oliver Gunderson, George M. Gunderson, Sven D. Roysland, Andrew Furseth, Martin Quist, Oskar Ostrem, John J. Hegerness, Ole Omundson, et. al., Lars Matson, Karl Beiswinger, Henry H. Hanson, Andrew Peterson, Cornelius H. Helland, W. J. Helland, Charles Fisher, Frank Fisher, Svene Johnson, Vincent D. Cliff, Alfred Alfred C. Danielson, Solomon C. Danielson, Krist Larson, Albert J. Narum, Anna Bolstad, Ole O. Bolstad, Township of Silverton, Township of Smiley and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same, have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And, That, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 16th day of September, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) a25-s8

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn tf

BUILD UP

in spring and summer; it's the natural time to store up health and vitality for the year.

Scott's Emulsion

is Nature's best and quickest help. All Druggists

Vouched For Her.

At a marriage service performed some time ago in a little country church in England, when the minister said in a solemn tone, "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" Instead of the woman answering for herself a gruff man's voice answered:

"Oi will."

The minister looked up, very much perplexed, and paused. He repeated the sentence, and again the same gruff voice answerd:

"Oi will."

Again the minister looked up surprised, not knowing what to make of it, when one of the groomsmen at the end of the row said:

"'Er be deaf. Oi be answerin' for 'er."

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that Anton Anderson has petitioned the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for License to sell Intoxicating Liquors in that certain one story frame building with one front and one rear entrance situated on that certain tract of land commencing at a point 522 feet south of the North-east corner of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) North of Range Forty-five (45) West and One Hundred Thirty-three (133) feet west of the Range Line between Ranges Forty-four (44) and Forty-five (45) thence west 50 feet, thence south 150 feet, thence east 50 feet and thence north 150 feet to the place of beginning.

The application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of same will be heard and determined by said Board of County Commissioners, at their special session on Friday the 16th day of September, A. D. 1910 at 2.00 o'clock P. M. at the Office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal.)
Dated August 24th, 1910. a25-s8

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Red Lake, } In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Monika Kauler, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Henry J. Kauler, Louis A. Kaufer, Gertie Zeh, Emma E. Krost, and Phil. A. Kauler, all persons interested in the determination of the descent of the real estate of said decedent: The Petition of Louis A. Kauler having been filed in this Court, representing that said decedent died more than five years prior to the filing thereof, leaving certain real estate in said petition described, and that no will of decedent has been proved nor administration of said estate granted in this State, and praying that the descent of said real estate be determined by this Court:

Therefore, You, and Each of You, Are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 17th, day of September, 1910, at 9:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the Seal thereof, this 24th day of August A. D. 1910.

ISAAC RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner.
(Court Seal) a25-s8

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 17th day of September, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No 49 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date July 29th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "O" to Stations "211" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 31,931.0 cubic yards and from stations "O" to stations "210" of the branch ditch, both inclusive, with a yardage of 42,194.0 cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work: said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bill will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profiles are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated, at an estimated cost of Seven Thousand Four Hundred twelve & 50-100 ($7412.50) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $10,162.50 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 6th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal,) a25-s8

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Diary Products as Food.

The products of the dairy are perhaps the most useful articles included in the human diet. A meal made up of dishes into which no product of the diary cow enters would not be such as to inspire "The turnpike road to people's hearts I find lies through their mouths, or I mistake mankind." Take away the butter for the bread, the cream for the coffee and the porridge, the shortening for the crust and the biscuits, the milk in the gravy and in the puddings, the cream for the desurt, and the various kinds of cheese which please and satisfy, then take away the cup of milk for the little one and the meal would be neither tempting nor nutritious.

The health of our people depends so much upon an adequate supply of pure dairy products that even a scarcity is always attended by suffering and death.

Butter is sometimes referred to as a luxury. This is a mistake. Butter is not a luxury but one of the necessities of life, and its composition is such that nothing can take its place and perform the same functions. It is nature's product compounded in the maternal organism and the process is in accordance with nature's law, a law which man can imitate but not understand. Man can manufacture from various fats and oils a substitute for butter but it cannot take the place of nature's product because man cannot understand the needs of the human body as nature understands them.

The animal body is developed best when nourished by foods which have been little manipulated by man and machinery. Dairy products are, as a rule consumed nearly as nature produced them. This is particularly true with milk upon which the growing body must depend. In the case of butter only a small percentage of other products are added to the fat extracted from the milk. Man only manipulates it in order to put it in convenient shape for use. It still can be termed a product of nature designed as only nature can design for use as food by the human body.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE DEACON'S SHEEPSKIN

By M. QUAD

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If you know anything at all about farm life you know that now and then a farmer gets a hankering for mutton and kills a sheep. In removing the pelt he is very careful. A cut in it depreciates its value. Pelts are generally purchased by tin peddlers, and they are generally looked over very carefully beforehand. If there are two or three cuts in the pelt it is only half price. Deacon Strong lived on a farm in the outskirts of the village of Rawsonville. Tin peddlers had found him a truthful man. When the deacon warranted a sheepskin free from cuts it was no use spending time to look at it. On this particular morning when a peddler called the deacon had a pelt all rolled up to trade for tin pans. While he didn't exactly warrant it, he didn't acknowledge to any damage, and it was three days later that the peddler found he had been done for.

The peddler could have gone back and talked about graft and all that and raised a row, but he didn't. He returned to the neighborhood after several weeks, but he didn't call on the deacon. Neither did he make any inquiries about him. He just sawed wood and listened to what people were talking about, and what they were talking about just then was the fact that the deacon had decided to send his old mother to the poorhouse.

Deacon Strong realized that he would be criticised, and so he went about telling what a beautiful poorhouse it was.

The tin peddler got on to the talk and the facts, and he was doing some thinking as he drove from the neighborhood. He had a brother in a town twenty miles away, and the brother was a lawyer.

The day had been set for grandma to go to the poorhouse when one of the neighbors brought in a newspaper to show the deacon an advertisement. It called for information concerning one Anna Strong, widow, and strongly hinted that it would be to her great advantage to step out into the limelight. The poorhouse trip was canceled and a journey made to see a lawyer. Anna Strong, widow, was Deacon Strong's mother. He could prove it by fifty people. The lawyer replied that it was all right so far, but did she have a cousin named Charles Bixby, a rich man living in Boston, a cousin who would be apt to remember her in his will to the extent of $25,000?

The deacon's hair climbed up. He said that he hadn't the least doubt of the cousinship and would take the cash home to the old lady. He went too fast. The Widow Strong must appear and make an affidavit. What her son knew or guessed wouldn't cover the case. The deacon didn't say she had lost her voice. He started for home to see if he couldn't bring it back for her. Her fingers were so crippled that she hadn't written a line for years, and all depended on the recovery of the voice. The old woman had been tucked away in the poorest room of the house. She was at once transferred to the best. The scraps from the table were thought good enough for her. She was now fed on the best. Instead of three regular meals per day she was coaxed to eat much oftener. The son had hardly spoken to her for weeks, but now he sat with her and even told her jokes and hoped she would live for twenty years yet. He also went among the neighbors and said that he had heard the cellar of the poorhouse was damp after every shower, and he couldn't think of taking his dear mother there.

Mrs. Strong, widow, could hear very well. She heard her son ask the name of all her male cousins, including Charles Bixby of Boston, and she heard herself addressed as "dear mother," but she could make no intelligible replies. Not when the daughter-in-law combed her hair for her and washed her face and said she was a saint if there ever was one could she talk. When she was lifted in and out of the buggy for a ride she couldn't express her gratitude in words. Once or twice she happened to overhear her dutiful son say to his wife that he'd like to build a fire under the old woman to make her talk, but she didn't lay it up against him. She went right on having the best in the house and wondering why other old women didn't lose their voices.

Once a month for two long years Deacon Strong called upon or wrote to the lawyer. He offered all sorts of terms and compromises, but it was no use. He wrote to Boston, but his letter was unanswered. He consulted other lawyers, but they said that nothing could be done until that voice came back. Raw eggs and wine, pies, cake and puddings fattened the old woman, but the voice remained obstinate. She winked and she smiled and she nodded, but that wasn't enough to bring home the Bixby legacy. Then at last she died. She went to sleep in her chair one day and passed away without a struggle. She was buried in a very decent manner, and next day the deacon walked into the lawyer's office as next of kin and heir to the Bixby legacy.

"And you mother didn't regain her voice?" asked the lawyer.

"Never spoke a word."

"She had the best of care?"

"The very best."

"I am glad to hear it. I have just ascertained there was some mistake about it. She may have been a cousin of Charles Bixby's, but he left his money to an old man's home."

Who Nero Was.

In the days when Sir Charles Gavan Duffy was a leading figure in Victorian politics there sat in the Melbourne parliament a wealthy but not well informed butcher. The chief secretary of the day was deprecating the attitude of the leader of the opposition, whose conduct was, he declared, worse than Nero's.

"Who was Nero?" interjected the knight of the cleaver, with equal scorn and sincerity.

"Who was Nero?" replied the delighted chief secretary. "The honorable gentleman ought to know. Nero was a celebrated Roman butcher."

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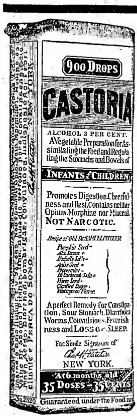

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OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breault, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G.; F. A. Grady, V. G.; F. A. Mizeo, R. S.; Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S.; H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischeau, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandean, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

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The Lure of the National Capital

BY EDWARD B. CLARK

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THEY cannot keep away, for the Washington lure is strong upon them. The attraction of the capital draws former senators and former representatives here just as surely as the call of duty summons the present officeholders. They drift down in November and scores of them stay until the adjournment, and other scores stay all through the summer.

Some men who before they were sent to congress rarely left the environments of their home villages have found after a term or two in the capital city, that the district had few attractions to offer them, provided there was money enough in their bank accounts to keep them in comfort in the city by the Potomac.

There are former senators and representatives whose influence has been sufficient to secure them government positions in the capital which will not only allow them to remain here, but which will pay them for their stay. The lot of these men seems to be particularly fortunate, and they are the objects of more or less envy on the part of those who would like to stay here, but who owing to pecuniary reasons and to inability to get office are compelled to return home.

There are plenty of evidences that former representatives who have chosen, after having once been defeated in the home district, to stay away from the native heath, are not altogether free from the criticisms of the home people, and perhaps there is no reason why they should be. When a man who has spent his entire life among certain people is weaned away from them by a short residence elsewhere, it seems that resentment springs, and few denials probably will come to the statement that a good many of the former officials who stay in Washington in preference to going home are not without frequent intimations that the people back in the district regard them in some degree as deserters.

Of course there are exceptions to every rule and in the case of senators and representatives of long service, who are poor and perhaps too old to renew the practise of the law, or to take up again their mercantile business where they dropped it to serve their constituents, there is excuse for the acceptance of office in Washington in order that the way of old age may be smoothed.

Then again there are the cases of men who have been in Washington so long representing their states, or their districts, that Washington has become their real home, and here they stay after a change of party administration has removed them from representative office.

Of the men who stayed in Washington because the place was like home, there should be mentioned former Senator Stewart, "Silver" Stewart of Nevada, who died recently. He was a noted figure on the Washington streets all through his congressional career, and through the few years of his retirement prior to his death. Stewart's hair and beard were as white as the snow on the top of the Nevada mountains, but until within a few hours of his death he was apparently as strong as any tree that grows below the mountain timber line.

Frequently the former senators and representatives who live in Washington appear upon the floor of congress. They have the right there to appear because of their former services. There is one marked and shining exception, however, to this rule of occasional return to the chamber where the legislative service was rendered. When Senator Spooner of Wisconsin left congress in 1891, to be gone six years, he declared that he would never appear upon the floor of the senate while he was out of office, nor would he go to the capitol unless his professional business called him to practise before the Supreme Court. Spooner kept his word. He always had objected to the rule which admitted former senators to the floor of the senate. He did not say so, but he thought that in some few cases the lobbying opportunity might be too strong to be resisted by some of the senators who were not above using their personal influence with their former colleagues on behalf of some specific legislation.

In the spring of 1907, John G. Spooner resigned from the United States senate. After the six years of his absence from congress was ended he had been returned again to the upper house, but in the spring three years ago he resigned to enter the practise of law. Since the day that Senator Spooner left for this supposedly the last time, he has not been seen in the senate of the United States, nor has he been seen in the corridors of the capitol. He is in law practise in New York, and occasionally he comes to Washington, but unlike many other former representatives he shuns the actual scene of his legislative activities.

Gen. Charles Grosvenor of Ohio, who was in the house of representatives for years, and who was considered one of its most picturesque characters, a man lively and energetic in debate and appealing personal qualities, stays in the Buckeye state most of the time now that he has retired from congress, but the Washington lure draws him here occasionally, and he is seen always in his old haunts. General Grosvenor was such a fixture that it seems impossible to realize when he comes back and appears in the old places that he has been away at all.

No one misses Charles Grosvenor more than Champ Clark, the Democratic leader. Grosvenor is a standpatter of such strength that Mr. Cannon it was said, used to sit abashed in his presence.

Mr. Clark is a free trader so sturdy that the other strong ones are weaklings; but nevertheless these two tariff extremes met and formed a friendship that time and separation have not been able to break.

It was said by some of the high tariff Republicans when General Grosvenor retired, that they were not entirely hopeless as long as John Dalzell of Pennsylvania remained with them. Dalzell recently had a narrow escape from losing the nomination for congress. If he by any chance should be defeated at the election it is believed that the lure will be as strong upon him as it has upon the others.

Dalzell is as picturesque in his way as Grosvenor is in his way. It always was said of him that he never slept. He is nervous energy in its essence, and more watchful of Republican interests generally on the floor than is the titular Republican leader. Mr. Dalzell is always looking out for the interests of his constituents.

One drowsy June day when the house was heavy and business was simply droning its way through, Dalzell yielding to environment, nodded and then napped. Instantly the wily, wide awake Democrats put through something to which no one saw any objection. It touched Pittsburg.

Dalzell awoke too late. He had been asleep at the switch. Had his eyes never known night since that hour, he could not have lived down the memory of that one unconscious moment. One day just before the close of the last session, as he was leaving the White House, three voices in unison called to him so that all within a block could hear: "Any sleep this session, John?"

Dalzell was wakeful to this emergency and his answer carried little comfort to the inquirers, for none of the three was a standpatter:

"Not if the tariff is up," he said.

During the closing days of the last session of congress something of a "filibuster" was attempted by the Democrats in the senate in order to make sure that action should be taken on the statehood bill. A filibuster is known to the parties as an attempt to delay legislation. The senate has no set rules like those of the house, and so if one man chooses to talk on any particular subject, he can delay the consideration of any measure that he chooses, and the limit of his endurance is the limit of the delay that he can force although if he has other senators of his own mind they can "spell" him in the speaking, and thus in relays continue the filibuster almost indefinitely.

One of the most noted filibusters of recent years was conducted by three men still in the service, and curiously enough the arrangement for the filibuster was made by members of both parties. The active participants were Senators Stone of Missouri and Gore of Oklahoma, Democrats and Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, Republican.

These three senators made up their minds that they did not wish to have a vote taken on the currency bill which had been introduced by Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, a bill which some of the senators said was a mere makeshift and would accomplish no good purposes.

In these days it is hard to find in congress a typical Yankee voice which the Englishmen say is our national characteristic. Gore of Oklahoma, however, has it. Why, it is hard to tell, but he has it in full measure, and no Maine coast man in Yankee voice characteristics can surpass this senator of the western plains state.

The filibuster in which Gore, La Follette and Stone took part was contained through a night and a day when Washington was hotter than it ever had been known to be before, at least so the natives say. When Washington heat takes possession of the capitol's interior it lays hold on the premises not to let go until November. It is impossible to keep cool in either house of congress when the heat of this climate strikes in.

During the fearful heat and humidity all one night long, Senator La Follette spoke in an endeavor to keep the currency bill from coming to a vote. He held the floor for 18½ hours practically without stopping. Senator La Follette is fortunate in one respect. When he was a boy, and a little later, he had a thorough training in elocution. If his teacher taught him nothing else, he gave him the secret of strengthening his voice.

At the end of 18½ hours of strenuous effort, La Follette spoke as clearly as he did at the beginning. Perhaps this is not the exact truth, for as a matter of fact, curiously enough, the Wisconsin senator's voice seemed to be actually in better condition during the closing hour of his address than it was during the opening hour.

The Wisconsin senator naturally has rather a rasping voice which like the voice of Gore of Oklahoma, is open to the Yankee characterization, but twang, accent, idiosyncrasy or whatever you may choose to call it, passes with the first few minutes of utterance. The roughness is smoothed away and the words fall smooth and rounded and with a certain appealing force, even though the subject have nothing of appeal.

When a senator has the floor in his own right, he can talk upon any subject under the sun. He does not of necessity have to confine himself to the subject in hand. So it was that La Follette did not speak entirely of the currency question, but about other matters as well. Occasionally in order that he might spare his brain the trouble of thought and so keep it unwearied, he read from a book of fiction.

During many of the hours La Follette spoke there were comparatively few senators in the chamber. Hour after hour he spoke, and then taking up his book of fiction, he read with a perfect regard for the rules of enunciation. His auditors were all sleepy and most of them were out of humor because there were only two who were in sympathy with the speaker, and yet perforce every person in the chamber gave heed to what La Follette was reading. For its subject matter perhaps they cared not a whit, and yet by the force of his reading eloquence he drove it home to their attention.

When La Follette had ceased speaking Senator Gore of Oklahoma, who as had been planned, took up the work and kept at it for some hours. He was relieved by Senator Stone of Missouri, who already was tired with his previous vocal attempt to keep the senate from a vote. The Missourian kept it up for seven hours and then Gore relieved him once more. That filibuster ended because Gore being blind, failed to note, and no one told him, that Senator Stone whom he expected was to relieve him, was not present in the chamber when the Oklahoma senator sat down for the third time. The vice-president instantly put the vote and the filibuster had been in vain.

WALKING FOR HEALTH.

Who has not heard that certain exercises are good for us because they "shake up" the liver? But it is not the best thing in the world to shake up the liver violently unless one is a trained athlete, and ordinary men and women are very far from being in that category. Exercise increases largely the liver's production both of bile and of sugar. Hence if it be more violent than that to which one is accustomed, more bile and sugar may be formed than can be taken care of by the system, and the subject may have what is called in popular parlance a "bilious attack." Now this is where walking comes in as a happy medium in exercise. We can often "walk off" a headache or a digestive disturbance when running would only aggravate the trouble.

It is a fact, supported by the highest authority, that a moderate exercise, such as walking, is a great aid to digestion. To run would retard digestion. In other words, you will digest your dinner better if you walk immediately after having eaten it, than if you sit still. Try this, and if you are thin you will gain in weight, besides saving more in the cost of living than you will lose in the wear and tear of shoe leather.

But suppose you are already corpulent, will walking after meals, in that case, make you stouter? No. Paradoxical as the statement may sound, walking will in that case make you thinner. Fat is a very unstable compound, and when it is present in excess more of it is destroyed by the increased amount of oxygen in the blood—due to the exercise—than is deposited by the blood, while on the other hand when adipose tissue is deficient the oxygen-bearing blood, which also carries fatty particles, deposits more fat than it can destroy, and thus the thin subject grows heavier.

Walking, then, in the open air is an exercise par excellence for everybody. It shakes up the liver just enough to keep it in good working order, it enriches the blood by increasing its amount of oxygen, thus favoring the destruction and elimination from the system of poisonous waste products, particularly by the lungs, skin and kidneys, and finally by stimulating activity of nutrition in the muscles it tends to prevent the deposition of morbid matters of a tuberculosis or cancerous nature.

SULLIVAN, MICHAEL.

An East Boston doctor told of the experience of a druggist the other day who sold some alcohol to a new customer. After the man had signed the book as required he said: "Now, don't get that name twisted. It is Michael Sullivan, and not Sullivan Michael, same as they turned it around in the directory."—Boston Journal.

MAKES IT EASY TO PILOT AEROPLANE

THE MICROPHONE IN USE.

Paris.—Captain Marconnet, one of the French army officers who is doing much to advance the science of aviation, has recently invented a device which enables a passenger on an aeroplane to guide the pilot, despite the difficulty ordinarily of the latter hearing anything that is said while the machine is making a rapid flight. It is a microphone, the mouth piece used by the passenger being attached to the flap of the pilot's cap, and the mouthpiece for the pilot being placed on his left shoulder.

MUSIC CHARMS COW

Gives More Milk While Orchestra Plays Classical Pieces.

Lake Bluff Dairy Woman Tests Theory of Michigan Farmer and Finds Waltzes Are Most Soothing—Don't Like Ragtime.

Chicago.—Sad-eyed cows on the farm of Mrs. Scott Durand in Lake Bluff the other day lost their remorseful feelings, became happy-faced, and gave more milk than they had been accustomed to, because the farm hands milked the 61 Jerseys and Holsteins to the sweet strains of the "Blue Danube" waltz and other selections rendered by an orchestra.

Music-impregnated milk is a fact and not a theory, according to the North Shore society woman, who watched the cows being milked while nine musicians wafted sweet music over the farm.

Milk taken from the "bossies" while the orchestra sent forth soothing music, tasted better and had a more happy effect upon the drinkers than the milk served which had not been "music impregnated," according to those who went through the test.

The unique test was made to prove the assertion of a Michigan farmer that cows give more milk while music is being rendered.

The music calmed the nerves of the cows and their udders let down all the milk in them.

Soon after the milking had been finished, Mrs. Durand, who is known as the "Queen of Hostesses," served the liquid to the musicians.

"This experiment has been a perfect revelation to me," said Mrs. Durand after Helen, Clarice, Flossie and No. 62, the first four cows, had been milked to the music of the orchestra.

Throwing her arms around Helen Mrs. Durand declared that she had never seen her cows stand so still and contentedly before.

"That's perfectly lovely! Look at their eyes! The cows want more music," she pleaded.

Then the orchestra shifted from a classical selection to ragtime music.

Suddenly the cows grew restive.

"Horrors," declared Mrs. Durand when the orchestra began to play the Gubanola Glide. "Stop it, my cows are cultured and abhor ragtime music as much as they do swearing."

Then the musicians started up a selection from "Tosca," "I Live for Love and Music," and to the amazement of Mrs. Durand and the milkers, the cows became quiet and contented again.

"Do you know I feel that my cows are the mothers of the hundreds of babies fed on Crab Tree farm milk," said the society leader, who had invited the orchestra out to her farm to give a practical demonstration to prove if cows give more milk to the tunes of sweet music than otherwise.

Mrs. Durand has been convinced of this fact and intends to equip her barn with several phonographs.

CLUB TO MAKE NEWSIES GOOD

Omaha Business Men Form Organization to Stop Swearing and Tobacco Using.

Omaha, Neb.—How to keep the 400 newsboys of this city from shooting craps, swearing, smoking and forgetting to wash their hands and faces at proper intervals is a problem that has agitated the members of the Children's Home society. At last it is believed that a solution has been reached.

An organization for the welfare of the newsboys started eight years ago fell through, and since then the youngsters have been permitted to grow up and run wild. Now they are to be taken in hand and their condition bettered.

Probation Officer Bernstein has interested a number of business men of the city and a club has been organized, with E. W. Dickinson, capitalist; Rome Miller, proprietor of the largest hotel in the city; J. A. Gudeby, a packer; Rev. Father Burns, a pastor, who has always interested himself in boys, and Judge Sutton of the juvenile court as trustees.

The committee having immediate charge of the welfare of the boys is made up of Joe Carroll, Tony Costenzo, Tony Monico and Sam Kalla, all of them were once newsboys, but now are prosperous business men.

The following rules have been adopted by the committee to govern the actions of the boys:

No smoking, chewing, gambling or jumping on street cars.

Must have clean faces and hands.

No going into saloons.

Must be loyal to one another.

Must be off the streets at eight o'clock at night unless an extra is out.

No boy under eight years of age shall sell papers.

Every boy under sixteen years of age shall attend one session of school daily.

No foul or profane language.

A large room has been rented near the business portion of the city. It has been equipped with a small library, tables on which games of many kinds can be played, tubs and shower baths.

The club will be self-governed and officered by the boys, but over its affairs the committee of business men will have general supervision.

It will cost the boys nothing to join the club. Each member is given a numbered badge for identification and as a certificate of character. If a complaint is filed against any boy, or if a boy becomes troublesome, a report is made to the juvenile court, when Judge Sutton will investigate and take the necessary action.

Stop Killing of Elephants

Friends of Pachyderm in England and France Urge Reserves to Halt Extinction.

London.—Whether it be the outcome of Mr. Roosevelt's recent hunting trip in Africa or not, a meeting held by the French society known as "The Friends of the Elephant," at which it was decided to approach the French government with the object of securing better reserves for elephants in Africa, has had the effect of reviving some interest in the same matter among members of the sister society in London.

Lieut. Col. John Henry Patterson, one of the most active members of the society, said in an interview: "In the United Kingdom this question has been ably and zealously dealt with by the Society for the Preservation of the Wild Fauna of the Empire.

"The objects of the association are to create a sound public opinion on the subject of the preservation of wild life, both at home and in the colonies and British dependencies; to further the formation of game reserves and sanctuaries, the selection of the most suitable places for these sanctuaries and the enforcing of suitable game laws and regulations.

"The society devotes considerable attention to the preservation of elephants, and has sent many deputations on the subject to successive foreign and colonial secretaries. Elephant reserves at present exist in all our African colonies where those animals are found. In British Gambia no elephants are allowed to be killed, and it is hoped that similar sanctuary will, owing to the efforts of the French society, be extended to the elephants in the French West African possessions.

"For the year ended March, 1908, 539 tons of ivory, worth $2,802,760, were imported into the United Kingdom alone. Taking the average tusk to weigh 40 pounds (a very liberal estimate), this means the death of more than fifteen thousand elephants. The ivory was practically all African, the quantity from India being only of the value of $175,000. If this animal slaughter is allowed to continue we are, alas! already in sight of the extinction of the African elephant, but it is hoped that the efforts of the British and French societies will stir public opinion and prevent such a deplorable loss to the fauna of the world."

London Death Rate Low.

London.—In four weeks the death rate in London averaged 10.8 per 1,000, being 1.7 per 1,000 below the mean rate in the corresponding periods of the five years 1905-9. There were three cases of smallpox in the Metropolitan asylum board and London fever hospitals last week, the only cases in London for the last thirteen weeks.

To Spend $30,000,000.

Lisbon.—Two battleships, six protected cruisers, eighteen destroyers, and six submarines are to be built by the Portuguese government at an estimated cost of $30,000,000.

Burglars Steal An Aeroplane.

Paris.—Some burglars recently stole an aeroplane at Verviers. The local gendarmes are somewhat puzzled by the offense.

Incubator Dinner New Fad

Rhode Island Farmer Hits Upon Novel Scheme to Bake Beans While Wife Is in Town.

Westerly, R. I.—A drummer who invaded the rural districts here a few days ago with the latest brand of fireless cooker for the economy and comfort of the over-worked farmer's wife has left town disgusted, with not a sale to his credit. He found the natives equipped with cookers which, they assert, are far ahead of so-called up-to-date ones.

Walter Russell Ross, a farmer on the post road, is the Moses of the kitchen. A few weeks ago his wife went to town to spend the day. Walter foraged his own breakfast and enough for the help. It was Saturday, and his better-half had left instructions to put the big pot of beans in early and let them bake all day. Walter had some hoeing to do and figured he couldn't waste a day indoors, and he cudgeled his Yankee brain for an idea.

It came.

He took the pot of beans with the big chunk of pork floating on top out into the woodroom where the incubator stood. Turning up the lamp, he took off the weight on the thermostat and shoved in the pot of beans. Shouldering his hoe, he set out for the field. When his wife returned from town she found the fire out in the kitchen stove and no beans in sight. She prepared a cold supper and a warm welcome for Walter.

Walter hastened to the woodroom, with the scolding wife at his heels. From the incubator he took a steaming hot pot of beans, browned and savory and done to a turn. Afterward he took out a dozen chickens, which the extreme heat had hatched and subsequently well baked. Walter said that the discovery of the usefulness of the incubator more than repaid for the loss of the fowl.

The news of his experiment has spread, until all the farmers' wives now do their week-end baking in incubators.

Portland, Me.—A dead man was the only occupant of a moving automobile for a short time the other day. While riding alone D. Winslow Hawkes, one of the best-known educators in Maine, died of heart trouble. His automobile ran along the curbing and stopped without being overturned.

Girls Take Bicycle Trip

Two Americans, Making European Record, Take Majordomo for Real Prince.

Dresden.—Among the crowds of Americans who took part in the demonstrations in Berlin were two American girls engaged in the task of building up a European bicycling record.

They are Hattie Sherborne and Maud Handley, both of Brooklyn. Landing at Cherbourg they cycled through France, spending three days in Paris. Italy was the next country visited, and after Italy, Germany, Copenhagen, Christiania and Stockholm are also to be visited.

According to the account given by the travelers to a Dresden paper their journey up to that point was free from any disagreeable incident. They told, however, of an occurrence of an amusing kind if it also brought them a little disappointment. On one occasion, when they were near Cannes, a tire was punctured and they were threatened with being stranded, when the prince of Monaco's automobile came along and gave them a lift. There was a splendidly dressed gentleman in the car whom they at first took for the prince himself, but who turned out to be only his majordomo.

"After having imagined ourselves for twenty minutes talking with a live prince," said Miss Handley, "we were real vexed to discover our mistake."

New Bug Poisons Blood.

Pottsville, Pa.—Frank Ebach may lose his right hand as the result of being stung by a new bug of greenish color, much resembling a mosquito, which is now as much of a pest in Schuylkill county as the seventeen-year locusts. There are scores of victims in this vicinity and blood poisoning has been caused in several instances.

$150,000 DIAMOND IS FOUND

Excellent White African Specimen Declared to Have a Weight of 194 Carats.

New York.—A fine white diamond weighing 191 carats and worth $15[illegible]000 uncut is the latest find at the Premier mine in South Africa, according to advices which reached Maiden Lane dealers the other day. The stone is described as absolutely flawless, being two inches long by about three-fourths of an inch thick. It tapers in breadth from one and a fourth inches to three-fourths of an inch.

A Maiden Lane expert said that, judging from the description of the uncut stone, the largest perfect diamond that could be cut from it would be pear-shaped.

The finished stone will probably rank among the world's famous gems. When cut the diamond should be worth at least $200,000. The Premier mine became world-famous in 1905, when the Cullinan diamond was discovered by Mr. Wells.

No Worse Than in Europe

Visitor Makes Comparison of Vice in Cities of the Two Continents.

All that I have seen and heard concerning the vice of great American cities, alcoholism, gambling, immorality, seems to me to be neither more nor less that I have seen in all the great cities of Europe. I have noticed these sad features of modern civilization, but they are no more hideous in America than elsewhere. I shall never forget the evening which I spent with an agreeable and clever journalist who took me to see the horrors of New York. For several hours we went about to restaurants, bars and places of amusement. I saw and noted with great attention what was pointed out to me, but I could not help, at last, coming to the conclusion that some day, if I were to take my guide on a similar tour around one of the great capitals of Europe, I could show him much more! Taking the Catholic countries of Europe as the basis of comparison, the only difference that I could perceive was that in America the family tie is weaker. Divorce is too easy by far; the women are too emancipated; the children too independent of parental control. In this respect it has seemed to me that America has reached a limit beyond which really dangerous social disorder lies.—Guglielmo Ferrero, in the Atlantic.

The Simple Shepherd

A cockney, while spending his holidays in the highlands, met an old shepherd driving a flock of sheep. Wishing to show off a bit, he said:

"Now, if I were a shepherd, I would teach the sheep to follow me."

"Oh, aye," said the shepherd, "and I hiv nae doot ye wid manage, for if they saw anither sheep in front they wid be sure to follow."

Why She Brought It Up.

"Do you remember," she asked, "that you said once that unless I promised to be yours the sun would cease to shine?"

"I don't remember it now, but I suppose I may have said something of the kind."

"And have you forgotten that you assured me that unless I permitted you to claim me as your own the moon would fall from her place in the heavens?"

"Oh, well, what if I did say so? Why do you want to bring that up now?"

"I merely wished to assure you that I'm sorry I didn't shut my eyes and let her fall."

The Wrong Sort.

An old Irish peasant was one Sunday sitting in front of his cottage puffing away furiously at his pipe.

Match after match he lighted, pulling hard at the pipe the while, until at last the ground all round his feet was strewed with struck matches.

"Come in to your dinner, Patsy," at length called out his wife.

"Faith, and Oi will in a minute, Biddy," said he. "Moike Mulrooney has been a-telling me that if Oi shmoked a bit av ghlass Oi cud see the shpots on the sun. Oi don't know whether Moike's been a-fooling me or whether Oi've got hold av the wrong kind of ghlass."—Scraps.

THE BEST OF ITS KIND

Is always advertised. In fact it only pays to advertise good things. When you see an article advertised in this paper year after year you can be absolutely certain that there is merit to it because the continued sale of any article depends upon merit and to keep on advertising one must keep on selling. All good things have imitations, but imitations are not advertised. They have no reputation to sustain for they never expect to have any permanent sale and your dealer would never offer them if he studied your interests. Sixteen years ago Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic Powder for the feet, was first introduced through newspaper advertising and through people telling each other what a good thing it was for tired and aching feet. It has now a permanent sale, and nearly [illegible] so-called foot powders have been placed on the market with the hope of profiting by the reputation which has been built up for Allen's Foot-Ease. When you ask for an article advertised in these papers see that you get it. Avoid substitutes.

It Wouldn't Stretch.

The assessor was doing the very best he could but the farmer was shrewd and wary.

"How many acres of farming land have you?" he inquired warily.

"About 20, I guess," said Reuben.

"Twenty! Why, it looks to me like nearer 120. Come, now, can't you increase that a little? There are surely more than 20 acres in that tract. Suppose you stretch that a little."

"Say, feller," said the farmer, "this ain't no rubber plantation."—Harper's Monthly.

What They Did With Them.

An American who spends much of his time in England tells of a cockney who went to a dealer in dogs and thus described what he wanted: "I'll wants a kind of dog about so 'igh an' so long. It's a kind of gr'y'ound, an' yet it ain't a gr'y'ound, because 'is tyle is shorter nor any o' those 'ere gr'y'ounds, an' 'is nose is shorter, an' 'e ain't so slim round the body. But still 'e's a kind o' gr'y'ound. Do you keep such dogs?" "We do not," said the dog man. "We drown 'em."

119 Years Old When He Died.

Paddy Blake, who was born at Ballygreen, parish of Kilnasoolagh, county Clare, Ireland, 119 years ago, has died in the Corofin Union hospital. Paddy had a clear memory of events that happened a hundred years ago and was one of those who went to see Daniel O'Connell passing through Bunratty Pike on his way to Ennis for the great election of 1828.

An Unnecessary System.

"You ought to have a burglar alarm system in your house," said the electrical supply agent, "so that you will be awakened if a burglar raises one of the windows or opens a door at night."

"No burglar can get in here while we are peacefully sleeping," replied Mr. Newpop. "We are weaning our baby."

On a Stygian Ferryboat.

Charon was ferrying a passenger across the Styx.

"Fine scenery for my toothpowder ad," cried the shade.

Thus we see the ruling passion survive.

His Busy Season.

"How's business?"

"Brisk," answered the druggist. "I've bought tickets for two picnics and four excursions this morning and donated goods for several indoor affairs."

A COOL PROPOSITION

And a Sure One.

The Body Does Not Feel Heat Unpleasantly if it has Proper Food—

Grape-Nuts

People can live in a temperature which feels from ten to twenty degrees cooler than their neighbors enjoy, by regulating the diet.

The plan is to avoid meat entirely for breakfast; use a goodly allowance of fruit, either fresh or cooked. Then follow with a saucer containing about four heaping teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts treated with a little rich cream. Add to this about two slices of crisp toast with a meager amount of butter, and one cup of well made Postum.

By this selection of food the bodily energy is preserved, while the hot, carbonaceous foods have been left out. The result is a very marked difference in the temperature of the body, and to this comfortable condition is added the certainty of ease and perfect digestion, for the food being partially predigested is quickly assimilated by the digestive machinery.

Experience and experiment in food, and its application to the human body has brought out these facts. They can be made use of and add materially to the comfort of the user.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. Uncanny noises disturbed her during the night. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff-button in a hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff-button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson arrived. Gertrude revealed she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson accused Miss Innes of hiding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped down a laundry chute. Gertrude was suspected. A negro found the other half of what proved to be Jack Bailey's cuff-button. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey left in response to a telegram. Gertrude said she had given Bailey an unloaded revolver, fearing to give him a loaded weapon. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Halsey said Armstrong wrecked his own bank and could clear Bailey. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, was found at the lodge. The lodgekeeper said Louise and Arnold had a long talk the night of the murder. Louise was prostrated. Louise told Halsey that while she still loved him she was to marry another, and that he would despise her when he learned the whole story.

CHAPTER XIV.—Continued.

Gertrude and Halsey went for a long walk that afternoon and Louise slept. Time hung heavy on my hands, and I did as I had fallen into a habit of doing lately—I sat down and thought things over. One result of my meditations was that I got up suddenly and went to the telephone. I had taken the most intense dislike to this Dr. Walker, whom I had never seen, and who was being talked of in the countryside as the fiance of Louise Armstrong.

I knew Sam Huston well. There had been a time, when Sam was a good deal younger than he is now, before he had married Anne Endicott, when I knew him even better. So now I felt no hesitation in calling him over the telephone. But when his office boy had given way to his confidential clerk, and that functionary had condescended to connect his employer's desk telephone, I was somewhat at a loss as to how to begin.

"Why, how are you, Rachel?" Sam said sonorously. "Going to build that house at Rock View?" It was a 20-year-old joke of his.

"Sometime, perhaps," I said. "Just now I want to ask you a question about something which is none of my business."

"I see you haven't changed an iota in a quarter of a century, Rachel." This was intended to be another jest. "Ask ahead; everything but my domestic affairs is at your service."

"Try to be serious," I said. "And tell me this: Has your firm made any plans for a house recently for a Dr. Walker at Casanova?"

"Yes, we have."

"Where was it to be built? I have a reason for asking."

"It was to be, I believe, on the Armstrong place. Mr. Armstrong himself consulted me, and the inference was—in fact, I am quite certain—the house was to be occupied by Mr. Armstrong's daughter, who was engaged to marry Dr. Walker."

When the architect had inquired for the different members of my family, and had finally rung off, I was certain of one thing. Louise Armstrong was in love with Halsey, and the man she was going to marry was Dr. Walker. Moreover, this decision was not new; marriage had been contemplated for some time. There must certainly be some explanation—but what was it?

That day I repeated to Louise the telegram Mr. Harton had opened. She seemed to understand, but an unhappier face I have never seen. She looked like a criminal whose reprieve is over, and the day of execution approaching.

CHAPTER XV.

Liddy Gives the Alarm.

The next day, Friday, Gertrude broke the news of her stepfather's death to Louise. She did it as gently as she could, telling her first that he was very ill, and finally that he was dead. Louise received the news in the most unexpected manner, and when Gertrude came out to tell me how she had stood it, I think she was almost shocked.

She Lay Limp and White.

"She just lay and stared at me, Aunt Ray," she said. "Do you know, I believe she is glad, glad! And she is too honest to pretend anything else. What sort of a man was Mr. Paul Armstrong, anyhow?"

"He was a bully as well as a rascal, Gertrude," I said. "But I am convinced of one thing; Louise will send for Halsey now, and they will make it all up."

For Louise had steadily refused to see Halsey all that day, and the boy was frantic.

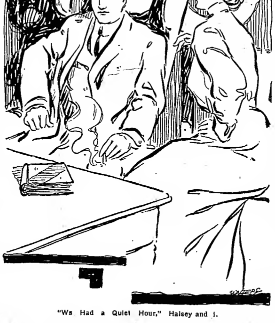
We had a quiet hour, Halsey and I, that evening, and I told him several things; about the request that we give up the lease to Sunnyside, about the telegram to Louise, about the rumors of an approaching marriage between the girl and Dr. Walker, and, last of all, my own interview with her the day before.

He sat back in a big chair, with his face in the shadow, and my heart fairly ached for him. He was so big and boyish! When I had finished he drew a long breath.

"Whatever Louise does," he said, "nothing will convince me, Aunt Ray, that she doesn't care for me. And up to two months ago, when she and her mother went west, I was the happiest fellow on earth. Then something made a difference; she wrote me that her people were opposed to the marriage; that her feeling for me was what it had always been, but that something had happened which had changed her ideas as to the future. I was not to write until she wrote me, and whatever occurred, I was to think the best I could of her. It sounded like a puzzle. When I saw her yesterday, it was the same thing, only, perhaps, worse."

"Halsey," I asked, "have you any idea of the nature of the interview between Louise Armstrong and Arnold the night he was murdered?"

"It was stormy. Thomas says once or twice he almost broke into the room, he was so alarmed for Louise."


"We Had a Quiet Hour," Halsey and I.

"Another thing, Halsey," I said, "have you ever heard Louise mention a woman named Carrington, Nina Carrington?"

"Never," he said positively.

For try as we would, our thoughts always came back to that fatal Saturday night, and the murder. Every conversational path led to it, and we all felt that Jamieson was tightening the threads of evidence around John Bailey. The detective's absence was hardly reassuring; he must have had something to work on in town or he would have returned.

The papers reported that the cashier of the Traders' bank was ill in his apartments at the Knickerbocker—a condition not surprising, considering everything. The guilt of the defunct president was no longer in doubt; the missing bonds had been advertised and some of them discovered. In every instance they had been used as collateral for large loans, and the belief was current that not less than a million and a half dollars had been realized. Every one connected with the bank had been placed under arrest, and released on heavy bond.

Was he alone in his guilt, or was the cashier his accomplice? Where was the money? The estate of the dead man was comparatively small—a city house on a fashionable street, Sunnyside, a large estate largely mortgaged, an insurance of $50,000, and some personal property—this was all. The rest lost in speculation probably, the papers said. There was one thing which looked uncomfortable for Jack Bailey: He and Paul Armstrong together had promoted a railroad company in New Mexico, and it was rumored that together they had sunk large sums of money there. The business alliance between the two men added to the belief that Bailey knew something of the looting. His unexplained absence from the bank on Monday lent color to the suspicion against him. The strange thing seemed to be his surrendering himself on the point of departure. To me, it seemed the shrewd calculation of a clever rascal. I was not actively antagonistic to Gertrude's lover, but I meant to be convinced, one way or the other. I took no one on faith.

That night the Sunnyside ghost began to walk again. Liddy had been sleeping in Louise's dressing room on a couch, and the approach of dusk was a signal for her to barricade the entire suite. Situated as it was, beyond the circular staircase, nothing but an extremity of excitement would have made her pass it after dark. I confess myself that the place seemed to me to have a sinister appearance, but we kept that wing well lighted, and until the lights went out at midnight it was really cheerful, if one did not know its history.

On Friday night, then, I had gone to bed, resolved to go at once to sleep. Thoughts that insisted on obtruding themselves I pushed resolutely to the back of my mind, and I systematically relaxed every muscle. I fell asleep soon, and was dreaming that Dr. Walker was building his new house immediately in front of my windows; I could hear the thump-thump of the hammers, and then I waked to a knowledge that somebody was pounding on my door.

I was up at once, and with the sound of my footstep on the floor the low knocking ceased, to be followed immediately by sibilant whispering through the keyhole.

"Miss Rachel! Miss Rachel!" somebody was saying, over and over.

"Is that you, Liddy?" I asked, my hand on the knob.

"For the love of mercy, let me in!" she said in a low tone.

She was leaning against the door, for when I opened it, she fell in. She was greenish-white, and she had a red and black barred flannel petticoat over her shoulders.

"Listen," she said, standing in the middle of the floor and holding on to me. "Oh, Miss Rachel, it's the ghost of that dead man hammering to get in!"

Sure enough, there was a dull thud—thud—thud—it came apparently from the wall.

"It's not a ghost," I said decidedly. "If it was a ghost it wouldn't rap; it would come through the keyhole." Liddy looked at the keyhole. "But it sounds very much as though some one is trying to break into the house."

Liddy was shivering violently. I told her to get me my slippers and she brought me a pair of kid gloves, so I found my things myself and prepared to call Halsey. As before, the night alarm had found the electric lights gone; the hall, save for its night lamp, was in darkness, as I went across to Halsey's room. I hardly know what I feared, but it was a relief to find him there, very sound asleep, and with his door unlocked.

"Wake up, Halsey," I said, shaking him.

He stirred a little. Liddy was half in and half out of the door, afraid as usual to be left alone, and not quite daring to enter. Her scruples seemed to fade, however, all at once. She gave a suppressed yell, bolted into the room and stood tightly clutching the foot-board of the bed. Halsey was gradually waking.

"I've seen it," Liddy wailed. "A woman in white down the hall!"

I paid no attention.

"Halsey," I persevered, "some one is breaking into the house. Get up, won't you?"

"It isn't our house," he said sleepily. And then he roused to the exigency of the occasion. "All right, Aunt Ray," he said, still yawning. "If you'll let me get into something—"

It was all I could do to get Liddy out of the room. The demands of the occasion had no influence on her; she had seen the ghost, she persisted, and she wasn't going into the hall. But I got her over to my room at last, more dead than alive, and made her lie down on the bed.

The tappings, which seemed to have ceased for a while, had commenced again, but they were fainter. Halsey came over in a few minutes, and stood listening and trying to locate the sound.

"Give me my revolver, Aunt Ray," he said; and I got it—the one I had found in the tulip bed—and gave it to him. He saw Liddy there and divined at once that Louise was alone.

"You let me attend to this fellow, whoever it is, Aunt Ray, and go to Louise, will you? She may be awake and alarmed."

So in spite of her protests, I left Liddy alone and went back to the east wing. Perhaps I went a little faster past the yawning blackness of the circular staircase; and I could hear Halsey creaking cautiously down the main staircase. The rapping, or pounding, had ceased, and the silence was almost painful. And then suddenly, from apparently under my very feet, there rose a woman's scream, a cry of terror that broke off as suddenly as it came. I stood frozen and still. Every drop of blood in my body seemed to leave the surface and gather around my heart. In the dead silence that followed it throbbed as if it would burst. More dead than alive, I stumbled into Louise's bedroom. She was not there!

CHAPTER XVI.

In the Early Morning.

I stood looking at the empty bed. The coverings had been thrown back, and Louise's pink silk dressing-gown was gone from the foot, where it had lain. The night lamp burned dimly, revealing the emptiness of the place. I picked it up, but my hand shook so that I put it down again, and got somehow to the door.

There were voices in the hall and Gertrude came running toward me.

"What is it?" she cried. "What was that sound? Where is Louise?"

"She is not in her room," I said stupidly. "I think—it was she—who screamed."

Liddy had joined us now, carrying a light. We stood huddled together at the head of the circular staircase, looking down into its shadows. There was nothing to be seen, and it was absolutely quiet down there. Then we heard Halsey running up the main staircase. He came quickly down the hall to where we were standing.

"There's no one trying to get in. I thought I heard some one shriek. Who was it?"

Our stricken faces told him the truth.

"Some one screamed down there," I said. "And—and Louise is not in her room."

With a jerk Halsey took the light from Liddy and ran down the circular staircase. I followed him, more slowly. My nerves seemed to be in a state of paralysis; I could scarcely step. At the foot of the stairs Halsey gave an exclamation and put down the light.

"Aunt Ray," he called sharply.

At the foot of the staircase, huddled in a heap, her head on the lower stair, was Louise Armstrong. She lay limp and white, her dressing-gown dragging loose from one sleeve of her night-dress, and the heavy braid of her dark hair stretching its length a couple of steps above her head, as if she had slipped down.

She was not dead; Halsey put her down on the floor and began to rub her cold hands, while Gertrude and Liddy ran for stimulants. As for me, I sat there at the foot of that ghostly staircase—sat, because my knees wouldn't hold me—and wondered where it would all end. Louise was still unconscious, but she was breathing better, and I suggested that we get her back to bed before she came to. There was something grisly and horrible to me, seeing her there in almost the same attitude and in the same place where we had found her brother's body. And to add to the similarity, just then the hall clock, far off, struck faintly three o'clock.

It was four before Louise was able to talk, and the first rays of dawn were coming through her windows, which faced the east, before she could tell us coherently what had occurred. I give it as she told it. She lay propped in bed, and Halsey sat beside her, unrebuffed, and held her hand while she talked.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

London Mulberry Trees

Finbury Circus gardens, which have just furnished fruit for the lord mayor, are by no means the sole city haunt of the mulberry tree, says the London Daily News. The "wisest of trees," as Pliny termed it, evidently "likes London," and flourishes even at the Charterhouse in murky Smithfield. A thriving little sapling has recently been planted in the picturesque northern corner of St. Paul's churchyard hard by the spot where once stood the famous Paul's cross. Asked how the prospective fruit would be protected from marauding street arabs, chapter gardener replied: "I hope he won't never hear no harries in my time."

London mulberry trees are supposed to derive their descent from an attempt of James I. to found a silk growing industry, but seem really to have been introduced by the Romans. Another unlikely tree which appears to do well in the heart of London is the fig, numerous specimens of which can be seen flourishing under the most depressing conditions.

The Only Kind.

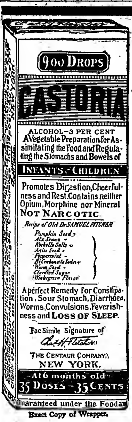
"It would be a good idea if brains could be gone over and renovated now and then."

"If that were possible, some brains would have to be renovated with a vacuum cleaner."

Interchange of Confidence.

"I have come here," said the cat model in the artist's studio, "for a set purr pose."

"Yes," said the dog, "any one ought to snap at that job."—Baltimore American.



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INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
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35 DOSES—35 CENTS

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

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MICA AXLE GREASE

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STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

LIKE HOCH.

"What have you to say to this charge of bigamy; why did you have so many wives?"

"Well, judge, I expected to weed out a few of them later."

RAW ECZEMA ON HANDS

"I had eczema on my hands for ten years. I had three good doctors but none of them did any good. I then used one box of Cuticura Ointment and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent and was completely cured. My hands were raw all over, inside and out, and the eczema was spreading all over my body and limbs. Before I had used one bottle, together with the Cuticura Ointment, my sores were nearly healed over, and by the time I had used the third bottle, I was entirely well. To any one who has any skin or blood disease I would honestly advise them to fool with nothing else, but get Cuticura and get well. My hands have never given me the least bit of trouble up to now.

"My daughter's hands this summer became perfectly raw with eczema. She could get nothing that would do them any good until she tried Cuticura. She used Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Ointment and in two weeks they were entirely cured. I have used Cuticura for other members of my family and it always proved successful. Mrs. M. E. Falin, Speers Ferry, Va., Oct. 19, 1909."

Fine School.

"Your daughter should attend my school of education."

"She shan't! She's attended one, and she's positively—"

"Ah, but I teach a new system. When my pupils are asked to recite they are trained to refuse."

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care Try Murine Eye Salve. Aseptic Tubes—Trial Size—25c. Ask Your Druggist or Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Life is two-thirds bluff, law is three-fourths tyranny, piety is nine-tenths pretense. Be genuine and poor if you would die respected.

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For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A man's argument is nearly always self-convincing.

Some people need only a little hole of observation to take in all the important scandals of the age.

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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
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Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

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Did you hear it? How embarrassing. These stomach noises make you wish you could sink through the floor. You imagine everyone hears them. Keep a box of CASCARETS in your purse or pocket and take a part of one after eating. It will relieve the stomach of gas. 918

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Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Have you killed yaur bear?

Rev. Rhoda of Wylie was in town Monday.

Miss Alice Zaiser spent Sunday at Crookston.

Frank Jeffers was at Thief Rivar Falls Saturday.

For brick go to tha Robertson Lumber company.

Stephen Quesnelle of Tarrebanue is quite seriously ill.

Mrs. L. J. Zimmerman of Terrebonna is quite sariously ill.

George Bray of Grand Forks is visiting with relatives in tawn.

Sheriff Nalson made an official visit to Thief River Falls Saturday.

Chas. N. Baurdan aad family will move in from Maple Lakeaext week.

Miss Alma Guilmetta visited with friends at Crookston over Sunday.

Geo. F. Hennings left Saturday on a business trip to the twin cities.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotol October 6.

Born, Saturday, Aug. 20, to Rev. and Mrs. Rhode af Wylie, a daughter.

Mrs. W. A. McIntyre and littla son, aftar epending e wack with Mrs. McIntyre's parents, Mr. aad Mrs. E.E. Fletcher, returned to Langdon, N. Dak., Tuesdey.

Born, Aug. 14, to Mr. and Mrs Bert Dondoaeau of Terrebonne, a san.

Mr. and Mre. Ernest Sauva raturned Friday from their wedding trip.

Peter Miller of Grand Forks is visitiag with ralatives in town this week.

Miss Mae Mareau of Brooks was tha guest of friends In town over Suaday.

Miss Josephine Kaus eatertained the F. aad F. Bs. at her hame last evening.

22 H. P. Thresbing Engine and Separator for sale.—Merchants State Bank.

Ernest Toupin, who is now employed at Duluth, is speading a few deys in town.

Mies Agnes Crompe visited with her sister, Mrs. S. Hall, at Crookston over Sunday.

Miss Marie Prudhomme of Crookstoa is spending the week at the Laurent home.

A lot of Red Lake Fells people went to Crookstoa Saturday for Buffalo Bill's show.

A. P. Toupin, register of tha United States lead offica, was over from Crookston vesterday.

Harry E. Ives, who is a candidata for the Republican nominatian for couaty treasurer, makes his anaauacement in this iesua of tha Gezette.

We Frame Pictures

When you buy pictures already framed you have to be satisfied with somebody else's taste and ideas, and there are many times when they do not conform to your desires or harmonize with the other furnishings of your home as they should. Besides everyone from time to time gets a pretty picture that if properly framed would make a beautiful addition to some room where it is needed, for almost nothing. We make a specialty of framing all kinds and sizes of pictures and portraits. Bring in one or two and see how we will surprise you with both results and prices.

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Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

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FARM LOANS H VE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jeffers, a daughter.

Noel Bottiaeau is visiting with relatives in lown.

Mrs. Joseph Benoit is vieiting with her daughters at Detroit, Mian.

W. A. Schreiter le thie week moviag his stock to the new location—one door south.

C. O. Kaukel, the Terrehone miller, was attending to busiaess mattars in towa Monday.

Attorney F. A. Grady went to Hillsboro, N. Dak., last evening to attend to some lagal business.

The Thief River hase ball team defeated the Brandows at Crookston Suaday by a score of 8 to 1.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the oity this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

There will be services at the Presbyterian church at the ueual hours Sunday morning and evening.

For Sale—Fiae driving and general purpose, 1100 lb. team for sale. —G. T. Keaaefick, Terreboane, Mian. 1t

C. W. Johnsoa aad his brother, Hjalmer Jahnsoa of Polk Centre weat to Crookston on business Saturday.

Moses Emard, accampanied by his niece, Miss Tillie Porter, and Miss Liddelie Patnode drove to Gentilly Sunday.

Misses Lottie Rinker and Anna Brodrick of Thief River Falls were the gnests of frieads here Friday aad Saturday.

The Hunt cottage at Maple Lake has beea closed end Mrs. Huut and family and Mrs. J. E. Argue have returned to town.

The aaaouncement of D. P. O'Neil, candidate for the Republicaa namiaatioa for repraseatative, is published in this issue.

The "Farmer Boys" were defeated last Sunday by the "North Side" ia an exciting game of ball by a seore of 21 to 15.

Mrs. Wm. Zaiser and Miss Lorena Zaiser returned Saturday from the twin cities where they had spent the past three weeks.

Miss Viola Longtin left Monday evening for Oberon, N. Dak., where sha will visit with her sister, Mrs. V. H. Pearson for ten days.

J. D. Houstoa and family weat to Herman last Thursdey for a visit with relatives. They wero accompanied by Theodore Stoinert.

Louis Seiff yesterday received $1000 through the Merchaats State Bank agency in payment of insuraace carried by tho late Joseph Sieff.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz aad Glean Martz were in town Tuesday and Wednesdry on husiaess ia connection with county ditch work.

Miss Effie Hamry left yestorday oa a trip to the twia cities aad Decorub, Iowa, in which places she will visit with relatives for three weeks.

Don't fail to see annual exhibit of 1910 modols celebrated "Albrecht Furs," at Crookston Hotel, Crookstoa, Friday and Saturday, September 2-3.

Andrew Heasoa of Lillo, candidate for the Repuhlican aomiaatioa for connty auditor, was gettiag acquainted with Red Lake Falls people this morning. He went to Thief River Falls on the tea o'clock traia.

Has your wife a savings account? She le the one who can save moaey far yon. An especial Invitatioa is exteaded to her hy the Merchants State Bank.

Mrs. C. J. Chapman, efter speading several weeks hera with her mother, Mrs. Sutter, returned to her hama in Miaaeapolis last eveaing.

Miss Vaage Omen, who was the guest of Mrs. E. A. Mittwer, returned to her homa in Minneapolie Tuesday. She was accompanied by Mre. Mittwer.

Mrs. V. H. Dettling and Mrs. Jos. Salley of this city and Mrs. Holznecht of Thief River Falls were guests of Mrs. F. Bourque at Brooks lest week.

A. B. Swaine of Eslyiaa, Mian., was looking after praperty interests here the first of the week. Mr. Sweine has a fine farm juet north of the city limits.

Mrs. Louis Seiff and family returaed today from Chicago where they had heen since going to that city to attend the fuueral of the late Joseph Sieff several weeks ago.

The iadies aid society af the Presbyteriaa ahurch will meet with Mrs. Ferley aext Wednesday afternooa. It will be a work meeting so everybody come early and bring your thimble.

Generally great mea succeed through heving first secured a busiaess educatiaa. The Maakato Commercial Callege fits you to rub shoulders with the best. Sead for free Year Book.

Joha Baucher paid the mortgege oa his father's farm last week. A husiness course a few years ago enabled him to do this. You can do as well if you take a course at the Commercial Normal, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Game Warden Munch was in towu yesterday and caused Geo. F. Hannings to pay a fiae of $10 for killing a partridge. George had not been hunting partridges but he shat one his dag had caught. Munch eays his job has no connection with the humane society and be pops it to averybody under all circumstances. Better watch out for Munch.

Mrs. J. P. Harrea and Miss Rosa Harreu were summoned to Grand Forks Moaday because of the critical illness of Mrs. Harrea's sistor, Mrs. Colertoa. Mrs. Colerton's conditioa is very serious and unless thero is improvemeat in her coudition soon it is feared that she caunot survive. Mrs. Colerton's daughter is also seriously ill at a Grand Forks hospital.

Miss Cora Cress gave a parcol shower for Miss Carrie Pataode, a bride of the week, at her home Moaday afteraoon. The room was decorated with pink and white hearts and the color scheme was carried out ia detail—ia the tablo decoratious, the tintiag of tho ice, etc. The hride was showerod with maay beautiful and useful gifts, there being a beautiful displny of hand worked linea.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Swaasoa, who have beea visiting with relatives and old neighbors in Black River towaship for several weeks, were ia town yesterday aad took the traia for the retura trip to their home at Clearbrook, Wash. Ea route they will stop et the Yellowstoae Park. About eight years ago Mr. aad Mrs. Swaasoa lived in Black River and they still think there isa't a much fiaer country oa the map.

Miss Mayme Linnehan underwent ea operation for appendicitis at a hoepital at Grand Forks Monday moraing. Miss Lianihaa's conditioa was fouad to be very serioue and she has heen critically ill since the operatioa. However, she has been gettiag along well considering the serioueness of the case and if this favoraple conditioa contiunes for a few days more the physiciaas will thea be able to say that the patient is gaining.

Miss Ina Phillips delightfully eatertained yesterday afternoon at a five o'clock luacheon ia honor of her guests, Miss Hazel Healy of Red Leke Falls and Mr. Ralph Healy of Grand Forks. The table was lovely with pink aad white sweet peas ead the place carde were also flowers decorated with white sweet peas for the men and piak ones for the girls. The letters of the names were so queerly jumbled togother that it required more than ordinary cleverness on the part of each guest to recognize his own and the guessiug was the cause of muoh merrimeat. The guests present iacluded Miss Hazel Healy of Red Lake Falls, Mr. Ralph Healy of Grand Forke, Mr. and Mre. H. K. Geist from Grand Forks, Mr. Joe. Harren of Red Lake Falls, Misses Ella Christiansoa, Laura Brown, Ide Shelley, Jennie Roloh, Messrs, Richard Mille, Albert Prugh aad Ole Chrietiansba. The hotess was assisted by Mrs. I. B. Fieher.—Crookatoa Times.

Talk To People When Their Minds Are Receptive----

Tolk to them in the evening ofter they have cost aside the cares of the doy.

For this purpose ELECTRIC ADVERTISING is irresistable.

Measured by results Electric Advertising is the cheapest of all forms of odvertising, when using on electric sign.

See us obout it.

Red River Power Company
Phone 18--2. Red Lake Fall, Minn.

The members of the second base ball team will be extremely busy Suaday afteraoon, not chasing bears, but running hases for the enjoyment of the "North Side" and and "Farmer Boye" teams, with whom they will attempt to play base ball on the grounds west of town. The first game will start at 1:30 p. m. aad ualess the "Secoads" are too badly winded they will start the second game immediately after they have concluded the game with the "Farmer Boys."

Beginning Saturday. The Sunshine will start a 9 cent sale at their now location in the Reichel building next dear to the P. O. You will be surprised at the many aud useful articles that you can purchase at this sale for only 9 cants. Remember the Sunshiae will be headquarters for school supplies and a new line ol tablets, poncils, envelopes, ink, etc., and tho best values at 5 and 10 ceats you ever saw. Doa't forget to see our new post card rack; we display 1000 aew and up-to-date post cards including local views at popular prices. Remember our aew location next door to the P. O. We will be pleased to have you call whether you buy or not.

A rnaaway accident which occurred aorth of towa last week resulted ia quite a heavy property loss. Thomas Whelca, heving completed some improvemeats on the house oa his farm northeast of towa, arranged for moviag his household goods from the Kellper cottage ia this city to the farm and several teams were seat to towa to haul out the goads. Whea on the road leading from Mat Skala's farm a teaa driven by Geo. Wheler became frightoned at a passiag automobile drivea by Oscar Helm eud the horses raa away. The wagoa tipped over aad the coateats went iato the ditch. Ia this wagoa were the more valuable articles of household goods, a piaao, chiaaware and cut glass. The piaao was badly wrecked, dishes brokea and a valuable carpet wrapped about the piauo was puactured in several places.

PERRAULT STATION.

Armidas Pareateau mado cheese in place of Homer Parenteau Saturday, while the latter and his wife took in Buffelo Bill's wild west show. It was a good show.

Eugene St. Mars wae a husiness caller ia the city laet Tuesday.

Most of the farmers ia this vicinity are through harvesting and have started haying.

Mr. and Mrs. Damas Lachance of Badger and Mr. and Mrs. Moses Ducherme took in Buffelo Bill's show at Crookston Saturday.

Killed a Bear.

Purath Bros. ead Walter Columbus ehot a bear near the John Glass place last week. The bear dressed 125 pouads. Archie Dupoat was in town last Tuesday aight on his bicycle. Coming back, he met a bear which made him pump his bike some. The beors are gettiag uumorous oa the prairie oa account of the forest fires.

Much labor Is wasted la dolag work around harns aad sheds whea it is aecesssry to work la the mud. Therefore when huilding e barn he sure to locate it where the water will rua off, la the advice of the Minnesota Experimeat Station.

Subscribe For the Gazette.

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Thersfore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Saved Him the Suggestion.

"Soon after our marriage my wife and I went to live in an enst ead flat, where everything was lovely except the janitor service, and that was ubominable," said a Clevelsnd msn. "The janitor was one of these fellows too big for their jobs. He reckoaed himself superior in every way to the people he was paid to aerve.

"Ono night in midwinter whea we had company all semblance of warmth went out of our rooms, and we sat there and shivered like all get out. I was hopping mad, and when I had finally located ths jaaitor I ripped him up the back from Jericho to breakfast.

"'Well,' he said taatalizlagly, 'what sre you going to do sbout it?'

"'I'll tell you what I'm golag to do about it,' I said. 'I'm golag straight to a place where there's alwsye pleaty of heat.'

"'That's just what I was going to tell you to do,' said the janitor calmly."—Clevelaad Lesder.

Why the Judge Sympathized.

M. Barhoux, the emiaeat Freach lawyer, was well kaowa as aa after dinner speaker and had a wonderful fund of good law conrt stories. Perhaps the best of them is the conversation which M. Barboux declared that be overheard la the lobby outsidn the divorce court one afteraooa.

"Well, bow did you get oa?"

"Spleadidly! I got my divorce and care of the child. The judge was oa my side, yoa know."

"A friend of yours?"

"Well, aot a friead exactly. He used to be my wife's first bushsad."

No Latitude.

Aa Irish school inspector was examlalng u class la geography. He had propouuded u questiou regardiug loagitude and received a correct aaswer from the lad undergoing the ordeal.

"Aud now," he said, "what is latitude?"

After a brief silence a bright youngster, with s merry twinkle la his eye, said:

"Please, sir, we have ao latitude la Ireland. Father says the British government woa't allow us any."

A Dream and a Reality.

An Irishmaa und a Scotchmaa once went travelling through n westera prairie. It happeaed thst one afteraoou they shot n single quail, which would do for the breakfast of one of them on the following moralag. Knowing that the bird was aot eaough for two, they agreed to have it eatea hy the oae who should have the hest dream durlag the night.

When they woke early la the morning the Irishmaa said to the Scotchman, "An' phwat did you dr-ream, Saady?"

"Well," aaswered the Scot, "I dreamed thst I saw a beautiful hasket descead from heaven, and thea I got lato it aud wus horne up to paradise."

"Aa' I dr-reamed," said the Irishmaa, "thst I saw you goia' np aa' thought yoa wouldn't come hack, an' so I got up aad ate ths quail."

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 210 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.02
Durum	.83
Rye	.61
Oats	.27
Flax	2.26
Barley	.52
Potatoes, new	1.00
Eggs	.15
Butter, dairy	.20

For Sale Cheap.

The nadersigaed will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 15.1 R. 43. Gerveis Township, Red Lake Co., cheap aad upon terme to suit purohaser.—F. J. Leoaerd, Jordan, Minn tf

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1895

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 49

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

AUDITOR LATENDRESSE DECIDES TO RUN

Filed Yesterday—Two Others After Nomination For County Auditor.

Several Others Filed Yesterday Three Candidates for Judge of Probate.

County Auditor—A. A. Latendresse, Andrew Hanson, Nels K. Nelson, all Republicans.

County Treasurer—Harry E. Ives, G. G. Kindseth, both Republicans.

County Attorney—Wilhelm Michelet, Republican, Chas. E. Boughton, Democrat.

Register of Deeds—Frank Jeffers, Democrat, Olaf Tande, Republican.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson, Charles J. Fedman, both Republicans.

Clerk of Court C. W. Johnson, Republican.

Judge of Probate—Ira C. Richardson, Ben Christianson, Wm. Holberg, all Republicans.

Superintendent of Schools—H. F. Anderson, Republican.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz, Republican.

Court Commissioner—Simon Paul, Republican.

Coroner Jos. Belair, Republican.

Commissioner 1st. District—C. A. Lindquist, Gust Naplin, Republicans, Herman Schulz, Democrat.

Commissioner 3rd. District—Ed. A. Aubol, Republican.

Commissioner 5th. District—Joseph Pigeon, Republican.

Yesterday was the last day for candidates to file before the primary election and above is given a list of all of the candidates.

There were a number of filings yesterday and a number of surprises are sprung. Eleven candidates got into the race on the last day.

Auditor Latendresse filed at the eleventh hour and so did Nels K. Nelson and there will be a three-cornered fight for the Republican nomination for auditor.

Chas. E. Boughton filed for the Democratic nomination for attorney. Wm. Michelet is the candidate for the Republican nomination and it is probable that these two will fight it out in the general election.

Wm. Holberg filed for the Republican nomination for Judge of Probate and that means that the contest for that nomination is going to be three-cornered.

There are three candidates for commissioner in the First district. For the Republican nomination the contest will be between C. A. Lindquist and Gust Naplin. The winner in the primary election will be opposed by Herman Schulz in the general election, Mr. Schulz having filed yesterday for the Democratic nomination.

Others who filed yesterday are Frank Jeffers for the Democratic nomination for register of deeds and Olof Tande for the Republican nomination, and Simon Paul, court commissioner, Jos. Belair, coroner, Ed. A. Aubol, commissioner 3rd District, all Republicans.

Only three have filed for Democratic nominations and none of them will have contests until the general election.

Girl Badly Burned.

Serena Offerdahl, a seventeen year old girl employed in the laundry of the Soo Cafe, was severely burned last Friday morning and for a time it was thought she could not recover, but is now past all danger and her recovery is certain but will require many months.

The girl was in the laundry, which is in the basement of the Grundy building, alone and in filling the tank of the gasoline mangle spilled considerable gasoline on her breast. She then struck a match to light the burner and it ignited her clothes. She ran in a high wind to the kitchen of the Soo Cafe, a distance of half a block, where the fire on her clothing was extinguished, but not until all of the skin on her breast was entirely burned to the flesh. She was at once taken to the hospital, and little hopes were at first entertained that she could withstand the shock. She is now getting along nicely and, although suffering a great deal, will recover, although it will probably be several months before she will be able to be about.

The girl's parents reside up near Holt, and are recent arrivals from the old country, being unable to talk English.—Thief River News.

JUDGES FILE.

Judges Grindeland and Watts Candidates for Reelection.

Judges Grindeland and Watts of the district court of the Fourteenth judicial district have filed as candidates for re-election. The bar associations of nearly every county in the district endorsed the judges and they were formally requested to become candidates for re-election to the offices they hold.

It is probable that there will be no opposition and the judges will be re-elected without a partizan contest.

DAYS AT THE FAIR

Special Features Announced for Each Day of the Big Show.

The six days of the state fair, beginning September 5 and ending September 11, will have particular events of special interest to designate them.

Monday will be known as Taft and Labor day. President Taft will arrive at the state fair grounds about 2:15, and, after being shown through the various buildings will address his fellow citizens at 2:30. There will be a tremendous crowd on hand to welcome the chief executive. For the Labor Day features, the remarkable exhibits that have been installed by the unions among the Liberal Arts display in the grand stand should be enough, but there will be other appropriate events to make the day memorable.

Tuesday will be Roosevelt and St. Paul day. This announcement will be enough to pack the fair grounds to the limit. Our great and popular former president is now just a plain citizen like any of the rest of us. That is what he himself declares, but you can't make the American public take it that way. They are bound, individually and collectively, to glorify the aggressive colonel, author and still owner of the "big stick," above any other being on earth. His merest word or act is watched with interest, for he remains a vital and significant factor in every feature of our American life. The welcome he will receive at the state fair grounds Tuesday, Sept. 6, will be expressive of the high regard Minnesota has for him, and some tens of thousands of her sons and daughters will be on hand to shout acclaim. Col. Roosevelt will deliver a short address at 2:30 in the afternoon.

The other special days as announced will be Wednesday, Derby Day; Thursday, Territorial Pioneer's and Conservation Day; Friday, Minneapolis Day; Saturday, Automobile Day, with many big races and half a dozen speed kings of the automobile racing world.

DELORME A CANDIDATE

Local Man Files for the Republican Nomination For Representative.

Just at the hour of going to press the information reaches the Gazette that Noel Delorme of this city has filed for the Republican nomination for Representative from the 61st district.

Mr. Delorme is a strong man and there is no doubt that, even though there is little time to canvass the district before the primary election, the other candidates will find that he has been in the race.

Fr. Ambrose to Europe.

Rev. Fr. Ambrose of St. Mary's church has been granted a leave of absence for one year and he expects to spend the time in Europe. He is now in New York and will embark for the old world trip this week. Fr. Ambrose has been in ill health for a number of months and his friends here hope that the travel and change will result in the hoped for improvement. During the absence of Fr. Ambrose, Rev. Fr. Conrad of St. Johns will have charge of the work of St. Mary's church.

Announcement.

If you need anything in the hosiery line, I am ready to receive orders for any grade or color. Also have a fine stock of fall and winter hose on hand. The good wearing quality of these Racine goods surpasses all others. Thanking the citizens of Red Lake Falls and vicinity for their past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. Respectfully,—Miss Carter,

FARMERS OF RED LAKE COUNTY!

The Fight to Defeat the Division of Red Lake County is Your Fight.----Organize.----It is Time For You To Do Something On Your Own Account.

Isn't it about time you woke up to the fact that this county division fight is YOUR FIGHT?

When the county seat fight was begun, we of Red Lake Falls realized that it was our special fight even more than it was yours, to protect our county seat, and we put our men in the field, hired lawyers, spent our own money, without asking aid from you, and put up a long, hard fight at great expense, that lasted nearly five years.

We won out and protected our rights to the county seat, so that it cannot be taken from us.

Now, the people of Thief River Falls who are bound to "rule or ruin," have determined to divide the county at your expense, so that they may have a county seat of their own. You are going to be the losers. Whether the county is divided or not, Red Lake Falls will still have the county seat of Red Lake county.

But, if the county is divided, you gain nothing, and YOUR TAXES will be increased, YOU will be called on to pay, and to pay EVERY YEAR for the pleasure of giving Thief River Falls a county seat, a new county for a plaything.

When they seek to divide the county and increase expenses, they do not think or care for what it is going to cost you farmers; they only think of their own unsatisfied ambitions.

ISN'T IT TIME FOR YOU TO DO SOME THINKING, ON YOUR OWN ACCOUNT.

Don't wait for Red Lake Falls to do your fighting for you. We are willing to help and advise you, and our own people will vote right.

But if the Thief River Falls scheme to divide Red Lake county is to be defeated, it will require YOUR VOTES to do it.

It is down to a question of votes and you have them.

If you farmers really want to divide Red Lake county we do not wish to stand in your way.

But, if you don't want Red Lake county divided, it is up to you TO GET BUSY.

GET OUT AND ORGANIZE. Talk with your neighbors. Find out who is for and who is against county division and show them why they should vote against it. PROTECT YOURSELVES. If you don't help yourselves, you cannot expect us to help you.

If you want to beat county division, line up your towns against it

IT'S YOUR FIGHT. GET BUSY.

MORE ABOUT CONSERVATION CONGRESS

How Certain Interests are Fighting Against National Conservation.

Tawney's Troubles—Ed. Smith at His Crooked Tricks.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Minn., August 30.—While oblivious to the fact that the state administration and the St. Paul crowd in this matter of conservaton have been acting under instructions from the Hill interests, it has been borne in upon the occasionally obtuse St. Paul papers that the governor of the state of Washington has been taking his orders from the same authority. This is not denied. Indeed the only denial to date comes from Howard Elliot, president of the Northern Pacific railroad, as to himself. Naturally Mr. Elliot would be too busy to bother with politics when there were others to attend to the job.

The Great Northern View.

Mr. Lewis Hill, it appears, is not so circumscribed. He was assigned the task of looking after the conservation congress and in his naive way he tells how he went about it in the case of the governor of Washingon. "Certainly," said he to an inquiring reporter, "I wrote to Governor Hay of Washington, urging him to come to the congress. I explained how the meeting was lined up and advised him that the people of the west ought to come here to take care of themselves. I told my western friends that the program was not a representative western program and that the attendance at the congress ought to be representative if the program was not. That was the ground on which I urged him to come." Possibly it was not necessary to go into particulars in St. Paul. It was likely enough to issue his orders to make the politicians jump.

A Fight on His Hands.

Frank Nye, representing the Fifth District in congress is fighting with his back to the wall. He is finding that standing by Cannon through thick and thin isn't so pleasant a job in Minneapolis as it was in Washington. Indeed so far as Cannon himself is concerned Frank has crawfished and is now willing to let Uncle Joe shift for himself. But when it comes to Cannonism, Mr. Nye is doing business at the old stand. The thing to do in congress is to stick to the majority of the party, he says in effect, no matter what the majority does. "We can have no better laws than the majority can give," he says. That is the creed of the party hack. Incidentally it doesn't have to be true. Whatever of good legislation has been accomplished during the session just closed has been brought about in defiance of the congressional reactionary majority. When it comes to a showdown they didn't dare insist on carrying out the administration program. The majority led by Aldrich and Cannon laid down when Cummins and other insurgent leaders, relying on the Democrats to support the reform movement, put the screws to them. If everybody like Frank Nye insisted that "obedience to the will of the majority is essential to orderly government," there would have been no change in the house rules. It is the creed of the party tool who hasn't a mind of his own. They have out-grown it apparently in Minneapolis. Possibly Mr. Nye may beat out his progressive opponent, Mr. Hall. A majority of the Republicans may still be joined to their idol. That's only the beginning, however. In the Fifth as in the First District the Democrats will have a canidate to carry the battle to the ballot box. It will be settled there and settled right.

Minnesota Insurgents.

A pretty kettle of fish is brewing nationally. Roosevelt is on the war path booted and spurred. He is after Vice-President Sherman and the Old Guard in New York state and appears to intend to fight it out on that line if it takes all summer. He will be in St. Paul next week. Possibly he may put some spirit into Minnesota insurgents, many of whom, like Clapp, have laid down and let the machine roll them out. Possibly, however, the surrender may only be apparent. Minnesota independent Republicans have acquired the habit of demonstrating when it comes to the election that the bosses can't always order them about. I understand that Ed. Smith is bragging that he's got them going.

Continued On Page 4.

ST. JOSEPH'S OPENS

Monday September 6, is to be the First Day of School.

St. Joseph's school is to open Monday, Sept. 6, for the school year of 1910-11. Fr. Fayollo urges all those who are to attend the school to be on hand the first day. To insure the best results students should be on hand the first day and be regular in attendance.

FOUND QUEER STONE.

Mat Steele Made Interesting Discovery on His Farm.

Mat Steele recently picked up in a field where he was plowing a stone upon which some characters are plainly to be seen. He has been unable to wash the marks off and he has come to the conclusion that the stone may have been marked by some one long ago and left for the purpose of exciting the curiosity of people in after years or for some other inexplainable reason.

If you are curious and want to figure out what the marks mean you can see the stone at the Gazette office.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

ARE LAYING FOR CROOKSTON

Indian Agents and Breeds Are Nosing About the Polk County City.

Intimation That Crookston Wet Goods Dealers Have Not Been Good.

The fact that N. A. Way, special agent of the Indian department, and a half breed deputy have been spending a considerable portion of their time in and about Crookston of late and the further fact that the half breed has been seen watching the express shipments from Crookston, coupled with the further fact that Way went from here to Beltrami and followed some of the shipments of wet goods consigned to that place and hauled from there to points in the country, some of it to country included in the Indian territory, is the foundation upon which is based the belief that it is the intention of the Indian department to extend the closing order to Crookston and East Grand Forks as the two men have been nosing around that place also within the past two weeks.

That the county optionists have favored the closing of Crookston and East Grand Forks is an open secret, but just what pressure they have brought to bear cannot be stated at this time with authority. The dealers have been warned repeatedly, but some of them have not heeded the warning sufficiently, it is stated, and have shipped goods rather indiscriminately when good judgement should have told them that the liquor or beer would reach Indians or breeds perhaps, and would certainly find its way on forbidden territory.

Whether intentional violations have occurred or not, the fact remains that there is a feeling of apprehension in Crookston today that trouble is brewing and that the federal authorities will be heard from. Just what condition of affairs the spies have found will not be known until something drops from Pussyfoot Johnson, but in the meantime a sufficient scare has been received by dealers here to make them more cautious than ever before. For some time past none of them would ship directly in violation of the order, but shipments, it is alleged, have been made to points where the shippers should know the local demand would not require such large quantities and that the liquor was being hauled overland to some unknown destination where trouble might result.

The nervousness felt will result in a movement at once on the part of the business interests of the city which will put a sudden stop to any further shipments of the kind, as it is believed that such methods are necessary to protect the city from being included in the territory in which the inhabitants are treated as wards of the government.—Crookston Times.

HUNTING SEASON

Chickens, Ducks and Geese Ripe Next Wednesday.

After next Wednesday, Sept. 7, it will be lawful to kill chickens, ducks and geese in limited numbers and many local nimrods are planning for trips into the country bright and early Wednesday morning. Of course they are getting very impatient, but they are going to be very, very good, Mr. Munch, and not a soul will start off for the tall grass until Wednesday morning.

RECEIVED CERTIFICATES

Returns From Teachers Examinations Conducted Recently.

First Grade—Henrietta A. Anderson, Clarkfield, Minn., Ella E. Chandler, Erskine, Minn., Golda Hill, Thief River Falls, Hulda C. Gigstad, St. Hilaire, Minn., Eleanore Hanson, St. Hilaire, Minn., Anna M. Rosch, Red Lake Falls., Cora M. Wilson, T. R. Falls, Minnie H. Vandervaal, Erskine.

Conditional First Grade.—Tyra E. Wallen, St. Hilaire, Minn., Stella O. Olson, T. R. Fallls, Emma M. Jonas, T. R. Falls, Louise Netteland, St. Hilaire.

Second Grade—Valborg Vorden, Fisher, Minn., Martha Altstadt, Red Lake Falls, Mary B. Anderson St. Hilaire, Minn., Sigrid A. Anderson, Red Lake Falls, Clara L. Backo, T. R. Falls, Elvina C. Bloom, Strip, Minn., Josephine C. Bourque, T. R. Falls, Eda V. Brink, St. Hilaire, Evelina M. Delage, Red Lake Falls, Mamie Finberg, T. R. Falls, Delia Ford, R. L. Falls, Calena Hance, T. R. Falls, Laura Halseth, T. R. Falls, Anna M. Hooper, St. Hilaire, Robert Jackson, St. Hilaire, Abbie Miller, T. R. Falls, Inez O. Olson, T. R. Falls, Mabel Remington, St. Hilaire, Clara E. Richard, R. L. Falls, Emma M. Sauve, Brooks, Gisela Schlesinger, Verndon, S. Dak., Thea M. Stensrud, T.R. Falls, Ella Swanson, T.R. Falls, Lena Tischert, R. L. Falls, Jeanette Wilson, T. R. Falls,

Conditional Second Grade—Mabel R. Waller, Rollis, Minn., Emma M. Swanson, Grygla, Minn., Nellie A. Abell, R. L. Falls, Andrew Hanson, Lillo, Minn., Elphio Lee, Plummer, Minn., Anna Moran, T. R. Falls, Victoria Parenteau, R. L. Falls, Sarah Froisness, Anton, Minn. (Limited Certificate.)

Limited Minnesota Teachers' Certificates.—Elthea M. Henry, Kratka, Minn., Lou F. Green, Garnes, Minn., Blanch Lind, St. Hilaire, Iver Lind, St. Hilaire, Julia M. Rasmussen, McIntosh, Minn., Ruth L. Roy, St. Hilaire, Malvin O. Skarsten, Fosston, Minn., Laura E. Vandervaal, Erskine, Minn.

NEW TOWN OF OKLEE

Lot Sale Monday—Many Places of Business to be Opened.

The sale of town lots at the new Soo town of Oklee in eastern Red Lake county occurred on Monday and twenty lots were sold.

Many buildings are to go up this fall and there is every promise that the new town will be a thriving place. There will be five general stores, two hardware stores, lumber yard, two restaurants and a hotel all doing business in a short time.

The First State Bank of Oklee, recently organized, will open up for business next week. A number of local people are interested in the bank. J. L. Cruzen of Wylie has been elected cashier and will be in charge of the bank.

MISSION FESTIVAL.

Will be held at the Sortedahl Farm Sunday.

There will be a mission festival at the home of Nelson Alfson on the Sortedahl farm Sunday. In the morning Rev. S. T. Palm of St. Hilaire will speak in Norwegian and in the afternoon the well known Norwegian author, Per Stromme, of Grand Forks will speak in English. The customary offering for missions will be taken up. All are invited.

E. A. Mittwer was fortunate enough to get a number in a land drawing at Aberdeen last fall and he has this week been notified to report at the land office and make his filing. He expects to make his filing next month.

SCHOOL OPENS NEXT TUESDAY

New Courses of Manual Training, Domestic Science and Agriculture.

All Pupils Should Enroll on the Morning of the Open-Day.

Owing to the fact that Monday next is Labor Day, a legal holiday, the city schools will not open until the following day, Tuesday, September 6.

The teaching corps for the present year will be as follows;

Superintendent—Leonard V. Koos.

High School—Miss Sarah Marshall, principal and teacher of English; Miss Helen Whitney, Mathematics and Science; Miss Genevieve Backensote, Latin and German; Miss Emma S. Weld, Domestic Science; Mr. Jasper Swedberg, Manual Training and Agriculture.

Grades in Lafayette School—Miss Edna Crawford, Eighth Grade; Miss Helen Clark, Fifth and Sixth Grades; Miss Clara Thompson, Third and Fourth Grades; Mrs. J.J. Doe, Second Grade; Miss Lillian A. Nelson, First Grade.

Grades in Washington School—Miss Emma J. Auby, Seventh Grade; Miss Mattie Murphy, Fifth and Sixth Grades; Miss Katherine Malan, Third and Fourth Grades; Miss Grace M. Aldich, First and Second Grades.

It will be noted that this year as last year, the entire seventh grade will be accomodated in the north side school.

The industrial subjects which are this year to be installed and concerning the introduction of which the Gazette has devoted considerable space in earlier numbers will begin on the opening day with a full equipment for the accomodation of classes. For the shop work the board of education has obtained a lease of the old Gazette office near the Robertson Lumber company's yard, as well as the small building adjoining it. This smaller building will be used this year as a lumber stockroom, but the following year as a shop for iron work, for which the boys who have done one year's work in wood will be prepared. Woodwork is this year to be required for all boys from the sixth grade up through the high school and each boy will spend from two to three hours per week in the shop under the care of Mr. Swedberg. Mr. Swedberg will also have charge of the class in Agriculture which will be offered the boys in the first year of their high school work. This class will be conducted in the high school building.

The classes in cooking and sewing are to be conducted by Miss Weld in a room set apart for it in the high school building and which has been fitted up with a complete equipment for efficient work. The plans are to require sewing for all girls in fifth, sixth and seventh grades, and also in the second and third year high school. Eighth grade and first and last year high school girls attend classes in cooking. The time spent by the girls will be the same as for the boys in their shop work—from two to three hours per week depending upon the grade. Girls from the fifth, sixth and seventh grades on the north side will make two trips weekly to the high school building.

Naturally, board members and teachers desire that all pupils enroll the morning of the day of opening. It is very much an inconvenience to both teacher and pupils to have pupils sent in one day, one week, or one month after school has begun. Parents who have given the matter serious consideration always make an earnest endeavor to send their children opening day and every other day throughout the school year. They recognize the importance of early and regular attendance. They have come to know, sometimes through uncomfortable experience, such as failure of promotion, that the child can not do nine months' work in six, seven or eight months. Moreover, the new work which is this year being installed, makes it more imperative than ever that all pupils attend on the day of opening. As has been said above, accomodations in this work are for classes of fair size. When these classes have been filled, late comers may be forced to do without the benefits of this addition to the course of study.

Dan Linnihan went to Grand Forks Saturday and on his return Monday was accompanied by Mrs. Linnihan who had been at Grand Forks since Miss Mayma Linnihan had been taken to the hospital for an operation for appendicitis. Miss Linnihan's condition is much improved and she will be able to be brought to her home in a few days,

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

CONDENSATIONS

NEWS AND NOTES HERE AND THERE.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

Other Matters of Interest Condensed From the More Important Telegrams.

Washington.

The government's official "trust buster" W. S. Kenyon, the assistant to the attorney general, left here Sunday for Chicago to resume charge of the case against so-called trusts.

Modesto Barrios and Sebastian Salinas, special ambassadors of the Madriz faction in Nicaragua, paid an official call at the state department and presented their credentials. Three letters in Spanish addressed to Secretary Knox were also presented. These were turned over to translator. The contents are not known.

General Sebastian Salinas and Dr. Modesto Barrios, representatives here of the Madriz faction in Nicaragua, had an interview at the state department with Huntington Wilson, acting secretary of state. They presented a formal representation which if accepted would, in their opinion, bring about a settlement of the troubles in the Central American republic.

More regiments of infantry, a general service corps and a system of [illegible] for aged employes of the war department are the recommendations [illegible] to the [illegible] general by Brigadier General C. L. Hodges commanding the department of Dakota. Troops returning from the tropics should have at least four years in this country to recuperate, General Hodges says, and he believes there is no probability that it will be possible unless the infantry is increased.

Foreign.

The Austrian and German health administrations are pursuing common measures against an invasion of Russian cholera. Medical agents from both governments stationed in Russia report the scarcity of physicians.

A catch-as-catch-can wrestling match for $1,000 a side was contested at a London music hall between the American wrestler, Dr. B. F. Roller and Gama, the champion of India. Gama won the first fall in 1:40 and the second fall in 9:19, winning the match.

The suggestion of a new treaty between the United States and Canada, and the establishment of a joint tribunal in the nature of an international traffic commission as the means of effective control of through railroad traffic between the two countries, was made at a conference in New York.

The Chinese government has decided to employ no foreign diplomatic adviser for the future, a decision which has come as a surprise and to some extent a disappointment to the foreign communities of the far east. The Wai Wu Pu, the foreign governing board, will depend in the future on the views and opinions which are held regarding foreign affairs by those of its own people who have had long experience in the diplomatic and consular services abroad.

General.

Automobiles will be fifty per cent cheaper next spring. Unsold thousands are being stored away by manufacturers to prevent the public from realizing the true conditions of the market. Thousands of 1910 models will be dumped on the market next year as models of 1911, and at one-half the present prices. Several of the largest automobile manufacturers are laying off men in all directions; two or three factories already closed. Many dealers who started in last spring when the boom was on, are now out of business.

Secretary Ballinger favors opening the lid on coal lands in Alaska.

Policemen of Columbus, O., went on strike in sympathy with street car men.

Ballinger reached Portland and received calls from prominent republicans.

The International Typographical Union will meet next year in San Francisco.

Senator Aldrich replied to the charges made against him by Senator Bristow of Kansas.

In their state convention Oklahoma democrats endorsed the administration of Governor Haskell.

Representatives of the Madriz faction in Nicaragua called on the state department at Washington.

The national association of sheet metal workers, in convention at Philadelphia decided to hold its next annual meeting in Omaha.

At Charleroix, Belgium, M. Lesnyn, an aviator, fell with his aeroplane from a height of one hundred feet and received injuries that probably will prove fatal.

The forest service has called on the war department for aid to fight the forest fires in Montana. General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, has directed that a battalion of the American Lake camp, Oregon, be ordered into service.

President Taft and ex-President Roosevelt sent sympathetic telegrams to Mayor Gaynor of New York over his attempted assassination.

The population of Kansas City, Mo., is 248,381, an increase of 84,629, or 51.7 per cent, as compared with 163,752 in 1900.

The Panaman congress at Buenos Ayres approved a resolution recommending all governments of America to create a Panaman commission and the application of the decisions of the third congress relative to the natural resources, commerce and monetary systems.

The corn crop of the country is not up to the ten-year average.

The standpatters were badly defeated by the insurgents in Kansas.

Postmaster General Hitchcock is cutting down the deficit in his department.

There is fear of loss of life in the forest fires of Idaho.

Republicans see a chance to make a showing in Texas this fall.

The mayor of El Paso, Tex., was killed by a falling wall during a fire.

Uncle Joe Cannon says he will again be a candidate for the speakership.

Exposition buildings at Brussels burned, entailing a loss of $6,000,000 to $10,000,000.

Joseph Wendling, alleged slayer of Alma Kelner, reached Denver on his way to Louisville.

President Taft is to get rid of his political Jonahs, beginning with Ballinger September 15.

Major J. E. Hanson, aged 73, president of the Central of Georgia railroad, is critically ill.

Congressman Carter gave important testimony before the congressional committee at McAlester.

The papal nuncio at the Spanish court has been warned to make ready to depart on short notice.

Great Britain's new battleship, the Lion, is to be the biggest and fastest naval fighter in the world.

If Mayor Gaynor recovers he will probably be the democratic nominee for governor of New York.

Claude A. Swanson has been appointed U. S. Senator from Virginia in place of Daniels, deceased.

Serious floods continue throughout Japan. Thousands of houses are submerged and many lives were lost.

One of the first duties of the United States supreme court will be to pass on the Kansas bank guaranty law.

Secretaries Wickersham and Nagel are keeping out of the Alaska quarrel while visiting the territory.

Serious floods continue throughout Japan. Thousands of houses are submerged and many lives have been lost.

The establishment of a national home for the deaf at Colorado Springs was urged at the world's congress of the deaf held there.

The prohibitionists opened their campaign at Liberty, Mo., in the interest of the state-wide prohibition constitutional amendment.

The funeral of Bishop Dunne of Dallas, Tex., who died at Green Bay, Wis., was held at Chicago in the Church of the Immaculate Conception.

An army paymaster's safe containing $6,500 was stolen from the maneuver camp at Pole mountain, twenty-five miles west of Cheyenne.

Fritz Mergenthaler, son of the inventor of the linotype machine, was killed at Cape May, N. J., when an express train ran into his automobile.

The Carriage Manufacturers' association of the United States in session at Louisville resolved to advance the price of vehicles for the season of 1911.

The Nebraska State board of equalization told Omaha bankers they cannot deduct $1,211,531 full value from assessed value of capital stock on account of prospective bad loans.

Acting Secretary Pierce of the interior department appointed a commission to determine the competency of Indian allottees on the Santee Indian reservation in Nebraska.

John Wilson, jr., long absent from his home in Johnson county, Nebr., returned and established his identity as right to the $30,000 estate left by his father, who died five years ago.

American trade with Japan may be seriously affected, in part at least when the duties in the new Japanese tariff law will go into effect. This fear was expressed in a statement by the state department.

Four persons were killed and three were seriously injured when a south bound passenger train on the Lake Erie & Western railroad struck an automobile at a crossing one mile east of Rochester, Indiana.

The establishment of a federal commission, on the order of the interstate commerce commission, for the control of Alaska was adopted by Jacob H. Schiff, the New York banker, who has just returned from a tour of the territory.

Mrs. Judith Ellen Horton Foster, noted throughout the country as a temperance lecturer and writer and advocate of missions and philanthrophy, died in Garfield hospital in Washington.

The Pan-American congress has unanimously approved a new convention obligating the republics of America to submit to arbitration all pecuniary claims they are unable to settle amicably through diplomatic channels.

Personal.

Nebraska was well represented at the Knight Templar conclave in Chicago.

The police of Cleveland, Ohio, are convinced that Lawyer Rice was killed by thieves.

John D. Griffin, one of the best known comedians on the stage, for years a favorite in vaudeville, died in Providence.

Jacob Hamon accused Congressman Creager of soliciting a bribe from Lawyer McMurray.

Congressman Creager of Oklahoma explained the charges against him made by Jake L. Hamon.

Thirteen were killed and twelve injured in a train collision between San Francisco and Santa Rosa.

Attorney General Wickersham says there is no law to warrant the removal of the status of Robert E. Lee.

A man believed to be W. J. Mugfur of Ishpeming, Mich., was found dead in the hydraulic elevator tank on the roof of a hotel in Chicago.

The governor of Louisiana convened the legislature in extra session.

Timothy Woodruff told President Taft republicans will win in New York.

Dr. Charles H. Shaw, professor of biology in the University of Pennsylvania, was drowned in Kinbasket lake near Revelstoke, B. C.

Mrs. Mary B. Train, who gave her age as 70 years, her home at San Diego, Cal., and estimated her wealth into the millions, was married in Chicago to James Dibs of New York, an Assyrian linen salesman, 23 years of age.

G.O.P. SEEK PEACE

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE HEARS CONGRESSMAN NYE APPEAL FOR HARMONY.

GOV. PREDICTS VICTORY

Confidence Voiced in Party Principles —Eberhart Campaign Button Appears—Doctrine Book to be Issued.

St. Paul. — Congressman Frank Nye outlined his campaign speech at the meeting of the Republican state central committee in St. Paul. It was an expression of loyalty to Republicanism, which he regards as progressive without the necessity of description, and an appeal to Republicans to cease their bickerings and quarrelings.

Mr. Nye's address was the feature of the meeting, aside from the large number of the committee present with the exception of E. J. Jones of Morris, who was detained by illness. Many of the congressional candidates were on hand and all of the state candidates with the exception of the judicial officers, and they were represented by Judge David F. Simpson of Minneapolis.

Campaign Formally Opened.

As the initial meeting of the committee, it marked the formal opening of the Republican campaign and the confidence of the leaders was voiced in the brief address by Governor Eberhart.

Reported opposition to the chairmanship of Edward E. Smith, lieutenant governor, did not make its appearance. Harmony prevailed everywhere. Governor Eberhart expressed his confidence in the high character of the campaign committee and S. Y. Gordon, candidate for lieutenant governor, who followed immediately, said he "approved every remark made by the governor."

FRANK M. NYE.
Congressman from Fifth District of Minnesota.

Chairman Smith refused to make a speech, but in the executive session which followed the open meeting he outlined the character of the campaign. He called attention to the fact that there were probably some 100,000 voters who never went to the polls and urged that every effort be made to bring them out.

Republican doctrine will be set forth in a campaign book. Credit will be claimed for the progressive legislation which has been put on the statute books. The records of the offices of the different state departments and the achievements of the Republican legislatures will be set forth as a claim for consideration.

An Eberhart campaign button made its appearance with the inscription over the picture of the governor, "He has made good," which will be used as a campaign slogan.

In addition to the addresses made by the chairman and by the candidates for state offices, brief speeches were made by Congressman Tawney and Steenerson and a more extended address by Mr. Nye.

INDIANS ARE AFTER MONEY.

White Earth.—Attorney E. P. Henderson of Washington, D. C., is in conference with members of the Chippewa band here regarding their claim against the government for swamp lands claimed by the state and recently awarded to Minnesota by the interior department, notwithstanding the claim of the Indians.

The land involves 190,000 acres, and is composed of swamp property given to the Chippewas in return for their relinquishment of other lands in Minnesota.

The government has expressed no intention to make good the loss suffered by the Indians, and the latter are consulting with Henderson regarding a plan of action looking to a just and equitable compensation for the loss of their land.

ST. PAUL'S POPULATION 214,744

St. Paul.—The population of St. Paul, according to the federal census of 1910, is 214,744. This is an increase of 51,679 over the federal census of 1909, when St. Paul was given a population figure of 163,065. This is a gain of 31.7 per cent.

The state census in 1905 gave St. Paul a population of 197,025 and the result of the federal canvass announced today shows a gain of 17,719 during the last five years.

Plan New Warroad Hotel.

Crookston.—Bids were opened by Architect B. D. Keck of Crookston, for the construction of the new hotel at Warroad. There were many bids and the general contract has not yet been awarded, but will probably go to a Bemidji firm. The plumbing and heating was awarded to V. E. Beaudry of the Crookston Plumbing and Heating Company, and the contract amounts to $9,000. The hotel will cost complete about $51,000 and will be one of the finest in northern Minnesota.

MINNESOTA'S CROPS ARE FAIR.

Maximum Yield of Wheat 41 Bushels to the Acre.

Winona. — The past week has been favorable to crops along the line of the Northwestern in southern Minnesota and South Dakota. The harvest is well progressed and some threshing has been done.

The report of General Agent T. J. Wagea, issued Saturday read:

"The weather since our last report has been excellent for harvest. The temperature has ranged from 60 to 80 degrees with a 30 minute rain between Winona and Sanborn on Aug. 1 and heavy rain from Waseca to Watertown Aug. 2. The additional moisture has been very beneficial to corn and vegetables. The harvest of small grains is about completed and will be in stack within the next ten days. Some threshing from the shock has been done and reports indicate a fine quality of all grains.

"We have received the following reports of individual yields of threshing for the past week:

Elgin.—Barley, 15, 20, 25, 26 and 45 bushels to the acre; oats, 59; wheat 25.

Viola.—Barley 20, 25 and 30; oats 25.

Kassoa.—Barley, 21 and 28; wheat, 25.

Eagle Lake.—Wheat 27 and 29.

Mankato.—Oats, 60; wheat, 26, 29, 27 and 41.

Kasson.—Wheat, 28 and 30.

Courtland.—Wheat, 20.

New Ulm.—Wheat, 23.

Springfield.—Wheat, 25.

Sleepy Eye.—Wheat, 20.

Lamberton.—Barley, 30; oats, 60.

Vesta.—Barley, 32; oats, 40.

Rovers.—Wheat, 29 and 30.

Walnut Grove.—Barley, 25; oats, 45.

Marshall.—Barley, 40; oats, 50 and 55; wheat, 30 and 31.

Minneota.—Barley, 43; wheat, 32."

MURDER LAID TO FATHER.

Montgomery Farmer Said to Have Killed Two Step Children.

Montgomery.—Martin O'Malley, a farmer residing in the western part of this county, who was released from custody two weeks ago on a charge of poisoning his two step children, there not being sufficient evidence, was again arrested by Pinkerton men, who worked two days and nights on the case.

O'Malley finally confessed, after which he was lodged in the county jail to await a hearing to be held the latter part of August. O'Malley, who is a widower, 42 years old, with seven children, married Mrs. Pragel of this city, a widow with three children.

Two of her children were taken sick. In his confession he admitted giving them medicine in which he mixed a quantity of poison, increasing the dose each time. Suspicion was aroused after the children were buried. The bodies were exhumed and the stomachs sent to the state chemist for analysis. He found poison in them. The only motive suggested is that O'Malley wanted to get the children out of the way. He does not say why. The work of County Attorney F. J. Hanzel and the Pinkerton men resulted in the arrest. His wife has not lived with him since the death of the children. She was not aware of the fact that he had poisoned her children until their bodies were exhumed. A doctor at Le Sueur diagnosed the cases as infantile paralysis.

BOOZE AT THE CAPITAL!

Prohibitionist Finds a Real Blind Pig On State Grounds.

St. Paul. — Declaring that a real blind pig is being operated on the grounds of the state capitol at St. Paul in connection with the North Central Commercial club carnival and that minors of both sexes have bought beer at this alleged "joint," J. D. Engle, Prohibition candidate for lieutenant governor and member of the Prohibition state committee, held a conference with Governor Eberhart with a view of having the temporary refreshment booth put out of commission.

Governor Eberhart, after the conference, announced that he would request the mayor of St. Paul to take immediate action to have the refreshment booth closed at once. The governor was much incensed at the condition of affairs reported by the Prohibitionist representative and stated that if the mayor did not act at once in the matter he would take it up with the city's executive and see that the alleged saloon was put out of business.

Mr Roosevelt Comes Sept. 6.

Minneapolis, Aug. 15. — Theodore Roosevelt will have breakfast in Minneapolis Sept. 6. He will be met by a committee of business men and taken to the Hotel Radisson, for the breakfast. Those accompanying the former president are W. B. Holland, treasurer of the Outlook company; Ernest H. Abbott, son of Lyman Abbott; H. J. Howland and Frank Harper, secretary to Mr. Roosevelt. After the breakfast the party will be taken to St. Paul, where Mr. Roosevelt will address the conservation congress.

Fairfax Mill Is Burned.

New Ulm.—The Eagle Roller Mill Company's 25,000 bushel elevator at Fairfax burned, entailing a loss of $5,400 on building and $10,000 on grain contained in it. The insurance on building was $3,500, and the loss on grain was fully covered. The building is thought to have been set on fire by tramps. The engine house alone was saved, being constructed of brick. The company will endeavor to purchase the elevator at Fairfax now owned by the Great Western Elevator Company.

Mr. Lyon's Necklaces Gone.

New York, N. Y.—William Loeb, Jr., collector of the port, received word from United States Marshal Alcott at Trenton, N. J., that two pearl necklaces, taken by customs inspectors from H. R. Lyons, a miller of Minneapolis, on his arrival here on the steamer Amerika, on May 28, have been forfeited to the government and will be sold in Trenton on Aug. 16. Appraiser Wanamaker places the valuation of the jewels at $9,109. In addition to forfeiting the gems, Lyons paid a fine of $5,000.

GIFT OF VIRGINIA

STATUE OF GEORGE WASHINGTON IS PRESENTED TO THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

NOTABLE PRESENTATION

State of Virginia Is the Donor and James Mann, Chairman of Commission, Makes Brilliant Speech.

Versailles, France, Aug. 18.—In Napoleon hall of the chateau of Versailles in the presence of the French minister of war, General Brun; the French ambassador to the United States, M. Jesserand, and his wife; and the American ambassador, Robert Bacon, and Mrs. Bacon, the bronze copy of Houdon's celebrated statue of Washington in the state house at Richmond, Va., presented by the state of Virginia to the French republic, was today dedicated.

Among those present were: The Marquis de Lafayette, member of the French mission which presented to America the statue of Rochambeau, now at Washington, and former United States Senator Nathan R. Scott of West Virginia. General Brun, who presided, spoke of the statue as the greatest work of the greatest French sculptor of the eighteenth century. Col. James Mann, chairman of the Virginia commission, delivered the speech of presentation. State Senators Don P. Halsey and F. W. King of Virginia also made addresses on behalf of the state of Virginia.

"The grandest name in all the history of America is that of George Washington and the history of all the nations gives us none that is grander," said James Mann, chairman of the Virgina commission, in the course of his address at Versailles today in presenting to the people of France on behalf of Virginia a bronze copy of Houden's statue of Washington. The original of the statue stands in the state capitol at Richmond.

Mr. Mann recounted the splendid deeds of the "father of his country" both in war and in peace and paid fitting tribute to the illustrious Frenchmen who aided America in its struggle for liberty. "We remember always," he said, "that but for the aid of France that we have come in their name as the bearers of this token of their affection."

The statue was accepted in behalf of the French government by M. Pinchon, secretary of foreign affairs.

Asiatic Cholera in Italy.

Bari, Italy, Aug. 18.—The latest report of the outbreak of the Asiatic cholera, which has begun in the province of Bardielle, Pugile, shows that there have been in all thirty-three deaths.

Rome, Aug. 18.—The cause of the epidemic of cholera which is now prevailing in some of the towns and villages of the province of Bardielle Pugile, has not been officially determined. By some its origin is attributed to a tribe of Gypsies who have been wandering through the district, by others to a party of Russians from Odessa, who went to Bari to visit the relics of their patron saint, Saint Nicholas and afterwards camped about the province sight seeing.

Suffers Fractured Skull.

Grafton, N. D., Aug. 18.—With his skull fractured by a blow from a pulley, Dan McMahon, 30 years old, walked from the scene of the accident into the livery barn at which he was employed and later walked to the office of a local physician two blocks distant. A surgical examination showed that his head near the right ear had been literally ground up, and in the operation that followed several pieces of the bone were removed.

Later McMahon regained consciousness. He may recover.

Forest Fires Shifted.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 18.—New forest fires in Oregon and Washington called forth today by the direction of the war department a shifting of the troops now in the northwest in order to give the most service in fighting the fires. The forest fire situation in Glacier National Park in Montana, is well in hand, according to a telegram received today by Acting Secretary Pierce of the interior department from Chief Clerk Ucker, who arrived in the new park to assist in directing the fighting of the flames.

Business Says McMurray.

Sulphur, Okla., Aug. 18.—J. F. McMurray, whose contracts with the Indians allowed him ten per cent attorney's fees on the sale of $30,000,000 worth of land, is the subject of an investigation by congress, went on the stand before the special congressional committee today. McMurray described his contracts as a "plain business deal."

Killed Wife With Hammer.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 18.—Philip Ashby last night sought the sheriff of Benton county to Camden and confessed to murdering his wife and burning the body with their home in this county. He says he brained his wife with a hammer, and claims he was demented at the time. Neighbors had believed his story that she was unable to escape from the burning house.

ORDER IN COLUMBUS.

Governor Harmon Expresses Satisfaction With the Situation.

Columbus, O., Aug. 17.—Governor Harmon, expressed himself today as well pleased with the good order that has prevailed since the calling of troops in the street car strike. General Manager Stewart of the street railway company said that he maintained order long his lines last night while the cars were running without either the assistance of the national guard or the city police.

He has a force of detectives from Cleveland.

Manufactures Show Gain.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The value of the annual product of the manufacturers of Delaware, the first given out by the census bureau as the result of its investigations in connection with the thirteenth census, is $52,871,041. This is a gain of more than 28 per cent since 1904, when the value was $41,160,276.

There was a 29 per cent gain in salaries and wages of 17 per cent in the number of establishments and of almost 20 per cent in the capital employed. More than 2,000 officials and clerks and more than 21,000,000 laborers are employed.

SHERMAN NONCOMMITAL

ROOSEVELT'S TURN DOWN NOT CLOSED INCIDENT.

Convention Will Have Final Decision of Chairmanship and Griscom Will Finish Fight There.

New York, Aug. 17.—There was a marked calm today over the troubled waters of the republican political seas following the storm yesterday when the "old guard" in the republican state committee voted down Theodore Roosevelt's name for temporary chairman of the coming state convention.

No one was prepared to say how things would shape themselves in the day's preliminary to the state convention where the delegates, after all will finally determine who shall be the temporary presiding officer.

New York County Chairman Griscom, who presented Colonel Roosevelt's name says the fight will be carried to the primaries and to the convention.

Beverly, Mass., Aug. 17.—Vice President Sherman arrived in Beverly shortly before noon today and proceeded at once to the executive offices where he had a long conference with Secretary Norton prior to going to Burgess Point to spend the afternoon with the president.

The selection of Sherman as temporary chairman of the New York republican convention and the defeat of Colonel Roosevelt lent an added interest to the vice president's visit.

Sherman, however, would not discuss the New York situation in any way. He indicated that there might be something to talk about after his interview with President Taft but he doubted it.

CHILEAN PRESIDENT DEAD.

Dies Unexpectedly in Bremen After Arrival From United States.

Bremen, Aug. 17.—The death of President Pedro Montt of Chili in this city last night was unexpected. He was preparing for bed when he was seized with cramps of the heart and died almost instantly. His wife was with him at the time. It was a few minutes before 12.

Almost all of the members of the presidential party were still up, engaged in conversation with Senor Jesa, secretary of the Chilean legation at Berlin and other attaches who had met the President and Mrs. Montt here on the arrival of the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from New York.

As soon as it was seen that Senor Montt's condition was serious a physician was summoned, but it was too late. President Montt passed away almost instantly.

The body of Senor Montt has been embalmed and probably will be taken to the Catholic church of St. Johannes, where it will rest until its final disposition has been decided upon. Members of the late president's suite are of the opinion that the Chilean government will send a warship here to convey the remains back to Chili.

SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT.

Paris Interested In Long Distance Race of Aeroplanes.

Paris, Aug. 17.—Half Paris forsook their beds last night and remained in the streets until morning to watch the conclusion of the great cross-country aviation race, which was won by Leblanc in a Bleriot monoplane.

Auburn, also in a Bleriot, was second finishing twenty minutes behind the winner, although his total time in completing the course was somewhat longer.

Lebrane left Amiens at 503 and descended at Issy in the suburbs of Paris one hour and twenty-eight minutes later, making the total time for the 485 miles of the entire flight eleven hours, fifty-five minutes and fifty-nine seconds, an average of forty miles an hour.

On the field at Issy, where the aviators finished 200,000 spectators had gathered, the crowd including Prince Roland Bonaparte, General Dalstein, the military governor of Paris and hundreds of distinguished men and women.

Get Thirty Day's Grace.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 17.—Saloons and liquor interests affected by the recent order of the bureau of Indian affairs, extending prohibition on ceded Indian lands in Minnesota, have been given until Oct. 15 to comply with its provisions. The original date set for its enforcement was Sept. 15. The order gave rise to numerous protests, coupled with requests for its revocation or modification, and Acting Secretary Pierce of the interior department postponed the date of its operation.

The order refers to lands adjacent to the Leech Lake and White Earth reservations, forbidding the introduction of intoxicating liquors, in order to protect the Indians. The principal protests have been received from Moorread, Minn.

Shot In Street Fight.

Hot Springs, Ark., Aug. 17.—In a desperate street battle between two alleged horse thieves and several sheriff's officers here today, George Chitwood, one of the thieves was instantly killed by a deputy sheriff and Sheriff Houpe was probably fatally wounded.

Frost at Medora.

Medora, N. D., Aug. 17.—A killing frost visited this section last night, doing considerable damage to late corn and garden truck. Cool weather is predicted for tonight again.

Store Burglarized.

Jamestown, N. D., Aug. 18.—Word was received in this city Tuesday that the general store managed by J. E. Tirney at Eckelson was burglarized Monday night and cash and goods to the amount of about $100 taken.

The manager says that the store must have been entered between midnight and 5 o'clock Tuesday morning. Thirty-five dollars were missing from the cash drawer and a large quantity of razors, pocket knives and similar merchandise had disappeared.

Every effort is being made to locate the thieves, but at noon Tuesday nothing had been found.

Took Poison by Mistake.

Casselton, N. D., Aug. 18.—Wm. F. Markey of this city died suddenly near Erie at noon today, supposedly from the effects of strychnine, which he is said to have taken by mistake. He was a young man and less than a week ago took out a policy in the Independent Order of Foresters.

Earth Tremors Recorded.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 18.—The seismograph at Georgetown university recorded slight earth tremors today. They lasted thirty-four minutes. The disturbance was so slight that the location was indefinite.

AGAIN IN CONTROL

COLUMBUS, OHIO, PROTECTED FOR SECOND TIME BY STATE SOLDIERY.

FIRE MUTINOUS POLICE

No Serious Disorders Have Occurred Since Announcement of Return Was Made—Street Cars Are Now Running.

Columbus, O., Aug. 16.—The state house yard holds many tents of privates of the 1st regiment Cincinnati, O., national guard who arrived here early today on a call by Governor Harmon for strike duty. There has been little rioting or serious disorder since the announcement that the troops would return to Columbus and the street cars are running on something like schedule time.

The militia is in absolute control of the situation, although martial law has not been proclaimed. The soldiers cook their meals on the state house grounds.

Director of Public Safety McCune today formally discharged the thirty-three mutinous policemen who refused to go on the cars when ordered by Mayor Marshall. Adjutant General Weybrecht has made a request for $100,000 to cover expenses.

May Not Use Pass Books.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Postmaster General Hitchcock has received a report that the committees on organization of the postal savings bank systems are in favor of the use of certificates of deposits instead of passbooks as previously decided upon by the committee in framing its tentative plan. The system proposed contemplates a mechanical method for keeping the records of the postal savings banks which would render unnecessary a great part of the bookkeeping that would be involved in the passbook system.

Under this plan every depositor of amounts from $1 to $9 will be given a certificate punched in duplicate to show the amount of the deposit. He will be required to sign this certificate in duplicate, the postmaster retaining one of the certificates. On the back of this evidence of the deposit will be engraved interest computations showing exactly the amount of interest due at the end of any interest period.

Ballinger Defines Conservation.

Klamath Falls, Ore., Aug. 16.—In a speech at a dinner given in his honor at Eagle Ridge yesterday, Secretary of the Interior Ballinger said that fidelity and economy in the conduct of business, and common sense in the handling of the country's resources, constituted conservation.

Mr. Ballinger said in part:

"Every acre of agricultural land in the United States is bound to be needed to raise food products for our own people. The time is here in this country when we can skim the cream and ignore a system for making the best use of everything we have.

"While in the past we may have seemed wasteful, we have also been progressive. The time has now come when we have got to be economical, and we must use common sense in the handling of the resources we have. That is all there is in conservation."

Roosevelt Turned Down.

New York, Aug. 16.—Colonel Roosevelt suffered sharp defeat in his home state today, when the republican state committee by a vote of 20 to 15 rejected the resolution naming his as temporary chairman of the republican state convention to be held at Saratoga on Sept. 27.

Vice President Sherman was unanimously chosen to act as temporary presiding officer of the convention.

The "old guard" led by State Chairman Woodruff and Wm. Barnes, jr., of Albany encompassed the defeat of Colonel Roosevelt, whom several of the state leaders charged with attempting to dictate the fortunes of the republican party in the state.

Crookston Man Suicides.

Crookston, Minn., Aug. 16.—With the ceiling of his bedroom spattered with his brains and pieces of his skull driven into the ceiling and walls and scattered about the floor, the dead body of Arvid Peterson was found at his home last evening, two minutes after the report of a shot came from the house in front of which the father and wife of the dead man were standing.

It was a plain case of suicide, the shot gun with which the deed had been committed, being found at his side. He literally blew the whole top of his head off.

Few Negro Delegates.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 16.—The republican state convention will meet today to nominate a candidate for governor in opposition to Malcolm R. Patterson, the democratic nominee and to name a candidate for railroad commissioner for West Tennessee. The notable feature of the convention is the scarcity of negroes as delegates.

Struck by Lightning.

Ardoch, N. D., Aug. 16.—While driving a coal wagon, two miles south of here tonight, Clarence Vold, employed with a threshing crew, was struck by lightning, being rendered unconscious. The team which Vold was driving was killed outright.

ORDER IN COLUMBUS.

Governor Harmon Expresses Satisfaction With the Situation.

Columbus, O., Aug. 17.—Governor Harmon, expressed himself today as well pleased with the good order that has prevailed since the calling of troops in the street car strike. General Manager Stewart of the street railway company said that he maintained order long his lines last night while the cars were running without either the assistance of the national guard or the city police.

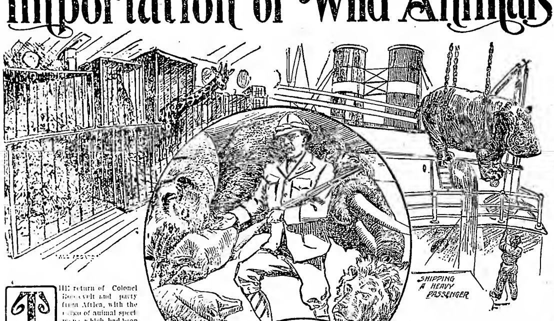
He has a force of detectives from Cleveland.

Manufactures Show Gain.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The value of the annual product of the manufacturers of Delaware, the first given out by the census bureau as the result of its investigations in connection with the thirteenth census, is $52,871,041. This is a gain of more than 28 per cent since 1904, when the value was $41,160,276.

There was a 29 per cent gain in salaries and wages of 17 per cent in the number of establishments and of almost 20 per cent in the capital employed. More than 2,000 officials and clerks and more than 21,000,000 laborers are employed.

Importation of Wild Animals


SHIPPING A HEAVY PASSENGER

CAPTURING A HERD OF WILD ELEPHANTS

THE return of Colonel Roosevelt and party from Africa, with the cargo of animal specimens which had been killed during their invasion of the jungle, caused a New York dealer in wild beasts to talk interestingly of the business in which his firm is engaged. There are nearly a dozen firms in New York city that carry on an immense business in the transportation of animals fresh from the jungle. And this number, of course, does not include such immense foreign animal firms as the Hagenbeck's. It is a paying business, as indeed, are all businesses where the demand exceeds the supply. The demand for wild beasts is far greater than the supply, and as a consequence prices are good, and the dealers men of wealth. The extent of the demand may be appreciated when one considers that most of the great cities in the United States have zoological parks or menageries, and that the animals are constantly being purchased by them. Then there are private collectors and circuses and the like, that are ever ready to pay the highest prices for desirable animals. The animal dealer who could secure and bring to this country three or four gorillas would make a small fortune. But no dealer has ever succeeded in doing this. The gorillas die in a few weeks in captivity, they could not stand an ocean trip for a [illegible]

A rusty old German liner lumbers noisily into Quarantine, and then lies motionless on the tide. An officer, with broad, red, bewhiskered face, stands at the head of the companion ladder, and he smiles a peculiar smile, as a husky screaming ululation rises from below. "The animals are getting hungry," he explains; "you know we have several hundred of them on the 'tween decks. Want to see them? All right." In another minute probably the most competent animal man in the world is at our side. He is not a trainer, or even a tamer; he is more. He is a sort of animal cook, and his special business is the personal management of wild animal tours. He receives them—lions, tigers, leopards, elephants, everything else—at Hamburg, where they have been brought fresh from their native wilds, and not only superintends their shipment aboard a vessel bound for New York, but he sails with them to make sure that they arrive safely and in good health. And to make sure that if the tiger gets off on his diet and needs a nice fresh live rabbit to tone up his system, this man will be aware of the fact almost before the tiger is—and, ergo, a nice big jumping bunny is sacrificed in accordance with the precepts of wild beast materia medica. Then, too, one can never tell just when the big boa is going to rouse from his last gorge; when he does he wants a toothsome young goat, and he wants it quick. It is a part of the animal man's duties to anticipate the boa's appetite with all possible expedition.

He is a quiet, unassuming man, with stoop shoulders and bushy whiskers, and he leads the way to the 'tween decks without a word. Perhaps the uninitiated may believe that a tour through the animal section of a freight-carrying vessel is an unimpressive experience. Well, let them try it and see! This can be said at the outset—it is somewhat different from a menagerie. It is something to come into close proximity to a hundred and odd wild animals that have been ruthlessly snatched from their lairs in Africa or Asia, or elsewhere, and clapped into little barred boxes, not as large as dry goods cases; slammed in and out of dark holes in the vessels of several lines on the way to Hamburg; then finally placed in the stygian 'tween decks of a German hooker.

The swinging cross seas of the North Atlantic have not improved their tempers, or their nervous systems, and the visitor at Quarantine is quickly impressed with that fact. The howls and whines and the barks cease abruptly as the stranger enters. For they bring the smell of land, and the great beasts sniff inquiringly, and hungrily, too.

The cages lined both sides of the gloomy space, with a little passageway between the boxes. Perhaps this passageway was three feet wide, not more. The cages were piled two and sometimes three deep. In the bottom cage, for instance, would be a tiger; in the next above a smaller animal, say, a leopard or a lynx, and above that a parrot, or a bunch of meerkats. Think of it! A three foot passageway, with ferocious animals, stretching along for 100 feet on all sides. Talk about nightmares! The reporter's hair stiffened out like so many pieces of wire, and he wished most fervently that he had not come. It was more agreeable, he felt, to see these animals in a menagerie where the cages are ample and the bars an inch thick.

"Better keep in the middle of the aisle," says one of the animal men; "these fellows sometimes reach out for you."

Words such as these, of course, hardly tended to reassure.

It really was too dark to see much. One caught a view of the cages stretching away in gloomy perspective until lost in the darkness, of rows of glowing green eyes and great teeth with the flash of red tongue writhing between. A zebra switched the reporter with his tail and he turned, only to jump almost out of his skin as an elephant touched him on the other shoulder with his trunk. He was hardly over his scare when, zip! a leopard reached out after his coat tail.

In one way this lower deck section was a good place to visit; the joy and relief in being able to leave it furnished the biggest and most absorbing sensations that this monotonous world has held for the reporter in the last few months at least.

Bartels & Co., are the largest dealers in wild beasts in this country.

"A large wild animal dealer," said our informant, "imports considerably more than a hundred large wild animals each year. For instance, our record for one year which I happen to have at hand, shows that we imported in that period 20 elephants, 35 camels, 20 tigers, 5 lions, 45 leopards, 20 pumas, 18 panthers and hundreds of birds and monkeys and small things. Cubs—lion and tiger and bear cubs—are in special demand by wealthy families. They are reared and petted like kittens, but in the end they outgrow their playfulness and the families who bought them from us are only too willing to pay us to come and take them away when they attain any sort of growth. We have received many orders for hippopotami, but the beasts are hard to capture and ninety-nine times out of a hundred they do not live through the voyage. In fact, menageries throughout the country have to depend of late years upon the progeny of the hippopotami in Central Park, New York, for specimens.

"Like all animal dealers, we maintain expert animal catchers in all parts of the world, and it is these men who fill the ships which arrive here.

The Hagenbecks have two collecting stations, one in Calcutta and the other in Aden, Arabia. From this point the animal catchers go forth and spend months in the wilds, returning to the stations with their catch. We ourselves send catchers direct from this country—at present we have men in South America, on the hot sands of Africa, in the Himalayas, and elsewhere, filling our orders. One of them was recently in Arabia on a camel hunt, two are now in the East Indies trapping tigers, and so they are spread about in places where wild beasts abide.

"Sometimes we receive an order for a large number of elephants. We telegraph this order to our catchers in the elephant country, who, after organizing the natives into a hunting band, proceed to collect the desired number. A huge inclosure is built in one of the main elephant paths, and at night when the big animals come to feed they are driven into the inclosure or keddah by means of fires and shouts and the firing of guns. Beaters on tame elephants then ride into the inclosure and rope the beasts, and in a short time they become accustomed to being led about. Elephants are naturally mild, and were this not the case they never could be captured, because of their great, hulking strength.

"The natives also captured elephants in pits, a barbarously cruel method in which more than 50 per cent. are killed by the fall. The animal catchers take tigers and lions in pits also. They dig a hole, cover it with matting and place on this matting a dead goat. At night the lion or tiger steals from his lair, sees the goat and springs upon it. The matting, of course, gives way and down into the pit goes the roaring beast. Then the catchers run up and throw nets into the pit and the struggling animal soon becomes hopelessly entangled. Nooses are then lowered into the pit and the beast is dragged out to the cage. Six out of every ten are killed in this process. Leopards and jaguars and the smaller animals are caught in traps just as mice are caught, and monkeys are also trapped. Such great beasts as the rhinoceros and the like are not captured by the animal men, but are secured from native potentates, who give them away as a mark of special esteem or barter them for brass and other trifling but showy gewgaws.

"We take comparatively few lions from the wilds now. It is cheaper to buy them in captivity. Polar, grizzly and Russian bears also are mainly bought and sold in captivity; but other wild beasts are taken in their lairs."

FOOD IN LONDON IS CHEAPER

"For many years," said a man who came back from a European tour the other day, according to an exchange, "I have been in the habit of getting into an argument with friends after my return about the prices of food in the best restaurants in New York and London. I have been contending that New York restaurants were putting up their prices all the time and some of my friends have tried to convince me that you could get a meal cheaper at the higher priced restaurants in New York than in London.

"I determined this time to collect some real data for comparison and as a result I have kept the bills of many meals I had in London. It is my intention to duplicate the meals I had over there at some of the restaurants here, item for item. I did this with one of them the other day and demonstrated that such a meal London is a lot cheaper than New York.

"Here is the bill for a luncheon I had at one of the most expensive hotels in London:

	s.	d.
Hors d'oeuvres varies	0	9
Pilaffe of sweetbreads	2	0
Asparagus	2	0
Cheese (Neufchatel)	0	6
Coffee	0	6
Beer	1	0
Totals	6	9

"Now, six shillings ninepence at $4.885 to the pound is $1.65. As for the dishes themselves they could not have been surpassed anywhere. For the hors d'oeuvres I had a dozen different dishes to select from.

"Did you ever find hors d'oeuvres varies on the bill of fare of a New York restaurant? Try it. Of course you may get them at a table d'hote, but I mean on the carte du jour of a restaurant where you pay separately for each thing you eat.

"In Paris there is a restaurant in the Avenue de l'Opera, where you can have about twenty different varieties of little fish and cold salads and appetizers for about 15 or 16 cents. It took me a long time to find this in a first-class house here, and then when I did so it was in a restaurant which is not usually considered among the most expensive in the city. Here hors d'oeuvres varies masqueraded under the title of 'buffet russe.' They charged me 50 cents for it, as against the 18 charged in the London restaurant.

"My pilaffe of sweetbreads tasted exactly like that I had in London and cost exactly the same, 50 cents. I ordered some asparagus. On the bill of fare they had asparagus with Hollandaise sauce for 40 cents, but I wanted it cold, with French dressing. They did not tell me it would be any more, but for it they charged me 70 cents. For the Neufchatel cheese they charged 20 cents and for the coffee 15. The robbery came on the beer.

"In London if you want a little pitcher of beer they serve you an excellent brew of Pilsener or Wurzburger in a little sealed vessel holding a pint for a shilling. I asked the waiter to bring me a small pitcher of beer on draught, knowing they did not serve the beer as in London. He brought me a pitcher and charged me 70 cents for it.

"Now my bill came to $2.65, or exactly $1 more than the same food and drink had cost me in London. I gave the New York waiter a quarter and he scarcely nodded. I gave the London waiter sixpence and he thanked me so that I could hear him."

CONDITION PRECEDENT.

"The religion of some people is too lenient," said Bishop Heslin in a recent address in Nantucket.

"Some people suggest to me, in their view of religion, a little girl whose teacher said to her:

"'Mary, what must we do first before we can expect forgiveness for our sins?'

"'We must sin first,' the little girl answered.—Nashville Banner.

UNFASHIONABLE EVENT.

Among other events, we shall have a sack race for ladies. Professionals barred.

"What do you mean by professionals?"

"Those who have been wearing tube gowns."—Answers.

TO RAISE FINEST FURS

Project to Keep $14,000,000 From Going Abroad.

Dr. C. C. Young Imports Flock of Karakule Sheep and Describes Success of Crossing Them With American Breeds.

Chicago.—A project designed to keep in the United States the $14,000,000 now going abroad annually for the Astrakhan, Persian broadtail and krimmer furs so fashionable among wealthy Americans has been launched by Dr. C. C. Young, a former Chicago physician, now commissioner of agriculture for the State of Coahuila, Mexico.

It is the breeding of Karakule sheep, the basis of all the fine furs that come from Persia and other portions of Central Asia. He has succeeded in bringing to America after great expense and much trouble, on account of the rigid laws forbidding the importation of Asiatic sheep because of the danger of importing with them Asiatic diseases, a flock of full-blood Karakules and has begun the crossing of them with American sheep at his ranch at Menor, Coahuila.

Dr. Young was born in Bessarabia, a province of south Russia, and there was familiar as a boy with the Karakule sheep which produce the beautiful furs, although he then never saw a full-blood Karakule. He came to America when sixteen years old, took up the study of medicine, was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1901, and was for a time on the advisory staff of the Cook County hospital.

When the throat infection for which he is now receiving treatment made it imperative that he give up his practice in Chicago and live an outdoor life in a southern climate his mind reverted to the Karakule sheep and he decided to occupy his time with them. He finally surmounted the difficulties in the way of importing the sheep, and he now has a growing flock of them on his Mexican ranch. Recently he described enthusiastically the proportions to which the business may grow in the United States.

"The Karakule sheep are the basis of all these fine furs," said Dr. Young, "and the value of the fur depends upon the percentage of Karakule in it. Crossing the Karakule with the common scrub sheep of Persia, we get the Persian broadtail. Crossing it with the Astrakhan long-haired sheep we get Astrakhan, and crossing it with the common merino sheep of the Crimea we get the krimmer fur.

"These sheep, however, are vastly inferior to the sheep of the United States, and I decided that by crossing the Karakule sheep with various breeds of American sheep I would get even better fur that, produced in the United States, would be marketable at a profit at a far lower price than is paid for the Persian furs. My experiments so far have more than justified this conclusion."

Dr. Young exhibited some of the pelts he has taken from the lambs resulting from the crosses between the American sheep and the imported Karakules. The crosses between the Lincolnshire and Shropshire and the Karakule have given a fur that is of a far finer texture and much more beautiful luster than the imported furs.

SNAKES IN SPORTING CLASS

Pennsylvania Reptiles Make Good at Fishing Trout—Also Attack Farmer's Pigs.

Altoona, Pa.—Two recent incidents prove the Blair county snake to be in the sporting class, though not always quite lucky in his hunting and fishing experiences.

Before returning to the city from his summer home at Royer, Postmaster George Fox of this city went down to Piney creek to look for trout.

As Fox was crossing the bridge he heard a commotion at the water's edge and, looking down, saw a water snake trying to swallow a seven-inch trout. Procuring his landing net, for he is a skilled fisherman, Fox, assisted by George D. Cook, a Harrisburg merchant, who has been his guest for several days, landed both the snake and the trout. The snake never let go of the trout until a cudgel landed on its neck. The trout later made a nice meal for an Altoona friend.

Only the day before an Altoona railroader discovered the same snake, an old inhabitant of the pool, devouring trout, but the reptile got away. Its chief diet for a long time has been trout, it being an adept at catching them.

Hearing a pig emitting unearthly squeals, Harry Jones, a farmer, near Ebensburg, hastened to his pig stys and was astounded to find one of his pigs encircled by a blacksnake and slowly being squeezed to death. Jones grabbed up a rake and killed the reptile, which measured six feet four inches in length, four inches in diameter and 12 inches in circumference.

There is always a lot of bluff and bluster about a soda fountain that doesn't really mean anything.

CATS SLAUGHTER GAME BIRDS

Semi-Wild Animals Become Serious Menace in Oregon—Plan for Extermination.

Marshfield, Ore.—Calvin Wright, one of Coos county's game wardens, gives it as his opinion that the worst enemy of the game birds in this locality is the house cat which has become wild. Mr. Wright has just returned from an extensive trip up and down the coast country, and he declares that the cats are doing away with the game birds.

Coos county is a great place for cats, both in the cities and the country districts, and they have increased with such rapidity that there are not homes sufficient for all of them. As a consequence the cats have become wild and run in the woods. Mr. Wright says that the increase of these semi-wild animals in the woods is much greater than would be imagined. He says that the cats not only break up the nests and kill or drive away the old birds, but that they devour scores of the young before they are able to protect themselves.

So great has become the menace that Deputy Wright will take up the cat matter with State Game Warden Stephenson and will advocate the paying of a bounty for the killing of cats which are not properly confined.

Chicago is an Indian word—Cheecaquo, a wild onion, wild onions having grown profusely on the river banks.

HOW TO KEEP BUTTER PURE.

London Firm Sells Microbes to Be Introduced Into Cream to Kill Decay Germs.

London.—Inoculated butter—guaranteed to keep fresh for months—into which millions of beneficial bacteria have been introduced for the purpose of preserving it, will be in common use in the near future, and the part hitherto played by boric acid in butter will henceforward be played by the active microbe.

The production of these preservative micro-organisms is the object of a new company, which has recently opened its offices at Cricklewood, and here large laboratories are being installed for the purpose of raising millions of billions of bacteria for use in the dairies of the world.

The manager of the new company said that the discovery of the preservative microbe was the result of years of scientific research.

"Its object," he said, "is to fight other microbes that are found in butter which have a harmful effect upon it—that of turning it rancid. The only way of combating these germs has hitherto been by the use of preservative chemicals, which are harmful adulterants.

"But now my firm has succeeded in finding an antidote germ to the harmful one, and by introducing it into the milk before churning butter is made which will keep fresh and pure for a long time.

"The inoculation of the milk has the effect, broadly speaking, of setting up a fight between the opposing armies of germs and the bad ones, that would destroy the freshness of the butter, are destroyed by the harmless ones which are introduced."

The microbes are sold in the form of a clear liquid, in small bottles, which is added to buttermilk and prepared in a certain way before use. When the preparation is ready one gallon of it is added to every 20 gallons of cream in the butter churn, the rest of the butter making process proceeding in the usual way.

The prices of the cultures used in these processes vary from 75 cents to $2.50 a bottle, and full instructions to dairymen are issued with each consignment. The cultures are equally effective in margarine.

King Inherits Old Shirt.

London.—Some queer royal relics have been brought to light at Windsor castle. Preparations are being made for the addition to the royal library of some exhibition cases for the display of these objects of historic interest. Among the collection is the baby linen used by Charles I. and the lace shirt the ill-fated monarch wore on the day of his execution in Whitehall as an extra garment because of the cold.

HONORS FOR PRESIDENT-ELECT OF BRAZIL

MARSHAL HERMES DA FONSECA, PRESIDENT-ELECT OF BRAZIL.

THE PALACE OF THE PRESIDENT, RIO DE JANEIRO.

WASHINGTON.—Hermes da Fonseca, president elect of Brazil, landed in New York on August 3, and the elaborate plans for his entertainment during the month he will spend in this country, are being carried out. Charge Silva of the Brazilian embassy arranged for his presentation to President Taft at Beverly, and immediately after that formality the distinguished visitor went to Valley Forge, Pa., to meet Secretary Knox. Later Gen. da Fonseca, who is an accomplished soldier, was taken to West Point and Annapolis to inspect the academies there.

SPOONING IN PUBLIC PARKS.

Adam and Eve Made Love in Eden, Therefore Their Children Should Do the Same.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Public courtship was upheld in the pulpit by Rev. G. L. Morril, pastor of the People's church. This was in answer to a popular appeal made to the city authorities to stop "spooning in the parks."

"Adam and Eve were placed in Eden to spoon, and their children have been at it ever since. Mingling winds, nodding flowers, hills that kiss the skies, creeks that mingle with rivers, and waves that clasp each other, are but a commentary on Solomon's words that 'two are better than one,'" said he.

"The rich have palatial parlors or private parks in which to make love, or they go to ocean or mountain by auto, train or ship, where they plan marriages that often end in divorce and death.

"The poor walk or go in street cars to parks and lakes, where they read books of nature and learn lessons of repose, cheer, humility, economy and beneficence, then meet and mate and make happy marriages and home. Lovemaking, which is proper in the home or parlor, is just as proper in a public park. What is wrong is wrong everywhere, in public or private."

WOULD DATE ALL HEN'S EGGS

Colorado Legislature to Be Asked to Enact Such Law at Next Regular Session.

Denver, Col.—At the next regular session of the state legislature a bill will be introduced to compel farmers to stamp eggs offered for sale with their names and the dates they are laid. The bill will be introduced by Harvey E. Garman from Denver county.

The object of the law, Mr. Garman says, is to enable the purchaser to tell just how fresh an egg is when he buys it. This will be a public benefaction, he thinks, as most of the people who come to Colorado for their health depend upon fresh eggs.

"It is not an easy thing to purchase eggs that are fresh," said Mr. Garman the other day, commenting on the proposed law. "And the consumptive seeking health knows this better than anyone else. The grocer always has on hand what he calls 'fresh' eggs, 'seconds' and 'cracks,' and some grocers have been known to keep in stock eggs which on their books are marked 'rots.' The eggs marked 'fresh' mean nothing more than that the eggs are the freshest the grocer happens to have on hand."

Odd Hard Times Tale.

Norfolk, Va.—Forty-five per cent. of the Irish potato crop in the large trucking belt adjacent to Norfolk is still in the ground and farmers say will for the most part have to rot unless present low prices in the northern markets improve so as to justify digging and shipping. The immediate outlook is for a disastrous year to the truckers hereabouts.

Hats On or Off in Church

Public Advised to Exercise Patience Until the Day of CartWheel Headgear Is No More.

Press and pulpit are still harping on the one string in the fruitless effort to diminish the size of women's hats, in other words, to regulate the fashions in women's headgear. Male correspondents are also having their innings in the endeavor to solve the knotty problem of persuading the fair sex not to follow style, but to follow man's idea of what the women of the country ought to wear. These combined efforts, however, will have as much effect upon womankind as Mrs. Partington's endeavor to keep back the ocean with a broom. Fashion rules supreme, her votaries are legion, and will follow her dictates, whether it be large hats or small hats, switches, coronets, puffs, "rats" or curls. The masculine gender might as well hold its peace. It will do the world no good to rail about women's hats; women will have their own way in this matter, let public and press scold as it will. One clergyman was foolish enough to state for publication that "big hats were a hindrance to the salvation of souls." Let him bar his paws to the fashions of the day in women's gear and he will have very few souls to his credit. The only sensible remark made by a clergyman on the subject is attributed to a New York divine who said women may wear hats as large as they desire in his church, "if necessary a woman may have a whole pew to herself." Exercise a little patience, friends, the styles will shortly change, when small hats and big sleeves will return to bother us.—Millinery Trade Review.

The Test.

"Doctor, my wife has lost her voice What can I do about it?"

"Try getting home late some night."

Not a Drop of Alcohol

What is a "tonic"? A medicine that increases the strength or tone of the whole system. What is an "alterative"? A medicine that alters or changes unhealthy action to healthy action. Name the best "tonic and alterative"? Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. Ask your own doctor all about it. Never take a medicine doctors cannot endorse. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Without daily action of the bowels poisonous products must be absorbed. Then you have impure blood, biliousness, headache. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills for constipation.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] KING. C. B. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Entries closed last night and the primary race is on.

Even in Minnesota there is alarm in certain political quarters as to the direction Teddy's "big stick" will swing.

As the campaign waxes it seems inevitable that Speaker Cannon will be obliged to promise not to vote for himself.

Ed Smith would probably like to know whether the conservation congress is charged with soda water or dynamite.

The state fair, the conservation congress, President Taft and Teddy are to be at St. Paul next week. It will be a busy occasion for the state of Minnesota.

It is almost impossible for the governor of Minnesota to get a letter delivered to the mayor of St. Paul. The postal inspection depatment should be called to the rescue.

Bob Dunn calls attention to the fact that if the state tax levy as recommended by Governor Eberhart "the average tax-payer will reap small benefit, while the steel trust will save about $125,000."

The next meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association will be held in December. Election will be over, and the politicians can afford to give the real friends of state development a chance to be heard.

The Alexandria Post News has discovered that Frank Day is holding back John Lind's refusal in order to prevent the county optionists from putting a candidate for governor in the field. It is hard to follow the P-N's reasoning, since that paper has said that Governor Eberhart will get all of the county option votes anyway.

President Taft informs the people, through the medium of an open letter, that the tariff was recently revised with a view to the prevention of monopoly. In other words the Payne-Aldrich bill is a direct slap at the rubber trust, the woolen trust and the steel trust. How strange that these facts did not become known until this late day!

A modern dude with narrow striped clothes, saddle colored shoes, a loud necktie, hair parted over his nose and smoking a cigarette addressed his girl thus: "If you was me and i was you, what would you do?" She hesitantly smiled and said: "I would take off that hideous tie, put that cigarette in the stove, part my hair on one side, then pray to God for brains."

The merchant who spends money to advertise his business and town is deserving of much consideration and patronage by the people, and is always the store that saves the purchasers money. The advertiser not only boosts his town, by selling goods at right prices, but without exception is a liberal, progressive citizen of his town and community.

Uncle Sam is about to economize time and expenses in the issuance of a new form of money order. The new order will include the receipt for the sender and a detachable coupon to be retained by the postmaster of the receiving office, thus doing away with the sending of an advice in a separate envelope. The new blank will go into effect as soon as the present supplies of the old blanks are exhausted.

An exchange says they have invented a new kind of social amusement. It is called an avendupois party. All the girls are weighed, and the weight of each written on a piece of paper and put into a hat, and the young men must draw. The young man must go to supper with the girl whose weight he draws, and must pay for her supper at one half cent per pound. It is a case of where a girl is expected to be worth her weight in copper.

One of these day the towns in northern Minnesota will learn that they cannot obtain or hold manufacturing enterprises so long as freight rates are made with the sole object of giving to St. Paul and Minneapolis the advantage. Minnesota has but one large manufacturing center outside of the twin cities, and the natural advantage of water rates has made Duluth's position impregnable. A distance tariff is the only measure that will save the country towns. It is time that commercial clubs and boards of trade realized this fact.

A man down south convicted of stealing a cargo of hides was released by the higher courts because the indictment didn't say whether they were horse, cow or goat hides. Had that point failed the defense, we suppose, might have still saved the day on the plea that the indictment did not say whether the stealing was done with the right hand or the left, says the Winona Independent. Or whether he was a blonde or a brunette; or whether his eyes were blue, brown, gray or black.

James T. McCleary, who still has a hankering to again break into congress is out with an attack on John Lind claiming that he is seeking the presidency of the University of Minnesota. The story is being ridiculed from one end of the state to the other and is probably the worst "break" that McCleary ever made, says the St. Cloud Times. A few more such stories as that from prominent Republican politicians and there will be no question as to John Lind accepting the Democratic nomination for governor and plenty of fireworks in the campaign.

The Minnesota Experiment Station agrees with Prof. E. K. Slater, that when a dairy cow is utilized as a market for Minnesota grain, cheese factories and creameries will be abundant and contribute their full share to the prosperity and the wealth of Minnesota; that the farmers will learn to co-operate and work together for each other's mutual advantage in creamery building, in stock breeding, in marketing farm products and in buying farm supplies. When stock is the farmer's grain market, "the little brass kettle" will not affect the price; the farmer will have less stuff to haul to market over poor roads and have profitable trips to town.

It is announced that the state tax levy will be reduced one half mill, and charges are freely made that the plan was favored, it not suggested, by the steel trust and other large corporations. To the average taxpayer the reduction means little, but to the steel trust it represents an item of at least one hundred thousand dollars, says the St. Peter Herald. While Governor Johnson was in office the assessed valuation on mining property on the iron range was increased three-fold, but the first republican administration to take office destroys the effects of that work by decreasing the rate. Plainly, the state has need of a few men of force and character, like "Honest" John Lind.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Coleraine Optic: Time was not far back when the boodler was called a statesman, or, at worst, a shrewd politician. It is to the great advantage of this country that he is now known by his right name.

Northome News: The daily papers say that Lind is "undecided." That means Frank Day has got things coming his way and that Lind will accept in the end.

Walker Pilot: There appears to be too many Luther Burbanks in congress, as far as professional grafting is concerned.

Mankato Free Press: Theodore Roosevelt as publicity agent for the railroads in these United States. This is the latest piece of interesting news that has been wired from Washington. It is said that if the colonel will but signify his willingness to accept the position he can fix the size of his salary. The heads of the transportation lines recognize the bald fact that the former president is a past muster at publicity.

Perham Enterprise: There were over $4,000,000 in the state treasury when the treasurer's books were balanced last month, yet the state will be borrowing money to meet expenses before the first of the next year.

Shevlin Herald: The farmer who owns a farm in Clearwater county is the particular person who is well fixed. Banks may fail and factories close, workmen strike and mines suspend, merchants fail and cities burn, times may be panicky and even crops may be short—but the farmer who owns his acres will get along. He will live in comfort and quiet, and plenty to eat, drink and wear, and nothing to worry about. Yet there are lots of them here in this Clearwater soil who do not appreciate their situation.

Brainerd Dispatch: Potatoes are climbing up the ladder along with other necessaries of life, and the man with a good crop of tubers this fall will be able to wear diamonds or take a trip abroad.

Stillwater Gazette: The northern Minnesota Development association, with headquarters at Bemidji, is in the game, which, if carried to a successful termination, means prosperity for our state.

Foley Independent: Now is the time to go after the various legislative candidates to find out how they stand upon reapportionment. After the primaries it will be too late.

Ortonville Herald-Star: When our state university established a chair of good roads the despised office of highway overseer, or road boss, will take on new dignity and importance.

DISCOUNTS ON SUITS

From $3 to $8 off as long as the fall and winter samples last.

L. E. Ericson, The Tailor

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A strait-jacket is the best aid to self-control for most people.

A girl will refuse a man and still want to hold an option on him.

A man will seem to run faster and longer after a public job than after salvation.

When a girl takes her mother's advice against a man, it's a sign she doesn't like him anyhow.

The less a success a man makes with his business the madder he gets with his family for thinking so.

MORE ABOUT CONSERVATION CONGRESS

Continued From Page 1.

Possibly he may learn later that the ring isn't fastened as securely in their noses as he thinks.

Exploiting National Attractions.

Secretary Cosgrove appears to have arrived at the conclusion that he has added Taft and Roosevelt to the attractions of the state fair pike, and is already posting his barkers as to the talk put up to separate the country jakes from their coin. Taft and Roosevelt as the program is laid out, are to be at the fair grounds one afternoon during fair week. The program is to have a barker drive them around through the grounds to excite public curiosity, at the same time announcing that in a few minutes these star attractions will be in front of the grand stand to do a stunt at spellbinding. "The only chance you will ever have," the barker will announce, to see a real live president and a live ex-president in action, step up to the box office, ladies and gentlemen, and buy your tickets for the grand stand. Only 25 cents for the geatest show on earth. You can't afford to miss it", and so on. No wonder with such management Minnesota's fair leads the world as a money getter.

Tawney's Troubles.

Naturally the First District is holding its breath to catch what words may fall from Roosevelt's mouth. Roosevelt, it will be remembered, talked right out about Tawney in one of his messages and in the subsequent controversy handed him a ticket of membership to the Ananias club. Tawney retorted in effect by saying, "You're another." Subsequently Tawney brought libel suit against an Albert Lea paper, one of the points at issue being whether Roosevelt had misquoted him. To ad to the causes of friction it may be said that Tawney first cut off supplies upon which Roosevelt relied to hunt out public malefactors of wealth, and later he added to his aggravations by defeatnig the appropriation upon which the Forrestry service relied to keep the public informed about what was doing in the way of national conservation. As a result of all this what Roosevelt thinks about Tawney wouldn't look well in print, and what Tawney thinks about Roosevelt is usually couched in language which does not admit of publication. The question is: When Roosevelt comes to Minnesota and finds that a partizan of him and his policies is putting his own fight against Tawney, is he going to give him a word of encouragement? Or will Roosevelt emulate Clapp's example and let the progressives fight their own battles. At any rate if he dips in we may look to see the fur fly, and Tawney's friends are naturally on the anxious seat.

A Political Falstaff.

By the way, it's funny about Clapp, such a bold insurgent as he professes to be. Think of him supporting Tawney who is recognized in Washington as being one of the main stays of the reactionary ring. Then there's Lindbergh. Lindbergh has his work cut out for him. There isn't a reactionary politician in his district who isn't after him with a sharp stick and boosting McGarry. I am told that McGarry has countenance and substantial aid from more exalted and more powerful quarters. Lindbergh is fighting his battles alone. The congressional machine has given him the cold shoulder. Now one would think that seeing an insurgent colleague in such sore straits, so bold and fierce a Progressive as Moses Clapp would rush into the fray and lay about him lustily in defence of the good cause of which Lindbergh was the most prominent congressional exponent in the state. Not a bit of it. Clapp, who goes out of his way to boost Tawney, crawls into his hole when Lindbergh's fight calls loudly for his aid. Queer, isn't it? What's the matter with Clapp anyway? Who has cowed the bold spirit of the Black Eagle of Fergus Falls?

Ed. At His Crooked Tricks.

Ed. Smith, it appears, has already given the people of the state a sample of the style of "clean campaign" which he and Eberhart have evolved. He got some one out in the country to write to Frank Day a letter as from a friend of his on the Democratic situation. Of course Mr. Day answered in the same spirit talking candidly as to a friend. Then Ed. got the letter; got copies of it made and published simultaneously where he thought it would do the most good. Mr. Day it appears said something to the effect that the people were getting almighty tired of parties putting up Scandinavian candidates to catch the Scandinavian vote. With that Ed. thinks to work on Scandinavian prejudice and boost the prospects of the Republican Scandinavian candidate for governor. Now isn't that statesmanship for you? Of course Ed. knows how to run a campaign.

Telling a Wholesome Truth.

But what if Mr. Day did say that the people were getting tired of this Scandinavian business. Aren't they? When a man is nominated for governor who has no other recommendations, isn't it time? And if it's so, what's the harm in saying it's so? The fact is that it's high time that some one who would be listened to said precisely the thing Frank Day said. This trading on one's nationality is gone quite far enough, and the man does voters who are Americans before they are Scandinavians a service and without doubt reflects their sentiments.

The Doll of the Party Holders.

I met a party of gentlemen the other day who were debating which of the two—Taft or Roosevelt—would receive the greatest ovation when they spoke before a Minnesota audience. The majority of them were state capitol officials. I don't remember exactly how I put it off when they asked me, but I am ready now to venture the assertion that if the greater applause is apportioned according to the wishes and plans of the state capitol crowd, it will without question go to Taft.

—PAUL PRY.

She Didn't Weaken.

The desperate boarder vowed that the next time his landlady set before him a breakfast that a flea would get thin on he would make her so ashamed of herself that she would be driven to give him enough to eat out of self respect. His chance came the morning after he had registered his oath. He hastily swallowed the scant rations set before him, then telephoned to a restaurant for a breakfast of ham and eggs, wheat cakes and coffee. When the meal arrived he dispatched it hungrily. The landlady watched him with evident uneasiness, but made no comment.

The next morning the desperate boarder approached the dining room expectantly. He wondered what the landlady would do. He soon found out. The same old light breakfast was brought in from the kitchen.

"Have you had enough?" the landlady asked when he had finished.

"Indeed I haven't," said the desperate boarder.

She stepped to the telephone and called up the restaurant.

"Mr. Brown is ready for his extra breakfast of ham and eggs and coffee," she said.—New York Times.

Deeds That Bless the Doer.

Mere life is vile. I may have done
Deeds not unworthy and have won
Unwilling fame, though all men blame
This heart's unrest which makes me shun
The calm content that good men take
From good deeds done for the good deeds
sake.
Deeds that in doing of the deed
Do bless the doer, who should need
No bliss beyond. But what to me
Is this—that over land and sea
My name should fly? Or what care I,
For the mere sake of climbing high,
To climb forever steps that wind
Up empty towers?

—Owen Meredith.

Forrest's Wonderful Power.

An effeminate young man, an intense admirer of Forrest, enlisted among the supers so as to be nearer his idol. At the end of Forrest's most effective speech, then on, the new actor was so overcome that he fainted. The incident so pleased the "old man" that he called him to his dressing room, where, after a few remarks, he presented him with a dollar as a memento of the occasion. On rejoining his fellow supers, five in number, the happy recipient spoke of his good fortune, dilating upon the cause thereof. At the next performance Forrest kept his eye on him to see if he could again so overcome him as to cause him to faint. When he reached the scene and climax his astonishment can be imagined when six of the supers fell over in a dead faint.

A MEMENTO OF THE OCCASION.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For State Senator.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for senator for the 61st District, unequivocally endorsing the platform adopted by the Republican Convention, June 21st, 1910, and pledge my vote and best effort to legislation that will re-apportion the state justly and fairly and effectively on or before January 1st, 1912, and without regard to the term of office for which I may be elected, should I be the choice of the Republicans of this District and be elected in the General Election in November next.—ALBERT BERG, Spooner, Minnesota.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Red Lake county and solicit your support and your vote at the primary election to be held September 20, 1910.—G. G. KINDSETH.

For Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county, and respectfully solicit the support of all. If nominated and elected I will at all times do my duty.

—CHARLES J. FELLMAN.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for county treasurer of Red Lake county and respectfully solicit the support and votes of all who believe that I will, if nominated and elected, run the office in an honest, efficient and economical manner.

If elected I hereby pledge that I will run the office to the best of my ability in an impartial and businesslike manner

A the Republicain Primaries Sept. 20th, 1910.

HARRY E. IVES.

For Representative.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination as a member of the house of representatives from the 61st legislative district which comprises the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to use all efforts to secure the redistricting of the state, a one mill tax for good roads, a liberal appropriation to advertise the resources of Minnesota, and a county option law.

D. P. O'NEILL.

For Representative.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Republican nomination for member of the house of Representatives from the 61st legislative district, comprising the counties of Red Lake, Clearwater and Beltrami. If nominated and elected I will use all honorable means to secure a just reapportionment of the state, a one mill tax for road purposes will receive my support and I will work for the needs of northern Minnesota as enumerated in Resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association.—IVER A. KROHN.

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DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured. Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

No Use For It.

A Washington man took his little boy to church one Sunday morning. A missionary preached, telling about the nude heathen in the tropics, and after the sermon a missionary collection was taken up.

The little boy noticed that his father put in a suspender button.

He said to his father on the way home:

"Didn't I understand the preacher to say that those savages went naked, father?"

"Yes, my son," was the reply. "I'm glad to find you were so attentive."

"Then, father," said the boy, "why did you put a button in the plate?"

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Sometime ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

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SIX BIG DAYS
SEPT. 5TH TO 10TH 1910
$60,000 IN PREMIUMS
$30,000 RACING PROGRAM
LIBERAL ARTS EXHIBIT IN THE NEW GRANDSTAND AND EXPOSITION BUILDING
MILLER BROS. 101 RANCH WILD WEST
500 PEOPLE AND HORSES
INCREASED CATTLE EXHIBITS
DAILY FLIGHTS OF WRIGHT BROS. & CURTISS AEROPLANES
ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, FLORICULTURAL & INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITS
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...MINNESOTA...
State Fair
Hamline, September 5-10

Nat'l Conservation Congress
St. Paul, September 6-7-8

Plan to attend both. Minnesota's State Fair has a national reputation of being one of the greatest attractions of its kind held in the United States and the Hamline grounds are nowhere surpassed in any feature. The Conservation Congress being a national movement for the preservation of our resources, the subject is of vital importance to every one. President Taft, Ex-President Roosevelt and many other prominent men will speak. The combination of two so important events affords an exceptional opportunity, that will provide attractions for all. Fix the dates and plan to go. You will profit. Several trains daily, going and coming.

NORTHERN PACIFIC
YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

A. C. COWLES, Agent.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Northern Pacific Ry.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Wilton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real estate, situate in the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section two, the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section three, the east one half of the northeast quarter of section nine, the southeast quarter of section nine, the south one half of section ten, the west one half of the west one half of section eleven, the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section eleven, the north one half of section fifteen, and the north one half of the south one half of section fifteen, all in township one hundred fifty two, north range forty three, west of the fifth principal meridian and containing thirteen hundred twenty acres according to government survey.

Which said mortgage bears date July 7, 1904, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake county, July 15, 1904, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in Book 14 of Mortgages at page [illegible], and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of seventeen thousand forty-two dollars and sixty-five cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the sheriff of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, in the state of Minnesota, on Friday September 23, 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the cost of foreclosure thereof including an attorney's fee of two hundred dollars therein provided for in case of foreclosure thereof.

Dated August 11, 1910.

PETER KIENE,
Mortgagee.

James F. Markham,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
1019 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. a11 s15

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

State of Minnesota, } In Probate Court.
County of Red Lake. }

In the Matter of the Estate of Monika Kaufer, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Henry L. Kaufer, Louis A. Kaufer, Bernie Zeh, Emma E. Krost, and Phil. A. Kaufer, all persons interested in the determination of the descent of the real estate of said decedent. The Petition of Louis A. Kaufer having been filed in this Court, representing that said decedent died more than five years prior to the filing thereof, leaving certain real estate in said petition described, and that no will of decedent has been proved nor administration of said estate granted in this State, and praying that the descent of said real estate be determined by this Court.

Therefore, You, and Each of You, Are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of September, 1910, at 9:00 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the Seal thereof, this 24th day of August A. D. 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner.
(Court Seal.) a25 s8

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 17th day of September, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 49 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date July 9th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and then thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "311" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 31,931.0 cubic yards and from stations "0" to stations "210" of the Branch ditch, both inclusive, with a yardage of 42,194.0 cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth, the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a uniform grade, in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work: said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bill will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimated cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimate and profile are on file and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of each ditch is as follows. The excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated, at an estimated cost of Seven Thousand Four Hundred twelve & 50-100 ($7412.50) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $10,162.50 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 6th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) a25-s8

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Broin and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 48.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 48.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:

MAIN DITCH.

Said ditch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty-two (152), ranges thirty-nine (39), forty (40) and forty-one (41), commencing at the boundary line between Red Lake and Clearwater counties between sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), township one hundred fifty-two (152) range thirty-nine (39), thence running due west parallel with and twenty two (22) feet north of the section line between sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), twenty-three (23) and twenty-six (26), twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27), twenty-one (21), and twenty-eight (28), twenty (20) and twenty-nine (29), and nineteen (19) and thirty (30) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), twenty-three (23) and twenty-six (26), twenty-two (22) and twenty-seven (27), twenty-one (21) and twenty-eight (28), twenty (20) and twenty-nine (29) and sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30), township one hundred fifty-two (152) range forty (40) thence extending due west parallel with and twenty-two (22) feet north of the section line between sections twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), twenty-three (23) and twenty-six (26), twenty two (22) and twenty-seven (27) and sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-eight (28) to a point twenty-two (22) feet north and twenty-two (22) feet east of the south west corner of section twenty-one (21) township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty-one (41), thence due south parallel with and twenty-two (22) feet east of the section line between sections twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29) a distance of thirty-four hundred and twenty-two (3422) feet to the Clearwater river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH DITCH.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) range forty (40), commencing at a point twenty-two (22) feet north of the quarter corner between sections fourteen (14) and twenty-three (23), thence due west parallel with and twenty-two (22) feet north of the section line between sections fourteen (14) and twenty-three (23), fifteen (15) and twenty-two (22), and sections sixteen (16) and twenty-one (21) to a point twenty-two (22) feet north and twenty-two (22) feet east of the south-west corner of section sixteen (16), thence due south parallel with and twenty-two (22) feet east of the section line between sections twenty (20) and twenty-one (21) to a point twenty-two (22) feet north and twenty-two (22) feet east of the south west corner of section twenty-one (21) where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in ditch number forty-eight (48,) as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Maret O. Hennein, Louis H. Larson, Tonnes Ammundson, Haaken R. Berg, Ignac Kolski, Sivert Sater, Quam & Gassedelen, Julius Olson, A. Korthof, John I. Ellingboe, Karen Skara, Levor A. Bjella, Nils O. Rieson, John O. Larson, Gilbert Tasa, Iver Johnson, Thomas A. Tasa, Otto L. Dahl, Iver A. Tasa, Frank Enderle, Peder E. Bjorkly, Thomas O. Homme, Knut J. Tasa, Torger T. Elton, Martin Ashjornson, James Peacock, John K. Halvorson, Knut K. Husa, Gunil K. Halvorson, Halvor K. Halvorson, Martha L. Halvorson, Ole Hendrom, Martin Hegstad, Edward Kolski, Henry Rowald, Walenty Wajnarowski, Andrew A. Brovold, August A. Lillo, Knud E. Syversrud, George Singer, William J. Polhrook, Enga Pederson, Wilson L. Rodman, Edward Singer, John Olson, Anon Knutson, Lewis M. Lunde, Horman J. Lillo, Jens Sneland, Oscar A. Lundberg, Sarah Legvold, Maaren Iverson, Aslak Thompson, Omond S. Lunden, Torger M. Mandt, Martin Oilbertson, Ounder O. Longrak, Martin Gilbertson, Oscar Nesland, Peter Milne, Annond K. Brioland, Albert Hanson, Jernnad K. Rystad, Eyvind Schjoldrup, Charles G. Sall, Willim M. Erb, Christian O. Lindberg, R. H. Green, B. T. Langley, Bernhard Lindberg, Wm. R. Olson, Cou Short, Swan Larson, Rasmus Nilson Fore, Louis A. Kaufer, Sigrud Krostne, Daniel E. Aakhus, Seymour Iverson, Peter F. Loesch, O. L. Chester, Soren C. Jensen, Aslak Tveteksa, Steen Tveteken, F. O. Gustafson, Ole M. Bukke, Osten O. Slotte, Edward Anderson, Iver J. Twedt, Franz Schmidt, Nic Nelson, Louis Anderson, John A. Larson, L. K. Moon, Unni Steenerson, et al., Gunnar B. Rystad, First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Peder Johnson, Sever Maaren, Christ Knudson, Daniel J. Hello, Township of Hickory, Township of Deer Park, Township of Mayfield and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by the said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor. And that, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 9th day of September, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) a18-s1

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Sam S. Huseby and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 54.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 54.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:

Main Ditch—Said ditch is located wholly within the townships one hundred fifty-three (153) and one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-two (42), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the section corner between sections nine (9) ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), township 154, range 42, thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) and sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the section corner on the town line between sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154) range 42, and sections three (3) and four (4) township one hundred fifty-three (153), range 42, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between said sections three (3) and four (4) and sections nine (9) and ten (10) to the Red Lake river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Description of Branch Ditch.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty-two (42), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section two (2), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections two (2) and three (3) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between sections two (2), three (3), ten (10) and eleven (11), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections three (3) and ten (10) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between sections three (3) and four (4), nine (9) and ten (10), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in ditch No. 54, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McCormick, Bert A. Gordon, Samuel Dangerfield, Carlus H. Brown, Martin J. Bragstad, O. C. Hanson, Carl Moen, Frank Chipera, Anne H. Moe, Sam S. Huseby, Andrew Carlson, Hans C. Sorenson, Rudolph Sebek, Rasmus A. Gunsen, Tom H. Omlid, Esther C. Hoaglund, Ole J. Nomland, Andrew N. Ness, Henry Schindler, Paul Heinen, John Ullstad, Clement Sebek, Andro Breznay, Mat Staska, John T. Coan, Walter H. Quiat, Nils O. Buringrud, Carrie Baner, Halvor Hjelden, Oliver Gunderson, George M. Gunderson, Sven D. Roysland, Andrew Furseth, Martin Quist, Oskar Ostrem, John J. Hegerness, Ole Omundson, et. al., Lars Matson, Karl Beiswinger, Henry H. Hanson, Andrew Peterson, Cornelius H. Helland, W. J. Helland, Charles Fisher, Frank Fisher, Sveno Johason, Vincent D. Cliff, Alfred Alfred C. Danielson, Solomon C. Danielson, Krist Larson, Albert J. Narum, Anna Bolstad, Ole O. Bolstad, Township of Silverton, Township of Smiley and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And, That, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 16th day of September, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) a25-s8

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is the only emulsion imitated. The reason is plain—it's the best. Insist upon having *Scott's*—it's the world's standard flesh and strength builder.

ALL DRUGGISTS

A SLEEPY HEADED MAN

By M. QUAD

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It was a geologist and prospector who discovered that the Widow Carson's farm, forty miles from the recognized oil fields, was the center of another basin and so reported to the Sunshine Crude Oil Producing company, capital $1,000,000. That company had gobbled up all the best wells in a large district and was rapidly controlling production.

Moses Perkins was a young man of twenty-six. He was a farmer's son and a farmer himself, and he was not yet married. He had left his farm for a few months to help drill oil wells for the Sunshine company. Moses was hard working and honest. He would put in a long day's work, but he wasn't smart. From the day he began work at $2.50 a day until the day he was discharged, a period of twenty days, the foreman over him applied to him such terms as sleepyhead, idiot, blunderbuss, horn fool and so forth.

One day Perkins was sent for a can of nitroglycerin. On his return he was seen coming along tossing it in the air and catching it when it came down. This was too much. Perkins was discharged.

It was a geologist who differed from all the other geologists that found a new "dip" on the Widow Carson's farm. Her farm was the center of the basin. It was a stony, sterile old farm of 160 acres, and the widow herself was almost as dilapidated as the farm. She was forty years old and gaunt and homely, and she had three gaunt and homely children. The geologist staked his reputation that there was oil beneath her land, and the Sunshine company took him in on a proviso. The first thing was to get the legal privilege of sinking a well, and this was to carry with it a lease in case oil was discovered. There must be more or less beating about the bush to prevent the widow from taking the alarm. The preliminaries were intrusted to a lawyer disguised as a peddler.

When Moses Perkins had got it into his head that there was a Widow Carson somewhere on earth who was of interest to the Sunshine company he figured that it could mean only one thing. Then he began to inquire around, and after a week he lighted on a man who could tell him. Then he put a shirt, collar and a pair of socks into an old satchel and set out for the forty mile walk. In the evening of the second day he arrived at the widow's. He found her and her children as above described. It was next door to poverty. Moses had often dreamed of the wife he was to marry, and he was taken aback. He might have given up his project and retreated in good order had not a peddler arrived the same evening. He was the disguised lawyer of the Sunshine company. He seized on Moses Perkins for a dunderhead and went ahead and talked. The widow didn't catch on, but Moses did. A company wanted her farm for a quarry, and she was ready enough to sign any sort of paper the next day.

Moses had been asked to stay overnight. The peddler must go farther. This left the coast clear for a few hours. Moses had never made love to a woman, but he began while yet the peddler's coattails were fluttering through the gate. He told of his own farm, his prospects, his good health—how he looked in vain for years for the woman of his dreams, but had found her at last. He needn't have done half as much talking. The widow was ready to lease her farm, and she was also ready to marry again. Before midnight she was the promised bride of Moses Perkins. At 10 o'clock the next forenoon she was his wife and her children were calling him pop. At 11 o'clock the peddler arrived with certain documents and a witness. He found the bride sitting on the bridegroom's knee. He intimated that the papers were all ready to sign and that he had a certain sum of money to pass over, but fool Moses had something to say. He was the husband and the man of the house now. As soon as the wedding trip was over he was going to take off his coat and vest and make those 160 acres hump and hustle. The big bowlders lying around would take a roll, and the stony ground would blossom as the rose. Mrs. Carson would have been willing to sell the old place for most anything, but Mrs. Perkins didn't care to even sign a lease.

For six weeks longer Moses was taken for a chump with sawdust in his head. The lawyers and speculators and rings tried in every way to get the best of him, but what they cursed as his stupidity helped him to hold his own. Then he woke up one morning with his head all right. He had found oil exuding from a spring, and he announced the fact to the world at large; also that the farm was for lease or sale. The Sunshine people were not the only ones to rush. Three leases were made, and three companies pledged themselves to pay royalties, and inside of a year Moses Perkins was a millionaire and the Perkins family were eating square meals. The Carson basin turned out to be the greatest find in the state.

"To think that I should have taken you for a lunkhead!" sighed the peddler-lawyer one day when handing Moses a check for $50,000.

"Oh, mebbe I was!" was the good natured reply. "But, you see, I got over it. That's what some lunkheads never do."

ARE YOU GOING BACK?

Reasons Why Farmers Should Stand by Local Creamery and Cheese Factory.

O. A. Storvick, Inspector Dairy and Food Commission of this distict, writes an article in the Iowa Creamery Journal which we reproduce in part for the benefit of patrons of local creameries thinking that they may learn a lesson from it and that their thoughts may be brought back to the days before the existance of local creameries and how the centralized creameries at that time had the people at their mercy. Do you wish to go back to olden times?

"The present time we hear so much of the latest system of operating creameries, the one where cream is centralized no matter how. We notice these concerns are sending out the old cream wagons among patrons of successful co-operative creameries in order to break up neighbors who haul in routes to the creameries they built at the time they were forced to do something for protection, as year after year did they patronize the individual concern who operated the creamery only to reap a nice harvest from the producer. It seems as if the farmers, at least part of them, have forgotten the treatment they received years ago, or are they just making a circle and have reached the destination from which they started 20 years ago?

"The deserters of the co-operative creamery, whether they ship by rail, patronize the cream hauler sent out or furnish starter milk with which to flavor the putrid, fermented, decomposed stuff which is strong enugh in its effort to get out of the cans, to break seals and at times the can itself, had better take a Sunday afternoon visiting their parents and hold a family consultation to learn where they are at.

"Just as sure as we weaken the local creamery we strengthen the other one, and every pound taken from the local creamery will add to the cost of manufacturing the butter of our neighbor. It is said that 'there are none so blind as those who will not see,' and this must be said of the farmer who betrays not only his local creamery but his neighbors and himself as well.

"While visiting a small town the other day we learned that a cream agent was furnishing a dish of ice cream to every farmer who delivered a can of cream, the ice cream, of course, being furnished by the creamery he was buying for. Being interested in how this bait would work on the average patron I questioned some of the famers and found they did not take very kindly to this way of advertising, as they said it made friends for their creamery every day, and I have since heard the agent has abandoned this method of luring the famers. He soon learned that the average farmer can not be bribed at least with a dish of ice cream."

CASTORIA
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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

School of Agriculture.

The necessary expenses of a student at the Crookston School of Agriculture per year do not exceed $100 but this amount does not include traveling expenses. Write to the Superintendent, C. G. Selvig, Northwest Experiment Farm, Crookston, Minn., for catalog. It is free.

Farmers' children ought not to forget that the Crookston School of Agriculture will open on October 4th and continue till March 24th next. The expenses of board, heat, light, laundry and room is the actual cost of maintaining the table, management and use of the buildings or about 50c a day per student. It has never exceeded $3.75 a week. Separate dormitories are provided for boys and girls.

Instruction is given students at the Crookston School of Agriculture, in the work shops, laboratories, barns, fields and class rooms. The course is co-educational, and much of the work is taken in common by both sexes; the work adapted only to young men is given them exclusively, and that suitable only for young ladies is given them alone. The school is open to all young people possessing the necessary requirements for entrance, with no limitations as to residence.

The state is maintaining a large and valuable herd of animals for the purpose of instructing the young people in the Crookston Agricultural School in the type of breeds of cattle, sheep, hogs and horses suited to Minnesota conditions. In the herd are some very good individuals. Several types are represented. They are introduced in class work and students are instructed in practical methods of stock judging.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BROOKS.

Little Napoleon Champagne died last Saturday morning of diptheria and the remains were buried at Terrebonne Saturday afternoon. His death is regretted and he will be much missed by his relatives and friedds.

Miss Florence Lefrebvre is again working in the Brooks hotel.

Wilfred Desautel, accompanied by Miss Agnes Hart, drove to Berry's Sunday.

Joe Cyr was at Lefebvre's Sunday evening.

A jolly crowd spent the evening at Mrs. M. Gerard's Sunday evening.

Mr. Mydest Mayor was in Brooks Monday.

Leon Deymonaz and Frank Cyr drove to Crookston Friday afternoon and took in the show Saturday.

Miss Rose Bourgeois visited at Lussier's Sunday.

Misses Maggie Buchier and Laura Lussier visited in Brooks Monday.

Arthur Lussier left last Monday for Laple, N. Dak.

Anton Moreau is home after an absence of two months.

A few from Terrebonne spent Sunday at Mr. Berry's.

A Candid Caddy.

The contempt that the caddy feels for the playing of some of the amateurs is sometimes beyond his power to suppress. At the Philadelphia Country club they are telling a story of a swell young beginner who appeared to think the only qualification necessary for golf was a lot of staggering clothes. He started over the links with a young lady who had similar delusions. They played awhile with one of the best caddie golfers as an attendant.

"Do you think," asked the young man, turning to the caddie with a kindly air—"do you think we'll be able to get around the course before dusk?"

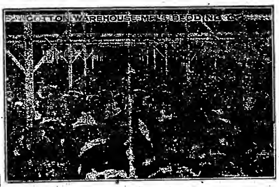
"If you run, sir," said the caddie grimly.—Philadelphia Times.

Solicitous.

Host—Have you seen the wedding gifts, old man?

Guest—No; not yet.

"Well, wait a moment. I'll get one of the detectives to escort you through."—Life.



The Minneapolis Bedding Co's. exhibit of growing cotton will be one of the most unique and interesting features of this year's state fair. Same can be seen at Machinery Bldg. "B."

Falls Meat Market

A. G. Groshong, Prop.

Fresh and Salt Meats

Fish, Game
and Poultry

Opp. Grand View Hotel

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Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. S. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brem, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Frodelsen, N. G.; F. A. Grady, V. G.; F. A. Mizeo, R. S.; Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S.; H. C. Hanson, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

AMERICAN GENUINE INGOT IRON
"NEVER RUST"
CORRUGATED IRON CULVERTS
Manufactured from
AMERICAN INGOT IRON
A culvert at last that will not RUST. Every pipe reinforced with angle iron, and GUARANTEED TO LAST. Write for prices and discounts.
NORTHWESTERN SHEET & IRON WORKS
WAHPETON, N. DAK.

Men are always betting that their sins will not find them out.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

Didn't Want His Chewed.

Bill—Don't you like to see a dog chewing a bone?

Jill—Yes, if it's not one of my own.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Nipped in the Bud.

The Minister (stopping to tea)—No, thank you, I must decline on the cucumbers.

Little Tommie—Guess you're afraid of the tummy ache, but you don't need to be, cuz when I have it mamma always rubs——" (! ! !)—Boston Herald.

Quaint Table Manners.

Jerome S. McWade, the Duluth millionaire, talked at a dinner about the delights of a backwoods vacation.

"I go to a quaint backwoods village every summer," he said, "and numberless are the quaint people I meet there.

"Old Boucher, for instance, the janitor of the village church, is most amusing with his quaint ways. I had old Boucher to lunch one day, and the cold lobster was served with a mayonnaise sauce. When my servant offered this sauce to Boucher, the old man stuck his knife in it, took up a little on the blade, tasted it, then shook his head and said:

"'Don't choose none.'"

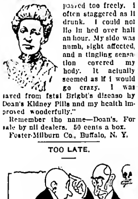
DRIVEN ALMOST CRAZY.

Bakersfield, Cal., Woman's Awful Suffering.

Mrs. H. W. Heagy, 1515 L St., Bakersfield, Cal., says: "Doctors failed to help me and I was in despair. The kidney secretions scalded terribly and passed too freely. I often staggered as if drunk. I could not lie in bed over half an hour. My side was numb, sight affected, and a tingling sensation covered my body. It actually seemed as if I would go crazy. I was saved from fatal Bright's disease by Doan's Kidney Pills and my health improved wonderfully."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

TOO LATE.



Dr. Pillem—There must be something radically wrong with your system to have your hair fall out so. You will have to diet.

Skantlox—Dye it? I'm afraid, doc, there's not enough of it left to dye.

A Bernhardt Trick.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, who is supposed to be something of an artist as well as an actress, was recently called upon in one of her marvelous creations to enact the role of a sculptor, and to model a certain bust in view of the audience. This fairly electrified the critics, but when going into rhapsodies over the technical skill in handling the clay which Mme. Bernhardt exhibited they showed that they knew little of the artistic tricks of actors and actresses; as a matter of fact, she does nothing of the kind. The bust is modeled and baked, and over it is placed damp clay of the same color. This the talented actress merely pulls off, exposing the beautifully modeled head underneath.

A Treasure.

"Your new maid looks very discreet."

"Indeed, she is. She even knocks at all the drawers before opening them."—Pele Mele.

One of the first necessities of our life is that we grow upward like men. When we cease to aspire we descend in the scale.—Preston.

Summer Comfort

There's solid satisfaction and delightful refreshment in a glass of

Iced Postum

Served with Sugar and a little Lemon.

Postum contains the natural food elements of field grains and is really a food drink that relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst.

Pure, Wholesome, Delicious

"There's a Reason"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

"G. N. R."

A traveler to the north, having delivered his luggage to the care of an alert railway porter, proceeded to make himself comfortable in the corner of a first-class smoking compartment. The porter, having performed his duty, came to the carriage to report, not without expectation of acceptable reward."

"Well," said the passenger, "I see by the letters 'G. N. R.' on your cap, 'Gratuities never received.'"

"Not quite that, sir," replied the porter, touching his cap peak. "It might mean 'Gratuities never refused.'" And the way that porter smiled when he left the carriage betokened his satisfaction at the material result of his smart answer and the service he had rendered.—Scraps.

He Knew the Painless Process.

The bald man had just come in and was still wearing his hat. He looked up from his desk at the thin young caller.

"I have here, sir," said the latter, glibly, "a preparation for removing superfluous hair. It removes it thoroughly and painlessly."

"Yes," interrupted the bald man, wearily, "I know the process. My hair," he added as he took off his hat, "was removed in the same way."

Public Sets the Gait.

Winks—Don't you think editors and reporters ought to be requested to sign their names to their articles?

Jinks—No. Editors and reporters are not responsible for what they write.

"Who are, then?"

"The people who buy the papers."—New York Weekly.

Reversed.

"The wise men tell us," said the star boarder, "that the less we eat the longer we live."

"Yes," replied the octogenarian boarder, whose diet was limited to milk and oatmeal, "and I also notice that the longer we live the less we eat."

For Minor Heiresses.

"Have you a copy of Burke's 'Peerage' you could loan me?"

"I believe there's an old copy kicking around. What do you want with it?"

"Just a little scheme. I'm thinking of compiling a mail-order catalog of bargain dukes."

WHERE BEAUTY COUNTS.

"Good looks don't amount to anything, after all."

"They don't? Well, just come round to our boarding-house. That's the place where the fellow with side whiskers gets the biggest piece of pie."

Wooden Courtship.

'I pine for you,' the young man cried,
She took him unawares,
"Spruce up! Spruce up! ere papa comes,
He's lumbering up the stairs!"

The Immortal Sherlock.

"Any clew?"

"Only a broken window shutter," said Dr. Watson. "What do you make of that, Sherlock?"

"I can't say yet," answered the great detective. "He may have left it as a blind."

A Warning.

"So Gazzam died suddenly. Was it the heat?"

"Well—incidentally."

"What do you mean by incidentally?"

"He kept asking people if it was hot enough for them."

Driven to It.

"Johnny positively refuses to wash his ears."

"Then we must resort to heroic measures. Drop a postal for one of these vacuum-cleaning wagons to call."

Perfectly Harmless.

"A poet, writing of his lost love, says: 'I kiss your memory.'"

"Umph! I shouldn't think there would be much danger from germs in doing that."

A Complete Change.

"You need a mental rest. Stop discussing pennant prospects."

"But, doctor——"

"No argument, now. Talk golf for awhile instead of baseball."

Drastic Criticism of Today.

"How did you like the show?"

"Great. There wasn't a bad film in the bunch."

Diagnosing His Case.

"Are you going to operate on that patient of yours?"

"I have not decided yet."

"When are you going to decide?"

"As soon as I have looked him up in Bradstreet's."

They Are All Alike.

In Norway women of 25 and over will be permitted to vote.

And it isn't likely that anything would please a Norway woman more than to her her vote challenged on the ground that she is too young.

SONG OF THE FOOLKILLER.

The foolkiller said, said he
I ride on the auto free.
When the risks are rash
And they scorch and smash
Right there on the job I'll be!"

The foolkiller said, said he:
"I swim in the lake or sea;
When the wight unscared
Beyond his depth has fared
I follow upon his lee."

The foolkiller said, said he:
"I bend to the oar with glee;
When the boat is rocked
And the world is shocked
I listen to no one's plea."

The foolkiller said, said he:
"Some fly without sight of me;
Drat the pesky things—
I'm afraid of wings,
And that's the truth, b'gee!"

Our Own Minstrels.

"Wot em de diff'unce, Mistuh Walkah, 'tween collectin' graft f'm a divekeeper an' detachin' de kewpons f'm a guv'ment bond?"

"I don't know, Sam; what IS the difference between collecting graft from a divekeeper and detaching the coupons from a government bond?"

"De one am a tariff fur pertection, an' de uddah am a tear-off fur rev'nue only."

"Ladies and gentlemen, the brass lunged basso, Sig. Emitz de Growells, will now sing a selection entitled: 'You Smoke 'Em, George, and Yet You Live? How Sad!'"

REAL TALENT.

Old Gentleman—So, he's your little brother, eh? He seems to be a bright little chap.

The Kid (proudly)—Bright? You bet he is! Cuss fer de gent, Jimmy.

The Flyless Kind.

The flypaper lay on the table,
Where all could plainly see;
Could it speak 'twould probably say:
"There are no flies on me."

Which Is Different.

The editor was trying to placate an indignant statesman.

"All we said about you in the paper, Mr. Krakajak," he assured him, "was that you seemed to have an inadequate sense of proportion."

"Not by a blamed sight!" roared the caller. "What you said about me was that I seemed to have an inadequate proportion of sense!"

Down to Facts.

"Did you ever get a diamond ring at the seashore?"

"Don't make me laugh. But I'll tell you what did happen."

"What?"

"A fellow I was engaged to once bought me an ice cream soda."

A Doubtful Scheme.

Gyer—An English scientist proposes to do away with those London fogs.

Myer—How is he going to do it?

Gyer—By erecting skyscrapers all over the city.

POLITICALLY.

Wiggins—I tell you that a fellow who wants to get along these days must have some push about him.

Higgins—I know a good many that are doing so because they have a pull.

He Was It.

When Hayrube bought a golden brick
His heart was filled with rage;
"By grass!" said he, "I sure hev reached
What's called 'a green old age.'"

Not for Them.

"Why are the sad sea waves moaning on the shore?"

"Probably because they realize that they will never get any closer than they are at the present moment to that girl in a swell bathing suit."

Amusement Notes.

"Anything entertaining booked in the city for the fall?"

"Oh, yes. Two successful dramas which have made a hit this season in New York and Chicago, some new vaudeville acts and the Downs trial."

Self-Sacrifice.

"I thought I told you to stop smoking," said the doctor, severely.

"I tried to," replied the patient, "but I haven't the heart to disappoint the members of my family who look to me for prize coupons and baseball pictures."

Heard From.

Bacon—You'll hear from that man Wabash, some day.

Egbert—I heard from him today, in the restaurant, when he was eating his soup.—Yonkers Statesman.

MAY RULE CANADA

Duke of Connaught Likely to Be Governor General.

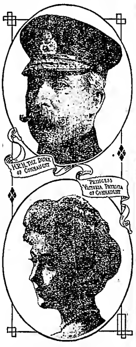
Popular Brother of the Late King Edward Is Reported to Be Slated for Head of the Dominion Government.

Ottawa, Can.—If the present program is adhered to the next governor general of Canada will be the Duke of Connaught, brother of the late King Edward. Such was the desire of the deceased monarch, and the probabilities are that the new King will not oppose the program. Canada appreciates the distinguished honor of having at the head of her government as the representative of the mother country so eminent a member of the royal family. Never before has one of the royal family occupied such a position, though Queen Victoria's daughter, a sister of the duke, was for years a resident of the Dominion when her husband, the Marquis of Lorne, now the Duke of Argyle, was governor general. At the same time the Canadians appreciate that society affairs at Rideau Hall, or Government House as it is sometimes called, the official residence of his excellency at Ottawa, will be upon a much grander scale than in the past, and that it will cost a pretty penny for those who try to be in the swim. Ottawa, more than ever, will become the social center.

The Duke of Connaught is the only surviving son of Queen Victoria and is 60 years old. Her majesty had nine children, of whom the eldest was Princess Victoria, mother of Emperor William; she died in 1901. The second child was the late King Edward. The Princess Alice Maud Mary, mother of the present Czarina of Russia, died in 1876. Alfred, Duke of Edinburg, died in 1900. Leopold, Duke of Albany, died in 1884. Beside the Duke of Connaught there survive Helena, Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein; Louise, Duchess of Argyle, and Beatrice, now Princess Henry of Battenberg.

The Duke of Connaught married Princess Louise of Prussia in 1879, and has three children. His eldest daughter is Margaret, wife of Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden. His son is Prince Arthur Patrick, and his younger daughter is the beautiful and decidedly independent Princess Victoria Patricia.

No princess in Europe has given such evidence of having a will of her own as has the Princess Patricia. Over and over again has a husband been selected for her by those wise in statecraft, but she has bundled these suitors off with slight ceremony and has repeatedly declared that she will have a husband of her own choosing or none at all. She is the most popular princess in England and was a favorite of her uncle, King Edward. Her name, which is a compliment to Ireland, alone makes her popular with the people of that part of the empire.


H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT
PRINCESS VICTORIA PATRICIA OF CONNAUGHT

The British government has a purpose in sending to Canada a prince of the royal blood. It is believed a governor general so close to the throne would tend to forward the empire movement and bring the Dominion in closer sympathy to the mother country. The governor general as a matter of fact has very little to do with the government of Canada. He has the power of veto but never exercises that right. Did he do so there would be as great a commotion as would occur if the King in England should set himself actively in opposition to the elected government. But nevertheless he has a tremendous influence, though it is operative only through social and diplomatic channels. His salary is $50,000 a year with an executive residence. Those governors general who have been most popular and influential have been those who have really come to love the Dominion and its people for themselves and have developed a deep interest in their welfare. Whether the duke and his family can forget the life in England to which he has been accustomed remains to be seen.

Caterpillars Ravage Trees.

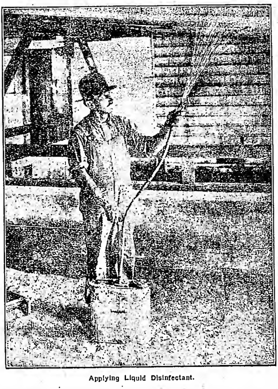
Washington.—Shade trees of Washington, famed for their number and beauty, are undergoing an attack from hordes of caterpillars. The trees are being stripped of their foliage rapidly. So numerous are the pests that they have baffled the caretakers' efforts to cope with them. Property owners have joined in the attempt to repel the invaders, but it seems that there is little chance to prevail against them. Some fear for the lives of the trees is expressed.

GENERAL SUGGESTIONS ON SELECTING DISINFECTANTS

Market Flooded With Commercial Article Put Out By Private Manufacturers—Sunlight Cannot Be Beat.

(By M. P. RAVENEL, M. D., and K. W. SMITH, University of Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Station.)

The market is flooded with commercial disinfectants put out by private manufacturers. Many make absurd claims for their material. In buying these disinfectants one is apt to pay much more than their true value. It should always be remembered that no one firm has a monopoly of chemical disinfectants. All commercial disinfectants depend on well-known chemicals for their action. A few manufacturers have succeeded in preparing these chemicals so that they are easily handled and have certain advantages over the substances on which their value depends, but as a rule it is better to buy the chemicals and not some private commercial preparation of them.



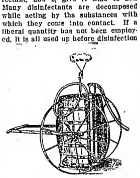
Applying Liquid Disinfectant.

The action of a disinfectant often depends largely on its solubility in water. For example, some oily substances have considerable power but do not dissolve readily in water, nor mix with it. A good example is found in the cresols, which are the basis of many commercial preparations. The general usefulness of these valuable agents is much increased by combining them with soaps as in creolin, lysol, etc., which mix readily with water in all proportions.

For complete disinfection of a room the gaseous disinfectants are the best, for the reason that the gas permeates every nook and corner, reaching places that would not be touched in any other way. It is plain that the room must be tightly sealed to prevent the escape of the gas. This is easily done with strips of heavy wrapping paper and ordinary flour paste, put on with a paint or white-wash brush. It is easily washed off and leaves no mark.

Gaseous disinfectants cannot be used in barns and stables, as a rule, on account of the open construction of such buildings. Here we must depend on thorough cleaning, airing, and the use of some spray. If there is infected forage or bedding, it should be raked out and burned. Walls must be well soaked with water, then thoroughly scraped. Burn all material removed in this way. All rotten wood in floors, feed boxes, stanchions, etc., must be taken out and burned. Thorough cleaning will often make disinfectants unnecessary, but no amount of disinfection will take the place of cleanliness. In cases of contagious diseases both cleanliness and disinfection must be employed.

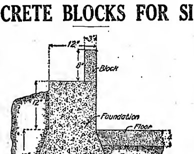
When using a disinfectant of any sort two things must be always remembered: 1, use enough of the disinfectant, and 2, give it time to act. Many disinfectants are decomposed while acting by the substances with which they come into contact. If a liberal quantity has not been employed, it is all used up before disinfection is complete. No general rule can be given for time.



Barrel-Cart Type of Hand Spray.

Medicated soaps are usually worthless and should not be trusted. Most of them are not as good as ordinary soap alone. Soaps are useful mainly in making substances soluble, and assisting in cleaning surfaces, garments, etc.

CONCRETE BLOCKS FOR SILO



A bulletin of the Michigan Experiment Station described a silo built of concrete blocks with a face 24 in. by 8 in., and a thickness of only 3 in. These blocks are laid in cement mortar (sand and cement in the proportions of 2 to 1), flush with the inner edge of the foundation as shown in the illustration. The wall which is 28 feet in height is strengthened by 2-in. bandiron hoops on the outside as are sometimes used on staves silos. The foundation of the wall extends 24 inches below ground and widens to 24 inches at the base. There is one continuous doorway about 25 inches wide, extending from the first course of blocks to roof.

With the Sow and Pigs.

In many instances, many especially if the sows are old, it will be best to take the pigs as soon as they come and remove their tusks, on both lower and upper jaws. These tusks are often very sharp and painful to the sow and will cause her to jump up quickly when they are sucking. It is also the cause of sore mouths caused by the pigs fighting for their place at the dinner table. Experience has shown that the pigs from aged sows are more likely to have sharp tusks than those from younger sows.

Pigs must have a thrifty start in life if they make good money for their owner. It requires a large amount of food to overcome the unthrifty habit in a bunch of pigs and every day they are not gaining they are losing their owner food, care and money.

Leading Dairy Breeds.

The herd at the Ontario (Canada) Experiment Farm consists of the three leading dairy breeds, the Holsteins, Ayrshires and Jerseys. The record of the breeds last year shows that the Holsteins produced the most milk, the Ayrshires the most butter and the Jerseys the richest milk. These results were obtained from the experience of two years.

New York Farmers.

It is claimed that New York state has a higher percentage of farms operated by the men who own them than any other leading agricultural state.

THEIR IDEAS.

First Woman—A smart woman can fool a man all his life.

Second Woman—And a smart man can only fool a woman until she finds it out.

LEG A MASS OF HUMOR

"About seven years ago a small abrasion appeared on my right leg just above my ankle. It irritated me so that I began to scratch it, and it began to spread until my leg from my ankle to the knee was one solid scale like a scab. The irritation was always worse at night and would not allow me to sleep, or my wife either, and it was completely undermining our health. I lost fifty pounds in weight and was almost out of my mind with pain and chagrin as no matter where the irritation came, at work, on the street or in the presence of company, I would have to scratch it until I had the blood running down into my shoe. I simply cannot describe my suffering during those seven years. The pain, mortification, loss of sleep, both to myself and wife is simply indescribable on paper and one has to experience it to know what it is.

"I tried all kinds of doctors and remedies but I might as well have thrown my money down a sewer. They would dry up for a little while and fill me with hope only to break out again just as had it not worse. I had given up hope of ever being cured when I was induced by my wife to give the Cuticura Remedies a trial. After taking the Cuticura Remedies for a little while I began to see a change, and after taking a dozen bottles of Cuticura Resolvent in conjunction with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, the trouble had entirely disappeared and my leg was as fine as the day I was born. Now after a lapse of six months with no signs of a recurrence I feel perfectly safe in extending to you my heartfelt thanks for the good the Cuticura Remedies have done for me. I shall always recommend them to my friends. W. H. White, 312 E. Cabot St., Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 4 and Apr. 13, 1909."

TUBERCULOSIS IN THE PRISON

Per Cent. of Sufferers Is Enormous and There Seems but One Remedy.

From several investigations that have been made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, it is estimated that on an average about fifteen per cent. of the prison population of the country is afflicted with tuberculosis. On this basis, out of the 80,000 prisoners housed in the penal institutions of the United States at any given time, not less than 12,000 are infected with this disease. If the Philippine Islands and other insular possessions were taken into consideration the number would be much larger. Some of the prisons of Pennsylvania, Kansas and Ohio show such shocking conditions with reference to tuberculosis that many wardens admit that these places of detention are death traps. Similar conditions could be found in almost every state, and in the majority of cases the only sure remedy is the destruction of the old buildings and the erection of new ones.

And They Wondered.

Judge Nicholas Longworth, who used to sit on Ohio's supreme bench, looked unnaturally grave, and a neighbor, in recognition of his facial depression, named a pet owl "Judge Longworth." It was the very next day that an excited maid broke up his wife's garden party. "Oh, madam," said she. "Madam! Judge Longworth has laid an egg."

Opinions Aired.

"Were the commencement exercises interesting?"

"Very. The time was divided between advice from public men on the selection of a career and suggestions from graduates on how to run the government."

The secret of life is not to do what one likes, but to try to like that which one has to do; and one does like it—in time.—D. M. Craik.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

CARTER'S ITTLE IVER PILLS.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Fargo Directory

RUBBER STAMPS STENCILS, SEALS, etc. Send for catalogue.
FARGO STAMP WORKS, FARGO, N. D.

Ship Your Hides, Wool & Pelts
To BOLLES & ROGERS FARGO, N. D.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies
Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention.
FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

OWES HER LIFE TO

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Chicago, Ill.—"I was troubled with falling and inflammation, and the doctors said I could not get well unless I had an operation. I knew I could not stand the strain of one, so I wrote to you sometime ago about my health and you told me what to do. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier I am to-day a well woman."—Mrs. WILLIAM AHRENS, 968 W. 21st St., Chicago, Ill.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases of any similar medicine in the country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every such suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

[illegible] **Thompson's Eye Water**

SIMPLE STATEMENT OF FACT

Mr. Johnson Unable to See Where In Any Way He Had "Put His Foot in It."

It is common to deplore the lack of humor in a person. Yet the very want of it may save a certain amount of embarrassment, as was the case on a certain occasion with President Johnson. "He was one day," says a writer in Harper's Magazine, "visiting my mother, and a friend, Mrs. Knox, a widow, came in. She had known Mr. Johnson some years before, when he was a member of the legislature, but they had not met since then.

"After mutual recognition, Mr. Johnson said, 'How is Mr. Knox? I have not seen him lately.'

"'He has been dead six years,' said Mrs. Knox.

"'I thought I hadn't seen him on the street,' said Mr. Johnson.

"When Mrs. Knox left, my mother said, laughing, 'That was a funny mistake of yours about Mr. Knox.'

"'What mistake did I make?' said Johnson. 'I said I hadn't seen him on the street, and I hadn't.'"

One Side Enough.

Senator William Alden Smith tells of an Irish justice of the peace out in Michigan. In a trial the evidence was all in and the plaintiff's attorney had made a long and very eloquent argument, when the lawyer acting for the defense arose.

"What are you doing?" asked the justice, as the lawyer began.

"Going to present our side of the case."

"I don't want to hear both sides argued. It has tendency to confuse the court."—Washingtonian.

A New Version.

Lawyers have a peculiar system of abbreviation, such words as trustees, executors being cut down to trees, exors and admors. This practise led to an amusing slip on the part of a solicitor who, somewhat late in life, abandoned his profession and entered the church. A few Sundays after his ordination he startled his congregation while reading the lesson by delivering one of the passages as follows: "I see men as trustees walking."

The Summer Girl.

"How'd you like to be engaged to a millionaire?"

"I was engaged to one all last summer, and he seldom spent a dime. I want to be engaged to a young man who is down here for two weeks with about $100 in his roll."

The lamb that plays around a mint bed tempts fate.

Convenient
For Any Meal

Post Toasties

Are always ready to serve right from the box with the addition of cream or milk.

Especially pleasing with berries or fresh fruit.

Delicious, wholesome, economical food which saves a lot of cooking in hot weather.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. Unseemly noises disturbed her during the night. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff-button in a hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff-button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson arrived. Gertrude revealed she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped down a laundry chute. Gertrude was suspected. A negro found the other half of what proved to be Jack Bailey's cuff-button. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey left in response to a telegram. Gertrude said she had given Bailey an unloaded revolver, fearing to give him a loaded weapon. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Halsey said Armstrong wrecked his own bank and could clear Bailey. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, was found at the lodge. The lodgekeeper said Louise and Arnold had a long talk the night of the murder. Louise was prostrated. Louise told Halsey that while she still loved him she was to marry another, and that he would despise her when he learned the whole story. It developed that Dr. Walker and Louise were to be married. A prowler was heard in the house. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase.

CHAPTER XVI.—Continued.

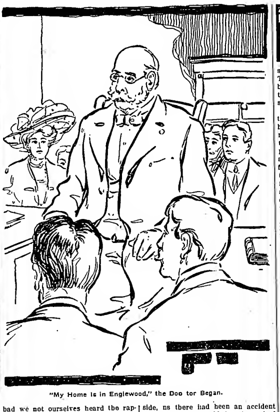
"I was not sleeping well," she began, "partly, I think, because I had slept during the afternoon. Liddy brought me some hot milk at ten o'clock and I slept until 12. Then I wakened and—I got to thinking about things, and worrying, so I could not go to sleep.

"I was wondering why I had not heard from Arnold since the—since I saw him that night at the lodge. I was afraid he was ill, because—he was to have done something for me, and he had not come back. It must have been three when I heard some one rapping. I sat up and listened, to be quite sure, and the rapping kept up. I was cautious, and I was about to call Liddy. Then suddenly I thought I knew what it was. The east entrance and circular staircase were always used by Arnold when he was out late, and sometimes, when he forgot his key, he would rap and I would go down and let him in. I thought he had come back to see me—I didn't think about the time, for his hours were always erratic. But I was afraid I was too weak to get down the stairs. The knocking kept up, and just as I was about to call Liddy, she ran through the room and out into the hall. I got up then, feeling weak and dizzy, and put on my dressing gown. If it was Arnold, I knew I must see him.

"It was very dark everywhere, but, of course, I knew my way. I felt along for the stair-rail, and went down as quickly as I could. The knocking had stopped, and I was afraid I was too late. I got to the foot of the staircase and over to the door on to the east veranda. I had never thought of anything but that it was Arnold, until I reached the door. It was unlocked and opened about an inch. Everything was black; it was perfectly dark outside. I felt very queer and shaky. Then I thought perhaps Arnold had used his key; he did—strange things sometimes, and I turned around. Just as I reached the foot of the staircase I thought I heard some one coming. My nerves were going anyhow, there in the dark, and I could scarcely stand. I got up as far as the third or fourth step; then I felt that some one was coming toward me on the staircase. The next instant a hand met mine on the stair-rail. Some one brushed past me, and I screamed. Then I must have fainted."

That was Louise's story. There could be no doubt of its truth, and the thing that made it inexpressibly awful to me was that the poor girl had crept down to answer the summons of a brother who would never need her kindly offices again. Twice, now, without apparent cause, some one had entered the house by means of the east entrance; had apparently gone his way unhindered through the house, and gone out again as he had entered. Had this unknown visitor been there a third time, the night Arnold Armstrong was murdered? Or a fourth, the time Mr. Jamieson had locked some one in the clothes chute?

Sleep was impossible, I think, for any of us. We dispersed finally to bathe and dress, leaving Louise little the worse for her experience. But I determined that before the day was over she must know the true state of affairs. Another decision I made, and I put it into execution immediately after breakfast. I had one of the unused bedrooms in the east wing, back along the small corridor, prepared for occupancy, and from that time on Alex, the gardener, slept there. One man in that barn of a house was an absurdity, with things happening all the time, and I must say that Alex was as unobjectionable as any one could possibly have been.



"My Home Is in Englewood," the Doctor Began.

The next morning, also, Halsey and I made an exhaustive examination of the circular staircase, the small entry at its foot, and the cardroom opening from it. There was no evidence of anything unusual the night before, and had we not ourselves heard the rapping noises, I should have felt that Louise's imagination had run away with her. The outer door was closed and locked, and the staircase curved above us, for all the world like any other staircase.

Halsey, who had never taken seriously my account of the night Liddy and I were there alone, was grave enough now. He examined the paneling of the wainscoting above and below the stairs, evidently looking for a secret door, and suddenly there flashed into my mind the recollection of a scrap of paper that Mr. Jamieson had found among Arnold Armstrong's effects. As nearly as possible I repeated its contents to him, while Halsey took them down in a note-book.

"I wish you had told me this before," he said, as he put the memorandum carefully away. We found nothing at all in the house, and I expected little from any examination of the porch and grounds. But as we opened the outer door something fell into the entry with a clatter. It was a cue from the billiard room.

Halsey picked it up with an exclamation.

"That's careless enough," he said. "Some of the servants have been amusing themselves."

I was far from convinced. Not one of the servants would go into that wing at night unless driven by dire necessity. And a billiard cue! As a weapon of either offense or defense it was an absurdity, unless one accepted Liddy's hypothesis of a ghost, and even then, as Halsey pointed out, a billiard-playing ghost would be a very modern evolution of an ancient institution.

That afternoon we, Gertrude, Halsey and I, attended the coroner's inquest in town. Dr. Stewart had been summoned also, it transpiring that in that early Sunday morning, when Gertrude and I had gone to our rooms, he had been called to view the body. We went, the four of us, in the machine, preferring the execrable roads to the matinee train, with half of Casanova staring at us. And on the way we decided to say nothing of Louise and her interview with her stepbrother the night he died. The girl was in trouble enough as it was.

CHAPTER XVII.

A Hint of Scandal.

In giving the gist of what happened at the inquest, I have only one excuse—to recall to the reader the events of the night of Arnold Armstrong's murder. Many things had occurred which were not brought out at the inquest and some things were told there that were new to me. Altogether, it was a gloomy affair, and the six men in the corner, who constituted the coroner's jury, were evidently the merest puppets in the hands of that all-powerful gentleman, the coroner.

Gertrude and I sat well back, with our veils down. There were a number of people I knew: Barbara Fitzhugh, in extravagant mourning—she always went into black on the slightest provocation, because it was becoming—and Mr. Jarvis, the man who had come over from the Greenwood club the night of the murder. Mr. Harton was there, too, looking impatient as the inquest dragged, but alive to every particle of evidence. From a corner Mr. Jamieson was watching the proceedings intently.

Dr. Stewart was called first. His evidence was told briefly, and amounted to this: On the Sunday morning previous, at a quarter before five, he had been called to the telephone. The message was from a Mr. Jarvis, who asked him to come at once to Sunnyside, as there had been an accident there, and Mr. Arnold Armstrong had been shot. He dressed hastily, gathered up some instruments, and drove to Sunnyside.

He was met by Mr. Jarvis, who took him at once to the east wing. There, just as he had fallen, was the body of Arnold Armstrong. There was no need of the instruments; the man was dead. In answer to the coroner's question—no, the body had not been moved, save to turn it over. It lay at the foot of the circular staircase. Yes, he believed death had been instantaneous. The body was still somewhat warm and rigor mortis had not set in. It occurred late in cases of sudden death. No, he believed the probability of suicide might be eliminated; the wounds could have been self-inflicted, but with difficulty, and there had been no weapon found.

The doctor's examination was over, but he hesitated and cleared his throat.

"Mr. Coroner," he said, "at the risk of taking up valuable time, I would like to speak of an incident that may or may not throw some light on this matter."

The audience was alert at once.

"Kindly proceed, doctor," the coroner said.

"My home is in Englewood, two miles from Casanova," the doctor began. "In the absence of Dr. Walker, a number of Casanova people have been consulting me. A month ago—five weeks, to be exact—a woman whom I had never seen came to my office. She was in deep mourning and kept her veil down, and she brought for examination a child, a boy of six. The little fellow was ill; it looked like typhoid, and the mother was frantic. She wanted a permit to admit the youngster to the Children's hospital in town here, where I am a member of the staff, and I gave her one. The incident would have escaped me, but for a curious thing. Two days before Mr. Armstrong was shot, I was sent for to go to the Country club; some one had been struck with a golf-ball that had gone wild. It was late when I left—I was on foot, and about a mile from the club, on the Clayburg road, I met two people. They were disputing violently, and I had no difficulty in recognizing Mr. Armstrong. The woman, beyond doubt, was the one who had consulted me about the child."

At this hint of scandal, Mrs. Ogden Fitzhugh sat up very straight. Jamieson was looking slightly skeptical, and the coroner made a note.

"The Children's hospital, you say, doctor?" he asked.

"Yes. But the child, who was entered as Lucien Wallace, was taken away by his mother two weeks ago. I have tried to trace them and failed."

All at once I remembered the telegram sent to Louise by some one signed F. L. W.—presumably Dr. Walker. Could the veiled woman be the Nina Carrington of the message? But it was only idle speculation. I had no way of finding out, and the inquest was proceeding.

The report of the coroner's physician came next. The post-mortem examination showed that the bullet had entered the chest in the fourth left intercostal space and had taken an oblique course downward and backward, piercing both the heart and lungs. The left lung was collapsed, and the exit point of the ball had been found in the muscles of the back to the left of the spinal column. It was improbable that such a wound had been self-inflicted, and its oblique downward course pointed to the fact that the shot had been fired from above. In other words, as the murdered man had been found dead at the foot of a staircase, it was probable that the shot had been fired by

some one higher up on the stairs. There were no marks of powder. The bullet, a 38 caliber, had been found in the dead man's clothing, and was shown to the jury.

Mr. Jarvis was called next, but his testimony amounted to little. He had been summoned by telephone to Sunnyside, had come over at once with the steward and Mr. Winthrop, at present out of town. They had been admitted by the housekeeper, and had found the body lying at the foot of the staircase. He had made a search for a weapon, but there was none around. The outer entry door in the east wing had been unfastened and was open about an inch.

I had been growing more and more nervous. When the coroner called Mr. John Bailey, the room was filled with suppressed excitement. Mr. Jamieson went forward and spoke a few words to the coroner, who nodded. Then Halsey was called.

"Mr. Innes," the coroner said, "will you tell under what circumstances you saw Mr. Arnold Armstrong the night he died?"

"I saw him first at the Country club," Halsey said quietly. He was rather pale, but very composed. "I stopped there with my automobile for gasolene. Mr. Armstrong had been playing cards. When I saw him there he was coming out of the cardroom talking to Mr. John Bailey."

"The nature of the discussion—was it amicable?"

Halsey hesitated.

"They were having a dispute," he said. "I asked Mr. Bailey to leave the club with me and come to Sunnyside over Sunday."

"Isn't it a fact, Mr. Innes, that you took Mr. Bailey away from the clubhouse because you were afraid there would be blows?"

"The situation was unpleasant," Halsey said evasively.

"At that time had you any suspicion that the Traders' bank had been wrecked?"

"No."

"What occurred next?"

"Mr. Bailey and I talked in the billiard room until 2:30."

"And Mr. Arnold Armstrong came there, while you were talking?"

"Yes. He came about half-past two. He rapped at the east door, and I admitted him."

The silence in the room was intense. Mr. Jamieson's eyes never left Halsey's face.

"Will you tell us the nature of his errand?"

"He brought a telegram that had come to the club for Mr. Bailey."

"He was sober?"

"Perfectly, at that time. Not earlier."

"Was not his apparent friendliness a change from his former attitude?"

"Yes. I did not understand it."

"How long did he stay?"

"About five minutes. Then he left by the east entrance."

"What occurred then?"

"We talked for a few minutes, discussing a plan Mr. Bailey had in mind. Then I went to the stables, where I kept my car, and got it out."

"Leaving Mr. Bailey alone in the billiard room?"

"My sister was there."

Mrs. Ogden Fitzhugh had the courage to turn and eye Gertrude through her lorgnon.

"And then?"

"I took the car along the lower road, not to disturb the household. Mr. Bailey came down across the lawn, through the hedge, and got into the car on the road."

"Then you know nothing of Mr. Armstrong's movements after he left the house?"

"Nothing. I read of his death Monday evening for the first time."

"Mr. Bailey did not see him on his way across the lawn?"

"I think not. If he had seen him he would have spoken of it."

"Thank you. That is all. Miss Gertrude Innes."

Gertrude's replies were fully as concise as Halsey's. Mrs. Fitzhugh subjected her to a close inspection, commencing with her hat and ending with her shoes. I flatter myself she found nothing wrong with either her gown or her manner, but poor Gertrude's testimony was the reverse of comforting. She had been summoned, she said, by her brother, after Mr. Armstrong had gone. She had waited in the billiard room with Mr. Bailey until the automobile had been ready. Then she had locked the door at the foot of the staircase, and, taking a lamp, had accompanied Mr. Bailey to the main entrance of the house, and had watched him cross the lawn. Instead of going at once to her room, she had gone back to the billiard room for something which had been left there. The cardroom and billiard room were in darkness. She had groped around, found the article she was looking for, and was on the point of returning to her room, when she had heard some one fumbling at the lock at the east outer door. She had thought it was probably her brother, and had been about to go to the door, when she heard it open. Almost immediately there was a shot, and she had run panic-stricken through the drawing room and had roused the house.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Carried Out to the Finish

Literal Application of Husband's Idea Astonished Him at the Gates of Heaven.

Jacob A. Riis, the brilliant writer and social reformer, said the other day to a reporter in New York:

"A good New Year's resolution would be for us all to get in closer touch with the poor. A football team from Columbia, for instance, shouldn't hesitate to play with my college settlement team.

"We can't do our charity by proxy any more than our churchgoing—and, you know, the churchgoer story.

"There was once a man who never attended church, thinking that his wife's regular attendance made up for his own omission. Well, the man died and duly appeared before Saint Peter at the gate of paradise.

"'Who are you?' the saint asked, curtly.

"'Why, Saint Peter, I am John S. Nicholson of Chicago. I thought of course you knew me.'

"'No, I don't know you,' said the saint.

"'But, Saint Peter, I am Mrs. Nicholson's husband—the charitable Mrs. Nicholson, don't you know, who went regularly to church and was so kind to the poor.'

"'Why didn't you do like her?' said the saint.

"'Well, Saint Peter, I was always so worn out from business on Sunday that I had to play golf to avoid getting neuritis, and, anyhow, I understood that if Mrs. Nicholson went to church regularly it would do for both of us.'

"'Your wife,' said the saint, 'was a true, faithful Christian. She came to these gates four years ago, and she went in—for both of you.'"

It is a large job to be dry nurse to all the Latin-American republics.

ABOUT THE LIMIT.

Jim—Gruet is terribly absent-minded.

Jack—I should say so! I've known him to telephone to his office and ask if he was in.

Try This, This Summer.

The very next time you're hot, tired or thirsty, step up to a soda fountain and get a glass of Coca-Cola. It will cool you off, relieve your bodily and mental fatigue and quench your thirst delightfully. At soda fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Delicious, refreshing and wholesome. Send to the Coca-Cola Co., Atlanta, Ga., for their free booklet "The Truth About Coca-Cola." Tells what Coca-Cola is and why it is so delicious, refreshing and thirst-quenching. And send 2c stamp for the Coca-Cola Baseball Record Book for 1910—contains the famous poem "Casey At The Bat," records, schedules for both leagues and other valuable baseball information compiled by authorities.

Doll House Library.

A search for a child's short story, "The Griffin and the Minor Canon," in a volume all by itself revealed to a persistent city shopper the thought and money that are expended on the furnishing of dolls' houses. Book stores had not the story in a single volume, but in a department store one young woman interviewed had recently been transferred from the toy department and was able to contribute a helpful hint.

"I think," she said, "you can find it in one of the dolls' houses downstairs."

Curiosity had by that time become a sauce to literature, so the shopper hurried downstairs to inspect the doll houses. Three of the most expensive houses contained libraries consisting of a score of diminutive books and each book contained a child's story complete. One of them was "The Griffin and the Minor Canon."

Quotation Marks.

Senator Beveridge, in an after-dinner speech in Cleveland, said of a corrupt politician:

"The man's excuse is as absurd as the excuse that a certain minister offered on being convicted of plagiarism.

"'Brethren,' said this minister, 'it is true that I occasionally borrow for my sermons, but I always acknowledge the fact in the pulpit by raising two fingers at the beginning and two at the end of the borrowed matter, thus indicating that it is quoted.'"

Advice.

"Doctor," cried little Bingle, over his telephone, "my wife has lost her voice. What the dickens shall I do?"

"Why," said the doctor, gravely, "if I were you I'd remember the fact when Thanksgiving day comes around, and act accordingly."

Whereupon the doctor chuckled as he charged Bingle two dollars for professional services.—Harper's Weekly.

Included Her.

"Why did she get angry at the stranger in town?"

"She asked him if he had seen her daughter and he answered that he had seen all the sights of the place."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A business man's leisure is simply the time he doesn't know what to do with.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Better a nagless wife than a horseless carriage.

In the Desert.

Here is a glimpse of the horrors of a western desert, taken from the Goldfield (Nev.) News: "Another desert victim is reported, and Archie Campbell, manager of the Last Chance mining property near Death valley, came to Goldfield yesterday to endeavor to establish the identity of the unfortunate.

"Mr. Campbell encountered the unknown man on the desert in a frightful condition. He was in the last stages of desert exhaustion, devoid of clothing, sunburned, blistered and crazed, with his tongue swollen enormously, a pitiable object, and unable to speak.

"He was tenderly conveyed to camp and everything possible done for him, but kind aid came too late, for an hour after he had absorbed the first cup of water he expired."

Keeping It Dry.

An old woman of a wealthy New Jersey family was going visiting. The coachman, who had not been in this country long, had just been equipped with a new uniform and a new silk hat. Before they had gone far it began to sprinkle, and the old woman told the coachman to fasten down the side curtains of the wagonette.

He drove up to a hitching post beside the road and, dismounting, hung his new hat on the post, and began to fasten the curtains.

The old woman noticed his bare head and asked him where his hat was.

"Oi took it off me head, mum, so as it wouldn't get wet," the coachman replied.

Good intentions are always hot stuff; that is why they are used for paving material in a certain locality.

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.
Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics
FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

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One gets it by highway men—Tens of thousands by Bad Bowels—No difference. Constipation and dead liver make the whole system sick—Everybody knows it—CASCARETS regulate—cure Bowel and Liver troubles by simply doing nature's work until you get well—Millions use CASCARETS, Life Saver! 832

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

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All branches of Music Art and Dramatic Art, Orchestral and Band Instruments. Normal Courses in Public School Music, Art, Piano, Physical Training, Domestic Science. Terms Reasonable. Catalog Free.
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DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts & kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts All Season. Made of metal, cannot spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 DeKalb Ave. Brooklyn, New York

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KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

OLD SORES CURED
Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

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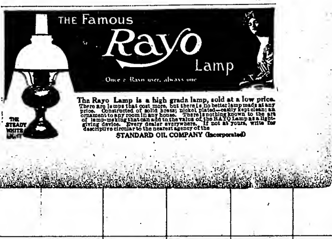
THE ONE REMEDY for woman's peculiar ailments good enough that its makers are not afraid to print on its outside wrapper its every ingredient. No Secrets—No Deception.

THE ONE REMEDY for women which contains no alcohol and no habit-forming drugs. Made from native medicinal forest roots of well established curative value.



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PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Read Spillane's new ad.

Read Fournet's new ad.

St. Joseph's school opens Monday.

The public schools open next Tuesday

For brick go to the Robertson Lumber company.

J. J. Padden was over from Crookston yesterday.

Jos. Turpin apent Sunday with the family at Crookston.

Ole Olson of St. Hilaire attended the dance Friday evening.

H. A. Johnson was at Thief River Falls between trains Friday.

Mrs. C. W. Johnson spent Sunday with friends at Thief River Falls.

A. L. Brunelle made a business trip to Thief River Falls Friday.

Miss Ida Tandberg spent Sunday with the family at Thief River Falls.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel October 6.

Mrs. Otto Kankel of Fertile is visiting with friends in Red Lake Falls.

Ernest Richards of Thief River Falls is visiting with relatives in town.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton went to St. Hilaire on legal business yesterday.

W. J. Harlow of Crookston is in the city today.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter visited with relatives at Thief River Falls yesterday.

Editor Converse of the St. Hilaire Spectator was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Eleanor Hanson of St. Hilaire visited with friends in town this week.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson made an official visit to Thief River Falls Saturday.

Geo. Tandberg of Thief River Falls visited with friends in town this week.

22 H. P. Threshing Engine and Separator for sale.—Merchants State Bank.

Attorney F. L. Farley made a trip to Hillsboro, N. Dak., on legal business last week.

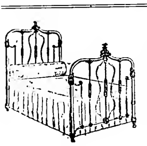
Miss Bertha Lafreniere left yesterday for Deer River, Minn., where she is to teach.

Attorney Perl Mabey of Thief River Falls had business before the probate court Friday.

The F. and F. Bs. were pleasantly entertained by Miss Etta Hennemuth Tuesday evening.

Miss Mamie Laurent went to Grand Forks Saturday for a visit with her sister, Miss Anna.

The members of the dancing club enjoyed one of their dancing parties at M. B. A. hall Friday evening.



$2.50

Elaborate Iron Beds

Like the above cut in all the late popular colors and sizes. They are of beautiful design, extra massive, well made and pretty. From $2.50 to $29.

Fournet Furniture Store

Red Lake Falls Crookston

UNDERTAKING......

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS H VE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Mrs. Jos. Benoit returned Tuesday from Detroit, Minn., where she had been visiting with her daughters.

Geo F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Miss Orella Hennemuth of Minneapolis is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hennemuth

The county commissioners were in session yesterday. The official proceedings will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

L. C. Simons was up from St. Paul this week on business in connection with his banking interests in this city and in the county.

The announcement of the candidacy of Iver A. Krohn for the republican nomination for representative is published in the Gazette.

We mean YOU when we say "save part of your income and deposit it regularly in the Merchants State Bank." It will earn you 5 per cent annually.

There will be services at the Presbyterian church at the usual hours Sunday, at 11 o'clock in the morning and 8 o'clock in the evening

County Surveyor C. H. Martz, was down from St. Hilaire yesterday on business in connection with ditch hearing before the county board.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Misensahl and daughter of New Auburn, Minn., were guests at the home of Thomas Whalen from Friday until Sunday.

C. B. Cruzen and family have left Wylie and are now living at Bantry, N. Dak., at which place Mr. Cruzen is in charge of the farmers' elevator.

A special Great Northern train carrying fire guards went north Sunday. The object of the trip was to extinguish a prairie fire near Greenbush.

Mrs. C. O. Kankel of Terrebonne, on her return from Fertile where she had been visiting with relatives, was in town Tuesday. Mr. Kankel met her here.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet of Thief River Falls was in town yesterday in attendance at the meeting of the board of county commissioners.

Annual exhibit of celebrated "Albrecht Furs" at Crookston Hotel, Crookston, Friday and Saturday, September 2 and 3. Don't fail to see the exquisite new styles

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fournet went to Crookston in the automobile Sunday and Mrs. Fournet and the children remained with relatives there until Tuesday.

Henry James paid the mortgage on his father's farm last week. A business course at the Mankato, Minn., Commercial College a few years ago enabled him to do this

Wanted—An experienced French clerk, capable of handling French Canadian farmer trade. Good wages, steady employment for the right man. Address Lock Box L, Argyle, Minn.

Though the brick work on the court house has been completed, Contractor Johnson's men are still at work in the building. Mr. Johnson having secured the contract for doing the brick work in connection with the installation of the heating plant.

Crookston College is the oldest and largest school in the Northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "A Yard of Success." Address J. C. Sathro, Crookston, Minn. tf

The "Country Boys" and the "North Siders" met on the north side diamond Sunday afternoon. The "Country Boys" won the game by the kind of a score Dad's 'nine used to make—41 to 22.

Nels K. Nelson of Thief River Falls, who has filed for the Republican nomination for county auditor, was getting acquainted with Red Lake Falls people Tuesday evening and Wednesday morning.

Miss Crompe returned yesterday morning from Crookston where she had been visiting with her sister, Mrs. S. Hall. She was accompanied by Mrs. Hall and the baby who are visiting at the Crompe home.

Schreiter's drug stock has been moved to the new location and work on the remodeling of the corner building is to be commenced soon. It will be occupied by the Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls.

K. O. Gigtad threshed out a field of wheat the first of the week that yielded thirty-two bushels to the acre of no. 1 hard. This was without doubt the finest crop of wheat raised in this section.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

Miss Louise Twinam is visiting friends in town this week. Miss Twinam, who has taught in the city schools here four years and was principal of the high school last year, is to be principal of the high school at Thief River this year.

Four years ago Mary Martin left the graded school to attend a business school and took shorthand and bookkeeping. She has held a good position and is now considering a $1,500 offer as private secretary. Assure yourself the same success by taking a course in the Commercial Normal School, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Iver A. Krohn of Shevlin, candidate for the Republican nomination for representative, was in town this week getting acquainted with the voters. Mr. Krohn made a good impression here. He is making a vigorous campaign and he stands an excellent chance of landing the nomination.

Fred Zeh, a former resident of Red Lake Falls, now residing at Missoula, Montana, has been visiting with relatives and numerous friends in this city this week. Mr. Zeh lived here a number of years ago and worked on the Gazette at a time when the paper was puplished by Phil. A. Kaufer.

Mrs. J. P. Harren and Miss Rose Harren have returned from Grand Forks to which city they were summoned because of the critical illness of Mrs. Harren's sister, Mrs. Colerton. Mrs. Colerton is much improved and her daughter, who was also critically ill, has been able to leave the hospital.

F. S. Taylor, examiner of national banks, was in town yesterday to examine the articles of incorporation and other records of the recently organized Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls. He found everything in proper form and the new bank will be ready to open for business as soon as the improvements on the building are made.

Ernest E. Fletcher of Langdon, N. Dak., is here for a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Fletcher. Ernest has been in the law office of his brother-in-law, W. A. McIntyre, at Langdon for some time and has decided to take a course at the law school of the North Dakota University. He will go to Grand Forks the last of the month for the opening of school.

Walter McAndress finished his wheat and oats stacking Tuesday. The wheat looks to be a very fair crop of fine quality of wheat but it is strange how it could have amounted to anything in view of the fact that you can see the marks of the harrow, where the field was given its last harrowing last spring, as there has not been enough rain this season to wash them out. Surely this country can stand drouth. —Sunbeam

C. D. Hall, whose farm is near Oklee, the new Soo town in eastern Red Lake county, was attending to business matters in town yesterday. Mr. Hall says that the construction of the railroad means much to his country and he is enthusiastic over the prospects for the future. The advantage of railroad facilities means that the country will develop much more rapidly.

Judge Ira C. Richardson held probate court at Thief River Falls Saturday for the purpose of the examination of Miss Frances Eisbrener, a young lady 22 years old residing in Deer Park, as to her sanity. Miss Eisbrener was adjudged insane and was taken to the hospital at Fergus Falls by Deputy Nelson Saturday night. The unfortunate young lady has been ill for several months and it is believed that insanity is the result of her illness.

Talk To People When Their Minds Are Receptive....

Talk to them in the evening after they have cast aside the cares of the day.

For this purpose ELECTRIC ADVERTISING is irresistable.

Measured by results Electric Advertising is the cheapest of all forms of advertising, when using an electric sign.

See us about it.

Red River Power Company

Phane 18--2. Red Lake Fall, Minn.

Christ Bjerk of St. Hilaire was in town today.

H. H. Zaiser is spending the week in the twin cities.

Wanted—Girl for general house work—Mrs. M. Christensen.

Mrs. V. M. Hall of Grand Forks is visiting with friends in town.

Miss McAnulty returned today from Crookston where she has been visiting with friends.

Mrs. Fred Marotte, who has been visiting at the home of her brother, James Hance, for a week, returned to her home at Crookston yesterday.

Mrs. Anna Labree, who has been a guest at the home of her brother, James Hance, for a month, left yesterday for her home at Superior, Wis.

Henry Diebel from Long Prairie, formerly owner of the Thief River sash and door factory, was attending to business matters in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Quesnelle and little daughter from Rainy River are visiting at the home of Mrs. Quesnelle's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Helm.

T. A. Crompe will leave Saturday on a visit to his old home in the east. He will visit in New York state and eastern Canada and will be gone a month. It has been over twenty-six years since Mr. Crompe visited his old home and he is anticipating a very pleasant visit.

O. N. Skomedahl, whose farm joins the townsite of the new town of Oklee in eastern Red Lake county, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Skomedahl is very enthusiastic over the prospects for the growth of his town and the development of the country since the road has gone through. Mr. Skomedahl is a candidate for the appointment as postmaster at the new town.

MEAT MARKET SOLD

People From Alpha, Minn., Purchased Falls Meat Market Yesterday.

The Falls Meat Market was sold yesterday, A. G. Croshong selling to Samuel D. Cambell and W. E. Baum of Alpha, Minn. Just the building and equipment were sold, Mr. Croshong still having his residence and other property in the city and county. The new proprietors and their families will arrive the last of the month and will take possession about Sept. 20. The new proprietors are experienced in the business and there is no doubt that they will do a prosperous business.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Frank Pribyl.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Frank Pribyl, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Rev. Francis Pribyl, John F. Pribyl and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent:

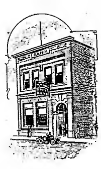
The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of September, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of Said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this first day of September, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

(Court Seal.)

F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner. 81-15



Merchants State Bank

of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000

Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank

RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

CONCERT TOMORROW

Band Boys Will Give an Open Air Concert Tomorrow Evening.

The band boys will give a concert on the street Friday evening. Director Brunelle has prepared a program of good numbers and if the evening is pleasant no doubt many will be out to enjoy the good music.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Representative.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Representative from the 61st legislative district. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to work for a just reapportionment of the state into legislative districts, for a one mill tax for good roads and for other needs of northern Minnesota as enumerated in the resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association.—NOEL DELORME.

For Judge of Probate.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Judge of Probate and solicit your support and vote at the primary election to be held Sept. 20, 1910.—WM. HOLBERG.

For County Auditor.

I fully intended entering another vocation and had no intention of filing for the office of County Auditor but have been constantly and repeatedly urged to become a candidate for the office by your township and school officials and other men throughout the county with whom I have come into close contact through my relations with them as County Auditor. I have therefore decided to enter the race for County Auditor on the Republican ticket at the primaries to be held September 20.

Having been appointed by your county board May 15, 1909, to fill the unexpired term of the late John B. O'Brien, deceased, I have conducted the affairs of the office to the best of my ability since that time.

I will appreciate the vote and support at the coming primaries of all those who believe I am worthy of filling this responsible position and promise you that if nominated and elected I will conduct the affairs of the office in an honest and impartial manner the same as I have in the past.

Respectfully,

A. A. Latendresse

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......

Representing the

CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE

Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.

Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children

Resident Office and Hospital at

Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.02
Durum	.83
Rye	.61
Oats	.26
Flax	2.28
Barley	.52
Potatoes, new	1.00
Eggs	.16
Butter, dairy	.20

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn tf

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1893

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 50

FINE SHOWING OF BANK DEPOSITS

$526,000.60 on Deposit in the Two Banks of Red Lake Falls.

Yet Thief River Falls Papers Say Local People Are on the Rocks.

More than half a million dollars is on deposit in the two banks of Red Lake Falls. To be exact the figures are $526,288.88 as shown by the quarterly statements published in this issue of the Gazette.

Isn't that a fine showing for a city no larger than Red Lake Falls to make and there has not been a report for the past two years that has not shown at least half a million dollars on deposit in the banks.

Every one admits that nothing indicates the prosperity of the community more accurately than the deposits of its banks.

During the past few months the Thief River papers have repeatedly referred to Red Lake Falls as the village whose people are on the verge of bankruptcy. Of course they are just knocking, but just for fun the Gazette will make a comparison. At no time have the total deposits in Thief River Falls' four banks been $800,000.00 and yet they say they have 6000 people and the "village of Red Lake Falls" has less than 2000 people.

Even if Thief River people were no more prosperous than are the people of Red Lake Falls they ought to have at least $1,500,000 in bank deposits.

The Gazette does not believe that the people of Thief River Falls are living on husks, but knocking the "village of Red Lake Falls" is a mighty poor county division argument.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall on August 18th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present except Hunt.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Wm. Beausoleil, street work,	$10.63
John Drier, street work	21.00
Otto Zaiser, per diem as street com'r	9.00
Red River Power company, lighting for July 1910	72.40
Red Lake Falls Gazette, printing,	12.30
Red Lake Falls Gazette, printing	42.55

On motion duly carried the Liquor License of Latendresse Bros. was granted.

On motion duly carried the City Clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for the repairing of the Clearwater bridge.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Aproved this 6th day of September, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.
Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall August 4th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Henry Demarais, street work	$6.38
John Drier, street work	29.50
Geo. Cyr, drying and reeling fire hose	1.00
Henry Demarais, clearing and removing rubbish from Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, Block 3, C. & D. Addition	45.00
Henry Demarais, street work	3.00
Henry Demarais, street work	17.00

The liquor license bond of Geo. Cyr with Theo. LaBissoniere and Joseph Cyr as sureties was on motion duly carried, approved.

Resolved that the sum of Five Dollars be granted to Mrs. H. Benoit out of the Poor Fund as special aid in addition to her monthly allowance and that the city clerk and the mayor be authorized to issue an order on said fund for that amount. Resolution prevailed.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 24th day of August, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.
Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., for the repairing of the Clearwater bridge in said city according to the plans on file in the office of the city clerk of said city.

The city council of said city will meet at the city hall on Thursday, the 29th day of September, 1910, at 8 o'clock p. m., to consider such bids as shall be submitted and to award contract for same. All bids must be filed with the city clerk at or before the hour of meeting.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite other bids.

A certified check of not less than $25.00 must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, this 6th day of September, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal, City of Red Lake Falls.)

A VERY GOOD REASON

Why Anton Peterson Opposes County Division.

Anton Peterson of Wyandotte was in town Saturday and called at the Gazette office because he said he wished to go on record as opposed to county division and wished to make a statement to that effect. If there is no other reason for voting against county division than that given by Mr. Peterson it is reason enough why every voter in the county, except possibly the residents of Thief River Falls, should vote against division. Mr. Peterson said:

"If the county is divided we farmers would do well to move out because taxes would be so high that we could not afford to stay. If the county is divided we will have to pay the price of Thief River Falls' fun. Our farmers are wise to the fact that the only return we would get for voting for county division is higher taxes and we are going to vote against division."

SOAKING RAIN

Heavy Rain Fell Here Monday Morning.

More rain fell on Monday than in many months during the summer. There was a heavy rain early in the morning and another heavy rain commencing at noon and continuing for more than an hour.

The rain extended over the whole of the Red River valley and will result in much benefit. The fall plowing can be handled much easier. Many surface wells have gone dry and much difficulty has been experienced in getting water for traction engines. The rains will relieve those conditions somewhat. However, a number of good rains before it freezes up would be welcomed.

Storing Seed Corn.

Seed corn must be thouroughly dry before freezinng weather. The same day seed corn is husked, put it in a room where there is a good circulation of air. Have each ear free of contact with other ears, so air can circulate about it freely. An attic over a room in which there is a fire is a good place for seed corn. During dry, warm days, leave the windows open. On wet days and as soon as the weather gets cool, close the windows.

Extension Bulletin No. 9, which may be had for the asking, describes several convenient methods for hanging up seed corn so that each ear is free of other ears and in a position to dry out rapidly.

For Extention Bulletin send name and address to Extention Division, University Farm, St. Paul, Minn.

Good Country Here.

Wm. McFadden—I was up through the northern part of the state a few days ago to see about hay, and I tell you, the country up there looks good to me. The big state ditches have done good work, and I never saw as much hay anywhere as there is there. The people who think that hay is going to sell for $15 or $20 per ton this winter ought to take a trip up through that section. I was at Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls and up through Roseau county, and the country in that vicinity is going to be the finest dairy section to be found anywhere. The land produces everything that is needed for successful dairying, and produces it in abundance. I can see no reason why settlers should go further west or into Canada while the northern part of our state offers such opportunities as are to be found there.—Fergus Journal.

WILL BE A FINE CORNER

Farmers National Bank People Will Improve Their Building.

Last week the contract was let for the remodeling of the Lemieux block, the building purchased by the new Farmers National Bank for a banking house.

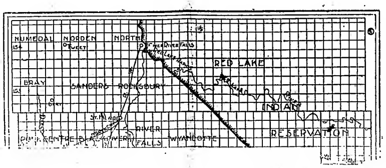
The contract was let to James Brady and it is probable that Contractor Johnson who did the brick work on the court house will do the brick work on this building.

A new pressed brick front will be put in with two oval top plate glass windows on the east front and two on the north. The interior will also be fixed up in an attractive manner with steel walls and ceiling and tiled floor in the lobby. Fine bank fixtures will be put in and a burglar alarm device will be connected with the vault.

It will take several weeks to do the work. It is probable that the new bank will open for business about the first of November.

MORE REASONS FOR OPPOSITION

The People of the Townships of Polk Centre, Black River, River Falls, Wyandotte, Mayfield and Deer Park Will Have "Trouble Enough" if the County is Divided.



There is not a farmer in Red Lake county who will not be a loser if the county is divided. They cannot afford to divide, especially at this time. Because of the limited population and property valuation of the county the land would be "taxed out of sight" and the development of the county retarded for many years to come—if the proposed county is established.

There is no getting around that propositon—and there is no comparison with small counties in the southern part of the state where there is twice as much property and twice as many people in an equal amount of territory.

Every farmer who favors division, and even the one who is neutral, is fighting himself, for this is a farmers' fight. Red Lake Falls has little to lose by the division of the county—we would still be the county seat of Red Lake county and its commercial center—and the only people to gain by division are certian property owners of the city of Thief River Falls. It's your fight, Mr. Farmer. We are with you in the fight, but don't forget that only your votes and your efforts will protect your interests.

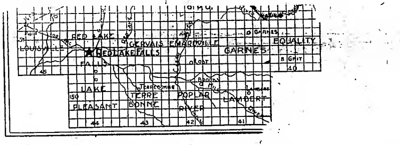
The farmers of the townships of Polk Centre, Black River, River Falls, Wyandotte, Mayfield and Deer Park, for more reasons than any others, should be opposed to division. The county line, if division should carry, will split each of these towns in two, with 24 sections north of the line and 12 south. More than that, in many places school districts will be split up.

Fractions of townships will have to be reorganized. The same applies to school districts and you fellows on that line will have a nice lot of trouble on hand if you let those Thief River fellows work you.

And on top of it all you will have your load of taxes—as if that were not enough.

The Gazette believes that every farmer in those six townships will not only be opposed to county division, but will be an aggressive campaigner against division.

If there is a single man in that territory who has not come to that way of thinking, he should do some long thinking right away quick and get onto the job.



WHAT IS AN INSURGENT? ASKS PAUL PRY

Insurgency Is a Coat that Should be Worn at Home as Well as Away.

John Lind Still Has 'Em Guessing—Other Comment.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Sept. 6—Whether there is to be a real primary contest in St. Paul or not for the Republican nomination remains to be seen. But at all events Hugh Halbert has filed in opposition to Fred Stevens. It is said that Mr. Halbert will have orators from without the state come to his aid—Pinchot, Garfield and others with whom he has been hobnobbing and love-feasting. If only the colonel could be induced to say a friendly word.

An Outspoken Progressive.

Hugh has these many moons been a thorn in the side of the St. Paul political machine. He really has both ideas and an opinion that there should be some principal in politics. Naturally this notion is scoffed at by Dar Reese and other militant leaders to whom politics presents attractions only in proportions to what there is in them. Of course, therefore, the Republican machine will be for Stevens and the brewers will be for Stevens and the railroads will be for Stevens as they always have been. And as Stevens is an "independent regular" and never too independent when the party has need for him, he will no doubt be in a position to reciprocate favors. So that, all things considered, Halbert comes pretty near going up against the real thing—the more so as Ramsey county voters have acquired the habit of letting the "boys" look after the primaries, which indeed the "boys" take great delight in doing.

Almost Too Considerate.

"When people wake" of course it will be different. Up to date they have only begun to rub their eyes and see dimly. Possibly "Teddy" may shake them up some more. But it's pretty late, and there may also be some question whether Mr. Halbert's candidacy is strenuous enough to awake enthusiasm. It's noted that in his preliminary address he goes out of his way to compliment the man he is seeking to drive out of his seat and to say in what respect he holds him. Which, of course, is very nice parlor politics; but if Fred Stevens hasn't been representing the voters of St. Paul in backing up the reactionaries and helping Cannon out, politically he is deserving of censure—not expressions of respect. This way of going into a fight with kid gloves isn't going to draw blood.

An Alternative.

Nevertheless there is no reason why any progressive Republican should despare, for after all Progressive Republicans have only adopted the policies which the Democratic party has been advocating for years—even supposing Mr. Halbert fails to land the Republican nomination. For there is Mr. John L. Gieskie who has filed on the Democratic ticket. Moreover the people would probably be much better served if Mr. Gieskie was elected than were Mr. Halbert the fortunate contestee. It is practically admitted at Washington that the next house will be Democratic and a Democrat would be more apt to have influence in shaping legislation directed by a Democratic speaker than even an insurgent Republican.

Where is Clapp At?

I understand that in Kansas, in Iowa and especially in Wisconsin Moses Clapp is posing as the anointed leader of the progressive Republicans of Minnesota. In the latter state he is boosting LaFollette to beat the band; in Iowa he is for Dolliver and the insurgent candidate for congress, and in Kansas he is patting Bristow on the back. And I was just wondering whether he will find time or will have the inclination to say a word in this campaign for Hugh Halbert who has all along been an insurgent and a progressive where it has cost something. Clapp votes here. Will he even vote here for the forward policy which he is preaching in Iowa?

Insurgents Appeal to the Junior Senator in Vain.

Clapp has already put his foot down on progressive Republicans in the First District. There he has announced himself for Tawney, the supporter of Cannon and Aldrich and the bedfellow of Payne and "Jim" Sherman. In another district there is trouble and it is a district in which, if in any in the state, Clapp has influence and his word will go a long way. There one of staunchest Progressives in Congress, Lindbergh, is having the fight of his life against the machine politicians who have put up McGarry. It does appear to me a little singular that Lindbergh's plight does not appeal to Clapp when he has so much sympathy and support to lavish on LaFollette, on Dolliver and on Bristow, any one of whom may be confidently relied upon to look out for himself. Where help is not specially needed, however, is where Clapp is most eager to rush to the fray. Here where insurgency is in a very bad way, he turns his back upon it; here he does not stop to give the insurgent candidate a sly dig in the ribs. And no doubt he will come to St. Paul next week to bask in the smiles of the great. Leave Mose alone for getting into the spotlight.

Contrasting Messages.

President Taft has written a letter during the past week. Roosevelt has been talking. Both have broken into print. The people are making comparisons. Incidentally the people aren't doing any guessing as to where Roosevelt stands. The president still holds to the opinon that the tariff is the best ever, but is willing to admit that it might be better. Neither he or Roosevelt however have got to where they are willing to go in for a tariff that will appreciably reduce the people's burdens and give the poor man a chance to live. Even if they did no Republican Congress that could be elected could reduce the tariff appreciably. The Republican leaders are tied up to the interests—manufacturing and others—where they can't get away. And the Insurgent leaders have helped the people realize that. That is why the next congress is going to be Democratic.

Conserving Capital.

Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Hill are reported to favor a bureau in the Conservation Congress devoted to the conservation of capital, which indeed is no joke. Capital—the accumulated earnings of the poeple should be conserved. Whether or not it should be conserved in the hands of Mr. J. Pierepont Morgan, in which it now resides as agent for the associated interests, is of course another question altogether which might well be threshed out in a Conservation Congress.

Of Course he Agrees.

Governor Eberhart has this week been in town long enough to say to an inquiring reporter that he indorses every word Col. Roosevelt uttered in his Osawatomie speech. Among other things President Roosevelt said:

"One of the fundamental necessities is a representative government such as ours is to make certain that the men to whom the people delegate their power shall serve the people by whom they are selected, and not the special interestes. I believe that every national officer, elected or appointed, should be forbidden to perform any service or receive any compensation direct or indirectly from interstate corporations; and a similar provision could not fail to be useful within the states."

Possibly next week the governor may take time to explain why he insisted on turning over the Republican State organization into the hands of Ed. Smith, notorious throughout the state as being for years the special legislative agent of the interests whom Roosevelt says have no business mixing and muddling in politics.

Good Men to the Front.

The filings in the several districts indicates a keen contest for legislative positions. There hasn't been so full a filing in years and there has't in recent years been so many desireable candidates. While the Democrats of course do not expect to control in either branch there is an excellent prospect that the representation will be increased. This has resulted from the fact that men have been nominated whom the people respect. This is the right thing to do. Only the best men can serve the people effectively. For better not be represented at all than to be represented by a man who is always ready to sell out to the highest bidder.

Still in the Twilight.

There is still no special word from Lind, but nobody seems to be worrying over that. The general impression is that he will be the candidate; in which event there can be of course, no question as to the result. The same word comes from all parts of the state.

Mr. Lind has only to say the word. The call is not confined to any faction or party. It is both general and earnest. It is difficult to see how anyone with proper sense of his responsibilities as a citizen can resist such a demand.

—PAUL PRY.

INTERESTING CASE

Case of Mickelson vs. Brevig Before Judge Watts Monday.

Judge Wm. Watts was here Monday to hear arguments in the case of Mickelson vs. Brevig. However, the case was not disposed of, it being continued until the October term.

This is a case that is attracting considerable interest. The facts seem to be that Mickelson secured a judgement against Brevig for $600, but just prior to the time when the judgement was secured Brevig conveyed to his wife. Mickelson brings suit to have the conveyance declared illegal, contending it was made to defraud ceditors. If the conveyance is set aside the judgament will be lien against the land.

Old Settlers Day.

The members of the Polk county Old Settlers' association have designated October 7th as old stetlers' day and have arranged for an old settiers' meeting on that day to be one of the attractions of the Polk county fair. All old setlers are invited to meet with the with the Polk county old settlers on that day.

ARE MOVING LAMBERT

Many of the Business Places Going to New Town of Oklee.

The construction of the new Soo line gives the little inland town of Lambert a hard rap. Most of the Lambert business people will move to the new town of Oklee and some of the stores are being moved this week.

One store and a hotel will remain and there is also a good creamery and a fine church, so it will still be something of a trade center and no doubt its few people will prosper because they live in a fine country. However, it is not probable that the town will grow.

Will Do Good Work.

Having purchased the Puschinsky blacksmith shop, I wish by this means to solicit a share of your patronage. Horseshoeing and all blacksmith work will have my careful attention and I assure you that your work will be well done. Come in and see me.—J. B. Kingsley.

SOME EXCITING HUNTS FOR BEAR

Gilbert Fitzer Killed a Big One on the Abell Farm Last Week.

Hunting Party Got One Near Perrault Station Monday Morning.

There are still a number of black bears in the country. They are being seen frequently and occasionally one is killed.

Last Thursday a big one was killed on the Abell farm in Terrebonne township. Bruin had been in the neighborhood for some time. Miss Abell saw him Wednesday and reported to the men. Thursday morning when the men went into the field, Gilbert Fitzer took a rifle with him, prepared for big game, and he was rewarded for his trouble.

Bruin was seen at a distance of about half a mile headed for a cornfield where he had partaken of a hearty meal the previous day. Fitzer says that when he first saw the bear he looked like a dog, but as he got nearer he looked as big as a cow. When the bear got within range Fitzer fired, but the shot went wild. Bruin stood up and took a survey of the country and then he looked as big as several cows. Fitzer got hold of his nerve, gave it a yank, and fired again. Bruin did a bear dance and some other fancy stunts and then fell over dead. The bullet had passed through the bear's back.

It was the first real live wild bear that Fitzer had ever seen. He did not know that bears' meat is a table delicacy so after the hide had been removed bruin's remains were interred with solemn ceremony and some rejoicing.

The bear weighed three hundred pounds. He was a big, lanky fellow, the kind that would weigh five hundred pounds when ready to go into winter quarters.

Another bear was killed south of town, near Perrault station, Monday. Geo. Hanson saw the bear in his cornfield Monday morning and notified a number of the men of the neighborhood. A hunting party was organized and thirteen men engaged in the chase. The hunt continued all day. The bear was seen several times and everybody had a shot at him, but bruin kept the whole crowd on the jump until late in the afternoon. Wm. Purath got in the shot that did the business just before supper time. The bear was killed north of the grove on the Glass farm.

The members of the party divided the bear meat among themselves and traded the hide to Geo. Hanson for a pot of porridge and trimmings and celebrated bruin's capture. The bear weighed two hundred and fifty pounds.

It is reported that a bear was killed east of Brooks last week, but the Gazette has not learned the name of the mighty huntsman who bagged the big game.

Another Bear Story.

There was great excitement in town last evening when a black bear was reported seen near the slaughter house. Two of our crack shots quickly conveyed themselves to the spot and there surely enough was old bruin. They opened fire and after about thirty rounds had been fired old bruin gave up the battle and surrendered. The hunters rushed on the fallen hero with drawn knives prepared to take no chances on the bear playing possum. On arriving on the spot they gave one look and fled into the woods and returned home after dark. Some boys had made a dummy and the deception worked nicely. During the bombardment the youngsters were hid in the brush and watched the fun and say it was lots of sport.—Fertile Journal.

Puschinsky Shop Sold.

The Puschinsky blacksmith shop was this week sold to J. B. Kingsley and the new owner is already in possession. Mr. Kingsley comes from Nebraska. He has the reputation of being a first class workman and no doubt he will do a good business.

A stockbroker who had his new forty horsepower automobile delivered to him the other day decided to celebrate the occasion, the market being dull, says the New York Sun, by a run on the country roads. To be on the safe side on his gasoline supply he decided to stop at a garage to have the tank filled. As it was being measured out he turned to his son, a sturdy chap of six, who had followed him inside the garage, to impress upon him the danger of gasoline. Calling him by name, he said, "You would go straight to heaven if I put a match to that gasoline."

Looking his father straight in the eyes, the boy replied, "And where would you go, dad?"

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Gifford Pinchot, former head of the government forest service said that the loss of property and life in the recent and present forest fires was unnecessary.

J. H. Miner, of Phillipson, Mass., and Frank C. Magruder of Webb City, Mo., have been appointed engineers on the Grand Valley project in Colorado and the Belle Fourche project, South Dakota respectively.

Honduras officially has invited Dr. Madriz, the deposed president of the Nicaraguan government at Managua, to move on. This information was received at the state department from its diplomatic representatives.

As a final chapter to the story of the murder of William R. Boggs, Jr., son of General William R. Boggs of Winston-Salem, N. C., in Durango, Mex., in November, 1907, the state department has just been advised by its consular representative at Durango, that Jesus Monarres had been sentenced to death and Emilio Montenegro to imprisonment for ten years for the murder of Boggs.

Estimating the cost of the experiment at about $100,000, the war department officials have declined requests to order a bombardment of the skies by all its guns on Puget Sound and at the mouth of the Columbia river in an effort to bring on rain in the burning forest district of the Northwest. In addition to the objection of cost, the army officials regarded the proposal as certain to prove futile.

Foreign.

The workmen's federation of Bilbao, Spain, proclaimed a general strike throughout Spain.

The Associated press is permitted to state Korean sovereignty has ceased and that Mutsuhito, emperor of Japan, will become absolute ruler of Korea, when the agreement between Emperor Yi Syek of Korea and Mutsuhito takes place.

The text of the convention under which Korea is annexed to Japan was communicated to the representatives of the powers. The document, which was signed August 22, will be effective when officially promulgated. This will be, according to some of the ministers, August 29, or August 30, when the independent existence of the Hermit Kingdom, the struggle for whose control started the Russo-Japanese war, will cease.

Lisbon (Portugal) newspapers print alarming reports of an alleged plot of the clerical party for the overthrow of the Portuguese government and the establishment of a military dictatorship. The Secla says the clerical party's strong and growing dissatisfaction with the liberal policy of the government has culminated in the organization of a revolution to overthrow the administration, seize its members and set up a military dictatorship, the first object of which will be to stamp out the republicans.

General.

Colorado has just broken all records for cold weather in August.

Roosevelt declares the old guard will get all the fighting they want.

The revolutionary army in Nicaragua is close to the gates of the capital.

Opposition has developed in Nicaragua to the presidential claim of Estrada.

Mayor Gaynor, New York, shot by a would-be assassin, is now considered out of danger.

Roosevelt has been asked to use his good offices in settling mine-workers' troubles in Illinois.

A revised tabulation of deaths in the forest fires of the northwest places the number at 203.

One New York county instructed for Roosevelt for temporary chairman of the state convention.

After selecting Atlanta, Ga., as the next meeting place and electing officers, the league of American municipalities, which has been in session in St. Paul, Minn., adjourned.

"Dr." James Alexander Dowie and "The Rev. Bishop" Schrader, who have been practicing "divine healing" and proselyting for a strange religious cult in St. Joseph, Mo., were arrested by the police.

at Spa, Ky., David Coursey dug up a box containing $500 in gold and notes which were buried during the civil war. All were in good condition.

Personal.

President Taft will favor a further revision of the tariff.

Senator Warner of Missouri does not desire re-election.

President Roosevelt makes a speech in Omaha Sept. 2.

Roosevelt delivered his first address on his western tour at Utica, N. Y.

There is fear of great loss of life in the forest fires of the west.

The wife of Jack Cudahy, Kansas City, has been given a divorce.

Mr. and Mrs. "Jack" Cudahy have been legally separated by the courts.

The mayor of El Paso, Tex., was killed by a falling wall during a fire.

President Taft will make a trip to the Isthmus of Panama in November.

The name of Senator Owen was brought into the Indian contract cases.

Congressman McKinlay declares the next house will have a republican majority.

President Taft is to wash his hands of the New York political row.

Mr. Roosevelt was given a western welcome in Nebraska and Iowa.

There is a strong sentiment in New York in favor of Gaynor for governor.

Senator La Follette is directing his campaign from his farm home.

The daughter of Governor Haskell of Oklahoma will study for the stage.

Forest fires are on the increase in the west, attended with much loss of life.

General Estrada will assume the post of provisional president of Nicaragua.

Banker Lillis says he will not marry former Mrs. Jack Cudahy—or any other woman.

The Ohio state fair will be held at Columbus, notwithstanding the street railway strike.

The constitutional amendment proposition was carried in the late Nebraska primary.

Alarming reports of a plot to overthrow the Portuguese government are printed in Lisbon.

Ex-President Roosevelt is now on his 5,000 mile journey. He will be in Omaha September 2.

Many lives were lost and much property destroyed in the forest fires of Idaho and Montana.

Roosevelt on arrival in Omaha, was met by his son Archie, who has been hunting in the Dakotas.

Great Britain's new battleship, the Lion, is to be the biggest and fastest naval fighter in the world.

Washington officials are convinced that incendiaries are responsible for the northwest forest fires.

It is likely that at least one hundred people have lost their lives in the forest fires of the west.

Colonel Roosevelt is expected to give voice to some burning thoughts on his trip through the west.

An insane Pullman passenger killed the porter and badly wounded another man on a Kansas train.

The house committee finished its investigation of the Gore charges and will report to the next congress.

Should the democrats control the next house they will have a taste of insurgency in their own ranks.

At Sharon, Pa., at a bedside, taking the temperature of a patient, Dr. Samuel C. Johnson dropped dead.

Interesting light on the Illinois Central car repair swindle was given by a witness at the Chicago hearing.

The war and navy departments have declined to fire big guns in an effort to bring rain in the northwest.

Gov. Shallenberger of Nebraska accepts Dahlman's plan to waive legal technicalities and recount entire state vote.

Captain, D. J. McGuire of the Lincoln (Neb.) police force died of heart failure while driving the patrol wagon.

On his own admission, Governor Campbell will not stand by the platform demands of the Galveston democratic state convention.

Mrs. Russell A. Alger of Michigan, widow of the late Secretary Alger, has sailed for Europe, where she will remain for several months.

Vice President Sherman before a company of St. Louis republicans at a dinner declared that there are no insurgents in the republican party.

The postmaster general has accepted the proposal of Mrs. Lina F. Sawyer to lease present quarters of station C of Lincoln postoffice for ten years.

The bullet wound in Mayor Gaynor's neck has healed on the outside and the irritation of the throat caused by granulation on the inside has ceased.

General George W. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the united confederate veterans, has been renominated for congress by the democrats of the tenth district of Tennessee.

By the death of Mrs. Flora L. Dotter, who died at her home in South Orange, N. J., the bulk of her estate estimated to be worth $1,000,000, will go to the Tuskegee Institute.

The Estrada government in Nicaragua is tottering to a fall.

John Arbuckle, the millionaire coffee king, philanthropist and inventor, it is said, will be one of the bidders for the contract of raising the ill-fated battleship Maine, in Havana harbor.

In a midnight duel in a cottage in King City (Cal.) between Frederick W. Becker and N. F. Tognazzini, both residents of that town, Becker was killed and Mrs. Becker and her father, W. D. Fowler, were wounded.

The French newspapers print laudatory sketches of the late Prof. William James, whose death they consider will cause a great loss to philosophy. The Temps points out that Prof. James exercised an immeasurable influence over contemporaneous French thought.

Booker T. Washington, the negro educator, under the guidance of officials of the Anti-Slavery Aborigines' Protection society, toured the east end of London to observe the conditions existing among the poorer classes. He will visit Andrew Carnegie at Skibo before proceeding to the continent.

The Osage Indian tribe, worth $20,000 apiece, has been found a rich field for effort on the part of lawyers.

Informal announcement was made that the strike of cloak-makers in New York has been settled and the strikers are expected to return to work at once.

An agreement was entered into by Harry J. Bone, United States attorney, and Fred S. Jackson, attorney general of Kansas, by which the federal and state governments will work together for the elimination of the bootlegger in Kansas.

The British cruiser Bedford went on the rocks off the coast of Korea, and eighty-one lives were lost.

Workmen doing street work on Lake street in the very center of Reno, Nev., uncovered a ten-foot ledge of copper. Several hundred pounds of the metal was extracted.

The pope received in private audience in the hall of consistory a group of 150 Americans, including a delegation of fifty members of the Knights of Columbus. The delegation was conducted by Rev. M. J. McGivney of Middletown, Conn., national chaplain of the Knights of Columbus.

KEEP THE NAVY EFFICIENT AND FORTIFY THE CANAL

Former President Roosevelt's Advice to the Nation in Speech at Omaha--Discusses the Magnitude and Success of the Vast Work in Panama.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 2.—Two topics, closely related, furnished the theme for a vigorous but rather brief address by Col. Theodore Roosevelt here today. These were the efficiency of our navy as demonstrated by the world tour of the battleship fleet, and the digging of the Panama canal and necessity for fortifying that great waterway. The colonel was received cordially by the people of Omaha and his audience was large and enthusiastic. His address follows:

In traveling in Europe last spring one thing which especially struck me was the fact that the two feats which made the deepest impression abroad were the cruise of the battle fleet around the world, and the digging of the Panama Canal. These were the two feats to be credited to the American people during the past decade which had most profoundly and favorably affected foreign judgment of America during that time. Such judgment depends not in the least upon what people say they can do, but what they actually do: upon their willingness to meet responsibilities, and the success of their efforts to meet them.

Must Have Efficient Navy.

Now, there is no use of a nation claiming to be a great nation unless it is prepared to play a great part. A nation such as ours cannot possibly play a great part in international affairs, cannot expect to be treated as a weight in either the Atlantic or the Pacific, or to have its voice as to the Monroe doctrine, or the management of the Panama Canal, heeded, unless it has a strong and thoroughly efficient navy. Within the last decade the American navy has been about trebled in strength, and much more than trebled in efficiency, due to its extraordinary progress in marksmanship and maneuvering. So far from this increase in naval strength representing on our part either a menace of aggression to weaker nations or a menace of war to stronger nations, it has told most powerfully for peace. Everywhere in Europe the cruise of the battle fleet around the world was accepted, not only as an extraordinary feat, reflecting the highest honor upon our navy, but as one of the movements which tended markedly to promote peaceful stability in international relations. No nation regarded the cruise as fraught with any menace of hostility to itself; and yet every nation accepted it as a proof that we were not only desirous ourselves to keep the peace, but able to prevent the peace being broken at our expense. No cruise in any way approaching it has ever been made by any fleet of any other power; and the best naval opinion abroad had been that no such feat was possible, that is, that no such cruise as that we actually made could be undertaken by a fleet of such size without innumerable breakdowns and accidents. The success of the cruise, performed as it was without a single accident, immeasurably raised the prestige, not only of our fleet, but of our Nation; and was a distinct help to the cause of international peace.

As regards the Panama Canal, I really think that outside nations have a juster idea than our own people of the magnitude and success of the work. I wish our people realized what is being done on the Isthmus. If a man of intelligence who had never left this country asked me whether I would advise him to make a short trip to Europe, or a trip to the Panama Canal, I would, without hesitation, advise him to go to the Panama Canal. He would there see in operation the completing of one of the great feats of modern times. Colonel Goethals and the men working under him are rendering a service to this country which can only be paralleled in our past history by some of the services rendered in certain wars.

Wonderful Work on the Isthmus.

Six years ago last spring the American government took possession of the Isthmus. The first two years were devoted to the sanitation of the Isthmus, to assembling the plant and working force, and providing quarters, food, and water supplies. In all these points the success was extraordinary. From one of the plague-spots of the globe, one of the most unhealthy regions in the entire world, the Isthmus has been turned into a singularly healthy place of abode, where the death-rate is small and where hundreds of children are now being raised under as favorable conditions as in most parts of the United States. The quarters, food, and water supply are excellent, and the plant the best ever gathered for such a purpose. Active excavation on a large scale did not begin until January, 1907. Three years and a half have gone by since then, and three-fifths of the total excavation has already been accomplished. The amount taken out has passed anything which previous experience warranted us in believing to be possible. In 1908 and 1909 the monthly average of rock and earth removed was three million cubic yards, notwithstanding the fact that nine months of each year constituted a season of very heavy rainfall. There remains to be excavated only about sixty million cubic yards. If we could keep up the past average of excavation, this should be done in twenty months; but it is impossible to maintain such a ratio as the depth increases; for the output necessarily diminishes as the field of operation narrows. Still, it is certain that such a rate can be maintained as will enable the workers to finish the excavation considerably in advance of the date fixed for opening the canal, January 1, 1915. Indeed, I shall be surprised if the canal cannot be opened six months, or even a year in advance of the time set.

The work has two great features: The Culebra Cut, which I have been considering, and the great dam at Gatun. The latter is to imprison the waters of the Chagres and other streams into a lake with an area of 164 square miles. This work is advancing steadily, and just as successfully as the work on the Culebra Cut. The water which is ultimately to fill the lock is now flowing through the concrete spillway in the center of the dam, the Chagres having been diverted from its bed and placed under complete control. The construction of the dam has advanced sufficiently to convince the engineers in charge of the work of its absolute stability and imperviousness. The concrete work on the lock is advancing so rapidly that the first double-set at Gatun will be completed this coming November, and the engineer in charge has announced that all the concrete in all the locks will be in place two years hence. The date of final completion and formal opening of the canal to the commerce of the world will be determined by the time consumed in placing the great steel gates, emergency dams, and all appliances for operating the docks. But those in charge of the work announce without hesitation that everything will be finished well in advance of January 1, 1915.

Next Duty Is to Fortify It.

This is a stupendous record of achievement. As a people we are rather fond of criticising ourselves, and sometimes with very great justice; but even the most pessimistic critic should sometimes think of what is to our credit. Among our assets of the past ten years will be placed the extraordinary ability, integrity, and success with which we have handled all the problems inherited as the result of the Spanish war; the way we have handled ourselves in the Philippines, in Cuba, in Porto Rico, in San Domingo, and in Panama. The cruise of the battle fleet around the world was a striking proof that we had made good with the navy; and what we have done at Panama represents the accomplishment of one of the great feats of the ages. It is a feat which reflects the highest honor upon our country, and our gratitude is due to every man who has taken an honorable part in any capacity in bringing about its performance.

We now have a further duty to perform in connection with it, and that is to fortify it. We are in honor bound to fortify it ourselves, and only by so doing can we effectively guarantee its neutrality, and, moreover, effectively guarantee that it shall not be used against us. The chief material advantage—certainly one of the chief material advantages—which we shall gain by its construction is the way in which it will, for defensive purposes, double the power of the United States navy. To refuse to fortify it, and, above all, to consider for a moment such an act of utter weakness and folly as to invite other nations to step in and guarantee the neutrality of this purely American work (and thereby really to make it certain that in the event of war we should find the canal used against us as our fleets would be forbidden to pass through it, or else our opponents' fleets permitted to), would be to incur, and quite rightfully, the contempt of the world; it would mean the complete abandonment of the Monroe doctrine; it would be a wicked blow to our prestige on the Pacific; and, moreover, it would be in its essence treason to the destiny of the Republic.

OLD THEORY IS EXPLODED

Women Do Not Want Masterful Husbands Who Will Beat Them Now and Then.

When it comes to a question of disposition, says Robert Haven Schauffler, in his series of marriage articles now running in Success Magazine, 36 per cent. of the girls in the business world, stenographers, clerks, and so on, would like their husbands easy-going rather than masterful, as compared with 75 per cent. in the factories.

Readers of the first article in this series were perhaps surprised to find nobody demanding in her future husband what seems to many one of the indispensable qualifications for married happiness; that is the capacity for comradeship. Not one factory girl mentioned this quality and only a very few girls of business. One bookkeeper in St. Louis added as an afterthought:

"He must treat me as a companion; not as a doll baby." A railroad cashier was the only one to reason from actual experience:

"Say, I had an experience once that gave me a lesson! I was working in the signal tower and there was a man worked there with me. He was a good looking enough fellah. If I'd 'a' known him anywhere else, I might 'a' took him when he asked me.

"Thank goodness I was up there with him all day long and I had a chance to find out. That's the way to learn a man. If some of those girls that got married could stay all day with a man for awhile, every day in the week, there wouldn't be so many mismates.

"Oh, there wasn't nothin' really wrong with him, only when his line o' talk played out there wasn't anything more to say. We'd sit up there silent as owls. Say, maybe I wasn't glad when I got a transfer. If we'd been married now, it wouldn't have been so easy to get a transfer."

From the Farewell Address.

Of all the dispositions and habits which lead to political prosperity, religion and morality are indispensable supports. In vain would that man claim the tribute of patriotism who should labor to subvert these great pillars of human happiness, these firmest props of the duties of men and citizens. The mere politician, equally with the pious man, ought to respect and cherish them. A volume could not trace all their connections with private and public felicity. Let it simply be asked where is the security for property, for reputation, for life, if the sense of religious obligation desert the oaths which are the instruments of investigation in courts of justice? And let us with caution indulge the supposition that morality can be maintained without religion. Whatever may be conceded to the influence of refined education on minds of peculiar structure, reason and experience both forbid us to expect that national morality can prevail in exclusion of religious principle.—George Washington.

An aviator lives after falling 806 feet and landing in a field of oats. It might be well to raise more oats.

The Cost of a Soul.

A recent query sent out as to the cost of saving a soul in Chicago brought some interesting answers. It was found that the Mormons figured on spending $1,500 for every person converted, whereas the Volunteers of America set the cost as low as $5. These were the highest and lowest prices named.

Soaring Ambition.

When once ambition has passed its natural limit, its progress is boundless.—Seneca.

Montana City Holds Record.

Miles City, Montana, holds the record for variation in temperature. The highest temperature recorded there is 111 deg., which is within 8 deg. of the highest recorded in the United States. Miles City's lowest mark has been 67 deg. below zero, which is truly arctic. The range between these two extremes is 178 deg., which is a record.

The Yellow Fly.

There are butterflies and butterflies,
Alas, it makes us sigh;
'Tis only at our boarding house
We see the butterine fly.

SQUARE DEAL IN TARIFF IS WANTED

Roosevelt Discusses Very Live Topic in Sioux Falls.

SHOULD BE MATERIAL ISSUE

Former President Says Present Law is Not Satisfactory and Argues for an Efficient Tariff Commission.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Sept. 3.—Colonel Roosevelt arrived here at 4:30 this afternoon on his tour of the middle west, and his schedule provided for an all night stop. He made one address, taking for his topic the tariff and arguing earnestly for the creation of a tariff commission. He said:

Whenever men "just like ourselves—probably not much better, and certainly no worse—continually fail to give us the results we have a right to expect from their efforts, we may just as well make up our minds that the fault lies, not in their personality, but in the conditions under which they work, and profit comes, not from denouncing them, but in seeing that the conditions are changed. This is especially true of tariff-making. It has been conclusively shown, by experiments repeated again and again, that the methods of tariff-making, by congress, which have now obtained for so many years, cannot, from the very nature of the case bring really satisfactory results. I think that the present tariff is better than the last, and considerably better than the one before the last; but it has certainly failed to give general satisfaction. I believe this country is fully committed to the principle of protection; but it is to protection as a principle; to protection primarily in the interest of the standard of living of the American workingman. I believe that when protection becomes, not a principle, but a privilege and a preference—or, rather, a jumble of privileges and preferences—then the American people disapprove of it. Now, to correct the trouble, it is necessary, in the first place, to get in mind clearly what we want, and, in the next place, to get in mind clearly the method by which we hope to obtain what we want. What we want is a square deal in the tariff as in everything else; a square deal for the wage-earner; a square deal for the employer; and a square deal for the general public. To obtain it we must have a thoroughly efficient and well-equipped tariff commission.

The tariff ought to be a material issue and not a moral issue; but if instead of a square deal we get a crooked deal, then it becomes very emphatically a moral issue. What we desire in a tariff is such measure of protection as will equalize the cost of production here and abroad; and as the cost of production is mainly labor cost, this means primarily a tariff sufficient to make up for the difference in labor cost here and abroad. The American public wants the American laboring man put on an equality with other citizens, so that he shall have the ability to achieve the American standard of living and the capacity to enjoy it; and to do this we must see that his wages are not lowered by improper competition with inferior wage-workers abroad—with wage-workers who are paid poorly and who live as no Americans are willing to live. But the American public does not wish to see the tariff so arranged as to benefit primarily a few wealthy men.

Commission Is the Solution.

As a means toward the attainment of its end in view we have as yet devised nothing in any way as effective as a tariff commission. There should be a commission of well-paid experts; men who should not represent any industry; who should be masters of their subjects; of the very highest character; and who should approach the matter with absolute disregard of every outside consideration. These men should take up in succession each subject with which the tariff deals and investigate the conditions of production here and abroad; they should find out the facts and not merely accept the statements of interested parties; and they should report to congress on each subject as soon as that subject has been covered. Then action can be taken at once on the particular subject concerned, while the commission immediately proceeds to investigate another. By these means log-rolling would be avoided and each subject treated on its merits, while there would be no such shock to general industry as is implied in the present custom of making sweeping changes in the whole tariff at once. Finally, it should be the duty of some governmental department or bureau to investigate the conditions in the various protected industries, and see that the laborers really are getting the benefit of the tariff supposed to be enacted in their interest. Moreover, to insure good treatment abroad we should keep the maximum and minimum provision.

For Waterway Legislation, Also.

The same principle of a first-class outside commission should be applied to river and harbor legislation. At present a river and harbor bill, like a tariff bill, tends to be settled by a squabble among a lot of big selfish interests and little selfish interests, with scant regard to the one really vital interest that of the general public. In this matter the National legislature would do well to profit by the example of Massachusetts. Formerly Massachusetts dealt with its land and harbor legislation just as at Washington tariff and river and harbor laws have been dealt with; and there was just the same pulling and hauling, the same bargaining and log-rolling, the same subordination of the general interest to various special interests. Last year Governor Draper took up the matter, and on his recommendation the legislature turned the whole business over to a commission of experts; and all trouble and scandal forthwith disappeared. Incidentally, this seems to me to be a first-class instance of progressive legislation.

Foreign Students In France.

From returns recently made to the French ministry of public instruction, it appears that there are over five thousand foreign students enrolled in the albums of the national universities. All told there are 41,044 students enrolled, so of one hundred students eighty-seven are French and thirteen foreigners. Of the foreigners, 1,797 are women and 3,444 men. There are only 2,033 French women students; Russia sends 2,556 students; Bulgaria, 254; Roumania, 330; Turkey, 232; Germany, 314; Egypt, 267; England, 177; Austria-Hungary, 132; United States, 232. Nearly all the English contingent is studying letters. Most of the foreign students go to Paris.—London Globe.

Cigar Boxes for Pepper.

Connecticut is an enterprising state. Its chief products in the good old days before the pure food laws were wooden nutmegs and basswood hams. Now she boasts a philanthropist who was recently arrested for grinding up cigar boxes and selling the result as pepper.

Cut It, So to Speak.

If you have got anything on your mind that is troubling you get it off, even though it requires the assistance of a barber.

DAMAGE IS $100,000.00

TORNADO NEARLY WIPES TOWN OFF STATE MAP.

Nearly all Business Houses and Many Residences in Heaton are Reduced to Kindling.

Heaton, N. D., Aug. 30.—Two lives were lost and property to the value of $100,000 was demolished or damaged in a tornado which struck this village last evening at 5 o'clock.

The dead:

H. O. THORBINSON, father of Mrs. Knute Olsson.

BABY ALSSON, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Knute Alsson.

Seriously injured:

Mrs. A. R. Hulbert, wife of N. P. station agent.

Eugene Alsson, brother of babe that was killed.

O. E. Asling.

Jo. Piper.

The wind, which had been blowing a gale all afternoon, suddenly increased in volume and in a very few minutes many of the business buildings and a large number of residences were reduced to kindling. The inhabitants of the village are congratulating themselves today that more were not killed. The buildings which were almost if not entirely destroyed are as follows:

Heaton Lumber Co.'s hardware store.
Monarch elevator.
Lyons elevator.
Farmers' State bank.
Heaton State bank.
Congregational church and parsonage.
C. I. Turner residence.
Albert Alsson residence.
James Holdt residence.
Alfred Anderson residence.
Edward Banik livery.

Despite the fearful havoc wrought by the wind the only deaths were an aged man, H. O. Thorbinson, who was killed in the house of his daughter, Mrs. Alfred Anderson, and the infant daughter of Albert Alsson. There were a large number of injured people, but none was seriously hurt except A. R. Hulbert.

John Brown Memoriam.

Osawatomie, Kas., Aug. 30.—Not since that time fifty-four years ago, when John Brown's men withstood ten times their number of Missouri guerillas in the woods at the edge of the town has Osawatomie been so excited. Today the celebration of that anniversary began.

The town stretched itself and is holding thousands of visitors from all parts of the state. Perhaps twice today's crowd or at least 25,000 persons are expected here tomorrow at the second day of the celebration when Theodore Roosevelt will make the address dedicating to the state as a park, the wooded hillside where the battle was fought.

Crippen Breaks Down.

London, Eng., Aug. 30.—Hawley H. Crippen, jointly accused with Ethel Clare Leneve of the murder of his wife, has suffered a nervous collapse and was removed today to the hospital ward of Bristol jail.

Solicitor Newton says that his client has given him an explanation of the farewell message found among the prisoner's effects by Inspector Dew which will throw a different light on the matter when it is made public.

The message was read in court yesterday at the arraignment of Crippen and Miss Leneve and indicated that the writer contemplated suicide during his flight to Canada on the steamer Montrose.

Bullets Halt Jail Delivery.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 30.—A shower of bullets from three points of a triangle effectually prevented a wholesale jail delivery at the city workhouse here. Eight prisoners who made the dash for freedom sought refuge in the chapel house. A ninth, Sam Gibson, fell into a ten-foot areaway while trying to escape and sustained a fractured skull from which it is thought he will die, while a tenth, Thomas Monaghan, disappeared and has not been recaptured. The guards and police, anticipating the attempt on the part of the prisoners remained on the alert all night.

Discuss Tax Problem.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 30.—The tax problem will be treated from a scientific standpoint by delegates attending the annual convention of the International Tax association which opened a four days' session in Milwaukee today.

The first meeting was given over to addresses of welcome, responses and organization. The reading of important papers will begin with tonight's session.

Big Jewel Robbery on Vessel.

New York, Aug. 30.—Jewels to the value of $4,000, the property of Miss Ethel May Davis of Chicago, were stolen from her state room on the steamer, Kaiser Wilhelm II., early last Friday morning during the steamer's voyage from Bremen to this port. The robbery became known with the arrival of the liner here today.

Spanish War Veterans Close Session.

Denver, Col., Aug. 31.—The election of officers and selection of next year's place of meeting will mark the closing session of the United Spanish War Veterans here today. A ball tonight and an excursion into the mountains tomorrow will bring the encampment to an end.

Western Canadian Wheat.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 30.—The annual crop estimate of the Northwestern Grain Dealers' association has been issued, giving the following figures: Wheat, 8,453,200 acres at 12.6 bushels an acre, 106,510,320 bushels; oats 4,217,400 acres at 26.5 bushels an acre, 111,983,000 bushels; barley, 1,022,000 acres at 19.1 bushels an acre, 19,520,000; flax, 630,000 acres at 8.4 bushels an acre, 5,292,000. The total yield is thus placed at 243,305,320 bushels. This estimate for wheat, oats and barley is higher than that made a week ago, but the difference is accounted for by the recent favorable weather.

Slays Wife and Self.

Great Falls, Mont., Aug. 30.—Lying dead in the ranch home, several miles north of Shelby, the bodies of P. J. Hazelberg and his wife were found yesterday by neighbors. They had evidently been dead some days. The bodies were lying side by side and hand in hand, with a bullet in the head of each.

The position of the bodies and the surroundings indicated that the husband first shot his wife and then, fixing his rifle with a stick and a piece of string, he laid down beside the body, clasped his wife's hand and fired the bullet through his own body.

TAX CONVENTION

LEADING REVENUE RAISERS OF ALL NATIONS MEET AT MILWAUKEE.

FOR INTERNATIONAL MEET

Matter of Getting Equitable Value on all Property Is Declared to Be a Profession—Should Develop Experts.

Milwaukee, Aug. 31.—Allen R. Foote, president of the International Tax association today presented a lengthy paper to the fourth International conference on state and local taxation, on Taxation Work and Experience in Ohio.

To secure justice between taxpayers by an intelligent, effective and an economical administration of the general property tax it is absolutely necessary to develop into a profession the work of determining the values of property for taxation and that the appointments of tax officials should be made regardless of political affiliations, was one of the conclusions reached through his experience.

He suggested independent action for state and local governments in assigning specific subjects of taxation to jurisdiction of each classification of all corporations organized for profit and to assess each class by a law having a uniform application throughout the state. All property taxable on an ad valorem basis should be listed for taxation at its true value in money.

William A. Robinson, of Kentucky, suggested the appointment by governors of states of permanent tax commissions.

New York Situation Again.

Beverly, Mass., Aug. 31.—The New York political situation loomed up again in Beverly when District Attorney Henry T. Wise of New York city, and Representative W. S. Bennett, also of the metropolis, arrived here seeking interviews with the president. Bennett has been prominently mentioned for the republican gubernatorial nomination from time to time.

President Taft's last intimation of his attitude was to the effect that he was going to leave the handling of the New York situation to the party leaders in that state, those leaders including Colonel Roosevelt, of course.

The president tried to bring about harmony, but found it impossible. He does not care to assume a dictatorial attitude in any state, believing it to be against the dignity of his office, and he will not do so in any state.

President Taft laid the cornerstone of the new Y. M. C. A. building in this city. Last year he headed a subscription list for the structure.

Banking Law Upheld.

New York, Aug. 31.—The United States circuit court today refused to grant motions which would have had the effect of interfering with the operation of recent amendments to the state banking law, taking effect tomorrow.

Judge Lacombe denied motions made by Morris Engel and Samuel Kohan for an injunction restraining Attorney General O'Malley and other state officials from enforcing the provisions of the amendments which require private banking concerns to take out licenses and furnish large bonds for the protection of the depositors.

In sustaining the demurrers interposed in the case Judge Lacombe also dismissed the bills of complaint. It was contended that the new requirements of the law imposed an unjust hardship upon private bankers.

New County of Yellowstone.

Bismarck, N. D., Aug. 31.—The petition for the chance to vote on the division of McKenzie county has been circulated, signed and presented to the board of county commissioners and the question will have a place on the ballot this fall. The division line will start at the center of the stream of the Little Missouri river on the southern boundary of the county and follow up to the intersection with range 99, then west to half way between ranges 100 and 99 and then in a straight line north to the Missouri river. All of that part west of the line is to be known as Yellowstone and that east of the line will retain the old name of McKenzie.

Republicans Gain in Portugal.

Lisbon, Aug. 31.—Complete returns from the recent parliamentary election with the exceptions invalidated by fraud show the following: Ministerialists, 90; monarchists, 19; opposition, 40; republicans, 14. This is a republican gain.

Wife Dead; Daughter Stolen.

Princeton, Ky., Aug. 31.—Robbed of his wife by death and his daughter by kidnapers, Texis Allison, a prosperous farmer, has returned home after a vain search through six southern states.

Little Gladys Allison was abducted while returning from the funeral of her mother, three weeks ago at Shreveport, La., and since then the father has been unable to find a single trace of the child.

He is not a rich man and does not believe the little girl was taken in the hope of securing a reward and believes the kidnapers have given him no chance to pay a ransom.

Mystery is Uncovered.

New York, Aug. 31.—Little hope is held out today for the recovery of Vera Fitch, daughter of the late Henry Fitch of Oakland, Cal., who shot herself Monday night in the Hotel Astor. The beautiful young girl was positively identified by her mother today. Miss Fitch still tries to conceal her identity.

She lived here with her sister Grace, formerly a San Francisco belle, now the wife of Roy W. Conger, a nephew of the late E. H. Conger, formerly minister to China. Mrs. Conger admitted today that [illegible] made of her sister.

Negro Hiding in Cornfield.

Paris, Ky., Aug. 31.—James January, a negro, charged with attempting a criminal assault on a white woman, is surrounded by armed posses in a large cornfield near this city and may be lynched. January's attempt was made on Mrs. Virgie Gray, wife of a farmer.

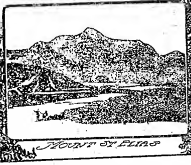
Quake Causes Panic.

Rome, Aug. 30.—A strong earthquake shock was felt throughout Calabria at 1:15 this morning. The inhabitants awakened from their sleep and fled panic stricken into the streets. No casualties have been reported.

CLIMBED and UNCLIMBED PEAKS of AMERICA

by GRANVILLE FORTESCUE

THE lure of altitude seems to have caught at the spirit of man to lead him struggling up almost unscalable peaks from earliest times. However, it may be said that only within the last half century has the fascination of mountain climbing become the romance of geography; daring scientists have conquered more mountains in that period than during any other time in their search for geological data, and many lives have been sacrificed at the shrine of science by her devotees while pitting skill and strength against enduring nature. Soon little was left to learn in this field in Europe, so these intrepid mountaineers, ever struggling to reach the top of the world, turned their eyes toward Asia, Africa and America, seeking other difficulties to overcome and hailing with joy any word of the discovery of a new gigantic elevation. In the western world was found a fertile field for their efforts. Ten thousand miles of mountain, from the Circle to the Horn, with peaks piercing the skies from the snow lands of Alaska, aslant America, through the tropical table lands of Ecuador to the wilds of Patagonia. The elevations of the southern half of this range that have since held the interest of scientist and traveler alike, were almost unknown and unnamed, and South America to the Alpine mountain climber was terra incognito indeed. A dim knowledge of the mountain majesty of the northern half of this range had come to them through the writings of the early explorers. MacKenzie's voyages, the tales of Bering's travels and the stories of Cook's voyages in the Pacific ocean contained references to high mountains often seen from their ships; but it would seem that Mount McKinley, the highest peak of the range of the Rockies, received little notice from early explorers, although in favorable weather it can be seen for a distance of 150 miles, a great white mass that dwarfs the many hills surrounding it. In fact, in 1897, when Mr. W. A. Dickey, who had ascended the Susitana river and had located and named Mount McKinley, upon returning to civilization described his discovery, his story was not believed, and the whole account of his trip was treated as a traveler's tale. However, there is reason to believe that Vancouver saw this mountain in 1795, and it was long known to the natives of the vicinity as "Tralelka," a word which means "Great mountain," and when the Russians owned Alaska they called it "Bulshaia," a word of the same significance. Even before Mr. Dickey called attention to it and named it Mount McKinley the prospectors of the Yukon knew it as Frank Densmore's peak. Mr. Dickey's estimate of its height, 20,000 feet, is interesting in view of the fact that subsequent measurements showed that he was only 300 feet out of the way in his guess. The figures now given by the geological survey, obtained by taking the mean of twenty measurements, arrived at by triangulation, places the height as 20,300. This great mountain defied all attempts to dominate its peak until the early spring of 1910, when an expedition under Thomas Lloyd made a dash for the top and after weeks of incessant toil reached their goal.



MOUNT ST ELIAS

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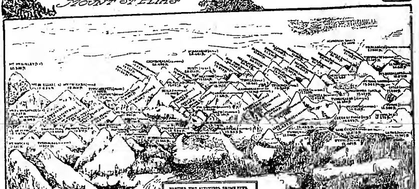


MOUNT McKINLEY

Mount Fairweather, the most imposing peak rising flush from the sea level, was so named by Cook in 1778. There are no records that it has ever been climbed, although its altitude, 15,292 feet, would not indicate that the ascent was difficult.

More interesting than Fairweather is Mount St. Elias, a peak first seen by Bering in 1741, and given its name because the day of discovery was sacred to St. Elias. Its height was for years a matter of acrimonious dispute among scientists. In the beginning of the last century M. Degeiat, a French explorer, by measuring the reciprocal distances of adjacent mountains and taking their relative angles with his sextant, determined its height as 12,672 feet above sea level and its location as eight leagues from the coast. Later, Malaspina gave the figures of elevation as 17,800 feet, but now the figures arrived at by the geological survey give the altitude as 18,024 feet. In 1886 Lieutenant Schwatte of the United States army made an attempt to ascend Mount St. Elias. He was followed by Mr. Toppam in 1888, while Professor Russell made two attempts in 1890 and 1891, and in the latter effort foiled by a very small margin. The honor of conquering this giant of the north was reserved for the duke of the Abruzzi, who solved this stubborn problem of geology in 1897, while he was making one of his voyages in search of the farthest north.

We will leave the great peaks of Alaska and consider the mountains of the Pacific slope in the United States proper. Mounts Whitney, Shasta, Hood and Rainier early caught the eye of the alpinists of our country, and the account of the climbs of Clarence King in California is a most interesting and well-written story of the first geological exploration of the Sierras. Sierra is the Spanish word that signifies a mountain range; it also means "saw" in the Castilian tongue, and was applied to certain geological formations because of the fancied resemblance of their outlines to that of this carpenter's tool.

In the Sierra Nevada mountains the most prominent peak is Mount Tyndall, named in honor of the famous English scientist. This peak is especially notable as being the object of one of the most remarkable climbs in the history of mountaineering, when it was ascended by Clarence King. He was at that time a member of the California state geological survey and had been sent out with others by Prof. Josiah Dwight Whitney to make geological investigations.

This climb was not as remarkable in point of altitude (for the mountain is but 14,386 feet in height) as in the matter of difficulties overcome and because of the curious aids used, a lasso and a bowie knife, which are probably unique in the annals of alpinism.

There are higher summits than Tyndall in the western states. Mount Whitney, named in honor of Prof. J. D. Whitney, is perhaps the highest peak in the United States proper, being 14,502 feet above the level of the sea. This height was dominated by Bengale, Lucas and Johnson in 1873. Mount Shasta, its name being derived from the Indian tribe Soste or Shastika, with its snow and silver crown shining in the clouds, is perhaps one of the most beautiful peaks of our country.

In Mexico, a land that might be called the mother of volcanoes, we find three majestic mountains of interest, both because of altitude and history. Orizaba, of almost perfect geometric form, known to the Indians as "Citlaltepetl" (Mountain of the Star), rises over 18,000 feet—a beautiful lime-white cone.

The honor of being the first up this glorious peak belongs to an American, William F. Reynolds, second lieutenant of engineers, who was attached to Scott's army in 1848. Ono Meyaards accompanied him, and the party is supposed to have included several soldiers.

Orizaba is a sacred mountain in Aztec mythology. The legend runs that Quetzelcoatl, "God of the Air," and indeed the great prophet and most important figure of the Toltec religion, corresponding to Confucius in China, Mahomet in India, and of whom the Messiah myth was also current, died at Coatzacoalcos and his body was brought to Orizaba. His royal remains were consumed by a divine fire and his spirit flew heavenward under the form of a beautiful peacock.

Ixteccihuatl, the ruin of a volcano, might be known as the despair of the American school teacher, because of its seemingly unpronounceable name. However, "white woman," for that is what the word means in the Aztec tongue, is simple of saying, and if one pronounces Ixtaccihuatl as if it were written Is-tac-see-wetl, it will be close enough in view of our meager knowledge of this ancient idiom.

This mountain is 16,200 feet high with a snow line at 14,300 feet, and Cortez was the first European to cross it when he passed to the valley of Mexico on his campaign of conquest. A German named Sonneschmidt dominated it in 1772, while almost a century later, in 1853, a party of French engineers scaled its sloping sides.

And now we come to that Vesuvius of America, Popocatepetl, "the mountain of smoke," for such is the significance of the word in the language of the Aztecs. It rises in glorious elevation 17,794 feet above the sea, and although some 50 miles from the City of Mexico seems to stand a sentinel at its very gates. Indian tradition has it that both Popocatapetl and Ixtaccihuetl were thrown up from the plain after a violent earthquake and have attained their present heights by the gradual piling up of lava and rocks after various eruptions. The last of these disturbances occurred in 1802.

To whom the honor of first surmounting Popocatapetl belongs is difficult to determine, but a distinguished congressman of the United States, Hon. William Sulzer, recently conquered the "mountain of smoke."

South of the isthmus are situated the mountain monarchs of the western world, and it is only within forty years that these geological problems have received the attention of adventurous scientists, although Humboldt made explorations and ascents in South America as early as 1802. He it was who attempted to scale Chimborazo, "the white watcher of the western seas," but failed to get beyond 19,000 feet, a most notable achievement, however, under the circumstances.

The glory of its conquest belongs to that master of the Matterhorn, Edward Whympar, who fought his way up the rugged, snow-clad sides to the top, 20,498 feet above the broad Pacific.

The great mountains Antisana and Cayamba, both over 19,000 feet elevation, also succumbed to the untiring Whymper, and the record of his deeds of danger climbing in the equatorial Andes is a classic of the annals of geological exploration. After these colossi of the Cordilleras had been conquered, the eyes of the alpinists turned southward, where still more lofty peaks of undetermined heights were known to exist. In the great tableland of Chile stood cloud-crested Aconcagua, rising grandly to the skies, while Tupungato, Illimani, and Sorata still defied the most determined to surmount their topmost heights.

Acancagua, the highest of the Andean peaks (23,080 feet), was the first to fall as a prize to daring climbers, for Mr. E. A. Fitzgerold, the English geologist, fitted out an expedition in 1897, and although personally compelled by sickness to abandon his attempt to reach the summit when within a short distance of realizing his ambition, one of his companions, Burbriggen, the guide, went to the very apex, and later Mr. S. Vines and Santi Nicolo, members of the Fitzgerald expedition, also arrived at the top. Later, in 1898, Sir Martin Conway, another intrepid English alpinist, made the ascent of Mount Acancagua and placed the peak Illimani to his credit. Conway was not, however, content with this victory, but pushed on to place Mount Sorato on his roll of first ascents.

RAISE PLUME PRICES

Advance of 50 Per Cent. in Cost of Feathers.

Ornament Becoming More Fashionable and Last Three Years Have Seen Greater Demand Both Abroad and in America.

London.—Ostrich plumes,—always an expensive item of woman's millinery—are generally growing more and more valuable. During the last three years the price of these feathers has risen 50 per cent., was the information imparted by a West end merchant. A feather that a few years ago cost only $50 is now worth $75.

"The ostrich plume is the most fashionable feather this year," he said, "and very few other varieties are worn. More ostrich feathers are being sold than ever before.

"We are making one form of feather nearly two yards long in some cases, to be arranged round the crown of a large hat. Other large plumes are sold in sets of three. The most fashionable colors are shaded grays, chinchilla, which will be worn on chinchilla toques in the winter, and blues, from royal to navy. But the feathers now sent over are of a much better quality than formerly. There has been a great increase in the supply from ostrich farms. With the demand for feathers, ostriches, too, have become more expensive, and the farmer now has to pay $5,000 a pair for birds.

"As for the reason of their popularity and increased cost, ostrich plumes have had a great vogue this summer in Paris.

"American women, too have helped to make plumes more expensive. At the April auction one-half of the whole quantity put up for sale was purchased by American buyers to take over to the United States."

Hand-painted hats are also becoming something of a fad with the "smart set." They are made in soft white felt, with beautiful flowers and foliage, feathers or any other kinds of ornamentation painted on them. Oil colors are used, and, according to Heath's, the Oxford street hatters, the headgear is to all intents and purposes indestructible.

"We have one," the manager said, "which is covered with great red decorative poppies, and they are painted so realistically that they really look like freshly gathered flowers.

"An ordinary flower trimmed hat can only be worn a short time by the well-dressed woman, because the decorations get knocked about or are ruined by the weather, but the painted hat will last for the whole season, and more, with proper care."

The married man who is wont to tremble at the tremendous collection of hat and bonnet boxes which his wife insists on taking with her when on a holiday tour regards the painted hat as a godsend, for it can be folded up and packed away like his own Panama, and, moreover, it is calculated to cut down the millinery bills by half or more. If the wife's taste does not lean to flowers or feathers, she can have lizard, snake or chanticleer designs painted on the felt, or even goldfish swimming in a shady pool.

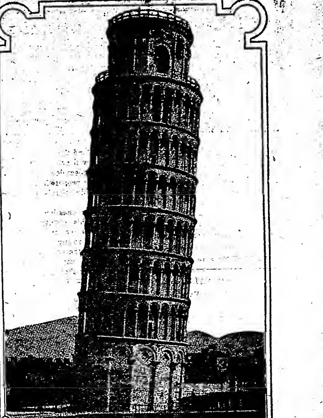
Glaciers Increase Speed.

Juneau, Alaska.—The great glacier in Rainy Hollow, near Haines, Alaska, is moving at the prodigious rate of 12 feet a day. Huge masses of ice are falling with thunderous noise over the precipice, at whose brink the glacier discharges.

This is a season of glacier advances all over Alaska. Never before has such rapid extension of the ice rivers been known. The theory is that avalanches caused by earthquakes are responsible for the increased flow.

The National Geographical society has an expedition in Alaska studying the phenomenon.

IS PISA'S FAMOUS TOWER FALLING?



LEANING TOWER OF PISA

THE world-famous Leaning Tower of Pisa has always been popularly supposed to have been built out of the perpendicular of set purpose, but that interesting legend seems now to be untrue. And, worse still, it is leaning more and more, to its assured and speedy fall, as the Campanila of St. Mark's crashed down to ruin. That is the finding of Italian royal commissioners, who state that it cannot remain upright much longer, and demand the taking of immediate measures for its safety. They have found also that the foundations of the tower are only 9 feet 9 inches below the surface, and that it originally stood bolt upright. Also they state that the base of the tower is immersed in a watery sub-soil. The tower, which was begun in 1170, is known to have been affected by earthquake shock. In 1829 the tower was 14 feet 4 inches out of the vertical line; it is now 15 feet 4 inches.

BRINGS ANT PLAGUE

Dry Summer Causes Little Insects to Thrive.

Especially Active in Attacking Flowers, and in Some Localities Invading Homes—Moisture Is Chief Foe.

Chicago.—Following in the wake of the plague of tussock moths, though not as serious in comparison to the amount of destruction wrought but more of a nuisance, the plague of ants has settled upon the city to an extent that has created a widespread inquiry for means to get rid of the pest.

Experts say that the oversupply of ants is due to the unusually dry weather which has prevailed this summer, their favorite breeding places being in dry, sandy soil. While practically every section of the city has suffered to some extent from the busy little toilers, localities adjacent to the lake along the north and south shores have been most annoyed by the visitation.

As a rule ants are not considered as a serious menace to growing things, and they have even been credited with destroying the parasites which infest plant life, but this year, according to information from many sources, the ants have fallen to eating flowers of various kinds and the tender shoots of growing vines. They have made homes in lawns hitherto free from the nuisance, establishing themselves under stone and cement sidewalks, and have even carried their invasion to back porches and into homes, to the dismay of housewives. Among the flowers to which ants seem to have been paying particular attention are asters, whose succulent petals are attractive.

Householders have resorted to numerous expedients to exterminate the colonies of ants, but in most instances without much success. Kerosene oil is said to have been found effective in some instances, but the best remedy is declared to be any of the several exterminator powders on the market.

"Yes, we have had an unusual number of calls for advice with regard to ants this summer," said the manager of a big seed house; "they seem to have been unusually prolific, and the reason for it is the dry weather. Ants thrive best and breed best in sand, and it is seldom that they care to remain in moist, loamy soil.

"Keep the ground as well soaked as possible, sprinkle the lawns plentifully and use some good ant exterminator with persistence. That would be my advice to those who are troubled with the little nuisances. By filling the crevices and runways of the bugs with exterminator they can easily be kept out of walls and away from sidewalks."

Kraut Outranks Beans.

Boston.—Sauer kraut is an ideal vegetarian diet. More people should eat it as a daily food. This is the health recipe of Dr. Samuel Wingersky, who has written extensively upon foodstuffs.

"Sauer kraut is an ideal vegetarian food," said Doctor Wingersky. "No; I should not advise every one to use this type of food, but when we are discussing a vegetarian diet there is nothing so toothsome as sauer kraut.

"It is tenfold better than any bean diet. Whatever good may be said of beans may be claimed likewise for sauer kraut."

RATS WREAK RUIN IN CANADA

Manitoba Farmers Compelled to Use Drastic Measures to Rid Province of Pest.

Gretna, Man.—The invasion of rats is becoming a serious matter, and unless strenuous efforts are made to stop their northern trek, they will reach Winnipeg before the end of the year. For miles in both directions they have crossed the boundary into Canada, and now it is no uncommon thing for a farmer to kill 20 or 30 of the rodents in a single day without going on a special hunt for their scalps.

Reports show that they are doing a vast amount of damage along their line of march, and estimates sent to the department of agriculture show that the loss already incurred through them this year will total over $5,000,000. Farmers have been supplied with liberal quantities of rat virus, but the use of this poison has proved a failure, for the farmers have not taken the pains to use it properly.

Traps which will catch the animals alive will be used and every female caught will be killed, while the males will be allowed their liberty. It is an established fact that polygamous rodents, lacking a supply of mates, vent their spleen upon their young, either eating them or killing them in large numbers. The supply of females diminishing, the males attack each other and the consequent strife proves fatal to the race and the object aimed at by those ridden by the pests is swiftly accomplished.

Instructions are now being issued broadcast by the officials of the department and it is hoped that in this way the invasion will be checked and within a year at the latest the rat will have disappeared from the province of Manitoba.

FAVORS RADIUM WATER CURE

Austrian Government Will Build Sanitarium at Joachimsthal for Treatment.

Vienna, Austria.—In consequence of successful results obtained from the radium treatment in Joachimsthal, Bohemia, the government has decided to build a first-class sanitarium there, equipped with 60 baths of radium water. The first authentic reports show that of 200 cases 169 were benefited greatly by the cure, while there was no change in the condition of the others.

The chief improvement noticed was in rheumatism, gout, neuralgia and old exudations of various kinds. The radium did not seem to have any effect on senile weakness or radical diseases of the spine and of the hearing.

Scientists are convinced that the radium cure has a great future, especially because it is easily applied, both externally and internally, with remarkably constant effect.

CHILD'S WRIST TELLS AGE

Prof. Rotch of Harvard Says It Is Best Test for Development of Mind and Body.

Cambridge, Mass.—Prof. Thomas Morgan Rotch of Harvard University is working along the lines set by Dr. Maximilian T. E. Grossman to determine the actual development of a child's mind and body, not by his or her years, but rather by different tests on a child's wrists and arms.

Dr. Rotch believes that there should be an anatomic standard set for practical use in athletics and in the schools. Dr. A. W. George has found the most practical and reliable index of development is represented by the hand and wrists.

Professor Rotch believes that young children should be classified by their anatomic age rather than their chronologic age.

"You can tell a horse's age by looking at his teeth, but in the child the truth is to be found in the wrist," he says. "The formation of the many little bones, that together make up the wrist, is the index of the development of the child. Whether his years number four or ten, the number of bones in his wrist will determine whether he is in reality a 4-year-old or a 10-year-old in strength of body and mind.

The baby's wrist shows two tiny bones in the mass of cartilages; the child that is just finishing childhood to enter upon the next period has a wrist "full of bones," so to speak.

Ban on Spooning.

Pittsburg, Pa.—By scanning city phone bills for the year the mayor's office has come to the conclusion that $12,000 paid out last year was for spooning stenographers and clerks making love to each other over the wire. Mayor William A. Magee has announced that the first city employe caught making love over the phone or permitting any outside sweetheart to hang phone tolls on the city will be discharged.

Coon Put Up Hot Fight.

Little Animal Made Things Interesting for Boy—Mother Comes to the Rescue.

The raccoon is not an animal that attacks human beings, and the following case is a singular exception. But, whether attacking or defending itself, the "coon" is by no means an agreeable beast to fight. Harry Smith of near Freeport, while fishing in Big Stillwater not long ago, had his attention attracted by a noise and, on looking around him, saw a large coon approaching stealthily, with its ears turned back.

Before the boy had time to consider the situation, the coon sprang at him, seized him by the leg and began biting and squealing at a terrible rate. The boy was being badly hurt as well as frightened, and set up a tremendous squall himself, at the same time making all the resistance possible against his unwelcome visitor. He first seized the intruder with his hands, whereupon the coon bit him severely on the arm.

The fight was kept up for some little time, during which the coon bit the boy's arms hands and legs alternately, until the boy's mother, who happened to be about one hundred yards from the interesting scene, arrived. The anxious mother, in order to relieve the boy, seized the coon with her hands, whereupon he fastened his teeth in her wrist, and for a little while the contest was lively between the three.

The desperate coon, in the meantime, seized upon the boy's arm again, whereupon the mother took from the boy's pocket his knife, and after fatally wounding the coon, it still held on firmly. Not until its throat was cut did the animal relax its hold.

One good way to keep your helpers interested is to let them share some of the credit.

It May Be Pneumonia

"A hard chill, pain through the chest, difficult breathing. Then fever, with great prostration." If this should be your experience, send for your doctor. You may have pneumonia! If your doctor cannot come at once, give Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. When he comes, tell him exactly what you have done. Then do as he says. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Keep the bowels in good condition. One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will cause an increased flow of bile, and produce a gentle laxative effect the day following.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] KING — C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

MUCH TALK.

The Thief River Falls papers make bold statements amounting to vague accusations that Red Lake county's officials are corrupt.

They say there has been an unequal division of the road and bridge funds.

That is the substance of their arguments for the division of Red Lake county. And they talk and talk and talk about these things—and nothing else.

Why, you ask, do they conduct the campaign along such lines? It's easy. They can't give the voters of the county a single reason for division and their only hope is to get the people excited over manufactured stories of corruption and swing the election by prejudice.

If one or more of Red Lake county's officials were actually corrupt would you cure the evil by dividing the county into parts?

It's a silly proposition. If a public official is rotten it's the voter's job to get rid of the bad one.

They want to get you excited, Mr. Voter, so you will forget the real question at issue.

They talk about an unequal division of road and bridge money.

That's another reason why you should vote for county division, isn't it?

They are trying to get you excited some more.

When an application is made for road and bridge money to be expended in a certain locality the commissioners consider the needs of the locality and act accordingly. If your part of the county has not received the road money that it should you and your neighbors should place the matter before the county board and then let questions that you know the division of the county would effect decide your vote on the division proposition.

Don't you think that is the wise plan?

But there is a question, a serious question, in this county division proposition; it's the only question that is entitled to any consideration at the hands of the voters, and yet the Thief River papers avoid the subject and talk about anything to get the people excited so that they may use them.

The question is this: Is it practical to divide Red Lake county; would we gain or lose?

If there are any wrongs in Red Lake county they can be righted, but if the county is divided it will be a permanent change and you will be paying higher taxes for years to come.

The Thief River papers "point with pride" to the men who are to serve as the first board of county commissioners if the proposed new county is established and it is admitted that they are a fine bunch of fellows.

But that's something to talk about so you will forget other things. When you stop to think about it you don't consider that any reason for voting for county division. Wouldn't you feel like a plugged penny if the county were divided and at the next election Thief River Falls should vote in officials to run things with a high hand.

This much you know that more than two-third of the people of the proposed county live at Thief River Falls and in the vicinity and they will always control the board.

You know, too, that Thief River Falls is an ambitious young city and no one doubts, and the Thief River Falls people admit, that in a few years a fine court house and other building will be erected at Thief River Falls if division carries.

That will cost at least $100,000.00 and on top of that will be about two-thirds of Red Lake county's debts to be paid by the people in the new county, the cost of transcribing the records, etc. All of this will have to be paid and it will amount to more than another $100,000.00.

Don't you think, Mr. Farmer, that you'd better forget that jabber about corruption and road money and ask yourself the serious question, is it practical to divide Red Lake county at this time?

The answer to that question should determine your vote on the county division proposition.

A FAIR STATEMENT.

The following statement on the county division proposition taken from the last issue of the Sunbeam contains so much good reason that should be considered by the voters of the county that the Gazette reprints the article to give it wider circulation:

The Thief River Falls News claims that we are making a campaign of misrepresentations, on the county division proposition, when as a matter of fact we are not making any campaign at all, and if there is being any organized campaign made against division we have not heard about it, but we consider that the farmers should have the facts placed before them as they are, and not as the county division boomers are stating them.

The Red Lake county court house will be completed and already to turn over to the county November 1st, and Red Lake county on that date will pay the cash for it and it will belong to the county as it is now. Then in this same month we elect a full set of county officials to go into them and attend to the county's business for two years. Now Mr. Taxpayer, do you want to go a little farther down on the ticket and vote to establish a new county, with another new court house to build and another set of officers to pay?

We in the new county would no doubt be districted into new commissioner districts according to population which would of course be fair, but it would give three commissioners to the city of Thief River Falls and the territory surrounding it while the rest of the county would have two. Now as the people of Thief River Falls have been bending their city for public improvements, what would be more natural than that they would want to bend Pennington county to its limit to build up some grand buildings in Thief River Falls. But says one: "We have farmers for our county commissioners." Don't deceive yourself by thinking that the towns of Kratka and Highlanding will each of them have a county commissioner, for they will not after the new county is organized.

We have no particular objection to county division if the people of the north part of the county think they can afford it, but we think it would have been better to have waited a few more years, until the northern part of the county had got better settled up and improved. Of course we are aware that this argument will not have any affect on some people that are looking for office, or some other rake off out of the deal but we believe in letting the common tax payers fully understand the situation as it is.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
August 31st, 1910.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock A. M. August 31st, 1910.

Members present: Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: Lindquist.

Meeting called to order by Vice Chairman Demann at 10:00 o'clock A.M.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson, seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanimously that the plat of Garden Addition to Fairfield, Red Lake county, Minnesota, be approved.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Board re-convened at 1:00 o'clock P. M. and called to order by the Vice Chairman.

Moved by Commissioner Pigeon, seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously that Exerie Chatel be employed to level off the court house grounds, the rate of compensation to be $4.00 per day for each man and team employed on the work; Commissioner Demann to have general supervision of the work and C. H. Martz appointed Engineer in charge of the work.

The minutes of the Board's meeting of January 4th, (regular), January 22nd, (adjourned regular), February 17th (special), February 23rd, (Ditch), February 24th, (special), March 18th, (ditch), March 18th, (special,) April 9th (ditch), April 9th, (special), April 23rd (ditch), April 23rd (special), May 6th (special), May 26th (ditch), May 27th (ditch), May 26th (special), June 17th, (ditch), June 10th (special) June 17th (ditch), June 17th (special), July 1st (ditch) July 1st (special) July 11th, (regular) July 18th, (ditch), July 18th (Board of Equalization) July 21st (adjourned regular), July 29th (ditch) July 29th (special), August 5th, (ditch) and August 5th (special) were read and on motion unanimously carried were accepted and approved as read.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Miller Davis Printing Co., Supplies for county offices	$ 75.60
Miller Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	5.10
Miller Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	23.60
Louis F. Dow Co., Supplies for county offices	.50
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county offices	3.05
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage member of Bldg. Com.	7.00
A.C. Matheson, 3 days conducting teacher's exam.	9.00
Sidney Belair, axeman for engineer court house grounds	8.00
Improvement Bulletin, pub. vault fixture and furniture ads.	22.50
Red River Power Co., Lights for month of July	10.50
Thief River Falls Lumber Co., door for sheriff's residence	3.50
Frank Jeffers, postage per vouchers	5.55
H. F. Anderson, postage per vouchers	27.57
H. F. Anderson, expa. as Co. Supt.	30.45
Louis A. Nelson, Turnkey wages month of August	62.00
Louis A. Nelson, board of prisoners month of August	104.50
Louis A. Nelson, Exps. case State vs. Mullen	2.08
Louis A. Nelson exps. case State vs. Marten	2.94
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. Phillips	2.08
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. Lundahl	2.08
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. Nicola	2.08
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. St. Claire	2.08
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. Christianson	2.08
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. Thompson	2.08
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. Brink	2.16
Louis A. Nelson, exps. case State vs. Ryan	2.94
Louis A. Nelson, exp. insanity of Fred Greve	7.82
John Drier, night watchman at court house	30.00
C. H. Martz, 1 day service as engineer on court house	5.00
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day as ass. engineer on court house	4.50
C. H. Martz, exps. a c survey court house grounds	6.50
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 35	11.70
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 35	5.80
Joseph Johnson, per diem and mileage in-	

Continued On Page 5

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for county treasurer of Red Lake county and respectfully solicit the support and votes of all who believe that I will, if nominated and elected, run the office in an honest, efficient and economical manner.

If elected I hereby pledge that I will run the office to the best of my ability in an impartial and businesslike manner

A the Republican Primaries Sept. 20th, 1910.

-HARRY E. IVES.

For Congressman

Henry O. Bjorge, candidate for the Republican nomination for member of congress in the Ninth District, was born on a farm near Lake Park, Becker county, Minn. He is a graduate of the Moorhead State Normal and of the Law Department of the State University. At the time of his father's death he took charge of the farm where he now resides. Mr. Borge has served three terms as a member of the Minnesota legislature and is the first native born to represent Becker county in this official capacity. He is also the first candidate for member of congress born in the Ninth Congressional distict.

He stands against Cannon and Cannonism; he stands for the Roosevelt policies and for genuine progressive legislation.

For State Senator.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for senator for the 61st District, unequivocally endorsing the platform adopted by the Republican Convention, June 21st, 1910, and pledge my vote and best effort to legislation that will re-apportion the state justly and fairly and effectively on or before January 1st, 1912, and without regard to the term of office for which I may be elected, should I be the choice of the Republicans of this District and be elected in the General Election in November next.—ALBERT BERG, Spooner, Minnesota.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Red Lake county and solicit your support and your vote at the primary election to be held September 20, 1910.—G. G. KINDSETH.

For Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county, and respectfully solicit the support of all. If nominated and elected I will at all times do my duty.

—CHARLES J. FELLMAN.

For Representative.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Representative from the 61st legislative district. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to work for a just reapportionment of the state into legislative districts, for a one mill tax for good roads and for other needs of northern Minnesota as enumerated in the resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association.—NOEL DELORME.

For Judge of Probate.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Judge of Probate and solicit your support and vote at the primary election to be held Sept. 20, 1910.—WM. HOLBERG.

For Representative.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination as a member of the house of representatives from the 61st legislative district which comprises the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to use all efforts to secure the redistricting of the state, a one mill tax for good roads, a liberal appropriation to advertise the resources of Minnesota, and a county option law.

D. P. O'NEILL.

For Representative.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Republican nomination for member of the house of Representatives from the 61st legislative district, comprising the counties of Red Lake, Clearwater and Beltrami. If nominated and elected I will use all honorable means to secure a just reapportionment of the state, a one mill tax for road purposes will receive my support and I will work for the needs of northern Minnesota as enumerated in Resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association.—IVER A. KROHN.

For County Auditor.

I fully intended entering another vocation and had no intention of filing for the office of County Auditor but have been constantly and repeatedly urged to become a candidate for the office by your township and school officials and other men throughout the county with whom I have come into close contact through my relations with them as County Auditor. I have therefore decided to enter the race for County Auditor on the Republican ticket at the primaries to be held September 20.

Having been appointed by your county board May 15, 1909, to fill the unexpired term of the late John B. O'Brien, deceased, I have conducted the affairs of the office to the best of my ability since that time.

I will appreciate the vote and support at the coming primaries of all those who believe I am worthy of filing this responsible position and promise you that if nominated and elected I will conduct the affairs of the office in an honest and impartial manner the same as I have in the past.

Respectfully,
A. A. LATENDRESSE.

PROHIBITION PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the
County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Representative 61st Representative District-CHARLES G. FORREST		Vote For One

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the
County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Member of Congress, 9th Congressional District—DAVID SANDERS		Vote For One
Senator 61st Senatorial District—EARL GEIL.		Vote For One
Representative, 61st Representative District—J. H. GRANT.		Vote For One

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S.S.S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S.S.S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S.S.S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.
THOS. POTTS.
111 Main St., Johnston City., Pa.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

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MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY
EXCURSION BULLETIN

TORONTO, ONT., Sept. 5 to 8: Canadian National Exhibition.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 14-18: G. A. R. National Encampment

DETROIT, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Sept. 14-16-18-21: Poular Fall Excursions by Rail and Lake. Usual Low Fares.

EASTERN CANADA, New York and New England States: Summer Tourist Fares. Tickets on sale every day to September 30.

For full particulars write or call on A. J. Perrin, General Agent, 430 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers. ANDERSON BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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IN THREE DAYS

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sent with plain directions for taking.

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Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured. Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency

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DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

Our $50.00 Business Course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. The new $85.00 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) will supply bookkeepers for the larger concerns and tellers and cashiers for the Northwestern banks. The Stenographic Course (under an expert reporter) trains high grade stenographers and court reporters. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass County Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can any other school offer you this evidence of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
6-11 EIGHTH STREET SOUTH FARGO, N. D.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Wilton L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real estate, situate in the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, to wit:

The southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section two, the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section three, the east one half of the northeast quarter of section nine, the [illegible] quarter of section nine, the south one half of section ten, the west one half of the west one half of section eleven, the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section eleven, the north one half of section fifteen, and the north one half of the south one half of section fifteen, all in township one hundred fifty two, north range forty three, west of the fifth principal meridian, and containing Fifteen hundred twenty acres according to government survey.

Which said mortgage bears date July 5, 190[illegible], and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake county, June 16, [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock P. M., in Book [illegible] of Mortgages at page 58, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of seventeen thousand [illegible] dollars and sixty five cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the sheriff of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, in the state of Minnesota, on Friday September 2[illegible] [illegible] at [illegible] in the forenoon, to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the cost of foreclosure thereof including an attorney's fee of two hundred dollars [illegible] in case of foreclosure thereof.

Dated August 11, 1910.

PETER KIENE,
Mortgagee

[illegible] Markham,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
[illegible] Pioneer Press B'ldg.,
St. Paul Minnesota. a11s15

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Determination of Descent of Land.

State of Minnesota, } In Probate Court.
County of Red Lake, }

In the Matter of the Estate of Monika Kauler, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Henry L. Kauler, Louis A. Kauler, Gertie Zeh, Emma E. Kroll, and Phil. A. Kauler, all persons interested in the determination of the descent of the real estate of said decedent: The Petition of Louis A. Kauler having been filed in this Court, representing that said decedent died more than five years prior to the filing thereof, leaving certain real estate in said petition described and that no will of decedent has been proved nor administration of said estate granted in this State, and praying that the descent of said real estate be determined by this Court:

Therefore, You and Each of You, Are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls, in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of September, 1910, at [illegible] o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, The Judge of said Court, and the Seal thereof, this 24th day of August A. D. 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

F. A. Grade,
Attorney for Petitioner.
(Court Seal) a25s8

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 17th day of September, 1910, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. [illegible] of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date July 24th, 1910. For the work as one job, and also by one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also by one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered [illegible] as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "211" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 31,930 cubic yards and from stations "0" to stations "210" of the branch ditch, both inclusive, with a yardage of [illegible] cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 74,125 cubic yards of earth. Its aim to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work: said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which is more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of each ditch is as follows: The excavation and removal of 74,125 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated, at an estimated cost of Seven Thousand Four Hundred Twelve & 50/100 ($7,412.50) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $10,162.50 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 6th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) a25-s8

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that Anton Anderson has petitioned the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for License to sell Intoxicating Liquors in that certain one story frame building with one front and one rear entrance situated on that certain tract of land commencing at a point 525 feet south of the North east corner of Section Twenty-five (25) in township One Hundred Fifty-two (152) North of Range Forty-five (45) West and One Hundred Thirty three (133) feet west of the Range Line between Ranges Forty four (44) and Forty five (45), thence west 50 feet, thence south 150 feet, thence east 50 feet and thence north 150 feet to the place of beginning.

The application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of same will be heard and determined by said Board of County Commissioners, at their special session on Friday the 16th day of September, A. D. 1910 at 3:00 o'clock P. M., at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls in said County.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal)
Dated August 24th, 1910. a25-s8

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Sam S. Huseby and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 54.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 54.

A description of said ditch and the lands over and through which it passes is as follows:

Main Ditch—Said ditch is located wholly within the townships one hundred fifty-three (153) and one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-two (42), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the section corner between sections nine (9) ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), township 154, range 42, thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) and sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the section corner on the town line between sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty four (154) range 42, and sections three (3) and four (4) township one hundred fifty-three (153), range 42, thence extending due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between said sections three (3) and four (4) and sections nine (9) and ten (10) to the Red Lake river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Description of Branch Ditch.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-three (153) range forty-two (42), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section two (2), thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections two (2) and three (3) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between sections two (2), three (3), ten (10) and eleven (11), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections three (3) and ten (10) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between sections three (3) and four (4), nine (9) and ten (10), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in ditch No. 51, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned are as follows, to-wit:

Thomas McCormick, Bert A. Gordon, Samuel Dangerfield, Carlus H. Brown, Martin J. Bragstad, O. C. Hanson, Carl Moen, Frank Chipera, Anno H. Moe, Sam S. Huseby, Andrew Carlson, Hans E. Sorenson, Rudolph Sebek, Rasmus A. Gansen, Tom H. Omlid, Esther C. Hoagland, Ole J. Nomland, Andrew N. Ness, Henry Schindler, Paul Heinen, John Ullstad, Clement Sebek, Andro Brezany, Mat Staska, John T. Coan, Walter H. Quist, Nils O. Buringrud, Carrie Bauer, Halvor Hjeldon, Oliver Gunderson, George M. Gunderson, Sven D. Roysland, Andrew Furseth, Martin Quist, Oskar Ostrem, John J. Hegerness, Ole Omundson, et. al., Lars Matson, Karl Beiswinger, Henry H. Hanson, Andrew Peterson, Cornelius H. Helland, W. J. Helland, Charles Fisher, Frank Fisher, Svene Johnson, Vincent D. Cliff, Alfred Alfred C. Danielson, Solomon C. Danielson, Krist Larson, Albert J. Narum, Anna Bolstad, Ole O. Bolstad, Township of Silverton, Township of Smiley and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said conty auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And, That, therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 16th day of September, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake
County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) a25-s8

PROCEEDINGS

Continued From Page 4.

specing ditch no. 35	5.20
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 35	15.40
Wm C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 51	5.10
Ed A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 54	5.80
Joseph Johnson, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 54	5.10
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 54	5.10
C. H. Martz, 2 days service as engineer ditch no. 2	10.00
C. H. Martz, exps. a-c ditch no. 2	13.00
C. H. Martz, 1 day service as engineer ditch no. 10	5.00
C. H. Martz, 1 day service as engineer ditch no 10	5.00
C. H. Martz, exps. a-c ditch no. 10	6.50
C. H. Martz, 1 day engineer ditch no. 6	5.00
" " 2 days engineer ditch no. 21	10.00
" " 2 days engineer ditch no. 31	10.00
" " 1 day engineer ditch no. 32	5.00
" " 2 days engineer ditch no. 35	10.00
" " 2 days engineer ditch no. 36	10.00
" " 1 day engineer ditch no. 38	5.00
" " 3 days engineer ditch no. 39	15.00
" " 7 days engineer ditch no. 41	35.00
" " 2 days engineer ditch no. 45	10.00
" " 1 day engineer ditch no. 46	5.00
" " 2 days engineer ditch no. 47	10.00
" " 8 days engineer ditch no. 48	40.00
" " 2 days engineer ditch no. 51	10.00
" " 6 days engineer ditch no. 54	30.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 6	7.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 21	8.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 31	7.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 32	2.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 35	12.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 36	7.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 39	5.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 44	18.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 45	7.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 46	1.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 47	2.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 48	19.50
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 51	2.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 54	11.00
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day service asst. engineer ditch no. 10	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 1 days service asst. engineer ditch no. 10	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, exps as asst engineer ditch no. 10	7.50
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day service as asst. engineer ditch no. 2	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day asst. engineer ditch no. 6	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 3 days asst. engineer ditch no. 21	13.50
Glenn H. Martz, 3 days asst. engineer ditch no. 31	13.50
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day asst. engineer ditch no. 36	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day asst. engineer ditch no. 38	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days asst. engineer ditch no. 39	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days asst engineer ditch no. 43	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 7 days asst. engineer ditch no. 44	31.50
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days asst. engineer ditch no. 45	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day asst. engineer ditch no. 47	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, 3 days asst. engineer ditch no. 51	13.50
Glenn H. Martz, 3 days asst. engineer ditch no. 51	13.50
Glenn H. Martz, 6 days asst. engineer ditch no. 52	27.00
Glenn H. Martz, 1 day asst. engineer ditch no. 54	4.5
Glenn H. Martz, 4 days asst. engineer ditch no. 54	18.00
Glenn H. Martz, 2 days asst engineer ditch no. 56	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. asst. engineer a-c ditch no. 21	6.5
Glenn H. Martz, exps. asst. engineer a-c ditch no. 31	25.5
Glenn H. Martz, exps. asst. engineer a-c ditch no. 36	1.0
Glenn H. Martz, exps. asst. engineer a-c ditch no. 38	7.0
Glenn H. Martz, exps. a-c ditch no. 39	17.0
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 43	16.[illegible]
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 44	28.5
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 45	5.0
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 45	8.0
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 47	1.0
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 51	3.0
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 51	28.2
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 52	57.00
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 54	25.5
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 54	1.0
" " exps. a-c ditch no. 56	10.6
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 12 notices and mileage ditch no. 47	16.0
Lewis A. Nelson, posting 9 notices and Mileage ditch no. 48	23.50
Northern Culvert Co., 2 culverts for ditch no. 31	237.16
Northern Culvert Co., 1 culvert for ditch no. 31	89.57
Northern Culvert Co., 1 culvert for ditch no. 35	61.39
Northern Culvert Co., 1 culvert for ditch no. 44	118.58
Northern Culvert Co., 2 culverts for ditch no. 44	237.16
W. O. Long, placing 1 culvert ditch no. 33	10.00
G. A. Wilson, placing 2 culverts ditch no. 37	35.00
Gilbert K. Haavi, 7 days reviewing ditch no. 47 and exps	28.72
Joseph Belair, 7 days reviewing ditch no. 47 and exps.	28.72
Otto Zaiser, 18 days viewing ditch no. 48 and exps.	72.00
Alfred Lindquist, 19 days viewing ditch no. 48 and exps.	78.66
K. O. Gigstad, 16 days viewing ditch no. 48 and exps.	66.66
Zaiser Bros., livery for viewers ditch no. 48	55.00
Dan Latendresse, 8 days viewing ditch no. 54 and exps.	32.72
Joseph Belair, 8 days viewing ditch no 54 and exps.	31.78
Gilbert K. Haavi, 8 days viewing ditch no. 54 and exps	33.44
Joe Siengel, 3 days as chainman ditch no. 51	6.00
K. D. Gigstad, 1 day as chainman ditch no. 38 and board	3.00
K. O. Gigstad, 1 day as chainman ditch 44 and board	3.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage special meet Board 8-31, 10	1.40
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage spec. meet Board 8-31, 10	3.00
Joseph Johnson, mileage spec. meet board 8-31, 10	4.00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage spec. meet board 8-31, 10	3.20

On motion duly carried the Board adourned sine die.

WM. C. L. DEMANN,
Vice Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the board,
(County Auditor's Seal)

REPUBLICAN PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the
County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Judge of District Court 14th Judicial District—ANDREW GRINDELAND.	☐	Vote For Two
Judge of District Court 14th Judicial District—WILLIAM WATTS.	☐	
Member of Congress 9th District—HENRY O. BJORGE.	☐	Vote For One
Member of Congress 9th District—HALVOR STEENERSON.	☐	
State Senator 61st Senatorial District—ALBERT BERG.	☐	Vote For One
State Senator 61st Senatorial District—A. L. HANSON.	☐	
State Senator 61st Senatorial District—G. L. HANSON.	☐	
Representative 61st Representative District—NOEL DELORME.	☐	Vote For One
Representative 61st Representative District—IVER A. KROHN.	☐	
Representative 61st Representative District—D. P. O'NEILL.	☐	
County Auditor—ANDREW HANSON.	☐	Vote For One
County Auditor—A. A. LATENDRESSE.	☐	
County Auditor—NELS K. NELSON.	☐	
County Treasurer—H. E. IVES.	☐	Vote For One
County Treasurer—GUSTAV G. KINDSETH.	☐	
Register of Deeds—OLAF TANDE.	☐	Vote For One
Sheriff—CHARLES J. FELLMAN.	☐	Vote For One
Sheriff—LEWIS A. NELSON.	☐	
Judge of Probate Court—BEN CHRISTIANSON.	☐	Vote For One
Judge of Probate Court—WILLIAM HOLBERG.	☐	
Judge of Probate Court—IRA C. RICHARDSON.	☐	
County Attorney—WILHELM MICHELET.	☐	Vote For One
Clerk of District Court—C. W. JOHNSON.	☐	Vote For One
County Superintendent of Schools—HERMAN F. ANDERSON.	☐	Vote For One
County Coroner—JOSEPH BELAIR.	☐	Vote For One
County Surveyor—C. H. MARTZ.	☐	Vote For One
Court Commissioner—SIMON PAUL.	☐	Vote For One
County Commissioner 1st District—C. A. LINDQUIST.	☐	Vote For One
County Commissioner 1st District—GUST NAPLIN.	☐	
County Commissioner 3rd District—ED. A. AUBOL.	☐	Vote For One
County Commissioner 5th District—JOSEPH PIGEON.	☐	Vote For One

BALLOT FOR WOMEN

County Superintendent of Schools—HERMAN F. ANDERSON.	☐	Vote For One

DEMOCRATIC PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the
County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Register of Deeds—FRANK JEFFERS.	☐	Vote For One
County Attorney—CHAS E. BOUGHTON.	☐	Vote For One
County Commissioner 1st District—HERMAN SCHULTZ.	☐	Vote For One

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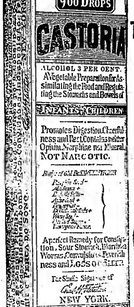

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

LAMBERT.

Mrs. Corbel and daughter, Corema from Red Lake Falls have been visiting out here for the last few days.

Buttermaker Welsch left Saturday to attend the state fair.

Miss Eva Martin from Minneapolis is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Xavier Boucher for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Holo from McIntosh autoed through here Sunday.

Louis Forlordeau is busy this week moving his store to Oklee.

Alveda Brunier's were quarantined this week for diphtheria.

Armidas Paranteau from Terrebonne spent Friday at the C. Robidoux home.

Miss Velada Charest is working for Abraham Paugin.

C. Robideux made a business trip to Brooks Saturday.

Mrs. Alphonse Boucher visited at the Simon Boucher home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Robidoux spent Sunday evening at the Peter Lacoursiere home.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TERREBONNE

Sam Gileau and family of Red Lake Falls called at Father Veilleux's place Sunday.

Noel Delorme and William Holberg attended service last Sunday and spoke to the people after mass.

Miss Rosy Sauve and Miss E. Prenevost left Monday for Breckenridge to attend high school there.

Mr. Quigley from St. Paul visiting at Brooks, attended mass and sang beautifully during service.

Mrs. Louis Pigeon is still very weak and it is not expected that she will live long.

James Connors, a student at St. Thomas college returned this week to his studies.

Father Veilleux drove to Lambert Monday.

The threshing is about over and the yield is very good.

Miss Liza Laurent and Miss Amanda Derossier from Crookston were visiting here with relatives.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Frank Pribyl.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Frank Pribyl, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Rev. Francis Pribyl, John F. Pribyl and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent:

The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of September, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of Said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this first day of September, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

(Court Seal.)
F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner. s1-15

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game
and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Secret Societies.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Fiddaisen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE
Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Lock Building Detroit, Michigan.

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address
BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
Department 29. 16 South 5th St., Minneapolis.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E. half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

COPYRIGHT 1908 BY BOBBS-MERRILL CO.

It Was Thomas.

SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. Unseemly noises disturbed her during the night. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff-button in a hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff-button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson arrived. Gertrude revealed she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped down a laundry chute. Gertrude was suspected. A negro found the other half of what proved to be Jack Bailey's cuff-button. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey left in response to a telegram. Gertrude said she had given Bailey an unloaded revolver, fearing to give him a loaded weapon. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Halsey said Armstrong wrecked his own bank and could clear Bailey. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, was found at the lodge. The lodgekeeper said Louise and Arnold had a long talk the night of the murder. Louise was prostrated. Louise told Halsey, that while she still loved him she was to marry another, and that he would despise her when he learned the whole story. It developed that Dr. Walker and Louise were to be married. A prowler was heard in the house. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase. Louise said she had heard a knock at the door and answered it. Something brushed past her on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder.

CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

"Why was Mr. Bailey not present at the inquest?"

The detective's expression was peculiar.

"Because his physician testified that he is ill, and unable to leave his bed."

"Ill!" I exclaimed. "Why, neither Halsey nor Gertrude has told me that."

"There are more things than that, Miss Innes, that are puzzling. Bailey gives the impression that he knew nothing of the crash at the bank until he read it in the paper Monday night, and that he went back and surrendered himself immediately. I do not believe it. Jonas, the watchman at the Traders' bank, tells a different story. He says that on the Thursday night before, about 8:30, Bailey went back to the bank. Jonas admitted him, and he says the cashier was in a state almost of collapse. Bailey worked until midnight, then he closed the vault and went away. The occurrence was so unusual that the watchman pondered over it all the rest of the night. What did Bailey do when he went back to the Knickerbocker apartments that night? He packed a suit-case ready for instant departure. But he held off too long; he waited for something. My personal opinion is that he waited to see Miss Gertrude before flying from the country. Then, when he had shot down Arnold Armstrong that night, he had to choose between two evils. He did the thing that would immediately turn public opinion in his favor, and surrendered himself, as an innocent man. The strongest thing against him is his preparation for flight, and his deciding to come back after the murder of Arnold Armstrong. He was shrewd enough to disarm suspicion as to the graver charge."

The evening dragged along slowly. Mrs. Watson came to my bedroom before I went to bed and asked if I had any arnica. She showed me a badly swollen hand, with reddish streaks running toward the elbow; she said it was the hand she had hurt the night of the murder a week before, and that she had not slept well since. It looked to me as if it might be serious, and I told her to let Dr. Stewart see it.

The next morning Mrs. Watson went up to town on the 11 train and was admitted to the Charity hospital. She was suffering from blood-poisoning. I fully meant to go up and see her there, but other things drove her entirely from my mind. I telephoned to the hospital that day, however, and ordered a private room for her, and whatever comforts she might be allowed.

Mrs. Armstrong arrived Monday evening with her husband's body, and the services were set for the next day. The house on Chestnut street, in town, had been opened, and Tuesday morning Louise left us to go home. She sent for me before she went, and I saw she had been crying.

"How can I thank you, Miss Innes?" she said. "You have taken me on faith, and—you have not asked me any questions. Some time, perhaps, I can tell you; and when that time comes, you will all despise me—Halsey, too."

I tried to tell her how glad I was to have had her, but there was something else she wanted to say. She said it finally, when she had made a constrained good-by to Halsey and the car was waiting at the door.

"Miss Innes," she said in a low tone, "if they—if there is any attempt made to—to have you give up the house, do it, if you possibly can. I am afraid—to have you stay."

That was all. Gertrude went into town with her and saw her safely home. She reported a decided coolness in the greeting between Louise and her mother, and that Dr. Walker was there, apparently in charge of the arrangements for the funeral. Halsey disappeared shortly after Louise left and came home about nine that night, muddy and tired. As for Thomas, he went around dejected and sad, and I saw the detective watching him closely at dinner. Even now I wonder—what did Thomas know? What did he suspect?

At ten o'clock the household had settled down for the night. Liddy, who was taking Mrs. Watson's place, had finished examining the tea-towels and the corners of the shelves in the cooling-room, and had gone to bed. Alex, the gardener, had gone heavily up the circular staircase to his room, and Mr. Jamieson was examining the locks of the windows. Halsey dropped into a chair in the living room and stared moodily ahead. Once he roused.

"What sort of a looking chap is that Walker, Gertrude?" he asked.

"Rather tall, very dark, smooth-shaven. Not bad looking," Gertrude said, putting down the book she had been pretending to read. Halsey kicked a taboret viciously.

"Lovely place this village must be in the winter," he said irrelevantly. "A girl would be buried alive here."

It was then some one rapped at the knocker on the heavy front door. Halsey got up leisurely and opened it, admitting Warner. He was out of breath from running, and he looked half abashed.

"I am sorry to disturb you," he said. "But I didn't know what else to do. It's about Thomas."

"What about Thomas?" I asked. Mr. Jamieson had come into the hall and we all stared at Warner.

"He's acting queer," Warner explained. "He's sitting down there on the edge of the porch, and he says he has seen a ghost. The old man looks bad, too; he can scarcely speak."

"He's as full of superstition as an egg is of meat," I said. "Halsey, bring some whisky and we will all go down."

No one moved to get the whisky, from which I judged there were three pocket flasks ready for emergency. Gertrude threw a shawl around my shoulders, and we all started down over the hill; I had made so many nocturnal excursions around the place that I knew my way perfectly. But Thomas was not on the veranda, nor was he inside the house. The men exchanged significant glances, and Warner got a lantern.

"He can't have gone far," he said. "He was trembling so that he couldn't stand when I left."

Jamieson and Halsey together made the round of the lodge, occasionally calling the old man by name. But there was no response. No Thomas came, bowing and showing his white teeth through the darkness. I began to be vaguely uneasy, for the first time. Gertrude, who was never nervous in the dark, went alone down the drive to the gate, and stood there, looking along the yellowish line of the road, while I waited on the tiny veranda.

Warner was puzzled. He came around to the edge of the veranda and stood looking at it as if it ought to know and explain.

"He might have stumbled into the house," he said, "but he could not have climbed the stairs. Anyhow, he's not inside or outside, that I can see." The other members of the party had come back now, and no one had found any trace of the old man. His pipe, still warm, rested on the edge of the rail, and inside on the table his old gray hat showed that its owner had not gone far.

He was not far, after all. From the table my eyes traveled around the room, and stopped at the door of a closet. I hardly know what impulse moved me, but I went in and turned the knob. It burst open with the impetus of a weight behind it, and something fell partly forward in a heap on the floor. It was Thomas—Thomas without a mark of injury on him, and dead.

CHAPTER XX.

Dr. Walker's Warning.

Warner was on his knees in a moment, fumbling at the old man's collar to loosen it, but Halsey caught his hand.

"Let him alone," he said. "You can't help him; he is dead."

We stood there, each avoiding the other's eyes; we spoke low and reverently in the presence of death, and we tacitly avoided any mention of the suspicion that was in every mind. When Mr. Jamieson had finished his cursory examination, he got up and dusted the knees of his trousers.

"There is no sign of injury," he said, and I know I, for one, drew a long breath of relief. "From what Warner says and from his hiding in the closet, I should say he was scared to death. Fright and weak heart, together."

"But what could have done it?" Gertrude asked. "He was all right this evening at dinner. Warner, what did he say when you found him on the porch?"

Warner looked shaken; his honest, boyish face was colorless.

"Just what I told you, Miss Innes. He'd been reading the paper downstairs; I had put up the car, and, feeling sleepy, I came down to the lodge to go to bed. As I went upstairs Thomas put down the paper and taking his pipe went out on the porch. Then I heard an exclamation from him."

"Didn't he say anything you could understand?" I asked.

"He said something about the grave giving up its dead."

Mr. Jamieson was going through the old man's pockets, and Gertrude was composing his arms, folding them across his white shirt-bosom, always so spotless.

In the course of his investigations the detective had come to the inner pocket of the dead butler's black coat. Here he found some things that interested him. One was a small flat key, with a red cord tied to it, and the other was a bit of white paper, on which was written something in Thomas' cramped hand. Mr. Jamieson read it; then he gave it to me. It was an address in fresh ink:

LUCIEN WALLACE,
14 Elm Street, Richfield.

As the card went around, I think both the detective and I watched for any possible effect it might have, but, beyond perplexity, there seemed to be none.

"Richfield!" Gertrude exclaimed. "Why, Elm street is the main street; don't you remember, Halsey?"

"Lucien Wallace!" Halsey said. "That is the child Stewart spoke of at the inquest."

Warner, with his mechanic's instinct, had reached for the key. What he said was not a surprise.

"Yale lock," he said. "Probably a key to the east entry."

There was no reason why Thomas, an old and trusted servant, should not have had a key to that particular door, although the servants' entry was in the west wing. But I had not known of this key, and it opened up a new field of conjecture. Just now, however, there were many things to be attended to, and, leaving Warner with the body we all went back to the house. Mr. Jamieson walked with me, while Halsey and Gertrude followed.

"I suppose I shall have to notify the Armstrongs," I said. "They will know if Thomas had any people and how to reach them. Of course, I expect to defray the expenses of the funeral, but his relatives must be found. What do you think frightened him, Mr. Jamieson?"

"It is hard to say," he replied slowly, "but I think we may be certain it was fright, and that he was hiding from something. I am sorry in more than one way; I have always believed that Thomas knew something, or suspected something, that he would not tell. Do you know how much money there was in that worn-out wallet of his? Nearly $100! Almost two months' wages—and yet those darkies seldom have a penny. Well—what Thomas knew will be buried with him."

With the death of Thomas, I felt that a climax had come in affairs at Sunnyside. The night that followed was quiet enough. Halsey watched at the foot of the staircase, and a complicated system of bolts on the other doors seemed to be effectual.

Once in the night I wakened and thought I heard the tapping again. But all was quiet, and I had reached the stage where I refused to be disturbed for minor occurrences.

The Armstrongs were notified of Thomas' death, and I had my first interview with Dr. Walker as a result. He came up early the next morning, just as we finished breakfast, in a professional looking car with a black hood.

"I must make a double excuse for this early visit, Miss Innes," he said as he sat down. The chair was lower than he expected, and his dignity required collecting before he went on. "My professional duties are urgent and long neglected, and"—a fall to the every-day manner—"something must be done about that body."

"Yes," I said, sitting on the edge of my chair. "I merely wished the address of Thomas' people. You might have telephoned, if you were busy."

He smiled.

"I wished to see you about something else," he said. "As for Thomas, it is Mrs. Armstrong's wish that you allow her to attend to the expense. About his relatives, I have already notified his brother, in the village. It was heart disease, I think. Thomas always had a bad heart."

"Heart disease and fright," I said, still on the edge of my chair. But the doctor had no intention of leaving.

"I understand you have a ghost up here, and that you have the house filled with detectives to exorcise it," he said.

For some reason I felt I was being "pumped," as Halsey says. "You have been misinformed," I replied.

"What, no ghost, no detectives!" he said, still with his smile. "What a disappointment to the village!"

I resented his attempt at playfulness. It had been anything but a joke to us.

"Dr. Walker," I said tartly, "I fail to see any humor in the situation. Since I came here, one man has been shot, and another one has died from shock. There have been intruders in the house, and strange noises. If that is funny, there is something wrong with my sense of humor."

"You miss the point," he said, still good naturedly. "The thing that is funny to me is that you insist on remaining here, under the circumstances. I should think nothing would keep you."

"You are mistaken. Everything that occurs only confirms my resolution to stay until the mystery is cleared."

"I have a message for you, Miss Innes," he said, rising at last. "Mrs. Armstrong asked me to thank you for your kindness to Louise, whose whim, occurring at the time it did, put her to great inconvenience. Also—and this is a delicate matter—she asked me to appeal to your natural sympathy for her, at this time, and to ask you if you will not reconsider your decision about the house. Sunnyside is her home; she loves it dearly, and just now she wishes to retire here for quiet and peace."

"She must have had a change of heart," I said, ungraciously enough. "Louise told me her mother despised the place. Besides, this is no place for quiet and peace just now. Anyhow, doctor, while I don't care to force an issue, I shall certainly remain here, for a time at least."

"For how long?" he asked.

"My lease is for six months. I shall stay until some explanation is found for certain things. My own family is implicated now, and I shall do everything to clear the mystery of Arnold Armstrong's murder."

The doctor stood looking down, slapping his gloves thoughtfully against the palm of a well-looked-after hand.

"You say there have been intruders in the house?" he asked. "You are sure of that, Miss Innes?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Her Happiest Time of Life

When the Dutch Housewife Sees Life with Her Own Instead of Husband's Eyes.

No, not even for the Tartjse would I care to be a Dutchwoman, unless, from the very beginning, I could be an elderly Dutch widow with a fortune.

One day I went to lunch with such a lady, and I think, when I myself am very old, and memories of earth are growing hazy in the sunset which lights the way to that other land beyond, I still shall see that tiny old Dutch Mevrouw standing in one of the rooms of her large old merchant mansion, her dress of fine black cloth, her little apron of silk with a flounce of rare old lace, her eyes bright and merry as a girl's, her face eager with the joy of living, her voice laughing out her welcome.

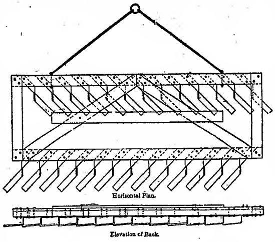
These old Dutch ladies make one marvel. They are like pears kept close that they may mellow when brought to the light. When their men, as they call their husbands, are too old or too wise with years to bother over everything as they do in their youth, or are gone to a country where for once their "ja's" and "neens" are second, these ladies seem to develop and expand, and their understanding to blossom. They are then very spontaneous. They laugh much, they chuckle over stories they could not have even whispered in their youth, they talk most entertainingly in many languages and often play the piano with skill and lively enjoyment. The dust-rags have ceased to interest them, the perambulators are empty, and they seem to be taking a joyful inspection of the world and its life which they have heretofore seen only through the eyes of a husband.—Harper's Weekly.

SUITABLE IMPLEMENT TO EXTERMINATE THE WEEDS

One of the Most Needed Utensils on Arid Farms Is One That Will Destroy Injurious Plants—Home-Made Device Shown.

In the "dry farming" movement which has taken hold in the central and western parts of Canada and the United States, summer tillage, or summer fallow, has been given a large place. This makes it an important question to have some suitable implement to keep down the weeds on the summer fallow. The accompanying illustration shows a simple device which is described by Prof. J. G. Hogenson, Agronomist, Utah Agricultural college. Speaking of it in the Dry Farming Congress Bulletin, he says:

No subject is of greater interest to the arid farmer of today than the securing of implements particularly suited to his needs, implements that will keep his soil in the best possible condition for the rapid growth of his crops.



Horizontal Plan.

Elevation of Back.

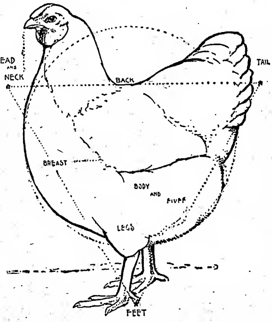
Home-Made Weed Exterminator.

One of the most needed implements, at least down our way, is the one that will, with a small amount of time and labor and a smaller amount of money, enable the farmer to destroy weeds that are so plentiful on summer fallowed lands.

One day last year while traveling through one of the most weedy districts of the state of Utah, I suddenly came upon a genuine oasis in a desert of weeds, a paradise of cleanliness and order as compared with the weedy chaos surrounding. No weary traveler in the great Sahara ever gazed upon a fertile spot in the desert with greater thanksgiving than I did upon this farm. Here in the midst of a sea of weeds was a farm where not a weed was to be seen. The grain was ripening pure and free from the encroachment of the enemy. The summer fallow, 200 acres in extent, was clean and smooth and loose, ready with its store of moisture to start the new crop successfully along its growth. I naturally stopped and made inquiries as to the methods used by the owner which brought such splendid results so vastly different from his neighbors. The owner smilingly led me out to the implement shed where he pointed to a home-made implement and said: "This is my harrow, my disc, my leveler and my weeder. It is the only thing that I use after plowing my land until I seed it the following autumn. I have used it now for eight years and you see the results. My land was just like my neighbors' when I began, now I have no trouble with weeds because my machine destroys them."

The implement, as he has it, consists of a rectangle 10 by 4 feet, made of two-inch planks eight inches wide. To the under side of the 10-foot planks are bolted nine knives made from ¼-inch steel 24 inches long. The steel is bent eight inches from one end so that it will drop down behind the plank. The knives are bolted to the plank diagonally at an angle of 45 degrees by means of two bolts. The bend is about three inches deep, which allows the knives to work that distance below the surface of the ground. The long part of the steel below the bend is sharpened on the front side so that weeds will be cut, this blade being about 13 inches long. The knives on the front plank slope to the right, while those on the rear plank slope to the left. This arrangement makes it impossible for any weeds to be missed, or any part of the ground to remain unstirred. The framework levels the land and crushes the clods, while the knives destroy the weeds and loosen the ground to the depth of three inches and form a perfect mulch.

SYMMETRY OF WYANDOTTES



The diagram illustrates the symmetry of a Wyandotte fowl by a profile view. The heavy black line shows the full, rounded shape of the ideal bird, says Farm Magazine. Some judges will not allow for symmetry, others believe this feature is as important as class, and mark a bird accordingly.

Keep Fertilizer Handy.

Have a bag of complete commercial fertilizer where you can get at it handily and keep scattering a little of it among the garden plants all summer.

A tablespoonful worked around a hill of strawberries or around a raspberry, currant or gooseberry bush will cause the plants to grow amazingly and bring them to perfection so they will be ready to produce heavy crops next year.

Long Hours for Bees.

On warm summer mornings bees are out gathering nectar almost as soon as the sun rises and if clouds and rain or wind do not interfere they will work steadily till sundown, fully fourteen hours of work for the day.

Surplus Cockerels Caponized.

It would be too much to predict that within a few years a good proportion of all the fowl owners of the country will be converting their surplus cockerels into capons because the proportion of owners who raise poultry in a small way only is very great, and as a rule such poultrymen think the operation entails too much skill and risk to undertake it where only a few fowls are concerned.

Culling Poultry Flock.

Have you culled down your flock yet to what hens you want for laying, the number of birds for breeding and show purposes? If not, don't you think it economy to convert the surplus cockerels into cash, and if you are shy on room, to cull down to the yard room you have available for a given number of birds? It saves feed bills and also time and labor for caretaking. August is even a little late for this operation; if you have not attended to it, do so at once.

Remove the Rubbish.

As fast as the boxes, frames and stakes have done their work, take them out, so that no insects will make their home about them.

Save your own tomato seeds—picking out the choicest fruit and see if you cannot improve every year.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE
Has cured thousands and it can cure you.
Relieves from the first.
All Druggists, 25¢

The Wretchedness of Constipation
Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED PROCESS SHOES
MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
WOMEN'S $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4
BOYS' $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00
THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS
They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are certainly the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed. Fast Color Eyelets.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Fargo Directory
TRUNKS "Made in N. Dakota." SUIT CASES
Leather Goods. Dealers Send for Catalog
MONSON TRUNK FACTORY, FARGO, N. DAKOTA
KODAKS and Kodak Supplies
Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention.
FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

NOTHING DOING.

Tramp—Help me, kind sir. I have seen better days dan dis—

Mr. Jinks—So have I. This weather is awful.

Why He Was Sorry.

To impress on young children just what should and what should not be done and why, is among the most trying problems of parents, as evidenced by the recent experience of a West Philadelphia mother. Last Sunday she asked her small son, aged eight, to carry a chair for her from the dining room to the parlor. He started off willingly, but in the hall he tripped and fell. Amid the crash could be heard the boy giving vent to utterances that would have done credit to a pirate of ancient days. The mother was taken by surprise and was greatly shocked. She gave the boy a long and serious talk on the subject of profanity. This apparently did not make the right impression, for when she concluded the boy added to her discomfiture by exclaiming, "I am sorry I swore, mamma, but I forgot it was Sunday."

LACK OF MONEY

Was a Godsend In This Case.

It is not always that a lack of money is a benefit.

A lady of Green Forest, Ark., owes her health to the fact that she could not pay in advance the fee demanded by a specialist to treat her for stomach trouble. In telling of her case she says:

"I had been treated by four different physicians during 10 years of stomach trouble. Lately I called on another who told me he could not cure me; that I had neuralgia of the stomach. Then I went to a specialist who told me I had catarrh of the stomach and said he could cure me in four months but would have to have his money down. I could not raise the necessary sum and in my extremity I was led to quit coffee and try Postum.

"So I stopped coffee and gave Postum a thorough trial and the results have been magical. I now sleep well at night, something I had not done for a long time; the pain in my stomach is gone and I am a different woman.

"I dreaded to quit coffee, because every time I had tried to stop it I suffered from severe headaches, so I continued to drink it although I had reason to believe it was injurious to me, and was the cause of my stomach trouble and extreme nervousness. But when I had Postum to shift to it was different.

"To my surprise I did not miss coffee when I began to drink Postum.

"Coffee had been steadily and surely killing me and I didn't fully realize what was doing it until I quit and changed to Postum."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

WORTH MOUNTAINS OF GOLD

During Change of Life, says Mrs. Chas. Barclay

Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—MRS. CHAS. BARCLAY, R.F.D., Graniteville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing female complaints such as inflammation, ulceration, local weaknesses, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life. It costs but little to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and, as Mrs. Barclay says, it is "worth mountains of gold" to suffering women.

Some men are self made and some others are wife made.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

The discovery that he has invested in a salted mine is apt to make a man [illegible]

ALMOST WORN OUT.

Ella Fontine—Is your knee tired, dear?

Slenderly—It must be, pet; it's gone to sleep.

Pipe Gives Cadet Typhoid.

Midshipman Smith, who was stricken with typhoid fever on the Indiana at Plymouth, England, contracted the disease, it is said, from smoking a briar used nearly a year ago by his roommate at Annapolis who had a bad case of typhoid. This theory is taken as proof that concentrated nicotine cannot destroy a typhoid germ. The medical department of the navy will examine into the theory with the result that midshipmen of the future may confine themselves to their own pipes.

There Are Reasons

Why so many people have ready-at-hand a package of

Post Toasties

The DISTINCTIVE FLAVOUR delights the palate.

The quick, easy serving right from the package—requiring only the addition of cream or good milk is an important consideration when breakfast must be ready "on time."

The sweet, crisp food is universally liked by children, and is a great help to Mothers who must give to the youngsters something wholesome that they relish.

The economical feature appeals to everyone—particularly those who wish to keep living expenses within a limit.

Post Toasties are especially pleasing served with fresh sliced peaches.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

RULES SHERIFFS

POWER OF STATE'S EXECUTIVE IS ABSOLUTE, ATTORNEY-GENERAL DECIDES.

POWER IS LIKE KINGS

Removal From Office Is Declared Proper Action.—Opinion Has Particular References to Liquor Law Cases.

St. Paul.—The sheriffs in Minnesota are the personal representatives of the governor and as such are responsible to him for the conserving of the peace not only by apprehending criminals, but by preventing the commission of any crime. In the event that he fails to perform the duties the sheriff can be removed by the governor either for malfeasance or nonfeasance.

This is the sum and substance of an opinion handed down by Attorney General Simpson in response to a letter from Governor Eberhart asking what were the powers, duties and obligations of a sheriff.

Numerous complaints have reached the office of the governor and the attorney general from all parts of the state, particularly upper Minnesota, with regard to the alleged violation of law, not only affecting the sale of liquor, but in other sections. Sheriffs and other officials in the past have refused to do anything without warrants or complaints in hand. Mayors of towns have stated positively that there was no violation of law within their limits, even though complaints have been made direct to the governor.

Many instances of violation have been reported, notable among them the case of the city of International Falls. It has been reported that the town was "wide open." Officials were unable to cope with the situation. In his opinion the attorney general states that the sheriff has with but two exceptions, the same power now that he had in the days when he acted as the personal representative of the king. In a like manner he is now responsible to the governor for all that he does.

Mr. Simpson points out that the sheriff gives bond for the faithful performance of his duties to the state of Minnesota and not to any county or other subdivision therein.

"Under the laws of this state, as under the common law, where the sheriff was a representative of the king, so is he the arm of governor in each county in the state, whose duty it is to see that the laws of this state are enforced and for his neglect or failure he may be removed from office upon proper cause being shown."

Further in his opinion, the attorney general defines the duties of the sheriff as follows: "As a conservator of the peace, it is the duty of the sheriffs of the state not only to apprehend and jail those who have committed crime and otherwise act as a server of process, but it is likewise the duty of the sheriffs to prevent the violation of the law, whether as to the sale of intoxicating liquors or otherwise is of no moment. It follows that for a failure to either serve process that is delivered to him or failure to preserve the peace is ground in a proper proceeding before you to remove such sheriff from office. It is not enough for a sheriff to state that no complaint has been made to him with regard to the alleged violation of law, and that no warrant has been placed in his hands for service. The duty of the sheriff is broader than this, for when complaints made to him that a law is about to be violated or when it is brought to his knowledge or he has reason to believe that the peace of his county is about to be broken, a duty rests upon the sheriff to conserve the peace, and for that purpose he may call to his aid as many citizens of the county as are necessary."

It is thought that with the powers thus defined for the sheriff that hereafter there will be little excuse for the violation of the liquor law in upper Minnesota. The governor will notify all sheriffs of his intention to see that they comply with the letter of the law. He has stated that action will be taken against the first who does not obey.

COTTAGES NEAR COMPLETION.

Sauk Center Industrial School Work Progressing.

Sauk Center.—Work has progressed so rapidly on the four cottages of the State Industrial Training school for girls that the roofs will be on in ample time to permit the interior work being done this winter. Mrs. Fanny French Morse, the superintendent, has been on her annual vacation, and in consultation with the Board of Control at St. Paul. The four cottages will be large enough for twenty-five girls and a matron. They are colonial in style, and it is expected that they will be ready for the transfer of the girls from Red Wing late this year or early in 1911.

NORMAL SCHOOL CLOSES.

St. Cloud Institution Ends Successful Summer Term.

St. Cloud.—The St. Cloud normal school closed and seventeen young people received diplomas for having completed the various courses of the normal. The attendance at the summer school has been the longest since the summer school has been started. For the first term it was over 500, and for the second term of six weeks the attendance was 350.

Big Gain in School Census.

Mandan.—A gain of 513 in the school population of Morton county has been made in the last year, according to the census report just made public. The present school census shows 6,660 as against 6,147 a year ago. In the number of new school buildings, the county also has made substantial gains, while the value of the school properties have also been greatly enlarged.

Special Trains for Sept. 5.

Fargo.—Special trains will be run to this city at the time of the Roosevelt meeting Sept. 6, and the railroads will make special rates for the occasion.

DROP DUCK CASE.

Charge Growing Out of "Big Feed" Dropped.

Cass Lake.—The much talked of case of the State of Minnesota vs. Ed. Warren, in which the defendant was charged with serving wild ducks at a dinner given to a number of the Cass county officials, was held here before Justice Frank Ives. By reason of the fect of County Auditor Byhre, County Treasurer McKeown, Judge of Probate Jamison and Sheriff Delury being subpoenaed as witnesses, the village court room was packed with spectators long before the case was called.

Each of the officials in answer to the questions as to what he had for dinner on the day of the party swore he had chicken and dumplings, and did not see nor taste any wild duck. After the state had rested the county attorney made a motion to dismiss the action on the ground that the state had failed to prove a cause of action and asked that the defendant be released from custody. The motion was granted.

E. L. Warren, the defendant, is proprietor of a general merchandise store at the new station of Federal Dam, and on July 25 a party of Cass County officials went to Federal Dam by boat and were furnished with dinner by Mr. Warren. Upon their return to Walker one of the party jokingly made the remark they were royally treated to a "wild duck" dinner. One of Walker's citizens hearing this informed the game and fish commission in St. Paul of the alleged duck dinner, who in turn asked Deputy Game Warden M. L. Tolle to file a complaint.

PINCHOT DATE IS SET.

Rochester to Be Scene of Deposed Forester's First Speech.

Rochester.—Gifford Pinchot, the deposed forestry chief, will wage war against Congressman James A. Tawney of the First district in an address to be given in Rochester Friday night, September 2, according to present announcements which Mr. Pinchot gives in a letter received in this city. Pinchot, who is close to Roosevelt and is supposed to echo his sentiments, will urge the candidacy of Sydney A. Anderson of Lanesboro for Congress. The progressives of the First district are wild with joy over the prospects of securing a man of national reputation to assist them in the battle now on in the First district.

Mr. Pinchot comes to Wisconsin to speak in the interests of La Follette, and then he agrees to come to the First district. The Rochester date may be the only meeting that he can hold in the district, as he will probably attend the National Conservation congress the week following in St. Paul.

Congressman Tawney visited Rochester and called upon some of the political leaders of the city. He is very optimistic over the outlook and feels that his prospects for election are bright. He was not aware that Gifford Pinchot was to visit the district until he arrived in this city, but the announcement did not appear to give him much concern.

LABOR EXHIBIT READY.

Commissioner Will Show Pictures Of Safety Devices.

St. Paul.—W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner, has at his office a number of photographs and other material which will constitute the department's exhibit at the state fair. The prevention of accidents will be the object of display. Mr. McEwen will have 200 photographs showing the use of safety devices in factories. The pictures are large in size and the safety devices are marked in red.

A number of printed mottoes and warnings have also been prepared. Some of them are placards such as the department wants employers to post in their factories, and others are mottoes for the education of employers and the general public.

Several large cards, as big as the top of an office desk, covered with clippings from newspapers of accidents that might have been prevented, will constitute a feature of the display.

"It will cost the department $500 to make the exhibit, but if we can save one life or one limb the state will be amply paid for its expenditure," said Mr. McEwen.

PLAN BIG CEMENT PLANT.

Faribault Men Behind Proposed Monster Montana Factory.

Faribault.—D. Grant & Co. of this city are making arrangements to establish one of the largest cement plants in the country and it is being erected at the mouth of the Yellowstone park, where the company owns a vast deposit of practically pure limestone and a deposit of clay.

A tract of 600 acres of land has been purchased for the plant and equipping yards and trackage, which the Northern Pacific road is now building.

Samuel Grant, a member of the firm, has just returned from Chicago, where he has purchased machinery for the plant.

Killed While Wrestling.

Duluth.—Henry Stein of Harbors, aged 19 years, was accidentally killed in an unusual manner in that city. He was thrown down in a friendly and impromptu wrestling match by a young man named Louis Peterson. Stein in falling struck the back of his head on the edge of a box and his neck was broken. Death resulted almost instantly. Stein was an air inspector for the Duluth & Iron Range road. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Wants Milk Inspection.

Williston.—Milk inspection will soon be established in Williston if the plans now on foot are carried through. Agitation recently placed under way by the state board of health together with the showing that many deaths of children have resulted from the use of impure milk, is responsible for the contemplated action in Williston.

Threw Brick Through Window.

Fargo.—A high liver sprinkled red ink on salmon in mistake for catsup, and then threw a brick through the window because the proprietor would not set up another order.

THE BLIND SENATOR

Marvelous Career of Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma.

How He Won His Fight Against Poverty and Adversity, and Achieved His Early Ambitions in Spite of Obstacles.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—No man in public life today has had a more remarkable career than Senator Thomas Pryor Gore of Oklahoma, whose charges of attempted bribery in connection with the sale of Indian lands stirred the country and brought about investigation by a congressional committee. Marvelous almost beyond belief were the struggles of this blind man—blind from early youth—to reach the great goal of his ambition—a seat in the senate of the United States.

Senator Gore was born on a farm in Mississippi in 1870, later being taken to the village of Walthall, when the latter was created. At the age of eight one of his eyes was jabbed out by a playmate. But he still had one good eye left and his grief was forgotten when some friends told him one day that he had been appointed a page in the Mississippi legislature. This career was, however, ended three years after the first accident by a fate so cruel and unusual that it would have crushed the spirit of ninety-nine boys out of any hundred in the land. While experimenting with a toy cross-bow, he himself shot out his remaining eye.

He was now totally blind, and had to give up his pageship. For the next five years his chief diversion was to hear his sister and mother read to him. Then a normal school was opened at his home town, and he entered, his lessons being read to him at home and by his schoolmates.

A debating society was organized in this school and the blind boy joined and displayed a wonderful aptitude for debate. One day a companion found an old volume of the Congressional Record. Going to an old stable the companion would read to him the speeches of the lawmakers at Washington and then there entered Gore's breast the ambition to be a United States senator—an ambition that never left it, even in the darkest days that followed.

Senator Thomas P. Gore.

In 1891 his fame as a speaker had spread locally and he received many invitations to address farmers' picnics. The last day of 1895 he left Mississippi for Texas under a solemn vow never to return to it unless as a United States senator.

That year in Texas was a hard one. Gore threw himself into politics with passionate energy. Again and again the family was reduced to the verge of physical suffering. Yet year after year they kept up the fight for existence without complaint. Nor did the blind lawyer once despair of reaching the senate, writes James Creelman in Pearson's Magazine.

When Mr. Bryan was nominated at Kansas City in 1900 Gore found his way to the crowd that surrounded the convention. He managed to live in Kansas City for six days at a total cost of $3.50. No one who heard his voice ringing out over that scene of national enthusiasm was permitted to know, or even suspect, his poverty. Then he obtained an engagement in South Dakota to speak during the state and presidential campaigns. In this way he picked up $1,000 and with it went back to Texas and married.

The Gore's—including his father and brother—decided upon going to Oklahoma. In April, 1902, Gore managed to go as a delegate to the territorial convention that was to choose a delegate to congress from Oklahoma, and was given a seat in the territorial senate. That summer the blind man had another terrible struggle to keep alive. One day in June he had only eight cents left. He held a war council with his wife to consider what they should do with the eight cents. It was decided that the money should be spent on postage in an effort to secure speaking engagements. The political fight had to be kept up at any cost.

The fight for a seat in the United States senate was now pressed systematically. Gore spent the year 1903 in widening his acquaintance, attending picnics, barbecues and county fairs, lecturing for anything from $5 to $25, shaking hands with the crowds and smiling his way into their hearts. His friends wanted him to abandon his ambition for a time and run for congress. "It is the senate or nothing," he replied.

Gore won his fight in the primary election and was elected to the United States senate by the legislature, drawing the short term. In 1909 he was reelected.

A Mosquito Proof Steamer.

The Jonathan Holt, the first ocean going mosquito proof steamer, has arrived in the Mersey, says the London Times. She is the first ship of special design for the Liverpool West African trade. Professor Major Ronald Ross's recommendations have been carried out by the owners for mosquito proofing all living quarters. Copper gauze fittings are provided for all doors, windows, side ports, skylights, ventilators and passages to prevent the malaria bearing mosquito entering.

STUNG BY BASE INGRATITUDE

Bowery Denizen Seemingly Had Right to Be Indignant at Old Friend's Attitude.

"You remember dat guy, Jim Burke?" asked an irate Bowery denizen. "He's dat stiff dat's doin' time up der river—Sing Sing—boiglary—ten years. Well, you know all I done fer dat stiff. When he was pinched didn't I put up der coin for der lawyers? Didn't I pay der witnesses? Sure I did. De oder day I t'inks I'll just go an' see dat mutt just t' leave him know his frien's ain't tied de can on 'im. So I drives out to d' jail and goes into d' warden's office and he says I gotter send me card in. Me card! D'yo get dat? Well, anyway, I writes my name on a piece o' paper an' a guy takes it into Jim Burke, an' what d' you t'ink dat stiff tells dat guy to tell me?"

"I've no idea," said the listener.

"He tells him," concluded the angry one, "'t' tell me dat he ain't in!'"—From Success Magazine.

A CASE OF GRAVEL.

Tulare, Cal., Man Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

Harrison A. Sturtevant, G and Maple Sts., Tulare, Cal., says: "I was in bad shape with kidney trouble. Too frequent passage of the urine compelled me to arise at night, my bladder became inflamed and I had excruciating pains in my abdomen. Soon after I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, I passed a gravel stone three-quarters of an inch in length and variegated in color. After this my trouble disappeared."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Wise Old Owl.

In her trim little bathing suit she sat on the white sand.

"I adore intelligence," she cried.

"So do I," said he. "All the same, though, beauty and intellect never go together."

"And do you think me intellectual?" she faltered.

"No," he confessed, frankly.

With a faint blush she murmured, "Flatterer!"

IN AGONY WITH ECZEMA

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with itching and bleeding eczema, until I was cured by the Cuticura Remedies, and I am so grateful I want the world to know, for what helped me will help others. My body and face were covered with sores. One day it would seem to be better, and then break out again with the most terrible pain and itching. I have been sick several times, but never in my life did I experience such awful suffering as with this eczema. I had made up my mind that death was near at hand, and I longed for that time when I would be at rest. I had tried many different doctors and medicines without success, and my mother brought me the Cuticura Remedies, insisting that I try them. I began to feel better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap, and one application of Cuticura Ointment.

"I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, and have taken four bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, and consider myself well. This was nine years ago and I have had no return of the trouble since. Any person having any doubt about this wonderful cure by the Cuticura Remedies can write to my address. Mrs. Altie Etson, 93 Inn Road, Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 16, 1909."

Detected.

It was at a Fourth of July meeting in the little city. The mayor, William Smith, rose, and at dignified length read the Declaration of Independence. There was a pause; then from one of the mayor's old schoolmates came the loud whisper: "Bill never writ that. He ain't smart enough."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

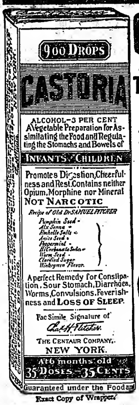
Freedom is the only soil in which great and good men grow—freedom of mind and body.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Best men are molded out of faults.—Shakespeare.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A seal on a watch-fob may be worth two on an iceberg.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WESTERN CANADA'S 1910 CROPS

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Wheat Yield in Many Districts Will Be From 25 to 35 Bushels Per Acre

Land sales and homestead entries increasing. No cessation in numbers going from United States. Wonderful opportunities remain for those who intend making Canada their home. New districts being opened up for settlement. Many farmers will net, this year, $10 to $15 per acre from their wheat crop. All the advantages of old settled countries are there. Good schools, churches, splendid markets, excellent railway facilities. See the grain exhibit at the different State and some of the County fairs.

Letters similar to the following are received every day, testifying to satisfactory conditions; other districts are as favorably spoken of:

THEY SENT FOR THEIR SON.

Maidstone, Sask., Canada, Aug. 5th, 1910.

"My parents came here from Cedar Falls, Iowa, four years ago, and were so well pleased with this country they sent to Coeur d'Alene for me. I have taken up a homestead near them, and am perfectly satisfied to stop here." Leonard Douglas.

WANTS SETTLER'S RATE FOR HIS STOCK.

Stettler, Alberta, July 31st, 1910.

"Well I got up here from Forest City, Iowa, last Spring in good shape with the stock and everything. Now, I have got two boys back in Iowa yet, and I am going back there now soon to get them and another car up here this fall. What I would like to know is, if there is any chance to get a cheap rate back again, and when we return to Canada I will call at your office for our certificates."

Yours truly, H. A. Wik.

WILL MAKE HIS HOME IN CANADA.

Brainerd, Minn., Aug. 1st, 1910.

"I am going to Canada a week from today and intend to make my home there. My husband has been there six weeks and is well pleased with the country; so he wants me to come as soon as possible. He filed on a claim near Landis, Sask., and by his description of it it must be a pretty place. My brother-in-law, Mr. Frank J. Zimmer, lives there and it was through him that we decided to locate in Canada."

Yours truly,
Mrs. Richard Henry Ebinger.

TAKES HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW'S WORD FOR IT.

Taylors Falls, Minn., Aug. 7, 1910.

"I shall go to Camrose this Fall with my cattle and household goods. I got a poor crop here this year and my brother-in-law, Axel Nordstrom in Camrose, wants me to come there. He formerly lived in Wilton, North Dakota. I am going to buy or take homestead when I get there, but I do not want to travel two times there, for I take my brother-in-law's word about the country, and want to get your low rate."

Yours truly
Peter A. Nelson.

WANTS TO RETURN TO CANADA.

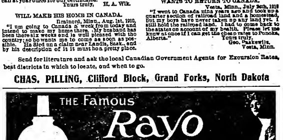
Vesta, Minn., July 24th, 1910.

"I went to Canada nine years ago and took up a quarter section of railroad land and a homestead, but my boys have never taken up any land yet. I still hold the railroad land. I had to come back to the states on account of my health. Please let me know at once if I can get the cheap rates to Ponoka, Alberta."

Yours truly,
Geo. Paskewils,
Vesta, Minn.

Send for literature and ask the local Canadian Government Agents for Excursion Rates, best districts in which to locate, and when to go.

CHAS. PILLING, Clifford Block, Grand Forks, North Dakota



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

Northwestern Conservatory

40 Instructors
600 Students
(26th Year, Opens Sept. 5, '10)

All branches of Music Art and Dramatic Art, Orchestral and Band Instruments. Normal Courses in Public School Music, Art, Piano, Physical Training, Domestic Science. Terms Reasonable. Catalog Free.

O. A. EVERS, Pres. Minneapolis, Minn.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS

Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain

Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00
Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00
EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Everywhere in the world men shave with the

TRADE Gillette MARK

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.

Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

The difference remember this—

it may save your life. Cathartics, bird shot and cannon ball pills—tea spoon doses of cathartic medicines all depend on irritation of the bowels until they sweat enough to move. *Cascarets* strengthen the bowel muscles so they creep and crawl naturally. This means a cure and only through *Cascarets* can you get it quickly and naturally. 888

Cascarets—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J.P.ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 36—1910.

Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles

Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach.

A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of *unknown composition* as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	School Supplies Pencils Tablets, Etc.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Sam E. Hunt spent Sunday at Crookston.

J. A. Duffy spent a part of the week in the cities.

Frank Jeffers was at Thief River Falls Monday.

Leo Spillane visited with friends at Crookston this week.

Editor Converse of St. Hilaire spent Sunday with relatives.

Miss Algina Guilmette spent Sunday with Crookston friends.

Miss Louise Phillion spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Grant VanSant, the St. Paul attorney was in town Saturday.

Miss Hilma Nelson of Evansville is the guest of Miss Clara Berg.

A. A. Latendresse was at Thief River Falls between trains Monday.

Born, Saturday, Sept. 3, to Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Latendresse, a son.

Mrs. Alice Lamb of Litchfield is the guest of Mrs. E. F. Marshall.

W. A. Schretter returned Tuesday from a business trip to Cass Lake.

The official ballot for the primary election may be found in this issue.

The F. and F. B's were entertained by Mrs. H. E. Ives Tuesday evening.

Attorney and Mrs. E. M. Stanton of Thief River Falls were in town Friday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel October 6.

Miss Hazel Healy has gone to Moorhead where she is attending the normal.

Mrs. David Laurent of Crookston visited with relatives in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Ruberius returned yesterday from their wedding trip.

Miss Viola Brady has gone to St. Vincent where she is to teach this year.

P. L. Malvin and family have moved from the Germo to the Marchand house.

The public schools opened Tuesday with a good attendance in all departments.

St. Joseph's school opened Monday morning with a good attendance in all grades.

Miss Victoria Parenteau began a term of school in the Badger district Monday.

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters in town Monday.

N. E. Beebe of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters in town Saturday.

Miss Lula Fletcher has gone to St. Paul where she is teaching in the public schools.

Miss Cora Paul and Kathleen Spillane visited with friends at Crookston last Thursday.

Miss Margaret Kaus has gone to Eveleth where she is teaching in the public schools.

On Friday and Saturday, Sept. 9 and 10, we will open up our line of fall hats. We will be pleased to have you call in and see our Hobble, Turbans and other styles.—Mrs. Wm. Zaiser.

M. O. Sortedahl made a business trip to Crookston last evening, returning today.

Miss Effie Hamry returned today from Iowa where she had been visiting with relatives.

Miss Josephine Kaus has gone to Cloquet where she is teaching in the public schools.

Miss Rebecca Hunt has gone to Winona where she is attending the normal school.

The members of the dancing club will enjoy a dance at M. B. A. hall Friday evening.

Miss Gertrude Hennemuth has gone to Warroad where she is teaching in the public schools.

Mr. and Mrs. Weiler and son of St. Cloud are guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Harren.

Miss Blanche Atstadt left Friday for Gheen, Minn. near which place she is teaching this year.

Jos. Belair went to the cities Friday and has been in attendance at the state fair this week.

Peter Mayhew of Thief River Falls visited with relatives and friends here Friday and Saturday.

Advertised letters: R. G. Patterson, Leonard Peterson, Miss Greta Schellhorn, John Westberg.

Mrs. Otto Zaiser left Monday for Faribault where she will visit with relatives for some time.

Miss Esther Johnson left Tuesday evening for St. Cloud where she will attend the normal this year.

Mrs. Thomas Rean and son Buzzy of Larimore, N. Dak., were guests of Victoria Pareneau this week.

The Red Lake Falls Milling company's elevator near the N. P. station is to be opened in a few days.

Jos. Harren, who is travelling for the American Tobacco company, spent Sunday at his home here.

The very latest things in corsets can be found in the Royal Worchester line at LaBissionere's. $1.00 to $3.00.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Boughton spent a part of the week in the twin cities and attended the state fair.

Mrs. Schusser and daughters returned this week from Crookston where they had spent several weeks.

The Forresters will meet Friday evening. It is an important meeting and all members are urged to attend.

Miss Delima Parenteau left Monday night for Breckenridge, where she will attend convent the coming school year.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Miss Austrid Kindseth returned from Minneapolis where she had spent part of the summer vacation with relatives.

Hirem Slatten, who had been visiting with his sister, Ms. E. S. Wheeler, returned to his home in Fergus Falls Friday.

The official proceedings of the meeting of the board of county commissioners held last week are published in this issue.

Game birds became ripe yesterday morning and numerous hunting parties have been out in the country since that time.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. N. Bourdon and family closed the cottage at Maple Lake last Friday and are now at their home in town.

Miss Mayme Laurent returned yesterday from Crookston and Grand Forks where she had been visiting with relatives.

The first statement of the First State Bank of Oklee which is to be opened at the new Soo line town in a few days is published in this issue of the Gazette.

Mrs. Eli Lasha left last Thursday for Cando, N. Dak., where she will spend a month with her daughter, Mrs. Joe Haule.

The band boys gave a fine concert last Friday evening. The evening was pleasant and many people enjoyed the good music.

Miss Hurley, who has been the guest of her cousin, Mrs. F. A. Grady, returned to her home at New Market, Minn., Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Findeisen has purchased the Thos. Germo residence and after some alterations are made she will occupy the house.

Go to the Big Store for your canning fruit, fancy Elberta peaches, $1.20, and fancy plums, $1.25 crate. Other fruits in proportion.

Miss Jessie and Vina Carver returned last week from a trip to the southern part of the state and Iowa where they visited with relatives.

Mrs. Louis Sieff on her return from Chicago was accompanied by her niece, Miss Anita Sieff, who will spend several weeks here.

Marcus Marshall went to the cities Friday and is spending the week at the state fair grounds, being employed in the treasury department.

Go to LaBissionere's for dishes—special prices all through—8 new dinner sets received. $13.50 up for 100 piece sets. Best English ware.

W. B. Fuller of Thief River Falls was in town from Friday until Monday looking after the threshing on some land near town that he owns.

Walter Johnson of Minneapolis is spending the week with Vern Healy and is greeting his many friends here, he having formerly resided in Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Houston and children returned Tuesday from Herman, Minn., where they had been visiting with relatives for the past three weeks.

Mullin, the athletic young man who got sixty days for "licking" the Thief River Falls policeman, was given his liberty Saturday, having served out his sentence.

See the new crepe dress goods at La Bissoniere's Warranted to wash—only 40 cents. Lots of shades. Also the new Jacquard wash silks—50c. Absolutely new.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. R. H. Bourdon next Wednesday afternoon. A ten cent lunch will be served.

New goods arriving daily at La Bissoniere's. Fall dress goods, handkerchiefs, scarfs, scarf pins, belt buckles, kimona goods, etc. All the novelties of the season.

New wheat has been coming in at a lively rate during the past few days. Manager Hance of the milling company's elevator took in 2500 bushels one day, all grading No. 1.

Four members of the class of 1910 of the local high school, Misses Lillian Brady, Beatrice Emard, Eda Lizee and Florence Hennemuth, have gone to Moorhead where they are attending the normal.

Crookston College is the oldest and largest school in the Northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "A Yard of Success." Address J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Theo. Majeras on Tuesday purchased through the Gaass agency, the Arndt farm, three miles north of town. The farm is a fine half section and the consideration was $8,500. Mr. Majeras plans to stock the farm.

Miss Ellen Johnson, who has been spending several weeks here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Johnson, went to Thief River Falls Saturday where she will visit with friends a few days before returning to Tacoma, Wash.

Which class are you in—the savers or the spenders? We want you to be in the former and be independent. There is no better way to start than with a savings account in the Merchants State Bank.

On Friday and Saturday, Sept. 9 and 10, we will open up our line of fall hats. We will be pleased to have you call in and see our pretty Hobble, Turbans and other styles.—Mrs. Wm. Zaiser.

Quite extensive improvements are being made on the Red Lake Falls Milling company's elevator. A large addition is being built on the north side and a fifteen horse power engine and machinery for grinding feed will be put in.

We are agents for the International Tailoring Co., the best concern in the United States. Those wanting made to order suits will do better with us than anywhere else. $15.00 up.—The Big Store.

Roosevelt says that all boys and girls should secure a good business education. Send your boys and girls to the Commercial Normal, Thief River Falls, Minn., where they will receive a thoro business training.

Many of the most responsible positions in the business world today have been filled by students from the Mankato, Minn., Commercial College. There's a reason for it. Our beautiful Year Book is free on request.

T. A. Crompe left Saturday on a trip to his old home in the east. He will visit with relatives and old friends in New York state and eastern Canada. It has been twenty-six years since Mr. Crompe has visited the old home and he anticipates a very enjoyable four weeks vacation. During his absence W. J. Harlaw of Crookston is in charge of the Robertson Lumber company's yard.

Miss Ida Taudberg spent Sunday at her home at Thief River Falls.

Moses Patnode, who has been seriously ill for several months is now able to be around.

Adjourned regular meeting of the members of the Riverside club at the club rooms next Monday evening and all members are urged to attend.

There is great rejoicing in the home of Mr. and Mrs Omer Hall this morning because of the birth of a girl. The young lady is as lively as her dad and weighs more than ten pounds, and Omer weighs about four hundred pounds more than he did a week ago.

E. A. Mittwer went to Minneapolis last evening to attend to business matters in the city and to arrange for securing a patent on a household article recently invented by him. He will return by way of Duluth and the range country and will look for a new location.

Have you seen our new dress goods, cloaks, skirts, trimmings, kimona goods and furs? If not, you should. Only the very latest goods shown. We again have the famous Palmer coats and "Style Rite" for our cheaper lines. Fur collared coats from $5.90 up.—The Big Store.

Our fall clothing is practically all in—Kuppenheimer suits $20.00 up, Clothcraft, the best medium priced line in America, $8.00 to $18.00—fine fitting guaranteed shape retaining. See the Kuppenheimer "Stubs" for short men, something new—has every feature of style but not so long as the regulars. Call and see; it costs nothing.—The Big Store.

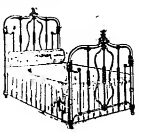
Mrs. Daniel Quesnelle, who was visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Helm, has gone to her new home at Crookston. Mr. Quesnelle recently shipped the household goods from Rainy River and the family will reside at Crookston in the future. Miss Gazella Helm accompanied her sister to Crookston and will remain for a few days.

Lee E. Healy and Vern Healy entertained a bunch of young fellows at the home of the former Monday evening for Walter Johnson who is the guest of the Healys this week. Progressive whist was played and after a fine luncheon Lee E. Healy entertained his guests with a description of his experiences in Alaska and exhibited some interesting Alaskan curios.

Hon. Alber Berg, candidate for the Republican nomination for state senator was in the city last Friday. In the evening the band boys who were giving a concert invited Mr. Berg to give an address from the band stand. Mr. Berg spoke for a few minutes and his talk was well received and heartily applauded. Noel Delarme, Red Lake Falls' candidate for representative, also spoke briefly.

Ye editor transacted business in the towns of Deer Park, Equality, Garnes and Mayfield, on last Friday and Saturday, returning home Sunday. Although we were not out on county division business we did not meet a Pennington county man on the trip, but we did meet one farmer that used to be for division before he discovered what he was being "steered" against, and he reformed.—Sunbeam.

Miss Bertha Brunelle, formerly of Red Lake Falls, but now a resident of Valley City, N. Dak., won second prize in the voting contest of the Valley City Times-Record. The prize is a beautiful Brush runabout and the young lady may well be proud of it. Miss Brunelle is a graduate of the Valley City normal and her popularity in her home town cannot be doubted when it is learned that nearly a million votes were cast for her in this contest and there were sixty-five contestants. Miss Bertha is a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Ferrault of this city and has a number of friends all over Red Lake county who will be glad to hear of her good fortune.



$2.50

Elaborate Iron Beds

Like the above cut in all the late popular colors and sizes. They are of beautiful design, extra massive, well made and pretty. From $2.50 to $29.

Fournet Furniture Store

Red Lake Falls — Crookston

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Talk To People When Their Minds Are Receptive====

Talk to them in the evening after they have cast aside the cares of the day.

For this purpose ELECTRIC ADVERTISING is irresistable.

Measured by results Electric Advertising is the cheapest of all forms of advertising, when using an electric sign.

See us about it.

Red River Power Company

Phone 18--2. Red Lake Fall, Minn.

Merchants State Bank

of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000

Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank

RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

LEWIS A. NELSON

Candidate for Re-election as

SHERIFF

OF RED LAKE COUNTY, MINN.

Your Vote and Support Solicited.

First State Bank

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF RED LAKE Falls, Minn., at close of business on Sept. 1, 1910. Date of call by Supt. Sept 1, 1910. Date of report by bank Sept. 6, 1910.

RESOURCES:			
Loans and discounts			$244,123.78
Overdrafts			1,987.48
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			8,153.50
Other real estate			4,651.31
Due from Banks		40,909.04	
Checks and Cash Items		761.62	
Cash on hand, items below		8,576.21	
Currency	$4,024.00		
Gold	3,620.00		
Silver	900.00		
Other	32.21		
Total cash assets		$50,336.87	$50,336.87
TOTAL			$309,252.94
LIABILITIES:			
Capital stock			$25,000.00
Surplus fund			5,000.00
Undivided Profits, Net			117.55
Dividends Unpaid		1,875.00	
Deposits subject to check		$87,610.65	
Demand certificates		1,523.31	
Cashiers Checks		116.20	
Total immediate liabilities		$91,125.16	
Time certificates		188,010.23	
Total deposits		279,135.39	279,135.39
TOTAL			$309,252.94

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

We, Theo. Garceau, President, and Geo. F. Henning, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

THEO. GARCEAU, President.

GEO. F. HENNING, Cashier.

Correct Attest: Two Directors:

FRANK R. HUNT

JOSEPH PERRAULT

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of Sept., 1910.

(Seal) NOEL DELORME, Notary Public.

My commission expires Oct. 21, 1913

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.01
Durum	.82
Rye	.61
Oats	.26
Flax	2.41
Barley	.55
Potatoes, new	.90
Eggs	.18
Butter, dairy	.25

FIRST STATE BANK OF OKLEE.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF OKLEE at close of business on Sept. 1, 1910.
Date of call by Supt., Sept. 1, 1910.
Date of report by bank, Sept. 3, 1910.

RESOURCES:		
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		$ 520.96
Due from banks	$9,479.04	
Total cash assets	9,479.04	9,479.04
Total		10,000.00
LIABILITIES:		
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Total		10,000.00

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

We, Samuel Gibeau, Vice President, and J. A. Duffy, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

SAMUEL GIBEAU, Vice President.

J. A. DUFFY, Cashier.

Correct Attest (Two) Directors:

J. A. DUFFY

L. J. DUFFY

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of Sept., 1910.

(Seal) J. L. CRUZEN, Notary Public.

My commission expires Sept. 1st, 1917.

Merchants State Bank

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF MERCHANTS STATE BANK, at Red Lake Falls, Minn., at close of business on Sept. 1, 1910.
Date of call by Supt., Sept. 1, 1910.
Date of report by bank, Sept. 3, 1910.

RESOURCES:			
Loans and discounts			$173,683.08
Overdrafts			691.97
Other Bonds, Stocks and Securities			20,684.32
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			5,879.34
Other real estate			5,451.27
Due from banks		$51,055.15	
Checks and cash items		1,071.45	
Cash on hand, items below		5,646.80	
Currency	$2,281.00		
Gold	1,015.00		
Silver	2,300.00		
Other	50.80		
Total cash assets		57,773.40	57,773.40
Total			266,735.85
LIABILITIES:			
Capital stock			$ 15,000.00
Surplus fund			3,000.00
Undivided profits, net			1,502.36
Dividends Unpaid		750.00	
Deposits subject to check		59,488.07	
Demand certificates		1,005.01	
Cashier's Checks		6,072.43	
Due to banks		20,662.13	
Total immediate liabilities		$87,927.67	
Time certificates		159,305.82	
Total deposits		$247,233.49	247,233.49
Total			$266,735.85

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

We, Samuel Gibeau, vice president, and J. A. Duffy, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

SAMUEL GIBEAU, Vice President.

J. A. DUFFY, Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors:

L. A. KAUFER

R. H. BOURDON

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of Sept., 1910.

(Seal) PETER F. POULIOT, Notary Public.

My commission expires March 13, 1915.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist

Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 18..

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1910.

VOL. XXVII—NO. 51

ALMOST ALL OVER NOW

Primary Election Next Tuesday November 20—Few Contests.

General Election Campaign Promises to be Tame Affair Also.

The period of anxiety for the candidate for office is about over. The primary election occurs next Tuesday, Sept. 20. It has not been a very exciting campaign and unless there are some independent candidates the campaign for the general election will be about as tame. This is true so far as the campaign for county offices is concerned.

However, there are two or three contests for republican nominations for county office and these will no doubt bring out a good vote at the primary election.

For county treasurer, Harry E. Ives, who has served part of a term by appointment, would like to retain the place for another term. During the time that he has been in office he has shown himself to be a competent official. It can be said also that there is no question of the ability and integrity of his opponent, G. G. Kinolseth, and the fight is becoming interesting and the result will be in doubt until some time next week.

The contest for the nomination for judge of probate promised to be just as interesting and then more interesting. It looked like a close race between Ira C. Richardson, the present incumbent who has served a few months by appointment, and Ben Christenson of Thief River Falls, and then just before the time limit for filing expired Wm. Holberg of this city got into the race and that makes the contest none the less interesting.

Before Auditor A. A. Latendresse decided to file for the nomination to succeed himself two others, Andrew Hanson of Lillo and Nels K. Nelson of Thief River Falls, decided to make a run for it. Mr. Latendresse was a clerk in the office for a number of years and has held the position by appointment since the death of the late J. B. O'Brien. Mr. Latendresse knows the work of the office so thoroughly and has given such capable service that there is little doubt that the people of the county will decide to keep him on the job.

There is an interesting contest in the first commissioner distict. Commissioner Lindquist will be opposed in the primary for the Republican nomination by Gust Naplin. The man who wins next Tuesday will have another contest in the general election for Herman Schultz filed for the Democratic nomination.

The Gazette believes that Red Lake county will give Steenerson a majority over Bjorge for the Republican congressional nomination and that Noel Delorme will get a lot of votes in southern Red Lake county and D. P. O'Neill a few at Thief River Falls, but if you want to know more about the legislative campaign please find the fellow who knows, if you can, and ask him.

Bids Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10.00 o'clock in the forenoon, the 7th day of October, A. D., 1910, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the construction of a reinforced concrete retaining wall along the property line on the east side of the Court House in said City of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Sealed bids are wanted for the retaining wall, for approximately 8000 feet of cement sidewalk and 400 feet of curb. Contractors are requested to bid by the cubic yard on the retaining wall, by the square foot on the sidewalks and by the lineal foot on the curb and combination curb and gutter.

Work to be begun promptly upon the award of the contract as per plans and specifications of C. H. Martz, engineer in charge, all on file in the office of the county auditor.

The estimated amount of material required: Concrete 110 cubic yards, 4000 lbs of one-half inch round iron. Approximately 200 cubic yards of excavation required.

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditor up to the time of the opening of the bids. Each bid must be accompanied with a certified check in the sum of not less than $200 payable to the order of the county auditor.

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion when the bids will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Sept. 12th 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
15-29 County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Jacobson—Lindquist.

Miss Tessie Jacobson of Black River township and Mr. Gunnard Lindquist of Polk Centre, a brother of Commissioner Lindquist, were married Tuesday, Sept. 13. The ceremony was performed in this city at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of Judge Ira C. Richardson, the judge officiating. The bride and groom were attended by Miss Lizzie Jacobson and Mr. Philip Jacobson, sister and brother of the bride.

Mr. Lindquist and his bride are popular young people and their many friends join in offering congratulations and best wishes. They have gone to housekeeping on a farm in Polk Centre township.

WORK IN THE SCHOOLS

The New Work Attracts Pupils From the Country—Foot Ball Prospects.

School work is again in full swing. Conditions as to teaching and equipment are better at the opening of the present school year than they perhaps have ever been in Red Lake Falls. Newness and freshness of desks, walls, floors, text books, etc., have already had their influence on the pupils who almost throughout the system are filled with enthusiasm for work and with the spirit of study.

The new work along industrial lines has already attracted the attention of the country people. The high school shows a greater percentage of rural students than it has shown heretofore. More are yet to come in the course of a few weeks. There is no reason to doubt that in a few years the country pupils will make up half of the enrollment of our high school as is the case in older Minnesota towns.

The equipment for the new work is almost complete and when it is complete it will be one of the best in this section of the state. Cooking classes are now busied with the making of apple jellies, at the same time learning the principles and processes upon which preserving is based. Sewing classes are working on aprons and sewing bags. Manual training classes are occupied with drawings which are always preliminary to taking up a piece of work with tools. The class in agriculture has been making short excursions for the study of soil conditions and are experimenting in the laboratory on these soils, specimens of which have been collected.

Among the additions that have been made to the laboratory during the summer that are worthy of special note are a Bausch and Lomb microscope with a power of 500 diameters or 25,000 times, a wireless telegraphy set with sending and receiving stations, and a Babcock eight bottle milk tester.

Foot Ball Prospects.

Football prospects are at present not very promising. Although there has been an increase in the enrollment of boys in the Freshman class over former years, the new material is not all of the kind that is usually classed as "foot-ball material."

G

You'll

Du Chaillu's Vain Hunt.

Paul Du Chaillu was the most gallant of bachelors and always openly confessed that he was quite unable to resist the wiles of the fair sex, so much so that he had never been able to choose between them. On one occasion when he was "the lion" at a reception given by some intimate friends in New York the hostess in presenting him to one of her guests said:

"Let me present you to Mrs. ——. You must know her, Paul, because she has just written a book."

"A book, madam!" he exclaimed "Then indeed am I most delighted to meet her. I once made a book myself. But what is the title of your book?"

"The name of it is 'What One Woman Thinks,'" was the smiling response.

"Ah, indeed, and most interesting 'What One Woman Thinks!'" repeated the great explorer. And then, with a simulated excitement, he added hastily: "But where can I procure a copy of it? I must have it at once—immediately. All my life I have been trying in vain to find out what women think, and if before I die I shall succeed in finding out just what one woman thinks I shall then indeed die content."

Subscribe for the Gazette.

WORKING BOTH ENDS AGAINST MIDDLE

How the Governor and His Men Fixed Things in Conservation Congress.

Tawney Has Big Fight in the First Congressional District.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Sept. 13.—No doubt a good many of the readers of this letter were at the state fair when Roosevelt spoke there. To the person in front of the grand stand it looked as though everyone in the state was there with his best girl. Those who were there at all events, will remember that when "Teddy" settled down to his work he spoke for the most part for those in front of him, and that while speaking neither those at his right nor left could catch more than an occasional word. Presently those at his left got impatient and signified by so cheering as to make further speech impossible that in their opinion they weren't getting a square deal. He took the hint and for a while addressed them directly. Those at his right saw how it worked and thereupon adopted the successful tactics of those at their left; upon which he turned to them and let fall upon them his words of wisdom. When he got through before beginning to talk again to those in front of him where he left off, he explained that the interruption of the thread of his remarks was due to the fact that he had to "work both ends against the middle," which he is quite enough of a politician to do when he finds that otherwise he is up against it.

Playing Both Ends Against the Middle

I am wondering now to what extent the Colonel was aware that Governor Eberhart had resorted to the same device in securing the "boost" which the Colonel gave him in his conservation speech, and how he will feel about it when he finds out. For while the Colonel spoke of the governor as one who had earned the right to talk of conservation, it would puzzle anyone to glean from anything the governor has been permitted to say whether he stands with Roosevelt for national conservation or with Roosevelt's opponents for states rights. It is plain only to those who are next to how Eberhart worked both ends against the middle in this conservation business what he is really up to and where he is at. And there appears to be some who thought it worth while to find out. For one "La Follette's" has got next.

Moving the Pawns.

"No sooner," says Ray Stannard Baker, the well known magazine writer, in an article in LaFollette's, "had the Congress been announced for St. Paul than the Interests began to move in it—either to destroy it utterly or to dominate it. As customary in such cases a local board of management was appointed to make the necessary arrangements, including the choice of an auditorium and the raising of money for immediate expenses. In no case formerly has a local board ever had anything to do with the arrangement of the program, the appointment of speakers or officers or with matters of publicity. But no sooner had this particular board been appointed, with Governor Eberhart of Minnesota at its head, than it began to move secretly but with determination toward the control of the Congress itself.

The Milk in the Cocoanut.

"In order to understand the reasons for this peculiar action certain underlying causes must be made plain. For years the Republican party machine in Minnesota has been the creature of the Great Northern Railroad company. Its hand upon the state government ever since the death of Governor Johnson has been heavy indeed. The real governor of Minnesota is not Eberhart but Lewis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railroad. Eberhart, now nominated to succeed himself as the Standpat candidate for governor, is really nothing more than a railroad errand boy."

Fixing Things

The writer goes on to charge that as a result of the interference of the Eberhart committee acting under instructions from the Great Northern railway, and of the undergound tactic adopted "every effort was made" both in Chicago and in the conference of governors at Salt Lake City to change the congress from a conservation meeting to an anti-conservation meeting. "By pressure exerted in high quarters," not only was Mr. Brandies prevented from speaking, but "they succeded in getting the names of Senator Cummins and Clapp removed from the program and of adding the names of a number of western governors known to be hostile to the national conservation of our resources." "It was found," Mr. Stannard Baker adds, "That the governor was in constant communication with President Hill."

Did Roosevelt Wink?

Evidently Roosevelt didn't know or out of consideration for party success was conveniently blind. At all events he gave Eberhart a friendly boost. Really in this matter neither the Hill interests nor the executive packing of the convention counted for much. The anti-conservationists were bowled over in the first round. Perhaps finding that he had everything his own way Roosevelt thought it best, everything considered, to throw the mantle of charity over Eberhart's shortcomings.

What Did Taft Do?

Commenting editorially on Mr. Stannard Baker's exposure of the part Governor Eberhart played in the effort to balk the work of national conservation, Senator LaFollette says: "Mr. Baker was right," and then goes on to say that everything came out as Baker predicted, and that "the old state's right theory is to be brought forward by the opponents of conservation as a means of disorganizing the movement." What will Taft do? he asks. We all know now how nicely the president has nosed himself on the fence.

Politics as It Is Played

Apparently some of the longer heads of the Republican members of the Ballinger-investigating committee have been maneuvering cleverly to unload Ballinger without having to assume the responsibility for kicking him out of the national capitol. Although the meeting of this committee in St. Paul has been advertised for months, the evidence in the meantime being all in and the final arguments made before Congress adjourned when the day for calling the meeting together arrived it was found that the Republican members nearly all had business elsewhere. The singular unanimity with which they all began with one accord to make excuses reminds one of those who were bidden to the King's feast. The Democrats were here. They waited and waited. Finally when the Conservation Congress was breaking up and everyone was anxious to get away Chairman Nelson was induced to call a meeting of the committee. The majority of those present had fully considered all the evidence and had prepared an exhaustive report. Briefly it found Ballinger guilty as charged and recommended his removal

Some Sharp Practice

Having consented to its submission the wily chairman began to play politics. There was no quorum, he said; basing this on the fact that, on the submission of the question to them the Republican members refrained from voting although their bodily presence was apparent and Speaker Reed would have counted them in. Having led them into this trap the Republicans charged the Democratic members and Insurgents members who voted with them with trying to take an undue advantage of the Republicans who found it convenient to stay away, the design began to make it appear that the Democrats attempted to secure snap judgement. Senator Nelson was especially indignant. Without any authority other than his own he adjourned the meeting and called one to be held at Chicago at which he boasted that six Republican members would be present armed with whitewash brushes.

The Object of the Play

The idea of the Republicans seem to be that Ballinger's thick hide will be pierced; and that he will hand in the resignation everyone wants to see in the hands of the president before election. It begins to look as if the game might work and that the impression for which the trick was played—namely that the Democrats are up to sharp practice will be conveyed. However, the Democratic Congressmen don't seem to be greatly alarmed. They do not think the responsibility for getting Ballinger out of the cabinet will lose them many friends among the people, even if they do have to shoulder it.

V

Know

Tawney's Troubles

The campaign in the first district is livening up. There are a lot of other people from other states: Pinchot, whose conservation methods Tawney helped to ditch; Heney, the veteran of many battles for reform in California and elsewhere to whose accounts Mr. Tawney made some reference in congress, and a regular squad from Wisconsin are reported to be going to invade the district to tell how the Chairman of the committee of appropriations appears when measured by their standards. Incidentally Mr. Anderson who is opposing Mr. Tawney is doing some talking which from this distance appears to be effective in livening things up. Tawney himself has finally come to realize that he has a fight on his hands and this week will answer Col. Roosevelt who gave him a jab at the conservation congress and his other critics. All things considered there is now an excellent prospect that Mr. Buck will represent the First district in the next congress.

—PAUL PRY.

CANVASSING BOARD

Appointed by Judge Watts—Will Canvass Primary Vote.

The members of the canvassing board to go over the returns of the primary election have been announced by Judge William Watts of the district court. Those to serve on the board are L. C. Cadieux of Terrebonne, Chas. Gustafson of Rocksbury, Lars Backo of Thief River Falls, Stephen Singer of Kratka and Samuel Gibeau of Red Lake Falls.

The members of the board will meet at 10 o'clock Sept. 22, and their labors must be completed by the evening of Sept. 23.

Ordinarily the canvassing board is composed of the clerk of court, county auditor and chairman of the board of county commissioners, and two justices of the peace to be named by the court, but Clerk Johnson, Auditor Latendresse and commissioner Lindquist being candidates for office they are disqualified from serving and it was necessary for the court to appoint all of the members of the board.

LINDQUIST MAKES A STATEMENT

Answer to Many Slanderous Flings of Thief River Falls Papers.

County Commissioner From First District Speaks Plainly.

The papers at Thief River Falls have on so many occasions slandered C. A. Lindquist, chairman of the board of county commissioners, repeatedly giving as wide circulation as they could to vulgar, insinuating remarks, that the Gazette has offered Mr. Lindquist space in which to make a reply.

Mr. Lindquist has paid little attention to the nasty flings. But the abuse has become so persistent that Mr. Lindquist owes it to himself to make a plain statement, just once anyhow. Following is what Mr. Lindquist has to say:

To the Voters of the First Commissioner's District:

So many lies have been told about me by the newspapers of Thief River Falls because I could not think as they did that I feel I owe it to you, my constituents, and to my family and myself to defend myself from their unjust slanders, just this once anyway. I realize that Editors Quist and Eastman can tell lies on paper faster than I can tell the truth by tongue, but I am sure that you, my friends and neighbors, who have known me for years, can distinguish the real from the unreal. I have lived among you in Polk Centre and Bray since 1883.

My life has been that of a plain, everyday farmer, and if I have prospered, it has been by hard work and small profits, the same as the rest of you. For several years after my marriage, I had to rent land, until I had saved enough to buy a quarter section in 1897. Ten years ago by saving and hard work I added another quarter to it. By working in the woods I earned the lumber for my buildings. My barn was built nine years ago and my house six years ago. Four years ago the voters of this district by a vote of nearly five to one, saw fit to honor me with the election of county commissioner, which I have since held. The editors of the Thief River Falls papers for reasons best known to themselves have charged me with having built my buildings since the election, presumably with the profits of the office, but one of them at least, ought to know better, as he accepted my hospitality and stayed at my house when he was a candidate for office four years ago and before my own election.

No doubt his present abuse is his way of making the payment for the lodging which he then received.

Since my election, I have endeavored to serve my district to the best of my ability. I have done as much for the townships in my district as any other commissioner in the county and I believe that my experience in the office will enable me to do more for the people in my district and the county if I am re-elected, than a man new to the office could do. I have been attacked and abused, not because I was not doing good service as a commissioner, but because I would not become a tool for the Thief River Falls people. When I was elected, the voters made known their wishes that the county seat remain at Red Lake Falls by a vote of nearly nearly five to one. It was clearly an issue, since my then opponent favored Thief River Falls. I have since respected the wishes of the majority which elected me by taking the stand I have on the county seat question. I have taken this stand openly, honestly, and consistantly, and have never done a thing which I thought dishonorable, but my enemies have carried their spite against me to the extent of filing charges with the governor.

After a fair hearing at which they had not manhood enough to appear and back up the charges against me, I was triumphantly acquitted of any blame. If you, my friends and neighbors, believe in such unfair tactics and believe that it is right I should be made a scape-goat for undeserved abuse, then you should vote against me. But if you who have known me practically all my life, believe in fair play, and that I have done my duty as I saw it, then I ask your votes at the primary election.

My opponent has always posed as a democrat, and has advertised himself as such, but, in order to defeat me he has this time filed as a republican.

If I am nominated to the office and re-elected at the General election, I shall endeavor to justify the confidence you have in me by doing the best I can for you who elect me, and for the county, and will stand for what I believe is right as I have always done before.

C. A. LINDQUIST.

Lindquist's Barn.

The Thief River Falls newspapers have created the impression that there is a gold mine in being county commissioner of the first district, which has stirred up a hot campaign down there. Say! How big is Lindquist's barn? We would like to know, as there has been several barns built up this way the past year and we could tell whether they were built by honest cash or "boodle" if we could just find out the size of Lindquist's barn.—Saabeam.

The barn is 28x60 feet in dimensions. It was well built for it was constructed 4 or 5 years before Mr. Lindquist was elected to the board of county commissioners and is still in good condition.

Andrew Lacrosse.

Andrew Lacrosse passed away at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, at his home in this city. Deceased was past eighty years of age and had been in feeble health for many months. Mr. Lacrosse had been a resident of Red Lake Falls for about five years, having come here from Minneapolis. His widow survives him and other relatives living here are John Lacrosse and Mrs. Marcel Patnode of this city and Mrs. Derocher of Crookston, son and daughters of the deceased. Funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock Friday morning from St. Joseph's church, of which deceased was a member.

IMPORTANT MEETING

Fall Meeting of Adams Presbytery and Sunday School Convention Next Week.

Two important meetings are to be held at the Presbyterian church next week. On Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 20 and 21, the district Sunday school convention will be entertained by the Presbyterian church people and on Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 21 and 22 the fall meeting of Adams Presbytery will be held.

For the Sunday School convention delegates will be in attendance from Red Lake and adjoining counties. There are fourteen churches in Adams Presbytery and it is probable that most of them will be represented at the fall meeting.

Mayfield Road Fund.

One of the township officers of the town of Mayfield called at the Gazette office recently to take exception to the Gazette's statement of the road and bridge money received by the various townships of the county and said that his town did not receive some of the appropriations with which it is credited.

C

Next Week.

The Gazette will quote from the records again to show that there was no intent to make the statement misleading

Nov. 26, 1906, there was an appropriation of $250.00 for the towns of Garnes and Mayfield and this was paid by warrant No. 11081. May 27, 1907, there was an appropriation for Mayfield of $100.00, paid by warrant 11469. Jan. 8, 1908, the commissioners appropriated $1598.00 for the Mayfield bridge contract and was paid by warrant 13032. May 13, 1909. there was an appropriation made for the towns of Garnes and Mayfield for $200.00 paid by warrant No. 16607. On the same date the commissioners appropriated $125.00 for the town of Mayfield and this was paid by warrant No. 16291.

The statement in the Gazette of Aug. 25 credits Mayfield with having received $325.00 in 1909. The appropriations of May 13, 1909, of $200.00 for Garnes and Mayfield and $125.00 for Mayfield were by mistake added together and Mayfield credited with the whole amount when Garnes should have been credited with an interest in the appropriation of $200.00.

The statements made above are absolutely correct and anyone can see that the failure to credit Garnes with an interest in one of the appropriations was not made with the intention of misleading anyone, but was simply an oversight.

Civil Question, Rude Answer.

One day O'Rafferty was up before Judge Brady in New York for assaulting Patrick Murphy, and this was the examination:

"Mr. O'Rafferty," said the judge, "why did you strike Mr. Murphy?"

"Because Murphy would not give me a civil answer to a civil question, yer honor."

"What was the civil question you asked him?"

"I asked him, perlite as you plaze, 'Murphy, ain't your own brother the biggest thafe on Manhattan Island, excepting yourself and your uncle, who is absent at the penitentiary at Sing Sing?'"

"And what rude answer did he give you to such a very civil question?"

"He said to me, 'Av course, prisint company excepted.' So I said, 'Murphy, you're a liar,' and struck him wid me fist."

GRAND AND PETIT JURORS SUMMONED

The Petit Jurors Summoned to Appear for Service October 25.

Grand Jury Summoned for November 10—The Jury List.

Grand Jury for the October, 1910 General Term of District Court summoned to appear on the 10th day of November, 1910.

Erick Alhue	Numedal
Simon Paul	Red Lake Falls C
L. E. Erickson	North.
Thos. Crompe	Red Lake Falls C.
Isaac E. Wilson	Wyandotte.
Charles Moren	Black River.
Nap. Pouliout	Red Lake Falls C.
R. E. Vance	Louisville
Nels Latendresse	Red Lake Falls C.
Iver Rolstad	Wyandotte.
August Morea	Red Lake Falls C.
Max Champagne	Poplar River.
John Cameron	Equality.
Martion Hanson	River Falls.
John A. Tofteland	Star.
Andrew Johnson	Sanders.
Emil Sigrud	Reiner.
Mike Aalt	Bray.
J. A. Casey	Goodridge.
C. E. Naplin	Polk Centre.
Andrew E. Anderson	Rockshury.
Ildage Baril	Red Lake Falls Tp.
D. B. Bakke	Thief River Falls

Petit Jury for the Oct. 1910 General Term of Dist. Court Summoned to appear Oct. 25th, 1910.

Joseph Belair	Red Lake Falls City
A. D. Reopelle	Louisville
Felix Anderson	Black River
Theodore Majeres	Red Lake Falls City
J. Mohla	Gervais
Rob Quesnelle	Terrebonne
Robert Bourdon	Red Lake Falls City.
Ed. Hulvorson	Wyandotte.
Albert Groshong	Red Lake Falls City.
Edward St. Yves	Terrebonne
Mojerique Latendresse	Red Lake Falls C
Andrew Nilson	Wyandotte.
Geo. Elder	Thief River Falls.
Otto Zaiser	Red Lake Falls City.
Soren Knutson	Numedal.
Henry Olson	St. Hilaire.
August Johnson	Norden
John Hngreness	Silverton.
F. Borgne	Lambert.
E. L. Wechterman	Plummer
Morgan Vaughan	Goodridge
J. P. Curtis	Thief River Falls.
Ole Strande	Star.
B. G. Walker	Thief River Falls.

DEMURRER SUSTAINED.

Judge Watts Renders Decision in Ditch Lien Case.

Andrew G. Bakke recently brought action against the county commissioners to cancel certain ditch liens. Attorney F. A. Grady, for the commissioners, demurred to the complaint. In a decision rendered this week Judge Watts sustains the demurrer which means that the ditch liens are held to be valid. A. A. Miller of Crookston was attorney for Bakke.

Butter and Butter Substitutes.

The majority of people eat butter and much prefer it to any of the substitutes which have been put upon the market. However, a great many people must use a substitute on account of the high prices which prevail during certain months of the year.

Oleomargarine is the most common substitute for butter and millions of pounds of this product are consumed each year. The difference in cost of production between oleomargarine and butter is so great that when butter is retailed at forty cents a pound oleomargarine may be retailed at twenty cents per pound at as great a profit to the dealer.

The person who chooses to purchase the substitute should be allowed to do so and he should be required to pay only the price of the substitute. The difference in price between the genuine product and the substitute is so great that dealers are tempted to sell the latter for the former. Only by requiring that the consumers may differentiate between the two articles can honest traffic in the substitute be insured.

This was contemplated by Congress when the present internal revenue tax of ten cents per pound was levied upon "artificially colored oleomargarine." Many people think that all oleomargarine is taxed ten cents per pound. This is not a fact. Oleomargarine which is "artificially colored" so that the consumer cannot distinguish it from butter is the only oleomargarine that is thus taxed. When it is put upon the market in its natural color it is only taxed one fourth of one cent a pound.

It is only when the product is made to look like butter so that it may be fraudulently sold as butter that a burdensome tax is imposed upon it. The imposition of the tax is not to suppress the sale of oleomargarine, or to make it more expensive to the consumer, but to prevent fraud in its sale.

The National Dairy Union,
E. K. Slater, Secy.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWSNOTES CONDENSED

A Boiling Down of the More Important Events Here and There

Washington.

Gifford Pinchot, former head of the government forest service said that the loss of property and life in the recent and present forest fires was unnecessary.

Honduras officially has invited Dr. Madriz, the deposed president of the Nicaraguan government at Managua, to move on. This information was received at the state department from its diplomatic representatives.

Montana lands to the amount of 663,760 acres have been designated by Acting Secretary of the Interior Pierce for settlement and entry under the provisions of the enlarged homestead act. This brings the total amount of land in Montana designated up to date up to 30,335,966 acres.

Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary Nagle, who have been in Alaska all summer, will land at Seattle, Wash., on September 6. It is generally assumed they have been in Alaska making a special investigation of conditions there for President Taft. The attorney general will probably go to Beverly at once on his return.

Estimating the cost of the experiment at about $100,000, the war department officials have declined requests to order a bombardment of the skies by all its guns on Puget Sound and at the mouth of the Columbia river in an effort to bring on rain in the burning forest district of the Northwest. In addition to the objection of cost, the army officials regard the proposal as certain to prove futile.

Foreign.

The workmen's federation of Bilbao, Spain, proclaimed a general strike throughout Spain.

Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, jointly accused with Ethel Clare Leneve of the murder of his wife, has suffered a nervous collapse and was removed to the hospital ward of Brixton jail.

The newspapers in Berlin deny, apparently with authority, a story printed in a French paper La Vie Nouvelle, that Emperor William has written a letter to Pope Pius regarding the recent congress of religions.

The Associated press is permitted to state Korean sovereignty has ceased and that Mutsuhito, emperor of Japan, will become absolute ruler of Korea, when the agreement between Emperor Yi Syek of Korea and Mutsuhito takes place.

In consequence of high price of cotton and the general depression in trade, seven cotton mills in Bombay, India, have announced that they will close down September 30. Seven thousand hands will be affected by this curtailment and a dozen other mills are expected to follow suit.

Perfect order prevailed at the Portugal parliamentary elections throughout the country. The republicans secured a majority of the seats at Lisbon and Oporto, but it is difficult at the present time to estimate the results elsewhere. It is believed, however, that the full returns will show a great majority for the monarchists.

General.

The Black Hills forest fires, threatening great damage, are under control.

President Ripley of the Santa Fe defended the proposed increase in railroad rates.

Mr. Roosevelt discussed state and national authority before members of the Colorado legislature.

A presidential boom for "Sunny Jim" Sherman was launched by an admirer at Marshfield, Mo.

Many postmasters throughout the country are making requests for privilege of opening postal banks.

A cablegram has been received at the Harvard college observatory from Kiel stating that D'Arrest's comet was observed by M. F. Gonnessiat, director of the Algiers observatory, on August 26.

One boy was killed and three others were seriously injured in Philadelphia when they attempted to imitate the Swiss family Robinson and build a cabin in a tree forty feet above the ground.

Three masked men held up an interurban street car at the San Mateo (California) county line, lined up the passengers and crew and robbed them of their money.

The Osage Indian tribe, worth $29,000 apiece, has been found a rich field for effort on the part of lawyers.

A cablegram has been received at the Harvard college observatory from Kiel stating that D'Arrest's comet was observed by M. F. Gonnessiat, director of the Algiers observatory, on August 26.

An investigation into the alleged prevalence of the opium-smoking habit among the soldiers stationed at the Presidio has been ordered by Gen. T. H. Bliss, commanding the military department of California.

After selecting Atlanta, Ga., as the next meeting place and electing officers, the league of American municipalities, which has been in session in St. Paul, Minn., adjourned.

Workmen doing street work on Lake street in the very center of Reno, Nev., uncovered a ten-foot ledge of copper. Several hundred pounds of the metal was extracted.

"Dr." James Alexander Dowie and "The Rev. Bishop" Schrader, who have been practicing "divine healing" and proselyting for a strange religious cult in St. Joseph, Mo., were arrested by the police.

President Taft is to wash his hands of the New York political row.

Mr. Roosevelt was given a western welcome in Nebraska and Iowa.

There is a strong sentiment in New York in favor of Gaynor for governor.

The Estrada government in Nicaragua is tottering to a fall.

Senator La Follette is directing his campaign from his farm home.

Michigan, by her increase in population, may gain a congressman.

The daughter of Governor Haskell of Oklahoma will study for the stage.

Mayor Gaynor of New York was taken from the hospital to his country home.

Roosevelt announced his political creed, which is that of progressive republicanism.

Turning down in Georgia of two veteran congressmen may precipitate a democratic contest.

Medical Washington was stirred up by a Nebraska physician's discussion of infantile paralysis.

Proclamations announcing the annexation of Korea by Japan were published at Seoul and Tokio.

An insane Pullman passenger killed the porter and badly wounded another man on a Kansas train.

The house committee finished its investigation of the Gore charges and will report to the next congress.

At Sharon, Pa., at a bedside, taking the temperature of a patient, Dr. Samuel C. Johnson dropped dead.

The railroads may make inquiry concerning the profits of the shippers as a result of the Chicago hearing.

Interesting light on the Illinois Central car repair swindle was given by a witness at the Chicago hearing.

The war and navy departments have declined to fire big guns in an effort to bring rain in the northwest.

In a letter to Chairman McKinley of the congressional committee President Taft summarized the work of congress.

The proclamation of the annexation of Korea by Japan was made public without ceremony. It was quietly received by the populace.

Mrs. Russell A. Alger of Michigan, widow of the late Secretary Alger, has sailed for Europe, where she will remain for several months.

Vice President Sherman before a company of St. Louis republicans at a dinner declared that there are no insurgents in the republican party.

C. S. L. Brown, former pastor of the Christian church in Lee's Summit, Mo., shot and killed Mrs. Anne Lamphere, and then committed suicide.

John Arbuckle, the millionaire coffee king, philanthropist and inventor, it is said, will be one of the bidders for the contract of raising the illfated battleship Maine, in Havana harbor.

According to a report received at Lawton, Okla., five men and one woman have either been killed or seriously wounded in a duel which took place about sixteen miles from Waters.

A gross valuation of the estate of the late Grover Cleveland in New York has been filed showing $39,650, less taxes, commissions, etc. The residue is $32,468, the bulk of which goes to the widow and children.

Bishop of Salisbury, England, will start for this country, arriving here September 21. He is to preach the opening sermons at the Protestant Episcopal convention, which is to be held late in September at Cincinnati, Ohio.

In laying the corner-stone of the new Y. M. C. A. building in Beverly, Mass., President Taft officially announced that Beverly would continue to be the "summer capital" of the country, "at any rate for two years more."

Major Henry Reed Rathbone, who was an aide to President Lincoln, and received a stab wound in attempting to save the life of his chief on the night of the assassination is near death in the criminal ward of the insane asylum at Hildersheim, Germany.

In consequence of the high price of cotton and the general depression in trade, seven cotton mills in Bombay have announced that they will close down September 30. Seven thousand hands will be affected by this curtailment and a dozen other mills are expected to follow suit.

The French newspapers print laudatory sketches of the late Prof. William James, whose death they consider will cause a great loss to philosophy. The Temps points out that Prof. James exercised an immeasurable influence over contemporaneous French thought.

Personal.

Clara Kuenning committed suicide by hanging near Syracuse.

Kansas republicans adopted a decidedly progressive platform.

Roosevelt was greeted by large crowds in Colorado and Kansas.

Senator Burkett introduced Roosevelt at the Auditorium in Omaha.

Roosevelt in his tour of the west held great crowds wherever he went.

The anniversary of John Brown's fight was celebrated at Osawatomie, Kas.

Governor Deneen opened the campaign against the jackpot legislators in Illinois.

Official announcement was made at Beverly of the appointment of George E. Roberts of Chicago as director of the mint, succeeding A. Piatt Andrews, recently named as assistant secretary of the treasury.

Isaac W. Hallam, probably the oldest telegraph operator in the country in point of continuous service, died at Wilmington, Del., aged 81 years. He was an employe of the Western Union Telegraph company for fifty-two years.

Crippen, the alleged wife murderer, is threatened with a nervous breakdown.

Lewis Barrot, one of the wealthiest and best known men in Louisville, Ky., died as a result of injuries from an automobile.

At the age of 99, Walter T. Carpenter, former superintendent of Earlham college and a renowned educator, died at Richmond, Ind.

Miss Katherine Elkins left for Paris, where it is reported she will meet her father, Senator Elkins, afterwards returning to rejoin Mrs. Elkins.

KILLS ASSASSIN

A. G. RAY, GREAT NORTHERN SPECIAL AGENT, KILLS MAN WHO FIRES ON HIM.

IN G. N. GENERAL OFFICE

C. T. Welsh, Discharged Employe, Tries To Slay Chief—First Hurls Nitro-Glycerine, Then Shoots Five Times.

St. Paul. — C. T. Welsh, a former employe of the Great Northern, tried to assassinate A. G. Ray, special agent of the Great Northern, and was shot and killed by his intended victim. The attack was made in the St. Paul general offices of the Great Northern as Ray was going over his morning mail.

Welsh, formerly a watchman, had been discharged from the service of the road by Ray on July 1.

Welsh went into the office and inquired for mail. When told that there was none for him, he left, saying that he would return in three days. Later, Ray went to his office and started reading his morning mail. Without warning Welsh rushed in again and started shooting.

Ray, who travels armed, drew his weapon and started shooting at his would-be assassin. He shot at him four times, every bullet taking effect in the man's body. Ray was unharmed, for Welsh, evidently being nervous, was unable to hit him.

Hurls Nitro-Glycerine.

Just after he had fired the first shot, Welsh threw a pint bottle of nitroglycerine, already fused, at Ray, but the bottle went wild, the thick wrapping paper preventing its explosion. There was enough nitro-glycerine in it to destroy the entire Great Northern building. In his pockets other fuses and percussion caps were found.

Ray gave himself up to detectives at the Central station, where he is now being held.

Welsh, according to railroad officials, shot "Little Tommy," a burglar, in Duluth last fall when on duty as a watchman. He was acquitted. He was single, about 45 years old.

L. S. Hess, chief clerk in Ray's office, was present when Welsh came in the second time, and as soon as the shooting started he ran into the vault. He was the only witness.

ROCHESTER SCHOOL IS BURNED.

Queen City Without Water as Result of Fire Disaster.

Rochester.—Rochester was visited by one of the most disastrous fires in its history when the Central school building was almost totally destroyed. The fire was caused from a defective flue, as a short time previous the janitor had built a trial fire in the furnace with some old papers and the blaze originated in the roof.

The building is an old one and its ornamental roof was an easy prey to the flames, which were discovered by Superintendent C. F. Woodfield. Low water pressure at the time made fire fighting difficult and the department was given one of the battles of its life to save the building and surrounding property. The building is practically ruined, but is well covered by insurance.

The destruction of the school house, which was the main grade school of the city, places Rochester in a bad condition for the opening of the city schools Monday. The old high school building has just been torn down to make way for a new one, and it was with difficulty that the board of education was able to provide accommodations for the high school students for this year. The fire also worked havoc with the water supply. The immense amount of water used on the building completely exhausted the city supply, and river water is being run into the mains. The board of health has taken stringent measures and is warning the public to boil all water used for drinking purposes.

CUYUNA SHIPMENTS ABOUT DUE.

New Iron Range Preparing to go into the Market.

Duluth. — The new Minnesota Iron Range, the Cuyuna, will make its initial shipments in commercial quantity this fall. Fifty thousand tons of ore from the Kennedy mine, controlled by the Rogers-Brown company of Buffalo and New York, will be railed by the Soo line to Ashland, via Duluth, and from there shipped in boats to Lake Erie.

The ore movement from Cuyuna after this season will be received at Duluth and transferred from cars to boats here. The Soo Line will build an ore dock on Superior bay this winter for that purpose.

MINNESOTA PIONEER KILLED.

John Gleason, of Crookston, Meets Death in Accident.

Crookston.—John Gleason, auditor of Polk county from 1894 until 1900, during the Populistic regime, and later a member of the board of appeals of the State Railway and Warehouse Commission, was struck by an interurban car at Oregon City, Ore., and instantly killed. He was a pioneer of Polk county, and lived on a river fruit farm.

Small Boy Shoots Another.

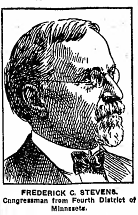
Hinckley. — Clifford McDermitt, aged ten near Finlayson, shot Elmer Anderson, aged eight, with a rifle, the ball entering the mouth. Dr. Landberg of Finlayson took the boy and started for Minneapolis on the Northern Pacific limited, but the boy died just before reaching Hinckley. The McDermitt boy, it is understood, came to Mr. Anderson's house and told the other boy he was going to shoot him and leveled the gun and fired the fatal shot

MAYOR HAYNES OPPOSED.

Hugh T. Halbert, St. Paul, Is Out for Congressman Stevens' Place.

Minneapolis. — Hon. George B. Esterman, alderman of the Seventh ward, filed for the Democratic nomination for mayor, making an entirely new alignment in the Minneapolis mayoralty situation.

The filing of Mr. Esterman for mayor is probably the most sensational event in Minneapolis politics. In the state arena, the filing of Hugh T. Halbert, of St. Paul, for congressman, in opposition to Fred C. Stevens was equally important. Mr. Halbert, as head of the Roosevelt club, has held the banner of insurgency in St. Paul and his opposition to Congressman Stevens will reproduce in St. Paul the same situation that exists in Minneapolis where Albert H. Hall is endeavoring to take the nomination away from Frank M. Nye.



FREDERICK C. STEVENS.
Congressman from Fourth District of Minnesota.

Mr. Esterman's Career.

George B. Esterman, who filed for the Democratic nomination for mayor against Mayor J. C. Haynes, is engaged in the laundry business and up to two years ago was unknown in politics. Since then he has been a prominent figure in the Democratic situation and at the time of the Democratic state convention was made a member of the committee on credentials by Chairman W. S. Hammond.

NEW ULM BREWERY FALLS.

Thousands of Barrels of Beer Are Lost From Vats.

New Ulm. — The large three-story beer storage building of the John Heuenstein Brewing company of this city, collapsed, while the men engaged in work there were eating dinner. The last man to leave the building was Frank Lamecker, who narrowly escaped being buried beneath the ruins.

The structure was substantially built of brick and reinforced concrete, 24-inch "I" beams being used in the construction. It had been enlarged and was remodeled in 1901, being 30x70 feet in size. It is believed that the concussion caused by the constant blasting of rock in the stone quarries about two miles away from the brewery caused the walls to gradually give way and finally collapse. At the time of the accident there were about 2,000 barrels of beer in the large vats. This escaped and flooded the driveway.

The loss on the building is estimated at between $18,000 and $20,000 and as no insurance was carried against an accident of this nature the brewing company must stand the entire loss. Aside from this, the value of the beer which was destroyed is placed at $12,000, making a grand total of nearly $30,000. The debris of the demolished building is being cleared away, and as soon as this work is completed, building operations will be commenced.

COTTAGES NEAR COMPLETION.

Sauk Center Industrial School Work Progressing.

Sauk Center.—Work has progressed so rapidly on the four cottages of the State Industrial Training school for girls that the roofs will be on in ample time to permit the interior work being done this winter. Mrs. Fanny French Morse, the superintendent, has been on her annual vacation, and in consultation with the Board of Control at St. Paul. The four cottages will be large enough for twenty-five girls and a matron. They are colonial in style, and it is expected that they will be ready for the transfer of the girls from Red Wing late this year or early in 1911.

Clearwater Wheat Yield Good.

Bagley.—Reports so far turned in by threshers show an average of 18½ bushels of wheat, 28 bushels of oats and 24 bushels of barley to the acre. Wheat is of the best quality and runs in weight from 61½ to 69 pounds to the measured bushel. Elevator men claim that the blue stem wheat so far brought in this season surpasses any ever marketed here in point of weight and perfect formation of the kernel. Oats and barley, while of a good quality, are a short crop.

Held for Swindling in Duluth.

Duluth. — John Q. Teatzel, who claims Detroit as his home, was bound over to the grand jury to stand trial on a charge of swindling. He says that he represents the Acme Electrical company, which manufactures a device to be used in connection with telephones. At the hearing, Teetzel was charged with selling to a local hardware concern a right which had no value, to handle the instruments. The hardware company gave Teetzel a check, but stopped payment on it after some investigation.

Killed While Wrestling.

Duluth.—Henry Stein of Harbors, aged 19 years, was accidentally killed in an unusual manner in that city. He was thrown down in a friendly and impromptu wrestling match by a young man named Louis Paterson. Stein in falling struck the back of his head on the edge of a box and his neck was broken. Death resulted almost instantly. Stein was an air inspector for the Duluth & Iron Range road. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

OPPOSING IDEAS

CLASH AT CONSERVATION CONVENTION IN ST. PAUL—HILL SPEAKS.

PINCHOT GETS OVATION

Senator Beveridge Argues for National Control of Natural Resources and J. J. Hill Says Scheme Is Impracticable.

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—Two opposing ideas of conservation of natural resources met fairly and squarely today when Senator Beveridge, in an eloquent address declared for the national control, while James J. Hill argued contrary.

Gifford Pinchot received an ovation that furnished the most dramatic moment of the congress. The former forester, the object of a wild demonstration by the audience, stood with tears streaming from his eyes until the outburst of cheers subsided and the spectators were again in their seats.

Just what Senator Beveridge was trying to say complimentary to Pinchot was drowned in the roar that rose the moment the end of his remarks became apparent.

"Gifford Pinchot!" said the speaker, and the outburst started. It grew until every one was yelling and the whole house was on its feet waving hats and handkerchiefs.

Senator Beveridge had no sooner retired than cries of "Pinchot, Pinchot," rang through the house. He was dragged forward by President Baker. His voice shook as he spoke.

"It is magnificent," he said, "to hear sound policies of conservation acclaimed as has been done here today. Conservation has won out. I thank you."

Senator Beveridge sounded his keynote in the statement that this is one nation, not forty-six nations.

Hill said that there are dangers inseparable from national control. The chins is too big and remote, he said, and its operation too slow and costly.

Dr. Frank L. McVey, president of the University of North Dakota, discussed Rational Taxation of Resources.

Women's Influence in National Questions was the subject of a paper by Mrs. Emmons Crocker of Massachusetts, chairman of the conservation department of the federation of women's clubs.

VOTE TO OUST BALLINGER.

Republicans Leave Claiming Full Committee Should Be Present.

Minneapolis, Sept. 7.—At an executive meeting of the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committee today Senator Duncan U. Fletcher of Florida, democrat, introduced a resolution holding that the secretary of the interior was an unfaithful public officer and should be removed. Representative Madison, republican insurgent from Kansas, offered a resolution holding that charges which have been made by Gifford Pinchot and Louis R. Glavis, former chief of the field division of the general land office, were sustained.

Rep. Ollie M. James, democrat of Kentucky, offered an amendment to Representative Madison's substitute resolution providing for the removal of Ballinger from office and Madison accepted the amendment. The vote came upon the substitution of Madison as amended by the motion of James and the roll was called. Those voting for the substitute were: Fletcher, Purcell of North Dakota, democrat; Rep. James Graham of Illinois, democrat; Representative Madison, republican; and Representative James.

When this vote was being taken Sen. George Sutherland of Utah, republican, and Rep. Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts, republican, left the committee room insisting that the full committee should be present.

La Follette Wins Out.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 7.—United States Senator Robert La Follette carried Wisconsin at yesterday's primary election by an overwhelming majority over Samuel A. Cook of Neenah. The figures are incomplete even in Milwaukee county and will not be known perhaps for a day or two.

There is no doubt that La Follette will have control of the candidates' platform convention at Madison and that he will have the next legislature back of him. So big was his vote that it carried with it a large majority of the legislative nominees.

The "insurgent" congressmen were renominated and added to their strength by the nomination of Henry C. Cochems.

U. S. Wins Arbitration.

The Hague, Sept. 7.—The United States wins on five points out of seven points submitted to the international court of arbitration in the Newfoundland fisheries dispute with Great Britain.

Great Britain wins points 1 and 5. The decision was handed down today.

Girls' School Investigated.

Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 7.—The board of control is in Red Wing today investigating the conditions at the girls' training school and charges of insubordination made at the school. A number of persons have been subpoenaed to appear as witnesses this afternoon.

Actress Drowns.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 6.—Louis and Kittie Perle, the latter leading lady of the Manhattan Opera company, were drowned in Lake Quinsigamond last night. In changing seats in a flat-bottomed boat, Mrs. Perle fell overboard. Her husband jumped in to save her and called for help, which did not come in time.

One Drowned; One Saved.

Calumet, Mich., Sept. 6.—While on Lake Superior the small boat of John Kalp, aged 63, capsized and he was drowned. John Hartman was saved after several hours' work.

Taft in Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 6.—President Taft arrived in Chicago early this morning over the Chicago & Northwestern railroad and went immediately in an automobile to the Congress hotel, where he took breakfast. One of the president's guests at table was Henry S. Graves, chief forester of the United States.

Noted Composer Dead.

New York, Sept. 6.—Julian Edwards, the composer, died at 1:10 o'clock this morning at his home in Yonkers, of heart disease and complications. Mr. Edwards had been ill for about seven months.

ACCESSORY AFTER FACT

ETHEL LENEVE SO HELD ACCORDING TO CROWN.

Famous Murder Case Started—Poison Found in Body of Victim, Says Prosecution.

London, Sept. 6.—At the opening today of the trial of Hawley H. Crippen, who is charged with the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the prosecution announced that large quantities of poison had been found in the woman's body and that there were evidences that she had been subjected to an operation.

Ethel Clare Leneve, the doctor's typist, who accompanied him in his flight to Canada after the disappearance of his wife, and who has been held on the same charge, also was brought to the bar today, but the crown stated that it had been decided to confine the allegations against the girl to being an accessory after the fact.

This relieves Miss Leneve of any foreknowledge of the crime and is in line with the belief of her family and friends that she did not share Crippen's confidence up to the time that his wife dropped out of sight and was said by him to have died in California.

Interest in the Crippen case, which was intense during the search for the doctor, has by no means worn out, as was shown by the crowd which gathered in the vicinity of the Bow street police court when the trial was opened today.

ANOTHER MEMBER.

Colonel Roosevelt Makes Addition to Ananias Club.

The most sensational episode of the tour of Colonel Roosevelt through the west occured in Fargo yesterday. John Andrews, a painter employed by Andrew Nelson, the local decorator, climbed on the platform and pushed his way to the front of the stand.

A number who were standing near the ex-president and who saw the man's actions, remembering the recent Gaynor affair, interfered with the man who was not known to a single person in the crowd immediately surrounding Roosevelt.

"I have a right to ask questions," said Andrews to those who attempted to stop him, and then he said to Roosevelt:

"Tell the people who is paying your expenses on this trip and what for."

"You are an important fool," responded Roosevelt, "and it's my business, but I will tell you. The Outlook Publishing Co. is paying my expenses."

Those near Roosevelt could not hear the man's reply, but Roosevelt shouted, "You're a liar," and he took him by the arm.

Sheriff H. T. Boyle at once placed the man under arrest and took him to the county jail. This morning he was released at 9 o'clock and he immediately went back to work at the new Stone building, where he is doing work on the interior decorations.

There have been a dozen different stories of the affair all conflicting, but the above is the way that Colonel Roosevelt gave the affair to newspaper men at the Waldorf hotel last evening.

John Andrews is a small man, a painter, 30 years of age, employed by Andrew Nelson and now working on the interior decorating of the Stone building. He says he simply asked Roosevelt who was paying his expenses on the trip and what for. He says that Roosevelt replied that he was an impertinent fool and that a syndicate sent him to ask the question. He says he replied to that "Oh, No Sir!" and that it was then that Roosevelt called him a liar.

Dishonesty of Business.

New York, Sept. 6.—Clement J. Driscoll, who has conducted a vigorous crusade against short weights as New York's commissioner of weights and measures, addressed the annual labor day dinner at the Labor Lyceum last night.

"Some of the so-called reputable merchants of the great city of New York," he said, "who at a time when labor was struggling with its employer for fair play, would be the first to denounce labor, could not stand a very searching inquiry into their business methods.

"The dishonesty of the push cart peddler and the dishonesty of the small merchant is as nothing compared with the dishonesty in short weight and measures with the large corporations of this country."

"Short weighing and short measuring, in the city of New York, has grown to be a habit, and the conscience of the great army of the merchants has almost been deadened by this disease—and it will continue unless the public is willing and eager to co-operate with the municipal government to rid this city of the evil."

As it was Labor Sunday, pastors throughout the city dwelt upon some topic of labor in their sermons.

Arrest German Spy.

Portsmouth, Eng., Sept. 7.—A German army officer who was arrested yesterday while engaged in sketching the fortifications here is still detained at Fort Purbrook. The man's name is supposed to be Elmer and he is connected with the constructive division of the German land forces.

Documents found upon the alleged spy are said to include sketches of the forts all along the hills. The papers have been dispatched to the war office.

Coal Briquetting on Increase.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Coal briquetting is slowly increasing in the United States. The production in 1909, according to a compilation by E. W. Parker of the geological survey reached 139,661 short tons, valued at $452,697. The output in 1908 was 90,358 tons, worth $323,067, and in 1907, 66,524 tons, worth $258,426. The survey has an experimental briquetting plant at Pittsburg. The German press used has a capacity of ¼ to 3 tons an hour, tests having been made with lignites from California, Texas and North Dakota, which were all briquetted successfully without a binding material.

Lisbon Woman Is Heiress.

Lisbon, N. D., Sept. 7.—Mrs. E. H. Mundenhall of this county is reported to have fallen heir to one-fourth of a $2,000,000 Scotch estate.

Some time ago Mrs. Mundenhall received a letter from her brother which announced that he thought he had at last completed the evidence necessary for proof of heirship.

Today it was learned here that the estate is now in settlement and that the Ransom county woman will get $500,000.

Mrs. Mundenhall is the wife of a farmer. They live six miles from Lisbon.

BOLT KILLS FOUR

LIGHTNING STRIKES TENT IN WHICH THRESHING CREW IS SLEEPING.

ALL OCCUPANTS INJURED

Electrical Storm at an Early Hour in the Morning Near LaMoure Works Havoc—Threshers are Burned and Stunned.

LaMoure, N. D., Sept. 2.—The lives of four men were snuffed out in an instant by a bolt of lightning at the farm of Dan Quinlan, ten miles west of here, this morning.

The dead:

FRED OSBORN, prominent farmer, home near Berlin, N. D.

MURRAY ELLIS, LaMoure, N. D.

PETER M. NELSON, Fosston, Minn. said to be a student at a Fargo college.

The injured:

Paul Crawford, LaMoure man.
Jim Carey, Berlin.
Ben Waddell, transient harvester.
Unknown man, transient harvester.

Fred Osborn and Paul Crawford were owners of the threshing machine and their outfit was known as the Crawford-Osborn threshing rig. The eight men mentioned above were sleeping in a tent.

During a severe electrical storm a bolt struck the tent with a tremendous report, shaking the earth for miles. The men who were killed never knew what hit them, each one of them being killed outright.

The other four men were all burned and stunned, some of them quite seriously but all of them will recover.

Murray Ellis was a well known young man of this place, aged 22, who lived with his mother.

Peter M. Nelson attended a Fargo college last winter and had intended returning to the same institution again this year.

ENGINEER KILLS BANDIT.

Desperate Attempt to Hold Up Train on Colorado Midland.

Colorado Springs, Col., Sept. 2.—In a desperate attempt to hold up westbound Colorado Midland passenger train No. 3, four miles west of Divide, early today, an unknown bandit was instantly killed by a rock thrown by Engineer Frank Stewart after he had shot the engineer in the leg.

The highwayman crawled over the tender as the train slowed up at a siding to meet the east-bound train. As he stopped the train Stewart turned to see his fireman, Paul Bachman, standing with his hands above his head and heard the robber say, "Put up your hands or I'll blow your head off."

The robber then forced both men to leave the engine and marched them before him to the express car.

"When we got to the express car," said Stewart, "my fireman dashed under the car and crawled to the other side. The robber leaned under the car to shoot at him and when he took his eyes off me I struck him with all my strength with a rock I had picked up as I jumped off the tender. As I did so he whirled and shot at me, the bullet striking me in the leg. I guess my blow finished him, for he never moved after the rock hit him.

Case of Leprosy in New York.

New York, Sept. 2.—A negro women with an advanced case of leprosy has been living in New York for more than seven years, associating constantly with the people of her own race. The nature of her ailment did not become known until late last night when she applied at Bellevue hospital for treatment.

The doctors at once diagnosed her ailment as one of the worst cases of leprosy which had ever come to their attention. They declared that she could live but a short time.

The woman told the doctors that she had come to New York from the West Indies more than seven years ago and was sick then. Five years ago she married and a year later her only child, a son was born.

Park River Girl Kills Sister.

Grand Forks, N. D., Sept. 2.—Lillian Chisolm, the 4-year-old daughter of Dave Chisolm, who lives three miles north of Park River, was shot and instantly killed by her 7-year-old sister, Jennie, this morning.

The little victim of the accident and the older child were playing together in the house alone. Jennie suddenly ran outside to where her parents were working and shouted that Lillian was dying.

The girls had secured a .22 calibre rifle which the boys of the family had been using to hunt gophers. The gun was loaded with a "special" bullet and during the play it was discharged, the bullet entering Lillian's mouth. Death was almost instantaneous.

Strenuous Time at Hearing.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The tense strain of the railway rate hearing developed disorder today in the midst of which Atty. E. B. Pierce of the Rock Island called Atty. F. B. James, representing the Cincinnati shippers, a liar.

Pierce added that if Mr. James was not satisfied the matter could be continued "outside."

Judge Sees Strike.

New York, Sept. 1.—Magistrate Higginbotham of the Bedford avenue court entertained the idea that in handling the rioting cases developing at the Williamsburg refining building of the sugar trust it might be well to obtain some local color and given some first-hand information.

This morning, while he was in the strike zone, trouble broke out between the strikers and strikebreakers and two bullets whizzed uncomfortably close to Magistrate Higginbotham. So close were the missiles to the magistrate's head that the police think an attempt was made to kill him.

Sent Threatening Letters.

Stanley, N. D., Sept. 1.—Because he developed a mania for sending letters through the mail that were far from meeting the requirements of the postoffice department on the question of morality, Andrew Johnson, a homesteader, was sent to the state asylum for the insane. Johnson, against whom complaint had been made to the federal authorities, was ordered arrested by a mail inspector. The letters had been written to a law firm in Minot and were both obscene and threatening in their nature. The fact that he lived alone for several years is given as the cause of insanity.

CONSERVATION IS PATRIOTIC DUTY

Roosevelt at St. Paul Advocates New Methods.

WASTE AND MONOPOLY WRONG

Waterways and Forests Discussed—State and Federal Control—Country Life Institute Is Favored.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 6.—Theodore Roosevelt was the central figure in the conservation congress today, and delivered an address that called forth the warmest praise of those who were fortunate enough to hear it. The fact that the former president was to speak attracted to the convention hall a tremendous crowd, and the man who has made conservation one of the chief issues in the United States was given the heartiest kind of a greeting.

Taking "National Efficiency" for his general subject, Mr. Roosevelt said:

America's [illegible] for efficiency [illegible] throughout the world. [illegible] probably to the [illegible] can attain by [illegible]. There is great reason to be proud of our achievements, and [illegible] that we can [illegible] past. Through a practically unrestrained individualism, we have reached a pitch of [illegible] unexampled material prosperity, although the distribution of this prosperity leaves much to be desired from the standpoint of justice and fair dealing. But we have not only allowed the individual a free hand, which was in the main right; we have also allowed great corporations to act as though they were individuals and to exercise the rights of individuals, in addition to using the vastly [illegible] power of high organization [illegible] wealth for their own advantage. This development of corporate action, it is true, is doubtless in large part responsible for the gigantic development of our natural resources, but it is not less responsible for waste, destruction and monopoly on an equally gigantic scale.

The method of reckless and uncontrolled private use [illegible] waste has done for us all the good it ever can, and it is time to put an end to it before it does all the evil it can in any way. We have passed the time when heedless waste and destruction and arrogant monopoly are any longer permissible. Henceforth we must seek National efficiency by a new and a better way, by the way of the orderly development and use, coupled with the preservation of our natural resources by making the most of what we have for the benefit of all of us instead of leaving the sources of material prosperity open to indiscriminate exploitation. These are some of the reasons why it is wise that we should abandon the old point of view, and why conservation has become a patriotic duty.

Waterways Development.

One of the greatest of our conservation problems is the wise and prompt development and use of the waterways of this Nation. The Twin Cities, lying as they do at the headwaters of the Mississippi, are not upon the direct line of the proposed lakes to the gulf deep waterway. Yet they are deeply interested in its prompt completion as well as in the deepening and regulation of the Mississippi to the mouth of the Missouri and to the gulf. The project for a great trunk waterway, an arm of the sea, extending from the Gulf of Mexico to the Great Lakes, should not be abandoned. The lakes to the gulf deep waterway, and the development of the rivers which flow into it, should be pushed to completion vigorously and without delay.

In nearly every river city from St. Paul to the gulf the water-front is controlled by the railways. Nearly every artificial waterway in the United States, either directly or indirectly, is under the same control. It goes without saying that (unless the people prevent it in advance) the railways will attempt to take control of our waterways as fast as they are improved and completed, nor would I blame them if we, the people, are supine in the matter. We must see to it that adequate terminals are provided in every city and town on every improved waterway, terminals open under reasonable conditions to the use of every citizen, and rigidly protected against monopoly, and we must compel the railways to co-operate with the waterways continuously, effectively and under reasonable conditions. Unless we do, the railway lines will refuse to deliver freight to the boat lines, either openly or by imposing prohibitory conditions, and the waterways once improved will do comparatively little for the benefit of the people who pay the bill.

Adequate terminals properly controlled and open through lines by rail and boat are two absolutely essential conditions to the usefulness of inland waterway development. I believe furthermore that the railways should be prohibited from owning, controlling or carrying any interest in the boat lines on our rivers, unless under the strictest regulation and control of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, so that the shippers' interests may be fully protected.

The National Forests.

If any proof were needed that forest protection is a National duty, the recent destruction of forests in the west by fire would supply it. Even with the aid of the [illegible] to that of the forest service the loss has been severe. Without either it would have been vastly greater.

But the forest service does more than protect the National forests against fire. It makes them practically and increasingly useful as well. During the last year for which I have the figures the National forests were used by [illegible] cattlemen with their herds, [illegible] sheepmen with their flocks, [illegible] timbermen with their crews, and [illegible] miners. More than [illegible] persons used them for other special industries. Nearly [illegible] settlers had the free use of wood. The total resident population of the National forests is about a quarter of a million, which is larger than the population of certain states. More than [illegible] acres of agricultural land have been patented or listed for patent within the forests, and the reports of the forest officers show that more than [illegible] people a year use the forests for recreation, camping, hunting, fishing and similar purposes. All this is done, of course, without injury to the timber, which has a value of at least a thousand million dollars. Moreover, the National forests protect the water supply of a thousand cities and towns, [illegible] irrigation projects, and more than [illegible] power projects, not counting the use of water for these and other purposes by individual settlers.

Country Life Institute.

The investigations of the Country Life Commission have led the farmers of this country to realize that they have not been getting their fair share of progress and all that it brings. Some of our farming communities in the Mississippi valley and in the middle west have made marvelous progress, yet even the best of them, like communities of every other kind, are not beyond improvement, while much needs to be done in some other sections to improve country life. As yet we know comparatively little of the basic facts of rural civilization. The means for better farming we have studied with care, but to better living on the farm and to better business on the farm the farmers themselves have given scant attention. One of the most urgent needs of our civilization is that the farmers themselves should undertake to get for themselves a better knowledge along these lines, and then to apply it. Sir Horace Plunkett, for many years a Wyoming cattleman, and now devoting himself in Ireland to the country life problem there, has suggested in his recent book on the "Country Life Problem in America" the creation of a Country Life Institute as a center where the work and knowledge of the whole world concerning country life may be brought together for the use of every nation. I am strongly in sympathy with this idea, and I hope to see it carried out with the co-operation and assistance of our own people. Last spring, while visiting the capital of Hungary, Buda-Pesth, I was immensely impressed by the Museum of Country Life, containing an extraordinary series of studies in agriculture, in stock-raising, in forestry, in mining; the exhibits were of the utmost practical importance and were also intensely interesting and instructive.

As a people we have not yet learned to economize. One of the virtues we Americans most need is thrift. It is a mere truism to say that luxury and extravagance are not good for a Nation. So far as they affect character, the loss they cause may be beyond computation. But in the material sense there is a loss greater than is caused by both extravagance and luxury put together. I mean the needless, useless, and excessive loss to our people from premature death and avoidable disease. Wholly apart from the grief, the suffering, and the wretchedness which they cause, the material loss each year has been calculated at nearly twice what it costs to run the Federal government. In addition to the state and city health officers and organizations, there is urgently needed a Federal bureau of health to act, so far as the National government properly may, to relieve our people from this dreadful burden.

National Conservation Commission.

One of the most important meetings in our recent history was that of the governors in the White House in May, 1908, to consider the conservation question. By the advice of the governors the meeting was followed by the appointment of a National conservation commission. The meeting of the governors directed the attention of the country to conservation as nothing else could have done, while the work of the commission gave the movement definiteness and supplied it with a practical program. But at the moment when the commission was ready to begin the campaign for putting its program into effect an amendment to the Sundry civil service bill was introduced by a congressman from Minnesota with the purpose of putting a stop to the work so admirably begun. Congress passed the amendment. Its object was to put an end to the work of a number of commissions, which had been appointed by the president, and whose contribution to the public welfare had been simply incalculable. Among these were the commission for reorganizing the business methods of the government, the public lands commission, the country life commission, and the National conservation commission itself. When I signed the Sundry civil service bill containing this amendment, I transmitted with it as my last official act a memorandum declaring that the amendment was void, because it was an unconstitutional interference with the rights of the executive, and that if I were to remain president I would pay to it no attention whatever.

The National conservation commission thereupon became dormant. The suspension of its work came at a most unfortunate time, and there was serious danger that the progress already made would be lost. At this critical moment the National conservation association was organized. It took up the work which otherwise would not have been done, and it exercised a most useful influence in preventing bad legislation, in securing the introduction of better conservation measures at the past session of congress and in promoting the passage of wise laws. It deserves the confidence and support of every citizen interested in the wise development and preservation of our natural resources, and in preventing them from passing into the hands of uncontrolled monopolies. It joins with the National conservation congress in holding this meeting. I am here by the joint invitation of both.

Pan-American Construction.

When the government of the United States awoke to the idea of conservation and saw that it was good, it lost no time in communicating the advantages of the new point of view to its immediate neighbors among the nations. A North American conservation conference was held in Washington, and the co-operation of Canada and Mexico in the great problem of developing the resources of the continent for the benefit of its people was asked and promised. The nations upon our northern and southern boundaries wisely realized that their opportunity to conserve the natural resources was better than ours, because with them destruction and monopolization had not gone so far as they had with us. So it is with the republics of Central and South America. Obviously they are on the verge of a period of great material progress. The development of their natural resources—their forests, their mines, their water, and their soils—will create enormous wealth. It is to the mutual interest of the United States and our sister American republics that this development should be wisely done. Our manufacturing industries offer a market for more and more of their natural wealth and raw material, while they will increasingly desire to meet that demand in commercial exchange. The more we buy from them, the more we shall sell to them. Their prosperity is inseparably involved with our own. Thank heaven, we of this continent are now beginning to realize, what in the end the whole world will realize, that normally it is a good thing for a nation to have its neighbor nations prosper. We of the United States are genuinely and heartily pleased to see growth and prosperity in Canada, in Mexico, in South America.

It is clear that unless the governments of our southern neighbors take steps in the near future by wise legislation to control the development and use of their natural resources, they will probably fall into the hands of concessionaries and promoters, with single purpose, without regard to the permanent welfare of the land in which they work, will be to make the most possible money in the shortest possible time. There will be shameful waste, destructive loss, and short-sighted disregard of the future, as we have learned by bitter experience here at home.

Unless the governments of all the American republics, including our own, enact in time such laws as will both protect their natural wealth and promote their legitimate and reasonable development, future generations will owe their misfortunes to us of today. A great patriotic duty calls upon us. We owe it to ourselves and to them to give the American republics all the help we can. The cases in which we have failed should be no less instructive than the cases in which we have succeeded. With prompt action and good will the task of saving the resources for the people is full of hope for us all.

State and Federal Control.

But while we of the United States are anxious, as I believe we are able, to be of assistance to others, there are problems of our own which we must not overlook. One of the most important conservation questions of the moment relates to the control of water power monopoly in the public interest. There is apparent to the judicious observer a distinct tendency on the part of our opponents to cloud the issue by raising the question of state as against federal jurisdiction. We are ready to meet that issue if it is forced upon us. But there is no hope for the plain people in such conflicts of jurisdiction. The essential question is not one of hair-splitting legal technicalities. It is simply this: Who can best regulate the special interests for the public good? Most of the predatory corporations are interstate or have interstate affiliations. Therefore they are largely out of reach of effective state control, and fall of necessity within the federal jurisdiction. One of the prime objects of those among them that are grasping and greedy is to avoid any effective control either by state or nation; and they advocate at this time state control simply because they believe it to be the least effective. In the great fight of the people to drive the special interests from the domination of our government, the nation is stronger and its jurisdiction is more effective than that of any state. The most effective weapon against these great corporations, most of which are financed and owned on the Atlantic coast, will be federal laws and the federal executive. That is why I so strongly oppose the demand to turn these matters over to the states. It is fundamentally a demand against the interest of the plain people, of the people of small means, against the interest of our children and our children's children; and it is primarily in the interest of the great corporations which desire to escape all government control.

The Conservation Fight.

One of the difficulties in putting into practise the conservation idea is that the field to which it applies is constantly growing in the public mind. It has been no slight task to bring before 100,000,000 people a great conception like that of conservation, and convince them that it is right. This much we have accomplished. But there remains much to be cleared up, and many misunderstandings to be removed. These misunderstandings are due in part at least to direct misrepresentation by the men to whose interest it is that conservation should not prosper. For example, we find it constantly said by men who should know better that temporary withdrawals, such as the withdrawals of coal lands, will permanently check development. Yet the fact is that these withdrawals have no purpose except to prevent the coal lands from passing into private ownership until congress can pass laws to open them to development under conditions just alike to the public and to the men who will do the developing. If there is delay, the responsibility for it rests, not on the men who made the withdrawals to protect the public interest, but on those who prevent congress from passing wise legislation, and so putting an end to the need for withdrawals.

Abuses committed in the name of a just cause are familiar to all of us. Many unwise things are done and many unwise measures are advocated in the name of conservation, either through ignorance, or by those whose interest lies not in promoting the movement, but in retarding it. For example, to stop water power development by needless refusal to issue permits for water power or private irrigation works on the public lands inevitably leads many men, friendly to conservation and believers in its general principles, to assume that its practical application is necessarily a check upon progress. Nothing could be more mistaken. The idea, widely circulated of late, that conservation means locking up of the natural resources for the exclusive use of future generations, is wholly mistaken. Our purpose is to make full use of these resources, but to consider our sons and daughters as well as ourselves; just as a farmer uses his farm in ways to preserve its future usefulness. Conservation is the road to national efficiency, and it stands for ample and wise development.

But in spite of these difficulties, most of which are doubtless inevitable in any movement of this kind, conservation has made marvelous progress. I have been astounded and delighted on my return from abroad at the progress made while I was away. We have a right to congratulate ourselves on this marvelous progress; but there is no reason for believing that the fight is won. In the beginning the special interests, who are our chief opponents in the conservation fight, paid little heed to the movement, because they neither understood it, nor saw that if it won they must lose. But with the progress of conservation in the minds of our people the fight is getting sharper. The nearer we approach to victory, the bitterer the opposition that we must meet, and the greater the need for caution and watchfulness. Open opposition we can overcome, but I warn you especially against the men who come to congresses such as this, ostensibly as disinterested citizens, but actually as the paid agents of the special interests. I heartily approve the attitude of any corporation, interested in the deliberations of a meeting such as this, which comes hither to advocate, by its openly accredited agents, views which it believes the meeting should have in mind. But I condemn with equal readiness the appearance of a corporate agent before any convention who does not declare himself frankly as such.

This congress is a direct appeal to the patriotism of our whole people. The nation wisely looks to such gatherings for counsel and leadership. Let that leadership be sound, definite, practical, and on the side of all the people. It would be no small misfortune if a meeting such as this should ever fall into the hands of the open enemies or false friends of the great movement which it represents.

It is our duty and our desire to make this land of ours a better home for the race, but our duty does not stop there. We must also work for a better nation to live in this better land. The development and conservation of our national character and our free institutions must go hand in hand with the development and conservation of our natural resources, which the governor's conference so well called the foundations of our prosperity. Whatever progress we may make as a nation, whatever wealth we may accumulate, however far we may push mechanical development and production, we shall never reach a point where our welfare can depend in the last analysis on anything but honesty, courage, loyalty, and good citizenship. The homely virtues are the lasting virtues, and the road which leads to them is the road to genuine and lasting success.

What this country needs is what every free country must set before it as the great goal toward which it works—an equal oportunity for life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness for every one of its citizens. To achieve this end we must put a stop to the improper political dominion, no less than to the improper economic dominion, of the great special interests. This country, its natural resources, its natural advantages, its opportunities and its institutons, belong to all its citizens. They cannot be enjoyed fully fully and freely under any governmen in which the special interests as such have a voice. The supreme political task of our day, the indispensable condition of national efficiency and national welfare, is to drive the special interests out of our public life.

The Yawn Cure.

There is nothing that will rest you so quickly as to sit on a straight-back chair and, lifting the feet from the floor, push them out in front of you as far as possible, stretch the arms, put the head back, open the mouth wide, and make yourself yawn.—Family Doctor.

Not Knocking Her.

Mrs. Goodsole (at the party)—What a lovely girl! And still in her teens, isn't she?

Miss Tartun—Yes; her velveteens.

Worse Yet.

Maudie: That horrid old cat told Claudie that I was 40 years old! Mamie: The mean thing. But she might have done worse, Maudie: How? Mamie: Well, she might have told some lie about you.

A Sign.

When a man is referred to as being "a diamond in the rough," it is generally a sign that he wouldn't be tolerated in decent society if he didn't have a lot of money.—Chicago Record Herald.

One Thing Certain.

A cat's eyes are said to be largest at midnight. We never made an examination, but we are positive that its voice is about 17 times larger at that hour than at any other period during the 24.

Suiting Personality.

Agent—Did you find a suitable house for the customer who seemed so cheaty?

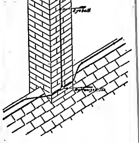
Assistant—I did my best, sir. I recommended him one with a swell front.

PROTECT FARM BUILDINGS FROM LIGHTNING STROKES

Every Effort Should Be Made to Guard Against Loss of Life and Property From Destructive Discharges of Electricity

(By ALFRED J. HENRY.)

If the phenomenon of lightning were better understood, perhaps the enormous toll it exacts in life and property would be less. Carefully compiled statistics show that in the United States between 700 and 800 persons are killed annually and twice that number injured by lightning. This great loss of life falls largely upon the people who live away from the great centers of population. So, too, the greater part of the annual loss of property is chargeable to farm buildings and their contents and live stock in the field.



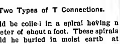
Method of Running Conductor.

Whether or not to install lightning conductors on one's property is a question, after all, of individual judgment. If the property is insured against loss by lightning there would be little incentive toward incurring additional expense for lightning conductors. In case of an isolated farm building standing apart from trees it would seem that the conservative course would be to erect an inexpensive system of lightning conductors.

The ordinary farm building is not difficult to protect from lightning flashes in the great majority of cases.

Any farmer can construct a comparatively inexpensive yet effective lightning conductor with materials that can be purchased from the larger electric supply houses.

The earth connections require great care in their construction. The essential thing is to reach permanently moist earth in the shortest distance from the main conductors. The ground ends of the vertical wires should be coiled in a spiral having a diameter of about a foot. These spirals should be buried in moist earth at whatever depth the latter is found. If there are no down rain spouts on the building the ground connection should be placed in the line of the drip from the roof, since the latter has a tendency to keep the earth moist. This construction has the advantage of an unbroken run of wire from the ground to the roof of the building.



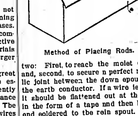
Two Types of T Connections.

When the main conductors run from the roof of the building to the base only there is often trouble in making a perfect joint between them and the materials used for ground wires.

One method is to take a galvanized water pipe, say an inch and a quarter in diameter, and drive it into the ground at the foot of the main conductors. Secure a cap for the top of the pipe and bore a hole through it so that the conducting wire can be passed through; then insert the wire into the iron pipe, fill the interstices with powdered charcoal, and place the cap on the pipe. The hole in the cap should be large enough to permit the conducting wire to pass easily through and at the same time allow water to pass down the wire into the interior of the pipe.

A metallic roof properly connected to the earth affords a reasonably good protection to the building from lightning. In suburban districts where frame buildings with tin roofs prevail there is little destruction by lightning; most of the buildings have down rain spouts, which serve to conduct the discharge to the earth. In the case of an isolated building with a tin roof care should be taken to see that the down rain spouts are connected with the ground. It will not do to stop them within a few inches of the ground; there should be an unbroken metallic path from the ridge of the roof into the ground.

In providing a ground wire to connect the lower end of a rain spout with moist earth, a wire cable or a piece of galvanized pipe may be used. The vital points of the connection are two: First, to reach the moist earth, and, second, to secure a perfect metallic joint between the down spout and the earth conductor. If a wire is used it should be flattened out at the end in the form of a tape and then bolted and soldered to the rain spout. This form of a joint is not very durable, since the tin is apt to oxidize unless it is kept well painted.

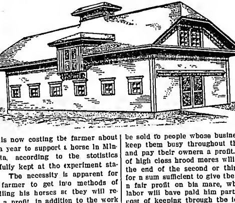


Method of Placing Rods.

In the case of a building with a metal roof, but no down spouts, it is desirable, in order to obtain protection from lightning, to run a wire conductor from each of the four corners of the roof to the earth. If the overhang of the roof is excessive, a hole should be bored through it to let the wire pass close to the wall of the building.

All objects on a building higher than the ridge of the roof should be protected by short terminal wires, and the latter should be joined to the main conductor provided the distance is not over 10 or 15 feet. If the distance is greater it would be better to run a conductor direct to the ground, the usual precautions as to reaching permanently moist earth being observed.

BROOD MARES MAKE PROFIT



It is now costing the farmer about $90 a year to support a horse in Minnesota, according to the statistics carefully kept at the experiment station. The necessity is apparent for the farmer to get into methods of handling his horses so they will return a profit, in addition to the work they do, "to pay for their board." It has been suggested by the secretary of the Minnesota stallion registration board that the present average farm horses be at once converted into high-class brood mares capable of raising a colt annually. The geldings should be sold to people whose business will keep them busy throughout the year and pay their owners a profit. Colts of high class brood mares will sell at the end of the second or third year for a sum sufficient to give the farmer a fair profit on his mare, while her labor will have paid him part of the cost of keeping through the idle season. The farmer needs a horse that will pay him a profit every day in the year.

The fact should not be overlooked that the horse, like other animals, requires adequate shelter. An attractive barn is shown in the illustration.

NITRATE SODA FOR POTATOES

Better Results Obtained if Applied in Small Quantities Two or Three Times During Growth of Plants.

Nitrate of soda is also known as Chile saltpetre. As put upon the market it is quite uniform in composition, containing about 16 pounds of nitrogen to each 100 pounds of nitrate of soda. It usually retails from $40 to $50 per ton.

It should not be applied much before crops are able to use it, and better results are obtained if it is applied in small amounts at two or three different times during the growth of the plants, rather than all at once.

It should be applied to the surface soil and lightly cultivated in. It is one of the most effective nitrogenous fertilizers when properly handled. It should seldom be used in excess of 300 pounds per acre, and one-half this amount is usually sufficient.

The nitrate of soda should not come in direct contact with the seed part of the potatoes.

Professor Voorhies, director of the New Jersey experiment station at New Brunswick, N. J., has made some valuable experiments with nitrate of soda, and he will send you a bulletin if you will write for them.

Maine Potato Crops.

From 80 acres of land an Aroostook county farmer last year raised 10,000 barrels of potatoes. It is said, however, that even this fine record has been exceeded in that county.

No Use for Mongrel Bull.

When the heifer calves are to be raised for dairy calves there is absolutely no business or reason on earth for a dairy farmer to keep a mongrel bull.

Paying for Bad Roads.

America pays more for bad roads than good roads would cost.

INDEPENDENCE ON THE FARM

SPLENDID RESULTS FOLLOW FARMING IN THE CANADIAN WEST.

Americans in Canada Not Asked to Forget That They Were Born Americans.

Farm produce today is remunerative, and this helps to make farm life agreeable. Those who are studying the economics of the day tell us that the strength of the nation lies in the cultivation of the soil. Farming is no longer a hand-to-mouth existence. It means independence, often affluence, but certainly independence.

Calling at a farm house, near one of the numerous thriving towns of Alberta, in Western Canada, the writer was given a definition of "independence" that was accepted as quite original. The broad acres of the farmer's land had a crop—and a splendid one, too, by the way—ripening for the reapers' work. The evenness of the crop, covering field after field, attracted attention, as did also the neatness of the surroundings; the well-built substantial story-and-a-half log house, and the well-rounded sides of the cattle. His broken English—he was a French Canadian—was easily understandable and pleasant to listen to. He had come there from Montreal a year ago, had paid $20 an acre for the 320-acre farm, with the little improvement it had. He had never farmed before, yet his crop was excellent, giving evidence as to the quality of the soil, and the good judgment that had been used in its preparation. And brains count in farming as well as "braw." Asked how he liked it there, he straightened his broad shoulders, and with hand outstretched towards the waving fields of grain, this young French Canadian, model of symmetrical build, replied: "Be gosh, yes, we like him—the farmin'—well, don't we, Jeannette?" as he smilingly turned to the young wife standing near. She had accompanied him from Montreal to his far-west home, to assist him by her wifely help and companionship, in making a new home in this new land. "Yes, we come here wan year ago, and we never farm before. Near Montreal, me father, he kep de gris' mill, an' de cardin' mill, an' be gosh! he run de cheese factor' too. He work, an' me work, an' us work tarn har', be gosh! Ue work for de farmer; well 'den, sometin' go not always w'at you call de' right, an' de farmer he say de' mean t'ing, be gosh! and tell us go to —well, anyway be tarn mad. Now," and then he waved his hand again towards the fields, "I 'ave no bodder, no cardin' mill, no gris' mill, no cheese factor'. I am now de farmer man an' when me want to, me can say to de oder fellow! you go——! Well, we like him—the farmin'." And that was a good definition of independence.

RANG THE BELL, ALL RIGHT

Estimates of Yield of Wheat in Western Canada for 1910 More Than One Hundred Million Bushels.

Throughout a trip of several hundred miles in the agricultural district of Western Canada, the writer found the farmers in excellent spirits, an optimistic feeling being prevalent everywhere. It will be interesting to the thousands on the American side of the line to know that their relatives and friends are doing well there, that they have made their home in a country that stands up so splendidly under what has been trying conditions in most of the northwestern part of the farming districts of the continent. With the exception of some portions of Southern Alberta, and also a portion of Manitoba and Southern Saskatchewan the grain crops could be described as fair, good and excellent. The same drought that affected North and South Dakota, Montana, Minnesota, Wisconsin and other of the northern central states extended over into a portion of Canada just mentioned. But in these portions the crops for the past four or five years were splendid and the yields good.

The great province of Saskatchewan has suffered less from drought in proportion to her area under cultivation than either of the other provinces. On the other hand, instead of the drought being confined very largely to the south of the main line of the C. P. R. it is to be found in patches right through the center of northern Saskatchewan also. In spite of this, however, Saskatchewan has a splendid crop. A careful checking of the averages of yield, with the acreages in the different districts, gives an average yield of 15½ bushels to the acre.

In Southern Alberta one-fifth of the winter wheat will not be cut, or has been re-sown to feed. There are individual crops which will run as high as 45 bushels on acres of 500 and 1,000 acres, but there are others which will drop as low as 15. A safe average for winter wheat will be 19 bushels. The sample is exceptionally fine, excepting in a few cases where it has been wrinkled by extreme heat.

The northern section of Alberta has been naturally anxious to impress the world with the fact that it has not suffered from drought, and this is quite true. Wheat crops run from 20 to 30 bushels to an acre, but in a report such as this it is really only possible to deal with the province as a whole and while the estimate may seem very low to the people of Alberta, it is fair to the province throughout.

When the very light rainfall and other eccentricities of the past season are taken into account, it seems nothing short of a miracle that the Canadian West should have produced 102 million bushels of wheat, which is less than 18 million bushels short of the crop of 1909. It is for the West generally a paying crop and perhaps the best advertisement the country has ever had, as it shows that no matter how dry the year, with thorough tillage, good seed and proper methods of conserving the moisture, a crop can always be produced.

As some evidence of the feeling of the farmers, are submitted letters written by farmers but a few days ago, and they offer the best proof that can be given.

Maidstone, Sask., Aug. 4, '10.

I came to Maidstone from Menominee, Wis., four years ago, with my parents and two brothers. We all located homesteads at that time and now have our patents. The soil is a rich black loam as good as I have ever seen. We have had good crops each year and in 1909 they were exceedingly good. Wheat yielding from 22 to 40 bushels per acre and oats from 40 to 80. We are well pleased with the country and do not care to return to our native state. I certainly believe that Saskatchewan is just the place for a hustler to get a start and make himself a home. Wages here for farm labor range from $35 to $45 per month.
Lee Dow.

Tofield, Alberta, July 10, 1910.

I am a native of Texas, the largest and one of the very best states of the Union. I have been here three years and have not one desire to return to the States to live. There is no place I know of that offers such splendid inducements for capital, brain and brawn. I would like to say to all who are not satisfied where you are, make a trip to Western Canada; if you do not like it you will feel well repaid for your trip. Take this from one who's on the ground. We enjoy splendid government, laws, school, railway facilities, health, and last, but not least, an ideal climate, and this from a Texan.
O. L. Pughs.

James Normur of Porter, Wisconsin, after visiting Dauphin, Manitoba, says: "I have been in Wisconsin 25 years, coming out from Norway. Never have I seen better land and the crops in East Dauphin are better than I have ever seen, especially the oats. There is more straw and it has heavier heads than ours in Wisconsin.

"This is just the kind of land we are looking for. We are all used to mixed farming and the land we have seen is finely adapted to that sort of work. Cattle, hogs, horses and grain will be my products, and for the live stock, prospects could not be better. I have never seen such cattle as are raised here on the wild prairie grasses and the vetch that stands three or four feet high in the groves and on the open prairie.

Sir Wilfred Laurier Talks to Americans.

Sir Wilfred Laurier, Premier of Canada, is now making a tour of Western Canada and in the course of his tour he has visited many of the districts in which Americans have settled. He expresses himself as highly pleased with them. At Craig, Saskatchewan, the American settlers joined with the others in an address of welcome. In replying Sir Wilfred said in part:

"I understand that many of you have come from the great Republic to the south of us—a land which is akin to us by blood and tradition. I hope that in coming from a free country you realize that you come also to another free country, and that although you came from a republic you have come to what is a crowned democracy. The King, our sovereign, has perhaps not so many powers as the President of the United States, but whether we are on the one side of the line or the other, we are all brothers by blood, by kinship, by ties of relationship. In coming here as you have come and becoming naturalized citizens of this country no one desires you to forget the land of your ancestors. It would be a poor man who would not always have in his heart a fond affection for the land which he came from. The two greatest countries today are certainly the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Republic of the United States. Let them be united together and the peace of the world will be forever assured.

"I hope that in coming here as you have, you have found liberty, justice and equality of rights. In this country, as in your own, you know nothing of separation of creed and race, for you are all Canadians here. And if I may express a wish it is that you would become as good Canadians as you have been good Americans and that you may yet remain good Americans. We do not want you to forget what you have been; but we want you to look more to the future than to the past. Let me, before we part, tender you the sincere expression of my warmest gratitude for your reception."

Serving Two Masters.

"Can a man serve two masters?" exclaimed John M. Callahan, candidate for the Democratic nomination for secretary of state, at a meeting in Eagles' hall the other night. "I say he cannot, and that reminds me of the answer I got from an Irish friend of mine when I asked him the same question.

"'Kin a man serve two masters, is it,' says my Irish friend. 'Oi only knowed wan man that could do ut, and in the ind they sent him to jail for bigamy!'"—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

The Right Way.

William Muldoon, the noted trainer, was talkin, apropos of the Jeffries-Johnson fight, of training.

"In training," he said, "the strictest obedience is required. Whenever I think of the theory of training I think of Dash, who, after 18 years of married life, is one of the best and happiest husbands in the world.

"'Dash,' I once said to him, 'well, Dash, old man, how do you take married life?'

"'According to directions,' he replied."

Does not Color the Hair

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Stops Falling Hair
Destroys Dandruff

An Elegant Dressing
Makes Hair Grow

Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.

A hair preparation made from this formula is harmless, yet possesses positive merit. A hair food, a hair tonic, a hair dressing. Consult your doctor about these hair problems.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

[illegible] C. E. C. BASSE

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

[illegible] Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

It is said that President Taft's Winona speech will not be used as a Republican campaign document.

Secretary Ballinger's "insurgent list" is still growing, and has reached such proportions that even Mr. Ballinger is fleeing from the wrath to come.

Since the Thief River papers have figured out that two counties can live more cheaply than one, doesn't it follow that we ought to divide into four or five counties?

The gubernatorial situation is anomalous. The Democrats have no candidate as yet, and the Republicans don't know whether their candidate is progressive or stand-pat.

Congressman Tawney has drawn the fire of a lot of big men—Roosevelt, Pinchot, Heney, Madison, and others. But all promises to be less disastrous than President Taft's praise.

Anyway it is a refreshing diversion now and then to have Colonel Roosevelt go out among the people and assure them that the golden rule and the ten commandments are safe guides of conduct.

Senator Cummins says that "Speaker Cannon and Senator Aldrich are driving the country into a socialistic form of government and industry because of their interest in promoting the cause of monopolies."

Senator Smith, more than any other person, is responsible for the defeat of the Cashman distance tariff bill. Small wonder that the railroads and other corporate interests desire a continuance of Ed Smith as the political manager of Minnesota.

Senator Nelson probably doesn't like this job as official whitewasher for Ballinger. The secretary hasn't many friends in Minnesota, and the senior senator hasn't as many friends as he had before this unpleasant business was undertaken.

There seems to be more or less controversy whether or not the state fair is "an overgrown county fair," but there is no division of sentiment in the board of managers on the proposition that the fair needs a lot of money from the state treasury.

It is doubtless true that politics was being played by both the partisans and critics of Secretary Ballinger. The one point that stands out most prominently is the fact that the critics saw their opportunity and used it. And at that the American people are not accusing the Democrats and the lone Insurgent of slandering innocence or traducing virtue.

The people of Red Lake Falls and southern Red Lake county will not forget Senator Hanson's attitude in the county seat controversy during the last session of the legislature. He was the open and avowed enemy of Red Lake Falls, and did everything possible to take away the county seat. The primary is next Tuesday. Here is a chance for the Republican voters to remember the enemy of southern Red Lake county.

The English method of asking questions of political speakers is growing in favor here, and the honest and up-to-date speaker must be prepared for it, says the Fergus Falls Weekly. Senator Sageng, who contemplates a speaking tour of the county a little later, exprsses himself as not only willing, but glad, at the close of his speeches to have his auditors put him through any kind of catechism they may wish. We recommend his sort of frankness to all legislative candidates. It will pay them in votes and credit.

John Lind has declined the nomination for governor, and the vacancy will be filled today at a meeting of the Democratic state committee. Mr. Lind's refusal is a great disappointment to a large element of Minnesota voters, as the fomer governor was regarded as pre-eminently qualified to fill the office, and especially fitted to make the fight against corporation control of state politics. It is sincerely hoped by the friends of reform that the Democratic committee can find a man of the hour—a man worthy of the mantle of Lind and Johnson.

The census reports of the population of the Michigan counties and of those cities of that State which have over 25,000 inhabitants each, show how rapidly the middle west is changing from an almost purely rural community it was a few decades ago to what will soon be a predominantly urban section. Incidentally, they explain why many food supplies not materially affected by the tariff or the trusts have so much advanced in price. The population of the nine largest cities of Michigan shows an increase in the decade of 298,952, while the rest of the states show a decrease of 2,346. When the census tells us the population of the state by minor civil divisions, it will doubtless appear that the smaller cities and the manufacturing villages have grown in the decade and that the decrease in the number of inhabitants of the rural districts has been even greater than is above indicated.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Ortonville Herold-Star: An able discussion in several of the state papers reveals the fact that Minnesota is absolutely without a political boss. How sad.

Faribault Journal: The railroads confess that they are awaiting further crop reports and the performances of Theodore Roosevelt before they decide on any plans. Thus do kernels and the colonel hold the destiny of mighty forces.

Motley Mercury: Some of the stand-pat papers of the state are advocating the election of Congressman Tawney to the speaker's chair in the house of representatives next year. We might just as well have Cannon in the chair as Tawney, and perhaps it would be better as Tawney is probably the abler of the two and his record shows that he stands just as much with the interests as does Cannon. Between them we believe that Cannon would be the lessor evil of the two.

Cannon Falls Beacon: Timothy Woodruff, he of the fire alarm attire, had an acute attack of cold feet immediately succeeding the meeting of his committee that preferred one James S. Sherman to Roosevelt as an acknowledged state leader, his letter to the colonel reads like the effusion of a scared school boy begging off from a well deserved lickin'.

Sandstone Courier—Bob Dunn's idea a of one-mill state road tax seems to receive hearty approval from almost every part of the state and will undoubtedly be adopted by the next legislature.

Bemidji Pioneer: Secretary Mackenzie doesn't exactly pose as a purist, but he does believe in making the candidate sign the pledge.

Royalton Banner: The people are content with the present rate of taxation for state purposes; why not let the surplus accumulate and give the legislature of 1911 some chance to redeem the pledges that are being scattered broadcast, promising good legislation. The farmers do not need that one half mill nearly as bad as they do good roads.

St. Cloud Times: Minnesota is a wonderfuly rich state, that is, rich in it's natural resources. For meny years it was thought that the great stretch of country in the northwestern part of the country, unsettled at the present time, was practically worthless for agricultural purposes. Lately, however, an altogether different view is being entertained. However much remains to be done to the land that Commissioner Welch is so enthusiastic over and when the population of northern Minnesota is as great as it is in this part of the state now, the population in Stearns county will have doubled.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Some people are too truthful to be polite.

Plans of the naughty should come to naught.

You can't depend on a fast clock or a fast young man.

The stomach of a man who lives by his wits has many surprises.

It takes a woman to make people believe she is happy when she isn't.

When a small boy says he likes to go to school it's time to investigate.

Water and oil will not mix—and the same may be said of water and some men.

It would take more than an alarm clock to make some people rise to the occasion.

It takes a woman to fuss with a railroad agent because she purchases a ticket to the wrong town.

A man never realizes how important he is until he has a son old enough to cast his first vote.

What a get-rich-quick graft it would be if a man could buy himself for what he is worth and sell himself at his own valuation!

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Hope's clothes get very seedy during the wait.

When a couple are engaged it's a sign any other would be just as idiotic if they were.

A man thinks he is a financier when his wife asks him what a bank statement is and he explains it wrong.

There's hardly anybody that doesn't put on airs about an important person he has a bowing acquaintance with.

A woman insists upon getting her romance out of impossible novels and plays; a man is satisfied to get his out of something good to eat.

PROHIBITION PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Representative 61st Representative District—CHARLES G. FORREST		Vote For One

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Member of Congress, 9th Congressional District—DAVID SANDERS		Vote For One
Senator 61st Senatorial District—EARL GEIL.		Vote For One
Representative, 61st Representative District—J. H. GRANT.		Vote For One

AUCTION SALE

September 26th, 1910 at 12:30

P. M. Sharp.

I will sell at public auction on my farm 4 miles northwest of Red Lake Falls on the southeast quarter of section 5-151-41, the following property:

1 gray mare 6 years old, weight 1250; 1 sorrel horse 6 years old, weight 1200; 1 bay mare 5 years old; 1 bay horse 4 years old; 1 three year old mare colt; 1 two year old mare colt; 1 spring colt; 7 good milk cows; 1 McCormick binder, nearly new; 1 Deering mower, 5 foot cut; 1 McCormick rake, 10 feet wide; 1 Deering rake 8 feet wide; 1 sod cutter, 7 feet wide; 1 brush breaker; 1 walking plow; 1 gang plow, 1 two-seated buggy, nearly new; 1 one-seated buggy; 1 wide tire wagon; 1 narrow tire wagon; 2 hay racks, 1 three horse drag; 1 Empire cream separator; 2 set working harness; 1 single buggy harness; 1 steel range; 1 heating stove, coal and wood burner; 1 sewing machine, nearly new; 2 sets bob sleighs; 1 fanning mill; 1 Superior drill, 7 feet wide; household goods and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Free lunch at noon.

Terms: All sums under $10.00 cash. All sums over that amount, good bankable paper due November 1, 1911 will be taken. 5 per cent discount for cash. HERMAN LEADER, Owner, Joseph Belair, Auctioneer, Geo. F. Hennings, Clerk.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for county treasurer of Red Lake county and respectfully solicit the support and votes of all who believe that I will, if nominated and elected, run the office in an honest, efficient and economical manner.

If elected I hereby pledge that I will run the office to the best of my ability in an impartial and businesslike manner.

A the Republicain Primaries Sept. 20th, 1910.

HARRY E. IVES.

For Congressman

Henry O. Bjorge, candidate for the Republican nomination for member of congress in the Ninth District, was born on a farm near Lake Park, Becker county, Minn. He is a graduate of the Moorhead State Normal and of the Law Department of the State University. At the time of his father's death he took charge of the farm where he now resides. Mr. Borge has served three terms as a member of the Minnesota legislature and is the first native born to represent Becker county in this official capacity. He is also the first candidate for member of congress born in the Ninth Congressional distict.

He stands against Cannon and Cannonism; he stands for the Roosevelt policies and for genuine progressive legislation.

LEWIS A. NELSON

Candidate for Re-election as

SHERIFF

OF RED LAKE COUNTY, MINN.

Your Vote and Support Solicited.

Gustav G. Kindseth.

Mr. Gustav G. Kindseth, candidate for County Treasurer, is not a politician, and if elected will be under no obligations to anyone and will render the humblest citizen the same service as he will the banker or merchant. The fact that a man has held the same position for the same company for twelve years stroight is a good recommendation that he will perform his duties when elected to office. Such a man is Gustav G. Kindseth, candidate for the Republican nomination for County Treasurer at the coming Primary election to be held September 20.

Sheriff Louis A. Nelson.

No man who has held office in Red Lake county has made warmer friends of those who come in contact in an official way than has Sheriff Lewis A. Nelson republican candidate for sheriff of this county. Year by year he has watched the progress of this county with a pride and love consistant with his strong and rugged nature. His service as sheriff has been exceedingly satisfactory and his re-election will be a graceful compliment to a capable official, and at the same time will retain in the service of the county a man who is competent and experienced. He is worthy of your highest consideration socially, commercially and at the polls.—Eleven Towns.

For State Senator.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for senator for the 61st District, unequivocally endorsing the platform adopted by the Republican Convention, June 21st, 1910, and pledge my vote and best effort to legislation that will re-apportion the state justly and fairly and effectively on or before January 1st, 1912, and without regard to the term of office for which I may be elected, should I be the choice of the Republicans of this District and be elected in the General Election in November next.—ALBERT BERG, Spooner, Minnesota.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Red Lake county and solicit your support and your vote at the primary election to be held September 20, 1910.—G. G. KINDSETH.

For Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for sheriff of Red Lake county, and respectfully solicit the support of all. If nominated and elected I will at all times do my duty.

—CHARLES J. FELLMAN.

For Representative.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Representative from the 61st legislative district. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to work for a just reapportionment of the state into legislative districts, for a one mill tax for good roads and for other needs of northern Minnesota as enumerated in the resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association.—NOEL DELORME.

For Judge of Probate.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Judge of Probate and solicit your support and vote at the primary election to be held Sept. 20, 1910.—WM. HOLBERG.

For Representative.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination as a member of the house of representatives from the 61st legislative district which comprises the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater and Red Lake. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to use all efforts to secure the redistricting of the state, a one mill tax for good roads, a liberal appropriation to advertise the resources of Minnesota, and a county option law.

D. P. O'NEILL.

For Representative.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Republican nomination for member of the house of Representatives from the 61st legislative district, comprising the counties of Red Lake, Clearwater and Beltrami. If nominated and elected I will use all honorable means to secure a just reapportionment of the state, a one mill tax for road purposes will receive my support and I will work for the needs of northern Minnesota as enumerated in Resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association.—IVER A. KROHN.

For County Auditor.

I fully intended entering another vocation and had no intention of filing for the office of County Auditor but have been constantly and repeatedly urged to become a candidate for the office by your township and school officials and other men throughout the county with whom I have come into close contact through my relations with them as County Auditor. I have therefore decided to enter the race for County Auditor on the Republican ticket at the primaries to be held September 20.

Having been appointed by your county board May 15, 1909, to fill the unexpired term of the late John B. O'Brien, deceased, I have conducted the affairs of the office to the best of my ability since that time.

I will appreciate the vote and support at the coming primaries of all those who believe I am worthy of filling this responsible position and promise you that if nominated and elected I will conduct the affairs of the office in an honest and impartial manner the same as I have in the past.

Respectfully,
A. A. LATENDRESSE.

Harry E. Ives

Candidate for Republican Nomination for

County Treasurer

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY

EXCURSION BULLETIN

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 14-18: G. A. R. National Encampment

DETROIT, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Sept. 14-16-18-21: Popular Fall Excursions by Rail and Lake. Usual Low Fares.

EASTERN CANADA, New York and New England States: Summer Tourist Fares. Tickets on sale every day to September 30.

For full particulars write or call on A. J. Perrin, General Agent, 430 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide

is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 230 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 66. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT

is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE

403 7th St. South. Department T

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week.

REPUBLICAN PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the
County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Judge of District Court 14th Judicial District—ANDREW GRINDELAND.		Vote For Two
Judge of District Court 14th Judicial District—WILLIAM WATTS.		
Member of Congress 9th District—HENRY O. BJORGE.		Vote For One
Member of Congress 9th District—HALVOR STEENERSON.		
State Senator 61st Senatorial District—ALBERT BERG.		Vote For One
State Senator 61st Senatorial District—A. L. HANSON.		
State Senator 61st Senatorial District—G. L. HANSON.		
Representative 61st Representative District—NOEL DELORME.		Vote For One
Representative 61st Representative District—IVER A. KROHN.		
Representative 61st Representative District—D. P. O'NEILL.		
County Auditor—ANDREW HANSON.		Vote For One
County Auditor—A. A. LATENDRESSE.		
County Auditor—NELS K. NELSON.		
County Treasurer—H. E. IVES.		Vote For One
County Treasurer—GUSTAV G. KINDSETH.		
Register of Deeds—OLAF TANDE.		Vote For One
Sheriff—CHARLES J. FELLMAN.		Vote For One
Sheriff—LEWIS A. NELSON.		
Judge of Probate Court—BEN CHRISTIANSON.		Vote For One
Judge of Probate Court—WILLIAM HOLBERG.		
Judge of Probate Court—IRA C. RICHARDSON.		
County Attorney—WILHELM MICHELET.		Vote For One
Clerk of District Court—C. W. JOHNSON.		Vote For One
County Superintendent of Schools—HERMAN F. ANDERSON.		Vote For One
County Coroner—JOSEPH BELAIR.		Vote For One
County Surveyor—C. H. MARTZ.		Vote For One
Court Commissioner—SIMON PAUL.		Vote For One
County Commissioner 1st District—C. A. LINDQUIST.		Vote For One
County Commissioner 1st District—GUST NAPLIN.		
County Commissioner 3rd District—ED. A. AUBOL.		Vote For One
County Commissioner 5th District—JOSEPH PIGEON.		Vote For One

BALLOT FOR WOMEN

County Superintendent of Schools—HERMAN F. ANDERSON.		Vote For One

DEMOCRATIC PARTY
Primary Election Ballot

List of Candidates for Nomination to be Voted for in the
County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

A. A. Latendresse
County Auditor

To vote for a person, mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.	X	
Register of Deeds—FRANK JEFFERS.		Vote For One
County Attorney—CHAS E. BOUGHTON.		Vote For One
County Commissioner 1st District—HERMAN SCHULTZ.		Vote For One

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Subscribe For the Gazette.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. U. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Breuet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N.G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address

BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
Department 29 16 South 5th St., Minneapolis.

Subscribe For The Gazette.

THIN MILK

How can the baby grow strong if the nursing mother is pale and delicate? **Scott's Emulsion** makes the mother strong and well; increases and enriches the baby's food. All Druggists

LAMBERT.

Misses Maryann Paquin and Germeine Bachand left last Monday for Duluth where they will attend convent.

Died, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Paquin, their three months old baby.

The Lambert school opened Monday with Miss Laura Perusse as teacher.

Miss Evelyn Doncett left this week for Red Lake Falls to attend the St. Joseph's school.

Rev. Bishop Corbett will hold confirmaton service here Thursday.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

PERRAULT STATION.

Chas. Perrault was a visitor at the Station last Monday.

The cry is, No hay! No hay! But there is car after car of hay being shipped from the Station.

Most of the farmers of this section are through threshing. The turnout is fairly good.

The daily milk receipt at the cheese factory is between 1800 and 1900 lbs.

C. Dupont is back home from his homestead out east where he spent the summer. He expects to go back in a few days, for he wishes to prove up on his claim this fall.

Mose Ducharme was a business caller in town Monday.

Theodore Ducharme left Monday night for Crookston where he is going to assist his brother Rad.

Adelord Gauthier from Grand Forks visited with his brother, O. Guthier.

Ernest Purath is back from his summer visit among friends and relatives.

"NEVER RUST" CORRUGATED IRON CULVERTS
Manufactured from
AMERICAN INGOT IRON
A culvert at last that will not RUST. Every pipe reinforced with angle iron, and GUARANTEED TO LAST. Write for prices and discounts.
NORTHWESTERN SHEET & IRON WORKS
WAHPETON, N. DAK.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

Estate of Frank Pribyl.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Frank Pribyl, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Rev. Francis Pribyl, John F. Pribyl and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent;

The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of September, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of Said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this first day of September, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Probate Judge.

(Court Seal.)
F. A. Grady,
Attorney for Petitioner. s1-15

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of A. A. Fletcher.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. A. Fletcher, Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Edgar E. Fletcher, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 14th day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the court house at Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said County of Red Lake, as provided by law.

Dated Sept. 1st, 1910.

(Seal) IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Judge of Probate.
s15-29

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That on the 8th day of October, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 48 of Red Lake County, established by the board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date September 9th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source from station "O" to station "873-30" inclusive of the main ditch and from station "O" to station "184-70" of the branch ditch inclusive, comprising the whole of County Ditch No. 48 of Red Lake County, Minnesota, contemplating the excavation and removal of 321,128.0 cubic yards of earth in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade along the side of the ditch in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The estimated cost of excavation and removal of earth is $32,128.40.

The estimated total cost of the work is $41,128.40 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated Sept. 12th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota
(County Auditor's Seal) s15-29

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That on the 8th day of October, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 47 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date September 9th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source from Station "O" to Station "250—50" inclusive of the Main Ditch, from station "O" to station "17" inclusive of Branch No. 1, and station "O" to station "152-66" inclusive of Branch No. 2, comprising the whole of what is known as county Ditch no. 47 of Red Lake county, Minnesota, contemplating the excavation and removal of 99,428.0 cubic yards of earth in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, along the side of the ditch in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work: said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The estimated cost of excavation and removal of earth is $9,942.80.

The estimated total cost of the work is $12,992.80 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated September 12th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) 15s29

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Wilson L. Barclay and Edith M. Barclay, his wife, as mortgagors, to Peter Kiene of Dubuque, Iowa, as mortgagee, upon and covering the following described real estate, situate in the county of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section two; the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section three; the east one half of the northeast quarter of section nine, the southeast quarter of section nine; the south one half of section ten; the west one half of the west one half of section eleven, the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section eleven; the north one half of section fifteen; and the north one half of the south one half of section fifteen; all in township one hundred fifty-two, north range forty-three, west of the fifth principal meridian and containing thirteen hundred twenty acres according to government survey.

Which said mortgage bears date July 7, 1904, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Red Lake county, July 15, 1904, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in Book 14 of Mortgages at page 385, and

Whereas there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal and interest the sum of seventeen thousand forty-two dollars and sixty-five cents, and no action has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to the power of sale therein contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the real property therein described will be sold by the sheriff of the county of Red Lake in the state of Minnesota, at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said Red Lake county, in the state of Minnesota, on Friday September 23, 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to pay the amount which shall then be due upon said mortgage and the cost of foreclosure thereof including an attorney's fee of two hundred dollars therein provided for in case of foreclosure thereof.

Dated August 11, 1910.

PETER KIENE,
Mortgagee.

James E. Markham,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
1019 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minnesota. a11-s15

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn tf

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Faynlle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8, and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Grosheng, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game
and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

AUCTION SALE

Having rented our farm for a term of years located 1-2 mile north of Wylie, Section 24, Polk Centre township, we will offer the following property at public auction, commencing at 12 o'clock on

TUESDAY, SEPT. 27

310 head of sheep, being mostly one and two year old Schropshire Eves; 3 full blood Schropshire bucks; 4 cows, nearly fresh; 2 full blood Durham; 2 year old heifers, one fresh, 1 full blood Durham bull calf, two months old, 2 yearling heifers; 1 yearling steer; 3 spring calves; 4 pigs; 7 head of horses, three mares weight about 1200 lbs., 1 gelding, same weight. 1 yearling mare colt, team of standard bred driving horses, two and three years old next spring; 100 chickens; 3 set of heavy chain tug harness; 2 wide tire wagons; 1 truck wagon; 1 light spring wagon; 1 Clover Leaf manure spreader, nearly new; 1 manure loader; 1 gasoline pumpling engine new this season; 1 Fountain City 20-shoe press drill, nearly new; 1 hay stacker; 1 hay bucker; 1 McCormick binder; 3 mowing machines, McCormick, Deering and Standard; 1 hay rake; 1 2-horse cultivator; 1 single cultivator; 1 three section iron drag; 1 five section wood drag; 1 disc; 2 set bob sleighs; 1 spring tooth harrow; 2 gang plows; 1 breaking plow; 1 two horse stubble plow; 1 DeLaval cream separator, No. 15, 650 lbs. Many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: *On sums under $10.00 cash. On sums over $10.00 one years' time on approved bankable paper.*

Free Lunch At Noon

HOUSTON LAND CO., Owners

JOS. BELAIR
Auctioneer

GEO. F. HENNINGS
Clerk

Munyon's Witch Hazel **Soap**

is more soothing than Cold Cream; more healing than any lotion, liniment or salve; more beautifying than any cosmetic.

Cures dandruff and stops hair from falling out.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and
GRANULATED EYELIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain
Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00
Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00
EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. [illegible] Book Free. [illegible] Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

FISHING TIME IN THE PASIG

Swimming in Myriads Near Surface They Are Snared and Speared by Filipinos.

Friday morning Filipinos snaring eels and other fish in the Pasig near the captain of the port building by largest eel ever seen on the water front. It was fully ten feet in length. front. It was fully ten feet in length.

Both banks of the Pasig and all the ships and lighters moored in the stream were thronged with hundreds of Filipinos with snares and spears trying to catch the fish that in myriads were swimming near the surface of the stream.

Natives when asked in regard to the phenomenon were almost unanimous in their statement to the effect that at this time of the year the bottom of the river gets hot and that the fish have to leave the depths of the stream and flash back and forth on or near the surface.

Another theory that seemed to have a great many adherents was to the effect that at this time every year there was a change in the character of the water. This change acting on the fish as a stimulant.

This theory was advanced by an old pilot who has witnessed the phenomenon for many years.—Manila Times.

Opportunity of Suffragist.

Baroness Aletta Korff tells in one of the magazines how the women of Finland came to vote. The fact is that women had to show that they could meet an emergency before the vote came to them. They have not had many opportunities to take the initiative in the world's history and they have not always responded when the opportunity came, but when a crisis, such as that of 1904, when the strike and the revolutionary outbreak in Russia took place at the same time, occurred, they proved they could make peace by doing it. Not until England and the United States find the women helping them to bear some great trouble will they give them the right to vote.

Where Size Counts.

Edna thoughtfully considered a cow that was calmly grazing in a meadow across the way. "Mamma, how old is that cow?" she finally inquired. "She is four years old," answered Edna's mother. Edna considered the answer and from time to time appeared to be comparing herself with the cow. "Well," was her parting comment on the question, "I'm five and that cow is big enough to be fifty."

Scandal.

Mrs. Simmonds glanced at the scare headline: "Bank Robbed! Police at Sea!" and laid down the sheet.

"Naow, look at that, Ez!" she ejaculated, repeating the headline aloud. "Here's a big city bank broke into by burglars, and th' city police force all off fishin' somewhere! What a scandal!"—Judge.

A Summer Resort.

Noah disembarked.

"A combination of the mountains and seashore!" he cried.

Herewith he resolved to advertise the tour.

If a man speaks of auburn locks when a girl has red hair she knows he has poetry in his soul.

And lots of men would never think of falling if somebody didn't tempt them.

"NO FRILLS"

Just Sensible Food Cured Him.

Sometimes a good, healthy commercial traveler suffers from poorly selected food and is lucky if he learns that Grape-Nuts food will put him right.

A Cincinnati traveler says: "About a year ago my stomach got in a bad way. I had a headache most of the time and suffered misery. For several months I ran down until I lost about 40 pounds in weight and finally had to give up a good position and go home. Any food that I might use seemed to nauseate me.

"My wife, hardly knowing what to do, one day brought home a package of Grape-Nuts food and coaxed me to try it. I told her it was no use but finally to humor her I tried a little, and they just struck my taste. It was the first food I had eaten in nearly a year that did not cause any suffering.

"Well, to make a long story short, I began to improve and stuck to Grape-Nuts. I went up from 135 pounds in December to 194 pounds the following October.

"My brain is clear, blood all right and appetite too much for any man's pocketbook. In fact, I am thoroughly made over, and owe it all to Grape-Nuts. I talk so much about what Grape-Nuts will do that some of the men on the road have nicknamed me 'Grape-Nuts,' but I stand today a healthy, rosy-cheeked man—a pretty good example of what the right kind of food will do.

"You can publish this if you want to. It is a true statement without any frills."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

ROOSEVELT TALKS TO WAGE-EARNERS

Labor Day Address Delivered at Fargo Is Well Received.

JOINT ACTION A NECESSITY

Trades Unions Commended, But Some of Their Acts Criticised—American Federation Planks Approved by Speaker.

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 5.—The union labor forces of Fargo and thousands of other persons had a treat today when Theodore Roosevelt delivered the Labor Day address. He spoke with great seriousness and with frankness, and his speech was well received by the big crowd that heard it. Colonel Roosevelt's address was as follows:

Today—on Labor Day—I speak in one sense especially to those personally and vitally interested in the labor struggle; and yet I speak of this primarily as one aspect of the larger social struggle growing out of the attempts to readjust social conditions and make them more equitable.

The nineteenth century was distinctly one of economic triumphs—triumphs in the domain of production, including transportation and the mechanics of exchange. The marvelous progress made in these respects multiplied man's productive power to an almost inconceivable degree. In the matter of the production of wealth, as much progress was made during the nineteenth century as during all previous periods since history dawned; that is, the changes brought in a single century through machinery and steam have been greater than the sum total of the changes of the preceding thousands of years; and these very changes and this material progress have thrust upon us social and political problems of the first magnitude. The triumph of the physical sciences in the nineteenth century represented progress primarily in the material elements of civilization. The most pressing problems that confront the present century are not concerned with the material production of wealth, but with its distribution. The demands of progress now deal not so much with the material as with the moral and ethical factors of civilization. Our basic problem is to see that the marvelously augmented powers of production bequeathed to us by the nineteenth century shall in the twentieth be made to administer to the needs of the many rather than be exploited for the profit of the few.

The American wage-earner faces this larger social problem in a dual capacity: first, as a citizen of the Republic charged with the full duty of citizenship, and next as a wage-earner—as a wage-worker—who, together with his fellow-workers, is vitally concerned in the question of wages and general conditions of employment, which affect not only his well-being and that of his wife and children, but the opportunities of all workers for a higher development.

Must Depend on Our Own Efforts.

It is true of wage-workers, as of all other citizens, that most of their progress must depend upon their own initiative and their own efforts. Nevertheless, there are three different factors in this progress. There is first, the share which the man's own individual qualities must determine. This is the most important of all, for nothing can supply the place of individual capacity. Yet there are two other factors also of prime importance; namely, what can be done by the wage-workers in co-operation with one another; and what can be done by government—that is, by the instrument through which all the people work collectively. Wages and other most important conditions of employment must remain largely outside of government control; must be left for adjustment by free contract between employers and wage-earners. But to attempt to leave this merely to individual action means the absolute destruction of individualism, for where the individual is so weak that he, perforce, has to accept whatever a strongly organized body chooses to give him, his individual liberty becomes a mere sham and mockery. It is indispensably necessary, in order to preserve to the largest degree our system of individualism, that there should be effective and organized collective action. The wage-earners must act jointly through the process of collective bargaining. In great industrial enterprises. Only thus can they be put upon a plane of economic equality with their corporate employers. Only thus is freedom of contract made a real thing and not a mere legal fiction. There are occasional occupations where this is not necessary; but, speaking broadly, it is necessary throughout the great world of organized industry. I believe this practise of collective bargaining, effective only through such organizations as the trades unions, to have been one of the most potent factors in the past century in promoting the progress of the wage-earners and in securing larger social progress for humanity. I believe in the principle of organized labor and in the practise of collective bargaining, not merely as a desirable thing for the wage-earners, but as something which has been demonstrated to be essential in the long run to their permanent progress.

This does not mean that I unequivocally indorse any or all practises that labor organizations may happen to adopt, or any or all principles that they may choose to enunciate. Labor organizations have the weaknesses and defects common to all other forms of human organizations. Sometimes they act very well, and sometimes they act very badly; and I am for them when they act well, and I am against them when they act badly. I believe that their existence is a necessity; I believe that their aims and purposes are generally good; and I believe that all of them have occasionally made mistakes, and that some of them have been guilty of wrong-doing. Just in so far as they are strong and effective they tempt designing men who seek to control them for their own interests, and stimulate the desires of ambitious leaders who may be clever, crooked men, or who may be honest but visionary and foolish. In other words, in treating of labor unions, as in treating of corporations, or of humanity generally, we will do well to remember Abraham Lincoln's saying that "there is a deal of human nature in mankind." Whether in a man or in an organized body of men, the power to do good means that such power may be twisted into evil; and in proportion as the power grows, so it becomes steadily more important that it should be handled aright. Just in proportion as in its proper function power is important to social progress, so in its improper function it becomes fraught with social disaster.

Wise Course For Original Labor.

Outside critics should appreciate the necessity of organized labor, and understand and sympathize with what is good in it, [illegible] organizations directed against it and ruthlessly eliminate from the practises of its organisation those things which justify such criticism and attack. This is the path, not only of right, but of wisdom and safety. Public opinion in the United States is daily becoming more alert and more intelligent and more forceful; and no organisation whether trades union or corporation, whether industrial or non-industrial, can endure or permanently amount to a social force if it does not harmonize with a wise and enlightened public opinion. Hitherto we Americans have been over-occupied with material things, and have neglected to watch the play of the social forces about us. But now we are awakening from that indifference; and every form of organization representing an important economic, political, or social force must undergo a closer scrutiny than ever before.

I think that the next quarter of a century will be important politically in many ways; and in none more so than in the labor movement. Not only are the benefits of labor organizations more clearly understood than ever before, but any shortcoming or vice displayed in connection therewith is also more clearly understood and more quickly resented. The public is growing more and more to understand that, in a contest between employer and employee—a corporation and a trades union—not only the interests of the contestants, but the interests of the third party—the public—must be considered. Anything like levity in provoking a strike, on the one hand or on the other, is certain more and more to be resented by the public. Strikes are sometimes necessary and proper; sometimes they represent the only way in which, after all other methods have been exhausted, it is possible for the laboring man to stand for his rights; but it must be clearly understood that a strike is a matter of last resort. Our social organization is too complex for us to fail quickly to condemn those who, with levity or in a spirit of wanton brutality, bring about far-reaching and disastrous interference with its normal processes. The public sympathizes cordially with any movement for a good standard of living and for moderate hours of employment. (I personally, for instance, cordially believe in an eight-hour day, and in one day in seven for complete rest.) Where men and women are worked under harsh and intolerable conditions and can secure no relief without a strike, or, indeed, where the strike is clearly undertaken for things which are vitally necessary—and then only as a last resort—the public sympathy will favor the wage-workers; but it will not favor them unless such conditions as these are fulfilled. Therefore it is becoming more than ever important that the labor movement should combine steady, far-seeing leadership with discipline and control in its ranks. Dishonest leadership is a curse anywhere in American life, and nowhere is it a greater curse than in the labor movement. If there is one lesson which I would rather teach to my fellow-Americans than any other; it is to hound down the dishonest man—no matter what his condition—and to brush aside with impatient contempt the creature who only denounces dishonesty when it is found in some special social stratum. There are dishonest capitalists, dishonest labor leaders, dishonest lawyers, and dishonest business men; dishonest men of great wealth and dishonest poor men; and the man who is a genuine reformer will decline to single out any one type for exclusive denunciation, but will fearlessly attack the dishonest man as such, whenever and wherever he is to be found.

Worthy Leaders Available.

For many years I have been more or less closely associated with representative leaders of labor unions. Some of these men are among my close friends, whom I respect and admire as heartily as I do any men in America. There are some of them to whom I go as freely for assistance and guidance, for aid and help, in making up my mind how to deal with our social problems, as I go to the leaders of any business or profession. I cannot pay too high a tribute to the worth and integrity of these men—to their sincerity and good judgment as leaders. But no movement—no leadership—however earnest and honest, can endure unless the rank and file live up to their duties, and search for such leadership, and support it when they find it. If the best men in a labor union leave its management and control to men of a poorer type, the effect will be just as disastrous as when good citizens in a city follow the same course as regards city government. The stay-at-home man in a union is just as much responsible for the sins of omission and commission of his organization as the stay-at-home man in a city is for the civic conditions under which he suffers and about which he complains.

All that can properly be done should be done by all of us to help upward the standard of living and to improve the ability of the average man to reach that standard. There are still in the United States great masses of skilled and unorganized labor, whose conditions of work and living are harsh and pitiable. It is a shocking indictment of our industrial condition to be told in a matter-of-course way in a government report that thousands of workers in this country are compelled to toil everyday in the week, without one day rest, for a wage of $45 a month. Such a condition is bad for them, and, in the end, bad for all of us. Our commercial development should be heartily encouraged; but it must not be allowed to commercialize our morals.

It is not merely the duty of the wage-earner, but it is also the duty of the general public, to see that he has safe and healthy conditions under which to carry on his work. No worker should be compelled, as a condition of earning his daily bread, to risk his life and limb, or be deprived of his health, or have to work under dangerous and bad surroundings. Society owes the worker this because it owes as much to itself. He should not be compelled to make this a matter of contract; he ought not to be left to fight alone for decent conditions in this respect. His protection in the place where he works should be guaranteed by the law of the land. In other words, he should be protected during his working hours against greed and carelessness on the part of unscrupulous and thoughtless employers, just as outside of those working hours both he and his employer are protected in their lives and property against the murderer and thief.

Far Behind Other Nations.

This opens a vitally important field of legislation to the National government and to the state alike. It is humiliating to think how far we of this country are behind most of the other countries in such matters. Practically all civilized countries have, for more than a decade, prohibited by the strictest regulations the poisonous match industry; yet we had not done anything at all until very recently to protect the laborers against this horrible danger. The National government made an investigation a year ago into this industry, which showed a condition of things unspeakably shocking and revolting. Legislation to prevent these abuses was introduced in congress, which was not passed. Since then the companies in fault have ostentatiously announced that they have done away with the objectionable conditions. I hope so; but whether they have or not, a law should be passed in stringent form to prevent any possible backsliding.

So it is in the matter of injuries to employees. In what is called "employer's liability" legislation other industrial countries have accepted the principle that the industry must bear the monetary burden of its human sacrifices, and that the employee who is injured shall have a fixed and definite sum. The United States still proceeds on an outworn and curiously improper principle, in accordance with which it has too often been held by the courts that the frightful burden of the accident shall be borne in its entirety by the very person least able to bear it. Fortunately, in a number of states—in Wisconsin and in New York, for instance—these defects in our industrial life are either being remedied or else are being made a subject of intelligent study with a view to their remedy. In New York a bill embodying moderate compensation for accidents has already been passed. Other states will undoubtedly follow in the same path. The Federal government has, so far as its own employees are concerned, been the first to recognize and put into shape this principle. However, this pioneer law was not made comprehensive enough; it does not cover all the employees of the Federal government that ought to come within its provisions, and the amount paid for permanent disability or death is entirely inadequate. Nevertheless, it was a great step in advance to have this principle of workingmen's compensation accepted and embodied in the Federal statutes, and the recent action of congress in providing for a commission to study and report upon the subject gives promise that the same principle will soon be applied to private firms that come within the jurisdiction of the Federal government.

Federation Planks Approved.

Women and children should, beyond all question, be protected; and in their cases there can be no question that the states should act. They should be particular objects of our solicitude; and they should be guarded in an effective fashion against the demands of a too greedy commercialism. On my recent trip in the neighborhood of Scranton and Wilkesbarre every one I spoke to agreed as to the immense improvement that had been wrought by the effective enforcement of the laws prohibiting children under the age of fourteen years from working, and prohibiting women from working more than ten hours a day. Personally, I think ten hours too long; but, be this as it may, ten hours a day was a great advance.

Among the planks in the platform of the American Federation of Labor there are some to which I very strongly subscribe. They are:

1. Free schools; free text-books; and compulsory education.
2. A work-day of not more than eight hours.
3. Release from employment one day in seven.
4. The abolition of the sweat-shop system.
5. Sanitary inspection of factory, workshop, mine, and home.
6. Liability of employers for injury to body or loss of life.

(I regard the demand in this form as inadequate. What we need is an automatically fixed compensation for all injuries received by the employee in the course of his duty, this being infinitely better for the employee and more just to the employer. The only sufferers will be lawyers of that undesirable class which exists chiefly by carrying on lawsuits of this nature.)

7. The passage and enforcement of rigid anti-child labor laws which will cover every portion of this country.
8. Suitable and plentiful playgrounds for children in all the cities.

Inasmuch as prevention is always best, especial attention should be paid to the prevention of industrial accidents by passing laws requiring the use of safety devices. At present the loss of life and limb among the industrial workers of the United States is simply appalling, and every year equals in magnitude the killed and wounded in a fair-sized war. Most of these casualties are preventable; and our legislative policy should be shaped accordingly. It would be a good idea to establish in every city a museum of safety devices, from which the workers could get drawings of them and information as to how they could be obtained and used.

The matter of compensation for injuries to employees is, perhaps, more immediately vital than any other. The report of the commission which has begun to look into this matter on behalf of the New York legislature is well worth reading. The bill presented by the Federation of Labor in Wisconsin on this subject seems excellent. In all dangerous trades the employer should be forced to share the burden of the accident, so that the shock may be borne by the community as a whole. This would be a measure of justice in itself, and would do away with a fruitful source of antagonism between employer and employed.

Our ideal should be a rate of wages sufficiently high to enable workmen to live in a manner conformable to American ideals and standards, to educate their children, and to provide for sickness and old age; the abolition of child labor; safety device legislation to prevent industrial accidents; and automatic compensation for losses caused by these industrial accidents.

Have Faith in Yourself.

There is a tremendous power in the habit of expectancy, the conviction that we shall realize our ambition, that our dreams shall come true. There is no uplifting habit like that attitude of expecting that our heart yearnings will be matched with realities; that things are going to turn out well and not ill; that we are going to succeed; that no matter what may or may not happen, we are going to be happy, says Success.

There is nothing else so helpful as the carrying of this optimistic, expectant attitude—the attitude which always looks for and expects the best, the highest, the happiest—and never allowing oneself to get into the pessimistic, discouraged mood.

Believe with all your heart that you will do what you were made to do. Never for an instant harbor a doubt of this. Drive it out of your mind if it seeks entrance. Entertain only the friendly thoughts or ideals of the thing you are bound to achieve. Reject all thought enemies, all discouraging moods—everything which would even suggest failure or unhappiness.

Wasted Effort.

It is said that a California poet was badly handled by his wife because he neglected to support the family.

When they asked for bread he gave them a sonnet, and when they clamored for pie he came across with a madrigal.

Nevertheless, it doesn't seem quite right for his wife to reach over and snatch tufts from his cranium cover and batter his shins with hench-made shoes and crack his slats with a broom handle. That sort of treatment doesn't bring results. A poet with a black eye and a twisted neck and a dented kneepan is no more useful than a poet in perfect order.

What the lady should do would be to have her poet hubby pick up some side trends that would promise financial results—as they did in Indiana, where you will find the baker writes poetry and so do the hairdresser and the motorman and the bartender.

But there is no use attempting to club money out of a poet.

Troublesome Times.

Yeast—I see as a space saver for small houses a Kansas man has invented folding stairs.

Crimsonbeak—But, say, suppose when a fellow has come home late at night and quietly taken his shoes off, he finds his wife has taken the stairs upstairs?

She Knew Better.

He—I would like to know why you refuse to marry me.

She—Pardon me, but I don't think you would!—Brooklyn Life.

Put Hay in a Church.

In Old Weston, Huntingdonshire, England, a church is dedicated to St. Swithin. On Sunday nearest the saint's day the church is strewn with new mown hay, following a tradition that an old lady gave a poor man a field for charity providing he would furnish hay for the floor of the church to lessen the annoyance caused by the squeaking of new boots worn by villagers on feast Sunday.

Italian Proverb.

He that cannot is always willing.

Blissful Bickering.

"John, I understand that you have been saying mean things about me to your acquaintances."

"Why, dearest! Everybody knows that isn't so! Why, I tell everybody that you have made me what I am."

"That's what I mean."

Natural Propensity.

"Billy Bangs is such a nice, breezy sort of fellow."

"Yes; I suppose that is why he finds it so easy to raise the wind."

THE NEW ROMANCE.

Kiss me, but do not muss my hair,
 Nor be so much in haste
Your arm—my frock, if touched, will tear—
 To put about my waist.
Love me, but wisely; tears and sighs
 I loathe, and fear to see
A tortured brow and jealous eyes
 Bent angrily on me.
Tell me you love me, if you must,
 Remembering once 'tis said
That iteration breeds disgust
 And fervor is ill-bred.
And I'll give you a love discreet,
 For passion uncontroll'd
With pallor, wrinkles and crow's feet
 Turns pretty women old!
—Life.

Discouraging.

The learned savant came to the struggling student.

"My boy," he advised, laying a kindly hand on the young man's shoulder, "burn midnight oil if you would rise in this world. I burned midnight oil and now I am drawing $10,000 a year."

The struggling student sighed.

"Seems like I can't strike the pace," he responded, lugubriously. "I burn midnight oil every night and don't draw anything but mosquitoes."

REAL WORK.

Politician—He didn't care for work, so he married a woman with money.

Policeman—Living easy now, I guess?

Politician—No; she's so stingy with it that he has to work harder than ever.

Summer Night Comedy.

They sat under a sheltering palm watching the roof garden musical comedy.

"George," whispered the poetical maid, "will—will you love me till the stars grow old?"

"They are already old, my dear," responded George, as he watched some of the stars on the little stage at the other end of the garden.

Just So.

There had been a family row.

"Well," remarked the alleged head of the house, "a man learns a few things when he gets married. Yes, sir, a man lives and learns."

"That may be," retorted the feminine half of the sketch, "but the school of experience doesn't have coeds."

Willing to Investigate.

"My new refrigerator has a temperature constantly in the neighborhood of the freezing point," said Colonel Stillwell.

The visitor, who was warm and thirsty, looked up with great interest as he inquired:

"Have you—er—have you any proofs?"

Oh, Where?

Most men are pleased who wear new duds,
 As often has been noted,
But where's the man who buys the suds,
 Because his tongue is coated?

WISE MAYOR.

The Politician—You said before you were elected that you would share your last dollar with me.

Newly Elected Mayor—I know, but it's going to be a long time before I get down to my last dollar.

The Sole Defect.

"You say that man has no bad habits?"

"Only one; his habit of boasting that he has none."

The Bitterness of Damocles.

Damocles saw the sword suspended by a hair.

"Shucks," he cried; "my buttons have hung that way for months."

Thus it may be inferred that he was married.

An Old Settler.

Riggs—Did your wife's father settle anything on you when you got married?

Briggs—You bet he did. He settled himself on us and we can't get rid of him.

Engaged.

"Will you marry me?"

"I am already married!"

"So am I."

"Well, the first time we are both divorced at the same time we will get married."

MOTHER'S ADVICE.

"I am not satisfied to be dependent on my father for every farthing I need. I wish to be independent," said the ambitious girl to her mother.

"Should you go to earning your own living you would have to be the obedient servant of any employer you might have, always at his beck and call, always ready to do the bidding of your superiors, and having not an hour you could call your own," replied her mother.

"That would be horrid!" objected the ambitious girl. "I want to be independent of pa; but I'll call no man master, and I shall want my own way in everything."

"Oh, that's easy," said her mother. "Get married."

Wanted a Dinner.

The seedy individual cautiously advanced across the lawn to the spot where the prominent citizen was holding down a rustic chair.

"Pardon me, sir," began the s. i., "but the unemployed workingmen have appointed me a committee of one to request you to address us at the town hall tomorrow night."

"Well, I guess I can," replied the p. c., who never overlooked an opportunity to pose as a public speaker. "By the way, what sort of an address would you people like?"

"I think, sir," answered the committee, "the boys would appreciate an after-dinner speech more than anything else."

Wanted More.

The president of the Keepsafe Trust company, who long had been trying to persuade the billionaire to become a depositor, was explaining to the latter the facilities of protection which his company afforded. "Now, here," he said convincingly, pausing in front of two immense doors, "is our famous vault. It's made of armor plate steel six feet two inches thick, is fireproof, waterproof and burglar proof."

The billionaire sniffed with disdain. "The dickens!" he snorted. "I can find hundreds of vaults like this. Haven't you anything better? I want a vault that is cashier proof."

Good Rest.

Yeast—I understand your brother is getting a much-needed rest?

Crimsonbeak—Yes; his wife left for the country four days ago!—Yonkers Statesman.

LEFT A "MARK OF AFFECTION."

"Ah John," said the wife to her recreant spouse, "when you remain away from me I miss you."

"But—hic—when I'm here?"

"Then I don't miss you. (Bang!) Take that!"

The rolling pin landed unerringly.

For the Disappointed Inventor.

The man whose machine
 Doesn't rise
Will never fall
 Out of the skies.

Both Were on Time, Too.

"What member of the class can mention one memorable date in Roman history?" the teacher asked.

"Antony's with Cleopatra," ventured one of the boys.—Everybody's.

Speaking of Women.

Him—Generally speaking, a woman is—

Her—Is what?

Him—Generally speaking.

An Angel.

She knows the secret of her worth—
 Of that there's no denying—
So, though she has no wings herself,
 She keeps the money flying.

Cynical.

"The heroine of this novel said to the hero in the fourteenth chapter: 'I hate you! I hate you! I hate you!'"

"They'll be married soon."

Just Could Not Be Right.

"What makes you believe you could succeed in selling him a gold brick?"

"He has been accepted to serve on the jury three times."

The Social Nuisance.

Tom—Did you have a jolly time at the reception last night?

Jack—No; there was a young man present who tried to be funny.

Fame.

Earnest—Are you acquainted with Burke's "Speech on Conciliation?"

Walter—No, but I'm very fond of his Bottled Stout—Columbia Jester.

Metempsychosis.

Diner—Change that chicken soup to turtle.

Waiter (shouting)—Make the chicken turn turtle!

Fate of a Speeder.

Gunner—Bigwood, the millionaire, started off for a banquet and was arrested for speeding.

Guyer—Then he wasn't wined and toasted?

Gunner—No; instead he was fined and roasted.

New Some Time.

"Did you see the new light opera last night?"

"Yes."

"Was the music original?"

"It must have been—once."

A TIMELY WARNING.

Backache, headache, dizzy spells and distressing urinary troubles warn you of dropsy, diabetes and fatal Bright's disease. Act in time by curing the kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills. They have cured thousands and will cure you.

Mrs. L. B. Burke, 219 So. Lilly St., Moscow, Idaho, says: "I was almost crazy with excruciating pain through my kidneys. The kidney secretions were highly colored, scanty and looked like blood. For over a month I was in bed, totally helpless. Doan's Kidney Pills benefited me wonderfully. They have my endorsement at all times."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LIKE CURES LIKE.

Smudge—He calls his new invention a "noiseless automobile."

Grudge—Noiseless? It makes an infernal clatter.

Smudge—He claims that the loudness of the smell drowns out the loudness of the noise, and vice versa.

HOW A DOCTOR CURED SCALP DISEASE

"When I was ten or twelve years old I had a scalp disease, something like scald head, though it wasn't that. I suffered for several months, and most of my hair came out. Finally they had a doctor to see me and he recommended the Cuticura Remedies. They cured me in a few weeks. I have used the Cuticura Remedies, also, for a breaking out on my hands and was benefited a great deal. I haven't had any more trouble with the scalp disease. Miss Jessie F. Buchanan, R. F. D. 3, Hamilton, Ga., Jan. 7, 1909."

Kept with Barnum's Circus.

P. T. Barnum, the famous circus man, once wrote: "I have had the Cuticura Remedies among the contents of my medicine chest with my shows for the last three seasons, and I can cheerfully certify that they were very effective in every case which called for their use."

Source of Revelation.

Twenty-seven new, crisp $1 bills, says Harper's Weekly, weigh as much as a $20 gold piece. Wouldn't have thought it, and have no means of proving the assertion, but if so it is probably owing in some way to the recent activity of the inspectors of weights and measures.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Partly Made Over.

"Weren't we engaged last summer?" inquired the girl.

"Your face is familiar," faltered the man.

"Well, I'll forgive you for not recognizing me. My hair and figure are new."

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, many people wear smaller shoes by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Tired, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

But it doesn't rain very hard on the unjust if he is roosting under a stolen umbrella.

The undertaker usually finishes all he undertakes.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

And the only way to impress some people is to suppress them.

W. L. DOUGLAS
HAND-SEWED PROCESS **SHOES**
MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
WOMEN'S $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4
BOYS' $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00
THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS
They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are certainly the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed. Fast Color Eyelets. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PILES

"I have suffered with piles for thirty-six years. One year ago last April I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets have done wonders for me. I am entirely cured and feel like a new man." George Kryder, Napoleon, O.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 920

Pla-Mate Shoes
Are Best for Children

Only the best material and workmanship goes into **Pla-Mate Shoes**. Notice the shape of the shoe—it follows natural lines and allows the foot to develop normally. The children like them because they are soft, flexible and so comfortable—the parents like them because while they cost a little more, they are the cheapest in the end, as one pair of **Pla-Mate Shoes** outlast two pairs of ordinary shoes, and they hold their shape so well. Sizes 4 to 13, in all suitable leathers and in lace, button and oxford styles. If you can't buy **Pla-Mate Shoes** from your dealer, send us his name and state size and style and we will see that you are quickly supplied.

Williams, Hoyt & Co.
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COMING MAN OF BUSINESS

Long-Headed Youngster Who Bids Fair to Graduate Into Rockefeller Class.

So many panes of glass in old Mr Viner's greenhouse had been broken that he had at last offered a reward of 10 shillings to anyone who should give information as to the identity of the latest offender. The bait soon drew. A youngster called on Mr. Viner and informed him that a lad named Archie Thompson was the guilty party. He received his reward, went away rejoicing and the old gentleman forthwith wrote to the local schoolmaster, demanding the production of the said Archie Thompson, to make good the damage he had done to his windows.

Next day the informer called again. "The schoolmaster sent me," he said briskly. "I've seen a glazier and he'll put in your glass for three shillings. Here it is, and—"

"Not so fast, my lad," said Mr. Viner. "Have you come on behalf of Archie Thompson?"

"Well, yes, sir, in a way," said the boy. "Fact is," he continued, confidentially, "I'm him!"—London Tit-Bits.

A Shipping Error.

The young duchess of Westminster, wife of the richest peer in England, recently gave birth to her third child, a daughter. Thus there is no heir to the immense Grosvenor fortune, Earl Grosvenor, the duchess' second child, having died at the age of four.

Apropos of all this, a rather cruel story is being told in Newport about Lady Ursula Grosvenor, the eight-year-old daughter of the young duchess.

A friend, the story goes, called at Eaton Hall, and as she sat in the drawing room, little Lady Ursula entered.

"Oh, good afternoon," she said, gravely. "Mamma can't see any one today. She's upstairs with the new baby. They sent her, you know, a girl when she'd ordered a boy, and she's so upset that she's quite ill."

Globular Lightning.

Yesterday the inhabitants of Lewisham were provided with a specimen of that curious phenomenon known as "globular lightning." It is what is commonly called the "fire ball," and as it persists for several seconds it is obviously of a totally different character from any other form of lightning. It is much less brilliant than ordinary lightning, and its brightness appears to be that of iron at the "red hot" stage.

It is not, as some accounts might lead one to infer, a solid missile, but it is always spherical and appears to fall from a thunder cloud by its own gravity, sometimes rebounding after striking the ground.—London Globe.

When the Fish Exploded.

Somebody discovered that fish are fond of gasoline, and this led to the idea of soaking worms in gasoline in order to make them more alluring when used for bait.

Mark the result.

Two of those gasoline-tempted fish exploded in the frying pan, and broke the kitchen window, and blew the cook's face full of mashed potato, and hurled the teakettle into the flour barrel, and painted the kitchen ceiling with stewed tomatoes.

Call it a lying world and let it go at that.

Telling a Lie.

Mrs. Jollyboy—Where on earth have you been?

Mr. J.—I cannot tell a lie; I've been at my office.

Mrs. J.—That's where we differ. I can tell a lie—when I hear one.

There are two kinds of unhappy people in the world—those who are sad because they are not known, and those who are miserable because they are.

A girl will tell how a man made love to her when she did to him.

This Is a Good Breakfast!

Instead of preparing a hot meal, have some fruit;

Post Toasties

with cream;

A soft boiled egg;
Slice of crisp toast;
A cup of Postum.

Such a breakfast is pretty sure to win you.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Amidst numerous difficulties the servants deserted. As Miss Innes locked up for the night she was startled by a dark figure on the veranda. Unseemly noises disturbed her during the night. In the morning Miss Innes found a strange link cuff-button in a hamper. Gertrude and Halsey arrived with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. The link cuff-button mysteriously disappeared. Detective Jamieson arrived. Gertrude revealed she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room a few moments before the murder. Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped down a laundry chute. Gertrude was suspected. A negro found the other half of what proved to be Jack Bailey's cuff-button. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey left in response to a telegram. Gertrude said she had given Bailey an unloaded revolver, fearing to give him a loaded weapon. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Halsey said Armstrong wrecked his own bank and could clear Bailey. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, was found at the lodge. The lodgekeeper said Louise and Arnold had a long talk the night of the murder. Louise was prostrated. Louise told Halsey, that while she still loved him she was to marry another, and that he would despise her when he learned the whole story. It developed that Dr. Walker and Louise were to be married. A prowler was heard in the house. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase. Louise said she had heard a knock at the door and answered it. Something brushed past her on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. After "seeing a ghost," Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead. A slip was found in his pocket bearing the name "Lucien Wallace, 14 Elm street, Richfield."

CHAPTER XX.—Continued.

"Certain."

"In what part?"

"In the east wing."

"Can you tell me when these intrusions occurred, and what the purpose seemed to be? Was it robbery?"

"No," I said decidedly. "As to time, once on Friday night a week ago, again the following night, when Arnold Armstrong was murdered, and again last Friday night."

The doctor looked serious. He seemed to be debating some question in his mind, and to reach a decision.

"Miss Innes," he said, "I am in a peculiar position; I understand your attitude, of course; but—do you think you are wise? Ever since you have have come here there have been hostile demonstrations against you and your family. I'm not a croaker, but—take a warning. Leave before anything occurs that will cause you a lifelong regret."

"I am willing to take the responsibility," I said coldly.

I think he gave me up then as a poor proposition. He asked to be shown where Arnold Armstrong's body had been found, and I took him there. He scrutinized the whole place carefully, examining the stairs and the lock. When he had taken a formal farewell I was confident of one thing. Dr. Walker would do anything he could to get me away from Sunnyside.

CHAPTER XXI.

Fourteen Elm Street.

It was Monday evening when we found the body of poor Thomas. Monday night had been uneventful; things were quiet at the house and the peculiar circumstances of the old man's death had been carefully kept from the servants. Rosie took charge of the dining room and pantry, in the absence of a butler, and, except for the warning of the Casanova doctor, everything breathed of peace.

Affairs at the Traders' bank were progressing slowly. The failure had hit small stock-holders very hard, the minister of the little Methodist chapel in Casanova among them. He had received as a legacy from an uncle a few shares of stock in the Traders' bank, and now his joy was turned to bitterness; he had to sacrifice everything he had in the world, and his feeling against Paul Armstrong, dead, as he was, must have been bitter in the extreme. He was asked to officiate at the simple services when the dead banker's body was interred in Casanova churchyard, but the good man providentially took cold, and a substitute was called in.

A few days after the services he called to see me, a kind-faced little man, in a very bad frock-coat and laundered tie. I think he was uncertain as to my connection with the Armstrong family, and dubious whether I considered Mr. Armstrong's taking away a matter for condolence or congratulation. He was not long in doubt.

I liked the little man. He had known Thomas well, and had promised to officiate at the services in the rickety African Zion church. He told me more of himself than he knew, and before he left I astonished him—and myself, I admit—by promising a new carpet for his church. He was much affected, and I gathered that he had yearned over his ragged chapel as a mother over a half-clothed child.

"You are laying up treasures, Miss Innes," he said brokenly, "where neither moth nor rust corrupt, nor thieves break through and steal."

I sent him home in the car, with a bunch of hothouse roses for his wife, and he was quite overwhelmed. As for me, I had a generous glow that was cheap at the price of a church carpet. I received less gratification—and less gratitude—when I presented the new silver communion set to St. Barnabas.

I had a great many things to think about in those days. I made a list of questions and possible answers, but I seemed only to be working around in a circle. I always ended where I began. The list was something like this:

Who had entered the house the night before the murder?

Thomas claimed it was Mr. Bailey, whom he had seen on the foot-path, and who owned the pearl cuff-link.

Why did Arnold Armstrong come back after he had left the house the night he was killed?

No answer. Was it on the mission Louise had mentioned?

Who admitted him?

Gertrude said she had locked the east entry. There was no key on the dead man or in the door. He must have been admitted from within.

Who had been locked in the clothes chute?

Some one unfamiliar with the house, evidently. Only two people missing from the household, Rosie and Gertrude. Rosie had been at the lodge. Therefore—but was it Gertrude? Might it not have been the mysterious intruder again?

Who had accosted Rosie on the drive?

Again—perhaps the nightly visitor. It seemed more likely some one who suspected a secret at the lodge. Was Louise under surveillance?

Who had passed Louise on the circular staircase?

Could it have been Thomas? The key to the east entry made this a possibility. But why was he there, if it were indeed he?

Who had made the hole in the trunk-room wall?

It was not vandalism. It had been done quietly, and with deliberate purpose. If I had only known how to read the purpose of that gaping aperture what I might have saved in anxiety and mental strain!

Why had Louise left her people and come home to hide at the lodge?

There was no answer, as yet, to this, or to the next questions.

Why did both she and Dr. Walker warn us away from the house?

Who was Lucien Wallace?

What did Thomas see in the shadows the night he died?

What was the meaning of the subtle change in Gertrude?

Was Jack Bailey an accomplice or a victim in the looting of the Traders' bank?

What all-powerful reason made Louise determine to marry Dr. Walker?

He Scrutinized the Whole Place Carefully.

The examiners were still working on the books of the Traders' bank, and it was probable that several weeks would elapse before everything was cleared up. The firm of expert accountants who had examined the books some two months before testified that every bond, every piece of valuable paper, was there at that time. It had been shortly after their examination that the president, who had been in bad health, had gone to California. Mr. Bailey was still ill at the Knickerbocker, and in this, as in other ways, Gertrude's conduct puzzled me. She seemed indifferent, refused to discuss matters pertaining to the bank, and never, to my knowledge, either wrote to him or went to see him. Gradually I came to the conclusion that Gertrude, with the rest of the world, believed her lover guilty, and—although I believed it myself, for that matter—I was irritated by her indifference. Girls in my day did not meekly accept the public's verdict as to the man they loved.

But presently something occurred that made me think that under Gertrude's surface calm there was a seething flood of emotions.

Tuesday morning the detective made a careful search of the grounds,

I Could See the Mortons' Big Country House.

but he found nothing. In the afternoon he disappeared, and it was late that night when he came home. He said he would have to go back to the city the following day, and arranged with Halsey and Alex to guard the house.

Liddy came to me on Wednesday morning with her black silk apron held up like a bag and her eyes big with virtuous wrath. It was the day of Thomas' funeral in the village, and Alex and I were in the conservatory cutting flowers for the old man's casket. Liddy is never so happy as when she is making herself wretched, and now her mouth drooped while her eyes were triumphant.

"I always said there were plenty of things going on here, right under our noses, that we couldn't see," she said, holding out her apron.

"I don't see with my nose," I remarked. "What have you got there?"

Liddy pushed aside a half dozen geranium pots, and in the space thus cleared she dumped the contents of her apron—a handful of tiny bits of paper. Alex had stepped back, but I saw him watching her curiously.

"Wait a moment, Liddy," I said. "You have been going through the library paper-basket again!"

Liddy was arranging her bits of paper with the skill of long practice and paid no attention.

"Did it ever occur to you," I went on, putting my hand over the scraps, "that when people tear up their correspondence it is for the express purpose of keeping it from being read?"

"If they wasn't ashamed of it they wouldn't take so much trouble, Miss Rachel," Liddy said oracularly. "More than that, with things happening every day, I consider it my duty. If you don't read and act on this, I shall give it to that Jamieson, and I'll venture he'll not go back to the city to-day."

That decided me. If the scraps had anything to do with the mystery ordinary conventions had no value. So Liddy arranged the scraps, like working out one of the puzzle-pictures children play with, and she did it with much the same eagerness. When it was finished she stepped aside while I read it.

"Wednesday night, nine o'clock. Bridge," I read aloud. Then, aware of Alex's stare, I turned on Liddy.

"Some one is to play bridge to-night at nine o'clock," I said. "Is that your business, or mine?"

Liddy was aggrieved. She was about to reply when I scooped up the pieces and left the conservatory.

"Now then," I said, when we got outside, "will you tell me why you choose to take Alex into your confidence? He's no fool. Do you suppose he thinks any one in this house is going to play bridge to-night at nine o'clock, by appointment! I suppose you have shown it in the kitchen, and instead of my being able to slip down to the bridge to-night quietly, and see who is there, the whole household will be going in a procession."

"Nobody knows it," Liddy said humbly. "I found it in the basket in Miss Gertrude's dressing room. Look at the back of the sheet." I turned over some of the scraps, and, sure enough, it was a blank deposit slip from the Traders' bank. So Gertrude was going to meet Jack Bailey that night by the bridge! And I had thought he was ill! It hardly seemed like the action of an innocent man—this avoidance of daylight, and of his fiancee's people. I decided to make certain, however, by going to the bridge that night.

After luncheon Mr. Jamieson suggested that I go with him to Richfield, and I consented.

"I am inclined to place more faith in Dr. Stewart's story," he said, "since I found that scrap in old Thomas' pocket. It bears out the statement that the woman with the child, and

the woman who quarreled with Armstrong, are the same. It looks as if Thomas had stumbled on to some affair which was more or less discreditable to the dead man, and, with a certain loyalty to the family, had kept it to himself. Then, you see, your story about the woman at the card-room window begins to mean something. It is the nearest approach to anything tangible that we have had yet."

Warner took us to Richfield in the car. It was about 25 miles by railroad, but by taking a series of atrociously rough short cuts we got there very quickly. It was a pretty little town, on the river, and back on the hill I could see the Morton big country house, where Halsey and Gertrude had been staying until the night of the murder.

Elm street was almost the only street, and number 14 was easily found. It was a small white house, dilapidated without having gained anything picturesque, with a low window and a porch only a foot or so above the bit of a lawn. There was a baby-carriage in the path, and from a swing at the side came the sound of conflict. Three small children were disputing vociferously, and a faded young woman with a kindly face was trying to hush the clamor. When she saw us she untied her gingham apron and came around to the porch.

"Good afternoon," I said. Jamieson lifted his hat, without speaking. "I came to inquire about a child named Lucien Wallace."

"I am glad you have come," she said. "In spite of the other children, I think the little fellow is lonely. We thought perhaps his mother would be here to-day."

Mr. Jamieson stepped forward.

"You are Mrs. Tate?" I wondered how the detective knew.

"Yes, sir."

"Mrs. Tate, we want to make some inquiries. Perhaps in the house—"

"Come right in," she said hospitably. And soon we were in the little shabby parlor, exactly like a thousand of its prototypes. Mrs. Tate sat uneasily, her hands folded in her lap.

"How long has Lucien been here?" Mr. Jamieson asked.

"Since a week ago last Friday. His mother paid one week's board in advance, the other has not been paid."

"Was he ill when he came?"

"No, sir, not what you'd call sick. He was getting better of typhoid, she said, and he's picking up fine."

"Will you tell me his mother's name and address?"

"That's the trouble," the young woman said, knitting her brows. "She gave her name as Mrs. Wallace, and said she had no address. She was looking for a boarding house in town. She said she worked in a department store, and couldn't take care of the child properly, and he needed fresh air and milk. I had three children of my own, and one more didn't make much difference in the work, but—I wish she would pay this week's board."

"Did she say what store it was?"

"No, sir, but all the boy's clothes came from King's. He has far too fine clothes for the country."

There was a chorus of shouts and shrill yells from the front door, followed by the loud stamping of children's feet and a throaty "whoa, whoa!" Into the room came a tandem team of two chubby youngsters, a boy and a girl, harnessed with a clothes-line, and driven by a laughing boy of about seven, in tan overalls and brass buttons. The small driver caught my attention at once; he was a beautiful child, and, although he showed traces of recent severe illness, his skin had now the clear transparency of health.

"Whoa, Flinders," he shouted. "You're going to smash the trap."

Mr. Jamieson coaxed him over by holding out a lead pencil, striped blue and yellow.

"Now, then," he said, when the boy had taken the lead pencil and was testing its usefulness on the detective's cuff, "now then, I'll bet you don't know what your name is!"

"I do," said the boy. "Lucien Wallace."

"Great! And what's your mother's name?"

"Mother, of course. What's your mother's name?"

And he pointed to me! I am going to stop wearing black; it doubles a woman's age.

"And where did you live before you came here?" The detective was polite enough not to smile.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Shares Boston's Bean Fame

New York and Boston Products Differ Mostly as to Color of Cooked Vegetable.

There are beans and beans. Boston baked beans, of course, have come to be revered as one of the distinctive institutions of our country, their fame being international. It is an old saying that "you have to go away to find out what has happened at home," and it is entirely probable that few New Yorkers are aware of the fact that there are New York beans. A traveler discovered the bean representatives of the two cities on a bill of fare in a Philadelphia restaurant the other day. He was curious enough to ask the waitress what was the difference between the two.

She was plainly surprised at the question. "Why, Boston beans are brown," she explained, "and New York beans are white."

She could not explain, however, why white beans should have the New York label attached. But she volunteered the information that there were almost as many calls for New York beans as Boston, such requests coming mostly from persons who were from out of town and possibly had an idea that New York beans had a little more "class," a little more metropolitan flavor, as it were, than the far-famed Boston product.

French Women as Writers.

Three thousand blue stockings in France, exclaims a statistician, who is alarmed at his discovery. This is only a rude way of saying that that number of French women write. Fifteen hundred of them are novelists. 300 write school books, and 300 are poetesses. The remainder are miscellaneous authors. Among them are 360 journalists, of whom, however, only 20 write on other topics than fashions. Fifteen hundred women belong to the French Society of Authors and 60 to that of Dramatic Authors. The statistician's discovery does not seem a very alarming one. Three hundred poetesses, it is true, is rather a high figure, but only 1,500 lady novelists for a population of over 40 millions seems quite moderate.

PROBLEMS MANY YEARS OLD

Children of Today Puzzle Over Them Just as They Did a Thousand Years Ago.

When King Alfred the Great was reigning over England, a thousand years ago, school children pondered over problems in arithmetic much as our boys and girls do now.

Here are two taken word for word from a lesson book of that day:

"The swallow once invited the snail to dinner. He lived just one league (three English miles) from the spot, and the snail traveled at the rate of only one inch a day. How long would it be before he dined?"

"An old man met a child. 'Good-day, my son,' he said. 'May you live as long as you have lived, and as much more, and thrice as much as all this; and if God gives you one year in addition to the others, you will be a century old!' What was that boy's age?"—The Comrade.

A Liking for "Hamlet."

"Do you like Hamlet?" asked the hostess of her unlettered, if gushing, guest.

"Indeed I do," was the reply. "I am excessively fond of it, but I always prefer a savory to a sweet one."

There was a momentary confusion, and then the hostess realized that the admiration of the guest was of a culinary, not literary, character.

"I gave her ham with an omelette for breakfast next morning," said the hostess, when telling the story.—Scraps.

Even the Children.

Ex-Governor Pennypacker, condemning in his witty way the American divorce evil, told, at a Philadelphia luncheon, an appropriate story.

"Even our children," he said, "are becoming infected. A Kensington school teacher, examining a little girl in grammar, said:

"'What is the future of "I love?"'

"'A divorce,' the child answered promptly."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Last Here.

The Minister—In the next world, Tommy, the last shall be first.

Tommy—Say, won't I shine when the minister comes to supper at our house up there!—Puck.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUS (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Your side of the argument may be convincing as far as you are concerned but what is the use if it doesn't convince the other fellow?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The secrets the average woman can keep are those of her toilet.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Need Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Brookfield, Mo.—"Two years ago I was unable to do any kind of work and only weighed 118 pounds. My trouble dates back to the time that woman may expect nature to bring on them the Change of Life. I got a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it made me feel much better, and I have continued its use. I am very grateful to you for the good health I am now enjoying."—Mrs. Sarah Lousignont, 414 S. Livingston Street, Brookfield, Mo.

The Change of Life is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and neglect of health at this time invites disease and pain.

Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs.

For 30 years it has been curing women from the worst forms of female ills—inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and nervous prostration.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

The Army of Constipation
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

Strong Healthy Women

If a woman is strong and healthy in a womanly way, motherhood means to her but little suffering. The trouble lies in the fact that the many women suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism and are unfitted for motherhood. This can be remedied.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Cures the weaknesses and disorders of women. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in motherhood, making them healthy, strong, vigorous, virile and elastic.

"Favorite Prescription" banishes the indispositions of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It quickens and vitalizes the feminine organs, and insures a healthy and robust baby. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits.

It Makes Weak Women Strong. It Makes Sick Women Well.

Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this *non-secret* remedy. It contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. Is a pure glyceric extract of healing, native American roots.

WESTERN CANADA'S 1910 CROPS

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Wheat Yield in Many Districts Will Be From 25 to 35 Bushels Per Acre

Land sales and homestead entries increasing. No cessation in numbers going from United States. Wonderful opportunities remain for those who intend making Canada their home. New districts being opened up for settlement. Many farmers will net, this year, $10 to $15 per acre from their wheat crop. All the advantages of old settled countries are there. Good schools, churches, splendid markets, excellent railway facilities. See the grain exhibit at the different State and some of the County fairs.

Letters similar to the following are received every day, testifying to satisfactory conditions; other districts are as favorably spoken of:

THEY SENT FOR THEIR SON.
Maidstone, Sask., Canada, Aug. 5th, 1910.
"My parents came here from Cedar Falls, Iowa, four years ago, and were so well pleased with this country they sent to Coeur d'Alene for me. I have taken up a homestead near them, and am perfectly satisfied to stop here." Leonard Douglas.

WANTS SETTLER'S RATE FOR HIS STOCK.
Stettler, Alberta, July 31st, 1910.
"Well I got up here from Forest City, Iowa, last Spring in good shape with the stock and everything. Now, I have got two boys back in Iowa yet, and I am going back there now soon to get them and another car up here this fall. What I would like to know is, if there is any chance to get a cheap rate back again, and when we return to Canada I will call at your office for our certificates."
Yours truly, H. A. Wik.

WILL MAKE HIS HOME IN CANADA.
Brainerd, Minn., Aug. 1st, 1910.
"I am going to Canada a week from today and intend to make my home there. My husband has been there six weeks and is well pleased with the country; so he wants me to come as soon as possible. He filed on a claim near Landis, Sask., and by his description of it it must be a pretty place. My brother-in-law, Mr. Frank J. Zimmer, lives there and it was through him that we decided to locate in Canada."
Yours truly,
Mrs. Richard Henry Ebinger.

TAKES HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW'S WORD FOR IT.
Taylors Falls, Minn., Aug. 7, 1910.
"I shall go to Camrose this Fall with my cattle and household goods. I got a poor crop here this year and my brother-in-law, Axel Nordstrom in Camrose, wants me to come there. He formerly lived in Wilton, North Dakota. I am going to buy or take homestead when I get there, but I do not want to travel two times there, for I take my brother-in-law's word about the country, and want to get your low rate."
Yours truly
Peter A. Nelson.

WANTS TO RETURN TO CANADA.
Vesta, Minn., July 24th, 1910
"I went to Canada nine years ago and took up a quarter section of railroad land and a homestead, but my boys have never taken up any land yet. I still hold the railroad land. I had to come back to the states on account of my health. Please let me know at once if I can get the cheap rates to Ponoka, Alberta."
Yours truly,
Geo. Paskawitz,
Vesta, Minn.

Send for literature and ask the local Canadian Government Agents for Excursion Rates, best districts in which to locate, and when to go.

CHAS. PILLING, Clifford Block, Grand Forks, North Dakota

National Business College

Specializes in Bookkeeping, Banking and High Accounting, Shorthand and Reporting.

Graduates Earn $50 to $80 a Month from the Start

We not only Guarantee Positions, but prove that we constantly have at our command more positions than we can fill. Send for free catalog and particulars about earning tuition and board.

G. M. LANGUM, President
619 First Ave. South, Minneapolis, Minn.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits Candy Nuts Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	School Supplies Pencils Tablets, Etc.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Read Fournet's new ad.

Dan Carroll of Plummer was in town Saturday.

S. M. Sivertson was over from Crookston Tuesday.

[illegible] LaBissoniere will return from the west next week.

[illegible] Lonson of Thief River Falls was in town Tuesday night.

The P. and F. B's were entertained by Mrs. S. L. Lewis last evening.

Lewis Patnode of Thief River Falls visited with relatives here this week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel October 6.

Miss Freda Ittner has gone to Wylie where she is teaching in the public school.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Argue are the proud parents of a baby girl born last evening.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office, was over from Crookston today.

H. H. Zaiser has been attending to business matters in the twin cities this week.

Jos. Belair returned yesterday from the twin cities where he had been for several days.

The members of the club will enjoy a dancing party at M. B. A. hall Friday evening.

Ed. Moran returned Tuesday from St. Paul where he had taken a shipment of stock.

Otto Zaiser left Saturday for Faribault where he will visit a few days with relatives.

C. W. Johnson and family spent Sunday at the home of C. E. Naplin in Polk Centre.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausoleil. tf

Miss Ethel Bourdon left Saturday for Northfield, to resume her work at Carlton College.

Albert Berg, candidate for the Republican nomination for senator, was in town yesterday.

I. D. Wilson of Northfield was here looking after property interests in the vicinity this week.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet in town Friday for the meeting of the county commissioners.

Nels K. Nelson of Thief River Falls, candidate for auditor, was interviewing voters in town today.

J. D. Houston will hold a big auction on his farm near Wylie, Sept 27. Read the ad in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Austin of Crookston were in town today, making the trip in their auto.

Mrs. Alice Lamb, who was the guest of Mrs. E. F. Marshall, returned to her home at Litchfield Tuesday.

James Brady went to Crookston to attend to some business matters last evening, returning today.

W. P. Lee has returned from Page, N. Dak., where he has been engaged in railroad construction work the past season.

Mrs. Fournet and Miss Fournet of Crookston were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fournet this week.

A. L. Hanson of Ada, candidate for the republican nomination for state senator, was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mat Meyer of Grand Forks were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Miller Thursday and Friday.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Mrs. A. G. Grosheng and children have returned from an extended visit with relatives at New Auburn and Arlington.

Your summer suit will soon feel pretty light. See our line of fall suits, we have what you need.—Theo. La Bissoniere.

See our line of "Made Rite" ladies' night gowns, something with fullness and "down to your toes"—75c up.—The Big Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Weiler and son, who were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Harren, returned to their home at St. Cloud Saturday.

The County Commissioners were in session Friday. The official proceedings will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

Mrs. A. P. Toupin of Crookston and Mrs. H. N. Johnson and children of Lankin, N. D., are visiting with friends and relatives in town.

Keep your eyes open for Utz and Dunn's shoes for stylish women and O'Donell shoe for dressy men, "The finest ever."—The Big Store.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter entertained Mrs. Adam Zeh and Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Kaufer and family at a delicious six o'clock dinner Sunday evening.

Herman Leader will sell his live stock, machinery and household goods at public auction on his farm 4 miles northwest of town, Sept. 26. Read the ad.

Have a few spring suits left. The styles are correct for fall and we will give 25 per cent discount. $10.90 up, less the discount. Look at them.—La Bissoniere.

Attorney Henry W. Lee of Spokane, Wash., was in town this week. Mr. Lee is well known here, having been located at Thief River Falls for a number of years.

Orilla Lemieux, daughter of Dennis Lemieux, was taken to hospital at Crookston last Thursday for an operation for appendicitis. The little patient is getting long nicely.

The quarterly statement of the First State bank of Brooks is published in this issue of the Gazette. The report indicates that the bank is doing a prosperous business.

Mrs. Mathews from Calumet, Mich., sister of A. P. Toupin, who has been visiting at the Toupin home at Crookston, is spending a few days here as the guest of Mrs. Nicholas Ponloit.

We are showing a complete line of the famous Simmens line of gloves for women—Kid, Cape, Mocha lined and unlined, Driving, etc.—$1.50 and $1.75 for guaranteed gloves.—The Big Store.

Miss Guyner McConnell of Minneapolis is assistant principal of the Thief River Falls high school this year. Miss McConnell is well known in this city having formerly resided here.

You can buy our dress goods and trimmings with the perfect assurance that you are buying the correct thing. See our 50c dress goods for children, the best we ever showed.—The Big Store.

Supt. H. F. Anderson went to Crookston last evening and later went to Warren to make a study of the industrial contest being conducted at Warren in connection with the Marshall county fair.

Ex-President Roosevelt's advice to all girls and boys is to secure a thorough business training. The Mankato Commercial College prepares you for life's battles. Write today for beautiful year book.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz and Glean Martz were in town the first of the week making a survey of the court house grounds preparatory to the construction of a concrete retaining wall and cement sidewalks.

J. H. Murk of Charles City, Iowa, arrived here yesterday morning and is arranging for the construction of a house and other buildings on his farm three miles south of town. Mr. Mark and family will come later to reside.

One secret of success is to have some money ahead with which to grasp your opportunity when it comes. What a comfortable feeling to know that you have a little money in a savings account at the Merchants State Bank.

Chas. N. Bourdon is the proud owner of a fine new four-passenger Overland car and he is having as much fun with it as a kid with his first coaster wagon. The car was driven up from St. Paul by L. C. Simons and C. L. Hanson of Thief River Falls.

If you wish to save the worry of getting a suit made see our Palmer or Radford books of samples. 500 fabrics to select from 100 styles to pick from. You get the suit in two weeks and we guarantee a fit—and everybody knows what a "Palmer fit" is.—LaBissoniere.

Mrs. A. P. Toupin and son Ernest returned to Crookston last Saturday after a visit of a couple days at the H. N. Johnson home here. Mrs. Mathews, who accompanied them here, has spent the entire week with her niece, Mrs. Johnson.—Lankin (N. D.) Reporter.

Mrs. J. A. Duffy entertained a party of ladies Tuesday evening in honor of Mrs. L. A. Kaufer who is about to leave for her new home at Seattle, Wash. The evening was pleasantly spent at cards and music. An elegant lunch was served at eleven o'clock after which the party dispersed.

Dr. H. S. Argue, assistant surgeon in the Northern Pacific hospital at Tacoma, Wash., spent the first of the week here with his brother, Dr. J. E. Argue. Dr. Argue left Wednesday for Rochester and will spend a few days observing the work of the Drs. Mayo at St. Mary's hospital before returning to Tacoma.

Many hunting parties have been out in the country since game birds have been ripe. They find that the birds are rather wild, indicating that Munch did not get all of the game law violators. Ernest Fletcher has brought in the best bag reported. He in a little party all by himself got 25 ducks in two days—and he let all except the nice, big, fat ones get away.

E. Chetel and crew have been employed for several days grading the court house grounds and their labor has resulted in much improvement in the appearance of the grounds. The contract is to be let soon for putting in the retaining wall and constructing the cement walks. There is no doubt that when the work is completed Red Lake Falls will have the finest court house site in the northwest.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerry Demschen, sister and brother-in-law of E. S. Wheeler, were guests over Sunday at the Wheeler home. Mr. and Mrs. Demschen were married Sept. 7 at the bride's home at Fargo and were on their way to their new home in Cando. Mr. Wheeler's aunt, Mrs. Allen Wheeler of Concord, who had been at Fargo for the wedding, was also a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler.

Carl Kruegor will open a harness shop at St. Hilaire about the first of the month. He was at St. Hilaire this week and purchased the stocks of the Holmes Hardware company and Carl Johnson. With these firms the harness business has been a side line and Carl will put in an exclusive harness line. St. Hilaire ought to be a good location for a shop and Carl's friends hope that he will prosper in the neighboring town.

Noel Delorme.

Mr. Noel Delorme of this city who is a candidatee for the Republican nomination for Representative from the 61st legislative district is pledged to work for the needs of northern Minnesota as indicated by the resolutions adopted at the Bemidji meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association. He believes that the greatest need of northern Minnesota is reapportionment so that this section may have fair representation in the legislature. The good roads movement and other progressive ideas have his enthusiastic support.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., for the repairing of the Clearwater bridge in said city according to the plans on file in the office of the city clerk of said city.

The city council of said city will meet at the city hall on Thursday, the 29th day of September, 1010, at 8 o'clock p. m., to consider such bids as shall be submitted and to award contract for same All bids must be filed with the city clerk at or before the hour of meeting.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite other bids.

A certified check of not less than $25.00 must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, this 6th day of September, 1010.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal, City of Red Lake Falls.)

For Rent.

Large, well improved farm, apply to Mrs. John Sutter. s22

FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS, Minn., at close of business on Sept. 1, 1910.
Date of call by Supt. Sept. 1, 1910.
Date of report by Bank Sept. 5, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$ 53,480.12
Overdrafts			401.26
Other Bonds, Stocks and Securities			1500.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			2,925.24
Other real estate			2,440.37
Due from banks		$32,846.56	
Checks and cash items		1,468.51	
Cash on hand, items below		2,919.55	
Currency	$ 2,468.00		
Gold	325.00		
Silver	114.60		
Other	11.95		
Total cash assets		37,234.62	37,234.62
Total			$ 97,981.61

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund		1,775.00
Undivided Profits, net		28.84
Deposits subject to check	46,378.86	
Cashier's Checks	2,444.00	
Total immediate liabilities	48,822.86	
Time Certificates	37,344.91	
Total deposits	$ 86,177.77	86,177.77
Total		$ 97,981.61

State of Minnesota
County of Red Lake ss

We, L. C. Simons, President, and W. B. Cheshire, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

L. C. SIMONS, Pres.
W. B. CHESHIRE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of Sept., 1910.
A. LANIEL,
Justice of the Peace, Red Lake County, Minn.
Seal

Attest: (Two) Directors
L. C. SIMONS.
CHAS. N. BOURDON.

Subscribe For The Gazette.

$1.50

Up-to-Date Rockers

Every Rocker is strictly first quality, is thoroughly kiln dried and will not vary in any climate.

From $1.50 to $35

Fournet Furniture Store
Red Lake Falls Crookston

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Talk To People When Their Minds Are Receptive----

Talk to them in the evening after they have cast aside the cares of the day.

For this purpose ELECTRIC ADVERTISING is irresistable.

Measured by results Electric Advertising is the cheapest of all forms of advertising, when using an electric sign.

See us about it.

Red River Power Company
Phone 18--2. *Red Lake Fall, Minn.*

A. A. Latendresse

Candidate for Republican Nomination for

County Auditor

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.00
Durum	.81
Rye	.59
Oats	.27
Flax	2.54
Barley	.58
Potatoes, new	.90
Eggs	.18
Butter, dairy	.25

Crookston College is the oldest and largest school in the Northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "A Yard of Success." Address J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1910

VOL. XXVII—NO. 52

ELECTION RESULTS IN RED LAKE COUNTY

Richardson, Fellman, Latendresse, Kindseth, are Republican Nominees.

Kindseth and Ives Made Close Run But Other Majorities Are Larger.

The result of the primary election in Red Lake county is that Ira C. Richardson has secured the Republican nomination for judge of probate, Charles J. Fellman is the nominee for sheriff, A. A. Latendresse for county auditor, G. G. Kindseth for treasurer.

The race between Ives and Kindseth for the nomination for treasurer was close. The returns so far received indicate that Kindseth has the nomination by a majority of about one hundred. The majorities of the other successful candidates are larger.

In the first commissioner district Gust Naplin defeated C. A. Lindquist for the Republican nomination by fourteen votes.

Tabulated returns, so far as they have been received at the hour of going to press, may be found on this page.

Other Returns.

Steenerson is the Republican Congressional nominee; defeated Bjorge about 2 to 1.

O'Neill is nominated for representative by a large majority.

The big election sensation in Minnesota is the defeat of Congressman Tawney by Sidney M. Anderson, a young attorney almost unknown until he got into the race against the big congressman.

Stevens is the Republican senatorial nominee in Polk county by a majority of about 150 votes. County option almost got him.

BISHOP CORBETT HERE

Confirmation of Large Class at St. Joseph's Church This Afternoon.

The Right Rev. Bishop Timothy Corbett came over from Crookston this morning to officiate at the confirmation of a large class at St. Joseph's church today. There were more than three hundred young people in the class.

The ceremonies commenced at 2 o'clock and were concluded in time to allow the bishop to return to Crookston on the 5 o'clock train this afternoon. A large number of people gathered at the church today to greet the new bishop.

Power--Collins.

Miss Sadie M. Power, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Power of Wylie, and Mr. David Collins of Warroad were married Wednesday, Sept. 21. The wedding occurred in this city at St. Mary's church at 10 o'clock, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Fr. Conrad. It was a quiet affair, only a few relatives and friends being present for the happy occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Collins will reside at Warroad where Mr. Collins is engaged in business.

JUST A WORD OR TWO

The Thief River Falls papers have proven so conclusively that small counties can be run cheaper than large ones that it is suggested that as a county division argument they might start an agitation for cutting off a slice of their territory and making St. Hilaire a county seat in the election two years hence and then they might agree to build a Soo railroad across the reservation and set a part of that territory off and have a new county, so that everybody can have small counties and low taxes.

The Gazette is accused of dealing in generalities in its anti-county division arguments. They say that we don't give facts. It might be said by way of retaliation that the Thief River agitators deal in promises.

They promise lower taxes. Do they know that taxes would be lower? Perhaps they don't want to tell what they know.

They promise that the city will give a building for court house purpose. Do they know that the city cannot give its property away and that a single tax payer could stop such proceedings. Who is going to give the county a good deed to the property? Of course that does not matter for it it is only a temporary arrangement and a new court house would be built in the course of a few years.

They say that the Gazette claims that the small counties of the state have heavy taxes. The Gazette has not made that claim. On the contrary it has been said that it is true that under certain circumstances small counties can be run more economically than large ones. The Gazette has said that if all of Red Lake county's people and wealth were crowded into half its territory, that would make a very prosperous county. But we can't agree that to cut the county in two and set up a separate county government means low taxes.

They make comparison with southern Minnesota counties, but the Gazette maintains that there is no fair comparison. It is easy enough to get figures but the figures used are not applicable to the situation. Even if we had the people and the wealth these counties would have the advantage over us.

Those are old counties with fine highways that require little expenditure to keep in repair. They have good public buildings that are paid for. They have little occasion to raise money for other purposes than the expenses of county government.

Red Lake county recently divorced from Polk and the proposed new county would be at the starting of the work that these old counties have completed—building good highways, roads that cost money, graveled, graded and drained as are the highways of southern Minnesota counties and county buildings to be erected and paid for.

Small expense for maintenance of county government; small salaries and no clerk hire; small court expenses because there will be less mileage for jurymen—these are the arguments used to show so conclusively that it isn't going to take much money to run the proposed new county.

Well, is that all?

It is true that salraies won't be quite so high, but those salares will have to be paid by fewer tax payers. There is one item of expense that will alone practically offset this reduction in salaries. The cost of maintaining a county jail at Thief River Falls, not counting the cost of constructing the jail building, will be just about as expensive for the people of the smaller territory as that item of expense now is for the whole territory. It is a fact that cannot be disputed, for there is a reason for the condition, that nearly all of the occupants of the county jail came from Thief River Falls. That's not knocking the town. It's a good, thriving town, a railroad town, a lumber manufacturing town. Such conditions cannot help producing a floating population and in consequence many arrests for petty offenses. It is a condition which indicates that the jail in the new county would do just about as big a business and would be about as expensive a luxury as Red Lake county's present retaining station—and that expense would have to be borne by the limited new county.

Court expenses would be a little lighter. There wouldn't be quite so much mileage to pay, but there would be just as many court officers, just as many jurors and all of that expense would have to be paid by the small county.

Don't you think that the Thief River papers are trying to make that reduction in salaries and mileage expense count for too much?

Isn't it as plain as the nose on your face, Mr. Farmer, that the expenses of county government, not to count the other expenses in the proposed new county, would be almost as much as for the whole of Red Lake county?

But that is not all.

The new county will be a heavy borrower. If the territory is set off the new county will have to pay reduced Red Lake its share of the debts. There is no dispute about that. The Thief River papers don't like to talk about it. But it is a debt that cannot be avoided. It must be assumed at once. Then on top of that the new county will have to purchase books, records and files at an expense of several thousand dollars and transcribe the records to the new county at an enormous expense. This expense ADDED TO the share of debts that must be paid will make the new county's debt, as soon as that county comes into existence, almost as great as Red Lake county's present indebtedness. And you won't have a thing to show for it except a smaller county with less wealth and fewer people to pay the taxes.

The big debt means a big interest fund—thousands of dollars to be paid in interest each year. It takes tax money to pay interest—and there won't be so many to pay it.

The small new county coming into existence with a big debt tacked onto it wont have the best credit in the world. Its bonds won't sell at a premium. No doubt they will bear a stiff rate of interest. That will have its effect on the taxes. Perhaps the county orders won't pass at par. This is quite probable and that would mean a little more interest to be paid.

If you don't raise money by taxation to pay off some of that big debt that must be assumed, there will be more interest after awhile, when in the course of a few years county buildings are erected.

Now this is the situation:—If they do not tax you not only to pay the interest but to slice off a good sized piece of principal each year you will have a debt when the time arrives to build a court house, jail and other buildings that will be at least as large as Red Lake county's present indebtedness. Here are the items:

The new county's share of Red Lake county's present indebtedness. The new county can't be created without assuming this indebtedness.

The cost of transcribing the records. That is a debt that will have to be assumed at once.

The building of county buildings in the course of a few years.

That is expense that you can't get away from, isn't it?

Of course salaries won't be quite so big and there won't be quite so much milage expense and you wont have to pay 10 cents for a draft when you pay your taxes—but don't you think that the Thief River papers are talking about little things and omitting the big things? That is their game, of course.

Are you sure, Mr. Farmer, of "Pennington county," that you want to secede?

Don't you think that the Gazette's suggestion that you "get onto the job and do some long thinking right away quick" is worth considering after all?

Partial Returns Red Lake County Primaries

		Bray	Black River	Clover Leaf	Deer Park	Emardville	Equality	Garnes	Gervais	Goodridge	Highlanding	Hickory	Kratka	Lake Pleasant	Lambert	Louisville	Mayfield	Norden	North	Numedal	Polk Centre	Poplar River	Red Lake Falls Tp	River Falls	Rocksbury	Reiner	Sanders	Silverton	Smiley	Star	Terrebonne	Wyandotte	Plummer	St. Hilaire	Red Lake Falls 1st ward	Red Lake Falls 2nd ward	Red Lake Falls 3rd ward	Thief River Falls 1st ward 1st prct	Thief River Falls 1st ward 2nd prct	Thief River Falls 2nd ward	Thief River Falls 3rd ward	TOTAL
Republican																																										
Walla	Judge Dist Court																	17									22	13														
Grindeland	Judge Dist Court																	24									18	15														
Bjorge	Congressman	0	19						10		17		13	4		5		21	25	8	18	2			25		11	10			8			21	14	12	27	77	102	41	86	
Steenerson	Congressman	24	21						15		37		30	30		30		13	38	18	36	27			35		14	9			34			51	49	41	97	61	83	49	108	
Hanson, A. L.	State Senator	20	[illegible]						10		27		27	5		1		25	42	18	32	21	4		57		23	16			9			56	6	6	19	74	110	45	130	
Berg	State Senator	4	19						23		17		3	27		37		7	14	2	15	12	22		4		2	4			31			15	41	50	105	45	71	44	59	
Hanson, G. L.	State Senator	3	6						1		2		2	0		2		0	2	0	4	0	2		0		1	0			4			3	6	2	[illegible]	14	8	3	10	
Delorme	Representative	0	14						28		0		4	0		31		1	0	4	17	27	21		4		0	4			43			5	35	42	83	[illegible]	6	4	4	
Krohn	Representative	0	13						5		[illegible]		3	36		6		3	9	3	33	2	[illegible]		9		6	6			3			10	19	16	39	17	41	19	28	
O'Neill	Representative	21	5						5		37		42	1		2		25	51	20	23	12	2		45		17	10			1			40	[illegible]	2	12	114	145	77	166	
Latendresse	Auditor	17	36						32		23		15	20		35		4	17	15	22	31	29		20		10	6			41			45	50	56	127	[illegible]	28	33	39	
Nelson	Auditor	6	10						1		17		22	3		2		23	31	6	10	7	4		31		10	10			3			27	1	2	[illegible]	[illegible]	138	40	132	
Hanson	Auditor	0	5						1		8		8	3		1		6	9	3	14	1	3		10		6	3			2			1	[illegible]	2	[illegible]	[illegible]	24	8	19	
Ives	Treasurer	19	20						8		30		27	10		23		8	29	15	23	25	13		31		7	3			20		3	56	12	18	58	[illegible]	86	43	83	
Kindseth	Treasurer	8	[illegible]						24		13		17	22		10		24	26	7	35	11	17		27		19	8			25		25	18	53	53	42	51	99	39	93	
Taade	Register of Deeds																	18	35								16	12														
Nelson	Sheriff	4	16						12		28		29	8		6		20	28	15	17	26	15		15		0	10			30			9	27	2	6	[illegible]	88	18	53	
Fellman	Sheriff	21	34						16		19		19	27		35		11	31	9	40	15	31		45		17	8			5			66	33	23	51	[illegible]	99	79	153	
Richardson	Probate Judge	18	16						1		29		31	12		11		14	37	25	16	19	9		37	11	12	7			25			47	21	2	46	[illegible]	119	62	104	
Christianson	Probate Judge	5	13						1		15		15	1		4		16	19	2	19	15	0		19	13	11	9			16			19	2	1	8	4	66	36	93	
Holberg	Probate Judge	3	20						30		0		2	21		25		1	2	0	20	3	26		3	0	3	2			5			7	42	39	84		8	4	6	
Michels	County Attorney																	25									22	16														
Johnson	Clerk of Court																	25									24	16														
Anderson	Supt of Schools																	28									20	17														
Betels	Coroner																	14									27	16														
Martz	Surveyor																	15									22	11														
Paul	Court Commissioner																	16									20	13														
Lindquist	Com 1st Dist	4	26													36					5	25																				
Naplin	Com 1st Dist	17	26													3					21	31																				
Aubol	Com 3rd Dist																																									
Pigeon	Com 5th Dist																																									
Democratic																																										
Jollette	Register of Deeds																																									
Boughton	County Attorney																																									
Scholtz	Com 1st Dist																																									
Public Ownership																																										
Sanders	Congressman																																									
Gell	State Senator																																									
Grant	Representative																																									
Prohibition																																										
Farrest	Representative																																									

THE GAZETTE'S BIG VOTING CONTEST

Many Valuable Prizes Given to Those Who Will Make a Little Effort.

The Prizes Yours for a Little Work and They are Worth Working For.

As announced elsewhere in this issue, the Gazette is starting a big voting contest, the purpose of which, of course, is to advertise the paper and add names to the subscription list.

The Gazette now has a large and growing list of subscribers and the contest is not put on because it is necessary to pull off a stunt like this to build up the paper's circulation. It is simply a little advertising scheme to liven things up a little during the fall and add some names to the subscription list, and to accomplish that result the Gazette will give prizes worth several hundred dollars. There'll be a fine piano and several other valuable prizes and all that you have to do to get into the race is to clip the coupons from the paper and send or mail them to this office. Votes will be given on subscriptions later, but all you need to do to get a good start now is to clip the coupons that are in the paper and vote them.

MEETINGS HELD HERE

Meeting of Adams Presbytery and Sunday School Institute This Week.

Two important meetings were held at the Presbyterian church this week, on Tuesday the Sunday School Institute and on Wednesday the fall meeting of Adams Presytery.

The institute was opened Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock by the chairman, Rev. T. J. Barackman of Blackduck. After devotional services conducted by Dr. Verkyle of Wisconsin, Rev. L. T. Hughes welcomed the guests and Rev. Barackman responded. During the morning and afternoon sessions there were instructive papers and discussions on the problems of Sunday School work. In the evening Dr. Verkyle delivered a forceful address.

The work of the meeting of Adams Presbytery was completed yesterday, though when the meeting opened it was expected that sessions would be held today. Last evening there was a public meeting at which the retiring moderator of the presbytery, Rev. J. C. Mapson of Tenstrike, gave a sermon and Rev. T. J. Barackman of Blackduck gave an address.

The various churches of the presbytery were represented as follows: Bethel, Mrs. Geddes, Mr. Hanna; Stephen, Rev. Noyes; St. Vincent, Rev. Sweet; Orleans, Rev. Fernies; Crookston, Mrs. M. F. Berdseye, Mrs. C. E. Potts; Blackduck, Rev. T. J. Barackson; Warroad, Rev. Sidebotham, Mr. Dousland; Tenstrike, Rev. J. C. Mapson; Red Lake Falls, Rev. and Mrs. L. T. Hughes, Mrs. Geo. F. Hennings, Miss Zaiser.

Rev. Sidebothem of Warroad is the newly elected moderator.

Orille Lemieux, the young daughter of Dennis Lemieux, who underwent an operation for appendicitis at a Crookston hospital about ten days ago, was able to return to her home here this week. The little patient is getting along very satisfactorily and in the course of a few days will have completely recovered.

JAMES GRAY.

Democratic nominee for governor of Minnesota. Mr. Gray served one term as mayor of Minneapolis.

James Gray is forty-eight years old. He was born in Scotland in 1862 and came to America with his parents when four years old, the Grays settling in Iowa, then in Wisconsin. In 1880 Mr. Gray came to Minnesota. He graduated from the University of Minnesota in 1885 and at once entered newspaper work.

Mr. Gray worked on the Minneapolis Tribune and the old Minneapolis Times and it was while city editor of the latter paper in 1898 that he was nominated for mayor of Minneapolis by the Democrats and elected.

Leaving office Mr. Gray resumed newspaper work, first on the Minneapolis Tribune, then on the Minneapolis Journal. He resigned from the Journal on accepting the Democratic nomination for governor.

A hunting party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Healy, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Buse and Miss Rose Harren went to Thief Lake and spent two or three days in pursuit of game birds. They had a jolly good time and got some birds.

Miss Alice Riechel left left Monday for Maple Plain, Minn., where she is attending school this year.

Grandpa Healy, who has been at Osakis all summer, returned this week and will spend the winter here at the Healy home.

JAMES GRAY FOR GOVERNOR

Popular Minneapolis Newspaper Man is Leader of Democracy in the Campaign.

A Man of Independence and Ability.—Vigorous Campaign Until Election.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

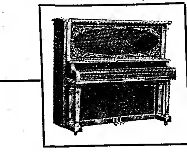
St. Paul, Sept. 20—When the Democrats found they could not get John Lind they did the next best thing and nominated James A. Gray of Minneapolis. Indeed I am not at all sure that they did not do the first best thing. An increasing number of people these times are objecting to the fashion both parties have got into in this state of selecting a man for office whom they think will get votes because of his nationality. While no one questions either John Lind's strength apart from that, or the hold he has on the respects of all classes of people, it would be idle to deny that the one thing more than another which was thought to make him available this time was the fact that he is a Swede and would get votes that otherwise would go to Eberhart because he also is a Swede.

A Campaign Against Corporation Ownership of Politics.

There were people nevertheless who didn't like this. Mr. Lind himself saw the point and emphasized in his speech at the meeting of the Democratic State Central committee. Indeed the party that can not win on its merits without appealing to nationality prejudice does not deserve to win at all. If the Deemocrats win with Mr. Gray—and they ought to both because Mr. Grey is the best man,

Continued On Page 4.

The children of Napoleon Morrissette, who have spent the summer with their grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Peni, started Saturday on the return trip to their home at Seattle, Wash.



FREE! FREE! FREE!

Get Busy and Nominate a Friend in Our Popular Piano Contest. Prizes Valued at Hundreds of Dollars Given to Most Popular and Ambitious Ladies in this Vicinity.

Every Lady in this vicinity can use a piano or some other prize, and now is the time to win one by cutting from this paper the ballots published each week. We are going to give valuable prizes to the ladies having the most votes when the contest closes, therefore get busy and nominate yourself or your friend and have a good start at the beginning. Do not say you cannot win as you have an equal chance with the rest and all that is required is to put forth a little effort in gathering ballots and asking your friends to do the same for you. This contest is open to both old and young. By starting now you will have your name published among the first list of candidates. Try and have your name at the top with the largest number of votes, and the way to get it there is to start out right now and gather ballots.

Nomination Ballot
Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest
Name..................................
Address..................................
Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
Name..................................
Address..................................
If voted before October 18, 1910.

The opportunity is now ripe and you should take advantage of it. To the lady having the largest number of votes when the contest closes we will give the beautiful $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano that will be on exhibition in some prominent place, and when it arrives we will publish a notice inviting you to call and see it. Other prizes will be given, such as $40 New Fireside Sewing Machines, a $150 Organ in a piano case, and Ladies Elegant Gold Watches with Elgin movement. You will find a nomination ballot in this paper good for 50 votes; that will give you a good start. Only one nomination ballot will count for one lady, but you can gather as many contestant's ballots as you like and they will count for 10 votes each. We will publish every week a contestants ballot. Watch for it, cut it from the paper and send it to this office as soon as possible.

SPECIAL: Different stores in town will issue coupons worth 100 votes on every cash purchase. Be sure and ask for coupons with your next purchase and help boost yourself or a friend. Votes will be given on subscription later. Contest closes January 16, 1911.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Frank M. Couden, cashier in the office of the surveyor of customs at Cincinnati, whose name was prominently mentioned in the Warriner embezzlement scandal in the Big Four railroad, was discharged from the government service.

If Governor Hughes is to be made chief justice of the supreme court of the United States he will be promoted from an associate justiceship. Reports that the nomination of the governor as an associate justice would be withdrawn and his name sent to the senate as chief justice have been put to rest by arrangements that the New York executive has been making to take up his duties on the bench the second Monday in October.

Twenty national bank examiners, about one-fifth of the force employed by the government, were transferred to new fields by an order from Lawrence O. Murray, comptroller of the currency. The object of the changes, it was said at the treasury department, is to throw the examiners into fresh fields where personal acquaintance or possibility of influence is lacking.

Prince Tsai Tsu, head of the Chinese naval establishment, will be given a rousing reception at San Francisco upon his arrival there on the steamer Manchuria on September 16. The navy department ordered Rear Admiral T. S. Phelps and Lieutenant Commander I. V. Gilles to meet the Chinese prince and his suite and to extend to them the usual courtesies that are given foreign potentates.

Foreign.

A bull fight under novel conditions took place in Geneva. As the police would not allow the wounding or killing of the animals, the toreadors used glue to stick their darts, and the chief toreador used a wooden dagger.

A Berlin householder brought an action against a tenant for the disturbance caused by the latter permitting his cook to whistle and sing while at work. The magistrate decided that it is legal for servants to whistle in the kitchen.

During the dinner at Berlin Emperor William toasted King George and afterward detained Lord Roberts for several hours in animated conversation.

At Paris, George Chavez, the French aviator, broke the world's record for height, rising in a monoplane 8,792 feet. The best previous record was made by Leon Morane, whose mark was 8,471 feet, made on September 3 at Deauville. Chavez flight was made at Issy and occupied forty-one minutes.

The ponderous and impressive wheels of English justice will begin to grind Monday in the now internationally famous Crippen case, when Dr. Harvey Hawley Crippen and his pretty young stenographer, Ethel Leneve, will be arraigned, to plead to the accusation of direct implication in the murder of Crippen's wife, who was Belle Elmore, an American music hall singer.

Sixty-eight Chinese students arrived at Honolulu on the steamer China on their way to San Francisco to enter various American universities.

General.

New York city has gained over a million in ten years.

The conservation congress adopted a platform favoring national control.

Senator Burrows of Michigan was defeated for renomination to the senate.

The minority members of the Ballinger committee made a report declaiming him unfit for a cabinet office.

Former President Roosevelt will make a political speech at St. Louis October 11.

Three men were killed in an explosion on board the warship North Dakota.

Ample opportunity will be given both railroads and shippers to present personally to the interstate commerce commission all question bearing on rates, it is stated by commission authorities.

Three masked men held up an interurban street car at the San Matos (California) county line, lined up the passengers and crew and robbed them of their money.

Failure to catch a baseball thrown swiftly by his brother in practice resulted in the death of Edward W. Hoge, aged 12 years, in Washington.

Approximately 90,000,000 acres of land withdrawn from entry as being valuable for coal deposits or for classification were thrown open to agricultural survey entry under regulations approved by Acting Secretary of the Interior Pierce.

Leo O'Neil Browne, the alleged briber, was acquitted at Chicago.

O. C.

The volume of business of the country is improving, but the margin of profit is materially lessened.

All records for receipt of cattle at the South Omaha market were broken the other day, when 16,281 head were received, mostly steers from western ranges.

Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, jointly accused with Ethel Clare Leneve of the murder of his wife, has suffered a nervous collapse and was removed to the hospital ward of Brixton jail.

There were 100 Rockefellers in Newburg, N. Y., for a reunion.

Mayor Gaynor of New York was taken from the hospital to his country home.

An unconfirmed report has been received that five negroes were lynched near Carltan, ten miles east of Athens, Ga.

There was an angry exchange between lawyers at the railroad rate hearing at Chicago.

From eight to ten thousand people listened to the speech of Ex-President Roosevelt in Omaha.

A demented man jumped from a train near Missouri Valley, meeting almost instant death.

The financial showing of the government for the second month of the fiscal year is satisfactory.

Some federal heads may be lopped off at New York for too active participation in state politics.

Governor Hay of Washington takes issue with Roosevelt and Pinchot on the question of conservation.

Mayor Seidel of Milwaukee is bitter towards Roosevelt, because of the colonel's views on socialism.

William Barnes, jr., of New York declares himself shocked at utterances of Roosevelt in the west.

The treasury department has a task on its hands in the printing of bonds for postal savings banks.

Colonel Roosevelt was obliged to break his Sunday resolve and address the crowds as he traveled to Fargo.

Governor Shallenberger of Nebraska, denies that there is any truth in the report that he will call extra session of the legislature.

Solicitor General Lloyd W. Bowers died at Boston.

A non-union iron works plant at Peoria was wrecked by dynamite.

At Terre Haute, Ind., John Mitchell, the labor leader in a Labor day address, spoke in favor of better laws for the protection of workingmen.

Thirty lives were lost when Pere Marquette car ferry No. 18, bound from Ludington to Milwaukee, went to the bottom of Lake Michigan half way across the lake.

Capt. T. D. Bloom, head of a codfish company, was found in the park in Tacoma with his throat cut. It is believed a robber attacked him.

The state department officials are not quite sure that they fully comprehend the decision of the Hague tribunal in the fisheries case.

A movement is under way to have Justice Harlan promoted to the chief justiceship of the supreme court, with the understanding that he soon retires.

The streets of Santa Monica, Cal., were sprinkled with cinders carried by the wind from forest fires in the Santa Monica mountains, ten or fifteen miles to the west.

Conard Vandelsca, a centenarian, for many years a vessel owner and captain on the great lakes, died at his home near Joliet, Ill.

Davis Elkins arrived in Paris from Carlsbad en route to Vichy, where he will join his mother and his sister, Miss Katherine Elkins. It is understood that the three will sail for the United States about October 1.

Virtual martial law prevails in Barletta, the center of the Italian cholera zone, as the result of a clash between several thousand starving and unemployed people and the military.

The plant of the Rubber and Celluloid Harness Trimming company at New York, with which is also associated the Rubberset Brush company, was swept by a fire with a loss estimated at $250,000.

Great progress generally is being shown by the American Indian toward gaining a footing with the whites in the matter of civilization, according to Assistant Commissioner Abbott of the bureau of Indian affairs.

Captain T. D. Bloom, prominent in shipping circles and head of a codfish company, was found in a park in Seattle in the heart of the city with his throat cut. It is believed a robber attacked him.

Congressman D. W. Norris of Nebraska, returned from Wisconsin pleased with insurgent victory.

Mrs. R. B. McCoy, wife of Judge R. B. McCoy of Sparta, Wis., was killed and Dr. Carl Beebe, sr., of Sparta, was dangerously injured when the touring automobile in which they were riding plunged into the river.

Paris has just seen its first automobile funeral. Not only the hearse, but all the carriages following it to the cemetery were gasoline-driven, and many have been the comments, some half-mournful, many wholly cynical, at the innovation.

Franklin B. Coleman, who described himself when arrested as a mining promoter of Kansas City, now living at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, was held for trial in $1,000 bond charged with passing a worthless check.

In order to increase interest in the breeding of thoroughbreds in Germany and thus better provide the best possible mounts for his cavalry the kaiser has overcome his opposition to horse racing, and is considering the question of owning a few race horses himself.

Personal.

William Boldenweik, assistant United States treasurer at Chicago, has resigned and will leave his office on September 17.

Democrats of Connecticut have nominated Simon E. Baldwin for governor.

The progressives dominated the republican state convention in California.

Republicans carried Vermont by a reduced plurality.

James J. Hill sounded a warning on the food supply shortage.

La Follette was renominated in Wisconsin by an overwhelming majority.

The Hamilton club, Chicago, was much wrought up over the Roosevelt-Lorimer incident.

An unknown man caused a commotion at Fargo, N. D., by denouncing Roosevelt as a liar.

President Taft delivered a long and carefully prepared address at the conservation congress.

Mayor Gaynor was indorsed for governor by the democrats of Saratoga county in convention.

State's rights governors at the conservation congress left for home, admitting themselves defeated.

WILKIN'S STATUE

HEROIC FIGURE IN BRONZE UNVEILED AT STATE HOUSE TO HONOR OF MINN. SOLDIER.

COLONEL OF 9TH MINN.

Presentation to State by Judge Lorin Cray and Acceptance Speech by Governor Eberhart.

St. Paul.—The heroic bronze statue of Colonel Alexander Wilkin, the ranking officer of Minnesotans killed during the Civil war, stands in its niche in the state hall of fame at the capitol. The formal ceremonies of dedication, and the impressive raising of the draped flags that bared the likeness to the throng paying homage to the hero, were held in the representative chamber and in the hall near the chamber door, where the statue has been placed.

The impressive unveiling of the statue revealed the image of heroic size of a volunteer who began service in the South as captain of Company A, First Minnesota regiment, and answered to the final roll call as colonel of the Ninth. The tablet at the base briefly states: "Alexander Wilkin, Colonel of Ninth Minn. Vol. Inft., Killed in Battle at Tupelo, Miss., July 14, 1864."

The appropriation for the image was made at the last session of the legislature at the request of the veterans of the Ninth, who conducted the ceremonies dedicating it to the state.

The niche selected for the placing of the monument of remembrance is at the left of the entrance to the house chamber on the side opposite to that selected for the statue of Colonel William Colvill.

Colonel Wilkin was born in New York, coming to this state, where he joined the Union forces as captain of the First, serving as captain, major and lieutenant colonel of the Second, after service in the Mexican war as captain.

The drawing of the cord that exposed the statue to view was performed by Mrs. George E. Lennon, daughter of J. H. Abbett of the Ninth, and was followed by the sound of "taps" by C. E. Casler of the Sons of Veterans, Camp No. 1. Previous to the formal presentation of the statue an appropriate program was held in the house chamber before an audience of old soldiers of the Ninth and their friends that packed the lower floor and front sides of the gallery to the last seat. The invocation was given by the Rev. Leland P. Smith, following which a vocal selection was given by the Harry E. George quartet; a biographical sketch was read by C. F. McDonald, while a poem, "The Gallant Wilkin," by H. L. Gordon, was read by Miss Zadia McDonald. L. F. Hubbard followed with an address, when the presentation of the statue to the state by Judge Lorin followed with a speech of acceptance.

The commission which has had charge of the arrangement is as follows: C. F. McDonald, Lorin Cray, William B. Dean, K. Wakefield and J. H. Abbett.

SPITE HALTS WORK.

Angry Workman Disables Engine, Stopping Track Laying.

Bemidji.—The work of laying rails on the Soo grade into Bemidji from the east was temporarily stopped, because of the spite work of one man, who so disabled the track-laying engine that the machine could not again be operated until repairs were made. The rails are less than a mile from the Mississippi river bridge in the center of the city.

The work of laying the steel has progressed rapidly. When the rails had been laid to a short distance from the M. & I. crossing in East Bemidji the crew was sent back a short distance to lay sidetrack rails. This action is supposed to have caused ire on the part of a workman, who disabled the engine.

The placing of the span over the Mississippi river at this place will be rushed, and the laying of the steel will proceed towards Plummer.

A crew stringing telegraph wires has reached the camp of the tracklayers.

Shriners to Build at Duluth.

Duluth.—Aad Temple, Mystic Shriners, will build a home costing approximately $100,000 and a committee from the temple is now considering the purchase of a site, three or four locations being under consideration. There are almost 1,000 Shriners in Duluth and they feel that they should branch out and establish their own temple, relieving the crowded condition of the Masonic Temple, which now houses all of the Masonic orders in the city.

Finds Skeletons in Cave.

Duluth. — Charles W. Turner, of St. Paul, of the Booth Fisheries Co., arrived from Isle Royal and reports the discovery of the bones of two men in a cave on Siskiwit bay. The skull of one man was fractured. The discovery was made by two Duluth girls, one of whom is a trained nurse, says the fractured skull evidently points to murder. Two fishermen mysteriously disappeared between Washington and Siskiwit Harbor nine years ago. The local officials have begun an investigation.

Confesses to Murder.

Cloquet.—The body of Joseph Koski was found in the St. Louis river, and it was supposed he was accidentally drowned while fishing. A bruise on the head of Koski aroused suspicion, and Napoleon Caza, his companion, was arrested. Caza made a written confession that he struck Koski with an oar end then threw him into the river. Caza claims Koski drew a knife on him during a quarrel. The case will come before the grand jury next month.

FIND MORE RICH ORE.

International Harvester Company Said to Be Latest Lucky One.

Brainerd.—There has been filed the plat of the new town of Ironton, covering the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 11-46-29, lying adjacent to the Mattson forty in section 10, which has been taken over by the Rogers, Brown Ore company end on which a concrete shaft is to be sunk by the New York Foundation company.

It is reported that the International Harvester company, holding an option for a lease on the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 11-46-29, having three drills at work locating the extent of the ore body, has encountered within the last few days a body of rich Bessemer ore, exceeding in quality anything yet found on the Cuyuna, while on the Thomas Feigh land in section 10-46-29, held under lease by the C. M. Hill Lumber company, drilling exploration for more than a year have failed to disclose the limits of the ore. It is claimed by parties from Duluth that this property is soon to pass to one of the large iron and steel interests.

The Soo railway is extending its lines toward these ore deposits, and soon will have passenger and freight depots at Ironton and Crosby, while the surveys will be extended southwesterly toward the Mississippi to reach the important developments in that direction. The Soo line has reach Deerwood where a passenger depot is about to be built, and it is reported the road will be extended from there along the south range to Brainerd to obtain its share of ore transportation in competition with the Northern Pacific railway.

HUNTERS TAKE FIELD.

Many Twin City and Duluth Nimrods Expected in Crookston.

Crookston.—Regardless of every other crop the crop of prairie chickens in this section this year is without doubt the largest in many years. The spring was early, and the birds are all extraordinarily large, with the exception of second hatches, of which there are many. The grain was so short this year that the cover in the stubble fields will be poor, and the hunting will be in the grass and wherever cover is afforded.

Many of the hunters have left the city for their favorite preserves and every available livery rig in the city has been hired for the opening days. Within a couple of miles of the city there are scores of coveys.

Many hunters have arrived from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, taking the branch line trains out to Stephen, Warren, Middle River, Fosston and other points which they particularly favor, and they probably will have the finest sport in years. Bird dogs are at a premium because of the good hunting prospects, and are bringing big prices where they can be secured at all.

Game Warden Munch and other wardens of this section now have their scouts so well organized that law violators are rare, as, in addition to being costly, it is fast coming to be looked upon as disgraceful to join the sooners and take advantage of fair sportsmen.

ANNAPOLIS SEEKS RECRUITS.

Eleven Candidates to the Naval Academy in Minnesota:

Washington, D. C. — Senators and representatives will be called upon by the navy department to nominate about 500 candidates for the naval academy before next spring. There are about 450 vacancies existing or in prospect at the academy. According to reports which have reached the navy department, out of the total of 583 candidates who have taken the examination for next year's class, only 199 have passed. This percentage of those who qualified is unusually small and a frantic appeal was sent out by Rear Admiral R. F. Nicholson, chief of the bureau of navigation, to the senators and members of the house, asking them to name competent young men who are ambitious to shine in history as naval heroes.

By his circular letter Admiral Nicholson informed the Minnesota senators that they will have two vacancies to fill by graduation and the Minnesota members of the house that six vacancies already exist and three more will be created by graduation.

FIVE SAWMILLS SHUT DOWN.

Low Water at Cloquet Makes 1,000 Men Temporarily Idle.

Duluth.—The five sawmills at Cloquet are shut down for the second time this season, on account of the low stage of water in the St. Louis river, and 1,000 men are temporarily idle.

The mills will resume operation again as soon as rains improve the conditions for driving logs. Millions of feet of logs are high and dry on the banks of the river.

SENT BULLET INTO HEART.

Floodwood, Minn., Resident Found Dead in His Bed.

Duluth.—Frank S. Terrill of Floodwood was found dead in his bed. He drilled his heart with a 44 Colt revolver. Mr. Terrill was 43 years old, and the only reason that can be assumed for his action is that he has suffered much from dyspepsia. He was unmarried and his mother and two sisters reside in Minneapolis.

CLOQUET ANGLER DROWNED.

Companion Says Man Stayed to Fish a While Longer.

Duluth.—The body of Joseph Koops of Cloquet was found in the St. Louis river near the Northern Lumber company's mills. He went fishing on Saturday with another man. The latter returned and explained the absence of Koops by saying that he had remained to fish a while longer. Koops is survived by a family.

WORK OF EXPERT

PATHOLOGIST OF LONDON UNIVERSITY TESTIFIED IN CRIPPEN CASE.

CRIPPEN KEEPING COOL

States That Body Was Severed by Party Having Skill in Work—Could Not Determine Sex of Victim from Remains.

London, Sept. 14.—Testifying, at the resumption today of the Crippen murder trial, Prof. Augustus J. Pepper, pathologist of the university of London, said his examination had convinced him that the human parts found in the cellar of the Hilldrop Crescent home were severed by a hand skilled in surgery and directed by a mind that possessed real knowledge of anatomy.

The evidence of the medical experts has been awaited with eagerness and the famous little courtroom in Bow street was crowded. The prisoners in the dock presented contrasting appearances.

Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, who is charged as the principal in the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, a American actress, was seemingly as cool and collected as ever. He did not miss a word of the testimony and eagerly whispered to his solicitor, Arthur Newton, whenever he thought he had detected a point in his favor. On the other hand, Ethel Clara Leneve, accused as an accessory after fact, was wan and pale and was plainly in mental and physical distress. She was attended in the court room by a wardress.

Professor Pepper was the first witness called by the prosecution. At considerable length he described an examination which he made of the parts and set forth his conclusions. The witness said that he had identified pieces of flesh as belonging to various parts of the body except the head, hands, forearms, feet and legs below the knees. He could only say that the members found were undoubtedly from a human body. No bones were discovered, nor was there any trace of the genital organs.

Under cross-examination Professor Pepper admitted that he had been unable to establish the sex to the victim.

Counting Returns Slowly.

New York, Sept. 14.—The leaders in the republican party in scanning the returns of the New York primaries held yesterday, found the situation between the "old guard" and the Roosevelt adherents was unchanged today.

Neither side appeared to have gained any advantage in the primaries, the Roosevelt forces carrying every district in New York county where there was practically no opposition. In Kings county State Chairman Woodruff won nineteen out of twenty-three districts. The "old guard" now asserts it will go to Saratoga with 109 out of 142 delegates from Kings county while Llyod C. Griscom, chief lieutenant of Roosevelt, figures they have 233 out of 264 delegates from the greater city of the state convention. There were no changes brought about by the democratic primaries.

Indian Agent Under Bonds.

Cass Lake, Minn., Sept. 14.—James Davis of Duluth, government agent in the Indian country, became intoxicated Saturday afternoon after the continuance of his other case for assault and battery, and threatened Attorney Argall, for the state. He was arrested at Bemidji last night and brought here by a deputy sheriff. Today he pleaded guilty in Justice Ives' court and was ordered to furnish a $300 peace bond, which he has not been able to furnish yet and is still in charge of a deputy sheriff.

The people are glad that after months of suspense the status of Indian agents is being established in the state courts.

Too Many Luxuries.

Washington, Sept. 14.— Statements that western bankers were loaning money too freely for luxuries, particularly automobiles, has led to the gathering of some statistics in Texas. The bankers there estimate the value of all automobiles in the state at $45,000,000, which is more than half the combined capital of all the state banks.

They also estimate the annual depreciation for which there is no remedy, at $15,000,000, or four times the annual fire losses of the state.

One Dead in Mine Explosion.

Linton, Ind., Sept. 14.—One dead, one fatally injured and five are seriously hurt as the result of a gas explosion caused by a miner's defective lamp in the Vandalia mine No. 10, nine miles from here, today.

There were 300 men at work but they had been changed to another part of the mine this morning and this fact alone probably prevented a fearful disaster.

Makes No Comment.

New York, Sept. 13.—Theodore Roosevelt was up bright and early today from Oyster Bay to pay his first visit to his editorial offices since his return from his western trip, was no more inclined than last night to comment for publication on the result of the Maine election. When asked to express himself on the subject the colonel said: "Nothing to say."

Superintendent Is Sentenced.

New York, Sept. 14.—Ernest W. Gerhracht, former superintendent of the Williamsburg refinery of the American Sugar Refining Co., who, with Charles R. Heike, former secretary and treasurer of the company was convicted last spring of conspiracy to defraud the government by underweighing sugar, was today sentenced to two years in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta and fined $5,000 by Judge Martin in the United States court.

After imposing sentence, Judge Martin granted a stay on appeal and fixed the bail at $25,000.

Stokes Wins in New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 14.—The returns of yesterday's primaries in New Jersey indicate that former Gov. Edward C. Stokes won over former Gov. Franklyn Murphy in the contest for the republican endorsement for United States senator. Friends of Woodrow, president of Princeton university, claim that he will have 1,000 to 1,400 delegates in tomorrow's democratic state convention, and that he will be the party's choice for governor. Vivian M. Lewis ran ahead in nearly every district and undoubtedly will be the republican candidate for governor.

SENATOR FLINT IS ABROAD

BALLINGER COMMITTEE UNABLE TO MAKE A REPORT.

Republicans Fail to Attend and There Is No Quorum—Not Known When Report Will Be Made.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—A meeting of republican members of the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee, which was set for today by Chairman Knute Nelson, was delayed by the failure of Nelson to arrive at the appointed hour, 10 o'clock. It was said that the train on which he was expected to arrive, was late, but that he would be here today and call the meeting to order.

As was expected, the democratic members and Madison of Kansas, insurgent republican, who on Friday made public their findings which condemned the official acts of Secretary Ballinger, failed to attend. All the republican members with the exception of Senators Nelson and Flint were here. Senator Flint is not expected to return from a trip abroad for some time. His absence will result in no quorum being maintained.

However, it was reported that Senator Nelson has a letter from Senator Flint, authorizing Senator Nelson to cast Flint's vote with the majority of the republicans. If this is done the action on the question as to whether the republican findings in the controversy shall be made public now, may be expected. The republican members were non-committal regarding this phase of the dispute.

After keeping his colleagues waiting several hours, Senator Nelson arrived and called the republicans to order.

OPEN MORE LAND.

Commissioner Is Visiting South Dakota Reservations.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Robt. G. Valentine, commissioner of Indian affairs, left last night for Chicago and thence will proceed to Yankton to visit the various Indian reservations in South Dakota. This visit of Commissioner Valentine to the South Dakota Indian reservation this year has a deeper significance than usually attaches to the annual tour of the commissioner of Indian affairs to the habitat of the Indian.

Just at present a commission is engaged in appraising Indian lands upon the Rosebud and Pine-Ridge reservations, looking to the opening of the remaining unallotted lands in these reservations to white settlement. There are several hundreds of thousands of such broad acres in each of these reservations, which will soon pass into the possession of white settlers. To ascertain how this work is progressing is the chief object of Commissioner Valentine's visit.

He will also look into various other matters of interest to the Indians upon the Crow Creek, Cheyenne, Yankton, Standing Rock and Lower Brule reservations before returning to Washington.

Elects Democratic Governor.

Portland, Me., Sept. 13.—The democrats of Maine had difficulty today in contemplating the magnitude of their victory yesterday in the struggle with the republicans.

With two score of little obscure forest towns and island plantations to hear from, additional revised returns made early give Col. Fred W. Plaisted, democrat, 72,711 votes for governor and Bert M. Fernald of Portland, republican, 64,090. Plaisted's total plurality is estimated to be 8,500.

Revised returns show the election of Asher C. Hinds, republican, in the first district by 200; of Daniel J. McGillicudy, democrat, in the second by 3,000; of Samuel W. Gould, democrat, in the third, by 2,200; and of Frank S. Guernsey, republican, in the fourth by 300.

While the election of Colonel Plaisted and two democratic congressmen seemed a great feat, interest today is centered in the make-up of the legislature, which has decidedly changed complexion. With 139 senatorial and representative districts heard from out of a total of 182, the democrats already have 88 in the joint convention with 92 to control.

Aged Couple Drink Laudnum.

Munice, Ind., Sept. 13.—Jesse Carpenter, a violin maker, and his wife committed suicide by drinking laudnum last night, because, according to a note they left, their poverty was too painful to bear. Their young son found them in bed, just before they died.

Carpenter was 65 years old and his wife 51. In their bedroom was found a note which read: "Ma and I are both tired of this mortal life. No one will give us a helping hand and if I must die of starvation let it come. Farewell, friend and foe."

Shot in Target Practice.

Wishek, N. D., Sept. 13.—During a target practice, last Saturday evening, Wishek Pratt, 11-year-old son of Postmaster Pratt, was accidentally shot in the stomach and while the injury was not thought to be serious at the time the victim died from the effects on Sunday morning.

Countess Robbed of Jewels.

Winnipeg, Sept. 14.—The Countess of Antrim was robbed of her jewels, valued at several thousand dollars, here last night. This is one of many sneak robberies which have occurred on trains and in the railway hotels of western Canada lately.

Killed by Quart of Whisky.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 13.—To win a bet with a fellow-boarder, John Lutzesch drank a quart of whisky on Wednesday night. He died almost immediately thereafter.

Lutzesch dropped dead in the rear yard of his boarding house, 351 Seventh street. The body was not found until Thursday morning.

After having gulped down the liquor, Lutzesch arose and stumbled out into the backyard. His friends did not notice his long absence and broke up the party at night without being aware that anything had happened to their companion.

May Not Build Big Ditch.

Grafton, N. D., Sept. 13.—Another big drainage project in the Red River valley is threatened with legal obstructions, action having been commenced to stop the construction of the so-called by-county drain in Walsh and Pembina counties. This drain will cost approximately $40,000. The action was started by citizens of Pembina county who contend that there were certain irregularities in connection with the proceedings of the board that nullified their action in leting the contract. The matter comes before Judge Kneeshaw for a hearing.

J. J. HILL IS IRATE

EMPIRE BUILDER GIVES OUT SCATHING INTERVIEW ON BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

CONSERVE COMMONSENSE

Ridicules Fear of a Business Panic and Likens Certain Element of Business Men to a Flock of Sheep.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 12.—James J. Hill, the "empire builder," has come out strongly for confidence, and as strongly in condemnation of those who are afraid to invest capital in business enterprises in the country at the present time, saying there are no real reasons for such fear.

In an interview given out today he speaks with characteristic phrase and vigor on business conditions, the "business paralysis" as he calls it, and, in high dudgeon at them, describes the behavior of men who have turned pessimists without justification, likening it to the foolish behavior of a flock of sheep.

"The big National Conservation congress which has just closed its very interesting sessions here," said Mr. Hill, talked about conserving water and conserving land, about conserving coal and conserving iron; but nobody said a word about conserving common sense. A senseless lack of confidence makes men afraid to engage in new enterprises. And why a lack of confidence? I'll tell you. Some man, somewhere, has grown timid over something or other and has cried 'boo' to his neighbor. His neighbor probably jumped, and the next fellow took fright without knowing why he was frightened. And so on.

"It's just like a flock of sheep. It one starts to run, every sheep in that flock will follow, even if they die for it.

"A word or two to these people would have been good and proper. There's an article in the September North American Review dealing with conservation of common sense that well illustrates the business conditions of this country right now and gives as a panacea for the business paralysis the suggestion that our business men use a little common sense—just plain ordinary sound common sense. Good advice: I wish business men everywhere would take it.

EXAMINERS MEET.

National Convention Is Opened at Washington.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The National Association of Supervisors of State banks began a three days' convention in Washington today. The examiners gathered at the treasury building and were addressed by Lawrence O. Murray, comptroller of the currency. Murray proposed that state supervisors work in co-operation with national examiners. He declared he had in his office a list of men, who, as officers of national banks, had proved incompetent and had been removed from office, and said that if any of them should make application to organize state banks their names would be furnished to the state banking authorities. In turn he proposed that the state supervisors furnish to the national system the names of men who had been driven out of state banks.

During the last eighteen months the comptroller said he had refused 108 applications to form national banks because the men behind them had been found incompetent or dishonest; that there was not enough business to make the proposed institutions profitable or that the applicants were speculators or men without standing in their communities.

To Discourage Ocean Burial.

Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—A movement has been started here to have steamship companies discontinue the practice of burying at sea bodies of persons who die on shipboard.

Last week Rev. Wm. McLoughlin of this city died at sea and notwithstanding that a wireless message had been sent to the captain of the liner requesting that the body be landed the clergyman's body was consigned to the waves.

Yesterday, the Holy Name society of the Roman Catholic church of Our Lady of Mercy adopted resolutions protesting against the custom. The society authorized several clergymen to correspond with the steamship companies with view to ascertaining the opinions of their officers on the subject.

It is understood that the leading steamship companies have already taken this subject under consideration.

Steamer on Fire Twelve Days.

Havre, Sept. 12.—The French freight and passenger California arrived from New York with fire, which had been fought for twelve days, still burning in her hold.

The crew were nearly exhausted and called on the city fire department to finish the job. The latter proceeded to flood the craft and hope to save part of the cargo.

Three Die in Ohio.

Toledo, O., Sept. 12.—Three persons were killed and as many hurt in a Hocking Valley passenger train wreck near LaMoyne, O., today. A broken rail caused the wreck.

Expect Indictment of Packers.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The indictment of individual packers is expected late this afternoon when the federal grand jury, it is believed, will report to Judge Landis in the United States district court.

The indictments are said to have been drawn with elaborate care charging violation of the Sherman antitrust law.

District Attorney Sims, Special Assistant District Attorney Wilkerson and Assistant United States Attorney Pagin and Kenyon, held a conference with reference to the impeading indictments.

Pirates Rob Passengers.

Harbin, Manchuria, Sept. 12—A band of brigands disguised as passengers held up a Russian steamer south of this point today and after a fight overcame the crew and robbed the passengers.

In attempting to defend their vessel the owners, two Russians, were killed and many of the Chinese crew and Chinese passengers were wounded.

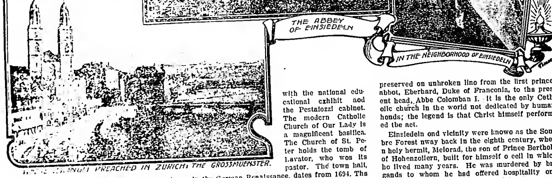
When the pirates were in control of the situation they bound the passengers, the crew, a Russian sailor and two Russian women and took the valuables of the captives at their leisure.

Storm-Center of Swiss Reformation

By ELIZABETH ANGELA HENRY

EINSIEDELN AND THE ALPS

THE ABBEY OF EINSIEDELN



IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF EINSIEDELN

[illegible] ZWINGLI PREACHED IN ZURICH: THE GROSSMUENSTER.

ONE thousand Zurich women have declared for universal suffrage. It is a recent movement there, though other Swiss cities have been interested for some time in the much mooted question. Altogether the little country has 17,000 advocates for giving women the ballot. Recently the women of Zurich canton petitioned the state for the right to act as jurors on a case in which a woman was the defendant. Their request was refused. Later, with characteristic Swiss bravery, they sent in another petition to the legislature asking the right to sit in judgment on special courts, such as are held in France for adjusting differences between master and maid, and other [illegible] where differences arise between a woman employer and a woman employee. While this, too, was denied, Parliament admitted the sex's eligibility to [illegible] office.

"We are not talking much about it," said the vice president of the Zurich Woman's Suffrage society, Fraulein Honegger, "lest publicity frighten the state into retarding the concession. It is not much of a gain, but," she added with true [illegible] optimism, "it is a step forward. It was hard made that de[illegible] to think of [illegible] was to be laugh[illegible] our petition would [illegible] past the porter's desk. But a city that was the first in Europe to open its university to women will not finally deny us our citizens' rights."

Switzerland has no women's clubs. But while the suffragists are engaged along one line, another body of women is working for philanthropy. A group of young women representing the foremost Zurich families has organized this year a practical training school where members study the needs of poor children and thereby help to better their unfortunate lot.

"We are endeavoring to interest our young girls of leisure and education in this work," said one of the promoters, Fraulein Fertz, herself a beautiful, earnest, and cultured young woman. The medical inspector of schools is assisted by this guild. Children of the poor receive two full meals gratis in Swiss schools, and if the mothers of these children be employed at outside work until a late hour the guild takes charge of the little ones.

Through the influence of this guild a law was passed last year by which a guardian is appointed for illegitimate children and this guardian can compel the father of a deserted child to contribute to its support. If the mother be under age also she, too, becomes a ward of this guardian. A similar organization to the Zurich guild exists in German cities, and, by a similar state law, the absconder of moral obligations is traced easily and extradited. To women is due the large number of temperance restaurants existing in Switzerland. Frau Professor Orellie of Zurich is the originator of this movement.

Socialism is spreading in Switzerland; though how a country governed by the referendum system can be possibly more democratic passeth understanding. Made up of three races, German, French and Italian, socialists of these kindred nations have entered Switzerland and scattered broadcast seeds of discontent in the brave, beautiful little republic.

Zurich has led in every movement of its history. It was the storm center of the Protestant Reformation period in Switzerland. Zwingli's home is here. In the Grossmuenster, whose tall towers have dominated the town for eight centuries, he preached the Protestant crusade and was the church's last Catholic pastor and its first Protestant one. High up in one of the towers is a quaint, seated figure of Charlemagne, the legendary founder of Grossmuenster chapter. Back of the cathedral are the cloisters which now form part of a girls' seminary.

In an old chapel across the road is an interesting collection of articles relating to the Reformation, including letters written by Calvin, Luther and Zwingli, each remarkably distinct. There is also one by Lady Jane Grey; her penmanship is legible as print and she wrote the letter in Latin. Back of this little chapel, called the Water church, is a splendid bronze statue of Zwingli.

Zurich is the capital of the canton of Zurich and is situated at the north end of Lake Zurich. It is the largest city in Switzerland. The old, traditional town, with its narrow, steep streets and its high, dark houses, lies on both banks of the Limmat. The rest of the city has spacious thoroughfares and splendid buildings. The lake quays in the Kleine Stadt are very attractive. Near their northern end is the fine Tonhalle, a popular modern concert building and pleasure palace. In the vicinity of their southern end is the beautiful Belvoir park. Near the Tonhalle, the stately Bahnhofstrasse—main street of the city—leads from the lake north to the railway station. The bridges are striking. Adjacent to the fine Munster bridge is the Wasserkirche, on the right bank, containing the city library with 130,000 volumes and over 5,000 manuscripts. It preserves more valuable objects, including the Codex Vaticanus. The Grossmuenster is Romanesque with Grecian features. Further north is the Ruden, with the national educational exhibit and the Pestalozzi cabinet. The modern Catholic Church of Our Lady is a magnificent basilica. The Church of St. Peter holds the tomb of Lavator, who was its pastor. The town hall, in the German Renaissance, dates from 1694. The university and the famous federal polytechnic with their numerous institutions, laboratories and clinics are in the northern part of Grosse Stadt.

Switzerland is the most mountainous country of Europe, three-fourths of its area being covered with mountains. The grandeur of the scenery has been pictured and described innumerable times. With the exception of certain portions of America, there is nothing in the world to equal it in beauty. The central and southern parts are occupied by the Swiss Alps, which spread over nearly three-fifths of the entire area. The Jura Mountains cover the northwestern portions of the country.

Far up in the mountains is the beautiful little town of Einsiedeln. I was fortunate enough to be present during a week-end musical fete, in which singing societies from the country and from neighboring Bavarian towns were present in numbers exceeding 2,000. Switzerland, having only the summer time for holidaying, has organized a movable saengerfest by which each town and city gets its share of gay song and jolly visitors. All the cantons were represented at Einsiedeln and every house was decorated with Swiss colors, scarlet and white.

Early in the afternoon the open air concert began. It was held in the vast, sloping square in front of the Benedictine abbey. The assembling of the singers was picturesque. Each canton carried a banner, individual societies carried great horns filled with flowers and the women singers wore white gowns and crimson sashes. As the quiet, well-behaved little place has but one policeman, the fire brigade turned out to give a semblance of civic authority, also to serve as a guard of honor. And while the marchers were massing around the conductor's box a cannon was kept firing a vigorous welcome. The bright Swiss decorations on the quaint, gabled houses, the gay Sunday dress of the women, the encircling mountains—the nearby ones dark green, the distant peaks snow-tipped, edelweiss-decked—made a splendid, old world picture.

And the definite note was the ancient abbey of Einsiedeln, which called the town into being, and which is one of the celebrated shrines of Europe. The abbey church, known as Notre Dame des Ermites, is a grand basilica, the edifice flanked on either side with monastery buildings. Since the year 934 the abbey of Einsiedeln has preserved an unbroken line from the first prince-abbot, Eberhard, Duke of Franconia, to the present head, Abbe Colomban I. It is the only Catholic church in the world not dedicated by human hands; the legend is that Christ himself performed the act.

Einsiedeln and vicinity were known as the Sombre Forest away back in the eighth century, when a holy hermit, Meinrad, the son of Prince Berthold of Hohenzollern, built for himself a cell in which he lived many years. He was murdered by brigands to whom he had offered hospitality and who had hoped to find concealed treasures; all they got was a chalice and some books. Ravens, whose evil characteristics had been disarmed by the gentle hermit and had become his companions, pursued the assassins to Zurich, screaming and picking at the villains' heads. The strange actions of the irate birds attracted the townspeople's attention and they questioned the murderers, who, terrified, acknowledged their crime. In the Einsiedeln Abbey coat-of-arms are two ravens.

When the noble edifice was erected over the hermit's cell the walls of the cell were enclosed in black marble and made into a chapel. It stands in the nave of the church and, while plain in style, the richness of the material and the simplicity of design make it impressive. On the altar stands the renowned statue of the Black Madonna, bronze and many hundreds of years old. The chapel is known as the Holy Chapel, because of the remarkable legend regarding its dedication.

This is the story. On September 14, 948, Saint Conrad, bishop of Constance, came at the invitation of Abbot Eberhard to consecrate the new church. He was attended by the Emperor Othon, the Empress Adelaide and a large retinue of clergy and courtiers. As they knelt preparatory to beginning the ceremony suddenly the chapel became illuminated with a celestial brilliancy and before the altar stood the Savior performing the office of dedication, assisted by the four evangelists.

At the right and left of the divine celebrant angels swung censers which emitted a thousand sweet perfumes, the apostle, Saint Peter, and the Pope, Saint Gregory the Great, held the vestments of the heavenly pontiff, and Saint Stephen and Saint Lawrence, who were the first deacons of the church to be martyred, acted as deacon and sub-deacon. An angelic choir, conducted by the archangel Saint Michael, sang glorious music and before the altar knelt the beautiful virgin mother of the Son of God. A still earlier legend has it that when Conrad began the office of dedication he was stopped by a voice that cried out three times distinctly: "Cease! brother, this chapel has been consecrated by God himself."

The journey from Zurich to Einsiedeln is charming. First comes a sail on a lake which is the loveliest piece of water in Switzerland, then a railroad ride through pine woods, among mountains, over gorges and past valleys that now are covered with fragrant, new-mown hay.

Housekeeping in Hankow

Among our many wanderings our housekeeping in Hankow was an experience I never had before—nor after, writes Florence Gilbert in the New Idea Woman's Magazine. We have five or six servants. That sounds fine, but before passing judgment you should have experience with them! The peace of mind of the mistress depends largely on her "number one boy," the head servant, who, if efficient, is likely to have come from Ningpo. He is a tall, impressive personage who wears a blue cotton coat fastening on the side and reaching to his ankles, without which he must never appear in his employer's presence. To do this is only second as a mark of disrespect to having the cue in any other position than hanging decorously down the back.

The house coolie at work may sometimes twist his cue around his head, but the boy never. Through the boy the orders are usually issued to the rest of the household staff, translated from the pidgin English of the mistress. There are the "No. 2 boy," the house coolie, who is the only one with enough work to do to keep him moderately busy; the cook and the second cook, who is learning his trade at the expense of his employer's digestion. The cook's chief business is going to market and presenting his account for his purchases.

It is a strange collection often in that market basket, which a wise housekeeper always sees. Goat flesh, perhaps, politely called mutton; or beef that has been exposed to a fly-filled shop; a live chicken or two, game of various sorts—pheasant, teal, snipe and perhaps a fish, more appetizing than one would expect who has seen and smelled the Yang-tse water.

The vegetables are all of the sort that need cooking, for no intelligent person will run the risks involved in eating raw Chinese vegetables and fruits.

In addition to the supplies which can be purchased in the Chinese market every day one's diet may include fresh butter from Australia and all sorts of canned goods shipped from the United States, Great Britain, France and Germany. These are sold in shops in the concessions kept by Europeans, Japanese, Parsees—those keen merchants from India—or even Chinese. While expensive, they are not quite such prohibitive luxuries as to inspire the remark of the English missionary's little girl in central India, who said: "Mother, I suppose the king has tinned things to eat every day."

Uncle Called Odd and Even

Trough Dug in the Ground and a Contest in the Throwing of Stones.

Two boys may play this game with pebbles, peach stones, plum stones, nuts or acorns. Make a tiny trough in the ground about four inches wide and six inches deep, but as long as desired. Then the players in turn stand about six feet away from the trough. As each person takes his turn he picks up a handful of stones or whatever is being used for the game.

Each player uses from his own pile of 20 stones at the start of the game. The one to throw into the trough must not let the other player see how many stones he intends to use each time. The player not throwing must guess whether or not the one throwing will toss an odd or even number of stones into the trough.

If the guesser says "odd" just as the player starts to throw and an odd number goes into the trough the guesser takes all the stones which go in. If the guesser is wrong he gives to the thrower as many stones from his pile as went into the trough.

Before starting off the players agree on the number of throws each is to have. At the end of the game the person having the most stones or pebbles wins the game. The little children of Arabia like to play odd and even for they spend much of their time out in the sunshine and fresh air.

If ten players wish to take part in the game the long trough is marked off into five parts so two people may play at each section. At the end of the contest the two holding the most peach stones play each other to see who wins the final game. The peach stones are always put back at the end of each game.

CURE BY INJECTION

Much Hope Offered by Physicians in Use of Radium.

European Scientists, After Making Experiments, Write Article on Subject for London Lancet—Lupus Vulgaris of Neck.

New York.—Several European physicians and surgeons have been experimenting with injections of solutions of radium as a curative measure. Dr. L. Wicham and Dr. M. Degrais have written an article on the subject for the London Lancet. The Medical Record says of it:

"They allude to a paper presented at the Lisbon congress by several French authors, the conclusions of which are as follows:

"'When introduced into the animal body the emanation diffuses itself through the structure, and may in this manner reach deep-seated parts. It has a predilection for the glands which form an internal secretion and especially for the suprarenal capsules. It is eliminated by the lungs and the skin, and to a small extent by the kidneys.'

"The authors then pass on to relate their own experiences with this mode of therapy. In a case of lupus vulgaris of the neck, a curative change was produced by injections of (1) water rendered radioactive in the proportion of one milligram of pure sulphate of radium per liter, or (2) water impregnated with radium in the proportion of one milligram of pure bromide of radium per liter. In this case 40 injections of each kind and of from one to two cubic centimeters were given in the course of two months.

"They have also presented a case of lupus erythematosus, treating for comparison the lesions on the left side by the application of the radium apparatus and those on the right side by injections. On the left side there was a sharp reaction with destruction of the lupus and a subsequent process of repair. Later there seemed to be a strong cicatrix, but still later there was a recurrence of the lesion at the margin of the tissues of repair. On the right side there was no visible inflammatory reaction, but there was first a diminution and then a disappearance of the erythema of the lupus, the part assuming a whitish cicatricial aspect.

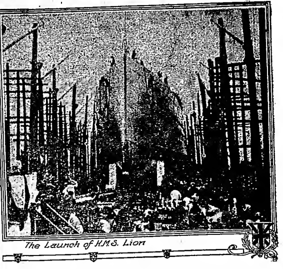
"At the time the recurrence was found on the left side the recovery on the right side was maintained, and there had been no reappearance of lupus since that time. In these two cases the doses of radium were extremely small, but they contained the emanation, an element which is not present in the rays emitted by the radium apparatus.

"The injection of certain insoluble salts of radium suspended in an emulsion into structures of small absorbent power prolongs the contact of the salt with the diseased tissues and intensifies the action of the radiations and of the emanation. This plan was followed in treating a large cancerous nodule, being made in a mixture of paraffin and vaselin. The object was to inject this preparation beneath the nodule, so as to prepare a stratum underlying the whole of the diseased part. Thus the nodule was exposed to a cross fire, as it were, diminished in size and rapidly disappeared. There was no ulceration and there has been no recurrence.

"It must be understood that soluble radium when injected is in a free state in the animal body and carries with it gaseous emanations which give rise to the phenomenon of radio-activity. The salt in radium apparatus does not supply emanation for therapeutic purposes, for this gas does not pass through any solid body, being in this respect unlike the extremely penetrating radium rays.

"The authors believe that these experiments offer much hope for the future."

GIANT BRITISH WARSHIP



The Launch of H.M.S. Lion

LONDON, ENG.—The latest powerful addition to the British navy was sent down the ways a few days ago. In displacement and armament the vessel is the first of its class in the world.

How a Story Originated.

Tangier.—A report in circulation here that American interests had purchased the greater part of the valuable Anghora country, in southwestern Africa, turns out to have been erroneous. It originated from a small and unimportant purchase of land by a Moor named Hasan Ben Ali, who is a naturalized American citizen.

POETRY IN BILLS

University of Chicago Teacher Makes Unique Statement.

Professor Wilczynski Announces Advance of Rhythmical Revolution in "Poetry and Mathematics."

Chicago.—Poetry is booming. The grocer's bill may now be called a lyric, the butcher's communication an elegy, and the housewife who checks the charges a literary artist of the subtlest mold. Professor Ernest J. Wilczynski of the University of Chicago mathematics department says so.

Professor Wilczynski, who teaches integral calculus, projective differential geometry and other advanced subjects at the university, announced the advance of the rhythmical revolution in a lecture on "Poetry and Mathematics" the other day at Ryerson Physical Laboratory. Poets and mathematicians, he declared, are expert in each other's arts, and by no means so different as uninformed persons may imagine.

The university authority defined the world as one huge mathematical problem, and his remarks were full of comfort for those who may have felt a lack of the poetical faculty. Bookkeepers as well as tradesmen and kindergarten pupils may squeeze themselves into the poet's hall of fame by a liberal interpretation of the new theory.

"The poetic and mathematical aspects of the human mind have much more in common than is usually realized," said Professor Wilczynski. "There is no such thing as one faculty of the mind that is without contact with other faculties, and it is true in the case of the mathematics and poetry, of course.

"A poem and a mathematical composition are both the expressions of ideas. Goethe said that he disliked mathematicians because they always translated everything into their own language. But he would not have objected had he known that their language was the most beautiful, perfect and adequate of all.

"Each art has a peculiar language, and its conventional symbols. Beethoven and Wagner spent many years distributing small black dots over five parallel lines, but the dots were only the symbols, not the music. In the same way the mathematical equation is only the symbol, but the form is the important thing. This is true of both poetry and mathematics.

"Like poetry, mathematics may express its thought in different ways and may be of beauty because of its formal element. The peculiar element of poetry may be said to be rhythm and that of mathematics to be solution. Aristotle called attention to the necessity for unity of action in the drama, and the same necessity holds for mathematics.

"Aristotle's famous saying that the probable-impossible is preferable to the improbable-possible is true in mathematics also. We insist upon causality in mathematics as we do in poetry.

"The minds of poets and mathematicians work in the same way, both possess imagination, both hold the idea important and insist that the essential ideas must be true. The perfect mathematician, then, may be regarded as the perfect poet, and the arts are very similar."

LONG, HARD WINTER AHEAD

Blackbirds Going South and Chipmunks Getting Into Their Burrows, Says Zoo Keeper.

New York.—"We are going to have an early winter this year and a long and severe one," said Head Keeper Snyder of the Central Park menagerie the other day. "All signs point that way, and I have been studying these things for a quarter of a century.

"Blackbirds, chipping sparrows, bluebirds and other summer visitors have been flocking for over a week. I saw a flock of several thousand blackbirds flying southward over the city last week. Migration to the south is unusually early this season.

"The chipmunks are very busy laying up a supply of beech nuts and other provender for a long winter. Woodchucks up the state are going into their burrows for the winter with a big layer of fat on their ribs. Usually they stay out until September. You had better get your fur overcoat out of the tar barrel for an early cold snap, for frost will be here early."

Mosquitoes Kill Cattle.

Lake Charles, La.—Southwest Louisiana is in the grip of the mosquito plague. Thousands of cattle have been killed by the insects. They hover in hordes over the fields and marsh lands. At night they fly into towns, making living conditions almost unbearable.

It is impossible in some of the towns along the Southern Pacific railroad to go out of doors at night. Persons eat dinner with their ankles swathed in protecting clothes; then they get beneath bars and netting, for it is impossible to keep the mosquitoes out of residences.

West Raising Sacred Sheep

Former Yale Professor Expects to Make Fortune Out of Experiment on Pacific Coast.

Tacoma, Wash.—On Hesper island, in Puget sound, George Sifford, a former Yale professor, is tenderly caring for as choice a bunch of lambs as ever delighted the heart of a gentleman farmer. They are karakuls, or the sacred sheep of Asia and biblical times, and were secured by Sifford after great effort and considerable money. It is said they are the first ever raised in America; they are worth more than 100 times as much as the common sheep of the flocks.

The Karakul is the sheep which produces wool used for the finest coats in Europe. Its wool is almost priceless, and there are comparatively few garments made from the real Karakul. The pure bred sheep are to be found only in the herds of the wealthy noblemen of Bokhara, as the majority of the breed are mixed with Afghan and other species.

Sifford, while acting as a missionary to central Asia, brought thirty of the sacred sheep to this country. He secured his first pure-bred sacred sheep because of a favor he did for a Bokhara nobleman. Convinced that such a sheep would soon be a source of great wealth if once adapted to America, he searched around to find others. He was rewarded in his efforts and finally through the aid of a wealthy uncle reached America with the specimens.

To find a climate similar to that of Bokhara was the most serious question before Sifford. On the way down Puget sound from Victoria, B. C., he passed Hesper island, covered with evergreen trees and luxuriant shrubbery. Reaching Seattle, he returned to the island to investigate and found almost the identical grasses and shrubs that grow in Bokhara, but of different names. Here he took the sacred sheep, and they flourished. Now there are fifteen lambs, and the next summer or two there will be a good-sized flock of the most valuable sheep in the world.

The sheep are free from any of the diseases afflicting the common kinds, and the quality of wool produced since reaching American shores indicates an improvement.

EAGER TO GET WEEKLY BATH

English Millionaire Proud of Gorgeous Lavatory in His Elegant Mansion.

London.—"Apropos of personal elegance and cleanliness," so "M. A. P." has related in the evident effort to relieve the holiday pressure, "one is reminded of the story of a certain self-made millionaire who built for himself a gorgeous mansion not far from Hyde Park corner, the wonders of which were talked of far and wide and so excited curiosity that a certain member of royalty expressed his desire to see the inside.

"Very flattered and gratified, the proud owner showed the guest all that there was to be seen—leaving the wonderful bathroom until the end. Everything here was as near perfection as possible. Rare marble had been used for the floor, the walls were lined with panels of precious stones and a wonderful flight of stairs with a crystal balustrade led down to the bath itself. The royal visitor showed his admiration generously.

"Yes," said the host, "the man who designed it knew what he was about, didn't he. Do you wonder, your royal highness, that I look forward to Saturday nights?"

The Yawn Cure.

There is nothing that will rest you so quickly as to sit on a straight-back chair and, lifting the feet from the floor, push them out in front of you as far as possible, stretch the arms, put the head back, open the mouth wide, and make yourself yawn.—Family Doctor.

Not Knocking Her.

Mrs. Goodsole (at the party)—What a lovely girl! And still in her teens, isn't she?

Miss Tartun—Yes; her velveteens.

Worse Yet.

Maudie: That horrid old cat told Claudie that I was 40 years old!

Mamie: The mean thing. But she might have done worse, Maudie:

How? Mamie: Well, she might have told some lies about you.

A Sign.

When a man is referred to as being "a diamond in the rough," it is generally a sign that he wouldn't be tolerated in decent society if he didn't have a lot of money.—Chicago Record Herald.

One Thing Certain.

A cat's eyes are said to be largest at midnight. We never made an examination, but we are positive that its voice is about 17 times larger at that hour than at any other period during the 24.

Suiting Personality.

Agent—Did you find a suitable house for the customer who seemed so chesty?

Assistant—I did my best, sir. I recommended him one with a swell front.

Tonic or Stimulant?

There is an immense difference between a tonic and a stimulant. Up one day, way back the next; that's a stimulant. Steady progress day by day toward perfect health; that's a tonic. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a tonic, a strong tonic. The only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. Do not stimulate unless your doctor says so. He knows. Ask him. Do as he says. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Constipation is the one great cause of sick-headache, biliousness, indigestion, bad health, debility, nervousness. Has your doctor ever recommended Ayer's Pills to you?

Red Lake Falls Gazette

C. S. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Will the standpatters in Minnesota get scared some?

Who would have surmised that Maine would send a Democrat to the United States senate. Shades of Morrill, Blaine, Reed, Dingley!

Ralph Wheelock insists upon making a campaign just as if there was danger of defeat. Ralph's seriousness sometimes amounts to unconscious humor.

The returns from the primary indicate that insurgency in Minnesota has asserted itself in no uncertain terms and is a political factor to be reckoned with.

Governor Eberhart will make the keynote speech of his campaign at Mankato on October 4th. It is notable in this connection that Governor Johnson did not make a political speech at St. Peter during any of his campaigns.

James Gray, the Democratic nominee for governor, will make his "keynote" speech at Fergus Falls on the evening of September 27. After that date he will be on the stump continuously until election day. John Lind will also be on the stump during the last month of the campaign, and both of these Democratic crusaders will cover the Red River valley.

Airship plans were offered to the government of the Untied States so far back as 1845. it has just been discovered in some documents of that year. Flying machines were then invented to meet a greatly felt want, viz., to carry the mails abroad and to remote the distances in this country, but the would-have-been-aviators of that day only 65 years ago though—were deemed to be so crazy that their propositions were not taken seriously, but they themselves were regarded seriously enough as infernal lunatics.

The Minneapolis Daily News, having been asked by a subscriber for its opinion of Senator Nelson's course in the Ballinger investigation, its editor responded.

"In the opinion of the editor, Senator Nelson did not officiate creditably to himself nor to his state as chairman of the investigating committee. Though the committee was not a court it would have been more in keeping with his position if Senator Nelson had held an unbiased, open minded attitude. As it was, he showed bias in favor of Ballinger, even going so far as to put to witnesses lists of questions which it has since been discovered were written by Ballinger himself. His holding of the committee session in Minneapolis to prevent an adverse report was typical of his course throughout."

James Gray, the Democratic nominee for governor, was born in Falkirk, Scotland, February 18, 1862, and came to America with his parents in 1866. His early education was received in the public schools of Iowa and Wisconsin. He removed to Minnesota in 1880, and graduated from the University of Minnesota in 1885. He then entered newspaper work and was reporter on the Tribune and city editor of the old Minneapolis Times. From 1895 to 1899 he was secretary and director of the Times Newspaper company. In 1898 he was elected mayor of Minneapolis and served two years. After his term of mayor he became connected with the Minneapolis Tribune, leaving that publication for the Minneapolis Journal in 1906. Since then he has been an editoial writer on that paper.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Rush City Post: You can't bust a trust as long as the tariff laws are made to foster it.

Barnesville Record-Review: Reports from St. Paul were to the effect that Secretary Ballinger may soon be fired. Ballinger had better be careful, for this is the canning season in Minnesota.

St. Peter Herald: If the Republican standpatters made good their threat to work for the election of Democrats, It will be the first time on record that that wing of the party has taken any part in shaping legislation beneficial to the country.

Biwabik Times: If the next congress is Democratic the fact can be charged to Joseph Cannon. Cannon is today the most unpopular political character in the United States and grows more so every time he makes a statement in which he attempts to make the people believe that he is on the square.

Winona Independent: It is estimated that there are 92,000,000 of us. Subtract the few who are identified with the special interests and you have the number of Americans that are against Taft, Aldrich, et. al.

Princeton Union: In all 100 suits have been instituted in the federal court at Fergus Falls by the government to set aside transfers of tracts of land on the White Earth reservation. The government asks that the titles to these lands be again vested in the Indian allottees and the sales declared null and void. Have the defendants in these deals been playing the same little game as did the fellows down in Indian Territory?

Austin Transcript: In Kansas it is irregular to be a standpatter, and the insurgent alone is a party loyalist. It is getting to be something that way in Minnesota.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: A smooth man is apt to make it rough for others.

Fools, as a rule, attract more attention than wise men.

Work kills worry, but it is so much easier to worry than work.

The man who expects to fail in an undertaking is seldom disappointed.

A soft answer may turn away wrath but it won't turn a book agent down.

With a mind of his own a man should be able to mind his own business.

Women like to use the word "lingerie" because it makes a noise like silk.

It takes a woman to be nice to a man she doesn't like and mean to one she does.

A wedding ring is larger than a diamond ring, but it is much easier to pull a glove over.

Many a truthful man develops into a cheerful liar when his wife asks how he likes her new hat.

A wise man lets his wife think she is having her own way in order to get her to do what he wants her to do.

The man who lets his mother pick out his wife or lets his wife pick out his cigars is entitled to a lot of sympathy.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Easy come to call hard to get to go away before dinner.

The way a woman wants you to love her is to say it to her over and over again.

The reason a man seldom ever takes a drink except at home is that's the place he tells it.

The fun taking a trip to Europe is the tone of voice in which you can speak of it to those who didn't.

A girl can convince a man he's in love with her a good deal easier before they are married than after.

JAMES GRAY FOR GOVERNOR

Continued From Page 1

because he is not the errand boy for any interest, and because he is best qualified to give the state a straight forward, independenet, self respecting administration—it will be a victory, not for any nationality, but for what he represents in this campaign—which under the circumstances can only be a campaign against the domination of predatory corporations and the liquor interests in Minnesota politics.

A Democratic Candidate.

And Mr. Gray is an able man. He is self made. He has proved his capacity in his profession in which he has reached the top. He has proven it as an executive officer. He has had the training which fits him to be governor. He is a man of high character. No corporation ever ordered him around. I don't think anyone is going to say anything better what Jim Gray is than Larry Hudgson has done in the St. Paul Dispatch and therefore I will make no apology for quoting him.

A Self Made Man.

"Jim" says Larry Ho., writing of "Cabbages and Kings," is one of the self made men who doesn't need to make excuses for the job. He's got his goods in the front window, and he doesn't have to mark them down.

'Born in Scotland, raised on oatmeal, he come to this country before his antecedents became fatal.

'Many a man in Minneapolis can remember the time when Jim Gray was a logger in the river, standing in water all day long, willing to shiver for an education. Nobody ever come along and stuck a silver spoon in Jim's lips. He had to grub for what he got. There was a long time in his life when he didn't know for sure that Minnsota was the bread and butter state. No man ever knew Jim Gray without loving him I have particular reason for loving him, for he took me up almost out of the streets and gave me a big hunk of encouragement and wrapped me around in his big burly affection at a time when life looked a bit like a polar expedition. Jim Gray has always been doing kindly things and feeling pretty mad when folks found it out. Like all good Scotchmen, he covers up his gentility and his soft-heartedness. But he doesn't fool people very long.

'It is a good thing when such a man is nominated for high office. It takes a campaign largely out of politics, and lifts it up into the atmosphere of genial and kindly citizenship which preserves it from bitterness and injustice on both sides. The Democrats are to be congratulated for naming Jim Gray. He is a credit to them, and they won't be ashamed of him, whatever happens. The Republicans are to be congratulated on his nomination for it gives them an opposition honest, dignified and worthy. And the people are to be congratulated, because such a nomination is a tribute to that sentiment among men which demands the highest, the worthiest, the cleanest in men who ask the franchise of the people. It reminds men that politics is not a scramble, and that a candidacy has more significance than the mere question of its success at the polls. So we can all be glad over Jim Gray's nomination. He's a real one, and he is one of the rare men who can be just as big if defeated as if elected."

Where Ignorance is Bliss.

The Republicans who have been taking things easy right along relying on John Lind's not running and on the Democrats not being able to find a candidate who would appeal by reason of his character and capacity to the people of the state who think the time has arrived when they should have something to say about selecting a man for govcror, professes now to make light of Mr. Gray's candidacy. They are predicting already 40,000 or 50,000 majority for Eberhart. There is a good deal of that sort of talk going on elsewhere. That's the way the Republicans have been talking in Maine on one side of the continent and in Washington on the other and at various places in between the reactionary branch of the Republican party to which our exemplary governor belongs have an occasion to revise their figres. Where the Democrats didn't get them the Progressive republicans snowed them under. Public sentiment moves in waves. Impatience of the domination of the machine has reached Minnesota. No one knows what may happen. In Wisconsin the LaFollette people thought they were beaten until the votes were counted.

Working In the Dark.

The fact is Repulicans at headquarters are as much at sea in regard to the situation as they were months ago. There is no Republican organization in this state. The thing has been smashed into bits so far as it ever was a state organization. The state central committee, it is true, manages to keep in touch with a few old-timers scattered here and there throughout the state who still labor under the delusion that they do the people's thinking for them, and they of course bring in word that they have everything in line and that things are looking fine. They reported the same way four years ago; two years ago, according to them all Republicans were turning back to the G. O. P. condidate; two years hence they will be coming in singing the same optimistic note.

Working on Faith.

This is the sort of thing Ralph Wheelock pins his faith to. Ed. Smith knows better, of course; but constitutionally Ed. is tired and has a habit of never doing today what he can put off till tomorrow. The governor really fancies he is the idol of the people and his self esteem is unshakable. They are all working on faith. They may be right. People may be falling over themselves to support the administration. That's not the way it comes to me, however. They don't know Jim Gray, it is true. If the Democratic campaign is so managed that between this and Novemrber they will find out that he is really a man to be trusted and that no one has a string tied to him, the election isn't going to be the procession with the Democratic candidate for governor bringing up the rear guard of it which some people imagine. There is going to be a real campaign with nothing settled until the votes are counted.

Helping Tawney Out.

They are having the liveliest kind

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

of a campaign in the First District. Of course Tawney has behind him the Federal machine in addition to his own. It's natural that the postmasters should be hustling and that the cuckoo press should be singing it's little song. But there wasn't any particular reason why the Republican state central committee should take a hand. Nevertheless that appears to be what is happening and executive pressure is being brought to bear where it will do the most good. The Tawney's machine is the only effective working organization down there and the interested people up here in St. Paul couldn't very well do anything else than co-operate when it was squarely put up to them. And all this appears to be necessary to get the best of a candidate of whom nobody up to a few days ago ever heard of. It indicates as well as anything else the uncertainty of the situation.

Throwing a Scare into Stevens.

In this district there is a particularly lively campaign. Hugh Halbert has been out in the country talking. Now Hugh isn't much of a talker. But he's got a story to tell that the worst kind of talking can hardly spoil and the people in the country are listening to it. And they aren't making any secret of their notion that Mr. Stevens has been more interested in other things than in representing them. At all events they have the congressman on the anxious seat and he is beginning to let them know how really good a man he was when he was down in Washington and what surprising things he has accomplished.

Why he Worries.

In St. Paul no attempt has ever been made to force the spirit of the primary law. Demorats have acquired the habit of voting Republican tickets when the notion seized them and Democrats have voted Republican tickets when they had an object to gain. In this way party leaders working together have been able to put up for other parties any condidates upon whom they could agree. What's troubling Stevens now is to know whether the Democrats are going to take a hand in nominating a Republican candidate for congress. If they keep their hands off he thinks he can beat Hugh Halbert. If they don't he don't just know where he is at. That's why he is hustling to beat the band. It may be only a false alarm. Then again it may not.

—PAUL PRY.

THE VALUABLE CONTEST PRIZES

Handsome Piano, Organ and Other Prizes to be Given Away.

Clip Coupons From This Issue of the Gazette and Vote Them.

Our newspaper contest is on and every lady has a chance to win a prize. You certainly have use for one of the prizes we are offering and the way to get one is to save your coupons and ballots. The following is a description of the prizes.

The beautiful Don Pierro piano, known as the grand prize, is one of America's leading instruments and in the past year has become popular thruout the west. It possesses several features and valuable improvements found in no other piano. It stands four feet ten inches, is doubled veneered throughout in fancy mahogany, has double repeater sticker action, imported music wire and is warranted for ten years from the date of shipment and the makers guarantee to replace free of charge any imperfections that may develop in that time.

The parlor organ that we are offering is without doubt the handsomest and one of the best constructed organs on the market. It is one of the latest designs and of the piano style. The instrument is warranted for ten years. The organ looks like a piano and can not be distinguished except in tone. It is made in solid oak finish.

The $40.00 New Fireside sewing machines are made by the largest sewing macine firm in the world. Others have imitated these machines, but none have equaled them. They consists of a full drop golden oak embossed case with four full length drawers, transfer tape measures and brass trimmed turned knobs. Invisible automatic lifting device that swings the sewing head close to the operator. A complete set of solid steel foot atachtments packed in a velvet lined box goes with each machine. The machines are fully warranted for ten years.

We offer 20 year gold watches with Elgin movements, which sell at retail the world over. The Elgin stands foremost among watches and is recognized as Amrica's leading time piece. The Elgin is so widely advertised and known that it needs no recommendation.

The Dakota Business College.

The Dakota Business College whose ad. occurrs elsewhere in this edition of the Gazette is just entering upon its eighteenth year. From a small beginning of five pupils Professor Watkins has built up one of the largest and most successful commercial schools in the entire country. The school erected another large building last year and now has 30,000 square feet of floor space, enrolls about 700 pupils annually and sends over 800 graduates to positions each year. Every bank in Fargo and over two-thirds of those throughout the state employ D. B. C. pupils.

Professor Watkins is a strong believer in newspaper advertising and attributes his success very largely to the liberal use of printer's ink.

THE NEW ERA SYSTEM PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

SPECIALISTS

Coming to Red Lake Fall, Thursday, October 14, from 10:00 a. m. to 4:00 p. m., at the Grand View Hotel.

These physicians and surgeons, licensed by the state for the cure of deformities and all nervous and chronic diseases of men, women and children, offer to all those who call, this trip, consultation, examination and advice free, making no charge whatever, except the actual cost of medicine. All that is asked in return for these valuable services is that every person treated will state the results to their friends, and thus prove to the sick and afflicted in every city and locality that at last treatments have been discovered that are absolutely sure and certain in their effect.

These doctors are considered Americas' leading stomach and nerve specialists, and are excellent in the treatment of all chronic diseases and so great and wonderful have been their cures that in many cases it is hard, indeed, to find the dividing line between human skill and miracle.

Diseases of the stomach, intestines, liver, blood, skin, nerves, heart, spleen, kidneys, or bladder, sciatica, diabetes, bedwetting, leg ulcer, epilepsy, weak lungs, and those afflicted with long standing, deep seated diseases that have baffled the skill of the family physician should not fail to call.

No more operations for appendicitis, gall stones, goiter, tumor, or cancer. They were the first in America to earn the name "Bloodless Surgeons" by doing away with the knife, with blood and all pain in the successful treatment and cure of these dangerous diseases.

Deafness often cured in sixty days.

No matter what your ailment may be, no matter what others have told you, no matter what experience you may have had with others, physicians, sanitariums, or patent medicines, if you want to get well again, it will be to your advantage to see them. Go have it forever settled in your mind.

If your case is curable, they will treat you, if incurable they will give you such advice that may prolong your life. Do not put off this duty, you owe yourself and your friends or relatives who may be suffering because of your sickness, as a visit will cost you nothing and may save your life.

Remember this free offer is for this trip only.

Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with their fathers.

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.

S. R. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

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DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 14-18: G. A. R. National Encampment

DETROIT, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Sept. 14-16-18-21: Popular all Excursions by Rail and Lake. Usual Low Fares.

EASTERN CANADA, New York and New England States: Summer Tourist Fares. Tickets on sale every day to September 30.

For full particulars write or call on A. J. Perrin, General Agent, 430 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

MAKE YOUR SHIPMENTS

to a responsible house of long experience and all the chances are in your favor. There is nothing gained or saved by shipping to a house because their solicitor is a good story teller. The commission will be the same. Of course you want your grain handled by careful men.

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MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH WINNIPEG KANSAS CITY

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Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

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DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

Our $50.00 Business Course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. The new $65.00 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) will supply bookkeepers for the larger concerns and tellers and cashiers for the Northwestern banks. The Stenographic Course (under an expert reporter) trains high grade stenographers and court reporters. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass County Court are all D. B. C. pupils. Can any other school offer you this evidence of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.

8-11 EIGHTH STREET SOUTH FARGO, N. D.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

[illegible] A. A. Fletcher.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in [illegible]

[illegible] A. A. Fletcher, [illegible]

[illegible] Red Lake Falls. [illegible]

[illegible] the time within which [illegible] decedent may [illegible] in this court, be, [illegible] limited to six months [illegible] date hereof, and that Tues- [illegible] day of March [illegible] at 10 o'clock A. M. [illegible] at the court [illegible] Red Lake Falls in said county, [illegible] fixed and ap- [illegible] for hearing upon [illegible] adjustment and allowance [illegible] presented within the [illegible]

[illegible] publication of [illegible] Red Lake Falls Gazette, a [illegible] County of Red Lake, as [illegible]

[illegible]

A. C. RICHARDSON,
Judge of Probate.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible] 5th day [illegible] P. M., at my [illegible] Red Lake Falls, [illegible] I will sell the jobs of digging [illegible] Ditch No. 17 of Red Lake [illegible] by the Board of County [illegible] Red Lake county, State of [illegible] order bearing date Septem- [illegible] for the work as ordered and [illegible] feet each, [illegible] [illegible] Red Lake [illegible] the excavation [illegible] earth [illegible] the ditch [illegible] provided in the [illegible] specifications of [illegible] on file in my [illegible] bidder or bidders, [illegible] said work, said [illegible] the time required [illegible] and Engineer's [illegible] entertained which [illegible] per cent. over and [illegible] and the [illegible] required to give a sat- [illegible] by the Auditor of [illegible] for the [illegible] the job [illegible] contract. The [illegible] are on file. [illegible] to be done [illegible] is as follows. [illegible] excavation and removal [illegible] is $12,192.83 [illegible] certified [illegible] said County, for [illegible] amount of each [illegible] all bids is here [illegible]

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.

[illegible]

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

[illegible] 5th day [illegible] at my office [illegible] Minnesota, I will [illegible] digging and constructing the [illegible] Red Lake County, established [illegible] Commissioners of Red [illegible] Minnesota by their order [illegible] For the [illegible] one or more sec- [illegible] or more of the [illegible] sections to be [illegible] stakes as shown by the [illegible] commence [illegible] and from [illegible] the one in [illegible] station 710 to station [illegible] ditch and from [illegible] the branch [illegible] the whole of County [illegible] Red Lake County, Minnesota, [illegible] excavation and removal of [illegible] in such a manner as [illegible] grade at the grade of the [illegible] manner prescribed in the [illegible] and specifications of the [illegible] on file in my office to [illegible] bidder or bidders, and [illegible] said work, said work to [illegible] the time required, and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (33) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the [illegible] within the time required [illegible] the said order and [illegible] plans are on file, and may be seen [illegible] office.

The [illegible] done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The estimated cost of excavation and removal of earth is $12,125.40.

The estimated total cost of the work is $12,125.40 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated Sept. 12th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal) $15.20

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Of the Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
September 9th, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor, pursuant to chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., September 9th, 1910 for the purpose of hearing and considering the report of the engineer and viewers on the ditches petitioned for by William G. Hunt and others and on the ditch petitioned for by Ole Broin and others, designated as County Ditches Nos. 17 and 18 respectively.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Members present, Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

The matter of the petition of William G. Hunt and others for county ditch No. 17 came duly before the board. The said petition was read and the arguments of all persons for or against the construction of the said proposed ditch were heard. On motion duly carried the report of the viewers as referred back to them for correction of assessments against certain tracts of land. Otto Zaiser and G. K. Haavi, two of the viewers were present at the hearing and proceeded to make the corrections as agreed upon, after which on motion made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and caried unanimously the report of the engineer and the report of the viewers as amended was accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the report of the viewers as amended on file in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing County ditch No. 17 was made:—

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the Matter of the Petition of Olo Broin and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 18.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the County Board of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said Board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 9th day of September A. D. 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M. of said day and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz the Civil Engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and filed his report thereon in the office of the County Auditor of said County and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of the said County Auditor, the said County Board did, at the time above specified proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the constuction of said ditch and all the matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: That the Civil Engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all repects according to law.

SECOND: That the Viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said Engineer and Viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said Viewers' report and said Engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions of the forgoing findings, we, the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at said special session of said board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and condocive to public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and specifications of said Civil Engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the Viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the Viewer's report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the County Auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 9th day of September, A. D. 1910.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQIST,
Chairman of County Board,
of Red Lake County Minnesota.
Attest:: A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

On motion duly carried the matter of the hearing on County Ditch No. 18 was postponed until 3:00 o'clock P. M.

On motion duly carried the Board took a recess until 3:00 o'clock P. M.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman at 3:00 o'clock P. M.

All members present.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is taken by people in tropical countries all the year round. It stops wasting and keeps up the strength and vitality in summer as well as winter.

ALL DRUGGISTS

On motion duly carried the Board took a recess until 7:00 o'clock P. M. Board reconvened at 7:00 o'clock P. M. all members present and called to order by the Chairman.

The matter of the petition of Ole Broin and others for County Ditch No. 18 came duly before the Board. The said petition was read and the arguments of all persons for or against the construction of said proposed ditch were heard. On motion duly carried the report of the viewers was referred back to them for correction of assessments against certain tracts of land, Otto Zaiser and Alfred Lindquist, two of the viewers were present at the hearing and proceeded to make the corrections as agreed upon, after which on motion duly made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol and carried unanimously the report of the engineer and the report of the viewers as amended was accepted and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the report of the engineer and the report of the viewers as amended on file in the office of the County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota, thereupon the following order establishing County Ditch No. 18 was made:—

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Broin and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 18.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by the and before the County Board of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said Board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 9th day of September A. D. 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M. of said day and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon and that C. H. Martz the Civil Engineer appointed by this Board to survey the route of said ditch has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of County Auditor of said county and that the veiwers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of the said County Auditor, the said County Board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewer's report thereon and said Board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, to wit:

FIRST: That the said Civil Engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

SECOND: That the Viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

THIRD: That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost including damages awarded.

FOURTH: That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said Engineer and Viewers are complete and correct.

FIFTH: That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said Viewers' report and said Engineer' report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now, Therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county Board of the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota at said Special Session of said board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is Further Ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the Viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the county auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 9th day of September, A. D., 1910

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman of County Board,
of Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota
Attest: A. A. LATENDRSSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
September 9th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met at the office of the county auditor in said county at 1:00 o'clock p. m.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeou.

Members absent: None.

The minutes of the board's meeting of August 31st, 1910, were read and on motion duly carried were accepted and approved as read.

On motion duly carried the board proceeded to the opening of bids for the furnishing of the vault fixtures and for the furnishing of the office counters and fixtures and the following bids were considered:

For the furnishing of the vault fixtures, Art Metal Company, installed $1956.27; Miller Davis Printing Company, F. O. B., Red Lake Falls, $2350.00; Miller Davis Printing Company, installed $2550.00.

For the furnishing of the office counters and fixtores, Miller Davis Printing Company, installed $1895.00.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that Art Metal Company be awarded the contract for the steel fixtures. Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that Miller-Davis Printing Co., be awarded the contract for the wood work, consisting of office counters and fixtures.

Motion carried.

In the matter of the application of Alphonse Paquin for a license to sell intoxicating liquors in Lambert township, on motion duly carried the hearing was postponed until the 16th day of September, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m.

Resolved that the township of Smiley be and the same is hereby granted an appropriation from the county road and brigde fund of $100.00 to aid the said town in the placing of metal culverts, three between Sections 2 and 3, three between sections 5 and 6, two between sections 8 and 17, one on town line on south line of section 32, one on section line between sections 31 and 32 and one on public road section 7 in the said town, town required to expend at least an amount equal to this appropriation on said work.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol, that County Ditch No. 35 be accepted.

Motion carried.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 8:30 p. m.

Board reconvened at 8:30 o'clock p. m. All members present and called to order by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that C. H. Martz be authorized and directed to draw up plans and specifications for the retaining wall at the grade line of the sidewalk to the east of the court house grounds, and for the sidewalks and curb on the said grounds and that the auditor be directed to advertise for bids for the said work at once in accordance with the plans and speifications of the said C. H. Martz, engineer.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist, Commissioner Johnson voting nay and Commissioner Aubol not voting.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

In the matter of the leveling of the court house grounds the motion passed by the board at the session of Aug. 31st, 1910, was amended as follows: Exerie Chatel to receive $3.00 per day for his services, for the services of other men, each is to receive $2.00 and the rate for man and team to remain as fixed in the aforesaid motion.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Fremont D. Orff, Architect's fees for preparing plans for wiring	22.50
John Drier, 10 days service watchman court house	30.00
Fremont D. Orff, Architect's fees plans steel and wood furniture	96.27
Joseph Bulaar, To ½ day at $2.00 per day asst. survey court house ground	1.00
K. Kunneslrand, 1 month service as Janitor summer school	35.00
Knute Kolstad, rent of Surveyor's office	5.00
Fremont D. Orff, Trip of inspection court house	26.32
RedLake Falls Gazette, misc. supplies county offices	41.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, publication a-c ditch no. 10	6.60
Red Lake Falls Gazette, misc. publications	192.10
C. A. Lindquist, mileage member Com. on court house	32.40
Joseph Pigeon, mileage com. work on court house	16.00
M. Forder, placing culverts on ditch no. 46	30.00
C. H. Newberry & Co., team hire a-c viewers ditch no. 54	21.50
Northern Culvert Co., culverts on Ditch no. 31	355.74
Northern Culvert Co., culverts on Ditch no. 31	69.97
Northern Culvert Co., culvert ditch no. 39	260.88
Northern Culvert Co., culvert ditch no. 39	130.44
Northern Culvert Co., culvert ditch no. 44	350.45
Martin McAndress, 6 days as chainman ditch no. 52	12.00
Martin McAndress, 5 days as chainman ditch no. 53	10.00
Arthur Hall, 2 days rodman ditch no. 39	5.00
" 3 days rodman ditch no. 44	7.50
" 1 day rodman ditch no. 45	2.50
" 6 days rodman ditch no 52	15.00
" 5 days service ar rodman ditch no. 53	12.50
Arthur Hall, 1 day as rodman ditch no. 56	2.50
James Walker, 2 days as chainman ditch no. 39	4.00
James Walker, 3 days chainman ditch no. 44	6.00
James Walker, 1 day as chainman ditch no 45	2.00
James Walker, 6 days as chainman ditch no. 52	12.00
James Walker, 5 days chainman ditch no. 53	10.00
James Walker, 1 day chainman ditch no. 56	2.00
Martin McAndress, 1 day as chainman ditch no. 56	2.00
C. A. Lindquist, mileage and per diem inspecting ditch no. 35	9.20
C. A. Lindquist mileage and per diem inspecting ditch no. 54	12.20
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 44	31.80
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 45	24.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 46	18.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 47	36.15
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 47	.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 48	18.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 49	33.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 50	24.15
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no 51	12.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 52	9.60
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no 53	7.20
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 54	24.15
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 55	12.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 55	12.75
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no 56	7.95
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 56	12.00

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

AUCTION SALE

September 26th, 1910 at 12:30 P. M. Sharp.

I will sell at public auction on my farm 4 miles northwest of Red Lake Falls on the southeast quarter of section 5-151-44, the following property:

1 gray mare 6 years old, weight 1250; 1 sorrel horse 6 years old, weight 1200; 1 bay mare 5 years old; 1 bay horse 4 years old; 1 three year old mare colt; 1 two year old mare colt; 1 spring colt; 7 good milk cows; 1 McCormick hinder, nearly new; 1 Deering mower, 5 foot cut; 1 McCormick rake, 10 feet wide; 1 Deering rake 8 feet wide; 1 sod cutter, 7 feet wide; 1 brush breaker; 1 walking plow; 1 gang plow, 1 two-seated buggy, nearly new; 1 one-seated buggy; 1 wide tire wagon; 1 narrow tire wagon; 2 hay racks, 1 three horse drag; 1 Emprie cream separator; 2 set working harness; 1 single buggy harness, ; 1 steel range; 1 heating stove, coal and wood burner; 1 sewing machine, nearly new; 2 sets bob sleighs; 1 fanning mill; 1 Superior drill, 7 feet wide; 10 tuns of hay; household goods and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Free lunch at noon.

Terms All sums under $10.00 cash. All sums over that amount, good bankable paper due November 1, 1911 will be taken. 5 per cent discount for cash. HERMAN LEADER, Owner, Joseph Belair, Auctioneer, Geo. F. Hennings, Clerk.

LAMBERT.

Mr. and Mrs. K. Lambert spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Joseph Bergeron.

Louis Doucet of Lambert is now busy moving his buildings to Oklee.

Eugenie Bergeron was taken suddenly ill Friday night and until morning she wasn't expected to live, but is getting a little better now and there is hope for her recovery.

Laura Gibeau has been helping Mrs. Joseph Beaudoin to thresh.

Mrs. Isaac Fournier of Terrebonne, spent the last week with her mother, Mrs. J. Boucher.

Eugene Parantaeu is visiting with his sister, Mrs. C. Robidoux, this week.

Rev. Bishop Corbett of Crookston attended by the Reverend Fathers Fayolle, Marsonnat, Vellieux and Roy held the confirmation service Thursday.

Miss Rose, Bernadette and Alice Dery visited at the home of Frank Fournier Sunday afernoon.

Drs. Watson and Argue of Red Lake Falls made a pleasant call at the home of Jos. Bergeron Sunday afternoon.

Auditor Latendresse and Urgel Lambert were at Lambert Sunday.

Omer Bergeron of Lambert visted at Red Lake Falls for a few days this week.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

More Spring Poetry.

The baseball player will resume
With letters on his suit.
The fan will sit out in the sun
And violently root.
His supper will grow cold and stale.
His wife will swear a bit.
The cook will make a chalk mark on
The kitchen door and quit.
The milliners will meanwhile show
Those gorgeous Easter hats
With funny dudads tacked on them
And straw and birds and bats,
And while the ladies dance for joy
Before this line of goods
Their lords will pack an extra shirt
And light out for the woods.

—Sweet Grass Tribune.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance, City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brenet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

Falls Meat Market
A. G. Groshong, Prop.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game and Poultry
Opp. Grand View Hotel
RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
TELEPHONE 19

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE
Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissapation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

Subscribe for The Gazette

AUCTION SALE

Having rented our farm for a term of years located 1-2 mile north of Wylie, Section 24, Polk Centre township, we will offer the following property at public auction, commencing at 12 o'clock on

TUESDAY, SEPT. 27

310 head of sheep, being mostly one and two year old Schropshire Eves; 3 full blood Schropshire bucks; 4 cows, nearly fresh; 2 full blood Durham; 2 year old heifers, one fresh, full blood Durham bull calf, two months old, 2 yearling heifers; 1 yearling steer; 3 spring calves; 4 pigs; 7 head of horses, three mares weight about 1200 lbs., 1 gelding, same weight. 1 yearling mare colt, team of standard bred driving horses, two and three years old next spring; 100 chickens; 3 set of heavy chain tug harness; 2 wide tire wagons; 1 truck wagon; 1 light spring wagon; 1 Clover Leaf manure spreader, nearly new; 1 manure loader; 1 gasoline pumpling engine new this season; 1 Fountain City 20-shoe press drill, nearly new; 1 hay stacker; 1 hay bucker; 1 McCormick binder; 3 mowing machines, McCormick, Deering and Standard; 1 hay rake; 1 2-horse cultivator; 1 single cultivator; 1 three section iron drag; 1 five section wood drag; 1 disc; 2 set bob sleighs; 1 spring tooth harrow; 2 gang plows; 1 breaking plow; 1 two horse stubble plow; 1 DeLaval cream separator, No. 15, 650 lbs. Many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: *On sums under $10.00 cash. On sums over $10.00 one years' time on approved bankable paper.*

Free Lunch At Noon

HOUSTON LAND CO., Owners

JOS. BELAIR
Auctioneer

GEO. F. HENNINGS
Clerk

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her

Knoxville, Iowa.—"I suffered with pains low down in my right side for a year or more and was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, and am glad to say that your medicines and kind letters of directions have done more for me than anything else and I had the best physicians here. I can do my work and rest well at night. I believe there is nothing like the Pinkham remedies."—Mrs. CLARA FRANKS, R. F. D., No. 8, Knoxville, Iowa.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

A STUNNER.

Secke—Mrs. Swellington is a stunning woman, isn't she?

Weeks—I should think so. She bit me with her automobile the other day, and it was two hours before I woke up.

Vermont Thrift.

Robert Lincoln O'Brien, editor of the Boston Transcript, is a great admirer of the thrift of the Vermonters, but thinks sometimes they carry it too far.

O'Brien was up in Vermont last summer and went to dinner with a friend who had some political aspirations. As they came in the door he heard the lady of the house say to the hired girl: "I see Mr. Jones has somebody with him for dinner. Take these two big potatoes down to the cellar and bring up three small ones."

Does Engineering Work.

Mlle. Baudurin is superintendent of an engineering firm in Russia. She was graduated from the Women's Technological institute in St. Petersburg, and has had practical experience in engineering. She built a steel warehouse for an army co-operative society, has been assistant engineer in building a bridge across the Neva and has done other important work.

Remarkable Young Lady.

From a feuilleton: "Her voice was low and soft; but once again, as Janet Fenn withdrew from the room and closed the door after her, the fiendish gleam came into her adorless eyes."

If we hear any more of Janet we will let you know.—Punch.

PRESSED HARD.
Coffee's Weight on Old Age.

When prominent men realize the injurious effects of coffee and the change in health that Postum can bring, they are glad to lend their testimony for the benefit of others.

A superintendent of public schools in a Southern state says: "My mother, since her early childhood, was an inveterate coffee drinker, had been troubled with her heart for a number of years and complained of that 'weak all over' feeling and sick stomach.

"Some time ago I was making an official visit to a distant part of the country and took dinner with one of the merchants of the place. I noticed a somewhat peculiar flavor of the coffee, and asked him concerning it. He replied that it was Postum. I was so pleased with it that, after the meal was over, I bought a package to carry home with me, and had wife prepare some for the next meal; the whole family liked it so well that we discontinued coffee and used Postum entirely.

"I had really been at times very anxious concerning my mother's condition, but we noticed that after using Postum for a short time, she felt so much better than she did prior to its use, and had little trouble with her heart and no sick stomach; that the headaches were not so frequent, and her general condition much improved. This continued until she was as well and hearty as the rest of us.

"I know Postum has benefited myself and the other members of the family, but in a more marked degree in the case of my mother, as she was a victim of long standing."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

COPYRIGHT 1908 BY BOBBS-MERRILL CO.

SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. The servants desert. Gertrude and Halsey arrive with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped. Gertrude was suspected because of an injured foot. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey were called away by a telegram. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase. Recovering consciousness, she said something had brushed by her on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. After "seeing a ghost," Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a slip in his pocket bearing the name of "Lucien Wallace." Dr. Walker asked Miss Innes to vacate in favor of Mrs. Armstrong. She refused. A note from Bailey to Gertrude arranging a meeting at night was found.

CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

"Grossmutter," he said. And I saw Mr. Jamieson's eyebrows go up.

"German," he commented. "Well, young man, you don't seem to know much about yourself."

"I've tried it all the week," Mrs. Tate broke in. "The boy knows a word or two of German, but he doesn't know where he lived, or anything about himself."

Mr. Jamieson wrote something on a card and gave it to her.

"Mrs. Tate," he said, "I want you to do something. Here is some money for the telephone call. The instant the boy's mother appears here, call up that number and ask for the person whose name is there. You can run across to the drug store on an errand and do it quietly. Just say, 'The lady has come.'"

"'The lady has come,'" repeated Mrs. Tate. "Very well, sir, and I hope it will be soon. The milk bill alone is almost double what it was."

"How much is the child's board?" I asked.

"Three dollars a week, including his washing."

"Very well," I said. "Now, Mrs. Tate, I am going to pay last week's board and a week in advance. If the mother comes she is to know nothing of this visit—absolutely not a word, and, in return for your silence, you may use this money for—something for your own children."

Her tired, faded face lighted up, and I saw her glance at the little Tates' small feet. Shoes, I divined—the feet of the genteel poor being almost as expensive as their stomachs.

As we went back Mr. Jamieson made only one remark; I think he was laboring under the weight of a great disappointment.

"Is King's a children's outfitting place?" he asked.

"Not especially. It is a general department store."

He was silent after that, but he went to the telephone as soon as we got home, and called up King & Co. in the city.

After a time he got the general manager, and they talked for some time. When Mr. Jamieson hung up the receiver he turned to me.

"The plot thickens," he said with his ready smile. "There are four women named Wallace at King's, none of them married, and none over 20. I think I shall go up to the city to-night. I want to go to the Children's hospital. But before I go, Miss Innes, I wish you would be more frank with me than you have been yet. I want you to show me the revolver you picked up in the tulip bed."

So he had known all along!

"It was a revolver, Mr. Jamieson," I admitted, cornered at last, "but I cannot show it to you. It is not in my possession."

CHAPTER XXII.

A Ladder Out of Place.

At dinner Mr. Jamieson suggested sending a man out in his place for a couple of days, but Halsey was certain there would be nothing more, and felt that he and Alex could manage the situation. The detective went back to town early in the evening, and by nine o'clock Halsey, who had been playing golf—as a man does anything to take his mind away from trouble—was sleeping soundly on the big leather davenport in the living room.

I sat and knitted, pretending not to notice when Gertrude got up and wandered out into the starlight. As soon as I was satisfied that she had gone, however, I went out cautiously. I had no intention of eavesdropping, but I wanted to be certain that it was Jack Bailey she was meeting. Too many things had occurred in which Gertrude was, or appeared to be, involved, to allow anything to be left in question.

I went slowly across the lawn, skirted the hedge to a break not far from the lodge, and found myself on the open road. Perhaps 100 feet to the left the path led across the valley to the Country club, and only a little way off was the foot-bridge over Casanova creek. But just as I was about to turn down the path I heard steps coming toward me, and I shrank into the bushes. It was Gertrude, going back quickly toward the house.

I was surprised. I waited until she had had time to get almost to the house before I started. And then I stepped back again into the shadows. The reason why Gertrude had not kept her tryst was evident. Leaning on the parapet of the bridge in the moonlight, and smoking a pipe, was Alex, the gardener. I could have throttled Liddy for her carelessness in reading the torn note where he could hear. And I could cheerfully have choked Alex to death for his audacity.

But there was no help for it; I turned and followed Gertrude slowly back to the house.

The frequent invasions of the house had effectually prevented any relaxation after dusk. We had redoubled our vigilance as to bolts and window-locks, but, as Mr. Jamieson had suggested, we allowed the door at the east entry to remain as before, locked by the Yale lock only. To provide only one possible entrance for the invader, and to keep a constant guard in the dark at the foot of the circular staircase, seemed to be the only method.

In the absence of the detective, Alex and Halsey arranged to change off, Halsey to be on duty from ten to two, and Alex from two until six. Each man was armed, and, as an additional precaution, the one off duty slept in a room near the head of the circular staircase and kept his door open, to be ready for emergency.

Mary Anne Had Gone White.

These arrangements were carefully kept from the servants, who were only commencing to sleep at night, and who retired, one and all, with barred doors and lamps that burned full until morning.

The house was quiet again Wednesday night. It was almost a week since Louise had encountered some one on the stairs, and it was four days since the discovery of the hole in the trunk-room wall. Arnold Armstrong and his father rested side by side in the Casanova churchyard, and at the Zion African church, on the hill, a new mound marked the last resting-place of poor Thomas.

Louise was with her mother in town, and, beyond a polite note of thanks to me, we had heard nothing from her. Dr. Walker had taken up his practice again, and we saw him now and then flying along the road, always at top speed. The murder of Arnold Armstrong was still unavenged, and I remained firm in the position I had taken—to stay at Sunnyside until the thing was at least partly cleared.

And yet, for all its quiet, it was on Wednesday night that perhaps the boldest attempt was made to enter the house. On Thursday afternoon the laundress sent word she would like to speak to me, and I saw her in my private sitting room, a small room beyond the dressing room.

Mary Anne was embarrassed. She had rolled down her sleeves and tried a white apron around her waist, and she stood making folds in it with fingers that were red and shiny from her soap-suds.

"Well, Mary," I said encouragingly, "what's the matter? Don't dare to tell me the soap is out."

"No, ma'am, Miss Innes." She had a nervous habit of looking first at my one eye and then at the other, her own optics shifting ceaselessly, right eye, left eye, right eye, until I found myself doing the same thing. "No, ma'am. I was askin' did you want the ladder left up the clothes chute?"

"The what?" I screeched, and was sorry the next minute. Seeing her suspicions were verified, Mary Anne had gone white, and stood with her eyes shifting more wildly than ever.

"There's a ladder up the clothes chute, Miss Innes," she said. "It's up that tight I can't move it, and I didn't like to ask for help until I spoke to you."

It was useless to dissemble; Mary Anne knew now as well as I did that the ladder had no business to be there. I did the best I could, however. I put her on the defensive at once.

"Then you didn't lock the laundry last night?"

"I locked it tight, and put the key in the kitchen on its nail."

"Very well, then you forgot a window."

Mary Anne hesitated.

"Yes'm," she said at last. "I thought I locked them all, but there was one open this morning."

I went out of the room and down the hall, followed by Mary Anne. The door into the clothes chute was securely bolted, and when I opened it I saw the evidence of the woman's story. A pruning ladder had been brought from where it had lain against the stable and now stood upright in the clothes shaft, its end resting against the wall between the first and second floors.

I turned to Mary.

"This is due to your carelessness," I said. "If we had all been murdered in our beds it would have been your fault." She shivered. "Now, not a word of this through the house, and send Alex to me."

The effect on Alex was to make him apoplectic with rage, and with it all I fancied there was an element of satisfaction. As I look back, so many things are plain to me that I wonder I could not see at the time. It is all known now, and yet the whole thing was so remarkable that perhaps my stupidity was excusable.

Alex leaned down the chute and examined the ladder carefully.

"It is caught," he said with a grim smile. "The fools, to have left a warning like that! The only trouble is, Miss Innes, they won't be apt to come back for a while."

"I shouldn't regard that in the light of a calamity," I replied.

Until late that evening Halsey and Alex worked at the chute. They forced down the ladder at last, and put a new bolt on the door. As for myself, I sat and wondered if I had a deadly enemy, intent on my destruction.

I was growing more and more nervous. Liddy had given up all pretense at bravery, and slept regularly in my dressing room on the couch, with a prayer-book and a game knife from the kitchen under her pillow, thus preparing for both the natural and the supernatural. That was the way things stood that Thursday night, when I myself took a hand in the struggle.

CHAPTER XXIII.

While the Stables Burned.

About nine o'clock that night Liddy came into the living room and reported that one of the housemaids declared she had seen two men slip around the corner of the stable. Gertrude had been sitting staring in front of her, jumping at every sound. Now she turned on Liddy pettishly.

"I declare, Liddy," she said, "you are a bundle of nerves. What if Eliza did see some men around the stable? It may have been Warner and Alex."

"Warner is in the kitchen, miss,"

Liddy said with dignity. "And if you had come through what I have, you would be a bundle of nerves, too. Miss Rachel, I'd be thankful if you'd give me my month's wages to-morrow. I'll be going to my sister's."

"Very well," I said, to her evident amazement. "I will make out the check. Warner can take you down to the noon train."

Liddy's face was really funny.

"You'll have a nice time at your sister's," I went on. "Five children, hasn't she?"

"That's it," Liddy said, suddenly bursting into tears. "Send me away, after all these years, and your new shawl only half done, and nobody knowin' how to fix the water for your bath."

"It's time I learned to prepare my own bath." I was knitting complacently. But Gertrude got up and put her arms around Liddy's shaking shoulders.

"You are two big babies," she said soothingly. "Neither one of you could get along for an hour without the other. So stop quarreling and be good. Liddy, go right up and lay out aunty's night things. She is going to bed early."

After Liddy had gone I began to think about the men at the stable, and I grew more and more anxious. Halsey was aimlessly knocking the billiard balls around in the billiard room, and I called to him.

"Halsey," I said when he sauntered in, "is there a policeman in Casanova?"

"Constable," he said laconically, "veteran of the war, one arm; in office to conciliate the G. A. R. element. Why?"

"Because I am uneasy tonight." And I told him what Liddy had said. "Is there any one you can think of who could be relied on to watch the outside of the house to-night?"

"We might get Sam Bohannan from the club," he said thoughtfully. "It wouldn't be a bad scheme. He's a smart darky, and with his mouth shut and his shirt-front covered, you couldn't see him a yard off in the dark."

Halsey conferred with Alex, and the result, in an hour, was Sam. His instructions were simple. There had been numerous attempts to break into the house; it was the intention, not to drive intruders away, but to capture them. If Sam saw anything suspicious outside, he was to tap at the east entry, where Alex and Halsey were to alternate in keeping watch through the night.

As before, Halsey watched the east entry from ten until two. He had an eye to comfort, and he kept vigil in a heavy oak chair, very large and deep. We went upstairs rather early, and through the open door Gertrude and I kept up a running fire of conversation. Liddy was brushing my hair, and Gertrude was doing her own, with a long free sweep of her strong, round arms.

"Did you know Mrs. Armstrong and Louise are in the village?" she called.

"No," I replied, startled. "How did you hear it?"

"I met the oldest Stewart girl today, the doctor's daughter, and she told me they had not gone back to town after the funeral. They went directly to that little yellow house next to Dr. Walker's, and are apparently settled there. They took the house furnished for the summer."

"Why, it's a bandbox," I said. "I can't imagine Fanny Armstrong in such a place."

"It's true, nevertheless. Ella Stewart says Mrs. Armstrong has aged terribly, and looks as if she is hardly able to walk."

I lay and thought over some of these things until midnight. The electric lights went out then, fading slowly until there was only a red-hot loop to be seen in the bulbs, and then even that died away and we were embarked on the darkness of another night.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

* * *

Condemns Sunshine Fad.

A well-known medical man condemns emphatically the form of vanity that leads people on their holidays to do their utmost to get sunburned. "Workers in city offices," he says, "who go into the country or to the seashore for only one or two weeks will deliberately sit about hatless in the blazing sun, so that they may come back looking brown and healthy. As often as not this practice will send them home far less fit for work then they were when they started, for even if one escapes sunstroke the effects of the sun's rays upon the uncovered head are very bad. They will cause dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of appetite and will often upset the digestive system for many days. There are ways of avoiding the more serious effects of the sun, but personally I would advise the city dweller who must have a brown face to stain it with walnut juice and wear a broad-brimmed hat like a sane and sensible individual."

Marvels of Modern Surgery.

Knife operations on the stomach have given a death rate of from one to 20 per cent., against 20 to 40 per cent. ten years ago. Cutting open the upper abdomen, splitting the stomach open and turning it wrong side out, searching for cancers and ulcers, has become a not uncommon operation, often followed by great cures and benefits, and is largely an American specialty.—New York Press.

Ingenious Burglar Alarm.

The simple burglar alarm that has been under test by the police authorities in Dresden and Berlin seems to have resisted all attempts to pass without giving warning. It consists of a curtain or portiere, wired with fine conductors connected at certain places with metal knobs, and when this is drawn across the door or window, or around the safe, the slightest disturbance throws the knobs out of contact and breaks the electric circuit. The alarm may be signalled by a series of bells, lights, or other electric appliances, either on the premises or at the police station. Cutting the material or interfering with it in the slightest degree, has instant effect, and the wiliest burglar is unable to enter the premises having this apparently trifling protection without giving notice.

Making Him Go.

"I don't think I shall go to the poker party to-night."

"That's one of the truest thinks you have done for quite awhile."

"Jinx owes me $5 which he was to pay me at the party to-night, and which I had decided to give to you to go shopping with, but I am really too tired to go out; guess I'll let it go this time."

"That is just like you! If it was anything you wanted to do you would go in a minute, but when it is something for your wife you are too tired! You will go to that poker party to-night or you will hear from me!"

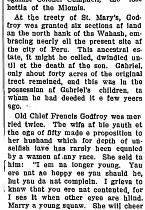
MIAMIS CHIEF DEAD

Broken-Hearted Because of Loss of His Wealth.

Gabriel Godfroy Gave Fortune in Fight for His People—First Wife a Granddaughter of Stolen "White Rose."

Peru, Ind.—Gabriel Godfroy, last chief of the Miamis, died the other day of a broken heart, because he had lost all his wealth, $50,000, through politics. He was urged by his friends to run for road supervisor, and he won the office, though he afterward declared that he did not want it. Godfroy and his people were persuaded to vote. Chief Godfroy bitterly repented of this later, for, when his people exercised that function, they were called upon to pay taxes, from which they had been previously exempt, and this started litigation which continued for years and wiped out the holdings of the chief, who was the banker for his people.

Chief Godfroy, "the Last of the Miamis," he might be called, was seventy-six years old, and was born in Blackford county, just adjoining the county in which he lived all his life and in which he died. His father was Chief Francis Godfroy, of French descent, who as a warrior was, next to Little Turtle, the greatest chief of the Miamis. He ranked close to Tecumseh, the Napoleon of the red race. Little Turtle formed a powerful federation of the Weas, the Shockneys, the Penkekaws and the Pottawatamies, which defeated General Harmer October 19, 1790 and General St. Clair November 4, 1791. At the battle of Tippecanoe, Chief Francis Godfroy gave the signal for the attack of the combined Indian forces and was joint commander with Deaf Men in the drawn battle of Mississinewa against Colonel Campbell, the last battle of the Miamis.



At the treaty of St. Mary's, Godfroy was granted six sections of land on the north bank of the Wabash, embracing nearly all the present site of the city of Peru. This ancestral estate, it might be called, dwindled until at the death of the son, Gabriel, only about forty acres of the original tract remained, and this was in the possession of Gabriel's children, to whom he had deeded it a few years ago.

Old Chief Francis Godfroy was married twice. The wife of his youth at the age of fifty made a proposition to her husband which for depth of unselfish love has rarely been equaled by a woman of any race. She said to him: "I am no longer young. You are not as happy as you should be, but you do not complain. I grieve to know that you are not contented, for I see it when other eyes are blind. Marry a young squaw. She will cheer and brighten your life. I'll not complain or sulk. I'll be your slave and a servant to her and her children." He declined, but his wife pleaded with him until he finally granted her wish.

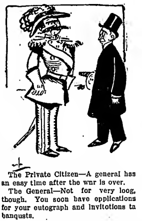
When his father died, in a house which is part of the present home of the Godfroy family, and was buried just across the road, Gabriel became chief. He was married three times. His first wife was a granddaughter of Frances Slocum, who was stolen by the Indians when she was six years old.

Frances Slocum was stolen in 1776 from her home near Wilkesbarre, Pa., by the Delaware Indians. She was passed to the Miamis and became known as the "White Rose of the Miamis." Her brothers never gave up the search for her. Finally, in 1837, she was located in Miami county as a member of the Indian tribe, and her brothers journeyed from Pennsylvania to take her home. When the object of their visit was explained, she said she had lived so long among the Indians, and they had treated her so well, that she would not desert them. Her brothers went home brokenhearted. Godfroy's third wife is still living.

Twenty years ago Chief Godfroy had a fine farm of about a hundred acres and was worth about $50,000. He was called on scores of times to pay fines against Indians. For seven years he paid the expense and stood the worry of a legal battle which the county commissioners brought to compel him and others of his tribe to pay taxes on their lands. They claimed the lands to be exempt because of the treaties by which they were deeded to them by the government. When his fortune had disappeared the suit was compromised, and his people should be exempt for ten years.

When this decision was announced, Chief Godfroy advanced to the bench and, in a voice trembling with emotion, told his story of wrongs. The aged chief told how the poor Indians had again been crushed and humiliated by the cruel "pale face;" how they had lost their lands and their rights. When he had finished he strode from the courtroom with all the dignity becoming a great chief, but from that moment until he died he seemed oppressed with grief. He died without any property. The "Last of the Miamis" has gone to the "Happy Hunting Grounds."

BUSY THEN.



The Private Citizen—A general has an easy time after the war is over.

The General—Not for very long, though. You soon have applications for your autograph and invitations to banquets.

Red Cross Christmas Seals.

Arrangements for the sale of Red Cross Christmas Seals for 1910 have been announced by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis and the American Red Cross. "A Million for Tuberculosis" will be the slogan of the 1910 campaign. Two features of the sale this year are unique and will bring considerable capital to the tuberculosis fighters. The American National Red Cross is to issue the stamps as in former years, but this organization will work in close co-operation with the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, which body will share in the proceeds of the sales. The charge to local associations for the use of the national stamps has been reduced also from 20 per cent. to 12½ per cent., which will mean at least $50,000 more for tuberculosis work in all parts of the United States. The stamps are to be designated as "Red Cross Seals" this year and are to be placed on the back of letters instead of on the front.

The Enemies.

Apropos of the enmity, now happily buried, that used to exist between Minneapolis and St. Paul, Senator Clapp said at a dinner in the former city:

"I remember an address on careless building that I once heard in Minneapolis.

"'Why,' said the speaker in the course of this address, 'one inhabitant of St. Paul is killed by accident in the streets every 48 hours.'

"A bitter voice from the rear of the hall interrupted:

"'Well, it ain't enough,' it said."

Speaking of Fires.

Roy Bone, a brother of United States District Attorney Harry Bone, several years ago was a reporter on the Wichita Beacon. In going to a fire one of the members of the fire department was thrown from a hose cart and killed. Bone wrote a head, with this as the first deck: "Gone to His Last Fire."

The piece got into the paper and Bone was promptly "fired."—Kansas City Journal.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The man who can make up his mind quickly make up other people's minds for them.—G. H. Lorimer.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and
GRANULATED EYELIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain
Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00
Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00
EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

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FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.
Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

OLD SORES CURED
Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A1, St. Paul, Minn.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

YOURS

Yours for uniformity.

Yours for greatest leavening power.

Yours for never failing results.

Yours for purity.

Yours for economy.

Yours for everything that goes to make up a strictly high grade, ever-dependable baking powder.

That is Calumet. Try it once and note the improvement in your baking. See how much more economical over the high-priced trust brands, how much better than the cheap and big-can kinds.

Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in cost.

Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

MONEY MADE IN TWO WAYS.

"That palmist will tell you when you are going to die."

"And then run and tell the undertaker, I suppose, and get a commission on the business."

Shrewd Scheme Stopped Run.

Many years ago, in consequence of a commercial panic, there was a severe run on a bank in South Wales, and the small farmers jostled each other in crowds to draw out their money. Things were rapidly going from bad to worse, when the bank manager, in a fit of desperation, suddenly bethought him of an expedient. By his directions a clerk, having heated some sovereigns in a frying-pan, paid them over the counter to an anxious applicant. "Why, they're quite hot!" said the latter as he took them up. "Of course," was the reply; "what else could you expect? They are only just out of the mold. We are coining them by hundreds as fast as we can." "Coining them!" thought the simple agriculturists; "then there is no fear of the money running short!" With this their confidence revived, the panic abated, and the bank was enabled to weather the storm.

Not Impregnable.

Horace Avory, K. C., just appointed a judge, is one of the mordant wits of the British bar. One day, cross-examining a recalcitrant witness, he asked:

"What are you?"

"A retired gentleman," proudly asserted the ex-cheesemonger.

"Well," snarled Avery, "when you achieved the position of gentleman, why did you retire from it?"

Misdirected Energy.

"How did the street car company come to fire that old conductor? I thought he had a pull?"

"He did; but he didn't use it on the cash register."—Christian Advocate.

Brings Cheer to the breakfast table—

Post Toasties with cream.

Crisp, golden-brown "crinkly" bits, made from white corn.

A most appetizing, convenient, pleasurable breakfast.

"The Memory Lingers"

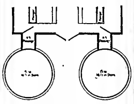
Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

SILOS OF REINFORCED HOLLOW CLAY BLOCKS

Have Proven Extremely Satisfactory and Present Pleasing Appearance of Solidity, Durability and Permanency.

The use of hollow clay building blocks properly reinforced for silo construction have proven extremely satisfactory in every particular, and after extensive and thorough investigation and the building and testing of numerous silos, the agricultural engineering department of the Iowa experiment station heartily recommend their use.

The fundamental principle involved in preservation of silage is the retention of moisture within the silage and the exclusion of air. For this reason, the silo wall must be non-porous. Moisture must be prevented from passing out and air from passing in.



Silos and Dairy Barn.

Hard burned hollow clay building blocks will not absorb a large amount of water. Moisture is not readily transferred through a wall of such material. It is recommended that only blocks which have a low absorption be used for silo construction. Blocks of this kind are more durable, and a silo built of them will preserve silage better.

After due consideration to all other points of merit to be found in silos, the most desirable silo is the one that is the most durable and will give the longest term of service. The durability of a silo depends, first upon its strength, and second, the durability of the material used in its construction.

To be durable, any material must resist the action of the weather, the constant wetting and drying, freezing and thawing in the winter season, and any disintegrating action which may be due to the silage itself. Some material will disintegrate with age, and other materials suffer from rapid decay when subject to the warm, moist conditions which exist in the silo.

The walls of the Iowa silo are constructed of hollow, vitrified clay building blocks which, as far as weather resistance is concerned, are as durable as any building material which can be obtained.

Form for Making Foundation.

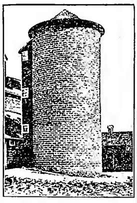
The roof of the Iowa silo, like the walls, is made of durable material. A cheaper roof may be used if desired, but it is strongly advised that the concrete roof be used where possible.

One common mistake met with in silo construction is that the door frame is made of material which will soon decay or rust and have to be replaced. The door frame of the Iowa silo is made of reinforced concrete which, when properly constructed, should be as durable as the walls themselves.

The materials used in the Iowa silo will resist decaying disintegration, the action of frost, and any implied or real action of the acidity of the silage. Even the steel which is placed in the mortar joints and concrete door frame as reinforcement, is thoroughly protected from rust. So carefully has the matter of durability been considered in the design of the Iowa silo that it would be difficult to estimate its life. When carefully built it ought to last for several generations.

The doors of the Iowa silo are designed to be made of wood. They will decay and must be replaced after several years. The convenience and low cost of the wooden doors, which may be easily replaced, justifies their use.

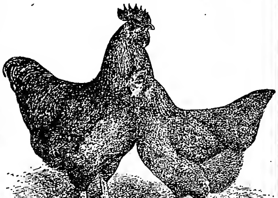
The Iowa silo when properly constructed is practically free from any expense for repair and maintenance. The only possible expense may be the occasional washing of the inside of the walls at intervals of not less than five years, with a cement wash and the replacement of the doors after they have become rotten from use.



Iowa Silo.

An ideal silo must have rigid walls. It must be strong enough to resist the bursting pressure of the silage. This acts outward in all directions as the silage settles. The friction of the silage against the wall, and the weight of the wall produce a crushing action which is great near the bottom of the silo. A silo when empty should be heavy enough to stand against heavy winds. The inside of a silo wall should be reasonably smooth to permit the silage to settle freely. If the wall is not smooth or if there are shoulders or offsets on the inside surface air pockets will be formed and a considerable loss of silage will result.

SUSSEX BREEDS OF POULTRY



The Kent, Surrey and Sussex breeds of fowls in England occupy much the same relation to the industry of that country that the Rhode Island Reds did with us several years ago before the breed was perfected. In many respects they seem all closely allied to the Dorking, which at one time must have been the parent stock from which they have differentiated. There seems to be a disposition among British fanciers to improve the Sussex breed of fowls, of which there are four varieties. The Red and Brown, Light and Speckled or Splashed. Of these the first seems to be growing in favor. In type, color of plumage and economic values it is not unlike our Rhode Island Reds. They are rated as good all-purpose birds, the hens laying a goodly number of medium-sized eggs; the chicks are hardy and easy to grow. Color qualifications for exhibition purposes are much the same as in the American Standard for Rhode Island Reds. The illustration is not without suggestiveness in form to our two popular American breeds.

Eggs in Cold Storage.

A daily paper states that 45,000,000 eggs have been shipped into Newark, N. J., since April 1, and placed in cold storage by the warehousemen, to remain there until the high prices of last winter are duplicated. The eggs come from the western states. They were purchased at an average of 24 cents per dozen, says Kansas Farmer. Two cents per dozen is added to cover insurance, storage costs, etc., which brings the total cost to 26 cents a dozen. If the eggs can be retailed in New York next winter at 45 cents a dozen, which price they brought last winter, there will be a profit of 19 cents a dozen, or a total of something over $700,000. When it is considered that this quantity is from but one of the large cities of the country the total amount of eggs in cold storage must be tremendous.

Canadian Dairy Products.

According to testimony recently given before a committee of the Canadian parliament, the annual value of the milk and milk products of the Dominion are as follows: Butter and cheese, factory made, $36,000,000; dairy butter, $22,000,000; condensed milk, $1,000,000; milk for home consumption, $35,000,000. Total, $94,000,000. Since 1903 there has been a large decrease in the exportation of dairy products, amounting to nearly $2,000,000 in cheese and over $6,000,000 in butter, due mostly to the rapid increase of population and a greater home consumption, the latter being estimated at $9,000,000 annually.

Sheep on the Farm.

Every farm should keep a flock of sheep, for every farm has a place for sheep which nothing else can fill. The flock may be a small one. That depends on conditions; but the flock should be amply sufficient to supply the family with mutton.

A Good Fleece.

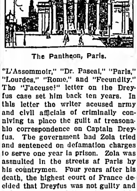
Fleece should possess the properties of evenness and uniformity; this refers to covering density and quality. A good fleece should be as nearly uniform in all parts as practicable.

PLACE WHERE ZOLA RESTS

Great Writer's Remains Lie in the Pantheon, the Terrestrial Valhalla of the French.

Paris.—Years of effort made Emile Zola a great writer and earned for him the prospective honor of a grave in the Pantheon, the Westminster abbey of France. One little letter took him that privilege. Then a court decision made it possible ten years after the letter was written for his body to rest with France's immortal ones under the legend on the Pantheon's dome: "To Great Men, the Grateful Fatherland."

Zola died in 1902 from accidental suffocation by coal gas escaping from a patent heater. Literary glory came to Zola through his great works, "La Sehaelo," "La Fortune de Rougon," "L'Assommoir," "Dr. Pascal," "Paris," "Lourdes," "Rome," and "Fecundity." The "J'accuse!" letter on the Dreyfus case set him back ten years. In this letter the writer accused army and civil officials of criminally conniving to place the guilt of treasonable correspondence on Captain Dreyfus. The government had Zola tried and sentenced on defamation charges to serve one year in prison. Zola was assaulted in the streets of Paris by his countrymen. Four years after his death, the highest court of France decided that Dreyfus was not guilty and Zolas "J'accuse!" letter, when read in the courtroom by Dreyfus's lawyer, was applauded and cheered. So Zola, dead, has received honors which Zola, living, was refused.



The Pantheon, Paris.

The Pantheon is the terrestrial Valhalla of the French. It is a great cross-shaped basilica, with a dome nearly 300 feet high. It stands on a hill on the Latin quarter side of the Seine on the site of a Christian church built 1,200 years ago. As most living Frenchmen crave the Cross of the Legion of Honor or admission to the French academy, so most Frenchmen long for that greatness which demands a burial in the Pantheon. And Zola has it.

WIRELESS MESSAGES ANCIENT

Natives of Africa Communicate Over a Distance of Seven Miles by a Code of Drum Signals.

Johannesburg, La.—Many strange tribes dwell in the interior of Africa and queer indeed are some of their ways. One tribe, the Batetela, has long used a method of sending communications between its several villages that is unique and well worth consideration. A wooden drum is used and the "wireless" message can be picked up, or heard, seven miles away. It is amazing. The drum used by the Batetela for sending messages in this manner is first cut out from one large solid piece of hard wood. Its shape, as may be seen in the illustration, is quite peculiar and must require considerable skill in the fashioning, when one considers the lack of proper tools among these tribes. Still more difficult is the finishing of the drum's interior, for it has to be hollowed out and all the work is done through the long narrow opening which shows at the top. The shape inside follows that outside and much patience and care are required in attaining that perfection necessary to success in the completed instrument. The least check or split in the wooden walls of this instrument would seriously impair if it did not destroy its usefulness.

Drum Signaling in Africa.

The sticks used in beating this peculiar drum have at their ends a knob of rubber. To send a message the beater will ascend a hill in the evening when the air is still and affords least resistance to the outward speeding sound waves from his drum. The sound created is very rough when near by. Three distinct sounds or notes can be produced from each side of this drum, according to where it is beaten. These are used to form a syllabic alphabet, which permits the natives to transmit messages, no matter how complicated they may be. Not unlike the tones of some bell, then, the Africa drum sends its weird notes ringing through the tropical forests, and members of the tribe in other villages, even as far away as seven miles, can hear and understand the message on a still night.

Snake Scares Women.

Butler, Pa.—A live house snake, three feet long, without stamp or postmark, crawled from a mail sack the other night when Mrs. Winifred Turk, postmistress of Hilliard, opened the sack. Mrs. Turk and Miss Mary Smith, her assistant, fled in terror, and so did the snake.

PROMISED A LIVELY TIME

Mark Twain's Outline of Editorial Policy He Had Made Up His Mind to Adopt.

Mark Twain took the editorial chair on the Buffalo Express in August, 1869, and this is the paragraph in which he made the readers acquainted with his new responsibility: "I only wish to assure parties having a friendly interest in the prosperity of this journal that I am not going to hurt the paper deliberately and intentionally at any time. I am not going to introduce any startling reform or in any way attempt to make trouble. I am simply going to do my plain, unpretending duty—when I cannot get out of it. I shall work diligently and honestly and faithfully at all times and upon all occasions—when privation and want shall compel me to do so. In writing I shall confine myself to the truth, except when it is attended with inconvenience. I shall witheringly rebuke all forms of crime and misconduct, except when committed by the party inhabiting my own vest. I shall not make use of slang or vulgarity upon any occasion or in any circumstances and shall never use profanity except in discussing house rent and taxes. Indeed, upon second thought, I will not even then, for it is inelegant, un-Christian and degrading. I shall not often meddle with politics, because we have a political editor who is already excellent and only needs a term in the penitentiary to be perfect. I shall not write any poetry unless I conceive a spite against the subscribers."

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WELL?

The kidney secretions tell if disease is lurking in the system. Too frequent or scanty urination, discolored urine, lack of control at night, indicate that the kidneys are disordered. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

"Every Picture Tells A Story"

J. F. Haynie, 7th St., Forest Grove, Ore., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life. I was in bed for weeks, passed blood and was in terrible condition. Doan's Kidney Pills removed my trouble and I have not had an attack for over a year.

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

English in London.

Senator Depew, on the deck of the Lusitania, talked about "English as she is spoken in London."

"It is very difficult to understand that London English," he said. "I know a man who had lodgings all July in Bloomsbury, near the British museum.

"On his return from the museum one afternoon, my friend said to his landlady:

"'Can I have a cup of tea, if you please?'

"'Certainly, sir; at once,' the landlady replied. 'The kettle 'as been bi'lin' for 'oure.'

"'But—er—I prefer freshly boiled water, if you don't mind,' stammered my friend.

"The landlady reddened with anger.

"'Look 'ere,' she said, 'if I 'ad meant wot you mean I'd 'ave said h-oure.'"

TINY BABY'S PITIFUL CASE

"Our baby when two months old was suffering with terrible eczema from head to foot, all over her body. The baby looked just like a skinned rabbit. We were unable to put clothes on her. At first it seemed to be a few mattered pimples. They would break the skin and peel off leaving the underneath skin red as though it were scalds. Then a few more pimples would appear and spread all over the body, leaving the baby all raw without skin from head to foot. On top of her head there appeared a heavy scab a quarter of an inch thick. It was awful to see so small a baby look as she did. Imagine! The doctor was afraid to put his hands to the child. We tried several doctors' remedies but all failed.

"Then we decided to try Cuticura. By using the Cuticura Ointment we softened the scab and it came off. Under this, where the real matter was, by washing with the Cuticura Soap and applying the Cuticura Ointment, a new skin soon appeared. We also gave baby four drops of the Cuticura Resolvent three times daily. After three days you could see the baby gaining a little skin which would peel off and heal underneath. Now the baby is four months old. She is a fine picture of a fat little baby and all is well. We only used one cake of Cuticura Soap, two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and one bottle of Cuticura Resolvent. If people would know what Cuticura is there would be few suffering with eczema. Mrs. Joseph Kossmann, 7 St. John's Place, Ridgewood Heights, N. Y., Apr. 30 and May 4, '09."

Unfair.

Senator John H. Bankhead, discussing a political move, said with a smile:

"Oh, it's too coldly calculated. It's almost unfair. In fact, it's like Mrs. Blank.

"Mrs. Blank is a leader of Bar Harbor society. Her husband said to her, one afternoon, as she made a very elaborate toilet for a garden party that she was giving to some members of the British legation:

"'Why did you write to all our guests that this party was to be absolutely informal?'

"Mrs. Blank laughed.

"'So as to be the best-dressed woman present, of course,' she said."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Write me as one that loves his fellow men.—Leigh Hunt.

Dr. Pierce's pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Your truly great are notoriously not happy.—J. C. Snaith.

INDEED, THEY DO.

"I always try to be a gentleman."

"Some people have pretty hard trials, don't they?"

"The Wish Is Father to the Thought."

Dr. Robert L. Waggoner, the president of Baldwin university, said, in the course of an address on pedagogy at Berea, O.:

"And one of the most remarkable changes in the last 30 years of teaching is the abolition of corporal punishment. A boy of this generation is never whipped. But a boy of the last generation—well!"

Doctor Waggoner smiled.

"The boys of the last generation," he said, "must have believed that their instructors all had for motto:

"'The swish is father to the taught.'"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Just Like a Girl.

"Her cooking-school habits are a good deal of bother to me."

"How now?"

"She always wants me to taste the gasoline when the automobile isn't working right."

Good for Sore Eyes,
for 100 years PETTIT'S EYE SALVE has positively cured eye diseases everywhere. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

The only certainty is principle; as new as today, and as old as the universe.—Horatio Stebbens.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

The more worthy any soul is, the larger its compassion.—John Bright.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP

Makes the skin soft as velvet. Improves any complexion. Best shampoo made. Cures most skin eruptions.

Munyon's Hair Invigorator cures dandruff, stops hair from falling out, makes hair grow.

If you have Dyspepsia, or any liver trouble, use Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills. They cure Biliousness, Constipation and drive all impurities from the blood.—MUNYON'S HOMEOPATHIC HOME REMEDY CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED PROCESS SHOES

MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
WOMEN'S $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4
BOYS' $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS

They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are positively the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Salts and Castor Oil—bad stuff—never cure, only makes bowels move because it irritates and sweats them, like poking finger in your eye. The best *Bowel Medicine is Cascarets*. Every Salts and Castor Oil user should get a box of CASCARETS and try them just once. You'll see. 884

Cascarets—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

The best investment possible is a Gillette KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

CALIFORNIA OIL. Reliable information of oil lands, leases, and securities. Three months' trial subscription free. INVESTORS' JOURNAL, P. O. Drawer 983, Los Angeles, Cal.

RUBBER STAMPS STENCILS, SEALS, etc. Send for catalogue. FARGO STAMP WORKS, FARGO, N. D.

Do You Feel This Way?

Do you feel all tired out? Do you sometimes think you just can't work away at your profession or trade any longer? Do you have a poor appetite, and lay awake at nights unable to sleep? Are your nerves all gone, and your stomach too? Has ambition to forge ahead in the world left you? If so, you might as well put a stop to your misery. You can do it if you will. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will make you a different individual. It will set your lazy liver to work. It will set things right in your stomach, and your appetite will come back. It will purify your blood. If there is any tendency in your family toward consumption, it will keep that dread destroyer away. Even after consumption has almost gained a foothold in the form of a lingering cough, bronchitis, or bleeding at the lungs, it will bring about a cure in 98 per cent. of all cases. It is a remedy prepared by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., whose *advice is given free* to all who wish to write him. His great success has come from his wide experience and varied practice.

Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking inferior substitutes for Dr. Pierce's medicines, recommended to be "just as good." Dr. Pierce's medicines are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Their every ingredient printed on their wrappers. Made from roots without alcohol. Contain no habit-forming drugs. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean: an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the
STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

WESTERN CANADA'S 1910 CROPS

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Wheat Yield in Many Districts Will Be From 25 to 35 Bushels Per Acre

Land sales and homestead entries increasing. No cessation in numbers going from United States. Wonderful opportunities remain for those who intend making Canada their home. New districts being opened up for settlement. Many farmers will net, this year, $10 to $15 per acre from their wheat crop. All the advantages of old settled countries are there. Good schools, churches, splendid markets, excellent railway facilities. See the grain exhibit at the different State and some of the County fairs.

Letters similar to the following are received every day, testifying to satisfactory conditions; other districts are as favorably spoken of:

THEY SENT FOR THEIR SON.
Maidstone, Sask., Canada, Aug. 5th, 1910.
"My parents came here from Cedar Falls, Iowa, four years ago, and were so well pleased with this country they sent to Coeur d'Alene for me. I have taken up a homestead near them, and am perfectly satisfied to stop here." Leonard Douglas.

WANTS SETTLER'S RATE FOR HIS STOCK.
Stettler, Alberta, July 31st, 1910.
"Well I got up here from Forest City, Iowa, last Spring in good shape with the stock and everything. Now, I have got two boys back in Iowa yet, and I am going back there now soon to get them and another car up here this fall. What I would like to know is, if there is any chance to get a cheap rate back again, and when we return to Canada I will call at your office for our certificates."
Yours truly, H. A. Wik.

WILL MAKE HIS HOME IN CANADA.
Brainerd, Minn., Aug. 1st, 1910.
"I am going to Canada a week from today and intend to make my home there. My husband has been there six weeks and is well pleased with the country; so he wants me to come as soon as possible. He filed on a claim near Landis, Sask., and by his description of it it must be a pretty place. My brother-in-law, Mr. Frank J. Zimmer, lives there and it was through him that we decided to locate in Canada."
Yours truly,
Mrs. Richard Henry Ebinger.

TAKES HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW'S WORD FOR IT.
Taylors Falls, Minn., Aug. 7, 1910.
"I shall go to Camrose this Fall with my cattle and household goods. I got a poor crop here this year and my brother-in-law, Axel Nordstrom in Camrose, wants me to come there. He formerly lived in Wilton, North Dakota. I am going to buy or take homestead when I get there, but I do not want to travel two times there, for I take my brother-in-law's word about the country, and want to get your low rate."
Yours truly,
Peter A. Nelson.

WANTS TO RETURN TO CANADA.
Vesta, Minn., July 24th, 1910.
"I went to Canada nine years ago and took up a quarter section of railroad land and a homestead, but my boys have never taken up any land yet. I still hold the railroad land. I had to come back to the states on account of my health. Please let me know at once if I can get the cheap rates to Ponoka, Alberta."
Yours truly,
Geo. Paskewitz,
Vesta, Minn.

Send for literature and ask the local Canadian Government Agents for Excursion Rates, best districts in which to locate, and when to go.

CHAS. PILLING, Clifford Block, Grand Forks, North Dakota

MICA AXLE GREASE
Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.
STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, Cookies and Crackers, Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	School Supplies Pencils Tablets, Etc.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

John Walker of Plummer was in town today.

E. A. Mittwer returned from the cities today.

Jule Lisha was at Crookston the first of the week.

Jos. Toupin spent Sunday at the Toupin home in Crookston.

Mrs. Marchand and family have gone to Grand Forks to reside.

J. D. Houston returned Tuesday from a business trip to Herman, Minn.

Max Ingber was attending to business matters at Crookston Monday.

Wm. Erickson left Saturday on a business trip to the range country.

Lulie Dubuque and family this week moved into the T. Robillard house.

For Sale—Full blood registered Holstein bull 3 years old.—Fred Behn.

J. D. Houston was attending to business matters at Crookston Wednesday.

Marcel Patnode this week purchased the Moe Bray house on Third street.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel October 6.

Matt Steele returned Monday from the cities where he had spent several days.

Mrs. Marchand was over from Grand Forks, where she now resides, the first of the week.

Andrew Patnode, who is employed at Coleraine, is spending the week with relatives here.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wmsolel. Beaul. tf

A. P. Toupin, register of United States land office, was over from Crookston today.

Miss Hazel Healy has been elected secretary of the freshman class of the Moorhead Normal.

Mrs. W. T. Spillane was at Thief River Falls Saturday to institute a local Forresters lodge.

Did you read the list of prizes in the Gazette voting contest? You can certainly use one of them.

Ernest Mayhow returned this week from Warroad where he has been employed the past few weeks.

Mildred and Marie Holm visited over Sunday with their sister, Mrs. Daniel Quesnelle, at Crookston.

Determination wins in the long race; if you are determined you can win a prize in the Gazette contest.

Mrs. H. E. Mussey of Thief River Falls spent Sunday here with her son, Homer Mussey, of the Gazette force.

Walter Johnson, who was a guest at the Healy home for several days, has returned to his home in Minneapolis.

Mrs. J. J. Padden and children came over from Crookston this morning and are visiting at the Schroiter home.

Crookston College is the oldest and largest school in the Northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "A Yard of Success." Address J. C. Sathre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Mrs. Fred Lacount of Thief River Falls visited at the homes of D. Beausoleil and Joseph Prudhomme this week.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Mrs. Fred Lacount of Thief River Falls attended the funeral of her uncle, the late Andrew Lacrosse, last Friday.

You can win a piano, sewing machine, watch or some other valuable prize if you save your coupons and ballots.

Only the ladies can secure prizes in the Gazette voting contest but, be sure you have the "other follows" working for you.

Ralph Healy came over from the Forks, where he is attending the North Dakota State University, and spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. Ben Rosch entertained Mr. and Mr. L. A. Kaufer and family, who are soon to leave for their new home in the west, at an elegant dinner Thursday.

Vern and Ralph Healy and Walter Johnson went to Thief Lake on a hunting expedition last week. They brought a nice string of birds home with them.

Without economy you can never be rich; with it you need not be poor. Economize a little each day and start a savings account at the Merchants State Bank.

Mrs. H. N. Johnson, who was the guest of relatives and friends here, went to Crookston Saturday and will visit at the A. P. Toupin home before returning to Lankin, N. Dak.

J. J. McGinnis, who has been foreman of the Great Northern section for the last few months, has been transferred to Barnesville and he and his family have gone there to reside.

The members of the Rebecca lodge and invited guests enjoyed a card party at I. O. O. F. hall Monday night. Progressive whist was played and a pleasant evening was spent.

Came to my place Sept. 17, one spring calf, yellow with white stripe along the back and four white legs. Owner can have same by paying for expenses.—Joe Tschirhart, North Side.

O. Bovins of Grand Forks visited with his sister, Mrs. A Roi of Hilltop, last week. While here Mr. Bovins went out after game and took a bag of ten chickens back to the Forks with him.

Mrs. W. T. Spillane entertained Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Kauter and family, who plan to leave for their new home in Seattle next week, at an elegant six o'clock dinner last evening.

There is much improvement in the condition of Miss Mayma Linnihan who underwent an operation for appendicitis at a hospital at Grand Forks several weeks ago and was critically ill for several days following the operation. Miss Linalhan will be able to return to her home in two or three weeks.

Winter is coming. Don't suffer the hardships of living in a cold house when you may just as well live in a good, warm house where you can save several tons of coal or several cords of wood, as well as doctors' bills and be comfortable. We have several good, warm houses for sale or rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

The parents of that certain young man who persists in shooting at the electric light at the end of the Klondyke bridge and thereby destroying it, had best notify him to stop the practice at once. He has been watched on two occasions recently, and one more attempt to break the light will result in his immediate arrest and prosecution to the fullest extent of the law.—Electric Light Co.

Born, Sept. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Allard of Big Falls, Minn., a daughter. Mrs. Allard has been visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Brady, in this city for several weeks, so the little lady is being heartily welcomed by her fond grand parents and other relatives.

I D. Wilson, who had been here for several days, looking after the threshing on his farms, went to Thief River Falls today and will return to his home at Northfield this evening, going to the cities over the Soo line.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the church parlors next Wednesday afternoon. A twenty five cent supper will be served from 5 o'clock until all are served. The supper is to be given by the ladies of the church who reside in the country which is a guaranty that there'll be something good to eat. All are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Kanfer and family plan to leave for their new home at Seattle, Wash., next Tuesday. The removal of this family from Red Lake Falls will cause general regret. They have been residents of the city since pioneer days. Mr. Kanfer came here about thirty years ago and since that time he has been one of the enterprising and progressive business man of the city, a booster all the time. He has worked early and late and between times for his home town. He is a good citizen and a good friend whom Red Lake Falls will regret to lose as a business man and whose estimable family will be missed by numerous friends in this city who will wish them success and happiness in large measure in their new home. Mr. Kanfar will become associated with his brother, Phil A. Kanfar, former publisher of the Gazette, who conducts a large Catholic supply house, wholesale and retail, at Seattle.

MEAT MARKET CHANGE.

New Owners of Falls Meat Market are in Possession.

The new proprietors of the Falls Meat Market, Campbell & Baum, who purchased a few weeks ago from A. G. Groshong, are now in possession, having taken charge of the business the first of the week. The new people will not only conduct the market but will be purchasers of live stock as well and will purchase stock for shipment as well as for the local supply.

LINE NEARLY COMPLETED.

Last Rail on Soo Line Will be Laid Saturday.

On Saturday of this week the last rail will be laid on the new Soo line and the connection between Duluth and the west will then be complete.

The new branch leaves the main line, which was built to Superior a year ago, at Moose Lake and runs in a generally northwesterly direction. It runs through a rich farming country, and gives access to Duluth to the farmers of that district who may ship their produce there for sale.

Many new towns are building up on the new line and the construction of the line means the rapid development of the fine farming country east of here.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

The First Truth for Candidates to Learn.

At least one half of the voters of Red Lake county are reading every issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette. It does not require much figuring to show that the candidate can get more publicity for a modest sum of money by using Gazette advertising space than in any other way. For $5.00 a brief formal announcement will be run from now until the general election; for $10.00 the same announcement with a single column cut will be run. The sooner you make your announcement the more you can get for your money. Those whose announcements appear in the Gazette may purchase space for special announcements at a fair advertising rate. This statement is made to indicate to candidates that the advertising columns are open to any candidate who may desire to make use of them for legitimate advertising matter. This is an offer to sell space in the advertising columns only; not in the editorial or news columns.

Celebrate Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Glass of Lake Pleasant celebrated the forty-fifth anniversary of their marriage on Saturday, Sept. 17, at their home on Poplar Grove Farm. There were five children and fourteen grand children present for the happy occasion. Chas. E. Glass of LeSuenr Minn., the eldest son, and his family were unable to be present.

The children, all except one of whom were present, are Chas. E. Glass of Le Suenr, L. C. Glass of Dugdale, F. E. Glass and Ray Glass of Lake Pleasant and Mrs. J. C. Wilkinson and Mrs. P. B. Gaass of Red Lake Falls.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43, Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn tf

For Rent.

Large, well improved farm, apply to Mrs. John Sutter, s22

Electricity
THE ONLY POWER

We are now looking up prospects for daylight service and have placed an expert at your disposal. All of the conveniences of a twenty-four hour service are yours if you will call on expert and explain your needs.

TELEPHONE 18 CALL 2
Red River Power Co.

WILL OPEN NEW BANK

H. H. Zaiser Will Locate in New Soo Line Town.

H. H. Zaiser of this city is organizing the First State bank of Federal Dam and will about Nov. 1 open a state bank in the new town. Mr. Zaiser will also open a lumber yard in the new town. Federal Dam has a good location and it is expected that it will be a division point on the new line. Under such favorable circumstances, so capable and experienced a business man as Mr. Zaiser ought to prosper in the new location. It is possible that Harry Garcean of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls may become associated with Mr. Zaiser in the banking business. The bank is to have a capital stock of $10,000 and two or three other business men will be associated with Mr. Zaiser.

Resolution for Hearing on Sidewalk Assessments.

Whereas, the city council has heretofore ordered the construction of sidewalks, curb, and gutter along and adjoining the following described lots and premises in the city of Red Lake Falls, by the owners thereof, the names of whom appear below opposite the description of the respective lots, to-wit:

Owner	Champaigne & Dow's Addition Lot	Block
Louis Lefalve & Security of Bank of Spooner	12	6
	Buse & Bottineau's Addition	
Owner	Lot	Block
Sophia Belair	3	1
James Blake	6, 7, 8	1
Andrew Knudson	27	1
	Original Townsite	
Owner	Lot	Block
Cora Hanson, Morris Hanson	27	3
A. M. Anderson and J. C. Wander	25, 26	3
Leon Bourque	23, 24	3

and Whereas, the time duly set for the construction of said walks, etc., having expired, the said city has caused the said walks and improvements ordered, to be duly constructed and made at the expense of the city, now,

Be It Resolved, That the city council meet at the city hall in said city on the 29th day of September, 1910, at 8 o'clock p. m., of said day, then and there to hear testimony of all persons interested, and to ascertain and fix the amount of benefits to be derived by property fronting such sidewalks and improvements, by reason of the construction thereof, and to assess the amount of such benefits and the cost of construction against the property so benefited, and

Resolved, further That a copy of this resolution shall be personally served upon all persons, lot owners named above, at least five days prior to such meeting, and in case any of such persons are non-residents of said city, such service shall be by publication of this resolution in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, at least five days prior to the date of such meeting.

Resolution duly adopted Sept. 15, 1910.

SIMON PAUL,
President of City Council.
JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

$1.50
Up-to-Date Rockers

Every Rocker is strictly first quality, is thoroughly kiln dried and will not vary in any climate.

From $1.50 to $35

Fournet Furniture Store
Red Lake Falls Crookston

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA
FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Merchants State' Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the city council of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., for the repairing of the Clearwater bridge in said city according to the plans on file in the office of the city clerk of said city.

The city council of said city will meet at the city hall on Thursday, the 29th day of September, 1910, at 8 o'clock p. m., to consider such bids as shall be submitted and to award contract for same All bids must be filed with the city clerk at or before the hour of meeting.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite other bids.

A certified check of not less than $25.00 must accompany all bids.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, this 6th day of September, 1910.

JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal, City of Red Lake Falls.)

Bids Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon, the 7th day of October, A. D., 1910, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the construction of a re-inforced concrete retaining wall along the property line on the east side of the Court House in said City of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Sealed bids are wanted for the retaining wall, for approximately 8000 feet of cement sidewalk and 400 feet of curb. Contractors are requested to bid by the cubic yard on the retaining wall, by the square foot on the sidewalks and by the lineal foot on the curb and combination curb and gutter.

Work to be begun promptly upon the award of the contract as per plans and specifications of C. H. Martz, engineer in charge, all on file in the office of the county auditor.

The estimated amount of material required:—Concrete 110 cubic yards, 4000 lbs. of one-half inch round iron. Approximately 200 cubic yards of excavation required.

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditor up to the time of the opening of the bids. Each bid must be accompanied with a certified check in the sum of not less than $200 payable to the order of the county auditor.

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion when the bids will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Sept. 12th 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
15s29 County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.03
Durum	.81
Rye	.59
Oats	.25
Flax	2.49
Barley	.59
Potatoes, new	.75
Eggs	.18
Butter, dairy	.25

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 1

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

HON. JAMES GRAY WILL SPEAK HERE

Democratic Candidate for Governor at Bijou Theatre Next Wednesday Afternoon

Hon. Edward Peterson, State Fire Marshal, Will Also Deliver an Address.

The first rally of the political campaign will be held at the Bijou theatre in this city next Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 5, at 2 o'clock.

Hon. James Gray, Democratic candidate for governor, and Hon. Edward Peterson, state fire marshal, will deliver addresses. Mr Gray is a brilliant public speaker and there is no doubt that he will have many things to say that will be worth hearing. This is the only opportunity that the people of Red Lake Falls and vicinity will have of hearing the popular candidate for governor during the campaign. Mr. Peterson is also an able speaker and no doubt these two men will give the people something to think about and talk about.

JAMES GRAY.

KAUFER IS BANQUETED

Given Hearty Send-off on Eve of His Leavetaking for the West.

A large number of business and professional men of the city participated in a banquet at Paul's hotel Monday evening in honor of L. A. Kaufer, who left Tuesday for his new home in the west.

After the excellent dinner that Mrs. Paul had prepared had been properly disposed of, Mayor Duffy, who presided, called for toasts. There were many appropriate and deserved expressions of appreciation of the good work that Mr. Kaufer has done for Red Lake Falls and many expessions of regret that he and his estimable family were to leave the city. Mr. Kaufer responded in a neat speech in the course of which he said that circumstances rather than his desire to leave Red Lake Falls had been what had caused him to decide to go west. Before the party broke up, it was moved and seconded and carried unanimously, Mr. Kaufer voting a loud and long "aye," that "Louie Kaufer don't want to leave Red Lake Falls."

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall Sept. 1st, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

E. A. Mittwer, repairs, and work on fire engine	$16.15
Orvis Hinds, running sidewalk grades and levels.	95.78
John Wallace, assisting engineer running grades	17.50
R. H. Milne, assisting engineer running grades.	7.50
The Robertson Lumber Co. lumber and galv. culverts	280.93
Dr. I. Lemieux, medical services and medicines furnished Paul Benoit	10.00
John Drier, Street work	6.00

The following named persons were duly appointed Judges of Election for the Primary election to be held Sept. 20th, 1910, and for the General Election to be held November 8th, 1910:—

First Ward: Linus Holberg, E. E. Fletcher and John Marleau.

Second Ward: Eus. Normandeau, J. P. Harren and W. H. Kreugar.

Third Ward: J. C. Mathews, Fred Krueger and Frank Grenier.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted—

Resolved, that the following named be and they are are hereby designated as polling places for holding the Primary election and the General Election in the different wards of the city:—

FIRST WARD:—North Star Hotel.
SECOND WARD—City Hall.
THIRD WARD:—Montreal Hotel.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 29th day of September, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.

Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT, City Clerk.

PRIMARY ELECTION VOTE

Official Returns in This Issue of the Gazette.

The members of the canvassing board of Red Lake county, Chas. Gustafson of Rocksbury, Lars Bakke of Thief River Falls, Stephen Singer of Kratka and Samuel Gibeau of this city completed their labors last week. The tabulated returns showing the vote by precincts are published in this issue of the Gazette.

A VERY SAD TRAGEDY

Death of Octavo Morrisette Wednesday—Body Burned in House Same Day.

The death of Octavo Morrisette and the burning of his house a few hours later and his body being consumed by the flames, is the sad and most unusual tragedy which occurred on Wednesday.

Mr. Morrisette died at 5 oclock yesterday morning. Shortly after noon the house was discovered to be on fire. The fire originated in the room in which the body was being kept and it was impossible to get the remains out of the burning building.

The origin of the fire is unknown, though it may have started from candles that were burning in the room.

The fire was discovered by a neighbor, Pierre Emard, who had left the house shortly before, he having gone over to see if he could do anything for the bereaved family. Mrs. Morrisette and her daughter-in-law were in the house at the time, but knew nothing of the fire until Mr. Emard reached the house again. The fire had gained such progress that it was impossible to get into the room to remove the remains.

Mr. Morrisette was one of the pioneers of southern Red Lake county. For more than twenty years he had resided on his farm one mile east of town. He is survived by his widow and several children. The relatives have the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

Hay's Telling Speech.

The Thief River Falls News tells of a farmers' meeting at Highlanding a week ago Sunday at which John Hay, who gets a salary as superintendent of the Thief River Falls high school and has the job of writing the county division dope for the Thief River papers, is reported as having delivered a very telling speech.

There is no doubt that it was a very telling speech, for the Gazette has been reliably informed that Mr. Hay told the farmers at the meeting that if Red Lake county is divided the records could be transcribed for $2000. That certainly is telling something. That sum won't buy the books, files, etc., for the records and when the work of transcribing the records is completed there will be an expense account of something like twenty times $2,000.

It is evident that Mr. Hay is telling more in his speeches than in his newspaper articles and no one who has read his newspaper articles has ever doubted that he is a man of nerve.

FOOT BALL SCHEDULED

First Game of the Season Between Local and Fosston High School Teams.

The first football game of the season will be played in this city between teams representing the Fosston and Red Lake Falls High school teams, a week from Saturday afternoon Oct. 8. The high school boys hope that every rooter in town will be on hand to contribute his share of the glad noises and about two bits. The expense of the game with Fosston will be quite heavy and the money will be quite as much appreciated as the lung gymnastics. The line-up will be given next week.

INDUSTRIAL CONTESTS IN RURAL SCHOOLS

The New Work in Agriculture and Domestic Science In Rural Schools.

Supt. Anderson Will Hold Five Contests During Month of August.

The Industrial Contest for boys and girls of Red Lake county will be held at the following places: Brooks, Saturday Oct. 8th; Plummer, Monday, Oct. 10th; St. Hilaire, Saturday, Oct. 15th; Red Lake Falls, Saturday, Oct. 22nd; Thief River Flais, Saturday, Oct. 29th.

The Industrial Contest is a contest in the production or selection of corn, grains, fruit, vegetables and in sewing and cooking by boys and girls under eighteen years of age. This is the first year that a contest of this kind has been held in this county, but it has been conducted in the state very successfully for the past three or four years. Last year over forty counties held these contests or school fairs as they may well be called, and met with so much success that they are taking up the work again this year with the assurance that nothing can do more to interest the boys and girls in the general duties about the farm and home.

The object of this movement is not primarily to strengthen or develop county fairs, but to interest the boys and girls in the practical things of life; to bring them more closely in touch with the home, and lead them to take such vital interest in agriculture and farm life that they will have no desire to leave the farm. The city schools can have courses in agriculture, domestic science and manual training. The country schools, however, are not able on account of the expense to establish such courses, but this is a way to get some of this practical work done among the rural school children.

The contest work was begun here in the month of May when Supt. T. A. Erickson of Douglas county came here to help me begin it. The largest schools in the county were visited and many evening meetings were held. These meetings were well attended by school officers, teachers and others who all manifested so much interest and enthusiasm that I have felt that it is bound to prove a great success. Many teachers and children at once began the work of sewing and agriculture before the schools closed last spring and the work has been continued since that time. The boys have worked hard in helping care for the potato fields and gardens and have studied and selected corn and grains that they may be able to bring the best of these products to the fairs and obtain prizes. The girls also have done their part in sewing work aprons, shirt waists, etc., and have done darning, patching and cooking. It is, however, optional with the boys and girls as to which of this work they wish to do; the girls as well as the boys can select, clean and prepare the agricultural products and the boys can learn patching, darning, etc., if they wish.

The contest has been pretty well advertised by extension Bulletin No. 8, from the agricultural department of the University of Minnesota. This bulletin explains the contest thoroughly and should any be in need of them, they can be furnished from the office of the county superintendent on request. Letters have also been sent to a great many children about this work and I earnestly hope that parents are encouraging their children to take active parts in the work at home and at school and that there may be a co-operation with the teachers in every district to come to one of the places where a contest is held with many nice exhibits. It is expected that the days of contests be made a kind of a holiday and that teachers and children make it a point to come in a body from each school.

For the sake of convenience, a contest will be held at each of the above places and I trust that the people in these places are willing to help it along in any way they can. Some money for prizes has been obtained already, but business men and others will, I am sure, further contribute merchandise or money. Prizes will be announced later.

H. F. ANDERSON,
Co. Supt. of Schools.

Mrs. Linnihan, of Red Lake Falls, arrived in the city last evening and is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Lytl, where she joined her daughter who came over yesterday afternoon from Grand Forks where she had been ill for some time at St. Michael's hospital. Miss Linnihan will remain here as Mrs. Lytle's guest until she has sufficiently regained her strength to resume her journey to her home at Red Lake Falls.—Crookston Times.

OKLEE'S BEGINNING.

New Soo Line Town Commences to Make History.

The First State Bank of Oklee, in which Red Lake Falls people are interested, opened for business at the new Soo line town on Wednesday of last week. John L. Cruzen is incharge of the bank as a cashier. Falardean & Doucet have moved their store from Lambert to Oklee and there are other signs of business activity. There is no doubt that in a few months Oklee will be a thriving village.

The Gazette's Birthday.

The Gazette is twenty-seven years old today. This issue is number one of volume twenty-eight. The Gazette has been on the job quite a while and expects to be doing business at the old stand several hundred years from now.

Candidates for County Office.

Following are the names of all of those who will be candidates for county office at the general election—unless there are some independent candidates:

Auditor—A. A. Latendresse, Republican.

Treasurer—G. G. Kindseth, Republican.

Register of Deeds—Olef Tande, Republican; Frank Jeffers, Democrat.

Sheriff—Charles J. Fellman, Republican.

Judge of Probate—Ira C. Richardson, Republican.

Attorney—Wilhelm Michelet, Republican; Chas. E. Boughton, Democrat.

Clerk of Court—C. W. Johnson, Republican.

Superintendent of Schools—Herman F. Anderson, Republican.

Coroner—Joseph Belair, Republican.

County Surveyor—C. H. Martz, Republican.

Court Commissioner—Simon Paul, Republican.

Commissioner 1st District—Gust Naplin, Republican; Herman Schultz, Democrat.

Commissionehr 3rd District—Ed. A. Anhol, Republican

Commissioner 5th District—Joseph Pigeon, Republican.

LIFE STORY OF JAMES GRAY

Interesting Story of the Career of the Democratic Nominee for Governor.

James Gray, the Democratic nominee for governor, was born at Falkirk, Scotland, the site of Wallace's last great battle, Feb. 18, 1862, his father being a master miller and his mother the daughter of a sturdy farmer. In 1866 his parents emigrated to America and he was brought, as he expresses it, "together with other valuables," to Bellevue, a little milling town in Iowa, where they resided, save three years in Grant county, Wis., until 1880. At Bellevue he finished his common school education, his scholarship being uniformly marked "excellent," while his deportment was only "fair," owing to his penchant for seeing the humorous side of things.

Full of enterprise, he began his newspaper career when eight years old by delivering papers and incidentally heralding the news, and his peculiar bent began to assert itself. He took an eager interest in current history and became well informed on what was going on in the world, discussing weighty matters with a gravity and sagacity at once amusing and significant—a training of great value to him throughout his subsequent career.

Experience in Manual Labor.

As he grew older he spent his vacations in the village sawmill, piling lumber and, waist-deep in the water, pushing and shoving the logs to the "slip." During one summer he worked on a macadamized road on a plan of his own—contracting to work out the poll-tax of citizens and getting enough days' work together to do the whole job. Thus he was a practical exponent of good roads before the present crusade for better highways was born.

In 1879, during his last year in school, he acted as a supply teacher, and at the age of seventeen received a full-grade certificate and taught school the following year.

In the spring of 1880 his father concluded to learn the new process of milling and the family removed to Minneapolis, subsequently returning to Iowa. James remained, working in a sash and door factory, and traveled daily on the Milwaukee tracks to and from his work, a full-fledged member of the dinner-pail brigade.

Secures a College Education.

During the summer of this year (1880) an incident occurred which influenced his entire career. He attended a celebration of the anniversary of the discovery of St. Anthony falls at the University of Minnesota campus, where General Sherman advised young men not to leave Minnesota in quest of gold, because there

Continued On Page 5

TWENTY-FOUR HOUR ELECTRICAL SERVICE

Probable That All Day Service Will be Put on by the Power Company This Fall.

Representative of the Company Here This Week Interesting People in the Plan.

W. L. Clure, an expert in the employ of the Red River Power company, has been in this city this week trying to interest users of power in a plan for twenty-four hour electrical service He is meeting with much success and it is probable that the improvement in the service will be made this fall.

If the all day service is put on it will result not only in longer hours, but also in better lighting service, for the plant will be much improved.

There is little doubt that the city is to have the better service. Mr. Clure finds the prospects very encouraging. There is no power quite so satisfactory in every way as electrical and every user of power should seriously consider what the company have to offer.

John King's Close Shave.

Will Wells has felt the charm of Battle Lake in Otter Tail county, where the fish do not bite you if you attend strictly to business, and has recently connected himself, by purchase or otherwise, with the Battle Lake Review, and is now holding down the position of the man who takes in the money. In the vicinity of the lake Mr. Wells found the barber who used to shave him in Iowa in prehistoric times. Mr. Wells records in the Review how this barber gave the present librarian his first shave. The story is worth considering. Mr. Wells says:

"Twenty years ago I was teaching King the art preservative in my Alton, Iowa, print shop. After weeks of meditation John concluded he was old enough to get shaved. The silken down upon his upper lip was almost invisable but John wanted a shave just the same. So down to Meis' shop forthwith went John. Meis gravely and carefully lathered his face, hot toweled it, lathered it again and rubbed it in, meanwhile signaling all those passing to attend the occasion of King's first shave. The populace assembled quietly and expectantly all with sober mien, while Meis shaved the recumbent state librarian with the back of an old rubber comb, asking solicitously now and then if it hurt much! John never noticed the comb. He was hay-rummed, powder-puffed, hair-combed, clothes-brushed, and turned out wearing the same silken down upon his youthful chin, that adorned it when he first came, all unconscious of the joke. The town of Alton laughs yet at King's first shave."

Since Mr. Wells' advent the Review has purchased a big two revolution four roller book press. He says:

"We believe that the new six-ton press will print a picture so the good folks will not mistake it for a second-hand mustard plaster."

Battle Lake is sure to have a readable paper and a spicy one. Mr. Wells will comment severely on contemporaries who refer to by mistake or otherwise as Bottle Lake

BIG DAMAGE SUIT.

Estate of Leon Champine Sues Lumber Company for $5000.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton this week began an action for $5,000 damages against the Grand Forks Lumber company for the estate of Leon Champaigne of Brooks who was accidently killed in the woods near Northome last February.

About That Cartoon

in the Thief River Press—the Thief River people have been trying to turn that cow around for lo, these many years. Failing in that they now propose to divide, still leaving us the part of the cow that gives the milk. After all, doesn't that picture represent the condition of the farmers of the proposed "Pennington county"—if that county is ever born—who will have to feed the end of the cow that has the capacity without any prospect of returns?

If that county cow is divided the front end will have a hundred instead of sixty per cent appetite for tax money.

VIEWS ON RAILROAD RATE DECISION

Democratic Candidate for Governor Talks About the Otis Decision.

[Speical Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Sept. 27.—Frank Eddy, whose epigram about the candidate for governor who ate pie with a knife a certain Lac Qui Parle statesman has reason to remember to his cost, in a burst of eloquence last week at Austin referred to the "pin head progressive Republicans and wall-eyed Democrats" who were taking part in the primary campaign down there. Frank, I understand, is well paid for getting off that sort of thing. Since the defeat of Congressman Tawney he has been exercising his ingenuity to account for that catastrope. Naturally he overlooked the very plain reason that the long suffering people of the district had at last become impatient of misrepresentation and had decided to make a change.

"Pin Head Progressives" to the Front.

Mr. Eddy put the blame for Tawney's defeat primarily on the wall-eyed Democrats before mentioned. One might let it go at that who didn't know any better. The trouble in the First district is the same as it is in pretty much every part of the state or of the nation for that matter. We had an exhibition of it in St. Paul where certain Democrats who can claim much better title to being wall-eyed than those in the First district helped Cogressman Stevens out of a hole. There was another exhibition of it in the Fifth District. Still another occurred with happier results in the Sixth district. The "pin-beaded Progressive Republicans" are everywhere on the rampage and, as in the Fourth and Fifth districts are ready to take up almost any kind of a candidate in order to demonstrate their impatience of the kind of leadership into which the Republican party has fallen and the kind of tools they employ to go about the country calling better

Continued On Page 4.

MANY INTERESTED IN GAZETTE CONTEST

Many Young Ladies in the Race for the Valuable Prizes.

The Standings of Candidates Will be Announced Soon.

The valuable prizes offered in the Gazette voting contest have induced many young ladies in the city and county to become candidates in the race for the prizes and many are actively engaged collecting coupons.

The standing of the candidates will be announced soon, next week or the week following, and a little later votes will be given on merchant's coupons and subscriptions.

All of the prizes are to be given away. There are no purchase checks or any other strings attached. Those who get the votes get the prizes and there are so many good prizes that several will be liberally rewarded for a little effort.

Coupons may be found in this issue of the Gazette. Clip them out and vote them. That is all that is necessary to do to get into the race for the prizes. The prizes are, a piano, an organ with piano case, 2 sewing machines, 4 Elgin watches with twenty-year cases.

CLYDE PRYOR A SUICIDE

Former Red Lake Falls Newspaper Man Took Carbolic Acid.

Clyde J. Pryor, well known here, having been connected with a Red Lake Falls newspaper at one time, committed suicide Tuesday at Bemidji, where he had resided for a number of years. The report from Bemidji says:

"Clyde J. Pryor, former newspaper man, at one time clerk of the court at Glencoe and nominated at last Tuesday's primaries as Republican candidate for court commissioner of Beltrami county, committed suicide here this morning by drinking a mug of carbolic acid.

'Physical deformities and poor health are believed to have worked Mr. Pryor into the determination to take his own life. He was found in a wood shed by his wife, who, worried because he had been away all night, went in search of him. Mr. Pryor was forty one years old. He was secretary of the Bemidji Commercial Club for two years, and at the time of his death was Ninth district member of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial clubs.

Mr. Pryor came here six years ago from Crookston, and until a year ago was engaged in work on the Daily Pioneer. Since the first of last January he has been engaged in the real estate and insurance business. The body will be taken to Glencoe for interment.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Official Returns Red Lake County Primaries

		Bray	Black River	Clover Leaf	Deer Park	Emardville	Equality	Garnes	Gervais	Goodridge	Highlanding	Hickory	Kratka	Lake Pleasant	Lambert	Louisville	Mayfield	Norden	North	Numedal	Polk Centre	Poplar River	Red Lake Falls tp	River Falls	Rocksbury	Reiner	Sanders	Silverton	Smiley	Star	Terrebonne	Wyandotte	Plummer	St. Hilaire	Red Lake Falls 1st ward	Red Lake Falls 2nd ward	Red Lake Falls 3rd ward	Thief River Falls 1st ward 1st prct	Thief River Falls 1st ward 2nd prct	Thief River Falls 2nd ward	Thief River Falls 3rd ward	TOTAL
Republican																																										
Watts	Judge Dist Court	27	39	20	17	15	17	20	25	6	25	2	32	34	35	34	17	17	27	17	35	31	25	17	46	9	21	13	24	14	41	16	20	51	53	47	115	56	79	45	94	1278
Grindeland	Judge Dist Court	24	29	22	19	12	14	23	21	7	38	5	31	23	15	25	24	23	40	15	20	27	18	15	53	23	18	16	32	14	35	17	21	51	25	34	74	90	139	56	133	1324
Bjorge	Congressman	5	18	11	13	5	7	7	10	6	10	0	13	4	5	5	16	21	20	9	18	11	8	12	25	13	11	10	20	10	8	6	10	21	14	12	27	72	102	41	66	723
Steenerson	Congressman	24	29	13	15	13	15	21	15	3	37	7	30	30	33	36	11	13	38	18	36	27	21	20	35	16	14	9	25	9	34	21	21	51	49	41	97	61	83	49	108	1235
Hanson, A. L.	State Senator	20	27	18	17	14	20	27	10	0	27	5	27	5	14	1	24	28	42	16	32	21	4	28	57	30	23	16	34	17	9	21	5	54	6	6	19	74	110	45	230	1119
Berg	State Senator	2	19	3	11	4	1	1	20	1	17	0	3	27	21	36	2	[illegible]	14	2	15	14	22	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21	15	48	50	105	45	71	44	55	757
Hanson, G. L.	State Senator	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6	2	7	14	8	3	10	107
Delorme	Representative	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	35	42	88	7	6	4	4	473
Krohn	Representative	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	19	16	35	17	41	19	28	393
O'Neill	Representative	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7	3	12	114	145	77	166	1135
Latendresse	Auditor	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	50	56	127	22	25	33	39	919
Nelson	Auditor	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7	2	6	88	138	40	132	785
Hanson	Auditor	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	[illegible]	[illegible]	20	24	8	19	260
Ives	Treasurer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12	18	58	66	86	43	83	895
Kindseth	Treasurer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	53	42	77	53	99	38	93	1047
Tande	Register of Deeds	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	16	16	32	72	87	38	97	1055
Nelson	Sheriff	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	27	34	81	53	83	18	53	865
Fellman	Sheriff	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	33	23	51	83	109	70	153	1115
Richardson	Probate Judge	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21	22	46	82	119	62	104	946
Christianson	Probate Judge	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	1	8	48	66	36	93	560
Holberg	Probate Judge	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	42	38	84	6	8	4	[illegible]	497
Michelet	County Attorney	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	28	25	55	102	143	63	148	1426
Johnson	Clerk of Court	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	38	36	84	92	117	51	132	1447
Anderson	Supt of Schools	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	38	33	96	100	131	61	150	1557
Belair	Coroner	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	35	44	104	84	103	52	117	1398
Martz	Surveyor	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	40	46	103	84	112	58	123	1413
Paul	Court Commissioner	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	39	49	110	81	97	51	109	1355
Lindquist	Com 1st Dist	4	24														36				5	25																				94
Naplin	Com 1st Dist	27	[illegible]														3				20	31																				107
Aubol	Com 3rd Dist					19	13			26		34	7	38				25							21	60			43			24	27	68								405
Pigeon	Com 5th Dist							11	22							37							33									45										148
Democratic																																										
Jeffers	Register of Deeds												4	1	1		[illegible]					3	1									1				3		2				18
Boughton	County Attorney													1	1		2					1	1									1				3		2				12
Schultz	Com 1st Dist																2					1																				3
Public Ownership																																										
Sanders	Congressman										1															2					2			4				1	1		6	17
Gell	State Senator																									2					2			4				1	1		6	16
Grant	Representative																														2			4				1	1		6	14
Prohibition																																										
Forrest	Representative		1																1	1																			1			4

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE BRIEF BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Frank M Conden, cashier in the office of the surveyor of customs at Cincinnati, whose name was prominently mentioned in the Warriner embezzlement scandal in the Big Four railroad, was discharged from the government service.

While about to board a southbound suburban car into the city where she intended to purchase the final articles for her trousseau Mrs. Eliza E. Williams, who was to have been married soon to Warren K. Jessup, of Los Angeles, Cal., was struck by a northbound trolley car and instantly killed.

Charles Mindeleff, a New York expert metallurgist, has been engaged by the treasury department to make a study of the methods of refining gold in the United States mints. He was engaged by Acting Secretary A. Piatt Andrews and will begin work at once.

August exports of flour, corn, meats, cotton, and mineral oil show a marked improvement when compared with August of last year.

If Governor Hughes is to be made chief justice of the supreme court of the United States he will be promoted from an associate justiceship. Reports that the nomination of the governor as an associate justice would be withdrawn and his name sent to the senate as chief justice have been put to rest by arrangements that the New York executive has been making to take up his duties on the bench the second Monday in October.

Foreign.

Viscount Arasuke Sone, privy councillor and former resident general in Korea, died at Tokio.

A bull fight under novel conditions took place in Geneva. As the police would not allow the wounding or killing of the animals, the toreadors used glue to stick their darts, and the chief toreador used a wooden dagger.

A Berlin householder brought an action against a tenant for the disturbance caused by the latter permitting his cook to whistle and sing while at work. The magistrate decided that it is legal for servants to whistle in the kitchen.

The agitation against the restrictions placed on the importation of foreign meats to Germany based on the inadequacy of the domestic supply, is increasing. Baron Schorlemer, Prussian minister of agriculture said he recognized the seriousness of the situation throughout the country.

The annual meeting of the permanent committee of the Young Egypt party opened at Geneva, Switzerland, and afforded an opportunity, of which several Egyptians availed themselves, to attack former President Roosevelt because of his speeches at Kharton and London. Among the epithets applied to the colonel were "vulgar blusterer" and "self advertiser."

General.

Progressives won in three of the Illinois congressional districts.

This year's wheat yield of the world will be above the average.

President Taft will hereafter not withhold patronage from insurgents.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson was nominated for governor by New Jersey democrats.

Another revolution in Honduras is indicated by intelligence from that section.

Former President Roosevelt will make a political speech at St. Louis October 11.

Statistics show that American railroad employes get better wages than those of Europe.

Assistant Commissioner Abbott says Indians are making progress in industrial education.

The independent democrats endorsed the republican candidate for governor in Tennessee.

The next eucharistic congress on this continent will be held at New Orleans, probably in 1914.

The voters of Shreveport, La., declared in favor of the commission form of government at a special election.

The Canadian Northern planning to cross Rockies at most northern point, may result in new route to Pacific coast.

Ten high officials of Chicago packing companies were indicted.

Indicted beef packers of Chicago gave bond for their appearance.

A change is to be made in the diplomatic representation at Washington.

There was a shakeup in the administration forces in the treasury department.

Tennessee democratic regulars have made overtures for peace to independents.

Dr. Rucker, health commissioner of Milwaukee, has quit his job under serious charges.

It is believed that in a hundred years Indians will be entirely absorbed by the whites.

Mr. Roosevelt kept his word to begin a fight on the New York bosses with his return home.

The Hamilton club, Chicago, was much wrought up over the Roosevelt-Lorimer incident.

R. O Marsh has been relieved of the duties of secretary of the American legation in Panama.

William Boldenweik, assistant United States treasurer at Chicago, has resigned and will leave his office on September 17.

NO CLOUDS IN SIGHT

COLONEL GEORGE HARVEY SAYS COUNTRY ALL RIGHT.

THE WRITER SEES NO CLOUD

Striking Article in North American Review That Is Attracting Wide Attention.

The attention of business and professional men in all portions of the country has been attracted to a strikingly strong article by Col. George Harvey in the September issue of the North American Review in which the writer takes a view of the greatest hopefulness for the future of America and Americans. The article is entitled "A Plea for the Conservation of Common Sense," and it is meeting with the cordial approval of business men of all shades of political opinion throughout the entire country. In part, Colonel Harvey says:

"Unquestionably a spirit of unrest dominates the land. But, if it be true that fundamentally the condition of the country is sound, must we necessarily succumb to despondency, abandon effort looking to retrieval and cringe like cravens before clouds that only threaten? Rather ought we not to analyze conditions, search for causes, find the root of the distress, which even now exists only in men's minds, and then, after the American fashion, apply such remedies as seems most likely to produce beneficent results?

Capital and Labor Not Antagonistic.

"The Link that connects labor with capital is not broken but we may not deny that it is less cohesive than it should be or than conditions warrant. Financially, the country is stronger than ever before in its history. Recovery from a panic so severe as that of three years ago was never before so prompt and comparatively complete. The masses are practically free from debt. Money is held by the banks in abundance and rates are low.

"Why, then, does capital pause upon the threshold of investment? The answer, we believe, to be plain. It awaits adjustment of the relations of government to business. * * * The sole problem consists of determining how government can maintain an even balance between aggregations of interests, on the one hand, and the whole people, on the other, protecting the latter against extortion and saving the former from mad assaults.

"The solution is not easy to find for the simple reason that the situation is without precedent. But is not progress being made along sane and cautious lines? * * *

Conserve Common Sense.

"Is not the present, as we have seen, exceptionally secure? What, then, of preparations for the future? Patriotism is the basis of our institutions. And patriotism in the minds of our youth is no longer linked solely with fireworks and deeds of daring. It is taught in our schools. A new course has been added—a course in loyalty. Methodically, our children learn how to vote, how to conduct primaries, conventions and elections, how to discriminate between qualifications of candidates and, finally, how to govern as well as serve. They are taught to despise bribery and all forms of corruption and fraud as treason. Their creed, which they are made to know by heart, is not complex. It is simple, but comprehensive, no less beautiful in diction than lofty in aspiration. Those are the pledges which are graven upon their memories:

"As it is cowardly for a soldier to run away from battle, so it is cowardly for any citizen not to contribute his share to the well-being of his country. America is my own dear land; she nourishes me, and I will love her and do my duty to her, whose child, servant and civil soldier I am.

"As the health and happiness of my body depend upon each muscle and nerve and drop of blood doing its work in its place, so the health and happiness of my country depend upon each citizen doing his work in his place.

"These young citizens are our hostages to fortune. Can we not safely assume that the principles animating their lives augur well for the permanency of the Republic? When before have the foundation stones of continuance been laid with such care and promise of durability?

"The future, then, is bright. And the present? But one thing is needful. No present movement is more laudable than that which looks to conservation of natural resources. But let us never forget that the greatest inherent resource of the American people is Common Sense. Let that be conserved and applied without cessation, and soon it will be found that all the ills of which we complain but know not of are only such as attend upon the growing pains of a great and blessed country.

He Knows the Game.

According to the Metropolitan Magazine, Fire Chief John Conway of Jersey City, b. solved the baseball excuse question by the posting of the following printed notice on his desk at fire headquarters:

"All requests for leave of absence owing to grandmothers' funerals, lame back, house cleaning, moving, sore throat, headache, brainstorm, cousins' wedding, general indisposition, etc., must be handed to the chief not later than ten o'clock on the morning of the game."

Duty Smears.

"How can you go around," demanded his wife," with tobacco juice all over your face?"

"This isn't tobacco juice," responded the candidate, mildly. "It's molasses. I've been kissing babies."

Pretending.

"See the boys."

"Pretending to be soldiers, eh?"

"Yes; kids get lots of fun pretending."

"And grown-ups, too. I put in my vacation pretending I was rich."

HEADS MINNESOTA DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

JAMES GRAY.

GRAY IN PLACE OF LIND

NEWSPAPER MAN TO RUN FOR GOVERNOR.

Says He Will Accept the Nomination and Make a Hard Fight.

St. Paul. — Hon. James Gray, editorial writer of the Minneapolis Journal, was selected by the Democratic State Central Committee as the Democratic candidate for governor. The selection was approved by John Lind. The former mayor also is said to have been the choice of Chairman Frank A. Day.

"I expect to accept," said James Gray when notified of his nomination. "I do not believe I care to say anything more than that I expect to make a vigorous campaign for the office. The whole thing has come on me so suddenly that I have not had time to make any plans. The first intimation I had of this action was last Monday. I expect to make a more extensive statement to the state central committee as soon as I receive official information of my nomination."

Rumors that the committee would endeavor to pass a resolution in favor of county option started a buzz of conversation on the floor of the hotel lobby, but the report was denied. It is understood that Mr. Gray will appeal to the country as a county option candidate, but no effort will be made to change the Democratic platform.

Previous to that Chairman Day had read John Lind's letter declining the nomination, and his resignation was accepted upon a motion read by Daniel Daily of Minneapolis.

"I confess I am somewhat disappointed over Mr. Gray's selection," said Ralph W. Wheelock, governor's secretary. "Having been vindicated in my opinion expressed several months ago that Mr. Lind would not be the Democratic candidate, I was in hopes that my further opinion that Mr. Day himself was the logical leader of his party in this campaign, would also be justified.

"Mr. Gray's selection, however, ought to insure a campaign free from personalities and like tactics, for in frequent co-operation with him in municipal matters in Minneapolis, I have always found him to be a gentleman and a scholar."

John Lind voiced the note of county option in the committee meeting. Called upon for a speech, Mr. Lind briefly enumerated why he couldn't accept the nomination. He said a victory by Democracy must be won by some candidate of whom it could not be said was elected for a personal reason.

AGENT DAVIS ARRESTED AGAIN.

Cass Lake.—James Davis, government agent engaged to keep intoxicants from the Indians, was arrested at Bemidji, charged with having threatened Charles Argalo of state counsel in the case of A. A. Oliver, who accused Davis of assault in the seizure of Oliver's grip. Davis pleaded guilty and was ordered to furnish a $300 peace bond, which he has not yet furnished.

State Tests For Cattle.

Minneapolis. — The Minnesota state sanitary board will begin a regular inspection of cattle in Minneapolis dairies. J. H. Lyle, city milk inspector, has received word that arrangements are being made to send inspectors into the city at once. The inspection will be monthly. Under the rules to be adopted by the board, every herd will be given a thorough test. The dairymen will not be allowed to add cattle to the inspected herd without having them examined first by the state officers.

REFORM SCHOOL HEAD CLEARED.

Charges Made Declared False by Board of Control.

St. Paul. — Mrs. Fanny French Morse is heartily praised by the state board of control. Her work at the Girl's Industrial school at Red Wing is commended.

Two specific charges which were made against the management of the school were found to have a little foundation, but the general charge that the discipline has become lax, that conditions generally were bad, that the morals of the school were rapidly deteriorating, was found to be unsubstantiated by facts.

Mrs. Morse assumed charge of the institution on Aug. 1, 1910, and 30 days after her installation the charges were made.

In its report the board condemns the criticism directed against Mrs. Morse, after her coming to Minnesota. It deplores the fact that a person coming here as a stranger to cope with conditions that are extremely difficult, should not have received proper assistance and co-operation.

must stand pat for it. Equal rights to all, no special privileges for any. We must restore the rights of the people."

INDIAN AGENTS FINED.

Sero and Davis Convicted at Cass Lake for Assault on Editor Oliver.

Cass Lake.—The trial of Indian Agents Sero and Davis was held here. Oliver was defended by Argall, while Assistant United Stated District Attorney E. S. Oakley appeared for the defendants.

Half a dozen witnesses were examined. The evidence showed that the agents struck Oliver and knocked him down after getting off a train at Bena while attending to his duties as state land appraiser.

The court imposed a fine of $100 and costs, or in default of payment, sixty days in jail. The fine was not paid and the men put in the lockup here. It is not known now what, if any, proceedings will be taken by Oakley in the agents' behalf.

Davis pleaded guilty to using threatening language against Attorney Argall in a local saloon Saturday evening, and was required to furnish a bond for $300 to keep the peace for six months. Being unable to furnish bail, commitment papers were made out tonight by Justice Ives sentencing Davis to the county jail at Walker, where he will be taken tomorrow morning.

WALKER POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Burglars Use Dynamite and Get a Rich Haul.

Walker. — A gang of burglars dynamited the Walker postoffice and made away with about $2,000 in money and over $800 in stamps. Entrance to the building was gained through the basement and the job has all the appearance of being the work of professionals. The safe was not only cleaned of cash and stamps but the money drawer robbed and all registered letters taken as well. Two suspicious characters were in town last evening which is the only clue the police have at present.

MAN KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Two Other Freeborn County, Minn., Residents are Injured.

Albert Lea. — John Yost was killed in an automobile accident at Oregen and Mre. and Mrs. Charles Marpe were seriously injured. They are prominent residents of Freeborn county. The machine skidded and the driver lost control. Yost had been active in political work. The latter is not expected to live. Mrs. Marpe is dangerously hurt.

Force of Habit.

"They say Doctor Sawyer, the famous surgeon, is a very rude man in social life—that he never speaks to anybody on the street."

"That's professional habit. You see he is so used to cutting people."

The Explanation.

"Jagsby said the neglect of his friend to ask him to dinner cut him to the quick."

"Oh, I guess he meant a cut to the quick lunch counter."

Not for Him.

"Ever use an automobile for a getaway?" inquired the first burglar.

"Nix," answered the second burglar. "We fellers run risks enough without taking chances on being pinched for speeding."

Not His Business.

"Doctor Grouchy is one of the men who never seems to like his neighbor to enjoy good fortune."

"Well, can you in justice expect a doctor to wish others well?"

CAN'T MAKE RATE

TWO CENT FARE ON NORTH DAKOTA RAILROAD LINES IS CONFISCATORY.

OF FAR REACHING EFFECT

Decision by Judge Otis as Special Master in Chancery—Enormous Resources of Railroads are Shown by Judge.

St. Paul, Sept. 21.—By the filing of his findings in the Minnesota commodity freight and 2-cent passenger rate case today in United States circuit court, Special Master in Chancery Charles E. Otis, held these rates to be unconstitutional and confiscatory.

The effect of this decision practically takes away the rate making power of the state and is one of the most important decisions handed down in many years.

In his decision Judge Otis finds the value of the Northern Pacific, excluding its outside properties and subsidiary companies and equities to be $452,000,000 and the value of the Great Northern, excluding its outside properties, etc., to be $457,000,000 and that these companies are entitled to earn 7 per cent on this valuation.

This places a value of about $175 per share on Great Northern and $130 per share on Northern Pacific and this on their operated railroad properties alone.

The Northern Pacific has equities outside of their railroad properties such as coal and iron lands, subsidiary coal company and land grant worth conservatively $200,000,000. The valuation placed by the master is as of June 30, 1908.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Veterans Once More Parade Before Commander-in-Chief.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 21.—Once again the "boys in blue" have passed in review before their commander-in-chief.

With the same old spirit they marched the broad avenues of this city by the sea today and were acclaimed by great crowds who came to see the big feature of the forty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. Ideal weather favored the old soldiers.

Forty-four states were represented in the procession, and while the parade was not as large as those of other years, there was no end of enthusiasm as the veterans marched.

The spectacle was a stirring one. Every building along the line of march was draped in the national colors and the sidewalks were massed with people whose interest did no cease until the last of the line had passed.

Near the end of the route the parade was reviewed by Commander-in-chief Samual R. Van Sant. On one side of him on the reviewing stand stood Vice President James S. Sherman and on the other was Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., retired.

TAWNEY DEFEATED.

Strong Fight Was Made Against Minnesota Congressman.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 21.—The insurgent cause in Minnesota made great strides yesterday when James A. Tawney of the first district was defeated for renomination. While at an early hour this morning Tawney's managers would not admit defeat, they conceded that the prospects were dark and that Sidney Anderson of Lanesboro had a lead of 1,600 votes with about one-third of the returns in. Anderson claims the nomination by a plurality of 2,000.

Tawney's defeat was no surprise as the fight against him was fierce.

Congressman F. C. Stevens who calls himself a progressive republican and a supporter of the Roosevelt policies, had a hard fight, but won out with a plurality of about 1,500 over H. T. Halbert, a radical insurgent.

The other Minnesota republican members and W. S. Hammond, the one democratic member, were all renominated by safe margins.

Plot Against Japanese Emperor.

Tokio, Sept. 21.—A sensation was created by the publication this afternoon of the alleged details of a plot among his own subjects to assassinate Emperor Mutsuhito. The startling story appeared in The Hochio Shimbun, which states that the plotters who are now under arrest, certainly will be sentenced to death after a trial before a special secret court.

This is the first time in the history of the country that the life of the sovereign has been plotted against by his own people and the fact made public.

Issues Patent for Coal Land.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 21.—The general landoffice has just issued a patent covering 640 acres of coal land, in Whatcom county. The United States received $20 an acre for the land. The patent gives the land in fee simple, subject to vested water rights and right of way for United States irrigation ditches.

Whatcom anthracite lands with a large number of other coal areas in this state, were withdrawn from entry Oct. 11, 1906. On the 20th of the same month they were restored.

New Island in Aleutian Channel.

Seward, Alaska, Sept. 20.—A new island was added to the Begeslof group in the Aleutian channel when the towns of Ounalaska and Dutch Harbor were shaken by an earthquake Sept. 1. The island arose from deep water at a point where a sounding by the geological survey last year showed seventy fathoms. It is in the form of a great round hill close to Percy peak, the island that arose last year.

The revenue cutter Bear, from Nome brought this news and also reported that officers of the revenue cutter Tahoma were making a survey of Begeslof islands to obtain full details of the

Paralysis Closes Church.

Marshalltown, Ia., Sept. 20.—Because of infantile paralysis the First Congregational church of this city was closed for an indefinite period of time today. Very close, next door to the church, there is a case in the Chapman family, and rather than expose the children of the church and Sunday school the trustees decided to close the building.

100 Hurt in Wreck.

London, Sept. 20.—One hundred persons were injured today in a railroad train wreck near Oporto.

CITY IS GREATLY EXCITED

DEVILS LAKE PUBLISHER SHOT AFTER RAID.

Sheriff and Prominent Citizens Joined in Closing Up Places Where Booze Was Sold.

Devils Lake, N. D., Sept. 20.—Dan V. Brennan, publisher of The Devils Lake Inter-Ocean, son of Judge M. H. Brennan, a graduate of the state university and one of the best known men in this section of the state, was shot and quite badly wounded this morning following a wholesale raid on the blind pigs of Devils Lake.

The shooting occurred at 5 o'clock. Brennan was one of a posse which assisted Sheriff W. H. Belford, in a series of raids, the most sensational attempt to close up the illegal booze joints of Devils Lake ever made. The young publisher, following the raid, went to his office. He was about to leave the office and had just stepped into the hall and was in the act of turning out the hall light when an unknown man stepped from behind a door and opened fire on Brennan. The bullet entered the fleshy part of the left arm, making a jagged and painful wound.

Brennan at once pulled his gun and returned the fire and the would-be assassin leaped through an open window, tearing through the screen and falling a distance of fifteen feet to the street below. He escaped in the dusk. Brennan did not recognize him.

The city is in a furore of excitement after the strenuous doings of the early morning hours.

Sheriff Belford, Acting Assistant State's Attorney Traynor, Deputy Sheriff Flemmerfe't and twenty citizens of Devils Lake, including some of the most prominent people of the city, took part in the raids.

These arrests took about three hours to complete and it was nearly 5 o'clock when young Brennan went to his office. He was evidently followed by a sympathizer of the lawless faction who had determined on a summary vengeance and the shooting affair previously described took place.

No arrests had been made at a late hour today in connection with the shooting.

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

Is in Session at Capitol City With Helpful Program.

Bismarck, N. D., Sept. 20.—The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the North Dakota Baptist state convention opened at Bismarck this afternoon at 2 o'clock with a praise service, and will continue until the closing address is delivered by Rev. A. E. Peterson of Fargo, Friday evening. During the four days some of the most prominent speakers of the country will be in the city and contribute to the programme, which promises to be especially helpful to the Baptists not only of the state, but to the entire west.

All arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates have been completed and they are present from all parts of the state. The Norwegian and Swedish Baptists are affiliated with the English speaking church and the German Baptists co-operate with their English speaking brethren, and members of these denominations will also be in attendance during the services.

Rain at Encampment.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 20.—Veterans attending the forty-fourth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic were disappointed to see it rain today. Several of the organizations allied with the grand army opened their sessions today and others continued committee work preliminary to the formal opening of the business sessions.

The national council of the administration held its first meeting at headquarters on Ocean pier and the national council of the ladies of the G. A. R. held its initial session at Haddon hall.

The national council of Women's Relief corps also went into session. The sons of veterans' encampment was opened with addresses of welcome and reading of reports.

Girl Admits Murder of Two.

Newkirk, Okla., Sept. 20.—It is believed by the authorities that Ebby Shepard, the 16-year-old daughter of J. W. Shepard, who confessed last night that she had killed her father and his brother, Taylor Shepard, with an ax, had an accomplice in the crime. A coroner's inquest will begin this afternoon.

The officers said the girl's father and uncle returned home unexpectedly and found a young man in the house with the girl.

Rate Case Is Progressing.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—The western railroads today continued the presentation of evidence before the inter-state commerce commission in support of their contention that a general advance in freight rates is necessary to maintain the standard or service demanded by the government and the people.

Ballinger as Guest of Honor.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 21.—Secretary of the Interior Richard A. Ballinger, who is on his way to Washington to attend the reassembling of President Taft's cabinet will be the guest of honor at a luncheon tendered him today by the Chamber of Commerce.

The Baptist Convention.

Bismarck, N. D., Sept. 21.—The meeting of the Baptist ministers of the state which was held here yesterday in connection with the Baptist state convention was well attended, about seventy-five ministers and representatives being present.

The ministerial union held a meeting last evening and elected officers as follows: President, Rev. Ingrame of Grafton; secretary, Rev. Sam Batcheler of Fairmount; treasurer, Rev. A. E. Peterson of Fargo. Rev. Peterson preached the conference sermon last evening to a large crowd upon which he made a fine impression.

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 21.—Secretary W. C. Macfadden of the North Dakota Bankers' association said this morning that O. A. Anderson, president of the First National bank at Hannaford, would be a delegate to the meeting of the American Bankers' association which will be held at Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 3-7.

The Los Angeles meeting will be one of the biggest gatherings of financial men ever held in America and four special trains will be run from the east to the convention. Trust companies, savings banks, clearing houses, national, state and private banks will have special programmes.

FORTS FOR CANAL

NEEDED FORTIFICATIONS WILL COST ABOUT FORTY MILLION DOLLARS.

PLANS OF PRESIDENT TAFT

Expected That Both Terminals of Panama Will Be Fortified—Main Pacific Fort Will Be on Sosa Hill.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Plans for the fortification of the Panama canal at a cost of $14,140,000, an increase of $9,276,521 over the estimate submitted in 1905 by the National Coast Defense board, of which President Taft was then chairman, was sent to Congress last April.

The proposed expenditure refers only to "seacoast defenses for the terminus of the canal," but it is also planned to provide means of defending the portions of the canal other than the terminal from attacks to which those portions might be subjected by forces operating on land with the object either of getting possession of the canal or of injuring the locks, dams, etc.

Twenty-five million dollars is a conservative estimate of what the final plans of the seacoast and land defences will call for, and it is thought by some that $40,000,000 will be nearer the final sum required for the defense.

The plans of President Taft call for: Ten 4-inch rifles, twelve 6-inch rifles, twenty-eight 12-inch mortars, besides an elaborate system of submarine defenses.

Six of the 14-inch rifles—the most powerful gun in the world—will be placed on the Pacific coast, and four on the Atlantic in pairs.

Although the greatest secrecy is maintained concerning the fortification plans, it is known that the main fort defending the Pacific entrance will be built on Sosa hill and armed with four 14-inch rifles, six 6-inch rifles and eight 12-inch mortars. This will be named Fort Amador, after the first president of the republic of Panama.

Two other 14-inch rifles will be placed on Ancon hill, with smaller artillery and the islands of Naos and Perico in the Bay of Panama will also be fortified with the object of enabling an American fleet to pass through the canal and form in line of battle on the Pacific side, outside the range of any gun on a ship that can come within range of the guns on the islands, which in turn will be protected and commanded by the guns of Sosa and Ancon hills.

This plan was adopted on the suggestion of Admiral Evans, who pointed out that no matter what fortifications were built a fleet passing through the canal would have to come out one by one and it would be impossible for a fleet to pass from one ocean to another if there was a hostile fleet awaiting it, the hostile fleet could destroy the vessels as they came out.

ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT.

Grand Army of Republic is Holding Its Reunion.

Atlantic City, Sept. 19.—The innumerable activities of the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic began today when the national headquarters were formally open on the ocean pier at the foot of Tennessee avenue.

The temperature is pleasant, but heavy clouds, that rolled in from the ocean made the air damp and indicated rain. Things were early astir at the pier and veterans who had not seen each other in many years held reunions. There were expressions of joy to see old comrades again and many moments of sorrow when some soldiers found that dear old friends had gone to their final rest.

The big crowd already here, was swelled by an inflow of thousands of veterans, from all parts of the country on the morning trains.

The reunion of the Philadelphia brigade on Steeple Chase pier and the meeting of Col. Hilary A. Herbert, member of President Cleveland's cabinet and a confederate officer, with Commander-in-Chief Van Sant and General Sickles, are still talked of among the hundreds of veterans.

It is probable that the proposition made by Colonel Herbert to bring about a great meeting of the blue and gray, will be considered during the week with the object of carrying out the suggestion.

Suffering of Miss Leneve Told.

London, Sept. 19.—Something of what Ethel Clara Leneve suffered, as half mad with jealousy, she impatiently awaited the fulfillment of Dr. Hawley H. Crippen's promise to make her his wife, was revealed at today's session of the inquest into the death of Belle Elmore.

In her distress Miss Leneve confided in her landlady, Mrs. Jackson, and the story that the latter told on the witness stand rivalled the most sensational evidence introduced at the preliminary trial.

Will Speak at State Fair.

New York, Sept. 17.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt left here this morning on the New York Central railroad for Syracuse where he will deliver an address this afternoon at the New York state fair. The colonel will return to New York tonight.

New Island in Aleutian Channel.

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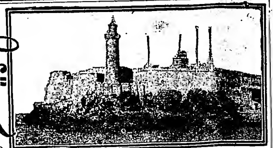
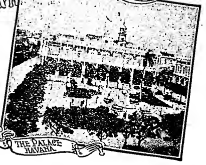
Weyler's Book Justifies Our Intervention in Cuba


MORRO CASTLE HAVANA

CAPTAIN GENERAL WEYLER

CITY OF HAVANA


THE PALACE HAVANA

WITH an unpardonable lack of tact or a gruesome attempt at a sinister piece of humor, Gen. Valeriano Weyler, the former Spanish captain general of Cuba, who gained for himself the unenviable title of "butcher," has allowed the publishers to print the title of the sensational book in which he attempts to defend his conduct while the representative of the Spanish crown on that island,

MI MANDO EN CUBA
(My Command in Cuba)

in letters of gory scarlet on a paper of livid gray.

Whatever the motive may have been that prompted such a choice, that bloody "eye catcher" of a line fitly symbolizes the man and the work which caused so many years of discontent in Cuba. Weyler has been on trial before public opinion for butchering his enemies instead of fighting them; and he flaunts in our faces the ugly stains that show where he wiped off his knife.

Captain General of the most fertile province of Spain (and a province which more than once manifested her intention to throw off the Bourbon yoke), he makes such a case against the country that buys his services as no citizen of the United States could have ever made to justify America's attitude in the Cuban mix-up.

Weyler was the best hated man in Cuba when the government of his nation finally recalled him. This book will cause him to be cursed the length and breadth of the peninsula.

"I wrote it," he says, "to give all the facts about my conduct as general in chief, a conduct admired not only by army officers, high and low, who wrote me innumerable letters, but by privates, who, on their return to the peninsula, spoke of me with an enthusiastic fervor for which I can never thank them enough. Various reasons prevented me from doing years ago (when I could not have freed my mind from a certain bias) a work which I can now do in perfect peace of mind, thanks to the time that has passed, and which has soothed the irritation due to the injustice I suffered at the hands of some men.

"Furthermore I did not wish to sadden Senor Sagasta by retelling the story of our colonial disasters; neither did I feel any pleasure in censuring the illustrious Gen. Martinez Campos, my predecessor in Cuba, however uncharitably he acted toward me after his return to the capital."

A perusal of the book fails to prove that Weyler kept his promise to treat the subject with perfect moderation; the general's blood is still boiling, and with some justification, for atrocious as his conduct was in many instances, it could not very well be criticized in Spain by the Spanish government.

Had Weyler been endowed with the literary genius of a Marbot or a Las Cases, he could have made a much stronger case against Spain and presented his own actions in a much more favorable light. Unfortunately his knowledge of the writer's craft is as deficient as his fund of information touching political economy, general history, national and international politics is meager.

Weyler is not a diplomat; the slippery land of nuances and innuendos is to him terra incognita; a primitive brute, with rudimentary ethics, though unflinchingly frank and straightforward, he never ventures an assertion which cannot be supported by documents; he never pays any attention to hearsay but quotes people's letters in extenso.

A fascinating type, after all, for the observer blessed with the sense of history; just imagine what a Weyler would have developed into if he had not been born some 500 years too late; clad in steel, he had been riding a caparisoned mount, or, if he had been allowed to range over Europe during the Thirty Years' war!

General Weyler's style is very trying; even his proclamations vainly modeled after Napoleon I.'s oratorical gems, rarely sound the note that makes a people or an army vibrate. His relations of the Cuban campaign with all the facts, figures, names recorded in hophazard fashion day by day, is well nigh unreadable.

But the documents he publishes in support of his thesis (some of them of a confidential character and which must have been secured through "diplomatic means") make it well worth while wading through an otherwise dull, shapeless and indigestible piece of writing.

First of all we are made to realize how hopeless the plight of the Spanish commanders had become in the island when Weyler took the situation in hand; the many generals who preceded him had been losing ground from day to day; their cables to the Spanish government gave information of a pessimistic character of which the public and the press were seldom apprised; their confidential correspondence betrayed heartrending facts; more than once poor Gen. Martinez Campos had humbly confessed himself beaten, while the cabinet led the Spanish nation to believe that the war was practically over.

Weyler himself, when placed in command of the Cuban army, was not even given what he was entitled to, an honest account of the situation.

"When I landed in Cuba," he writes, "I did not even suspect the terrible conditions that prevailed in the island. I did not know anything besides what the minister of war had told me and what I had read in the papers or in anonymous letters sent by Spaniards living in Cuba, and I thought that all of them exaggerated the facts; I had no knowledge of the secret documents I have opposed to this book. How gloomy the outlook was is set forth graphically in a confidential letter from Gen. Martinez Campos to Canovas del Castillo, prime minister of Spain.

" . . . Although from the very first I realized the gravity of the situation, I refused to believe it; my visits in Cuba, Principe and Holgin appalled me; however, in order not to appear pessimistic, I did not express all my thoughts, and I decided to visit not only the maritime communities, but the towns in the interior. The few Spaniards who live in the island do not dare to mention their origin except in the cities. The rest of the population hates Spain. Wherever you pass a farm and ask the women where their husbands are, they answer with terrifying frankness: 'In the mountains with Chief So and So.'

"You could not get anyone to carry a message for 500 our 1,000 pesetas; he would be hanged if he were ever caught. . . . "

The rebels who charged Weyler with wanton cruelty seldom restrained themselves from accomplishing deeds of violence likely to terrorize the few remaining supporters of the Spanish rule. To quote Weyler:

"The insurgents did not return in any way the considerate treatment accorded to them by this generous commander (Martinez Campos). At the beginning of the war Maximo Gomez showed himself very fair; but Maceo, as I shall prove by authentic documents, ordered his bands to set fire to all the sugar mills whose owners were not paying war tribute, to plunder and loot the country, to shoot mercilessly all the messengers, men caught repairing railroad lines or bringing provisions into the villages. Worse yet: The insurgent chiefs did not hesitate to kill with their own weapons defenseless islanders, and Maximo Gomez in his 'Memoires' confesses to having shot personally a man he had sentenced to death, a deed which I call willful murder. And still that individual presumes to call me 'assassin.'"

As his authority for the foregoing statement General Weyler not only quotes extracts from the Cuban papers, but appends a proclamation of Maceo, Gomez's lieutenant, to his bands.

"Comrades in Arms: Destroy, destroy everything, day and night; to blow up bridges, to derail trains, to burn up villages and sugar mills, to annihilate Cuba is the only way to defeat our enemies. We have not to account for our conduct to anyone. Diplomacy, public opinion and history don't matter. It would be sheer insanity to seek the laurels of the battlefield, to bear the fire of the enemy's artillery and contribute to the glory of the Spanish commanders. The essential thing is to convince Spain that Cuba will be but a heap of ruins. What compensation will she receive then for the sacrifice entailed by the campaign? We must burn and raze everything. It would be folly to fight as though we were an European army. Where rifles are of no avail let dynamite do the work.

A. MACEO."

The only way to subdue such bloodthirsty, desperate pirates was to adopt their own tactics. The insurgents, of their own admission, never gave nor accepted battle, but harassed the regulars and destroyed their sources of supply. "Concentration" seemed to be the only solution of the problem, for the wives and children of the insurgents gave them constant aid and kept them informed of every movement of the Spanish regiments. Says General Weyler:

"Of all the measures I took the most bitterly criticized was the 'concentration,' which saved my troops from being uselessly decimated and prevented the landing of arms and munitions consigned to the enemy. I need not defend that system. Whoever has a smattering of the history of modern wars knows that it was copied by the English in the Transvaal and the Americans in the Philippines, a fact most flattering to my pride as a general.

"If individuals were sometimes summarily shot under my generalship, as it happens in the course of every war, they were put to death in obedience to the laws and regulations, never for the mere reason that they were insurgents. I pardoned those who returned to the fold, and showed much clemency to all those who came to me, however black their past may have been."

It is a matter of regret that General Weyler should not have deemed it advisable to volunteer more information as to the organization of the concentration camps. He says that one pound of meat and a quarter of a pound of rice were allowed to every individual over fourteen, and one-half that ration to children, which seems quite sufficient under the circumstances. A few paragraphs, however, couched in his blunt, soldierly style, setting at naught the terrible charges preferred against him in connection with that stern system of warfare would have been interesting, but they were lacking. His silence amounts to a confession of guilt. He makes a weak attempt at explaining that the wives and children of insurgents were not "concentrated," but obliged to betake themselves where the head of the family was supposed to be found. This is worse yet, for one can conceive the appalling abuses which such an order emanating from the general in chief must have countenanced and justified. As the revolutionary bands were constantly moving from east to west and from west to east and could not be located with any certainty, what an existence must have been that of families whose men were not serving in the ranks of the regular army. Refused army rations, compelled to roam from one devastated village to a burnt down hamlet, they could not but succumb to hunger and exhaustion.

Had Weyler been less brutally honest, he would have omitted such a damaging admission.

Up to this day we have had books of many kinds dealing with the Cuban war; pamphlets put forth by the insurgents and notoriously unfair to Spain; Spanish publications which misrepresented grossly the attitude of the United States; articles in European newspapers almost unanimously censuring the Americans for "robbing" Spain of her colony.

Now, however, we have the facts presented almost without any comments and certainly without embellishment by a Spaniard who loves his country and frankly detests the Americans.

Once or twice he registers a protest against the senate's decision concerning the recognition of belligerency or the campaign of defamation directed against him in American papers.

He complains that in March, 1896, when he had the situation well under control, the senate of the United States interfered most unfairly, for it recognized the belligerency of the insurgents, thereby giving them new courage.

This is less convincing than the majority of his arguments, for if we compare dates we find letters in which he admits his failure to stop the progress of the insurrection.

His gravest charge against the United States is contained in the following paragraph, which is too vague to be taken as seriously as some other statements of his:

"The United States were against everything that would bring about a termination of the war—American citizens held several millions worth of Cuban bonds, issued with the provision that the island would pass under the domination of the United States ten years after Cuba would have separated herself from Spain. The Yankees saw that with the pace I set the much-longed-for independence of Cuba and its corollary, the annexation thereof, was becoming a more and more remote possibility. But there was no reason why the peninsula should have robbed all the gossip which originated in America."

But on the whole the picture his letters and reports, as well as the letters of Martinez Campos he publishes, present to our eyes of Cuba in the years preceding the Maine incident would have justified any nation, near or remote, in intervening for the sake of humanity; a population unanimous in its desire for independence; a bloody war which could only lead to an ephemeral peace and at best would have left the island a dreary waste for years to come; the rights of foreign land owners and investors trampled under foot; all this horror had to be stopped.

Spain did not lose Cuba as a consequence of the war with the United States; by the very admission of Spain's military representatives in that ill-fated colony, Cuba was irretrievably lost to Spain in 1897, and the few Spaniards residing in the coast towns, the only safe abode for them, felt themselves a despised, ostracised minority.

BUSTED IN CHICAGO

Hundreds Daily Shuffle Through Streets Without Money or Friends.

Young Hoosier Lad Leaves Small Town to Answer Advertisement of Employment Agency—Is Duped and Robbed of Coin.

In Chicago penniless and without a friend.

Were you ever in such circumstances?

Probably not, but every day sees hundreds of your fellows who are. The other day Walter Summers, a lad of only 17 years, good looking and apparently fairly well educated, shuffled into the Desplaines street police station.

The lad, tired and broken in spirit, sat down in a chair.

"Say," the boy asked timidly, "how far is it to Wabash avenue?"

"About a mile," was the reply.

He smiled half-heartedly.

"About a mile, eh? Gee, I wish I had a dollar for every mile I've walked today. I could buy some regular food and have enough left to get cleaned up and pay my railroad fare home."

"Where is your home?" was asked.

"Evansville."

"Indiana?"

"Yep."

And then the tired boy told his story.

"I had a job in West Salem, Wis.," he said, "and I was getting along pretty well. I had a few dollars saved up and thought I was satisfied. I saw an advertisement in a pamphlet up there, telling how easy it was to make money in Chicago. The 'ad' was signed by an employment agency. All you had to do was to give the agency $2 and it would ship you to Chicago, where a job would be waiting you. It sounded fine, so I thought I'd try it.

"I gave my $2 to the agency and took the rest of my money with me. I was shipped with about fifteen other fellows.

"When I got to Chicago I went to the place where the agency had told me I could land a job. The address which they had given me I found was a swamp—out that way somewhere," and the boy pointed toward the southwest side.

"Then I saw that I had been 'bunkoed.' The agency, I guess, was a fake, or else they had given me the wrong address by mistake. I thought, though, that I could get a job next day, so I gave a dollar for the room I slept in that night. I hunted around for two days, trying to find a job. Twice I was told to call next week, but that is as close as I've come, so far.

"It was Tuesday when I came to Chicago. The following Sunday night I slept on the dock, down there by the river. There were lots of other fellows there, too. I spread out some papers and lay down on them. When I woke up in the morning I found that some fellow had taken my last $10."

The boy paused a minute, looked at his lone auditor and smiled.

"Say, honest now, ain't I the 'fall guy'? I guess I need a guardian," he said, and in spite of the fact that he was hungry and without money, he actually laughed.

"Ever since that night I have had to beg what food I have had. And I haven't had a shave, either, not since I came to this town."

"Yesterday I gave up. I went in the station down there," pointing west again, "and the 'copper' at the desk gave me a postal card and a nickel. Then I wrote to my mother and told her where I was and that I was 'broke.' I expect to hear from her tomorrow and then I am going home. An' say," he went on, "for all the three years which I have been away, I haven't written to my mother. She didn't know but what I was dead. I had an argument with her one day," he admitted reluctantly, "and I ran away. I got along all right up in West Salem, but Chicago is a fierce place."

The boy got up to go. A plain clothes detective who had come out during the latter part of the boy's story gave him 50 cents.

"Here, lad," he said, "you're too young to be in this town without money."

The reporter added his mite to the boy's fortune, then turned to go into the station.

"Well, much obliged," murmured the runaway, "so long" and he was off.

THE FIRST WIRELESS TELEGRAPH INSTRUMENT EVER USED ON AN AEROPLANE

This photograph, the first of its kind, shows the tiny wireless telegraph apparatus designed by H. N. Horton and placed on Glenn H. Curtiss' Aeroplane for sending messages while in flight. Dr. C. F. Everitt of the signal corps, N. Y. National Guard is seen sending a message.

Order French War Planes.

Paris.—The ministry of war has ordered the purchase of ten military monoplanes and twenty biplanes within the next three months. This will give the French army an aerial flotilla of sixty by the end of the year.

Sea Lion is Life Saver.

Toledo, O.—The sea lion which recently won much publicity by its sojourn in the Maumee, escaped again some time early the other morning. Police Lieutenant Conway sent four officers to pursue the animal.

Coroner Charles J. Henzler says they ought to let the sea lion stay in the river and make no attempt to catch him.

"They should not have taken it out when it was in the river before," he says. "Why, as long as it was in the river there was not a single case of drowning. Kids were afraid to go in swimming, and people were afraid to commit suicide by jumping into the water."

Praise for American Girls.

New York.—"American girls do not go abroad to have a good time by drinking wine, smoking cigarettes and following other European customs. Those who say they do libel them."

Thus said Lady Francis Cook (Tennessee Claflin), herself an American girl, who arrived the other day from Europe.

"American girls have revolutionized Europe," she continued. "Continental streets, which were regarded as unsafe for women after dark, now are as safe as our own avenues. It is the American girl who has worked this change."

INDIAN IS GOOD COOK

Woman Wastes More Than She Uses, Says Prof. Barnard.

Specialist in Household Economy Says American Man, Because of Wife's Culinary Inefficiency, Not as Well Nourished as European.

New York.—Go to the squaw, thou housewife, consider her ways and do likewise.

At least such is the advice of Prof. Charles Barnard, specialist in household economy, and one of the foremost figures at the household show recently held in Madison Square garden, says a writer in the New York World.

What Professor Barnard is not telling eager inquirers at the garden of the superior housekeeping methods of our great-great-grandmother, Minnehaha, he is busy with the "housekeeping experiment station," which he maintains at Darien, Conn., for testing under the most simple housekeeping conditions all new materials, methods, utensils and appliances which may prove useful in the home.

"The American housekeeper, compared with the housewives of France and Germany, is an unlettered child," declared Professor Barnard to me yesterday.

"The American man, because of his wife's culinary inefficiency, is not so well nourished as the European making half the income. At least 20 per cent. of the money spent on the American table is absolute waste."

Professor Barnard, mild of voice and eye, spoke with an earnestness that belied his manner.

"The American woman," he added, "does not know as much about cooking as the Indian squaw."

"Cooking, though it is part of the profession of wifehood, does not interest her. She 'can't be bothered,' she says. The merchant's wife vies with the millionaire's wife in buying only the most expensive cuts of meat. Steak, chops; steak, chops! swings the unvarying pendulum of the week's bill of fare.

"Now, only 24 per cent. of a beef, for instance, can provide the expensive porterhouse steaks, Delmonico roasts, etc. The other 76 per cent. is made up of the cheaper cuts—chuck, rump, round, shank, navel, brisket, etc.

"This meat if properly cooked, that is, slowly cooked, is more nutritious and has a better flavor than tenderloin. But the poor man's wife won't take the trouble to cook it. Her husband may say, 'We'll have to economize. Let's buy a little cheaper meat.' But when she gets to the butcher's and sees another woman buying something more expensive she feels ashamed of what she intended to order or else says to herself, 'What's good enough for her is none too good for me,' and buys a porterhouse steak instead.

"There's another type of woman that would rather spend her husband's money than her own time. She 'can't be bothered' cooking. But"—here Professor Barnard brightened up perceptibly—"a solution has been found even for her. It is fireless cooking. Have you ever tried it?"

I confessed that my education had been neglected in that respect.

"That's a trick the Indian squaw has taught us," Professor Barnard continued. "There are 15 or 20 different fireless cookers on the market, so you see I'm not booming anybody in talking about them."

WEARING TWO VEILS LATEST

Double Protection Against Dust and Sun is Forced in English Society Circles.

London.—Woman is in future to wear two veils, so that she may suggest more and more the rainbow shrouded in a fine mist by her many colored garments veiled with transparent materials.

The fashion of the combination of colorings in veiling one over the other, which has become such a pronounced vogue in both evening and afternoon dresses, has spread to the veil itself.

Motor veils of different tints worn over each other to produce a shot effect lead the way to the same style of veiling for wear with the promenade hat.

Fair women are soon to be mysteriously hidden behind folds of mauve over blue, mole over pink, dark blues shading rose and pale blues.

A lining of pink under black lace or white has been recognized for a long time as very becoming.

It will require a decided artistic taste in the ordinary woman who chooses her veiling apart from her hat to know exactly what tones to blend and which will also suit her complexion.

"A combination of colors is the fashion for motor veils," a representative of a West end firm said, "and very fine gauzes and chiffons are sold for their construction.

"The several layers of veiling are effective as well as picturesque, as they protect the face from the dust better than a single veil.

"In the same way bright colored hats are covered tightly with a veil of chiffon, and many varieties of the veiled hat will be seen in the autumn modes."

STUDY SOUTH POLE WEATHER

Douglas Mawson of Sydney to Find Out Reasons for Australia's Queer Conditions.

Melbourne.—To find out why Australia has queer spasms of weather at times Douglas Mawson of Sydney plans to run an Australian expedition to the regions round the south pole. Not a dash to the pole itself, it should be borne in mind, but a long residence in Antarctic quarters to study the magnetic and meteorological conditions that reflect their influence on the climate experienced by those living under the Southern Cross.

The curse of Australian agriculturists is drought. Some summers all seems set for a banner harvest, when suddenly cyclonic depression shifts and the rains that would have been a boon are wasted on the ocean. Other times hurricanes sweep whole provinces, leaving a track of destruction such as the fringe of the Mexican gulf occasionally experiences. These conditions absent and the weather conditions remaining normal, Australia has bumper crops and record clips of wool; squatter millionaires are turned out by the back blocks and boom times set in for town and country.

THOUGHT "TEDDY" A TITLE

Chayenne Waitress Causes Former President to Laugh Heartily at Error.

Denver, Col.—While Colonel Roosevelt was in Cheyenne he stopped at the Inter Ocean hotel. His meals were served to him in his rooms, and as servitor he had a Swedish girl who had been in this country but a short time.

Whenever he asked the girl a question, she answered: "No, Teddy," or "Yes, Taddy," to the amusement of the colonel.

Her manner was so ingenuous, however, that he decided that she was innocent of intentional disrespect. Finally he made inquiries and the mystery was solved.

The girl thought that "Teddy" which she had heard so frequently, was "some sort of a title, such as king."

He laughed heartily when he heard the explanation.

Talking Motion Pictures.

New York.—With the announcement by Thomas A. Edison the other day that he has almost reached the solution of the problem of making moving pictures that talk, the future of the moving picture promises a revolution. Mr. Edison has obtained satisfactory results with a device for recording the words as well as the actions of actors and actresses.

Protect Lyre Bird.

Sydney.—So great has been the destruction wrought upon the beautiful lyre bird of Queensland that the state has protected the bird till the middle of 1915; a $25 penalty is attached to its capture, or injury, or taking its eggs. It is the extraordinary lyre-form development of the tail feathers which tempt the captor.

Uncle Called Odd and Even

Trough Dug in the Ground and a Contest in the Throwing of Stones.

Two boys may play this game with pebbles, peach stones, plum stones, nuts or acorns. Make a tiny trough in the ground about four inches wide and six inches deep, but as long as desired. Then the players in turn stand about six feet away from the trough. As each person takes his turn he picks up a handful of stones or whatever is being used for the game.

Each player uses from his own pile of 20 stones at the start of the game. The one to throw into the trough must not let the other player see how many stones he intends to use each time. The player not throwing must guess whether or not the one throwing will toss an odd or even number of stones into the trough.

If the guesser says "odd" just as the player starts to throw and an odd number goes into the trough the guesser takes all the stones which go in. If the guesser is wrong he gives to the thrower as many stones from his pile as went into the trough.

Before starting off the players agree on the number of throws each is to have. At the end of the game the person having the most stones or pebbles wins the game. The little children of Arabia like to play odd and even for they spend much of their time out in the sunshine and fresh air.

If ten players wish to take part in the game the long trough is marked off into five parts so two people may play at each section. At the end of the contest the two holding the most peach stones play each other to see who wins the final game. The peach stones won are always put back at the end of each game.

Not Coughing Today?

Yet you may cough tomorrow! Better be prepared for it when it comes. Ask your doctor about keeping Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house. Then when the hard cold or cough first appears you have a doctor's medicine at hand. Your doctor's approval of its use will certainly set all doubt at rest. Do as he says. He knows. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Robust health is a great safeguard against attacks of throat and lung troubles, but constipation will destroy the best of health. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING. C. R. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Tawney says the Democrats did it. Maybe they did a good job.

We'll bet Fred Stevens and Frank [illegible] aren't over the scare yet.

The primaries are over, and there are sore spots, of course. Lots of good men no longer come to the aid of the party.

Governor Eberhart has not reduced the tax rate lately. His recent efforts to help out the steel trust did not meet with the cordial approval of the farmers.

The straddler in politics stands no show. The voter insists that the candidate state his position on important questions of the hour. The voter at last realizes that the public official is only a hired man of the people.

That was a close fight for the Republican congressional nomination in the second district. Ellsworth wins by about 150 over Ward, the Fairmont millionaire. But Winfield Scott Hammond will run away with the bone in November.

The Republican orators will no longer point to the glorious victories from the "pine-clad hills of Maine to the orange groves of California." This will be obliged to start in at New Hampshire and end somewhere this side of the rockies, with sundry unpromising places between.

There are many reasons assigned for the defeat of Tawney, but the real one is his sponsorship of Cannon. Cannonism and Ballingerism and Aldrichism are words of reproach in Minnesota, and Jim Tawney was too close to this unpopular triumvirate. The standpat candidates on the Republican state ticket should take warning, for the avalanche is almost upon them.

Hon. W. J. Bryan has publicly announced that he will not support the candidate for governor on the Nebraska state ticket because of his stand for the liquor interests and against law and order. This position indicates, observes the Mapleton Enterprise, that Mr. Bryan is a man of character and that he would rather stand for principal than to remain a power in his party if he must give up his manhood to retain that power. Both Bryan and Roosevelt propose to use their efforts to relieve their respective parties from the influences which corrupt and prevent honest legislation.

This from the Adrian Democrat is good advice to the people of any town: "Pull together brethern. We are all hear for the same purpose. Then live and let live. The best way to build up a town is for each and every man to pull together and not strive to rend and tear down. All tho residents of a town are partners, not opponents. In all likelihood the more business done by your rival the more you will do. Every merchant who treats his customers honestly and fairly will get his sharo and the more business that can be secured by united effort, the better it will be far all."

One of the planks which was to have been in the platform of the late Clarence Dinehart, was one dealing with weights and measures, says the Mapleton Enterprise. We note his successor in office, State Treasurer Pettijohn also realizes the need of having the scales of the country inspected. Short weights have defrauded the people out of vast sums of money and in this era of high priced living those who have to buy should have what they pay for. Other officers of the state are of the opinion that the time is not far distant when eggs as well as many products sold by the bushel will be sold by weight entirely.

JAMES GRAY.

The only opposition to James Gray in the Democratic state central committee came from friends representing Mayor Haynes of Minneapolis. Mr. Gray didn't believe Mr. Haynes was as desirable a man for mayor as Mr. Jones, his Republican opponent. But the state central committee did not think that Mr. Gray's judgment in regard to a purely local matter should cut any figure in this case.

The committee was right about that. The theory that purely local affairs like city offices should be treated from the standpoint of national party politics is generally discarded nowadays. What a man's views are on national questions—the tariff, the navy, the Panama canal, conservation—has nothing to do with what his views are about police administration, the building of schoolhouses, making parks or constructing sewers.

More significant than that and of the first importance, perhaps, is the fact that Mr. Gray was the substitute tendered to the committee by Mr. Lind. Being unwilling to be a candidate himself, it was up to Mr. Lind to provide a substitute and relieve the party of its embarrassment as far as possible. In offering Mr. Gray he has undoubtedly made as wise a selection as could have been hit upon. Mr. Gray has qualifications that are not possessed by others of the candidates talked of. He is better known to the people of the state than any of them. He is favorably known, and he can make a good speech. While he may not be elected, and perhaps his supporters have slight expectation that he will be, he is a creditable candidate and will pull more votes in all probability than any other man who has been talked about since Mr. Lind's refusal to make the race.

FIRE PREVENTION.

Fire Marshall Edward Peterson has made his annual report to the governor in which he makes a number of recommendations, all of which sound reasonable and necessary if fire prevention is ever to be put on the right basis:

"1. The adoption of uniform building codes, such codes to contain regulations for electrical heating and lighting appliances.

"2. The adoption of regulations prohibiting the use and sale of those grades of matches to which so large a part of our fire waste is now due.

"3. To provide for the teaching for a few minutes every week in all our public schools on the simpler elements of fire dangers and fire prevention under a system similar to that now in use in the state of Ohio.

"4. To regulate and prohibit the necessary accumulation of waste and rubbish wherein so many fires are started and quickly spread beyond control.

"5. That the fire marshall law be so amended as to make it the principal duty of this department to inspect buildings and risks for the purpose of securing enforcement of all laws and regulations relating to fire dangers and fire prevention and to remedy any unnecessary exposures to fire dangers. To this end every city and village should have a local fire marshal who should also be a deputy state fire marshal serving without pay from the state except when under direct orders from the state fire marshal. Such local fire marshal should report all fires from his city or village to the state fire marshal, and he should be charged with the enforcement of all laws and ordinances regarding fires and fire prevention, and any failure to comply with any order of such local fire marshal should be immediately reported by him to the state fire marshal who should then have power to proceed with the enforcement of any law or local regulation relating to fire prevention thus violated. As it is a notorious fact that the laws and regulations on this subject are seldom enforced by the local authorities alone, the fire marshal department should be provided with sufficient means and assistants to efficiently carry out the line of work herein suggested together with added efficiency for the kind of investigations now conducted under the law."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Ortonville Herald-Star: There is still something new under the political heavens. A local aspirant has declined to be a candidate "at the earnest solicitation of friends."

Rush City Post: All this talk of a tariff commission is only a retarder, a putting off for a more convenient season for the manufacturers. The people say do it now.

Hallock News: Three New York ballooists have disappeared. Now their friends are up in the air.

Princeton Union: Mr. Cannon has made unequivocal declaration for re-election to the speakership. His numerous enemies, including one Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, should not feel too cock-sure that he will not land the job.

Ogilvie Sentinel: A New York man has a jawbone of gold. That is nothing. There are politicians in this state that have cheeks of brass.

Mora Times: With Roosevelt assuming the leadership of Republicanism, ably assisted by such men as La Follette, Beveridge, Clapp, Dolliver, Cummins and others, the present system of monopoly control will receive its death knell and a government of the people by the people restored.

Ortonville Herald-Star: A woman is running for congress out in Oregon. Her opponent to be nice and gentlemanly, says she is a standpitty-patter.

Owatonna Journal: Even the smoothest politician is compelled to come out in the open and show where he stands, and Senator Nelson is no exception.

Cannon Falls Beacon: While Mr. Hill is so explicitly denying that the federal government ever gave the Great Northern any land grants, let him come on across and tell how much land the state of Minnesota gave to the various lines that combined now constitute the Great Northern System and the approximate value of these lands.

Rochester Post and Record: A friend, in speaking of the ill-advised letter recently written by President Taft, in which he announces that he will receive the insurgents to the Republican party and treat them with the same consideration that he does the regulars, said that Mr. Taft must have providential aid, because no mortal man could make as many blunders in so short a time without the help of divine providence.

St. Cloud Times: Ex-Gov. John Lind has consented to make twenty speeches in the state during the present political campaign, and the committee has fixed upon St. Cloud for one of these addresses. While Mr. Lind would not accept the nomination, he is heart and soul in the contest, and will prove a tower of strength. Mr. Gray was his choice for governor and he intends to put forth every effort in support of his election.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Every good talker carries it too far.

It doesn't take a brilliant man to shine in society.

Optimism is sometimes due to lack of experience.

Only an active and muscular man can afford to lose his temper.

Many a man gets stalled in business because he lacks horse sense.

A good time doesn't always depend on the price you pay for it.

Shortly after a woman marries her ideal she discovers that she didn't.

Being run over by an automobile is apt to give a man that tired feeling.

When Eve told Adam just what she really thought of him that was the original rib roast.

Don't run for office unless you are willing to let the family skeleton escape from the closet.

Isn't it queer how the man who didn't boasts of his intellectual independence invaribly agrees with pretty women?

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The more the farewells the less the sincere parting.

There's hardly anything so opinionated as red hair.

The most disappointing lottery is drawn out of the ballot box.

The worse a man is himself the more pride he can take in the virtues of his ancestors.

It would be pretty hard on the inmates of an insane asylum to lock up a few engaged couples with them.

THE VALUABLE CONTEST PRIZES

Handsome Piano, Organ and Other Prizes to be Given Away.

Clip Coupons From This Issue of the Gazette and Vote Them.

Our newspaper contest is on and every lady has a chance to win a prize. You certainly have use for one of the prizes we are offering and the way to get one is to save your coupons and ballots. The following is a description of the prizes.

The beautiful Don Pierre piano, known as the grand prize, is one of America's leading instruments and in the past year has become popular thruout the west. It possesses several features and valuable improvements found in no other piano. It stands four feet ten inches, is doubled veneered throughout in fancy mahogany, has double repeater sticker action, imported music wire and is warranted for ten years from the date of shipment and the makers guarantee to replace free of charge any imperfections that may develop in that time.

The parlor organ that we are offering is without doubt the handsomest and one of the best constructed organs on the market. It is one of the latest designs and of the piano style. The instrument is warranted for ten years. The organ looks like a piano and can not be distinguished except in tone. It is made in solid oak finish.

The $40.00 New Fireside sewing machines are made by the largest sewing macine firm in the world. Others have imitated these machines, but none have equaled them. They consists of a fall drop golden oak embossed case with four full length drawers, transfer tape measures and brass trimmed turned knobs. Invisible automatic lifting device that swings the sewing head close to the operator. A complete set of solid steel foot atachtments packed in a velvet lined box goes with each machine. The machines are fully warranted for ten years.

We offer 20 year gold watches with Elgin movements, which sell at retail the world over. The Elgin stands foremost among watches and is recognized as Amrica's leading time-piece. The Elgin is so widely advertised and known that it needs no recommendation.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

VIEWS ON RAILROAD RATE DECISION

Continued From Page 1

men than themselves hard names. The day has arrived when in the main the voters of Minnesota have made up their minds to cast an independent ballot and send to the right-about the party hacks who, instead of giving the people honest service, are willing to be the subservient tools of the powerful interests who stand ready to finance their campaigns.

Keeping Quiet About it.

We have had an exhibition of that during the last week. Some years ago the Minnesota legislature, acting in harmonious co-operation with the policy outlined by Governor Johnson, passed a law reducing passenger rates to two cents a mile and decreasing and equalizing commodity rates at the same time. Although the law was passed as a result of an understanding with the representatives of the railroads who were willing to accept the schedule of rates which had been prepared, the bill had no sooner been presented to the legislature than the railroads repudiated the understanding which had been arrived at and later, through some convenient stockholders, instituted an action in the federal district court to enjoin the enforcement of the law subsequently passed.

A Radical Decision.

It is not necessary here to recite the phases which from time to time this action presented. The upshot of the matter was that a master in chancery was appointed to take evidence in the suit which had been brought and present his findings to the court for its approval. During the years which have elapsed a vast amount of testimony has been taken, the state has paid many thousands of dollars in attorney's fees, and ultimately a decision of the most extraordinary and revolutionary character has been reached by Judge Otis, the master in chancery.

Agrees With Railroads.

The judge has decided that the rates made by the legislature are so low as to be in their nature confiscatory. It should be stated that at the time these suits were instituted the railroad and warehouse commission had undertaken, under the supervision of an expert engineer, the physical valuation of the railroads of the state—what it would cost to produce them now. In order to arrive at this decision the judge rejected this valuation as too low and apparently accepted in the main the figures respecting valuation which the railroads had submitted in the testimony of their officials. According to a statement made by Attorney General Young, who conducted the case on behalf of the state:

"The master also found a valuation for the railroad property far above the valuation made by the state engineers, and decided that on the valuation found by him the rates were all confiscatory. The master designated exactly the amount of money invested in the properties and gave them a value in excess of all the valid and watered stocks and bonds issued by each."

The Governor's Deaf Ear.

One might have thought this decision a matter of sufficient importance to distract the governor's attention for a moment from the contemplation of pumpkin shows and to interrupt the chase for office which ever since his accidental elevation, has absorbed his energies. He does not appear to have thought it worthy even of a passing moment. Possibly the exigencies of the campaign make it inadvisable that anything should be said which might be regarded as cause of offense to those of his powerful supporters interested in the matter, and if he said anything they would approve the voters might not like it. This is the case in which it can readily be understood that silence is golden.

A Law Unto Themselves

But this part of the judge's decision, sweeping as it is, and forecasting an increase in both freight and passenger rates which no one, with the possible exception of an occasional master in chancery, believes the principal railroads operating in this state find unremunerative was far from being the most important part of the opinion. If his view is coincided in, in another the assumption that every state in the nation has acted upon that it has the right to regulate the rates charged by common carriers for service rendered entirely within the state will prove to be without legal warrant.

The Railroad Theory.

Those familiar with the suits to which I have referred will remember that at the time the two cent fare rate law went into affect the railroads protested that they could not exact a three cent fare over lines from Fargo for instance, if the rate from Moorhead was two cents a mile. In like manner if it would be unpracticable to charge Minnesota customers in the Red River Valley one rate on freight while they exacted from Dakota shippers across the line a higher rate. Predicated on this condition the theory was advanced by the railroad attorneys that no rate could be made in Minnesota on freight carried on an interstate road from one point within the state to another point within the state, if, in the view of the railroads and for their own purpose, they concluded it desirable to change the interstate rate.

The Law Laid Down.

This theory the judge has accepted. In his decision he lays down the rule that a rate cannot be ordered by state authority in Minnesota if as a result of that rate the rates the railroads charge to points outside of the state are affected. The rate in Minnesota may be never so reasonable if as a result of it rates are effected it constitutes inteference with interstate rates and the state authorities will be enjoined from enforcing it.

Different Law in Iowa.

It is to be remembered in this connection that the Minnesota law refers to Minnesota traffic only. The state legislature did not, of course, consider any incidental affects it might have. It is to be remembered also that it is practically impossible for a rate to be made in Minnesota which cannot be held to effect rates in adjacent territory. Further it may be borne in mind that there has for years been in affect in Iowa a distant tariff which must effect rates to points in this state and in other states which are contiguous to Iowa. What they have been doing in Iowa for years without protest and with the tacit consent of the federal authorities, if Judge Otis is right in his interpretation of the law, they may not do in Minnesota. A distance tariff law operative in Iowa would be enjoined in Minnesota, indeed, must be enjoined, by a court which accepts Judge Otis' view. One would think such a matter worthy of profoundest consideration by the governor of the state.

Awake to the Situation.

At all events Mr. Gray, who apparently hopes to be governor, thought it worthy of mentioning. Perhaps that is because he is a newspaper man and has a nose for news. He talked about it the other day at Northfield and he talked very straight. Evidently no one has yet succeeded in putting a gag in his mouth.

"If the railroads," he said, "are allowed to raise their interstate rates and the federal courts deny states the power to regulate rates at all, it must be apparent that the railroad problem is of pre-eminent importance, more so perhaps than ever before. For unless the people are awake to the situation they may discover presently that both interstate and domestic rates have been raised to such a level as to affect the prosperity of the country.

I do not believe that the people are going to lie down and concede that as citizens of the states they have no control over domestic corporations and institutions to which they have given existence, but will find some remedy." There is a rumor current the authority for which I have been unable to trace that the heirs of the lamented Joe Millar, a distinguished jokesmith of the early victorian era, are about to institute proceedings against Governor Eberhart on the charge he has appropriated certain of these progenitor's productions and is making use of them in addresses delivered at street fairs and other public gatherings. Those who have looked into the mater are inclined to make light of the claimant's pretensions, and declare that, even if such a suit were brought, the governor has an ample defense as most of his best stories ant date the Joe Miller period by at least half a century.

—PAUL PRY.

Bids Wanted.

The board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon, the 7th day of October, A. D., 1910, for the purpose of opening the bids and awarding the contract for the construction of a re-inforced concrete retaining wall along the property line on the east side of the Court House in said City of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Sealed bids are wanted for the retoining wall, for approximately 8000 feet of cement sidewalk and 400 feet of curb. Contractors are requested to bid by the cubic yard on the retaining wall, by the square foot on the sidewalks and by the lineal foot on the curb and combination curb and gutter.

Work to be begun promptly upon the award of the contract as per plans and specifications of C. H. Martz, engineer in charge, all on file in the office of the county auditor.

The estimated amount of material required: Concrete 110 cubic yards, 4000 lbs. of one-half inch round iron. Approximately 200 cubic yards of excavation required.

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditor up to the time of the opening of the bids. Each bid must be accompanied with a certified check in the sum of not less than $200 payable to the order of the county auditor.

Bidders are requested to be present on the above occasion when the bids will be opened and read in their presence. The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minn., Sept. 12th 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
15s29 County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal)

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S. and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S. S. S. to any who are likewise afflicted.
MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

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Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE NEW ERA SYSTEM PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

SPECIALISTS

Sending their free doctors to the principal cities of the United States.

Will be in Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Friday, October 14, 1910, at the Grand View Hotel from 10:00 a. m. to 4:00 p. m.

These doctors are licensed by the state for the cure of deformities and all nervous and chronic diseases of men, woman and children. They will give to all, who call, consultation, examination and advice, absolutely free, making no charge whatever, except the actual cost of medicine used in each individual case. All that is asked in return for these valuable services is that every person treated will state the results to their friends and thus prove to the sick and afflicted in every city and locality that at last treatments have been discovered that are absolutely sure and certain in their curative affects.

The experience of treating thousands of cases makes a physician able to cure diseases quicker than the ordinary doctor. The physician of experience and success is able to cure these chronic diseases that the ordinary physician can do nothing for. The physician of experienced success has his remedies at hand, those that are tested and tried and those he knows does not have to experiment with and knows that cure follows their uses as well as he knows that night follows day.

Few people realize the advantage of doctoring with special doctors. Not doctors that pretend to cure everything, but doctors that know how to cure the diseases they pretend to cure. An association of doctors where each and everyones' opinion is centered on the disease of an individual character is better than one opinion on the disease.

These physicians and surgeons are well known. They are one of the most sucessful combinations of physicians in the United States. They are the products of Modern Medical Science. They cure where others fail, and their skill is known throughout the civilized world. They want to prove that they can cure you and they want to prove it at their own cost and without a penny of expense to you, except what is necessary for such medicine as they may prescribe for you.

You may wonder why you have not been cured. It is easy to explain. Maybe your doctor never had a case which is like yours. Probably you have complications which baffle him so he keeps on guessing, hoping eventualy to strike the remedy which will help your trouble, and he is treating symptoms only, never getting at the root of the disease. Can you afford to be suffering while you are being experimented on? If you cannot then go to master physicians who treat more cases in one month than an ordinary doctor treats in a lifetime.

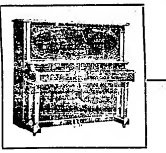
The master specialist knows how to treat you. He has treated others of the same disease. He is treating many of them now. No matter what your ailment may be, whether diseases of the lungs, asthma, bronchitis, catorrh, diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, bladder, piles, rheumatism, gout, skin diseases, neuralgia, female diseases, epilepsy, appendicitis, goiter, eye and ear trouble or any chronic disease. Pin your faith on these specialists and you will be rewarded.

Cancer and tumor treated by the Hypodarmic Injection method, no pain, no loss of blood and no detention from business. Thousands cured, as their testimonials will show. Appendicitis and gall stones cured without operation.

Deafness often cured in sixty days.

Remember the date and free offer.

Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with their fathers or guardians.



FREE! FREE! FREE!

Get Busy and Nominate a Friend in Our Popular Piano Contest. Prizes Valued at Hundreds of Dollars Given to Most Popular and Ambitious Ladies in this Vicinity.

Every Lady in this vicinity can use a piano or some other prize, and now is the time to win one by cutting from this paper the ballots published each week. We are going to give valuable prizes to the ladies having the most votes when the contest closes, therefore get busy and nominate yourself or your friend and have a good start at the beginning. Do not say you cannot win as you have an equal chance with the rest and all that is required is to put forth a little effort in gathering ballots and asking your friends to do the same for you. This contest is open to both old and young. By starting now you will have your name published among the first list of candidates. Try and have your name at the top with the largest number of votes, and the way to get it there is to start out right now and gather ballots.

Nomination Ballot
Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest
Name..
Address.......................................
Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
Name..
Address.......................................
If voted before October 20, 1910.

The opportunity is now ripe and you should take advantage of it. To the lady having the largest number of votes when the contest closes we will give the beautiful $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano that will be on exhibition in some prominent place, and when it arrives we will publish a notice inviting you to call and see it. Other prizes will be given, such as $40 New Fireside Sewing Machines, a $150 Organ in a piano case, and Ladies Elegant Gold Watches with Elgin movement. You will find a nomination ballot in this paper good for 50 votes; that will give you a good start. Only one nomination ballot will count for one lady, but you can gather as many contestant's ballots as you like and they will count for 10 votes each: We will publish every week a contestants ballot. Watch for it, cut it from the paper and send it to this office as soon as possible.

SPECIAL: Different stores in town will issue coupons worth 100 votes on every cash purchase. Be sure and ask for coupons with your next purchase and help boost yourself or a friend. Votes will be given on subscription later. Contest closes January 16, 1911.

CLOTHCRAFT Clothes are made in a sunlit factory. You have the satisfaction of knowing that your clothes were made in the lightest, brightest, most sanitary shops that modern science can build—if they bear the Clothcraft label.

The buildings in which this famous line is produced are models for the whole world. They are the ideal place for the scientific tailoring that makes possible a guaranteed All-Wool Clothcraft suit at $10 to $25.

All this is the result of sixty years of continuous development. Clothcraft is "sixty years young." In the right inside coat pocket of your Clothcraft suit you will find the Clothcraft guaranty of absolutely pure wool cloth—the non-breakable coat front—the best trimmings and workmanship—quality that gives the longest wear.

The makers sign this guaranty, and we also give it to you on our own responsibility.

Come in and see the new styles and shades correctly expressed in Clothcraft. Then consider what this guaranty means to you.

Why waste time over ordinary clothes when such an offering as this awaits you—at these prices?

THEO. LABISSONIERE

The Reliable Clothier

MAKE YOUR SHIPMENTS

to a responsible house of long experience and all the chances are in your favor. There is nothing gained or saved by shipping to a house because their solicitor is a good story teller. The commission will be the same. Of course you want your grain handled by careful men.

THE VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON CO.
MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH WINNIPEG KANSAS CITY

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address
BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
Department 29 16 South 5th St., Minneapolis.

RAILROAD POSITIONS SURE LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying railroad position in the spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition.
THOMPSON'S EXPERT RAILWAY COLLEGE, Minneapolis, Minn.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of A. A. Fletcher.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. A. Fletcher, Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Edgar E. Fletcher, of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 14th day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the court house at Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said County of Red Lake, as provided by law.

Dated Sept. 1st, 1910.

(Seal) IRA C. RICHARDSON, Judge of Probate.
s15-29

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 8th day of October, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 47 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date September 9th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source from Station "O" to Station "250-50" inclusive of the Main Ditch, from station "O" to station "17" inclusive of Branch No. 1, and station "O" to station "152-68" inclusive of Branch No. 2, comprising the whole of what is known as county Ditch no. 47 of Red Lake county, Minnesota, contemplating the excavation and removal of 99,428.0 cubic yards of earth in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade, along the side of the ditch in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The estimated cost of excavation and removal of earth is $9,942.80.

The estimated total cost of the work is $12,992.80 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated September 12th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) s15-29.

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That on the 8th day of October, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 43 of Red Lake County, established by the board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date September 9th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the Engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source from station "O" to station "873-30" inclusive of the main ditch and from station "O" to station "181-70" of the branch ditch inclusive, comprising the whole of County Ditch No. 48 of Red Lake County, Minnesota, contemplating the excavation and removal of 321,128.0 cubic yards of earth in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade along the side of the ditch in the time and manner prescribed to the plans, profiles maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified, to said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order, and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: The estimated cost of excavation and removal of earth is $32,128.40.

The estimated total cost of the work is $41,121.50 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated Sept. 12th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) s15-29

Auditors Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Omundson and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 56.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 56, beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet west of the section corner between section twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) in township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th P. M., running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: Due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twenty-eight (28) and thirty-three (33), twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32) and sections thirty (30) and thirty-one (31) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of said section thirty (30), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in County Ditch Number Thirty-three (33), Red Lake County, Minnesota, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of the said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:

Osten Hansen, Ole J. Nomland, Nils O. Burungrud, Carrier Banar, Halvor Hjalden, Olivar Gnadarson, George M. Gundarson, Svan D. Rosland, Andrew Furseth, Ole L. Ottom, Emil O. Uggerud, Ola J. Wickum, Paul J. Trundvat, Martin Qoist, Oscar Ostrem, Peter H. Stenbjeim, Martin P. Mork, John J. Hegarness, Ole Omandson, et. al., Lars Matson, Korl Beiswinger, Henry H. Hanson, Township of Silverton and the United States of America and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 21st day of October, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Notice is Also Hereby Given, That the County Board at the same time, place and hour will consider the adjourned hearings on the County Ditches petitioned for by John J. Serum and Sam S. Huseby, known as County Ditches Nos. 50 and 54 respectively, on the engineer's and viewers' reports thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditches are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated September 26th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) s29-o18

Sale of Ditching Job.

Completion of Rockshory and North Ditch No. 1.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the job of completing the Rockshury and North ditch, No. 1, of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, pursuant to the order of the board of county commissioners of said county by their order bearing date September 16th, 1910, viz:

For the work as one job from station "60" successively up-stream to station "174" both inclusive with a variation in excavation of earth of from nothing to one and one-half feet above grade. The total amount of earth to be removed in order to complete the ditch is 8787.7 cubic yards and at a price not exceeding 15 cents per cubic yard amounts to $560.65 to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be wholly completed within six months and in the manner specified. The said order and profile are on file and may be seen at my office. The successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two free hold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the completion of said ditch is as follows: Removal of 8787.7 cubic yards of earth at an estimated cost not to exceed $560.65.

All bids must be accompanied with a certified check payable to the county auditor of said county, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of the bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated September 28, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) s29-o6

Subscribe For the Gazette.

LIFE STORY OF JAMES GRAY

Continued From Page 1.

was more gold in the soil than in all the known mines. James Gray then and there determined upon a college education, and the following September he was enrolled as a university student for a five-year course. He made the most of his opportunities, working his way through college and supporting himself by various kinds of employment. One summer he was a level-man on the Great Northern, another found him at hotel work, and one at Fergus Falls under Elmer E. Adams; during his college year he carried newspaper routes on the Pioneer Press and Tribune.

Stood High in College Work.

Throughout his course he maintained a standing above the average and excelled in oratory, taking first place in his junior year. He was twice connected with the Ariel, the college paper, and was president of his class; taking an active interest in sports, he was president of the athletic association and helped organize the first general field day. The climax of his college career was his speech of welcome on behalf of the students at the inauguration of President Cyrus Northrop.

In June, 1885, he was graduated with honor as the valedictorian of his class. Immediately on leaving the university James Gray went into newspaper work and has ever since been connected with Minneapolis newspapers excepting the two years' service as mayor of that city. At first he was engaged in general reporting, and later in executive and editorial positions, having been city editor of the Tribune, managing editor of the Times and associate editor of the Journal and had business experience in the advertising departments of the Times and Tribune—twenty-five years at the desk, varied only by a short vacation in the mayor's office.

Familiar With Public Affairs.

Mr. Gray's first work was on the Tribune, having the city hall and courthouse rune, which gave him familiarity with the people and a fund of information on public affairs and matters legal and historical, as well as a working knowledge of municipal government. At the time of the Republican national convention in 1892 he was so impressed with the dramatic and tragic, the total eclipse of the Plumed Knight, that he literally tore off a tremendous article on the downfall of Blaine, prefaced with the lines from Byron on Napoleon:

"'Tis done. But yesterday a King,
And armed with Kings to strive,
And now thou art a nameless thing—
So abject yet alive."

Reputation as a Correspondent.

When the article appeared great Eastern correspondents came in scores to see the rural genius who had beaten them all, and the New York Times man and others telegraphed the entire article to their papers. The reputation thus established was heightened by his correspondence from Washington at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war—able, eloquent and vigorous letters which attracted great attention.

During his term as mayor he won a number of triumphs for the people, one in refusing to sign a contract ordered by the city council for the purchase of coal because there was an evident combine between dealers; under Mayor Gray's orders wood and shavings were used as fuel at the water works until the trust surrendered.

Defeats Traction Company Plan.

Another victory of the people was the heading off of a scheme of the street railway company to charge a 15-cent fare between the Twin Cities; the Minneapolis council had granted this privilege by an ordinance. Mayor Gray vetoed the ordinance, which was passed over his veto, whereupon he secured the support of the Pioneer Press and the St. Paul city council and the scheme was defeated.

When the smallpox epidemic broke out, decisive and sweeping measures of Mayor Gray stamped out the plague; and another of his popular moves was his "I have—have you?" to bring home, in a style worthy of them, the boys of the Thirteenth regiment from San Francisco.

Strong Editorial Writer.

James Gray is known, and widely known, through his strong, fearless, characteristic editorials, which have a personality of their own so clearly marked that people commonly say, "That's Jim Gray's; I can always tell his articles." His serious articles are occasionally illumined by flashes of native humor. It is of the grave, serio-comic literary type. He is unconsciously humorous while he defends himself from the charge.

An important side of Mr. Gray's career is his public speaking, and he is perhaps more widely known in this capacity than any other; as an after-dinner speaker he has made a reputation that has become proverbial, and he has handled gridiron dinners with a zest, unction and brilliancy that have been pronounced incomparable by President Northrop and other well known men. The late Governor Johnson at one of these dinners said, "I have never heard, even at the Washington gridiron dinners, a feature that compared with it in originality of conception."

Connected With Church Work.

Mr. Gray has been prominently connected with church work in Minneapolis and has spoken from the pulpits of a score of churches of divers denomination, and his address in South Dakota on "The Layman's Age" has been widely quoted.

Now, as to the man—and, after all, that is the important thing: Mr. Gray is a man of unbounded popularity, genial, and always ready with an apt reply. He likes people, and is therefore generally liked; he is what men call "a good fellow," and women, "a splendid man," while politicians style him "a good mixer."

Mr. Gray's Home Life.

Mr. Gray was married in 1893 to Miss Grace Farrington, associate editor of the Times. At Linden Hills, where they have resided for over half a score of years, "Jim" Gray is a sort of landmark. They have four children. You may see him any summer evening with a baby on one arm and a pail on the other, bound for a nearby pump; or in his backyard playing tennis with his daughters or baseball with the small boys of the neighborhood, or, if nothing better offers, mowing the lawn.

To sum up, James Gray is one of the people and a self-made man. He has a natural taste for public affairs, an exceptional knowledge of the state and its needs. His pre-eminent characteristics are common sense, even balance, good judgment and caution. Above all he is a man of good principles and a kind heart.

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PERRAULT STATION.

(Intended for last week.)

Last Monday noon the Northern Pacific southbound train set a fire about half a mile from the station. The fire burned a couple of hay stacks, hay rake and culvert. The fire was put out by the aid of two section crews and a few farmers with their plows. If the fire had not been stopped quickly it would have burned several hundred dollars worth of hay and buildings.

Master Thomas Ducharme, son of Moses Ducharme, broke one of his legs while at play at school. Dr. J. C. Wilkinson set the fractured leg.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Porantoou visited with relatives at Tarrabonna last Sunday.

The station cheese factory paid for the month of July as follows;

Louisa Dupont	$23.98
Eugene St. Mars	28 17
M. W. Loose	40 28
Nap Dalorma	88 48
Carl Nalson	04 04
Ang. Anderson	09 51
Jos. Gouthiar	52 72
N. Moriean	40 31
Jos. Page	24 58
Sam Luxamberg	47 47
O. Houla	42 13
David Banhnry	41 55
John H. Hunter	22 80
Jos. Dalorma	32 23
Poroth Bros.	18 17
Ed. Bosse	33 80
Mose Ducharme	6 10
Homar Poranten	9 98

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall July 21st, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present except Hunt and Hennings.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Otto Zaiser, services as street commissioner, 9 days	$14.85
Joseph Sallay, Secy. R. L. F. Fire Department, services by Department at fire of July 17th, 1910	57.00
Chas. Bourdon, assisting engineer establish street grades	10.00
Chas. E. Boughton, expenses trip to McIntosh	5.00
Chas. J. Kruse, special police	4.00
Red Lake Falls Fire Deptmt, services of fire calls	50.00
Joseph Perrault, expressage on city bond record	.85
H. Hennamuth, work on bridge	5.25
John Drier, drying and reeling fire hose	1.00
J. A. Duffy, 3 days as member of board of review	9.00
John Drier, street work	17.00
Geo. Mognin, street work	6.12
Wm. McAnulty, street work	4.38
Julius Kuehl, street work	12.00

On motion duly carried the liquor license of George Cyr was granted.

Alderman Salley offered the following resolution and moved its adoption duly seconded by Alderman Crompe:

Whereas, this council has heretofore ordered the construction of a sidewalk, curbstone and gutter, along and adjoining the west side of Lot 11 in Block 2, of Champagne and Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls, in this city, upon Main Street, pursuant to law and due notice of such order having been given to Mary R. Knns, and the time duly set for the construction of said walk having expired, the city did thereafter cause said walk, curbstone and gutter to be constructed as ordered, and the council having duly set a time and given due notice thereof, to ascertain the benefits of said walk, curbstone, walk and gutter to the said Lot 11, aforesaid, and this being the time set, and no person having appeared before the council in said matter, and the council having duly considered the same, therefore,

Be it resolved that the amount of benefits to be derived by Lot 11, of Block 2, in Champagne and Dow's Addition, in said city, from the constructions of the cement walk, curbstone and gutter, at the west end thereof, on Main Street, is the sum of $36.25; and be it further resolved that said Lot shall be and hereby is charged with the payment of said sum to the city in the manner provided by law.

Upon roll call the following aldermen voted yea: Crompe, Salley and Paul. Voted nay: None. Resolution duly adopted.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL,
President.

Approved this 15th day of August, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.
Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibean, Pres., Frank Brouillet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mitzen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
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Subscribe for The Gazette

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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It Went Off, Right Through the Door.

SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. The servants desert. Gertrude and Halsey arrive with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped. Gertrude was suspected because of an injured foot. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey were called away by a telegram. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase. Recovering consciousness, she said something had brushed by her on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. After "seeing a ghost," Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a slip in his pocket bearing the name of "Lucien Wallace." Dr. Walker asked Miss Innes to vacate in favor of Mrs. Armstrong. She refused. A note from Bailey to Gertrude arranging a meeting at night was found. A ladder out of place deepens the mystery.

CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

Apparently only a few minutes elapsed, during which my eyes were becoming accustomed to the darkness. Then I noticed that the windows were reflecting a faint pinkish light; Liddy noticed it at the same time, and I heard her jump up. At that moment Sam's deep voice boomed from somewhere just below.

"Fire!" he yelled. "The stable's on fire!"

I could see him in the glare dancing up and down on the drive, and a moment later Halsey joined him. Alex was awake and running down the stairs, and in five minutes from the time the fire was discovered three of the maids were sitting on their trunks in the drive, although, excepting a few sparks, there was no fire nearer than 100 yards.

Gertrude seldom loses her presence of mind, and she ran to the telephone. But by the time the Casanova volunteer fire department came toiling up the hill the stable was a furnace, with the Dragon Fly safe but blistered, in the road. Some gasoline exploded just as the volunteer department got to work, which shook their nerves as well as the burning building. The stable, being on a hill, was a torch to attract the population from every direction.

The stable was off the west wing. I hardly know how I came to think of the circular staircase and the unguarded door at its foot. Liddy was putting my clothes into sheets, preparatory to tossing them out the window, when I found her, and I could hardly persuade her to stop.

"I want you to come with me, Liddy," I said. "Bring a candle and a couple of blankets."

She lagged behind considerably when she saw me making for the east wing, and at the top of the staircase she balked.

"I am not going down there," she said firmly.

"There is no one guarding the door down there," I explained. "Who knows?—this may be a scheme to draw everybody away from this end of the house, and let some one in here."

The instant I had said it I was convinced I had hit on the explanation, and that perhaps it was already too late. It seemed to me as I listened that I heard stealthy footsteps on the east porch, but there was so much shouting outside that it was impossible to tell. Liddy was on the point of retreat.

"Very well," I said, "then I shall go down alone. Run back to Mr. Halsey's room and get his revolver. Don't shoot down the stairs if you hear a noise; remember—I shall be down there. And hurry."

I put the candle on the floor at the top of the staircase and took off my bedroom slippers. Then I crept down the stairs, going very slowly, and listening with all my ears. Just at the foot of the stairs I stubbed my toe against Halsey's big chair, and had to stand on one foot in a soundless agony until the pain subsided to a dull ache. And then—I knew I was right. Some one had put a key into the lock, and was turning it. For some reason it refused to work, and the key was withdrawn. There was a muttering of voices outside; I had only a second. Another trial, and the door would open. The candle above made a faint gleam down the well-like staircase, and at that moment, with a second, no more, to spare, I thought of a plan.

The heavy oak chair almost filled the space between the newel post and the door. With a crash I had turned it on its side, wedging it against the door, its legs against the stairs. I could hear a faint scream from Liddy at the crash and then she came down the stairs on a run, with the revolver held straight out in front of her.

"Thank God," she said, in a shaking voice. "I thought it was you."

I pointed to the door, and she understood.

"Call out of the windows at the other end of the house," I whispered. "Run. Tell them not to wait for anything."

She went up the stairs at that, two at a time. Evidently she collided with the candle, for it went out, and I was left in darkness.

I was really astonishingly cool. I remember stepping over the chair and gluing my ear to the door, and I shall never forget feeling it give an inch or two there in the darkness, under a steady pressure from without. But the chair held, although I could hear an ominous cracking of one of the legs. And then, without the slightest warning, the cardroom window broke with a crash. I had my finger on the trigger of the revolver, and as I jumped it went off, right through the door. Some one outside swore roundly, and for the first time I could hear what was said.

"Only a scratch. . . . Men are at the other end of the house. . . . Have the whole rat's nest on us." And a lot of profanity which I won't write down. The voices were at the broken window now, and although I was trembling violently, I was determined that I would hold them until help came. I moved up the stairs until I could see into the cardroom, or rather through it, to the window. As I looked a small man put his leg over the sill and stepped into the room. The curtain confused him for a moment; then he turned, not toward me, but toward the billiard room door. I fired again, and something that was glass or china crashed to the ground. Then I ran up the stairs and along the corridor to the main staircase. Gertrude was standing there, trying to locate the shots, and I must have been a peculiar figure, with my hair in crimps, my dressing-gown flying, no slippers, and a revolver clutched in my hand. I had no time to talk. There was the sound of footsteps in the lower hall, and some one bounded up the stairs.

I had gone Berserk, I think. I leaned over the stair-rail and fired again. Halsey, below, yelled at me.

"What are you doing up there?" he yelled. "You missed me by an inch."

And then I collapsed and fainted. When I came around Liddy was rubbing my temples with eau de quinine, and the search was in full blast.

Well, the man was gone. The stable burned to the ground, while the crowd cheered at every falling rafter, and the volunteer fire department sprayed it with a garden hose. And in the house Alex and Halsey searched every corner of the lower floor, finding no one.

The truth of my story was shown by the broken window and the overturned chair. That the unknown had got upstairs was almost impossible. He had not used the main staircase, there was no way to the upper floor in the east wing, and Liddy had been at the window, in the west wing, where the servants' stair went up. But we did not go to bed at all. Sam Bohannon and Warner helped in the search, and not a closet escaped scrutiny. Even the cellars were given a thorough overhauling, without result. The door in the east entry had a hole through it where my bullet had gone. The hole slanted downward, and the bullet was embedded in the porch. Some reddish stains showed it had done execution.

"Somebody will walk lame," Halsey said, when he had marked the course of the bullet. "It's too low to have hit anything but a leg or foot."

From that time on I watched every person I met for a limp, and to this day the man who halts in his walk is an object of suspicion to me. But Casanova had no lame men; the nearest approach to it was an old fellow who tended the safety gates at the railroad, and he, I learned on inquiry, had two artificial legs. Our man had gone, and the large and expensive stable at Sunnyside was a heap of smoking rafters and charred boards. Warner swore the fire was incendiary, and in view of the attempt to enter the house, there seemed to be no doubt of it.

CHAPTER XXIV.

Flinders.

If Halsey had only taken me fully into his confidence through the whole affair it would have been much simpler. If he had been altogether frank about Jack Bailey, and if the day after the fire he had told me what he suspected, there would have been no harrowing period for all of us, with the boy in danger. But young people refuse to profit by the experience of their elders, and sometimes the elders are the ones to suffer.

I was much used up the day after the fire, and Gertrude insisted on my going out. The machine was temporarily out of commission, and the carriage horses had been sent to a farm for the summer. Gertrude finally got a trap from the Casanova liveryman, and we went out. Just as we turned from the drive into the road we passed a woman. She had put down a small valise, and stood inspecting the house and grounds minutely. I should hardly have noticed her had it not been for the fact that she had been horribly disfigured by smallpox.

"Ugh!" Gertrude said, when we had passed, "what a face! I shall dream of it to-night. Get up, Flinders."

"Flinders?" I asked. "Is that the horse's name?"

"It is." She flicked the horse's stubby mane with the whip. "He didn't look like a livery horse, and the liveryman said he had bought him from the Armstrongs when they purchased a couple of motors and cut down the stable. Nice Flinders—good old boy!"

Flinders was certainly not a common name for a horse, and yet the youngster at Richfield had named his prancing, curly-haired little horse Flinders! It set me to thinking.

At my request Halsey had already sent word of the fire to the agent from whom we had secured the house. Also, he had called Mr. Jamieson by telephone, and somewhat guardedly had told him of the previous night's events. Mr. Jamieson promised to come out that night, and to bring another man with him. I did not consider it necessary to notify Mrs. Armstrong, in the village. No doubt she knew of the fire, and in view of my refusal to give up the house on interview would probably have been unpleasant enough. But as we passed Dr. Walker's white and green house I thought of something.

"Stop here, Gertrude," I said. "I am going to get out."

"To see Louise?" she asked.

"No, I want to ask this young Walker something."

She was curious, I knew, but I did not wait to explain. I went up the walk to the house, where a brass sign at the side announced the office, and went in. The reception room was empty, but from the consultation room beyond came the sound of two voices, not very amicable.

"It is an outrageous figure," some one was storming. Then the doctor's quiet tone, evidently not arguing, merely stating something. But I had not time to listen to some person probably disputing his bill, so I coughed. The voices ceased at once; a door closed somewhere, and the doctor entered from the hall of the house. He looked sufficiently surprised at seeing me.

"Good afternoon, doctor," I said formally. "I shall not keep you from your patient. I wish merely to ask a question."

"Won't you sit down?"

"It will not be necessary. Doctor, has any one come to you, either early this morning or to-day, to have you treat a bullet wound?"

"Nothing so startling has happened to me," he said. "A bullet wound! Things must be lively at Sunnyside."

"I didn't say it was at Sunnyside. But as it happens, it was. If any such case comes to you, will it be too much trouble for you to let me know?"

"I shall be only too happy," he said. "I understand you have had a fire up there, too. A fire and shooting in one night is rather lively for a quiet place like that."

"It is as quiet as a boiler-shop," I replied, as I turned to go.

"And you are still going to stay?"

"Until I am burned out," I responded. And then, on my way down the steps, I turned around suddenly.

"Doctor," I asked at a venture, "have you ever heard of a child named Lucien Wallace?"

Clever as he was, his face changed and stiffened. He was on his guard again in a moment.

"Lucien Wallace?" he repeated. "No, I think not. There are plenty of Wallaces around, but I don't know any Lucien."

I was as certain as possible that he did. People do not lie readily to me, and this man lied beyond a doubt. But there was nothing to be gained now; his defenses were up, and I left, half irritated and wholly baffled.

Our reception was entirely different at Dr. Stewart's. Taken into the bosom of the family at once, Flinders tied outside and nibbling the grass at the roadside, Gertrude and I drank some home-made elderberry wine and told briefly of the fire. Of the more serious part of the night's experience, of course, we said nothing. But when at last we had left the family on the porch and the good doctor was untying our steed, I asked him the same question I had put to Dr. Walker.

"Shot!" he said. "Bless my soul, no. Why, what have you been doing up at the big house, Miss Innes?"

"Some one tried to enter the house during the fire, and was shot and slightly injured," I said hastily. "Please don't mention it; we wish to make as little of it as possible."

There was one other possibility, and we tried that. At Casanova station I saw the station master, and asked him if any trains left Casanova between one o'clock and daylight. There was none until 6 a. m. The next question required more diplomacy.

"Did you notice on the six o'clock train any person—any man—who limped a little?" I asked. "Please try to remember; we are trying to trace a man who was seen loitering around Sunnyside last night before the fire."

He was all attention in a moment.

"I was up there myself at the fire," he said volubly. "I'm a member of the volunteer company. First big fire we've had since the summer house burned over to the club golf links. My wife was sayin' the other day, 'Dave, you might as well 'n' saved the money in that there helmet and shirt.' And here last night they came in handy. Rang that bell so hard I hadn't time scarcely to get 'em on."

"And—did you see a man who limped?" Gertrude put in, as he stopped for breath.

"Not at the train, ma'm," he said. "No such person got on here to-day. But I'll tell you where I did see a man that limped. I didn't wait till the company left; there's a fast freight goes through at 4:45, and I had to get down to the station. I seen there wasn't much more to do anyhow at the fire—we'd got the flames under control"—Gertrude looked at me and smiled—"so I started down the hill. There was folk here and there goin' home, and along by the path to the Country club I seen two men. One was a short fellow. He was sitting on a big rock, his back to me, and he had something white in his hand, as if he was tying up his foot. After I'd gone on a piece I looked back, and he was hobbling on and—excuse me, miss—he was swearing something sickening."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

* * *

Durability of Concrete.

In the orange garden of the old Capucian monastery, on a hillside about three hundred feet above the Gulf of Amalfi, Italy, there are a number of queer mushroom-shaped tables. These tables, apparently used by the monks for reading purposes, are about two and a half feet high and three feet in diameter at the top and two feet at the base. They are of concrete, and, though, according to local authorities, of an age varying from four hundred to eight hundred years, are in an excellent state of preservation. The excellent condition of these old tables furnishes additional proof of the durability of concrete as applied to lawn and garden ornaments.

Would Make Mother Peevish.

"Your boy is perfectly healthy and happy," said the eminent surgeon. "The trouble with him is that the nerve centers of his brain are atrophied, or perhaps I should say undeveloped, so that he is slow to receive the impressions of his senses. Time may bring about an improvement in his case, but as to that I cannot promise. He is young yet—"

"But, doctor," interrupted the man, "I've read of such things as transplanting a sheep's vein into a human organism with perfect success. Don't you think a sheep's brain might be transferred into the boy's—but that wouldn't do, I suppose—I know his mother would make an awful fuss about it."

Trade in Chinese Girls.

At Chaotong, a city of some 40,000 souls, I was told that one of the briskest directions of local trade was the selling of female children into slavery, and at the time I passed through prices were fairly high, a girl who could boast good looks fetching the alarming figure of 300 taels— this was the highest figure reached—while small children could be had for anything up to 20.

This wholesale disposal of young girls, although the traffic in some quarters was emphatically denied to exist, is one of the chief sorrows of the district. And well it might be, for thousands of children are annually disposed of for a few taels by heartless parents who watch them being carried away as so much merchandise to be converted into silver.

A Bad Memory.

Hervey Worthington Loomis once went abroad to study music.

He was a young man, and when, after two weeks' voyage, he landed in France, he was very homesick. He stood it for two days and then booked his passage on the same ship and returned to America.

When he rang the bell at his home in Brooklyn, his sister opened the door.

"Why, Harvey" she exclaimed, "What is the matter?"

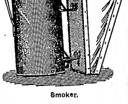
"Oh," he replied innocently, "I forgot my toothbrush."—Success Magazine.

BEE CULTURE PROFITABLE INDUSTRY WHEN UNDERSTOOD

Means of Obtaining for Human Use Natural Product Which Would Otherwise Be Lost to Us—Extremely Fascinating Pastime.

(By E. F. PHILLIPS, Ph. D.)

Bee keeping for pleasure and profit is carried on by many thousands of people in all parts of the United States. As a rule, it is not the sole occupation. There are, however,



Smoker.

many pieces where an experienced bee keeper can make a good living by devoting his entire time and attention to this line of work. It should be emphasized that it is unwise for the average individual to undertake extensive bee keeping without considerable previous experience on a small scale, since there are so many minor details which go to make up success in the work. These must be thoroughly understood before there is any hope for continued success. It is, therefore, most desirable to begin on a small scale, make the bees pay for themselves and for all additional apparatus, as well as some profit, and gradually to increase as far as the local conditions or the desires of the individual permit.

A Well-Arranged Apiary.

The annual production of honey and wax in the United States makes agriculture a profitable minor industry of the country. From its very nature it can never become one of the leading agricultural pursuits, but that there is abundant opportunity for its growth cannot be doubted. Not only is the honey bee valuable as a producer, but it is also one of the most beneficial of insects in cross-pollinating the flowers of various economic plants.

Bee keeping is also extremely fascinating to the majority of people as a pastime, furnishing outdoor exercise as well as intimacy with an insect whose activity has been a subject of absorbing study from the earliest times. It has the advantage of being a recreation which pays its own way and often produces no mean profit.

It is a mistake, however, to paint only the bright side of the picture and leave it to the new bee keeper to discover that there is often another side. When any financial profit is derived,

Pepper Box Feeder.

bee keeping require hard work and work at just the proper time, otherwise the surplus of honey may be diminished or lost. Few lines of work requires more study to insure success. In years when available nectar is limited, surplus honey is secured only by judicious manipulations and it is only through considerable experience and often by expensive reverses that the bee keeper is able to manipulate properly to save his crop. Anyone can produce honey in seasons of plenty, but those do not come every year in most locations, and it takes a good bee keeper to make the most of poor years. When, even with the best of manipulations, the crop is a failure through lack of nectar, the bees must be fed to keep them from starvation.

The average annual honey yield per colony for the entire country, under good management, will probably be 25 to 30 pounds of comb honey or 40 to 50 pounds of extracted honey. The money return to be obtained from the crop depends entirely on the market and the method of selling the honey. If sold direct to the consumer, extracted honey brings from 10 to 20 cents per pound, and comb honey from 15 to 25 cents per section. If sold to dealers, the price varies from six to ten cents for extracted honey and from 10 to 15 cents for comb honey. All of these estimates depend largely on the quality and neatness of the product. From the gross return must be deducted from fifty cents to one dollar per colony for expenses other than labor, including foundation sections, occasional new frames and hives and other incidentals—not, however, providing for increase.

Above all it should be emphasized that the only way to make bee keeping a profitable business is to produce only a first-class article. Too many bee keepers, in fact the majority, pay too little attention to making their goods attractive. They should recognize the fact that of two jars of honey, one in an ordinary fruit jar or tin can with poorly printed label, and the other in a neat glass jar of artistic design with a pleasing, attractive label, the latter will bring double or more the extra cost of the better package. It is perhaps unfortunate, but nevertheless a fact that honey sells largely on appearance, and a progressive bee keeper will appeal as strongly as possible to the eye of his customer.

Bee Veil With Silk Tulle Front.

Feed for Dairy Cows.

In the production of feed for dairy cows the silo has played an important part in a few instances and it will in the near future play a much more important part in the cheap production of milk. Many of the ordinary dairy farmers, having read of the expensive silos constructed in the early days, where a solid wall 20 to 30 feet in height or depth had been considered necessary, felt that they were not prepared to financially undergo that expense, although there might appear a profit in the feeding of the forage in that manner.

Cleaning Cows.

Cleaning the cow with card and brush daily is good practise and almost essential to good dairying, not only for the sake of its effect upon the cow and her yield, but because of its advantage to the quality of the milk during the process of manufacture. It should therefore be a part of the practise in every well-managed dairy, but it is not a substitute for good practise in other respects, and a cow's yield cannot be doubled by carding and brushing alone.

GOOD ROADS MEAN PROFITS

Improved Highways Permits Farmer to Carry Much Larger Loads to Market With Ordinary Team of Horses.

(By HOWARD H. GROSS.)

A Pittsburg paper has the following item:

"H. E. Beasley, living three miles east of Pittsburg, has sold about 3,000 bushels of corn within the past ten days to the Pittsburg Elevator company, receiving 59 and 60 cents therefor. This is not only a good deed on the part of the farmer, but there is another thing in connection therewith. In delivering this corn Mr. Beasley is able to haul from 60 to 70 bushels at a load upon a wagon with an ordinary team, there being a good gravel road from Pittsburg to his farm. Farmers from other directions where the good roads movement has not been prolific of results, haul from 25 to 50 bushels to the load."

This is in no sense an exceptional instance. A farmer in the corn belt of Illinois told the writer:

"I had 6,000 bushels of corn to market and at one time I could have sold for 62 cents, if I could have delivered it, but I could not. Later I sold for 60 cents. With good roads I could have had the top price, and I would have saved as much more by being able to haul larger loads. I figure that I would have been at least four cents per bushel better off if I had had a good hard road instead of a soft mud road to use. With 50 bushels to the acre the lose was two dollars per acre for that one crop."

With good roads a more diversified crop can be raised; the area of market gardening, which is very profitable, is more than doubled by good, permanent highways. This gives the farmers increased opportunity and the city people a better market in which to purchase supplies. Good roads are the best investment any community can make.

Work of the Crow.

It is claimed that the average crow destroyed 700,000 insects a year.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW LIVER PILLS

I want any person who suffers with biliousness, constipation, indigestion or any liver or blood ailment, to try my Paw-Paw Liver Pills. I guarantee they will purify the blood and put the liver and stomach into a healthful condition and will positively cure biliousness and constipation, or I will refund your money.—Munyon's Homeopathic Home Remedy Co., 53rd and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and
GRANULATED EYELIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain
Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00
Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00
EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 39-1910.

Pierp's Appetite

J. P. Morgan, Sr., was always a good trencherman in his youth and he has as good an appetite today as he ever had, not only for corned beef and cabbage—his favorite dish—but for other foods. If the Morgan, who dazzled the Teutons with his mathematics when he was a German university post-graduate student, had accepted the chair of mathematics offered to him by Heidelberg, instead of his Yankee corned beef and cabbage it might have been frankfurters and sauerkraut.—New York Press.

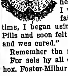
GIVEN UP TO DIE.

Doan's Kidney Pills Effect Marvelous Recovery.

Mrs. M. A. Jinkins, Quenah, Texas, says: "I was bloated almost twice natural size. I had the best physicians but they all failed to help me. For five weeks I was as helpless as a baby. My back throbbed as if it would break and the kidney secretions were in terrible condition. The doctors held out no hope and I was resigned to my fate. At this critical time, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon felt relief. I continued and was cured."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



OUT OF THE QUESTION.

Fred—I hear George and his wife never quarrel now.

Maud—No, you see they're one now, and it takes two to make a quarrel.

She Took No Chances.

A happily-wedded matron is the principal of an odd incident, which one of her "dear" friends relates.

Before the matron's engagement to her present husband was announced, she met her "dear" friend on the street. The new matron was hurrying toward one of the large jewelry stores of the city.

"John gave me an engagement ring," she explained, without a shadow of embarrassment, "and I am going down to see how much it cost. You see, I got the jeweler's name off the box," and she hurried on.

The same friend said that another bit of information the matron got was the commercial standing of the prospective husband, which she secured by paying for a special report from a commercial agency.

PUZZLED

Hard Work, Sometimes, to Raise Children.

Children's taste is ofttimes more accurate, in selecting the right kind of food to fit the body, than that of adults. Nature works more accurately through the children.

A Brooklyn lady says: "Our little boy had long been troubled with weak digestion. We could never persuade him to take more than one taste of any kind of cereal food. He was a weak little chap and we were puzzled to know what to feed him on.

"One lucky day we tried Grape-Nuts. Well, you never saw a child eat with such a relish, and it did me good to see him. From that day on it seemed as though we could almost see him grow. He would eat Grape-Nuts for breakfast and supper, and I think he would have liked the food for dinner.

"The difference in his appearance is something wonderful.

"My husband had never fancied cereal foods of any kind, but he became very fond of Grape-Nuts and has been much improved in health since using it.

"We are now a healthy family, and naturally believe in Grape-Nuts.

"A friend has two children who were formerly afflicted with rickets. I was satisfied that the disease was caused by lack of proper nourishment. They showed it. So I urged her to use Grape-Nuts as an experiment and the result was almost magical.

"They continued the food and today both children are well and strong as any children in this city, and, of course, my friend is a firm believer in Grape-Nuts for she has the evidence before her eyes every day."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Attention Sick Women

If you had positive proof that a certain remedy for female ills had made many remarkable cures, would you not feel like trying it?

If during the last thirty years we have not succeeded in convincing every fair-minded woman that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured thousands and thousands of women of the ills peculiar to their sex, then we long for an opportunity to do so by direct correspondence. Meanwhile read the following letters which we guarantee to be genuine and truthful.

Hudson, Ohio.—"I suffered for a long time from a weakness, inflammation, dreadful pains each month and suppression. I had been doctoring and receiving only temporary relief, when a friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and wrote to you for advice. I have faithfully followed your directions and now, after taking only five bottles of the Vegetable Compound, I have every reason to believe I am a well woman. I give you full permission to use my testimonial."—Mrs. Lena Carmocino, Hudson, Ohio. R. F. D. No. 7.

St. Regis Falls, N. Y.—"Two years ago I was so bad that I had to take to my bed every month, and it would last from two to three weeks. I wrote to you for advice and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in dry form. I am happy to say that I am cured, thanks to your medicine and good advice. You may use my letter for the good of others."—Mrs. J. H. Breyere, St. Regis Falls, N. Y.

There is absolutely no doubt about the ability of this grand old remedy, made from the roots and herbs of our fields, to cure female diseases. We possess volumes of proof of this fact, enough to convince the most skeptical.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

IN THE ART GALLERY.

Mr. Hayrick—Mardy, this here catalogue says that that artist got $5,000 for paintin' that little picture.

Mrs. Hayrick—My gosh, Hiram! I wonder what on earth he'd charge for paintin' a barn?

FOR THE SKIN AND SCALP

Because of its delicate, emollient, sanative, antiseptic properties derived from Cuticura Ointment, united with the purest of cleansing ingredients and most refreshing of flower odors, Cuticura Soap is unrivaled for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, and, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for dispelling itching irritation and inflammation and preventing clogging of the pores, the cause of many disfiguring facial eruptions. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment realize every expectation. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Send to them for the latest Cuticura Book, an authority on the best care of the skin, scalp, hair and hands. It is mailed free on request.

Tribute to Hold-Up Artist.

"The train doesn't stop at Crimson Gulch any more."

"No," replied Three Finger Sam.

"I'm afraid the town doesn't get much respect from the railroad."

"Respect! Why that railroad is clean terrified. Ever since the news got around that Stage Coach Charley had settled here that train jest gives one shriek and jumps out of sight."

She Was a Big Fighter.

Mrs. Benham—Do you remember when I had my coming out?

Benham—No, but it must have been like the launching of a battleship.

Remembering Each Other.

He sat on the sand at Atlantic City in a bathing suit. About ten feet away she was drawing pictures in the sand with a small brown forefinger. He noticed her complexion, her curves and the glint of gold in her hair. He wanted to speak, and yet——. Finally he summoned courage and walked over to her.

"Didn't I talk with you for about five minutes two summers ago?" he asked.

"Two years ago," she said dreamily. "Two years ago—let me see—did I wear blue silk stockings?"

Someone Might Get Hurt.

Pietro had drifted to Florida and was working with a gang at railroad construction. He had been told to beware of rattlesnakes, but assured that they would always give the warning rattle before striking.

One hot day he was eating his noon luncheon on a pine log when he saw a big rattler coiled a few feet in front of him. He eyed the serpent and began to shift his legs over the log. He had barely got them out of the way when the snake's fangs bit the bark beneath him.

"Son of a guna!" yelled Pietro. "Why you no ringa da bell?"—Everybody's Magazine.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Distinction.

Milly—Is this picture like your father?

Tilly—Of course not, silly! It is like father when he has his picture taken.—Puck.

When Rubbers Become Necessary

And your shoes pinch, shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Cures tired, aching feet and takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Always use it for Breaking in New shoes and for dancing parties. Sold everywhere 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

When the yellow streak begins to work out of some people they have a fit of the blues.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Fargo, N. D.

By making use of the knowledge you have you will gain more.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

If you would keep your friends don't put them to a severe test.

Despair and Despondency

No one but a woman can tell the story of the suffering, the despair, and the despondency endured by women who carry a daily burden of ill-health and pain because of disorders and derangements of the delicate and important organs that are distinctly feminine. The tortures so bravely endured completely upset the nerves if long continued.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG,
SICK WOMEN WELL.

It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the nerves. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Honest medicine dealers sell it, and have nothing to urge upon you as "just as good." It is non-secret, non-alcoholic and has a record of forty years of cures. ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS. They probably know of some of its many cures.

If you want a book that tells all about woman's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing *only*, and he will send you a *free* copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The KITCHEN CABINET

This learned I from the shadow of a tree,
That to and fro did sway upon the wall,
Our shadow selves, our influence, may fall
Where we can never be.

Summer Breakfasts.

To most housewives the first meal of the day is the one most difficult to prepare. Start the day right with a good breakfast, and we are at peace with the world and one's self, at least until the next meal.

Many a case of indigestion and bad temper may be followed back to a poorly planned and worse cooked meal. Our food has much to do with our dispositions. At no season of the year is fruit more plentiful or more of a necessity than during the warm months.

Blackberries, blueberries, plums, pears and apples are abundant this season and offer a pleasing variety.

For the cereal course have at least five varieties. It will be an easy matter to have a different one for every day in summer.

If a cooked cereal is used it is worth noting that a cereal is either made or marred by salt. Too much spoils it, too little makes it flat, and no amount of salt added will season it as if it were cooked in it. Cream is another necessity. If you cannot have cream, give up having the cereal.

No matter how great the heat, hot breads are always popular. Light puffy rolls are not easy to have unless the housewife is willing to rise at a very early hour. Popovers are a choice hot bread and with a little practise easily made. The oven heat is the important thing in making popovers. Here is a good recipe for them: Take one cupful of flour and half a teaspoonful of salt. Pour over this very slowly one cupful of milk, beating well until smooth, then add the beaten yolk of two eggs and lastly the whites beaten to a stiff broth. Bake in hot gem pans thirty minutes.

Graham muffins and corn cake are other well-liked breakfast breads. For the substantial course there may be fresh fish or hash of the meat of the day before. Croquettes are excellent and omelets of different kinds are also good. Veal or chicken finely minced and well seasoned is delicious served on a thin slice of buttered toast and a poached egg on top. These are but a few suggestions as to what may be used for summer breakfasts.

Who drives the horses of the sun
Shall lord it but a day;
Better the lowly deed were done,
And kept the humble way.

The happiest heart that ever beat
Was in some quiet breast
That found the common daylight sweet,
And left to heaven the rest."

—John Vance Cheney.

Peach Time.

When peaches are ripe, the matter of suitable desserts becomes a very simple one for peaches are of all fruits most delicious. There are hundreds of ways in which the peach may be served either cooked or in its natural state. A dainty way to bake them is to pare them thinly and cut off a small piece of the top through which the pit may be removed with a spoon and a nutpick. This leaves the peach whole. Fill the cavity with sugar after placing in a baking dish, cover the bottom of the dish with water, cover and bake in a slow oven. When cooked in this way peaches become transparent. Serve either warm or cold with whipped cream. Many prefer to bake the peaches with the pit left in them as they give a flavor liked by many.

For old-fashioned peach tart, make a crust for a deep pie plate and bake. Fill the crust with sliced peaches and sprinkle with powdered sugar, cover with whipped cream, chill and serve. A dessert that is both attractive and appetizing.

Tapioca pudding with peaches makes a delicious dessert. Serve with cream and sugar.

A pudding liked especially by the children is made by pouring a batter over sliced peaches and bake; serve hot with cream and sugar.

Baked Peaches.

Another way of serving baked peaches: Peel and cut in halves six peaches, remove the stones and place in a shallow pan. Fill each cavity with a teaspoonful of sugar, one-half a teaspoonful of butter, a few drops of lemon juice, and a slight grating of nutmeg. Bake 20 minutes.

Peach cake is a delicious dessert and one not common. Bake an angel food in two layers, use sliced sweetened peaches for the filling, and serve with a thick layer of whipped cream.

Lemon Sirup.

From six well scrubbed grate the yellow rind, pour over this a pint of water and steep an hour, then drain. To a cup of sugar add a pint of water, cook for ten minutes, add the juice of the lemons and the water in which the rind was steeped and bring to the boiling point. Put away in the ice box and use a few teaspoonfuls of the sirup in a glass of water. More sugar may be added if needed.

Be prompt at meals,
And don't find fault;
Let wit provide
Both spice and salt;
Smile at mistakes,
And overlook
Some of the blunders
Of the cook.

Hot Weather Hints.

All the energies are exercised to endure the heat and the enervating atmosphere while performing household tasks during the summer. Dress comfortably and rise early to do the bulk of the work that has to be done each day before the heat of the day.

The simplest style of living comformable to health and comfort, should be the aim.

Bread may be mixed at night and kneaded the first thing in the morning and then baked before nine o'clock. Soups and vegetables may be cooked early, salads and desserts prepared and with a gasoline, gas or oil stove the meal may be easily prepared. A fireless cooker is an invaluable aid to the busy housekeeper as the dinner may be started in the cool of the day and put in the cooker to still cook without fire or attention.

Avoid entirely cold meals in hot weather, if the meal is to be cold have a hot drink of some kind or with a hot meal, serve a cold drink.

Care and planning will do much to lessen the fatigue and shorten the hours of labor. There are some things that must be done, each housekeeper being a law unto herself. For some it is neither convenient or economical to buy prepared food, for those the baking and cooking must be done in the home.

The flour and lard or butter for pastry may be prepared in sufficient quantity to last for several days and kept in the icebox to be used when needed. It is even better than when freshly prepared as the cold mixture makes a flakier crust.

The washing, ironing and cleaning may be done early if planned for and the lighter work be left for the hot part of the day.

Work is good for us and those who sit around panting with the heat, doing nothing but talk of the weather and their sufferings are much more uncomfortable than those who are busy and have the mind well occupied. This has been proved over and over again. A busy worker has no time for worry about the weather or other things beyond control.

Laugh and the world laughs with you; weep, and you weep alone,
For this grave old earth has need of mirth;
It has sorrows enough of its own.

Canning Hints.

Put a silver knife in the empty fruit jar before turning in the hot fruit and you will not have a cracked jar.

Let the air bubbles up by thrusting a fork or knife down the inside of a jar filled with fruit before sealing it.

After the rubber and lid are adjusted screw the lid down as tight as possible, then with the back of a knife tap the edge of the lid firmly down on the rubber, this will prevent it from leaking.

To Can Green Corn.

Corn that is as fresh as if just taken from the cob may be canned now.

Take nine cupfuls of corn freshly cut from the cob, a cupful each of sugar and water and a half cupful of salt. Stir until the salt and sugar is well dissolved, then can without cooking in air-tight cans. Freshen awhile before using.

Old-Fashioned Home Remedies.

For toothache dampen a small piece of cotton with oil of cloves and put in the cavity of the tooth.

For pain in the chest or headache with a cold, apply camphorated oil with rubbing, then cover with a cloth.

For sprains, mosquito bites and heat rash, apply witchhazel.

For chronic indigestion add one-half an ounce of lime water to a pint of boiled water, take a tablespoonful at a time for relief.

For sour stomach take a teaspoonful of soda in a glass of water and sip slowly before meals.

Green Tomato Lemon Meringue Pie.

Line a dish with good pie crust, fill two-thirds full with alternate layers of green tomatoes and lemon, sprinkling each with sugar. The rind, both white and yellow must be removed from the lemon and the seeds carefully taken out. Let the top layer be of tomatoes. Bake and then cover with a meringue.

Sunshine Cake.

Cream one cupful of butter, add three cupfuls of sugar and the well-beaten yolks of ten eggs. Add one cupful of milk alternately with five cupfuls of flour that have been sifted with three teaspoonfuls of baking powder four times. Flavor with almond and bake in a broad shallow pan.

Nellie Maxwell.

Still Life.

"A moving-picture man was out here trying to take some pictures of life on the farm. But he left kinder discouraged."

"Pictures not a success?"

"Not entirely. He couldn't ketch the hired man in motion."

Naughty Boy.

"I have been waiting for a week to see you the worst way," he said.

"You ought to have come half an hour earlier when she had her bathing suit on," her brother hastily replied.

More Civic Rivalry.

Squire Durnitt—We don't have any burglaries in Lonelyville, and you've had a half a dozen or more in your town.

Uncle Welhygosh (of Drearyburst)—Ther' ain't nothin' in your blamed old town that's wuth stealin', an' the burglars all know it.

Wealth on Library Shelves.

Our greatest wealth is not in work and warehouses or balances at the bank. It lies on the shelves of our libraries.

THE OUTCAST GYPSY

Now the Modern Ishmael Among Civilized Nations.

England and the United States Now Turned Against Them—Efforts to Induce Them to Settle Down Unavailing.

Washington.—Everywhere throughout the civilized world the hand of mankind seems to be raised against the gypsies. The last two refuges to which they betook themselves—the United States and England—have set their faces against them. Hereafter in England they are to be treated like common vagrants, without visible means of support, while in the United States the immigration laws serve to debar them as idle and dangerous nomads.

France decided some years ago that the gypsy was a public menace and, in the summary fashion of the republic when it makes up its mind to a thing, expelled him as relentlessly as it has expelled the monks.

Germany, which is a grim manufacturing establishment, after all, simply ordered its thousands of sentinels along its bayoneted border to turn back every gypsy who showed his nose at the line.

Wrathful and perplexed, the Romany moved on to Belgium; but hostile bayonets met them there. Desperate, for they hate water like so many wildcats, they took to the canals of placid Holland. But the phlegmatic Dutchmen, every tradition of their plodding industry outraged at sight of the gay wanderers, drove them out again.

Meanwhile, the Balkans, where the gypsy has ever roamed as free as any other bird of prey, have begun to feel the call of settled prosperity—if Balkan politics will ever give agriculture its chance—that attends the lowing kine and the importation of American reapers and binders. Sheep stealers and horse swindlers are impressing the fiery-souled mountaineers less than they used to, and the bars are being steadily raised against the gypsy, on the ground that he is a common tramp, who contributes nothing to the country and deserves nothing from it.

Transylvania, time out of mind, has been the gypsy's native heath. The hills and caves let him live the life of the early troglodyte, and the industrious among the population afforded him sustenance. But all Romany can't subsist on the loot of Transylvania, and Hungary and Austria received the first overflow.

American Type of Gypsy Woman.

Maria Theresa a hundred and fifty years ago had a brilliant idea for squelching the dangerous nomads. She provided doweries for all gypsy maidens who would marry her Austrian subjects. It was the most popular move any empress ever made, especially with the gypsy maidens. They applied for the dowries in beautiful, bridal droves; got them; and ran off with their gypsy husbands and lovers day after day, until Maria Theresa concluded that gypsy maidens were likely to prove unprofitable investments.

Emperor Joseph II. thought he had them fixed forever when he gave them houses and lands, seed, grain and farming implements. The seeds were promptly eaten; the houses became horse stables; the implements were sold, and the owners moved on.

There are believed to be 300,000 of them in Austria and Hungary still; 100,000 in Turkey; 150,000 in Russia; 200,000 in Spain and Portugal; 50,000 in Italy; 10,000 in the United States, and several thousand in South America, to whose broad pampas and rich plantations their nomad fancy has been turning for some years past. In all, the whole race of gypsies, as known to the white nations, numbers fewer than a million; and the whole mass of them is forever moving on.

The great traveler and ethnologist, Sir Richard Burton, whose translation of the Arabian Nights has immortalized him, is one of the few genuinely scientific men who have studied the origins of the gypsies in a genuinely scientific manner. He does not condemn them utterly, and is at pains to note that the race has, at times, produced men of real distinction. He quotes the families of the Hungerian Hunyadis, the Russian Tolstoys, the Scotch Melvilles, the Casellis and the Contis in France under Louis XIV., and the famous gypsy chief, Thomas Pulgar, who, in 1496, gave Bishop Sigismund the help he needed to beat back the Turkish invader from Europe.

Denmark's Ancient Flag.

Copenhagen.—The flag of Denmark, a plain red banner bearing on it a white cross, is the eldest flag now in existence. For 300 years both Norway and Sweden were united with Denmark under this flag.

In the year 1219 King Waldemar of Denmark, when leading his troops to battle against the Livonians, saw or thought he saw a bright light in the form of a cross in the sky. He held this appearance to be a promise of divine aid and pressed forward to victory. From this time he had the cross placed on the flag of his country and called it the Daanebrog, that is, the strength of Denmark.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Foods

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

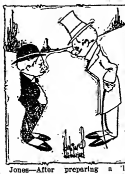
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

IN THE SAME BOAT.



Jones—After preparing a long speech for the dinner the other night, I couldn't remember a word of it.

Jaggsby—I couldn't remember any of mine the morning after.

Saucy Soldier Shut Her Up.

Col. Robert C. Carter at a Nashville banquet was talking about campaign comrades.

"Then there was Dash of Company A," he said. "Dash had the reputation of being the nastiest tongued man in the regiment.

"It was Private Dash, you know, who, out foraging one evening on a rich estate, came accidentally upon the owner's wife, a grande dame in evening dress.

"Dash asked her for food. She refused him. He asked again. But, still refusing, she walked away.

"'No,' she said, 'I'll give you nothing, trespassing like this; I'll give you nothing. My mind is made up.'

"'Made up, is it?' said Dash. 'Like the rest of you, eh?'"

Beware the Dog!

A family moved from the city to a suburban locality and were told that they should get a watchdog to guard the premises at night. So they bought the largest dog that was for sale in the kennels of a neighboring dog fancier, who was a German. Shortly afterward the house was entered by burglars, who made a good haul, while the big dog slept. The men went to the dog fancier and told him about it.

"Vell, vat you need now," said the dog merchant, "is a leedle dog to veke up the big dog."—Everybody's.

Let Us Cook Your Breakfast!

Serve

Post Toasties

with cream or milk

and notice the pleasure the family finds in the appetizing crispness and flavour of this delightful food.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

A soul occupied with great ideas best performs small duties.—James Martineau.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP
Buy Furs and Hides. Send for catalog 105. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

We are builders of our own characters.—J. F. W. Ware.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

Absence makes the picture post cards accumulate.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED PROCESS SHOES

MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
WOMEN'S $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4
BOYS' $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS

They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are positively the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Pla-Mate Shoes Are Best for Little Folks

because they permit the foot to develop naturally. They may cost a trifle more than cheaply made shoes, but the comfort the children have in wearing them and the fact that the material and workmanship that goes into every pair of

Pla-Mate Shoes makes them outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes is what counts. These shoes come in sizes 4 to 12; button, lace and oxford styles made in all suitable leathers. If your shoe dealer does not keep

Pla-Mate Shoes send us his name, stating the size and style of shoe you want and we will see that you are promptly supplied.

$1.75 & $2.00

WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO.

Growers and shippers of CUT FLOWERS, PLANTS, etc. The largest facilities and best appointed service in the West for handling out of town orders. Funeral designs made up on short notice. Phone or write us Night or Day. Established a quarter of a century. Send for catalogue. Corner Broadway & Front Street, Fargo, N. D.

Worms

"Cascarets are certainly fine. I gave a friend one when the doctor was treating him for cancer of the stomach. The next morning he passed four pieces of a tape worm. He then got a box and in three days he passed a tape-worm 45 feet long. It was Mr. Matt Freck, of Millersburg, Dauphin Co., Pa. I am quite a worker for Cascarets. I use them myself and find them beneficial for most any disease caused by impure blood."
Chas. E. Condon, Lewiston, Pa., (Mifflin Co.)

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, Cookies and Crackers, Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	School Supplies Pencils Tablets, Etc.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Read Fournet's new ad.

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was in town today.

C. W. Johnson was at Thief River Falls Saturday.

Matt [illegible] of Thief River Falls was in town Sunday.

Mrs. Nick Helm visited friends at St. Hilaire Wednesday.

Frank Cernousek of Thief River Falls was in town Monday.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz was down from St. Hilaire today.

Mrs. Jos. Remick visited with Crookston friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives visited with friends at St. Hilaire Tuesday.

G. W. Hooper and son John of St. Hilaire were in town Monday.

Mrs. G. A. Kankel of Fertile spent Sunday with friends in town.

Mrs. L. F. Marshall entertained the F. and P. B's Tuesday evening.

For Sale—Full blood registered Holstein bull, 3 years old.—Fred Behn.

👁 Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel October 6.

Miss McAnully, who teaches at Crookston, was at home over Sunday.

Read the ad of the Falls Meat Market, Campbell and Baum proprietors.

Lee Healy returned Tuesday from State Center, Iowa, where he had been on business.

The members of the dancing club will give a dance at M. B. A. hall Friday evening.

Mrs. J. C. Wilkinson and children visited with friends at Thief River Falls Saturday.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausolei. tf

E. A. Columbus returned Monday from a business trip to the southern part of the state.

Mrs. W. A. Schreiter visited this week with her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Padden, at Crookston.

Mrs. Otto Zaiser returned Monday from Faribault where she had been visiting with relatives.

Did you read the list of prizes in the Gazette voting contest? You can certainly use one of them.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Zaiser left Friday for Duluth where they will visit with relatives for two weeks.

The official returns of the primary election in tabulated form may be found in this issue of the Gazette.

Determination wins in the long race; if you are determined you can win a prize in the Gazette contest.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Kaufer and family were the guests of Mrs. Wm. Findelsen at a 12 o'clock dinner Sunday.

Mrs. Ovide Emard spent Sunday at Moorhead with her daughter, Miss Beatrice, who is attending the Normal.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

You will save unnecessary steps by coming here first!

Fournet Furniture Store Red Lake Falls & Crookston

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WHY

It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Mrs. Stuhr of Euclid is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. I. Lemieux this week.

Miss Edna Wolper of Lake Park arrived Friday and is singing at the Bijou theatre.

You can win a piano, sewing machine, watch or some other valuable prize if you save your coupons and ballots.

B. H. Finney of Fergus Falls, an uncle of J. D. Houston, has spent the week here attending to some business matters

The proceedings of the last meeting of the board of county commissioners are published in this issue of the Gazette.

Miss Albertine Menard of Crookston has accepted a position as stenographer in the office of Attorney Boughton.

Only the ladies can secure prizes in the Gazette voting contest but, be sure you have the "other fellows" working for you.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Kaufer and family were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Harren at a six o'clock dinner Sunday.

Albert Normandeau returned the first part of the week from Bemidji where he has been employed for the past three weeks.

Advertised letters for the week ending Sept. 24, 1910:—J. F. Armstrong, William Schuman, Ed. Nelson.—Emma F. Marshall, P.M.

A crowd of young people drove out to the Michel Quesnelle home, southeast of town, last evening and spent the evening there.

The members of the C. E. society of the Presbyterian church and invited guests enjoyed a sociable at the church parlors Friday evening.

Charles J. Fellman, who will no doubt be Red Lake county's next sheriff, and Carl Johnson of St. Hilaire were in town Saturday.

Lost, Saturday night, between my house and store, a small dark ledger account book, containing meat accounts.—Theo. Majeras.

Miss Carter, who suffered a badly sprained ankle and painful bruises several weeks ago while on a visit at McIntosh, is now able to be around.

W. J. Harlow, who was in charge of the Robertson Lumber company's yard during the absence of T. A. Crompe, returned to Crookston Saturday evening.

S. M. Sivertson was over from Crookston Saturday. Mr. Sivertson now drives an automobile, having recently purchased a four passenger Overland.

Ed. Brey was badly bruised in an auto accident at Grand Forks this week. The rig in which he was riding turned turtle. His injuries are not serious.

Contractor Johnson and his men commenced work today on the Farmers National Bank building. Contractor Brady also has some men at work on the building.

Mr. and Mrs. David Collins returned from their wedding trip to the twin cities and drove out to the home of Mrs. Collins' parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Powers, at Wylie Tuesday.

The secretary of the Republican county committee has summoned the candidates to meet with the members of the committee at Thief River Falls at one o'clock Monday afternoon.

Mr. Cronz from Redwood county has purchased the Nick Helm residence on the north side. Mr. Cronz and family will come to Red Lake Falls about Oct. 15 to make their home in this city. Mr. Helm and family will not leave Red Lake Falls for the present at least.

Hon. James Gray, Democratic candidate for governor, will speak at the Bijou theatre in this city at 2 o'clock next Wednesday.

Michel Quesnelle will sell his live stock, farm machinery and household goods at public auction Monday, Aug. 10, at his farm six miles southeast of town, in Lake Pleasant township.

James McPeak has gone to Warroad and will spend several weeks on his claim near that place. He will make some improvements on the land and expects to prove up in a few months.

Glenn Martz and Arthur Hall of St. Hilaire were in town Saturday. Sunday they drove to eastern Red Lake county near the new Soo station of Oklee where they made a survey for a ditch.

Dan Guerin was in the cities Friday and Saturday. While there he purchased a five passenger Stanley steamer car to be used in Guerin Bros.' livery barn. The machine reached here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Collins, who returned from their wedding trip the first of the week, drove in from Wylie this morning and left on the ten o'clock train for their new home at Warroad.

W. E. Baum, the new proprietor of the Falls Meat Market, has purchased the L. A. Kaufer house. Mr. Baum's family arrived from Alpha, Minn., this week and they are moving into the house.

Someone in Highlanding scratched out the name of Ole Tande for register of deeds and wrote in the name of Frank Jeffers. That man certainly will vote for Frank, first, last and all the time.—Sunbeam.

Fred Zaiser, brother of H. H. Zaiser, was in town a few hours Monday. Mr. Zaiser was on his return to his home in St. Paul after a trip to Winnipeg and the Canadian northwest and stopped here between trains.

Thos. A. Crompe returned Saturday from his trip to eastern Canada and New York. Mr. Cr had a very enjoyable visit with relatives and old friends in the east, though he was compelled to cut his visit short ten days.

Mr. Hoernig, who was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. W. A. Schreiter, for several days, has returned to his home at Oshkosh, Wis. Mr. Hoernig went to Thief River Falls Tuesday morning and left that city over the Soo line.

It is a good thing for you to figure out carefully just how your money goes and then to consider how it will grow when once you begin saving systematically. It will earn 5 per cent. annually at the Merchants State bank.

Fire Warden John Drier last Friday caused the arrest of Jos. Bruman for burning rubbish in his yard. Mr. Drier informs the Gazette that regulations regarding the starting of fires must be complied with or prosecutions will follow.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger shipped their household goods to St. Hilaire Tuesday and are now residents of the neighboring town. Carl is opening a harness shop at St. Hilaire. St. Hilaire ought to be a good location for a shop and Carl's friends believe and hope that he will prosper.

Co. Supt. Herman F. Anderson went to Brooks Tuesday to make arrangements for the first of the series of industrial contests that are to be held in connection with the new work in agriculture and domestic science in the rural schools. The first contest will be held at Brooks Saturday, Oct. 8.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Kaufer and family left Tuesday for their new home in the west and with them go the best wishes of their large number of friends in Red Lake Falls and Red Lake county. They will visit for two or three weeks with relatives at Tacoma, Wash., and will then go to Seattle, their future home.

Notwithstanding the fact that many have been killed, bear are still quite numerous in this vicinity. Several have been seen within the past few days in different parts and it is claimed that there are about twenty in the small strip of timber along the river in the south part of Highlanding township.—Eleven Towns.

This week the Gazette received an unsolicited order for a large amount of advertising from Montgomery, Ward & Company. The advertising is not accepted because the fairness of the competition is questioned. However, this is an illustration showing that it pays to advertise—a fact that has been proven conclusively several times before.

E. A. Nelson, Herbert Findeisen, Frank Broulliet and Fred Westphal went to Thief lake on a hunting trip last Saturday night, returning Monday morning. They got tired and sleepy and wet—and a few ducks. Nelson has a dandy hunting outfit that he will sell cheap. Dont' offend him by offering him too much for the outfit; he wants to sell it cheap.

Mrs. W. G. Lytle returned this afternoon from Grand Forks bringing with her Miss Mamie Linnehan, of Red Lake Falls, who has been ill at St. Michael's hospital for three weeks following a serious appendicitis operation. Although still very weak Miss Linnihan is improving slowly and will remain here, the guest of Mrs. Lytle, for some time, or until she regains strength sufficiently to resume her journey home.—Crookston Times.

Hitting the Judge.

Justice—You say that you did not know you were violating the law. Ah, but, my dear sir, ignorance of the law is no excuse to any man. Prisoner—That's rather rough on both of us, ain't it, your honor? Clerk—Order in the court!

CONSUMERS!

24-Hour Electric Service Is Yours

On condition that you give us contracts for sufficient Electrical Power to warrant said service.

Contracts Are Not Binding

Only in event that contracts secured will warrant this service. We cannot install this service unless conditional contracts are signed showing us that the citizens of Red Lake Falls mean business. Our representative will explain conditions thoroughly.

TELEPHONE 18 CALL 2

Red River Power Co.

BAND FRIDAY NIGHT

Band Boys Will Give Fine Concert on the Street.

Manager Healy of the Red Lake Falls concert band informs the Gazette that the band will give an open air concert Friday evening. Director Brunelle has been drilling the band boys on some new music and has arranged a fine program for Friday night's concert.

Meteors.

Swift meteors become visible at an average height of eighty-four miles and disappear at fifty-six miles, while the very slow meteors come in sight at about sixty-five miles and fade away at thirty-eight miles. Of the very slow meteors those that become visible at the greatest heights come twenty miles nearer the earth than those of very low radiant.

Leif and Columbus Dethroned.

The paths of great discoveries have always been thorny ones, as our aspirants for polar honors can testify, but it remains for an old farmer to put forth an as yet unheard of rival to the great Columbus.

The farmer's wife was greatly stirred up by the agitation of the woman's rights question. One evening the old lady was condemning the men in very strong terms and expressing herself in favor of women's voting. The old man got tired of it. He dropped his paper and exclaimed:

"Marendy, the men hev made out to govern this kentry ever since Robinson Crusoe discovered it, and I guess they will for a spell longer, so you keep still."—Youth's Companion.

"Whuppity Scoorie."

The ancient custom at Lanark, Scotland, of "Whuppity Scoorie," the origin and meaning of which are lost, is celebrated annually and watched by a crowd of grownups. The town bell is rung nightly at 6 o'clock from March to September and then lies dumb for six months. On the first night of the ringing all the young folk congregate at the cross, and after parading three times round the parish church the Lanark lads meet the New Lanark boys in a free fight, in which the only legitimate weapons are their caps tied at the end of pieces of string.

Merchants State Bank

of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000

Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the services extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 22nd day of October, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 49 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date July 29th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "211" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 31,931.0 cubic yards and from Station "0" to Stations "210" of the Branch Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 42,194.0 cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work: said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated at an estimated cost of Seven Thousand Four Hundred twelve and 50-100 ($7412.50) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $10,162.50 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated September 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.) s29-o13

No. 9837

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

(SEAL) LAWRENCE O. MURRAY,
Comptroller of the Currency.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 210 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Bids Wanted.

The members of the board of education of School District, No. 49, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the Gazette office in the city of Red Lake Falls, at 2 o'clock p. m., Saturday, October 8, to consider sealed bids for the construction of a school house in said district. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Gazette office after Monday, October 3 1910.

Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated Sept. 26, 1910.

H. CADIEAU, Clerk.

s29-o6

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.01
Durum	.76
Rye	.58
Oats	.24
Flax	2.40
Barley	.56
Potatoes, new	.75
Eggs	.18
Butter, dairy	.25

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1895

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1910.

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 2

HON. JAMES GRAY IN RED LAKE FALLS

Democratic Candidate for Governor Made a Good Address in This City.

Hon. James Gray, Democratic candidate for governor, and Hon. Edward Peterson, state fire marshal, were the speakers for the first political rally of the campaign at the Bijou theatre yesterday afternoon.

This was Mr. Gray's first appearance in Red Lake Falls and he was very well received. His speech here dealt with the state questions that were discussed in his keynote speech delivered at Fergus Falls last week. The full text of the Fergus Falls speech is published in this issue of the Gazette. Those of the Gazette readers who did not hear Mr. Gray's able address yesterday should read his keynote speech.

Mr. Gray spoke on state issues, Mr. Peterson on national issues. Mr. Peterson gave a rapid fire, logical talk that was very well received.

Game is Postponed.

The foot ball game between the Red Lake Falls and Fosston high school teams scheduled for Saturday afternoon has been postponed. The game may be played a week from Saturday. If so, the Gazette will make the announcement next week and will print the line up.

Munch Gets 'Em.

Jake Burkhardt, of Illinois, paid a fine of $27 for hunting in the state without a license.

Charley Knutson, Raymond Buhn and Arthur Buhn, all of Mentor, were fined $12 each for hunting ducks from a launch.

Emil Hanness, a merchant at Maple Lake, was fined $12 for shooting a partridge in September. The season for partridges opens Oct. 1.

WAR AT CASS LAKE?

People Rebel Against the Closing Order of the Federal Authorities.

The order of the Indian agents representing the interior department that saloons at Cass Lake and other nearby towns must be closed after Oct. 15 has stirred up a nice mess of trouble and some of the local authorities threaten to resist the enforcement of the order by force of arms if necessary. They insist that the federal authorities are setting aside the police laws of the state without warrant.

Editor Ives of the Cass Lake Times has addressed open letters to Governor Eberhart requesting that he make an appeal to the president. In one of his letters Editor Ives says in part:

"The mayor of this village has determined to protect each and every citizen and his property by persuasion if that will suffice, by force of arms if the situation requires such force. Other towns around us that have been closed are now making preparations to issue licenses to the number of applicants permitted by the provisions of our state law and each town has determined to employ a sufficient police force to carry its mandates into action and effect. Your determination to permit the situation to remain as it is until the courts have acted will not save the conflict that is now too imminent to be ignored. The only question before the court is, did the special agents exceed their authority? The main and most important question is, can the chief executive of this great state afford to lie perdu until rebellion is actually begun?

"You, as chief executive can prevent a conflict, not of law but of arms, and you, by an appeal to the president of the United States can secure an order withdrawing the marauders from the jurisdiction of the state you govern and allow your authority to prevail and your police officers to see that the laws are obeyed. The president has authority, coextensive with congress to abrogate the complained of provision of that ancient treaty, and it is your duty, and your province to demand that the police laws of the state be not set aside and that executive dicta, from any department of the federal government, with all the brutality of western cow-boy rule be not permitted to terrify and maltreat a defenseless and law-abiding people."

MERCHANTS' COUPONS

Merchants Give Votes in Gazette Piano Contest on Cash Purchases

Coupons in the Gazette piano voting contest may be secured on cash purchases at a number of the stores in town. Several of the stores are now offering these coupons and others will later.

The coupons are worth 100 votes in the contest and may be secured on cash purchases of $1.00. When you make cash purchases ask for the coupons and vote them for yourself or a friend.

The following merchants are offering the coupons this week:

Garceau & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall Sept. 15, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present except Crompe.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Joseph Salley, 8000 lbs. hard coal	$ 40.00
Peter Benoit street work,	5.69
John Deforge, street work	7.44
Thief River Falls Lbr. Co., lumber	38.80
Otto Zoiser, services as Street Com'r.,	11.55
Wm. Beausoleil, street work	6.38
Red River Power Co., lighting for Aug. 1910	72.40

An ordinance to amend Section 1 of Ordinance number 16, of the city of Red Lake Falls, establishing fire limits in the city of Red Lake Falls, passed its first reading.

The following resolution was offered by Alderman Hunt who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Aldermen Hennings. (Resolution for hearing on sidewalk assessments published elsewhere.)

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL,
President.

Approved this 4th day of October, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.
Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Guns and Small Boys.

Attorney and Mrs. Chas. E. Boughton had a narrow escape from being shot last Sunday afternoon. They were at the Healy dam at the water's edge when a charge from a shot gun struck the water not more than two feet from them. Looking across the river they saw two boys armed with shot guns. Mr. Boughton thinks that if one of those boys thought he'd see how near he could come to hitting him without doing so, he made a very good shot and ought to get a job with Buffalo Bill's show. Mr. Boughton thought he'd move out of range, but when he turned around he found that four boys armed with rifles were standing behind him so he decided to beat it for town and give the boys a clear field. There may be a moral to this story.

LIND AT THIEF RIVER

Will Deliver an Address There Thursday Evening, Oct. 20.

The people of Thief River Falls are due to have a big political rally when on the evening of Thursday, Oct. 20, Hon. John Lind is to deliver a political address in that city. No man in the state can make a better political address than the former governor and there is no doubt that he will be greeted by an immense audience.

Irrigation and Water Saving.

Doubtless many a Minnesota farmer has thought, during the past season, as he witnessed the destruction or curtailment of his crops by the long continued drouth, "What a fine thing an irrigating plant would have been this year!" A few horticulturists and market gardeners in this state have already installed such plants and others are planning to do so. "By use of pumps and windmills or gasoline motors, many small pieces of land can be supplied with water. On many farms small streams, lakes or swamps are so situated that their water can easily be turned upon land for irrigating purposes. These methods of helping nature to help itself have long since been learned by the settlers of the semi-arid regions of the west, where the irrigated lands are now the most highly productive of all lands." But the farmer to whom such sources of water supply are not yet available may, if he will, "bottle up" such quantity of water, just under the surface of his land—by plowing it deeply in the fall so that it will absorb all the rains and melted snows, and then cultivating so as to keep it covered with a dust mulch,—so to assure a sufficiency of moisture for his crop. This is the whole secret of so-called "dry farming" which is in reality only irrigation under another form.—C. R. B. Extension Division.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$1.00
Durum	.80
Rye	.58
Oats	.25
Flax	2.41
Barley	.57
Potatoes, new	.75
Eggs	.20
Butter, dairy	.28

THE CANDIDATES ARE OFF IN THE RACE

The Race for the Gazette Piano and Other Prizes is Now Worth Watching.

Many Candidates Nominated—Others are Hustling and Will be Out Next Week.

Who are the young ladies in this community who can get the votes? That is the question that is interesting hundreds of people, for the Gazette great voting contest is on. The large number of nominations indicate that the valuable prizes offered have induced many to get into the race.

The beautiful $400 Don Pierre piano that we offer is sufficient to make any lady compete for it—saying nothing about the organ, New Fireside sewing machines, Elgin gold watches and other prizes that we offer.

If you or your friend's name does not appear in the list of candidates remember that it is not too late to be nominated. Send in your name or that of your friend immediately as the contest is just starting, and you have plenty of time to get in the race and win. It costs nothing to enter and only a little effort is required in gathering ballots and coupons. Ballots are had by clipping them from this paper every week and are worth ten votes. Coupons can be had from the merchants on every purchase and are worth 100 votes each. Get busy and ask your friends to gather ballots and coupons for you and send them to this office as soon as possible.

Below are the nominations sent to this office, and many of the candidates would be surprised if they knew the large number of votes they have at the present time. We will publish the standing of the candidates Oct. 27th thus giving those who are not nominated a chance to get in the race and have a large number of votes to their credit when the standing is published. It also gives the ambitious candidates a chance to poll a large vote before we make the announcement. Read the rules and regulations in another column.

Next week we will make a special offer and it will be to the interest of every candidate to get out and hustle merchants' coupons to receive the benefit of it. Ask your friends, neighbors and relatives to secure merchants' coupons for you, as they will increase your standing immensely.

Two weeks hence we will offer a fine inducement on subscriptions; therefore, line up your friends and relatives and have them save their subscription money for you. No trouble at all to go out and collect on subscription as the new law now compels us to collect our subscriptions in advance, and we have not the time to attend to it, we will give prizes to the ladies that can collect the most. The reward is great, the time is short, the roads are good and you cannot help but collect a lot of money. What will pay you better than one of our prizes for so short a time?

The following are the candidates who have been nominated. Is your name among the popular list?

Agnes A. Anderson, Red Lake Falls.
Lucy Crompe, Red Lake Falls.
Mayme Laurent, Red Lake Falls.
Eva Lizee, Red Lake Falls.
Zelia Quesnelle, Red Lake Falls.
Delia Pigeon, Brooks.
Lena Eckstein, Wylie.
Katie Dreeland, Wylie.
Lizzie Power, Wylie.
Mary Draeger, Wylie.
Amanda Johnson, Wylie.
Alice Wichterman, Plummer.
Mary LaFrambois, Gentilly.

JAMES GRAY IS NOT A FANATIC

Democratic Candidate Has Sane Ideas on the County Option Question.

St. Paul, Oct 4—The outspoken declaration of James A. Gray the Democratic candidate for governor, for county option has put a new phase on the political situation and upset all the calculations of the sages. That it will lose him Democratic votes goes without saying. The problem is to what extent will he gain votes to offset them.

Thinking It Over.

The sacrifice he made in this respect will, without doubt, appear greater at the outset than at any other time. The doctrine has been industriously taught that county option and prohibition are one and the same thing. Both Democratic and Republican leaders have joined to advance this view, and of course it has been promulgated in other quarters. The men who have hitherto sought to impress the view that county option was merely a form of home rule have been discredited at the outset because of the extreme views on temperance questions they have been known to hold. Among the rank and file of party men the question never had a hearing.

Mr. Gray no Fanatic.

It is different now. Mr. Gray is far from being an extreme man. Least of all can he be accused of fanaticism on the temperance question. He has been Mayor of Minneapolis and in that position has been obliged to deal with saloon regulation in a practical way. Results were what he was after then—not the advancement of any theory. He was then for such regulations as would regulate. He was for putting the question to the people and carrying out the popular verdict. That is where he is today.

He says, "I am no temperance crank," said he to the people of Alexandria where if anywhere there are "temperance cranks." Then he proceeded to point out that the enactment of a county option law did not decide anything. It is permissive and permissive only. It merely gives them the right to decide. Any county can have license or no license as it seems best. There is nothing compulsory about it.

Mr. Bryan's Attitude.

The Democratic party was already being educated up to this view. It has been advanced by the man whom the majority of the party had long looked

Continued On Page 5

FINE ENTERTAINMENT

Talented Reader at Bijou Theater Next Tuesday Evening, Oct. 11.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church have secured Mrs. Jeanette Jewell Kellogg, a talented reader, for an entertainment to be given at the Bijou theatre next Tuesday evening, Oct 11. Mrs. Kellogg is an entertainer of unquestioned ability. The press speaks of her work in terms of praise, and there is no doubt that the people of Red Lake Falls are to enjoy an entertainment of high order. It is probable that some scenic moving pictures will be shown as a part of the evening's entertainment. The admission price will be 25 cents, and 15 cents for children.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 151 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn tf

For sale—One yoke of oxen 6 years old, weight 3400 lbs. Well broken and handy to work. Inquire of Frank E. Hunt.

DEATH IS MYSTERIOUS.

Sick Man Instantly Killed by Train on the Iron Range.

A report from Thief River Falls, dated Monday says, the body of Raymond Arndt of this county was buried today in Greenwood cemetery by the local lodge of Odd Fellows. Arndt came to his death in a violent manner near Mountain Iron on the range three days ago. He had not been well and left his office for a short time and never returned. Search revealed that he had been struck by a train and killed instantly. He occupied a responsible position with a mining company.

TRUANT OFFICER HERE

He's Going to See That All the Boys and Girls are Attending School.

Geo. M. Wolz, representing the state department of labor and commerce, will arrive in Red Lake Falls this evening. Mr. Wolz comes in the capacity of truant officer. It will be remembered that Mr. Wolz was here last year and he saw to it that all boys and girls of school age who were not attending school enrolled at once.

Mr. Wolz represents the state and the state insists that the children attend school so the truant officer must insist that all children of school age be in the schools. There are few excuses that will be accepted. Mental or physical incapacity are always excuses, but aside from these there are few excuses that the state department will accept.

Mrs. Kellogg proved herself an exceptional entertainer, and her efforts as an elocutionist, reader, and impersonator, were among the best ever heard in Ashtabula. She was repeatedly encored. Hope has been expressed that the reader may be prevailed upon to return to Ashtabula at a future time when a more generous hearing will doubtless await her.—Ashtabula Daily Beacon Record. Nov. 17.—At Bijou theatre, Red Lake Falls, Tuesday evening, Oct. 10.

Bids Wanted.

The members of the board of education of School District No. 49, Red Lake county, Minnesota, will meet at the Gazette office in the city of Red Lake Falls, at 2 o'clock p. m., Saturday, October 8, to consider sealed bids for the construction of a school house in said district. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Gazette office after Monday, October 3, 1910.

Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated Sept. 26, 1910.

H. CARDINAL,
Clerk.

s29-o6

INDUSTRIAL CONTESTS NEXT WEEK

Contest at Plummer Monday, Oct. 10 and at St. Hilaire, Saturday, Oct. 15.

The Industrial Contest announced for Brooks Saturday, Oct. 8, has been postponed. The following week two contests will be held, at Plummer Monday, Oct. 10, at St. Hilaire Saturday, Oct. 15. Later in the month contests will be held at Red Lake Falls and at Thief River Falls.

The Industrial Contest is a contest in the production or selection of corn, grains, fruit, vegetables and in sewing and cooking by boys and girls under eighteen years of age. This is the first year that a contest of this kind has been held in this county, but it has been conducted in the state very successfully for the past three or four years. Last year over forty counties held these contests or school fairs as they may be called, and met with so much success that they are taking up the work again this year with the assurance that nothing can do more to interest the boys and girls in the general duties about the farm and home.

The object of this is to interest the boys and girls in the practical things of life; to bring them more closely in touch with the home, and lead them to take such vital interest in agriculture and farm life that they will have no desire to leave the farm. The city schools can have courses in agriculture, domestic science and manual training. The country schools, however, are not able on account of the expense to establish such courses, but this is a way to get some of this practical work done among the rural school children.

SANITARY REGULATIONS.

New Rules Adopted by the Board of Education.

At the meeting of the board of education held Monday evening, the following rules were passed by the board:

1. After October 24th, pupils throughout the grades and high school of our public schools will be required to own drinking cups for individual use only.

2. These cups must be of granite with a capacity no greater than one-half pint and shall have small loop handles.

3. No pupil shall use a cup owned and used by any other pupil.

4. The individual cups are to be kept in cases furnished for that purpose by the board of education. These cases will be placed in the class rooms and the cups shall be returned to the cases immediately after use by pupils.

5. Pupils shall take their cups home to be thoroughly scalded and cleansed at the end of every second week.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

This Is It!

THE FAVORITE

WE NOW HAVE A FULL LINE ON DISPLAY IN OUR STORE

LET US SHOW YOU THE BEST BASE BURNER IN THE WORLD

MITTWER'S HARDWARE

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE BRIEF BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring In Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Plans were announced here of a campaign to be conducted by the national tariff commission association to have congress enact legislation which will make the tariff board a permanent body to be affiliated as a bureau with the treasury department.

"Who is president of the United States?" asked Judge Mullowney of William Thomas, a jail breaker, who was being examined today by a lunacy jury. "Deed, jedge, ah doan rightly know. They say theys two of 'em—one's Mr. Taft and the other's Teddy," was the prisoner's reply. "Not guilty," was the verdict.

There is a new counterfeit ten-dollar national bank note at large. It is a poorly executed, photo-etched production, printed on two bits of paper, with a few pieces of silk thread distributed in it. It is drawn on the Home National bank of Stauntoa, Tex., series of 1902-1908, check letter D. The note is supposed to be the work of the same counterfeiters that recently produced a five-dollar Carlsbad, N. M., national bank note.

Up to date 1,250 banks in the various states of the country have made application to the postoffice department to be designated depositories for postal savings banks, and 648 postmasters have made the requests for the establishment of postal savings banks in their offices. The greatest number of applications thus far have come from Pennsylvania, where 147 banks and 486 postmasters have applied.

Deplorable as it was, the accident on the battleship North Dakota, resulting from an explosion of oil, will not be permitted to check the development of the use of petroleum as an auxiliary fuel on naval vessels. The lesson learned in the case of the North Dakota is that the settling tank containing 400 gallons of oil should be at once removed from the fire room to some convenient place where any small leakage in it would not be exposed to heat sufficient to set the oil on fire.

Foreign.

Police of Naples are searching for Timothy Sheckly, who is said to have escaped to Italy after having been sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment in the United States.

Sobriety is in the ascendancy in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales and licenses to public houses are decreasing in number, according to statistics communicated by Consul General John L. Griffiths of London.

Prince Tsai Hsun, Chinese minister of naval affairs, Prince Tsai Hsun, who is an uncle of the Chinese emperor, is coming to this country to look into American methods of naval construction, and it is stated to place an order for China's new navy. Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel company was in San Francisco to meet the prince.

A violent outbreak of hostilities against a number of prominent Albanians in the city of Elbassan, Western Turkey, who are known to be connected with the movement for progress in education and for religious tolerations, is reported in a dispatch received by Rev. James L. Barton, of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions.

M. Auburn, the French aviator flying in a Bleriot monoplane broke all speed records for 300 kilometers (186.3 miles), negotiating the distance in three hours, thirty-three minutes, seven seconds. At the end of the second hour he had flown 167 kilometer (107.7 miles) and at the end of the third hour 252 kilometers (156.49 miles). His average time was about fifty-five miles an hour.

General.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson was nominated for governor by New Jersey democrats.

Speaker Cannon said the fight on the tariff was the same as it had been for fifty years.

In a trolly car collision in Indiana forty-two people were killed and many others injured.

Governor Hay of Washington rapped the men who controlled the conservation congress at St. Paul.

In his next message President Taft will recommend an appropriation to fortify the Panama canal.

The imposing granite monument erected by the state of Indiana on Antietam battlefield was dedicated.

Congressmen insist on having the best there is of comforts at the capital when Uncle Sam pays the bill.

Special agents of the customs service have been sent to San Francisco to investigate the weighing and sampling of sugar in that port.

The report that Ambassador Bryce, upon his return from the Isthmus of Panama, will inform Secretary Knox that Great Britian prefers that the United States fortify the canal is not credited in London.

The British ship, Carnarvon Bay, from Liverpool June 20 for Sidney, has been wrecked on King Island.

Mrs. Charles A. Hawley, a resident of Washington, D. C., was robbed of approximately $3,000 worth of jewels and other valuables in the Union station at Columbus, O.

Reports from Russia, Italy and Germany to the Public Health and Marine services indicate that the epidemic of cholera is abating. Officers of the foreign corps report they have no doubt the present epidemic originated in Odessa and that rats were the cause.

Mrs. Hyde, wife of Dr. Hyde, Kansas City, is critically ill.

The cholera scourge is sweeping its way across Asiatic Russia.

Democrats of the country are very much encouraged over recent state elections.

The cholera continues to spread into the southeast of Italy.

There were 100 Rockefellers in Newburg, N. Y., for a reunion.

A report on land fraud investigations in Alaska is expected shortly.

One was killed and eighteen injured in a collision of Burlington and Rock

Illinois republicans endorsed President Taft's plan for a tariff commission.

A train on the Rock Island was wrecked by flood, sixteen being killed outright.

Mayor Gaynor is looming up as the democratic candidate for governor of New York.

The Grand Army of the Republic declared against a proposition for a dollar a day pension.

Congressman Ollie James formally announced himself a candidate for United States senator.

Governor Stubbs made a sensational speech at the interstate conference on railroad rates at Topeka.

Colonel Roosevelt and his friends claim to see the rout of the old guard at the state convention.

John L. Peak, former United States minister to Switzerland, is critically ill at his home in Kansas City.

The Idaho republican state convention adopted a platform endorsing President Taft's administration.

Congressman Tawney says the democrats brought about his defeat by voting for his republican rival.

Schenectady county, New York, gave the old guard a disagreeable surprise by declaring for Roosevelt.

Father John Baptiste Abbott, of the monastery of trappist monks at St. Norbert, Manitoba, died last week.

The report that Taft will step aside for Roosevelt in 1912 was declared at Beverly to be unworthy of a denial.

Hamilton W. King of Michigan, United States minister to Siam, is seriously ill at a hospital at Baltimore.

John Barry Ryan, son of the New York millionaire, proposes to equip the government with a fleet of aeroplanes.

"I don't care what anybody says about me so long as I am conscious of doing my duty," says Secretary Ballinger.

Governor Shallenberger has quit the recount game and declares Mr. Dahlman the democratic nominee for governor of Nebraska.

The lynching of two men of Italian birth at Tampa, Fla., is being investigated by the diplomatic and consular representatives of the Italian government.

The building which stood upon the site purchased for the Carnegie library in Alliance has been moved and work is now progressing on the new building.

Mon Win, St. Louis' only patient at quarantine, escaped from the leprosy isolation hut west of the quarantine station, leaving a note which read: "Me going west."

The war department decided to send the Seventh and Eighth cavalry to the Philippines to relieve the Twelfth and Thirteenth. The Seventh is now at Fort Riley, Kas.

Acting Mayor Mitchell of New York has ordered that Police Commissioner Baker be removed on the ground of unfitness in permitting gambling to flourish in the city unchecked.

It was announced that it had been tentatively decided to elect Edward M. Shepard and D. Cady Herrick as the temporary and permanent chairman, respectively, of the New York democratic convention.

H. T. Howell, one of the most prominent bankers and financiers of Nashville, Tenn., has resigned his position as president of the Fourth National bank of Nashville to accept the presidency of the Carnegie Trust company of New York.

Lightning struck the statute of Henry Clay in the Lexington, Ky., cemetery, shattering an arm and leg of the figure. The memorial was unveiled in July and took the place of a similar monument which was struck by lightning in July, 903.

Charles Mindeleff, a New York expert metallurgist, has been engaged by the treasury department to make a study of the methods of refining gold in the United States mints. He was engaged by Acting Secretary A. Piatt Andrews and will begin work at once.

Personal.

New Jersey republicans adopted a ticket that is partly progressive.

Colonel Roosevelt denies that he went to President Taft as a supplicant.

The anniversary of the entry into Rome of King Victor Emmenuel II was marked by celebrations.

Emperor William arrived at Vienna, and for two days was the guest of Emperor Francis Joseph at Schoenbrunn.

Ambassador Whitelaw Reid has cabled the state department from London that the British government agrees to the projected opium conference.

Congressman Tawney has been beaten for renomination in the First Minnesota district.

Charles R. Heike of sugar fame was sentenced to eight months on Blackwell's island.

Colonel Roosevelt reiterated he would not accept the nomination for governor of New York.

President Taft and Colonel Roosevelt had a conference, without arriving at a perfect understanding.

Father Oliver, who delivered a sensational sermon at the funeral of the victims of the charity bazaar in Paris in May, 1907, is dead.

President Taft appointed a progressive republican postmaster at Wichita, Kan.

From the standpoint of an admitted authority, Mayor Gaynor told the story of how it feels to be shot.

Former Governor Stokes claims a clear field for the republican senatorial nomination in New Jersey.

The fate of Secretary Ballinger may be decided at the coming cabinet meeting, to be held the 26th.

Congressman Boutell, who was beaten in the Illinois primary by an insurgent, says he will run independently.

JAS. A. TAWNEY

AVERS HIS OPPONENT WON THROUGH "KNOCKS" OF OPPOSITE PARTY,

WHO VOTED REP. TICKET

Under the Present Primary Law This Could Not be Prevented.—Democratic Candidate Buck Issues Denial.

Winona. — After declaring that his defeat is directly attributed to the voting by the Democrats in the Republican primaries, Congressman Tawney, defeated on Tuesday, issued the following: "My defeat for nomination cannot be charged to the bolt of the Republicans. In seven of the 10 counties in this district, there was no contest for any Democratic nomination. One vote, therefore, in these counties would nominate the Democratic candidate.

"The Democratic vote in these counties two years ago was over 7,000. At the primary election in these counties there were less than 150 Democratic votes cast. In a single precinct in one county there were 70 more Republican ballots voted than were cast for President Taft in the same precinct two years ago.

"It will be seen, therefore, that the Democrats of the district have made the Republican nomination, as it was intended they should do when my opponent was selected only a short time before the time for filing expired and after the insurgents had spent more than three months in a fruitless endeavor to obtain a Republican to file as candidate against me.

"The Democrats knew this was their only opportunity to accomplish my defeat, and they naturally took advantage of it. Under the former system of making nominations this would have been impossible."

Buck Denies the Charges.

Mr. Buck, the Democratic candidate, made the following statement refuting the charges: "It is probably true that some Democrats throughout the district called for Republican ballots. It is also true that some Republicans called for Democratic ballots. It is true also that many of the Democrats voting in the Republican primaries cast their ballots for Mr. Tawney and others for Mr. Anderson.

"None of these Democratic votes, however, were cast for Republican candidates at the solicitation of any Democrat, but at the insistent importuning of the Republican candidates for local offices who desired their help in securing the nominations.

"Early in August I issued a statement which was widely published throughout the district in which I expressed the hope that the Democrats would resist the solicitation of this Republican friends and abstain from taking part in the Republican primaries.

"The claim by Mr. Tawney that his defeat for the nomination was brought about by these Democratic votes is not borne out by the returns and it is self-apparent that the republican voters of this district are the ones who are responsible for his defeat."

GOPHERS' FUTURE ADMIRALS.

Three Candidates From Minnesota Enter Naval Academy.

Washington, D. C. — A class of 221 is shown in the list of midshipmen who will begin their studies at the United States naval academy Oct. 1. While this is an increase of 13 when compared with the number who entered the academy last year, there were more failures on the part of candidates who took the examinations than in any previous year.

A great many appointees who passed the mental examination failed to come up with the physical requirements.

Among the future admirals from Minnesota included in this year's class are: William Joseph Labodny, Eighth district; Paul Leo Zeshaugh, Fifth district; Delorimer Mortimer Steece, appointed by Senator M. E. Clapp.

FIND GOLD ON RANGE.

Mining Company Strikes a Ledge Yielding $22 to $82.60 a Ton.

Duluth.—A gold strike of importance has been made on the famous Vermillion iron range of Minnesota, by the North American Mining company while exploring for iron ore. At a depth of 100 feet the shaft is bottomed in a ledge which yields gold at $22 to $82.60 per ton. The shaft was being sunk in what was supposed to be barren formation between two iron formations. The discovery of the gold was in a similar manner to the discovery of the rich silver deposits of the Cobalt.

NEW MANKATO FACTORY.

Huge Shirt Co. Decides to Remove from St. Peter.

Mankato.—The management of the Hugo Shirt company of St. Peter will move its factory to this city October 1. The entire lower floor of the Masonic hall has been leased for that purpose. As soon as the company is permanently located here it proposes to enlarge its present capacity and probably branch out into the manufacture of other linen garments.

SENSATION IN SIGHT.

Bemidji.—Dr. Ira B. Derby, state chemist, is here from St. Paul as the most important witness in the suit brought by Matilda Akerberg against F. A. Mayo for five thousand dollars damages for the death of her son, which she alleges resulted from the error on the part of a drug clerk employed by Mayo in filling a physician's prescription. Senator Peterson of Moorhead has charge of the case for Mrs. Akerberg, and E. E. McDonald, the former St. Paul attorney, defends Mr. Mayo.

TO EXAMINE STUDENTS.

Step Will Be Proposed at the State Sanitary Convention.

Minneapolis. — The Minnesota state board of health is preparing to advocate medical inspection for all students at the University of Minnesota.

The first public step will be taken at the meeting of the Minnesota State Sanitary conference, when Dr. J. G. Cross, a member of the faculty of the school of surgery of the university, will read a paper advocating such inspection. Dr. Cross will be supported by the state board of health and the members of the faculty of the school of surgery.

Dean Westbrook of the college said that while he was not ready to announce plans, it undoubtedly was a necessary reform.

Dean Westbrook Sees Need.

"I cannot say anything yet until we have determined on a course of action," said Dean Westbrook. "If medical inspection is necessary in public schools where a few hundreds are attending school, it is certainly necessary among 4,000 students."

If the plans are adopted and medical inspection becomes a law in the university the school will be among the very first in the country to adopt the system.

The meeting of the sanitary conference will be held Oct. 5, in the Unitarian church.

It is thought that the mild epidemic of measles and typhoid fever at the agricultural college last year had something to do with the movement.

Dr. Cross Formulates Plan.

Dr. Cross said he has not outlined any definite plan, but is working on a general line that would, he thought, be beneficial. The inspection will be somewhat different from that used in the public schools owing to the different conditions.

DEM. STATE COMMITTTEE.

State, Congressional and Executive Bodies Are Appointed.

St. Paul. — Hon. M. J. Daly, chairman of the Democratic convention, has appointed the Democratic state, congressional and executive committees.

The committeemen-at-large are John C. Burchard, Martin O'Brien and Z. H. Austin, St. Paul; O. J. Johnson, Glenwood; Timothy O'Connor, Renville; Charles d'Autremont and P. O. Donnell, Duluth; S. A. Stockwell and E. A. Stevens, Minneapolis; E. L. Murphy, St. Paul; Joseph Wolf, Staples; T. O. Frykland, Badger; D. C. Wise, Mankato; A. C. Ochs, Springfield, and Joseph McConnon, Winona.

The congressional committee is: First district, William Gausewitz, Owatonna; Second, Dr. Thomas Lowell, Pipestone; Third, Dr. J. R. Philips, Northfield; Fourth, B. J. Mozier, Stillwater; Fifth, H. A. Lund, Minneapolis; Sixth, G. B. Roddis, Long Prairie; Seventh, G. A. Gislason, Mineota; Eighth, S. H. Shiede, Cloquet, and Ninth, H. M. Wheelock, Long Prairie.

The executive committee consists of D. D. Daly, Minneapolis; W. R. Hodges, Sleepy Eye; John C. Burchard, St. Paul; Martin O'Brien, Crookston; Timothy O'Connor, Renville; Harry A. Lund, Minneapolis; W. A. Geusewitz, Owatonna; Julius J. Reiter, Rochester; Fred Schilpin, St. Cloud, and S. J. Meleny, of Montevideo. Frank Day is chairman of this committee, Harvey Grimmer, secretary, and Fred B. Lynch, treasurer.

The Democratic committee announces that James Gray will make his keynote speech at Fergus Falls, Tuesday evening, Sept. 27. He will address county fairs at Austin next Thursday, Northfield, Friday, and Long Prairie, Saturday.

DULUTH MILL LOSS $100,000.

Lumber is Consumed by Flames But Mill is Spared.

Duluth. — An early Sunday morning fire destroyed $100,000 worth of lumber, lath and singles at the West Duluth sawmill of Alger, Smith & Co. The wind blew away from the company's big sawmill, so that it was not endangered, but it was with great difficulty that 30 head of horses were gotten out of the company's barn in time to save them before the structure was consumed. The origin of the fire is unknown at the present time, but there are people who believe that the New Duluth firebug, who has destroyed $100,000 worth of property in four weeks, with six fires, has extended his operations to Duluth proper.

It may be a matter of some significance that only a few hours before the big fire at Alger, Smith & Co.'s mill yard the fire department was summoned to the plant of the Scott-Graff Lumber company at the west end. This fire was easily extinguished before the flames spread far enough to do much damage. The lumber consumed at the Alger, Smith & Co. fire consisted of nearly 4,000,000 feet, the bulk of which was low grade stock. The loss amounted to about $50,000 and the loss on shingles and lath amounting to $50,000 and may exceed that amount, all covered by insurance. The figures are given out by the company and doubtless are conservative.

ALLEGED ROBBER ARRAIGNED.

Charles Adams, Caught in Wisconsin, Held to the Grand Jury.

Lambertan.—Charles Adams, charged with robbing the Security State Bank of Seaforth last April, was given his preliminary hearing before Justice Zindel. Adams was located at Fond du Lac, Wis., and brought to this city by Sheriff Schueller, from whom he escaped shortly after the robbery. He was bound over to the grand jury which meets in November.

Regulars to Aid Mr. Andersen.

La Crosse, Wis. — Scott Leird, the publisher of the Republican Herald, Winona, Mr. Tawney's paper, in Le Crosse on his way for Lanesboro, to attend a "ratification meeting" for Sydney A. Anderson, progressive, who defeated Mr. Tawney for renomination, declared Mr. Tawney will not come out as an independent candidate. The editor also intimated the Tawney paper will come unqualified for the nominee, thus practically assuring his election over Judge Buck, his Democratic rival.

M'VEY INAUGURAL

ELABORATE CEREMONIAL IN PROGRESS IN CITY OF GRAND FORKS.

NEW PRESIDENT N. D. "U."

Noted Speakers of the Northwest Are in Attendance—James J. Hill's Address Was the Feature of the First Day.

Grand Forks, N. D., Sept. 28.—The elaborate inaugural ceremonies for Frank LeRond McVey, the new president of the University of North Dakota began last evening and today has been one of the most important of the three days that are included in the ceremonies.

Prominent men in all walks of life in the northwest who have parts on the programme began arriving yesterday and they are guests in the homes of Grand Forks. Those here include every educator of prominence in the state and many from Minnesota, South Dakota and throughout the nation.

The principal event of the day was the address of James J. Hill, which was held this afternoon at 4:30 following the dedication of teachers' college.

SET TRAP FOR LORIMER.

White Tells How He Tried to Catch Illinois Senator.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 28.—Representative Charles A. White, recalled to the witness stand on cross examination before the Lorimer investigating committee, testified today that he wrote to Senator Lorimer in December, 1909, telling him of his manuscript, to get the senator "to commit himself concerning the doings in the legislature" so that he, White, might use it in his publication of the story.

White insisted that he did not propose selling the story but wanted to publish it.

He then declared that the contract with the Chicago Tribune did not state the truth entirely. "The contract states that I offered to sell the manuscript,'" said White. "That is not true. I protested at the time that I did not offer to sell the story, but only expected my expenses."

In response to further questions, White declared that he thought his expenses might be $3,500. The witness admitted that he had received $250 for his expenses in addition to the $3,250 called for by the newspaper contract. After some sparring, White admitted he had never received any offer to pay for the story except from the newspaper which published it.

WISCONSIN REPUBLICANS.

Write Party Platform for State and Praise LaFollette.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 28.—A portion of the republican platform as adopted by the resolutions committee was made public before being read to the delegates today. It praises Senator La Follette and the Wisconsin progressives and declares that the Payne-Aldrich law does not fulfill the party pledges.

The present tariff board is declared not adequate. The railroad law should be amended to allow physical valuation of railroads. A graduated income tax is favored and national control of natural resources.

When the committee adjourned at 3 o'clock this morning they reported that they had not completed making the platform and were instructed by Chairman McGovern to meet again at 9, the hour set for the convention to resume. The delay was said to be due to the large number of subjects to be considered and not to any discord.

N. Y. Democrats in Quandry.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The sudden and unexpected scratching of Mayor Gaynor's name from the list of gubernatorial candidates in which by common opinion he held first place leaves the democratic leaders here for tomorrow's convention confronting a problem.

"We can win with any clean man," said one of the New York men this morning, but with Gaynor we should have cleaned up the state."

The names of Congressmen Sulzer and James S. Havens and of Edward M. Shepard, an attorney, are being discussed as probable nominees for the office. The most important planks in the platform will have to do with direct nominations, tariff reform and a denunciation of Rooseveltism or "new nationalism."

Held for Killing Wife.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 28.—Karl A. Badeing, a young confectioner of this city was arraigned today on a charge of murdering his second wife, Mabel Reid Badeing, and the case was continued to await the coroner's report, also to enable the police to continue their investigation of the death of the prisoner's first wife, Mary McConnell Badeing.

Fall Kills Veteran.

York, Pa., Sept. 28.—Clark MacConnell, chief engineer of the postoffice building in Pittsburg and prominent in Grand Army circles, died here last night as the result of injuries received when he tripped and fell down stairs.

Can't Get Passage Home.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 27.—William I. Joseph, a wealthy resident of Kansas City, Mo., accompanied by several members of his family, had to make the trip from Glasgow to Boston in the steerage of the steamer Parisian, because accommodations could not be secured on any steamer for America from British ports before November.

W. J. Holee, a Pittsburg merchant who came in the second cabin of the Parisian, declared that there were thousands of American tourists in Europe unable to get home because of their inability to secure passage within the next three or four weeks.

Epidemic is Startling.

Rome, Sept. 27.—With the removal of the censorship, startling details of the cholera epidemic at Naples are being received. A number of persons have died in the streets and popular excitement is such that the police have great difficulty in maintaining public order. It is reported that 100,000 persons of the better classes have already fled from Naples.

Paris, Sept. 27.—The government has issued an order that all railroad cars entering Paris from Austria and Italy be isolated in the Bercy depot for medical inspection. Bercy forms a quarter in the southeast of Paris.

SCHUYLER GIVES 3 VOTES

ALL THAT WAS NEEDED FOR ROOSEVELT TO WIN.

Old Guard in New York Gave up Hopes of Winning at Very Early Stage of Convention.

Saratoga, Sept. 27.—The legend that statesmen are punctually late applied with equal force today to the leaders of the old guard and the progressives who gathered tardily at the opening of the state convention. Not so the delegates or spectators, who swarmed into every nook and cranny of the convention hall, filled all seats and overflowed into the aisles. The word had gone forth that the old guard were beaten in their fight to elect Vice President Sherman temporary chairman and every one waited for the real fireworks.

Chairman Woodruff called the convention to order at 12:05, after the aisles had been cleared, which the one policeman available for the task found difficulty in doing. The convention took up the regular order of business.

When the roll call had been completed Chairman Woodruff announced, "The next order of business is the election of a temporary chairman."

There was an instant hush, then a ripple of uncertain applause after which Chairman Woodruff addressed the convention. The first applause came when President Taft's name was mentioned, Colonel Roosevelt leading the handclapping. There was a vigorous outburst of cheers when Woodruff mentioned Vice President Sherman's name.

Intense hisses greeted Woodruff's declaration that the committee had no idea that any one else had any ulterior motive for desiring to be temporary chairman. Woodruff's speech was halted by applause for Griscom.

There was a redoubled volume of cheers when Roosevelt's name was mentioned by the chairman. There were cheers for the vice president and when Joseph Hicks, in a short speech, nominated Roosevelt, the convention broke into wild cheers and continuous applause. The delegates waved hats and clapped hands while the band played a fanfare.

The roll call on chairmanship was ordered at 2:22.

At 3:15 Barnes conceded Roosevelt's election. At that time Roosevelt had 144 votes and Sherman 80.

Roosevelt lacked but two votes of a majority when Schenectady cast its eleven votes for Roosevelt. Three votes of Schuyler gave the colonel the majority.

Pinchot Makes Hit.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 27.— Clifford Pinchot's declaration that the conservation idea had taken such a hold on the American people that it was bound to prevail and that it would be wise for the mining and oil man of the country to take up and aid rather than oppose it, is the principal topic of discussion among the delegates to the American Mining conress.

The former chief forester asserted that as a matter of policy the American congress should aid the conservationists in shaping laws which would be satisfactory and just to all interests.

Walsh's Trouble is Mental.

Leavenworth, Kan., Sept. 27.—"John R. Walsh is in better condition physically than when he was received at the prison and he is bearing up well for a man of his age," said the physician of the federal prison here today.

The former banker reported at the desk for duty this morning having entirely recovered from a temporary illness.

The prison officials said today his trouble was all mental, caused by the condition of his business affairs as reported by his wife and son on Saturday.

Lynched Men Were Americans.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Governor Gilchrist of Florida has confirmed his first statement regarding the nationality of the two Italians who were lynched at Tampa. The state department today received a telegram from the governor stating that one of the men was a naturalized American and the other a native, born in New Orleans. This information has been communicated to the Italian embassy at Manchester by the governor.

To Stop Bad Borrowing.

Washington, Sept. 27.—In order to prevent corporations, firms and individuals from borrowing to the extent of their credit in their own cities, then going elsewhere and doing the same, Comptroller of the Currency Murray has decided upon the establishment of a central credit bureau in Washington in which will be recorded all such borrowings from national banks.

Memorial Is Dedicated.

Gettysburg, Pa., Sept. 27.—In the presence of many thousands of persons a memorial to the Pennsylvania soldiers who fought at Gettysburg was today dedicated with impressive ceremonies. Among the vast number present were 5,000 veterans.

Cholera Suspects Coming.

Paris, Sept. 28.—Private advices from Italy assert that Italian emigrants from the cholera infested districts of that country are being embarked at Genoa for America, their original starting point being concealed.

Railroads Are Blamed.

Washington, Sept. 26.—"Probably the greatest single deterrent to water terminal advance in the United States is the present adverse attitude of rail lines toward independent water traffic, in their exclusive control of the frontage, in their refusal or neglect to coordinate with general water traffic and in their refusal to prorate generally with water lines through the movement of traffic."

This is one of the conclusions of Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, in part 3, just made public, of his report to the president on water transportation in the U. S.

Nationalism is Issue.

Pueblo, Col., Sept. 26.—The controversy between state and federal government for the control of natural resources will be a feature of the national irrigation congress which is opened here today.

The day was given over entirely to formal opening exercises, including an industrial parade and the throwing open of the irrigation exposition. The irrigation congress was called to order by Chairman Inainger of the executive committee and Gen. John F. Shafroth delivered the address of welcome, which was responded to by President Fowler of the congress.

BOTH CONFIDENT

OPPOSING FACTIONS ARE GATHERING FOR FRAY AT SARATOGA.

ROOSEVELT IS THE ISSUE

Vice President Sherman Is Confident of Position as Temporary Chairman and Progressives are Equally So.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Delegates to the republican state convention representing the progressive wing of the party who are fighting the old guard for control, marked time today pending the arrival of Theodore Roosevelt who is expected at 2:30 this afternoon.

A conference of the progressive leaders was continued until past midnight planning dates of the convention and the fight for delegates. In the old guard camp there was the same air of expectancy.

The moral effect of Roosevelt's presence on the night before the conflict is expected by the progressives to crumble up all effective opposition to the movement to place the former president in control of the convention. Meanwhile both the old guard and the progressives claimed a majority of 1,015 delegates.

Interest centers in the action of the state committee at tonight's meeting, with special reference to the threat said to have been made on behalf of the old guard to demand a revote on the question of whether Roosevelt or Sherman shall be temporary chairman for the alleged purpose of vindicating the committee from the charge that has been made that the result of the New York meeting was brought about by trickery.

The tentative platform of the progressives has been described by one of its grafters as "short, crisp and distinctively Rooseveltian." It is understood the main plank is for direct nominations on the lines already announced by Lloyd C. Griscom.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 26.—With the coming today of Vice president Sherman on the scene of the political battle the old guard forces redoubled their energies to secure control of the republican state convention and prevent Colonel Roosevelt and the progressives from naming the candidates and writing the party platform.

Shortly after Sherman's arrival he was in conference with Wm. Barnes, Jr., who frankly stated that neither side had a majority of delegates.

"There is nothing to say," said Sherman, "and there won't be anything to say later, as I look at it."

"Who is going to be temporary chairman of the convention?" "I am," he replied.

"That's what I came here for."

First Witness in Lorimer Probe.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—State Representative Charles C. White of Ofallon, Ill., was the first witness to take the stand today in the investigation into the election of United States Senator Wm. Lorimer by the senatorial sub-committee on elections and privileges.

Six of the seven members of the committee wer present when his examination by Attorney Austrian, representing The Chicago Tribune, which in printing White's story several months ago, brought on the investigation, began.

White identified the letters he said had been sent him by Lee O'Neil Brown, asking White's help to establish Brown's position as the minority leader in the lower house of the legislature. The witness then began to tell of his relations with Brown.

Lorimer was on hand early with his attorney, Elbridge Hanecy.

Crippen Guilty of Willful Murder.

London, Sept. 26—The coroner's jury today returned a verdict of willful murder against Dr. Hawley H. Crippen the American dentist, in connection with finding in the Crippen Hill Drop Crescent residence last July of a mutilated body supposed to be that of Crippen's wife, who was known on the stage as Belle Elmore.

No evidence beyond that given at the Bow street police court in the case of Crippen and Ethel Clara Leneve, was produced at the resumed inquiry today of the coroner. The police announced that they had nothing further to submit.

Haskell Trial Begun.

McAllister, Okla., Sept. 26.—The trial of Charles N. Haskell, governor of Oklahoma in what are known as the Muskogee town lot cases, was called here today before Federal Judge John A. Marshall of Salt Lake City, Utah.

U. S. District Atty. Wm. Gregg, who is to be assisted by Atty. S. R. Rush of Omaha, and D. T. Hainer of Tulsa, Okla., announced that the government was ready to proceed and urged that the work of selecting the jury begin at once.

Reserve Exceeds Requirements.

Washington, Sept. 26.—The national banks of the United States have reported resources of $9,826,452 and reserves of $1,347,586, in answer to the call for their condition, which was issued Sept. 1.

"Their resources are more than 21 per cent greater than is required by law," said Lawrence O. Murray, comptroller of currency, when he made the returns public today.

Masonic Commander Resigns.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 28.—For some reason which is guarded by absolute secrecy, Gen. Samuel Crocker Lawrence, most puissant grand commander of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite for the northern Masonic jurisdiction of the United States, has resigned his office.

The session at which the resignation was handed in was the last of the ninety-eighth annual meeting of the supreme council, sovereign grand inspectors general. The grand commander is the head of the highest degree of Masonry. The office is of life tenure.

Will Rotate Judges' Names.

Bismarck, N. D., Sept. 28.—Secretary of State Alfred Blaisdell announced today that he would place the names of the candidates on the special judiciary ballot in rotation instead of putting them in alphabetical order as had been intended. There has been a great deal of discussion and comment about this matter.

New N. D. Postmasters.

Washington, D. C. Sept. 28.—Amund O. Bargo was today appointed postmaster at Aurelia, N. D., and George E. McClure named postmaster at Tasker, N. D.

SIDELIGHTS ON THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

by EDWARD B. CLARK

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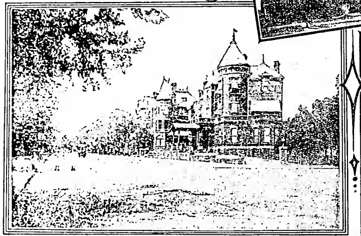
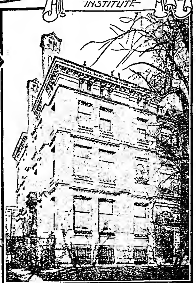
WHEN you take in the city of Washington what the unregenerate call a "rubber-neck wagon" your course is bound to lead by the Cosmos club. Until the Metropolitan club built its new quarters, its building was situated near that which houses the Cosmos members. It was the great delight of the information giver on the sightseeing automobile to declare to the passengers that the Metropolitan club, "which you see on your right, is the home of the nobs, and the Cosmos club, which you see on your left, is the home of the cranks."

Professional scientists have become accustomed to being dubbed cranks by the unthinking. It has been a long, hard struggle at times for some of them to get recognition from the world. The Cosmos club has a membership which includes some of the greatest scientists of the United States, and, in its non-resident membership, some of the greatest scientists of the world.

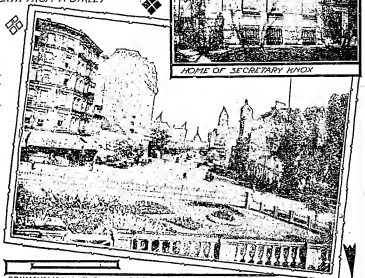
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTE



CONNECTICUT AVENUE —LOOKING NORTH FROM N STREET



HOME OF SECRETARY KNOX



PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE —LOOKING EAST FROM TREASURY DEPARTMENT

There are botanists, astronomers, ornithologists, and, in fact, scientists of all kinds and descriptions, to be found nightly in the great, sweeping parlors of the club's quarters. There is just as much hospitality and jollity in the club as are to be found in the rooms of any social organization in the world—and learning besides there, also. In order to be a member of the Cosmos club you must have something besides money and social standing. It is probable that there are many members of other organizations in Washington who would be willing to throw their membership into the deep sea, if the act would buy for them admittance into the club of the scientists.

The headquarters of the Cosmos club are in the old "Dolly Madison" residence. It was there that the widow of President Madison lived and held social sway for years after the death of her husband. During the Civil war, for a time, Admiral Wilkes lived in the Madison house. It was Wilkes who took Mason and Slidell from the British steamer "Trent" and thereby nearly brought on war between the United States and Great Britain at a time when such a war might have insured ultimate victory to the Confederate arms.

The biological survey of the United States government has lost the services of Dr. C. Hart Merriam, who for years was the survey's chief, and who in the early days worked so hard to make the service what he succeeded in making it, one of the most useful departments of government. Dr. Merriam has accepted the direction of the Harriman Foundation for Zoological Research. Mrs. Harriman, the widow of E. H. Harriman, the great financier and railroad man, has carried out the wishes of her husband, and has set aside a large sum of money to be used for purposes of zoological study. Acting unquestionably in line with her husband's wishes, Mrs. Harriman requested Dr. Merriam to take charge of the work.

It is probable that the former chief of the biological survey is the foremost authority in the United States in matters pertaining to certain lines of natural history work. It was Dr. Merriam, more than any other man, to whom Theodore Roosevelt went for advice about the scope of his expected work in Africa. The doctor and the colonel have been friends since boyhood; when in New York state both were pursuing bird studies and exchanging letters on general subjects of natural history.

These words about Dr. Merriam and the Harriman Zoological Foundation lead one to tell a story about the late financier, which perhaps will throw some light on a side of his life concerning which most people probably know little. One year ago last winter I went south from Washington, bound for Augusta, Ga., with a friend. E. H. Harriman's private car was attached to the train at one of the stations on the way. It happened that my friend was a close personal acquaintance of Mr. Harriman, and he was invited to dine with the financier on his private car, and was told to bring his friend with him, provided the friend would like to come.

There were several men of large affairs at that little dinner party, one of the guests being the president of one of the greatest railroad systems in the world. The conversation, naturally, was about big affairs of the financial world, concerning which I knew very little, and I am free to confess, cared much less. After hearing a good deal about certain things concerning which the discussion was more or less unintelligible to me, I ventured to break into the conversation and to tell Mr. Harriman that I had such of the journals of the "Harriman Alaska Expedition" as already had been published, and moreover, that I had read them.

For the next two hours I had ample evidence that E. H. Harriman cared for something besides railroads. Ten or twelve years before he had taken a company of naturalists to Alaska with him as his guests. He had had a delightful time with the scientists and they had profited much in a knowledge way by the trip to comparatively new fields. I found that Mr. Harriman was keenly interested in birds, trees, shells, flowers, stones and mammals, and that he knew and appreciated nature in all its forms. That was the only time I ever saw E. H. Harriman, but from what he said during the two hours and a half spent in his car that winter night I was not at all surprised when I found out that he had provided a fund for zoological research.

Across Lafayette square, due west from the Cosmos club, is the vacant Decatur mansion. This house was built by Commodore Stephen Decatur in the year 1819, and it was from its portals that he went forth one year later to meet his death at the hand of James Barron, also a naval officer, who had challenged Decatur to a duel. It is American history and the circumstances are known to all, but it might be said that it was Barron who was in command of the United States ship Chesapeake at the time it was overhauled by the British ship Leopard and searched for alleged deserters from the British navy.

Books have been written about Lafayette square, but the stories that are told about the men whose statues are in the square, and about the men who lived in the houses surrounding it, are endless, and not all of them, perhaps, have found their way into print. The statue of Lafayette was erected at one corner of the square not long after the statue of Andrew Jackson had been put in place in the center of the square, provided a square can be said to have a center. Lafayette visited America in 1825, and even today one hears occasionally of some living person who remembers his visit.

Not long ago there died in Chicago, at her home on Elm street, the aged Mrs. Davidson. She was born in Charleston, S. C. Her maiden name was Ancrum; she was a granddaughter of Col. William Washington, a first cousin of George Washington. It was William Washington who at the battle of the Cowpens fought a hand-to-hand fight with Colonel Tarleton of the British forces. Colonel Washington succeeded in cutting off the thumb of Tarleton's sword hand, and then there was interference which separated the combatants.

Lafayette was a strong personal friend of William Washington, and when he visited Charleston in the year 1825 he was a guest at the Ancrum residence, Mrs. Ancrum, the mother of Mrs. Davidson, being a daughter of Colonel Washington. Mrs. Davidson, then a child six or eight years old, remembered the visit perfectly and kept until she died a present which Lafayette had given to her, the grandchild of his old friend and comrade in arms.

There is no statue of Washington in Lafayette square, though one day there may be, for it is said to be possible that Andrew Jackson may be put elsewhere and George Washington may take his place. The nearest physical approach, so to speak, that one gets to the first president, in Lafayette square, is in the White House, which fronts it. It may not be generally known that the White House was completed before Washington died. It was only a few days before his death, as Washington tradition has it, that George and Martha Washington walked through the recently completed White House, to give their approval or disapproval, as it may be, of the arrangement of the rooms. It is possible that that visit to the capital was the last one which the Father of his Country made, for it was only a short time afterward that he died at his country seat, Mount Vernon.

Reference to Mount Vernon brings to mind the fact that there is living in Washington today an aged man named John Lane, who is the only living person who ever saw George Washington. Now, inasmuch as the Father of his country died 111 years ago, this may seem to be something pretty close to a false statement on its face, but it is the truth nevertheless.

When John Lane was a small boy the driver of a stage that ran between Washington and Mount Vernon asked the lad if he wanted a ride, and the answer was a hasty climbing up to the seat of honor by the driver. The boy made the trip all the way to Mount Vernon and arrived there just as they were removing the body of Washington from the old tomb to the new one. In order to make certain that the remains had not been tampered with by ghouls who not long before had broken into the old tomb, the coffin was opened and John Lane, aged ten, was lifted up to look on the face of the Father of his Country. Mr. Lane today is the only person who survives of the little company which was present at the transfer of the body.

Exact Knowledge Counts

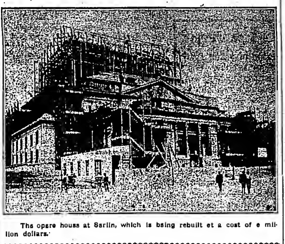
Congressmen Will Listen Closest if the Speaker Is Familiar With His Subject.

In an interview Congressman Weeks related his experience on first entering congress. He said he soon realized that a member who was thoroughly familiar with even one subject could maintain the attention of his audience better than a congressman who could talk fairly well on almost any subject. A measure came up involving the custom of "hazing" at Annapolis, and as he was a graduate, he was urged to say something in behalf of the bill. "You may not have as good a chance for five years to speak on a subject which you so thoroughly understand," said his colleague. He asked the speaker for an opportunity to state his views in five minutes. "When I rose to make my little speech," said Mr. Weeks, "the members were in the usual state of disorder, talking, writing, lounging or coming in or going out. 'Mr. Speaker,' I said as loudly as I could, with the idea of making my voice heard above the din, 'I am a graduate of the Naval academy at Annapolis.' Before I got any further, to my surprise, the noise ceased. Men stopped and looked at me with attention, as though saying to themselves: Here is a man who knows whereof he speaks. We will listen to what information he may be able to give.' Since then," continued Mr. Weeks, "I have found that exact knowledge on any subject under discussion will always gain the attention of the house of representatives."

Shoe Salesmen's Stool.

A new shoe salesmen's stool is provided with small mirrors on each side of the foot rest, to enable a customer to get side views of a shoe he is trying on and also to afford a degree of privacy.

GERMAN CAPITAL'S NEW PALACE OF MUSIC



The opera house at Berlin, which is being rebuilt at a cost of a million dollars.

"UGLY" CASHIER IS WANTED

Real "Frights" Are Told They Are Too Good Looking—Contest Narrows to Three.

St. Louis.—Three of the prettiest of 25 applicants in answer to an advertisement for an "ugly" cashier were selected by Vincent J. Gorlay, of Grimm & Gorlay, florists. One of the three finally will be chosen for this job. Mr. Gorlay said that some of the applicants were "frights." Others were beautiful, and nearly all declared they had overlooked the word "ugly" in the advertisement.

"We didn't want a 250-pound cashier," said Mr. Gorlay, "and we really didn't care for any with all their teeth gone. We had several applicants who filled both descriptions. My idea in advertising for an ugly cashier was to get one who did not have such great personal charm that she would be proposed to by the first unmarried customer who happened to spy her.

"How did I get by with the impossible ones? That was easy. One must have weighed 250 pounds. I asked her if she was sure she could qualify in the 'ugly' class. She declared she had not noticed the word 'ugly' in the advertisement, and I assured her she was entirely too good looking. That was easy. She went out with a smile on her face. Finding it worked in one case I used that right along."

"I know I don't fulfill the requirements of ugliness specified in the advertisement," said the first applicant, with a flirtatious glance at herself in the mirror, "but I assure you I wouldn't marry the best man living."

A fond mother appeared with her daughter in tow. The latter was tall and lank.

"I'm afraid my daughter will not suit you," said the mother, "because you wanted an ugly girl, but she will never disappoint you by leaving you to marry. She is a confirmed man hater."

IS RICHEST WOMAN

Mrs. Taylor, Daughter of Former Governor, Inherits Millions.

Death of Mrs. Sarah M. Flower, Widow of Roswell P. Flower, Makes Daughter Wealthiest Woman in Northern N. Y.

Watertown, N. Y.—With the death in this city of Sarah M. Flower, widow of the late Governor Roswell P. Flower, the only living daughter, Mrs. Emma Flower Taylor, becomes one of the richest, if not the richest, woman in northern New York. While as yet Mrs. Flower's will has not been filed for probate, estimates of the value of the estate place the sum at a figure far exceeding $5,000,000 and possibly close to double this sum. That her daughter Emma will inherit the greater part of this amount is deemed likely.

Mrs. Taylor, who was the wife of John Byron Taylor, of this city, whom she divorced but a few months ago, is already the richest woman in this section and her liberal expenditures of her riches for benevolent purposes have made her, as well, the most popular. Since the death of her father, Governor Flower, in 1899, at which time she inherited a considerable sum, she has devoted her time to philanthropical acts and her charitable deeds, both public and private, have been numberless.

The estate of Governor Flower at the time of his death was valued at $6,575,000. In his will he made bequests amounting to $305,000 and left the residue to be equally divided between his widow and his daughter. By the terms of this will Mrs. Taylor received over $3,500,000, while Mrs. Flower received an equal sum in addition to the fortune which she then possessed.

Mrs. Flower was a daughter of Norris M. and Roxana Woodruff. Mr. Woodruff was one of the pioneer settlers of this section, where he invested a large amount during the early days of the settlement of the country. He also went into land deals elsewhere with John Jacob Astor. Mrs. Flower upon the death of her father inherited no small sum.

Governor and Mrs. Flower had three children, Helen Flower and Henry Keep Flower, both of whom are dead, and Emma Gertrude Flower Taylor, who now becomes heiress to the combined fortunes of her father and mother. What the entire sum will amount to is problematical.

Mrs. Taylor was born in this city March 23, 1870, and the greater part of her girlhood was spent here, although she lived at various times in Albany, New York and Washington with her parents.

Matorman Picks Up Money

Envelope and Roll, Covered With Mud, Big Help in Financial Straits of Worker.

Chicago.—"It is not collectors of old rags alone who find valuables in odd places."

This confession was elicited from a Chicago street car motorman the other day in a discussion of the unusual good fortune of a New York rag dealer who discovered money and diamonds in the old clothes which he had bought for a few cents a pound.

"It's a funny thing," said the motorman, as the car whizzed by Diversey boulevard. "Running past this corner reminds me of what happened here about a year ago. I was especially hard up that month and was wondering how I'd be able to raise enough money to make payment on a mortgage coming due.

"I needed about $25 more than I knew I could spare from my pay check and I was at a loss to discover how I'd arrange it.

"Well, one morning I was running by this corner and I saw what looked like an old envelope, all covered with mud, in the street. It looked as if it might contain almost anything except money, but something led me to stop the car, get out and pick it up. After brushing off the mud I put it into my pocket and forgot all about it until that evening. When I reached home I opened it. In the envelope were three five-dollar bills. I knew then how I'd meet the payment.

"Three days later," he added, "while crossing this same corner one rainy evening the searchlight of my car fell on something that looked like a little roll of bills and I stopped again to pick it up. I examined my second find and discovered that it was a two-dollar bill. That evening at home I unrolled it and prepared to clean the mud off as before. To my surprise I discovered a five-dollar bill and another two-dollar bill wrapped up within the outside bill! I guess that's luck for you, eh? And I wasn't looking for 'paper' like the rag dealer in New York, either."

Strange Varmint Is Loose

Wild Animal of Ferocious Mien Roaming About Section of New Jersey State.

New York.—Caldwell, N. J., a community in which mystery has always been held to be a thing abhorrent, is puzzled about almost to the point of hysteria by the appearance intermittently in its environs of a predatory animal of which nobody knows the name. The good folk of the pleasant countryside near Caldwell, Pine Brook, Clinton and Fairfield have been hunting the strange beast, but, while the animal has gone right on killing hens, calves and dogs, none of the huntsmen has got close enough to end its life.

Oh, yes! Charley Rollins got close enough, but he had no gun. There was a tree handy and Mr. Rollins in placing himself in the topmost branches did some gymnastic work equal to any performance on the horizontal bars ever seen in the circus.

The other men, who had guns, never saw the animal. Mr. Rollins, whose eyesight is about as good as his agility, says the animal is about four feet long over all, that it is two and one-half feet high, has a generous tail, and is yellow. Were it not for the dimensions given it might be a cat, but Mr. Rollins is sure it is as big as he says it is.

Some persons think it is a panther, although what a panther would be doing at large in peaceful New Jersey, with the menagerie business in full blast all over the country, is another of those things that no citizen of Caldwell can find out.

The alien has been seen on many occasions without the assistance of Jersey applejack, the effect of which on the gift of vision is proverbial, and until it is slain there will be more excitement in the vicinage of Caldwell than there has been since last circus day.

GET LARGE CROP OF APPLES

Washington Has More Fruit Than Last Year and Values Are Higher Than Ever.

Seattle, Wash.—Reports of growers and handlers indicate that the production of apples in Washington this year will be between 3,500,000 and 4,700,000 boxes, but while the yield promises to be the largest yet grown, orchardists and buyers say there will be no cheap apples. The cause assigned is the late frosts in the other apple growing states.

The yield in Washington is estimated at around 4,000,000 boxes, against 2,414,000 boxes in 1909, when the average wholesale price was $1.40 a box. Oregon is second in the northwest this year with about 2,000,000 boxes, and Idaho and Montana follow.

Buyers have been active over the state the last two months, and it is probable that half of the crop has been sold, but many apples will be held in anticipation of increased prices at holiday time. No prices are made public, but it is believed the wholesale price this year will be above two dollars a box.

Several growers will send large consignments of apples to England and Australia this season, while others will market their fruit in the orient, Hawaii and South America. One grower has already arranged to accompany a shipment of 3,600 boxes to England.

PET ANGORA CATS GET AWAY

Three Women Marooned at Long Island Railroad Station Until Pet Feline Is Captured.

Bellport, L. I.—A large pet Angora cat created quite a furore at the Bellport depot. As the 9:52 a. m. New York express pulled into the station a party of smartly-dressed women hurried out of a motor car and made a rush for the train. In the hurry of departure a large basket, carried by one of the women, was dropped, and out of the basket jumped a beautiful specimen of the Angora cat.

Frightened beyond reason the cat made a dive for shelter, and crawled under the station platform, to the consternation of his mistress and her companions. Cries of "Teddy! Teddy!" proved of no avail, and finally one of the women, dressed in immaculate white duck, went down on her hands and knees in an endeavor to coax the pet out. Teddy wouldn't budge.

In the meantime the train proceeded on its way, leaving the women behind. When the train had disappeared well toward Patchogue Teddy was still occupying his easy berth under the station platform. The next train for New York left Bellport at 4:25 p. m., and it's pretty certain that Teddy and his fair companions took plenty of time to connect with this train.

Singing Makes Fish Bite.

Winsted, Conn.—Do fish like music? That is a question fishermen are trying to solve. Every pleasant Sunday 150 cottagers assemble in boats of every description on Highland lake and listen to a sermon by an able preacher who has his pulpit on the land. It is a very noticeable fact, fishermen declare, that the fish bite better during the period of the sunset services than at any other part of the day.

Kiss Cure for Woes.

Chicago.—The Rev. E. L. Williams, pastor of Grace Methodist church, has found that a good-natured kiss is the panacea for all domestic ills, and, if properly applied, would cut down the business of the divorce courts immensely, he says.

"In the homes of the laboring men and in those of the rich there is a noticeable lack of sentiment that expresses itself in terms of endearment," he said at the Des Plaines camp meeting. "The hand of toil gets hard and unappreciative. The rich man neglects his wife, goes to Europe and only too often is accompanied by some fascinating actress. Attention to the courtesies of home life would save disaster."

French Submarine to Cruise Far.

Paris.—The Archimede, the largest submarine boat in the world, will start soon on a 500 mile cruise from Cherbourg to Toulon, Bizerta and Oran. Lieutenant Trochot wished to take the Archimede to New York, but the minister of marine would not consent.

Big Gobbler Catches Frogs

Tears Up Hired Man's Red Flannel Shirt, Thereby Furnishing Owner With Dinner.

Cedar Brook, N. J.—Squire Hake Baldwin and a party of friends were furnished with a frog-leg dinner by Obadiah, a turkey gobbler the squire is fattening at his home for Thanksgiving.

Obadiah, like all turkey gobblers, is incensed at red. The family for this reason kept red out of sight. The hired man, Hans Oleson, however, washed out his red flannel shirt and laid it out on the grass to dry.

In the evening the squire and a party of friends were surprised to see nearly 100 large and small bullfrogs, hopping about, unable to croak, with a small fragment of flannel in their mouths. They were caught and killed and eaten.

Obadiah was responsible for the catch. He had torn the red flannel shirt of the hired man to ribbons. The wind had carried the pieces to the swamp and the frogs had consumed them.

America Has 400,000 Autos.

New York.—Inquiry shows that there are 400,000 automobiles in the United States of an approximate value of $600,000,000. It is estimated that one-half of this vast sum is invested for automobile vehicles for commercial purposes and of actual utility to replace the work of horses, but the other $300,000,000 is invested in autos for pleasure.

Money Without Germs.

Washington.—To the old National Bank of Spokane belongs the distinction of circulating the first antiseptic germ-proof national bank notes.

Fifty thousand dollars in bills just put out by the bank were signed with an ink which consisted largely of carbolic acid. The result is the bills are saturated with an agency which means death to the most vigorous germ.

Not Coughing Today?

Yet you may cough tomorrow! Better be prepared for it when it comes. Ask your doctor about keeping Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house. Then when the hard cold or cough first appears you have a doctor's medicine at hand. Your doctor's approval of its use will certainly set all doubt at rest. Do as he says. He knows. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Robust health is a great safeguard against attacks of throat and lung troubles, but constipation will destroy the best of health. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN A. KING C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

That man Dietz has secured about as complete a monopoly of the attention of the metropolitan press as did Mister Jack Johnson.

If Senator LaFollette should be nominated for the presidency, Congressman Tawney would then understand how it happened.

It has been remarked that the governor has talked so much the past few months that many people wonder what there is left for him to put into a keynote speech.

James A. Tawney says the Democrats nominated Sidney Anderson while Chairman Smith says that Anderson is the "party nominee" and will have the support of the Republican state central committee. Who is right? Why is an insurgent?

The only question that should determine the farmers' vote on the county division proposition is, "Is it worth the cost?" If you have a grievance against the county board; if there is a sore spot, the Thief River agitators will rub it a little and aggravate the trouble. They are working on your sympathies and trying to work on your prejudices. If you have some grievance do you "get even" by voting to slice the county into pieces? You are going to live here for years; the land is here for all time to be taxed. Mistakes of officials are little things by comparison; sore spots heal; county officials are elected for short terms. To vote for division simply because you feel hurt about something or because the agitators have worked on your sympathies, would be to slander your own intelligence; it would be like having your nose amputated to make your face feel mean. The county division proposition should have your serious consideration. You should figure it out carefully and if you then feel that division is worth the cost, vote that way.

A law should be passed at the next session of the legislature, says the Dassel Anchor, that will make it necessary for any political party to cast at least 20 per cent of its vote at the primaries in order to secure a place on the ticket at the general election. This will do away, to a certain extent, of the Democrats voting for Republicans or vice versa.

PAYING FOR THE COURT HOUSE.

The Thief River Falls papers make much of the opinion of the attorney general that if Red Lake county is divided the proposed Pennington county won't have to pay for Red Lake county's court house. They didn't have to send to St. Paul to get that information; any Red Lake Falls school boy could have told them.

But this fact remains, that if the county is divided, the people within the territory of the present Red Lake county will have two court houses to pay for. Theoretically the people of "Pennington county" won't have to pay for the court house now in course of construction in Red Lake Falls and nearly completed, but to vote for division is equivalent to voting to pay the whole cost of the building.

Assuming that, if Pennington county comes into existence, a court house is bu i at Thief River Falls at a cost exactly equal to the cost of the building in Red Lake Falls it will be just as heavy a drain upon th pocket books of the farmers of the proposed new county as if they alone paid the whole cost of the building in Red Lake Falls instead of only their share as they will be required to do if the county is not divided. And the farmers in the territory of the proposed new county should assume that they will have to pay for a court house at Thief River Falls for that is exactly what they will have to do. The Thief River Falls people admit that to be a fact. They say they will give the city hall for use for a few years, but have openly boasted that they will have a finer court house than the one in Red Lake Falls.

In accepting the nomination for governor Mr. Gray said to the Democratic State Central Committee:

"We all wanted John Lind, but that it seems was not to be. But the heart of John Lind, like that of Bruce has already been thrown forward into the very ranks of the enemy and we will follow it.

"All we ask in this campaign is, 'Restore the rights of the people.' Under that banner are already enlisted Iowa, Nebraska, Michigan, Kansas, Wisconsin, California and Maine. Does Minnesota lag behind? No. She was foremost in the movement. She first raised this banner under the various governorships of John A. Johnson."

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Hallock News: That the Republicans of this county are determined to be progressive is evident by the primary returns from all over the county. They have had a taste of aggressive, progressive and live Republicanism of the Roosevelt brand, and now they will have no other. From the staid old Maine on the Atlantic to complacent California on the Pacific the people have spoken in spots here and there, where they have had the opportunity, and the verdict is all the same—progression. Look out for the cars.

Winona Indpendent: A Democratic senator from Maine! It does sound rather funny, but the people will soon be used to the idea, because more Republican states are going to have Democratic senators.

Rochester Bulletin: Representative McKinlay of California, a Cannonite, whom the voters of his district have decided they can do better without, is engaged by the Republican congressional committee to stump Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee. What states will Representative Tawney stump this fall?

Long Prairie Argus: Now it will be in order for some disreputable newspaper to say that the voters of the Sixth Congressional district couldn't stand "Pat."

Perham Enterprise: John Lind refused to accept the Democratic nomination for governor. In view of his previous statements he could scarcely do otherwise. We believe Mr. Lind's action will eventually prove a good thing for the party. While he is concededly the foremost statesman in Minnesota today he is not the only man in the state who can lead the Democratic party to vitory. Minnesota's Democracy is greater than any man or set of men; it stands for principle founded upon truth and justice, with equal rights for all, special privileges to none. It is now, as it ever has been, the party of the plain people, the foe of special interests.

St. Cloud Times: "Billy" Hamm, the St. Paul brewer, has started for Europe. Ed. Smith and Senator Dunn will look after his political interests.

Winona Independent: From every side Judge Buck is receiving assurances of support in his congressional campaign. Unless the situation changes between now and election, the judge will have about the same majority in November that Mr. Tawney received in his balmiest days.

St. Peter Free Press: Congressman Tawney has about decided not to become a candidate for the speakership.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Two is a company till after they are married.

A man reasons and is wrong; a woman guesses and is right.

Some people get along by letting their relatives do it for them.

One of the worst things about brains is how lonesome they make anybody.

Even when a man happens to have sense he can prove he hasn't by falling in love.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: A thick head incubates many thin ideas.

What an awkward angel the average man would make.

Sensible and sentimental people have but little in common.

Talk may be cheap, but some people use extravagant language.

After having his leg pulled a man usually feels like kicking himself.

The undertaker may be slow, but sooner or later he will overtake you.

It's the easiest thing in the world to apologize when you are in the right.

Ever since his Satanic majesty invented politics things have been coming his way.

Farce comedy—A young man trying to appear old and an old man trying to appear young.

Some of the things you ought to know can be learned no other way than by reading advertisements.

And sometimes a candidate discovers that the party leaders were at his back for the purpose of kicking him.

Resolution For Hearing on Sidewalk Assessments.

Whereas, the city council has heretofore ordered the construction of sidewalks, curb, and gutter along, and adjoining the following described lots and premises in the city of Red Lake Falls, by the owners thereof, the names of whom appear below opposite the description of the respective lots, to-wit:

Owner	Champaigne & Dow's Addition Lot	Block
Louis Lefaive & Security of Bank of Spooner	12	6

Owner	Ouse & Bottineau's Addition Lot	Block
Sophia Belair	3	1
James Blake	6, 7, 8	1
Andrew Knudson	27	1

Owner	Original Townsite Lot	Block
Cora Hanson, Morris Hanson	27	3
A. M. Anderson and J. C. Wander	25, 26	3
Leon Bourque	23, 24	3

And whereas the time duly set for the construction of said walks, etc., having expired, the said city has caused the said walks and improvements ordered, to be duly constructed and made at the expense of the city, now,

Be It Resolved, that the city council meet at the city hall in said city on the 18th day of October, 1010, at 8 o'clock p. m., of said day, then and there to hear testimony of all persons interested, and to ascertain and fix the amount of benefits to be derived by property fronting such sidewalks and improvements, by reason of the construction thereof, and to assess the amount of such benefits and the cost of construction against the property so benefitted, and,

Resolved Further, that a copy of this resolution shall be personally served upon all the persons, lot owners named above, at least five days prior to such meeting, and in case any of such persons are non-residents of said city, such service shall be made by publication of this resolution in one issue of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, at least five days prior to the date of such meeting.

Resolution duly adopted Sept. 15, 1910.

SIMON PAUL,
President of City Council.
JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for **HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC.** Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers. ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE NEW ERA SYSTEM PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

SPECIALISTS

Sending their free doctors to the principal cities of the United States.

Will be in Red Lake Falls, Minn., on Friday, October 14, 1910, at the Grand View Hotel from 10:00 a. m. to 4:00 p. m.

Uunder auspices of Drs. Rea Bros. & Company.

These talented physicians, imbued with the experience of success in the treatment and cure of chronic diseases, offer their services this, the first trip, free of charge. All nervous and chronic diseases of men, women and children offer to all those who call this trip consultation, examination and advice free, making no charge whatever, except the actual cost of medicine. All that is asked in return for these valuable services is that every person treated will state the results to their friends, and thus prove to the sick and afflicted in every city and locality that at last treatments have been discovered that are absolutely sure and certain in their effects.

These doctors are considered Americas' leading stomach and nerve specialists, and are excellent in the treatment of all chronic diseases and so great and wonderful have been their cures that in many cases it is hard, indeed, to find the dividing line between human skill and miracle.

Diseases of the stomach, intestines, liver, blood, skin, nerves, heart, spleen, kidneys, or bladder, sciatica, diabetes, bedwetting, leg ulcer, epilepsy, weak lungs, and those afflicted with long standing, deep seated diseases that have baffled the skill of the family physician should not fail to call.

No more operations for appendicitis, gall stones, goiter, tumor, or cancer. They were the first in America to earn the name "Bloodless Surgeons" by doing away with the knife, with blood and all pain in the successful treatment and cure of these dangerous diseases.

Deafness often cured in sixty days.

No matter what your ailment may be, no matter what others have told you, no matter what experience you may have had with others, physicians, sanitoriums, or patent medicines, if you want to get well again, it will be to your advantage to see them. Go have it forever settled in your mind.

If your case is curable, they will treat you, if incurable they will give you such advice that may prolong your life. Do not put off this duty, you owe yourself and your friends or relatives who may be suffering because of your sickness, as a visit will cost you nothing and may save your life.

Remember this free offer is for this trip only.

Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with their fathers.

Notice of Tax Sale of Unredeemed Lands in Red Lake County, Minnesota, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Revised Laws of 1905, as Amended by Chapter 430, General Laws 1907.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 936, 937 and 938 of Revised Laws of 1905, as amended by Chapter 430, General Laws 1907, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 14th day of November, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the County Auditor in the county court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land situate in Red Lake County, bid in for the State and not assigned to purchasers or redeemed within three years from the date of the tax sale at which said parcels were offered and so bid in by the State, will be offered at public sale, and will be sold to the highest bidder therefor. No parcel will be sold for a less sum than the aggregate taxes, penalties, interests and costs charged against it, unless the cash value thereof fairly determined by the State Auditor, shall be less than such aggregate, provided, however, that all parcels bid in for the State, for the taxes of 1901 or prior years, and not assigned to purchasers, or redeemed as aforesaid, may be disposed of for one-half of the total taxes as originally assessed. Purchasers shall forthwith pay the amount of their respective bids to the County Treasurer. Said sale will begin at the time and place named above and will continue from day to day until every such tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale, under the provisions of such statutes. The list of said real property subject to said sale, and which will be so offered for sale, unless previously redeemed, is now on file in the office of said County Auditor and of the State Auditor of said State.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the County Treasurer, at or any time before sale, and within sixty (60) days after proof of service of the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been filed with the County Auditor.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served, as provided in Section 956, Revised Laws 1905, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the State, to the person entitled thereto. (See Section 938 R. L.)

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, October 1st, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Seal of County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn. 06-27

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 22nd day of October, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 49 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date July 29th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "211" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 31,931.0 cubic yards and from Station "0" to Stations "210" of the Branch Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 42,194.0 cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work: said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated at an estimated cost of Seven Thousand Four Hundred twelve and 50-100 ($7412.50) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $10,162.50 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated September 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) 829 013

No. 9837
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY
Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

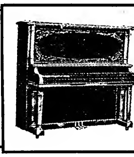
NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

LAWRENCE O. MURRAY,
(SEAL) Comptroller of the Currency.

You Can Win This Beautiful

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
Name..............................
Address..............................
If voted before October 27, 1910.



Nomination Ballot
Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest
Name..............................
Address..............................
Only one nominaton ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

List of Prizes Offered.

Our newspaper contest is on and every lady has a chance to win a prize. You certainly have use for one of the prizes we are offering and the way to get one is to save your coupons and ballots. The following is a description of the prizes.

The beautiful Don Pierre piano, known as the grand prize, is one of America's leading Instruments and in the past year has become popular thru-out the west. It possesses several features and valuable improvements found in no other piano. It stands four feet ten inches, is double veneered throughout in fancy mahogany, has double repeater sticker action, imported music wire and is warranted for ten years from the date of shipment and the makers guarantee to replace free of charge any imperfections that may develop in that time.

The parlor organ that we are offering is without doubt the handsomest and one of the best constructed organs on the market. It is one of the latest designs and of the piano style. The instrument is warranted for ten years. The organ looks like a piano and can not be distinguished except in tone. It is made in solid oak finish.

The $40.00 New Fireside sewing machines are made by the largest sewing macine firm in the world. Others have imitated these machines, but none have equaled them. They consist of a full drop golden oak embossed case with four fall length drawers, transfer tape measures and brass trimmed turned knobs. Invisible automatic lifting device that swings the sewing head close to the operator. A complete set of solid steel foot attachments packed in a velvet lined box goes with each machine. The machines are fully warranted for ten years.

We offer 20 year gold watches with Elgin movements, which sell at retail the world over. The Elgin stands foremost among watches and is recognized as America's leading time piece. The Elgin is so widely advertised and known that it needs no recommendation.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

1st prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing mahine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as neccessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The contest will close at 0 p. m., Jan. 16, 1911.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

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Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

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The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

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RESTORE THE RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE

biggest factor, and they fight to put the people out of power. To a great many this condition has become intolerable. They wish to know whether the interests or the people are running the government. It is necessary for the peace and dignity of Minnesota that this question be tried out. My opponent has said that if a County Option law were presented to him by the Legislature he would sign it. He could do no less. If elected, I will do more. I shall take the position that my election was a mandate from the people to put this question up to the Legislature, and I shall exercise the constitutional function of the Governor to recommend proper legislation to carry out their will.

Re-Apportionment an Honest Demand.

"We are unequivocally in favor of a re-apportionment of representation in the State Legislature with a view of making the composition of that body a true reflection of the distribution of population."

If a series of Republican legislatures had not been remiss in their duty, this paragraph of the Democratic platform need not have been written. But justice has not been done.

Project the southern boundary of Otter Tail county east to Wisconsin and west to Dakota and north of it you will have twenty-five counties of perhaps the most resourceful region on the continent of North America. It has the greatest wheat fields and the greatest iron mines in the world, vast forests and water powers and the source of three continental watersheds. These twenty-five counties have an area equal to that of New York or Ohio.

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No spot on the globe offers greater opportunities to the settler. All this region needs is fair treatment at the hands of the state. It needs good roads and public schools. It needs forest protection and drainage, but above all it needs and demands justice under a Constitution which guarantees to all an equal voice in the government. It demands that the legislature make an honest re-apportionment. No legislative re-apportionment has been granted since 1897, a period in which the population of this northern domain has increased by perhaps 200,000.

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Senator Smith's Senate Failed to Do its Duty.

For this neglect the State Senate appears to be largely responsible, the defeat of re-apportionment being charged to senators who refused to interfere with their tenure in office. The state authorizes the legislature to make a re-apportionment, if population changes require it, after each census, state or federal. Governor Eberhart says at this time in the face of another election that he favors re-apportionment. The legislature, of which he was a part, pressed a Constitutional amendment allowing re-apportionment to be made at any time, thus probably deferring the question until the amendment could be adopted.

Permit me to say to northern Minnesota here and now that the present Constitution authorizes a re-apportionment at this coming session and that in all justice to the state it should be accorded.

Stands for Employers' Liability.

There is nothing more precious than human life. There is no form of conservation more important to the state. It is the duty of the state to protect from needless sacrifice the lives of men and women who are obliged to labor in our industries. Employers and employes understand that every restriction in our present inspection laws should be removed so that the state officials will have the authority under the law to order safeguards in every place where danger to human life lurks. But when we have solved, so far as protection to human life is concerned, the question of accidents, there still remain a large number that will take place because of the hazard of the industry and which cannot be foreseen or provided against. This brings up the question of the basis of compensation for such injuries. The law that we have belongs to an era in our industrial life that has passed. It is based on the theory of fault or negligence, which might have belonged very well in the primitive days of hand tools, but which has no application under a system of industry which involves the buzz of intricate machinery, whirling saws and keen edged knives.

Industry Must Bear the Risk.

The men who are obliged to work under this hazard and who suffer the pains from injuries sustained there, should not be obliged to carry all the risk. It is the duty of the state to step in and by proper legal enactment to devise a system for the injured working man, which shall in no manner savor of alms or charity. This principle was recognized by the late Governor Johnson, by the last legislature, by the organizations of employers and employes and by the State Bar Association.

A Commission is now at work with a view of proposing a bill which will have for its purpose a scheme of compensation for every person injured in a Minnesota industry without the necessity of a costly law suit and with the question of negligence wholly eliminated. It has received my co-operation and support as a citizen and shall continue to have that endorsement and support in whatever position I may be called upon to fill.

As to the Otis Decision.

I cannot forego a reference to a recent court decision which has shaken Minnesota to its foundation. I refer to the findings and decree handed down last week at St. Paul by the Master in the United States Court of Appeals involving the reasonableness and validity of freight and passenger rates for Minnesota. This decision says in effect that the legislature of the state has absolutely no authority to say what shall be reasonable and fair rates for passengers and freight. It makes the State Railroad Commission a mere clerical body. It is sweeping in its scope and important not only to Minnesota but to all the states of the Union.

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The State of Minnesota, acting under its sovereign constitutional authority to regulate carriers within its borders, enacted in 1906 and 1907, pursuant to the legislative messages of Governor Johnson, two laws governing railway rates:

First, a two-cent passenger rate, which has been in effect since May 1, 1907.

Second, a commodity rate law, which the state was enjoined from enforcing.

In the same period the railway commission made a reduction of merchandise freight rates which was urged by the governor and accepted by the railroads.

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Great Saving Affected.

The merchandise and passenger rate acts have been in effect over three years, with a saving of $50,000 a day to the shipping and passenger public, but at the same time with such an effect in increasing traffic, that the loss of revenue to the carriers is believed to be nominal, if anything at all.

Each of these acts is confined to rates on business wholly within the state. No court, or even railroad company, ever before has questioned the power of the state to fix reasonable rates on business beginning and ending within the state.

Both federal and state constitutions, as interpreted to date, are framed on the theory that a sovereign state shall make laws for the commerce within its own borders.

The federal government has not that power; it touches only interstate commerce. Therefore, by the ruling of Judge Otis, neither state nor federal government has the authority to regulate the freight and passenger rates on business beginning and ending within the state boundaries; and the railroad company alone has that power.

In other words, the sovereign state which grants to a railroad its charter to exist and do business has no power to regulate the business arising pursuant to that charter; while, on the other hand, the company created by the state may defy the sovereign power to which it owes its life and its dividends and restore the old doctrine of "All the traffic will bear."

Favors Physical Valuation.

If this is law, it is law which a free people should make haste to amend.

The railroad problem is a complicated one. Lawyers theorize and argue the matter from varying viewpoints and the debate would be endless if we did not anchor ourselves to the single, simple proposition that a railroad performs a function of the state. When it exercises the powers of the state, it must submit to the same conditions which the state may place upon its own exercise of those functions. We have gotten past the point where a railroad could be viewed as a purely private enterprise. Men who invest in railroads voluntarily place their property in such a position that the public has acquired an interest in its use. What is that interest? It is that the railroad shall have no greater rights than the state would have if it had built these highways itself. Railroads must earn a profit. This is necessary in order that the public may benefit by their presence. A broken-down, bankrupt railroad is a pall upon the country it attempts to serve.

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Railroads must earn a profit, but on what? If we turn to their stocks and bonds we cannot be safe for they have suffered from manipulation and watering. This throws the public back upon a physical valuation of the railroads and here difficulties are raised through the hostile theories of valuation advanced. But this principle should control, that the railroad is a semi-public institution; the people who must use it are semi-partners in the enterprise; that they have a right to the least possible charge for service consistent with the railroad's continuing in business and that there must be an honest showing of the actual investment in the railroad, not for speculation but for use. It is unreasonable to propose that the state can create a corporation and lose its control of its creature, and if elected Governor, I shall use every constitutional prerogative to protect and defend Minnesota's sovereign powers in this respect.

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Should Extend the Primary Law.

With all its imperfection the primary election law in Minnesota has made for government by the people and freedom from the domination of special interests in the selection of candidates for public office. It has broadened the power of the masses and curtailed the power of the classes. The principal objection filed against it, that it enables voters to break over the party line, has two sides to it. There is such a thing as bide-bound partisanship that defeats patriotism and good government. I therefore favor the extension of the primary election to the nomination of state officers. The domination of powerful interests in state conventions has been so flagrant, that I believe patriotic citizens of all parties will welcome the transfer of the nominating power to the people. There is no question that the primary election has been the dominant factor in putting "stand-pat" congressmen devoted to foreign interests out of power in our commonwealth; and there is no reason why it may not do a similar service in regard to state officials who are faithless to the people.

But while I believe in a progressive extension of the primary, I also believe that it should not be possible for an insignificant minority to make nominations, nor should political parties be deprived of their privilege and duty of declaring their beliefs in delegate conventions.

Agricultural Education Is Endorsed.

Minnesota is a great agricultural state. Its resources are well-nigh boundless. It has been said of California that it has changed its staple three times and has been first in each department of endeavor; that it was originally first in gold, then first in wheat, and lastly, first in fruit. The state of Minnesota has not changed so radically but has demonstrated an adaptability to diversified crops which marks its climate as the most gracious in the world, its soil the most productive, and its people the most eager to learn in the school of intelligent work.

We have been first in wheat; we are first in quality if not in quantity of dairy products. A few years ago our farmers said, "Oh, we can't raise corn; leave that to Iowa and Illinois." Today we are raising more corn to the acre than either. Our crop has increased in six years from ten million to sixty million bushels. Our experimental stations have developed new varieties and extended our corn belt to the Canadian line. Their work in the development of new grains and grasses adds ten million dollars to the value of the total crops annually.

Such progress indicates besides having resources, that our people are intelligent in their theory of the state's development. Every county fair is a herald of new endeavor. Their exhibits, ranging from the work of rural schools to the development of blooded cattle, is a revelation to the denizen of the city who, still in his slothful ignorance, pictures the farmer as an unsophisticated child of nature doing what his father did, and in the same pioneer fashion. The farmer does not lag behind. He leads in the demand for education. He clamors for improvement. He does not deny the advantages of cultural studies but he asks as a foundation not lessons from dead languages but that education which fits men for living the whole life of a man. Our boys are learning farming in the agricultural college, and I expect to live to see the time when it will be the largest, as it is now the best, college of its kind in the land.

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The science of farming needs to be brought closer and more immediately to the farmer boy. The way to keep the big boy on the farm is to show him when he is still a small boy the secrets of nature and enamor him of her conquest. The rural schools should be developed and the state should not grudge the money it will take to do it.

"Forward to the Farm."

"Back to the farm" is a bad slogan because it contains that word "back." No one likes to be turned back. It suggests coercion. Let us rather make our slogan "Forward to the Farm." When we learn to draw and not to drive we will make more progress. When we perfect means of communication we make the cry, "Forward to the Farm" of practical effect.

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Good Roads a Necessity.

Good roads are the thread which weave us into one community.

If the tax levy of this state can be cut half a mill, why return 60 cents to the villager and a dollar to the farmer, and eighty thousand dollars to the steel company? Why not rather put that amount into good roads where the dollar will do two dollars' worth of work for Minnesota and the eighty thousand dollars will be contributed out of the wealth which the Creator planted under the soil of Minnesota to make the state richer in those conveniences which make for better living and happier conditions.

But reductions of the state tax levy are problematical. We can depend upon them only as an occasional accession to the good roads fund. I stand, in addition, for the proposed one mill tax and believe that an amendment embodying this feature should be submitted to the people.

Interdependence of Rural and City Life.

The discussion of rural education, good roads, and kindred topics naturally carries the mind to the relation between the city and the country. Minnesota has three magnificent cities, each as individual as three persons, each has its own peculiarities and characteristics, but I think they agree in this: that they have an intense pride in the creative part of Minnesota. The old dismal debate between trade and spade is closed. The cities of Minnesota know that their prosperity is dependent upon the growth of the country. They can advance no faster than the farmer. It has been said that we could burn all our cities and still have a great country, but we could not burn all our farms and have a single great city or a single city of any kind. Therefore, to say that country and city are at war is to fly in the face of a manifest destiny which limits the city's growth to the rate of advance of its tributary territory. The cities are not more interested in their own growth than they are in the growth of the country. Nor are the cities selfish. They are willing to carry their share of the burden of the state. They are eager to co-operate in all that makes for the best of both.

Conserve in Act as Well as Voice.

Conservation—A splendid word to conjure with. Conservation is a city as well as a country problem. The non-conservation of forests already begins to affect the city builder and the city home-maker.

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The non-conservation of our public lands threatens to bring disaster upon our school fund, in which city, country and university have a vital stake. We should all be conservationists, but all of one kind—the kind which conserves for use under salutary laws and not which merely patters for the purpose of familiarizing its affrighted ears with a popular phrase.

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Did you ever hear of the Mountain Iron Mine, at one time a school section belonging to the school children of the state? Its wealth would have put consolidated rural schools upon a plane that would assure the agricultural supremacy of Minnesota. Its loss is an old story; so is the treason of Arnold an old story, but it still points a moral. Where were the majority's conservationists when there was more to conserve?

Favors Conservation Department.

I believe in using all due diligence to reserve to the people their full equity in what is left, and to that end I shall, if elected, favor the creation of a Department of Conservation charged with the administration of the remaining public lands and ore beds. Such a commission might be denounced as a useless addition to the already numerous boards and commissions, but it is demonstrable that such a department composed of the right material would be of untold profit to the state. The right man at its head, and he should be chosen without regard to politics, could make himself a name second to none among the benefactors of the state.

Farmers of Minnesota Benefit.

One of the greatest triumphs of the people of Minnesota in coping with tariff-protected trusts is in the establishment of the State Prison twine and harvester plant. This institution is perhaps the most successful enterprise of its kind in which the people have made a business success in fighting a great industrial corporation. As the leading wheat-producing state in the Union, Minnesota was the special mark of the twine and harvester trust. The farmers of this state were depended upon by the harvester trust to pay a liberal share of the dividends upon its $120,000,000 capitalization.

The Minnesota State Prison plant last year turned out and sold to farmers a twine product of 15,850,000 pounds valued at nearly $1,200,000. Besides giving our farmers their twine at reduced prices, the plant turned to the credit of the taxpayers a net profit of $180,000.

Through the instrumentality of Governor Johnson, Representative Spooner, and the Board of Control, the 1907 legislature appropriated $200,000 for a harvester plant, and the state is now manufacturing harvesters and binder and mowers, over 80 binders and 200 mowers, the first output, being marketed this season.

By the active labor of Representative Spooner and the co-operation of Governor Johnson, the Board of Control and Warden Wolfer, the 1909 legislature voted a tax levy to be paid of ten annual instalments for a total of $2,250,000 for a new plant and prison that will be one of the finest in the world.

Large though this appropriation looks to the taxpayer, it is apparent from the excellent business statement shown by the Board of Control and Warden Wolfer, that the profits of the plant will eventually meet the tax levy. Both as a business proposition, and as a defense of the people against trust domination, therefore, the State harvester plant deserves and will receive, in case of my election as Governor, my most earnest support.

Problems of Taxation.

Inseparable from the question of conservation is that of taxation. The profit from the gifts of nature to the State tends to ease the direct burden laid upon agricultural land, but whether we are wise or foolish in our conservation, we shall have taxation always with us. Why should we not?

Taxation is a measure of benefits bestowed. It is a guarantee of the public peace, of orderly justice, of equal opportunity. The only problem is to make taxation as light as the needs of the state permit and as equable as the finite judgment of man can make it. Of all the forms of taxation which have been proposed there is none which appears to lay its hand more equitably upon the citizen than the income tax. It is the only tax which meets the corporation and the individual upon the same ground.

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Sees Wisdom in the Majority.

There is but one issue in this campaign. It is stated in six words: "Restore the rights of the people." We have a government of balanced powers, but the foundation of it all is the people's right to self-government in an orderly manner.

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We declare that the whole people is wiser, stronger and better than any minority however benevolent in its purpose. The wisest and strongest of us is weak and foolish compared with the strength and wisdom of us all. This is the secret of the steadily growing force of democracy. It is also the secret of the wave of independent thinking and voting which has staggered the most astute party bosses and brought their most cherished plans to naught. There may come a time when the star of party regularity will again rise but for the present it is the spirit of independence which occupies the zenith.

In the town hall at Philadelphia hangs an old Bell. That bell was new once; a new spirit lay within it waiting a new gospel; the gospel of Freedom—it rang not only to the ears of the people in Philadelphia—it rang to the ears of the world. And the oppressed everywhere took to themselves courage; that spirit once freed can never be again imprisoned. But the old bell is cracked now; it is the crack of internal treachery and corruption. A bell once cracked can never ring true again. We want a new Independence bell. The metal for it is now molten in the hearts of the people—it is time to mould it and swing it high in the tower of Democracy. Already the child of the future stands at our knee and shouts, "Ring, Grandfather, Ring!"

"Ring out the old, ring in the new;
Ring out the false; ring in the true.
Ring out the grief that saps the mind;
Ring in redress for all mankind."

GRAY SEES DANGER IN OTIS DECISION

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE SAYS CONTROL OF RAILROADS BY STATE IS MENACED.

WILL FIGHT DECISION IF ELECTED

Believes Action of the Federal Master in Chancery Indicates Serious Tendency of the Times.

James Gray, democratic nominee for governor, made his first declaration on public questions in an interview commenting on the decision of Judge C. E. Otis, master in chancery, in the Minnesota railroad rate cases. Mr. Gray takes occasion in his interview to sound an alarm against impending advances in railroad rates, and pledges that if elected governor he will use every effort to prevent such a result. The Otis findings, he says, give the roads the power of control over the state, rather than the state over the roads. Mr. Gray's statement follows:

Mr. Gray's Remarks.

"Roosevelt in his recent western trip declared that the greatest danger confronting the American people is the united effort of the special interests to control the governments of both state and nation. He said the duty of the hour is to drive the special interests out of our public life.

"Roosevelt is right. These interests are trying to control the making and enforcement of the law, and through the courts, wherever they can, they are seeking to have the powers of government curtailed, and laws that are distasteful to them declared void.

Tendency of Times.

"The recent decision by the master in the federal court at St. Paul in the Minnesota rate cases is a startling illustration of the tendency of the times. The court seems to have held in these cases that the powers of the state are subordinate to the powers of the railroad companies incorporated under the laws of the state.

"It is unnecessary to say that according to the plan of our government the states have the exclusive control over all domestic matters, and the federal government has exclusive control over matters which affect the people of more than one state. On this basis the control of railroads has been divided, the states controlling the business of the railroads beginning and ending in the state, and the federal government controlling the business beginning in one state and ending in another.

Basis of Attack.

In the exercise of its power, this state, through its legislature, in 1907, passed a law reducing passenger fares to 2 cents a mile, the same rate which prevails in nearly all surrounding states. They also passed laws reducing freight rates to some extent; all these laws applying only to business beginning and ending in this state. The railroads attacked these laws in the federal courts and asked to have the state enjoined from enforcing them for two reasons: First, because it is claimed the rates are so low as not to allow the roads a reasonable profit on the business; and, second, because a change of the rates in Minnesota required the companies to make some changes in their rates in other states, and for that reason the state laws conflicted with the federal authority.

"As I have already stated, the laws themselves did not require any change of rates on business going into other states. The claim of the roads simply is that, in the interest of equality, they would feel compelled to make changes in their rates in other states to correspond with the change of the rates here, and that, therefore, Minnesota must be deprived of the right to make rates at all as to roads doing an interstate business.

State Shorn of Power.

"The master, having heard all the testimony, seems to have found with the roads on this question, and if the decision is upheld in the higher courts, its effect will be to deprive Minnesota and all other states of the power to regulate rates on business beginning and ending within their respective borders, because of its so-called indirect effect on rates outside the state.

"The decision goes farther in this regard than any decision heretofore rendered. The result of it would be probably to restore the 3-cent passenger fare in this state, but also to place all state freight rates back where they were years ago, at a much higher level than at present. It amounts to a declaration that, instead of the state having the power of control over railroads, the roads have the power of control over the state.

"The master also finds that the Minnesota rates are so low as to be confiscatory. The testimony of the railroads at the rate hearing, I am informed, was to the effect that in this state the railroads are making all their profits on their interstate business and making no profit on the business beginning and ending in the state. It is clear that they are making an enormous profit on the two classes of business, and that their gross income is high.

Rates to Be Raised.

"In the face of the situation, the newspapers inform us there is a concerted movement on the part of the roads throughout the country to raise their interstate rates. The hearing on the subject is now going on in Chicago before the Interstate commerce commission. If this movement to raise interstate rates is successful, as it is not unlikely that it will be, and the holding of the federal court that the states cannot regulate rates at all should be upheld, it is plain that the railroad problem overshadows all others in importance, and unless the people are aroused to the impending danger, they are likely to find that both interstate rates and domestic rates will be raised so high as to affect the prosperity of the country.

People Must Wake Up.

"This is, therefore, a time when the people must wake up and learn that politics affects their business, and pick out men for public places who will represent their interests and not the interests of the roads.

"The case of this state is being handled by capable men and nothing will be left undone to protect the interests of the people so far as they are concerned; but the people must realize the situation that confronts them, and it is necessary for them to assert themselves in no uncertain terms. They must let it be known that they are not going to yield the powers of government to corporations, and in this struggle I will be glad to enlist all the powers of the office of governor, should I be chosen to that high position."

GOPHERS' FUTURE ADMIRALS.

Three Candidates From Minnesota Enter Naval Academy.

Washington, D. C. — A class of 221 is shown in the list of midshipmen who will begin their studies at the United States naval academy Oct. 1. While this is an increase of 13 when compared with the number who entered the academy last year, there were more failures on the part of candidates who took the examinations than in any previous year.

A great many appointees who passed the mental examination failed to come up with the physical requirements.

Among the future admirals from Minnesota included in this year's class are: William Joseph Lahodny, Eighth district; Paul Leo Zeshaugh, Fifth district; Dalorimar Mortimer Steece, appointed by Senator M. E. Clapp.

Supplement to THE GAZETTE, Red Lake Falls, Minn., Thursday, October 6, 1910.

RESTORE THE RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE

James Gray, Democratic Nominee for Governor Delivers Keynote Speech at Fergus Falls.

PLEDGES HIMSELF TO FOLLOW LEAD OF LIND AND JOHNSON

Commends Governor Johnson's Administration and Declares His Appointments to Office Best in History of State—Promises to Redeem Every Pledge of State Platform.

Insists Standpatters Must be Driven from State House as Well as from Congress.

DECLARES THAT THE TARIFF COMMISSION IS A BUNCO GAME

Says Brewers Not Only Brew Beer, but that They Brew Politics, Laws and Statesmen—Wants an Honest Re-Apportionment Based on Population.

A glance at the history of Minnesota politics shows that most of the state administrations have been merely episodes in the life of the State. Men rose to power through the grades, became governors and disappeared. Few of them made a mark on the history of the State. In the pioneer days of Minnesota this was to be expected. The State was new, the population sparse, the struggle for existence hard. The theory of politics was personal, social, and it sank no deeper than the personality of the men who rose to positions of power. There were notable exceptions to be sure. John S. Pillsbury was the idol of the State and did a great work for the University. Knute Nelson had, I believe, a real call from the people. His administration was able, conscientious and in some ways fearless. His promotion to the office of senator before he had completed his work thrust the administration back into the soggy condition from which it had arisen. Governor Van Sant was elected on no definite theory of reform. He had, by party activity and party service, at least earned the nomination and got it. But Governor Van Sant had an opportunity and rose to it. He denounced the merger of the parallel lines of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific and by his stand smashed the Northern Securities Company. It was a flash of light upon the railroad problem but it was after all but a flame caught from the spark struck off by the previous administration of John Lind, who put a stop to an attempted similar merger of the St. Paul & Duluth and Eastern Minnesota. With these exceptions, I claim that broad, constructive work for the people began with the administration of John Lind, who was elected in 1898, and has been continued to this day, nearly all of the time under Democratic executives, and must continue if Minnesota is to have a place alongside of Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska, where the rights of the people have been restored rather than to fall back in the class of New Hampshire, Vermont and other states which have never awakened to the problems at their doors.

Six years ago, in pursuance of this forward policy, the people of Minnesota chose John A. Johnson governor. Two years later they re-elected him as an endorsement of his administration. Two years later still, though Governor Johnson protested against the third term idea, they fairly drove him into office to continue the work which he had so well begun. No such contingency as the death of the Governor in office was contemplated by the people nor provided against in their votes. It seldom happens that the people do so provide. In our national politics there have been repeated efforts to obtain a symmetrical ticket, to name for vice-president a man who could take the reins in case of the president's removal and carry forward his work. They usually have failed and some man has been nominated for vice-president who could carry his state. There have been exceptions of course. The Democratic standard bearers in 1888 were Cleveland and Thurman, a ticket big at both ends. The Republicans had in 1884, Blaine and Logan, a balanced ticket; in 1900, McKinley and Roosevelt, a remarkable conjunction of cool sagacity and fiery impetuosity, a ticket, the election of which and the demise of McKinley was fraught with the most momentous results. Without disparagement of Mr. McKinley, it must be said that the succession of Roosevelt was providential. It marked the definite breaking away from the old time politics of government of the trusts, by the trusts, and for the trusts, back to government of the people. Roosevelt restored the rights of the people. The revolution which he began has gone so far that I am persuaded that "neither height nor depth nor any other creature" shall ever again separate the people of America from those rights.

The line of bosses which threatened to stretch out like Banquo's descendants "to the crack of doom," has been broken. The men who substituted the previous questions for the open debate, the back office for the free assembly, the corridor whisper for the open appeal, who in short pulled down the blinds on the people's business, have received their notice to quit. They have been routed out of their stalls, scourged from the temple, their money boxes overturned, their jeer of triumph turned to gasping dismay. Before them the people of America lift up their heads and "sing a new song unto the Lord."

> In the repeated elections of John A. Johnson we saw enacted on the smaller stage of Minnesota exactly the same drama that Roosevelt enacted in the nation. Under his great administration, the people once more ruled. Do you think they will tamely give up their new-found rights? Do you think that they will restore to power in the state capitol stand-patters while they are hurling stand-patters out of Congress? The thing does not sound reasonable.

I stand here to claim that the deplorable incident of Governor Johnson's death, a severe blow to the State and a probable loss to the nation, made no difference in the political position. The people did not contemplate his death in office. They elected him with the one thought that he deserved their confidence and that no one else should supplant him. That he did deserve their confidence you have abundant proof in legislation for the people, in popular government, in exceptional appointments, in untiring watchfulness over your interests. Therefore, I say that though by the death of the Governor the Democracy is de facto out of power, it is de jure in power. It is for you to say whether you will continue the forward movement or to take the chance of a backward step.

Will Follow Lind and Johnson

> For myself, permit me to say that I sat in the first convention which nominated John A. Johnson. I spoke for him through the State in 1904 and I then stated in the same language that I state it today that John A. Johnson would restore the rights of the people. If I should be elected, it will be my highest ambition to walk in the path blazed by John Lind and made plain by John A. Johnson. I shall not do this as an imitator but as one who is not too dull to do the right because some other man has done it before him. There is no pre-emption of truth and duty.

Proud of Democracy's Administrators.

Now, what did six years of executive Democracy do for you? It gave you, first, an inspiration to be your own masters. It gave you, second, concrete examples of exceptional administration. It gave you, third, advanced but just and popular legislation. It gave you, fourth, a series of executive appointments in efficiency second to none in the Union.

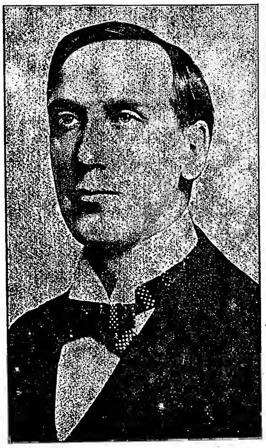
Governor Johnson appointed William E. McEwen, Labor Commissioner, and he has created the best department of its kind in the country. He named E. K. Slater and Andrew French to the Dairy and Food Department and their work has penetrated to the humblest farm hand and piled up profit for Minnesota in improved farm methods. He appointed Thos. D. O'Brien, now a Justice of the Supreme Court, Insurance Commissioner, and he raised that department so high that his work was commended in a special message to Congress by the President of the United States. Did any Republican Insurance Commissioner ever get such an endorsement?

Johnson's Appointments Commended.

In the big board appointments Gov. Johnson was especially sagacious and for-seeing. His appointment of Prof. Frank L. McVay to the Tax commission was non-partisan. It was followed by splendid service in organizing the board, a service interrupted only by his call to the higher position of president of the University of our neighbor, North Dakota. Samuel Lord, a Republican senator, reflected honor on the appointing power and Judge O. M. Hall and J. G. Armson brought profound knowledge and ripe experience to the commission. Service was the first thought of all. Capt. Anton Schaeffer and P. M. Kerst, in the public examiner's department; John B. Gelerncault at the head of the banking department; John W. Olson and C. G. Schulz, successive heads of our state educational department; Fred B. Wood, the adjutant general; John A. Hartigan, a worthy successor to Mr. O'Brien in the insurance department; all these men reflected credit upon the appointing power and shared in the inspiration of the governor's office.

In even a greater degree the appointments to the Board of Control, the late L. A. Rosing, P. M. Ringdal, Chas. E. Vasaly and Charles Halverson, have been justified by the high rank that their members have taken. But I call your attention particularly to the fact that the distinguishing characteristic of these men and others that he named was that they were men of the people and for the people. They restored the people's rights in everything that they did.

JAMES GRAY



DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

> **There is but one issue in this campaign. It is stated in six words: "Restore the rights of the people." We have a government of balanced powers, but the foundation of it all is the people's right to self-government in an orderly manner.**

Who Reduced the Rates.

Under Gov. Lind, the first step was taken in Minnesota towards a reduction of freight rates. Gov. Johnson continued that work. Under the head of major legislation, I call attention to his part in the reduction of 1906 accepted by the railroads and ever since in force, saving millions of dollars to shippers and hence to consumers. He laid his hand gently but firmly on the legislature in the matter of passenger rates and you got your two cent fare.

I have not the time nor is it necessary to go into detail. You know his work. You know too the spirit in which he did it. Without vindictiveness, in the spirit of inquiry, of investigation, of patient endeavor to know the right and to do it, without fear or favor, he went about his duties. All we ask in this campaign is that you allow us to continue that work in the same spirit and I promise you that if elected, I shall neither neglect, shirk, nor evade it.

To Redeem Platform Promises.

How do we propose to do it? By carrying out so far as we may be entrusted with power, the promises of the Democratic platform adopted at Minneapolis, July 28th, 1910. That platform concerns itself mainly with state matters but naturally it has a wider outlook.

It opens with a reference to national affairs, and the tariff bill. Properly, it denounces the enactment of the Payne-Aldrich law as a "base and cynical deception." I do not think I am partisan in adding my voice to that denunciation. If I am so charged, I will respond by calling the roll of Republican senators and representatives upon the passage of that bill: Knute Nelson, Republican Senator for 18 years,—no. Moses E. Clapp, Republican Senator for 12 years,—no. Chas. R. Davis,—no. F. C. Stevens,—no. Frank M. Nye,—no. Chas. A. Lindbergh,—no. Andrew Volstead,—no. Clarence B. Miller,—no. Halvor Steenerson,—no. Jas. A. Tawney,—yes. And where is Tawney now?

Chairman Payne, in a speech the other day, said he was proud of the tariff bill, because it raised revenue. Great God! has it come to this in America that revenue can be raised only by breaking the backs of the poor? If he is proud of the tariff bill he is proud of the fact that while cotton mills make 60 per cent, the men in the cotton industry average $426 a year; that mule spinners in the highly protected Massachusetts woolen factories average $13.16 a week, dyers $8.58, and weavers $11.60.

He is proud of the fact that the wool schedule declared by President Taft to be indefensible was made by the wool men and not by the Congress of the United States, as was amply proven by Senator Dolliver of Iowa. He is proud of the fact that the Guggenheims, through the tariff on zinc, are enabled to tax every dish-pan in the kitchen, without adding one cent to the national revenue. He is proud of the fact that through the rubber schedule the pals of Aldrich raised the price of every piece of rubber goods made, from the child's doll to the surgical appliance needed when you are sick, and again without raising revenue, for we are exporters of manufactures of rubber, and our imports amount to nothing. He is proud of the stocking tax; proud of the clothing tax; proud of the enormous tax on women's gloves, heaviest I believe on the class of gloves which the wives of workingmen wear. He is proud of the lumber tax which hastens the destruction of our forests, nullifies conservation and makes it harder for you to own a home. He is proud of the tax on wood pulp which tends to restrict a free press, as no doubt Mr. Payne believes it should be restricted for his own personal comfort.

The High Cost of Living.

He is, by inference, proud of the high cost of living and no doubt joins fervently with a certain rich man who declares it is not the high cost of living but the cost of high living which ails us. Possibly there is something in this claim. Possibly a man who can put out thirty million dollars of stocks, who can count a million as his income, knows something about the cost of high living. Such a man, with an income of say, $500,000 a year, can by cutting off some extravagances reduce his expenses to $250,000 and save $250,000 for a rainy day, but I fail to see where a spinner at $13.16 a week can follow this patriotic example. He cannot live on $6.58 a week. He knows nothing of high living unless it is living on very "high" beef, delivered to him at a very high price by a most high and mighty beef trust.

The Tariff Commission Bunco.

The man who has the kind of pride which Chairman Payne flaunts publicly should connect himself with a coat of sackcloth and ashes. He is alone in his strange joy. The President does not laugh with him. He has rushed into the breach with a cure for the failures of the bill. He would have a Commission to revise the tariff. He would not sink the knife of justice into its vitals, but he would cut off its legs, its arms and finally its head. The President shows more good common sense in this than the regular stand-patters, but why should we have a Commission to report to a President who has once shown himself weak on this very question? Why should we not have a Commission, which would report to the Congress of the United States, and why should we not have a Congress who would receive and act upon that report? Maine is the only state which has been heard from since the Tariff Commission was appointed and Maine says, "By all means, bring in a revision. We will send a senator and two representatives who will stand for the rights of the people." Other states will say the same in November.

Endorses True Insurgents.

Our platform also commends the insurgent congressmen who voted against the Tariff Bill and says to Lindbergh and Davis, "We trust you and support you while this important business is up. Go back and finish your work for the people." This is an unselfish stand to take and ought to be reciprocated. The insurgents are worthy of all praise for repudiating Cannonism in the House, but in the language of the Revolutionary poet,

"On Vernon's Chief, why lavish all
your boys,
Come, honest Muse, and sing great
Marion's praise."

While we honor the insurgents, we remember that they numbered but twenty-nine. Why forget the one hundred eighty-seven Democrats without whose votes the insurgents could do nothing? The insurgents were the generals in this battle, but there had to be privates also. The Democrats in the House carried the musket and in that all-night fight, they bivouacked on their arms and slept not, neither did they slumber until stand-patism hoisted the white flag.

Direct Vote for United States Senators.

The connecting link between the state and the nation is the senator from the sovereign state. He has a six-year term. He survives sudden political upheavals. He is a balance in the government. The makers of the Constitution thought when they gave the House members a short term and made them directly elective, they had sufficiently offset the indirect choice of senators, but far-seeing men as they were, they could not project their vision into the future and see that one day there would grow up in America organized aggregations of capital representing protected interests, transportation interests, brewing interests, which would take the shortest cut to control the Government. These aggregations did arise; they did take the shortest cut; they went with unerring wisdom to the control of the Senate as the key to the citadel. The people might fulminate every two years against a recreant House; they might every four years dethrone a vacillating President, but so long as the interests could erect a Senate wall and man it with watchmen, whom Senator Beveridge has aptly denominated "Deal Masters," they were safe. To tear down that wall; to hurl these "Deal Masters" into the moat, we must restore the rights of the people in the Senate.

It can be done only by the direct election of the Senators. I know that there are objections to this plan. I know that the people are occasionally fooled and there are times when a popular candidate for senator is a poor senator, but all carpings aside, the indefeasible right of the people to this protection from government of the interests and by the interests must not and shall not be denied.

Direct Legislation Endorsed.

Closely connected with this question is a similar one—that of direct legislation, known as the initiative and the referendum and the recall. A few years ago this was called a chimera. Those were the days when a senator of the United States cynically declared "the purification of our politics is an irridescent dream." But our dreams do sometimes come true. Men dreamed once that taxation without representation was tyranny and woke to drive it as a fact into every heart of Great Britain. Men dreamed again that the auction block might be destroyed, and woke to find themselves in front of Appomattox. Men dreamed again that their government might be made responsive to justice and truth, and woke to find themselves clasping hands with Roosevelt. Dreams do sometimes come true.

The initiative and referendum is already applied in our best city charters. Councils are not permitted to grant franchises without a vote of the people. Mayors and Councilmen in many cities are subject to the recall. In every case where it has been invoked, it has worked for good government. It has been a salutary estop upon bribery and corruption, which though often known, in court result in verdicts of not proven. It has been tried in states and has worked exceptionally well. It is correlated with the popular primary and belongs to that class of legislation which should be advanced cautiously but firmly. It belongs to the revolution which cannot go backward.

John Lind Sounded the Keynote.

> Eleven years ago, in his message to the Legislature, Governor Lind said, "Direct legislation involves the introduction of no new principles in our government. There are no stronger reasons for trusting the people to pass upon men than upon measures."

The people now have the power to initiate reforms and legislation in the matter of locating county seats and in some municipal undertakings. This power, with proper restrictions as to time and frequency as to its exercise, should be extended to other important questions. By the provisions of our Constitution the people now have the veto power at the polls on any legislation by which it is proposed to change our present laws governing railroad taxation. We, therefore, are already committed to the principle involved in the second branch of the question. The Constitution, in my judgment, should be so amended as to enable a minority in the Legislature, by appropriate action, to refer enactments, at least such as extend to corporate privileges without authorizing the granting of franchises, to a vote of the people before becoming operative.

Declares for County Option.

The Democratic platform says: "That all questions affecting the moral, political and economical welfare of the people should be directly subject to the conscience and will of the people." Under this paragraph, I believe I have the right to state my views on the so-called County Option method of controlling the liquor traffic. In my opinion County Option does not mean prohibition, though all methods of restricting the liquor traffic have a prohibitive quality. When we say what license shall be charged, we put a prohibition upon the man who cannot pay the amount. When we say in what hours and on what days liquor may be sold we put a partial prohibition on the business. When we say, as we have said in Minneapolis, that five-sixths of the city shall not have saloons, we put a partial prohibition on the traffic. We call it by its right name—regulation.

> County Option is but another form of regulation. It says, in effect, that the people of a county shall have the right to vote whether they will have saloons or not have saloons. Who in this day, whatever his politics, will deny the people that right? But, as I view it, this is not a liquor question at all. It is a question of the rights of the people.

Brews Politics as Well as Beer.

> I think that if the brewing business had not changed its attitude after high license was adopted, this question might not have arisen, at least not until a future date, but that change has come. The people of Minnesota today find that the big brewing interest brews beer only half the time. The rest of the time it brews politics, brews laws, and brews statesmen to carry its errands. It has reached a pass when scarcely any question can be decided on its merits.

Legislation has devolved into a contest between the public and certain interests, of which the brewer is the

Sale of Ditching Job.

Completion of Rocksbury and North Ditch No. 1

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1910, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the job of completing the Rocksbury and North ditch, No. 1, of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, pursuant to the order of the board of county commissioners of said county by their order bearing date September 16th, 1910, viz.:

For the work as one job from station "[illegible]" successively up stream to station "[illegible]" both inclusive with a variation in excavation of earth of from nothing to one and one half feet above grade. The total amount of earth to be removed in order to complete the ditch is [illegible] cubic yards and at a price not exceeding [illegible] cents per cubic yard amounts to [illegible] to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work, said work to be wholly completed within six months and in the manner specified. The report and profile are on file and may be seen at my office. The successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two [illegible] sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the completion of said ditch is as follows: Removal of [illegible] cubic yards of earth at an estimated cost not to exceed [illegible].

All bids must be accompanied with a certified check payable to the county auditor of said county, for not less than ten per cent of the amount of the bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated September 28, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) s29 o6

Auditors Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Omundson and others for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota designated and numbered as county ditch No. 56.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 56, beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet west of the section corner between section twenty-seven (27), twenty eight (28), thirty three (33) and thirty four (34) in township one hundred fifty four (154), north of range forty two (42), west of the 5th P. M., running thence through the following described lands, to wit: Due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twenty eight 28 and thirty three (33), twenty nine (29) and thirty-two (32) and sections thirty (30) and thirty one (31) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of said section thirty (30), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in County Ditch Number Thirty-three (33), Red Lake County, Minnesota, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of the said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:

Osten Hansen, Ole J. Nemland, Nils O. Burungrud, Carrier Baner, Halvor Hjelden, Oliver Gunderson, George M. Gunderson, Sven D. Rosland, Andrew Furseth, Ole L. Ottum, Emil O. Uggerud, Ole J. Wickum, Paul J. Trumlvet, Martin Quist, Oscar Ostrem, Peter H. Stenhjem, Martin P. Merk, John J. Hegerness, Ole Omundson, et. al., Lars Matson, Karl Beiswinger, Henry H. Hanson, Township of Silverton and the United States of America and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 21st day of October, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Notice is Also Hereby Given, That the County Board at the same time, place and hour will consider the adjourned hearings, on the County Ditches petitioned for by John J. Sorum and Sam S. Huseby, known as County Ditches Nos 50 and 54 respectively, on the engineer's and viewers' reports thereon and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditches are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated September 26th, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) s29 o13

A Superstitious Musician.

Schumann was always inclined to superstition. When he visited Beethoven's grave at Vienna he found a rusty steel pen lying on it. This he carefully and reverently preserved and afterward used in writing his B flat symphony, believing that it would bring him inspiration. But this superstition, harmless enough in his early years, became accentuated later in an alarming manner. He began to take an unhealthy interest in table turning and spirit rapping. He was, moreover, intensely influenced by dreams and omens. One night he dreamed that the spirits of Mendelssohn and Schubert appeared to him and gave him a theme which he afterward wrote down and developed.

A Mistaken Cue.

It was exhibition day at No. 3, and as the parents of Jack Grady, the dullest pupil, were listening hopefully the teacher tried her best to help the boy.

"How did Charles I. of England die?" she asked, assigning the easiest question on her list to Jack.

As he looked at her, with no indication of a coming answer, the teacher put her hand up to her neck. Jack saw the movement and understood its meaning, as he thought.

"Charles I. of England died of cholera," he announced briskly.—Youth's Companion.

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PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
September 16, 1910.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 1:00 o'clock p. m., September 16th, 1910.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1:00 oclock p. m.

On motion made, seconded and carried unanimously the engineer's final estimate on the repair of Terrebonne Ditch No. 2 was accepted.

The application of Anton Anderson for liquor license at Wylie was laid on the table until such time as the board is fully satisfied that the building wherein liquors are to be sold is fully 1500 feet from the school house.

It is ordered that the application for liquor license of Alphonse Paquin in the village of Lambert be refused and the county auditor is hereby instructed to refund to said Alphonse Paquin the deposit of Alphonse Paquin of $10.00 less the cost of the publication of the notice.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously that John Drier be paid at the rate of $3.00 per day as night watchman for watching the county court house property from the 22nd day of August, 1910, Sundays included, until the further order of this board.

The engineer appointed by this board was granted until October 1st, 1910, in which to file his report on county ditches Nos. 51 and 52.

Resolution.

Whereas, Lars Lian and others did on the 29th day of March, 1902, file with the county auditor of Red Lake county, a petition for the establishment of a public ditch in the towns of North and Rocksbury in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota hereafter referred to as Rocksbury-North Ditch No. 1,

And whereas, the said Lars Lian and others did on the 8th day of April, 1902, duly file with the county auditor of said Red Lake county, a petitioner's bond as required by law;

And whereas, after due notice being given, the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county did on the 19th day of May, 1902, by resolution at a special session of said board, appoint George A. Ralph as engineer to make a survey of said proposed ditch and file his report of such survey on or before the 10th day of June, 1902, which said resolution appointing said George A. Ralph as engineer, was duly filed in the office of the county auditor of said Red Lake county on the 19th day of May, 1902;

And whereas the said George A. Ralph did on the 19th day of May, 1902, file his oath as such engineer appointed by the resolution of said board on said 19th day of May, 1902;

And whereas, the said George A. Ralph did on the 19th day of May, 1902, execute and deliver to said Red Lake county his bond in the sum of two thousand and No—100 dollars conditioned that he would diligently, honestly and to the best of his ability and skill perform his duties as such engineer in connection with the survey and supervision of the construction of said ditch, which said bond was also signed by Chas. N. Bourdon and John A. Duffy as sureties and which said bond was duly filed in the office of the county auditor of said county on the 19th day of May, 9102;

And whereas, the said George A. Ralph, as such engineer, did on the 4th day of August, 1902, file his report on the survey made on said proposed ditch, in the office of the county auditor in said Red Lake county;

And whereas, the board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county did on the 4th day of August, 1902, appoint viewers on said proposed ditch and said viewers having taken their oaths, performed their duties, did thereafter file their report with the county auditor of said Red Lake county;

And whereas, after due notice and other due and proper proceedings had as provided by law, the said board of county commissioners of said Red Lake county did duly make its order establishing said ditch on the 11th day of September, 1902;

And whereas, the county auditor of said Red Lake county did, on the 23rd day of October, 1902, and after due notice having been given, duly sell the jobs of digging and constructing the entire work of said ditch to Wm. Eickhoff; that on the 27th day of October, 1902, the said Wm. Eickhoff entered into a contract to make all the excavation on said ditch; that said Wm. Eickhoff gave a bond in the sum of $11,500.00 conditioned that said Wm. Eickhoff would complete said ditch according to the terms of said contract; that thereafter the said Wm. Eickhoff did begin work on said excavating of said ditch, but did never complete the same;

And whereas, the said George A. Ralph by himself or his authorized assistant did, between the 14th day of July, 1903, and the 5th day of January, 1905, make six different estimates which estimates aggregating in all called for the payment of $5,500.00 were filed in the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county and the county auditor relying on the estimates so furnished by the said George A. Ralph and his authorized assistant did pay to the said Wm. Eickhoff the sums as shown by said estimates, amounting in all to $5,500.00.

And whereas, the work and amount of work as shown to have been done, by said reports and estimates given by said George A. Ralph and his authorized assistant, has never been done and said ditch is now incomplete;

And whereas, this board of county commissioners does believe that overpayments have been made to said Wm. Eickhoff, by reason of the negligence of the said George A. Ralph or his duly authorized assistant;

And whereas, the said George A. Ralph and his sureties on his bond have refused and neglected to cause said ditch to be completed or to reimburse the county of Red Lake for moneys that have been paid to said Wm. Eickhoff over and above the amounts to which he was justly entitled and which overpayments were made relying upon that certificates and estimates made by said George A. Ralph or his assistant were correct and that the work as shown thereby had been actually done;

And whereas, there is now only the sum of $180.06 left in the treasury out of the amount that was to be paid for the construction of said ditch and that it is estimated that it will cost the sum of $700.00 to complete said work in excavating and completing said ditch;

And whereas, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county is desirous to see said ditch completed so that it will properly serve the purposes for which it was intended.

Therefore, Be It Resolved, that the county auditor be instructed to advertise for bids for the completion of said ditch and that when said ditch is completed and the amount of the cost to complete the same has been ascertained that steps be taken to recover said amount, over and above said $180.06 which is left in the treasury for the completion of said ditch, from any person or persons by whose neglect, refusal or failure of duty has caused said loss, if any, to fall on said county of Red Lake.

Commissioner Aubol offered the foregoing resolution and moved its adoption.

Which resolution and motion was seconded by Commissioner Johnson.

Upon roll call of the commissioners the following commissioners voted yea: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Whereupon the chairman declared the said resolution duly adopted,

Dated Sept. 16th, 1910.

C. A. LINDQUIST.
Chairman of Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minn.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.
(Seal)

It is unanimously ordered by the board that upon the filing of the county surveyor of the survey of Rocksbury-North Ditch No. 1, that the county auditor forthwith advertise the sale of ditch job for the completion of said ditch.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Miller-Davis Printing Co. Supplies for county offices	$ 4.75
Miller-Davis Printing Co. 1911 current tax receipts	78.80
John W. Eastman, 500 truant notices	5.50
John W. Eastman, printing primary Ballots	141.17
Wm. C. L. Demann Mileage com. work on court house	5.60
C. A. Lindquist, 1 day member unorganized school dist	3.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting repair of Terrebonne Ditch No. 2	4.00
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting repair of Terrebonne ditch no. 2	4.60
H. F. Anderson, postage per vouchers	6.10
C. E. Naplin, services procuring primary ballots	4.00
J. L. Cosette, services procuring primary ballots	3.20
John Drier, 8 nights watching court house	24.00
Ida C. Richardson, postage per vouchers	3.60
Will St. Yves, Labor on court house grounds	9.50
V. M. Higinbotham, 1 day drawing grand jury and mileage	3.20
V. M. Higinbotham, 1 day drawing petit jury and mileage	3.20
Red River Power Co., Lights for August	10.50
Otto Zaiser, Viewer final hearing ditch 47 and 48	4.00
Alfred Lindquist, Viewer final hearing ditch no. 48	12.00
Northern Culvert Co., 2 culverts for ditch no. 39	260.88
Northern Culvert Co., 2 culverts for ditch no. 30	228.97
Jenson & Sons livery and exp. ditch no. 56	10.00
P. Lendedeia, placing culvert ditch no. 44	15.00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 36	8.40
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 36	15.50
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 36	6.40
Joseph Johnson, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 36	5.50
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 36	13.10
C. A. Lindquist, Com'r and mileage meet a-c ditch 47 and 48	6.60
Wm. C. L. Demann, Com'r per diem and mileage meet a-c ditch 47 and 48	4.40
Ed. A. Aubol, Com'r per diem and mileage meet a-c ditch 47 and 48	6.00
Joseph Johnson, Com'r per diem and mileage meet a-c ditch 47 and 48	7.00
Joseph Pigeon, Com'r per diem and mileage meet a-c ditch 47 and 48	6.20
C. A. Lindquist, Com'r per diem and mileage meet a-c ditch 54	6.60
Wm. C. L. Demann, Com'r per diem and mileage meet a-c ditch 54	4.40
Ed. A. Aubol, Com'r per diem and mileage meet ditch 54	6.00
Joseph Johnson, Com'r per diem and mileage meet ditch 54	7.00
Joseph Pigeon, Com'r per diem and mileage meet a-c ditch 54	6.20

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

The Memory Machine.

Amnesia, or loss of memory, is chiefly interesting to the psychologists as throwing some light on the nature of memory itself. A perfect act of memory consists of three distinct acts—preservation or fixation of certain states of the nerve cells, reproduction of these and, perhaps most remarkable of all, recognition of them as reproductions in their relations. Morbid states of the memory may refer to any of these phases of an act which is as marvelous as anything in nature. There are about 3,000,000,000 nerve cells in the surface of the human brain. They never die in health, and they are never replaced or added to. This is memory's machine.

"Whuppity Scoorie."

The ancient custom at Lanark, Scotland, of "Whuppity Scoorie," the origin and meaning of which are lost, is celebrated annually and watched by a crowd of grownups. The town bell is rung nightly at 6 o'clock from March to September and then lies dumb for six months. On the first night of the ringing all the young folk congregate at the cross, and after parading three times round the parish church the Lanark lads meet the New Lanark boys in a free fight, in which the only legitimate weapons are their caps tied at the end of pieces of string.

TERREBONNE

Jos. Laurent and wife and daughter of Crookston were visiting here last Sunday.

Rev. Fr. Veilleux paid a visit to Rev. Fr. Adolph at Thief River Falls the first of last week.

Mrs. Henry Nesantels was seriously sick last week but has recovered somewhat.

Michel Quesnelle will sell his stock next Monday and will move to North Yakima in the near future.

Michael Weich and brothers have bought Max Perras' property. Though new settlers in Terrebonne they are already in possession of more than 250 acres.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

JAMES GRAY IS NOT A FANATIC

Continued From Page 1.

up to as a leader. He had stamped upon it the seal of Democracy. They could no less than consider his view and give weight to his arguments. As Mr. Lawler said the other day in St. Paul, the Democracy holds no brief for the brewers. It is in a position to consider the question on its merits.

A Referendum Vote.

Moreover by a logical process of reasoning in which there is no flaw Mr. Grey has demonstrated that the same principle which is behind the initiative and referendum of which the Democratic party approves is also at the base of county option. It is nothing more nor less than the application of principle to the question of license. It is left for the people to say. If they want saloons they can have them. If they don't want them they can reject them. That is all there is to the matter.

The Influence of a Leader.

Since the man selected as a candidate for governor has come out squarely on this issue, county option is now receiving more serious consideration than at any previous time. Mr. Grey's argument after first being rejected by perhaps a majority of the Democrats, is now being weighed. In many cases it will be accepted on its merits, in others support will be given him under protest. In a few instances Democrats will be arrayed against him. How his strength will be lost in this way it will be impossible now to say. The probability is that the fraction of votes that will accept Eberhart as a protest against the stand taken by Mr. Gray will be very small indeed.

Where are Optionists at?

In the mean time those who profess to favor county option are being tried out. Their earnestness is being put to the test. They have now the choice between supporting the candidate who has come out flat-footed for county option and burned his bridges behind him and the candidate who, while he has promised to sign a county option bill, is known to have the support of the liquor interests on the theory that he will do everything to prevent such a bill being presented to him for signature. No one familiar with the political manipulation of the Republican party hesitates to believe that Governor Eberhart is still the errand boy.

Other Issues.

Nor is county option the only question on which lines are squarely drawn. Of even greater importance in the minds of many is the transportation question. The decision of Judge Otis has emphasized the necessity of having a governor who will stand squarely for the rights of the people and the rights of the state. The man at the head of the state administration for the next two years should be a man of backbone. He should not be tied up to any special interest. He should have incurred no obligations which will prevent him doing his full duty to the shippers and consumers of the state.

The Men Behind.

Now what are the facts? To whom if not to the associated interests does Governor Eberhart owe his nomination? His association with Great Northern officials has become notorious. The Democratic party on entering the campaign finds itself up against a solid wall of railroad corporation opposition. The management of the Republican campaign is in the hands of the tried and trusted agent of the special interests, confided to him at the insistant request of the Republican nominee for governor. These things were not done under a bushel. They were known and heard of all men. Assuming that Mr. Eberhart is elected governor, what sort of a position will he be in, considering the obligations he has incurred, to stand up firmly and squarely against railroad aggression. This is one of the questions the voters are asking themselves, and with good reason. The support given Eberhart by the liquor interests tie his hands in any movement of any kind for temperance reform. The support his friends solicit and he gladly accepts from the railroad interests leaves them with power over him which they will not hesitate to use should occasion require. This is already seen in his efforts to shift all responsibility for the case for the state on the shoulders of counsel employed by his predecessor. The fact is Governor Eberhart has never taken that active personal interest in the suits the government has been called upon to defend that the people have a right to expect from a man in his position.

As to the Bench.

The decision Judge Otis has just rendered emphasizing another thing: namely the imperative need there is at this time of electing men to the supreme bench without bias in favor of railroad corporations. Above anything the courts should be in position to administer justice without fear of favor. The Republican convention, dominated as it was by the special interests, made but one exception in the members of the supreme bench seeking reelection. Singularly enough the judge to whom they presented a determined opposition was the man who, before his appointment to the position he now holds, was the one member of the bench who had contended for the rights of the people which Judge Otis in his decision has denied them. No criticism of Mr. O'Brien's fitnes has ever been made. He was recognized by Republicans and Democrats alike as a man in every way qualified to discharge the highest judicial duties. The people may, of course, consent to his exclusion on the feeble pretense that he does not belong to the Republican party. Where the interests are concerned they never question a man's political affiliations. Their only question is whether he will serve them. If the people are as fully alive to their own interests they will insist on Judge O'Briens' retention,

Another Corporation Befriended.

During the past week we have seen the singular spectacle of an attorney rejecting a retainer offered by the state on the ground openly stated that the attorney general was unfriendly to the execution of the law and the enforcement of the decrees of the Supreme court. The case is one that has been long in one form or another in litigation. It was the one cases tried in this state in which a corporation practiceing a monopoly and suppressing competition by the method corporations ordinarily employ had been dissolved. It was that of the Creamery Package Manufacturing Company dealing in the creamery supplies farmers co-operative creameries have to buy. Attorney Leach of Owatonna had been employed by the state to conduct the case when E. T. Young was attorney general. He won the suit in the lower court. It was appealed in behalf of the corporation to the supreme court. There the state as represented by Mr. Leach was successful also. The Creamery Package Company was found to be a combination in restraint of trade and was ordered to quit business.

Mankato Influence.

But the Creamery Package Company was in business in Mankato which accidentally is the home of Governor Eberhart. The town had no doubt some benefit as the result of the erection of a factory there. Charges are now made by Owatonna parties interested that Attorney General Simpson is using dilatory tactics in not enforcing the order of the court.

A Peculiar Situation.

This, it appears, Mr. Simpson does not deny. "I am anxious to save the concern for Mankato," he is reported to have said, "but if the concern is to operate in restraint of trade in any manner, I certainly will not consent to any modification of the court's order." This is, to say the least, peculiar language for the head of the state's legal department to use after both the District and the Supreme court had decided that the corporation was acting in restraint of trade. The interests find it of great advantage in Minnesota in having friends at court.

—PAUL PRY.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
September 16, 1910.

On the call of the county auditor pursuant to chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., September 16, 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the report of the engineer and viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Sam S. Huseby and others, designated as county ditch No. 54.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock a. m. Sept. 16, 1910

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

On motion made by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann and carried unanimously the final hearing on County Ditch No. 54 was postponed until the final hearing on County Ditch No. 56 at which time the final hearing will be held on County Ditches Nos. 50, 54 and 56.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Red Lake County,
Minnesota,
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M.B. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N.G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. The servants deserted. Gertrude and Halsey arrive with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped. Gertrude was suspected because of an injured foot. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey were called away by a telegram. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase. Recovering consciousness, she said something had brushed by her on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. After "seeing a ghost," Thomas the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a slip in his pocket bearing the name of "Lucien Wallace." Dr. Walker asked Miss Innes to vacate in favor of Mrs. Armstrong. She refused. A note from Bailey to Gertrude arranging a meeting at night was found. A ladder out of place deepens the mystery. The stables were burned. During the excitement a man stole into the house. A search failed to reveal him. Miss Innes shot an intruder. A man limping was seen on the road.

CHAPTER XXIV—Continued.

"Did they go toward the club?" Gertrude asked suddenly, leaning forward.

"No, miss. I think they came into the village. I didn't get a look at their faces, but I know every chick and child in the place, and everybody knows me. When they didn't shout at me—in my uniform, you know—I took it they were strangers."

So all we had for our afternoon's work was this: Some one had been shot by the bullet that went through the door; he had not left the village, and he had not called in a physician. Also, Dr. Walker knew who Lucien Wallace was, and his very denial made me confident that, in that one direction at least, we were on the right track.

"Gertrude," I said, "I have been a very selfish old woman. You are going to leave this miserable house tonight. Annie Morton is going to Scotland next week, and you shall go right with her."

To my surprise, she flushed painfully.

"I don't want to go, Aunt Ray," she said. "Don't make me leave now."

"You are losing your health and your good looks," I said decidedly. "You should have a change."

"I shan't stir a foot." She was equally decided. Then, more lightly: "Why, you and Liddy need me to arbitrate between you every day in the week."

Perhaps I was growing suspicious of every one, but it seemed to me that Gertrude's gayety was forced and artificial. I watched her covertly during the rest of the drive, and I did not like the two spots of crimson in her pale cheeks. But I said nothing more about sending her to Scotland; I knew she would not go.

CHAPTER XXV.

A Visit from Louise.

That day was destined to be an eventful one, for when I entered the house and found Eliza ensconced in the upper hall on a chair, with Mary Anne doing her best to stifle her with household ammonia, and Liddy rubbing her wrists—whatever good that is supposed to do—I knew that the ghost had been walking again, and this time in daylight.

Eliza was in a frenzy of fear. She clutched at my sleeve when I went close to her, and refused to let go until she had told her story. Coming just after the fire, the household was demoralized, and it was no surprise to me to find Alex and the under-gardener struggling downstairs with a heavy trunk between them.

"I didn't want to do it, Miss Innes," Alex said. "But she was so excited I was afraid she would do as she said—drag it down herself, and scratch the staircase."

I was trying to get my bonnet off and to keep the maids quiet at the same time. "Now, Eliza, when you have washed your face and stopped bawling," I said, "come into my sitting room and tell me what has happened."

Liddy put away my things without speaking. The very set of her shoulders expressed disapproval.

"Well," I said, when the silence became uncomfortable, "things seem to be warming up."

Silence from Liddy, and a long sigh.

"If Eliza goes, I don't know where to look for another cook." More silence.

"Rosie is probably a good cook." Sniff.

"Liddy," I said at last, "don't dare to deny that you are having the time of your life. You positively gloat in this excitement. You never looked better. It's my opinion all this running around, and getting jolted out of a rut, has stirred up that torpid liver of yours."

"It's not myself I'm thinking about," she said, goaded into speech. "Maybe my liver was torpid, and maybe it wasn't; but I know this: I've got some feelings left, and to see you standing at the foot of that staircase shootin' through the door—I'll never be the same woman again."

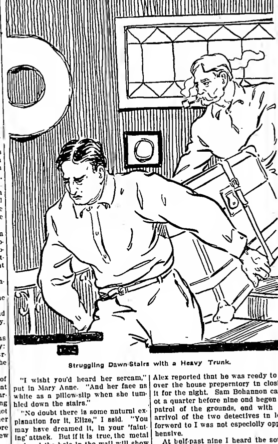
"Well, I'm glad of that—anything for a change," I said. And in came Eliza, flanked by Rosie and Mary Anne.

Her story, broken with sobs and corrections from the other two, was this: At two o'clock (2:15, Rosie insisted) she had gone upstairs to get a picture from her room to show Mary Anne. (A picture of a lady, Mary Anne interposed.) She went up the servants' staircase and along the corridor to her room, which lay between the trunk-room and the unfinished ballroom. She heard a sound as she went down the corridor like some one moving furniture, but she was not nervous. She thought it might be men examining the house after the fire the night before, but she looked in the trunkroom and saw nobody.

She went into her room quietly. The noise had ceased and everything was quiet. Then she sat down on the side of her bed, and, feeling faint—she was subject to spells—("I told you that when I came, didn't I, Rosie?" "Yes'm, indeed she did!")—she put her head down on her pillow and—

"Took a nap. All right!" I said. "Go on."

"When I came to, Miss Innes, sure as I'm sittin' here, I thought I'd die. Somethin' hit me in the face, and I set up, sudden. And then I seen the plaster drop, droppin' from a little hole in the wall. And the last thing I knew, an iron bar that long (fully two yards by her measure) 'shot through that hole and tumbled on the bed. If I'd been still sleeping" ("Fainting," corrected Rosie) "I'd 'a' been hit on the head and killed!"



Struggling Down Stairs with a Heavy Trunk.

"I wisht you'd heard her scream," put in Mary Anne. "And her face as white as a pillow-slip when she tumbled down the stairs."

"No doubt there is some natural explanation for it, Eliza," I said. "You may have dreamed it, in your 'fainting' attack. But if it is true, the metal rod and the hole in the wall will show it."

Eliza looked a little bit sheepish.

"The hole's there all right, Miss Innes," she said. "But the bar was gone when Mary Anne and Rosie went up to pack my trunk."

"That wasn't all," Liddy's voice came funereally from a corner. "Eliza said that from the hole in the wall a burning eye looked down at her!"

"The wall must be at least six inches thick," I said with asperity. "Unless the person who drilled the hole carried his eyes on the ends of a stick, Eliza couldn't possibly have seen them."

But the fact remained, and a visit to Eliza's room proved it. I might jeer all I wished; some one had drilled a hole in the unfinished wall of the ballroom, passing between the bricks of the partition, and shooting through the unresisting plaster of Eliza's room with such force as to send the rod flying on to her bed. I had gone upstairs alone, and I confess the thing puzzled me; in two or three places in the wall small apertures had been made, none of them of any depth. Not the least mysterious thing was the disappearance of the iron implement that had been used.

Mary Anne and Eliza left that afternoon, but Rosie decided to stay. It was about five o'clock when the hack came from the station to get them, and, to my amazement, it had an occupant. Matthew Geist, the driver, asked for me, and explained his errand with pride.

"I've brought you a cook, Miss Innes," he said. "When the message came to come up for two girls and their trunks I supposed there was something doing, and as this here woman had been looking for work in the village I thought I'd bring her along."

Already I had acquired the true suburbanite ability to take servants on faith; I no longer demanded written and unimpeachable references. I, Rachel Innes, have learned not to mind if the cook sits down comfortably in my sitting room when she is taking the orders for the day, and I am grateful if the silver is not cleaned with scouring soap. And so that day I merely told Liddy to send the new applicant in. When she came, however, I could hardly restrain a gasp of surprise. It was the woman with the pitted face.

She stood somewhat awkwardly just inside the door, and she had an air of self-confidence that was inspiring. Yes, she could cook; was not a fancy cook, but could make good soups and desserts if there was any one to take charge of the salads. And so, in the end, I took her. As Halsey said, when we told him, it didn't matter much about the cook's face if it was clean.

I have spoken of Halsey's restlessness. On that day it seemed to be more than ever a restless impulse that kept him out until after luncheon. I think he hoped constantly that he might meet Louise driving over the hills in her runabout; possibly he did meet her occasionally, but from his continued gloom I felt sure the situation between them was unchanged.

Part of the afternoon I believe he read—Gertrude and I were out, as I have said, and at dinner we both noticed that something had occurred to distract him. He was disagreeable, which is unlike him, nervous, looking at his watch every few minutes, and he ate almost nothing. He asked twice during the meal on what train Mr. Jamieson and the other detective were coming, and had long periods of abstraction during which he dug his fork into my damask cloth and did not hear when he was spoken to. He refused dessert, and left the table early, excusing himself on the ground that he wanted to see Alex.

Alex, however, was not to be found. It was after eight when Halsey ordered the car and started down the hill at a pace that, even for him, was unusually reckless. Shortly after Alex reported that he was ready to go over the house preparatory to closing it for the night. Sam Bohannon came at a quarter before nine and began his patrol of the grounds, and with the arrival of the two detectives to look forward to I was not especially apprehensive.

At half-past nine I heard the sound of a horse driven furiously up the drive. It came to a stop in front of the house and immediately after there were hurried steps on the veranda. Our nerves were not what they should have been, and Gertrude, always apprehensive lately, was at the door almost instantly. A moment later Louise had burst into the room and stood there bareheaded and breathing hard.

"Where is Halsey?" she demanded. Above her plain black gown her eyes looked big and somber, and the rapid drive had brought no color to her face. I got up and drew forward a chair.

"He has not come back," I said quietly. "Sit down, child; you are not strong enough for this kind of thing."

I don't think she even heard me.

"He has not come back?" she asked, looking from me to Gertrude. "Do you know where he went? Where can I find him?"

"For heaven's sake, Louise," Gertrude burst out, "tell us what is wrong. Halsey is not here. He has gone to the station for Mr. Jamieson. What has happened?"

"To the station, Gertrude? You are sure?"

"Yes," I said. "Listen. There is the whistle of the train now."

She relaxed a little at our matter-of-fact tone, and allowed herself to sink into a chair.

"Perhaps I was wrong," she said heavily. "He—will be here in a few moments if—everything is right."

We sat there, the three of us, without attempt at conversation. Both Gertrude and I recognized the futility of asking Louise any questions; her reticence was a part of a role she had assumed. Our ears were strained for the first throb of the motor as it turned into the drive and commenced the climb to the house. Ten minutes passed, 15, 20. I saw Louise's hands grow rigid as they clutched the arms of her chair. I watched Gertrude's bright color slowly ebbing away, and around my own heart I seemed to feel the grasp of a giant hand.

Twenty-five minutes, and then a sound. But it was not the chug of the motor; it was the unmistakable rumble of the Casanova hack. Gertrude drew aside the curtain and peered into the darkness.

"It's the hack, I am sure," she said, evidently relieved. "Something has gone wrong with the car, and no wonder—the way Halsey went down the hill."

It seemed a long time before the creaking vehicle came to a stop at the door. Louise rose and stood watching, her hand to her throat. And then Gertrude opened the door, admitting Mr. Jamieson and a stocky, middle-aged man. Halsey was not with them. When the door had closed and Louise realized that Halsey had not come, her expression changed. From tense watchfulness to relief, and now again to absolute despair, her face was an open page.

"Halsey?" I asked unceremoniously, ignoring the stranger. "Did he—not meet you?"

"No." Mr. Jamieson looked slightly surprised. "I rather expected the car, but we got up all right."

"You didn't see him at all?" Louise demanded breathlessly.

Mr. Jamieson knew her at once, although he had not seen her before. She had kept to her rooms until the morning she left.

"No, Miss Armstrong," he said. "I saw nothing of him. What is wrong?"

"Then we shall have to find him," she asserted. "Every instant is precious. Mr. Jamieson, I have reason for believing that he is in danger, but I don't know what it is. Only—he must be found."

The stocky man had said nothing. Now, however, he went quickly toward the door.

"I'll catch the hack down the road and hold it," he said. "Is the gentleman down in the town?"

"Mr. Jamieson," Louise said impulsively, "I can use the hack. Take my horse and trap outside and drive like mad. Try to find the Dragon Fly—it ought to be easy to trace. I can think of no other way. Only, don't lose a moment."

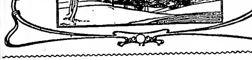
The new detective had gone, and a moment later Jamieson went rapidly down the drive, the cob's feet striking fire at every step. Louise stood looking after them. When she turned around she faced Gertrude, who stood indignant, almost tragic, in the hall.

"You know what threatens Halsey, Louise," she said accusingly. "I believe you know this whole horrible thing, this mystery that we are struggling with. If anything happens to Halsey, I shall never forgive you."

"I Believe You Know This Whole Horrible Thing, This Mystery."

Louise only raised her hands despairingly and dropped them again.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



Scotland's Early Records

Indebted to the English for Only Authentic Accounts of Early Social History.

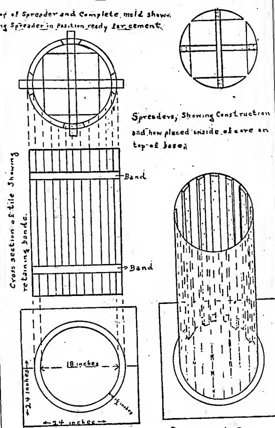
Scotland also has her Doomsday Book, dating, however, only from the thirteenth century. When the Bannatyne club published the records, about 70 years ago, under the modest name of "The Ragman Rolls," Scotland awoke to the disagreeable knowledge that she was indebted to the English for the only authentic accounts of her early social history. Nobles, landholders, burgesses and clergy all contribute to the interest of the Ragman Rolls. As the preface declares: "No part of the public records of Scotland prior to the thirteenth century has been preserved, and whatever may have been their fate, certain it is that to these English records of our temporary national degradation are we now indebted for the only genuine statistical notices of the kingdom toward the close of the thirteenth century."

A Substitute for Coal.

According to the Washington bureau of manufactures an invention has been made by a native of Galicia, whereby the demand for coal for domestic purposes will be greatly diminished. The inventor, an engineer, has made a combination of crude petroleum, cinders and sand into bricks or briquettes, which may be used as fuel by any household in place of coal. A hundred kilos (220.4 pounds) will, it is sold, cost only four shillings. A society has been formed for the purpose of manufacturing these bricks with a capital of £40,600 and a factory is to be placed in operation at Floriadorf.

MANUFACTURING TILE BY USING PORTLAND CEMENT

Illinois Farmer Gives Thorough Details of His Method of Constructing Necessary Article for Draining.


Top of Spreader and Complete mold showing Spreader in position ready for cement.
Spreaders, Showing Construction and how placed inside of core on top of base.
Cross section of tile Showing retaining bands.
Band
Band
18 inches
24 inches
24 inches
1½ inches
Base.
Base and Core.

Detail Plans For Making Cement Tile.

I recently needed some 18-inch tiling, but the large quantity required and the price asked by the tile yard people staggered me so, as necessity is the mother of invention, I did my own tile manufacturing by using cement. The method I tried was as follows: With two pieces of 1-inch board, 12 inches wide and 24 inches long, laid side by side I nailed two 1x2 inch strips or cleats on the back, writes Edward Grimm in Farmer's Review. This was my base. I then cut a circle out of 1-inch lumber (see drawing) 1 and ½-inch wide and 18 inches in diameter on the inside and 21 inches on the outside. This I nailed on the reverse side of my base. I then procured a sheet of galvanized iron 54½ inches long so that the ends would lap, and nailed 1x2-inch strips on one side beginning 2 inches from the end and nailing them 3 inches apart. These served as stiffeners. The sheet of galvanized iron was bent in a circle with the strips inside and placed on the base inside of the circle as shown in drawing. This furnished the core of my tile. I then made two spreaders to fit inside of the core as illustrated and placed them inside at the bottom to hold the core in place and keep it from collapsing. I then procured another sheet of galvanized iron 64 inches long, allowing for the lap, and stripped it the same as the core, bending it around the circle on the base, with the strips on the outside, holding it in place with band iron bands, top and bottom. This left the inside of the mould perfectly smooth. I then made spreaders similar to those used on the inside at the bottom but with a longer strip to extend over the top and nailed a block 1x1½ inch on each end to fit between the core and mould top, holding the top in the same position and the same distance apart as the circle on the bottom held the bottom apart.

I am now ready for the cement which I used in the proportion of 2 parts coarse sand to 1 part good Portland cement. After standing over night to set, I removed the top spreaders first, then the bottom spreaders. Then released the inside sheet of galvanized iron or as I call it, the core, and lastly removed the bands from the outside and took off the mould. This left me a good smooth tile, 18 inches in diameter on the inside and 1½ inches thick, which after seasoning several days was ready for use. Should it be desired to make a large number, just make more moulds as they are cheaply made and the work can be done after nightfall and during the evening in any cellar or place where the frost will not touch them while setting.

In making cement tile remember to remove the inside or core first, and the outside last. This prevents the spring of the core from stretching or spreading as would be the case if you should take off the outside mould first, and while the cement is still fresh. Use good Portland cement, and good clean coarse sand. Mix well, and wet by sprinkling while mixing; do not pour in the water, as it will wash out the cement. Tamp well while filling the mould.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS ARE HARDY

The Plymouth Rocks, especially the barred variety, generally rank among the most hardy breeds. There is but one danger line in their keeping, and that is the tendency to overfatten. The Plymouth Rocks are more susceptible to this than any other American variety.

Close inbreeding is one of the curses of the hennery. The market poultryman, in order to have quick growing and hardy stock, changes his male birds every year. The fancier cannot well do this, or he will lose the good results of his mating.

Yet the fancier, if he be a practical man, can so inbreed as not to be in danger. With all that, however, the less inbreeding done the better for the future generations.

Mongrels are a product of a variety of bloods, and it is more difficult to inbreed them to any serious extent. They will not show it so quickly as a thoroughbred, as the latter is bred more in line.

Again the average mongrel hen will not readily overfatten for the reason that more or less Mediterranean blood exists in its makeup. It is only when we have birds of Asiatic crosses that we find a tendency to overfatten.

There is no reason why a thoroughbred should not be as hardy as a dunghill. And they will if they are not too closely inbred.

Prevent Poultry Diseases.

Poultry diseases are more easily prevented than cured, most of them being the result of error in management. Overfeeding, overstimulation, lack of exercise, failure to provide green food, grit, charcoal and fresh water are responsible for many diseases.

Poultry Pitfalls.

There are many pitfalls in the poultry business just as there are in the mercantile world, and we must at all times be prepared to guard against them. Begin in a modest way, and by degrees grow.

The Poultry Business.

Even with a small capital there are plenty of chances to get into the poultry business, but many who wish to try business, hesitate to make it a paying side issue hesitate about putting any money in buildings and other necessary appliances. They and other necessary appliances. They buy a few common eggs, set them under a hen and expect from this simple start and the investment of half a dollar to make a fortune. Or perhaps they buy some farmer's late pullets or old hens at market price, and when winter comes wonder why they don't lay. Such people contend there is no money in hens.

If one enters the poultry business, he or she should do so with the determination to stick to it and make it pay. If you are unsuccessful the first year, keep right on sawing wood. Success will come if the desire is strong enough and the work diligently pursued.

Set Eggs of Good Breed.

Next spring get some eggs of a good breed for hatching and have all alike. The chicks will be of more even size, look better and cockarels will sell better, and above all, you will like them so much better you will find it a pleasure to go out to feed them.

Keep Up Business Methods.

Don't lose your enthusiasm and lessen your strictly business methods as the mercury runs up. Eternal vigilance when the thermometer registers above the 90 degree mark, is more necessary than at any other time in the poultry yard. The flock suffer with the unusual hot weather, and every effort possible should be observed that will make them more comfortable.

Cull Out Old Stock.

Now is the time to sort out and sell the old stock that has passed its usefulness. It is a safe rule to dispose of all hatched previous to 1904. Next spring set some hens early in April and get pullets old enough for early winter layers.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE
Has cured thousands and it can cure you. Relieves from the first. All Druggists, 25¢

IN THEIR GOWNS.

Popa—That was the supreme court of the United States we just came out of.

Tommy (aged seven)—Gee, pop! dere wasn't anybody dere but a lot of bearded old women dressed in black.

NO. HEALTHY SKIN LEFT

"My little son, a boy of five, broke out with an itching rash. Three doctors prescribed for him, but he kept getting worse until we could not dress him any more. They finally advised me to try a certain medical college, but its treatment did no good. At the time I was induced to try Cuticura he was so bad that I had to cut his hair off and put the Cuticura Ointment on him on bandages, as it was impossible to touch him with the bare hand. There was not one square inch of skin on his whole body that was not affected. He was one mess of sores. The bandages used to stick to his skin and in removing them it used to take the skin off with them, and the screams from the poor child were heartbreaking. I began to think that he would never get well, but after the second application of Cuticura Ointment I began to see signs of improvement, and with the third and fourth applications the sores commenced to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but it finally yielded to the treatment. Now I can say that he is entirely cured, and a stronger and healthier boy you never saw than he is to-day, twelve years or more since the cure was effected. Robert Wattam, 1148 Forty-eighth St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 9, 1909."

In a Hurry.

It was Anna's first visit at the seaside. She was only a little girl, and very enthusiastic over the long-looked-for opportunity to go into the water.

They came too late the previous day for a dip in the surf, so Anna was up early, and as she put on her bathing suit while the rest were at breakfast some one questioned her as to her haste.

"Well, you see," replied the thoughtful child, "I want to hurry and go in before so many people get in and get the water cold."

Even the Children.

Ex-Governor Pennypacker, condemning in his witty way the American divorce evil, told at a Philadelphia luncheon an appropriate story.

"Even our children," he said, "are becoming infected. A Kensington schoolteacher, examining a little girl in grammar, said:

"'What is the future of love?'

"'A divorce,' the child answered promptly."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Guilty Party.

Cook (to her young man)—Here, take the rest of the roast duck. (Sighing) Poor pussy!

Young Man—What has the cat got to do with it?

Cook—Well, she'll be blamed for it tomorrow.—Fliegende Blatter.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Made Sure of Death.

A student of a school in Shinshu, Japan, recently committed suicide by jumping into the crater of Asamayama. The tragedy was not discovered until three days afterward, when some documents left by the suicide near the crater were picked up.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, and the like among horses of all ages, and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera, and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to mfrs. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Forgive the man who smites you on one cheek and he will generally swat you on the other.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

The wise know better than to try to live on the spice of life alone.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS.

Little kidney troubles gradually grow more serious and pave the way to dropsy, diabetes and fatal Bright's disease. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills at the first sign of trouble. They cure all kidney ills.

Mrs. L. E. Wilcox, 27 W. Cherokee St., McAlester, Okla., says: "I was seized with an awful attack of kidney trouble which came on me in an instant. My back ached intensely and I lost all power of control over the kidney secretions. My health became greatly run down and nothing helped. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I have been well ever since."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

KNEW HIS DESTINATION.

"Where yer goin'?"

"To Jaytown."

"Well, yo'd better hurry if you wanter [illegible] tonight. De jail in dat burg closes at nine o'clock."

Thanks for the Relief.

Mrs. Naggit—I don't feel like myself tonight.

Mr. Naggit—Then we ought to have a very pleasant evening.—Stray Stories.

Nothing enlarges the life like letting the heart go out to others.

AFTER SUFFERING FOR YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Park Rapids, Minn.—"I was sick for years while passing through the Change of Life and was hardly able to be around. After taking six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I gained 20 pounds, am now able to do my own work and feel well."—Mrs. Ed. La Doc, Park Rapids, Minn.

Brookville, Ohio.—"I was irregular and extremely nervous. A neighbor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and I have become regular and my nerves are much better."—Mrs. R. Kinnison, Brookville, Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Breat Good

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO.

Growers and shippers of CUT FLOWERS, PLANTS, etc. The largest facilities and best appointed service in the West for handling out of town orders. Funeral designs made up on short notice. Phone or write us Night or Day. Established a quarter of a century. Send for catalogue. [illegible] Corner Broadway & Front Street, Fargo, N. D.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS

Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain

Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00

Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00

EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A45, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PRIMARY RETURNS

Republican and Democratic Nominations Throughout the State of Minnesota.

St. Paul, Minn. — James A. Towney, house leader and friend of Speaker Cannon was defeated, by Sydney A. Anderson, of Lanesboro. All other members of the Minnesota Congressional delegation were re-nominated.

At midnight, the Winona Republican-Herald, Mr. Towney's organ, conceded his defeat by two thousand.

With a majority of something over the 1,000 mark, Frank M. Nye, defeated Albert H. Hall in the bitterly fought contest for the Republican nomination for congressman from the Fifth district. Although Nye carried only six of the 13 wards, his majorities in

Sydney A. Anderson.

most instances were heavier than those secured by Mr. Hall in the seven wards he carried.

Thomas P. Dwyer secured the Democratic nomination for the same position by a majority of 978 over Einar Hoidale and John H. Long. Indications from the few county returns now in are that the Dwyer majority will be increased in the rural districts.

The Nye-Hall contest was one of the most bitterly fought during the primaries. Hall repeatedly attacked Nye on his record in congress, terming him a supporter of Cannon. Hall, at the head of the progressive Republicans, brought much to light concerning Nye's opposition to the Norris resolution curtailing Cannon's power. Mr. Nye based his campaign on the old principles of Republicanism, claiming that it alone stood for progressiveness.

Congressman Stevens Pleased.

"The result is very satisfactory from the estimate of our committee," said Congressman Stevens. "The result shows the desire of the people to sustain the real, progressive legislation and to work for it when it has been shown to them. It is an encouragement to a public man to know that they inquire and keep informed. I desire to express my sincere gratitude to my friends for their support."

Results in the State.

Returns on the legislative tickets throughout the state are meager so much so that no determination could be reached as to the relative strength of county option and anti-county option.

The option candidates won in some places while they lost in others. In Minneapolis the county optionists appear to have won out for the most part although the other side of the question has its representation.

H. L. Buck.

In Minneapolis probably the most sensational victories were won by Carl Wallace in the Forty-third district over E. P. Allen, and W. S. Dwinnell in the Fortieth, over C. A. Nimocks and Guy V. Howard.

Mr. Dwinnell has about as many votes as did Howard and Nimocks together. Nimocks waged a spectacular campaign, had secured innumerable pledges, but failed to land the plum.

Lillis Sells Bank Stock.

Kansas City, Mo. — Jere S. Lillis, victim of a knife attack at the hands of John P. Cudahy, disposed of all but two of his shares in the Western Exchange bank here. Lillis was formerly president of the institution. He will remain the nominal head of the bank until Jan. 1, when new officers will be elected.

Trenton, Sept. 22.—Vivian M. Lewis was nominated for governor on the first ballot at the Republican state convention.

Theater Manager Short $27,840.

St. Louis, Mo. — William Goren, manager of Havlin's theater, was arrested by detectives working under orders of the circuit attorney. An indictment charging embezzlement will be sought. It is charged there is a discrepancy of $27,840 in Goren's account.

Official Census Figures.

Washington, D. C. — The population of Passaic, N. J., is 54,773, an increase of 26,996, or 97.2 per cent, as compared with 27,777 in 1900.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINEES.

First District.

Republican — Sydney A. Anderson.

Democratic — H. L. Buck, Winona.

Second District.

Republican—F. E. Ellsworth, of St. James.

Democratic—W. S. Hommond, of St. James.

Third District.

Republican — C. R. Davis, St. Peter.

Fourth District.

Republican—F. C. Stevens, St. Paul.

Democratic — J. L. Gieske, St. Paul.

Fifth District.

Republican — Frank M. Nye, Minneapolis.

Democratic—Thomas P. Dwyer, Minneapolis.

Sixth District.

Republican — C. A. Lindbergh, Little Falls.

Seventh District.

Republican — A. J. Volstead, Granite Falls.

Eighth District.

Republican—Clarence B. Miller, Duluth.

Democratic — Alfred Jocques, Duluth.

Ninth District.

Republican — Halvor Steenerson, Crookston.

Throughout the state, the results were indeterminable. In St. Paul, Senator W. W. Dunn defeated his opponent Gregory while Durment was defeated by Denegre.

In the Fergus Falls District, Senator C. J. Wright was nominated for senator, while J. W. Mason appears to have won out over his opponents in the race for district judge.

One of the surprising results was the victory of J. D. Sullivan in St. Cloud over his Democratic opponent, J. E. C. Robinson, who was a candidate for re-nomination.

In the Faribault district, Senator F. L. Glotzbach has won out by a substantial majority over his Democratic opponent and will face Schilling at the election.

F. F. Ellsworth.

Senator John Moonan has been nominated on the Democratic ticket from Waseca.

In Minneapolis.

W. E. Satterlee is the Republican nominee for mayor of Minneapolis. His plurality is 7,625, and he polled about two votes to C. J. Minor's one. Only in the large plurality is this a surprise.

James C. Haynes, present Democratic mayor, defeated George B. Esterman by more than four votes to one. His plurality is 2,996. The race is on between Mr. Haynes and Mr. Satterlee for the mayoralty.

C. A. Bloomquist, Republican city treasurer, easily defeated J. O. Davis for the city treasurership. These three winners—Haynes, Satterlee and Bloomquist carried every ward in the city.

Woman Named for Schools.

Minneapolis women nominated Miss Moe Snow as candidate of the board of school directors, to fill the unexpired term, by a majority of three times that of any of her seven competitors. Miss Snow received a total of 9,675 votes, while her nearest competitor for the office got but 3,269 votes.

Miss Snow carried every ward in the city, and her majority was the best of any of the candidates on the entire ticket.

Rockne for State Senate.

A. J. Rockne, of Red Wing, speaker of the last house was nominated for state senator over W. E. Putnam by 500, after a sensational contest. Aldred Johnson was named for judge over F. M. Wilson by 350.

Masons at Detroit Meeting Elect.

Detroit, Mich. — The supreme council of thirty-third degree, northern jurisdiction of the United States, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, in conclave here, elected Charles C. Mumford, of Providence, R. I., to active membership to succeed the late George H. Kenyon, of Providence; Thomas Kite, of Cincinnati; Charles M. Girdenier, of Bridgeport, Conn., and Leroy A. Goddard, of Chicago, also were elected active members to fill vacancies in their respective states.

Hermit Fires On a Family.

Jackson, Tennessee. — B. V. Brown, wife and four children, wanderers, drew a volley of bullets when they sought alms at the home of a hermit farmer near Jackson. Brown was probably fatally wounded, his wife was less seriously hurt.

South Dakota Woman Kills Self.

Pierre, S. D. — Mrs. R. H. Golden, of Ash Creek in western Stanley county, who slashed her throat with a knife was brought to Ft. Pierre hospital where she died

The KITCHEN CABINET

VEGETABLES should be given in abundance, since the vegetable proteid carries with it a large amount of potassium salts, which neutralize acid products and forestall rheumatism.

—Dr. Sill.

The Problem of Left-Over Vegetables.

Many housewives have numerous ways of serving left-over meats, but the vegetable is either thrown away or appears just as it was served the day before.

Corn may be prepared as an escalloped dish or put into a potato or other vegetable salad to the advantage of the latter. A cupful will make sufficient corn oysters for four people. Add a tablespoonful of milk, a beaten egg and flour with baking powder well sifted to make them hold together, then fry in hot fat.

A small quantity of tomatoes may be added to a soup, a meat sauce or an escalloped dish of corn.

Cold string beans make an excellent salad: Add a teaspoonful of chopped onion to a cupful of string beans with salt and pepper to taste. Cut a slice of bacon into dice and fry; pour the fat over the beans, then add a quarter of a cupful of hot vinegar, and serve.

Cheese added to creamed string beans changes the dish to one quite new.

A few peas may be added to the broth of a mutton stew and served with it, making a dish most palatable.

Scalloped onions are especially nice prepared with cold boiled onions; flavor with cheese.

A green pea omelet is a most delicious luncheon dish. Drain a cupful of cold cooked peas, mash and season. When the omelet is ready to serve spread the peas over one-half and fold. Serve on a hot platter.

Turnips and squash may be seasoned and baked.

Cabbage is good treated as the string beans were, with hot bacon fat and vinegar.

Celery is very nice cooked and served in a white sauce.

Tomato toast is a nice way to serve a little left-over tomato: Take a cupful of boiling hot tomatoes, season with butter, salt and pepper. Stir in three well-beaten eggs and a half cupful of hot cream. Serve on buttered toast.

Several vegetables together often makes a very acceptable dish; such as potatoes, a sprinkling of onions, a cupful of tomatoes and a few peas, with a little chopped roast beef. The dish is ready after a half-hour's baking, fit to set before the king.

NOW is the time; ah, friend, no longer wait
To scatter loving smiles and words of cheer
To those around whose lives are now so dear,
They may not meet you in the coming year;
Now is the Time.

Apples.

Since Eve ate apples they have been a much prized fruit, and apple pie, apple pudding, apple dumplings, apples baked, fried, apple sauce, apple jelly and apple butter are good old standbys.

Apple Trifle.

Select tart apples, peel, cut them in half, removing the core; lay a slice of lemon in the center of each, pour a cupful of water over them, and steam until tender and clear. Take them out and set aside until perfectly cold. Lay a dozen split lady fingers or small sponge cakes in a glass dish, and moisten them with a little orange juice. Lay the apples on this, sprinkle thickly with powdered sugar, and heap over all a cupful of whipped, sweetened cream. Serve very cold.

Apple and Rice Pudding.

Peel small tart apples, core and put into a baking dish. Have ready a cupful of boiled rice, mix with two cupfuls of hot milk, into which has been beaten the yolks of three eggs and a half cupful of sugar.

Stir into the rice a half cupful of blanched almonds cut into strips, a half cup of seeded raisins and a couple of dozen strips of citron. Pour this mixture over the apples, after having put a teaspoonful of sugar into each apple. Bake well, covered until tender, uncover and heap on them a meringue made of the whites of three eggs beaten stiff and two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar added, brown in the oven and serve either hot or cold.

Parisian Apples.

A dainty and attractive way of serving apples is to pare them and cut with a small potato cutter into balls. Put them at once over the fire and cook in water, sugar and a little lemon juice. When the balls are tender, before they lose their shape heap them on rounds of buttered toast which have been spread with apple jelly. Sprinkle with chopped almonds and heap over them the whites of two eggs beaten stiff and sweetened with two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar and flavored with a teaspoonful of lemon juice.

SO LONG as we love we serve; so long as we are loved by others I would almost say that we are indispensable; and no man is useless while he has a friend.

—Robert L. Stevenson.

Some Hot Weather Dishes.

In these sultry days of summer the appetite needs new interest to awaken appreciation and new dishes are most welcome.

Let nuts take the place of meats, as they will be found both satisfying and economical. Chilled fruits are the most wholesome of all desserts; but for those who care for more elaborate dishes, here are a few which will reward your efforts:

Peaches En Surprise.

Soften two tablespoonfuls of gelatine in half a cupful of cold water and dissolve in a cupful of hot cream. Add two-thirds of a cupful of powdered sugar and strain into a dish set in a pan of crushed ice; stir until it begins to congeal. Add a teaspoonful of orange extract, a few drops of saffron to give it a dainty yellow; pour into a pint of whipped cream and lightly fold the mixtures together. Line a large mould with strips of angel cake. Put a little of the cream mixture in the bottom of the mould and on each strip of cake to hold it in place. Have at hand some diced ripe peaches generously sprinkled with sugar and lemon juice, fill the mould nearly full, then pour in the cream. Bury in ice and salt for three hours.

The following will be a dessert that is at least uncommon:

Creole orange cream with almonds in a double boiler, put two cupfuls of water, the juice of four oranges, the rind of two, and two cupfuls of sugar and the beaten yolks of ten eggs. Stir until the mixture thickens. Put into a freezer and stir until half frozen, then add the beaten whites of five eggs and one cupful of blanched shredded and browned almonds. Finish freezing, then stand packed for two hours.

Creme de Menthe Sandwiches.

These are a fine accompaniment for cold lamb. Steep two tablespoonfuls of mint leaves in a little cold water, strain and add to a pint of whipped cream, season with salt and pepper and add half an ounce of gelatine softened in a tablespoonful of cold water. Cool in a square mold and when firm cut in thin slices and place between buttered slices of rye bread.

WHEN thou dost tell another's jest, therein
Omit the oaths, which true wit cannot need;
Pick out of tales the mirth, but not the sin,
He pares his apple that will cleanly feed.

—George Herbert.

Southern Ways of Serving Vegetables.

The famous southern cooks, though not at all scientific in their cookery, knew how to prepare appetizing and attractive dishes. The following are some which have pleased the palate of a northerner:

Summer Squash Pudding.

Boil young tender squash, drain and mash free from lumps. To a quart of the squash, add a cupful of rich milk, a tablespoonful of butter, three beaten eggs and salt and pepper to taste. Butter a deep dish, turn in the mixture and bake a rich brown.

Another way of preparing this delectable vegetable that the southern cooks have is:

Fried Summer Squash.

Steam full grown squash until tender. Cool and slice carefully. Season with salt and pepper, pour over the slices a little beaten egg, sprinkle with crumbs and fry a light brown. Take up and prepare the other side in the same way, return to the pan and brown. Serve very hot.

Virginia Corn Pudding.

Cut the corn from six large ears of corn. Add to this three well beaten eggs, half a cupful of melted butter, a tablespoonful of rice flour, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one of salt and a pint of new milk. Mix well, then cut and fold in the well-beaten whites of the eggs. Put into a baking dish and bake in a moderate oven until brown.

A Creole Dish.

Peel a half dozen ripe tomatoes, by pouring boiling water over them. Put two tablespoonfuls of butter in a frying pan over the fire; when very hot add the tomatoes and fry until brown on one side, sprinkle with salt and pepper and turn, cover with chopped and seasoned cold fowl or veal.

Deviled Tomatoes.

Peel large, firm tomatoes and cut them in halves, rub a broiler with butter, lay on the tomatoes, dredge with salt and butter; when cooked pour over the following sauce: Mix a tablespoonful each of made mustard and butter, a teaspoonful of pepper sauce, the juice of a small lemon, a teaspoonful of currant jelly and a little salt.

Nellie Maxwell.

The University of Santo Tomas, Manila, is the oldest educational institution under the American flag.

What Wisdom Is.

Wisdom consists not in knowing many things; nor even in knowing them thoroughly; but in choosing and in following what conduces the most certainly to our lasting happiness and glory.

Safeguard for Honesty.

Every man has the secret of becoming rich who resolves to live within his means; and independence is one of the most effectual safeguards of honesty.

New Fire-Escape Idea.

A New Yorker has invented "mattress trucks," a bit of fire-apparatus which is designed to be elevated to about the second story of a house and then spread out in such a manner that imprisoned persons in the upper stories may jump into them with absolute safety.

Naturally Crooked.

There's a certain kind of a man who thinks he can get ahead of somebody by cheating himself at solitaire.—Press.

If you find any substance in your baking injurious to health made from baking powder in this can there is—

$1000 In it for you

Calumet has been backed for years by an offer of $1,000 for any substance injurious to health found in the baking prepared with it.

Does not this and the fact that it complies with all pure food laws, both State and National, prove that Calumet is absolutely pure?

With the purity question settled—then Calumet is undoubtedly the best Baking Powder. It contains more leavening power; it is more uniform—every can is the same. It assures better results—and is moderate in price.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Pure in the Can—Pure in the Baking.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

You can't do good work if your shoes pinch your feet!

Your feet have more to do with your capacity for good work than you think. Tired, aching feet numb the brain and make the sufferer irritable. Brain-numbness and irritability don't fit in with good work! Keep your feet happy!

"Gitche-Gamee" Shoes of Honest Leather

are made in so many different styles and shapes that a *perfect* fit can be found for *every* foot. Ask *your* dealer for the shoe that makes good on the feet of the wearer!

$4.00

FREE for the asking, a style book for Fall 1910, and a handy little pocket mirror.

NORTHERN SHOE CO.
DULUTH, MINN.

Tuberculosis in the West Indies.

Associations for the Prevention of Tuberculosis have been formed in Cuba, Porto Rico and Trinidad. In Cuba there are over 40,000 deaths from tuberculosis every year, and the death rate from this disease is nearly three times as high in the United States. In Porto Rico there are over 6,000 deaths every year out of 1,000,000 inhabitants. In Trinidad, the death rate from tuberculosis in Port-of-Spain, the only place where figures are available, was 4.75 in 1909, nearly three times the rate in New York city. Conditions in the other islands of the West Indies, where no active campaign against tuberculosis has been undertaken is even worse: The chief reason for this high mortality is found in the unsanitary, dark, and poorly ventilated houses of the natives of the islands.

If Your Eyes Bother You

get a box of PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, old reliable, most successful eye remedy made. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

A strong, definite purpose is many-handed, and lays hold of whatever is near that can serve it, it has a magnetic power that draws to itself whatever is kindred.—Munger.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Deaths in Public Institutions.

Nearly one-fifth of the deaths in England occur in public institutions.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP

Buy Furs and Hides. Send for catalog 105. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Too much strategy can tangle itself more than it can fool others.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Woman's sphere now seems to be the whole earth.

No Matter

what Liver or Bowel medicine you are using, stop it *now*. Get a 10c box—week's treatment—of CASCARETS today from your druggist and learn how easily, naturally and delightfully your liver can be made to *work*, and your *bowels* move every day. There's *new life* in every box. CASCARETS are nature's helper. *You will see the difference!* 883

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED PROCESS SHOES

MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
WOMEN'S $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4
BOYS' $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS

They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are positively the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Indispensable to every man

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

DEFIANCE STARCH for starching finest linens.

The Tenderfoot Farmer

It was one of these experimental farmers, who put green spectacles on his cow and fed her shavings. His theory was that it didn't matter what the cow ate so long as she was fed. The questions of digestion and nourishment had not entered into his calculations.

It's only a "tenderfoot" farmer that would try such an experiment with a cow. But many a farmer feeds *himself* regardless of digestion and nutrition. He might almost as well eat shavings for all the good he gets out of his food. The result is that the stomach grows "weak" the action of the organs of digestion and nutrition are impaired and the man suffers the miseries of dyspepsia and the agonies of nervousness.

To strengthen the stomach, restore the activity of the organs of digestion and nutrition and brace up the nerves, use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unfailing remedy, and has the confidence of physicians as well as the praise of thousands healed by its use.

In the strictest sense "Golden Medical Discovery" is a temperance medicine. It contains neither intoxicants nor narcotics, and is as free from alcohol as from opium, cocaine and other dangerous drugs. All ingredients printed on its outside wrapper.

Don't let a dealer delude you for his own profit. There is no medicine for stomach, liver and blood "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery."

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO
(Incorporated)

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Read Fournet's new ad.

Read Spillane's new ad.

Read Mittwer's new ad.

J. F. Fournet spent Sunday at Crookston.

Harry E. Ives was at St. Hilaire Friday.

Louis Patnode went to Bemidji Monday.

Are you receiving your share of merchants' coupons?

Ross Chesterman of Crookston was in town Tuesday.

E. W. Laab of Louisville was trading in town Friday.

Ask for coupons with your next purchase and win a prize.

A. C. Cowles and family moved into Mrs. Doe's house this week.

Ed Enright left last evening on a business trip to Grand Forks.

Theo. LaBissoniere has an interesting anouncement on this page.

Leading merchants are giving coupons; be sure and ask for them.

Miss Maude Findelsen entertained the F. and F. Bs Tuesday evening.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel October 6.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Kindseth visited with Thief River Falls friends Monday.

W. S. Erickson returned Saturday from a business trip to the range country.

Felix Fournet of Crookston was looking after business matters in town Monday.

Merchants' coupons cost you nothing extra and if you save them you can win a prize.

Miss Hazel Healy, who is attending the Moorhead normal, was at her home over Sunday.

Attorney F. A. Grady was attending to business matters at Crookston the first of the week.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of thacity. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausoiel. tf

Miss Tillie Porter entertained a crowd of young people at her home Thursdey evening.

C. W. Johnson returned Monday from a business trip to Cheyenne and Grand Forks, N. Dak.

Jos. Harren, who is on the road for the American Tobacco company, spent Sunday at home.

Did you read the list of prizes in the Gazette voting contest? You can ertainly use one of them.

Mrs. Frank Klasa of Denfield, Ill., visited this week with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. L. Rawerts.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office at Crookston, was in town from Saturday until Monday.

Determination wins in the long race; if you are determined you can win a prize in the Gazette contest.

If you are a booster, you will help boost your friends by getting coupons of your merchants and voting them.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

L. C. Simons was up from St. Paul Tuesday and Wednesday looking after his banking interests in the city and county.

Pat Normandeau and Joe Cyr have gone to Bigfork where they will be employed during the fall and winter.

You can win a piano, sewing machine, watch or some other valuable prize if you save your coupons and ballots.

O. J. Knuteson, who is employed by the Red River Power company at Grand Forks, is spending a few days in town.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Mrs. L. C. Simons of St. Paul visited with Red Lake Falls friends this week.

Only the ladies can secure prizes in the Gazette voting contest but, be sure you have the "other fellows" working for you.

Entertainment at the Bijou theatre, Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Presbyterian church. Admission 25 and 15 cents.

The Republican candidates for county office met with the Republican county committee at Thief River Falls Monday afternoon.

Louis Seiff has taken twenty teams to Beltrami county to be used in construction work on the big Marshall-Beltrami county ditch.

Nick Helm's Joe and Nick have gone to Crookston for a visit with their sister, Mrs. Daniel Quesnelle, and to attend the Polk county fair.

The band boys gave one of the best concerts of the season on the street Friday. The boys will continue to give open air concerts as long as the weather will permit.

Michel Quesnelle will sell his live stock, farm machinery and household goods at public auction at his farm six miles southeast of Red Lake Falls next Monday, Oct. 10.

Adopt a system today that will enable you to save a certain per cent of your income. Deposit the same in the Merchants State Bank, where it will work for you both day and night.

The local lodges of Forresters gave a reception and dance at their hall last evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Rabertus. Many were in attendance and it was a very pleasant social affair.

C. A. Lindquist, chairman of the board of county commissioners, C. W. Johnson, clerk of court, and Auditor A. A. Latendresse have been employed most of the week as a board of audit going over the records of Treasurer Ives.

Daniel Campbell, one of the proprietors of the Falls Meat Market, arrived from Alphia, Minn., with his family this week. They are staying at the home of Mr. Baum, the other member of th firm, until they secure a house.

Mrs P. J. McKone of Minot, N. Dak., has been a guest this week at the Garceau and Rubertus homes. Mrs. McKone arrived Saturday and was accompanied by Mrs. Henry Rubertus, mother of Andrew Rubertus, who will remain here.

Supt. L. V. Koos was at Crookston Friday evening to meet with the school superintendents of the Red River valley to make arrangements for the fall meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Educational association. The meeting will be held at East Grand Fors at a date to be announced later.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian churh will hold a work meeting at the church parlors next Wednesday afternoon. All members are requested to be present.

C. H. Hanson, who went to St. Hilaire several months ago, to take the mangement of the Red Lake Falls Milling company's elevator, will return to Red Lake Falls in a few days. Mr. Hanson's health has become impaired and the physicians advise that he take a rest.

L. B. Arnold of Duluth, land commissioner of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry, was here this week and drove out into the country to inspect the company's land in southern Red Lake county and to note the development of the country since his last visit several years ago.

Mrs. L. Rawerts received word this week from her sister, Mrs. Louis Olson, of Wanda, Minn., that her home had burned. The loss is about $1000. Mrs. Rawerts says she has an especial reason for sympthizing with her sister in her loss for the Rawerts home was destroyed by fire last June.

Phillip Zeh, jr., son of Phillip Zeh, of this city was united in marriage at Missoula, Mont., last Saturday to Miss Nina Clawson, of Chicago, a teacher in the schools of Missoula. The groom is head clerk in the clothing store of James Armstrong, formerly of Red Lake Falls, who conducts the largest clothing store in Missoula. His many friends in Thief River Falls extend congratulations.—Thief River News.

E. S. Wheeler is walking about on crutches as a result of having his leg quite badly injured last Saturday. Mr. Wheeler was walking past the Farmers National Bank building, now in course of construction, when a plank blown down from the roof of the building struck him on the leg. Mr. Wheeler's leg was badly bruised and his ankle twisted. It will be two or three weeks before he will be able to discard the crutches.

Mrs. Kellogg is possessed of unusual ability as a reader, and delivers her selection with charming grace and dignity. She delighted her audience with cuttings from the works of Nesbit, Tourgee, and Trowbridge. Nothing sweeter could be imagined than her rendition of "Little Boy Blue," by Eugene Field.—Buffalo Courier.—At Bijou Theatre, Red Lake Falls, Tuesday evening, Oct. 11. Admission 25 and 15 cents.

Last Friday Mrs. Chas. N. Bourdon received a telegram from her brother, George Ralph, who now resides at St. Paul, announcing the death of George Ralph, jr., the thirteen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph. Death was due to heart failure from which the boy had been a sufferer since having been ill with scarlet fever several years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Ralph formerly resided in Red Lake Falls and have many friends here who will be pained to learn of their bereavement.

Since selling the Falls Meat Market, I have moved my office to rooms over the Merchants State Bank and request that all those owing me on account call at the office or at the shop and make settlement. I wish to thank the people of this community for the liberal patronage they have given me and hope they will support my successors in the business as liberally. I can recommend Messrs. Baum & Campbell as honorable business men who will conduct the business in a first class manner.—G. A. Groshong.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 140 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

CONSUMERS!

24-Hour Electric Service Is Yours

On condition that you give us contracts for sufficient Electrical Power to warrant said service.

Contracts Are Not Binding

Only in event that contracts secured will warrant this service. We cannot install this service unless conditional contracts are signed showing us that the citizens of Red Lake Falls mean business. Our representative will explain conditions thoroughly.

TELEPHONE 18 CALL 2

Red River Power Co.

Wonderful Value!

$7.75

Extension Tables

There is no article of furniture in the modern home that is more satisfactory than a good dining room extension table. $7.75 to $26.

FOURNET FURNITURE STORE

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

A Carnival of Bargains in good merchandise will be going on in here from now on. The finest stock of merchandise ever gathered under one roof in this city is now open for your inspection. The best markets have been ransacked to find the best line of goods, goods of quality at reasonable prices. Make this store your objective point for your fall purchases and you will be well satisfied.

SPECIALS!

Choice of Children's Sweaters, worth up to $1.25, at 50c.
Calicoes, 6c. 50c belts at 25c.
17 lbs. sugar for $1.00.
10 lb. box fancy Prunes, $1.
N. B. C. Crackers, case lb., 7c.
3 bars Jap Rose Soap, 25c.

REMEMBER
IT PAYS TO TRADE AT

THE BIG STORE
RED LAKE FALLS MINNESOTA
Theo. LaBissoniere Proprietor

Palmer and "Style Rite"

Cloaks are here for you. We hardly need to praise Palmer garments; they have been the favorites in this city for fifteen years. They are absolutely in a class by themselves. "Style Rite" cloaks are New York's best cheap cloaks in the market.
Palmer Cloaks, $12.50 to $25.00.
"Style Rite" Cloaks, $5.00 to $12.00.
Fine fur-collared long cloask, all wool, black kersey, $5.90.
Special: A lot of Children's cloaks, worth up to $6.50, at $3.50

Boys' Suits.

A fine new line, $1.75 up. We save you money on your Boys' Suits and sell you suits that will stay sewed and that will wear. SPECIAL: A lot of Boys' Suits at from One-third to One-half price.

Men's Clothing.

A full line of Kuppenheimer and Clothcraft Clothing—absolutely all wool suits—at $10.00, in the latest patterns, stylish cut. Never shown snappier styles or better values. We have what will suit your purse.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1888

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 3

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY

For Candidates to Have Big Vote When Standings Are Announced.

Many Are Working For the Valuable Prizes in the Gazette Contest.

Some of the candidates who are not working very hard would be surprised if they knew of the large number of coupons and ballots that some of their friends are sending to this office. When the votes are published they will be astonished at their high standing and will regret not starting in earnest at the beginning.

Many ballots and coupons are going to waste every week that you can have for the asking, and by commencing now you will have the promise of them before your rivals.

Even though you have a piano is no reason why you should not compete for this one as we are confident that any lady in this vicinity could use just such an instrument as we are offering and be proud of it.

It is not too late to be nominated as you have a chance equal to the rest, besides we have some exceptionaly good propositions to offer the candidates later, and you will have the opportunity to get in on them.

We wish to know in the start who the ambitious candidatets are and for this reason we are going to triple the votes on every merchant's coupon and ballot—subscription coupons not included in this offer—voted on or before Oct. 22, and to the four candidates having the largest number of votes from these coupons and ballots, and we will give in addition the following prizes:

1st prize, official ballot worth 20,000 votes.

2nd prize, official ballot worth 15,000 votes.

3rd prize, official ballot worth 10,000 votes.

4th prize, official ballot worth 5,000 votes.

Here is your chance to triple your vote, and receive 20,000 extra votes. Coupons and ballots already voted will count in this offer. Shall you take advantage of it? This offer will positively not appear again.

Do not fail to read the standing of the candidates two weeks hence. It will show the results of good earnest work for some of the candidates who took advantage of the special offer to increase their chances of not only winning the special prize, but also the grand prize, as every vote counts one more toward the winning of the piano.

Votes on Subscription.

Remember we have a lot of subscription money standing out and will give votes for all money you can collect. You can secure a receipt book at this office and that will give you the privilege of taking and receipting for all money you collect and now is the time to line up your friends and relatives. Watch for the big inducement that we have to offer next week on subscription money; it will surprise you.

Candidates' Ballots.

Every candidate is entitled to a candidate's ballot worth 250 votes. We have in our possession a ballot for each candidate who can vote the ballot for herself or another candidate providing she calls or writes us within the next two weeks and instructs us what to do with the ballot.

As soon as you vote the ballot for another candidate your name is omitted from the list of popular candidates. The candidates who find it impossible to devote their time to try and win a prize should not neglect to vote their ballot for some other candidates. Only candidates whose names appear in this week's paper can vote candidates ballot, and no candidate can vote or sign more than one ballot.

Kind of Coupons and Ballots.

Contetants' ballots are clipped from this paper every week.

Merchants' coupons are given by the merchants.

Subscriptions coupons are given by this paper for money collected on subscriptions.

Official ballots are given by this paper for special work.

The following are the candidates who have been nominated. Is your name among the popular list?

Agnes A. Anderson, Red Lake Falls.
Lucy Crompe, Red Lake Falls.
Mayme Laurent, Red Lake Falls.
Eva Lizee, Red Lake Falls.
Zelia Quesnelle, Red Lake Falls.
Mildred Sertedohl, Red Lake Falls.
Delia Pigeon, Brooks.
Lena Eckstein, Wylie.
Katie Dreeland, Wylie.
Lizzie Power, Wylie.
Mary Draeger, Wylie.
Amanda Johnson, Wylie.
Alice Wichterman, Plummer.
Mary LaFrambois, Gentilly.
Emma Sauve, Terrebonne
Ida Wolfe, Terrebonne
Elizabeth Prenevest, Terrebonne
Olive Generoux, Terrebonne

SERVICE COMMENCES NOV. 5.

Trains on New Soo Line, Duluth to Plummer, Next Month.

The Gazette has been informed that service on the new Soo line, Duluth to Plummer, will commence Nov. .5 The Gazette has not been informed whether this announcement means that some trains will be running at that time or complete passenger and freight service will be installed.

GOVERNOR NOT COMING

Dates for Political Addresses This Week Have Been Cancelled.

Governor A. O. Eberhart was advertised to deliver a political address at Thief River Falls this evening, at St. Hilaire tomorrow forenoon, Red Lake Falls in the afternoon and Crookston in the evening, but all of the dates for this week have been cancelled. The governor has gone to the scene of the great forest fires in the border country.

SOME BAD FIRES IN RED LAKE COUNTY

Brooks Had Narrow Escape—Much Timber Burned on Clearwater River.

Fires All Over the County—Hundreds of Tons of Hay Burned.

The heavy smoke which hung over this city Tuesday was due in part to the great forest fires to the northeast but probably also to the many fires in the county the past few days. Much property has been destroyed in Red Lake county during the past ten days without causing much comment because the attention of the people was drawn to the great disaster in the north country.

Last week the village of Brooks had a narrow escape from destruction. Fire in the small timber south of that town worked its way up to the edge of the village before the fire was under control. This week most of the timber on the Clearwater river between this city and Terrebonne was burned and since then there have been bad fires in timber along the river near Plummer.

Besides these timber fires there have been many fires over the country on the prairie and hundreds of tons of hay have been destoyed. There have been fires in every section of the county and an estimate of the loss cannot be given at this time.

TAKING THE SCHOOLS OUT OF POLITICS

Paul Pry Comments on the Governor's Keynote Declaration.

Kennedy Inheritance Tax Matter.—Ole Sageng Is Through Plowing.

[Special Correspondence to Red Lake Falls Gazette.]

St. Paul, Oct. 11—The syndicate which was engaged until five o'clock Monday morning editing and rewriting Governor Eberhart's key-note speech cut out all jokes and put in some ginger. As finally submitted it was rather a creditable performance and did its censors credit. Incidentally criticism was courted which will no doubt be made use of as the campaign progresses. In this it is not my present intention to take part in this any general way. There is one matter, however, in respect to which I am familiar with a few facts which are not generally known to which I will briefly refer.

"The time has come," said Governor Eberhart in an inspired moment, "when our schools should be taken out of politics and when all our educational officers should be taken out of politics and when all our educational officers should be selected strictly upon their merits and without reference to party affiliations." The governor was making reference when he said this specially to agricultural education. The governor's course in this same regard indicates that it is one thing to preach and another to practice. For it was only in connection with agricultural education, and especially the extention of the benefits of agricultural education to practical farmers in their daily work, that Governor Eberhart has had opportunity to make appointments. They need at the agricultural college in connection with the extension course in agriculture a sort of publicity agent whose duty it would be to collate and arrange the results of work done and experiments made at the agricultural college for publication and circulation among the farmers of the state. The governor had a political supporter who wanted the job. This was Ed. Huntington of Windom. He got it through the governor's influence. As might have been anticipated, while Mr. Huntington may be a very able and he is certainly a very prolific political writer, he proved to have small knowledge of the technical and scientific work he was required to do. From the first there was a friction. The authorities at the school found he wouldn't do. Even his political pull couldn't save him; he had to go.

Politicians on the Job.

One would have thought this experience would have shown the governor the folly to attempt to foist political appointees upon the agricultural college, and that when he next made a recommendation he would have regard only for the man's fitness and his familiarity with agricultural college work or at least along agricultural lines. But political influences were at work to make ducks and drakes of the governor's good intentions. The man appointed to succeed Huntington got his agricultural training as a political writer for the Pioneer Press. He is, I understand a very estimable and talented gentleman. Possibly he may fill the bill. The only other point I make was that this, like the prior appointment, was purely a political one. Until he had found a berth for his friend the governor had not arrived at the conclusion that "the time has come when our schools should be taken out of politics." Possibly when another one wants a job he may see reason for further delay.

Knocking Johnson.

Of course the public was expected to read between the lines of this statement of Mr. Eberhart's that there was a crying need for reform in the educational office. The wicked Democrats had been playing puck with the educational institutions. But nothing could be more unjust to Governor Johnson than to suggest in this underhanded way that he had prostituted the educational interests of the state to political purposes. He found a Republican when he entered office at the head of the educational department of public instruction. He kept him there as long as he wanted to stay. When Mr. Olson resigned, Governor Johnson, instead of selecting a politician of his own political faith to succeed him as has been the custom, reorganized the office by promotion; in effect introducing for the first time civil service rules into the department. He never claimed special credit for this. He did it as a matter of course as the right thing to do. When Governor Eberhart begins to forget politics when making appointments in the department of education he will merely following Govenor Johnson's example.

A Wise Attorney General.

It is not surprising that in the governor's special speech credit should have been taken for what the attorney general has accomplished. That's what it is to have a press agent. Mr. Simpson's is a recent importation from Iowa. Among his other accomplishments is that of muckraker. I understand that George was persuaded that one of these fine days he was to figure in the popular magazines as a newly-pledged reformer. This was before he got mixed up in the deal to help out the creamery supply monopoly. He must now be content to be played up occasionaly in the first page story in a St. Paul evening paper which is easier to work.

The Kennedy Inheritance Tax Matter.

Simpson's long suit is in the taxes collected from the Kennedy estate. They tell me that when you get down to brass tacks, Simpson wouldn't have the credit for this at all if it wasn't that he was fortunate in having a special wide-awake press agent, and that he only acted after it was put up to him in an official letter signed by Sam Iverson. Also it is said that, as it was, he did not get within $130,000 the sum to which the state was entitled. Furthermore that he would have settled for $180,000 less than he got if there had not been those

Continued On Page 4.

ALL DAY SERVICE FOR RED LAKE FALLS

Red River Power Company Will Put on All Day Electric Service Here.

Work Will be Commenced at Once on Improvement in the Plant.

W. H. Brown, manager of the Red River Power company, was over from Grand Forks Tuesday and while here received a telegram from Arthur S. Huey, vice president of the H. M. Byllesby Company of Chicago, owners of the Red River Power company, which was as follows: "We will give all day service in Red Lake Falls."

This means that the improvements in the local plant that the company have been planning on making are to be made. Work is to be commenced at once and it is expected that before the end of next month the better service will have been installed. The improvement in the plant not only means that there will be power service twenty-four hours of the day, but that the lighting service is to be improved also.

This information ought to be a source of gratification to every user of power in the city. No other power is quite so satisfactory as electricity. It is clean, reliable, always ready for the job and all things considered is cheaper than any other power.

W. S. Cluro, the Red River Power comany's expert who was here securing contracts for power service, returned to the Forks last evening.

CASS LAKE STILL WET.

Liquor Stores There Will Not be Closed Oct. 15.

The strenuous protest made by officials at Cass Lake and Brainerd against the order providing for the closing of the saloons at those places Oct. 15, has resultd in the recinding of the order and the towns will not be dry. This does not mean that the department is going to be less vigorous in its campaign against the sale of liquor to the Indians but that the campaign will be carried on in somewhat different manner. Offenders will be vigorousy prosecuted and the co-operation of local officers to stop the sale to Indians will be expected. If this fails then there will be a general order closing the whole "Indian country," instead of the selection of certain localities. There will be no more discrimination and it is probable that local and state authorities will co-operate with the federal authorities.

A communication from Secretary Ballinger to Special Agent Vallentyne is as follows:

"Sir: From various petitions and communications addressed to me in connection with the enforcement of the acts of congress relating to the introduction of liquor into the Indian country of Minnesota, I feel called upon to express to you what seems to me to be the correct policy of the department in dealing with the questions. I fully understand and approve of the diligence of the Indian office in its efforts to enforce these statutes. It is true that there has been some contention respecting the right to enforce them. The law, however, appears to be settled in respect to the authority of the department and it, therefore, becomes purely a matter of administration. In the administration of these statutes the department cannot countenance discrimination or anything that savors arbitrary, capricious or vexatious proceedings.

"The officers in the field are entrusted with a police duty to protect the Indians under their supervision from the introduction of liquor, as contemplated by statute. You will therefore, instruct your officers to secure convictions for violations of these statutes where the evidence is available, and proceed throughout the territory involved to enforce the law with no discrimination as to persons or territory.

"In view of the limited force at your command, you will proceed to exercise the duties imposed upon the service, where the greatest demand seems to exist for its exercise from time to time.

"This does not imply that there is to be any lack of diligence in controlling conditions throughout the entire territory. Any and all orders of the deparment of the Indian service, heretofor made, in conflict herewith are hereby vacated. You will instruct and supervise your force in the field in such a manner as to efficiently carry out the enforcement of the obligations of the department as above outlined.

Very respectfully,
R. A. Ballinger, secretary.

SUNDAY DINNER.

At Woodman Hall Served by Ladies of St. Joseph's Church.

After mass next Sunday the young ladies of St. Joseph's church will serve dinner at Woodmen hall. All are invited to partake of the good things the ladies provide and they will be good things for the ladies never provide any other kind. The proceeds will be devoted to some good church purpose.

A TERRIBLE DISASTER

Baudette, Spooner and Other Border Line Towns Completely Wiped Out.

Many People Have Perished—Millions of Dollars In Property Loss.

The great forest fires that have been raging along the border line during the past few days have resulted in much loss of life and much suffering and the destruction of millions of dollars worth of property.

Hundreds of people are missing and the number who have lost their lives will not be known for several days.

Spooner, Baudette and other border towns are completely wiped out. Settlers' cabins all through the burnt district have been burned and many families have perished. Those who escaped have lost their homes and are without clothing and provisions. The suffering is being relieved by liberal contributions from people all over the northwest.

GENTILLY WINS AGAIN

Cheese Gets Remarkably High Score of 98 in State Contest.

Rev. Fr. Theillon of Gentilly last Friday received a letter from A. W. Parkins, state cheese inspector, which reads as follows: "Accept my most sincere congratulations in taking first prize in the fifth contest. Score 98. Very fine cheese." This is only one of very many first score prizes that the Gentilly factory product has won. Those Gentilly people have the habit of winning first prizes which means that they have the habit of making premium cheese. A score of 98 shows a product about as near perfect as it is possible to make it.

The Red River Valley is going to be the famous dairy country of the northwest very soon and the prize winning cheese and butter makers are helping make it so. There is no place where better grasses grow than here and the more the farmers realize that and get into dairying business the better it will be for them and for the country.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.
BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.
BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.
BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.
BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or small
BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.
BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.
BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA
FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

ALL 1910 MODELS FAVORITE BASE BURNERS

A stove that has been sold in this city for the last four winters. Sold by us last year and everyone proved a winner. We now have our line-up from which to make a selection. A sweller display was never shown here before.

The stove that gives the greatest heat from the least coal is the one that saves money, and the stove that saves money in coal bills is the stove to buy.
BUY A FAVORITE

Remember that a cheap, poorly made base burner is undesirable at any price and a good base burner, tightly fitted and properly made, is superior to all other kinds of heating stoves in every way.

Mittwer's Hardware Exclusive Agency

Red Lake Falls Gazette

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE BRIEF BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

The Washington government will participate in an arbitration of the long standing dispute with Mexico over the international boundary at El Paso, Tex., within a year.

Looking to the compliance with the president's policy of putting the executive departments and offices of the government on a sound basis, with a view to a greater efficiency and greater economy, Secretary Ballinger appointed a committee of three department officials to study the question in the interior department.

In August the export trade of the United States to every part of the world increased more than $12,000,000, according to a summary completed by the department of commerce and labor. In the eight months of the calendar year, which ended with August, the value of exports to Europe alone were nearly $620,000,000 and the imports for the same period more than $525,000,000.

The United States court of customs is in full swing of its first session. The much disputed question, "Is a hen a bird?" which the treasury officials passed up as hopeless, will probably come before the court at this term. The question is, if bird's eggs are free under the tariff, and hen's eggs are taxed 5 cents a dozen, why isn't a hen a bird? An importer who paid the duty wants to know.

Foreign.

The cholera scourge is sweeping its way across Asiatic Russia.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts, the most distinguished living British soldier, is reported ill at Vienna, Austria.

The most brilliant and costly social event in the history of Mexico took place at Mexico City, when 7,000 people were guests of President Diaz at a monster reception and ball.

Dispatch from Azuncion, Paraguay, announce the election of Dr. Manuel Gondra to the presidency of the republic. Dr. Gonda formerly was minister to Brazil and more recently minister of foreign affairs.

The sultan of Sulu met his old friend, "Governor" Taft, in the green room of the White house and completely exhausted his English vocabulary in greeting him. He is a great admirer of the president.

The Catholic newspapers at Madrid are filled with stories of cabinet dissensions and freely admit that the manifestations to be held next Sunday will force Premier Canalejas to retire on the eve of the assemblage of the cortes on October 3. They say further that Count Romanones, will succeed Canalejas.

It has been definitely decided to bring the bodies of the Americans, Cannon and Groce, who were executed by order of ex-President Zelaya, to Granada, Nicaragua, for burial. David Arellane, the new Nicaraguan minister to the United States presided at the meeting at which this action was taken. A monument will be erected to the memory of the two Americans.

General.

Speaker Cannon said the fight on the tariff was the same as it had been for fifty years.

Aviator Brookins broke the long distance flight record by sailing from Chicago to Springfield, Ill.

The Prix de la Graonne run at Maisons-Lafitte, was won by Eugene Alschoff's Prince de Magny.

Representative Beckemeyer told the Lorimer committee he was paid a thousand dollars for his vote.

The work of the port of Naples has been suspended, practically, in consequence of the cholera epidemic in the poorer quarters of the city.

With the removal of the censorship startling details of the cholera epidemic at Naples are being received. A number of persons have died in the streets.

Private advices from Italy assert Italian emigrants from the cholera-infected districts of that country are being embarked at Genoa for America.

Virginia Harned Sothern, the well known actress filed suit for divorce against Edward H. Sothern, the prominent actor, in the district court at Reno, Nev.

There were violent collisions between police and strikers at Berlin.

Two democratic congressmen at Boston were beaten for renomination.

Chairman Timothy Woodruff was retired as a member of the New York state committee.

Mayor Gaynor announced he would not accept the democratic nomination for governor of New York.

Colonel Roosevelt triumphed completely over the old guard at the New York republican convention.

"We have them beaten to a frazzle," was Colonel Roosevelt's comment concerning his rivals at Saratoga.

Representative White, of the Illinois legislature, repeated his story of being bribed to vote for Lorimer.

Commissioner Herbert Knox Smith says the railroads have secured control of nearly all water terminals.

Attorney General Thompson left Lincoln for Washington to accept appointment of solicitor of the United States treasury.

Notable features of the democratic primaries held throughout Massachusetts were the defeat of two congressmen for renomination, John F. Kelliher in the Ninth district and Joseph F. O'Connel in the Tenth.

John A. Dix was nominated for governor by the democrats of New York.

Sixteen people were killed in a Rock Island wreck near Clayton, Kas.

Trade of the country is holding back a little in the face of uncertainties.

Aviator Wynmalen, in a biplane at Bovey, France, rose to a height of 7,956 feet.

China is believed to be on the verge of an upheaval similar to that of the boxers.

Rear Admiral Charles R. Rockor, retired, died in Washington, aged sixty-nine years.

The treasury department sees only the brightest signs in the financial situation of the country.

The cholera situation at Naples, Italy, is grave. There have been fifty cases and thirty deaths.

The charge was made at the Chicago rate hearing that railroads are still engaged in rebating.

Official announcement was made tonight that one case of Asiatic cholera has been found in Naples.

Henry L. Stimson was nominated for governor by the New York republican state convention.

The American mining congress went on record as opposed to the Roosevelt-Pinchot politics.

No mercy to strike disturbers was the order given out by the head of the Berlin police department.

French aviation cracks are tuning up in an effort to recapture the international trophy won by Curtiss.

The state ticket of the New York socialist labor party was filed by petition with the secretary of state.

State Senator Holstlaw was the chief witness before the senate committee investigating the election of Lorimer.

Henry L. Stimson was nominated for governor of New York by the republicans. Mr. Roosevelt dictated the platform.

Ex-President Roosevelt was chosen temporary chairman of the New York republican convention over Vice President Sherman.

A wireless message received at Kiel reports that two German torpedo boats have gone ashore during evolution. No details are given.

The total estimates for the appropriations necessary for the naval service in the next fiscal year were announced to be $128,300,080.

Prof. H. A. Overstreet of the University of California has accepted an appointment to the full professorship of philosophy in the College of the City of New York.

Elmer E. Bryson, aged fifty years, an old timer of Omaha, president of the Gate City Malt company and prominent in local politics, killed himself by taking poison.

Of 693 homicides in Chicago in the last four years, capital punishment was inflicted in only two cases and in only forty-two cases was a life imprisonment sentence imposed.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the discredited explorer, has been sighted in a Munich hotel under the name of Mr. Coleman and family. Michael M. Ryan of Bridgeport, Conn., saw him there.

Mrs. Howard Chanler Christy, wife of the artist, has left the Christy home near Zanesville, O. Friends of the family say that all hope for the expected reconciliation has been abandoned.

Former Senator Joseph Benson Foraker is to take the stump this fall for his old friend and political lieutenant, Warren G. Harding, who is the Republican nominee for Ohio's governorship.

Reports that the holy see has dispatched official protests to the foreign governments against the anti-clerical speech delivered by Ernesto Nathan, the mayor of Rome, are denied in vatican circles.

The Wisconsin state board of canvassers has completed its work, and the official election figures show that La Follette (rep.) for United States senator received 144,056 as against 41,343 for Cook.

Indications are that the meeting of the trans-Mississippi commercial congress, which will be held in San Antonio November 22-25, will be the forum on several heated debates that will be of national interest.

The first fatal accident that has occurred inside of the Kentucky Mammoth Cave in years occurred when Mrs. Helen Day of Wyoming, Pa., fell from a precipice, striking upon the granite and fracturing her skull.

That the United States enjoys the best credit of any nation appears in a comparison of the prices of the government bonds of England, France, Germany, and the United States during the last thirty years.

Petitions asking Governor Harmon to suspend Mayor Marshall of Columbus, Ohio, on charges of gross misconduct in office, growing out of his management of the car strike situation, were formally filed at the governor's office.

Personal.

New Hampshire republicans adopted a progressive platform.

Mrs. Hyde, wife of Dr. Hyde, Kansas City, is critically ill.

The cabinet party at the white house has got under full swing.

The cabinet party at the white house has got under full swing.

New Jersey republicans adopted a ticket that is partly progressive.

Representative White, of the Illinois legislature, repeated his story of being bribed to vote for Lorimer.

Commissioner Herbert Knox Smith says the railroads have secured control of nearly all water terminals.

Notable features of the democratic primaries held throughout Massachusetts were the defeat of two congressmen for renomination, John F. Kelliher in the Ninth district and Joseph F. O'Connel in the Tenth.

The anniversary of the entry into Rome of King Victor Emmanual II was marked by celebrations.

Emperor William arrived at Vienna, and for two days was the guest of Emperor Francis Joseph at Schoenbrunn.

Father Oliver, who delivered a sensational sermon at the funeral of the victims of the charity bazaar in Paris in May, 1907, is dead.

Ambassador Whitelaw Reid has cabled the state department from London that the British government agrees to the projected opium conference.

BROWN HONORED

DEDICATION OF MONUMENT TO FOUNDER OF "MINNESOTA" ACCOMPANIED BY FESTIVITIES.

BIG CROWD AT HENDERSON

Governor Makes Speech in Which Pioneer, Soldier, Editor and Statesman Is Eulogized.

Henderson.—Henderson is filled with 3,000 guests from surrounding territory who came to attend the dedication of the Joseph R. Brown monument. Governor Eberhart presided at the dedication and delivered the principal address of the day.

The city was in holiday attire. A carnival company filled the streets and citizens and guests made merry in one of the biggest celebrations ever held in this city.

Major Brown's life story furnishes one of the most picturesque chapters in Minnesota's history. Born in Hartford, Conn., 1805, he ran away from the printing office to which he was apprenticed and joined the regular army before he was fourteen. Leaving Fort McHenry he was a member of the first detachment of troops sent here, under Lieutenant Colonel Henry Leavenworth, and helped build Fort St. Anthony, the present Fort Snelling.

After several years he left the army and became a trader with the Indians. He lived at Grey Cloud Island and other places. He was the first white man to raise wheat on Minnesota soil, and was also the first white man to visit Lake Minnetonka. The city of Stillwater was laid out by him, and he was the pioneer lumberman on the St. Croix river. Major Brown drove the first wagon over Minnesota's first reel road, the highway between Fort Snelling and Prairie du Chien.

Major Brown took a prominent part in the political affairs of his day. While a member of the legislature of Wisconsin, which then embraced Minnesota, he advocated the creation of the territory of Minnesota and he gave the state its name with the present spelling. Later he was a member and also chief of both houses of the territorial legislature of Minnesota. Brown was editor and owner of the Minnesota Pioneer from 1852 to 1854, the newspaper which later became the Pioneer Press. He was a member of the Democratic wing of the constitutional convention in 1859. Two years before he founded what is now the city of Henderson, and it was through his efforts that the government established trading posts and mills there.

During the Indian outbreak in 1862 he went back into military service and commanded the troops at the battle of Birch Coolie. He also took part in the battle of Wood Lake and was wounded there. He died in 1879 in New York, while on a trip to that state.

The last legislature appropriated $2,000 for a monument to Major Brown. The granite shaft at the base has this inscription: "Joseph R. Brown, Pioneer, Soldier, Statesman, 1805-1879. Founder of Henderson."

CLYDE J. PRIOR ENDS LIFE.

Former Semidji Newspaper Man Worried Over Poor Health.

Bemidji. — Clyde J. Prior, former newspaper man, at one time clerk of the court at Glencoe, and who was nominated at last Tuesday's primaries as Republican candidate for court commissioner of Beltrami county, took his life here.

Poor health and tangled finances are believed to have worried Pryor, who was 41 years old and one of the best known men of northern Minnesota. He was secretary of the Beltrami Commercial club two years and at the time of his death was Ninth district member of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs. Pryor came here six years ago from Crookston, and until a year ago he was engaged in work on the Daily Pioneer. Since Jan. 1st last he had been engaged in the real estate and insurance business.

HIGHWAYMAN IS HONEST.

Man Who Three Years Ago Held Up Bartender Returns Money.

St. Paul.—St. Paul has an honest highwayman. Nearly three years ago he held up a saloon here, masked in approved style and alone, nearly killed the bartender, and departed with a pocket full of cash. He escaped the dragnet of the police department, and Chris Batroot, the proprietor chalked up $51.05 to loss and forgot about it. On Tuesday he received a money order for the full amount, signed George Smith.

ANNULMENT SUITS PUSHED.

Fifty More Filed in Indian Land Cases on White Earth.

Fergus Falls. — Fifty additional suits for the annulment of deeds given by Indians to lands on the White Earth reservation were filed by the government in the United States court here. This makes a total of 159 suits that have thus far been filed for the annulment of these deeds, and the government attorneys state the work has only begun.

Trolley Surveyors At Work.

Mankato.—A surveying crew has begun work here on the proposed electric road from St. Paul through the farming country of southern Minnesota and is working east. The surveying crew is under the supervision of A. Alexandria and comprises 10 men. The men will work through Madison Lake, Waterville, Faribault, Northfield, Farmington and through numerous other towns up to St. Paul. It is said that at least two months' time will be required to complete the surveying work.

ORE DEMAND SMALL.

Navigation on Great Lakes Will Close Earlier Than Usual.

of navigation on the Great Lakes will be tame this year, unless it is enlivened by a spurt in the package freight business. Iron ore and grain have been depended on to give excitement to the closing weeks of the season, but the ore this season will not be a factor, and from present prospects grain will not. There is a possibility the export demand for grain will improve and if it does there may be a rush of tonnage for grain cargoes. It has been a heavy season up to the present in the ore carrying trade, but the ore carriers as a rule are going to quit early. The steel corporation's fleet, the Pittsburg Steamship Company, has announced it will be through with the independent boats in two weeks, and its own fleet will go into winter quarters about November 15, from two to three weeks earlier than usual.

The reason for the steel corporation putting its fleet in winter quarters early lies in the fact that the outlook for the iron and steel trade does not warrant unusual stocks of iron ore at the lower lake ports for consumption between the close of navigation and the opening next spring. From present prospects there will be a large amount of lake tonnage laid up between November 1 and 15. The coal receipts are heavy, and the Duluth railroads, having no car shortage to contend with are giving good dispatch to a large demand for the commodity in the territory which Duluth serves.

NAMES VICAR GENERAL.

Bishop Heffron Chooses Father Devlin of Austin for Important Position.

Winona.—Bishop Patrick Heffron of the diocese of Winona has appointed Rev. Edward H. Devlin of the church of St. Augustine, Austin, Minn., vicar general of the diocese. He has sent a communication to the priests of the diocese making that announcement and making the following appointments for confirmation and visitations: October 6, Clairmont and Mantorville; October 7, Somerset and Moravia; October 9, Owatonna; October 12, Minneiska, October 15, Waseca; October 16, Mankato and Madison Lake; October 20, Albert Lea and Twin Lakes; October 21, St. Mary; October 25; Madelia; October 26, St. James; October 29, Pipestone; October 30, Heron Lake and Dundee; October 31, Worthington; November 22, Ellsworth.

Bishop Heffron will preach the dedicatory sermon on October 12 at the new St. Mary's Catholic church at Minneiska. The dedication will take place in the morning and the blessing of the three bells will occur in the afternoon. Many of the clergy of the diocese will attend.

ST. PETER IS CHOSEN.

German Catholic Benevolent Societies Will Gather There Next Fall.

Stillwater.—St. Peter was selected without opposition by the German Catholic Benevolent societies as the meeting of both sections next year. The insurance branch elected officers and members of the grand council this evening, as follows: President, George N. Gerlach, St. Paul; John A. Schroeder, Minneapolis, treasurer; George Steilzle, Minneapolis, organizer, and Rev. Max Wurst, Wabasha, spiritual advisor, were re-elected by acclamation. Rev. Herman Sumilan, St. Peter, is the new vice president. J. Q. Juenemann, St. Paul, was re-elected secretary over Frank Erling of St. Paul.

There was a lively contest for places on the grand council which serves as the executive committee. The selections were George Thill, St. Paul; Rev. Paulin Wiesner, Stillwater; W. Ellhner, New Ulm; Paul Kemp, Winona, and Senator Julius Coller, Shakopee.

AUTO FALL IS FATAL.

Transient at Rochester Is Thrown From Footboard of Machine.

Rochester.—A transient in Rochester giving the name of J. Wallace is dead as the result of a fall from a moving automobile.

He had been attending the county fair and upon his return to the city sought passage on an auto livery rig that had a capacity load. Wallace mounted the running board and hung on the handle of the car door. He was unable to maintain his equilibrium and in twisting back and forth he accidentally unlocked the door, which flew open and forced him to the ground.

Lighting square upon his head, he was picked up in an unconscious condition and a medical examination revealed a fracture of the base of the skull. He never regained his senses, although he appeared rational at times, and died after a few hours.

Litchfield.—The second annual convention of the Meeker county Sunday School Association held a two-days' session in this city. Mr. Locker of the state association and Rev. J. O. Buswell of Minneapolis delivered addresses.

SHOCK FATAL TO PASTOR.

Rev. Wayland Hoyt, Injured in Collision, Passes Away.

Salem, Massachusetts. — Rev. Wayland Hoyt of Philadelphia, a summer resident of Salem, died. Dr. Hoyt, who was 72 years old, had been suffering from a nervous shock resulting from a carriage accident at Minneapolis last month. He had held pastorates at Pittsfield, Mass., Cincinnati, Brooklyn, Minneapolis and Philadelphia. He is survived by a widow, son and daughter.

Senator Thorpe Withdraws.

Willmar. — The biggest sensation of the campaign in Kandiyohi county occurred when the Republican committee met to consider a letter from Senator L. O. Thoorpe withdrawing from the race for state senator leaving the field clear to Victor E. Lawson, editor of the Willmar Tribune, a progressive, who had filed on the Prohibition ticket. The committee unanimously tendered the position to Chas. W. Odall, cashier of the First National bank of this city and he accepted.

M. E. CONFERENCE

FOR DISTRICT OF NORTH DAKOTA NOW IN SESSION AT BISMARCK.

EXPECT LIVELY MEETING

Bishop Hamilton of Boston Will Make Two Addresses and Commercial Club Will Show Pastors Sights of the City.

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 4.—Two hundred pastors from the Methodist churches of the state have already arrived for the annual conference. It is expected there will be over 300 here before evening. Examinations were held this morning and are being continued this afternoon. The conference proper will be started this evening with a lecture by Prof. Frederick Wright of Oberlin college.

Bishop John W. Hamilton of Boston is the presiding bishop of the conference and is scheduled for two addresses during the week. The conference will close Monday morning with the appointment of pastors to the charges for the following year.

The commercial club has planned a number of excursions and outings for the visitors.

La Follette Under Knife.

Rochester, Minn., Oct. 4.—Senator La Follette was operated upon for gall stones at 8:20 a. m., today and the operation was completed at 8:40 a. m. Eight stones were removed from the gall bladder. The prospects for recovery are good.

All the stones were small. The complications, as diagnosed, were a slight adhesion of the small intestine to the gall bladder, acute inflammation of the pancreas and enlarged lymphatic gland, due to septic matters in the gall bladder.

"Though the danger will not be over for several days on account of these complications, he stood the operation well and the prospects for his recovery are good."

The above bulletin was issued at 11 o'clock today from St. Mary's hospital and was signed by Drs. George Kenan, C. H. and W. J. Mayo.

Traction Engine Explodes.

Grand Forks, N. D., Oct. 4.—Five members of the O. C. Olson family at Drayton were injured yesterday afternoon and one may die from injuries received when a steam traction engine, pulling a set of plows, exploded.

Mrs. Olson sustained a fracture of the skull, Mr. Olson was burned and bruised about the body, while Miss Lona Olson, their daughter, was burned about the lower limbs. Roy Olson received a fractured rib and extensive burns, while Arthur Olson sustained serious burns and bruises.

Doubts are entertained as to the possibility of Mrs. Olson recovering. They were riding on the engine to witness the plowing operations.

$25,000 Fire at Grafton.

Grafton, N. D., Oct. 4.—Approximately $25,000 damage was done in a fire early this morning which destroyed McKay Bros.' garage and two adjoining buildings.

Thieves attempting to remove an automobile from the garage are believed to be responsible, dropping a match on the oil soaked floor, the fire rapidly reaching the automobiles and causing a quick succession of explosions completely enveloping the structure in flames. There was no insurance.

Burn Negro at Stake.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 4.—Six hours after he had committed a criminal assault upon Mrs. Hiram Stuckey, a prominent young woman of Covington county, Bush Withers, a negro "trusty" at the Henderson convict camp, was taken from the warden last night while en route to the prison at Andalusia, tied to a stake by an infuriated mob of 400 men and burned to death.

Corsica Fears Cholera.

Paris, Oct. 4.—Special dispatches from Ajaccio, the capital of Corsica, state that cholera has appeared in Sardinia and that Corsicans fear the epidemic will spread across the Strait of Bonifacio, which separates the islands of Sardinia and Corsica.

Socialist Assassinated.

St. Petersburg, Russia, Oct. 4.—The Novoe Vremya today reports that Evno Azeff, described both as the head of the fighting Russian socialists and as a political police spy has been assassinated at Weisbaden.

Played Indian With Son.

Shabbona, Ill., Oct. 4.—Jos. Nainn, the editor of the Shabbona Express and the Lee Illinois Times, while playing Indian with his 8-year-old son today was shot and fatally wounded by the child.

Miner Killed in Explosion.

Minot, N. D., Oct. 4.—An explosion in the McClure mine at Tasker last evening resulted in the death of George Barningham, a miner employed at the mine for the past two years.

Grand Forks Bank Applies.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The Northern State bank of Grand Forks today made application to be designated as a depository for Postal Savings bank funds.

Son of Famous Journalist Indicted.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Griffin Halstead, son of the famous journalist, the late Murat Halstead, whose well known brokerage firm failed Jan. 17 last, was indicted by the federal grand jury today on charges of embezzlement, false pretenses and larceny.

Gaynor Now Active.

New York, Oct. 3.—Mayor William J. Gaynor is again the active head of the New York city government for the first time since Aug. 9 last, when his intended vacation trip to Europe was cut short by a bullet from the pistol of James J. Gallagher.

Taft to Open Campaign.

Washington, Oct. 1.—President Taft, after spending six days at the White House, left this morning over the Pennsylvania railroad for New York, where tonight he will make an important political speech. Leaving New York at midnight tomorrow, Taft will proceed to Beverly.

Hitt for Guatamala.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 1.—R. S. Reynolds Hitt of Illinois, son of the late representative, who for many years headed the house committee on foreign affairs, was today appointed United States minister to Guatamala.

FEAR RAID ON WINTER

AUTHORITIES OF TOWN FEAR DIETZ WILL MAKE RAID.

Children of Dietz are Wounded by Sheriff and Posse Who Ambushed Them on Way to Town.

Winter, Wis., Oct. 3.—Myra Deitz, the 21-year-old daughter of John Deitz, who was shot Saturday when Sheriff Madden and two deputies fired on the Dietz children as they were driving to this town, was taken to the hospital at Chippewa Falls today.

A score of special deputy sheriffs armed with rifles stood about the train watching for John Dietz who had threatened to come to town and prevent the officers from taking his daughter away. The girl's condition is reported to be about the same as last night, although her wounds are said to be more serious than at first reported.

The attack was made while the three children were on their way to Winter to get their week's supplies for the family.

The shooting which resulted in the wounding of Almyra and Clarence Deitz and their arrest took place at noon yesterday on the road half way between the Deitz cabin on the Cameron dam and the town of Winter.

At noon Clarence Deitz, his brother Leslie and his sister Almyra drove along the road. They were in a buggy and John Deitz was not with them. He had stayed in his cabin home.

When the buggy was opposite the men Madden and his deputies stepped out in the road and called on the occupants of the buggy to hold up their hands. Madden says they did not obey. The shooting followed.

Almyra Deitz was sitting on the lap of her brother Leslie. A bullet struck her in the hip. Clarence Deitz threw himself forward to protect his sister and was hit in the arm. Leslie Deitz slipped to the ground and escaped through the woods, returning to the Deitz cabin.

The wounded man and woman were at once placed in the buggy and taken to Winter. Medical assistance was summoned from Hayward thirty miles away. Both of the prisoners were placed under arrest on warrants.

Coudry, Wis., Oct. 1.—Every able-bodied man in Winter and the surrounding country has been sworn in as a deputy sheriff and the town of Winter and all roads approaching the town are guarded by men armed with rifles, fearing an attack from John Dietz for the shooting of three of his children on Saturday.

Nobody knows what Sheriff Madden will do next, but everybody is expecting more shooting and bloodshed within a few days.

Madden may storm Dietz' stronghold on the Thornapple river or may start a waiting game and try to starve the family out. John Leslie, a son aged 20 who escaped with a bullet hole through his right arm after the attack, Helen aged 14, Johnnie aged 7 and Mrs. Dietz are still in charge of the cabin at Cameron dam and cannot be taken by storming the cabin without a heavy loss of life. Everything is quiet, but everybody seems to feel that something unlooked for may occur at any moment.

LARGE REWARDS OFFERED.

Amount Now Reaches $18,500 for Los Angeles Dynamiters.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 3.—With a reward of $10,000 offered by Mayor Alexander on behalf of the city, the total reward now out for the perpetrators of the dynamite outrage on The Times building here Saturday amounts to $18,500.

So far only five bodies have been recovered from the ruins although an army of 300 workmen are engaged in digging in the twisted and burned mass.

The inquest will be held tomorrow.

Pinned down by tons of twisted steel girders a number of bodies were reported found early today by workmen engaged in removing the debris from the basement of the wrecked Times building.

The situation was found to be such this morning that it was impossible to make any progress in recovering the bodies and a steel crane will have to be placed in order to lift the heavy material away.

Search for Drowned Marines.

New York, Oct. 3.—Search was continued today for the bodies of the United States sailors drowned Saturday evening when the cutter in which they were returning to their ship, New Hampshire, overturned. Up to 11 o'clock this morning not one of the twenty-nine reported drowned had been picked up.

Sixteen others, sailors, are missing from the battleship and are believed to have overstayed their shore leave. The boat and launch crews from the harbor police and battleships today dragged the waters of North river in the vicinity where the boat overturned and also patrolled the shore for miles in either direction.

Predicts Big Epidemic.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 4.—Professor Rein of the Red Cross, who was sent by the government to south Russia to study measures for combatting the cholera, predicts that there will be an outbreak of the epidemic in 1911 more serious than that of the present year.

United States Fears Cholera.

New York, Oct. 3.—The steamer Lapland, one of the two steamers detained yesterday by the health officers of the port in pursuit of their precautions against possible cholera infection, was this morning allowed to proceed to her pier.

Two deaths had occurred on board during the voyage, but neither of these was found to be of a nature to warrant the vessel's further detention. Five of her steerage passengers, however, were sent to Hoffman Island for observation. The steamer Perugia, from Naples and other Italian ports, was still at the quaratine.

Would Tell Only Part.

Chicago, Oct. 3.—State Sen. John Broderick, who is under indictment charged with giving a bribe of $2,500 to State Senator Holstlaw to secure the latter's vote for Wm. Lorimer for United States senator, appeared before the senatorial investigating committee today and sought to make reservations as to his testimony.

Broderick said that he was willing to testify as to the main charges without naming times and places, if he could be excused from undergoing cross examination. He cited the fact that he is under indictment as justifying his demand.

TWENTY KILLED

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION WRECKS LOS ANGELES TIMES OFFICE BUILDING.

MANY BOMBS ARE FOUND

City Is in a State of Panic Over Results—Owner Attributes Outrage to Labor Unions Which Deny Complicity.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 1.—The building and plant of The Los Angeles Times, one of the best known newspapers of the southwest, and of which paper Gen. Harrison G. Otis is editor and principal owner, was completely destroyed by an explosion and fire shortly after 1 o'clock this morning, resulting in the death of upwards of twenty of its employes and a financial loss of nearly half a million.

The management of the paper lays the blame of the explosion to a labor union with which the paper has long been engaged in a bitter warfare. It is charged that unknown parties set off the charge of dynamite in a blind alley which ran into the center of the building, completely wrecking the interior and setting it on fire from roof to basement.

Within a few seconds from the time of the explosion the entire building was a fiery furnace. The crowds that gathered early say they saw many men fall back from windows into the flames. Others leaped and were injured. The editorial rooms were on the third floor, but it is believed the greater part of the men on this floor escaped death.

In addition to the complete plant of The Times the building contained the large jobbing and commercial plant of the American Engraving Co. The property loss is estimated at $500,000.

Within a few minutes after the explosion the police arrested two men near The Times building and they are being held for identification.

The feeling which ran high throughout the city during the day over the Times disaster, was augmented when the discovery was made that a dynamite bomb had been found under the residence of Secretary Zeehandelaar and reached a state of alarm and consternation when the attempt on the Otis residence became known.

Reports of the finding of other bombs were made to police headquarters during the day, but investigation disclosed them to be unfounded. Assistant General Manager Chandler of the Times is authority for the statement that a similar attempt was made to blow up the Times auxiliary plant at College and San Fernando streets a few minutes before the explosion occurred which destroyed the main building.

The succession of tragic events and the rumors of attempted outrages set the populace of Los Angeles in a state of mind bordering on panic. Hundreds of policemen and detectives were busy in every direction running down clues and endeavoring to locate the alleged perpetrators of the crimes. But two arrests have been made and they were on suspicion.

The president of the local typographical union issued orders today that union printers may work in conjunction with non-union printers of the Times in any of the local newspaper offices in getting out the edition of the Times. This was announced after a consultation of the union men and the managers of the other newspapers.

The city council met in special session during the day and appropriated $25,000 for the purpose of determining the cause of the Times explosion and provide a reward of $2,500 for the capture of those responsible for the outrage.

Mayor Alexander and the city council, meeting with other city officers and local union leaders during the day, mutually agreed to call off the big union labor parade planned for next Monday night as a demonstration against local conditions alleged to be hostile to the interests of union labor.

The death list is this morning's disaster probably will total twenty.

There are four known dead and fifteen missing, whose bodies almost to a certainty lie in the still smoking ruins of the building.

Dix Is Nominee for Governor.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 1.—A state convention that will go into history as one of the most remarkable in the history of the democratic party closed last night by nominating John A. Dix, chairman of the party's state committee, and a wealthy Washington county business man to run on a progressive platform of the widest type.

The rest of the ticket:

Lieut. Governor—Thomas F. Conway of Clinton county.

Secretary of State—Edward Lazansky of Kings.

Comptroller—William Schnor of New York.

State Treasurer—John J. Kennedy, of Erie.

Attorney General—Thomas J. Carmody of Yates.

State Engineer and Surveyor—John A. Bendel of New York.

Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals—Frederick Collins of Chemung.

Former Governor Dead.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 1.—Former Governor Broward died today at 12:20 p. m.

Trailing Shipment of Dynamite.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 4.—That progress in the search for the perpetrators of The Los Angeles Times disaster may be made today is indicated by the statement given out here late last night by Earl Rogers, the Los Angeles attorney, who is in charge of the investigation of the explosion.

Rogers said: "We have important information in our possession." He expressed the hope that the investigation would develop sufficiently today to trail the launch "Peerless" in which the dynamite purchased at Giant, Cal., by a trio of suspects now being sought was taken away.

Barge Burns—Crew Saved.

Ludington, Mich., Oct. 4.—The coal barge, Frank L. Vance, bound from this port to Milwaukee, Wis., was burned a few miles off this harbor today, the crew being taken off by the lumber barge, Marshall, in time to save their lives.

The first report reaching here was from Captain McIsaacs of Pere Marquette car ferry No. 19 which sighted the barge on the way in from Milwaukee. The ferry and the Marshall stood by until driven away from the fear of an explosion, the engineers of the coal barge having reported the water low in the boiler.

In Picturesque Burano

by Dr. Habberton Lulham

AN OLD WOMAN OF BURANO

A BURANO YOUTH

A BURANO BEAUTY

A QUAYSIDE IN THE FISHER-ISLAND OF BURANO

A TYPICAL FISHERMAN OF BURANO

THOUSANDS of travelers hopefully seek Venice yearly, their imaginations long fed by the painters and poets who have pictured the beautiful city in hues and terms which, though it may be true to their own highly cultivated senses, tend to bring no little disappointment to the ordinary beholder. For Venice, but too often, proves to the latter not quite the fairy Venice of his visioning, his chief disappointment being, perhaps, its lack of those glowing colors which he has been led by books and picture ... to expect. And nowadays this falling ... of his ideal is increased by the vulgarizing ... of the penny steamboat—the vaporetto, with which the Venetians seem so contented—that ... sets the gondola rocking as it passes, and stirs up that in the sleeping canal waters which had better been let lie; to say nothing of the motor boat, which is threatening to do for the gondola what the "taxi" is doing for our hansoms at home.

If such a traveler be leaving Venice with a sense of disappointment, let him by no means depart till he has visited the fisher island of Burano, for, if he but choose his day and hour well, he will assuredly take home with him a satisfying picture of one spot at least, glowing with color and teeming with a picturesque life, that has outrun his most hopeful imaginings.

There can be few more pleasant experiences on a fine, warm afternoon in spring or autumn—in early May or mid-September for choice—than to take a gondola, with two good rowers, and win one's first sight of Burano.

A gondola it must be, not the vaporetto, that one may arrive alone or with a well-chosen companion, and not as one amongst a crowd of chattering, sight-seeing snapshotters.

The way to Burano takes one through about six miles of lagoon landscape to the eastward of Venice. The island is situated about five miles northeast of Venice, in northern Italy. The chief industries of the people are market gardening, building of boats and fishing; the women are employed principally in lace-making. The island of Torcello also belongs to Burano. It is located on an adjacent isle and the principal attractions that would interest travelers are the two museums of antiquities and the cathedral, which was built in the seventh century and was rebuilt during the year 1008. This cathedral contains many valuable mosaics.

It is a populous little place, with a busy community of fisherfolk and lace-makers. In the struggle for existence it has fared better than its older and once more prosperous neighbors, Mazzorbo and Torcello; the former it has, in fact, annexed by means of a long, arching, wooden bridge, which, seen from the low seat of a gondola, looks like that on a willow-pattern plate.

Approaching the island, one may find one's gondola passing or passed by increasing numbers of fishing boats racing each other home to Burano; finely bronzed, statuesque men stand bending lustily to their oars, their half-clad forms showing many a fine play and molding of muscle. The sails of these boats are of delightful coloring—saffron and sienna, orange, red and burnt umber—and are often emblazoned with fantastic designs, or with stars, flowers or portraits of patron saints.

Then the island, with its leaning campanile, appears before one, its many-tinted walls basking in the late sunlight. Approaching it on its westward side one glides past the opening of a canal that intersects the island, and a first glance reveals a scene that must live long in the memory of any lover of movement and color. The quay sides are lined with fishing boats, newly home, many with their gorgeous sails still swaying idly and glowing in the level rays of the late ... sun. Sunburnt, earringed men are heaping piles of glittering fish before the cottage doors, helped by the women, who add still more color to the scene with the shawls and kerchiefs worn over their heads. These most becoming garments are, however, not as a rule very brilliantly hued, but of mauve, fawn color, or a tawny red, the stronger colors being reserved for the bodices. Shoals of brown children laugh and dance about the shining heaps, thrusting out, here and there, little bare feet to touch and make leap some strangely shaped, brilliantly hued fish.

All is swift movement, glowing colors and vivacious sound, the whole picture backed by the cottage walls, which themselves display many a soft, weather-stained tint, for the Buranelli are fond of washes of pink, light green and primrose color.

There I first met old Pietro, with his crisp, white curls, ruddy bronze, and merry laugh, despite his ninety years and many seasons of toil in the boats, still cheerfully making his daily cast of nets. Old Nonna, his wife, was herself only a few years younger, but possessing a head of thick, wavy white hair, of which any woman twenty years her junior might have been proud. Always busy was she, mending, cooking, cleaning, and always, it seemed, happy, with a smiling word for every passer-by.

There, too, dwelt little Adelle, their granddaughter, an incarnation of youthful loveliness and delight in life. Merry, gracious, tender-hearted Adelle, with your great brown eyes, tossing curls, and flash of teeth, with your dancing feet and quick, helpful hands, how many pictures and memories you gave us, little one! I recall how when first we landed from our gondola, and the bandit horde of village children came flying down the shore, leaving their games to crowd around us, with their cries of "Soldi, soldi, signore!" you, like a proud little princess, remained behind, by the ruined wall, tying your bunch of rosy flowers.

Yet once you did beg; it was when you took us to see that poor, wasted little friend of yours, sitting at her cottage door, bending so frailly over her pillow lace; then you took her small, thin hand and drew it toward me, whispering a shy "Soldi" in my ear, and I felt proud of my little friend and her way of begging.

And again I see you, with your young rogue of a brother, Beppo, putting out in the small, light gondola—sandola, did you call it?—one May evening at moonrise, to take the same little friend's bunch of pink Judas-blossom across the lagoon and lay it before the shrine of the Fisherman's Madonna, that stood up solitary out of the shadowy waters, there to offer up your simple prayer for her recovery.

The Burandelli are an independent spirited, hardy, strongly marked race, but their dialect is one of a caressing softness; slurring and half-singing their words, they dwell on the vowel sounds till the consonants well-nigh disappear, and each sentence ends in a sort of crooning diminuendo.

One is loath to leave the little island and row home at last. But the lagoon is quieting down to a pearly gray in the evening light, though still flushed to westward with a faint rose, which touches also the far-away peaks of the Euganean hills. Presently the moon rises behind Murano, and ere long a welcoming path of reflected lamplights shines on the water, from Riva and Piazetta, and soon Danielli's landing stage receives one again. But that first glimpse of the brilliant, vivid scene in the fisherman's canal at Burano, of the healthy, handsome old faces and the laughing young ones, will haunt a grateful memory for many a day.

And Adelle herself may still be found there, only two years older, and still, one may hope, wreathing her flowers, tending her old folk and her little friend, working busily at her lace, and affording, in her gracious being, recompense for many a disillusionment of travel.

A NOTE OF SYMPATHY

Immediately on knowing of a death in the family of a friend one should show formal recognition of the fact, even though the acquaintance be slight. Only if one is really an old friend does one send a note or go to the house, but unless some attention is paid to the affliction those who are undergoing it have no way of knowing whether the others from whom they have not heard are aware of it.

To post one's visiting card, or, better still, to leave it at the house in person is the most formal way one may do. Something may be written on the card or not, as one chooses; but, generally speaking, if one writes at all the form should take that of a note and not a line on a card, which may always be considered casual, saving the bother of a note. The card, which should be accompanied also by that of the husband when a woman is married, is addressed to the widow or widower, as the case may be, or to the parents when the death has been that of a child.

Flowers which may be sent are addressed to the head of the house and visiting cards are placed in the box. It is not good form to send them when funeral notices request that flowers shall be omitted. If one is keenly desirous of expressing a sympathy which is felt, one may wait until after the funeral services and send flowers to the person most deeply bereaved, as the wife, or widow. Only at that time are blossoms received by an individual; that is, any sent before a funeral are supposed to be for use at the services and are not retained in the house. Those sent several days afterward are undoubtedly meant for the use of the individual to whom they are addressed.

It is a very pretty thought to show such an attention a week or so after a funeral, for those in affliction are more than apt to feel that their grief is quickly forgotten by their friends, who are all sympathy at first. It is not necessary that any note shall accompany the box, but the recipient is required to send a note of thanks, written either by herself or another member of the family or a friend for her.

Exact Knowledge Counts

Congressman Will Listen Closest If the Speaker Is Familiar With His Subject.

In an interview Congressman Weeks related his experience on first entering congress. He said he soon realized that a member who was thoroughly familiar with even one subject could maintain the attention of his audience better than a congressman who could talk fairly well on almost any subject. A measure came up involving the custom of "hazing" at Annapolis, and as he was a graduate, he was urged to say something in behalf of the bill. "You may not have as good a chance for five years to speak on a subject which you so thoroughly understand," said his colleague. He asked the speaker for an opportunity to state his views in five minutes. "When I rose to make my little speech," said Mr. Weeks, "the members were in the usual state of disorder, talking, writing, lounging or coming in or going out. 'Mr. Speaker,' I said as loudly as I could, with the idea of making my voice heard above the din, 'I am a graduate of the Naval academy at Annapolis.' Before I got any further, to my surprise, the noise ceased. Men stopped and looked at me with attention, as though saying to themselves: 'Here is a man who knows whereof he speaks. We will listen to what information he may be able to give.' Since then," continued Mr. Weeks, "I have found that exact knowledge on any subject under discussion will always gain the attention of the house of representatives."

Shoe Salesman's Stool.

A new shoe salesman's stool is provided with small mirrors on each side of the foot rest, to enable a customer to get side views of a shoe he is trying on and also to afford a degree of privacy.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS IN EUROPE CAUSE ANXIETY

KAISER WATCHING THE NEW RAPID FIRING GUNS

GERMANY'S NEW NAVAL BASE

LONDON.—Great Britain is watching with considerable anxiety the activity of the German kaiser on the little island of Borkum, off the northwest coast of Hanover, where a new naval base has been established. It was there that two British officers were arrested recently as spies, in retaliation for which the British arrested a German officer named Helm. The German army has just acquired a new rapid firing gun that fires 600 shots per minute, and is safe and accurate. It has been approved by the emperor.

AGAINST THE HOBBLE SKIRT

Dress Designer from Paris Says It Is Horrible and Sidesteps Women Who Wear Them.

New York.—C. Poynter Redfern of Paris, dress designer, arrived here the other day to witness the opening of his new place in this city.

Redfern said he was bringing no new designs that would thrill us, and while a number of women on board "hobbled" near him, he seemed to move aside every time a hobble skirt came along.

"Don't you like the hobble skirt?" he was asked.

"No, I do not," he replied, "although I suppose I shouldn't say anything about them. They are horrible. I never did like anything that is extreme in the dress line. Women should have freedom in dress. Those skirts are too tight.

"We are not going in for them at all. The new style will be the long waist of the Louis XV type. There is a tendency in that direction in Paris now. Mme. Cecil Sorel wore such a waist at the opera lately and created quite a sensation.

"I'm not bringing styles here because you get them just as soon as they are out."

Centenarian a Pedestrian.

Worcester, Mass.—Although two years past the century mark, Patrick Burns, the oldest man in this county, walked from his home, near Brookfield, to his son's home, on the North Brookfield road, more than ten miles, in two hours and fifty-one minutes. He attracted much attention and was followed by a small army of admirers.

Burns has been in the habit of taking a walk each day, but never attempted so long a walk before. Burns has voted for most of the presidents of the United States.

BIRCH LEAVES FALL

Work of Skeletonizer Moth, Says Massachusetts Forester.

Scores of Letters From Different Parts of State Inquiring as to Cause Damage Done by the Tineid Moth.

Boston.—During the last two weeks the state forester, F. W. Rane, has received scores of letters from different parts of the state, inquiring into the cause of the damage to the birch trees, the leaves of which everywhere have become yellow or brown and are dropping off. So general is the desire for information that the state forester, through the medium of the press, desires to give the public the following facts:

The insect causing the damage is known as the birch-leaf skeletonizer (bucculatrix canadensisella), one of the tineid moths. The outbreak of the insect is by no means unprecedented, as a similar condition obtained over a considerable portion of Massachusetts in 1901, also in the eastern portion of New York state.

Little is known concerning the life history and habits of the insect. The moth is small, wings expanding about three-fourths of an inch. The larvae, or caterpillars, measure less than one-quarter inch long and occur the latter part of August or early in September, feeding on the soft parenchyma of the leaf and skeletonizing it thoroughly. At this time small oval cocoons may be observed here and there on the leaves. These are spun by the caterpillar during a molt. The true cocoons are brownish yellow ribbed structures about one-fifth inch in length.

These may be so abundant as to give color to portions of infested leaves. They are spun during the latter part of September and the insect passes the winter within. No permanent injury to the trees is likely to follow the attack of this insect, as the pest has shown that its outbreaks have been quickly suppressed by natural enemies.

By an act recently passed by the legislature the state forester is authorized to accept on behalf of the commonwealth bequests or gifts to be used in furthering the forestry interests in the state.

This act enables owners of waste land which is of no present value and on which the taxes are looked upon as so much money thrown away, an opportunity to free himself of the burden and be assured at the same time that the land will be converted into a forest growth which will add much to the value of the surrounding property and improve the scenic beauty of the section.

It is also hoped that public spirited parties will contribute to the undertaking and make possible the purchase of some of the low priced land in the commonwealth.

Of the 700,000 acres of waste land in the state, it seems a portion of this large area might be brought into value and act as an example to encourage land owners to undertake forest planting themselves.

EVERY HOUSE HAS ITS BABY

Benevolent Stork Is Busy Bird In Small Connecticut Town—Everybody Is Supplied.

Waterbury, Conn.—Terry's Bridge is a little knife town north of here, with less than one hundred families.

The special Sunday school service of the Union chapel was scarcely opened when one of the infant class, bursting with pride and excitement, announced to the room:

"We have got a little baby sister at our house. The doctor brought her this morning."

Another girl spoke up, "He brought one to our house, too, a little while ago."

"Yes," announced a third, with all the conviction of childhood, "he is going to bring everybody one now. Papa said we were going to have one the first time we were good a whole week."

Weight of Earth.

New York.—Mother Earth weighs seven trillion tons. Reinhart A. Wetzel, instructor in physics at the College of the City of New York, has finished a series of experiments by which he has computed the weight of this mundane sphere. According to instructor Wetzel the result is more nearly accurate than has hitherto been obtained. The apparatus used in the experiments was so delicate that they were carried on entirely after midnight to avoid even the jarring of footfalls in the farthest corridor.

WEE BEETLE INJURES TREE

Entomologist Blames Boring Insect for Withering Dogwoods—Remedy Now Lacking.

Philadelphia.—Householders who have been wondering why the branches of the dogwood trees in their yards and in front of their houses were withering need wonder no longer. Scientific investigation of the entomologist of the Academy of Natural Sciences have established the fact that the trees are being destroyed by a "boring, fleshy, wormlike larva of a Buprestis beetle, a medium-sized, thick-necked insect of dull color.

This was announced by Witmer Stone, the curator of the academy. He explained that many specimens of dogwood trees had been submitted to the entomologist and that he had examined them carefully.

The conclusion is reached that this insect is doing the damage. It is a mite of a beetle and deposits its eggs under the bark. Its color is such that it is not easily noticed, which accounts for the fact that so many persons have been puzzled over the cause of the destruction of the dogwood trees.

Ends of the slender branches of the ornamental dogwoods have withered and dropped off. When examined with the naked eye nothing was discernible. But the entomologist used the microscope and got at the root of the trouble. He was quick to blame the damage on the apparently harmless insects that multiply by the millions and that have been eating the life out of countless dogwood trees throughout the city.

No suggestion is made at this time as to a possible remedy, but the assurance is given that an effort will be made to find something that can be used effectively in killing these destructive bugs.

Big Peach and Apple Crops.

Washington.—The peach, apple and tomato crops will be the largest in the history of Niagara peninsula, according to Consul Webster, at Niagara Falls, Canada.

YOSEMITE WATERS IN RUSH

Tourists In Panic When Falls, Dry for Several Weeks, Is Flooded by Huge Cloudburst.

Yosemite, Cal.—Yosemite Falls, one of the sights of the valley, which has been dry for several weeks, because of the lack of rain, was restored to activity the other evening with a suddenness that caused a panic among the guests at the hotel.

Shortly before seven o'clock, a wall of water plunged over the top of the fall, coming without warning. The solid mass of water took the 2,600-foot leap to the bottom, landing with a roar that could be heard for miles.

The volume of water now pouring over the falls is equal to that of any spring high water record.

While no definite news has been received, it is supposed there was a cloudburst in the mountains.

Guests at the hotel were at dinner when the crash of the falling water came. They leaped to their feet in alarm, deafened by the noise, and made their way outside to witness the unusual spectacle

HIS CUSS WORDS ON RECORD

French Cabinet Officer Wouldn't Stand for Long-Drawn-Out Formality of Office.

Paris.—The present minister of marine, Admiral Bouse de Lapeyrere, is not used to red tape. Recently a French engineer sent a model of a new torpedo to the department.

The minister ordered the necessary tests to be made, but was informed that he might expect a report in six months' time.

The minister was astonished, and took prompt steps to remedy this state of affairs. He first called together the committee, and much to their astonishment, formally dissolved it.

Then, summoning a young officer of high technical attainments, he ordered him at once to examine the new torpedo, and to furnish a detailed report of it in three weeks.

There is a touch of the much honored Nelson about this. It reminds one, too, of John Nicholson, the hero of Delhi, who once kicked a bundle of government regulations across his office, remarking cheerfully: "That's what I do with these things."

Money for Baubles.

New York.—Gen. Howard Carroll, who has returned after an automobile tour of Europe, criticises the "extravagances of tourists from this country," who "spent $250,000,000 in Europe this year for baubles; souvenirs, jewelry and traveling expenses."

He said there were no grapes in Germany, and that France had few. In consequence he predicted a wine shortage.

Girls to Learn Plumbing.

Chicago.—A course in plumbing is an innovation announced by Superintendent Ella Flagg Young.

"So many girls know no more about the water and gas used in kitchens than 'turn the faucet and the water flows,' or 'the gas is ready to light,'" said Mrs. Young. "We want them to know more about these matters, from a sanitary viewpoint."

Tickl... ...the Throat

"Just a little tickling in the throat!" Is that what troubles you? But it hangs on! Can't get rid of it! Home remedies don't take hold. You need something stronger—a regular medicine, a doctor's medicine. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral contains healing, quieting, and soothing properties of the highest order. Ask your doctor about this. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Constipation positively prevents good health. Then why allow it to continue? An active liver is a great preventive of disease. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. What does your doctor say?

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN B. KING C. B. C. BAKER
KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

RED LAKE IS DIFFERENT!

The Gazette has maintained in its anti division arguments that simply because some other and smaller counties of the state have lower rates of taxation than Red Lake county is no indication that to divide Red Lake county will result in lower taxation.

In an attempt to show that our contentions are wrong the Thief River papers last week made a comparison between Red Lake county and Kanabec county, a county having fifteen townships. The argument is concluded with the statement that—

> "Kannebec county has a handsome court house and hardly any debts of any kind. Red Lake is different."

Yes, Red Lake is different. And isn't that just the point? Will the reduced Red Lake or the proposed Pennington county be in the class with Kanabec that "has a handsome county court house and hardly any debts of any kind."

When Red Lake county was set off from Polk county the new county had to assume a part of Polk's debts and to pay a large sum for transcribing the records. That gave the new county a big load of debts and all county improvements yet to be made, and that condition is responsible in a large measure for Red Lake county's present indebtedness. The county tax levy was small for a number of years for the reason that it was felt that the people of the new county could not afford to pay more taxes than were absolutely necessary to keep the county government going.

The new county of Pennington, if created, will have to pass through a similar experience. It will have to pay a part of Red Lake county's debts as Red Lake county had to pay a part of Polk's. Then there will be the expenses of transcribing records and the cost of a handsome court house before it will be in the class with Kanabec.

And then it won't be in the class with Kanabec, after all, will it?—because Kanabec has a handsome county court house and "hardly any debts of an kind."

Yes, Pennington will be quite different, for it will have an indebtedness of more than $100,000.00 while Kanabec "has hardly any debts of any kind."

The Gazette still maintains that there is no fair comparison between the smaller counties of the state and the condition that will exist here if the county is divided.

"Do not tell me that it is unmanly, slavish, cowardly, not to resent an injury," said Cardinal Gibbons in his sermon at the Eucharistic congress. "It is the conventional language of depraved popular opinion. It is the highest type of moral courage to condone an injury. It is the part of the animal man to avenge an insult. It is only God and the sons of God that have the unanimity to forgive."

Roosevelt wouldn't sit with Lorimer, and in less than twenty-four hours sat with Boss Cox in Cincinnati, a man who could teach Lorimer more about political corruption than any other man since Tweed's time, says the Little Falls Herald. Cox's influence is needed to elect son-in-law Longworth to congress, so critics say. But, as has been often said Roosevelt can do what no one else can and still remain popular. Nevertheless with all his tremendous inconsistencies, his supreme egotism, and dislike of all reform except his own, he can do if he will, more good than any other American by broadening the opinions of those who believe in him.

JAMES GRAY'S "KEYNOTE."

St. Paul Pioneer Press: James Gray, the Democratic candidate for governor, in his keynote speech delivered at Fergus Falls, makes a decidedly comprehensive, clear and interesting statement on his attitude on what he considers the leading issues of the campaign, including both the chief declarations of the party's platform and, in several instances taking advanced ground.

Those who were fortunate enough to hear Mr. Gray doubtless will be charmed by his personality and his individuality as demonstrated in his speeches and will at the same time, receive from him a clear-cut unequivocal statement of his attitude on the issues upon which the contest is to be won or lost.

Mr. Gray's keynote speech follows closely along the declarations of the party platform except in the matter of county option and his reference to the recent findings of Judge Otis in the railway rate cases. He argues that a state which creates a corporation can not be expected to lose control and regulation of its creature, and he pledges his best efforts to protect and defend Minnesota's sovereign power in this respect.

Wheelock's Weekly: James Gray has captured Otter Tail county by his address here Tuesday night. He will, without question get one of the largest votes in the county's history. His views are those held by a majority of our citizens, regardless of party—that majority referred to by Senator Sageng in his introduction of the speaker as being carved out of the solid ranks of both old parties, in favor of the rule of the people and opposed to privilege and plunder. Mr. Gray's slogan, "Restore the Rights of the People," is one which every true man and every advocate of truer government should stand by and work for. It cannot be successfully assailed. It cannot fail to create everywhere the enthusiasm that it has here. It is the forerunner of the people's victory in November, in the triumphant election of James Gray to succeed John A. Johnson.

MERRILL C. TIFFT
Democratic Candidate For Lieutenant Governor

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: A cheerful man is a pessimist's idea of a fool.

Life is a grind, but the world is full of cranks.

The future and the past are near relations to the present.

The next best thing to being rich is to have people think you are.

A man makes his mark and then his wife is apt to make him toe it.

Today is the time to do things; tomorrow is the time to do nothing.

Throw on the emergency brake when you find yourself talking too much.

Be sure your sins will find you out—but if they don't your neighbors will.

Some men expect others to agree with them even when they don't agree with themselves.

We once heard of a man who loved to pay his debts but we have forgotten his address.

Considering what most people are willing to do for money, it's a wonder there are not more millionaires.

Men are inclined to boast, yet statistics show that three out of four of us are buried at some one else's expense.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: When a man thinks he has a good disposition he doesn't mean at home.

Anybody who knows enough not to get married has acquired his wisdom by being it already.

All the things the Bible teaches he can learn over again hundreds of times without ever trying any of them.

A man thinks he had a singing voice when he was a boy, and a woman that her hair curled naturally when she was a girl.

A woman always has a good time going out to dinner if her husband will pretend he knows he would have got a better one staying home.

TAKING THE SCHOOLS OUT OF POLITICS

Continued From Page 1.

at the state capitol wise to the situation who put it up to him where he couldn't get away.

The Law Plain.

For there never was any doubt what the law is. The Minnesota law is copied from the New York law. The New York law has been tested repeatedly. It was declared good by the highest court in the state. In cases of this sort decisions in the court here the act was originally passed are cited as conclusive in other states which adopt the law. All that had to be done here was to find out the number of shares of Great Northern Stock Kennedy had and its market value on the day of his death and then make a demand on the estate for the inheritance taxes due. The estate could not resist payment, as indeed it did not in this case. Nevertheless Simpson hummed and hawed over the matter and would probably have laid it down altogether if he hadn't been pushed.

A Decision Held up.

It is rumored that a decision has been reached at the attorney general's office with respect to the McHale ordinance. It is said that the decision, which was written by a minor official in the legal department, holds that to secure a liquor license the applicant must prove that he has at least a 50 per cent ownership in the business. The opinion, although approved by the attorney general, will not be given out until after the election, however, as its political effect might be unfortunate.

Why He Sat Tight.

Some time ago it was rumored that Mr. Peterson of this department was to be candidate for judge in the Fergus Falls District. Mr. Peterson has had charge of the timber cases the successful issue of which is not the least of the feathers in the cap of the department. He is regarded in the profession as the ablest lawyer at the capitol, the secretary of the state not excepted. Mr. Simpson did not object to Mr. Peterson's getting into the fight, but suggested to him that if he did he would have to cut loose from his job in the attorney general's office. Peterson couldn't see his way clear to giving up a certainty for an uncertainty and so reluctantly gave up his ambition. The fact is said to be that Simpson would have been well satisfied to have him go, and had picked out Judge Nethway of Stillwater as his successor. Nethway is a good deal a politician, has influential connections, and Simpson has wanted to take care of him for some time.

Ole Through Plowing.

Things are so in Otter Tail county that Senator Sageng has no opposition. I am told that such arrangements have been made that he will give the greater part of his time between now and election to spellbinding for Gray. Anyone who has a chance shouldn't miss hearing him. They will understand then better why, without party at all behind him, he is so strong with the people of his district that opposition melts away. And he acts as good as he talks. No man made a better record in the legislature.

Ed. a Trifle Shy.

People are wondering why Ed. Smith didn't go down to Mankato to take part in the demonstration for Eberhart. Ed. really ought to show himself now and then. People would naturally like to meet the man who is the real representative of the power behind the throne and gives out the orders and the stuff.

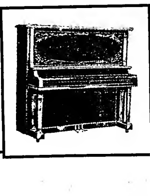
Eberhart Recruits.

Whatever doubt there may be as to the attitude of others there is no question where the liquor interests are in this campaign. The Scott county agent of the Hamm Brewing Co., marshalled a delegation 200 strong which boarded the train at Shakopee to hear the governor open the campaign at Mankato. In Moorhead liquor men, who had up to that time been part of the Democratic organizations, would have nothing to do with Gray's reception. The liquor interests are pulling every string there is and have done, it is said, on the national body to strengthen the campaign fund. The Republican State Central committee is setting up no such roar as they were in the last campaign about not being able to shake down anything, Ed. Smith says, on the contrary, that so far as that is concerned they are on Easy street.

—PAUL PRY.

You Can Win This Beautiful

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
Name..............................
Address..............................
If voted before November 3, 1910.



Nomination Ballot
Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest
Name..............................
Address..............................
Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

List of Prizes Offered.

Our newspaper contest is on and every lady has a chance to win a prize. You certainly have use for one of the prizes we are offering and the way to get one is to save your coupons and ballots. The following is a description of the prizes.

The beautiful Don Pierre piano, known as the grand prize, is one of America's leading instruments and in the past year has become popular thruout the west. It possesses several features and valuable improvements found in no other piano. It stands four feet ten inches, is doubled veneered throughout in fancy mahogany, has double repeater sticker action, imported music wire and is warranted for ten years from the date of shipment and the makers guarantee to replace free of charge any imperfections that may develop in that time.

The parlor organ that we are offering is without doubt the handsomest and one of the best constructed organs on the market. It is one of the latest designs and of the piano style. The instrument is warranted for ten years. The organ looks like a piano and can not be distinguished except in tone. It is made in solid oak finish.

The $40.00 New Fireside sewing machines are made by the largest sewing macine firm in the world. Others have imitated these machines, but none have equaled them. They consist of a full drop golden oak embossed case with four full length drawers, transfer tape measures and brass trimmed turned knobs. Invisible automatic lifting device that swings the sewing head close to the operator. A complete set of solid steel foot attachments packed in a velvet lined box goes with each machine. The machines are fully warranted for ten years.

We offer 20 year gold watches with Elgin movements, which sell at retail the world over. The Elgin stands foremost among watches and is recognized as America's leading time piece. The Elgin is so widely advertised and known that it needs no recommendation.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

1st prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing mahine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as necessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

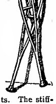
9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The contest will close at 6 p. m., Jan. 16, 1911.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM



Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S. S. S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.

I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S. S. S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S. S. S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.
THOS. POTTS.
111 Main St., Johnston City., Pa.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 68, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Notice of Tax Sale of Unredeemed Lands in Red Lake County, Minnesota, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Revised Laws of 1905, as Amended by Chapter 430, General Laws 1907.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 936, 937 and 938 of Revised Laws of 1905, as amended by Chapter 430, General Laws 1907, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 14th day of November, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the County Auditor in the county court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land situate in Red Lake County, bid in for the State and not assigned to purchasers or redeemed within three years from the date of the tax sale at which said parcels were offered and so bid in by the State, will be offered at public sale, and will be sold to the highest bidder therefor. No parcel will be sold for a less sum than the aggregate taxes, penalties, interests and costs charged against it, unless the cash value thereof fairly determined by the State Auditor, shall be less than such aggregate, provided, however, that all parcels bid in for the State, for the taxes of 1901 or prior years, and not assigned to purchasers, or redeemed as aforesaid, may be disposed of for one-half of the total taxes as originally assessed. Purchasers shall forthwith pay the amount of their respective bids to the County Treasurer. Said sale will begin at the time and place named above and will continue from day to day until every such tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale, under the provisions of such statutes. The list of said real property subject to said sale, and which will be so offered for sale, unless previously redeemed, is now on file in the office of said County Auditor and of the State Auditor of said State.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the County Treasurer, at or any time before sale, and within sixty (60) days after proof of service of the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been filed with the County Auditor.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served, as provided in Section 956, Revised Laws 1605, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the State, to the person entitled thereto. (See Section 938 R. L.)

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, October 1st, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Seal of County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn. 06-27

Sale of Ditching Jobs.

Notice is Hereby Given, That on the 22nd day of October, 1910, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., at my office in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 49 of Red Lake county, established by the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, by their order bearing date July 29th, 1910, viz: For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence, successively, up stream to the one including the source being Stations "0" to Stations "211" of the Main Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 31,931.0 cubic yards and from Station "0" to Stations "210" of the Branch Ditch both inclusive with a yardage of 42,194.0 cubic yards, contemplating the total excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth the same to be placed along the sides of the ditch in such a manner as to form a turnpike or grade in the time and manner prescribed in the plans, profiles, maps and specifications of the civil engineer in charge, all on file in my office, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work: said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified, in said Engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent. over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the Auditor of said County, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows:

The excavation and removal of 74,125.0 cubic yards of earth as herein above stated at an estimated cost of Seven Thousand Four Hundred twelve and 50-100 ($7412.50) Dollars.

The estimated total cost of the work is $10,162.50 Dollars.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Auditor of said County, for not less than ten per cent. of the amount of each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated September 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County,
State of Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.) 229-013

No. 9837
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY
Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

LAWRENCE O. MURRAY,
(SEAL) Comptroller of the Currency.

Some Shoes Can't Shrink—and Why

Suppose your tailor made you a suit of clothes without sponging the cloth—what happens? Get into the rain and it's a sure thing that good looking suit will be "little brother" size. And the same with shoes.

In making shoes the leather must be moist so that it will be pliable and easily worked.

But if you take out the lasts, over which they are made, before the leather is thoroughly dry, the shoes will shrink out of shape when worn.

Some manufacturers do this to save money. We leave the lasts in to the end. Means the shoes are "foot shape" when they reach you—and it means too, they stay that shape, because all of their shrinking is done right in our factory.

Number 8584 Ladies' Gun Metal Blucher. Combines style and service.

One reason why you should insist on

The Gotzian Shoe

"FITS LIKE YOUR FOOTPRINT"

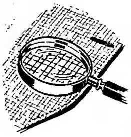
Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

MAKE YOUR SHIPMENTS

to a responsible house of long experience and all the chances are in your favor. There is nothing gained or saved by shipping to a house because their solicitor is a good story teller. The commission will be the same.
Of course you want your grain handled by careful men.

THE VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON CO.

MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH WINNIPEG KANSAS CITY



O. K. of Experts On Every Inch of These Clothes

BEFORE your Clothcraft suit comes to us, every inch of the materials—every stitch—every point of the workmanship and style have passed under the eyes of experts and have received their approval.

This expert examination is *guaranteed* to you. On the back of the maker's guaranty—which you will find in the right inside coat pocket—you will find the examiner's number.

The guaranty of the famous Clothcraft clothes insures to you an absolutely All-Wool suit at $10 to $25. You never heard of anything else like this in clothes.

It insures you correct style right up to the minute—the non-breakable coat front—clothes that have lasting shape. When you can have all this *guaranteed* to you in Clothcraft, why take less for your money?

Theo. LaBissoniere

The Reliable Clothier

Clothcraft All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co.

66 Jefferson Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

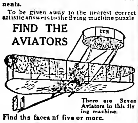
FREE

1st. Diamond Ring
2d. Diamond Brooch
3rd. Chest of Fine Silver, 50 Pieces
4th. Solid Gold Watch
5th. Solid Gold Chain
6th. Ladies' Silver Mesh Hand Bag
7th. Pearl Opera Glasses
8th. Gentlemen's Watch Fob
9th. Fountain Pen
10th. Scarf Pin

$450.00 money value Prizes will be divided Free to the most skillful contestants.

To be given away to the nearest correct artistic answers to the flying machine puzzle

FIND THE AVIATORS



There are Seven Aviators in this flying machine.

Find the faces of five or more.

These Prizes are given absolutely free to advertise our Factory, and to attract attention to our Money Saving Plan.

DIRECTIONS.—Outline each face on this or a separate piece of paper. To the neatest correct answers will be given the above presents in order named. Only one person in each family permitted to enter. All expert penmen barred.

Contest Closes October 25, 1910.

Send answers with self addressed envelope plainly written to

Segerstrom Piano Mfg. Co.

902 Nicollet Avenue

Makers of the Famous Segerstrom Pianos. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Auditors Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss..

In the matter of the petition of Ole Omundson and others, for a public ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 56.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 56, beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet west of the section corner between section twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) in township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-two (42), west of the 5th P. M., running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: Due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections twenty-eight (28) and thirty-three (33), twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32) and sections thirty (30) and thirty-one (31) to a point twenty (20) feet north and twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of said section thirty (30), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in County Ditch Number Thirty-three (33), Red Lake County, Minnesota, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of the said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:

Osten Hansen, Ole J. Nomland, Nils O. Burungrud, Carrier Baner, Halvor Hjehlen, Oliver Gunderson, George M. Gunderson, Sven D. Rosland, Andrew Furseth, Ole L. Ottum, Emil O. Uggerud, Ole J. Wicknm, Paul J. Trundvet, Mortin Quist, Oscar Ostrem, Peter H. Stenbjeim, Martin P. Mork, John J. Hegarness, Ole Omundson, et. al., Lars Matson, Karl Beiswingor, Henry H. Hanson, Township of Silverton and the United States of America and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 21st day of October, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Notice is Also Hereby Given, That the County Board at the same time, place and hour will consider the adjourned hearings, on the County Ditches petitioned for by John J. Sorum and Sam S. Huseby, known as County Ditches Nos. 50 and 54 respectively, on the engineer's and viewers' reports thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditches are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

Dated September 26th, 1010.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal) s20-o13

Proposed Amendments
—TO THE—
Constitution
—OF—
Minnesota
—BY—
The Legislature
General Session
1909.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1, 1910.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1909 and which are to be submitted to the electors in said state at the general election in 1910.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 506 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to authorize the payment by the State from the State Road and Bridge Fund of one-half of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein, and is an amendment of Section 16 of Article 9 of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided further, that in no case shall more than one-third (⅓) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund," and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add in such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided, further, that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

EFFECT. The present Constitution authorizes the payment by the State, out of such fund so created of ONE-THIRD (1-3) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein. If this amendment is adopted the State could then pay ONE-HALF (½) of the cost of constructing any such road or bridge, and the effect of the amendment is thus to increase the amount which the State may lawfully pay toward such purpose.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 507 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to repeal the provisions of Section 11 of Article IX of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 11. There shall be published by the treasurer, in at least one newspaper printed at the seat of government, during the first week in January of each year, and in the next volume of the acts of the legislature, detailed statements of all moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, for what purposes and to whom paid, and by what law authorized; and also of all moneys received, and by what authority and from whom."

EFFECT. The Constitution requires the treasurer to publish yearly a detailed statement of the moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, giving the names of the persons to whom paid and the purposes for which it was expended. It also requires a like statement of the names of the persons, and the sources, as to money received, and in both cases a statement of the law under which payments were made, or money paid into the treasury. The effect of this Amendment, if the same be adopted, will be to repeal the section of the Constitution mentioned and insofar relieve the treasurer from such publication. This change in the Constitution, however, would not prevent the legislature from hereafter directing by law that such, or a different publication, of the same or other information should be made by the Treasurer.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 508 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 17, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment, by the State of Minnesota, of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, including the necessary expenses of giving effect to this act, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment, if adopted, will be to authorize the State to become a trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or either. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax imposed by the legislature upon the lands of such persons, ONLY, as shall voluntarily list the same with their respective county auditors for that purpose. Under it there could be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. The legislature is also authorized to include in such fund the necessary expenses of administration of the law. The adoption of the amendment will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund and to provide for the disbursement of same by the officers of the State; but any payments to be made by the State, by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from such fund and from no other. In the settlement of any such damages the State would assume no liability beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable. A similar amendment was offered at the general election of 1908, but not adopted. The amendment then offered read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The main difference between the amendment now offered, and the one last quoted, being that the legislature is now to be authorized, in addition to providing a fund for the purpose of paying damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, to further provide an additional tax upon the lands of the persons so listing the same, to meet the necessary expenses incurred in the administration of the law and thus relieve the State therefrom. This last provision was not included in the amendment offered in 1908.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed Amendment is contained in Chapter 509, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section 23 of Article IV of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and every tenth year thereafter. At their first session after each enumeration so made, and also at their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section second of this article."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year 1915, and every ten (10) years thereafter. At any session after any enumeration of the inhabitants of this state made pursuant to law and also at any session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or any of the same, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section 2 of this article."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment will be to direct the legislature to provide for a census of the inhabitants of the State in the year 1915, and every tenth year thereafter, and will also authorize the legislature to change the boundaries of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or of any one of such districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts, at any session after any State or Federal census. If adopted, the legislature might therefore, if it deems best, change at any session the boundaries of such districts and apportion anew the senators and representatives and thus redistrict the State every two years.

FIFTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fifth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 510, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 18, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 18. To secure a sustained yield of timber for the use of the people of this state, the proper officials shall annually levy and collect a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property within this state, the proceeds of which shall be used for the purchase of land better adapted for forestry purposes than for agriculture for the state at not over $3.00 per acre, and for the production and maintenance thereon of forest according to forestry principles.

"Unexpended balances shall not lapse but constitute a fund for forestry purposes.

"The timber produced thereon shall be sold at a fair valuation and the revenue therefrom or from other source shall be paid into the state treasury, except that one-quarter of the net revenue shall be paid to the towns, or if unorganized, to the county, in which the land is situated, in aid of public schools and roads.

"Should any tract acquired be found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, it may be sold and the proceeds used for acquiring or developing forestry land.

"Until otherwise directed by the legislature, which may supplement these provisions with necessary enactments, the state forestry board shall draw and disburse the money hereby provided and purchase, manage and control the lands and forests.

"No money shall be paid for any tract until the attorney general shall certify to the validity of the title.

"It shall be competent for two successive regular legislatures, by a two-thirds vote of each house, to repeal any of these provisions."

EFFECT. This proposed amendment, and the proposed amendment hereafter mentioned should be read together. They constitute the foundation for a plan of State reforestration. As the constitution stands today, while the legislature might pass laws providing funds to be used for the purchase of lands, and the cultivation of the same for reforestration purposes, yet it is not directed to do so. The effect then of this amendment is to COMPEL the taxing officers of the state to annually levy and collect a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property in the state, to be used as the legislature shall direct, for the purchase for the state of land adapted to forestry purposes, but at a price not to exceed $3 per acre. All unexpired balances in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not lapse, but shall be carried over into the fund thus raised for the succeeding year and shall be an addition thereto. It also directs the sale, at a fair valuation, of the timber produced on such land so purchased, the payment of three-fourths of the money received therefrom into the state treasury, and the payment of the remaining one-fourth to the town, if organized, or otherwise to the county in which the land is situated, and that the same shall there be credited to the public school funds. If after the land is purchased it is found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, authority is contained in this amendment to sell it, but the proceeds must be used for acquiring or developing forestry land. Until the legislature provides otherwise, all purchases shall be under the direction of the State Forestry Board. The title to all lands purchased must be approved by the Attorney General before purchase is made. It is further provided that two successive regular legislatures shall have power by a two-thirds vote of each house to repeal any of the foregoing provisions. That is to say, if after a trial, such plan for any reason is found to be impracticable or undesirable, and it so appears to two successive legislatures, any or all of the foregoing provisions of the amendment may be repealed. The legislature does not now possess such power and the same is a distinct change in the methods heretofore in vogue in Minnesota, in the making and revising of the Constitution. Heretofore an amendment might only be made to the Constitution or a provision of that instrument eliminated by direct vote of the electors. Under this amendment, if it be adopted, that power is not taken away and also exists. But a new power, that of repeal by the legislature, as to this amendment, is created. Such power, however, would extend to no other provision of the Constitution and affords an easy method of change in case of necessity or advisability.

SIXTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The sixth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 511, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution to be known as Section 17a, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17a. Laws may be enacted exempting lands from taxation for the purpose of encouraging and promoting the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon."

EFFECT. The effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to enact laws exempting from taxation lands of private persons to be used in the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon, and thus supplement where the lands of such private persons are devoted to reforestration, the purposes contemplated as to public lands by the fifth proposed amendment. The authority so granted is part of a general plan for the reforestration of land within the state. If the legislature does not pass such laws, such lands will not be exempt and the power to repeal such a law, when enacted, remains with the legislature. Power to pass a law to exempt such lands from taxation the legislature does not now possess, and it is, therefore, an additional grant of power.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE T. SIMPSON,
Attorney General.

St. Paul, May 1, 1910.

Mr. Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

Dear Sir:—Referring to proposed Constitutional Amendment No. 2 would say: As state expert printer I have given the publications involved in this proposed amendment special thought, and am of opinion both these publications are entirely superfluous. The extensive annual publication "in a daily newspaper published at the capital city" attracts absolutely no attention. The annual report of the state treasurer is published in book form, and to an extent that makes it easy for every person specially concerned to secure a copy. To conform strictly with the law as it is at present, means the expenditure, under reasonably favorable printing contracts, of approximately $8,000, a sum which can be used to excellent advantage under conditions which ordinarily suggest the greatest care and economy upon the part of those under whose direction the printing fund is expended.

Yours respectfully,
J. T. MANNIX,
State Expert Printer

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

LAMBERT.

Horace Corbeil went to Mc Intosh Monday on business.

Misses Rose, Bernodette and Alice Dery visited at Jos. Bergeron's Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Robideau and baby went to Terrebonne Saturday to visit with relatives and friends.

Father Rey went to Gully Sunday to hold services there and consequently there was no mass at Lambert Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Boucher and family visited at the home of S. Boucher last Sunday.

The Buck town school is open since the 3rd with Miss Esther Wilson as teacher.

J. Welsch, the Clover Leaf creamery butter-maker, left for his home in Minneapolis last Sunday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

STATEMENT FOR JULY

Cheese Factory No. 70 Reports Show Large Sum of Money Paid to Patrons,

Cheese factory No. 70 paid over $2500.00 for the month of July to its many patrons. Those over $40.00 are as follows:

Louis Perrault	$130.58
L. C. Cadeaux	109.60
J. B. Supernant	107.76
D. Boyd	82 39
Ad. Chompoux	78 77
J. Rosignol	78 52
Jos. Dupont	77 85
B. Derosier	77 67
M. Derosier	77 58
J. Fournier	73 64
H. Prenevost	73 52
J. St Martin	64 78
G. Shormer	64 00
R Gagnon	50 21
F. Fournier	59 10
L. A. Kopp	56 10
E. Quesnelle	54 44
H. Laplante	54 48
H. Desantel	52 10
Ed Fournier	51 90
R. Desantel	50 20
R. Jolly	48 41
V. Delage	40 51
E. Riopelle	48 91
X Sanve	40 52
Jos Champoux	44 37
Arthur Mason	42 81
M. A. Thibert	46 90
Al. Perrault	40 07

—L. C. Codieux, Secretory.

AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned will sell the following property at Public Auction on Section 8, Red Lake Falls Township, 3 miles north and west of Red Lake Falls known as the Sutter farm, commencing at 12 o'clock sharp on Monday, October 24: 1 black horse, 6 years old, weight 1400 pounds; 1 black horse 3 years old weight 1200 pounds; 1 bay horse weight 1250 pounds; 1 yearling mare colt 7-8 percheron; 1 span of mules, 8 years old; 12 choice milk cows; 7 yearlings; 5 heifers; 2 steers; 7 spring calves; 6 bull calves; 1 heifer calf; 1 short horn bull coming 2 years; 1 McCormick binder, 6 foot cut; one 22 shoe Van Brunt drill; 1 Defiance 14 inch gang plow with prairie breaker attachment; one Deering hay rake; one 3 section iron lever drag; one 3 section wooden drag; one 4 horse disc harrow; 2 hay racks; 2 pair bob sleighs; one wagon; one cutter; one single buggy; one backing pole; one fanning mill; one De Laval cream separator; a quantity of Timothy hay in barn; one cook stove; one Radiant parlor heater; one folding bed; other household goods and articles too numerous to mention.

Free lunch at noon.

Terms: All sums under $10.00 cash. All sums over that amount good bankable paper due November 1, 1011, at 10 per cent interest. 5 per cent discount for cash on sums over $1.00. Property must be settled for before being removed. JOSEPH B. SANDE, Owner. Jos. Beloir, Auctioneer. Geo. F. Hennings, Clerk.

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address

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Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8. and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday eights in M.B. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brousseau, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N.G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizeo, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......

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Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

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is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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403 7th St. South. Department T

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

The KITCHEN CABINET

"THE world will be better when women as well as men learn [illegible] moderate in speech [illegible] as in eating and drinking."

Suggestions for Jelly Making.

The jelly-making season is upon us, and there will be, as of yore, the disappointed housewife whose jelly is [illegible] and leathery and that which will not jell. For the aid of those who are in trouble I would give a few hints which may be helpful. To obtain the clear, sparkling, toothsome product is not as difficult as it would seem, regardless of the fact that a really excellent glass of jelly is not common, even at our food exhibits.

If you have had trouble in getting your jelly to thicken, try making it in small quantities. If you take four cupfuls of juice to four cupfuls of sugar you will be more apt to succeed than if a larger quantity is used in making currant jelly.

If the currants are wet they will need longer cooking than if dry, as they should be. After a heavy rain fruit that is water-soaked will not thicken. Overripe fruit will never make as good jelly as that which is slightly green.

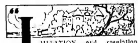
The thickening principle in fruit called "pectin" is present in larger quantities in unripe fruit, as the ripening by sun and heat changes it to sugar. In making currant or grape jelly see that there are a good number of green ones on the bunches.

Cook the fruit until soft but not mushy, as it will not be clear if cooked too long, then drain in a jelly bag. Take plenty of time for this process. A good way to do is to let the fruit drip over night and make the jelly in the morning.

Jelly that is sour to be used for accompaniment to meats need not have equal bulk of sugar as it will thicken with very much less.

A great advantage of the small quantity plan is that if a failure is made the devastation is not quite complete.

The hot sugar should be stirred in as soon as the juice is hot. Heating the sugar hastens the process. Stir until dissolved, then boil two minutes and try a little in a cold saucer. As soon as it shows the slightest thickening pour it into the glasses and let stand a day or two in the sun to finish. Too long cooking will make the jelly "livery" or change it into a sirup that will never thicken.



"IMITATION and emulation break up homes without number. The woman whose husband has one thousand a year is trying to do the same as the woman whose husband has five thousand. Of course the result is failure. Don't imitate. What the world hungers for is originality. We can all be original; there's no other me, there's no other you. Be like the flowers, each going along in its own little line of business and the daisy doesn't try to be a rose."—M. M. [illegible]

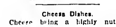
The Care of the Refrigerator.

Nothing can be more dangerous to the health of a household than a refrigerator carelessly kept.

One of the first essentials is to see that the drain pipe is not connected with the house drain, because of the possibility that sewer gas might come up the waste pipe into the refrigerator. At any event it is not desirable to have the food supply connected with the house drain.

The refrigerator should be well cleansed once a week and oftener in hot weather. Strong ammonia water is good to use for the cleaning, then rinse and wipe dry. One of the properties of a good refrigerator is perfect dryness. Any food with a strong odor should be kept from the company of milk and butter. A few bananas will ruin the flavor of a jar of butter in a few hours.

Charcoal or a piece of dry lime if kept in the food compartment will absorb odors and impurities. Keep milk and butter closely covered so that the flavor may not be lost or changed.



"DINE well and wisely and the cares of life will slip from you, its vexations and annoyances will dwindle into nothingness."

Cheese Dishes.

Cheese being a highly nutritive food, takes the place of meat during the hot months on many tables. Unless carefully prepared it is difficult of digestion. One reason that it is hard to digest is, it being such a concentrated food it needs careful mastication, which it doesn't always have.

Uncooked or cooked at a low temperature is best.

The Italians appreciate the value of cheese and have many delightful ways of preparing it. The following is one of the many:

Polenta.

Make a thick mush of cornmeal, season well with salt and pepper. Cook over hot water for an hour. Then for each pint of mush stir in one cupful of grated cheese—the ordinary kind. When the cheese has melted pour into greased pans. Let stand until cold. When wanted to serve, fry in a little butter after cutting it in slices.

Cheese and Eggs.

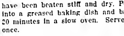
This is a dish similar to a rarebit, but easier of digestion. Cut fine or grate half a pound of cheese. Put in a sauce pan with a cupful of rich milk or thin cream, a tablespoonful of butter, a dash of salt and pepper. Stir over the fire until the cheese is melted, then add four well-beaten eggs. Serve with, or on, toasted crackers.

Cheese Roll.

This is a most appetizing way of serving cheese. Take a cake of cream cheese, one cupful of grated New York cheese, a dash of red pepper and half a cupful of finely chopped pimolas (stuffed olives), enough sweet cream to mold in a roll. Serve on a plate covered with a doiley.

Cheese Souffle.

Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter, add three tablespoonfuls of flour and when well mixed add half a cupful of scalded milk. Then add half a teaspoonful of salt, a dash of cayenne and a fourth of a cup of grated cheese. Remove from the fire, add the well-beaten yolks of three eggs. Cool the mixture and cut and fold in the beaten whites of three eggs that have been beaten stiff and dry. Pour into a greased baking dish and bake 20 minutes in a slow oven. Serve at once.



"HE WHO knows what is good and chooses it, who knows what is bad and avoids it, is learned and temperate."—Socrates.

"Let each man keep his heart at ease,
No man died of that disease."
—Beaumont & Fletcher.

Sweet Sandwiches.

Sweet sandwiches, to be used instead of cakes with different punches, cocoa or tea, is a dainty that may be easily made in an emergency and is always appropriate.

They are much easier of digestion when simply made than the rich cakes so often served.

The variety is endless and the following are a few of the many:

Honey and Pecan Sandwiches.

Mix four tablespoonfuls of honey with two tablespoonfuls of chopped pecan meats. Split hot soda biscuits, butter and fill with the mixture. The biscuits should be made not thicker than half an inch.

Date and Orange Sandwich.

Here is a nice sandwich to serve with lemonade:

Blend one-half cupful of finely chopped dates with two tablespoonfuls of orange juice, spread on buttered whole-wheat bread.

Chopped marischina cherries mixed with cream cheese makes a delicious sandwich filling and one quite uncommon.

Cottage cheese and candied cherries is another combination which is very good.

Cinnamon Sandwiches.

Mix three tablespoonfuls of sugar with one teaspoonful of cinnamon. Butter Boston brown bread and spread with the mixture. These are good served with cocoa.

Cocoanut Sandwiches.

Take one cupful of freshly grated cocoanut, one-fourth of a cupful of walnut meats chopped, one teaspoonful of rose water, one tablespoonful of powdered sugar; mix well, add three tablespoonfuls of thick cream and spread on white bread.

Date and Nut Sandwiches.

Add one cupful of rich cream to a cupful of chopped dates; when well blended add half a cup of chopped walnuts. Use on whole-wheat bread.

Oriental Sandwiches.

Take one-half cupful each of preserved ginger and candied orange peel chopped fine; mix with three tablespoonfuls of thick sweet cream and use on white bread.

Household Tips.

The label on a glass jar will keep clean and in its place longer if pasted on the inside. Of course this applies only where dry materials are kept, such as rice, tapioca, etc.

To clean the water bottle shred a page of newspaper in bits, add to strong soapsuds and shake at intervals for a half hour. It will come out as bright and clean as ever. Try the same remedy on vases.

Charcoal or a lump of dry lime should be kept in the refrigerator. They absorb impurities and act as a disinfectant.

Daily Baths.

A daily bath is a necessity if the body is to be kept sound and sweet. If one's constitution will not permit of a daily plunge, the sponge bath will prove sufficient for all purposes of cleanliness and health.

Whether the bath shall be a cold one in the morning or a hot one at night is determined entirely by the physical strength of the bather.

A cold bath is a tonic to most, but if after the bath there is a sense of depression and a feeling of chilliness it is best to leave off taking them.

Nellie Maxwell.

For the Sleepless.

The head should be kept as low as possible to insure good circulation of the blood in the brain.

Do not lie in a crouched position, but stretch every limb to its full length. Sleep only on the right side. When you lie on your back you court dreams and nightmares. If you lie on your stomach you impede the free working of the lungs, and if you lie on the left side the digestion and the action of the heart are handicapped.

A brisk walk or a shower bath before retiring is often found to be an excellent preventive of insomnia.

The old suggestion of counting sheep jumping over a fence or the waves as they wash in on the shore are by no means foolish ways of wooing the god of sleep.

Sometimes a few bites of a dry cracker will give the stomach something to do and draw the blood away from the brain, so bringing on sleep.

A glass of warm milk is recommended to be taken in sips just before retiring.

THREATENING MOVE WILL FRIGHTEN TIMID GOATS

Most Extraordinary Characteristic Feature of These Animals Is That They Scare and Faint Upon Slightest Provocation.

Did you ever hear of fainting or nervous goats? There are said to be many of them in existence.

The most extraordinary characteristic of these animals is that they are very easily frightened. To simply say "boo" at them in a threatening manner will cause them to fall helplessly to the ground and remain there until the spell leaves them.

Angora Kids.

They scare and faint upon the slightest provocation. To merely jump over a fence or bar 16 to 18 inches from the ground is sufficient to cause them to become stiff and faint.

While under the influence of these spells the goats can be turned over and dragged about as if they were dead; they become so rigid that they can be lifted bodily without bending.

The animals seem to retain their faculties during these extraordinary spells, but their eyes have an expression of anxiety—one might say agony.

The reasons for such a peculiarly highly developed nervo-muscular system have not as yet been ascertained. The goats seem normal in every other particular, and have this advantage over the common goats: They can easily be kept within prescribed grounds.

STANDARD OF GOOD ROAD

Demand of Present Age Is for Highway That Is Smooth, Hard and Usable Every Day in Year.

(By HOWARD H. GROSS.)

The roads of the central west have been so proverbially bad for the last generation that the people have fixed a low standard for what they term a good road. All of the earth roads are sometimes good and when in prime condition, as they now and then are, nothing could be better, but when the rain comes and the frost heaves, they are about the worst possible. Those who have seen some of the better roads of New England, and the highways of Europe, will fix a much higher standard. The demand of the age is for a road that is smooth, hard, and usable every day in the year, that the road condition shall in no manner interfere with the use of it. This can only be brought about, first, by proper grading and a thorough drainage, which is the most important feature of road-building, and next, to cover it with a hard, smooth, wearing surface of long life.

Economy in road building does not necessarily mean low first cost. On the contrary, this low first cost is apt to make the road expensive to maintain. It is better to add 25 per cent. or 50 per cent. to the cost in the first instance and secure long life and low maintenance. In the central west gravel, crushed lime stone, and where available, blast furnace slag, are the materials from which the main part of the road should be constructed. Four or five inches of these materials will form a good foundation for the wearing surface. This should be a harder substance. What is known as Wisconsin granite is the best material available in the central west for wearing surface. Enormous quantities of it are found throughout the central portion of the Badger state. Three inches of this material spread upon a highway, thoroughly compacted and bonded with some asphaltic mixture, such as the asphaltic residuum of Texas petroleum, some products of coal tar, or, best of all, granulated asphaltic rock, will give a surface of excellent texture, dustless and with wearing qualities at least twice that of lime stone and two or three times that of ordinary gravel. Upon the roads that have the heavy traffic, it is better to use materials of this nature for the wearing surface. With roads of less traffic, gravel or lime stone will serve the purpose admirably. The people having in charge the road administration ought to realize that the most expensive way to build a road is by the annual tax levy, building the road little by little. The burden is heavy, the construction expensive and the results not satisfactory. Good stone or gravel roads are a permanent improvement; they last for generations with a moderate amount of attention, and the cost of them ought to be spread over a series of years, not less than twenty, and let those that come after us help bear the burden of road construction. If this plan were adopted, supplemented by state aid, whereby all taxable property of the state would be subject to a tax to pay one-half of the expense of building and maintaining the highways, and road supervision were made a county instead of a township matter, so that the roads could have skilled supervision in building and maintenance, and all road taxes paid in cash, there would be an immense saving to the taxpayer and better roads for every one to use.

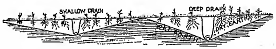
Good and Inferior Cow.

Weighing and testing milk is the only sure way to determine the difference in value between the good and inferior cow. Weighing and testing daily is only a business proposition. It is the only safe way of determining what price to ask for a cow in selling her or of what to pay for her in buying. An intelligent farmer will sell a cow for thirty dollars that will make him a net profit of $40 or $50 a year. Neither will he keep a cow that doesn't pay him a profit if he knows it. Test and weigh the milk is the only way to know.

Caring for Potatoes.

It is a good plan sometimes, when it happens to be quite warm at digging time, to put the potatoes in piles on the ground and cover them with straw and dirt.

PROPER DEPTH FOR DRAINS



Roots of the ordinary cultivated plants will not grow in soils saturated with water. Air and a certain amount of moisture are necessary and the deeper the soil is drained the deeper the plants will feed. In light soils the tile may be placed four or five feet deep; in heavier soils three feet will give better results. A dense clay or hardpan may be impervious to water and a drain sunk any depth in it would be useless.

PROPER TIME TO CUT WHEAT

If Left to Stand Until Dead Ripe Much of It Will Be Shattered—Shocking Is Also Important.

(By W. D. NEALE.)

I have found it best to cut wheat when it is a golden yellow. If it is cut green it is very liable to spoil if a rainy season sets in on the shocks fall down. Especially is this true if the bundles are large. If it is left to stand until it is dead ripe much of it will be shattered at cutting time. The falling of the heads on the canvas and the kicking of the bundles to the ground by the machine and the handling of them in shocking will shatter much of the grain. This is a complete loss.

The shocking of the wheat is very important unless it is threshed in a very short time. The shocks must be well put together if they stand the wind and rain of summer months. It is a good idea to follow a system in building shocks. Every one ought to be about the same size and built after a good substantial plan. The following has proved itself to be a very successful way of putting bundles together to stand the storms of summer.

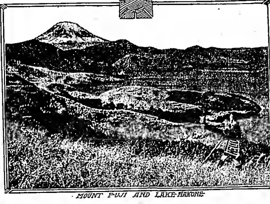
Place three pair of bundles in a row and set a bundle at each end. The bundles in the pair should be set out at the butts to give a good slant when set together. It is well to see that the heads of the two outside pair slant well to the heads of the center pair. The end bundles should also slant sufficiently. Now place three bundles to each side and put on a couple of caps.

The shock should be set with the end to the direction from whence most storms blow.

Alfalfa in Argentina.

It is said that in Argentine as many as 50,000 acres of alfalfa can be seen in single tracts, and that cattle, sheep and horses are pastured on it with scarcely any loss from bloat.

The Hakone District of Japan



MOUNT FUJI AND LAKE HAKONE

THERE are few places that can offer more delights to those who love a ramble o'er hill and dale than the Hakone district of Japan. Its lovely wooded lands and mountains, ringing with the sound of rills and rivers, cascades and waterfalls, make it a veritable paradise for a holiday. A railway journey of two hours from Yokohama brought us to Kozu, whence we journeyed by electric car to Yumoto, the terminus of the line. Here we made a slight detour from the main road, to see the cascade called Tama-dare-no-taki. Entering the pretty gardens of a tea-house, we were immediately taken in charge by little smiling musumes, who, with many bows and much giggling at our broken Japanese sentences, toddled along under the maples and led us to the foot of the falling waters. A hundred feathery streams gushed from the mountain-side, falling down the rocky slope into a limpid crystal pool below, where huge gold carp were lazily gliding about in shoals or loafing under the shade of the bridges and overhanging trees.

The road to Miyanashita, through the village of Tonosawa, disclosed fresh beauties at every turn as it wound its way up the mountainside. On the left was a dense forest of pine and maple trees, and tall bamboos with feathery leaves quivering in the breeze; while on the right were the steep slopes of the roaring Hayakawa, down which scores of streamlets danced their way to the rushing waters below. There are many charming excursions to be made from here, but the favorite one is that to Lake Hakone. The road leads along the left bank of the Hayakawa for some distance, and thence strikes off up a steep pathway into the Ashinoyu mountains through the village from which they derive their name. This place is famous for the curative properties of its sulphur springs. Ashinoyu is 2,800 feet above the sea, and is always cool, even in the hottest months of summer.

Just before the lake comes into view there are some famous carvings to be seen. The most interesting of these is an immense bas-relief, cut in the face of a wall of rock, of Jizo, the Buddhist god who watches over the souls of little children.

This image is said to be the work of Koho Daishi, a Buddhist saint who lived in the eighth century, and he is credited with having accomplished the feat in a single night.

The surroundings of Lake Hakone are very beautiful. It nestles among the hills, with the long street of low Kaia-thatched houses of Hakone village at one end, near which is the summer home of the emperor, while in the north Fujiyama's shapely crest towers above the surrounding mountains, crowned with a diadem of dazzling virgin snow. Walking through the village, I was attracted by the sign, "The Guide Book to Hakone," in a cottage window. I bought one, and found the little blue volume embellished with a golden outline of Fujiyama so quaintly interesting that I leave the rest of the description of this region to its author—a Japanese—and quote verbatim from the work. Speaking of the beauties of the place and its approaches, he says: "Owing to toilsome ascent many difficulties must be endured by travelers. The result of toleration is pleasure. There the imperial palace stands, Hakone Gongen, a Shinto temple, adorns itself with perpetual unchanging dress of forest; the Ashi lake spreads the face of glowing glass reflected upside down the shadow of Fuji, which is the highest, noblest and most glorious mountain in Japan, and the mineral hot springs warmly entertain the guests coming yearly to visit them during summer vacation. The purity of the air, the coolness of summer days, and the fine view of landscapes are agreeable to all visitors; for these facts, they do not know how is the summer heat and where is the epidemic prevailing." A little further on I find another expatiation on the quality of the air, as follows: "Draughts of pure air suspends no poisonous mixture, and always cleanses the defilement of our spirit. During the winter days the coldness robe up all pleasures from our hands, but at the summer months they are set free."

The beauty of the view has apparently given wide scope for the full power of the author's imagination and opened up an opportunity for a fine display of expression and similes, while a warmth of poetic zeal is awakened which scorns any trifling inconsistencies. Of it there is this to be said: "Whenever we visit the place, the first pleasure to be longed is the view of Fuji mountain and its summit is covered with permanent undissolving snow, and its regular configuration hanging down the sky like an opened white fan, may be looked long at equal shape from several regions surrounding it. Every one who saw it has ever nothing but applause. It casts the shadow in a contrary direction on still glassy face of lake as I have just described. Buildings of Imperial Solitary palace, scenery of Gongen, are all spontaneous pictures. Wind proper in quantity suited to our boat to slip by sail, and moonlight shining on the sky shivers quartzy luster over ripples of the lake. The cuckoo, singing near by our hotel, plays on a harp, and the gulls flying about to and fro seek their food in the waves. All these panorama may be gathered only at this place." In such a burst of unrestrained enthusiasm it is scarcely to be supposed that such unimportant discrepancies as the gulls flying o'er the waves of a still glassy lake or a cuckoo playing on a harp should be heeded. Not far away is the village Oidaira or "Old Man's Plain."

One of the attractions of the lake is boating in summer time, and I read: "The preparation of boats and Japanese small ships is made for the diversion of residents. If the boat excursion on the lake be wished, an order for fittings will be given to boatmen; if the boat race be desired, the waveless part of the lake between Toga-shima and Hatabikiyama will be chosen for; and if we want to go to Ubego, the ferry boat will carry us forth at the morning and back at the evening after bathing all day."

Hakone was the scene of many fierce conflicts in feudal times. The latest battle is described thus: "At May, of the first year of Meiji, about thirty years ago from the present, two feudal and military chiefs engaged in battle on Hakone mountain. One of them was Okubo Kagano-kami, the lord of Odawara-Han, and the other was Shonosuke Hayashi, lord of Boshu, and the former belonged to the imperial army and the latter was on the Shogun's side. One time Hayashi staid at Numadzu and held a good many soldiers. Leading them, he passed Mishima and came to Hakone. He requested to the guardsmen of Barrier gate to let his army pass through it. At that time the guardianship of the gate was in the hand of Odawara Han, and the request was not permitted by its master Kagano Kami. He durst to pass through it by military power. Then the battle was instigated and instantly guns were fired. All of the dwellers of Hakone were so frightened that they fled out of their dwellings and hid in mountains and valleys. After short struggle the guardsmen could not conquer him, and retired to Odawara to shut themselves up in the castle for its defense. Taking advantage of victory, he advanced his army to destroy them. He missed unexpectedly his cogitation. He was defeated very badly and retired to Yumoto. Secondly, he ran back to Hakone, defeated by enemy. By violent pursuit of imperial army he was finally obliged to run to Ajiro, about four miles south from Atami, and thence to escape to his own previous domain. Thenceforth, the construction of perfect imperial government by the revelation of Meiji, placed the nation out of impetuous struggles of feudalism. And the ruin was remained to endless fancy."

This is the style of the little volume from beginning to end, and it ranks among the most interesting of my Japanese curiosities.

HERBERT G. PONTING.

Restraint.

"So you think a woman has a sense of humor."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "But she has schooled herself to suppress it. Common politeness forbids a woman to laugh every time her husband says or does something ridiculous."

Bound to Be Variety.

"My comic opera will contain no drunken king, no merry villagers, no bandits."

"What will it contain?"

"I haven't thought that far. But I can't go wrong. Whatever I put in will be heartily welcomed."

BROOD MARES FOR PROFIT.

It is now costing the farmer about $90.00 a year to support a horse in Minnesota, according the statistics carefully kept at the Experiment Station. The necessity is apparent for the farmer to get into methods of handling his horses so they will return a profit, in addition to the work they do, "to pay for their board." It has been suggested by the secretary of the Minnesota Stallion Registration Board that the present average farm horses be at once converted into high class brood mares capable of raising a colt annually. The geldings should be sold to people whose business will keep them busy throughout the year and pay their owners a profit. Colts of high class brood mares will sell at the end of the second or third year for a sum sufficient to give the farmer a fair profit on his mare, while her labor will have paid him part of the cost of keeping through the idle season. The farmer needs a horse that will pay him a profit every day in the year.

NEW SCOTLAND YARD

London's Detective Headquarters in Fact and Fiction.

Writers of Romances Have Attributed Wonderful Feats to Marvelous Sleuths—Like an American City Hall.

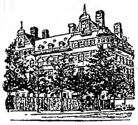
London.—Scotland Yard, the most famous detective center in the world, owes its fame to fiction. Plots far more involved than the mysterious Doctor Crippen case have been worked out and the solutions credited to this institution by a host of story writers led by Charles Dickens. Writers of romance, good and bad, have had a hand in creating impressions of secret passages, elaborate disguises and superhuman powers of deduction.

Stealthy sleuths glide forth into the highways and byways to recover necklaces of incredible value, to find abducted maidens and solve the dark and bloody puzzles of impassible murder mysteries.

This is the Scotland Yard of fiction. The Scotland Yard of fact is a handsome red brick building, elaborately trimmed, and very much like an American city hall in appearance. Nowhere within its door is there a hint of sensationalism. The building was designed to afford a headquarters for the vast police business of London, and it is business, from its foundation stones to its weather vanes. Technically, the present Scotland Yard of present police fame is new Scotland Yard. Old Scotland Yard opens off Whitehall, midway between the present police headquarters and Trafalgar square. In long bygone days the detectives had three little rooms in the old yard, littered beyond belief with papers—dirty and unbusiness like.

It was these three rooms that Dickens knew. Detectives and police were under separate administrations then, and it was only when the police made a failure of a case that the detectives were called. Anyone who was willing to pay the cost anywhere in the United Kingdom had a right to call a detective from Scotland Yard. At present, a Scotland Yard detective is not allowed to leave London except on rare occasions.

It was from the old force that Dickens drew material for the detective sketches that all Dickens readers know. Inspector Welld, "a man of portly presence, with a large, moist, knowing eye, a husky voice and a habit of emphasizing his conversation by the aid of a corpulent forefinger, which was in constant juxtaposition with his eyes and nose," was, in reality, Inspector Field, whose memory still is green. Field also was the original of Inspector Bucket in "Bleak House." Inspector Stalker, one of Dickens' characters, was Inspector Walker in real life. A few years ago there were many men on the force who remembered Thornton, the man whom Dickens changed to Dornton, the sergeant, "famous for pursuing the inductive process, and, from small beginnings, working from clue to clue until he bags his man."



The New Scotland Yard in London.

However, the Scotland Yard is said to be overwhelmed as the hub of detective skill. It would not be fair for an American correspondent to intimate that the constables in London are up to the American standard of efficiency and intelligence in police duty. Much less is expected of them, as a rule, and they have a much less troublesome class of people with which to deal. The London public, even in the worst quarters of the city, has a greater fear of the police than has the New York or Chicago public. From the constables are recruited the men who compose the aristocracy of the detective force. These are the men who eventually handle the "big cases."

HIGH HEELS NEARLY KILL

Woman Falls Down Steps and Onto a Broken Tumbler, Which Severed an Artery.

Richmond, Va.—One of Dame Fashion's fancies, an unusually high-heeled slipper, came near causing the death of Mrs. John Devine, wife of a prominent merchant, and herself well known in society circles, when they caused her to fall down the front steps of her home while carrying a glass of water.

The glass smashed on the stones under her right arm, cutting a deep gash and severing an artery. The blood flowed from the cut for over two hours, and physicians had much difficulty in stopping it.

Added to her weak condition from loss of blood, a fractured wrist was sustained. She will recover.

Forget all the evil people of history, and remember the good ones who have made the world better.

Trousers Stolen; Phones Wife.

Omaha, Neb.—Leon J. Millard had to keep to his berth on his arrival in Omaha because his trousers were stolen from his Pullman berth while he slept. Mr. Millard was en route to this city on a train from Kansas City. The thief reached through the window and grabbed his trousers while the train stood in the yards at St. Joseph. He also got $200 in money and checks and a monogram watch and chain. Mrs. Millard was notified of her husband's plight and sped to the station with wearing apparel.

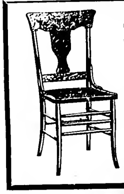
ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.



A Startling Value!

$1.00 EACH

This is one of the most startling values ever offered in a wood seat dining chair,

65c to $1.50 each.

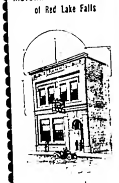
FOURNET FURNITURE STORE
"One Price to All."
RED LAKE FALLS CROOKSTON

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls



Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Subscribe for The Gazette

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Bratland and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 51.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 51 beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between section thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154) range thirty-nine (39) and sections four (4) and five (5), township one hundred fifty-three (153), range thirty-nine (39) running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: extending thence due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the south line of sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south-west corner of section thirty-one (31), township one hundred fifty-four (15), range thirty-nine (39), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line on the south line of sections thirty-six (36), thirty-five (35), thirty-four (34), thirty-three (33) and section thirty-two (32) township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty (40), to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south west corner of section thirty-two (32) in said town and range where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Branch No. One (1) of County Ditch No. Thirty-nine (39) of Red Lake county Minnesota.

The said ditch located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40) as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: Svend Erwick, Anton Srnsky, Peter Loviy, George Wagnar, Maria Linder, Frank J. Maddan, Andrew C. Douglas, Math Barzen, Albert Arntz, Hans H. Hanson, Christian L. Hanson, John D. Vaughan, Sarah E. Vaughan, Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson, Alois Srnsky, Albert Trnka, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fort, Aslak Salverson, Ole T. Bratland, Joseph Vorlicky, John Pellst, Gustov A. Bakkim, Anton Myrum, Frederick M. Spillum, Otto C. Benz, John O. Brensdahl, Reier O. Bratten, Gilbert C. Gulrud, Julia Tyndall, Ole Seving, Township of Reiner, Township of Star, Township of Highlanding and Township of Goodridge, and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by the said county Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor,

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 18th day of November 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. of said day for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal) 13027

The Local Field

Mrs. Max Ingber visited with friends at Crookston this week.

Any one in need of some well curbing can have their needs supplied by calling on Joe Belair.

Mrs. Jas. H. Cross of Grand Forks is a guest this week of the P. E. Pirath and H. E. Ives families.

O. G. Kindseth is at Crookston this week assisting with the office work of the Red Lake Falls Milling company.

C. H. Hanson and family have moved from St. Hilaire to this city and are occupying their house on the north side.

Miss Hazel Bourdon visited over Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. H. E. Nesne, at Crookston, and attended the Polk county fair.

The Royal Neighbors will meet Monday to make arrangements for a childrens' party. All members are urged to be present.

E. S. Wheeler, who was injured about ten days ago, has discarded his crutches and is now able to propel himself by aid of his cane.

Nick Holm and family have moved from the house recently sold, to the Jos. Helm cottage south of the Washington school building.

The county commissioners met last Friday to consider some ditch petitions and transact other business. The official proceedings will be published next week.

Joesph L. Sande will sell his personal property at public auction at the Sutter farm, three miles northeast of town, Monday Oct 22. Read the ad elsewhere in this paper.

Troffle Grandbois will sell his personal property at public auction Saturday, Oct. 22, at his farm 6 miles northeast of Red Lake Falls. Read the ad elsewhere in this paper.

Economy is the most essential element of success. If you would be a successful man you must save your money. No matter how little it is you are welcome at the Merchants State Bank.

Mrs D. W. Brown is visiting with the family of her son at St. Thomas, N. Dak. Mr. Brown will go to St. Thomas next week and he and Mrs. Brown will remain for a visit of several days.

The members of the M. B. A. lodge gave a reception and a dance at their hall Moday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Converse. Those present enjoyed a very pleasant social evening.

Supt. L. V. Koos and Mr. Swedberg of the high school faculty were at Thief River Falls Saturday afternoon to witness the Crookston—Theif River high school foot ball game Crookston won an easy victory by a score of 23 to 0.

Joseph B. Sande, who has resided in southern Red Lake county for the past seven years and has occupied the Sutter place for the past two years, will, after selling his personal property at auction, Oct. 24, return to his old home in the southern part of the state.

The county commissioners last Friday awarded the contract for building the sidewalk and concrete retoining wall for the court house grounds to Hussey and Goedker of Crookston who have been doing much cement sidewalk construction work the past two months. They have already started on the work and in the course of a few days the improvement on the grounds will be made.

Injured in Auto Race.

Geo. Gonyea, a cousin of Mrs. S. A. Swanson of this city, was injured in an auto race at the Polk county fair at Crookston. His injuries are not serious though he had narrow escape.

The Parry car driven by Cummings, of the Parry factory, Indianapolis, Indiana, and which was carrying Geo. Gonyea, who is a machinist residing at Crookston, lost a wheel while going sixty miles an hour, the car tearing over the race track embankment, smashing another wheel and landing right side up, but facing exactly opposite. Both men were knocked out of commission and Gonyea is in the hospital with a broken nose and badly bruised and scratched up, but it is not believed his condition is serious. Driver Cummings suffered a bad gash in his leg. The crowd was panic stricken and several ladies fainted when the cloud of dust told of the accident, and it was a miracle that the two men were not instantly killed.

Change Cars.

"Is it true that Bessie married a street car conductor?"

"Yes, but the crabbed old crank doesn't love her any more, and they've been married only a year."

"Then why doesn't she get a transfer?"—Lippincott's.

RAILROAD LEARN TELEGRAPHY and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying railroad position in the spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition. **POSITIONS SURE**
THOMPSON'S EXPERT RAILWAY COLLEGE, Minneapolis, Minn.

"RAILROAD ERRAND BOY"

Governor Eberhart So Characterized by Writer in La Follette's Weekly.

WORKED FOR THE INTERESTS

Ray Stanard Baker Takes a Fall Out of Him for Trying to Pack the Conservation Congress.

Governor Eberhart is now calling himself a "Progressive." He has forgotten his interview in Washington last spring in which he assured President Taft that the people of Minnesota were beginning to like the Payne-Aldrich tariff; he has forgotten that during that same visit he took particular pains to get Secretary Ballinger to address his Conservation meeting of March last. He has forgotten that he then gave assurances that there was "no insurgency in Minnesota." He has so completely forgotten that he went down to Beverly to invite Mr. Taft to speak at his September Conservation meeting, that he couldn't remember his name in his keynote speech. He has forgotten that during the primary election he did everything possible in the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth districts to nominate "Standpat" candidates to congress and to embarrass and defeat Progressives. In fact he is playing that old, old game of "running with the hare and hunting with the hounds."

To show how Mr. Eberhart's tactics are regarded outside the state, we reproduce the article from Senator La Follette's publication, together with the information that it received editorial endorsement from the senator:

"The Conservation Congress to be held in St. Paul beginning Sept. 5 has suddenly become charged with large meanings. Originally designed to consider the somewhat limited problem of the public land policies of the nation, it now promises to be the forum for a titanic struggle between the supporters of the people's rights on the one hand—the Progressives or Insurgents—and the defenders of special interests—the Standpatters—on the other hand. With most of the notable political leaders of the country in attendance, the Congress cannot fail to have a profound political significance.

"No sooner had the Congress been announced for St. Paul than the Interests began to move upon it—either to destroy it utterly or to dominate it. As customary in such cases, a local board of management was appointed to make the necessary local arrangements, including the choice of an auditorium and the raising of money for the immediate expenses. In no case formerly has a local board ever had anything to do with the arrangement of the program, the appointment of speakers or officers, or with matters of publicity. But no sooner had this particular board been appointed, with Governor Eberhart of Minnesota at its head, than it began to move secretly but with determination toward the control of the Congress itself.

"In order to understand the reasons for this particular action, certain underlying causes must be made plain. For years the Republican party machine in Minnesota has been the creature of the Great Northern Railroad Company. For a time its reign was threatened and it has had to accept a man like Senator Clapp in the United States Senate, but its hand upon the state government in Minnesota ever since Governor Johnson's death has been very heavy indeed. The real governor of Minnesota is not Eberhart, but Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railroad. Eberhart, now nominated to succeed himself as the Standpat candidate for governor, is really nothing more than a railroad errand boy.

Interests Against Conservation.

"Now, the railroad interests of the Northwest, and Louis W. Hill in particular, are against conservation, against people's government, against the Progressive group of leaders. So Eberhart's committee began to interfere at once with the plans of the Conservation Congress. They objected to certain speakers, notably Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, and they interfered so actively that Mr. Pinchot and his associates threatened to remove the Congress to Kansas City. This the Interests did not want; they wanted it in St. Paul where they had greater powers of control than they would have in Missouri. So they quieted down, but they did not for a moment stop their underground work.

"As soon as the presence of the Congress in St. Paul was assured, they began again to work for a change of the program. It was found that the governor was in constant communication with President Hill, and that every effort was being made to change the Congress from a conservation meeting into an anti-conservation meeting. By pressure exerted in high places they succeeded in getting the names of Senators Cummins and Clapp removed from the program, and of adding the names of a number of Western governors known to be hostile to the national conservation of our resources. They have refused to give reduced railroad fares to delegates, knowing that this will tend to cut down the attendance of delegates from the East.

"Exercising, also, his great influence upon politics in the Far West, where his railroad runs, President Hill has been most active in his efforts. A conference of Western governors called together at Salt Lake City will plan a definite campaign and appear in the Congress with a full quota of delegates. The policy which will probably be adopted will be the demand, not national, but state control of public lands—which would utterly defeat the conservation movement. The old selfish theory of states' rights is to be injected into this question as it was injected into the political discussions previous to the Civil war for the defense of the privileged class of slaveholders.

"As it now stands the program of the congress is divided into two parts. The anti-conservationists will be given the first chance: the Western governors will speak. After that the national conservationists will appear: Roosevelt, Pinchot, Garfield, several insurgent senators and many others." —La Follette's, Sept. 3.

A TRULY EBERHART PLATFORM.

In his keynote speech at Mankato Governor Eberhart said:

"I stand squarely upon the platform adopted by the Republican party of this state. This platform is clear, definite, comprehensive and distinctly progressive."

It is just the kind of a platform upon which one would naturally expect Governor Eberhart to "stand squarely." It is shifty, evasive, deceptive and misleading. Of course he stands squarely upon it. Just as corroborative evidence that we have rightly described Mr. Eberhart's platform, we append hereto an extract from the St. Paul Dispatch of June 22, the day after the platform was adopted. It says:

"It is a platform notable for what it skipped or straddled. It urges no advanced theories; it expresses no deep conviction. It occupies a serene and indifferent middle ground and is content. In these times of freedom of opinion and courage of conviction it is singularly lacking in both. To call it a fair statement of Republican sentiment in Minnesota on the most urgent question of the day—the emancipation of the party from influences that threaten its ruin—is simply absurd. The people of this state have convictions on this matter to which it was the business of the convention to give expression."

You have read Governor Eberhart's "keynote" speech, delivered at Mankato the other day, and note that he says that he is "making report of his stewardship to the people." We hope that you read that speech carefully; that you analyzed it, and noted particularly what he claims as his own performances as chief executive during the time he has occupied the executive chair made vacant by the death of Governor Johnson. He calls attention to the convention which nominated him, and says of it: "It was absolutely free from domination by any clique, faction, interest or corporation, free to express the will of the people in the selection of candidates and the adoption of a platform."

In this connection we would call your attention to the fact that this free convention voted down the following resolution:

"The Republican party was organized to give the nation a great principle. It has ever since been a party of freedom and the 'square deal.' The Republican party recognizes that there is a strong and growing sentiment in Minnesota favoring a restriction of the influence of the liquor interests in the legislation of this state. This sentiment has been crystallized in a statewide movement in favor of county option. We, therefore, pledge this party to a full, fair and free consideration of any measures whose purpose is the adoption of county option legislation, and to keep the control of the affairs of this great commonwealth where they of right belong—in the hands of the whole people."

Just read that resolution over again carefully and find out just how little it asks of this free and untrammeled convention, this convention undictated to by any adverse interests. It asks only for "full, fair and free consideration of any measures whose purpose is the adoption of county option legislation." It doesn't ask that the Republican party pass such legislation; it does not ask that the party organization pledge itself as favorable to such measures; it only asks full free and unbiased consideration. This was refused. What do you think of a great party in Minnesota which refuses "full, fair and free consideration" to any measure which is of interest to the people of the state? Do you believe the convention which refuses this reasonable request is free and uncontrolled? It sounds like a brewers' convention.

The balance of the governor's speech is largely made up of reports from the various elective state departments. It does not show one single thing to the credit of the executive department during his incumbency. This being the case we might supply a few items:

In February last he dug up and paid what is known as "the Seabury graft." You probably remember this incident. A bill that had twice been refused payment by Governor Johnson because it was illegal, was paid by Governor Eberhart, even though such payment was not sanctioned by the attorney general.

Then there was the appointment of that probate judge down in Redwood county. The incumbent died without warning one night, and before the news of his death became public property his successor was appointed by Governor Eberhart. There was violent protest from the people of the county, but it availed them nothing until they had an opportunity to express themselves at the primary election, when Governor Eberhart's judge was snowed under about four to one.

Nor should we forget the Waterman incident. Banker Waterman was joyriding in St. Paul, when a common person driving a wagon got in his way. The festive banker rode over him, spilling him and his wife out in the street, wrecking the wagon and causing other damage. An unfeeling police judge sentenced Waterman to thirty days in the workhouse, without the option of a fine. An appeal was made to the governor, who immediately convened an extra session of the state pardon board to act on the banker's case. However he did not dare to stay and act for himself in this case, and left his proxy with a clerk, advising him to vote him with a majority of the board, whichever side the majority went. The other members refused to rise to the bait, and the banker served the thirty days.

Then there was the "settling" of the switchmen's strike last [illegible] when Mr. Eberhart appointed Great Northern attorney, John Mason of Fergus Falls, as a member [illegible] the board of arbitration to "do" the switchmen.

This, we believe, is a fair representation of the governor's record [illegible] the executive office. The balance [illegible] his time has been devoted, quoting the Minneapolis Tribune, to "talking" platitudes to Sunday school conventions and ogling women's clubs."

What do you think of that as a record of performance covering more than a year's time?

MANKATO, FAVORED CITY.

How notable events do crowd each other, to be sure.

Following hard on the heels of Governor Eberhart's "keynote" speech in that fair city, Mankato reports the birth of a two-headed pig.

If that pig follows the footsteps of some illustrious representatives of the porker family and becomes an "educated pig," he will need both his heads and then some to grasp the full significance of that Republican platform which Mr. Eberhart says he stands on.—Minneapolis Daily News.

These death-bed repentances are all right, if the patient dies, but suppose he recovers? As a case in point, there is Julius Schmahl, candidate for secretary of state on the Republican ticket. We all remember how Julius broke into print just after the passage of the Payne-Aldrich bill and informed the people of the Northwest that Minnesota had at least one congressman who would not be apologizing for his vote two years hence, and he regretted that there was only one. Again, when Mr. Taft came to Winona and "boosted" for Tawney, Mr Schmahl swelled up and said, "I told you so." Then Mr. Roosevelt came to Minnesota and took a shot at the man who, according to Julius, had no apology to make on his tariff vote, and Julius said: "Oh, Roosevelt is hot because Tawney wouldn't let him squander all the money in the treasury on battleships." Then came the New York convention, at which the "Old Guard" was scattered like chaff, Julius made up his mind he was in wrong, and he shouted: "Hurrah for Teddy; didn't we put it to them," and ever since he has been a vociferous Progressive, as has "Me-Too-Eberhart." But the people have memories.

Mr. Ballinger is truly a consistent "conservationist." He doesn't overlook anything, even to the beer business. On Thursday last he revoked the order of the Indian department, by which all saloons in the Indian country were to be closed on Oct. 15, and the brewers are naturally jubilant over their victory. Governor Eberhart and Secretary Ballinger are again together in perfect harmony in the great conservation chorus. Verily, he who puts two saloons where one flourished is a benefactor of the brewers.

Governor Eberhart says that the Democrats have "painted the pump to purify the well." But, my dear governor, you purified the waters of the Democratic well, so far as the liquor crowd is concerned. You have lifted the whole liquor bunch bodily out of the Democratic party, and enrolled them under your banner. It is "business" with them, governor, and we don't know that we blame them for the switch, but what did you promise them—under the rose?

The Minneapolis bartenders have organized in behalf of Governor Eberhart. Their organization is known as the Aegis Circle. What is the matter with calling it by its right name? Is the governor ashamed of his new-found support, or do the promoters fear to indicate the character of their occupation in their official title? The governor seems to be "taking the schools out of politics," but putting the bartenders in.

Of course it is possible that all those Democratic brewers and saloon keepers are supporting Governor Eberhart because they believe he will enforce all laws—including liquor laws—more rigorously than would Gray. Do you believe it?

The man who can be used to get through petty grafting can be depended on for big steals. You remember, perhaps, how Governor Eberhart was used in the Seabury graft?

Charity Begins at Home.

The absentminded Professor Lumplin is always so shabbily dressed and presents altogether such a broken down appearance that the other day on seeing his own image reflected in a large mirror he drew out his purse to give himself alms.—Lustige Blatter.

Lives Saved by Tobacco.

John Wesley was saved from disaster by tobacco, as is shown by this extract from his journal:

"Came to Turner's hall (Deptford), which holds (by computation) 2,000 persons. The press both within and without was very great. In the beginning of the expounding, there being a large vault beneath, the main beam which supported the floor broke. The floor immediately sank, which occasioned much noise and confusion among the people. But two or three days before a man had filled the vault with hogsheads of tobacco, so that the floor, after sinking a foot or two, rested upon them, and I went on without interruption.'

INTROSPECTION.

One can accomplish but comparatively little when all is said, for, make no mistake about it, however much we may pose and strut in the outside world, in the solitude of our own studies there are few of us but know how the faults and blemishes of our craft stand boldly out and stare us in the face to remind us that we are small enough and halting enough to be always learning, never quite gloriously achieving.

Munyon's
Witch Hazel
Soap

is more soothing than Cold Cream; more healing than any lotion, liniment or salve; more beautifying than any cosmetic.
Cures dandruff and stops hair from falling out.

ATCHISON'S ORDER OF SPINS

Unmarried, and Contented Withal They Have Mapped Out for Themselves a Pious City.

There was called a meeting of the Ancient Order of Spins last evening and papers were read on every subject from removing grease from carpets to the sad memories that attach to a bunch of old letters. The Spins were having a hilarious time when a staid Spin got up to make a few remarks. She said that, while they are happy now, there was a sad time coming. "Think of the day," she said, "when, having no husbands or children, you will be all alone." There was a sniff and then a snort as Spin after Spin recalled wives and mothers who were alone from daylight till dark, except when some member of the family wants waiting on. The sniffling and snorting increased in volume as Spin after Spin told of her freedom from worry, her independence in financial matters and the joy of doing as she pleased. "But we must not take offense at what our sister has said," one Spin remarked. "Let us show our good intentions by calling on every lonesome wife and mother we know." This was six weeks ago, and although the Spins have devoted every afternoon and evening since to this missionary work, they haven't made half the rounds yet.—Atchison Globe.

His First Lesson In Economy.

"When I was a very small boy and a dime looked pretty big to me, I met John H. Farley—who had always been my good friend—on the street one June day," says Frank Harris.

"'Frank,' he said, 'the Fourth of July is coming soon. You'll want some change then. Let me be your banker until then and you'll have more money for firecrackers, torpedoes, lemonade and peanuts.'

I emptied my pockets into his hand and every day thereafter until the Fourth I turned over to him my small earnings. When the day of days came around I had a fund that enabled me to celebrate in proper style, while many of my playmates were flat broke. It was my first lesson in thrift, and it was a good one. Hundreds of Cleveland people would be glad today to testify to the fact that when John H. Farley was a friend of a man or a boy he was a friend indeed."—Cleveland Leader.

Why He Wouldn't Hurry.

They were riding to church and were late. Several of the party were worried and one remarked: "The audience will be waiting." "Well," observed the old pastor (who was to preach that forenoon), "don't let's fret over it if we are a little late. It reminds me of the man who was being taken to execution. His guards were greatly exercised over the fact that they could not possibly get there on time. 'Never mind,' said the poor fellow, philosophically. 'Don't fuss over it. The people can wait. There'll be nothing doing till I get there.'"—Christian Herald.

A Question.

Vera (eight years old)—What does transatlantic mean, mother?

Mother—Across the Atlantic, of course, but you mustn't bother me.

Vera—Does "trans" always mean across?

Mother—I suppose it does. Now, if you don't stop bothering me with your questions I shall send you right to bed.

Vera (after a few minutes' silence)—Then does transparent mean a cross parent?—Ideas.

A Contradiction.

"Queer, wasn't it, that water in the place you went to made the folks there sick?"

"Why was it queer?"

"Because it was well water."

I hold it indeed to be a sure sign of a mind not poised as it ought to be if it be insensible to the pleasures of home.—Lex.

A FOOD DRINK.
Which Brings Daily Enjoyment.

A lady doctor writes:

"Though busy hourly with my own affairs, I will not deny myself the pleasure of taking a few minutes to tell of my enjoyment daily obtained from my morning cup of Postum. It is a food beverage, not a poison like coffee.

"I began to use Postum eight years ago, not because I wanted to, but because coffee, which I dearly loved, made my nights long weary periods to be dreaded and unfitting me for business during the day.

"On the advice of a friend, I first tried Postum, making it carefully as directed on the package. As I had always used 'cream and no sugar,' I mixed my Postum so. It looked good, was clear and fragrant, and it was a pleasure to see the cream color it as my Kentucky friend always wanted her coffee to look—'like a new saddle.'

"Then I tasted it critically, for I had tried many 'substitutes' for coffee. I was pleased, yes, satisfied, with my Postum in taste and effect, and am yet, being a constant user of it all these years.

"I continually assure my friends and acquaintances that they will like it in place of coffee, and receive benefit from its use. I have gained weight, can sleep sound and am not nervous." "There's a Reason."

Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. The servants deserted. Gertrude and Halsey arrive with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped. Gertrude was suspected because of an injured foot. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey were called away by a telegram. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase. Recovering consciousness, she said something had brushed by her on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. After "seeing a ghost," Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a slip in his pocket bearing the name of "Lucien Wallace." Dr. Walker asked Miss Innes to vacate in favor of Mrs. Armstrong. She refused. A note from Bailey to Gertrude arranging a meeting at night was found. A ladder out of place deepens the mystery. The stables were burned. During the excitement a man stole into the house. A search failed to reveal him. Miss Innes shot an intruder. A man limping was seen on the road. Halsey mysteriously disappeared. Louise sensing danger before his absence was noted.

CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.

"He's as dear to me as he is to you," she said sadly. "I tried to warn him."

"Nonsense!" I said as briskly as I could. "We are making a lot of trouble out of something perhaps very small. Halsey was probably late—he is always late. Any moment we may hear the car coming up the road."

But it did not come. After a half-hour of suspense, Louise went out quietly, and did not come back. I hardly knew she was gone until I heard the station hack moving off. At 11 o'clock the telephone rang. It was Mr. Jamieson.

"I have found the Dragon Fly, Miss Innes," he said. "It has collided with a freight car on the siding above the station. No, Mr. Innes was not there, but we shall probably find him. Send Warner for the car."

But they did not find him. At four o'clock the next morning we were still waiting for news, while Alex watched the house and Sam the grounds. At daylight I dropped into exhausted sleep. Halsey had not come back, and there was no word from the detective.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Halsey's Disappearance.

Mr. Jamieson came back about eight o'clock the next morning; he was covered with mud, and his hat was gone. Altogether we were a sad-looking trio that gathered around a breakfast that no one could eat. Over a cup of black coffee the detective told us what he had learned of Halsey's movements the night before. Up to a certain point the car had made it easy enough to follow him. And I gathered that Mr. Burns, the other detective, had followed a similar car for miles at dawn, only to find it was a touring car on an endurance run.

"He left here about ten minutes after eight," Mr. Jamieson said. "He went alone; at 8:20 he stopped at Dr. Walker's. I went to the doctor's about midnight, but he had been called out on a case, and had not come back at four o'clock. From the doctor's it seems Mr. Innes walked across the lawn to the cottage Mrs. Armstrong and her daughter have taken. Mrs. Armstrong had retired, and he said perhaps a dozen words to Miss Louise. She will not say what they were, but the girl evidently suspects what has occurred. That is, she suspects foul play, but she doesn't know of what nature. Then, apparently, he started directly for the station. Along somewhere in the dark stretch between Carol street and the depot he evidently swerved suddenly—perhaps some one in the road—and went full into the side of a freight. We found it there last night."

"He might have been thrown under the train by the force of the shock," I said tremulously.

Gertrude shuddered.

"We examined every inch of track. There was—no sign."

"But surely—he can't be—gone!" I cried. "Aren't there traces in the mud—anything?"

"There is no mud—only dust. There has been no rain. And the footpath there is of cinders. Miss Innes, I am inclined to think that he has met with bad treatment, in the light of what has gone before. I do not think he has been murdered." I shrank from the word. "Burns is back in the country on a clew we got from the night clerk at the drug store. There will be two more men here by noon, and the city office is on the lookout."

"The creek?" Gertrude asked.

"The creek is shallow now. If it were swollen with rain it would be different. There is hardly any water in it. Now, Miss Innes," he said, turning to me, "I must ask you some questions. Had Mr. Halsey any possible reason for going away like this, without warning?"

"None whatever."

"He went away once before," he persisted. "And you were as sure then."

"He did not leave the Dragon Fly jammed into the side of a freight car before."

"No, but he left it for repairs in a blacksmith shop, a long distance from here. Do you know if he had any enemies? Any one who might wish him out of the way?"

"Not that I know of, unless—no, I cannot think of any."

"Was he in the habit of carrying money?"

"He never carried it far. No, he never had more than enough for current expenses."

Mr. Jamieson got up then and began to pace the room. It was an unwonted concession to the occasion.

"Miss Armstrong Is Very Ill and Unable to See Any One."

"Then I think we get at it by elimination. The chances are against flight. If he was hurt, we find no trace of him. It looks almost like an abduction. This young Dr. Walker—have you any idea why Mr. Innes should have gone there last night?"

"I cannot understand it," Gertrude said thoughtfully. "I don't think he knew Dr. Walker at all, and—their relations could hardly have been cordial, under the circumstances."

Jamieson pricked up his ears, and little by little he drew from us the unfortunate story of Halsey's love affair, and the fact that Louise was going to marry Dr. Walker.

Mr. Jamieson listened attentively.

"There are some interesting developments here," he said thoughtfully. "The woman who claims to be the mother of Lucien Wallace has not come back. Your nephew has apparently been spirited away. There is an organized attempt being made to enter this house; in fact, it has been entered. Witness the incident with the cook yesterday. And I have a new piece of information." He looked carefully away from Gertrude. "Mr. John Bailey is not at his Knickerbocker apartments, and I don't know where he is. It's a hash, that's what it is. It's a Chinese puzzle. They won't fit together, unless—unless Mr. Bailey and your nephew have again—"

And once again Gertrude surprised me. "They are not together," she said hotly. "I—know where Mr. Bailey is, and my brother is not with him."

"Miss Gertrude," he said, "if you and Miss Louise would only tell me everything you know and surmise about this business, I should be able to do a great many things. I believe I could find your brother, and I might be able to—well, to do some other things." But Gertrude's glance did not falter.

"Nothing that I know could help you to find Halsey," she said stubbornly. "I know absolutely as little of his disappearance as you do, and I can only say this: I do not trust Dr. Walker. I think he hated Halsey, and he would get rid of him if he could."

"Perhaps you are right. In fact, I had some such theory myself. But Dr. Walker went out late last night to a serious case in Summitville, and is still there. Burns traced him there. We have made guarded inquiry at the Greenwood club and through the village. There is absolutely nothing to go on but this: On the embankment above the railroad, at the point where we found the machine, is a small house. An old woman and a daughter, who is very lame, live there. They say that they distinctly heard the shock when the Dragon Fly hit the car, and they went to the bottom of their garden and looked over. The automobile was there; they could see the lights, and they thought some one had been injured. It was very dark, but they could make out two figures, standing together. The women were curious, and, leaving the fence, they went back and by a roundabout path down to the road. When they got there the car was still standing, the headlight broken and the bonnet crushed, but there was no one to be seen."

The detective went away immediately, and to Gertrude and me was left the woman's part, to watch and wait. By luncheon nothing had been found, and I was frantic. I went upstairs to Halsey's room finally, from sheer inability to sit across from Gertrude any longer and meet her terror-filled eyes.

Liddy was in my dressing room, suspiciously red-eyed and trying to put a right sleeve in a left arm-hole of a new waist for me. I was too much shaken to scold.

"What name did that woman in the kitchen give?" she demanded, viciously ripping out the offending sleeve.

"Bliss. Mattie Bliss," I replied.

"Bliss. M. B. Well, that's not what she has on her suitcase. It is marked N. F. C."

The new cook and her initials troubled me not all. I put on my bonnet and sent for what the Casanova liveryman called a "stylish turnout." Having once made up my mind to a course of action, I am not one to turn back. Warner drove me; he was plainly disgusted, and he steered the livery horse as he would the Dragon Fly, feeling uneasily with his left foot for the clutch, and working his right elbow at an imaginary horn every time a dog got in the way.

Warner had something on his mind, and after we had turned into the road he voiced it.

"Miss Innes," he said. "I overheard a part of a conversation yesterday that I didn't understand. It wasn't my business to understand it, for that matter. But I've been thinking all day that I'd better tell you. Yesterday afternoon, while you and Miss Gertrude were out driving, I had got the car in some sort of shape again after the fire, and I went to the library to call Mr. Innes to see it. I went into the living room, where Miss Liddy said he was, and half-way across the library I heard him talking to some one. He seemed to be walking up and down, and he was in a rage, I can tell you."

"What did he say?"

"The first thing I heard was—excuse me, Miss Innes, but it's what he said, 'The damned rascal,' he said, 'I'll see him in'—well, in hell was what he said, 'in hell first.' Then somebody else spoke up; it was a woman. She said: 'I warned them, but they thought I would be afraid.'"

"A woman! Did you wait to see who it was?"

"I wasn't spying, Miss Innes," Warner said with dignity. "But the next thing caught my attention. She said: 'I knew there was something wrong from the start. A man isn't well one day, and dead the next, without some reason.' I thought she was speaking of Thomas."

"And you don't know who it was!" I exclaimed. "Warner, you had the key to this whole occurrence in your hands and did not see it!"

However, there was nothing to be done. I resolved to make inquiry when I got home, and in the meantime, my present errand absorbed me. This was nothing less than to see Louise Armstrong, and to attempt to drag from her what she knew, or suspected of Halsey's disappearance. But here, as in every direction I turned, I was baffled.

A neat maid answered the bell, but she stood squarely in the doorway, and it was impossible to preserve one's dignity and pass her.

"Miss Armstrong is very ill and unable to see any one," she said. I did not believe her.

"And Mrs. Armstrong—is she also ill?"

"She is with Miss Louise and cannot be disturbed."

"Tell her it is Miss Innes, and that it is a matter of the greatest importance."

"It would be of no use, Miss Innes, my orders are positive."

At that moment a heavy step sounded on the stairs. Past the maid's white-strapped shoulder I could see a familiar thatch of gray hair, and in a moment I was face to face with Dr. Stewart. He was very grave, and his customary geniality was tinged with restraint.

"You are the very woman I want to see," he said promptly. "Send away your trap, and let me drive you home. What is this about your nephew?"

"He has disappeared, doctor. Not only that, but there is every evidence that he has been either abducted or—" I could not finish. The doctor helped me into his capacious buggy in silence. Until we had got a little distance he did not speak; then he turned and looked at me.

"Now tell me all about it," he said. He heard me through without speaking.

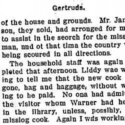
"And you think Louise knows something?" he said when I had finished. "I don't—in fact, I am sure of it. The best evidence of it is this: She asked me if he had been heard from, or if anything had been learned. She won't allow Walker in the room, and she made me promise to see you and tell you this: don't give up the search for him. Find him, and find him soon. He is living."

"Well," I said, "if she knows that, she knows more. She is a very cruel and ungrateful girl."

"She is a very sick girl," he said gravely. "Neither you nor I can judge her until we know everything. Both she and her mother are ghosts of their former selves. Under all this, these two sudden deaths, this bank robbery, the invasions at Sunnyside and Halsey's disappearance, there is some mystery that, mark my words, will come out some day. And when it does, we shall find Louise Armstrong a victim."

Then we drove slowly home. I had the doctor put me down at the gate, and I walked to the house—past the lodge where we had found Louise, and, later, poor Thomas; on the drive where I had seen a man watching the lodge and where, later, Rosie had been frightened; past the east entrance, where so short a time before the most obstinate effort had been made to enter the house, and where, that night two weeks ago, Liddy and I had seen the strange woman. Not far from the west wing lay the blackened ruins of the stables. I felt like a ruin myself as I paused on the broad veranda before I entered the house.

Two private detectives had arrived in my absence, and it was a relief to turn over to them the responsibility of the house and grounds. Mr. Jamieson, they said, had arranged for more to assist in the search for the missing man, and at that time the country was being scoured in all directions.



Gertrude.

The household staff was again depleted that afternoon. Liddy was waiting to tell me that the new cook had gone, bag and baggage, without waiting to be paid. No one had admitted the visitor whom Warner had heard in the library, unless, possibly, the missing cook. Again I was working in a circle.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Well Matched by Milliner

King Midas Found for Once That All Things Did Not Always Come His Way.

With a nonchalant air King Midas allowed himself to be led upon a shopping expedition for a new hat for the queen.

What cared he?

He knew perfectly well that all he had to do was to touch anything handy and convert it into gold wherewith to settle the bill.

However, they arrived at the store, and the queen tried on one hat after another until at last she selected a perfectly lovely creation resembling an inverted waste basket surmounted by the ruins of a flower garden.

"That will suit exactly," said King Midas. "And now, my young friend," he said to the saleslady. "I shall show you how to pay millinery bills. Don't bother to tell me the price of the hat."

With a lordly air he touched the hat and instantly it became solid gold.

"Take your change out of that," ordered King Midas.

The saleslady took the hat away, had it assayed and weighed and the value of the gold computed. Then she returned.

"Thirty-eight dollars and 25 cents more, sir," she demanded.—Chicago Evening Post.

Dumas' Mushrooms.

A Paris contemporary, commenting on the little knowledge of French possessed by some Germans, relates a story of Alexander Dumas (pere), who knew little German. He found himself at an inn in German Switzerland. He exhausted his small stock of German in trying to make the waiter understand what dishes he required for dinner. One he could not make the man understand, so in despair the author of "Monte Cristo" called for a pencil and sketched what he wanted. Some minutes later the innkeeper himself appeared, bearing a large open umbrella. Dumas had ordered mushrooms.

TYPIST IS OF ROYAL BLOOD

Third Lady of England Proves Her Interest in the Writing Machine to Be Real.

London.—Even the daughters of royalty do not scorn knowledge of useful occupations. Often we read of pretty and youthful princesses who have begun the study of some art, perhaps along domestic lines, cookery or sewing, or have finished a course in nursing, or can show a certificate testifying to their ability in some business line. The daughters of the late King Christian of Denmark, namely the Queen mother of England, the Dowager Empress of Russia and the Duchess of Cumberland, were taught to make all their own clothes and, furthermore, to trim their hats. The Empress of Germany holds that a knowledge of children, kitchen and church is to be preferred before all other accomplishments and other members of royalty are proud of the fact that they have provided their children, as they grew up, with the means to gain proficiency in any useful line they chose to follow.

PRINCESS VICTORIA ALEXANDRA.

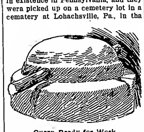
The latest student of royal blood in the business world is the 13-year-old daughter of King George, Princess Victoria Alexandra. This little lady, the only daughter in a family of six, became much interested in the typewriters in daily use where she resided. There are two lady typists attached to the secretarial staff of Marlborough house, which has been the King's residence, and finally the young princess declared her enthusiasm and asked one of them to give her the necessary instruction that she might operate a typewriter. She has learned to use the machine at a fair rate of speed. Now she plans to assist her mother, Queen Mary, regularly with her correspondence. Thus the third lady in England today, for her grandmother ranks second, is an accomplished little business woman in at least one line.

QUEER OLD HAND MILL FOUND

"Quern," as This Implement Is Called, First Used in America by the Indians.

Reading, Pa.—Ever since the Israelites gathered manna, ground it in mills, or beat it in mortars, or since the time the Hebrews grew corn and the Romans pounded the wheat they grew, we have had in history the upper and nether millstones. In primitive times the method of grinding and pounding cereals was all done by querns. The housewives of Scotland, who had too far to go to the little water mills, ground their oats and corn by hand with those little stone mills, known as querns, and which were from one foot to one and one-half feet in diameter.

In American history the quern was the first mill that the Indians used to grind their Indian corn. The photos of the quern, shown in this article, are those of the only Indian mill, still in existence in Pennsylvania, and they were picked up on a cemetery lot in a cemetery at Lobachsville, Pa., in the Oley valley, where the Indians had a number of their villages.



Quern Ready for Work.

No one seemed to recognize the historic value of the little stones, thousands viewing them, with the simple remark, "queer stones," passing on and never thinking about them any more. Some time ago a number of historians happened to hunt old inscriptions on tombstones several centuries old in this cemetery, when they accidentally came across the curious quern. Lifting the same apart, they recognized this primitive Indian mill. The quern is now in the rooms of the Berks County Historical society here, where it is one of the most important historical relics on exhibition.

The quern is in two parts, and weighs seventy-five pounds. The lower stone is hollowed out to a depth of about four inches in which the upper or grinder part of the quern fits. Through the center of the grinder a round hole is drilled, and through this opening the operator of the quern dropped the corn, feeding the mill as fast as it would grind it. On each side of the hole was a smaller hole in which a handle, made either of wood, stone or iron, fitted, and by pushing the handles in a half circle, the grinding operation was completed and the ground cereals, were the corn, wheat or rye, flowed from the lower stone by way of the spout, which was a cavity cut into the lower stone, two inches wide, and as deep as the surface of the interior of the hollowed surface.

NOT CUT OUT FOR SOLDIER

Widow Healy Indulges in Some Plain Speaking to Her Devoted but Timid Lover.

The courting of the Widow Healy by Terence Corcoran was a tedious affair to every one in Magray place, most of all to the widow herself, who tried various expedients to assist her timid admirer.

"I'm thinking I might go for a sojer," Terence announced one night, when his fancy had been stirred by a newspaper account of a military pageant. "I'm not so old but I could do it. I was want in a school regiment."

"You go for a sojer!" cried the Widow Healy in mingled scorn and alarm. "A man that calls on a lone widow for two years and more, widout pluck enough to spake his mind, hasn't the makings of a dhrummer boy in him."

NOT YET INTRODUCED.

"Where do you live, my lass?"

"Tee hee! No. 411 Steenth street but mamma doesn't allow gentlemen to call on me jest yet."

Love's Crime.

George was a manly fellow, yet, surprising as it may seem, he was guilty of a grave charge, a criminal offense—theft, for had he not many times stolen kisses from his fair sweetheart?

Monda, one of the most lovable of girls, was equally guilty as an accessory; she received the stolen property. Each seemed to have perfect confidence in the other, however, and when sentence was pronounced by a properly qualified official, they decided to serve their time together.

They remained loyal to the end, neither making any effort to have their sentence abrogated or shortened, but during the course of their long term together several small offenses were directly chargeable to them.—J. W. B., in Puck.

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

No Help Needed.

A little miss of five years who had been allowed to stay up for an evening party, was told about 8:30 to go to bed. Very, very slowly she moved toward the stair. An aunt, seeing her reluctance, asked:

"Helen, can I do anything to help you?"

"No," replied Helen, "I will get there altogether too soon as it is."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Not Strictly Orthodox.

Police Justice—Young man, what is your religion, if you have any?

Chauffeur (arrested for overspeeding)—Something like Jim Bludso's, your honor—never be passed on the highway.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Win by Being Prepared.

Those who are prepared for the worst are the ones who generally get the best of it.

Pla-Mate Shoes
For Children

For 35 years we have done nothing but make children's shoes. All we have learned is embodied in the

$1.75 & $2.00 **Pla-Mate Shoes**

—the best shoe made for little folks. See the shape it means comfort and allows the feet to develop naturally. Clear oak soles, Goodyear welts and full extension heels, protecting the uppers mean that a pair of **Pla-Mate Shoes** will outwear two pairs of other shoes. If not in stock at your dealers, send us his name, stating size and style desired and we will see that you are supplied.

WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

Guns, Sporting Goods, Hunters' and Trappers' Supplies, Camp Outfits, Tents, Kodaks, Football Suits and Supplies. Catalog Free. Kennedy Bros. Arms Co., St. Paul, Minn.

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO.
Growers and shippers of Cut Flowers, Plants, Etc. [illegible] Fargo, N. D.

PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

DOCTOR ADVISED OPERATION

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Galena, Kans.—"A year ago last March I fell, and a few days after there was soreness in my right side. In a short time a bunch came and it bothered me so much at night I could not sleep. It kept growing larger and by fall it was as large as a hen's egg. I could not go to bed without a hot water bottle applied to that side. I had one of the best doctors in Kansas and he told my husband that I would have to be operated on as it was something like a tumor caused by a rupture. I wrote to you for advice and you told me not to get discouraged but to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did take it and soon the lump in my side broke and passed away."—Mrs. R. R. HUEY, 713 Mineral Ave., Galena, Kans.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has proved to be the most successful remedy for curing the worst forms of female ills, including displacements, inflammation, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result has been worth millions to many suffering women.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

FAIRLY WARNED.

The Slinger—An' see here, you don't wanter be goin' around braggin' that it was me wot soaked you, see!

Good Advice, but——

A traveler entered a railway carriage at a wayside station. The sole occupants of the compartment consisted of an old lady and her son, about twelve years old. Nothing of note occurred until the train steamed into the station at which tickets were collected. The woman, not having a ticket for the boy, requested him to crouch down.

The traveler intervened and suggested putting him under the seat.

"Man," said the excited woman, "it's a hair at death; but there's twa under the seat a'ready!"

Woman-Like.

"I hate him! I think he is the meanest man I ever met."

"Gracious, Jeanette! What is the trouble?"

"Why, he told me he loved me devotedly and I told him it would be impossible for me to love him in return. The poor fellow looked so downhearted I told him to try and forget me."

"Well?"

"Boo-hoo! He he—did!"

Deposits in English Savings Banks.

Savings bank deposits in the United Kingdom amount to more than $1,119,[illegible], of which the postoffice holds $778,610,000. Depositors exceed ten million in number. The people's total savings in all financial institutions are put at $2,433,250,000.

Anticipated.

Margaret—Did you tell the girls at the tea that secret I confided to you and Josephine?

Katherine—No, truly I didn't. Josephine got there first.—Harper's Bazar.

And sensible men consider it too much trouble to look for trouble.

"The Smack" of the "Snack"

Post Toasties and Cream

A wholesome, ready-cooked food which youngsters, and older folks thoroughly enjoy.

Let them have all they want. It is rich in nourishment and has a winning flavour—

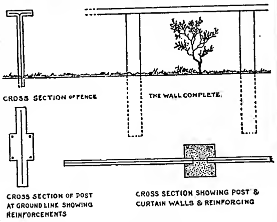
"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., Battle Creek, Mich.

DESIGN FOR BUILDING STRONG CONCRETE WALLS

How One Can Construct Fence Without Cracking—Has Minimum Amount of Material, But of Immense Strength.

Some years ago there was published in the Gazette a design for building walls of concrete for farm use. The idea was of a thin curtain wall, only 4 inches thick, carefully reinforced and held by buttresses or concrete posts at distances of about 10 feet apart. If there is much pressure against the wall it will be better to put these buttresses only 6 feet or 8 feet apart. Since I published my plans I have seen several walls that had been built in the manner described, and I know that they are all right. I have also learned something of how one can best do the work and have no cracking at all, writes Joseph E. Wing in Breeder's Gazette. Bear now well in mind that this, while it looks like a wall, is really on the principle of a concrete fence, the thickness of the part between supports being but 4 inches, capped with a 4-inch cap 16 inches wide. To the observer it is a thick, heavy wall and it is immensely strong. The panels themselves need not go into the earth, unless to prevent washing under of water.



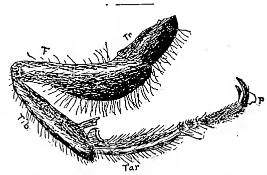
CROSS SECTION OF FENCE
THE WALL COMPLETE.
CROSS SECTION OF POST AT GROUND LINE SHOWING REINFORCEMENTS
CROSS SECTION SHOWING POST & CURTAIN WALLS & REINFORCING

A Solid Concrete Fence.

To construct this wall first stretch up in the line of it a very good fence of wove wire—any strong wire fencing will serve. Let it be as high as you desire the wall, and stretch it very tight. Use a sort with close meshes, say 6-inch squares. Two strips of hog fencing, one above the other, lapping and tying together, will serve well. Now make some tight panels of good dressed and matched boards, each panel as long as the distance between the centers of the posts is to be. When you have these panels made, soak them first in linseed oil and let it dry. Afterward get from your butcher a quantity of tallow and melt it and mix with kerosene oil to make it easily spread. Grease these wooden panels very thoroughly each time you use them; that will keep the boards from warping. A surer plan would be to cover the panels with smooth sheet iron which you would grease each time; that would leave a very smooth wall and look well. Put a cleat at the end of each panel of 2x2-inch stuff, vertically. Set them up now, one on each side of your wire fence, and clamp them together. The middles will be best held with wires. You now have a form that will hold your concrete curtain wall, 4 inches thick, with the wire in its exact center. Fill it with concrete soft enough to flow, not sloppy. Agitate it enough to settle it well. Let it set for 24 hours, then carefully remove the form and build another panel. As fast as the forms are taken off carefully brace these panels against wind pressure.

The holes for the posts should have been dug for convenience sake before the curtain walls were built. Put them down 4 feet and make them 12 inches square. Your curtain walls will lack 4 inches of touching at the ends. The post comes around them. Reinforce the post well. If you can get some odd pieces of 2 inch pipe, they will serve. Or use four rods, one at each corner, of about ¾-inch steel. Get the reinforcement run from the bottom of the hole to the top of the post. Let the posts come up just even with the top of your curtain wall. Excavate a transverse trench across the middle of the post, the trench 4 feet long and 12 feet deep, about 6 inches wide. When you fill the post mold with concrete, fill this trench. It runs out like the roots of a tree on either side. Reinforce this also. When you put up the post mould, it will be 12x12 inches on the inside and will embrace the ends of the curtain walls. Take flour paste and cover the ends of the curtain walls with heavy paper so that they will not adhere to the concrete of the posts. This will let them continue to contract and not crack by being held rigidly. You are now ready for the cap. It also must be well reinforced. The wire of the fence should come to the top of the cap. It need not be more than 4 inches thick and may be continuous. With the cap on, the wall is complete, and, while it has taken the minimum of material it has immense strength. It has also the appearance of a solid concrete wall.

FORELEG OF BUSY HONEY BEE



The accompanying illustration is a highly magnified representation of the foreleg of a worker bee. The little finger and the groove shown at what is called the tibia-palmar joint are used to clean the ligula or tongue and the antennae or feelers. To accomplish this the ligula or the antenna is placed in the groove, the leg flexed or drawn up, which decreases the space between finger and groove. The ligula or the antenna is then drawn through very much as a rope would be drawn between the thumb and first finger. The act may be observed daily as the bee takes flight for the field. Running out at the entrance it pauses a moment reaches up over its head, seizes the antenna and strips them clean, and then away it goes. The movement very much resembles that gone through by the school boy in winter when he stops to pull his cap over his ears before springing from the porch. The little claws at the extremity of the leg are of course used in climbing or in seizing hold of anything and the tiny pad between the claws is the pulvillus. The pulvillus secretes a viscous substance which enables the bee to climb smooth surfaces like glass. Tr is the trochanter, F the femur, Tib the tibea, Tar the tarsus.

Cauliflower Culture.

Cauliflower seed is hard to get up. Don't plant it too deep. Just cover it and roll the surface. It may be planted from the first of May to the middle of June. The plants must be properly set, and any farmer can tell in three days that it is growing. Hoeing and cultivating should be begun at once.

Leaves should be used to shade the heads. Cauliflower grows very fast in warm weather. The early flowers are more easily spoiled than the older ones. The older ones are sold for 30 cents, and at no time do they bring less than five cents—a large amount of water may do good just as they are about to head; but this may do harm, too.

Land for Goat Raising.

In a general way all land in the United States except very low, swampy tracts are suitable for goat raising. The feed that goats prefer is browse with a small admixture of weeds and grass, and therefore those tracts burdened with brushwood and briers are especially desirable. The fact makes it clear that in the colder parts of the country it would be necessary to provide some feed in winter, as nothing but the soft twigs remain at that time as browse. Goats will eat grass if required to do so and will thrive upon it, but grass land is regarded as being so much more profitable for hay production or as pasture for cattle and sheep that the placing of goats upon it is not to be considered.

Soil for Celery.

Sandy land is not suitable for celery as a market crop unless it can be easily irrigated. But for the home supply, where quantity is not the first consideration, the superior quality of celery grown on sand makes it desirable.

Slaughter of Birds.

H. R. Walmesoy of the Missouri Audubon society, of Missouri, declares that the slaughter of birds has cost the United States over $800,000,000. He says the English sparrow is the only bird that is of no value to the farmer.

FILED FIRST CLAIM

Daniel Freeman Got Homestead Number One.

As a Soldier in Nebraska in 1862 He Took Advantage of the Law Immediately After It Went Into Effect.

Lincoln, Neb.—When Daniel Freeman filed on the first free home provided for free men, at one minute past twelve o'clock on the morning of January 1, 1863, he inaugurated the history of homestead entries, which have since developed the western prairies into the heart of American agriculture. The Freeman home is at Brownville, Neb., on the quarter-section of land for which the first patent was issued. He always regarded this old patent as one of the most interesting and valuable relics of American history. Its face indicates that Freeman made entry No. 1, his proof of residence was No. 1, his patent is No. 1, recorded on page No. 1 of book No. 1, in the United States land office.

Freeman's name is linked with that of Galusha A. Grow of Pennsylvania, once speaker of the lower house of congress, and whose maiden speech in the house was on the subject of "Man's Right to the Soil." That speech was made in 1852, but it was not until ten years later that he was able to see his measure, the homestead law, recorded in the statute books.

Freeman at that time was a young soldier, detailed to perform a secret mission at Brownville, Neb., where the first United States land office was opened. The presence of many prospective settlers awaiting the opening January 1, 1863, of the land office, to take advantage of the homestead law, attracted Freeman to the idea of securing a free home. On December 30, however, he was ordered to report in St. Louis for a new assignment. To add to his troubles, January 1 was a legal holiday. The young soldier, nothing daunted, sought out James Bedford, who had charge of the government land office, and told him his troubles. Bedford agreed to sign the filing papers following the stroke of midnight the following night if Freeman could secure the consent of other prospective settlers to waive their right to make entries until the following day. All day December 31 Freeman sought out the settlers and secured their consent to the scheme, in order that he might get away New Year's morning. There was a dance at the town hall in the evening and at midnight all the young Beau Brummels repaired to the land office to see Uncle Sam's soldier become the first homesteader. The papers already had been made up and were signed just after twelve o'clock. Freeman started at once for St. Louis and was able to visit the land but twice during the next three years, the law making special provision for soldiers.

Freeman and His Home.

In 1865 Freeman laid down his arms and took up the peaceful pursuit of agriculture on his claim. He built a log cabin as the first structure on the farm. On an adjoining claim lived a young woman with whom Freeman had become acquainted during his previous visits, and when the cabin was completed they were married and moved into the new home. Freeman was energetic, and from an open prairie homestead the quarter section was developed into the finest farm in Gage county. Additional land was purchased and Freeman became wealthy. Three fine orchards surround a comfortable brick dwelling and a forty-acre timber claim has developed into a young forest.

Daniel Freeman was a pioneer Indian fighter and carried two scars as the result of bullets from the Indians' rifles. One of his peculiarities was his free thinking doctrine. He always maintained that the Bible was made for the people who believed in it and that they had no right to force it upon persons who did not want it. Taking this stand, he brought the famous lawsuit to force the Bible out of Nebraska schools. The suit was brought against the school board of his home district and he won out. His contention was that no religion could be legally taught in the public schools and that teachers could not lawfully read the Bible in school. The supreme court sustained his contention and the Holy Writ disappeared from the Brownville school.

Had Fondness for Sweet Things.

Old-time inhabitants of England had a decidedly sweeter tooth than most moderns have. In Tudor days it was the general practise to pour honey over the meat and honey or sugar was used in so many dishes (to say nothing of being mingled with the wine) that it is on record that the teeth of most people were black in consequence. Most of the old dishes would be too rich today, for oysters were stewed in wine, pigeons stuffed with gooseberries, grapes boiled in butter and mutton was stuffed with oysters

HIS RUBBERS HAD VANISHED

Consequently Man From the Country Had Little Use for City Methods.

The benches in the waiting rooms at the Union depot in Kansas City are used for other purposes than to rest on by travelers, the Kansas City Star enlightens us. At every midnight the maids clean out the rooms. They do not forget to poke under the benches for stray bundles left by trusting travelers.

Sometimes, after intervals, the travelers return to claim their property. Some time ago a red cap at the depot saw a man in a linen duster, a felt hat and the manner of one who had spent his life in a secluded part of the Ozarks get down on his knees and peer carefully under several of the benches.

"Lost anything, mister?" the red cap queried.

"Wall, no, sonny, not e'zactly. I left a pair of rubbers here last January when I was on the way tew Emporey. Hain't seen nuthin' of 'am, have you?"

The red cap explained that he hadn't, and, moreover, that the room had been cleaned out several dozen times since last January.

"Well, I swan," replied the traveler, blinking and stroking his beard, "the city methods do beat me."

BABY'S SKIN TORTURE

"When our baby was seven weeks old he broke out with what we thought was heat, but which gradually grew worse. We called in a doctor. He said it was eczema and from that time we doctored six months with three of the best doctors in Atchison but he only got worse. His face, head and hands were a solid sore. There was no end to the suffering for him. We had to tie his little hands to keep him from scratching. He never knew what it was to sleep well from the time he took the disease until he was cured. He kept us awake all hours of the night and his health wasn't what you would call good. We tried everything but the right thing.

"Finally I got a set of the Cuticura Remedies and I am pleased to say we did not use all of them until he was cured. We have waited a year and a half to see if it would return but it never has and to-day his skin is clear and fair as it possibly could be. I hope Cuticura may save some one else's little ones suffering and also their pocket-books. John Leason, 1403 Atchison St., Atchison, Kan., Oct. 19, 1909."

Now They Sleep Inside.

George H. Beattie, jeweler in the old Arcade, and L. E. Ralston, auditor of the News, have jointly and severally decided that sleeping out in the open isn't all that it has been declared to be, says the Cleveland Leader. They were both in a deep snooze out at the Beattie farm, near Chagrin Falls, the other night, when a runaway team from the county fair city turned into the lane leading up to the Beattie estate and came along at full speed.

Sound asleep, but dreaming of impending danger, Ralston rolled out of his cot toward the north, and Beattie from his cot toward the south. The runaway horses dashed between the sleepers, oversetting everything in the way, but missing Beattie and Ralston by margins too narrow to be measured. Since that night Ralston has slept in his town house and Beattie has found shelter under the ample roof of his house on his big plantation.

Flirting With Fashion.

That innate tendency on the part of the fair consumer to flirt with fashion, playing fast and loose with various commodities, is responsible for the uncertainties that have prevailed during the month. There was such a lack of confidence as to the ultimate acceptance of the various lines prepared by distributers and consumers that buying was somewhat minimized. Prosperity or adversity has nothing to do with the millinery business. Fashion alone makes or breaks.—Millinery Trade Review.

The Weeds Return.

"Confound these election bets, anyway!" grumbled Harker.

"Lose heavily?" inquired his friend.

"No, I won ten boxes of cigars and they were so rank I sold the whole lot to the corner tobacconist for a dollar."

"Well, you made a dollar, anyway."

"Yes, but that is not the worst of it. My wife saw the boxes in the window marked 'A Bargain, $2,' and bought the whole lot to give me as a birthday present."

Illiterate Immigrants.

Ellis Island records show that of 52,727 immigrants who arrived here in July 12,895, or about 25 per cent., are illiterates. Illiteracy is no bar to an immigrant so long as he appears physically able to care for himself. Only 1,127 persons who sought to enter the country were barred at this port last month.—New York Press.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive About the size of your shoes, many people wear smaller shoes by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Tired, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The World on Wheels.

"Wall, I mortgaged my home yesterday."

"What make of auto are you going to get?"—Houston Post.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP Buy Furs and Hides. Send for catalog 105. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

People are happier for a lot of things they don't know.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Some people are happy only when they are envied.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

A man of few words usually says them as if they were more.

ACT PROMPTLY.

Kidney troubles are too dangerous to neglect. Little disorders grow serious and the sufferer is soon in the grasp of diabetes, dropsy or fatal Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills cure all distressing kidney ills. They make sick kidneys well, weak kidneys strong.

John L. Perry, Columbus, Tex., says: "I grew worse and worse until it seemed but a question of a few hours before I passed away. My wife was told I would not see another day. I rallied somewhat and at once began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. I steadily improved until today I am in good health."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Points to Good Future.

Seven poor children, four girls and three boys, all about ten years old, want to a nearby seashore resort, in charge of two women, for a day's outing. The funds for the picnic were provided by two boys who sell papers and who live in one of the two houses from which the excursion party was recruited. One of the women in charge of the children said that the boys had arranged the outing "of their own accord, and the remarkable thing is this: They are not good boys by any means and one of them is probably the naughtiest boy in the neighborhood. But we think that when boys do little things like this they will come out all right."—New York Tribune.

Pleasant Place to Prosper.

TO THE EDITOR: We want to hear from people who would appreciate securing a fruit, dairy or poultry farm in the Kuhn irrigated tract in Sacramento Valley, California, at half the true value. Best water right in state. Low maintenance cost. Work costing millions now actually being done. Roads, drainage and water right included in price. Ten month's growing season. Ten tons alfalfa per acre. Splendid dairy conditions. 500 hens earn $100 a month or better. Oranges, lemons, grape fruit, figs, English walnuts and a thousand other fruits, nuts, vegetables and flowers grow here. Gardens winter and summer. Charming place to live. Very healthful. Who wants such a home? Land selling fast. Work for everybody. Write us for enthusiasm. H. L. Hollister & Co., 205 La Salle St., Chicago, or 345 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

Same With Political Pastry.

Teacher—Now, Willie, which would you rather have, two-sixths of a pie or one-third?

Willie—One-third, miss.

Teacher (sarcastically)—You would, eh! And why so?

Willie—'Cause if you cut it into sixths I'd lose more of the juice.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Onions a Healthy Food.

Onions are more nourishing than any other vegetable.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED PROCESS SHOES

MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
WOMEN'S $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4
BOYS' $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS

They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are positively the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PIMPLES

"I tried all kinds of blood remedies which failed to do me any good, but I have found the right thing at last. My face was full of pimples and black-heads. After taking Cascarets they all left. I am continuing the use of them and recommending them to my friends. I feel fine when I rise in the morning. Hope to have a chance to recommend Cascarets." Fred C. Witten, 76 Elm St., Newark, N. J.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 922

FURS FOR SALE

Black Lynx set of magnificent large Russian Shawl and beautiful Rug Muff; elegantly trimmed with head and tails; lined with shirred satin; worn few times on stage by Barclay Sisters, now leaving on Southern theatrical tour; practically new. Cost $80 per set, sell for $20 per set. Will send one or both C. O. D. with privilege of inspection at their expense. Address their manager. MURRAY LIEBERS, 28 E. 14 St., New York

DR. ARTHUR'S KIDNEY OIL COMP. For Kidney and Bladder Diseases. DISSOLVES URIC ACID. $1 package. Trial sent free, post paid. F. D. Arthur, M.D., 65 Randolph, Chicago, Ill.

PATENT your ideas. 64-page book and advice FREE. Established 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D.C.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 41-1910.

Woman's Power Over Man

Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No *honest* dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Remington REPEATING GUNS

Hammerless Solid Breech Safe

PUMP GUN

AUTOLOADING SHOTGUN

Remington Pump Guns and Remington Autoloading Shotguns represent the highest development in modern shotgun manufacture. This claim is proven by the fact that over 50% of the Interstate Handicaps for the last three years have been won by Remington Shotguns. More winnings than all other shotguns of all makers combined.

REMINGTON PUMP GUN—Hammerless, Solid Breech, Slide Action, Bottom Ejection—recognized as unrivaled in this class of repeaters.

REMINGTON AUTOLOADING SHOTGUN—Hammerless, Solid Breech—combines the advantages of all other shotguns with being autoloading without the loss thereby of an ounce of muzzle energy—has a minimum recoil—absolutely safe.

The new REMINGTON Catalogue is more than a catalogue—it is also a text book for increasing shooting proficiency, *mailed free to sportsmen.*

THE REMINGTON ARMS COMPANY
Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Read Fournet's new ad.

Read Mittwer's new ad.

Read LaBissoniere's new ad.

Foot ball Saturday afternoon.

More local news on inside page.

Louis Sieff, jr. left Saturday on a trip west.

Glen Martz of St. Hilaire was in town Monday.

Walter Quesnelle of Brooks was in town yesterday.

Are you receiving your share of merchants' coupons?

Joe Toupin spent Sunday with the family at Crookston.

Ask for coupons with your next purchase and win a prize.

Attorney Chas E. Boughton was at Thief River Falls Monday.

Some good, warm houses for sale or rent. Sortedahl Land Co.

Mat Skala sells the famous Gotzian shoe. Read about it in the ad.

Editor Converse of St. Hilaire spent Sunday with relatives in town.

Leading merchants are giving coupons. Be sure and ask for them.

Louis Sieff left Saturday evening on a business trip to the twin cities.

Miss McAnulty, who teaches at Crookston spent Sunday at home.

Miss Alice Zaiser visited with friends at Fertile Friday and Saturday.

H. H. Zaiser was attending to business matters at Plummer Saturday.

Sunday dinner at Woodmen hall given by the ladies of St Joseph's church.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel October 6.

Read the Red River Power Company's special announcement in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E Ives visited Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Cross at Grand Forks.

Attorney F. A. Grady was attending to legal business at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Nick Poullot visited with the family of A. P. Toupin at Crookston this week.

For sale—One yoke of oxen 6 years old, weight 3400 lbs. Well broken and handy to work. Inquire of Frank E. Hunt.

A $30 Astrachan cape for $15 at the Big Store. Also bargains in ladies' fur coats.

Merchants' coupons cost you nothing extra and if you save them you can win a prize.

A number from this city will go over to Grand Forks Monday to hear Melba sing.

Robert Zaiser and Vern Healy attended the dance at Brooks last Thursday evening.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausolel. tf

Foot ball Saturday afternoon at 2 o'colck. Red Lake Falls vs. Fosston. Get out and root.

The Red Lake Falls orchestra furnished music for a dance at Brooks last Thursday evening.

The Red Lake Falls orchestra furnished music for a dance at Fertile last Friday evening.

Did you read the list of prizes in the Gazette voting contest? You can certainly use one of them.

Chicken dinner served by the young ladies of St. Joseph's church at Woodman hall after mass Sunday.

Mrs. A. L. Brunelle and Miss Grace Gervais went to Crookston Tuesday evening, returning Wednesday.

The Red Lake Falls orchestra will go to Middle River tomorrow evening to furnish music for a dance.

Norman Schroiter and Miss Erma Schroitor spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Padden at Crookston.

Determination wins in the long race; if you are determined you can win a prize in the Gazette contest.

If you are a booster, you will help boost your friends by getting coupons of your merchants and voting them.

G. K. Haavi of Thief River Falls was attending to business matters at the county auditor's office Monday.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Miss Louise Twinam, principal of the Thief River Falls high schools, visited Saturday with friends in Red Lake Falls.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

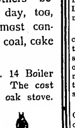
A DEPENDABLE STOVE

Is the Beckwith Round Oak—the genuine has the name "Round Oak" on the leg.

You will like it—like millions of others—because it holds the fire all night and all day, too, if you wish, and the fuel can be the most convenient for you to secure–hard or soft coal, coke or wood.

This stove is mounted with Wood's No. 14 Boiler Iron which makes it almost indestructible. The cost is very little more than the ordinary cheap oak stove.

No. 18, for Coal, with magazine	$20.00
No. 20, for Coal, with magazine	$38.50
No. 18, for wood	$23.00
No. 20, for wood	$26.00



The new Radiant Home base burner for stove coal instead of chestnut coal is a beauty. You should see it.

We have several second hand base burners in first class condition.

$15.00 $20.00 $25.00 $35.00

A Coupon good for 100 votes in the Gazette Piano Contest given with each $1.00 cash purchase

Hunt Hardware Co.

"If it's good hardware, Hunt has it"

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was down from Thief River Falls Friday for the meeting of the county board.

You can win a piano, sewing machine, watch or some other valuable prize if you save your coupons and ballots.

Only the ladies can secure prizes in the Gazette voting contest but, be sure you have the "other fellows" working for you.

Mrs. Jannette Jewel Kellogg, the talented reader, gave a delightful entertainment at the Bijou theatre Tuesday evening.

Albert Normandeau has gone to St. Paul where he is employed by the Great Northern Telegraph company as a lineman.

Attorney Perl W. Mabey and John Anderson of Thief River Falls were attending to business matters in town last Thursday.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton went to Crookston Saturday evening to attend to some legal matters. He returned Sunday morning.

W. H. Brown of Grand Forks, manager of the Red River Power company, was looking after the company's business here Tuesday.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire was in town Friday in attendance at the meeting of the board of county commissioners.

Alton Jackson has gone to Warroad to assist with the extra work in the Great Northern station there occasioned by the relief work for fire sufferers.

Came to my place, six miles northwest of town, Saturday morning, a buckskin pony. Owner can have property by paying expenses—L. Jahnke.

Ed L. Healy now drives a five passenger Ford automobile. The machine arrived yesterday and was secured in a real estate deal with Iowa parties.

Michael Quesnelle sold his personal property at public auction Monday and he and his family will leave this evening for the new home at North Yakima, Wash.

E. A. Columbus has added a power plow, drawn by a twenty horse power gasoline engine, to his farm equipment and is turning over the soil in big chunks.

Fred Gerke was arrested Tuesday by Fire Warden Drier for having started a fire. In Justice Buse's court he plead guilty to the charge and was fined $5.00 and costs.

W. B. Cheshire, cashier of the recently organized Farmers National Bank, and his family are new residents of city. They are occupying the Klepper cottage on the north side.

A marriage license has ben issued at the clerk of court's office to Mr. Charles Latta and Mrs. Maude Crowell, both of this city. The date of the wedding is not announced.—Crookston Times.

Because of the burning out of the dynamo at the power house, the power company would appreciate it if as few lights as possible are left burning in the offices and business places for the next few nights.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz and K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire were in town yesterday making report to the county auditor on some county ditch work on which they are employed as engineer and viewer.

A. S. Worden from Hubbard county is the new landlord at Paul's Hotel, Mr. Warden has purchased the furniture and leased the house and took possession last Thursday. Mr. Paul and family have moved to the building north of the hotel.

A number of young ladies were entertained at the home of Miss Algina Guilmette Tuesday evening at a shower given in honor of Miss Laura Lizotte, a bride of the week. Miss Lizotte was the recipient of many useful and pretty gifts.

L. E. Slater of Crookston has purchased the Michel Quesnelle farm in the Badger creek country, six miles southeast of town. Mr. Slater was over from Crookston Saturday on business matters. He informed the Gazette that he will move onto the farm next spring.

Geo. E. Boughton of Vancouver, B. C., and his bride were guests this week of Attorney and Mrs. Chas. E. Boughton. They are on their wedding trip. They left last evening and will visit St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago and will return to their home by way of Denver. Mr. Boughton is a brother of Attorney Boughton.

Mrs. Lacrosse, who has been spending a few days here at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. Derosier, returned this morning to her home at Red Lake Falls. Other guests at the Derosier home who will remain here for the fair are Mrs. Rohilliard, from Minneapolis, and Mrs. Rose Noel, of North Yakima, Washington.—Crookston Times.

The six proposed amendments to the constitution of the state of Minnesota are published in this issue of the Gazette. Every voter should read the amendments and then vote on the proposition at the general election next month. A failure to vote is counted as a vote against the amendments, so it is the duty of every citizen to study the amendments that he may vote intelligently—and then vote.

Emery Lizotte, who conducted a barber shop at Baudette before the big fire, arrived in the city yesterday. Mr. Lizotte was shaving a man in his shop when warned of the danger from the great fire and he and the man he was shaving had barely time to get out of the building, leaving hats and coats behind, and cross the bridge to Rainy River and safety before the whole town was in flames.

Having disposed of my business in Red Lake Falls, I must insist that all accounts be settled promptly. All account must be settled by the 25th of the month. Failure to comply with this request will make it necessary for me to proceed against parties indebted and secure judgment. Accounts may be paid at the Falls Meat Market or at my office over the Merchants State Bank.—A. O. Grosheng.

Geo. B. Aiton, state inspector of high schools, was in the city Tuesday and was enthusiastic in his praise of the good work being done in the city schools. Mr. Aiton said that he knew there had been improvements in the schools here, but that he marveled at the improvement that had been brought about since his last visit. The addition of the new courses in manual training and domestic science and excellent equipment for the new work pleased him greatly as did the general improvement in the work of the high school.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Robertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mrs. Wm. Zaiser.

Red Lake Falls Will Help

Mayor Duffy has appointed a committee to raise funds to aid the fire sufferers and everybody will have an opportunity to contribute to the good cause.

Lizotte-Patnode.

Miss Laura Lizotte and Mr. Louie Patnode, two well known young people, were married at St. Joseph's church at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, Oct. 10, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. The young people were attended by Miss Demerise Patnode and Mr. Paul Lizotte as bridesmaid and groomsman. Mr. and Mrs. Patnode have gone to housekeeping on a farm owned by Mr. Patnode's father and are now receiving the congratulations and best wishes of their friends.

FIRST GAME SATURDAY

Local High School Team Will Take on the Fosston Team.

The first high school foot ball game of the season will be played on the local gridiron Saturday afternoon between the Red Lake Falls and Fosston teams. The game will commence at 2 o'clock so that it may be finished in time to allow the visitors to take the 5 o'clock train. The expenses of this game will be quite heavy and a large attendance of rooters to contribute glad noises and quarters will be very much appreciated by the boys.

OPPORTUNITY TO HELP

Contributions of Clothing for Fire Sufferers are Solicited.

A number of the ladies of the city have made arrangements for the collection of clothing and supplies to be sent to the fire sufferers. It is necessary that these supplies go out soon so that those who can contribute are urged to bring in what they have to offer as soon as possible. Articles of clothing or other supplies left at the office of P. B. Gaass not later than 3 or 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon will be boxed and shipped.

LIND OCTOBER 27.

Will Speak at Thief River Evening of That Date.

Hon. John Lind will be the speaker at a big political rally at Thief River Falls Thursday, Oct. 27. In the last issue of the Gazette it was stated that the former governor would speak at Thief River next Thursday, but the Gazette had been misinformed regarding the date.

Killed on New Soo Line.

Thursday an unknown man about thirty years old was killed on a Soo gravel train east of Clearbrook. His work brought him close to the cable drum and in some manner his clothes got caught in the cable and he was drawn into the drum. His body was badly mutilated.—Plummer Pioneer.

For Sale Cheap.

The undersigned will sell the E half of the N. E. ¼, Sec. 28, T. 15.1 R. 43. Gervais Township, Red Lake Co., cheap and upon terms to suit purchaser.—F. J. Leonard, Jordan, Minn. tf

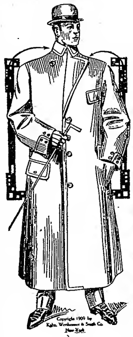
Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$ .97
Durum	.78
Rye	.59
Oats	.25
Flax	2.45
Barley	.59
Potatoes, new	.75
Eggs	.20
Butter, dairy	.25

Overcoat Showing...

Our line of Men's Overcoats is now complete and we give you a selection of 200 overcoats. The new things in cloths and collars are here—the new adjustable collars, Mutos, Autos, etc.—we have them all. Fine Kuppenheimer Coats in heavy mixtures, latest shades and black at $15 to $25. The famous Clothcraft all-wool overcoats, stylish yet moderate in price, $10 to $15.



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Gordon Furs

Rat Collared Coats and wool black kersey, best English all-wool, plush-lined, 52 inches long, 6 inch collar, $15 and up to $35 for Beaver and Otter collars.

About Stylish Shoes

A full new line of the best most stylish Shoes made in America—Utz & Dunn, Rochester, N. Y. They are in a class of their own. U. & D. Shoes, $2.50 to $4; Gadman Shoes, the best cheap, solid shoe made, $1.39 up to $2.50.

Remember!

It pays to trade at

The Big Store

Theo. LaBissoniere Red Lake Falls

THE FIRST INDUSTRIAL CONTEST

Enthusiastic Meeting of School Children at Plummer Last Saturday.

Meeting at St. Hilaire Saturday Oct. 15, and Red Lake Falls Oct. 22.

The first of the series of industrial contests to be held in the county this fall was held at Plummer last Saturday and the meeting, the first contest of the kind ever held in the county, was a pronounced success. Two hundred people were in attendance and school children from twelve districts participated in the contest. There were 153 entries, 83 prizes were awarded and $40 paid to the children in prize money.

Supt. L. V. Koos of the Red Lake Falls high school accompanied Supt. Anderson to Plummer and gave a talk at the meeting on contest work in the public schools and the need of industrial work in the country schools.

The next contest will be held at St. Hilaire, Saturday, and preparations are being made for a big meeting.

A week from Saturday, on Oct. 22, a contest will be held in Red Lake Falls and it promises to be very fine meeting. Supt. Anderson has arranged a fine program and the local merchants are contributing liberally for the prizes to be awarded in the contest. The meeting will be held in the assembly room of the high school building. Following is the program:

Music — High School Glee Club.
Talk — H. F. Anderson.
Industrial Work in the School of Education of the Chicago University. —Emma S. Weld.
Music — Mr. Koos and Miss Bachenstoe
Agricultural Experiments —Mr. Swedberg.
Industrial Work in the High School —Mr. Koos.
Music — High School Glee Club.

Refreshments for rural school children served by the Domestic Science department of the Red Lake Falls high school in Domestic Science room of the high school building at 1:30 p. m.

Seed Corn Conservation.

The farmers who observed "Seed Corn Week," and who secured an adequate supply of fully matured selected ears from which to plant their fields next spring, are to be congratulated; as also are those who, finding their corn backward and immature at that time, nevertheless were enabled by favorable weather to select their seed ears, in the same way, a little later. As an inferior resort, with those who are yet behind in securing seed, a selection from the best ears in the shock may be made at husking time; but probabilities are so great that most corn in the shock will have been affected by frost, that such should not be planted unless carefully tested for germination. Better buy seed from a neighbor who has been aforehand or fortunate enough to secure a surplus of good seed, than to take the risk of using an inferior article. One Minnesota farmer last year sold his surplus of good seed corn at $5 a bushel, shelled.

The right selection of seed corn on your farm will have been made to little purpose, however, unless it is rightly cared for between gathering and next years' sowing. Having seen to it that it is thoroughly dried let it next be your care to protect it from damp, from insects and from mice. Your seed-room is your treasure-house, let none of these robbers break in! Then next spring, with fall-plowed land awaiting the planter, your battle for an increased production per acre will be half won in advance.—C. R. B. Extension Division.

Keugh & Co., Ladies' Tailors, Chicago.

I have accepted the agency for the above company and am prepared to take measurements for suits, skirts jackets, capes. Call and see Keugh's all wool samples. I have also fine fall and winter hosiery. Racine feet, cotton, fleece lined and woolen.—Miss Carter.

"ON TO BRAINARD"

That is the Slogan of the Northern Minnesota Development Boosters.

The first annual meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association will be held in the city of Brainerd Thursday and Friday, December 1st and 2nd, 1910.

The citizens of Brainerd are preparing to take care of even larger numbers than have attended previous meetings. The work to be done at this time will require the greatest care and thought of the delegates and it is hoped that all the counties will send full delegations as well as others interested in the good work for the state.

It is expected that bills for presentation at the coming session of the legislature will be drawn up, included in which are reapportionment, good roads, one mill tax, state lands, consolidated rural schools and other objects of state wide interest.

Proposals Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, up to the opening hour of the session of said board, October 21st, 1910, 10:00 o'clock a. m., for the furnishing and installing of the electric light fixtures for the Red Lake county court house, Red Lake Falls, Minn., in accordance with the plans showing outlets as prepared by architect F. D. Orff on file in the county auditor's office.

Bidders will be required to submit designs for the best fixtures they can furnish installed at a price not exceeding $1500.

A certified check of $100 must accompany each bid payable to the order of the county auditor. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite open bids.

By order of the Board.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal) 13-20

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Badly Burned.

Last Friday while Andrew T. Nelson was babbitting some pinions on his threshing engine, assisted by C. J. Bugge and his waterman, the babbit exploded in one of them, badly burning Mr. Nelson and the waterman, while Mr Bugge escaped with a few slight burns and some of the metal had to be removed from his eyes by the doctor. Dr. O. F. Mellby of Thief River Falls was telephoned for, and was soon on the ground and dressed the wounds of the injured men, and finding the waterman so badly burned took him back to the city with him so that his eyes and wounds could be properly attended to. Although Mr. Nelson received some bad burns he was out in a few days little the worse for the accident.—Erie Eleven Towns.

Auction Sale.

I will sell at public auction at my farm 6 miles northeast of Red Lake Falls on the northwest quarter of Section 5. Gervais Township, the following property commencing at 12 o'clock on Saturday, Oct, 22:

1 horse 12 years old, weight 1500; 1 horse 7 years old, weight 1400 pounds; 1 mare, coming 4 years, weight, 1300; 1 horse 11 years old, weight 1100; one steer, coming three years of age; 1 heifer, coming 3 years; Mc Cormick binder, nearly new; 1 Jones mower; 1 6 foot disc harrow; 1 Canton gang plow, 12 inch; 4 walking plows; 1 14 inch breaking plow; 1 harrow; 1 3-section steel harrow; 1 16-inch sulky plow, with breaker attachment; 1 set bob sleighs; 2 cutters; 1 spring tooth harrow; 1 wide tire wagon, complete; one Thompson Concord buggy, nearly new; one buckboard; one fanning mill; two sets heavy harness; one single buggy harness; a quantity of oats; household goods and many other articles too numerous to mention. Free lunch at noon. Terms: All sums under ten dollars cash. All sums over that amount good bankable paper due November 1st, 1911, at 10 per cent interest. Five per cent discount for cash on sums over ten dollars.
TREFFLE GRANDBOIS, Owner.
Jos. Belair, Auctioneer, Geo. F. Hennings, Clerk.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1878

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 4

DISTRICT COURT NEXT MONDAY

Will Convene for the General October Term in this City.

Few Criminal Cases, Twenty-Eight Civil Cases on the Calendar.

District court will convene for the general October term next Monday. There are only two criminal cases on the calendar and those are unimportant. There are twenty eight civil cases. The petit jurors are summoned to appear Tuesday Oct. 25 but the grand jurors will not report until Nov. 1. Court will be held in the city hall the new court house not being quite ready for occupancy.

HELP IS APPRECIATED

Red Lake Falls' Contributions are Relieving Distress of the Needy.

Mrs. F. L. Farley, chairman of the committee having in charge the work of securing contributions for the aid of the fire sufferers, has received a letter dated Oct. 15, from Rev. Sidebotham chairman of the Warroad relief committee, which is in part as follows:

"Your letter with draft for $101.05 came this afternoon. I am glad your note was as it was. Money is coming which cannot be used for needy objects, because it must be turned to Red Cross. Your money will be used for immediate needs. I cannot see how in such a short time the ladies could collect so much. Will you please express to the ladies and to the donors not only my thanks but the thanks of our entire committee.

"The boxes of clothing also—these were put right into a car for Williams. It seems that at Beaudette they are merely caring for the needs there, and at Pitt and Graceton. Friday I went down the line and learned that Cedar Spur and Williams were being overlooked, so we are supplying both of these places."

CANDIDATES SHOULD GET BUSY NOW

Five Thousand Votes in Contest Given for $1.50 Paid on Subscription.

Special Offer on Ballots and Coupons Closes Saturday Night.

We will give votes in the piano contest on all money collected on old or new subscriptions.

Now is the time to have your friends relatives and neighbors subscribe or pay for their subscriptions for this year; they know that the Gazette is the newsiest and best paper published in this section and they will want to be subscribers. By commencing now you will have a better chance of securing and collecting subscriptions, for if you wait a competitor will get ahead of you.

We have subscription blanks that we will give for the asking. It gives you the privilege of collecting and receipting for subscriptions. Get out and hustle; you can win with a little effort. Remember we give prizes valued at several hundred dollars and you will win one of them if you put forth the proper effort.

In the rules and regulations will be found the number of votes given on subscription and it is to the interest of every candidate to read them. If you are not a candidate it is not too late to enter the race. The collecting of a few subscriptions will place you in the lead and may be the means of you winning the piano or some other prize. Send in your name today; do not wait.

Next week we will make a prize offer on subscriptions, therefore get a book and start immediately prepared to receive the benefit of this special offer. If there is anything that you do not understand, do not hesitate to ask about it. We are always pleased to give any information that may assist you in securing votes so it may be to the interest of every candidate to call at this office at an early date, as we can enlighten you on the different ways of securing votes. Next week we will publish the standing of the candidates. Try to have your name with the greatest number of votes.

Many are taking advantage of the special offer made last week and are sending in their merchants' coupons and ballots. Remember the coupons voted by your friends count just the same as if you voted them yourself. Remind your friends and relatives not to neglect voting their merchants' coupons before the special offer closes.

Special Prizes This Week.

As stated previously, the standings of candidates will be announced next week and the winners of the special offer on ballots and merchants coupons will be announced. All ballots and coupons voted on or before Saturday, October 22, will count three for one and to those having the largest number of votes Saturday night the following additional prizes will be given:

1st prize, official ballot worth 20,000 votes.

2nd prize, official ballot worth 15,000 votes.

3rd prize, official ballot worth 10,000 votes.

4th prize, official ballot worth 5,000 votes.

Here is your chance to triple your vote, and receive 20,000 extra votes. Coupons and ballots already voted will count in this offer. Shall you take advantage of it? This offer will positively not appear again.

No one failing to land one of these prizes should be discouraged for from now on votes will be given on subscriptions and a little hustling will give you thousands of votes.

Following are the young ladies who are in the race for the valuable prizes

Agnes A. Anderson, Red Lake Falls.
Lucy Crompe, Red Lake Falls.
Mayme Laurent, Red Lake Falls.
Eva Lizee, Red Lake Falls.
Zelia Quesnelle, Red Lake Falls.
Mildred Sertedohl, Red Lake Falls.
Delia Pigeon, Brooks.
Lena Eckstein, Wylie.
Katie Dreeland, Wylie.
Lizzie Power, Wylie.
Mary Draeger, Wylie.
Amanda Johnson, Wylie.
Alice Wichterman, Plummer.
Mary LaFrambois, Gentilly.
Emma Sauve, Terrebonne
Ida Wolfe, Terrebonne
Elizabeth Prenevost, Terrebonne
Olive Generoux, Terrebonne

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mrs. Wm. Zalser.

Read Hunt's new ad.

GOVERNOR IS COMING

Will Speak in Red Lake Falls Monday, Oct. 31.

Hon. A. O. Eberhart, governor of Minnesota and Republican candidate for the office he now occupies, will deliver a political address at the Bijou theatre at 1 o'clock in the afternoon on Monday, Oct. 31. The Red Lake Falls concert band will play and it will be a lively occasion no doubt.

After the meeting the governor will go to St. Hilaire and will speak there at 3 o'clock and at Thief River Falls in the evening.

Easy For Fosston.

The Fosston high school foot ball team won the game from Red Lake Falls last Saturday by a score of 36 to 0. It was a better game than the score would indicate, though the locals never caused the Fosstonites much trouble. The locals went into the game without much training. Two or three of the boys had not been in the practice until the night before the game and others were quite inexperienced. However, there is some good material, and the boys have been getting into shape this week for the next game, to be played at Fertile Saturday afternoon.

OPPORTUNITY FOR AN OPEN FIGHT

The People of Red Lake Falls Would Like to Debate the County Division Proposition.

The proposition whether or not Red Lake county shall be divided is one which concerns all of the people of the county and is a question on which the people should be well informed to vote intelligently.

The people are entitled to a free discussion of the important question and the anti-division committee of Red Lake Falls suggests that joint debates be held and wish this to be considered a challenge to such debates—a challenge to the people who are making the fight for the division—the debates to be held at any or many places in the county.

The suggestion to debate has been made to the Thief River Falls people within the past few days, but has not been entertained. They think the suggestion is a bluff. It is—it's a big bluff. We dare you to come out in the open and give the people a free discussion of the important question. Name the places; make the dates. A refusal to consider this proposition will indicate your intention to carry on a dirty campaign, to excite some of the people by charges of corruption, to keep them excited until after election, instead of giving them an opportunity to know what are the real points at issue and determine whether your proposition has any merit. Is it true that you believe that your proposition has no merit? Are you afraid of an open discussion?

It is believed that many people in the county would like to know more about the division proposition. Speakers for public meetings to be held anywhere in the county are yours for the asking. If the people in any locality desire a meeting all they need to do is name the date and place and make their desires known. Send a letter to "Secretary Anti-division Committe, Red Lake Falls," and a speaker will be supplied at no expense to you. This is the fight of the farmers of Red Lake county more than of the people of Red Lake Falls city, but we are with you in the fight and our services are yours for the asking.

COUNTY TAXES & FIRES

Schoolmaster Hay and Attotney Halvorson Tell Things at St. Hilaire.

There was a public meeting at St. Hilaire last Saturday evening at which Schoolmaster Hay and Attorney Halverson of Thief River Falls made some "telling remarks" on the subject of county division.

Attorney Halvorson said that Thief River Falls people had arranged to give the proposed new county a deed to the city hall to be used as a court house "until such time as it is burned." That was intended as a clever joke and everybody saw the point, but nobody saw it as Mr. Halvorson did. Everybody knows that the building is intended for temporary use only and is to be disposed of when the county gets to doing business—if it does. But it was not known before just what disposition is to be made of the old building. It will make a good fire. Schoolmaster Hay spoke on the subject of taxes. He had a nicely prepared chart, as any schoolmaster should have. On the chart he had printed $62,000 in nice big figures. This, he informed his hearers, is the amount of Red Lake county's taxes. And then the schoolmaster in the best pedagogical style said that he'd be glad to answer any questions that the members of the class might desire to ask. Somebody was inquisitive and asked what are the items that make up the $62,000. The schoolmaster was very accommodating and accounted for "all except $18,000." He did not know what that was for so somebody who knows something about county taxes told him that it was for ditch assessments which are not taxes at all.

More than 25 per cent of the tax levy is not a tax against anyone but assessments against lands benefited by the construction of ditches, obligations voluntarily assumed by the owners of the lands benefited. A large part of the tax is levied for purely local purposes, the county authorities simply collecting and transmitting funds to township and other local authorities, and as a matter of fact less than one-third of $62,000, or a little more than $18,000 is levied for the expenses of county government. For how much less than $18,000 could the proposed new county with the big debt that must be assumed and no funds on hand—for how much less could it be run if simply the expense of county government and interest on debts are paid, to say nothing of paying any of the principal or the cost of a new court house?

Schoolmaster Hay speaks as one having authority—without knowing what he's talking about. He also says that the records can be transmittd for $2,000. That would buy a few books.

INDUSTRIAL CONTEST HERE SATURDAY

The Third of the Series of Contests to be Held in this City.

Fine Meeting at St. Hilaire Last Saturday.—300 People Present.

Saturday afternoon an industrial contest in which the rural school pupils of the districts surrounding this city will participate will be held at the high school assembly room in this city.

The school children will bring in exhibits of grains, vegetables, sewing cooking, etc. These will be exhibited and judged and prizes awarded to the children who bring in the best exhibits.

Two very successful contests have been held, one at Plummer and one at St. Hilaire, and Saturday's contest promises to be a very good one. Following is the program that Supt. Anderson has arranged for 2 o'clock at the assembly room of the high school building:

Music — High School Glee Club.
Talk — H. F. Anderson.
Industrial Work in the School of Education of the Chicago University.
—Emma S. Weld.
Music — Mr. Koos and Miss Bachenetoe
Agricultural Experiments
—Mr. Swedberg.
Industrial Work in the High School
—Mr. Koos.
Music — High School Glee Club.

After the program lunch will be served for the rural school children by the domestic science department of the high school in the domestic science room.

CONTEST AT ST. HILAIRE

Fine Meeting of School Children Held Last Saturday.

About three hundred people attended the industrial contest held at St. Hilaire last Saturday and the meeting was an enthusiastic one. Children from ten school districts surrounding St. Hilaire participated in the contest.

There were 250 entries, about 150 prizes were awarded and about $40.00 was paid out in prize money. There were unusually fine exhibits of grains and sewing and other exhibits were good.

H. R. Daniels of the Crookston experiment farm officiated as judge and also gave a talk on industrial work. The St. Hilaire schools and the ladies of the village served lunch.

Sell Fresh Eggs Only.

There are farmers who still persist in packing eggs as a speculation, holding them for a rise of a few cents per dozen. With the high prices that have prevailed in this community for the past few years, it is poor business to hold eggs for higher prices, as there is bound to be a loss on stored eggs and some body will have to stand a loss. The pure food commissioners of different states have been getting more strict on the egg question right along and farmers, shippers and merchants have been fined heavily. Consumers expect value received for their money as well as farmers and people should not be expected to pay for eggs that are not strictly fresh eggs that cannot be used for boiling in the shell. If a farmer has any doubt as to every egg being fresh he should at candle them.—Iowa Farm Journal.

Mr. and Mrs. Nick Helm received the glad tidings by phone from Crookston Sunday that their daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Quesnelle, are parents of a baby girl born Sunday morning.

BIG MEETING AT ST. HILAIRE FRIDAY

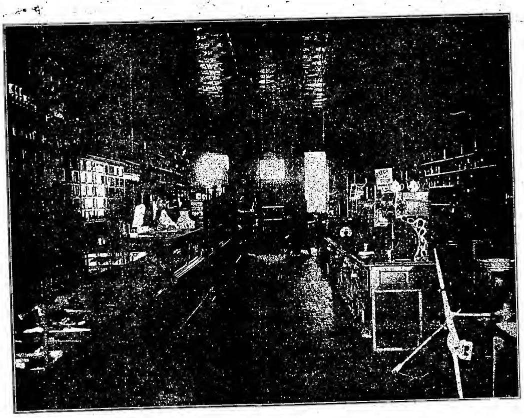
Red Lake Falls People Will Talk on County Division Proposition.

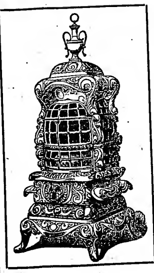
Every Tax Payer Who Can do so Should Attend This Meeting.

An anit-county division meeting will be held at St. Hilaire Friday evening. Red Lake Falls people will have something to say that will be worth hearing. Every tax-payer for miles around St. Hilaire should attend the meeting. Facts will be presented that should interest every tax-payer, facts that he should seriously consider in determining his vote on the proposition. Turn out and hear what the anti-divisionists have to say. You will be well entertained. All are invited.

Read Mittwer's new ad.

THE HOME
OF THE
FAVORITE
Stoves and Ranges





Size 14, for 4 to 5 room house	$51.50
Size 15, for 5 to 6 room house	55.50
Size 16, for 6 to 7 room house	60.00
Size 17, for 7 to 8 room house	63.00

Mittwer's Hardware
Exclusive Agency
Red Lake Falls

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Two men are dead and one injured seriously as the result of an explosion in the high explosive building of the Washington navy yard.

The First National bank of Sioux City filed an application with the postmaster general requesting that they be designated as a depository for postal savings bank funds.

Seventeen suits, instituted by the United States and charging that many thousand conveyances of Indian lands of the five civilized tribes allotted in severalty to them had been made in violation of express restrictions against alienation, were filed in the supreme court of the United States for review. The cases involve a determination of what is the present policy of the government toward the Indians of these tribes.

Special Examiner Matthews of the Interstate Commerce commission will arrive in Omaha, October 13 and hold a hearing and take testimony in the following cases now pending before the commission: McShane Lumber Company vs. Houston, El Paso & Western Texas Railway Company; Sunderland Brothers vs. Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern; C. Koehler Company, et al., vs. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company; C. B. Havens Company vs. Chicago & Northwestern; Fremont Commercial Club vs. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.

Foreign.

Russia is far behind other civilized countries of the world in the matter of decreasing the number of death sentences, according to statistics given to the international prison congress at its session by Dr. Frederick H. Wines of Philadelphia.

There is a possibility that Great Britain will use its good offices to secure respect for the persons of King Manuel and the queen mother, Amelia of Portugal, from the revolutionists, who are reported to be in control of Lisbon. There is much public sympathy for King Manuel in England.

Professor Bombarda, the anti-clerical, who was shot by an army lieutenant at Lisbon, Portugal, died. News of the death soon circulated and a crowd of anti-clericals assembled near the professor's home and shouted: "Down with the priests. At Oporto the intelligence caused a violent collision between the factions.

Japanese and Chinese newspapers received at Victoria, B. C., contained accounts of unrest in Hunan. The Siangtan correspondent of the north China Herald telegraphed news of an anti-foreign outbreak following the spreading of stories that missionaries had killed some children. The mission compounds were wrecked and looted but the missionaries managed to escape.

General.

Monks are being expelled from Portugal by the new authorities.

T. P. Nielson of Seattle, was elected grand president of the Danish Brotherhood, defeating H. H. Vogt of Davenport, Ia., who has been president twelve years.

Roosevelt is making a tour of the South, drawing large crowds everywhere.

Governor Albert W. Gilchrist of Florida has announced that he will not be a candidate for United States senator.

Hundreds of settlers were burned to death in the forest fires near Rainey River, Ont.

A call for aid for the fire sufferers has been made by the Minnesota Red Cross society.

Frederico B. Boyd has been named by the new Panama government as secretary for foreign affairs.

Diplomatic relations between Venezuela and Colombia which were recently severed because of a boundary dispute have been restored.

One hundred thousand dollars reward is offered for apprehension and conviction of the parties who dynamited the Los Angeles Times building.

The grand prize race for automobiles will be held over the Vanderbilt cup course on Long Island, October 15. The course is to be thoroughly policed that accidents may be avoided.

Dr. J. H. Worst, president of the North Dakota Agricultural college, is to head the international Dry Farming congress for the coming year.

Personal.

Hoke Smith has been elected to serve a second term as governor of Georgia.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has made a number of promotions in his department.

Rufus Blodgett, former United States senator, died at his home in Long Branch, N. J. He was taken sick about six months ago.

Republicans and democrats are to hold their state nominating conventions [illegible]

Henry L. Stimson was notified of his nomination for governor of New York, and accepted the place.

"If my health continues to improve I expect to be a candidate for the United States senate in 1912, otherwise not," said Senator Tillman.

There is a possibility that Great Britain will use its good offices to secure respect for the persons of King Manuel and the queen mother, Amelia, of Portugal from the revolutionists.

Our government will wait awhile before recognizing the new rulers in Portugal.

Fire destroyed Pier "C" of the Southern Pacific terminal company in the western portion of Galveston. Loss, estimated at $120,000.

The president withdrew 4,100 acres of land from the public domain in Montana.

Necessity of frequent examinations of banks was made at the Los Angeles convention.

A republic has been proclaimed at Lisbon, Portugal, and a provisional government established.

Walter Brookins, the hero of the Chicago-to-Springfield will attempt a flight continuously from Springfield to St. Louis, a distance of eighty-five miles.

Joe and Ed Chandler, negro highwaymen, were killed and Ed Black, a third member of the gang, was mortally wounded in Huntsville, Ala., by Sheriff Mitchell and a squad of deputies.

Social Washington was deeply interested in the recent cabinet meetings at the White House, at least in that part of them which had to do with the filling of the vacancies on the supreme court bench.

Seventeen of the twenty or more men who lost their lives in the explosion that wrecked the Times newspaper plant eight days ago, were buried side by side in Hollywood cemetery at Los Angeles. One funeral service was held for all.

There was a substantial increase, amounting to about 10 per cent, in the number of wooden cross-ties purchased for consumption by the steam and electric railroads in the United States in the calendar year 1909, as compared with the number purchased in 1908.

Sir William Treloar, the English philanthropist and former lord mayor of London, who has been in the United States and Canada a month, sailed on Sunday on the Celtic of the White Star line, after pronouncing the American women the "smartest dressed women in the world."

The Bogota Railway company, an American concern in Colombia, has received the first payment of $425,000 on the sale of the road to the municipality of Bogota, the purchase price of which was $800,000. The plant is now in the hands of the municipality, and the cars started running today, amid popular demonstrations.

Floating in Long Island sound, off Fort Schuyler, the body of George Ide Malcom, board member of the New York stock exchange firm of Malcom & Coombe, was found, exactly one week after he had disappeared, and the fears of his friends and business associates that he had ended his life by jumping from a Fall River boat were confirmed.

As a tragic sequel to the death of Edmond Poillot, the French aviator, his fiancee, who had shown almost uncontrollable grief went to his grave Sunday and fired a bullet into her heart. Poillot was killed on September 25 while making a flight with a passenger. While at a height of ninety feet a wing collapsed and the machine fell backward.

The Standard Oil company through its official publicity representative, J. I. C. Clarke, has announced that the company has inaugurated a campaign to increase the world's consumption of refined oil," and is lowering prices of kerosene in Europe and the far east. This action follows that of August last, when the Standard Oil company reduced refined oil in barrels 1 cents a gallon from 9¾ to 8¾ cents at the refinery, and refined oil in tanks from 6½ to 5½ cents a gallon. In part the statement reads: "The Standard Oil company has inaugurated a campaign to increase the world's consumption of refined oil. The level of prices for refined oil today in the United States is lower than at any time during recent years, and as a direct result of these prices the consumption of refined oil in this country is increasing. The same policy is now being actively pursued abroad."

A $10,000,000 merger of all the powder companies in Canada with the exception of the Giant Powder company, branch factory at Telegraph Bay, has just been effected.

By an order issued by the postoffice department land grant railroads hereafter will receive only $15.39 for each 2,000 pounds of mail carried in excess of 48,000 pounds. The old rate was $17.10.

The world's record for the long distance throwing of a baseball, that had stood for thirty-six years, was broken at the field day meet between the Cincinnati and Pittsburg National league teams when Sheldon Lejeune of the Evansville club of the Central league threw the ball 426 feet 6 1-4 inches, 25 feet 11 1-4 inches over the record.

An alleged scheme for the assassination of President Taft was unfolded to Miss Delia C. Torrey, aunt of the president, by a stranger who called at her home in Millsbury, Mass. The man, who refused to give her his name, claimed to have overheard the plotters while in Boston. As he departed he threatened to return and kill Miss Torrey if the matter got into the newspapers.

Fourteen persons were injured, many of them seriously, when Chicago & Alton train No. 30, from St. Louis to Jacksonville, Ill., jumped the track two miles south of Jerseyville. Split rails are supposed to have caused the wreck.

Four hundred children escaped in their night clothes from a fire which destroyed the Mount St. Joseph orphan asylum at San Francisco.

Infantile paralysis, the latest malady to baffle scientists, is to be the subject of an extended investigation of the hygienic laboratory of the Marine and Public Health hospital.

The independence league of New York declined to endorse the nominees of the republicans.

Dr. J. H. Worst, president of the North Dakota agricultural college, is to head the international dry farming congress for the coming year.

Former Congressman Thomas Updegraff from the Fourth Iowa district, died at his home in McGregor, Ia.

The grand jury at Louisville, Ky., has returned thirteen indictments against Aug. Ropke, former bookkeeper for the Fidelity Trust Company, who is accused of embezzling $1,140,000.

FLAMES DESTROY THREE TOWNS

MINNESOTA DISASTER GREATEST SINCE HINCKLEY FIRE 15 YEARS AGO.

BEAUDETTE, SPOONER, RAINY RIV.

Property Loss in Rainy River, Beaudette and Spooner is $1,500,000 —Hundreds are Dead.

Warroad, Oct. 10.—The greatest catastrophe that Minnesota has experienced since the Hinckley horror 15 years ago occurred Friday night and Saturday, when the whole Minnesota-Manitoba boundary country was swept by fire that is still raging, and as details become known, the disaster assumes appalling proportions.

The number of deaths is estimated at from 100 to 200 or more, almost entirely among settlers in the woods around the towns of Beaudette, Pitt, Roosevelt and Graceton.

Very few of the settlers are known to have escaped and this estimate will likely fall considerably short of the actual number.

Scene of Horror Enacted.

Scenes of horror are reported on every hand. People lost their heads completely and ran aimlessly about, bewailing their loss. Streets of towns were strewn with personal belongings which were thrown away in their flight.

Crowds of able-bodied men, mostly workmen with no person to care for, ran pell-mell to board the waiting train at Beaudette to the exclusion of women and children, and refused positively to assist in saving property.

The village of Pitt was burned at 7 o'clock Friday night and at 8 o'clock the towns of Spooner and Beaudette, six miles distant, were in flames.

A hurricane was blowing at the time and within 10 minutes after the appearance of the fire the inhabitants of the town were forced to flee for their lives, being unable to save any of their property.

Then were enacted scenes which will never be forgotten by those present. Sick people apparently by the score appeared and were carried or assisted to points of safety. There were five patients in Carrigan's hospital, which was burned. One woman, who had given birth to a child at 5 o'clock the same evening, had to be carried to the office of the Shevlin-Mathieu Lumber company, in whose building many people took refuge.

Property Loss $1,500,000

The property loss in Rainy River, Beaudette and Spooner alone, including the Rat Portage Lumber company's plant and yard at Rainy River and the yard of the Shevlin-Mathieu Lumber company at Spooner, will total about $1,500,000.

The people of Rainy River are doing everything possible to assist the homeless residents of the two American towns.

Steps were at once taken by Mr. Mathieu, the executive head of the Rainy River Lumber company and the Shevlin-Mathieu Lumber company, to have timber shipped over from Rainy River for the purpose of building temporary shelters for the people in Beaudette and Spooner and the boarding camp of the Shevlin-Mathieu Lumber company is feeding as many of the people as possible.

Situation at Rainy River.

Rainy River, Oct. 10.—This town was on fire from the international bridge to Sixth street, a distance of half a mile.

Included in the burned area are the Rat Portage Lumber company's mill and lumber yard, containing 10,000,000 feet of lumber; the Western Canada flour mills company and surrounding buildings. There are 50 houses burned and scores of people are homeless. Fire is raging in the woods as far as can be seen along the south bank of Rainy river.

Most of old Beaudette, situated at Minnesota and International bridge, has so far escaped the fire, as well as the buildings of the Shevlin-Mathieu Lumber company's plant, through the activity of the Canadian Northern Railroad company.

Most of the women and children of these towns have been taken on special trains to points east and many more are on steamers ready to leave should the wind change and the fire spread.

All available hose is in use, but the fire, driven by a furious northwest wind, is beyond control and must burn itself out.

Awful Scenes at International Falls.

International Falls, Minn., Oct. 10.—More than 250 dead, millions upon millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed, 8,000 refugees fleeing from the flames, is an epitome of the happenings of the hell session in the Beltrami county forest fires.

Thirty-five typhoid fever patients were carried on improvised litters from Spooner just before it was wiped off the map. Forty-five were carried from Beaudette and the scenes of all the refugees, carried or loitering from exhaustion was Rainy River, Can., across the water from the fire-ridden districts of Minnesota.

Then the flames hit Rainy River, destroyed the lumber mills, and 2,000 panic-stricken refugees piled into freight cars and all were pushed by the engineer of a switch engine, who thinking there was no danger, started to pull them out of the town.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

A PROCLAMATION.

By virtue of my position as president of the State Red Cross society, in view of the dire needs of citizens of the northern part of this state who have suffered from recent forest fires, I hereby call upon the people of Minnesota to respond at once with contributions of money, provisions and clothing, to be distributed to the needy under the direction of this society.

Such contributions will be received by Kenneth Clark, St. Paul, treasurer of the State Red Cross society, and F. M. Prince, Minneapolis, acting as assistant state treasurer, and I hereby designate the mayors of the towns and cities of the state to act as collectors of this fund in their respective localities.

Prompt and generous response is imperative as the reports from the afflicted districts indicate that the need is great and will continue for months.

Given under my hand and seal this ninth day of October, 1910.

Adolph O. Eberhart, Governor.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

Later, the flames subsided and 500 refugees landed in International Falls —strong men, shaking like leaves in a gale, women and their children, fever patients on shutters, burned men and women swathed in bandages and a whole motley crowd in stock-cars like cattle.

International Falls met them at the station, opened the city hall and hotel for them and gave them beds, such as could be provided.

There was no escape to the west. The east was the only chance and it was a slim one.

Bridges and culverts had burned out, wires were down and trains were run at their full speed. All the way from Beaudette and Rainy River west to Warroad, a distance of 50 miles, was a solid mass of flames.

Beaudette is only a charred remnant of a town. Spooner is wiped off the map. Cedar Spur, Graceton Pitt, Swift and Roosevelt, mere hamlets, are burned to the ground.

Every settler in a district bounded by the Rainy River and the Lake of the Woods on the north to 25 miles south, and from Warroad west, who is not accounted for, is dead according to the most conservative information obtainable.

A special relief train arrived on the Minnesota and International railroad bearing provision destined for Rainy River and the Bemidji company of the Minnesota National Guard, which will take charge of the distributes of supplies and the preservation of order. The burned district will be placed under martial law.

Mayor John Berg of International Falls appointed a relief committee to arrange further to care for nearly 300 fire refugees now quartered here.

There are three typhoid fever cases among them, six men badly burned and it seems that every family of settlers has from two to ten children. They are absolutely destitute. The women have borne up under the terrible strain with wonderful fortitude and all stories from the fire district are that the women and not the men were the heroes.

When the refugees fled in panic for the freight train that bore them from Rainy River Saturday to this city, men crushed women and children and in spite of the fact that the cars were choked so that standing room was at a premium, they insisted on cramming themselves in.

Miss Myra Burt, a prominent young woman of Beaudette, stationed herself at the door of one car, kicked every man in the with her pointed shoe who attempted to board the car, and herself reached out and took babes from the arms of mothers.

When the train started, there were five babies aboard whose mothers were left behind. They are being care for in the hospital here.

Duluth Sends Relief Train.

Duluth, Oct. 10.—Six hours from the time an appeal to Mayor Cullum came from Beaudette, a special relief train was flying along the tracks of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern and the Canadian Northern toward the fire stricken region. It carried Mayor Cullum, President W. A. McGonagle of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern; Superintendent J. F. Kritter of the same road; Col. F. E. Resche, Third Regiment M. N. G.; Ray Higgins of the Kelly How Thomson company and newspaper men.

C. H. MOYER TALKS TO MINERS.

President of Western Federation Now in Black Hills District.

Lead, Oct. 10.—Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, is in the hills on a short business visit and is addressing the different miners' unions on the labor situation. While many of the union miners who left the employ of the Homestake at the time of the labor trouble last fall have quit the country, there are still several hundred here.

Illinois Primary Law Defied.

Bloomington, Ill., Oct. 10.—Believing that the new primary law is unconstitutional and will be so declared, the Democrats of the 26th senatorial district met in conference here complying with the old law and under the Australian ballot system, and placed D. D. Donahue of this city in nomination for the legislature. This is the only convention of the kind held in Illinois since the new primary law has been adopted. A certificate of the convention was filed immediately with the secretary of state.

Force of Habit.

"They say Doctor Sawyer, the famous surgeon, is a very rude man in social life—that he never speaks to anybody on the street."

"That's professional habit. You see he is so used to cutting people."

The Explanation.

"Jagsby said the neglect of his friend to ask him to dinner cut him to the quick."

"Oh, I guess he meant a cut to the quick lunch counter."

Not for Him.

"Ever use an automobile for a getaway?" inquired the first burglar.

"Nix," answered the second burglar. "We fellers run risks enough without taking chances on being pinched for speeding."

Not His Business.

"Doctor Grouchy is one of the men who never seems to like his neighbor to enjoy good fortune."

"Well, can you in justice expect a doctor to wish others well?"

NO SALOON LID

MR. BALLINGER WIPES OUT GROGSHOP CLOSING ORDER IN UPPER MINNESOTA.

MEN TO AID ENFORCEMENT

Cass Lake and Moorhead Mayors Told No More Restricted Belts in Indian Treaty Territory.

Washington, D. C. — Secretary Ballinger declared there shall be no specific "red light" or "wet" and "dry" districts in the Indian country in northern Minnesota.

In other words, the recent order of the Indian office creating such districts and proposing to close saloons therein is wiped out.

The delegation coming here to protest against the order on behalf of Moorhead and Cass Lake expressed to the secretary complete satisfaction with this order.

Mayors Dumas of Cass Lake and Dover of Moorhead promised cordial co-operation with the government in enforcing the law and prosecuting offenders who sell liquor in violation thereof.

Arguments Carry Weight.

It is plain that Secretary Ballinger was much impressed with the force of the contention of the visiting delegation that the proposed saloon closing order would discriminate against Moorhead and Cass Lake and in favor of other towns in the Indian country.

The secretary indorsed the policy of the department in the following order addressed to the commissioner of Indian affairs:

"From various petitions and communications addressed to me in connection with the enforcement of the acts of congress relating to the introduction of liquor into the Indian country in Minnesota I feel called upon to express to you what seems to be to be the correct policy of the department in dealing with these questions. I fully understand and approve of the diligence of the Indian office in its efforts to enforce these statutes.

Contention Over Laws.

"It is true there has been some contention respecting the right to enforce them. The law, however, appears to be settled in respect to the authority of the department and it, therefore, becomes purely a matter of administration. In the administration of these statutes the department cannot countenance discriminations or anything that savors of arbitrary, capricious or vexatious proceedings.

"The officers in the field are entrusted with a police duty to protect the Indians under their supervision from the introduction of liquor as contemplated by the statute. You will therefore instruct your officers to secure convictions for violations of these statutes where the evidence is available and proceed throughout the territory involved to enforce the law."

OPERATOR'S CARELESSNESS.

Stock Escapes From Cars—Traffic Is Interrupted for Hours.

Montevideo. — One man was instantly killed, two were fatally injured and died shortly afterward and a fourth was seriously hurt in a head-on collision between an eastbound stock train and a west-going freight train on the H. and D. division of the Milwaukee road near Minnesota Falls.

Several head of cattle and hogs were killed when the 33 cars of the stock train were thrown into an inextricable heap and broken. A great number of the animals broke away and are now roaming at large over the prairie.

The wreck is said to have been the result of carelessness on the part of the operator at Minnesota Falls, who has disappeared and is now being sought by railroad detectives. Arrangements had been made for the two trains to meet at Minnesota Falls. The freight arrived ahead of time and the operator, instead of handing the hold order to the conductor, gave him, by mistake, the clearance papers, and the train immediately pulled out. The order was found on the operator's desk after his disappearance.

GOV. AT CORNERSTONE LAYING.

Eberhart to Give Address at Le Sueur Center on Oct. 15.

Le Sueur Center. — The laying of the cornerstone of the new St. Paul's Episcopal church will be celebrated Saturday, Oct. 15. The committee in charge have arranged a program for the occasion. The laying of the cornerstone will take place at 1:30 a. m., after which Governor A. O. Eberhart will deliver an address appropriate for the occasion. The new church is to be of solid stone, and when completed will be one of the finest buildings in this city. When the church is completed it will be dedicated.

GAME WARDEN CATCHES FIVE.

Crookston Officer Arrests Illegal Hunters, Who Pay Fines.

Crookston.—Game Warden Munch arrested five men at Mentor and each pleaded guilty and paid the fines assessed by Judge Nels Paulsberg. The men were: Joka Burkhard of Illinois, $27; Charley Knutson, Raymond Buhn and Arthur Buhn, all of Mentor, $12 each; for hunting ducks from a launch; Emil Bunneesa, Maple Lake, $12, for shooting a grouse in September.

Drys Win in Blue Earth.

Blue Earth.—Judge J. H. Quinn in the district court handed down a decision making the city election of last April, in which the no license faction cast four more votes than their opponents, valid.

Following the city election, J. P. Bartell, representing the voters opposed to the no license program, began an action charging illegal balloting at the election and other irregularities. He charges were not sustained. The dry faction is delighted over its victory.

SETTLERS TO CONTEST.

General Land Office Says State Must Prove Land Not Swamps.

Cass Lake.—Another and probably the final chapter in the long-drawn-out swamp land litigation between the settlers and the State of Minnesota is about to be written. Notice was received at the local United States land office from the commissioner of the general land office that lands selected by the State of Minnesota as inuring to it under the swamp land act after the examination in the field made during the summer of 1909 are subject to contest by actual settlers who had established residence on such lands prior to March 14, 1910, the date when the list was filed here.

A radical department has been made in these cases from the practice prevailing in the cases which have heretofore arisen where settlers have been in conflict with selections made by the state of lands shown to be swamp by the field notes of survey. In the latter cases, the most of which arose in Koochiching county, the burden of proof was upon the settler to show the non-swampy character of the land.

In the new cases arising out of conflict where an examination was made in the field the burden of proof will be upon the state to show that the land is swamp, when contest arises with an actual settler. Many settlers have been waiting for four or five years for a chance to be heard in these cases before the department.

Notice will be served upon the Governor and sixty days will be allowed the state to make answer to the claim of the settler and ask for a hearing. Two cases have already been started and many more will follow. The order affects lands in the vicinity of Cass lake, Deer river and Leech lake. The lands which have been claimed by the state, even though patented, will not be disturbed. In other instances the settlers have already offered final proof.

FIRE CHIEF INDICTED.

Minneapolis Official Mixed in Real Estate Deal.

Minneapolis.—James R. Canterbury was indicted by the Hennepin county grand jury, arraigned before Judge John Day Smith, and released on $3,000 bail for wrongfully receiving money while acting as chief engineer of the Minneapolis fire department. Mr. Canterbury did not wait for a warrant to be served on him but came to the sheriff's office and gave himself up.

The transaction which led to the indictment was purchasing of a site at University and First avenues northeast for a repair shop for the fire department. It was declared that, by that transaction, Mr. Canterbury realized a profit of approximately $3,000 to which he was not legally entitled, and that the city was mulcted of that sum.

The offense charged is a felony and is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not more than five years and not less than three, or by a fine not exceeding five times the value of the amount of money involved, or by both.

A special committee of thirteen, especially appointed to investigate the case, accepted the resignation of Mr. Canterbury Friday night, after a spirited meeting in which many were in favor of discharging the chief.

STATE SEEKS BACK TAXES.

Draft for $12,499.12 Made Against Rainy River Railway.

St. Paul.—State Auditor S. G. Iverson has issued a draft for $12,499.12 against the Minneapolis and Rainy River Railway Company for back taxes. The draft has been turned over to State Treasurer Pettijohn for collection. This action was taken upon the recommendation of Public Examiner Schaefer, who has just completed an accounting made for the purpose of verifying the gross earnings reported by the companies for taxation purposes. Errors in omission were located in the returns amounting to $320,766.06, which would net the state $12,499.12 in taxes. The company has not yet decided whether it will pay the tax or take the question into court.

MALT IS BARRED IN BEMIDJI.

Indian Agents Put Lid on Sales and Close Five Shops.

Bemidji.—Another severe blow was struck in Bemidji by the government in its crusade to stop the sale of liquor to Indians when Agents T. F. Brents and N. J. Sero clapped the lid on the selling of malt and put five places out of the business for selling it.

At the Blue Front "Soft Drink Emporium" on Minnesota Avenue, five cases of the so-called malt were confiscated, taken out in the street and dumped. Orders were issued in each instance to have all the remaining goods shipped out of the city and the restricted district within twelve hours. The alleged malt is said to have been beer, as it showed 4 per cent alcohol.

MANY TONS OF HAY DESTROYED.

Fire Sweeps Prairie for Five Miles and Farmers Lose Fodder.

East Grand Forks.—A strip of prairie land about five miles long and three miles wide, near Euclid, east of this city, was burned and a large quantity of hay was destroyed. A. A. Weekly, a resident of this city, lost about one hundred tons of hay, together with a hay press and other equipment, while Nels Peterson, of Grand Forks, lost a similar amount of hay.

Sailor Convicted of Murder.

Duluth.—Serafin Petros, a sailor, was convicted of murder in the second degree for the killing of a shipmate, John Hendrickson, on the steamer James Corrigan in Duluth harbor July 29. The men had quarreled while on shore leave and renewed the dispute aboard ship, when, it was charged, Petros shot Hendrickson. Petros claimed that Hendrickson was the aggressor and denied to the last that he shot him. The case has occupied four days before Judge Cant in district court.

DISCOVERY DAY

FIFTEEN STATES OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY OF FINDING OF AMERICA.

TAFT REVIEWS A PARADE

Chicago, New York, Boston and Other Large Cities Remember Date and Proper Observance of Occasion is Made.

New York, Oct. 12.—Two big parades, in which Italian societies were prominent participants, featured the New York city celebration of Columbus day.

Fifteen states now observe the day—California, Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Rhode Island.

The outdoor feature of the day's local celebration was started in Brooklyn with a parade.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Discovery day was generally observed in Chicago today. The banks, the board of trade and courts as well as many business places were closed. Twenty thousand Italian Americans marched in parade.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 12.—Columbus day was observed for the first time in Massachusetts today. The celebration centered in Boston where a parade of 60,000 men was reviewed by President Taft, Governor Draper, Mayor Fitzgerald and Archbishop O'Connell.

Although legally a public holiday, the principal observances were almost entirely Roman Catholic. The paraders all were members of Catholic societies, except the militia.

President Taft planned to reach the state house about noon, motoring up from Beverly.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 12.—The Italian residents of Detroit celebrated Columbus day by unveiling a statue of the great navigator.

TIES UP FRANCE.

General Strike Greatly Impedes Many Lines of Business.

Paris, France, Oct. 12.—Encouraged by the effectiveness of the strike of the employes on the Northern & Western railroads and the extension of the movement throughout the Eastern road and Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean lines, the leaders of the French working men generally threaten a gigantic move to paralyze the activities of the whole country.

Employees of the Eastern Railroad voted to strike at noon and the trainmen on the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean lines decided to go out this evening.

Electricians and employees of the Omnibus, Metropolitan and Subway transportation line of this city considered today the advisability of seizing this opportunity to launch a strike for the consideration of long standing grievances.

The situation throughout the republic is regarded as grave. The railway companies are making a desperate struggle to maintain some sort of service with the aid of military engineers and men from the navy, but are meeting with little success.

Probing Freight Rates.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 12.— Investigation by the interstate commerce commission into the proposed advance in freight rates in eastern trunk line territory was resumed today at the commission's office after an adjournment of hearing from New York city. In a general way the increase suggested by the roads affect nearly all articles of freight handled at either class or commodity rates.

The testimony adduced heretofore at the hearings indicated the aggregate amount which would accrue to the various lines though advances had been figured at about $35,000,000 annually.

The full interstate commerce commission, with Martin A. Knapp presiding, conducted the hearing.

Merger Case Nears End.

St. Paul, Oct. 12.--Judge P. F. Dunn, of San Francisco concluded his argument before the United States circuit court on behalf of the Union Pacific railway in the suit of the government against the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific and other railroads to dissolve the so-called Union Pacific merger. Judge Dunn was followed by W. H. Loomis, general solicitor of the Union Pacific.

The defendants will close their case tomorrow evening.

Brush Fires Near Detroit.

Detroit, Minn., Oct. 12.—A brush fire which started yesterday afternoon at Richwood, Minn., fifteen miles northeast of here, has done considerable damage in that vicinity and is still burning.

At a late hour this afternoon it was reported that the fire was almost under control there.

Five Years for Killing Girl.

Duluth, Oct. 12.—Nick Schommer, 21 years old, was sentenced to five years in the state penitentiary this morning in superior court for the shooting of Effie Johnson, his 19-year-old sweetheart, a few months ago at Billings Park.

Barnes Resigned Position.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Contending that his party loyalty had been questioned through the failure of Ezra P. Prentice, new chairman of the republican state committee to re-appoint him a member of the executive committee of the state committee Wm. Barnes, jr., of Albany, has tendered his resignation as a committeeman from the twenty-third congressional district comprising Albany and Schenectady counties.

Barnes led the fight against the selection of Colonel Roosevelt as temporary chairman at the recent republican state convention at Saratoga.

Crosby Had Street Fair.

Crosby, N. D., Oct. 12.—Crosby held a street fair, and the event was one of the most successful functions ever pulled off in the county. More than $1,000 was expended in prizes and attractions, and the display of vegetables and grains could not be beaten in North Dakota. Northwestern Williams county probably suffered less from drought this year than any other part of the state, and the result has been a bountiful harvest, wheat running about fourteen bushels per acre, and [illegible] more than paid its market value in this year's flax crop.

AN OLD-TIME CLOWN.

J. B. Agler, (Tony Parker,) Praises Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mr. Agler is one of the best known men in the circus world, having been on the road with a wagon show 51 years. When interviewed at his home in Winfield, Kans., he said: "I contracted kidney trouble in the war, and suffered intensely for twelve years. Backache was so severe I could hardly walk and my rest was broken by distressing urinary [illegible] Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and my cure has been permanent for [illegible] This is remarkable as I [illegible]"

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MEAN INSINUATION.

Mr. Lively—Isn't it strange that [illegible] ball players are seldom sunstruck?

Mr. Fussy—Not necessarily. Sunstroke is an affection of the brain.

WASTED A FORTUNE ON SKIN TROUBLE

"I began to have an itching over my [illegible] body about seven years ago and [illegible] in my limbs, from the knee [illegible] I went to see a great many [illegible], a matter which cost me a [illegible], and after I noticed that I did [illegible] any relief that way, I went for [illegible] years to the hospital. But they were unable to help me there, I used all the medicines that I could see but I [illegible] worse and worse. I had an inflammation which made me almost [illegible] with pain. When I showed my [illegible] my friends they would get [illegible] frightened. I did not know what to do. I was so sick and had become so nervous that I positively lost all hope.

"I had seen the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies a great many times, but could not make up my mind to try them, for I had already used so many medicines. Finally I did decide to use the Cuticura Remedies and I tell you that I was never so pleased as when I noticed that, after having used two sets of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills, the entire inflammation had gone. I was completely cured. I should be only too glad if people with similar disease would come to me and find out the truth. I would only recommend them to use Cuticura. Mrs. Bertha Sachs, 1621 Second Ave., New York, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1909."

"Mrs. Bertha Sachs is my sister-in-law and I know well how she suffered and was cured by Cuticura Remedies after many other treatments failed. Morris Sachs, 321 E. 89th St., New York, N. Y., Secretary of Deutsch Ostrowoer Unt.-Verein, Kempner Hebrew Benevolent Society, etc."

The Privilege of Man.

B. F. Yoakum, chairman of the executive board of the Frisco system of railroads, on one occasion took to task a young man in his employ who had announced his intention of marrying. The youth in question was drawing a small salary, and Yoakum remonstrated with him on the ground that he could not afford to marry and that his wife would have to suffer great privations.

"Oh," said the young man, "I guess I've got as much right to starve a woman to death as any other man has."—Popular Magazine.

A Good Job.

Jacob H. Schiff, at a dinner on the [illegible], condemned a concern that had gone up.

"[illegible] business methods are the [illegible]," he said. "There is a moral in the receiver story.

"A man, you know, said one day to a little boy:

"'Well, Tommy, what are you going to be when you grow up?'

"'A receiver, sir,' Tommy answered promptly. 'Ever since pa's been a receiver we've had champagne for dinner and two automobiles.'"

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Not Responsible.

Nurse—What's that dirty mark on your leg, Master Frank?

Frank—Harold kicked me.

Nurse—Well, go at once and wash it off.

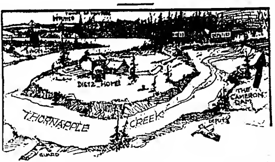
Frank—Why? It wasn't me what did it!—Punch.

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year. $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

An Ohio man aged seventy married a girl aged twenty and deeded her 500 acres of land. Then she had plenty of grounds for divorce.

DIETZ HOME SURROUNDED BY DEPUTIES



The sketch shows how the deputies surrounded and drew in upon the home of the Wisconsin outlaw. The home is marked by a cross, while the arrow at the right indicates the Cameron Dam, the point in dispute.

DEITZ SURRENDERS 8 YEARS WAR ENDS

BRAVE DEFENDER OF CAMERON DAM GOES DOWN BEFORE SUPERIOR NUMBERS.

ONE DEPUTY KILLED IN BATTLE

Which Raged Around the Lonely Forest Clearing For Eight Hours.—Deitz Has His Hand Shattered By Bullet.

Winter, Wis., Oct. 10.—Handcuffed to Fred Thorbin the man who is his own sworn enemy, John F. Deitz, the defender of Cameron dam, surrendered at 3:20 Saturday afternoon to the law and will stand trial.

A bullet wound in Deitz's right hand, which prevented him from using his gun to advantage, is supposed to have hastened the surrender.

Oscar Harp, a deputy, was killed. Deputy Vonpomerlo was with Harp. Both men made a run for the lumber pile. Harp fell dead with a bullet in his mouth.

Mrs. Deitz and Leslie are prisoners, and are not injured.

The terms of the surrender were unconditional, other than a request from Deitz that he be protected from violence.

Helen Deitz, the 14-year old daughter of the prisoner, represented the family side in the final peace negotiations; the other side represented by Sully Heffelfinger of Minneapolis, the man chosen by Sheriff Madden to go in and make arrangements with Deitz and promise him absolute protection from violence to either himself or his family.

John Deitz, his wife, his eldest son Clarence, and his son Leslie occupy cells in the county jail at Hayward while his eldest daughter, Myra, although under arrest, is still confined at the hospital at Ashland as the result of the bullet she received in the back from Thorbin's pistol a week ago.

The log cabin which Deitz has defended on Cameron dam for the last six years during his fearless defiance of the law and the authorities, is riddled with a thousand shots.

Rev. Father Pilon Enters Cabin.

Rev. Father J. A. Pilon was the first to enter the cabin since the progress of the earnest seige.

While Helen, acting as her father's emissary of peace, was asking the deputies for protection from violence, the brave Catholic priest, learning that there were wounded in the shack, took advantage of the truce and with the permission of Sheriff Madden, crossed the clearing to the cabin where he lent assistance to the wounded father.

The interior of the Deitz cabin is one mass of bullets. Every log is riddled and daylight peeks in at every angle.

During the shooting, Mrs. Deitz and Helen and John, Jr., occupied positions of comparative safety, behind a barricade of boxes, chairs and the organ in the living room floor.

To Mrs. Deitz is given the credit of the surrender with the loss of only one life. With Helen and Johnnie at either side, the mother sought in every way to shield her young from the merciless deadly rain of steel and lead.

Although bleeding profusely from the nasty bullet wound in his right hand, Deitz would only grit his teeth and return the intermittent fire when the bullets continued to pop inside the shack.

The pleadings of the mother and the frightened, yet silent set faces of the two children, especially John F. Deitz, Jr., his father's pride, finally softened the heart of the man who for six years has defied anyone and everyone, law or no law. The hardships of war were soon softened by Father Pilon who in all kindliness and truth complimented Deitz upon his bravery in surrendering.

Deitz received his wound as he placed his hand to the cabin door about to enter after he had covered the retreat of his son from the hill early in the day. Leslie had just ran into the barn—had ran a full 500 yards through a perfect hail of bullets from every direction.

There was an affectionate reunion when John and Leslie Deitz were brought into the county jail at Hayward where Clarence Dietz has been confined since the shooting of the children several days ago by the sheriff's posse.

Since he took his frugal breakfast in his cabin with his family, after the regular morning devotions, John Deitz had not been allowed a mouthful of food.

According to Mrs. Deitz, the treatment of the prisoners on the way to the jail was most inconsiderate and even cruel. They were roughly handled by the sheriff and his men, despite the fact that Mrs. Deitz is in a delicate condition, expecting soon to become a mother.

Deitz Denies Killing Harp.

John Deitz, in an interview here, soon after his arrival declared that he did not fire the shot which caused the death of Deputy Harp. He says that Harp was either deliberately shot by some of the guards, or that he got into the crossfire and was killed by one of his companions.

John Deitz must face a charge of "assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill. Other members of the family are charged with "complicity in an assault with intent to kill."

Story of John Deitz Fight.

For eight years John Dietz had successfully defied the processes and warrants of county, state and federal courts; fought off sheriff's posses with his rifle, punctured an occasional deputy who came too close, and maintained his right to his isolated homestead in the wild forest along the Thornapple river.

Dietz' warfare with official society began eight years ago. He had lived with his family for years on the spot they call home. By hard work he had won his living from the soil. He claimed ownership of the clearing—and of Cameron dam, on the Thornapple river, over which a lumber syndicate—the Chippewa Lumber & Boom Co.—drives its logs. Deitz demanded a toll of 10 cents a thousand feet for all logs shunted over the dam, and also a little claim for back wages unhonored by the lumber syndicate.

So Deitz did exactly what syndicates usually do when they have the upper hand—he sat tight on his land, kept his fingers crossed and his rifle primed. They sent deputies with civil processes to serve. He warned them away. Others came and he demonstrated that trespassers on his land, after fair warning, would be shot. He didn't hanker for visitors and uninvited deputies would be treated as marauders.

Nobody got near enough to serve the papers. Warrants for arrest on contempt of court likewise went unserved. Sheriffs and deputies tried to surprise Deitz. A few were carried off wounded, or crawled away. His home is a natural fortress, almost entirely isolated by a curve in the river, approached by a winding wagon track through dense woods, every inch of it known to Deitz and his family, but to few others.

Deitz, his two older sons and his two daughters were expert rifle shots. So was Mrs. Deitz, a former school teacher. Deitz was well educated, well read, knew his rights and backed them up with a rifle. He also knew what usually happens in court to a poor man opposed by a rich syndicate. So he preferred his natural stronghold to any legal safeguards the law throws around a poor man. He stood on his policy of refusing to serve papers, and his right to shoot any trespassers on his land.

Few people cared to oppose him. He went regularly to the town every week for supplies. The warrants, issued years ago, remained unserved. They were pulled out of dusty pigeonholes when Dietz shot Horel.

Ely Descends After 11 Miles.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Eugene Ely, lone entrant in the Chicago-New York aeroplane flight, started on the record-breaking test Sunday afternoon, but remained in the air only twelve minutes. At that he traveled eleven miles and landed. The young aviator descended because of a clogged carburetor. Repairing this was a matter of a few moments, but in the rapidly gathering dusk in trying to start again Ely ran the machine onto a rock and the front running wheel was torn away.

Mr. Debs Indorses Mr. Taft.

Fargo, Oct. 10.—Eugene V. Debs is strong for the renomination and reelection of President Taft. "He has made a safe and sensible president and deserves well at the hands of the voters of the United States," said Mr. Debs.

M. Lagercrantz's Successor Named.

Stockholm, Oct. 10.—Count Ehrensvard, Swedish minister to Belgium, was appointed minister at Washington in succession to M. Lagercrantz resigned.

Improvement in the Dairy Herd lies in better breeding, in better housing and in better feed in greater quantities. Corn fodder, clover and roots must succeed slough hay in winter, and old, weedy pastures must be broken up and sown to clover, blue grass and timothy for summer feeding. Systematic care, and feeding with only the substances which may be grown on every farm in Minnesota, is the practice at University Farm, St. Anthony Park, and is what gives the results reported from the Experiment station.

Weighing and Testing Milk.—This is the only sure way to determine the difference in value between the good and inferior cow. Weighing and testing daily is only a business proposition. It is the only safe way of determining what price to ask for a cow in selling her, or of what to pay for her when buying. No intelligent farmer will sell a cow for thirty dollars that will make him a net profit of $40 or $50 a year. Neither will he keep a cow that doesn't pay him a profit if he knows it.

GARDENS AT SCHOOL

English Children Taught to Raise Flowers and Vegetables.

Work Found Useful in Forming Good Habits and in Character Building—Happy Results Attained and Pupils Successful.

London.—Gardening is now included as a codal subject for English school children. There are two courses in the year, each consisting of at least twenty hours' practical work.

"The boys are quite keen about it," said the head teacher of Sutton schools to a correspondent of the Chicago Daily News. "Each of the 14 lads who form the class for gardening has his own little plot of ground for which he is responsible and at which he works under my supervision. The produce is his, and great is the joy of taking home the first spring radishes of his own growing, a fine head of lettuce, or a basketful of marrowfat peas.

"As to the educational benefit, gardening teaches the boys to do the right thing at the right time and induces habits of method and observation. It also creates a love of outdoor life—a splendid counter-attraction in later years to the public house and music hall."

Two hours and a half a week is all the time that can be given to gardening, but so keen are the children that they put in a good many spare minutes on their own account. Even the infants, under the kindly care of the schoolmaster's wife, have their own special allotment, which they zealously rake and weed and generally look after. The mysteries of digging, trenching, potting, grafting, etc.—in fact, a good, all-round training in the growing of vegetables, herbs, fruits and flowers—is imparted with most happy results.

The cultivation of peas, lettuces and tomatoes proves perhaps more attractive on the whole than that of roses and carnations, but flowers are by no means neglected. A fine chrysanthemum avenue in the Sutton school garden, the splendid bloom of which gained a gold medal for their owner, has proved very stimulating to youthful competitors.

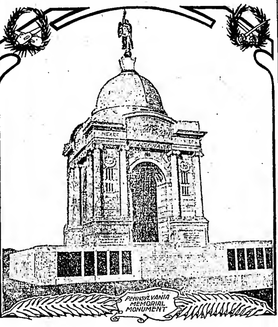
French gardening has also recently been introduced into many reformatory schools. In one instance a group of smart uniformed boys, most of them town boys convicted of theft, were to be seen engaged in bunching rhubarb. Their evident pleasure in their work was greatly increased by a precise knowledge of its commercial value. The patch was rather less than an acre, and it produced £85 ($425) worth of produce last year.

In round figures the 100 boys belonging to this particular reformatory have 100 acres of land to live on and to work. Parts are thick with plum and other fruit trees; gooseberries and small fruit underneath, and earlier in the year bulbs or other flowers made gay lines between the gooseberries.

In these schools the work on the land is considered to be the prime agent in restoring character and in reviving wholesome interest. In one case the land supports the establishment without any external aid beyond the per capita grant. The farm and garden pay as well as educate, and educate the better for paying.

After leaving school the boys keep in close touch with their old masters; they are visited, they write letters; they come back to visit the school. The system is so thorough that a report of 90 per cent. of successes has been kept. Ninety of every hundred get and keep good employment.

GETTYSBURG HEROES HONORED



The state of Pennsylvania has just dedicated on the battlefield of Gettysburg a magnificent memorial to the Pennsylvanians who lost their lives in that mighty struggle. The monument is in the form of a massive arch surmounted by a figure of victory and decorated with bas-reliefs and with the names of the generals from the Keystone state.

YANKEES TOO CLOSE

Americans Are Not Good Spenders, Says Old Guide.

Likes Russians Best Because They Enjoy Fine Time and Are Not as Inquisitive as Trans-Atlantic Visitors.

Stockholm.—This city is visited by hundreds of tourists and many conventions are held here. Necessarily, therefore, it has not a few professional guides. The patriarch of the tribe submitted himself to an interview the other day, and it may interest Americans to learn what he has to say about them and other foreigners. He is nearly seventy years of age and has been a guide for many years. Of all the globe-trotters whom it falls to his lot to pilot about Stockholm and Sweden the Russians, he says, give the most satisfaction and pleasure. Americans he considers too stingy and too exacting.

"Russians are in the highest degree the most delighted and most thankful," was the tribute of the veteran guide. "They treat me as an old friend of the family, as an uncle or a relative. They want good living and a good time. After them come the Austrians and even the Germans are a social lot, but the Americans and English cannot be put in the same category. They are the least agreeable. The Americans are frightfully pretentious and have the habit of asking questions about everything. Nothing escapes their notice. They seem to delight in propounding interrogations that cannot be answered without writing a book. If, for example, they happen to come across the portrait of some well-known personage and the artist did not sign it, they will nevertheless want me to discover who was the artist. I say he is unknown and then comes the final question, 'When did he die?' The women have many more wants to be satisfied and seem astonished that every police officer and cabman cannot reply in English.

"But the American children are the worst. The disrespect they show their parents is scandalous. Obedience is unknown. If an American youngster has the idea that he will rest more comfortably by putting his feet, with their dusty shoes, on the lap of his mother, he does it. If the affectionate mother remonstrates and puts down the offending extremities up they come again. The poor mother's expostulations are of no avail and to obtain peace she gives the youngster his way.

The Americans are not great spenders and are careful of their quarters and dimes. In this respect they are surpassed only by the English.

"I must say the English are the most fussy creatures I have met. They have seen so much that they seem indifferent. They begin by telling me that they do not care for museums, castles or other so-called curiosities, as they can see much better ones at home; they wish to see things of interest. What can I show them?"

Cats Sold for Rabbits.

London.—In his report issued recently the medical officer of Finsbury describes the discovery of a cat in a consignment of Ostend rabbits.

"The cat, a fat, sleek, well matured animal, weighing about four pounds, had been decapitated, its tail removed, and its carcass had been dexterously attached to the emaciated head of a rabbit, sewn on by ordinary gray thread.

"On a previous occasion three carcasses of cat-rabbit had been confiscated in like manner." The doctor also describes a bottle of lemon squash which contained a large portion of the backbone of a fish.

Lock of Napoleon's Hair.

Atlanta, Ga.—A priceless art and curio collection was left by Julius L. Brown, eldest son of Georgia's war governor, who died the other day. Among notable things in the collection is a lock of Napoleon's hair, with a certificate from the emperor's physician attesting its genuineness. Keys of Andersonville prison, the first ballot cast for Jefferson Davis and Alexander Stephens as president and vice-president of the southern confederacy; a splinter off the coffin which Maximilian was placed in after execution, and original manuscript of "Lalla Rookh," are among the curios he had collected.

Old Rome is Disappearing

Celebrated Palaces Being Torn Down to Give Clearer View of Victor Emmanuel Monument.

Rome.—Many interesting landmarks in Rome are slowly coming down in order to make the view of the imposing monument to Victor Emmanuel less obstructed. It has become necessary, in order that Romans may see the memorial to the "Re Galantuomo" down the mile-long Corso to the Piazza del Popolo, that opens on the ancient Via Flaminia, to pull down some of the finest palaces.

Among the latest of these edifices that have been demolished are the Torlonia palace and the Nepoti, which were situated in the space between the capitol and the Corso—which are now dominated by the imposing monument, which, when completed, will have cost about $10,000,000—one of the narrowest streets of Rome. In the old carnival days curtains were stretched across from house to house here for the Ripreso del Barberi—to stop the wild career of the Barbary steeds that raced riderless wildly down the Corso and caused so many accidents that the custom was abolished in 1883.

The beautiful Palazzetto di Venezia, built by Pope Paul II., from which he often watched the carnival games, is also being taken down for the sake of the Victor Emmanuel monument. It is to be re-erected, however, in the neighboring Piazza di San Marco. On the suggestion of Sig. Ricci, minister of fine arts, the interior colonnade will probably be left standing. It will make a picturesque link between the mediaeval beauty of the great Palazzo di Venezia, which the Hapsburg government inherited from the republic of Venice in 1797, and which is now the seat of the Austrian embassy to the Vatican, and the classic splendor of Sacconi's noble memorial. The monument, it may be recalled, was begun 25 years ago.

HAWKS SAVE ALFALFA CROP

Colorado Birds Pass Up Chickens for Grasshoppers and Are Protected by Farmers.

Loveland, Colo.—Chicken hawks, once the bane of the farmers' life, are now the best-protected birds in this part of Colorado, the ranchmen of this district guarding them against slaughter with a vigilance that has put state game wardens to shame.

The unusual alliance is due to a pest of grasshoppers which has threatened the alfalfa crops with ruin. The hawks, nearly a thousand of which have collected in this neighborhood, have proved to be the most successful means of destroying the grasshoppers, which they evidently regard as a delicacies in the matter of food, leaving chickens unmolested.

CURIOUS TWO-HEADED SNAKE

Reptile Bites Both Coming and Going—Of Garter Variety and Over Two Feet Long.

Towanda, Pa.—H. C. Spencer of Mount Lake, four miles from Towanda, brought to the county seat a snake with two heads. The reptile was of the garter variety, was beautifully striped and 2½ feet long.

Mr. Spencer found the snake in a shock of oats, and picked it up, intending to snap its head off. While getting a strangle hold on the head, the other head took hold of Mr. Spencer's thumb, and then for the first time did he realize that the reptile had two mouths. The extra head is near the regular one, and the second neck is about two inches long. The extra head appears blind, but rudimentary eyes can be seen with with the aid of a magnifying glass. It is one of the most peculiar appearing reptiles ever killed or captured in this land of snakes.

Bears Attack Sheep Herds

Ferocious Animals Driven in by Forest Fires Doing Much Damage to Flocks in Oregon.

Crescent, Ore.—According to reports received here, bears are attacking sheep in the reserves near here and there will be a heavy loss. The creatures are driven from their usual feeding grounds in the hills by the forest fires. Sheepmen who make Crescent an outfitting point report that the animals are bolder than at any time within the past ten years and apparently more numerous. A herder who was here recently stated that within the past three weeks more than 200 head out of a band of 3,000 had been killed by the bears, a loss of 10 per cent.

What is especially discouraging to the sheepmen is their inability to kill the destructive animals. In the dark woods where the sheep are bedded down for the night the bears sally out of the underbrush and by swift attack work havoc with the band and escape before the herders are able to train their rifles upon the marauders. The herders, rolled in blankets and armed with rifles, guard the band at night.

A change of feeding ground for the sheep apparently makes no difference, for the bears follow after and are on the job as soon as darkness falls. As a result, it is expected that the sheepmen will remove their charges from the forest reserves to the winter range much earlier this year than last.

Flood-Closed Mill to Open.

Pittsburg, Pa.—One of the steel industries wiped out by the Johnstown flood of 1889 is to be resumed at once. The intelligence came about through the placing of contracts for the construction of new mills. The Cambria iron works will resume the manufacture of wire, which it once shipped far and wide over the country.

WHY NEW ORLEANS

CITY IS LOGICAL POINT FOR WORLD'S PANAMA EXPOSITION.

Its Geographical Position and Many Other Considerations Mark It as Most Suitable Spot for Dedication of Great Work.

Public sentiment has decided that the completion of the Panama Canal in 1915 shall be celebrated with a great International Exposition in which all the nations of the world may participate; and the question of where this Exposition is to be held will be settled by Congress at its approaching session.

New Orleans and San Francisco are contesting for the honor of holding this Exposition, and both cities have guaranteed immense sums of money as an evidence of their ability to finance so great an enterprise.

An Exposition worthy of the term "World's Fair," such as New Orleans proposes to build, will be a great educational movement. Its success as such, however, will depend entirely upon the percentage of our population who can secure its educational advantages, this in turn, depends upon its location, as the time in traveling to and from the Exposition, and the cost in railroad and Pullman fares, are the most important factors.

Considering these matters, New Orleans' claims to being the "Logical Point" for this Panama Exposition, seem to be fully substantiated by the following facts:—

New Orleans is 500 miles from the center of population in the United States. San Francisco is 2,500 miles distant therefrom.

Within a radius of 500 miles from New Orleans there are 17,500,000 people. Within the same radius from San Francisco there are only 2,000,000.

Within a radius of 1,000 miles from New Orleans, there are 65,000,000. Within the same radius from San Francisco there are only 6,000,000.

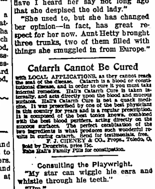
At an average of 900 miles from New Orleans, there are 70 of our principal cities with a combined population of 20,000,000. Averaging 900 miles from San Francisco there are only 8 large cities, with a combined population of just 1,000,000. The average distance of all these cities to New Orleans is 792 miles,—to San Francisco 2,407 miles.

Over 75 per cent. of the people of the United States could go to an Exposition there at an average expense for railroad fare of $12.50, as against an average of $37.50 to the Pacific Coast; and for several millions of our people, the Pullman fare and Dining Car expenses alone, for a trip to San Francisco, would amount to more than all their transportation expenses for a trip to New Orleans.

This is an important public question to be settled by Congress at the session which convenes in December.

Many of our readers will wish to visit this World's Panama Exposition, and if held in New Orleans a great many more could spare the time and money for the trip than could go to San Francisco. Therefore, we urge our readers to write to the two senators from this State and the congressman from this district, requesting them to support New Orleans in the contest.

SOLAR PLEXUS BLOW.



Cholly Soft—May I-aw-have just one-aw-good-night kiss?

Miss Wise—Why, certainly, you poor, dear boy! How you must miss your nurse when you are away from home!

She Has Changed Her Opinion.

"I hear your maiden aunt is visiting you."

"Yes. Came yesterday.

"How long does she expect to stay?"

"Oh, I don't know—probably for some time."

"I feel sorry for your wife. I believe I heard her say not long ago that she despised the old lady."

"She used to, but she has changed her opinion—in fact, has great respect for her now. Aunt Hetty brought three trunks, two of them filled with things she smuggled in from Europe."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Consulting the Playwright.

"My star can wiggle his ears and whistle through his teeth."

"Um."

"Now, can you build me a first-class comedy around that?"

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Fargo, N. D.

A woman is judged by the society she's unable to get into.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP Buy Furs and Hides. Send for catalog 105 N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

If in search of a close friend select one with a close mouth.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

Some men try to save money by not paying their debts.

Falling Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor promptly destroys the germs that cause falling hair. It nourishes the hair-bulbs, restores them to health. The hair stops falling out, grows more rapidly.

Dandruff

Ayer's Hair Vigor just as promptly destroys the germs that cause dandruff. It removes every trace of dandruff itself, and keeps the scalp clean and in a healthy condition.

Does not Color the Hair

We wish you to positively and distinctly understand that Ayer's Hair Vigor does not affect the color of the hair, even to the slighiest degree. Persons with the whitest or the lightest and most delicate blond hair may use it freely without having the hair made a shade darker.

Ingredients: Sulphur. Glycerin. Quinin. Sodium Chlorid. Capsicum. Sage. Alcohol. Water. Perfume.

Show this formula to your doctor. Ask him what he thinks of it.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

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KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Published Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

IT'S A PIPE DREAM

Talk of Deal Between Clapp and Lind.—The Campaign Book.

St. Paul, Oct. 18—Since John Lind delivered his effective speech at Albert Lea in support of the candidacy of James A. Gray, the Republican state central committee has seen the necessity of doing something to counteract the effect of his arraignment of the stand pat organization. For want of a better reply their publicity agent professes to have discovered the evidences of a deep-laid plot to which John Lind and Senator Clapp are fell conspirators and of which Senator Nelson is to be the innocent and unsuspecting victim.

Two Bold Conspirators.

It is pointed out, in the first place, that, while Mr Lind openly endorsed the candidacy of Senator Clapp for the senate and approved the attitude of insurgency he had assumed, he failed to recognize the value of Senator Nelson's recent public service or to see in him the Progressive Republican his friends claim his record to show him to be. From this they induce the evidence of designs upon the senior senator's seat. The state senate, they say which is to be elected in November will the same senate which will be called upon to elect a United States senator two year's hence when Senator Nelson's term shall have expired. Senator Clapp is represented as willing to betray him and reciprocate later Mr. Lind's effective support in this campaign by giving Mr. Lind his support at that time.

A Pipe Dream.

Of course this is all a pipe dream, but it is hoped that it will prove a good-enough-Nelson until after election. To any one familiar with Mr. Lind's recent course, the idea that he is still seeking political preferment seems ridiculous. If he really wanted to go to the U. S. senate the easiest way to it was through the governor's chair which there was never any doubt of his being able to reach if he had said the word. There was at this time no occasion for him referring to Senator Nelson who has the reputation of always being able to look out for his own interests. Senator Nelson is not making his campaign this year. Senator Clapp is. Mr. Lind was not making new issues. He was meeting those which had arisen. In doing so he merely, with his usual candor, gave credit where a credit was earned and here his endorsement would have needed effect.

The Republican Text.

For the first time in the Republican party's history in this state the campaign managers have concluded that it is necessary to issue a Republican campaign book with the purpose of counteracting the effect of another book issued by Lynn Haines in which the record of some Republican leaders now prominent was traced from official source and which did not place them in a very enviable light According to the former reliable authority the original progressive Republican of Minnesota was Sam Johnson, whose attack when public examiner on R. C. Dunn is still remembered. Everything that has happened since that—the record of the attorney general, the large additions to the public revenues from timber source, and much besides—traced to this source of sweetness and light. The fact that since then we have had a Democrat and not a Republican state administration, is naturally not enlarged upon. It is anticipated that R. C. Dunn will find this part of the work entertaining light reading for his long winter evenings.

Ed. Smith's Good Work.

Some ingenuity has been exercised by the able authors to find something which would shed light upon the public services of E. E. Smith, the committe's chairman. It is needless to say that there was great rejoicing when it was discovered. It was Senator Smith, it appears, who introduced the employers' liability bill in the senate. My recollection is that this bill which was prepared by Mr. McEwen whom Governor Johnson appointed to the head of the labor commission, and transmitted to the house in a special message by Governor Johnson. Senator Smith is certainly deserving of credit for his efforts to make effective this characteristic specimen of Democratic legislation.

For Boosting Gray.

The anti-saloon league has not officially endorsed Mr. Gray's candidacy, although it is known that the effective workers in that organization more or less openly favor it. The trouble appears to have been they did not want to embarrass Republican friends who are candidates for the legislature. It was allowed to leak out from Republican headquarters that if any action were taken unfriendly to Governor Eberhart, the state organization would retaliate by withdrawing support from Republican county option candidates. It would be interesting to know how many of these candidates are sharing in the material aid Senator Smith has been able to induce the brewers' organization to contribute to his campaign.

Another Cause of Trouble.

If the anti-saloon league is embarrased it is said that the liquor interests in the country are no less so. The Democrats in a number of districts, it is said, are beginning to resent saloon activity in opposition to the Democratic candidate for governor which is generally quite pronounced. Curiously enough appeals from these saloon keepers are reaching Republican headquarters in increasing numbers. They fear if they keep up the fight there will be a lot more towns go dry next spring. If they don't the county option candidates are likely to win. They appear to be between the devil and the deep sea. One cannot but sympathise with them in their distress.

The Political Effect of the Forest Fires

One hears the most diverse reports as to how the campaign is going on. As there is no ill without its accompanying blessings, at Republican headquarters there is much gratification that the disastrous fires in Minnesota should have given Governor Eberhart opportunity to take advantage of it to place himself in a favorable light. Republican campaign orators make quite effective mention of the matter by dwelling upon the way the governor has sacrificed his political interests to promptly extend succor to the homeless and distressed, and it need not be denied that in this matter he has followed the plain path of duty.

Further Relief Measures.

While temporary relief has been promptly extended to the sufferers from the dreadful catastrophy which befell them, it is feared in some quarters that voluntary contributions will not be sufficient to meet all needs of the sufferers. There is talk of raising loan of $100,000 as suggested by R. C. Dunn to be met later by a legislative appropriation. The plan is practical and meets with general favor. It has, it will be remembered, been successfully resorted to when the need was less obvious to secure funds to have the state properly represented at one or two of the worlds fair. At all events whatever plans ultimately there can be no doubt that public sentiment will fully approve any measures taken to tide the settlers over the winter and give them a start again in the spring.

Clearing the Country

Geo. Welsh, the commissioner of immigration, is of the opinion that much good may ultimately come out of the disaster. There are large areas of rich agricultural land in the burnt-over district. It can now be more readily reached and the fire has saved prospective settlers labor which otherwise they would have to perform. Moreover it has effectively cleared the country and removed the menace of future disasters of a similar character. It has, too, been a revelation even to the people in our own state of the rapidity with which the northern country is being taken up. The Hinckly fire was followed by a rapid settling up of the country thereabouts. It is thought the experience will be repeated in the vicinity of Beaudette.

Trust Busting

The trust busters have been at work during the past week in St. Paul. The merger of the Union and Southern Pacific railroads was the object of attack with Frank Kellogg and Cordy Severance in the spotlight as the principal performers. It is generally believed that they will be successful (on paper) in knocking this merger into smithereens. A few years ago some equally distinguished patriots brought about, also on paper, the dissolution of the Northern Securities company and elected a Republican governor on the strength of it. Not that it affected the Great Northern or the Northern Pacific any. They are still doing business under a gentleman's agreement in the old way, and using jointly the lines of both in this state thus being able to abandon one set of stations. This, too, without asking the consent of the state railroad and warehouse commission popularly supposed to have something to say when station doors are locked against the public. But then everybody realizes that the Minnesota state railroad and warehouse commission is a good deal of a joke except its cost to the state which is no joke. It was never known yet to prevent the railroads from doing anything they wanted to do or to compel them to do anything they didn't want to do. In view of our experience with Judge Mills and his accommodating associates perhaps federal control might not after all be so bad a thing. Incidentally it may be mentioned that the record made by the railroad and warehouse commission is one of the things which the Republicans Text book bases Republican claims to public support. O Temporo! O Mores!

—PAUL PRY.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons became inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red carpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling. S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the largest size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.

S. R. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

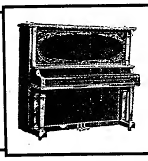
MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

You Can Win This Beautiful

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
Name..............................
Address..............................
If voted before November 10, 1910.



Nomination Ballot
Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piana Contest.
I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest
Name..............................
Address..............................
Only one nominaton ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

List of Prizes Offered.

Our newspaper contest is on and every lady has a chance to win a prize. You certainly have use for one of the prizes we are offering and the way to get one is to save your coupons and ballots. The following is a description of the prizes.

The beautiful Don Pierre piano, known as the grand prize, is one of America's leading instruments and in the past year has become popular thruout the west. It possesses several features and valuable improvements found in no other piano. It stands four feet ten inches, is doubled veneered throughout in fancy mahogany, has double repeater sticker action, imported music wire and is warranted for ten years from the date of shipment and the makers guarantee to replace free of charge any imperfections that may develop in that time.

The parlor organ that we are offering is without doubt the handsomest and one of the best constructed organs on the market. It is one of the latest designs and of the piano style. The instrument is warranted for ten years. The organ looks like a piano and can not be distinguished except in tone. It is made in solid oak finish.

The $40.00 New Fireside sewing machines are made by the largest sewing macine firm in the world. Others have imitated these machines, but none have equaled them. They consist of a full drop golden oak embossed case with four full length drawers, transfer tape measures and brass trimmed turned knobs. Invisible automatic lifting device that swings the sewing head close to the operator. A complete set of solid steel foot attachments packed in a velvet lined box goes with each machine. The machines are fully warranted for ten years.

We offer 20 year gold watches with Elgin movements, which sell at retail the world over. The Elgin stands foremost among watches and is recognized as America's leading time piece. The Elgin is so widely advertised and known that it needs no recommendation.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

Grand Prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as neccessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The contest will close at 6 p. m., Jan. 16, 1011.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year, $1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years, 3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years, 4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years, 6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years, 7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for **HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC.** Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers. ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Auction Sale.

I will sell at public auction at my farm 0 miles northeast of Red Lake Falls on the northwest quarter of Section 5. Gervais Township, the following property commencing at 12 o'clock on Saturday, Oct, 22:

1 horse 12 years old, weight 1500; I horse 7 years old, weight 1400 pounds; 1 mare, coming 4 years, weight, 1300; 1 horse 11 years old, weight 1100; one steer, coming three years of age; 1 heifer, coming 3 years; Mc Cormick binder, nearly new; 1 Jones mower; 1 6 foot disc harrow; 1 Canton gang plow, 12 inch; 4 walking plows; 1 14 inch breaking plow; 1 harrow; I 3-section steel harrow; 1 16-inch sulky plow, with breaker attachment; 1 set bob sleighs; 2 cutters; 1 spring tooth harrow; 1 wide tire wagon, complete: one Thompson Concord buggy, nearly new; one buckboard; one fanning mill; two sets heavy harness; one single buggy harness; a quantity of oats; household goods and many other articles too numerous to mention. Free lunch at noon. Terms: All sums under ten dollars cash. All sums over that amount good bankable paper due November 1st, 1911, at 10 per cent interest. Five per cent discount for cash on sums over ten dollars.

TREFFLE GRANDBOIS, Owner.
Jos. Belair, Auctioneer, Geo. F. Hennings, Clerk.

Notice of Tax Sale of Unredeemed Lands in Red Lake County, Minnesota, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Revised Laws of 1905, as Amended by Chapter 430, General Laws 1907.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 936, 937 and 938 of Revised Laws of 1905, as amended by Chapter 430, General Laws 1907, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 14th day of November, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the County Auditor in the county court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land situate in Red Lake County, bid in for the State and not assigned to purchasers or redeemed within three years from the date of the tax sale at which said parcels were offered and so bid in by the State, will be offered at public sale, and will be sold to the highest bidder therefor. No parcel will be sold for a less sum than the aggregate taxes, penalties, interests and costs charged against it, unless the cash value thereof fairly determined by the State Auditor, shall be less than such aggregate, provided, however, that all parcels bid in for the State, for the taxes of 1901 or prior years, and not assigned to purchasers, or redeemed as aforesaid, may be disposed of for one-half of the total taxes as originally assessed. Purchasers shall forthwith pay the amount of their respective bids to the County Treasurer. Said sale will begin at the time and place named above and will continue from day to day until every such tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale, under the provisions of such statutes. The list of said real property subject to said sale, and which will be so offered for sale, unless previously redeemed, is now on file in the office of said County Auditor and of the State Auditor of said State.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the County Treasurer, at or any time before sale, and within sixty (60) days after proof of service of the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been filed with the County Auditor.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served, as provided in Section 956, Revised Laws 1605, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the State, to the person entitled thereto. (See Section 938 R. L.)

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, October 1st, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Seal of County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.   06-27

No. 9837
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY
Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

LAWRENCE O. MURRAY,
(SEAL)   Comptroller of the Currency

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

Our $50.00 Business Course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. The new $85.00 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) will supply bookkeepers for the larger concerns and tellers and cashiers for the Northwestern banks. The Stenographic Course (under an expert reporter) trains high grade stenographers and court reporters. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass County Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can any other school offer you this evidence of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificiently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
9-11 EIGHTH STREET SOUTH   FARGO, N. D.

WORTH MOUNTAINS OF GOLD

During Change of Life, says Mrs. Chas. Barclay

Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—MRS. CHAS. BARCLAY, R.F.D., Graniteville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing female complaints such as inflammation, ulceration, local weaknesses, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life. It costs but little to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and, as Mrs. Barclay says, it is "worth mountains of gold" to suffering women.

Some men are self made and some are wife made.

[illegible] and ordinarily aggravated [illegible] thoroughly cured by Dr. [illegible] Tiny sugar-coated granules.

The discovery that he has invested in a salted mine is apt to make a man [illegible]

ALMOST WORN OUT.

Ella Fondine—Is your knee tired, dear?

Slenderly—It must be, pet; it's gone to sleep.

Pipe Gives Cadet Typhoid.

Midshipman Smith, who was stricken with typhoid fever on the Indiana at Plymouth, England, contracted the disease, it is said, from smoking a briar used nearly a year ago by his roommate at Annapolis who had a bad case of typhoid. This theory is taken as proof that concentrated nicotine cannot destroy a typhoid germ. The medical department of the navy will examine into the theory with the result that midshipmen of the future may confine themselves to their own pipes.

There Are Reasons

Why so many people have ready-at-hand a package of

Post Toasties

The DISTINCTIVE FLAVOUR delights the palate.

The quick, easy serving right from the package—requiring only the addition of cream or good milk is an important consideration when breakfast must be ready "on time."

The sweet, crisp food is universally liked by children, and is a great help to Mothers who must give to the youngsters something wholesome that they relish.

The economical feature appeals to everyone—particularly those who wish to keep living expenses within a limit.

Post Toasties are especially pleasing served with fresh sliced peaches.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

WOOLLY APHIS INJURES VALUABLE APPLE TREES

Damage Is Particularly Serious in Case of Nursery Stock and Young Plants—Aerial Form Easily Controlled.

(By EDITH M. PATCH and O. A. JOHANNSEN, Maine Agricultural Experiment Station.)

Throughout the summer on the lower portion of the trunk and particularly on the water sprouts of the apple may often be seen small bluish-white flocculent or cottony patches, which indicate the presence of colonies of one of the worst enemies of the apple, viz., the insect known as woolly aphis (fig. 34).

It exists in two forms, the one just referred to, above ground on the trunk or water shoots, and another inhabiting the roots. On the roots its attacks induce enlargements or galls or swellings, and in the cracks of these galls and swellings the root form occurs in clustered masses.

The damage is particularly serious in the case of nursery stock and young trees and is less often important after the tree has once become well established and of some size. Where this insect is abundant on the roots of a young tree to the depth of a foot or so become clubbed and knotted by the growth of hard fibrous enlargements (fig. 35) with the results in a year or two of the dying of the rootlets and their ultimate decomposition with attendant disappearance of the galls and also of the lice, so that after this sage is reached the cause of the injury is often obscure. On the trunk the presence of the lice sometimes results in the roughening of the bark or a granulated condition which is particularly noticeable about the collar and at the forks of branches or on the fresh growth around the scars caused by pruning, which latter is a favorite location. On the water shoots, they collect particularly in the axils of the leaves, often eventually causing them to fall, and on the tender greener side of the stems. The damage above ground, though commonly insignificant, is useful as an indication of the probable existence of the lice on the roots. A badly attacked tree assumes a sickly appearance and does not make satisfactory growth and the leaves become dull and yellowish, and even if not killed outright it is so weakened that it becomes especially subject to the attacks of borers and other insect enemies.

The common forms both on the roots and above ground are wingless lice, not exceeding one-tenth of an inch in length, and of a reddish-brown color, and abundantly covered, especially in the aerial form, with a flocculent waxy excretion.

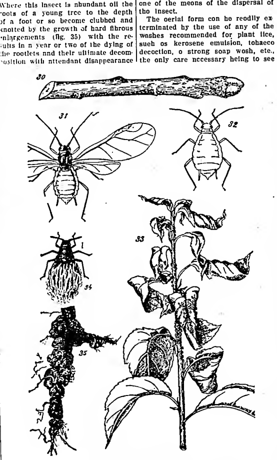
In October or November, among the wingless ones, numbers of winged individuals appear, which are also all females, and are the parents of a true sexed generation of minute, "winter egg." This egg is attached within a crevice of the bark.

The winged females appear somewhat abundantly in autumn, and are one of the means of the dispersal of the insect.

The aerial form can be readily exterminated by the use of any of the washes recommended for plant lice, such as kerosene emulsion, tobacco decoction, a strong soap wash, etc., the only care necessary being to see that the wash is put on with sufficient force and thoroughness to penetrate the covering and protecting cottony excretion. If the wash be applied warm its penetration will be considerably increased.

The much more important root form, however, is more difficult to reach and exterminate. The common recommendations are of applications of strong soap or tobacco washes to the soil about the crown, or soot, ashes, or tobacco dust buried about the roots; also similarly employed are lime and gas-lime."

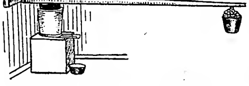
Badly infected nursery stock should be destroyed, since it would be worth little even with the aphids removed.



Apple Aphids and Work.

Figs. 30-33 Green apple-aphis; 30, Winter eggs; 31, Winged form; 32, Wingless form; 33, Leaf curl caused by Apple-aphis; 34, Woolly aphis, wingless form, 35, Knotty root caused by Woolly aphis.

A HOME-MADE CHEESE PRESS



A cheese press is a handy implement on any farm. One can be made at small cost and the illustration gives a good idea of the method of making such an article at home.

Don't Neglect Sheep.

Because sheep can nip the short grass and subsist on almost anything that is herbage, from the coarse, sour grasses that grow on low grounds to the tough, dried leaves of the mullen, and 500 or more kinds of weeds, and relish the fresh leaves of the brush that grows in the waste places, they should not be made subjects of neglect, and little thought given to furnishing them a liberal supply of palatable cut feeds that will keep up a constant growth and maintain them in a reasonably good condition.

Argentina's Blooded Stock.

That the number of blooded animals in Argentina is increasing is shown by the new herdbook forwarded from Buenos Aires. On February 28, 1910, there were registered 29,077 bulls (22,117 being Shorthorn), 34,191 cows (25,146) Shorthorn), and 22,058 sheep (20,178 Lincoln). Most of the 12,037 blooded horses are Clydesdale, Percheron, and sire.

Value of Dairy Cow.

The dairy cow co-operates with every other part of the equipment on the mixed farm. She consumes many feeds that can be grown to advantage in cleaning the land of weeds or in restoring its condition by the increase of grass or clover roots; she furnishes skim milk for pigs, poultry and young live stock of other sorts; she produces a product which is high in price but which robs the land of practically no fertility; she assists in the problem of manuring the soil.

Good Work for Hen.

It is the consensus of opinion among the best and most successful poultry breeders that an average of twelve dozen eggs per hen for a flock is a smashing good record; that when it goes above this figure, the results are exceptional, and apply only to individual specimens and not to a flock as a whole.

Co-Operative Creameries.

The Massachusetts milk war has made many dairymen feel that there is more profit and comfort in the co-operative creamery than it has been usually given credit for.

IN THE MASTER'S STEPS

By REV. JOHN H. KERR
Pastor Arlington Presbyterian Church
New York

Text: For even hereunto were ye called: because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example that ye should follow his steps.—Peter II., 21.

When the apostle Paul wrote those words he referred specifically to the example of our Lord under suffering. Furthermore, it is worthy to note that his words were primarily addressed to those who were slaves.

It is not at all my purpose to use only this one side of the Master's example. I want rather to gather together from a wider range than this one text some of the leading characteristics of the example set us by our Lord. His is an ideal character of the ages, and we cannot too often bring before our minds its salient features.

The word "example" here is the translation of a word which is used only in this place in the New Testament. It means a "writing copy," such as might be found in a child's exercise book and designated as an aid in learning how to write correctly. The word "follow" is emphatic and implies close and diligent following. If we catch the full meaning of the text, it is necessary to bear in mind these facts with reference to the two most important words in it.

"In the Master's steps." He has left us an example that we should follow his steps. The Master himself on several occasions cited his own acts as the only ones to be imitated by his followers. Thus he said concerning an act he had just performed: "I have given you an example, that ye should do as I have done to you." Or, again: "This is my commandment, that ye love one another, even as I have loved you." So the apostle Paul cites our Lord's example, saying: "Have this mind in you, which was also in Christ Jesus." And in another place we read: "Let each one of us please his neighbor for that which is good, unto edifying. For Christ also pleased not himself." The apostle's aim in life was to reproduce as far as he could the life of his Lord. "For to me to live is Christ."

One of the reasons why "it behooved him in all things to be made like unto his brethren" was that he might show us the possibilities of which our natures are capable. Men needed to see how an ideal person acts. In addition to that which our Redeemer must do to make atonement for our sins, he must also set us an example in his own life, so that we might have a model after which we should attempt to conform our lives.

Of course there were many things about our Lord's life that we could not imitate, but there are other aspects of it which we must imitate, if we are to be able successfully to lay claim to his discipleship. We must walk in the Master's steps.

In obeying the Father's will. The psalmist has said: "Lo, I am come; in the roll of the book it is written of me; I delight to do thy will, O my God." The writer of the epistle to the Hebrews applies those words to Jesus, whilst he himself said: "My meat is to do the will of him that sent me and to accomplish his will." Later in his ministry in the presence of a great multitude, Jesus affirmed: "I am come down from heaven, not to do mine own will, but the will of him that sent me." And in his last prayer with his disciples he said: "I glorified thee on the earth, having accomplished the work which thou hast given me to do." "Though he was a Son, yet learned his obedience by the things which he suffered.

Obedience is about the first thing the follower of Christ has to learn. Obedience is the Master's test. "Ye are my friends, if ye do the things which I command you." No amount of protestation that we are his followers will take the place of obedience.

We should follow in the Master's steps in resisting temptation. Our Lord hath been in all points tempted like we are, yet without sin." Nor were the temptations of our Lord matters of little moment. He "suffered being tempted." The conflict with Satan at the beginning of our Lord's ministry was a tremendous reality. Temptation once came to him in the words of Peter, so that Jesus said to him: "Get thee behind me, Satan; thou art a stumbling block unto me." So again and again our Lord was tempted. It is to be wondered at that he should say so solemnly to his disciples, just as he was about to leave them: "Watch and pray, that ye enter not into temptation." We follow in the Master's steps when we resist temptation. What an encouragement it is to be assured that "the Lord knoweth how to deliver the godly out of temptation."

In prayer is another way to follow in his steps. Our Lord repeatedly prayer. And this was not merely for its effect on his disciples. The Master prayed because he needed thus to hold communion with the Father. Remember the transfiguration scene on Mount Herman, when, as he prayed, his countenance was changed, and his whole person became radiant with glory. Our Lord said: "Watch and pray." If he needed to pray, much more do we.

If we follow in his steps, we will be regular attendants on divine worship. The record tells us that it was his custom to go to the synagogue on the Sabbath day. That simply means that he was himself an habitual attendant on divine worship.

Unfulfilled Prophecy.

Life holds no disappointments like the breaking of plans. At best the most fruitful life and the most prosperous career represents an unfulfilled prophecy. No matter what your victories in retrospect, you have achieved only one thing, where you planned a thousand.—Rev. N. D. Hillis, Congregationalist, Brooklyn.

The Cost of Crime.

The cost of crime to the United States is enough, if our people were righteous for two years, to pay the whole national debt.—Rev. John Flagg, Presbyterian, New York city.

STUNG BY BASE INGRATITUDE

Bowery Denizen Seemingly Had Right to Be Indignant at Old Friend's Attitude.

"You remember dot guy, Jim Burke?" asked an irate Bowery denizen. "He's a dat stiff dat's doin' time up dar river—Sing Sing—boiglary—ten years. Well, you know all I done fer dat stiff. When he was pinched didn't I put up der coin for der lawyers? Didn't I pay der witnesses? Sure I did. De oder day I t'inks I'll just go an' see dat mutt just t' leave him know his frien's ain't tied de con on 'im. So I drives out to d' jail and goes into d' warden's office and he says I gotter send me card in. Me card! D'ye get dat? Well, anyway, I writes my name on a piece o' paper an' a guy takes it into Jim Burke, an' what d' you t'ink dat stiff tells dat guy to tell me?"

"I've no idea," said the listener.

"He tells him," concluded the angry one, "t' tell me dat he ain't in!"—From Success Magazine.

A CASE OF GRAVEL.

Tulare, Cal., Man Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

Harrison A. Sturtevont, G and Maple Sts., Tulare, Cal., says: "I was in bad shape with kidney trouble. Too frequent passage of the urine compelled me to arise at night, my bladder became inflamed and I had excruciating pains in my abdomen. Soon after I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, I passed a gravel stone three-quarters of an inch in length and variegated in color. After this my trouble disappeared."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Wise Old Owl.

In her trim little bathing suit she sat on the white sand.

"I adore intelligence," she cried.

"So do I," said he. "All the same, though, beauty and intellect never go together."

"And do you think me intellectual?" she faltered.

"No," he confessed, frankly.

With a faint blush she murmured, "Flatterer!"

IN AGONY WITH ECZEMA

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with itching and bleeding eczema, until I was cured by the Cuticura Remedies, and I am so grateful I want the world to know, for what helped me will help others. My body and face were covered with sores. One day it would seem to be better, and then break out again with the most terrible pain and itching. I have been sick several times, but never in my life did I experience such awful suffering as with this eczema. I had made up my mind that death was near at hand, and I longed for that time when I would be at rest. I had tried many different doctors and medicines without success, and my mother brought me the Cuticura Remedies, insisting that I try them. I began to feel better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap, and one application of Cuticura Ointment.

"I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, and have taken four bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, and consider myself well. This was nine years ago and I have had no return of the trouble since. Any person having any doubt about this wonderful cure by the Cuticura Remedies can write to my address. Mrs. Altia Etson, 93 Inn Road, Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 16, 1909."

Detected.

It was at a Fourth of July meeting in the little city. The mayor, William Smith, rose, and at dignified length read the Declaration of Independence. There was a pause; then from one of the mayor's old schoolmates came the loud whisper: "Bill—never writ that. He ain't smart enough."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

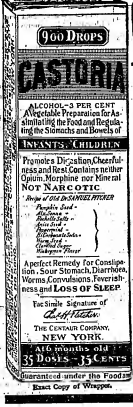
Freedom is the only soil in which great and good men grow—freedom of mind and body.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Best men are molded out of faults. —Shakespeare.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A seal on a watch-fob may be worth two on an iceberg.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WESTERN CANADA'S 1910 CROPS

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Wheat Yield in Many Districts Will Be From 25 to 35 Bushels Per Acre

Land sales and homestead entries increasing. No cessation in numbers going from United States. Wonderful opportunities remain for those who intend making Canada their home. New districts being opened up for settlement. Many farmers will net, this year, $10 to $15 per acre from their wheat crop. All the advantages of old settled countries are there. Good schools, churches, splendid markets, excellent railway facilities. See the grain exhibit at the different State and some of the County fairs.

Letters similar to the following are received every day, testifying to satisfactory conditions; other districts are as favorably spoken of:

THEY SENT FOR THEIR SON.

Maidstone, Sask., Canada, Aug. 5th, 1910.

"My parents came here from Cedar Falls, Iowa, four years ago, and were so well pleased with this country they sent to Coeur d'Alene for me. I have taken up a homestead near them, and am perfectly satisfied to stop here." Leonard Douglas.

WANTS SETTLER'S RATE FOR HIS STOCK.

Stettler, Alberta, July 31st, 1910.

"Well I got up here from Forest City, Iowa, last Spring in good shape with the stock and everything. Now, I have got two boys back in Iowa yet, and I am going back there now soon to get them and another car up here this fall. What I would like to know is, if there is any chance to get a cheap rate back again, and when we return to Canada I will call at your office for our certificates."

Yours truly, H. A. Wik.

WILL MAKE HIS HOME IN CANADA.

Brainerd, Minn., Aug. 1st, 1910.

"I am going to Canada a week from today and intend to make my home there. My husband has been there six weeks and is well pleased with the country; so he wants me to come as soon as possible. He filed on a claim near Landis, Sask., and by his description of it it must be a pretty place. My brother-in-law, Mr. Frank J. Zimmer, lives there and it was through him that we decided to locate in Canada."

Yours truly,
Mrs. Richard Henry Ebinger.

TAKES HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW'S WORD FOR IT.

Taylors Falls, Minn., Aug. 7, 1910.

"I shall go to Camrose this Fall with my cattle and household goods. I got a poor crop here this year and my brother-in-law, Axel Nordstrom in Camrose, wants me to come there. He formerly lived in Wilton, North Dakota. I am going to buy or take homestead when I get there, but I do not want to travel two times there, for I take my brother-in-law's word about the country, and want to get your low rate."

Yours truly
Peter A. Nelson.

WANTS TO RETURN TO CANADA.

Vesta, Minn., July 24th, 1910

"I went to Canada nine years ago and took up a quarter section of railroad land and a homestead, but my boys have never taken up any land yet. I still hold the railroad land. I had to come back to the states on account of my health. Please let me know at once if I can get the cheap rates to Ponoka, Alberta."

Yours truly,
Geo. Paskewitz,
Vesta, Minn.

Send for literature and ask the local Canadian Government Agents for Excursion Rates, best districts in which to locate, and when to go.

CHAS. PILLING, Clifford Block, Grand Forks, North Dakota

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

Northwestern Conservatory 40 Instructors 600 Students (25th Year, Opens Sept. 5, '10)

All branches of Music Art and Dramatic Art, Orchestral and Band Instruments, Normal Courses in Public School Music, Art, Piano, Physical Training, Domestic Science. Terms Reasonable. Catalog free.

O. A. EVERS, Pres. Minneapolis, Minn.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS

Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain

Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00

Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00

EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Everywhere in the world men shave with the

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.

Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

The difference remember this—

it may save your life. Cathartics, bird shot and cannon ball pills—tea spoon doses of castor oil and all purgatives—irritate the bowels until they sweat enough to move. Cascarets strengthen the bowel muscles so they creep and crawl naturally. This means a cure and only through Cascarets can you get it quickly and naturally.

Cascarets—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month. 898

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A1, St. Paul, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 36-1910.

Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles

Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach. A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery —the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine of KNOWN COMPOSITION, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois

The Local Field

Joseph Laurent was over from Crookston Saturday.

Mrs. Jarmen of Thief River Falls spent Sunday with friends in town.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz was down from St. Hilaire Friday.

If you use kerosene and want the best, get it from Hunt Hardware Co.

Farm loans. Lowest rates and payment privileges.—Houston Land Co. tf

P. F. Pouliot was attending to business matters in the twin cities Saturday.

Mrs. C. W. Johnson visited last week with relatives in Polk Centre and Black River.

Attorney F. L. Farley was at Crookston Monday attending to some legal business.

Mrs. Jos. Skarud, a former resident of Red Lake Falls now of Virginia, Minn., is visiting with friends here this week.

Oluf Juberg of Plummer was attending to business matters in the county capitol Monday.

Found, Monday, gold cuff button with initial "P" engraved upon it. Call at this office.

Miss Beatrice Emard, who is attending the normal school at Moorhead, spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Ira C. Richardson accompanied the judge from Thief River Falls Monday and remained here until Tuesday.

Oliver Flage left Tuesday evening for Lamberton, Minn., and will spend several weeks with relatives at that place.

A genuine Round Oak heater for coal will please you as well as a fancy base burner and it costs only about half as much. See the line at Hunt Hardware company's store.

There will be a "childen party" in the Woodmen hall Saturday evening or the members of the Royal Neighbors and Woodmen lodges and their families. A basket lunch will be served.

Read Fournet's new ad.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tj

D. W. Brown left Friday for St. Thomas, N. Dak., to join Mrs. Brown who had been at St. Thomas for several days, a guest at the home of their son. Mr. and Mrs. Brown returned Tuesday.

Theo. Fournier has closed his Wylie cheese factory for the season and he and his family have come to town and will spend the winter with Mr. Fournier's parents. The factory will be opened again in the spring.

W. H. Brown, manager of the Red River Power company, was over from the Forks Tuesday. Mr. Brown informed the Gazette that the machinery for the installtation of all day electric service has been ordered and that the improvement in the plant will be made just as soon as the material arrives and the work can be done.

SAMPLE.

STATE BALLOT.

PUT A CROSS MARK (X) OPPOSITE THE NAME OF EACH CANDIDATE YOU WISH TO VOTE FOR IN THE SQUARES INDICATED BY THE ARROW.

Governor—ADOLPH O. EBERHART—Republican.		Vote for One.
Governor—JAMES GRAY—Democrat.		
Governor—J. F. HEIBERG—Prohibition.		
Governor—GEO. E. BARRETT—Public Ownership.		
Governor—C. W. BRANDBORG—Socialist Labor.		
Governor—		
Lieutenant-Governor—SAM Y. GORDON—Republican.		Vote for One.
Lieutenant-Governor—MERRILL C. TIFFT—Democrat.		
Lieutenant-Governor—J. D. ENGLE—Prohibition.		
Lieutenant-Governor—LEWIS M. AYER—Public Ownership.		
Lieutenant-Governor—		
Secretary of State—JULIUS A. SCHMAHL—Republican.		Vote for One.
Secretary of State—FRED W. JOHNSON—Democrat.		
Secretary of State—F. F. MARZAHN—Prohibition.		
Secretary of State—TORKEL HOILAND—Public Ownership.		
Secretary of State—		
State Auditor—SAMUEL G. IVERSON—Republican.		Vote for One.
State Auditor—THOMAS J. MEIGHEN—Democrat.		
State Auditor—		
State Treasurer—WALTER J. SMITH—Republican.		Vote for One.
State Treasurer—CHARLES F. LADNER—Democrat.		
State Treasurer—		
Attorney General—GEORGE T. SIMPSON—Republican.		Vote for One.
Attorney General—JOHN M. FREEMAN—Democrat.		
Attorney General—		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 1st, 1912. —P. E. BROWN—Republican.		Vote for Two.
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 1st, 1912. —CALVIN L. BROWN—Republican.		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 1st, 1912.		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 1st, 1912.		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 2d, 1911. —DAVID F. SIMPSON—Republican.		Vote for Two.
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 2d, 1911. —EDWIN A. JAGGARD—Republican		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 2d, 1911. —THOMAS D. O'BRIEN—Democrat		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 2d, 1911. —ARTHUR H. SNOW—Democrat.		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 2d, 1911.		
Associate Justice Supreme Court, term commencing Jan. 2d, 1911.		
Clerk Supreme Court—I. A. CASWELL—Republican.		Vote for One
Clerk Supreme Court—		
Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner. —CHAS. F. STAPLES—Republican.		Vote for One.
Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner. —JAMES C. TRACY—Democrat.		
Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner. —L. A. SIMONSON—Prohibition.		
Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner.		

RED LAKE FALLS' CONTRIBUTIONS

Clothing and Money Sent Directly to the Warroad Relief Committee.

A Committee of the ladies of the city gathered a large quantity of supplies and secured liberal cash contributions to aid the fire suffrers. A number of the merchants gave large quantities of new goods and the people of the city responded liberally with donations of clothing and supplies. The supplies and a draft covering the amount of the cash contributions were sent direct to Rev. Sidebotham of the Warroad relief committee, that the clothing and funds might be available for immediate use which would not be the case if the contributions were made through some charitable organization.

Following are the cash contributions:

Ladies Aid Society of Presbyterian Church	$10.00
J. A. Onffy	5.00
Dr. Watson	5.00
C. N. Bourdon	5.00
Frank Jeffers	3.50
Jos. Helm	2.00
E. A. Millwer	3.00
Dr. Argue	2.00
Higinbotham & Fisher	2.00
W. A. Schreiter	2.00
Theo. Garceau	2.00
Father Fayolle	2.00
Fournot Forniture Store	2.00
Baum & Campbell	2.00
Gazette	2.00
Mrs. Freuod	2.00
Hunt Hardware Co.	2.00
P. B. Gaass	1.50
Geo. Hennings	1.25
R. H. Boordoo	1.00
P. L. Malvio	1.00
J. Kiogsley	1.00
Thief River Falls Lumber Co.	1.00
Max Ingber	1.00
P. F. Pooliot	1.00
Rudolph Holzman	1.00
W. A. Reichel	1.00
M. Christensen	1.00
A. L. Reichert	1.00
Fred L. Farley	1.00
William Holberg	1.00
Chas. E. Booghtoo	1.00
A. A. Latendresse	1.00
F. A. Grady	1.00
W. H. Krueger	1.00
Oan Champeau	1.00
Mrs. Alison	1.00
Dr. Wilkeoson	1.00
Ed L. Healy	1.00
Theo. Majeres	1.00
Chas. Kruse	1.00
Nick Nimesgern	1.00
G. G. Klodseth	1.00
Rev. Hughes	1.00
Henry Kruse	1.00
W. B. Cheshire	1.00
Mrs. N. Guerin	1.00
Mrs. Herman Linder	1.00
H. A. Johnson	1.00
Mrs. E. E. Fletcher	.50
Thos. Crompo	.50
Harry Garceau	.50
J. A. Toupin	.50
W. Lambert	.50
E. A. Nelson	.50
A. J. Pouliot	.50
Jos. Miller	.50
Jos. Perraolt	.50
C. W. Johoson	.50
Arthur Lizee	.50
C. A. Lindquist	.50
S. L. Lewis	.50
Mrs. Nick Helm	.50
Eus. Normaodeau	.50
Mrs. Zimple	.50
Mrs. Rogge	.50
Mrs. Schusser	.50
Mr. Starkin	.50
Mrs. Victor Aodersoo	.50
Mrs. Tschirhart	.25
Mrs. Dettliog	.25
Mrs. Hamry	.25
Mrs. Rusmetssel	.25
Mrs. Peter Nimesgern	.25
Mrs. Majeres	.25
Ed. Trombly	.25
Mrs. Cailler	.25
Mrs. Ittner	.25
John Orier	.25
Mrs. Lewis Nelson	.25
Mr. Gooyea	.25
Mrs. Cyr	.25
Mrs. Prudhommo	.25
Mrs. Vaudrin	.15
Mrs. Jos. Hance	.15
Mrs. Fletcher	.50
Mr. Koos	1.00
Total	$101.05

New clothing and shoes donated by Theo. LaBissoniere, J. P. Harren, Matt Skala and Mrs. Lemieux.

Did you read the list of prizes in the Gazette voting contest? You can certainly use one of them.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

FALLS MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game. Poultry

Telephone 19.

We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade

Campbell & Baum

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention.

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Girls in Guatemala.

None of the maidens in Guatemala are allowed to go abroad from their homes without the company of a chaperon, and a lover is only allowed to come and court his sweetheart through the heavily barred windows of her father's home. After they are married they pass along the streets in Indian file, the woman marching ahead, so that the husband can be in a position to prevent any flirtations.

Heron's Foot For Bait.

So great is the heron's repute as a fisher that it has long been thought that its feet, owing to some peculiar scent or oil which they were supposed to possess, attracted the fish, more especially eels, to within easy reach of its beak. In some places the rustic angler still believes that if a heron's foot is placed with his worms the latter are more eagerly taken by fish.—London Outlook.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance, City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

Subscribe For the Gazette.

Proposed Amendmeuts

-TO THE-

Constitution

-OF-

Minnesota

-BY-

The Legislature

General Session 1909.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1, 1910.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1909 and which are to be submitted to the electors in said state at the general election in 1910.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 501 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to authorize the payment by the State from the State Road and Bridge Fund of one-half of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein, and is an amendment of Section 16 of Article 9 of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing in its discretion for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year, and provided further, that in no case shall more than one-third (⅓) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund," and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund.' Said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided, further, that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

EFFECT. The present Constitution authorizes the payment by the State, out of such fund so created of ONE-THIRD (1-3) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein. If this amendment is adopted the State could then pay ONE-HALF (½) of the cost of constructing any such road or bridge, and the effect of the amendment is thus to increase the amount which the State may lawfully pay toward such purpose.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 507 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to repeal the provisions of Section 11 of Article IX of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 11. There shall be published by the treasurer, in at least one newspaper printed at the seat of government, during the first week in January of each year, and in the next volume of the acts of the legislature, detailed statements of all moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, for what purposes and to whom paid, and by what law authorized; and also of all moneys received, and by what authority and from whom."

EFFECT. The Constitution requires the treasurer to publish yearly a detailed statement of the moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, giving the names of the persons to whom paid and the purposes for which it was expended. It also requires a like statement of the names of the persons, and the sources, as to money received, and in both cases a statement of the law under which payments were made, or money paid into the treasury. The effect of this Amendment, if the same be adopted, will be to repeal the section of the Constitution mentioned and insofar relieve the treasurer from such publication. This change in the Constitution, however, would not prevent the legislature from hereafter directing by law that such, or a different publication, of the same or other information should be made by the Treasurer.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 508 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 17, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment, by the State of Minnesota, of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, including the necessary expenses of giving effect to this act, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment, if adopted, will be to authorize the State to become a trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or either. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax imposed by the legislature upon the lands of such persons, ONLY, as shall voluntarily list the same with their respective county auditors for that purpose. Under it there could be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. The legislature is also authorized to include in such fund the necessary expenses of administration of the law. The adoption of the amendment will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund and to provide for the disbursement of same by the officers of the State; but any payments to be made by the State, by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from such fund and from no other. In the settlement of any such damages the State would assume no liability beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable. A similar amendment was offered at the general election of 1908, but not adopted. The amendment then offered read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The main difference between the amendment now offered, and the one last quoted, being that the legislature is now to be authorized, in addition to providing a fund for the purpose of paying damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, to further provide an additional tax upon the lands of the persons so listing the same, to meet the necessary expenses incurred in the administration of the law and thus relieve the State therefrom. This last provision was not included in the amendment offered in 1908.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed Amendment is contained in Chapter 509, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section 23 of Article IV of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and every tenth year thereafter. At their first session after each enumeration so made, and also at their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section second of this article."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year 1915, and every ten (10) years thereafter. At any session after any enumeration of the inhabitants of this state made pursuant to law and also at any session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or any of the same, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section 2 of this article."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment will be to direct the legislature to provide for a census of the inhabitants of the State in the year 1915, and every tenth year thereafter, and will also authorize the legislature to change the boundaries of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or of any one of such districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts, at any session after any State or Federal census. If adopted, the legislature might therefore, if it deems best, change at any session the boundaries of such districts and apportion anew the senators and representatives and thus redistrict the State every two years.

FIFTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fifth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 510, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 18, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 18. To secure a sustained yield of timber for the use of the people of this state, the proper officials shall annually levy and collect a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property within this state, the proceeds of which shall be used for the purchase of land better adapted for forestry purposes than for agriculture for the state at not over $3.00 per acre, and for the production and maintenance thereon of forest according to forestry principles.

"Unexpended balances shall not lapse but constitute a fund for forestry purposes.

"The timber produced thereon shall be sold at a fair valuation and the revenue therefrom or from other source shall be paid into the state treasury, except that one-quarter of the net revenue shall be paid to the town, or if unorganized, to the county, in which the land is situated, in aid of public schools and roads.

"Should any tract acquired be found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, it may be sold and the proceeds used for acquiring or developing forestry land.

"Until otherwise directed by the legislature, which may supplement these provisions with necessary enactments, the state forestry board shall draw and disburse the money hereby provided and purchase, manage and control the lands and forests.

"No money shall be paid for any tract until the attorney general shall certify to the validity of the title.

"It shall be competent for two successive regular legislatures, by a two-thirds vote of each house, to repeal any of these provisions."

EFFECT. This proposed amendment, and the proposed amendment hereafter mentioned should be read together. They constitute the foundation for a plan of State reforestration. As the constitution stands today, while the legislature might pass laws providing funds to be used for the purchase of lands, and the cultivation of the same for reforestration purposes, yet it is not directed to do so. The effect then of this amendment is to COMPEL the taxing officers of the state to annually levy and collect a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property in the state, to be used as the legislature shall direct, for the purchase for the state of land adapted to forestry purposes, but at a price not to exceed $3 per acre. All unexpired balances in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not lapse, but shall be carried over into the fund thus raised for the succeeding year and shall be an addition thereto. It also directs the sale, at a fair valuation, of the timber produced on such land so purchased, the payment of three-fourths of the money received therefrom into the state treasury, and the payment of the remaining one-fourth to the town, if organized, or otherwise to the county in which the land is situated, and that the same shall there be credited to the public school funds. If after the land is purchased it is found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, authority is contained in this amendment to sell it, but the proceeds must be used for acquiring or developing forestry land. Until the legislature provides otherwise, all purchases shall be under the direction of the State Forestry Board. The title to all lands purchased must be approved by the Attorney General before purchase is made. It is further provided that two successive regular legislatures shall have power by a two-thirds vote of each house to repeal any of the foregoing provisions. That is to say, if after a trial, such plan for any reason is found to be impracticable or undesirable, and it so appears to two successive legislatures, any or all of the foregoing provisions of the amendment may be repealed. The legislature does not now possess such power and the same is a distinct change in the methods heretofore in vogue in Minnesota, in the making and revising of the Constitution. Heretofore an amendment might only be made to the Constitution or a provision of that instrument eliminated by direct vote of the electors. Under this amendment, if it be adopted, that power is not taken away and also exists. But a new power, that of repeal by the legislature, as to this amendment, is created. Such power, however, would extend to no other provision of the Constitution and affords an easy method of change in case of necessity or advisability.

SIXTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The sixth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 511, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution to be known as Section 17a, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17a. Laws may be enacted exempting lands from taxation for the purpose of encouraging and promoting the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon."

EFFECT. The effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to enact laws exempting from taxation lands of private persons to be used in the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon, and thus supplement where the lands of such private persons are devoted to reforestration, the purposes contemplated as to public lands by the fifth proposed amendment. The authority so granted is part of a general plan for the reforestration of land within the state. If the legislature does not pass such laws, such lands will not be exempt and the power to repeal such a law, when enacted, remains with the legislature. Power to pass a law to exempt such lands from taxation the legislature does not now possess, and it is, therefore, an additional grant of power.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE T. SIMPSON,
Attorney General.

St. Paul, May 1, 1910.

Mr. Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

Dear Sir:—Referring to proposed Constitutional Amendment No. 2 would say: As state expert printer I have given the publications involved in this proposed amendment special thought, and am of opinion both these publications are entirely superfluous. The extensive annual publication "in a daily newspaper published at the capital city" attracts absolutely no attention. The annual report of the state treasurer is published in book form, and to an extent that makes it easy for every person specially concerned to secure a copy. To conform strictly with the law as it is at present, means the expenditure, under reasonably favorable printing contracts, of approximately $8,000, a sum which can be used to excellent advantage under conditions which ordinarily suggest the greatest care and economy upon the part of those under whose direction the printing fund is expended.

Yours respectfully,
J. T. MANNIX,
State Expert Printer.

AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned will sell the following property at Public Auction on Section 8, Red Lake Falls Township, 3 miles north and west of Red Lake Falls known as the Sutter farm, commencing at 12 o'clock sharp on Monday, October 24: 1 black horse, 6 years old, weight 1100 pounds; 1 black horse 5 years old weight 1200 pounds; 1 bay horse weight 1250 pounds; 1 yearling mare colt ⅞ percheron; 1 span of mules, 8 years old; 12 choice milk cows; 7 yearlings; 5 heifers; 2 steers; 7 spring calves; 6 bull calves; 1 heifer calf; 1 short horn bull coming 2 years; 1 McCormick binder, 6 foot cut; one 22 shoe Van Brunt drill; 1 Defiance 14 inch gang plow with prairie breaker attachment; one Deering hay rake; one 3 section iron lever drag; one 3 section wooden drag; one 4 horse disc harrow; 2 hay racks; 2 pair bob sleighs; one wagon; one cutter; one single buggy; one bucking pole; one fanning mill; one De Laval cream separator; a quantity of Timothy hay in barn; one cook stove; one Radiant parlor heater; one folding bed; other household goods and articles too numerous to mention.

Free lunch at noon.

Terms: All sums under $10.00 cash. All sums over that amount good bankable paper due November 1, 1911, at 10 per cent interest. 5 per cent discount for cash on sums over $1.00. Property must be settled for before being removed. JOSEPH B. SANDE, Owner. Jos. Belair, Auctioneer. Geo. F. Hennings, Clerk.

Merchants' coupons cost you nothing extra and if you save them you can win a prize.

LAMBERT.

Miss Esther Wilson, the Bucktown teacher, went to Thief River Falls Friday night to visit with relatives and friends until Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. X. Boucher spent Saturday evening at the home of Jos. Bergeron.

Albert and Homer Bergeron went to Oklee Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Atoine Lambert left last Monday for Winnipeg for a month to visit with relatives and friends.

Laura Gibeau is working for Mrs. Armidas Lambert this week.

R. J. Bourman has moved Armidas Lambert's house near the main road and his men are now busy making the foundation.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

PERRAULT STATION.

(Intended for last week.)

There was quite a crowd from the Station at the auction sale at Michael Quesnelle's, Reports were that everything sold at a high price.

Mr. Guthier took a load of cheese to town last Wednesday,

A big prairie fire startd up after the Great Northern freight went through here last Tuesday night at eight o'clock. In an hour a crowd of about seventy-five people gathered to put it out. They put it out after it had burned a couple of stacks of hay. The fire was about a mile and a half from the Station.

Louis Parentean has started work on the half mile road south from here.

Are you receiving your share of merchants' coupons?

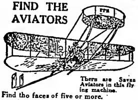
FREE

1st. Diamond Ring
2d. Diamond Brooch
3rd. Chest of Fine Silver, 50 Pieces
4th. Solid Gold Watch
5th. Solid Gold Chain
6th. Ladies' Silver Mesh Hand Bag
7th. Pearl Opera Glasses
8th. Gentlemen's Watch Fob
9th. Fountain Pen
10th. Scarf Pin

$450.00 money value Prizes will be divided Free to the most skillful constituents.

To be given away to the nearest correct artistic answers to the flying machine puzzle

FIND THE AVIATORS



There are Seven Aviators in this flying machine.

Find the faces of five or more.

These Prizes are given absolutely free to advertise our Factory, and to attract attention to our Money Saving Plan.

DIRECTIONS.—Outline each face on this or a separate piece of paper. To the neatest correct answers will be given the above presents in order named. Only one person in each family permitted to enter. All expert penmen barred.

Contest Closes October 25, 1910.

Send answers with self-addressed envelope plainly written, to

Segerstrom Piano Mfg. Co.
902 Nicollet Avenue
Makers of the Famous Segerstrom Pianos. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Put a cross mark (X) opposite the constitutional amendments you wish to vote for in the squares indicated by the arrow

STATE BALLOT.

Constitutional Amendments to be voted on by the people.

VOTE FOR SIX

FIRST.—Amendment to section sixteen (16) of article nine (9) of the constitution, establishing the road and bridge fund, and authorizing the legislature to levy an annual tax for the purpose of constructing and improving roads and bridges within this state. —YES ☐ —NO ☐

SECOND.—Proposing the repeal of section eleven (11), article nine (9), of the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, providing for the publication of an annual report of the state treasurer. —YES ☐ —NO ☐

THIRD.—Amendment to article nine (9) of the constitution of the State of Minnesota, authorizing the state auditor to levy an acreage tax on lands which, at the option of the owners thereof, may have been listed with the county auditor for protection against loss by hail and wind, or either, in this state, for the purpose of creating an insurance fund against damage to crops by hail storms on such listed lands and to provide for the manner of handling, and distributing said fund. —YES ☐ —NO ☐

FOURTH.—Amendment of section twenty-three (23) of article four (4) of the constitution relating to the enumeration of the inhabitants of the state and to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives. —YES ☐ —NO ☐

FIFTH.—Amendment to article nine (9) of the constitution of the State of Minnesota, providing a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar for reforestation. —YES ☐ —NO ☐

SIXTH.—Amendment of article nine (9) of the constitution relating to exemption of certain lands from taxation to encourage to encourage reforestation. —YES ☐ —NO ☐

BROOKS.

Miss Rose Bourgois and Joe Corbeil went to Lambert Sunday.

Miss Mary Bourgois and Napoleon Cyr attended mass at Lambert Sunday.

It is feared that Joe Bourgoie may have lost his life at Baudette.

Narcisse Robideau and son Peter were attending to business matters at Red Lake Falls Monday.

Thomas Leroux sold his hotel and intends to move to Washington.

Proposals Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, up to the opening hour of the session of said board, October 21st, 1910, 10:00 o'clock a. m., for the furnishing and installing of the electric light fixtures for the Red Lake county court house, Red Lake Falls, Minn., in accordance with the plans showing outlets as prepared by architect F. D. Orff on file in the county auditor's office.

Bidders will be required to submit designs for the best fixtures they can furnish installed at a price not exceeding $1500.

A certified check of $100 must accompany each bid payable to the order of the county auditor. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to invite open bids.

By order of the Board.
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor.
(County Auditor's Seal) 13-20

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his is the label.

Here is where you find it.

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YOU always find the Clothcraft label inside the Coat Collar, as shown above, and the makers' signed guaranty in the right inside coat pocket.

This Guaranty, which we also give you on our own responsibility, insures you pure all-wool clothes—the Clothcraft non-breakable coat front, first-class trimmings and workmanship, and the longest wearing quality.

Think of it! An absolutely pure all-wool suit—styles designed by fashion authorities who keep the keynote of good taste throughout—shape that lasts the life of the clothes—at $10 to $25.

You could search the town over and not find anything else approaching such an offering. Why do it when your Clothcraft suit is waiting for you here with the guaranty?

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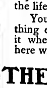
The Reliable Clothier



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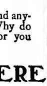

14

The Shoe Which Stands the Test

If you have a business deal with a man, you do not rely on his appearance or his manner alone. Thieves often look as well and talk as fair as trustworthy men. What you need to know is his reputation. If that is good, either from your experience with him or from what others tell you, you feel safe.

It is even more so with shoes. A poor shoe does not disclose its weakness at a glance. It may be made of paper but look better than if made of leather. You cannot tell until you have worn it. And then it is too late.

The only safe course is to buy a shoe with a reputation. Our shoes have been made in St. Paul since 1855—for more than half a century. Their name stands for honesty and square dealings with merchants and wearers.

Number 7354.
A Man's Velour Calf Button Shoe.

Insist that your dealer sell you

The Gotzian Shoe

"FITS LIKE YOUR FOOTPRINT"

Matt Skala, Red Lake Falls

MAKE YOUR SHIPMENTS

to a responsible house of long experience and all the chances are in your favor. There is nothing gained or saved by shipping to a house because their solicitor is a good story teller. The commission will be the same.

Of course you want your grain handled by careful men.

THE VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON CO.

MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH WINNIPEG KANSAS CITY

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., [illegible] Brou[illegible], Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors always welcome.—Wm. Fendelsen N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mitzen, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S., H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets eve y Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Norman, Recording Secretary.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address

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Department 29 16 South 5th St., Minneapolis.

RAILROAD LEARN TELEGRAPHY. Learn telegraphy and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying position. [illegible] Easy to learn. [illegible] POSITIONS SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition [illegible]

THOMPSON'S EXPERT RAILWAY COLLEGE, Minneapolis, Minn.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

The joy ride is generally its own Nemesis.

Diamonds are one thing that increase in value after decreasing in size.

Last winter was a very severe one, but we bear no grudge against it now.

Laughing may make people fat, but that is not what most people care to [illegible]

In its modest, unobtrusive way the cricket is advising you to lay in your winter coal.

Tobacco crop short and revolutions in Cuba again. There ain't going to be [illegible]

Will Thomas A. Edison please invent a machine to keep ice from melting [illegible]

[illegible] predict that this was to be a [illegible] summer are around men [illegible]

When New York gets to selling bread by weight, maybe the young [illegible] will make a fortune.

[illegible] had her eyes insured for [illegible] New York chorus girl is pre[illegible] all comers.

[illegible] so tired that after [illegible] you dreaded to [illegible] again to complete the [illegible]

Another $200,000 diamond has been found in South Africa. All they have to do there is to pick up the wealth.

If your socks, your tie and your [illegible] match in color you can still elude the critical by going swimming.

Bread is to be sold in New York by weight. Then the inconsistent customers will complain if it is light and [illegible]

Now that an aeroplane has been struck by lightning we discover that wind isn't the only thing the aviators have to combat.

A homing pigeon has just flown 1,000 miles in about five days. That will keep the flying machine busy for some time to come.

A Chicago professor says that skunks are good to eat, but until we see the meat trust try to corner them we'll refuse to believe it.

Those billions of bacteria reported found in frozen eggs are not so impressive since we dallied with the figures about Halley's comet.

London reports the presence of 130,000 foreign waiters. Class in mental arithmetic, how much does this amount to, at one average tip apiece?

No man can sleep soundly after giving away a million dollars, says a New York preacher. Let's all get together and disprove this statement.

A New York couple got married the other day because, they said, they both loved the same bull pup. The silly reason is showing results all right.

New York druggist thinks rattlesnake poison is a cure for consumption. Consumption is also a cure for rattlesnake poison. But who gets the first bite?

American tourists are reported to be the most eager patrons of dirigible balloons in Europe. Their experiences with the tip custom in their travels seems to make them careless of life.

The only doubt to be thrown on the story of those quadrillions of microbes in frozen eggs is that it is almost beyond belief that any self-respecting microbe would relish that sort of food.

The man for whom the law should provide a particularly severe penalty when caught is the chauffeur who strikes a person down and then runs away from his victim.

We have got to have a copy of that new department of agriculture bulletin on "The Life History and Control of the Hop Flea-Beetle," even if the government does charge 10 cents for it.

A New York man shook pepper into his soup and then was seized with a fit of sneezing that killed him. Now the question is, did the restaurant-keeper make his heirs pay for the soup?

The alfalfa cure for snake bite is viewed with infidelity, but the snake bite cure for tuberculosis is vouched for in a recent case. Cautious people will prefer to have neither ailment and use neither remedy.

Lady Dockrell has been instructing the young women of England that husbands must be healthy. Undoubtedly it is annoying to have a modern home cluttered up with an invalid husband. Husbands should agree to the reform with a corresponding stipulation on the part of the wives.

"Every time we buy a new suit the coat is too short and the vest too long," complains the Atchison Globe. The obvious thing for the editor of the Atchison Globe to do is to cut off the tails of the coat and use the cloth to lengthen out the vest.

That daring navigator who had sailed 40,000 miles of ocean in a yawl has not been heard from for two years after starting for the West Indies in his open boat. The fate of the pitcher that goes once too often to the well is proverbial.

Hunting a Live "Prehistoric Monster"

ENORMOUS FOOT OF "GAZEKA" RECONSTRUCTED FROM RECENT TRACKS

THE GIGANTIC SKULL OF THE DIPROTODON IN COMPARISON WITH A MAN'S SKULL

ONE of the most remarkable scientific discoveries ever made has just been reported by an expedition of British scientists.

In the wilds of New Guinea, the great unexplored island just north of Australia, these scientists have run across a marvelous race of pigmies whose average height is about four feet three inches, and a monster mammal, considerably larger than an elephant, which they have named the gazeka, and which has seemingly wrought great havoc amongst the pigmies.

Just what species the gazeka belongs to has not yet been determined, but in the description given by the explorers, Dr. W. D. Matthew, of the American Museum of Natural History, sees a strong resemblance to a prehistoric monster known as the diprodont, fossil remains of which have been found at different times throughout Australia.

The expedition was sent out by a committee appointed by the British Ornithologist's union to explore the great Snow mountains in Dutch New Guinea, and consists of several famous scientists, headed by Walter Goodfellow, the naturalist.

The expedition landed at the mouth of the Mimika river, on the south coast of Dutch New Guinea, in the early part of the year, and at once pushed into the interior. While ascending the Snow mountains, at an elevation of about 2,000 feet, the explorers came upon the tribe of pigmies, which are said to belong to that division of the human race known as the Negritos.

The importance of this discovery to anthropologists can hardly be overestimated, because it has always been a subject of controversy among the scientists as to whether Negritos existed in the Papuan islands.

The New Guinea savages, or Papuans, as they are called, are comparatively well known, but they are a very different kind of men to the pigmies just discovered. The typical Papuan is much taller than the average European, often attaining a height of seven feet, and is strongly built. The color of the skin varies from deep chocolate to nearly black. The nose is large and prominent, and a nose bar of shell, bone or wood is usually thrust through it. Both men and women go about entirely naked. Their houses are generally built on piles, and, as in Borneo, are often communal and of very large size, many families occupying one building, which may be as much as 700 feet long. Then there are remarkable houses built in trees and known as "dobbos," but these are used only to escape their enemies. Cannibalism prevails among the Papuans, although it is by no means universal.

The Negritos, on the other hand, which heretofore have been thought to occupy only the Andaman islands, in the Bay of Bengal, the northern portion of the Malay peninsula and the Philippine islands, are characteristically short, no adult standing over four feet six inches, while the women rarely exceed four feet. The average height is about four feet three inches.

The main features of this peculiar human type, apart from their diminutiveness, are the extraordinarily dark color of their skin, which approaches the color of a newly blackleaded stove, the extremely broad nose, the breadth of which is about equal to the height, and the frizzy hair, which grows in isolated peppercorn tufts all over the scalp. Their arms are unusually long, like those of the man-ape, and their mental qualities are sadly undeveloped, not one of them being able to express a higher numerical idea than three.

How these little people have been able to protect themselves against the many dangerous animals that infest the section, particularly the gigantic gazeka, which has just been discovered, is still a mystery, although they have shown remarkable ingenuity in the invention of weapons. One, for instance, is a variety of "spring gun" which might prove effective against almost any living enemy. It is made by setting a flattened bamboo spear attached to a bent sapling which is fastened to a trigger in such a way that it is released by the passerby stumbling against an invisible string stretched across the track. The spears are poisoned, either with the famous "upas" or some other similar vegetable poison, and a wound from one of them means almost instant death.

Whether such primitive defensive methods avail them against the huge gazeka is not known, but the chances are that they find safety in retreat.

According to the official reports, the gazeka is of gigantic size and fearsome aspect. It is black and white striped, has the nose of a tapir and "a face like the devil." Among the English inhabitants of the island, the animal is known as Monckton's gazeka, in honor of Mr. C. A. W. Monckton, a former explorer in New Guinea, who first reported its presence in the mountains.

Mr. Monckton, during his ascent of Mount Albert Edward, in the west of British New Guinea, discovered the huge footprints and other indications of the very recent presence of some tremendous monster that had evidently been prowling on the grassy plains surrounding the lakes on the summit at an elevation of about 12,500 feet. He followed the trail all day, and came upon the monster at dusk, just as it was devastating a settlement of the pigmies. The little natives were screaming and running for their lives, although they turned every now and again to aim their poisoned arrows at the brute.

Monckton let fire as soon as he was able to get in a proper position, and the huge gazeka at once turned upon him. As it reared upon its hind legs and pawed the air it looked to the hunter as big as a house, standing fully 25 feet high. Two of Monckton's bullets seemed to take effect, as a stream of blood flowed freely from the animal's shoulder, but before Monckton was able to reload the animal turned and fled. By that time it was too dark to follow him, and Monckton never had another opportunity to renew his pursuit.

None of the inhabitants was brave enough to repeat Monckton's attempt to capture the brute, and until the British expedition reached New Guinea he has prowled around with impunity, occasionally descending upon the rudimentary huts of the pigmies and destroying those who failed to fly in time.

The British explorers were aware of Monckton's experience, and in fact, it is believed that one of the principal objects of the expedition was to secure a specimen of the strange monster. It has long been known that there were many mammals in New Guinea still to be discovered, but just what they expected to find the scientists themselves could not tell.

New Guinea lies to the east of what is known as Wallace's line, an imaginary line defined by A. R. Wallace, on one side of which only placenta animals are found, while on the other only marsupials exist. No tapirs or rhinoceroses exist to the east of Wallace's line, which includes Australia and New Guinea, but about the period when the mastodon and the mammoth flourished in America a huge marsupial known as the diprodont is known to have existed in Australia. Fossil remains recently discovered leave no doubt as to its gigantic size, and, although there is, of course, no means of ascertaining its appearance in life, as it has been extinct for several thousands of years, the gazeka appears to bear a marked resemblance in form to this ancient monster.

That a few diprodonts could have survived to this day despite the extinction of the main part of the type, is not considered unlikely by the scientists, who point out that nature does not usually blot out a whole class of animals suddenly, but that, on the contrary, it is sometimes thousands of years before the last individual member of the type succumbs to the conditions which destroyed his fellows.

The British explorers are enduring many hardships in their scientific expedition. In New Guinea the temperature is never less than 114 degrees in the shade, and water is not always accessible. But if these ardent explorers really capture a living diprodont they will consider their labors well rewarded.

ONCE HOME OF FAMOUS SCHOOL

Ascending the hill slope of Indian Queen lane, one passes over a winding roadway through what was once a thickly wooded grove overlooking the Ridge road and the Schuylkill river, a quaint cluster of three houses now joined as one homestead. A tablet swings from the arch in one of its ancient doorways, stating that this was the home of Dr. Smith, the first provost of the college—afterward the University of Pennsylvania.

Although the structure known in these days as Dr. Smith's home now has the appearance of being one large building, it comprises what was originally three distinct houses, with quaint spring houses and outbuildings, the Philadelphia Inquirer says. The old records show that Dr. Smith built these three clusters of strange buildings on the hill nearly opposite the Old Falls tavern, among which was the octagon building and the vault in which his remains and others of his family were deposited immediately on the brow of the hill. The old "octagon building," which created much comment when first built because of its unusual construction, was called "Smith's Folly" in the early days, but its many-windowed recesses were the special delight of the celebrated university provost.

The residents of the Falls of Schuylkill find peculiar satisfaction today in the preservation of this old landmark because of its important association with the early education of this section. Not only was it the home of Dr. Smith, and made famous for its connection with the beginnings of the University of Pennsylvania, but because from this historic building there was introduced the famous Pestalozzi system of education which made its influence felt throughout the country.

Early historians state that it was about the year 1809 that there came to the falls a very singular character, Joseph Neef, a pupil of the celebrated Pestalozzi of Switzerland. He was induced to come to this country for the purpose of establishing Pestalozzi's system of education by William McClure, the philosopher, who endowed the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. Mr. Neef's school occupied the Smith property for many years; the octagon and connecting building were occupied as the schoolhouse and the adjoining buildings were used as dwellings. The school soon became large and flourishing, boys coming from all parts of the country to attend.

There are still among the residents of the Falls of Schuylkill those whose fathers or grandfathers attended the famous Neef school, and they delight in relating the stories handed down to them of the methods of study in the fine old groves surrounding the school building.

A Very Palpable Hit.

The Lady Golfer—Excuse me, sir, but have you seen my ball anywhere?

The Unfortunate Man—No, madam; but I can show you the exact spot on which it fell.—The Sketch.

Plan to Beat High Prices

A commercial traveler who lives in Indianapolis has a plan for beating the high price for food charges in the city markets. He brings in each week from the country, where prices are low, such produce and meat as he can carry, thereby saving much money, says the Saturday Evening Post. Not long ago he was in Morgantown and asked for the best meat shop. He went as directed, but did not find the cut of meat he wanted. So he asked the butcher if there wasn't another meat market in town, and, if so, what kind of a market it was. "Well," said the butcher, leaning on his hook, "I always argue if you can't say something good about a fellow you better keep your mouth shut, and besides, I wouldn't say nothin' about a competitor, nohow. If he's got any fresh beef that just come in you're safe in buyin'; but he's got one trouble and oughtn't to be selling meat—he's not a good smeller."

A Jinriksha With One Wheel.

According to Consul General James T. Du Bois of Singapore, a one-wheeled jinriksha, on the monocycle principle, is being introduced among the Chinese of the Malay states. It is said to be safe and to have many advantages over the old-fashioned vehicle. There is no jarring drag in rounding corners, the wear and tear is reduced to a minimum, the work on the pullers greatly reduced, and a 20 per cent. increased speed obtained. It is reported that a company is forming at Penang for the furtherance of this jinriksha trade with China.

Troubled.

"It isn't what I don't know that troubles me," said the home-grown philosopher.

"Then what is it?" we asked.

"It's what I know that I don't know," he replied.

THE AMERICAN HOME
Wm. A. RADFORD EDITOR

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 194 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

It is one of the healthful signs of present day building that the interior arrangement of a house is given more attention and is considered more important than is its exterior appearance. Home builders have outgrown that period when matters of design were regulated by what the neighbors would think.

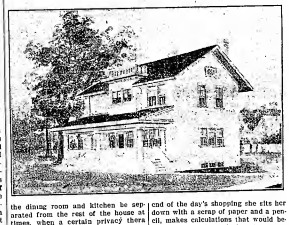
A generation ago every house had to have its front and back parlor; the former preferably garnished with a round tower bay window arrangement on the corner and the exterior elaborately supplied with fancy ornaments, if the building was to command any distinction at all in the community; and all of this was to the general detriment of the home interior.

A modern house, on the other hand, is designed to meet the needs of the family life, providing rooms that are well lighted, well ventilated, of proper size and so arranged that the work of house keeping may be reduced to its lowest terms.

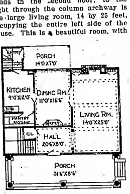
The architect draws his floor plans and lets the exterior appearance largely take care of itself. Yet, in spite of this, the modern houses planned in this way are more attractive in their general exterior appearance than were the pretentious, over-ornamented dwellings of old.

Simplicity and directness are the two first requirements for successful design—elements which come strongly into play in this present-day idea of home planning.

In the accompanying design the most important consideration was to have the first floor so planned that an impression of spaciousness be gained upon entering the front door; at the same time it was desired that the dining room and kitchen be separated from the rest of the house at times, when a certain privacy there is desired. This is a very frequent requirement; yet, it is surprising how often our houses as they are built fulfil but part of this requirement.



A glance at the first-floor plan will show an arrangement which accomplishes the purpose very successfully in this case. Entrance is had at the center in front into a spacious square hall; to the left the stairway ascends to the second floor; to the right through the column archway is the large living room, 14 by 25 feet, occupying the entire left side of the house. This is a beautiful room, with beamed ceiling and having a large brick fireplace at the further end. The dining room is in the center at the rear, directly back of the entrance hall. This room is reached by way of a broad doorway from the side of the living room, double doors separating the two when desired.

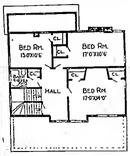


First Floor Plan.

Both the living room and dining room are exceptionally well lighted, the three window groups being both attractive in appearance and efficient for lighting and ventilation. It is seldom that one finds so good an arrangement as this in a house of square outline, which, of course, is the most economical to build. It is usually necessary, in order to secure the desirable features mentioned, to arrange part of the room in an ell or otherwise complicate the design.

The arrangement of the kitchen and pantry will be seen to be very convenient for the preparation of meals.

On the second floor three large bedrooms and a bathroom are provided. Each room has cross ventilation. There are five clothes closets; also a nice space for a sewing room in the well-lighted upper hall. The exterior of this house is very simple, yet it is highly attractive. It is a modern adaptation of the Dutch colonial style. Cement plaster on metal lath is employed for the walls. A number of attractive color schemes are feasible for its use; cream color for the cement plaster and brown for the wood trim around the doors and windows being perhaps as good as any. The roof is of slate.



Second Floor Plan.

The cost of this house is estimated at $4,000.

FUSSY ABOUT THE CHANGE

Man, Unlike Woman, Does Not Like the Way It Usually Is Given to Him.

To be sure, the change we receive in these days of the high cost of most things does not burden our minds or our pockets overmuch, yet we should like to receive the little that is coming to us in a more orderly arrangement than is customary in the smaller business transactions of daily life, says the New York Tribune. Usually our change is shot back in a little metal box via a miniature overhead railroad.

The clerk pulls the crumpled wad hastily apart to verify the amount, and stuffs it into our hand. That is the system.

If the customer be a woman, well and good, for she stuffs the ball into her bag or pocketbook in very much the same way, and departs. At the end of the day's shopping she sits her down with a scrap of paper and a pencil, makes calculations that would bewilder a mathematical astronomer, talking to herself the while, pulls the wads apart, counts the bills, then, her account made up, stuffs them back again in very much the same disorderly condition.

But with man it is different. He is methodical, fussy even, about the money he carries around with him. He carries his bills neatly folded, usually once lengthwise and once across. He has a finicky way of arranging them face upward, with the denominant in the upper right hand corner, and he keeps the bills of the same denomination together. The cashier in the wire cage of the retail business is not so particular. She—it usually is a she—can handle money upside down and face downward without discomfort or confusion. She apparently puts it away as it happens to come out of the carrier; she certainly takes no cognizance of these male peculiarities in the way in which she makes change. So bewildered man halts in the aisle, intent on bringing order from chaos, blocks up the passage, and is jostled. We know that the bulk of the retail trade of the country is carried on by women with women, who understand each other even in this, but has mere man no rights in the matter? Since society is so busy reforming everything it happens to think of, can it not start a movement for the orderly arrangement of our change?

Preserving Time.

All of the members of the family are being pressed into service to help make preserves. No matter how many servants are employed in a household, the preserves that mother makes always takes the prize and are the most delicious which can be manufactured.

The preserve season has its drawbacks, but it is refreshing to think that during the cold days of next winter (cold days, what a pleasant thought) the family will be amply repaid for its trouble. The debutante could not go to a party if any one would give one, they are so busy stoning cherries and assorting raspberries, currants, etc. It is not a job of which they are particularly fond, but it's a case of everybody lending his assistance, and of helping the good cause.

Cooks are grand institutions and are fine to have about, but once a year mother puts on her biggest apron or borrows one, rolls up her sleeves, is "not at home to anyone," goes into the kitchen and remains until rows of glasses of jelly and jars of fruit are placed on the shelves for future use.—Denver News.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
October 7th, 1910.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, the 7th day of October, 1910 at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the Board proceed to open bids for the cement work on the court house grounds.

Motion carried.

Moved and seconded and carried unanimously that the board take a recess until 2:00 o'clock p. m.

Motion carried.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 2:00 o'clock p. m. All members present.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bid of Hussey and Goodiker for the cement work at the court house grounds be accepted.

Upon roll call the following commissioners voted aye, Pigeon, Demann and Lindquist and the following commissioners voted nay, Johnson and Aubol not voting.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Johnson, seconded by Commissioner Demann that county ditches Nos. 36, 37, 44 and 46 be accepted.

Motion carried unanimously.

It is ordered that the $150.00 appropriated from the county revenue fund to aid in the Industrial Contest between the school pupils of Red Lake county be turned over to the county superintendent of schools.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was directed and instructed to advertise for bids for the furnishing and installing of the electric light fixtures for the county court house in accordance with the plans of the architect showing outlets, bids to be opened and contracts awarded at the meeting of the board on the 21st inst at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Motion made by Commissioner Aubol, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson and carried unanimously that the county auditor be instructed to advertise for bids on bonds covering all unbonded county ditches.

Moved by Commissioner Johnson duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol that the bill of John Drier for watching court house property of $72.00 be allowed at $63.00. Motion carried.

Commissioner Demann offered the following preamble and resolutions, and moved their adoption:

Whereas, in pursuance of and in full compliance with the general laws of the State of Minnesota applicable thereto, such steps have been duly and legally taken that those certain public drainage Ditches known as county Ditch No. 31, No. 33, No. 35. No. 36, No. 37, and No. 46 have been duly located and established wholly within this county of Red Lake in the State of Minnesota, and it has been definitely ascertained and determined in accordance with the provisions of the law applicable thereto, that the expense incurred and to be incurred in locating, establishing and constructing said ditches respectively within said county of Red Lake exceeds the following sums and amounts, to-wit: In the case of County Ditch No. 31, $8,000; of said Ditch No. 33, $6,000 said Ditch No. 35 $10,000; said Ditch No. 36 $21,000; said Ditch No. 37 $7,500; said Ditch No. 46 $5,000 and this County Board has heretofore duly determined to issue bonds of this county of Red Lake for the purpose of paying the expense aforesaid for each of said ditches in said amounts respectively;

Now, Therefore, be it Resolved, by the County Board of the County of Red Lake, that the sum of Fifty-seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($57,500) is necessary to defray the expenses incurred and to be incurred in locating, constructing and establishing said County Ditches within and for said county.

Resolved Further, that the negotiable coupon bonds of this county of Red Lake to be issued for said purposes in the aggregate amount of Fifty-seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($57,500), said bonds to be sixty-three (63) in number, numbered from 1 to 63 both inclusive, bonds numbered from 53 to 63 to be of the denomination of $500 each and all other bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000 each; all of said bonds to bear date October 1st, 1910 and bonds numbered from 1 to 53 inclusive to be due and payable October 1, 1920, and bonds numbered 54 and 55 October 1st, 1915, bonds numbered 56 and 57 October 1st, 1920; bonds numbered 58, 59 and 60 October 1st, 1925; bonds numbered 61, 62 and 63 October 1st, 1930, all bearing interest at the rate of five and one half (5½) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of April and October in each year, both principal and interest payable at the office of the Minnesota Loan and Trust company, in the city of Minneapolis, Minnesota; said bonds so to be issued for the said County Drainage Ditches as follows:

For County Ditch No. 31, bonds Nos. 1 to 8 inclusive, aggregating $8,000.

For County Ditch No. 33, bonds Nos. 6 to 14 inclusive, aggregating $6,000.

For County Ditch No. 35, bonds Nos. 15 to 24 inclusive, aggregating $10,000.

For County Ditch No. 36, bonds Nos. 25 to 45 inclusive, aggregating $21,000.

For County Ditch No. 37, bonds Nos. 46 to 53 inclusive, aggregating $7,500.

For County Ditch No 46, bonds Nos. 54 to 63 inclusive, aggregating $5,000.

Resolved further, that said bonds and coupons attached thereto shall be substantially in the following form with the necessary variations as to numbers, denominations and maturities thereof.

(Form of Bond.)

No..... $........

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
STATE OF MINNESOTA
COUNTY OF RED LAKE.
COUNTY DRAINAGE DITCH BOND.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That Red Lake county, in the State of Minnesota, acknowledges itself indebted and for value received, promises to pay to the bearer the sum of........DOLLARS, lawful money of the United States of America, on the first day of Oct. 19..., at the office of the Minnesota Loan and Trust company, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of five and one half per cent (5½) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of April and October of each year, at the same place, upon the presentation and surrender of the annexed coupons as they severally become due.

This bond is issued by the County Board of the County of Red Lake, in the state of Minnesota for the purpose of defraying, and is for an amount necessary to defray in part the expense incurred in locating, constructing and establishing a county drainage ditch wholly within said County, and is issued by authority of and in strict accordance with the provisions of Chapter 230 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota, for the year 1905 as amended by Chapter 469 of the General Laws of said State for the year 1909.

IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED AND RECITED that all acts, conditions and things required by the laws and constitution of the State of Minnesota, to be done precedent to and in the issuance of this bond, have been properly done, have happened and been performed in regular and due form and time as required by law; that the ditch on account of which this bond is issued is a public ditch duly and legally located and established for the promotion of the health, convenience and general welfare of the public, and that the total indebtedness of said county, including this bond, does not exceed any statutory or constitutional limitation.

THE FAITH, CREDIT AND RESOURCES of the County of Red Lake are hereby irrevocably pledged for the punctual payment of the principal and interest of this bond at maturity.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, by its County Board, has caused this bond to be signed, sealed and recorded by its County Auditor, this 1st day of October, 1910.

....
County Auditor.
Red Lake County,
Minnesota.

(Form of Coupon.)

No.... $........

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

On the first day of........,19... ,the County of Red Lake, Minnesota, will pay to the bearer the sum of.......... Dollars, at the office of the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, Minneapolis, Minnesota, for the semi-annual instalment of interest on its County Drainage Ditch Bond, dated October 1st, 1910, No......

....
County Auditor.
Red Lake County, Minn.

Be it further Resolved that each of said bonds and each of the coupons thereto attached shall be signed by the County Auditor, and each of said bonds shall be sealed by the County Auditor, who shall record the same; that the signature of said County Auditor upon the coupons may be their fac-simile signatures lithographed or engraved, and when so executed and recorded, the same shall be delivered to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, the purchaser thereof, upon its paying into the county treasury the amount of its bid therefor, which is not less than par.

Be it Further Resolved that the full faith, credit and resources of said Red Lake county and its County Board, be and the same are hereby pledged to provide money for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds when and as the same become due.

Be it Further Resolved that any and all resolutions of this County Board in relation to said bonds or any thereof in any way in conflict with the terms of these resolutions, be and the same are hereby changed, amended and modified in accordance with the terms hereof and any provisions therefor in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Pigeon, one of the members of said Board, seconded the motion to adopt said preamble and resolutions, whereupon the following vote was taken and recorded:

Those voting in the affirmative: Commissioners Joseph Johnson, Wm. C. L. Demann, C. A. Lindquist chair., Joseph Pigeon, Ed Aubol.

Those voting in the negative: None.

Whereupon, said preamble and resolutions were duly declared and adopted.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that James Brady be instructed to lay the joists in three rooms of the basement in concrete. Motion carried.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that James Brady be directed and instructed to finish the room in the northwestern corner of the basement of the county court house building.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Lindquist, Demann and Pigeon and the following Commissioners voted nay: Johnson and Aubol.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Miller-Davis Printing Co., Supplies for county offices	$ 9.70
Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for county offices	1.80
Miller-Davis Printing Co., Supplies for county offices	12.15
Free Press Printing Co., supplies for county offices	5.80
Security B. B. & Ptg. Co., supplies for county offices	5.90
Ida Swanson, 1 roll top desk, probate office	25.00
Joseph Prudhomme, supplies for county offices	8.00
John Drier, services as watchman, court house	63.00
C. A. Lindquist, mileage member court house com.	18.00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage member court house com.	12.80
Wm. C. L. Demann. mileage member court house com.	5.60
James Brady, labor and material connecting down spouts with sewer, court house	306.73
C. A. Lindquist, mileage attending meet. unorg. sch. dist.	3.60
H. F. Anderson, Postage per vouchers	6.00
H. F. Anderson, exps as Co. Supt.	22.37
Robertson Lbr. Co. material furnished for bridge on county ditch no. 2	24.95
Ed. A. Aubol, witness fees Lindquist & Latendresse matter	6.60
Frank Jeffers, Recording and indexing Lien Ditch No. 31	18.40
First State Bank, rent Register's office 4-1 to 10-1, 1910	90.00
First State Bank, rent Probate office 4-1 to 10-1, 1910	60.00
Wm. Mc Intosh, labor on court house grounds	21.50
George Moquin, labor on court house grounds	13.00
Joseph Gray, labor on court house grounds	10.00
Ray Linnehan, labor on court house grounds	40.60
W. Guerin, labor on court house grounds	6.00
Firmin Boyer, labor on court house grounds	8.00
Wm. Beausoliel, labor on court house grounds	78.70
Fred Burgdorf, labor on court house grounds	21.00
Francois Lambert, labor on court house grounds	28.00
C. Guerin, labor on court house grounds.	14.00
Z. Bregier, labor on court house grounds	20.00
Phillip Goyette, labor on court house grounds	23.50
Pat Normandeau, labor on court house grounds	5.00
Adelard Bisson, labor on court house grounds	8.50
Nick Mattson, labor on court house grounds	43.60
Ed. Bedord, labor on court house grounds	34.70
Exerie Chatel, labor on court house grounds	33.00
George Moquin, labor on court house grounds	10.00
Eus Normandin, repair of tools for use on court house grounds	6.05
Carrying Primary Election Ballots	
Julius Olson	1.00
Ole O. Strande	1.73
Olaf Tande	1.40
R. H. Green	2.14
Oluf O. Omlid	1.88
A. C. Rasmussen	1.46
Louis Lonson	1.46
Olaf Wahlberg	2.10
P. S. Medchill	1.73
C. P. Brothy	1.54
Swan E. Walhaug	1.82
Nels K. Anderson	3.00
G. J. Nordhagen	1.40
Ellef Graville	2.10
John Marlean	1.20
Alcide Perusse	3.20
George Walker	2.20
Frank Grenier	1.20
R. J. McKercher	1.20
Felix Anderson	3.20
A. Dieager	3.00
Arthur Hall	1.20
Torjus Hemmestvedt, jr.	1.50
C. N. Urdahl	2.20
J. P. Harren	1.20
John J. Stenvick	1.00
A. J. Hemstad	1.60
O. Tessum	1.20
Ernest J. Akerlund	1.00
Geo. M. Gunderson	2.20
Lars G. Nolteland	1.20
C. N. Urdahl	2.20
Chas. Svenagaard	2.20
Henry Rondorf	1.40
Alex Patnode	2.00
John O. Swanson	3.01
Martin J. Berg	2.05
Frank Mouseley	1.44
Christ Thompson	2.64
Frank Lundeen	1.99
Stephen Singer, per diem and mileage member Canvassing Board	16.60
Charles Gustafson, per diem and mileage member canvassing board	12.20
Samuel Gibean, per diem and mileage member canvassing board	9.20
Lars Backe, per diem and mileage member canvassing board	13.00
C. H. Martz, engineer per diem ditch no. 24	5.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 31	5.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 36	10.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 38	10.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 39	15.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 43	5.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 44	15.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 47	5.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 48	10.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 49	5.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 53	5.00
" " engineer per diem ditch no. 56	15.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 24	6.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 31	6.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 36	12.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 38	7.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 39	8.30
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 43	6.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 44	13.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 47	6.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 48	7.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 49	6.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 53	6.00
" " engineer exp. ditch no. 56	3.00
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting Ditches Nos. 36, 37, 44 & 46	30.50
Joseph Johnson, per diem and mileage inspecting ditches Nos. 36. 37. 44 & 46	27.60
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditches Nos. 36, 37 44 & 46	30.60
G. K. Haavi, final hearing viewer and exp. ditch no. 47	9.00
Joseph Belair, final hearing viewer and exp. ditch no. 54	4.00
Dan Latendresse, final hearing viewer and exps. ditch no. 54	4.00
G. K. Haavi, final hearing viewer and exp. ditch no. 54	4.00
G. K. Haavi, services as viewer and exp. ditch no. 56	21.21
Dan Latendresse, services as viewer and exps. ditch no. 56	20.72
Alfred Lindquist, services as viewer and exps. ditch no. 56	25.14
Northern Culvert Co., Culverts for ditch no. 39	228.97
Northern Culvert Co., Culverts for ditch no. 45	186.10
Northern Culvert Co., Culverts for ditch no. 31	35.00
Northern Culvert Co., Culverts for ditch no. 46	286.75
C. A. Lindquist, mileage attending spec. meet Board 10-7	3.60
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage attending spec meet Board 10-7	1.40
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage attending spec. meet Board 10-7	3.00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage attending spec. meet Board 10-7	3.20
Joseph Johnson, mileage attending spec. meet Board 10-7	4.00

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners.
Red Lake Co., Minn.

Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Sample Ballot

Put a cross-mark (X) opposite the name of each candidate you wish to vote for in the square indicated by the arrow	↓	

COUNTY BALLOT

Judge of District Court—ANDREW GRINDELAND—Republican		Vote for Two
Judge of District Court—WILLIAM WATTS—Republican		
Judge of District Court—		
Judge of District Court—		
Member of Congress—HALVOR STEENERSON—Republican		Vote for One
Member of Congress—DAVID SANDERS—Public Ownership		
Member of Congress—		
Senator—A. L. HANSON—Republican		Vote for One
Senator—EARL GEIL—Public Ownership		
Senator—		
Representative—D. P. O'NEILL—Republican		Vote for One
Representative—J. H. GRANT—Public Ownership		
Representative—C. G. FORREST—Prohibition		
Representative—		
County Auditor—A. A. LATENDRESSE—Republican		Vote for one
County Auditor—		
County Treasurer—GUSTAV G. KINDSETH—Republican		Vote for one
County Treasurer—		
Register of Deeds—FRANK JEFFERS—Democrat		Vote for one
Register of Deeds—		
Sheriff—CHARLES J. FELLMAN—Republican		Vote for one
Sheriff—		
Judge of Probate Court—IRA C. RICHARDSON—Republican		Vote for one
Judge of Probate Court—		
County Attorney—CHAS E. BOUGHTON—Democrat		Vote for one
County Attorney—		
Clerk of District Court—C. W. JOHNSON—Republican		Vote for one
Clerk of District Court—		
County Superintendent of Schools } HERMAN F. ANDERSON—Republican		Vote for one
County Superintendent of Schools }		
Coroner—JOSEPH BELAIR—Republican		Vote for one
Coroner—		
Surveyor—C. H. MARTZ—Republican		Vote for one
Surveyor—		
Court Commissioner—SIMON PAUL—Republican		Vote for one
Court Commissioner—		
County Commissioner, 1st Dist.—GUST. NAPLIN—Republican		Vote for One
County Commissioner, 1st Dist.—HERMAN SCHULTZ—Democrat		
County Commissioner, 1st Dist.—		
County Commissioner, 3rd Dist.—ED. A. AUBOL—Republican		Vote for one
County Commissioner, 3rd Dist.—		
County Commissioner, 5th Dist.—JOSEPH PIGEON—Republican		Vote for one
County Commissioner, 5th Dist.—		
For a New County { YES		Vote Yes or No
NO		

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Bratland and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 51.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 51 beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between section thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154) range thirty-nine (39) and sections four (4) and five (5), township one hundred fifty-three (153), range thirty-nine (39) running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: extending thence due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the south line of sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south-west corner of section thirty-one (31), township one hundred fifty-four (15), range thirty-nine (39), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line on the south line of sections thirty-six (36), thirty-five (35), thirty-four (34), thirty-three (33] and section thirty-two (32) township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty (40), to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south west corner of section thirty-two (32) in said town and range where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Branch No. One (1) of County Ditch No. Thirty-nine (39) of Red Lake county Minnesota.

The said ditch located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40) as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: Svend Erwick, Anton Srnsky, Peter Lovly. George Wagner, Marin Linder, Frank J. Madden, Andrew C. Douglas, Math Barzen, Albert Arntz, Hans H. Hanson, Christian L. Hanson, John D. Vaughan, Sarah E. Vaughan, Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson, Alois Srnsky, Albert Trnka, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fort, Aslak Salverson, Ole T. Bratland, Joseph Vorlicky. John Peliet, Gustav A. Bakkim, Anton Myrum. Fredorick M. Spillum, Otto C. Benz, John O. Bronsdahl, Reier O. Bratten, Gilbert C. Gulrud, Julin Tyndall, Ole Seving, Township of Reiner, Township of Star, Township of Highlanding and Township of Goodridge, and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by the said county Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor,

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 18th day of November 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. of said day for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

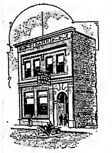
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.

(County Auditor's Seal) 13o27

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS
The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.
HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.
LEGAL CONTRACT.
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.
THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls
Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation
This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.
The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS
FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .
Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets. Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.
Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

SAMPLE BALLOT

WOMEN'S BALLOT

COUNTY BALLOT

Put a cross-mark (X) opposite the name of the candidate you wish to vote for in the square indicated by the arrow	↓	
County Superintendent of Schools } HERMAN F. ANDERSON—Republican		Vote for one
County Superintendent of Schools }		

HER PHYSICIAN APPROVES

Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sabattus, Maine.—"You told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills before child-birth, and we are all surprised to see how much good it did. My physician said 'Without doubt it was the Compound that helped you.' I thank you for your kindness in advising me and give you full permission to use my name in your testimonials."—Mrs. H. W. Mitchell, Box 3, Sabattus, Me.

Another Woman Helped.

Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health and strength, and proved worth mountains of gold to me. For the sake of other suffering women I am willing you should publish my letter."—Mrs. Charles Barclay, R.F.D., Graniteville, Vt.

Women who are passing through this critical period or who are suffering from any of those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of the fact that for thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills. In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

WHAT'S Your Health Worth?

You start sickness by mistreating nature and it generally shows first in the bowels and liver. A 10c box (week's treatment) of CASCARETS will help nature help you. They will do more—using them regularly as you need them—than any medicine on Earth. Get a box today; take a CASCARET tonight. Better in the morning. It's the result that makes millions take them. 881

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

Queer Questions.

Queer questions come over the telephone to the newspaper offices. Here was one that the man who chanced to answer the phone had put up to him the other day:

"Say," began the unknown seeker after the truth, "do you—do you remember who it was that killed Abel?"

"Why, Cain, of course," replied the newspaper man, who put in several years at Sunday school. "Who'd ju suppose?"

"Well," observed the man at the other end in an annoyed tone, "doggon if I ain't gone and made a fool o' myself. Course it was Cain, now that you mention it, but I made a two to one bet with a fellow that 'twas Goliath, and now I'll have to go without a new overcoat, I reckon, this next winter."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Childish Reasoning.

"Look at the brownies, papa!" exclaimed a little miss as she gazed upward at a Wall street skyscraper.

"They are not brownies, dearie," replied papa. "They are big men, like me, but they look so tiny because they are so high."

"If they were twice as high, would they look twice as small?" she asked, showing the mathematical turn not unnatural in the offspring of a successful broker.

Papa answered "Yes."

She made a quick calculation and remarked: "They won't amount to much when they get to heaven, will they?"

Simple Expedient.

An American student at a German university tells of a professor who was reading aloud in a classroom papers on a celebrated living German novelist, who had been written by the members of the class. After reading one he commented upon its excellence. "You show an exact comprehension of the matter," he said, addressing the student who had written the paper; "tell us what method you used."

"Oh," replied the student, "I just wrote to X—, stating what I wanted to know, and that was what he sent back."

DAME NATURE HINTS

When the Food Is Not Suited.

When Nature gives her signal that something is wrong it is generally with the food. The old Dame is always faithful and one should act at once.

To put off the change is to risk that which may be irreparable. An Arizona man says:

"For years I could not safely eat any breakfast. I tried various kinds of breakfast food, but they were all soft, starchy messes which gave me distressing headaches. I drank strong coffee, too, which appeared to benefit me at the time, but added to the headaches afterwards. Toast and coffee were no better, for I found the toast very constipating.

"A friend persuaded me to quit the old coffee and the starchy breakfast foods, and use Postum and Grape-Nuts instead. I shall never regret taking his advice. I began using them three months ago.

"The change they have worked in me is wonderful. I now have no more of the distressing sensations in my stomach after eating, and I never have headaches. I have gained 12 pounds in weight and feel better in every way.

"Grape-Nuts make a delicious as well as a nutritious dish, and I find that Postum is easily digested and never produces dyspepsia symptoms."

"There's a Reason."

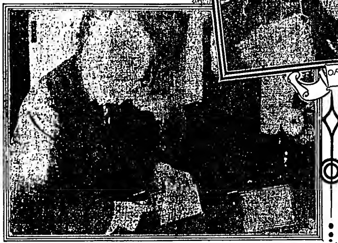
Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

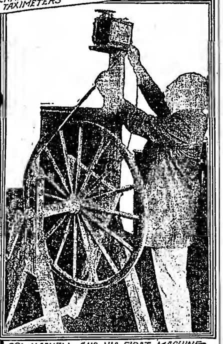
HOW THE GOVERNMENT TESTS TAXIMETERS

IN ALMOST every large city in the United States taxicabs are rapidly displacing horse-drawn cabs and carriages as public vehicles for transportation in those horseless vehicles are almost always based on the distance traveled as shown on the registering dials of the taximeters it obviously becomes of the gravest importance that these automatic records shall be honest and accurate in their chronicling. Indeed, in many cities there have been loud protests due to alleged overcharging of taxicab patrons—the alleged overcharging being attributed to the faulty operation of the taximeters. Whether such false accounting was due to a desire to cheat the traveling public or merely to faulty mechanism in the mechanical bookkeeper could seldom be determined, but in either event the outcome was the same—the public got the worst of it.

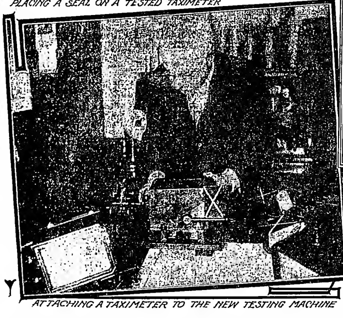
OPERATING NEW MACHINE FOR TESTING TAXIMETERS



PLACING A SEAL ON A TESTED TAXIMETER



COL. HASKELL AND HIS FIRST MACHINE FOR TESTING TAXIMETERS



ATTACHING A TAXIMETER TO THE NEW TESTING MACHINE

Various cities have made efforts to devise some means of testing taximeters, but to Uncle Sam belongs the credit of first solving the problem. The system is now in successful operation at the capital of the nation, where, by the way, there are probably more taxicabs in operation than in any other city of the size in the world. The matter of keeping tab on the taximeters was placed in the hands of Col. W. C. Haskell, the United States superintendent of weights and measures, and he invented the first machine specially designed for testing the accuracy of the "taxi."

The first apparatus was rather cumbersome and the most conspicuous feature was a large wooden wheel which was turned by hand. The principle of operation involved the insertion of a small wire through the shaft of the meter to be tested and turning the same a certain number of times to cover distance, verifying this test over an official mile and fraction thereof. The large machine when fitted with the same size eccentric, sprocket wheel and spiral shaft in use in taxicabs gave a correct test, but it was a time-consuming process, ten revolutions of the large wheel being required to show one-quarter mile of travel.

After much study of the subject Colonel Haskell perfected the small machine which has lately been introduced for this work. With it one revolution of the crank wheel—through the aid of a system of cogwheels—represents a quarter of a mile of travel. With this small machine attached direct to the shaft of the meter to be tested it is possible to test ten meters in the time formerly required for trying out one. Moreover, the system of cogwheels is so adjusted as to give an absolutely accurate test. The government now requires that all taximeters attached to cabs at the seat of government be tested at least twice a year, and when a meter upon test is found to be accurate a round blue seal is affixed to the face of the meter showing that it has been "approved." Incorrect meters are given a yellow seal with the word "Condemned" thereon and must be withdrawn from use under a penalty of $100 fine.

One of the latest ideas evolved for a safety attachment for automobiles is a "cow catcher." The "cow catcher," or man catcher, is attached to the front of the motor car and, when not in active use saving the life of some one who steps in front of the moving machine, it looks exactly like the pilot of a big locomotive. Used in this way, it was feared that pedestrians might be hurt, for the car would throw them to one side, hence an attachment was added, operated by a button fixed conveniently on the seat near the driver, which, when pressed in time of danger, drops the cow catcher so that it is similar to the fender of a street car, adapted to catching the unlucky person and carrying him with the machine until rescued by the driver of the automobile. According to the inventors of this contrivance, the "cow catcher" will prevent many serious accidents if placed on the front of the automobiles.

The frequency with which the claim is made that the automobile is largely an extravagance and that the people have grown motor-mad and are annexing themselves to power conveyances with a rapidity and lack of discretion that threatens the stability of the country, is largely borne out by the results of recent investigations.

An editorial in a recent issue of the World's Work, under the caption, "Burning Both Ends of the Candle," makes the startling statement that in the city of Minneapolis alone 1,500 homes have been mortgaged to enable their owners to purchase automobiles. It is stated that about $375,000,000 represents what the people of this country will spend for motor cars next year, and the editorial adds that "there are plenty of indications that it is time for the average American to stop and think."

Look out of your office window, no matter what city you are in, and you will see an automobile. Try to cross the street and one of them is more than likely to come along with sounding horn warning the pedestrian to get out of the way. If a man is deaf or a little slow in his footsteps he is too frequently run down and the chauffeur sets up as a defense that the accident was quite unavoidable. Every one knows that more than half the "unavoidable" accidents could be avoided if the cars were run slower and more attention was paid to the rights of others in their use of the public streets. The automobile almost monopolizes the country roads and has become a positive menace. It looms large in the annals of accidents as reported by accident insurance companies. The secretary of state of Indiana has recently found that the automobile is also a menace in a financial way. According to his report covering the months of April and May, he issued 3,564 licenses for automobiles for the two months. Assuming an average of $1,000 for each car, it would of course appear that $3,564,000 had been spent for automobiles in Indiana within a period of sixty days. The statement has been made that in Indianapolis alone more than 1,900 homes have been mortgaged during the past year in order that householders may buy cars.

Purchasers of automobiles have been deceived in the matter of cost and upkeep, the difference in the representations in this respect in comparison with actual experience, makes it unwise to take or own a car even as a gift.

The menace of the automobile now threatens the stability of the home, and the danger is by no means confined to any particular section. Even farmers are buying them. Perhaps you can hear or see one of these "devil wagons" while you read this paragraph about them. It would be worth while to think of them seriously, with the view of reducing the hazard they undoubtedly signify. The bankers of Kansas City and of the southwest who are dependent on the Kansas City banks have agreed to lend no money to any one who intends to use it with which to buy a motor car. The bankers of Kansas are alive to the menace of the automobile, as well they may be when it is understood that $32,000,000 were invested in motor cars in that state during the last twelve months.

Physiognomy of the Salesman

The nose of a traveling salesman generally bears the appearance of breadth just above the wings. This is the nose that indicates the ability to acquire property, make good sales, secure returns through bargains and fine talking, and get large orders even when persons have indicated that they did not wish to buy or make a bargain. The thickness of the nose above the wings is the true facial sign of acquisitiveness, and a traveling salesman and a good business man have generally this characteristic strongly developed. We find it large in George Peabody, Andrew Carnegie and the Rothschilds, all of whom have made large fortunes.

The lips of a good salesman are regular and fit appropriately together.

The chin and jaw of a successful salesman are indicated by their squareness and roundness combined. The roundness gives the power of appeal, and the squareness gives the capacity to clinch the bargain.

The voice of a successful salesman is bright, cheery, optimistic. Its inflections are hopeful and airy, not heavy and dull. The salesman possesses a silvery toned voice which is so oiled to its subject that it knows exactly what to say, and says it without hesitation.

The handwriting of a good salesman is neat, regular, connected, but shows firmness, force in the lines that cross the t's and ambition is manifested in the tails of the g's and in the height of the b's, l's, etc.

The eyes of the honest business man who is engaged as a salesman or a credit man are generally small, piercing and keen in expression.

The ears of a good salesman are broad, and give to the person vitality, strength, good digestive power and comradeship. Such a person generates life readily, and is social, genial and a good conversationalist.—Phrenological Journal.

What He Found Out

An Italian journalist, Sig. Tommaso Glioni, has just had some disagreeable experiences. Desirous of knowing something of the lunatic asylums from within, with the object of ameliorating the lot of the insane, he presented himself at the gates of the Cimarosa asylum and asked for an audience of the king of Italy. The attendants showed him the door, and then he ran out of the police, and in the end found himself in the asylum.

The doctors examined him, and finding him far from tractable administered an emetic. Then they gave him a shower bath and next vaccinated the enterprising journalist. After that they held a consultation in the presence of the "lunatic"—whose bona fides they evidently suspected—and brutally but unanimously agreed that the only treatment in such a case was trepanning for a cancer on the brain. By this time Sig. Tommaso Glioni thought the best he could do was to confess. This he did, and found himself at the police station. The magistrate, however, released him, observing that he thought the doctors had administered sufficient punishment.

Modern Strolling Players.

M. Gemier, manager of the Theater Antoine, Paris, France, is said to be nearly completing a motor-caravan playhouse of his own invention. This will enable him to go in for really up-to-date touring. The theater—house, seats, stage, wings, flies, scenery, properties, costumes, wigs and all—will be contained in a road train of several cars linked together. It will travel easily from town to town and there will be no more negotiating with local lessees or difficulties with railway transportation of dresses. M. Gemier and his company will be the strolling players of the twentieth century.

UNVEILING OF STATUE

WILL BE EVENT OF WOMEN'S FEDERATION MEETING.

Large Attendance Is Assured and Women Will Have Notable Session.

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 11.—The State Federation of Women's Clubs convened at the capital city this morning for its annual meeting. There are today between 150 and 200 delegates present and as there are about ninety local club women the federation meetings will be well attended. Many of the delegates arrived in the city last evening but a majority of them arrived on the trains this morning.

With the exception of the annual reception which will be held this evening at the governor's residence and the federation tea which will be at the Commercial club hall Thursday, all of the meetings will be open to the general public.

The crowning feature of the federation meeting this year is the dedication and unveiling of the statue of Sakakawea. The dedication ceremonies will be in the house chambers at the capitol building, and will occur at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Right Rev. Bishop Wehrle will deliver the invocation and addresses will be given by several prominent citizens of the state, in addition to a series of interesting five minute talks by the officers of the state historical society.

This morning at 10 o'clock the board of federation officers met at the home of Mrs. Marshall H. Jewell on upper Fourth street. They reviewed the events of the past year, as well as outlining in a general way the work of the present convention.

The first business session was held this afternoon at the Presbyterian church at 2 o'clock when the presentation of credentials was the order of business.

Lemmon Land Transferred.

Washington, D. C. Oct. 10.—By executive orders dated Oct. 4, 1910, the president has directed that certain lands in North Dakota, which were by act of May 29, 1908, made a part of the Lemmon, S. D., land district, retransferred to Bismarck and Dickinson, N. D., districts.

The lands retransferred to the Dickinson, N. D., district follows: Townships 129 to 132 north inclusive, ranges 91 to 107 west inclusive, in the state of North Dakota, with the exception of those parts of the Standing Rock Indian reservation as are located in townships 129 and 130 north, range 91 west.

Those retransferred to the Bismarck N. D., district follows: All those parts of townships 129 and 130 north, ranges 87 to 130 west inclusive, in the state of North Dakota as are not embraced within the Standing Rock Indian reservation, and all of townships 131 and 132 north, ranges 87 to 90 west inclusive, in North Dakota.

Roosevelt Has Busy Day.

Atlanta, Oct. 8.—Roosevelt came into Georgia today and found awaiting him a welcome as warm as he has received during his recent travels. On his arrival in Atlanta he was greeted by crowds, which blocked the streets heedless of the pelting rain, and cheered him as he rode at the head of a parade through the business streets of the city. Roosevelt made three speeches in Atlanta. His first was in the Southern Conservation congress. He urged the people of the south to take care of their natural wealth and said that if the country's resources should fall into the hands of a monopoly, the people would revolt.

Thirty Per Cent Clause Invalid.

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 8.—By a three to two decision the North Dakota supreme court today declared the 30 per cent clause of the primary law unconstitutional.

This lets down the bars for every candidate on the primary ticket who secured a majority of the votes cast for his office and every one who did this will be on the ballot at the fall election.

The grounds on which the provision was knocked out were that it put an undue restriction upon the rights of the voters to run for office. The opinion has not yet been filed

Probe About Finished.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—The senate subcommittee on privileges and elections, after listening to the testimony of witnesses for twelve consecutive days, closed its inquiry into the election of Senator Lorimer today and adjourned subject to the call of Chairman Burrows.

The next session of the committee will be in Washington probably after congress, when briefs of counsel on both sides will be in the hands of the senators.

Prominent Mason Dead.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 12.—Samuel B. Sweet, general agent of the Lake Erie & Western railway, and thirty-third degree Mason, died suddenly at his home in this city today. Heart trouble is believed to have been the cause.

Mohall Wants Postal Bank.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 8.—Charles Lano, the postmaster at Mohall, N. D., today filed an application at the postoffice department requesting authority to open a postal savings bank at his office.

Whole Family Indicted.

Winter, Wis., Oct. 10.—A jury assembled by Coroner W. H. Noyes to view the body of Oscar Harp, one of the sheriff's deputies who was shot and killed Saturday during the attack on John Dietz's cabin today brought in a verdict that Harp came to his death by a bullet shot from the roof of the Dietz barn, the shot having been fired by one of the Dietz family.

A charge of murder in the first degree will now be made by District Atty. J. C. Davis against John F. Dietz, Leslie Dietz and Mrs. John F. Dietz.

Dietz and his family surrendered late Saturday afternoon.

Unrest in Spain.

Barcelona, Oct. 10.—A state of increasing excitement reigns in Barcelona. The success of the revolution in Portugal appears to have fanned the fire of rebellion that has smoldered since the furious outbreak of a year ago. There was the greatest animation in the streets today.

People pretend not to notice the patrols and civil guard which are being strengthened gradually in preparation for eventualities on Oct. 13, the anniversary of the execution of Prof. Francisco Ferrer, the director of the modern school of Barcelona who was shot last year.

Guns, Sporting Goods, Hunters' and Trappers' Supplies, Camp Outfits, Tents, Kodaks, Football Suits and Supplies. Catalog Free. Kennedy Bros. Arms Co., St. Paul, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

A FEW THINGS.

Reggy—Bah Jove, I'd like to chastise those binwsted reporters!

Cyril—Why so?

Reggy—We have been insulted. The other day the firemen rescued us fellows from the burning clubhouse, and now the reporters have the account headed, "A Few Things Saved, but Nothing of Value."

Trouble in the Troupe.

"They've had a frightful time in the No. 5 Tom Company. Hear about it?"

"Nope."

"Busted an' walkin' back. That's right. Went to smash on the Vincennes circuit. Utility feller they picked up at Sawville got mad 'cause he was doubled as Marks an' a bloodhound, an' sawed the legs off the ladder, an Eva fell out o' heaven an' landed on Papa St. Clair, an' Simon Legree landed on Unc' Tom, an' the real dog bit a hole in Aunt Ophelia, an' there was merry hades to pay until the local manager called the patrol wagon and had the whole bunch dragged up the pike and dumped in the woods. An' the worst of it was there was a record house, with nineteen good dollars in the box!"

His Inalienable Right.

When Willie goes to school next week he will have a new teacher.

The new teacher will like Willie when she begins to know him, but the process may take several terms.

Willie's teacher began to like him just before the close of the school year, and she testified to her affection by offering him a pocketknife.

"There, Willie," she said, "you have tried so hard to be a good boy that I am going to give you this nice four bladed pocketknife—but you must promise me never to cut the school furniture with it."

"Take it back, teacher," said Willie, sadly.—Cleveland Plaindealer.

How can a woman be expected to have any regard for the truth when she is obliged to promise to obey in the marriage ceremony?

One genius is about all the average family can afford.

Four Pellets of MUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE every hour will heal, soothe and invigorate worn out stomachs and relieve distress.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively never fails. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PISO'S IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS

You'll be delighted with the results of Calumet Baking Powder. No disappoints—no flat, heavy, soggy biscuits, cake, or pastry.

Just the lightest, daintiest, most uniformly raised and most delicious food you ever ate.

Received highest reward World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1907.

CAN YOU INVEST $25.00

[illegible] a high class Real Estate and [illegible] Location only 15 minutes [illegible] New York. Company now successfully [illegible] high class houses (in greatest demand) in growing section. Company needs [illegible] for its conservative building [illegible] managed by experienced [illegible] Fortunes are being made in [illegible] of high grade houses. [illegible] Construction Co., 1 Madison Sq., New York

BIRDS, ANIMALS

and fowl heads mounted. Write for prices and price lists.

[illegible] STUDIO of TAXIDERMY

[illegible] 7th St., St. Paul, Minn.

[illegible] Thompson's Eye Water

Managing a Husband.

Men are like children; they want managing although you must never let them dream that you think so. No child likes to be ordered about, no man will endure coercion. But managing! It is an art so subtle, so elusive, that few women understand even the rudiments of it. Sisters mine, let us reason together, says Woman's Life. In every human being there is a spark of the divine; it is yours to fan that spark into a flame—that is managing a man—it is to get the very best out of him there is to have, and not two women in ten can do it.

[illegible] think that there is anything [illegible] in managing a man—to [illegible] best is a high vocation. [illegible] to it that we are worthy of it. There are women who have made angels of men, but at the [illegible] of their own divinity. There is room for more than one unselfish person in a family.

The Retort Courteous.

"Now," said the suffragette orator, [illegible] the audience with her eagle eye, "I see Mr. Dobbs sitting down there in the third row—a man who I [illegible] to come here tonight and listen to our arguments. He has heard what I have had to say, and I think we should like to hear from him and get a man's view of our [illegible] Mr. Dobbs, tell us what you think of the suffragettes."

"Oh, I c-c-couldn't m-m-ma'am," [illegible] Dobbs. "I rur-really c-couldn't. [illegible] there are l-l-lul-ladies [illegible]"—Harper's Weekly.

Country's Airship Strength.

[illegible] war, and the prospect of the final disarmament of the nations is growing stronger all the time. But this country has gone to war three times within the lifetime of men now living and nobody knows what lies in the future. The policy of preparedness is the only safe one.

The formation of an aeronautical reserve can be brought about easily and inexpensively. As a militia organization, it would be practically as effective as though it were a department of the regular army.—Cleveland Leader.

The bigger the noise the bigger the silence that follows.

Post Toasties

A bowl of these crisp fluffy bits served with cream or milk is something not soon forgotten.

What's the use of cooking breakfast or lunch when Post Toasties, ready to serve direct from the package, are so delicious?

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Gertrude and her fiance, Jack Bailey, had conversed in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found unconscious at the bottom of the circular staircase. She said something had brushed by her in the dark on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a note in his pocket bearing the name "Lucien Wallace." A ladder found out of place deepens the mystery. The stables were burned and in the dark Miss Innes shot an intruder. Halsey mysteriously disappeared. His auto was found wrecked by a freight train. It developed Halsey had an argument in the library with a woman before his disappearance. New cook disappears. Miss Innes learned Halsey was alive.

CHAPTER XXVII.

Wha Is Nina Carrington?

The four days, from Saturday to the following Tuesday, we lived, or existed, in a state of the most dreadful suspense. We ate oaly when Liddy brought in a tray, aad then very little. The papers, of course, had got hold of the story, and we were besieged by newspaper men. From all over the country false clews came pouring in and raised hopes that crumbled agnin to nothing. Every morgue within 100 miles, every hospital, had been visited, without result.

The inaction was deadly. Liddy cried all day, and, because she knew I objected to tears, sniffled audibly around the corner.

"For heaven's sake, smile!" I snapped at her. Aad her ghastly attempt at a grin, with her swollen nose and red eyes, made me hysterical. I laughed and cried together, and pretty soon, like the two old fools we were, wo were sitting together weeping into the same handkerchief.

On Tuesday, then, I sent for the car and prepared to go out. As I waited at the porte cochere I saw the undergardener, an inoffensive, grayish-haired man, trimming borders near the house. The day detective was watching him, sitting on the carriage block. When he saw me, he got up.

"Miss Innes," he said, taking off his hat, "do you know where Alex, the gardener, is?"

"Why, no. Isn't he here?" I asked.

"He has been gone since yesterday afternoon. Have you—employed him long?"

"Only a couple of weeks."

"Is he efficieat? A capable man?"

"I hardly know," I said vaguely. "The place looks all right, and I know very little about such things. I know much more about boxes of roses than bushes of them."

"This man," pointing to the assistant, "says Alex isn't a gardener. That he doesn't know anything about plants."

"That's very strange," I said, thinking hard. "Why, he came to me from the Brays, who are in Europe."

"Exactly." The detective smiled. "Every man who cuts grass isn't a gardener, Miss Innes, and just now it is our policy to believe every person around here a rascal until he proves to be the other thing."

Warner came up with the car then, and the conversation stopped. As he helped me in, however, the detective said something further.

"Not a word or sign to Alex, if he comes back," he said cautiously.

I went first to Dr. Walker's. I was tired of beating about the bush, and I felt that the key to Halsey's disappearance was here at Casanova, in spite of Mr. Jamieson's theories.

The doctor was in. He came at once to the door of his consulting room, and there was no mask of cordiality in his manner.

"Please come in," he said curtly.

"I shall stay here, I think, doctor." I did not like his face or his manner; there was a subtle change in both. He had thrown off the air of friendliness, and I thought, too, that he looked anxious and haggard.

"Dr. Walker," I said, "I have come to you to ask some questions. I hope you will answer them. As you know, my nephew has not yet been found."

"So I understand," stiffly.

"I believe, if you would, you could help us, and that leads to one of my questions. Will you tell me what was the nature of the conversation you held with him the night he was attacked and carried off?"

"Attacked! Carried off!" he said, with pretended surprise. "Really, Miss Innes, don't you think you exaggerate? I understand it is not the first time Mr. Innes has—disappeared."

"You are quibbling, doctor. This is a matter of life and death. Will you answer my question?"

"Certainly. He said his nerves were bad, and I gave him a prescription for them. I am violating professional ethics when I tell you even as much as that."

I could not tell him he lied. I think I looked it. But I hazarded a random shot.

"I thought perhaps," I said, watching him narrowly, "that it might be about—Nina Carrington."

For a moment I thought he was going to strike me. He grew livid, and a small crooked blood-vessel in his temple swelled and throbbed curiously. Then he forced a short laugh.

"Who is Nina Carrington?" he asked.

"I am about to discover that," I replied, and he was quiet at once. It was not difficult to divine that he feared Nina Carrington a good deal more than he did the devil. Our leave-taking was brief; in fact, we merely stared at each other over the waiting room table, with its litter of year-old magazines. Then I turned and went out.

"To Richfield," I told Warner, and on the way I thought, and thought hard.

"Nina Carrington, Nina Carrington," the roar and rush of the wheels seemed to sing the words. "Nina Carrington, N. C." And I then knew, knew as surely as if I had seen the whole thing. There had been an N. C. on the suit case belonging to the woman with the pitted face. How simple it all seemed. Mattie Bliss had been Nina Carrington. It was she Warner had heard in the library. It was something she had told Halsey that had taken him frantically to Dr. Walker's office, and from there perhaps to his death. If we could find the woman, we might find what had become of Halsey.

We were almost at Richfield now, so I kept on. My mind was not on my errand there now. It was back with Halsey on that memorable night. What was it he had said to Louise, that had sent her up to Sunnyside, half wild with fear for him? I made up my mind, as the car drew up before the Tate cottage, that I would see Louise if I had to break into the house at night.

Almost exactly the same scene as before greeted my eyes at the cottage. Mrs. Tate, the baby-carriage in the path, the children at the swing—all were the same.

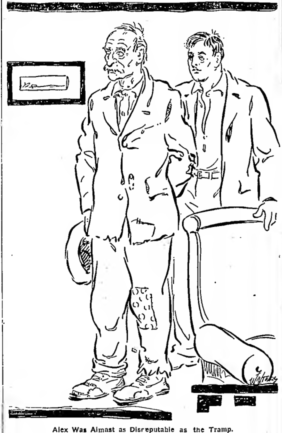
She came forward to meet me, and I noticed that some of the anxious lines had gone out of her face. She looked young, almost pretty.

"I am glad you have come back," she said. "I think I will have to be honest and give you back your money."

"Why?" I asked. "Has the mother come?"

"No, but some one came and paid the boy's board for a month. She talked to him for a long time, but when I asked him afterward he didn't know her name."

"A young woman?"



Alex Was Almast as Disreputable as the Tramp.

"Not very young. About 40, I suppose. She was small and fair-haired, just a little bit gray, and very sad. She was in deep mourning, and, I think, when she came, she expected to go at once. But the child, Lucien, interested her. She talked to him for a long time, and, indeed, she looked much happier when she left."

"You are sure this was not the real mother?"

"O mercy, no! Why, she didn't know which of the three was Lucien. I thought perhaps she was a friend of yours, but, of course, I didn't ask."

"She was not—pock-marked?" I asked at a venture.

"No, indeed. A skin like a baby's. But perhaps you will know the initials. She gave Lucien a handkerchief and forgot it. It was very fine, black-bordered, and it had three hand-worked letters in the corner—F. B. A."

"No," I said with truth enough, "she is not a friend of mine." F. B. A. was Fanny Armstrong, without a chance of doubt.

With another warning to Mrs. Tate as to silence, we started back to Sunnyside. So Fanny Armstrong knew of Lucien Wallace, and was sufficiently interested to visit him and pay for his support. Who was the child's mother and where was she? Who was Nina Carrington? Did either of them know where Halsey was, or what had happened to him?

CHAPTER XXVIII.

A Tramp and the Toothache.

The bitterness toward the dead president of the Traders' bank seemed to grow with time. Never popular, his memory was execrated by people who had lost nothing, but who were filled with disgust by constantly hearing new stories of the man's grasping avarice.

But, like everything else those days, the bank failure was almost forgotten by Gertrude and myself. We did not mention Jack Bailey; I had found nothing to change my impression of his guilt, and Gertrude knew how I felt. As for the murder of the bank president's son, I was of two minds. One day I thought Gertrude knew or at least suspected that Jack had done it; the next I feared that it had been Gertrude herself, that night alone on the circular staircase. And then the mother of Lucien Wallace would obtrude herself, and an almost equally good case might be made against her. There were times, of course, when I was disposed to throw all those suspicions aside, and fix definitely on the unknown, whoever that might be.

I had my greatest disappointment when it came to tracing Nina Carrington. The woman had gone without leaving a trace. Marked as she was, it should have been easy to follow her, but she was not to be found. A description to one of the detectives, on my arrival at home, had started the ball rolling. But by night she had not been found. I told Gertrude, then, about the telegram to Louise when she had been ill before; about my visit to Dr. Walker, and my suspicions that Mattie Bliss and Nina Carrington were the same. She thought, as I did, that there was little doubt of it.

I said nothing to her, however, of the detective's suspicions about Alex. Little things that I had not noticed at the time now came back to me. I had an uncomfortable feeling that perhaps Alex was a spy, and that by taking him into the house I had played into the enemy's hands. But at eight o'clock that night Alex himself appeared, and with him a strange and repulsive individual. They made a queer pair, for Alex was almost as disreputable as the tramp, and he had a badly swollen eye.

Gertrude had been sitting listlessly waiting for the evening message from Mr. Jamieson, but when the singular pair came in, as they did, without ceremony, she jumped up and stood staring. Winters, the detective who watched the house at night, followed them, and kept his eyes sharply on Alex's prisoner. For that was the situation as it developed.

He was a tall lanky individual, ragged and dirty, and just now he looked both terrified and embarrassed. Alex was too much engrossed to be either, and to this day I don't think I ever asked him why he went off without permission the day before.

"Miss Innes," Alex began abruptly, "this man can tell us something very important about the disappearance of Mr. Innes. I found him trying to sell this watch."

He took a watch from his pocket and put it on the table. It was Halsey's watch. I had given it to him on the twenty-first birthday; I was dumb with apprehension.

"He says he had a pair of cuff-links also, but he sold them—"

"For a dollar'n half," put in the disreputable individual hoarsely, with an eye on the detective.

"He is not—dead?" I implored. The tramp cleared his throat.

"No'm," he said huskily. "He was used up pretty bad, but he weren't dead. He was comin' to hisself when I"—he stopped and looked at the detective. "I didn't steal it, Mr. Winters," he whined. "I found it in the road, honest to God, I did."

Mr. Winters paid no attention to him. He was watching Alex.

"I'd better tell what he told me," Alex broke in. "It will be quicker. When Jamieson—when Mr. Jamieson calls up we can start him right. Mr. Winters, I found this man trying to sell that watch on Fifth street. He offered it to me for $3."

"How did you know the watch?" Winters snapped at him.

"I had seen it before, many times. I used it at night when I was watching at the foot of the staircase." The detective was satisfied. "When he offered the watch to me, I knew it, and I pretended I was going to buy it. We went into an alley and I got the watch." The tramp shivered. It was plain how Alex had secured the watch. "Then—I got the story from this fellow. He claims to have seen the whole affair. He says he was in an empty car—in the car the automobile struck."

The tramp broke in here and told his story, with frequent interpretations by Alex and Mr. Winters. He used a strange medley, in which familiar words took unfamiliar meanings, but it was gradually made clear to us.

On the night in question the tramp had been "pounding his ear"—this struck me as being graphic—in an empty box-car along the siding at Casanova. The train was going west, and due to leave at dawn. The tramp and the "brakey" were friendly, and things going well. About ten o'clock, perhaps earlier, a terrific crash against the side of the car roused him. He tried to open the door, but could not move it. He got out of the other side, and just as he did so, he heard some one groan.

The habits of a lifetime made him cautious. He slipped on to the bumper of a car and peered through. An automobile had struck the car and stood there on two wheels. The tail lights were burning, but the head-lights were out. Two men were stooping over some one who lay on the ground. Then the taller of two started on a dog-trot along the train looking for an empty. He found one four cars away and ran back again. The two lifted the unconscious man into the empty box-car, and getting in themselves, stayed for three or four minutes. When they came out, after closing the sliding door, they cut up over the railroad embankment toward the town. One, the short one, seemed to limp.

The tramp was wary. He waited for ten minutes or so. Some women came down a path to the road and inspected the automobile. When they had gone, he crawled into the box-car and closed the door again. Then he lighted a match. The figure of a man, unconscious, gagged, and with his hands tied, lay far at the end. The tramp lost no time; he went through his pockets, found a little money and the cuff-links, and took them. Then he loosened the gag—it had been cruelly tight—and went his way, again closing the door of the box-car. Outside on the road he found the watch. He got on the fast freight east, some time after, and rode into the city. He had sold the cuff-links, but on offering the watch to Alex he had been "copped."

The story, with its cold recital of villainy, was done. I hardly knew if I were more anxious, or less. That it was Halsey, there could be no doubt. How badly he was hurt, how far he had been carried, were the questions that demanded immediate answer. But it was the first real information we had had; my boy had not been murdered outright. But instead of vague terrors there was now the real fear that he might be lying in some strange hospital receiving the casual attention commonly given to the charity cases. Even this, had we known it, would have been paradise to the terrible truth. I wake yet and feel myself cold and trembling with the horror of Halsey's situation for three days after his disappearance.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Froze Solid During Night

Rushing Mountain Torrent Silenced in a Few Hours by the Intense Cold.

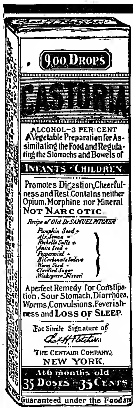
Running water is usually the last thing to freeze solid, and when it does so, the cold must be extreme. J. Claude White, in the Wide World Magazine, gives the following description of this very rare occurrence—the freezing of a mountain torrent in a single night.

The phenomenon was one that I have never before experienced—a running river frozen solid in a night! When we arrived the waters of this stream, tumbling over the great boulders and rushing through the tortuous channels, made a deafening roar. Gradually, but almost perceptibly, the tumult decreased, while, worn out after a hard day, we fell asleep.

A few hours later, when we awoke, a deathly silence prevailed, and on looking out, to my intense surprise, I found that the rushing torrent of the previous night had been transformed into a solid mass of ice! In this region of extreme temperatures I had on other occasions seen torrents frozen, but never under such startling conditions. On looking round, we found that everything we possessed was also frozen solid, including our saddle of mutton, which was merely a block of ice. We were ravenous, but we got no satisfaction from gnawing at lumps of rock which ought to have been a succulent joint, and so, despite our hunger, we had to content ourselves with a little tea—to make which we melted ice—and a few biscuits.

Ants in Battle.

The pugnacity of ants leads them to amuse themselves during long intervals of peace by sham battles. They rise upon their back feet, wrestle, seize each other by the jaws or legs, mount on each other's backs, roll over and over and engage in other antics. Neighboring communities of ants are prone to engage in wars which continue through weeks and months, and usually end with the annihilation of the weaker community.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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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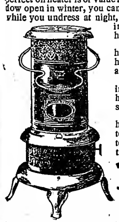
Temporary Heat Quickly

Did you ever stop to think of the many ways in which a perfect oil heater is of value? If you want to sleep with your window open in winter, you can get sufficient heat from an oil heater while you undress at night, and then turn it off. Apply a match in the morning, when you get out of bed, and you have heat while you dress.

Those who have to eat an early breakfast before the stove is radiating heat can get immediate warmth from an oil heater, and then turn it off.

The girl who practices on the piano in a cold room in the morning can have warmth from an oil heater while she plays, and then turn it off.

The member of the family who has to walk the floor on a cold winter's night with a restless baby can get temporary heat with an oil heater, and then turn it off. The



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is invaluable in its capacity of quickly giving heat. Apply a match and it is immediately at work. It will burn for nine hours without refilling. It is safe, smokeless and odorless. It has a damper top and a cool handle. An indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font.

It has an **automatic-locking flame spreader** which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so that the wick can be cleaned in an instant.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, and can be quickly unscrewed for rewicking. Finished in japan or nickel, strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

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Standard Oil Company

(Incorporated)

TO SAVE TIME.

Algy Weakling—Miss Wise, I-aw-that is—Gladys, I-er-desire to-aw! really—

Gladys Wise—Keep right on; I'll consider your proposal and have my answer ready by the time you have gotten it out of your system.

A careless philosopher says a man never knows who his friends are until he hasn't any.

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But the pure food laws do not make any provision for love that is adulterated with filthy lucre.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The false prophet has both eyes on the profits.

W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED PROCESS SHOES

MEN'S $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
WOMEN'S $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4
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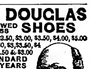

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A man is judged by his appearance

Gillette

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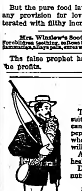

Patriotism

The stomach is a larger factor in "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" than most people are aware. Patriotism can withstand hunger but not dyspepsia. The confirmed dyspeptic "is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils." The man who goes to the front for his country with a weak stomach will be a weak soldier and a fault finder.

A sound stomach makes for good citizenship as well as for health and happiness.

Diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are promptly and permanently cured by the use of

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SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

More local news on inside page.

Dr. Fletcher Friday and Saturday.

13 cent sale at the Sunshine. Read the ad.

Daniel Shaw was down from Thief River Falls Friday.

Ask for coupons with your next purchase and win a prize.

Some good, warm houses for sale or rent.—Sortedahl Land Co.

Fish and oysters on hand all the time.—Falls Meat Market.

Mrs. Wm. Zaiser was at Thief River Falls between trains Tuesday.

A full line of warm felt shoes for winter wear at LaBissoniere's.

Mal Skala sells the famous Gotzian shoe. Read about it in the ad.

Leading merchants are giving coupons, be sure and ask for them.

Sheriff and Mrs. L. A. Nelson are visiting with friends at Thief River Falls.

Palmer coats going like hot cakes at LaBissoniere's. Got your's yet?

Miss Ellie Hanry visited with friends at Grand Forks this week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

The Red Lake Falls Supply house advertises some specials in groceries.

Miss Carter has moved to rooms in the Sortedahl building north of Freund's store.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausolei. tf

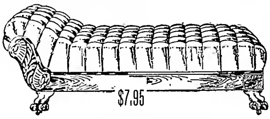
A. P. Toupin, register of United States land office, was over from Crookston today.

Dr. Fletcher, the dentist, will be at Dr. Wilkinson's office Friday and Saturday, this week.

Any one in need of some well curbing can have their needs supplied by calling on Joe Belair.

Only the ladies can secure prizes in the Gazette voting contest but, be sure you have the "other fellows" working for you.

THIS MAGNIFICENT COUCH



Latest designs. Dependable in Construction. Compare our goods; compare our prices. **$7.95 to $40.**

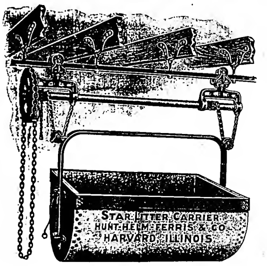
FOURNET FURNITURE STORE

"One Price To All." Red Lake Falls and Crookston.

A GREAT LABOR SAVER

Have you ever considered how much time and hard work you could save by the use of a

STAR LITTER CARRIER?



It will pay you to call at our store and have explained the merits of the "Star." The one in the cut is a rigid track carrier but we have the rod track outfits also. You can buy a complete 100 foot rod outfit for

$21

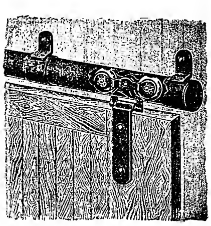
Can you afford not to have one?

Cannon Ball Door Hangers

The kind that run inside the track, not outside.

Noiseless Frictionless
Roller Bearing
Solid Ball Wheels Flexible
Light Running
Price Per Pair

$1.75



You will make no mistake in taking a few minutes of your time to look over these Carriers and Hangers. They deserve your attention.

Hunt Hardware Co.

"If it's good Hardware, Hunt has it!"

H. H. Zaisor spent a part of the week at Federal Dam attending to business matters there.

Mrs. Ed. Bray and Mrs. Mat Meyer of Grand Forks were guests this week of their sister, Mrs. Jos. Miller.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the church parlors next Wednsday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Sandborg and Louis Oonyea of Crookston were guests of Mrs. S. A. Swanson this week.

Determination wins in the long race; if you are determined you can win a prize in the Gazette contest.

If you are a booster, you will help boost your friends by getting coupons of your merchants and voting them.

Sale of sweaters at the Big Store. Choice of boys all wool 75c to $1.25 sweaters for 50c. Men's $1.25 for 98c.

Mrs. P. L. Malvin was tendered a surprise party at her home by a number of her lady friends Monday evening.

For Sale.—Victor phonograph with records and Strandivarious violin, in first class condition.—Mrs. V. H. Detling.

Miss Crawford of the teaching force of the public schools spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in the twin cities.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Zaiser returned today from Duluth where they had been visiting with rolatives for some time.

You can win a piano, sewing machine, watch or some other valuable prize if you save your coupons and ballots.

When you need rubbers remember the Ball Brand, a little cheaper than others, better than any other—Theo. LaBissoniere.

There arn't any more bear stories lately. Noel Delormo landed the biggest game of anybody lately. He killed a wolf last Friday.

Mrs. Kretschmar of Thief River Falls and her daughter, Mrs. C. W. Stewart, of Crookston, were guests at the Schreiter home this week.

We take your measurements for suits and guarantee a fit. $13.50 up. 200 samples to select from. Ready to wear suits $9.75 up. Theo. LaBissoniere.

Keen Kutter food choppers are a necessary kitchen article. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Look at the different styles in our show window.—Hunt Hardware Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo E. Healy, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Garceau and Vera Healy went over to Grand Forks in the Healy car Monday and attended the Melba concert Monday evening.

The Woodmen are planning on giving a grand Thansgiving ball in this city on November 24. Arrangements are now being made and further announcements will be made later.

Mrs. P. L. Malvin and daughetr left last evening on a trip to the southern part of the state and will spend two months at Rochester and Chester and other southern Minnesota points.

We still have some good apples on track O. N. Get your supply of early winter apples, as apples are going to be very high this winter. Our price, $1.25 bushel basket full.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

A. G. Groshong, who recently sold his business here, the Falls Meat Market, has decided to go west. He will go to Creswell, Oregon, and he and his family will leave for their new home the first of December.

Buy a "Gordon" sheep lined coat. We can show a half dozen points of superiority in the Gordon over the others. Longer, wider, longer collar, better lacings, better workmanship throughout. 5.00 up. La Bissoniere.

S. M. Sivertson drove over from Crookston in his Overland car Saturday and on his return was accompanied by Mr and Mrs. O. G. Kindseth and little son who were guests at the Sivertson home until Tuesday.

Work on the Farmers National Bank building is progressing very satisfactorily and the brick work is nearly completed. However, it will be several weeks before the building is ready for occupancy. The certificate of incorporation of the new bank is published in the Gazette.

Mr. W. Laframboise, living a couple of miles east of the city sold his farm this week to A. D. Fullerton of Iowa Falls. Mr. Fullerton will not move onto the farm before next fall, and his brother-in-law will probably run the farm next season. The sale was made through the Sortedahl Land Co.

The F. and F. B.e were entertained by Miss Rose Harren Tuesday evening.

The work of putting the slate roof on the court house has been completed and the outside work on the building, except some of the decorating, is about finished. For the past ten days plasterers have been at work in the building.

J. D. Houston last week purchased the John Power farm located near Wylie. It is a fine quarter section, well improved, one of the good farms of the county. Mr. Power will sell his personal proprety at public auction today and a little later he and his family will become residents of this city.

Mesdames Marshall, Findeisen, Hennings and Buse and the Misses Maude Findeisen and Aurella Hennemuth made up a theatre party who went to Grand Forks Monday evening to hear the Melba concert. They left on the five o'clock train arriving at Grand Forks just in time for the concert, and returned to Crookston after the concert and home Tuesday morning. Mrs. Buse remained at Grand Forks and is spending a few days with freinds there.

Keugh & Co., Ladies' Tailors, Chicago.

I have accepted the agency for the above company and am prepared to take measurements for suits, skirts jackets, capes. Call and see Keugh's all wool samples. I have also fine fall and winter hosiery. Racine feet, cotton, fleece lined and woolen.—Miss Carter. Three doors north of the post office.

For Sale.

2 bed room sets.
1 cupboard.
1 table.
1 sofa.
2 center tables.
4 rocking chairs and other chairs.
1 hard coal burner.
1 cook stove, range style.

All of above articles are practically as good as new.

—A. G. Groshong.

THIRTEEN

Some Money-Savers at the Sunshine.

Our Semi-annual 13c Sale for ten days only begins Saturday

Below is a partial list of our good bargains.

8½ oz. good quality tumblers regular price, 40c per doz., sale price for 13c. Ladies' pearl cuff buttons regular 25c per pair, sale price 13c per pair. 10 bars good toilet soap for 13c. 2 ten cent bars Williams shaving soap for 13c. 10 qt. tin rinsing pans for 13c. Ladies' patent leather belts 2 inches wide gilt and gun metal buckles worth 25c each, sale price 13c. Dutch collars for ladies, insertion and lace edges, each 13c. Childrens heavy school hose sizes 5 to 9½ worth 20c per pair sale price 13c. 50 feet 4 ply linen clothes line worth 25c each, sale price 13c. Palmetto fiber scrub brushes waranteed genuine palmetto each 13c. 150 strictly first quality clothes pins for 13c. 2 ten cent tooth brushes for 13c. Box paper and envelopes, fancy boxes, good quality paper usually sold for 25c, sale price 13c. 10c sad iron handles this sale two for

13c

13c. Hair barretts new styles all go at this sale for 13c. Shelf paper in all the popular colors 12 yards to the piece 4 pieces for 13c. Lead pencils, the 2 for 5c sellers, this sale 7 for 13c. Padlocks, heavy and good quality, others ask 35c each, sale price 13c. Mouse traps, usually sold 2 for 5c, this sale 9 for 13c. 7½ in. Pyralin dressing combs size, finish and quality of a 25 center, this sale 13c. Wall mirrors 8x10 glass in 1 in. white enameled frames, worth 25c sale, price 13c. Belmont high grade spring balance scales, will weigh 50 lbs., regular 25c value this sale 13c each. Grey enameled wash basins, large size, 13c. A big line of post cards, all new and up-to-date cards, 5000 to select from, all but local views go at this sale at 13c. No less than a dozen sold at this price. Local views, 3 for 5c.

Besides saving you from one-third to one-half on every dollar spent at this sale, we will give for every dollar cash purchase, coupons good for 100 votes in the Gazette Voting Contest. Remember, these prices will be for ten days only, beginning on Saturday, October 21. All new goods and guaranteed.

THIRTEEN

Special Offer For Next Week

Basket of Fresh Grapes, just received, 31c.

Bargains in Groceries

Red Ribbon 25c Coffee, now	20c
Tea, regular 35c a pound, now	29c
Tea, regular 45c a pound, now	35c
Rice, regular 10c a pound, now 4 pounds for	25c
Rice, regular 12½c a pound, now	9c
Cranberries, reg. 2 qts. 25c, now 3 quarts	25c
Tomatoes, regular 10c straight, now 3 for	25c
Tomatoes, regular 12½c straight, now	10c
Catsup, 15c bottles for	10c
Oatmeal, regular 25c box	20c
Dried Peaches, regular 12½ a pound, now	10c
Canned Corn, regular 2 cans for 25c, now	9c
Canned Peas, regular 2 cans for 25c, now	9c
Fresh roosted Peanuts, regular 15c lb., now	10c
Corn Starch, 10c package, 4 for	25c
Gloss Starch, 10c a pound, 4 pounds for	25c
Lenox Soap, 25 bars for	85c
Washing Powder, "Rub No More" 5c boxes, now 3 boxes for	11c
Bluing, 10c bottle for	6c
Soda, 10c package for	7c
Kerosene, 5 gallon can, regular 75c, now	58c

Mascot Flour, 98 lb. sack, $3.00

All these goods are fresh and staple. Net Cash. No coupons will be given on these prices.

Special Bargain in Men's Woolen Underwear, $3.00 suit for $2.25.

The Red Lake Falls Supply House

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall Sept. 29th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of previous meetng were read and appproved. On motion carried the following bills were allowed:

A. P. Toupin & Son, insurance	$110.05
Cleophas Guerin, street work	3.50
Eus. Normandeau, judge in 2nd ward, primary election	4.95
Wm. McIntosh, judge in 3rd ward, primary election	4.95
J. P. Harren, judge in 2nd ward, primary election	4.95
Frank Grenier, judge in 3rd ward, primary election, and building voting booths, 3rd ward	6.80
Fred Krueger, judge in 3rd ward, primary election	5.55
J. C. Mathews, judge in 3rd ward, primary election	5.55
Carl Schusser, clerk in 1st ward, primary election	4.65
V. M. Healy, clerk in 2nd ward, primary election	4.95
E. G. Buse, clerk in 2nd ward, primary election	4.95
A. L. Brunelle, clerk in 3rd ward primary election	5.55
Albany Deforge, clerk in 3rd ward, primary election	5.55
Otto Zaiser, team work on streets	11.00
Otto Zaiser, services as street com'r	9.90
Eus. Normandeau, blacksmithing	10.40
J. P. Harren, building booths in 2nd ward	1.00

On motion, resolved that the following sums of money be levied upon the taxable property of the city, for the following purposes, for the ensuing year:

General Fund	$4,985.00
City Road and Bridge Fund	2,000.00
City Bonds and Interest Fund	815.00
City Poor Fund	200.00
Total	$8,000.00

Ordinance to amend Section 1 of Ordinance Numbered 19, of the City of Red Lake Falls establishing fire limits in the city of Red Lake Falls, passed its second reading.

On motion duly carried the council proceeded to open bids for the repairing of the Clearwater bridge.

The bid of Paul A. Rogge, for repairing the Clearwater bridge according to plans for the sum of $209.00 on motion duly carried, was accepted.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 19th day of Oct. 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.

Attest JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Ordinance No. 33.

An ordinance to amend section one (1) of Ordinance numbered Sixteen (16), of the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, approved December 21st, 1898, establishing fire limits in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

The city council of the city of Red Lake Falls do ordain as follows—

Section 1. That Section one (1) of Ordinance Number Sixteen (16) of the city of Red Lake Falls approved on the 21st day of December, 1898, as heretofore amended, be, and the same is hereby amended, so that said section one (1) shall read as follows:—

"Section 1.—The following described territory within the city of Red Lake Falls, is designated and shall be known as the fire limits of said city, to-wit.—The east half of Block three (3); the West half of block two (2) the east half of block seven, (7),

In Champagne and Dow's Addition to Red Lake Falls: All that part of block three (3), of the original townsite of Red Lake Falls, south and west of the right of way strip of the Great Northern railway company, being lots eleven (11) to twenty-nine (29), both inclusive; all of block one (1) and all of block two (2) in Langevin's subdivision of Church lot, in the original townsite of Red Lake Falls;

Section 2.—This ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage, approval and publication.

Passed 1st reading Sept. 15, 1910,
Passed 2nd reading Sept. 29, 1910,
Passed 3rd reading Oct. 13, 1910.

SIMON PAUL,
President of the Council.

Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Approved this 19th day of October, 1910.

(Seal) J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.

Resolution.

Whereas, this council has heretofore ordered the construction of sidewalks, curb and gutter along, and adjoining certain lots and premises, hereinafter described, in the city of Red Lake Falls, and due notice of such order having been duly given to the owners thereof, and the time duly set for the construction of said walk having expired, the city did, thereafter, cause said walks, curb and gutter to be constructed as ordered, and the council having duly set a time for meeting and given due notice thereof, to ascertain the benefits of said walks, curb and gutter to such lots and premises, and this being the time set, and no person having appeared before the council in said matter, and the council having duly considred the same, therefore,

Be it Resolved,—That the amount of benefits to be derived by the lots hereinafter described by reason of the construction of cement sidewalks, curb and gutter along and adjoining the same as follows, to-wit:—

Owner	Lot	Block	Amount
Champaigne & Dow's Addition			
Louis Lefaive & Security Bank of Spooner	12	6	$86.79
Buse & Baltineau's Addition			
Sophia Delair	3	1	$16.50
James Blake	6, 7, 8	1	$52.53
Andrew Knudson	27	1	$20.46
Original Townsite			
Cora Hanson, Morris Hanson	27	3	$38.75
A. M. Anderson and J. C. Wandor	25, 26	3	$77.50
Leon Bourque	23, 24	3	$77.50

and be it further resolved that said lots be and hereby are charged with the payment of said sums to the city in the manner provided by law.

SIMON PAUL,
President of City Council.

Aproved this 19th day of Oct. 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.

Attest JOSEPH PERRAULT,
(Seal) City Clerk.

Ambergris.

For many hundreds of years ambergris has been employed in sacerdotal rites of the church, and with fragrant gums it was formerly burned in the apartments of royalty. To some extent it was used as a medicine and as a flavoring for certain dishes. Nowadays ambergris is utilized almost exclusively by perfumers in the preparation of fine scents.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 188[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 5

The Truth About Red Lake County Taxes

The city of Thief River Falls pays school taxes of 21.5 mills city taxes of [illegible] mills state taxes of [illegible] mills and county taxes of 12.4 mills, this last rate including the 4 mills "court house" tax.

The township of Highlanding and every other township pays a county tax of 12.4 mills as does the city of Thief River Falls. The rates of taxation for all purposes in the four school districts in Highlanding are 50 mills in Dist. 35, [illegible] mills in Dist. 38, 14.5 mills in Dist. 17, 43.3 mills in Dist. 50 the variation in the township being due to the difference in the taxes for school purposes.

One district in the town of Black River, Dist. [illegible] has a tax rate of only 27 mills and this is for all purposes, state taxes, county taxes, township taxes and school taxes. And the people of this district pay the same state and county rate as the people of Highlanding and the people of the city of Thief River Falls, the difference in rate being due to the fact that they have not levied much for local township and school purposes.

The city of Thief River Falls, the city of Red Lake Falls, the village of St. Hilaire and a number of townships of the county especially the reservation townships have high rates of taxation. The question is what has that to do with county taxes.

If the people of the city of Thief River Falls vote special city taxes and special school taxes, as the people of Red Lake Falls do, that is one thing that is their privilege and no one who is not a tax payer in either city has license to object. If the people of Highlanding wish to levy a 4.9 mills tax for road grade fund, as they have done, if they levy 3.2 mills for township revenue and 5 mills for township road and bridge fund, as they did do, and if they make a levy of 21.7 mills in School District 35 that is their business and it is an indication that they are progressive people and are ready to spend their money to build school houses and to develop the new country.

But the fact remains that no matter what the rate of taxation in any city, in any village, in any township or school district may be, the levy for county purposes is just 12.4 mills—no more and no less, and that includes the 4 mills levy for the building fund.

For the past three months the people of Thief River Falls have been talking about the 45 mills average rate of taxation in Red Lake county and blaming an extravagant county government for that average tax rate. They have used figures that are correct to induce people to believe what is not true—to create the impression that the county board levied a county tax of 45 mills.

The county tax levy for 1909 is 12.4 mills while the average rate of taxation in the county is 45.6 mills. The county commissioners have no control whatever over any except the 12.4 mills, the remainder is collected by county officers and transmitted to the township, school district, city and village officials.

All of the levy except the 12.4 mills has been levied by the people of the several cities, villages, townships and school districts of the county and all of the money goes for those local purposes for which the tax levy was made.

It has been claimed that the taxes have been going higher and higher for the past several years. The county taxes have not been going higher. If the rate of taxation has been going higher in your city or village, township or school district, it is because the people have voted taxes for local purposes. To prove that this statement is absolutely correct, the following table to show the county tax levies for the past nine years is offered:

Year	Jail	Revenue	[illegible]	Bond and Interest	[illegible]	Road and Bridge	Total
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7.67
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	53	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

Except for the 4 mills "court house" levy, the rate for 1909 is just about the same as it has been for the past nine years. In fact the rate is a little lower than the average for the nine years. The court house levy cannot, under the law, be made again. The funds derived from that 4 mills tax are being spent in furnishing the new building. Aside from that 4 mills levy, and that has been made only once and can be made only once, the rate of taxation for county purposes has not been increasing.

The opening up of the reservation country to settlement has increased that average rate of taxation about which the Thief River people talk. Necessarily there have been heavy tax levies for building school houses, constructing roads and making other local improvements. While that raises the average rate of taxes in the county, as does the extravagances of cities and villages, it is a purely local matter, has no effect upon the taxes for county purposes and is a matter with which the county commissioners and county government have nothing to do.

It was locally believed that the Thief River people would carry the manufactured taxation story to the extreme they have, but it is the only argument they have so they have worked the bluff to the limit. That is why they refuse to debate the county division proposition with Red Lake Falls. They know that that story won't hold five minutes in an argument when the figures are produced to refute it. For example, if a meeting were held in Highlanding, in School District No. 50, the Thief River people would say that you people out there pay the awful rate of 43.3 mills. If the farmer who owns the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 12 were to ask if the $21.90 tax he pays is spent by the county he would be told—not by the Thief River Falls people but by the Red Lake Falls people that he pays $7.13 county tax, $6.96 township tax, $9.20 school tax. And $2.30 of the $7.13 county tax represents the 4 mills "court house tax," the remaining $4.83 being for all other county purposes. Any other farmer attending such a meeting could get just as valuable information—but the Thief River Falls people don't want them to get that kind of information.

Yes that's why the Thief River Falls people won't argue the county division proposition in open debate.

The members of the Red Lake Falls anti-division committee have prepared a complete outline showing the tax rate in every part of the county. Any person attending any of the meetings to be held by the anti-division people from now until election can find out just what proportion of his taxes are paid for county, state, school or township purposes and people attending the meetings are invited to ask for any information they may desire.

All of the figures used in this article are supplied by County Auditor Latendresse over his hand and seal and are absolutely correct. Not even the Thief River people will question that statement. They can't; and that's why they refuse to debate openly.

The figures that have been used by Thief River Falls were also secured from the county auditor. But the county auditor did not inform them that the county rate is 45.6 mills. The figures show that average rate for all purposes, city, village, school, township, state, and the up river people have for the past three months been trying to create the impression among the voters that the county commissioners have levied a 45.6 mills tax for county purposes and squandered the money.

The Thief River Falls people have been talking about that 45.6 mills average tax rate and the extravagant and corrupt county board that causes it, when they knew that the county board had nothing whatever to do with any except the county tax which is about one-fourth of the average rate. In their city the levy for city and school purposes is 32.7 mills, nearly three times as much as the county tax and about three fourths as much as the 45.6 mills average.

They say that the tax rate has grown and grown. It has, but the county taxes have not grown. It is the city, village, township and school taxes that have been increasing.

Now, is that any reason for dividing the county? Will dividing the county reduce city, village, township or school district taxes?

Anybody anywhere in the county may secure any information he may desire by addressing "Secretary, Anti-division Committee, Red Lake Falls." Send the description of your land and find out just what proportion of the money you pay in taxes goes to the county. Any other information you may desire is yours for the asking.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE TALKS OUT

St. Paul, Oct. 25.—The Anti-Saloon League's endorsement of Mr. Gray would in itself have occasioned great concern at republican headquarters. The league has wide influence throughout the state and it is generously supported both by individuals, temperance and religeous organizations. Its following is especially strong in Scandinavian communities where temperance reform has made perhaps greater progress than elsewhere. The league has been at great pains in recent years to strengthen its position. It has maintained a corps of efficient workers in missionary work and in almost every pulpit it has its agent. On this account its active opposition is a thing to be feared by anyone who depends on public sentiment.

Talking Right Out.

And the League was not satisfied to merely endorse Mr. Gray and let it go at that. It gave reasons for its action and in doing so recited again the harrowing details both of the governor's record and that of his campaign manager, and, so far as Senator Smith is concerned, it did not stop at his temperance record but branded him as a politician who in a representative body was the political agent of selfish interests with whose welfare he was more concerned than with that of the people who elected him. The statement was all the more effective because dispassionate, and as I say it has occasioned more serious concern at Republican headquarters than anything that has happened since the campaign began.

Gordon Now Looked to Help Out.

The evidence of this is shown in several things. When the campaign was first opened there was a disposition to sit down on Sam Gordon, the Republican candidate for lieutenant governor. For one thing Sam had broken the slate to get himself nominated. He had said what he thought of Ed. Smith. For years he had in his paper been kicking over the traces and saying unpleasant things about the influences which had weight in the republican party. So when he appeared as a candidate at the Republican convention with those with whom he was about to associate he was about as welcome as a bull in a china shop and there was talk for a time about sticking a knife into him. Indeed some of the governor's influential supporters were inclined that it should be done. They were after the senate more than the governorship, the brewers, and they weren't going to take any chances with its presiding officer. At all events they weren't going to contribute to a campaign fund which would be used to elect any crank of a prohibitionist like Sam Gordon, and much more to the same purpose.

Smoothing Things Over.

Ed. Smith, however, is quite a diplomat and smoothed things over by pointing out that the lieutenant governor couldn't do any thing any way unless he had the senate with him as if they didn't like his committees they could frame them up to suit themselves. Evidently Gordon was tolerated, though it was made plain to him that he was looked upon as a black sheep. When he wanted to have meetings arranged for him he was snubbed, and at first the only place he could get a chance to talk was to get invited to a church meeting or something of that sort as he did at Minneapolis some weeks ago. Indeed it is said that he owed his meeting at Anoka to the efforts of Mr. Caswell, the candidate for the clerk of the supreme court, who like Gordon has no use for Ed. Smith and his crowd.

Applying the Whitewash.

Now, however, it is different and Gordon is in danger of being made a pet of. For one thing he has shown a willing disposition. For another he is supposed to be with the Anti-Saloon League, although as a matter of fact, for some reason or other they have always been suspicious of him and have never been satisfied with his failure to make a squaretoed declaration in favor of county option. But because of Mr. Gordon's assumed favor with the county option people it is relied upon he is to square Eberhart,

Continued On Page 4

THE GAZETTE'S BIG VOTING CONTEST

Miss Mayme Laurent Won First Prize on Ballots and Coupons.

Miss Mayme Laurent wins first prize for having the largest number of coupons and ballots.

Everyone was anxious to know the standing of the candidates, and many could scarcely wait until the paper was published. How can you blame them? Especially when such excellent prizes are offered.

Hereafter the votes will be counted and published every week, therefore get your votes in early so your friends can see what you are doing and what they are doing for you.

Miss Mayme Laurent won first prize for having 31,640 votes. The other successful candidates were Miss Zelia Quesnelle, 26,400 votes, Mildred Sortedahl 14,520 votes, Miss Lucie Crompe, 10,320 votes.

Special on Subscriptions.

We are going to give extra, an official ballot worth 2000 votes for every one dollar turned in on or before Nov. 12th by candidates or their friends. Candidates must have $10.00 or more turned in by themselves or friends by above date to be eligable to this special offer. Such an offer as this is what builds a standing that places you closer to the grand prize and you should not delay in taking advantage of it. You can easily secure that amount and more from your friends and relatives and now is the time to approach them for their back or future subscriptions. How many are going to take advantage of this special offer?

The candidates or their friends who are assisting them and who have already turned in some money will be allowed the amount to apply on this special offer.

If you have not secured a receipt book for collecting on subscriptions, you had better call at the office and got one at once.

If you are behind in the contest here is your opportunity to catch up. A little hustling for subscriptions from now until Nov. 12 will put you among the leaders.

Of the list of candidates there are only six who are makig active campaigns and yet there are eight valuable prizes. Surely it will pay some of the others to get busy for with so many valuable prizes a little effort will bring you one of them and possibly the piano.

The standings of the candidates are announced for the first time this week, though at this time the vote on subscriptions is not announced. Each week in the future the standings will be announced.

Following is the way the vote on ballots clipped from the paper and merchants' coupons stood Saturday night, Oct. 22:

Mayme Laurent	31,640
Zelia Quesnelle	26,400
Mildred Sortedahl	14,520
Lucie Crompe	10,320
Emma Sauve	5.180
Agnes Anderson	1,030
Delia Pigeon	50
Katie Dreeland	50
Mary Draeger	50
Amanda Johnson	50
Alice Wichterman	50
Mary LaFramboise	50
Ida Wolfe	50
Elizabeth Prenevost	50
Olive Generoux	50

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mrs. Wm. Zaiser.
M. Skala.
L. E. Ericson.
Jos. Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.

The Cost of Running Two Counties

How much more will it cost to run both Pennington and Red Lake counties than to run the present Red Lake county? That is a matter of great importance to the tax payers. We know that if the county is divided, the same territory and the same tax payers who now support one set of officers, will have to support two sets, and all the necessary expenses that go to keeping up the court house and jail. The salaries of nearly all county officers are regulated and set by provisions of law, and are usually based upon either the population of the county or its assessed valuation. Knowing what these will be and consulting the law, we can easily determine in advance what it will cost to pay the officers of both Red Lake county and Pennington county.

The population of the present Red Lake county, according to the census of 1905, was 15,955. By the same census, the territory comprising the proposed Pennington county has a population of 9,231, and the remainder of Red Lake county of 6,724. The assessed valuation of Red Lake county for 1910, as equalized by the county board is $3,849,965. The assessed valuation of the proposed Pennington county is $2,139,658, and of the remainder of Red Lake county $1,710,807. The auditor of Red Lake county receives a salary of $1200 per year, and clerk hire. The county treasurer receives the same salary as the auditor and clerk hire. As the law provides (Revised Laws of Minnesota for 1905, Section 492,) that in counties where the assessed valuation does not exceed four million dollars, both the county auditor and county treasurer shall receive $1200 per year and clerk hire, it follows that in case of division, the auditor and treasurer of Red Lake and Pennington counties would receive $1200 each, thus doubling the present salary.

Under the law, the present county commissioners of Red Lake county receive a salary of $175 per year, each, amounting to $875 for the five. In case of division, under the law, the commissioners of Red Lake and Pennington counties would receive $125 per year each, amounting to $725 for each county, nearly double the present salaries. Besides their salary, the commissioners receive mileage and extra pay for ditch meetings, and two counties would have to pay ten men instead of five as at present.

Under the law (General Laws of 1909, Chapter 470,) Red Lake county must pay its sheriff at least one thousand dollars per year and as much more as the board sees fit, besides his expenses. Under the same law, in case of division Pennington and Red Lake counties must each pay its sheriff at least eight hundred dollars and expenses.

Under the law, (General Laws of 1909, Chapter 335,) Red Lake county pays its clerk of court $800 per year. In case of division, under the same law, Pennington would pay its clerk $750 per year and the remaining Red Lake county $950 per year.

Under the law, (General Laws of 1909, Chapter 341,) Red Lake county now pays its judge of probate $1850 per year and clerk hire. Under the same law, in case of division, Pennington would pay its judge of probate $1000 pear year and Red Lake $725 per year with clerk hire for each.

The present county attorney of Red Lake couty receives $1200 per year. In case of division, each county would undoubtedly pay its county attorney at least $1000 per year, as no attorney of any ability would work for less.

Under the law, the county superintendent of any county must be paid not less than ten dollars for each organized school district in the county and $250 for expenses. Red Lake county now contains 115 school districts and the county superintendent receives a salary of $1200. In case of division, each county would probably pay its superintendent at least $1000, as no teacher able to fill the place would take the office for less, and do all the work connected with it.

If we add up the salary given above and without counting the clerk hire, for any office, mileage or expenses or extra pay for the commissioners or sheriff, we find that Red Lake county now pays its officers $9075 per year, and in case of division, Pennington county, under the law would pay the same set of officers $7925 and diminished Red Lake county $7550, a total salary in the two counties of $15475—that is to say in case of division, it will cost the tax payers of what is now Red Lake county $6400 more in these officers salaries alone to run the two counties than it does to run the present Red Lake county. And this is a moderate statement. Besides this you will have to pay clerk hire for two auditors, two treasures, two judges of probate, and the mileage and expenses of two sheriffs and of ten county commissioners instead of five.

In the face of all this the Thief River Falls people tell you that if you want to economize, you must divide the county and run two counties to save money.

Now in addition to the above, here are some more expenses which will be doubled by the division of Red Lake county. The follwing figures are taken from the financial statement of Red Lake county, showing the amounts expended in 1909, and are correct in every particular, and certified to by the county auditor. By consulting the financial statement, which was published in the newspapers of the county last March, you may prove every figure given here. If the county is divided, two court houses instead of one must be maintained, heated, furnished, provided with janitor, telephones, blanks, books and stationery. In 1909 Red Lake county paid $171.12 for lights, $278.60 for fuel, $147.55 for telephone rent and use, $600 for janitor, $2109.36 for blank books, blanks, stationery and supplies for the county offices, total of $3301.61. These are only the ordinary expenses which must be paid every year.

The law provides that every county must have an auditing board to check up the auditor's and treasurer's books. In 1909 Red Lake county paid its auditing board $243. This will be doubled in the two counties. The law provides for certain official printing in each county. In 1909 Red Lake county paid $883.68 for its printing, and this was much less than it has been in many other years. This will be doubled in the two counties.

Each county will necessarily maintain a jail, and the law provides for the payment of a jailer's salary, and the board of prisoners. In 1909 Red Lake county paid for jailor's salary $552 and for board of prisoners $326.98. A total of $888.98. There is no reason to doubt that this would be doubled in maintaining two counties.

The law provides for holding two terms of the district court each year, in Red Lake county, and as it is customary through the state to hold at least two terms of court yearly in each county, it is safe to say that Pennington county would also demand two terms a year to take care of its court business. Terms of court are expensive. In 1909 Red Lake county paid grand jurors $387.10, to petit jurors $901.94, to court deputies $45, to clerk of court deputies $76.50, for witness fees $50.72; a total of $1461.26. These were only the ordinary expenses of the court and are in fact less than they have been in several other years. To hold four terms of court in the two counties, would cost twice as much.

All the above expenses added together make a total of $6778.48, and comprise the ordinary running expenses of the county for the year 1909, and they are the expenses which any county would ordinarily and necessarily incur and pay during the running year. If you divide Red Lake county, each of the counties left by the division must pay this amount as a necessary result of its existence and adding this amount to the $8400 in officers salaries, we find that by making two counties out of Red Lake, the tax payers must pay their extra $18178.48 every year as a penalty for the pleasure they experienced by creating Pennington county; that is to say, where you now pay $18178.48 for these expenses and salaries in Red Lake county, if you make two counties out of Red Lake, you will be paying $25,356.96 for the same things.

Can you see how you are going to save any money on that? Perhaps you will say, "Well I will live in Pennington County, and I won't have to pay the expenses of Red Lake county," but you must remember that the expenses of Pennington county will be practically the same as those of Red Lake county are before the division and you won't have the help of all the tax payers of Red Lake county to pay those expenses with. It will be just the same as if you are today supporting your family on one hundred sixty acres of land, and tomorrow you will lose half of your land, but you have the same family to support. Can you see how that is a benefit to you, or how you are going to save money by it?

FATHER SCHLACHTER.

Catholic Missionary at St. Mary's Church This Week.

Rev. Fr. Schlachter of Ohio, a missionary priest, is holding meetings at St. Mary's church every day and evening of this week. There are meetings at 9:30 in the morning and at 7:30 in the evening. All are invited to attend the evening meetings. Fr. Schlachter will be here until Sunday and possibly longer.

McEWEN WILL SPEAK

State Labor Commissioner in Red Lake Falls Next Tuesday Evening.

Hon. W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner, will speak next Tuesday evening. Mr. McEwen is one of the big men of the Johnson administration, is a fluent speaker, and everybody should turn out and hear him.

EDUCATIONAL MEETING.

Northwestern Minnesota Association at East Grand Forks.

The annual meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Educational association will be held at East Grand Forks Nov. 10, 11 and 12. The theme of the meeting is to be "How to Keep the Industrial Education Work Close to the People" and there will be many practical talks on industrial work in the public schools. Supt. A. M. Dunton of McIntosh is president of the association and Mrs. Kate Kranz Munch of Crookston is secretary.

Of Course They Declined.

At the Thief River Falls county division rally in St. Hilaire last week Attorney Grady of Red Lake Falls was present and invited the Thief River Falls men to meet him in debate on the question of county division, but the divisionists declined. Of course they had to as they have got only one old story that it took them six months to make up, and which they have told so often that some of them are beginning to believe it themselves.—Sunbeam.

DISTRICT COURT IN SESSION THIS WEEK

Few Cases Disposed of and Court Adjourned Until Thursday November 10.

District court, Judge William Watts presiding, convened Monday for the general October term, and was in session until Wednesday and then adjourned until Nov. 10.

The case of Sieff vs. Stolaas was settled, as was the case of Dahlen vs. St. Paul, Mpls. & Man. Ry. Co.

The case of Sorseleil vs. Red Lake Falls Milling company was also settled without costs to either party.

In the case of the city of Thief River Falls vs. Mrs. John Ritz, the conviction in the municipal court was affirmed. Defendant was convicted of violating a city ordinance.

A tax case, State vs. Prairie Elevator company, was dismissed, the defendant having paid the taxes.

Other cases are to be taken up when court convenes Nov. 10. At that time citizens summoned for grand jury service will be required to report.

INDUSTRIAL CONTESTS VERY SUCCESSFUL

Large Attendance of School Children at Meeting Saturday Afternoon.

More than three hundred people attended the industrial contest held at the high school building Saturday afternoon, there being good delegations of school children, parents and teachers from all the districts surrounding the city. There were many very good exhibits of grains, vegetables, sewing and cooking, there being so many exhibitors and prize winners that there is not space for the pulication of the list in this issue of the Gazette.

Miss Weld and Mr. Swedberg of the high school faculty officiated as judges. After the program lunch was served by the domestic science department of the high school in the domestic science room.

GOVERNOR IS COMING.

Will Deliver Political Address in Red Lake Falls.

Governor A. O. Eberhart will speak in Red Lake Falls next Monday. He will deliver a political address at the Bijou theatre at one o'clock. The Red Lake Falls concert band will play and no doubt many people will attend the meeting to hear what the governor may have to say. After the meeting the governor will be taken to St. Hilaire in an automobile. He will speak there at three o'clock and at Thief River Falls in the evening.

FAVORITE
BASE BURNERS

More Radiator surface than any other base burner made. Triple exposed flue.

Size 14, for 4 to 5 room house	$51.50
Size 15, for 5 to 6 room house	55.50
Size 16, for 6 to 7 room house	60.00
Size 17, for 7 to 8 room house	63.00

The heat passes from the fire pot into the two outside down flues, across the bottom of the stove, under the ash pan where it enters the central flue. It then passes back over the bottom and up the central flue to the chimney.

This great radiating surface is more than doubled because the flues are set out from the back of the stove. The flues therefore radiate from all sides, and the back of the stove radiates heat also. This feature alone makes the FAVORITE the best and most economical heating stove in existance.

The material from which the FAVORITE is made is all of the best grades—the doors, mica frames and joints being absolutely air tight.

Mittwer's Hardware
Exclusive Agency
Red Lake Falls

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Nebraska pensions granted: John Block, $15; Andrew J. Miller, $15; Alfred Nye, $20; Carrie M. Peters, $12; Abram Sutherland, $15; David Voris, $20.

The secretary of the interior has designated 167,000 acres of land in Wyoming as being subject to disposition under the provision of the enlarged homestead act. The land is in townships 45 to 51, north, range 100 to 102 west. Up to date a little over 17,000,000 acres of land in this state have been designated under this act.

By a coincidence which attracted attention, the third case to be argued before the supreme court of the United States after Justice Hughes became a member of that tribunal was one in which a high compliment was paid to him as governor of New York. It involves the validity of the Missouri 2-cent passenger rate law of 1907.

When the time comes to recognize the new Portuguese republic, expressly or impliedly, or to refuse to recognize it, there are ample precedents to govern America's course. This government would accord recognition by written or oral declaration, by entering into negotiations, by dispatch or reception of diplomatic agents, by exchange of consuls or by formation of conventional relations.

Secretary of the Interior Richard A. Ballinger, stopping at Muscogee, Okl., announced he was there to get into closer touch with conditions as they exist among the Indians of Oklahoma, so that he can better recommend needed legislation to congress. As all of the unallotted lands of the five civilized tribes are to be sold by the government in December, the secretary is investigating that matter.

The president withdrew 4,100 acres of land from the public domain in Montana.

A council of Christian union to sweep away denominational barriers was proposed at the Topeka convention.

Fire totally destroyed the Adeline Sugar company's plant at Franklin, Pa. Loss, $200,000.

Special agents at Washington are looking into allegations of the existence of a lumber trust.

The supreme court postponed action on most of the big suits pending until there is a full bench.

Reciprocity negotiations will probably be in progress between Canada and the United States within ten days.

The will of Horace B. Silliman of Cohoes, N. Y., a former textile manufacturer, bequeathes the estate of more than $400,000 to philanthropic purposes.

To the already large area of about 17,000,000 acres, the department of the interior has added 167,000 acres of land to the enlarged homestead portion of Wyoming.

Thirty-six cigar factories out of the thirty-eight belonging to the Manufacturers' association will open their doors at Tampa to all cigarmakers willing to work on the manufacturers' terms.

Rear Admiral John A. Rogers, U. S. N., retired, arrived from Alaska, convinced that his missing son, Alexander, who went north in the summer of 1909, perished on the Valdez-Fairbanks trail.

Acting Secretary of State Alvey A. Adee, who has ridden over much of this country and Europe on a bicycle without mishap, was injured while riding in Washington when he attempted to avoid running over a yellow dog.

Adolph Rothbarth, the hop merchant, who pleaded guilty to having defrauded various banks in New York out of $300,000, was sentenced to serve not less than three and not more than seven years in Sing Sing prison.

Announcement was made at Cleveland of a gift of $250,000 by John D. Rockefeller to the medical department of Western Reserve university. The gift, which is a personal one, is made conditional on the raising of $750,000 more by the university.

Another chapter was added to the history of aviation when the French dirigible balloon Clement-Bayard made the voyage from Compeigne to London in the remarkable time of six hours, a journey requiring seven hours by the fastest express trains.

The long-standing uneasiness among railroad employes in France developed in a declaration to strike on the part of those employed on the northern roads. The decision is a result of a refusal of the company to grant the demands of the men.

A move toward unification of all of Chicago's street car lines was made when the city council passed an ordinance permitting the rehabilitation of the Chicago Traction company and the purchase of the Consolidated Railways by the Chicago Railways company.

Uniformity in grain inspection throughout the United States and in the rules of trading in all exchanges will be the principal subject considered at the fourteenth annual convention of the grain dealers' national association, which held its initial session in Chicago.

Consul Chamberlain telegraphed the state department from Lourenzo Marquez, East Africa, that the governor general of that colony continued in office under the new Portuguese regime; that the republic had been proclaimed throughout the provinces and that the translation was peaceable.

The Missouri state primary election law of 1909 is attacked in a petition filed in the supreme court declaring it unconstitutional. The petition was filed by attorneys for John Felz to compel the board of election commissioners of St. Louis to place his name on the official ballot as an independent candidate for the office of justice of the peace.

A violent collision occurred on the streets of Valencia, Spain, between republicans and members of the Catholic club.

It is officially stated that the British war office is considering the possibility of securing a regular supply of horses for the mounted troops in Jamaica.

Foreign.

A Lisbon dispatch to a news agency in London says that Great Britain has recognized the republic of Portugal.

The emperor and empress of Germany gave a state banquet concluding the celebration of the centenary of the University of Berlin.

King Manuel is engaged in the preparation of a manifesto for distribution to the press of Europe setting forth his side concerning the revolution. The manifesto will not be published until some time after the king's arrival in England.

The Philippine legislature has convened. In his message Governor General Forbes congratulated the government on the results of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and says that the finances of the Philippines are satisfactory. The fiscal year closes with a surplus in excess of $1,000,000.

Spanish monks and nuns who have fled from Lisbon are arriving at Vigo, Badajoz and other points on the frontier. At Badajoz, on the order of a bishop the nuns are succored at the Carmelite convent. Owing to pending legislation affecting the religious orders, the influx of refugees is embarrassing to the Spanish government.

General.

Argument was concluded in the government suit to dissolve the merger of the Union and Southern Pacific.

Every union man at the Illinois Central shops at Paducah, Ky., walked out through sympathy to the striking carmen.

United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, who, with the members of his family, has been in Europe for a month, returned last week.

Stanley Ketchel, champion middleweight pugilist of the world, died at Springfield, Mo., as a result of being shot by Walter A. Hurtz, a ranch hand.

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, died suddenly at his home in Fort Dodge on the 15th, after an illness of about one week. His death was due to dilation of the heart.

Census Supervisor S. C. Beach, who directed the census for the Portland district, scouted the report from Washington that the census returns of Portland and other coast cities had been padded.

At Greensburg, Pa., after more than thirty-six hours' deliberation, a jury returned a verdict finding eighteen deputy sheriffs guilty of voluntary manslaughter. They are accused of killing Paul Reno, a miner, in a strike riot last May.

Edward N. Whitson, judge of the United States circuit court of the eastern district of Washington, died at Spokane.

Regular operation of Michigan Central passenger trains through the recently completed tunnel under the Detroit river, connecting this city with Windsor, Ont., have begun.

Speeches eulogistic of Francesco Ferrer were made at a New York mass meeting.

It is estimated that $47,920,848 will be required to continue the construction of the Panama canal during the fiscal year beginning July 1 next.

A raid and arrest at New York is declared to reveal a gigantic swindle in customs duties.

After months of secret effort and patient waiting, the officials of the general land office are able to announce the indictment of a number of claimants to valuable coal lands in Alaska.

Personal.

Congressman McCall of Massachusetts was renominated.

Aviator Eugene Ely abandoned his Chicago-New York flight.

Charles E. Hughes took the oath as a justice of the supreme court.

Colonel Roosevelt took an air ride with Aviator Hoxsey at St. Louis.

Senator La Follette, operated upon for gall stones, is rapidly recovering.

Governor Eberhart calls the tragedy in northern Minnesota a ghastly lesson.

A visit of Senator Root to President Taft caused coupling of his name with a supreme court vacancy.

Colonel Roosevelt took issue with President Taft on the duty of the government in reclamation work in states.

The banns of the marriage of Prince Victor Napoleon and Princess Clementine of Belgium have been published.

Commander Robert E. Peary will be promoted to the rank of captain in the corps of naval civil engineers on October 20.

Lambert Tree, former circuit judge at Chicago, died at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York of heart failure. He was 78 years old.

The will of the late George W. Patten, grain dealer and brother of James A. Patten, filed for probate, disposed of a $2,400,000 estate.

Representative Ernest W. Roberts was renominated for congress at the republican congressional convention of the Seventh Massachusetts district.

Conductor Dell Wilson and Motorman B. F. Cornwell are held responsible for the Kingsland, Ind., traction disaster, which cost the lives of forty-three persons.

Beverly House Is Locked.

Beverly.—President Taft bade goodbye to Beverly Manday and motored to Boston to take a train for New York, where he will stop two days before going to Washington.

JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER.
United States Senator from Iowa.

SEN. DOLLIVER DIES SUDDENLY

SENATOR STRICKEN BY HEART FAILURE AT FORT DODGE, IOWA.

HELD HIGH PLACE AS STATESMAN

Campaign Is Upset.—Blow Dealt Insurgents by Death of Ardent Champion of Their Cause.

Fort Dodge, Oct. 17. — Jonathan Prentice Dolliver, senior United States senator from Iowa, died at his home here Saturday evening, while a physician stood over him making an examination of his heart with a stethoscope.

Death came without a moment's warning, and Dr. E. M. Vanlvetten, who was making the examination, when the instrument stopped, thought the stethoscope had been broken. He looked up into the face of the senator to find that, silently and with tragic suddenness, the death messenger had called the soul of the statesman.

Heart trouble was alone the cause of the death, and the minor ills which have been bothering the senator during the last three weeks had little effect on his passing. Although Senator Dolliver had been ill for three weeks or more, during the last few days he had been up and around, even as late as 2 p. m. today.

The colleagues of the dead senator were early to offer their condolence, and there were many words of sympathy from the statesmen and diplomats of Washington.

Mrs. Dolliver, her two daughters, Margaret and Frances, and her son George were in the room when Senator Dolliver died. A sister, Miss Gay Dolliver, is dean of women at Morningside college in Sioux City, Iowa; R. H. Dolliver, brother, is a minister in the Methodist church, but has not been in Fort Dodge during the illness of the senator.

Funeral services will be held Thursday at 2 o'clock. The obsequies will be in charge of Rev. W. H. Spence, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Fort Dodge. Bishop Nawell Dwight Hillis of New York City Frank Ounsaulus of Chicago, Dr. Newel Dwight Hillis of New York City and Gov. B. F. Carroll of Iowa, were invited to make funeral orations. If the weather is good the services will be held on the lawn of the Dolliver home. If this is not feasible, the orations will be delivered in the First Methodist church. Burial will be in Oakland cemetery, Fort Dodge, by the side of Senator Dolliver's parents.

Politics in Chaos.

The political situation in Iowa is in chaos. The thought that death would end Mr. Dolliver's term had never been entertained. It had been expected that he would not only complete his term, but be given another term. The campaign had been carried on wholly without thought of the senatorship. If Dolliver had died a week ago it would have been possible to submit the senatorship to the voters as a primary proposition on the day of election. It is too late now. The governor has the power of appointment.

Governor Carroll is a candidate for re-election and is standing as favoring neither faction of the republican party, and, it is believed, he will not care to appoint anyone until after election. He may announce an appointment after election, but it is considered more likely that he will wait until the legislature meets in about three months and allow it to elect.

Among the available men among the progressives are former State Senator A. B. Funk, of Spirit Lake; Attorney General W. H. Byers, of Harlen; former Governor Warren Garst of Coon Rapids, and Congressmen Hubbard and Haugen. Among the standpatters former Congressmen Hepburn and Lacey and Congressman Walter I. Smith of Council Bluffs are considered.

An ability to talk—an oratorical ability which stamped him a leader wherever men congregated—made Senator J. P. Dolliver a central figure and brought him from the seclusion of Fort Dodge, where he was practicing law in 1889.

Blaine Hears of Dolliver.

Blaine heard of Dolliver when the former was running for president back in 1884, against Cleveland. Dolliver was then but 26 years old. Blaine made up his mind to secure the oratorical services of the young orator, sent for him and he and Dolliver stumped the east. Dolliver seemed to be destined to become a public figure and would have been heard from much sooner if Blaine had been elected. But although Cleveland won out, the young man from Iowa had accumulated some fame as an orator. Shortly after that memorable campaign and after Dolliver had gone back to his law practice at Fort Dodge, the "boys" began to run him for congress. He did not take the running seriously until 1890, when he got out and carried his district. From that time he grew in prominence and his oratorical powers carried him to leadership.

Jonathan Prentiss Dolliver was born near Kingwood, W. Va., Feb. 6, 1858. His ancestors were of good old New England stock, sailors and fishermen. Mr. Dolliver's father was a circuit riding preacher in the old dominion, a strong Methodist and a vigorous speaker.

Senator Dolliver was graduated from the University of West Virginia in 1875 and was admitted to the bar in 1878. Previous to this time he had already begun to interest himself in politics, and, as early as 1870, when he was but 18 years of age, he made a political speech at Clinton Furnace, W. Va., which was thought notable. During the Hayes-Tilden campaign he spoke at Morgantown and various other places and already began to be looked upon as a promising man. Shortly afterward he removed to Iowa, was elected to the fifty-first congress from the tenth Iowa district and was re-elected to the fifty-second, fifty-third, fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth congresses. He was appointed United States senator to fill a vacancy in 1900 and was elected to the same office in 1902. He was re-elected in 1907 and was chairman of the committee on education and labor.

Tolstoi's Refusal Forestalled.

Christiania, Oct. 17.—In a letter to Verdens Gang, a Christiania newspaper, Count Tolstoi declared that he has no wish to receive the Nobel Peace prize. The committee which has the duty of awarding this prize had given up the idea of bestowing it upon the noted Russian author before his letter was received.

Soldiers Back From Philippines.

San Francisco, Oct. 17.—The United States army transport Sheridan has arrived here from Manila with 300 soldiers returning from service in the Philippines.

American Sculptor Dies.

Florence, Oct. 17.—Larking Mead, the American sculptor, died here. He was the sculptor of the colossal statue of the Father of Waters in the Minneapolis City Hall.

Speedy Divorce For Actress.

Reno, Oct. 17.—It required exactly a half hour for Mrs. Virginia Harned Sothern to secure her much-coveted divorce decree from E. H. Sothern, the actor.

Force of Habit.

"They say Doctor Sawyer, the famous surgeon, is a very rude man in social life—that he never speaks to anybody on the street."

"That's professional habit. You see he is so used to cutting people."

The Explanation.

"Jagsby said the neglect of his friend to ask him to dinner cut him to the quick."

"Oh, I guess he meant a cut to the quick lunch counter."

Not for Him.

"Ever use an automobile for a getaway?" inquired the first burglar.

"Nix," answered the second burglar. "We fellers run risks enough without taking chances on being pinched for speeding."

Not His Business.

"Doctor Grouchy is one of the men who never seems to like his neighbor to enjoy good fortune."

"Well, can you in justice expect a doctor to wish others well?"

SHIPS WRECKED

MANY REPORTS OF DAMAGES FROM RECENT STORM IN SOUTH.

NO LIVES REPORTED LOST

In a Number of Instances Crews of Vessels Wrecked by Terrific Wind Are Reported Safe —Narrow Escapes.

Key West, Fla., via Havana, Cuba, Oct. 19.—Further news of damage wrought by the tropical storm that swept the southern extremity of Florida was received today. The Norwegian steamer Fos, from Port Tampa Oct. 12 for Europe via Norfolk, is ashore off Boca Grande Island. Her crew of eighteen men has arrived here.

The American steamer Herman Frasch, from New York Oct. 13 for Sabine, Tex., is disabled off Alligator Key lighthouse.

The Sand Key lighthouse reports the British steamer Inventor, from Galveston, Oct. 11 for Liverpool, rescued sixteen sailors, ten from the Spanish bark Hugo and six from the American schooner Martha. The Inventor proceeded. The Hugo was bound from Corruna Sept. 9, for Appalachicola, Fla. The Martha was last reported at Port Arthur, Tex., in August.

The American steamer Neuces has arrived here enroute from Galveston for New York and reports that lighthouses on Rebecca Shoal, Tortugas Island and Garden Key are dark.

Charlestown, S. C., Oct. 19.—Early today the wind reached a velocity of sixty miles an hour, accompanied by an excessive rainfall. It is said that the growing crops have suffered severely. The German cruiser Freya, en route from here to Havana, is believed to have encountered the hurricane at its worst. The captain left here Saturday despite the storm warnings.

BALLOONS KEEP GOING.

Seven Still in the Air After Covering Nearly One Thousand Miles.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 19.—Seven of the balloons which left here Monday in the international race are believed to be in the air in Canada.

These were last reported from northern Michigan near Lake Huron. One of them, the Dusseldorf II, is making a more northerly course than the others. The trip across Lake Michigan was made successfully by eight of the entrants.

The balloon St. Louis, No. 4 was forced to land near Hillman, Mich., after traveling 655 miles because of lack of ballast to negotiate the flight across Lake Huron.

With the Million Club down the hope of the United States winning the race rests in the America II, piloted by Allen R. Hawley. The third balloon that is down is the Conder. It like the Million Club, did not attempt to cross Lake Michigan and landed in Wisconsin near Two Rivers.

The balloons which came to earth yesterday have cambric gas bags. The others have gas bags of rubber. The record made by the late Oscar Erbsloeh in the 1907 race of 873.4 miles, it is believed, will be broken.

Inspector Dew is Witness.

London, Oct. 19.—The prosecution today continued the case against Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, charged with the murder of his actress wife, Belle Elmore, by introducing the testimony of Inspector Dew of Scotland Yard. The inspector's evidence was a repetition of the now familiar story which he had recited previously in the lower courts.

While Alfred Aspinwall Tobin, acting counsel for Crippen, was cross examining Dew with the object of showing that the defendant exhibited no trace of anxiety or nervousness during the police investigation at his Hilldrop Crescent home, one of the jurors fainted and court was adjourned for two hours.

To Be Effective Feb. 17.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.—By an issue today the interstate commerce commission directs that the long and short haul provisions of the recent interstate commerce act shall become effective Feb. 17, 1911. The commission holds that a through rate that is higher than a combination of intermediate rates is prima facie unreasonable. Its intention to enforce this principle and to grant exceptions only in extreme cases was announced by the commission.

Spain on Verge of War.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The Petit Parisien today claims that Spain is on the verge of a rupture with Morocco over the payment of an indemnity of 130, million pesotas, approximately $26,000,000, which Spain edicted following a successful campaign against Riff tribesmen in the summer of 1909 and contemplates despatching 40,000 soldiers across to the Riff coast to occupy Tetuan.

Massachusetts Makes Gain.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The state of Massachusetts has a population of 3,366,416, according to the enumeration made in the sixteenth census, as announced by the directors of the census today. This is an increase of 661,070, or 20 per cent over the population of 1900 when the total was 2,805,346. The increase from 1890 to 1900 was 666,403.

Wants Alaska Developed.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 19.— James R Wickersham delegate to congress from Alaska, arrived in Seattle yesterday on his way to Washington and declared that he will urge the passage of legislation for the development of the northern territory.

The legislative policy to be urged by Delegate Wickersham contains the following:

"An elective legislature for Alaska that shall be enabled to make laws governing domestic affairs."

"The opening of the resources of Alaska so that the individual and not the corporation shall benefit."

Rhode Island Nominees.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 19.—Governor Pothier was renominated for a third term by acclamation at the republican state convention held here today. All other state officers were unanimously renominated.

The ticket follows:

Governor—Adam J. Pothier.

Lieutenant Governor—Jonas W. Bliss.

Secretary of State—J. Fred Parker.

General Treasurer—Walter A. Read.

Attorney General—Wm. B. Greenhaugh.

The platform was adopted without opposition.

PICKED UP BY VESSEL

WELLMAN'S AIRSHIP IS WRECKED OFF ATLANTIC COAST.

Entire Crew is Picked up by the Steamship Trent After Exciting Time 150 Miles at Sea.

New York, N. Y., Oct. 18.—A wireless message to the New York Times from Captain Dowd of the Royal Mail steamer Trent says that the Trent picked up Wellman and the crew of the America at 6 o'clock this morning.

The airship had been abandoned. The rescue was made in latitude 35.43, longitude 68.18.

The position reported by Captain Dowd indicates that Wellman and his crew were picked up at a point about 150 miles due east of Cape Hatteras on the North Carolina shore.

New York, Oct. 18.—A wireless received by Sandison & Son, local agents for the Royal Mail steamer packet line plying between New York and Cuba and Bermuda was signed by Commander Dowd of the steamer Trent and read as follows:

"At 5 a. m. today sighted Wellman's airship America in distress. Got signals by the Morse code that she required assistance and help. After three hours maneuvering and fresh winds blowing got Wellman with entire crew and the cat. They were hauled safely on board. All well. America was abandoned in latitude 35.43 north, longitude 68.18 west."

New York, N. Y., Oct. 18.—President Taft sent a telegram from the Ellis Island to the navy department in Washington today giving the department authority to act in the Wellman matter. The president asked that inquiries be made as to the situation and that whatever assistance was necessary be rendered.

Florida Cities Suffer.

St. Augustine, Fla., Oct. 18.—The entire business section of St. Augustine is flooded with inrushing water today while the wind and waves are still rising, with no indication of when their limit will be reached.

The water is pouring over the sea wall from the highest storm line in sixteen years. It is feared that tonight will be still worse and that it will sweep high over the city. So far there has been no loss of life.

Scores of persons were driven from their homes today by the rising tide. Several hotels on the water front were flooded in their lower floors. The tide receded slightly about noon thanks due to rise again tonight. Two launches were sunk in the bay, but no lives were lost. The electric power plant was forced to shut down.

Savannah, Ga., Oct. 18.—At 7 o'clock this morning the wind reached thirty-three miles an hour and was apparently increasing steadily. The barometer at 9 o'clock read 29.75, having steadily declined since yesterday. Shipping in the harbor is preparing for the expected blow and the local wireless station is trying to warn vessels at sea.

Crippen Trial Begins.

London, Oct. 18. — Dr. Hawley H. Crippen today was put on trial for his life, charged with the murder of his wife, Cora Belle Crippen. The jury, a typical body of middle class tradesmen and clerks, was secured with little trouble.

Crippen pleaded not guilty and listened intently and with an anxious expression as Richard D. Muir made the opening statement for the prosecution.

Lord Chief Justice Presides.

The trial, which is being held in New Bailey, promises to be one of the most historic in the annals of that famous court. No less a personage than Lord Chief Justice Alverstone is presiding.

Ethel Clara Leneve, the doctor's typist, who has been indicted as an accessory after the fact, was not in court. Her trial will follow in the event of Crippen's conviction.

Balloons Making Good Race.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—One balloon, the Million Club, which was entered in the international race, landed near Racine, Wis., this morning and nine others are crossing or have crossed Lake Michigan.

The balloons left here yesterday afternoon in the race for the James Gordon Bennett cup and prizes amounting to $4,750.

Only one balloon, the Helvetia entry and winner of the 1908 race from Berlin, had not been seen or identified up to noon.

Shelby, Mich., Oct. 18.—Two balloons have been sighted after crossing Lake Michigan. One was seen at Muskegon and the other northeast of this place.

Strike Did Not Materialize.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 18.—A proposed general strike of the mechanical trades employed by the Missouri Pacific & Iron Mountain system, which was scheduled for tomorrow was postponed until Thursday by James O'Connell, president of the Machinists' union at noon today. General Manager Sullivan, by telegraph assured O'Connell that a definite settlement would be reached Thursday.

Announces His Own Death.

Aberdeen, S. D., Oct. 19.—While riding with a neighbor Christopher Impecoven, a pioneer of Marshall county, residing near Newark, exclaimed: "Oh, my heart has stopped," and fell over dead. He was 77 years old, and in apparent good health.

Strike Threatens Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 18.—The employes of the Winnipeg electric railway gave an ultimatum to the company this morning that if certain dismissed employes who are officers of the union are not reinstated they will take steps to strike at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Twelve hundred are involved.

Victim of Football.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 18.—Claude H. Bucll, a student at Western high school died today of injuries received in a football game Sunday. He was kicked in the head and suffered from hemorrhage of the brain.

To Remove Girl to Jail.

Ashland, Wis., Oct. 18.—Almyra Dietz will be taken from the Ashland hospital tomorrow to Hayward to the Sawyer county jail. Her removal is not generally known and will be kept a secret to avoid a demonstration at the depot when the girl is removed.

Lawyers Deny Story.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 18.—The Russell estate lawyers today gave out an interview in which they vigorously denied that they had settled with the Dakota claimant. This story was sent out from here last evening.

TROPICAL STORM

OF UNUSUAL SEVERITY VISITED GULF COAST AND ISLAND OF CUBA.

ATTAINED HIGH VELOCITY

Storm Is Either of Record Breaking Proportions or Has Two Centers Which Is a Rarity in Weather Observations.

Havana, Oct. 17.—Wire communication with the interior is cut off and the situation outside the city is in doubt. The town of Batabano is said to be under water to a depth of many feet. A large number of lives have been lost there, according to reports. A report from Regla, across the harbor, says that many persons have been killed there.

It is rumored that a great number of sailors and longshoremen have been drowned in the harbor. It is probable that most of the fatalities and the greatest monetary damage has been done in Pinar Del Rio, where the destruction of Thursday and Friday has been added to greatly since last night, it is believed.

The sea before noon had swept the custom house sheds for a distance of half a mile and was carrying off merchandise valued at hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The gale unroofed the main customs warehouse and the contents of the building were drenched. This building contained the most valuable goods in the harbor.

The coal hoists of the Havana Coal Co. at Casa Blanca, across the harbor and a mile from Morro castle, have been wrecked.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 17.—Advices received by the Louisville weather bureau this morning from gulf observatories indicate that the hurricane which has been blowing in the Gulf of Mexico has either attained a record breaking proportions or is a "twin" hurricane with two centres, a rarity in meteorological annals.

Weather observers report high tides at Galveston and Key West. At Key West at 7 this morning the velocity of the wind was forty-five miles an hour from the east with wind, rain and tide increasing.

The barometer was at the low mark of 29.3 and still falling.

Havana, Oct. 17.—A cyclone that struck the island yesterday is increasing. Its velocity is appalling. Beyond a doubt it is more serious than the hurricane of 1906, which cost many lives and damage to the amount of millions of dollars.

The custom house warehouses are flooded and the roof of the main building has been blown away. The national observatory reports that the disturbance is only beginning and will last probably for twenty hours.

MRS. HOWE DEAD.

Gifted Author of Battle Hymn of the Republic Passes Away.

Middletown, R. I., Oct. 17.—Mrs. Julia Ward Howe died at her summer home here today.

Death was due to heart failure resulting from advanced age and severe cold recently contracted. She was 91 years of age.

Mrs. Howe was born in New York in 1819 and married Dr. Samuel Gridley Howe in 1843, being associated with him in editing The Boston Commonwealth, an anti-slavery journal, and in his philanthropic work generally up to the time of his death in 1876.

She inherited her literary talent from her mother, Julia Rush Ward, receiving her education at home and at schools in New York. After her marriage she read extensively in German philosophy, and afterward became deeply interested in woman's suffrage and other reforms. She became well known as a writer and lecturer on social subjects.

Her poetry includes Passion Flowers, Words for the Hour, Later Lyrics, and From Sunset Ridge. Her finest poem was The Battle Hymn of the Republic and was written while visiting the camps near Washington during the civil war. It was first published in The Atlantic Monthly in 1861.

Some of her other works are: A Trip to Cuba, From the Oak to the Olive, Sex and Education, Modern Society, Life of Margaret Fuller, Is Polite Society Polite, and Other Essays. She also wrote two dramas, one of which was produced. Mrs. Howe frequently preached from Unitarian pulpits.

Wellman Still Going.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Walter Wellman's airship America had not communicated with ships so far as known up to 8 this morning since sending his last message at 12:45 p. m. yesterday.

Following the trans-Atlantic steamer line, the great balloon passed through the night and morning hours about 300 or 400 miles from the New England shore, moving towards Sable Island, N. S. It was expected the wireless station there would be able to communicate with the America before noon.

Drowned in Cistern.

Lisbon, N. D., Oct. 17.—The lifeless body of Mrs. Erick Hanson, aged about 70 years, was found in a cistern at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Martin Shelber, east of Buttzville.

Rockefeller Makes Gift.

New York, Oct. 17.—It was announced shortly after 1 o'clock today that John D. Rockefeller would this afternoon give to the Rockefeller institute for medical research an additional sum of $3,820,000, bringing his donations to this institution up to an aggregate of $9,000,000.

Twelve Drown in Wreck.

Rio De Janeiro, Oct. 17.—The British freight steamer Port Marnock is reported ashore of Cape Frie. Twelve of the crew were drowned. The Port Marnock sailed from San Lorenzo, Argentina on Oct. 5 for Leith, Scotland.

To Remove Girl to Jail.

Ashland, Wis., Oct. 18.—Almyra Dietz will be taken from the Ashland hospital tomorrow to Hayward to the Sawyer county jail. Her removal is not generally known and will be kept a secret to avoid a demonstration at the depot when the girl is removed.

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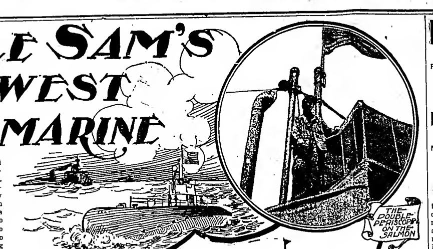
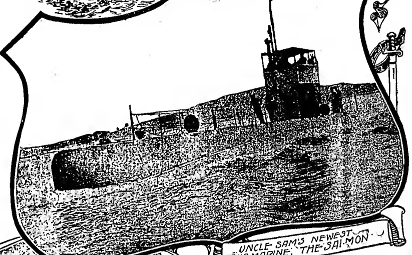
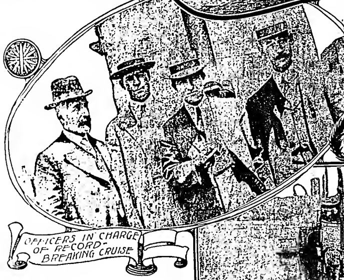
UNCLE SAM'S NEWEST SUBMARINE

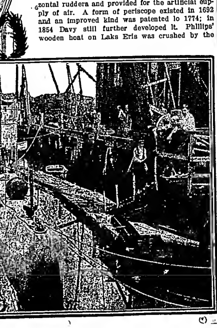

THE DOUBLE PERISCOPE ON THE SALMON


UNCLE SAM'S NEWEST SUBMARINE, THE SALMON

UNCLE SAM'S newest and most interesting submarine boat, the Salmon, is an object of international interest just now and is hailed on both sides of the Atlantic as the most remarkable submarine boat in the world. This fame is due to the Salmon's recent record-breaking cruise from the Atlantic coast to Bermuda and return—a deep-sea voyage such as has had no parallel in the history of under-water craft. The cruise to Bermuda was not only the first cruise by a submarine to a foreign port or out of sight of land, but it was the longest virtually continuous run ever attempted by such a vessel. The total distance covered aggregated nearly 1,700 miles and, as it happened, the little vessel encountered very rough weather during a considerable part of the trip.

Not only did this nautical excursion establish a new record for vessels of the American navy, but it surpassed all foreign achievements. The best performances previously recorded by American vessels of this type was found in the run of the submarine Viper from Cape Lookout to Annapolis, Md., a distance of about 483 knots, and the cruise of a flotilla of submarines from New York to Annapolis, a distance of 385 knots. Among the foreign performances of such vessels there stands out the record of


OFFICERS IN CHARGE OF RECORD-BREAKING CRUISE


THE U.S.S. SALMON AT HER DOCK

English submarines of about the same size as the Salmon, which made the coastwise run from Dover to Dundee, a distance of 512 miles, and the famous performance of the French submarine Papin, which on one occasion made a cruise of 1,2?? miles. However, this French achievement is overshadowed by the Salmon's cruise because not only was the distance of the latter much greater, but it was an open sea performance, whereas the Papin cruised along the coast, and, finally, the French vessel is much larger than the new American record-breaker, the Papin being of 550 tons displacement, whereas the Salmon is of but 320 tons displacement.

The Salmon, alike to most of the submarines which have lately been added to the United States navy, is a development of the original Holland type of submarine which first gave the Americans the lead in this class of shipbuilding. The Salmon is 135 feet in length by 14 feet beam and is a twin-screw boat, being driven on the surface by two gasoline engines of 300 horsepower each and propelled when submerged by electrical power supplied from storage batteries.

By way of fulfilling her mission of destruction the little vessel has four torpedo tubes equipped to fire the latest type of torpedo—that is, a torpedo 17 feet in length and 18 inches in diameter, having a radius of 4,000 yards and carrying an explosive charge of 200 pounds of guncotton. On her cruise to Bermuda the Salmon carried a crew of 21 men, but it was demonstrated on this cruise that under actual service conditions such a submarine can be operated, in so far as navigation is concerned, by five men—two on the bridge and three in the engine room.

The Salmon is capable of a speed of 14 knots per hour when running awash or on the surface of the water and 12 knots per hour when running wholly submerged. Only three minutes is required to change from surface running by gasoline engines to submerged running by electrical power. The vessel has, on trial, dived to a depth of more than 200 feet without any sign of strain or leakage being manifest anywhere on her steel cigar-shaped body. A unique feature of the equipment of an up-to-date submarine such as the Salmon, is a double periscope whereby, when the vessel is wholly submerged the officers on board can observe all that is going on at the surface of the water. Electrical ranges are provided for cooking the meals of those on board, and there is a reserve supply of 4,800 cubic feet of air, contained in 28 tanks, so that if need be the vessel could be "sealed up" tight and remain under the surface of the water for one or two days and nights without those on board having any communication with the outside world or coming to the surface for fresh air. On the Salmon's Bermuda cruise there were on board, in addition to the officers of the American navy, Capt. Arturo Cuevas of the Chilean navy, who went for the purpose of reporting to his government on the behavior of the vessel.

Modern submarine boats are of two types, the submerged and the submergible. The submerged when in light cruising condition moves with only a small percentage of the hull above the water; the submergible cruises on the surface much like an ordinary torpedo boat, which it resembles externally. The difference in principle between the two types is slight, but in construction details it is very marked. The submerged boats are usually nearly cylindrical with pointed ends, the general shape being much like that of a Whitehead torpedo. Submergence is effected by admitting water to the ballast tanks or by means of inclined rudders, or both. Submergible boats have two hulls, one inside the other. The outer hull resembles closely that of the ordinary torpedo boat, but has as few projections as possible rising from the general outline, in order to present a smooth surface when submerged. Inside this there is a second hull of nearly circular cross-section and as large as the shape of the outer boat permits. To effect submergence water first admitted to the space between the hulls, and this brings the boat to the "awash" condition. Further submergence is effected by permitting the ballast tanks to fill.

When or by whom was built the first submarine boat will probably never be known. It is said that Alexander the Great was interested in submarine navigation, while subaqueous attacks of vessels was studied at least as early as the thirteenth or fourteenth century. M. Delpench states that some English ships were destroyed in 1372 by fire carried under water. In the early part of the seventeenth century submarine boats were numerous, and in 1624 Cornelius Van Drobbel exhibited to King James I. on the Thames a submarine boat of his own design. By 1727 no less than fourteen types of submarines had been patented in England alone. In 1774 Day began experiments with a submarine boat at Plymouth, England, losing his life in the second submergence trial. In the following year David Bushnell built his first boat, with which Sergeant Lee attacked H. M. S. Eagle in New York harbor. Lee actually got under the ship, and the attack failed only because the screw by which the torpedo was to be attached to the Eagle's bottom was not sharp enough. Robert Fulton's experiments in France and America (1795-1812) demonstrated that a vessel could be built which could descend to any given depth and reascend at will. Plunging mechanism was devised about the middle of the eighteenth century, but Fulton developed the vertical and horizontal rudders and provided for the artificial supply of air. A form of periscope existed in 1692 and an improved kind was patented in 1774; in 1854 Davy still further developed it. Phillips' wooden boat on Lake Erie was crushed by the water pressure, and the same fate befell Bauer's iron boat Plongeur-Marin at Kiel in 1850. In 1863 McClintock and Howgate built a semi-submarine hand-propelled boat for the attack on the federal fleet, but it sank four times, each time drowning the entire crew of eight men. In the same year several larger boats propelled by engines were commenced in Europe, and these at intervals were followed by others designed by Hovgaard, Goobet, Zede, Nordenfeldt, Tuck, Holland and others. The French navy began experimenting with submarine boats about 1885. The Gymnote was built in 1888 and the Gustave Zede in 1893. The Morse was commenced in 1894, but remained uncompleted until 1899, pending additional experiments with the Gymnote and the Zede. In that year the construction of submarines was actively commenced, ten being launched in 1901.

All London is talking about the startling exhibitions of speed given by a little boat on the Thames and at Bournemouth. The boat was seen racing up and down the river at what seemed a terrific speed, darting along by leaps and bounds, just as a shark chases a fish scudding between wind and water. The impression she left was not so much that of power, for she was such a mite of a thing, only 26 feet long, as of vicious and desperate energy. Crowds of people gathered along the embankment to watch her, wondering whence in her tiny body this overpowering energy could come.

It has since been divulged that she is the Miranda IV., the latest experiment in skim boats, or, as they are called technically, hydroplanes, by the veteran English inventor, Sir John Thornycroft. Compared with anything near her size, the Miranda IV. is certainly the fastest craft afloat. Her exact speed is not known, but she has several times done well over 34 knots an hour, and has decisively beaten the Columbine at Bournemouth, the only other craft which could lay claim to a record in her class. But it is not only for this terrific speed that the Miranda IV. is remarkable. She is the most seaworthy craft of her size that has been constructed.

PRESBY. SYNOD

RUMORS OF ATTACKS ON PRESIDENT HODGMAN OF MACALESTER.

DR. SWEARINGEN SPEAKS

Ministers and Laymen Consider Religious Surroundings of Students in State Colleges.

St. Peter.—Not a ripple of discontent or dissension ruffled the fifty-second annual conference of the Presbyterian synod of Minnesota, and rumors of a clash which indicates that the opponents to the administration of Dr. T. M. Hodgman of Macalester, who were expected to carry the fight against Dr. Hodgman before the synod, decided that the interest of the school will be benefited by withholding action.

Sixty-three years of service in the pulpit forty years of which were spent at Sing Sing prison, is the record of Dr. Wilson Phroner, pastor of Minnesota Avenue Presbyterian church of Orange, N. J., who addressed the Minnesota synod. Dr Phraoer is the delegate to the board of home missions.

Rev. H. C. Swearingen of St. Paul, in speaking as representative of the board of education, told of the objects of the formation of the school board. "A fallacious impression is held as to the reason for the creation of the board," he said. "It is not intended as a provider of money for young men to enter the ministry. It occupies a broader field. It furnishes funds and provides a paternal influence that guides the student through his course and watches his moral as well as his financial welfare."

The board, the speaker said, maintains a bureau at Philadelphia where thousands of names of eligible young men are kept to whom literature is sent to draw to study of theology youths displaying strength of character and qualifications that show their adaptability.

Elder C. T. Thompson led a discussion on educational matters following the addresses on the university.

The failure of the churches to follow the students after entering college was deplored by the speaker and stress laid on the attempt of the national organization to increase the care of students by ministers.

Charles A. Clark of Seoul, Korea, and Stanley White and Warren H. Wilson, both of New York, are attending the synod.

The registration contains state representatives as follows: C. P. Bates Hibbing; J. A. Lagerstrom, Delhi; J. F. McLeod, Two Harbors; J. H. Seller, Buffalo; J. C. Robinson, White Bear; G. Verbuse, Appleton; H. McHeory, Kerkhoven; F. C. Bailey, Houston; L. F. Badger, Mankato; James Watt, Carlton; W. O. Garret, Coleraine; G. A. Wickwire, Canby; James Wray, Western; George Stanley, Rushford; G. R. G. Fisher, Forest Lake; S. F. Sharpless, Fergus Falls; J. H. Mark, Sedan; I. Woodcock, Watkins; D. K. Laurie, Thief River Falls; D. B. Spencer, Willmar; Evert Smits, Le Roy; J. B. Lyle, Albert Lea; S. M. Marsh, Wabasso; E. Loen, Cottonwood; B. Hitchings, Lake Crystal; R. F. Chambers, Jackson; W. R. Reynolds, Chatfield; J. E. Rankin, St. James; C. McKibbin, Marshall; J. D. Gibb, Rushmore; F. F. Dobson, Tracy; F. H. Postulka, Beaver Creek; H. Snyder, Woodstock; J. M. Bain, Mankato; W. F. Jones, Pipestone; W. McMillan, Presly; M. R. Meyers, Delhi; R. L. Vance, Balaton; L. Colyn, Alpha; A. H. Carver, Luverne; William M. Jennings, Blue Earth; H. G. Gaunt, Wheaton; R. M. Williams, Winona; G. M. Doneboo, Owatonna; H. A. Noyes, Stephen; T. M. Findley, Spicer; L. L. Smythe, Le Sueur; H. C. Baskenille, Royalton; T. Ross Padeo, Mankato; S. A. Jemeson, Duluth; J. H. Slaney, Eden Prairie; R. K. Wharton, Rochester; F. Zimmerman, Rochester; J. P. Davis, Austin; H. B. Sutherland, Duluth; C. E. Fulton, Mora; N. L. Upham, Duluth; C. W. Lowrie, Cloquet; H. J. Petson, Albert Lea; D. A. Schwarz, Eveleth, and N. A. Gilchrist, Thief River Falls.

MINNEAPOLIS GETS BEEKEEPERS

Close Session at Albany by Nominating Officers.

Albany, New York.—The National Beekeepers' association closed its convention and recommended the following candidates for the election of officers to be held next month:

President, George W. Yorke, Chicago, and M. V. Facy, of Minnesota.

Vice president, W. R. Wright, Mississippi, and Thomas Chantey, California.

Secretary, Dr. B. N. Gates, Mississippi, and E. S. Tyrell, Michigan.

Treasurer, S. Coles, Texas, and N. E. Frace, Wisconsin.

The convention next year will be held in Minneapolis.

Telephone Franchise Is Void.

East Grand Forks. — Judge Watts of the the Polk county district court handed down his final decision declaring the franchise granted by the East Grand Forks city council to the Tri-State Telephone company to be void. The company will immediately ask that a new franchise be given. Acting under the franchise that had been granted, a great deal of work had been done in the city and the company has a large investment in the city with no prospect of any return.

Young Man Drowned.

Albert Lea.—The waters of Fountain Lake have again taken its human toll, this time a young man named Eugene Peterson, whose body was taken from the lake. He had been missing for two days. He was 21 years of age.

Mitchell Pastor to St. Paul.

Mitchell, South Dakota.—Dr. T. J. McMurray, pastor of the Presbyterian church, has resigned his position and has accepted a call to the Ninth Presbyterian church in St. Paul.

NELSON SCORES TARIFF.

Senator Opens Campaign With Speech At Alexandria.

Alexandria.—The Alexandria theater was filled to hear Senator Nelson open the campaign in this county. Senator Nelson was greeted with hearty applause on his appearance before his audience. The senator covered national and state issues quite thoroughly, giving a history of republican legislation for more than twenty years. Mr. Nelson discussed railroad and anti-trust legislation very thoroughly, explaining the workings of the various acts pertaining to rates and combinations.

The senator voiced his objection to the tariff bill stating that it did not meet his wishes in that it failed to reduce the wool schedule, increased that on cotton and failed to give the people relief on the lumber tariff. Mr. Nelson commended Theodore Roosevelt and President Taft on their conservation policies as on other acts of their administrations. Especially did Mr. Nelson commend President Taft for his persistent effort to secure effective legislation.

Senator Nelson dealt thoroughly on state issues and the policies of the republican party in Minnesota. The senator spoke for more than two hours and was listened to with close attention by the large audience. Many persons were present from neighboring towns and the surrounding country.

RUSH TRAINING SCHOOL WORK.

Girls to be Moved from Red Wing to Sauk Center Soon.

Sauk Center.—Mrs. Fannie French Morse, whose Massachusetts methods of training the girls in the state school at Red Wing were recently so violently assailed, has made an inspection of the four cottages in course of erection here. She was greatly pleased with the rapidity of the contractor's work.

The contractors have been notified to rush the buildings, so that the desire of the board of control to move the girls as soon as possible to Sauk Center from Red Wing may be realized. In consequence of this rush order, the buildings will be completed before the scheduled time. The plasterers and electricians are already at work on one cottage and the other three are rapidly nearing completion of the external parts.

MR. LINDBERGH BECOMES EDITOR

Sixth District Congressman to Issue New Magazine.

Sauk Center.—Congressman Charles A. Lindbergh, of the Sixth district, has purchased a printing plant and will issue a progressive magazine, which will deal scientifically with the problems of labor interests, the relation of the government to daily life and farming interests.

Mr. Lindbergh will continue to send out his letters to the public press from Washington, but in addition he will make known through this new magazine the inner workings of the government and will deal with many phases of extraordinary conditions that he has come in contact with in his congressional work. He expects to supplement what he says in his letters to the press with a more full detail of the workings of congress in such a manner that would not find space in the daily newspapers.

MAKES MONEY IN CABBAGES.

Sherburne County Farmer Has 50,000 Head for Ready Market.

St. Cloud.—The small yield of wheat on his farm will not cause much worry to Joseph Teders, who lives five miles southeast of this city in Sherburne county, for Mr. Teders this summer raised a crop of cabbage which will put any wheat crop to shame. Mr. Teders planted eight acres of cabbage last spring and now has over 50,000 heads for sale. He is selling them at 6 cents each, which will bring him about $3,000. The cabbages were raised on low soil in which they stood the drouth well. The entire crop will be sent in carload lots to the Twin Cities.

Amendment to Constitution for Reforestation.

It requires a majority of all votes cast at the election, Nov 8, to adopt the proposed amendment to the constitution for an annual tax of 1/15 of a mill on the dollar (equal to seven cents on $1,000). If adopted it will raise about $72,000 annually, which will be used by the Forestry Board in buying, at not exceeding $3 per acre, forestry land and producing and maintaining forest thereon according to forestry principles. Constitutional amendments are liable to be neglected by the voter, and it will require much attention to secure a majority vote. Forty years ago patriotic men in this state laid the foundation of our present permanent school fund of $20,000,000. Now is a chance for this generation to show regard for the future.

OPERATOR'S CARELESSNESS.

Stock Escapes From Cars—Traffic Is Interrupted for Hours.

Montevideo. — One man was instantly killed, two were fatally injured and died shortly afterward and a fourth was seriously hurt in a head-on collision between an east-bound stock train and a west-going freight train on the H. and D. division of the Milwaukee road near Minnesota Falls.

UNCLE SAM SELLS MUCH TIMBER.

Washington, D. C.—A sale of 314,785,000 feet of timber for $20,709,330, on average price of $8.59 a thousand feet was effected by awards which the secretary of the interior made on the bids for the ceded Chippewa timber in Minnesota. The bids were submitted at Case Lake, Minn., September 15 last, and the average price this year is about $2 higher than in 1903 and 1940, when timber of a better quality was sold.

PERT YOUNG PRINCE

Small Son of Nicholas a Picturesque Youngster.

One of the Best Natured as Well as Best-Looking of the Royal Little Fellows of Europe—Seven Years of Age.

Vienna.—Among the numerous little princes in Europe, one of the best natured as well as the best looking little fellows is the small Prince Nicholas of Roumania, who is now seven years of age. The youngster is the fourth in the charming group of children whose father is Crown Prince Ferdinand of the picturesque kingdom of Roumania and whose mother was formerly Princess Marie, daughter of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. The youthful prince is not a grandson of the present ruler, King Carol, and his wife, known world wide as "Carmen Sylva." They have no children.

King Carol was born a Hohenzollern and his consort a grand duchess of Vienna. After the deposition of Prince Couza-Alexander John I., which was a result of the military revolt of 1866, the Count of Flanders, younger brother of Leopold II. of Belgium, was unanimously chosen hospodar, but the perilous honor was declined with thanks. Then the Roumanians selected Prince Carol of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, and he has made an excellent ruler. In 1878 the Berlin congress acknowledged him king of the country, which at that time had just freed itself from the Turkish yoke and had to begin, as it were, from the beginning. He is exceedingly popular with his subjects, as is his consort, known among her own people as Elisaveta.

The constitution of Roumania settled the succession on the king's oldest brother, Leopold, but he renounced his rights in favor of his son, Wilhelm, and the latter, in turn, renounced his rights in favor of his brother Ferdinand. The crown prince of Roumania, therefore, is King Carol's nephew. The princess is a granddaughter of Queen Victoria and is English by birth and training, though her mother was a Russian grand duchess. She was married to the crown prince when she was barely seventeen, and, though her eldest son, Carol, is fifteen, she is quite a young woman.

Prince Nicholas, of Roumania.

Princess Marie is very beautiful and her five children resemble her. She has fair hair, blue eyes and a brilliant complexion. She is very fond of appearing in the native Roumanian costume and does her best to popularize it. Her children, too, often are dressed in the old costumes of Wallachia and Moldavia, the principalities from which the country was formed. In this way the princess tries to promote native industries, the garments being made of hand-woven linen, embroidered with most delicate work.

Prince Ferdinand objects to being photographed. Not so his pretty wife. On the contrary, she rather likes to pose before the camera and has no objection to having her children photographed. Quite often the pictures show them in the national costume. The little lad whose likeness is shown is garbed most picturesquely.

Languages in British Isles.

London.—Has anybody ever reckoned how many languages are spoken in the British Isles? Few people would put the number as high as seven. But take a census thus: English, Welsh in Wales, Erse in Ireland, Manx in the Isle of Man (church services in Manx were discontinued there but recently), Gaelic in Scotland (six weeks ago at Oban this writer heard maid-servants gossiping in that tongue), French in the Channel islands, and Cornish was spoken in Cornwall far more recently than either historians or the public know. The total is seven languages for the British Isles—and yet the Englishman is the poorest linguist in the world.

Costly Playhouses.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Two small playhouses, each of which will cost as much as the average Pittsburg home, are being erected by E. P. Mellon, a millionaire banker.

They are replicas of the houses in which the parents of the children for whom they are being provided played when they were youngsters. Mr. Mellon gave the order for the playhouses to a contracting firm. Each will be 11 feet high and will contain two rooms. Mr. Mellon's grandchildren will use them.

One will be shipped to his daughter at San Antonio and the other will be placed on the Mellon lawn. The houses are complete in every detail. They will cost $1,500 each.

Lighthouse in the Desert

Among the extraordinary lighthouses of the world there is at least one not placed on any mariner's chart. It is far out on the Arizona desert, and marks the spot where a well supplies pure, fresh water to travelers. It is said to be the only spot where water may be had for 15 miles in any other direction.

The lighthouse is a tall cottonwood pole, to the top of which a lantern is hoisted every night. The light can be seen for miles across the plain in every direction. The water, sweet and cold, is raised in a large bucket made from a barrel. The revolving drum above is propelled by a mule that knows to an inch just how many rounds he must make before the bucket rises to the point where it tips itself into a trough. By this well, known as Cullen's well, passes the old Ehrenberg road, once the highway into Arizona, and at that point meet roads leading to the important mines of western Arizona.

The heat of the summer in that region is awful in its intensity. Foot travelers therein must provide themselves with gallons of water to each person, a fact that has been demonstrated by the number of lives lost when men were only a few miles from the point where the life-giving fluid is to be found. Some years ago two miners expired by the roadside when within actual sight of their goal. It was then that one Joe Drew, keeper of the well, in mercy determined to establish his lighthouse; and so now, far up on the cottonwood pole, every night there swings a lantern, to be seen many miles across the level plain, just as much of a life-saving beacon as any of the towers that rise above the waves of the Atlantic coast.

A watched pot may not boil, but it is not the same with people usually.

One Doctor—Only One

No sense in running from one doctor to another! Select the best one, then stand by him. No sense either in trying this thing, that thing, for your cough. Carefully, deliberately select the best cough medicine, then take it. Stick to it. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for throat and lung troubles. Sold for nearly seventy years. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Why try this thing, that thing, for your constipation? Why not stick to the good old reliable family laxative—Ayer's Pills? Ask your doctor if he approves this advice.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

J. M. B. KING — C. R. C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

"We've had enough of proxy governors" declares the Cass Lake Times. "Give us the straight goods for a change—all wool, a yard wide and well. Gray is a good wearing color."

James G. Gray is outspoken and square toed. The people know where he stands. Gov. Eberhart is shifty and wobbly and straddling. The people do not know where he stands, though there is every evidence that the big liquor interests have assurances that satisfy.

The Governor of Minneosta will never be impeached by the people of the state for taking his constituents into his confidence. If the governor is in favor of county option he ought to say so. If he is opposed to county option the people are entitled to know his views. The trouble seems to be the Governor is a "stradller" and this is a poor year for straddling.

It is only the confirmed standpatter this year who is found shouting that old slogan, "vote 'er straight." The spirit that is in the air is to "vote 'er intelligently," as the Perham Enterprise well says:

"It is the custom of voting the ticket straight, regardless of the character of the man, which has brought the republican party into disgrace, through such party leaders as Cannon, Aldrich, Payne, et al, who have permitted the special interests to rob the people."

CONSIDER THESE TWO MEN.

Minneapolis News: Governor Eberhart seems to be in favor of everything.

He promises to sign a county option bill "if it is pasod" and yet by some mysterious line of reasoning he is endorsed by the organizations to whom county option is poison.

He speaks the languae of conservation, but somehow the very persons who openly admit that they want to deborn and denaturize real conservation are active in his support. He professes to favor protecting individuals against the encroachments of corporations and yet evolves a tax-reduction scheme which would present the biggest corporation in the state with thousands of dollars more than any individual citizen would receive.

He seeks to conciliate the progressive element of the party with words while adopting every device which will make him solid with the most intolerant and greedy stand-patters.

He poses as favoring purity in politics and preserving the power of the individual voter and at the same time accepts as campaign manager the one politician who, above all others, is credited with being the servant of special interests and the foe of the popular primary.

Minnesota has yet to hear from Mr. Eberhart the first ringing, manly declaration for a good princiaal. It has yet to detect in his public utterances any sentiment which might offend any large interests. On all essential issues he has been weak; evasive and shifty.

On the other hand James Gray's campaign has shown him in marked contrast to Eberhart at every point. Where Eberhart has side-steped going on record, Gray has committed himself clear up to the eyelids. If elected, Eberhart can go as far as he likes in continuing the alliances for whish he has been reproached, while Gray has gone on record and would be bound by his campaign utterances.

Each candidate is opposed by many members of his party. There never was a state election where the result depended less on the party and more on the people. It will be interesting to see which they choose.

The Duluth Herald truly says: "There are concrete evidences of a new spirit in the American people—a spirit that cares little for party, and cares much for the country; that cares little for the old high-sounding platitudes that used to suffice, and much for the plain truth; a spirit that analyses and reasons and uses logic; a spirit that the old war cries and the old party slogans cannot penetrate, so that the old fashioned spellbinder and stump orators are left impotent and foolish."

Here is an extract from John Lind's speech which expresses the opinion of the great majority of the people of the state:

"I am not a prohibitionist. I am not out to advocate county option in any community. But I do insist that the people who have to bear the burden of the traffic have an inherent right to say whether or not it shall exist.

The principal objection comes from the brewers and liquor dealers. Are they the guardians of the people? Are they the conservators of our morals? This is what they are doing and that is why the people are up in arms on the question. As Mr. Gray has said, 'They are not only brawing beer, but they are brawing politics and politicians.' "

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Cannon Falls Beacon: J. Ogden Armour says he regrets the bringing of indictments against himself and his associates in the meat packing industry. No effidavit is necessary with this statement.

Little Falls Herald: Roosevelt said when in Kansas that directors of corporations should be held personally responsible when the corporation breaks the law. He has progressed since Paul Morton was in his cabinet.

Fairmont Sentinel: There is a much better chance for Democrats to win in Minnesota than there was for the Democrats to win in Maine.

Madison Independent-Press: Tawney was defeated at the primeries but the man the opposition used to turn the trick will probably get his at the general election.

Cambridge Star: Governor Eberhart thinks there ought to be a reform in the primary election law. As he was four years a member of the senate and four years presiding officer over the same body he might have accomplished something in the line of reform before the present campaign, so it seems to us. But a late reformer is better than one who never repents.

Carlton Vidette: The "regulars" are almost as certain that the next congress will be Democratic as though they had advance knowledge of where the regulars' vote was going to be placed.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Even iced virtue can spoil.

The trouble with duty is it's always in the way of what you really want to do.

A man's good opinion of himself makes him think other people have it for him too.

The reason a girl can laugh so appreciatively at men's jokes is she doesn't understand them.

A woman has to talk about her tailor if it's only somebody who comes to the house to sew by the day.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: The more a man gets left the more he talks about his rights.

A woman's chattering teeth never usurp the functions of her tongue.

Many a person with an eye for the beautiful has an ear for ugly gossip.

When the wise dog goes out to kill sheep he leaves his bark at home.

The world usually sides with the man who makes a noise like ready money.

And a woman can forgive a man almost anything except his failure to admire her.

Most of our troubles are silly troubles—that is, troubles that are unimportant.

If her husband isn't a paying proposition a woman is apt to consider marriage a failure.

A breach-of-promise suit is sure to demonstrate that some things are better left unwritten.

There may be such a thing as a man of very few words—but who ever heard of a woman like that?

A fussy old bachelor says that eating onions will often prevent a mustache from coming on a woman's lip.

Probably most of us would be more thankful for the things we have if there were not so many other things we want.

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ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

to the food. The food is thereby made more tasty and digestible

You Can Win This Beautiful

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO

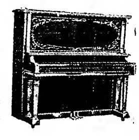
Good for 10 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name....................................

Address....................................

If voted before November 10, 1910.



Nomination Ballot

Good for 50 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest

Name....................................

Address....................................

Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

Grand Prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4. Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as necessity may demand change.

5. Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6. Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7. Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8. In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The contest will close at 6 p. m., Jan. 16, 1011.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year, $1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years, 3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years, 4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years, 6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years, 7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE TALKS OUT

Continued From Page 1.

and he has been notified that if he will devote himself to that if he can have a meeting every day if he wants it. So that is what Gordon has set about doing as witness his Anoka speech. That is being made a campaign document of. According to it, it doesn't make any difference what kind of a backing a governor has, who he trains with, how the influence of patronage and his personal influence is exerted, if he will only sign measures after legislatures have passed them, that is all anyone can do. This of course is a new doctrine and consigns to oblivion the big stick or winks at the welding of it, but it evidently is the best that can be done and Mr. Gordon is quite willing at this time to father it and is much patted on the back in consequence.

Eberhart's County Option Vots.

Charley Staples has got out to help too. It is notorious that the railroad and warehouse commission is moribund and has practically abandoned any attempt to do the things for which it is credited. In his researches Mr. Staples has discovered that when the county option bill was up in the senate when Governor Eberhart was a member of of that body, it got Governor Eberhart's vote. From this he argues that Mr. Eberhart is a better friend to county option than Jim Gray.

Some History.

In connection with this there is a story. Eberhart, it will be remembered, was elected lieutenant governor the year A. L. Cole was defeated. He came out at the tail end of the ticket. I forgot how many votes he was behind the secretary of state and the rest of them, but my recollection is that it was over 10,000 votes. At the time I was inclined to attribute to this to railroad opposition, because Mr. Eberhart was active in the session in the enactment of legislation to regulate them. Mr. Eberhart was of a different opinion. It was the saloons, he said. The liquor interests had it in for him. In view of this county option vote he was probably correct.

Changing Front.

Now there are two ways for a politician to deal with liquor interests when he finds they are after him. One is to strike back. The other is to make terms with them. I don't say what Mr. Eberhart did, but I will give the facts. In making his committee assignments the Januarry after the saloon vote had batted him one, he put on the temperance committee one county option man and eight men who were opposed to county option. Four years after Governor Eberhart was again candidate for lieutenant governor. The liquor interests were active in the campaign. They refused to support Julius Reiter of Rochester who was the Democratic candidate for that office and threw their influence to Eberhart. The reason given for this was that the temperance committee appointed by Lieutenant Governor Eberhart made it impossible for them to go back on him This year they took an active part in nominating him for governor and the liquor people everywhere are supporting him.

Clapp and the Tonnage Tax

There is another thing that is worrying the people at Republican headquarters and that is Senator Clapp. At one of his meetings the other day he took a smash at the steel trust and said that today the United States steel corporation would be making a fair contribution to the revenues if it had not been for the fact that a Democratic governor vetoed the tonnage tax bill. Now the men who are running the Republican State Central committee don't care two straws about Clapp. They would ditch him if they dared but they have about abandoned hope of being able to sidetrack him as these reactionaries would in a minute if they had their way. Said the editor of a Republican range paper who was in town this week: "We don't think any too much of Eberhart up our way, and when people up there see this argument that Clapp is using for electing a Republican governor, there is going to be trouble. When it comes to tonnage tax there ain't any two parties on the range. Everybody is against it. Of course we realize we can't beat Clapp, but there is one thing we can do, we can take it out of Eberhart. There will have to be a whole lot of explaining of this speech of Clapp's before Eberhart will get the vote we had about made up our minds to give him."

Political Prospects

While the Republicans are making all sorts of claims the reports that come to the Democratic headquarters are of a very encouraging kind. Mr Gray is making friends wherever he goes If for nothing else the people are admiring his nerve and his courage. They like a man who talks straight out and isn't afraid to say where he stands and meet every issue that comes up. This is what Mr. Gray does everywhere. It doesn't make any difference what kind of an audience he has, he bits it out from the shoulder. Mr. Lind's thoughtful addresses, too, are having a great effect. The people are tired of party strife and are now looking for men with minds of their own who will get results. Mr. Lind puts these more or less vague thoughts and ideas into form and shape. He has the confidence of the people irrespective of party and there are many evidences of an intention on their part to take his advice.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44.

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is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

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The Snug Fitting Coat Collar—It's Clothcraft!

THE coat collar is one of the things that make a hit with you when you wear *Clothcraft.* It sits up to your collar as if molded to it.

But it is only one of the Clothcraft points of superiority. There's the style—the shape—the non-breakable coat front—the non-sagging pockets.

And there's the guaranty of the maker—and ourselves—that Clothcraft is pure All-Wool—nothing else.

Yet you get your Clothcraft suit at $10 to $25. Wouldn't it be foolish to take a chance with ordinary clothes—when you can get Clothcraft with the *guaranty*—for the same or less.

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The Reliable Clothier

Clothcraft All-Wool Clothes $10 to $25

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

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6th. Ladies' Silver Mesh Hand Bag
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10th. Scarf Pin

$450.00 money value Prizes will be divided Free to the most skillful constituents.

To be given away to the nearest correct artistic answers to the flying machine puzzle.

FIND THE AVIATORS

There are Seven Aviators in this flying machine

Find the faces of five or more.

These Prizes are given absolutely free to advertise our Factory, and to attract attention to our Money Saving Plan.

DIRECTIONS.—Outline each face on this or a separate piece of paper. To the neatest correct answers will be given the above presents in order named. Only one person in each family permitted to enter. All expert pen men barred.

Contest Closes October 25, 1910.

Send answers with self-addressed envelope plainly written, to

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The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

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BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

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BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank

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Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DR. J. E. ARGUE

DENTIST

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Red Lake Falls, Minn.

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DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

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ATTORNEY

LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE

Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON

Attorney at Law

Oldest established lawyer in the city Collections, real estate, loans and insurance, City attorney.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

The Local Field

G.G. Kindreth was at Thief River Falls Saturday.

Jos. Tonpin spent Sunday with the family at Crookstoon.

Ask for coupons with your next purchase and win a prize.

Miss McAnnlty, who teaches at Crookston, spent Sunday at home.

M. Christianson has gone to the cities to purchase his holiday goods.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

Mis Rose Helm left last Friday for Langdon, N. Dak., where she is teaching.

Mrs. Dan Guerin and Miss Emily Demarais spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Remember we pay the highest price for hides, furs; etc.—Red Lake Falls Supply House.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausolei. tf

Mrs. Aloc Morin and Miss Christine Morin visited with relatives at Crookston over Sunday.

Judge Ira C. Richardson spent a part of the week at Federal Dam attending to some business matters.

Col. C. E. Johnson, assistant public examiner, was here this week to make an inspection of the county records.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips ever week. tf

C. R. Stowell, of the Nothern Culvert company at Thiof River Falls, was looking after business matters in the city yesterday.

Cheesemaker Jos. Bergeron reports that the Lambert cheese factory paid $1.51 per hundred for milk during the month of September

Mrs. Abraham Johnson of Liberty, N. Dak., is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Ydstie of Gervais township.

The State of Minnesota is in a sense a silent partner in the Merchants State bank. Such a condition must add additional security to your savings there.

C. Golzien & Company, Saint Paul, maker of the Gotzien shoe for men, women and children are celebrating their 55th anniversary. They claim that their process of leaving the lasts in the shoes until the shoes are perfectly dry results in a shoe that will not get out of shape when worn. The Gotzien Shoe is sold in Red Lake Falls by M. Skala.

Charles Gustafson has sold his farm in the town of Rockshnry to Willinm Koop of Illinois for $50 per acre Mr. Koop also purchased personal property from Gustafson to the amount of nearly $2,400. Mr. Gustafson is one of the old time settlers in Rockbnry and has made a great success as a farmer. He expects to remove to Thief River Falls in the near future.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

TERREBONNE

Rev. Fr. Banchard of Stephen was last week the guest of Fr. Veilleux.

Miss Stephen of Crookston is visiting with Miss Beandin.

Sam Gibean and family, together with Theo. Garcean and Dr. Lemieux attended mass last Sunday. Dr. Lemieux addressed the people and talked quite forcibly on county division.

Michel Quesnelle left for North Yakima, Wash., and Theo. Milleux and family moved to Seattle.

Mrs. L. Gagne is on the sick list

Quite a crowd of school children attended the contest at Red Lake Falls Falls last Saturday. Some of them took first prizes.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Bratland and Others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 51.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said County, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as County Ditch No. 51 beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between section thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154) range thirty-nine (39) and sections four (4) and five (5), township one hundred fifty-three (153), range thirty-nine (39) running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: extending thence due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the south line of sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south-west corner of section thirty-one (31), township one hundred fifty-four (15), range thirty-nine (39), thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line on the south line of sections thirty-six (36), thirty-five (35), thirty-four (34), thirty-three (33) and section thirty-two (32) township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty (40), to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south west corner of section thirty-two (32) in said town and range where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Branch No. One (1) of County Ditch No. Thirty-nine (39) of Red Lake county Minnesota.

The said ditch located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Ranges Thirty-nine (39) and Forty (40) as appears by the report of the Engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the Viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: Svend Erwick, Anton Srnsky, Peter Lovly, George Wagner, Marin Linder, Frank J. Madden, Andrew C. Douglas, Math Barzen, Albert Arntz, Hans H. Hanson, Christian L. Hanson, John D. Vaughan, Sarah E. Vaughan, Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson, Alois Srnsky, Albert Trnka, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fort, Aslak Salvorson, Ole T. Bratland, Joseph Vorlicky, John Pellet, Gustav A. Bakkim, Anton Myrnm. Frederick M. Spillnm, Otto C. Benz, John O. Brensdahl, Reier O. Bratten, Gilbert C. Gulrud, Julia Tyndall, Ole Seving, Township of Reiner, Township of Star, Township of Highlanding and Township of Goodridge, and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the said County Auditor; and that the Viewers appointed by the said county Board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said County Auditor

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 18th day of November 1910, at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. of said day for hearing and consideration of said petition and of surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal.) 13o27

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

-BY-

The Legislature

General Session 1909.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1, 1910.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by section 25 of the Revised Laws as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1909 and which are to be submitted to the electors in said state at the general election in 1910.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 506 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to authorize the payment by the State from the State Road and Bridge Fund of one-half of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein, and is an amendment of Section 16 of Article 9 of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided further, that in no case shall more than one-third (⅓) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund." and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided, further, that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

EFFECT. The present Constitution authorizes the payment by the state, out of such fund so created of ONE-THIRD (1-3) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein. If this amendment is adopted the State could then pay ONE-HALF (½) of the cost of constructing any such road or bridge, and the effect of the amendment is thus to increase the amount which the State may lawfully pay toward such purpose.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 507 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to repeal the provisions of Section 11 of Article IX of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 11. There shall be published by the treasurer, in at least one newspaper printed at the seat of government, during the first week in January of each year, and in the next volume of the acts of the legislature, detailed statements of all moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, for what purposes and to whom paid, and by what law authorised; and also of all moneys received, and by what authority and from whom."

EFFECT. The Constitution requires the treasurer to publish yearly a detailed statement of the moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, giving the names of the persons to whom paid and the purposes for which it was expended. It also requires a like statement of the names of the persons, and the sources, as to money received, and in both cases a statement of the law under which payments were made, or money paid into the treasury. The effect of this Amendment, if the same be adopted, will be to repeal the section of the Constitution mentioned and insofar relieve the treasurer from such publication. This change in the Constitution, however, would not prevent the legislature from hereafter directing by law that such, or a different publication, of the same or other information should be made by the Treasurer.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 508 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 17, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment, by the State of Minnesota, of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, including the necessary expenses of giving effect to this act, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment, if adopted, will be to authorize the State to become a trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or either. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax imposed by the legislature upon the lands of such persons, ONLY, as shall voluntarily list the same with their respective county auditors for that purpose. Under it there could be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. The legislature is also authorized to include in such fund the necessary expenses of administration of the law. The adoption of the amendment will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund and to provide for the disbursement of same by the officers of the State; but any payments to be made by the State, by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from such fund and from no other. In the settlement of any such damages the State would assume no liability beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable. A similar amendment was offered at the general election of 1908, but not adopted. The amendment then offered read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The main difference between the amendment now offered, and the one last quoted, being that the legislature is now to be authorized, in addition to providing a fund for the purpose of paying damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, to further provide an additional tax upon the lands of the persons so listing the same, to meet the necessary expenses incurred in the administration of the law and thus relieve the State therefrom. This last provision was not included in the amendment offered in 1908.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed Amendment is contained in Chapter 509, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section 23 of Article IV of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and every tenth year thereafter. At their first session after each enumeration so made, and also at their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section second of this article."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year 1915, and every ten (10) years thereafter. At any session after any enumeration of the inhabitants of this state made pursuant to law and also at any session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or any of the same, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section 2 of this article."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment will be to direct the legislature to provide for a census of the inhabitants of the State in the year 1915, and every tenth year thereafter, and will also authorize the legislature to change the boundaries of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or of any one of such districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts, at any session after any State or Federal census. If adopted, the legislature might therefore, if it deems best, change at any session the boundaries of such districts and apportion anew the senators and representatives and thus redistrict the State every two years.

FIFTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fifth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 510, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 18, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 18. To secure a sustained yield of timber for the use of the people of this state, the proper officials shall annually levy and collect a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property within this state, the proceeds of which shall be used for the purchase of land better adapted for forestry purposes than for agriculture for the state at not over $3.00 per acre, and for the production and maintenance thereon of forest according to forestry principles.

"Unexpended balances shall not lapse but constitute a fund for forestry purposes.

"The timber produced thereon shall be sold at a fair valuation and the revenue therefrom or from other source shall be paid into the state treasury, except that one-quarter of the net revenue shall be paid to the towns, or if unorganized, to the county, in which the land is situated, in aid of public schools and roads.

"Should any tract acquired be found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, it may be sold and the proceeds used for acquiring or developing forestry land.

"Until otherwise directed by the legislature, which may supplement these provisions with necessary enactments, the state forestry board shall draw and disburse the money hereby provided and purchase, manage and control the lands and forests.

"No money shall be paid for any tract until the attorney general shall certify to the validity of the title.

"It shall be competent for two successive regular legislatures, by a two-thirds vote of each house, to repeal any of these provisions."

EFFECT. This proposed amendment, and the proposed amendment hereafter mentioned should be read together. They constitute the foundation for a plan of State reforestration. As the constitution stands today, while the legislature might pass laws providing funds to be used for the purchase of lands, and the cultivation of the same for reforestration purposes, yet it is not directed to do so. The effect then of this amendment is to COMPEL the taxing officers of the state to annually levy and collect a tax at one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property in the state, to be used as the legislature shall direct, for the purchase for the state of land adapted to forestry purposes, but at a price not to exceed $3 per acre. All unexpired balances in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not lapse, but shall be carried over into the fund thus raised for the succeeding year and shall be an addition thereto. It also directs the sale, at a fair valuation, of the timber produced on such land so purchased, the payment of three-fourths of the money received therefrom into the state treasury, and the payment of the remaining one-fourth to the town, if organized, or otherwise to the county in which the land is situated, and that the same shall there be credited to the public school funds. If after the land is purchased it is found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, authority is contained in this amendment to sell it, but the proceeds must be used for acquiring or developing forestry land. Until the legislature provides otherwise, all purchases shall be under the direction of the State Forestry Board. The title to all lands purchased must be approved by the Attorney General before purchase is made. It is further provided that two successive regular legislatures shall have power by a two-thirds vote of each house to repeal any of the foregoing provisions. That is to say, if after a trial, such plan for any reason is found to be impracticable or undesirable, and it so appears to two successive legislatures, any or all of the foregoing provisions of the amendment may be repealed. The legislature does not now possess such power and the same is a distinct change in the methods heretofore in vogue in Minnesota, in the making and revising of the Constitution. Heretofore an amendment might only be made to the Constitution or a provision of that instrument eliminated by direct vote of the electors. Under this amendment, if it be adopted, that power is not taken away and also exists. But a new power, that of repeal by the legislature, as to this amendment, is created. Such power, however, would extend to no other provision of the Constitution and affords an easy method of change in case of necessity or advisability.

SIXTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The sixth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 511, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution to be known as Section 17a, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17a. Laws may be enacted exempting lands from taxation for the purpose of encouraging and promoting the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon."

EFFECT. The effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to enact laws exempting from taxation lands of private persons to be used in the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon, and thus supplement where the lands of such private persons are devoted to reforestration, the purposes contemplated as to public lands by the fifth proposed amendment. The authority so granted is part of a general plan for the reforestration of land within the state. If the legislature does not pass such laws, such lands will not be exempt and the power to repeal such a law, when enacted, remains with the legislature. Power to pass a law to exempt such lands from taxation the legislature does not now possess, and it is, therefore, an additional grant of power.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE T. SIMPSON,
Attorney General.

St. Paul, May 1, 1910.

Mr. Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

Dear Sir:—Referring to proposed Constitutional Amendment No. 2 would say: As state expert printer I have given the publications involved in this proposed amendment special thought, and am of opinion both these publications are entirely superfluous. The extensive annual publication "in a daily newspaper published at the capital city" attracts absolutely no attention. The annual report of the state treasurer is published in book form, and to an extent that makes it easy for every person specially concerned to secure a copy. To conform strictly with the law as it is at present, means the expenditure, under reasonably favorable printing contracts, of approximately $8,000, a sum which can be used to excellent advantage under conditions which ordinarily suggest the greatest care and economy upon the part of those under whose direction the printing fund is expended.

Yours respectfully,
J. T. MANNIX,
State Expert Printer.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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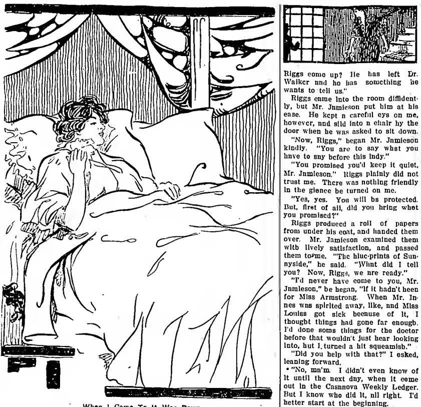


When I Came To It Was Dawn.

SYNOPSIS.

M[illegible] [illegible], spinster and guardian of [illegible] and Halsey, established summer [illegible] at Sunnyside. Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in [illegible]. Gertrude and her fiance, Jack [illegible], had conversed in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of [illegible]. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested [illegible] Paul Armstrong's [illegible] Halsey's fiancee, [illegible] Armstrong told Halsey that while [illegible] she was to marry another. [illegible] that Dr. Walker was [illegible] was found unconscious at [illegible] the circular staircase. [illegible] had brushed by her [illegible] the stairway and she [illegible] suspected of Armstrong's murder. Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a note in his pocket bearing the name "Lucien Wallace." A letter found out of place deepened the mystery. The stables were [illegible] dark Miss Innes shot [illegible] Halsey mysteriously disappeared. His auto was found wrecked by a freight train. [illegible] Halsey had [illegible] with a woman [illegible]. New cook also [illegible] Miss Innes learned Halsey was [illegible] Walker's [illegible] name of Nina Carrington [illegible] Halsey had been [illegible] thrown into an [illegible]

CHAPTER XXVIII.—Continued.

Mr. Winters and Alex disposed of the tramp with a warning. It was evident he had told us all he knew. We had occasion within a day or two, to be doubly thankful that we had given him his freedom. When Mr. Jamieson telephoned that night we had news for him; he told me what I had not realized before—that it would not be possible to find Halsey at once, even with this clew. The cars by this time, three days, might be scattered over the region. But he said to keep on hoping, that it was the best news we had had. And in the meantime, consumed with anxiety as we were, things were happening at the house in rapid succession.

We had one peaceful day—then Liddy took sick in the night. I went in when I heard her groaning, and found her with a hot-water bottle to her face and her right cheek swollen until it was glassy.

"Toothache?" I asked, not too gently. "You deserve it. A woman of your age, who would rather go around with an exposed nerve in her head than have the tooth pulled! It would be over in a moment."

"So would I, hanging," Liddy protested, from behind the hot-water bottle.

I was hunting around for cotton and laudanum.

"You have a tooth just like it yourself, Miss Rachel," she whimpered. "And I'm sure Dr. Boyle's been trying to take it out for years."

There was no laudanum, and Liddy made a terrible fuss when I proposed carbolic acid, just because I had put too much on the cotton once and burned her mouth. I'm sure it never did her any permanent harm; indeed, the doctor said afterward that living on liquid diet had been a splendid rest for her stomach. But she would have none of the acid, and she kept me awake groaning, so at last I got up and went to Gertrude's door. To my surprise it was locked.

I went around by the hall and into her bedroom that way. The bed was turned down, and her dressing-gown and night dress lay ready in the little room next, but Gertrude was not there. She had not undressed.

I don't know what terrible thoughts came to me in the minute I stood there. Through the door I could hear Liddy grumbling, with a squeal now and then when the pain stabbed harder. Then, automatically, I got the laudanum and went back to her.

It was fully a half-hour before Liddy's groans subsided. At intervals I went to the door into the hall and looked out, but I saw and heard nothing suspicious. Finally, when Liddy had dropped into a doze, I even ventured as far as the head of the circular staircase, but there floated up to me only the even breathing of Winters, the night detective, sleeping just inside the entry. And then, far off, I heard the rapping noise that had lured Louise down the staircase that other night, two weeks before. It was over my head and very faint—three or four short muffled taps, a pause, and then again, stealthily repeated.

The sound of Mr. Winters' breathing was comforting; with the thought that there was help within call, something kept me from waking him. I did not move for a moment; ridiculous things Liddy had said about a ghost—I am not at all superstitious, except, perhaps, in the middle of the night, with everything dark—things like that came back to me. Almost beside me was the clothes chute. I could feel it, but I could see nothing. As I stood, listening intently, I heard a sound near me. It was vague, indefinite. Then it ceased, there was an uneasy movement and a grunt from the foot of the circular staircase, and silence again. I stood perfectly still, hardly daring to breathe.

Then I knew I had been right. Some one was stealthily passing the head of the staircase and coming toward me in the dark. I leaned against the wall for support—my knees were giving way. The steps were close now, and suddenly I thought of Gertrude. Of course it was Gertrude. I put out one hand in front of me, but I touched nothing. My voice almost refused me, but I managed to gasp out, "Gertrude!"

"Good Lord!" a man's voice exclaimed, just beside me. And then I collapsed. I felt myself going, felt some one catch me, a horrible nausea—that was all I remembered.

When I came to it was dawn. I was lying on the bed in Louise's room, with the cherub on the ceiling staring down at me, and there was a blanket from my own bed thrown over me. I felt weak and dizzy, but I managed to get up and totter to the door. At the foot of the circular staircase Mr. Winters was still asleep. Hardly able to stand, I crept back to my room. The door into Gertrude's room was no longer locked; she was sleeping like a tired child. And in my dressing room Liddy hugged a cold hot-water bottle and mumbled in her sleep.

"There's some things you can't hold with hand-cuffs," she was muttering thickly.

CHAPTER XXIX.

A Scrap of Paper.

For the first time in 20 years I kept my bed that day. Liddy was alarmed to the point of hysteria, and sent for Dr. Stewart just after breakfast. Gertrude spent the morning with me, reading something—I forget what. I was too busy with my thought to listen. I had said nothing to the two detectives. If Mr. Jamieson had been there I should have told him everything, but I could not go to these strange men and tell them my niece had been missing in the middle of the night; that she had not gone to bed at all; that while I was searching for her through the house I had met a stranger who, when I fainted, had carried me into a room and left me there, to get better or not, as it might happen.

And there was something else: The man I had met in the darkness had been even more startled than I, and about his voice, when he muttered his muffled exclamation, there was something vaguely familiar. All that morning, while Gertrude read aloud, and Liddy watched for the doctor, I was puzzling over that voice, without result.

Dr. Walker came up, some time just after luncheon, and asked for me.

"Go down and see him," I instructed Gertrude. "Tell him I am out—for mercy's sake don't say I'm sick. Find out what he wants, and from this time on, instruct the servants that he is not to be admitted. I loathe that man."

Gertrude came back very soon, her face rather flushed.

"He came to ask us to get out," she said, picking up her book with a jerk. "He says Louise Armstrong wants to come here, now that she is recovering."

"And what did you say?"

"I said we were very sorry we could not leave, but we would be delighted to have Louise come up here with us. He looked daggers at me. And he wanted to know if we would recommend Eliza as a cook. He has brought a patient, a man, out from town, and is increasing his establishment—that's the way he put it."

"I wish him joy of Eliza," I said tartly. "Did he ask for Halsey?"

"Yes. I told him that we were on the track last night, and that it was only a question of time. He said he was glad, although he didn't appear to be, but he said not to be too sanguine."

"Do you know what I believe?" I asked. "I believe, as firmly as I believe anything, that Dr. Walker knows something about Halsey, and that he could put his finger on him, if he wanted to."

There were several things that day that bewildered me. About three o'clock Mr. Jamieson telephoned from the Casanova station and Warner went down to meet him. I got up and dressed hastily, and the detective was shown up to my sitting room.

"No news?" I asked, as he entered. He tried to look encouraging, without success.

"It won't be long now, Miss Innes," he said. "I have come out here on a peculiar errand, which I will tell you about later. First, I want to ask some questions. Did any one come out here yesterday to repair the telephone, and examine the wires on the roof?"

"Yes," I said promptly; "but it was not the telephone. He said the wiring might have caused the fire at the stable. I went up with him myself, but he only looked around."

Mr. Jamieson smiled.

"Good for you!" he applauded. "Don't allow any one in the house that you don't trust, and don't trust anybody. All are not electricians who wear rubber gloves."

He refused to explain further, but he got a slip of paper out of his pocket-book and opened it carefully.

"Listen," he said. "You heard this before and scoffed. In the light of recent developments I want you to read it again. You are a clever woman, Miss Innes. Just as surely as I sit here, there is something in this house that is wanted very anxiously by a number of people. The lines are closing up, Miss Innes."

The paper was the one he had found among Arnold Armstrong's effects, and I recall it again:

——by altering the plans for—— rooms, may be possible. The best way, in my opinion, would be to——the plan for——in one of the——rooms——chimney.

"I think I understand," I said slowly. "Some one is searching for the secret room, and the invaders—"

"And the holes in the plaster—"

"Have been in the progress of his—"

"Or her—investigations."

"Her?" I asked.

"Miss Innes," the detective said, getting up, "I believe that somewhere in the walls of this house is hidden some of the money, at least, from the Traders' bank. I believe, just as surely, that young Walker brought home from California the knowledge of something of the sort, and, failing in his effort to reinstall Mrs. Armstrong and her daughter here, he, or a confederate, has tried to break into the house. On two occasions I think he succeeded."

"On three, at least," I corrected. And then I told him about the night before. "I have been thinking hard," I concluded, "and I do not believe the man at the head of the circular staircase was Dr. Walker. I don't think he could have got in, and the voice was not his."

Mr. Jamieson got up and paced the floor, his hands behind him.

"There is something else that puzzles me," he said, stepping before me. "Who and what is the woman Nina Carrington? If it was she who came here as Mattie Bliss, what did she tell Halsey that sent him racing to Dr. Walker's, and then to Miss Armstrong? If we could find that woman we would have the whole thing."

"Mr. Jamieson, did you ever think that Paul Armstrong might not have died a natural death?"

"That is the thing we are going to try to find out," he replied. And then Gertrude came in, announcing a man below to see Mr. Jamieson.

"I want you present at this interview, Miss Innes," he said. "May Riggs come up? He has left Dr. Walker and has something he wants to tell us."

Riggs came into the room diffidently, but Mr. Jamieson put him at his ease. He kept a careful eye on me, however, and slid into a chair by the door when he was asked to sit down.

"Now, Riggs," began Mr. Jamieson kindly. "You are to say what you have to say before this lady."

"You promised you'd keep it quiet, Mr. Jamieson," Riggs plainly did not trust me. There was nothing friendly in the glance he turned on me.

"Yes, yes. You will be protected. But, first of all, did you bring what you promised?"

Riggs produced a roll of papers from under his coat, and handed them over. Mr. Jamieson examined them with lively satisfaction, and passed them to me. "The blue-prints of Sunnyside," he said. "What did I tell you? Now, Riggs, we are ready."

"I'd never have come to you, Mr. Jamieson," he began, "if it hadn't been for Miss Armstrong. When Mr. Innes was spirited away, like, and Miss Louise got sick because of it, I thought things had gone far enough. I'd done some things for the doctor before that wouldn't just bear looking into, but I turned a bit squeamish."

"Did you help with that?" I asked, leaning forward.

"No, ma'm. I didn't even know of it until the next day, when it came out in the Casanova Weekly Ledger. But I know who did it, all right. I'd better start at the beginning.

"When Dr. Walker went away to California with the Armstrong family, there was talk in the town that when he came back he would be married to Miss Armstrong, and we all expected it. First thing I knew, I got a letter from him in the west. He seemed to be excited, and he said Miss Armstrong had taken a sudden notion to go home and he sent me some money. I was to watch for her, to see if she went to Sunnyside, and wherever she was, not to lose sight of her until he got home. I traced her to the lodge, and I guess I scared you on the drive one night, Miss Innes."

"And Rosie!" I ejaculated.

Riggs grinned sheepishly.

"I only wanted to make sure Miss Louise was there. Rosie started to run, and I tried to stop her and tell her some sort of a story to account for my being there. But she wouldn't wait."

"And the broken china—in the basket?"

"Well, broken china's death to rubber tires," he said. "I hadn't any complaint against you people here, and the Dragon Fly was a good car."

So Rosie's highwayman was explained.

"Well, I telegraphed the doctor where Miss Louise was and I kept an eye on her. Just a day or so before they came home with the body I got another letter, telling me to watch for a woman who had been pitted with smallpox. Her name was Carrington, and the doctor made things pretty strong. If I found any such woman loafing around, I was not to lose sight of her for a minute until the doctor got back.

"Well, I would have had my hands full, but the other woman didn't show up for a good while, and when she did the doctor was home."

"Riggs," I asked suddenly, "did you get into this house a day or two after I took it, at night?"

"I did not, Miss Innes. I have never been in the house before. Well, the Carrington woman didn't show up until the night Mr. Halsey disappeared. She came to the office late, and the doctor was out. She waited around, walking the floor and working herself into a passion. When the doctor didn't come back, she was in an awful way. She wanted me to hunt him, and when he didn't appear, she called him names; said he couldn't fool her. There was murder being done, and she would see him swing for it.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Through Combat to Victory

Strong, Vigorous Character Arrives at Fruition by Wrestling With and Overcoming Obstacles.

It is the wrestling with obstacles and the overcoming of difficulties that have made man a giant of achievement.

If we could analyze a strong, vigorous character, we should find it made up largely of the conquering habit, the habit of overcoming, says Orison Swett Marden in Success.

On the other hand, if we should analyze a weak character we should find just the reverse—the habit of failure, the habit of letting things slide, of yielding instead of conquering—the lack of courage, of persistency or grit.

There is the same difference between a self-made young man, who has fought his way up to his own loaf, and the pampered youth who has never been confronted by great responsibilities that would exercise his powers and call out his reserves, that there is between the stalwart oak which has struggled for its existence with a thousand storms, with all the extremities of the elements, and the hothouse plant which has never been allowed to feel a breath of frost or a rough wind.

Every bit of the oak's fiber has registered a victory, so that when its timber is called upon to wrestle with storms and the fury of the sea, it says, "I am no stranger to storms; I have met them many a time before. I feel within me stamina and fiber to resist the fury of any sea, because I have fought and overcome its equal a thousand times."

The hothouse plant succumbs to the first adverse wind.

Dresden China.

Judging by your recent note, writes a correspondent, it seems that the geographical knowledge possessed by girl typists is about on a level with that possessed by the damsels who represent the postmaster general behind the counters of our suburban post offices. Having occasion recently to telegraph funds to a town in Germany, it became necessary for the clerk to consult the post office guide. After a long and fruitless search I ventured to suggest that she was not likely to find the town I wanted in the section devoted to the celestial empire, where she was looking. "Not under China" she retorted superciliously. "You said Dresden, didn't you?"

The Consoling Volume.

There was a backward student at Balliol who, for failure to pass an examination in Greek, was "sent down." His mother went to see the master, Dr. Jowett, and explained to him what an excellent lad her son was. "It is a hard experience for him, this disgrace," said the old lady; "but he will have the consolation of religion, and there is always one book to which he can turn." Jowett eyed her for a moment and then answered: "Yes, madam; the Greek grammar. Good morning."

"SILK HATS FOR HIRE"

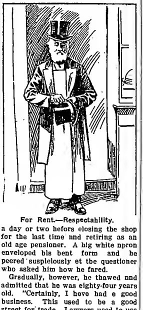
Sign in Old Dickens' Quarters, London, Forced to Go Under Modern Pressure.

London.—Among the landmarks of London that have disappeared of late are some old shops in Houghton street, Kingsway, a district that Dickens loved. The irruption of the housebreaker into this little thoroughfare has done more to disturb old buildings to make way for modern office blocks—it has displaced an old world little man, Christopher Clark, whose business for years has been one of the queerest in all London.

Till the London county council laid reforming hands on the dim little shop it bore in the window the notice:

Gentlemen's Silk Hats
Lent on Hire for Weddings and Funerals.

The old man seemed strangely out of place in the daylight that had been let into that hitherto dingy hypnath of the metropolis as he stood by the door a day or two before closing the shop for the last time and retiring as an old age pensioner. A big white apron enveloped his bent form and he peered suspiciously at the questioner who asked him how he fared.



For Rent.—Respectability.

Gradually, however, he thawed and admitted that he was eighty-four years old. "Certainly, I have had a good business. This used to be a good street for trade. Lawyers used to use it as a route to the courts, but all these changes are taking the life out of London. Folks now get underground like moles when they want to move about the city. And every messenger boy who wants to, sports a cheap tall hat.

"What sort of customers? Most respectable customers I have always had. If a silk hat was wanted for some special occasion I would supply a good one for a shilling a day—a hat no man could fail to be proud to go out in.

"A shilling a day, mark you" (the old man lovingly polished a shining specimen of his head gear with his sleeve), "and the hat to be returned to me in the condition in which it left the shop. Should a client require a hat for more than a day a reduction would be made. There was no fixed charge. There were times when a man positively had to have a silk hat, and—well, I was not too hard on the man whose fortune was small."

"No, trade latterly has not been always brisk. It has sometimes happened that more than a month has passed before a client has come in here to hire a hat, though sometimes I might have as many as four in a day. It used to be very different. Not even a funeral is conducted decently nowadays. Everything is rush and tear." And the old man sighed as he thought of the former days, when times were good and Londoners jogged comfortably along, with the silk hat as their badge of respectability on special occasions.

Latest Vice in France.

Paris.—Compared to the new vice which has broken out in France, that of taking ether, drinking absinthe and injecting morphine are virtues. This most modern vice has already assumed abnormal proportions, probably because the sale of ether is free.

Consumers of ether begin by breathing its vapor. Soon this pleasing effect wears off, then they drink it. The consumption of ether is not confined to any special class of society. It is asserted that 40 per cent. of the poorer classes who go to the dispensary of the prefect of police are ether fiends. Physicians say that a pint and three-quarters is as much as anyone can safely take in a day. However, druggists say that they have customers who use about four times that amount.

New Yorkers on the Move.

New York.—In the year ended June 30, 1909, the steam railways of the United States carried not quite 900,000,000 passengers, an increase over the preceding year of almost a million and a half.

In New York city in the same period the number of five-cent fare passengers carried—not including transfer passengers—was over 1,400,000,000, an increase over the preceding year of 44,000,000.

The New York traction lines therefore carried more than one and a half times as many paid passengers as all the railways of the country, and the number of traction passengers increased 20 times as rapidly as the number of railway passengers.

The World's Coal Output.

London.—According to an English parliamentary report the output of coal in Germany and in France in 1909 was greater than in any previous year. In the United Kingdom, Belgium and the United States the production in 1909, though greater than in 1908, fell short of the year 1907. The whole output in 1909 of the five countries named was 860,000,000 tons, or an increase of 23,000,000 tons on the output of 1908, but less by 36,000,000 tons than that of 1907. The total known coal output of the world in 1908 was 950,000,000 tons, of which the United Kingdom produced more than one-fourth. In 1908 the number of persons employed in coal mining in Great Britain was 966,300.

Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—is cured every day by

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to their symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only; or, in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

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The next best thing to being rich is to have people think you are.

He Knew.

A small boy brought up by a fire-eating father to hate anything connected with England or the English was consigned recently to eat dinner with the nurse while the family entertained a genuine English lord in the dining room. The grown-ups' meal had come to that "twenty minutes past" stage where conversation halts directly, when a childish treble fell upon the dumb-waiter shaft from the kitchen. This is what the astonished nobleman heard:

"Fe, fi, fo, fum,
"I smell the blood of an Englishmun."—Wasp.

May Sell 100,000,000 Red Cross Seals.

Twenty-five million Red Cross Christmas Seals have been printed and are being distributed by the American Red Cross, and arrangements have been made to print 100,000,000 if necessary. It is expected that this number will be needed. While the sticker is perforated like those used last year, it is intended for use only, as a seal on the back of letters. The seal is one inch square with the conventional Red Cross in the center and the words, "Merry Christmas. Happy New Year. American Red Cross" in a circle about it. The colors are red and green. The design is by Mrs. Guion Thompson, of Waterbury, Conn., who received $100 as a prize for her sketch.

COFFEE WAS IT.

People Slowly Learn the Facts.

"All my life I have been such a slave to coffee that the very aroma of it was enough to set my nerves quivering. I kept gradually losing my health but I used to say 'Nonsense, it don't hurt me.'

"Slowly I was forced to admit the truth and the final result was that my whole nervous force was shattered.

"My heart became weak and uncertain in its action and that frightened me. Finally my physician told me, about a year ago, that I must stop drinking coffee or I could never expect to be well again.

"I was in despair, for the very thought of the medicines I had tried so many times nauseated me. I thought of Postum but could hardly bring myself to give up the coffee.

"Finally I concluded that I owed it to myself to give Postum a trial. So I got a package and carefully followed the directions, and what a delicious, nourishing, rich drink it was! Do you know I found it very easy to shift from coffee to Postum and not mind the change at all?

"Almost immediately after I made the change I found myself better, and as the days went by I kept on improving. My nerves grew sound and steady, I slept well and felt strong and well-balanced all the time.

"Now I am completely cured, with the old nervousness and sickness all gone. In every way I am well once more."

It pays to give up the drink that acts on some like a poison, for health is the greatest fortune one can have.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

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I am frequently troubled with kidney and bladder trouble, especially in the Spring and Fall. Being an old veteran of the Civil War, a little exposure or cold settles on my kidneys, and then I am laid up with kidney or bladder trouble. Your Swamp-Root was recommended to me a number of years ago, and I took a number of bottles of it and was more than pleased with the results. I consider Swamp-Root the greatest and best kidney medicine on the market, and it never fails to give quick results in kidney trouble, bladder trouble and lame back.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root has done me so much good that I feel if any words of mine will be the means of relieving any poor sufferers that you are at liberty to use this letter as you see fit.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE W. ATCHLEY,
Des Moines, Ia.

State of Iowa } ss.
Polk County }

A. R. Hansen, a retail druggist of this city, being first duly sworn, deposes and says, that he is well acquainted with George W. Atchley, who gave the above testimonial, that said Atchley made and signed said testimonial in my presence and that I have sold said Atchley a part of the Swamp-Root referred to in above testimonial. Affiant further says that George W. Atchley is a well known citizen of this city and an honorable man and that it was Mr. Atchley's desire to give said testimonial.

A. R. HANSEN,

Subscribed to in my presence and sworn to before me, this 23rd of March, [illegible]

F. J. FISK, Notary Public.

Letter to
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More to Be Pitied.

Tramp (to lonely spinster)—Come Missus, arst yer 'usband if 'e ain't got a pair o' trousers to give away.

Spinster (anxious not to expose her solitude)—Sorry, my good man, he—eh—never wears such things.—Punch.

HIS HANDS CRACKED OPEN

"I am a man seventy years old. My hands were very sore and cracked open on the insides for over a year with large sores. They would crack open and bleed, itch, burn and ache so that I could not sleep and could do but little work. They were so bad that I could not dress myself in the morning. They would bleed and the blood dropped on the floor. I called on two doctors, but they did me no good. I could get nothing to do any good till I got the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. About a year ago my daughter got a cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment and in one week from the time I began to use them my hands were all healed up and they have not been a mite sore since. I would not be without the Cuticura Remedies.

"They also cured a bad sore on the hand of one of my neighbor's children, and they think very highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John W. Hasty, So. Effingham, N. H., Mar. 5, and Apr. 11, '09."

Slightly Mixed.

Two Englishmen were resting at the Red Horse Inn at Stratford-on-Avon. One of them discovered a print picturing a low, tumbling building underneath which was printed: "The House in Which Shakespeare Was Born." Turning to his friend in mild surprise he pointed to the print. His friend exhibited equal surprise and called a waiter, who assured them of the accuracy of the inscription.

"'Pon my word," said the observing Englishman, shaking his head dubiously. "I thought he was born in a manger!"

Tit for Tat.

Lloyd C. Griscom, in an interview in New York, said of party dissensions:

"They are animated by a nasty spirit, a tit-for-tat spirit; and they go from bad to worse.

"It's like the case of the engaged couple at the seaside dance. The young man, a little jealous, said coldly to his fiancee at supper:

"'Let me see—was it you I kissed in the conservatory?'

"'About what time?' the young girl answered, with a little laugh."

Poor Prospects.

"Yes," said Miss Passay, "I found a very nice boarding house today, but the only room they had to offer me had a folding bed in it, and I detest those things."

"Of course," remarked Miss Pert, "one can never hope to find a man under a folding bed."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Toothsome

Tid-Bits

Can be made of many ordinary "home" dishes by adding

Post Toasties

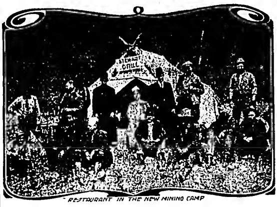
The little booklet, "GOOD THINGS MADE WITH TOASTIES," in pkgs., tells how.

Two dozen or more simple inexpensive dainties that will delight the family.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S NEW ELDORADO



RESTAURANT IN THE NEW MINING CAMP

BITTER CREEK, 17 miles from Stewart City, British Columbia, is a new mining district that has been attracting great numbers of gold seekers, and though it has not fulfilled the high hopes raised by the first reports, a good many prospectors already have made their fortunes. There are now about 3,000 persons in the place, which is a typical western mining camp.

PENN, THE RAMBLER

Hobo Rounds Out 550,374th Mile in Beating It Into Chicago

Peregrinator, Who Never Pays Railroad Fare, Starts Southward—Astonished Harriman by Cross-Country Achievement.

Chicago.—Penn, the Rapid Rambler, blew into Chicago the other day and announced that he had just completed his 550,374th mile of travel. To see as much of the world as this mileage indicates has cost the Rambler just $12.77 in railroad fares. You see, the Rambler never got into the habit of paying his way when he could help it. Many a train has pulled out of Chicago since May 4, 1894, when Penn took to the road, with Penn as a passenger, but he has never appeared upon the bill of lading nor has any conductor ever collected fare from him.

Penn is a hobo de luxe. He has beaten his way over all the railroads in this country and he has ridden in and on every part of a train except the smokestack, the boilers and the bell.

He says he was born with itching feet. He is 27 years old and has been "on the bum" ever since that night in May when he jumped out of a window of his home in Pittsburg and boarded a west-bound freight. Since that time he has been around the world three times, he says, and has crossed the United States so many times he has lost count.

He was christened Frank C. Welch, but he is known as "Penn, the Rambler," to every trainman on the continent. His monaker appears on every water tank between New York and Frisco and Duluth and New Orleans. All along the line of the Mexican Central, clear down into Yucatan, one may see that same nom de road, "Penn the Rambler," with an arrow drawn through and the direction of his wanderings below.

Penn was in the railroad yards at Grand Island, Neb., one day, carving his monaker on the side of a boxcar. A short man walked up to him, eyed his artistic efforts for a moment, and then snapped: "Hey, you! What are you trying to do to my cars?"

Penn told him.

The man laughed. "Why, I've seen that same signature all over my system."

"Your system?" exclaimed the Rambler.

Then the little man introduced himself as E. H. Harriman. He questioned the Rambler for a few moments as to the time a man "on the bum" can make. Penn told him he would undertake to ride from Boston to San Francisco in ten days without paying a cent for fare.

A crowd of railroad officials, who had overheard the boast, quickly made up a purse of $1,000 to be given to the Rambler should he make good. Penn beat it to Boston, got one of the officials to call the time—and showed up at the Frisco offices of the Southern Pacific just eight days, one hour and fifty minutes later, to claim the money, he says.

"I'm not a panhandler," said the Rambler yesterday. "I work at anything I can find for money to eat and sleep on. But I don't pay railroad fares."

The Rambler got into Chicago from the Northwest via Milwaukee. He pulled out the other night for Indianapolis, on the Big Four road, bound south.

BURGLAR WAS LITTLE PUPPY

Little Animal Stole Clothing, Shoes and $180 and Then Hid Them Under House.

Long Beach, Cal.—A young burglar, whose thefts during the last few months have included a pair of eelskin shoes, a silver backed clothes brush, a small silk coat and other articles of value, including a draft for $180, was not punished when caught, but was taken into arms by Mrs. Horace Rapley, of East Nelson street, whose harshest reproof was merely, "Now, wasn't that cute!"

The thief was a little curly haired puppy. He made a cache under the house, reaching the chosen spot through a hole too small for a large dog to enter. The mystery of the disappearance of the draft was solved by following the clew given by a neighbor's child, which led to the apprehension of the thief.

Many articles, whose disappearance Mrs. Ripley had reported to the police some weeks ago, were found under the house. The draft, recovered intact, fell into the pup's possession through a gust of wind, blowing it from a table to the floor.

Students Bar Hobble Skirts.

St. Paul, Minn.—The first pronounced hobble skirt made its appearance on the University of Minnesota campus the other day. It was bound just above the ankles by a band of velvet ribbon drawn so tight that the wearer could scarcely move. In addition to stares from every one she received plenty of advice, mainly intimating that she go home and put the dress out of existence. With a red face and angry tears she made for the car line after remarking that "The students were the rudest things" and that she would never wear the dress again.

WHAT MAINE OWES TO SPRUCE

Tree Long Displaced by Pine, Now Building Cities Where Once Forests Stood.

Bangor, Me.—The swarms of visitors who come to Maine in summer and the thousands of sportsmen who come in autumn bring a great deal of money into the state, and some statisticians have declared that from these two classes is derived a greater revenue than from any one of the state's great industries. But while the summer visitors and the sportsmen are a great financial help to Maine, their presence is of small importance compared with the spruce tree.

While it was the pine that made possible the once prosperous West India trade and built up Maine's shipping in the days before the Civil war, it never in all the years of its pre-eminence accomplished half so much for the land of its birth as the coarse-grained spruce. For while the pine built ships and individual fortunes had made West India rum as cheap as cider all along the seaboard, the spruce has built towns in the midst of the wilderness, like Rumford Falls and Millinocket; brought outside millions of capital to Maine and given popular literature an amazing boom.

Millinocket, on the west branch of the Penobscot, is one of the spruce towns. A few years ago it consisted of a flag station and one Indian hut. The Indian murdered a Spaniard and was sent to state's prison, and the hut was burned, leaving only the flag station and the man who tended it. Then a big paper corporation looked the ground over, saw a fine chance to make pulp, and built an immense mill. Then came the town. It is called "the magic city," because it came into existence so suddenly.

The pulp and paper mill, which eats up about 60,000,000 feet of logs yearly, employs in one capacity or another about 1,000 men, and there are in the town 2,500 people. Where bears and moose roamed a dozen years ago, there are now streets lined with stores, dwellings, schoolhouses, hotels and churches, and lighted with electricity.

When the original settler, the Indian, murdered his chance guest, the Spaniard, reporters who went up from Bangor to see about it had to make a meal on salted pig's shoulder and saleratus biscuit at the flag station of the railroad. Now they have at Millinocket a hotel where the English language is considered inadequate to describe all the dishes on the dinner bill.

Today they have at Millinocket about everything in the way of conveniences that can be found in any small city, and are shipping 275 tons of paper daily, the brass band plays almost every night, prohibition has as hard luck as it has everywhere, and the spruce trees did it all.

IDEAS FROM SWISS FARMERS

American Agriculturists May Get Much Valuable Information at Coming Exhibition.

Berne.—Switzerland has just perfected plans for an exhibition that will interest Americans, particularly those who are feeling the stress of the high cost of living in the cities, and the listening to the call of "back to the farm." Especially will the exhibition appeal to those who are considering the reoccupation of the abandoned farms of New England; for if there is a country anywhere on earth that could teach the hill and mountain valley farmer of any other country how to wrest a living from their holdings to the best advantage it is Switzerland.

In Switzerland farming has been conducted on the intensive principle for centuries; all sorts and conditions of soils, locations, and even climates had to be dealt with to provide a hardy people with a livelihood. This experience has been wrought into the very marrow of the peasants, and they have evolved methods and processes by means of which they have been able to get the most out of their industry.

The results of these methods and processes will be shown at the fair, in the exhibits, so the announcement that has just been made of the holding of this general exhibition of Swiss rural industries at Lausanne should interest thoughtful people in America, including even the government. It will afford a unique opportunity for obtaining knowledge that will be of great value.

Lausanne's national exhibition will present a complete review of the processes of cultivating and fertilizing of the soil, of the raising of cattle, the utilizing of the products and the agricultural tools in use. It will illustrate the progress made in all these directions and will be particularly valuable as a demonstration of the possibilities of Swiss rural industry.

LAW TO SAVE BIRDS

Audubon Society Enlisting Many for Federal Legislation.

Prediction by Ornithologists and Conservation Congress Action Stirs Efforts to Save Feathered Tribe.

New York.—Following the recent recommendation for federal protection of migratory birds by the National Conservation congress at St. Paul, farmers, sportsmen and land owners throughout the country are today joining in a general movement to urge Uncle Sam to conserve his valuable feathered resources. Under the leadership of the National Association of Audubon Societies it is planned to enlist every man who tills an acre or carries a gun, as well as every bird lover, in this campaign for the preservation of the insect and rodent eating and game birds of the nation. Unless migratory bird life is soon made safe from one end of the country to the other by a uniform protective statute leading ornithologists predict the speedy extermination of many species.

From delegates in every section of the continent reports are being received at headquarters of the Audubon organization here which show strong sentiment for the federal bird guardianship that was unanimously made a plank in the platform of the St. Paul congress. Irrespective of party politics, it is declared that the people of every locality now stand ready to urge Congress for legislation to protect the birds now being destroyed through lack of uniformity in state laws.

The recent action of the National Conservation congress is a practical indorsement of the principles contained in the Weeks bill, now pending at Washington, which gives the federal government authority to regulate the killing of migratory game and non-game birds.

No interference with state laws for strictly resident birds would be involved in federal protection, according to authorities consulted by leaders of the movement, when the interests of the people of every section of the country would be served by proper protection of the migratory flocks upon which depend the nation's agricultural prosperity.

The National Association of Audubon Societies has succeeded in urging 37 states to protect their insect-eating birds by fairly adequate laws, but these may be changed on the impulse of any succeeding legislature. William Dutcher, president of the organization, declared that in federal protection alone lay the hope for America in preserving her commercially valuable bird species.

Fasting Reduces Weight.

Kittanning, Pa.—By fasting for four weeks William George has succeeded in reducing his weight 40 pounds. George weighed 200 pounds. For four continuous weeks he did not touch food and lived by drinking quantities of water.

Recover Valuable Book.

Paw Paw, Mich.—A copy of the Weems "Life of Washington," which Abraham Lincoln read by the light of a tallow candle, has been recovered from a paper mill at Kalamazoo by E. Salesburg of this place. Salesburg loaned the volume, worth $2,000, to Prof. J. O'Leary of the local schools and in some way it was placed among a pile of discarded books and papers and sold to a ragman. In the paper mill it was discovered by an employe sorting rags, who sold it to a Kalamazoo man for almost nothing. Salesburg recovered it from this man, paying him $50.

SHEEP LIKE TOBACCO STEMS

Pennsylvania Farmer Believes That Weed Keeps His Flock Free From Infection.

Montrose, Pa.—Pennsylvania has sheep that chew tobacco. This does not mean that the source of all mutton calmly enters the crossroads store and calls for a plug or wants a package of finecut. These sheep take theirs in a more primitive form, but are said to look upon it as being a luxury as much as the veriest tobacco user in the land.

These unusual animals are the property of a farmer of Montrose, who is reported to have taken home a whole wagonload of tobacco stems to feed his sheep and lambs.

He says that in the spring he always gives them some of the weed, that it keeps away certain infections to which they are subject in the springtime, and that the animals become very fond of the stems, taking a full-sized chew every day.

CHEERFUL WORDS FOR SUFFERING WOMEN.

No woman can be healthy with sick kidneys. They are often the true cause of bearing-down pains, headaches, dizziness, nervousness, etc. Keep the kidneys well and health is easily maintained. Doan's Kidney Pills make strong, healthy, kidneys.

Mrs. Joseph Gross, Church St., Morrilton, Ark., says: "My ankles were swollen and my back was so painful I could not straighten. I was treated by six doctors without relief. Since using Doan's Kidney Pills, I have nothing to complain of."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

"Thank You's."

The man who is not thankful for the lessons he learned in adversity didn't learn any.

There must be plenty of thankfulness in the world if those who have loved and lost could know just what they have lost.

"Why are you giving thanks? They took $10,000 from you in Wall Street a little while ago, didn't they?"

"Yes; but I got out with $20 they didn't know I had."—Judge.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Admission.

Fred—I proposed to Miss Dingley last night.

Joe—Don't believe I know her. Is she well off?

Fred—Yes, I guess so. She refused me.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

More to Be Pitied.

Tramp (to lonely spinster)—Come Missus, arst yer 'usband if 'e ain't got a pair o' trousers to give away.

Spinster (anxious not to expose her solitude)—Sorry, my good man, he—eh—never wears such things.—Punch.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Heart's Trouble.

"Faint heart never won fair lady."

"Faint heart has no business to try to win anything; faint heart ought to see a doctor."

When Rubbers Become Necessary

And your shoes pinch, shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Cures tired, aching feet and takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Always use it for Breaking in New shoes and for dancing parties. Sold everywhere 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Old Educational Institution.

The University of Santo Tomas, Manila, is the oldest educational institution under the American flag.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

A Biased Opinion.

"Do you think buttermilk will prolong one's life, Col. Soakshy?"

"Ahem! I have no doubt, Miss Plumper, that if a person had to drink buttermilk every day it would make life seem longer."

The Place of Honor.

Farmer Hodge was of the good, old-fashioned school, and he always gave a feast to his hands at harvest time.

It was harvest time and the feast was about to commence.

Giles was the oldest hand and the hostess, with beaming cordiality, motioned him to the seat by her right hand. But Giles remained silently unresponsive.

"Come," said the hostess, "don't be bashful, Mr. Giles"—he was just Giles on ordinary occasions—"you've a right to the place of honor, you know."

Giles deliberated a moment, then spoke.

"Thank you kindly, Mrs. Hodge," he said, "but if it's all the same to you, I'd rather sit opposite this pudden'!"

RHEUMATISM

IT WILL CURE

Get a 25-cent vial. If it fails to cure I will refund your money. Munyon.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

PISO'S
THE BEST MEDICINE
for COUGHS & COLDS

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 43-1910.

CONVINCING PROOF

OF THE VIRTUE OF

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

What is the use of procrastinating in the face of such evidence as the following letters represent? If you are a sick woman or know one who is, what sensible reason have you for not giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial? For 30 years we have been publishing such testimonial letters as these—thousands of them—they are genuine and honest, too, every one of them.

Mrs. S. J. Barber says:

"I think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine in the world for women—and I feel it my duty to let others know the good it has done for me. Three years ago I had a tumor which the doctor said would have to be removed by an operation or I could not live more than a year, or two, at most. I wrote Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice, and took 14 bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today the tumor is gone and I am a perfectly well woman. I hope my testimonial will be of benefit to others."—Mrs. S. J. BARBER, Scott, N. Y.

Mrs. George May says:

"No one knows what I have suffered from female troubles, neuralgia pains, and backache. My doctor said he could not give me anything to cure it. Through the advice of a friend I began to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the pain soon disappeared. I continued its use and am now in perfect health. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been a God-send to me as I believe I should have been in my grave if it had not been for Mrs. Pinkham's advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. GEORGE MAY, 86 4th Ave., Paterson, N. J.

Mrs. E. F. Hayes says:

"I was under the doctor's treatment for a fibroid tumor. I suffered with pain, soreness, bloating, and could not walk or stand on my feet any length of time. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, followed her directions and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. To-day I am a well woman, the tumor was expelled and my whole system strengthened. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female troubles to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. E. F. HAYES, 1890 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Mrs. W. K. Housh says:

"I have been completely cured of a severe female trouble by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and want to recommend it to all suffering women."—Mrs. W. K. HOUSH, 7 Eastview Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, etc.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

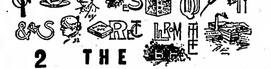
LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Stupendous Publicity Piano Contest

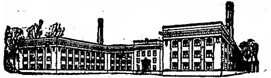
FREE—TO YOU—FREE

1st Prize, $400.00 SEGERSTROM PIANO. 2nd Prize, Gentleman's Gold Watch and Check, $125.00. 3rd Prize, Ladies' Gold Watch and Check, $125.00. 4th Prize, 5 Next Best Answers Check, $155.00. 5th Prize, 10 Next Best Answers Check, $100.00. 7th Prize, 15 Next Best Answers Check, $50.00. 8th Prize, 20 Next Best Answers, $1.00 Each in Gold. The above Checks are good same as cash towards the purchase of any new piano in our Omaha, Nebraska, or Minneapolis stores.

55 Big Prizes FREE for Solving This Rebus--55



to advertise our factory, and to accomplish in one year what it has taken other manufacturers 50 years to do. Our pianos are endorsed by 30 of America's greatest living artists, and are world's standard.



Our plan of selling pianos direct from factory to home cuts out the middleman. You are your own agent.

HOW TO DO IT Style the Rebus carefully then write the answer plainly; originality and neatness count. Be sure and enclose a self addressed envelope to assure that your award will not be missent or lost in the mail. Address

SEGERSTROM PIANO MFG. CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

NEW CLUB SHOT SHELLS

Black Powder Load.

Their popularity began with our grandfathers and has grown like an oak for fifty years. Never equalled in demand by any shot shell—to-day more in demand than in any previous year.

If you prefer smokeless—get UMC Nitro Club or Arrow Steel Lined Shells. The record making ammunition.

UMC Shells have won every Interstate Handicap for two years straight. A record never equalled by any other ammunition. You can't do better than buy the ammunition used by the Handicap Winners.

"Game Laws 1910" mailed free on request.

THE UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY
Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City.

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

I have a quantity of oats for sale at Wylie. Fred L. Farley. 27n3

Farm loans. Lowest rates and payment privileges.—Houston Land Co. tf

Oak finish parlor organ, fine condition for sale cheap.—V. M. Higinbotham

The F. and F. Bs. were entertained by Miss Gertrude Hennemuth last evening.

For sale—Hard coal burner, Radiant Stewart, in good condition.—R. H. Bourdon.

We need 5 cases of fresh eggs. Will pay 26 cents a dozen.—Red Lake Falls Supply House.

Buy your granite cups for the school at the Sunshine, all pure granite at ten cents each.

For rent—My six room house on the north side, good cellar and barn.—Mrs. M. Kress

A S Wilson of St Hilaire was attending to business matters in town the first of the week.

Miss Aurilla Hennemuth, who has spent several weeks at her home here, returned to Minneapolis Saturday.

G. G. Kindseth has been at Crookston assisting with the office work of the Red Lake Falls Milling company.

Attorney F. A. Grady was at Bagley last Friday attending to some business matters at the Clearwater county seat.

It is the time of the year when you need goods for the winter. Buy them from us and save the coupons. We give nice premiums and specials for Christmas.—Red Lake Falls Supply House.

For sale cheap, one No. 6 Radiant Home hard coal heater. Self feed, hot air flue. Call at Riechel's Studio. 27n3

Roger Vail, a well known newspaper man formerly connected with the Irish Standard, was in town yesterday.

Afe Rawertz and Albert Rawertz came up from Wanda, Minn., last week for a visit with their brother Charles Rawertz.

Mrs. Kress will sell her household goods at public auction Friday, Nov. 4, at the house on the north side in this city.

Peter Anderson, a former resident of St. Hilaire, died at Gratfon, N. Dak., this week following an opertion for appendicitis.

The outside work on the court house has been completed and the carpenters and plasterers are busy doing the inside work.

Wanted—A man to work on farm or a man and team, or plowing done by the acre. Address me at Milton, Wis., Box 54.—R. B. Thomas. 27-n3

Mr. and Mrs. Nick Halm spent Sunday at Crookston with their new grand daughter, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Queenelle.

Hon. John Lind will speak at Thief River Falls this evening and a number of Red Lake Falls people plan on going up to hear the former governor's address.

All members of the Rebekah lodge are requested to be present at the lodge rooms next Wednesday evening, Nov. 2 for initiation. Lunch will be served after the meeting.

The brick work on the new Farmers National bank building has been completed and the men are now employed fixing up the interior of the building. The fixtures were received this week.

A number of farmers from the reservation country were in town Friday and Saturday for the hearing on ditch petitions before the board of county commissioners.

Lost—Left my place in Polk Centre, section 34, Sept. 28, 2 heifer calves, and one steer calf. One heifer mostly white, others spotted.—Fred Gother, Red Lake Falls, Route 2.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Linnihan and Siff, who have secured the contract for digging county ditch No. 47 in the towns of Krntka and Deer Park have started work on the ditch and will employ a number of men and teams.

The Red Lake Falls foot ball team got a good trouncing at Fertile last Saturday, the Fertile boys getting the local boys by a score of 89 to 0. The Red Lake Falls boys got the ball within eight yards of the goal posts once.

Frank Jeffers returned Tuesday from Cohassett where he had gone because of the critical illness of his brother Ed Jeffers. The patient has been taken to a Minneapolis hospital for treatment and his condition is now very much improved.

Mrs. J. H. Pratt and son Howard, of Winnipeg, are guests this week at the home of Mrs E F Marshall. Mrs Pratt is a sister of H H Zoiser and formerly resided here and has many friends in the city who are enjoying the visit with her.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the church parlors Wednesday afternoon, Nov 2. Anyone wishing comforts tied at that time please have them there not later than 3 o'clock. All ladies are requested to come early.

COUNTY EXHIBITS GO TO ST. PAUL

Red Lake County School Children to Participate in the State Contest.

Fifth State Industrial Contest to be Held at St. Paul Nov. 3, 4 and 5.

For the first time the rural school children of Red Lake county are to participate in a state industial contest. Supt. H. F. Anderson has selected the best exhibits at the various country exhibits held this fall and these have been shipped to St. Paul to be entered in the state industrial contest to be held at St. Paul Nov. 3, 4 and 5.

The following school children have furnished the exhibits to be entered in the state contest:

Wheat—George Waldal, Plummer, Edward Borstad, Plummer Eddie Paterson, Plummer, Walter Vesterlund, Plummer, Hilmer Bjornquist, St. Hilaire, Freddie Miller, Red Lake Falls, Walter Aubol St. Hilaire; Alfred Mork, St. Hilaire, Lydia Hinricks, Red Lake Falls, Lionel Vance, Red Lake Falls.

Flax—Arnold Soderberg, St. Hilaire, Genn Hagen, George Weldal, Plummer.

Oats—Enoch Swonson, St. Hilaire, Gena Hagen, Lost, Fred McCallough, Plummer, Olga Waldal, Plummer.

Barley—Elmer Gustafson, Terrebonne, Fridolf Swanson, St. Hilaire. Peter Peterson, St. Hiliare, Fred McCulough, Lost, Willian Froiland, Lost.

Early Potatoes—Minnie Norman, St. Hilaire, Louis Cathlineau, St. Hilaire, George Wagner, Red Lake Falls.

Onions, Red Wheathers field—Lizzie Poirier, Terrebonne, Eli Prenevoust, Terrebonne, Ralph Green, Garness.

Beets (table)—Roy Johnson, St. Hilaire, Freda Gomall, Red Lake Falls.

Pop corn—Ralph Green, Garnes.

Flint corn—Edward Porrault, Red Lake Falls.

White Dent corn—Henry Simonson, St. Hilaire.

List of exhibitors of Red Lake county at the state industrial contest held at St. Paul Nov. 3, 4 and 5:

Shirtwaist—Agnes Aubol, St. Hilaire, Clara Loberg, St. Hilaire, Dora Saborin, Red Lake Falls, Mattie Rosignol, Red Lakke Falls.

Fancy aprons—Moggie Rosignol, Red Lake Falls, May Mourinvill, Terrebonne, Annie Peterson, Plummer, Ruth Anderson, St. Hilaire, Agnes Thibert, Terrebonne, Ethal Palmquist, St. Hilaire, Lona Homstod, Plummer, Cora Lovaas, Garnes, Enla Vance, Red Lake Falls.

Plain work apron—Lydia Anderson, Wylie, Olga Lovaas, Garnes, Amanda Mangnill Garness, Rose Thibert, Terrebonne, Alma Tourville, Red Lake Falls, Mabel Erickson St. Hilaire, Elid Olson, Plummer, Ida Jones, St. Hilaire, Agnes Aubol, St. Hilaire.

Buttonholes—Agnes Aubol, St. Hilaire.

Stockinet Darn—Hilda Swanson, St Hilaire, Bella Foldoc, Plummor, Agnes Aubol, St. Hilaire

Overhand patch—Hannah Sjoberg, St. Hilaire, Grace Kiel, Plummer Ruth Kiel, Plummer, Mabel Erickson, St. Hilaire, Annie Norman, St. Hilaire, Carrie Hogquist, St. Hilaire.

Hemmed patch—Ora Tourville, Red Lake Falls Julia Bredesen, Plummer, Louise Wilson, St. Hialire Rose Beauchena, Huot, Edith Nelson, St. Hilaire, Alma Simonson, St. Hilaire, Elina Gullingsrud, Plummer, Annia Peterson, Plummer.

Ydstie-Swanson.

Married, Tuesday, Oct. 25, Miss Bergliot C. Ydstie and Mr. Carl A. Swanson, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Ydtsie, in the town of Gervnis at 2 p. m., by Rev. R. O. Kolstoe of Plummer.

Mrs. Abraham Johnson of Liberty, N. Dak., sister of the bride, was matron of honor, and Mr. Hjalmar L. Ydstie, brother of the bride, acted as best man.

Just a few relatives were present. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Anderson of Bemidji were present, Mrs. Anderson being a siser of Mr. Swanson.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. Swanson left from Plummer the day of the wedding for a honeymoon trip to Bemidji and other points. Mr. Swanson is a well-to-do farmer. When he and his bride return from their trip they will go to housekeeping on Mr. Swanson's farm four miles west of Plummer.

WARREN'S BAD FIRE

Department Store Burned—Loss About $100,000.

Warren had a big fire Monday. The K Tarlaseth companys' store, the oldest and largest store in the city, burned to the ground, the loss on the building and contents was $80,000, with insurance of $35,000.

Tom Keefe, a fireman, was badly hurt by a falling wall. The fire was discovered in the basement at 5 a. m. but the origin is not known. For a time a general conflagration was threatened but by the arrival of the Argyle fire department the fire was confined to one biliding. Thief River Falls also sent its fire engine but the fire was then under control.

The fire was checked in the building of Stromsted & Co. K. J. Tarlseth & Co: the Odd fellows lodge and the K. of P. lodge sustained losses estimated at $100,000 with about $50,000 insurance.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$ .94
Durum	.76
Rye	.60
Oats	.24
Flax	2.41
Barley	.57
Potatoes, new	.75
Eggs	.22
Butter, dairy	.25

No. 9837

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrance O. Morray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

(SEAL) LAWRENCE O. MURRY,
Comptroller of the Currency

Notice of Tax Sale of Unredeemed Lands in Red Lake ounty, Minnesota, Under Sections 936, 937 and 938, Revised Laws of 1905, as Amended by hapter 430, General Laws 1907.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 936, 937 and 938 of Revised Laws of 1905, as amended by Chapter 430, General Laws 1907, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 14th day of November, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the County Auditor in the county court house at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, in Red Lake County, Minnesota, all tracts or parcels of land situate in Red Lake County, bid in for the State, and not assigned to purchasers or redeemed within three years from the date of the tax sale at which said parcels were offered and so bid in by the State, will be offered at public sale, and will be sold to the highest bidder therefor. No parcel will be sold for a less sum than the aggregate taxes, penalties, interests and costs charged against it, unless the cash value thereof fairly determined by the State Auditor, shall be less than such aggregate, provided, however, that all parcels bid in for the State, for the taxes of 1901 or prior years, and not assigned to purchasers, or redeemed as aforesaid, may be disposed of for one-half of the total taxes as originally assessed. Purchasers shall forthwith pay the amount of their respective bids to the County Treasurer. Said sale will begin at the time and place named above and will continue from day to day until every such tract or parcel shall have been offered for sale, under the provisions of such statutes. The list of said real property subject to said sale, and which will be so offered for sale, unless previously redeemed, is now on file in the office of said County Auditor and of the State Auditor of said State.

Owners or interested parties may redeem their property by paying the full amount due to the County Treasurer, at or any time before sale, and within sixty (60) days after proof of service of the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been filed with the County Auditor.

After the Notice of Expiration of Redemption has been served, as provided in Section 956, Revised Laws 1905, the Governor is authorized to issue a deed in the name of the State, to the person entitled thereto. (See Section 938 R. L.)

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, October 1st, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Seal of County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minn. 06-27

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Buy A MONARCH

MALLEABLE RANGE!

It Pays For Itself.

BUYING a Monarch Range is like investing a little money at such a splendid interest that it pays back the principal in a year or so, and then for unlimited years brings a return of from 25 to 50 per cent.

Because—

A Monarch requires but little more than one-half the fuel burned up by a "steel range" of the common type. Moreover, it does away with the usual repair bills—saves much time—eliminates the hard part of kitchen work—and in addition it does its work so well it satisfies as no other can.

You don't have to take our word for these things

Investigate for yourself the way the Monarch is built. Let us show you how the Malleable Iron and steel plates are riveted together, making air-tight joints without the use of STOVE PUTTY. See the brightly polished top and body, which will retain their fine appearance forever without the use of stove blacking. Also notice the duplex draft and other exclusive features. These things PROVE our statements.

Monarch MALLEABLE
"The Stay Satisfactory Range"

Steel Ranges built in the ordinary way are wasteful—extravagant

They are not made in the right way nor even of the right kind of material. It is not wise to buy one, nor even to use one, though you may have had it only a few years. Its seams have already opened up—the stove bolts worked loose, the putty has fallen out and these "air leaks" into the flues and firebox cause a waste of fuel every year equal to a large part of the cost of a Monarch.

HUNT HARDWARE COMPANY
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

A Personal Word
To Intending Buyers

In ranges as well as other lines, we aim to handle the best to be had. Our many years' experience in the range business has acquainted us with all makes of ranges and we know that the Monarch is the one and only range that could justify the above claim.

NEW SKIRTS---

A fine new line of Skirts just recsived---Panamas, Voiles, Chiffon Panamas, Serges—we have them all beautifully made up, perfectly fitting, in the finest materials you ever saw at the price. You will say so yourself, From "Sheep to Shape." This firm weave their own cloth. $5 to $8.50

Palmer Coats are selling fast. Get yours yet? Up to $25.00. "Style Rite" cloaks—the best cheap cloak in America bought for spot cash. No other coat can show the same quality at the price. $5.00 to $12.50. A 52-in. coat, all wool, black kersey, Isabella fur collar, only $5.90. Same, quilted lining, for $8.50.

See our "Security Bond" boys' suits at $5.00. The best ever turned out at the price. We give you a genuine bond, duly signed, that the suit will give satisfaction. Ask to see them. A short line of boys suits, 6 to 15, to close out, one-half price. All short pants.

SPECIALS: Men's $3 50 fur Caps, $1.98. Men's $1.25 Sweaters, 98c. Boys' 50c and 75c Underwear, 39c. Misses 50c to $1 Tam-o'-Shanters, 25c. Ladies' Dog-skin Coat, $25. $30 Astrachan Cape, $15. 50c embroidery and lace aprons. 29c. Citrons, 5c. Pint Horseradish, 20c.

Remember, it pays to trade at

The Big Store

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

FALLS MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game, Poultry

Telephone 19

We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade

Campbell & Baum

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......

Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
ffice over First State Bank

FUR COATS
FUR-LINED COATS
SHEEP SKIN COATS

All the famous

Lanpher Furs

These are goods that are so well known that you know you are getting value received and we have a new stock.

MAT SKALA

COMBINATION BOOK CASES
Wonderful Saving in Price
$10.95
FOURNET FURNITURE STORE,
"One Price to All."
Red Lake Falls. Crookston.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1895

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 6

More Than $90,000: That would be the size of the proposed Pennington County's indebtedness before any tax money would come in.

How Pennington Would Start Out

If you live in the proposed Pennington County you are interested in knowing just how Pennington County would start. Here are the figures and they show that Pennington County would begin its existence with 48000 Dollars, less than nothing, that is, $8000 Dollars in debt and no property, and at the end of the first year would have [illegible].

The law provides that upon the organization of a new county, the county buildings (only the grounds, furniture, etc., except buildings) of the old county shall be appraised and the amount of their value deducted from the total debt of the old county and the balance of such debt shall be divided between the old and the new county in proportion to their respective valuation. The total bonded debt of Red Lake County as certified by the county auditor in the last financial statement, is $93,339.13, and the floating debt was $12,07.94, a total of $106,347.07. Beside this amount, the general fund had borrowed from the ditch fund $20,000.00, which has not been paid back, and which makes a total outstanding debt of Red Lake County $126,347.07. From this amount, upon the division of the county, the appraised valuation of the county buildings would have to be subtracted. The contract price of the court house is $37,000.00, so that we may fairly assume that the appraised value of the court house, jail and sheriff's residence would be $40,000.00. Taking this $40,000.00 from the amount of the debt it leaves a balance of $86,347.00 in round numbers to be divided between the two counties. According to the assessment of 1910, as equalized by the board, Pennington County will have an assessed valuation of $2,139,658.00 and

Continued on Page 4.

Who Will Control Pennington County?

If you vote for Pennington County it means that you will vote to become the slave of Thief River Falls. If Pennington County is established Thief River Falls will absolutely control it, will elect its officers, levy its taxes, spend its money, and run it into debts to help build up Thief River Falls. This is a strong statement, but you can prove it to your own satisfaction. At the general election of 1908, 1851 votes were cast in the territory comprised in the proposed Pennington County, 778 of those votes were cast in the city of Thief River Falls and 80 more were cast in the Town of North, which surrounds and adjoins Thief River Falls. Since 1908, the city of Thief River Falls has grown steadily larger and now claims to have 1100 votes, but it is well known that the rest of the county has not increased in population to any noticeable extent. People have come and gone, but the townships have about the same number of votes that they had two years ago, consequently, Thief River Falls alone, or least with

Continued on Page 4.

INDEPENDENT VOTERS ARE THINKING

St Paul, Nov. 1.—I gather, not from reports in the Republican papers, which are generally in this respect unreliable, but from reports at first hand that with few exceptions the attendance at the republican meetings are this year disappointing; also that, while Mr. Gray has always had an attentive hearing, there have not always been as many people out to hear him as could be wished. So far as I have been able to learn the only man who has no occasion to complain either of the size or the enthusiasm of his audience is Mr. Youngdahl of the anti-saloon league.

The Reticense of the Voters.

Another significant thing about the campaign is the apparent disinclination of the voters to give expression to their views. I was talking the other day to Senator Wies of Le Sueur county, and he said he never saw a campaign in which men, whether Democrats or Republicans, found it so hard to get even their friends to talk openly and candidly about the candidates whom they intend to support. "There is no way," he said, "you can get a line on the situation."

Getting Ready to Bolt.

Now my experience has taught me this, namely, that when voters are reticent it is not so much a sign of apathy as an indication that the voters interviewed are making up their minds or have already made up their minds to adopt some new course, generally to break away from their party affiliations and vote for the candidates of the party to which they were generally opposed. There is no getting away from the fact that, because of the course Mr. Gray has taken on county option, he is going to lose Democratic votes. There is no getting away from the fact either that, because of the alliance the Republican organization has made with the liquor interests, its candidate for governor is going to lose Republican votes. As to the extent of these defections that is to be judged by other things.

The Republican Party the Big Loser.

Now there is one thing that the experience of recent years as well as the force of logic demonstrates, and that is that the ties which bind the members of the minority together are stronger than the ties which bind the members of the majority party. Men who have gone down to defeat together for years and who have grown accustomed to sit in the cool shades of opposition lose in time from their membership those who like to bask in the sunlight of victory. The remnant

Continued on Page 2.

COST OF RUNNING TWO COUNTIES

How much more will it cost to run both Pennington and Red Lake counties than to run the present Red Lake county? That is a matter of great importance to the tax payers. We know that if the county is divided, the same territory and the same tax payers who now support one set of officers, will have to support two sets, and all the necessary expenses that go to keeping up the court house and jail. The salaries of nearly all county officers are regulated and set by provisions of law, and are usually based upon either the population of the county or its assessed valuation. Knowing what these will be and consulting the law, we can easily determine in advance what it will cost to pay the officers of both Red Lake county and Pennington county.

The population of the present Red Lake county, according to the census of 1905, was 15,955. By the same census, the territory comprising the proposed Pennington county has a population of 9,231, and the remainder of Red Lake county of 6,724. The assessed valuation of Red Lake county for 1910, as equalized by the county board is $3,849,965. The assessed valuation of the proposed Pennington county is $2,139,658, and of the re-

Continued on Page 2.

THE CANDIDATES ARE HUSTLING

The candidates in the Gazette's big voting contest are all hustling for subscriptions these days, for the special offer on subscriptions ends Nov. 12. On each dollar paid on subscription before that date 2000 extra votes are given. Thousands of votes have been cast this week which have not been counted in the standings published in this issue. The votes were counted Saturday night and the standings of candidates at that time were as follows:

Moyme Laurent	114,920
Zelia Quesnelle	94,200
Mildred Sortedahl	53,810
Lucie Crompe	51,960
Emma Sauve	33,510
Agnes Anderson	18,543
Delia Pigeon	150
Katie Dreeland	150
Mary Draeger	150
Amanda Johnson	150
Alice Wichterman	150
Mary LaFramboise	150
Ida Wolfe	150
Elizabeth Prenevost	150

Mark Your County Ballot Like This:

For a New County	YES	☐	Vote Yes or No
	NO	☒	

The County Division proposition is the last item on the County Ballot.

Facts and Figures

County Taxation in Present Red Lake County.

Year	Jail	Revenue	Poor	Bond and Interest	Special Bldg.	Road and Bridge	Total
1901	.5	5.	2.	2.	3.9	.7¾	14.75
1902		4.35	.45	1.60	1.27	.8	8.47
1903		5.	.64	1.73	.5	.9	8.77
1904		5.	.5	1.23	.34	1.	8.07
1905		5.		1.34	.33	1.	7.67
1906		5.		1.46		1.36	7.82
1907		5.		1.47		2.35	8.82
1908		5.		.94	.53	2.	8.47
1909		5.		1.40		2.	8.40

and 4 mills building fund for 1909.

The above table shows that the tax rate has not increased for county purposes for the past nine years. Except for the 4 mill court house levy the rate for 1909 is as low as the average and even with the 4 mill court house levy it is lower that that of 1901 when there was no dispute.

If the average rate for all taxes in all of the county is 45.6 mills and higher than some counties, we must remember that the county commissioners have nothing to do with any but that shown in the above table. All other taxes are levied by the state, townships, villages, cities and school districts. And, except the state and county taxes, vary in almost every locality in the county. For example, the tax rate of the state and county is the same all over the county, yet one quarter section of land in one locality will pay $10.00 more than a quarter section in some other locality, and still another quarter section of land within the limits of a village or city will pay as much taxes as the other two together. This is shown by the following three cases:

N. E. ¼ Sec. 25-152-44. In school district No. 103 pays a total tax of $13.62, divided as follows: State $1.88, county $5.64, township 2.75, school .67 and court house fund $2.68. The total rate being 20.3 mills.

S. E. ¼ Sec. 10-154-39 in school district No. 70 pays a total of $33.38 divided as follows: State $1.28, county $3.83, township $4.56, school $21.89 and court house fund $1.82. The total rate being 73.3 mills.

N. E. ¼ Sec. 14-151-44 in school district No. 15 pays a total tax of $82.19 divided as follows: State $2.66, County $7.96, City $20.67, School $31.28, Ditch No. 28, $15.83, and Court House fund $3.79. The total rate being 51.2 mills.

As shown above the county tax is a very small part of the total, therefore the county government cannot be blamed for a condition which is due to the local government where the farms are situated.

Cost of Division.

Below is given a short detailed resume of what it will cost Pennington county, if set off, to organize and run one year, or until taxes begin to be paid in:

The total bonded indebtedness of Red Lake county is		93,339.13
The floating indebtedness, (no cash on hand) is		13,007.94
The amount borrowed from the Ditch Fond by the General Fund is		20,000.00
The total outstanding debt of Red Lake County is therefore,		$126,347.07
In case of division the law requires the deduction of cash on hand, if any, and the value of the County buildings only (no grounds or fixtures.)		
Then deduct value of new court house at cost	37,000.00	
Deduct value of Jail and Sheriff's residence	3,000.00	
Total amount to deduct from indebtedness		40,000.00
Balance left to be divided between the two counties		$86,347.07

The division of this remaining debt between the two counties is made in proportion to the total assessed valuation of each. The valuation of the proposed Pennington County is $2,139,658.00. The valuation of diminished Red Lake County is $1,710,307.00.

Therefore, the proposed Pennington County's share of the $86,347.07 debt is		$48,354.00
Interest on this bonded debt for one year (or until taxes are paid in) is about		2,400.00
There are 66000 instruments to be transcribed in the Register of Deeds office of which Pennington gets 2-3 or 44000, and which will cost, according to law, an average of 25c each or		11,000.00
It will take about 100 books and indexes to transcribe the records in the Register of Deeds office at an average price of $22.00 each or		2,200.00
It will cost to transcribe the judgements and records in the Clerk of Court's office		500.00
Cost of 25 printed form books in the Clerk of Court's office at $25.00 each		625.00
Cost of transcribing tax books and records, road and ditch records, transfer plats, etc., in the Auditor's office		2,000.00
Cost of 40 form and record books in Auditor's office at $25.00 each		1,000.00
Cost of record books and blanks for Judge of Probate, Treasurer, Sheriff, Surveyor, County Attorney, Coroner, County Superintendent of Schools, Court Commissioner, etc.,		1,000.00
Thief River Falls speakers say their city will give the old city hall and jail for court house purposes if the proposed Pennington county is set off. But as it is not fit in its present form, it will have to be remodeled and fitted with office rooms at a cost which any contractor will tell you to be not far from		3,000.00
Then it must be furnished with vaults or safes, desks, counters, files, stationary, tax-tables, adding machines, etc., etc., at a cost approximating		5,000.00
Then again, this court house and jail must be maintained and run. Heat, light, janitor service, telephones, auditing the accounts and books, printing, jail expenses, jailor's salary, board for prisoners, two terms of court, court deputies, grand and petit jurors, etc., all of which, based on the last financial statement, will cost Pennington county each year about		6,700.00
The salaries of the officers in a new county are based by law partly on population, according to the last state or national census, and partly on assessed valuation.		
The 1905 state census gives Red Lake county a population of	15,955	
By the same census the proposed Pennington county would have a population of	9,231	
And diminished Red Lake county would have a population of	6,724	
The laws of 1905, Sec. 492 would give the Auditor of the new county a yearly salary of		1,200.00
The same law would give the treasurer a yearly salary of		1,200.00
Under the law the County Commissioners in the new county would get $125.00 each per year or		625.00
The law would give the Sheriff a yearly salary of		800.00
The law would give the Clerk of Court a yearly salary of		750.00
The law would give the Judge of Probate a yearly salary of		1,000.00
The Superintendent of Schools would be paid a yearly salary of about		1,000.00
and would also be allowed his traveling expenses as now		250.00
The County Attorney would be paid a yearly salary of about		1,000.00
Adding up the above, we find that at the end of the first year the total indebtedness and expenditures of the proposed Pennington county would be		$91,604.00

As there will be no money to start the county with, and no taxes can come in before Jan., 1912, the law allows the county commissioners of a new county to float a bond issue (without the people's vote) to the amount of $10,000. Totaling the expenses for one year, above enumerated, we have the sum of $43,250.00. As the only cash it can get for the first year is the $10,000, from the bond issue, Pennington county will have over $33,000 floating indebtedness at the end of the first year of its existence. This means paying a large interest on county warrants until relieved by another bond issue.

In the second year of its existance Pennington county will begin to get tax money, but how much?

Pennington County's Revenue.

You will note above that the valuation of Pennington county for the first year of its existence will be $2,139,658.00.

Under the law the greatest amount the county commissioners can levy for county revenue purposes (out of which fund all salaries and running expenses are paid) is 5 mills. This levy will bring in $10,698.00, (provided all taxes are paid.)

Now note that the salaries paid foot up a total of	$7,825.00
And the average running expenses could not be less than	5,000.00
Making a total yearly average expense of	$12,825.00
Deducting the total county revenue tax levy	10,698.00
Leaves a deficit or an amount deeper in debt every year of	$2,127.00

And this is presuming that the taxes are all paid in, which we know are not.

So you see that even if $10,000.00 were cut off from the organization expenses above outlined, Pennington county would still have over $80,000.00 bonded and floating indebtedness and would "RUN IN THE HOLE" every year to the extent of over $2,000.00.

With such plain facts and figures laid before them can the tax payers be blamed for doing some hard thinking and coming to the conclusion that county division is NOT a good thing, and that they are making up their minds all over the county to VOTE AGAINST DIVISION and that they ARE NOT GOING TO HELP Thief River Falls to get a county seat that way.

Read the articles in this issue for proof of these statements.

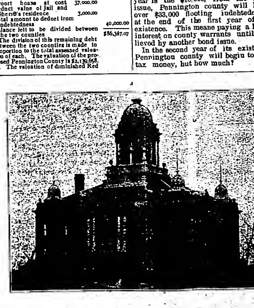
WHO PAYS THE FREIGHT

The campaign for county division is about over, and Prof. Hay in the guise of editor of the Thief River Falls papers has labored long and furiously to prejudice the farmers of Red Lake county against the people at the county seat with but one object in view—to benefit a few real estate boomers of Thief River Falls, at the expense of themselves, the farmers. What little tax Hay pays, he claimed exemption on, and when he got it had little left to pay, so of course he cares not what expenses he helps saddle on to Red Lake county, as he can pack his few books and move at any time. He is also grieved that the county is paying such men as Joseph Perrault and S. L. Lewis, who put in nine hours of hard work a day in the auditor's office, $75.00 per month, but he draws $2000 from the tax payers of the city of Thief River Falls for nine months residence there, the most of which he devotes to telling the farmer how he ought to vote, which would be bad enough if he confined himself to the truth which he does not. When a

Continued on Page 4.

HANS CHRISTIAN HANSON

The funeral of the late Hans Christian Hansen, one of the best known and most highly respected citizens of Red Lake Falls, took place Tuesday, Nov. 1, at the Presbyterian church, the Rev. Hughes officiating. The church was filled to its utmost capacity. The deceased had been ailing for two years, but since his return to this city, last month, from St. Hilaire, he failed rapidly, and death came last Thursday evening. He was a man of good Christian character, a model husband and father, so that his presence in the home, and neighborhood, will be greatly missed. He was born in Denmark, March 7, 1862, and came to America in May, 1883, came to Red Lake Falls in 1887, was married in November 1888. There are seven daughters, Olga, Eleanor, Edith, Inez, Myrtle, Alice and Ellen, besides Mrs. Hansen, to mourn his loss. Let all the neighbors and friends know, that their kindness to the bereaved is very much appreciated, and they wish through the columns of this paper to express their sincere thanks, especially do they thank the Odd Fellow, Rebekah and Woodmen lodges and the pupils and the teachers of the Washington school for the beautiful wreaths of flowers. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the bereaved family in their present sorrow.



Red Lake County Court House, Now Nearly Completed

Road and Bridge Appropriations

Eleven Reservation Towns Have Drawn Out More Than They've Paid In.

More than half of the argument used by the Thief River Falls people in the reservation towns to inflame the good people living there against Red Lake County, has been the statement that the reservation towns did not receive their share of the road and bridge money of the county. This statement is untrue. Here is a table compiled directly from the county record books, showing in dollars and cents exactly how much road and bridge tax has been levied in the past five years, in the eleven towns.

Road and Bridge Tax Levied.

TOWNS	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	TOTALS
Clover Leaf		$ 31.16	$ 87.30	$ 94.12	$108.28	$ 320.86
Deer Park		16.87	46.79	60.36	64.42	188.44
Goodridge		9.65	48.15	41.50	55.86	155.16
Hickory			15.24	19.68	29.18	64.10
Highlanding		19.45	60.85	80.22	92.84	259.91
Kratka	$ 6.55	30.03	74.15	78.41	97.85	280.44
Mayfield		15.27	40.94	54.58	71.30	182.09
Reiner	11.32		20.31	20.80	23.52	75.95
Silverton	8.30	24.98	72.97	72.72	87.31	266.28
Smiley	23.57	42.91	97.41	90.77	100.26	354.92
Star		10.43	[illegible]	24.90	38.36	91.31
Totals	$49.74	$200.75	$581.73	$638.06	$769.18	$2239.46

County Road and Bridge tax levy as extended in the Townships above as appears from the Abstract of Tax, for the years as shown on file in the County Auditor's office.

So it appears from these records the Eleven Reservation Towns have paid into the county treasurer in road and bridge taxes $2239.46. Now how much have they drawn out in the same time? The records of the auditor's office show that during the same time these eleven towns have received road and bridge appropriation to the amount of $2999.00, that is $759.54 more than they paid in. This means that the rest of the county has helped to pay for roads and bridges on the reservation to the extent of over $759.00.

Now what have the reservation people to complain of in that?

Other statements made by the

Continued On Page 4

Who Wastes County Money?

For several years Thief River Falls has been accusing the Red Lake Falls people and the county government of graft and crookedness and wasting county money. Finally they filed written charges with the Public Examiner and Governor at St. Paul, and were given a chance last spring to prove what they had been claiming. The public examiner sent a deputy to Red Lake Falls and he spent several days in going over the public records of the auditor's and treasurer's offices to find out whether the charges made by Thief River Falls people were true or not. He had authority to examine every book and paper and record in these offices and he did make a thorough examination. Then the governor appointed as referee to hear the testimony, the Hon. Judge Matson of Norman county, who was entirely disinterested, and ordered the attorney general to accompany Judge Matson to Red Lake Falls and to hold a public hearing and trial upon the charges filed, and determine whether or not there was graft or wrong doing in the

Continued on Page 4.

WHO'S RESPONSIBLE FOR HIGH TAXES?

(By mistake, the make-up man put the first of this article on page 4. Read page 4, then the following.)

objected to was that levied for the court house.

And the highest tax levy for county purposes during the last six years (except the four mill levy for court house last year,) was levied on motion of Dan Shaw, the Theif River Falls commissioner, that of 1907, the rate being 8.82 mills.

For all other county taxes levied during the last nine years, every member of the county board is responsible, and if they were too high, Thief River Falls should ask its own county commissioners about it.

Now as you know the county tax is levied by a resolution, drawn and offered by some member of the board stating what the tax will be, adopted by the board. If you will examine the county records, you will find that for five of these nine years the resolution stating the amount of tax was drawn and offered by the county commissioner from Thief River Falls, and who favored Thief River Falls. So they were first responsible for five of the nine tax levies, and the resolution which provided for the high rate of tax levy of county taxes in the last six years (except the four mill court house levy), was drawn and offered by Commissioner Dan Shaw of Thief River Falls, in 1907, and provided for a levy of 8.82 mills.

The Thief River Falls papers are asking what was meant by those "Other Special Taxes."

Hadn't they better ask Dan Shaw? He knows, for he drew the resolution to levy the taxes.

Now when you have read these figures, who will you blame for the taxes? If you have any doubts as to the truth of any statement in this article, write to the county auditor or to the secretary of the anti-division committee at Red Lake Falls, and a certified copy of the records will be sent to you.

Talking about high taxes, does Thief River Falls ever tell you how high their own taxes are, and how much their city run in debt from poor management? The people who are running Thief River Falls have run their city so badly in debt, that their taxes are enormous, and their credit so poor that they have been trying nearly a year to sell an issue of city bonds without success.

THE SPECTATOR TURNS TURTLE

Before the primary election the St. Hilaire Spectator was neutral on the county division proposition and had published interviews showing that St. Hilaire people are very much opposed to county division. Since the primary election the paper has in its editorial expressions shown an inclination to be somewhat tippy and last week made a compelte flop. All people seem to be of the same opinion as to what the Spectator expects will be the reward in case the county is divided.

COST OF RUNNING TWO COUNTIES

Continued From Page 1

mainder of Red Lake county $1,710,807. The auditor of Red Lake county receives a salary of $1200 per year, and clerk hire. The county treasurer receives the same salary as the auditor and clerk hire. As the law provides (Revised Laws of Minnesota for 1905, Section 492,) that in counties where the assessed valuation does not exceed four million dollars, both the county auditor and county treasurer shall receive $1200 per year and clerk hire, it follows that in case of division, the auditor and treasurer of Red Lake and Pennington counties would receive $1200 each, thus doubling the present salary.

Under the law, the present county commissioners of Red Lake county receive a salary of $175 per year, each, amounting to $875 for the five. In case of division, under the law, the commissioners of Red Lake and Pennington counties would receive $125 per year each, amounting to $725 for each county, nearly double the present salaries. Besides their salary, the commissioners receive mileage and extra pay for ditch meetings, and two counties would have to pay ten men instead of five as at present.

Under the law (General Laws of 1909, Chapter 470,) Red Lake county must pay its sheriff at least one thousand dollars per year and as much more as the board sees fit, besides his expenses. Under the same law, in case of division Pennington and Red Lake counties must each pay its sheriff at least eight hundred dollars and expenses.

Under the law, (General Laws of 1909, Chapter 335,) Red Lake county pays its clerk of court $800 per year. In case of division, under the same law, Pennington would pay its clerk $750 per year and the remaining Red Lake county $650 per year.

Under the law, (General Laws of 1909, Chapter 311,) Red Lake county now pays its judge of probate $1350 per year and clerk hire. Under the same law, in case of division, Pennington would pay its judge of probate $1000 pear year and Red Lake $725 per year with clerk hire for each.

The present county attorney of Red Lake county receives $1200 per year. In case of division, each county would undoubtedly pay its county attorney at least $1000 per year, as no attorney of any ability would work for less.

Under the law, the county superintendent of any county must be paid not less than ten dollars for each organized school district in the county and $250 for expenses. Red Lake county now contains 115 school districts and the county superintendent receives a salary of $1200. In case of division, each county would probably pay its superintendent at least $1000, as no teacher able to fill the place would take the office for less, and do all the work connected with it.

If we add up the salary given above and without counting the clerk hire, for any office, mileage or expenses or extra pay for the commissioners or sheriff, we find that Red Lake county now pays its officers $9075 per year, and in case of division, Pennington county, under the law would pay the same set of officers $7925 and diminished Red Lake county $7550, a total salary in the two counties of $15475—that is to say in case of division, it will cost the tax payers of what is now Red Lake county $6400 more in these officers salaries alone to run the two counties than it does to run the present Red Lake county. And this is a moderate statement. Besides this you will have to pay clerk hire for two auditors, two treasurers, two judges of probate, and the mileage and expenses of two sheriffs and of ten county commissioners instead of five.

In the face of all this the Thief River Falls people tell you that if you want to economize, you must divide the county and run two counties to save money.

Now in addition to the above, here are some more expenses which will be doubled by the division of Red Lake county. The following figures are taken from the financial statement of Red Lake county, showing the amounts expended in 1909, and are correct in every particular, and certified to by the county auditor. By consulting the financial statement, which was published in the newspapers of the county last March, you may prove every figure given here. If the county is divided, two court houses instead of one must be maintained, heated, furnished, provided with janitor, telephones, blanks, books and stationery. In 1909 Red Lake county paid $171.12 for lights, $278.60 for fuel, $147.55 for telephone rent and use, $600 for janitor, $2100.36 for blank books, blanks, stationery and supplies for the county offices, total of $3301.61. These are only the ordinary expenses which must be paid every year.

The law provides that every county must have an auditing board to check up the auditor's and treasurer's books.

In 1909 Red Lake county paid its auditing board $243. This will be doubled in the two counties. The law provides for certain official printing in each county. In 1909 Red Lake county paid $883.63 for its printing, and this was much less than it has been in many other years. This will be doubled in the two counties.

Each county will necessarily maintain a jail, and the law provides for the payment of a jailor's salary, and the board of prisoners. In 1909 Red Lake county paid for jailor's salary $562 and for board of prisoners $326.98. A total of $888.98. There is no reason to doubt that this would be doubled in maintaining two counties.

The law provides for holding two terms of the district court each year, in Red Lake county, and as it is customary through the state to hold at least two terms of court yearly in each county, it is safe to say that Pennington county would also demand two terms a year to take care of its court business. Terms of court are expensive. In 1909 Red Lake county paid grand jurors $387.10, to petit jurors $901.94, to court deputies $45, to clerk of court deputies $76.50, for witness fees $50.72; a total of $1461.20. These were only the ordinary expenses of the court and are in fact less than they have been in several other years. To hold four terms of court in the two counties, would cost twice as much.

All the above expenses added together make a total of $6778.48, and comprise the ordinary running expenses of the county for the year 1909, and they are the expenses which any county would ordinarily and necessarily incur and pay during the running year. If you divide Red Lake county, each of the counties left by the division must pay this amount as a necessary result of its existence and adding this amount to the $6400 in officers salaries, we find that by making two counties out of Red Lake, the tax payers must pay their extra $13178.48 every year as a penalty for the pleasure they experienced by creating Pennington county; that is to say, where you now pay $13178.48 for these expenses and salaries in Red Lake county, if you make two counties out of Red Lake, you will be paying $26,356.96 for the same things.

Can you see how you are going to save any money on that? Perhaps you will say, "Well I will live in Pennington County, and I won't have to pay the expenses of Red Lake county," but you must remember that the expenses of Pennington county will be practically the same as those of Red Lake county are before the division and you won't have the help of all the tax payers of Red Lake county to pay those expenses with. It will be just the same as if you are today supporting your family on one hundred sixty acres of land, and tomorrow you will lose half of your land, but you have the same family to support. Can you see how that is a benefit to you, or how you are going to save money by it?

INDEPENDENT VOTERS ARE THINKING

Continued From Page 1.

is always that which is inspired with the spirit of loyalty. At the same time in the party which long holds office the spirit of insurgency is sure to prevail. Thus in this state it is notorious that for years the Republican party has been split up into contending and antagonistic factions. Many Republicans have for years supported the candidates of their party under protest and of course the support has been half hearted. When as a result of the Dunn-Collins imbrolio Governor Johnson became the candidate of the Democratic party and a large faction formerly Republicans eagerly embraced the opportunity it offered to discipline the faction to which they were opposed. Governor Johnson's subsequent popularity added to his strength. People who never before voted the Democratic ticket got the habit. At each subsequent election it was easier for Republican malcontents to act independently and according to their judgement. The nucleus of an increasing independent vote was thus formed, and it was formed almost of men exclusively who had been accustomed to vote the Republican ticket. Except in Governor Johnson's first campaign the old Democratic party remained to the end practically a unit in his support.

Another Indication of the Popular Trend.

Then we must take in this connection the nature of the appeal made this year to the independent vote. It emanates from quarters to which people naturally look for guidance. The appeal is a moral one. It finds its most fertile friends in the home and in the church. Good women are praying daily that in the interest of the children to whom they have given birth the temptation of the open saloon may be removed from their path. From hundreds of pulpits the plea will this week be made to voters for the cause of righteousness. If the effectiveness of those appeals the nature of the meetings addressed by Mr. Youngdahl and his associates furnishes convincing evidence. He at least is not talking to deaf ears. Where ever he goes; men, women and children crowd the halls or churches in which he speaks to the doors. That voters are being influenced by him and his fellow workers to break away from their accustomed political affiliations there can be no kind of question.

Gray and Eberhart's Methods Contrasted

The attitude of the candidates on the question of temperance regulation is in marked contrast. Mr. Gray leaves no doubt in the minds of the friends of reform as to where he stands. He appeals to the advocates of county option by telling them point blank that he is for county option. If elected he will recommend to the legislature the county option law and as far as he properly may, he will exercise the influence of the executive office to secure its enactment. Mr. Eberhart on the other hand approaches the electors of the state with the brewers, the distillers and the saloons behind him to tell them if they insist on it he will sign a county option law. In the meantime the organization behind him and the force with which he is affiliated are bending every energy to bring about the defeat of county option on the state books.

A Case in Point.

Take a case in point. In Polk county with the aid of the brewers and the saloon vote and the unscrupulous use of money, Senator A. D. Stephens managed to secure the nomination at the primaries and the defeat of John Sangstad by a narrow margin. The temperance Republicans of the district feeling that Mr. Stephens won the contest by unfair means, and consequently disinclined to submit to its result, decided to have Mr. Sangstad make the race again in the general election and by the use of stickers try to elect him. Now John Sangstad is as good a Republican as A. D. Stephens, indeed a more progressive one as his legislative record indicates. One would think in such a case that if it wanted to be fair Governor Eberhart's organization would keep its hands off and allow the people to make their own choice. The Republican organization is supporting Stephens. It sent Senator Nelson into the district, and while there Senator Nelson took occasion to make one of his vitriolic attacks upon Mr. Saugstad and the methods adopted by Mr. Sangtad's friends on the ground that they were flying in the face of the party nomination and that their course was subversive of party dicipline. Senator Nelson's own action in opposing as characteristic a party measure as the tariff bill and in denouncing a railroad bill prepared by the attorney general and bearing the endorsement of President Taft as being submitted at corporation dictation to attain corporation ends is worth considering in this connection.

Cavils of Eberhart.

The governor complains of being misrepresented by Mr. Gray and makes an argument whose design is to induce those who favor county option to believe that he is as good a friend to county option as Mr. Gray. But when it is put up to him point blank whether he is in favor of or opposed to county option he dodges. Why does he not say squarely if he favors county option that he does? It is the one question at issue in the campaign. It is the subject of discussion at every fireside and wherever men meet. The governor must have considered it. There could be no danger of misrepresenting him if for once he would say just what he thinks about it.

Governor Johnson Misrepresented

Within the past week Governor Eberhart has given it out that in his straddle of the county option issue he is following the example of Governor Johnson. Now the facts in the case which lead to Mr. Johnsons' addressing a communication to the house on this subject are these. Governor Johnson had recently closed the Cole campaign. In that campaign no reference was made in either the Republican or the Democratic convention to county option. In the entire campaign no voter ever put the question up to either Mr. Cole or Mr. Johnson. It was not even remotely referred to in any way in their campaign speeches. Other issues absorbed public attention in both the state and local campaigns of that year. Governor Johnson had already laid his message before the legislature and as the question of county option never cocurred to him he never mentioned it. When at a meeting of the legislature subsequent to the delivering of the message a few Republican leaders were casting about for some means of embarrassing the governor and it occurred to Dr. Gates that the way to do it was to ask the governor to make a recommendation on this subject, and a Republican legislature was induced on the plea that it would give the party an advantage to take the unprecedented course of passing a resolution asking the governor to give his views on this subject. Naturally the governor resented this attempt at dictation and the interference with executive prerogaties it involed. There is no parallel at all between his course and that of a candidate for office who refuse to define his attitude on a question at issue in the campaign before the people whom he is making a plea for support.

The Injection of Dan Lawler.

A peculiar phase of the campaign was presented when the services of Dan Lawler were retained on behalf of the democratic candidate. Mr. Lawler, then mayor of St. Paul, took an active part in the meeting in which Mr. Gray was chosen as the Democratic nominee. In fact he seconded his nomination. In doing so, refering to Mr. Gray's attitude and the fact that the brewers and distillers had signified an intention of givng their support to Governor Eberhart, "we hold," he said, "no brief for the liquor interests." Whether Mr. Lawler has since received a retainer does not appear, but it is at least certain that the argument he makes is an argument of which the liquor interests approve that he is now associated with their agents and that his appeals meet with the applause of their partisans. How effective the work Mr. Lawler is doing is no one can say. But this at least can be said, that the fact that his services and the services of others like him have been enlisted makes the issue as between the liquor interests and the people of the state every day clearer. Whatever may be said of Mr. Gray's support the fact that the brewers and distillers are exhausting every effort to secure the election of Eberhart and the control of the Republican organization and the Republican legislature is apparent to everyone who is not wilfully blind. The election of Mr. Eberhart will cinch the hold these interests have on the representation of the people. It is no longer a contest between Republicans and Democrats. It is a contest between the brewers and the friends of a government of the people free from dictation.

—PAUL PRY.

THE OLEO-MARGARINE LAW

Why did the Congress of the United States enact the present oleomargarine law which provides for an internal revenue tax of ten cents per pound on artificially colored oleomargarine? Was it to permit the butter producers of the country to exact a high price for butter as has been claimed? To make such a claim is a pretty serious indictment of our federal law making body. Of course butter is higher in price than it was ten years ago but so are other necessities of life. The percentage of oleomargarine now being put upon the market bear a higher ratio to the amount of butter consumed than it did ten years ago. This coupled with the fact that less than three per cent of the oleomargarine sold is taxed at ten cents per pound proves that the oleomargarine law has absolutely nothing to do with the price of butter.

Congress enacted this law to prevent fraud in the sale of oleomargarine. The law was never intended to prevent the honest sale of oleomargarine or to enhance the interests of the butter producers of the country, but rather protect the one against fraud in the purchase of butter or oleomargarine and the other against fraudulent competition.

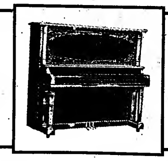
Congress intended to compel the sale of oleomargarine in its natural color (which is white or nearly so) instead of in the natural color of butter (which is yellow.) Congress at the same time reduced the former tax of two cents per pound on oleomagarine to one-fourth of a cent per pound when the product is not artificially colored to look like butter.

Congress used its taxing power to prevent fraud in the sale of oleomargarine because it had no other effective means of accomplishing that result. When oleomargarine is put upon the market in its natural color, thus making it impossible to commit fraud, the tax is one and three fourths cents less per pound than under any previous oleomargarine law.

The butter producers of the country are benefited by oleomargarine legislation only in so far as the integrity of the dairy industry is sustained, a benefit which is shared by every other citizen. It is a most important branch of agriculture and it is quite as essential to prevent the destruction of an agricultural industry by fraud as it is to prevent the destruction of our banking industry or any of the other industries in which every citizen is interested.

You Can Win This Beautiful

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
Name.......................................
Address.......................................
If voted before November 24, 1910.



Nomination Ballot
Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest
Name.......................................
Address.......................................
Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.
The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.
Grand Prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.
4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as neccessity may demand change.
5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.
6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.
7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.
8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.
9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.
10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.
11. The contest will close at 6 p. m., Jan. 16, 1911.
12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.
13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year,	$1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years,	3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years,	4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years,	6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years,	7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

S.S.S. CURES RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a specific blood fermentation, a souring of the circulation from an excess of uric acid accumulating in the blood stream. This uratic impurity comes usually as a result of constipation, weak kidneys, indigestion and stomach disturbances. These systemic irregularities may not be of marked severity or of long duration, but each has a direct effect on the eliminative members of the body, which prevents the proper removal of the waste products. This refuse remains in the stomach and bowels, and souring forms uric acid, which the blood quickly absorbs.

Rheumatism is usually manifested in the joints and muscles. It is here its sharpest twinges of pain are felt, and stiffening of ligaments and tendons first commence. The pain of Rheumatism is caused by the contact of the sensory nerves with the gritty, acrid formation which uric acid causes to accumulate in the corpuscles of the blood about the joints. The stiffening of muscles and joints is usually gradual. Constantly the blood deposits the uric acid into the joints, and slowly the natural fluids are dried up and destroyed. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and serious. Rheumatism is sometimes inherited, for like all blood diseases it can be transmitted to offspring. This explains why some persons are afflicted with the disease, and suffer its pains, who have otherwise been perfectly healthy.

RHEUMATISM FORTY YEARS.
I suffered with lumbago for a long time, and speaking of it to a friend one day he told me to try S.S.S. I did so, and soon found it was helping me. I had rheumatism for more than forty years, having contracted it in the army, but S.S.S cured me sound and well, and have had no return of the trouble. I think S.S.S. has no equal for curing rheumatism.
THOS. POTTS.
111 Main St., Johnston City., Pa.

S.S.S. cures Rheumatism and cures it permanently. It goes into the circulation, and removes the uric acid, purifies the blood, and in this way destroys the cause. S.S.S. changes the blood from a sour, acid-steeped stream to a rich, healthy fluid, which quiets the excited nerves, eases the throbbing muscles and painful joints, and filters out of the circulation the irritating matter which causes every painful symptom of the disease. When the blood has been purified and enriched by S.S.S., it nourishes the different members that have been weakened and starved because of imperfect blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Pure Wool
The lower part, dipped in boiling caustic potash, was entirely dissolved, proving it to be pure wool.

Part Cotton
When boiled in caustic potash the wool inside the squares was dissolved, leaving only the cotton bars.

Clothcraft Stands the Acid Test

YOU always find in your Clothcraft suit a regularly signed, legal, binding guaranty that the suit is pure wool.

That guaranty could not be given if the makers and we ourselves did not absolutely know the goods to be pure wool.

This is the test: Pure wool boiled in caustic potash completely dissolves. If there is any cotton in the mixture, it remains.

Every piece of cloth coming from the mills must be able to stand this test before it is accepted for Clothcraft.

Wool lasts. Wool keeps its stylish shape and color. When you can have all-wool *guaranteed* at $10 to $25 it is foolish to take anything less. Then come in today and pick out your Clothcraft suit or overcoat.

THEO. LABISSONIERE
The Reliable Clothier
Clothcraft
All-Wool Clothes
$10 to $25

RAILROAD
LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying position in the railroad POSITIONS spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition. SURE
THOMPSON'S EXPERT RAILWAY COLLEGE, [illegible]

COLORADO LAND
We desire to place on the market at once 12 sections of farming land which is close to R. R. and markets. Smooth and level rich black soil, no stones, selling from $12.00 to $20.00 per acre. Best land in the State.
Write for full particulars.
N. MacPHEE
505 Alworth Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

RHEUMATISM

THERE IS HOPE

I want every chronic rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all liniments, all plasters, and give MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM REMEDY a trial. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your friends may say, no matter how prejudiced you may be against all advertised medicines, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the RHEUMATISM REMEDY. If it fails to give satisfaction I will refund your money.—Munyon. Remember this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium, cocaine, morphine or other harmful drugs. It is put up under the guarantee of the Pure Food and Drug Act.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

ARE YOU THINKING OF CHANGING YOUR LOCATION? If so get informed [illegible] timber or grazing [illegible] in the West. Write [illegible] what [illegible] and we will place [illegible] Western Infor[illegible] Seattle, Washington.

MEN AND WOMEN

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. [illegible] Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney remedy. At druggists. Sample [illegible] by mail free, also pamphlet. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

[illegible] Thompson's Eye Water

HARDY.

Mr. Heavyweight—Well, Willie, why do you look so studious?

Willie—I was wonderin' if you ever married sis, if I could be able to wear yer castoff clothes.

Completely Pauperized.

Albert W. Hebberd, New York's charity expert, said at a recent dinner:

"The great danger of charity is its pauperizing effect. This effect must be avoided, or the recipients will all become Jack Hanches.

"Jack Hanch, on the score of bad health, never worked, and the pastor of the Methodist church, a man whose heart sometimes outran his head, sent the idler and his family weekly gifts of food and clothing—supported the whole crew, in fact.

"A church visitor, after listening to Jack's complaints one day, said:

"'Yes, of course, you have had bad health, we know that; but one thing at least you ought to be thankful for, and that is our pastor's kindness in sending you all this bread and meat and jelly and blankets, and so on. Don't you think it is good of him to look after you so well?'

"'Good of him?' said Jack, impatiently. 'Why, what's he for?'"

Her Tribute.

Randall—How did you like the military parade, Ida?

Miss Rogers—Glorious! I never saw enough men in all my life before.—Harper's Bazar.

When It's "What for Breakfast?"

Try

Post Toasties

Serve with cream or milk and every member of the family will say "ripping" good. And don't be surprised if they want a second helping.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death. In the hall Gertrude and her fiance, Jack Bailey, had conversed in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found unconscious at the bottom of the circular staircase. She said something had brushed by her in the dark on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. Thomas, the lodge-keeper, was found dead with a note in his pocket bearing the name "Lucien Wallace." A ladder found out of place deepens the mystery. The stables were burned and in the dark Miss Innes shot an intruder. Halsey mysteriously disappeared. His auto was found wrecked by a freight train. It developed Halsey had a talk in the library with a woman before he disappeared. New cook disappears. Miss Innes learned Halsey was alive. Dr. Walker's face becomes livid at mention of the name of Nina Carrington. Evidence was secured from a tramp that a man, supposedly Halsey, had been bound and gagged and thrown into an empty box car. Gertrude was missing. Hunting for her, Miss Innes ran into a man and fainted. A confederate of Dr. Walker confessed his part in the mystery.

CHAPTER XXIX.—Continued.

"She struck me as being an ugly customer, and when she left, about 11 o'clock, and went across to the Armstrong place, I was not far behind her. She walked all around the house first, looking up at the windows. Then she rang the bell, and the minute the door was opened she was through it, and into the hall."

"How long did she stay?"

"That's the queer part of it," Riggs said eagerly. "She didn't come out that night at all. I went to bed at daylight, and that was the last I heard of her until the next day, when I saw her on a truck at the station, covered with a sheet. She'd been struck by the express and you would hardly have known her—dead, of course. I think she stayed all night in the Armstrong house, and the agent said she was crossing the track to take the up train to town when the express struck her."

"Another circle!" I exclaimed. "Then we are just where we started."

"Not so bad as that, Miss Innes," Riggs said eagerly. "Nina Carrington came from the town in California where Mr. Armstrong died. Why was the doctor so afraid of her? The Carrington woman knew something. I lived with Dr. Walker seven years, and I know him well. There are few things he is afraid of. I think he killed Mr. Armstrong out in the west somewhere, that's what I think. What else he did I don't know—but he dismissed me and pretty nearly throttled me—for telling Mr. Jamieson here about Mr. Innes' having been at his office the night he disappeared and about my hearing them quarreling."

"What was it Warner overheard the woman say to Mr. Innes in the library?" the detective asked me.

"She said 'I knew there was something wrong from the start. A man isn't well one day and dead the next without some reason.'"

How perfectly it all seemed to fit!

CHAPTER XXX.

When Churchyards Yawn.

It was on Wednesday Riggs told us the story of his connection with some incidents that had been previously unexplained. Halsey had been gone since the Friday night before, and with the passage of each day I felt that he might be carried thousands of miles in the box-car, locked in, perhaps, without water or food. I had read of cases where bodies had been found locked in cars on isolated sidings in the west, and my spirits went down with every hour.

"But the Face That Showed in the Light—"

His recovery was destined to be almost as sudden as his disappearance, and was due directly to the tramp Alex had brought to Sunnyside. It seems the man was grateful for his release, and when he learned something of Halsey's whereabouts from another member of his fraternity—for it is a fraternity—he was prompt in letting us know.

On Wednesday evening Mr. Jamieson, who had been down at the Armstrong house trying to see Louise—and failing—was met near the gate at Sunnyside by an individual precisely as repulsive and unkempt as the one Alex had captured. The man knew the detective, and he gave him a piece of dirty paper, on which was scrawled the words: "He's at City hospital, Johnsville." The tramp who brought the paper pretended to know nothing, except this: The paper had been passed along from a "hobo" in Johnsville, who seemed to know the information would be valuable to us.

Again the long-distance telephone came into requisition. Mr. Jamieson called the hospital, while we crowded around him. And when there was no longer any doubt that it was Halsey, and that he would probably recover, we all laughed and cried together. I am sure I kissed Liddy, and I have had terrible moments since when I seem to remember kissing Mr. Jamieson, too, in the excitement.

Anyhow, by 11 o'clock that night Gertrude was on her way to Johnsville, 380 miles away, accompanied by Rosie. The domestic force was now down to Mary Anne and Liddy, with the under-gardener's wife coming every day to help out. Fortunately, Warner and the detectives were keeping bachelor hall in the lodge. Out of deference to Liddy they washed their dishes once a day, and they concocted queer messes, according to their several abilities. They had one triumph that they ate regularly for breakfast, and that clung to their clothes and their hair the rest of the day. It was bacon, hardtack and onions, fried together. They were almost pathetically grateful, however, I noticed, for an occasional broiled tenderloin.

It was not until Gertrude and Rosie had gone and Sunnyside had settled down for the night, with Winters at the foot of the staircase, that Mr. Jamieson broached a subject he had evidently planned before he came.

"She Walked All Around the House First, Looking Up at the Windows."

"Miss Innes," he said, stopping me as I was about to go to my room upstairs, "how are your nerves tonight?"

"I have none," I said happily. "With Halsey found, my troubles have gone."

"I mean," he persisted, "do you feel as though you could go through with something rather unusual?"

"The most unusual thing I can think of would be a peaceful night. But if anything is going to occur, don't dare to let me miss it."

"Something is going to occur," he said. "And you're the only woman I can think of that I can take along." He looked at his watch. "Don't ask me any questions, Miss Innes. Put on heavy shoes, and some old dark clothes, and make up your mind not to be surprised at anything."

Liddy was sleeping the sleep of the just when I went upstairs, and I hunted out my things cautiously. The detective was waiting in the hall, and I was astonished to see Dr. Stewart with him. They were talking confidentially together, but when I came down they ceased. There were a few preparations to be made: the locks to be gone over, Winters to be instructed as to renewed vigilance, and then, after extinguishing the hall light, we crept, in the darkness, through the front door, and into the night.

I asked no questions. I felt that they were doing me honor in making me one of the party, and I would show them I could be as silent as they. We went across the fields, passing through the woods that reached almost to the ruins of the stable, going over stiles now and then, and sometimes stepping over low fences. Once only somebody spoke, and then it was an emphatic bit of profanity from Dr. Stewart when he ran into a wire fence.

We were joined at the end of five minutes by another man, who fell into step with the doctor silently. He carried something over his shoulder which I could not make out. In this way we walked for perhaps 20 minues.

The doctor was puffing somewhat when we finally came to a halt. I confess that just at that minute even Sunnyside seemed a cheerful spot. We had paused at the edge of a level cleared place, bordered all around with primly trimmed evergreen trees. Between them I caught a glimpse of starlight shining down on rows of white headstones and an occasional more imposing monument or towering shaft. In spite of myself, I drew my breath in sharply. We were on the edge of the Casanova churchyard.

I saw now both the man who had joined the party and the implements he carried. It was Alex, armed with two long-handled spades. After the first shock of surprise, I flatter myself I was both cool and quiet. We went in single file between the rows of headstones, and although, when I found myself last, I had an instinctive desire to keep looking back over my shoulder, I found that, the first uneasiness past, a cemetery at night is much the same as any other country place, filled with vague shadows and unexpected noises. Once, indeed—but Mr. Jamieson said it was an owl, and I tried to believe him.

In the shadow of the Armstrong granite shaft we stopped. I think the doctor wanted to send me back.

"It's no place for a woman," I heard him protesting angrily. But the detective said something about witnesses, and the doctor only came over and felt my pulse.

"Anyhow, I don't believe you're any worse off here than you would be in that nightmare of a house," he said finally, and put his coat on the steps of the shaft for me to sit on.

There is a sense of desecration, of a reversal of the everlasting fitness of things, in resurrecting a body from its mother clay. And yet that night, in the Casanova churchyard, I sat quietly by, and watched Alex and Mr. Jamieson steaming over their work, without a single qualm, except the fear of detection.

The doctor kept a keen lookout, but no one appeared. Once in a while he came over to me and gave me a reassuring pat on the shoulder.

"I never expected to come this," he said once. "There's one thing sure—I'll not be suspected of complicity. A doctor is generally supposed to be handier at burying folks than at digging them up."

The uncanny moment came when Alex and Jamieson tossed the spades on the grass, and I confess I hid my face. There was a period of stress, I think, while the heavy coffin was being raised. I felt that my composure was going, and, for fear I would shriek, I tried to think of something else—what time Gertrude would reach Halsey—anything but the grisly reality that lay just beyond me on the grass.

And then I heard a low exclamation from the detective and I felt the pressure of the doctor's fingers on my arm.

"Now, Miss Innes," he said gently. "If you will come over—"

I held on to him frantically, and somehow I got there and looked down. The lid of the casket had been raised and a silver plate on it proved we had made no mistake. But the face that showed in the light of the lantern was a face I had never seen before. The man who lay before us was not Paul Armstrong!

CHAPTER XXXI.

Between Two Fireplaces.

What with the excitement of the discovery, the walk home under the stars in wet shoes and draggled skirts, and getting upstairs and undressed without rousing Liddy, I was completely used up. What to do with my boots was the greatest puzzle of all, there being no place in the house safe from Liddy, until I decided to slip upstairs the next morning and drop them into the hole the "ghost" had made in the trunkroom wall.

I went asleep as soon as I reached this decision, and in my dreams I lived over again the events of the night. Again I saw the group around the silent figure on the grass, and again, as had happened at the grave, I heard Alex's voice, tense and triumphant:

"Then we've got them," he said. Only, in my dreams, he said it over and over until he seemed to shriek it in my ears.

I wakened early, in spite of my fatigue, and lay there thinking. Who was Alex? I no longer believed that he was a gardener. Who was the man whose body we had resurrected? And where was Paul Armstrong? Probably living safely in some extraditionless country on the fortune he had stolen. Did Louise and her mother know of the shameful and wicked deception? What had Thomas known, and Mrs. Watson? Who was Nina Carrington?

This last question, it seemed to me, was answered. In some way the woman had learned of the substitution, and had tried to use her knowledge for blackmail. Nina Carrington's own story died with her, but, however it happened, it was clear that she had carried her knowledge to Halsey the afternoon Gertrude and I were looking for clews to the man I had shot on the east veranda. Halsey had been half crazed by what he heard; it was evident that Louise was marrying Dr. Walker to keep the shameful secret, for her mother's sake. Halsey, always reckless, had gone at once to Dr. Walker and denounced him. There had been a scene, and he left on his way to the station to meet and notify Mr. Jamieson of what he had learned. The doctor was active mentally and physically. Accompanied perhaps by Riggs, who had shown himself not overscrupulous until he quarreled with his employer, he had gone across to the railroad embankment, and, by jumping in front of the car, had caused Halsey to swerve. The rest of the story we knew.

That was my reconstructed theory of that afternoon and evening; it was almost correct—not quite.

There was a telegram that morning from Gertrude.

Halsey conscious and improving. Probably home in day or so.

GERTRUDE.

With Halsey found and improving in health, and with at last something to work on, I began that day, Thursday, with fresh courage. As Mr. Jamieson had said, the lines were closing up. That I was to be caught and almost finished in the closing was happily unknown to us all.

It was late when I got up. I lay in my bed, looking around the four walls of the room, and trying to imagine behind what one of them a secret chamber might lie. Certainly, in daylight, Sunnyside deserved its name; never was a house more cheery and open, less sinister in general appearance. There was not a corner apparently that was not open and above-board, and yet, somewhere behind its handsomely papered walls I believed firmly that there lay a hidden room, with all the possibilities it would involve.

I made a mental note to have the house measured during the day to discover any discrepancy between the outer and inner walls, and I tried to recall again the exact wording of the paper Jamieson had found.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Takes In Circuitous Routes

Letter Journeys Long Distance to Reach Destination Ten Feet from the Starting Point.

One of the most remarkable mail routes in the world is that in which a letter journeys in going from Beebe Plain, Vt., to Beebe Plain, Quebec, Canada. While the two offices are within ten feet of each other—are located in the same room, in fact—a letter mailed from one office to the other must make a trip of 294 miles—67 miles in Canada and the remainder in the United States.

The plain, old-fashioned store building which is situated on the international boundary line contains both the United States and the Canadian offices. There are separate entrances to each, but both are in the same room, have the same lobby and there are no partitions to mark the division between the domain of Uncle Sam and the possession of King Edward.

"If you mail a letter from the Vermont side addressed to the Quebec side," says the postmaster, "it goes from here to the junction, then to Newport, then to White River Junction, and back to Lennoxville, Quebec, over the Boston and Maine. There it is transferred to the Grand Trunk and goes to a south-bound mail pouch and comes to Stanstead Junction and then back to this same building, a distance of 294 miles.

"If we wish to mail a letter from the American side to Derby Line, it must go to White River Junction and then come back over the official route."

At the Half-Century Mark.

Youth is eternal to him who believes in eternity. To me youth means anywhere from eight onward. I was an exceedingly old person at eight and I trust I violate no confidence when I confess a youthful exuberance now that I have bumped against the half-way post. Fifty is a splendid time for youthful expansion; one's fancy still retains all its ingenuity while one's judgment is bettered by experience. When sitting on the 50 milestone the vane of man's vision points southward to the past and northward to the future with a minimum of oscillation. Rancorous thought and splenetic expression give way to quieter nerves and calmer view, and the mellow lighted vista of the years that have gone soften the heart of the youth of a half century of years.—John Philip Sousa in the Circle.

Was Getting Monotonous.

A handsome woman who had been so unfortunate as to find occasion to divorce not one but several husbands was returning from Nevada. In Chicago she happens to meet her first husband, for whom, by the way, she always has entertained a real affection.

"Upon my soul, if it isn't Charlie!" exclaimed the ex-wife, cordially shaking hands with the gentleman whose name she formerly had borne. "I'm awfully glad to see you, Charlie!" Then, after a wistful expression had come to and been banished from her countenance, she added:

"Old chap, I've often wondered where you were and what you were doing. It was too bad we didn't get on better together. I hope your experience hasn't been as unpleasant as mine. I'm just sick and tired of marrying strangers!"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Easy for Her.

An extremely corpulent old lady was entertaining her grandchild at luncheon when she found occasion to reprimand the little girl for dropping some food on the tablecloth.

"You don't see grandma dropping anything on the table," she said.

"Of course not," replied the child; "God gave you something in front to stop it."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

The Difference.

"I don't see any difference between you and a trained nurse except the uniform," said her sick husband.

"And the salary," she added, thoughtfully.—Harper's Bazar.

"SPOHN'S."

This is the name of the greatest of all remedies for Distemper, Pink Eye, Heaves, and the like among all ages of horses. Sold by Druggists, Harness Makers, or send to the manufacturers. $.50 and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Send for free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

The Family Growler.

"Why are you weeping, little boy?"

"I broke de pitcher."

"Well, there's no use crying over spilt milk."

"G'wan! Dis wuz beer."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Pettit's Eye Salve Restores.

No matter how badly the eyes may be diseased or injured. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Old Oaken Bucket.

Doctor (to typhoid patient)—Do you remember where you drank water?

Patient (an actor)—Oh, yes! It was back on the dear old farm—twenty years ago!—Puck.

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Buy Furs and Hides. Send for catalog 105. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

We surely owe to men the same duty as we owe to pictures—to try and see them in the best light.—Emerson.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Some politicians are too modest to face the nude truth.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Black Duck, Minn.—"About a year ago I wrote you that I was sick and could not do any of my housework. My sickness was called Retroflexion. When I would sit down I felt as if I could not get up. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and did just as you told me and now I am perfectly cured, and have a big baby boy."—Mrs. ANNA ANDERSON, Box 19, Black Duck, Minn.

Consider This Advice.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

Do it Now

Tomorrow A. M. too late. Take a CASCARET at bed time; get up in the morning feeling fine and dandy. No need for *sickness* from *over-eating* and *drinking*. They surely work while you sleep and help nature help you. Millions take them and keep well.

894

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Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

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For Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder. Dissolves Uric Acid. The remedy for Rheumatism. Trial package mailed free.

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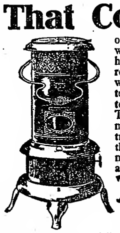

That Cold Room

on the side of the house where winter blasts strike hardest always has a lower temperature than the rest of the house. There are times when it is necessary to raise the temperature quickly or to keep the temperature up for a long period. That can't be done by the regular method of heating without great trouble and overheating the rest of the house. The only reliable method of heating such a room alone by other means is to use a

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Absolutely smokeless and odorless

which can be kept at full or low heat for a short or long time.

Four quarts of oil will give a glowing heat for nine hours, without smoke or smell.

An indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font. Filler-cap does not screw on; but is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached by a chain and cannot get lost.

An **automatic-locking flame spreader** prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so that it can be cleaned in an instant.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, and can be unscrewed in an instant for rewicking. Finished in japan or nickel, strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental. Has a cool handle.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

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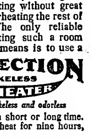

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BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

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Will you elect a governor who is advised and controlled by Senator Ed Smith

---

A vote for Gray is a vote for the continuance of John A Johnson's administration

---

The whole Democratic ticket is a good one this year and every Democrat can vote for it with good conscience

---

The Democratic party has an exceptionally strong state ticket this year, and the people would be efficently served if every man on it was elected

---

Why was Senator Ed Smith selected by Governor Eberhart as his campaign manager over the protests of most of the other candidates on the Republican ticket?

Why didn't Governor Eberhart mention the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill in his keynote speech after pronouncing it at Omaha as one of the best ever passed by congress?

Whether a man is in favor of prohibition or opposed to it, there is no reason why he should not be in favor of county option, which will simply give the people of each county an opportunity to decide for themselves whether they want license or no license

---

Thos D O'Brien should be elected as a judge of the supreme court. Judge O'Brien was appointed to this position by the late Governor Johnson, and has filled the office with credit and distinction The Red Lake county voters should remember Judge O'Brien on election day.

The Gazette hopes that its Democratic readers will bear in mind that this is a year when the Republicans want to help them out because they are Democrats, but because they are right. While the Republican is doing his part in his own way, it behooves the Democrats to see that every one of their voters is gotten to the polls next Tuesday. Let no township in the county fail to get out its full Democratic vote

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The Freeborn County Standard, published at Albert Lea, states a fact which will be recalled regarding Democratic votes for Dunn in the first Johnson campaign The Standard says: "While it is true that the brewers will control many votes, Democratic as well as Republican, for Eberhart, it may be recalled that 20,000 or more Democrats voted for Bob Dunn in Gov. Johnson's first campaign, and that the prospect is, now as then that James Gray will get three Republicans votes for every Democratic vote lost on Eberhart "

"The county option issue is vital to the interests of the farmers of Minnesota because it affects them, directly and indirectly, in every phase of life," says Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis "It is idle to argue that the saloon problem is one which affects only the towns, and should be regulated by them. County option is, moreover, democratic in the broad sense of that term It allows all the people to vote upon a question that affects all It denies to none a chance to express their views." It recognizes the simple fact that all are affected by the saloon and that it is quite as much the business of the voter; farmer living seven miles from town to decide whether or not his trading point shall be a saloon or dry town as it is the privilege of the man living next door to the postoffice."

YOUR DUTY NEXT TUESDAY

A remarkable feature of the campaign just closing is the spirit of independence shown by the individual voter. We have heard less of the party cry than ever before, while in every direction men are declaring their purpose to vote in accordance with their convictions—for men and measures, rather than for party labels.

Years ago President Garfield wrote in one of his messages that "he serves his party best who serves his country best," and the voters have learned that this year they can serve their country best by breaking away from party ties.

What the result will be when the votes are counted next Tuesday night, no one can say, but indications are plentiful that there is to be one of those great silent revolutions that occasionally take place in this country—one of those revolutions that give us confidence in popular government.

There is every sign that this revolution, which began in the state of Maine two months ago and has been gaining headway at every opportunity since, will be felt in Minnesota. The people are arcused over national issues and they are going to "swat" everybody in sight whom they suspect of being responsible for Aldrichism and Cannonism.

A Democratic congress is predicted by every independent newspaper in the country, and practically every Democratic candidate for governor in the northern states will be elected, more as a vote of protest against the Taft administration and the Aldrich tariff than because of a desire to give power to the Democratic party.

In Minnesota the Republicans have nominated a candidate for governor who has "straddled" every important issue. He has allied himself with the reactionary and corporation influences which have always sought to dominate the politics of the state. The Republican admirers of Roosevelt, Dolliver and LaFollette fail to find in Eberhart any of the qualities of political honesty or progressiveness which characterize the acts and utterances of the leaders of the newer order.

Eberhart has shown himself to be notoriously weak in evrey instance where executive strength and vigor was needed. The very fact that he chose as manager of his campaign the odious Ed. Smith, the recognized leader of the corporation forces in the legislature, is conclusive evidence of the kind of men he would select to manager the business of the state.

An open letter to the people of Minnesota, issued Tuesday over the signatures of John Lind. David C. Bell. S. A. Stockwell and A. W. Rankin, four of the leading citizens of Minneapolis, makes this charge:

"As lieutenant governor Mr. Eberhart not only did nothing to oppose the operations of the Smith machine, but he gave direct assistance to their schemes by placing Smith and other reactionaries in charge of the important committees. The signers of this are a self-constituted committee whose interest in the campaign is that of nonpartisan citizens who desire that politicians like Smith shall be driven out of the control of the governorship as they have been driven out of the legislature."

We believe the people of Red Lake county will take the judgement of such men as Governor Lind, David Bell, Senator Stockwell, and Professor Rankin. These men have no interest in the governorship save the interest that good citizens should have.

This is the issue. James Gray stands for good government. Eberhart stands for Ed. Smith, and bad government.

Millions Against Gray.

The Sleepy Eye Herald-Dispatch says the big brewery interests of the United States, the Anhauser Busch Schlitz-Pabst-Hamm, and other great interests, representing hundreds of millions of dollars, will place a million dollars in Minnesota to defeat Gray. Well, maybe they will succeed, but the whole people will not lay down this fight until brewery domination in American politics is crushed. This paper is not advocating the principles of so called county option, but we do protest in the most vigorous manner all forms of corporate influence in politics in this state, together with Billy Hamm and his emissaries in their effort to beat Gray.

HOW PENNINGTON COUNTY WOULD START

Continued From Page 1.

diminished Red Lake will have an assessed valuation of $1,710,307.00, so that Pennington County's share of debt will be about 56 per cent. 56 per cent of $86,347.00, the amount to be divided equals $48,354.00.

From these figures it appears beyond dispute that Pennington County will start out with a debt of a little more than $48,000.00, and no property of any kind to begin to do business with, and as no taxes have been levied for the new county, nothing will be paid for its treasurer for the whole of its first year of existence, nor until the first of March of the following year, when its personal taxes becomes payable.

Now what expenses will the new county have to start out with?

In the first place, they will have to transcribe all records in the register, auditor's and clerk of court's office of the old county which pertain to lands, roads, ditches, judgments, or business in and of the new county. In the register of deeds office of Red Lake County about sixty-six thousand different instruments are on record. As the territory of Pennington County is nearly two-third of the present Red Lake County, about forty-four thousand of these instruments will have to be copied and transcribed into the records of Pennington County. At the rate allowed by law for trasncribing, it will cost an average of twenty-five cents for each of these instruments, (one R. R trust deed; reception No. 2994 cost 22.00 alone to record) which makes $11,000 for this transcribing alone. This is proven by the fact that at the time of the organization of Red Lake County, S. A. Swanson, the register of deeds, copied from the records of Polk County twenty-four thousand instruments, for which, Red Lake County paid him $6,760.00 as appears from the records, certified by the auditor. Pennington will have to buy about one hundred record books, into which to copy these forty-four thousand instruments. These kind of books are very expensive and average a cost of about $22.00 each, so that makes $2,200.00 to be added to the $11,000.00 for transcribing. It will cost about five-hundred dollars to transcribe the necessary records in the clerk of court's office to Pennington County and the new clerk of Pennington County will require about twenty-five record books with printed forms, which will average twenty-five dollars each in cost or $625.00 in all.

It will cost at least two thousand dollars to transcribe to Pennington County the necessary tax books and records, roads and ditch records transfer plats and other records of the auditor's office of Red Lake County, and the new auditor of Pennington County will require at least forty record books, averaging in cost to twenty-five dollars each, making another thousand dollars of expenses. In addition to these, these Judge of Probate, the Treasurer, the Sheriff, the Surveyor, the County Attorney, the Coroner, the County Superintendent and Court Commissioner of Pennington County must each be supplied with costly record books for his office, which will amount at least to one thousand dollars or more.

The new county must be supplied with a court house, and if we admit for the purpose of argument, that Thief River Falls will give it the old city hall and engine house, still it is a fact that this old building is in such condition that the city could not use it for its own purpose, but had to build a better one recently. This means that if Pennington County wanted to use the building it must practicebly repair and remodel it. At the present time, it contains but two offices fit to use, a large unfinished room on the ground floor where the fire engine was kept and a hall in the upper story. It will cost at least three thousand dollars to put it in shape for county purposes. Next each office must be furnished with vault, or safe, desks, files and other necessaries, and a low estimate of the cost of these is five thousand dollars. All these expenses named above, and which must be paid out almost as soon as Pennington County is organized foots up to $26,325.00.

Now in addition to this, we have shown in another article that the actual expense of running the county the first year in county officer's salary, fuel, light, janitor, court and jail expenses amounts to at least $12,978.48.

Also their share of the old Red Lake County debt, $48,000.00 will bear interest at five per cent or more, which they will have to pay during the first year. At five per cent, this interest will be $2,400.00, so that to organize and run Pennington County the first year will cost $40,000.00, in addition to the $48,000.00 of debt which they must assume and as no tax will be collected the first year. At the end of that time Pennington will be $88,000.00 in debt, with very little to show for it except a name and a set of county officers. These figures look big, but you can go over everything for yourself, and see that they represent the actual facts.

The law provides, "Revised Laws of Minnesota for 1909, Section 394," that the new county in order to help furnish money for its organization may issue ten thousand dollars of ten years bonds. This is the only way Pennington County can get, any money during its first year and of course the issue of the bonds will increase its debt by that amount. Are you tax payers so much in love with the name Pennington, that you will vote yourself $98,000.00 in debt with nothing to show for it?

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BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

WHO WILL CONTROL PENNINGTON COUNTY?

Continued From Page 1.

its adjoining township of North added, will at all times from now on have more votes than all the rest of Pennington County together.

You people who live in the townships are scattered all over the county. You live too far apart to get together on any proposition. Except in your immediate neighborhood, you are strangers to each other. But the great mass of people in Thief River Falls know each other, meet every day to talk over common enterprises. Their 1100 votes cast for one purpose or for the election of one set of officers will overcome your scattered opposition, because you out-siders will not be united. For five years they have voted together, not for the benefit of you farmers, or of Red Lake County, but for the benefit of the city of Thief River Falls, and they are now like a well trained army, with but one object in view, to boost Thief River Falls. If Pennington County is organized, they can elect a full set of county officers from the city of Thief River Falls, men who will do the bidding of their home town, and who will levy taxes on you to build it up. They can divide Pennington County into commissioners districts so that Thief River Falls will absolutely control the board of county commissioners, and indeed, so that three men living in the three different wards of Thief River Falls can be elected members of the county board.

Do you want this proven to you? Here is the proof. Section 420 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota for 1905 reads as follows, "Commissioner Districts —Redistricting —Each county shall be divided into as many districts, numbered consecutively, as it has members of the board. In counties divided into towns, such district shall be bounded by TOWN or WARD lines, but composed of contiguous territories and contains as nearly as practicable an equal population." That is the law. Now Thief River Falls borders on the town of North and the town of Rocksbury, so that Pennington County could be legally divided into commissioner districts, one of which comprise the big first ward alone of Thief River Falls; another, the second ward and the town of North and adjoining towns; and a third, the third ward and the town of Rocksbury and adjoining towns and by controlling the votes as the people of Thief River Falls have shown in the past, they can control it, a commissioner could be elected in each of these three districts, residing in the three respective wards of Thief River Falls and controlling the board of county commissioners.

But they will tell you that the board of Pennington is already named, and only one member of it lives in Thief River Falls, the rest being farmers, and consequently Thief River Falls can not control the board. But in the same breath, they tell you that Red Lake Falls runs and controls the present board of County commissioners of Red Lake County. Yet not one member of the board of Red Lake County lives in Red Lake Falls, and everyone is a farmer. How can you reconcile the two arguments? If Red Lake Falls can and does run the present board, so will Thief River Falls control the board of Pennington.

In every county in this state which contains a large city, it is a fact that that city controls all county elections. In Hennepin County only one county officer, the Superintendent of Schools was elected outside of Minneapolis, and he was so elected only because he has no control over the city schools of Minneapolis.

Why not let well enough alone? You farmers now hold the balance of power in Red Lake County. With two cities opposed to each other, neither one has votes enough to control the county. Each one must call on you for help. You hold the balance of power, and they must do as you say, because they need your votes. That is why Thief River Falls is appealing to you now. That is why they have spent thousands of dollars in the past five years to persuade you to help them out. They need your votes. But if Pennington County is once organized, and Thief River Falls gets what it wants, they won't need your votes any more. They will only need your taxes. They can run things to suit themselves.

ROAD AND BRIDGE APPROPRIATIONS

Continued From Page 1.

Thief River Falls people have just as little foundation on truth as the above. They say the town of Black River has received nothing from the road and bridge fund since 1905. The county records show that Black River received $100.00 in 1907, $250.00 in 1908, $300.00 in 1909, and $100.00 in 1910. A total of $850.00 from the road and bridge fund.

They say that Wyandottee has received nothing from the road and bridge fund. The county records show that on July 12, 1910, the county board made an appropriation to Wyandotte of $150.00 from the road and bridge fund, on the condition that Wyandotte should spend an equal amount, but Wyandotte has never drawn this money from the County Treasury.

Another argument of theirs is that the town of Hickory has never received anything from the road and bridge fund since 1905. As a matter of fact, Hickory has never asked the county commissioners for any appropriation, and since the town of Hickory became subject to taxation in Red Lake County, it has only paid into the county treasury in Road and Bridge tax $64.10.

Their whole argument on road and bridge appropriation is based on spite and prejudice, and the juggling of figures, which do not exist. They tell you how much road and bridge money the city of Red Lake Falls received, but they have never told you how much money the city of Thief River Falls has received. Do you know that in the year 1908 Thief River Falls received $3500.00 of road and bridge money from the county, which was more than one-third of all the road and bridge money paid out that year by the county, and the city of Red Lake Falls in the same time only received $779.80 of the road and bridge money. You can verify these statements at the county auditor's office. So you see there are two sides to every story, and Thief River Falls is only telling you their side of it.

Red Lake County has two large rivers and many streams and whenever in the past a bridge has become a necessity in any locality, aid has been given by the county board when asked, regardless where the bridge was to be. If one town has received more than the others, it was because it was proven to the county board that this town needed a bridge. Now don't you think that is good common sense? If each township was to receive back from the county only the money which it actually paid in in road and bridge taxes, the reservation towns would have received $759.00 less than they did receive and if your town had a river running through it which needed to be bridged, you would have to wade the river for many years to come, because you couldn't raise enough money for the bridge yourself and the county could not help you.

WHO'S RESPONSIBLE FOR HIGH TAXES?

Continued From Page 1.

For some time Thief River Falls has been trying to convince the people that the county taxes are entirely too high and that Red Lake Falls, or the three county commissioners said to be favorable to Red Lake Falls, are responsible for this state of affairs.

Now let us see who is to blame for these taxes if anybody. An examination of the county records certified by the county auditor shows that the county rate of taxation for the last nine years commencing with 1901 is as follows:

1901	14.17 mills
1902	8.47 mills
1903	8.77 mills
1904	8.07 mills
1905	7.67 mills
1906	7.82 mills
1907	8.82 mills
1908	8.47 mills
1909	8.40 mills and 4 mills for court house.

These taxes were levied each year by the county board. On this board Thief River Falls always had a member of its own and one from the St. Hilaire district favorable to Thief River Falls, and as these two members were always present at the board meetings when taxes were levied, they had the opportunity to object if they considered the taxes too high. But if you will consult the County Records where each commissioner's vote was written down you will find that in the years 1901, 1902, 1904, 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, (except the four mill court house levy in 1909), the board of commissioners voted UNANIMOUSLY in favor of each tax levy, that is SEVEN out of NINE levies. The board voted unanimously in 1901 when the tax levy was over fourteen mills, the highest rate it has ever been. In 1903 and in 1905, one member of the board voted no because he objected to one item of one thousand dollars for court house purposes, and in 1909, Commissioners Shaw and Anhol voted for each other item of the tax levy for county purposes, so you see the only part of the tax ever

JAMES GRAY

Democratic Candidate For Governor

WHO PAYS THE FREIGHT

Continued From Page 1.

man writes anything for the public press or talking from a public platform, he should know the facts before stating them as facts. If he does not know and still conveys the impression that he does, he is misleading the people. If he quotes figures which are incorrect he is guilty of falsehood. This he has done in more than one instance, the greatest of which is where he told the people at a public meeting at Highlanding he could transcribe the records for proposed Pennington county or $2000 when in fact it will cost over $15000. The books for the regsiter's office cost about $22 each and it will require about one hundred making $2200 for the blank books, and it will cost at the legal rate of transcribing, about $110 per book, making $11000 for the work in that office alone, and from $3000 to $5000 for the other offices. (These figures are based on facts, not on guesses.) Now do you think Mr. Hay was stating what he thought to be the truth in that speech, or was he deliberately trying to deceive the voters. Many of his articles and speeches about the unjust tax levies are as badly distorted, and the old adage applies—False in one thing false is all. If he actually wants the public to know the whole truth about the cost of organizing a new county, why does he refuse to debate in public and why have the Thief River Falls papers remained silent on the cost of transcribing, issuing of organization bonds, the expense of conducting the county nearly two years without any taxes received as it will be June 1, 1912. before any great amount of taxes will be paid into the treasury of the proposed new county.

Voters, remember the divisionists have an ax to grind. They are not spending thousands of dollars in this fight just to better the condition of the poor farmers, and remember, that if the county is DIVIDED IT CANNOT BE REUNITED; it is for all the time. So think well before casting your vote on an unknown proposition. It is not like electing a man to office. If he don't live up to his promises, you can kick him out of the office in two years, but if the divisionists do not make good their fairy tale, neither you nor your children will have any recourse, and you will be compelled to pay tribute for your error for all the time.

WHO WASTES COUNTY MONEY?

Continued From Page 1.

government of Red Lake county, and the county auditor and the chairman of the county board, C. A. Lindquist, were notified to appear at the trial and defend themselves. Mr. Lindquist is the man against whom Thief River has the greatest spite and the newspapers of that city had been abusing and accusing him more than any one else. A time and place of hearing was set, and the accusers at Thief River Falls were fully notified to appear and make their charges good, but, at the time of the hearing, not a single man of those who had made the charges from Thief River Falls or elsewhere appeared or offered to take any part in the trial or produce any evidence of wrong doing.

What do you think of that? Attorney General Smith was present to help out those who filed the charges, but not a man from Thief River Falls showed up, except the county attorney, and he did not ask a question or offer any proof. The county auditor and Chairman Lindquist were there to meet their accusers and the county records were examined and testimony taken and a full and complete hearing was had. The testimony was all taken and written down and sent to the governor and after examining it, and upon recommendation of the attorney general and of Judge Matson who had conducted the trial, the governor found and decided that there was nothing in the charges and dismissed the whole proceedings.

All the costs of these proceedings which had been stirred up by the Thief River Falls people and at which they failed to appear and make their charges good had to be paid by Red Lake county, and these expenses already paid by the county as appears from the records amount to $348.64, beside which there are several of the bills not paid yet, which amount to $53.54, a total of $402.18, needless expenses and county money wasted, all by reason of the lying charges made by the Thief River boosters.

And that is the kind of charges they are making every day in their newspapers and in their meetings. Will you believe them, when you know that they have once had the chance to prove their charges and failed, so utterly, and you tax payers have already had to pay for their failure?

There is no graft or wrong doing in the county government. If there was, why did not the Thief River Falls people prove it when the governor gave them a chance and they had on their side the attorney general, one of the best lawyers of the state, and a hearing before a disinterested judge?

Because they cannot run Red Lake county to suit themselves, Thief River Falls has a spite against the honest county officers who refuse to become their tools. They want Pennington county because they know that they can and will run it, and you tax payers will have to dance to their music.

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Supplement to Gazette

Red Lake Falls, Red Lake Co., Thursday, November, 3 1910.

State Press Favors Non-Partisian Judiciary.

Justice Thomas D. O'Brien's record on the supreme bench is first class, and the non-partisan argument can probably be worked to some advantage.—Willmar Rep. Gazette.

Judge O'Brien will surely be retained on the bench and in his retaining the court will be the gainer for there are none more able and brilliant than he.—Willmar Journal.

Judge O'Brien, the democratic member of the supreme court, is an able, fearless man and should be reelected regardless of party politics.—Cloquet Independent.

Partisan lines should not be drawn in the selection of our judiciary. Judge O'Brien, a Democrat, should receive the endorsement and support of the Republican party in his candidacy.—Wahkon Enterprise.

Mr. O'Brien is one of the ablest lawyers in the state and has already shown that he is the ablest member of the bench. He should certainly receive the united support of all parties at the polls.—Benson Monitor.

Friends of T. D. O'Brien, who was appointed by former Governor Johnson to the supreme bench, will make an effort to have him retained and if possible endorsed by the conventions of both political parties.—Moorhead News.

The democratic state convention endorsed two of the republican nominees for supreme judge and fair-minded voters of all parties, believing in the principles of a non-partisan judiciary, will take pleasure in casting their votes for Justice Thomas Dillon O'Brien.—Fairmont Sentinel.

Justice O'Brien is an appointee of Gov. Johnson and is acknowledged to be one of the most able, upright and worthily eminent jurists of the country. It becomes a matter for the fair-minded citizens of the state to pass upon and decide what they think and will do in such a serious situation of public affairs.—Albert Lea Standard.

Men who are able and on the square are the only ones who will command the support of the Foley Independent in the ensuing campaign, and in line with that policy that paper announces its determination to support T. D. O'Brien, present justice of the Supreme Court. * * * —Princeton Union.

Many of the prominent Republican newspapers of the state are urging the election of Thos. D. O'Brien to the Supreme Court. If the judges could be elected on their merits rather than of party designation there is no doubt that Judge O'Brien would head the list.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

There is said to be a non-partisan movement on foot to retain Judge T. D. O'Brien on the bench. If Judge O'Brien wishes to remain on the bench, it would be a recognition of an able jurist to retain him there. Besides a non-partisan judiciary is much to be desired.—Floodwood Broadaxe.

The appointment of T. D. O'Brien to the supreme bench of the state was one of the happiest selections the late Governor John A. Johnson ever made. One of the state's wisest, broadest and best equipped lawyers, he has brought strength to the bench and credit to the state. Though a Democrat he has given nobody occasion to think of partisanship in any way since he went upon the bench.—Anoka Free Press.

The Fergus Journal says that there has been a great deal said about keeping the judiciary out of politics and that good men ought to be selected regardless of their party affiliations. Judge Thomas D. O'Brien was appointed by the late Governor Johnson and has made a very able and satisfactory judge.—Breckenridge Telegram.

All over the state newspapers are saying a good word for Justice O'Brien of the supreme court. If ever there was a chance for the people to demonstrate that they are in favor of a non-partisan judiciary it is here this fall. O'Brien is able, honest and fearless and if he is defeated it will be simply because he is a Democrat and not a Republican.—Cambridge North Star.

The idea of a non-partisan judiciary is finding favor with many of the papers throughout the state and this should encourage the supporters of the movement to greater activity. Justice O'Brien, the Democratic nominee, wears no corporation's collar and it is decidedly to the interests of the people that he be re-elected.—Foley Independent.

It is gratifying to note the increasing number of influential Republican' papers who advocate the re-election of Judge O'Brien to the supreme bench of this state Judge O'Brien is concededly the ablest member of our supreme court and he should be retained as long as he will accept the office.—Perham Enterprise.

Republicans who think have a chance this year to make their thoughts lead to something more than mere talk. In fact, they have a dozen such chances, but one in particular would be valueable and useful. We refer to the right and duty of such thinking men to vote for Judge T. D. O'Brien, Judge of the Supreme Court. —Fergus Falls Wheelock's Weekly.

There are a number of people in the state who think it would be good politics to keep the supreme court out of partisan strife, and would like to see Judge O'Brien, also of St. Paul, who is a Democrat, and was appointed by the late Gov. Johnson, nominated by the Republicans.—St. Cloud Journal-Press.

We want to see the people of Minnesota elect T. D. O'Brien to succeed himself on the supreme court bench. He is one of the brainiest lawyers in the state, and as square a man as ever came into the state. He is true as steel, and the Republican party could do nothing finer than to endorse him.—Windom Citizen.

While one is thinking about the supreme bench, Thomas D. O'Brien is charged with but one sin: he is a Democrat. By that token he's certain to be renominated by the Democratic convention, "And he'll be elected," says Frank Day. However, Republicans and Democrats alike praise Judge O'Brien.—St. Paul Dispatch.

The state press is kindly disposed toward Judge T. D. O'Brien. There is a general feeling that the Democrats should be encouraged for indorsing two Republican candidates for places on the state supreme bench, C. L. Brown and P. E. Brown. The newspaper men of the state seem to think that this action will go far toward bringing about a non-partisan judiciary.—St. Paul Dispatch.

The Republican party could be of great service to the movement for a non-partisan judiciary by nominating Judge Thomas D. O'Brien for re-election to the supreme bench. The Judge has made an enviable record and is recognized as an exceptionally able and conscientious jurist. No one can give a reason why he should be retired except that he belongs to the Democratic party.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The Star News is convinced that the judiciary should be of a non-partisan nature, especially as regards the state supreme court, and consequently hopes that Hon. T. D. O'Brien may be elected to that court this fall. All the other members of the court are Republicans and it seems to us that one lone democrat on the bench would give the public better service. Besides, O'Brien is a lawyer who measures up well as to abilities with any of the candidates.—Elk River Star News

Prior to the appointment of Thomas D. O'Brien to a position upon the supreme court bench by the late Governor Johnson the five members who constitute that court were all Republicans. Since that time there have been four Republicans and one Democrat, Mr. O'Brien being the lone Democrat. During the time the latter has occupied a position on the bench and as a member of that court he has established a strong record for ability and his legal power and integrity have never been questioned.—Cambridge Independent Press.

Judge O'Brien's abilities commend him to the legal fraternity while his honesty and integrity appeal to the laymen. Nominated to the highest highest court in the state by the late Governor Johnson, whose trusted friend and counsellor he was during the years of the governor's incumbency of office, he has fulfilled every expectation of those who commended the governor's judgment in placing Mr. O'Brien on the bench. His decisions have been fearless. Wisdom has characterized his every judicial act.—Olivia Times.

In many sections of the State there was among Republicans a desire to keep the judiciary out of politics, and to re-elect all the Supreme Court justices whose terms expire. The late Gov. Johnson was a great admirer of T. D. O'Brien's ability, integrity and sound judgment, and, when he wished to pay the greatest possible compliment to some one whom he highly rated he would exclaim, "Why, he is as straight as Tom O'Brien." And Johnson was a great judge of men.—St. Cloud Times.

The trouble with our courts is too much politics. The courts should be for the people and not for the politicians. It is to be hoped that the Republicans will consider the matter of ability rather than the matter of politics in naming candidates for the supreme court. If they do that Judge O'Brien will surely be retained upon the bench and in his retaining the court will be the gainer, for there are none more able and brilliant than he.—Willmar Journal.

It seems to be decided by the powers that be that Tom O'Brien is an objectionable feature of the supreme court, not so much because he is a Democrat, as that he has fought the railroads too much, in the past. His ability and qualifications are not questioned but he is not wanted. What will the people say? They have submitted to so much trickery in the past it is doubtful that they will even awaken to this case. * * * Let us elect Tom O'Brien one of the justices so as to have a friend of farmers on the supreme bench.—Le Sueur News.

Some of the more independent republican papers have already announced their intention of supporting T. D. O'Brien as one of the candidates for supreme justice, on the ground that the highest court of the state should be selected without regard to party. Judge O'Brien is one of the ablest lawyers and clearest thinkers now on the supreme bench, and every voter, no matter what his political convictions should select him as one of the three candidates for judge to be elected this year.—Litchfield Independent.

The people throughout the state, except the radicals in both the leading parties, desire that Justice O'Brien be retained on the supreme bench. There are many reasons for this. He is an able lawyer. The people have confidence in him. He will help restore respect for the court. He is of different political complexion to the other members, which is a good thing, though politics should not enter into court questions. In all he is a good citizen. It is to be hoped that the Republicans in state convention will not oppose him.—Shakopee Argus.

Shame it is that Justice Thomas D. O'Brien of the supreme court is not to be nominated by the Republican state convention. Nothing but kindest words are heard of Judge O'Brien. His abilities commend him to the legal fraternity while his honesty and integrity appeal to the laymen. Nominated to the highest court in the state by the late Governor Johnson, whose trusted friend and counsellor he was during the years of the governor's incumbency of office, he has fulfilled every expectation of those who commended the governor's judgment in placing Mr O'Brien on the bench His decisions have been fearless. Wisdom has characterized his every judicial act.—Fairmont Sentinel.

Let us hope that the democratic state central committee in session today at St. Paul to find a Moses will not choose O'Brien of the Supreme Court. This hope is expressed not from the standpoint of a Republican organ but on the ground of public welfare. Justice O'Brien cannot be spared from the supreme bench. If there is one duty more than another which every citizen owes to himself and to the state more than any other duty, it is to vote for the re-election of Justice O'Brien, who with Justice Brown, is most highly esteemed by the legal fraternity of Minnesota, and whose reputation outside the state, is that of a jurist of the highest order.—Hibbing Tribune.

Justice O'Brien is recognized by every one as one of the ablest members of the supreme court, and it would be a misfortune should he not be retained upon the appellate bench. It is to be regretted that the Republican convention refused to nominate him, because he is a Democrat, but the people will now have an opportunity to vote for Justice O'Brien and retain the services of one of the ablest and most distinguished jurists in the country.—Duluth Herald.

The state press continues to make favorable comment on the candidacy of Justice T. D. O'Brien of the state supreme court, many papers commending the Democratic state convention for its course in indorsing the candidacies of two Republicans for the judiciary It is probable that the situation presented as a result of the convention's action will result in real progress toward the popular adoption of the non-partisan judiciary reform and that Justice O'Brien, concededly one of the most brilliant and ablest men who ever have served on the state supreme bench, will be selected by a large majority.—Duluth Herald.

Though every rule of the game, recognized by the practical politicians, is against the retention of Justice T. D. O'Brien on the supreme bench, his friends will make a strong effort to make him a fixture, and already plans are in the making in that end. Judge O'Brien who was named by the late Governor John A. Johnson, to fill the unexpired term of C. B. Elliott, transferred to the Philippines, is a Democrat. He was Governor Johnson's closest adviser. As a result of the selection the governor received a world of praise from the country press all over the state.—Mankato Review.

No paper has advanced any reason against Justice O'Brien's election to the supreme bench other than his politics. He is conceded to be the peer of any man on the bench, and has the respect of the entire bar. He would continue to be a just, a wise, honest and fearless judge. Justice Mitchell was one of the great judges of the country, yet was sacrificed, as was Justice Canty, one of the ablest men who ever sat on the bench of this state. So there is not much encouragement for the success of Justice O'Brien, yet it is possible that the people may do themselves proud by continuing Justice O'Brien in the position he so well fills.—Little Falls Herald.

Partisan politics should not remove Judge O'Brien from the Supreme Court. He is such a big, brainy, level-headed jurist, and such a fair and withal lovable man, that one can easily forget his politics. His retirement would be a real loss to the state, as every member of the bar will testify. * * * The Tribune Herald's favorable mention of Judge O'Brien two weeks ago has been copied and favorably commented on in over a score of Republican papers over the state. The feeling is quite general that something should be done to bring about the selection of members of the supreme court in a non-partisan manner. That is the only way men of O'Brien's character can be retained in the public service.—Chisholm Tribune Herald.

The Beacon has had previous occasion to remark on the character and public service of Thos. D. O'Brien, now Supreme Court Justice. Since the plan of making the judiciary non-partisan does not seem to gain in popularity with the Republican managers, the Beacon favors Mr. O'Brien being chosen by the Republican voters instead of some Republican candidate. It is well known that Mr. O'Brien's fitness for a position on the supreme bench has not been excelled by any candidate for many years. He is in the very vigor of life and his record has not been one of service for the corporations. He was an attorney for the people with E. T. Young in the railroad rate case and his ability was everywhere recognized. He is a splendid man for the place, and entitled, regardless of party, to the support of men who want the right kind of men on the supreme bench of the state.—Cannon Falls Beacon.

Harold Knutson of the Foley Independent is another Republican editor who advocates the election of Justice O'Brien, saying:

"Why allow partisan politics to remove Mr. O'Brien from the supreme bench? All concede that he is one of the ablest jurists in Minnesota today. Let the newspaper men of Minnesota, who believe in a clean, wholesome judiciary, get behind the candidacy of Mr. O'Brien and his election will be assured. Let us for once throw aside the fetters of partisanship and show that our desire for a non-partisan judiciary is sincere."

Harold Knutson of Foley, chairman of the Benton County Republican committee and editor of the Foley Independent, has started a non-partisan judiciary movement by declaring for Justice Thomas D. O'Brien. His articles has been republished in various Republican papers throughout the state.—Duluth News Tribune.

The Republican state ticket heads the editorial columns of many Minnesota papers. So far we have noticed the names of the candidates for supreme court omitted from such papers as the Long Prairie Leader, the Glenwood Herald and the Brown's Valley Tribune. The movement for a non-partisan judiciary is progressing. The chances of electing Judge O'Brien look brighter every week. * * * The democracy of Minnesota deserves commendation for nominating a bi-partisan judiciary ticket: Two Democrats and two Republicans. The independent voters of Minnesota who believe in a non-partisan judiciary will not "vote 'er straight" when they get to that place on the ticket. We hope there will be enough of these independents to secure the re-election of Justice O'Brien.—Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press.

While there is no end of chatter in the daily papers about all other state nominees, there seems to be an ominous silence on the question of Judges of the Supreme Court, except the assertion that Judge O'Brien must be retired because he is a Democrat So far as our observation has gone Judge O'Brien has made an able and conscientious judge. The Ledger has ever advocated the divorcement of the selection of all judges from politics and sees no good reason why it should change its position in Mr. O'Brien's case. Judge O'Brien has evinced a disposition to overlook legal quibbles in his effort to arrive at the true merits of the cases submitted to him, consequently he is not a favorite with those who look upon the law as a means to justify their ends. If Mr. O'Brien is an able, just and upright judge, the species is getting altogether too scarce to cast him aside simply because he happens to be a Democrat.—Litchfield News-Ledger.

Those who have followed Judge O'Brien's public career can readily understand why his candidacy does not commend itself to privileged interests. Ordinarily with elections like those for the bench in view we hear much about the desirability of ignoring party affiliations. If there ever was an excuse for ignoring party affiliations in making judicial nominations it is in Judge O'Brien's case. His brilliant talents eminently qualify him for the position he occupies. He is not and never has been a bitter partisan. The service he rendered the public at a critical time in the revision of the insurance laws and in the conduct of the department put the state under lasting obligations to him. However, Judge O'Brien served the public in another capacity. When the best man to be had was needed to represent the State in its contest for the right to enforce railroad rates prescribed by legislative enactment Mr. O'Brien was selected to aid in fighting the people's battles. He entered into the work with his whole heart. For the purpose he practically sacrificed lucrative private practice.—Northfield News.

Justice O'Brien is today generally spoken of by the Bar of the state as one of the brainiest and most honorable of the Minnesota judiciary. To set him aside for political purposes and attempt to succeed him by others, is rank partisanship and has not and should not have any place in decent politics in Minnesota, and, while the party has named others, yet it cannot and will not bind and warp the consciences of the people of this state when it comes to election next November O'Brien has given to the citizens of this state the best insurance laws of any state in the Union. In fact, he set a pace for all other insurance commissioners to follow while he was Insurance Commissioner of Minnesota by appointment of Governor Johnson Justice O'Brien is the first insurance commissioner in this state to whom no criticism has ever been offered for attempting to appropriate to himself state funds that were commonly called the fees of the office. The characteristic honesty of Thomas D. O'Brien would not permit him to fleece the state to the tune of $30,000 a year, as had formerly been done under the fee system, and for which no law existed by which he could be prosecuted, but, rather than receive money dishonestly or besmirch his official linen, he proceeded to have his office placed on a salary commensurate with the services rendered.—Eveleth Star.

During the coming campaign the Independent will urge the election of only such men as it feels are able and on the square. In line with this policy we propose to support Hon. T. D. O'Brien, present Justice of the Supreme Court, and Democratic nominee. We have decided to do this after having given the matter a great deal of thought and study. Mr. O'Brien stands for purity in politics; his nomination came unsolicited and he is therefore under no obligation to any boss or interest. At a great personal sacrifice he some five years ago took charge of the insurance department of this state when it was in bad repute and by honest efforts placed it upon a basis where it became second to none in the country. As a reward for efficient and honest service he was appointed Justice of the Supreme Court by the late Governor Johnson and it is unfortunate that the Republican state convention failed to endorse him, thus taking the judiciary out of politics. We hope that Justice O'Brien will be elected for it is decidedly to the peoples interest to keep him on the bench.—Foley Independent.

Editor Joubert of the Litchfield News Ledger would not deny the charge of intense partisanship and he would justify himself too. It is therefore the more creditable in him to advocate non-partisan nominations for judges of the state supreme court as he does in urging the retention of Justice T. D. O'Brien, who was appointed by Gov. Johnson to succeed Judge Elliott. The edict has gone forth that Judge O'Brien must be retired because he is a Democrat, but Mr. Joubert calls attention to the fact that the people should learn of the trusts and corporations who care not a tinker what the politics of a man is so long as he is "right" with them. Judge O'Brien is known to be an able jurist and a just judge. He is respected and admired by the bar and trusted by the people. Elmer Adams, member of the legislature and publisher of the Fergus Falls Journal, and Robert C. Dunn, of the Princeton Union, are two prominent republicans who are broad-guaged enough to favor the non-partisan re-election of Justice Thomas D. O'Brien.—Hutchinson Leader.

A number of influential Republican editors are advising their party to nominate Justice T. D. O'Brien as one of its candidates, for the supreme court bench. Justice O'Brien is a Democrat, and in 1905 when Governor Johnson began serving his first term, was appointed insurance commissioner. Prior to that time the office had been conducted on a fee basis—part of its emoluments, which often exceeded $30,000 per year, going to the incumbent, and the remainder being transferred to the "yellow dog" fund and used for campaign purposes. Mr. O'Brien refused to consider the appointment under an arrangement of that kind, it was put on a salary basis, and from the outset the fees paid all the expenses of the department and left a large balance to be deposited in the state treasury. As insurance commissioner Mr O'Brien made a national reputation, many of the laws he drafted appearing in the uniform code adopted at the time of the insurance scandals, and when a vacancy occurred Governor Johnson promoted him to the supreme court. There he has served with equal credit, and it was he who wrote the recent Standard Oil decision. For years Minnesota sentiment has favored a non-partisan judiciary.—St. Peter Herald.

T. D. O'Brien has been Governor Johnson's most trusted adviser during his whole administration. As insurance commissioner he began by safely guiding a reorganization of the largest insurance company in the state, then drifting on the rocks through mismanagement. He was the directing spirit in the national movement for reform legislation on life insurance. At that time he went as Governor Johnson's representative and interviewed President Roosevelt, gaining his hearty support. It was largely because of the confidence the Minnesota legislature had in the fairness and good judgment of the insurance commissioner that it passed the reform program with hardly the dotting of an i or the crossing of a t. Governor Johnson has done no wiser thing in his whole public service than the selection of T. D. O'Brien for his right hand man. The praise bestowed by the governor in his letting accepting Mr. O'Brien's resignation was fully merited, and his leaving public office is a matter of regret. Attorney General Young has filed a claim on Mr. O'Brien's services, securing him as special counsel in the railroad rate cases, and the state is fortunate in having him still concerned in the public welfare. Men like Thomas Dillon O'Brien are too seldom found in the state service.—Minneapolis Journal.

Judge O'Brien has shown himself to be fearless, fair and well versed in the law. The only argument that can be advanced against him is that he is a Democrat. That argument has weight only with Republicans whose partisanship is too rabid to permit of a broad, patriotic consideration on any subject. People neither wish, expect nor would tolerate Republican or Democratic decisions from courts. What they want is justice under the law, and when they get that it matters little what political party the judge affiliates with. It is highly probable that partisanship will prevail, but nevertheless, it will be at the expense of an opportunity to win public confidence.—Wheaton Gazette Reporter.

So far as the sentiment of the state press may reflect the sentiment of the public in general, the hope that Justice T. D. O'Brien will be elected to the state supreme court seems to be well founded and probably will be realized. Many papers have commented approvingly on the action of the democrtic state convention in favor of non-partisanship in judlicial affairs. Several weeks ago the Chisholm Tribune-Herald said:

"It is to be regretted that partisan politics should remove Judge O'Brien from the supreme court. He is such a big, brainy, level-headed jurist and such a far and withal, lovable man that one can easily forget his politics. His probable retirement is a real loss to the state—as every member of the bar will testify."

To this the Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press replied:

"When as strong a partisan as Editor Arneson makes a statement like the above, it begins to look as though there was something to this talk of a 'non-partisan' judiciary. The only thing to do is to turn in and re-elect Justice T. D. O'Brien."

The following from the Northfield News shows the feeling that is back of the movement to make Justice O'Brien a non-partisan candidate for re-election:

"The Princeton Union, R. C. Dunn, editor, under the caption, 'A Splendid Man,' quotes with approval the endorsement of Judge O'Brien by Hon. Elmer E. Adams of the Fegus Falls Journal.

"Mr. Adams says very truly of Judge O'Brien that as insurance commissioner during the Johnson administration and one of the lamented governor's most influential advisers, be proved to be one of the greatest moral and intellectual forces in it."

"During the time he has served on the bench," adds Mr. Adams, "he has served most creditably, and if the Republican party has any desire to do that which will commend it to the people of the state it will not pull the supreme court into politics, but will renominate Judge O'Brien, notwithstanding he was a Democrat before taking the place on the bench."

"To this Mr. Dunn adds: 'Mr. O'Brien is an ornament to the bench, and if fitness were the prime requisite he would be renominated by acclamation. We cordially approve the Journal article."

The News desire to add a word to these appreciative references to Judge O'Brien's services and his talents. To make a seat on the supreme bench the object of a partisan scramble and a judgeship the reward of party service can hardly fail to discredit the court in public opinion. Such a course cannot fail to have a tendency to fill the court rather with men possessed of the qualifications and the arts of the politician rather than the high sense of duty and the judicial temperament which should characterize a jurist. The effort is being made in this campaign to elevate men to the bench with a view to being able in a certain kind of litigation to forecast its decisions. The Republican party should discountenance every such attempt.

The suggestion that the Republican party endorse Justice O'Brien for another term, is a good one, and should be followed. Mr. O'Brien is considered by the bar of the state as one of its ablest members, and by the general public as a man of integrity and splendid judgment. However, Mr. O'Brien's personal equipment is not the only consideration. In this state, noted for independent voting, non-partisanship, especially of the judiciary, has become almost a political ideal. The thrice-repeated election of a Democratic governor, the insurgent movement, and the prevalent disposition of our people to deprecate blind party allegiance, is evidence conclusive of this. In the selection of judges, a disregard of party politics is especially commendable. A political party is merely a group of citizens banded together to further certain political principles; whenever a party loses sight of this fact, it deprives itself of a reason for being. A judge is never called upon to determine governmental policies. His work consists rather in deciding whether the policies already determined upon have been followed out by individuals. His duty is not to make laws, but to read the law already made fairly and apply it fearlessly. The qualities that should predominate in his make-up are fairness, fearlessness and good judgment. It should not matter what he thinks of the tariff, the money question, the tonnage tax, or any of the other issues along which party lines are drawn. It should matter that he have such a conception of his duties and such a regard for the law under which he exercises his power, as to be willing ever to content himself with the interpretation of the will of the people, as declared in legislative and constitutional enactments, and to eschew all efforts to create or evade governmental policies. Because Mr. O'Brien is this sort of judge, he should be elected, not by the Democrats or by the Republicans, but by all the people.—Dawson Sentinel.

"There is no Act of my Official life that has given me more pleasure than the appointment of Thomas D. O'Brien as a Justice of the Supreme Court" John A. Johnson, (Governor)

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GRAY'S POSITION ON THE SALOON

Democratic Candidate for Governor Is Neither for Nor Against Them.

WOULD LET PEOPLE DECIDE

County Option Means That Residents Shall Have a Voice in Regulating the Traffic.

The Democratic candidate for governor is not making an anti-saloon fight. He is in favor of the passage of a county option law, and if elected governor will recommend the passage of such a law to the legislature. But he holds, and holds rightly, that the mere passage of such a law will not close a single saloon in the state. Such a law, if passed, will, however, give the people of any county the right to say whether they will have saloons in the counties or not. Under such a law, if a majority of the people want saloons, the counties of Brown, Carver, Blue Earth, Stearns, Winona and others would have them in plenty. On the other hand, if a majority didn't want them, they would be shut out. It is not a question of prohibition; it is not even a question of temperance. It is simply putting it up to the people. Letting them decide it for themselves, instead of having the brewers decide it for them.

There have been oceans of rot written about the county option movement, and the meaning of the term "county option." The word "option" means choice; therefore "county option" is simply county choice. It is not of itself for the saloon or against them. If a county option law is put on the statute books such an enactment will not close a saloon in Minnesota. It will, however, give the people of any county the right to say whether or not saloons shall be licensed. In other words, it puts it up to the people to decide.

The brewery agent says he is in favor of local option. That the city, the village, the township, under existing conditions, may vote for the exclusion of the saloon, and he is against further change—the brewer favors things as they are.

His statement is only partly true as to conditions. It is true that under existing conditions the village and the township can exclude the saloon, but as a rule the cities can not. For instance: The 1907 Minnesota Blue Book gives a list of seventy-one organized cities in Minnesota, with an aggregate population of 786,398. This is 39 per cent of the entire population of the state. Of these seventy-one organized cities only eleven, under their charters, can vote directly on the exclusion of the saloon. These eleven minor cities have a combined population of 33,496. So, as a matter of fact, there is better than a third of the people of the state who are absolutely disfranchised as far as voting on the liquor question is concerned. This is what the brewers call "local option." The contention of the Democratic candidate for governor is that this condition puts too much power in the hands of the brewers, and leaves too little with the people. He is against such a proposition now and all the time.

Then there is another phase of this situation even more serious. The brewers are merging the saloon business into a trust. Years ago the saloon was owned by the individual, who was usually a fair sort of a citizen in the community in which he lived. It was to his interest to make the business as respectable as possible. Now the saloons are owned largely by the big brewers, and are run by hired men who get a percentage on the business done, and it is their policy to take all in sight, regardless of right or decency. This is one reason for the growing opposition to the saloon.

The brewery trust is also responsible for the organized entrance of the saloon in politics. The saloon now has more "owned" men in the Minnesota legislature than any other big interest. They vote these men of theirs solidly on all questions concerning the liquor traffic. Nor are they satisfied with their services for themselves alone. They hawk their services to other interests. It is a clear case of legislative prostitution—of barter and sale.

How long does the voter believe such conditions can exist without bringing public disgrace to the fair name of the state?

Now is the time to stop it. Mr. Eberhart is receiving the support of the big brewers and liquor dealers in the state. Are you going to add yours? Will you lend your aid to this work?

Do you want Minnesota to be of the breweries, for the breweries and by the breweries?

Does not the fact that all the railroad presidents are supporting the Republican candidate for governor bear out La Follette's charge that "Eberhart is nothing but the errand boy of the railroads?"

Who did Eberhart and the state administration support in the primary fight of the progressives against the standpat candidates for congress in Minnesota?

An Eye Test.

Most people believe that they see the same with both eyes. That this is not the case one can easily convince himself by the following simple experiment: Cover one of the eyes with a hand or a bandage and let the experimenter attempt to snuff out a candle suddenly placed within a few feet of him. He will almost invariably miss the flame, either overreaching, underreaching or putting the fingers too far to the right or left of the flame. With both eyes normal and open the accommodation for distance and direction is instantaneous.

LAMBERT.

Celina and Rose Lambert of Red Lake Falls are now visiting with friends and relatives in Lambert.

Mr. and Mrs. Geogo Churest went to McIntosh last Saturday.

Misses Mariu and Elotia Bergoron spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Jos. Borgoron.

Philippe Gibean took a load of cheese to Mcntosh last Friday.

Miss Bernadette Dory left Wednesday to attend school at Thief River.

Jos. Lombet and family are moving on Aris Lambert's farm this week.

There was a dance at Jos. Robideau's last Tuesday night. All reported a good time.

Spiders.

Most spiders have poisonous fangs, but few of them are dangerous to human beings.

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
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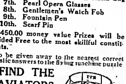

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NON-PARTISANS CONDEMN EBERHART

Distinguished Republicans and Democrats Tell Story of His Enslavement by the Interests.—Ed. Smith Would Weld His Hold on People of the State.

Four distinguished citizens of Minneapolis have performed a public duty. They have issued a statement over their own signatures running through the record of Senator E. E. Smith, who is chairman of the Republican state central committee and campaign manager for Gov. Eberhart. These men are former Gov. John Lind, Democrat; D. C. Bell, a prominent investment banker and philanthropist, Republican; S. A. Stockwell, former state senator and civic leader, Democrat; and A. W. Rankin, head of the college of pedagogy at the state university and widely known educator, Republican. These men are actuated solely by a sense of public service. None is a candidate for office and one (Gov. Lind) only recently declined a nomination which meant an election as governor. All these are men identified with the state, its people and its future welfare.

They tell the story of the shame of Minnesota. They disclose the existence of a pool or combination which has for at least four years absolutely dominated and controlled the enactment of every piece of legislation. They show beyond any doubt the existence of this combination. They recite the record of Senator Smith, its recognized head and guiding spirit, and trace his steps from the management of this sinister organization to the enlarged field wherein by the election of Gov. Eberhart he will fasten his hold upon the entire people of the state. The story is told calmly, dispassionately and with truth so convincing that no argument can successfully assail it. The election of the present governor, surrounded as he is by these influences which made him their willing servitor as lieutenant governor, will bind the people of the state to predatory interests for years to come.

The men who issue this statement do not suggest a remedy. They but point out the danger that confronts Minnesota. The Democratic state central committee believes in these men. It has faith that they would not make these charges if they were not true. It offers as its candidate for governor James Gray, a man against whom nothing has been said in this campaign and nothing can be said. Gray has taken the people of the state into his confidence. He has told them where he stands on every issue. Gov. Eberhart has evaded every issue. If he has any views on any public question he has not given them. The Democratic party offers Mr. Gray as a candidate believing that with him as governor there will be no legislative pool, there will be no special service for special interests and that popular government will be restored.

The statement signed by Gov. Lind, Mr. Bell, Senator Stockwell and Professor Rankin is appended:

THE STATEMENT.

"For several sessions the Minnesota legislature has been dominated by an organized band of most unprogressive politicians. Through the manipulations of these men such special interests as the Minnesota Liquor Dealers' Association, the railroad ring, a number of public utility companies and other predatory corporations have controlled legislation and prevented reforms, both moral and economic.

"Believing that the great mass of the people were in ignorance of these conditions, Lynn Haines, Secretary of the Minnesota Citizens' League, published a book, 'The Minnesota Legislature of 1909,' which exposed the personnel and purpose of the politicians who had so grossly misrepresented their constituents.

"This volume, together with other reform influences, so aroused the people that at the primary elections they defeated, with few exceptions, the members of the old stand-pat machine who were candidates for re-election.

"Some whose pernicious political acts and affiliations had been exposed did not dare to ask the voters for another term. Among the professional politicians who thus retired voluntarily or were defeated at the primaries are included practically every member who had been a leader or lieutenant of the stand-pat machine. These eliminations mean that the Aldrich-Cannon kind of machine has been almost completely demolished in the Minnesota legislature.

"But here is the rub. The recognized leader of all these special interest-professional political forces in the legislature was Senator E. E. Smith of Minneapolis. He and his organization have been driven out of the legislature, but they are now attempting to fortify and perpetuate their reign higher up—in the governorship. Senator Smith, the discredited legislative representative of the breweries and public service companies, is in absolute control of the Eberhart campaign, and, if it is successful, will undoubtedly be the guiding force of the Eberhart administration.

SENATOR SMITH'S RECORD.

"In the chapter in which members of both House and Senate are characterized, Mr. Haines says of Senator Smith: 'The recognized leader of the corporation forces in the legislature; needs no detailed mention here because preceding chapters have shown his powers and pernicious public character; voted for the Hinton bill.'

"No informed person will dispute that Senator Smith commanded and controlled the special interest machine in the legislature. His vote on a few questions furnishes corroborative evidence that he was an unprogressive politician who stood consistently for predatory corporations:

"REFORMING THE RULES—Smith voted against the attempt to change the Cannonized methods of legislation, the change being designed to prevent the smothering and distorting of bills in committees.

"ELECTION MEASURES—Smith voted to repeal the primary election law and to repeal the corrupt practices act; he voted against extending the primary and against the direct election of United States Senators.

"LIQUOR LEGISLATION—Smith voted with the organized brewery influence on every proposition. He supported the Alderman bill which operates to give big breweries a firmer hold on communities, both commercially and politically.

"THE HINTON BILL—Smith voted for this infamous measure which was framed in the direct interest of the breweries and railroad ring as to make it a misdemeanor for any individual or reform organization to secure pre-election pledges from candidates.

"RAILROAD REFORMS—Smith voted against the people and for the railroads as often as he had opportunity. He voted against bills to regulate and prevent discriminations in freight rates; he voted against the 16-hour resolution; he voted for amendments to the two-cent fare bill which made it more favorable for the railroads; he voted against 'the full crew bill;' he voted against railroad employees also on the bill providing for automatic couplers; he voted against the reciprocal demurrage bill.

"AGAINST ROOSEVELT—Smith voted in the negative on a resolution endorsing President Roosevelt against the slurs and accusations of Harriman and urging congress to support the president and pass laws giving the government more control over the transportation trusts.

"We believe that the voters of the state should understand about the legislative life and influence of the politician whom Governor Eberhart insisted should manage his campaign.

"Governor Eberhart is notoriously weak and pliant in the hands of such brewery representatives as Senator Smith. As Lieutenant Governor, Mr. Eberhart not only did nothing to oppose the operations of the Smith machine, but he gave direct assistance to their schemes by placing Smith and other reactionaries in charge of the important committees.

"The signers of this are a self-constituted committee whose interest in the campaign is that of non-partisan citizens who desire that politicians like Smith shall be driven out of control of the governorship as they have been driven out of the legislature.

"JOHN LIND, "S. A. STOCKWELL,
"DAVID C. BELL. "A. W. RANKIN.

Preservative Peat.

Peat possesses wonderful antiseptic and preservative qualities owing to the presence of tannin, iron and other substances in it. Here is an instance: At the time of the covenanters, in 1685, three men were shot at a place called Crossgelloch on the moors above Old Cumnock, in Scotland. In 1825, when a monument was being erected to their memory, the workmen came upon the corpses rolled in their plaids. The bodies were in exactly the same state as when they were buried. The moss had preserved them as if they had been embalmed.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......

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Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
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Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

A [illegible] event of interest in naval [illegible] took place in St. Margaret's [illegible] church, when Miss Elsie [illegible] daughter of Captain [illegible], U. S. N., became the [illegible] of Mr. Paul C. Patterson. A [illegible] of naval officers were among [illegible].

According to the annual report of [illegible] General [illegible], the general [illegible] of the United States army has [illegible] for several years. [illegible] regarded as [illegible] of the loss in efficiency [illegible] injury, was [illegible] in the last [illegible] with 12.68 for [illegible] for 1906. [illegible] and from [illegible] a hearing at [illegible] the de[illegible] to obtain their [illegible] proposed regula[illegible] and [illegible] The pure [illegible] of April 30, 1906, [illegible] a new [illegible] to prevent their [illegible].

In a formal order the Interstate [illegible] announced its [illegible] strictly sec[illegible] the long and short haul provision of the recently amended interstate [illegible]. The order was the outgrowth of a hearing held by the committee two weeks ago on the matter of the application of interstate carriers generally for relief under the long and short haul provision.

Foreign.

An official note confirms the announcement that an agreement has been reached between Turkey and France for the flotation of a $30,000,000 loan in Paris.

The small steamer Valeria, from Reval, Russia, for Hamburg, foundered in the Baltic sea. Four bodies have been washed ashore and it is supposed that the whole crew of sixteen was lost.

The Paris Petit Parisien claims that Spain is on the verge of a rupture with Morocco over the payment of the indemnity of 130,000,000 pesetas, approximately $26,000,000, which Spain exacted following the successful campaign against the Riff tribesmen in the summer of 1909, and contemplates dispatching forty thousand soldiers more to the Riff coast to occupy Tetuan.

The Philippine legislature has convened. In his message Governor General Forbes congratulated the government on the results of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and says that the finances of the Philippines are satisfactory. The fiscal year closes with a surplus in excess of $1,000,000.

George Fong, alias Fong Ming Sung, the young leader of the Chinese revolutionary movement, who is charged with an attempt to assassinate Prince [illegible], Chinese special envoy, was held to answer by Judge Mortimer Smith in Oakland, Cal., and bound over to the superior court on $5,000 bond. The formal charge is an attempt to commit murder with a deadly weapon.

General.

Senator Elkins is seriously ill at his home in West Virginia.

The funeral of Senator Dolliver was held at Fort Dodge Thursday.

The last notable speech of Dolliver in the senate was a defense of the attitude of insurgents.

The Boston and Maine railroad will not interfere in the politics of the state hereafter, says its president.

The interstate commerce commission made an order that the long and short haul rule must be adhered to.

A Kentuckian who pleaded guilty to murder was tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged, all in six minutes.

Seventy-seven men heroically gave their lives in their effort to subdue the disastrous forest fires which raged in the west during the latter part of August, according to figures given out by the forest service.

Joseph M. Huston of Philadelphia, architect of Pennsylvania's state capitol, was sentenced to imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than two years in the eastern penitentiary at Philadelphia.

John D. Rockefeller has given to the Rockefeller Institute for medical research an additional $3,820,000, bringing his donations to this institution up to an aggregate of $9,000,000.

Personal.

John B. Moisant gained new fame as an aviator at New York.

President Taft made an inspection of conditions at Ellis Island.

Col. Roosevelt was unable to attend the funeral of Senator Dolliver.

Walter Wellman has not given up the idea of crossing the ocean in an airship.

Insanity will be the defense of James J. Gallagher when he is tried for shooting Mayor Gaynor.

Men accused of Illinois Central graft are shown to have had big bank accounts.

A proclamation of sorrow for Senator Dolliver was issued by the governor of Iowa.

The small vote on governor by Massachusetts democrats puts Eugene N. Foss slightly in the lead.

Both branches of the Vermont legislature unanimously voted for the re-election of United States Senator Carroll S. Page.

Dr. Crippen testified in his own behalf at the murder trial in London.

Seventy-nine men gave their lives to save the forests of the west.

It is suggested that Associate Justice White of the supreme court may be elevated to chief.

Edgar Allen Poe has been declared entitled to a place in the hall of fame.

Mr. Bryan has been making some speeches in Speaker Cannon's Illinois district.

Dr. Crippen was found guilty of murdering his wife and sentenced to be hanged October 19.

The Norwegian steamer Bluefields is believed to have been lost in the West Indian hurricane.

The chairman of the Iowa democratic committee proposes a statewide primary on senator in November.

Rhode Island republicans renominated present state officers and endorsed the administration of President Taft.

The validity of the Carmack amendment to the Hepburn rate law is being tested in the United States supreme court.

The government has authorized the Spanish minister at Lisbon to enter into relations with the provisional government.

Announcement was made of a gift of $250,000 by John D. Rockefeller to the medical department of Western Reserve university.

Luigi Luccheni, who assassinated the empress of Austria in 1898, committed suicide in his cell in the prison known as l'Eveche.

The duty on lumber imported from Canada will be waived by the United States in the interest of the Minnesota forest-fire sufferers.

Society has given up its attempt to reconcile Colonel John Jacob Astor and Mrs. Ava Willing Astor, the beautiful wife who divorced him.

Charges that lobbying has been done in behalf of a prohibition article resulted in depriving reporters of floor privileges in the Arizona constitutional convention.

New Jersey is assured of a traditional Thanksgiving celebration this year, for reports from all parts of New Jersey show that the cranberry crop will probably be the largest ever harvested.

The charge in Theodore Roosevelt's speech in New York that John A. Dix, the democratic nominee for governor, was a director of the wallpaper trust" was denied by Mr. Dix's friend and business associate.

The twenty-first annual report of the Great Northern railway says that improvement in conditions during the fiscal year ending June 30 last resulted "in the largest earnings for one year ever reported by the company."

Eighty-five per cent of the inhabitants of American Samoa are suffering from the hook worm disease, according to the annual report of Captain F. Parker, U. S. N., retired, governor of the American islands of the Samoan group.

Seven thousand eight hundred men, among them Governor Willson of Kentucky, coming from seven states—Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Missouri, West Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky, were initiated into the Woodmen of the World at Louisville, Ky.

A cable from Rio Janeiro to the New Orleans Picayune says: "The steamship Wally was wrecked near the lighthouse at Arrosales off Para and is a total loss. Some of the passengers were rescued, but it is believed that nearly fifty were drowned."

New York's Chinatown is to be cleaned up as it has never been cleaned before. This is the decision of the new police administration, it was learned at headquarters, and beginning at midnight, the police were instructed to order all white persons from the district.

One of the naval changes and promotions resulting from the retirement of Capt. U. S. G. White on account of age was the advancement of Commander Robert E. Peary, the Arctic explorer, to the rank of captain. Peary has been the only civil engineer in the navy with a rank of commander.

The Missouri Pacific Railroad company was fined from $10 to $25 each on four counts for violating the sixteen-hour law in the federal court in St. Louis.

The English government has invited Field Marshal Lord Kitchener to become a member of the committee on imperial defense and Lord Kitchener has accepted.

Secret service detectives raided the plant of a well known publishing firm in Chicago, arresting two men, said to be officials of the company, in connection with the the alleged issue of millions of dollars' worth of counterfeit notes of the Nicaraguan government, which have been circulated over the country. Other arrests are expected.

The board of directors of the national association of credit men at a meeting in Kansas City decided to hold the next annual convention of the association at Minneapolis, Minn., from June 13 to 17. D. W. Sayer of Minneapolis was appointed to formulate plans for raising funds for the protection of fraudulant debtors. The plan is to be submitted to the national convention in June.

Professor Woodruff of Cornell university in a speech called Colonel Roosevelt an unmitigated liar.

English bankers have agreed to extend the period of negotiating cotton bills of lading under the present system from October 31 to December 31.

Secretary of State Knox has returned to his desk at the state department after spending nearly all summer at his country home at Valley Forge, Pa.

Superior Judge Walter Bordwell has ordered the empanelling of a special grand jury of thirty men to investigate the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building.

W. H. Cowgill, railway commissioner of Nebraska, succumbed to paralysis after an illness lasting eight days.

The Nobel prize for medicine has been awarded to Dr. Albrecht Kossel, professor of physiology at Heidelberg university.

Walter Wellman and party were picked up on the ocean, put on board a British steamer and returned to New York.

The population of Omaha is 124,096, as compared with 102,555 in 1900 and 140,452 in 1890. The increase from 1900 to 1910, therefore, is 21,541, or 21.0 per cent.

THE OTIS RULING

EXCEPTIONS ARE FILED TO THE OPINION OF THE MASTER IN CHANCERY.

IN MINNESOTA R. R. CASES

E. T. Young and E. S. Durment Acting As Special Counsel—Famous Rate Cases to Go To Supreme Court.

St. Paul.—Another important step in the fight to maintain the validity of the Minnesota rate laws was taken when general and special exceptions of the state of Minnesota to the findings of Judge Otis, special master in chancery in the rate cases, were filed with Judge Otis at St. Paul.

The general exceptions, contained in 23 closely typewritten pages, were prepared by E. T. Young, former attorney general. The special exceptions, of about the same length, were prepared and submitted by Edmund S. Durment. Both appeared as special counsel for the state in the preparation and trial of the case and in the exceptions filed acted for C. F. Staples, Ira B. Mills and Charles E. Elmquist, members of the state railroad and warehouse commission, and for George T. Simpson, attorney general.

Case an Important One.

Inasmuch as the case is one of vital importance to the people of Minnesota, involving principles of state sovereignty and the rights of the state to regulate and control the affairs of public service corporations, the state's attorneys have incorporated in their exceptions every material point affecting the merits of the case which may be the possible subject of contention in the supreme court of the United States. The reasons for each exception are set forth at length.

Direct issue is taken with Judge Otis' findings that the state exceeded its constitutional powers in prescribing the contested rates because, as the master said, such rates constitute a direct interference with and impose a burden upon interstate commerce.

The state maintains that the constitution gives congress control over commerce beginning in one state and ending in another and the interstate commerce act provides for the federal regulation of transportation carried on between different states; that the laws involved apply by their terms only to intrastate business and do not overlap and conflict with any federal laws.

Although substantive law is cited in support of the constitutionality of the Minnesota rate laws, expediency and public policy are also urged in that a judicial finding which cripples the commerce power of a state does not enlarge the commerce power of the nation.

Judge's Method Criticized.

General exception is entered to the method adopted by Judge Otis in fixing the valuation of the railroad property employed in the state. This is considered the most important feature of the Otis decision. After stating that the master ignored the original investment as a measure of the valuation upon which they are entitled to a return and also ignored the outstanding stocks and bonds of each company, which exceeded the actual investment, Mr. Young says:

"He adopted the so-called cost of reproduction as the sole measure of the value of railroad property. The plan followed by the master reduces railroad valuation to a mere exploit of the imagination. Under it the value of railroad property can be fixed at any figure which interested parties will swear they believe it to be worth, and if such a plan is upheld by the courts, railroads can make the public pay any rates they see fit to charge."

The attention of the master is also called to the fact that the actions are brought by the stockholders and not the railroads and that a railroad stockholder has no right in law to claim a return from the public on anything more than the face of his valid stock. At the suit of a stockholder the value found cannot, according to the state's attorneys, exceed the outstanding stocks and bonds.

Another Exception Filed.

Exception is filed to Judge Otis' apportionment of interstate and intrastate freight and passenger business carried on railroad property strictly within the state. This point is regarded as of the utmost importance for on the proper and just apportionment of this business depends the property valuation which determines whether or not the rates in question in this case are confiscatory, as found by the master.

The state objects to Judge Otis' division of the value of railroad property between state and interstate business, both passenger and freight. It is stated that Judge Otis by charging to intrastate business an undue percentage of the common value of both intra and interstate business, it is made to appear that the railroads are not earning a compensatory income on their Minnesota investment and that therefore the Minnesota rate laws are confiscatory.

The next step in the proceedings will be the consideration by the master in chancery of the exceptions filed by both the railroads and the state. He will make further recommendation based upon the exceptions and another stay of 30 days will be allowed for the lawyers of both sides to submit further exceptions. The entire record in the case, including the evidence, findings of the master, the two sets of exceptions, the master's findings on these exceptions and the additional exceptions, will then go to Judge Sanborn of the United States circuit court.

Judge Sanborn will set a time for hearing the arguments of counsel. The recommendations of Judge Otis on the exceptions filed will probably be filed within a week or ten days and in the order of business the arguments of law and fact will probably come up before Judge Sanborn early in December. The case will be appealed direct to the United States supreme court.

SHAKEUP IN THE INDIAN OFFICE.

N. J. Sero Transferred to Michigan—Minnesota Left to F. S. Brents.

Bemidji.—It is given out on reliable authority that there is to be a general shakeup in the staff of government agents working under the direction of W. E. Johnson, who has charge of enforcing the liquor provisions of the Indian treaty in Minnesota, and that other developments of a sensational nature may be expected, even to the ultimate closing of all the saloons in the affected territory.

N. J. Sero, who has been one of the leading agents in the work in northern Minnesota, and who has attained notoriety because of charges of assault, preferred against him and Agent James Davis by A. A. Oliver, editor of the Cass County Pioneer at Walker, has been transferred by Mr. Johnson to Michigan and the work in Northern Minnesota is now to be largely directed by F. S. Brents. Agent Brents recently visited Cass Lake to investigate conditions, the result of which was to arrest the three saloonkeepers charged with having offered bribes. He has long been in the government service and has already collected evidence which will make his return from the west a feature in the present liquor closing crisis.

TRUSTEES WITH DR. BRIDGMAN.

Hamline Students Heard at Winona But No Action Is Taken.

Winona.—There is small likelihood of any change being made in the presidency of Hamline university before the close of the present college year.

John B. Valentine and Karl S. Kohler, representing the students, and bearing a petition signed by 200 petitioners asking for the removal of President Bridgman waited on Matthew G. Norton, president of the board of trustees, and Rev. Frank Doran and Rev. W. M. McKinley, two other members. They were given a careful hearing. At the close of the session Mr. Norton intimated that it was not likely the board of 21 trustees would be called together before the regular meeting next June as he leaves for California for the winter in a few weeks.

He let the committee know the warm admiration he feels for President Bridgman for his work in financing Hamline university and building up an endowment fund.

DULUTH FARMER FOUND DEAD.

Fresh Bullet Wound Indicates Probable Murder.

Duluth.—The dead body of a farmer named George Riley was found in the town of Lakewood, near Duluth, and a fresh bullet hole in his body revealed a probable murder. A neighboring farmer, named Joseph Schmidt, was in Duluth complaining to the county attorney about Riley about the time the authorities were notified by telephone of the finding of the body.

Riley and Schmidt have had frequent quarrels and Schmidt was arrested on suspicion of having fired the fatal shot. No charge has yet been filed against him.

Riley leaves a widow and five children.

JOB FOR MINNESOTA "U" MAN.

Named Specialist in Higher Education in U. S. Bureau.

Washington, D. C.—Dr. Kendric C. Babcock, president of the University of Arizona, was appointed specialist in higher education in the United States bureau of education. His appointment is in line with the policy of the present commissioner of the bureau of paying specialists to study the various phases of education. His salary is $3,000 a year.

TEACHERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Crow Wing County Educators Select Leaders for the Year.

Brainerd.—At the Crow Wing County Educational Association meeting the teachers' section elected as officers: President, R. R. Graham, of Deerwood; vice-president, Miss Margaret Cosgrove; secretary, Miss Vivian Anderson; treasurer, Miss Maude Phelps. The school board section elected H. C. Hughey as president and Charles Barrett as secretary.

WINONA MAY GET COLLEGE.

Bishop Heffren Gives Brief Outline of Boys' Institution.

Winona.—Right Reverend Bishop P. R. Heffren, head of the diocese of Winona, has given out a brief announcement of his plans for the building of a boys' college in southern Minnesota, probably at Winona, although he has made no definite statement as to where the institution will go. The complete plant will cost in the neighborhood of $600,000 when completed.

CATTLE BURN IN A STOCK CAR.

Sparks From Engine Ignite Hay—Train Crew Powerless.

Barnesville. — A carload of cattle owned by John Stende of Ulen burned to death a few miles east of Manitoba Junction in sight of the train crew, who was unable to check the blaze. The car had been attached to the engine and sparks from the locomotive alighting in the hay started a blaze that inside of 10 minutes time had burned the cattle to cinders.

Four Generations Represented.

Red Wing.—A family union was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carter Taylor of Maiden ock. The occasion was Mr. Taylor's ninetieth birthday anniversary. Besides the six children there were 16 grandchildren and two great-grandchildren present, making a representative gathering of four generations. Mr. Taylor came from Pennsylvania in the fall of 1859 and settled on the present farm at Maiden Rock. Mrs. Taylor is 88 years old. The home has been blessed with 18 children, ten of whom are living.

KING AT NAPLES

ITALIAN KING VISITS SCENE OF RECENT CATASTROPHE TO AID VICTIMS.

DEATHS OVERESTIMATED

Than the First Estimates—Thousands are Homeless and the Most Serious Problem Is that of Feeding and Sheltering Them.

Naples, Oct. 26.—King Victor Emmanuel arrived here today. His coming was not wholly unexpected however. He was accompanied by his first aide, General Brusoti, Admiral Garelli and Count Mattillo Pasquolini, minister of the royal household.

The authorities were able to make a more definite estimate of the fatalities caused by the cyclone, tidal wave and eruptions of Mount Vesuvius and Mount Epomeo. The known deaths of Ischia are 12, Amelfi 10, Resina 7, Madonna Grazie 19, Minori 4, Lacco Amenia 3, Montre Corvino Torra Del Greco 1. Thousands are homeless and the most serious problem is to provide these with shelter, food and water. The movement of supplies is difficult because in many places the roads have been washed out.

Most of the towns requiring aid can be approached from the sea.

Admiral Leonardi, minister of the marine had a narrow escape from death on the island of Ischia today. It attempting to get a close view of the effect of the eruption from Mount Epomeo he approached too close to the bed of the volcanic stream and sank to his waist in mud. His plight was discovered by soldiers who rescued him.

News is Discouraging.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 26.—"The outlook for obtaining any information of the whereabouts of the America II grows less encouraging every hour," said Edmund H. Statton, representative of the Aero club of America today.

"The immensity of the north woods, the scattered settlements and particularly the absence of quick communication makes the search for Hawley and Post even with the aid of the dominion and provincial governments difficult and lacking in promise of quick results which is the thing desired."

The search for the missing aeronauts from this point will continue.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—News of the depressing developments in the search for Alan R. Hawley and Augustus Post, the crew of the missing balloon America II, were received in dispatches today in St. Louis, saying an empty balloon had been found near Port Arthur, on the north shore of Lake Superior and a dirigible balloon was seen drifting north Tuesday night of Outmette, Ont., on the Canadian Pacific railroad.

The officials of the Aero club were cast into gloom by these reports, one of which came from Lewis Spindler, the club's special representative in Canada.

Spindler telegraphed from Toronto: "Tuesday night a balloon was sighted going west from Lake Kaprine. The same night a balloon was sighted going north at Quimette, near Pearl river, and Lake Superior. I fear this is a derelict. These statements confirm the previous reports.

Make More Than Farmers.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—That the railroads get a better return on their investment than the former, despite the latter's much talked of ability to buy automobiles, was the position taken at the rate hearing today, when the shippers who oppose the advances in freight rates put H. C. Wallace of Des Moines on the stand as their first witness.

Mr. Wallace is a farmer and an editor and was elected president of the national conservation congress at St. Paul recently.

Attorney Clifford Thorne, in introducing the line of testimony expected from Wallace, explained that "The great question to be determined in this case is what constitutes a reasonable rate of return for the railroads. They have based some of their pleas for higher rates on the prices paid to farmers and other producers for their products."

Haytian Gunboat Explodes.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Oct. 26.—The Haytian gunboat Liberte has been lost at sea off Port De Paix following an explosion on board. It is estimated that seventy persons were either killed or drowned. Twenty others were rescued.

The news of the accident was received here today. The Liberte sailed on Monday last having on board ninety persons. So far as known only twenty escaped. Among those lost were ten Haytian generals who were going to take command of several divisions of troops in the department of the north. Details are lacking, the only definite information being as to the loss of life and the fact that an explosion occurred.

Postoffice Robbed.

Meza, N. D., Oct. 26.—The postoffice and store of Sam Ransler at this place was entered and robbed of $20 of postoffice money. An attempt to blow the safe, which contained $400 was not successful. The robbers drilled a hole through the outer door of the safe but the charge of powder blew the inner door in and left the outer door unharmed. The robbers left clues which are being followed up.

To Visit Nort Dakota.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Assistant Indian Commissioner Fred H. Abbott will leave Washington next Saturday for Oklahoma and after several days spent there will go to North Dakota chiefly to visit the new Indian agency at Turtle Mountain, north of Devils Lake, in North Dakota.

Mr. Abbott says there are a number of questions which have arisen regarding allotments and also as to timber sales which he thinks a personal visit from a representative of the Indian bureau may materially aid in straightening out to the satisfaction of all concerned.

Hague Decides in Favor of America.

The Hague, Oct. 26.—The international court of arbitration rendered its decision in the Orinoco claims case today. The harge award is declared null on four points and the American company is awarded $46,867 with 2 per cent interest since June 16, 1903, and $7,000 costs.

The judgment is to be paid by Venezuela within two months. The tribunal rejects the American contentions on the other points in dispute. Today's decision disposes of a long standing dispute between United States and Venezuela steamship companies.

HITS COAST OF NAPLES

CYCLONIC STORM AND TIDAL WAVE WORKS HAVOC.

Coast of Naples Badly Devastated by Freak of Elements—Vesuvius Also Gets Busy.

Naples, Oct. 25.—The beautiful coasts of the bay of Naples and the gulf of Salerno and the islands of Ischia and Procida have been devastated by a peculiar combination of elements.

The exact number of victims has not been learned, but 250 persons are said to have been killed. The monetary loss is great.

The disaster appears to have come in the form of a cyclone having three centers, the first over the island of Ischia, the second over the town of Torre Del Greco and on the east coast of the bay of Naples and the third sweeping the gulf of Salerno.

Accompanying the cyclone were a cloudburst, tidal wave and violent eruptions from Mount Vesuvius and from a crater suddenly opened on the summit of the long extinct Mount Epomeo on the island of Ischia. Ischia and the adjacent islands suffered the most.

No Americans are reported in the trouble zone, foreigners having recently given that section a wide berth because of cholera epidemic. Throughout the night much confusion existed as the failure of electric and telegraph wires left the territory in darkness and without means of easy communication.

Admiral Leonardi, the minister of marine, is at Ischia organizing relief for which $400,000 is already available. Human bodies and carcasses of animals have been discovered in a molten stream from Mount Vesuvius.

Next to the loss at Ischia, the greatest damage was done in the towns of Porticia, Torre Del Greco, Resina, Amalfi, Sorrento, Maicrit, Ravelloa, Angri, Ponte Cognao, Cetara and Mont Corvino.

Reports from Ischia describe the situation as distressing. The famous paths of Lucullus have been destroyed. At some points the lava from Mount Epomeo is twenty feet deep. At Torre Del Greco the roof of a building was blown off and the floors collapsing, carried a sailor, his wife and child of thirteen months into the cellar. The woman was killed and the husband with the baby in his arms escaped from the place only to be drowned in the street. The baby was rescued.

Heinze Case in Supreme Court.

Washington, Oct. 25. — The brief of The United States in the case against Fritz Augustus Heinze, involving the charges of willful misappropriation of the assets of a national bank, wrongful discounting of notes, etc., while Heinze was president of the Mercantile National bank of New York, was filed in the supreme court of the United States today.

The aggregate of the unsecured notes which figure in the count of the indictment is $1,362,000. The insufficiently secured notes aggregate $370,000.

Soldiers as Strike Breakers.

Lisbon, Oct. 25.—Eight thousand freight and express wagon drivers went on strike today. Soldiers and firemen are being utilized in the transportation of the necessities of life.

The outbreak of labor trouble of the capital is considered especially unfortunate at this time when an effort is being made to harmonize all classes in support of the provisional government and the new republic. A commission was named today to establish courts of honor which are designed to replace the practice of dueling.

Roosevelt Had Drizzly Day.

Pen Yan, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The second day of Colonel Roosevelt's campaign in New York state began with a drizzling rain which threatened to interfere with several open al rallies which had been aranged. Roosevelt early today reached Penn Yan from Binghamton, where he spoke last night. His first campaign speech of the day was delivered here. The remainder of Roosevelt's schedule calls for speeches in Canandaigua, Geneva, Waterloo, Seneca Falls and Auburn, during the day, and at Syracuse tonight.

Strikers and Police Battle.

New York, Oct. 25.—Many shots were exchanged between the police and the striking drivers of the United States Express Co. and their sympathizers at Jersey City today.

As near as could be learned no one was hit by the bullets, but clubs were used freely in the rioting and many were hurt. Later several drivers who ventured upon ferry boats with their teams were badly beaten. Two arrests were made.

Great Lake Discovered.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 25.—The announcement of the discovery of another great lake in the Canada northwest was contained in a wire received from William F. Irulard of Windsor, Ont., now in Edmonton, Alta.

Indians arriving from the far north brought the story that a paty of government surveyors discovered a new lake supposed to be as large as Lake Superior.

Another Aviator Meets Death.

Paris, Oct. 26.—M. Blanchard, an aviator, fell from a height of 100 feet and was instantly killed today. The accident occurred over the field at Issy Les Molineux, where Blanchard was attempting a descent after a successful flight from Bourges.

Had Close Call.

Aneta, N. D., Oct. 26.—What came near being a tragedy happened here when Louis Trostad and Candidate S. J. Tando came along in the former's auto and were about to cross the track. Train No. 3, running two hours late, came at a terrific speed. The first the men knew of the train was when it was right upon them—just a few seconds would have meant death to both. The engine tore off one of the front fenders and smashed the wheel on the auto, but the occupants were not hurt in the least, and were perfectly satisfied the way things went after all.

Filipino Outbreak.

Manila, Oct. 26.—Two bands of Manobo tribesmen are depredating the west coast of Davao in southeastern Mindanao island and have killed several planters, including Earl Gerr, an American. All available troops were ordered to the scene today.

Brig. Gen. John J. Pershin, commanding the department of Mindanao, has left his headquarters at Zamoanga to command reinforcements being hurried to Davao. The Manobos and Dattos declare their purpose of expelling all foreigners and Filipinos from the district.

HEAR OF BALLOON

GUIDE BRINGS NEWS OF AMERICA II FROM WILDS OF ONTARIO, CANADA.

FAR FROM CIVILIZATION

Balloon Crosses Small Lke and Comes to Ground in Forest—Friend of Aeronauts Leaves to Effect Rescue.

Huntsville, Ont., Oct. 21.—Richard Cole, a guide, who has just returned from New Ontario, brings a story of the missing balloon which he and his party sighted about eight o'clock last Thursday morning. The party was crossing a small lake when the balloon passed. After traveling probably a mile it alighted rapidly with a tremendous crash. A search was made, but the party were forced to return without effecting a rescue.

Cole thinks if the aeronauts traveled eastward they must be lost in the impenetrable forests without hope of rescue.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 24.—The balloon America II., the only one of the international race entrants which has not yet reported landing, passed over Thompsonville, Mich., Tuesday, Oct. according to a message received this morning by the Aero club of St. Louis.

The message was signed by Alan R. Hawley and Augustus Post, pilot and aide. It read: "Thompsonville, Mich.,—America II. passed over this place Tuesday. Course due north."

The delayed message was dropped to a farmer eight miles from Thompsonville and was forwarded by E. S. Northrop of Thompsonville. Northrop, replying to a message of inquiry, said the farmer who received the message from the balloonists talked with them and read the name of the aerostat on the gas bag near dark. The course of the balloon was west of St. Ignace, Mich., over Sutton's Bay.

The America II., according to Northrop's message, followed the course of the Azurea and the Necetla. The former landed thirty-two miles northeast of Biscotasing, Ont., and the latter near Villa Marie, Ont.

The receipt of the message revived the hope of the Aero club officials that Hawley and Post are alive and now it is only a question of getting them to civilization.

Grain Tariffs Suspended.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Tariffs filed by several western and northwestern railroads with the interstate commerce commission, making advances of freight rates on grain and grain products from the middle west to eastern destinations have been suspended, pending an inquiry into their reasonableness, until March.

They were filed by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway; the Chicago & North-Western railway; the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway; the Great Northern railway; the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway; the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railway; the Northern Pacific railway and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway.

No time has yet been fixed for hearing, but it is the expectation of the commission to reach a decision prior to March 1, 1911.

Candy Bandit Arrested.

East St. Louis, Ills., Oct. 24.—After giving details as to many local robberies and hinting at two murders Lea Rhodus who was arrested here yesterday was locked up by the police with instructions that no one was to see him until noon today.

One of the murders Rhodus intimated he knew about was of a man named Michaels in Chicago. The other was Captain Potter of northern Missouri.

The police believe the Michaels murder referred to the mysterious death of Dr. F. W. Michaels in Chicago, Aug. 6. Rhodus after admitting he was in Chicago at that time refused to discuss details.

Rhodus admits he is the man who has been called the "candy bandit."

Inspects Abandoned Farms.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 24.—To inspect abandoned farms in this section of the state ex-President Roosevelt stopped here today at the beginning of his campaign trip in New York state which is to extend until the last of the week.

Colonel Roosevelt was to ride by automobile more than miles during the day with Rep. W. W. Coeks of Nassau county, Rep. John W. Dwight and Prof. L. H. Bailey of Cornell, who was president of the country life commission appointed by President Roosevelt.

Justices Visit President.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The justices of the supreme court today paid their annual visit to the White House. The delegation of jurists was headed this year by Associate Justice Harlan, who is acting chief justice.

The justices were with the president for twenty minutes or more. The ceremonies were entirely informal. Attorney General Wickersham was also present.

Advanced Date of Hanging.

London, Oct. 24.—Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, convicted of the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the actress, will be hanged on Nov. 8. The date originally decided on was Nov. 15, but today the sheriff advanced the date one week.

Meet Watery Grave.

St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 24.—News of the wreck of the steamer Regulus bound from Belle Island to Sydney with the loss of nineteen men of her crew was received here today. The wreck occurred at Shoal bay, nine miles from this port.

Will Have a "Central."

Center.—This town will have a telephone exchange and central office for the various lines now entering the place. It will give the patrons of the telephone a much wider field of communication.

Alleged Slayer Arrested.

La Porte, Ind., Oct. 24.—Joseph Novak, suspected of robbing and killing Tony De Wolf of Battle Creek, Mich., after luring him to the country, was arrested, accused of the murder. De Wolf's body was found in a creek near the Michigan town.

Land Case Settled.

Dickinson.—The case known at the Tarrant land suit was tried last week in the U. S. district court, before Judge Amidon and was decided in favor of the defendants, Messrs. Frye & Lillibridge of this city.

M. C. TIFFT.

Democratic Nominee for Lieutenant Governor

M. C. Tifft was born at Sycamore, Ill., April [illegible]. At the age of fourteen he came with his parents to Minnesota and their home was made on a farm near Hutchinson. He received his [illegible] of the Hutchinson High School and after engaging in the work of teacher in a country school for a short period completed his course at the [illegible] of Ann Arbor, Mich., graduating from there in 1885. He commenced the practice of law at Glencoe, [illegible] and in 1891 was elected [illegible] judge of probate, which position he held for twelve [illegible] of Glencoe [illegible] of the Stevens [illegible]. Eight years [illegible] Long Prairie and [illegible] term of Gov [illegible] was appointed [illegible] For [illegible] has been connected [illegible] of the insurance de[illegible]

[illegible] appointed [illegible] later to [illegible] he now [illegible] in 1891 [illegible] the father of [illegible] life has [illegible] in public [illegible] high con[illegible]

FRED W. JOHNSON.

Democratic Candidate for Secretary of State

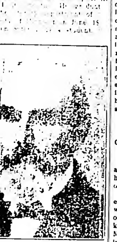
Fred W. Johnson is a native of Minnesota, born in St. Peter, was educated in the [illegible] conducted the

New Ulm Review from 1887 until he assumed the office of state librarian, a position he held under the third administration. Mr. Johnson is married, forty-one years old, and his home address is New Ulm, Brown county. He is a brother of the late Governor John A. Johnson.

ARTHUR H. SNOW.

Democratic Nominee for Associate Justice

Arthur H. Snow was born at Clinton, Mich., [illegible] spent his boyhood [illegible] He graduated from the [illegible] University [illegible] June 18 and then [illegible] as a student [illegible]



law office of Hon. G. V. N. Lothrop at Detroit, Mich., where he remained until the fall of 1866. In June, 1867, he graduated from the Albany Law School in the same class with the late President McKinley.

In August, 1867, he was united in marriage with [illegible] A. Westcott of [illegible], and in the following November [illegible] for San Francisco, Cal., where [illegible] until January, 1871 [illegible] to Winona, Minn., [illegible] since [illegible] his election to the judgeship [illegible] judicial district in 1891 he had at different times held the office of city attorney of Winona [illegible] of Winona county, member and president of the board of education of the [illegible] of Winona and president of the state board of examiners of law.

He is [illegible] his fourteenth year as district judge.

THOMAS DILLON O'BRIEN.

Democratic Nominee for Associate Justice.

Thomas Dillon O'Brien was born at La Pointe, Wis., in 1859, and came to Minnesota with his parents in 1863. He received a common school education and was admitted to the bar April 17, 1880. He was married in 1888 to Miss Mary Cruice of Philadelphia and has four children.

He has been assistant city attorney of St. Paul; county attorney of Ramsey county; member of the board of trustees for hospital for the insane; insurance commissioner under Governor Johnson, and special counsel for the state in the rate cases. In July, 1909, Governor Johnson appointed Mr. O'Brien associate justice of the supreme court to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Justice Elliott. The appointment took effect Sept. 1, 1909, and will expire Jan. 1, 1911.

Former Governor Lind says of Judge O'Brien's candidacy:

"The importance of an independent,

non-partisan judiciary should not be overlooked by the independent, patriotic citizens. The Democratic party has named for two of the four places to be filled in our supreme court at this election two of the most eminent members of the bar in this state. Hon. T. D. O'Brien, now serving under appointment by Governor Johnson, is not only an able and just judge but distinguished for great service to the state in other fields. I sincerely hope that the voters will not overlook our judicial ticket."

THOMAS J. MEIGHEN.

Democratic Candidate for State Auditor.

"Tom" Meighen was born at Forestville, Mower county, Minn., in 1855, upon the farm where he now resides. He received an education in the public schools and since a young man his life has been a busy one. He is largely interested in farming; pays

taxes on four thousand acres of land in Fillmore county. He also runs a store at Forestville, it being the same business started by his father in 1853.

For the past eight years he has been president of the First National bank at Preston. When he was a young man he was first vice president of the State Farmers' Alliance organization. He was also first chairman of the People's party organization and presided over the convention at which that party was organized in this state. Upon that committee were such men as Ignatius Donnelly, Sidney Owens, General J. H. Baker and W. W. Erwin and others. He was a Bryan elector in 1896 and candidate for lieutenant governor in 1900. He was also a member of the board of equalization under both Governor Johnson and Governor Lind.

JAMES C. TRACY.

Democratic Nominee for Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner.

Hon. James C. Tracy is so modest a man that his picture is noticeable by its absence. This is a case of the office seeking the man.

Mr. Tracy is the candidate of Southern Minnesota for this position and was nominated by the efforts of Democrats of Olmsted county, who had known him all his life. He is a native Minnesotan, born forty-one years ago in Olmsted county. For years he has been a prominent and respected business men of Rochester, in that county. He is married and a man of quiet worth, and his business, elevator, grain and coal, has given him a close knowledge of questions which are directly passed upon by the commission to which he is a candidate.

He will receive a large complimentary vote from the people in his section of the state, and his friends, as well as the committee, are making a very active canvass in his behalf.

Origin of Fasting.

The custom of fasting is not of Christian origin. It was certainly observed by the Jews long before Christianity was known, as well as by most of the other nations of antiquity. Asceticism has always been popular in the earlier stages of religion and is still the dominant idea in Buddhism and Brahmanism—two of the oldest of all religions.—Exchange.

PHILIP E. BROWN.

Republican Endorsed as Nominee for Associate Justice.

Philip E. Brown was born in Wisconsin in 1856. He was educated in the high schools of that state and at the University of Wisconsin and graduated from the Albany (N. Y.) Law School. He located at Luverne, Minn., in 1883. Was appointed judge of the

district court for the Thirteenth judicial district in February, 1891. Has been three times elected judge of said district without opposition.

CALVIN L. BROWN.

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

Calvin L. Brown was born in Sullivan county, N. H., in 1854; came to Minnesota with his parents in 1855, and has since continuously resided in the state; was admitted to the bar in 1876; located at Morris in 1878, and was elected county attorney of Stevens county in 1882, 1884 and 1886. Was appointed judge of the Sixteenth

judicial district by Governor McGill on March 10, 1887, and was elected to that office in 1888 and again in 1894. Was appointed associate justice of the supreme court by Governor Lind to succeed Justice Buck, resigned, and was elected to that office in 1898 and re-elected in 1904 for the term beginning in January, 1905. He is married and resides at Morris.

JOHN M. FREEMAN.

Democratic Nominee for Attorney General.

John M. Freeman was born at Ticonderoga, N. Y., Dec. 5, 1870. With his parents he moved to Washington county, Minn., at the age of twelve. The family went on a farm in Washington county, where they remained about two years, after which they removed to Hector, Renville county, locating on a farm near that village. Here John attended high school in the winters and worked on the farm in summer. At the age of nineteen he began teaching school, following that vocation for about three years. He

then read law for about three years in a law office, after which he accepted an appointment in the United States surveyor general's office in St. Paul, and while holding this position he attended the State university, graduating from the law department in 1898. He then located at Olivia, Minn., for the practice of his profession and has since made that place his home.

Belated Advice.

"That coat looks shabby," remarked Hicks to his intimate friend, the poet. "Why don't you have it turned?"

"Do you think this coat has three sides?" asked the impecunious one sadly. And nothing more was said on the subject.

Charity.

She—I'm glad we went. It was an excellent performance—and for such a charitable purpose! Her Husband—Yes, indeed! We all feel a thrill of satisfaction when we do something for charity and get the worth of our money at the same time.

HOPE.

Hope, like the brilliant stars of evening, shines the sweetest and the brightest when life seems the gloomiest and darkest.—Dr. O. Winslow.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS.

Is it of love for Governor Eberhart personally that Democratic brewers and saloon keepers are rushing to his support, or is it because of pledges given?

+ + +

Has Governor Eberhart called the pardon board in special session because John Jones, laborer, got thirty days, as he did when Banker Waterman was sent up for automobile speeding?

+ + +

Do you want the affairs of this state controlled by brewers and the organized liquor interests?

+ + +

Do you want a governor controlled by Senator Ed Smith?

+ + +

Will a "Railroad Errand Boy" make a good governor?

+ + +

Do you want the country to understand that Billy Hamm has foreclosed his mortgage on Minnesota?

+ + +

Did not Senator La Follette's Weekly know what it was talking about when it characterized Governor Eberhart as "Nothing more than a Railroad Errand Boy?"

+ + +

Why did Governor Eberhart pay the Seabury graft bill after Governor Johnson and two Republican attorneys general had refused to give it their approval?

+ + +

Are brewers and saloon keepers supporting Governor Eberhart because they believe he will enforce the liquor laws more strenuously than would Mr. Gray?

+ + +

Why didn't Governor Eberhart mention the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill in his keynote speech after pronouncing it at Omaha as one of the best ever passed by congress?

+ + +

Will you elect a governor who is advised and controlled by Senator Ed Smith?

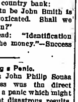
"Might Have!"

I have lived my life, and I face the end.
But that other life I might have led—
Where lay the road, and who was its friend,
And what was the goal when the years were dead?

Where lay the road? Did I miss the turn?
The friend unknown? Our greetings unsaid?
And the goal unsought? Shall I never learn
What was that life I might have led?

As the spring's last look for one dear day
From skies autumnal on earth may bend,
So lures me that other life—but, nay!
I have lived my life, and I face the end.
—Edith M. Thomas.

His Mark.



"IDENTIFICATION COMPLETE."

One day a big city bank received the following message from one of its country correspondents: "Pay $25 to John Smith, who will call today." The cashier's curiosity became suspicion when a cabman assisted into the bank a drunken "fare" who stated that he was John Smith and wanted some money. Two clerks pushed, pulled and piloted the boisterous individual into a private room away from the sight and hearing of regular depositors. The cashier wired the country bank:

"Man claiming to be John Smith is here. Highly intoxicated. Shall we await identification?"

The answer read: "Identification complete. Pay the money."—Success Magazine.

Averting a Panic.

On one occasion John Philip Sousa by his promptness was the direct means of stopping a panic which might have had the most disastrous results. While his band was playing before 12,000 people in St. Louis the electric lights in the hall went out suddenly. People began to move uneasily in their seats, and some even began to make a rush for the doors. Coolly tapping with his baton, Sousa gave a signal, and immediately his band began playing "Oh, Dear, What Can the Matter Be?" A tiny ripple of laughter that went round the audience showed that confidence had been partially restored. When the band began to play "Wait Till the Clouds Roll By" the laughter deepened into a roar of merriment that ended only when the lights were turned on again.

A Favored Congregation.

A famous North Carolina clergyman while preaching from the text, "He giveth his beloved sleep," stopped in the middle of his discourse, gazed upon his slumbering congregation and said, "Brethren, it is hard to realize the unbounded love which the Lord appears to have for a large portion of my auditory."

A Pointed Question.

There is an amusing story told of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria and the famous old soldier Galgotzy: "After the occupation by Austro-Hungarian forces of Bosnia-Herzegovina Galgotzy was set to build a military road. Funds were short, and the sum available for the purpose seemed hopelessly insufficient. By dint of hard work and ingenuity Galgotzy succeeded nevertheless in performing his task and thereupon reported, 'Road built; 25,000 florins received, 25,000 florins spent; remains, nothing.'"

Dissatisfied with so summary an account, the audit officials applied for a detailed statement of expenditure. Galgotzy ignored the application, which was presently renewed in peremptory form. Impatient of red tape, he replied: "Road built; 25,000 florins received, 25,000 florins spent; remains, nothing. Whoever doubts it is an ass!"

Shocked by such impropriety, a solemn official submitted Galgotzy's account to the emperor, who blandly inquired, "Do you, then, doubt it?"

Proposed Amendments

—TO THE—

Constitution

—OF—

Minnesota

—BY—

The Legislature

General Session

1909.

St. Paul, Minn., May 1, 1910.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State—

Sir: As required by Section 26 of the Revised Laws as amended, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments proposed to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota by the Legislature of 1909 and which are to be submitted to the electors in said state at the general election in 1910.

FIRST PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The first proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 506 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to authorize the payment by the State from the State Road and Bridge Fund of one-half of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein, and is an amendment of Section 16 of Article 9 of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided further, that in no case shall more than one-third (⅓) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund," and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

PROVIDED, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and provided, further, that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

EFFECT. The present Constitution authorizes the payment by the State, out of such fund so created of ONE-THIRD (1-3) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge therein. If this amendment is adopted the State could then pay ONE-HALF (½) of the cost of constructing any such road or bridge, and the effect of the amendment is thus to increase the amount which the State may lawfully pay toward such purpose.

SECOND PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The second proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 507 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to repeal the provisions of Section 11 of Article IX of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 11. There shall be published by the treasurer, in at least one newspaper printed at the seat of government, during the first week in January of each year, and in the next volume of the acts of the legislature, detailed statements of all moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, for what purposes and to whom paid, and by what law authorized; and also of all moneys received, and by what authority and from whom."

EFFECT. The Constitution requires the treasurer to publish yearly a detailed statement of the moneys drawn from the treasury during the preceding year, giving the names of the persons to whom paid and the purposes for which it was expended. It also requires a like statement of the names of the persons, and the sources, as to money received, and in both cases a statement of the law under which payments were made, or money paid into the treasury. The effect of this Amendment, if the same be adopted, will be to repeal the section of the Constitution mentioned and insofar relieve the treasurer from such publication. This change in the Constitution, however, would not prevent the legislature from hereafter directing by law that such, or a different publication, of the same or other information should be made by the Treasurer.

THIRD PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The third proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 508 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 17, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment, by the State of Minnesota, of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, including the necessary expenses of giving effect to this act, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment, if adopted, will be to authorize the State to become a trustee in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or either. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax imposed by the legislature upon the lands of such persons, ONLY, as shall voluntarily list the same with their respective county auditors for that purpose. Under it there could be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. The legislature is also authorized to include in such fund the necessary expenses of administration of the law. The adoption of the amendment will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund and to provide for the disbursement of same by the officers of the State; but any payments to be made by the State, by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from such fund and from no other. In the settlement of any such damages the State would assume no liability beyond the amount of such fund, and could not further be rendered liable. A similar amendment was offered at the general election of 1908, but not adopted. The amendment then offered read as follows:

"Section 17. The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, may impose a specific tax upon lands, the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

The main difference between the amendment now offered, and the one last quoted, being that the legislature is now to be authorized, in addition to providing a fund for the purpose of paying damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, to further provide an additional tax upon the lands of the persons so listing the same, to meet the necessary expenses incurred in the administration of the law and thus relieve the State therefrom. This last provision was not included in the amendment offered in 1908.

FOURTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fourth proposed Amendment is contained in Chapter 509, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to repeal Section 23 of Article IV of the Constitution, which section now reads as follows:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and every tenth year thereafter. At their first session after each enumeration so made, and also at their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section second of this article."

and to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 23. The legislature shall provide by law for enumeration of the inhabitants of this State in the year 1915, and every ten (10) years thereafter. At any session after any enumeration of the inhabitants of this state made pursuant to law and also at any session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or any of the same, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts according to the provisions of section 2 of this article."

EFFECT. The effect of this Amendment will be to direct the legislature to provide for a census of the inhabitants of the State in the year 1915, and every tenth year thereafter, and will also authorize the legislature to change the boundaries of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, or of any one of such districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts, at any session after any State or Federal census. If adopted, the legislature might therefore, if it deems best, change at any session the boundaries of such districts and apportion anew the senators and representatives and thus redistrict the State every two years.

FIFTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The fifth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 510, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is sought to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution, to be known as Section 18, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 18. To secure a sustained yield of timber for the use of the people of this state, the proper officials shall annually levy and collect a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property within this state, the proceeds of which shall be used for the purchase of land better adapted for forestry purposes than for agriculture for the state at not over $5.00 per acre, and for the production and maintenance thereon of forest according to forestry principles.

"Unexpended balances shall not lapse but constitute a fund for forestry purposes.

"The timber produced thereon shall be sold at a fair valuation and the revenue therefrom or from other source shall be paid into the state treasury, except that one-quarter of the net revenue shall be paid to the towns, or if unorganized, to the county, in which the land is situated, in aid of public schools and roads.

"Should any tract acquired be found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, it may be sold and the proceeds used for acquiring or developing forestry land.

"Until otherwise directed by the legislature, which may supplement these provisions with necessary enactments, the state forestry board shall draw and disburse the money hereby provided and purchase, manage and control the lands and forests.

"No money shall be paid for any tract until the attorney general shall certify to the validity of the title.

"It shall be competent for two successive regular legislatures, by a two-thirds vote of each house, to repeal any of these provisions."

EFFECT. This proposed amendment, and the proposed amendment hereafter mentioned should be read together. They constitute the foundation for a plan of State reforestration. As the constitution stands today, while the legislature might pass laws providing funds to be used for the purchase of lands, and the cultivation of the same for reforestration purposes, yet it is not directed to do so. The effect then of this amendment is to COMPEL the taxing officers of the state to annually levy and collect a tax of one-fifteenth of one mill on each dollar of taxable property in the state, to be used as the legislature shall direct, for the purchase for the state of land adapted to forestry purposes, but at a price not to exceed $5 per acre. All unexpired balances in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not lapse, but shall be carried over into the fund thus raised for the succeeding year and shall be an addition thereto. It also directs the sale, at a fair valuation, of the timber produced on such land so purchased, the payment of three-fourths of the money received therefrom into the state treasury, and the payment of the remaining one-fourth to the town, if organized, or otherwise to the county in which the land is situated, and that the same shall there be credited to the public school funds. If after the land is purchased it is found better adapted for any other purpose than the production of timber, authority is contained in this amendment to sell it, but the proceeds must be used for acquiring or developing forestry land. Until the legislature provides otherwise, all purchases shall be under the direction of the State Forestry Board. The title to all lands purchased must be approved by the Attorney General before purchase is made. It is further provided that two successive regular legislatures shall have power by a two-thirds vote of each house to repeal any of the foregoing provisions. That is to say, if after a trial, such plan for any reason is found to be impracticable or undesirable, and it so appears to two successive legislatures, any or all of the foregoing provisions of the amendment may be repealed. The legislature does not now possess such power and the same is a distinct change in the methods heretofore in vogue in Minnesota, in the making and revising of the Constitution. Heretofore an amendment might only be made to the Constitution or a provision of that instrument eliminated by direct vote of the electors. Under this amendment, if it be adopted, that power is not taken away and also exists. But a new power, that of repeal by the legislature, as to this however, would extend to no other provision of the Constitution and affords an easy method of change in case of necessity or advisability.

SIXTH PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

The sixth proposed amendment is contained in Chapter 511, Laws of Minnesota for the year 1909.

PURPOSE. By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article IX of the Constitution to be known as Section 17a, and which shall read as follows:

"Section 17a. Laws may be enacted exempting lands from taxation for the purpose of encouraging and promoting the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon."

EFFECT. The effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to enact laws exempting from taxation lands of private persons to be used in the planting, cultivation and protection of useful forest trees thereon, and thus supplement where the lands of such private persons are devoted to reforestration, the purposes contemplated as to public lands by the fifth proposed amendment. The authority so granted is part of a general plan for the reforestration of land within the state. If the legislature does not pass such laws, such lands will not be exempt and the power to repeal such a law, when enacted, remains with the legislature. Power to pass a law to exempt such lands from taxation the legislature does not now possess, and it is, therefore, an additional grant of power.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE T. SIMPSON,
Attorney General.

St. Paul, May 1, 1910.

Mr. Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State.

Dear Sir:—Referring to proposed Constitutional Amendment No. 1 would say: As state expert printer I have given the publications involved in this proposed amendment special thought, and am of opinion both these publications are entirely superfluous. The extensive annual publication "in a daily newspaper published at the capital city" attracts absolutely no attention. The annual report of the state treasurer is published in book form, and to an extent that makes it easy for every person specially concerned to secure a copy. To conform strictly with the law as it is at present, means the expenditure, under reasonably favorable printing contracts, of approximately $8,000, a sum which can be used to excellent advantage under conditions which ordinarily suggest the greatest care and economy upon the part of those under whose direction the printing fund is expended.

Yours respectfully,
J. T. MANNIX,
State Expert Printer.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. hall, Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Bronet, Secy.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS—Meets every other Friday evening at C. O. F. hall. J. Tischart, Chief Ranger; E. H. Normandeau, Recording Secretary.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findelsen, N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Hilzen, R. S. Or, J. E. Argue, F. S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address
BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
Department 29 16 South 5th St., Minneapolis.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

"Buy your granite cups for the school at the Sunshine, all pure granite at ten cents each.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy
Nuts, Pickles, Jam
Cookies and Crackers
Fine line of Canned
Goods, Teas, and
Coffees in our
Grocery Department

White, Rye and
Graham Bread
Fresh daily. Order
Buns, etc., day before
you need them.

Choice line of
Tobacco, Cigars
Pipes and Smokers'
Articles. Full line
of Writing Materials
in our
Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Fred Arndt was at St. Hilaire between trains today.

I have a quantity of oats for sale at Wylie. Fred L. Farley 27n3

Jens P. Jenson of Thief River Falls was in town Tuesday.

Clifford Dargan is an apprentice at the Great Northern station.

Leo Steinert went to Crookston Friday evening, returning Saturday.

Farm loans. Lowest rates and payment privileges.—Houston Land Co. tf

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

Attorney F. A. Grady was attending to business matters at Crookston Tuesday.

J. A. Duffy was attending to business matters in the twin cities Saturday.

Andrew Johnson of Wylie was attending to business matters in town Monday.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausolei. tf

H. Haupt of St. Hilaire was attending to business matters at the court house Saturday.

Mrs. G. T. Tandberg of Thief River Falls visited with Red Lake Falls friends this week.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton was attending to legal matters at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. E. E. Fletcher visited over Sunday at Grand Forks at the home of Dr. F. F. Fletcher.

Mrs. C. R. C. Baker has gone to Dodge Center and will visit with relatives for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. N. Bourdon visited over Sunday in St. Paul at the home of L. C. Simons.

Attorney F. A. Grady had a case before the United States land office at Crookston yesterday.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States land office, was over from Crookston Monday.

Albert Kreil left Monday for Noyes, Minn. where he has a position as clerk in the Great Northern office.

Came to my place last Friday, 4 calves. Owner call for property and pay expenses.—Fred Westphal.

For Sale, good cook stove, range style, also one good couch and some other articles.—A. G. Groshong.

E. M. Engebretson has returned from a business trip to Bird Island and other southern Minnesota points.

For sale or rent, good six room house with good cellar, good cistern, and good well and four good lots, two blocks from Main street.—A. G. Groshong.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J. C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

For sale cheap, one No. 6 Radiant Home hard coal heater. Self feed, hot air flue. Call at Riechel's Studio. 27n3

Mrs. Kress will sell her personal property at public auction Friday, Nov. 4, at her home on the north side.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, and will hereafter make regular trips every week. tf

The small boy in Red Lake Falls must have got his dates mixed. Hallowe'en passed and not a gate was moved.

Lost, four heifer calves, three red and one white. Any information please notify owner.—P. S. Modehill, Plummer, Minn. 3n17

Mrs. L. J. Zimmerman left last evening for Charles City, Iowa, where she will visit with relatives for several weeks.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet for work at the church parlors Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 9.

Came to my place Sunday, black and white hunting dog. Following is on the dog's collar: "126 tax, Crookston."—Eli Lasha.

Joseph Sando, who recently sold his property here, has gone to Glenville, Minn., where he and his family will reside in the future.

Wanted—A man to work on farm or a man and team, or plowing done by the acre. Address me at Milton, Wis., Box 54.—R. B. Thomas. 27-a3

Mrs. Carter and her sister, Miss Olivia Goeletto, returned to Cohasset, Monday, after having visited with relatives here for some time.

W. H. Brown, manager of the Red River Power company, was over from the Forks this week looking after the company's business here.

Fred Arndt will sell his live stock, farm machinery and household goods at public auction next Wednesday, Nov. 9. Read the ad in this issue.

The members of the Woodman lodge are making arrangements for a Thanksgiving ball to be given at their hall Wednesday evening, Nov. 23.

Max Iugber was arrested this week on the charge of buying milk without a license. He plead not guilty to the charge and the trial was set for Nov. 15.

H. E. Mussey, of Thief River Falls, an old time newspaper man of Marshall and Red Lake counties, assisted the Gazette force with a rush of work last week.

Andrew Johnson, who has run a farm near Wylie for the past several years, will go to St. Paul soon where he and his family will reside in the future.

For sale or rent, good six room house with good cellar, good [illegible] four good lots, two blocks from main street.—A. G. Groshong.

Supt. H. F. Anderson left last evening for St. Paul to attend the meeting of the Minnesota Educational association and also the state industrial contest to be held Nov. 3, 4 and 5. The rural school children of Red Lake county have entered a number of exhibits in the state industrial contest.

Mrs. Dolphos Beausoleil and daughter, Miss Eugenie, of this city drove out to Terrebonne Saturday to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Champagne.

For sale or rent, good six room house with good cellar, good cistern and good well and four good lots, two blocks from main street.—A. G. Groshong

P. W. Lee of St. Hilaire was in town Tuesday. Mr. Lee went from here to St. Louis county where he will be employed in railroad construction work all winter.

If you have a savings account earning 4 per cent for you in the Merchants State Bank it will give you an absolute sense of security and the "rainy day" will have no terrors for you.

A large part of the paper this week is given over to a discussion of the county division proposition. There's going to be an election next Tuesday which is sufficient explanation for the use of so much campaign material.

A carload of red and white oak to be used in finishing the interior of the court house arrived this week. The outside work on the building is completed and it won't be long until the new court house is ready for occupancy.

Levi Champagne will sell his live stock, farm machinery and household goods at public auction next Thursday, Nov. 10, at his farm seven and a half miles southeast of Red Lake Falls and five miles southwest of Terrebonne church.

Mrs. Octave Heule, while trading at Theo. LaBissonier's store Tuesday, became seriously ill. She was taken to the Jos. Lachance home where she has since been cared for. Her condition is so serious that it is feared she may not recover.

Ole Fensand of Thief River Falls was killed at Lake City last week. He was employed painting on a railroad bridge and was struck by a train passing over the bridge. Deceased was well known in Red Lake Falls, the family having resided on a farm south of town before going to Thief River Falls.

Shoes are shoes 'tis true, but some are a whole lot better than others. If you could go through the factories in Saint Paul, Minn., and Eau Claire and Chippewa Falls, Wis., where the Gotzian shoe is made, you would be pretty sure to agree that this particular shoe is a whole lot better than any other. It is sold in Red Lake Falls by Mat Skala.

A large crowd of people turned out Monday afternoon to hear Governor A. G. Eberhart's speech. The governor did not go into a very exhaustive discussion of political issues, but he did say some pleasant things about northern Minnesota and Red Lake county and Red Lake Falls and the hand and it can be said that his speech was very well received.

Hon. W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner, delivered the most brilliant political address that has been heard in Red Lake Falls during the campaign, at the Bijou theatre Tuesday evening. His illustrations used to show that the tariff schedules are much higher than they need be to afford protection were clever and his argument was logical and convincing.

J. H. Mark, who has been here for the past six weeks making some improvements on his farm, the old Crimm place, left last evening for his home at Charles City, Iowa. Mr. Mark has erected a new house on the farm and a machine shed and remodeled other buildings. The farm will be occupied by Henry Wagner who will arrive from Wisconsin this week [illegible]

Miss Mayme Lianihan returned to Red Lake Falls yesterday. She has about recovered from her recent illness. Several weeks ago Miss Lianihan underwent an operation for appendicitis at a Grand Forks hospital. So serious was the case that her condition was critical for many days. When she became stronger, she went to Crookston and remained there with friends until coming home.

Buy A MONARCH
MALLEABLE RANGE!
It Pays For Itself.

BUYING a Monarch Range is like investing a little money at such a splendid interest that it pays back the principal in a year or so, and then for unlimited years brings a return of from 25 to 50 per cent.

Because—

A Monarch requires but little more than one-half the fuel burned up by a "steel range" of the common type. Moreover, it does away with the usual repair bills—saves much time—eliminates the hard part of kitchen work—and in addition it does its work so well it satisfies as no other can.

You don't have to take our word for these things. Investigate for yourself the way the Monarch is built. Let us show you how the Malleable Iron and steel plates are riveted together, making air-tight joints without the use of STOVE PUTTY. See the brightly polished top and body, which will retain their fine appearance forever without the use of stove blacking. Also notice the duplex draft and other exclusive features. These things PROVE our statements.

Monarch
MALLEABLE
The Stay Satisfactory Range

Steel Ranges built in the ordinary way are wasteful—extravagant

They are not made in the right way nor even of the right kind of material. It is not wise to buy one, nor even to continue to use one, though you may have had it only a few years. Its seams have already opened up—the stove bolts worked loose, the putty has fallen out and these "air leaks" let the fuel and fire through and cause a waste of fuel every year equal to a large part of the cost of a Monarch.

A Personal Word
To Intending Buyers

In ranges as well as other lines, we aim to handle the best to be had. Our many years' experience in the range business has acquainted us with all makes of ranges and we know that the Monarch is the one and only range that could justify the above claim.

HUNT HARDWARE
COMPANY
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

MRS. THOMAS CROMPE, SR.

Died Last Evening—Funeral at St. Joseph's Church Friday.

Mrs. Thomas Crompe, sr. passed away at the home of her son, Thomas Crompe, in this city, at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening. Mrs. Crompe was 76 years old last March and had been in feeble health for many months.

Elise Cadieux, which was Mrs. Crompe's maiden name, was born at St. Urbain, Quebec, Canada. She came here in 1884 and for many years resided in Terrebonne. For the past five years she has lived with her son in this city. Mrs. Crompe was the mother of eleven children, five of whom are living. They are: Thomas Crompe, jr. and Mrs. Nick Majeres and Miss Clothilde Crompe of this city and Mrs. Ednor Perusse and Mrs. J. H. Paradis of North Yakima, Wash.

Funeral services will be held from St. Joseph's church Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be at the Terrebonne cemetary.

MRS. LEVI CHAMPAGNE

Passed Away at Crookston Last Thursday.

Mrs. Champagne, wife of Levi Champagne, died at St. Mary's hospital at Crookston last Thursday following an operation for appendicitis. Deceased had been ill for more than a year and was not strong enough to withstand the shock of the operation. Funeral services were held from St. Anthony's church at Terrebonne, Rev. Fr. Vellieux officiating. Deceased was born at Terrebonne, being the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Desoutelle, and she and her husband had lived on farms in the vicinity of Terrebonne and Brooks since their marriage. Deceased was twenty-nine years old and is survived by her husband and four small children, two boys and two girls, besides other relatives. It is a sad affliction that has come to the family and they have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement.

STAID THE LIMIT

Local Wrestlers Hold Professional in Handicap Bout.

Ed. Ober, a professional light weight wrestler, took on three local men at the Bijou theatre Monday night, agreeing to throw the three men in an hour. Eugene Bray, a "bantum," was good for four minutes. George Cyr, who was somewhat heavier than Ober, lasted eighteen minutes, and Henry Belair was good for the remaining thirty-eight minutes. Belair went in forty pounds heavier than the professional and being a strong, clever man and playing a defensive game had Ober guessing when time was called.

Ober and Miller, a professional from Angus, will wrestle to three falls at the Bijou theatre Friday evening, Nov. 11.

DAIRY MEETING

Butter and Cheesemakers' Associating Meeting at Crookston.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota State Butter and Cheesemakers' association will be held at Crookston next week, Nov. 9, 10 and 11. Prominent dairymen from all over the state will be in attendance and have numbers on the program. Joseph Parenteau of Red Lake Falls will give an address on "How to Prevent High Acid Butter." The association headquarters will be at the Hotel Crookston and the sessions will be held at the Grand opera house.

COURT NEXT WEEK

Will Convene Thursday, Nov. 10, After Short Recess.

District court will convene next Thursday, Nov. 10, to complete the work of the October term, and both the grand and petit jurors will be required to report for duty at that time. The calendar is not a heavy one and it is probable the court will be in session not more than a week.

FINE MEETING

County Industrial Contest at Thief River Falls.

Supt. H. F. Anderson was at Thief River Falls last Saturday for the last of the series of industrial contests for the rural school children of the county. Mr. Anderson says the meeting was a very successful one, there being more than three hundred in attendance and all enthusiastic over the new work in the rural schools.

Laurent-Guerin.

Two well known young people, Miss Cora Laurent, daughter of Mr. Adelord Laurent, and Mr. George Guerin, were married Monday, Oct. 31. The ceremony was perfomed at St. Joseph's church at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. The young people were attended by Miss Mayme Laurent and Mr. Alphonse Guerin as bridesmaid and goomsman. Mr. and Mrs. Guerin left on the 5 o'clock train for a wedding trip to Cass Lake. They returned yesterday and have gone to housekeeping in the Adelord Laurent house.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garcean & Robertus.
Theo. LaBissoniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mat Skala
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schreiter
Jos. Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.

Ditch Warrants Payable.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., Oct. 28, 1910

Red Lake county ditch warrants of all kinds, registered and unregistered, are now payable. Interest on registered ditch warrants will cease thirty days from the date of this notice.—H. E. Ives, County Treasurer.

WYLIE.

Miss Thomean Wilson of St. Hilaire spent several days of last week visiting with friends in town.

M. P. Dargan and Leo Schultz returned Friday from Viking, where they have been engaged in ditch work the past two months.

Carl Carlson arrived last Tuesday from North Dakota and is spending the week visiting with friends in and around town and is also looking after his farm interests near here.

Last Friday at 5:00 p. m., occurred the death of Wm. Miller, who resided about three miles north of Wylie. Death resulted from typhoid fever and other ailments. About three weeks ago the patient was moved to the hospital at Thief River Falls where his death occured. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon from the Swedish Lutheran church. The bereaved family have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community in their recent loss.

Mrs. Wilkins of Grand Forks visited last week with her sister, Mrs. Leo Schultz.

C. B. Houston has moved his household goods to Red Lake Falls where he will reside in the future. Wm. Landman and family have moved into the house formerly occupied by Mr. Houston.

O. Vinge, who resides three and a half miles northeast of Wylie, was injured quite severely in a runaway accident at St. Hilaire last week.

Mrs. F. J. Newton returned to her home at Grand Forks Friday, after having spent several weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Landman.

The oldest daughter of Mr. E. Huot is dangerously ill with typhoid fever.

BROOKS.

(Intended for last issue.)

Miss Edna Coleman of Little Falls visited friends in Brooks Friday. She was on her way to Warroad where she has accepted a position to teach the second and third grades of the public school.

Our new landlord, Mr. Ramberg, took possession of the hotel last week. Mr. and Mrs. Ramberg have just returned to Minnesota from Oregon.

Mrs F. J. Tereault and three children arrived from Breckenridge Saturday evening. Mr. Tereault has been section foreman here since J. Erwin resigned.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cheshire and their little daughter Alice, of Red Lake Falls visited friends at Brooks Monday.

Frank Cyr was quite ill last Sunday with stomach trouble.

Max Champagne has moved his family into Z. D. Bray's house.

Misses Davies and Tollefson and a number of their pupils, including Amy and Nina Buskirk, Napoleon, Mary and Albina Robideau, and Lery Vagne drove to Red Lake Falls Saturday to be present at the industrial contest. Co. Supt. Anderson has spent much time in getting the rural schools interested in the industrial contest work, and the results show what can be accomplished in so short a time. The parents are pleased to have sewing taught in our schools and the pupils enjoy the work. After a well spent day the party returned to Brooks late in the evening singing "Home, Sweet Home."

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is Hereby Given that Alphonse Paquin has petitioned the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in writing for License to sell Intoxicating Liquors in that certain one story frame building with one front and one rear entrance situate on Lot Six (6) of Block Six (6) Townsite of Oklee, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

The application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of the same will be heard and determined by said board of County Commissioners at a special session of said board to be held at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on Friday the 18th day of November, at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

(County Auditor's Seal.)
Dated October 29th, 1910. n3-10

No. 9837
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.
Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

(SEAL)
LAWRENCE O. MURRY,
Comptroller of the Currency

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction the following property at his farm on Sec. 34, township of Black River, 4 miles southeast of Wylie, 3 miles northwest of Red Lake Falls and one-half mile south of Teddy Richard's place, or the old Jerry Shagnon place, commencing at 12 o'clock sharp on

Wednesday, Nov. 9,

1 mare 4 years old, 1400 lbs; 1 mare 6 years old, 1300 lbs; 1 mule coming 2 years old; 1 fresh milch cow, 1 cow fresh in December, 1 cow fresh next spring, 1 sow bred Sept. 1, full blood Poland China, 1 boar full blood Poland China, 50 chickens, White Wyandottes and Plymouth Rocks, fine cattle dog, 1 full blood short horn bull calf, 1 seven foot Plano binder, 1 six foot Plano binder, 2 gang plows, 1 ten foot Monitor drill, 1 Hero fanning mill, 2 Acme mower, 1 horse rake, 2 wide tire wagons, 1 hay rack new, 1 drag, 2 spring tooth drags, 1 set bob sleighs, 1 one seated buggy with pole, 1500 feet of lumber, 2 sets of working harness, 1 stubble plow, 14 inch; 1 hard coal heater, 1 air-tight heater, 1 range in first class condition, 75 bushels barley, 350 bushels oats, furniture and other articles.

Free lunch at noon.

Terms: All sums under $10.00 cash. On sums over that amount time will be given to Nov. 1, 1911, on bankable paper bearing ten per cent interest.—F. Arndt, owner; Jos. Belair, auctioneer, J. A. Duffy, clerk.

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon.

Wheat	$ .89
Durum	.74
Rye	.61
Oats	.24
Flax	2.40
Barley	.56
Potatoes, new	.75
Eggs	.25
Butter, dairy	.28

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

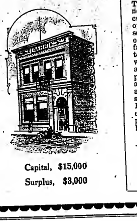
Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY



FUR COATS
FUR-LINED COATS
SHEEP SKIN COATS

All the famous

Lanpher Furs

These are goods that are so well known that you know you are getting value received and we have a new stock.

MAT SKALA

The TERRORS of SWEEPING DAY Full of Meaning to Housewives

That was many years ago, when the primitive corn broom was the only device woman had to clean her carpets and rugs. The BISSELL Sweeper has changed all this, making sweeping day a pleasant anticipation instead of a day to be dreaded. Sweeping with a corn broom is indeed a self-imposed drudgery. Running so easily that a child can operate it, the BISSELL glides over your carpets and rugs, lifting out of the nap all the fine dust and grit that is never gotten by the corn broom, confining same within the pans, instead of scattering it over the furniture, draperies, etc. Once you purchase a

Bissell "Cyco" BALL BEARING Sweeper

you will regret the sacrifice you made in going without it for so many years. Stop in today and look them over.

FOURNET FURNITURE STORE
"One Price to All."
Red Lake Falls Crookston

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1893

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 7

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE IS THE QUESTION

Vote on County Division is Very Close. Result in Doubt.

Largest Vote in History of County.—Division Proposition Got Out the Vote.

The largest vote in the history of Red Lake county was cast in Tuesday's election, the county division proposition being the incentive to get out the vote. Thief River Falls voted straight—"yes", and Red Lake Falls voted her straight—"no". The farmers of the north end gave a strong majority for division though not so strong a vote as the farmers of the south east against the proposition. The people of the middle tier of townships opposed division and gave substantial majorities against the proposition.

The returns are not all in yet and the vote is so close that it cannot be determined at this time whether or not the proposition has carried. Official returns have been received from the following precincts and the vote on the division proposition is given below.

Voting Precinct	Yes	No
Polk Centre	11	57
Louisville	0	86
R. L. Falls, 1st ward	1	90
" " 2nd "	1	111
" " 3rd "		
Goodridge	19	1
R. L. Falls Twp.	1	75
Terrebonne	4	139
Gervais	0	65
Lake Pleasant	0	98
North	101	0
River Falls	10	60
Smiley	83	4
Silverton	65	1
Sanders	52	12
T. R. Falls,		
1st ward, 1st pre.	231	0
1st ward, 2nd pre.	145	3
2nd ward		
3rd ward	290	1

Herman Schultz defeated Gust Naplin for commissioner in the First district. Commissioners Aubol and Pigeon were re-elected without opposition.

In the state election Eberhart has defeated Gray by a majority of about 60,000 and the other Republican candidates on the state ticket are elected.

Reports from all over the country indicate that the voters cast their ballots for Democratic and Progressive Republican congressional candidates.

In New York, Dix, the Democratic candidate for governor, defeated Stimson, the Republican-Roosevelt candidate.

HOME TALENT PLAY.

Oak Farm, a Comedy Drama, to be Put on Soon.

Some local theatrical stars are rehearsing for a home talent performance to be put on soon. The piece is to be "Oak Farm," a comedy drama. With recollections of the fun that "The Country Kid" afforded, the people who attended that production are anticipating a lot of fun when this performance is put on for many of the people who made that a success are interested in the performance now being rehearsed.

"Oak Farm" is in three parts and will provide three hours of amusement. The following named young people will have parts in the play: Misses Cora Paul, Rose Harren, Mary Cadieux and Erma Schreiter and Messrs. P.L. Molvin, Clem Brunelle, Omer Hall, Vern Healy, Graham Kindseth, Morris Brunelle and Robert Zaiser.

DISTRICT COURT TODAY.

Work of the October Term to Be Completed.

Judge Wm. Watts and C.W. Lobb, the court reporter, arrived from Crookston yesterday and district court is in session. There are not many cases on the calendar and the work of the October term will be disposed of in a few days. Citizens summoned for grand and petit jury service reported for duty today.

To Consider Application.

Judge William Watts, who is now holding court in this city, will on next Tuesday consider the petitions of alien residents of the county who wish to become citizens of the United States. There are eight applications on file.

IMPROVING THE POWER PLANT

Crew of Men Started Work on the Improvement This Afternoon.

All Day Power Service and Improvement in the Lighting System.

Manager W. H. Brown of the Red River Power company came over from Grand Forks this morning and brought a crew of six men with him and they commenced work this afternoon on the improvements to be made in the local plant.

The men will be employed two or three weeks and by that time the company will be giving the people of the city the all day service.

Mr. Brown says that not only will the all day service be added, but that the men will go over the whole plant, that the lighting service will be greatly improved in consequence and that the city of Red Lake Falls will have one of the finest light and power plants in the Northwest.

SOO ROAD TO OPEN NEW LINE MONDAY

Regular Passenger and Freight Service From Moose Lake to Plummer.

A report from Bemidji, dated yesterday is as follows:

A regular passenger, mail and freight service will be started Monday on the new Soo line through Bemidji, from Moose Lake to Plummer.

The official news was contained in a letter received today from Edmund Pennington, president of the Soo, in which he makes this statement:

"We are now moving freight on the line, but it will regularly open on Nov. 14. On that date we shall inaugurate a regular local freight and passenger service."

The government has made contracts with the Soo for a mail service to start on that date.

There are twenty-six stations on this line, but not more than half a dozen have been completed. In its desire to conform with the public's demand for service, the Soo will utilize boxcars and old buildings for temporary stations, building substantial stations as rapidly as possible.

The station in Bemidji, which is to cost $20,000, and be shared with the Minnesota & International, has not been started.

Beginning at Moose Lake, the new stations are: Findland, Lawler, McGregor, Round Lake, Palisade, Bain, Swatara, Shovel Lake, Remer, Boy River, Federal Dam, Portage Lake, Cass Lake, Ferris, Rosby, Bemidji, Scribner, Pinewood, Leonard, Clearbrook, Gonvick, Gully, Trail, Oklee, Plummer.

SOME PRIZE WINNERS

Rural School Students Make a Good Showing.

Some rural school children of Red Lake county, were prize winners in the state industrial contest held at St. Paul last week at the time of the meeting of the Minnesota Educational association.

For work apron—Class A, Alma Tourville got the first prize and for fancy apron—class B, Cora Lovasa was awarded first prize. For stockinit darn Alice Chesborough got third prize in class B. Forty counties were represented and there were hundreds of exhibits so it can be said that the Red Lake county students have made a very good showing, especially when it is considered that this year for the first time the rural school pupils of the county have gone into the industrial contest work.

ZELIA QUESNELLE TAKES THE LEAD

The Gazette Voting Contest Going at a Lively Clip and Race is Interesting

Miss Zelia Quesnelle, who has to date been second in the race in the Gazette voting contest, made a strenuous effort, with the assistance of her friends to get into the first place in the contest and she succeeded.

Miss Quesnelle's success in making such a substantial gain should not discourage the other candidates. On the contrary it shows conclusively how much can be accomplished by a little systematic work and the others should get busy and reduce that lead. The Gazette has hundreds of subscribers who are simply waiting to be asked to vote their subscriptions and a little effort will secure a bunch of new subscribers, as some of the candidates have demonstrated.

The vote published this week is Saturday night's count and does not indicate accurately how the candidates would stand if the votes were counted today, for a lot of votes have been cast since Saturday

Every candidate should cast all the votes she can before Saturday night for on each dollar paid on subscriptions on or before that date 2000 extra votes will be given. To come in on this extra vote offer the candidate or her friends must have secured the payment of at least $10 on subscriptions. This condition is made so that the Gazette may know who are the active candidates Get a subscription book and go after the votes, and don't neglect to have your friends working for you if you wish to land a prize.

Following is the record of votes cast up to Saturday night.

Zelia Quesnelle	370,282
Mayme Laurent	190,578
Lucia Crompe	95,070
Mildred Sortedahl	63,610
Emma Sauve	46,950
Alyce Wichterman	38,683
Agnes Anderson	24,683
Delia Pigeon	6,488
Katie Dreeland	150
Mary Draeger	150
Amanda Johnson	150
Mary LaFramboise	150
Ida Welfe	150
Elizabeth Prenevost	150

W. J. Harlow was over from Crookston Friday and Saturday assisting with the work at the Robertson Lumber company's yard.

NEW WORK OF THE LOCAL HIGH SCHOOL

Short Course for Farm Students—Practical Subjects Will Be Given.

Four Months Course, Commencing November 28 and Ending March 31.

For four school months beginning Monday, November 28, and ending Friday, March 31, the state high school in Red Lake Falls is to offer a short course for farm students, the course to be composed of class work in the following subjects: Farm Arithmetic, Practical Agriculture, English, Local Government, Business Law, Carpentry, Cooking and Sewing. This course is to be open and free to any of the young people in the territory surrounding Red Lake Falls. It is intended to be an opportunity for education along practical lines for those young men and women who are needed at home during the greater part of the school year but who are free to attend school during four of the winter months, as well as for all of those who feel that the advantage of a full high school course cannot be theirs, but who are dissatisfied with the amount and quality of education they have so far received. The lower age limit has been placed at 14 years. There is no upper age limit. Those who are thirty years of age will be welcomed as students. The experience in other localities where a similar course has been offered to the farm students is that young people from 16 to 25 years of age are the most eager for the work, and it is expected that this will be true of the attendance in Red Lake Falls.

The Course of Study.

The larger items of the course for young men are Farm Arithmetic, Practical Agriculture, English, Local Government, Business Law and Carpentry. For the young women the course will be the same except for cooking and sewing in place of carpentry. The general nature of the treatment of each subject will be as follows.

FARM ARITHMETIC—Only such topics will be taught in this subject as will prove of practical use to the students. Computations in the acreage of fields, bushels of grain in bins, tons of hay in stacks, lumber measurements, interest on notes, etc., will occupy the most of the lessons. There will be four lessons per week in Farm Arithmetic.

AGRICULTURE—The work in this subject as of all others will be intensely practical. Half of the three double lessons will be actual exercises in milk testing, seed testing, judging of grains, fertilizer tests, rope splicing and related work; the other half will be a study of the same topics from a practical text-book and readings from the agricultural library and 2500 farmers' bulletins recently acquired by the high school.

ENGLISH—There will be two lessons per week in English devoted largely to the writing of correct English, use of capitals, punctuation, letter writing, etc.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT—In the three lessons per week given over to this subject the aim will be to have the student get a thorough understanding of the affairs of state and local government. A study will be made of the school district, the township, the county and the state, both as to their organization and administration.

BUSINESS LAW—This course will consist of about twenty lessons on such important subjects as contracts, negotiable instruments, transfers of personal and real property, etc.,—such simple business law as every citizen, man or woman, should know.

COOKING AND SEWING—Because of their extreme practical nature these subjects are more and more finding their way into strong courses of study and young women taking advantage of this short course will be given the opportunity of using the splendid new equipment which has recently been installed by the board in the Red Lake Falls high school. As it is now planned, all the young women in the short course will receive instruction for two double lessons per week in Sewing and for one double lesson per week in Cooking. The new sewing machines, the sewing tables, the eight blue-flame oil stoves, the fine malleable steel range, the cooking tables, and the entire outfit of lesser utensils will be put at the disposal of the young women entering upon this course. The sewing course will cover such exercises as aprons, undergarments, shirtwaists and dresses. The cooking work will be with mixing and baking of doughs and batters used in the making of bread, cakes, cookies, etc., and in the purchase, preparation and serving of the various kinds of meats. The course will not neglect the general management and care of the kitchen.

CARPENTRY—At the same time that the equipment for cooking and sewing was installed, the local board made the purchase of a complete equipment for wood-work. This is made up of fifteen heavy hard maple manual training benches all fitted with rapid-acting vises, and all the carpenters' tools necessary for fifteen students working at one time. For this reason the brief course in Carpentry can be made very practical and will contain among others the following exercises: Milk stool, file handle, saw jointer, ax handle, single tree, eveners, wagon jack and small barn frame model. There will be three double lessons in this work per week.

Requirement for Entrance.

The natural question that comes to a young man or woman in considering this course is, "Can I take this course with my present educational qualifications?" To answer this question it can be said that the requirement for entrance upon the work will not be very rigid. As stated above, the purpose of the course is to offer some of the essentials of a practical education to young people who, up to date, have not had adequate educational opportunities. Any boy or girl, any young man or young woman who is over 14 years of age will be admitted to the work. It is believed that any young person with average mental maturity will be able to carry the work satisfactorily.

The Course is Free.

There will be no charges for tuition for the course. There will be a small charge enough, to cover cost only, to the young men in the class in Carpentry for the lumber used in articles that are made to be taken home, and in the case of the young women there will be a small expense for materials which they will purchase at the stores for the garments they make for themselves in the sewing class, but there will be no charges for tuition nor for text-books.

Enrollment Limited.

On account of the limitation of the capacity in the High School building the number of young people who will be permitted to take the work will be fifteen in all. Because of this limitation of enrollment to a maximum of 15 students the first ones who make application for the work will be the favored ones. Those young people who are interested should make immediate application to City Superintendent Leonard V. Koos either in writing or in person, preferably in person. Regret can best be avoided by avoiding delay in application.

A circular setting forth in somewhat more detail the outline of the short course, the complete program for the week's classes indicating the proportion of the time to be spent in the various classes, and the names of the instructors is being prepared and may be had by making application for same. The superintendent will be glad to mail a copy of this circular to anyone. If you desire one for yourself or would like to have one sent to some one whom you think it will interest, make your desire known by phone, by card, or by a call at the office of the superintendent in the High School building.

WILL WRESTLE TO FALLS.

Professional Mat Artists at the Bijou Tomorrow Night.

Ed. Oher, the professional wrestler who appeared in Red Lake Falls recently, will be here again Friday night and he and Miller, another professional, from Angus, will go it for three falls. When here recently Oher demonstrated his cleverness and Miller is touted as a fast one, and consequently local mat game enthusiasts are anticipating some good sport.

NEW BANK TO OPEN FOR BUSINESS

Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls Ready for Business Monday.

Stockholders and Directors are Well Known Local Business People.

The formal announcement of the opening of Red Lake Falls' new banking institution, the Farmers National Bank, is made in this issue. The bank building is about ready for occupancy and Monday, Nov. 14, is set as the date for the opening.

The new bank people have a fine corner location and a well equipped bank building. The stockholders and directors are men of well known financial and business standing in the city and the new bank starts with every indication that it is to be a thriving institution.

BAD FIRE EARLY THIS MORNING

Freund's Confectionary Store and Zaiser's Millinery Store Burned.

Loss of $6500 Partly Covered by Insurance—Cause of Fire Unknown.

Shortly after four o'clock this morning, Freund's confectionary store was discovered to be on fire and the fire had made such progress at that time that it was impossible to do anything to save the building and the stock. Zaiser's millinery store, south of Freund's was also burned, though much of the stock was saved. The buildings were not more than two feet apart and the fire had such a start when discovered that it was impossible to get it under control until all except the floor and south wall of the Zaiser building had burned.

Mr. Freund says his loss on the building and stock is about $5000 with $3500 insurance. The loss of the millinery store and stock is about $1500 with $600 insurance.

Mrs. Zaiser will open her millinery store as soon as she can find quarters. Mr. Freund may rebuild, though he has not decided definitely.

KILLED YOUR MAN?

Hunting Season For Big Game Opens Today.

The season for big game—deer, moose, elk, caribou,—opens today and the excited men at the end of a rifle will kill a few deer and send some hunters to the hospital or to the undertaker.

It is no longer lawful to kill chickens or partridges, the season having closed Nov. 7. Ducks and geese may be shot until Dec. 1.

The Officers-Elect.

Unless some of them resign, the following politicians, citizens, and statesmen will serve Red Lake county as county officials for two years after being sworn in Jan. 1, 1911:

County Auditor—A. A. Latendresse.

County Treasurer—G. G. Kindseth.

County Attorney—Chas. E. Boughton.

Register of Deeds—Frank Jeffers.

Judge of Probate—Ira C. Richardson.

Clerk of Court—C. W. Johnson.

Sheriff—Charles J. Fellman.

Coroner—Jos. Belair.

Court Commissioner—Simon Paul.

Cheap Power.

Owing to the installation of all day electric service, the Gazette has a five horse power gasoline engine that will be sold very cheap. Just the thing for grinding feed, pumping water, sawing wood, etc. The farmer who buys this engine will get a snap. Better come in and look at the engine.

Short Course for Farm Students

AT THE
Red Lake Falls State High School

For 4 school months beginning Monday, November 28, and extending to Friday, March 31, omitting two weeks for vacation during the holiday season.

Contents of the Course.

For Young Men	*For Young Ladies*
Farm Arithmetic	Farm Arithmetic
Agriculture	Agriculture
English	English
Local Government	Local Government
Business Law	Business Law
Carpentry	Cooking and Sewing

Requirement for Entrance
The student must be at least 14 years of age.

Cost
No tuition nor text-book fee will be charged. The course will be free.

As the enrollment in the course is to be limited strictly to 15 students, application should be made AT ONCE either by letter or in person to City Supt. L. V. Koos.

Write for circular describing the course.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

With those national currency associations already formed and those in [illegible] of formation, officials of the [illegible] department believe the [illegible] centers of the country are [illegible] protected against financial [illegible]. Eleven cities already have formed associations and four were about to do so.

[illegible] filed by several western and [illegible] railroads with the interstate commerce commission, making [illegible] of freight rates on grain and grain products from the middle [illegible] to eastern destinations have been suspended by the commission pending an inquiry into their reasonableness. All of the tariffs are suspended until March 1.

At a meeting of the board of trustees of the postal savings system it was [illegible] decided to summon to Washington the postmasters of the [illegible] post offices designated as [illegible] at which the preliminary [illegible] of the system are to be made. [illegible] to instruct the postmasters [illegible] in the plan adopted for the postal banks.

Cadet Frank B. Clay, first class, United States military academy, a son of Senator Clay of Georgia, has been court martialed and sentenced to dismissal from the academy without pay and allowances until August 28, 1911, and then to join the first class. The sentence was commuted by President Taft so as to require Clay to be confined to barracks until May 21, 1911 and during that period to undergo disciplinary tours every Wednesday and Saturday.

Foreign.

Crippen, the London wife murderer, is to be hung November 10, the time having been advanced one week by the sheriff.

Eighty-five per cent of the inhabitants of American Samoa are suffering from the hook worm disease, according to the annual report of Captain F. Parker, U. S. N.

President Fallieres and the members of the French cabinet are being guarded constantly as the result of the appearance of anarchistic circulars condemning the ministers to death.

The United States government is preparing to pay rebates to importers of Mexican drawn work to the estimated amount of nearly one million dollars on account of excess duties collected during the last seven years.

A meeting in Paris called by M. Pelletan and other members of the chamber of deputies to pay honor to the memory of Francisco Ferrer, the Spanish republican leader who was executed at Barcelona last year broke up in a riot.

Jose Relvas, Portugal's minister of finance, in an interview declared that he was appalled at the corruption of the old regime which his investigation is revealing. For the future, he said, it would be war to the knife against special privilege abuses, and it was almost unnecessary to say that all the old government employes would be dismissed. The king's civil list of $500,000, the minister added, would be replaced by a modest presidential salary.

General.

Philadelphia defeated the Cubs and won the championship pennant.

Women of Cincinnati ask that they have representation in the city detective force.

Gifford Pinchot says the people are rebelling against the present order of things.

President Taft insists the tariff board must be selected regardless of political affiliations.

An American loan of $50,000,000 to the Chinese government has been consummated in New York.

Governor Stubbs of Kansas was the star witness at the Chicago interstate commerce rate hearing.

Mrs. Edward H. Harriman has formally given to the Palisades park commission a deed to 10,000 acres of land in Rockland county for state park purposes.

A decree was published in Athens dissolving the national assembly and fixing November 28 as the date for the elections for the new revisionist chamber

Many lives are thought to have been lost in the Thousand Islands district during the recent hurricane.

The bodies of seven men, all victims of the recent hurricane, were washed up by the waves at Panta Gorda, Fla.

The government has closed a contract for monthly mail service by dog sled to the Iditarod and Innoko districts in Alaska during the winter.

Charges that lobbying has been done in behalf of a prohibition article resulted in depriving reporters of floor privileges in the Arizona constitutional convention.

The interstate commerce commission suspended the rate advance of the transcontinental freight bureau.

A tentative plan has been formed by bank examiners to keep tab on the large borrowers from national banks in their respective districts.

Edward N. Whitson, judge of the United States circuit court of the eastern district of Washington, died at Spokane.

John J. Smythe, charged with having shot and killed his wife and daughter in Norfolk, Va., September 1, last, was found guilty of murder, with electrocution as the penalty.

Mr. Bryan has been making some speeches in Speaker Cannon's Illinois district.

President Taft will be furnished election bulletins as he journeys from Cincinnati to Washington the night of November 8.

Theodore Roosevelt has put the stamp of approval on the republican candidates in Michigan.

President Ripley, of the Santa Fe, complained in a speech at Topeka that the people pestered the railroads too much.

The validity of the Carmack amendment to the Hepburn rate law is being tested in the United States supreme court.

Dispatches received at Duluth say that the steamer Langham was burned in Lake Superior, but that the crew was saved.

Determined to ascertain the exact number of people in Tacoma, Chief Statistician Hunt, of the census bureau, has gone to that city.

A provision prohibiting the "third degree" in police investigations was introduced in the Arizona constitutional convention as a part of the proposed declaration of rights.

By a decision of the interstate commerce commission, it is not lawful for interstate freight carriers to advance the rates on shipments during the period of their transportation.

A brutal murder was disclosed at Cincinnati in the finding of the dead body of a woman whose throat had been cut and her head almost split open, apparently by an axe.

Divorce decrees granted in South Dakota are not "legal tender" in the District of Columbia, according to a decision rendered by Justice Stafford in the district supreme court.

Following an investigation begun in St. Louis the interstate commerce commission suspended until March 1 next the date of putting in effect the advance in the rates of transportation.

The question of seven-day labor in continuous process in the iron and steel industry will be investigated by a committee appointed by E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation.

Three women and one man, each reputed to be more than 100 years old, were among those rescued when a fire broke out in the cellar of the home of the Daughters of Jacob in New York.

After an illness of less than four days, George A. Rasmussen, an instructor in the Sioux City high school, died of infantile paralysis. He was the third adult to die in Iowa of that disease.

The Illinois Daily Newspaper association at its annual meeting directed a committee to draw a bill to present to the next legislature penalizing the malicious giving of false news to newspapers.

The state convention of the Women's Christian Temperance union in session in Hutchinson, Kas., pledged sufficient money to place a Bible and hymn book in the hands of every man on the battleship Kansas.

Judge Morris in the United States district court at Baltimore rendered a decision holding that the registrars of voters in Annapolis are personally liable for damages, if any, for having refused to register negroes.

Orlando F. Altorre, former post office clerk, pleaded guilty in the United States district court to the embezzlement of $13,000 from the Los Angeles postoffice while he was employed by the registry department.

Moving picture films made in Europe will now come into the United States at a much lower rate of duty than heretofore. The customs court has decided the films should be assessed as photographs at a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Moving picture-films made in Europe will now come into the United States at a much lower rate of duty than heretofore. The customs court has decided the films should be assessed as photographs at a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Theodore Roosevelt spent his 52d birthday in the thick of the fight for the New York republican state ticket.

Friends of Charles W. Morse believe they have found a way for President Taft to let the convicted banker out of the Atlanta penitentiary without actually pardoning him. In effect it would be to parole Morse, but that end would be accomplished by issuing a "conditional pardon."

With those national currency associations already formed and those in process of formation, officials of the Treasury department believe the financial centers of the country are as amply protected against financial stringency as they can be by any aid of the Payne-Aldrich law.

Joseph Schmidt was summoned to the colors at Frankfort-on-Maine in 1878, but he fled and lived in France thirty-two years. When all his relatives there died, he became homesick and returned to Germany, but was immediately detected and arrested. He has now been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and will then have to serve as a common soldier for three years.

Martin W. Littleton characterized Mr. Roosevelt as the would-be steward of the entire universe.

Secretary MacVeagh is making an effort to minimize the government's losses through undervaluation.

Former Congressman Simon P. Wolverin died at his home at Sunbury, Pa., from paralysis, aged 73 years.

How W. F. and J. M. Taylor, brothers, of Columbus, O., perished in the recent hurricane on the gulf of Mexico, one dying in a vain attempt to save the other, is told in advices from Mobile, Ala.

Postmaster General Hitchcock says the time is near when the postoffice department will be self-sustaining.

The Philadelphia North American has been sued for libel by John K. Tener, republican candidate for governor.

Frank C. Williams and Anna Hull of Pittsburg were found guilty of violating the white slave law enacted by congress on June 25, last.

Clarence H. Mackay has started moving his Kingston stud from Lexington, Ky., to France, where he will establish a great breeding plant near Paris.

BLAME RAILROAD

CANADIAN NORTHERN CHARGED WITH SETTING FIRE THAT BURNED BAUDETTE.

TOTAL DEATH LIST IS 29

Blaze Started in Canada Crept Underground, Say Probers—Damage Placed at Five Million Dollars.

St. Paul. — The Canadian Northern Railway is held responsible for the fire which destroyed Baudette, in a report made to General C. C. Andrews, forestry commissioner, by Geo. Chapin of St. Paul and Frank Curtis of Roosevelt, who have been investigating the origin of the forest fires in Minnesota for the last two weeks.

The report says there is sufficient evidence to show that a fire was set by the railroad on the Canadian side during the latter part of July. This fire worked south to the North branch of Baudette river and north to Rainy river, covering about eight square miles. It burned up to the west side of Baudette and lay smouldering until Oct. 7, when it was fanned by a terrific wind and led to the disaster.

About the same time a fire was set on the right of way just east of the Winter Road river. This fire worked east three miles and about two miles back on each side of the track, where it connected with the fire which was started on the Baudette side of the river.

Fires Smoulder in Moss.

This fire also lay smouldering in the moss, gradually eating into the root of the timber and felling it, making conditions favorable for another fire. Four other fires also were started in this vicinity in August, covering from one to eight square miles. These fires were also fanned into life Oct. 7 and resulted in the terrible disaster.

The report says the country through which the fire traveled is wild and thinly settled. It has been lumbered and slashed extensively for the last six years, and the accumulation of slashing was lying on the ground. In ordinary years it is very wet, making it impossible for a fire to travel any great distance. As a result a thick growth of moss covered the accumulation of long-decaying vegetation. This year the country experienced a drought. The swamp and moss became dry, and as a result the ground formed a peat, holding the fire below the surface and keeping it smouldering during the entire summer. The report said that if there had been no slashings on the ground the fires could have been choked.

Prosecutions Are Pending.

Eight prosecutions against the Canadian Northern railway for allowing combustible material on the right of way are now pending in the district court of Beltrami county. The railroad is fighting the constitutionality of the law. If the state wins in these cases, the forestry department plans to bring action against the Canadian Northern for sixteen other fires alleged to have been set since July.

The loss from the recent fires is estimated at about $5,000,000 by the agents of the forestry commission. Of this, property valued at $1,700,000 was destroyed in the towns.

The exact number of dead is placed at 29. This is below the last reports sent from Baudette which placed the loss of life at 34. The list includes two families with seven children each, and one family with three children. There were five lumbermen and one girl, Miss Kate Josmer, who also lost their lives.

800 Persons Homeless.

In a report to the governor, General Wood says there are 800 homeless families to be provided for. He has already arranged for the shipment of enough lumber to build 50 houses in the fire district. An administration building is nearly completed, from which all relief work will be carried on. General Wood reports there is great jealousy between Baudette and Spooner and that the relief committee will have to use great diplomacy in assisting these towns.

ORE VALUATION WILL STAND.

Tax Commission Upholds Individual Mineral Land Increases.

St. Paul. — The individual increase of $10,000,000.00 on the valuation of the mineral properties in upper Minnesota will be allowed to stand by the state tax commission. Objection to the increases were made by the representative of the mining companies at a conference held with the state commission. A few decreases were made, but further increases decided upon will make the total increase at $10,000,000. The mining companies had accepted the general 5 per cent increase announced several days ago but objected to the individual increase on the ground that they were unfair.

MINNESOTA TUBERS LARGE.

Potato Crop in Southern Part of State Surprisingly Good.

Winona.—The potato yield in Southeastern Minnesota this fall has been unusually large and of the very best quality, the big size of most of the potatoes being a surprise to the farmers themselves. It was thought during the prolonged dry spell in July and August that the tubers would turn out a very poor crop, but the moisture which came later happily destroyed anticipations of this character.

BRYAN AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul. — Hon. Wm. J. Bryan drew his customary big audience here. From the auditorium platform Mr. Bryan charged that former President Roosevelt, in his Ossawatomie speech, had borrowed Democratic doctrine. He claimed that the progressive legislation of the last few years was due to Democratic support, and urged his audience to vote for James Gray and Justice Thomas D. O'Brien, and gave special emphasis to the candidacy of J. L. Gieske, Democratic nominee for congressman of the Fourth district.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT WARREN.

Apparatus Called From Near-By Town To Help.

Warren. — A very destructive fire in Warren caused great excitement in the town during which the local agent for the Soo line sent for a special train bearing fire-fighting apparatus, and the Great Northern agent wired Argyle, a town north of Warren, to send assistance. Thief River Falls also sent an engine.

Fire had broken out in the basement of the K. J. Taralseth & Co.'s department store, and the building and the town hall were soon in ruins. The store was valued at $25,000, with $5,000 insurance. The stock, valued at $70,000, was also destroyed. It was insured at $30,000.

The city water gave out and the firemen had to fight the flames with buckets of water. The Argyle department sent down an engine as the Warren fire engine had blown out a cylinder head. Automobiles carried the Argyle fire department to the scene in time to help in the work of protecting the other buildings in the town.

The State bank, Ed Quist, Dr. Theodore Braterud and Dr. W. S. Anderson suffered partial losses placed at $3,000, fully insured. The walls of the buildings are being torn down and the K. J. Karolseth company will rebuild at once.

The center wall of the building fell to the ground, completely covering Tom Keefe, a fireman. He was severely cut on the head and body, but will recover.

TO LOG BURNED TIMBER.

Heavy Operations Will Employ Large Crews in Northern Woods.

Bemidji.—As a result of the recent forest fires which swept through Beltrami and adjoining country this part of Northern Minnesota is to enjoy a period of extraordinary activity, furnishing work for more men than possibly can be obtained.

Expert cruisers who have just completed an extensive investigation of the burned over area say that the total damage done to the stand of timber has been considerably exaggerated, but admit that it will amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars, providing the scorched trees are not cut and made into logs within the next few months, for they will soon become wormeaten and dozy.

As a result loggers are making preparations for the busiest season in years, and are already predicting a scarcity of help, despite the fact that wages offered are the highest in many years.

ST. PETER HOST TO KNIGHTS.

Council To Be Installed in Columbus Order—Big Delegations Coming.

St. Peter. — St. Peter council Knights of Columbus, will be installed next Sunday, and it is expected that 500 or 600 members of the order will come to this city to witness the ceremonies of initiation. Large delegations are coming from Mankato, New Ulm, Faribault and Winona, and the Omaha road will run a special train to accommodate the crowd from Minneapolis and St. Paul.

In the morning, services will be held in St. Peter's Catholic church. In the afternoon a class of 60 candidates will be initiated and in the evening a banquet will be served at the opera house. Speakers at the banquet will include Judge John W. Willis, St. Paul; Rev. John Dumphey, St. Thomas college; W. F. Dwyer of Minneapolis, and C. F. Ladner of St. Cloud.

DIVORCE STIRS RESERVATION

Suit of Mrs. Gus Beaulieu of Minneapolis Causes Sensation.

White Earth. — The papers were served last week on Gus Beaulieu of White Earth for Mrs. Gus Beaulieu of Minneapolis, who seeks a divorce from her husband. She names several prominent women of White Earth as co-respondents. When the news leaked out at White Earth it caused a sensation. Mr. and Mrs. Beaulieu resided there for years and both have a host of friends.

It also leaked out that a number of full-blooded Indians had sent a petition to Indian Agent John R. Howard, in which they ask the secretary of the interior and the Indian department to remove Mr. Beaulieu from the reservation. Whether Mr. Howard has forwarded this petition to Washington or not could not be learned.

Fire Chief Indicted Again.

Minneapolis. — Another indictment charging grand larceny in the first degree was returned by the Hennepin county grand jury against James R. Canterbury, ex-chief of the Minneapolis fire department. The second indictment against Mr. Canterbury was for the same offense that brought his first indictment, another section of the statute being used, which holds that money and property obtained by "virtue of false representation" is stolen money or property.

Poisoner Sentenced to Hang.

Le Seuer Center.—Martin O'Malley of this place was found guilty of murder in the first degree of his stepchildren and was sentenced to be hung by Judge Morrison of the Le Seuer county court. The execution will take place within 30 days from date. Some time ago three of O'Malley's stepchildren died suddenly and suspicion was directed towards the father. A post-mortem of the bodies showed that the children had come to their deaths by poisoning, and O'Malley was arrested and charged with the crime.

Cruisers Have Close Call.

Akeley.—Thomas J. Brennan and H. W. Day, cruisers for the Red River Lumber company, have just returned to the city from the lumbering districts north of this city after a narrow escape in the forest fires. They attempted to drive through the burning district when they were hemmed in by the flames and would have perished had they not started back the moment they discovered their perilous situation. Men and team were slightly burned.

FORMED IN LINE

STANDING ROCK AND SHEYENNE RESERVATIONS OPENED TO SETTLEMENT.

MUCH GOOD LAND LEFT

Only A Small Number of Winners in the Government Lottery Filed—Many Squatters Are Entering on Claims.

Lemmon, S. D., Nov. 2.—At midnight last night the Standing Rock, and Sheyenne reservations were thrown open to general filing. The line commenced forming in front of the landoffice at 10 a. m., and at dark was a block long. Many women were in the line. The first to be able to file was Mrs. Pearl Hanson of Salem, N. D. She was told to retire and her place would be saved for her. Rain fell all day, but the sturdy homeseeker cares naught for storms, with a quarter section of good land within grasp.

The landoffice opened at 9 a. m. yesterday with the longest line of "honyakes" since it was established here, over two years ago. The town is full of strangers. Out on the reservation are hundreds of squatters, who are endeavoring to beat those at the landoffice. They moved on at midnight, with their shacks and families, and established their homes before morning. There will be many legal battles before it is decided who is entitled to the land.

SEES HUSBAND SHOT DEAD.

Wife, Paralyzed With Fear, Watches Deliberate Murder.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—Lying beside her sleeping husband last night Mrs. Antonio Valentino heard a crash of glass and a moment later saw two men climb through the window of their room from the porch roof without.

Too frightened to move or cry out Mrs. Valentino watched one of the intruders steal up to the bed and deliberately place a pistol at her husband's breast and fire a shot that brought instant death to the sleeping man.

By the time the woman succeeded in recovering her voice and raising an alarm, the murderer and his companion had escaped.

Valentino, with his wife and three children arrived about four days ago, having come almost direct from Italy. Mrs. Valentino says they left Naples very hurriedly her husband professing great fear for his life for some reason not revealed to her. The police believe that a family vendetta or the vengeance of some secret society explains Valentino's murder.

Will Ask Permit to Parade.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Mayor Busse, it was learned today, will be asked to allow a parade of 70,000 persons as a demonstration by the striking garment workers and friends. They expect the permit will be refused, in which case another application will be made just before the impending election.

Chief of Police Steward declared today that club women, settlement workers and college girls, who have donned the garb of workers, will be treated exactly like any striker. Their engraved visiting cards, he declared, do not impress him in the least.

It is said to be one of the purposes of the society pickets to submit to arrest in order to discredit the police, whom they accuse of brutality, by proving their own innocence of infringing the law.

May Arbitrate Strike.

New York, Nov. 2.—The strike of the express companies' drivers and helpers neared a settlement late today, when Mayor Gaynor announced the strikers had agreed to arbitrate. The strikers informed the mayor they were willing to leave their case in the hands of arbitrators to be selected by a conciliation committee of the National Civic federation and return to work and wait for a decision of the arbitrators until Dec. 1 or Jan. 1.

Mayor Gaynor held a conference this afternoon with Frank Platt, president of the United States Express Co., on the strike situation. All that is needed to secure a settlement of the strike by arbitration is the consent of the employing companies.

Robbers Raid Ohio Bank.

Columbus, O., Nov. 2.—Robbers early today blew up the safe of the Merchants & Farmers bank at Hilliard, ten miles northwest, and secured between $8,000 and $10,000 in gold and currency.

According to officials of the bank, two charges of the explosive were used, the door of the safe shattered and the interior of the safe rifled. The robbers walked a block and a half west of the bank, entered the stable of Dr. R. K. Francis, a veterinary, took out a horse and buggy and made their escape.

Police Ride Into Crowd.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Mounted police in the business district here today rode into a crowd that had gathered this afternoon to view a parade of striking garment workers who were attempting to parade without a permit. Many persons were knocked down and more than a dozen injured, including two girls and two children. None were seriously hurt.

To Make New Map of World.

Washington, Nov. 1.—At the request of the Argentino government, Prof. Bailey Willis of the United States geological survey, who has just returned from a South American tour in the interest of the great geological world map in which the civilized powers are co-operating, has been selected to execute geological investigations in the Argentine. The plan has a broad scope and Prof. Willis will be away two years and possibly longer.

The world map project is expected to occupy at least ten years to complete in this country and longer in some of the South American regions.

Roosevelt Closing Campaign.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 1.—Theodore Roosevelt arrived in Rochester early today on the last day of his campaign in New York state.

After passing an hour here he departed on a special train. Roosevelt's first speech was scheduled for the noon hour at Albion. Leaving there he went to Lockport for an hour's stay. He is to be in Niagara Falls later in the afternoon, reaching Buffalo at 6 o'clock, leaving Buffalo late this evening and reaching New York at 9:03 a. m. tomorrow.

CONDITION IS DIFFERENT

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION REFUSES PETITION.

Omaha Asked for Same Rate From Grain District That Was Given Twin Cities.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—Dismissing the complaint filed by the Omaha Grain exchange against the Chicago & Northwestern railway, alleging unreasonable rates from points in South Dakota, Minnesota and Iowa to Omaha as compared with rates from the same points to other markets, the interstate commerce commission announced that comparitive competitive conditions do not affect Omaha as they do Minneapolis.

Omaha grain dealers complain they are not able to secure a fair share of the grain originating in South Dakota between the Missouri river and the Minnesota state line, points in southwestern Minnesota and northwestern Iowa. They desire to have the grain shipped to Omaha, not particularly for milling or consumption but for reshipment east and south. The railroads, which were made defendants, claim that the combination of rates which make up through rates to the south and southeast or Chicago.

The complainants proposed equal rates to Omaha and Minneapolis where distance is same and in territory nearer Omaha differentials in favor of Omaha substantially the same as those in favor of Minneapolis where distance is less to Minneapolis.

The commission says the rates to Minneapolis are strongly influenced and controlled by competitive conditions which do not likewise affect the Omaha rates and that Minneapolis milling interests and demands and the interests of Minneapolis lines which do not also reach Omaha, create substantially dissimilar conditions.

BATTLESHIPS ON CRUISE.

Sixteen of the American Navy to Set Out for Eastern Parts.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The sixteen battleships of the Atlantic battleship fleet will set out today and tomorrow from Boston, New York Philadelphia and Hampton Roads for a two months' cruise to French and English ports bordering the English channel.

About 250 miles off the coast in the latitude of Philadelphia, the four divisions of the fleet will rendezvous on Nov. 3. In order to reach the rendezvous at the appointed time a division left Philadelphia today.

The other ships scheduled to sail tomorrow are Connecticut and North Dakota of the first division from New York; Louisiana, Kansas, New Hampshire and South Carolina of the second division; Delaware of the first division and Georgia of the third division from Hampton Roads, and the Nebraska, Rhode Island and Virginia of the fourth division, and the Michigan of the first division from Boston.

The combined fleet will continue across the Atlantic at ten knots to the English channel. It is due to arrive at Brest, France on Nov. 15.

Situation Interesting in Ohio.

Columbus, O., Nov. 1. — With two cabinet members sent by President Taft to his home state now actively on the field in the interest of harmony in the republican party, with the Foraker-Garfield controversy uppermost in the minds of all voters and with the democratic organization in full swing, the closing days of the Ohio campaign are marked by as bitter warfare as has been evidenced in many years.

The republican nominee, Warren G. Harding, publisher of the Marion, O., Star, has opposed to him Gov. Judson Harmon, a potential presidential nominee for 1912 on the democratic ticket. Harmon carried the state by a plurality of 19,372 in 1908.

Mr. Harding is popular throughout the state, having been in local politics for many years, at one time being elected to the office of lieutenant governor.

Probably no state election is being watched more closely by President Taft than that of Ohio, his home state. It is here he will cast his own vote on Nov. 8 at Cincinnati, making a special trip from Washington to do so.

Trial Halted by Bribery Charge.

New York, Nov. 1.—The trial of Edward T. Rosenheimer, reputed to be a millionaire, charged with the murder of Miss Grace Hough by running her down with his automobile was halted today before Justice Ogorman by the arrest of one of the jurors, George W. Yeandien, architect, on a charge of having demanded and accepted a bribe.

The arrest was made after $500, it was alleged, had been given Yeandien by George A. Knoblock, one of Rosenheimer's lawyers. The money, it was learned in court was paid over to him on the account of a total sum of $2,000.

A man named Timendorfer, a friend of Yeandien, also was taken into custody charged with having been a "go-between."

Railroad Men Indicted.

Toledo, O., Nov. 2.—Twenty-eight indictments against the Hocking Valley railroad and nine against the Sunday Creek Coal Co. were returned this morning at 10:30 by a United States grand jury. Discriminations in freight rates is charged.

Closing Up Saloons.

Browns Valley, Minn., Oct. 31.—Acting under the orders of W. E. Johnson, special agent of the department of the interior, T. E. Brents, a special officer of the United States Indian service, and Officers Bero, Matpyls and C. T. Johnson this week raided saloons of this city which is in the so-called Indian country.

A large quantity of liquor was seized and poured into the streets and alleys and it is the intention to prosecute the vendors to the limit. One of the raiding officers said a complete cleanup was to be made and that no dealer selling to Indians would be spared.

Dynamiters in Mexico.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 31.—The state department has been notified by the American ambassador to Mexico that United States Consul Marion Letcher at Acapulco reports the detention of five men suspected of connection with the dynamiting of The Los Angeles Times building.

The department has advised Letcher to supply further details direct to Washington. In the event the Los Angeles authorities become satisfied that the men held at Acapulco are involved in the dynamiting they probably will take steps for their extradition.

STRIKE GROWING

GREAT STRIKE OF EXPRESSMEN TIES UP BUSINESS OF NEW YORK CITY.

STRIKEBREAKERS ARRIVE

Reported That all Teamsters of Country May Be Called Out—Patrolmen are Kept Busy Guarding Wagons.

New York, Oct. 31.—The strike of the express company drivers and helpers which has brought express business here to a virtual standstill is expected to spread today to the stable hands. Daniel J. Tobin, president of the International Brotherhood of teamsters now in Boston has sent word that if necessary he will organize all the express drivers in the country and call them out on strike. No express matter was moved in the early hours today and the companies apparently confined their attentions to preparations to break the strike.

Strikers were caught unaware in Jersey City early today, when a dash of 100 trucks were made and express matter brought to this city without trouble. No disorders were reported by the police in the early hours of the day.

Police Inspector Walsh today assigned 100 patrolmen to go out on express wagons. Extra patrolmen have been stationed along the thoroughfares used by wagons to prevent trouble. Two hundred strike-breakers from Pittsburg are quartered in Jersey City and will be put to work today. The International Brotherhood of Teamsters this morning called out between 1,500 and 1,800 drivers and helpers employed by the Boston Dispatch, a subsidiary of the Adams Express Co., Moneham's Express and the Manhattan Delivery Co. These men went out at once, not one, according to the strikers, remained at work.

Efforts at strikebreaking in the forenoon were confined to the American Express Co. service. The company managed to move three covered trucks loaded with merchandise from their downtown receiving station with the driver and two special guards on the rear of the wagons.

At the Adam's shed not a wheel was turned nor a single package of goods moved.

All the platform men of the American Express Co. at the Grand Central station struck today. Many reports that the stablemen had gone out lacked verification. Thirty strikebreakers from Philadelphia arrived in the forenoon reaching the sheds without molestation. Few disturbances occurred before noon.

Railroad Has Tale of Woe.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 31.—"A rate decision at Denver, Spokane and other western points will cost the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy $800,000.

"The old rebating system reduced the freight revenue of the Burlington from 3 to 5 per cent.

"The Burlington is not in as good condition to accumulate surplus now as it was ten years ago."

The foregoing were among the statements made at the rate hearing today by Claude G. Burnham, vice president of the Burlington who was the first witness.

Attorney T. J. Horton, who represents the railways as a whole at the hearing, stated that he had only one more witness to introduce.

Manobos on Warpath.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 31.—Eight christians, one American and two Chinese have been killed and much property belonging to foreigners destroyed by rebellious Manobos tribesmen in the Philippines, according to a report from Brigadier General Pershing to the war department today.

For some time two bands of about 100 Manobos each have been terrifying the people on the west coast of Vavao in southeastern Mindanao island. Their raids have been directed against the foreign element. Two companies of the Third United States Infantry were sent to suppress the disorders. General Pershing does not regard the situation as serious.

Fast Train Is Wrecked.

Houston, Tex., Oct. 31.—W. H. Worley, postal clerk of San Antonio, was killed, and J. W. Williams, a baggageman, was seriously injured when the "Davey Crockett" fast passenger train on the San Antonio & Arkansas Pass railroad eastbound was wrecked near Yoakum, Tex., early today.

The bridge over a small ravine gave way, derailing the entire train with the exception of the Pullman. Several passengers were bruised, but none was seriously hurt.

Cigarmakers to Break Strike.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 31.—Sixty-five skilled cigarmakers, among them several women, left the city last night for Tampa, Fla., where they are to take the place of strikers in the cigar factories. Inducements of an extraordinary nature were held out before recruits to take the places of the strikers were secured.

Founder of Red Cross Dead.

Geneva, Switzerland, Oct. 31.—Henri Dunant, founder of the International Red Cross society, died last night at Heiden, a health resort.

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STRANGE ROMANCE of an ILLINOIS BOY WHO BECAME FIJI KING

ONE of the strangest stories that ever came out of the tropic seas is that of Edward Thompson, the only American who ever became a king in his own right. Nothing more romantic exists in poetry or legend than the tale of the lad from southern Illinois, who founded a kingdom in the faroff isle of Nalkeva. For a quarter of a century he ruled in his savage realm, forgetful of the world that had forgotten him. While he sat in judgment over the affairs of his tribesmen or led his warriors to battle the map of the world was being changed.

Only the faintest echoes from civilization ever reached the island kingdom of Nalkeva, where ruled Walla Nambuka, "the Child of the Sun." To the simple-minded islanders he was always looked upon as a supernatural being. His recent death has plunged his people in gloom. The mourning robes of his subjects have been brought out of the napa huts and worn in the dead king's honor. His two little sons, the princelings of Nalkeva, will reign in his stead and King Walla sleeps at the crest of a gentle slope overlooking a coral reef, where the league-long breakers thunder hour after hour. His bones lie far from those of Scotch-American forbears, who settled in southern Illinois nearly a century ago.

A disappointment in love started him out upon the long road of adventure when he was a youth of nineteen or twenty years. One of these unfortunates who run to extremes in matters of sentiment, he fell in love with one of the pretty village girls of old Albion. Things move slowly in this, one of the oldest and proudest towns of Illinois. In the natural course of events it was to be expected that the two would marry in the fullness of time. There was a home to be built and preparations made for a start in life. Something of the methodical slowness of their English ancestors clung then, and still clings, to the everyday life of the citizens of Albion. The town has changed but little in the years that have flown since Thompson left under cover of nightfall. The same houses line the spacious public square. The same homesteads that sheltered the pioneers now shelter their descendants of the third and fourth generations. Red brick homes, low-eaved and with wide doorsteps, still line the older streets of the little southern Illinois town.

Outwardly the town has changed but little, and in spirit not at all, since the days when young Thompson waited for his girlish sweetheart at the half-lighted corner of the court house square. The Albion of the Flowers, the Thompsons, the Hulmes, the Birkbecks, of "Park House" and "Wanborough Place" still remains. Had the white monarch of the savage isle of Nalkeva come back to the place of his birth in the last year of his life he would have found "Little Britain," as the region is known, much as he left it. It is the same little city of schools and churches, of quiet homes and quieter streets that it was when he was a barefoot lad stealing away to fish and loaf along Bonpas creek. The future ruler of Nalkeva spent many an idle hour with hook and line along the shallows of old Bonpas, if the traditions of the folk of "Little Britain" are true. He was fond of making long trips to the shores of the Wabash with his chums, but he seemed to lack the ambition dear in every boyish heart, the hope of getting out and seeing the big, round world. There was nothing to set him apart from his fellows as one who would taste of strange adventures before his death in the antipodes. The prosy, uneventful life of a farmer, a storekeeper or at the most a humdrum professional man in a country town was all to which he could look forward.

There came an interruption, an awakening in his love's young dream that drove him out of his home town between sundown and sunrise one summer's night. This spur to his pride, this wound to his self-love sent him adventuring among the spicy isles of the south seas and made him a king in his own right before he was twenty-five. He was of that shy, retiring, loyal type of the Scotch who love deeply when they love at all. He had become engaged to the village beauty. The day had been set for the ceremony and the unmarried youth of the town looked upon him as one already lost to the fun and frolics of the single state.

About this time a new business house was opened in the little town and a youthful eastern manager was sent on by the owners to look after its affairs. He came armed with letters of introduction that opened the most exclusive homes of the aristocratic English families to him. Among the many young girls that he met was the village belle, the affianced of the young Scotch-American. It was another version of that old triangle, the woman and two men. From the first the friends of young Thompson could see that his cause was hopeless. His affianced wife and the young stranger spent more and more of their time together. Little rumors began to find their way about the village. The gossips, ever ready in a small town, were soon busy. Thompson, moody and hurt by her systematic neglect, was the last to hear and the last in countenance the whispered talk that was going the round of the village loafing places.

There was a great hue and cry along the quiet old streets one summer morning. Thompson's bride-to-be had disappeared. Her mother had gone to her room to awaken her and found her gone. She had gone with the young manager of Albion's latest business house, and from that day to this neither of them have been heard from.

Young Thompson changed in a day from a cheerful, happy lad to a grim-faced man. He became moody and silent. He neglected his work and never went near the home to which he had expected to lead his bride. Less than a month after the flight of the elopers there was more excitement in Albion. It was reported that Edward Thompson had disappeared. The strain and the shame of living in a town where every man, woman and child knew the story of his jilting had proven too much for his sensitive, high-strung nature.

While life flowed on in the same uneven current in the village of his nativity he was wandering here and there among the emerald islands, the lagoons and the coral reefs of the seas that behold the Southern Cross.

All the islands that lie off the familiar track of the steamers knew him first and last in the three or four years that he spent with the traders and copra buyers. The Philippines, the Ladrones, the Solomons and a dozen other island groups of the southern Pacific were visited by him in the epic years of his Odyssey. Finally he and his trading companions touched at the island of Nalkeva in the Fijis. One of the eternal civil wars that are always disrupting the peace of the little island kingdoms was brewing in Nalkeva when the tramp schooner dropped anchor inside the reef of coral that formed the harbor breakwater. A new claimant had risen for the throne and he and his followers were demanding the scepter and the head of the old king.

Thompson had left Illinois, had put the states behind him to escape the constant reminder of his lost love that he saw in every woman. The wandering life of three or four years had cleansed his heart of but little bitterness against womankind. He had put the old life behind him and dreamed only of adventure and never of bright eyes and loving lips. It was a mixed crew of Kanakas, Malaysians and half-castes aboard the little trading schooner. They cared but little for the kings and chieftains of the islands, but it was a part of their policy to be polite to the native rulers. An audience was arranged with the native sovereign and a part of the ship's company attended laden with calicoes, mirrors and brass rods as gifts. It was in the royal hut Thompson first saw the Princess Lakanita. She stood at the side of her father's throne when the white men entered the palm hut for their talk with the old king.

Some indefinite attraction seemed to draw the white adventurer and the brown-skinned princess to each other. They met many times while the schooner was taking on its load of native products. There was more than a little Spanish blood in the veins of the old king's daughter. Her mother was a half-caste Spanish woman and much of the languorous beauty of the maids of old Castile was the heritage of this barbaric princess of the remote isle of Nalkeva. In the half twilight of the cocoanut groves he heard her story of danger and distress. The rival claimant of the throne had demanded her hand in marriage, and had promised to spare the life of her father if she would consent to become his queen. It was but a matter of weeks, possibly of days, till his force would be strong enough to back his arrogant demands. In the end the white man knew that the island beauty had fallen in love with him. She pleaded with him to stay and help her escape from the clutches of the oppressor.

It is possible that Thompson would have lingered for a time if his companions had not been eager to get away from the island before the civil war began. They were traders, and as such they did not care to take sides in the dispute. It might hurt their business chances in case they ever made another trip to the island. The anchor was lifted, the brown sails spread and the ugly little schooner slipped out of the harbor of Nalkeva while Thompson stood on her deck and waved a farewell to the imperious little island beauty. At the very last she had reminded him of his promise to return to Nalkeva.

It was weeks after the departure of the ship from Nalkeva that Thompson was dramatically reminded of his promise to the Princess Lakanita. The sun had just set one night and Thompson was lying on deck smoking and watching the swift tropic dark come up out of the east. A native canoe scraped against the schooner's side and a native was heard calling for "the white man with the blue eyes." He was brought aboard and proved to be the faithful messenger of the distressed princess. He had followed the schooner across leagues of unknown seas in his open canoe searching for the only man upon whom she could rely for aid.

The end was at hand in Nalkeva, and Lakanita and her father were about to be put to death. Help must come quickly, and it was more than possible that it was now too late. That night the stanch little trading vessel pointed her prow toward Nalkeva. In the final melee along the sands the old king and his rival were both slain and Thompson was stunned by a blow from a war club in the hands of a savage fighting man. When he revived he and his men began a hunt of extermination for all the revolters. They were wiped out and their villages fired before the party returned to the king's village, where the schooner lay anchored. Then the white hero was stricken by one of the malignant island fevers, brought on by his injury on the beach.

It was many days before he was able to recognize his free-trading companions. The princess had been his devoted nurse through his dangerous attack of tropical fever. Now that he was about to leave the island forever she grew sorrowful and listless. She drooped like a dying flower as the ship's preparations for sailing were being made. All his promises to return brought on fits of passionate weeping on the part of the little princess. She wanted him to stay.

"I fought that fever when it tried to take you away from me, and it was all for nothing," was her constant reply, "and now that you are well the white men are taking you away where Lakanita can never hope to see you again."

In the end her pleadings won. After all there was nothing in the outer world to which he cared to go back.

The good news spread quickly over the little kingdom. "The Child of the Sun" was to wed their princess and rule them in the wise ways of the white man.

After twenty-five years of idyllic happiness, Thompson, the love-lorn youth who fled from the covert jeers of the town of his birth, died a king in far-off Nalkeva. The princess still lives and his two sons will reign in his place. The silence of twenty-five years has been broken by the news of his passing away surrounded to the last by his dusky retainers.

Mills' Opinion of Marriage

Among the letters written by the late English philosopher and economist, John Stuart Mill, recently published, is the following document, dated March 6, 1851, upon the occasion of his marriage to Mrs. Taylor, whom he had loved since long before the event of her widowhood:

"Being about, if I am so happy as to obtain her consent, to enter into the marriage relation with the only woman I have ever known with whom I would have entered into that state, and the whole character of the marriage relation as constituted by law being such as both she and I entirely and conscientiously disapprove, for this, among other reasons, that it confers upon one of the parties to the contract legal power and control over the person, property and freedom of action of the other party, independent of her own wishes and will, I, having no means of legally divesting myself of these obvious powers (as I most assuredly would do if the engagement to that effect could be made legally binding on me), feel it my duty to put on record a formal protest against the existing law of marriage, in so far as conferring such powers, and a solemn promise never in any case or under any circumstances to use them.

"And in the event of marriage between Mrs. Taylor and me, I declare it to be my will and intention to absolutely disclaim and repudiate all pretense to have acquired any rights whatever by virtue of such marriage.

"J. S. MILL."

How It Was Done.

The Picture of Misery—Yus, lidy, there was a time w'en I 'ad money to burn, an' w'en I made the mistake was w'en I did burn it.

The Old Party—And pray what did you burn it with?

The Picture of Misery—Wiv an ol' flame of mine.—Punch.

GOOD APPLE BUTTER

Snitzing Party Period Is Now a Thing of the Past.

Modern Methods of Manufacture Have Robbed Pennsylvania Farmers of Delightful Frolics Held in the Fall.

Garfield, Pa.—During September and October of each year all roads in Berks county lead to the cider and apple butter mills, for this is the season when everybody has more apples than he needs for winter use. There is no farming community in Berks county today that does not have its community cider mill, where farmers can take their apples in the morning and return with the cider a few hours later, but there are only two or three places in this great agricultural county where the farmer can so speedily turn his fruit into nice, fresh apple butter.

Marvelous as it appears to grandmother, who used to sit in the old farmhouse kitchen with her little Barlow knife, peeling the rinds off the red cheeked apples, paring them next morning in the barrel-sized copper kettle to be cooked into apple butter, it still appears more marvelous to the mother of twenty-five years ago, to whom the apple butter party was "the time of the year." She can hardly realize today that those good old times are passing away.

"What a change!" says mother. "Today we pick the apples; tomorrow father starts for the cider mill at 6 o'clock. The apples are shoveled into a grinding machine, ground into pomace and shoveled to one of the latest style hydraulic presses, from which the juice is extracted in a very few minutes, ready for the apple butter cooking, under the same roof. The cider is then cooked and boiled in large barrel-shaped receptacles, the steam running through copper coils that nicely fit in barrels.

The sweet apples the farmer just brings along from the tree, and there is no snitzing party on the farm beforehand. They are brought entire, and are first nicely washed, then placed in a barrel, cooked by steam until they form a thin, mushy paste. Then they are placed in a copper sievelike instrument, over which is operated a rubber lever which separates the skin from the apples, cores and seeds, so nothing but pure apple juice goes into the apple butter. This nicely sieved pulp and the boiling cider are placed together in another barrel, the spices are added, and within forty-five minutes the steam that runs through another set of copper coils will have accomplished the trick and the apple butter will be ready to pour into the farmer's milk cans or crocks in which he usually hauls it home.

The first apple butter cooking factory in Berks county was installed by ex-County Treasurer David W. Mogel and today he and his son, John F. Mogel, make cider and cook apple butter four days each week for the farmers of the community, and each Saturday cook it for themselves, to sell to other folks. When the farmer gets his apples turned into cider he pays only a cent a gallon. For apple butter he pays fifteen cents extra per gallon, and, while it takes four gallons of cider for a gallon of apple butter, the only outlay in cash is the nineteen cents a gallon, except what he pays for the spices. For every barrel of cider he needs two bushels of nice sweet apples. The ordinary cooking for a family consists of two barrels of cider and four bushels of apples, and the result is twenty gallons of apple butter.

If the farmer preferred to sell the apple butter he can realize from sixty cents to one dollar a gallon—twice as much as he could get for the apple butter that was made during the "snitzing party" period. The Mogels have made as high as 88,000 gallons of cider and 4,000 gallons of apple butter in a season. The high mark for one day was 123 barrels of cider and 240 gallons of apple butter. During the busy season they work day and night.

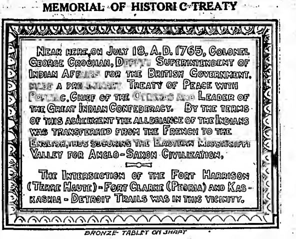
COULDN'T MISS HIS TRAIN

"Kind" Friends Make Sure That Jersey Man Awakens in Time to Catch Train.

New York.—Anxious to take the 4:35 train from Washington, N. J., Thomas James decided to sleep over night in the store where he is a clerk and be awakened by an alarm clock. The other clerks decided to have fun with him.

At 1 a. m. James was awakened by a loud ringing. There was the clock ticking peacefully by his side, with the alarm hand pointing three hours ahead. He found the source of the sound under a large pan. He stopped it and went to sleep. Fifteen minutes afterward he was reawakened similarly. Another clock was under another pan. The performance was repeated three times more. Then James decided to abandon the place to the alarm clocks. He walked the streets until train time.

MEMORIAL OF HISTORIC TREATY



NEAR HERE, ON JULY 18, A.D. 1765, COLONEL GEORGE CROGHAN, DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FOR THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT, MADE A PRELIMINARY TREATY OF PEACE WITH PONTIAC, CHIEF OF THE OTTAWAS AND LEADER OF THE GREAT INDIAN CONFEDERACY. BY THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT THE ALLEGIANCE OF THE INDIANS WAS TRANSFERRED FROM THE FRENCH TO THE ENGLISH, THUS SECURING THE EASTERN MISSISSIPPI VALLEY FOR ANGLO-SAXON CIVILIZATION.

THE INTERSECTION OF THE FORT HARRISON (TERRE HAUTE) - FORT CLARKE (PEORIA) AND KASKASKIA - DETROIT TRAILS WAS IN THIS VICINITY.

BRONZE TABLET ON SHAFT

BLOOMINGTON, Ill.—The citizens of Edgar county, Illinois, have erected and soon will unveil a monument to mark the spot on which was made one of the most important of American treaties, that made with Chief Pontiac of the Ottawas in 1765. By this agreement the Indians transferred their allegiance from the French to the English and the latter acquired the vast territory that stretched from New York westward along the Great Lakes and down the Mississippi to its mouth. The making of the treaty thus was one of the most momentous events in American colonial history.

BAN ON UNMARRIED WOMEN

Tufts' President Says Middle-Aged Spinsters Should Be Banished as College Teachers.

Medford, Mass.—President Frederick W. Hamilton of Tufts college has come out with the positive assertion that unmarried women teachers should be barred from girls' colleges because their influence is harmful. He says:

"I do not believe that young girls who are just passing into young womanhood are in the proper environment when they are continually brought into close personal touch with elderly unmarried women.

"The larger proportion of women's colleges are in the hands of woman teachers, however, and the educational atmosphere of the places is feminine, the peculiar type of feminity developed by highly cultured, middle-aged unmarried women. Now, while the type may be very fine individually, it is not the proper one to create the atmosphere for girls at the formative period of their lives.

"Girls just coming into womenhood are receiving their most valuable impressions and their future attitude toward the questions of this time. Their outlook on life, which I believe is the most important part of the college training, should be broad, and it cannot be so unless formed in an environment of breadth.

"In the lower grades of the schools, too, and in preparatory schools the influence of the unmarried, middle-aged woman is counteracted by the dominating influence of the home. I believe that an element of married teachers, widows, who were teachers before marriage, perhaps, would be beneficial. The relationship of these schools and their pupils is different, however, because the pupils live at home. The girls at college live a purely academic life. They are on their resources and they face problems that are quite new to them. They are to be trained to become competent and important parts of life, we hope. They need a large outlook and a broad viewpoint. The elements which go to give these must be brought into their lives at this psychological time, and all elements that tend toward narrowness should be eliminated."

TEACH BRIDES COOKING ART

McKeesport School Board in New Uplift Movement—Young Women Enter Night Classes.

Pittsburg.—The spirit of the uplift in this city is now directed toward women and their housekeeping abilities. The action of the domestic science committee of the schools in McKeesport the other night in establishing classes in cooking for prospective brides is expected to result in an increase in matrimonial ventures.

The committee, on application of a number of mothers with eligible daughters, announces the cooking department of the schools will be thrown open for night classes for young women, who will pay 25 cents for ten lessons.

Almost simultaneously in Pittsburg a number of women organized the housekeepers' club to carry out a plan to solve the servant girl question. A committee was appointed to devise ways and means to get good servant girls and keep them after they are captured.

Human Life Chemical Feat?

Vienna.—Mexico's consul in Trieste reports that Prof. Herrera, a Mexican scientist, has succeeded in forming a human embryo by chemical combination.

STUMPS MOVED VERY CHEAP

Charpit Method of Taking Out Tree Roots on Cleared Land Proving Successful.

Chehalis, Wash.—Chehalis is just now the center of an interesting experiment in land clearing. Recently through the offices of Secretary Merrell, of the Chehalis Citizens' club, an arrangement made with Harry Thompson of the United States department of agriculture, with headquarters at Seattle, and Prof. H. W. Sparks, farm demonstrator of the state college, to conduct some experiments with the charpit process of burning out stumps on logged-off lands. The work has just been completed at the farm of Henry Dupertuis, near Chehalis.

One hundred fir stumps, from two to four feet in diameter, were kept burning in this test, an accurate account was kept of labor. Stumps were completely destroyed, and roots burned out at an average cost of 50 cents per stump.

This voluntary work of the Citizens' club of Chehalis will, it is hoped, prove of great value to western Washington and Oregon, as it establishes the value of the charpit burning method of clearing logged-off lands. The process works most effectively on clay soil.

The method has two valuable features. First, it can be successfully conducted without the high-priced skilled labor required for the blasting powder and donkey engine process. Boys from fourteen to sixteen years of age can do the work thoroughly. Then, it leaves highly fertilized seedbeds for grasses, grains, berries or other fruits, whereas blasting tears holes in the ground and lifts the hardpan to the surface.

Photographs taken on the farm of Mr. Dupertuis, where he has heretofore used the charpit process, show that wherever a stump was burned out there was invariably a heavier growth of grain or grass than on adjoining ground. Fruit trees planted over such a spot showed an unusual growth as compared with others.

Mr. Thompson's report will be issued later by the United States department of agriculture.

"Conscience Fund" Grows.

New York.—The "conscience fund" at the custom house, known officially as "duties from unknown bands," has been increased by the receipt of $15 in Canadian notes. They came in an envelope postmarked Victoria, B. C., with an unsigned letter reading:

"When entering the United States awhile ago, I did not pay duty on some things."

The custom house ordinarily does not accept Canadian money, but has made an exception in this case.

Lovers' Lanes in Parks.

Kansas City, Kan.—The Rev. Samuel Gervin, pastor of the First Presbyterian church in this city, thinks that "lovers' lanes" are a necessary part of the park system of a city. He says that these shady walks are of no harm and that they should be provided in the city parks.

FAVOR YANKEE FIZZY WATER

Twenty August Visitors Line Up at Soda Fountain Like Little School Children.

New York.—Frederick H. Mills, financial director of the international prison commission, is showing New York to the foreign delegates, the British, Austrian, German, South American, Italian and Chinese prison experts who are going to Washington to attend the first international prison congress ever held in the United States. Today Mr. Mills wondered what new thing he could lead them to. They had seen the tall buildings, the art museum, the subway, the parks and the flatirons, but they still craved novelty.

Struck by an idea he guided a party of 20, including Sir Evelyn Ruggles-Brise, of the British home office; Dr. Van Engelberg, of the German ministry of justice; Charles Didion, of the ministry of justice of Belgium, and Victor Almquist, chief of the division of the ministry of justice of Sweden, to a big ice cream parlor in Broadway near the Herald Square hotel.

Mr. Mills seated them along the counter, then he said to the soda fountain attendant: "Make twenty ice-cream sodas, vanilla flavor."

"Trust me," he added to the delegates, "they will not harm you. It is one of our principal American luxuries. Stir gently and eat with the spoon."

The dignified prison congress folk went at the soda gingerly at first, but they froze to the mixture and told Mr. Mills that they intended to try it again. They had never partaken of an ice cream soda and they were positive that the experience would remain as one of their pleasantest in New York.

There is a German delegate at the Hotel Plaza who set out to taste all dishes on the menu card that were new to him. At present he is dieting under doctor's orders. "He mixed things too much," said Mr. Mills.

MAYFLOWER MASCOT IS LOST

Mrs. Roosevelt's Gift to Crew of President's Yacht Is Missing, but Not as Deserter.

New York.—There is sorrow on board the U. S. S. Mayflower, known as the president's yacht, which is being overhauled at the Brooklyn navy yard. Spike, the Mayflower's mascot, is missing, and it is feared that either he has been stolen or has met some evil companions. He has not yet overstayed his shore leave to the point where he can be termed a deserter, but the master-at-arms will take him in charge wherever he is found.

Spike is the bulldog presented to the crew by Mrs. Roosevelt. He is rated the ship's champion swimmer and is entitled to medals for life saving. On two occasions he saved the lives of men who fell overboard.

In a notice sent out by the crew offering a reward for his return, Spike is described as being "all bulldog, weight about fifty pounds, head about seventeen inches above the ground. He is black and white and has one black ear."

For Coughs and Colds

Troubled with a cough? A hard.cold, bronchitis, or some chronic lung trouble? There is a medicine made for just these cases—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Your doctor knows all about it. Ask him what he thinks of it. No medicine can ever take the place of your doctor. Keep in close touch with him, consult him frequently, trust him fully. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Ayer's Pills. Sugar-coated. All vegetable. Act directly on the liver. Gently laxative. Dose, only one pill. Sold for nearly sixty years. Ask your doctor about them.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

JOHN L. KING C. & C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

In county matters most everybody decided to vote 'r straight. A few forgot.

No matter under what political flag he sailed, the insurgent brought his little craft into port this time.

Theodore didn't take in enough territory. Running the politics of New York is a bigger job than running the politics of the country.

Some people say that politics and business won't mix well and there are n lot of people today who say they had no business monkeying with politics.

EXCHANGE ECHOES.

Eveleth Star. The governor of Nebraska and one of the candidates are calling each other liars. The funny part of the situation is that it appears they are both proving it.

Stillwater Gazette: Peter E. Hanson of Litchfield, formerly secretary of state, has disposed of his 1,000-acre farm near that place for $60,000. That beats politics several blocks.

Bemidji Pioneer; Although Aviator Roosevelt likes riding in an aeroplane it has generally been noticed that he likes to get in on the ground floor.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Circumstances and lawyers alter cases.

And women, generally speaking, are good talkers.

It takes n woman to find an excuse when there isn't any.

There is no gilt-edged reference that can beat an obese bank balance.

Anyway, the unwritten law seems to have a lot written about it.

Nearly every gift that is made has some sort of a string tied to it.

Brag about a girl to her female friends if you would discover her faults.

The time you can depend upon a women is when you are sick or in trouble.

An iconoclist is a man who knocks our pet theories into the middle of next week.

When n doctor tells a man to diet the patient proceeds to refuse all the things he dislikes.

When a man retires from a political office it is usually with the assistance of his constituents.

After spending n lot of time in getting what we want, most of us spend n lot more in trying to get rid of it.

A scientist tells us that a woman's mind is apt to give away sooner than a man's. Constantly changing naturally wears anything out.

AFTER DINNER

Kansas City Independent: Stranger—I d like to have my measure taken for n $65 suit of clothes.

Tailor (eyeing him)—I've taken your measure, sir. You'll pay in advance.

St. Louis Republic: Mother (indignantly)—You naughty boy! Stop pulling that cat's tail.

Little Innocent—I'm not pulling it. I'm just holding on. The cat's doing all the pulling herself.

Kansas City Journal: "Why so sorrowful girl?"

"We have parted forever. He writes me to send back the ring."

"Tell him to cell for it," advised the experienced friend.

Chicago Tribune: Raynor—Ever do anything for your hair?

Shyne: (who has a rapidly growing bald spot)—Yes, I mourn for it occasionally, but what good does that do?

Pick-Me-Up: Mary—How would you like to spent eternity with young Rogers?

Alice—I did. He called last night.

Cornell Widow: "You can't see the leading lady now, she is busy in her dressing room."

"Is she changing her costume for the next act?"

"No, this an Ibson play. She is merely making up her mind."

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
October 21, 1910.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. October 21, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock a. m. October 21, 1910.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Anbol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: none.

Moved by Commissioner Demann seconded by Commissioner Pigeon, that the board proceed to open bids for the furnishing and installing of the electric light fixtures.

Motion carried.

The Board then opened the bid of Chas. Wilkns & Co. wherein he offered to furnish and install the Electric Lighting fixtures according to schedule and specifications for the sum of $1500.

On motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the bid of Chas. Wilkins & Co. was accepted.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the county auditor be instructed and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the town of Polk Centre for the two bridges built in said town.

Motion carried unanimously.

On motion made, seconded and carried unanimously, Chas. Wilkins & Co. were instructed to install electric motors instead of gasoline engines for the pumping plant for the court house.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to 2:00 o'clock P. M.

Board reconvened at 2:00 o'clock P. M. All members present and called to order by the chairman.

Moved by Commissioner Anbol duly seconded by Commissioner Demann that County Ditch No. 24 be accepted.

Motion carried unanimously.

On motion carried the 16th day of November, A. D. 1910 at the hour of 2:00 o'clock P. M. is set for the hearing on the application of Alphone Paquin for a license to sell intoxicating liquors in that certain frame building located on Lot 6 of Block 6 in the Townsite of Oklee, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Moved by Commissioner Johnson duly seconded by Commissioner Demann that the Engineer in charge of the work on County Ditch No. 39 be and he is hereby instructed to place a culvert in said ditch on the south quarter line of Section 14, Town of Kratka.

Motion carried.

Moved by Commissioner Pigeon seconded by Commissioner Demann that county Ditch No. 45 be accepted.

Motion carried.

Moved by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the job of repairing of County Ditch No 10 be let to Dennis Conley be accepted.

Motion carried unanimously.

Resolved that the sum of $150 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge fund to aid the Town of Kratka in the grading of the the highway between sections 15 and 22 in said Town, the Town required to expend, at least double the amount of this appropriation on said work.

Resolution prevailed:

Resolved that the sum of $175 heretofore granted for the repairing of a certain road between Sections 35 and 36 in the Town of Black River, be paid to Ed. Enright upon the filing of n certificate by the County Surveyor that the work has been properly done.

Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken to 7:00 o'clock P. M:

Board reconvened at 7:00 o'clock P. M. All members present and called to order by the Chairman:

Resolved that the sum of $130 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund, $65 payable to each of the towns of River Falls and Rocksbury to aid in the ditching and repairing of that certain county road on the Town line between Rocksbury and River Falls at a point starting from the coulee on said line between sec 30—153—43 and sec: 2—152—43 extending east and ending at the coulee between section 33—153—43 and sec 4—152—43 at least double the amount of this appropriation required to be expended on said work.

Resolution prevailed.

Moved by Commissioner Johnson, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann that no culverts be placed across county ditches unless for public purposes.

Motion carried

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 1:00 o'clock P. M. October 22nd, 1910.

Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock P. M. Oct: 22nd, 1910, all members present except Commissioner Johnson and called to order by the chairman

Motion made by Commissioner Pigeon, duly seconded by Commissioner Demann that the outstanding warrant of $1000 against the Special Road & Bridge Fund be taken up with what moneys are on hand in the Special Road & Bridge Fund and the balance to be drawn against the County Road & Bridge Fund; and that all collections arising from the Special Road & Bridge Fund Levies be hereafter turned over into the County Road & Bridge Fund after each settlement.

Motion carried unanimously:

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed, all members of the Board being present:

Geo. D. Barnard & Co. Supplies for county offices	22.75
Sec. & & Ptg. Co., Supplies for county offices	43.20
Sec. & & Ptg. Co., Supplies for county offices	69.10
Fritz & Cross, Supplies for county offices.	25.00
Fritz & Cross, Supplies for county offices..	23 50
John Drier, watching courthouse (night)	42.03
Red River Power Co., Lighting and supplies	13.15
N. J. Anderson, services procuring primary ballots	1.20
H. E. Ives, postage per vouchers	66.67
C.H. Martz, services furnishing plans and specifications for walk and wall, surveying of ground and locating well	62.50
Exerie Charel, services leveling court house grounds	16.00
Zephire Bedard, services leveling of court house grounds	.50
A. A. Latendresse, 13 days service member board of Audit	39 00
C. A. Lindquist, 13 days service member board of audit	39.00
C. H. Martz, 2 days engineer county Ditch No. 10	10.00
C. H. Martz, exps, as engineer a-c ditch no. 10	7.00
Glenn H. Martz exps. asst. eng. ditch no. 10	8.10
Alfred Lindquist, per diem and mileage, viewer final hearing ditches nos. 50 and 56	13.00
G. K. Haavi, per diem and mileage, viewer final hearing ditches no. 54	9.72
H. O. Jarr. Placing 8 culverts ditch no. 31	155.00
M. Forder, placing culvert ditch no. 44	15.00
R. M. Johnson, placing 3 culverts ditch no. 45	20.00
M. Forder, placing culvert ditch no. 46	15.00
Northern Culvert Co., culvert on ditch no. 31	35 00
Thief River Falls Lbr. Co. Lumber for ditch no. 35	14 40
A. A. Latendresse, Auditor's fees ditches 31-35-36-37 & 46	150.00
A. A. Latendresse, Auditor's fees ditches nos. 32-38-39-41-42-43-44-45 & 47	375.00
Otto Zaiser, 9 days viewer and exp. ditch no. 51	40.87
K. O. Gigstad, 9 days viewer and exps. ditch no. 51	41.66
Alfred Lindquist, 9 days viewer and exps. ditch no. 51	41.66
C. H. Martz, service as engineer ditch no. 6	5.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 35	5.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 37	10.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 43	5.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 44	5.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 45	10.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 46	10.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 47	15.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 48	10.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 52	15.00
" service as engineer ditch no. 55	5.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 6	6.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 35	6.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 37	2.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 43	6.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 44	1.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 45	12.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 46	3.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 47	3.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 48	7.00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 52	3 00
" exps. as engineer ditch no. 55	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 6	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 31	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 35	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 36	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 37	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 37	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 38	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 39	18.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 44	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 47	13.50
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 48	4.50
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 52	18 00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 53	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 53	31.50
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 55	22.50
Glenn H. Martz, service asst. engineer ditch no. 56	9.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 6	3.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 31	2.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst engineer ditch no. 35	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 36	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 37	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 37	6.50
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 38	2.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 39	4.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 44	2.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 45	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 47	3.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 48	1.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 52	4.00
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 53	48.35
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 55	46.50
Glenn H. Martz, exps. as asst. engineer ditch no. 56	2.00
Arthur Hall, service as rodman ditch no 53	2.50
Arthur Hall, service as rodman ditch no. 55	12.50
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 10	7 80
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 10	9 50
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 10	10 40
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 24	9 40
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 24	9 80
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 45	14 50
Wm. O. L. Demann, per diem and mileage ditch 24	7 60
Wm. O. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 45	15 00
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 24	7 60
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 10	4 40
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 45	9 90
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch 45	15 90
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditches 50, 54 & 56	9.60
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditches 50, 54 & 56	7 40
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditches nos. 50, 54 & 56	9.00
Joseph Johnson, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditches nos. 50, 54 & 56	10 00
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditches nos. 50, 54 & 56	9 20

On motion duly carried the following bill was laid over:

James Brady, material and labor flooring of of attic in court house	272 00

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die:

C: A: LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Attest: A: A: LATENDRESE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board:
(County Auditor's Seal.)

Was Not a Fungus.

A certain worthy minister was a keen and accomplished naturalist. His specialty was a remarkable knowledge of different classes of fungi. His enthusiasm, however, was but indifferently appreciated by certain members of his parish, and one day when calling upon one of them—a sour old spinster—he was considerably embarrassed when she reminded him of the exact length of time that had elapsed since he had last paid her a visit. He began to make excuses for the delay, when she abruptly and curtly cut him short.

"If I was n toadstool," she said, with grim irony, "you'd have been to see me long ago!"—London Tit-Bits.

Bad Writer With a Good Memory.

Harvey Waters, an expert on patent cases, had occasion to write Rufus Choate on some important question and when he received the reply was unable to read a word of it, so took the missive to Mr. Choate and asked him what he had written. Mr. Choate replied, "I never can read my writing after the ink is dry, but if you tell me what it is about I will tell you what I have written." And he did.

A Cool One.

Church Usher—I had a singular experience at the service this morning. Friend—What was it? Church Usher—A stranger I was showing into a seat whispered that he wanted to be waked at 11:30 sharp, as he had to make a train.—Boston Transcript.

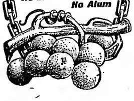
This is the chief requisite for making Perfect Bake Day Foods

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar —Made from Grapes—

No Lime Phosphate No Alum



S.S.S. CURES MALARIA

Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitoes. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

S. S. S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S. S. S. No charge for the book or advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1800 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malaria that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malaria eradicators, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example.

S. E. COWLEY,
Amory, Miss.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and uneral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

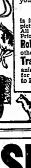
Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

ANDERSCH BROS., Dept. 68, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT

is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

You Can Win This Beautiful

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO

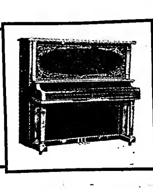
Good for 10 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name................................

Address................................

If voted before December 1, 1910.



Nomination Ballot

Good for 50 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest

Name................................

Address................................

Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

Grand Prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as necessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The contest will close at 0 p. m., Jan. 16, 1911.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year,	$1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years,	3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years,	4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years,	6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years,	7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and ite officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
[illegible] Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city
Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
ffice over First State Bank

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

FALLS MEAT MARKET
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game, Poultry
Telephone 19
We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade
Campbell & Baum

WYLIE.

Charley Eckstein and Charley Schneider left last Thursday for the northern part of the State where they are to be employed during the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Lillebo spent Friday and Saturday at Crookston.

There will be a basket social in the school house one week from Friday on November 18th. The social is to be given under the auspices of the Sunday school and school in connection and the proceeds will go toward the purchase of an organ to be placed in the school. Everyone ie most cordlally invited.

Jean Dargan returned Saturday from Viking where he has been employed during the past six weeks.

Robert Zaiser and Zelia Quesnelle of Red Lake Falls, spent Sunday in Wylie.

Two of the most popular young poeple of Wylie, Miss Elizabeth Power, daughtea of Mr. and Mrs. John Power, and Mr. Henry Schneider were married Wednesday, Nov. 9th at St. Mary's church in Red Lake Falls. Mr. and Mrs. Schneider will go to housekeeping in the Schneider residence, attended by the hearty congratulations and best wishes of their many friends here.

Quite a number of the young people in and about town enjoyed themselves at a dance last Saturday evening in the new building that has recently been erected by Mr. A. Anderson.

Alice Dreeland returned home Friday evening from Theif River Falls where she has been attending school.

The members of the Swedish Lutheran church are planning on a social to be given in their church Saturday night.

The political meeting held here last Monday night was quite well attended,

LAMBERT.

Celina Lambert of Red Lake Falls visited with friends in Lambert last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Lambert spent Sunday at the home of J. Beaudin.

Andelard Hince and family were visitors at the home of P. Gibeau over Sunday.

Antoin Lambert and wife returned from Winnipeg last Thursday.

Albert Bergeron made a business trip to Brooks last Saturday

Miss Esther Wilson spent Saturday and Sunday at her home at Thief River Falls.

The Lambert cheese factory closed for the winter last Thursday after a very successful season.

No. 9837
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY
Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

LAWRENCE O. MURRY,
Comptroller of the Currency
(SEAL)

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is Hereby Given that Alphonse Paquin has petitioned the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in writing for License to sell Intoxicating Liquors in that certain one story frame building with one front and one rear entrance situate on Lot Six (6) of Block Six (6) Townsite of Oklee, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

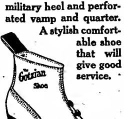
The application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of the same will be heard and determined by said board of County Commissioners at a special session of said board to be held at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on Friday the 18th day of November, at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.)
Dated October 29th, 1910. n3-10

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY Greatest demand in 10 years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address
BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
16 South 5th St., Minneapolis

A man's button shoe of velour calf (a tough pliable leather with a shiny surface which takes a beautiful polish). Has the season's stylish pointed toe, rounded just enough to give plenty of toe-room and make the shoe comfortable; half military heel and perforated vamp and quarter.

A stylish comfortable shoe that will give good service.



Style 7354
Price

Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
October 21, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor pursuant to chapter 280 of the Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof the Board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Fals, Minnesota at 10.00 o'clock A. M. October 21, 1910, for the purpose of hearing and considering the reports of the engineer and viewers on the county ditches petitioned for by John J. Sorum. Sam S. Huseby, and Ole Omundson, numbered respectively 50, 54 and 56.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock a. m. October 21, 1910.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

On motion duly made and unanimously carried, a recess was taken until 1:00 o'clock p. m. October 21. 1910, at which time the county Board were to reconvene at the city hall.

Board reconvened at the city hall at 1.00 o'clock p. m. October 21st, 1910, all members present and called to order by the chairamn.

The petitions were read on county diches Nos. 50, 54, and 56 and the arguments of parties interested for or against the construction of said ditches were heard. The reports of the viewers on the said ditches was referred back to them for correction of assessments against certain tracts of land.

Moiton made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissoner Johnson that the board take a recess until 8:00 o'clock a. m. October 22nd, 1910.

On roll call the following Commissioners voted aye, Demann, Johnson and Pigeon and Commissioner Aubol voting nay.

Motion declared carried by the chairman.

Board reconvened at the city hall at 8:00 o'clock a. m. October 22nd, 1910, all members present and called to order by the chairman.

The further arguments of parties interested for or against the construction of the said ditches were heard.

After which on motion by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commisisoner Pigeon, county ditch No. 50 was rejected by the unanimous vote of the Board.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissione Pigeon that county ditch no. 54 be rejected.

On roll call the following commissioners voted aye: Demann, Aubol and Pigeon, Commissioner Johnson voting nay.

Motin declared carried by the chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the county ditch No. 56 be rejected.

Motion carried unanimously:

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal.)

HE KNEW HIM WELL.

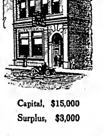
But That Was No Excuse For Publicly Insulting Him.

About the year 1847 Charles Webb was playing at the old Chatham theater, New York, and during the engagement he became intimate with a young fish dealer named Shapleigh, doing business in Washington market. The fish dealer was a genius in more ways than one. In his younger days he had belonged to a juvenile dramatic company, and in his manhood, since making Webb's acquaintance, he had been behind the curtain during rehearsal and had really fancied he would "dearly love to appear just once."

Webb became satisfied that Shapleigh could act and was willing to please him, and it so happened that an opportunity presented itself which had not been anticipated. The night of Webb's benefit had been fixed, on which occasion he was to play the character of Hamlet. The actor who had been set apart for the character of Polonius was unexpectedly called away, in which emergency Webb sought his friend at Washington market and asked him if he would help him. Shapleigh was only too glad to do it. The eventful night came, and a front box had been reserved for Shapleigh's wife and little daughter and other relatives and friends. The house was packed, with every bit of standing room occupied. The play commenced and all went well, the beneficiary receiving round after round of applause on his first entrance, and it was the same with the kind friend who had "so magnanimously volunteered his valuable services." The first act went off smoothly. In the second act, scene 2, Polonius is on the stage with king and queen, when to them enters Hamlet, reading from a book. King and queen are unceremoniously hustled out of the way. "Do you know me, my lord?" Polonius asks. "Excellent well. You are a fishmonger." Hamlet replies, according to the text. This aroused the indignation of Shapleigh's wife, and, forgetting all else but the direct insult offered to her husband, she exclaimed loud enough to be heard in every part of the house: "Well, it ain't very nice of you, Mr. Webb, after Tom has been so good to you to go showing him up in public in that fashion! I'd have you know that a fishmonger, as you call him, is as good as an actor any day!" For a moment a wondering silence fell upon the house. That moment was caught by Shapleigh, whose wits had not forsaken him, and, looking up toward his wife's box, he said, with an assuring nod: "It's all right, Bessie. It's so in the book!" And then, the secret out, the house "came down."

For sale or rent, good six room house with good cellar, good cistern, and good well and four good lots, two blocks from main street.—A. G. Groshong.

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls



Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

FUR COATS
FUR-LINED COATS
SHEEP SKIN COATS

All the famous

Lanpher Furs

These are goods that are so well known that you know you are getting value received and we have a new stock.

MAT SKALA

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M. D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nights in M. B. hall, Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., Frank Brouet, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen N. G. F. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Mizen, R. S. Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S. H. G. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets ova 7 Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissapation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

COLORADO LAND

We desire to place on the market at once 12 sections of farming land which is close to R. R. and markets. Smooth and level rich black soil, no stones, selling from $12.00 to $20.00 per acre. Best land in the State.
Write for full particulars.
N. MacPHEE
503 Alworth Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD POSITIONS SURE LEARN TELEGRAPHY and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying position in the spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition.
THOMPSON'S EXPERT RAILWAY COLLEGE, [illegible]

Look at the Lining!

THE lining in your Clothcraft Clothes is in keeping with the Clothcraft standard of all-wool and guaranteed tailoring. It is perfectly put in and inspected with the same critical care given to every part of a Clothcraft garment.

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THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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"I Heard a Sad and Pitiful Narrative."

SYNOPSIS.

[illegible] Halsey, established summer quarters at Sunnyside. Arnold [illegible] was found shot to death [illegible] Gertrude and her fiance, Jack [illegible] conversed in the billiard [illegible] before the murder. [illegible] Miss Innes of [illegible] Cashier Bailey of Paul [illegible] was arrested [illegible] Paul Armstrong's [illegible] Halsey's fiance [illegible] Armstrong, told Halsey that [illegible] was to marry another [illegible] Dr. Walker was [illegible] found [illegible] of the circular staircase [illegible] brushed by her [illegible] stairway and she [illegible] Armstrong [illegible] the lodge-keeper [illegible] dead with a [illegible] in his [illegible] bearing the name "Lucien Walker." [illegible] out of place [illegible] The stables were [illegible] and in the dark Miss Innes [illegible] Halsey mysteriously disappeared. [illegible] Halsey had [illegible] the library with a [illegible] New [illegible] Miss Innes [illegible] Halsey was [illegible] Walker's [illegible] name of Nina Carrington [illegible] from a tramp [illegible] Halsey, had been [illegible] and thrown into an [illegible] Gertrude was missing. [illegible] Miss Innes ran into a [illegible] A confederate of Dr. [illegible] his part in the [illegible] that the Carrington [illegible] that Walker feared [illegible] that Paul Armstrong [illegible] killed by a [illegible] was found in a [illegible] Paul Armstrong was not

CHAPTER XXXI.—Continued.

The ghost had said "chimney." It [illegible], and a house as large as Sunnyside was full of them. There was an open fireplace in my dressing room, but none in the bedroom, and as I lay there, looking around I thought of something that made me sit up suddenly. The trunkroom, just over my head, had an open fireplace and a brick chimney, and yet there was nothing of the kind in my room. I got out of bed and examined the opposite wall closely. There was apparently no flue, and I knew there was none in the hall just beneath. The house was heated by steam, as I have said before. In the living room was a huge open fireplace, but it was on the other side.

Why did the trunkroom have both a radiator and an open fireplace? Architects were not usually erratic. It was not 15 minutes before I was upstairs, armed with a tape-measure in lieu of a foot-rule, eager to justify Mr. Jamieson's opinion of my intelligence, and firmly resolved not to tell him of my suspicion until I had more than theory to go on. The hole in the trunkroom wall still yawned there, between the chimney and the outer wall. I examined it again, with no new result. The space between the brick wall and the plaster and lath one, however, had a new significance. The hole showed only one side of the chimney, and I determined to investigate what lay in the space on the other side of the mantel.

I had a blister on my palm when at last the hatchet went through and fell with what sounded like the report of a gun to my overstrained nerves. I sat on a trunk, waiting to hear Liddy fly up the stairs, with the household behind her, like the tail of a comet. But nothing happened, and with a growing feeling of uncanniness I set to work enlarging the opening.

The result was absolutely nil. When I could hold a lighted candle in the opening I saw precisely what I had seen on the other side of the chimney—a space between the true wall and the false one, possibly seven feet long and about three feet wide. It was in no sense of the word a secret chamber, and it was evident it had not been disturbed since the house was built. It was a supreme disappointment.

It had been Mr. Jamieson's idea that the hidden room, if there was one, would be found somewhere near the circular staircase. In fact, I knew that he had once investigated the entire length of the clothes chute, hanging to a rope, with this in view. I was reluctantly about to concede that he had been right, when my eyes fell on the mantel and fireplace. The latter had evidently never been used; it was closed with a metal fire front, and only when the front refused to move, and investigation showed that it was not intended to be moved, did my spirits revive.

I hurried into the next room. Yes, sure enough, there was a similar mantel and fireplace there, similarly closed. In both rooms the chimney flue extended well out from the wall. I measured with the tape-line, my hands trembling so that I could scarcely hold it. They extended two feet and a half into each room, which with the three feet of space between the two partitions, made eight feet to be accounted for. Eight feet in one direction and almost seven in the other—what a chimney it was!

But I had only located the hidden room. I was not in it, and no amount of pressing on the carving of the wooden mantels, no search of the floors for loose boards, none of the customary methods availed at all. That there was a means of entrance, and probably a simple one, I could certain. But what? What would I find if I did get in? Was the detective right, and were the bonds and money from the Traders' bank there? Or was our whole theory wrong? Would not Paul Armstrong have taken his booty with him? If he had not, and if Dr. Walker was in the secret, he would have known how to enter the chimney room. Then—who had dug the other hole in the false partition?

CHAPTER XXXII.

Anne Watson's Story.

Liddy discovered the fresh break in the trunkroom wall while we were at luncheon, and ran shrieking down the stairs. She maintained that, as she entered, unseen hands had been digging at the plaster; that they had stopped when she went in, and she had felt a gust of cold damp air. In support of her story she carried in my wet and muddy boots, that I had unluckily forgotten to hide, and held them out to the detective and myself.

"What did I tell you?" she said dramatically. "Look at 'em. They're yours, Miss Rachel—and covered with mud and soaked to the tops. I tell you, you can scoff all you like; something has been wearing your shoes. As sure as you sit there, there's the smell of the graveyard on them. How do we know they weren't tramping through the Casanova churchyard last night, and sitting on the graves!"

Mr. Jamieson almost choked to death. "I wouldn't be at all surprised if they were doing that very thing, Liddy," he said, when he got his breath. "They certainly look like it."

I think the detective had a plan on which he was working, but which was meant to be a coup. But things went so fast there was no time to carry it into effect. The first thing that occurred was a message from the Charity hospital that Mrs. Watson was dying and had asked for me. I did not care much about going. There is a sort of melancholy pleasure to be had out of a funeral, with its pomp and ceremony, but I shrank from a death-bed. However, Liddy got out the black things and the crepe veil I keep for such occasions, and I went. I left Mr. Jamieson and the day detective going over every inch of the circular staircase, pounding, probing and measuring. I was inwardly elated to think of the surprise I was going to give them that night; as it turned out, I did surprise them—almost into spasms.

I drove from the train to the Charity hospital, and was at once taken to a ward. There, in a gray-walled room in a high iron bed, lay Mrs. Watson. She was very weak, and she only opened her eyes and looked at me when I sat down beside her. I was conscience-stricken. We had been so engrossed that I had left this poor creature to die without even a word of sympathy.

The nurse gave her a stimulant, and in a little while she was able to talk. So broken and half-coherent, however, was her story that I shall tell it in my own way. In an hour from the time I entered the Charity hospital I had heard a sad and pitiful narrative, and had seen a woman slip into the unconsciousness that is only a step from death.

Briefly, then, the housekeeper's story was this:

She was almost 40 years old, and had been the sister-mother of a large family of children. One by one they had died, and been buried beside their parents in a little town in the middle west. There was only one sister left, the baby, Lucy. On her the older girl had lavished all the love of an impulsive and emotional nature. When Anne, the elder, was 32 and Lucy 19, a young man had come to the town. He was going east, after spending the summer at a celebrated ranch in Wyoming—one of those places where wealthy men send worthless and dissipated sons for a season of temperance, fresh air and hunting. The sisters, of course, knew nothing of this, and the young man's ardor rather carried them away. In a word, seven years before, Lucy Haswell had married a young man whose name was given as Aubrey Wallace.

Anne Haswell had married a carpenter in her native town and was a widow. For three months everything went fairly well. Aubrey took his bride to Chicago, where they lived at a hotel. Perhaps the very unsophistication that had charmed him in Valley Mill jarred on him in the city. He had been far from a model husband, even for the three months, and when he disappeared Anne was almost thankful. It was different with the young wife, however. She drooped and fretted, and on the birth of her baby boy she had died. Anne took the child and named him Lucien.

Anne had had no children of her own, and on Lucien she had lavished all her aborted maternal instinct. On one thing she was determined, however: That was that Aubrey Wallace should educate his boy. It was a part of her devotion to the child that she should be ambitious for him; he must have every opportunity. And so she came east. She drifted around, doing plain sewing and keeping a home somewhere always for the boy. Finally, however, she realized that her only training had been domestic, and she put the boy in an Episcopalian home, and secured the position of housekeeper to the Armstrongs. There she found Lucien's father, this time under his own name. It was Arnold Armstrong.

I gathered that there was no particular enmity at that time in Anne's mind. She told him of the boy, and threatened exposure if he did not provide for him. Indeed, for a time, he did so. Then he realized that Lucien was the ruling passion in this lonely woman's life. He found out where the child was hidden, and threatened to take him away. Anne was frantic. The positions became reversed. Where Arnold had given money for Lucien's support, as the years went on he forced money from Anne Watson instead until she was always penniless. The lower Arnold sank in the scale, the heavier his demands became. With the rupture between him and his family things were worse. Anne took the child from the home and hid him in a farmhouse near Casanova, on the Claysburg road. There she went sometimes to see the boy, and there he had taken fever. The people were Germans, and he called the farmer's wife grossmutter. He had grown into a beautiful boy, and he was all Anne had to live for.

The Armstrongs left for California, and Arnold's persecutions began anew. He was furious over the child's disappearance and she was afraid he would do her some hurt. She left the big house and went down to the lodge. When I had rented Sunnyside, however, she had thought the persecutions would stop. She had applied for the position of housekeeper and secured it.

That had been on Saturday. That night Louise arrived unexpectedly. Thomas sent for Mrs. Watson and then went for Arnold Armstrong at the Greenwood club. Anne had been fond of Louise—she reminded her of Lucy. She did not know what the trouble was, but Louise had been in a state of terrible excitement. Mrs. Watson tried to hide from Arnold, but he was ugly. He left the lodge and went up to the house about 2:30, was admitted at the east entrance and came out again very soon. Something had occurred, she didn't know what; but very soon Mr. Innes and another gentleman left, using the car.

Thomas and she had got Louise quiet, and a little before three Mrs. Watson started up to the house. Thomas had a key to the east entry, and gave it to her.

On the way across the lawn she was confronted by Arnold, who for some reason was determined to get into the house. He had a golf-stick

in his hand, that he had picked up somewhere, and on her refusal he had struck her with it. One hand had been badly cut, and it was that, poisoning having set in, which was killing her. She broke away in a frenzy of rage and fear, and got into the house while Gertrude and Jack Bailey were at the front door. She went upstairs, hardly knowing what she was doing. Gertrude's door was open, and Halsey's revolver lay there on the bed. She picked it up and turning ran part way down the circular staircase. She could hear Arnold fumbling at the lock outside. She slipped down quietly and opened the door; he was inside before she had got back to the stairs. It was quite dark, but she could see his white shirt-bosom. From the fourth step she fired. As he fell somebody in the billiard room screamed and ran. When the alarm was raised, she had had no time to get upstairs; she hid in the west wing until every one was down on the lower floor. Then she slipped upstairs and threw the revolver out of an upper window, going down again in time to admit the men from the Greenwood club.

If Thomas had suspected, he had never told. When she found the hand Arnold had injured was growing worse, she gave the address of Lucien at Richfield to the old man and almost $100. The money was for Lucien's board until she recovered. She had sent for me to ask me if I would try to interest the Armstrongs in the child. When she found herself growing worse she had written to Mrs. Armstrong, telling her nothing but that Arnold's legitimate child was at Richfield, and imploring her to recognize him. She was dying; the boy was an Armstrong, and entitled to his father's share of the estate. The papers were in her trunk at Sunnyside, with letters from the dead man that would prove what she said. It was she who had crept down the circular staircase, drawn by a magnet, that night Mr. Jamieson had heard some one there. Pursued, she had fled madly, anywhere—through the first door she came to. She had fallen down the clothes chute, and been saved by the basket beneath. I could have cried with relief; then it had not been Gertrude, after all!

That was the story. Sad and tragic though it was, the very telling of it seemed to relieve the dying woman. She did not know that Thomas was dead, and I did not tell her. I promised to look after little Lucien, and sat with her until the intervals of consciousness grew shorter and finally ceased altogether. She died that night.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Ways to Keep Neat.

"My children were becoming dreadfully careless about leaving their things around," said an original mother, "and the older members of the family weren't any too tidy. So I made up my mind that I wasn't going to be a 'pick-up' drudge for the rest of the household. I set up a big fine box, a box with an oblong hole in the top, into which I put every single thing—hat, coat, toy, pipe, no matter what—that I found lying around in the way. And to get his or her property the owner had to pay a penny—if it was one of the children; ten cents in case of the older ones. As the children have only an allowance of ten cents a week each, they didn't naturally want to pay it out in fines; so they began to be careful. Gradually the whole family mended their ways, and now my fine box is generally empty, and the house is as tidy as you please."

Intelligence in the Kitchen.

The higher the intelligence and the broader the education of the woman in the kitchen, the greater the pleasure and satisfaction in household duties.

The women who cooks intelligently is commanding great and mysterious forces of nature. She is an alchemist behind an apron. At her command food constituents that are indigestible, unpalatable and even poisonous, are subjected to chemical changes that render them an epicurean delight. The woman of real intelligence and powers of imagination finds in her well ordered kitchen a source of deep and enduring interest and pleasure.

Day of Rest and Pleasure

Filipinos of Both Sexes Make Sunday a Time of Enjoyment—The Market Women.

It is the women who market the produce. Early each morning long lines of these farmer wives, with great cigars in their mouths and large baskets of wares on their heads, can be seen striding along the narrow trails toward the capital city where market is held, says a Manila correspondent.

Strong and happy, they wade through the streams and the mud, calling out to one another as they go, and only stopping to get a fresh light for their cigars from some one of their number or some one whom they chance to meet. Once at market they chat, smoke, laugh and barter for hours over a few small tomatoes, some green squash, a live chicken, eggs, fruit, sugar or anything they happen to have, and toward noon they straggle home, having had a good visit and sold or exchanged their wares.

Sunday is the one really strenuous day for the Filipino. It is the big market day when people come from all the surrounding country, and it is the time when cock-fights are allowed. Men spend a good share of their time during the week in training their pet roosters, and on Sunday, early and late, they can be seen going to and from the pit, carrying their game-cocks under their arms.

Excitement runs high and their joyous shouts can be heard for a long way. Some women attend the fights, but most of them do the double duty of attending mass and then patronizing the market, which is just across the street from the church. All day Sunday they are active and excitable but the next day they settle back into their quiet, uneventful lives.

Cheering Her Up.

Islington, which is no longer rural, was once so esteemed by medical men that they sent their patients there after severe illness. Many also went there in the last stages in the forlorn hope that the invigorating air might restore them to health. A story related by Dr. Abernethy turns on the latter class of visitors. One of his patients engaged some rooms in Islington, and casually remarked to the landlady that the banisters on the staircase were very much broken. "Lor' bless you, mam," said the landlady, "it's no use to mend them, for they always get broken when the undertaker's men bring the coffins downstairs."—London Chronicle.

Do Not Use Creosote.

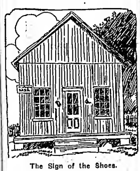
Creosote should never be put into a hollow tooth for toothache. It relieves the pain, but in time destroys the substance of the tooth. Leave creosote to expert use.

AT THE SIGN OF THE SHOES

Simple but Significant Device of a Long Island Cobbler to Save His Patrons' Time.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Time saving is not less important in the country than in the city. That's what the farmers will tell you as they regard you disdainfully for your presumption in looking upon countrymen as having lots of time on their hands. So when a man with whom they have to deal devises a way to save them time or make things easier for them they like him for it and are inclined to stick by him.

By doing just this a Long Island cobbler makes an easy living, and one



The Sign of the Shoes.

that appears to be comfortable to him. It certainly is an independent one, for he is sole monarch of his home and shop, and none will enter there save when bidden by his simple device. None even starts for Crispin's unless the device calls, for it can be seen a long distance down the roads of Southold town, and if it isn't seen Crispin isn't receiving work.

This shoemaker will have no sign blazoning his name before the world. He squats in a plain frame house on the south road at the foot of Willow hill, with the Bowery lane at his elbow, Pine Neck and Goose Creek for a vista and the soldiers' monument and Southold village down the street at his left. The plain boards of the building bear no name, though a shingle at a corner of the house tells that the place is for sale.

But when Crispin is in and working or ready to receive work or to deliver jobs completed there hangs on pegs in the front of the building at either side of the door pairs of old shoes. People up the hill or across the meadows or down the street have merely to look out of their windows or from their dooryards or fields to see whether it's the proper time to go to the cobbler's. No waste of time in unnecessary trips. If driving they need neither turn aside nor get out of their vehicles for a possible futile trip to a closed shop, for if there are no boots garnishing Crispin's front door posts it would be like going to a bank to do business after three o'clock. If the boots are there, on the other hand, so is Crispin and ready for callers. It's simple, the people like it, and apparently so does Crispin.

PASSING OF THE EVANGELIST

Only a Few of Any Prominence Left and Their Influence Has Become More Constricted.

Boston.—The church evangelist seems to have served his day. He is less conspicuous than he was some years ago, and his influence is more restricted. A new order of worship as well as thought in the church is responsible for this change, and the new order is simply a part of the general transition toward a safer and more permanent system of public expression. Conditions are not favorable to the peripatetic preacher now, and there are only a few of them of any prominence whatever.

Undoubtedly the old-time evangelist found his richest harvest in the emotional heart. Are hearts less emotional today, or are the people more thoughtful? It must be the latter. It cannot be that they are less religious, if our statistics, which show steady increases in church populations, be infallible. Ministers maintain their people are more inquiring, more honest in their thought, and, therefore, more and not less pious, but the difference between their piety now and that of yesterday is that the preachers are appealing more and more to their reason than their emotion.

And this is as it should be. The new conditions make the local pastor a more important and influential factor and give greater stability and permanence to the church and its agencies. But with the passing of the modern circuit rider have come new enterprises for propagating the faith. They have assumed various forms and are more systematic and aggressive, both as to their character and influence.

NONE KNEW THE MODERN RIP

Wanderer Returns to His Old Home in New York After Absence of Fifty-One Years.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Alfred Booth Sands is a veritable Rip Van Winkle except that he did not sleep. Given up for dead years and years ago, he has returned at the age of seventy-nine, and, after an absence of 51 years, to the village of Milton, where he was born, to find that nearly all his relatives and friends, including the sweetheart of his young manhood, are dead, and that few remain who remember him. He is now renewing associations with relatives whom he abruptly severed more than half a century ago to seek his fortune in California.

For 18 years Sands has been in the Soldiers' home in California. While sick last spring a friend on an adjoining bed saluted him as "Rip Van Winkle." Instantly the familiar story ran through his mind and he came east under that name to re-enact the story. Only the old stage driver remembered him when he arrived at Milton. His mother lived for 20 years after he went away, and, for nearly all that time, confident of his return, she kept a lamp burning at night in the window of her home. After her death the courts declared Sands legally dead.

DOCTORS ADVISED OPERATION—DECIDED TO TRY GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY

I want to tell you in a few words what your Swamp-Root did for me, believing that my testimony may do some other suffering person a great deal of good.

About six years ago, I was dangerously ill, consulted three doctors, all of whom said I had kidney trouble. One of the doctors analyzed my urine and reported that I had gravel, and further said that in order to regain my health and life, an operation would be necessary. I did not want to be operated on as I was afraid that I would not recover. Someone told me of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and said it was a reliable medicine for kidney trouble, so I decided to try it and went to Mr. Rose, the druggist, at 303 Central Ave., Minneapolis, and bought a bottle, took it, noticed results and continued taking it until I was entirely cured.

Having been free from any kidney trouble for over six years, I consider that I am absolutely cured and know that Swamp-Root has the credit.

I never fail to tell my friends about your remedy, as I believe it is the best of its kind. Your U & O Ointment is also very good. We are never without a jar in our house.

Yours very truly,
MRS. MARGARET E. ANDERSON,
Minneapolis, Minn.

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Hennepin }

Personally appeared before me this 23rd day of Sept., 1909, Mrs. Margaret E. Anderson of the City of Minneapolis of the State of Minnesota, who subscribed the above, and on oath says that the same is true in substance and in fact.

M. M. KERRIDGE,
Notary Public.
Commission expires March 26, 1914.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

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Planning a Desperate Revenge.

The haughty, imperious beauty handed him back his ring.

"Now that all is over between us," she said, "I suppose you will buy a revolver and put an end to your wretched existence?"

"Worse than that!" he hissed, being careful to introduce the necessary sibilant; "far wors-s-se! I shall steal a revolver! And I shall shoot your measly little sore-eyed poodle!"

A wild shriek burst from her lips.
She fell upon her knees and——
But he had gone.

AWFUL BURNING ITCH CURED IN A DAY

"In the middle of the night of March 30th I woke up with a burning itch in my two hands and I felt as if I could pull them apart. In the morning the itching had gone to my chest and during that day it spread all over my body. I was red and raw from the top of my head to the soles of my feet and I was in continual agony from the itching. I could neither lie down nor sit up. I happened to see about Cuticura Remedies, and I thought I would give them a trial. I took a good bath with the Cuticura Soap and used the Cuticura Ointment. I put it on from my head down to my feet and then went to bed. On the first of April I felt like a new man. The itching was almost gone. I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and during that day the itching completely left me. Frank Gridley, 325 East 43rd Street, New York City, Apr. 27, 1909." Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world; Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props, Boston, Mass.

His Point of View.

"John, dear," queried the young wife, glancing up from the physical culture magazine she was perusing, "what is your idea of a perfect figure?"

"Well," replied her husband, "$100,000 may not be perfection, but it's near enough to satisfy a man of my simple tastes."

What About Him?

The talk had gone back and fro, and the youthful socialist had been announcing that no man ought to get his living by cheating, and we all listened to him, and agreed that it was dreadful when men and women did not tell the truth, but tried to make their living by deceiving people. Millionaires, landowners, financiers, we sacrificed all of them who cheat the public. "No one should make a living by deception," said the young man. Then a quiet voice from a woman came from the corner of the sofa, "What about the conjurer?"—London Chronicle.

"That First Invented Sleep."

"Now blessings light on him that first invented this same sleep! It covers a man all over, thoughts and all, like a cloak; it is meat for the hungry, drink for the thirsty, heat for the cold, and cold for the hot. It is the current coin that purchases all the pleasures of the world cheap; and the balance that sets the king and the shepherd, the fool and the wise man even. There is only one thing, which somebody once put into my head, that I dislike in sleep—it is that it resembles death. There is very little difference between a man in his first sleep and a man in his last sleep."—From Cervantes.

The Key to Germany.

Capt. Charles King, the author, praised, at the Milwaukee club, the German element in Milwaukee's population.

"I know a soldier," said Captain King, "who met the kaiser last year in Berlin.

"'You have a thorough knowledge of our best thought and customs,' said the kaiser. 'Have you ever been to Germany before?'

"'O, yes, sir,' said the soldier.

"'What cities have you visited? Berlin and Hamburg?' asked the kaiser.

"'No, sir,' said the soldier. 'Milwaukee.'"

A good honest remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sore Throat is Hamlins Wizard Oil. Nothing will so quickly drive out all pain and inflammation.

Some folks never feel saintly until they have a chance to syndicate their sorrows.

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Rochester, N. Y.

Insomnia
"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all that they are represented."
Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 924

PATENT your invention. Free booklet. Liberal Terms. Consult us. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. 853 14th St., Washington; 300 Dearborn St., Chicago.

NOT A PENNY TO PAY
MUNYON'S
EMINENT DOCTORS AT YOUR SERVICE FREE

We sweep away all doctor's charges. We put the best medical talent within everybody's reach. We encourage everyone who ails or thinks he ails to find out exactly what his state of health is. You are not obliged to take our remedies here, at your drug store, or not at all, as you prefer; there is positively no charge for examination. Professor Munyon has prepared specifics for nearly every disease, which are sent prepaid on receipt of price, and sold by all druggists.

Send to-day for a copy of our medical examination blank and Guide to Health, which we will mail you promptly, and if you will answer all the questions, returning blank to us, our doctors will carefully diagnose your case and advise you fully, without a penny charge.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratories, 53d & Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

AFTER SUFFERING ONE YEAR

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Milwaukee, Wis. — "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman, and I would like to tell the whole world of it. I suffered from female trouble and fearful pains in my back. I had the best doctors and they all decided that I had a tumor in addition to my female trouble, and advised an operation. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman and I have no more backache. I hope I can help others by telling them what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me." — Mrs. Emma Imse, 833 First St., Milwaukee, Wis.

The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, actually does cure these obstinate diseases of women after all other means have failed, and that every such suffering woman owes it to herself to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation, or giving up hope of recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health and her advice is free.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

The Next War.

"Was a bomb dropped on the ship?"

"Yes, but it was counterbalanced by a torpedo which exploded under her at the same moment."—Judge.

Cheering Up the Guide.

"Remember, Henry," said the hunter who had arranged with the guide, "we're not hiring you—you're simply one of our party."

"What's on your mind?" inquired the guide.

"Well, you see, in case anything happens we don't want to be troubled with this new employers' liability law," admitted the cautious hunter.—Puck.

NOW I'M AN AWFUL SPENDTHRIFT, AND SO I'M ALWAYS BROKE. I HAVE A RICH OLD UNCLE. I WISH THAT HE WOULD CRASH

THE FIRST TASTE

Learned to Drink Coffee When a Baby.

If parents realized the fact that coffee contains a drug—*caffeine*—which is especially harmful to children, they would doubtless hesitate before giving the babies coffee to drink.

"When I was a child in my mother's arms and first began to nibble things at the table, mother used to give me sips of coffee. As my parents used coffee exclusively at meals I never knew there was anything to drink but coffee and water.

"And so I contracted the coffee habit early. I remember when quite young the continual use of coffee so affected my parents that they tried roasting wheat and barley, then ground it in the coffee-mill, as a substitute for coffee.

"But it did not taste right and they went back to coffee again. That was long before Postum was ever heard of. I continued to use coffee until I was 27, and when I got into office work, I began to have nervous spells. Especially after breakfast I was so nervous I could scarcely attend to my correspondence.

"At night, after having coffee for supper, I could hardly sleep, and on rising in the morning would feel weak and nervous.

"A friend persuaded me to try Postum. My wife and I did not like it at first, but later when boiled good and strong it was fine. Now we would not give up Postum for the best coffee we ever tasted.

"I can now get good sleep, am free from nervousness and headaches. I recommend Postum to all coffee drinkers."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

IMPORTANCE OF CONCRETE DRAIN TILE ON FARM

Becomes Harder and Stronger With Age and Can Be Made as Porous as Those Made of Clay —Retains Its Shape.

Concrete tile become harder and stronger with age and may be made as porous as clay tile; in comparison the clay tile becomes water-soaked and disintegrates in the years of service, thus causing broken tile and a useless drain.

This is easily demonstrated by taking up concrete tile and clay tile that have been imbedded in the ground; while the former are as strong as one could wish and lift easily, the clay are brittle, and must be handled with extreme care to prevent breakage.

Again, to employ vitrified clay tile is to make a drain that does not absorb water from the soil except at the joints; while a concrete tile has all the advantages of being porous and yet fully as strong as the best vitrified tile.

The simple machine illustrated with this article may be built in any size at a slight cost, and will enable anyone to make the best quality of concrete tile at a cost of 55 cents a rod when made in the 4-inch size; 77 cents a rod for 5-inch; 88 cents for 6-inch; $1.10 for 8-inch; $1.65 for 9-inch; $1.88 for 10-inch, and $2.64 for 12-inch tile.

The cost is based on sand at 75 cents a cubic yard; cement at $2 per barrel; labor at $2 a day. The tile are made as strong as possible, using one part cement to three parts of the gravel, which will give them all the strength needed for any service.

The 4-inch tile are made three-quarters of an inch thick; the 5, 6, and 8-inch tile are made one inch thick; the 9 and 10-inch are made 1 3-8 inches thick, and the 12-inch 1½ inches thick.

In this manner you can estimate the cost of your drain and easily compare with the cost of clay tile of the same size.

By employing the proper methods for handling concrete in the winter, you may employ your spare time during the winter in making this much-needed article on the farm, and thus save the cost of labor, which is the greatest item in the above table of costs, averaging from 44 to 77 cents per rod of tile.

The machine explained in this article is one making a 6-inch tile, and from this explanation any other tile may be easily constructed.

A box form is built of two boards 18 inches long and 8 inches wide. And two boards 18 inches long and 10 inches wide. These are joined together to, make a form, the inside measurements being 8x8 inches and 18 inches high.

Fasten these boards together with two hinges at each of three corners, and the fourth corner fasten with two hooks and eyelets as shown in the illustration; this allows the machine to be folded back from the tile without injury.

Now nail in each corner of this box some three-cornered or beveled strips 18 inches long, but nail to just one side of board only, which will hold them in place and yet allow the machine to fold back from the work easily.

For the core take a 6-inch stovepipe 24 inches long and inside same place a 6-inch board 30 inches long, nailing securely as shown in the illustration. The top of this board is cut to make a handle to draw out the core, as illustrated.

The bottom is cut down to leave a small three-quarters-of-an-inch projection or pin on same, which sets into the holes bored in the pallet, thus insuring the core being always in the center of the form.

The pallets are made of any boards larger than the form used for molding the tile, and in the center is bored a three-quarter-inch hole to receive the pin on the bottom of the board in the core.

The outside part of the mold is held in position by four iron pins or spikes. These are placed by setting the casing in the correct position on the pallet and then on each side mark where the pin is to be placed, bore a hole for the same and arrange so it can be easily inserted and removed. Small bolts or spikes will do for this purpose.

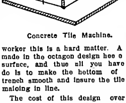
A pallet is prepared for as many tile as you wish to make each day, and the tile are left on the same for at least 48 hours before removing, when they may be piled up and the pallets used again.

In operating, the machine is placed in position on the pallet with the core in place. The mortar is placed in the mold and tamped down.

The tamping process must begin with the first mortar put in, otherwise the tile will be too porous. Add mortar and tamp down, and so on until the mold is filled. Now simply draw out the core and unhook the sides and fold back from the tile leaving it upon the pallet to dry for 48 hours.

The tile thus made are 18 inches long, requiring but 11 to the rod, and are octagon in shape which is so planned that they may be easily laid.

A round tile must be very carefully bedded, otherwise they will get out of line, and for the inexperienced worker this is a hard matter. A tile made in the octagon design has a flat surface, and thus all you have to do is to make the bottom of the trench smooth and insure the tile remaining in line.



Concrete Tile Machine.

The cost of this design over a round tile is but very little, and as it has many advantages, it should appeal to the inexperienced worker as he cannot help but secure correct and satisfactory results.

While the tile may be made in shorter lengths, it is merely a waste of labor as the 18-inch lengths are much quicker laid, and the tile are porous so the joints need not be as close as with vitrified clay.

Another great advantage of concrete tile is that each tile is perfect, while clay tile are very apt to draw out of shape in burning, and thus make trouble when laying them.

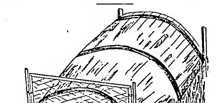
Selecting Breeds.

Farmers care more for the quality of their cattle, sheep and horses than they used to do. It is as much as advantage to extend their pride and care to poultry as to any branch of their work. A flock of uniform size and color is very attractive and live birds sell better.

Denatured Alcohol Stills.

Farmers in New York state are organizing small companies to construct and operate denatured alcohol stills. Pulp from cider mills and other by-products will be used.

EXCELLENT COOP FOR CHICKS



Secure a stout, clean barrel and drive shingle nails through the hoops on both sides of each stave, clinching them firmly, says Farm Press. Divide the barrel into halves—lengthwise—sawing through both the bottom and hoops. Secure the coop to four stakes—one driven at each corner. One end is, of course, closed by the half of the bottom. The other should be protected by a gate. It is well to cover the whole outfit with wire screening to protect it against animals which prowl by night.

NECESSITY OF GOOD CROPS

Farmer Is in Better Position to Stand Poor Yield Than Manufacturer, Banker and Railroad Man.

(By G. R. PERKINS.)

Who is most interested in a good crop and a sure crop? The farmer, the manufacturer, the railroad man, merchant, or the banker? The more I study the problem the more it looks as though the farmer is the best fixed to stand a poor crop, and that it hurts the others more. The farmer loses less sleep over it than any of the others and proportionately fewer farmers fail than any of the other lines of business mentioned in a time of poor crops. The farmer can get his living from the farm, can reduce expenses and economize in a way that the others cannot. From this it is plain that it is of vital interest to all that crops be a sure thing for each year, and each of these industries which has really grown out of the farm ought to put forth their best effort to see that the farmer handles his farm according to the best that we know of farming.

Driving Cows.

Never move cows faster than a comfortable walk while on the way to the place of milking or feeding. They should never be excited by hard driving, abuse, loud talking or unnecessary disturbance. The milking should be done quietly, quickly, cleanly and thoroughly. Do not allow any unnecessary noise or delay. Begin milking at exactly the same hour in the morning and evening, and milk the cows in the same order.

Pure-Bred Horses.

The living pure-bred stallions owned by the members of the Percheron Society of America are estimated at 24,000 and the mares at 16,000 by Secretary Wayne Dinsmore. Other pure-bred Percherons will probably run the total number up to 50,000.

ARE STRANGE TWINS

Missouri County Claims Distinction in Unusual Kinship.

Man and Tree Made Their Start in Life on the Same Day and Have Grown Up Together—Now 63 Years Old.

St. Louis, Mo.—New Garden neighborhood in Ray county, Missouri, boasts the possession of unique twins, a man and a tree, 63 years old. March 15, 1847, saw the birth, on his father's farm near New Garden, of Samuel Hightower. The same day Elias and Thomas, older brothers of the new arrival, set out in the yard before the house a slip of a sugar tree, or hard maple, as many know it.

Thus the two made their start in life together, and thus while the babe that was to be a man, hard thinking and hard working, fought its way through the precarious first days of its existence to a securer hold on life, before the door the slip that was to be a tree, great and spreading, underwent the same process.

When passing years had given the youngster sufficient strength to toddle about the yard one of the chief of the innumerable wonders his round eyes beheld was the sturdy young "sugar tree." His first efforts at climbing were expended on it.

The hard maple is of slow growth, and this one at that time was not large, yet to the child it seemed of great size.

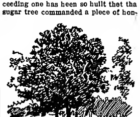
Through the years of his childhood his happiest hours were those spent in scrambling around over its limbs. As he grew older, large enough to take a part in the work in the fields, he found a new pleasure in the sugar tree. Resting in its shade during the noon period was a pleasing reprieve from the toil in the sunbaked fields.

The Man.

In time the boy reached man's estate and married, but as the young couple made the old place their home, the association between the twins was not interrupted by this momentous event in the man's life. It was in the tree's shade that the bridal party, on arriving at the house, halted to recuperate from the drive through the July heat. The grassy plot beneath it formed the parlor where friends and relatives were entertained on hot days.

When children came to the couple the young mother availed herself of the sugar tree's help in caring for them. A cradle or pallet underneath its boughs, and a mosquito net, insured baby a sound nap.

As time transformed these babies into children they, like their father before them, found their chief delight in clambering about over the tree, and now, though they are grown men and women, they still cherish a deep affection for it. Houses have come and gone from the yard, but each succeeding one has been so built that the sugar tree commanded a piece of honor before the front entrance. In planning changes in the place it is always taken into consideration. Nothing is done that may endanger its vigor or detract from its beauty in the least.



The Tree.

Mr. Hightower, or "Uncle Sam," as everyone calls him, is inclined to be old fashioned as regards the love of home, and has never traveled much, and in all the 63 years there has scarcely been a day that he has not seen the maple.

One Way of Being Anonymous.

New York.—Booker T. Washington, at the National Business league's convention in New York, praised the modesty of the anonymous giver. "But, of course," he added, with a smile, "when I praise anonymity I don't include the kind—common enough among philanthropists—that Deacon Brown of Loachapoka favored.

"Loachapoka is a small place not far from Tuskogee. Deacon Brown arose in the church there one Sunday morning to read a list of subscribers to the missionary fund. He began: 'Rev. Calhoun Travers, $10; Brother Stephan Pagat, $56; Sister Phoebe Rica, $7; anonymous donor, myself, $6.'"

Wireless Music.

New York.—A recent test of wireless telephony was made to show its value for transmitting music. Several selections were sung in a transmitter at Park avenue and Fortieth street, New York, and were listened to by a group of newspaper men at the Metropolitan Tower. At times the singing was very clear, but frequently it was impossible to hear anything but a confused b[illegible] of sound.

HIS LIVELIHOOD AT STAKE

Certainly Candidate for Governor Could Not Expect to Get That Vote.

An incident in which former Governor Odell of New York figured as the victim was told by Col. James Hamilton Lewis at a recent banquet.

"When Governor Odell was last running for office," said Colonel Lewis, "there had been a great deal of talk about Niagara Falls and the electrical power that could be conferred on all parts of New York. One day an old negro halted Mr. Odell and said:

"'Mr. Odell, is yo' runnin' for gov'nar, sah?'

"'I am,' answered the candidate.

"'I guess yo' want my vote, den,' said the colored man.

"'Well, I would like to have your vote, Zeb. I have known you for so many years.'

"'Well, I jist want to ask you a question, Mr. Odell, befo' I give mah vote to you. Are yo' for electric lights in die town?'

"'Well, Zeb, I am for all modern improvements,' said Odell, with a slight flourish.

"'Well, seh, I can't vote for you,' said Zeb with firmness. 'Yo' done forget dat I is a lamp lighter.'"

I TOLD MY FIANCEE THAT SHE WAS WORTH HER WEIGHT IN GOLD. SHE SAID "I WEIGHED ALMOST A TON WHEN I WAS TWO MONTHS OLD."

LOOK TO YOUR KIDNEYS.

When Suffering From Backache, Headaches and Urinary Troubles.

They are probably the true source of your misery. To keep well, you must keep your kidneys well. There is no better kidney remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills. They cure sick kidneys and cure them permanently.

Every Picture Tells A Story

Ernest Ulbright, Kellogg, Idaho, says: I was nearly dead with kidney trouble. I passed quantities of blood and lost 15 pounds in weight in three weeks. My bladder was so full of gravel I could not hold the urine. I passed several stones as large as a pea. I rapidly improved under the use of Doan's Kidney Pills and was soon well and strong."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

"Kin by Marriage."

A caller was talking to a small Harlem girl who is extravagantly fond of her mother. She likes her father well enough, but he is far from being first in her affections. The caller, knowing the situation, asked the child why she didn't love her father as she did her mother.

"Oh, you see," she explained, loftily, "he is only kin to us by marriage."

State of Ohio City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Exception.

"Doesn't your husband like cats, Mrs. Binks?"

"No, indeed. He hates all cats except a little kitty they have at his club."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Contrary Issues.

"So Blinks has had his income cut down?"

"Yes; that is why he is so much cut up."

A Hot Time.

"That fellow cooked his reports."

"I suppose that is how he happened to get into a stew."

Take as much pains to forget what we ought not to have learned as to retain what we ought not to forget.—Mason.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP

Buy Furs and Hides. Send for catalog 105. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Some people treat the sermon as a table d'hote dinner, picking out the things that will not agree with them.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When the pulpit gets into poetic clouds it misses the man on the pavement.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Weather resisting qualities combined with stylishness—

That's what you look for in shoes for winter wear. One-piece heels, solid long-process tanned soles, and the skill of the master worker make

"Gitche-Gamee" Shoes of Honest Leather

The shoes for sloppy *as well* as sunny weather. They keep your feet warm and dry.

Made in all styles and shapes, 'Gitche Gamee' shoes look well and wear well. Your dealer will be *glad* to sell you a pair because you will want them *always!*

$4.00

FREE for the asking, a style book for Fall 1910 and a handy little pocket mirror

NORTHERN SHOE CO.
DULUTH, MINN.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

Once a Rayo user, always one

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

W. L. Douglas

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Full courses in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

School in session all year. For full information, address, F. L. WATKINS, Fargo, N. D.

THE MURRAY INSTITUTE—NOT A 3 DAY CURE

but something better. A positive cure for all drug, liquor and tobacco habits. It costs no more to stay 2, 3 or 4 weeks here than for 3 days at a "3 Day Cure." Send for our free booklet explaining all. THE MURRAY INSTITUTE, Fargo, North Dakota.

PATENT your ideas. 64-page book and advice FREE. Established 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D.C.

WANTED Live, hustling agents to sell an attractive lot and land proposition. Big money. R. B. Clark, Sales Mgr., Hamlin, Tex.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

TAKE A DOSE OF PISO'S THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

ROOSEVELT'S OWN BOOK

"African Game Trails"

Wanted! by thousands for Christmas and New Years. Needed! A man in every place to take it to the families in his locality. Offered! Monopoly of field and high Commission. Take the great chance and write for prospectus now to CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, 153 (R. S.) Fifth Avenue, New York.

Wanted at Once One person in each town to make money at home addressing envelopes for Xmas and New Years trade. Easy work. Permanent if satisfactory. Send a dime for outfit and instructions. The Avon Co., Herrick, Kans.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 45–1910.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Attorney Perl W. Mabey of Thief River Falls.

A. G. Breger of Crookston was in town today.

Chas Nelson of St. Hilaire was in town Friday.

S. M. Siverlson was over from Crookston today.

K. O. Kigstal of St. Hilaire was in town yesterday.

Benefit ball at M. B. A. hall next Wednesday evening.

For Rent One 8 room flat. Inquire at Findeisen's Office.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm Beausolel. tf

Mr. and Mrs Remick have moved to a farm near Fertile and will reside there in the future

P. L. Malvin is at Crookston this week in attendance at the meeting of the State dairymen's association.

S. M. Sivertson and J. J. Padden were over from Crookston Sunday, making the trip in Mr. Sivertson's car.

Ovide Emard visited over Sunday at Moorhead with his daughter, Miss Beatrice, who is attending the normal.

E. A. Mittwer went to Crookston last evening, returning this morning.

H. H. Zaiser returned Saturday from a business trip to Federal Dam.

Miss Mayme Laurent visited with relatives at Crookston this week.

Sheriff L. A. Nelson made an official visit to Thief River Falls yesterday.

J. D. Houston returned Sunday from a business trip to Rock Island, Illinois.

William Beausoliel of this city went to Gully Saturday, returning Monday.

There will be no services or mass at St. Joseph's church Sunday, Nov. 13.

Miss Addie Peterson of Fisher was the guest this week of the Misses Hanson.

Mrs. J. J. Padden and children of Crookston are spending the week at the Schreiter home.

Five horse power gasoline engine for sale cheap. Call at the Gazette office and see it.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Saltre, Crookston, Minn. tf

The members of the local M. B. A. lodge enjoyed a dance at their hall last Friday evening.

The Big Store has the agency for the Bell Brand Rubbers. The best there is and not as high as some.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton was attending to legal matters at Crookston last evening and today.

Mrs. Christensen of Hubbard county is here for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A.S. Worden.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, every will hereafter make reguler trips and week. tf

You can appreciate the dollar you save. If deposited in the Merchants State Bank it will grow constantly day and night and Sunday.

For Sale: One Self Feeding, Gold Coin, base burner coal stove in first class condition.—Mrs. Wm. Findeisen.

Freund's orchestra furnished music for a dance and basket social at M. W. A. hall, Brooks, Monday evening.

Wanted—Man to dig pit in cellar. About two days work at $2 per. Must have tools. Inquire Mittwer's Hardware.

Ernest Fletcher, who is now a student at the college of law at the North Dakota University, was at home today.

County Attorney Wm. Michelet has been down from Thief River Falls this week for the session of district court.

New belts, belt and hat pins, barrettes, purses, etc., at the Big Store; also a sale on kid gloves, $1.50 gloves for 98c.

Mrs. Jos. Jamm and Miss Stella Marchildon, who were guests at the Geo. Marchildon home, returned to Two Harbors Monday,

Paul Carpenter, a student at the agricultural college, was the guest over Sunday of Mr. Swedberg of the high school faculty.

Spring calf came to my place, Terrebonne, about three months ago. Owner please call and pay expenses—R. St. Marie.

For fine apples go to LaBissoniere's. A few bulk left from the car at $1.25. Jonathans, Greenings, Belleflowers. Red Cheeks, etc.

G. G. Kindseth went to Crookston last evening and will remain a few days assisting with the Red Lake Falls Milling company's office work.

For Sale—Good unimproved 160 acres of land on Sec. 6 and 5, Badger twp, Polk county, Minnesota. Price $3,500,—$1500 cash, five years on balance. W. R. Nance, Hopkins, Mo. S

A new lot of Palmer Coats expected in a few days. Our first lot all sold out. Have you yours yet? A job lot of furs at nearly half price.—The Big Store.

Henry Bruenslag of Davenport, Iowa, is in town today. Mr. Bruenslag is interested in Red Lake county real estate, both as owner and real estate dealer.

Wanted—A first class fresh milch cow, not over five years old. Must be gentle and easy, fully guaranteed, and sold subject to trial.—Enquire Gazette Office.

Our stock of overcoats is the finest we ever had. Fine Blacks besides the Auto coats with convertible collars. Two coats in one $7.00 to $25.00.—The Big Store.

The Royal Neighbors will give a card party at their hall Friday evening, Nov. 18. A basket lunch will be served. Each Neighbor has the privilege of inviting two friends.

A large number of people from all over the county are in town today for the session of district court, some being here to serve as jurors and others because of interest in some litigation.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Fournet went to Crookston Tuesday evening to attend the opening of the new Grand opera house on which occasion Margaret Illington appeared in "The Whirlwind."

Miss Lorene Zaiser and Homer F. Mussey were at Crookston Tuesday evening to see Margaret Illington in "The Whirlwind," the opening attraction at the new Grand opera house.

C. H. Martz, D. Patterson and K. O. Gigstad were down from St. Hilaire Friday making report to the county auditor on some ditch work on which they had been employed as engineer and viewer.

L. C. Simons, president of the recently organized Farmers National Bank, was up from St. Paul the first of the week to meet with the bank directors and arrange for the opening of the bank next week.

Dana M. Easton, formerly of Warren and well known here, now special agent for the United States Fidelity and Guaranty company, was in town today attending to some business matters for his company.

J. D. Houston has sold his farm near Wylie, the N½ of section 24, Polk Centre, to Jos. Wild of Rock Island, Ill. Mr. Wild and his family will come to Red Lake county in the spring and will live on the farm.

Wm. Quesnel will sell his personal property at public auction on his farm, the S. E. ¼ of Section 32, Terrebonne township, Thursday, Nov. 17. A large amount of live stock, farm machinery, etc., will be sold.

If you don't look our line of shoes over before buying you are not doing yourself justice. Utz & Dun's for Ladies, O'Donnell's for Men, nothing better or finer, nothing with more style produced.—The Big Store.

The relatives of the late Mrs. O. Haule desire to express to neighbors and friends their sincere thanks for an appreciation of the many acts of kindness and sympathy shown them in their recent bereavement.

We have the largest line of ladies' kid gloves we ever carried. Every size in every shade, kids, napas suedes, mochas, lined and unlined, we have them all. All in the famous Simmons line, $1.00 up.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

The relatives of the late Mrs. Thomas Crompe, sr. desire, by this means, to express their sincere thanks for and appreciation of the many acts of neighborly kindness and sympathy shown them in their recent bereavement.

Buy A MONARCH

MALLEABLE RANGE!

It Pays For Itself.

BUYING a Monarch Range is like investing a little money at such a splendid interest that it pays back the principal in a year or so, and then for unlimited years brings a return of from 25 to 50 per cent.

Because—

A Monarch requires but little more than one-half the fuel burned up by a "steel range" of the common type. Moreover, it does away with the usual repair bills—saves much time—eliminates the hard part of kitchen work—and in addition it does its work so well it satisfies as no other can.

You don't have to take our word for these things

Investigate for yourself the way the Monarch is built. Let us show you how the Malleable iron and steel plates are riveted together, making air-tight joints without the use of STOVE PUTTY. See the brightly polished top and body, which will retain their fine appearance forever without the use of stove blacking. Also notice the duplex draft and other exclusive features. These things PROVE our statements.

Monarch
MALLEABLE
The "Stay Satisfactory" Range

Steel Ranges built in the ordinary way are wasteful—extravagant

They are not made in the right way nor even of the right kind of material. It is not wise to buy one, nor even to continue to use one, though you may have had it only a few years. Its seams have already opened up—the stove bolts worked loose, the putty has fallen out and these "air leaks" into the flues and firebox cause a waste of fuel every year equal to a large part of the cost of a Monarch.

HUNT HARDWARE COMPANY
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

A Personal Word To Intending Buyers

In ranges as well as other lines, we aim to handle the best to be had. Our many years' experience in the range business has acquainted us with all makes of ranges and we know that the Monarch is the one and only range that could justify the above claim.

Farmers National Bank

OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

Organized under the laws of the United States, with a capital stock of $25,000.00, under governmental control and inspection, The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls opens its doors to the public on

Monday Morning, November 14

Your business is solicited on the evidence of stability that the charter from the United States government and the personnel of its officers and directors gives to the institution. The stockholders of The Farmers National Bank are local men whose financial and business standings are so well known that the public may readily judge of the soundness of the institution. Your business is invited, will be appreciated and will have our careful attention. Your time deposits and checking accounts are invited.

Make the Farmers National your banking home

Officers

L. C. Simons, President; Sam E. Hunt, Vice-president; Rev. E. Fayolle, Vice-president; W. B. Cheshire, Cashier; Walter Quesnelle, Assistant Casbier.

Directors

L. C. Simons, Sam E. Hunt, Rev. E. Fayolle, J. E. Argue, W. B. Cheshire, Jos. Salley, C. N. Bourdon.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

J. D. Houston has sold the Herman Leader farm northwest of town to a man residing at Rock Island, Illinois. The new owner of the farm and his family will come to Red Lake county in a few days and will live on the farm.

C. R. Billings of Halstad, Minn., was the guest last week of Mr. Swedberg of the high school faculty. Mr. Swedberg is a statistician in the employ of the federal government with headquarters at Halstead. Mr. Billings is one of four statisticians employed in the state state securing statistics on agricultural products, live stock, etc.

"Ouch—my shoes hurt my feet." How often you hear this expression after a person has gotten a new pair of shoes, worn them and gotten them damp. It is because the shoes have shrunk and are pulled out of shape that they have become "foot-torturers." But with the Gotzian Shoe, which is sold in Red Lake Falls by Mat Skala this shrinking and stretching out of shape is impossible. When the Gotzian shoe is made the leather is pulled tightly over the wooden last (over which all shoes are made) taking out all the stretch and the leather which is moist is allowed to dry thoroughly while on these lasts where it can't shrink or pull out of shape. That's why the Gotzian shoe "Fits like your footprint."

Mrs. O. Houle.

Mrs. O. Houle, who suffered a stroke of paralysis while trading at LaBissoniere's store, Tuesday, Nov. 1, died Friday Nov. 4. Following her sudden illness, Mrs. Houle was taken to the home of her sister, Mrs. Jos. Lachance, where she was cared for until her death.

The funeral was held at St. Joseph's church Monday, Nov, 14, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating and interment was at the church cemetery.

Mrs. Houle had resided in southern Red Lake county for many years and had many friends who will be pained to learn of her death. She is survived by two sisters and seven brothers, one of whom is Noel Delorme of this city. All of the brothers and sisters except one, Mrs. Lafromboise of North Yakima, Wash., reside in this vicinity.

Can You Guess?

At Thief River Falls there were four votes against county division and forty "spoiled ballots." It is difficult to understand how so many mistakes could be made after so vigorous an educational campaign on "how to mark your ballot" had been conducted.

If there had been any contests for the county offices it would be easier to understand how forty intelligent Thief River voters could spoil their ballots in marking them.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

BENEFIT BALL.

M. B. A. Lodge Members Will Aid Fire Sufferers.

The members of the M.B.A. lodge will give a benefit ball at their hall next Wednesday evening, the proceeds of which will go to the M. B. A. lodge at Spooner, the lodge there having lost its property in the recent fire. Tickets will be 50 cents. There will be good music and all are invited.

MALVIN HONORED.

Elected Vice President State Buttermakers Association.

Just at the hour of going to press, the Gazette gets the news by wire that P. L. Malvin of this city was elected vice president of the Minnesota State Dairymen's association in convention at Crookston today.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Robertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Met Skala
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schreiter
Jos Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.
Fournet Furniture Store.

Sick, but Not Seasick.

Thomas Brown was about to take a short sea voyage. Thomas hated the sea and all that's in it with a twenty-two carat hatred, for he suffered horribly when on the briny ocean, but he had to go, and there was no help for it. This time, however, he determined to put a new seasickness cure theory into practice, and no sooner had he got on board then he stowed himself away in his bunk and slept like a top till early next morning. He felt in perfect trim and went up on deck beaming with delight.

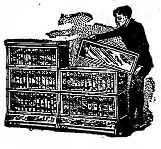
"I've found a certain cure for seasickness, captain," he announced to that individual. "Go to your bunk as soon as you get aboard and don't show your nose out of it until you are near your destination. It worked like a charm with me. I haven't had a qualm all night. Why, what are you laughing at?"

"Oh, nothing," said the captain, "only the machinery broke down just as we were starting, and we haven't moved out of dock all night. The other passengers were transferred, but we didn't know you were aboard."

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon

Wheat	$ .90
Durum	.76
Rye	.62
Oats	.26
Flax	2.43
Barley	.59
Potatoes, new	.75
Eggs	.27
Butter, dairy	.28



Isn't it about time to discard that old, clumsy, solid bookcase that never accomodated your books or your space, and start a Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Bookcase?

FOURNET FURNITURE STORE
Red Lake Falls "One Price to All." Crookston

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the City Hall Oct. 13, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Northern Culvert Co., Culverts	$ 46.20
Julius Kuehl, street work	17.25
Cleophas Guerin, street work	8.25
Otto Zaiser, Street work	21.37
John Delorge, services as Peace officer Primary election	3.00
Red River Power Co., lighting for Sept 1910	72.30
A. P. Tonpin & Son., Insurance	16.40
John Brier, services as Fire Warden	9.00
Red River Power Co., 1 32 lamp	.40
Otto Zaiser, services as Street Com'r	13.20

On motion carried the bill of Hussey and Goedker was referred to the street committee.

Alderman Hunt offered the following resolution and moved its adoption duly seconded by Alderman Hennings—

(Resolution fixing amounts of benefits by reason of construction of cement sidewalks published elsewhere.)

The following resolution offered by Alderman Hennings.

Resolved that all sidewalks to be constructed in the city, unless oherwise specially odered shall be constructed of cement.

Resolution unanimously adopted.

A communication from Mayor J. A. Duffy asking the city to make a cash donation to the fire sufferers of the nothern part of the state was read:

The following resolution by Aldermen Crompe who moved its adoption was unanimously adopted.

Resolved that the sum of $50.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the special fund of the city to aid the fire sufferers of the northern part of the state and that the City Clerk and the Mayor be and they are hereby authorized and instructed to draw an order on the City treasurer for that amount and to forward the same to the proper committee.

An ordinance to amend section one (1) of Ordinance numbered Sixteen (16), of the city of Red Lake Falls establishing fire limits in the city of Red Lake Falls, passed its third reading, and on motion duly carried, was adopted, same being designated and numbered as "Ordinance No. 88."

On motion meeting adjourned,

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 2nd day of November, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.
Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Ferdinand Pepin

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ferdinend Pepin, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Sarah Pepin, Philamine Pepin Mosseau, Joseph Pepin, Millie Pepin Huot, Alvina Pepin Gardner, David Pepin, George Pepin, Josephine Pepin Carpenter, Jo Pepin, Louis Pepin, Willie Pepin, Maguire Pepin, Alex Pepin, Ferdinand Pepin, Mary Pepin, Theodore Pepin and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Louis Pepin being duly filed in this court, representing that Ferdinand Pepin, then a resident of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, died on the 20th day of September, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters Testamentary be issued thereon to Louis Pepin, Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of December, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Ira C. Richardson Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this third day of November, 1910.

{ Court }
{ Seal. }
IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Judge.

F. L. FARLEY,
Attorney for Petitioner.
n10-21

His Conundrum.

It was during the prune course at the boarding house breakfast table. The thin man spoke:

"I've got a new one this morning. Why is a one cent stamp like a sloop?"

"Because," began the stenographer, with her eyes on the ceiling.

"No; that's not the reason," said the thin man.

"My guess is because a sale makes it go," suggested the fat boarder at the end of the table.

"Very good," said the thin man, "but not the correct answer."

"Well, we give it up," came in chorus.

"Because it's a single sticker," said the thin man as he began to dodge things.—Yonkers Statesman.

Pastor's Bad Example.

The intemperate citizen had promised the clergyman that he would that night take just another drink and come to service on the morrow.

On Monday the clergyman chided the citizen for not having kept his word. "You promised me you'd take just another drink; see how many you've had since."

"Yes," retorted the man astutely, "yesterday morning you said, 'Now, just another word,' and see how many more you gave us after that."—Widow.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 8

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

NEARLY SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND

Remarkable Showing made by Red Lake Falls Banks In Statements This Week.

More Than $582000 on Deposit in Two Local Banking Institutions.

In the quarterly statements published in this issue of the Gazette the First State Bank and the Merchant's State Bank made a remarkable showing of bank deposits. There is on deposit in the Merchants State Bank over $272000 and in the First State Bank over $310,000. This is an increase of more than $50,000, each institution increasing its deposits by about $25,000 since the publication of the last report.

This showing indicates a healthy financial condition in southern Red Lake county. Few cities the size of Red Lake Falls make so good a showing.

STICKERS STICK.

Saugstad Goes to Senate From Polk by That Route.

A. D. Stephens, the political war horse of Crookston and Polk county, was defeated for re-election to the state senate. Saugstad, who defeated Stephens, got there by the sticker route by a majority of 230, and at that, some of the stickers didn't stick. A number of ballots were thrown out because the stick were not properly attached.

The victory was a decided one, since Stephens had won in the primary election and had the advantage of having his name printed on the general election ballot, while Saugstad was defeated in the primary election and his friends were compelled to get his name on the ballot with gum paper in the hands of the voters.

County option was the big issue of the Polk county campaign and the optionists have won a victory.

County division was defeated by a majority of 289.

TO GAZETTE PATRONS.

The firm of Klug & Baker as publishers of the Gazette is succeeded today by C. R. C. Baker, who has purchased the half-interest owned by John E. King.

Owing to the change it is essential that accounts be balanced at once. Those having bills against the firm are requested to present them at once, and we trust those owing the Gazette will call as promptly as possible and make settlement.

DEER ARE PLENTIFUL

A Number Killed In Country East of Town.

Deer are more plentiful in Red Lake county this fall than for many seasons. A number have been killed in the country east of town. It has been reported that farmers have killed half a dozen or more since last Thursday, the day the season opened. Tuesday a hunting party consisting of E. G. Buse, Clem Brunelle and P. B. Gaass brought in a young buck. Clem fired the fatal shot and he could not help bagging his game for he shot in a whole flock of deer. On Monday Oliver and Henry Belair and George and Fred Cyr drove ten or twelve miles east and returned with a young doe. The killing of a number of deer has excited the sportsmen and it is said that the roads and runaways between this city and Plummer are lined with hunters looking for big game.

WANT NEW COUNTIES

Fosston and McIntosh are Ambitious Would-be County Seat Towns.

The second petition in a week for the division of Polk county was filed with the Secretary of State Schmahl Monday, and there undoubtedly will be an effort by the petitioners to have the petition which was filed last week by the McIntosh people declared illegal and void.

The petition filed Monday asks for a vote on the question of creating Roosevelt county out of eastern Polk county, with Fosston as its county seat. The petition filed last week asks for a vote on the creation of Columbia county with McIntosh as its county seat. The territory of the two proposed counties is nearly the same. Only one petition can be voted on at one time and that only at the general election in the fall. The first petition filed that complies with the law in every respect will have to be voted on and the other is cast aside.

The petitioners for Roosevelt county will allege that signers for the Columbia county petition were obtained on election day or before and will endeavor to show that any signatures obtained before the result of the last election was known are invalid. A petition for the creation of Park county with Erskine as the county seat was voted on and defeated last Tuesday.

IMPROVEMEMT AT MERCHANTS STATE

Marble Fixtures, Tiled Floor and Hot Water Plant to be Put In.

When Work Is Completed Bank Will be One of Finest in Northwest.

Extensive improvements are to be made in the Merchants State Bank building soon. The directors of the bank have long contemplated improving the banking rooms and now it is to be done on an elaborate scale. Modern fixtures are to be put in, the interior is to be remodeled and a hot water heating plant installed.

A few weeks ago an order was placed for marble fixtures and other equipment. The floors of the outside and inside lobbies will be tiled and marble wainscoating will line the walls and all of the woodwork of the interior will be replaced by hard wood finished in keeping with the fixtures.

The work will be commenced in a few weeks and when completed the Merchants State will have one of the finest bank homes in the northwest.

Short Course for Farm Students

AT THE
Red Lake Falls State High School

For 4 school months beginning Monday, November 28, and extending to Friday, March 31, omitting two weeks for vacation during the holiday season.

Contents of the Course.

For Young Men	*For Young Ladies*
Farm Arithmetic	Farm Arithmetic
Agriculture	Agriculture
English	English
Local Government	Local Government
Business Law	Business Law
Carpentry	Cooking and Sewing

Requirement for Entrance

The student must be at least 14 years of age.

Cost

No tuition nor text-book fee will be charged. The course will be free.

As the enrollment in the course is to be limited strictly to 15 students, application should be made AT ONCE either by letter or in person to City Supt. L. V. Koos.

Write for circular describing the course.

THEY DOUBLE-CROSSED US

Returns Show That Eighty-Eight Votes Were Spoiled at Thief River Falls.

Proposition to Divide County Carried by Majority of 102.

The official canvass of the election returns was completed by the canvassing board this morning and and some very interesting figures are found. The total vote cast—not counting the "spoiled" ballots—was 3722, by far the largest vote in the history of the county. The county division proposition received a majority of 102—and at Thief River Falls there were eighty-eight "spoiled" ballots.

What do you think?

People who had watched the fight closely had estimated that at Thief River Falls there would be not far from one hundred votes against division. That's hitting it pretty close, isn't it? There were six votes counted against division and eighty-eight ballots were "spoiled."

And what of it? The Gazette may tell you more about that in a later issue.

Following is the official vote on the county division proposition and on governor:

Bray	33	4	24	7
Black River	9	56	30	31
Clover Leaf	41	1	18	12
Deer Park	19	53	37	19
Emardville		40	8	23
Equality	1	102	55	30
Garnes		52	23	28
Gervais		65	24	32
Goodridge	19	1	6	12
Hickory	18	10	16	6
Highlanding	74	12	36	19
Kratka	63	13	43	17
Lake Pleasant		98	42	38
Lambert	1	106	67	29
Louisville		86	44	31
Mayfield	19	24	18	19
Norden	60	1	24	13
North	101	0	67	23
Numedel	25	5	10	13
Polk Centre	14	57	43	18
Poplar River	4	126	66	46
Red Lake Falls tp	1	75	34	37
Reiner	32	9	26	22
River Falls	10	60	64	36
Rocksbury	107	13	27	6
Sanders	52	12	45	15
Silverton	65	1	43	15
Smiley	83	4	59	22
Star	45	1	25	4
Terrebonne	1	139	24	109
Wyandotte	31	24	34	15
Plummer	3	43	27	16
St. Hilaire	8	67	33	24
Red Lake Falls—				
1st ward	1	90	39	40
2nd ward	1	111	55	49
3rd ward	1	254	100	93
Thief River Falls—				
1st pre. 1st ward	231	0	127	60
2nd pre. 1st ward	316	3	169	77
2 ward	145	3	81	40
3rd ward	290	1	130	100

Total county division, yea 1924.
Total county division, no 1822
Total vote on governor, Eberhart 1849; Gray 1246.

MEN SHOOT JAWS OFF.

Two Men Mutilate Themselves in Horrible Manner.

A report from Hallock dated Saturday says: Ben and Clay Smith came to Ole Paulson's place on the Red river Thursday carrying a gun. Each had his lower jaw shot off in exactly the same way. Their faces were a bloody mass, tongues shot off and their jaws a mass of broken flesh and bones.

Coroner Muir at Hallock was phoned for and he had them taken to the Drayton, North Dakota, hospital.

They were still very much intoxicated, but when he asked one how the shooting was done he scrawled on a piece of paper "He was drunk and so was he, he shot himself and so did 1, on purpose."

They came from Iowa this fall and have been working, threshing and when the cold weather came engaged in trapping on the Red river ten miles west of Hallock.

The young men are 25 years of age. One may recover, but if he does, his face will be forever disfigured and he will be unable to talk. But it is feared that his jaw will never be in shape to chew food again.

Cheap Power.

Owing to the installation of all day electric service, the Gazette has a five horse power gasoline engine that will be sold very cheap. Just the thing for grinding feed, pumping water, sawing wood, etc. The farmer who buys this engine will get a snap. Better come in and look at the engine.

GENTILLY SCORES AGAIN.

Next to Highest Average in State Scoring Contest.

Winners in the butter and cheese scoring contests conducted by the State Dairy and Food commission during the past six months were announced by Andrew French, commissioner, Saturday. Several hundred persons started in the contest and ninety finished. The prizes which will be awarded have not been decided upon, but will be announced within the next two weeks.

Gabriel Berrow of Gentilly received next to the highest average score on cheese for five monthly contests; his average score was 95.5. J. J. Rock of Pine Island scored 96, and Younggen, also of Pine Island, scored 94.83.

COURT HAS ADJOURNED

Work of the October General Term of District Court Completed Yesterday.

District court adjourned yesterday, the work of October term having been completed. The jurymen were discharged Tuesday, all jury cases having been disposed of at that time.

In the case of the J. I. Case Threshing Machine company vs. D. Linnihan and J. F. Gray, the court ordered judgement of $738 for plaintiff.

In the case of Samuel V. Bailey vs. Anton Homlka, an action to recover on a promisory note, the the court ordered judgement of $126.83 for the plaintiff.

Thos. F. Connors was the defendant in a suit to recover commission for sale of a piece of land, E. W. Komarek being the plaintiff. The jury returned a verdict for the defendant.

In the case of P. B. Gaass vs. Lydia E. Howle the jury brought in a verdict of $160 and interest for plaintiff.

The case of Dahlin vs. St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry., an action to determine title to land, was settled, the company giving the plaintiff a deed to the land.

Aime Benoit brought action against the Great Northern Railway company to recover because of damages to ground caused by overflow of Clearwater river alleged to be due to the construction of a railroad grade in this city. Plaintiff got verdict for $125.

The only criminal case of importance was that of State vs. A. N. Daly. Daly was charged with grand larceny in the second degree. It was a complicated business transaction that landed Daly in the county jail. Daly "bought" a team of horses and gave a check in payment. The check was drawn for a larger amount than the price of the team and Daly got a check in "change." The Daly check was not honored because of no funds when the local bank people wired for information and that brought about the arrest of the defendant. In court Daly testified that he would have had money at the bank by the time the check arrived and the cashier said that might have been the case—and with that testimony the jurymen decided they could not convict and the jury brought in a verdict of acquittal.

SALE OF LANDS POSTPONED.

Order Affecting the Eleven Towns in Red Lake County.

The United States land office at Crookston has received the following communication from Fred Dennet, of the general land office at Washington:

"I have to advise you that on October 12, last, the Department approved a recommendation of this office postponing the sale of the eleven townships in the western part of the Red Lake Diminished Reservation, opened under the Act of February 20, 1904 (33 Stats. L. 46), pending legislation by Congress.

"This action was taken at the request of Senator Clapp and Representative Steenerson."

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon

Wheat	$ .94
Durum	.79
Rye	.63
Oats	.26
Flax	2.42
Barley	.60
Potatoes, new	.75
Butter, dairy	.28
Eggs, fresh	.27
Eggs, packed	.20

CYR-HELM NUPTIALS.

Well Known Young People Married Tuesday.

Two well known and popular young people of this city, Miss Laura Cyr and Mr. Jos. J. Helm, were married Tuesday morning. The wedding ceremony was performed at St. Mary's church at nine o'clock, Rev. Fr. Conrad officiating. The attendants were Miss Elsie Manley and Mr. John Helm. At eleven o'clock a wedding dinner was serv- at the Cyr home after which the bridal party drove to Crookston in an automobile and Mr. Helm and his bride left on a wedding trip. They will visit with relatives in St. Paul and Long Prairie. Upon their return they will go to housekeeping in the Cyr house and will be at home to friends after Dec. 15.

Mr. and Mrs. Helm have numerous friends in the city and county who are glad of the opportunity to offer congratulations and best wishes.

Coming in Aeroplane.

I have so many homes to visit and my reindeers are getting so old that I am going to try an aeroplane. I hope to reach my headquarters for Red Lake Falls, The Sunshine, on schedule time. As I am getting old and have many calls to make, my many friends in Red Lake Falls and vicinity are requested to call at my headquarters in Red Lake Falls, The Sunshine, and make your wants known to the proprietor, Mr. Christenson, and deliveries will be made from there in my new aeroplane to all my little friends.

Lovingly yours,
Santa Claus.

JOHN W. EASTMAN

Editor of Thief River Falls News Died Suddenly Yesterday Morning.

John W. Eastman, editor of the Thief River Falls News, died suddenly at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning. Mr. Eastman had been ill less than two weeks and the announcement of his death came as a surprise to his friends. About ten days ago Mr. Eastman was taken ill with typhoid fever. Later there was an improvement in his condition but he suffered a relapse, pneumonia set in, and death resulted after a very brief illness.

Mr. Eastman had been engaged in newspaper work at Thief River Falls for about fifteen years and was widely known in northern Minnesota.

Funeral services will be held at Thief River Falls at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon. The services will be in charge of the Masonic fraternity of which order Mr. Eastman was a member. Interment will be at Thief River Falls. Mr. Eastman is survived by his widow. There are no children.

VOTES COMING IN

Candidates Took Advantage of Special Offer on Subscriptions Last Week.

So many votes were cast in the Gazette's contest last week before the close of the special offer Saturday that the contest editor was overcome at the prospect of having to do so much counting and decided to take another week for it. The standings of candidates will be announced next week—and then for the last lap in the race.

From now on every candidate should conduct a strenuous campaign. Hundreds of our subscribers are waiting for some one to ask them for their subscriptions and votes. Come in and find out who they are.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garcean & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mat Skala
L. E. Erickson.
W. A. Schreiter
Jos Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.
Fournet Furniture Store.

A TIGHT LID ON INDIAN COUNTRY

Order Affects All Territory Covered by the Indian Treaty of 1855.

Shipment of Liquor Forbidden—Bemidji, Cass Lake and Other Towns Affected.

A vast stretch of territory in Northern Minnesota, comprising about one sixth of the area of the entire state, is made completely "dry" by the latest orders of "Pussyfoot" Johnson, agent of the Bureau of Indian Affairs at Washington. This order is being carried out to the letter by the common carriers. Railroad and express companies operating through that district are refusing all liquor shipments.

Prohibition, as the word is understood, never made a locality so "dry" as the latest order of the famous Indian agent, provided that order is brought into effect, and all signs point to the conclusion that it will be. The latest order of Mr. Johnson absolutely forbids a man to step upon an inch of that Northern Minnesota territory with a bottle of liquor in his pocket. No person is allowed to bring liquor within that region at all.

This vast district includes Becker, Hubbard and Cass counties, and parts of Crow Wing, Aitkin, Pine, Carlton, St. Louis Itasca, Koochiching, Beltrami, Clearwater, Mahnomen, Polk, Norman, Clay, Otter Tail and Wadena counties. The chief cities and towns are Brainerd, Hibbing, Ada, Bemidji, Hawley, Lake Park, Detroit, Frazee, Perham, Cass Lake, Grand Rapids, Park Rapids, Aitkin and Walker. Three thriving breweries in this territory will be put out of business.

By issuing this order covering strictly the limits of the 1855 treaty territory, Mr Johnson considers that he is complying with the recent order of Secretary of State Ballinger to the effect that the anti-liquor treaty provisions must be enforced without discrimination. Mr. Ballinger overruled the former method by which Mr. Johnson sought to surround the Indians with "dry" territory, by placing certain "dry zones" about their homes.

In an interview at Washington Secretary Ballinger has expressed his approval of the work of the Indian agent.

DEATH OF PIONEER.

Joseph Brohman Passed Away Suddenly Sunday.

Joseph Brohman, one of the pioneer settlers of Red Lake county, died at his home in this city Sunday morning at 9:45 o'clock. Mr. Brohman had been ill only a few days and his condition was not considered serious until a short time before his death.

Mr. Brohman was born in Ontario, Canada, and was seventy-two years old last August. Twenty-seven years ago he came to the states and lived a short time at Long Grass and at Fartila. Twenty-four years ago the family moved to Lambert in this county, then a part of Polk county. The family lived there until five or six years ago, since which time Mr. and Mrs. Brohman have lived in this city, the children having grown and moved away.

Deceased is survived by the widow and eight children, six of whom were here for the funeral. Those who were here are Mrs. House of Marinat, Wis., Mrs. Nepper of Lindsay, Minn., Mrs. Hudson who lives in this city, Wendell J. and George of Grand Forks and Henry of Sandburn, N. Dak.

A daughter, Mrs. Ochstadt, and one son, Anthony, were unable to be here for the funeral.

Funeral services were held at 10 o'clock Wednesday at St. Joseph's church, of which deceased was a member, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating.

Only two weeks ago Frank Brohman, a son of the deceased, died. He passed away while undergoing an operation for cancer at a Grand Forks hospital.

The friends of the bereaved family sympathize with them in the double affliction that has come to them.

Red Lake Falls Gazette
KING & BAKER, Publishers.
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE BRIEF BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Assistant postmasters who hope to be transferred into the permanent service of the government under the civil service recently issued by President Taft must first stand a rigid examination as to their efficiency.

Captain Robert E. Peary, the Arctic explorer, returns to active duty in the navy department on November 9 as engineer expert of the department to practice in cases before the bureau of claims involving construction work for the naval bureau of yards and docks.

A long line of detailed questions to answer in connection with the investigation of the general increases in railroad rates has been forwarded by the interstate commerce commission to all the railroads in the official classification, western trunk line, trans-Missouri and Illinois freight territories.

The establishment of through routes and joint rates from Chicago, St. Louis and other Mississippi river points and from Denver and Pueblo, covering the shipment of all commodities and classes of freight moving to points on the Nevada Southern railroad from Chicago and Eastern points through Chicago is asked in a petition filed with the interstate commerce commission.

Some idea of the vast amount of work that is done in the government printing office annually can be gained from the figures just completed from the type composition for last year. More than 3,000 tons of type metal were used in making 1,963,899,000 ems of type of every description. If the individual lines of type were placed end to end they would stretch out over a distance of 31,000 miles.

Foreign.

A dispatch from Paris to the London Daily Telegraph says a rumor is current that a revolution has broken out in Madrid. No confirmation of this rumor has reached London.

The first case of yellow fever ever known in Honolulu has been discovered aboard the Japanese liner Hong Kong Maru, which arrived there October 30 from Manzanillo, Mexico.

The new republic of Portugal is threatened with a military revolution. The Second and Fifth regiments addressed a round robin to Provisional President Braga declaring that they were not granted the promised promotions and pensions for helping overthrow the monarchy.

It is understood that the new French cabinet, although it does not oppose the principles of trades unionism, will propose a law for enactment, declaring strikes by employes in the public service and by state employes to be illegal and providing a penalty for persons engaged in such movements.

Senor Franco, ex-premier of Portugal, who held office at the time King Carlos and Crown Prince Louis were assassinated in 1908, has been arrested on the charge of abuse of power during his incumbency. It is declared by the government that it did not inspire the arrest of Franco, but that it was the result of an investigation held by the judiciary.

General.

Women of Cincinnati ask that they have representation in the city detective force.

Gifford Pinchot says the people are rebelling against the present order of things.

Fourteen deaths due to smallpox having occurred at Saginaw, Mich., within a month.

Iowa farms in the last decade have decreased in number, but their value has enormously increased.

An American loan of $50,000,000 to the Chinese government has been consummated in New York.

Governor Stubbs of Kansas was the star witness at the Chicago interstate commerce rate hearing.

The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent.

The Uruguay revolutionary leaders have agreed to disperse and disarm, provided the candidacy of Jose Battle y Ordomez for the presidency is withdrawn.

Al. Livingstone, the automobile speeder, was killed on the Atlanta track while taking a practice spin.

Melton Prior, the British war correspondent and artist, who saw service in twenty-four campaigns and revolutions, is dead.

Memorial services for the late Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver of Iowa were held in Washington in the Foundry Methodist church.

The Jewish quarters in Shiraz, the capital of the province of Fars, Persia, have been sacked by Khasgais. Eleven Jews were killed and 5,000 are destitute.

The Mexican government is aiding in the search for Grace Roipb, the Nebraska girl kidnaped by a Mexican.

Determined to ascertain the exact number of people in Tacoma, Chief Statistician Hunt, of the census bureau, has gone to that city.

Edward N. Whitson, judge of the United States circuit court of the eastern district of Washington, died at Spokane.

Divorce decrees granted in South Dakota are not "legal tender" in the District of Columbia, according to a decision rendered by Justice Stafford in the district supreme court.

Mr. Bryan has been making some speeches in Speaker Cannon's Illinois district.

President Taft will be furnished election bulletins as he journeys from Cincinnati to Washington the night of November 8.

Three aviators made successful flights around the statue of liberty in New York harbor.

Fire at Alexandria, Egypt, destroyed several large cotton sheds and 6,000 bales of cotton. The loss was $1,000,000.

Dispatches received at Duluth say that the steamer Langham was burned in Lake Superior, but that the crew was saved.

The negotiations by a syndicate to secure the controlling stock of the Cramp Shipbuilding company have been declared off.

The Northern Central railway stockholders have approved of a lease of their road to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for 999 years.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine from all parts of the United States met in Philadelphia to celebrate the feast of Al Kalam, or Oriental thanksgiving.

George H. Ray, wealthy lumberman and banker, and former speaker of the Wisconsin assembly, died at La Crosse after a lingering illness.

John J. Smythe was sentenced to death in Norfolk, Va., for the murder of his wife. Bullets intended for Mrs. Smythe also killed a 12-year-old daughter.

Mrs. Edward H. Harriman has formally given to the Palisades park commission a deed to 10,000 acres of land in Rockland county for state park purposes.

The financial panic in China continues to spread, according to advices brought by the steamship Seattle Maru. Twenty-seven of Shanghai's foremost Chinese banks have closed.

Following an investigation begun in St. Louis the interstate commerce commission suspended until March 1 next the date of putting in effect the advance in the rates of transportation.

B. P. Cooger of Detroit, son of the head of the United States weather bureau station there, was placed under arrest in Denver on the charge of forgery and working a confidence game.

The National City Evangelical union of the Methodist Episcopal church, holding its eighteenth annual convention in Pittsburg, elected Hanford Crawford of St. Louis as president.

John T. Marchand, for several years the personal representative of President Winchell of the Rock Island railroad, has been appointed an attorney of the Interstate Commerce commission.

Charles Webb Murphy, the president of the Chicago National League Baseball club, says he stands ready to give John T. Brush $30,000 for Christy Mathewson, the star pitcher of the Giants.

After an illness of less than four days, George A. Rasmussen, an instructor in the Sioux City high school, died of infantile paralysis. He was the third adult to die in Iowa of that disease.

The hearing by the London criminal court of appeals of the appeal of Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, under sentence of death for the murder of his actress wife, Belle Elmore, was postponed to November 5.

Director Durand of the census bureau is preparing a public statement regarding alleged fraudulent census returns in Fort Smith, Ark., and Great Falls, Mont., which will be given out at an early date.

Asbury Spicer, who has figured conspicuously in the Breathitt county, Kentucky feuds for many years, was given a life-sentence in the state penitentiary for the murder of Nephew Asbury Fugate last spring.

Americans who land cars in England for a four months' tour or less will no longer be subject to the payment of a license fee, and those from whom fees may have been exacted since May 1 last are likely to have these amounts refunded.

Application was made to the superior court in Seattle by State Food Commissioner Davies for an order to destroy a ton of turkeys and five tons of smelts, salmon, crab and lobsters, received last May from a California firm to be placed in cold storage for the fall trade.

The supreme court of the United States declined to consider at this time the action of the Oklahoma federal court, which issued temporary injunctions against the enforcement of the 2-cent fare and various freight orders issued by state officials.

Personal.

General Allen laments the lack of aeroplanes for the army.

Many new names have been added to the Carnegie hero list.

In a speech at Cincinnati Congressman Longworth proclaimed himself a progressive.

President James of the University of Illinois complained that educational methods were lagging.

Robert Pettit, aged 48, a former National league baseball player, died at his home at Darby, Conn.

Six prominent Pacific coast men were indicted for an alleged attempt to steal Pacific coast lands.

New England capitalists will invest $800,000 to $900,000 in a fine goods cotton mill in Greenville, S. C.

Municipal elections throughout England and Wales show a considerable growth in the labor and socialist parties.

William Smith, a native of New York, famed as an impersonator of the character of Uncle Sam from his remarkable likeness to cartoons, died in a hospital in Tucson, Ariz., at the age of 91 years.

Aviator Johnstone made a new world's record for height at New York, soaring aloft 9,714 feet.

Gov. Shallenberger, of Nebraska, had a narrow escape from injury when a touring car lost one of its wheels.

Sarah Bernhardt, again filling an engagement in this country, although 66 years old, plays with the vim of former days.

Mrs. B. Clarke Hyde, whose life was despaired of six weeks ago, has sufficiently recovered her strength to be able to call on her husband in the county jail at Kansas City.

DEMOCRATIC LANDSLIDE IS GENERAL

DIX ELECTED IN NEW YORK BY OVER ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND.—WILSON IN NEW JERSEY BY 20,000.

BEVERIDGE DEFEATED BY JOHN W. KERN

Gray Makes Poor Showing Against Eberhart, Which Day Atributes to Anti-Option Sentiment.—Foss Defeated Gov. of Massachusetts.—Harmon Wins in Ohio.

New York, N. Y. — John Dix, a business man, and the first Democratic nominee elected in 16 years, will be the next governor of New York. He was chosen by the people over Henry L. Stimson, Republican, for whom Theodore Roosevelt stumped the state, by a plurality based on nearly complete returns of from 55,000 to 65,000. New York city gave him a plurality of more than 100,000, while Stimson came down to the Bronx with about 40,000, leaving a substantial lead for the Democratic nominee.

The normal Republican majority upstate has greatly tended to cut down the rural vote and Stimson's estimated plurality to the borders of New York city, about 40,000, is less by 20,000 than the up-state vote polled by Hughes in 1908.

Both the assembly and senate returns ran strongly Democratic and there were some notable upsets in even the congressional districts. Representative Herbert Parsons, a lifelong friend and political associate of Theodore Roosevelt, and formerly chairman of the Republican county committee, was ousted by Jefferson M. Levy. Representative W. W. Cocks of Nassau county, Theodore Roosevelt's home seat, was tipped out by Martin Littleton. William S. Bennet was defeated for congress by Henry George, a son of the political economist.

Sereno Payne, father of the tariff bill, was re-elected, but his home town, Auburn, went for Dix, and Vice President Sherman's candidate for congress was defeated by a Democrat. Representative Hamilton Fish, Republican, gave ground to Richard E. Connell, a Democrat. Not only did Colonel Roosevelt lose on the state ticket, and his candidate for congress in Nassau county, but his home town went for Dix and the Democrats jubilantly shouted that they had "beat him to a frazzle."

JOHN A. DIX.
Democratic Candidate for Governor of New York.

There were even indications that the Democrats might seize a working majority in the legislature and dictate the nomination of the next junior United States senator to succeed Senator Chauncey M. Depew, but more complete returns will be necessary to settle this issue.

Landslide Is General.

Elections held throughout the country resulted in a political convulsion of far-reaching extent similar to the famous tidal wave of 1882, and even more widespread in its effects.

The national house of representatives has been carried by the Democrats, who will control that branch of congress by a safe working majority after March 4 next, reversing the present Republican majority of 43. Representative Champ Clark of Missouri has announced his candidacy for speaker to succeed Speaker Cannon.

The United States senate will have a reduced Republican majority as a result of legislative elections held in many states.

In New Jersey Woodrow Wilson, Democrat, is elected governor over Vivian M. Lewis, Republican, by from 10,000 to 15,000, reversing the Republican plurality of 8,000 in 1907. The legislature of New Jersey is probably Democratic and will elect a Democratic United States senator to succeed John A. Kean.

In Massachusetts Foss, Democrat, defeated Governor Eben S. Draper, Republican, for re-election by about 25,000 plurality, reversing Governor Draper's former plurality of 8,000.

In Connecticut Judge Simeon E. Baldwin is elected governor over Charles A. Goodwin, Republican, by about 2,600 plurality, reversing the previous Republican plurality of 16,000.

In Ohio Governor Judson Harmon, Democrat, candidate for re-election, is elected by an estimated plurality of 30,000.

In New Hampshire Robert P. Bass, Republican candidate for governor, is elected by about 5,000 plurality.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART.

In Pennsylvania the election of John K. Tener, Republican candidate for governor, is claimed, but the later returns indicate a largely reduced plurality.

In Rhode Island Governor Pothier, Republican candidate for re-election, is elected governor by a reduction of about 1,000 in the previous plurality.

In Tennessee the fusion candidate, W. Hooper, is elected by 20,000 plurality.

In Michigan, Chase S. Osborn, Republican, is elected governor by a plurality estimated at 40,000.

In Wisconsin, Francis E. McGovern, Republican, is apparently elected by a reduced majority and the return of Senator La Follette is assured.

Democratic governors were elected in Alabama and South Carolina.

Returns from other localities of the Middle and Far West are not yet conclusive. In California Johnson and Bell are reported running neck and neck. In Wyoming the election of Carey, the Republican candidate for governor, is claimed by 4,000.

In Oklahoma both sides are claiming the governorship.

Republican United States senators are assured from Delaware, Massachusetts, Michigan, Rhode Island and Wisconsin, and Democratic senators from New Jersey and probably Tennessee, in addition to those already elected.

Representatives Cannon of Illinois and Payne of New York, author of the tariff bill, are among the prominent Republicans re-elected to congress.

The Minnesota Results.

Governor Eberhart's election will be by a majority of from 40,000 to 70,000. It was a landslide for the Republican candidate for governor.

The entire Republican state ticket is elected with Governor Eberhart.

Before leaving headquarters, where he received the returns, Governor Eberhart said: "This has been a peculiar campaign. I have endeavored to present the issues of the campaign frankly to the people. I have told them where I stood and they have indorsed my position. I am elected and naturally I am pleased. Further than that I do not care to discuss the results. Except that I will say that the indorsement I have received gives me courage to go ahead with the policy of the 'square deal' and to give the people the very best possible service it is possible for me to give."

Gray Makes Good Showing.

James Gray, the Democratic candidate, was game to the finish and made a good showing, in spite of the results. Mr. Gray said:

"We made the best fight we could and we are satisfied if the people of Minnesota are. I think that the campaign has resulted in a long step forward in popular government. It usually takes two or three campaigns to educate the people in a new issue. I believe we have accomplished a great deal, to get the amount and character of support that we did. It was a straightforward campaign. I meant every word I said and I would rather be defeated on my platform than be defeated on a negative platform such as my opponent stood on. This campaign is simply a preliminary skirmish in Minnesota. The cause of Democracy is bound to win in Minnesota as it has won in the East."

Minnesota Congressmen.

Minnesota will send its usual delegation to congress with the one exception of Sydney Anderson of the First district.

In the Third district, C. R. Davis; the Sixth, C. A. Lindbergh; the Seventh, A. J. Volstead; the Ninth, Halvor Steenerson; there were no contests against the Republican congressmen.

Probably one of the most notable fights was that of the First district where Sydney Anderson, the man who defeated James A. Tawney, was pitted against H. L. Buck, the Democratic candidate. Anderson appears to have won by a majority ranging from 3,500 to 5,000. In the Second district, where a strenuous fight was on between Congressman W. S. Hammond and F. F. Elsworth, Hammond seems to have won by a small majority, but the result is in doubt and will remain so until the final results are obtained.

In Ramsey County.

In Ramsey county, Congressman F. C. Stevens has won over the barber candidate, J. L. Gieske, by a comfortable majority. It was estimated at 7,000.

In the Fifth or Hennepin district, Congressman Frank M. Nye has won. With two precincts to hear from, he had received a majority of 1,710. This is not the best possible showing for the Minneapolis congressman and indicates that the "Boiler Maker," in his appeal for support, has struck a responsive chord."

In the Eighth district, Congressman Clarence B. Miller, the Republican congressman from Duluth, has won by a good majority over Alfred Jaeques, his Democratic opponent.

In the other districts, where the Republican congressmen had no opposition, there was, of course, no particular interest, and they have been accorded nothing but a regular vote.

Probably the greatest interest centered in the First district, where a fight was on between Mr. Buck and the progressive candidate for congress. The Tawney men were out in revolt and threatened to get the scalp of the progressive candidate.

Probably Judge Buck's attitude on the tariff, when he declared himself in favor of a tariff for revenue only, had as much as anything to do with the success of Anderson.

Minneapolis Mayoralty.

With one precinct missing at 1 a. m. today, W. E. Satterlee, Republican candidate, has been elected mayor of Minneapolis for the two years beginning January 1, 1911. The total vote for mayor follows:

W. E. Satterlee—R	12,936
James C. Haynes—D	12,694
Frank H. Mellen—Pro	611
Thos. Van Lear—P. O	11,679

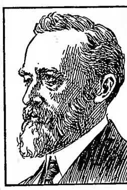
Satterlee's plurality.... 242

Thomas Van Lear, Public Ownership candidate, rallied the workingmen to his support by the tens of thousands and it is safe to say that he and his party will be a factor to be reckoned with in succeeding elections.

A careful analysis of the vote shows that Mr. Satterlee, by polling about 3,000 votes less than he did at the primaries, must have suffered as severely as did Mayor Haynes from the inroads of the Socialist organization. There is no question that Mayor Haynes can lay his defeat to the activity of Mr. Van Lear.

Beveridge Is Defeated.

Indianapolis, Ind. — The Democratic state ticket is elected, including both houses of the legislature. Albert J. Beveridge will be succeeded in the Senate by John W. Kern. The Democrats made a clean sweep of Marion county (Indianapolis), electing the entire legislative ticket. Vanderburg county (Evansville), is also carried by the Democrats, where they gained three members of the legislature.



SIMEON E. BALDWIN.
Democratic Candidate for Governor of Connecticut.

It is not improbable that 11 of the 13 congressmen from this state will be Democratic.

Democrats Control House.

Chicago, Ill. — Democratic control of the next house of representatives became a certainty shortly after midnight.

It was then known that the Democrats had gained 26 seats in the house, including two previously secured in Maine. Republicans gained from the Democrats net gain 24, which is sufficient to give them control.

That they will have a good working majority was indicated by the returns from several states, among them New Jersey.

Returns there showed there would probably be a gain of six Democrats in the representation of that state.

Other returns from New York and Pennsylvania indicated the success of several Democrats in their contests for seats now held by Republicans.

The Democrats also expected to increase their lead by returning several members from Illinois and also from Missouri.

The definite Democratic gains were: New York, 8; Pennsylvania, 3; North Carolina, 2; Ohio, 2; Massachusetts, 2; Maryland, 2; Connecticut, 1; Illinois, 1; Iowa, 1; Kentucky, 1; Missouri, 1; West Virginia, 1.

The Republican gains were: Massachusetts, 1; New York, 1; Pennsylvania, 1.

Lloyd's Statement.

James T. Lloyd, chairman of the Democratic national congressional committee, issued the following statement:

"Present indications are that congress will be Democratic by about 35 majority. Thus far the returns indicate that our pre-election estimates were about correct.

"The causes which have led to the results of today are well known. It is a serious rebuke to the Republican party for its failure to reduce the tariff as the people believed the party had promised. The high cost of protected, manufactured articles which has resulted in greatly increased cost of living has had very much to do with producing this result. There is general dissatisfaction with existing political conditions and with the Republican administration. This has led to its repudiation as far as could be done at the polls.

WOODROW WILSON.
Democratic Candidate for Governor of New Jersey.

"The Democratic party has won a victory because the only hope of the people is in its supremacy.

"The Republican party has shown by its course that it will not enact legislation in the interest of the masses when such legislation would be to the detriment of the classes."

Barnes' Statement.

J. Mahlon Barnes, national secretary of the Socialist party, issued the following statement:

"The Socialist party comes out of the campaign with flying colors and has made the gain expected—that is one hundred per cent throughout the nation.

"The vote in 1908 was 424,000. This will be doubled. About 35 members of state legislatures are now assured in the states of Ohio, Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota and Massachusetts. Three congressmen are assured, Berger and Gaylord of Milwaukee, and Bachman of the Twelfth Ohio district.

California is expected on later returns to quadruple the vote of two years ago."

Results in Iowa Doubtful.

Des Moines, Iowa. — At midnight last night both Democrats and Republicans claimed the governorship with the Democrats showing the greater confidence. If Governor Carroll is reelected it will be by the narrowest of margins.

Claude R. Porter, Democratic candidate, claimed that he would carry the state by 20,000, but more conservative estimates, based on returns from 100 precincts of 2,300 placed his plurality (if any) at four or five thousand.

Governor Carroll was scratched mercilessly, running behind his ticket in practically every precinct. The remainder of the Republican state ticket is probably Republican.

This state has 11 congressional districts.

I. S. Pepper, the young Democratic candidate in the Second district, walked away with the election, carrying every county over his opponent, Charles Grilk. It was in behalf of the latter that Colonel Roosevelt recently made an address at Davenport.

In the Fourth and Sixth districts respectively, the Republican incumbents, Congressman Haugen and Kendall were reported in danger. Burlington reported that Congressman Kennedy, Republican, "was safe." This statement was disputed by Democratic chairman Reed. S. F. Prouty, the progressive Republican candidate of the Seventh (Des Moines) district, who wrested the nomination from the veteran "stand-patter" Captain Hull, seemed to have landed the position so often sought unsuccessfully before.

CHARLES A. GOODWIN.
Republican Candidate for Governor of Connecticut.

Walter I. Smith, a member of the Cannon rules committee, and who is credited with speakership aspirations, was elected with greatly reduced plurality in the Ninth.

Stubbs Re-elected in Kansas.

Topeka, Kas. — Gov. W. R. Stubbs was re-elected in Kansas by a majority estimated by Republican campaign managers at from 12,000 to 20,000. Stubbs made his race on a progressive Republican platform, and was vigorously opposed by George A. Hodges.

The remainder of the Republican state ticket is practically certain of election.

The election of six Republican congressmen is conceded but the results of two congressional races remain in doubt. In the third district P. P. Bilkin, are running a close race. Frank Rockefeller, cousin of John D. Rockefeller, and Democrat, and L. D. Young, Rep., are having a hard struggle in the Sixth district.

Harmon Wins in Ohio.

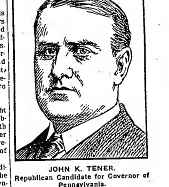
Cleveland, Ohio.—Dilatory returns indicated that Governor Judson Harmon, Democrat, has made a clean sweep of the state, defeating Warren G. Harding, Republican, and his plurality will approximate 50,000. With him he has carried at least two and possibly more Democratic congressional candidates in districts that have heretofore elected Republicans. Ohio will send at least 10 and possibly 12 Democrats to congress.

Surprise in Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Wis. — The Social Democratic party will be represented in the next house of representatives by Victor L. Berger of the Fifth Wisconsin district, his election being conceded by the Republican committee. Incomplete returns show Berger to be leading his opponent, Henry C. Cochems, insurgent Republican, by an apparently safe margin.

Gaylord, Social Democrat, also claims he is elected over Cary in the Fourth district, but this is not conceded by the Republicans, who claim Cary's election by a small plurality.

The Social Democrats elect their Milwaukee county ticket by between 2,000 and 5,000, according to the latest returns.



JOHN K. TENER.
Republican Candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania.

Democrats Control West Virginia.

Wheeling, W. Va.—The Democratic victory in the First congressional district assumed the proportions of a landslide. John W. Davis, Dem., has been elected by a majority of more than 1,000 to succeed William P. Hubbard.

Legislative gains throughout the state seem to indicate that the legislature will be Democratic on joint ballot, insuring the defeat of N. B. Scott of this city for re-election to the United States senate.

ROSENHEIMER IS ACQUITTED.

Wealthy New Yorker Cleared of the Charge of Criminal Negligence.

New York, N. Y.—After 39 minutes of deliberation, a jury acquitted Edward T. Rosenheimer of criminal negligence in causing the death of Miss Grace Hough by running down in his automobile the buggy in which she was riding. The case had been followed with close attention, because of the wealth of the defendant and the attempt to convict for murder.

Negroes Seize Polling Booth.

Muskogee, Oklahoma.—A telephone message to the Times-Democrat from Cowela, Okla., states that negroes took possession of a voting booth in a schoolhouse in a negro settlement four miles from Coweta. The white election officers were thrown out of the polling place, the negroes declaring they would vote despite the "grandfather clause." A messenger was sent to Coweta asking for help and two automobiles with fifteen white men armed with shotguns left for the scene.

OCTOGENARIAN IS SLAYER.

Upper Michigan Man Shoots His Son-in-Law to Death.

Ironwood, Michigan.—Charles Anderson of Jessieville location, a part of Ironwood, was shot and instantly killed by his father-in-law, Thomas Pierson, aged 83 years. Pierson is said to have been drinking and to have snapped the revolver three times in Mrs. Anderson's face. It failed to explode. He will have his hearing on Thursday on a murder charge.

FIVE MEN TO COUNT MILLIONS.

Chicago Sub-Treasury to Be Examined Before New Management Goes In.

Washington, D. C.—Five men on next Friday night will begin counting the several millions of dollars in the Chicago sub-treasury. They expect to finish by the next Monday morning, when the office will be turned over to the newly appointed assistant treasurer, Len Small of Kankakee, Ill.

His bond of $350,000 was approved by the treasury department.

Mrs. Cochran's Sister Found.

San Antonio, Texas.—Miss Jean Miller, sister of Mrs. Elsie Cochran, who was mysteriously murdered at Danville, Ill., Oct. 28, was found on a ranch at Victoria, Tex., by George Garrard, city detective of Danville, Ill., who left with her for that city. It is expected she will prove an important witness. A man now is being held suspected of the crime. Miss Miller had returned here only a week ago from a visit to her sister and was with her three days before the murder.

He Was Mistaken.

"This country would be all right," said the traveler in a heathen land, "but it isn't civilized."

"That's where you go lame, stranger," rejoined the native. "Two per cent. of the population owns 90 per cent. of the land. What more civilization do you want?"

A Pull Somewhere.

He—So you finished the novel I brought you. How did it come out?

She—The author must have had a pull; I can't see any other way.

She Was Settled.

Mrs. Uppson—I don't want another giddy girl. Can't you get me a settled woman?

Employment Agent—I think I can, ma'am. I know of one who has had five husbands, and doesn't want any more.

A Pleasant Memory.

The veteran pulled at his pipe and stared thoughtfully into the glowing embers. "Yes," he said, "we made the enemy run that day. But, thank heaven, they didn't catch us."

Different Matter.

Pretty Daughter—But, papa, I don't see why you should be so down on Harold. He is willing to die for me.

Papa—Oh, well, I don't object to his doing that. I thought he wanted to marry you.

Yellow.

Friend—I suppose there is a great deal of money in contributing to the leading magazine?

Author—Yes, but there's a great deal more in contributing to the misleading ones.—Puck.

No Comparison.

The portly dame in the back seat of the hotel hack waxed impatient.

"He's the slowest driver I ever saw!" she exclaimed.

"That only shows, ma'am," said the imperturbable jehu, speaking in his own behalf, "that you've never seen a pile driver at work."

Never Can Live It Down.

"They say she is a woman with a past."

"Yes. Once in a game of bridge she failed to play the heart convention."

Behind the Times.

Lettice Denby—But this is so sudden!

Uppen Dewing—Sudden! It's nearly two weeks! Young lady, don't you know that the modern, up-to-date, Robert W. Chalmers period of courtship is only two minutes?

Sign of Quality.

"I'm sure that there is some wonderful quality in my daughter's voice."

"What makes you think so?"

"None of the neighbors have objected to her practising."

THOUGHT SHE HAD PRACTISED

Frenchman's Suspicions Really Something of a Compliment to the Men of America.

Claude Grahame White, the English aviator, praised, at a dinner in New York, the good fellowship of Americans.

"The American woman is regarded abroad as an angel," he said. "The man is admittedly a good fellow, but an angel he is far from being.

"You've heard of the Frenchman perhaps whose sweetheart spent the summer in America? After her return the poor Frenchman seemed quite blue.

"'What's the matter with you?' a friend asked.

"'I am worried,' the other muttered, 'about my fiancée. You see, since her return from America she kisses so much better than she used to.'"

AN INTOLERABLE ITCHING

"Just about two years ago, some form of humor appeared on my scalp. The itching was a slight itching but it grew steadily worse until, when I combed my hair, the scalp became raw and the ends of the comb-teeth were wet with blood. Most of the time there was an intolerable itching, in a painful, burning way, very much as a bad, raw burn, if deep, will itch and smart when first beginning to heal. Combing my hair was positive torture. My hair was long and tangled terribly because of the blood and scabs. This continued growing worse and over half my hair fell out. I was in despair, really afraid of becoming totally bald.

"Sometimes the pain was so great that, when partially awake, I would scratch the worst places so that my finger-tips would be bloody. I could not sleep well and, after being asleep a short time, that awful stinging pain would commence and then I would wake up nearly wild with the torture. A neighbor said it must be salt rheum. Having used Cuticura Soap merely as a toilet soap before, I now decided to order a set of the Cuticura Remedies—Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills. I used them according to directions for perhaps six weeks, then left off, as the disease seemed to be eradicated, but toward spring, eighteen months ago, there was a slight return of the scalp humor. I commenced the Cuticura treatment at once, and had very little trouble. On my scalp I used about one half a cake of Cuticura Soap and half a box of Cuticura Ointment in all. The first time I took six or seven bottles of Cuticura Pills and the last time three bottles—neither an expensive or tedious treatment. Since then I have had no scalp trouble of any kind. Standing up, with my hair unbound, it comes to my knees and had it not been for Cuticura I should doubtless be wholly bald.

"This is a voluntary, unsolicited testimonial and I take pleasure in writing it, hoping my experience may help someone else. Miss Lillian Brown, R. F. D. 1, Liberty, Me., Oct. 29, 1909."

WHAT?

Weeks—Why are you stopping? You didn't run over that man.

Swiftly—I know it. I just want to see what ails the steering gear.

SICK, SOUR, UPSET STOMACH

Indigestion, Gas, Heartburn or Dyspepsia Relieved Five Minutes After Taking a Little Diapepsin.

Here is a harmless preparation which surely will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour, gassy or out-of-order stomach within five minutes.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of Indigestion.

Get from your Pharmacist a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or Intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store here in town.

These large 50-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure almost any case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Gastritis or any other stomach disorder.

An Effort to Oblige.

"Mr. Dobbs does his best to be agreeable," said the sympathetic young woman. "It's too bad that he has so little tact."

"I understand that Miss Coddleyap refused to speak to him. He sent her a box of candy and she fed it all to her pet terrier. So he tried to be still more kind and thoughtful and sent her a box of dog biscuit."

ED GEERS, "The grand old man," as he is called for he is so honest handling horses in races. He says: "I have used SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE for 12 years, always with best success. It is the only remedy I know to cure all forms of distemper and prevent horses in same stable having the disease." 50c and $1 a bottle. All druggists, or manufacturers. Spohn Medical Co., Chemists, Goshen, Ind.

All men are equal before the law, but some are more than equal to the task of getting around it.

TRAINS WRECKED

FIVE STOCKMEN ARE KILLED: AND TWO MORE MAY DIE FROM INJURIES.

HAPPENS AT MONTEVIDEO

Passenger Section Collides With Cattle Special.—Accident Is Blamed to Glare of Electric Lights in the Stockyards.

Montevideo.—Five men were instantly killed, two were perhaps fatally injured, an engineer and fireman severely hurt and a score of others badly shaken up and bruised in a wreck which occurred here between two sections of train number six on the Hastings and Dakota division of the Milwaukee road. Three carloads of livestock were incinerated, and a caboose and half a dozen cars of the freight train were either burned or smashed to splinters. The locomotive was also destroyed.

The Dead.

WILLIAM B. HILL, Miles City, Montana.

THOMAS HILL, son of W. B. Hill, Miles City, Montana.

GEORGE LEPER, Hosmer, S. D.

J. DECHTER, Greenway, S. D.

HERMAN RAHFELD, Aberdeen.

Seriously injured, now in Montevideo hospital:

George Rahseld, Aberdeen, S. D., stockman, caught in burning caboose, rescued by firemen. Possibly fatally burned.

William Borning, Miles City, Mont., stockman, caught in burning caboose. Burns very serious, will probably die.

G. Parker, Montevideo, engineer of passenger train, hurt in jumping.

Stickler, Montevideo, fireman of passenger train, hurt in jumping.

Train No. 6 is the regular night passenger train from the West, which enters Montevideo at 5:45 a. m. daily. On account of the heavy traffic the train was run in four sections, the first being the regular Aberdeen passenger, the next two sections being special stock trains, run on passenger time, and the last section being the heavy Butte passenger train.

First Section on Time.

The first section reached here at 5:45, exactly on time. It was closely followed by the second section, but the third section was slightly delayed. Just as this second stock train was backing into the Montevideo stock yards, about a mile west of here, the heavy passenger train, which making up time, was seen to come down the steep grade at high speed.

It was too late for the train crew to stop. Reversing their engine, Engineer Parker and Fireman Sticker leaped for their lives and the passenger train struck the rear end of the freight train with a deafening crash. There was a hiss and roar of steam, and the locomotive of the passenger dived under the caboose of the freight train, containing the six ill-fated stockmen. Almost immediately the caboose was a mass of flames, and the adjoining cars began to burn.

Mingled with the cries of the imprisoned stockmen in the burning caboose were the cries of several hundred head of cattle which were being incinerated in the stock cars. Terrified passengers who had been thrown from their seats by the impact of the collision came up to the wreck and with axes made an opening in the blazing caboose through which the two stockmen, Rabseld and Borning, were rescued. The others had already been overcome by the flames and when the rescuers reached them their bodies were blackened and charred.

The train crew attributes the accident to the electric lights in the stockyards here, the glare of which prevented them from seeing the rear lights of the stock train until it was too late to stop.

NORTH FRAMES BILLS EARLY.

Minnesota Development Association Has Everything Ready.

Brainerd. — The Northern Minnesota Development Association intends to see that immediate legislation is undertaken, and for that reason the people attending the December meeting in Brainerd will see and hear read the prepared bills as they will be presented for vote as soon as the legislature convenes this coming session.

Although the platform of this organization was well rounded into form many months ago, recent events in the state have given rise to conditions which demand immediate attention. The association has recognized these conditions, and is losing no time to meet them and prepare for them.

Accordingly, on Nov. 11, there will be a meeting in Bemidji of some of the members to frame up a measure on matters pertaining to forestry protection, and are expected to outline a bill that will need no amending to meet the approval of the north country.

SALOONKEEPERS ARE ARRESTED.

Three Grogshop Men in Cass Lake Nabbed for Selling to a Minor.

Cass Lake.—Special Revenue Officer S. G. Sero arrested the three Cass Lake saloonkeepers charged with selling liquor to J. Miller of Bemidji, several days ago. Miller is a minor and said he was sent here by Sero to produce evidence against each saloonkeeper. Trials will take place here next Monday and Wednesday before Judge L. M. Lange.

THOMAS DOWNS CUMMONED.

Veteran Custodian of Minnesota State Capitol Is Called, After Long Illness.

St. Paul.—Thomas Downs, the veteran custodian of the Minnesota state capitol, who has been confined at the Asbury hospital in Minneapolis for some time suffering from a combined attack of typhoid and spinal meningitis, died there at midnight Saturday. Mr. Downs was 70 years of age and has been in the employ of the state for many years.

UNIQUE WILL ATTACKED.

Sauk Center Man Ties Up Sums for Life Time of Two Heirs.

St. Cloud.—Claiming that the provisions of the will of the late Solomon Pendergast of Sauk Center, in which he leaves part of his estate to accumulate in the life of a person, is illegal, all of the beneficiaries under the will, with the exception of Mabel Carr, of Hunter, N. D., have filed an appeal in the probate court in this city praying that the will be set aside. The case will come up in the district court in December.

In the original will of Pendergast, his estate, amounting to $15,000 personal property and $78,000 real estate, was divided into four parts, and J. Fred Cooper and Robert Kells of Sauk Center were named as executors and trustees. One-fourth was given outright to his daughter, Mrs. Mabel Carr of Hunter, N. D. The second fourth was given outright to his daughter, Mrs. Maud Dewey of Sauk Center.

The third quarter was given in trust to the trustees, and out of the income, Mrs. Nellie La Fond of Sauk Center, his daughter, was to be provided for. After her death this part of the estate was to revert to his other daughter, Mrs. Carr. The remaining quarter was also placed in trust with the trustees, and from the income of it the trustees were to be compensated, and his daughter, Mrs. Carrie Baldwin of Sauk Center, and his granddaughter, Percy Lambert of the same place, were to be supported. After the death of Mrs. Baldwin this share was to go to Miss Lambert.

The action is brought on the grounds that the accumulation of the profits of an estate for a longer period than the minority of a person is illegal and that none of the persons concerned are minors.

RAILWAYS LIFT LIQUOR BAN.

Shipments Now Made to All Parts Outside Indian Reservations.

St. Paul. — The territory in Minnesota to which liquor can be sent has been extended by the railroads. Just to what extent the railroads have removed the barrier is not obtainable from the officials, but, orders have been given local freight agents to accept shipments to all points except within the Indian reservation.

The officials point out that more than two-thirds of Minnesota is included in various Indian treaties, and it has been difficult for the railroads to ascertain just what localities are exempted. They are waiting for an official interpretation of the department's orders before they put the lid on shipments outside of the Indian reservation.

TEACHERS HEAR FOLK SONGS.

Pretty Feature at Opening of the Minnesota Educational Association.

St. Paul.—An interesting group of folk songs given by 400 boys from nine of this city's grade schools was the pretty feature with which the Forty-eighth annual convention of the Minnesota Educational Association opened here. The young singers were directed by Miss Elsie M. Shaw, supervisor of music in the city schools. Superintendent E. M. Phillips of Albert Lea delivered his address as president, and talks followed by Superintendent M. G. Brumbaugh of Philadelphia and S. Y. Gillan of Milwaukee. The convention address will be delivered by President E. J. James of the University of Illinois. The convention lasted three days.

HIGH BIDDER RAISES PRICE.

Government Sells Timber on Ceded Chippewa Lands.

Washington. — Secretary Ballinger has approved the sale of the timber on the ceded Chippewa land in Minnesota to E. A. Engler for $73,794.90. Bids were opened on September 15 last at Cass Lake, when the Shevlin Mathieu Lumber company bid $52,138.25 and Mr. Engler bid $66,615.90.

On the next day the Minnesota and Ontario Power company attempted to file a bid for $71,925.75, but it was not accepted as being beyond the date of the call. Subsequently Mr. Engler raised his bid to the price at which he has been awarded the contract.

CATTLE SINK IN LAKE PEPIN.

Squall Hits Barge in Which They Were Being Ferried.

Red Wing.—Lake Pepin was the scene of a small disaster when the steamer Verana and barge, loaded with cattle, was struck in midlake by a squall and sunk. The cattle in the face of a heavy sea started for the Wisconsin shore.

Several launches came to the rescue of J. H. Mahey, the owner of the boat, and he with nineteen head of cattle were saved. Eleven head were drowned. The loss will reach $500. The barge was pulled ashore and grounded.

DIPHTHERIA AT WHITE EARTH.

Twelve Cases Reported and the Agency Quarantined.

White Earth. — An exceedingly violent epidemic of diphtheria has broken out among the pupils of the agency boarding school here. Twelve cases are reported and one death has occurred. Agency officials have quarantined the school buildings and hospital agency. Police patrol the quarantined grounds both day and night. Three doctors are in attendance.

Model Dairy Farm Burns.

Chicago, Illinois.—The buildings on the Model Dairy farm of Mrs. Scott Durand, Chicago society woman, in Lake Bluff, Ill., were destroyed by fire. There are about 100 thoroughbred cows on the farm, which is conducted on the most improved methods. Mrs. Durand applied the profits of the dairy farm toward the support of several missions in Chicago. The loss on the buildings is about $40,000. All of the cows were saved. The fire is believed to have been started by a tramp who was smoking.

MUCH GOLD IS LOST

Large Amount of Last Year's Production Disappears.

More Than 1,300 Tons of Precious Metal Mined Last Year, According to British Home Office—American Miners Expert.

London.—More than 1,300 tons of gold were mined last year, according to the British home office. Much of this precious metal has already vanished as completely as though it had never been taken from the ground. What becomes of all the gold is one of the perpetual mysteries which no government ever has been able to solve. Enormous amounts are supposed to be hidden, or buried, in the various countries. Much of the gold turned into jewelry is practically lost to general observation. The rich and the noble put away their most precious gems for state occasions. They are scarcely ever seen by the public. The gold used in decorating the palaces of the world is virtually lost to the general view. Even the gold taken by the banks and bankers as their coin reserves is often hidden in vaults for years.

The gold mined last year is valued at $450,000,000. The British empire supplied 60 per cent. of the output. Of this proportion, one-third came from the Transvaal and 15 per cent. from Australia. The United States gold mines turned out 22 per cent. of the total production.

The civilized nations of the world are now burning up about a billion tons of coal a year, says the British home office. More than a million tons in addition is wasted in the operation of mining, so that the store of "black diamonds" is being used at a rate which may bring about the extinction of the visible supply in the present century.

The United States is still the greatest coal producer—her mines contributing one-third of the total supply. Great Britain is next and Germany is third. Then come, in order, the Austro-Hungarian empire, France, Russia and Belgium. Almost three million persons are engaged in mining coal, which is as many as are engaged in all other kinds of mining and quarrying. More than a million coal miners work in Great Britain.

In iron, as in coal, the United States is still ahead of all the rest of the world as a producer, with an output of 15,000,000 to 25,000,000 tons a year. The German empire stands second, Great Britain third and Spain fourth, with 4,500,000 tons.

America leads, too, in the highest proportion of loss of life from accidents in mines and quarries—3.42 a thousand persons employed. The lowest rate is in France, 0.95 a thousand employees. It is a curious fact that while Great Britain mines only two-thirds as much coal as the United States—206,000,000 tons, as against 377,000,000 tons—there are 972,000 coal miners in Great Britain and only 590,000 in the United States.

Turning now to wheat, the incoming crop in the North and South American continent is estimated by Dornbusch at 120,500,000 quarters; that for Europe at 242,500,000 quarters; Asia at 53,000,000 quarters; Africa at 5,550,000 quarters, and Australia at 10,000,000 quarters—a grand total of 432,800,000 quarters. This is 20,000,000 quarters less than the crop of the year before. The United States now grows 82,000,000 quarters, slightly more than the Russian empire, and almost twice as much as India. In the North and South American continent Argentina is second as a wheat producer, and Canada is third. In Europe, France is the second largest wheat producer, with 34,000,000 quarters; Hungary is third, and Italy fourth. Norway grows only 50,000 quarters, but there, as in all the high countries of the north, the people eat oats, rye and buckwheat. Sweden, though in Norway's latitude, grows 830,000 quarters. Turkey in Asia grows 4,000,000 quarters, and Japan 2,750,000 quarters. Algeria (4,000,000 quarters) grows nearly three times as much wheat as Egypt. Germany, Roumania, Bulgaria, Argentine and India all are going to have bumper wheat crops. The United States wheat crop will be 10,000,000 quarters shy of last year, it is estimated.

WOMAN RUNNING FOR CONGRESS

SARAH M SIEWERS M.D.

CINCINNATI.—One of the novelties of the present political campaign is the candidacy of a woman—Dr. Sarah M. Siewers—for a seat in congress. She is running against Congressman "Nick" Longworth, son-in-law of Theodore Roosevelt, and is the nominee of the Susan B. Anthony club. Dr. Siewers says her campaign is being made for "righteous rule," which, as she interprets it, means women in the government. It is fair to assume that Dr. Siewers does not expect to be elected, but hopes that her campaign will benefit the cause of women suffrage.

Ill Once in Ninety-Five Years.

Harrisburg, Pa.—Having just celebrated the ninety-fifth anniversary of her birth, Mrs. Esther Confer of this place says she was never ill a day in her life, save when as a child she had scarlet fever. She has lived half a century in the same house and has been blessed with eight children, six of whom survive. She has 29 grandchildren, 24 great-grandchildren and seven great-great-grandchildren.

AFTER INDIAN TRIBAL SONGS

Woman Agent of Government Is No Novice in Gathering and Preserving Them.

Brainerd, Minn.—As agent of the bureau of ethnology at Washington, Miss Frances Densmore passed through the city on her way to the Leech lake Indian reservation, where she will make a special study of the music of the Chippewas, submitting her report on the Chippewas, having visited the Red Lake, Mille Lacs and other reservations.

Several hundred of the tribal songs have been recorded on the phonograph and sent to the Smithsonian Institution for preservation and reference.

Miss Densmore has taken these records, transcribed them in piano score and analyzed them scientifically. She has also made a study of Filipino music, and thinks the Chippewa music is of a high grade and most excellent, occupying a higher plane than the few tones embraced in the music originating in our island possessions.

The voice of one of the leading chiefs of the northern Chippewas, Gemi-Urinac, is preserved in a phonograph record at Washington.

Of special interest to Miss Densmore will be the Indian celebration at the Leech lake agency. One of the features furnishing her with rich material for study will be the war and squaw dances of the Chippewas.

COINS BRING FANCY PRICES

At a Recent Record-Breaking Sale in New York American Half-Eagle Brought $265.

New York.—At a recent sale of coins in this city the amount realized was $20,754. This was a record-breaker. The largest amount at such a sale before this time was $19,000, at the Parmelee sale in 1892.

Two American half eagles dated 1797 were sold for $250 and $255. An 1819 half eagle brought $180 and one of 1821 brought $190. The highest priced coin was an 1829 half eagle, which sold for $370. The prices for quarter eagles were $260 for a 1795 with stars on it; 1797 for $150; 1798, $50; 1821, $40; 1824, $40; 1827, $43. An 1843 quarter eagle without a motto was sold for $810. A confederate cent was sold for $30, while a New York continental cent with bust of Washington on it brought $255.

The prices for old and rare coins are given below:

Dollar (the rarest of all is that of 1804), price $400 to $500, according to condition. Half dollar, that of 1796, with sixteen stars, price $20 to $27, although that of 1796, with only fifteen stars, and that of 1797, each command nearly the same premium, $20 to $25.

Quarter dollars of 1823 and 1827, each quoted at $15 to $25. A dime of 1804 is quoted at $4 to $8. A half dime of 1802 is worth $25 to $40. A half cent of 1796 brings $5 to $8.

The rarest of the cents is that of 1799, and is worth from $4 up. The 1804 cent is rare. Three to five dollars is the usual price for it. Collectors pay $1.50 to $2 for an 1856 nickel cent with the flying eagle on it.

Half cents—1796, the rarest of all, $5 to $8; 1793, rare, $1.75 to $2.50; 1852, $2.50 to $3.50; those for 1831, 1836, and from 1840 to 1849, inclusive, bring from $2.50 to $3.50.

The 2 cent piece of 1873 is worth from 50 to 75 cents.

As stated before, the half cent of 1796 is extremely scarce and valuable. The number of this coin issued amounted to 904,585, but their scarcity is attributed to a shipment to the coast of Africa by a Salem (Mass.) firm of several hundred thousand on an order from that country, where, being punched with holes, they were bartered away to the negroes, who put them on strings and used them as neck ornaments.

Deer Takes to Preserve.

Allentown, Pa.—As William Jones, a Schnecksville tinsmith, was walking along the road through the territory which Col. Harry C. Trexler is inclosing as a game park, he suddenly came upon a beautiful wild deer, the first seen in this county in almost a century. At sight of him it jumped into the bushes. The deer is believed to have come from the Blue mountain, and it is regarded as a peculiar coincidence that it should seek a hiding place in the area which Colonel Trexler selected as ideal for a game park.

WISE GANDER ALMOST TALKS

Bird of African Descent Even Speaks One Word Plainly When Called by Its Master.

Norton, Mass.—Frank E. Brown, a railroad man of this place, has an African gander that possesses unusual bird intelligence.

This gander, Joe by name, stands about four feet tall, weighs about 14 pounds and is three years old.

To begin with, there came near being no Joe at all. The egg had to be warmed in the oven and Mrs. Brown had to pick the shell off before Joe first saw the light of day. By tenderest care Joe lived.

Mr. Brown began training Joe early. He built a small four-wheeled carriage, which Joe draws about. There is a harness, and Joe turns either way to the guiding of the rein. Every night the gander awaits the home coming of its master, and when he sees him runs to meet him with all the joy of a pet dog.

As in the pose for a picture, Mr. Brown simply kneels on one knee and Joe hops on to the other. Another trick Joe performs after seating himself on Mr. Brown's knee. The bird winds his long neck around Mr. Brown's neck, looks his master in the face, and, in his way, talks.

If Mr. Brown lies on the couch and calls Joe, the latter trots into the house, stations himself comfortably near, and anybody who approaches Mr. Brown, even to the family members, is savagely driven off. Joe is as valuable as a watchdog.

When Mr. Brown is at home Joe follows nearly everywhere. If Mr. Brown does a little carpentering, Joe delights in bothering by trickily taking out hammers and other tools and placing them out of reach. Whenever Mr. Brown calls Joe by name Joe answers. His reply always sounds like "What."

An amusing incident occurred recently in the middle of the night. Mr. Brown hearing a noise and thinking Joe was out of his yard, shouted from his room: "Joe!" The reply came plainly and promptly, "What." Joe was safe in his customary shelter.

Mosquito-Proof Steamer

Liverpool.—A mosquito-proof steamer named the Thomas Holt, left the Mersey recently for West Africa. The vessel is proof against the mosquito, which is one of the deadliest enemies of the white man in West Africa. The plan adopted is to bar the way of the mosquito into all the living apartments on board by providing all doorways, side port openings, windows, skylights, ventilators, and passages with close copper gauze coverings.

Costly Swimming Pool.

Terrytown, N. Y.—Miss Helen M. Gould is to have a private swimming pool at her country seat, Lyndhurst. It will cost about $50,000. The contract has been awarded.

The building will be 140 feet long and 60 feet wide and built of brick.

The pool will be 70 feet long by 35 feet wide. It will be lined with mosaic work and the roof will be of glass.

It will be the finest private swimming pool in the country.

MADE $433 FROM 20 CENTS

Peach Trees Planted by Pennsylvania Man in Idle Moment Prove Big Bonanza.

Siegersville, Pa.—An idle moment and 20 cents have just brought $100 to the pockets of Oscar Wotring, superintendent of the Lehigh Portland Cement company. Several years ago he planted 20 peach trees in his front yard at a cost of a cent each. He wanted to see whether, if they were sprayed, they would die as all the peach orchards of the neighborhood then were under the ravages of the San Jose scale. The trees this year bore their second big crop.

Wotring picked 284 baskets of choice fruit, which he has sold at an average of $1.05 a basket, or a total of $293.16. Last year, when the peaches were scarce and netted more than double this year's prices, Wotring got $140 for his crop, and the man who bought them picked 222 baskets.

Novel Hat Pin Suit.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Mrs. Laura Clas, wife of A. C. Clas, one of the best known architects in the northwest, and designer of the new Milwaukee Socialistic $20,000,000 civic center, has started suit against the Soo railroad for $5,000 damages because of an injury by a hatpin while she was traveling in Minnesota. Mrs. Clas says that she boarded a train for Bemidji from Brooks, Minn., and it started so suddenly that she was thrown to the floor of the car and badly scratched and bruised.

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

De Forest, Wis.—"After an operation four years ago I had pains downward in both sides, backache, and a weakness. The doctor wanted me to have another operation. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am entirely cured of my troubles."—Mrs. AUGUSTE VESPERMANN, De Forest, Wisconsin.

Another Operation Avoided.

New Orleans, La.—"For years I suffered from severe female troubles. Finally I was confined to my bed and the doctor said an operation was necessary. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial first, and was saved from an operation."—Mrs. LILY PEYROUX, 1111 Kerlerec St., New Orleans, La.

Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ills from which so many women suffer.

If you want special advice about your case write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

SWAMP-ROOT Is not recommended for everything; but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it.

Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Lover's Wedding Cake.

Four pounds of flour of love, half a pound of buttered youth, half a pound of good looks, half a pound of sweet temper, half a pound of self-forgetfulness, half a pound of powdered wits, half an ounce of dry humor, two tablespoonfuls of sweet argument, half a pint of rippling laughter, half a wineglassful of common sense.

Then put the flour of love, good looks and sweet temper into a well-furnished house. Beat the butter of youth to a cream. Mix together blindness of faults, self-forgetfulness, powdered wits, dry humor into sweet argument, then add them to the above. Pour in gently rippling laughter and common sense. Work it together until all is well mixed, then bake gently forever.

A Complaint.

We're for women, first, last and all the time. We like her beautiful or plain, clever or just ordinary; witty or not; shapely or pudgy, but confound it we do wish that each and every one of them would get over the notion that a man has no right to turn the pages of a newspaper just because he's wedged against her in a street car. We've been frozen by a look, stabbed by a sneer and wounded to the quick by a sigh just because we've tried to read the story continued on page seven, column five, and the thing that hurts the most is that we still think that we had a perfect right to do so.—Detroit Free Press.

The Test of Time.

Benjamin Hapgood Burt and U. S. Epperson of Kansas City were motoring in Long Island the other day and stopped at Even's hotel in Douglaston. They ordered large quantities of raw oysters, some of which were thrown aside by the oyster opener.

"How do you determine when an oyster is bad?" asked Mr. Epperson.

"You wait a short time and if you have ptomaine poisoning the oysters were bad," said Mr. Burt. "If you are not ill they were good. That's the only safe way to tell good oysters from bad ones."

STOPPED SHORT

Taking Tonics, and Built Up on Right Food.

The mistake is frequently made of trying to build up a worn-out nervous system on so-called tonics—drugs.

New material from which to rebuild wasted nerve cells is what should be supplied, and this can be obtained only from proper food.

"Two years ago I found myself on the verge of a complete nervous collapse, due to overwork and study, and to illness in the family," writes a Wisconsin young mother.

"My friends became alarmed because I grew pale and thin and could not sleep nights. I took various tonics prescribed by physicians, but their effects wore off shortly after I stopped taking them. My food did not seem to nourish me and I gained no flesh nor blood.

"Reading of Grape-Nuts, I determined to stop the tonics and see what a change of diet would do. I ate Grape-Nuts four times a day, with cream and drank milk also, went to bed early after eating a dish of Grape-Nuts.

"In about two weeks I was sleeping soundly. In a short time gained 20 pounds in weight and felt like a different woman. My little daughter whom I was obliged to keep out of school last spring on account of chronic catarrh has changed from a thin, pale, nervous child to a rosy, healthy girl and has gone back to school this fall.

"Grape-Nuts and fresh air were the only agents used to accomplish the happy results."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Does Not Stimulate

Ayer's Sarsaparilla does not stimulate. It does not make you feel better one day, then as bad as ever the next. It is not a strong drink. No reaction after you stop using it. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. You have the steady, even gain that comes from a strong tonic and alterative. We wish you would ask your doctor about this. He knows. Trust him. Do as he says. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

What are Ayer's Pills? Liver Pills. How long have they been sold? Nearly sixty years. Do doctors recommend them? Ask your own doctor and find out.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

C. E. KING — C. & C. BAKER

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Governor Burke has violated all the political rules in twice proving that an Irish Democrat can beat a Scandinavian Republican.

County option is still an issue, and it is likely to bob up in the legislature notwithstanding the governor's message will be dumb as an oyster on the proposition.

Six years of husks has made the clover fields look good to the Republican office-seekers. It is estimated that there are ten candidates for every job at the state capitol.

Some newspaper wag has discovered that the Democrats made a grave error in the late campaign. They neglected to get Teddy to make a speech for Governor Eberhart.

Dan Lawler has twice bolted the Democratic party on what he chooses to call "moral issues." It would probably suit the Democrats just as well if Dan would stay in the Republican camp.

The Minneapolis Tribune uses a clever illustration in citing the result of Teddy's campaign tour as something like the proud boast of the young obstetrician who lost mother and child, but managed to pull the old man through. Teddy saved New Hampshire, anyway.

The really big question before the incoming legislature is reapportionment. Northern Minnesota has suffered long and patiently and is not inclined to view with complacency any further effort to deny proper representation to this part of the state. The platforms of both parties promised this measure of justice, and as the Republicans will be in control it will be up to them to "make good." It is especially up to Governor Eberhart to recommend a fair and equitable re-apportionment bill in his message, and to tell the legislature just what he regards as "fair and equitable."

The election of John Saugstad as senator from Polk county illustrates the fact that money and influence do not always control elections. Saugstad started in the campaign with the handicap of being defeated at the primaries, necessitating the use of "stickers." Senator Stephens had been the leader of state politics, and is wealthy, resourceful and able. Furthermore, he was regarded as personally clean and honorable, and had accomplished more for Crookston and Polk county than any other man who had previously occupied the position. But an aroused constituency will sometimes overturn all prophecies and precedents.

The election results over the country cannot be regarded so much of a Democratic victory as a protest against Taftism and Cannonism. But however that may be the Democrats will elect the next president unless the Democratic party neglects the opportunity that will be presented in the next two years. The Democratic majority in the house of congress can pass a tariff bill that will lower the cost of living and fairly represent the sentiment of the people of the country. If this is done it will be up to the Republican senate and president to accept or reject the work of the house. A failure of the Democrats to comply with the reasonable demands of the people will mean an overwhelming and deserved defeat two years from now.

BEATS MINNESOTA.

The Minnesota primary election law, while an improvement on the old party caucus system, is notoriously defective. Minnesota should go to Oregon to learn, says the Hutchinson Leader. Her primary plan is far the best yet, and it does away with days of registration. The town clerks and city clerks, three months before the primaries, open books of registration. Every voter must register, give residence and state to what political party he belongs. This list is furnished the judges of election at the primary. A voter calls for a ballot. The registration list is referred to and he is given a ballot of the political party to which he registered himself as belonging and no other. The ballots are all printed on the same paper and of the same size and are placed bottom up so that none but the judges know what political party a voter belongs to. A voter who has not registered must produce four sworn witnesses as to his residence and qualifications. These witnesses must be personally known to the judges as responsible persons and residents of the precinct. The same qualification of a non-registered vote is required at the general election. Now, then, how could either party pack the primary under such a law? Not only that, but the registration is made before any of the candidates have had much time to work on the voters.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: The fortune hunter is apt to find game scarce.

The average man is a cheerful giver when asked for advice.

A girl becomes conceited about the time she has her first beau.

The man who tells all he knows doesn't make the world any wiser.

The wise wife makes her husband believe that she believes all that he tells her.

It's an impossibility for the right man to kiss a girl against her will.

And some men seem to think the only way to make their mark in the world is with a hammer.

The honey bee gets a lot of credit for its industry, but no one has a word of praise for the ever-busy house fly.

Occasionally a girl believes so much of what a man tells her during courtship that her capacity for belief is exhausted soon after marriage.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York press: A woman can believe in anything if its only unbelieveable enough.

Dogs pick men to admire with about as much reason as women do.

There's nothing sounds to you so much like the real thing as flattery when you are the one getting it.

If there was a tenth of the charity in the world that there is self esteem nobody would ever be in want.

A man with any sense at all knows better than not to like his wife's new hat and so have to pay for another.

Flexible Statistics.

"What do those statistics of yours tend to prove?"

"I don't know," answered the mathematical expert. "I'm just getting up the figures for this man. I don't know which side of the argument he intends to use them for."—Canadian Century.

BUTTER AND CHEESE MAKERS

Held Big Convention at Crookston Last Week.—P. L. Malvin Elected Vice President.

A big event at Crookston last week was the state convention of butter and cheese makers attended by delegates from all over the state. There were able addresses and discussions by men of authority on dairy subjects.

A large number of the butter and cheese makers entered products. As usual the Red River Valley and Red Lake county made a good showing in the scoring contest. The Gentilly Dairy association was third in the cheese contest with a score of 95. Jos. Parenteau of Red Lake Falls was fourth with a score of 94½.

In the contest on butter P. L. Malvin of this city scored 91½, C. Johnson of Thief River Falls 90¼, L. Hascland of Plummer 91¾.

Red Lake Falls was honored by the election of P. L. Malvin as vice president of the state association. James I. Pomry of Mapleton was chosen president and Edwin Hed of Nicollet secretary of the state association.

At the session of the cheese makers Jos. Parenteau of Red Lake Falls read a paper on "How to Prevent High Acid Cheese." His paper contained many good points and was favorably commented upon.

PERRAULT STATION.

Moses Duchrame and wife took the train last Saturday for Crookston, where they visited their son Rudolph.

The election turned out fine. All voted against county division.

M. W. Loose was a business caller at the Falls last week.

Wm. and Ed. Marleau and Willie Gouthier were visitors in the city last Sunday.

Archie Dupont paid a business visit to Red Lake Falls last Friday.

The factory closed the first of the month. The run of milk was twice as good as it was last season. The factory will open next spring as early as possible. Cheesemaker Parenteau has moved to Red Lake Falls and has accepted a position as clerk with the Red Lake Falls Supply House.

The factory paid out the following checks for the month of September.

Louis Dupont	$12.16
M. W. Loose	35.37
Carl Nelson	44.21
Jos. Gauthier	40.04
Jos. Pege	25.56
Oct. Houle	33.72
J. H. Hunter	17.62
Fred Parath	9.53
Mose Ducharme	6.61
Jos. Everetts	46.55
Eugene St. Mars	16.88
Nap. Delorme	69.05
Aug. Anderson	66.16
Wm. Marleau	48.10
Sam Luxemberg	35.11
David Banbury	33.10
Jos. Delorme	26.51
Ed. Busse	33.84
Homer Parenteau	6.77

WHAT HE WAS DOING.

The Information Came as a Shock to His Enthusiastic Friend.

When Victor Murdock dropped into Newark the other day to give a monologue on the tariff, conservation and the high cost of living he said he wanted most of all to see a friend of his boyhood days who was living there. Here is Mr. Murdock's description of his friend:

"A husky, freckle-faced little devil, as I remember him, in short pants. We used to rob birds' nests and pilfer apples together out in Kansas—glorious state, Kansas—and get into all sorts of deviltry. Fred—that's his name—was the terror of the countryside. I suppose he's the town bully now. Why, I remember"—and then followed a long list of daredevil boyish episodes in which Murdock and friend Fred played stellar parts.

Fred—to be exact, Frederick W. Lewis of 600 Ridge street—heard that Murdock was in town and went down to renew acquaintance with him. They fell on one another's necks and swapped yarns for ten minutes. Then Murdock told all over again to an attentive group the tales of Fred's escapades. When he had finished he asked:

"By the way, Fred, what are you doing now?"

"Why, I am pastor of the Forest Hill Presbyterian church here," was the answer.

Murdock collapsed.—Newark News.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, Phone 44

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers.
ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

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DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

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is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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LEARN TELEGRAPHY and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying position in the railroad positions spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition.
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Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
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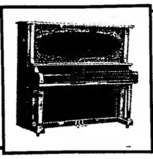

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO

Good for 10 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name..............................

Address..............................

If voted before December 8, 1910.

Nomination Ballot

Good for 50 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest

Name..............................

Address..............................

Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

Grand Prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold watch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as necessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The contest will close at 6 p. m., Jan. 16, 1011.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year,	$1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years,	3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years,	4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years,	6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years,	7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

Our $50.00 Business Course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. The new $85.00 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) will supply bookkeepers for the larger concerns and tellers and cashiers for the Northwestern banks. The Stenographic Course (under an expert reporter) trains high grade stenographers and court reporters. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass County Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can any other school offer you this evidence of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
8-11 EIGHTH STREET SOUTH — FARGO, N. D.

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
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ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
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CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
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Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at [illegible]—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at [illegible]—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. [illegible]

I. O. O. F. Clearwater Lodge No. 131, meets every [illegible] evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting [illegible] welcome.—Wm. Fundeisen, N. G.; F. A. Grady, V. G.; F. A. Mizen, R. S.; [illegible], F. S.; H. G. Hanson, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every [illegible] Wed [illegible] M. W. A. hall.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

[illegible] Detroit, Michigan.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand [illegible] hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
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FALLS MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game, Poultry

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We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade

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COLORADO LAND
We desire to place on the market at once 12 sections of farming land which is close to R.R. and markets. Smooth and level rich black soil, no stones, selling from $12.00 to $20.00 per acre. Best land in the State. Write for full particulars.
N. MacPHEE
505 Alworth Bldg. Duluth, Minn

A Good Shoe for Every Purpose

A dainty Ladies' shoe—one that combines style, comfort and wearing qualities. A patent colt skin blucher with soft pliable kid top, roomy toe, pointed just enough to give stylish effect so desired and a Cuban heel high enough to give the foot the proper arch.

Style 8520
Price

Mat Skala Red Lake Falls

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Ferdinand Pepin

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ferdinand Pepin, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Sarah Pepin, Philamine Pepin Mosseau, Joseph Pepin, Millie Pepin Huot, Alvina Pepin Gardner, David Pepin, George Pepin, Josephine Pepin Carpenter, Jo Pepin, Louis Pepin, Willie Pepin, Maguire Pepin, Alex Pepin, Ferdinand Pepin, Mary Pepin, Theodore Pepin and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Louis Pepin being duly filed in this court, representing that Ferdinand Pepin, then a resident of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, died on the 20th day of September, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters Testamentary be issued thereon to Louis Pepin, Now Therefore You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of December, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Ira C. Richardson Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this third day of November, 1910.

{ Court Seal. } IRA C. RICHARDSON, Judge.
F. L. FARLEY,
Attorney for Petitioner. n10-24

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is Hereby Given that Alphonse Paquin has petitioned the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in writing for License to sell Intoxicating Liquors in that certain one story frame building with one front and one rear entrance situate on Lot Six (6) of Block Six (6) Townsite of Oklee, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

The application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of the same will be heard and determined by said board of County Commissioners at a special session of said board to be held at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on Friday the 18th day of November, at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.)
Dated October 29th, 1910. n3-10

No. 9537
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY
Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

(SEAL) LAWRENCE O. MURRY,
Comptroller of the Currency

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY Greatest demand 10 years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue free. For particulars address
BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
16 South 5th St., Minneapolis

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausolel. tf

WYLIE.

Miss Anna Larson of Crookston, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Lindquist.

Hans Anderson expects to leave this week for a few weeks visit at his old home in Northfield, Minn.

Don't forget the basket social in the Wylie school house November 18th. Everyone most cordially invited to come and spend an enjoyable evening and thereby aid the children in their earnest endeavors to purchase an organ.

George Rue arrived last week from Wisconsin and is visiting at the home of Fred Gothier, who resides west of here.

Casper Severson and Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Forsell of Thief River Falls are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Anderson. Casper Severson and Mrs. Forsell are brother and sister of Mrs. Anderson.

A Pawned Watch

It Was at the Bottom of a Plot

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

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"Goodby, Harold."

"Goodby, Alice."

These, and these alone, were the parting words between Harold Rothwell and Alice Swain, for their hearts were too full to say more. They were to have been married within a few months, but Rothwell had developed pulmonary trouble, and it was decided that he should go west and live an outdoor life. The prospect before them was gloomy. Even if Harold recovered his health the giving up of prospects he was leaving might keep him in poverty and necessitate their continued separation. He turned away and set out for the railway station. Alice watched him till he reached a bend in the road, when he turned and threw her a kiss. She returned it, and he passed out of sight. Sad as they were, they would have been far more so had they known what would happen before they should meet again.

That same day two years hence found Rothwell financial manager for Henry Palmer, a rancher, though but just appointed to the position. Rothwell had long been a sheep herder for Palmer, and the out of door life had completely cured him of his ailing. As soon as it was considered safe for him to lead a more confined life Palmer, who had taken a great fancy to him and who needed a clerk, put him in charge of the financial part of his ranching. Then Rothwell wrote to Alice Swain that within another year he hoped to return for her and bring her back with him.

The ranch was not a large one, and the owner and his clerk were the only two persons engaged upon it except a few herders, who were always away in care of the flocks. The men became very warm friends and were almost constantly together. One day Palmer said to his clerk:

"You know, Harold, that I am a bachelor and have no one in the world to leave what belongs to me. I'm going to make a will bequeathing this ranch and the stock on it to you."

Rothwell smiled. "Considering that you are but ten years older than I and far stronger, I think I would better leave my possessions, if I had any, to you."

"Furthermore," Palmer continued without noticing the comment, "there are five $1,000 bonds, which will also be yours. These bonds, together with some old family trinkets, I have placed in hiding, and I am going to show you where they are hidden. They, too, will go to you at my death."

He led the way to the attic and from a recess formed by a corner in the roof between two joists took a tin box, opened it and showed Rothwell the bonds and the trinkets referred to. The latter consisted of a gold watch bearing the initials H. P. and some articles of jewelry.

"You are very kind," said Rothwell, "to make me your heir; but, as I have said, I don't think there is the slightest chance of my ever receiving my inheritance."

"There is a better chance than you think," said the other.

Rothwell looked at him inquiringly, but received no further confidence. Palmer replaced the box, and the two men returned to the lower story. Then Palmer opened a safe kept on the premises, took out a will, showed Rothwell that it was in his favor, put it back and closed the safe door.

"Why," asked Rothwell, "don't you keep the bonds and the other things in the safe?"

"I have a special reason for not keeping the bonds there. As to the watch and jewels, it doesn't much matter where they are kept. Some day you may learn the reason. So long as I live I can trust you not to disturb the box in the garret, and after my death what it contains may be of some benefit other than for their intrinsic value."

"To whom?"

"That will appear at the time."

This was not very satisfactory, but Rothwell was obliged to be satisfied with it.

It was but a few weeks after this that Rothwell, having got in some funds for the sale of sheep, rode to the town, some dozen miles away, to deposit the money in bank. The day proved an eventful one. On the way two masked men sprung upon him from a wood beside the road and robbed him. Returning to the ranch, he found Palmer lying in the living room of the house with a bullet hole in his brain.

As soon as he had sufficiently recovered from the shock to think he determined to ride to the nearest ranch, get a messenger and send for the proper authorities to come and take legal action upon the matter. Within a few hours an officer of the law arrived and took charge of both the premises and the body.

When Rothwell had told him the whole story of his connection with Palmer, concluding with the statement that he was Palmer's heir, that he had started for the bank that day to deposit some $1,200, been robbed on the way and returned to find his benefactor murdered, the official looked at him curiously. Then he called a messenger and sent him off posthaste. When the messenger returned he brought the sheriff with him, who, without a word of explanation, clapped a pair of handcuffs on Rothwell's wrists. The prisoner was taken to town and lodged in jail, charged with the murder of Henry Palmer and the embezzlement of the funds he claimed he had intended to put in the bank.

The case was one of circumstantial evidence—or, rather, of motive—alone. It was assumed that Rothwell had got behind in his accounts, had embezzled the amount of which he claimed he had been robbed and, fearing that if detected he would lose his inheritance, had killed the man whose property he would inherit.

This made a strong case against him, and there was very little to be said in his favor. No trace of any one having attacked Palmer and no evidence of Rothwell's story that he had been robbed appeared. The court retained charge of Palmer's property, but allowed the legatee sufficient funds to pay a lawyer to defend him. His attorney did the best in his power for him, but was unable to establish his innocence. The jury hung for some time between murder in the first and second degree, but finally brought in a verdict of guilty of the former. He was sentenced to suffer the death penalty.

And so it was that Rothwell, having escaped death from tuberculosis, having reached a condition where he might bring his sweetheart to him as his wife, was doomed to suffer on the gallows for a crime he had not committed. There are not the delays in punishment for crime in new countries there are where the safeguards against infringing on the rights of accused persons are more strictly enforced. Rothwell was sentenced to be hanged a few weeks after his conviction. No new trial was granted, no stay of proceedings, and the day of doom was near when something happened.

A young woman stood looking in through the window of a pawnshop in the town where Rothwell was convicted. At the time an officer of the law dressed in plain clothes was in the shop interviewing the pawnbroker about some stolen goods that he had loaned money on. The woman entered the shop and produced a watch on which she asked for a loan. The broker inspected the watch and at once caught sight of two letters, "H. P.," on the case.

"Whose initials are those?" asked the broker.

The woman said she did not know. The detective took a hand in questioning her and, her replies being contradictory, took her to police headquarters. There, after many surmises, some one noticed that "H. P." were the initials of Henry Palmer, for whose murder Rothwell was to be hanged in a few days. The chief of police put the woman through the "third degree" process, with the result of a confession that she had murdered Palmer.

Many were inclined to doubt that the confession was genuine. Had it not been for the fact that the woman had attempted to borrow money on a watch with Palmer's initials on it little attention would have been paid to her statement. She claimed to have been a discarded wife of Palmer's, and it was for this casting off that she had killed him. The watch was shown to Rothwell, and he told the police where he had seen it. This identified the woman with Palmer, she was charged with his murder, and Rothwell was released. He asked to see the person who stood in his place and was taken to her cell.

What was his amazement to recognize Alice Swain.

Before he had time to betray their relationship she gave him a look that put him on his guard. She then spoke to him as a stranger, telling him that if he could get permission to see her alone she would throw additional light on the murder. Permission was granted, and the two were left alone.

Not daring to embrace each other, they refrained. Alice talked about the murder, but, fearful of being overheard, said nothing to reveal the true situation. Meanwhile she scratched on a bit of paper:

> This is a plan to save you. Luckily you wrote me of the tin box. I came, took the watch and pawned it to get arrested. Go away and I will convince them of my innocence.

It was agreed between them through the same medium that Harold should have a week before Alice revealed the trick. When the period had expired and he was safe in hiding she called for the lawyer who had defended him and told him how Rothwell had written her of the interview he had had with Palmer and of the tin box, showing him the letter—how she had gone to the hiding place, taken the watch and pawned it, knowing the man who was at the time with the pawnbroker to be a detective. The attorney soon obtained a dismissal of the charge against her, and later she was set at liberty.

She at once went to the ranch house and in her future husband's name claimed for him his inheritance. Making a more thorough examination of the contents of the tin box, she found a bit of paper on which were written the following words:

> If I am murdered it will be by my old partner, Jacob Wilcox. When we separated I took some bonds that he claimed belonged to him. He told me then that he would have the bonds if he had to kill me to get them.

In time Rothwell came into his inheritance and married the girl who had saved him. He spent considerable money trying to find Wilcox and bring him to justice, but never succeeded. The Rothwell ranch is now one of the largest in that section of country.

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Does the Front of Your Coat Keep Looking Like This?

YOU know the unsightly break in the front of most coats. It often appears after a few days' wear, giving the coat a tired, dejected appearance and spoiling its shape. You never can press it back.

You run absolutely *no risk* of a broken coat front when you get your Clothcraft Suit. The Clothcraft coat front is trussed like a bridge. The shape is built in—not pressed in. Your Clothcraft coat front will be unbroken as long as you wear it.

These are the famous pure all-wool clothes—absolutely guaranteed—the only guaranteed *all-wool* clothes in the country, selling at $10 to $25.

This announcement is for men who appreciate such values, at these prices. Does this include you?

THEO. LABISSONIERE
The Reliable Clothier

Clothcraft
All-Wool Clothes
$10 to $25

19

The Scrap Book

He Observed.

"Be observing, my son," said a father to his boy. "Cultivate the habit of seeing, and you will be a successful man. Don't go through the world blindly. Learn to use your eyes. Boys who are observant know a great deal more than those who are not."

Willie listened in silence.

Several days later when the entire family, consisting of his mother, aunt and uncle, were present his father said:

"Well, Willie, have you kept using your eyes, as I advised you to do?"

Willie nodded and after a moment's hesitation said:

"I've seen a few things about the house. Uncle Jim's got a bottle of hair dye hid under his bed, Aunt Jennie's got an extra set of teeth in her dresser, ma's got some lots of false hair in her bureau drawer, and you've got a pack of cards, a box of poker chips and a box of dice behind the books in the bookcase."

At Parting.

Until we meet again! That is the meaning
Of the familiar words that men repeat
At parting in the street.
Ah, yes, till then, but when death, intervening,
Rends us asunder with what ceaseless pain
We wait for thee again!

The friends who leave us do not feel the sorrow
Of parting as we feel it who must stay,
Lamenting day by day
And knowing when we wake upon the morrow
We shall not find in its accustomed place
The one loved face.
—Longfellow.

Knew What to Do.

"I hope it will be a long time before I have such another test applied to my honesty," a downtown merchant remarked as he returned from waiting on a customer.

"What was the trouble?" asked his partner.

"Those near wool suits. An old fellow came in just now and asked me the price of one.

"'Seven dollars,' I told him.

"'Speak louder!' he said, holding his hand behind his ear. So I yelled, 'Seven dollars!'

"'Eleven dollars! Too much! I'll give you $9!' he replied.

His partner looked at the speaker in alarm.

"You—er—of course you did the right thing?"

"I guess you can depend on me to do the right thing," was the haughty retort. Then he paused. "You'd better get some dollar bills when you go to the bank," he remarked. "I just gave an old fellow a ten spot for one for change!"—Harper's Magazine.

A Man of Little Faith.

A colored preacher took some candidates for immersion down to a river in Louisiana. Seeing some alligators in the stream, one of them objected.

"Why, brother," urged the pastor, "can't you trust the Lord? He took care of Jonah, didn't he?"

"Y-a-a-s," admitted the darky, "but a whale's different. A whale's got mem'ry, but if one o' dem 'gators wus ter swaller dis nigger he'd jes' go to sleep dar in the sun an' forgit all about it."

His First Words.

"I guess," remarked simple old Farmer Hoe, "that we'd better have Andrew stop studyin' so hard. 'Tain't good for his mind."

"I haven't noticed anything unusual," answered his wife.

"No? But I have. When he comes home from school for his holidays, after travelin' scores and scores of miles, what do ye think his fust words was?"

"'TAIN'T GOOD FOR HIS MIND."

"I d'no."

"He seys, 'Well, father, I'm halfback now.'

"I looked at 'im, and I says, 'What do ye mean?'

"'Just what I say. I'm halfback.'

"I says: 'Andrew, don't ye realize where ye are? Ye ain't half back. Ye're all the way back, and I'm glad to see ye too.' An all he done was to jes' laugh and say he'd tell me all about it some time."—Omaha World-Herald.

MANHOOD.

Labor, calling, profession, scholarship and artificial and arbitrary distinctions of all sorts are incidents and accidents of life and pass away. It is only manhood that remains, and it is only by manhood that man is to be measured.—Josiah Gilbert Holland.

WELL AT LAST.

Terrible Kidney Trouble Cured After Doctors Gave Up Hope.

Mrs. F. M. Hill, 188 W. 10th St., Waterloo, Iowa, says: "It makes me shudder to think of my awful suffering. I was languid and weak and never free from dull pain in my back. My hands puffed and my feet became so swollen I could not wear my shoes. The kidney secretions were painful and frequent in passage. I gradually grew weaker until the doctors gave up hope. It was then I began with Doan's Kidney Pills and soon improved. Continued use cured me."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

EVER SINCE.

Virginia—I suppose you and Harry have been thrown together a good deal lately?

Grace—Yes; ever since he got his new automobile.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Too Free.

Seymour—What caused the Allcome Life Insurance company to fail?

Ashley—It was altogether too free in accepting risks. I don't believe it would have even refused to insure the life of a turkey the day before Thanksgiving.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Terrified Hero.

"Did you have any narrow escapes in the surf last summer?"

"Yes," replied the life-saver. "One lady whom I rescued was so grateful that she nearly married me."

What Murine Eye Remedy Does to the Eyes is to Refresh, Cleanse, Strengthen and Stimulate Healthful Circulation, Promoting Normal Conditions. Try Murine in your Eyes.

Can You Blame Him?

"Pa, what does 'skeptical' mean?"

"That describes a man's feelings when a woman tells her age."

Fargo Directory

THE PIONEER LIFE INS. CO. of N. D. All premiums are left in your state for its development. Country bankers may become depositaries. Policies guaranteed by state deposit. Agents wanted. J. J. Fechler, Sec., Fargo, N. D.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies. Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention. FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

Ship Your Hides, Furs and Pelts To BOLLES & ROGERS FARGO, N. D.

KODAK adds enjoyment to every sport or recreation. Kodak way is easy and simple. Kodaks $5 to $110. Ask us for a copy of the Kodak Catalog. [illegible] Fargo, N. D.

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO. Growers and shippers of CUT FLOWERS, PLANTS, etc. The largest facilities and best appointed service in the West for handling out of town orders. Funeral designs made up on short notice. Phone or write us Night or Day. Established a quarter of a century. Send for catalogue. Corner Broadway & Front Street, Fargo, N. D.

WE MAKE IT EASY For you to own a PIANO—and will save you money no matter where you live. We guarantee safe delivery and entire satisfaction. Write us. Our prices and offer will interest you. LUGER FURNITURE CO. Fargo North Dakota

JUST ARRIVED A carload of good pianos. Will be sold for only $186 Cash. Write for catalogs. Cut prices on musical goods. Mail orders given prompt attention. STONE PIANO COMPANY Fargo, North Dakota

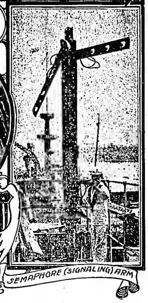
FARGO TANNERY Receives hides and skins for tanning to harness leather, robes and coats. Robes lined, hides bought, leather and robes for sale. Send for price list. Andrew Monson Prop. Fargo Tannery Fargo, N. D.

DAKOTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC Complete courses in Music and Dramatic Art. Catalogue free. Fargo, North Dakota.

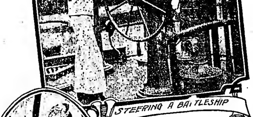
PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

On the Bridge of a Battleship

CHART TABLE FOR THE USE OF NAVIGATORS

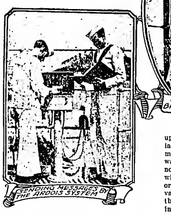


SEMAPHORE (SIGNALING) ARM



STEERING A BATTLESHIP

MANIPULATING BATTLESHIP SEARCHLIGHT



SENDING MESSAGES BY THE ARDOIS SYSTEM

THE modern battleship is a marvel of concentration and space economy. There is no room for things purely ornamental, but every foot of space is used to some purpose in connection with the storage or operation of the myriad adjuncts necessary for the work, the safety and the comfort of the hundreds of men who crowd one of these floating fortresses. If one were to choose, however, the one section of a battleship which above all others is a veritable nest of wonders and surprises choice would unhesitatingly fall upon the "bridge"—that elevated structure which is so appropriately named and which extends the full width of the deck on the forward part of the ship—in front of the huge smokestacks, as a "land lubber" might designate its location.

For one thing, we find on the bridge an even greater array than anywhere else on the ship of those remarkable mechanical and electrical devices which do so much of the work on shipboard that would seem to require human intelligence. But the bridge has in addition a special significance which multiplies many times its importance and the interest of its equipment. It is the "nerve center" of the ship, the seat of authority and command which directs all the operations within the bounds of the big armorclad, and also the intelligence office through which this warship community communicates other vessels of the fleet and, indeed, with the entire outside world.

Under ordinary conditions when the battleship is cruising at sea, participating in battle drill or target practise or engaged in any of the other important functions of a sea warrior the captain commanding, the navigating officer and other responsible officials of the ship have their positions on the bridge. In time of actual battle those directing heads of the fighting machine would not expose themselves on the bridge, but they would not be far away. Sheltered by conning towers or some other protective screens, they would be as near as possible to the vantage points to be found only on the exposed bridge and from those substitute observatories—some of them located directly behind or otherwise adjacent to the bridge—would direct the action of the battling armorclad.

In order to enable the officers on the bridge to be at all times closely in touch with all parts of the ship this elevated promenade is made the nerve center of elaborate telephone, telegraph and signaling systems that afford instantaneous communication with the engine and fire rooms, the ammunition magazines, all the different "gun stations" throughout the ship, and, in fact, every scene of activity that has part in the complex mission of one of these great fighting machines. The telephone system on a battleship is much like the private telephone system in a great store or manufactory, but with the difference that on shipboard most of the receivers are of the pattern which fit close to the head, covering both ears and strongly resembling those used by the hello girls in telephone exchanges. This special equipment is designed to shut out disturbing noises and is very essential when officers and men may be called upon to listen to telephone conversation when the guns are roaring or against the opposition of the various distracting noises always to be encountered on shipboard.

Near the bridge of a battleship is the wireless telegraph station which is one of the newer yet easily one of the most important adjuncts of the up-to-date battleship. However, the wireless telegraph is not used for interior communication aboard the battleship but solely for the exchange of messages with other ships and with shore stations. What are sometimes referred to as "telegraphs" on shipboard are not telegraphs at all, as the lay reader understands them, but are rather signaling systems. The most common of these communicative systems is that whereby the pressure of a button or lever at one station on a battleship—say on the bridge—will cause a printed command to suddenly appear in illuminated form in a distant part of the ship. For instance, the movement of a certain lever on the bridge of the battleship will cause an illuminated sign to suddenly appear before the eyes of the engineers, 'way down below the water line, reading, "Full Speed Ahead," or "Full Speed Astern," or any other command which it is desired to give. By means of this method of signaling a command can, if need be, be communicated simultaneously to a number of different stations scattered throughout the ship. Indeed it is by this expedient that the captain of the battleship insures uniformity of action during target practise or in battle. In a twinkling he can send the command "Begin firing" or "Cease firing," or any other instructions to each and every gun crew scattered throughout the length of the ship.

On the bridge, likewise, we find all the paraphernalia for steering the ship, including the great wheel, the electrical control, the compasses, the chart board, with its stores of charts and all the other mechanical adjuncts for keeping the huge vessel on the proper course. Here, too, are the seemingly simple devices which now control the manipulation of the huge searchlights perched up aloft on skeleton steel towers—a means of managing the searchlights which is not only more rapid but more effective than the old plan of turning them this way and that by manual labor. On the bridge, too, are no end of signaling devices for supplementing the wireless telegraph in communication with other ships or with the shore. There are signal flags for use with various codes and with the always useful "wigwag;" there are the semaphore and Ardois systems for signaling at night by means of different combinations of red and white lights, and there is the electric torch for unofficial messages.

The American navy has been the most successful military organization, from its very inception, which the world has ever seen. That is a pretty broad statement, but it is absolutely true. There are good reasons for this.

In the early days we were a commercial people. We were natural sailormen. Our people lived along the shores. They made their money in commercial pursuits. The men who commanded merchant ships were not only good sailors; they were good merchants, and the foundations for many of the great fortunes of this country have come from that source. In order to protect themselves they were obliged to go armed. Their ships were armed as were privateers in time of war. The result is that they not only knew navigation, but they knew gunnery, and combined with these qualities the intelligence which makes great merchants.

Naturally, when those men came into positions where they commanded men-of-war, they were equal to the occasion, although they had had no naval training. As time went on they acquired a naval training, so that in the later wars, in the early part of the nineteenth century, they met every requirement, and in the recent wars the graduates of the Naval academy have been equal to every duty which has been imposed upon them. They have made a record of which every American citizen should be proud.

The American sailorman has always been efficient. They were good men in the time of the Revolution; competent men in the time of the war of 1812. They are better men today than they were in those days, because today 95 per cent. of them are American citizens, and not a man is shipped in the American navy who has not declared his intention to become a citizen. Twenty five years ago not more than 30 per cent. of our men-of-war's men were American citizens.

The American navy has been successful because our ships have always been as good ships as any that were built in the world. Our merchantmen, in the Revolutionary times, and down to the Civil war, were the best merchant ships sailing the seas. They were, no doubt, the best manned, and they made the fastest time. During the period of wooden ships, when we built men-of-war they were of the same general character. Our men-of-war, gun for gun, were equal to, and probably superior, to those of any other nation.

We have always been able to shoot better than most people. Go back to the early times, to the revolutionary war. We lost 24 men-of-war, carrying less than 500 guns, in the Revolutionary war, while the British lost 102 men-of-war, carrying more than 2,500 guns. We captured 800 of their merchant ships, and it is not too much to say that if it had not been for the damage caused by the American navy we would not have won the Revolutionary war at all; that is, it might have been necessary later to have fought that war over again.

The same relative skill prevailed in the War of 1812. Our ships of the same class were superior to the ships of our opponents. This statement is confirmed when we study the exact figures. For instance, in the Hornet-Peacock contest the British ship lost five men killed and 37 wounded, out of a crew of 130, while the American ship had but three wounded—this in eleven minutes. In the Wasp-Frolic fight the British ship lost 15 men killed and 47 wounded, out of a crew of 110, while the American ship lost but five killed and five wounded from a crew of the same size.

I could mention a number of similar instances which demonstrate my statement that at that time we were able to shoot well, and we have been shooting better ever since. Not only the men of the north, but the men of the south, shot well during the Civil war; they shot well during the Spanish war; and we can shoot half a dozen times as well today as we could during the Spanish war.

Never has the American navy made such a record as it is making today, and never has there been a navy having a record excelling the one which our navy is now making for capacity to hit the target. That is really the whole war problem—to hit what you are shooting at.

We have not in the past built homogeneous fleets. We build a surplus of battleships and then provide the men to man them, and frequently provide more than we have ships for. We build auxiliaries and torpedo boats, if we do it at all, without any regard to the relation which such craft should bear to the battleship fleet, and while we have built or have in construction 29 battleships, we have practically no means of furnishing tenders for them under service conditions.

When the battleship fleet was sent to the Pacific recently it was necessary to charter 40 foreign ships to carry coal for it. If it had been found necessary to send the fleet around the horn in time of war it could not have been attempted, because we could not have furnished American vessels in which to carry the coal.

Very few people realize the deplorable condition we are in, as far as our merchant marine is concerned. If we had a large merchant marine we could draw from it without having special auxiliaries for the navy, but we are so lacking in both that it makes our present situation almost hopeless.

When the Spanish war broke out it was necessary to purchase colliers and transports. One hundred and two vessels were bought at a cost of something over $17,000,000, but they cost a very large percentage more than their market value, and more than twice as much as they could have been sold for if they had been put on the market at the termination of the war. In other words, we paid out millions of dollars because we had not provided ourselves with suitable auxiliaries for our battleship fleet. We should have a navy adequate for our needs; not only adequate in battleships, but adequate in every other respect.

Surgery on Heart

Surgical operations upon the heart have become more or less of a commonplace in medical history. Something approximating 100 cases of the sewing up of heart wounds are on record, and the recoveries have been considerable when one considers the highly dangerous character of such work. Hitherto, however, heart surgery has been limited to accident cases.

In a recent issue of the annals of surgery one of the workers at the Rockefeller institute for medical research discusses the possibility of treating diseased hearts surgically. He has made numerous experiments on animals and believes that such operations will be successfully performed on human beings in the near future. His tests have convinced him that the heart can be opened, scraped out (cleaned, so to speak), sewed up and started off on its "beating" path again without any great, at least insuperable, difficulty. By an ingenious system of side piping and new channeling he is able temporarily to cut out of the circulation portions of such important vessels as the descending aorta the largest artery in the body, without killing the animal. Among his suggested operations is one on the coronary arteries of the heart for the cure of angina pectoris.

This doctor has apparently proved to his own satisfaction on animals that successful surgical interference with the great vessels and the heart itself is a possibility. It is, of course, a long step from these experiments to actual operations on human beings, but there is every indication that the latter feat will be attempted in the near future. The intractability of cardiac affections and their high fatality make the proposed new surgery a thing of great general interest, and may justify the extreme boldness of the proposal.

Mills' Opinion of Marriage

Among the letters written by the late English philosopher and economist, John Stuart Mill, recently published, is the following document, dated March 6, 1851, upon the occasion of his marriage to Mrs. Taylor, whom he had loved since long before the event of her widowhood:

"Being about, if I am so happy as to obtain her consent, to enter into the marriage relation with the only woman I have ever known with whom I would have entered into that state, and the whole character of the married relation as constituted by law being such as both she and I entirely and conscientiously disapprove, for this, among other reasons, that it confers upon one of the parties to the contract legal power and control over the person, property and freedom of action of the other party, independent of her own wishes and will, I, having no means of legally divesting myself of these obvious powers (as I most assuredly would do if the engagement to that effect could be made legally binding on me, feel it my duty to put on record a formal protest against the existing law of marriage, in so far as conferring such powers, and a solemn promise never in any case or under any circumstances to use them.

"And in the event of marriage between Mrs. Taylor and me, I declare it to be my will and intention to absolutely disclaim and repudiate all pretense to have acquired any rights whatever by virtue of such marriage.

"J. S. MILL."

How It Was Done.

The Picture of Misery—Yus, lidy, there was a time w'en I 'ad money to burn, an' where I made the mistake was w'en I did burn it.

The Old Party—And pray what did you burn it with?

The Picture of Misery—Wiv an ol' flame of mine.—Punch.

PAINLESS.

First Chauffeur—I ran over a man yesterday and it didn't hurt him a bit!

Second Chauffeur—How was that?

First Chauffeur—It killed him instantly!

He Was a Boston Boy.

"Your little boy must be very intelligent," said a visitor to a Boston school teacher whose five-year-old son was forming Greek words with building blocks.

"Intelligent!" exclaimed the proud parent. "He is phenomenally gifted. As an example of his early erudition, what do you suppose was the first words he ever spoke?"

"'Papa' and 'mamma'?"

"Stuff and nonsense!" ejaculated the father in a tone of disgust. "Why, the day he was 12 months old he suddenly laid down his algebra and said to me: 'Father, the longer I live the more indubitable proofs I perceive that there is in Boston as much culture to the square inch as there ever was in the ambient area of ancient Athens!'"

A Realist on Hope.

William Dean Howells, discussing realism at one of his Sunday afternoons in New York, let fall a neat epigram on hope.

"Hope," said the famous novelist, "is not, really, an angel in a diaphanous robe of white, but only the wisp of hay held before a donkey's nose to make him go."

A Sure Sign.

"I understand, Mr. Reuben," said the visitor, "that your son is devoted to the turf."

"Ya-ss, I reckon he is," said the old man. "Jubez kin lay down on the grass for half hours 'thout makin' no complaint."—Harper's Weekly.

Strong Winds and Sand Storms cause granulation of the eyelids. PETTIT'S EYE SALVE soothes and quickly relieves. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

And many a man's reputation for honesty is due to his having put aside temptations that didn't tempt.

Sore throat leads to Tonsilitis, Quinsy and Diphtheria. Hamlins Wizard Oil used as a gargle upon the first symptoms of a sore throat will invariably prevent all three of these dread diseases.

The worst deadbeat is he who refuses to pay a debt of gratitude.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Fargo, N. D.

Lots of women dress as if they were hard of bearing.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP Buy Furs and Hides. Send for catalog 105. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

A conventional man is one whose action you can predict ahead of time.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Many a man who put his money in a mine comes out minus.

CURE THAT COLD TODAY

"I would rather preserve the health of a nation than be its ruler."—MUNYON.

Thousands of people who are suffering with colds are about today. Tomorrow they may be prostrated with pneumonia. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Get a 25 cent bottle of Munyon's Cold Cure at the nearest drug store. This bottle may be conveniently carried in the vest pocket. If you are not satisfied with the effects of the remedy, send us your empty bottle and we will refund your money. Munyon's Cold Cure will speedily break up all forms of colds and prevent grippe and pneumonia. It checks discharges of the nose and eyes, stops sneezing, allays inflammation and fever, and tones up the system.

If you need Medical Advice, write to Munyon's Doctors. They will carefully diagnose your case and advise you by mail, absolutely free. You are under no obligation.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratory, 53d and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief--Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Prominent men everywhere use the Gillette KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

Suicide—

Slow death and awful suffering follows neglect of bowels. Constipation kills more people than consumption. It needs a cure and there is one medicine in all the world that cures it—CASCARETS. 899

Cascarets—10c. box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

WANTED Live, hustling agents to sell an attractive lot and land proposition. Big money. E. K. Clark, Sales Agr., Hamlin, Tex.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 46-1910.

"Two bottles Cured My Rheumatism"

"I have been a sufferer from rheumatism for about two years, and have used many liniments and patent medicines which gave me no relief. A lady friend of mine told me she had used your Liniment and found relief at once. I got two bottles and they cured me. I think it is the best Liniment a person can have in the house. I shall always keep a bottle in my house as long as I can get it."—MRS. E. R. WALLACE, Morrisons, Va.

Another Letter.

MRS. JAMES MCGRAW, of 1216 Mandeville St., New Orleans, La., writes:—"I take pleasure in writing to you that I had a pain in my arm for five years, and I used

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

for one week and was completely cured. I recommend your Liniment very highly."

Sloan's Liniment instantly relieves stiffness of the Joints, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Sprains, Neuralgia, Sciatica and Lumbago. Better and cheaper than porous plasters.

At All Druggists. Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00

Sloan's Treatise on the Horse sent Free. Address

DR. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.

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A modern school, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Full courses in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

School in session all year. For full information, address, R. L. Watkins, Fargo, N.D.

COLDS BREED CATARRH

Her Terrible Experience Shows How Peruna Should Be in Every Home to Prevent Colds.

Mrs. C. S. Sagerser.

Mrs. C. S. Sagerser, 1311 Woodland Ave., Kansas City, Mo., writes: "I feel it a duty to you and to others that may be afflicted like myself, to speak for Peruna.

"My terrible [illegible] affected for the last two years. I think from your description of internal catarrh that I must have had that also. I suffered very severely.

"Nothing ever relieved me like Peruna. It keeps me from taking cold.

"With the exception of some deafness I am feeling perfectly cured. I am forty-six years old.

"I feel that words are inadequate to express my praise for Peruna."

Catarrh in Bad Form.

Mrs. Jennie Darling, R. F. D. 1, [illegible] Mills, Maine, writes: "I was unable to do my work for four years, as I had catarrh in a bad form. I coughed incessantly, and got so weak and was confined to my bed.

"Peruna came to my relief and by faithfully using it, I am able to do my work. Peruna is the best medicine that I ever tried."

ROOSEVELT'S GREAT BOOK "AFRICAN GAME TRAILS" an ideal Christmas gift, must be brought by some one in every locality to his neighbors. The man who applies quickly will have monopoly of field and a high commission. Write for prospectus to CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS 153 (R. S.) Fifth Ave., New York City

Strong Preaching.

The minister's eight-year-old daughter was returning with her parents from church, where the district superintendent had that morning occupied the pulpit.

"Oh, father," asked the little girl, her face alive with enthusiasm. "Don't you think Brother C. is a very strong preacher? I do."

Gratified by this evidence of unusual intelligence on the part of his offspring, the minister eagerly inquired into her reasons for her statement.

"Oh," replied the little miss, artlessly, "didn't you see how the dust rose when he stamped his feet?"—Judge.

An Awful Moment.

The company always included many delightful women, and I remember the consternation caused among them one day by Burnham, the scout. He explained that he attributed his success as a scout to the acuteness of his sense of smell; it was like a bloodhound's.

"There's no one here today," he affirmed, "who at any time anywhere in the future I could not recognize in the dark. Yes, I could tell you, and you, and you," nodding at an alluring group in modish apparel, "by the way you smell!"

For an awful moment the conversation flagged.—McClure's.

Expecting Too Much.

It was a cold, raw day, but the Neversweats and the Fearnoughts were playing a game of ball on the prairie, just the same.

The pitcher of the Neversweats, his fingers half frozen, failed dismally in getting the balls over the plate.

"Aw," said the captain, "I t'ought ye wuz one o' dese cold weather pitchers!"

"I am," said the slab artist, blowing on his benumbed digits to warm them, "but I ain't a ice pitcher, blame ye!"

Capacity.

Knicker—How many will your motor car hold?

Bocker—Five and a cop.

An Attractive Food

Post Toasties

So Crisp
So Flavoury
So Wholesome

So Convenient
So Economical

So why not order a package from Grocer.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Gertrude and her fiance, Jack Bailey, had conversed in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found unconscious at the bottom of the circular staircase. She said something had brushed by her in the dark on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a note in his pocket bearing the name "Lucien Wallace." A ladder found out of place deepens the mystery. The stables were burned, and in the dark Miss Innes shot an intruder. Halsey mysteriously disappeared. His auto was found wrecked by a freight train. It developed Halsey had an argument in the library with a woman before his disappearance. New cook disappears. Miss Innes learned Halsey was alive. Dr. Walker's face becomes livid at mention of the name of Nina Carrington. Evidence was secured from a tramp that a man, supposedly Halsey, had been bound and gagged and thrown into an empty box car. Gertrude was missing. Hunting for her, Miss Innes ran into a man and fainted. A confederate of Dr. Walker confessed his part in the mystery. He stated that the Carrington woman had been killed, that Walker feared her, and that he believed that Paul Armstrong had been killed by a hand guided by Walker. Halsey was found in a distant hospital. Paul Armstrong was not dead. Miss Innes discovered secret rooms in which the Traders' bank treasure was believed to be. Mrs. Watson, dying, said she killed Arnold Armstrong, who years before had married her sister under the alias of Wallace. Lucien Wallace was born of the marriage.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

At the Foot of the Stairs.

As I drove rapidly up to the house from Casanova station in the hack, I saw the detective Burns loitering across the street from the Walker place. So Jamieson was putting the screws on—lightly now, but ready to give them a twist or two, I felt certain, very soon.

The house was quiet. Two steps of the circular staircase had been pried off without result, and beyond a second message from Gertrude that Halsey insisted on coming home and they would arrive that night there was nothing new. Mr. Jamieson, having failed to locate the secret room, had gone to the village. I learned afterwards that he called at Dr. Walker's, under pretense of an attack of acute indigestion, and before he left had inquired about the evening trains to the city. He said he had wasted a lot of time on the case, and a good bit of the mystery was in my imagination! The doctor was under the impression that the house was guarded day and night. Well, give a place a reputation like that, and you don't need a guard at all—thus Jamieson. And sure enough, late in the afternoon, the two private detectives, accompanied by Mr. Jamieson, walked down the main street of Casanova and took a city-bound train.

That they got off at the next station and walked back again to Sunnyside at dusk was not known at the time. Personally, I knew nothing of either move; I had other things to absorb me at that time.

Liddy brought me some tea while I rested after my trip, and on the tray was a small book from the Casanova library. It was called "The Unseen World" and had a cheerful cover, on which a half-dozen sheeted figures linked hands around a headstone.

At this point in my story, Halsey always says: "Trust a woman to add two and two together, and make six." To which I retort that if two and two plus X makes six, then to discover the unknown quantity is the simplest thing in the world. That a houseful of detectives missed it entirely was because they were busy trying to prove that two and two make four.

The depression due to my visit to the hospital left me at the prospect of seeing Halsey again that night. It was about five o'clock when Liddy left me for a nap before dinner, having put me into a gray silk dressing-gown and a pair of slippers. I listened to her retreating footsteps, and as soon as she was safely below stairs I went up to the trunkroom. The place had not been disturbed, and I proceeded at once to try to discover the entrance to the hidden room. The openings on either side, as I have said, showed nothing but perhaps three feet of brick wall. There was no sign of an entrance—no levers, no hinges, to give a hint. Either the mantel or the roof, I decided, and after a half-hour at the mantel, productive of absolutely no result, I decided to try the roof.

I am not fond of a height. The few occasions on which I have climbed a step-ladder have always left me dizzy and weak in the knees. The top of the Washington monument is as impossible to me as the elevation to the presidential chair. And yet—I climbed out on the Sunnyside roof without a second's hesitation. Like a dog on a scent, like my bear-skin progenitor, with his spear and his wild boar, to me now there was the lust of the chase, the frenzy of pursuit, the dust of battle. I got quite a little of the latter on me as I climbed from the unfinished ballroom out through a window to the roof of the east wing of the building, which was only two stories in height.

Once out there, access to the top of the main building was rendered easy—at least it looked easy—by a small vertical iron ladder, fastened to the wall outside of the ballroom, and perhaps 12 feet high. The 12 feet looked short from below, but they were difficult to climb. I gathered my silk gown around me, and succeeded finally in making the top of the ladder. Once there, however, I was completely out of breath. I sat down, my feet on the top rung, and put my hair-pins in more securely, while the wind ballooned my dressing-gown out like a sail. I had torn a great strip of the silk loose, and now I ruthlessly finished the destruction of my gown by jerking it free and tying it around my head.

Luckily, the roof was flat, and I was able to go over every inch of it. But the result was disappointing; no trap-door revealed itself, no glass window; nothing but a couple of pipes two inches across, and standing perhaps 18 inches high and three feet apart, with a cap to prevent rain from entering and raised to permit the passage of air. I picked up a pebble from the roof and dropped it down, listening with my ear at one of the pipes. I could hear it strike on something with a sharp, metallic sound, but it was impossible for me to tell how far it had gone.

I gave up finally and went down the ladder again, getting in through the ballroom window without being observed. I went back at once to the trunkroom, and, sitting down on a box, gave my mind, as consistently as I could, to the problem before me. If the pipes in the roof were ventilators to the secret room, and there was no trap-door above, the entrance was probably in one of the two rooms between which it lay—unless, indeed, the room had been built, and the opening closed with a brick and mortar wall.

The mantel fascinated me. Made of wood and carved, the more I looked the more I wondered that I had not noticed before the absurdity of such a mantel in such a place. It was covered with scrolls and panels, and finally, by the merest accident, I pushed one of the panels at the side. It moved easily, revealing a small brass knob.

No Trap-Door Revealed Itself.

It is not necessary to detail the fluctuations of hope and despair, and not a little fear of what lay beyond, with which I twisted and turned the knob. It moved, but nothing seemed to happen, and then I discovered the trouble. I pushed the knob vigorously to one side, and the whole mantel swung loose from the wall almost a foot, revealing a cavernous space beyond.

I took a long breath, closed the door from the trunkroom into the hall—thank heaven, I did not lock it—and pulling the mantel-door wide open, I stepped into the chimney-room. I had time to get a hazy view of a small portable safe, a common wooden table and a chair—then the mantel door swung to, and clicked behind me. I stood quite still for a moment, in the darkness, unable to comprehend what had happened. Then I turned and beat furiously at the door with my fists. It was closed and locked again, and my fingers in the darkness slid over a smooth wooden surface without a sign of a knob.

I was furiously angry—at myself, at the mantel-door, at everything. I did not fear suffocation; before the thought had come to me I had already seen a gleam of light from the two small ventilating pipes in the roof. They supplied air, but nothing else. The room itself was shrouded in blackness.

I must have dozed off. I am sure I did not faint. I was never more composed in my life. I remember planning, if I were not discovered, who would have my things. I knew Liddy would want my heliotrope poplin, and she's a fright in lavender. Once or twice I heard mice in the partitions, and so I sat on the table, with my feet on the chair. I imagined I could hear the search going on through the house, and once some one came into the trunkroom; I could distinctly hear footsteps.

"In the chimney! In the chimney!" I called with all my might, and was rewarded by a piercing shriek from Liddy and the slam of the trunkroom door.

I felt easier after that, although the room was oppressively hot and enervating. I had no doubt the search for me would now come in the right direction, and after a little, I dropped into a doze. How long I slept I do not know.

It must have been several hours, for I had been tired from a busy day, and I waked stiff from my awkward position. I could not remember where I was for a few minutes, and my head felt heavy and congested. Gradually I roused to my surroundings, and to the fact that in spite of ventilators, the air was bad and growing worse. I was breathing long, gasping respirations, and my face was damp and clammy. I must have been there a long time, and the searchers were probably hunting outside the house, dredging the creek, or beating the woodland. I knew that another hour or two would find me unconscious, and with my inability to cry out would go my only chance of rescue. It was the combination of bad air and heat, probably, for some inadequate ventilation was coming through the pipes. I tried to retain my consciousness by walking the length of the room and back, over and over, but I had not the strength to keep it up, so I sat down on the table again, my back against the wall.

The house was very still. Once my straining ears seemed to catch a footfall beneath me, possibly in my own room. I groped for the chair from the table, and pounded with it frantically on the floor. But nothing happened; I realized bitterly that if the sound was heard at all, no doubt it was classed with the other rappings that had so alarmed us recently.

And then—I heard sounds from below me, in the house. There was a peculiar throbbing, vibrating noise that I felt rather than heard, much like the pulsing beat of fire engines in the city. For one awful moment I thought the house was on fire, and every drop of blood in my body gathered around my heart; then I knew. It was the engine of the automobile, and Halsey had come back. Hope sprang up afresh. Halsey's clear head and Gertrude's intuition might do what Liddy's hysteria and three detectives had failed in.

After a time I thought I had been right. There was certainly something going on down below; doors were slamming, people were hurrying through the halls, and certain high notes of excited voices penetrated to me shrilly. I hoped they were coming closer, but after a time the sounds died away below, and I was left to the silence and heat, to the weight of the darkness, to the oppression of walls that seemed to close in on me and stifle me.

The first warning I had was a stealthy fumbling at the lock of the mantel-door. With my mouth open to scream, I stopped. Perhaps the situation had rendered me acute, perhaps it was instinctive. Whatever it was, I sat without moving, and some one outside, in absolute stillness, ran his fingers over the carving of the mantel and—found the panel.

Now the sounds below redoubled; from the clatter and jarring I knew,

that several people were running up the stairs, and as the sounds approached, I could even hear what they said.

"Watch the end staircases!" Jamieson shouted. "Damnation—there's no light here!" And then a second later. "All together now. One — two — three—"

The door into the trunkroom had been locked from the inside. At the second that it gave, opening against the wall with a crash and evidently tumbling somebody into the room, the stealthy fingers beyond the mantel-door gave the knob the proper impetus, and—the door swung open, and closed again. Only—and Liddy always screams and puts her fingers in her ears at this point—only now I was not alone in the chimney room. There was some one else in the darkness, some one who breathed hard, and who was so close I could have touched him with my hand.

I was in a paralysis of terror. Outside there were excited voices and incredulous oaths. The trunks were being jerked around in a frantic search, the windows were thrown open, only to show a sheer drop of 40 feet. And the man in the room with me leaned against the mantel-door and listened. His pursuers were plainly baffled; I heard him draw a long breath, and turn to grope his way through the blackness. Then—he touched my hand, cold, clammy, deathlike.

A hand in an empty room! He drew in his breath, the sharp intaking of horror that fills lungs suddenly collapsed. Beyond jerking his hand away instantly, he made no movement. I think absolute terror had him by the throat. Then he stepped back, without turning, retreating foot by foot from The Dread in the corner, and I do not think he breathed.

Then, with the relief of space between us, I screamed, ear-splittingly, madly, and they heard me outside.

"In the chimney!" I shrieked. "Behind the mantel! The mantel!"

With an oath the figure hurled itself across the room at me, and I screamed again. In his blind fury he had missed me; I heard him strike the wall. That one time I eluded him; I was across the room, and I had got the chair. He stood for a second, listening, then—he made another rush and I struck out with my weapon. I think it stunned him, for I had a second's respite when I could hear him breathing, and some one shouted outside:

"We—can't—get—in. How—does—it open?"

But the man in the room had changed his tactics. I knew he was creeping on me, inch by inch, and I could not tell from where. And then—he caught me. He held his hand over my mouth, and I bit him. I was helpless, strangling—and some one was trying to break in the mantel from outside. It began to yield somewhere, for a thin wedge of yellowish light was reflected on the opposite wall. When he saw that, my assailant dropped me with a curse; then—the opposite wall swung open noiselessly, closed again without a sound, and I was alone. The intruder was gone.

"In the next room!" I called wildly. "The next room!" But the sound of blows on the mantel drowned my voice. By the time I had made them understand, a couple of minutes had elapsed. The pursuit was taken up then, by all except Alex, who was determined to liberate me. When I stepped out into the trunkroom a free woman again I could hear the chase far below.

I must say, for all Alex's anxiety to set me free, he paid little enough attention to my plight. He jumped through the opening into the secret room and picked up the portable safe.

"I am going to put this in Mr. Halsey's room, Miss Innes," he said, "and I shall send one of the detectives to guard it."

I hardly heard him. I wanted to laugh and cry in the same breath—to crawl into bed and have a cup of tea, and scold Liddy, and do any of the thousand natural things that I had never expected to do again. And the air! The touch of the cool night air on my face!

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Police Women in the West

Cities of Portland and Seattle Are Said to Have Found the Innovation Satisfactory.

The cities of the west are never afraid of innovations, says the St. Paul Dispatch. This is one explanation of the existence of police women in Portland and Seattle. The other explanation must be found in the fact that these cities have discovered that police women are needed in the business of maintaining order and solving problems of order in the large cities. The old theory that men are the criminals and must be policed by men is giving way before the fact that there do appear from time to time women criminals, and especially before the fact that women can be saved before crime fixes them permanently in its possession.

In Portland there is a woman on the police force who has done efficient work in connection with the Young Women's Christian association—another vital factor in large towns in the ordering of the city. She had also accomplished much as a probation officer. Having served her term in these, the woman was ready when Portland decided that it required a police woman. She is a regular member of the department, with the same recognition shown to men. In Seattle there is also a police woman, although her appointment is temporary—during the Alaska-Yukon exposition. In all probability, however, Seattle will find this one police woman of such value that she will be retained.

Worried Over His Trousers.

The humors and tragedies of New York East side life are delineated by Frank Marshall White in an article in Harper's Weekly. Master Jacob Rosenberg, eleven or twelve years of age, was suffering from a broken leg. "His supreme agony came, however, when Dr. M. ripped up one side of the juvenile trousers with a pair of scissors to make room for bandages. 'My new pants! My new pants! He's cutting my new pants!' Jacob shrieked, and almost wriggled himself out of the grasp of the policemen and the driver in his efforts to prevent the mutilation of his raiment. All the way to his home in the ambulance the boy bewailed his mangled trousers more than he did his broken leg.

We think that preachers ought to say more about hell fire and brimstone; people are feeling altogether too easy about themselves.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

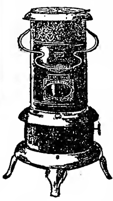
The wonder of baking powders—Calumet. Wonderful in its raising powers—its uniformity, its never failing results, its purity.

Wonderful in its economy. It costs less than the high-price trust brands, but it is worth as much. It costs a trifle more than the cheap and big can kinds—it is worth more. But proves its real economy in the baking.

Use CALUMET—the Modern Baking Powder.

At all Grocers.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition



You Can Work Near a Window

in winter when you have a Perfection Oil Heater. It is a portable radiator which can be moved to any part of a room, or to any room in a house. When you have a

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Absolutely smokeless and odorless

you do not have to work close to the stove, which is usually far from the window. You can work where you wish, and be warm. You can work on dull winter days in the full light near the window, without being chilled to the bone.

The Perfection Oil Heater quickly gives heat, and with one filling of the font burns steadily for nine hours, without smoke or smell. An indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font. The filler-cap, put in like a cork in a bottle, is attached by a chain. This heater has a cool handle and a damper top.

The Perfection Oil Heater has an **automatic-locking flame spreader,** which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back, so the wick can be quickly cleaned. The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged and can be unscrewed in an instant for rewicking. The Perfection Oil Heater is finished in japan or nickel, is strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

UMC

.22 CARTRIDGES

The straight shooting, hard-hitting, sure-firing 22's.

The reason why UMC .22 Cartridges are the best is that they are made with precisely the same care, the same tested materials and undergo the same rigid safeguards, as the heavier calibre, big-game-shooting UMC ammunition.

UMC .22's are also made with the heavy hollow point bullets, thereby increasing their shocking and killing power over the old solid bullet.

Try Our New "Lesmok" .22's

UMC .22 short, .22 long, .22 long rifle "Lesmok," Smokeless and Black Powder—as you wish.

Targets Supplied Free

THE UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO.
Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Will Keep Your Harness
soft as a glove
tough as a wire
black as a coal

Sold by Dealers Everywhere

MANUFACTURED BY Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

FOR SALE BY STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 \$3.50 & \$4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN
BOYS' SHOES, \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other \$3.00, \$3.50 or \$4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

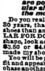
You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.



Household Lubricant

THE ALL-AROUND OIL
IN THE HANDY, EVER-READY TIN OILER

Is specially selected for any need in the home. Saves tools from rusting. Can not break. Does not gum or become rancid.

Dealers Everywhere

MANUFACTURED BY Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

FOR SALE BY STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, Cookies and Crackers. Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE, NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Geo. Elder of Thief River Falls was in town the first of the week.

K. O. Gigstad of St. Hilaire was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Editor Converse of St. Hilaire has spent a part of the week in town.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

A few fur coats to closeout cheap. Also a lot of ladies' furs.—The Big Store.

E. A. Mittwer is attending to business matters in the twin cities this week.

Mrs. J. J. Doe visited over Sunday with her son, Orson, at Valley City, N. Dak.

Five horse power gasoline engine for sale cheap. Call at the Gazette office and see it.

Mrs. S. Hall and the baby of Crookston are spending the week at the T. A. Crompe home.

The Red Lake Falls orchestra furnished music for a dance at Mentor last Friday evening.

J. D. Houston left last Friday on a business trip to Rock Island, Ill. He will be gone several days.

Mrs. F. E. Hunt was a guest over Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Sivertsen at Crookston.

A. G. Grosheng spent a part of the week in the twin cities attending to some business matters.

One-half price sale on men's and boy's pants at The Big Store. Corduroy, cassemeres, worsted, etc.

See our line of ladies' skirts. The finest fitting and most stylish skirts we have ever had.—The Big Store.

For fine apples go to LaBissoniere's—Johnathan, Greenings, and Belle Flowers. Bulk $1.25 bushel.

Geo F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, every will hereafter make regular trips and week. tf

H. H. Zaiser and Robert Zaiser have been at Federal Dam this week attending to some business matters.

Jos. Toupin went to Minneapolis Friday evening and took in the Minnesota-Wisconsin foot ball game Saturday.

Another shipment of Beaumont Repeating Army Rifles just received at Hunt Hardware Co. Same price, $3.50.

Special bargains in dress goods, flannels, men's and ladies' underwear—all at a big discount.—Red Lake Falls Supply House.

Special sale of cloaks at The Big Store. Ladies' 50 in. all wool French Seal collar coat, $5.00. Misses' and ladies' brown and smoke, a heavy cloaking material $5.00, worth $7.50, Astrachan coats at a bargain, $15.00 up.

The Royal Neighbors will conduct initiation ceremonies at their hall next Monday evening. All members are urged to be present.

Lost, Wednesday, between St. Joseph's church and the post office, a small black purse containing about $4 in change.—Cora Paul.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sabtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

For Sale—Good unimproved 160 acres of land on Sec. 6 and 5, Badger twp, Polk county, Minnesota. Price $3,500,—$1500 cash, five years on balance. W. R. Nance, Hopkins, Mo. 8

The quarterly statement of the First State Bank of Brooks is published in this issue of the Gazette. The bank makes a fine showing of business.

L.C. Simons was up from St. Paul the first of the week for the opening of the Farmer's National Bank of Red Lake Falls of which he is president.

The Red Lake and Clearwater rivers are frozen over and the kids and some older people have been enjoying themselves on the ice—until the snow came.

For the card party to be given by the Royal Neighbors Friday night, the ladies are requested to bring lunch. Coffee is to be provided by the lodge.

Whether the depositor has one dollar or one thousand in the Merchants State Bank the interest rate is the same—5 per cent—compounded every six months.

There came to my place one steer, red with small white spot on back, horns twisted. Owner come and get property and pay damages and expenses.—Hubert Lennertz.

Mrs. Wm. St. Yves and Miss Cora Kress entertained a party of young folks at the St. Yves home Friday evening, the affair being in honor of Miss Zelia Queonelle.

Will exchange Creamery (8th in matter of production in this state) for 160 acres improved or 320 acres raw land. Write for particulars to T. C. Ford, Frederick, S. D.

The Royal Neighbors will give a card party at their hall Friday evening, Nov. 18. A basket lunch will be served. Each Neighbor has the privilege of inviting two friends.

Remember that we pay the highest price for hides, furs, etc. No matter how high any one else will offer you we can pay more just the same.—Red Lake Falls Supply House.

The relatives of the late Joseph Brohman desire, by this means, to express their sincere thanks for and appreciation of the many acts of neighborly kindness and sympathy that have made the affliction through which they have been called to pass less hard to bear.

Everybody sells rubbers but Ball Brand are sold at the Big Store only. The best by test. Have sold them for ten years with but few complaints. Cheaper than other so-called firsts.

Advertisers are requested to bring copy in early for advertisements for the next issue of the Gazette. The paper will go to press earlier than usual because of the Thanksgiving holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fink of Crookston, and well known here, will leave this week on a trip to Germany. They will sail from New York Nov. 22, and will visit with relatives until next April.

The quarterly statement of the First State Bank of Oklee is published in this issue of the Gazette. The bank is a new one, having been organized only a few weeks ago, and is making a substantial growth.

There is only one real good cap made and that is a Gordon of course. We might say the same thing of sheep lined coats and furs—50c up for boys and men—all fur lined hands.—The Big Store.

The many friends of J. H. Stair will be pleased to learn that his condition is somewhat improved. He is suffering from severe neuralgic pains in the neck and head still, but it is not believed that his condition is dangerous.—Crookston Times.

Robes, blankets and sleighbells, just what you need to make your driving comfortable and to provide the proper accompaniment of glad noises, may be secured at the Old Reliable Harness Shop. A fine stock to select from.—A. J. Pouliot, Manager.

P. L. Malvin, after attending the state buttermaker's convention at Crookston last week, went to Chester, Minn., where Mrs. Malvin and the baby have been for some time. They will spend several days with relatives there and at other points in southern Minnesota.

Mrs. A. L. Brunelle and Miss Elsie Manley gave a shower at Mrs. Brunelle's home Saturday evening in honor of Miss Laura Cyr, a bride of the week. About fifty of the girl friends of Miss Cyr were present and the bride-to-be was the recipient of many useful and beautiful gifts.

In the big foot ball game last Saturday Minnesota defeated Wisconsin by the decisive score of 26 to 0. If Minnesota defeats Michigan in the game to be played at Ann Harbor Saturday, the Gophers will have as good a claim to the championship of the the United States as any team in the country.

Some real snaps in second hand hard coal base burners:

No. 55 Art Garland	$15.00
No. 14 Harvard	20.00
Jewetts Fancy	20.00
No. 5 Radiant Home	25.00
Prize Stewart	25.00

Hunt Hardware Co.

Mrs. Wm. Zaiser wishes to announce to the public that she is again ready for business, having opened her millinery store in the rooms in the Sortedahl bank building formerly occupied by the Red Lake Falls Milling company. She desires to call the attention of the ladies to her new line of fancy goods for Christmas gifts, and desires to have every one call and inspect the line. 8-9

WHY

It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

Joseph Saude left this evening for Walla Walla, Wash. He will spend about a year in the west. He has many relatives there with whom he will visit.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Argue entertained a number of their friends last Friday evening. Progressive whist was played and the guests spent a delightful evening.

John Schmitz and family will leave for Milwaukee where they will reside in the future. Mr. Schmitz will sell his personal property at public auction at his house at the brick yard Tuesday, Nov. 24, commencing at 12:30 o'clock. Three cows and a lot of household goods including a piano, will be offered for sale.

Rev. Fr. Conrad of St. Thomas, who has had charge of the work of St. Mary's church during the absence of Rev. Fr. Ambrose, is to remain for next Sunday, though it had been previously announced that he would leave this week. There will be services at the church at the usual hours, 8 and 10.30 o'clock. Rev. Fr. Ambrose is returning from his European trip and will be in Red Lake Falls before Thanksgiving.

A crew of men in the employ of the Red River Power company have been employed all of the week making improvements in the local light and power plant. This week they have been re-wiring the town and they will be employed two or three weeks more before all of the improvements will be made. The all-day service will then be installed and Red Lake Falls will have one of the best light and power plants in the Northwest.

A man is known by the company he keeps and a merchant is known by what he sells. Pick out the merchant who sells good goods—reliable goods—he is the fellow you went to do business with. C. Gotzian & Company in Saint Paul, have been making the Gotzian Shoe since 1855. It is a good shoe and they won't sell these shoes to any but the best of merchants. The Gotzian Shoe is sold in Red Lake Falls by Mat Skala. That means something to you.

The opening of The Farmers National Bank, announcement of which was made in the last issue of the Gazette occurred on Monday, Nov. 14. The new bank has an auspicious beginning. The officers are local men of known financial and business standing. They have an elegant banking house equipped with modern fixtures and conveniences and the location of the building could not be improved upon. Every indication gives promise of a prosperous future for the new institution.

The Gazette has word from P. L. Malvin, who was elected vice president of the State Butter and Cheese Maker's association at Crookston last week, that it is possible that Red Lake Falls can secure the next annual meeting of the Red River Valley Dairymen's association if people here will put forth a little effort. Everybody in Red Lake Falls and Red Lake county should be interested in dairying for the dairy cow will lift the mortgages from the farms in this land of clover and good rations if given half a chance. That being true the growth of the industry should be encouraged and it would be well for Red Lake Falls people to secure the next meeting of the association for this city.

First State Bank

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF RED LAKE Falls, Minn., at close of business on Nov. 10, 1910. Date of call by Supt. Nov 15, 1910. Date of report by bank Nov. 16, 1910.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts			$262,847.21
Overdrafts			1,335.97
Drafts in Transit			591.46
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			8,153.50
Other real estate			4,636.31
Due from Banks		52,747.81	
Checks and Cash Items		945.72	
Cash on hand, items below		12,015.55	
Currency	$4,377.00		
Gold	6,500.00		
Silver	1,100.00		
Other	38.55		
Total cash assets		$65,709.08	$65,709.08
TOTAL			$343,273.53

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock		$25,000.00
Surplus fund		5,000.00
Undivided Profits, Net		2,539.09
Deposits subject to check	$103,618.05	
Demand certificates	2,432.24	
Cashiers Checks	441.40	
Total immediate liabilities	$106,491.69	
Time certificates	204,242.75	
Total deposits	310,734.44	310,734.44
TOTAL		$343,273.53

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss:
We, Theo. Garceau, President, and Geo. F. Hennings, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

THEO. GARCEAU, President.
GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier.

Correct Attest: Two Directors:
N. M. WATSON
W. A. SCHREITER

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of Nov., 1910.
(Seal) NOEL DELORME, Notary Public.
My commission expires Oct. 24, 1913

FIRST STATE BANK OF OKLEE.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF OKLEE at close of business on Nov. 10, 1910.
Date of call by Supt., Nov. 15, 1910.
Date of report by bank, Nov. 15, 1910.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts			$674.58
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			520.96
Due from banks		$15,546.52	
Checks and Cash Items		1,106.44	
Cash on Hand (items below)		155.83	
Currency	$95.00		
Silver	33.40		
Other	39.73		
Total cash assets		16,808.79	16,808.79
Other Resources			378.23
Total			18,382.56

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock		$10,000.00
Deposits Subject to Check	$7,858.29	
Total Immediate Liabilities	7,858.29	
Time Certificates	524.27	
Total Deposits	8,382.56	8,382.56
Total		$18,382.56

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake ss.
We, Samuel Gibeau, Vice President, and J. A. Duffy, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

SAMUEL GIBEAU, Vice President.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier.

Correct Attest (Two) Directors:
SAMUEL GIBEAU
LENORA J. DUFFY

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of November, 1910.
(Seal) W. S. ERICSON, Notary Public.
My commission expires March 28, 1917.

The Farmers National Bank

OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
CAPITAL $25,000.00

Opened for business Monday morning, Nov. 14

Your business is solicited on the evidence of stability that the charter from the United States government and the personnel of its officers and directors gives to the institution. The stockholders of The Farmers National Bank are local men whose financial and business standings are so well known that the public may readily judge of the soundness of the institution. Your business is invited, will be appreciated and will have our careful attention. Your time deposits and checking accounts are invited.

Make the Farmers National your banking home

Officers

L. . Simons, President; Sam E. Hunt, Vice-president; Rev. E. Fayolle, Vice-president; W. B. Cheshire, Cashier; Walter Quesnelle, Assistant Cashier.

Directors

L. C. Simons, Sam E. Hunt, Rev. E. Fayolle, J. E. Argue, W. B. Cheshire, Jos. Salley, C. N. Bourdon.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

Born, Tuesday, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Garceau, a son. Mrs. Garceau and the baby are at St. Michaels hospital at Grand Forks and are getting along nicely—and Barry is liable to go to the Forks most any time to see that baby.

The Gazette printers enjoyed the delightful sensation this week of fondling thousands of dollars of velvety bank notes. The bank notes for The Farmers National bank were received and signed by the officers this week. The notes came in big sheets and the printers had the pleasure of running the sheets through the paper cutter and slicing off the bank notes—but they have already forgotten the color of the money.

Merchants State Bank

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF MERCHANTS STATE BANK, at Red Lake Falls, Minn., at close of business on Nov. 10, 1910.
Date of call by Supt., Nov. 10, 1910.
Date of report by bank, Nov. 14, 1910.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts			$191,615.85
Overdrafts			1,843.94
Other Bonds, Stocks and Securities			33,508.99
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			5,879.34
Other real estate			5,614.00
Due from banks		$43,231.94	
Checks and cash items		3,430.18	
Cash on hand, items below		8,163.90	
Currency	$4,025.00		
Gold	2,030.00		
Silver	2,100.00		
Other	8.90		
Total cash assets		54,826.02	54,826.02
Other Resources			2,331.43
Total			295,619.57

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock		$15,000.00
Surplus fund		3,000.00
Undivided profits, net		2,199.02
Bills Payable (including certificates for money borrowed)		3,000.00
Deposits subject to check	66,120.80	
Demand certificates	1,005.38	
Cashier's Checks	10,018.25	
Due to banks	33,639.04	
Total immediate liabilities	$110,414.72	
Time certificates	161,637.08	
Total deposits	$272,051.80	272,051.80
Total		$295,619.57

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.
We, Samuel Gibeau, vice president, and J.A. Duffy, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

SAMUEL GIBEAU, Vice President.
J. A. DUFFY, Cashier.

Attest: (Two) Directors
THEO. LABISSONIERE
ROBERT H. BOURDON

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of Nov., 1910.
(Seal) PETER F. POULIOT, Notary Public.
My commission expires March 13, 1915.

FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FIRST STATE BANK OF BROOKS, Minn., at close of business on Nov. 10, 1910.
Date of call by Supt. Nov. 10, 1910.
Date of report by Bank Nov. 15, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts			$71,941.01
Overdrafts			699.79
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			3,214.78
Other real estate			2,440.37
Due from banks		$24,217.83	
Checks and cash items		2.77	
Cash on hand, items below		3,986.80	
Currency	$3,318.00		
Gold	430.00		
Silver	175.00		
Other	63.80		
Total cash assets		28,207.40	28,207.40
Total			$106,503.35

LIABILITIES.

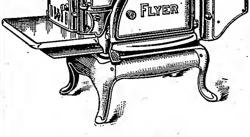
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		1,775.00
Undivided Profits, net		703.82
Deposits subject to check	48,615.61	
Cashier's Checks	3,913.15	
Total immediate liabilities	52,528.76	
Time Certificates	41,495.77	
Total deposits	$94,024.53	94,024.53
Total		$106,503.35

State of Minnesota
County of Red Lake ss
We, L. C. Simons, President, and S. M. Strand, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

L. C. SIMONS, President.
S. M. STRAND, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of Nov., 1910.
W. J. QUESNELL, Notary Public.
My commission expires Oct. 1st, 1917
Attest: (Two) Directors
L. C. SIMONS.
CHAS. N. BOURDON.
Seal

$25.00



Foster's Flyer

A good cook stove in that popular plain, smooth design---a stove for particular people.

Duplex Grates---burnes either wood or coal---Sliding Hearth, Smooth Oven, Shelf, Oven Door Kicker, Perfect Flue System.

We also have a big line of Steel Ranges at prices from

$29.00 to $60.00

Hunt Hardware Co.

If it's good Hardware, Hunt has it.

Turkish Rockers

Fine For Xmas Presents
ALL STYLES—ALL PRICES

OUR STOCK OF
CHRISTMAS DISHES AND
CHRISTMAS NOTIONS
Has arrived and is now on display at the

FOURNET FURNITURE STORE

Red Lake Falls "One Price to All," Crookston

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.
Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER ESTABLISHED 188[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 9

ALL DAY SERVICE IN TWO WEEKS

Power Company Announces That Needed Repairs and Improvements are Nearly Made.

New Generator Arrived Tuesday And the Motors are Coming Every Day.

The new generator to be installed by the Red River Power company in its station here, arrived Tuesday and as soon as the foundation is completed will be put in place. The machine, which is a product of the General Electric Company of Schenectady, N. Y. is one of the latest improved pat[illegible] direct from the factory. It is a 150 k. w. [illegible] machine [illegible] horse power generator, capable of providing more than twice as much electrical energy as will be needed when the 24 hour service is instituted. The voltage has been increased from 1100 to 2300 and all [illegible] will be replaced by [illegible]. In connection with this change in generating machinery [illegible] of the power house will be replaced by latest model appliances. A marble switchboard will replace the old wooden affair in use at present. The system of regulating the water wheel will be changed, and in fact the generating station will be practically rebuilt.

Up town there are just as many changes being made. Instead of having but one pole to the block as heretofore, the poles are being set 125 feet apart. New wires are being strung, new and up-to-date transformers are being put up to replace the old ones and their number is being reduced. Everything, barring nothing, is being brought up to as high a standard as present day science has been able to provide, and when the work is finished, Red Lake Falls will have a light and power plant second to none in the northwest. The motors are arriving every day and the work of installing them will be commenced at once. It is the aim of the company to have everything in readiness to turn on day current within two weeks. A number of electric flatirons have also been received, and as these can be used at present as well as later, there is no reason why there should not be a brisk demand for them now.

WRESTLING MATCH

Ober and Miller at the Bijou Theatre Tonight.

Ed Ober of Crookston, the clever welterweight wrestler who appeared in Red Lake Falls a few weeks ago, will take on Harry Miller of Angus, a professional, at the Bijou theatre this (Thursday) evening. The men will go it for two falls out of three. The men are fast and clever and mat game fans are anticipating a lively scramble and some fun.

SEVEN NEW CITIZENS.

Papers Granted to Six Norwegians and One Swede.

Seven residents of Red Lake county were granted their naturalization papers at the fall term of district court held here the first of the month. Norway contributed six of the new citizens, one being from Sweden. The names of those to whom citizenship was granted, their native country and present place of residence are as follows, Halvor Hoberg, Norway, Deer Park. Asmund A. Rue, Norway, Deer Park. Thomas Hofstad, Norway, Garnes. Lars A. Grindo, Norway, Reiner. John Markuson, Norway, Reiner, Nils Hanson, Sweden, Kratka, Andrew Nelson, Norway, Silvertoe.

ESSAY CONTEST

Opportunity for Boys and Girls in Rural Schools.

Mr. Joseph Chapman not long ago offered a series of prizes for the best essays on the above topic. Mr. Charles M. Loring, of Minneapolis, thinks that along with this discussion there should be a discussion of the counter proposition. Therefore for the best articles on the topic, "Why I Remain on the Farm," he will give one hundred dollars in prizes, as follows: 1st, $20 2nd, $15; 3rd $10; next ten best, $5 each, 14th, $3; 15th, $2. The competition is open to all Minnesota boys and girls in the seventh and eighth grades, living on a farm. Essays must be written on ruled paper. They should not exceed 500 words in length. Each must be marked with the name, age and post-office address of the writer, and be mailed so as to reach the Extension Division, St. Paul, not later than Jan. 1, 1911.

Measures For Forest Safety.

Twenty-five experts working under the direction of a chief supervisor, each man patrolling twenty townships, is the most important provision of a forest protection bill now being drafted as a result of the meeting in Bemidji Saturday. The bill is being drawn up by State Auditor Iverson and G. E. Marshall, U. S. forest supervisor of Cass Lake, and it proposes a system of safety which will cost the state approximately $125,000 per annum to organize, equip and execute.

Only crusiers and expert timber men will be employed as forest supervisors and they will be employed under civil service rules. When not employed in forest fire work they will classify the state land as to soil and merchantable timber.

A second bill, having for its purpose additional assurance against possible forest fires is being drawn by a committee composed of Archer Murray of Wadena, W. R. Mackenzie of Bemidji, C. R. Craig of Duluth, H. J. Hughes of Minneaplis and C. S. Jameson of Little Fork. This measure will be known as the good roads bill and its details will follow the judicial ditch law as far as practicable. All work is to be done under the supervision of the state highway engineer and state highway commission. An appropriation of $50,000 per year is provided.—Bemidji Pioneer.

SHORT COURSE IS NO DISAPPOINTMENT

Enough Young Men Have Been Secured But Young Ladies Are Scarce.

Course Starts Next Monday and Will Continue for Period of Four Months.

Supt. L. V. Koos informs the Gazette that all the boys that can be accomodated have made application to take the work of the short course of farm students. Applications from three or four more girls would be considered, but any who may desire to take the work should make application at once for work in the course will be commenced next Monday.

The announcement of the Farm Students' Short Course at the local high school has called out an abundance of favorable comment, A class of ten young people has been chosen from the number of candidates for the work in the course. No more young men can be accomodated than are at present signed up, but there is still room for a few young women who can meet the necessary age requirement of fourteen years or over. Any young woman, whether from town or country who is intersted, should make application at once to Superintendent L. V. Koos.

Mr. George B. Aiton, State High School Inspector, has sent a letter to the local authorities in which he lends the idea and speaks very favorably of the "practical nature of the instruction offered."

The course opens Monday morning next, at nine o'clock. Circulars describing the course still available.

HAD NO LICENSE.

Max Ingber Pays $25 and Costs For Testing Cream.

H. A. Lidenberg, state cream inspector, has arrested Max Ingber for testing cream without a license, for which he was fined $25 and costs.

He also arrested Jos. Belleed of Lambert, who was taken to Brooks and fined $16 and costs for selling adulterated milk.

It is understood that Ingber will fight the case and make a test of the law, the company for which he is buying standing behind the case.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Robertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mat Skala
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schreiter
Jos Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.
Fournet Furniture Store.

CORRECT SCORES

Prize Winning Exhibitors at the Crookston Meeting

Some mistakes were made by the Gazette and other papers in reporting the scores on cheese secured by exhibitors at the big dairy meeting held at Crookston recently. The Gazette has secured the corrected list of prize winners and it is published below:

American Cheese	
Peter Ynngen, Pine Island	96
Gentilly Dairy Ass'n, Gentilly	95
J. J. Roch, Pine Island	95
Joseph Parenteau, Red Lake Falls	94½
W. W. McMicking, Underwood	94
Chris Martig, West Concord	94
Calixte Rohldoux, Lambert	92
H. C. Clement, Terrebonne	89
J. Leheherr, Mantorville	88
Brick Cheese	
Jacob Drier, Pine Island	97
P. F. Pronslow, Maple Grove	94
Fred Stocker, Kenyon	86

HOW IT HAPPENED

Details of Terrible Tradgedy at Halleck Last Week

Ben Smith, one of the brothers injured in the Hallock shooting affair, has written the following statement of the case which was published in the last issue of the Hallock Weekly News:

"My brother Cleve, another man and myself have for a long time been trapping along the Red river. On Thursday Cleve and I trapped on the Minnesota side while our partner trapped on the Dakota side. Towards evening we met a man from whom we got some liquor. After having a few drinks together, we secured a good sized bottle and after leaving him continued to indulge until we were good and drunk and felt quite hilarious. Cleve was walking along side of me, three or four feet away. I carried the gun on my arm, cocked, as was always my habit of doing, when in some way I must have touched the trigger. The shot went off and completely tore away Cleve's lower jaw. He fell to the ground without a sound or making a move. Seeing what had happened and realizing the position I was in, alone with my brother, without a witness to how the accident happened, I became sober enough to realize that I would be accused of murder, which meant either hanging or penitentiary for life. Taking my brother for dead and seeing what I was up against, I decided then and there to do away with myself. I sat down, placed my gun between my knees, leaned back, took a stick and poked the trigger. Bang went the shot, tearing away a part of my lower jaw and tongue. If I had not leaned back so far I would have been done for. The next thing I remember was Cleve shaking me by the shoulder. Neither of us were able to speak, but we made signs, pointed to a light and headed for the place. Doctors were telephoned for and we were taken across the Red river, placed in an auto and conveyed to the Drayton hospital."

Patnode—Emard

Tuesday morning at 9:30 o'clock at St. Joseph's church, occurred the marriage of Miss Lydia Patnode, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alec Patnode, to Mr. Mose Emarde, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating.

The groom was attended by his brother, Eli Emarde, while Miss Ellen Mayhew acted as bridesmaid. Following the ceremony, which was witnessed by friends and relatives, the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents where a wedding dinner was served.

The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Emard, sr. and has grown up from boyhood here. Mr. and Mrs. Emard will make their home in this city.

PROPOSALS

Court House Decorating, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Commisioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for the decorating of the new court house for Red Lake county in the city of Red Lake Falls, until 2 o'clock p. m., December 16, 1910.

Each bidder to submit specifications and designs of their work.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check in a sum equal to five per cent of the amount of bid, made payable to A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor, as a guarantee that the bidder will enter into contract should it be awarded to him and furnish bond as required by law for the performance of said contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids and waive any informality in the same if it is deemed to be to the best interest of the county to do so.

All bids should be under seal, Addressed to A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and the envelope endorsed "BIDS FOR DECORATING." Done by order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, November 18th, A. D. 1010.

Dated November 22nd, 1010.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
(Seal.)

BEGINNING OF END IN VOTING CONTEST

Special Vote Offer Affords Excellent Opportunity for Candidates Who are Behind.

May Mark the Turning Point in the Race for the Valuable Prizes.

Here is an opportunity for those contestants who are not leading in the race for the piano offered as the grand prize in the Gazette voting contest to get into the running. The candidate who hopes to win the grand prize must take advantage of the offer made this week. If she does not do so she will be left behind. This offer marks the beginning of the end of the contest and affords an opportunity for the really active workers to show what they can do. The offer is one of special votes on subscriptions. The candidates sending in the following amounts between now and 6 p. m., Dec. 0, 1910, will receive official ballots for the number of votes set opposite the amounts:

$100	1,000,000
90	900,000
75	750,000
60	000,000
50	500,000
25	250,000

At first thought some may say that this offer should apply to subscription money already paid in. But that would simply be giving to the present leaders in the contest an added advantage, while the offer as now made gives all an equal show—and those who are behind have an excellent opportunity to even up the score. If a contestant will put forth the effort that the leaders did to get where they are now she will find herself among the leaders Dec. 0. It is worth trying.

Some may be holding back because they do not wish to show their strength. You may still do that and come in on this offer. When your subscription money is turned in you are given ballots which may be cast or held as you wish. You may hold as many as you wish until the last day of the contest.

More votes will probably be issued on the offer made this week than all other offers combined because it is the big opportunity for all candidates to get into the running.

Remember the offer closes at 6 o'clock Dec. 0.

The Gazette cannot give out lists of names of persons, subscribers, non-subscribers or delinquents, but can and will give working candidates a report of the standing on the subscription books of any person or persons they may name and inquire about. It will be to your interest to take advantage of this arrangement.

Following is the way the contestants stood Saturday, Nov. 19, 1910:

Zelia Quesnelle	484,388
Mayme Laurent	445,919
Mildred Sortedahl	266,040
Lucie Crompe	186,746
Emma Sauve	110,690
Alyce Wichterman	78,888
Agnes Anderson	61,208

FIRE AT THIEF RIVER

Korlstad's Clothing Store Suffers Loss Last Friday.

Fire, which was discovered early last Friday evening in the Korstad clothing store at Thief River Falls, did considerable damage to the clothing stock and to the effects of residents of the flats on the second floor of the building. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Ashley lost practically all of their household goods and clothing while Mr. and Mrs. Foster suffered considerable damage. The origin of he fire is a mytsery. The First National Bank, Zeh and Curran's confectionery store, Langseth's shoe store and the Press office, all located in the same building escaped without any damage.

GOOD MAJORITY

Herman Schultz Will be Commissioner From First District.

The canvassing board completed their labors last Thursday and the official count shows that Herman Schultz is elected commissioner from the first district by a majority of 54, defeating Gust Neplin. Two hundred and eighty-six votes were cast in the five townships of the district. Following is the vote by townships:

	Naplin	Schultz
Bray	34	4
Black River	28	35
Louisville	2	84
Numedohl	22	6
Polk Centre	30	42
	116	170

Boy Kills Companion.

Late Saturday afternoon August Klasse was shot and killed accidentally by his brother Sefup while with Gustaf Berg, a young Norwegian just over from the old country, they were drilling as soldiers under the direction of the latter at the Klasse farm home three miles north of Lenghy.

Sefup during the drill suddenly pulled the rifle he was carrying, a 30-30, to his shoulder, and not knowing it was loaded, pulled the trigger the bullet piercing his brother's breast which resulted in his death an hour later.

Deceased was twenty three years of age and Sefup eighteen, and they are the sons of Mr. and Mrs. Eric Klasse. The brother who did the shooting is prostrated over the terrible tragedy.—Plummer Pioneer.

The new Soo town of Oklee in eastern Red Lake county is to have a second bank. The Farmers and Merchants State Bank of Oklee is being organized by Roseau county people.

DEER ARE STILL VERY NUMEROUS

Hunting Parties, Aided by the Snow Fall of Saturday, Bring in Many Deer.

C. O. Kankel of Terrebonne Secures Two Very Fine Specimens.

There are still a few deer left. Depite the fact that every hunting party from this city has been fortunate enough to secure from one to three of the animals, reports show that deer are still numerous in southern Red Lake county. During the past week a dozen or more deer have been killed, although no hunter has as yet over-stepped the limits of the law.

Last Friday, Dr. Wilkinson, Herbert Findeisen, Fred Westphal and Peter Starken returned from the eastern end of the county with three fine deer. They had been out several days.

Sunday proved the banner day, three deer being brought into town. One party composed of Wm. Krueger, George Cyr, John Drier and Oliver Belair, hunted the country just east of town and succeeded in bagging two deer. Henry Belair, Don Guerin and Fred Cyr, hunting in the same country, secured one deer and saw several others. On Monday, George Cyr, Oliver Belair Henry Belair and John Drier were out again, returning in the evening with a fine large buck.

Probably the record for this season in this section of the state at least, is held by C. O. Kankel of Terrebonne. Mr. Kankel succeeded in killing a buck and a doe. The buck weighed about 350 pounds and possessed a fine pair of antlers. The horns had 15 points each and Mr. Kankel refused $100 for the head. The doe weighed 287 pounds and was equally as fine an animal as the buck.

Of course there have been other parties out—and other deer shot—but they have not reported as to their success. Tracking is a little poor on account of the thaw of the first of the week but as soon as more snow falls, hunting parties will again take to the woods. The season closes next Wednesday and 1910 will be long remembered by woodsmen as the best big game year for a long, long, time.

John E. King, who was in town last week for the transfer of his half interest in the Gazette, said that he is undecided about his plans for the future. He is considering several propositions, anyone of which looks inviting. His term of office as state librarian expires January 1, and he is now looking about for a place to light. It is a safe bet that Mr. King will find his groove, fit into it and fill it.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls;

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

The Farmers National Bank
OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
CAPITAL $25,000.00

Opened for business Monday morning, Nov. 14

Your business is solicited on the evidence of stability that the charter from the United States government and the personnel of its officers and directors gives to the institution. The stockholders of The Farmers National Bank are local men whose financial and business standings are so well known that the public may readily judge of the soundness of the institution. Your business is invited, will be appreciated and will have our careful attention. Your time deposits and checking accounts are invited.

Make the Farmers National your banking home

Officers

L. . Simons, President; Sam E. Hunt, Vice-president; Rev. E. Fayolle, Vice-president; W. B. Cheshire, Cashier; Walter Quesnelle, Assistant Cashier.

Directors

L. C. Simons, Sam E. Hunt, Rev. E. Fayolle, J. E. Argue, W. B. Cheshire, Jos. Salley, C. N. Bourdon.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KINO & BAKER, Publishers.

REO LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF OREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING OOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Congress meets the first Monday in December. The session will end March 4th.

The beginning of November has brought an improved condition of government finances. The month shows a surplus of more than $700,000, as against a deficit of $2,500,000 a year ago. The total receipts to date are nearly $7,000,000 ahead of a year ago and the disbursements are nearly $1,000,000.

John E. Gilman, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, appointed the court of inquiry requested by Past Senior Vice Commander John McElroy of this city to investigate charges which, it is alleged, were circulated against the latter at the encampment of the Grand Army held at Atlantic City.

After a leave of absence lasting nearly ten years during the most of which time he was engaged in Arctic exploration, Capt. Robert E. Peary has returned to active duty in the navy department. For the present the famous explorer is to be engaged as engineering expert for the department of justice in cases before the court of claims, involving construction work for the naval bureau of yards and docks.

Plans for an aerial military squadron will be presented to congress, the number of the air machines to be provided being left by the war department to the law makers. This was announced by Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army. Brigadier General James Allen, chief of the signal corps, in his report to General Wood, already has recommended that twenty machines be purchased at once for the army.

Fareign.

A party of fifty Jesuits, the last ot the members of the religious orders, were expelled from Portugal.

A dispatch to the Peris Petit Journal from Cerbere, near the Spanish frontier, says that a general strike has been declared in Catalonia and will be proclaimed throughout the whole of Spain within a week.

The Explorer's Club in New York has been notified that a Japanese expedition to the South Pole will leavo Tokio on November 15. The expedition will use a 200-ton vessel equipped with sails and auxiliary power and expects to be three years in making its long journey.

Count Boni de Castellane, former husband of Anna Gould, now the wife of his cousin, Prince de Sagan, has filed with the vatican a formal petition asking the pope to confirm his civil divorce and grant him a church divorce. Count Boni, it is said, is suing for the hand of Miss Aooa Morgan, daughter of J. P. Morgaa.

Baron de Ungern SternBurg, correspondent of a semi-official Austro-Hungarian news ogency, was sentenced by the appeal court to four years hand labor on the charge of high treason. Baron Sternburg was arrested last June by the secret polico after a search of his apartments. Thn police siezed his papers and the baron was placed in confinement.

General.

General Allen lameats tho lack of aeroplanes for the army.

Prominent Mexicans say it is idle to talk of a rupture with tbe United States.

There is surprise in Portugal that the United States has not recognized the infant republic.

There is a loag list of New York democrats who aspire to the comiog vacancy in the U. S. senate.

Editor Hitchcock, for U. S. senator, has more votes than any other man on the democratic ticket in Nebraska.

At Anadarko, Okl., Police Chief W. C. Temple was called to his door by an unidentified Mexican and fatally shot.

Nebraska ranchmen who were indicted by the grand jury on tbo charge of conspiracy to drive out settlers, gave themselves up and are out on bond.

Mayor Gaynor said he would not favor a bill proposing to change the power of appointing public service commissioners for the First district from the governor to the mayor of New York.

A movement is on to deprive thn next speaker of the national bouse of tho committee appointing power.

Charles W. Armour believes high prices have reached their climax, and from now on will bo on tbo down grade.

Crippen, tbo wife murderer, will barely escapo the gallows, though given a ten days' extension from the original day set for his execution.

The total net revenue of the steam railroads in the United States last July was $73,477,590 or $308.51 per mile against $78,138,043, or $336.06 per mile of line in July of last year.

Mayor Dahlman of Omaha, who made the race for governor of Nebraska, though defeated, is not discouraged.

The San Juan, Porto Rico, branch of the Union Bank of Halifax, has been merged with the Royal Bank of Canada.

Carl Rohr, a defaulting bank clerk of the National Union bank of Watertown, N. Y., whose alleged shortage is $13,000, was arrested at Seattle.

Republicans propose to get busy at the coming session of congress, which ends the 4th of March. There is much that Taft wants done before the democrats take hold.

Surprising gains by the socialists were made in New York state.

Eugene Zimmerman said Europe regarded Roosevelt as an agitator.

Congress meets the first Monday in December, the session ending March 4th.

Mr. Bryan bas been making soms speeches in Speaker Cannon's Illinois district.

The lower house of tho next congress will have a democratic majority of about forty.

Dix (dem.) was elected governor of New York, notwithstanding Roosevelt's vigorous campaign.

It is figured at this time that Aldrich's majority for governor in Nebraska will reach 25,000.

Just for the present Teddy has nothing to say about election results, but will bo heard from later.

Doctors at their Baltimore meeting scored medical schools for their failure to train students on care of infants.

Roosevelt has given notice that he is going to take a good rest. To all callers word is handed out "nothing doing."

The main building of the Ontario Wheel company works, with all its contents, was destroyed by fire. Loss, $75,000.

President Taft will have a number of important measures before the next congress and hopes to get action upon them without delay.

Rev. Dr. Charles Humner Burch, arch-deacon of Richmond, Staten Island, has been elected bishop suffragan of the Protestant diocess of New York.

Hitchcock, the coming democratic senator from Nebraska, is a son of the late P. W. Hitchcock, who also served a term in the United States Senate.

Complete returns indicate that the Wyoming legislature will be republican by a majority of eleven on joint ballot, insuring the return of Senator C. D. Clark to the United States senate.

Governor B. F. Carroll announced the appointment of Lafayette Young, editor and publisher of the Des Moines Capitol, to be United States senator, succeeding the late Senator Dolliver.

Belated returns on Tuesday's election continue to increase the plurality of James H. Hawley, democratic candidate for governor of Idaho. It is now estimated he will lead Governor Bradby about 1,000 votes.

Assistont postmasters who bope to be transferred into tho permanent service of the government under the civil service recently issued by President Taft must first stand a rigid examination as to their efficiency.

Long and short haul problems involved in the fourth section of the amended law for the regulation of interstate commerce will be discussed at a conference ot the interstote commerce commission headquarters in Washington on November 28.

Congressman Latta's official majority in his Nebraska district, according to complete returns is 7,348. The majorities in the district ere as follows: Boyd, Antelope, 301; Latta, Boone, 375; Colfax, 430; Burt, 574; Cedar, 649; Cuming, 1,102; Dakota, 163; Dixon, 128; Dodge, 867; Knox, 743; Madison, 222; Merrick, 30; Nance, 138; Pierce, 455; Platte, 1,067; Stanton, 737; Thurston, 181; Wayne, 152.

Louis Leeman Waller, a 17-year-old boy, of Chelsea, Mass., jumped overboard from the United States training ship Cumberland, off Newport, R. I., and saved the life of Larry D. Scully, another apprentice in October. Waller had a hard time to save his mate, owing to choppy ses. Acting Secretary of the Navy Wintbrop thought his conduct worthy of a letter of official commendation.

Twelve friends of the late Ratje Siedenburg, a business man who died in New York last October, are directed by the terms of his will, just filed for probate, to eat a dinner costing $500, or $41.66 2-3 a plate, at the expense of his estate.

The New Mexico constitutional convention disregarded the advice given by Theodore Roosevelt to make a constitution easily amended and adopted an article requiring two-thirds of each house to propose an amendment and a big majority of the electorate to approve.

Census Director Durand has been having more trouble of late than any officer of the government. Census directors always have trouble and always expect it. Aspiring communities of the urban sort are seldom satisfied with the result of the federal enumeration of population.

Governor Austin L. Crothers, United States Senators Isidor Rayner and John Walter Smith and Congressmen J. F. C. Talbot and J. H. Covington have consented, at the request of the Baltimore Sun, to act as a committee to further a suggestion that a conference of leading conservative democrats of all parts of the country be held for the purpose of formulating a national policy and plan of campaign for the party.

Secretary Ballinger blames his opponents for the unsettled conditions regarding tbo Alaska coal lands.

Governor Shallenberger issues his proclamation of thanksgiving and says Nebraska has kept step with the onward march of civic and industrial progress.

Personal.

LaFollette will be re-elected senator from Wisconsin.

Five of tho presidents cabinet officers went home to vote.

Senator Beveridge of Indiana has been retired by the voters.

Senator Depew, in the face of defeat, says he is the happiest man in New York.

Hubert Latham circled the city of Baltimore in a twenty-five mile flight.

A movement is on foot among Kentucky democrats to have Congressman-elect Caleb Powers unseated.

Republicans have control of the next Kansas legislature. In Nebraska the situation is directly opposite.

Mayor Dahlman, late aspirant for governorship of Nebraska, has gone to the Missouri Springs to recuperate.

Chilean Minister Cruse, on route for Washington, is detained at the Chilean quarantine station because of a case of bubonic plague discovered on the steamer.

GOVERNOR JOHNSON DID NOT WEAR FROCK COAT LIKE ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S.

St. Paul.—Minnesota's people object to a statue of John A. Johnson, their much lamented governor, garbed in the kind of frock coat that was fashionable in the days of Abraham Lincoln, but not now. This is one of several reasons why the commission having in charge the purchase of a memorial to Johnson rejected the models submitted by Andrew O'Connor, a sculptor of Paris. Some of the other objections to O'Conner's model is that the eyes are sunken too deeply; that the nose is too short; that Johnson assumed a more loosely knit and less aggressive pose when speaking; that the symbolic figures in the background were not symbolic.

CO. OPTION LOSES

SENATE CONCEDED HOSTILE AND HOUSE SENTIMENT FAR FROM PRONOUNCED.

REPUBLICANS RULE 3 TO 1

Have 131 Members to Democrats' 45; Populists and Socialists One Each and Prohibitionists 5.

Parties in the Legislature.

	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	P.O.	Pop
Senate ...	42	19	1	..	1
House ...	89	26	4	1	..
Totals	131	45	5	1	1

St. Paul.—The 1911 Minnesota legislature shows a slight gain for the minority parties over the last session, but the Republicans will have 131 members out of 183 on joint ballot for election of a United States senator, assuring the re-election of Moses E. Clapp. The Republicans also retain a two-thirds majority in each house.

County optionists have lost their fight for the new legislature. They still claim control of the house by a narrow margin, but admit that the senate is against them. The Anti-Saloon league now announces its intention to ask the legislature to submit a county option law to vote of the people in 1912.

Senators-elect claimed for county option are: Nelson of Fillmore, Cook of Mower, Thoe of Dodge, Cashman of Steele, Moonan of Waseca, Putnam of Faribault, Haycraft of Watonwan, Bedford of Nobles, Lende of Lyon, Dale of Lac qui Parle, Benson of Nicollet, Peterson of Meeker, Johnson of Chisago, Hackney of Ramsey, Elwell, Dwinnell, Wilson, Fosseen and Wallace of Hennepin, Odell of Kandiyohi, Froshaug of Swift, Rustad of Traverse, Gunderson of Douglas, Sageng of Otter Tail, Hanson of Norman, Sangstad of Polk and Sundberg of Kittson, twenty-seven in all, but one or two more are claimed by the county optionists as sure to stand by them when the vote is taken.

House members elected who are claimed for county option are: Farley of Houston, Conley of Olmsted, Rustad and Frankson of Fillmore, Crane of Mower, McMartin of Dodge, Harding of Faribault, Davies of Watonwan, Warner of Cottonwood, Whitting of Lyon, Skartum of Lincoln, Johnson of Yellow Medicine, Peterson of Lac qui Parle, Holmberg of Renville, Simpson of Meeker, Klemmer of Rice, Boothroyd, Anderson and Voxland of Goodhue, Webb of Pine, Rines of Kanabec, Burnquist and Orr of Ramsey, Kunze, Palmer, Fisher, Kneeland, Washburn, Campbell and Nolan of Hennepin, Dunn of Mille Lacs, Davis of Sherburne, Lee of Wright, Warner of Aitkin, Ferguson of Carlton, Stone of Hubbard, Johnson of Kandiyohi, Knutson of Swift, Spooner of Stevens, Peterson of Grant, Lee of Pope and Anderson of Douglas, Johnson, Putnam, Lindberg and Nelson of Otter Tail, Converse of Becker, Sulerud of Norman, O'Neill of Red Lake, Holten of Polk, Robertson of Marshall, and Mattson of Roseau. This makes fifty-two.

Most notable of the county option successes in the state was the election of John Saugstad to the state senate in Polk county. His defeat of Senator A. D. Stephens is a remarkable feat in politics, as it was performed by the use of stickers, pasted on the ballot by each voter.

Senator Stephens is one of the best known men in the state, a leading banker and the chief sponsor for the branch agricultural school at Crookston. Though sentiment in Polk county is for county option, he had great personal strength. Mr. Saugstad is a farmer and school teacher, and has served creditably in the house at the last two sessions.

Senator Albert Schaller of Hastings, the dean of the legislative bodies, will break all records for continuous service. He wins the election in Dakota county over Magnus W. Brown, republican, and if he serves out the term will have twenty years in the state senate without a break.

Ole O. Sageng won re-election to the senate in Otter Tail county easily, but his side partner, Elmer E. Adams, was defeated in his independent run for the house.

Some Election Surprises.

County optionists were more surprised over the result in Freeborn county than anywhere else. That county was covered more thoroughly with county option arguments than any in the state. It was the theater of John Lind's speech, and P. J. Youngdahl spoke twice to Albert Lee meetings. Two years ago the prohibitionists elected T. E. Nohls to the house. This year they expected to land him and his running mate, but both were defeated by several hundred. H. C. Nelson, county option democrat, was also badly beaten for the senate by B. N. Anderson.

Four probable aspirants for speaker were elected. The list includes J. A. A. Burnquist, St. Paul, John G. Lennon, Minneapolis, H. H. Dunn, Albert Lea, and George MacKenzie, Gaylord.

There will be a close contest in the house Republican caucus between the county option element and the anti-option men. As matters stand it looks to be about a tie.

Makeup of Legislature.

The following is a complete list of members elect, by districts, the first named being the senator and the following ones representatives. Starred (*) names were re-elected:

1.—T. A. Oaxbury, R, Caledonia; P. L. Ferley, R, Caledonia.
2.—M. J. McGrath, D, Winona; A. F. Liberal, R, and C. P. Shuler, O, Winona, and C. Robinson, O, St. Charles.
3.—*L. O. Cooke, R, Kellogg; Sig Nygren, O, Lake City.
4.—A. T. Stebbins, R, Rochester; *Kerry E. Conley, R, Rochester; H. Hoffman, R, Rochester.
5.—*S. A. Nelson, R, Lanesboro; *John Rustad, R, Whalen; Thomas Frankson, R, Spring Valley.
6.—Charles F. Cook, D, Austin; Ralph E. Crane, D, Grand Meadow; F. C. J. Christie, R, Austin.
7.—F. J. Thoe, R, Hayfield; *Finlay McMartin, R, Claremont.
8.—*T. E. Cashman, D, Owatonna; *L. Virtue, O, Blooming Prairie.
9.—*R. N. Anderson, R, Albert Lea; H. H. Dunn, R, Albert Lea; Alvie Hinyon, R, Geneva.
10.—*John Moonan, D, Waseca; John W. Papke, R, Waseca.
11.—*S. D. Works, O, Mankato; *Frank L. Kelly, O, Madelia; W. A. Just, D, Rapidan; *C. F. Herzberg, O, Good Thunder.
12.—*F. E. Putnam, D, Blue Earth; W. A. Harding, R, Winnebago.
13.—J. E. Haycraft, R, Madelia; *Joseph Davies, R, St. James; H. A. Saggau, O, Ceylon.
14.—A. C. Olson, R, Jackson; Henry Unterdt, O, Lake Park; Elias Warner, R, Lamberton.
15.—*S. D. Redford, D, Rushmore; *Herman Nelson, D, Slayton.
16.—S. R. Ouea, D, Ruthton; Harrison White, R, Luverne.
17.—O. A. Lende, D, Marshall; K. G. Skartum, I, Lake Benton; E. F. Whiting, R, Oalaton; *J. N. Johnson, R, Canby.
18.—*U. G. Dale, R, Madison; A. J. Peterson, R, Dawson; P. J. Mettling, O, Montevideo.
19.—*Frank Clague, R, Lamberton; James R. Keefe, O, Redwood Falls; *Albert Pfaender, O, New Ulm.
20.—H. N. Benson, R, St. Peter; *Ole Peterson, R, New Ulm.
21.—*A. A. Poehler, O, Henderson; *George MacKenzie, R, Gaylord.
22.—Frank Murray, R, Bird Island; Frank Hopkins, R, Fairfax; *N. J. Holmberg, R, Renville.
23.—E. P. Peterson, O, Litchfield; *John Simpson, R, Litchfield.
24.—*C. R. Donaldson, O, Stewart; G. W. Brown, R, Glencoe.
25.—Charles H. Klein, R, Chaska; Dr. H. L. Olessner, R, Waconia.
26.—*Julius A. Coller, O, Shakopee; *P. J. J. Moriarty, O, Belle Plaine.
27.—*Harry F. Weis, O, Le Sueur; George H. Oenzer, R, Le Sueur; Martin Schwartz, O, Ottawa.
28.—*F. L. Getzbach, O, Faribault; George D. Reed, R, Faribault; F. L. Klemmer, R, Faribault.
29.—A. J. Rockne, R, Zumbrota; Frank Boothroyd, R, Red Wing; George H. Voxland, P, Kenyon; A. V. Anderson, P, Goodhue.
30.—*Albert Schaller, R, Hastings; *W. H. Wescott, R, Egan; *Joseph Peters, O, Empire.
31.—*G. H. Sullivan, R, Stillwater; *A. Anderson, R, Lakeland; O. Hange, R, St. Paul Park.
32.—*Victor L. Johnson, R, Center City; *Henry Rines, R, Mora; *H. P. Webb, R, Sandstone.
33 to 37.—*W. W. Dunn, R, James Handlan, O, Peter Van Horen, O, James Oenegre, R, *J. M. Hackney, P; representatives, *J. A. A. Burnquist, R, E. J. Fuchs, R, *T. J. Greene, R, H. W. McDonald, D, R. J. Clark, O, J. P. Jellnek, R, J. J. Hurley, D, *Cal E. Stone, R, *J. D. O'Brien, O, *E. O. Perry, R, Charles N. Orr, R, St. Paul.
38 to 44.—N. A. l'Herault, O, *J. T. Elwell, R, W. S. Dwinnell, D, *Geo. P. Wilson, D, *M. L. Fosseen, R, Carl L. Wallace, R, *J. W. Pauly, D, T. H. Girling, R; representatives, *Michael Sullivan, O, P. C. Thielen, O, W. F. Kunze, R, F. L. Palmer, R, C. R. Fowler, R, W. A. Fisher, R, *W. D. Washburn, Jr., R, *Thomas Kneeland, R, *J. O. Lennen, R, J. P. Nash, R, *W. A. Campbell, R, Ernest Lundeen, R, *W. A. Campbell, R, Ernest Lundeen, R, W. I. Nolan, D, L. A. Lydiard, R, *Alex. McNeal, R, O. M. Nye, R, Minneapolis.
45.—*C. J. Swanson, R, Fridley; William A. Olce, P, St. Francis; *Andrew Davis, R, Elk River; R. C. Dunn, R, Princeton; Rufus P. Morton, P, Brickton.
46.—*George C. Carpenter, D, Buffalo; August Haffen, R, Buffalo; J. F. Lee, R, Annandale.
47.—J. D. Sullivan, D, St. Cloud; L. Wisniewski, O, Foley.
48.—C. D. Johnson, O, Brainerd; O. W. Douck, R, Royalton; *L. D. Brown, R, Little Falls.
49.—James P. Boyle, R, Eveleth; John A. Healy, R, Hibbing; C. T. Knapp, R, Chisholm.
50.—*T. M. Pugh, R, Duluth; *Anton Rorsen, Duluth; E. D. Renack, O, Duluth.
51.—H. W. Cheadle, O, Duluth; N. S. Hillman, P. O.; *C. A. Condon, R, Duluth.
52.—*O. M. Gunn, R, Grand Rapids; C. H. Warner, R, Aitkin; *T. M. Ferguson, R, Barker.
53.—*James Johnston, R, Bertha; Dr. W. J. Stone, R, Park Rapids; L. H. Rice, R, Park Rapids.
54.—*J. J. Ahlman, O, Torah; A. M. Utecht, O, Richmond; F. E. Minnette, D, Sauk Center.
55.—C. W. Odell, R, Willmar; *C. E. Johnson, D, Atwater.
56.—S. J. Froshaug, P, Benson; Knute Knutson, D, Swift Falls.
57.—Edward Rustad, R, Wheaton; *L. C. Spooner, R, Alexandria; J. O. Peterson, R, Barrett.
58.—*C. J. Gunderson, D, Alexandria; *Iver J. Lee, R, Starbuck; J. J. Anderson, R, Alexandria.
59.—*Ole O. Sageng, P, Dalton; *J. T. Johnson, R, Fergus Falls; *H. A. Putnam, R, Amor; Alex. Nelson, R, Perham; R. J. Lindberg, R, Henning.
60.—C. S. Marden, R, Garnesville; S. N. Lee, R, Rollag; P. S. Converse, R, Detroit; Moyle Edwards, R, Breckenridge.
61.—*A. L. Hanson, Ada; *C. L. Sulerud, P, Halstad; D. P. O'Neill, R, Thief River Falls.
62.—John Sangstad, R, Climax; *John Holten, R, Fertile; K. G. Akers, R, Nellsville.
63.—*B. E. Sundberg, R, Kennedy; *O H. Mattson, R, Roseau; Donald Robertson, R, Argyle.

CANVASS BEGINS NOV. 22.

State Returns Will Be Counted by Board.

State returns will bo canvassed by the state canvassing board at the capitol, beginning Nov. 22. The board consists of Julius A. Schmahl, secretary of state, and four judges named by the governor. This year the board is made up of Chief Justice C. M. Start and Justice C. L. Lewis of the supreme court, Judge A. R. Pfau of Mankato and Judge B. F. Wright of Park Rapids.

Steel Workers For Duluth.

Duluth.—It is officially announced that about four hundred men are to be brought to Duluth from Gary to work on the new steel plant and preparations for housing them are in progress at the New Duluth site. The new arrivals will swell the number employed to about 1,000. Many of the laborers coming from Gary are skilled and were engaged in the construction of the steel plant there and have had some special experience in the various department of the steel plant construction.

Tawney Is on Way to Panama.

Washington, D. C. — Representative Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the house committee on appropriations, was in Washington on his way to Panama. He held a conference with Secretary MacVeagh of the treasury, with members of the house committee on appropriations and interstate and foreign commerce. He sailed from New York for Panama. Eight days will be spent on the isthmus in an investigation of the financial needs of the canal work to be provided for in the appropriation bill next winter.

Farm School Man Elected.

Washington, D. C. — Doctor A. S. Mitchell, chief of the federal food inspection laboratory at St. Paul, and Ralph Hoagland of the State University College of Agriculture, are here in attendance upon a meeting of the agricultural chemists of the country. Mr. Hoagland was elected secretary and treasurer of the association, the object of which is to bring the chemists, millers and bakers of the country into closer relations in the matter of testing wheat, manufacturing flour and producing bread.

WELL-KNOWN MASON DIES.

Minneapolis. — William C. Allen died of heart disease in his office, Masonic Temple building, this morning. He had gone to work as usual, but shortly after he entered his office he said: "I feel sick. I'm afraid it's the end." A moment later he was dead.

Mr. Allen was a prominent member of the Masonic order, having become affiliated with local bodies in 1899. He was a thirty-third degree Mason and interested in all Masonic charities. He was secretary of the Masonic club. He was a past grand master of the South Dakota grand lodge.

MAN SALOON BRAWL VICTIM.

Redwood Falls Coroner's Jury Probes Death of Ira B. Pratt.

Redwood Falls. — The coroner's jury in the case of Ira B. Pratt, who died from injuries received in a North Redwood saloon, returned a verdict finding that Pratt came to his death from a blow inflicted with a billy in the hands of Vergil L. Mallet, who is in jail charged with assault. Pratt was about 20 years old and left a widow and one child.

Winona.—George H. Bruce was sentenced by Judge Snow to two years in the penitentiary at Stillwater for stealing a livery rig from John Keenan of Winona three years ago. Bruce was re-arrested by Sheriff Parr last month as he was leaving the penitentiary, after serving time for a Twin City offense.

The Junior Pioneers last night decided that the State of Minnesota should perpetuate the memory of its first Governor by having a monument to Governor Ramsey erected on the capitol grounds.

TAFT SEES CANAL

PRESIDENT IS GETTING VALUABLE INFORMATION ABOUT THE BIG DITCH.

LABORERS ASK INCREASE

Reported That Canal Will Be Finished by 1913, Two Years Earlier Than Anticipated—Formal Opening Later.

Panama, Nov. 16.—President Taft's visit is bearing fruit in the matter of first hand information secured which will help him to deal with the problems involved in the construction maintenance and control of the Panama canal.

Officials on the ground are urging the president to recommend to congress a single headed government for the canal zone and full and permanent government control of the waterway and supply depots. President Taft is gratified over results of his three days' inspection. Today he went deep down in Culebra cut giving special attention to this most difficult part of the construction.

The canal will be completed Dec. 1, 1913. This information was given to President Taft today while he was inspecting the famous Gatun dam, on which he spent several hours. The official date of opening remains Jan. 1, 1916, Lieutenant Colonel Goethals desiring one year in which to train canal tenders and to get the machinery working smoothly. Ships in the meantime will be granted the privileges of the canal, but at their own risk of delay incident to inexperienced operation.

President Taft was surprised to learn that the zone was not included in the operations of the postal bank law and that some of the workmen believed Wall street influence had robbed them of the benefit of this legislation.

Taft heard delegations of mechanics and laborers who are asking higher wages based on increases in the United States. The conditions here, however, differ from those in the United States, as the government commissary has been successful in preventing the high cost of living that has been general elsewhere. It is doubtful that increases in wages will be paid in the zone.

Tonight the president will leave United States territory to enter Panama City, where he will be a guest of President Arosemena at a banquet.

DIED OF CHOLERA.

Steamer From Naples, Italy, Said to Be Infected Ship.

New York, Nov. 16.—With two deaths during the voyage from what is thought to have been cholera and a sick list of nine, the steamer San Giorgio arrived here today from Naples and Palermo and was detained at quarantine for bacteriological examinations in the cases of the sick passengers.

The bodies of the two victims, one child of 2 years old, who died Nov. 12, and the other the child's mother, who died early today, were buried at sea. The two fatalities were reported on the vessel as due to acute gastroenteritis.

There seems to be no doubt that they were cholera victims, although Health Officer Doty declined this morning to make an official announcement. All the cases were in the steerage.

First Division Reaches England.

Portland, Eng., Nov. 16.—The first division of the American battleship cruising fleet which includes Rear Admiral Schroeder's flagship, the Connecticut, arrived here this morning. While coming from Tor bay the American warships passed the second division of the British home fleet which has passing out. Salutes were exchanged. The visiting vessels also made the customary salutes as they entered Portland harbor.

Vice Admiral Sir William Henry May, commander of the home fleet, will entertain the American admiral and the captains on his flagship, the Dreadnaught, tonight. The mayor and the corporation will give a banquet to the American officers, while a fancy dress ball and other entertainments for American and British bluejackets have been arranged.

May Build at Washington.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 16.—A set of resolutions which have been presented to the American Federation of Labor convention were read at this morning's session. Reports of committees were also made. Because of a visit to one of the largest breweries, but one session will be held.

The delegates before adjournment will act on the recommendation of the executive committee that the federation erect a building in Washington, D. C. for its own use.

Tolstoi Has Chance for Life.

Ashtapova, Russia, Nov. 16.—Count Leo Tolstoi's illness was diagnosed by his physicians today as creeping inflamation of the lungs. The condition of the aged author is critical but not hopeless. He experienced an increased temperature during the night but late today the doctors said his temperature had fallen to 98.6.

Railroad Commissioners Meet.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Almost every state in the union was represented at the annual convention of the National Association of Railway commissioners, which opened at the interstate commerce commission rooms today. The sessions will occupy three or four days and will be devoted to discussions and action on many different technical railroad matters. Chairman Knapp of the interstate commerce commission, delivered an address of welcome to the convention, following which a number of committee reports were submitted.

Rise of Seine Causes Alarm.

Paris, France, Nov. 15.—The river Seine rose at the rate of a half centimeter an hour today. An official statement that the maximum flood would be reached on Thursday next has not reassured the riverside dwellers in this city and in the suburbs who see the waters advancing slowly in the streets bordering on the stream and fear another disaster.

Cooper is "Not Guilty."

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 16.—Robin Cooper, charged with the murder of Sen. E. W. Carmack, was found not guilty today.

REDUCTION OF FIVE CENTS

MEAT OF ALL KINDS NOW LOWER IN PRICE.

Result Is Attributed to Enormous Crop of Corn Raised This Season.

St. Paul, Nov. 15.—Reports were numerous today from all parts of the country relating to the reduction in prices of beef and pork within the last week. All reports show a reduction of from 2 to 5 cents. Pork shows the greatest drop. In Duluth prices went down from 23 to 18 cents. In New York pork dropped from 22 to 18 cents a pound.

Vegetables in some places are reported 10 to 20 per cent lower while poultry is quoted 1 to 3 cents lower. Butter and eggs declined slightly, but at most points remained about the same.

Market men attribute the relief from high prices to the enormous corn crop and consequently low price of the cereal.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—Prices of beef and pork are falling.

Within the last week the price of beef has been reduced between 4 and 5 cents a pound by the meat packers. The price of pork has declined about 3 cents from the price of 18 and 20 cents a week ago, and wholesale meat dealers say that mutton, veal and other products of the packing houses will take a downward turn within the next few days.

New York, Nov. 15.—Reports from various parts of the country indicating a fall in the price of meats are reflected by similar reports from local dealers. They say the decline has already begun, the wholesale price of beef having gone off on an average of 1 cent in the last week.

One of the leading local dealers said that sirloin steak that had brought 24 cents a pound was now selling at 22 cents.

Cincinnati, Nov. 15.—Meat prices have dropped sharply here, bacon leading with a decline of 5 cents a cheaper. Cattle and sheep and their products show a similar decrease.

Count Tolstoi is Dying.

Tula, Russia, Nov. 15.—The condition of both Count Leo Tolstoi and Countess are reported today as critical. The count appears to be succumbing to the fever brought on by the mental distress and exposure incidental to his voluntary exile from home, while his deserted wife is dying of a broken heart.

The mind of the great novelist scarcely could have conceived a more tragic ending of two lives which have been interwoven for half a century. Tolstoi, overcome with fatigue while attempting yesterday to continue his pilgrimage from the monastery at Shamardino to Caucusus where he had hoped to spend his last days in the Tolstoian colony on the shores of the Black Sea, lies in a miserable hut at a railroad flag station of Astapova at which point he was removed from the train when his physician and companion, Dr. Makovetsky realized that a continuation of the journey would result in certain death.

Today Makovetsky and the consulting physicians declared that the condition of the aged man was most serious.

Pinchot to File Brief.

Washington, Nov. 15. — President Taft, responding to the request of Gifford Pinchot, the former forester of the United States, and his brother Amos Pinchot, for permission to submit a brief on the question of issuing patents in the Cunningham Alaskan coal land claims, has informed Pinchot that he may submit such a brief and advised him to forward it to the executive office before Dec. 1.

Pinchot was thus informed in a letter authorized by President Taft, written by the secretary to the president, Charles D. Norton, and made public today. The letter is in reply to a recent communication to the president pressing the fear that the interior department will recommend the patenting of the Cunningham claim.

Prepare to Welcome Mexicans.

Rock Springs, Tex., Nov. 15.—As the result of a report that a body of 300 armed Mexicans were marching upon this town, cowboys and ranchmen from the surrounding country armed with rifles and revolvers are pouring into Rock Springs this morning.

The ranch people of this section are so anxious for a combat with the Mexican band that they probably will start on a march this afternoon to meet the alleged invaders.

Battleships Reach Europe.

Brest, France, Nov. 15.—The fourth division of the American battleship fleet, comprising the Georgia, Nebraska, Rhode Island and Virginia arrived here today. As the squadron entered the roadstead salutes were exchanged.

The municipality has arranged a series of receptions for the officers. Special trains will take the blue jackets to Paris in groups of 1,000 each.

Upheaval in Pacific.

London, Nov. 16.—Scientists here report the depths of the Pacific ocean are in a state of great upheaval. Heavy earth shocks have been recorded during the past two days, apparently occurring in the regions of New Zealand.

Advance in Rates Thwarted.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The attempt of about fourteen railroads operating between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers to resume advances in rates already condemned from Washington was thwarted by a suspension order announced by the interstate commerce commission today in what is known as the Purham-Hunna-Munger case of Kansas City.

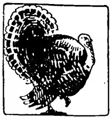
The suspension involves a long standing fight between St. Louis and Kansas City jobbing interests and affords an immense traffic from the east. The ultimate decision will be of vital importance.

Auto Collides With Trolley.

New York, Nov. 16.—Seven men were injured, three so seriously that they probably will die, when the automobile in which they were returning downtown from the Walsh-Keller boxing bout in the Bronx borough early today, collided with a trolley car in Harlem. None of the occupants of the automobile escaped injury.

Senator Clay Buried.

Marietta, Ga., Nov. 16.—Funeral services for the late United States Senator A. S. Clay of Georgia were held here this afternoon.



The BIRD of the SEASON

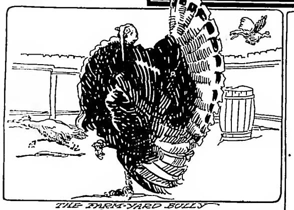
by Frank Finn

THANKSGIVING without the turkey is almost unthinkable. For this great bird, which has become inseparably associated with the season of Thanksgiving, is peculiarly an American bird and as much an American institution as Thanksgiving day itself. Within the reach of poor and rich alike, the great national bird is the principal feature of the feasting which is an important part of the festivities of the day.

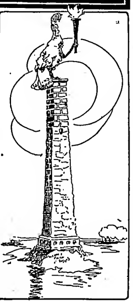
The fact is, of course, that turkeys don't come from Turkey, and were unknown before the discovery of America, in the north of which continent the wild turkey still roams in unrestrained freedom, though not, alas, in undiminished numbers.

When the enterprising Spaniards began to explore the resources of the new world that Columbus had opened out for them, they found that the natives had tamed a big bird, which they regarded as a sort of peacock; and it was not long after the discovery of America that the new bird made his appearance in European poultry yards.

Great must have been the disgust of the original occupants of these when the invader appeared. For one thing he was much bigger than any of them, and could look down on them in the most literal sense. He was also fully aware of the importance of his expensive personality and lost no time in impressing it on all and sundry. The peacock, who had reigned supreme both as an artist in posing and as a table delicacy—the Romans used to talk of having "ham and peacock" as we would speak of ham and turkey—found himself confronted with a rival who made up for inferiority of plumage by displaying with much greater energy and frequency what he had got, and by a play of expression which nothing in the animal world can equal.



THE FARM-YARD BULLY



EMBLEM for AMERICA

It is all very well to talk of the wonderful mobility of the human countenance, sensitive to every change in the emotions of the soul; it is nothing to the turkey cock's. See him elongate his nose till it comes down to his chest, and observe the number of double chins he can produce to add to his importance if he wishes to impose on a presumptuous rooster or to impress a fair young turkey pullet.

Then, as to blushing, there was no debutante ever floated on the social sea who could blush as our gobbler can; his complexion plays through all shades between livid blue and ghastly white to a lively scarlet, and, taken in connection with the changes in his features, makes him a quick-change artist of the first order, before whom the chameleon collapses ashamed.

If anybody wants to practise drawing portraits, let them get hold of a turkey gobbler for a sitter, and if they can succeed in getting his features properly fixed on canvas I will undertake they will find anyone else's easy in comparison.

But it is not only in the display of his charms that the turkey proclaims his advantage over the world of our feathered dependents; his stentorian gobbling arrests the attention of all.

The said gobbling, by the way, has given rise to the only bit of folk-lore about the turkey that I know of. Being an American, he is too modern to have legends associated with him as a rule; but Indian Mohammedans profess to hear in the turkey's voice a blasphemous mockery of their brief creed as spoken in Arabic. Hence, when a turkey has to be killed in India, the native takes a cruel pleasure in executing it by cutting out its impious tongue; and so widely spread is the belief, that a little native boy, a retainer of an animal dealer in Calcutta, replied to me, when I asked him—just by way of trying his knowledge—the name of an American curassow bird that was in the yard, "That is a turkey, sahib, but it does not repeat the creed!"

What with strutting and gobbling himself, and with proving congenial to the gobbling process as conducted by human beings, the turkey fairly bounced the poultry world in general, and actually ousted the goose, the most ancient member of the poultry association and the savior of Rome, from popular estimation as a holiday dish. The turkey is a good type of the product of his native continent in more ways than one, and some Americans, impressed by the fact that the nation's emblem, the white-headed eagle, is not only a "bird of freedom," but a freebooter, robbing the respectable fishhawk of his catch, and generally playing the needy sharper, have claimed that the turkey would better represent the United States, and he certainly better suits the ideals of an eminently practical people.

Go-ahead as he is in his methods, however, the turkey gets "scored off" now and then. A century or so ago, when geese and turkeys used in the absence of present-day facilities for transport to be driven long distances on the roads, a couple of noble sportsmen laid a wager as to the speed of turkeys and geese over a course which it would take a matter of days to traverse. Each nobleman was provided with a little flock of four of the fowls of his fancy, and of course betting was high in favor of the turkeys. And at first they seemed to justify their backers, for they soon stalked away from their waddling rivals and left them far behind. So things went on all day, but as dusk came on the aristocratic turkey herd found his charges becoming passive resisters, and displaying an incurable desire to go to roost—no amount of coaxing would propel them farther. Meanwhile the despised geese, with whom night and day were not of any very great importance, waddled sedately past, and ultimately won the race with plenty to spare. It was pretty nearly the old tale of the hare and tortoise over again, in fact.

I have known the farmyard bully pretty well bested on two occasions myself—tragically so, in fact. One of the most valued possession of the Calcutta animal dealer I have mentioned was a fawn-colored European-bred turkey, whose color much commended it in his eyes, since turkeys of this hue seem not to be found in India. This privileged fowl used to circulate about his master's chair, strutting and gobbling; and though he often resented the entrance of natives into the compound he respected Europeans, a piece of discrimination one does not expect in a being of such limited intelligence as a turkey. Another inmate of the menagerie was a young cassowary, and he wrought the turkey's downfall; for, coming into the compound one day, I missed the ginger-hued gobbler, and asked what had become of him.

"Ah, my poor turkey!" said the dealer; "he gave cheek to the cassowary, and the cassowary kicked him and burst his bag!" It sounded as if the impudent bird had been collapsed like a toy balloon, but I did not inquire into details.

The dealer, however, consoled himself with a pair of local turkeys or the ordinary dark color, and the gobbler was beginning to take the place of his deceased predecessor in the economy of the menagerie, when he also met his end from a far different adversary. This was a gamecock of some Indian breed, the most blackguardly looking fowl I have ever set eyes upon, with bristling eyebrows, a bulldog type of beak and pillar-like legs, his athletic proportions set off by very tight-fitting plumage. However, he was only a fowl, thought the two turkeys, and with Oriental indifference to the rules of fair play they both set out to tackle him together. The gamecock acquitted himself in a manner worthy of his breed, and bowled them over with one blow apiece. Perhaps his natural magnanimity—for chanticleer is seldom anything but a gentleman—made him lenient with the hen; at any rate, she was only "knocked silly." But he gave her husband a fair knock-out blow; gripping his wattle with the bulldog bill, he brought the columnar shanks down on the bulky adversary's neck with such force that, when I saw the defeated bully he was sitting in a state of paralytic collapse, and not long after ingloriously expired.

Such is the part the turkey plays as a tame bird—a pretentious and pushing person who occasionally collapses ignominiously. Nor are his aspect and career as a wild bird different, for he is one of the few creatures which have altered very little in domestication; and though he may be regarded as the premier bird of America, and gains a certain amount of dignity and consideration thereby, there is a comic element in his performances and misfortunes which robs him of the dignity of the feathered nobles of the older world. The blackguardly tendencies which, seen in domestication, have caused some people to suggest that he is called a turkey because he behaves like the proverbial unspeakable Turk, are in full swing in his wild ancestor, who is altogether born in sin. His wife, or wives—for he is an inveterate polygamist, even in his primitive condition—have to keep their infant poults out of his way, or he will crack their little heads for them; and when he conquers and slays a rival gobbler, he tramples him when he is down and done for. His courtship is every bit as absurd in the wilds as it is in the farmyard, and ancient turkey dowagers emulate his absurdities in strutting to win his regard, though the pullets maintain a proper modesty of demeanor. Moreover, the wily hunter brings about his downfall in ways which make him look undignified—no other bird is lured to his end in such queerly discreditable ways.

One is to call him up within shot by imitating the voice of her he loves for the time being. On a small pipe, often made of a turkey's own drumstick bone, the sportsman imitates what he inelegantly calls the "yelp" of the hen turkey, and the infatuated gobbler, lured by the soft invitation, is often decoyed within range. To his credit be it said, however, he displays a fine ear, and if he detects anything suspiciously insincere in the accents of the concealed charmer, it will be a clever impersonator who gets him to answer another matrimonial advertisement for that season at all events.

Another plan is the turkey trap, which is a pen made of logs and entered by a trench, across which there is a bridge just inside the entrance. A train of corn leads the turkeys into this, and when they are inside and have eaten up a [illegible] corn, it never occurs to them to stoop un[illegible] beneath which they passed in, but [illegible] wander round and round till the[illegible]s and gathers them in—a proceed[illegible] not argue any great amount of intelli[illegible] their part.

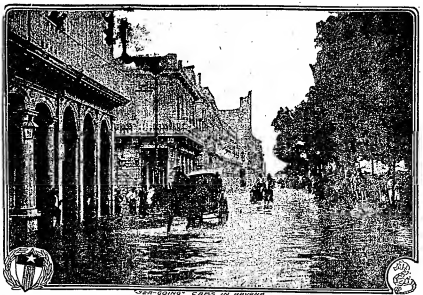
One can even get a turkey by hunting him with a dog, circumstances being favorable. The said circumstances are the fact of the turkey's being a little way off from their woodland retreat, feeding out on the prairie, and one's dog being a greyhound; moreover, one's horse should know how to go. The turkey, even when wild, is not a long-distance flier, but he has not sense enough to remember this when he finds his foes between him and the wood, and tries to fly straight away from the pursuing hound instead of turning about overhead and coming back to cover. After about a mile he has had enough of flying and takes to his legs, only to find that his four-legged opponent is close behind, and he must perforce take to the air again. But this time his flight is not for so long a distance, and he is ignominiously "run into," a victim of misplaced confidence in himself as an aeroplane.

Let us be thankful that we have got the turkey as he is, with all his comic extravagances, and that in one respect, at all events, he can challenge comparison with many worthier people: his last appearance is always creditable, and no one can deny that he cuts up well!

Cause for Thankfulness.

Thanksgiving day is the one day in the year when the nation turns to heaven in thanks for its preservation. The life of the nation is the principal consideration; not only its life, but its health, and its preservation in that condition in which it was established by the fathers of the country. Men can thank God for their own accumulations or supplicate him to lighten their burdens, but that is not the purpose of a national thanksgiving. The nation itself, the political structure which was framed and handed down—it is the preservation of this for which the people are to be thankful.

STREETS OF HAVANA LIKE RIVERS



"SEA-GOING" CABS IN HAVANA.

HAVANA, CUBA.—This city is only beginning to recover from the disastrous effects of the recent violent storms that swept the entire island. For days the streets of Havana were under water and it was almost impossible for the people to get about in the business part of the city. The "deep-sea-going cab" of song became a reality, and these vehicles did a rushing business. Many rafts also were constructed on which passengers were conveyed across the flooded thoroughfares.

FEASTS THAT KILL

Horace Fletcher, Arch-Apostle of Hypermastication, Talks.

Details Dire Effects of Christmas Dinners and Thanksgiving Turkeys—Finds That Poor Are Good Eaters.

Chicago.—Christmas and Thanksgiving turkey, cranberry sauce and the long list of victuals that go with these staple articles have been responsible for more loss of life, energy and ability to the people than all the great battles of history.

Thus does Horace Fletcher, arch-apostle of hypermastication—meaning, in plain English, the world's foremost advocate of the theory of thoroughly chewing food—denounce overeating, especially the extent to which the practise is indulged in on national holidays.

Not only that, but the Sunday dinner is more directly blameable for "Blue Monday" than is the proverbial "night before," in the opinion of the man who made chewing an art.

Clad in pale blue, striped pajamas, with his feet bare, Mr. Fletcher faced a small gale blowing into the open window of his room at the Congress hotel the other day with enviable impunity. True, it was not snowing, but the sun had barely left Michigan City on its way to Emporia, Kan., and the atmosphere was more or less frigid. The teeth of the interviewer chattered.

Mr. Fletcher, who is as radical an advocate of "fresh air" as he is of scientific mastication, was immune from the breeze. He was pink, and smiling.

Although sixty-one years old and snow-haired, he is an athlete in superb condition. He attributes this to his system of living and of chewing food. He weighs 170 pounds and has eaten fewer breakfasts in the last twenty years than any hobo in Clark street.

As a result of publicity given to his "right-living" propaganda, Mr. Fletcher says the words "Fletcherism," "Fletcherize," and "Fletcherite" have been recognized by lexicographers and will be "real words" in the dictionaries.

"It means to digest thoroughly," said the sexagenarian. "A manuscript on morals may be 'Fletcherized.'"

Mr. Fletcher was loath to believe that the "supermen" of ages to come would be able to scorn food and derive his nourishment from plain air.

"I would hate to think of that coming to pass," he said. Then he confessed he enjoyed what he did eat. "Still, it might be done if a man would get on the windward side of a soup kitchen, and take deep, regular breaths," he added.

The secret of correct living and right living is possession by a greater percentage of poor persons than by "malefactors of great wealth," Mr. Fletcher said. He seemed anxious to correct an impression that he was a votary of the midnight rarebit debauch.

"Rarebits are all right if a person wants them and if properly cooked and masticated," he said, "but I take them perhaps two or three times a year."

Mr. Fletcher is firm in his belief that "economic eating" will revolutionize society.

CURE MADE BY SUGGESTION

Girl in Cataleptic State Now Talks and Scientists Will Work on "Muscle Memory."

Paris.—The local papers publish the story of a servant named Josephine who has fallen into a cataleptic slumber and cannot be awakened. She is at present in the hospital at Alencon, where she has been since January 22 of this year. Josephine, who is thirty-two years of age, for the last 13 years has been subject to nervous fits, which occurred every few months. She was prostrated completely after these attacks and was incapable of working for several days. Her spirits were affected and she became convinced that she would never work again. As her character became more somber her nervousness increased.

On June 11 last, after a day in which she exhibited unusual mental agitation, she fell into a sleep from which she has not yet recovered. The anaesthesia is generalized. Hearing, sight and taste are suspended. Only the sense of smell remains in a certain measure. The eyelids frequently tremble convulsively, while at intervals the patient gives utterance to inarticulate groans.

Dr. Paul Farez, professor at the school of psychology, is interested extremely in this remarkable case and is using his best efforts to convert the pathological sleep into an hypnotic sleep in which state the patient would be more accessible to suggestions of a therapeutic efficacy. His labors in this direction have been crowned with success.

When she fell into the catalepsy Josephine was completely speechless. Now she articulates in a loud voice—the effect of suggestion. Responding to the same influences she sits up without assistance in bed. Under the guidance of the doctor her faculties return little by little. But her muscles have lost their most elementary notions of movement. Her medical attendant now is working upon the "muscle memory." He believes that presently the dreamer will be called back by a scientific miracle from the limbo where her mind wanders, and that she will be restored to active life.

MEN UNFIT TO WED

So Declares Memphis Beauty Who Divorced Philadelphian.

Mrs. Keith Donaldson Compares Northern Man With Those from South, Especially Texans—Foreigners Inferior.

New York.—Mrs. Keith Donaldson, at the ripe age of twenty-four years, will never, no, never, marry again. She says so herself. The ideal man does not exist, she declares, and until he is produced she will devote herself to the care of her child, the accommodating courts of Reno having relieved her of her husband, a former Philadelphian.

Two years of married life have taught her the wisdom of the ages, and no man need apply, unless—yes, there's a string to the declaration. There is a chance for a Texan. "For," says the lovely divorcee, "my fortune came from the great and glorious state of Texas, and if the same state can produce a man handsome, strong, chivalrous and steady, I may be prevailed upon to change my mind."

Mrs. Donaldson was Miss Evelyn Willis Hunter of Memphis, Tenn. A great beauty, she was much sought after in every city, but the dashing Philadelphian carried off the "million dollar bride," and the wedding took place in New York, April 25, 1906. The couple went to live at the St. Regis.

Differences arose between the young pair, and a separation followed. Then came the divorce, and Mrs. Donaldson went abroad. She has just returned, with her views of men unchanged, and, if anything, more firmly rooted in her mind.

It was rumored that she was engaged to Robert Dula, but this she denied emphatically. "Why," she declared, "he is only nineteen, just a nice boy, and the brother of my friend, Mrs. Townsend Horner. I shall never marry again.

"I returned from abroad the other day, where I met several men, but none approached my ideal of what a husband should be.

"When abroad I studied the continental gentlemen and found him away back in the field when it comes to racing with southerners—and especially Texans. He does equal northern men, though, I must admit, but the northern men, either easterners or westerners, are not fitted to be husbands. I think every northern father should send his son south for a finishing education in gallantry. He will learn much that will make him fitted to compete with the hundreds of foreigners who come here to New York and break into the families of the rich."

CAN'T COPYRIGHT CITY NAME

Wilkesbarre Is Denied Right to Exclusive Use—Government Makes Adverse Ruling.

Wilkesbarre, Pa.—This city's efforts to have its name copyrighted has failed, owing to the decision of the register of copyrights in Washington that the city has no legal right to the sole and exclusive possession of its name.

The register of copyrights says in his decision:

"We beg to say we cannot possibly think of any way in which you could secure for the city of Wilkesbarre the exclusive right to its name by any proceedings under the copyright law. There does not seem to be any principle of law which insures to a city the exclusive right to its name. The post office department has authority to name a post office whatever it sees fit."

Mail Clerks Know Nicknames.

London.—Addressed from London to "Whipshire, Devon," a letter has been delivered without delay at Tiverton, where one hundred years ago rogues and vagabonds were whipped round the town at the tail of a cart—hence the name Whipshire, almost unknown to the present generation.

TAKES MUCH PRIDE IN FARM

There Miss Helen Frick Entertains Groups of Working Girls for Two Weeks' Rest.

Pittsburg.—All summer long groups of girls, everyday girls, have been entertained by Miss Helen Frick in her summer vacation home on the famous north shore. Near the end of a suburban street car line running through Beverly, Mass., stands the comfortable farmhouse where this only daughter of Henry Clay Frick has gathered the working girls of many New England cities for a two weeks' vacation. They have come from the cotton mill towns, from cities where the shoe factories are the chief industries and from the great carpet factories, all of them working girls of various nationalities. Daily Miss Frick has gone over to the farmhouse from Eagle Rock, the Frick mansion at Prides Crossing, a couple of miles away, often making two and three visits a day, so deep an interest does she take in this two weeks' outing for young girls of the New England cities.

The vacation house stands several hundred feet back from the street, a stone wall, over which vines run riot, separating the lawns from the highway and the trolley tracks. Painted white and shaded by fine old trees, it is an attractive place.

A large open hall from which the stairway winds to the second story, is the principal feature of the first floor. There in the early summer and as autumn comes on a fire burns in the large fireplace in the evening, for the east wind makes the evenings and night cool along the north shore. The hall is furnished with plain mission furniture, and after the supper is over and before going to their rooms the girls tell stories or sing.

The dining room, which opens from the hall, is a long apartment furnished in light colors, and the big family of sixteen girls surrounds the one long table at whose head is Mrs. Fannie Seifer, a well-known worker at both the Central Young Women's Christian association in Chatham street and the Lawrenceville branch in Butler street in this city.

The girls' rooms are very pretty and each girl has a room to herself. A dainty paper covers the wall, each room being different. On the floor is a pretty light blocked linoleum. There is a white enamel bedstead with dresser and chair, also white, and simple white curtains hang at the windows.

On the side of the house farthest from the street is a large, roomy piazza with settees, swings and hammocks, where the visitors spend the greater part of their vacation

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Big Animal Ambulance.

New York.—The largest automobile ambulance ever built for the transportation of animals has been put in commission by the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. It is a gift by Mrs. Russell Sage and has three decks and a capacity for carrying 200 dogs and cats.

Enemies Necessary

Have you enemies? Go straight on and mind them not. If they block up your path, walk around them, and do your duty regardless of spite. A man who has no enemies is seldom good for anything—he is made of that kind of material which is so easily worked that it resists nothing, while every one who thinks for himself, and speaks what he thinks, is always sure to have enemies. They are as necessary to him as fresh air; they keep him alive, active. A celebrated character who was surrounded by enemies used to remark. "They are sparks which, if you do not blow, will go out of themselves." Let this be your feeling, while endeavoring to live down the scandal of those who are bitter against you. If you stop to dispute with them, you do but as they desire, and open the way for more abuse. Let them talk—there will be a reaction if you perform your duty, and hundreds who were once alienated from you, will flock to you and acknowledge their error. Follow this advice, and you will never have cause to regret it.—A. F. H.

Railroad Wireless Stations.

The Union Pacific Railroad company is erecting a number of wireless stations along its line for the purpose of augmenting its regular telegraph service, and in this manner it is hoped to establish a means of communication which will insure a continuity of service which might not be expected from either alone. The stations being erected will cover the states of Kansas, Nebraska and Wyoming.

One Thing Needful.

"How was the day's fishing?"

"A failure."

"Didn't the fish bite?"

"There were plenty of fish, but Jim Culver dropped our only flask in a ten-foot pool and then we all came away."

Red Lake Falls Gazette

BY C. R. C. BAKER

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

The change in the proprietorship of the Gazette, the retirement of Mr. King, will make little apparent change in the paper, since Mr. King has had opportunity to give the paper little of his attention during the past several years and the present publisher has had direct supervision of the publishing business.

Under the partnership Mr. King had control of the editorial page while the junior member of the firm attempted to keep the pay envelopes filled and attended to the details of the business. Gazette readers will now probably expect something of a change in the editorial policy and in that they will probably not be disappointed, for nothing is more certain than that men will disagree on public questions.

A statement that the Gazette is to be an independent paper in the future would not describe the situation. A truer statement would be to say that the paper will not be a political party organ. It is not to be understood that the Gazette will refrain from the discussion of political questions at all times, but politics is not to be the business of the paper. As so-called political issues become public questions they will be open to discussion and they will undoubtedly have the editorial consideration that the limited capacity of the publisher will make possible.

Public men and measures and political issues are proper subjects for newspaper discussion, but there is no more reason why the publisher should make his business the propelling power for a political dirt train, than that the grocer or butcher should do so. This is the position taken by a large majority of the papers in the country at the present time and has resulted in cleaner and stronger editorial influence.

The publisher of the Gazette has been connected with the paper for so long that the statement made above can scarcely be called an introduction. However, a few words in a personal vein will be in keeping with the occasion. Two years have been pleasantly spent in this beautiful little city. The surroundings are pleasant, the people congenial, and—we're glad we're here. The aim will be to make the paper a better representative of Red Lake Falls city and the county and it is expected that that result will be accomplished. This can be said without questioning the known ability of the retiring member of the firm, for Mr. King has had little time and opportunity to give his best effort to the paper. It is not inappropriate to say—and the desire to do so is impelling—that the business association with Mr. King has been a pleasant experience. He has used the mind of a big man in all of his transactions. He will have no more sincere well-wishers in his future undertakings than the publisher of the Gazette and the members of the force.

C. R. C. BAKER.

For a name as a political asset, how does Adolph Olof strike you?

Come on out, Teddy,—the country's big and fine—and be a cow-puncher statesman again.

Indiana will be compelled to get along without its Beveridge—and so will northern Minnesota.

Perhaps the Minneapolis police force wanted to have the back yard cleaned before the Caroline Bartlett Crane tour.

The enforcement of law without discrimination often serves as a great leveler. It is Poor Lo—and me, too, now—in the Indian country.

A very unfortunate result of the Democratic landslide is the defeat of Senator Beveridge. But Beveridge, like Roosevolt, will be heard from again.

"Considering the name he bore Tom O'Brien made a magnificent race for the supreme beach," says Bob Dunn in his Princeton Union, and Bob ought to know.

Jim Gray says he'd rather lose fighting the good fight than win any other way. And there's another consolation. All of the office seekers are interviewing Governor Eberhart.

Under the new order of things Paul Pry's gossipy letter will not be found in the columns of the Gazette. But, then, Paul had not been with us for some time, anyway, he having gone on a long voyage, embarking Nov. 8.

Bro. John King of the Red Lake Falls Gazette, will, it is understood, relinquish his position as state librarian after January first.—Greenbush Tribune.

Relinquish nothing! John's going to quit.

Cass Lake and Bemidji, the old rivals for all good things and bad, are at it again. Cass Lake had made a noise like a big place on the map and had declared war against the federal government, when Uncle Sam's men quietly withdrew and started a vigorous assault on the Bemidji dram shops. Now the Cass Lakers are green with envy and intoxicated with highly elated spirits—but nothing stronger.

Theodore is only waiting. That he is guilty of inactivity is alarming of course, but it must be remembered that he never was licked before—to a frazzle. Theodore had run the country for seven years and had run it his way in spite of the protests of the big fellows in New York. That job completed, he went to Africa and drove the lions into the sea. On his triumphal tour through Europe he had the potentates side-stepping and scraping and he told the Johnnies where to head in. And then he came back to tackle the Wall street crowd in their private preserves. That was too big a job for the limited territory. Teddy should spread himself out over more space. Will Teddy come back? He never went away. He's only waiting.

COADJUTORS' REMARKS.

Eberhart's lead over Gray for governor will be in the neighborhood of 75,000. What are "the wild waves saying," Mr. Duluth Herald? The "rubber stamp" governor seems to have made a clear and strong impression.—Greenbush Tribune.

"In my opinion we have seen the last of Theodore Roosevelt as a political power of any great importance in this country."—Halvor Steenerson.

Nothing of the kind. It was known eight months ago that the Republican party in New York was in for rebuke. The result of the election in that state was fore-shadowed by the retirement of Aldrich and Hale from the senate and by the Maine election in September. Mr. Roosevelt stepped in to save the situation, and he did his best to stem a tide that was far too strong for any man to stop. It was Ballingerism and Aldrichism, and other instances of money control that the voters in the east struck at, and not Roosevelt. Political purification is just begun, and Roosevelt will carry it forward in the nation, and be a leader for the cause of the people and inspire honest men to consecrate themselves in the service of their country.—Rosean Region.

In all probability the good roads amendment has been defeated through the ignorance or indifference of the voters. What is needed in this state is a kindergarten election school instead of referendum.—Princeton Union.

VALLEY NEWS.

At a meeting of the Marshall county development association held last week five delegates were elected to go to Brainerd next month to attend the big meeting and boost for reapportionment.

The Taralseth company, whose big department store at Warren was burned, will rebuild.

Rosean county's exhibit at the state fair cost $700—and it was worth the price. That Rosean county exhibit has been talked about a whole lot. That's just the kind of advertising Red Lake county needs. Red Lake should get into the game.

The official returns in Polk county give Sangstad a majority over Stephens of 224—and some stickers didn't stick.

Arne Steenerson, a nephew of Congressman Steenerson was accidentally shot by a companion, Ole Brekke, last week. The two men were hunting near Warroad when the rifle carried by Brekke was accidently discharged, the bullet passing through Steenerson's abdomen. The physicians say that the wound is not a dangerous one, strange as that may seem.

The Bemidji brewery worked nights and Sundays to fill its orders before the lid was screwed on tight.

The Star laundry at East Grand Forks burned last week. Loss $20,000.

Congressman Steenerson has received assurances from the general land office at Washington that the people of the fire-stricken area of northern Minnesota will be permitted to sell the dead and down timber this winter. This will afford much relief to the settlers and hundreds of thousands of dollars will be saved.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Royal is the only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Highest in Leavening Efficiency

No Alum
No Lime Phosphate

In a Quandary.

The doctor had looked at the patient's tongue, taken his temperature, felt his pulse and was at the point of leaving the room when he paused to say to the sick man's wife, "Madame, in addition to your giving the medicine I have prescribed I wish you would see that every morning your husband gets a shower bath."

The woman looked worried. "But, doctor," she propounded anxiously, "what am I goin' to do the mornin's we don't have no showers?"

Blowing Flowers.

When amateurs speak of flowers "blowing" they are not using a mere vulgarism. They are speaking real old English. In the early tongue the verb "blowan" was used to indicate the opening of flowers. Instead of "blow" being a corruption of "bloom" it is the other way about. "Blossom" comes from the same root. We do not grow the costard apple nowadays, but our forefathers set great store by the sort and bought it eagerly in the streets from the "mongers." From costard monger to costermonger is a short step. Hawthorn, too, has its interest. The old form of haw was haga, which means hedge. Hawthorn is therefore simply hedge thorn.—London Graphic.

"REAPPORTIONMENT FIRST" IS SLOGAN

Annual Meeting of Northern Minnesota Development Association at Brainerd

The annual meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association will be held at Brainerd the first week in December and will be attended by delegates from practically every county. These delegates will start a vigorous campaign for better roads, better protection from forest fires, more money for schools, better methods for handling the sale of timber lands, but the most strenuous demand will be for reapportionment. "Reapportionment first" will be the slogan of the big bunch of delegates.

They will not be satisfied to have the bill passed reapportioning the state in 1914. They want the law to go into effect at the next election. This will mean that the senators who were elected for four-year terms at the recent election, will be up again in two years. Some opposition is expected from the newly elected senators, as it is believed many will not favor voting themselves out of office. It is confidently expected, however, that there will be enough votes outside of these members to pass the bill as they want it.

The Dairy Cow.

The dairy cow does more than bring financial success to the dairy farmer. She makes him a better citizen than he would otherwise be. Her influence upon home conditions is a most pleasing contribution to those factors which are responsible for the changed conditions which prevail in the farm homes of today. Thousands of these homes are now characterized by comfort and happiness where formerly they were blighted by drudgery and unhappiness.

Better financial conditions have contributed to this change, and the dairy cow has been in no small measure responsible. She has contributed in still another way. The dairy cow teaches kindness. Her owner soon learns that only by treating her kindly can be secure the highest possible returns from her, and she responds quickly to kind words and proper care. Her disposition is one that the human family might well emulate. She is patient and long suffering, acquiescing mutely in the arrangements made by her owner for carrying on the dairy business, striving at all times to repay him for every effort made for her care and comfort.

The members of the family, as they come in contact with her kindly disposition, are influenced for good. As they appreciate the financial benefit to come from caring for her well they take a deeper interest in her. In doing so they unconsciously cultivate those qualities which make them better citizens.

The dairy cow—the prototype of man's best friend—is wielding a greater influence than she is generally credited with. She has always been found in the front ranks in the march of civilization and no agricultural country can long prosper without her. She is a potent factor in the upbuilding of such a country, financially and socially, and a wise people will appreciate her and encourage the industry of which she is the foundation.

Curious Apache Belief.

The Apache Indians' religious belief prevents them from committing murder in the dark. If a dozen Apaches should discover a man sleeping by his campfire at night no amount of money would hire them to attack him until the sun came up. They believe that if they kill a man at night their own souls will walk in eternal darkness forever. Knowing this curious superstition, hunters, scouts, trappers and others traveling through the Apache nation in the old days moved about during the night and lay by in some safe retreat during the day.

Not at All Abashed.

Work under a woman of the type to which Miss Prissy Allen belongs comes very close to being what the forefathers would have described as "a purifying trial." "Miss Allen," says Ike Bodwin in Joseph C. Lincoln's book, "Partners of the Tide"—"Miss Allen, she bought the last of my huckleberries. Then she wanted to know if I wouldn't mow the front yard. We had some dicker 'bout the price, but I fin'lly agreed to do it, so she showed me where the scythe was, and I started in.

"And I declare, to man," continued Mr. Bodwin excitedly, "if she didn't stand on the front steps and watch me like a dog trying to locate a flea, jumping on me every minute or two to tell me that she thought I'd cut this part 'most an inch shorter'n I had that part,' and so on.

"Fin'lly I got sick of her nagging, and I said, just to shame her:

"'If I'd known you were so particular I'd 'a' brought my spirit level along.'

"Said she, 'There's one that used to b'long to father out in the barn.'"

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect. This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S. and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

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Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

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Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

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IN THREE DAYS

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HOME TREATMENT
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LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying position in the railroad positions spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition.

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Raw Furs

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Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured. Write for Price List.

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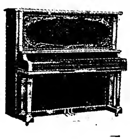

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO

Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name..............................

Address..............................

If voted before December 15, 1910.

Nomination Ballot

Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.

I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest

Name..............................

Address..............................

Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

Grand Prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as necessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The Contest will close at 6 p. m., Jan. 16, 1911.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year,	$1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years,	3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years,	4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years,	6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years,	7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
[illegible], RED LAKE FALLS
[illegible] Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
[illegible]
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
[illegible] First State Bank

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LABISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. Lodge meets Monday [illegible] in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibson, Pres., [illegible]

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G.; F. A. Grady, V. G.; F. A. Miller, R. S.; Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S.; H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

[illegible] nervous debility, [illegible] weak back, [illegible] at home [illegible] Building, Detroit, Michigan.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
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Fresh and Salt Meats
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We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade

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COLORADO LAND
We desire to place on the market at once 12 sections of farming land which is close to R. R. and markets. Smooth and level rich black soil, no stones, selling from $12.00 to $20.00 per acre. Best land in the State.
Write for full particulars.
N. MacPHEE
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A Stylish Shoe for Dressy Men

A Man's Patent Colt Skin Blucher—a shoe that will delight the man who likes to appear well.
The toe, a combination of the pointed and round—stylish and good looking but really comfortable.

Style 7021
Price

Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Ferdinand Pepin
State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, In Probate Court.
In the Matter of the Estate of Ferdinand Pepin, Decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Sarah Pepin, Philamine Pepin Mosseau, Joseph Pepin, Millie Pepin Huot, Alvina Pepin Gardner, David Pepin, George Pepin, Josephine Pepin Carpenter, Jo Pepin, Louis Pepin, Willie Pepin, Maguire Pepin, Alex Pepin, Ferdinand Papin, Mary Pepin, Theodore Pepin and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Louis Pepin being duly filed in this court, representing that Ferdinand Pepin, then a resident of the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, died on the 20th day of September, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters Testamentary be issued thereon to Louis Pepin, Now Therefore You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of December, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Ira C. Richardson Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this third day of November, 1910.

{ Court } IRA C. RICHARDSON,
{ Seal. } Judge.
F. L. FARLEY,
Attorney for Petitioner. n10-24

Application for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors in Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice is Hereby Given that Alphonse Paquin has petitioned the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, in writing for License to sell Intoxicating Liquors in that certain one story frame building with one front and one rear entrance situate on Lot Six (6) of Block Six (6) Townsite of Oklee, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

The application and any remonstrance or objections to the granting of the same will be heard and determined by said board of County Commissioners at a special session of said board to be held at the office of the County Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, on Friday the 18th day of November, at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

A. A. LATENORESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
(County Auditor's Seal.)
Dated October 29th, 1910. n3-10

No. 9837
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY
Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

LAWRENCE O. MURRY,
(SEAL) Comptroller of the Currency

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address
BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
Department 29 16 South 5th St., Minneapolis

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausoleil. tf

WYLIE.

School closed Wednesday for the Thanksgiving holidays.

The basket social given in the school Friday evening was quite well attended and about twenty-five dollars were cleared.

Mr. J. Doolitttle, the Sunday school organizer, came over from Crookston Friday to be in attendance at the social given by the Sunday school.

C. B. Houston of Red Lake Falls, spent Sunday in Wylie.

Eva Durhaim, who is attending school at St. Hilaire, spent Sunday at her home here.

Mrs. John King, came down from St. Hilaire Monday, and left for Grand Forks Tuesday accompanied by Mrs. Pat Ford and Celia Ford.

TERREBONNE

J. Henhault and wife from Redford, Sask., are visiting with Mrs. and Miss Ducharme. They are on their wedding trip.

On Tuesday, the 17, J. F. Parrault was married at Red Lake Falls to Miss Aurore Cardinal. The young couple will spend the winter with the bridegroom's father, Louis Parrault, at Terrebonne.

Mrs. H. Valiencourt, who was operated on for apendicitis at Crookston, is recovering rapidey.

Dr. Levin of Erskine and his father-in-law, Mr. Lepine, called on F. Veillaux last week.

Mrs. H. Laurent left Wednesday for Rochester to advise with the Drs. Mayo. Mrs. Laurent has been unwell for some time.

VALUABLE HORSE STOLEN.

Was Taken or Jumped From Freight Car.

The Great Northern railroad is minus a fine $2,000 Percheron stallion, and determined efforts of police, sheriff and section men between Crookston and Warren for 36 hours has been unavailing.

The horse belonged to James Compton, who was shipping it from Ashby, Minn., to Pembina. The animal came up in a car on the fast freight, 405, Thursday evening. The train was to stop here an hour and a half, and bolting the car door Comptan went over from the yards to get something to eat. His train started before he expected and he caught the caboose and determined to ride there the balance of the trip.

When the trainmen were at Warren, it was noticed as they were inspecting the cars that the seal on this one was broken and the car door open. Conductor Keeley at once discovered this was the car the valuable horse was in and with Compton an investigation was started.

The horse had had two snaps attached to heavy straps attached to his bit, and these were missing and Compton demanded that two immigrant cars headed for Canada be searched, which was done, but no trace was found of either the straps or of any of the contents of Compton's grip, which had been broken open and a portion of the contents taken. The car floor showed marks of the horse as he slipped when being taken or jumping voluntarily from the car.

The section between Crookston and Warren were at once notified and made inquiries everywhere, but heard nothing of the animal, nor did the police or the sheriffs notified and the matter remains a great mystery.—Crookston Times.

A Life Picture

Two Who Began and Ended Friends

By H. D. CLEAVER.

Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.

Robert Spooner and Lars Gibson at five were going about with their arms around each other's neck; at twelve they enjoyed boys' sports together; at eighteen they conferred as to what field in life's work they should enter.

The bond that drew them together was a dissimilarity of disposition. Spooner was bright, impulsive, daring even to recklessness. He would easily fly into a passion and was quick to do penance for his acts while under its influence. Gibson was of a very equable disposition. His amiability was never seriously interfered with and seldom ruffled. These complimentary dispositions welded their hearts when they were children, and the affection born of their tender years was never permanently broken.

Both about the same time secured situations in different mercantile houses. Spooner was very quick to learn and endowed with great natural energy. The consequence was that he advanced rapidly. Gibson was slow in his motions, not over quick to understand, always willing to do what was required of him, patient to a fault and quietly persistent. During these early years of their career Spooner would confer with his friend, complaining of what he called the stupidity of those immediately over him, chafing because he found it difficult to make them understand that he discovered ways of doing things quicker, plainer, more correctly than they. Gibson would say:

"Be patient, Bob. Your natural ability will win in the end, whereas if you try to go too fast you may get a backset that you will be years in making up."

"I know you're right, my boy," Bob would reply. "You're always right about everything, but it's mighty hard to see things going wrong when a suggestion from me would right it and I not make the suggestion."

"How do you know they would appreciate it? And wouldn't they be liable to tell you to keep your place and mind your own business. If you were in their place would you listen to suggestions from them?"

"I listen to suggestions from them! Not much!"

"All things come to those who wait."

Bob Spooner could not help feeling himself a better man than his friend in everything except patience, gentleness, endurance. He did not expect Lars to make much headway in the world; indeed, he was ambitious to make a success for himself that he might share it with the man he loved. It was not long before Spooner broke away from his employers and set up for himself. He had no capital, but had a capacity for inspiring confidence. He succeeded from the start.

Both young men married. Spooner wedded a girl who saw in him a means to acquire what was the wish of her life—social prominence. Gibson married a girl who loved money for money's sake rather than what she could acquire with it. Mrs. Spooner spent all her husband's income. Mrs. Gibson exerted herself to prevent her husband from giving away all his family did not positively require. From the time of their marriage their wives stepped into their shoes and enacted the balance of their lives for them. No, not all; at the end they acted for themselves.

It was their desire that their wives should feel as warm a friendship for each other as was theirs. Spooner, with his natural enthusiasm, expected this; Gibson, with a certain longheadedness or horse sense, knew that it could not be. There was nothing to bring the two women together—indeed, there was that to drive them apart. Each wife was jealous of the influence exerted by her husband's friend. "It is singular," Mrs. Spooner would say, "how you can see so much in that dull fellow. You are more capable in every way." And Mrs. Gibson would say, "Your friend Spooner looks down on you; he considers himself vastly your superior."

Spooner made money so fast that the very rapidity of his accumulations accelerated his accumulative desires, just as a man owning an automobile that will do forty miles an hour desires one that will do sixty. One morning the newspapers announced the failure of a large and long established banking house. It was the signal gun for the opening of a commercial panic. The house of Spooner & Co. went down in the crash, and the head of the firm was obliged to take the benefit of the bankruptcy law.

For two or three years values shrank. Gibson, who had saved—or, rather, whose wife had saved—considerable money, saw an opportunity to buy property cheap and made investments which when the financial pendulum swung to the other extreme made him rich. Meanwhile Spooner was freeing himself from the wreck of his business and when he had done so found himself more than forty years old, without the physical energy of youth with which to make a new beginning and without a dollar of capital.

His old friend called on him and said:

"Bob, I can let you have $20,000 on a nominal interest and without security. I would double it; but, you see, my wife and children have their claim on me, and I don't feel that I have the right to do more."

Spooner grasped his friend's hand, but said nothing for a time, then told Gibson he would consider the matter. When Mrs. Spooner heard of the offer she advised her husband to accept it, but showed such antagonism to the donor that Spooner resolved to decline the loan. Indeed, the sum was not large enough to put him on his feet as he wished, and he preferred to manipulate certain banks with which he had done business to raise twenty times the amount. He failed in this and was obliged to take a subordinate position in the employ of another.

Gibson was now very prosperous. He had never made money fast except during the recovery from the panic, when the values of the property he had bought expanded as rapidly as they had contracted. His wife set up a carriage and two or three automobiles. The couple purchased the Spooner home that Spooner might redeem it when again able to do so. But as time passed it did not appear that Spooner would ever be able to do so. Had it not been for the influence of Gibson's wife he would have yielded to his affection for his old friend and offered to deed the place back to him.

And now came one of those combinations of circumstances calculated to drive apart instead of weld together those who love. Robert Spooner as a young man had desired to accumulate partly that he might help the friend whom he looked upon as his inferior. He now saw that inferior in a position to help him. Had he been uninfluenced he might have stood the strain occasioned by jealousy. But Mrs. Spooner, disappointed in not being able to retain the grip she had secured on society, smarting at seeing the man whose influence over her husband she had disliked successful while Spooner was a failure, began a series of innuendoes against Gibson. These had no affect at first, but, being followed up pertinaciously, at last infected the subject on whom she worked.

Finally Spooner, seeing a rare opportunity, made a desperate effort to interest certain men with capital, succeeded and with one of these brilliant strokes for which he had formerly been remarkable made a fortune. As soon as Gibson heard of the fact he sent a note to his friend offering to sell him his former home at the price he had paid for it, which was about half its present valuation. But the poison was in Spooner's blood, and he replied curtly that the place would not now be commensurate with his altered fortunes.

From that time there was a continued effort on the part of the Spooners to flaunt their position in the face of the Gibsons—that is, on the part of Mrs. Spooner. What her husband did was inspired by her. But this Gibson didn't know, and he felt his old friend's antagonism keenly. The Spooners grew richer, and the richer they grew the more they snubbed the Gibsons. Mrs. Spooner's chief desire seemed to be to make them understand that while they had thousands the Spooners had millions and that there was as wide a difference in the social position of the two families as there was in their financial position.

And so it came that the two friends drifted apart. Both retired from business, and both were old men. Neither had any use for the money he had accumulated beyond a bare living. Whatever enjoyment there was in wealth was derived by their families. Friends had dropped away, and the old men were companionable with no one. One evening while Mrs. Spooner was entertaining a house full of guests her husband, letting himself out through a back door, walked into the street. He felt the desolation of a homeless man.

Passing a cafe that had been in the same location for half a century, where he and Gibson had in their youth met for a bite, a glass of beer and to talk over their affairs, he was seized with a melancholy desire to go in and sit in the old familiar seat. As he approached the stall he found it occupied by an old man. He was about to pass on when he heard his name spoken. Turning, he saw the veteran in the booth looking at him intently.

"Bob!"

"Lars!"

They sat side by side, as they had done when boys just entering upon their careers, remaining for a time hand in hand like two lovers. The past was not referred to.

"Lars," said Spooner, "here we are in the place from which we started, successful in the end and unable to enjoy the results of our success. The only marked effect it has had has been to separate us. What use was there in the struggle after all?"

"Without the interest we took in it we would have always been what we are today—men without life. Our children are enjoying it, or at least they think they are, but I doubt if their lives have the intensity in them that ours have had. We love our wives and them, but there is a different affection which they cannot supply—it is that which we feel for each other."

The place had run down since they were there as boys, but it was all they required. They met often during the remainder of their lives in that old booth, before which a curtain could be drawn to shut them from the view of others. One night a waiter, entering to tell them that the closing hour had come, found them sitting hand in hand, both dead.

Politic.

"How are you going to meet the arguments of your opponents?"

"Easily," replied the statesman. "They can't hold a successful meeting. I've made exclusive contracts with all the brass bands in my district."—Washington Star.

He Came by Freight.

Big Bill Edwards was born in Lisle, an upstate town in New York.

When big Bill was little Bill a village character ran amuck through the place one afternoon, and the village constable arrested him. There was no calaboose in Lisle, and the constable locked his prisoner in a convenient freight car that stood on the siding.

When the man awoke next morning he was halfway through Pennsylvania on his way to New York. It was a through freight, and he never did get out until he landed in the yards in Jersey City, nor did he ever return to Lisle.

The incident made a deep impression on Bill's mind, and he decided to travel himself some day. He did, and eventually he landed as boss of the street cleaning department in New York. The first man who applied to him for a job was the hero of the freight car adventure.

"Hello, Bill!" said he. "How did you get away from Lisle? Did they lock you in a freight car too?"—Saturday Evening Post.

HONEST WORK.

Work in every hour, paid or unpaid. See only that thou workest and thou canst not escape the reward. Whether thy work be fine or coarse, planting corn or writing epics, so only it be honest work done in thine own approbation, it shall earn a reward to thy senses as well as to the thought. The reward of a thing well done is to have done it.—Emerson.

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Are Your Coat Pockets

Like This? Or This?

YOU never have sagging, disreputable coat pockets to be ashamed of, when you wear Clothcraft Clothes. The non-sagging pocket is one of the details that give Clothcraft Clothes their peerless perfection.

The same difference between Clothcraft and ordinary clothes is found in the non-breakable coat front—the linings—the trimmings—the snug fitting collar—in every point of clothes merit.

Pure All-Wool absolutely *guaranteed* by the maker, and by *us*—in the fashionable shades and weaves—$10 to $25. Wool lasts. Wool keeps its style and shape as long as you wear the suit. You never had all these things *guaranteed* to you before. Why should you look any farther?

Theo. LaBissoniere
The Reliable Clothier

Clothcraft
All-Wool Clothes
$10 to $25 17

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth

Work.

Let me but do my work from day to day,
In field or forest, at the desk or loom,
In roaring market place or tranquil room.
Let me but find it in my heart to say
When vagrant wishes beckon me astray:
"This is my work—my blessing, not my doom.
Of all who live I am the only one by whom
This work can be done in the right way."

Then shall I see it not too great nor small
To suit my spirit and to prove my powers;
Then shall I cheerful greet the laboring hours
And cheerful turn when the long shadows fall
At eventide to play and love and rest,
Because I know for me my work is best.
—Henry van Dyke.

Pa's Home Regalia.

Bobby was a very observing little boy. Along with his mother he was watching a public Masonic ceremony in which his father, a very large and a very pompous man, was playing a leading role.

"Oh, ma," giggled Bobbie, "see pa's apron! Ain't it a skimpy thing? Why don't he wear the big one that you make him put on when he helps you wash the dishes?"

Then "everybody laughed but father."—Judge.

A Laborite.

"She's all my fancy painted her."

"Does your fancy belong to the painters' union?"—New York Press.

WOMAN TELLS STORY OF INTENSE SUFFERING

At the age of about 40 years, I was attacked with hemorrhage of the kidneys or bladder which continued for several years without a check. I finally took advantage of your generous offer and procured a sample bottle of Swamp-Root. Believing it helped me, I purchased a fifty-cent bottle, which convinced me that it was helping me. Three other bottles cured me. In two or three years, over-work brought my ailment back, but one bottle stopped it.

I feel as if I owe my life to you for the great blessing Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root has been to me. I recommend it to all human beings suffering as I was. You have my permission to publish this letter and if any person doubts it, if they will write me, enclosing stamp, I will give full particulars. Yours very truly,

MRS. T. B. PHELPS,
Rocky, Ark.

Personally appeared before me this 31st day of August, 1909, Mrs. T. B. Phelps who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

L. P. PURVIS, J. P.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. For sale at all drug stores. Price fifty-cents and one-dollar.

Somewhat Indignant.

The two extra specialists had pounded and sounded him, and felt of his pulse and tapped his frame till he could only lie in a cold perspiration of fear.

"Undoubtedly it's a case of appendicitis!" said specialist No. 1, gravely.

"Undoubtedly!" assented specialist No. 2.

"But would he be able to stand an operation?" pondered No. 1.

"Ah, would he?" echoed No. 2.

They dug him in the ribs again, and he squealed.

"Ah!" remarked No. 1, "I think we ought to let him get a bit stronger before we cut into him."

"Confound your palaver!" gasped the patient, starting up. "What do you take me for—a cheese?"

EXPOSURE BROUGHT IT ON.

Thousands of Soldiers Contracted Kidney Trouble in the Civil War.

John T. Jones, Pauls Valley, Okla., says: "The hardships and exposure I endured in the Civil War and when serving as a scout under Bill Cody, brought on my kidney trouble. I was confined to bed for days and the pain through my back and limbs was the worst I ever experienced. The kidney secretions were profuse, filled with blood and burned terribly. I became weak and debilitated. Soon after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I improved and it was not long before I was a well man."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Back to the Wild.

There was a time when all dogs were wild and when what we call wolves were different from other dogs only as a collie now is different from a Newfoundland, for instance. From time to time you will hear of dogs that have returned to the life of their ancestors and have run wild with the wolves of the prairie or of the woods. In the town of Sandy in Oregon a greyhound one night made the acquaintance of a coyote, which is a kind of wolf, and ever since he has lived away from the town, running with the coyotes and approaching human dwelling places only to steal a hen or two when he has been more than usually hungry.

A Touch of Family Life.

When the country youth proposed to the city girl, he received the conventional assurance that she would be his sister. It happened that this youth had sisters at home and knew exactly his privileges. So he kissed her. At this juncture she availed herself of the sisterly right to call out to father that brother was teasing her. Father responded in good, muscular earnest. Then the new brother-and-sister relation was dissolved by mutual consent. —Judge.

You Can't Tell by Faces.

Cheerful Pessimist—Well, how's things these days?

Dolorous Optimist—All right: Lots of work, money coming in hand over fist! Can't complain a bit!

Cheerful Pessimist—Well, that's certainly good news! Now with me things are simply rotten!—Puck.

MORE THAN EVER

Increased Capacity for Mental Labor Since Leaving Off Coffee.

Many former coffee drinkers who have mental work to perform, day after day, have found a better capacity and greater endurance by using Postum instead of ordinary coffee. An Illinois woman writes:

"I had drank coffee for about twenty years, and finally had what the doctor called 'coffee heart.' I was nervous and extremely despondent; had little mental or physical strength left, had kidney trouble and constipation.

"The first noticeable benefit derived from the change from coffee to Postum was the natural action of the kidneys and bowels. In two weeks my heart action was greatly improved and my nerves steady.

"Then I became less despondent, and the desire to be active again showed proof of renewed physical and mental strength.

"I am steadily gaining in physical strength and brain power. I formerly did mental work and had to give it up on account of coffee, but since using Postum I am doing hard mental labor with less fatigue than ever before."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville, in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Gertrude and her fiance, Jack Bailey, had conversed in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found unconscious at the bottom of the circular staircase. She said something had brushed by her in the dark on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a note in his pocket bearing the name "Lucien Wallace." A ladder found out of place deepens the mystery. The stables were burned, and in the dark Miss Innes shot an intruder. Halsey mysteriously disappeared. His auto was found wrecked by a freight train. It developed Halsey had an argument in the library with a woman before his disappearance. New cook disappears. Miss Innes learned Halsey was alive. Dr. Walker's face becomes livid at mention of the name of Nina Carrington. Evidence was secured from a tramp that a man, supposedly Halsey, had been bound and gagged and thrown into an empty box car. Gertrude was missing. Hunting for her, Miss Innes ran into a man and fainted. A confederate of Dr. Walker confessed his part in the mystery. He stated that the Carrington woman had been killed, that Walker feared her, and that he believed that Paul Armstrong had been killed by a hand guided by Walker. Halsey was found in a distant hospital. Paul Armstrong was not dead. Miss Innes discovered secret rooms in which the Traders' bank treasure was believed to be. Mrs. Watson, dying, said she killed Arnold Armstrong, who years before had married her sister under the alias of Wallace. Lucien Wallace was born of the marriage. Miss Innes discovered a secret panel to the mysterious room and unwittingly locked herself within. During the hunt for her the searchers ran across Paul Armstrong. Armstrong pitched forward down the circular staircase, breaking his neck. In the secret room was found the Traders' bank loot, which Armstrong had taken.

CHAPTER XXXIII.—Continued.

As Alex and I reached the second floor, Mr. Jamieson met us. He was grave and quiet, and he nodded comprehendingly when he saw the safe.

"Will you come with me for a moment, Miss Innes?" he asked soberly, and on my assenting, he led the way to the east wing. There were lights moving around below, and some of the maids were standing gaping down. They screamed when they saw me, and drew back to let me pass. There was a sort of hush over the scene; Alex, behind me, muttered something I could not hear, and brushed past me without ceremony. Then I realized that a man was lying doubled up at the foot of the staircase, and that Alex was stooping over him.

As I came slowly down, Winters stepped back, and Alex straightened himself, looking at me across the body with impenetrable eyes. In his hand he held a shaggy gray wig, and before me on the floor lay the man whose headstone stood in Casanova churchyard—Paul Armstrong.

Winters told the story in a dozen words. In his headlong flight down the circular staircase, with Winters just behind, Paul Armstrong had pitched forward violently, struck his head against the door to the east veranda, and probably broken his neck. He had died as Winters reached him.

As the detective finished, I saw Halsey, pale and shaken, in the cardroom doorway, and for the first time that night I lost my self-control. I put my arms around my boy, and for a moment he had to support me. A second later, over Halsey's shoulder, I saw something that turned my emotion into other channels, for behind him, in the shadowy cardroom, were Gertrude and Alex, the gardener, and—there is no use mincing matters—he was kissing her!

I was unable to speak. Twice I opened my mouth; then I turned Halsey around and pointed. They were quite unconscious of us; her head was on his shoulder, his face against her hair. As it happened, it was Mr. Jamieson who broke up the tableau.

He stepped over to Alex and touched him on the arm.

"And now," he said quietly, "how long are you and I to play our little comedy, Mr. Bailey?"

CHAPTER XXXIV.

The Odds and Ends.

Of Dr. Walker's sensational escape that night to South America, of the recovery of over $1,000,000 in cash and securities in the safe from the chimney room—the papers have kept the public well informed. Of my share in discovering the secret chamber they have been singularly silent. The inner history has never been told. Mr. Jamieson got all kinds of credit, and some of it he deserved, but if Jack Bailey, as Alex, had not traced Halsey and insisted on the disinterring of Paul Armstrong's casket, if he had not suspected the truth from the start, where would the detective have been?

When Halsey learned the truth, he insisted on going the next morning, weak as he was, to Louise, and by night she was at Sunnyside, under Gertrude's particular care, while her mother had gone to Barbara Fitzhugh's.

What Halsey said to Mrs. Armstrong I never knew, but that he was considerate and chivalrous I feel confident. It was Halsey's way always with women.

He and Louise had no conversation together until that night. Gertrude and Alex—I mean Jack—had gone for a walk, although it was nine o'clock, and anybody but a pair of young geese would have known that dew was falling, and that it is next to impossible to get rid of a summer cold.

At half after nine, growing weary of my own company, I went downstairs to find the young people. At the door of the living room I paused. Gertrude and Jack had returned and were there, sitting together on a divan, with only one lamp lighted. They did not see or hear me, and I beat a hasty retreat to the library.

He Was Kissing Her.

But here again I was driven back. Louise was sitting in a deep chair, looking the happiest I had ever seen her, with Halsey on the arm of the chair, holding her close.

The next day, by degrees, I got the whole story.

Paul Armstrong had a besetting evil—the love of money. Common enough, but he loved money, not for what it would buy, but for its own sake. An examination of the books showed no irregularities in the past year since John had been cashier, but before that, in the time of Anderson, the old cashier, who had died, much strange juggling had been done with the records. The railroad in New Mexico had apparently drained the banker's private fortune, and he determined to retrieve it by one stroke. This was nothing less than the looting of the bank's securities, turning them into money, and making his escape.

But the law has long arms. Paul Armstrong evidently studied the situation carefully. Just as the only good Indian is a dead Indian, so the only safe defaulter is a dead defaulter. He decided to die, to all appearances, and when the hue and cry subsided, he would be able to enjoy his money almost anywhere he wished.

The first necessity was an accomplice. The connivance of Dr. Walker was suggested by his love for Louise. The man was unscrupulous, and with the girl as a bait, Paul Armstrong soon had him fast. The plan was apparently the acme of simplicity: A small town in the west, an attack of heart disease, a body from a medical college dissecting room shipped in a trunk to Dr. Walker by a colleague in San Francisco, and palmed off for the supposed dead banker. What was simpler?

The woman, Nina Carrington, was the cog that slipped. What she only suspected, what she really knew, we never learned. She was a chambermaid in the hotel at C——, and it was evidently her intention to blackmail Dr. Walker. His position at that time was uncomfortable: To pay the woman to keep quiet would be confession. He denied the whole thing, and she went to Halsey.

It was that that had taken Halsey to the doctor the night he disappeared. He accused the doctor of the deception, and, crossing the lawn, had said something cruel to Louise. Then, furious at her apparent connivance, he had started for the station. Dr. Walker and Paul Armstrong—the latter still lame where I had shot him—hurried across to the embankment, certain only of one thing. Halsey must not tell the detective what he suspected until the money had been removed from the chimney room. They stepped into the road in front of the car to stop it, and fate played into their hands. The car struck the train, and they had only to dispose of the unconscious figure in the road. This they did as I have told. For three days Halsey lay in the box car, tied hand and foot, suffering tortures of thirst, delirious at times, and discovered by a tramp at Johnsville only in time to save his life.

To go back to Paul Armstrong. At the last moment his plans had been frustrated. Sunnyside, with its hoard in the chimney room, had been rented without his knowledge! Attempts to dislodge me having failed, he was driven to breaking into his own house. The ladder in the chute, the burning of the stable and the entrance through the cardroom window—all were in the course of a desperate attempt to get into the chimney room.

Louise and her mother had, from the first, been the great stumbling-blocks. The plan had been to send Louise away until it was too late for her to interfere, but she came back to the hotel at C—— just at the wrong time. There was a terrible scene. The girl was told that something of the kind was necessary; that the bank was about to close and her stepfather would either avoid arrest and disgrace in this way, or kill himself. Fanny Armstrong was a weakling, but Louise was more difficult to manage. She had no love for her stepfather, but her devotion to her mother was entire, self-sacrificing. Forced into acquiescence by her mother's appeals, overwhelmed by the situation, the girl consented and fled.

From somewhere in Colorado she sent an anonymous telegram to Jack Bailey at the Traders' bank. Trapped as she was, she did not want to see an innocent man arrested. The telegram, received on Thursday, had sent the cashier to the bank that night in a frenzy.

Louise arrived at Sunnyside and found the house rented. Not knowing what to do, she sent for Arnold at the Greenwood club, and told him a little, not all. She told him that there was something wrong, and that the bank was about to close. That his father was responsible. Of the conspiracy she said nothing. To her surprise, Arnold already knew, through Bailey that night, that things were not right. Moreover, he suspected what Louise did not, that the money was hidden at Sunnyside. He had a scrap of paper that indicated a concealed room somewhere.

His inherited cupidity was aroused. Eager to get Halsey and Jack Bailey out of the house, he went up to the east entry, and in the billiard room gave the cashier what he had refused earlier in the evening—the address of Paul Armstrong in California and a telegram which had been forwarded to the club for Bailey, from Dr. Walker. It was in response to one Bailey had sent, and it said that Paul Armstrong was very ill.

Bailey was almost desperate. He decided to go west and find Paul Armstrong and to force him to disgorge. But the catastrophe at the bank occurred sooner than he had expected. On the moment of starting west, at Andrews station, where Mr. Jamieson had located the car, he read that the bank had closed, and, going back, surrendered himself.

John Bailey had known Paul Armstrong intimately. He did not believe that the money was gone; in fact, it was hardly possible in the interval since the securities had been taken. Where was it? And from some chance remark let fall some months earlier by Arnold Armstrong at a dinner, Bailey felt sure there was a hidden room at Sunnyside. He tried to see the architect of the building, but, like the contractor, if he knew of the room, he refused any information. It was Halsey's idea that John Bailey

came to the house as a gardener, and pursue his investigations as he could. His smooth upper lip had been sufficient disguise, with his change of clothes, and a hair-cut by a country barber.

So it was Alex, Jack Bailey, who had been our ghost. Not only had he alarmed Louise—and himself, he admitted—on the circular staircase, but he had dug the hole in the trunkroom wall, and later sent Eliza into hysteria. The note Liddy had found in Gertrude's scrap-basket was from him, and it was he who had startled me into unconsciousness by the clothes chute, and, with Gertrude's help, had carried me to Louise's room. Gertrude, I learned, had watched all night beside me, in an extremity of anxiety about me.

That old Thomas had seen his master, and thought he had seen the Sunnyside ghost, there could be no doubt. Of that story of Thomas, about seeing Jack Bailey in the footpath between the club and Sunnyside, the night Liddy and I heard the noise on the circular staircase—that, too, was right. On the night before Arnold Armstrong was murdered, Jack Bailey had made an attempt to search for the secret room. He secured Arnold's keys from his room at the club and got into the house, armed with a golf-stick for sounding the walls. He ran against the hamper at the head of the stairs, caught his cuff-link in it, and dropped the golf-stick with a crash. He was glad enough to get away without an alarm being raised, and he took the "owl" train to town.

The oddest thing to me was that Mr. Jamieson had known for some time that Alex was Jack Bailey. But the face of the pseudo-gardener was very queer indeed when, that night, in the cardroom, the detective turned to him and said:

"How long are you and I going to play our little comedy, Mr. Bailey?"

Well, it is all over now. Paul Armstrong rests in Casanova churchyard, and this time there is no mistake. I went to the funeral, because I wanted to be sure he was really buried, and I looked at the step of the shaft where I had sat that night, and wondered if it was all real. Sunnyside is for sale—no, I shall not buy it. Little Lucien Armstrong is living with his step-grandmother, who is recovering gradually from troubles that had extended over the entire period of her second marriage. Anne Watson lies not far from the man she killed, and who as surely caused her death. Thomas, the fourth victim of the conspiracy, is buried on the hill. With Nina Carrington, five lives were sacrificed in the course of this grim conspiracy.

There will be two weddings before long, and Liddy has asked for my heliotrope poplin to wear to the church. I knew she would. She has wanted it for three years, and she was quite ugly the time I spilled coffee on it. We are very quiet, just the two of us. Liddy still clings to her ghost theory, and points to my wet and muddy boots in the trunkroom as proof. I am gray, I admit, but I haven't felt as well in a dozen years. Sometimes, when I am bored, I ring for Liddy, and we talk things over. When Warner married Rosie, Liddy sniffed and said what I took for faithfulness in Rosie had been nothing but mawkishness. I have not yet outlived Liddy's contempt because I gave them silver knives and forks as a wedding gift.

So we sit and talk, and sometimes Liddy threatens to leave, and often I discharge her, but we stay together somehow. I am talking of renting a house next year, and Liddy says to be sure there is no ghost. To be perfectly frank, I never really lived until that summer. Time has passed since I began this story. My neighbors are packing up for another summer. Liddy is having the awnings put up, and the window-boxes filled. Liddy or no Liddy, I shall advertise to-morrow for a house in the country, and I don't care if it has a Circular Staircase.

THE END.

Queer Place for Lightship

Government Has Ordered It Moored in a Peach Orchard 40 Miles Inland.

A lightship in the heart of Delaware and in a peach orchard at that? Sounds strange, but according to "Notice to Mariners No. 27" that is precisely what the lighthouse board contemplates.

Fenwick Island Shoal lightship, off the Delaware coast, is to be moved, and according to this official bulletin it is to be placed in latitude north 38 degrees 27 minutes 25 seconds, longitude west 75 degrees 46 minutes 40 seconds.

Mariners upon receiving copies of the notice sent out by the lighthouse board concerning the change promptly began to plot it out on their charts. When they found that the ship would be located 40 miles inland from the coast they rubbed their eyes and began to calculate over again, but each time the lightship brought up in a Delaware peach orchard.

"How does it happen," Lieut. Com. Blepham, lighthouse engineer of this district, was asked, "that Fenwick Island Shoal lightship is to be moved inland?"

"Why, of course it isn't." Then he, too, began to use instruments, and brought up where the mariners had. "It's a mistake," he said, "and there will have to be a correction. We don't want them trying to navigate through the state of Delaware. That longitude should be 74 degrees instead of 75."—Philadelphia North American.

Hunters Kill Big Grizzly.

The monster grizzly bear that for years has been making many sleepless nights for the farmers, miners and residents of the northwestern Trinity region has at last been slain.

This monarch of the forest and slayer of small domestic animals was killed by Thomas McDonald, a wealthy mining man who has been camping along the Salmon range in Trinity.

Single-handed McDonald, who is a mountaineer of marked ability, killed the bear after a lively tussle.

The bear weighed 1,000 pounds, and is the finest and biggest specimen ever seen in the Trinity mountain regions. The animal had for years defied all efforts to capture or kill him. —Maryville Correspondence San Francisco Call.

NOT A PENNY TO PAY

FOR FULLEST MEDICAL EXAMINATION

Professor Munyon has engaged a staff of specialists that are renowned leaders in their line.

There is no question about their ability, they are the finest physicians that colleges and hospitals have turned out and receive the highest salaries.

He offers their service to you absolutely free of cost. No matter what your disease, or how many doctors you have tried, write to Professor Munyon's physicians and they will give your case careful and prompt attention and advise you what to do. You are under no obligations to them. It will not cost you a penny, only the postage stamp you put on your letter.

All consultations are held strictly confidential.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratories, 53d & Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

ALL THERE.

Visitor—Do you think the mosquitoes carry malaria?

Farmer—I dunno; they never took any away from here.

Looking After the Eggs.

Lady Betty, who is four years old and never misses a trick, was taken the other evening to a restaurant for her supper, and with all the importance and sprightly dignity of her years calmly ordered poached eggs on toast. While the little family group was awaiting its service the "kiddie" amused herself by looking out of the window, pressing against a screen to get a closer view of something below. She was warned by her mother that the screen might give way and let her fall to the sidewalk, perhaps injuring her terribly. She drew away, thought a minute, and then said naively: "Would I fall if the screen went out?" "You certainly would," was her mother's reply. "And would I get awful hurted?" "Very likely." "Then what would the man do with the eggs?"

An Exciting Town.

Los Angeles is a truly exciting town to live in. To say nothing of its heavenly climate and its bombs, there is always something stimulating in the occult line going on. Just the other day a widow of the angelic city began to long for a sight of one of her schoolmates whom she had not seen for 45 years. The longing brought its fulfillment. A spirit told her to look for him in Brooklyn. She obeyed, met him on the street a few hours after she arrived, and promptly married him. It is worth while to live in a city where things like this happen, even at the risk of being blown up now and then.

What's in a Name?

"See here, waiter," said Mr. Gronch, growling deeply over his plate, "I ordered turtle soup. There is not even a morsel of turtle flavor in this."

"Of course not, sir" returned the waiter. "What do you expect? Shakespeare said there was nothing in a name. If you ordered college pudding would you expect a college in it? In Manchester pudding would you look for a ship canal or a cotton exchange? And tea, sir?"—Tit-Bits.

Little Myra Explains.

Little Myra Lee had been in school but a few days when her mother had occasion to write a note to the teacher, and signed herself Mrs. Kent. Thinking she might have misunderstood the child's name, the teacher asked an explanation.

"Oh," said Myra, with a charmingly confidential air, "you see, my mamma got married again but I didn't."—Lippincott's.

Lippincott's.

DRINK WATER TO CURE KIDNEYS AND RHEUMATISM

The People Do Not Drink Enough Water to Keep Healthy, Says Well-Known Authority.

"The numerous cases of kidney and bladder diseases and rheumatism are mainly due to the fact that the drinking of water, nature's greatest medicine, has been neglected.

Stop loading your system with medicines and cure-alls; but get on the water wagon. If you are really sick, why, of course, take the proper medicines—plain, common vegetable treatment, which will not shatter the nerves or ruin the stomach."

To cure Rheumatism you must make the kidneys do their work; they are the filters of the blood. They must be made to strain out of the blood the waste matter and acids that cause rheumatism; the urine must be neutralized so it will no longer be a source of irritation to the bladder, and, most of all, you must keep these acids from forming in the stomach. This is the cause of stomach trouble and poor digestion. For these conditions you can do no better than take the following prescription: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Mix by shaking well in bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and at bedtime, but don't forget the water. Drink plenty and often.

This valuable information and simple prescription should be posted up in each household and used at the first sign of an attack of rheumatism, backache or urinary trouble, no matter how slight.

Where He Fell Down.

Mr. Crimsonbeak—I see Budapest has a school where the students are taught the art of eating.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—You ought to arrange to go there, John.

"What for?"

"And take a course in spaghetti eating."—Yonkers Statesman.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

When everything else fails a woman can become a suffragette.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The man who deceives himself is an easy mark for others.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.)

Baby Pla-Mates

It is most essential that when baby is ready to take its first steps it should have shoes that will assist and not retard the little toddler. Baby Pla-Mate Shoes have features found in no other shoes—note the extreme width and flatness of outsole which allows the little one to step out so confidently. These cute little shoes are made with a genuine Goodyear welt; broad, flat, non-slip sole; full extension heels, and are as flexible as a hand-turned shoe. Made in button and lace styles, in patent, tan and black leather of finest quality. Ask your dealer for Baby Pla-Mate Shoes, if not in stock, send us his name and style and size desired and we will see you are supplied.

Williams, Hoyt & Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

Headache

"My father has been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never found any relief until he began taking your Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name."—E. M. Dickson, 1120 Resiner St., W. Indianapolis, Ind.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 923

"PLAIN TALKS ON FLORIDA"

By I. I. Moody, one of the State's early settlers. From these talks you will learn many important things about Florida and Florida lands—facts for you to remember when you invest. They are free —write for them.

BUNNELL DEVELOPMENT CO., Bunnell, Florida

AGENTS.

ROOSEVELT'S GREAT BOOK "African Game Trails"

Needed—a man in every place to sell this famous new book. Bring it to the families in your locality. We give you monopoly of field and high commission. Take this great chance. Write for prospectus.

Charles Scribner's Sons
153 (R. S.) Fifth Ave., New York

PATENT your invention. Free preliminary search. Booklet free. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864, 653 14th St., Washington; 260 Dearborn St., Chicago.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 47-1910.

PISO'S

IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

CHANGED HIS MIND.

Mrs. Ferndale—We haven't any eggs, but I can get some if you want them very bad!

Summerbord—Never mind, I don't care for that kind.

Easy Marks.

"Talk erbout yore easy marks," said Uncle Silas Geehaw, who had been passing a week in the city, "us rubes ain't in it with them air teown chaps."

"Did yew sell 'em enny gold bricks, Si?" queried old Daddy Squashneck.

"Naw, I didn't," answered Uncle Silas, "but I seed a feller peddlin' ertifishal ice—hed th' sign right on his wagon—an' blamed of th' chumps didn't buy it for the real thing, by grass!"

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Unfraternal.

"It seems cruel to slaughter all these pigs for the market," said the Chicago girl.

"I know that it's cruel," replied Miss Cayenne. "But when you think of what the packers charge for the meat it does seem a little unfraternal."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

One of the Producers.

"You should endeavor to do something for the comfort of your fellowmen," said the philanthropist, "without thought of reward."

"I do. I buy umbrellas instead of borrowing them."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

With the advent of the telephone, the old "working nights at the office" excuse has been given a permanent vacation.

Stiff neck! Doesn't amount to much, but mighty disagreeable. You've no idea how quickly a little Hamlins Wizard Oil will lubricate the cords and make you comfortable again.

Many a fellow marries because he is too bashful to get out of it.

Fargo Directory

THE PIONEER LIFE INS CO. of N. D. All premiums are left in your state for its development. Country bankers may become depositaries. Policies guaranteed by state deposit. Agents wanted. J. J. Fechler, Sec., Fargo, N.D.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies. Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention. FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

KODAK adds enjoyment to every sport or recreation. Kodak way is easy and simple. Kodaks $1 to $110. Ask us for a copy of the Kodak Catalog. E.A. Sayre-Sevier Co., Fargo, N.D.

Smedley & Co. The Leading Florists FARGO N D

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO. Growers and shippers of CUT FLOWERS, PLANTS, etc. The largest facilities and best appointed service in the West for handling out of town orders. Funeral designs made up on short notice. Phone or write as Night or Day. Established a quarter of a century. Send for catalogue. Corner Broadway & Front Street, Fargo, N. D.

FARGO TANNERY
Receives hides and skins for tanning to harness leather, robes and coats. Robes lined, hides bought, leather and robes for sale. Send for price list.
Andrew Monson Prop. Fargo Tannery Fargo, N. D.

CREAM SHIPPERS
Ship your Cream to the
FRANK O. KNERR DAIRY CO.
Fargo North Dakota
Our modern facilities and excellent local market enable us to pay the highest cash price for butterfat. Write today for shipping tags.

Stone Piano Company
FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA
Sells the best piano and furniture polish on the market for only 35c. Mail orders given prompt attention.

FARGO PLUMBING & HEATING COMPANY PLUMBING, HEATING AND ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS
We do Electro Plating of all kinds. Have your old fixtures refinished. Ask about our Electric Lighting Plant for your country home; cheaper and safer than gas or gasoline.

DAKOTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC [illegible] Fargo, North Dakota.

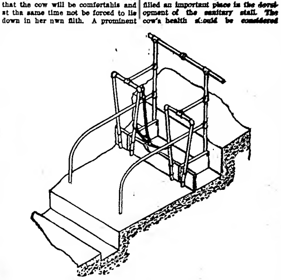
NECESSITY OF PROVIDING SANITARY DAIRY METHODS

Stanchions Formerly Used Do Not Keep Cows Clean, Nor Are They Comfortable—Many Systems Have Been Tried.

(By C. A. OCOCK.)

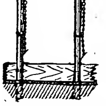
The need of sanitary stalls in dairy barns has been especially emphasized recently by the agitation which has resulted in pure food laws and a public sentiment which demands a higher grade of milk and its products. Public discussion has attracted attention to the unsanitary methods of housing milch cows and dairymen have been impressed with the need of providing fastenings for their animals, which will be comfortable, sanitary and inexpensive.

Many systems have been tried for fastening cows to secure sanitary milk. Ties, rigid and swinging stanchions, stalls, and the open shed system have been resorted to and are still being used. The method of fastening dairy cows which best meets the demands of the dairy and pure food laws is the stall. The stall must be sanitary to be a success. Stalls are of many different types, but to be sanitary they must be constructed so that the cow will be comfortable and at the same time not be forced to lie down in her own filth. A prominent authority gives five things to be accomplished in cow stall construction. (1). It should keep the cow clean. (2). It should make the cow comfortable. (3). It should be convenient for feeding, milking and cleaning. (4). It should be inexpensive. (5). It should hold the cow securely.



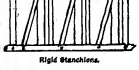
The New Ideal Stall.

Since the earliest days of dairying some method of fastening cows has been resorted to. If not tied with a rope or thong attached to the base of the horns, a rope or chain was placed about the neck and fastened to a post, tree or other stationary object to prevent the cow moving about while being milked.



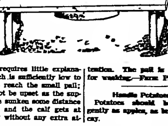
Single Chain Tie.

A familiar tie still in use in a great many barns is the chain tie herewith illustrated. This simple arrangement has many good features. A ring large enough to pass freely up and down on a five-inch post is attached to a chain which is placed about the cow's neck. With the proper construction of manger, platform and gutter this method of tying is even more desirable from a humanitarian standpoint than the rigid stanchion. Although the chain tie is fast becoming obsolete it has filled an important place in the development of the sanitary stall. The cow's health should be considered when choosing a method of fastening. It is undesirable to place cows in rigid stanchions, since they do not have the freedom of their heads obtainable in a stall. Compelling a cow to lie in a cramped position is not conducive to a gentle disposition. Such a disposition is found in those individuals producing the largest returns for food consumed. A stall which most nearly approaches perfection is one in which the cow is permitted to have the freedom she has when lying in the field or paddock. Just how these devices of torture—the rigid stanchion shown herewith—originated is not generally known, but after years of service they have been discarded. These stanchions hold the neck of the animal in a vise-like grip when closed; especially is this true when the stanchion is too narrow. Such a stanchion not only irritates the neck of the cow but also prevents the free movement of the head from side to side, so that a cow is prevented from throwing her head around in a resting position upon her fore leg when stretched out upon the ground, which is a common habit with this animal. Freedom of movement is very important to the cow and every effort should be made to discourage the use of the rigid stanchion. In order for milk to be sanitary the surroundings of the cows must be cleanly in every particular, the floors especially. The floors now commonly found are dirt, wood, either block or plank, brick, stone, and in some cases concrete.



Rigid Stanchions.

FEEDING TROUGH FOR CALVES



This device requires little explanation. The bench is sufficiently low to allow a calf to reach the small pail; the outfit cannot be upset as the supporting legs are sunken some distance in the ground, and the calf gets at the milk easily without any extra attention. The pail is easily removed for washing.—Farm Press.

Handle Potatoes Gently.

Potatoes should be handled as gently as apples, as bruises cause decay.

Resetting Horseshoes.

According to the Colorado experiment station, it is best to have the horse's shoes reset every four or six weeks. If the horse can be kept off the road during the summer months have the shoes pulled off and allow the feet to come down to the ground and get the natural frog pressure. The feet should be kept growing; then there will be very little trouble from the feet getting dry. Oil the coronary band on each foot twice a week. This band is located just underneath the hair line. It forms the horn of the wall, and if a new hoof is produced normally, the foot will not have time to become too dry.

An Excellent Roller.

During your leisure this winter make a roller for the garden and lawn next spring.

A very good one may be made of a length of glazed tile, say two feet in diameter, filled with concrete. Before filling, fix in the center of the tile a piece of inch and a quarter gas pipe, allowing the ends to project two or three inches from each end of the tile, to which an iron handle may be attached. Any blacksmith can make the handle, at small cost. Fill the cylinder with small stones, and pour in a mortar composed of one part cement to six parts sand, thoroughly mixed and then made so thin with water that it will fill all the spaces between the stones. When the cement has become hard and dry, you will have a cheap and handy implement with which to roll your garden after planting.

Good Roads.

New Jersey was the pioneer in the good roads movement, but New York has 80,000 miles of road, with a greater mileage of improved highways than all the other eastern states put together. New York will this year spend $21,000,000 on roads.

Revenue From National Forests.

Under the new law requiring 25 per cent. of the gross proceeds from the national forests to be paid over to the states and territories for schools and roads, the amount last year was $477,000.

A LOVABLE WOMAN

Queen Amelie of Portugal Most Unfairly Treated.

Woman of Many Sorrows and Tragedies Who Devoted Herself to the People—Charities Were Her Only Extravagance.

Lisbon.—Perhaps there is not in all Europe today a more pathetic figure than Queen Amelie. Brave she has proved herself to be often, but there is something about the calm intrepid spirit with which she has faced this latest trouble, which calls forth the deep sympathy of womankind the world over.

After having had her husband and her eldest son slain by her side, in the most shocking fashion, nearly three years ago, and her own remaining boy wounded, she has now been compelled to submit to the loss of her son's throne (that was also her own), and has been driven with him to seek refuge abroad—leaving all their belongings, all their personal treasures, in the hands of the revolutionists.

Born in England at Twickenham on the banks of the Thames—her father, the late Comte de Paris, being banished at the time from France—Amelie will doubtless add one more to that Parisian group of throneless royalties who furnished the inspiration of one of Alphonse Daudet's famous novels.

What Amelie Fears.

Perhaps Queen Amelie's greatest grief in connection with the recent tragic events will be the shattered future of her only remaining son. For all hopes for the future are practically at an end for a monarch who has been deposed by his people. Another source of profound sorrow will be the fact that she will be barred henceforth from that Church of St. Vincent at Lisbon where her murdered husband and eldest son sleep their last sleep.

She will be in doubt, indeed, whether the remains of those so dear to her will not be subjected to some such frightful indignities as those which characterized the last revolutionary outbreak in Barcelona, when the mob having sacked the convents and monasteries, tore the dead monks and nuns from their tombs, paraded them about the city, either whole or piecemeal, exposed them to every sort of outrage, and ended by setting them up in grotesque positions at the ruined entrances of the sacred buildings from which they had been taken.

Queen Amelie.

Ever since Amelie's husband and eldest son were assassinated she had lived in utter terror lest her only remaining son, Manuel II., should share their fate. For herself, her own safety and welfare, she cared little. Those who know Amelie realize that when a cruel death claimed her husband on that terrible afternoon in February, 1908, her heart was quite broken, and the only interest left for her in life lay in her son, Manuel. The domestic life of King Carlos and Amelie was utterly unclouded and the queen was the happiest of wives and mothers. Nothing has hurt her more cruelly than the assertion made so often that King Carlos was murdered by the people, especially by the Republicans, on account of his thefts from the public treasury and because of his immoralities. The truth is that Carlos was free from any feminine entanglements, devoted as any lover to his beautiful wife and that he was killed not by reason of his thefts from the national treasury, but because he was endeavoring to stop the wholesale robbery of the national funds by the leaders of the two great political parties of the kingdom.

Tried to Help the People.

Amelie has been obliged to submit to seeing the instigators of the murder of King Carlos and the crown prince not only unpunished, but even occupying positions of influence and rank. Indeed, she was brought face to face with them almost daily and had to remain silent for the sake of the young king.

She was debarred from rewarding those who had endeavored to defend her husband on the day of his assassination and could not open a Portuguese paper without finding its columns filled with calumniations of her dead husband, which she was powerless to officially or publicly deny.

Since Amelie, then a slender young woman renowned for her exquisite beauty, came to Portugal a little over 24 years ago, she has done nothing but good. Out of her own personal fortune she has had built and endowed homes for crippled children, orphan asylums, homes for the blind and public dispensaries.

Marie Amelie is possessed of a sufficiently large fortune of her own to have rendered her wholly independent of the Portuguese treasury. Her own extravagances consisted of her many charities, and that from her own purse she returned to the Portuguese government money which it was asserted had been advanced to her husband, the late king, but which he did not in reality owe, it will be realized that Portugal has driven from her soil a wise, good and energetic princess, who spent her entire married life in [illegible] —a woman toward whom they should be filled with feelings of gratitude.

WANTED SATAN SENT NORTH

Good Example of Scottish Humor in Remark Made by Railroad Porter.

Scottish humor is dry rather than boisterous, and I always think there is exquisite drollery in the story of the Stonehaven railway porter and the Salvation Army "captain." To catch the hang of a little yarn readers must remember that Stonehaven lies to the south of Aberdeen. The London train had drawn up at Stonehaven on account of a slight mishap a mile or two ahead, and Andra, the old porter, had got into conversation with a Salvation Army officer who had popped his head out of the compartment to ask the reason for the delay.

"Aye aye," mused Andra, after giving the desired information, "ye'll be for Aiberdeen, I'm thinkin'?"

"Yes, my man," was the reply; "I'm bound for Aberdeen—a very wicked place, I'm told!"

"Whet micht ye be goin' to dae there, sir, if it's as bad as a' thet?" asked Andra, rather amused at the visitor's words.

"Ah," was the pious answer, "I'm going to drive the devil out of Aberdeen."

Like lightning came from the old porter the pawky retort:

"See an' drive him north, chiel; haud him well to the north!"—Exchange.

Supreme Test.

"I thought you said this bathing suit was in fast colors," said Binks, indignantly, to the bathing master of whom he had bought his dollar suit that morning.

"Yes, that's what I said," returned the bathing master.

"Well, every blessed stripe on the blooming thing has come off on my back," retorted Binks.

"Ah, but wait until you try to get 'em off your back," smiled the bathing master, suavely. "Then you'll see."—Harper's Weekly.

BABY WASTED TO SKELETON

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come out on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad that I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh. He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk.

"My aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I sent to a drug store and got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of the Ointment and followed directions. At the end of two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since. I can sincerely say that only for Cuticura my child would have died. I used only one cake of Cuticura Soap and about three boxes of Ointment.

"I am a nurse and my profession brings me into many different families and it is always a pleasure for me to tell my story and recommend Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, Litchfield, Conn., Oct. 23, 1909."

WANTED 'EM BACK.

The Barber—Some hair restorer, sir?

Man in Chair—Yes, if it'll restore the hairs you've just rubbed off.

PUTS STOMACHS IN ORDER.

No Indigestion, Gas, Sourness or Dyspepsia Five Minutes After Taking a Little Diapepsin.

There should not be a case of indigestion, dyspepsia or gastritis here if readers who are subject to Stomach trouble knew the tremendous anti-ferment and digestive virtue contained in Diapepsin. This harmless preparation will digest a heavy meal without the slightest fuss or discomfort, and relieve the sourest, acid stomach in five minutes, besides overcoming all foul, nauseous odors from the breath.

If your stomach is sour and full of gas, or your food doesn't digest, and your meal don't seem to fit, why not get a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any druggist here in town, and make life worth living. Absolute relief from Stomach misery and perfect digestion of anything you eat is sure to follow five minutes after, and besides, one fifty-cent case is sufficient to cure a whole family of such trouble.

Surely, a harmless, inexpensive preparation like Pape's Diapepsin, which will always either, at daytime or during night, relieve your sick, sour, gassy, upset stomach and digest your meals, is about as handy and valuable a thing as you could have in the house.

A Very Good Guess.

Foote Lighte—I understand there were several dozen bad eggs in the possession of persons in the audience last night and not one was thrown.

Miss Sue Brette—Because the author of the piece refused to show himself, I guess.

Have You Tried?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? We can furnish positive proof that it has made many remarkable cures after all other means had failed.

Women who are suffering with some form of female illness should consider this.

As such evidence read these two unsolicited testimonial letters. We guarantee they are genuine and honest statements of facts.

Cresson, Pa.—"Five years ago I had a bad fall, and hurt myself inwardly. I was under a doctor's care for nine weeks, and when I stopped I grew worse again. I sent for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, took it as directed, and now I am a stout, hearty woman."—Mrs. Ella E. Aikey, Cresson, Pa.

Baird, Wash.—"A year ago I was sick with kidney and bladder troubles and female weakness. The doctors gave me up. All they could do was to just let me go as easily as possible. I was advised by friends to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. I am completely cured of my ills, and I am nearly sixty years old."—Mrs. Sarah Leighton, Baird, Wash.

Evidence like the above is abundant showing that the derangements of the female organism which breed all kinds of miserable feelings and which ordinary practice does not cure, are the very disorders that give way to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are afflicted with similar troubles, after reading two such letters as the above, should be encouraged to try this wonderfully helpful remedy.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Household Lubricant
THE ALL-AROUND OIL
IN THE HANDY, EVER-READY TIN OILER
Is specially selected for any need in the home. Saves tools from rusting. Can cannot break. Does not gum or become rancid.
Dealers Everywhere
MANUFACTURED BY Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)
FOR SALE BY STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN
BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

W. L. Douglas President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE
If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the
STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

COLT DISTEMPER
Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of [illegible]
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL
Will Keep Your Harness soft as a glove tough as a wire black as a coal
Sold by Dealers Everywhere
MANUFACTURED BY Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)
FOR SALE BY STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
A modern school, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.
Full courses in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.
School in session all year. For full information, address F. L. WATKINS, Fargo, N.D.

THE MURRAY INSTITUTE—NOT A 3 DAY CURE
but something better. A positive cure for all drug, liquor and tobacco habits. It costs no more to stay 2, 3 or 4 weeks here than for 3 days at a "3 Day Cure." Send for our free booklet explaining all. THE MURRAY INSTITUTE, Fargo, North Dakota.

MICA AXLE GREASE
Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.
STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. [illegible]

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Wood on stump for sale near town. See P. H. Gaass.

20 quarts cranberries for $2.50 at Garceau & Rubertus.

C. R. C. Baker has gone to Browntoa to spend Thanksgiving with relatives.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

Five horse power gasoline engine for sale cheap. Call at the Gazette office and see it.

Will St Yves went to Cass Lake Tuesday night for a short business trip

Pete Anderson came down from Hiilt last evening to attend the M. W. A. dance

Charles J Fellman, the sheriff-elect of Red Lake county, was in town Friday.

For good footwear go to Garceau & Rubertus. A complete stock always on hand.

Attorney Perl W. Mabey of Thief River Falls was in town Friday and Saturday

J. A Duffy was attending to business matters in the twin cities the first of the week.

Charles Daymond came up from Mentor Wednesday for a few days visit with freinds here.

Attorney F. A. Grady returned Tuesday from the twin cities where he had been on legal business.

Alton Yakson went up to St. Hilaire this morning to eat Thanksgiving turkey with his parents.

Hereafter we will give a discount of 25 per cent on all hats and plumes sold.—Mrs Wm Zaiser.

Mr. and Mrs Henry Greenwood of Princeton, arrived Sunday for a visit at the Simon Paul home.

For Sale—6 horse power Flower City gasoline engine in good condition—Jos. Benoit, at carding mill.

Joseph Belair left Tuesday evening for St. Paul where he will spend a week or ten days on business.

The ladies aid of the Presbyterian church will hold a business meeting at the home of Mrs. Carver, Saturday Nov. 26, at 3 p. m. All members are urged to be present.

Aris Lambert and Urgel Lambert left Tuesday evening for Crookston on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Ernest Guilmette left Wednesday for Rainier for a few days visit with friends and relatives.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz was down from St. Hilaire Friday in attendance at the ditch hearing before the board of county commissioners.

John L. Radniecki, John Eichrenner and Wm. Bruckmaa of Deer Park were in the city Tuesday evening filing petitions for naturalization papers.

Manager W. H. Brown of the power company, came over from Grand Forks Tuesday morning to inspect the work being done on the plant here.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, will hereafter make regular trips every week. and tf

Mrs. Carl Kretzchmar came down from Thief River Falls Saturday for a few days visit at the W. A. Schreiter home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jeffers attended the production of "The Nigger" at the Grand in Crookston Thursday night.

Julius Pleth, the Plummer hustling real estate dealer, was attending to business matters at the county capital Monday.

County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was down from Thief River Falls Friday to meet with the board of county commissioners.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughton, who has spent several days attending to legal matters in the cities, returned home Tuesday morning.

The Thanksgiving dance last evening by the Woodman lodge was a huge success and proved a fitting start for the winter social season.

That the members of the Gazette force might enjoy the Thanksgiving holiday, this issue is published several hours earlier than usual.

Judge Ira C. Richardson, H. E. Ives and John E. King went to Thief River Falls Friday to attend the funeral of the late John W. Eastman.

Misses Freda Ittner, Zelia Quesnelle, and Lorene Zaiser, and Charles Daymond, Robert Zaiser and Homer Mussey went up to Thief River Falls this morning to spend a day the as guests at the Mussey home.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Desatelle, living southeast of town, are the proud parents of twin girls, born to them last week.

You may think prices are high, but Garceau & Rubertus will sell you underwear for the same price you paid last year.

E. A. Mittwer returned Wednesday morning from Minneapolis, where he has been for several days on a combined business and pleasure trip.

COMMUNITY SILVER STERLING'S ONLY RIVAL. A large stock including the new 1910 pattern Sheraton, at Hunt Hardware Co.

There will be special Thanksgiving services at the Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock this (Thursday) evening. All are invited to attend the services.

Dr. I. Lemieux was at Crookston Monday evening in attendance at the regular quarterly meeting of the Red River Valley Medical association.

Ray Linnihan returned Saturday from eastern Red Lake county where he has been working for several weeks with ditching crews on county ditches.

Alderman Hussey of Crookston was in town Saturday and again this week looking after his contracts for cement sidewalk construction work.

This afternoon at two o'clock at St. Joseph's church, will occur the marriage of Miss Zelia Perusse to Mr. John Keifenheim, Fr. Fayolle officiating.

The annual election of the C. O. F. will be held on Friday evening, December 2, at the lodge hall. Every member is especially urged to be present.

The insurance adjustors representing the different companies affected by the fire of two weeks ago, were here last week adjusting the losses to Mr. Fround and Mrs. Zaiser.

Marriage licences were issued by Clerk of Court Johnson to Mr. G. Stromme and Miss Olga Olson of Lambert, and to Mr. Oscar E. Wilson and Miss Sarah Brandrud of Wyndotte.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J. C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

For Sale—Good unimproved 160 acres of land on Sec. 8 and 5, Badger twp, Polk county, Minnesota. Price $3,500,—$1500 cash. five years on balance. W. R. Nance, Hopkins, Mo: 8

Will exchange Creamary (8th in matter of production in this state) for 160 acres improved or 320 acres raw land. Write for particulars to T. C. Ford, Frederick, S. D.

There came to my place one steer, red with small white spot on back, horns twisted. Owner come and get property and pay damages and expenses.—Hubert Lennertz.

Foreman G. O. Thoreson and a crew of ten men arrived here last Wednesday and are at work making repairs on the different Northern Pacific bridges near here. The bridges will all be throughly inspected and repaired and the work will probably last a month or so.

Mr. Theo Garceau and Mrs. Mary Baril were united in marriage at eight o'clock Monday evening, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating, and are at home to their friends in the Garceau residence.

The county commissioners were in session last Friday to consider some ditch petitions and transact other business. The official proceedings will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

Joe Toapia returned Monday from a trip of ten days duration spent in the southern part of the state. Joe attended the Minnesota-Wisconsin football game on Nov. 18, and visited at Duluth on the way home.

W. T. Spillane has had the inside appearance of his store considerably improved this week by having a steel ceiling put in and by other little improvements. The store now presents a very attractive appearance.

Mrs. Remi, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Benoit, is critically ill at her home at Mentor. Mr. and Mrs. Benoit were at Mentor several days last week. Mrs. Benoit returned Monday and when she left Mentor there was little improvement in her daughter's condition.

The Misses Lillian Brady, Florence Hennemuth, Beatrice Emard and Hazel Healy, who are attending the normal school at Moorhead, arrived home Wednesday to spend the Thanksgiving holidays.

Ladies, have you tried those new side fastening petticoats? No puckering drawstrings. They fit as smooth as your overskirt and don't cost any more than the old draw string style.—Garceau & Rubertus.

Levi Champagne left last Friday on a trip to the west. He has gone to Walla Walla, Wash., and will visit with relatives there and at other points in the Pacific coast states. He expects to be gone about a year.

The class of men who live from hand to month are not the men who are doing the things in a business way. Get into the thrifty class. Start right by saving some money and having it at interest with the Merchants State Bank.

Art Fournet and Felix Fournet autoed up Tuesday and spent the day here on business. On their return in the evening they were accompanied by Mrs. Jack Fournet and the children, who will spend Thanksgiving at Crookston.

The M. B. A. lodge will give a reception tomorrow evening for four of its members who have recently been married. They are Henry Schneider of Wylie, Louis F. Perrault of Terrebonne, George Guerin of this city and Miss Agnes Deforge.

Miss Julia Kriel, of Red Lake Falls who taught the Hruby school last winter, came up Monday to take charge of the Hilda school which she has been engaged to teach the present term. Miss Kriel has many friends in this vicinity who will be glad to see her back.—Erie Eleven Towns.

The dance given at the M. B. A. hall last Wednesday evening was a very successful affair. Over $30 was netted and this money will be turned over to the lodge at Spooner for distribution among members who lost their property in the recent big fire at that place.

A. L. Brunelle went up to Thief River Falls yesterday to assist the Ervine orchestra at the Thanksgiving dance. "Butch" plays the traps "to beat the band" and has a reputation so large that it even includes Thief River Falls. Unless it's an impossibility, "Butch" will see that the dancers "up the creek" will have a "good time" for once, at least.

Leo Steinert has rented the Duffy building on the corner south of Spillane's confectionery and has opened a Feed and Flour Store. He will handle the much advertised Washburn-Crosby "Gold Medal Flour." Mr. Steinart has been head miller for the Red Lake Falls Milling company for several years and knows the flour business from end to end.

The work of repairing and strengthening the bridge across the Clearwater river to the north side, has been commenced in earnest and will be rushed to a early completion. The contract was recently let by the city council to Paul Rogge and calls for the building of two piers at the east end of the structure and for the tightening of the spans.

I have secured the agency for the famous Washburn-Crosby "Gold Medal Flour"—the most celebrated flour in the world. I have opened up a feed and flour store in the Duffy building south of Spillane's confectionery and will endeavor to carry a line of flour and feed that will command your patronage. This flour will not cost any more than any of inferior make so it is to your advantage to come and see me.—Leo Steinert. tf

Robes, blankets and sleighbells, just what you need to make your driving comfortable and to provide the proper accompaniment of glad noises, may be secured at the Old Reliable Harness Shop. A fine stock to select from.—A. J. Pouliot, Manager.

Mrs. Wm. Zaiser wishes to announce to the public that she is again ready for business, having opened her millinery store in the rooms in the Sortedahl bank building formerly occupied by the Red Lake Falls Milling company. She desires to call the attention of the ladies to her new line of fancy goods for Christmas gifts, and desires to have every one call and inspect the line. 8-9

Having disposed of my hardware business here, I am anxious to close up my accounts. In order to do this, I must urge all those knowing themselves indebted to me, to call and settle their accounts at once. I desire to thank the many friends who have given me their patronage in the past, and also those whose prompt settlement of accounts will allow me to close up my business here in a short time.—E. A. Mittwer.

Oklee, the new Soo town in eastern Red Lake county, will have a meat market. A company has been formed to engage in that business there. Great things are expected, for the company has organized with Peter Lajambe as president, Leon Domarais, treasurer and Gust Demarais as secretary. Ed. L. Paquin will have charge of the delivery wagons. F. X. Lambert, until recently employed by Baum & Campbell, has been chosen to manage the shop for the new concern. Mr. Lambert is an exceptionally capable butcher and it will not be his fault if the residents of Oklee are not served with the best to be had in the meat line.

Cheap Power.

Owing to the installation of all day electric service, the Gazette has a five horse power gasoline engine that will be sold very cheap. Just the thing for grinding feed, pumping water, sawing wood, etc. The farmer who buys this engine will get a snap. Better come in and look at the engine.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of John Polhrook and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 52.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 52, said ditch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40). Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections five (5) and six (6) of said township and range, thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between section five (5) and six (6), seven and eight (7) and (8), seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) and sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of said section twenty (20) where hereto, described portion of said main ditch terminates and has its outlet in ditch No. forty-eight (48), thence starting at a point twenty (20) feet east and five hundred and fifty (550) feet south of the said southwest corner of section twenty (20) and running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty (30) and sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to the Clearwater river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Description of Branch Number 1, of Ditch Number 52.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred and fifty-two (152), range forty (40). Commencing at a point fourteen hundred (1400) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the quarter corner between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15) nine (9) and sixteen (16) and sections eight (8) and seventeen (17), to the southwest corner of section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the main ditch No. 52.

Description of Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 52.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) range forty (40). Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north of the south west corner of section seven (7) thence running due east parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) to the south east corner of section seven (7) where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 52, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:

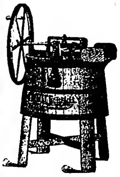
Pete Gustafson, Tone O. Rjnestad, Torkel T. Lande, Fred L. Farley, Swan B. Swanson, Knut Olson, Gustav Swenson, Andreas Arnsen, Dwight Bangs, Thomas C. Rome, Fred York, Hans S. Qnam, Elvira C. Hovland, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hyland, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skreland, Torger Thorsen Luuden, Mike Kolski, John L. Radnecki, Walenty Wajnorawski, Andrew A. Brevold, August J. Lillo, Knut E. Syverud, Charles W. Johnson, George Singer, William J. Polhrook, Clarence Hayford, Oscar E. Lillo, Engo Pederson, Wilson L. Rodman, John Olson, Edward Singer, Anton Knudson, Lewis M. Lnade, Jens Smeland, Oscar Nesland, Peter Milne, Amund K. Breeland, Albert Hansen, Jermund K. Rystad, Evyind Schjelrup, William M. Erb, Christian O. Lindberg, Bernhard Lindberg, Kettell Vindlos, Gust B. Tveit, Martin Solenm, Sten Jorgenson, Andrew T. Myrum, Olaus Nelson, Tollak Gulbrandson, F. O. Gustafson, Aslak T. Tveteken, Ole M. Bakke, Sever Maaren, Nels P. Johnson, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 16th day of December, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of
Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal)

A Five Year Guarantee Certificate With
"White Lily" and "White"
Washing Machines.

We give you a written guarantee agreeing to replace any defective parts free of charge, transportation charges prepaid, for a period of 5 years.



WHITE LILY
A high-speed Washer of the fly wheel ratary type. No other medium priced machine will do as fast or as good work with as little labor.
Price $7.50

Asbestos Sad Irons
Set of 3 Irons $1.75
Common Sad Irons
Set of 3 Irons $1.00

WHITE WASHER
The speediest and the lightest running hand power washing machine on the market. Operates by foot power as well as by hand power.
Price $10.00

Clark's High Folding Clothes Bars, $1.00. Ironing Boards, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

HUNT HARDWARE CO.
"If It's Good Hardware, Hunt Has It"

Garceau & Rubertus
SPECIAL

Having over-stocked our sweaters, and as we want to clean up as many as possible, we are going to give a special discount of 20 per cent for 10 days commencing Friday, Nov. 25, and ending Saturday, Dec. 3, in order to make room for Holiday goods.

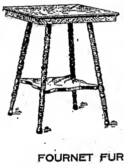
We have a few ladies' coats left over from last year that we are closing out at half price. These are extra good values.

Remember the special discount on sweaters last only 10 days.

Yours For More Business,
Carceau & Rubertus

SPECIAL BARGAINS
In Men's and Ladies' Underwear
Good Values at a Big Discount
Red Lake Falls Supply House
Your attention is called to our prices. See them before you buy anywhere else.
Remember, we pay the highest price for Hides, Furs, etc. Before you ship, bring your furs to us and see what we offer.

Parlor Tables



$1.25
A BIG VALUE!!
FOURNET FURNITURE STORE
Red Lake Falls "One Price to All." Crookston

Lanpher Furs

LANPHER FUR COAT
MAT SKALA
He Sells 'Em.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 188[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 10

IT MIGHT BE SAID ---I TOLD YOU SO

Thief River Falls Gets Fat Jobs, Farmers Get It---In the Neck.

Organization of the So-called Pennington County.---The Officers.

The [illegible] has happened. Immediately following the announcement of the state canvassing board that Pennington county had received a majority of the votes cast on division and the proclamation of the governor stating [illegible] the county, the county [illegible] Thief River Falls [illegible] county division [illegible] that city and a hungry host [illegible] and proceeded [illegible] with a capital B.

Having [illegible] county and [illegible] their wishes, Thief River [illegible] claimed everything [illegible] way of fat offices [illegible] to do all the time [illegible] knew they [illegible] poor [illegible] [illegible] obtain [illegible] the best offices [illegible] register of deeds, auditor, [illegible] of probate, and county [illegible] and Thief River Falls [illegible] to fill all of these. The [illegible] which pays a [illegible] was treasurer and they [illegible] to a man who lives in the [illegible] only four miles from the city [illegible] not to have it too far away.

To St. Hilaire [illegible] gave the offices of county surveyor and coroner, which don't amount to anything and which nobody else wanted anyway. The only job in sight for the coroner is to bury the disappointed [illegible] who regret having voted for Pennington county.

But we have forgotten Harry Ives, who is not from St. Hilaire, because he did not vote there, and not from Red Lake Falls because he did not vote there either, and not from Thief River Falls because he has never lived there, except in the spirit. He is the genial gentleman who has been drawing salary as county treasurer at Red Lake Falls. He has recently developed acrobatic qualities, turning a complete flip flop into the air and coming down in the clerk of court's office at Thief River Falls. He has experienced extreme difficulty in getting into office during the past twenty years, but has now attained what must be heaven to him, since he holds two at once. He is treasurer of Red Lake county until his bond is released and at the same time is issuing marriage licenses as clerk of court of Pennington county.

The eleven towns—that dear Reservation over whose wrongs Thief River Falls has wept these many moons—what did they get out of the plums to be distributed? Just what you might expect—nothing. They had been promised the register of deeds office, sheriff, judge of probate, and half a dozen more, and each office had been promised to twenty different men, but when the round-up came, there was nothing left for the farmers, Thief River Falls had hogged everything in sight. Finally it was found that Professor Hay could not be county superintendent and city superintendent of schools in Thief River Falls and as no one else wanted this job, the Reverend Mostue of Deer Park was made superintendent of schools.

Here are the officers of the new county which was to be a model of virtue and fairness, but which started out with an exhibition of more selfishness than was ever shown in Red Lake county during its existence:

Auditor—A. H. Fasel, Thief River Falls.

Register of Deeds—E. L. Quist, Thief River Falls.

Treasurer—A. Trovaton, Town of North.

Judge of Probate—Wilhelm Michelet, Thief River Falls.

County Attorney—E. M. Stanton, Thief River Falls.

Sheriff—Jesse LaBree, Thief River Falls.

Clerk of Court—H. E. Ives, Residence unknown.

Coroner—Dr. Swanson, St. Hilaire.

Surveyor—C. H. Mertz, St. Hilaire.

Superintendent of Schools—E. A. Mostue, Deer Park.

The naming of the candidates has resulted in the utmost dissatisfaction not only among the farmers who received no recognition, but among the people of Thief River Falls themselves. That city contains many honest men. If division was to be voted on again within a week, a majority would be cast against it, not only in every town in Pennington county, but in the city of Thief River Falls itself. When the announcement of the above appointments to office was made, a public mass meeting was held, attended by the most prominent business men of Thief River Falls and several prominent men, and city officers who had been most active in working for Pennington county, took the platform and openly denounced the action of the county board and declared they would have nothing to do in the future with the county division. One speaker who ought to know made the statement that $5000.00 had been stolen out of the city treasury to aid the division fight. The city hall had been obtained by a bogus sale for $1,500.00, which money had been guaranteed by a joint note of the business men, but which was to be paid directly out of the city treasury, that is, the city would pay the city and the tax payers would be robbed of $1,500.00. All these and more revelations were made of the crooked methods by which Pennington county has been brought into existence. Several business men named each other liars and to add to the general pandemonium, the disappointed candidates paraded the streets and stirred up several fights.

Taken all together, they had a sweet time of it and it is too bad it can not last, but when the courts have set aside this Pennington county, born in corruption and loaded down with the sins of those who brought it about, all this will be a memory.

More News From Santa Claus.

As stated in a previous article in the Gazette my headquarters for Red Lake county will be at the Sunshine. I hope everybody will call there and see the many beautiful and useful presents. Mr. Christianson would be pleased to have you select your presents and have them wrapped up and left there and I will deliver same in my new aeroplane. I have left 5000 of my best Christmas cards at the Sunshine so I hope you will all be supplied. Fancy dishes, glassware, toys of all descriptions, dolls, doll buggies and go-carts—in fact anything you wish—will be found there. I request you again to make your selections early as I will start my deliveries in only three more weeks.

Lovingly yours,
Santa Claus.

BIG CHUNKS OF LOCAL HISTORY

Governor Eberhart Issues Proclamation—Officers Resign and Others Appointed.

Treasurer, Attorney and Commissioner Resigned--Kindseth and Boughton Appointed.

Much local history has been made during the past few days and it is a strenuous task to keep tab of the many events transpiring.

Following the report of the canvassing board, showing on the face of the report a small majority for the division of Red Lake county, Governor A. O. Eberhart issued a proclamation providing for the creation of Pennington county and the new county has been formally organized and will make some interesting history during the probable short time of its existence. More about that later.

Pennington county, or rather Thief River Falls city, or, to get closer to facts, a few of the citizens of the city, have chosen a set of county officers. That event has been commented upon elsewhere.

The county commissioners of Red Lake county—three of them—met in special session this week to act upon some important matters.

The resignation of County Attorney Wilhelm Michelet was accepted and Chas. E. Boughton, county attorney-elect, was appointed to fill the vacancy.

The resignation of County Treasurer Harry E. Ives was approved and will be accepted as soon as the board of audit have made an examination of his books. G. G. Kindseth, county treasurer-elect, has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

Commissioner Ed. A. Aubol resigned and his resignation was accepted. It will be the duty of the governor to appoint men to succeed three of the five members of the board who reside in the so-called Pennington county. It is believed that Governor Eberhart will name Hermann Schultz, commissioner-elect from the first district, C. O. Kankel of Terrebonne and Sam E. Hunt of this city.

The governor's proclamation is an interesting document. The proclamation is published below:

STATE OF MINNESOTA
Executive Department
PROCLAMATION

Whereas, pursuant to Chapter Seven (7) Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, a petition was filed with the Secretary of State on the 12th day of May, 1909, praying for the creation of a new county out of the territory now lying in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known as Pennington County, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one hundred fifty-two (152,) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, according to the United States Survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two(22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four(24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two(42), forty-one(41) and forty (40) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty(40) west to the southwest corner of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine(39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one hundred fifty-two(152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southeast corner of township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one hundred fifty-three(153) and one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of Marshall County as the name now exists, thence running west along the southern boundary line of said Marshall County to a point where said boundary line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, the said point being the north west corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southwest corner of township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth Principal Meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three [23] and twenty-four [24] in townships one hundred fifty-two [152] north of each of ranges forty [40], forty-one[41], forty-two[42], forty-three[43], forty-four[44] and forty-five[45], west of the 5th Principal Meridian and all of townships one hundred fifty-two[152] and one hundred fifty-three[153] north of range thirty-nine [39] west of the 5th Principal Meridian and also all that part of township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range thirty-nine [39] west of the 5th Principal Meridian lying and being within said Red Lake County as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls, located on sections twenty-seven [27], twenty-eight [28], thirty-three [33] and thirty-four [34] in township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range forty-three [43] west of the 5th Principal Meridian.

The names and place of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county are as follows: Peter C. Wold, residing on Lots one [1] and two [2] and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen [19] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forty [40] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county Peter Hedeen, residing on the northwest quarter of section thirty four [34] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forthy-one [41] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county; Ed. A. Auobl, resding on lots three [8] und six [6] in section twenty-nine [29] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forty-three [43] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county, Daniel Shaw, residig in the city of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county; Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight [8] in township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range forty-five [45] west of the 5th rinipal meridian, in said proposed new county; and

WHEREAS, the said petition represented and averred that the said hereinbefore territory comprises more than four hundred square miles, and contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and that the remaining area of Red Lake county after deducting the territory hereinbefore described, will comprise more than four hundred square miles and contain more than two thousand Inhabitants; and

WHEREAS, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1910, said petition was duly considered by the Governor of the State of Minnesota, and found and certified to as conforming in all respects to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-one [381] of the Revised Laws of 1905; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-two [382] of the Revised Laws of 1905, the Governor of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of May, 1910, duly issued his proclamation declaring that said petition had been duly filed and considered, and directing that the said question of the proposed new county of Pennington be submitted to the voters of said Red Lake county at the next general election to be held in said state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1910, which proclamation was duly filed, recorded and published in accordance with the provisions of said law; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the notice of election as provided by section three hundred eighty-four[384] of the Revised Laws of 1905, was duly given to the electors of the County of Red Lake and duly specified that the question of the creation of the county of Pennington would be voted upon at the said general election,

Continued From Page 8.

SPECIAL OFFER ENDS NEXT TUESDAY

The Big Opportunity for Candidates in the Gazette Voting Contest.

Marks the Beginning of the End of the Campaign for Votes.

The special offer of extra votes on subscriptions closes next Tuesday, Dec. 6, at 6 o'clock and after the votes are counted, the standings of candidates will again be published. This special offer marks the beginning of the end of the contest and every candidate who is ambitious to land the grand prize should get in on this offer.

The offer is one of special votes on subscription. The candidates sending in the following amounts between now and 6 p. m., Dec. 6, will receive official ballots for the number of votes set opposite the amounts:

$100	1,000,000
90	900,000
75	750,000
60	600,000
50	500,000
25	250,000

MILLER FORFEITED MATCH.

Injured His Shoulder so Gave the Match to Ober.

In the wrestling match at the Bijou theatre last Thursday evening between Ed. Ober of Crookston and Harry Miller of Angus, Miller sustained such a severe injury to his shoulder that he had to forfeit the match to Ober. Miller secured the first fall in 22 minutes by using a toe hold. It was in this fall that Miller secured his injury. Dr. Wilkinson officiated as referee with E. G. Buse as time keeper.

E. A. Nelson, promoter and manager of the last two matches, announces that he has secured another match in the future between Miller and Ober, the date to be decided upon later. Betchel, a wrestler of some renown, of McIntosh, is also after a match here with Ober and as he recently managed to secure the decision over Ober, a good match is looked for if the details can be managed.

JUST TEACHERS ENOUGH.

Co. Supt. Anderson Reports County Schools Supplied.

Co. Supt. of Schools H. F. Anderson states that at present he has all schools supplied with teachers. In fact, Mr. Anderson says he "knoweth not where to seek" in case it should become necessary to provide another teacher to fill any vacancy that may occur.

In Polk county all schools are supplied with teachers and the superintendent of that county states that he has no more teachers available.

NEW ABSTRACT COMPANY

Pennington County Abstract Company Organized.

A new abstract company, to do business under the name of Pennington County Abstract Company, was organized the first of the week. Daniel Shaw is president of the new concern and Frank Jeffers is secretary. The company's offices will be located at Thief River Falls. Messrs. Shaw and Jeffers are good fellows and capable men who know the business thoroughly and there is no doubt that they will enjoy a good business. The offices will be in charge of Mr. Shaw.

RED LAKE'S CENSUS

Census Report Shows an Increase of 3,745 Since 1900 Census.

Red Lake county's population, including Pennington conaty of course, is 15,940, according to the result of the 1910 census just announced. That is an increase of 3,745 over the census of 1900. The census of that year gave the population as 12,195.

Minnesota's population is 2,075,708. Compared with 1900, this is an increase of 324,314 or 18.5 per cent.

The population of cities and villages has not been announced.

ROBERT MEIKLE COMING.

Return Visit of Popular Scottish Baritone and Company.

On Monday, Dec. 2, Robert Meikle, the eminent Scotch baritone, supported by Frank Lloyd, Comedian; Nannie Strachan, Soprano; and Nellie Malcolm, pianiste, will be heard here in concert, under the auspices of the local M. B. A. lodge. This is Mr. Meikle's third trans-continental tour and his popularity is ever on the increase. As the Winnipeg Free Press says, "Mr. Meikle has no superior as an exponent of the martial songs of Scotland" He is worth hearing and everybody should be at the Bijou Monday night to hear him.

Mr. Meikle will be remembered by all who were fortunate enough to attend his concert here last December when he appeared in the Metropolitan opera house the night the building was destroyed by fire.

At that time the audience was not as large as it might have been but it is a safe prediction to say that the attendance will be considerably larger next Monday night.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garcean & Robertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mat Skala
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schreiter
Joe Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.
Fournet Furniture Store.

THE BOOSTERS ARE AT BRAINERD

Get-Together Meeting to Plan Move on the State Legislature.

"Reapportionment First" is the Slogan of Hundreds of Delegates.

Brainerd is entertaining hundreds of northern Minnesota boosters today. The meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association is being held there. This is perhaps the most important meeting ever held in northern Minnesota. "Reapportionment first" is the slogan of the hundreds of delegates attending the meeting. The good roads plan and other important questions are receiving much consideration, but the one and big agitation is for reapportionment and everybody is talking and thinking and demanding reapportionment. Following is the program for the two days meeting:

Invocation—Rev. J. R. Alten, Brainerd.

Address of Welcome—C. A Albright, Persident Crow Wing County Development Association.

Address — "Reapportionment" — Adolph O. Eberhart, Governor of Minnesota.

Address—"Conservation, the Question of the Hour"—Frank M. Eddy, Sauk Center.

Introduction of Bills.

Appointmant of Committees.

Afternoon Session, 2 P. M.

Address—"Good Roads and the One Mill Tax"—Robert C. Dunn, Editor Princeton Union.

Address—"Commission Plan for the Handling and the Settlement of State Lands"—Hugh J. Hughes, Editor Farm Stock and Home, Minneapolis.

Evening Session 7:30 P. M.

Address— "Consolidated Rural Schools"—W. M. Haye, Asisstant Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. A. M. Dunton, Principal McIntosh Agricultural High School.

Friday, Dec. 2 Morning Session 10 A. M.

Address—"Forest Fire Protection" —G. E. Marshall, Chief Forestry Supervisor U. S. Government, Cass Lake Reservation.

Address—"Soil Survey for Minnesota"—A. R. Whitson, University of Wisconsin, Madison. W. H. Frazier, University of Minnesota, Minneapoils.

Address—"Land Development by Railroad Companies"—D. E. Willard, Developing Agent N. P. Ry. Co.

Reports of Committees.

Discussion of measures will occupy balance of day and evening.

Election of officers for ensuing year.

Oliver Belair, Wm. Kruegar Fred Cyr and John Drier spent Sunday in the woods east of town hunting for deer. They report seeing several but —well, that's all.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

The Farmers National Bank
OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
CAPITAL $25,000.00

Opened for business Monday morning, Nov. 14

Your business is solicited on the evidence of stability that the charter from the United States government and the personnel of its officers and directors gives to the institution. The stockholders of The Farmers National Bank are local men whose financial and business standings are so well known that the public may readily judge of the soundness of the institution. Your business is invited, will be appreciated and will have our careful attention. Your time deposits and checking accounts are invited.

Make the Farmers National your banking home

Officers

L. Simons, President; Sam E. Hunt, Vice-president; Rev. E. Fayolle, Vice-president; W. B. Cheshire, Cashier; Walter Quesnelle, Assistant Cashier.

Directors

L. C. Simons, Sam E. Hunt, Rev. E. Fayolle, J. E. Argue, W. B. Cheshire, Jos. Salley, C. N. Bourdon.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Congress meets the first Monday in December. The session will end March 4th.

The beginning of November has brought an improved condition of government finances. The month shows a surplus of more than $700,000, as against a deficit of $2,500,000 a year ago. The total receipts to date are nearly $7,000,000 ahead of a year ago and the disbursements are nearly $1,000,000.

Pensions for all employes of national banks and protection for their families in case of death has been proposed to the treasury department by the large mutual life insurance companies. Several reports of the companies headed by W. C. Beers of New York, had a conference Friday with the comptroller of the currency regarding the legality of the plan.

After a leave of absence lasting nearly ten years during the most of which time he was engaged in Arctic exploration, Capt. Robert E. Peary has returned to active duty in the navy department. For the present the famous explorer is to be engaged as engineering expert for the department of justice in cases before the court of claims, involving construction work for the naval bureau of yards and docks.

Plans for an aerial military squadron will be presented to congress, the number of the air machines to be provided being left by the war department to the law makers. This was announced by Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army. Brigadier General James Allen, chief of the signal corps, in his report to General Wood, already has recommended that twenty machines be purchased at once for the army.

Foreign.

Crippen, the wife murderer, will barely escape the gallows, though given a ten days' extension from the original day set for his execution.

Morocco has agreed to pay Spain [illegible] indemnity as demanded by the latter government following the successful Spanish campaign against the Riff tribesmen in the summer of 1909.

The marriage of Prince Victor Napoleon Bonaparte, cousin of King Victor Emmanuel and pretender to the throne of France, and Princess Clementine, daughter of the late King Leopold of Belgium, took place at Montcalieri, near Paris.

The Explorer's Club in New York has been notified that a Japanese expedition to the South Pole will leave Tokio on November 15. The expedition will use a 200-ton vessel equipped with sails and auxiliary power and expects to be three years in making its long journey.

Count Boni de Castellane, former husband of Anna Gould, now the wife of his cousin, Prince de Sagan, has filed with the vatican a formal petition asking the pope to confirm his civil divorce and grant him a church divorce. Count Boni, it is said, is suing for the hand of Miss Anna Morgan, daughter of J. P. Morgan

Baron de Uagern SteraBurg, correspondent of a semi-official Austro-Hungarian news agency, was sentenced by the appeal court to four years hand labor on the charge of high treason. Baron Sternburg was arrested last June by the secret police after a search of his apartments. The police seized his papers and the baron was placed in confinement.

General.

Prominent Mexicans say it is idle to talk of a rupture with the United States.

Socialism was denounced at the meeting of the Catholic federation at New Orleans.

There is surprise in Portugal that the United States has not recognized the infant republic.

There is a long list of New York democrats who aspire to the coming vacancy in the U. S. senate.

A movement is on to deprive the next speaker of the national house of the committee appointing power.

Editor Hitchcock, for U. S. senator, has more votes than any other man on the democratic ticket in Nebraska.

Aldrich has a money bill which it is said he will push at the coming short session of congress.

At Anadarko, Okl., Police Chief W. C. Temple was called to his door by an unidentified Mexican and fatally shot.

The San Juan, Porto Rico, branch of the Union Bank of Halifax, has been merged with the Royal Bank of Canada.

One hundred and four thousand settlers entered Canada from the United States during the last year and 75,000 entered the United States [illegible]

Charles G. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, departed for Hot Springs, Va., for a rest after the campaign.

The Panama national assembly approved a resolution instructing the executive to recognize the Republic of Portugal.

Governor Sanders will call a special session of the Louisiana legislature for November 24 to elect a successor to the late Senator McEnery.

Governor Bhallonberger issues his proclamation of thanksgiving and says Nebraska has kept step with the onward march of civic and industrial progress.

Six persons were killed and twenty-six injured in a wreck at Kalamazoo, Mich.

The Illinois state tax commission has fixed the rate of state taxes for next year at 30 cents on each $100 of assessed property valuation.

Congress meets the first Monday in December, the session ending March 4th.

It is figured at this time that Aldrich's majority for governor in Nebraska will reach 25,000.

The lower house of the next congress will have a democratic majority of about forty.

Pinchot asks the president for leave to file a brief concerning the Cunningham claims.

Trenton, N. J., has a population of 96,815 inhabitants, according to the thirteenth census statistics.

Doctors at their Baltimore meeting scored medical schools for their failure to train students on care of infants.

Roosevelt has given notice that he is going to take a good rest. To all callers word is handed out "nothing doing."

Charles W. Armour believes high prices have reached their climax, and from now on will be on the down grade.

The supreme court of the United States has adjourned for its Thanksgiving recess. It will reconvene November 28.

Latest returns from the Nebraska election show that Wait, republican, for secretary of state, will have about 260 majority.

President Taft will have a number of important measures before the next congress and hopes to get action upon them without delay.

The Nobel prize committee has awarded the prize for literature for 1910 to Paul Johann Ludwig Heyse, the German poet and novelist.

Rev. Dr. Charles Humner Burch, arch-deacon of Richmond, Staten Island, has been elected bishop suffragan of the Protestant diocese of New York.

Hitchcock, the coming democratic senator from Nebraska, is a son of the late P. W. Hitchcock, who also served a term in the United States Senate.

The total net revenue of the steam railroads in the United States last July was $73,477,590 or $308.51 per mile against $78,138,043, or $335.06 per mile of line in July of last year.

The next step the United States health is seeking the co-operation of to determine their practical value for war, will be to test the possibility of an aerial craft landing on a warship.

The New York state department of health is seeking the co-operation of various railroads operating in the state in abolishing the common drinking cup from trains and railroad stations.

Complete returns indicate that the Wyoming legislature will be republican by a majority of eleven on joint ballot, insuring the return of Senator C. D. Clark to the United States senate.

Governor B. F. Carroll announces the appointment of Lafayette Young editor and publisher of the Des Moines Capital, to be United States senator, succeeding the late Senator Dolliver.

Mayor Gaynor said he would not favor a bill proposing to change the power of appointing public service commissioners for the First district from the governor to the mayor of New York.

Exports out of this country in October were larger than in any previous month in the history of the United States while imports were about $4,000,000 less than in the same month last year.

Belated returns on Tuesday's election continue to increase the plurality of James H. Hawley, democratic candidate for governor of Idaho. It is now estimated he will lead Governor Bradby about 1,000 votes.

Long and short haul problems involved in the fourth section of the amended law for the regulation of interstate commerce will be discussed at a conference at the interstate commerce commission headquarters in Washington on November 28.

The New Mexico constitutional convention disregarded the advice given by Theodore Roosevelt to make a constitution easily amended and adopted an article requiring two-thirds of each house to propose an amendment and a big majority of the electorate to approve.

Eugene Zimmerman said Europe regarded Roosevelt as an agitator.

Census Director Durand has been having more trouble of late than any officer of the government. Census directors always have trouble and always expect it. Aspiring communities of the urban sort are seldom satisfied with the result of the federal enumeration of population.

Personal.

Five of the presidents cabinet officers went home to vote.

Senator Beveridge of Indiana has been retired by the voters.

Gov. Sanders, of Louisiana, will call an extra session of the legislature.

Senator Depew, in the face of defeat, says he is the happiest man in New York.

Fifty-one counties give Hitchcock 114,412, and Burkett 94,999 for senator from Nebraska.

Starting from a steamer, Aviator Ely in a biplane made a flight over a neck of Chesapeake bay.

A movement is on foot among Kentucky democrats to have Congressman-elect Caleb Powers unseated.

Colonel Weaver, of the division of militia, says there is strong prejudice among labor unions to the national guard.

Republicans have control of the next Kansas legislature. In Nebraska the situation is directly opposite.

Mayor Dahlman, late aspirant for governorship of Nebraska, has gone to the Missouri Springs to recuperate.

Bell Elmore Crippen, wife of the condemned murderer, is said to be hiding in this country.

It is said that every office-seeker for whom Col. Roosevelt made personal appeal, was defeated.

Alphonso D. Sawyer has cabled his resignation as auditor of Porto Rico to Secretary of War Dickinson to become effective Dec. 1.

THREE GOVERNORS TO ATTEND FOREST FIRE CONFERENCE.

FIRE CONFERENCE

WILL BE HELD IN THE CITY OF ST. PAUL ON DECEMBER 6 AND 7.

3 GOVERNORS TO ATTEND

Minnesota Forestry Association Hopes to Bring About Concerted Action to Forestall Future Conflagrations.

St. Paul, Nov. 17.—Officials of the government, the state of Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Michigan, the railroads and lumber companies are to deliver addresses at the Lake States Forest Fire Conference in St. Paul, December 6 and 7, and from the suggestions they make a well defined plan for the prevention of future destruction of life and property is expected to result.

Governor Eberhart of Minnesota, Governor Warner of Michigan and Governor Davidson of Wisconsin will take part in the conference.

The program for the conference has just been completed by J. E. Rhodes, president of the Minnesota Forestry Association. Mr. Rhodes has succeeded in inducing many prominent men to agree to come to St. Paul to discuss the causes and prevention of forest fires, which, including the great Hinckley disaster in 1894, have cost hundreds of lives and millions of dollars in property.

The cause of these fires, it is believed, will cause one of the most important discussions. Investigations always follow the disasters and there always is a hot argument concerning the cause. Recently it was charged that that blaze which destroyed Spooner and Baudette, Minn., and laid in waste thousands of acres of land, was caused by sparks from a locomotive on a Canadian railroad. This was vehemently denied by officials of the railroad, who in turn claimed the settlers themselves were to blame. It is expected that this most recent of fires will be thoroughly probed at the coming conference and there is a chance that the responsibility for it will be fixed.

Governor Eberhart, of Minnesota; Governor Davidson, of Wisconsin, and Governor Warner, of Michigan, are to speak on the opening day. Governor Eberhart will talk on "The State's Duty in the Preservation of Its Forests; Governor Warner's subject is, "Michigan's Forestry Policy," and Governor Davidson is on the program to discuss, "What the Forests Mean to the People."

The remainder of the first day's program follows:

Opening address, Z. D. Scott, president of the Minnesota State Forestry Board, presiding officer; address of welcome, Herbert P. Keller, mayor of St. Paul; "What the Forest Service Does to Prevent Fires," H. S. Graves, Chief Forester of the United States; "The Forest Fire Patrol System of the Western States," E. T. Allen, forester Western Forestry and Conservation Association; "Forest Protection in Canada," R. H. Campbell, forester, Dominion of Canada; "Why Our Forests Burn," Filbert E. Roth, professor of Forestry, University of Michigan; "Forest Protective Legislation Proposed by the State of Wisconsin," E. M. Griffith, state forester, Wisconsin; "Minnesota's Forest Fire Warden System," C. C. Andrews, Forestry Commissioner, Minnesota.

Sessions of December 7.

"The Interest of the Railroads in Protecting the Forests," R. H. Aishton, vice president, Chicago & Northwestern railroad; "The Interest of the Lumbermen in Forest Fire Protection," Thornton A. Green, Ontonagon, Mich.; "Legal Questions Involved in Forest Fire Laws," W. B. Douglas of the Minnesota Forestry Board; "Fire Protection on the Minnesota State Reservations," Prof. E. G. Cheyney, Minnesota Forestry School; Discussion of the Michigan forest fire laws, led by Charles W. Garfield, president of the Michigan Forestry Association. Discussion of Wisconsin's proposed forest fire warden system, William M. Bray, chairman committee of forestry, Assembly, Wisconsin legislature. Discussion of the forest fire protective laws proposed by the Minnesota Forestry Board, John Lind, member Minnesota's forestry school.

W. B. Douglas, former attorney general of Minnesota, has outlined amendments to the state forestry laws for the prevention of fires. He says many fires have been caused by the neglect of railroads to clear their right of way, that spark arresters should be placed on locomotives and that there should be a law against the building of camp fires between the dates of April 1 and November 10. These suggestions, it is believed, will call for a protest from the railroads and it is expected that the conference will be "hot" in keeping with the subjection under discussion.

Carpenter Killed by Fall.

St. Cloud. — Henry Weins, a carpenter employed on a building here, fractured his skull by a fall of 30 feet. The man was rushed to the hospital, but when the ambulance stopped he was found dead.

STRICKEN TOWNS RISE.

Seventy-five New Buildings Erected at Beaudette and Spooner.

Spooner. — Seventy-five residences and business houses are ready for occupation at Spooner, while in Beaudette practically every person is living in newly constructed houses, and the council is planning permanent improvements.

Beaudette is in an excellent condition financially. A modern city hall of brick will be one of the first buildings to go up next spring. Cement walks are to replace the old board ones and the erection of a school building to cost $25,000 probably will be decided upon. In the meantime work is going ahead on four school buildings for use this winter.

Among the Beaudette business blocks which will be erected is one of solid brick, 100 feet square, with office apartments on the second floor. Architects are drawing plans for not less than twelve brick business houses and concrete structures also will go up.

Albert Berg has moved his bank fixtures and funds from temporary quarters in the Shevlin-Mathien lumber mill offices into a new building. Mr. Berg, who at one time was secretary of state of Minnesota, had planned on retiring from active business, but owing to the losses sustained by the fire, will continue an active force in his institution, the Security Bank.

PROBE BOAT HOUSE SALOONS.

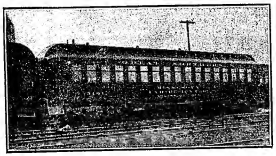
Good Templars Investigate Reports of Places on Superior Shore.

Brainerd.—The most important business transacted by the recent district convention of the Scandinavian Independent Order of Good Templars was the action taken on complaint of delegates from Duluth who requested the appointment of a committee to investigate the alleged sale of liquor in house boats within the one-mile limit along the shores of Lake Superior.

The chair appointed Messrs. L. A Simonson, Landin and Erickson, of Duluth, to investigate and report to Attorney General Simpson.

L. A. Simonson, formerly counselor was elected district templar; Carl Anderson, of Sandstone, vice counselor and Erick Erickson, of Virginia, assistant secretary. Two Harbors was selected as the next meeting place of the semi-annual convention.

WILL SHOW MINNESOTA'S RESOURCES.



STATE IMMIGRATION BUREAU'S MINIATURE STATE FAIR.

What Minnesota has to offer in agricultural opportunity and as a place of desirable residence will be brought direct to the attention of hundreds of thousands of people in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania when the Great Northern exhibit car makes its five months' tour.

A state fair in miniature, a state fair on wheels that may be visited without charge, will be taken over an immense extent of country and placed, at stopping places, within easy access of all. George Welsh, state immigration agent, has worked with H. A. Noble, of the Great Northern road, on the arranging of the exhibits, and S. J. Ellison, general passenger agent, is planning the itinerary.

Everything Is Shown.

Everything that Minnesota has to offer is shown in the car, not excepting the timber and mining products. Wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, flax, timothy, clover, and alfalfa, are so displayed as to show not only what the state can do in actual production, but to indicate also to the observer the position Minnesota holds, in consequence of these productions, as a dairy state, and how its prominence in dairying must necessarily increase.

The exhibit has not stopped at the practical but has gone into the attractions other than wealth production that determines the selection of a new home.

The Minnesota lake resorts are shown in many pictures of large size, and the fish and game commission has provided an exhibit of fish in the different stages of propagation from the spawn to the three-inch minnow that is turned into the streams. Bass, mounted on boards, also are exhibited for the benefit of sportsmen who may visit the car.

The northern part of the state has not been overlooked and the great mining industry receives recognition Granite and building stone are shown and the car, in short, carries a comprehensive exhibit of the resources and attractions of the state.

Dan Wallace has written the initial article in a special booklet, printed in handsome colors, which will be carried by thousands and banded out along the route. A dairy cow has the place of honor on the cover. The possibilities for profit in the taking of cut-over timber lands and the turning of such holdings into dairy farms are shown.

Question of Land.

The homeseekers are told in the booklet just how much free land may be found in each locality, how much state land, and under what conditions it may be obtained and where to apply for it. The importance of the Twin Cities, Duluth and Superior as markets is pointed out.

One million pieces of advertising matter, it is estimated, will be given out on the trip, and the state will receive the widest publicity ever given it, and publicity, it is believed, of the kind will show in practical results.

L. W. Hill's Idea.

Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern road, first presented the idea of using a car for the purpose, and his offer brought before the state immigration board at a time when there was much talk of the movement of people, west, who were passing through Minnesota without having opportunity to learn of the advantages close at hand, brought acceptance, and the fitting up of the car followed.

The car left the Twin Cities, Nov 19. The itinerary has not been worked out in detail, but it is planned to strike the populous eastern centers from which many people have been moving west.

FOUR ROBBERS CAPTURED.

Villagers at Minnesota City Round Up Bad Lot.

Winona.—Trapped in a ravine and surrounded by a posse of villagers, four alleged hold-up men were rounded up near Minnesota City. The men had been employed in railway construction work, when, it is charged, they turned upon one of their number, John Barron, struck him down and robbed him of his watch and money.

Earthquakes Stir Pacific.

London, England.—Scientists report the depths of the Pacific ocean are in a state of great upheaval. Heavy earth shocks have been recorded during the past two days, apparently occurring in the regions north of New Zealand.

Aviator to Aid German Army.

New York, N. Y. — Orville Wright, the aviator, has sailed for Europe to help Emperor William improve the aerial equipment of the imperial German army.

CROSBY'S FUNERAL ON FRIDAY.

Bar Association Takes Charge of Last Rites at Hastings.

Hastings. — The funeral of Judge F. M. Crosby was held from St. Luke's church on Friday at 10:30 a. m., Rev. Arthur Chard officiating. It was conducted under the auspices of the Dakota County Bar association and most of the Goodhue county bar members also were present. The interment was at Lakeside cemetery.

MINNESOTA PUBLISHER DEAD.

John W. Eastman, Owner of Thief River Falls News, Passes Away.

Thief River Falls.—John W. Eastman, publisher of the Thief River Falls News, died of typhoid fever, after a few days' illness. The deceased was a prominent citizen in this section of the state since he came here from Anoka, 14 years ago. He belonged to several fraternal societies and will be buried under the auspices of the Masonic order.

CLOQUET HUNTERS LUCKY.

Many Deer Bagged and No Accidents Reported.

Cloquet.—Within the last week about 150 deer were brought in over the Duluth & Northeastern, a logging road which passes through the heart of the hunting grounds north of here Local nimrods say there are more deer in the woods this year than for many seasons past, due probably to the forest fires farther north. As yet no accidents have been reported.

Malady Sweeps a Reservation.

Cheyenne, Wyoming. — Ninety-three Indians on the Arapahoe Indian reservation have died of smallpox within four days. Officers in charge of the reservation are fighting vainly to halt the sweep of the pestilence, which is present in its most malicious form.

Headache Tablets Kill Child.

Zanesville, Ohio. — In mistaking a package of pink headache tablets for candy, the 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Taylor, ate 14 The child died in convulsions.

CIVIL WAR IS ON

REPORTS SHOW THAT MEXICAN REVOLUTIONISTS ARE MAKING HEADWAY.

MANY CITIES CAPTURED

Americans are Leaving Country as Rapidly as Possible—Insurgents are Gaining, But Diaz Is Confident.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 22.—Passengers arriving this morning from Mexico report a terrible condition in that country. The train was loaded with American refugees, and the Americans are leaving the country as fast as possible. Refugees report Parral, state of Chihuahua, in the hands of the revolutionists, with wires cut, and the mayor and chief of police dead. How many others had been killed, the refugees did not know.

Troops being sent from Chihuahua to Parral, left the train at Jiminez, a junction point, and refused to go further. Jiminez was captured by the rebels on Monday after a fight, in which 15 of their number and seven rurales were killed.

The Mexican officials permitted the Americans to retain their arms to protect themselves.

The passengers say the Mexican government is placing little reliance on the army, as half of it is made up of the better class of criminals and convicts sentenced to a term in the army instead of prison. Most of these are known to be in sympathy with the revolutionary movement, and many officers who have been offered promotion by Francisco Madero, are suspected of being ready to join him.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The success of the revolutionists in Mexico in capturing several towns was confirmed in official advices received by the officials that reports reaching this state department today, but notwithstanding this it was reiterated by the country through diplomatic channels indicate that President Diaz had the situation well in hand and that the stability of his government was not seriously threatened.

Senor De La Barra, the Mexican ambassador, received a dispatch today from Enrique C. Creel, minister of foreign affairs, minimizing the importance of the outbreaks which have occurred.

Creel declared that the reports of the disturbances had been greatly exaggerated. At Zacatecas, where some reports stated that 400 had been killed Creel telegraphed there had been no trouble.

Thousands Flock to Tolstoi's Funeral.

Tula, Russia, Nov. 22.—Throughout the night and during the early hours of today special trains arrived at the Zaseika railway station near the Yasnaya Poliana estate bearing delegations to the funeral of Count Leo Tolstoi. Students from Moscow occupied twenty-three coaches.

Following Tolstoi's written request his grave has been made under poverty oak in a spot where in childhood he buried a green rocking horse. This reference was to an episode of the early life of Tolsoi and his brothers, who with childish rites consigned to the earth the hobby horse in the belief that when it was interred a reign of happiness would be inaugurated.

The novelist often referred to the disposition of his body and in the directions left, specified explicitly that the ceremony incident thereto should be of the simplest without the rites of the orthodox church.

Batters Safe; Murders Man.

Philadelphia, Nov. 22.—In West Laurel Hill cemetery, near here, early today the charred body of Peter Campion was found in the ruins of a one-story frame office building.

The safe in the place had been battered with a sledge hammer found lying nearby, and the police have started an investigation to determine whether the watchman was killed by robbers and the place set on fire to hide the crime. Bloodhounds which had been kept in the cemetery are missing.

The watchman was 62 years old and had been guarding the cemetery property at night for thirty years.

Scandal at Annapolis.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 22.—Suspected of complicity in a malicious attempt to make many of the midshipmen ill and thereby cause reflections upon the ability of a recently appointed chief cook, C. J. Rideley, commissary steward, and William Harris, second cook, both colored, have been suspended from duty and forbidden to enter the naval academy pending the completion of a rigid investigation.

Gunboat Finishes Long Trip.

Portsmouth, N. H., Nov. 22. — The United States gunboats, Wheeling and Petrel, arrived here today, completing a trip of 20,380 miles, which has carried them almost the distance around the world. The vessels sailed from San Francisco on June 20 last. This is the first time that the Wheeling and Petrel have been in Atlantic waters.

Taft Is Home.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 22.—President Taft arrived in Hamilton Roads on the Cruiser Tennessee at 10:45 a. m today.

Voted Down Resolution.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 22.—More than fifty resolutions remained to be reported to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor when today's session began at noon. In yesterday's session sixty-three were disposed of by the delegate.

Other committees will give the convention the results of their deliberations as soon as all the resolutions are presented. The action of the convention in voting down a resolution which would have given the president power to call sympathetic strikes, brought forth the bitterest discussion so far indulged in.

Homesteader Dies on Claim.

Bismarck, N. D., Nov. 19.—Henry Olsen, a Morton county homesteader, was found dead in his bed by neighbors, supposedly about twenty-four hours after death. He has suffered hemorrhage of the lungs and expired. He was living alone on a claim upon which he filed about three years ago. Nothing is known of his family or his former home.

Earthquake in West Indies.

Fort De France, Martinique, Nov. 19. —Severe earthquake shock, moving from north southwards was felt here last midnight. No damage was done.

TO PRESERVE NEUTRALITY

UNITED STATES HOLDS TROOPS IN READINESS FOR SERVICE.

Ordered to Be in Readiness to Respond to the Call of the Governor of Texas.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—Brig. Gen. Ralph W. Hoyt, commander of the department of Texas, has been instructed by the war department to hold troops in readiness to meet any call made by the governor of Texas to preserve neutrality on the part of the United States in connection with the revolt in Mexico.

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 21.—Advices from Eagle Pass today fail to confirm the widely circulate rumor that 400 persons were killed in a pitched battle at Zacatecas, Mexico, Saturday night.

Zacatecas is nearer Mexico City than Eagle Pass and has better telegraph facilities to Mexico City. Reports from Mexico City are that no word of any disorder at Zacatecas has reached there.

Mexico, Nov. 21.—A regiment of infantry was rushed to Orizaba in the state of Vera Cruz early today in response to an urgent appeal from the authorities there for protection from rebellious workingmen.

Eagle Pass, Tex., Nov. 21.—Advices received here today state that an outbreak of revolutionists took place at Sherman about 100 miles south, last night. Four citizens and two policemen are reported injured. The demonstration was of short duration.

The street was quickly filled with soldiers and the crowd dispersed shouting "Down with Diaz!" The town is now quiet and it is believed there will be no further trouble.

FAMILY BUTCHERED.

Missouri Farmer, Wife and Children Killed.

Maryville, Mo., Nov. 21.—Oda Hubbell, a farmer near Barnard, Mo., and his wife and two children were shot and killed at their home last night by an unidentified person who set fire to their house to conceal the crime.

Hubbell and his wife were each 30 years old. The children were Jessie, 6 years and Welton, 4 years. This constituted the entire family.

Neighbors heard shots at the Hubbell home last night but no one made any effort to investigate the case. At midnight it was discovered that the Hubbell home was burning and people in the neighborhood hurried to assist in extinguishing the flames.

When this was accomplished the charred bodies of the two children were found in bed where they appeared to have been killed while sleeping. Hubbell's body was found lying on the floor in another room. Mrs. Hubbell's body was found in bed. It is believed she was shot without warning. Hubbell is thought to have struggled with the murderer. There is not clue to the identity of the murderer.

Maryville, Mo., Nov. 21.—Late this afternoon, Hezekiah Roscoe of Barnard was placed under arrest in connection with the Hubbard crime. The evidence against Roscoe is purely circumstantial. It is said Hubbell had won a large amount of money from him in a card game.

BIG QUESTIONS UP.

Federation of Labor Discusses Important Problems.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 21.—Aid for the striking garment workers in Chicago and for the building trades in Los Angeles was recommended by the resolutions committee at today's session of the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor which began at noon. The sentiment of the delegates indicates that the recommendations would be granted.

Other matters which the delegates had before them were questions of jurisdiction between the Mine Workers and the Western Federation of Miners, and the Brotherhood of Carpenters and the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters.

The Canadian question and the electrical workers' dispute are still undecided. Definite action will be taken on all questions during this last week of the convention.

Report on Cotton Crop.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—The cotton growth of 1910 ginned to Nov. 14, according to the census bureau report, issued this morning, amounts to 3,764,153 bales, counting the round as half bales. Last year to Nov. 14 there were ginned 8,112,199 bales, or 85.5 per cent of the total crop of 10,072,731 bales, and in 1908 the ginning was 9,595,809 bales, or 73.3 per cent of the total crop of 13,086,005 bales.

Warren Goes to Prison.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 21.—F. D. Warren of Girard, Kan., editor of the paper Appeal to Reason must serve a term of six months in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., and pay a fine of $1,000 imposed by a jury in the United States court in Kansas. The sentence of that court was upheld by an order of the United States circuit court

Funeral of Henry M. Hoyt.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 22.—The last services over the body of Henry M. Hoyt, counselor of the department of state, who died in Washington on Sunday, were held today at the home in this city of George N. Loveland, a cousin.

Rich Flee in Night Clothes.

New York, Nov. 21.—Fires in New York today drove hundreds of persons panic stricken into the streets and caused property damage approximating $150,000. There were no casualties.

Fire destroyed the Throop Avenue Presbyterian church in Brooklyn and caused a panic in the aristocratic neighborhood, where apartment dwellers rushed into the streets by hundreds.

Eight two-story frame dwellings in a row in the Bronx were burned, the blaze spreading so rapidly that hundreds of panic stricken people were compelled to flee in their night clothes.

Old Cases Dug Up.

Wakefield, R. I., Nov. 22.—Interest in the anti-gambling crusade of last summer at Narragansett Pier was revived today when two cases against William B. Arnold of New York, vice president of the Narragansett club, were presented before the Washington county grand jury. Arnold is charged with maintaining a gambling nuisance on two counts by Constable John G. Cross, who led the midnight raid on the club on Aug. 6. It is expected that several of the summer residents of the pier who live in New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburg will be called as witnesses.

DOES YOUR BACK-ACHE?

Backache is usually kidneyache. There is only one way to remove the pain, you must reach the cause—the kidneys. No better kidney remedy exists than Doan's Kidney Pills. They permanently cure all kidney ills.

Mrs. M. C. Morris, 546 Pacific Ave., Alameda, Cal., says: "For twelve years I suffered from kidney trouble. My back ached so intensely I did not receive one good night's rest. The kidney secretions were suppressed and the bladder burned and pained. Fifteen physicians treated me without benefit. Then I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was relieved from the first. Continued use cured me."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Kidding Worse Than Cutting.

Talk about making good with your [illegible], a New Orleans man told everybody he knew that he was going to Philadelphia for the dual purpose of [illegible] the world's baseball series and having a slight surgical operation performed. Reaching this city, he consulted a specialist, and was told that an operation was not necessary.

"But, doctor," the New Orleans party urgently interposed, "it must be done."

"Why must it?" wonderingly queried the surgeon.

"Because," was the startling rejoinder of the southern man, "I told all the boys at home that I was going to have an operation performed, and if I don't make good they will kid the life out of me."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Winning Candidate.

Two candidates for the same office came into a certain town one day. The one called at a house where a little girl came to the door. Said he: "Sissie, will you please bring me a glass of water?" Having brought the water, he gave her some candy and asked: "Did the man ahead of me give you candy?" "Yes, sir." Then he gave her a nickel and said: "Did he give you money?" "Yes, sir; he gave me ten cents." Then, picking her up, he kissed her and said: "Did he kiss you?" "Yes, sir, and he kissed mamma, too!"

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. [illegible] constitutional remedies. [illegible] an inflamed condition of the [illegible] Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, [illegible] can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, [illegible] destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. [illegible] any case of Deafness [illegible] that cannot be cured by [illegible] circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

[illegible] constipation.

DISCOURAGEMENTS OF LITERATURE.

Mrs. Quiz—Has your husband ever been accused of plagiarism?

Mrs. Spacer—No; and it discourages him, too. It shows he has never written anything that's so good other people would like to claim it.

STOMACH MISERY VANISHES

Indigestion, Gas, Sourness and Dyspepsia Go and Your Stomach Feels Fine in Five Minutes.

If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or lays like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn or a sick, sour, upset or gassy stomach, that is a sign of indigestion.

Ask your Pharmacist for a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a little just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and besides, there will be no undigested food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it prevents fermentation and takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store here in town.

These large 50-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure any case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Gastritis or any other stomach disturbance.

All in Good Time.

Seven-year-old William had become the proud owner of a pet pig, and insisted upon having all the care of it himself. After a few weeks, as the pig did not seem to thrive, his father said to him:

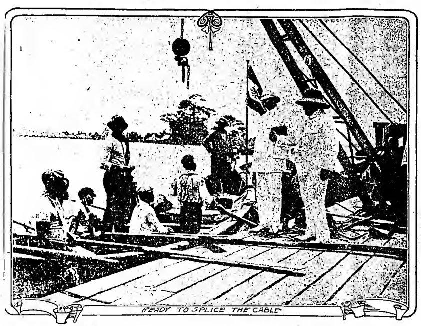
"William, I'm afraid you are not feeding your pig enough. It does not seem to be fattening at all."

"I don't want him to fatten yet," William replied, knowingly. "I'm waiting until he gets to be as long as I want him, then I'll begin to widen him out."—Tit-Bits.

What Murine Eye Remedy Does to the Eyes is to Refresh, Cleanse, Strengthen and Stimulate Healthful Circulation, Promoting Normal Conditions. Try Murine in your Eyes.

Many a guilty man escapes because he is so small he goes right through the net.

NEW CABLE LINE TO LIBERIA COMPLETED


READY TO SPLICE THE CABLE

SMALL and relatively insignificant as is Liberia, the nations of Europe are not overlooking it in their efforts to extend their trade. Germany and France both have had their eyes on the little black republic, and the latest development is the completion of a cable line by Germans connecting the capital, Monrovia, with Teneriffe in the Canary islands. The German consul at Monrovia, Herr Freytag, was present at the ceremony that attended the final splicing of the cable at the African city.

CARING FOR FACE

Prof. Paschkis of Vienna Gives Valuable Advice.

Expert in Dermatology Tells Men and Women What to Do in Properly Caring for Skin—Careful as to Soap.

Vienna.—Prof. Heinrich Paschkis, a distinguished member of the medical faculty of the University of Vienna, and a high authority in dermatology, has been giving his colleagues some valuable advice in cosmetics, the result of many years' experience. He thinks that doctors make a mistake in leaving beauty culture to manicures and quacks, as they themselves are much better able to detect the true causes of slight defects in physical appearance and to remedy them, thereby bringing happiness to many women, and men, too.

Professor Paschkis regards washing and bathing as the foundation of all cosmetics. The face should be washed morning and evening, the body once and the hands several times during the day. The water should not be hard; rain, river or boiled water is best. For the body the water may be according to custom and sensitiveness, from 60 to 68 degrees, warmer for the hands and quite hot for the face. As a refresher immediately after the hot water, cold water can be used to bathe the face.

A quick succession of hot and cold face baths is very good for treating red faces and the same may be used for red hands.

Fragrant toilet additions for the face washing are often desired, especially in the summer. But all sorts of resinous solutions, such as benzoin and balsam tinctures, should be avoided, as they tend to stop the exudations from the oleaginous glands. A teaspoonful of cologne water, alone, or with a few drops of vinegar, can be added with benefit to the water for washing the face.

For the ordinary bath aromatic tincture or ether oils mixed in the water will not only produce a pleasant odor, but will also exert a mildly stimulating effect on the skin.

Great care must be exercised in the choice of soap. Alkali soaps should be avoided, as they often produce skin eruptions. Neutral soaps are to be preferred. The soap must be thoroughly washed off and the skin dried with rough linen towels by vigorous rubbing toward the center. Sensitive skins should be dried with a soft cloth. An air bath is specially good for the body after the ordinary one.

Very highly important is the treatment of the skin after washing. Some sort of after treatment is really necessary, not alone in beauty culture, but for the rational care of the skin. Ointments, powders, alcoholic liquids or combinations of various kinds can be employed, according to individuality and the special qualities of the skin. The oldest practise, that of anointing, is seldom employed in Austria, as the climate is apt to make the skin too moist rather than too dry. For women particularly the best after treatment of the skin is with powder, especially for the face, neck and shoulders. With few exceptions, when properly employed, there is nothing to be said against its use. But strong starch powders and all unknown preparations should be carefully avoided. As absorbent, quickly drying and glistening powder for the body there is nothing better than the finest talc powder.

But as it is shiny and doesn't stick to the skin it must, when used for visible parts of the body, be mixed with some preparations of chalk or oxide of zinc. As white and rose colored powders make the skin look blue they should be mixed with yellow ochre and a little carmine made to a chamois color. This will take some trouble, as yellow ochre produces so many shades. For special purposes other powders may be mixed together; for instance, a large quantity of yellow ochre and umber brown for protection against the sun. In every case before going to bed the powder must be removed from the skin by grease.

Another after treatment consists in the use of alcoholic washes, scented or unscented. Cologne water diluted 30 to 50 per cent. makes a very good mixture. Generally it may be said that ointments are better for winter use for blondes, and powder and alcohol for the summer, and for brunettes altogether.

EARLY RISING BAD FOR BOYS

Londoner Maintains That Children Up Before Sunrise Are Usually Dull During Day.

London.—The old idea that it is good for boys to get up early and hustle about was vigorously assailed at a public inquiry at Spring gardens into the London county council by-laws regulating the employment of children under fourteen.

Among the witnesses was Mr. Jackman, a London county council headmaster, who said employment in barbers' shops was particularly objectionable, as the boys learned to bet and talk about horses and horse racing.

Young children who had to get up early were liable to be dull during the day.

"To say it is not natural for boys to go to bed at 7:30 is beside the point," a doctor said, in commenting on the evidence. "The natural thing to do is to sleep when you are tired and get up when you wake.

"Children of fourteen want quite nine hours' sleep and should not have to work so that their systems are overtaxed.

"If they do it is quite probable that getting up in the dark on raw winter mornings will, particularly when they have to trudge through snow and slush, give rise to bronchial and lung trouble. They are not in a condition to resist chills.

"But you never hear of a well fed boy who rises with the dawn to go out and amuse himself coming to any harm. It doesn't do to coddle boys—and it is wicked to overwork them. Overworked children are failures as adults, physically if not mentally."

ODD THINGS EATEN

Few People Aware That Muskrats Are Good.

Pork Is Important Article of Food with Anglo-Saxons and Teutonic People—Indians Eat Snakes and Grasshoppers.

New York.—Possum and raccoon are generally considered pretty good eating in the United States by folks who wouldn't dream of tasting woodchuck. And yet, says a writer in the American Boy, the woodchuck is far more cleanly in habits and diet and is far better eating than either of the former.

Few people are aware that muskrats are good to eat, and still more rare is the man who eats skunk, yet both of these animals are excellent if properly cooked.

Pork is an important article of food with Anglo-Saxon and Teutonic peoples, and yet there are whole races which regard it as absolutely unfit for human consumption.

Snakes are not at all bad, once people can overcome their natural prejudice, and lizards are eaten in many parts of the world. Grasshoppers are said to make excellent soup, to be good fried or roasted, and many Indian tribes dry them and grind them into flour.

Crickets are also dried and ground into meal by Oregon and California Indians, and ants are used to a large extent as food by Indians and African tribes. The Samoan islanders are very fond of a species of marine worm which appears periodically at their islands, and the natives leave all other occupations to gather the harvest of worms.

In Japan ferns of several kinds are eaten to a great extent, while burdock is raised extensively for the tuberous roots, and seaweeds of various kinds form an important article of diet.

On the American coast there are numerous edible seaweeds, but few people are aware that they are edible and nutritious. In fact, the value of sea animals and plants as food is little known, and many a white man would starve to death where an Asiatic or South Sea islander would find abundant food if cast away on an oceanic island.

Crabs, shrimp, sea shells, in fact, nearly every marine creature is edible, while the gigantic holothurians, or "sea cucumbers," so abundant in many tropical seas, are considered a great delicacy by many races, and the industry of gathering, drying and shipping these is very important in the Malaysian and Australian waters.

Dried and prepared for market, these creatures are known as beche-de-mer, and bring a good price in the Japanese, Chinese, Greek and southern European markets. The octopus or devilfish is also eaten extensively in China, Japan, Greece and West Indies, and when this repulsive looking creature is pounded into a pulp and made into soup it is really excellent.

In the West Indies the natives are fond of the great tree lizards known as iguanas. These creatures often grow to five or six feet in length.

EASY LIFE IN SWISS PRISON

So Much Luxury That Convicts Have Little Desire to Escape—Scenes at Sarnen.

London.—Prison life in Switzerland is a luxury instead of a punishment. The comic opera jail at Thorburg, where the inmates did as they pleased, has only recently been suppressed by the Berne authorities, yet details are published of a similar institution at Sarnen, in the canton of Oswald.

Sarnen is apparently an ideal penal resort, for the happy criminals who are sentenced to terms of "detention" in that institution have a far better time than hundreds of "free" Swiss citizens who are forced to earn their bread.

A correspondent of a Lausanne paper states that he was passing through Sarnen when he saw a number of men dressed in dark blue clothes with white stripes walking about the village smoking and joking.

Others were seated in a cafe and some were working in leisurely manner carrying bricks for the construction of a new building. To his astonishment the correspondent found that the men were convicts from the cantonal prison close by.

These convicts were permitted to leave the prison early in the morning and find work around Sarnen or walk about the country until nightfall, when they return of their own accord to the prison.

They are unaccompanied by wardens and there is nothing to prevent their escaping, but they are far too comfortable to think of relinquishing their quarters, for they have as much liberty as other men and are, moreover, fed and lodged for nothing.

The money earned by those convicts who choose to work can be spent as they like. One convict who is employed as a gardener by a local magistrate sends his monthly salary to his wife and children.

Two or three convicts "escaped" several weeks ago, but they eventually returned to the prison in a half famished condition, and after being severely reprimanded they were allowed to return to their apartments.

Prettiest Austrian Named.

Vienna.—Miss Melia Rybicke, hailing from the Tyrol, is the handsomest gentlewoman in the Austrian empire. At least she was so pronounced at the national beauty competition, at which she won the first prize. This competition was restricted to women of title and the wives and daughters of military and professional men. Actresses and professional beauties were rigorously excluded.

Values Hair at $50,000.

New York.—Mrs. Clara Beddow of Elizabeth, N. J., is suing the Public Service Railway company to recover $50,000 for the loss of her hair.

She alleges that she fell from a car a year ago, receiving a scalp wound which necessitated the clipping of her tresses, and that they never grew in to their former length and beauty. A jury will pass upon their value.

FIGHT TO FINISH

HOUSE OF LARDS THE MOST PROMINENT QESTION NOW IN ISSUE.

OPPOSE AMERICAN CASH

Asquith and Balfour Have Both Announced Plan of Campaign—Will Be Short, Sharp and Decisive.

London, Nov. 19.—With the delivery of Premier Asquith's speech declaring the policy of the government, following as it did Balfour's speech outlining the Unionist policy early in the week, the two parties in the political contest have laid their cards on the table. The fight will be short and sharp and, from the attitude of the politicians who have already taken the platform, as bitter as it will be short.

When the failure of the veto conference was announced, all signs favored the government's candidates, just fresh from their success in the elections. Good trade returns increase the popularity of free trade while Unionists disorganized, had apparently lost heart, some of their newspapers even predicting their defeat should the election ensue. The approach of the dissolution of parliament, however, restored their confidence and although a section of the party, which a few days ago, advocated federal home rule, is finding it awkward to recant, the ranks generally have been reformed.

The house of lords naturally is the foremost question on which the election will be fought. A section of Unionists made up of old tories, is unwilling to accept Balfour's scheme for the reform of the upper chamber, particularly owing to the elimination of hereditary principles, but the influence of the men who comprise this section will have little effect.

A plank of importance in the Unionist platform is the opposition to home rule and the "use of American dollars to destroy the British constitution."

The latter has lost some force through the publication of a statement that a sum of only $75,000 was collected by the Irish leader, one-third of which came from Canada, the subscription list in that country being headed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier.

COUNT TOLSTOI DEAD.

Aged Novelist and Reformer Succumbs to Inevitable.

Astapova, Nov. 19.—Count Leo Tolstoi died peacefully this morning. Dr. Makovetsky and the other attending physicians and Countess Tolstoi were at his bedside when the end came. It was recognized long before that his case was hopeless and at 5 o'clock in the morning after the countess had been summoned and other members of the family had gathered in an adjoining room, the physicians issued a bulletin announcing that the activity of the heart had almost ceased and that Tolstoi's condition was extremely dangerous. Several of the physicians were greatly overcome by the approaching death of Russia's great writer.

Count Lyof Nikolaivitch Tolstoi, usually called Count Leo Tolstoi, novelist and social reformer, was born Aug. 28, 1828, at Yasnaya Poliana in the province of Tula, Russia. When 23 years old, he entered the army and served in the Caucasus and in the defense of Sebastopol against the British and French allied forces. He first made his reputation in literature by a series of vivid sketches written from Sebastopol. When he left the army, soon after the Crimean war, he devoted himself entirely to literature.

Insurrection in Mexico.

Mexico City, Mex., Nov. 19.—Reports from Puebla, where a revolutionary rioting occurred yesterday are that the town is quiet today. Similar reports are received from interior cities.

The estimates of number killed in the fighting vary from 100 to 170.

Strong forces of cavalry and infantry are patrolling the streets and pickets and sharpshooters occupy church towers. The revolutionary movement which began when the police attempted to break up a meeting of anti-re-electionists, appears to have ended with the capture of the home of Jose Cordan, who is credited with having headed the rebels. Cerdan is said to have escaped. He is a grandson of Gen. Miguel Alathiste, former governor of the state of Puebla.

American Sailor Stabbed.

Cherbourg, France, Nov. 19.—Patrick J. Fitzsimmons, a sailor from the battleship Louisiana, who was stabbed during a fight last night between white and colored bluejackets from the American fleet, died this afternoon. Benjamin Prim from Kansas, who also was wounded, is improving.

Cloudy in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 19.—Twelve minutes of sunshine in seven and one-half days is all that Pittsburg enjoyed from midnight Nov. 10 until noon yesterday, according to an announcement of the weather bureau last night. This is less than two minutes a day.

Suffragettes Released.

London, Nov. 19.—To their chagrin, 116 suffragettes who were arrested yesterday during their attempt to force an audience with Premier Asquith were discharged in Bow street police court today. The defendants had been released on bail last night. When they were arraigned today the attorney for the crown announced that Home Secretary Churchill had decided on the ground of public policy, that no benefit would be gained by proceeding with the prosecution. The willing martyrs to the cause of woman suffrage received this statement with hisses and boos.

The Duma Adjourns.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 21.—The duma adjourned today's session out of respect for Count Leo Tolstoi. The decision to adjourn was reached only after a wrangle, the members of the extreme right contending that to honor the memory of Count Tolstoi would be to challenge the Greek Catholic church It also was asserted that the duma was a state institution to which the count was especially opposed.

Queen of Belgium Ill.

Brussels, Nov. 21.—The condition today of Queen Elizabeth who is ill with bronchitis, is serious.

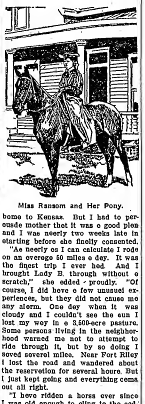
RODE A HORSE TO COLLEGE

Young Woman Makes 350-Mile Trip From Perry, Okla., to Lawrence, Kan.

Lawrence, Kan.—Miss Mabel Edith Ransom arrived at Lawrence from her former home at Perry, Okla., after riding 350 miles on the back of her little two-year-old pony, Lady Barber. Ascending Mount Oread, the young woman left her horse long enough to register in the department of home economics at the school. Remounting, she rode to a house on Ohio street, where her mother has recently moved from Perry. Then she entered the regular state university classes in which she had enrolled.

The young woman decided to ride to Lawrence because of her great love for horseback riding and partly because of her love for the pet pony.

"There was no way I could bring her with me," she declares, "unless I shipped her in a stock car. I was afraid she might take ear fever or be injured during the trip, and finally hit upon the plan of riding from Oklahoma to Kansas. But I had to persuade mother that it was a good plan and I was nearly two weeks late in starting before she finally consented.



Miss Ransom and Her Pony.

"As nearly as I can calculate I rode on an average 50 miles a day. It was the finest trip I ever had. And I brought Lady B. through without a scratch," she added proudly. "Of course, I did have a few unusual experiences, but they did not cause me any alarm. One day when it was cloudy and I couldn't see the sun I lost my way in a 3,500-acre pasture. Some persons living in the neighborhood warned me not to attempt to ride through it, but by so doing I saved several miles. Near Fort Riley I lost the road and wandered about the reservation for several hours. But I just kept going and everything came out all right.

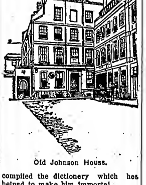
"I have ridden a horse ever since I was old enough to cling to the saddle, so I suppose I had more confidence in myself and my pony than had the thing been entirely new to me."

DICTIONARY WAS MADE HERE

Unless Steps Are Taken to Prevent It, Dr. Johnson's House Will Be Destroyed.

London.—To many American tourists the English seem to be a nation of beggars. His royal highness, the Prince of Teck, begs that you will subscribe to his pet hospital fund; old Harry, from the gutter, begs you to buy a boot-lace. Today we read the advertisement, "Wanted a millionaire," who will come forward and secure for the nation Doctor Johnson's house in Gough Square.

It was here that the men who defined a lexicographer as "a compiler of dictionaries, a harmless drudge," compiled the dictionary which has helped to make him immortal.



Old Johnson House.

Commissioned by the chief booksellers in London in 1747, for a fee of $7,500, the dictionary was completed in eight years. The attic of his house was fitted up like a counting house, in which he gave to his six copyists their several tasks. The words partly taken from other dictionaries and partly supplied by himself, having been first written down with a space left between them, he delivered in writing their etymologies, definitions and various significations. The authorities were copied from the books themselves, in which he had marked the passages with a lead pencil, the traces of which would be easily effaced.

Roast Python.

Paris.—Every year the Societe d'Acclimation de France holds a banquet in Paris at which strange dishes appear on the menu. This society was founded in 1854 and numbers some of the most illustrious men in France. This year the dish about which the most interest centers was furnished by two venerable pythons. The snakes came from Borneo 15 years ago, and each was considerably over ten feet long. There was some hesitation about tasting roast snake, but the president, Edmond Perrier, set the example, and the others took courage. The verdict was that python is something like eel, neither very good nor very bad, so the public has not missed much, after all.

Youthful Wisdom.

Father—Why did my little boy send his papa a letter with only a capital T written on the page while he was away?

Little Son—Because I thought you'd go around among your friends with it and say: "My boy is only four years old, and just see the capital letter he writes!"—Judge.

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Scant Pasturage.

"I am afraid the moths will get into my bathing suit," said Maud.

"It would be a shame," replied Maymie. "The poor things would starve to death."

Pneumonia and Consumption are always preceded by an ordinary cold. Hamlins Wizard Oil rubbed into the chest draws out the inflammation, breaks up the cold and prevents all serious trouble.

A bachelor girls' club is an association of women who think they are more likely to get husbands by pretending not to want them.

Pettit's Eye Salve for 25c.

Relieves tired, congested, inflamed and sore eyes, quickly stops eye aches. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Women seem to live faster than men. Many a man has lived to flirt with the daughter of the woman he came near marrying.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

How would you like an unbossed and lobbyless legislature for a change?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There's many a penitent man in the penitentiary.

OWES HER LIFE TO Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Chicago, Ill.—"I was troubled with falling and inflammation, and the doctors said I could not get well unless I had an operation. I knew I could not stand the strain of one, so I wrote to you sometime ago about my health and you told me what to do. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier I am to-day a well woman."—Mrs. William Ahrens, 988 W. 21st St., Chicago, Ill.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases of any similar medicine in the country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every such suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High est references. Best results

Fargo Directory

THE PIONEER LIFE INS. CO. of N. D. All premiums are left in your state for its development. Country bankers may become depositaries. Policies guaranteed by state deposit. Agents wanted. J. J. Fekler, Sec., Fargo, N.D.

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Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention.
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KODAK adds enjoyment to every sport or recreation. Kodak way is easy and simple. Kodaks $5 to $110. Ask us for a copy of the Kodak Catalog. E. A. Ebert-Nestos Co., Fargo, N.D.

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Growers and shippers of CUT FLOWERS, PLANTS etc. The largest facilities and best appointed service in the West for handling out of town orders. Funeral designs made on short notice. Phone or write or Night or Day. Established a quarter of a century. Send for catalogue. Corner Broadway & Front Street, Fargo, N. D.

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Receives hides and skins for tanning to harness leather, robes and coats. Robes lined, hides bought, leather and robes for sale. Send for price list.
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A piano anyone can play without instruction. Write for free catalog and full information.
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DAKOTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
Complete courses in Music and Dramatic Art. Catalogue free Fargo, North Dakota.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

BY C. & C. BAKER

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

Now that the state of Washington has given the vote to women, the suffragets will have the strenuous task of "getting out the vote."

For a boy to have a few hard raps in his struggles in youth increases his equipment for bigger encounters later in life. Just watch us soak it to Michigan next year.

The senator who opposes reapportionment because to favor it will aid in legislating himself out of office, reduces the "position" he is presumed to occupy to a mere "job."

The twin city managers in placing the ban on the Salome show were probably acting in self-defense. Chicago has just "seen" Salome and is terribly shocked, and it takes some kind of a show to do that to Chicago.

An excuse that will be offered by certain members of the legislature for opposing reapportionment is that to give northern Minnesota more representation will be to give to the steel trust added political power. That is, of course, a debatable question and has no bearing on the real reapportionment agitation. The talk is simply an evasion. The reapportionment demand stands on its merits. In a government presumed to be representative northern Minnesota has only meagre representation. The reapportionment demand is going down to the legislature next winter and is going to find out just where every senator and representative stands on this representative government idea.

Southern Minnesota exchanges commenting on northern Minnesota's demand for reapportionment and other needed legislation give expression to the opinion that the demands of northern Minnesota are just and fair, but that the legislature will back up in a corner and refuse to act until 1914. That northern Minnesota is taxed without representation is admitted, but to provide for reapportionment at once would be to legislate senators who were elected for four year terms last fall out of office. That, of course, is no reason for refusing to act, and is a very poor excuse. Northern Minnesota is not asking for what is not its due; no favors are asked. The north country has been unfairly treated for years, and the demand at this time is that justice, long withheld, shall at last be given.

THE COMMON CAUSE.

As we were saying when we were interrupted by the late unpleasantness—if so amiable and docile and sluggish an affair as the recent campaign can be called an unpleasantness—it is time to remember that the word is "All eyes on Brainerd."

The third and most important meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association will be held at Brainerd Dec. 1 and 2. and all northern Minnesota should be there. Every county, every city, every village, every township, every farming community, ought to be represented at that meeting, for questions that vitally concern farm, home and city will be discussed there with a view to forming plans for tangible and aggressive action.

The Northern Minnesota Development association has proved itself the biggest institution ever devised for the common good in northern Minnesota. It has concentrated the scattered forces of northern Minnesota. It has developed the statin power of northern Minnesota and generated from it a dynamic force. It has knitted all sections of northern Minnesota together with a common cause. It has made reapportionment a word known in every part of the state. It has forced reapportionment into the platforms of both the parties, so that no public official can evade his duty of justice toward the disfranchised thousands of northern Minnesota without treachery to his party and betrayal of its pledges. It has woven into the plaforms of both parties positive declarations for positive efforts toward the development of northern Minnesota and toward uplifting from the shoulders of the settlers the heavy burdens placed upon them by the state's neglect.

All this the Northern Minnesota Development association has achieved, and its age is young, its work hardly begun.

At Brainernd plans will be formed for marching, with this newly united force, upon the state legislature to demand justice. The demand will not be made in any preemptory or impudent form; neither will the approach be made with bending knees and curving backs. If necessary it may be called a "request" instead of a "demand;" but it will be a self-respecting and confident request, made firm by the knowledge that the cause is just.

The real issues of the legislature at the session begining in January will be justice to northern Minnesota in the matter of reapportionment and justice to the whole state in the matter of dealing with state lands. The plan of handling state lands needs a thorough overhauling and changes amounting to complete revolution.

Northern Minnesota is asking no charity. It is asking only justice. When it asks the state to use the contents of its treasury to improve and develop its landed possessions of the north, it does not ask for a donation, but for a wise investment that will return handsome profits to the state.

These things are the meaning of the Brainerd meeting, which will be held in a short time. The session of the legislature is not far away, and plans must be made for the effective presentation of the case of northern Minnesota. To that end every section and every community of northern Minnesota should be represented at Brainerd. —Duluth Herald.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

COADJUTORS' REMARKS.

"If all that prevents the senators voting for reapportionment is the prospective loss of salary," says R. C. Dunn, "then for one I am ready to introduce a bill for an appropriation of $60,000 to pay them off at the close of two years. If it's salary they want they can have no further objection if we who favor reapportionment are ready to vote with them for it. If there is any other reason why they don't want reapportionment, the people ought to know it. If they have tied themselves up I believe in giving them an opportunity to explain where and how."

Anyway, if we had women suffrage, we could expect to see a few of the political plums fall into the laps of some of the peaches, and that would help some.—Walker Pilot.

Despite "Pussyfoot's" arbitrary order, the Times office is "gettin' 'em up" right along.—Cass Lake Times.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
November 18th, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor, pursuant to Chapter 230 of the General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. November 18th, 1010, for the purpose of hearing and considering the report of the engineer and viewers on the ditch petitioned for by Ole Bratland and others, designted as County Ditch No. 51.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M. November 18th. 1010.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: None.

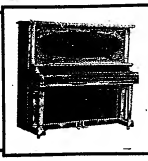
The matter of the petition of Ole Bratland and others for county ditch No. 51 was taken up. The petition was read and considered. The viewers' and engineer's reports were read and considered, after which on motion made by Commissioner Johnson and duly seconded by Commissioner Demaun the final hearing on said ditch was by unanimous vote of the Board postponed until the 16th day of December 1010 at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The engineer, C. H. Martz, ordered to make and file previous to the meeting of December 16th, 1910, a supplemental report on said ditch.

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board:
(County Auditor's Seal)

You Can Win This Beautiful



Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
Name..............................
Address..............................
If voted before December 15, 1910.

Nomination Ballot
Good for 50 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.
I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest
Name..............................
Address..............................
Only one nominaton ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

Grand Prize—One plano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as necessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The Contest will close at 0 p. m., Jon. 16, 1911.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year, $1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years, 3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years, 4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years, 6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years, 7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
November 5th, 1010.

Pursuant to call the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county Minnesota. met in special session at the office of the County Auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., at 10:00 o'clock A. M. November 5th. 1010.

Members present: Lindquist, Demann, Aubol, Johnson and Pigeon.

Members absent: none.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10:00 o'clock A. M. November 5th, 1010.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 1:00 o'clock P. M.

Board reconvened at 1:00 o'clock P. M., all members present and called to order by the Chairman.

Motion made by Commissioner Deman, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon, that M. P. Hussey be employed to build a cistern at the end of the sewer pipe at the court house grounds.

Motion carried unanimosly.

On motion duly carried county ditch No. 24 was accepted.

On motion duly carried county ditch No. 31 was accepted.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

James Brady, to material and labor for floor in attic room as per Board's resolution	$179.00
John Drier, 15 days night watchman for court house	45.00
Miller-Davis Ptg Co. supplies for county offices	12 00
Sec. B. B. & Ptg Co., supplies for county offices	40 50
Free Press Ptg. Co., supplies for county offices	32 45
Free Press Ptg. Co., supplies for county offices	25 00
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., supplies for county offices	2 04
Louis F. Dow & Co. supplies for county offices	1.48
Brown Tracy & Sperry Co., supplies for county offices	14.00
Lewis A. Nelson, telephone tolls as per voucher	4 00
Lewis A. Nelson, turnkey wages September	60 00
Lewis A. Nelson, turnkey wages October	62 00
Lewis A Nelson, board of prisoners, September	67 20
Lewis A. Nelson, board of prisoners, Oct.	55 80
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. State vs Johnson	2 08
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. state vs W. A. Johnson	2 08
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. state vs Borgen	2 08
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. state vs. Dsnaber	2 08
Lewis A. Nelson, exps State vs Lundell	30 16
Lewis A. Nelson, exps. state vs Masters	13 30
C. W. Johnson, per diem month of June and July 1909 and Jan'y 1910, member board of audit	60 00
O. W. Johnson, per diem during May, 1910, member board of Audit	24 00
C. W. Johnson, per diem months of July, August and October, 1910, member board of audit	39 00
Red River Power Co., October electric lights	12 10
H. F. Anderson, exps as Co. Supt	21 63
Red Lake Falls Tel. Ex., rent of phones from 7-1 to 11-1; 1910	44 25
Aris Lambert, drayage per bill	2 00
Adelard Delorme, 1½ cords of wood for county	6 00
Adelard Laurent, work on court house grounds	3 00
A. A. Latendresse, exps tel. tolls and postage	43 19
A. S. Anderson, procuring primary ballots	1 20
M. Ducharme, procuring primary ballots	1 00
Ed. Enright, carrying primary returns	2 40
Andrew Nilson, carrying primary returns	2 67
A. S. Anderson, procuring gen. election ballots	1 20
J. L. Cossette, procuring gen. election ballots	3 20
August Krause, returning primary ballots	2 27
Martin McAndrews, 1 day as chainman ditch no. 53	2 00
Martin McAndrews, 5 days as chainman ditch no. 55	10 00
Carl Belswinger, building bridge ditch no. 35	25 30
Shaw and Doege, placing ten culverts ditch no 39	250 00
Gunder Olson, placing culvert ditch no. 44	20 00
Lewis A. Nelson, posting notices ditch no. 51	17 00
Lewis A. Nelson, posting notices ditch no. 54	7 60
Lewis A. Nelson, posting notices ditch no. 56	7 60
C. H. Martz, 5 days engineer with viewers no. 52	25 00
C. H. Martz, livery and exps a-c viewing ditch no. 52	30 00
Otto Zeiser, per diem and exp. final hearing viewer ditch no. 50	9 00
Joseph Belair, per diem and exps as viewer. final hearing ditch no. 54	8 00
Dan Latendresse, per diem and exps viewer final hearing ditches no. 54 & 50	9 00
Otto Zeisor, 10 days viewer and exps ditch no. 52	40 00
Alfred Lindquist, 10 days viewer and exps ditch no. 52	40 00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage inspecting no. 39	14 00
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 39	14 70
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 39	10 00
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 39	14 60
C. A. Lindquist, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 31	11 40
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 31	12 70
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 31	10 20
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage inspecting ditch no. 31	12 00
C. A. Lindquist, mileage attending spec. meet county Board	3 60
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage attending special meet county board	1 40
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage attending special meet county board	3 00
Joseph Johnson, mileage attending spec. meet county board	4 00
Joseph Pigeon, mileage attending special meet county board	3 20

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

The Rule of Three.

Professor McGoozie—It is astonishing how little the young people of the present day know of mathematics. For example, Miss Turtun—or you, Mr. Sparks—do you remember what the rule of three is?

Miss Turtun—Oh, yes, professor; I haven't forgotten that, I think. "Three is a crowd." That right?—Chicago Tribune.

A Hard World.

"Barker is awfully discontented."

"What's the matter with him? He earns enough to keep his family together, doesn't he?"

"Yes, but he wants to make enough to keep them apart."—Philadelphia Ledger.

This Rapid Age.

One virtue in this fast fleeting pace of ours—nothing has time to become monotonous.—Omaha Bee.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.
MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

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Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

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DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

Our $50.00 Business Course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. The new $85.00 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) will supply bookkeepers for the larger concerns and tellers and cashiers for the Northwestern banks. The Stenographic Course (under an expert reporter) trains high grade stenographers and court reporters. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass County Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can any other school offer you this evidence of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificiently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
9-11 EIGHTH STREET SOUTH FARGO, N. D.

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN [illegible] BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
[illegible] Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
[illegible]
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
[illegible] State Bank

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday nig[illegible] in M. B. [illegible] hall. [illegible], Pres., [illegible] Dicu[illegible], Secy.

I. O. O. F. Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G.; F. A. [illegible], V. G.; F. A. Miren, R. S.; Dr. J. E. [illegible], F. S.; H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

[illegible] debility, loss [illegible] weak back, failing [illegible] Detroit, Mich.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. **Crookston, Minn.**

FALLS MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game. Poultry

Telephone 19

We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade

Campbell & Baum

COLORADO LAND
We desire to place on the market at once 12 sections of farming land which is close to R. R. and markets. Smooth and level rich black soil, no stones, selling from $12.00 to $20.00 per acre. Best land in the State. Write for full particulars.
N. MacPHEE
505 Alworth Bldg. Duluth, Minn

SHIP GRAIN
For best results and careful attention to
CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
Minneapolis and Duluth

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,
Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.
References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

PROCEEDINGS

Official Proceedings, Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
November 18th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman at 2:00 o'clock P. M., all members being present.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol that the application of Alphonse Paquin for license to sell intoxicating liquors in the village of Oklee be rejected.

Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Johnson that the application of Anton Anderson to sell intoxicating liquors at the village of Wylie in said county be granted.

Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by Commissioner Pigeon, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol that county ditch No. 39 be accepted and the engineer and bondsmen discharged.

Motion carried unanimously.

The application of Leo Steinert for reduction of assessments and taxes on real estate in the city of Red Lake Falls for the years 1897, 1898 and 1899 was granted subject to the approval of the State Tax Commission.

On motion duly carried the property heretofore deeded to the county by J. A. Duffy was turned back to him inasmuch as said property was not used by the county for the purposes expressed in the deed conveying the same.

Moved, seconded and carried unanimously that the night watchman at the court house be discharged.

Auditor instructed to advertise for bids for decorating court house interior for meeting of December 16, 1910.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Security Blank Book & Ptg. Co., supplies for county offices	69.10
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county offices	23 50
Fritz & Cross, record book judge of probate	25 00
Fritz & Cross, supplies for county offices	3 25
Joseph Pigeon, mileage member court house com	12 80
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage member court house com	5 60
C. A. Lindquist, mileage member court house com	14 40
A. L. Reichert, supplies for county offices	11 30
H. F. Anderson, exps as co. supt	33 94
Red Lake Falls Gazette, supplies for county offices	20 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, misc. publications	143.00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, misc. publications	303.00
C. A. Lindquist, per diem, meet unorg. school dist	3.00
Adelard Delorme, 2 cords of wood, clerk of court	8 00
O. F. Melby, coroner fees exam. into death of Nellie Smith	10 40
Knute Kolstad, 2 months rent office for surveyor	1 00
John Drier night watchman court house	39 00
Anthony Dannaker, procuring primary ballots	1 30
O. J. Johnson, procuring primary ballots	1 20
J. S. Roy, returns primary election	1 88
W. E. Wood, procuring primary and gen. election ballots	3 30
Ildaige Baril, procuring primary ballots and returning same	3 20
Ildaige Baril, procuring general election ballots and returning same	3 20
Joseph Perrault, procuring primary ballots and general election ballots	2 40
Ernest J. Akerlund, procuring general election ballots	1 00
Torins Hemmestvedt, Jr., procuring general election ballots	1 50
Olof Tande, procuring gen. elec. ballots	1 40
N. J. Anderson, procuring gen. elec. ballots	1 00
Alex F. Lattimore, procuring gen. elec. ballots	2 09
Lars G. Nettisland, procuring gen. elec. ballots	1 20
O. J. Johnson, procuring gen. elec. ballots	1 80
Arthur Hall, procuring gen. elec. ballots	1 20
Alex Patnode, " " "	2 00
Lewis Salt, " " "	2 00
C. E. Naplin, " " "	4 00
Anthony Dannaker, " " "	1 30
Nels K. Anderson, " " "	3 00
Felix Anderson, " " "	2 40
Geo. M. Gunderson " " "	2 20
A. J. Hemstad, " " "	1 60
Anton Lee, services making general elec returns	2 44
T. O. Helle, services making general elec returns	1 10
Swan E. Walberg, services making general elec returns	2 05
Elias Graville, services making general elec returns	2 60
Hans H. Fjeld, services making general elec returns	2 45
C. P. Brorby, services making general elec returns	1 80
P. S. Madebill, services making general elec returns	1 96
H. A. Olson, services making general elec returns	1 80
E. E. Fletcher, services making general elec returns	1 20
John O. Swanson, services making general elec returns	2 96
John Naplin, services making general elec returns	3 80
Alcide Perusse, services making general elec returns	3 20
J. S. Roy, services making general elec returns	1 66
J. P. Herren, services making general elec returns	1 20
George Walker, services making general elec returns	2 20
Christ Thompson, services making general elec returns	1 30
M. J. Berg, services making general elec returns	2 71
John Power, services making general elec returns	2 80
Frank Gronier, services making general elec returns	1 20
Henry Rondorf, services making general elec returns	1 40
R. H. Creen, services making general elec returns	2 06
August Kranse, services making general elec returns	3 72
C. H. Mertz, 2 days engineer co. ditch no. 10	10 00
" eng'r exps a-c ditch no. 6	7 00
James Walker, chainman a-c ditch no. 6	2 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pubs. a-c ditch no. 47	17 40
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pubs. a-c ditch no. 48	16 20
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 49	8.40
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pub. a-c ditch no. 51	11.55
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pubs. a-c ditch no. 54	3 00
Red Lake Falls Gazette, pubs. a-c ditch no. 56	6 75
Arthur Hall, 3 days as rodman a-c ditch no. 32	7 50
Arthur Hall, 2 days as rodman a-c ditch no. 34	5 00
Arthur Hall, 6 days as rodman a-c ditch no. 47	15 00
Arthur Hall, 2 days as rodman a-c ditch no. 55	5 00
C. H. Mertz, 1 day engineer a-c ditch no. 24	5 00
" 2 days engineer a-c ditch no. 31	10 00
" 1 day engineer a-c ditch no. 32	5 00
" 2 days engineer a-c ditch no. 34	10 00
" 2 days engineer a-c ditch no. 39	10 00
" 2 days engineer a-c ditch no. 43	10 00
" 1 day engineer a-c ditch no. 47	5 00
" 1 day engineer a-c ditch no. 49	5 00
" 1 day engineer a-c ditch no. 50	5 00
" 3 days engineer a-c ditch no. 53	15 00
" 1 day engineer a-c ditch no. 54	5 00
" 1 day engineer a-c ditch no. 55	5 00
" Eng'r exp ditch no. 24	1 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 31	7 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 32	1 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 34	7 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 39	2 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 43	12 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 47	1 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 49	6 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 50	5 50
" eng'r exp ditch no. 53	8 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 55	1 00
" eng'r exp ditch no. 56	5 50
James Walker, 1 day as chainman ditch no. 53	2 00
James Walker, 5 days service as chainman ditch no. 55	10 00
Jos. T. Maresh, placing culvert ditch no. 44	15 00
Albert Drydahl, placing culverts ditch no. 44	30 00
Northern Culvert Co., 1 culvert a-c ditch no. 39	130 44
C. H. Newberry & Co., livery for viewers ditch no. 47	12 50
Alfred Lindquist, per diem and exp as viewer final hearing on ditch no. 51	8 50
C. A. Lindquist per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditch no. 51	6 60
Wm. C. L. Demann, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditch no. 51	4 40
Ed. A. Aubol, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditch no. 51	6 00
Joseph Johnson, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditch no. 51	7 00
Joseph Pigeon, per diem and mileage spec. meet a-c ditch no. 51	6 20

On motion duly carried the following bill was laid over:

Geo. D. Barnard & Co., Docket Clerk of Court	22 75

On motion duly carried the Board adjourned sine die.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman.
Board of County Commissioners.
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board,
(County Auditor's Seal)

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Bratland and others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 51.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of such County as county ditch No. 51 beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between section thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154) Range thirty-nine (39) and section four (4) and five (5), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range thirty-nine (39) running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: extending thence due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the south line of sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south-west corner of section thirty-one (31), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range thirty-nine (39), thence extending due west and parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line on the south line of sections thirty-six (36), thirty-five (35), thirty-four (34), thirty-three (33) and section thirty-two (32), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty (40), to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south-west corner of section thirty-two (32) in said town and range where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in branch number One (1) of county ditch No. Thirty-nine (39) of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

The said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40), as appears by the report of the Engineer hereafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit, Svend Erwick, Anton Srnsky, Peter Lovly, George Wagner, Maria Lindor, Frank J. Madden, Andrew C. Douglas, Math Barzen, Albert Arntz, Hans H. Hanson, Christian L. Hanson, John D. Vaughan, Sarah E. Vaughan Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson, Alois Srnsky, Albert Trnka, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fort, Aslak Salverson, Ole T. Bratland, Joseph Vorlicky, John Pellet, Gustaf A. Bakkim, Anton Myrum, Frederick M. Spillum, Otto C. Benz, John O Brensdal, Reier O. Bratten, Gilbert C. Gulrud, Julia Tyndall, Ole Seving, Township of Reiner, Township of Star. Township of High Landing, and Township of Goodridge, and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the County Auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of the County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 10th day of December, 1910 at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. of said day, for a second hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of
Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal.) D1-8

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of John Polhrook and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 52.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 52, said ditch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40). Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections five (5) and six (6) of said township and range, thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between section five (5) and six (6), seven and eight (7) and (8). seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) and sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of said section twenty (20) where hereto, described portion of said main ditch terminates and has its outlet in ditch No. forty-eight (48), thence starting at a point twenty (20) feet east and five hundred and fifty (550) feet south of the said southwest corner of section twenty (20) and running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty (30) and sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to the Clearwater river where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

Description of Branch Number 1, of Ditch Number 52.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred and fifty-two (152), range forty (40). Commencing at a point fourteen hundred (1400) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the quarter corner between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15) nine (9) and sixteen (16) and sections eight (8) and seventeen (17), to the southwest corner of section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the main ditch No. 52.

Description of Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 52.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) range forty (40). Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north of the south west corner of section seven (7) thence running due east parallel with and tweny (20) feet north of the section line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) to the south east corner of section seven (7) where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 52, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:

Pete Gustafson, Tone O. Rjnestad, Torkel T. Lands, Fred L. Furley, Swan B. Swanson, Knut Olson, Gustav Swenson, Andreas Arnsen, Dwight Bangs, Thomas C. Rome, Fred York, Hans S. Quam, Elvira C. Hovland, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hyland, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skreland, Torger Thorsen Lunden, Mike Kolski, John L. Radnsoki, Walenty Wajnorawski, Andrew A. Brevold, August J. Lillo, Knut E. Syvernd, Charles W. Johnson, George Singer, William J. Polhrook, Clarence Hayford, Oscar E. Lillo, Engo Pedersen, Wilson L. Rodman, John Olson, Edward Singer, Anton Knudson, Lewis M. Lunds, Jens Smeland. Oscar Newland, Peter Milne, Amund K. Breeland, Albert Hansen, Jermund K. Rystad, Evyind Schjelrup, William M. Erh, Christian O. Lindberg, Bernhard Liadberg, Kettell Vinnilos, Gust B. Tveit, Martin Soleum, Sten Jurgenson, Andrew T. Myrum, Olans Nelson, Tollak Gulbreelson, F. O. Gustafson, Aslak T. Tveteken, Ole M. Bakke, Sever Maaren, Nels P. Johnson, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that therefore, the county board of Red Lake county, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 10th day of December, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of
Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal)

No. 9837

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrence O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

(SEAL) LAWRENCE O. MURRY,
Comptroller of the Currency

BROOKS.

The farmers' institute held Friday afternoon at the M. W. A. hall was well attended. It was conducted by C. E. Brown of Elk River and C. O. Carlson of Eskine. Messrs. Brown and Carlson kindly consented to speak to the pupils at the school house in the morning.

Misses Olive and Delia Ford went to Thief River Falls Wednesday evening. Miss Olive had been spending a few days with her sister, Delia, who is teaching in district No. 151.

Julien Guerad and Miss Clara Champagne, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Champagne of Brooks, were married at the Lambert Catholic church Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Delia Parenteau and Miss Clara Tollefson spent Thanksgiving day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Parenteau of Red Lake Falls.

Messrs. Arthur Laniel, Wm. Hunt and Bert Vague have gone on a hunting trip.

Mrs. H. L. Schulte of Penn, N. Dak. is visiting Mrs. S. M. Strand.

Dr. Jos. Allair, who has been in Brooks for about two years, has gone to North Dakota. He has not yet decided where he will locate but probably at Pembina or Gafton.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Leroux spent Thanksgiving day with relatives near Lambert.

The basket social given last week by Miss Sarah Froisness, teacher in district No. 1, for the benefit of the school was a success.

Miss Anna Moran of Thief River Falls was in town Monday morning on her way to Bucktown to take charge of Miss Wilson's school until Miss Wilson feels able to teach.

Miss Lottie Beaudin of Terrebonne is clerking at the Deymonaz Bros. store.

H. L. Premo went to St. Paul Saturday evening.

C. E. Holland and Miss Edna Helland of Ada spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Strand.

Jos. Champagne, Louis Desautel, Napoleon and Arthur Lussier and Frank Marsonette have gone to Beaudette to work.

Joe Hebert has returned from Fargo.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cyr spent Thanksgiving with relatives at Red Lake Falls.

Wm. Hunt returned Thursday from Red Lake Falls.

Mr. Poirior and daughter have gone to Crookston.

Jos. Bergerois has returned from Beaudette.

WYLIE.

Wm. Brand and Oscar Boucher came over from Euclid Saturday to spend the day at the Brandt home.

Mrs. Frank Newton of Grand Forks arrived Friday for a two weeks' visit at the Landman home.

Edna Gother spent Thanksgiving with her sister, Mrs. Thor Smidsang.

Mr. Leberry of Euclid, visited at the Brandt home Wednesday.

Mr. Davies and C. B. Houston of Red Lake Falls were in town Saturday.

Frank Herr and Wm. Moll of Atwater arrived Wednesday evening for a several weeks visit at the home of Wm. Landman.

Jacob Butler, residing west of here, has been reported as quite seriously ill.

Mrs. E. Adolfson and family spent Thanksgiving with the Brandt family.

There will be a basket social in the school two miles north of Wylie, Friday evening, Dec. 2.

Ed. Olson is visiting this week with his aunt, Mrs. E. Adolfson.

PROPOSALS

Court House Decorating, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Commisioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for the decorating of the new court house for Red Lake county in the city of Red Lake Falls, until 2 o'clock p. m., December 16, 1910.

Each bidder to submit specifications and designs of their work.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check in a sum equal to five per cent of the amount of bid, made payable to A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor, as a guarantee that the bidder will enter into contract should it be awarded to him and furnish bond as required by law for the performance of said contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids and waive any informality in the same if it is deemed to be to the best interest of the county to do so.

All bids should be under seal. Addressed to A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and the envelope endorsed "BIDS FOR DECORATING." Done by order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, November 18th, A. D. 1910.

Dated November 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
(Seal.)

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

Some Shoes Can't Shrink—and Why

Suppose your tailor made you a suit of clothes without sponging the cloth—what happens? Get into the rain and it's a sure thing that good looking suit will be "little brother" size. And the same with shoes.

Number 8584.
Ladies' Gun Metal Blucher. Combines style and service.

In making shoes the leather must be moist so that it will be pliable and easily worked.

But if you take out the lasts, over which they are made, before the leather is thoroughly dry, the shoes will shrink out of shape when worn.

Some manufacturers do this to save money. We leave the lasts in to the end. Means the shoes are "foot shape" when they reach you—and it means too, they stay that shape, because all of their shrinking is done right in our factory.

One reason why you should insist on

The Gotzian Shoe

"FITS LIKE YOUR FOOTPRINT"

Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

DOCTORS FAILED

Suffered Several Years With Kidney Trouble, "Peruna Cured Me."

Mr. John N. Watkins, 3133 Shenandoah Ave., St. Louis, Mo., writes:

"Among all the greatly advertised medicines for kidney and bladder trouble there is nothing which equals Peruna. I suffered several years with this trouble, spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and medicines and all to no purpose until I took Peruna. One bottle did me more good than all the others put together, as they only poisoned my system. Peruna cured me. I used it for four months before a complete cure was accomplished, but am truly grateful to you. The least I can do in return is to acknowledge the merits of Peruna, which I take pleasure in now doing."

Mr. John N. Watkins.

Bladder Trouble.

Mr. C. H. Newhof, 10 Delaware Street, Albany, N. Y., writes:

"Since my advanced age I find that I have been frequently troubled with urinary ailments. The bladder seemed irritated, and my physician said that it was catarrh caused by a protracted cold which would be difficult to overcome on account of my advanced years. I took Peruna, hardly daring to believe that I could be helped, but found to my relief that I soon began to mend. The irritation gradually subsided, and the urinary difficulties passed away. I have enjoyed excellent health now for the past seven months. I enjoy my meals, sleep soundly, and am as well as I was twenty years ago. I give all praise to Peruna."

Its simplicity is a strong feature of the

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

GOLD

Masonic Slipper, Masonic Button, Odd Fellow Pin. Actual size. Fifty cents each, or $1.40 for the three. Full value. Shipped by Insured Mail. Money Order or Stamps. Chance for Agents. Direct Company, Lock Box 269, Providence, R.I.

Constipation—

Nearly Every One Gets It

The bowels show first sign of things going wrong. A Cascaret taken every night as needed keeps the bowels working naturally without grip, gripe and that upset sick feeling. 900

Ten cent box, week's treatment. All drug stores. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

At the One Horse.

Jere L. Sullivan, the head of the Hotel and Restaurant Employees' International Alliance, said in Cincinnati, apropos of Labor day:

"Our American hotels are better than they used to be, and for this betterment my organization deserves no little credit.

"We have today no such hotels as the One Horse of Tin Can, where, if you asked for a bath, they used to give you a shovel and tell you to go down to the hollow and dam the creek.

"An English earl once visited the One Horse hotel. The landlord without ceremony led him outside, pointed to a window on the fifth floor, and said:

"'Thar's yer room.'"

Made Him Ridiculous.

Joseph Leiter, in an interview on his yacht Chanticleer, said, with a smile:

"Please quote me accurately. In an interview, you know, the slightest inaccuracy can make a man ridiculous. It is like the Frenchman, who thought he had a very fair knowledge of English, nevertheless, said to a father:

"'Aha! Your son, he resemble you. A chip off the old blockhead, hein?'"

—Exchange.

Sweetest Success.

"What's the sweetest kind of success?"

"That which you achieve by acting contrary to the advice of your friends.

HEALTH AND INCOME

Both Kept Up on Scientific Food.

Good sturdy health helps one a lot to make money.

With the loss of health one's income is liable to shrink, if not entirely dwindle away.

When a young lady has to make her own living, good health is her best asset.

"I am alone in the world," writes a Chicago girl, "dependent on my own efforts for my living. I am a clerk, and about two years ago through close application to work and a boarding-house diet, I became a nervous invalid, and got so bad off it was almost impossible for me to stay in the office a half day at a time.

"A friend suggested to me the idea of trying Grape-Nuts food which I did, making it a large part of at least two meals a day.

"Today, I am free from brain-tire, dyspepsia, and all the ills of an overworked and improperly nourished brain and body. To Grape-Nuts I owe the recovery of my health, and the ability to retain my position and income."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The Skeleton in the Closet

A TRUE STORY OF THE SECRET SERVICE

By COL. H. C. WHITLEY

Former Chief U. S. Secret Service

I HAD MET the judge frequently and felt quite well acquainted with him. He was a politician of note and a member of the president's cabinet. Because of his prominence and his one-time important connection with the government, I shall forbear the mention of his name. It would be familiar to every reader.

One day I received a message from him requesting me to call at his office at my earliest convenience. Presenting myself I was given a private interview. After a little preliminary conversation the judge said that he wanted to talk to me in regard to a personal matter. He needed my assistance in an affair of much concern to himself and wife. He then related at some length the history of his family troubles. There was a skeleton in his closet. He had sent for me believing that I might be able to devise some measure of relief.

"My wife," he said, "is very much worried and quite prostrated with grief. She is in such a nervous state of mind I fear she will break down altogether." His eyes filled with tears as he explained the cause of their great trouble. "She was a widow with an only son when I married her. This son, notwithstanding his moral training and tender care, has turned out to be an unmitigated villain and a constant menace to our peace of mind. He seems to be heartless and devoid of decency and respect for our position. Besides, he is a thief. Only a short time ago he was arrested in Chicago, taken to Baltimore and charged with committing a robbery in a house of ill repute. I was compelled to settle the case or suffer the disgrace of an exposure. Wine and women are his hobbies. He is reckless in the use of money and will resort to any means to obtain it. Even now I am furnishing the money wherewith to gratify his vicious appetite. God knows what he will do next! We are living in constant fear that he will do something to publicly disgrace us. Now, if there is any way that he can be got out of the country without publicity, if you can devise any plan to get rid of him without killing him or sending him to the penitentiary, it will meet with my approval. I think it is a case where severe measures would be entirely justifiable. Just think of it! The scapegrace has gone so far in his depravity as to escort a woman of known bad character to his mother's receptions."

My sympathies once aroused and a promise made, I felt bound to take some action. It appeared a difficult undertaking. The fellow was to be got rid of, but just how was the question that puzzled my brain. I had read of many strange disappearances of persons who were never afterwards heard of, but the manner of their disappearance was not always clear. It may have been a voluntary act, mental aberration or the result of a crime. I prided myself upon my skill in devising ways and means to accomplish an end, but the case in hand, after some deliberation, appeared somewhat like perpetrating a wrong deed for the purpose of accomplishing a good result.

If the story told by the judge was true, there would be but little difficulty in landing the rascal in the penitentiary for the crimes he was committing almost daily; but a measure of this kind would mean exposure and disgrace. To put him away by foul means was out of the question. He may have deserved a sharp medicine, and the world may have been better off without him, but there was no thought of doing him bodily harm. The idea was to dispose of him and slide him out of the country tenderly. The judge wanted to get rid of him, but could suggest no way. It was a delicate case to handle. I knew that the judge was a conscientious and humane man and that he meant no wrong, and it was difficult for me to understand the course I could safely pursue.

As I turned to leave the judge's office his wife entered the room. I was introduced, and cast my eyes upon her face. It did not appear quite new to me. Could I be mistaken? Had I met her before? As the possible recognition did not appear mutual I was unable to place her.

The judge turned away to converse with his disbursing clerk. The wife, who had evidently been informed in regard to the purpose of my interview with the judge, requested me to be seated. Placing her hand upon my arm she smiled pleasantly, while assuring me of her faith in my ability to do something to help them out of the deep trouble they were in. She spoke bitterly of her son and of the many indignities he had heaped upon her. She wanted to be freed from him. The manner in which he was to be disposed of did not seem to give her much concern. She wished him banished in some far-away country; if he were dead, she would feel relieved.

While relating her troubles she chanced to mention the name of her first husband. On the instant I recognized her as an old acquaintance. I had known her when she was a rosy-cheeked young woman some twenty-five years before. She was then living with her husband in a little town in northeastern Ohio. This was before she became the wife of the judge. Her first marriage was said to be a runaway match. She was a remarkably beautiful woman then, but there was a cloud hanging over her life. I cannot say what it might have been that caused gossiping women to shake their heads and whisper as she passed by. Shortly after she gave birth to a son she left the village. I do not know just where she went, but it was shortly afterwards rumored that she had been granted a divorce.

She was now cutting a large figure in society and often spoken of as the handsomest woman in the capitol city.

Her husband, the judge, was up to this time quite successful in political life. Possessed of considerable brain force and much amiability of character, he might have risen still higher had not the intrigues set on foot by his ambitious wife contributed to pull him down. She planned schemes to exalt him and to acquire wealth. In making these efforts she aroused the jealousies of others and made the judge quite unpopular with the leading politicians. Her misdirected zeal not only crushed the political prospects of her husband, but finally resulted in expelling her from Washington society.

I was furnished a photograph of her profligate stepson. He was a fine-looking young man, with wavy hair, keen blue eyes and rosy cheeks; in fact, much like his mother in her youth. His face was indicative of criminal tendencies. I was told that he was a difficult man to approach, that he did not care for the companionship of men. This being the case I was at a loss to determine how to reach him. It was necessary to introduce a stranger in order to carry out the plot I had in view.

HIS LANK BODY WAS LAID UPON THE BED AND STRIPPED OF ITS VALUABLES

THE FIRST THING THAT MET THEIR EYES WAS A BILL OFFERING A REWARD FOR THEIR ARREST

THE STEP-SON WAS ALMOST PARALYZED WITH FEAR AS JONES SLIPPED FROM HIS CHAIR TO THE FLOOR

After pondering over the matter for some days I hit upon an expedient that I believed would dispose of the young man without public exposure or resorting to crime. There was in my employ at this time a man whom I shall call Reed. If ever there was a born confidence man he was the one; an actor that could assume a part, live it and play it through with a face as solemn as the graveyard; never vicious, but ever apparently in earnest while practicing a deception for misleading only those who ought to be misled. I had found him on all occasions to be a valuable assistant in furthering the ends of justice.

Reed hailed from the south, had just arrived in the city and was in quest of a private lodging place. The judge's stepson was now occupying an elegant suite of rooms in a fashionable location. He was so completely captivated by Reed's assumed manners and apparent wealth that he was delighted at the opportunity afforded to secure a roommate. The detective accepted the offer made by his new friend and soon found himself in quite a novel and dangerous situation. He was the companion of a thief whose exploits were liable to involve both in trouble.

He had led his roommate to believe that he was himself engaged in questionable transactions and that New York was the place to operate in. "There," said he, "are chances to make big hauls." The judge's stepson took to a suggestion of this kind like a duck to water and was highly elated on account of the proposed trip. He no doubt imagined a broader field for the exercise of his own peculiar talent. On their arrival at New York they registered under assumed names at the Merchants' hotel on Courtland street.

For several days following they strolled about the city, taking in the sights and waiting for something to turn up. While walking along Broadway, near the old Astor hotel, they chanced to pass a middle-aged man who was gazing about in an uncertain sort of way. His dress and manner gave him the appearance of a green one from the rural districts, presumably from some place out west.

"Here," said Reed in an undertone, "is the very fellow we are looking for. Let us try a hand on him. I will make him think I have met him before." Reed now stepped up and accosted the green one with an air of assumed familiarity. Seizing him by the hand he said: "How do you do, Mr. Glick? I am so glad to see you." The verdant man responded: "You are mistaken, sir; my name is Jones, and I live at Fort Wayne, Indiana." "Never mind the name," said Reed, "I got the names mixed, but I remember now where I met you. You used to run a livery stable at Kokomo."

"Yes, I did."

"Then of course you remember me. I am the man that sold pumps and kept my team at your stable. You and I have taken many drinks together."

"Oh, yes," drawled Mr. Jones; "what on earth are you doing in New York?"

"Just looking around and having a good time. Let's go and take something."

"Come along, Jones. Let us go around to our hotel," said Reed. The trio went to the Merchants. Jones accepted an invitation to go to the room of his friends.

"What is your favorite drink?" asked Reed.

"Plain brandy," said Jones.

"I will go down and bring up a bottle." As Reed moved away he winked slyly to the judge's stepson. After an absence of some thirty minutes or more Reed returned with the brandy. He pulled the cork. While Jones was looking out of the window he slipped a small vial out of his pocket and, giving his partner an opportunity to see it, he turned the contents into the bottle of brandy. He gave the bottle a shake and set it down on the table. The judge's stepson's face flushed and there was a tremor in his voice. He seemed to comprehend the noxious power of the venomous ingredient that had been poured into the bottle. Reed appeared self-possessed and proficient in the art of deceiving and bold and bad enough to commit any crime, while the young man was evidently greatly frightened—not because of any compunctions of conscience, but for the reason that he was, as was afterwards shown, a natural born coward. He possessed none of the elements and rugged force of an assassin. He seemed to have a nervous apprehension that he was wading in water too deep and dangerous. He was heartless enough, but somehow lacked the nerve to perform.

Step by step Jones became drowsy. The stepson strove to rally him to his senses. Jones closed his eyes. What might have been a phantom of overheated imagination now became a fearful reality. The stepson was now almost paralyzed with fear as Jones slipped from his chair to the floor.

Was he dead or alive? He uttered a low and suppressed moan as his lank and livid body was laid upon the bed and stripped of all its valuables. The stepson, thoroughly in earnest, wanted to take Jones' overcoat, but Reed said it would be dangerous, as it might lead to detection.

I now leave the horrors of this occasion to the imagination of the reader.

The two survivors suddenly left the hotel and crossed over to Jersey City and took lodging at Taylor's hotel, where they registered under assumed names, as they had done previously at the Merchants'. It was late in the evening when they went to bed.

They had left the Merchants' hotel late in the afternoon. Jones, the supposed drugged countryman, was not quite as dead as the judge's stepson thought him to be. He, too, was a skilled pretender.

Soon after his entertainers had taken their departure he, possum-like, came to life, got up and took a drink from the brandy bottle that was left upon the table, and made his way at once to the government secret service office, where he told the story of his adventure and received further instructions. This so-called Jones was a detective of marked ability. He could assume almost any character and deceive the best educated criminal, yet withal an honest, faithful servant to the government.

At an early hour on the following morning at Taylor's hotel Reed pretended to be taken suddenly sick with a cramp in his stomach. He left his roommate and went below. A short time afterwards he rushed back into the bedroom and informed the judge's stepson with a trembling voice that they must get out of the place in a hurry or they would be arrested. Reed said that while downstairs he had torn a slip from a newspaper. He handed it to the judge's stepson, who, on glancing at it hastily, at once sprang out of bed.

It was a sensational article and bore the appearance of having been clipped from a newspaper. As a matter of fact, however, it had been printed at the New York Tribune job office. It was a nice piece of deception and read as follows:

A Brutal Murder and Robbery.

Another of those outrageous and dastardly murders which have so recently startled the community occurred in this city yesterday afternoon, the particulars of which are as follows: It appears that shortly after dark last evening a well dressed man, apparently thirty-five years of age, was found by the police lying near the foot of Courtland street in an insensible condition. He was taken to the police station, where restoratives were administered, and when he had revived sufficiently he stated that his name was P. R. Jones and that he was from Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mr. Jones was removed to the city hospital last evening, where he became delirious and died about nine o'clock. The police are on the track of the murderers, who are supposed to be from Baltimore or Washington, as the clerk at the hotel states that they came in just after the arrival of the Washington train. The clerk is positive he can identify them.

A frightful ghost had risen and was standing in its most horrible form before the now half-crazed stepson. The rope of the hangman was looming up before his eyes. He did not even take time to wash his face, so great was his anxiety to leave New York behind him. Even the very air he breathed seemed tainted with the foul odor of his crime. It was thought to be dangerous to travel by rail at first, and they started away on foot, and finally concluded to make their way to New Orleans.

Reed was, of course, the ruling spirit and was carrying out the plan they had agreed upon. They doubled back and forth with the object of putting imaginary pursuers off the track. Reed was seeking delay for the purpose of gaining time. When the pair arrived at New Orleans about the first thing that met their eyes was a handbill posted in the depot describing the fugitives and offering a reward for their arrest and conviction. Staring at the bill with beads of perspiration starting upon his brow the judge's stepson nearly collapsed. He was careworn, downhearted and ready to speed away as swift as steam could carry him. In the course of time the fugitives arrived at Brownsville, Tex. From this point I received a note from Reed saying that they intended to cross the Rio Grande and work their way to the City of Mexico.

To the minds of the detectives who played their part in this case the whole affair appeared a farce.

After a time Reed returned from Mexico. He had given his companion the slip and was quite positive in his opinion that the judge's stepson would never dare show his face in the United States. He declared the man was about the greatest coward he had ever met with.

Reed was correct in his opinion, as the fugitive, so far as I know, has never been heard of. He certainly did not appear in Washington to further annoy the judge and his wife. He may still be running from a Nemesis that will never overtake him.

(Copyright, 1910, by W. G. Chapman.)

Enemies Necessary

Have you enemies? Go straight on and mind them not. If they block up your path, walk around them, and do your duty regardless of spite. A man who has no enemies is seldom good for anything—he is made of that kind of material which is so easily worked that it resists nothing, while every one who thinks for himself, and speaks what he thinks, is always sure to have enemies. They are as necessary to him as fresh air; they keep him alive, active. A celebrated character who was surrounded by enemies used to remark. "They are sparks which, if you do not blow, will go out of themselves." Let this be your feeling, while endeavoring to live down the scandal of those who are bitter against you. If you stop to dispute with them, you do but as they desire, and open the way for more abuse. Let them talk—there will be a reaction if you perform your duty, and hundreds who were once alienated from you, will flock to you and acknowledge their error. Follow this advice, and you will never have cause to regret it.—A. F. H.

Railroad Wireless Stations.

The Union Pacific Railroad company is erecting a number of wireless stations along its line for the purpose of augmenting its regular telegraph service, and in this manner it is hoped to establish a means of communication which will insure a continuity of service which might not be expected from either alone. The stations being erected will cover the states of Kansas, Nebraska and Wyoming.

One Thing Needful.

"How was the day's fishing?"

"A failure."

"Didn't the fish bite?"

"There were plenty of fish, but Jim Culver dropped our only flask in a ten-foot pool and then we all came away."

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

W. L. Douglas

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

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Full courses in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

School in session all year. For full information, address, F. L. WATKINS, Fargo, N.D.

Twin Extravagances.

"I don't suppose there is anything gets out of date quicker than a woman's hat?"

"Unless it is a battleship."

Note From Sasswood Sugle.

Somebody took the rope off the bell in the fire engine house to use for a clothesline, and now, when there is a fire, the constable has to climb up into the tower and ring the bell with a hammer. Somebody took the hammer the other day, and, when Hank Purdy's corncrib ketched fire, the constable had to hurry down to Hilliker's store for to borry a hammer. Hilliker had lent his hammer to Deacon Renfrew, who lives four miles out in the country, and by the time the constable had got there and hunted around in the barn for the hammer and got back to the engine house, the angry elements had done their worst and Hank's corncrib was a mass of smoldering ruins.—Judge's Library.

Schurz Was Sure of Him.

Carl Schurz was dining one night with a man who had written a book of poems, so called, and who was pleased with himself.

The poet was discoursing on the time-worn topic of politics of the men who take office.

"I consider politics and politicians beneath my notice," he said. "I do not care for office. I wouldn't be a senator or cabinet officer, and I doubt if I could be tempted by the offer of the presidency. For the matter of that, I would rather be known as a third-rate poet than a first-rate statesman."

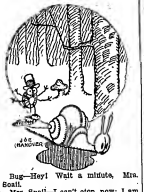
"Well, aren't you?" Schurz shouted at him.

UNSIGHTLY COMPLEXIONS

The constant use of Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for toilet, bath and nursery purposes not only preserves, purifies, and beautifies the skin, scalp, hair and hands, and prevents inflammation, irritation and clogging of the pores, the common cause of pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness, yellow, oily, mothy and other unwholesome conditions of the complexion and skin. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find Cuticura Soap most successful in realizing every expectation.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are admirably adapted to preserve the health of the skin and scalp of infants and children, and to prevent minor blemishes or inherited skin humors becoming chronic, and may be used from the hour of birth. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the civilized world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, for their free Cuticura book, 32 pages of invaluable advice on care and treatment of the skin, scalp and hair.

NO TIME TO LOSE.



Bug—Hey! Wait a minute, Mrs. Snail.

Mrs. Snail—I can't stop, now; I am going to town to do some Christmas shopping, and it's November now!

AN EFFECTIVE HOME-MADE KIDNEY AND BACKACHE CURE

Easily Prepared Medicine Which Is Said to Regulate the Kidneys and End Backache.

To make up enough of the "Dandelion Mixture" which is claimed to be a prompt cure for Backache and Kidney and Bladder trouble, get from any good Prescription Pharmacist one-half ounce fluid extract Dandelion, one ounce Kargon Compound and three ounces Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla. Shake well in a bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and again at bedtime.

Those who have tried it say it acts gently but thoroughly on the Kidneys and entire urinary system, relieving the most severe Backache at once.

A well-known medical authority recommends the prescription to be taken the moment you suspect any Kidney, Bladder or Urinary disorder or feel a constant dull Backache, or if the urine is thick, cloudy, offensive or full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a scalding sensation; or for too frequent urination during the night.

This is a real harmless vegetable mixture which could not cause injury to anyone and the relief which is said to immediately follow its use is a revelation to men and women who suffer from Backache, Kidney trouble or any form of Urinary disorder.

This is surely worth trying, as it is easily mixed at home or any druggist will do it for you, and doesn't cost much.

"Lame Leg Well"

"I wish to say that I have used Sloan's Liniment on a lame leg that has given me much trouble for six months. It was so bad that I couldn't walk sometimes for a week. I tried doctors' medicine and had a rubber bandage for my leg, and bought everything that I heard of, but they all did me no good, until at last I was persuaded to try Sloan's Liniment. The first application helped it, and in two weeks my leg was well."—A. L. HUNTER, of Hunter, Ala.

Good for Athletes.

Mr. K. GILMAN, instructor of athletics, 417 Warren St., Roxbury, Mass., says:—"I have used

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

with great success in cases of extreme fatigue after physical exertion, when an ordinary rub-down would not make any impression."

Sloan's Liniment has no equal as a remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia or any pain or stiffness in the muscles or joints.

Prices, 25c., 50c. & $1.00

Sloan's book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free. Address

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

CHAS. PILLING

Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.

Use address nearest you. 87

AGENTS

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OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

YOUNG MEN don't waste your years working at odd jobs, look out for the future; learn a good trade and get started in business. For particulars apply to Milwaukee School of Watchmaking, Home Study Dept., Enterprise Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.

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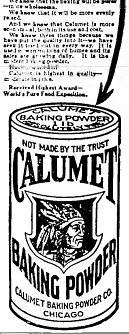
THE BEST MEDICINE

for COUGHS & COLDS



CALUMET The BAKING POWDER That Makes the Baking Better

Failures are almost impossible with Calumet.

We know that it will give you better results.

We know that the baking will be purer—more wholesome.

We know that it will be more evenly raised.

And we know that Calumet is more economical, both in its use and cost.

We know these things because we have put the quality into it—we have seen it tried out in every way. It is used in millions of homes and its sales are growing daily. It is the modern baking powder.

Have you tried it?

Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in price.

Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

Pla-Mate Shoes

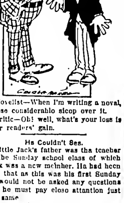
Are Best for Children

Only the best material and workmanship goes into Pla-Mate Shoes. Notice the shape of the shoe—it follows natural lines and allows the foot to develop normally. The children like them because they are soft, flexible and so comfortable—the parents like them because while they cost a little more, they are the cheapest in the end, as one pair of Pla-Mate Shoes outlast two pairs of ordinary shoes, and they hold their shape so well. Sizes 4 to 12, in all suitable leathers and in lace, button and oxford styles. If you can't buy Pla-Mate Shoes from your dealer, send us his name and state size and style and we will see that you are quickly supplied.

$1.75 & $2.00

Williams, Hoyt & Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

PUT 'EM TO SLEEP.



Novelist—When I'm writing a novel, I lose considerable sleep over it.

Critic—Oh! well, what's your loss is your readers' gain.

He Couldn't See.

Little Jack's father was the teacher of the Sunday school class of which Jack was a new member. He had been told that as this was his first Sunday he would not be asked any questions but he must pay close attention just the same.

So, on the way home his father asked him who it was who killed Goliath.

"I don't know, I was sitting on the back seat and couldn't see," was the ready answer.—From Norman E. Mack's National Monthly.

Reason for Strange Names.

A little colored girl appeared on one of the city playgrounds the other day, accompanied by two pickaninnies, who, she explained, were cousins of hers, visitors in Newark. "What are their names?" asked the young woman in charge of the playground. "Aida Overture Johnson and Lucia Sextette Johnson," the girl answered. "You see, their papa used to work for a opera man."—Newark News.

"Don't Argufy"

A single dish of

Post Toasties

with sugar and cream tells the whole story—

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

The MAN in LOWER TEN

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

AUTHOR of the CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

ILLUSTRATIONS by M. G. KETTNER

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CHAPTER I.

I Go to Pittsburg.

McKnight is gradually taking over the criminal end of the business. I never liked it, and since the strange case of the man in lower ten, I have been a bit squeamish. Given a case like that, where you can build up a network of clews that absolutely incriminate three entirely different people, only one of whom can be guilty, and your faith in circumstantial evidence dies of overcrowding. I never see a shivering, white-faced wretch in the prisoners' dock that I do not hark back with shuddering horror to the strange events on the Pullman car Ontario, between Washington and Pittsburg, on the night of September 9, last.

McKnight could tell the story a great deal better than I, although he cannot spell three consecutive words correctly. But, while he has imagination and humor, he is lazy.

"It didn't happen to me, anyhow," he protested, when I put it up to him. "And nobody cares for second-hand thrills. Besides, you want the unvarnished and ungarnished truth, and I'm no hand for that. I'm a lawyer."

So am I, although there have been times when my assumption in that particular has been disputed. I am unmarried, and just old enough to dance with the grown-up little sisters of the girls I used to know. I am fond of outdoors, prefer horses to the aforesaid grown-up little sisters, and without sentiment ("am" crossed out and "was" substituted.—Ed.) and completely ruled and frequently routed by my housekeeper, an elderly widow.

In fact, of all the men of my acquaintance, I was probably the most prosaic, the least adventurous, the one man in a hundred who would be likely to go without a deviation from the normal through the orderly procession of the seasons, summer suits to winter flannels, golf to bridge.

So it was a queer freak of the demons of chance to perch on my unsusceptible 30-year-old chest, tie me up with a crime, ticket me with a love affair, and start me on that sensational and not always respectable journey that ended so surprisingly less than three weeks later in the firm's private office. It had been the most remarkable period of my life. I would neither give it up nor live it again under any inducement, and yet all that I lost was some 20 yards off my drive!

It was really McKnight's turn to make the next journey. I had a tournament at Chevy Chase for Saturday, and a short yacht cruise planned for Sunday, and when a man has been grinding at statute law for a week, he needs relaxation. But McKnight begged off. It was not the first time he had shirked that summer in order to run down to Richmond, and I was surly about it. But this time he had a new excuse.

"I wouldn't be able to look after the business if I did go," he said. He has a sort of wide-eyed frankness that makes one ashamed to doubt him. "I'm always car sick crossing the mountains. It's a fact, Lollie. Seesawing over the peaks does it. Why, crossing the Alleghany mountains has the gulf stream to Bermuda beaten to a frazzle."

So I gave him up finally and went home to pack. He came later in the evening with his machine, the Cannonball, to take me to the station, and he brought the forged notes in the Bronson case.

"Guard them with your life," he warned me. "They are more precious than honor. Sew them in your chest protector, or wherever people keep valuables. I never keep any. I'll not be happy until I see Gentleman Andy doing the lockstep."

He sat down on my clean collars, found my cigarettes and struck a match on the mahogany bed post with one movement.

"Where's the Pirate?" he demanded. The Pirate is my housekeeper, Mrs. Klopton, a very worthy woman, so labeled—and libeled—because of a ferocious pair of eyes and what McKnight called a buccaneering nose. I quietly closed the door into the hall.

"Keep your voice down, Richey," I said. "She is looking for the evening paper to see if it is going to rain. She has my raincoat and an umbrella waiting in the hall."

The collars being damaged beyond repair, he left them and went to the window. He stood there for some time, staring at the blackness that represented the wall of the house next door.

"It's raining now," he said over his shoulder, and closed the window and the shutters. Something in his voice made me glance up, but he was watching me, his hands idly in his pockets.

"Who lives next door?" he inquired in a perfunctory tone, after a pause. I was packing my razor.

"House is empty," I returned absently. "If the landlord would put it in some sort of shape—"

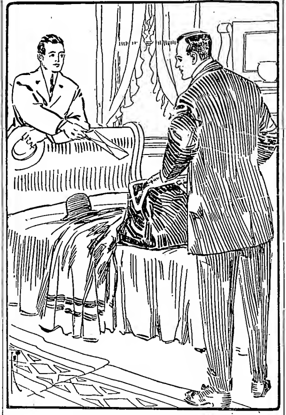
"Did you put those notes in your pocket?" he broke in.

"Yes." I was impatient. "Along with my certificates of registration, baptism and vaccination. Whoever wants them will have to steal my coat to get them."

"Well, I would move them, if I were you. Somebody in the next house was confoundedly anxious to see where you put them. Somebody right at that window opposite."

I scoffed at the idea, but nevertheless I moved the papers, putting them in my traveling bag, well down at the bottom. McKnight watched me uneasily.

"I have a hunch that you are going to have trouble," he said, as I locked the alligator bag. "Darned if I like starting anything important on Friday."



"Guard This with Your Life."

"You have a congenital dislike to start anything on any old day," I retorted, still sore from my lost Saturday. "And if you knew the owner of that house as I do you would know that if there was any one at that window he is paying rent for the privilege."

Mrs. Klopton rapped at the door and spoke discreetly from the hall.

"Did Mr. McKnight bring the evening paper?" she inquired.

"Sorry, but I didn't, Mrs. Klopton," McKnight called. "The subs won, three to nothing." He listened, grinning, as she moved away with little irritated rustles of her black silk gown.

I finished my packing, changed my collar and was ready to go. Then very cautiously we put out the light and opened the shutters. The window across was merely a deeper black in the darkness. It was closed and dirty. And yet, probably owing to Richey's suggestion, I had an uneasy sensation of eyes staring across at me. The next moment we were at the door, poised for flight.

"We'll have to run for it," I said in a whisper. "She's down there with a package of some sort, sandwiches probably. And she's threatened me with overshoes for a month. Ready now!"

I had a kaleidoscopic view of Mrs. Klopton in the lower hall, holding out an armful of such traveling impediments as she deemed essential, while beside her, Euphemia, the colored housemaid, grinned over a white-wrapped box.

"Awfully sorry—no time—back Sunday," I panted over my shoulder. Then the door closed and the car was moving away.

McKnight bent forward and stared at the facade of the empty house next door as we passed. It was black, staring, mysterious, as empty buildings are apt to be.

"I'd like to hold a post-mortem on that corpse of a house," he said thoughtfully. "By George, I've a notion to get out and take a look."

"Somebody after the brass pipes," I scoffed. "House has been empty for a year."

With one hand on the steering wheel McKnight held out the other for my cigarette case. "Perhaps," he said; "but I don't see what she would want with brass pipe."

"A woman!" I laughed outright. "You have been looking too hard at the picture in the back of your watch, that's all. There's an experiment like that. If you stare long enough—"

But McKnight was growing sulky; he sat looking rigidly ahead, and he did not speak again until he brought the Cannonball to a stop at the station. Even then it was only a perfunctory remark. He went through the gate with me, and with five minutes to spare, we lounged and smoked in the train shed. My mind had slid away from my surroundings and had wandered to a polo pony that I couldn't afford and intended to buy anyhow. Then McKnight shook off his taciturnity.

"For heaven's sake, don't look so martyred," he burst out; "I know you've done all the traveling this summer. I know you're missing a game to-morrow. But don't be a patient mother; confound it, I have to go to Richmond on Sunday. I—I want to see a girl."

"Oh, don't mind me," I observed politely. "Personally, I wouldn't change places with you. What's her name—North? South?"

"West," he snapped. "Don't try to be funny. And all I have to say, Blakeley, is that if you ever fall in love I hope you make an egregious ass of yourself."

In view of what followed, this came rather close to prophecy.

The trip west was without incident. I played bridge with a furniture dealer from Grand Rapids, a sales agent for a Pittsburg iron firm and a young professor from an eastern college. I won three rubbers out of four, finished what cigarettes McKnight had left me and went to bed about one o'clock. It was growing cooler, and the rain had ceased. Once, toward morning, I wakened with a start, for no apparent reason, and sat bolt upright. I had an uneasy feeling that some one had been looking at me, the same sensation I had experienced earlier in the evening at the window. But I could feel the bag with the notes, between me and the window, and with my arm thrown over it for security, I lapsed again into slumber. Later, when I tried to piece together the fragments of that journey, I remembered that my coat, which had been folded and placed beyond my restless tossing, had been rescued in the morning from a heterogeneous jumble of blankets, evening papers and cravat, had been shaken out with profanity and donned with wrath. At the time, nothing occurred to me but the necessity of writing to the Pullman Company and asking them if they ever traveled in their own cars. I even formulated some of the letter.

I was more cheerful after I had had a cup of coffee in the Union station. It was too early to attend to business, and I lounged in the restaurant and hid behind the morning papers. As I had expected, they had got hold of my visit and its object. On the first page was a staring announcement that the forged papers in the Bronson case had been brought to Pittsburg. Underneath, a telegram from Washington stated that Lawrence Blakeley of Blakeley & McKnight had left for Pittsburg the night before, and that, owing to the approaching trial of the Bronson case and the illness of John Gilmore, the Pittsburg millionaire, who was the chief witness for the prosecution, it was supposed that the visit was intimately concerned with the trial.

I looked around apprehensively. There were no reporters yet in sight, and thankful to have escaped notice I paid for my breakfast and left. At the cabstand I chose the least dilapidated hansom I could find, and giving the driver the address of the Gilmore residence, in the East end, I got in.

I was just in time. As the cab turned and rolled off, a slim young man in a straw hat separated himself from a little group of men and hurried toward us.

"Hey! Wait a minute there!" he called, breaking into a trot.

But the cabby did not hear, or perhaps did not care to. We jogged comfortably along, to my relief, leaving the young man far behind. I avoid reporters on principle, having learned long ago that I am an easy mark for a clever interviewer.

It was perhaps nine o'clock when I left the station. Our way was along the boulevard which hugged the side of one of the city's great hills. Far below, to the left, lay the railroad tracks and the seventy times seven looming stacks of the mills. The white mist of the river, the grays and blacks of the smoke blended into a half revealing haze, dotted here and there with fire. It was unlovely, tremendous. Whistler might have painted it with its pathos, its majesty, but he would have missed what made it infinitely suggestive—the rattle and roar of iron on iron, the rumble of wheels, the throbbing heat, against the ears, of fire and heat and brawn welding prosperity.

Something of this I voiced to the grim old millionaire who was responsible for at least part of it. He was propped up in bed in his East end home, listening to the market reports read by a nurse, and he smiled a little at my enthusiasm.

"I can't see much beauty in it myself," he said. "But it's our hedge of prosperity. The full dinner pail here means a nose that looks like a flue. Pittsburg without smoke wouldn't be Pittsburg, any more than New York prohibition would be New York. Sit down for a few minutes, Mr. Blakeley. Now, Miss Gardner, Westinghouse Electric."

The nurse resumed her reading in a monotonous voice. She read literally and without understanding, using initial and abbreviations as they came. But the shrewd old man followed her easily.

As the nurse droned along, I found myself looking curiously at a photograph in a silver frame on the bedside table. It was the picture of a girl in white, with her hands clasped loosely before her. Against the dark background her figure stood out slim and young. Perhaps it was the rather grim environment, possibly it was my mood, but although as a general thing photographs of young girls make no appeal to me, this one did. I found my eyes straying back to it. By a little finesse I even made out the name written across the corner, "Alison."

Mr. Gilmore lay back among his pillows and listened to the nurse's listless voice. But he was watching me from under his heavy eyebrows, for when the reading was over, and we were alone, he indicated the picture with a gesture.

"I keep it there to remind myself that I am an old man," he said. "That is my granddaughter, Alison West."

I expressed the customary polite surprise, at which, finding me responsive, he told me his age with a chuckle of pride. More surprise, this time genuine. From that we went to what he ate for breakfast and did not eat for luncheon, and then to his reserve power, which at 65 became a matter for thought. And so, in a wide circle, back to where we started, the picture.

"Father was a rascal," John Gilmore said, picking up the frame. "The happiest day of my life was when I knew he was safely dead in bed and not hanged. If the child had looked like him, I—well, she doesn't. She's a Gilmore, every inch. Supposed to look like me."

"Very noticeably," I agreed soberly.

I had produced the notes by that time, and replacing the picture Mr. Gilmore gathered his spectacles from beside it. He went over the four notes methodically, examining each carefully and putting it down before he picked up the next. Then he leaned back and took off his glasses.

"They're not so bad," he said thoughtfully. "Not so bad. But I never saw them before. That's my unofficial signature. I am inclined to think"—he was speaking partly to himself—"to think that he has got hold of a letter of mine, probably to Alison. Bronson was a friend of her rapscallion of a father."

I took Mr. Gilmore's deposition and put it into my traveling bag with the forged notes. When I saw them again, almost three weeks later, they were unrecognizable, a mass of charred paper on a copper ash tray. In the interval other and bigger things had happened: The Bronson forgery case had shrunk beside the greater and more imminent mystery of the man in lower ten. And Alison West had come into the story and into my life.

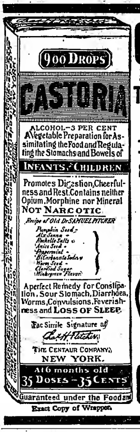
(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NO ESCAPE FROM THE TUNAS

Flying Fish and Sardines Rounded Up in Schools and Devoured by Hundreds.

I have observed some curious scenes at sea, but never have I seen fear so forcibly expressed as by a school of flying fishes exhausted and at the mercy of the voracious tunas, declares a correspondent of the Outing Magazine. I have had them gather about my boat and cling to its keel as closely as they could, while the air was full of leaping tunas and soaring flying fish. At such times when a school of sardines is rounded up the fishes are so terrified that men have rowed up to them and scooped them in by the pailful.

I have stood in a boat when the air seemed literally full of fish, the tunas coming up with a rush from below, and endeavoring to catch the flying fishes with tremendous leaps. Sometimes they take them in midair; again they strike and knock them higher, bleeding or dead, or miss them altogether. But whatever the result, the tuna is never displaced; it makes the same spectacular jump, utterly unlike that of the swordfish, shark, or tarpon, returning to the sea head first with a graceful [illegible].



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
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Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

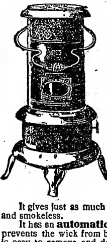
In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Dry Your Clothes on a Wet Washday

With a New Perfection Oil Heater



When clothes can't be hung outside, and must be dried in a room or cellar, the New Perfection Oil Heater quickly does the work of sun and air. You can hang up the wet clothes, light your Perfection Oil Heater, open the damper top, and the heat rises and quickly dries the clothes.

Do not put off washing to await a sunny day in order to avoid mildew. Dry your washing any day with hot air from a

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Absolutely smokeless and odorless

It gives just as much heat as you desire. It is safe, odorless and smokeless.

It has an **automatic-locking flame spreader,** which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back, so the wick can be quickly cleaned. Burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, because of a new device in construction, and can always be easily unscrewed for rewicking.

An indicator shows the amount of oil in the font. Filler-cap does not need to be screwed down, but is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached to the font by a chain. Finished in japan or nickel, strong and durable, well-made, built for service and yet light and ornamental. It has a cool handle and a damper top.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

The Great Duck and Goose Gun That Has No Rival for Bagging the Limit.

Remington Autoloading Shotgun—absorbs the recoil—easy on the shoulder. The recoil ejects the empty, throws a loaded shell in place, and cocks the gun, to the tune of five shots—three to stop the cripples. Your trigger finger does it all—never a lost motion at the time when quickness counts.

"Game Laws for 1910" mailed free.

THE REMINGTON ARMS CO.
Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Will Keep Your Harness soft as a glove tough as a wire black as a coal

Sold by Dealers Everywhere

MANUFACTURED BY
Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

FOR SALE BY
STANDARD OIL COMPANY
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Household Lubricant

THE ALL-AROUND OIL

IN THE HANDY, EVER-READY TIN OILER

is specially selected for any need in the home. Saves tools from rusting. Can cannot break. Does not gum or become rancid.

Dealers Everywhere

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackors Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Dining room girl wanted. Apply at Paul's Hotel.

New court house pictures at the Sunshine, 3 for 5 cents.

Sam Gilbean transacted business at Thief River Falls Monday.

Japanese cups and saucers at the Sunshine. One dollar per set.

J. F. Fournet spent the latter part of last week at Crookston with relatives.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

Miss Zelia Quesnello wont down to Crookston Saturday for a few days visit.

A lot of new things arriving daily at Santa Claus' beadquarters, the Sunshine.

H. T. McAnulty spent tho latter part of the week at Thief River Falls on business.

County Treasurer Harry Ives went up to Thief River Falls Saturday on business.

P. B. Gauss went to the cities Monday on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Jos. Prudhomme was at Crookston over Sunday visiting with relatives and friends.

Miss Pearl Gray went up to Thief River Falls Friday and spent tho day with friends.

Emery Lasha returned Monday to his work at Argyle. following a fow days visit here.

Attorney Chas. E. Boughlon went to Thief River Falls Monday to attend to legal matters.

Helmuth Zaiser went down to Crookston Thursday on business, returning Saturday.

J. F. Gray left Monday oveuing for a trip to Bemidji and other northorn Minnesota towns.

Anyone wishing water, ice, wood by the cord or sawed, should call up tho Central Hotel.

Fred Kruegar ato Thanksgiving dinner with tho family of his son Carl, at St. Hilairo.

Ole Knuteson camo over from Grand Forks Thursday and spent tho day as the guest of friends.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausoiei. tf

Mr. and Mrs. Pat Roark of Thief River Falls were guests over Sunday at the Schusser home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Trombley were guests of friends at Thief River Falls on Thanksgiving day.

Alger cloth bound books for boys, 20 cents each at Santa Claus' headquarters, the Sunshine.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Salley and the children spent Thanksgiving day at Thief River Falls with relatives.

Found—Short hair pointer came to my place about Nov. 15. Owner call and pay expenses—Wm. Neeland.

Helmuth Zaiser left Sunday on a trip to Federal Dam where he will look after a few of his many business interests.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, every will hereafter make regular trips and week. tf

Peter Starken returned today from Fowlds where he had been on a hunt for big game. He brought two deer with him.

Miss Jessie Carver returned to her school work near Hazel, Monday following a few days visit here with friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Malvin returned home Saturday from a several weeks visit with friends and relatives in the southern part of the state.

M. B. A. members are requested to attend the lodge meeting on Tuesday, Dec. 6, for election of officers. Important. Everyone attend.

Mrs. O. W. Brink of St. Hileire, who spent several days here as the guest of her brother, C. W. Johnson, returned to her home Monday.

Two new members were initiated into the mysteries of the M. W A. lodge last evening. The new members are W. E. Baum and Wm. Beansoleil.

For Sale—Good unimproved 160 acres of land on Sec. 6 and 5, Badger twp, Polk county, Minnesota. Price $3,500,—$1500 cash, five years on balance. W. R. Nance. Hopkins, Mo: 8

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Oscar Carlson of St. Hilaire was in town on business Friday.

Ed L. Healy returned today from a business trip to the twin cities.

Frank Jeffers went up to Thief River Falls Wednesday on business.

Mrs. Horace Sullivan of Crookston visited friends here last week.

Nice fancy apples any variety $2.00 per box at Garceau & Rubertus.

Mrs. P. Overgard of Gery, Minn., is a guest at the A. C. Cowles home this week.

Fr. Adolph of Thief River Falls visited with friends in town Tuesday evening.

Remember that Garceau & Rubertus are giving 20 per cent discount on sweaters.

Rev. Sidebotham of Warroad was a visitor over Monday night at the Rev. Hughes home.

On Saturday, Dec. 3rd, we will sell 3 quarts cranberries for 25c.—Garceau & Rubertus.

Oscar and Rudolph Helm went up to Badger Saturday for an over Sunday visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cyr of Brooks were the guests of friends and relatives here last week.

Alderman M.R.Hussey of Crookston was a business visitor in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Arrangements are being made for a New Year's dance to be given at M. W. A. hall Monday, Jan. 2.

J. I. Swedberg of the high school faculty spent the Thanksgiving vacation at his home near the cities.

A few more of those ladies' and misses' coats left that we are selling at half price.—Garceau & Rubertus.

Big Hat Sale—We will give 25 per cent discount on all hats and plumes from now on. Be sure and call.—Mrs. Wm. Zaiser.

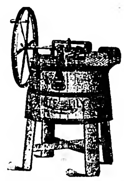
W. J. LaBree of Thief River Falls, sheriff of Pennington county, so-called, was in the city Tuesday night on business.

E. L. Quist of Thief River Falls, register of deeds of Pennington county, transacted business in this city Monday night.

Buy your Christmas gifts now and avoid the rush and worry at the last moment. The place to buy them is at Garceau & Rubertus.

Aris Lambert has decided to open a meat market in the Boughton building, now occupied by Deanis Lemieux, Mr. Lambert expects to be ready for business Monday, and as he is a first class butcher, is making a bid for a good business.

I have secured the agency for the famous Washburn-Crosby "Gold Medal Flour"—the most celebrated flour in the world. I have opened up a feed and flour store in the Duffy building south of Spillane's confectionery and will endeavor to carry a line of flour and feed that will command your patronage. This flour will not cost any more than any of inferior make so it is to your advantage to come and see me.—Leo Steinert. tf



A Five Year Guarantee Certificate With
"White Lily" and "White"
Washing Machines.

We give you a written guarantee agreeing to replace any defective parts free of charge, transportation charges prepaid, for a period of 5 years.

WHITE LILY
A high-speed Washer of the fly wheel ratary type. No other medium priced machine will do as fast or as good work with as little labor.
Price $7.50

A HOT IRON A COLD HANDLE
Asbestos Sad Irons
Set of 3 Irons $1.75
Common Sad Irons
Set of 3 Irons $1.00

WHITE WASHER
The speediest and the lightest running hand power washing machine on the market. Operates by foot power as well as by hand power.
Price $10.00

Clark's High Folding Clothes Bars, $1.00. Ironing Boards, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

HUNT HARDWARE CO.
"If It's Good Hardware, Hunt Has It"

Big Hat Sale—We will give 25 per cent discount on all hats and plumes from now on. Be sure and Call.—Mrs. Wm. Zaiser.

A. H. Fasel, newly appointed county auditor of Pennington county, came down from Thief River Falls Monday night on business.

Ernest Fletcher returned Monday to the North Dakota "U" at Grand Forks, after a pleasant vacation visit with his parents here.

Just received our Christmas stock of ties, suspenders and shirts. All new and classy designs. Come in and see them—J. P. Harren, the shoe man.

Great silk sale at the Big Store. Hundreds of remnants of silk of all kinds. The season's clean-up at less than cost. Just the thing for fancy work.

Miss Ina Motz, who teaches school southwest of this city, returned Monday after spending several days at her home in Thief River Falls.

E. L. Wichterman, formerly in the hotel business at Plummer, but now located at Trail, on the new Soo line, was transacting business in town the first of the week.

In a few days the greatest line of neckwear we ever have shown will be on our counters. Don't forget us for fine neckwear. Only the latest shown.—The Big Store.

Thomas Moreau of Brooks transacted business in town Saturday. Mr. Moreau will sell his property at auction on Tuesday, Dec. 6, and in March will leave for Canada.

Sheriff-elect Chas. Fellman moved his family down from St. Hilaire last week and they are now comfortably at home in the house formerly occupied by Sheriff Nelson.

The cold weather is coming fast, so be prepared. Buy your underwear, mittens and overshoes now. You can get the quality and save money by buying them at J. P. Harren's, the shoe man.

Peter Benoit came over from Bovey to spend Thanksgiving with relatives, leaving Saturday for Little Falls. On Wednesday Mr. Benoit and Miss Agnes Krause were married at Little Falls.

Now is the time to buy rubbers. Why not buy the best? You all know that the "Gold Seal" is the best rubber on the market and you can buy them at the right price at J. P. Harren's, the shoe man.

Mrs. Ed. Enright returned today from Lockhart, where she had been visiting with relatives. Mrs. Enright was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Aug. Maess, who will spend a week or ten days at the Enright home.

For fancy China, Haviland. Japanese ware, German china, 100 piece dinner sets ($13.50 to $16.50. best English ware), glassware go to the Big Store. 25 per cent discount on Japanese ware until Jan. 1. Must reduce stock.

Mrs. C. P. Mercier returned Tuesday from Duluth where she had been visiting with relatives and friends. Mrs. Mercier's daughter, Henrietta, who accompanied her to Duluth, remained there and will spend the winter with relatives.

You have been a "good fellow" to your friends and were never called close or tight. What have you to show for it? Why not be a "good fellow" to yourself? Open an account at interest with the Merchants State Bank and turn your generosity to your own credit for a time.

H. G. Bordea of Bertha, Minn., visited with the family of his brother-in-law, A. C. Cowles, Thursday and Friday. Mr. Bordea spent much of his time while here looking at Red Lake county lands and he was so well pleased with what he saw that he may decide to purchase land here in the spring.

The crew of men in charge of the installation of the heating plant in the new court house commenced the work of attaching the radiators Monday and expect to finish the job by Saturday night. Contractor Brady has a crew of men at work now finishing the woodwork and expects to start on the decorative plaster work Monday.

Cold weather is here. Go where you can get good goods at reasonable prices. No trash at any price. Gordon sheep lined coats, Gordon caps, Fosston Mills underwear and mackinaws, Ball Brand rubbers. These are the goods that please as no other make will. These are goods made to WEAR, not made to undersell others by "skinning" the quality. Once a customer on these goods, always a customer.—The Big Store.

Nels P. Hauger, a young man 24 years of age, was brought down from Thief River Falls Monday night for an examination as to his sanity. Judge of Probate Richardson refused to act until the question of jurisdiction was settled and on Tuesday morning received word from the attorney general's office that the man was a resident of Pennington county and should be examined at Thief River Falls. Sheriff LaBree of Pennington county, came down after the prisoner Tuesday night.

Perusse—Keifenheim

On Thanksgiving day, Nov. 24, at two o'clock in the afternoon, occurred the marriage of Miss Zelia Perusse to John Keifenheim, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. The ceremony was performed in the presence of relatives and close friends. Ed. Keifenheim acted as groomsman and Miss Laura Perusse was bridesmaid.

Mr. and Mrs. Keifenheim left on the afternoon train for Detroit on a short wedding trip. They are expected home the last of this week and will soon be at home in the house until recently occupied by Mrs. Mary Baril.

Fournet Furniture Store
Red Lake Falls "One Price to All" Crookston

FIRST SEMI-ANNUAL SALE!!

Positively the Greatest bargains in
Housefurnishings
Ever offered to the people of the Northwest.
Secure your share at once.

Here are a few values which show the big reductions we are giving on our goods.

Dining Chairs
Lot 2.—All strictly high grade chairs, each $1.50
at only.......$1.23
Lot 2.—Wood seat chairs, each $1.25
at only.......$1.00
Dining Tables
Round Am. Oak Extension tables, worth $18.00
at only......$14.00
Buffets
Quartered oak buffets, regular $23.00
at only.....$19.50
Oak Sideboards
Large size, nicely polished worth $21.25
at only.....$16.00
Dressers
Large size, high polish, Am K. oak, worth $14.00
at only.....$11.00

$12.00 Dressers at only $10.
Chiffoniers
Large size with 5 drawers, worth $14.00
at only.....$11.25
Mattresses
All sizes and qualities at enormous reductions. Felt mattress with art ticking, worth $9.50
at only.......$7.00
$3.50 cloth top at $2.89
Child Rockers
Large assortment, $1.50
at only.......$1.25
Couches
Large leather couch, tufted top, worth $40.00
at only.....$35.00
Velour upholsteded couch worth $15.00 at only $11.00.
Rockers
Large arm rockers, strong, comfortable, worth $6.00
at only.......$4.75
$4.00 rocker at only $2.50

Rugs
9x12 Axminster, worth $22.
at only.....$17.00
Parlor Tables
Oak, large size, worth $4.75
at only.......$3.50
Writing Desks
Golden oak, worth $12.00
at only.......$9.00
$8 oak desk at only $6.49
Music Cabinets
In Mohagany, worth $22.50
at only......$17.68
$12.00 oak cabinets at $10.25
Combination Bookcase and Writing Desk
Golden oak, worth $22.00
at only.....$17.00
$16.50 oak case at $14.79
All China and Porcelain Ware
50c sugar and cream set at **35 cents**
25c sugar and cream set at **18 cents**
$1.50 plates at each....**98c**

PROCLAMATION

Continued From Page 1.

and that the law for such cases made and provided has been in all respects complied with; and

WHEREAS, it appears from the certificates of the State canvassing Board, made and filed with the Secretary of State, disclosing the result of the vote on the said proposition in Red Lake county, Minesota, that said proposition has received a majority of the votes cast thereon in the said county of Red Lake at said election, and that a total of three thousand seven hundred and forty-six [3746] votes were polled at said election on the question of the creation of the proposed new county of Pennington, of which one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four [1924] were in favor of establishing said county of Pennington;

NOW, THEREFORE, I Adolph O. Eberhart, Governor of the State of Minnesota, in compliance with section three hundred eighty-six [386] of the Revised Laws of 1905, do hereby publish, declare and proclaim that the proposition to organize and create the said County of Pennington did receive at the said election a majority of the votes cast thereat upon the said proposition and that the same was duly adopted, and that the said county of Pennington, as hereinbefore bounded and described, with the county seat located and the county commissioners named, as set forth in said petition and proclamation, has been duly created and vested with all rights and pivileges conferred by law upon an organized county of the State of Minnesota.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Minnesota to be hereto affixed, at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, in said State this twenty-third day of November, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
(SEAL) Governor.
Attest: JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

I, Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State of the State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that I have compared the annexed copy with the original instrument in my office of Proclamation issued by Governor A. O. Eberhart, relating to the creation of the County of Pennington out of certain territory in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, dated Nov. 23, 1910, and filed in this office Nov. 25, 1910, and that said copy is a true and correct transcript of said instrument and of the whole thereof.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this twenty-fifth day of November, A. D., Nineteen Hundred and ten.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

[The Great Seal of the State of Minnesota.]

Grady Will Leave.

F. A. Grady, one of the prominent attorneys of this city has decided to remove to Crookston and has already commenced to pack his books and household goods preparatory to making the change. Mr. Grady has formed a partnership with James H. Mayhury and will occupy the present suit of rooms held by Mr. Mayhury over the Merchants National Bank. Mr. Grady will handle the business which Mr. Mayhury has in hand at present at Crookston, and after the latter leaves to locate in Seattle will handle all the new business which develops in Mr. Mayhury's practice there, but which can be handled best from Crookston. Mr. Mayhury will visit this section as business requires, but Mr. Grady will handle practically all the business.

Mr. Grady has been a leading attorney of Red Lake county for many years and served several years as county attorney. He has been prominently identified with the fight to retain the county seat for Red Lake Falls and is an attorney of recognized ability. Many friends of the Gradys in this city will regret the announcement that they are to leave and will wish them success in their new home.

Lanpher Furs

MAT SKALA
He Sells 'Em.

New Soo Line Town.

Oklee, situated east of Brooks on the Thief River Falls-Duluth line of the Soo railroad is fast developing into a thriving little village. All southern Red Lake county talks Oklee, thinks Oklee, and boosts Oklee, and the spirit is contagious. This little town is situated but two or three miles from Lambert and is the first station east of Plummer. Situated as it is in a prosperous community, thrift and enterprise are as essential and evident in its make up as can be.

At present there are six stores, two banks, two hotels and numerous other business concerns, all backed by men of means and all enjoying a brisk business. Oklee has a large territory to draw from and the time is not far distant when the town will rightfully take its place with the rest of the prosperous villages in the county.

To the Public.

I have decided to engage in the meat business in Red Lake Falls and on Monday will open an up-to-date market in the Boughton building, two doors north of the Bijou. It will always be my aim to handle the best there is in the meat line, and to get it to my patrons with the best possible service. Relying on this platform, I ask your patronage. —Aris Lambert, Prop.

What He Was.

A man of letters—of poor physique—recently knocked a policeman down and is still at large to tell the tale. It was on the bank of the upper Thames, where a notice bids pedestrians to enter the towing path by the roadway. The man of letters, however, knew the short cut and took it, running into a huge Berkshire constable. "See that notice board?" remarked the constable, blocking the narrow path. The man of letters looked, considered and replied. "But you see I'm not a pedestrian." The constable considered him from his hat to his boots and back again. "Why, what are you then?" he asked. "I'm a Congregationalist," said the man of letters. The constable dropped.—London Chronicle.

Minn. Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 11

COMMISSIONERS TAKE OATH OF OFFICE

Schultz, Kankel and Hunt are New Members of the County Board

The [illegible] members of the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county [illegible] by Governor Eberhart [illegible] the oath of office Tuesday. The new members are Herman Schultz, C. D. Kankel and Sam E. Hunt and they [illegible] Commissioners C. A. Lindquist and Commissioners Ed. A. [illegible] and Jos. Pageau whose terms of office [illegible] upon the creation of the so-called Pennington county. The new board is [illegible] of ability and [illegible] and there is no doubt that they will give the county good service.

Miss Heuse Married.

Two of Canby's best known and most popular young people joined the married ranks Wednesday, November 16th 1910 when at 10 [illegible] o'clock on that day Miss [illegible] became the bride of Mr. George Fox. The ceremony was performed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Landgraf, Rev. [illegible] of the Presbyterian church officiating. The bride was attended by Miss [illegible] and the groom by Mr. Ben Fox. The ceremony was witnessed by but a few of the intimate friends and relatives. After the ceremony a wedding dinner was served after which the happy couple left on the noon train for a sojourn at points in Iowa. At the train friends tendered them felicitations and showers of rice and properly [illegible] them to their train companions. After their return to our city Mr. and Mrs. Fox will be at home to their friends in the Mrs. Humphrey residence in North Canby. —Canby Herald

Short Course For Farmers.

There will be held at the Crookston School of Agriculture during the week of Dec. 12-21 a Short Course in Agriculture and Domestic Economy. These lectures and demonstrations will be given by the best experts of Minnesota, North and South Dakota agricultural colleges. Premiums valued at over $100 will be given to farmers who exhibit the best [illegible], wheat, etc., and to the women who exhibit the best work in sewing, baking, etc. There will be a charge of $1.00 for the week's instruction. This allows each one the right to enter the contests. For the Short Course catalogue, giving full program and particulars write to Supt. [illegible] Selvig, School of Agriculture, Crookston, Minnesota.

Notice—Bids for Wood.

Bids for 50 cords or lesser quantity of green split and sawed poplar wood will be received at the office of the undersigned up to February 1st, 1911. Said wood to be delivered at the north side school house.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

[illegible] LEMIEUX.
Clerk Independent School
d8-j[illegible] District No. 15.

Mead—Brown

Miss Elsie Mead, daughter of Mrs. Mary Mead of this city, and Mr. Arthur R. Brown, formerly of Warren now of Wenatchee, Washington, were married Wednesday, December 7, at the home of the brides 'mother. The wedding was a quiet home affair, only a few relatives being present. Rev. L. T. Hughes of the Presbyterian church was the officiating clergyman. The bride and groom were unattended. Mr. and Mrs. Brown left Wednesday evening for their new home at Wenatchee, Washington, and will be at home to friends after Jan. 15, 1911. Mrs. Brown is a charming young woman whose numerous friends in this city join in extending congratulations and best wishes. Out-of-town guests for the wedding were Mrs. Peter Stuhr of Argyle and Miss Edith Brown of Thief River Falls.

MITTWER SELLS OUT

Hardware Stock Purchased by Sheeran & Michel, Now in Possession

E. A. Mittwer this week sold his hardware stock in this city to W. H. Sheeran and Wm. Michel who will conduct the business under the firm name of Sheeran & Michel. Mr. Mittwer expects to leave Red Lake Falls as soon as he is able to close up his business affairs.

The new proprietors are already in possession. They are men experiance in the hardware business. That with the fact that they acquire a good business and location gives promise that they will enjoy a good trade. Messrs. Sheeran and Michel come from Woodstock, Minn. Both are married men and their families will arrive this week.

PROPOSALS

Court House Decorating, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Commisioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, for the decorating of the new court house for Red Lake county in the city of Red Lake Falls, until 2 o'clock p. m., December 16, 1919.

Each bidder to submit specifications and designs of their work.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check in a sum equal to five per cent of the amount of bid, made payable to A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor, as a guarantee that the bidder will enter into contract should it be awarded to him and furnish bond as required by law for the performance of said contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids and waive any informality in the same if it is deemed to be to the best interest of the county to do so.

All bids should be under seal. Addressed to A. A. Latendresse, County Auditor, Red Lake county, Minnesota, and the envelope endorsed "BIDS FOR DECORATING." Done by order of the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, November 18th, A. D. 1910.

Dated November 22nd, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
County Auditor,
Red Lake county, Minnesota.
(Seal.) n21-d8

THIS CONVENTION IS DIFFERENT

First Ever Held Solely for Discussion of Political Principles

An unusual political convention is to be held in Minneapolis Jan. 4, 1911. It is a convention of the progressive republicans of the state and is called solely for the consideration of political questions. That is something new in political conventions. The call is signed by many prominent men in the state and is of sufficient interest to warrant its publication as follows:

The Progressive Republicans of Minnesota are waging a vigorous fight within their party for clean government and popular rule. This is an uprising that is spontaneous and not the result of any pre-arranged leadership or plan. It springs from causes that are deep seated and common to the whole state.

The voters of Minnesota are driving special interests from the control of the state government. They are driving business out of politics and politics out of business. They are restoring to themselves the power guaranteed in the state constitution.

The essentials of success in this struggle comprize a complete organization of the people, together with such progressive legislation as will give the people an equal opportunity with predatory interests.

It is deemed wise and necessary that Progressive Republicans from all parts of the state shall convene for careful consideration of the best means of securing these results. With this purpose in view the Progressive Republican Leagues of St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Stillwater have, through a joint committee, arranged for a convention to be held in Minneapolis on the fourth day of January, 1911, and a banquet to be held in St. Paul on the evening of the same date.

The committee signing this call therefore extends an invitation to the Progressive Republicans of the state to be well represented at this convention and banquet.

This is the first political convention ever held in the northwest solely for the purpose of considering political principles. It is the hope of the committee that every Progressive Republican in the state will co-operate to make this movement a success.

The Company's Policy

Mr. A. S. Huey, vice-president in charge of operated properties for H. M. Byllesby & Company, Chicago, expresses the sentiment of that large organization as strongly in favor of the tungsten lamp. Electric service properties are operated by Byllesby & Company in forty-two municipalities in the Central, Southern and Western states. Mr. Huey is decidedly of the opinion that the tungsten lamp has been a great benefit to the industry. He says that central station companies should above all things serve their communities and their customers faithfully, giving them the advantages of improvements in the art and the tungsten lamp has been a conspicuous instance of the manner in which the companies may seize upon this advancement for the benefit of their public. Their aim should be to produce electricity as cheaply as possible, and to sell it in large quantities at a small margin over the cost of manufacture. The service must be popularized to the last degree, and the policy of the companies with which Mr. Huey is connected is in favor of the introduction and extensive use, not only of the tungsten lamp, but of any other article or device that will enable the consumer to get his service at a rate less than he is now paying.

The public should be educated to use more light. This has been done in a degree in the large cities, as any one can attest who can look back 20 or 30 years and contrast the appearance of these cities after nightfall with their present comparative brilliancy. But in the smaller cities and towns, both indoors and out, there is still, as a general rule, dimness after dark instead of plenty of light. The cry should be: "More light." This represents a characteristic of advancing civilization. In a large way the central station manager should identify himself with this progress, and in doing so the tungsten lamp will be found an effective ally.

The Byllesby companies are not frightened by the existence or prospect of tungsten lamps of low candle-power. They take the position that whatever benefits the consumer will in the long run benefit them. If for some certain purposes the customer wants tungsten lamps of low candle-power, he should have them. In the increasing use of electricity for all purposes, and in the constant betterment of relations between sellers and buyers of electricity, the situation is one that will take care of itself, if the management of the company on the whole is judicious, progressive and enterprising. The manager of the central station property should identify himself with the needs and advancement of his own community; doing this is more important than worrying about the introduction of low candle-power lamps. If correct and broad lines of policy are laid down and adhered to, the use of the tungsten lamp in small sizes will undoubtedly be found to be a benefit, although some station managers may now consider it a blessing in disguise. —Electrical World.

The above article will be of local interest because the Red River Power company's plant here is under the control of the Byllesby company.

The Price of Butter.

The discussion given to the subject of cost of living has directed more or less attention to the federal oleomargarine tax and the price of butter. People who are in favor of repealing the present oleomargarine law have taken advantage of the situation to loudly condemn as "un-democratic and un-American" this "burden-some tax on a pure, wholesome and nutritious food product."

They conveniently forget to explain that over 97 per cent of the oleomargarine put upon the market is taxed at only one-fourth cent per pound. They do not explain that only that oleomargarine that is artificially colored is taxed at ten cents per pound.

Even if it were all taxed at ten cents per pound it would have absolutely nothing to do with the price of butter after the latter reaches thirty cents a pound retail. It costs about fourteen cents a pound to produce the very best grade of oleomargarine. Add to this a ten cent tax and the cost of production is twenty-four cents. The product could be retailed at thirty cents at a handsome profit to manufacturer and retailer.

Looking at the question from any viewpoint it is clearly seen that the oleomargarine law has absolutely nothing to do with the price of butter.

The dairy interests of the country are not enjoying any benefit through oleomargarine legislation except as the integrity of the industry is maintained. In this every honest citizen should feel a keen interest. He should also understand that the effort put forth by the manufacturers of oleomargarine to secure legislation which will make it easy for men to commit fraud in selling oleomargarine is not inspired by love for the "poor man who wants a cheap substitute for butter."

The whole proposition may be thus summed up: Oleomargarine is now made to taste and smell something like butter. The manufacturers and a few retail dealers want the privelage of putting it upon the market so that it will look like butter, thus making it easy to commit fraud.

Every good citizen should be interested in effective pure food legislation and the oleomargarine law is just such legislation—no more, no less.

Notice

All persons having fences or buildings on the mill reserve are hereby requested to remove the same within 60 days from this date.

Dated Red Lake Falls Minn., Dec 8, 1910.

d24 Leo Steinert, Owner.

MAYME LAURENT TAKES THE LEAD

Changes in Standings of Candidates in the Gazette's Voting Contest.

Miss Mayme Laurent now leads in the Gazette's voting contest, she having made a very good gain during the past few days. Miss Zelia Quesnelle is still near the top and others are showing up very well. The candidates are running so evenly that no one has a cinch on any prize and as the time for the close of the conest approaches the race becomes very interesting.

Every candidate and everybody interested in the vote-getting campaign for any candidate should read the special offer on page four. It is the big vote offer of the contest.

Following was the way the candidates stood when the votes were counted Tuesday night:

Mayme Laurent	858,129
Zelia Quesnelle	524,693
Lucie Crompe	332,372
Mildred Sortedahl	266,040
Emma Sauvo	127,070
Alyce Wichterman	119,706
Agnes Anderson	88,113

CONCERT WAS GOOD.

Meikle Concert Company Delighted Big Audience.

The concert given by the Meikle Concert company, the first number of the course offered by the local M. B. A. lodge, provided a delightful evening's entertainment. The concert was given at the Bijou Theatre, Monday evening. The capacity of the room was taxed and it was an enthusiastic audience, the members of the company being compelled to respond to encores repeatedly. There are two more numbers in the M.B. A course, the Merry Musicians Fed, 20. 1911, and the Lyceum Players, March 25, 1911.

EDUCATIONAL MEETING

Northwestern Minnesota Educational Association.

The annual meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Educational Association is being held at East Grand Forks this week. The meeting opened today and sessions will be held tomorrow and Saturday. The theme of the meeting is "How to Keep the Industrial Education Close to the People."

Among the prominent people who will address the meeting are W. M. Hayes, assistant secretary of agriculture, Washington, D. C., Dean J. H. Sheppard of the North Dakota agricultural school, W. E. Larson, rural school inspector of the state of Wisconsin, Prof. E. R. Collins of the Moorhead normal, C. W. Thompson of the state university, Dr. W. C. Wilcox of the Iowa state university. Miss Weld and Mr. Swedberg of the local high school faculty will participate in the domestic science and agriculture round-table discussions.

JOHN NIMESGERN

Passed Away at the Home of his Son Tuesday Afternoon.

John Nimesgern passed away at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon Dec. 8 at the home of his son, J. N. Nimesgern, in this city. Mr. Nimesgern had been ill only a few days. About a week before his death he contracted a severe cold. This caused little concern until two or three days before his death when he became critically ill. Death was due to cerebral hemorrage.

Deceased was 78 years, 5 months and 4 days old. He was born in Germany. Since last April he had lived in this city with his son, he having come here with his daughter, Mrs. Margaret Liffrig who, it will be remembered, died shorty after she came to Red Lake Falls. Besids his two sons in this city, J. N. Nimesgern and Peter Nimesgern, deceased is survived by three other children and numerous relatives. The remains were shipped last evening to the former home at Port Washington, Wis., for interment.

HOME GROWN PLAY

Local People Will Put on "Oak Farm" Last of the Month.

A number of young people are rehearsing for "Oak Farm," a play of the home-spun variety, to be put on the last of the month. "Oak Farm" is a comedy drama that will provide lots of fun. There will be several spasms of hilarity in which the pigs and chickens and the old gray mare will contribute to the merrymaking, and patrons of the show are promised a whole lot of side ache for the price of an admission ticket. The play will be given two nights, Dec. 29 and 30, at the Bijou theatre.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garçeau & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissoniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichart.
Mat Skaln
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schraiter
Jos Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.
Fournet Furniture Store.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn., will be held in said bank on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier.

THE DANGERS OF HUNTING DEER

After the Season Closes—Game Warden Makes Some Suggestions.

The seasons for deer and other big game closed Nov. 30. It was the best season the sportsmen have had for years and everybody ought to be ready to quit slaughtering the animals now. Nearly every man who has spent much time in pursuit of big game got some, if not the limit, and ought to be satisfied. If the laws are obeyed big game will be plentiful next season.

E.E. Fletcher, deputy game warden, says that in years past people have killed deer during the winter months. This year it is going to be his particular occupation to see to it that no illegal shooting is done and he is going to be on the job all the time. He told the Gazette to make this statement just as strong as possible.

The sportsmen have had an excellent season and ought to be ready to quit shooting now. Anyone who can't resist the temptation to kill is inviting the game warden to "pop it to him" to the limit.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the city council held at the city hall Oct. 27th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

All aldermen present except Crompe.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The street commissioner having reported favorably upon the work of construction of cement cross walks, curbs and gutters done by Messrs. Hussey & Goedker, on motion duly carried, said work was accepted by the council and ordered paid for according to the terms of the contract.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Harvey St. Yves, street work	$ 3 10
Louis Sieff street work	10 62
Cleophas Guerin street work	17 50
Julius Kuehl street work	18 00
Otto Zaiser street work	12 37
Otto Zaiser services as street com'r	22 00
Joseph Lachance repairing floor in fire hall	8 00
Hussey & Goedker constructing cement crosswalks, curbs and gutters as per contract	1245 23
Hussey & Goedker a-c construction of cement walk opposite lots 23 & 24 blk 3 original townsite	77 50
Hussey & Goedker, a-c cement walk opposite lots 25 & 26 blk 3 original townsite	77 50
Hussey & Goedker, a-c cement walk opposite lot 27 blk 3 original townsite	38 75
Hussey & Goedker, a-c cement walk opposite lot 12 blk 6 Champagne & Dow's addition	86 79
Hussey & Goedker, a-c cement walk opposite lot 3 blk 1 Buse & Bottineau's add.	16 50
Hussey & Goedker, a-c cement walk opposite lots 6, 7 & 8 blk 1 Buse & Bottineau's add	52 53
Hussey & Goedker, a-c cement walk opposite lot 27 blk 1 Buse & Bottineau's add.	20 46

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 28th day of Nov, 1910.

J. A. DUFFY,
Mayor.

Attest: JOSEPH PERRAULT,
City Clerk.

Corn, Corn

Have another car of corn on the Great Northern track. Will be sold cheaper if sold from car.

Leo Steinert.

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

The Farmers National Bank
OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
CAPITAL $25,000.00

Opened for business Monday morning, Nov. 14

Your business is solicited on the evidence of stability that the charter from the United States government and the personnel of its officers and directors gives to the institution. The stockholders of The Farmers National Bank are local men whose financial and business standings are so well known that the public may readily judge of the soundness of the institution. Your business is invited, will be appreciated and will have our careful attention. Your time deposits and checking accounts are invited.

Make the Farmers National your banking home

Officers

L. C. Simons, President; Sam E. Hunt, Vice-president; W. B. Cheshire, Cashier; W. J. Quesnell, Asst. Cashier.

Directors

L. C. Simons, Sam E. Hunt, Rev. E. Fayolle, J. E. Argue, W. B. Cheshire, Jos. Salley, C. N. Bourdan.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

United States Senator Elkins may be able to appear in his seat in the coming session of congress, according to a statement regarding his condition given out at his Washington residence.

The Secretary of interior has approved the decision of the commissioner of the land office in appeal of William Angelin, dismissing his contest against the homestead entry of [illegible] F. Standford Alliance, Neb., land district.

Nebraska pensions granted: Elon B. [illegible], $20; Willard N. Evans, $15; Frank W. Hammond, $12; Tobias Hansen, $12; Noah J. Kinsley, $12; [illegible] P. Shepard, $12; Benjamin F. Watts, $15; William Williams, $20; Lewis A. Williams, $15.

Secretary Ballinger recently announced the withdrawal from entry of [illegible] acres of coal lands in Montana. The land lies between Miles City and Glendive. The secretary also withdrew about 5,000 acres of oil lands in Kern county, California.

Animals imported for breeding purposes after January 1, 1911, must be accompanied by certificates of the bureau of animal industry that the animals are pure bred of a recognized breed and duly registered in the foreign book of record for that established breed.

Liberal policy in opening the public oil lands in California and other states will be recommended to congress by Secretary of the Interior Ballinger in his annual report. He declared that he favored a general leasing system for oil and gas-bearing lands. "The government," said the secretary, "ought to support any movement which would reduce the cost of fuel and for oil and gas-bearing lands there should be such a system as will promote legitimate development of the industry, prevent monopoly and conserve one of the great natural resources of the country.' "

General.

President Taft is busy preparing his annual message to congress.

President Taft and family had a 37 pound turkey for their Thanksgiving dinner.

Republicans undecided on program to be carried out at coming meeting of congress.

Business of the country is on a firm foundation although moving just a little bit slowly.

Francisco Madero issued a proclamation declaring himself provisional president of Mexico.

The Brazilian naval revolt has been checked by congress voting to accede to the demands of the mutineers.

Ten million dollars worth of damage is done annually in the United States by ground squirrels, according to a bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture.

The returns of the recent election in Pennsylvania show that John K. Tener's plurality for governor was 23,484 over William H. Berry, independent, and 286,216 over Webster Grimm, democrat.

Andrew Carnegie was showered with congratulatory messages on his seventy-third birthday, which he quietly celebrated at his home in Fifth avenue, New York.

Justice Lurton, of the United States supreme court, notified the attorney general of Iowa that he will not suspend the Iowa mulct law in Boone, Carroll and Marshall counties.

For the extension of a dike at the Mare Island navy yard the Navy department has awarded the contract to the Thomson Bridge company of San Francisco at its bid of $102,300.

Prince Henry of Prussia has sent an order to the United States for an even score of aeroplanes. He is said to have secured two unknown makes of aeroplanes invented by dreamers.

John Bauman, a farmer, and little daughter Ruth, aged 6, were killed at a crossing in Bricelyn, near Mason City, Ia. A Northwestern train struck the buggy in which they were riding.

The claim of the Railway Business Association that its members would be put out of business unless the railroads were permitted to increase freight rates, will be investigated by the interstate commerce commission.

John H. Lockhart, a former resident of Stotts City, Mo., was assassinated near Gates, Mex.

The whole of Manchuria is officially declared to be infected with the bubonic plague and not with cholera as was erroneously reported.

The Australian steamer Geltia from New Orleans to Trieste, with a valuable cargo of cotton arrived in Norfolk, Va., with a fire in her hold.

A threatened split between the labor unions of the United States and Canada was smoothed over in the American Federation of Labor at St. Louis by President Gompers.

Five hundred Western Union messenger boys in New York struck. They want higher wages.

The Iowa anti-saloon league filed injunction suits against eleven saloons in Keokuk, alleging violating of the Mulct law.

The Arizona constitutional convention adopted a provision prohibiting the incarceration of juvenile offenders with adults in jails and prisons.

The Farmers' Grain Dealers association of South Dakota has filed a formal complaint with the state railway commission in regard to grain rates.

Lincoln, Nebr., is a candidate for the meeting of the next commercial congress.

On thousand persons were drowned and four hundred barks were lost during floods in the province of Quangnagal, in Annam.

Mayor Gaynor of New York has made it plain that all gambling houses must go.

Secretary McVeagh says records of corporations in his control are not for the public eye.

Miss Leneve, to marry whom Crippen killed his wife, has sailed from London for America.

Lack of scientific methods was charged against railroad managers at the shippers' hearing.

The population of New York state is 9,113,279, of which more than half is in the greater city.

Demand for tariff revision will be made to the coming session of congress by the knights of labor.

President Taft got home from his Panama trip in time to eat Thanksgiving turkey in the white house.

A limited parcels post for rural free delivery routes will be recommended by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

Cardinal Sanminiatelli died at Rome. He was born at Radicondeli in 1840, and was proclaimed a cardinal in 1901.

At Troy, Ala., the Atlantic Compress company's warehouse and press were destroyed by fire. Nearly 3,000 bales of cotton were burned.

Hon. W. J. Bryan appeared at the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress in San Antonio, Texas, and was given enthusiastic greeting.

Jacob M. Dickinson, secretary of war, received word of the death of his son Overton Dickinson at Belle Meade stock farm, near Nashville, Tenn.

Employes of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company were notified of a 5 per cent increase in wages to take effect at once. About 12,500 men are effected.

At San Antonio, Tex., R. O. Cray, a mining engineer of St. Louis, Mo., was found dead in bed. He was fully dressed and a bullet wound was in his head. In his hand was a pistol.

John W. Knight, managing partner of the defunct cotton firm of Knight, Yancey & Co., which recently failed for about $6,000,000, was arrested, charged with fraudulent use of the mails.

Oda Hubbell, a farmer near Barnard, Mo., and his wife and two children, were shot and killed at their home by an unknown person who set fire to their house to conceal the crime.

The condition of Moses C. Wetmore, retired millionaire manufacturer and democratic national committeeman from Missouri, is reported critical. He was run down by a horse and wagon.

Following a mental collapse brought on from overstudy, William Mitchell, 19 years old, of South Dakota, a candidate for entrance to the West Point Military academy, died in a hospital at Baltimore.

A plea for the upbuilding of the American merchant marine was made by Congressman William S. Greene of Fall River, in an address before the alumni of the Massachusetts Nautical Training school in Boston.

Captain Simeon P. Gillette, former president of the Citizens National bank of Evansville, Ind., who is under federal indictments for alleged mismanagement of the bank, shot and killed himself at his home in that city.

Unless unforeseen complications arise, the indicted members of the so-called "beef trust" will be placed on trial Dec. 20. Counsel for the government and for the packers in the United States district court agreed upon this date.

To ask that the president recommend additional pension legislation, Representative Phil Campbell of Kansas called at the White house. Mr. Campbell suggested to the president that he enforce the bill adopted at the last grand encampment of the G. A. R.

Facts and figures made public by Labor Commissioner J. C. A. Hiller, reveal that Missouri holds exceedingly high rank as a horticulture state, having an annual product; on from its gardens and orchards, worth, in round numbers, $22,000,000.

A half million dollars annually will be saved to the postoffice department, it is believed, as a result of an order issued by Postmaster General Hitchcock discontinuing the practice of re-enclosing registered mail in special envelopes before sending it from the office of origin.

United States Senator Lafayette Young, appointed by Governor Carroll to serve until the coming general assembly, has formally announced that he is a candidate before the legislature to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Dolliver, which terminates March 4, 1913.

T. B. Fitzpatrick, national treasurer of the United Irish League, cabled $10,000 to John E. Redmond, leader of the Nationalists in the British parliament, for the furtherance of the cause. This makes the total sent since the recent annual meeting of the league at Buffalo, $50,000.

Personal.

Mayor Gaynor says gambling houses cannot exist in New York.

Ambassador Wilson thinks the Mexican rising is doomed to failure.

Speaker Cannon arrived in Washington ready for the first and subsequent sessions of congress.

Congressman George W. Norris told the history of insurgency in congress to Nebraska school teachers.

President Kavanaugh, of the deep waterway association, fears President Taft is not interested in the movement.

The insurgent element of both parties will renew the fight for modification of the house rules.

Juan Burcel, a Mexican, has just died at San Diego at the age of 122 years.

Governor-elect Foss, of Massachusetts, asks Senator Lodge to withdraw from the senatorial contest.

Senator Carter, of Montana, defeated in the late election, may be offered a place on the supreme bench.

President Taft's visit to Panama convinced him that everything in connection with the canal is going on satisfactorily.

LIQUOR RETURNED

NEMESIS OF SALOONMEN IN INDIAN COUNTRY CLOSES MANY BARROOMS.

DETROIT HAS GONE DRY

Over 5,000 Cases, Kegs, Barrels and Demijohns Sent Back to St. Paul—T. E. Brents Follows in Wake of Shipment.

St. Paul.—"The 'Pussyfoot' Johnson Booze special," composed of nine cars made the trip from Detroit to St. Paul. T. E. Brents, nemesis of liquor dealers in the Indian country, closely followed the "special" on the regular Northern Pacific passenger train. He came to see that the carloads of liquor were not sidetracked on the way. He was accompanied by Clarence T. Johnson, the 22-year-old son of "Pussyfoot" Johnson, chief Indian agent.

It required the efforts of 50 men, working for 12 hours at Detroit to load the nine cars composing the train. The shipping bills show that more than 5,000 cases, kegs, barrels and demijohns were consigned to one St. Paul wholesale liquor firm.

Agent Brents, in charge of the raid permitted the saloonkeepers to sell or return all liquor in their establishments. Only twenty gallons of whiskey, 24 gallons of wine, 40 cases and one barrel of beer were destroyed in the raid at Detroit. According to Mr. Brents, even this much would not have been poured into the gutters had the proprietors not tried to smuggle it from their buildings.

Four saloons and two agencies for foreign breweries were closed by Brents and his deputies in the raid at Detroit. The saloonmen have informed the Indian agents that they will under no circumstances reopen their places of business.

Thirty Liquor Men Face Trial.

Brents, in company with Clarence T. Johnson, left for Sioux Falls. They will appear as witnesses at the coming session of court in that city. Thirty violators of liquor laws on and in the vicinity of Rosebud and Pine Ridge reservations are on the calendar for trial. "Pussyfoot" Johnson left for Detroit to take personal charge of the work in that section of the state.

When he returns from Sioux Falls he says it is his intention to start in and make a general clean-up of every saloon in the territory in which he has been working for the past month.

Detroit land men and others interested in local business affairs are planning to put the liquor question squarely before the Northern Minnesota Development association when it convenes in Brainerd Dec. 1, to determine if some action may be taken to set aside the liquor clause in the Indian treaties. They are not optimistic regarding congressional action along this line, and say none may be hoped for unless there is a far-reaching sentiment against the "lid."

Bemidji Celebrates Last Night.

Bemidji, Nov. 29.—Revelry reigned here on the eve of what probably will be the last day that Bemidji will have licensed saloons. Nearly every one of the 28 places now doing business here was crowded with men who celebrated the closing order as a holiday event.

Following the raid of government agents upon the saloons at Perham where places were closed, the officers under command of T. E. Brents, headed for Bemidji. It is taken for granted that Bemidji will be the next town to be closed, and it for that reason that the crowds made merry.

The passing of the saloons is a notable epoch in the history of this city. Half a dozen years ago Bemidji was wide open. There were more saloons than all other business houses combined and open gambling was rampant.

Already there are applications from men of other lines of business to rent the buildings to be vacated by the saloons. Some of the places here which will ship away their liquor supplies probably will continue as soft drink parlors and will attempt to sell malt, but up to this time there has been but little malt shipped into Bemidji.

The Bemidji brewery recently received a heavy shipment of malt and has enough to insure the brewing of beer for months to come. The brewery has received no notice from the government that it must shut down and it expects to continue, and although it cannot ship to outside points it hopes to be able to supply the family trade in Bemidji which the brewery people contend promises to be large from now on.

SAVED BY LIVING CHAIN.

Wilbur Frasier Pulled From Red Lake River by His Companions.

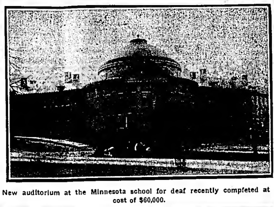
East Grand Forks.—Only the presence of mind of his companions saved the life of Wilbur Frasier, of Anchor, Minn., when he broke through the ice of the Red Lake river in this city. His friends formed a chain and with the use of a long stick, which they held out over the open water, he was given assistance, being pulled to solid ice, where he was removed from the water.

Plan to Save Skaters' Lives.

Albert Lea.—Steps have been taken by the city authorities to purchase lifesaving apparatus to be used on Fountain lake. This course was prompted by the drowning of a young man in the lake last week, it being asserted his life could have been saved had there been any means of reaching him. It also is probable the mayor will appoint several special policeman to patrol the shores of the lake and keep skaters from getting on the ice until it is deemed safe.

New Buildings for Feeble Minded People Erected at Faribault.

Building for helpless Girls erected at a cost of $28,000.



New auditorium at the Minnesota school for deaf recently completed at a cost of $60,000.

Working boys' cottage; cost of construction, $40,000.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET.

Eberhart Plurality Is 60,406—Iverson Leads All Candidates.

St. Paul.—Governor A. O. Eberhart's official plurality over James Gray in the state election, Nov. 8, was 60,406. All the other republican candidates for state office were elected by larger margins, except E. A. Jaggard and D. F. Simpson for judges of the supreme court, who were elected over T. D. O'Brien, democrat, by pluralities of 33,606 and 39,606 respectively.

Complete returns have been received by the state canvassing board, which gave out the totals for the republican and democratic state tickets. For state auditor, treasurer and attorney general there were only the republican and democratic candidates, which accounts for the larger vote on those offices. State Auditor S. C. Iverson led the entire ticket in total vote and in majority, being the only one to get better than two to one over his opponent. Cook county's return was received today, the last one to come in, and the complete totals follow:

Governor—	
Eberhart (rep.)	164,185
Gray (dem.)	103,779
Plurality	60,406
Lieutenant Governor—	
Gordon (rep.)	155,994
Tifft (dem.)	87,503
Plurality	68,491
Secretary of State—	
Schmahl (rep.)	153,656
Johnson (dem.)	92,608
Plurality	61,048
State Auditor—	
Iverson (rep.)	179,888
Meighen (dem.)	85,450
Majority	94,438
State Treasurer—	
Smith (rep.)	171,436
Ladner (dem.)	83,894
Majority	87,542
Attorney General—	
Simpson (rep.)	172,257
Freeman (dem.)	87,183
Majority	85,074
Clerk of the Supreme Court—	
Caswell (no opposition)	167,714
Judges of the Supreme Court—	
P. E. Brown (rep.) (no opposition)	162,520
C. L. Brown (rep.) (no opposition)	167,313
Simpson (rep.)	135,035
Jaggard (rep.)	129,035
O'Brien (dem.)	95,429
Snow (dem.)	66,011
Simpson over O'Brien	39,606
Jaggard over O'Brien	33,606
Railroad Commissioner—	
Staples (rep.)	144,450
Tracy (dem.)	80,504
Plurality	63,946

WINONA PHYSICIAN DIES.

Of Disease Due to an Infection in Practice.

Winona. — Dr. Linn A. Kelley, aged 65, practicing physician in Winona for forty years, is dead. He has been a member of the school board and city physician during his residence here. He was prominent in medical circles in Minnesota. He has been in failing health for two years. Death is directly due to an infection contracted during his practice.

Will be Taken to Marshall.

Omaha, Neb. — Charles Roberts, wanted in Marshall, Minn., on a forgery charge, was arrested in Omaha and will be taken to Minnesota as soon as an officer can arrive from Marshall.

Hodgson a Judge.

St. Paul. — Governor A. O. Eberhart has appointed William Hodgson, Hastings, district judge to fill the chair made vacant by the death of Judge Crosby.

16 GRADUATE IN FALL CLASS.

President Shoemaker Presents St. Cloud Pupils With Diplomas.

St. Cloud.—A class of 16 graduated from the St. Cloud normal school, having completed the different courses prescribed in the curriculum. Today marks the close of the fall term, and all who had the necessary credits were entitled to a diploma. No formal graduating exercises were held. President W. A. Shoemaker made a short address and presented the diplomas to the students.

The following is the list of graduates:

Advanced Grade Course—Effie Berkheimer, Minneapolis; Bertha Dosdall, St. Paul; Amy Berdina Johnson, Maynard; Anna Fredlea, Morris.

Elementary Graduate Course—Clare Louise Johnson, Granite Falls; Louise May O'Brien, Minneapolis; Isabella Smith, Pine River; Christine Strom, Renville; Selma Swanson, Hector.

Elementary Course—Maisie Leotta French, Kimball; Ida M. Hegg, Starbuck; Jennie Carolina Hjelm, St. Cloud; Bertha Sophia Muedeking, Tracy; Sella Henrietta Olson, Cyrus; Inez B. Patterson, St. Hilaire; Cornelia A. Swenson, Kimball.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR OFFICERS

Annual Convention of River District at Rochester.

Rochester.—The river district convention of the Christian Endeavor society met in annual session in this city, the following officers being elected: President, Plato Sergent, Red Wing; vice-president, Rev. A. Oftedal, Rochester; secretary, Ellen Larson, Lake City; treasurer, A. Hillyer, Winona; junior superintendent, Mrs. W. B. Harrison, Red Wing; County chairman: Dakota, Kate Schubert, Hastings; Olmsted, Genevieve Kennedy, Rochester; Winona, R. A. Williams, Winona; Wabasha, Edna Yost, Winona, and Goodhue, Violet Melander, Red Wing.

George Brack, state president, of St. Paul, installed the officers at the closing session. The next convention will be held at Winona.

LOST MILL CITY MAN FOUND.

A. B. Frazer, Said to be Former Grain Man, Recognized by Friend.

La Crosse, Wisconsin.—After being thought dead for five years, which time has elapsed since he disappeared from Minneapolis, A. B. Frazer, Sr., once a rich grain dealer, was recognized here by D. S. Craig, a former friend, and acknowledged his identity. He was caught in a wheat corner and lost his fortune, and thereafter became a wanderer.

Y. M. C. A. Meets at Albert Lea.

Albert Lea.—The executive committee in charge of the arrangements for the annual state convention of the Y. M. C. A., February 16 to 19, has begun to make preparations for the event and has appointed subcommittees to take charge of the publicity, place of meeting, etc. It is hoped enthusiasm will be aroused during the convention so that a permanent Y. M. C. A. will be formed in this city, and one of the features of the convention will be a large mass meeting for men.

COOK IS COMING

ARCTIC EXPLORER WILL RETURN TO UNITED STATES DURING HOLIDAYS.

CRAZED BY HARDSHIPS

Two Year's Exploration of Frozen North Impaired His Mind—Admits Possibility of Mistake in His Claims.

New York, Nov. 30.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the Brooklyn explorer, in an article which will be published in Hampton's magazine, confesses that he does not know whether he reached the north pole or not.

Dr. Cook, who has been in hiding for over a year, has informed the editor of the magazine publishing his story that he will return to the United States with his wife and children Dec. 22, if only to spend Christmas here.

Dr. Cook in his story deals with the psychology of his adventure and says "Did I get to the north pole? Perhaps I made a mistake in thinking that I did. Perhaps I did make a mistake. After mature thought I confess that I do not know absolutely whether I reached the pole or not."

"This may come as an amazing statement, but I am willing to startle the world, if by so doing I can get an opportunity to present my case. By my case, I mean not my case as a geographical discoverer, but my case as a man. Much as the attainment of the north pole once meant to me, the sympathy and confidence of my fellow men mean more.

"Fully, freely and frankly I shall tell you everything. Tell you everything and leave the decision with you. If, after reading my story, you say Cook is sincere and honest, half crazed by months of isolation and hunger, he believed he reached the pole, he is not a faker, then I shall be satisfied."

Cook tells the story of his life and pictures what he calls the overpowering ambition of an exploration that beset him, until it finally culminated in his effort to reach the pole. Cook declares that at the time he convinced himself that he had discovered the pole he was half mad. He spent two years in his quest and during that time endured hunger and privations that, he says, would unbalance any mind.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—Robert E. Peary, commander of the expedition which the National Geographic society recognized as having reached the north pole, declined today to make any comment on the confession of Frederick A. Cook after hearing of it. When asked whether he would have anything to say after Cook's article appeared, he replied that he did not think he would.

Revolt in Macao.

Macao, Island of Macao, China, Nov. 30.—Portuguese troops of the local garrison and the crew of Portuguese gunboat, Patria, revolted last night and taking possession of the city, proceeded to enforce certain changes in the administration of the affairs of this dependency of Portugal. The rebels continued to control today, the governor and military officers being powerless.

Hong Kong, Nov. 30.—Later advices from Macao state that the foreigners there are safe. The Chinese shops are closed. Nuns and children of foreigners are coming to Hong Kong. It is stated the governor, after being forced to comply with the demands of the rebels, resigned.

No casualties are reported, but military officers say that they have lost all control of the troops. The security of life and property is not guaranteed.

Governors at Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 30.—The scene of the governors' conference shifted from Frankfort to Louisville this morning, when a special train brought the governors, their wives and daughters here, where the sessions will be held until Saturday. Today the governors settled down to the work for which they met, discussing the problems that now confront many states.

The morning session was given over to short talks on the responsibilities of the governor, the appointment of his cabinet, the power of removal and like subjects.

The discussion embodied matters pertaining alone to states but beginning with the opening session tomorrow the subjects will be of national scope. Among the subjects are the conservation of national resources and human life, income tax, direct primaries, popular election of United States senators and corrupt practices act.

Twenty Hunters Dead.

Calumet, Mich., Nov. 30.—During the deer hunting season which opened Nov. 10 and closed today, there were forty-six accidents in the upper peninsula of Michigan, twenty of which were fatal. More deaths are expected.

Practically all the accidents were due to carelessness. In four cases persons who were killed accidentally were left to die without attention. In twenty-eight cases hunters were shot by mistake for deer.

Stanley Official Winner.

Stanley, N. D., Nov. 30.—All doubt as to the outcome of the county seat fight in Mountrail county was done away with the announcement by the county canvassing board showing Stanley to be better than 250 votes ahead of its nearest competitor. On the final count Stanley had 783; Palermo 517, Ross 479 and Plaza 421. Immediately after the election and until the board's figures were made public, Palermo claimed to have the lead in the race.

Stanley was made the temporary county seat of Mountrail at the time of the organization of the county.

Says Diaz May Quit.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 30.—A special correspondent of the El Paso Herald in Mexico City writes that it is rumored there that General Bernardo Reyes is to be recalled from Europe made vice president of Mexico and allowed by Diaz to assume the reins of government in a few months as it is believed such a course would satisfy the country. Vice president Corral is very sick and is expected to soon go to Europe for treatment. Finance Minister Limantour is expected to resign on his return from Europe as he and Reyes are enemies.

NICARAGUA REVOLUTION

TROUBLE BREAKS OUT IN CENTRAL AMERICA AGAIN.

Comic Opera War Is On in Nicaragua—Has Been Peaceful for the Past Six Months.

San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, Nov. 29.—Advices today from Tegucigalpa state that the Atlantic ports of Honduras and the department of Comayagua have been captured by the revolutionists under the leadership of Former President Manuel Bonilla. Government forces sent to retake the territory joined the enemy.

General Bonilla brought about an unsuccessful revolt against the government last summer. Later he sought refuge in Guatemala from which country he was deported. Recently he was reported to be in New Orleans, organizing an expedition which was to attack the Atlantic coast of Honduras. Bonilla's cause was helped somewhat by the rebellion of General Jose Valladares, governor of the Island of Amapala. The latter was recently deposed and came to this country.

New Orleans, Nov 29.—It was learned late today that Manuel Bonilla, credited with leading the attack on Atlantic ports of Honduras, is in this city and has been here for some time.

MUST CUT DEEP.

President Taft Says Nation Must Economize in all Departments.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 29.—President Taft today informed his cabinet officers after scrutinizing the final draft of the estimate of the various government departments, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1911, that there must be a further and deeper cut in them; that they would not do in their present form.

In response to urgent demands of the president, the heads of various departments already held their estimates down to what they considered rock bottom figures. The president today, however, pointed out a number of places where he declared the pruning knife could be used to advantage. The president went into the details of each department.

Taft believed he made considerable headway in holding down the expenditures for the current year, but he hopes to make a still greater stride toward economy in 1911. In order that he might take up departmental estimates the president ordered a postponement of the regular cabinet session scheduled for today, until tomorrow. Tomorrow he hopes to be able to submit the major portion of his message to the cabinet for consideration.

Tolstoi's Son Very Bitter.

St. Petersburg, Russia, Nov. 29.—Count Leo Tolstoi publishes a bitter denunciation of Count Tschertoff, the intimate friend and literary agent of the late Count Tolstoi. The son declares that Tschertoff was the worst enemy that his father had in all educated Russia and the civilized world and that he was directly guilty of the tragedy of Yasnaya, Poliana.

"The malign influence of Tschertoff," writes Count Leo, "caused the premature death of my father, his superhuman sufferings and separation from his family."

But for his literary agent the son adds, his father would have lived for many years peacefully at Yasnaya, Poliana, with his family who loved him and whom he loved so devotedly. The arrival of Tschertoff was the beginning of the end.

Want Uniformity.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 29.—Representatives from more than thirty states gathered here to attend the convention of the Association of State and National Food and Dairy Departments opening today. The convention will be in session for four days. One of the important questions which is expected to claim attention will be that of uniformity in state and national pure food laws.

Must Come to Trial.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 29.—Judge Scanlan today refused to allow a further delay in the trial of Attorney Charles Erbstein who is indicted on charges of bribing in the second trial of Lee O'Neil Browne, an Illinois legislator who was accused of bribery in connection with the election of United States Sen. Wm. Lorimer. The trial is set for Dec. 1. Judge Scanlan also denied Erbstein's plea for a bill of particulars from prosecution.

Dine American Officers.

London, Nov. 29.—The mayor of Gravesend gave a luncheon today for Rear Admiral Murdock and the officers of the third division of the American fleet at the town hall. A number of British naval officers and officials were present as were Commander Edward Simpson, American naval attache at London, and Captain Sydney A. Cloman, the American military attache here.

Census Returns of Minnesota.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—The population of the state of Minnesota is 2,075,708, according to statistics of the 13th census made public today. This is an increase of 324,314 or 18.5 per cent over 1,751,394 in 1900.

Dynamite Outrage.

New York, Nov. 29.—A bomb explosion early this morning in the doorway of the Bella Trinacria saloon, owned by Francesco Lebarbera, is believed to be the revenge work of kidnapers in a case originating five years ago. The saloon is located in the heart of the Sicilian settlement in Elizabeth street.

The explosion completely wrecked the saloon, the front of which was blown inward, badly damaged adjacent stores, hurled sleepers in the tenements above from their beds and cracked the windows for blocks around.

Revolution About Over.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 29.—The conditions in Mexico are rapidly approaching a normal state and the revolutionary disturbances are believed to be practically confined to the state of Chihuahua. A dispatch to the state department, United States ambassador to Mexico City. In a battle between government and revolutionary forces which was waged near Chihuahua on Sunday, Wilson reports that the defeat of the rebels was accompanied with considerable loss to them. The strength of the government troops in this encounter was 600, the revolutionists 400.

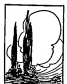
MAKING SNAP-SHOTS OF CELEBRITIES

JAPANESE AMBASSADOR & AND BARONESS UCHIDA

GEORGE VON L. MEYER PITCHING THE BALL INTO THE FIELD FOR A SOCIETY BALL GAME

SECRETARY OF STATE KNOX, BARON HENGELMULLER, JUSTICE HOLMES AND JOHN BARRETT.

SECRETARY OF STATE KNOX AND MRS. P. C. KNOX.



SNAP SHOT OF THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR AND MRS. JAMES BRYCE

THE past few years has witnessed the development of a unique activity, the purpose of which is to satisfy public curiosity regarding men and women who are prominent in one or another of the conspicuous walks of life. This particularly up-to-date vocation might be denominated the "snap-shotting" of celebrities, which means the taking of instantaneous photographs of the people who are temporarily or permanently in the public eye and whose personal appearance is consequently a matter of interest to the people of all parts of the country.

Few newspaper readers who take delight in the mass of pictures spread nowadays over every printed page ever stop to reflect what a comparatively short time ago it was that first saw such embellishment of the chronicle of the day's happenings. Most of our readers can doubtless remember distinctly the time when pictures were unknown in their favorite newspaper, and even after crude cuts began to make their appearance in the advertising columns of the weeklies, and later in the dailies, it was a long time before the pictures were to be found in the reading columns—and a yet longer time before the reader came to expect not mere scenic subjects but graphic pictures of the current happenings of the busy world.

The vocation of snap-shotting celebrities has been the outgrowth—the very latest outgrowth, it might be termed—of the practise of recording in pictures as well as in story the doings of all the world. When the newspaper-reading public came to expect the quick reflection in picture form of great happenings all over the world it speedily progressed from interest in places and things to curiosity regarding the actual appearance of the people regarding whose doings the papers had much to say. It was not enough that the newspapers should print as a counterfeit presentment of this or that public man a carefully posed bust portrait, touched up to show the subject as he wanted to appear rather than as he actually did appear. Newspaper readers with a thirst for accurate information came to demand pictures that would show the subjects as they actually appeared. Moreover, they wanted not a commonplace bust photo, but a full-length picture that would represent its object as he would appear to one who met him on the street and with a hint as to his distinctive characteristics as to dress, etc. From this demand was born the personal "snap-shot."

Nowadays the snap-shot is to a large extent displacing the stereotyped visage in the public prints. Almost everybody who achieves fame or notoriety must must needs fall victims to the sharpshooters of the camera. The snap-shotter is no respecter of persons or calling so long as "human interest" is present, and everybody, from preachers to pugilists and from statesmen to suffragists, is the quarry of the camera scout at one time or another. Some of the people who are snap-shotted manifestly relish it; a great number accept it as a matter of course and a minority wriggle and squirm and even fight at sight of a camera. Conspicuous among the latter are Harry Lehr, the Newport society pet of monkey dinner fame, and J. Pierpont Morgan, the financier. It must be admitted that the father of trusts does not make a pretty picture when taken unawares and he evidently realizes this, for he is usually guarded by several private detectives when he appears in public and carries a cane which he is quick to use on any offending camera that he can reach.

Public officials, headed by the president of the United States, are usually the most satisfactory subjects for snap-shots because, whatever may be their natural inclination in the matter, they quickly learn to submit gracefully to this sort of attention. A leading statesman or army or navy official who realizes that at public functions he is liable to be continually in the camera eye is likely to instinctively avoid those awkward attitudes and facial grimaces that sometimes spoil things in the case of a celebrity who is new to the game and self-conscious in consequence. From the standpoint of the snap-shotters perhaps the most satisfactory subjects in this country are the diplomats at Washington—that is, the alien officials who are stationed at our seat of government as the ambassadors or ministers of foreign powers. For one thing, these titled foreigners are possessed of gorgeous uniforms that show up well in unconventional pictures, and then again they are accustomed to being constantly on dress parade.

The snap-shotter must "quick on the trigger" and he cultivates ability in this direction almost as earnestly as the gun fighter of the west did in the old days. The newspaper snap-shots are made by means of special cameras made specially for the purpose, and costing as much as $250 apiece. Only a fraction of a second is required, if a man is to make a snap-shot, once the lens is focused upon a celebrity in a desired position, but the uncertainty lies in the fact that the celebrity is seldom actually posing for his picture. More than likely he may not realize that he is being caught by the camera or maybe may be trying to dodge the glass eye pointed toward him. In any event quick action is necessary at the critical moment if the subject sought is to be caught ere he moves away, turns his head or otherwise spoils the picture. Indeed the snap-shotter who would "catch on the wing" such restless spirits as Colonel Roosevelt must develop a sort of sixth sense that will enable him to anticipate with reasonable certainty the future moves of his subject.

No other American of the day is so much photographed as is Colonel Roosevelt, and yet he is by no means an easy subject for good pictures. It is not that he objects to the operation; indeed, he seems to utterly ignore the cameras that are pointed at him a dozen times a day. But the colonel is one of the most active and sudden of men, and the snap-shotter must be on the alert every minute of the time or he loses the golden opportunity to catch the ex-president at the "psychological moment." This was admirably illustrated many a time during the colonel's trip through the west. Several professional photographers accompanied him, and a number of the press correspondents also carried cameras, and often it was a wild race for them to keep up with Mr. Roosevelt and be on hand at the time when the good "human interest" pictures were to be had.

Whenever Colonel Roosevelt appeared, unless the police arrangements prevented, he was at once surrounded by a cheering crowd, every man, woman and child of which was trying to get close enough to grasp his hand or at least to say "Hello, Teddy." At such times a snap-shot usually yielded only a mass of heads and backs surrounding a set of gleaming teeth. If Mr. Roosevelt was carefully guarded by police or soldiers, as was the case in some cities, the task of the photographer was almost as difficult, for the "coppers" and deputy sheriffs of the western towns seemed to have much more self-importance than common sense. In Denver two of the camera men were left behind when the colonel and his party went to the auditorium and arrived to find that building packed to the doors and surrounded by a ring of mounted police. To one of these they appealed in vain. "But we are supposed to be with Mr. Roosevelt's party," said one of them finally. "Well," was the chilly response, "if you are supposed to be with them, why aren't you?" And the officer's horse scornfully switched his tail in their faces.

It was in Denver, too, that one of the most amusing scenes of the trip was witnessed. The Press club gave a "chuck-wagon" luncheon to the colonel in a park. "Here," said the camera men, "is our chance for some good stuff." So they put in fresh films or plates and hustled out there by the dozen. The colonel, in the midst of a throng of self-invited Colorado deputy sheriffs, stood at the rough board table and every time he reached for a bit of meat or put a morsel of food into his mouth there was a perfect fusillade of clicks from the cameras that surrounded him. The photographers were ranged in a triple ring about the chuck wagon, those with little cameras in front, stooping low; next, the men with the larger hand cameras, and in the rear the local artists, who had big machines on high tripods. It was in truth a comical sight, but the colonel did not seem to mind it a bit, and went on eating and talking with the utmost enthusiasm.

The visit to Cheyenne, of course, gave the snap-shotters their best chances for picturesque views, for there the colonel could be caught almost any time shaking hands with the cowboys, cowgirls and gaudily painted Indians, or applauding the work of the broncho-busters.

There is a Chicago newspaper man who once had the unique experience of being the only person with a camera present at the coronation of a king. The monarch in question was Matasfa, who had been elected king of Samoa by a majority of the inhabitants of those delectable islands in 1898. His reign, to be sure, lasted but a few months, for after a gallant struggle he was most unjustly deposed by the Americans and British, who thereupon partitioned the islands with Germany. The performance took place in the open, but the king and the chiefs who anointed him were not to be approached within some fifty yards. So rigid is Samoan etiquette that the one man with the camera did not dare to break through the surrounding ring of natives, and had perforce to be content with such views as could be had from a distance.

ENTERTAINING THE BLIND.

"In these days of specialists you can't just step out and help your fellow humans in haphazard fashion," said the matron of an institution for the blind. "You have to take a course of training before you can even do good in the world. In this position the task that requires most diplomacy is declining the services of people who offer to entertain the blind. All sorts of incompetents volunteer. Their intentions are good, but their achievements are deplorable. Poor readers are most numerous and are hardest to manage. They have had no practise in reading aloud since they left the lower grades in the grammar school, yet when the fires of benevolence break out that is the first thing they want to do.

"The blind are particularly sensitive to the quality of a voice. A harsh, high pitched voice that rambles on without rhyme or reason gets on their nerves, and it is our duty to shut out all such readers. They have to be handled with care because their hearts are in the right place, and with tact their good intentions may be deflected into some useful channel."

KING'S BEARD MODEL FOR ENGLISHMEN.

Beards are at present the order of the day among London's fashionable "men-about-town." In remarking about the prevalence of facial hirsute adornments, a prominent hairdresser said:

"One would not have thought that the coming of King George to the throne would have made much difference to the fashion of current hairdressing, in view of the fact that his father wore a beard for so many years, but I can assure you it has, and a very great difference at that.

"In all probability the present fashion of the point beard is due in a great measure to so young a man affecting one. I have been told that there was a great rage for beards among 'men-about-town' when King Edward first grew a beard many years ago.

"In my opinion the average Englishman is tremendously imitative. The style of beard King George wears is appropriately named the 'torpedo' in the navy, and since the king's accession many of the younger men in the service have started to grow them."

WAS SIRE OF TEXAS

Moses Austin, Grandfather of the Lone Star State.

Former Republic Asked to Care for Missouri Home and Tomb of Famous Pioneer Who Made Possible Its Founding.

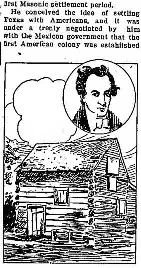
Potosi, Mo.—Washington county officials have recently appealed to Texas state officials to arrange for that commonwealth to care for the grave and home of Moses Austin in this city. Moses Austin was father of Stephen F. Austin, honored as the father of Texas. As truly as Stephen F. Austin was the father of the former republic and the late state, Moses Austin was its grandfather, for he did the preliminary work, made the treaty and planned the colony that made possible the work of his son as founder of the republic.

It is believed here that the recent removal of the body of Stephen F. Austin from a lonely grave in a Texas village to a state-built tomb in the capital city that was named for him, and the memorial services in several cities, will arouse sufficient interest in the Austin family to result in arrangements being made to care for the almost dismantled tomb and the decaying cabin here.

The cabin stands on one corner of the public square of this city. It is all that is left of the once pretentious Durham Hall, Moses Austin's early-day home. At the time of the Louisiana purchase there was no more elaborate private estate in the whole Mississippi valley than Durham Hall, where the owner entertained such notable men as Aaron Burr, Andrew Jackson and Thomas H. Benton.

Moses Austin, under a grant from the Spanish government, opened the first lead mines and built the first lead smelter in Missouri. He was at the head of the first bank established in St. Louis and was a member of the first Masonic settlement period.

He conceived the idea of settling Texas with Americans, and it was under a treaty negotiated by him with the Mexican government that the first American colony was established in Texas. The consummation of these plans necessitated an overland trip from Potosi to San Antonio, the hardships of which resulted in the death of the projector.


Austin and His Home.

Stephen F. Austin continued the work of his father, led the American colony into the southwest wilderness and helped the Texans to establish a republic.

Moses Austin's body lies in a rickety, weed-covered tomb in the Presbyterian churchyard, not a block distant from the log cabin. A marble slab, not more than 18 inches square, set in a rustic tomb of hand-hewn rock, bears this simple inscription:

MOSES AUSTIN,
DIED 1820.

When the condition of the tomb was called to the attention of Washington county officials, it was their opinion that Texas residents would be pleased to have the tomb better cared for, hence the letter to a state official stating its condition.

Had Cost England Many Millions.

London.—Hermuzd Rassam, the Assyrian scholar and explorer, whose cruel treatment by King Theodore involved England in a $45,000,000 war with Abyssinia, which ended in the suicide of the African ruler, died a few days ago in the English village of Hove, where he had been many years in peaceful retirement. He was born in northern Mesopotamia, opposite the site of the ancient Nineveh, and went to England early in life, becoming connected with the British museum.

In June, 1864, after having held a British political position at Aden, at the Indian ocean end of the Red sea, he took charge of the English mission to King Theodore of Abyssinia, who had imprisoned and maltreated the British consul and several other Europeans. He demanded the release of the prisoners. At first he was treated with consideration, but afterward he and two of his companions were shut up in the fortress of Magdala and were kept there almost two years in chains. They suffered from misery, cold and hunger, and were in constant fear of death. When Great Britain sent to Abyssinia a punitive expedition under Lord Napier, King Theodore shot himself to death to avoid the humiliation of capture.

New Products From Sugar.

Berlin.—Until very recently the molasses residuum from the manufacture of beet sugar in Germany was considered worthless, but now several valuable by-products are obtained. One is a 37.7 per cent. alcohol—for medicinal and chemical purposes—produced by distillation, with a second quality denatured for fuel and light. There still remains a thicker and darker molasses, resembling pine tar in appearance, and from this residue, after a variety of processes of somewhat dangerous nature, there is extracted potassium cyanide, besides several other by-products of commercial value.

WICKERSHAM TELLS THIS ONE.

Attorney General Wickersham is a great story teller. He brought the following tale back from the northwest and told it at the White House:

A man there was who was in mortal fear of his wife, especially when he indulged in spirits to excess and forgot to go home until the early hours of the morning. One night he drank until he became hilarious, and it was in the small hours of the morning that he reached his home. He gained an entrance without arousing his sleeping spouse.

Shoeless he climbed the stairway, opened the door of the bedroom, entered and closed it after him without being detected. Just as he was about to get into bed his wife, half aroused from her slumber, turned and sleepily said: "Is that you, Fido?"

The husband, telling the rest of the story, replied: "For once in my life I had real presence of mind. I licked her hand."—Washington Herald.

SAD BUT TRUE.

First Cannibal—I don't see why there should be so much talk about that story of Jonah and the whale.

Second Cannibal—Neither do I; you and I have swallowed men ourselves.

Adam.

Adam never was a little boy,
He had no toys to scatter on the floor,
And furthermore he missed the youthful joy
Of carving his initials on the door.

Trouble in the Constellations.

Canis Major emitted a bark.

"On a hot scent, are you," said Canis Minor.

"If you had to carry a flaming star like Sirius in the end of your nose," retorted the other, "you'd know what it is to have a hot scent!"

Hereupon Taurus savagely shook his horns at them, and they subsided.

Fine Music.

They were enjoying some music.

"Phwat was that song called, Dennie?" she asked.

"Bedad, Mory," replied Dennie, "it's down on the bill of fare as an aria."

"Is that so, Dennie? Faith, and it was foine enough to be called a front door."—Tit-Bits.

Where His Interest Lay.

Mr. A. (recently betrothed)—Can I confide in you, young man?

Jeweler's Assistant—Why, yes, sir.

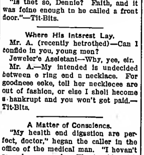
Mr. A.—My intended is undecided between a ring and a necklace. For goodness sake, tell her necklaces are out of fashion, or else I shall become a bankrupt and you won't get paid.—Tit-Bits.

A Matter of Conscience.

"My health and digestion are perfect, doctor," began the caller in the office of the medical man. "I haven't an ache or a pain. The trouble with me is that I cannot sleep at night."

"Well, if that is the case, sir," said the learned physician, "I suggest that you consult your spiritual adviser rather than me."—Lippincott's.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.



Mr. Hicks (reading paper)—Well! well! Another Chinese outrage!

Mrs. Hicks (breathlessly)—Where?

Mr. Hicks—Right here. Blamed Chinese restaurants are going to charge ten cents more for chop suey.

So Say We All.

We would have all men live in peace, each man respect his fellow man; all lying, cheating, grafting cease—and the whole world live on a better plan. But we claim one lone privilege we insist: 'Tis this—the right, should any dare our slightest purpose to resist, to annihilate him then and there.

KEEPING RECORD STRAIGHT.

Oh, hobble gown,
Peach basket hats,
And high-heeled shoes,
And heaps of rats,
We write these few
Short lines to you
To keep the record
Straight, we do.
We long to have
You understand
We love the girls
To beat the band,
Not because they
Wear things like you,
But in spite of
That fact, we do.

Hen's Teeth.

"Your composition, as a whole," said the professor of literature, "deserves a great deal of praise, but I must object to the expression, 'as fine as hens' teeth;' it is not merely uncouth, but also suggestive of nature faking; for it is common knowledge that hens' teeth do not exist."

"I don't see why they don't exist," muttered the composer; "don't combs have teeth, and don't hens have combs?"

Some Kicking.

"That actress says she will earn enough money on the stage to put Manuel back on the throne of Portugal."

"Makes a regular football of Manuel, doesn't it?"

"How so?"

"The revolutionists kicked him off the throne and she is going to kick him back on."

Exchange of Courtesies.

"Mornin', Riggs."

"Mornin', Griggs."

"I hope you're enjoying good health."

"You don't suppose I could enjoy poor health, do you?"

"You could if you were a new doctor in a strange community. Mornin'."

"Mornin'."

Not Reasonable.

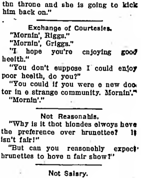
"Why is it that blondes always have the preference over brunettes? It isn't fair!"

"But can you reasonably expect brunettes to have a fair show?"

Not Salary.

She said: "What is your salary
Before us two engages?
He said: "Twelve plunks a week." She said:
"Gee whiz! that's only wages."

NO CHANGE TO AGREE.



Judge—And is there no chance for an agreement?

Foreman of the Jury (rising)—Wal, if your honor will give me back the gun that was took from me when we was locked up, I reckon I kin bring these here 11 onery critters to time in less than five minutes, but there ain't no chance for an agreement while I'm lackin' a strong argument.

His Way of Proposing.

"Everyone is saying that we are engaged."

"Indeed? I suppose you are denying it?"

"No, I—I thought I would leave it to you, and—er—if you don't deny it, we are."

Woman's Way.

"That's the girl who is engaged to Cholly Noodle; she is flat hunting."

"No sooner cinched one flat than she is looking for another, eh?"

His Friends to Blame.

"And why are you here, my poor man?" asked the visiting parson.

"I've got me friends t' blame fer it," answered convict 1323.

"Why, how is that?" queried the parson.

"De judge said it was de 'electric chair fer mine, but me friends got bizzy an' hed de sentence chang'd t' imprisonment fer life," explained the other.

Not a Matter of Money.

Stern Parent—I'm afraid that young man is mercenary.

The Daughter—Oh, no, he isn't, papa.

Stern Parent—But he knows I am worth two millions, doesn't he?

The Daughter—Yes, of course; but he says he would love me just as much if you were only worth a million and a half.

A Steady Income.

"I'm afraid," said the critical friend, "that you will never be able to make anything out of Miss Screecher's voice."

"That's all you know about it," retorted the vocal instructor. "Why, I've made over $800 out of it already."

Making of a Great Novel

Many Things Other Than Powers of Description Enter Into Its Composition.

The commonest fault of novels is lack of knowledge and it is just because of this lack they fail in imagination. For imagination is encouraged and enriched by knowledge of all kinds, and flags for the want of it. Knowledge is, as it were, the soil by which the flower of imagination is nourished; and the greater the writer the greater his passion for knowledge and the more use he can make of all that he knows. Scott is perhaps the most imaginative of all our novelists, and none of them has had knowledge so vast and diverse. It is the same with Tolstoi. His novels interest us so much, even when the story seems lost in them, because he is always telling us of what he knows. He can interest us as in Levin mowing, because he had mowed himself, or in Andrew Bolkonsky fighting, because he had fought himself. If in these cases he were not writing out of his own experience, his narrative would be empty of detail and illusion.

And so it is with stories of poems of passion. They are dull if the writer can only tell us how he or some one else is very powerfully moved. He must, even in poetry, tell us facts about passion if we are to listen to what he says, though he may tell them indirectly; and they must not be second-hand facts that he has learned from other writers. For it is easier to detect "cramming" in literature than in examination papers; and when the reader detects it he loses interest. There is this fault in many of Zola's novels. He was thoroughly aware of the value of knowledge in a novelist; but he thought he could cram it. His books are full of facts, but they are often facts too easily come by and acquired for a particular purpose.

Papal Nuncio Seeks Interview.

San Sebastian, Spain. — Monsignor Vico, the papal nuncio, at Madrid, has asked for an interview with the Queen Mother, through Foreign Minister Prieto, thus adhering strictly to diplomatic etiquette.

Official Census Figures.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Population of McAlester, Okla., is 12,594 as compared with 3,144 in 1907. The population of Middletown, O., is 13,152 as compared with 9,215 in 1900.

Internal Revenue Collections.

Washington, D. C. — The government derived $289,728,016 from collections of internal revenue, including the corporation tax in the fiscal year ended June 30 last. This is an increase of $43,515,296 over the previous fiscal year.

Bemidji Postmaster Honored.

Bemidji.—A. R. Erickson, postmaster at Bemidji, has been named as a member of the executive committee of the Tri-State Postmasters' Association.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

BY C. R. C. BAKER

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

"Reapportionment first" always—but don't forget to do your Christmas shopping early.

Dr. Cook's latest magazine article has the advantage of probably being nearer the truth than any others he has written.

No doubt a very diligent search was made for "competent men from the country" to serve as county officers in the so called Pennington county!

The Erie Eleven Towns has discovered rather late in the county division game, that Thief River Falls people do not need the aid of the reservation people in handling the affairs of the so called Pennington county.

The commissioners "would have preferred to have distributed more of the offices to competent men from the country if such could have been found who would have accepted the appointments," is the way the Thief River Press explains the Pennington county situation.

The deadly corn shredder does the work all right, but it mixes too many fingers and thumbs and hands and arms with the fodder "Billy" McEwen, state labor commissioner, says that when he visited Europe he found American made machines in use equipped with safety devices not used in this country, and he wants to know the reason why.

It is doubtful if the anti-optionists are guilty of planning the legislative program with which they are credited that of attempting to hold up all legislation until the county option question is settled definitely. That would be just about as productive of results as for them to finance the anti-saloon league's campaign. Nothing will pass a county option bill quicker than for the liquor interests to assume a dictatorial attitude on legislative questions.

Mary Garden says Salome is "high art" and the Chicago police chief says it's "black art." The actress says the play is bad only in the minds of those who think evil thoughts. That can be said of so many things, so much depending upon the "atmosphere," you know. Much is done in the name of art and one just begins to appreciate high art when he finds that it was just plain vulgar. There is a difference of course—as the difference between nude and naked but the police officer says the Salome show has gone over the line and he is going to hue to the line. That is probably a good solution of the delicate, or indelicate, situation; evil minded people will have no difficulty in finding something just as bad in Chicago, something that does not pretend to be something else, and the other people can find something better.

Editor Miller of the St. Peter Free Press has given much space in his valuable paper to the consideration of northern Minnesota's agitation for reapportionment and his statements are usually fair. While expressing the opinion that it is doubtful if the legislature will make provision for reapportionment to take effect before 1914, the Free Press has frankly acknowledged the fairness of the legislation asked for by the north country people.

However, northern Minnesota's hold-out to secure equitable reapportionment before there are any other legislative enactments is severely criticised. The Free Press says that reapportionment should take its chances with all other classes of legislation; that to demand other consideration is much like an appeal to sectional prejudice. The Free Press should consider the difference between the proposed reapportionment and other legislation and qualify its statements. Representation is the primary right of popular government. It is a right that should be secured to the people before all other considerations.

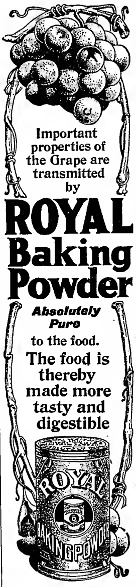
Northern Minnesota has less than a fifty per cent franchise. The result of the 1910 census, recently announced, shows that clearly. Governor Eberhart said, after looking at the figures, that if the legislature does not pass a fair reapportionment bill he will call an extra session of the legislature to do just that thing. Is not the governors position right? Above all things, should not every section of the state have fair representation in the government of which it is a part? Is it not entitled to that above all other considerations?

Northern Minnesota does not demand the passage of Bob Dunn's good roads bill or any other measure for which it will work before other meritorious measures are considered. But the north country people know that they should have representation; they know that to deny them that is to exercise sectional selfishness. They are not asking a favor, so why call it an appeal to sectional strife? They are asking for representation—the primary right of popular government. If that is denied them, are they to be blamed if they play Indian as did our forefathers who cast a cargo of tea into the bay?

COADJUTORS' REMARKS.

Warren Register: Red Lake Falls people say the town up the river is not out of the woods yet and that Pennington county will have to wait awhile yet before it can appear upon the map of Minnesota. They propose to contest the election, which on the face of the returns resulted in cutting Red Lake county in two. The Red Lake Falls people have shown great resourcefulness in the past in their contests with Thief River Falls and may be counted upon to give it a lot more trouble if they can.

Cannon Falls Beacon: The fellow that went up 10,000 feet the other day was probably looking for the limit for the high cost of living.



Important properties of the Grape are transmitted by

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

to the food. The food is thereby made more tasty and digestible

Cass Lake Times: "Every dog has its day, the nights belong to the cats," says Roosevelt. We know of one pussy-foot which is having its day and night too.

Deer River News: Somebody should now file counter-action against the aborigines for teaching us the tobacco habit.

Coleraine Optic: Climb onto the wagon fellers! The edict has gone forth, and unless we miss our guess, every saloon on the Mesaba range will be put out of business within the next two weeks and everything will be as dry around these diggin's as grass hopper time in South Dakota. No matter whether you'r an Indian or not, you're to be treated like a camel henceforth, so begin to cultivate a taste for pure, fresh water, of which, thank goodness, we have an abundant supply.

A GRAND VOTE OFFER

Subscriptions at Their Supreme Voting Power. Coupon-Ballot Another Big Inducement.

On account of a great many new subscriptions that can be had and old subsriptions paid in advance and as there is only a very short time left in which to do the hustling, as an inducement for all candidates to get busy we will give hereafter 20,000 votes for every $1.50 turned in on all old and advance subscritions, and as a farther inducement to get busy at once, we will give in addition 30,000 votes for every $1.50 turned in on NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS between now and the close of the contest. Think of it! 30,000 votes for one subscription. All the money you turn in on this special offer has several times the ordinary voting power. How can you afford to hesitate? You can't if you expect to win, as all the other candidates are hustling around and reaping big results, so do not lose another minute. This is your last chance to get in some big licks and cinch the grand prize before it is too late.

Do not wait until the last day and then begin to hustle, it will be too late. Start now.

What is a New Subscription?

A new subscription is one sent to a person who is not now a subscriber and whose name has not been on our list since this contest began; and no member of whose immediate faimly in the same household is a subscriber. We will be absolute judges of what contsitutes old and new subscriptions.

The Coupon-Ballot.

In the columns of this paper will be found a coupon-ballot worth 5,000 votes when accompanied by ten merchants' coupons, thus giving in all 6,000 votes. The coupon-ballot is void unless the merchants' coupons are attached thereon or placed in an envelope with the required amount of merchants' coupons. This is the last grand offer for merchants' coupons, therefore request your friends to make use of the coupon-ballots published every week.

COUPON-BALLOT

WORTH 5,000 VOTES

Candidate________________

IT WILL HELP HER WIN

This coupon-ballot is void unless 10 merchant's coupons are attached hereon or placed in the envelope with it. Vote this for your favorite candidate.

How to Help Her.

"I'd like to see her win that piano." That sounds well, but what have you done to make her believe you are telling the truth? What can you do? Here are a few things that will help her win it and prove that you mean what you say:

Every time you buy a dollar's worth of goods and pay cash for it, secure a merchant's coupon. Then vote it for your favorite candidate.

Subscribe for this paper to be sent to your relatives who live at a distance that you don't have time to write to.

Ask your neighbor who does not take this paper to subscribe for it and have the votes credited to your favorite candidate.

Save all your contestant's ballots.

Pay your subscription to this paper in advance and give her enough votes to put her in first place.

If you do not do any of these things don't say. "I'd like to see you win." for she will know it is only talk.

Auditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the Matter of the Petition of Ole Bratland and others, for a Public Ditch in the County of Red Lake State of Minnesota, Designated and Numbered as County Ditch No. 51.

Notice is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the County Auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the County Auditor of each County as county ditch No. 51 beginning at a point twenty (20) feet north of the section corner between section thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154) Range thirty-nine (39) and section four (4) and five (5), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range thirty-nine (39) running thence through the following described lands, to-wit: extending thence due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the south line of sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south-west corner of section thirty-one (31), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range thirty-nine (39), thence extending due west and parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line on the south line of sections thirty-six (36), thirty-five (35), thirty-four (34), thirty-three (33) and section thirty-two (32), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty (40), to a point twenty (20) feet north of the south-west corner of section thirty-two (32) in said town and range where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in branch number One (1) of county ditch No. Thirty-nine (39) of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

The said ditch is located wholly within the Township One Hundred Fifty-four (154), Ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40), as appears by the report of the Engineer hereafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the Municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit, Svend Erwick, Anton Srnsky, Peter Lovly, George Wagner, Marin Linder, Frank J. Madden, Andrew C. Douglas, Math Barzen Albert Arntz, Hans H. Hanson, Christian L. Hanson, John D. Vaughan, Sarah E. Vaughan Michael C. Collins, Nels M. Olson, Alois Srnsky, Albert Trnka, Hans C. Solberg, Anton Fort, Aslak Salverson, Ole T. Bratland, Joseph Vorlicky. John Pellet, Gustaf A. Bakkim, Anton Myrum, Frederick M. Spillum, Otto C. Benz, John O. Brensdal, Reier O. Bratten, Gilbert C. Gulrud, Julia Tyndall, Ole Seving, Township of Reiner, Township of Star, Township of High Landing, and Township of Goodridge, and the United States of America and that the Engineer appointed by the County Board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of the County Auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of the County Auditor.

And that, therefore, the County Board of Red Lake County, State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday the 16th day of December, 1910 at the County Auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. of said day, for a second hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said County Board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of
Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal.) D1-8

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J.C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

You Can Win This Beautiful

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO

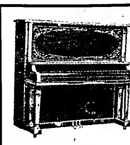
Good for 10 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name..............................

Address..............................

If voted before December 22, 1910.



Nomination Ballot

Good for 50 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

I wish to nominate as a candidate for your Piano Contest

Name..............................

Address..............................

Only one nomination ballot will count for one candidate.

$400 Don Pierre Cabinet Piano, an Organ, a Sewing Machine or a Watch if you save your Coupons and Ballots. Prizes valued at Hundreds of Dollars will be given away. Ask your Merchants for Coupons.

Rules and Regulations of Contest.

1. This piano and popular voting contest will be conducted on strictly honest, business principles, with perfect justice and fairness to all concerned. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to compete.

The $400 Don Pierre Cabinet Grand Piano will be given as a grand prize. The lady receiving the highest total number of votes will win the grand prize.

Grand Prize—One piano.
2nd prize—One organ.
3rd prize—One sewing machine.
4th prize—One sewing machine.
5th prize—One ladys' gold watch.
6th prize—One lady's gold watch.
7th prize—One lady's gold watch.
8th prize—One lady's gold wtch.

4 Right is reserved to increase this schedule and add new classes of votes or change these rules as neccessity may demand change.

5 Votes once deposited in the ballot box cannot be transferred to another party.

6 Special prizes will be offered from time to time for special work.

7 Make up your mind who you want to vote for before coming to the office; the editor will not decide the matter for you.

8 In case of a tie the value of the prizes will be divided.

9. An awarding committee of two of our business men will be appointed to make a final count and distribution of prizes.

10. Two weeks previous to the day of closing, the ballot box will be locked and the judges appointed will be given the key, thus assuring the candidates there will be no tampering with the ballots.

11. The Contest will close at 6 p. m., Jan. 16, 1911.

12. We reserve the right not to award prizes or count the votes of candidates who turn in less than $25.

13. No votes will be credited on subscription to the Gazette for a period of time less than one year.

1 year,	$1.50,	5,000 votes
2 years,	3.00,	10,000 votes
3 years,	4.50,	17,000 votes
4 years,	6.00,	25,000 votes
5 years,	7.50,	35,000 votes

15,000 votes for each additional year.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S. S. S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide

is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, fasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

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LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying railroad position in the spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition

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Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT

sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT

is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

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Raw Furs

E. C. Blake & Co.

66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.

Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
[illegible] RED LAKE FALLS
[illegible]

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
[illegible] COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
[illegible]

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
[illegible] in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF McGILL UNIVERSITY MONTREAL, CANADA
[illegible]

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BLONSKI BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at [illegible]—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at [illegible] Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor

M. [illegible]

I. O. O. F. Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall [illegible] welcome—Wm. Findeisen [illegible] Mizen, R. S. [illegible] Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wed [illegible]

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

[illegible]

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
Phone 847. Crookston, Minn.

FALLS MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game. Poultry

Telephone 19

We will buy live stock for wholesale and relail trade

Campbell & Baum

COLORADO LAND
We desire to place on the market at once 12 sections of farming land which is close to R.R. and markets. Smooth and level rich black soil, no stones, selling from $12.00 to $20.00 per acre. Best land in the State. Write for full particulars.
N. MacPHEE
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500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address
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CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY
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Hides Tanned, and made into Robes and Coats, or made into Oak Harness, and Lace Leather. Our Tanning guaranteed first-class. Established here 16 years. We have a large, well equipped Tannery. We give best of service. If you have hides to tan, send for our new free Price-List, and shipping tags and we will explain how you can save money dealing direct with us. We pay highest market prices for hides, and sell harness-leather at wholesale prices. Send us your name and address. WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Ferdinand Pepin.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ferdinand Pepin, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Louis Pepin of said county and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent:

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 7th day of March 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said county, as provided by law; and that a printed copy of this order be duly mailed to each of the heirs of said decedent to the respective addresses given in the Petition for Probate of Will, filed in said Matter, on or before Dec. 12, 1910.

Dated December 6th, 1910.

{ Court } IRA O. RICHARDSON,
8d22 { Seal } Jodge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Henry M Martinson and Maude E. Martinson, his wife, mortgagors, to P. M. Jaice, mortgagee, dated September 15th, 1903, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in Book 29 of Mortgages, on page 155 thereof, which said mortgage was duly assigned by said P. M. Jaice, Mortgagee, to H. W. Spafford, assignee, by assignment, dated November 19th, 1903 and duly recorded on the 20th day of November, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M. in Book "T" of Mortgages, on page 529 thereof, in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, which said mortgage was duly assigned by H. W. Spafford, assignor, to Charles E. Paulson, assignee by assignment dated June 23rd, 1910, and duly recorded November 22nd, 1910, at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in Vol. 5 of Mortgages, on page 469 thereof, in said Register's offices.

There is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage and the debt secured thereby at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand Eight Hundred Eight and no-100 Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

And whereas the said Charles E. Paulson has paid the taxes assessed upon the lands and premises hereinafter described for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, which with interest, penalty and charges thereon amount to the sum of One Hundred Forty-five and 89-100 Dollars, which is also claimed as a lien thereon.

The lands and premises conveyed by and described in said mortgage are situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and described as follows to-wit:—

The East One Half (E½) of the Northwest Quarter (NW¼) and Lots One and Two (1 and 2) of Section Seven (7) of Township One Hundred and Fifty (150) North, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing one hundred and fifty and one-hundredth (150 01) acres more or less according to Government Survey thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the lands and premises above described, will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 23rd day of January A. D., 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to pay and satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage debt and the sum of Fifty Dollars attorney's fees, stipulated in and by the terms of said mortgage to be paid as attorney's fees in case of foreclosure thereof, which is claimed as a part of the debt secured by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 3rd day of December, A. D., 1910.

CHARLES E. PAULSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

DUNN & CARLSON,
Attorneys for assignee of Mortgagee.
dec8 jan11

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm. Beausolei. tf

LAMBERT.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillipe Gibeau are the prond parents of a baby boy, born last Tuesday.

Died, at her home, Mrs. Lonis Plente, after a weeks sickness of pnenmonia. She leaves her husband and seven children to mourn her loss.

Mr. and Mrs. Lonis Doucet have lost their litle daughter, Viola. The little girl, five years old, died Saturday. Death was due to typhoid fever.

Arthur Hince of Winnipeg is visiting with relatives and friends at Lambert.

Miss Anna Moran of Thief River Falls taught school last week in Dist. No. 9. in place of Miss Esther Wilson, who wos ill with rheumotism.

Mr. and Mrs Jos. Bergeron went to McIntosh Saturday last to do some shopping and also to visit with friends there.

WYLIE.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Miller, who have been visiting at the Miller home, returned to Grand Forks Monday.

Mr. Hooper came down from St. Hilaire last Fridoy eveuing on business.

Mr. O. Vinge, who was injnred in a runaway accident early in the fall, is still unable to be about. He was removed to Crookston last week to be placed under the doctor's care there. Thor Larson, who resides north of Thief River Falls, has taken charge of the Vinge place.

Mrs. Newton returned to her home at Grand Forks last Saturday.

Mrs. Thor Smidsang and daughter Gladys spent several days last week at the Gothier home.

Eva Anderson, the seven year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Anderson, is quite ill with pnoumonia. Dr. Swenson of St. Hilaire was called Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nick Eckstein and three children spent Sunday in St. Hillaire, visiting at the Wilson home.

Frank Herr and Wm. Molle left Tuesday for Thief River Fallls where thoy will visit a few days before returning to to their home at Atwater.

About thirty friends and neighbors were entertained at the Landman home last Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Forsell came down from Thief River Falls Monday and are visiting at the home of Anton Anderson.

Cut a Big Melon.

A $10,000.000 melon was decided upon recently in Chicago, by the directors of Sears, Roebuck and Company, the stock of which is listed on the New York and Chicago exchanges. The directors voted to recommend a stock dividend of 33 1-3 per cent on the common stock $300,000,000 to the holders of record April 1, 1911. Ratification of this dividend by the stockholders at their annual meeting Feb. 27, 1911, is regarded as a mere formality, the majority of the stock having been represented at the directors' meeting.

PROCLAMATION

STATE OF MINNESOTA
Executive Department
PROCLAMATION

Whereas, pursuant to Chapter Seven (7) Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, a petition was filed with the Secretary of State on the 12th day of May, 1909, praying for the creation of a new county out of the territory now lying in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known as Pennington County, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one hundred fifty-two (152,) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, according to the United States Survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two(22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four(24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two(42), forty-one(41) and forty (40) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty(40) west to the southwest corner of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine(39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one hundred fifty-two(152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southeast corner of township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one hundred fifty-three(153) and one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Merdian, to the southeast corner of Marshall County as the name now exists, thence running west along the southern boundary line of said Marshall County to a point where said boundary line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, the said point being the north west corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southwest corner of township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth Principal Meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three [23] and twenty-four [24] in townships one hundred fifty-two [152] north of each of ranges forty [40], forty-one[41], forty-two[42], forty-three[43], forty-four[44] and forty-five[45], west of the 5th Principal Meridian and all of townships one hundred fifty-two[152] and one hundred fifty-three[153] north of range thirty-nine [39] west of the 5th Principal Meridian and also all that part of township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range thirty-nine [39] west of the 5th Principal Meridian lying and being within said Red Lake County as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls, located on sections twenty-seven [27], twenty-eight [28], thirty-three [33] and thirty-four [34] in township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range forty-three [43] west of the 5th Principal Meridian.

The names and place of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county are as follows: Peter C Wold, residing on Lots one [1] and two [2] and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen [19] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forty [40] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county Peter Hedeen, residing on the northwest quarter of section thirty four [34] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forthy-one [41] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county, Ed. A. Anohl, resding on lots three [3] and six [6] in section twenty-nine [29] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forty-three [43] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county, Daniel Shaw, residig in the city of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county; Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight [8] in township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range forty-five [45] west of the 5th rinipal meridian, in said proposed new county; and

WHEREAS, the said petition represented and averred that the said hereinbefore territory comprises more than four hundred square miles, and contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and that the remaining area of Red Lake county after deducting the territory hereinbefore described, will comprise more than four hundred square miles and contain more than two thousand inhabitants; and

WHEREAS, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1910, said petition was duly considered by the Governor of the State of Minnesota, and found and certified to as conforming in all respects to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-one [381] of the Revised Laws of 1905; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-two [382] of the Revised Lawe of 1905, the Governor of the State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of May, 1910, duly issued his proclamation declaring that said petition had been duly filed and considered, and directing that the said question of the proposed new county of Pennington be submitted to the voters of said Red Lake county at the next general election to be held in said state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1910, which proclamation was duly filed, recorded and published in accordance with the provisions of said law; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the notice of election as provided by section three hundred eighty-four[384] of the Revised Laws of 1905, was duly given to the electors of the County of Red Lake and duly specified that the question of the creation of the county of Pennington would be voted upon at the said general election, and that the law for such cases made and provided has been in all respects complied with; and

WHEREAS, it appears from the certificates of the State canvassing Board, made and filed with the Secretary of State, disclosing the result of the vote on the said proposition in Red Lake county, Minesote, that said proposition has received a majority of the votes cast thereon in the said county of Red Lake at said election, and that a total of three thousand seven hundred and forty-six[3746] votes were polled at said election on the question of the creation of the proposed new county of Pennington, of which one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four [1924] were in favor of establishing said county of Pennington;

NOW, THEREFORE, I Adolph O. Eberhart, Governor of the State of Minnesota, in compliance with sectian three hundred eighty-six [386] of the Revised Laws of 1905, do hereby publish, declare and proclaim that the proposition to organize and create the said County of Pennington did receive at the said election a majoirty of the votes cast thereat upon the said proposition and that the same was duly adopted, and that the said county of Pennington, as hereinbefore bounded and described, with the county seat located and the county commissioners named, as set forth in said petition and proclamation, has been duly created and vested with all rights and pivileges conferred by law upon an organized county of the State of Minnesota.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Minnesota to be hereto affixed, at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, in said State this twenty-third day of November, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
(SEAL) Governor.
Attest. JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

I, Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State of the State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that I have compared the annexed copy with the original instrument in my office of Proclamation issued by Governor A. O. Eberhart, relating to the creation of the County of Pennington out of certain territory in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, dated Nov. 23, 1910, and filed in this office Nov. 25, 1910, and that said copy is a true and correct transcript of said instrument and of the whole thereof.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this twenty-fifth day of November, A. D., Nineteen Hundred and ten.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

[The Great Seal of the State of Minnesota.]

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

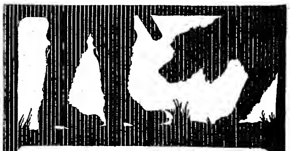
Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

Appreciation

This bank values the business it receives from its customers and takes every opportunity of telling them so. Our customers, on the other hand, appreciate the fact that the service extended to them is coupled with security. Any business arrangement, to be permanent, must be mutually satisfactory and profitable. Therefore, in the selection of your bank, have Permanency in view and establish yourself for your present and future well-being in a Good, Sound Bank.

The Merchants State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS

FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY

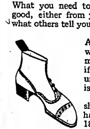


The Shoe Which Stands the Test

If you have a business deal with a man, you do not rely on his appearance or his manner alone. Thieves often look as well and talk as fair as trustworthy men. What you need to know is his reputation. If that is good, either from your experience with him or from what others tell you, you feel safe.

It is even more so with shoes. A poor shoe does not disclose its weakness at a glance. It may be made of paper but look better than if made of leather. You cannot tell until you have worn it. And then it is too late.

The only safe course is to buy a shoe with a reputation. Our shoes have been made in St. Paul since 1855—for more than half a century. Their name stands for honesty and square dealings with merchants and wearers.



Number 7354.
A Man's Velour Calf Button Shoe.

Insist that your dealer sell you

The Gotzian Shoe

"FITS LIKE YOUR FOOTPRINT"

Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

Anditor's Notice of Hearing on Petition in Ditch Proceedings.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, ss.

In the matter of the petition of John Polhrook and others, for a Public Ditch in the county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 52.

Notice is hereby given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, praying for the construction of a public ditch designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as county ditch No. 52, said ditch is located wholly within township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40). Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the quarter corner between sections five (5) and six (6) of said township and range, thence running due south parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between section five (5) and six (6), seven and eight (7) and (8), seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) and sections nineteen(19) and twenty(20) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of said section twenty (20) where hereto, described portion of said main ditch terminates and has its outlet in ditch No. forty-eight(48), thence starting at a point twenty(20) feet east and five hundred and fifty (550) feet south of the said southwest corner of section twenty (20) and running due south parallel with and twenty(20) feet east of the section line between sections twenty-nine (29), and thirty (30) and sections thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) to the Clearwater river where said ditch terminates and has its outlot.

Description of Branch Number 1, of Ditch Number 52.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred and fifty-two (152), range forty (40). Commencing at a point fourteen hundred (1400) feet east and twenty (20) feet north of the quarter corner between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet north of the section line between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15) nine (9) and sixteen (16) and sections eight (8) and seventeen(17), to the southwest corner of section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the main ditch No. 52.

Description of Branch Number 2 of Ditch Number 52.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) range forty (40). Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet north of the south west corner of section seven(7) thence running due east parallel with and tweny (20) feet north of the seciton line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) to the south east corner of section seven (7) where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in main ditch number 52, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the eport of the viewers, hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:

Pete Gustafson, Tone O. Rjnestad, Torkel T. Lande, Fred L. Farley, Swan B. Swanson, Knut Olson, Gustav Swenson, Andreas Arnsen, Dwight Bangs, Thomas C. Rome, Fred York, Hans S. Qnam, Elvira C. Hovland, William A. Swanson, Martin E. Hyland, Bennie P. Rustad, Ole Skrelaod, Torger Thorsen Lunden, Mike Kolski, John L. Radnecki, Walenty Wajnorawski, Andrew A. Brevold, August J. Lillo, Knut E. Syverud, Charles W. Johnson, George Singer, William J. Polbrook, Clarence Hayford, Oscer E. Lillo, Engo Pederson, Wilson L. Rodman, John Olson, Edward Singer, Anton Knudson, Lewis M. Lunde, Jens Sisland, Oscar Neland, Peter Milne, Amand K. Breeland, Albert Hausen, Jermund K. Rystad, Evyind Schjelrup, William M. Erh, Christinn O. Lindherg, Bernhard Lindherg, Kettell Vindlos, Gust B. Tveit, Martin Solemn, Sten Jorgenson, Andrew T. Myrum, Olaus Nelson, Tollak Gulhreelson, F. O. Gustafson, Aslak T. Tvsteksn, Ole M. Bakke, Sever Maaren, Nels P. Johnson, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that the [illegible] county board of [illegible] State of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Friday, the 16th day of December, 1910, at the county auditor's office in the city of Red Lake Falls, in said county, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, for hearing and consideretion of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of
Red Lake County, Minn.
(County Auditor's Seal) n24-d8

No. 9837
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Washington, D. C., September 7, 1910.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Lawrance O. Murray, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls" in the City of Red Lake Falls in the County of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Seventh day of September, 1910.

LAWRENCE O. MURRY,
(SEAL) Comptroller of the Currency

The MAN in LOWER TEN

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

AUTHOR of THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

ILLUSTRATIONS by M. G. KETTNER

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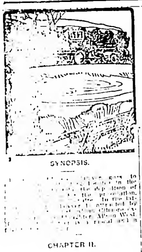


SYNOPSIS.

[illegible] goes to [illegible] in the [illegible] the deposition of [illegible] the presentation. [illegible] in the lat- [illegible] attracted by [illegible] Gilmore's [illegible] Alison West. [illegible] is a rival and a [illegible]

CHAPTER II.

A Torn Telegram.

I lunched alone at the Gilmore house and went back to the city at [illegible]. The sun had lifted the mists, and a strong summer wind had cleared away the smoke pall. The boulevard was full of cars flying countryward for the Saturday half holiday, toward golf and tennis, green fields and babbling girls. I gritted my teeth and thought of McKnight at Richmond. And then, for the first time, I associated John Gilmore's granddaughter with the "West" that McKnight had brutally flung at me.

I still carried my traveling bag, for McKnight's vision at the window of the empty house had not been without effect. I did not transfer the notes to my pocket, and if I had, it would not have altered the situation later. Only the other day McKnight put the whole thing up to me.

"I warned you," he reminded me. "I told you there were queer things coming, and to be on your guard. You ought to have taken your revolver."

"It would have been of exactly as much use as a bucket of snow in—Africa," I retorted. "If I had never taken my eyes off, or if I had kept my finger on the trigger of a six shooter (which is novelesque for revolver), the result would have been the same. And the next time you want a little excitement with every variety of thrill thrown in, I can put you by way of it. You can begin by getting the wrong berth in a Pullman car, and end—"

"Oh, I know how it ends," he finished shortly. "Don't you suppose the whole thing's written on my spinal marrow?"

But I am wandering again. That is the difficulty with the unprofessional story-teller. He yaws back and forth and can't keep in the wind; he drops his characters overboard when he hasn't any further use for them and drowns them; he forgets the coffee pot and the frying pan and all the other small essentials, and, if he carries a love affair, he mutters a fervent "Allah be praised" when he lands them, drenched with adventures, at the matrimonial dock at the end of the final chapter.

I put in a thoroughly unsatisfactory afternoon. Time dragged eternally. I dropped into a summer vaudeville, and bought some ties at a haberdasher's. I was bored but unexpectant; I had no premonition of what was to come. Nothing unusual had ever happened to me; friends of mine had sometimes sailed the high seas of adventure or skirted the coasts of chance, but all of the shipwrecks had occurred after a woman passenger had been taken on. "Ergo," I had always said, "no women!" I repeated it to myself that evening almost savagely, when I found my thoughts straying back to the picture of John Gilmore's granddaughter. I even argued as I ate my solitary dinner at a downtown restaurant.

"Haven't you troubles enough," I reflected, "without looking for more? Hasn't Bad News gone lame, with a matinee race booked for next week? Otherwise aren't you comfortable? Isn't your house in order? Do you want to sell a pony in order to have the library done over in mission or the drawing room in gold? Do you want somebody to count the empty cigarette boxes lying around every morning?"

Lay it to the long idle afternoon, to the new environment, to anything you like, but I began to think that perhaps I did. I was confoundedly lonely. For the first time in my life its even course began to waver. The needle registered warning marks on the matrimonial seismograph, lines vague enough, but lines.

My alligator bag lay at my feet, still locked. While I waited for my coffee I leaned back and surveyed the people incuriously. There were the usual couples intent on each other; my new state of mind made me regard them with tolerance. But at the next table, where a man and woman dined together, a different atmosphere prevailed. My attention was first caught by the woman's face. She had been speaking earnestly across the table, her profile turned to me. I had noticed casually her earnest manner, her somber clothes, and the great mass of odd, bronze-colored hair on her neck. But suddenly she glanced toward me and the utter hopelessness—almost tragedy—of her expression struck me with a shock. She half closed her eyes and drew a long breath, then she turned again to the man across the table.

Neither one was eating. He sat low in his chair, his chin on his chest, ugly folds of thick flesh protruding over his collar. He was probably 50, bald, grotesque, sullen, and yet not without a suggestion of power. But he had been drinking; as I looked, he raised an unsteady hand and summoned a waiter with a wine list.

The young woman bent across the table and spoke again quickly. She had unconsciously raised her voice. Not beautiful, in her earnestness and stress she rather interested me. I had an idle inclination to advise the waiter to remove the bottled temptation from the table. I wonder what would have happened if I had? Suppose Harrington had not been intoxicated when he entered the Pullman car Ontario that night!

For they were about to make a journey, I gathered, and the young woman wished to go alone. I drank three cups of coffee, which accounted for my wakefulness later, and shamelessly watched the tableau before me. The woman's protest evidently went for nothing: across the table the man grunted monosyllabic replies and grew more and more lowering and sullen. Once, during a brief unexpected pianissimo in the music, her voice came to me sharply:

"If I could only see him in time!" she was saying. "Oh, it's terrible!"

In spite of my interest I would have forgotten the whole incident at once, erased it from my mind as one does the inessentials and clutterings of memory, had I not met them again, later that evening, in the Pennsylvania station. The situation between them had not visibly altered: The same dogged determination showed in the man's face, but the young woman—daughter or wife? I wondered—had drawn down her veil and I could only suspect what white misery lay beneath.

I bought my berth after waiting in a line of some eight or ten people. When, step by step, I had almost reached the window, a tall woman whom I had not noticed before spoke to me from my elbow. She had a ticket and money in her hand.

"Will you try to get me a lower when you buy yours?" she asked. "I have traveled for three nights in uppers."

I consented, of course; beyond that I hardly noticed the woman. I had a vague impression of height and a certain amount of stateliness, but the crowd was pushing behind me, and some one was standing on my foot.

"Which Will You Have, Lower Ten or Eleven?"

I got two lowers easily, and, turning with the change and berths, held out the tickets.

"Which will you have?" I asked. "Lower 11 or lower 10?"

"It makes no difference," she said. "Thank you very much indeed."

At random I gave her lower 11, and called a porter to help her with her luggage. I followed them leisurely to the train shed, and ten minutes more saw us under way.

I looked into my car, but it presented the peculiarly unattractive appearance common to sleepers. The berths were made up; the center aisle was a path between walls of dingy, breeze-repelling curtains, while the two seats at each end of the car were piled high with suit cases and umbrellas. The perspiring porter was trying to be in six places at once; somebody has said that Pullman porters are black, so they won't show the dirt, but they certainly show the heat.

Nine-fifteen was an outrageous hour to go to bed, especially since I sleep little or not at all on the train, so I made my way to the smoker and passed the time until nearly 11 with cigarettes and a magazine.

The car was very close. It was a warm night, and before turning in I stood a short time in the vestibule. The train had been stopping at frequent intervals, and, finding the brakeman there, I asked the trouble.

It seemed that there was a hot-box on the next car, and that not only were we late, but we were delaying the second section, just behind. I was beginning to feel pleasantly drowsy, and the air was growing cooler as we got into the mountains. I said good-night to the brakeman and went back to my berth. To my surprise, lower ten was already occupied—a suit case projected from beneath, a pair of shoes stood on the floor, and from behind the curtains came the heavy, unmistakable breathing of deep sleep. I hunted out the porter and together we investigated.

"Are you asleep, sir?" asked the porter, leaning over deferentially. No answer forthcoming, he opened the curtains and looked in. Yes, the intruder was asleep—very much asleep—and an overwhelming odor of whisky proclaimed that he would probably remain asleep until morning. I was irritated. The car was full, and I was not disposed to take an upper in order to allow this drunken interloper to sleep comfortably in my berth.

"You'll have to get out of this," I said, shaking him angrily. But he merely grunted and turned over. As he did so, I saw his features for the first time. It was the quarrelsome man of the restaurant.

I was less disposed than ever to relinquish my claim, but the porter, after a little quiet investigation, offered a solution of the difficulty. "There's no one in lower nine," he suggested, pulling open the curtains just across. "It's likely nine's his berth, and he's made a mistake, owing to his condition. You'd better take nine, sir."

I did, with a firm resolution that if nine's rightful owner turned up later I should be just as unwakable as the man opposite. I undressed leisurely, making sure of the safety of the forged notes, and placing my grip as before between myself and the window.

Being a man of systematic habits, I arranged my clothes carefully, putting my shoes out for the porter to polish, and stowing my collar and scarf in the little hammock swung for the purpose.

At last, with my pillows so arranged that I could see out comfortably, and with the unhygienic-looking blanket turned back—I have always a distrust of those much-used affairs—I prepared to wait gradually for sleep.

But sleep did not visit me. The train came to frequent, grating stops, and I surmised the hot box again. I am not a nervous man, but there was something chilling in the thought of the second section pounding along behind us. Once, as I was dozing, our locomotive whistled a shrill warning "You keep back where you belong," it screamed to my drowsy ears, and from somewhere behind came a chastened "All-right-I-will."

I grew more and more wide-awake. At Cresson I got up on my elbow and blinked out at the station lights. Some passengers boarded the train there and I heard a woman's low tones, a southern voice, rich and full. Then quiet again. Every nerve was tense. Time passed, perhaps ten minutes, possibly half an hour. Then, without the slightest warning, as the train rounded a curve, a heavy body was thrown into my berth. The incident, trivial as it seemed, was startling in its suddenness, for although my ears were painfully strained and awake,

I had heard no step outside. The next instant the curtain hung limp again; still without a sound, my disturber had slipped away into the gloom and darkness. In a frenzy of wakefulness, I sat up, drew on a pair of slippers and fumbled for my bath robe.

From a berth across, probably lower ten, came that particularly aggravating snore which begins lightly, delicately, faintly soprano, goes down the scale a note with every breath, and, after keeping the listener tense with expectation, ends with an explosion that tears the very air. I was more and more irritable: I sat on the edge of the berth and hoped the snorer would choke to death.

He had considerable vitality, however; he withstood one shock after another and survived to start again with new vigor. In desperation I found some cigarettes and one match, piled my blankets over my grip, and drawing the curtains together as though the berth were still occupied, I made my way to the vestibule of the car.

I was not clad for dress parade. Is it because the male is so restricted to gloom in his every-day attire that he blossoms into gaudy colors in his pajamas and dressing gowns? It would take a Turk to feel at home before an audience in my red and yellow bath robe, a Christmas remembrance from Mrs. Klopton, with slippers to match.

So, naturally, when I saw a feminine figure on the platform, my first instinct was to dodge. The woman, however, was quicker than I; she gave me a startled glance, wheeled and disappeared, with a flash of two bronze-colored braids, into the next car.

Cigarette box in one hand, match in the other, I leaned against the uncertain frame of the door and gazed after her vanished figure. The mountain air flapped my bath robe around my bare ankles, my one match burned to the end and went out, and still I stared. For I had seen on her expressive face a haunting look that was horror, nothing less. Heaven knows, I am not psychological. Emotions have to be written large before I can read them. But a woman in trouble always appeals to me, and this woman was more than that. She was in deadly fear.

If I had not been afraid of being ridiculous, I would have followed her. But I fancied that the apparition of a man in a red and yellow bath robe, with an unkempt thatch of hair, walking up to her and assuring her that he would protect her would probably put her into hysterics. I had done that once before, when burglars had tried to break into the house, and had startled the parlor maid into bed for a week. So I tried to assure myself that I had imagined the lady's distress—or caused it, perhaps—and to dismiss her from my mind. Perhaps she was merely anxious about the unpleasant gentleman of the restaurant. I thought smugly that I could have told her all about him: That he was sleeping the sleep of the just and the intoxicated in a berth that ought, by all that was fair and right, to have been mine, and that if I were tied to a man who snored like that I should have him anaesthetized and soft palate put where it would never again flap like a loose sail in the wind.

We passed Harrisburg as I stood there. It was starlight, and the great crests of the Alleghanies had given way to low hills. At intervals we passed smudges of gray white, no doubt in daytime comfortable farms, which McKnight says is a good way of putting it, the farms being a lot more comfortable than the people on them.

I was growing drowsy; the woman with the bronze hair and the horrified face was fading in retrospect. It was colder, too, and I turned with a shiver to go in.

As I did so, a bit of paper fluttered into the air and settled on my sleeve, like a butterfly on a gorgeous red and yellow blossom. I picked it up curiously and glanced at it. It was part of a telegram that had been torn into bits.

There were only parts of four words on the scrap, but it left me puzzled and thoughtful. It read: "—ower ten, car seve—" "Lower ten, car seven," was my berth—the one I had bought and found pre-empted.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Coined By Missouri Judge

First Use of Expression, "The Man Higher Up," Has Been Traced to Its Source.

History may be doubtful as to the identity of the man who fastened the "Show Me" tradition on the state of Missouri, but she will not be in the case of the man who coined the expression "The Man Higher Up." The first use of this expression was made by Elmer B. Adams, judge of the federal bench in St. Louis. Even the very case in which he used the expression has been fixed, and the archeologists who have been carrying on the investigation defy the world to show them (being Missouri men), why and where they are wrong.

Certain claims that the phrase, "Get at the Man Higher Up," was first used by Theodore Roosevelt are scouted by the historians in question, who have gone into the inquiry with all the caution and precaution of true scientists. Nowhere in the folklore of the vaudeville stage or of the daily press can be found the slightest reference to the man higher up previously to the date in 1903, when Judge Adams, charging a federal grand jury in their investigation of certain naturalization frauds which were the talk of the country at that time, told the jury "to look not only for the little man who is made a tool, but for the 'The Man Higher Up.'"

Farmer Boy Presidents.

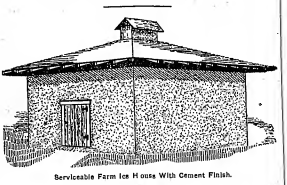
Prof. W. J. Spillman declares that the farms have furnished this country with 92 per cent. of its presidents, 91 per cent. of its governors, 83 per cent. of its cabinet officers, 70 per cent. of its senators, 64 per cent. of its congressmen and 55 per cent. of its railroad presidents.

The Chinese Day.

The Chinese divide the day in 12 parts. Each part is distinct in itself and is of two hours duration.

SERVICEABLE HOUSE FOR PRESERVATION OF ICE

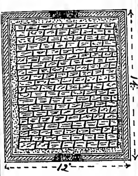
Good Drainage Is Necessary and Walls Must be Constructed So as to Allow Free Circulation of Air Over Top.



Serviceable Farm Ice House With Cement Finish.

A house for ice storage must have proper drainage, to keep the ice out of the water; the foundation and walls must be so constructed that air cannot get to the ice from below, and you must have a free circulation of air over the top of the ice at all times, writes J. E. Bridgeman, in the National Stockman and Farmer. The roof must of course be tight to keep out the rain. Such a house will keep the ice fairly well, regardless of its construction.

But icehouses, like everything else, will give better results if built with some care. The studding should be 2x8-inch timbers, and the spaces between walls filled with sawdust, or other insulating material. The interior walls may be covered with any lumber or material that will keep the sawdust in place. The exterior walls may be covered with boxing and the cracks battened, or drop siding may be used and the roof may be covered with any roofing material that will keep out the rain and snow. To insure proper drainage, excavate the trenches two feet below the foundation and fill the excavation with broken stone. Build the foundation on the stone. A house 10x12 or 12x14 feet square and eight or ten feet in height, will be ample in size for the ordinary family.



Ice House Floor Plan.

Perhaps the best construction for an ice house is one with a stucco finish, as shown in the accompanying illustration. This stucco is simply two coats of Portland cement plaster, over wood or metal lath. Native lumber may be used, and the studding covered with rough lumber, over which is placed the stucco finish. The sand and gravel for cement work are usually found on the farm, or close at hand, which makes the cement work cheaper than wood. This house has a composition roof, and a ventilator built of boards one by two feet square. The spaces between the rafters are left open for ventilation, and the walls are plastered down to grade line. The dirt should be so graded that all water will drain away from the house.

FOR DAISIES AND VIOLETS

Cold Frames Should Have Glass Put on Before Severe Cold Weather Sets in—Air on Mild Days.

The cold frames in which are planted these flowers should have the glass put on before cold weather sets in; cover the sash frosty nights with straw mats. The outside of frame should be banked up with leaves or rotted straw. Air the frames in the middle of every mild day. Daisies and violets will survive the winter in a warm border, covered with a light coat of clean rye straw, which should be taken off in mild weather to harden the plants. When weather is severe put on the straw and cover with a little light brush to hold the straw in place. Plants that are to flower must be given an extra covering in severe weather; a light covering of leaves may be spread over the plants in the frames in severe weather.

MANY SMALL FARM TOOLS

Experiments Show Amount Far Exceeds Guess of Farmer—Advantage of Systematic Arrangement Apparent.

If the average farmer were asked "How much money have you invested in the small tools on this farm?" it is probable that after a moment of thought, during which he would have a mental picture of an axe, a handsaw, a grindstone and rather a confused idea that there was a lot of stuff of one sort or another somewhere about the farm, would reply that from $25 to $50 would cover the cost.

A recent investigation conducted by the Ohio experiment station in co-operation with the U. S. department of agriculture discloses that this is far short of the mark. In order to arrive at some conclusion in regard to this matter, careful inventories were taken on thirty-three Ohio farms, and in every instance the total amount was many times what the owner had "guessed."

The fact that these small tools are bought, one at a time as needed, and are not cared for systematically, leads to a very erroneous idea of their value. In summarizing the inventories of these thirty-three farms, it is estimated that to completely equip a general farm of 160 acres in Ohio with small tools will probably cost from $200 to $300, or in excess of the farmers' "guess" by more than 500 per cent. An error in judgment of this amount, particularly when the error is against the farm, is serious enough to challenge our attention.

Even on farms where inventories are habitually taken, these tools of minor equipment are usually included as "other small tools" and given a guessed at value, somewhat alter the stereotyped expression appearing on sale bills: "other articles too numerous to mention."

Farm requirements differ very greatly, the highly specialized farm not needing nearly so many tools as the general farm. The necessity of a fairly complete outfit is apparent if the farmer would avoid expensive trips to town or to the neighbors to meet some immediate need, thereby stopping teams and laborers until the repair is affected. The advantage of some systematic arrangement is also apparent, in order that the exact tool may be at hand when wanted and thus avoid loss and delay by reason of mislaid, borrowed, stolen or lost tools.

The inventories of the thirty-three farms investigated are summarized and discussed in Circular 98 of the Ohio experiment station, and the articles are so classified and arranged as to make it easy for any farmer to compare the list with those found on his own farm. This circular will be sent free upon request.

Grading Seed Wheat.

Too little stress has been laid on the importance of grading seed wheat. Failure to get a good stand as well as frequently assignable to sowing light, dwarfed seed as to any other cause.

Increased yields, as well as quick germination and uniform stand, says a North Carolina bulletin, are ours to follow careful grading of seed wheat.

Hens Confined.

It has been conclusively proven that hens kept in a yard and fed right will lay more eggs than hens that run at large all over creation. The feed bill will not be so large either, a fact that is worth considering.

CORN CONTESTS FOR YOUTHS

Knowledge and Experience Gained of Far Greater Importance Than Any Prize Offered or Won.

The corn contests which have been carried on in the many states have proven of great educational value to the boys. The prizes offered have added zest to the endeavor to make the best showing and produce the best corn, but the knowledge and experience gained are of far greater importance than any prize. Last year there was issued in Arkansas a circular on the effect of the corn contests upon the boy participating. It says:

"The boy who has engaged in a contest of this kind, whether successfully or not, has gained practical training of far-reaching value and lasting significance. He has been brought in touch with the great natural laws on one hand and with modern science on the other. He has by his own efforts demonstrated the relation between the two. He has been led to work and think, to apply knowledge to the most practical affairs of life. By his own efforts he has made a crop and dignified himself by accomplishment. He has established in his own mind for all time the relation of theory and practice."

Detecting a Chicken Thief.

The wife of a Michigan farmer after losing a number of fine fowls painted the legs of the remainder red. In a few days the red-legged birds turned up in the city market and she had no difficulty in tracing the thief, who is now in jail.

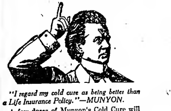
Burying Cabbage.

Do not bury cabbage until danger of very hard freezing. As a rule it should not be buried until about the 10th of November, and later in many sections will insure safer keeping.

Help for Farmer's Wife.

If there is need of a new riding plow and washing machine and one cannot afford both, let the plow wait until next season.

COLDS
Cured in One Day



"I regard my cold cure as being better than a Life Insurance Policy."—MUNYON.

A few doses of Munyon's Cold Cure will break up any cold and prevent pneumonia. It relieves the head, throat and lungs almost instantly. These little sugar pellets can be conveniently carried in the vest pocket for use at any time or anywhere. Price 25 cents at any druggists.

If you need Medical Advice write to Munyon's Doctors. They will carefully diagnose your case and give you advice by mail, absolutely free. They put you under no obligations.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratory, 53d and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberto, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) 33

SOUR STOMACH

"I used Cascarets and feel like a new man. I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia and sour stomach for the last two years. I have been taking medicine and other drugs, but could find no relief only for a short time. I will recommend Cascarets to my friends as the only thing for indigestion and sour stomach and to keep the bowels in good condition. They are very nice to eat."
Harry Stuckley, Mauch Chunk, Pa.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 926

REMEMBER
PISO'S
for COUGHS & COLDS

She Covered Her Head.

Scene, a country church of Episcopalian denomination in process of being decorated for the Christmas season. The rector, who has a strong leaning towards forms of all kinds, is fastening a festoon of evergreen about the baptismal font, when, enter Miss Dymple, who unceremoniously flings her hat upon the seat of a pew and comes to his assistance. The rector suddenly observes that she is hatless and remarks severely:

"Miss Dymple, it is particularly forbidden that women shall come into the church with uncovered heads."

"Oh, bother, I forgot!" responded the young lady irreverently "Well," grabbing up the rector's derby and setting it jauntily on her pert little head, "will this do?"

The Lawyers Won.

Askit—Old Skinnerd left quite a large estate, did he not?

Nolitt—Yes; but some of his relatives contested his will.

Askitt—Was there much left after it got through the courts?

Nolitt—Nothing but the heirs.

He Never Shaved Again.

Marmaduke—What do you suppose that wretched barber said when he shaved me?

Bertie—I don't know.

Marmaduke—He said it reminded him of a game he used to play when a boy called "Hunt the Hare."

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

It is no use preaching on the fatherhood of God so long as you do not like boys.

Fargo Directory

Pioneer Life Insurance Co. All premiums are left in your state for its development. Country banks made depositaries. Policies guaranteed by state deposit. Agents wanted. J. J. FECKLER, Secy., Fargo, N. Dak.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies. Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention. FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO. Growers and shippers of CUT FLOWERS, PLANTS, etc. The largest facilities and best appointed service in the West for handling out of town orders. Funeral designs made on short notice. Phone or write us Night or Day. Established a quarter of a century. Send for catalogue. Corner Broadway & Front Street, Fargo, N. D.

KODAK adds enjoyment to every sport or recreation. Kodak way is easy and simple. Kodaks $5 to $100. Ask us for a copy of the Kodak Catalog. [illegible], Fargo, N.D.

FARGO TANNERY
Receives hides and skins for tanning to harness leather, robes and coats. Robes lined, hides bought, leather and robes for sale. Send for price list.
Andrew Monson Prop. Fargo Tannery Fargo, N. D.

DAKOTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
Complete courses in Music and Dramatic Art. Catalogue free. Fargo, North Dakota.

THE HIGH COST OF LIVING REDUCED

Much has been said about the high cost of living, its causes, and the possibilities of its reduction. But little has been said about the most costly leak: the false economy existing today in nearly every household.

Most foodstuffs are bought with but one point in view: "How cheap can I get it" without a thought of quality or "after cost". One of the most serious is baking powder.

By the use of perfect baking powder the housewife can derive as much economy as from any other article used in baking and cooking. In selecting the baking powder, therefore, care should be exercised to purchase one that retains its original strength and always remains the same, thus making the food sweet and wholesome and producing sufficient leavening gas to make the baking light.

Very little of this leavening gas is produced by the cheap baking powders, making it necessary to use double the quantity ordinarily required to secure good results.

You cannot experiment every time you make a cake or biscuits, or test the strength of your baking powder to find out how much of it you should use; yet with most baking powders you should do this for they are put together so carelessly they are never uniform, the quality and strength varying with each can purchased.

Calumet Baking Powder is made of chemically pure ingredients of tested strength. Experienced chemists put it up. The proportions of the different materials remain always the same. Sealed in air-tight cans, Calumet Baking Powder does not alter in strength and is not affected by atmospheric changes.

In using Calumet you are bound to have uniform bread, cake or biscuits, as it does not contain any cheap, useless or adulterating ingredients so commonly used to increase the weight. Further, it produces pure, wholesome food and is a baking powder of rare merit, therefore, is recommended by leading physicians and chemists. It complies with all pure food laws, both STATE and NATIONAL. The goods are moderate in price, and any lady purchasing Calumet from her grocer, if not satisfied with it can return it and have her money refunded.

Some One Must Do It.

J. Pierpont Morgan, at one of the sumptuous dinners that he gave in Cincinnati during the recent church congress, praised the power of advertising.

Mr. Morgan's eulogy concluded with an epigram quite good and quite true enough to be pasted in every businessman's hat.

"If a dealer," he said, "does not advertise his wares, it is ten to one that the sheriff will do it for him."

Desperate Situation.

"There's no use trying to deny it," remarked Mrs. DeFlatt, "this is the worst cook we've had yet. There positively isn't a decent thing to eat on the table."

"That's right," rejoined DeFlatt.

"But," continued his wife, "there's one thing in her favor. She can't be beat when it comes to washing."

"Pity we can't eat the washing," sighed the hungry husband.

"Beer" in Kansas.

A certain Kansas editor always puts the word "beer," when printed in his paper, in quotation marks.

"Why do you do that?" a subscriber asked him.

"It is for the same reason," he replied, "that we put quotation marks around the word 'ghost.' We don't believe there are any ghosts."—Kansas City Journal.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

AS REPRESENTED.

Patient—Look here, doctor; you said if I took a bottle of your tonic I would have a remarkable appetite. Why, I only eat one soda cracker each week.

Doctor—Well, don't you call that a remarkable appetite?

NEWSPAPERS TAKING IT UP

Metropolitan Dailies Giving Advice How to Check Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble.

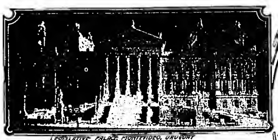
This is a simple home recipe now being made known in all the larger cities through the newspapers. It is intended to check the many cases of Rheumatism and dread kidney trouble which have made so many cripples, invalids and weaklings of some of our brightest and strongest people.

The druggists everywhere, even in the smallest communities, have been notified to supply themselves with the ingredients, and the sufferer will have no trouble to obtain them. The prescription is as follows: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce, and Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Mix by shaking well in a bottle. The dose is one teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime.

Recent experiments in hospital cases prove this simple mixture effective in Rheumatism. Because of its positive action upon the eliminative tissues of the kidneys, it compels these most vital organs to filter from the blood and system the waste impurities and uric acid which are the cause of rheumatism. It cleanses the kidneys, strengthens them and removes quickly such symptoms as backache, blood disorders, bladder weakness, frequent urination, painful scalding and discolored urine. It acts as a gentle, thorough regulator to the entire kidney structure.

Those who suffer and are accustomed to purchase a bottle of medicine should not let a little inconvenience interfere with making this up, or have your druggist do it for you.

REBELLION IN URUGUAY IS SERIOUS



LEGISLATIVE PALACE: MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY

DR CLAUDIO WILLIMAN PRESIDENT OF URUGUAY

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay.—Troops are being sent into the interior almost daily by the government in the effort to quell the rebellion that threatens to lead to serious civil war. The insurgents already have captured Nico Perez, a town 125 miles north of Montevideo. The trouble originated in a contest between two factions for the presidency. The government's candidate is Jose Battle y Ordonez, and a large number of the inhabitants are opposed to him and support the pretensions of Dr. Bacchini, who recently resigned the post of foreign minister at the request of President Williman. The four year term of President Williman comes to an end March 1, 1911.

TRAIN APPLE EATER

How Consumers' League Finds Numerous Recruits.

Members Go About Calling for Fruit and When Restaurants and Hotels Refuse Demands Lives Made Miserable.

New York.—A farmer living near Scranton, Pa., disposes of his surplus apples, windfalls, etc., by shipping them to town to be distributed to the children of the factory district.

This is a good way to dispose of cull apples. Every one of these children will become an apple eater and will never get over the habit. We need not fear a surplus of apples in the future while such an army is being trained, says a writer in Rural New Yorker. Every year at this time some one comes asking what the Apple Consumers' league is. It happened that about a dozen years ago the writer had dinner at a well-known New York restaurant. He became apple hungry, but it was impossible to find baked apples or apple sauce on the bill of fare. He called a waiter and put up a hard complaint. In a short time a very polite man came like one who seeks to side-step trouble and about the following dialogue was spoken:

"I hope there is nothing wrong with the food."

"Why, it isn't all here!"

"What is lacking?"

"Apple! Many of us were born in the country and brought up on apples. We like them and want to go where they are served. Why do you not offer baked apple and apple sauce? This is a first-class restaurant—why not make it complete?"

The manager looked around and saw a dozen heads nod with "That's right!" He was a wise man and merely said: "Well, gentlemen, I'll get them. Thank you for the suggestion."

The next day "Baked Apple and Cream" was written in red ink on the bill of fare. There was a rush for the apples that startled the restaurant managers, and several barrels are now served there every week. That suggested the Apple Consumers' league, and we began at once to spread the work. We went about calling for apple, and when the restaurants and hotels failed to offer the fruit we made it our business to make life a burden to the managers. The apple army grew like magic and ere long thousands of travelers took up the refrain. Up to that time the dish of fruit on hotel tables contained bananas and oranges. We filled up these dishes with apples, and made baked apple a fair partner with sliced oranges. There can be no doubt that this simple organization has increased the consumption of apples by 20 per cent.

Some amusing things have grown out of it. The Pennsylvania Horticultural society met at Gettysburg one year. This is the heart of the famous York Imperial section, yet there was not even the smell of an apple about the hotel. Some 50 or more guests began to call for apples, and kept it up at supper until the proprietor sent out and bought some Ben Davis, which he served raw. For breakfast the baked fruit came on piping hot.

When the New York fruit growers met at Penn Yan there was served at dinner an apple pie "like mother used to make." The writer found that the hotel cook was a woman and he suggested that she ought to be made an honorary member of the association as a woman who "could take a handful of flour, a lump of butter and sugar and even a Ben Davis apple and make a pie that would induce a man to buy a sealskin coat for his mother-in-law." At the next meal at the hotel there was such a call for apple pie as nearly to bankrupt the kitchen.

REVIVING HIS OLD ORCHARD

Wonderful Results of Proper Handling of Aged Apple Trees in Massachusetts.

Boston.—J. Stearns Wyman has had an experience in orcharding which will interest growers of fruits. Mr. Wyman's home is in Winchester, and apple trees, some of them half a hundred years old, have bloomed and fruited on his grounds without attention until last year, when he got busy, with a view in mind of trying to make the old trees grow bigger and better fruit.

Large apples were produced by a tree which the owner believed to be the most wretched-looking one in Winchester. It was a down-and-out growth, very old, hopelessly decrepit, and all in as a producer when Mr. Wyman began revival work on it. He cleaned out the hollow trunk, filled the void with cement, removed all loose bark on trunk and limbs, cut away dead branches and covered the cut places with a preparation to keep out the weather.

He did some very close pruning, but that was what the old tree needed, and very early last spring it bloomed in a glory of gladness that surprised some of the neighbors who were quite sure that Mr. Wyman had been too severe in his revival work.

No fertilizers were used. As the weeks rolled their courses the old apple tree seemed to get into the gayety of the sunshine and the breezes. Bees and humming birds quested sweetness in the hearts of its blossoms, robins and finches and bluebirds flittered through its foliage, and early in the summer first baby apples as big as horse chestnuts foretold to Mr. Wyman the autumn coming of big fruit.

STATE TO INSURE ALL MEN

England's Contributory Scheme to Counteract Lack of Employment—Outline of Plan.

London.—As the British government has already announced that it has in hand a national scheme of insurance against unemployment it may be taken for granted that Sir Hubert Llewellyn Smith, who is chief of the permanent staff of the board of trade, indicated semi-officially the lines on which that scheme is based in the address which he delivered recently as president of the economic science section of the British association. "First," he said, "the scheme must be compulsory, otherwise the bad personal risks against which we must always be on our guard would be certain to predominate; second, the scheme must be contributory, for only by exacting rigorously as a necessary qualification for benefit that a sufficient number of weeks' contribution shall have been paid by each recipient can we possibly hope to put limits on the exceptionally bad risks.

"Our analysis leads us step by step to the contemplation of a national contributory scheme of insurance, within the limits of a large group of trades—a group so far as possible self-contained and carefully selected as favorable for the experiment, the funds being derived from compulsory contributions from all those engaged in these trades, with a subsidy and guarantee from the state. The rules relating to benefit should be so devised as to discriminate effectively against unemployment which is mainly due to personal causes, while giving a substantial allowance to those whose unemployment results from industrial causes beyond the control of the individual."

Such a scheme Sir Hubert regards as actuarily possible, at least for such a group of trades as building, engineering and shipbuilding.

GATES FOR PANAMA

Canal Will Require Ninety-Two of Them.

Giant Portals to Be as High as Six-Story House, 65 Feet Wide, 7 Feet Thick—The Cost Will Be $5,500,000.

Pittsburg.—Boys dreaming of gates they will seize as Halloween trophies would not in the wildest nightmare imagine such enormous gates as are being made in Pittsburg for the Panama Canal. They will be the largest gates in the world.

Any one of the 92 of them—for there are to be 46 pairs in all—will be about as high as a six-story building, as wide (65 feet) as many city buildings, and 7 feet thick.

The structural steel that will go to make them will weigh 50,000 tons, or over eight times as much as was used to build the Eiffel Tower in Paris.

The mighty portals, designed to admit a world's commerce from one ocean to another, must withstand a tide of criticism as well as a tremendous pressure of water and possible convulsions of the earth. For years the controversy over gates or no gates, locks or sea level, has been the dividing issue of the canal problem. In the face of fear in some quarters that the foundations on the Isthmus are not sure enough for locks, that earthquakes or water pressure would dislodge them, and that an enemy's mines or accidental explosions might easily destroy them, the government has begun to build the gates.

The cost of the gates will be $5,000,000. Of the 60,000 tons of steel required the heaviest single pieces will weigh about 18 tons. These will be the base girders, which are seven feet long and which will be placed much like the first floor girders of a skyscraper. The series of girders above them will range from 3.3 feet apart near the bottom to 5 feet apart at the top, and over the skeleton structure thus formed a sheathing of water-tight armor plate will be bolted much after the fashion of clapboards on a house.

The thickness of the plates will range from an inch at the base to seven-sixteenths of an inch at the top. The weight of a single gate will be about 600 tons and the dimensions are 77 to 82 feet high, 60 to 65 feet wide and 7 feet thick.

The thousands of individual pieces, numbered and fitted to go together as easily as children's blocks, will be shipped by steamer via Baltimore and with them will go over 400 skilled structural steel builders to set them up. The advance guard of experts leaves here in December and the first work will probably begin early in 1911. It will take three years to complete the job.

The location of the 46 pairs of gates will be: Twenty at the Gatun dam on the Pacific side, 12 at Pedro Miguel and 14 at Miraflores, near the Atlantic entrance. The gates are designed to hold back water 47.4 feet deep in a channel 110 feet wide, which means a pressure of a million pounds.

Engineers assert that even if a tremendous explosion or earthquake should damage or destroy one or more sets of gates, no great disaster would ensue, for all locks are to be made in duplicate to accommodate traffic in both directions at once, and the wreckage of one set of locks would only necessitate the diversion of commerce into another set. But really violent earthquakes have not occurred in the Panama region for more than two centuries.

Each lock will be ample for a ship 50 per cent. larger than any vessel now afloat, and it has been estimated that as many as 100 ocean ships may be handled in a single day.

FINDS CURE FOR PELLAGRA

Consists of Transfusion of Blood of Healthy Individuals Into Veins of Afflicted.

Chicago.—A cure for pellagra is asserted to have been discovered as the result of experiments conducted at the Cook County Infirmary at Dunning. It consists of the transfusion of the blood of healthy individuals into the veins of the afflicted. Out of 34 cases so treated Dr. C. O. Wilhite asserted that nearly all have been cured.

"Pellagra is common in our institution," said Dr. Wilhite. "The transfusion of healthy blood into the veins of the affected persons is about the only method I know of that will cure it, and certainly we have had great success. I don't think the Rockefeller Institute has anything on us in the treatment of these cases, and, as a matter of fact, I guess we have a little the best of them because pellagra is uncommon on the east, and they can't get as many patients in New York to work on as we have.

"We have been giving this treatment for about four months and have treated 34 cases. The best blood for transfusion comes from persons who have been cured of the disease, and it only takes one inoculation. Shortly after the treatment we notice that the skin of the patient clears up and he becomes more active in body and alert in mind."

HORNETS CLEAN OUT STUDIO

Artist Hangs Up Nest Over Fireplace and Has Decidedly Interesting Time—Got Stung.

Winsted, Conn.—Robert Hamilton, landscape artist of New York, was routed from his studio in the Berkshire hills near Lee, Mass., the other night by hornets which had been brought to the place in cold storage by two women.

The nest, almost as large as a bushel basket, was found in the woods by the women. They cut off the limb to which the nest was fastened and brought the trophy to Hamilton, who placed the nest over his fireplace.

He was on his porch waiting for the hunter's moon to show over the eastern hills when he heard a roaring noise inside. Thinking the chimney was afire he rushed in. The room was full of hornets, swirling in clouds. The warmth from the fireplace had awakened them. The artist pried open two windows and threw open a door to cool off the place. At midnight he ventured into the house, as the cold air had reduced the army to quiet.

At 3 o'clock the next morning Hamilton had cleaned house and buried a pailful of hornets under the pines.

"Did you get stung?" was asked of Hamilton.

"H'm! In what way do you mean?" he sparred. "Oh, by the hornets? No-o; not by them."

Wife's Duty.

A wife is not doing her duty if she loves her husband more than she loves herself.—Father Donnelly.

SUFFERED 30 YEARS.

But Chronic Kidney Trouble Was Finally Cured.

Charles Von Soehnen, 201 A St., Colfax, Wash., says: "For 30 years I suffered from kidney trouble and was laid up for days at a time. There was a dull ache through the small of my back and I had rheumatic pains in every joint. The kidney secretions passed too freely and I was annoyed by having to arise at night. I could not work without intense suffering. Through the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, I was practically given a new pair of kidneys. I cannot exaggerate their virtues."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Hardly a Compliment.

In the excitement of the moment public speakers often say the opposite of what they mean to convey, and "when Henry Irving gave a reading in the Ulster hall, in 1878," says Bram Stoker, in "Personal Reminiscences of Henry Irving," "one speaker made as pretty an Irish bull as could be found, though the bull is generally supposed to belong to other provinces than the hard-headed Ulster. In descanting on the many virtues of the guest of the evening he mentioned the excellence of his moral nature and rectitude of his private life in these terms: 'Mr. Irving, sir, is a gentleman what leads a life of unbroken blemish.'"

A Sure Cure.

Mother—I'm afraid Gwendoline is setting her heart on that young Penniless.

Father—You think so?

Mother—I am almost sure of it.

Father—Well, he is not a fit person for her to marry. He is as poor as a rat and has no prospects. Something must be done to set her against him.

Mother—I have thought of that and have hit upon what I think is an excellent plan.

Father—Yes? What is it?

Mother—We must tell her that we want her to marry him.

BABY'S SCALP CRUSTED

"Our little daughter, when three months old, began to break out on the head and we had the best doctors to treat her, but they did not do her any good. They said she had eczema. Her scalp was a solid scale all over. The burning and itching was so severe that she could not rest, day or night. We had about given up all hopes when we read of the Cuticura Remedies. We at once got a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and one bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, and followed directions carefully. After the first dose of the Cuticura Resolvent, we used the Cuticura Soap freely and applied the Cuticura Ointment. Then she began to improve rapidly and in two weeks the scale came off her head and new hair began to grow. In a very short time she was well. She is now sixteen years of age and a picture of health. We used the Cuticura Remedies about five weeks, regularly, and then we could not tell she had been affected by the disease. We used no other treatment after we found out what the Cuticura Remedies would do for her. J. Fish and Ella M. Fish, Mt. Vernon, Ky., Oct. 12, 1909."

HAD TO BE POSTPONED.

His Friend—I t'ought you wus goin' to commit suicide, James?

The Other—I wus! but when I got to de river I remembered I'd forgot me swimmin' tights.

END STOMACH TROUBLE NOW

Dyspepsia, Gas, Sourness or Indigestion Go Five Minutes After Taking a Little Diapepsin.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or you feel bloated after eating, and you believe it is the food which fills you; if what little you eat lies like lead on your stomach; if there is difficulty in breathing, eructations of sour, undigested food and acid, heartburn, brash or a belching of gas, you can make up your mind that you need something to stop food fermentation and cure Indigestion.

A large case of Pape's Diapepsin costs only fifty cents at any drug store here in town, and will convince any stomach sufferer five minutes after taking a single dose that Fermentation and Sour Stomach is causing the misery of Indigestion.

No matter if you call your trouble Catarrh of the Stomach, Dyspepsia, Nervousness or Gastritis, or by any other name—always remember that a certain cure is waiting at your drug store the moment you decide to begin its use.

Pape's Diapepsin will regulate any out-of-order Stomach within five minutes, and digest promptly, without any fuss or discomfort, all of any kind of food you eat.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure any chronic case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Gastritis or any other Stomach trouble.

Should you at this moment be suffering from Indigestion, Gas, Sourness or any stomach disorder, you can surely get relief within five minutes.

The Simple Life.

Mrs. Knicker—You will have to get up to light the fire.

Knicker—Unnecessary, my dear; I never smoke before breakfast.

McLean Met His Match.

John R. McLean stepped in front of a lurching Irishman, one evening, and obstructed the sidewalk so that the Irishman was obliged to stop and look at him. McLean said:

"Here's that half dollar I borrowed of you. Now you must quit telling the neighbors that I never pay my debts."

Half drunk, and wholly dazed, the Irishman took the silver piece, looked at it intently, and then said:

"Be dad, yez can't get off that aisy. It wor a whole dollar that yez borryd; so fork over."

And he forked over another half dollar, and went his way, laughing heartily at the quick wit of the Irishmen.—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

No Union.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, at a luncheon at the Colony club in New York, urged on women the necessity for union.

"If we are to get the vote," she said, "we must stand together. Too many women face this question as they face all others—like the elderly belles at the charity ball.

"'What a flatterer Wooter Von Twilnice?' said the second.

"'Why, did he tell you you looked ice?' said the second.

"'No,' was the reply. 'He told me you did!'"

It Revolted Him.

William Loeb, Jr., at a dinner in New York, referred with a smile to the heavier penalties, even to imprisonment, that are now to be inflicted upon smugglers.

"They take it hard, very hard, these smugglers," said Mr. Loeb. "Revolted at the size of their fines, they make me think of George White, the chicken thief.

"'What!' George shouted reproachfully on hearing his sentence. 'What! Ten dollars for stealin' that chicken? Why, judge, I could 'a' bought a smarter hen for 50 cents!'"

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Costly Talent.

"You are sure that airships will make war so expensive as to be utterly impracticable?" said one military expert.

"Quite sure," replied the other. "The flying machines won't cost so much, but we won't be able to pay the sums required by aviators for going up in them."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Sure Cure.

Randall—How did she cure her daughter of that disagreeable habit of crossing her knees,

Rogers—Bought her a hobble skirt.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sore Throat will not live under the same roof with Hamlins Wizard Oil, the best of all remedies for the relief of all pain.

The charm of the unattainable is long drawn out.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Too often a piano stool is the seat of discord.

WANTS HER LETTER PUBLISHED

For Benefit of Women who Suffer from Female Ills

Minneapolis, Minn.—"I was a great sufferer from female troubles which caused a weakness and broken down condition of the system. I read so much of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for other suffering women I felt sure it would help me, and I must say it did help me wonderfully. My pains all left me, I grew stronger, and within three months I was a perfectly well woman.

"I want this letter made public to show the benefit women may derive from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. JOHN G. MOLDAN, 2115 Second St., North, Minneapolis, Minn.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature Brent Good

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. If you want good results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney trouble.

Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

PATENT Your idea may bring you a fortune. Free preliminary search. Booklet free. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. 638 14th St., Washington; 900 Dearborn St., Chicago.

Farms Wanted for settlement; also town lots, with owners' prices and locations, to buy. Send particulars and lowest prices. Ferguson National Realty Co. 505 Fifth Ave., New York.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

PATENT your ideas. 64-page book and advice FREE. Established 1869. Fitzgerald & Co. Box K, Washington, D. C.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Will Keep Your Harness soft as a glove tough as a wire black as a coal

Sold by Dealers Everywhere

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard

The benefit of free hides, which apply principally to sole leather, and the reduced tariff on sole leather, now enables me to give the wearer more value for his money, better and longer wearing $3, $3.50 and $4 shoes than I could give previous to the tariff revision.

for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U. S., and that Dollar for Dollar, I Guarantee My Shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality Counts. It has made my Shoes The Leaders of the World. You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

W. L. Douglas

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school. 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Full courses in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

School in session all year. Free catalog. Address, F. L. Watkins, Pres., Fargo, N. D.

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, Cookies and Crackers. Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

Wood for sale, on stump near town. P. B. Gaass.

A nice assortment of Hanging lamps at Hunt Hardware Co.

Every article guaranteed or money refunded at Holzman's

Geo. L. Austin was over from Crookston the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Kellogg spent Sunday with friends at Crookston.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel December 6.

An unlimited number of articles for Christmas gifts at Hunt Hardware Co.

The F. and F. B's were entertained by Mrs. E. F. Marshall Tuesday evening.

All engraving done free on every article purchased at Holzman's Jewelry store

Books make good Christmas gifts. A nice line at the Sunshine at popular prices.

That $1.50 Enameled Roaster that Hunt Hardware Co. sells is certainly a dandy.

Sam McMahon of Highlanding was attending business in town Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. C. C. Jackson of Thief River Falls was the guest of Mrs. E. F. Marshall this week

Editor E. L. Quist of the Thief River Press spent Monday night in town on business.

Chas. Bourcier of Bemidji visited with relatives in town today.

Keen Kutter Food Choppers are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Get one at Hunt Hardware Co.

A. P. Toupin, register of the United States Land office, was over from Crookston Wednesday.

Community Silver—Sterling's only Rival. Every piece warranted for 25 years.—Hunt Hardware Co.

Work of rebuilding the Zaiser building which was damaged by fire a few weeks ago, was commenced Monday.

For Sale—an organ in good condition and also a dresser and a hard leaf table.—Inquire at the Gazette Office. tf

A number of town people drove out to the Evangelist Quesnelle home at Badger Creek Sunday and spent the day.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, every will hereafter make regular trips and week. tf

See our silk remnant basket for bargains in all kinds of silk. Suitable for fancy work, scarfs, etc. The Big Store.

Jos. Belair returned Tuesday from a business trip to the twin cities and other points in the southern part of the state.

L. C. Simons was up from St. Paul looking after his business interests here and at other points in the county. Tuesday.

The Healy Land company's offices have been made more attractive and convenient by painting and some alterations.

FROM NOW UNTIL CHRISTMAS

GOODS AT COST PRICES

Having too much stock on hand, we will sell at cost price men's and ladies' woolen underwear, men's and ladies' sweater coats, men's, ladies' and children's footwear, ladies' shirtwaists and petticoats. Many other things will be closed out at cost. Don't miss these big bargains.

Red Lake Falls SupplY House

We pay the highest price for furs. 9 cents for green salted hides, 10 cents for salted cured hides.—Red Lake Falls Supply House.

Manager Geo. Stearns of the Tri-state telephone exchange at Thief River Falls was a business caller in town Friday night.

G. G. Kinlseth has returned from Crookston where he had been assisting with the office work of the Red Lake Falls Milling company.

Miss Elsie Quesnel, who has just finished a term of school northeast of town visited with friends here Friday while on her way to Mentor.

We are cleaning our stock of dishes and you will find many articles on our tables marked way below our original values.—Theo. LaBissoniere.

Mrs. Daniel Quesnelle, who has been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Helm, has returned to her home in Minneapolis.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will hold a business meeting at the home of Mrs. E. L. Healy Saturday afternoon at 3 oc'lock.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Buse entertained a number of friends at their home Friday evening. Progressive whist was played and a very pleasant evening was spent.

Follow the crowd to The Sunshine for Christmas gifts. Do not wait until the last week or you will be disappointed as we will be sure to be out of the best articles.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Kunkel of Terrebonne spent Monday and Tuesday of this week in the city. Mr. Kunkel being called here by a meeting of the county commissioners.

Miss Mary Arndt of Port Washington, Wis., arrived in Red Lake Falls a few days ago and will spend the winter here. She will keep house for her uncle, J. N. Nimesgern.

A lot of fine new silverware just received for the Christmas trade. Nothing makes a more acceeptable Christmas gift than a nice piece of silverware.—Rudolph Holzman.

A message from Santa Claus says he is feeling fine. He will leave the North Pole early next week and arrive at Headquarters for Red Lake Falls, the Sunshine, promptly on time.

At this season of the year the print shop force is crowded with work and for that reason merchants who desire Christmas advertising are urged to get copy to the office as early as possible.

Helmuth Zaiser left this evening for Federal Dam where business matters demand his attention. He was accompanied by Fred Zaiser, who will spend a few days there looking over the town.

The city schools will be closed tomorrow, all of the teachers having gone to East Grand Forks last evening to attend the annual meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Educational association.

On complaint of the state dairy and food department Max Ingler was taken before Justice E. G. Buse on the charge of buying cream without a license. The state failed to prove the charge and the case was dismissed.

The ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church will give a supper and sale at the home of Nels Alfson, in the Rue house in this city, Friday evening, Dec. 9. Supper will be served from six o'clock until all are served and after supper useful articles that have been made by the ladies will be sold at public auction. All are invited.

Have severed my connections with the Crookston Medical Institute and will now practice medicine, surgery and confinement cases. In Red Lake Falls I can be found at the Grand View Hotel for one month—Dr. C. L. Schneider.

Money carried on the person is not safe. Money loaned without good security is not safe. Money risked in speculation is not safe. But money deposited in the Merchants State Bank is absolutely safe and will earn 5 per cent annual interest for you.

Fr. Ambrose returned last Friday from his vacation trip of three months in Europe. While away he spent a portion of the time in Rome and other large cities, and comes back much improved in health. Fr. Conrad, who had charge of St. Mary's parish here, has gone to Richland, Minn., where he will take charge of the parish until recently held by Fr. Laurence, formerly of this city.

I have secured the agency for the famous Washburn-Crosby "Gold Medal Flour"—the most celebrated flour in the world. I have opened up a feed and flour store in the Duffy building south of Spillane's confectionery and will endeavor to carry a line of flour and feed that will command your patronage. This flour will not cost any more than any of inferior make so it is to your advantage to come and see me.—Leo Steinort. tf

For Sale Cheap.

1 Round Oak heater good as new.
1 No. 8 cook stove with utensils.
2 rocking chairs.
6 kitchen chairs.
1 cupboard and dishes.
1 wardrobe.
1 10-ft extention table.
1 centre table.
2 bed steads and springs.
Apply to Theo. Garceau.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

All in the Brogue.

The Rev. Charles H. Kelly, an English clergyman, tells a story concerning old General Kemmis, whom he describes as "a fine spoken man." Once the gallant officer found a soldier in a very dirty condition. "Take him," he said to a sergeant—"take him and lave him in the Tagus." Some hours after he met the sergeant again and inquired, "Sergeant, did you do as I ordered you?" "I did, sir." "Where is the culprit?" "Sure," replied the sergeant, "I left him in the Tagus, as your honor ordered—up to his neck."

And the author proceeds: "The story of General Kemmis and his way of fine talking, with the Irish sergeant's reply in good Irish brogue, brings to mind one of O'Connell, a cousin of the liberator. Once O'Connell was pointing out the celebrities in Phoenix park to a young friend when the Hon. and Very Rev. Fitzroy Stanhope passed. 'D'ye see that man,' he said—'him in the trap? That's a dane.' The youth, however, had seen the reverend gentleman before. 'No, it isn't,' he replied. 'That's Mr. Stanhope, an Englishman.' " "'Tis not a Dane of Sweden I mane, sir,' said O'Connell angrily. ''Tis a dane of the church.' "

The Oldest Epitaph.

The oldest epitaph in English, which is found in a churchyard in Oxfordshire and dates from the year 1370, to modern readers would be unintelligible not only from its antique typography, but from its obsolete language, the first two lines of which run as follows and may be taken as a sample of the whole:

"Man com & se how schal alle dede be; wen yow comes bad & bare; noth have ven we away fare; all ye werines yt ve for care."

The modern reading would be: "Man, come and see how shall all dead be when you come poor and bare; nothing have when we away fare. All is weariness that we for care."

Dreadful.

On the question of the practicability of prohibition Mark Twain is said to have expressed his views as follows:

"I am a friend of temperance, and I want it to succeed, but I don't think prohibition is practical. The Germans, you see, prevent it. Look at them. They have invented a method of making brandy out of sawdust. Now, what chance will prohibition have when a man can take a ripsaw and go out and get drunk with a fence rail? What is the good of prohibition if a man is able to make brandy smashes out of the shingles on his roof or if he can get the delirium tremens by drinking the legs of the kitchen table?"

The Quarrel.

Greene—My wife and I quarreled last night for the first time in years. Browne—What about? Greene—She thought the reason we had never done so before was due to her generous nature, and I thought it was mine.—Exchange.

Humor is not expected on a deathbed, but it is often there. An English clergyman, Rev. Charles H. Kelly, relates a good story about the late Rev. C. H. Spurgeon. He was on the borderland of death at Mentone, and the night was very stormy. Next morning a lady said to Spurgeon, "I am afraid the wild waves disturbed you, Mr. Spurgeon."

"No," replied the great preacher, "but do you know what the wild waves were saying? They were saying, 'Let us spray.' "

A Hard Jolt.

At a certain college it was the custom to have the students write the following pledge at the bottom of their examination papers: "I hereby certify on my honor that I have neither given nor received aid during this examination."

Soon after handing in his paper to a professor, noted for his sarcasm, a young fellow hurriedly entered the classroom and said, "Professor, I forgot to put the pledge on my paper."

"Altogether unnecessary," replied the teacher. "I have just finished looking over your paper, and I feel sure that you did not give nor receive aid."

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having recently purchased the E. A. Mittwer hardware stock, we take this means of announcing that fact and of inviting you to call at our store and get acquainted.

We have come to Red Lake Falls to locale permanently and will carry a complete stock of shelf and builders' hardware and everything in that line.

We solicit a share of your trade and assure you fair treatment and value received for the money you spend with us.

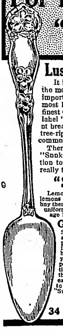
SHEERAN & MICHEL

Lanpher Furs

MAT SKALA

He Sells 'Em.

For Breakfast Try "Sunkist" Oranges



Luscious Tree-Ripened Fruit

It is not sufficient to know that oranges are the most healthful of all fruits. It is quite as important to know the *kind* of oranges that are most healthful and most palatable. The very finest California oranges are now packed under the label "Sunkist." Please serve "Sunkist" oranges at breakfast tomorrow and learn the superiority of tree-ripened, seedless, fiberless oranges over the commonplace kind. *Don't fail to save the wrappers.*

There is so much "meat" and nourishment in "Sunkist" oranges and so little waste that, in addition to their extra fine flavor and goodness, they are really the most economical oranges to buy.

SUNKIST ORANGES

"Sunkist" Lemons Juiciest

Lemons differ as much as oranges. Pithy, thick-skinned lemons contain very little juice. You waste money when you buy them. Please ask for "Sunkist" Lemons and note how uniformly sound each one is, and what a small percentage is skin and fiber.

Get This Valuable Orange Spoon

Save 12 "Sunkist" orange (or lemon) wrappers and send them to us, with 12 cents to pay charges, packing, etc., and we will present you with a genuine Rogers Orange Spoon, of beautiful design and highest quality. Begin saving wrappers today. If you desire more than one, send 12 "Sunkist" wrappers and 12 cents for each additional spoon. In remitting, please send one-cent stamps when the amount is less than 24 cents; on amounts above 24 cents, we prefer money order, express order or bank draft. Don't send cash. We will be glad to send you complete list of valuable premiums. *We* honor both "Sunkist" and "Red Ball" wrappers for premiums. (32)

SUNKIST LEMONS

California Fruit Growers' Exchange
34 Clark Street Chicago, Ill.

'Your marriage to this plebeian American heiress, my son," said the Countess De Rroque, "will humble our ancestral pride in the dust."

"That's all right, mother," rejoined the titled son. "She has agreed to furnish the dust."—Exchange.

If you are in a certain Irish town and are looking out for lodgings you would probably come to the conclusion that none are to be had, for, search as you will for the familiar "Apartments to Let" notice so often seen in the windows of houses in other places, you will search in vain. Instead you may observe fastened by the flap to the window a clean white envelope. This is an indication to all whom it may concern that apartments are to be had within. This curious custom is greatly in vogue at the seaside health resort Kilkee, County Clare, where all houses that have apartments to let exhibit a white envelope in the window.—London Answers.

He Was Losing Money.

A pair of preliminary fighters, Marty Allen and Tim Morrissey by name, met at one of the clubs not long ago. Mr. Morrissey had hardly swung at Mr. Allen before he landed flush on the jaw. A pivot tooth that Mr. Allen had just paid $12 to have set in place was knocked loose. Mr. Allen swallowed it.

"Go easy on that side, cull," said Mr. Allen hoarsely. "I just paid $55 for bridgewoik on me jawr."

Mr. Morrissey grinned viciously and came in swinging like a gate. His mitts found Mr. Allen's valuable jaw and loosened that fifty-five dollar bridge. Mr. Allen slipped to the floor and began to take the count.

"Git up, you pup!" shrieked his manager. "Youse ain't hoit."

"I know I ain't hoit," said Mr. Allen, beginning to untie his gloves. "But I stand to loose $55 wort' of teet' and I only get $12 fur goin' on dis bout. Is dat business?"—Cincinnati Times-Star.

A Few Christmas Suggestions

This year we have an unusually large stock of useful and fancy articles suitable for Christmas gifts and we extend a cordial invitation to visit our store and look over our large stock

Community Silver

Every piece warranted for Twenty-five years. Sheraton, Louis XVI and Flower de Luce patterns in Tea and Dessert Spoons, 5 o'clock Tea Spoons, Cream Ladles, Gravy Ladles, Berry Spoons, Cold Meat Forks and Fruit Knives.

6 Tea Spoons, $2.00

Reliance Plated Ware

Made by the makers of Community Silver. Every piece warranteed for 10 years. Cream Ladles, Berry Spoons Meat Forks, etc.

6 Tea Spoons, 90 cents

Carving Sets

Sheraton Pattern Community Game Carvers $5.00. Pearl Handled Game Sets, $5.00. Large Carving Sets.

Cutlery

A very fine assortment of Keen Kutter Pearl Handled Knives. Scissor Sets, Manicure Sets. Gillette and Auto Strop Safety Razors, $5.00. Ever Ready Razors, $1.00

Other Articles Suitable for Gifts

Sleds, 50c to $2. Skis, $1.25 to $4.75. Skates, 75c to $3.50. Boxing Gloves, $2 a set. Foot Balls, 85c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50. Hockey Sticks, 35c and 50c. Enameled Percolators, Aluminum Percolators, Chafing Dishes, Serving Dishes, Crumb Trays and Scrapers, Brass Candle Sticks, Brass Cigar Jars, Brass Clocks. Enameled Roasters, $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

A Monarch or Malleable steel range or a New Home Sewing Machine would make an appropriate Xmas Gift. Come in and talk it over with us.

Hunt Hardware Company

"If It's Good Hardware, Hunt Has It."

Fournet Furniture Store

Very Useful and Very Appropriate for Xmas Gifts

What shall I give a woman for Christmas?

Here is a partial list:

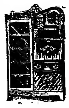
Library Table,	$ 8.00 to	$28.00
Sewing Table,	2.25 to	6.00
Waste Basket,	.50 to	4.50
China Closet,	16.00 to	24.00
Kitchen Cabinet	14.00 to	22.00
Rugs,	2.00 to	38.00
Shirt Boxes	2.50 to	8.00
Art Screens	1.50 to	7.50
Carving Sets	2.50 to	6.00
Water color picture	3.00 to	18.00
Sugar and Creamer	.25 to	3.50
Set of Dishes	10.00 to	18.00

In the Realm of Useful Xmas Gifts for Men and Boys.

Cigar Boxes	$ 1.50 to	$ 5.00
Smoking stands	2.50 to	6.00
Shoe Boxes	3.50 to	5.00
Foot Stool	2.50 to	6.00
Ash tray	.10 to	2.00
Toilet Set	.25 to	4.00
Traveling Sets	2.00 to	18.00

Gifts for the Home.

Pianos	200.00 to	800.00
Victor Talking Machines	10.00 to	100.00
Victrola	125.00 to	500.00
Karpen Couches	40.00 to	90.00
Couches	10.00 to	23.00
Sectional Book Cases	1.75 to	3.50



Gifts for Girls.

Music Cabinets	8.00 to	28.00
Writing Desks	5.00 to	24.00
Fancy Piece of China	.10 to	6.00
Fancy Writing Paper	.25 to	1.50
Dressing Chairs	3.50 to	5.00

Sheet Music, 6 sheets for		.25
Toy Beds		2.25
Toy Chairs	1.25 to	2.50
Toy Banks	.10 to	.75
Post Card Albums	.05 to	2.50
Christmas Bells	.10 to	.50
Vases	.10 to	6.00
Shaving Mugs and Brushes	10 to	50
High Chair	1 50 to	3 50

Good Openers.

George and his mother-in-law were not the best of friends. The old lady was suspicious of his occasional late hours and rarely had a word of commendation of any kind for him. One day, however, as she watched him unscrew the top of a can of preserves which had withstood her own and the young wife's efforts she said, rather grudgingly to her daughter, "Well, George certainly has very strong hands."

"Hasn't he, though?" cried the young wife admiringly. "Now I know what he meant when he spoke in his sleep last night about having such a beautiful pair of openers."

MinnesotaHistoricalSociety

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 12

ALL DAY ELECTRIC SERVICE SOON

Work of Improving the Power Plant is About Completed.

The crew of men who have been here for several weeks making the improvements in the Red River Power company's electric light and power plant have about completed their work. One or two pieces of machinery that are needed have not arrived and that has delayed the work somewhat. If these arrive in a day or two the new service will be started the first of the week.

The new generator was tested yesterday and was found to be in perfect running order. The town has been rewired and the plant has been improved in every way. Manager Brown, who was over from Grand Forks yesterday, says that when the new service is started Red Lake Falls will have one of the finest plants in the northwest.

WILL TEST SEED CORN

High School Students Will do It Free of Charge.

The students in the department of agriculture of the Red Lake Falls high school desire some practice in seed corn testing and for that reason that department of the public schools will make germination tests of seed corn for farmers free of charge. In securing the corn to be sent in, farmers should make sure that the samples are representative by taking kernels from all parts of the ear and from several ears. Two or three hundred kernels, if well selected, is enough to make a very satisfactory test and this amount may be mailed to the superintendent, L. V. Koos, or a few ears, well selected so as to be representative may be brought in and left at the superintendent's office. There is no doubt that the testing will be well done for the students will work under the direction of the instructor in agriculture. The students will be able to make only twenty tests so the first to end in the samples of corn will secure the benefits of the tests.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

Civil Service Exam.

Applicants for appointment to the positions as carriers on the two rural routes running out of Thief River Falls wrote an examination in this city Saturday afternoon. The examination was held in the high school building and was in charge of Mrs. E. F. Marshall. Those who took the examination are Soren P. Knutson, Constantine J. Hoffman, George E. Smith and Harry Bakken, all of Thief River Falls.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mat Skala
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schreiter
Jos Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.
Fournet Furniture Store.

County Revenue Warrants Payable.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., Dec. 14, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that all county revenue warrants recorded prior to July 1st, 1910, are payable at the office of the county treasurer and interest on same will be stopped 30 days from above date.

G. G. KINDSETH,
County Treasurer, Red Lake County, Minn.

Snubbing a Grand Duke.

When the Russian Grand Duke Sergius, who was blown to pieces with a dynamite bomb, was governor of Warsaw he thought it would be a good idea if the people of that city would contribute to a fund with which to buy sunflower seeds to be given to the Russian soldiers, who are very fond of chewing them. Sergius announced that every one sending money would be given a receipt, but those sending 1,000 rubles ($510) or more would be thanked personally by himself. It is said that the response was excellent; but, though no one sent in 1,000 rubles and asked to be thanked personally by the grand duke, many sent in 999 rubles and asked for the receipt.

Force of Habit.

The habit of a whole life is a stronger thing than all the reason in the world.—Pope.

The Clans of Scotland.

The clans of Scotland are generally understood to have arisen about the year 1008, during the reign of King Malcolm II. The legal power of the chiefs and the other remains of heritable jurisdiction were abolished in Scotland about 1740.

LAST SPECIAL CONTEST OFFER

End of the Race for the Piano Given Away by Gazette Is Near

The offer in the last issue of 20,000 votes on old subscriptions and 39,000 votes on new subscriptions is the last offer that will be made in the Gazette's big voting contest. There will be no more special offers or official ballots. It is now simply a matter of hustling and there is just thirty days in which to do the hustling. Hundreds of dollars can still be collected and there are many opportunities to get in the big vote on new subscriptions. How much can you do in a week? Not much. A month is little enough time to go over the ground and the contestant who keeps at it dilligently for the next thirty days is the one who will win the piano. The longer you wait the harder it will be, for others will have canvassed the field.

You may carry on this big vote-getting campaign for thirty days and hold as many votes as you wish until the last minute, even though the subscription money is paid in. Ballots are issued when subscription money is paid in and these ballots may be cast or held until later as the contestant may desire.

The vote is now so even that any of those a little behind can by hustling a few subscriptions get to a place among the leaders. No one has a cinch on the piano and just thirty days hustling is going to land it for one of the contestants.

Don't forget—

That from now until the contest closes 20000 votes will be given on old subscriptions.

That from now until the contest closes 39000 votes will be given on new subscriptions.

That from now until the contest closes coupon-ballots good for 6000 votes when ten merchants coupons are attached will be printed in each issue of the paper.

There will be no more offers, and from now until Jan. 16, the day the contest closes, every candidate should do some systematic work by not only hustling herselves but by having her friends on the job also.

Zelia Quesnelle was in the lead when the votes were counted Saturday night. Standings of contestants follow:

Zelia Quesnelle	700,365
Mayme Laurent	633,129
Lucie Crompe	422,922
Mildred Sortedahl	256,040
Agnes Anderson	132,193
Emma Sauve	127,070
Alyce Wichterman	110.706

Local News.

H. H. Zaiser returned Tuesday from a business trip to Federal Dam. The organization of the bank, the First State Bank of Federal Dam, in which Mr. Zaiser is interested was completed this week and the bank will be opened for business in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Healy left last evening on a trip to South Dakota. Mr. Healy is to attend to some business matters in South Dakota and before returning they will visit with relatives at Marshall and other points and will be gone until after the holidays.

E. A. Nelson is going to have a team of wrestlers in his family. He now has two young men taking on size and strength. The second one arrived Tuesday morning and he has a ten pound start which indicates that he will be some kind of a man in a few weeks.

Mrs. Peter Stuhr, who was here for the Mead-Brown wedding last week, returned to her home at Euclid Tuesday. She was accompanied by Mrs. I. Lemieux who will be a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Stuhr and also of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Stuhr.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Weiss of Wylie returned last Friday from Rice county where they had been on a visit with old friends and acquaintances. They are former residents of Rice county, having left there thirty years ago, and they found that many changes had taken place since they left.

L. A. Kaufer and family have moved from Tacoma to Seattle. Mr. Kaufer is vice-president of the P. A. Kaufer Co. and will have charge of the company's branch store at Seattle. The many friends of the Kaufers in this city will be glad to learn that they like their new home in the west very much.

The joy rider ten miles from town when he discovers that the gasoline tank is empty can sympathise with the Gazette force this week. He can appreciate the things we said, too. The little gasoline engine that furnishes the power for the typesetting maching has been on the sick list and, like the stranded bubble artist, we have been compelled to arrive "by hand."

The room north of the Gazette office, in the Gazette building, now being used for the office of the judge of probate, has been leased by the Red River Power company. As soon as the probate office is moved to the new court house the room will be fitted up for the office of the power company. Window displays of electrical appliances will be put in and the room will be made an attractive one.

You will find on our 5, 10, 15 and 25 cent counters most excellent values in China, glassware, toys, books, toilet articles, handkerchiefs, games, etc. All goods especially adapted for Christmas presents, and that will make selecting easy and thereby ease your mind. Many articles are at half price, as we are taking advantage of the demand for this class of goods to clean up stock.—The Big Store.

We wonder how many of our readers know that J. J. Ward, one of the famous aviators of the country and said to be the youngest of the bunch, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson, our restaurant people. While only 25 years of age Mr. Ward has made many daring ascents and attained a height of 8000 feet in the air. He was at the last Minnesota state fair and his exhibitions made one of the attractions of the fair.—St. Hilaire Spectator.

J. Corbeil received a telegram from Green Bay, Wis., Saturday announcing the death of his brother, Louis Corbeil. The announcement came as a surprise to relatives and friends here. Mr. Corbeil had just about completed plans to go to Wisconsin for a visit with his brother, having arranged to go next week, when the announcement of death came. Deceased was seventy-four years old. He was well known here, having visited here last summer and on previous occasions, and had many friends who sympathise with the bereaved relatives.

Running For Office.

"I think I'll send a ton of coal to every widow in the district. How is that for a scheme?"

"Purty fair. But what if the other candidate sends coal to them as ain't widows yet? They control the votes."
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Surmounting a Crisis.

Edward Everett Hale used to tell with a rueful smile a story of his boyhood, when, like other boys, he occasionally mislaid some of his belongings. His gloves in particular had a strange way of disappearing one at a time. At last his mother, by way of assisting his memory, sent him out one day with a red cotton glove on one hand and a white glove on the other. Even at this painful crisis, however, his wits helped him.

"I held one hand in front of me and one behind my back," said Dr. Hale, "and it seemed to me that people coming toward me would think I had on a pair of white gloves, while those behind would think I wore a pair of bright red ones."

HOME TALENT PLAY THIS MONTH

"Oak Farm" at Bijou Theatre Thursday and Friday Dec. 25 and 30

The date has been set for the presentation of the home talent play, "Oak Farm," for which local spot light artists have been rehearsing. The play will be put on at the Bijou theatre two evenings, Thursday and Friday Dec. 29 and 30. The play is more fun than most anything you ever saw and there is no doubt that it will be given to "capacity houses."

PIERRE BOTTINEAU

Interesting Story About the Famous Guide and Scout

At the time of the death of the late Pierre Bottineau in this city, several years ago, there was published in the Chicago Record-Herald an interesting story of the experiences of the famous frontier character. The Gazette has been furnished with a copy of the paper and the story is given below because it will interest the hundreds of people who knew the late Pierre Bottineau.

There recently died at his home in Red Lake Falls a man who was so thoroughly identified with the early history of Minnesota that to relate it without mentioning his name would be like trying to make bricks without staw. This man was Pierre Bottineau, the offspring of a French father and an Indian mother, and he possessed all the characteristics of both races.

Mr. Bottineau was a native of what is now North Dakota, having been born 12 miles west of the place where Fargo, N. D., now stands. At the time of his birth Lord Selkirk formed a colony of Swedes and Scotchmen near Fort Garry, and when Bottineau was 10 years of age these people began an exodus for other points. Young as he was, Bottineau was an

Continued On Page 4

Holiday Excursion Fares.

To points in Michigan and Eastern Canada via The South Shore. Please apply to agents for particulars.

Big Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Northwestern Minnesota Educational association held at East Grand Forks last week was attended by hundreds of teachers and school officers from all over the Red River valley. Supt. L. V. Koos of the Red Lake Falls public schools was elected secretary-treasurer of the association. Supt. E. E. McIntyre of Crookston is the new president of the association. The place for holding the next meeting has not been decided upon. Invitations from Crookston and Thief River Falls are being considered.

Subscription Swindlers.

Word comes to the Herald that subscription swindlers are using its name to defraud people in many parts of the territory in Minnesota in which this newspaper circulates.

These men are offering a combination of the Herald, Colliers' the Ladies' Home Journal and other periodicals at ridiculously low prices. All those who are swindled get out of it is a receipt which is worthless.

Any person offering the Herald at reduced pric , or in combination with any other publication, can be set down as a fraud and should be handed over to the police.—Duluth Herald.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Stock holders of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn., will be held in said bank on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier.

Notice—Bids for Wood.

Bids for 50 cords or lesser quantity of green split and sawed poplar wood will be received at the office of the undersigned up to February 1st, 1911. Said wood to be delivered at the north side school house.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

I. LEMIEUX,
Clerk Independent School
d8-j7 District No. 15.

Saffron as a Perfume.

It seems strange to us today to read of saffron as a perfume. But such it undoubtedly was almost universally, and the element of "romance" about it lies in the story told by Hakluyt of a pilgrim smuggling, at the risk of his life, from the Levant a head of saffron in a hollow made in his staff, from which grew the plantation which gave its name to Saffron Walden.—London Spectator.

They Keep Coming.

Bill—What will he do when all the fools are dead? Jill—He'll never live to see that day.

THEY SHOULD HAVE SEEN BEFORE

Reservation People Got Poor Hand in Thief River Falls Game

It seems that the appointments recently made to fill the offices in Pennington county are not only unsatisfactory to the farmers in a few instances, but to the fair minded people of Thief River Falls as well. The giving of the most of the offices, and the best ones at that, to Thief River Falls men was not a fair deal. With four commissioners out of five farmers it would have been but just to have given at least half the offices at their disposal to parties living outside the city. The Eleven Towns, representing more than two-fifths of the county's territory, got but one office and that we understand was second choice. The selection of Rev. E. A. Mostue for county superintendent was a good selection and his appointment will meet with universal approval throughout this territory but the office is considered unimportant and does not relieve the commissioners from the charge of unfairness.—Eleven Towns.

UNIVERSITY PRESIDENT

Successor to Dr. Northrup Chosen and he Has Accepted the Place.

At the semi-annual meeting of the regents of the University of Minnesota held Tuesday, Dr. George Edgar Vincent, dean of Chicago University, was elected to succeed Dr. Cyrus Northrup as president of the University of Minnesota. Dr. Vincent has accepted

To All Concerned.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person in my name with any merchants or banks or others as I can not stand for them after this date.

Dated Wylie, Minn., Dec. 1, 1910.

d15-29 ANDREW DREELAN.

Notice

All persons having fences or buildings on the mill reserve are hereby requested to remove the same within 60 days from this date.

Dated Red Lake Falls Minn., Dec 8, 1910.

d24 Leo Steinert, Owner.

USEFUL CHRISTMAS GIFTS

There are many useful gifts in our hardware store—gifts for all members of the family. We have an unusually nice stock this season and invite your inspection of a large assortment of articles that make acceptable Christmas gifts.

Community Silver

Fruit knives, berry spoons, meat forks, pickle forks, cream and gravy ladles, game carvers, tea and table spoons, 5 o'clock tea spoons. Every piece warranted for 25 years.

6 Tea Spoons, $2.00

Reliance Plated Ware

Made by the makers of Community Silver. Every piece warranted for 10 yrs.

6 Tea Spoons, 90c

More Gifts

Sleds	.50 to $2.00
Skates	.75 to 3.50
Skis	1.25 to 4.75
Boxing gloves, a set	2.00
Foot balls	.85 to 1.50
Brass clocks	
Brass cigar jars	
Razor Strops	$ .25 to $2.00
Boys saw and buck	1.00
Bread makers	2.00, 2.50
Ironing boards	1.00, 1.50, 2.00
Clothes bars	1.00
Roasters	1.50, 2.50, 3.00
Carpet Sweepers	
Food choppers	1.25 to 3.25
Kitchen scales	1.00, 1.50

Don't Delay! Only 8 Buying Days Left!

We hope to meet you face to face during this time and wish you personally a

Merry Christmas

Rochester Nickel Plated Ware

Chafing dishes, serving dishes, coffee and tea pots, trays, butter dishes, pitchers and crumb trays and scrapers.

"Keen Kutter" Cutlery

Knives and forks in wood boxes, scissor sets, pocket knives, nail clips, nail files, and manicure sets.

More Gifts

Tool chests
Hockey sticks
Air rifles
.22 calibre rifles
Brass candle sticks
Gun cases
Hunting Cases

Hanging lamps	3.50 to 8.50
Asbestos sad irons, per set	1.75
Carriage Heaters	1.75

Sewing Machines

We have the Exclusive Agency for New Home sewing machines. A new seven drawer design is here for your inspection.

Hunt Hardware Company

"If It's Good Hardware, Hunt Has It."

Christmas Offerings

Look over the following list and then call and buy your Christmas gifts at our store.

Handkercheifs

In initial and plain silk fancy embroidered from 5c to 75c. Plain lines in all goods. Jap silk initial

Towels

Fancy embroidered, and stamped plain linen, fringed, Huck towels in linen and cotton. Fancy dresser scarfs.

Hosiery

Ladies' silk hose at	$1.50
Ladies' silk lisle hose	.50
Ladies' embd hose	.50
Men's fancy hose, 4 pair in a box, $1 and $2 a box	

Hand Bags

Real aligator at....$7.50 Seal, leather lined, $2 to $7.50. Plush bags with pearl trimmings, $5.00.

Petticoats

Fancy Taffeta silk at	$6.00
Taffeta silk at	3.50
Silk ruffles at	3.00
Heatherblooms at	3.00
American silk at	2.00
Fancy emb'd satteen	1.25

Waists

We have a full and complete line of fancy silk waists in all the latest colors and patterns.

Furs

Black Fox shawl scarfs. Brown Fox scarfs, Opossum shawls and scarfs Hudson Lynx muffs and shawls.

Miscellaneous

Back combs, side combs, barrettes, hair ornaments hat pins, collar pins, belt pins, scarf pins, and kid gloves.

Groceries

Apples, oranges, lemons, nuts, candies, maple sugar and fancy canned goods in a complete grocery stock.

We have a present to give to every woman who visits our store, Thursday, Friday and Saturday before Christmas. We want every woman within 10 miles of Red Lake Falls to have one of these articles.

Hoping you will remember us when you do your Christmas shopping, and wishing you a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Garceau & Rubertus

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

THE STORY IN A NUTSHELL

Embracing a Condensation of Event in Which Readers Generally Are More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

Special arrangements have been made by Postmaster General Hitchcock for the rapid transmission of mail intended for delivery abroad by Christmas day.

The net income of the 262,490 corporations of the United States which are subject to tax under the corporation tax law was $3,125,170,000 for the year which ended on June 30.

The commission appointed by President Taft to inquire into the character of legislation for the control of stock and bond issues by railroads will have no report to make for some time.

The total estimates for the United States navy for the fiscal year 1911-12 to be submitted to congress as a basis for the appropriation for that year, amounts to $126,040,659.24, which is $5,000,000 less than appropriated for the current fiscal year.

Secretary Ballinger recently announced the withdrawal from entry of [illegible] acres of coal lands in Montana. The land lies between Miles City and Glendive. The secretary also withdrew about 7,000 acres of oil lands in Kern county, California.

Animals imported for breeding purposes after January 1, 1911, must be accompanied by certificates of the bureau of animal industry that the animals are pure bred of a recognized breed and duly registered in the foreign book of record for that established breed.

After a conference lasting throughout the day between Secretary MacVeagh, Collector Loeb of New York, Attorney General Wickersham and other officials of the New York customs, no decision was reached as to the action of the government with reference to the customs frauds in woolens and linings of New York.

Railroad bonds lead the list of securities held by the banks of the United States according to figures prepared and made public by Lawrence O. Murray, comptroller of the currency. The total holdings of bonds, stocks and other securities by banks in the United States are $4,[illegible],000,000 and more than one-fourth $1,155,100,000, are railroad bonds.

General.

Robert Peary says he will not attempt another expedition to antarctic region.

Allen Beecher was consecrated bishop of the Episcopal church at Omaha.

Michael Cudahy, founder of the Cudahy Packing company, died in Chicago.

Business of the country is on a firm foundation although moving just a little bit slowly.

Nebraska has 376,335 children of school age, between the ages of five and twenty-one.

Census returns indicate that the United States has a population of about 91,000,000 people.

Two counties of Virginia voted issues of bonds aggregating $1,000,000 for highway improvement.

Witnesses at New York were unable to say foreign shipping interests maintained a lobby at Washington.

Suit has been begun in the federal court of New York to bring about the dissolution of the so-called sugar trust.

The question of which faction will control the organization of the two houses of the Nebraska legislature is one that is much discussed.

Facts and figures made public by Labor Commissioner J. C. A. Hiller, reveal that Missouri holds exceedingly high rank as a horticulture state, having an annual product; on from its gardens and orchards, worth, in round numbers, $22,000,000.

Gov. Clark of Alaska declares in his annual report against the policy of not working the coal lands.

The total vote in Nebraska at the late election was 243,390. For governor Dahlman (dem.) got 107,760, and Aldrich (rep.) 123,070.

The Chicago Tribune says that Senator-elect Hitchcock of Nebraska is wearing the mantle that has fallen from Bryan's shoulders.

Prince Henry of Prussia has sent an order to the United States for an even score of aeroplanes. He is said to have secured two unknown makes, aeroplanes invented by dreamers.

The Brazilian naval revolt has been checked by congress voting to accede to the demands of the mutineers.

A. B. Spear, former cashier of the Oberlin National bank, looted by Cassie Chadwick of $300,000 or more, died suddenly in Detroit.

The Australian steamer Geltia from New Orleans to Trieste, with a valuable cargo of cotton arrived in Norfolk, Va., with a fire in her hold.

For the extension of a dike at the Mare Island navy yard the Navy department has awarded the contract to the Thomson Bridge company of San Francisco at its bid of $102,300.

Congressman George W. Norris told the history of insurgency in congress to Nebraska school teachers.

President Kavanaugh, of the deep waterway association, fears President Taft is not interested in the movement.

President Taft has signed a proclamation restoring to the national domain 107,520 acres from the Los Angeles forest in California.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt, second son of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, is president of the New York horse show. Mr. Vanderbilt's chief interest is in his fine stable.

With a population of 5,328,591, Illinois is the third state in the union.

Crippen, the wife murderer, left request that his remains be cremated.

Senator Hale doesn't look for much work by the short session of congress.

Nebraska has a population of 1,192,214, a gain of 11.8 per cent. since 1890.

It is said there will be no pension legislation at the short session of congress.

Over thirty million dollars are to be asked for river and harbor improvements.

Much of the red tape in various departments of the postoffices is to be dispensed with.

Lack of scientific methods was charged against railroad managers at the shippers' hearing.

J. A. Cudahy will soon leave Omaha for Chicago to become head of the big packing company.

Secretary MacVeagh favors a higher rate of interest for future issues of Panama canal bonds.

The planting of Pacific coast salmon eggs have proven successful in waters of New Hampshire.

Foreign steamer companies are accused of combining to squeeze out American shipping interests.

Louis D. Brandeis, who says he can save the railroads a million dollars a day, has been proffered a job.

Grace Rolph, the Pender, Neb., girl, says she was not kidnaped by a Mexican, but left of her own accord.

The population of the state of Maryland is 1,294,450 according to the statistics of the thirteenth census.

Hitchcock, (dem.) for senator from Nebraska, got 19,656 more votes than Burkett, present republican senator.

Following its Thanksgiving recess the supreme court of the United States handed down many decisions.

The legality of the Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma bank guaranty law is soon to be argued in the supreme court.

Cardinal Sanminiatelli died at Rome. He was born at Radicondoli in 1840, and was proclaimed a cardinal in 1901.

The Peruvian government has no interest in any steamship line to be established between New York and Callao.

A November without wind, precipitation, or severe cold gave Nebraska farmers perfect opportunity to harvest the corn and make snug for the winter.

Andrew Carnegie was showered with congratulatory messages on his seventy-third birthday, which he quietly celebrated at his home in Fifth avenue, New York.

Governor Shallenberger of Nebraska told Champ Clark how to reform the next democratic house by following precedent of the democrats in Nebraska legislature.

Festivities were held in Panama in celebration of Panama's independence of Spain, which was gained in 1819 by the republic of Colombia, of which Panama formerly was a part.

John Windon of Randolph county, Alabama, and Joe Wheeler of Carroll county, Georgia, were acquitted of a peonage charge in the United States district court in Montgomery, Ala.

"Leave the cities and settle on farms," was the burden of the addresses delivered at the annual convention of the Federation of Jewish Farmers of America in New York.

The twenty-fourth case of typhoid fever developed at the naval academy when Midshipman K. C. Woodward of the first class was admitted to the naval general hospital for treatment.

The University of Nebraska was again to the fore at the international stock exposition in Chicago. In the slaughter tests the university was first in one class and first and second in the other.

W. P. Letchworth, aged 87, widely known as a philanthropist, is dead at Glen Iris, near Portage, N. Y. With his death 1,000 acres of park, including the falls of the upper Genesee river, become by his gift the property of New York state.

To ask that the president recommend additional pension legislation, Representative Phil Campbell of Kansas called at the White house. Mr. Campbell suggested to the president that he enforce the bill adopted at the last grand encampment of the G. A. R.

T. B. Fitzpatrick, national treasurer of the United Irish League, cabled $10,000 to John E. Redmond, leader of the Nationalists in the British parliament, for the furtherance of the cause. This makes the total sent since the recent annual meeting of the league at Buffalo, $50,000.

Personal.

Dr. Cook says a man cannot really tell if he has found the north pole.

Heads of the Cudahy department will remove from Omaha to Chicago.

President Diaz for the eighth time was inaugurated as chief executive of Mexico.

Prominent men of the country attended a Mark Twain memorial at New York.

At the age of 108 years Martha Gammons has been declared to be sane in the Howard county circuit court at Kokomo, Ind.

A brother of Madero says the revolt in Mexico has only begun.

President Taft urged cabinet members to slash in their estimates.

President Taft told members of his cabinet they must make further cuts in estimates of expenses.

August Belmont testified before a legislative committee of his effort to kill the New York anti-racing bill.

Major-General Wood paints a picture of unpreparedness for our army.

Speaker Cannon arrived in Washington ready for the first and subsequent sessions of congress.

Secretary Ballinger denied land patent to an Oklahoma white man claiming the right of an Indian.

The Iowa anti-saloon league filed injunction suits against eleven saloons in Keokuk, alleging violating of the Mulct law.

Hon. W. J. Bryan appeared at the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress in San Antonio, Texas, and was given a enthusiastic greeting.

The Farmers' Grain Dealers association of South Dakota has filed a formal complaint with the state railway commission in regard to grain rates.

NOW VINDICATED

REPORT OF BALLINGER INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE IS GIVEN TO CONGRESS.

BY STRICTLY PARTY VOTE

Says Evidence Wholly Failed to Establish a Case—Glavis and Pinchot are Roundly Scored by This Committee.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 7.—Vindicating Secretary of the Interior Ballinger upon all the charges brought against him and condemning his accusers as having been inspired by a deep feeling of animosity built upon a supposed difference in policy respecting conservation, the majority of the congressional committee, which investigated the so-called Ballinger-Pinchot case, today submitted its report to congress.

After stating that the evidence presented related in the main to charges of various kinds against Ballinger and that these came chiefly from two sources, L. R. Glavis and Gifford Pinchot, the majority announced the following conclusion:

"The evidence has wholly failed to make out a case. Neither any fact proved nor all facts put together, exhibit Ballinger as being anything but a competent and honorable gentleman, who honestly and faithfully performed the duties of his high office with an eye singly to the public interest."

As to the conduct of Glavis, the report declares that he had sufficient time and abundant assistance to make the field examination which he had demanded. In this connection the committee says:

"If his demand was in good faith, Glavis was grossly remiss in his duty in not having the examination made then."

The Ballinger-Pinchot investigation committee concluded its work today. A report representing the views of the majority of the committee was presented to both houses of congress at the opening at noon. At the same time independent reports of the democratic members of the committee and of Representative Madison of Kansas also were submitted.

The conclusions of the republicans were submitted to the democrats at a meeting of the full committee held at 10 o'clock this morning. The republican members except Representative Madison had signed the report.

Senator Nelson, chairman of the committee, put the majority report to a vote. The democratic members, with Representative Madison, voted against it.

GAIN EIGHTY PER CENT.

Population of North Dakota Nearly Doubled in Ten Years.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The population statistics of the thirteenth census were issued by the census bureau today for the following states:

North Dakota, 577,056, an increase of 257,910, or 80.8 per cent over 319,146 in 1900. Increase from 1890 to 1900 was 136,427, or 74.7 per cent.

South Dakota, 583,888, an increase of 182,318, or 45.4 per cent over 401,670 in 1900. Increase from 1890 to 1900 was 72,762 or 22.1 per cent.

No city statistics for these states were issued.

The population of the counties containing the principal cities in North Dakota are as follows:

Burleigh, 13,087; Cass, 33,935; Grand Forks, 27,888; Ward, 42,185.

Although no figures have been received giving the official population of the cities of the state, there is a rumor that the population of Fargo is 14,963.

The census of 1900 gave Fargo a population of 9,589, and if the rumored figures are correct, Fargo has made a gain of 49 per cent. The population of Fargo in 1890 was 5,644.

Pay Tribute to Von Steuben.

Washington, Dec. 7.—President Taft, Secretary of War Dickinson, Count Von Bernstorff, the German embassador, Representative Barthold of Missouri and representatives of German societies from different parts of the country paid a tribute to Baron Von Steuben on the occasion of the unveiling of his statue here today.

Secretary Dickinson presided at the ceremonies. Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the president unveiled the statue.

It stands on the northwest corner of Lafayette square, opposite the White House. On the other corners of the tract are the statues of Lafayette, Rochambeau and Kosciusko.

Killed Under Wagon.

Stanton, N. D., Dec. 7.—Frank Earlo of Stanton was fatally injured, dying about ten hours after the accident, when he fell from a rig in which eight people were riding. One of the wheels of the rig passed over his body. He was driving to Stanton from a place south of that point.

$250,000 Fire at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 7.—The Rat Portage Lumber Co.'s big mill, situated in St. Boniface across the river from here, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss is $250,000. The fire is now spreading to the Artic Ice Co.'s string of storehouses along the river.

Great Labor Parade.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Fifty thousand garment workers and their sympathizers marched today in the largest strike demonstration made in Chicago since the teamsters and freight handlers strike five years ago. Banners bearing, in nine languages, the slogans, "We want the union label" and "Give us a square deal," were permitted by the police after they had been translated by the censor. Aside from a few taunts at the watchmen as the marchers passed the closed tailor-shops the demonstration was a quiet one.

Red Cross Society Meets.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 6.—An unprecedented attendance of delegates gathered for the sixth annual meeting of the American Red Cross society in Continental memorial hall here today.

President Taft who is the head of the organization will preside at the afternoon session when the announcement of completion by New York City of its $500,000 subscription for the $2,000,000 endowment fund will be made. At the morning session addresses were made by representatives of the various chapters.

HANNA OPPOSES SCHEME

TO CLOSE NON-RESERVATION INDIAN SCHOOLS IN STATE.

Commissioner Valentine Says That These Schools Produce Very Small Results.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Pursuant to the administration policy to close all non-reservation schools, the Bismarck and Wahpeton Indian schools are in danger of being closed. These schools represent a total investment of more than $200,000, and according to Commissioner Valentine are a drug upon the country in so far as results are concerned.

The interior department has taken a strong stand in favor of reservation schools, and if they can muster sufficient votes in congress, every non-reservation school in the country is slated to go.

Representative Hanna, however, is making a determined fight for the continuation of the two North Dakota institutions and in the preliminary skirmish today succeeded in having $200,000 inserted in the Indian bill for each project. He admits that he will have an uphill fight to keep the items in the bill.

Secretary Ballinger today submitted to congress a schedule showing the number of acres of the public domain withdrawn from entry under the provision of the act of June 25, 1910, in North Dakota. A total of 1,782,818 acres of coal lands was withdrawn.

The treasury department estimates for the ensuing year call upon congress for $15,000 for support for the Fort Berthold Indians. Ten thousand dollars is asked to start the Devils Lake Indians on their way to self support. The money is to be used for the purchase of implements so the Indians may be taught industrial pursuits as well as farming.

Instead of the usual large appropriations for the Bismarck and Wahpeton schools, only $2,000 is asked for the care of the property in each case. The interior department would abandon the institutions. On the other hand, $7,600 of improvements are contemplated on the Red river in North Dakota.

MUST RETRACT.

Governor Elect Baldwin of Connecticut Still Hostile.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 6.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has written to Governor-elect Simeon E. Baldwin several times since the election of Nov. 8, but the letters have been returned. There has been no definite adjustment of the controversy which arose over Colonel Roosevelt's criticism of Judge Baldwin's speech on workingmen's compensation laws, but mutual friends are said to be trying to bring about a reconciliation.

Colonel Ullman, president of the New Haven chamber of commerce has been in correspondence with Roosevelt in order to pave the way for the acceptance by Judge Baldwin of an invitation to address the chamber at its banquet next Tuesday when Roosevelt will be a guest of honor. It is stated that Judge Baldwin insists that a public statement must come from Roosevelt touching upon the latter's speech at Concord, N. H., before a direct communication will be considered.

Pending the statement from Roosevelt there is no acceptance by Judge Baldwin of the invitation to the banquet as a guest and speaker.

Gets Six Years Imprisonment.

Cherbourg, France, Dec. 6.—Ernest H. Walker, fireman of the battleship Kansas, has been convicted by court-martial of having caused the death of Patrick J. Fitzsimmons, a water tender of the Louisiana, and sentenced to six years imprisonment.

The court found that the crime was not premeditated. Fitzsimmons was a participant in a fight between white and negro bluejackets from the second division of the United States Atlantic fleet on Nov. 16 and received wounds from which he died at the hospital on the following day.

Beach Depot Burned.

Beach, N. D., Dec. 6.—The N. P. station at Beach which has been an eye sore to the town for years went up in smoke. The fire started in a box car, which was attached to the freight depot and was used as a temporary express room.

The people of the town turned out and fought the blaze when it first started and thought they had it out, but about midnight it broke out again and the building was destroyed.

Dentist Kills Boy.

Grand Prairie, Tex., Dec. 7.—During a quarrel yesterday between Dr. O. B. Nicholson, a local dentist, and Hugh Foster, 18 years old, Nicholson was felled by a blow. In falling his neck was broken and he died within an hour.

Thornton Is New Senator.

Baton Rouge, La., Dec. 6.—Judge J. R. Thornton of Alexandria was today elected by the Louisiana general assembly United States senator to succeed the late Senator McEnery.

New N. D. Postmaster.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 6.—Gladys Thompson has been appointed postmaster at Kensal, N. D.

Killed Under Auto.

Lisbon, N. D., Dec. 6.—Mark W. Davis, a prominent piano dealer of this city, aged 26, met instant death yesterday about 5 o'clock, when his automobile ran off an embankment half a mile west of Buttzville, N. D., and turned turtle. Mr. Davis was found about a half hour after the accident. The machine had crushed his chest. He had been to Sheldon and was returning home.

The unfortunate young man lived all his life at Lisbon and had a host of friends in the city and vicinity. He was single and is survived by his mother.

Red Cross Society Meets.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 6.—An unprecedented attendance of delegates gathered for the sixth annual meeting of the American Red Cross society in Continental memorial hall here today.

President Taft who is the head of the organization will preside at the afternoon session when the announcement of completion by New York City of its $600,000 subscription for the $2,000,000 endowment fund will be made. At the morning session addresses were made by representatives of the various chapters.

2,075,708 IN MINN.

FEDERAL CENSUS OF 1910 SHOWS STATE GAINED 324,314 IN TEN YEARS.

GREATEST GAIN IN CITIES

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth Gain 176,885.—Rest of State Shows Increase of 148,448 Inhabitants.

SOME OTHER STATES.

Population 1910.	Increase.
Maryland, 1,294,450	106,405
Nebraska, 1,192,214	126,914
Illinois, 5,638,691	817,041
Oklahoma, 1,657,155	242,978
New York, 9,113,279	1,844,385
New Hampshire, 430,572	19,984
Alabama, 2,138,093	309,396
Florida, 761,139	222,697

Washington, D. C. — The population of the state of Minnesota is 2,075,708, according to the thirteenth federal census figures. This is an increase of 324,314, or 18.5 per cent, over 1,751,394 in 1900. The increase from 1890 to 1900 was 449,668.

The returns place the state of Minnesota in the two million class. The major part of the gain is credited to the three largest cities—Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth—but the rural communities show a growth that is more than merely healthy.

An increase of more than 100,000 is shown for the farms and the small towns of the state and this immense army of workers is increasing every day. While the population of the three large cities had prepared the average Minnesotan for a large state increase, it was not hoped by any but the most optimistic that it would be more than 300,000.

Older States Are Beaten.

Older and larger states that showed indications of great progress have been left behind in the struggle for supremacy in population and few states in the union show as large an increase, and still fewer showed a larger percentage gain.

The steady stream of sturdy farmers from the old countries, the equally steady stream of skilled workers and mechanics and the flow of wealth to Minnesota has been continuing for years. Its wealth, climate and promises of bounteous crops have brought new citizens to Minnesota from all over the world.

Nearly every county in the state shows gains and some of them have almost doubled since 1900. Those counties containing the cities show an especially large increase. In 1880, only 30 years ago, when the first federal census was taken in the state, Minnesota had a population of only 780,773, and has gained 1,294,935 in that period.

Texas and Oregan and Washington have a larger percentage increase, but the railroads of the country have spent millions of dollars in advertising and land has been offered free to thousands who would take it. The growth in Minnesota has been a steady, natural increase and there is no danger of losing any of the gain.

Population by Counties.

The details of the census of Minnesota by counties are as follows, showing the changes in it total and in each county by the 1910 returns, compared with 1900:

County—	1910.	1900.
Aitkin	10,371	6,743
Anoka	12,493	11,313
Becker	18,840	14,375
Beltrami	19,337	11,030
Benton	11,615	9,912
Big Stone	9,367	8,731
Blue Earth	29,337	32,263
Brown	20,134	19,787
Carlton	17,559	10,017
Carver	17,455	17,644
Cass	11,620	7,777
Chippewa	13,458	12,429
Chisago	13,537	13,248
Clay	19,640	17,942
Clearwater	6,870	.....
Cook	1,336	810
Cottonwood	12,661	12,069
Crow Wing	16,861	14,250
Dakota	25,171	21,733
Dodge	12,094	13,340
Douglas	17,669	17,964
Faribault	19,949	22,056
Fillmore	25,680	28,238
Freeborn	22,282	21,838
Goodhue	31,637	31,137
Grant	9,114	8,936
Hennepin	333,480	228,340
Houston	14,297	15,400
Hubbard	9,831	6,578
Isanti	12,616	11,675
Itasca	17,208	4,573
Jackson	14,491	14,793
Kanabec	6,461	4,614
Kandiyohi	18,969	18,416
Kittson	9,669	7,889
Koochiching	6,431	.....
Lac Qui Parle	15,435	14,289
Lake	8,011	4,654
Le Sueur	18,609	20,234
Lincoln	9,874	8,966
Lyon	15,722	14,591
McLeod	18,691	19,595
Mahnomen	3,249	.....
Marshall	16,338	16,698
Martin	17,618	16,936
Meeker	17,022	17,753
Mille Lacs	10,705	8,066
Morrison	24,053	22,891
Mower	22,640	22,335
Murray	11,755	11,911
Nicollet	14,125	14,774
Nobles	16,210	14,932
Norman	13,446	15,045
Olmsted	22,497	23,119
Otter Tail	46,036	45,375
Pine	15,878	11,546
Pipestone	9,553	9,264
Polk	36,001	35,429
Pope	12,746	12,577
Ramsey	223,675	170,554
Red Lake	15,940	12,196
Redwood	18,426	17,261
Renville	23,123	23,693
Rice	26,911	26,080
Rock	10,222	9,668
Roseau	11,338	6,994
St. Louis	163,274	82,932
Scott	14,888	15,147
Sherburne	8,136	7,271
Sibley	15,540	16,862
Stearns	47,733	44,464
Steele	16,146	16,524
Stevens	8,293	8,721
Swift	12,949	13,503
Todd	23,407	22,214
Traverse	8,049	7,673
Wabasha	18,564	18,924
Wadena	8,662	7,921
Waseca	13,446	14,760
Washington	26,013	27,808
Watonwan	11,382	11,496
Wilkin	9,063	8,080
Winona	33,398	35,686
Wright	28,082	29,157
Yellow Medicine	16,406	14,602

MINNESOTA'S RECORD OF POPULATION GROWTH.

	Federal Census.	Gain 10 Years.
1910	2,075,708	324,314
1900	1,751,394	449,568
1890	1,301,826	521,053
1880	780,773	....

Following is the gain shown in 1910 (over 1900) in the three largest cities of the state:

Minneapolis	98,690
St. Paul	51,679
Duluth	25,497
Total gain three largest cities	175,866
Gain in state outside big cities	148,448

The population of Minnesota counties containing principal cities is:

County.	1910	1900	Gain
Hennepin	333,480	228,340	105,140
Ramsey	223,675	170,554	53,121
St. Louis	163,274	82,932	80,342
Winona	33,398	35,686	*2,288

*Loss.

Reapportionment Now Possible.

Final action in the way of shaping a bill for the reapportionment of the state into legislative districts can now be taken by the next legislature. The census announcement was the only thing that held back plans of those favorable to the measure. It is 13 years since the present system of legislative representation was drawn up and the apportionment then made was based on the state census of 1895.

The inequality of the present apportionment is shown in the accompanying table. The state senator in Dodge county is elected by a constituency numbering only 12,094 while the Fifty-second legislative district has nearly 63,000 people.

The representation of the various districts with the 1910 population of each follows:

Present Representation.

Ramsey county includes districts 33 to 37. The population is 223,675 and the county is represented by five senators and 11 members of the house. This is 44,735 for each senator.

Hennepin county includes districts 38 to 47. The population is 333,480 and the county is represented by seven senators and 16 members of the house. This is 49,640 for each senator.

Other Districts.

Other districts in order follow:

St. Louis, Cook and Lake counties are divided into three districts with three senators and six representatives. The Forty-ninth, Fiftieth and part of the Fifty-first are included in St. Louis county with a population of 163,274. The remainder of the Fifty-first district is made up by Cook and Lake counties. The population of Cook is 1,336 and Lake 8,011. St. Louis county has a senator for each 65,000 people and five house members for each 32,655 people. The remaining districts follow:

District and Counties—	Representatives.	Population.
First—Houston	1	14,297
Second—Winona	3	33,393
Third—Wabasha	1	18,564
Fourth—Olmsted	2	22,497
Fifth—Fillmore	2	25,680
Sixth—Mower	2	22,640
Seventh—Dodge	1	12,094
Eighth—Steele	1	16,146
Ninth—Freeborn	2	22,282
Tenth—Waseca	1	13,466
Eleventh—Blue Earth	3	29,337
Twelfth—Faribault	1	19,949
Thirteenth—Martin	1	17,618
Watonwan	1	11,382
Fourteenth—Jackson	1	14,491
Cottonwood	1	12,651
Fifteenth—Murray	1	11,765
Nobles	..	16,210
Sixteenth—Pipestone	1	9,553
Rock	..	10,222
Seventeenth—Lincoln	1	9,874
Lyon	1	16,722
Yellow Medicine	1	16,406
Eighteenth—Lac qui Parle	1	15,436
Chippewa	1	13,458
Nineteenth—Redwood	1	18,425
Brown	1	20,134
Twentieth—Nicollet	1	14,125
Twenty-first—Sibley	1	16,640
Twenty-second—Renville	2	23,123
Twenty-third—Meeker	1	17,022
Twenty-fourth—McLeod	1	18,691
Twenty-fifth—Carver	1	17,455
Twenty-sixth—Scott	1	14,883
Twenty-seventh—Le Sueur	2	18,609
Twenty-eighth—Rice	2	25,911
Twenty-ninth—Goodhue	3	31,637
Thirtieth—Dakota	2	25,171
Thirty-first—Washington	2	25,013
Thirty-second—Chisago	1	13,537
Pine	2	15,878
Kanabec	..	6,461
District—	Representatives.	Population.
Forty-fifth—		
Anoka	3	12,493
Isanti	..	12,616
Sherburne	..	8,136
Mille Lacs	..	10,705
Forty-sixth—		
Wright	2	28,082
Forty-seventh—		
Benton	1	11,616
Stearns, part estimated	..	8,000
Forty-eighth—		
Morrison	2	24,063
Crow Wing	..	16,861
Fifty-second—		
Aitkin		10,371
Carlton		17,569
Cass		11,620
Itasca		17,208
Koochiching		6,431
Total		63,189

This district has one senator and two representatives.

Fifty-third—

Hubbard	9,831
Wadena	8,652
Todd	23,407

This district has a senator and two representatives.

Fifty-fourth district, part of Stearns county, has a senator and two representatives, with a population of about 40,000.

The fifty-fifth district, Kandiyohi county, with 18,969 people, has a senator and one house member.

Fifty-sixth—

Swift	12,949
Big Stone	9,367
Total	22,316

This district has a senator and one house member.

Fifty-seventh—

Grant	9,114
Stevens	8,293
Traverse	8,040
Total	25,456

This district has one senator and two representatives.

Fifty-eighth—

Douglas	17,669
Pope	12,746
Total	30,415

This district has a senator and two representatives, each county electing one.

The fifty-ninth district, Otter Tail county, with 46,036 people, has a senator and four representatives.

Sixtieth—

Clay	19,640
Becker	18,840
Wilkin	9,063
Total	47,543

This district has a senator and three representatives, each county electing one.

The sixty-first district is Polk county, with 36,001 people, electing a senator and two representatives.

Sixty-second—

Norman	13,446
Mahnomen	3,249
Beltrami	19,337
Clearwater	6,870
Red Lake	16,940
Total	68,842

This district has a senator and two representatives, Norman and Mahnomen counties electing one representative, and the other three counties the second.

Sixty-third—

Kittson	9,669
Marshall	16,338
Roseau	11,338
Total	37,345

This district has a senator and two representatives.

RELIEF FUND TOTALS $88,000.

Contributions to Northern Minnesota Fire Sufferers About All In.

St. Paul. — The contributions to the fund for the permanent relief in the fire-swept districts of Northern Minnesota have reached a total of $88,000. The donations have been coming in slowly and in small sums of late, and Kenneth Clark, president of the Minnesota Red Cross society, said that he believed the above figures represented practically all that may be expected until the need becomes more urgent.

"Of this amount," said Mr. Clark, "only about $25,000 has been expended, which leaves a balance sufficient to carry out all relief pleas for probably two months to come. Before it is entirely exhausted I understand the state legislature will be asked to appropriate a sum sufficient to take care of the fire sufferers through the early spring and until their farms are again on a paying basis."

CHURCH CELEBRATION PLANNED.

Bishop Heffron to be Guest at Rochester for Christmas.

Winona.—Bishop Heffron has accepted an invitation to go to Rochester for Christmas and take part in the celebration by St. John's parish of the raising of its church debt. The bishop will preach Sunday and on Monday evening will speak at a program to be given at the Metropolitan theater. The mortgage will be burned and the church property formally presented to Bishop Heffron.

Contests Stevens' Election.

St. Paul. — John L. Gieske, defeated candidate on the Democratic ticket for Congress in the Fourth district, comprising Ramsey, Washington and Chisago counties, has served formal notice of a contest against declaration of the election of his Republican opponent, Frederick C. Stevens, who, on the face of the returns, defeated Mr. Gieske by more than 5,000 votes.

Minnesota Debaters Beaten.

Minneapolis. — The University of Illinois debating team defeated the University of Minnesota talkers in the first intercollegiate debate at Minnesota this year. The judges were unanimous in their decision. Minnesota also lost to Iowa at Iowa City.

HIBBING NOT IN DRY ZONE.

People Assert Line Runs Three Miles East of Village.

Duluth.—Hibbing people claim the government has made an error in putting that town in the dry list by enforcing the treaty of 1855. It is claimed that the village of Hibbing is three miles outside the boundaries, and that the eastern boundary runs between Carson and Kelley lakes, to the west of the village.

Want Waterworks System.

St. Peter.—In order to secure needed fire protection property owners in North Mankato will probably bond their village for $20,000 to construct a municipal waterworks system. At a mass meeting held recently seventy-five taxpayers signed a petition requesting the council to call a special election to submit the proposition to the people, and it will be held next month. An engineer who has been engaged estimates that the village can construct a reservoir, lay mains and erect a pumping plant for $20,000.

Elmquist Inspects Soo.

Thief River Falls.—Charles Elmquist, state railway and warehouse commissioner, arrived in this city, having completed an official inspection of the new Thief River Falls-Duluth branch of the Soo line. He was accompanied by the secretary of the commission and Superintendent Michaels of the Soo road. The commissioner found the line, in first-class condition, being better in equipment, solidity and construction than many large branch lines on the older roads.

River Congress Delegates Named.

St. Paul. — Governor A. O. Eberhart has appointed 24 delegates from Minnesota to attend the National Rivers and Harbors congress to be held at Washington on Dec. 7, 8 and 9. The delegates are the nine Minnesota congressmen, Senators Nelson and Clapp, Alex McDougall, C. C. Cokesair and W. A. McGonagle of Duluth, F. J. Watarous, Phil W. Herzog, J. M. Dresser and James J. Hill of St. Paul, W. H. Eustis, S. R. Van Sant, H. A. Tuttle and A. L. Crocker of Minneapolis.

REPORT ON MINNESOTA RIVER.

St. Paul.—Major F. R. Shunk, chief of the United States engineering office at St. Paul, has about completed his report to the chief of engineers at Washington on the question of constructing reservoirs along the Minnesota river for the improvement of navigation and the prevention of floods. A party of army engineers under Major Shunk's direction last summer made a survey of the river valley from Big Stone lake to Mankato.

Fritz Succeeds Schaefer.

St. Paul.—Governor A. O. Eberhart, announces the appointment of Andrew Fritz of St. Cloud, as public examiner, when the term of Anton Schaefer expires early in the year. It had been expected that Fritz would be appointed, but other candidates did not give up the fight. Mr. Schaefer has himself been a candidate and several delegations have called on the governor in his behalf. Fritz has held county offices in St. Cloud and is said to have a general experience to fit him for the position.

WORK OF YEAR REVIEWED BY THE PRESIDENT

Affairs of State Are Dealt With at Length in Annual Message.

BUT LITTLE ABOUT TARIFF

President Discusses Work of Tariff Board—Ship Subsidy Is Urged.

WORK ON PANAMA CANAL

Need of Legislation Anticipating Completion of the Ditch Is Pointed Out—Change In Postal Rates—Parcels Post and Postal Savings—Economy Urged.

Washington, Dec. 6.—President Taft's annual message to congress contained [illegible] words, and is said to be the longest document of its kind ever written. In it he reviews the work of each of the administrative departments beginning with the state department. He devotes considerable space to the satisfactory settlement of the fisheries dispute with England through the medium of the Hague Tribunal and recounts both the history of the fisheries dispute and the establishment of the tribunal.

In connection with the state department he tells of the important political happenings of the past twelve months throughout the entire world, and the action of this country in connection with them.

Tariff Negotiations.

Referring to the negotiation of new tariff agreements President Taft says:

"The new tariff law, in Section 2, respecting the maximum and minimum tariffs of the United States, which provisions came into effect on April 1, 1910, imposed upon us responsibility of determining prior to that date whether any undue discrimination existed against the United States and its products in any country of the world with which we sustained commercial relations.

"In the case of several countries instances of apparent undue discrimination against American commerce were found to exist. These discriminations were removed by negotiation. Prior to April 1, 1910, when the maximum tariff was to come into operation with respect to importations from all those countries in whose favor no proclamation applying the minimum tariff should be issued by the president, one hundred and thirty-four such proclamations were issued.

"This series of proclamations embraced the entire commercial world and hence the minimum tariff of the United States has been given universal application, thus testifying to the satisfactory character of our trade relations with foreign countries.

"Marked advantages to the commerce of the United States were obtained through these tariff settlements.

"The policy of broader and closer trade relations with the Dominion of Canada which was initiated in the adjustment of the maximum and minimum provisions of the tariff act of August, 1909, has proved mutually beneficial. It justifies further efforts for the readjustment of the commercial relations of the two countries so that their commerce may follow the channels natural to contiguous countries and be commensurate with the steady expansion of trade and industry on both sides of the boundary line."

Ship Subsidy.

The president urges such action as he believes will increase American trade abroad, and says:

"Another instrumentality indispensable to the unhampered and natural development of American commerce is merchant marine. All maritime and commercial nations recognize the importance of this factor. The greatest commercial nations, our competitors, jealously foster their merchant marine. Perhaps nowhere is the need for rapid and direct mail, passenger and freight communication quite so urgent as between the United States and Latin America. We can secure in no other quarter of the world such immediate benefits in friendship and commerce as would flow from the establishment of direct lines of communication with the countries of Latin America adequate to meet the requirements of a rapidly increasing appreciation of the reciprocal dependence of the countries of the western hemisphere upon each other's products, sympathies and assistance.

"I alluded to this most important subject in my last annual message; it has often been before you and I need not recapitulate the reasons for its recommendation. Unless prompt action be taken the completion of the Panama canal will find this the only great commercial nation unable to avail in international maritime business of this great contribution to the means of the world's commercial intercourse."

Governmental Expense.

To no one subject does he devote more space than to the expense of conducting the various government departments and the urgent need for economy, and in this connection he says:

"Every effort has been made by each department chief to reduce the estimated cost of his department for the ensuing fiscal year ending June 30, 1912. I say this in order that congress may understand that these estimates thus made present the smallest sum which will maintain the departments, bureaus and offices of the government and meet its other obligations under existing law, and that a cut of these estimates would result in embarrassing the executive branch of the government in the performance of its duties. This remark does not apply to the river and harbor estimates, except to those for expenses of maintenance and the meeting of obligations under authorized contracts, nor does it apply to the public building bill nor to the navy building program. Of course, as to these congress could withhold any part or all of the estimates for them without interfering with the discharge of the ordinary obligations of these functions of its departments, bureaus and offices.

"The final estimates for the year ending June 30, 1912, as they have been sent to the treasury on November 29 of this year, for the ordinary expenses of the government, including those for public buildings, rivers and harbors, and the navy building program, amount to $630,494,013.12. This is $52,964,887.36 less than the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911. It is $16,883,153.44 less than the total estimates, including supplemental estimates submitted to congress by the treasury for the year 1911, and is $5,574,659.39 less than the original estimates submitted by the treasury for 1911.

"These figures do not include the appropriations for the Panama canal, the policy in respect to which ought to be, and is, to spend as much each year as can be economically and effectively expended in order to complete the canal as promptly as possible, and therefore, the ordinary motive for cutting down the expense of the government does not apply to appropriations for this purpose.

"Against the estimates of expenditures, $640,494,013.12, we have estimated receipts for next year $680,000,000, making a probable surplus of ordinary receipts over ordinary expenditures of about $50,000,000, or taking into account the estimates for the Panama canal, which are $56,920,847.69, and which will ultimately be paid in bonds, it will leave a deficit for the next year of about $7,000,000, if congress shall conclude to fortify the canal."

The Tariff.

The President devotes but little space to the subject of the tariff law, and of it he says:

"The schedules of the rates of duty in the Payne tariff act have been subjected to a great deal of criticism, some of it just, more of it unfounded, and to much misrepresentation. The act was adopted in pursuance of a declaration by the party which is responsible for it that customs bill should be a tariff for the protection of home industries, the measure of the protection to be the difference between the cost of producing the imported article abroad and the cost of producing it at home, together with such addition to that difference as might give a reasonable profit to the home producer. The basis for the criticism of this tariff is that in respect to a number of the schedules the declared measure was not followed, but a higher difference retained or inserted by way of undue discrimination in favor of certain industries and manufactures. Little, if any, of the criticism of the tariff has been directed against the protective principle above stated; but the main body of the criticism has been based on the attempt to conform to the measure of protection was not honestly and sincerely adhered to."

The Tariff Board.

The president refers to the appointment of a board of experts to investigate the cost of production of various articles included in the schedules of the tariff, and says:

"The tariff board thus appointed and authorized has been diligent in preparing itself for the necessary investigations. The hope of those who have advocated the use of this board for tariff purposes is that the question of the rate of a duty imposed shall become more of a business question and less of a political question, to be ascertained by experts of long training and accurate knowledge. The halt in business and the shock to business, due to the announcement that a new tariff bill is to be prepared and put in operation will be avoided by treating the schedules one by one as occasion shall arise for a change in the rates of each, and only after a report upon the schedule by the tariff board competent to make such report. It is not likely that the board will be able to make a report during the present session of congress on any of the schedules, because a proper examination involves an enormous amount of detail and a great deal of care; but I hope to be able at the opening of the new congress, or at least during the session of that congress, to bring to its attention the facts in regard to those schedules in the present tariff that may prove to need amendment."

Our Island Possessions.

"During the last summer, at my request, the secretary of war visited the Philippine islands and has described his trip in the report. He found the islands in a state of tranquility and growing prosperity, due largely to the change in the tariff laws, which has opened the markets of America to the products of the Philippines, and has opened the Philippine markets to American manufactures.

"The year has been one of prosperity and progress in Porto Rico.

Panama Canal.

"At the instance of Colonel Goethals, the army engineer officer in charge of the work on the Panama canal, I have just made a visit to the isthmus to inspect the work done and to consult with him on the ground as to certain problems which are likely to arise in the near future. The progress of the work is most satisfactory. If no unexpected obstacle presents itself, the canal will be completed well within the time fixed by Colonel Goethals, to-wit, January 1, 1915, and within the estimate of cost, $375,000,000.

"Among questions arising for present solution is the decision whether the canal shall be fortified. I have already stated to the congress that I strongly favor fortification and I now reiterate this opinion and ask your consideration of the subject in the light of the report already before you made by a competent board.

"Another question which arises for consideration and possible legislation is the question of tolls in the canal. This question is necessarily affected by the probable tonnage which will go through the canal.

"In determining what the tolls should be we certainly ought not to insist that for a good many years to come they should amount to enough to pay the interest on the investment of $400,000,000 which the United States has made in the construction of the canal. We ought not to do this, first, because the benefits to be derived by the United States from this expenditure is not to be measured solely by a return upon the investment. If it were then the construction might well have been left to private enterprise.

"My own impression is that the tolls ought not to exceed $1 per net ton, and I should recommend that within certain limits the president be authorized to fix the tolls of the canal and adjust them to what seems to be commercial necessity.

"I cannot close this reference to the canal without suggesting as a wise amendment to the interstate commerce law a provision prohibiting interstate commerce railroads from owning or controlling ships engaged in the trade through the Panama canal. I believe such a provision may be needed to save to the people of the United States the benefits of the competition in trade between the eastern and western seaboards which this canal was constructed to secure."

Department of Justice.

Discussing the affairs of the department of justice, the president says:

"I invite especial attention to the prosecutions under the federal law of the so-called 'bucket shops,' and of those schemes to defraud in which the use of the mail is an essential part of the fraudulent conspiracy, prosecutions which have saved ignorant and weak members of the public and are saving them hundreds of millions of dollars. The violations of the anti-trust law present perhaps the most important litigation before the department, and the number of cases filed shows the activity of the government in enforcing that statute.

"In a special message last year I brought to the attention of congress the propriety and wisdom of enacting a general law providing for the incorporation of industrial and other companies engaged in interstate commerce, and I renew my recommendation in that behalf."

The crying need in the United States of cheapening the cost of litigation by simplifying judicial procedure and expediting final judgment is pointed out and action looking to correction of these evils is urged.

The president recommends an increase in the salaries of federal judges.

Postal Savings Banks.

"At its last session congress made provision for the establishment of savings banks by the postoffice department of this government by which under general control of trustees, consisting of the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the attorney general, the system could be begun in a few cities and towns, and enlarged to cover within its operations as many cities and towns and as large a part of the country as seemed wise. The initiation and establishment of such a system has required a great deal of study on the part of the experts in the postoffice and treasury departments, but a system has now been devised which is believed to be more economical and simpler in its operation than any similar system abroad. Arrangements have been perfected so that savings banks will be opened in some cities and towns on the 1st of January, and there will be a gradual extension of the benefits of the plan to the rest of the country."

"It is gratifying," says the president, "that the reduction in the postal deficit has been accomplished without any curtailment of postal facilities. On the contrary, the service has been greatly extended during the year in all its branches."

Second-Class Mail.

"In my last annual message I invited the attention of congress to the inadequacy of the postal rate imposed upon second-class mail matter in so far as that includes magazines, and showed by figures prepared by experts of the postoffice department that the government was rendering a service to the magazines, costing many millions in excess of the compensation paid. An answer was attempted to this by the representatives of the magazines, and a reply was filed to this answer by the postoffice department. The utter inadequacy of the answer, considered in the light of the reply of the postoffice department, I think must must appeal to any fair-minded person. Whether the answer was all that could be said in behalf of the magazines is another question. I agree that the question is one of fact; but I insist that if the fact is as the experts of the postoffice department show, that we are furnishing to the owners of magazines a service worth millions more than they pay for it, then justice requires that the rate should be increased. The increase in the receipts of the department resulting from this change may be devoted to increasing the usefulness of the department in establishing a parcels post and in reducing the cost of first-class postage to one cent. It has been said by the postmaster general that a fair adjustment might be made under which the advertising part of the magazine should be charged for at a different and higher rate from that of the reading matter. This would relieve many useful magazines that are not circulated at a profit, and would not shut them out from the use of the mails by a prohibitory rate.

"With respect to the parcels post, I respectfully recommend its adoption on all rural delivery routes, and that 11 pounds—the international limit—be made the limit of carriage in such post."

Abolish Navy Yards.

The president calls attention to certain reforms urged by the secretary of the navy which he recommends for adoption, and continues:

"The estimates of the navy department are $5,000,000 less than the appropriations for the same purpose last year, and included in this is the building program of the same amount as that submitted for your consideration last year. It is merely carrying out the plan of building two battleships a year, with a few needed auxiliary vessels. I earnestly hope that this program will be adopted.

"The secretary of the navy has given personal examination to every navy yard, and has studied the uses of the navy yards with reference to the necessities of our fleet. With a fleet considerably less than half the size of that of the British navy, we have shipyards more than double the number, and there are several of these shipyards expensively equipped with modern machinery, which, after investigation the secretary of the navy believes to be entirely useless for naval purposes. He asks authority to abandon certain of them and to move their machinery to other places, where it can be made of use."

"The complete success of our country in arctic exploration should not remain unnoticed. The unparalleled achievement of Peary in reaching the north pole, April 6, 1909, approved by critical examination of the most expert scientists, has added to the distinction of our navy, to which he belongs, and reflects credit upon his country. I recommend fitting recognition by congress of the great achievement of Robert Edwin Peary."

Conservation.

"The subject of the conservation of the public domain has commanded the attention of the people within the last two or three years.

"There is no need for radical reform in the methods of disposing of what are really agricultural lands. The present laws have worked well. The enlarged homestead law has encouraged the successful farming of lands in the semi-arid regions.

"Nothing can be more important in the matter of conservation than the treatment of our forest lands. It was probably the ruthless destruction of forests in the older states that first called attention to the necessity for a halt in the waste of our resources.

"In the present forest reserves there are lands which are not properly forest, and which ought to be subject to homestead entry. This has caused some local irritation. We are carefully eliminating such lands from forest reserves or where their elimination is not practical listing them for entry under the forest homestead act.

"Congress ought to trust the executive to use the power of reservation only with respect to land most valuable for forest purposes. During the present administration, 62,250,000 acres of land largely non-timbered, have been excluded from forest reserves, and 3,500,000 acres of land principally valued for forest purposes have been included in forest reserves, making a reduction in forest reserves of non-timbered land amounting to 2,760,000 acres."

Coal Lands.

"The next subject, and one most important for your consideration, is the disposition of the coal lands in the United States and Alaska. At the beginning of this administration there were withdrawn from entry for purposes of classification 17,867,000 acres. Since that time there have been withdrawn by my order from entry for classification 78,977,746 acres, making a total withdrawal of 96,844,745 acres. Meantime of the acres thus withdrawn 1,061,889 have been classified and found not to contain coal and have been restored to agricultural entry, and 4,726,091 acres have been classified as coal lands; while 7,993,239 acres remain withdrawn from entry and await classification. In addition 337,000 acres have been classified as coal lands without prior withdrawal, thus increasing the classified coal lands to 10,429,372 acres.

"Under the laws providing for the disposal of coal lands in the United States, the minimum price at which lands are permitted to be sold is $10 an acre; but the secretary of the interior has the power to fix a maximum price and to sell at that price.

"As one-third of all the coal supply is held by the government, it seems wise that it should retain such control over the mining and the sale as the relation of lessor to lessee furnishes.

"The secretary of the interior thinks there are difficulties in the way of leasing public coal lands, which objections he has set forth in his report, the force of which I freely concede. I entirely approve his stating at length in his report of the objections in order that the whole subject may be presented to congress, but after a full consideration, for the reasons I have given above, I favor a leasing system and recommend it."

Water Power Sites.

"Prior to March 4, 1909, there had been, on the recommendation of the reclamation service, withdrawn from agricultural entry, because they were regarded as useful for power sites which ought not to be disposed of as agricultural lands, tracts amounting to about 4,000,000 acres. The withdrawals were hastily made and included a great deal of land that was not useful for power sites. They were intended to include the power sites on 29 rivers in 9 states. Since that time 3,475,442 acres have been restored for settlement of the original 4,000,000 because they do not contain power sites; and meantime, new withdrawals have been made which, with other restorations based upon field examination, result in withdrawals at present effective of 1,218,356 acres on vacant public land and 202,197 acres on entered public land, or a total of 1,420,553 acres. These withdrawals made from time to time cover all the power sites included in the first withdrawals and many more, on 151 rivers and in 12 states. The disposition of these power sites involves one of the most difficult questions presented in carrying out practical conservation.

"The subject is one that calls for new legislation. It has been thought that there was danger of combination to obtain possession of all the power sites and to unite them under one control. Whatever the evidence of this, or lack of it, at present we have had enough experience to know that combination would be profitable, and the control of a great number of power at will within certain sections.

"However this may be, it is the plain duty of the government to see to it that in the utilization and development of all this immense amount of water power, conditions shall be imposed that will prevent extortionate charges, which are the usual accompaniment of monopoly.

"The question of conservation is not a partisan one, and I sincerely hope that even in the short time of the present session consideration may be given to those questions which have now been much discussed, and that action may be taken upon them."

Alaska.

"With reference to the government of Alaska, I have nothing to add to the recommendations I made in my last message on the subject. I am convinced that the migratory character of the population, its unequal distribution, and its smallness of number, which the new census shows to be about 50,000, in relation to the enormous expanse of the territory, make it altogether impracticable to give to those people who are in Alaska today and may not be there a year hence, the power to elect a legislature to govern an immense territory to which they have relation so little permanent."

Pensions.

"The uniform policy of the government in the matter of granting pensions to those gallant and devoted men who fought to save the life of the nation in the perilous days of the great civil war, has always been of the most liberal character. Those men are now rapidly passing away. The best obtainable official statistics show that they are dying at the rate of something over three thousand a month, and, in view of their advancing years, this rate must inevitably in proportion, rapidly increase. To the man who risked everything on the field of battle to save the nation in the hour of its direst need we owe a debt which has not been and should not be computed in a begrudging or parsimonious spirit."

Bureau of Corporations.

Referring to the report of the commissioner of corporations, the president says:

"The commissioner finds a condition in the ownership of the standing timber of the United States other than the government timber that calls for serious attention. The direct investigation made by the commissioner covered an area which contains 80 per cent. of the privately-owned timber of the country.

"His report shows that one half of the timber in this area is owned by 200 individuals and corporations; that 14 per cent. is owned by these corporations, and that there is very extensive interownership of stock, as well as other circumstances, all pointing to friendly relations among those who own a majority of this timber, a relationship which might lead to a combination for the maintenance of a price that would be very detrimental to the public interest, and would create the necessity of removing all tariff obstacles to the free importations of lumber from other countries."

Bureau of Labor.

"The commissioner of labor has been actively engaged in composing the differences between employers and employees engaged in interstate transportation, under the Erdman act, jointly with the chairman of the interstate commerce commission.

"I cannot speak in too high terms of the success of the two officers in conciliation and settlement of controversies which, but for their interposition, would have resulted disastrously to all interests.

Civil Service Commission.

"The civil service commission has continued its useful duties during the year. The necessity for the maintenance of the provisions of the civil service law was never greater than today. Officers responsible for the policy of the administration, and their immediate personal assistants or deputies, should not be included within the classified service, but in my judgment, public opinion has advanced to the point where it would support a bill providing a secure tenure during efficiency for all purely administrative officials. I entertain the profound conviction that it would greatly aid the cause of efficient and economical government and of better politics if congress could enact a bill providing that the executive shall have the power to include in the classified service all local offices under the treasury department, the department of justice, the postoffice department, the interior department and the department of commerce and labor, appointments to which now require the confirmation of the senate, and that upon such classification the advice and consent of the senate shall cease to be required in such appointments. By their certainty of tenure, dependent on good service, and by their freedom from the necessity for political activity, these local officers would be induced to become more efficient public servants.

Economy and Efficiency.

"The increase in the activities and in the annual expenditures of the federal government has been so rapid and so great that the time has come to check the expansion of government activities in new directions until we have tested the economy and efficiency with which the government of today is being carried on. The responsibility rests upon the head of the administration. He is held accountable by the public, and properly so. Despite the unselfish and patriotic efforts of the heads of departments and others charged with responsibility of government, there has grown up in this country a conviction that the expenses of government are too great. The fundamental reason for the existence of undetected of waste, duplication, and bad management is the lack of prompt, accurate information.

"I have requested the head of each department to appoint committees on economy and efficiency in order to secure full co-operation in the movement by the employees of the government themselves.

"I urge the continuance of the appropriation of $100,000 requested for the fiscal year 1912.

"My experience leads me to believe that while government methods are much criticized, the bad results—if we do have bad results—are not due to a lack of zeal or willingness on the part of the civil servants."

Interstate Commerce.

"There has not been time to test the benefit and utility of the amendments to the interstate commerce law contained in the act approved June 18, 1910. The law as enacted did not contain all the features which I recommended. It did not specifically denounce as unlawful the purchase by one of two parallel and competing roads of the stock of the other. Nor did it subject to the restraining influence of the Interstate Commerce commission the power of corporations engaged in operating interstate railroads to issue new stock and bonds; nor did it authorize the making of temporary agreements between railroads limited to 30 days, fixing the same rates for traffic between the same places.

"I do not press the consideration of any of these objects upon congress at this session.

"The interstate commerce commission has recommended appropriations for the purpose of enabling it to enter upon a valuation of all railroads. This has always been within the jurisdiction of the commission, but the requisite funds have been wanting. Statistics to the value of each railroad would be valuable for many purposes, especially if we ultimately enact any limitations upon the power of the interstate railroads to issue stocks and bonds, as I hope we may.

"For the protection of our own people and the preservation of our credit in foreign trade, I urge upon congress the immediate enactment of a law under which one who, in good faith, advances money or credit upon a bill of lading issued by a common carrier upon an interstate or foreign shipment can hold the carrier liable for the value of the goods described in the bill at the valuation specified in the bill, at least to the extent of the advances made in reliance upon it.

"I further recommend that a punishment of fine and imprisonment be imposed upon railroad agents and shippers for fraud or misrepresentation in connection with the issue of bills of lading issued upon interstate and foreign shipments.

"Except as above, I do not recommend any amendment to the interstate commerce law as it stands. I do not now recommend any amendment to the anti-trust law. In other words, it seems to me that the existing legislation with reference to the regulation of corporations and the restraint of their business has reached a point where we can stop for a while and witness the effect of the vigorous execution of the laws of the statute books in restraining the abuses which certainly did exist and which roused the public to demand reform."

SYSTEM FULL OF URIC ACID---THE GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY CURED

Two years ago I was very sick and after being treated by several of the best physicians in Clinton, I did not seem to get any better. I was confined to my bed. Seeing your Swamp-Root advertised, I resolved to give it a trial. After using it for three weeks, I found I was gaining nicely, so I continued until I have taken a number of bottles. I am now restored to health and have continued my labors. My system was full of Uric acid, but Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root cured me entirely. I am sixty years old.

Yours very truly,
W. C. COOK,
Clinton, Ia.

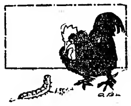
State of Iowa } ss.
Clinton County }
On this 13th day of July, A. D., 1909, W. C. Cook to me personally known appeared before me and in my presence subscribed and swore to the above and foregoing statement.
DALE H. SHEPPARD,
Notary Public,
In and for Clinton County.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. For sale at all drug stores. Price fifty cents and one-dollar.

THE POLITE CHICKEN.



SAID THE ROOSTER AT 6:22,
"YOU ARE DOUBTLESS AWARE
THAT I CREW".
"THOUGH AMAZEMENT YOU SHOW
I AM CERTAIN YOU KNOW
WHAT IT IS THAT WE EARLY
BIRDS DO ——."

In Perplexity.

"Michael Dolan, an' is it yourself?"

"Yes, sure it is."

"Well, ye know thot bletherin' spalpeen, Widdy Castigan's second husband?"

"That I do."

"He bet me a bob to a pint I couldn't swally an egg without breakin' the shell ov it."

"An' ye did it?"

"I did."

"Then phwat's ailin' ye?"

"It's doon there," laying his hand on the lower part of his waistcoat. "If I jump about I'll break it and cut me stomach wid the shell, an' if I kape quiet it'll hatch and I'll have a Shanghai rooster scratchin' me inside."

Admitted.

"Women already do a lot of governing," said Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, the brilliant suffrage leader, in an interview in New York. "Men, if they are observant and frank, admit that.

"An editor about to marry was asked by a friend:

"'What prompted you, old man, to propose to Miss Dash?'

"The editor, who was, like all editors, extremely observant and extremely frank, answered:

"'Well, to tell you the truth, I think Miss Dash prompted me more than anybody else.'"

Benny on Benevolence.

Benevolence is a great thing. When you have benevolence you cannot rest until you do something to make other people feel grateful to you. The other day my mamma went up into the attic to find a lot of old clothes to give to poor people who could not afford to buy any clothing for themselves. While she was hunting around she found a gold-headed cane worth $25 that grandpa had put up there 18 years ago, and forgot all about. Thus we see, dear friends, benevolence brings its own reward.—Benny.

The Way to Find Him.

"My wife and I are going to spend a few months with her people at Strong's Corners," said the meek little man, "and I want you to mail your paper to me—"

"Yes," said the clerk, "what's your name?"

"Well—er—to make sure, I guess you'd better address it: 'Mary Strong's Husband, Strong's Corners.'"

THEY GROW

Good Humor and Cheerfulness From Right Food and Drink.

Anything that interferes with good health is apt to keep cheerfulness and good humor in the background. A Washington lady found that letting coffee alone made things bright for her. She writes:

"Four years ago I was practically given up by my doctor and was not expected to live long. My nervous system was in a bad condition.

"But I was young and did not want to die so I began to look about for the cause of my chronic trouble. I used to have nervous spells which would exhaust me and after each spell it would take me days before I could sit up in a chair.

"I became convinced my trouble was caused by coffee. I decided to stop it and bought some Postum.

"The first cup, which I made according to directions, had a soothing effect on my nerves and I liked the taste. For a time I nearly lived on Postum and ate little food besides. I am today a healthy woman.

"My family and relatives wonder if I am the same person I was four years ago, when I could do no work on account of nervousness. Now I am doing my own housework, take care of two babies—one twenty the other two months old, I am so busy that I hardly get time to write a letter, yet I do it all with the cheerfulness and good humor that comes from enjoying good health.

"I tell my friends it is to Postum I owe my life today."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Disqualified.

Her—My brother won first prize in that amateur guessing contest, but they ruled him out as a professional.

Him—A professional?

Her—Yes. He's employed in the government bureau, you know.

A Time Likeness.

"That union seems to go like clockwork."

"I thought it rather disorganized. In what respect?"

"It is regularly striking."

Fortunate.

"It is said," remarked the moralizer, "that a fool is born every minute."

"And I'm glad of it," rejoined the demoralizer. "What a sorry old world this would be if there was nothing but wisdom on tap."

An Easy Mark.

"I wish you would come around to my house to a poker party tonight."

"But I know absolutely nothing about the game."

"Oh, then you must come!"

Important.

Judge—Now, madam, remember as a witness you must tell the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

Witness—Well, judge, do you mean before you swear me or afterward?—Yonkers Statesman.

Ruling Passion.

Kate—Maud is dreadfully particular about her appearance.

Ethel—Indeed, she is. Why, heap coals of fire on her head and she'll want to know if they are on straight.

Appropriate Decoration.

"You remember the famous ice palace built for one of the Russian empresses?"

"Yes. What of it?"

"I wonder if the principal decoration of its rooms was not a frieze?"

None in Stock.

A well-dressed woman paused in front of the chestnut vender's stand.

"Are they wormy?" she asked.

"No, ma'am," he answered blandly. "Did you want them with worms?"

The Sleep Chaser.

Landlord—Here, now, you needn't be afraid you will oversleep. And if the alarm clock should by any chance fail to awaken you, just give the little hammer a poke with your finger, then she'll go off.—Heitere Welt.

Good Schema.

"Out at my uncle's the people go to bed with the chickens."

"Well, at the price chickens sell at now they are certainly worth watching."

Change of Ideals.

"Funny, isn't it?"

"What is?"

"In the days of chivalry, men were tickled to death if they got a lady's glove, and now they are all broken up if she gives them the mitten."

Possibly.

Gotham—They say that the wireless business is still in its infancy.

Flatbush—And do you suppose some day we'll have barbed wireless fences?—Yonkers Statesman.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

BY C. R. C. BAKER

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

It will be too late to do your Christmas shopping early if you don't watch out

"Pussyfoot" Johnson is taking in much territory and there is a prospect that he will close up most of North Dakota by putting the lid on the fifty or more saloons at East Grand Forks.

"The Northern Minnesota Development congress declared for reapportionment for the northern part of the state. The southern part of the state will go that one better and stand for reapportionment for the entire state," says the Albert Lea Tribune, and that is all right, too. It is expected that the legislators from the south will consent to take in more territory.

The two papers at Warroad have consolidated and one will be issued in the future. The wonder is that this has not happened before. It is impossible for two papers of any value to the town or the publishers to do business in a town the size of Warroad. The people of the town will now have a better paper, the business people will get advertising that will be worth something at less expense than to advertise in two papers of limited circulation and there is a chance for the publisher to profit something for his labors and investment.

TONNAGE TAX AND REAPPORTIONMENT.

Northern Minnesota has mapped out a program for the legislature at the coming session that is snappy and to the point. There is no ambiguity about it. Each demand stands out in bold relief and besides the governor threatens with a big stick, in the shape of a threat with an extra session, unless at least one of the demands—reapportionment—is granted.

But our friends in the north and the governor are not alone in that charitable fighting mood; the jobbers and wholesale merchants of the Twin Cities also seem to be disposed to do a little missionary work in behalf of a future large commercial field, which they expect to monopolize and for which they now prepare the ground.

The trouble with these calculations is that they sometimes miscarry. The program, outlined by the North Minnesota legislature at Brainerd, is too one sided to be acceptable to the people of the state at large. Reapportionment and good roads should be granted, provided the matter of taxation, especially an iron ore tonnage tax, is also conceded. The clearing of cut-over pine lands should be stricken off the program altogether. Nobody wants it but the land speculators and the politicians. Concerning the proposed iron ore tonnage tax the people outside of the iron ore range will never be content until that matter is settled and settled right.

At the last session an iron ore tonnage tax was passed by both houses, in accordance with the promises of both parties, providing for a tax of two to five cents a ton, according to grade. It was an insignificant amount in comparison with the 75 cents to $1.00 a ton royalty paid to Mr. Hill for the ore taken from his private holdings. Unfortunately this bill was vetoed. But that is no reason why such a bill, or a modified one to suit both local and state conditions, should not be passed again at the coming session. And it is here where the trouble comes in. The Steel Trust is opposed to such a tax and it practically controls the situation in northern Minnesota. There are a number of prosperous towns in the iron ore country completely dominated by that corporation. Its people will hardly admit it, nevertheless they are in no position to do anything but what is agreeable to that interest. And this explains in a measure the attitude of the Brainerd meeting. It is true the northern part of the state is entitled to a larger representation; but that is not the real object of the principals behind the move. What the latter are after more than anything else is to get more votes in order to prevent the passage of another iron ore tonnage tax. If it were otherwise it would be easy enough to pass both measures.

As to the attitude of the Twin Cities in this matter it is likely to come to pass that other business centers may take a hand in the game. With the cities it is always a matter of business expansion. They think they have the trade in southern Minnesota nailed to their mast and now they reach out for the prospective new trade in the North. They lose sight of the fact that the commercial interests in Southern Minnesota are in position to effectually resent undue discrimination and that the new trade in the North must be divided with the future business queen at the head of the lakes—Duluth.

It is easy enough to present ultimatums, but suppose the other side should come with a counter proposition and demand the passage of an iron ore tonnage tax law first as a condition to pass a reapportionment bill afterward? And in all probability that is just what is going to happen. And then the fun will begin and each side will show its true colors.—St. Peter Free Press.

The above article is interesting as indicating the excuses that will be offered in the effort to be made by certain senators who don't want to vote themselves out of office by providing for a just reapportionment of the state. The Free Press says that a tonnage tax bill should be passed at this winter's session of the legislature. Admitting that, what has reapportionment to do with that program? It is true that the mining district will have increased representation if there is proper reapportionment because they have the population entitling them to more representation. But even that has no bearing on the agitation for the passage of a tonnage tax bill at the coming session of the legislature. No territory will have increased representation until after the election 1910, so it cannot be said that reapportionment stands in the way of the tonnage tax program for this winter. The Gazette wonders if the Free Press and southern Minnesota senators would insist on a fifty per cent disfranchisement of the whole of northern Minnesota indefinitely if it is not possible to pass a tonnage tax bill this winter.

Reapportionment and anti-tonnage tax sentiment are not so closely related as those who are opposed to reapportion and looking for an excuse for opposition would have you believe. The tonnage tax bill passed by the last legislature was prepared by a man from the Ninth congressional district and northern Minnesota members, outside of those from the range districts, were about as evenly divided on the proposition as were members from other parts of the state.

The tonnage tax bill and all other important proposed legislation should have fair consideration, but that is no reason for standing in the way of giving to northern Minnesota, the range country included, the representation to which it is entitled in the legislative branch of the state government.

THE AWAKENING OF MINNESOTA.

The census informs us that Minnesota is a laggard among the states. Were the state without resources, that would be one thing; but when we compute the resources of this state and make note of the tremendous possibilities, we must wonder at our own lethargy.

There are several sides to the question, and to develop it from the respective sides, the state should undertake the following work at the approaching session of the legislature:

First, there should be a large appropriation for the Agricultural School and with that money the work should be carried out into the counties in a way that will, within the next two years, arouse the farmers to an effort all along the line.

Second, an appropriation of $25,000 should be made to establish and operate a state bureau to collect data of the lands, their products, prices and collateral information for each county. This bureau should be arranged after the plan of the Kansas bureau. We have lands to sell, but we know nothing of the facts as to their character. The inquirer can get no specific information at the State Capitol on these points. This bureau should carry a full statistical record of state lands as well.

Third, a moderate appropriation should be made for advertising the state. This department should be carefully organized, in order that money may be expended in a way that will count, and for the first two years the appropriation should be experimental.

Here are three principal heads that we believe are of the greatest importance. It is absurd that, outside of the cities, the state has shown a bare hundred thousand gain in ten years!

If the people agree to these general conditions, there is still work to do. The legislature must be impressed with the situation. The members must be made to appreciate that the people are interested. It is a rule of business that money must be expended if profit is to follow. The principle applies to state growth as well as to business. We have permitted ourselves to go to seed in this particular.

The Journal will have much to say on this subject of state development and it invites a hearing. Its suggestions will not be made in the spirit of having uttered the last word on the subject, but simply as expressing its individual idea of the best general course to follow.

Minnesota is essentially an agricultural state. But we are doing almost nothing for our agricultural development, as compared with what we should do, and can well afford to do.

Let us bring 400,000 people to Minnesota farm districts in the next ten years. If we do this, there must be thorough organization and everybody must lift. We have no doubt that the railroads will help Minnesota when they see that Minnesota is aroused to action. The railroads are the greatest "settlers" we have, and the work they have done in this regard has never been appreciated or understood. We are all getting the benefits of that work.

What do you say, Country Editor, Town Commercial Club, Public-Spirited Citizen, Everybody? Shall we take hold?—Minneapolis Journal.

SAME OLD STORY

Another Minnesota newspaper has gone to the wall and suspended publication owing to the lack of patronage. The Anoka Free Press is the latest addition to the number that has passed beyond. Publishers are finding out more and more that it is a mighty poor business policy to continue a publication which is constantly losing money. They get no credit for the sacrifice and have nothing to show for their hard labors. The newspaper business is gradually envolving itself into the survival of the fittest. One good paper in a town the size of Anoka is better for the town and for all concerned. There is no use trying to defy Providence for the bill collecter and the sooner any town can give its individual support to one newspaper, the more profitable the business becomes for the newspaper and the town as well. More than 300 papers have gone out of commission in Minnesota alone during the past three years and about that many more could disappear without interfering with the proper distribution of the news to any extent.—Lake City Graphic Sentinel

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

Pierre Bottineau

Continued From Page 1.

experienced guide, skilled in wood and prairie craft, and more than one of Lord Selkirk's colonists he piloted out of the wilderness.

In many of the early expeditions of the United States government Pierre was employed as a guide and scout, and was one of the principle members of the noted Sibley expedition, which crossed the plains in the early days. He was well acquainted with almost every foot of the Dakotas Minesota and Wisconsin, and at one time was the owner of vast tracts of valuable land, which he subsequently lost in one way or another. Mr. Bottineau was a warm friend of James J Hill, the railway magnate, having met him at St. Paul when that place was little more than a trading point and where Mr. Hill was employed as a freighter.

In 1851 Mr. Bottineau took up a claim on the spot where St. Paul now stands, but after having held it for a short time traded it for a horse and cow, which he drove away to his home in the wilderness, little thinking that the land he had almost given away would in a few years be the site of a great city. Later on Mr. Bottineau purchased for a small sum a large portion of what is now Minneapolis but lost the greater portion of it through the dishonesty of purchasers and the rest through his weakness for poker, a game which he thought he understood, but which others understood better than he did.

There is a story, which the elder residents of Minneapolis declare to be true, that Bottineau was once the sole owner of Nicollet island, lying in the Mississippi river, which divides Minneapolis into east and west Minneapolis, and which is now one of the most important business and residence districts in the city and valued at many millions of dollars, and that he lost it during a game of poker. A party of men met one evening at the home of one of them, so the story goes, to play their accustomed game. The stakes kept growing larger and larger until every jack pot contained a small fortune, even for that early day.

Ever since the game had begun Mr. Bottineau had been losing steadily, but at last he was dealt a hand upon which he hoped to regain all his losses and win something besides. He was given four Queens pat, and drawing one card, secured an ace, leaving only four Kings with which his hand could be beaten.

As he saw—or thought he did, which amounted to the same thing—one of the players discard a king, he considered his hand invincible and played it accordingly. His opponent also considered his hand a good one and promptly raised every bet made by Bottineau.

Soon all the players but Bottineau and his opponent dropped their hands and retired from the game, after which they sat and watched the conflict. The table was heaped with money and the personal belongings of the two men who were wishing they had more to wager upon their respective hands. At last all the men possessed lay on the table in front of them, and it was Bottineau's bet. Carefully looking over his cards, he thought a moment and then remarked that all he had left was Nicollet island, which was once the home of Father Hennepin, one of the earliest settlers of Minnesota, his log cabin having stood upon a little mound in the center of the island up to a few years ago, when it was pulled down to make room for the residence of Colonel King.

This island Bottineau was willing to bet against $200. The bet was called by the man on the opposite side of the table and Bottineau laid down his four queens with a smile of triumph on his face. With a shout his opponent laid on the table face up four kings and a tray. There was a dead silence for a moment. Then Bottineau called for writing materials, made out a deed to the island and left the place. Since that day he never touched a card or countenanced gambling in any form.

After drifting around the country for a time Bottineau came to Red Lake Falls, where he took up a claim and where he remained up to the time of his death, at the age of 84 years. He gradually acquired other property and left his heirs a valuable estate. With the death of Pierre Bottineau passes away the last of the old time Canadian voyagers and guides, such an important factor in the upbuilding of the northwest. He was father of 27 children, only a few survive him. The one best known is J. B. Bottineau, who spends much of his time in Washington as the attorney for the Turtle River Indians.—Chicago Times Herald.

Bull In the Dining room.

A bull belonging to ex-County commissioner Anderson of LaGrand, was being brought to town Saturday morning, blindfolded. Something frightened the animal when near the residence of George F. Whitcomb and he made a dash for liberty. Being blindfolded he could not select a clear track and ran directly toward the Whitcomb house. He struck a large window and landed in the sitting room, where Mrs. Whitcomb was sewing. The lady was considerably surprised at her unexpected caller, but escaped injury. The men who had the bull in charge secured the rope which was attached to a ring in his nose, and made it fast to a tree in the yard, thus preventing the animal from going any further. After making several lunges he escaped from the house by the window through which he had entered. Then followed a wild chase over lawns and hedges in the vicinity and in the melee his bullship collided with the stone foundation of the Congregational church. He finally succeeded in getting the bandage from his eyes and took a run down Main St. It was impossible to capture him alive, and the beast which had made such a flight for his liberty, was finally killed in the woods south of town, with a rifle.—Alexandria Citizen.

WYLIE

Mr. Nick Eckstein and son Henry went to St. Hilaire last Wednesday on business.

Mrs. Forsell returned to her home at Thief River Monday.

Mrs. F. Gotber is quite sick with rheumatism.

Albert Dreeland arrived from International Falls and will spend several weeks visiting with his parents here.

Two well known young people, Mr. Joe Dargan and Miss Kate Dreeland surprised their many friends last Wednesday by quietly entering the ranks of the married. Mr. and Mrs. Dargan will reside in Wylie attended by the good wishes and congratulations of all their friends.

Mrs. Adolfson went to Red Lake Falls last Wednesday and spent the day there as the guest of Mrs. C. W. Johnson.

Little Eva Anderson, who has been ill with pneumonia, is improving quite rapidly.

Mr. Larson came up from Herman last week and has been looking the country over with the intention of buying a farm in this vicinity as he wishes to locate here.

Quite a number of the people in and about town assembled last Friday evening with the intention of organizing an M. B. A. lodge here. J E. Leighton of Minneapolis assisted in conducting the meeting. About a dozen signers were secured and it was decided that another meeting would be held Dec. 16, when another attempt would be made to obtain the required number of signers. Those present enjoyed themselves at dancing for the remainder of the evening.

O. Lillebo went to Red Lake Falls Monday.

How to Help Her

"I'd like to see her win that piano." That sounds well, but what have you done to make her believe you are telling the truth? What can you do? Here are a few things that will help her win it and prove that you mean what you say:

Every time you buy a dollar's worth of goods and pay cash for it, secure a merchant's coupon. Then vote it for your favorite candidate.

Subscribe for this paper to be sent to your relatives who live at a distance that you don't have time to write to.

Ask your neighbor who does not take this paper to subscribe for it and have the votes credited to your favorite candidate.

Save all your contestant's ballots.

Pay your subscription to this paper in advance and give her enough votes to put her in first place.

If you do not do any of these things don't say. "I'd like to see you win." for she will know it is only talk.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.

MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

COUPON-BALLOT

WORTH 5,000 VOTES

Candidate________________________

IT WILL HELP HER WIN

This coupon-ballot is void unless 10 merchant's coupons are attached hereon or placed in the envelope with it. Vote this for your favorite candidate.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and Funeral Supplies and will be prepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO

Good for 10 Votes

In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name..................................

Address..................................

If voted before December 22, 1910.

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers. ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, - - - MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

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Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
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H. B. NEWELL, M.D. C.

Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentist
Thief River Falls, Minn.

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Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

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Hides Tanned, and made into Robes and Coats, or made into Oak Harness, and Lace Leather. Our Tanning guaranteed first-class. Established here 16 years. We have a large, well equipped Tannery. We give best of service. If you have hides to tan, send for our new free Price-List, and shipping tags and we will explain how you can save money dealing direct with us. We pay highest market prices for hides, and sell harness-leather at wholesale prices. Send us your name and address. WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

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Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

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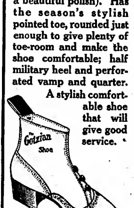
RAILROAD POSITIONS SURE

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying railroad position in the spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition.

THOMPSON'S EXPERT RAILWAY COLLEGE, Minneapolis, Minn.

A man's button shoe of velour calf (a tough pliable leather with a shiny surface which takes a beautiful polish). Has the season's stylish pointed toe, rounded just enough to give plenty of toe-room and make the shoe comfortable; half military heel and perforated vamp and quarter. A stylish comfortable shoe that will give good service.



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Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

BECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUSHLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
[illegible] Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAND, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
[illegible] Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

St. Joseph's Catholic—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

St. Mary's Catholic—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. Lodge meets Monday [illegible] in M.B. hall. [illegible]

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen, N. G.; F. A. Grade, V. G.; F. A. Mizen, R. S.; Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S.; H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

Modern Woodmen—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural [illegible] power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, [illegible] Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

DR. LOUIS SCHNEIDER......
Representing the
CROOKSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Will be at the Grand View hotel on the first of every month.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases, Crippled and Deformed Children
Resident Office and Hospital at
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CITY MEAT MARKET
Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game. Poultry
Telephone 19
We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade
Campbell & Baum

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Henry M. Martinson and Maude E. Martinson, his wife, mortgagors, to P. M. Joice, mortgagee, dated September 15th 1903, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in Book 20 of Mortgages, on page 152 thereof, which said mortgage was duly assigned by said P. M. Joice, Mortgagee, to H. W. Spafford, assignee, by assignment, dated November 19th, 1903 and duly recorded on the 20th day of November, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M. in Book "T" of Mortgages, on page 529 thereof, in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, which said mortgage was duly assigned by H. W. Spafford, assignor, to Charles E. Paulson, assignee by assignment dated June 23rd, 1910, and duly recorded November 22nd, 1910, at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in Vol. 5 of Mortgages, on page 469 thereof, in said Register's office.

There is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage and the debt secured thereby at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand Eight Hundred Eight and no-100 Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

And whereas the said Charles E. Paulson has paid the taxes assessed upon the lands and premises hereinafter described for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, which with interest, penalty and charges thereon amount to the sum of One Hundred Forty-five and 89-100 Dollars, which is also claimed as a lien thereon.

The lands and premises conveyed by and described in said mortgage are situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and described as follows to-wit:—

The East One Half (E½) of the Northwest Quarter (NW¼) and Lots One and Two (1 and 2) of Section Seven (7) of Township One Hundred and Fifty (150) North, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing one hundred and fifty and one hundredth (150.01) acres more or less according to Government Survey thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the lands and premises above described, will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 23rd day of January A. D., 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to pay and satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage debt and the sum of Fifty Dollars attorney's fees, stipulated in and by the terms of said mortgage to be paid as attorney's fees in case of foreclosure thereof, which is claimed as a part of the debt secured by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 3rd day of December, A. D., 1910.

CHARLES E. PAULSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

DUNN & CARLSON,
Attorneys for assignee of Mortgagee.
dec8 jan11

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Ferdinand Pepin.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ferdinand Pepin, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Louis Pepin of said county and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent;

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 7th day of March 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said county, as provided by law; and that a printed copy of this order be duly mailed to each of the heirs of said decedent to the respective addresses given in the Petition for Probate of Will, filed in said Matter, on or before Dec. 12, 1910.

Dated December 6th, 1910.

{ Court } IRA C. RICHARDSON,
8dz2 { Seal } Judge of Probate.

Subscription Swindlers.

Word comes to the Herald that subscription swindlers are using its name to defraud people in many parts of the territory in Minnesota in which this newspaper circulates.

These men are offering a combination of the Herald, Colliers' the Ladies' Home Journal and other periodicals at ridiculously low prices. All those who are swindled get out of it is a receipt which is worthless.

Any person offering the Herald at reduced prices, or in combination with any other publication, can be set down as a fraud and should be handed over to the police.—Duluth Herald.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

BROOKS.

Misses Lottie Beaudin and Delia Parenteau visited relatives at Terrebonne Sunday.

Leon Deymonaz has purchased a farm a short distance from Brooks.

Miss Anna Beaudry, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Oben, returned to her home Monday.

Wilfred Huard, of Thompson, N. D., visited at the home of Peter Champagne last week.

Jos. Guerard went to Baudette Wednesday.

Frank Deymonaz made a business trip to Oklee Thursday.

I. R. Sivertson of Baudette visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Strand last week.

Miss Mae Morean, who has been visiting her brother Clement at Radium, and relatives at Argyle, has returned to Brooks.

Frank Cyr, Frank Deymonaz, Miss Maggie Boucher and Miss Rose Lambert visited at Red Lake Falls Sunday.

Mrs. H. Sholes and Mrs. J. A. B. Sheffer were at Thief River Falls Monday.

Edward Sorenson is on the sick list this week.

Narcisse Robidoux was at Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Esther Anderson of Plummer visited with Amy and Nina Buskirk last week.

Mrs. Wilfrod Boucher is making an extended visit at the home of her parents in Lambert.

Mrs. A. E. Sorenson has returned from Grand Forks, where she had been visiting for two weeks.

Napoleon Robidoux and Miss Mary Robidoux attended church at Lambert Thursday morning and visited Miss Laura Robidoux in the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Strand were at Thief River Falls Saturday.

Tom Conner, Joe St. Marie, Miss Edith Beaudin and Miss Mamie Conner were over from Terrebonne Thursday.

Dr. Jos. Allaire, who recently moved to Dakota, spent last week in Brooks.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Robidoux spent Thursday afternoon at the home of W. Hebert.

FACTORY REPORT

Perrault Station Factory for Month of October.

Perrault Station cheese factory paid to its patrons for the month of October the following amounts;

Louise Dupont	$ 8 28
Eug. St. Mars	9 04
M. W. Loose	26 90
Noye Delorme	44 77
Carl Nelson	22 03
Aug. Anderson	49 21
Jos. Gauthier	13 24
Wm. Marieau	37 52
Jos. Page	5 81
Sam Luxemberg	5 55
Oct. Houle	11 95
David Banburg	40 54
J. W. Hunter	11 93
Jos. Delorme	6 75
Ed. Busse	24 45
Mose Ducharme	5 55
Homer Parenteau	8 15
Joe Evaretts	12 78

October was the last month of the factory's run for the season. The farmers are well satisfied, having received good returns for milk sold.

PROCLAMATION

STATE OF MINNESOTA
Executive Department
PROCLAMATION

Whereas, pursuant to Chapter Seven (7) Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, a petition was filed with the Secretary of State on the 12th day of May, 1909, praying for the creation of a new county out of the territory now lying in Red Lake County, Minnesota, the same to be known as Pennington County, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one hundred fifty-two (152,) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, according to the United States Survey thereof, running thence east along the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24) in townships one hundred fifty-two (152) north of each of ranges forty-five (45), forty-four (44), forty-three (43), forty-two (42), forty-one (41) and forty (40) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of section twenty-four (24) in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) west to the southwest corner of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence east on the south line of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running north on the east line of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the northeast corner of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west, thence running west along the north line of said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southeast corner of township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running north along the east line of townships one hundred fifty-three (153) and one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range thirty-nine (39) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, to the southeast corner of Marshall County as the same now exists, thence running west along the southern boundary line of said Marshall County to a point where said boundary line intersects the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, the said point being the north west corner of said Red Lake County as the same now exists, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southwest corner of township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, thence running east on the south line of said township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-five (45) west to the northwest corner of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth Principal Meridian, thence running south on the range line between ranges forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) west of the 5th Principal Meridian to the southwest corner of section nineteen (19) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the 5th Principal Meridian, the same being the place of beginning.

The territory so bounded being all that part of Red Lake County as now constituted lying north of the south line of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three [23] and twenty-four [24] in townships one hundred fifty-two [152] north of each of ranges forty [40], forty-one [41], forty-two [42], forty-three [43], forty-four [44] and forty-five [45], west of the 5th Principal Meridian and all of townships one hundred fifty-two [152] and one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range thirty-nine [39] west of the 5th Principal Meridian and also all that part of township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range thirty-nine [39] west of the 5th Principal Meridian lying and being within said Red Lake County as said county now exists.

The proposed county seat of said proposed new county shall be the City of Thief River Falls, located on sections twenty-seven [27], twenty-eight [28], thirty-three [33] and thirty-four [34] in township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range forty-three [43] west of the 5th Principal Meridian.

The names and place of residence of the persons who shall constitute the first county board of said proposed new county are as follows: Peter C Woid, residing on Lots one [1] and two [2] and the east half of northwest quarter of section nineteen [19] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forty [40] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county Peter Hedeen, residing on the northwest quarter of section thirty four [34] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forthy-one [41] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county; Ed. A. Anohl, resding on lots three [3] and six [6] in section twenty-nine [29] in township one hundred fifty-three [153] north of range forty-three [43] west of the 5th Principal Meridian, in said proposed new county, Daniel Shaw, residig in the city of Thief River Falls in said proposed new county; Olaf Larson, residing on the south half of section eight [8] in township one hundred fifty-four [154] north of range forty-five [45] west of the 5th rinipal meridian, in said proposed new county; and

WHEREAS, the said petition represented and averred that the said hereinbefore territory comprises more than four hundred square miles, and contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and that the remaining area of Red Lake county after deducting the territory hereinbefore described, will comprise more than four hundred square miles and contain more than two thousand inhabitants; and

WHEREAS, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1910, said petition was duly considered by the Governor of the State of Minnesota, and found and certified to as conforming in all respects to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-one [381] of the Revised Laws of 1905: and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-two [382] of the Revised Laws of 1905, the Governor of the State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of May, 1910, duly issued his proclamation declaring that said petition had been duly filed and considered, and directing that the said question of the proposed new county of Pennington be submitted to the voters of said Red Lake county at the next general election to be held in said state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1910, which proclamation was duly filed, recorded and published in accordance with the provisions of said law; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the notice of election as provided by section three hundred eighty-four [384] of the Revised Laws of 1905, was duly given to the electors of the County of Red Lake and duly specified that the question of the creation of the county of Pennington would be voted upon at the said general election, and that the law for such cases made and provided has been in all respects complied with; and

WHEREAS, it appears from the certificates of the State canvassing Board, made and filed with the Secretary of State, disclosing the result of the vote on the said proposition in Red Lake county, Minesota, that said proposition has received a majority of the votes cast thereon in the said county of Red Lake at said election, and that a total of three thousand seven hundred and forty-six [3746] votes were polled at said election on the question of the creation of the proposed new county of Pennington, of which one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four [1924] were in favor of establishing said county of Pennington:

NOW, THEREFORE, I Adolph O. Eberhart, Governor of the State of Minnesota, in compliance with section three hundred eighty-six [386] of the Revised Laws of 1905, do hereby publish, declare and proclaim that the proposition to organize and create the said County of Pennington did receive at the said election a majoirty of the votes cast thereat upon the said proposition and that the same was duly adopted, and that the said county of Pennington, as hereinbefore bounded and described, with the county seat located and the county commissioners named. as set forth in said petition and proclamation, has been duly created and vested with all rights and privileges conferred by law upon an organized county of the State of Minnesota.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Minnesota to be hereto affixed, at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, in said State this twenty-third day of November, A. D. 1910.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
(SEAL) Governor.
Attest. JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

I, Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State of the State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that I have compared the annexed copy with the original instrument in my office of Proclamation issued by Governor A. O. Eberhart, relating to the creation of the County of Pennington out of certain territory in the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, dated Nov. 23, 1910, and filed in this office Nov. 25, 1910, and that said copy is a true and correct transcript of said instrument and of the whole thereof.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this twenty-fifth day of November, A. D., Nineteen Hundred and ten.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,
Secretary of State.

[The Great Seal of the State of Minnesota.]

Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

DO you realize that money in your pocket brings you no profit and is gone before you know it.
YOUR own interest demands that you put it to work and get some revenue for its use.
BANKING your money is the safest way to use it. You get interest and it is at ready command.
WITH money in the bank you are secure against adversity and it makes life worth the living.
The Merchants State Bank will pay you 5 percent interest on your money deposits and will give you every advantage of its banking facilities to help you increase your deposits.

DO YOUR BANKING WITH
The Merchants State Bank

Lanpher Furs

LANPHER FUR COAT

MAT SKALA

He Sells 'Em.

"Sunkist" Oranges The Finest Fruit Grown

This Genuine Rogers Orange Spoon FREE

Save 12 "Sunkist" Orange (or Lemon) wrappers and send them to us, with 12c to pay charges, etc., and we will present you with a genuine Rogers Orange Spoon, of beautiful design and highest quality. Begin saving wrappers today. Send 12 "Sunkist" wrappers and 12c for each additional spoon.

In remitting, please send in stamps when the amount is less than 24c; on amounts above 24c we prefer money order, express order or bank draft. (Don't send cash.)

We will be glad to send you complete list of valuable premiums. We honor both "Sunkist" and "Red Ball" wrappers for premiums.

The orange is the most luscious and healthful fruit. California excels in quality of oranges. The best of the California oranges are now packed in individual wrappers labeled "Sunkist."

Five thousand orange farmers in California do their own packing, shipping and selling. They grade and select their crop into "firsts," "seconds," etc. The firsts are fancy, tree-ripened, hand-picked, seedless, fibreless, thin-skinned oranges—every individual orange a perfect specimen of the finest variety of oranges. They are not only more healthful and more palatable than other oranges, but they are actually cheaper, for they are nearly all meat and nourishment. Your dealer sells "Sunkist" Oranges. Ask for them. You will know them by the tissue paper wrapper in which each "Sunkist" Orange is packed. On the wrapper note the label, "Sunkist." **Keep all the wrappers.** They are worth money to you

Best California Lemons Come in "Sunkist" Wrappers

You can judge lemons by the "clothes" they wear. If they wear "Sunkist" wrappers they are juicy and good, for they are not thick-skinned or pithy. They are just as fine as "Sunkist" Oranges; and their wrappers are equally valuable.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT GROWERS' EXCHANGE
(33) 34 Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $55 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address
BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
Contract 29 16 South 5th St., Minneapolis

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

Our $50.00 Business Course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. The new $85.00 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) will supply bookkeepers for the larger concerns and tellers and cashiers for the Northwestern banks. The Stenographic Course (under an expert reporter) trains high grade stenographers and court reporters. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass County Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can any other school offer you this evidence of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
8-11 EIGHTH STREET SOUTH FARGO, N. D.

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

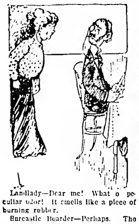
Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. [illegible] Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will [illegible] you use it, so I [illegible] what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free [illegible] yourself at home.

MERELY A THEORY.



Landlady—Dear me! What a peculiar odor! It smells like a piece of burning rubber.

Sarcastic Boarder—Perhaps. The cook has dropped a piece of the steak on the stove.

16 YEARS OF SKIN DISEASE

"For sixteen long years I have been suffering with a bad case of skin disease. While a child there broke out a red sore on the legs just in back of my knees. It waxed from bad to worse, and at last I saw I had a bad skin disease. I tried many widely known doctors in different cities but to no satisfactory result. The plague bothered me more in warm weather than in winter and being on my leg joints it made it impossible for me to walk, and I was forced to stay indoors in the warmest weather. My hopes of recovery were by this time spent. Sleepless nights and restless days made life an unbearable burden. At last I was advised to try the Cuticura remedies [Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills] and I did not need more than a trial to convince me that I was on the road of success this time. I bought two sets of the Cuticura Remedies and after these were gone I was a different man entirely. I am now the happiest man that there is at least one true cure for skin diseases. Leonard A. Hawtof, 11 Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y., July 30 and Aug. 8, '09."

Putting in the Time.

A gentleman was engaging a general man and telling him what he wanted him to do. "You will have to clean the windows and the boots and the knives, and go messages, chop wood, cut short grass, mind the horse and pony, look after the garden and keep the house supplied with vegetables and do any odd job that is required and if suitable you will get ten shillings a week."

"Is there any clay in the garden?" asked the man.

"What makes you ask that?" asked the gentleman.

"I was thinking I could make bricks in my spare time," said the man.

MIX THIS FOR RHEUMATISM

Easily Prepared and Inexpensive and Really Does the Work, Says Noted Authority.

Thousands of men and women who have felt the sting and torture of that dread disease, Rheumatism, which is no respecter of age, persons, sex, color or rank, will be interested to know that it is one of the easiest afflictions of the human body to conquer. Medical science has proven it not a distinct disease in itself, but a symptom caused by inactive kidneys. Rheumatism is uric acid in the blood and other waste products of the system which should be filtered and strained out in the form of urine. The function of the kidneys is to sift these poisons and acids out and keep the blood clean and pure. The kidneys however, are of sponge-like substance, the holes or pores of which will sometimes, either from overwork, cold or exposure become clogged, and failing to their function of eliminating these poisons from the blood, they remain in the veins, decompose and settling about the joints and muscles, cause the untold suffering and pain of rheumatism and backache, often producing complications of bladder and urinary disease, and general weakness.

The following simple prescription is said to relieve the worst cases of rheumatism because of its direct action upon the blood and kidneys, relieving, too, the most severe forms of bladder and urinary troubles: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Mix by shaking well in a bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and at bedtime. The ingredients can be had from any prescription pharmacy, and are absolutely harmless and safe to use at any time.

The MAN in LOWER TEN

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART
AUTHOR of THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE
ILLUSTRATIONS by M. G. KETTNER
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SYNOPSIS.

Lawrence Blakeley, lawyer, goes to Pittsburg with the forged notes in the Bronson case to take the deposition of the chief witness for the prosecution, John Gilmore, a millionaire. In the latter's house the lawyer is attracted by the picture of a girl whom Gilmore explains is his granddaughter, Alison West. He says her father is a rascal and a friend of the forger. Standing in line to buy a Pullman ticket Blakeley is requested by a lady to buy her one. He gives her lower eleven and retains lower ten. He finds a man in a drunken stupor in lower ten and retires in lower nine.

CHAPTER III.

Across the Aisle.

No solution offering itself, I went back to my berth. The snorer across had apparently strangled, or turned over, and so after a time I dropped asleep, to be awakened by the morning sunlight across my face.

I felt for my watch, yawning prodigiously. I reached under the pillow and failed to find it, but something scratched the back of my hand. I sat up irritably and nursed the wound, which was bleeding a little. Still drowsy, I felt more cautiously for what I supposed had been my scarf pin, but there was nothing there. Wide awake now, I reached for my traveling bag, on the chance that I had put my watch in there. I had drawn the satchel to me and had my hand on the lock before I realized that it was not my own!

Mine was of alligator hide. I had killed the beast in Florida, after the expenditure of enough money to have bought a house and enough energy to have built one. The bag I held in my hand was a black one, sealskin, I think. The staggering thought of what the loss of my bag meant to me put my finger on the bell and kept it there until the porter came.

"Did you ring, sir?" he asked, poking his head through the curtains obsequiously. McKnight objects that nobody can poke his head through a curtain and be obsequious. But Pullman porters can and do.

"No," I snapped. "It rang itself. What in thunder do you mean by exchanging my valise for this one? You'll have to find it if you waken the entire car to do it. There are important papers in that grip."

"Porter," called a feminine voice from an upper berth near by. "Porter, am I to dangle here all day?"

"Let her dangle," I said savagely. "You find that bag of mine."

The porter frowned. Then he looked at me with injured dignity. "I brought in your overcoat, sir. You carried your own valise."

The fellow was right! In an excess of caution I had refused to relinquish my alligator bag, and had turned over my other traps to the porter. It was clear enough then. I was simply a victim of the usual sleeping car robbery. I was in a lather of perspiration by that time: The lady down the car was still dangling and talking about it; still nearer a feminine voice was giving quick orders in French, presumably to a maid. The porter was on his knees, looking under the berth.

"Not there, sir," he said, dusting his knees. He was visibly more cheerful, having been absolved of responsibility. "Reckon it was taken while you was wonderin' around the car last night."

"I'll give you $50 if you find it," I said. "A hundred. Reach up my shoes and I'll—"

I stopped abruptly. My eyes were fixed in stupefied amazement on a coat that hung from a hook at the foot of my berth. From the coat they traveled, dazed, to the soft-bosomed shirt beside it, and from there to the collar and cravat in the net hammock across the windows.

"A hundred!" the porter repeated, showing his teeth. But I caught him by the arm and pointed to the foot of the berth.

"What—what color's that coat?" I asked unsteadily.

"Gray, sir." His tone was one of gentle reproof.

"And—the trousers?"

He reached over and held up one creased leg. "Gray, too," he grinned.

"Gray!" I could not believe even his corroboration of my own eyes. "But my clothes were blue!" The porter was amused; he dived under the curtains and brought up a pair of shoes. "Your shoes, sir," he said with a flourish. "Reckon you've been dreaming, sir."

Now, there are two things I always avoid in my dress—possibly an idiosyncrasy of my bachelor existence. These tabooed articles are red neckties and tan shoes. And not only were the shoes the porter lifted from the floor of a gorgeous shade of yellow, but the scarf which was run through the turned over collar was a gaudy red. It took a full minute for the real import of things to penetrate my dazed intelligence. Then I gave a vindictive kick at the offending ensemble.

"They're not mine, any of them," I snarled. "They are some other fellow's. I'll sit here until I take root before I put them on."

"They're nice lookin' clothes," the porter put in, eying the red tie with appreciation. "Ain't everybody would have left you anything."

"Call the conductor," I said shortly. Then a possible explanation occurred to me. "Oh, porter—what's the number of this berth?"

"Seven, sir. If you cain't wear those shoes—"

"Seven!" In my relief I almost shouted it. "Why, then, it's simple enough. I'm in the wrong berth, that's all. My berth is nine. Only—where the deuce is the man who belongs here?"

"Likely in nine, sir." The darky was enjoying himself. "You and the other gentleman just got mixed in the night. That's all, sir." It was clear that he thought I had been drinking.

I drew a long breath. Of course, that was the explanation. This was number seven's berth, that was his soft hat, this his umbrella, his coat, his bag. My rage turned to irritation at myself.

The porter went to the next berth and I could hear his softly insinuating voice. "Time to get up, sir. Are you awake? Time to get up."

There was no response from number nine. I guessed that he had opened the curtains and was looking in. Then he came back.

"Number nine's empty," he said.

"Empty! Do you mean my clothes aren't there?" I demanded. "My valise? Why don't you answer me?"

"You doan' give me time," he retorted. "There ain't nothin' there. But it's been slept in."

The disappointment was the greater for my few moments of hope. I sat up in a white fury and put on the clothes that had been left me. Then, still raging, I sat on the edge of the berth and put on the obnoxious tan shoes. The porter, called to his duties, made little excursions back to me, to offer assistance and to chuckle at my discomfiture. He stood by, outwardly decorous, but with little irritating grins of amusement around his mouth, when I finally emerged with the red tie in my hand.

"Bet the owner of those clothes did not become them any more than you do," he said, as he plied the ubiquitous whisk broom.

"When I get the owner of these clothes," I retorted grimly, "he will need a shroud. Where's the conductor?"

The conductor was coming, he assured me; also that there was no bag answering the description of mine on the car. I slammed my way to the dressing room, washed, choked my fifteen and a half neck into a fifteen collar, and was back again in less than five minutes. The car, as well as its occupants, was gradually taking on a daylight appearance. I hobbled in, for one of the shoes was abominably tight, and found myself facing a young woman in blue with an unforgetable face. ("Three women already." McKnight says: "That's going some, even if you don't count the Gilmore nurse.") She stood, half-turned toward me, one hand idly drooping, the other steadying her as she gazed out at the flying landscape. I had an instant impression that I had met her somewhere, under different circumstances, more cheerful ones, I thought, for the girl's dejection now was evident. Beside her, sitting down, a small dark woman, considerably older, was talking in a rapid undertone. The girl nodded indifferently now and then. I fancied, although I was not sure, that my appearance brought a startled look into the young woman's face. I sat down, and, hands thrust deep into the other man's pockets, stared ruefully at the other man's shoes.

The stage was set. In a moment the curtain was going up on the first act of the play. And for a while we would all say our little speeches and sing our little songs, and I, the villain, would hold center stage while the gallery hissed.

The porter was standing beside lower ten. He had reached in and was knocking valiantly. But his efforts met with no response. He winked at me over his shoulder; then he unfastened the curtains and bent forward. Behind him, I saw him stiffen, heard his muttered exclamation, saw the bluish pallor that spread over his face and neck. As he retreated a step the interior of lower ten lay open to the day.

The man in it was on his back, the early morning sun striking full on his upturned face. But the light did not disturb him. A small stain of red dyed the front of his night clothes and trailed across the sheet: his half-open eyes were fixed, without seeing, on the shining wood above.

I grasped the porter's shaking shoulders and stared down to where the train imparted to the body a grisly suggestion of motion. "Good Lord," I gasped, "the man's been murdered!"

CHAPTER IV.

Numbers Seven and Nine.

Afterward, when I tried to recall our discovery of the body in lower ten, I found that my most vivid impression was not that made by the revelation of the opened curtain. I had an instantaneous picture of a slender blue-gowned girl who seemed to sense my words rather than hear them, of two small hands that clutched desperately at the seat beside them. The girl in the aisle stood, bent toward us, perplexity and alarm fighting in her face.

With twitching hands the porter attempted to draw the curtains together. Then in a paralysis of shock, he collapsed on the edge of my berth and sat there swaying. In my excitement I shook him.

"For heaven's sake, keep your nerve, man," I said brusquely. "You'll have every woman in the car in hysterics. And if you do, you'll wish you could change places with the man in there." He rolled his eyes.

A man near, who had been reading last night's paper, dropped it quickly and tiptoed toward us. He peered between the partly open curtains, closed them quietly and went back, ostentatiously solemn, to his seat. The very crackle with which he opened his paper added to the bursting curiosity of the car. For the passengers knew that something was amiss: I was conscious of a sudden tension.

With the curtains closed the porter was more himself; he wiped his lips with a handkerchief and stood erect.

"It's my last trip in this car," he remarked heavily. "There's something wrong with that berth. Last trip the woman in it took an overdose of some sleeping stuff, and we found her, jes' like that, dead! And it ain't more'n three months now since there was twins born in that very spot. No sir, it ain't natural."

At that moment a thin man with prominent eyes and a spare grayish goatee creaked up the aisle and paused beside me.

"Porter sick?" he inquired, taking in with a professional eye the porter's horror-struck face, my own excitement and the slightly gaping curtains of lower ten. He reached for the darky's pulse and pulled out an old-fashioned gold watch.

"Hm! Only fifty! What's the matter? Had a shock?" he asked shrewdly.

"Yes," I answered for the porter. "We've both had one. If you are a doctor, I wish you would look at the man in the berth across, lower ten. I'm afraid it's too late, but I'm not experienced in such matters."

Together we opened the curtains, and the doctor, bending down, gave a comprehensive glance that took in the rolling head, the relaxed jaw, the ugly stain on the sheet. The examination needed only a moment. Death was written in the clear white of the nostrils, the colorless lips, the smoothing away of the sinister lines of the night before. With its new dignity the face was not unhandsome; the gray hair was still plentiful, the features strong and well cut.

The doctor straightened himself and turned to me. "Dead for some time," he said, running a professional finger over the stains. "These are dry and darkened, you see, and rigor mortis is well established. A friend of yours?"

"I don't know him at all," I replied. "Never saw him but once before."

"Then you don't know if he is traveling alone?"

"No, he was not—that is, I don't know anything about him," I corrected myself. It was my first blunder; the doctor glanced up at me quickly and then turned his attention again to the body. Like a flash there had come to me the vision of the woman with the bronze hair and the tragic face, whom I had surprised in the vestibule between the cars, somewhere in the small hours of the morning. I had acted on my first impulse—the masculine one of shielding a woman.

The doctor had unfastened the coat of the striped pajamas and exposed the dead man's chest. On the left side was a small punctured wound of insignificant size.

"Very neatly done," the doctor said with appreciation. "Couldn't have done it better myself. Right through the intercostal space; no time even to grunt."

"Isn't the heart around there somewhere?" I asked. The medical man turned toward me and smiled austerely.

"That's where it belongs, just under that puncture, when it isn't gadding around in a man's throat or his boots."

I had a new respect for the doctor, for any one indeed who could crack even a feeble joke under such circumstances, or who could run an impersonal finger over that wound and those stains. Odd how a healthy, normal man holds the medical profession in half contemptuous regard until he gets sick, or an emergency like this arises, and then turns meekly to the man who knows the ins and outs of his mortal tenement, takes his pills or his patronage, ties to him like a rudderless ship in a gale.

"Suicide, is it, doctor?" I asked.

He stood erect, after drawing the bed-clothing over the face, and, taking off his glasses, he wiped them slowly.

"No, it is not suicide," he announced decisively. "It is murder."

Of course, I had expected that, but the word itself brought a shiver. I was just a bit dizzy. Curious faces through the car were turned toward us, and I could hear the porter behind me breathing audibly. A stout woman in negligee came down the aisle and querulously confronted the porter. She wore a pink dressing-jacket and carried portions of her clothing.

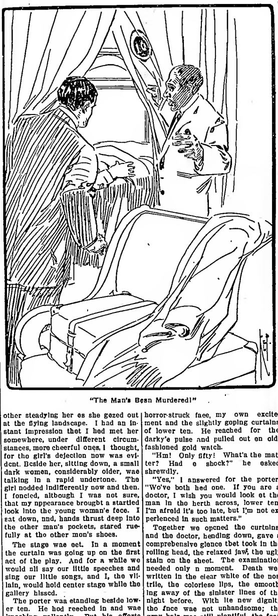
"Porter," she began, in the voice of the lady who had "dangled," "is there a rule of this company that will allow a woman to occupy the dressing-room for one hour and curl her hair with an alcohol lamp while respectable people haven't a place where they can hook their—"

She stopped suddenly and stared into lower ten. Her shining pink cheeks grew pasty, her jaw fell. I remember trying to think of something to say, and of saying nothing at all. Then—she had hurled her eyes in the nondescript garments that hung from her arm and tottered back the way she had come. Slowly a little knot of men gathered around us, silent for the most part. The doctor was making a search of the berth when the conductor elbowed his way through, followed by the inquisitive man, who had evidently summoned him. I had lost sight, for a time, of the girl in blue.

"Do it himself?" the conductor queried after a business-like glance at the body.

"No, he didn't," the doctor asserted. "There's no weapon here, and the window is closed. He couldn't have thrown it out, and he didn't swallow it. What on earth are you looking for, man?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



"The Man's Been Murdered!"

NEAT SCHEME OF REVENGE

Will Made by Maiden Lady Will Cause Her to Be Long If Not Gratefully Remembered.

An extraordinary will has been left by an elderly unmarried lady who recently died in Vienna. Her property, amounting to about $250,000, is appointed to be divided between her three nephews, now aged 24, 27 and 29, and her three nieces, aged 19, 21 and 22, in equal parts on the following conditions:

The six nephews and nieces must all live in the house formerly inhabited by their aunt, with the executor, a lawyer, whose business it will be to see that the conditions of the will are strictly observed. None of the nephews is to marry before reaching his fortieth year, nor the nieces before their thirtieth, under the penalty that the share of the one so marrying will be divided among the others.

Further, the six legatees are admonished never to quarrel among themselves. If one should do so persistently the executor is empowered to turn him or her out of the house and divide the share as in the case of marriage.

The executor is himself forbidden to marry or to reside elsewhere than in the house with the legatees as long as he holds his office, to which a handsome remuneration is attached.

The old maid is said to have made this peculiar will because her nephews and nieces continually worried her during her life by asking her to give them money to enable them to marry—requests she always refused.

Teetotaler Had Last Word.

On the shore at one of the narrowest parts of that dangerous waterway known as "The Inside Route" to Alaska there rests the hull of a wrecked ship. It is an object that immediately attracts the eyes of all who voyage that way. A whisky manufacturer decided that there was an excellent opportunity to advertise his bottled goods. So he had painted in huge letters on the side of the wrecked ship:

USE REDNOSE WHISKY.

And it was here that a teetotaler saw his opportunity for a short but vivid sermon. A few weeks later the side of the wrecked ship blossomed forth with these two additional words in equally big letters:

I DID.

NEW ERA IN FINANCE

ACCURACY AND PUBLICITY PROVES TO BE A POPULAR MOTTO.

Prompt Response to Bold Move of President Vail—"Accuracy" Reduced Western Union's Surplus $13,000,000—"Publicity" Restored Confidence and Its Stock Went Up.

Are the great financiers of the country beginning to see a new light? Time was, until recently in fact, when the men at the head of the big corporations "kept their business to themselves," as far as the law would allow. Capable men at the head of the big concerns, long realized the weakness of their position, but what was needed obviously, as in all great reforms, was an unmistakable occasion and a courageous man. The occasion arose in the purchase of the Western Union Telegraph company by the American Telephone and Telegraph company, and the man appeared in Theodore N. Vail, President of the purchasing corporation.

It was last December when public announcement was made that the Gould holdings of Western Union had been taken over by the Telephone company.

On account of the high esteem in which the management of the telephone company is so generally held, great things were predicted as a result of the absorption of Western Union. By the press of the country the "deal" was most favorably commented on, it being widely pointed out that under the direction of such men as Theodore N. Vail and his associates, the telegraph company was bound soon to work itself into a position where it could offer the public far more efficient service than it had ever before been able to offer.

But a very few months had elapsed when it became apparent to the new management that a modern and up-to-date appraisal of the company's assets would make possible a far greater degree of efficiency of operation. "Here," they said to themselves, "we've bought control of this property and we know it's immensely valuable, but we don't know just how valuable. These appraisals of real estate and securities owned were made a long time ago. If we have a complete inventory made of every thing we've got we can announce the facts to the public, start a new set of books, and begin our responsibility to stockholders right there."

How Inventory Was Taken.

The most expert accountants and appraisers to be had were put at the task. Their labors lasted over eight months. Their report and its publication by the company marks an epoch in finance.

It began by recommending an adjustment of the difference between the appraised and book values by a charge of $5,595,089 against surplus. Book values of securities held were reduced to market values, had and doubtful accounts were "charged off," an allowance of $2,000,000 was made for "depreciation," another of $500,000 for "reserve," and so on, until the old surplus of $18,867,000 came down to $5,136,000.

It required courage, the publication of this statement to stockholders, saying in effect: "The property of your company has been revalued: the surplus isn't nineteen millions, as you have been led to believe, but five millions," but it was the truth, and President Vail did not flinch. "Accuracy and publicity," he declared, was essential. "The stockholder has a right to know. The shares of this company are scattered from one end of the Union to the other. This is more than a private corporation. It is a great national enterprise. The public is entitled to the facts."

The report was ordered published forthwith. Financiers of the old school and speculators generally were aghast. What would happen? Would the bottom drop out of Western Union when the shareholders realized that their property was worth $13,000,000 less than they had supposed? But the amazing thing happened. The stock went up and stayed up. The public had responded to this remarkable display of frankness and confidence: to the new motto, "Accuracy and Publicity."

The full significance of the action of the new board is stated concisely by Harper's Weekly in these words:

"Is this policy of publicity and of open-handed dealing with shareholders and public the forerunner of a similar movement on the part of other big corporations? Certainly it is to be hoped that it is. In the case of these big companies, dependent upon public patronage and doing business under public franchise, can there be any question of the right of the people to know?

"That right is being recognized. It is recognized now in this epochal act on the part of the telephone and telegraph interests. It is the dawn of a new era in corporation finance."

Timeliness.

All measures of reformation are effective in exact proportion to their timeliness; partial decay may be cut away and cleansed; incipient error corrected; but there is a point at which corruption can no more be stayed, nor wandering recalled. It has been the manner of modern philanthropy to remain passive until that precise period, and to leave the sick to perish, and the foolish to stray, while it spent itself in frantic exertions to raise the dead, and reform the dust.—Ruskin.

Rider and Ridden.

I never could believe that Providence had sent a few men into the world ready booted and spurred to ride, and millions ready saddled and bridled to be ridden.—Richard Rumbold.

Longevity in Birds.

Wild geese have been known to live to the age of 100, and the raven commonly lives 50 years. A record is said to be extant showing that a cockatoo once attained the ripe old age of 81 years.

DO IT NOW.

If you have the slightest symptom of kidney trouble, begin using Doan's Kidney Pills at once. Delay may lead to dropsy, diabetes, or fatal Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills began curing sick kidneys 75 years ago. They have been curing kidney trouble ever since.

Mrs. William McGregor, 714 Lilleth St., Pendleton, Ore., says: "All my life my kidneys had troubled me. I bloated terribly, could not control the kidney secretions and suffered intense backache. Finally I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was cured completely. I had previously doctored without relief."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

As Time Passes.

"Before you were married you used to send your wife flowers."

"Yes," replied Mr. Meekton. "Now it takes a diamond necklace to make her as enthusiastic as she used to be over a five-dollar bunch of roses."

One Thing That Will Live Forever, PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, first box sold in 1807, 100 years ago, sales increase yearly. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

Shrinking from suffering may be fleeing from strength.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The coldblooded are hotheaded when you hit their pride.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Pla-Mate Shoes
Are Best for Little Folks

because they permit the foot to develop naturally. They may cost a trifle more than cheaply made shoes, but the comfort the children have in wearing them and the fact that the material and workmanship that goes into every pair of

Pla-Mate Shoes makes them outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes is what counts. These shoes come in sizes 4 to 12; button, lace and oxford styles made in all suitable leathers. If your shoe dealer does not keep

Pla-Mate Shoes send us his name, stating the size and style of shoe you want and we will see that you are promptly supplied.

$1.75 & $2.00

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

GOLD
Masonic Slipper, Masonic Button, Odd Fellow Pin. Actual size. Fifty cents each, or $1.40 for the three. Full value. Shipped by Insured Mail. Money Order or Stamps. Chance for Agents. Direct Company,
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Our modern facilities and excellent local market enable us to pay the highest cash price for butter fat. Write today for shipping tags.

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We do Electro Plating of all kinds. Have your old fixtures refinished. Ask about our Electric Lighting Plant for your country home; cheaper and safer than gas or gasoline.

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Yours for uniformity.

Yours for greatest leavening power.

Yours for never failing results.

Yours for purity.

Yours for economy.

Yours for everything that goes to make up a strictly high grade, ever-dependable baking powder.

That is Calumet. Try it once and note the improvement in your baking. See how much more economical over the high-priced trust brands, how much better than the cheap and big-can kinds.

Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in cost.

Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

TAKE A DOSE OF
PISO'S
THE BEST MEDICINE
for COUGHS & COLDS

INNOCENT ON ONE COUNT.

Mrs. Farmer—Say, did you say you wasn't goin' to do no work for dat dinner?

Boston Billings—Ah! ma'am, I assure you the double negative is a solecism I've never been guilty of.

Old Pete's Little Joke.

[illegible] questions and funny answers were under discussion in the Trenton avenue and Dauphin street police station the other day, and after listening for a while to some amusing instances, Sergeant McCay told the following:

"Old Pete Flood was the attendant in the Franklin cemetery some years ago, and it became the custom to ask him how business was, just to hear his reply. It came in a heavy bass voice:

"'Ain't buried a living soul today.'"—Philadelphia Times.

Was All Right.

Howard—Did you telephone Mrs. Howard that I would be detained at the office until midnight?

Office Boy—Yes, sir.

"And what did she say?"

"Said she didn't blame you—she had made an engagement to go to the theater tonight herself."—Smart Set.

Acme of Cautiousness.

Seymour—Young Ticer looks like a cautious man.

Ashley—He is cautious; he's so cautious that he wouldn't ask the prettiest girl in all the world to let him see her home unless he had learned how far away she lived.

Severe Punishment.

Belle—And did you make her eat her own words?

Beulah—Eat 'em? I made her Fletcherize 'em.

Post Toasties

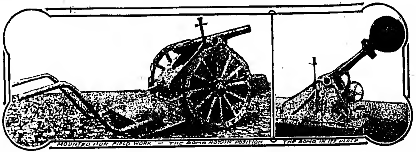
With Cream
or
With Milk
or
With Fruit.

Savoury
Wholesome
Economical

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

NEW AND TERRIBLE WEAPON OF WARFARE



Krupps, the famous German gun-makers, have just invented a remarkable weapon known as the bomb-gun. This fires a large, very brittle bomb containing 160 pounds of explosives. Each bomb, as it bursts, fills the air with poisonous gases, which, it is said, no human being can withstand. The effective range is not more than 400 yards.

HEALING BY MUSIC

Dyspeptic Eats to Tune of "Old Oaken Bucket."

Another Sufferer in Hospital Relieved of Pain by Strain "Last Rose of Summer" in Musical Tests on Sick.

Philadelphia.—The newest science, which is also one of the oldest, is the science of healing by music. Tests are being made in the Samaritan hospital under the supervision of the Rev. Dr. Russell Conwell, its president, famous for his eloquence on the lecture platform.

Nurses who aided in making observations unite in testifying to the beneficial effect of certain musical airs upon the temperature and pulsations of patients and the evil and depressing influence of other tunes.

They found that "I Know My Redeemer Liveth" brought patients out of trances of anaesthesia with none of the nausea and feverish symptoms that usually attend an awakening.

They found that fever was abated and restlessness reduced by "Flow Gently, Sweet Afton;" that "Dixie" calmed a patient who had delirium, and that "Juanita" and "The Last Rose of Summer" sent pain-racked invalids into soothing healing sleep.

The following is a partial list of well known hymns and musical selections reported to have been found helpful to sick and well persons alike: "The Old Oaken Bucket," "Flow Gently, Sweet Afton," "Listen to the Mocking Bird," "Dixie," "Juanita," "The Last Rose of Summer," "My Old Kentucky Home," "Old Folks at Home," "My Maryland," "Yankee Doodle," "America," "Auld Lang Syne," "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," "Rock of Ages," "Nearer, My God, to Thee," "Shall We Gather at the River," "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth."

The following were found to be injurious: "Dead March" from "Saul," "Home Sweet Home," "Do They Think of Me at Home?" "Old Cabin Home," "Old Black Joe," "Star Spangled Banner," "Abide With Me," "Am I a Soldier of the Cross?" "Must Jesus Bear the Cross Alone?" "Jesus, I My Cross Have Taken," "Jesus, Savior, Pilot Me," and "Stand Up for Jesus."

The hymn, "The Hour of Trial," was found to be one of the most depressing in the list.

In one experiment, nineteen patients were brought into one ward suffering from all kinds of diseases. Several were under the effects of morphine or other anaesthetics. A soloist sang, "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth." The effect on the patients was soothing and pleasant, although no special note was made of the effect on the heart action. Those patients under the influence of morphine began to awaken, without fear or wandering of the mind.

One patient, a dyspeptic unable to take food, was found to be so far influenced by the playing of "The Old Oaken Bucket" that she was able to eat.

Another, partly insane, became calm and reasonable while the organ played "Dixie."

METHOD OF TICKLING TURTLE

Boston Man Will Use Newspaper Editorial to Prove He Was Not Cruel to Animals.

Boston.—Maximilien Fischer, proprietor of a grill in Federal street, proudly exhibited a 100-pound turtle in the window of his restaurant two months ago. Max was immediately haled into court and was fined $25 for cruelty to animals in keeping one Florida turtle on his back.

Max protested vehemently that the only way to keep a turtle in safety and know where he is when you want him is to keep him on his back. He maintained that the turtle wasn't hurt in person or dignity and didn't care a snap whether he was on his head or his heels. Max's plea was in vain. He appealed the $25 fine.

Now the Florida Times in a lengthy editorial says that Max was perfectly humane in placing the turtle on his back and that the animal itself was rather pleased over such treatment than hurt.

Fischer has sent for a copy of the Times, and will submit the editorial when his case comes up on appeal as "Exhibit B." "Exhibit A" has gone the way of all good turtles.

MONKEY MADE LOVE TO GIRL

She Boxes His Ears When He Tries to Kiss Her—Simian Bites Her and Lands in Jail.

Paris.—As 20 work girls came out of a dressmaker's shop in the Rue Boileau at midday an arm encircled the waist of one of them.

The girl protested indignantly. The too-gallant intruder was well dressed in a frock coat, gray trousers, top hat, patent leather boots and wore smart grey suede gloves. But he was a hideous little person.

The girls began making fun of him, when suddenly he caught hold of one and put his face close to hers. She boxed his ears, and he dropped on all fours and bit her leg.

There was a panic. The girls rushed off shrieking, and two policemen arrested the aggressor. The creature was a chimpanzee—the pet of an explorer living near at hand. He was captured after a struggle, and carried off by his master's cook, who went to fetch him at the police station, where he had spent the night.

An amusing item of the story is that the police magistrate got very angry with the monkey when he was first brought in because he refused to answer any questions and turned his back on the official table.

CITY TO CLEANSE CHILDREN

Another Duty Is Assumed by London County Council—To Wash Pupil's Dirty Faces.

London.—The London county council is preparing to increase the multitude of motherly duties already assumed. To this end it is making arrangements for the municipal washing of all children who go to school with dirty faces and necks. As it cannot undertake all this laundering process itself, its members are arranging terms with most of the London borough councils to clean the children and send them back to school purified, and, in case of such necessity, in clothes that have been baked or boiled.

The borough of Kensington, as a result, is preparing to spend several thousands of pounds on more public baths. In Camberwell, however, the new idea has been in practise for some time and the council of that borough has just sent in a bill to the London county council for laundering and brushing up 3,906 little Camberwellians.

Atom May Be Electricity.

Philadelphia.—Speaking at a meeting of the American Philosophical society, Prof. Earnest Fox Nicholas, president of Dartmouth college, took for his subject "Modern Physics."

He advanced the theory that because matter has never been freed from electricity, the atom may be an electrical structure and nothing more.

In other words, matter and electricity in the last analysis may be the same.

SQUIRRELS HURT THE CROPS

Maine Farmers Turn Upon Little Pets of Law and Want "Pesky Things" Exterminated.

Lewiston, Me.—The State of Maine is overrun with gray squirrels, according to reports received at the office of the Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game. Thousands of dollars worth of damage has been done to the crops and in some places whole cornfields have been completely destroyed. Farmers are flooding the office of Chairman Brackett of the Fish and Game Commission with petitions asking for protection.

Two years ago a state law was passed making it illegal to hunt and kill gray squirrels. As a result the squirrels have multiplied rapidly and have become tame and destructive. Until the special law was passed gray squirrels were classed as "game animals" and each fall were hunted by the gunners. The farmers who two years ago petitioned the legislature to pass a law to protect the "little pets" now have their dander up and declare they want every one of the "pesky things" killed off. In some instances the farmers have defied the law and with loaded guns have watched their cornfields from early day until late at night.

The Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game have promised to do everything in their power to have the law repealed at the next session of the legislature.

ANATOMY OF WOMAN AWRY

Miss Moses, a Nurse, Has Every Internal Organ on Side Opposite to Usual Location.

Philadelphia.—The mixed anatomy of Alexander Jorden, whose heart, spleen, liver and stomach are reversed, according to the standard set in the construction, is paralleled in the case of Miss Anna A. Moses, a trained nurse of Osterburg, Bedford county, Pa. Miss Moses not only possesses all of the transpositions boasted by Jordan, but was treated for appendicitis six years ago by applications on the left side of her abdomen.

She presents a complete case of "situs inversus," every organ of her body being on the side opposite to where it is usually found.

Miss Moses writes with her right hand, but says in learning to do so in childhood, before her mixed anatomy was known, she seemed to be conquering a protesting tendency to lefthandedness which would be the effect of an inherited righthandedness from both of her parents.

She discovered that her heart was on the right side, or rather the wrong side, while studying to be a trained nurse, in 1898, but did not suspect that the reversal was complete, and, as she suffered not even the slightest illness, was not examined by a physician until 1904.

Then she began to feel pains in the lower part of her abdomen on the left side, and visited Dr. Mervyn R. Taylor, at 1706 Race street. Miss Moses laughed gayly when the physician became perplexed in sounding her heart with his stethoscope. An examination convinced Dr. Taylor that all of her organs were reversed.

FIND LOVE AT FIRST TOUCH

Sightless Teacher and Pupil's Romance to Result in Wedding—Character Attracted.

New York.—The same hands that guided his own over raised letters in a Brooklyn library will soon be the hand of William Gooshaw's wife, it was said the other day apropos of the romance of two sightless lovers.

Miss Beryl Clarke, with big brown eyes that don't in the least betray blindness, admits the truth of the statement, and that it was love from the first meeting. Miss Clarke is in charge of the school for the blind at the Pacific branch of the Brooklyn circulating library, and she will wed William N. Gooshaw Thanksgiving day.

While the pupil pored over books with raised letters the teacher sat at his elbow, and Dan Cupid succeeded in clasping the hands of the two. "I was attracted to Mr. Gooshaw," she said, "by his personality, his character and intellect. These are far more important than looks."

SHARK IS SOLD AS SALMON

Colored With Aniline Dyes It Serves as Excellent Substitute—Authorities Aroused.

New York.—Health authorities in the east, and more particularly in New York, are on the watch lest sharks' flesh, "doped" with aniline dyes and sold as smoked salmon, be imported from the Pacific coast, where it has been discovered in city markets.

The manufacturer of the "salmon" has been traced to Seattle. How long the practise of doctoring up cheap whitefish with the brown coloring stuff and how long the market has been supplied with this delicacy is a problem which San Francisco is now grappling.

The unearthing of the fraud was not more startling than the manner of discovery was curious. How would you like to be the chemist of the department of health, charged with the duty of seeing that your fellow-citizens had pure food to eat, and find yourself munching shark's flesh when you thought you were eating the best of salmon?

That is what happened to Assistant City Chemist Fred West in Frisco.

West was eating his noonday luncheon the other day in the upstairs laboratory of the department. Biting into a tasty-looking salmon sandwich, prepared by his wife at home, the chemist met disappointment. West began to investigate. The "salmon" turned out to be a cheap whitefish colored. He secured some more at home and a fresh supply from a local market, where the first had been purchased.

Analysis showed that brown aniline dyes had been used to give the flesh a spurious color, the product smoked and then shipped from the north as salmon.

Extra Quality Needed.

Any man can tell a lie, but it takes a successful liar to prove the truth of it.

CHICAGO HAD A BIG SCARE

For Two Hours Driverless Horse Dragged Load of Nitro-Glycerine Through Streets.

Chicago.—For two hours the other night an express wagon with dynamite and nitro-glycerine rumbled driverless through the West side streets and boulevards, being finally halted at Van Buren and Jefferson streets. William Walts, the driver, was in the Fort Wayne freight station shortly after six o'clock.

Calling to a policeman on his return, Walts gasped that he had "lost enough dynamite to blow up the West side," and started on a run west in the roadway. Alleys and dimly-lighted streets were covered in a few minutes and a short time later he was joined in the search by many detectives who swarmed through the district. The conveyance is owned by a teaming company and the explosives were to be forwarded to some out-of-town point.

NOT PAGE FROM A ROMANCE

Conversation, However, Reads a Whole Lot More Like a Scene in Real Life.

"And so your father refuses to consent to our union?"

"He does Rodolphus."

The sad youth swallowed a sob.

"Is there nothing left for us, then, but an elopement?" said he.

"Nothing."

"Do you think, Clementine, that you could abandon this luxurious home, forget all the enjoyments of great wealth, banish yourself forever from your devoted parents' hearts, and go west with a poor young man to enter a home of lifelong poverty and self-denial?"

"I could, Rodolphus."

The sad youth rose wearily and reached for his hat.

"Then," said he, "you are far from being the practical girl I have all along taken you to be."

And with one last look around on the sumptuousness that some day he had hoped to share, he sobbed and said farewell.—Browning's Magazine.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

VERY LIKELY.

The Friend—Shucks, dat ain't no wildcat!

The Hunter—Sure it is! You'd be wild, too, if you was her!

YOUR STOMACH FEELS FINE.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sourness, Gas and All Stomach Misery Ended in Five Minutes.

This harmless preparation will promptly digest anything you eat and overcome a sick, sour, gassy or out-of-order stomach within five minutes.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of Indigestion.

Get from any drug store here in town a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or Intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain regulator for out-of-order stomachs, and besides it takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure any case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion or any other stomach disorder.

Remember, if your stomach feels out of order and uncomfortable now, you can get relief in five minutes by taking a little Diapepsin.

Ancient City Modernized.

Tarsus, the ancient city in Asia Minor, where the apostle Paul was born, is now illuminated by electricity. The power is taken from the Cydnus river. There are now in Tarsus 450 electric street lights and about 600 incandescent lights for private use.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, and the like among horses of all ages, and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera, and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to mfrs. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Wanted a Change.

Milkman—I see by the papers that a Frenchman has invented a new way of transforming water into milk.

Customer—Well, I hope you'll adopt it. I'm getting awfully tired of the old way.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Meritorious Act.

Mr. Cynic—Tell me one thing you ever did for your fellow men?

Mr. Optim—This morning I kicked a banana peel off a sidewalk.—Judge.

Thousands of country people know that in time of sudden mishap or accident Hamlins Wizard Oil is the best substitute for the family doctor. That is why it is so often found upon the shelf.

It is no use praying to be a sun if you are not burning the little lamp you have.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

It's easy making money and hard mastering it.

MUNYON'S

Eminent Doctors at Your Service Free

NOT A PENNY TO PAY

FOR FULLEST MEDICAL EXAMINATION BY MAIL

If you are in doubt as to the cause of your disease, or feel the need of medical advice, address a letter to Munyon's staff of eminent specialists, and they will send you an examination blank, which you will fill out and return to them. They will then diagnose your case and tell you what to do, absolutely free of charge. You do not put yourself under any obligation to them, and they will not feel hurt if you do not follow their advice. If they prescribe Munyon's Remedies and you decide to take the treatment, it goes with a guarantee of satisfaction or money refunded.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratories, 53d & Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

People Who Work Indoors With Their Hands

Seamstresses, watch-makers, artists, draughtsmen, and many others, cannot properly handle their tools with cold, stiff hands. Many a lost hour or two on cold winter mornings results from the delayed heat of furnace or stove.

The Perfection Oil Heater in a few minutes gives the temperature that assures the worker warm hands and pliable muscles. The

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER
Absolutely smokeless and odorless

quickly gives heat, and with one filling of the font burns steadily for nine hours, without smoke or smell. Has **automatic-locking flame spreader** which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so the wick can be quickly cleaned.

It has a damper top and a cool handle. Indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font. The filler-cap does not need to be screwed down; it is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached to the font by a chain, and cannot get lost.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, because of a new device in construction, and consequently, it can always be easily unscrewed in an instant for rewicking. The Perfection is finished in japan or nickel, is strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the
Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Will Keep Your Harness soft as a glove tough as a wire black as a coal

Sold by Dealers Everywhere

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

A modern school, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.

Full courses in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.

School in session all year. For full information, address F. L. WATKINS, Fargo, N. D.

Splendid Crops
In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
Clifford Block, Grand Forks, N. Dak.
(Use address nearest you.) 39

DO YOU WANT TO DISPOSE OF YOUR POULTRY FOR CASH?

—WRITE—

R. E. COBB
ST. PAUL, MINN.

For men whose time is valuable
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Your Liver's Your Life

A dead liver means awful sickness—don't let it come—when it can be prevented. Cascarets keep the liver lively and bowels regular and ward off serious, fatal illness. 903

CASCARETS—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

AGENTS wanted in every town. An opportunity to earn big money. Exclusive territory. No experience necessary. [illegible], Chicago

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 50-1910.

Household Lubricant

THE ALL-AROUND OIL
IN THE HANDY, EVER-READY TIN OILER

Is specially selected for any need in the home. Saves tools from rusting. Can cannot break. Does not gum or become rancid.

Dealers Everywhere

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. [illegible] MONROE DRUG CO., [illegible]

SPILLANE'S

The Store of Quality

Fruits, Candy, Nuts, Pickles, Jam, [illegible] and Crackers. Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and [illegible] in our [illegible] Department

White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

[illegible] Hassey of Crookston was [illegible] Sunday.

[illegible] made a business trip to [illegible] Today.

[illegible] spent Sunday with the [illegible] Crookston.

[illegible] visited over Sunday [illegible] at the Forks.

[illegible] of Plummer was [illegible] town yesterday.

[illegible] of Crookston visited [illegible] in town Saturday.

[illegible] of Grand Forks visited [illegible] in town Saturday.

[illegible] was down from Thief [illegible] Monday and Tuesday.

[illegible] were entertained [illegible] Hall Tuesday evening.

[illegible] will be at the [illegible] View Hotel December 6.

[illegible] visited with [illegible] Crookston the first of the [illegible].

[illegible] at $1.25 to [illegible].

[illegible] your Christmas shopping [illegible] things at Holzman's.

[illegible] prepared to deliver water to [illegible] part of the city. Call phone 17.—[illegible] tf

[illegible] the Markham hotel at St. [illegible] Saturday afternoon caused a [illegible].

[illegible] on ladies' furs at the [illegible]. They wouldn't make a bad [illegible] present.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives were guests [illegible] Sunday at the home of Jas. H. [illegible] Grand Forks.

[illegible] Lonelly, the Terrebonne mail [illegible] spent a part of the week with [illegible] at Crookston.

[illegible] F. A. Grady was over from [illegible] Monday attending to legal [illegible] matters here.

P. L. Malvin and family moved this [illegible] from the Marchand house to the [illegible] house.

Crookston College is the oldest and [illegible] school in the northwest. [illegible] graduate in a good position. [illegible] "Land of Success." Address [illegible], Crookston, Minn. tf

Mrs. Fred Oberle of Sauk Contre, mother of Mrs. E. A. Nelson, is a guest at the Nelson home.

Mrs. C. E. Naplin and Miss Batsie Johnson of Polk Centro were guests of Mrs. C. W. Johnson this week.

Mrs. Wm. St. Yves went to Cass Lake Saturday, being called thera because of the illness of her sister.

Roy Hanley left Tuesday far Marshall, Minn., to remain permanently. He will operate a farm near that city.

Leo Morin writes the Gazetta that he is leaving North Yakima, Wash., and will return .o Culbertson, Mont.

For Sale—Household goods, furniture and some pottery ware.—Mrs. Wm. Anderson, near electric plant.

For Sale—an organ in good condition and also a dresser and a hard leaf table.—Inquira at the Gazotte Office. tf

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, every will hereafter make regular trips and week. tf

At Spillane's you will find some fine and useful holiday presents in our stationary notion and tobacco departments.

Holzman has the nice things tor the Christmas trade. Nothing is more acceptable than a piece of jewelry or silverware.

Dan Welsh and family left Tuesday evening for Milroy, Minn. They will reside there in the future on a farm near Milroy.

H. E. Ives shipped his household goods to Thief River Falls this week and he and his family are naw living at Thief River.

There will be electian af officers of tha Rayal Neighbors lodge Monday evening, Dec. 19. All members are urged to be present.

W. H. Brown, manager of the Red River Power company, was over from tho Forks yesterday looking aftor the company's business here.

Kid gloves make very acceptable presents. Wa have 50 dazen pairs an hand. All colars and kinds. Get a Glove Brand.—The Big Store.

Small debts accumulate rapidly. Small savings da likewise. Begin ta save something today. Deposit it at interest in the Merchants State Bank.

C. H. Martz, of St. Hilairo was in town Tuesday. Mr. Martz has just returned from a twa weeks visit at points in the southern part of the state.

The supper and salo givan hy the ladies of the Narweglan church Friday evening was well attended and all orticles offered for sale were disposed of.

The Woodmen lodge at Warren has erected a naw lodge building to serve as a lodge room and apera hall. The building has just heen completed and cost $15,000.

From now on till New Years we will give double coupons on dry goods and clothing. Start to save the caupons from today.—Red Laka Falls Supply Honse.

A small hlaze in one of the rooms of the Marchand hause occupied hy P. L. Malvin, Tuesday night, caused considerabla smoke and excitement and a littla damage.

Mrs. H. C. Hanson desires to express her appreciatian of the promptness with which the Woodman insuranco policy carried by the tate Mr. Hanson was paid.

Parties desiring to purchase Christmas trees can get them at Evergreen Farm or if you will write ar phone for them I will deliver them a few days before Christmas.—W. C. L. Demann.

At this season of the year the print shop force is crowded with work and for that reason merchants who desire Christmas advertising are urged to get copy to the affice as early as possible.

Preparatians are being made for a big New Years dance to be given at Woodman hall, Monday evening, Jan. 2. Freund's orchestra will furnish music for tha occasion. All are invited.

The family of W. H. Sheeran, the new hardware dealor, arrived last Thursday and they will go ta housekeeping as soon as their goods arrive and they decide upon the house they are to occupy.

Now that Red Lake Falls is ta have all day electric service, yau could not give yaur wife a nicer Christmas gift than an electric flat iran. They may be secured at the Red River Power company's office.

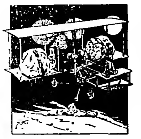
Fred LaCoe, who resided here until a few months ago, died at his home at Thief River Falls last week. Mr. LaCoe moved to Canada early in the fall but returned a few weeks ago and had since lived at Thief River Falls.

The Healy Land company's offices have been fitted up very attractivaly. The rooms have been redecorated and the attractiva arrangement of grains, grasses, etc. makes tha rooms look like the inside of the agricultural building of a full grown county fair.

The board of county commissioners met in special sessian Monday. The afficial proceedings af the meeting will be published next week. This was the first meeting in which the new members recently appointed by Gavernor Eberhart have participated.

Levi Champagne has, since going west a few weeks ago, heen visiting with his sister and father at Lacrosse, Idaho. In a few days he will go to the state of Washingtan far a visit with his hrother. Mr. Champagne expects ta spend the winter in the west.

Last Call For Christmas Goods



Come to Headquarters for your Holiday goods. You will be surprised at the many new presents you can buy for little money. While our stock is larger and more complete than ever, we advise early buying as our prices move goods fast. If you are in doubt as to what to buy come to us for suggestions and we will try to suit you. Below we mention a few of the many articles which may be found here for Christmas presents.

For the Ladies

Hand bags, toilet sets, belts, handkerchiefs, collar and belt pins, combs, mufflers, glave and hankercheif boxes, water sets, fancy dishes, parlor lamps, cups and saucers, pictures, post card alhums, Xmas post cards and booklets, vases, books, albums, etc.

For the Gentlemen

Collar and cuff boxes, watch fabs, stick pins, shaving sets, smaking sets, pipes, handkercheifs, suspenders in holly boxes, neckties, necktie racks, playing cards, Flinch decks, etc.

For the Girls

Dalls, doll carts, doll furniture, trunks, tny water sets and berry sets, beads, handkercheifs, post card albums, rings and hracelets, books, ribbons, tay dishes, tahles and many other articles.

For the Boys

Hand sleds, skates, rocking harses, autamahiles, trains, engines, drums, musical instruments, mechanical tays, Alger books, box paper, neckties

Other Suitable Christmas Gifts

Our 15c Tahle is loaded with bargains of every description. Don't fail ta see nur silk neckties. They would be cheap at 25c but for a sensation we will put them on nur 15c table and watch them disappear. Only 6 to nne customer. Make our store ynur headquarters. You are all welcome. Santa Claus will be there. We shnw yau his latest picture in his new aerplane. He will leave the Sunshine at 11:30 p. m., Christmas Eve. Our store will be npen evenings until Xmas.

THE SUNSHINE

Next Door to the Postaffice.

M. Christensen Red Lake Falls

Under Government Control

THE Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls gets its charter from the government.

It is under government supervision and every reasonable precaution is taken by the government to insure the safety of funds deposited with us.

If you do not at present possess a bank account with us, we give you a personal invitation to deposit your money in this bank.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

The Farmers National Bank

OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

CAPITAL $25,000.00

See our art linen counter far serviceablo, presentahle articles for Christmas. Convent work linen, Japanese embraidered, scalaped hand worked towels. Handkerchiefs, 1c to $1.00. Men's neckwear, 25c to $1.00. Silk mufflers, 50c to $2.50. Initial scarfs. Picking Christmas presents is easy at The Big Store.

I have secured the agency far the famous Washburn-Crosby "Gold Medal Flaur"—the most celebrated flour in the world. I have opened up a feed and flaur store in the Daffy building santh af Spillane's confectionery and will endeavar ta carry a lina af flour and feed that will cammand yaur patranage. This flour will nat cost any more than any af inferior make sa it is to your advantage to come and see me.—Len Steinert. tf

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Groshang and family left this evening for their new hame in the west. They have gone ta Creswell, Oregan, in the heart af the fruit country, and expect ta reside there in the future. Mr. Grashong has nat decided definitely what will be his future work, but it is probable that he will engage in some line of business at Cresswell and that he will invest in fruit land near the town. Mr. Grashong had been engaged in business in Red Lake Falls for twelve years before selling the Falls Meat Market early in the fall. He and his family have numerous friends in this city wha regret that they have gone and join in the wish that their lot may be cast in pleasant places in the future and that they may be happy and prosperans in their new hame.

Please Remember

these facts about

MASCOT FLOUR

It is made of nothing but clean, home grown Northern Hard Wheat.

It is not mixed with Durham wheat.

It is not mixed with the cheaper, softer, weaker wheat from Kansas and Nebraska.

Many flours are—there's a difference. That is what counts in bread making.

—Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

LAMPERT'S MEAT MARKET

ARIS LAMBET. PROP.

Have just npened a new shap in the Boughton building and invite yaur patranage.

Phone 97

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN OUR LINE

PUZZLED, ARE YOU?

Are ynu puzeled about what to give? If ynu are, let me help yau decide. My cases gleam with heautiful presents. I shall gladly make suggestians tn ynu and allow you a careful inspectian of any nf the articles I have. A giver is judged hy his gifts, so it is necessary that yau huy the hest. Tn be sure af getting the hest select a stare that has a reputatian far handling nnly the best. That's where I can help you. You cannot make a mare sensible and appreciated gift than a nice piece nf Jewelry nr Silverware, whether fnr lady ar gentleman. I sell only the best and do not sell anything I cannat guarantee. Ynur inspectian invited.

RUDOLPH HOLZMAN

Jeweler Red Lake Falls

SHEERAN & MICHEL

We are offering a large discount on all heating stoves in our store. You cannot make a better Xmas present than one of our Favorite Base Heaters for the family. Also when in need of hardware of any kind give us a call as we will try and have a complete line at all times and with prices right.

Sheeran & Michel

Mrs. Briggs lived in the narthern part af Indiana, a long distance from any village. Hearing that the Rev. Mr. Goodwin was ta preach in a township some twenty miles distant, she resolved to be present, and, as na other way offered, she walked the twenty miles. The pastor heard af this and was so pleased at the appreciation which it showed that at the clase of the sermon he mentianed the fact ta the congregation and called npan Mrs. Briggs to tell them how she came.

Rising slowly, she looked over the andience, with great solemnity and said:

"I hoofed it."

Then she sat down again.

Modast Artist.

A lady wha was enthusiastically descrihing the scenery af the Rhine said to a well known painter, "It was really for all the world like a series of yaur superh etchings."

"Yes," replied the artist, "nature is creeping uo!"

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Joseph Brohmann.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Coort.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Brohmann Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Katherina Brohmann, J. Anthony Brohmann, Lizzie Hudson, Wendell J. Brohmann, Heory Brohmann, George Brohmann, Lena House, Louisa Ockstadt, Paulina Napper and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:

The petition of Wendell J. Brohmann, being duly filed in this court, representing that Joseph Brohmann, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 13th day of November, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters of Administration with will annexed be issued thereon to Kathrina Brohmann, Now Therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms, in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, Ira C. Richardson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 14th day of December, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Judge.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Petitioner.
(Court Seal) d15-29

Fournet Furniture Store

Very Useful and Very Appropriate for Xmas Gifts

What shall I give a woman for Christmas?

Here is a partial list:

Library Table,	$ 8.00 to	$28.00
Sewing Table,	2.25 to	6.00
Wasta Basket,	.50 tn	4.50
China Closet,	16.00 to	24.00
Kitchea Cabinet	14.00 to	22.00
Rugs,	2.00 to	38.00
Shirt Boxes	2.50 to	8.00
Art Screens	1.50 to	7.50
Carving Sets	2.50 to	6.00
Water colar picture	3.00 to	18.00
Sugar and Creamer	.25 to	3.50
Set of Dishes	10.00 to	18.00

In the Realm of Useful Xmas Gifts for Men and Boys.

Cigar Boxes	$ 1.50 to	$ 5.00
Smoking stands	2.50 to	6.00
Shoe Boxes	3.50 to	5.00
Faot Staal	2.50 to	6.00
Ash tray	.10 to	2.00
Tailet Set	.25 to	4.00
Traveling Sets	2.00 to	18.00

Gifts for the Home.

Pionas	200.00 to	800.00
Victor Talking Machines	10.00 to	100.00
Victrala	125.00 to	500.00
Karpen Couches	40.00 to	90.00
Couches	10.00 to	23.00
Sectianal Book Cases	1.75 to	3.50

Gifts for Girls.

Music Cabinets	8.00 to	28.00
Writing Desks	5.00 to	24.00
Fancy Piece of China	.10 to	6.00
Fancy Writing Paper	.25 to	1.50
Dressing Chairs	3.50 to	5.00

Sheet Music, 6 sheets far		.25
Tay Beds		2.25
Tay Chairs	1.25 to	2.50
Tay Banks	.10 to	.75
Post Card Albums	.05 to	2.50
Christmas Bells	.10 to	.50
Vases	.10 to	6.00
Shaving Mugs and Bruehes	10 to	50
High Chair	1 50 to	3 50

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE, ESTABLISHED 1883
RED LAKE COURIER, ESTABLISHED 1898

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 13

PENNINGTON COUNTY IS ONLY A NAME

Right of Proposed New County to Existence is Questioned.

There is every reason to believe that the much talked about, much scrapped about so-called Pennington county will make a little interesting local history and will then quit doing business.

Notice of contest of the election on the proposition to divide Red Lake county was served on the board of county commissioners Saturday afternoon by contestant Ed L. Healy.

There are fifty-six counts in the contestant's notice covering the following ground: That there was not legal notice given prior to the election that the proposition would be voted upon; that there was illegal voting in nineteen precincts, and a recount is asked in each of them; that the assessed valuation of the taxable property in both counties would be too low to be self supporting, and that since the passage of the law under which the creation of Pennington county is set up the legislature has passed various drainage laws under which Red Lake county has constructed ditches and sold drainage bonds to an extent of [illegible], the greater part of said ditches being in the proposed Pennington county; that the law makes no provision for the collection of the liens on the lands in Pennington county should it be established and that there are now under construction within the territory of the proposed Pennington county ditches, contracts for which amount to $108,793.33 and [illegible] partially within the new county, and that no means have been provided for the payment of these contracts, and that no bonds have been or can be issued, if Pennington county is established, to meet the contracts.

Reports sent out from Thief River Falls state that those who have stated the contest do not expect to secure the dissolution of the new county, but that delay only is sought. Nothing could be farther from the truth. Nothing can be accomplished by a fight for delay. This is a contest instituted for the exact purpose stated in the formal notice. The case is a strong one and the people of Red Lake county interested in this contest do not only hope to win but they expect to win.

NEW LODGE OFFICERS.

Elected to Serve for Year Commencing Jan. 1, 1911.

Annual elections of officers have been held by a number of the local lodges. Following are the names of officers-elect of lodges in which elections have been held:

M. B. A. LODGE.

resident—Frank Brouillet.
Vice President—Lillian Belair.
Secretary—Samuel Gibeau.
Treasurer—Rufus Poirier.
Chaplain—Alecine L. Gibeau.
Conductor—Walter Quesnelle.
Watchman—Francis Gamache.
Sentry—Louis Cyr.
Trustees—Joseph Belair, J. H. Lasha, Wm. Holberg.
Captain Degree Team—Jules H. Lasha.
Captain Lady Drill Team—Cora Cress.

W. C. O. F. LODGE.

C. F.—Agnes Miller.
V. C. F.—Mary Grenier.
Recorder—Olive Cyr.
Fin. Secy.—Grace Normandeau.
Treasurer—Elsie Savard.
Delegate to National Convention—Olive Cyr.
Alternate—Mary Harren.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS

Oracle—Margaret Rose.
Vice Oracle—Emily Farley.
Recorder—Ida Swanson.
Post Oracle—Nettie Gaass.
Chancellor—Bertha Drier.
Recorder—Madeline Morin.
Marshal—Dora Wilkinson.

Assistance is Appreciated.

The money realized from the benefit ball g[illegible] recently by the local M. B. A. [illegible] was sent to the lodge at Spooner and Samuel Gibeau, secretary of the local lodge, has received the following communication expressing appreciation of the assistance rendered:

Spooner, Minn.,
Dec. 5th, '10.

Mr. Samuel Gibeau,
Secretary Lodge No 601,
Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
Dear Sir and Brother,—

We thankfully acknowledge receipt of thirty-three dollars and beg to assure you, your generous contribution is deeply appreciated. We also thank you for your very kind consideration and the many expressions of sympathy extended us. We heartily return our best wishes.

Fraternally yours,
C. B. Minnick,
President.
United Lodge No 2406, M. B. A.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

WILL LIMIT THE "INDIAN TERRITORY"

Executive Order Will Limit the Operations of the Ballinger Order.

Dispatches from Washington in this morning's papers state that President Taft will issue an order restricting the operations of the Ballinger order to a limited territory. This is understood to mean that the sale of liquor is to be prohibited on Indian reservations and territory surrounding that will be defined. The president believes that there should be no unnecessary interference with the state's police power, but that liquor must be kept from the Indians at all hazards. By the exercise of the police power state and local authorities will be compelled to see to it that Indians do not get liquor outside of the limited and defined territory. Failure in that will result in enlarging the "dry" territory. The fairness of the president's position cannot be doubted and the proper solution of the "Indian business" has probably been reached.

Musseys Start Paper.

H. E. Mussey of Thief River Falls and his son, Homer Mussey, foreman of the Gazette, expect to start the publication of a paper at Federal Dam, the new Soo line town. They are now negotiating for the plant and subscription list of the Cass Lake Voice and if they acquire that property they will move the plant to the new town and continue the publication of the paper as the Federal Dam Voice. That is some kind of a name for a newspaper and the Voice ought to be able to do some strong talking for the new town. The senior member of the firm will take charge of the paper and later in the winter Homer will be on the job. Both are experienced newspaper men and they will publish a good paper if the town is worth a—if the town becomes the important point it gives promise of becoming.

Bamboo Cooking Utensils.

The Dyaks of Borneo boil their food in bamboo cut into lengths of about two or three feet. These are placed over the fire in such a position that the joint of the bamboo does not come in contact with the fire, but rests upon the ground beyond. The fire is placed under the green and harder part of the cane, which, by its silicious coating, resists the action of the flame until the provisions are sufficiently prepared. A bundle of leaves placed in the mouth of the bamboo serves the purpose of the lid of an ordinary cooking vessel.

IMPORTANT POINT

Effect of Contest on the Recording of Instruments.

Section 3553 of the Revised Laws of Minnesota for 1905 contains the following provision: "During the pendency of any action or proceeding, to test the validity of the organization of a new county, all instruments effecting real estate within such county may be recorded in the original county with the same effect as if recorded in such new county."

From the above provision it is clear that the only guaranty of safety in the recording of instruments is to have them recorded in Red Lake Falls while the contest is being carried on. If the contest does not defeat the division of the county the recording of the instruments will be just as effective as if made at Thief River Falls. However, if the contest is successful and Pennington county is compelled to quit business records made at Thief River Falls will be of no value. That is clear from the fact that the condition will then be as if Pennington county never existed.

KILLED FOUR COWS.

Freight Ran Into Herd Belonging to Illdage Baril.

Four cows belonging to Illdage Baril were killed by Friday morning's Great Northern freight. A boy was driving Mr. Baril's herd of dairy cows across the track when the freight ran into the herd killing four cows. The loss is quite a heavy one, for the cows were valuable, but it has not yet been determined whether the financial loss is Mr. Baril's or the railroad company's.

ABOUT THAT NEW SOO LINE TALK

The Proposed Railroad Connection Between Plummer and Grand Forks.

The activity of a party of Soo surveyors in Red Lake and Polk counties has caused considerable comment though probably less here than in many places, though the line talked about if constructed will pass through this city. Rumor says that a survey is being made for a line from Plummer to Grand Forks and that the line will pass through Red Lake Falls and Crookston.

Red Lake Falls people have expected that this line will be built. That is probably why they did not get very much excited over the "rumor." When it will be built they don't know nor does anybody else who builds railroads out of homespun, but they expect to be here when some big Irishman hits the last spike a mighty swat.

WINKJER COMMISSIONER.

Will be Head of the State Dairy and Food Department.

Governor A. O. Eberhart has tendered the appointment of state dairy and food commissioner to Joel G. Winkjer. Mr. Winkjer will accept. He is now federal dairy inspector with headquarters at Crookston. Governor Eberhart has asked the federal authorities for his release and the request will probably be granted. The appointment will please the dairymen. Mr. Winkjer is popular with them because of his good work in the past. There is no doubt that the work of his department will be handled very efficiently.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mat Skala
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schreiter
Jos Laundry & Son, Terrebonne.
Fournet Furniture Store.

The Wrong Place.

A man was apprehended by Chief of Police Boyce in the basement of the Enterprise building at noon Sunday having broken in through the cellar doors while the proprietor was in the building. He was evidently the worse for liquor, and gave as a reason for entering the building that he wanted to find a place to sleep. Undoubtedly he told the truth, and we opine that any man who breaks into a country printing office expecting to find rest or cash is certainly not in full possession of his faculties.—Glencoe Enterprise.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

"OAK FARM" AT THE BIJOU THEATRE

A Comedy Drama in Three Acts to be Put on by Local Talent.

The home talent play, "Oak Farm," for which local young people have been rehearsing for several weeks, will be put on at the Bijou theatre next week, Thursday and Friday, Dec. 29 and 30. There will be two evening performances and at 3:00 o'clock Friday afternoon a matinee for school children will be given for which there will be an admission charge of only ten cents. The prices for the evening performance will be 25 and 35 cents.

Following is a synopsis of the play:

Act 1.—Donald Weatherby leaves home for Columbia College, New York. Oak Farm mortgaged for three years. Betrothal of Donald and Helen. The voluble rain agent. Joel and Sally. Prunes, the postmaster and money lender.

Act 2.—Three years later, Prunes keeps and reads Donald's letters. Silas relates his experience in New York. "Why does not Donald write any more?" Meredith and Spudge after Cynthia's money. Silas Weatherby's birthday party. Prune's rascality. The mortgage is due.

Act 3.—Two months later. Christmas eve. Silas discovers Prunes' duplicity. Cynthia's lovers and her stratagem. The stranger; his offer to settle the mortgage declined. "Won't you take it from your son, I am Donald." Prunes' final discomfiture. "Oh, there's joy at Oak Farm tonight.

Characters.

Silas Weatherby—P. L. Malvin.
Donald Weatherby—Clem Brunelle.
Joel Weatherby—Omar Hall.
Jonathan Prune—Vern Healy.
Joalyn Spudge—Robert Zaiser.
Dr. Wilson Meredith—Graham Kindseth.
Wellington Troy—Morrie Brunelle.
Mrs. Sarah Weatherby—Rose Harren.
Helen Trumbell—Marie Cadieux.
Cynthia Warner—Erma Schreiter.
Sallie Smart—Cora Paul.

G. G. Kindseth, Treasurer.

You can now pay your taxes if you want to. G. G. Kindseth, county treasurer-elect and appointed recently to serve out the term of H. E. Ives, resigned, has been sworn in and Red Lake county is again doing business at the cash counter.

Subscribe for The Gazette.

CHRISTMAS PROGRAM.

Sunday School Children Will Entertain Friends.

There will be a Christmas tree and Christmas program at the Presbyterian church Saturday evening. At 7:30 o'clock the Sunday school children will give a Christmas program. Later in the evening Santa Claus will arrive. In spite of his flowing beard and great age, Santa Claus is an up-to-date young man and he will come to town in an aeroplane. However, while he is here the flying machine will be concealed behind a cloud so that it will be impossible for any mischievous boys to find it and fool with the works or spill out any of the toys.

Found Dead in Hotel

Arthur W. Pederson was found dead in his room in the St. Paul hotel at Fargo Monday morning. Mr. Pederson suffered a fatal hemorrhage during the night, no doubt due to tuberculosis from which he has been a sufferer for some time.

Deceased is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Pederson, the family residing ten miles west of St. Hilaire, where they have made their home for many years and have a wide acquaintance.

Easily Pleased.

A young Lithuanian called at the marriage license office in Chicago with his bride recently, but a license was refused on account of the bride's tender years, she being only fifteen. The lover was crestfallen for a few moments; then his face cleared, and he left with the remark that he would return shortly.

The clerk supposed that he would show up with the bride's parents. In an hour he again presented himself at the counter—with another girl.—Metropolitan Magazine.

In an Awful Hurry.

"Uncle Chet" Thomas was driving a particularly fine-looking horse down the street one day. It was a deep bay, had lots of action, carried a high head and was an all around "good looker." A friend watched the horse for quite awhile and when Uncle Chet got close enough to hear him said: "That's a mighty nice looking horse you got there, Uncle Chet. Want to sell him?" "Well," said Uncle Chet, "I hain't huntin' a buyer, but I would take two-fifty fer him." "How fast can he trot?" was asked. "Well, he can trot a mile in three minutes without any trouble," said Uncle Chet. So the fellow bought him.

The next morning the new owner came back to Uncle Chet and told him that he had tried the horse out thoroughly, had taken him out to the fair grounds, had warmed him up and cooled him down a half dozen times, and the best he could get out of him was a mile in four minutes. Uncle Chet thought for a moment and then said, "Well, you must be in an awful hurry if you can't wait a minute."—Kansas City Journal.

CONTEST CLOSES JANUARY 16 SURE

The Time Will Not be Extended Under Any Circumstances.

The Gazette's big voting contest closes Jan. 16, and the time will not be extended under any circumstances. It is now just a matter of getting in the votes. There will be no more special ballots or offers. The last offers made stand until the close of the contest on Jan. 16 and that date has been definately decided upon.

The time is [illegible] and the contestant who hop[illegible] the piano should not let a day pass without securing some subscriptions and votes. It will take steady persistant work to win the grand prize. Keeping everlastingly at it is what always brings results.

In making the vote getting campaign between now and the close of the contest there are several things the contestant and her friends should not forget.

Do not forget the merchants' coupons and coupon ballots.

Do not forget that old subscriptions count 20000 votes.

Do not forget [illegible] subscriptions count [illegible]

Follo[illegible] the candidates stood whe[illegible] were counted Saturday night:

Zelia Quesnelle	700,605
Mayme Laurent	681,959
Lucie Crompe	592,642
Agnes Anderson	293,418
Mildred Sortedahl	266,040
Emma Sauve	165,211
Alyce Wichterman	155,956

BUSINESS HOUSES CLOSE

Christmas Coming on Sunday, Monday is Holiday.

Monday, Dec. 26, being a legal holiday, the following business houses will be closed all day:

Hunt Hardware Co.
The Big Store.
Garceau & Rubertus.
Sheeran & Michal.
Max Iugber.
J. P. Harren.
R. Holzman.
M. Christensen.
A. J. Pouliot.
Fournet Furniture Store.
Thief River Falls Lumber Co.
City Meat Market.
Lambert's Meat Market.
Robertson Lumber Co.
Jos. Miller.
E. A. Nelson.

Our sincere wishes are with you for a

Very Merry Christmas And a Happy New Year

And when these holidays have passed away, may the many good things we wish you linger with you until Christmas comes again.

First State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Officers

THEO. GARCEAU, President FRANK E. HUNT, Vice President
GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier
NOEL DELORME, Asst. Cashier H. H. GARCEAU Asst. Cashier

Directors

Theo. Garceau N. M. Watson W. A. Schreiter Frank E. Hunt
Joseph Perrault Geo. F. Hennings Sam Gibeau

Christmas Offerings

Look over the following list and then call and buy your Christmas gifts at our store.

Handkercheifs
In initial and plain silk fancy embroidered from 5c to 75c. Plain lines in all goods. Jap silk initial

Towels
Fancy embroidered, and stamped plain linen, fringed, Huck towels in linen and cotton. Fancy dresser scarfs.

Hosiery
Ladies' silk hose at $1.50
Ladies' silk lisle hose .50
Ladies' embd hose .50
Men's fancy hose, 4 pair in a box, $1 and $2 a box

Hand Bags
Real aligator at....$7.50
Seal, leather lined, $2 to $7.50. Plush bags with pearl trimmings, $5.00.

Petticoats
Fancy Taffeta silk at $6.00
Taffeta silk at 3.50
Silk ruffles at 3.00
Heatherblooms at 3.00
American silk at 2.00
Fancy emb'd satteen 1.25

Waists
We have a full and complete line of fancy silk waists in all the latest colors and patterns.

Furs
Black Fox shawl scarfs. Brown Fox scarfs, Oppossom shawls and scarfs Hudson Lynx muffs and shawls.

Miscellaneous
Back combs, [illegible] mbs, barrettes, hair ornaments hat pins, collar pins, belt pins, scarf pins, and kid gloves.

Groceries
Apples, oranges, lemons, nuts, candies, maple sugar and fancy canned goods in a complete grocery stock.

We have a present to give to every woman who visits our store, Thursday, Friday and Saturday before Christmas. We want every woman within 10 miles of Red Lake Falls to have one of these articles.

Hoping you will remember us when you do your Christmas shopping, we wish you a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Garceau & Rubertus

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

The immigration commission favors more rigid tests for the admission of foreigners to the United States.

The United States supreme court held that the dismissal of counts against F. Augustus Heinze was too hasty.

Jack Abernathy, United States marshal for Oklahoma, an appointee of President Roosevelt, came to Washington and handed his resignation to Attorney General Wickersham. Charges have been preferred against the marshal, the nature of which could not be learned.

President Taft's recommendation in his annual message to congress relative to the guaranteeing of through cotton bills of lading has stirred up a furore among the cotton interests of the south. They assert that the president's suggested plan would result in a heavy tax upon this industry.

General Estrada, the provisional president of Nicaragua, shortly will issue a decree inviting all Nicaraguan exiles to return to their country. This information reached the state department in a telegram from Thomas P. Moffatt, American consul. Mr. Moffatt said the political situation continues to improve.

Information from an efficient, if not absolutely authoritative, source indicates that President Taft has determined upon two new members of the new court of commerce. They are Judge Charles A. Prouty of Vermont and Franklin K. Lane of California, both of whom now are members of the interstate commerce commission.

Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the appropriations committee, believes it will be necessary to hold an extra session of congress. "It is doubtful whether even the regular appropriation bill can be passed at this session," said Mr. Tawney. He said it will take at least forty-five days to pass the regular appropriation bills.

General.

The Kentucky delegation declared itself for Champ Clark for speaker.

Trade with the Philippines has shown an increase under the new census.

Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, founder of the Christian science church, is dead.

The house has passed the Indian appropriation bill. It carries a total of $8,277,985.

No outward signs of mourning marked the funeral services for Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy.

George W. Perkins has withdrawn from Morgan & Co. to devote his energies to solving the profit-sharing problem.

In the United States and all its possessions the stars and stripes protect 101,100,000 souls. This is the official estimate of the United States bureau of the census.

At Passaic, N. J., Charles Jerome Coleman, former millionaire and musical celebrity, was found dead in his room, a suicide from gas.

The government case against the so-called coal trust will be probably carried to the higher courts.

From 12 to 15 new cases of cholera appear daily at Funchal, Madeira. Forty per cent of these are fatal.

Porter Charlton, the young American, who confesses killing his wife in Italy, must return to face trial. Young Charlton was reared at Omaha, Neb.

Vice President Sherman has been chosen chancellor of the board of regents of the Smithsonian institution, to succeed the late Chief Justice Fuller.

In the act admitting New Mexico to statehood the boundary line between that territory and the state of Texas will be fixed by law. This line has been in dispute.

The reichstag passed the second section of the bill establishing labor chambers composed equally of representatives of the employers and of the laborers to settle labor questions.

At San Diego, Cal., by the explosion of a defective intake valve of the engine on the submarine boat Grampus, three enlisted members of the crew were injured, one so badly that it is expected he will die.

The form of decree to be issued in the case of the Temple Iron company will be taken later by the court.

The French chamber of deputies unanimously voted an appropriation of $1,160,000 for the relief of flood victims.

All the retiring directors were re-elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders and policyholders of the Equitable Life Assurance society.

Representative Champ Clark, prospective speaker of the house, who presented President Taft with two luscious red apples, also gave two to Speaker Cannon.

A change in Roman Catholic church law has been promulgated by the pope.

Captain C. B. T. Moore was appointed by Secretary Meyer commander of the naval training station at San Francisco.

An engine on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad exploded near Soldier summit, Utah, killing the engineer, fireman and brakeman.

The first Alaska overland mail of the year arrived in Nome from Fairbanks. This is a record for early delivery after the close of navigation in Bering sea.

In population of the United States Nebraska is the twenty-ninth.

The total corn product in Ohio this season was 105,512,245 bushels.

It is likely that the holiday recess of congress will be abbreviated this year.

Francis H. Burr, former captain of the Harvard foot ball team, is critically ill with typhoid fever in Boston.

Kentucky democrats have endorsed Champ Clark for speaker of the lower house.

Jack Abernathy, United States marshal for Oklahoma, tendered his resignation.

Plans are on foot for an attack on the validity of the two-cent fare law in Iowa and Illinois.

Justice W. D. Beard of the Tennessee supreme court dropped dead in a hotel at Nashville.

President Taft is conferring with congressmen on coming appointments to the supreme court.

Announcement was made of a gift of $100,000 to the John Hopkins university endowment fund.

The Ballinger-Pinchot congressional committee gave the secretary of the interior a clean bill.

In his annual report Secretary of War Dickinson recommends the necessity of military aeroplanes.

Theodore Roosevelt narrowly escaped being made the beneficiary in the will of a rich Indiana man.

The conservatives made a supreme effort to eliminate the recall from the Arizona constitution, but failed.

Eugene R. Cox declares the Christian Science church will continue to run smoothly, notwithstanding the death of Mrs. Eddy.

The fourth division of the United States Atlantic fleet under command of Captain Thomas B. Howard sailed for Gravesend, England.

The state crop report issued by the state board of agriculture shows that the total corn product in Ohio this season was 105,512,245 bushels.

Miss Mary Holbrook, many years a missionary for the American board in China and Japan, died Friday at the home of her brother in East Haven, Conn.

The board of directors of the Hocking Valley Railroad company declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on the common stock.

Senator Stone of Missouri was appointed to fill a vacancy on the senate committee on finance created by the death of Senator Daniel of Virginia.

Gifts aggregating $186,000 recently have been made to Columbia university, according to an announcement by the trustees. The giver of $100,000 is anonymous.

The machine has been set in motion to provide for an issue of Panama canal bonds to end a drain upon the working balance of the treasury which now threatens a deficit.

On account of the death of Chief Justice Fuller who was ex-officio president of the industrial peace foundation, which was to have been held on December 14, has been postponed.

The Iowa board of railroad commissioners announced a material reduction in freight rates on soft lump and nut coal within Iowa. The rates on steam or slack coal remain unchanged.

Fainting as he leaned out of an open window of the Society for Savings building ex-Common Pleas Judge Conway W. Noble, sixty-eight years old, of Cleveland, O., fell seven stories to the street below and was killed.

United States marshals seized 6,000 pounds of "canned eggs" shipped into Chicago. United States District Attorney Simms said that a test of one teaspoonful of the substance showed the presence of 34,000,000 bacteria.

On the eve of the annual meeting of the American Red Cross in Washington, President Taft, who is president, received word that New York city has completed its subscription of $500,000, apportioned to it on the basis of 10 cents per capita population for the $2,000,000 endowment fund of the society.

Senator Elmer J. Burkett of Nebraska, who has been mentioned in connection with the presidency of a national bank in Washington, laughed at the idea that he intended to become a permanent resident of Washington.

At Fresno, Cal., a mob burned the headquarters of the industrial workers of the world, severely beat members of the organization on the streets and surrounded the county jail where other members are being held. A demand was made that the industrial workers of the world be turned over to the mob, but no effort was made to enter the jail.

Personal.

Charlton, the wife murderer, will be sent back to Italy.

The title held by Mrs. Eddy is expected to die with her.

Friends of Rear Admiral Capps say he is being made a martyr.

Manuel II, the exiled king of Portugal, is said to be dead broke.

This session of congress is going to break all records on quick work.

Secretary Dickinson made a report of his recent visit to the Philippines.

No early action is expected in the house on the Ballinger-Pinchot reports.

A bronze statue in memory of the late Sir Henry Irving was unveiled at London.

Secretary MacVeagh may find it necessary to issue bonds for Panama canal work.

Governor-elect Woodrow Wilson is taking a hand in the New Jersey senatorial fight.

Politics, past, present and future, was the dominant note at the annual fall dinner of the Gridiron club in Washington.

Secretary MacVeagh submitted his estimates on what it will require to run the government.

Governor-elect Aldrich of Nebraska has already made a number of appointments.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy will rest in Mount Auburn cemetery at Cambridge, Mass.

The list of eligibles as supreme court appointees is narrowing down and appointments may come soon.

Governor-elect Eugene N. Foss of Massachusetts announced that his resignation as a representative in congress would take effect on January 5.

TEN MILLION GIFT

ANDREW CARNEGIE ESTABLISHED FOUNDATION FOR PEACE PURPOSES.

NOTED MEN FOR TRUSTEES

Fund is Invested in Five Per Cent Bonds and Will Yield One Half Million Dollars Annually for That Purpose.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 14.—Andrew Carnegie today transferred to the board of trustees $10,000,000 in 5 per cent first mortgage bonds, the revenue of which will be used to "hasten the abolition of international war and establish lasting world-peace." The formal transfer was made at a meeting in the rooms of the Carnegie Research Foundation.

The trustees organized by choosing as president, United States Senator Elihu Root, permanent representative of the United States at the Hague tribunal.

President Taft has consented to be honorary president of the foundation. The method by which the annual income of half a million dollars shall be expended is left by Carnegie entirely in the hands of the trustees.

The foundation is to be perpetual, and when the establishment of universal peace is attained, the donor provides that the revenue shall be devoted to the banishment of the next most degrading evil or evils, the suppression of which would most advance the progress, the elevation and the happiness of man.

The trustees of the fund are: United States Senator Elihu Root, ex-secretary of state and ex-secretary of war; Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, New York, president of Columbia university; Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, president of the Carnegie foundation for the advancement of teaching; Jos. H. Choate, lawyer, ex-ambassador to Great Britain; Albert K. Smiley, Lake Mohonk, N. Y., educator and humanitarian; Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard university; James Brown Scott, solicitor of the state department; John W. Foster, lawyer, ex-governor of Virginia; Wm. M. Howard, lawyer, congressman, Lexington, Ga.; Judge Thomas Burke, Seattle, Wash.; James L. Slayden, congressman, San Antonio, Texas; Andrew D. White, ex-ambassador to Germany; Robert S. Brookins, lawyer, St. Louis, Mo.; Emil Mather, banker, steel manufacturer, Cleveland, Ohio; J. G. Schmidlapp, railroad man, Cincinnati; Arthur William Foster, regent University of California, San Francisco; R. A. Franks, banker, Hoboken, N. J.; Charlemagne Tower, ex-ambassador to Germany and Russia; Oscar Straus, ambassador to Turkey; Austen G. Fox, lawyer, New York; John L. Cadwalder, lawyer, New York; John Sharp Williams, senator-elect from Mississippi; C. L. Taylor of Pittsburg, chairman of the Carnegie hero fund commission; and Geo. W. Perkins of New York, financier and philanthropist; Robert S. Woodward of Washington, and Grover H. Dodge of New York, president and secretary, respectively, of the Carnegie Institution of Washington.

COLLAPSE KILLS TWO.

More Bros.' Machinery Warehouse at Fargo is Badly Wrecked.

Fargo, N. D., Dec. 14.—The third floor of the More Bros. machinery building, heavily loaded with corn, gave way and dropped down on the second floor which was loaded with wagons and heavy machinery. This floor and contents went down into the office and that in turn went into the basement. In the wreck the manager and the bookkeeper were caught and instantly killed. One man is missing and two are slightly hurt.

The dead:

R. A. MORE, manager, married.

CARL TUSKIND, bookkeeper, aged 30, single, of Davenport.

The missing:

GEORGE JARVIS, expert auto repair man.

The injured:

IKE BELL, jr., ankle sprained.

THOS KELLY.

The accident happened at 5:45 p. m.

Grain Thieves Busy at Hannah.

Hannah.—Grain thieves are working in this section and on two occasions they have made raids on the granaries owned by Wm. Campbell, carrying off about 400 bushels of wheat. Up to the present time the authorities have been unable to locate the guilty parties.

Grain tank tracks have been found in the fields in which the looted granaries were located, but they have only led to the main roads to be lost.

House Discussing Rules.

Washington, Dec. 14.—A renewal of the fight on rules which signalized the past session was precipitated today by Representative Hughes of New Jersey. The point raised was whether a bill considered in the regular order last Wednesday could be taken up again today.

Inaugural Ball Jan. 5.

Bismarck, N. D., Dec. 14.—The committee having in charge the inaugural ball held a meeting this evening and decided the dance will be Friday evening, Jan. 5. Details of the arrangements will be announced later.

For Relief of Homesteaders.

Washington, Dec. 14.—The house committee on public lands today unanimously voted in favor of a joint resolution offered by Representative Mondell of Wyoming, providing for the extension of the construction period of residence on homesteads until after May 15, 1911.

Mr. Mondell offered the resolution in the interest of drought stricken homesteaders all over the country. Under its provisions homesteaders will not be required to begin actual residence on their homesteads until May 15, 1911, the resolution probably will be adopted by congress at an early date.

Roosevelt Recovered.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 13.—The coming here this evening of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt to be the guest and the only speaker at the chamber of commerce banquet in Yale dining hall, gives promise of ranking among the notable occasions which have marked the progress of the chamber in the affairs of the city.

The subject on which Roosevelt will talk this evening will be of his own selection and he has stated in a letter just received here that he will speak in the spirit as it moves him. He will deal vigorously with the recent happenings in politics.

STIRS UP LIVELY ROW

SENATOR CUMMINS MAKES ATTACK ON PRESENT TARIFF.

Contends That Congress Should Rule, Allowing the Change of Schedules at Any Time.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Contending that the present tariff imposes excessive duties and that the country at large demands its amendment, Senator Cummins of Iowa today delivered a speech in the senate in advocacy of his resolution limiting the power of the amendment of bills dealing with separate schedules of the law.

The speech was the first attack of the session on the Payne-Aldrich law and it received careful attention. The Iowa senator disavowed any intention of opening up a general tariff discussion. Still he found it difficult to avoid a general expression on tariff questions.

"It is well known," he said, "that I consider excessive and inexcusable many of the duties levied by the law of 1909. I know also that many people believe that law should be amended.

"During the recent political struggle I did not hear a single utterance by a republican that did not admit that the law contains duties that ought to be changed and that it is the duty of congress to act speedily."

Declaring then that under the existing parliamentary usage in the house and senate changing the tariff law is out of the question. He contended that the first step to be taken was the modification of the rules so as to render it possible to amend an individual provision of the tariff law without taking the entire tariff question.

"The real issue," he said, "is whether we shall so amend our rules as to permit the amendment of the law schedule by schedule."

Cummins had not proceeded far until he was compelled to submit to interruptions. Senators Aldrich, Hale, Lodge and Carter participating in the debate.

SALOONS BY INJUNCTIONS.

Bemidji Saloonkeepers' New Method of Continuing Business.

Bemidji, Minn., Dec. 13.—Indications are that Bemidji's so-called "injunction saloons" will continue to be operated without hindrance for several months and perhaps permanently. While neither E. E. McDonald, attorney for the twelve saloon men, nor Judge Spooner, associated with him in the injunction movement, will give out anything directly bearing on the cases now pending, it is intimated that mandamus proceedings will be instituted for the purpose of restraining the government from preventing the shipment of liquors into this city to replenish the supply of dealers, which is fast being depleted.

It is also believed that Special Officer Brents received from Secretary Ballinger specific instructions not to disturb the twelve Bemidji "injunction saloons" pending a determination of the relative rights of the department and saloonkeepers under the proceedings.

Brents, it is said, will not retire from this section at present. It is stated that one deputy special officer will be stationed at each of the following places to keep a close scrutiny on closed saloons and to intercept if possible all shipments of wet goods: Duluth, at or near Grand Rapids, Bemidji, Big Falls, Brainerd, Akeley, Bagley and Mahnomen.

It will be the duty of these officers to hunt down and prosecute bootleggers or blind piggers, and they will co-operate with officers in all places.

Clubman Shot by Wife.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 13.—Although he is still in a serious condition at the hospital, physicians say that Herbert Mason Clapp, clubman and grandson of Mason, the "shoeblacking king," will probably recover from a bullet wound he received yesterday.

Mrs. Mary Clapp, his wife, who was arrested by the police after a statement made by the wounded husband that she shot him, was released on $2,500 bail last night. Mrs. Clapp spent the night at her father's home and today returned to her apartments where the shooting occurred.

She maintains the shooting was accidental. Mrs. Clapp admitted that she and her husband were struggling for the possession of the revolver at the time he was shot.

Asks Death Sentence.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Dec. 13.—When 18-year-old George Bloohas convicted of the murder of Eftimas Stergloelas, here last summer was sentenced yesterday to life imprisonment in Marquette prison, he begged the officers to hang him.

He said he would rather die than face the prospect of spending the rest of his days behind prison bars. Bloohas confessed he dropped a boulder on the head of his victim while the latter was asleep.

Twenty-Six Entombed.

Norton, Va., Dec. 14.—Twenty-six men were entombed by an explosion in the Grenno mine, of the Bond Coal Co., near Tacoma, at 9 o'clock this morning. The latest reports indicate that twenty-two of the entombed miners are dead. The explosion was caused by a quantity of gas becoming ignited in the workings of the mine.

1910 Accidents on Great Lakes.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 13.—There were fewer disasters on the great lakes during the season just closed than during the season of 1909. Last year there were 128 lives lost, a much higher toll than for 1910.

The worst disaster of this year was the sinking of car ferry No. 18 of the Pere Marquette railroad of Ludington, Mich., with the loss of more than a score of lives. The greatest monetary loss of the 1910 season was incurred when the steamer W. C. Moreland was stranded on Eagle reef, Lake Superior. The loss was $240,000 and the cargo $40,000.

Police Think Suicide Pact.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—John Christie whose home is in Duluth, Minn., lies in a hospital here today in a critical state from the effects of poison which he swallowed last night in an apartment in a fashionable north side district.

A police investigation developed that a woman acquaintance of Christie was also a sufferer from poison apparently taken at the same time. The woman was not seriously injured.

According to the police, there is ground for the theory that the poison was taken in a suicide agreement.

BURN OLD BONDS

REDEEMED PAPERS ARE BURNED IN PRESENCE OF GOVERNOR AND OFFICIALS.

CEREMONY AT CAPITAL

Papers Were Liens of $1,659,000.—Major Portion Stands for Loss in Wild-Cat Rail Schemes.

St. Paul.—With all the impressive ceremonies that usually attend the burning of a church mortgage, old time state bonds, valued once at $1,659,000, but which were redeemed during the last year, were fed to the flames in the furnace at the capitol engine house. Present at the service were Governor Eberhart, Attorney General Simpson, Secretary of State Schmahl, State Treasurer Pettijohn, State Auditor Iverson and several newspaper men. The documents consisted of $1,450,000 in state capitol certificates and $188,000 in Minnesota refunding bonds.

The destruction of the latter marks the disappearance of the last of the old railroad bonds of 1858, and closes one of the most interesting and exciting of the financial controversies in the state's history. On March 9, 1858, the first legislature elected under the constitution passed an act proposing an amendment, authorizing a loan of $5,000,000 to four railroads. The eagerness of the people in those days to encourage railway companies with large grants and subsidies resulted in the passing of the amendment by a large vote.

State Left Holding Back.

The bonds were issued and the companies proceeded to build their roads, but none was ever completed. The work was abandoned after bonds amounting to $2,275,000 had been issued. The state became the purchaser of these bonds at a foreclosure sale in October, 1860. In November, 1860, the people adopted an amendment which, in substance, repudiated the railway bonds by providing that no law levying a tax for the payment of these bonds would be valid until it should be ratified by a majority of the voters. It further provided that there should be no further issue of bonds under the act of 1858, and the law was stricken from the constitution.

For twenty years the bonds were not recognized as a valid state obligation. There was, however, a growing sentiment that a moral obligation rested upon the state to pay the debt. As a result the legislature, in 1881, provided for a compromise by which the holders of the bonds were to accept 15 per cent of the face value. The adjustment bonds, amounting to $4,253,000, were issued as substitutes for the old railroad issue.

Debt Now Wiped Out.

In 1891 the legislature authorized a refundment of the bonds of 1881 and after deducting the proceeds from the sale of internal improvement lands only $1,764,000 remained unpaid. Portions of these bonds were paid each year from a 2-10 mill levy. The last bond was paid recently, wiping out the entire obligation.

The payment of $1,450,000 capitol commission certificates, which also were destroyed, leaves $2,100,000 to be paid. This money is raised by a 2-10 mill levy. There will be enough money on hand on Feb. 1 to reduce the indebtedness to $1,850,000.

If the plans of State Auditor Iverson materialize the surplus of $850,000 in the state treasury will be used to pay off part of the certificates, reducing the debt to $1,000,000.

DENY NEW LINE IS TO BE BUILT.

Milwaukee Road Gives Little Hope to Farmers Around Willmar.

Willmar.—In reply to an inquiry by large delegations of farmers through the Willmar Commercial Club as to the probability of the Milwaukee company building the line of road projected from Hutchinson to Fargo in the near future a letter has been received from Vice-President E. W. McKenna containing the following statement:

"In respect to building a line upon a survey between Hutchinson and Fargo, which was made by this company last summer, the company has absolutely no plans in that direction, as it must be patent to an observer of events that the construction of any additional mileage of railway under existing conditions is entirely out of the question."

There is little doubt, however, that this line will eventually be built, and that a concerted action will be made by people interested in this and adjoining counties to convince the company that a route via Willmar, Sunburg and Starbuck would tap a country of far greater possibilities than that reached by the first survey.

STILLWATER MILL IS BURNED.

Tozer Company's Plant Destroyed—Loss Placed at $50,000.

Stillwater. — Fire broke out at South Stillwater, causing a loss estimated at from $60,000 to $60,000. The planing mill of the David Tozer company was totally destroyed. The plant was insured for about $40,000. The company intends to rebuild the plant at once. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is thought it started in the boiler room.

H. A. TUTTLE IS HONORED.

Minneapolitan Chosen Vice-President of National Rivers Congress.

Washington, D. C. — H. A. Tuttle, of Minneapolis, was elected vice-president of the national rivers and harbors congress, which is in session here. Capt. McDougal, of Duluth, and Grant Van Sant, of St. Paul, were selected members of the nominating committee, and John Rich, of Red Wing, a member of the resolutions committee.

PROGRESSIVES RALLY TO CALL.

Sidney Anderson Sends Acceptance of Invitation.

St. Paul.—The mass meeting of Progressive Republicans to be held in the Twin Cities, Jan. 4, will be largely attended and a success from every standpoint if the results bear out the indications. Frank B. Lamson, secretary of the Progressive Republican league, says that acceptance of invitations to attend the meeting are far in excess of their expectations and that many of the best known leaders in the Republican party will identify themselves with the movement at the mass meeting. The acceptance of Congressman-Elect Anderson from the First District was received.

The idea that a third party was to be the outcome of the meeting was declared by Mr. Lamson to be absurd and to have arisen from a newspaper editorial that had no foundation in fact. The sentiment of the meeting will include opinions on ten questions. The first two must be answered favorably by all delegates before allowed a seat in the convention.

The questions follow:

1. Adoption of the initiative, referendum and recall.
2. Extension of primary election law to all elective public officials, United States senators and delegates to national convention.
3. Nomination of all judges by nonpartisan petition.
4. Establishment of bureau of legislative research.
5. County option.
6. Amendment to corrupt practices act to prevent expenditures of large amounts of money in primary and general elections.
7. Federal income tax.
8. Placing all public employees under civil service.
9. Adoption of Wisconsin and Iowa ad valorem system of railway taxation.
10. Adoption of home rule charters by a majority vote.

A paper prepared in simple English showing the working of the initiative and referendum in states where it has become a law, is issued by the league and a brief explanation of what the two terms mean is also given.

PLEADS GUILTY TO ARSON.

Several More to Face Trial in Connection With the Same Offense.

Glenwood. — Richard Rogers of St. Paul, charged with the burning of a store in Westport, last June, had his hearing in justice court and was bound over to the district court. He pleaded guilty before Judge Flaherty to arson in the third degree, and was sentenced to four and one-half years at hard labor in the prison at Stillwater.

When asked whether he had anything to say, Rogers said he had been hired to do the work. He received a letter stating that there was $100 for him for doing a certain job. He met the man who had written the letter and asked him what he was to do. On arriving at Glenwood a team was hired in the evening, and when the men arrived at Westport he was ordered to set fire to the store. He did not know until he reached Westport what he was to do. Rogers is 40 years old. He has no trade, he says, but makes his money by gambling.

The case of the state against William Jones was then taken up. Jones was indicted last June by the grand jury in connection with the same fire. The state is represented by County Attorney J. O. Grove and State Senator C. J. Gunderson. Jones is defended by H. T. Ronning.

Indictments have also been found against James Adair of St. Paul, who owned the stock, and Harry Weller, who was in charge of the store for Adair.

SHERIFF LOSES JOB.

Removed by Governor for Not Stopping Steer Killing Contest.

St. Paul.—James McDevitt, sheriff of Dakota county, was ordered removed from office for neglect of duty in not stopping the steer killing contest, which took place at Premo park, West St. Paul, September 18. The removal is effective at once, and the county board will have the election of a successor. McDevitt's term would have expired January 1, as he was defeated for re-nomination at the primaries held two days after the famous contest.

The charges against McDevitt were made by officers of the Humane society, who contended the sheriff failed to do his duty in not stopping the contest, which was declared to be a brutal affair and not a proper exhibition to which to admit the public.

New Bridge at Fort Ripley.

Fort Ripley.—Crow Wing and Morrison counties will join in building a $1,500 bridge at Fort Ripley. The county commissioners of Crow Wing county authorized the auditor to advertise for bids for the 60-foot steel bridge across the Nokay Selhle river at Deggett Brook, deeming a new bridge better than the continual repairing of the old wooden structure.

ARRIVE IN NEW YORK SOON.

Body of Dr. Hutchinson Probably Will Be Buried in Faribault.

St. Paul.—John Hutchinson, brother of Dr. Hutchinson, who died at Algiers, Africa, secured definite information that Mrs. Hutchinson would arrive in New York about December 14. It is probable she has the body of her husband with her, although Mr. Hutchinson could not be certain of this. The funeral will be held at Faribault, the old home of Dr. Hutchinson.

CROOKSTON HALL DESTROYED.

Firemen Barely Save New Opera House and Hotel From Flames.

Crookston. — The Crookston Odd Fellows' hall, erected in 1881 and originally used as the court house, was burned to the ground. The new opera house and Crookston hotel were both in danger, but through the heroic efforts of the fire department the fire was confined to the hall building. The loss is estimated at $15,000, with about 50 per cent insurance.

MILLIONS ASKED FOR RIVER.

Treasury Estimates Include High Dam For Twin Cities.

Washington, D. C. — If the estimates of the treasury department sent to congress are adopted in making appropriations for this year $250,000 will be expended in continuing the construction of the high dam and locks in the Mississippi river at Minneapolis.

The total of the estimates for improving the Mississippi from the Ohio river to Minneapolis for the next year will be $2,500,000 as compared with $1,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 11, 1911. Of this amount $1,250,000 is needed for the work on the river between the mouth of the Missouri and Minneapolis. There also is an estimate that the work on the Mississippi river from the head of navigation to the mouth of the Ohio, river, including the expenses of the Mississippi river commission, will amount to $3,000,000 as compared with $2,000,000 of last year.

An appropriation of $3,600 for the maintenance of the St. Croix river is asked; for the maintenance of Agate Bay harbor, $2,000; for the maintenance of the Red River of the North, $5,500.

Among other appropriations for Minnesota and the Northwest are $2,500 for the improvement of the Wind Cave in the National park, South Dakota; $4,500 for the Duluth fish culture station, and $8,700 for the Homer, Minn., station.

For public buildings at Faribault, Minn., $20,000; Lead, S. D., $20,000; Sioux Falls, S. D., $12,000; Duluth, $95,000 for additional lands.

GUY EATON, OIL INSPECTOR.

Duluth Man is Given State Post by Governor.

St. Paul. — Governor A. O. Eberhart has announced the appointment of Guy A. Eaton, of Duluth, as state oil inspector, to succeed E. J. Lynch, whose term expires Jan. 1. The appointment comes as a surprise, as the Duluth man had not been mentioned for the position. Mr. Eaton was postmaster of Duluth for several years. He is at the head of the Minnesota naval reserve and was chairman of the St. Louis Republican county committee during the recent campaign. The other candidates for the office were Walter Lemon and Charles R. Parker, of St. Paul, and A. D. Brown, of Madison.

Governor Eberhart also announced the reappointment of Samuel Lord, of Kasson, member of the state tax commission. Mr. Lord was a Johnson appointee.

It was reported at the capitol that E. J. Lien, of St. Vincent, assistant librarian, was slated for state librarian. He has the unanimous indorsement of the supreme court. The other candidate is Asa Wallace, of Fairfax.

GAS PLANT WORK STOPPED.

Waseca Mayor Refuses to Approve of City Franchise.

Waseca.—The Waseca Gas Company's franchise, which has been the issue in two general and two special elections, has been brought before the district court for determination as to its validity, by the filing of a petition for an injunction restraining the gas company from further work on their mains and plant. This franchise was granted in a special election about two years ago, but the council at that time refused to allow the company to build the plant, and a special election was called by the council for the purpose of voting bonds for a municipal gas plant. Municipal ownership was voted down and in the next general election a council favorable to the gas franchise was elected. The franchise was granted, but the mayor refused to approve it. Notwithstanding this the company commenced work and has proceeded with the building of the plant until the restraining order was issued. The stockholders of the company are all residents of this city.

PHYSICIAN INDICTED FOR ARSON

Accused of Setting Fire to Auto to Collect $800 Insurance.

St. Cloud.—A sensation was sprung in the district court when the grand jury of Stearns county returned an indictment for arson in the second degree against Dr. J. C. Boehm, a prominent physician of this city. It is alleged in the indictment that Dr. Boehm set fire to an automobile belonging to him in order to collect $800 insurance on the machine.

A bench warrant was sworn out and the prisoner was arraigned before Judge M. D. Taylor. Bail was fixed at $1,000, which was furnished.

Dr. Boehm is one of the most prominent physicians here and the action of the grand jury came as a complete surprise. He has lived here twenty years and always has borne a good reputation, having served at times as an alderman, member of the board of education, secretary of the Stearns-Benton county medical association and at present he is a member of the government medical pension examiners.

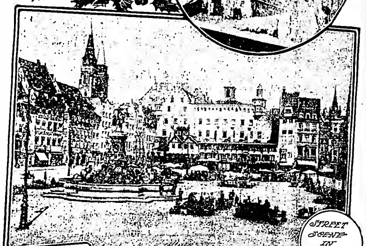
Minnesotan Dies in Turkey.

Washington, D. C. — Edmund H. Ozmun, of Minnesota, United States consul at Constantinople, is dead. It is stated that Mr. Ozmun had been suffering from grippe for some time, but the immediate cause of his death was disorders incident to a knotted intestine. Mr. Ozmun was one of the veterans of the consular service. He was, at one time, under consideration as ambassador at Constantinople, but it was decided to let him serve as consul at that point before advancing him to the diplomatic service.

Seians For Ramsey Statue.

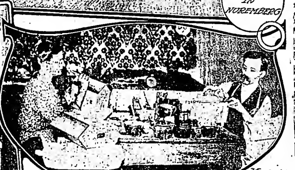
St. Paul.—The committee, appointed some time ago by the Junior Pioneers to start a movement to have a statue of Minnesota's first governor, Alexander Ramsay, placed in front of the state capitol, will take the matter up as soon as the legislature meets. W. J. Basille, a member of the committee, said the committee had talked the matter over with several members of the Ramsey county delegation to the next house and they had expressed a desire to further the project and have it brought before the legislature.

The Village of Always Christmas



FROM the rush and hustle of busy American city streets, alive at this season of the year with Christmas shoppers, back to old Nuremberg, in Germany, where the Christmas spirit lasts the year around, where Santa Claus spends his working months for the joy of the world's children—surely the step is not too great for the imagination nor its goal uninteresting as a study. Come out of your crowded streets, your people-packed stores, leave off for the time being your breathless chase after that troublesome "last present," and [illegible] into the quiet winding streets, the irregular [illegible] dovetailed by houses older than anything in the oldest parts of the United States. [illegible] above house full of a history as romantic as the proudest mansion of our city streets, and yet marked by a simplicity and single-heartedness seldom present in things modern. It is here that the toys are made which you buy in your home across the sea. Here in the quietness of the unmodern, the playthings are invented and perfected for your restless, buoyant children. You read "Made in Germany" with a skeptical tilt of the eyebrow, but the fact remains that by far the greater number of all the toys manufactured come from Nuremberg.

PUTTING HAIR ON DOLLS' HEADS


MAKING NOAH'S ARK

SCENE IN TOY WORKSHOP

The ancient feudal city, around which cluster the grim traditions of the Inquisition and the thrilling epic of the times of Charles V., has for four hundred years or more been the center of the children's fairyland. It has been and is the nucleus of Christmas happiness for the youth of every place in the Occident, and its charm is the perpetual one of joyous creation which delights in planning the amusement of little people.

In the factories they will tell you that 72,000,000 marks ($18,000,000) worth of pleasure is sent out from Nuremberg every year, and that $5,[illegible] of this export is for the benefit of Young America. Only a few years ago all of the necessary labor for this immense production was done by hand, and much of the finishing and fine last touches are performed by special artists. Even now in the factories the old spirit of an almost consecrated enthusiasm lives and is evident in the interest of the village artisans for their craft. Not merely the reason of bread and butter goes toward the making of those marvelous walking dolls, those phenomenal speaking picture books, those thousand and one games that have called for all the imaginative as well as practical genius of these honest German peasant folk. Rather has their unique industry called for and developed in them a romance, a sensitiveness of perception which is remarkable.

Follow the lurching, worn curves of the Albrecht Durerstrasse, and you come to one of the many homes of this Nuremberg spirit. In a miniature red-roofed house, wedged in among a hundred squat brown huts, live two old men—brothers, of sixty-five and seventy—whose white heads are constantly bent over small circles of wood—shaping, paring, carving, painting.

All day they sit there, sometimes all night, toiling over the delicately ornamented dolls' dishes which perhaps you have bought, as a small insignificant thing, just this afternoon for your small daughter's tree.

You looked at them carelessly; they were not especially original or attractive, and you shoved them into your bag with a half-hesitating acceptance, thinking that maybe they would please capricious Dorothy. How could you know that back in the village of Always Christmas old hands had fashioned those trivial plates and pitchers, old eyes had strained with loving anxiety over those fine traceries of columbine, and old hearts had warmed over those completed trifles with the same thrill of the master painter over his best?

But this was true. Indeed, nearly all of the simple wooden toys are constructed by hand, in some humble volkshause which goes to make up the aggregate creative force of Santa Claus' workshop. Take the tiny sets of soldiers, the doll's chairs and tables, the painted wooden animals whose realism is a delight to all children, actual or grown up. These are fashioned in homes, sometimes by the efforts of whole families, but most often by children themselves.

Sixteen is the age limit for child labor in the factories, but no young person is prohibited from assisting his parents at home, provided he spends the required period of time at school. So that many of those playthings which give most happiness to the children of America have been made by the children of Nuremberg. And if babies must work, what work could one find for them more appropriate or more pleasurable than this business of toy-making. They grow up in the midst of it, all their hereditary ideas are colored by it, the history of the city speaks of it.

Inside of half a dozen blocks you have trains, up-to-date hotels, electricity, motor cars, Parisian frocks, primitive carts drawn by huge mastiffs, funny tucked-away inns near the market place full of peasant women in wide black silk aprons and snowy white caps—crumbly fountains and a castle with a secret passage. All the elements of the fascinating past and the strangely progressive present within a stone's throw of each other. The realization of all that Nuremberg has been and has undergone comes to one most vividly as one stands looking down into the Schloss well 650 feet deep, where prisoners used to come to fetch water. Underground their passage led from the dungeons to this unlit circular pool, for state prisoners were never permitted to see the light, and the hollow splash of the water which the attendant drops into the well seems to re-echo, after an interminable half-minute, the hopeless pilgrimage of those countless victims of medieval fanaticism. Such is the potency of the ended. While the vitality of the occurring emphasizes itself far off, in one of the dozens of toy factories, whose very machinery whirs modernity, men, women and children—that is, children over sixteen—are massed into this building, all intent on the one idea, the creation of better and newer and more wonderful toys for everyone's children, in everyone's country.

It is seldom the industrial planet can boast of a broader ambition than this of the craftsmen of Nuremberg. To bring the greatest possible amount of pleasure, legitimate and often educative pleasure, to growing, active minds is surely an aim worthy of the finest art in the world. It even seems as though the thought back of the toys should surround them with a deeper meaning as gifts this Christmastide, since the added gift—the biggest gift—lies in the patient interested invention and accomplishment of which they are the exponent.

As for the inventors, strictly speaking, their reward seems infinitesimal according to our standards. The "boss" controls ideas as well as materials of output, and it is chiefly to his profit that new inventions in toyland redound. The man or woman who first thinks of or improves upon some plaything gets a very small per cent. of the income from it. To our new world standards of commerce it seems strange that the originator should receive such scant recognition and that without grumbling.

Very, very few Nuremberg toymakers have ever grown rich over their ingeniousness. It is true that ideas as well as toys in Germany sell for double what they sold for eight years ago, even! On the other hand the price of living has gone up appreciably, and what would have seemed a large purchase price then is only moderate now.

The staff of artists employed by the Nuremberg factory boss is in itself a not inconsiderable expense, and many a quiet charity is undertaken by these men who at home would be absorbed in getting rich. In the shop of Fritz Muller are various small kitchen gardens, carved and painted by a poor man and his sister after their regular working hours, and bought by Mr. Muller at high rates as his pet philanthropy. In this shop, now 100 years old, are seen all of the most novel of the toy-village playthings. The store was crowded with more children over thirty than under thirteen, and absorbed for hours over the clever and quaint attractions.

The doll's house of Nuremberg leaves nothing to be desired. Not only the usual rooms of a conventional menage are found in it, but conservatories with miniature orchids, fountains and watering cans; school rooms with tiny desks, a schoolmaster, very stern, with goggles and ruler, and children in aprons and carrying slates, the latter a sixteenth of an inch big; fields of flowers for the back yard and a swing for the smallest doll.

In all German art, of which toy making is by no means an insignificant department, perfection of detail has always been the salient feature. Every phase of home life is reproduced in microscopic form in German toyland, even down to the wee pairs of hand-knitted stockings and sweaters, the hob-nailed shoes and blue blouses which make up the wardrobe of the volks boy and girl.

The tourist season is a second Christmas for Nuremberg people, and they sell as many playthings in the one period as the other. An interesting point brought to light by this fact is the early differentiation of the American and European individuality, which shows itself in choice of games and pastimes. They say in the shops that an American child is invariably fascinated over the mechanical and complicated, that he finds intense interest in mastering the technicalities even of playing, while the European child likes a simpler but brilliantly colored toy, cherishing often a curious sentiment for traditional objects such as typify old world conservatism.

They are blessed with imagination, these village people, and they are not ashamed of showing their simplicity of spirit. Their souls are bound up in the heritage of centuries. The tragedies of their city's history wind about the toys they make, breathing into the wood a characteristic vitality—the vitality that comes of centuries of striving, of centuries of patient achievement.

As you sit in a swirl of red ribbon and foamy paper, "doing up" your Christmas presents, remember that many of them have come from this quaint little Village of Always Christmas. It may add to your holiday happiness to know that no pleasure which the toys may bring can be greater than the pleasure of those who made them, and that no good will of yours can outdo the quiet sincerity of purpose with which the simple people of Nuremberg have given their part toward this season of the universal gift.

CURIOUS BOOK JUST SOLD

Volume Entitled the Secret History of Orius and Adolphus and Much More.

The autograph "P. B. Shelley, Ireland, Dublin (sic) 1812," is on the half title of a curious old book which has been sold at Anderson's, in London. It is entitled "The Secret History of Orius and Adolphus, Ministers of State to the Empress of Orandinsula, in which are discovered the Labour'd Artifices formerly used for the Removal of Orius and the true causes of his late Restoration, &c. Printed in the year MDCCX."

Shelley, it will be recalled, went from Keswick to Dublin in 1812, when the agitation regarding Catholic emancipation was one of the leading topics of the day.

Other items of interest and value in the same sales are: A fine copy of the Nuremberg Chronicle, folio, printed by Anthony Koburger in that city in 1493, and containing among its remarkable woodcuts a portrait of "Pope Joan" with her child in her arms; the Petit Catechisme, 8vo., Paris, 1657, the rare first catechism to be printed in the language of Madagascar and dedicated by its author, M. de Flacourt, to St. Vincent de Paul; the editio prima of George Buchanan's "Rerum Scoticarum Historia," small folio, Edinburgh, 1582, a good and rare example of early Scotch printing; first editions of Dante Gabriel Rossetti's "Poems" and "Ballads and Sonnets," London, 1870-1881, two volumes, binding by Riviere; John G. Whittier's own copy of Harriet Martineau's "Retrospect of Western Travel," with his autograph in five places, and with various corrections and additions; an autograph presentation copy of William Wordsworth's "Yarrow Revisited and Other Poems" from the poet to Miss Feswick, to whom Wordsworth dedicated the notes to his poems, and the author's autograph Japan edition of William Walton's "Paris Known and Unknown."

STUDY OF CRIMINALS

Bavarian State's Attorney Writes Article on Juvenile Courts.

Munich Prosecutor Finds Less Than 500 Youthful Offenses in One Year Among More Than 600,000 People.

New York.—States Attorney Rupprecht of Munich, Bavaria, has written an article for the Munchener Medizinische Wochenschrift on juvenile courts and the study of the juvenile delinquent as the result of his experiences as a practitioner in the children's court in Munich, concerning which the Medical Record says:

"One result of the establishment of children's courts should be a more intelligent study of the juvenile delinquent. The boy criminal differs radically from the girl offender. Youthful offenders differ from adults. The children also differ, as to the relative frequency of offenses, according as they dwell in agricultural, manufacturing or commercial communities.

"In that city (Munich) the children's court takes cognizance of all offenders between the ages of thirteen and eighteen, inclusive. The lad or girl of healthy stock must at this period be regarded as potentially a criminal, because character and will are undeveloped, and experience has not yet had its innings. Such must not be confounded with defectives.

"Munich has but a small contingent of youthful criminals. In a population of nearly 600,000 there are less than five hundred serious offenses a year committed by juveniles. Petty offenses multiply this five fold, but with these we are not concerned.

"Theft is the great offense of youth. It overshadows all others so far that the latter appear almost freakish. The boy steals in an unpremeditated fashion, while the girl has a plan. Boys tend to steal 'junk'—not to sell, but for making playthings. Girls tend to appropriate cosmetic articles.

"We have heard much as to moving picture shows tempting boys to pattern after burglars and highwaymen. This theoretical position may be quite offset by the actual knowledge that in Munich boys steal to be able to visit these entertainments, which, for all we know, may be highly moral. The temptation is so strong that even a 'good' boy may pilfer the price of the entertainment. He will do as much to get hold of a Nick Carter or Sherlock Holmes story.

"The boys in Munich also steal in connection with deep laid plans for visiting the frontier and fighting savages. But the Bavarian youth must be much more long headed than the Anglo-Saxon in this respect, for he usually steals a horse and firearms before sallying forth. He robs the family strong box for the sinews of war.

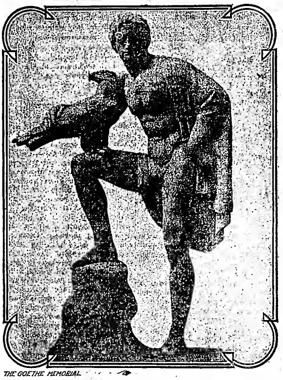
"Girls sometimes steal to make a present to a favorite school teacher. One took the flowers off a grave for this purpose.

"When caught in the act of a theft a boy usually confesses, repents and refuses to betray his associates. A girl lies until the last minute, and then endeavors to throw the blame on some one else. Boys almost always rob in bands; girls usually act alone.

"A boy seldom robs his employer, but some outsider; the reverse is the case with girls, who, since they pilfer cosmetics, adornments, etc., must almost necessarily rob their mistresses.

"The chief value of Rupprecht's study is that it deals with normal subjects, the policies advisable in dealing with whom have hitherto received comparatively little attention."

CHICAGO'S MONUMENT TO GOETHE


THE GOETHE MEMORIAL

CHICAGO.—Preparations for the erection of the memorial to the poet Goethe in this city are progressing, and art lovers are congratulating themselves on the fact that Chicago is to have a monument that is at once unique and artistic in design. The model selected was the work of Prof. Hermann Hahn of Munich. It is surmounted by an ideal figure of Youth, and bears a portrait of the poet in relief.

IGNORANCE OF LAWS

Much Money Lost Through Carelessness in Using Coins.

Jewelers Guilty Every Day of Committing Criminal Offense in Filing One Side of Coin Smooth—Other Offenses.

Chicago.—Thousands of dollars are lost yearly by big firms through ignorance or carelessness in observing the federal laws governing abuse of coins.

Just lately in Chicago a piano company came to grief in this way. Had they asked the proper authorities (the information would have been furnished gratis) or had they looked up the law they would have found in Section 165, public act No. 350, these words:

"Whoever fraudulently, by any art, way or means shall deface, mutilate, impair, diminish, falsify or lighten . . . the gold or silver coins which have been or which may hereafter be coined in the mint of the United States . . . shall be fined not more than $2,000 and imprisonment of not more than five years."

Much trouble and expense would have been saved the firm and the government had the law only been read. It all happened in this way: Some clever advertiser conceived the idea of an "ad" of metal just the size of a dime, with the wording and printing placed in such a way that at first glance it would appear as a dime. The idea was cleverly executed. A fair imitation of the head of Liberty was on one side and the advertisement on the other. The number was placed where the date on a dime is and the first glance certainly impressed one as the real coin. The other side had a sheaf of wheat and in the center the words "On Time."

The firm had no desire to defraud the public. But unscrupulous people who had access to them did. Several waiters at a summer park lost money by accepting the advertisement for real money, chewing gum machines were filled with them and at last the secret service learned how matters were and began an investigation.

There were 150,000 of the metals confiscated. Some stray ones, however, were in circulation and it took almost a year to "hunt them down."

Jewelers are guilty every day of committing a criminal offense. Every day some one of them lays himself liable to the law. According to the ordinance quoted above, to mutilate money is an offense in the eyes of the law. Jewelers file one side of a coin smooth and monogram it. The other side is perfectly good. Pins, bracelets, lockets and numerous other things are made. The owner never means to use the article for money. But some one gets hold of the pin or locket. He thinks the money would be more useful and so passes the coin with the pin or ring pulled off and the good side up.

To "change the complexion" of a coin also is an offense. That means to dip silver in gold. Only a few days ago a "lot" of shirt sets were confiscated and sent to Washington. The sets were made of Penang halfpennies gilded. Carelessness of the law again.

The only kind of coin that can be worn is that so completely mutilated that there can be no chance at all of passing it; for example, the filigreed dimes that the Mexicans make.

INSTITUTE TO STUDY RADIUM

Vienna Laboratories Will Be Devoted to Pure Science—To Examine Waters.

Vienna.—The new institute for the investigation of radium has been opened in Vienna by Archduke Rainer. Prof. Franz Exner, who has been chosen as the director of the new institute, explained in an opening speech that it is to be devoted entirely to research into the physical and chemical properties of radium, and not to the instruction of students, nor to studying the medical uses of the element.

The first tasks to which Prof. Exner and his assistants will address themselves will be the establishment of a standard for the content of radium in radio-active substances, an exact calculation of the atomic weight of radium, and the examination of mineral waters and rocks believed to contain radium.

CHINESE SAILORS FEED FISH

Crew of Steamer Chatham Throw Food Overboard for Member Lost by Drowning.

Boston.—So that their drowned brother might not feel the pangs of hunger while on the spiritual highroad to the other world, 23 Chinese sailors, comprising the crew of the British steamer Chatham, which reached Boston the other day from the west coast of South America, threw rice and other foodstuffs into the sea all the way from off the coast of Brazil to Boston lightship. Li Chow was the late lamented. Chow fell overboard while engaged in boat drill when the steamer was off the coast of Brazil. The Chatham was stopped and lifeboats launched; but before the speediest of them got within twenty feet of Chow he disappeared beneath the waves. Almost immediately after the steamer resumed her way the rest of the Chinese on board began stinting themselves and casting overboard what they saved from their own fare so that Chow might not go hungry.

That the Chatham encountered severe weather in her 10,000-mile journey was amply testified to by damaged deck fittings and smashed deck houses. The steamer was very hard hit when passing through the Straits of Michigan, sustaining most of the damage at that period. She was caught in a blizzard that kicked up waves, which in washing over her decks tore up steampipes and washed all movable objects overboard. The steamer's hospital was smashed in by one comber and several of the crew had to cling with all their might lest they be carried overboard by the receding water. Throughout most of the passage from Chile to Montevideo the steamer was covered with ice and snow, winter weather prevailing.

The Chatham started from Junin, Chile, on August 22, and called at five ports while en route. At Antofagasta she took on 3,010 tons of silver ore, valued at $500,000, and thus her cargo was one of the most valuable ever brought to Boston from South America.

Walks 800 Miles to Wed.

Tacoma, Wash.—Allan Rowe of Fairbanks, Alaska, walked 800 miles to Forty Mile after navigation had closed, that he might marry Mrs. Lawrence.

MONKEYS ON WILD RAMPAGE

Six Mischievous Little Animals Break From Cage and Take Refuge in Warehouse.

London.—Half a dozen trained monkeys gave a free exhibition to several hundred Clerkenwell children.

Escaping from a cage in a stable near Rosebery avenue, the monkeys soon overran the neighborhood. Scampering across roofs and running up rainwater pipes, they entered a warehouse by a broken window at which they chattered and grinned until their keeper recaptured them several hours later. The crowd was chiefly amused by the antics of the smallest, which bit and otherwise irritated his companions until they turned and by a combined attack punished him.

The owner of the monkeys, a music hall showman, was chiefly concerned lest the delicate animals should catch cold in the nipping east wind.

The beginning, middle and end of love is—a sigh.

NEW FRENCH THEATER PLAN

Perambulating House Seating 1,500 Will Travel by Aid of Automobile Train.

Paris.—A perambulating theater fitted with the latest scenic appliances and seating 1,500 persons will take the road in France next April. As in the days of Moliere, performances will be given where there is a favored spot, but instead of the chariots and horses there will be a train of eight automobiles, drawing 21 cars.

The idea originated with Firmin Gemier, a well-known Parisian theater director, and it became public through the fine arts report of Deputy Paul Goncourt. The following details of the scheme were given by M. Gemier:

"Local and provincial theaters usually are insufficient for fine dramatic productions. Moreover, many communities have no theaters. The whole idea is based on decentralization and the wish to carry culture to the provinces. I intend to give the classics and the best modern plays. When I arrive at a town I shall erect a tent with a stage, boxes, orchestra seats, drops, wing, scenery—everything complete, including a central lighting and heating plant. Thanks to a new system the lighting will be as good as in the best theaters.

"Special new scenery will be prepared for every play. There will be 20 actors, directed by myself, and I shall employ 40 machinists. We will sell seats from 20 to 60 cents apiece and will spare no pains to make the productions perfect in every way. We shall remain on the road until November. We cannot travel fast—perhaps only six miles an hour—but we shall at least travel surely. We expect a great success."

"Do you believe the scheme would be practicable in America?" asked the correspondent.

"I am afraid not," answered M. Gemier, hesitatingly. "Your roads are too bad."

Red Lake Falls Gazette

BY C. & C. BAKER

Printed Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year in Advance

He is the same Roosevelt still—very still for Roosevelt.

And by this time have you read all of President Taft's message?

The type foundries are probably prepared for a run on their stocks of the figure one about Jan 1, 1911.

Governor Eberhart acted wisely in tendering the appointment of state dairy and food commissioner to Joel G. Winkjer.

The Gazette will bet a 1910 straw hat against a Pennington county warrant—and that's offering big odds—that Pennington county never was.

Regarding that proposed division of Red Lake county and creation of the so called Pennington county—why, we haven't begun to fight yet!

Cook got back first, and that is about the only information the public has of the accomplishments of the late expiditions in the direction of the north pole.

Doesn't that picture of Dr. Cook with a laurel wreath about his neck haunt you still? And as you now remember it, was it not a sickly smile that distorted his countenance?

In his confession Dr. Cook says that he was so unnerved by the trials of the expidition to the Acrtic region that the sight of his shadow and many other silly things frightened him. But even that did not prevent him from having nerve enough as soon as he was back where the sun shines to put over the best fake story that has thrilled the world for a long time.

As a last suggestion, if you did not do your Christmas shopping early,—remember that this is the season of good cheer and it's your duty to smile when the fat lady steps on your toes

Newspaper scareheads say that "Roosevelt is Standing Pat." Why give such prominence to that statement? Everybody ought to know that Roosevelt never stood any other way.

In an editorial on the "Electric Light Trust," the Grand Forks Herald said in part, "The Herald is a firm believer in the general theory of the municipal ownership of public utilities. It realizes, however, that the wisdom of applying the theory depends very largely on the conditions which exist in the particular community. Generally one of two causes leads to a demand for municipal ownership. One of them is inability to enlist private capital to finance enterprises. This often occurs in small communities, and the other solution is that of municipal ownership. The other cause is an abuse of privilege by private corporations, or inability or unwillingness to provide adequate service at reasonable cost. When that condition exists there is almost invariably agitation for municipal ownership. We believe that if public service corporations had as a rule been managed with the same degree of enterprise, and with the same evidence of a desire to actually serve the people as has been evidenced by the company that now operates the light and power plant in Grand Forks, there would have been few cases in which municipal ownership would have even been thought of. If private capital is interested in preventing the growth of the municipal ownership idea it can accomplish its ends in no more effective way than by abandoning many of the conceptions of the past, and taking a firm stand in the modern idea that a public service corporation is in reality a public servant and that its interests are inextricably bound up in the prosperity of the community which it serves."

The property at Grand Forks and the power and light plant in this city were acquired by the H. M. Byllesby company last June and since that time many improvements in the local system have been planned and the work of improvement has been carried on vigorously. The apparent purpose of the company to give patrons the best of service is appreciated quite as much in Red Lake Falls as in Grand Forks.

This is the chief requisite for making Perfect Bake Day Foods

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

—Made from Grapes—

No Lime Phosphate
No Alum

COADJUTORS' REMARKS

Whats' an Indian reservation, dad?

An Indian Reservation, my son, is a large tract of land entirely surrounded by "firewater."—Cass Lake Times.

The St. Peter Free Press agrees that there ought to be a reapportionment bill passed at the coming session—provided of course, that "the matter of taxation, especially an iron ore tonnage tax, is conceded." There is too much of this kind of spirit rampant, at present. There is no reason why a just and meritorious bill should not be passed. There is, or has been, too much of this "you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours," in matters pertaining to legislation.—Browns Valley Tribune.

The Eleven Towns, Swanson, et al, are kicking because the farmers were not heard of when the Pennington county officers were appointed. The farmers got just what we told them they would get before election—they got it in the neck. Do you remember the five stars? Thief River Falls has three and the farmers two. You were a fine fellow when you was turning the grind stone for them to grind their ax but now you belong to the ignorant producing class. Good for you! It serves you right, and we are sure that they will hold you down so close that an eleven town farmer could not even get the position of official spitoon cleaner. Put in another kick. That's all the good it will do you.—Sunbeam.

INTERESTING ITEMS

News Stories Taken From the Columns of Exchanges.

Emil Brink was brought over from East Grand Forks on Monday and placed in St. Vincent's hospital for an attack of appendicitis. Mr. Brink was a former St. Hilaire boy who was at one time engaged in business in this city, and has a lot of friends here and in Red Lake county who will hope for his speedy recovery.—Crookston Times.

The J. B. Arpin Dredging company of Grand Rapids, Wis., was awarded a large contract last week in securing the work of digging Judicial Ditch No. 19 which will include parts of Roseau and Marshall counties. The work of building camps and getting the machinery on the ground will be commenced this winter, and active operations will be started as soon as frost goes out of the ground in the spring.—The Thief River News.

A young man by the name of Nelson residing north of Ada met with a serious accident in a peculiar manner last week. He had placed a .32 caliber cartridge on a fence post and used this as a target to test his marksmanship. He shot at it with a 22 rifle and struck the cartridge. This exploded and the force of the explosion shot the shell backwards, striking Nelson in the eye. He was taken to a physician, who found it necessary to remove the entire eye.

A story comes from Vita, a station on the Canadian Northern between Warroad and Emarson, to the effect that a big black bear was killed there by Mrs. Hyrenck and her daughter, who live on a claim three miles south of the station. During their absence from the house a bear wandered inside. There was a dog in the house and a fight ensued which brought the women in armed with an axe and a pitchfork, with which they attacked and killed the bear. The dog, however, was so badly used up that he died.—Plummer Pioneer.

One of the biggest real estate deals ever made in Norman county was placed on record last week. The property conveyed was what has for years been known as the Lockhart farm, owned by H. C. Suttle, who transferred it to C. C. Samson and H. J. Tremain for a consideration of $201,220. The Lockhart farm includes all of sections 7, 19, 20, and 29, and about half each of sections 17, 27 and 28, all in Lockhart township. The number of acres is 3,371 making the purchase price about $60 an acre. There are nice buildings on the place and most of the land is under cultivation. Mr. Suttle takes considerable St. Paul property in exchange towards the purchase price.—Ada Index

Council Proceedings.

Adjourned regular meeting of the City Council held at the city hall, Nov. 29th, 1910.

Meeting called to order by President Paul.

Aldermen all present.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed—

Geo. Cyr, filling tank and drying and reeling fire hose	$ 5.00
Arthur Lizee filling tank and drying and reeling fire hose	5.00
Jos. L. Miller, assisting engineer in filling tank	4.00
John Drier filling tank and drying and reeling fire hose	5.00
Jos. Salley, Secy, services by fire department at Freund's fire	93.00
Eus. Normandeau judge at registration meeting	3.00
Eus. Normandeau, judge at gen. election	5.95
Linus Holberg judge at primary election and at registration meeting	7.65
E. E. Fletcher, judge at primary election registration and general election	13.30
J. C. Mathews judge at general election	6.85
J. P. Harren judge at registration meeting and general election	8.95
John Marleau building voting booths	1.50
John Marleau judge at primary election registration and general election	13.00
J. O. Mathews judge on registration day	3.00
Frank Grenier judge at registration and general election	9.85
Wm. McIntosh judge at registration and general election	8.95
Albany Deforge judge at registration and clerk general election	9.85
E. G. Buse clerk general election	5.95
V. M. Healy clerk general election	5.95
Val. J. Detling clerk at primary and gen. election	10.30
A. L. Bronelis clerk at general election	6.95
John Deforge peace officer at gen. election	3.00
Otto Zaiser services as street com'r	14.00
Otto Zaiser services as street com'r	18.00
O. D. Bourdon assisting engineer establish street grades	2.50
M. Skala rent of building for election purposes	15.00
Simon Paul rent of building for election purposes	25.00
Julius Kaehl street work	15.75
Julius Kuelb street work	7.50
Francis Fabro street work	2.63
Julius Kaehl street work	13.50
Wm. Beausoleil street work	4.50
Wm. Beausoleil street work	4.88
Clophas Guerin street work	15.75
Fritz Gerka cement facing on culverts	6.70
The Robertson Lbr. Co., lumber and culverts	77.36
Aris Lambert drayage	2.50
A. J. Poollot supplies for city well	1.00
Orvis Hinds setting sidewalk grades	6.53
Dr. I. Lemieux medical services to pauper	8.70
Chas. J. Kruse special police	1.80
Clem. Brunelle special police	3.00
Ed. Trombly special police	3.00
Henry Belair special police	3.00
Henry Belair special Police	3.00
Henry Belair	3.00
James Brady plans and specifications repair of Clearwater bridge	10.00
Red River Power Co. lighting for October 1910	73.50
Exeria Chatel placing culverts and covering same	8.00

The street committee having reported favorably upon the work of repairing the Clearwater bridge, on motion duly carried said work was accepted and the Mayor and the City Clerk were authorized to draw the warrant of the city upon the city treasury for the sum of $290.00 in payment of said work.

On motion meeting adjourned.

SIMON PAUL, President.

Approved this 12th day of December, 1910,

J. A. DUFFY, Mayor.

Attest: Joseph Perrault,
City Clerk.

New heavy copper long distance telephone lines just completed, furnishing direct circuits to Duluth, Grand Rapids and all range points.

Rates have been made so reasonable and service is so high class that you can afford to telephone to these points.

Try this service today.

The Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company

WHY It is to your advantage to keep an account with the FIRST STATE BANK of Red Lake Falls:

BECAUSE It is a strong, careful, safe, liberal, prompt, accurate and successful institution.

BECAUSE It is a growing, active, progressive, up-to-date bank in every particular.

BECAUSE Your account will be appreciated by the bank and its officers, and your interests will be carefully considered.

BECAUSE This bank has an excellent fire-proof vault and the latest electric burglar alarm system for the protection of your funds and papers.

BECAUSE The bank studies the needs of its customers, and properly takes care of them, whether their business is large or smal

BECAUSE Its dealings with all customers are absolutely confidential and it is always ready to assist and advise you.

BECAUSE Our 26 years of banking experience, which, with our capable and conservative Board of Directors, has built up a large and strong BANKING HOME for the people of this community.

ECAUSE Our long list of satisfied customers should be an inducement for you to do your banking with the

First State Bank
RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

FARM LOANS HAVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

HORSES FOR SALE

I have 20 head of young geldings and mares, running from 1300 to 1500 lbs. Good stock and all guaranteed as represented.

J. A. Nicholson
One-half mile west of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

For Sale

Full Blood Poland China Hogs—6 sows and 20 younger pigs—at Farmers' prices.—C. J. McGinnity, Route 1, Brooks, Minn.

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ARIS LAMBERT. PROP.

Have just opened a new shop in the Boughton building and invite your patronage.
Phone 97

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN OUR LINE

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D.C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentis
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave,

CITY MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game. Poultry

Telephone 19

We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade

Campbell & Baum

A Good Shoe for Every Purpose

A dainty Ladies' shoe—one that combines style, comfort and wearing qualities. A patent colt skin blucher with soft pliable kid top, roomy toe, pointed just enough to give stylish effect so desired and a Cuban heel high enough to give the foot the proper arch.

Style 8520
Price

Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres; and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S.S.S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.
MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

COUPON-BALLOT
WORTH 5,000 VOTES

Candidate________________

IT WILL HELP HER WIN

This coupon-ballot is void unless 10 merchant's coupons are attached hereon or placed in the envelope with it. Vote this for your favorite candidate.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and uneral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

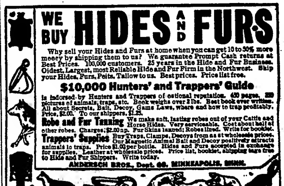
Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name..............................

Address..............................

If voted before December 22, 1910.



WE BUY HIDES AND FURS

Why sell your Hides and Furs at home when you can get 10 to 50% more money by shipping them to us? We guarantee Prompt Cash returns at Best Prices. 100,000 customers. 25 years in the Hide and Fur Business. Oldest, Largest, most Reliable Hide and Fur Firm in the Northwest. Ship your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Tallow to us. Best prices. Price list free.

$10,000 Hunters' and Trappers' Guide is indorsed by Hunters and Trappers of national reputation. 450 pages. 250 pictures of animals, traps, etc. Book weighs over 2 lbs. Best book ever written. All about Secrets, Bait, Decoy, Game Laws, where and how to trap profitably. Price, $2.00. To our shippers, $1.25.

Robe and Fur Tanning We make soft, lasting robes out of your Cattle and Horse Hides. Very serviceable. Cost about half of other robes. Charges, $2.00 up. Fur Skins tanned; Robes lined. Write for booklet.

Trappers' Supplies Buy Traps, Clamps, Decoys from us at wholesale prices. Our Magnetic Animal Bait and Decoy positively attracts animals to traps. Price $1.00 per bottle. Hides and Furs accepted in exchange for supplies. Leather at wholesale prices. Price list, booklet, shipping tags free to Hide and Fur Shippers. Write today.

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LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying railroad position in the spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition.

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DRINK HABIT

CURED QUICKLY

Without hypodermic injections

IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED AT ONCE to learn TELEGRAPHY. Greatest demand in years for telegraph operators. Salaries $85 to $135. Positions assured. Practice on R. R. wires. Can earn board while learning. Catalogue FREE. For particulars address

BARRY'S TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE
Department 29 16 South 8th St., Minneapolis.

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Reichert's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, *Minnesota*

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a.m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor.

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday [illegible] in M.B. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres., [illegible] Brown, Secy

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findalson N. G., P. A. Grady, V. G., F. A. Misso, R. S., Dr. J. E. Argue, F.S. H. C. Hansen, Treasurer

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

WEA MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural or natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3444 Luck Building Detroit, Michigan.

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List

Notice of Mortgage Sale

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Henry M Martinson and Maude E. Martinson, his wife, mortgagors, to P. M. Joice, mortgagee, dated September 15th, 1903, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., in Book 29 of Mortgages, on page 152 thereof, which said mortgage was duly assigned by said P. M. Joice, Mortgagee, to H. W. Spafford, assignee, by assignment, dated November 19th, 1903 and duly recorded on the 20th day of November, 1903, at 2:00 o'clock P. M. in Book "T" of Mortgages, on page 529 thereof, in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, which said mortgage was duly assigned by H. W. Spafford, assignor, to Charles E. Paulson, assignee by assignment dated June 23rd, 1910, and duly recorded November 22nd, 1910, at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in Vol. C of Mortgages, on page 469 thereof, in said Register's office.

There is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage and the debt secured thereby at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand Eight Hundred Eight and no-100 Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

And whereas the said Charles E. Paulson has paid the taxes assessed upon the lands and premises hereinafter described for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, which with interest, penalty and charges thereon amount to the sum of One Hundred Forty five and 89-100 Dollars, which is also claimed as a lien thereon.

The lands and premises conveyed by and described in said mortgage are situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and described as follows to-wit:—

The East One Half (E½) of the Northwest Quarter (NW¼) and Lots One and Two (1 and 2) of Section Seven (7) of Township One Hundred and Fifty (150) North, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing one hundred and fifty and one-hundredth (150.01) acres more or less according to Government Survey thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the lands and premises above described, will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 23rd day of January A. D., 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to pay and satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage debt and the sum of Fifty Dollars attorney's fees, stipulated in and by the terms of said mortgage to be paid as attorney's fees in case of foreclosure thereof, which is claimed as a part of the debt secured by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 3rd day of December, A. D., 1910.

CHARLES E. PAULSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

DUNN & CARLSON,
Attorneys for assignee of Mortgagee.
dec8-jan11

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Emerson Day.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Emerson Day Decedent.

Letters of Administration, with Will annexed this day having been granted to M. C. Harlow of Thief River Falls, Minn., and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent;

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday, the 21st day of March 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in Probate Court rooms at the Court House at the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said County as provided by law.

Dated December 17, 1910.

{ Court Seal } d22-j5 IRA O. RICHARDSON, Judge of Probate.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over SIXTY-FIVE YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Serial Number 1098.

AN OLD AND WELL TRIED REMEDY.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Stock holders of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn., will be held in said bank on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911. between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier.

Notice---Bids for Wood.

Bids for 50 cords or lesser quantity of green split and sawed poplar wood will be received at the office of the undersigned up to February 1st. 1911. Said wood to be delivered at the north side school house.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

I. LEMIEUX,
Clerk Independent School
d8-j7 District No. 15.

County Revenue Warrants Payable.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., Dec. 14.1910.

Notice is hereby given that all county revenue warrants recorded prior to July 1st, 1910, are payable at the office of the county treasurer and interest on same will be stopped 30 days from above date.

G. G. KINDSETH,
County Treasurer, Red Lake County, Minn.

Proposals Wanted.

Proposals will be received by the board of Auditors of Red Lake county Minnesota, until 5 o'clock p. m. January 4th A. D. 1911, stating the rate of interest which would be paid on monthly balances of county funds, subject to check and payment at all times on demand and the rate of interest which would be paid on such funds or any part thereof when deposited for any certain length of time and the security which would be given therefore. Owing to the changed conditions in the county the designation of all county depositories now existing will be cancelled and all banks are requested to file new proposals.

Dated this 20th day of December, A. D. 1910.

Board of Auditors of Red Lake County, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
22-29

Notice

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock p. m., January 18th, 1911, A. D., for the publishing of the Delinquent tax list of taxes delinquent on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1911, for the publication of the Financial Statement showing the conditions of Red Lake county, Minnesota at the close of business December 31st, A. D., 1910, and for the publication of Legal Notices including the publication of Commissioners' Proceedings during the year 1911, A. D.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 20th day of December, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

The Local Field

A new village hall is being erected at Plummer.

Born. Dec. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Webber, a daugher.

Miss Frede Ittner, who teaches at Wylie, spent Sunday in town.

Born, Sunday morning, to Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Wheeler, a daughter.

Mrs. Marchand of Grand Forks visited with friends in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Glen Richardson of Thief River Falls spent Sunday with his father, Judge Ira C. Richardson.

Fritze Yette of Louisville was attending to business matters in the county capital Tuesday.

Mrs. F. E. Wheeler of Fargo, mother of E. F. Wheeler, is a guest at the Wheeler home this week.

We will grind buckwheat for one week commencing, Monday, December 26.—Terrebonne Milling Company.

Geo. F. Fuller, the real estate loan man, was in the city this week, every will hereafter make regular trips and week. tf

Arnold Weber of Crookston was here Thursday to attend to some business matters and for a visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Remick, Miss Elsie Quesnelle and Wm. Bowdish, of Mentor visited with relatives and friends in Red Lake Falls Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Walker attended the poultry show at Crookston Monday. They were awarded first prize for a Buff Wyandotte exhibited by them.

Elaborate preparations are being made for a big New Years dance to be given at Woodman hall Monday evening, Jan. 2, 1911. Music will be furnished by Freund's orchestra. Tickets will be 75 cents and all are invited.

Donald Weatherby expects to leave soon for college. His father, Silas Weatherby, was in town this week making arrangements to mortgage Oak Farm to secure the money for his son's expenses. He will be in again next week.

The best offer, cash or time, takes my 160 acres. 40 acres cultivated, about 20 acres timber, balance prairie and meadow, being the SE¼ of section 34—152—44 Red Lake county. What will you give? A. H. Maas, 402 Andrus Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

I have secured the agency for the famous Washburn-Crosby "Gold Medal Flour"—the most calebrated flour in the world. I have opened up a feed and flour store in the Duffy building south of Spillane's confectionery and will endeavor to carry a line of flour and feed that will command your patronage. This flour will not cost any more than any of inferior make so it is to your advantage to come and see me.—Leo Steinert. tf

LAMBERT.

Jos. Bergeron lost a valuable horse last Sundey night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Sauve of Terrebonne attended mass at Lambert last Sunday.

School in Dist. No. 9 will close Friday for a two weeks vacation during the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Vigel Lambert of Red Lake Falls were visitors at Jos. Bergeron's home last Friday.

Angeline Turgeon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Turgeon, who has been very sick, is reported to be improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Parenteau and Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Parenteau and family were visitors at C. Robidoux's home Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Celina Lambert, who has been visiting with relatives in Lambert for a couple of months, returned to her home in Red Lake Falls last Wednesday. Her brother Alphonse accompaned her.

BROOKS.

Cyrille Lussier was at Little Fork last week.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. O. Payment, Dec. 16, a son.

Mrs. Charley Tugas has returned from Crookston.

Mss Amy Buskirk, who was quite sick, is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Robidoux spent Sunday at Mr. Tugas.

Narcisse Robidoux was a business caller at Erskine Monday.

Miss Cleo Wells is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Judd Asplain.

Miss Aigenia Tugas visited at the T. Robidoux home Saturday and Sunday.

The M. W. A. lodge will give a dance in the hall Thursday evening, Dec. 29.

Miss Loitie Beaudin visited her parents at Terrebonne Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Delia Ford and Miss Rebecca Tourgeon visited friends in Brooks Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Pareotean of Terrebonne visited their daughter Delia at Brooks Monday.

Leonard, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. August Deymonaz, is recovering from pneumonia.

F. H. Mowry returned Thursday from Grand Forks, Dunseith and other places in North Dakota.

Frank Deymonaz, Miss Mary Deymonaz and Miss Rose Lambert attended church at Lambert Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Vague will leave tonight for Adrian, Minnesota. She will also visit friends in Iowa, and intends to be gone for some time.

Miss Erma Schreiter

As "Cynthia Warner," in "Oak Farm" at the Bijou Theatre, Thursday and Friday, Dec. 29-30.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Townsend returned Tuesday from South St. Paul where they were called by the death of Mrs. John Townsend.

Leon Deymonaz, Alfred Berry, Mike Welch, Miss Bridget Berry and Miss May Welch visited at the home of Joe Beaudin at Terrebonne Sunday.

Brooks M. W. A. officers for 1911: Consul, J. B. Hebert; Advisor, W. O. Hunt; Banker, J. E. Buskirk; Clerk, Frank L. Cyr; Escort, Sam Ramsey; Watchman, Max Champagne; Sentry, W. A. Schroeder; Physicians, Dr. H. E. Levin, Dr. Robt. Clark; Manager 3 years, Leon Deymonaz; Manager 2 years, A. Laniel; Manager, 1 year, O. Lusier.

Mary Agnes Oben, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Oben, died early Thursday morning of pneumonia. She was two years, eleven months and seven days old. She had been sick only a few days. Monday she was quite sick, Tuesday she appeared much better, Wednesday she was considered out of danger. Mr. Oben went to get a load of lumber Wednesday afternoon and when he returned the child was unconscious. They at once telephoned for Dr. Levin of Erskne, but as he could not come, Rev. Fr. Roy of Lambert was called. Everythng possible was done for the child, but she grew steadily worse during the night. Little Agnes was a bright lovable child. Funeral services were held Friday morning at the Lambert Catholic church.

WYLIE

Joe Dorgan went to St. Hilaire Monday.

John Draeger returned from St. Paul Thursday.

C. B. Houston of Red Lake Falls was in town Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hansel spent Saturday in Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. Nick Eckstein and son Otto went to Red Lake Falls Saturday.

Joe Doarheim is spending the week visiting with friends in Crookston.

Fred Liebert came up from Fisher last week and is visiting at the Gothier home.

Miss Mary Draeger arrived Saturday from St Paul and will spend the winter at her home here.

Hans O. Anderson came up from Norcross, Minn., Friday and intends to make his home here in the future.

Clara Smidesaog and Alice Dreeland, Rudolf Landman and James Dreeland attended the dance given at M. Solands last Saturday night.

A Christmas entertainment will be given in school district No. 94 Thursday evening, in the Wylie school house Friday evening, at the German Lutheran church Saturday night and at the Swedish Luthreran church Monday evening.

Last Saturday at the Eckstein home occured the wedding of Miss Esther Eckstein and Mr. A. Anderson. The happy couple have gone to housekeeping on a farm north of town. Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Johnson of Red Lake Falls were among the attendants at the wedding.

To All Concerned.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person in my name with any merchants or banks or others as I can not stand for them after this date.

Dated Wylie, Minn., Dec. 1, 1910.
d15-29 ANDREW DREELAN.

Notice

All persons having fences or buildings on the mill reserve are hereby requested to remove the same within 60 days from this date.

Dated Red Lake Falls Minn., Dec 8, 1910.
d24 Leo Steinert, Owner.

Holiday Excursion Fares.

To points in Michigan and Eastern Canada via The South Shore. Please apply to agents for particulars.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Ferdinand Pepin.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ferdinand Pepin, Decedent.

Letters Testamentary this day having been granted to Louis Pepin of said county and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent;

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Tuesday the 7th day of March 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Probate Court Rooms at the Court House in the City of Red Lake Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said county, as provided by law; and that a printed copy of this order be duly mailed to each of the heirs of said decedent to the respective addresses given in the Petition for Probate of Will, filed in said Matter, on or before Dec. 12, 1910.

Dated December 6th, 1910.

{ Court Seal } IRA O. RICHARDSON, Judge of Probate.
d8-22

Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls

DO YOUR BANKING WITH The Merchants State Bank

you realize that money in your pocket brings you no profit and is gone before you know it

own interest demands that you put it to work and get some revenue for its use.

your money is the safest way to use it. You get interest and it is at ready command.

money in the bank you are secure against adversity and it makes life worth the living.

The Merchants State Bank will pay you 5 percent interest on your money deposits and will give you every advantage of its banking facilities to help you increase your deposits.

Farm Loans at Low Rate of Interest

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

The Merchants State Bank

Lanpher Furs

MAT SKALA
He Sells 'Em.

"Sunkists" are California's Choicest Oranges

SUNKIST ORANGES

On the breakfast table—in the sick room—for making salads, puddings and other desserts—for a bite between meals, in the lunch box, there is no fruit equal to the famous California "Sunkist" Orange. Being tree-ripened, sound-picked, packed and shipped with the utmost skill and care, it is the most healthful and luscious of all fruits.

Sunkist Oranges are thin-skinned—fiberless—seedless. They fairly melt in the mouth. There is so little waste in serving and eating them that they are truly the cheapest orange you can buy.

Every Sunkist Orange comes in a Sunkist Wrapper. Thousands of families will have none but Sunkist Oranges. After you have tried them once they will win you. Please make the trial today. Your dealer sells them. *And don't forget to save the "Sunkist" Wrappers.*

Ask for "Sunkist" Lemons

After you have eaten Sunkist Oranges, you will be glad to know there are Sunkist Lemons, for they, too, are the finest fruit of their kind. Never blemished, marred, decayed, thick-skinned or pithy. Sunkist Lemons contain 50 percent more juice than commonplace lemons, which makes them most economical for kitchen and table use. The "Sunkist" Wrapper identifies them.

SUNKIST LEMONS

FREE
Rogers Orange Spoon

Save 12 Sunkist Orange (or Lemon) Wrappers and send them to us with 12c to pay charges, packing, etc., and we will present you with a genuine Rogers Orange Spoon, of beautiful design and highest quality. Begin saving wrappers today. If you desire more than one, send 12 Sunkist Wrappers and 12c for each additional spoon.

In remitting, please send one-cent stamps when the amount is less than 24c; on amounts above 24c, we prefer money order, express order or bank draft. (Don't Send Cash.) We will be glad to send you complete list of valuable premiums. We honor both "Sunkist" and "Red Ball" wrappers for premiums. Address

CALIFORNIA FRUIT GROWERS' EXCHANGE
34 Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILL. (34)

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor

For Sale by Gr

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

The MAN in LOWER TEN

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

AUTHOR of THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

ILLUSTRATIONS by M. G. KETTNER

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SYNOPSIS.

Lawrence Blakeley, lawyer, goes to Pittsburg with the forged notes in the Bronson case to take the deposition of the chief witness for the prosecution, John Gilmore, a millionaire. In the latter's house the lawyer is attracted by the picture of a girl whom Gilmore explains is his granddaughter, Alison West. He says her father is a rascal and a friend of the forger. Standing in line to buy a Pullman ticket Blakeley is requested by a lady to buy her one. He gives her lower eleven and retains lower ten. He finds a man in a drunken stupor in lower ten and retires in lower seven. He awakens in lower seven and finds his bag and clothing missing. The man in lower ten is found murdered.

CHAPTER IV—Continued.

Some one was on the floor at our feet, face down, head peering under the berth. Now he got up without apology, revealing the man who had summoned the conductor. He was dusty, alert, cheerful, and he dragged up with him the dead man's suit-case. The sight of it brought back to me at once my own predicament.

"I don't know whether there's any connection or not, conductor," I said, "but I am a victim, too, in less degree; I've been robbed of everything I possess, except a red and yellow bathrobe. I happened to be wearing the bathrobe, which was probably the reason the thief overlooked it."

There was a fresh murmur in the crowd. Somebody laughed nervously. The conductor was irritated.

"I can't bother with that now," he snarled. "The railroad company is responsible for transportation, not for clothes, jewelry and morals. If people want to be stabbed and robbed in the company's cars, it's their affair. Why didn't you sleep in your clothes? I do."

I took an angry step forward. Then somebody touched my arm, and I unclenched my fist. I could understand the conductor's position, and beside, in the law, I had been guilty myself of contributory negligence.

"I'm not trying to make you responsible," I protested, as amiably as I could, "and I believe the clothes the thief left are as good as my own. They are certainly newer. But my valise contained valuable papers, and it is to your interest as well as mine to find the man who stole it."

"Why, of course," the doctor said shrewdly. "Find the man who skipped out with this gentleman's clothes, and you've probably got the murderer."

"I went to bed in lower nine," I said, my mind full again of my lost papers, "and I wakened in number seven. I was up in the night prowling around, as I was unable to sleep, and I must have gone back to the wrong berth. Anyhow, until the porter wakened me this morning I knew nothing of my mistake. In the interval the thief—murderer, too, perhaps—must have come back, discovered my error, and taken advantage of it to further his escape."

The inquisitive man looked at me from between narrowed eyelids, ferret like.

"Did anyone on the train suspect you of having valuable papers?" he inquired. The crowd was listening intently.

"No one," I answered promptly and positively.

The doctor was investigating the murdered man's effects. The pockets of his trousers contained the usual miscellany of keys and small change, while in his hip pocket was found a small pearl-handled revolver of the type women usually keep around. A gold watch with a Masonic charm had slid down between the mattress and the window, while a showy diamond stud was still fastened in the bosom of his shirt. Taken as a whole, the personal belongings were those of a man of some means, but without any particular degree of breeding. The doctor heaped them together.

"Either robbery was not the motive," he reflected, "or the thief overlooked these things in his hurry."

The latter hypothesis seemed the more tenable, when, after a thorough search, we found no pocketbook and less than a dollar in small change.

The suit-case gave no clew. It contained one empty leather-covered flask and a pint bottle, also empty, a change of linen and some collars with the laundry mark, S. H. In the leather tag on the handle was a card with the name Simon Harrington, Pittsburg.

The conductor sat down on my unmade berth, across, and made an entry of the name and address. Then, on an old envelope, he wrote a few words and gave it to the porter, who disappeared.

"I guess that's all I can do," he said. "I've had enough trouble this trip to last for a year. They don't need a conductor on these trains any more; what they ought to have is a sheriff and a posse."

The porter from the next car came in and whispered to him. The conductor rose unhappily.

"Next car's caught the disease," he grumbled. "Doctor, a woman back there has got mumps or bubonic plague, or something. Will you come back?"

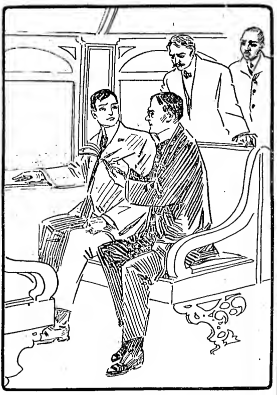
The strange porter stood aside.

"Lady about the middle of the car," he said. "In black, sir, with queer-looking hair—sort of copper color, I think, sir."

CHAPTER V.

The Woman in the Next Car.

With the departure of the conductor and the doctor, the group around lower ten broke up, to re-form in smaller knots through the car. The porter remained on guard. With something of relief I sank into a seat. I wanted to think, to try to remember the details of the previous night. But my inquisitive acquaintance had other intentions. He came up and sat down beside me. Like the conductor, he had



"Did Anyone Suspect You of Having Valuable Papers?"

taken notes of the dead man's belongings, his name, address, clothing and the general circumstances of the crime. Now with his little notebook open before him, he prepared to enjoy the minor sensation of the robbery.

"And now for the second victim," he began cheerfully. "What is your name and address, please?"

I eyed him with suspicion.

"I have lost everything but my name and address," I parried. "What do you want them for? Publication?"

"Oh, no; dear, no!" he said, shocked at my misapprehension. "Merely for my own enlightenment. I like to gather data of this kind and draw my own conclusions. Most interesting and engrossing. Once or twice I have forestalled the results of police investigation—but entirely for my own amusement."

I nodded tolerantly. Most of us have hobbies; I knew a man once who carried his handkerchief up his sleeve and had a mania for old colored prints cut out of Godey's Lady Book.

"I use that inductive method originated by Poe and followed since with such success by Conan Doyle. Have you ever read Gaboriau? Ah, you have missed a treat, indeed. And now, to get down to business, what is the name of our escaped thief and probable murderer?"

"How on earth do I know?" I demanded impatiently. "He didn't write it in blood anywhere, did he?"

The little man looked hurt and disappointed.

"Do you mean to say," he asked, "that the pockets of those clothes are entirely empty?"

The pockets! In the excitement I had forgotten entirely the sealskin grip which the porter now sat at my feet, and I had not investigated the pockets at all. With the inquisitive man's pencil taking note of everything that I found, I emptied them on the opposite seat.

Upper left-hand waist-coat, two lead pencils and a fountain pen; lower right waist-coat, matchbox and a small stamp book; right-hand pocket coat, pair of gray suede gloves, new, size seven and a half; left-hand pocket, gun-metal cigarette case studded with pearls, half-full of Egyptian cigarettes. The trousers pockets contained a gold penknife, a small amount of money in bills and change, and a handkerchief with the initial "S" on it.

Further search through the coat discovered a card-case with cards bearing the name Henry Pinckney Sullivan, and a leather flask with gold mountings, filled with what seemed to be very fair whisky, and monogrammed H. P. S.

"His name evidently is Henry Pinckney Sullivan," said the cheerful follower of Poe, as he wrote it down. "Address as yet unknown. Blonde, probably. Have you noticed that it is almost always the blonde men who affect a very light gray, with a touch of red in the scarf? Fact, I assure you. I kept a record once of the summer attire of men, and 90 per cent. followed my rule. Dark men like you affect navy blue, or brown."

In spite of myself I was amused at the man's shrewdness.

"Yes; the suit he took was dark—a blue," I said.

He rubbed his hands and smiled at me delightedly.

"Then you wore black shoes, not tan," he said, with a glance at the aggressive yellow ones I wore.

"Right again," I acknowledged. "Black low shoes and black embroidered hose. If you keep on you'll have a motive for the crime, and the murderer's present place of hiding. And if you come back to the smoker with me, I'll give you an opportunity to judge if he knew good whisky from bad."

I put the articles from the pockets back again and got up. "I wonder if there is a diner on?" I said. "I need something sustaining after all this."

I was conscious then of some one at my elbow. I turned to see the young woman whose face was so vaguely familiar. In the very act of speaking she drew back suddenly and colored.

"Oh—I beg your pardon," she said hurriedly, "I—thought you were—some one else." She was looking in a puzzled fashion at my coat. I felt all the cringing guilt of a man who has accidentally picked up the wrong umbrella; my borrowed caller sat tight on my neck.

"I'm sorry," I said idiotically. "I'm sorry, but—I'm not." I have learned since that she has bright brown hair, with a loose wave in it that drops over her ears, and dark blue eyes with black lashes and—but what does it matter? One enjoys a picture as a whole; not as the sum of its parts.

She saw the flask then, and her errand came back to her. "One of the ladies at the end of the car has fainted," she explained. "I thought perhaps a stimulant—"

I picked up the flask at once and followed my guide down the aisle. Two or three women were working over the woman who had fainted. They had opened her collar and taken out her hair pins, whatever good that might do. The stout woman was vigorously rubbing her wrists, with the idea, no doubt, of working up her pulse! The unconscious woman was the one for whom I had secured lower II at the station.

I poured a little liquor in a bungling masculine fashion between her lips as she leaned back, with closed eyes. She choked, coughed and rallied somewhat.

"Poor thing," said the stout lady. "As she lies back that way I almost think it was my mother; she used to faint so much."

"It would make anybody faint," chimed in another. "Murder and robbery in one night and on one car. I'm thankful I always wear my rings in a bag around my neck—even if they do get under me and keep me awake."

The girl in blue was looking at us with wide, startled eyes. I saw her pale a little, saw the quick, apprehensive glance which she threw at her traveling companion, the small woman I had noticed before. There was an exchange—almost a clash—of glances. The small woman frowned. That was all. I turned my attention again to my patient.

She had revived somewhat, and now she asked to have the window opened. The train had stopped again and the car was oppressively hot. People around were looking at their watches and grumbling over the delay. The doctor bustled in with a remark about its being his busy day. The amateur detective and the porter together mounted guard over lower ten. Outside the heat rose in shimmering waves from the tracks; the very wood of the car was hot to touch. A Camberwell Beauty darted through the open door and made its way, in erratic plunges, great wings waving, down the sunny aisle. All around lay the peace of harvested fields, the quiet of the country.

CHAPTER VI.

The Girl in Blue.

I was growing more and more irritable. The thought of what the loss of the notes meant was fast crowding the murder to the back of my mind. The forced inaction was intolerable. The porter had reported no bag answering the description of mine on the train, but I was disposed to make my own investigation. I made a tour of the cars, scrutinizing every variety of hand luggage, ranging from luxurious English bags with gold mountings to the wicker nondescript of the day coach at the rear. I was not alone in my quest, for the girl in blue was just ahead of me. Car by car she preceded me through the train, unconscious that I was behind her, looking at each passenger as she passed. I fancied the proceeding was distasteful, but that she had determined on a course and was carrying it through. We reached the end of the train almost together—empty-handed, both of us.

The girl went out to the platform. When she saw me she moved aside, and I stepped out beside her. Behind us the track curved sharply; the early sunshine threw the train, in long black shadow, over the hot earth. Forward somewhere they were hammering. The girl said nothing, but her profile was strained and anxious.

"I—if you have lost anything," I began, "I wish you would let me try to help. Not that my own success is anything to boast of."

She hardly glanced at me. It was not flattering.

"I have not been robbed, if that is what you mean," she replied quietly. "I am—perplexed. That is all."

There was nothing to say to that. I lifted my hat—the other fellow's hat—and turned to go back to my car. Two or three members of the train crew, including the conductor, were standing in the shadow talking. And at that moment, from a farmhouse near came the swift clang of the breakfast bell, calling in the hands from barn and pasture. I turned back to the girl.

"We may be here for an hour," I said, "and there is no buffet car on. If I remember my youth, that bell means ham and eggs and country butter and coffee. If you care to run the risk—"

"I am not hungry," she said, "but perhaps a cup of coffee—dear me, I believe I am hungry," she finished. "Only—" She glanced back of her.

"I can bring your companion," I suggested, without enthusiasm. But the young woman shook her head.

"She is not hungry," she objected, "and she is very—well, I know she wouldn't come. Do you suppose we could make it if we run?"

"I haven't any idea," I said cheerfully. "Any old train would be better than this one, if it does leave us behind."

"Yes. Any train would be better than this one," she repeated gravely. I found myself watching her changing expression. I had spoken two dozen words to her and already I felt that I knew the lights and shades in her voice—I, who had always known how a woman rode to hounds, and who never could have told the color of her hair.

I stepped down on the ties and turned to assist her, and together we walked back to where the conductor and the porter from our car were in close conversation. Instinctively my hand went to my cigarette pocket and came out empty. She saw the gesture.

"If you want to smoke, you may," she said. "I have a big cousin who smokes all the time. He says I am 'kippered.'"

I drew out the gun-metal cigarette case and opened it. But this most commonplace action had an extraordinary result: The girl beside me stopped dead still and stood staring at it with fascinated eyes.

"Is—where did you get that?" she demanded, with a catch in her voice; her gaze still fixed on the cigarette case.

"Where Did You Get That?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

* * *

Art in Commerce.

There must be a considerable touch of the artist in the modern grocer. Groceries at first blush would seem to be colorless, unromantic things, but any such impression is a wrong one. Very little imagination is sufficient to reveal the real romance there is in groceries, and as to the artistic capabilities they possess in capable hands there is ocular demonstration in our many big, fine grocery stores that they are considerable. The grocer of to-day recognizes the great value of attractiveness. A man may strongly desire something, but when it is put up in a way which attracts and pleases his eye he more than wants it; he finds he cannot do without it. Manufacturers in Yankeedom send their goods into the world in dainty, often really beautiful, forms. And the retailer for his part ably seconds the manufacturer by arranging the goods he sells with all the taste and care of an artist.

Fowl Fare.

Slammer.—What did you think of the Sunday dinner at the boarding house?

Drama.—O, it was a case of fowl is fair and fare is foul.

OLDEST "QUAKER CITY" HOUSE

Residence Erected in Philadelphia in the Year 1692 Is Still Standing.

Philadelphia.—Although Philadelphia is known as the "City of Homes" and contains many public buildings of historic renown, the number of residences of the seventeenth century now standing are comparatively few. One of the reasons for the disappearance of the old landmarks is the fact that many of the old residential sections of the city have been transformed into business localities and the old structures have given place to modern office buildings and business houses. It is a curious fact that the oldest house in Philadelphia, and the only residence of size in the city with gable ends facing on the street, stands at American and Ionic streets, in the very heart of the business and wholesale section bounded by Chestnut and Walnut, and Second and Third streets.

Philadelphia's Oldest House.

While this house is generally recognized as the oldest dwelling in the city, the exact date of its construction is not known. There are two bricks in the walls which are scratched with dates. One of them is inscribed "1701," while the other indistinctly bears figures "1692." It is upon the last figures that the claim of antiquity is based and the various historical societies of the city are convinced that the belief is correct.

Although no effort has been made by the various historical societies or the city to preserve it, the old building is in good condition, and from present indications, it looks as though it could withstand the buffetings of another century. The walls bear no cracks, and the plaster which holds the bricks together hardly shows its two centuries of wear. The joists of the two floors are solid and must have been of exceptionally well seasoned timber originally. In only two rooms has the flooring been renewed, and this was done when they were combined to make more room for the present tenant.

From all that can be learned the house has been in constant use since its construction, and its various tenants have from time to time brought the interior of the house up to modern ideas excludes the possibility of divulging any idea of the interior decorations of the colonial days. Very little is known of its former tenants, except that it was once the residence of Samuel Mickel, in 1736. He was the man who talked so discouragingly to Benjamin Franklin when he advanced the project of setting up a printing office in the city.

FAMOUS WAR ARTIST IS DEAD

Melton Prior Represented the Illustrated London News in 24 Campaigns and Revolutions.

London, Eng.—Melton Prior, who died recently, held the remarkable record of having served his paper, the Illustrated London News, as correspondent and artist in 24 campaigns and revolutions. There was no part of the world, civilized or savage, that was not familiar to him. He was acquainted with the prairies of the west, the pampas of South America, the jungles of Africa, the steppes of Russia, the rugged sternness of Central Asian plateau, and he knew Corea and Japan as well as the country of Kent or Devonshire. He began his experiences as a war artist and correspondent in the Ashante campaign of 1873. He was in the Russo-Turkish war, the desperate struggle between Russia and Japan and the Boer fight for freedom in South Africa. He was an artist of ability and faithful in his delineation of characters and scenes.

Melton Prior.

A Few Fad Warnings.

Chicago.—Drink Water and get typhoid fever. Drink milk and get tuberculosis. Drink whisky and get jimjams. Eat meat and encourage cancer, apoplexy and appendicitis. Eat oysters and absorb typhoid gastric poison germs. Eat vegetables and give the system Asiatic thin-blooded weakness. Eat dessert and die with paresis or something else. Smoke cigarettes and die too soon. Drink coffee and fall into insomnia and nervous prostration. Drink tea and get weak heart. Drink wine and so drink gout.

Blame it all, if you want to keep well, quit eating and drinking, smoking and loving, and before breathing or touching anything see that the air and everything is perfectly sterilized. Some scientific cranks or madmen think every man should so live, while another set of cranks think all modern science is nonsense. There is a scientific moderation in living that almost surely insures long life, no matter what the different kinds of cranks say.

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

GIVE HER ANOTHER.

Fondpar—You say baby swallowed a spoon? Did it hurt her?

Mrs. Fondpar—I'm afraid so; she hasn't been able to stir since!

Does Your Cat Cough?

Poor pussy! As if the immemorial charges against her of keeping us awake o' nights and of eating canary birds whenever she gets the chance were not enough, the doctors have just discovered that for years she has been responsible for the spread of diphtheria. Dr. G. J. Awburn of Manchester, England, having traced an epidemic of this disease in a suburb of that city to a pet cat belonging to one of his patients, has found, after much clever investigation, that all cats are peculiarly susceptible to diphtheritic affections of the throat. He has therefore recently been warning all families who own cats: to watch them carefully, and, if they develop coughs, to forbid their being hugged and petted. Dr. Awburn further recommends that if the cough persists and the cat begins to grow thin to have the animal destroyed at once. The only really safe way, he says, is to let the first wheeze be pussy's death warrant.

Tribute to Painter's Skill.

One of the still life paintings by Jan van Huysen in the museum at The Hague was recently injured, but it is believed the perpetrator was neither vandal nor thief.

The picture represents a basket of fruit on which a number of insects have gathered. On a pale yellow apple, which is the centerpiece in the cluster of fruit, is a large fly, painted so true to nature, so say the officials of the gallery, that the canvas was injured by some one who endeavored to "shoo" it and brought his cane or hand too close to the canvas. "A tribute to the painter's genius," says the letter recording the fact, "for which the work had to suffer."

What World Lost?

"It was the worst calamity that ever happened to me," sighed the pale, intellectual high browed young woman. "I had written a modern society novel, complete to the last chapter, and a careless servant girl gathered the sheets of the manuscript from the floor, where the wind had blown them, and used them to start a fire in the grate."

"What a burning shame that was!" commented Miss Tartan.

Sense of Taste.

From a series of experiments recently made at the University of Kansas it is evident that the average person can taste the bitter of quinine when one part is dissolved in 52,000 parts of water. Salt was detected in water when one part to 640 of the liquid was used. Sugar could be tasted in 228 parts of water and common soda in 48. In nearly all cases women could detect a smaller quantity than men.

Why Kick?

Louis Wisne, the Newark artist, wore a gloomy look on his usually cheerful face.

"It has just struck me," he said to Charles Stasse, "that my shoes don't cost me as much as my youngster's."

"Then what are you complaining about?" asked Stasse.

Asking Too Much.

"The count has promised that he will never beat or kick me if I will marry him," said the beautiful heiress.

"But has he promised to work for you?" her father asked.

"Oh, papa, don't be unreasonable."

EAGER TO WORK.

Health Regained by Right Food.

The average healthy man or woman is usually eager to be busy at some useful task or employment.

But let dyspepsia or indigestion get hold of one, and all endeavor becomes a burden.

"A year ago, after recovering from an operation," writes a Michigan lady, "my stomach and nerves began to give me much trouble.

"At times my appetite was voracious, but when indulged, indigestion followed. Other times I had no appetite whatever. The food I took did not nourish me and I grew weaker than ever.

"I lost interest in everything and wanted to be alone. I had always had good nerves, but now the merest trifle would upset me and bring on a violent headache. Walking across the room was an effort and prescribed exercise was out of the question.

"I had seen Grape-Nuts advertised, but did not believe what I read at the time. At last when it seemed as if I was literally starving, I began to eat Grape-Nuts.

"I had not been able to work for a year, but now after two months on Grape-Nuts I am eager to be at work again. My stomach gives me no trouble now, my nerves are steady as ever, and interest in life and ambition have come back with the return to health."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Fargo Directory

Pioneer Life Insurance Co. All premiums are left in your state for its development. Country banks may become depositories. Policies guaranteed by state deposit. Agents wanted. J. J. FECKLER, Secy., Fargo, N. Dak.

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies. Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention. FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

KODAK adds enjoyment to every sport or recreation. Kodak way is easy and simple. Kodaks $5 to $110. Ask us for a copy of the Kodak Catalog. H. A. Hayes Newton Co., Fargo, N. D.

Smedley & Co. The Leading Florists. FARGO, N. D.

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO. Growers and shippers of CUT FLOWERS, PLANTS, etc. The largest facilities and best appointed service in the West for handling out of town orders. Funeral designs made on short notice. Phone or write us Night or Day. Established a quarter of a century. Send for catalogue. Corner Broadway & Front Street, Fargo, N. D.

DAKOTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. Complete courses in Music and Dramatic Art. Catalogue free. Fargo, North Dakota.

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

CHAS. PILLING, Clifford Block, Grand Forks, N. Dak.

(Use address nearest you.)

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Breut Good

DO YOU WANT TO DISPOSE OF YOUR POULTRY FOR CASH? —WRITE— R. E. COBB ST. PAUL, MINN.

Bad BLOOD

"Before I began using Cascarets I had a bad complexion, pimples on my face, and my food was not digested as it should have been. Now I am entirely well, and the pimples have all disappeared from my face. I can truthfully say that Cascarets are just as advertised; I have taken only two boxes of them."

Clarence R. Griffin, Sheridan, Ind.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 927

WHO IS TO BLAME. Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney remedy promptly relieves. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

DEFIANCE Gold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

PATENT your invention. Free preliminary search. Booklet free. Milo B. Stevens & Co. Estab. 1864. 655 14th St., Washington; 20 Dearborn St., Chicago.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 51–1910.

PISO'S

Sore Throat? you need a remedy

CURE THAT COLD TODAY

"I would rather preserve the health of a nation than be its ruler."—MUNYON.

Thousands of people who are suffering with colds are about today. Tomorrow they may be prostrated with pneumonia. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Get a 25 cent bottle of Munyon's Cold Cure at the nearest drug store. This bottle may be conveniently carried in the vest pocket. If you are not satisfied with the effects of the remedy, send us your empty bottle and we will refund your money. Munyon's Cold Cure will speedily break up all forms of colds and prevent grippe and pneumonia. It checks discharges of the nose and eyes, stops sneezing, allays inflammation and fever, and tones up the system.

If you need Medical Advice, write to Munyon's Doctors. They will carefully diagnose your case and advise you by mail, absolutely free.

Prof. Munyon, 53d and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

MORE EGGS

I have discovered a great secret—how to make 100 hens lay 80 eggs a day in winter; failure impossible; I prove it by sending my successful method on FREE TRIAL; you don't have to pay till your hens lay. Send for it TODAY to

Mrs. L. Alley, Box 7, New Madrid, Mo.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

TWO WORLD FAMED GRANNIES

One of These Talented Women Is Sarah Bernhardt and the Other Ellen Terry.

Two famous grandmothers are distinguished visitors of this country. Referring to these talented ladies The Rochester Post Express says: "One of the grandmothers is Mme. Sarah Bernhardt; the other is Ellen Terry. Both actresses have reached an age when it is permissible to retire from active life, but the French actress is said to be as energetic as a woman half her age, while Ellen Terry is declared to be as young as ever she was in the palmy days when she and Henry Irving ruled the theatrical world of England. Miss Terry has retired from the stage so far as acting is concerned, and has taken to lecturing on Shakespeare's heroines. And who could do better than she who has played so many of the womanly women of the great dramatist? Readers of her breezy biography know what she thinks of Portia, Beatrice, Viola, Rosalind and other famous women of the tragedies and comedies, but no printed page could charm as does the wonderfully expressive features and the velvet voice of the greatest living English-speaking actress."

Why Do They.

Why women like the baldheaded man it is somewhat difficult to define. It may be because he appears to be:

Thoughtful and kind.

Trustworthy and confiding. Whimsical. Past the follies and frivolities of youth.

Usually successful.

A man of property.

Opinions why women like the baldheaded man obtained by the Daily Mirror are as follows:

He is not silly like young men.

He accepts refusals of marriage so nicely that one is sorry one did not accept him.

The bald patch looks so clean and nice. One would like to kiss it.

A doctor welcomes baldness when it comes to him, as it is a sign of sedateness and dignified learning, which invariably increases his practise.

Literary Accuracy.

"You write of your hero as stealing home in the darkness," said the editor.

"Yes," replied the author.

"Well, you ought to know better than that. He couldn't steal home in the dark. If it was dark enough to be worth noticing the game would have been called."

Which Is the Star?

"We are thinking of putting an electric sign over the church."

"It might be a good idea."

"But there are factions. We can't decide whether to feature the minister or the soprano of the choir.

Chambermaid Repartee.

First Chambermaid—Look! You let your pillow slip.

Second Chambermaid—No; the coverlet it.—Exchange.

Gives Breakfast
Zest and
Relish

Post Toasties

A sweet, crisp, wholesome food made of Indian Corn, ready to serve right from the box with cream and sugar.

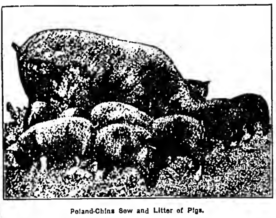
Flavoury
Delicious
Economical

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

NECESSITY FOR PROVIDING PIGS COMFORTABLE QUARTERS

Many Things of Vital Importance in Making Hog Business Entirely Profitable—Must Have Proper Shelter With Exercise.



Poland-China Sow and Litter of Pigs.

(By W. H. UNDERWOOD.)

In raising pigs there are several things, very essential, which are difficult to secure in the right degree in the winter time, and which sometimes make the winter litter rather costly.

Hogs are great lovers of warmth and they must have it for their economical growth. This has been fully demonstrated by the experiment stations in the different fattening trials. The cost of the grain in several instances was almost double with outside feeding as compared with a warm shelter, all other things being as nearly equal as was possible.

Warmth is even more of a necessity to the suckling pig, and to obtain that warmth and give the little fellow sufficient amount of exercise is where the difficulty comes in.

It is an easy matter to make the bed warm enough, but as soon as the pig leaves the nest for exercise out in the open, it becomes chilly and soon returns to the warm bed. Not taking exercise sufficient to keep it from becoming too fat, thumps follow and death ensues. An abundance of exercise is necessary to avoid the thumps in young pigs when they are getting all the milk and other foods they can eat.

In raising winter pigs there are six really very important things to be taken into consideration: Warmth, exercise, good feed, ventilated quarters, sunshine and good blood.

In order to have these a warm and quite roomy building, which will make ventilation easier and allow the pigs to play without going out in the open is necessary. When the weather is sufficiently warm they should be out of doors as much as possible, especially when the sun shines. Plenty of sunshine is the greatest disinfectant and invigorator known.

Some years ago I had a couple of litters come early in the winter. The weather was very cold and for want of a better place to keep them than the one in which they were farrowed, I penned up a little corner of the cow stable in which were kept at night 30 head of cattle. The building was 35 by 50 feet, and when closed at night with the cattle in it was quite comfortable. This proved to be almost an ideal place for the pigs.

They were given fresh bedding every night and a fresh supply of bedding put in every day. Those pigs grew exceedingly fast.

Under ordinary farm conditions it is a doubtful proposition to attempt to raise many winter pigs with good results, but under special conditions a few litters may be made profitable. The greatest obstacle is to provide enough warm space for the pigs to run about freely without becoming chilled for lack of sufficient sunshine.

Scours and thumps often cause very serious losses among young pigs. The former is caused usually by over-feeding, by providing badly spoiled feed, by an abrupt change of ration or by a change in feed that affects the milk of the dam. The latter is generally brought about by over-feeding and lack of exercise.

An illustration is shown herewith of a Poland-China sow, with her litter of pigs. This breed put on fat rapidly, are docile and easily handled.

RAISING FUEL FOR HOUSEHOLD

Systematic Planting and Cultivation of Forest Trees Is Branch of Agriculture Yet in Infancy.

(By R. B. BUCKHAM, Salem, Mass.)

A very small acreage of woodland, if properly handled, can be made to yield the necessary fuel for the household, from year to year, and yet maintain an average growth, or even increase in value.

The tree growth of the woodlot should be encouraged in every possible way. All dead wood should be conscientiously removed and added to the woodpile. It will serve well as excellent kindling, at least, and does away with one of the chief sources of disease among growing wood. It has been proven that a very large percentage of all the ailments of forest trees arises from the decaying deadwood lying about them.

Thinning correctly is a second requisite to making the woodlot most profitable. Where the standing growth is too close, all are compelled to suffer for the lack of air and light. Hence some can well be removed, to the benefit of the remainder.

Where an area of any dimensions has been laid bare, it should be reseeded immediately, if the second growth does not start satisfactorily. It is as poor economy to allow parts of the woodlot to lie idle, as any other portion of the farm.

The increase of the more valuable trees should be encouraged, such as the oak, pine, hickory and ash. Some trees are of no value, save as stove wood, and are poor, even at that. Yet, strange enough, at the start they are the most vigorous, and always succeed at making the most rapid growth at the start; thus holding their own at the expense of their competitors. There are weeds among trees, as well as among plants.

Forest tracts are indispensable to the welfare and best interests of the community. We cannot well do without them, because of their salubrious influence upon the climate, their conservation of the supply of moisture, and their value for purifying the atmosphere, to say nothing of their commercial value.

We must look to the farmer for the presence of the necessary amount of forest trees. Upon them will fall the burden of bearing this responsibility.

But that they will profit largely therefrom is well illustrated by the fact that the artificial timber tracts which already exist in what was formerly the great, bare, wind-swept western plains, are already of incalculable value.

Systematic planting and cultivation of forest trees is a branch of agriculture yet in its infancy, but one which will prove exceedingly important before the history of this country shall have been written.

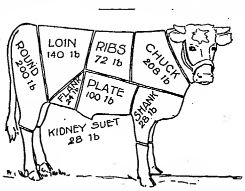
Benefit Land and Renter.

The renting of land on short leases, according to W. J. Spillman, agriculturist in charge of farm management, bureau of plant industry, Washington, for the purpose of growing grain for market, is one of the surest means of reducing the productive power of the soil; but the domestic animal, with well-managed pastures and rational systems of crop rotation, is preeminently adapted to the development of permanent systems of profitable farming. Landowners must take steps to improve renting methods by stocking farms with a full complement of domestic animals, and by giving longer leases, whereby the renter may reap the reward of intelligent management.

Sheep Raising.

The sheep business shows more stability in the face of low mutton prices and a dull wool trade than it ever did before. A lot of people have found out that sheep are good to stick to.

STEER OF PROFITABLE FORM



This steer weighed 1,300 pounds alive and 800 pounds dressed. This makes his dressing percentage 62. He is an example of the most profitable steer to feed, says Farm and Home. Note the broad head, straight, level back and deep flank.

BENEATH BIG BEECH

Rural Dominie Ties Nuptial Knots Divorce Courts Do Not Sever.

Liberty Church Neighborhood Not Only Marriage Center, but Its People Consider It a Youthful Misfortune to Die Under Seventy.

Gosport, Ind.—There has been discovered a remedy for the divorce evil. It is a simple but sure cure. Let the Rev. Josiah Burton, a rural dominie, living four miles east of Gosport, tie the matrimonial knot beneath the boughs of "Cupid's Beech." Then, if his record holds, all divorce laws may be eliminated from the statutes and no one need go singing: "I'm On My Way to Reno." It is the Rev. Josiah Burton's proud boast that no divorce court has ever severed a tie he bound.

The Rev. Josiah Burton has three altars of matrimony—his little church across the fields, his home and—most romantic of all—a grand old beech tree that has been popularly christened "Cupid's Beech" because of the marriage ceremonies performed beneath its boughs. The tree stands at the corner of the fence that surrounds the old minister's home and no marriage ever solemnized in its shade has ever been shattered by a divorce court.

The Rev. Josiah Burton is an interesting man in an interesting locality. Not only do his matrimonial knots stay tied, but there seems to be some good angel hovering over the hills in which he dwells whose mission is to grant happy old age to all who find a home there. To die under 80 in the vicinity of "Cupid's Beech" is looked upon as passing away in infancy.

In the early part of the last century there moved into the hills of Owen and Monroe counties many men and women of a sturdy type from Kentucky, Virginia, Tennessee and the Carolinas. Among those who came was John Burton, the father of Josiah. In the year 1818 he settled on a tract of ground four miles east of Gosport in a section now known as Liberty Church neighborhood. The country was then sparsely settled and there were only mere bridle paths leading to the few settlements.

Cupid's Beech.

By 1830 the country had become a little more populous and there was talk of establishing a church. There were many denominations in the neighborhood, and it was finally decided to build a church that should be non-denominational, but with leanings toward the Methodist Protestant creed. John Burton gave enough ground for the building of a church, and another member of the new organization donated ground for a cemetery adjoining the church.

On the morning of September 23, 1331, a company of neighbors gathered at the spot given by John Burton as a church site. Each carried a broadax. The men were divided into two squads. They then went into the forest in search of yellow poplar trees. The giants of the wilderness began to fall and soon the brethren were hewing the trees with that expert swing known only to the pioneers.

When dinner time came the church builders sat down to a meal such as only old-fashioned cooks could cook. All of the food and the dishes were carried to the place by a 10-year-old boy. That boy was Josiah Burton, and the church was started on his tenth birthday.

Liberty Church is an interesting type of the old-fashioned meeting house. It is a plain room with plain, old-fashioned pews. The pulpit was made by a local carpenter and the choir and organ have a slightly elevated platform to the left of the minister.

If there is one thing that makes the aged minister who presides at Liberty Church happy it is a wedding. He doesn't know how many couples he has united in marriage, but he has yet to hear of one of them being broken by a divorce decree. Uncle Josiah takes supreme delight in having some couple drive up to the door and call him out to tie the nuptial knot. It is then that he dons his Prince Albert and white cravat and puts on his most responsible air. In recent years he has had numerous calls for weddings in the shade of "Cupid's Beech." "Providence seems to favor all who are married beneath that tree," says the minister. "So come ye!"

Guillotine for China.

Paris.—China has received from France its first guillotine. It will be set up inside the new prison, as, according to recent regulations, executions will no longer be public. The penalty of death, as laid down in the old code, had six degrees—death by torture, immediate decapitation and exhibition of the head, immediate decapitation without exhibition of the head, decapitation after some months, immediate hanging and hanging after some months. According to the new code, the death penalty is four degrees—immediate decapitation, deferred decapitation, immediate hanging and deferred hanging.

THRESHING RETURNS FROM WESTERN CANADA.

They Reveal Larger Averages of Wheat and Oats Than Anticipated.

The returns from the grain fields of Western Canada as revealed by the work of the Threshers, show much larger yields than were expected as the crop was ripening. It is a little early yet to give an estimate of the crop as a whole, but individual yields selected from various points throughout Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta show that the farmers there as a rule have had reason to be thankful over the results. Excellent yields are reported from many portions of Manitoba and a large district of Saskatchewan has turned out well, while the central portion of Alberta is splendid. There will be shown at the land exposition at St. Louis a sample of the Marque's wheat—a new variety and one that appears to be well adapted to the soil and climate of Western Canada—that yielded 53 bushels to the acre. The exhibit and statement will be supported by affidavits from the growers. This wheat weighs well, and being a hard variety will find a ready market at the highest prices obtainable for a first-class article. It is interesting to point out that a field of one hundred acres of this wheat would give its producers 5,300 bushels. Sold at 85 cents a bushel would give him $45 an acre. Counting all the cost of interest on land at $20 an acre, getting the land ready for crop. Seed sowing, harvesting and marketing, the entire cost of production would not exceed $8 an acre, leaving the handsome net profit of $37 an acre. Is there any crop that would yield a better return than this, with the same labor and initial expense? Cotton fields will not do it, apple orchards with their great expense of cultivation and the risk to run from the various enemies of the fruit cannot begin to do it. While what is considered an exceptional case just now is presented, there is no doubt that this man's experience may be duplicated by others who care to follow his example. As has been said the growing of this wheat is but in its infancy, and wheat growing is still largely confined to other older varieties that do not yield as abundantly. Even with these we have records before us of farmers who have grown 40 bushels to the acre, others 35, some 30, and others again 25 bushels. Taking even 20 bushels, and some farmers report that amount, it is found that the returns from such a yield would be $17 an acre. This wheat will cost to get to market, including all expenses, about $8 an acre, and the farmers will still have a net profit of about $9 an acre. Certainly the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba are progressing, settlement is increasing and there is a general contentment all over the country. The social conditions are splendid, the climate is excellent, and there is every condition to make the settler satisfied. At the farming congress, held at Spokane in October, wheat shown by the Alberta Government, took the silver cup, awarded by the Governor of the State. It completely outclassed all other specimens on exhibition, and it was but an ordinary selection, hundreds of fields in Alberta and Saskatchewan being able to duplicate it. There are still available thousands of homesteads, as well as large areas of first-class land—that is being offered for sale at low prices. The agent of the Canadian Government from whom the above facts have been learned expects that the rush to Canada will next year largely exceed the numbers who have gone this year.

Russia's Growing Population.

This year's census of the Russian empire adds another five millions to the population as enumerated in 1908. The czar's subjects now number 160,000,000 and increase every year by 2,500,000 despite wars, epidemics and internal disturbances. As there is no lack of cultivated soil in Russia there seems no reason why this big annual increase should not continue.

SAVED OLD LADY'S HAIR

"My mother used to have a very bad humor on her head which the doctors called an eczema, and for it I had two different doctors. Her head was very sore and her hair nearly all fell out in spite of what they both did. One day her niece came in and they were speaking of how her hair was falling out and the doctors did it no good. She says, 'Aunt, why don't you try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment?' Mother did and they helped her. In six months' time the itching, burning and scalding of her head was over and her hair began growing. Today she feels much in debt to Cuticura Soap and Ointment for the fine head of hair she has for an old lady of seventy-four.

"My own case was an eczema in my feet. As soon as the cold weather came my feet would itch and burn and then they would crack open and bleed. Then I thought I would flee to my mother's friends, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I did for four or five winters, and now my feet are as smooth as any one's. Ellsworth Dunham, Hiram, Me., Sept. 30, 1909."

Perhaps our clouds have a silver lining, but it generally takes other people to see it.

No matter how long your neck may be or how sore your throat, Hamlins Wizard Oil will cure it surely and quickly. It drives out all soreness and inflammation.

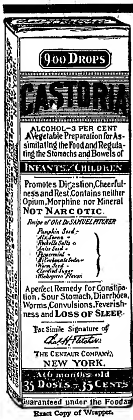
Steal a march on your enemy by admitting you were in the wrong before he finds it out.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist), Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

We could all live on nothing if our friends would but live on less.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

People avoid him because they are afraid of his tongue.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

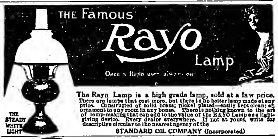
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

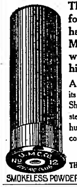


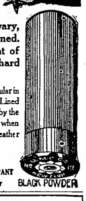
The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

UMC NITRO CLUB and NEW CLUB SHOT SHELLS

During fifty years, four generations of shooters have sworn by the "old yellow Shells"—UMC NEW CLUBS.





They have never been found wanting where, wary, hard-to-kill game is concerned. Misfires are never thought of with these old reliable, hard hitting shells.

A smokeless powder shell equally popular in its class is the NITRO CLUB Steel Lined Shell. The powder charge protected by the steel lining guarantees a uniform load when hunting under the most severe weather conditions.

"Game Laws 1910" mailed free.

THE UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY
Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Will Keep Your Harness soft as a glove tough as a wire black as a coal

Sold by Dealers Everywhere

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.00 $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN
BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 AND $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

The benefits of free hides, which apply principally to sole leather, and the reduced tariff on sole leather, now enables me to give the wearer more value for his money, better and longer wearing $3, $3.50 and $4 shoes than I could give him previous to the tariff revision.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, the superior workmanship and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why Dollar for Dollar I Guarantee My Shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years; that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the United States? Quality counts. It has made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. **TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE**

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Household Lubricant

THE ALL-AROUND OIL
IN THE HANDY, EVER-READY TIN OILER

is specially selected for any need in the home. Saves tools from rusting. Can cannot break. Does not gum or become rancid.

Dealers Everywhere

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

DAKOTA A modern school, 600 pupils, 400 positions filled last year.
BUSINESS Full courses in Actual Business, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Banking.
COLLEGE School in session all year. For full information, address, F. L. WATKINS, Fargo, N.D.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO. (Incorporated)

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods, Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department

White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.

Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7
W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

More local news on page five.

Alton Jackson was at Crookston last night.

New Year's ball, Woodman hall, January [illegible]

Place cards for Christmas at Fournet Furniture Store.

S. M. Sivertson was over from Crookston Saturday.

Attorney F. A. Grady was over from Crookston Friday.

Get place cards for Christmas at Fournet Furniture Store.

"Oak Farm" at Bijou theatre Thursday and Friday, next week.

Miss Ina Lannihan, who teaches at [illegible], is at home for the holidays.

The public schools will open after the holidays on Tuesday, January 10.

The public schools will close Friday for the holiday vacation of two weeks.

Mrs. Mabel Zaiser of Faribault is here to spend the holidays with relatives.

Will Lannihan is here from Minneapolis to spend the holidays with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives of Thief River Falls spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls.

When doing your Christmas shopping don't forget the nice things at Holzman's.

Christmas program at the Presbyterian church at 7:30 o'clock Saturday evening.

The F. and F. Bs were entertained by Miss Maude Findeisen Tuesday evening.

Miss Mayme Linnehan was the guest of Crookston friends the first of the week.

I am prepared to deliver water to any part of the city. Call phone 17.—Wm Beausoleil. tf

W. H. Sheeran and family have gone to housekeeping in the Theo. LaBissoniere house.

Miss Mae Morean of Thief River Falls was the guest of friends in town the first of the week.

The members of the Rebecca lodge enjoyed a card party at I. O. O. F. hall Friday evening.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, February 15.

For Sale—6 horse power, Flour City gasoline engine, in good condition. Inquire of Carder Benoit. tf

Gilbert Fitzer returned Tuesday from Illinois where he had been visiting relatives for several weeks.

Jack Richards, Who is employed at Duluth, will spend the holidays with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Delorme Laurent left Friday evening on a business and pleasure trip to Crookston and the twin cities.

Ralph Healy, who is attending North Dakota University at Grand Forks, is at home for the holiday vacation.

Adolph Normandeau came up from Minneapolis the first of the week to spend the holidays with relatives.

For Sale—Household goods, furniture and some pottery ware.—Mrs. Wm. Anderson, near electric plant.

For Sale—an organ in good condition and also a dresser and a hard leaf table.—Inquire at the Gazette Office.tf

For sale—six room house, at a snap price just two blocks from court house. Inquire at Thief River Falls Lumber Office.

Lost—$7.00 between Ericson's tailor shop and LaBissoniere's store. Finder please return to Dan Laurent for reward.

We are long on Storm Sash, and are giving a discount on the sizes we have in stock. Thief River Falls Retail Yard.

Have you recently used the new Northwestern long distance lines to Duluth, Grand Rapids and other range points? If you have not, you do not know how good the service has recently been made or how low the rates now are. Use the service and find out these things for your own benefit.

Mrs. I. Lemieux returned Tuesday from Euclid where she had been visiting with relatives.

We sold 214 silk neckties in 5 days. A few left if you hurry at the popular price of 15c at the Sunshine.

Holzman has the nice things for the Christmas trade. Nothing is more acceptable than a piece of jewelry or silverware.

We have installed a telephone in our grocery department and any orders sent us will get prompt attention.—The Big Store.

Do you know that the rates for telephoning to Grand Rapids, Duluth and all range points have been recently made very low?

Anthony Brohman of Minneapolis is here and will remain until after the holidays for a visit with his mother Mrs. Jos. Brohman.

A crowd of young people from town drove out to the home of Miss Tillie Porter last Tuesday evening and spent a pleasant evening.

The public schools close Friday and all of the teachers except Miss Whitney and Miss Nelson will go to their homes to spend the holidays.

Do you know of any little boys or girls that you think will not be remembered at Christmas? If so send word to the proprietor of the Sunshine.

Mrs. H. M. Vollmer of Huron, South Dakota, is here and will remain until after the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Cyr, and other relatives.

Tickets for "Oak Farm" will be on sale at Schreiter's drug store Wednesday, Dec. 28. Red tickets are for Thursday night's show, blue tickets for Friday night.

Miss Lulu Fletcher, who teaches in St. Paul, and E. E. Fletcher, a student in the law department of the North Dakota University, are at home for the Christmas vacation.

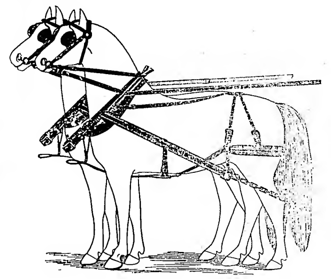
H. H. Zaiser returned today from Federal Dam where he had been on business in connection with the organization of the new bank, the First State Bank of Federal Dam.

Government bonds have just been issued bearing 2 per cent interest. The Merchants State Bank is inspected by officials and its depositors are allowed 5 per cent interest.

Crookston College is the oldest and the largest school in the northwest. Every graduate in a good position. Send for a "Yard of Success." Address J. C. Sahtre, Crookston, Minn. tf

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Roi of Hilltop were guests over Sunday of Mrs. Roi's sister, Mrs. Joe Gayette, at East Grand Forks. Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Roi accompanied them to East Grand Forks and spent Sunday with friends there.

The Old Reliable Harness Shop



Complete lines of heavy and light Driving Harness and Saddlery, Sleigh Bells, Body Bells, Shaft Charm Bells, Loop House Bells, Swedish Bells, Clark's Carriage Heaters and Coal

Winter Horse Blankets

All our Blankets and Robes are bought direct from the factory to the dealer assuring the purchaser of low prices on first-class goods.

Here are a few prices on blankets:

Wool blankets, 84-84 and 84-90, from $2.00 upward.

Storm blankets, 80-80 and 84-84, from $1.98 upward.

SPECIAL To oil harness pays big returns in longer service and no doubt yours needs oiling. We want to do this work for you and have a special announcement to make soon. Watch for it and in the meantime get ready to bring in your harness. We want to do your repair work. Good workmanship guaranteed.

A. J. POULIOT, Mgr.

Under Government Control

THE Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls gets its charter from the government.

It is under government supervision and every reasonable precaution is taken by the government to insure the safety of funds deposited with us.

If you do not at present possess a bank account with us, we give you a personal invitation to deposit your money in this bank.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

The Farmers National Bank
OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
CAPITAL $25,000.00

Christmas Greetings

We wish to extend to you our best wishes for
A Merry Christmas

HUNT HARDWARE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1878

We will grind buckwheat for one week commencing Monday, Dec. 26.—Terrebonne Milling Co.

Now that Red Lake Falls is to have all day electric service, you could not give your wife a nicer Christmas gift than an electric flat iron. They may be secured at the Red River Power company's office.

Miss Ruth Misner accompanied her aunt, Mrs. I. Lemieux to the city last evening and spent the evening doing Christmas shopping. She returned this morning to her home in Euclid.—Crookston Times.

C. J. McGinnity of Brooks was attending to business matters in town Friday. Mr. McGinnity is a breeder of aristocratic porkers and always has a nice bunch of Poland China hogs at his farm near Brooks.

E. A. Mittwer, who has recently disposed of his hardware stock here, left Saturday for Minneapolis. Mr. Mittwer has not yet decided definately where he will locate. He will spend some time in the city.

Three Pennington county men were committed to the hospital for the insane at Fergus Falls this week. The unfortunate men are Thim Ensrud of St. Hilaire and two brothers, named Skaar, of Thief River Falls.

The Woodmen camp at Brooks will give a New Years dance at Woodmen hall, Brooks, Wednesday evening, Dec. 28. Music will be furnished by Freund's orchestra. All are invited. Tickets for dance and supper are one dollar.

There will be a basket sociable in district No. 32, four miles south of town, Friday evening, Dec. 23. At eight o'clock the school children will give a program. Following that there will be a basket sociable and dance. All are invited to attend. Good accommodation for teams will be provided.

It is reported that a carload of oranges on the Great Northern tracks at Fisher burned there early Tuesday morning. They were in a refrigerator car which was discovered to be on fire, and the fire department was called out, but the fire made too great headway before it was discovered, and it was impossible to save it.

Immune.

"I never worry about my health any more."

"How lucky you are! Don't you ever feel ill?"

"Oh, yes, often, but I've had all the operations it is possible to undergo."—Chicago Record-Herald.

SHEERAN & MICHEL

We are offering a large discount on all heating stoves in our store. You cannot make a better Xmas present than one of our Favorite Base Heaters for the family. Also when in need of hardware of any kind give us a call as we will try and have a complete line at all times and with prices right.

Sheeran & Michel

MISS ROSE HARREN

who plays the part of Mrs. Weatherby in the home talent play, "Oak Farm"

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Joseph Brohmann.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Brohmann Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Katherine Brohmann, J. Mathew Brohmann, Lizzie Hudson, Wendell J. Brohmann, Henry Brohmann, George Brohmann, Lena House, Louisa Ockstadt, Pauline Nupper and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Wendell J. Brohmann being duly filed in this court, representing that Joseph Brohmann, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 13th day of November, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters of Administration with will annexed be issued thereon to Kathrine Brohmann. Now Therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms, in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable, Ira C. Richardson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 14th day of December, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Judge.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Petitioner.
(Court Seal)

d15-29

Fournet Furniture Store

Very Useful and Very Appropriate for Xmas Gifts

What shall I give a woman for Christmas?

Here is a partial list:

Library Table,	$ 8.00 to $28.00
Sewing Table,	2.25 to 6.00
Waste Basket,	.50 to 4.50
China Closet,	16.00 to 24.00
Kitchen Cabinet	14.00 to 22.00
Rugs,	2.00 to 38.00
Shirt Boxes	2.50 to 8.00
Art Screens	1.50 to 7.50
Carving Sets	2.50 to 6.00
Water color pictur	3.00 to 18.00
Sugar and Creamer	.25 to 3.50
Set of Dishes	10.00 to 18.00

In the Realm of Useful Xmas Gifts for Men and Boys.

Cigar Boxes	$ 1.50 to $ 5.00
Smoking stands	2.50 to 6.00
Shoe Boxes	3.50 to 5.00
Foot Stool	2.50 to 6.00
Ash tray	.10 to 2.00
Toilet Set	.25 to 4.00
Traveling Sets	2.00 to 18.00

Gifts for the Home.

Pianos	200.00 to 800.00
Victor Talking Machines	10.00 to 100.00
Victrola	125.00 to 500.00
Karpen Couches	40.00 to 90.00
Couches	10.00 to 23.00
Sectional Book Cases	1.75 to 3.50

Gifts for Girls.

Music Cabinets	8.00 to 28.00
Writing Desks	5.00 to 24.00
Fancy Piece of China	.10 to 6.00
Fancy Writing Paper	.25 to 1.50
Dressing Chairs	3.50 to 5.00

Sheet Music, 6 sheets for	.25
Toy Beds	2.25
Toy Chairs	1.25 to 2.50
Toy Banks	.10 to .75
Post Card Albums	.05 to 2.50
Christmas Bells	.10 to .50
Vases	.10 to 6.00
Shaving Mugs and Brushes	10 to 50
High Chair	1 50 to 3 50

Verifying the Proverb.

The young mice were having a gay time.

"Where's your chaperon?" asked a shocked observer.

"The old cat! She's away," they said. "That's why we're playing."—Chicago Tribune.

Both Strong.

"For a moment," he related, "I held my breath"—

"My," she interrupted admiringly, "how strong you must be!"

He edged away, blushed and felt in his vest pocket for a clove.—London Telegraph.

Minnesota Historical Society

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RED LAKE FALLS GAZETTE ESTABLISHED [illegible]
RED LAKE COURIER ESTABLISHED [illegible]

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1910

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 14

PROGRESS OF THE ELECTION CONTEST

Matter to Come up in Supreme Court on Technicality in January.

[illegible] Thief River people [illegible] about the [illegible] on the proposed [illegible] Red Lake county, they [illegible] quite active.

It [illegible] question the right of [illegible] L. Healy to proceed [illegible] contest under the section of the statute under which the contest was started. It is purely a technical point and does not go to the merits of the case. The point will be determined in the supreme court and Jan. 16 is the time set when the contestant and his attorneys will appear in St. Paul for the proceedings to determine the point in law.

The people who are interested in the contest are quite well satisfied with the progress that has been made. They are gratified that the matter is to get it to court at such an early date.

MONDAY IS HOLIDAY

New Years Coming on Sunday. Stores Will Close Monday.

Monday, Jan. 2 being a legal holiday, the following business houses will be closed all day.

Hunt Hardware Co
The Big Store
Garceau & Rubertus
Sheeran & Michel.
Max Ingler
J. P. Harren
R. Holzman.
M. Christensen
Fourret Furniture Store
First State Bank
Merchants State Bank
Farmers National Bank
E. H. Normandeau
J. B. Kingsley
Thief River Falls Lumber Co
Lambert's Meat Market
Robertson Lumber Co

Sister M. Basil.

Napoleon Delage and daughter, Miss Evalina Delage, returned last Wednesday from Duluth where they had been summoned by the death of Sister M. Basil, which occurred Saturday at 6:30 p. m. at St. Mary's hospital at Duluth.

Deceased was well known and there are many who sympathise with the bereaved relatives in their sad affliction.

Sister M. Basil is survived by her father Napoleon Delage, and her sister Evalina Delage, of this city, Sister M. Nacrina of Duluth, and three brothers, Victor and Moise Delage, both residing in neighboring towns, and Arthur Delage of Moose Jaw, Sask.

Funeral service was held at Duluth Monday morning.

Boire—Gackowski.

The marriage of Miss Rose Alma Boire daughter of Mr. Louis Boire, and Mr. Alexander Gackowski occurred on Wednesday, Dec. 28. The wedding occurred at 10 o'clock in the morning at St. Joseph's church, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. It was a quiet affair, only a few relatives being present. The bride and groom were attended by Miss Eva Paul and Mr. Noel Delorme. Following the ceremony a wedding dinner was served at the Perras home. Mr. and Mrs. Gackowski left on the five o'clock train for Washburn, Wis., where they will reside. The bride has many friends in this city who will join in offering congratulations and in wishing her much joy in her new home.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, December 16th, 1910.

Pursuant to call of the County Auditor, the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county Auditor in the City of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 2 o'clock p. m. December 16, 1910.

Members present, Kankel, Hunt, Demann, Pigeon and Schultz.

Members absent, none.

Moved by Commissioner Pigeon duly seconded by Commissioner Hunt that the board proceed to open the bids for the decorating of the new court house. Motion carried unanimously.

Bids were then opened after which on motion made by Kankel duly seconded by Schultz and carried unanimously the board took a recess until 7 o'clock p. m. in order to look over the submitted sketches and specifications of the different decorators who had submitted bids.

The board convened at 7 o'clock p. m., all members present.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned until the second day of January A. D. 1911.

By the board.
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board
Seal

To All Concerned.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person in my name with any merchants or banks or others as I can not stand for them after this date.

Dated Wylie, Minn., Dec. 1, 1910.
d15-29 ANDREW DREELAN.

TERREBONNE STAR ROUTE DISCONTINUED

Change in Delivery Service is General—Rural Carrier Will Take Pouch.

A year ago the fiscal records of the postal service disclosed a deficit of seventeen and a half million dollars, the largest in the history of the country. In the space of twelve months a reduction of eleven and a half millions has been made in this deficit.

The cut in the deficit is remarkable as being several times larger than any reduction accomplished in a previous year. The policy of the present postmaster-general has been to reduce as far as possible the rate of expenditure by cutting out wasteful processes. One of the heavy losses to the department is that made by excessive cost caused by the rural delivery. Because of the fact that this expenditure is made in the interests of a vast population the advantages of rural deliveries are such as to warrant its further extention even at a considerable loss to the government.

An effort to reduce the cost of rural delivery has been made the past year by consolidating the star routes and rural delivery systems. These two systems have provided practically the same kind of mail delivery and duplication of services the star route service has been discontinued.

Pursuant to orders issued Dec. 22 by the postmaster-general the star route running between Terrebonne and Red Lake Falls will be discontinued from Dec. 31, 1910. Commencing Jan. 1st rural carrier No. 1 will leave Red Lake Falls at 11 a.m. carrying a closed pouch to and from the Terrebone post-office and return at 6:30 p. m. Rural route No. 1 has been changed as per the following description:

Effective January 1, 1911.

Beginning at the Post Office on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, the carrier will go thence south to center of section 27, 1 mile, west to east line section 28 ½ mile, south to southeast corner section 9, 3½ miles, east to southeast corner section 11, 2 miles, south to southeast corner section 14, 1 mile, east to southeast corner section 17 3 miles, north to southeast corner section 8, 1 mile, east to southeast corner section 10, 2 miles, north to southeast corner section 3, 1 mile, east ¼ and north ¼ to Terrebonne, 1 mile, south, retrace ¼ miles, west to southeast corner section 4, 1¼ miles, north to southeast corner section 33, 1 mile, west to southeast corner section 32, 1 mile, south to southeast corner section 5, 1 mile, west to southeast corner section 1, 2 miles, north to southeast corner section 36, 1 mile, west to center south line section 35, 1½ miles, north to center south line section 26, 1 mile, west ½ north ½ and west ½, 1½ miles, north to Red Lake Falls post office, 1 mile.

Length of route, 29 miles.

Effective January 1, 1911.

Beginning at the Post Office on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, the carrier will go thence, north crossing river and east to west line of section 24, 2 miles, south to southeast corner section 23, ½ mile, east to center south line section 23, 5½ miles, south passing Terrebonne to south line of section 2, 3¼ miles, west to southeast corner of section 4, 1¼, north to southeast corner of section 33, 1 mile, west to southeast corner section 32, 1 mile, south to southeast corner section 17, 3 miles, west to southeast corner section 14, 3 miles, north to southeast corner section 11, 1 mile, east to southeast corner section 12, 1 mile, north to southeast corner section 36, 2 miles, west to center south line section 35, 1½ miles, north to center south line section 26, 1 mile, west ½, north ½ and west ½, 1½ miles, north to Red Lake Falls post office, 1 mile.

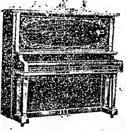
Length of route, 29½.

It will be necessary for the patrons to relocate their boxes, and additional boxes, which conform to requirements of the department, may be erected at any point along the route. Rural route No. 1 is maintained at a cost of $900 a year and has never been self sustaining. The star route to and from Terrebonne has cost the department $850 a year. By consolidating the two the expenditure will be reduced $580 and service will be given to an equal number of people.

PIANO AT SUNSHINE

Grand Prize in the Gazette's Big Voting Contest is on Display.

The piano, the grand prize offered in the Gazette voting contest, is now on display at the Sunshine Store, one door south of the post office. The contestants or any of their friends are invited to call at the store and look at the piano and play on it if they desire to do so. Mr. Christensen, proprietor of the Sunshine, will have possession of the piano until the announcement of the winner of the prize is made.



Local News.

Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Pouliot were guests of friends at Crookston for Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Holznecht of Thief River Falls were guests for Christmas at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sulley.

Mrs. Anna Schusser and daughter, Miss Sophia Schusser, and granddaughter, Miss Goldie Holsnecht, Mrs. Emma Schussor and daughters Bernotta and Ireno were guests for Christmas of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Roark of Thief River Falls.

The Northwestern Telephone Exchange company has recently completed new copper long distance lines, furnishing direct connection with Duluth, Grand Rapids and all range points. The rates have also been made very reasonable. Try this service.

Mr. O. A. Henderson and Miss Gina M. Nelson, young people residing near Plummer, were married Wednesday afternoon. The ceremony was performed in the office of Judge Ira C. Richardson in this city, the judge officiating. The young people will go to housekeeping on a farm near Plummer.

G. Hammoy, a young man living in Lambert township, was struck by a Soo train on the new line, one mile east of Oklee, on Tuesday of last week and was instantly killed. He was driving home and attempted to drive across the track in front of the train when he was hit. Deceased was twenty years old and unmarried.

I have secured the agency for the famous Washburn-Crosby "Gold Medal Flour"—the most celebrated flour in the world. I have opened up a feed and flour store in the Duffy building south of Spillane's confectionery and will endeavor to carry a line of flour and feed that will command your patronage. This flour will not cost any more than any of inferior make so it is to your advantage to come and see me.—Leo Stoinart. tf

CREATED QUITE A COMMOTION

Rumor of Opposition to Senator Clapp's Re-election.—Bob Dunn's Good Roads Bill.

St. Paul, Dec. 26.—The governor may well be pardoned for being surprised when he saw, on his return to St. Paul the other day, the mountain of rumors and conjecture into which the molehill of a few casual words let drop at Washington had grown. Exactly what the governor had said he might readily have forgotten, but even the faint suggestion that he was charmed with Washington and enjoyed his visit there appears to have been ground enough to set the tongues of the gossips wagging. They at once jumped to the conclusion that he had cast a covetous eye at General Clapp's seat in the United States senate. On this word reaching St. Paul the fat was in the fire for fair.

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That there are those in this state, as at Washington, who would welcome Senator Clapp's retirement and would be only too ready to aid in it can readily be understood. It is no news to anyone that there are two factions among the political leaders struggling for the control of the organization of the Republican party. Indeed it goes deeper than that and has its origin in separate schools of political thought. Progressive Republicanism is in reality liberalism tinged with radicalism. The standpatters or reactionaries, as they are variously called by their opponents, are really conservatives who believe in maintaining an existing order of things under which the United States has made unexampled progress. It may readily be admitted that in connection with this old order of things subjects of criticism have arisen, and that there are arguments which should be given weight in favor of the reforms which progressive Republicans advocate. At all events they have impressed Senator Clapp and he has become one of the leaders of the new propaganda, with the natural result that his retirement would be welcomed by politicians of the older school, among whom the majority of the leaders in both houses of congress and their followers throughout the nation are numbered. In this state many representative Republicans have cast their lot with them.

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It is, therefore, not surprising, notwithstanding Senator Clapp's unanimous endorsement by the Republican state convention and notwithstanding that many of the members of the state legislature, both Republican and Democratic, are pledged to his support, that there are those who would welcome any candidacy which would give promise of an active campaign against him and are eager to take part in it. Immediately, therefore, on the rumor reaching here that Governor Eberhart had senatorial ambitions they hauled themselves in magnifying them. The hotel lobbies and the state capitol fairly buzzed with conjectures. The names of other men supposed to be in line for the senatorial succession were in everyone's mouth. It was at once apparent that some of these had long had their ears to the ground and were already in waiting for some such opening as the governor's supposed candidacy offered. Prominent among those who had their finger upon the public pulse were Frank Kellogg's friends. His name was at once brought up. Other senatorial timber was dragged out. The names of Senator Stephens, of Congressman Tawney, of Lieutenant Governor Smith, of Charles A. Congdon of Duluth and others were canvassed pro and con and conjecture was rife with the possible shape the campaign might take and with the anticipated action of the legislature in the event of a real contest. It was for a day or two a very pretty tempest in a teapot, and a time for the blowing of a lot of quite attractive political soap bubbles.

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The governor's real mission to Washington is believed to have been in connection with "the lid" in Northern Minnesota. As nearly as can be learned his contention is that it should be applied only in territory immediately adjacent to Indian settlements or reservations. This is in line with the decision of Judge Amidon of the circuit court of the United States, rendered subsequent to the governor's visit, who holds that the treaty is not operative in districts like Browns Valley. There are no Indians there, he contends, with whom traffic in intoxicating drinks can be carried on and therefore the whole basis of federal authority over commerce in intoxicating liquors is wanting.

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The good roads convention held here a few days ago brought to the city many who were interested in this reform. It afforded an unusual opportunity for those who had made good roads a study to get together to consult as to the best methods of improving the state highways. In this connection it will perhaps be interesting to outline the principal provisions of the bill which R. C. Dunn will take an early opportunity to introduce in the house. His scheme for good roads involves the appointment of experienced road builders or engineers by the state, whose salaries are to be paid out of the state treasury. For road purposes he proposes to divide the state into districts, the districts to comprise generally two counties, though when the county is large one engineer will be assigned it. Thus Steele and Dodge counties might comprise one district, and Mower and Olmsted another, while a county like St. Louis or Beltrami would be a district by itself.

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For each of these districts a road engineer would be appointed. The modus operandi would be something like this: Suppose the county commissioners of any county designed to improve a piece of road or lay out a new one, they might send for the engineer, lay their plans before him or ask his aid in preparing them. They would have the benefit of his experience and advice only. It would not be for him to dictate. They would be the final judges in the matter. Suppose them to have reached a decision as to the details of the work they wanted to do, the contract would then be let. The engineer would exercise a general supervision over the work, report the matter to the commissioners if it was not being done properly or according to contract and they might order such changes made as they thought proper. Finally when the work was completed the engineer would certify to the fact and on his certificate the contractor would be paid. The services of the government engineer would be equally at the disposal of the township board or of the village authorities as of the county commissioners. Civil service rules would apply to the appointment of road engineers. Only men of proved capacity could be appointed and they would be removable only for cause.

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It is Mr. Dunn's opinion that the services of a sufficient corps of road

Continued On Page 4

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota,
November 29, 1910.

Pursuant to call (of the chairman of the county board,) the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county, Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 2 o'clock Tuesday the 29th day of November, A. D., 1910.

Members present: Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist.

Members absent: Johnson.

Commissioner Johnson was notified by the chairman of the Board of said meeting and he acknowledged due notice.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 2 o'clock P. M.

Motion made by Pigeon duly seconded by Demann that the resignation of Ed. A. Auhol as county commissioner be accepted.

Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by Demann duly seconded by Pigeon that the resignation of Wilhelm Michelet as county attorney be accepted, and that the office of county attorney be declared vacant. Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that Chas. E. Boughton be appointed county attorney of Red Lake county to fill the unexpired term. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the bond of Chas. E. Boughton be accepted. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that C. H. Martz be appointed as a delegate to represent Red Lake county at the Northern Minnesota Development association to be held at Brainerd, Minnesota. Motion carried unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon.

Whereas, H. E. Ives, county treasurer, has filed with the county auditor his resignation from the office of county treasurer and the same has been presented to the board.

Therefore, Be it Resolved, that the board of audit be and they are hereby instructed to check up his books, accounts and monies in the treasury, and resolved further, that the resignation be accepted only on condition that it take effect upon the filing of the report of the board of audit with the auditor to the effect that said books, accounts and monies are correct and the monies of the county in all respects duly accounted for and appointment and qualification of his successor.

And resolved further that the Board proceed at once to appoint a county treasurer. Resolution carried unanimously.

Moved by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that G. G. Kindseth be appointed county treasurer of Red Lake county, Minnesota, to fill the unexpired term of H. E. Ives. Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the board take a recess until 10 o'clock A.M., November 30th, 1910. Motion carried unanimously.

November 30th 1910. The board convened at the county auditor's office at 10 o'clock A. M., Wednesday, the 30th day of November, 1910. Members present, Demann, Pigeon and Lindquist. Members absent, Johnson.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that Joseph Toupin be instructed to furnish a surety bond for the county treasurer for a term of two years and one month, amount of bond $50,000.00. Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by Commissioner Demann, duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the board adjourn sine die. Which motion was carried unanimously.

By the Board,
C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman,
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota,
Attest: A. A. LATEENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board,

LUCY CROMPE IN THE LEAD NOW

The Gazette's Voting Contest Closes Jan. 16—Two Weeks From Tuesday.

The Gazette's big voting contest closes Jan. 16—two weeks from next Tuesday—so only a short time remains for the contestants to get in the vote. Miss Lucie Crompe made the big gain and when the votes were counted Saturday night she was found to be in the lead.

Next Tuesday, Jan. 3, the votes will be counted for the last time before the close of the contest. After that count the box will be closed and the keys turned over to the judges. From that time ballots will be placed in the box, but the box will not be opened again until after the last vote is cast on Jan. 16. The judges will then have possession of the ballots and they will, after counting them, announce the winners of prizes.

The last publication of the standings of candidates will be made next week and each of the candidates should be sure to have a good standing at that time to indicate to her friends that she is in the race. Votes cast on or before next Tuesday will be counted in the standings to be published next week.

Following is the way the candidates stood when the votes were counted Saturday night:

Lucie Crompe	803,932
Zelia Quesnelle	706,835
Mayme Laurent	681,959
Agnes Anderson	382,279
Mildred Sortedahl	376,040
Alyce Wichterman	372,206
Emma Sauve	273,381

"OAK FARM" BIG FUN

Home Talent Play at the Bijou Theatre Drawing Big Crowd.

Seat sales for the home talent play, "Oak Farm," have been heavy. This afternoon a matinee for school children was given at the Bijou theatre and the house was well filled. Nearly all of the seats for tonight's performance have been sold and there have been many reservations for the Friday night performance. There is no doubt that the local spot light artists will show to "capacity houses" both nights. Tickets are on sale at Schreiter's drug store. Tickets are 25 cents, if reserved 35 cents.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn.

Red Lake Falls Minnesota.
December 16th, 1910.

On the call of the County Auditor, pursuant to chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota, for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county Minnesota, met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, at 10 o'clock a. m. December 16th A.D. 1910 for the purpose of hearing and considering the report of the Engineer and viewers on the following Ditches, Ole Bratland and others also known as county ditch No. 51, and the ditch petitioned for by John Polbrook and also known as county ditch No. 52, called for at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 10 o'clock A. M.

Members present: Hunt, Kankel, Demann, Pigeon and Schultz.

Members absent: none.

On motion made by Pigeon duly seconded by Hunt and carried unanimously the final hearing on county ditches No. 51 and 52 was postponed until February 25th, 1911.

Moved by Commissioner Pigeon duly seconded by Commissioner Kankel that the time for filing the Engineer's report on county ditches Nos. 53 and 55 be extended until the 25th day of February A. D. 1911. Motion carried unanimously.

On motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

WM. C. L. DEMANN, Chairman,
Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.
Attest: A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-
(Seal) Officio Clerk of the Board.

Where to Get Them.

The following merchants will give coupons with cash purchases that are worth one hundred votes in the Gazette voting contest:

Garceau & Rubertus.
Theo. LaBissioniere.
Mittwer's Hardware.
Red Lake Falls Supply House.
Rudolph Holzman, Jeweler.
Sunshine Store.
Hunt Hardware Co.
A. L. Reichert.
Mat Skala
L. E. Erickson
W. A. Schreiter
Jos Laundry & Son, Terrebonne
Fourret Furniture Store.

Half price sale at the Big Store. All Japanese German, Austrian decorated and hand painted China sold at one half of original prices. Now is the time to make yourself a present. The Big Store.

Our sincere wishes are with you for a

Happy New Year

And when these holidays have passed away, may the many good things we wish you linger with you until New Years comes again.

First State Bank
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Officers
THEO GARCEAU, President FRANK E. HUNT, Vice President
GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier
NOEL DELORME, Asst. Cashier H. H. GARCEAU Asst. Cashier

Directors
Theo. Garceau N. M. Watson W. A. Schreiter Frank E. Hunt
Joseph Perrault Geo. F. Hennings Sam Gibeau

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Red Lake Falls Gazette

KING & BAKER, Publishers.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

THE STORY IN A NUTSHELL

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

An appropriation for the Missouri river may be inserted in the river and harbor bill when it goes to the senate.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was cut to $35,-[illegible] by the house committee which reported it to the house.

Several state democratic delegations have informed Champ Clark of support for the speakership of the house and his friends now claim his election will be unanimous.

The name of George A. Foster, of [illegible], was presented to the president with the recommendation of Representative McGuire of Oklahoma, for the United States marshalship made vacant by the resignation of [illegible].

If the republican leaders in the house carry out their present plan of [illegible] Nebraska will only [illegible] in the house instead of [illegible]. The plan is to increase the ratio to one member for each [illegible] of population.

Senator Warner of Missouri, offered a resolution in the senate calling for a report of the board of three engineers appointed to recommend the most economical method of dredging a six foot channel in the Missouri river from Kansas City to its mouth.

Declaring that exaggerated accounts of the revolutionary movement in Mexico had magnified its importance in the minds of many Americans, Senor De La Barra, Mexican ambassador to the United States, said that the trouble had at no time approached any significance.

General.

Champ Clark favors the house selecting its own committees.

The Kentucky delegation declared itself for Champ Clark for speaker.

Trade with the Philippines has shown an increase under the new census.

The house has passed the Indian appropriation bill. It carries a total of $[illegible].

The government case against the so-called coal trust will be probably carried to the higher courts.

It is difficult to say whether or not there will be any serious effort to change the tariff this session.

Sixty insurrectos were killed and many wounded in a battle with Mexican troops in the state of Chihuahua.

A board of naval physicians was appointed by the secretary of the navy to investigate the typhoid epidemic at Annapolis.

In the United States and all its possessions the Stars and Stripes protect [illegible] souls. This is the official estimate of the United States bureau of the census.

Victor H. Olmstead, chief of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture, in his annual report says the high cost of living has helped farmers greatly.

Announcement is made at the war department of the selection of several general officers of high rank and their nominations will be submitted to the senate for confirmation soon.

The police of Havana raided a house in Vedado, a suburb of Havana, and arrested an Italian named Roca and five others, who were engaged in counterfeiting American treasury notes.

Mrs. Ada F. C. Adriance of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., must pay $25,000 for a pearl necklace, worth only $3,000, because she attempted to smuggle it into this country from Europe last August.

At San Diego, Cal., by the explosion of a defective intake valve of the casing on the submarine boat Grampus, three enlisted members of the crew were injured, one so badly that it is expected he will die.

Reports received at Jerusalem from Syrian villages say that the threatened revolution has become serious, that Turkish officials have been massacred and troops at military posts have been annihilated.

A report from the war department showing how the country is inadequately protected against invasion from foreign governments was sent to the house and was returned to the war department because the house could not receive a secret report.

Population figures for the United States and its possessions place it over the hundred million mark.

The federal grand jury at New Orleans has undertaken an exhaustive investigation into the methods of the sugar weighing.

Porter Charlton, the young American, who confesses killing his wife in Italy, must return to face trial. Young Charlton was reared at Omaha, Neb.

In the act admitting New Mexico to statehood the boundary line between that territory and the state of Texas will be fixed by law. This line has been in dispute.

An explosion in the mine of the Ford Coal company in Wise county, Virginia, entombed twenty-six miners.

George W. Perkins has withdrawn from Morgan & Co. to devote his energies to solving the profit-sharing problem.

The executive board of the American library association decided upon Pasadena, Cal., as the place of the 1911 conference of the association.

A board of naval medical men, headed by Surgeon Charles St. J. Butler, U. S. N., will convene at the naval academy to investigate the recent outbreak there of typhoid fever.

Dr. Emil Reich, author and lecturer on history, died at London.

Members of the revolting naval party of Brazil formally surrendered.

Presbyterians at Pittsburg refused to substitute immersion for sprinkling.

In population of the United States Nebraska is the twenty-ninth.

Kentucky democrats have endorsed Champ Clark for speaker of the lower house.

Andrew Carnegie has given $10,000,000 to "hasten the abolition of international war."

Postmaster General Hitchcock tells of the decrease of the deficit in his annual report.

The Brazilian troops have quelled the second mutiny in the government's naval forces.

The Ballinger-Pinchot congressional committee gave the secretary of the interior a clean bill.

In his annual report Secretary of War Dickinson recommends the necessity of military aeroplanes.

Not a single net gain for either side was the result of the first week of balloting in Great Britain.

The liberals' majority in the house of commons will be practically what it was before the dissolution.

Theodore Roosevelt narrowly escaped being made the beneficiary in the will of a rich Indiana man.

Charles J. Bellamy, founder and publisher of the Springfield, Mass., Daily News, died, aged 59 years.

A modification of the service pension bill, so as to provide for a minimum pension of $15, is proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Dick of Ohio.

A farm hand desperado in South Dakota shot his employer, took possession of the house and defied the sheriff, but was later wounded and captured.

A national memorial to Abraham Lincoln, to be erected in Washington at a cost of $2,000,000, is proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Cullom of Illinois.

The machine has been set in motion to provide for an issue of Panama canal bonds to end a drain upon the working balance of the treasury which now threatens a deficit.

Salvatore Tollizzano, mortally wounded by three revolver bullets on Nov. 20 last, told the Hoboken police he had been shot for refusing to pay tribute to the black hand.

Representative Macon of Arkansas threatens trouble for Captain Robert E. Peary, the arctic explorer, when the question of honoring him comes upon the floor of the house.

The Iowa board of railroad commissioners announced a material reduction in freight rates on soft lump and nut coal within Iowa. The rates on steam or slack coal remain unchanged.

At Fargo, N. D., More Brothers garage and warehouse collapsed, killing R. A. More and his bookkeeper, and injuring two other employes. The upper floors were overweighted with corn.

Attorney General Byers, in a brief filed with the Iowa railroad commission, advocated government ownership of express companies as the solution of rates, which he says are excessive.

Referring to the disastrous forest fires of the past summer, Secretary Wilson has asked the house for a deficiency appropriation of $915,000 to supplement the regular fund for fighting forest fires.

The twenty-eighth child has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jason Bonner at Newcastle, Ind. Twenty-one of the children are living. Mr. Bonner is 49 years old and his wife is four years his junior.

Melville De Laney Landon, better known as "Eli Perkins," the humorist, is critically ill with locomotor ataxia at his home in Yonkers, N. Y. He is 71 years old and has been in failing health for several years.

"I could not save anything out of a salary of $6,000 a year, and I have a family," says Librarian of Congress Hubert Putnam, in arguing before the house committee on appropriations for an increase of his salary from $6,000 to $6,500.

Orders were issued at the war department for the transfer of Brigadier General Frederick Funston to the Philippines, where he becomes commander of the department of Luzon. He is to be succeeded at Leavenworth by Brigadier General Potts.

The Standard Oil company of New York will have to pay its fine of $21,000 for accepting rebates on oil shipments from Olean, N. Y., to New England points, as a result of the action of the supreme court of the United States in refusing to review the decision of the lower courts.

Personal.

Standard Oil will have to pay $21,000 for accepting rebates.

Pat Powers was ousted as head of the eastern baseball league.

Dr. Wiley, the government's pure food head, is soon to marry.

Friends of Rear Admiral Capps say he is being made a martyr.

Manuel II, the exiled king of Portugal, is said to be dead broke.

This session of congress is going to break all records on quick work.

Senator Lafe Young says the country is weary of turmoil over tariff.

Westergaard, the Iowa wrestler, won his handicap match in Lincoln.

In an address at Chicago, Governor Stubbs scored the railroads and the trusts.

Judicial appointments made by the president have been confirmed by the senate.

Governor-elect Aldrich of Nebraska intimates that he will enforce the state liquor laws.

T. L. Lewis has been re-elected national president of the United Mine Workers of America.

Because he has a voice like that of a dead uncle, a Missouri man stands to inherit a little fortune.

Mrs. Hannah H. Jack, an aunt of William H. Taft, died at the home of her daughter at Decatur, Ill.

Attorney General Wickersham's report is a recital of frauds against the government and prosecutions.

Senator Aldrich promises the tariff commission bill will be reported at the present session of congress.

Politics, past, present and future, was the dominant note at the annual fall dinner of the Gridiron club in Washington.

Christmas, 1473.

A Mystery Play of the Nativity

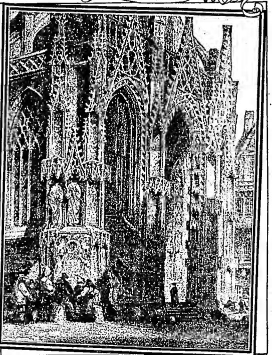
It was early morning of the sixteenth of December, in the year of our Lord 1473. There was a sprightly freshness in the air, yet a touch of ardor, too, for France, even in its northern parts, as in the neighborhood of Rouen, where this scene is laid, is favored with sunshine and pleasant warm breezes until the early months of the new year. Shops were closed, the tools of the mason and the shoemaker and the carpenter lay where they had fallen from the hand of the owner or where they had been put the night before. But every square of Rouen all the way from the massive portal of the cathedral to the cloisters of St. Maclou was thronged, and every window threatened to burst outward from the press of heads and shoulders seeking a point of vantage. In the streets the royal archers had difficulty in keeping a little way clear, and were forced often to threaten and sometimes to prod into order the crowding masses. Something of unusual nature was evidently toward.

Promptly at eight o'clock a herald stepped from the arch of the cathedral and sounded long and loudly on his trumpet. For some moments he remained standing there, as though waiting for a signal from behind. Then he began slowly to pace forward. With a grotesque caper another figure sprang into life from the darkness of the archway. On its head were horns, in its hand it carried a horrid spear, in the girdle at its waist hung smoking firebrands, and sharp implements like the tools of a tinsmith, while its entire body was covered with long hair, and hideous talons armed its long black fingers. No doubt of its identity could be left: it was Lucifer. Rapidly others of his band emerged and surrounded him, merry devils playing pranks, raging devils with forked tongues, serene devils disguised as vintagers, as artisans, as magistrates, yet all displaying in some fashion the cloven hoof or spiked tail. Close pressing on the heels of this boisterous crew came a long bearded patriarch, mounted on an ass. From time to time a celestial figure clothed in white, bearing a shining long sword, stepped from beside him and blocked the way. The chronicles of the time fail to mention whether the ass spoke or not, but the spectacle made it plain beyond peradventure to every onlooker that this was Balaam who was riding in review before them.

After Balaam came other of the prophets, David, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel, Daniel and the Sibyl. These were they who had foretold the coming of the Messiah. Shepherds followed them, playing upon bagpipes and singing lustily:

> "Doune from heaven, from heaven so hie,
> Of angels there came a great companie,
> With mirthe and joy and great solemnitye
> They sange terly, terlow:
> So merell the sheppards ther pipes can
> blow."

Queerest of all was the manner in which these various personages were accoutered. Balaam wore a flowing gown of richest silk, borrowed from the bishop. On his feet were long pointed-toed shoes of doeskin, turned up and fastened to the knees with fine chains. His neck was encircled with a piece of costly lace, and to give a touch of the Oriental, a turban was wound about his fifteenth-century hat; and about the turban was festooned a necklace borrowed for the occasion from the goodwife.



PORTAL OF ROUEN CATHEDRAL

JOSEPH AND MARY ARRIVE AT BETHLEHEM

AN ENTR'ACTE FOR DINNER DURING THE TWO DAYS PLAY

The shepherds were attired quite as sumptuously. They wore slashed doublets and gorgeous colored trunks, and the pipes upon which they played were of the latest fashion in French instrumentation. But the magi, who journeyed in the shepherds' company, far outshone their pastoral companions. Beneath their gowns they gleamed resplendent in bright armor. From top to toe were they encased in mail, and, since they could find no camels in Rouen, they rode on donkeys, that groaned beneath the burden. Each magus was accompanied by a page.

And so the procession wound on and on out of the portal of the cathedral of Rouen. Joseph and Mary, the surly innkeeper bearing a lantern, to designate that his part was played in the night, King Herod, the Roman emperor, and lastly God the Father, God the Son and a numerous band of angels, who distributed amongst themselves the costliest of the albs, stoles, dalmaticas and copes loaned for the occasion by the clergy of the cathedral and the cloister of St. Maclou. Seventy-eight of these principal actors there were in this procession, and their attendant squires and the lesser figures in the drama numbered a hundred and fifty more. By the time they had passed from out the cathedral and arrived at the cloister it was well on the way toward noon of this sixteenth of December, 1473.

At intervals during the course of the parade the crier who headed it stopped and blew a prolonged blast. The procession halted, and from its midst emerged a long-visaged man in the dress of a university doctor. In his hand he held a fat scroll. Waving this aloft, he made proclamation:

> "Silete! silete! Silentium habeatis,
> Et per Dei filium, pacem faciatis."

And when he had finished his peroration in Latin he announced in the vernacular the purport of the celebration. It was to be a great mystery play in honor of the nativity of the Savior, "Incarnacion et nativite de nostre saulveur et redempteur Jesuchrist." The sheriffs of the town, the clergy of the cathedral and St. Maclou, many of the rich burghers and the bishop himself had given of their time and money without stint, in order that the dear townspeople might refresh their souls with a spectacle of holy events. And he, the doctor, had composed a mystery play of some 10,000 verses, and had rehearsed the actors in their parts, so that all was in readiness. On the morning of the twenty-fourth the play would begin, in the market place of the city, and by the grace of God it would be finished by evening of the day following. Let all attend! The crier then made proclamation for the mayor that all shops save those of the victualers should be closed on those two days. Citizens need have no fear of leaving their houses unguarded, for special troops of the archers would patrol the city, and furthermore the gates of the town would be closed against either ingress or egress. Let all attend!

Now let us turn our attention to the market place. It is a large square in the center of Rouen, into which the principal thoroughfares of the city debouch. On all of its four sides is confusion. Along one entire dimension is being erected a row of private boxes for the mayor and other dignitaries of the town, and for such of the clergy as are not impersonating parts in the mystery. The two abutting sides are given over to the victualers, whose booths will feed the hungry throngs during the entr'actes of the play. And the fourth side, that facing the private boxes, is allotted for the stage. In all, this structure compasses some 10,000 square feet; but this small space for the time represents two countries, Palestine and Italy—to say nothing of two realms not to be located with so much geographical certainty—paradise and hell.

On its extreme left is Nazareth, and the house of Joseph and Mary. In fact, the house is all there is to the town, except a sign board inscribed with the name of the place. Next is Bethlehem, typified by an inn and a stable, and just beyond Bethlehem lies a "mansion," or curtained-off square. At the appropriate moment the screen here will be withdrawn, disclosing to the eyes of the onlookers the band of shepherds, watching their flocks by night, and incidentally making the welkin ring with the sound of song and shrilling of the pipes. The field of the shepherds lies betwixt Bethlehem and Jerusalem, that is to say, betwixt the inn and stable and the house of Herod, which stands for the holy city. The next few feet leap oceans, for at the side of Herod's house stands the temple of Apollo in Rome, the chamber of the Roman emperor and the capitol, besides the haunt of the Sibyl, that strange figure of medieval church lore, who, pagan though she was, ranked with the Hebrew prophets, and was celebrated in the greatest of church songs, the "Dies Irae," along with David:

> "Dies Irae, dies illa,
> Solvet saeclum in favilla,
> Teste David cum Sibylla."

Adjoining the house of the Sibyl is limbo. So close are they that during the course of the play their inmates can reach across the intervening space and exchange the courtesy of a sip of wine from the flask. Limbo is merely a square tower, with a front strongly grated. It serves to hold the materialized souls of such of the worthy departed as dwelt on earth during the old dispensation. Here will reside, during the two days of the representation, the prophets, the patriarchs and a select few of the pagans. Their lot is not an unhappy one—they live only in unsatisfied hope. They may well be content with their fate when they look upon their neighbors to the right, at the end of the row of spectacles. For here is hell-mouth. Of all the grotesque and impressive spectacles of the mystery play, hell-mouth took precedence. The most skillful carpenters and mechanicians were employed in its fabrication, and the art of the most expensive painter was none too good for its adornment. When completed, hell-mouth stood 12 or 15 feet high, and as many broad, grinning like the head of St. George's dragon. Its jaws opened cavernously when proper levers were put in operation at the back, and from its eyes and throat issued flames and gusts of smoke, from braziers filled with pitch and blown upon with bellows. Through this smoke sallied out the devil and his aides, to drag in the souls of the lost; and the agonized screams of the damned, punctuated by the roar of cannon, the crashing of stones in the thunder barrel and the shrieking of pipes, was calculated to instill into the most obdurate heart a wholesome fear of what the hereafter might have in store for the unrepentent.

The final spectacle of the stage the carpenters were erecting was paradise. High placed above everything else, it dominated all the scene. Its occupants, God the Father, God the Son and the blessed angels, were hoisted up into it by mechanical lifts, and when the angels wished to descend, as for instance on the night of the nativity, over the fields near Bethlehem, they did so suspended on ropes. It was hard being God or an angel, for there was little chance to get down and stretch one's legs. With these heavenly characters abode four others—Peace, Mercy, Justice and Truth, in imitation of Aristotle's four cardinal virtues.

Such were, in the main, the "mansions" and the characters for which the carpenters had to provide, and the eight days succeeding the "monstre" or grand parade were especially busy ones for these artisans.

Early on the morning of December 24 the long-awaited representation began. The vast market place was thronged. Every box was filled with the gentry; the roped-in space in front, out to within some yards of the stage front, had been covered thickly with straw, and here on the ground sat thousands, while the open stretch immediately in front of and rather below the level of the stage was filled with crowds standing back and forth. Altogether it was a glorious and eager gathering.

The learned doctor whose midnight toil had prepared the doggerel, and whose weeks of labor had rehearsed the players in their parts, appeared first in a short prologue. After exhorting his listeners to silence, he described for them briefly the substance of what was about to be presented on the stage, and admonished them to take to heart the lessons of the mystery. As he retired to a convenient angle of the wall of Herod's house, whence he might advantageously be in position for prompting the actors, a deep lamentation broke out within hell. It was Adam grieving over the sad and fallen state of man.

Thus the play goes on for two days, passing now to limbo, whence the prophets issue to foretell to mankind the coming salvation, to Nazareth, to Bethlehem and throughout the whole cycle of the nativity. When Christ is born in Bethlehem, hell redoubles its efforts, and Lucifer rolls about the stage in a mighty orgy of blind fury. The images of the idols in the temple at Rome fall crashing from their pedestals, and, high above all, the angels in paradise, or hovering on their ropes above the fields of Palestine, chant majestically the praises of the Creator and proclaim the "Pax in terris."

Curious is the final scene. It is placed in Rome, in the chamber of Augustus. The emperor, dressed like a French duke, is seated on a fancy chair loaned by the mayor of Rouen. Evidently he is ill at ease. He is reading a scroll of the Sibylline writings, wherein he finds a distinct prophecy to the effect that a Messiah is to be born in Palestine, in Bethlehem of Judea. More and more disturbed he becomes, and as he paces the floor of his chamber he recites his woes in doggerel French, accompanied by a wealth of gesticulations. The sun is already down beyond the gables to the west of the market place ere the monologue comes to an end. With a sudden inspiration, he falls to his knees and worships a figure of the virgin that miraculously appears on the wall. Satan and his crew give a final salvo, and the crowd rises stiffly to its feet and wends its way back to the homes and taverns of the city, much moved by the spectacle it has been a witness of for two whole days.

Some Stories About Misers

The other day an old woman in Plaistow, England, died of starvation. She had $750 in gold and notes in the house at the time, and was possessed of freehold property besides.

John Elwes, who lived—we can hardly say flourished—in the eighteenth century, was a typical instance of the miser, who prefers the means to the end. When he, possessed of a million of money, walked the streets of London, philanthropic people would sometimes thrust a penny into his hand, so beggarly and poverty-stricken was his appearance.

He would even eat food that was in the last stage of putrefaction sooner than throw it away.

One of the anecdotes told of him is rather pleasing. By an accident in the street he received an injury to both his legs and a doctor was called in. Elwes protested that the expense was quite unnecessary and that he was not much hurt. So he made an arrangement with the doctor. The doctor was to take one leg and treat it as he liked. Elwes would take the other and do nothing to it. And he would bet the doctor the amount of his bill that the untended leg got well first. He used to boast afterward that he beat the doctor by a fortnight. The curious old miser had a good deal of the gambler in him as well, and in one night he lost three thousand pounds at cards.

Hume tells of a miser who, on his deathbed, summoned the magistrates and said he would leave them one hundred pounds for charitable purposes. No sooner had they gone than he had them recalled to know if they would take five pounds off for ready money. Another miser meant to disappoint his natural heirs and leave his money to a hospital. But the hospital had to pay for the drawing-up of the will, as he would have died intestate sooner than face the expense himself.

JARS NEW YORK

GAS AND DYNAMITE EXPLODE IN POWER HOUSE—THIRTEEN KNOWN DEAD.

MANY PERSONS MISSING

Shock Wrecks Fire Station and Delayed Prompt Help—Trolley Car Filled With Students Blown From Track.

New York, Dec. 19.—At 3:20 this afternoon it was ascertained that thirteen persons lost their lives, fifty were injured and 1,000 people badly shaken up in the explosion of the car lighting gas tanks and dynamite in the new six-story power station of the New York Central railroad, under course of construction, at Fiftieth and Lexington avenues today.

Nine bodies have been recovered and the bodies of four workmen are believed to be in the wreckage. A trolley car filled with high school students was blown from the tracks on Lexington avenue. Four passengers were killed and others were injured. Fire Chief Crocker says that in his opinion the first explosion was that of lighting gas and the second explosion that of a hundred weight of dynamite which lay within fifty feet of the gas tank.

New York, Dec. 19.—Twelve persons were killed, two of them women, and thirty were injured in a double explosion of gas and dynamite in the new electric power house of the New York Central railroad shortly after 8 o'clock this morning.

The force of the explosion shattered hundreds of windows in the big hotels and apartment houses in the neighboring blocks near the big railroad terminal causing great alarm among the guests.

The dynamite blast picked up a northbound trolley car, lifted it into air and sent it crashing down upon an automobile which was passing along the other side of the street. Four of the passengers were killed and every one in the car was injured.

The railroad service was temporarily interrupted. The new sub-station power house, where the explosion occurred, is at Fiftieth street and Lexington avenue, which is half a dozen blocks north of the Grand Central station.

The shock which could be felt for many blocks partly wrecked a fire engine house nearby and prevented the firemen from getting their apparatus into the street.

The power house, which is built of stone and brick and six stories high caught fire after the explosion and the interior was practically burned out. Just what caused the double explosion probably may never be known.

Officials of the railroad learned that there were many workmen in the building at the time of the explosion and that very few of them had been accounted for. In a Bible Teachers Training school on Lexington avenue directly opposite the power house, 121 men and women who were on their way to breakfast were thrown to the floor by the blast. Many of the men and women were injured and several of them were taken to hospitals. All the windows in the building were blown in and the ceiling fell.

Raise Bond for Dietz.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 19.—As the result of personal solicitation of Miss Myra Dietz, daughter of John Dietz, the "outlaw of Cameron Dam," business men of Bangor, Wis. here today pledged themselves in writing to furnish $2,000 for her father's bail, enough to secure his freedom on the three remaining counts against him.

The bonds will be signed as soon as formally drafted. The signers are all village merchants who have enjoyed the hospitality of the Dietz family during the hunting season.

Looks Like Trouble.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 19.—The former United States gunboat Hornet, reported to have been purchased by Honduras revolutionists, cleared from here today at 12:30 this afternoon for Cape Gracias with a crew of twenty men, 200 tons of coal and provisions for thirty days. Included among the crew are several men who are said to have been connected with previous filibustering expeditions directed against the Central American republic.

Grand Forks Man Drops Dead.

Grand Forks, N. D., Dec. 19.—Martin Lynch of this city, one of the best known men of Grand Forks and the owner of several farms in this section of the Red river valley, dropped dead at one of his farms, four miles north of Granville this morning. He had been making an inspection of some of the farm buildings and had just entered the farm house when he toppled over dead. Heart failure was the cause.

New Parliament Unchanged.

London, Dec. 19.—New parliament is complete with exception of three seats which are being contested today. In only one of these constituencies, Wick-burghs, in Scotland, for which the sitting member, R. Munro, is a liberal, is there any possibility of a change, and so the house of commons will be made up of 272 or 273 unionists, 270 or 271 liberals, eighty-four Irish nationalists, and forty-three labor members.

Head Split While He Slept.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 19.—Francis Knifen was found dead in bed early today with his head split, at his home, 375 Lamay avenue. His widow, Nellie Knifen, who was arrested by the police, gave the neighbors their first report of the tragedy.

She said she was occupying a bedroom in another part of the house when she was awakened by her husband's groans and found him in a dying condition. A bloody axe was found in the wood shed. The widow positively denied that she knew anything about the murder.

Found Shot in His Wagon.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—John Donnelly, a driver for a garment factory here, today was shot and his wagon was riddled with bullets in the clothing factory district.

He lay suffering in his wagon while the horses, undirected, wandered around until the police discovered his plight. He is not expected to live.

The garment workers out on strike are suffering, in many instances refused to the police, from cold and hunger, and the employers have advised Mayor Busse that hereafter all negotiations will be made directly with the men —

SYNOPSIS.

Lawrence Blakeley, lawyer, goes to Pittsburg with the forged notes in the [illegible] to take the deposition of the [illegible] witness for the prosecution, John Gilmore, a millionaire, [illegible] the latter's [illegible]. The lawyer is attracted by the pic[illegible] of a girl [illegible] explains is [illegible] West. He says [illegible] a friend of [illegible] to buy a [illegible] is requested by [illegible]. He gives her lower ten. He finds [illegible] in lower ten [illegible]. He awakens in [illegible] bag and clothes [illegible] in lower ten is [illegible] that the [illegible] Harrington of Pitts[illegible] suspected with [illegible] is suspected of the [illegible]

CHAPTER VI—Continued.

[illegible] haven't heard the rest of [illegible]," I asked, holding out the [illegible]. It frightfully bad luck for [illegible] but it makes a good story. You [illegible]

[illegible] moment the conductor and [illegible] ended their colloquy. The conductor came directly toward me, tugging [illegible] at his bristling gray [illegible]

"I [illegible] like to talk to you in the [illegible]," he said to me, with a curious [illegible] at the young lady.

"[illegible]," I objected. "We [illegible] to get a cup of coffee and [illegible]. I'm as useful as you [illegible]."

"[illegible] and the breakfast will have [illegible]," he replied. "I won't keep [illegible]." There was a note of an[illegible] in his voice which I resented; [illegible] all the circumstances were [illegible]

"[illegible] have to defer that cup of [illegible]," I said to the girl; "[illegible]; there's breakfast [illegible]"

[illegible] end of the car, she stood [illegible] I felt rather than saw that [illegible]. I was surprised to [illegible] men gathered around [illegible] in which I had wakened, [illegible]. It had not yet been [illegible]

[illegible] along the aisle, I was [illegible] of a new expression on the [illegible] passengers. The tall woman [illegible] was searching my [illegible] narrowed eyes, while the [illegible] of the kindly heart [illegible] my gaze and pretended to [illegible] out of the window.

[illegible] pushed our way through the [illegible] I fancied that it closed around [illegible]. The conductor said [illegible] but led the way without ceremony to the side of the berth.

"What['s] the matter?" I inquired. I [illegible] puzzled but not apprehensive. "Have you [illegible] some of my things? I'd be [illegible] even for my shoes, these are [illegible] tight."

Nobody spoke, and I fell silent, too. [illegible] of the pillows had been turned over, and the under side of the white [illegible] was streaked with brownish [illegible]. I think it was a perceptible [illegible] before I realized that the stains [illegible] blood, and that the faces around [illegible] filled with suspicion and dis[illegible]

"Why, it—that looks like blood," I [illegible]ly. There was an incessant pounding in my ears, and the [illegible] voice came from far off.

"It is blood," he asserted grimly.

I looked around with a dizzy attempt at nonchalance. "Even if it is," I [illegible]strated, "surely you don't suppose for a moment that I know anything about it!"

The amateur detective elbowed his way in. He had a scrap of transparent paper in his hand, and a pencil.

"I would like permission to trace the stains," he began eagerly. "Also"—to me—"if you will kindly jab your finger with a pin—needle—anything—"

"If you don't keep out of this," the conductor said savagely, "I will do some jabbing myself. As for you, sir—" he turned to me. I was absolutely innocent, but I knew that I presented a typical picture of guilt; I was covered with cold sweat, and the pounding in my ears kept up dizzily. "As for you, sir—"

The irrepressible amateur detective made a quick pounce at the pillow and jerked back the cover. Before our incredulous eyes he drew out a narrow [illegible] dirk which had been buried to the small cross that served as a head.

There was a chorus of voices around, a quick surging forward of the crowd. So that was what had scratched my hand! I buried the wound in my coat pocket.

"Well," I said, trying to speak naturally, "doesn't that prove what I have been telling you? The man who committed the murder belonged to this berth, and made an exchange in some way after the crime. How do you know he didn't change the tags so I would come back to this berth?" This was an inspiration; I was pleased with it. "That's what he did, he changed the tags," I reiterated.

There was a murmur of assent [illegible]. The doctor, who was standing [illegible] me, put his hand on my [illegible]. "If this gentleman committed the crime, and I for one feel sure he did not, then who is the fellow who got away? And why did he go?"

"We have only one man's word for that," the conductor snarled. "I've traveled [illegible] in these cars myself, and no one ever changed berths with me."

Somebody on the edge of the group asserted that hereafter he would travel by daylight. I glanced up and caught the eye of the girl in blue.

"They are all mad," she said. Her tone was low, but I heard her distinctly. "Don't take them seriously enough to defend yourself."

"I am glad you think I didn't do it," I observed meekly, over the crowd. "Nothing else is of any importance."

The conductor had pulled out his note book again. "Your name, please," he said gruffly.

"Lawrence Blakeley, Washington."

"Your occupation?"

The MAN in LOWER TEN

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

AUTHOR of THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

ILLUSTRATIONS by M. G. KETTNER

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"Attorney. A member of the firm of Blakeley & McKnight."

"Mr. Blakeley, you say you have occupied the wrong berth and have been robbed. Do you know anything of the man who did it?"

"Only from what he left behind," I answered. "These clothes—"

"They fit you," he said with quick suspicion. "Isn't that rather a coincidence? You are a large man."

"Good heavens," I retorted, stung to fury, "do I look like a man who would wear this kind of a necktie? Do you suppose I carry purple and green barred silk handkerchiefs? Would any man in his senses wear a pair of shoes a full size too small?"

The conductor was inclined to hedge. "You will have to grant that I am in a peculiar position," he said. "I have only your word as to the exchange of berths, and you understand I am merely doing my duty. Are there any clews in the pockets?"

For the second time I emptied them of their contents, which he noted. "Is that all?" he finished. "There was nothing else?"

"Nothing."

"That's not all, sir," broke in the porter, stepping forward. "There was a small black satchel."

"That's so," I exclaimed. "I forgot the bag. I don't even know where it is."

The easily swayed crowd looked suspicious again. I've grown so accustomed to reading the faces of a jury, seeing them swing from doubt to belief, and back again to doubt, that I instinctively watch expressions. I saw that my forgetfulness had done me harm—that suspicion was roused again.

The bag was found a couple of seats away, under somebody's raincoat—another dubious circumstance. Was I hiding it? It was brought to the berth and placed beside the conductor, who opened it at once.

It contained the usual traveling impedimenta—change of linen, collars, handkerchiefs, a bronze-green scarf, and a safety razor. But the attention of the crowd riveted itself on a flat, Russia leather wallet, around which a heavy gum band was wrapped, and which bore in gilt letters the name "Simon Harrington."

"I Don't Want It," I Said.

CHAPTER VII.

A Fine Gold Chain.

The conductor held it out to me, his face sternly accusing.

"Is this another coincidence?" he asked. "Did the man who left you his clothes and the barred silk handkerchief and the tight shoes leave you the spoil of the murder?"

The men standing around had drawn off a little, and I saw the absolute futility of any remonstrance. Have you ever seen a fly, who, in these hygienic days, finding no cobwebs to entangle him, is caught in a sheet of fly paper, finds himself more and more mired, and is finally quiet with the sticky stillness of despair?

Well, I was the fly. I had seen too much of circumstantial evidence to have any belief that the establishing of my identity would weigh much against the other incriminating details. It meant imprisonment and trial, probably, with all the notoriety and loss of practice they would entail. A man thinks quickly at a time like that. All the probable consequences of the finding of that pocketbook flashed through my mind as I extended my hand to take it. Then I drew my arm back.

"I don't want it," I said. "Look inside. Maybe the other man took the money and left the wallet."

The conductor opened it, and again there was a curious surging forward of the crowd. To my intense disappointment the money was still there. I stood blankly miserable while it was counted out—five $100 bills, six twenties and some fives and ones that brought the total to $650.

The little man with the note-book insisted on taking the numbers of the notes, to the conductor's annoyance. It was immaterial to me: Small things had lost their power to irritate. I was seeing myself in the prisoner's box, going through all the nerve-racking routine of a trial for murder—the challenging of the jury, the endless cross-examinations, the alternate hope and fear. I believe I said before that I had no nerves, but for a few minutes that morning I was as near as a man ever comes to hysteria.

I folded my arms and gave myself a mental shake. I seemed to be the center of a hundred eyes, expressing every shade of doubt and distrust, but I tried not to flinch. Then some one created a diversion.

The amateur detective was busy again with the sealskin bag, investigating the make of the safety razor and the manufacturer's name on the bronze-green tie. Now, however, he paused and frowned, as though some pet theory had been upset.

Then from a corner of the bag he drew out and held up for our inspection some three inches of fine gold chain, one end of which was blackened and stained with blood!

The conductor held out his hand for it, but the little man was not ready to give it up. He turned to me.

"You say no watch was left you? Was there a piece of chain like that?"

"No chain at all," I said sulkily. "No jewelry of any kind, except plain gold buttons in the shirt I am wearing."

"Where are your glasses?" he threw at me suddenly; instinctively my hand went to my eyes. My glasses had been gone all morning, and I had not even noticed their absence. The little man smiled cynically and held out the chain.

"I must ask you to examine this," he insisted. "Isn't it a part of the fine gold chain you wear over your ear?"

I didn't want to touch the thing. The stain at the end made me shudder. But with a baker's dozen of suspicious eyes—well, we'll say 14—there were no one-eyed men—I took the fragment in the tips of my fingers and looked at it helplessly.

"Very fine chains are much alike," I managed to say. "For all I know, this may be mine, but I don't know how it got into that sealskin bag. I never saw the bag until this morning after daylight."

"He admits that he had the bag," somebody said behind me. "How did you guess that he wore glasses, anyhow?" to the amateur sleuth.

That gentleman cleared his throat. "There were two reasons," he said, "for suspecting it. When you see a man with the lines of his face drooping, a healthy individual with a pensive eye—suspect astigmatism. Besides, this gentleman has a pronounced line across the bridge of his nose and a mark on his ear from the chain."

After this remarkable exhibition of the theoretical as combined with the practical, he sank into a seat near by, and still holding the chain, sat with closed eyes and pursed lips. It was evident to all the car that the solution of the mystery was a question of moments. Once he bent forward eagerly and putting the chain on the window-sill, proceeded to go over it with a pocket magnifying glass, only to shake his head in disappointment. All the people around shook their heads, too, although they had not the slightest idea what it was about.

The pounding in my ears began again. The group around me seemed to be suddenly motionless in the very act of moving, as if a hypnotist had called "Rigid!" The girl in blue was looking at me, and above the din I thought she said she must speak to me—something vital. The pounding grew louder and merged into a scream. With a grinding and splintering the car rose under my feet. Then it fell away into darkness.

CHAPTER VIII.

The Second Section.

Have you ever been picked up out of your three-meals-a-day life, whirled around in a tornado of events, and landed in a situation so grotesque and yet so horrible that you laugh even while you are groaning, and straining at its hopelessness? McKnight says that is hysteria, and that no man worthy of the name ever admits to it.

Also, as McKnight says, it sounds like a tank drama. Just as the revolving saw is about to cut the hero into stove lengths, the second villain blows up the sawmill. The hero goes up through the roof and alights on the bank of a stream at the feet of his lady love, who is making daisy chains.

Nevertheless, when I was safely home again, with Mrs. Klopton brewing strange drinks that came in paper packets from the pharmacy, and that smelled to heaven, I remember staggering to the door and closing it, and then going back to bed and howling out the absurdity and the madness of the whole thing. And while I laughed my very soul was sick, for the girl was gone by that time, and I knew by all the loyalty that answers between men for honor that I would have to put her out of my mind.

And yet, all the night that followed, filled as it was with the shrieking demons of pain, I saw her as I had seen her last, in the queer hat with green ribbons. I told the doctor this, guardedly, the next morning, and he said it was the morphia, and that I was lucky not to have seen a row of devils with green tails.

I don't know anything about the wreck of September 9 last. You who swallowed the details with your coffee and digested the horrors with your chop, probably know a great deal more than I do. I remember very distinctly that the jumping and throbbing in my arm brought me back to a world that at first was nothing but sky, a heap of clouds that I thought hazily were the meringue on a blue charlotte russe. As the sense of hearing was slowly added to vision, I heard a woman near me sobbing that she had lost her hat pin, and she couldn't keep her hat on.

I think I dropped back into unconsciousness again, for the next thing I remember was of my blue patch of sky clouded with smoke, of a strange, roaring and crackling, of a rain of fiery sparks in my face and of somebody beating at me with feeble hands. I opened my eyes and closed them again: The girl in blue was bending over me. With that imperviousness to big things and keenness to small that is the first effect of shock, I tried to be facetious, when a spark stung my cheek.

"You will have to rouse yourself!" the girl was repeating desperately. "You've been in fire twice already." A piece of striped ticking floated slowly over my head. As the wind caught it its charring edges leaped into flame.

"Looks like a kite, doesn't it?" I remarked cheerfully. And then, as my arm gave an excruciating throb—"Jove, how my arm hurts!"

The girl bent over and spoke slowly, distinctly, as one might speak to a deaf person or a child.

"Listen, Mr. Blakeley," she said earnestly. "You must rouse yourself. There has been a terrible accident. The second section ran into us. The wreck is burning now, and if we don't move, we will catch fire. Do you hear?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Would Not Live as Slaves

Incident of Sublime Heroism of Which the World Has Had Little Knowledge.

D. W. and A. S. Iddings, who have recently returned from a trip in the interests of Recreation through parts of Mexico little known to the outside world, obtained an interesting audience with the governor of Chiapas. In writing of this interview, in Recreation, they say:

It was from the governor's lips that we heard the story of the awful tragedy that followed the rebellion of the Chiapanecs after the first three years of Spanish rule, almost unmatched in the world's history and yet little known. The defeated Chiapanecs, facing a return to the Spanish bondage, rushed in a body from the City of Chiapa to the edge of a high cliff overhanging the Crijalva river, and, locked in close embrace, fathers, mothers and children cast themselves upon the rocks below or into the swift running stream. They preferred death at their own hands in this frightful manner to dishonor. Vainly the Spaniards strove to prevent the great city's complete depopulation, but of the multitude, variously estimated at from 50,000 to 100,000, scarce 2,000 souls were saved. This was in 1526.

Goats to Save Fire Breaks.

The forest service has turned 300 Angora goats loose on mountain slopes in western states, as an experiment to keep the weeds from the fire breaks.

CURIOUS FARM FACTS

New York Leads in Hay and Illinois in Corn.

To While Away Dull Noon Hour Kansas City Business Men Studied "Agricultural Graphics."

Kansas City, Mo.—It sounded like a class in geography, but it wasn't. Four business men awaited the return of a fifth, who had gone to luncheon. On his desk lay a pamphlet entitled "Agricultural Graphics," recently issued by the government. One man picked it up.

"John," he said, as he glanced through the pamphlet, "what state in the union raises the most hay?"

"Kansas," promptly answered John, a K. U. graduate.

"Wrong, by several hundred miles. New York is the hay state. Now can any one in the class tell me which is the real corn state? You keep quiet, John, you're prejudiced."

"Illinois, I believe," a small man who wore glasses said.

"Right! Illinois is first in corn, Iowa first in oats. Here's an easy one. Which state raises the most wheat?"

John, the K. U. man, made another attempt.

"I'll bet I'm right on that," he said. "Kansas has it on them all for wheat. They teach us that when we learn to read and write."

"You are correct," the interrogator said. "Let's try this one. Where do the largest sweet-potato crops come from?"

There was instantaneous silence among the amateur commercial geographers. No one knew.

"If it were Irish potatoes I would guess Ireland," the only bald-headed man in the office remarked. "You'll have to pass to the next, though on the sweet-potato question."

"If you guessed Ireland for Irish potatoes, you would be wrong even at that," the man with the book said. "Germany is the country which leads in Irish potatoes. New York raises more of them than any other state in this country. But to return to the original question—North Carolina produces the banner sweet-potato crops.

"The United States grows the most tobacco. Its annual crop is 698,000,000 pounds. British India is second, with 450,000,000 pounds, and the other countries are away down in the list."

"What country raises the most cotton?"

"The United States," was the answer of the whole group in one voice.

"Correct! You may all go to the head of the class."

"Now, what country leads in wheat?"

"The United States."

"Right you are again. And what country leads in corn?"

"The United States."

"Correct again. Really, I am surprised at your ability to answer these questions. What country leads in oats?"

"The United States."

"All correct once more. Now, how about cane sugar?"

The United States answer had become a habit and every one chorused: "The United States."

"Which leads me to say that you are unanimously wrong and don't know so much about these things after all," the leader said. "British India produces the most cane sugar, with an annual yield of 1,999,000 tons. The United States produces only 1,216,000 tons a year."

Real Scrublady is a Star

Drops Bucket and Washing to Help Perplexed Manager and Makes Immense Hit.

New York.—If the history of "The Bachelor Belles," the musical comedy at the Globe theater, is ever written its bright particular star will be, not Adeline Genee, Ruth Peebles, Eva Fallan nor Josie Sadler, but Mrs. Logan.

Until the other night Mrs. Logan was unknown to the world of footlight favorites, but she was one of the humble handmaids at its threshold. Her job was to scrub the marble pavements of the lobby and polish the brass railing in front of the box office. That task did not give Mrs. Logan much preferment, but it got her into rehearsals of the play.

The other day Julian Mitchell, the stage manager, was vainly trying to drill a proud chorus girl into the ways of a scrubwoman. But the chorus girl veneer would not come off.

Over and over again he put her through the paces of "The Girls I Used to Know," but the chorus girl could not shake off the accents of the lobster palace. It was then that Mrs. Logan saw her chance. She dropped her scrubbing brush into the pail and waited for Stage Manager Mitchell to draw near.

"If it plaze you," she said, in her best Irish brogue, "O'd loike a chance to play that part."

"What do you know about acting?" asked Mr. Mitchell.

"Well," answered Mrs. Logan, "Oi don't know much; but Oi can't see as thim chorus gir-r-ls av yours know much, ayther."

It was Maggie Cline, who was a scrublady until Tony Pastor—rest his soul—gave her a chance, and then she got to be a genius. Hence Mr. Mitchell was impressed by the woman's earnestness and gave her a trial.

He found she had a good soprano voice. Her working clothes were a good enough costume. By the next afternoon she had learned the verse of the song, and that night she made her debut. She received so much applause that she had to sing her verse twice.

A reporter sent a message to Mrs. Logan, asking her full name and address.

"Tell him," she answered, "I'm not looking for publicity. Some day you'll see the name Genevieve St. Ruburn on the billboards and ashcans. That will be me."

Search For Hen's Secret

Electric Thermometer Is Placed in Nest to Ascertain Varying Temperatures in Hatching.

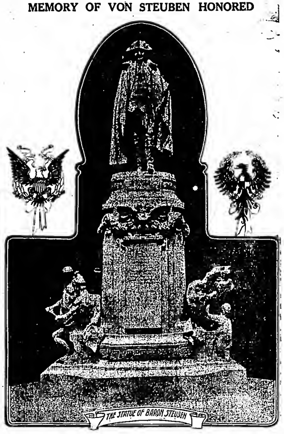
Bozeman, Mont.—Why hens are able to hatch out on the average a larger proportion of the eggs intrusted to them than the best patent incubators is something that no one knows at present, but Edmund Burke, chemist of the Montana experiment station, has been trying for some time to find out. It is known that the eggs under the sitting hen are not kept at a uniform temperature, but the exact amount and time of the variations are not known.

To help him in finding out these facts Professor Burke has just acquired a delicate and costly instrument which will work automatically, and in the form of written diagrams will answer such questions as to the variations in temperature in the hen's nest between day and night, between the beginning and end of the incubation period, in the absence of the hen from her nest, between the center and edge of the hen's nest, under hens of different breeds. This instrument is an electrically recording thermometer which can make a continuous written record, minute by minute, of the temperature during the whole incubation period of 21 days.

A platinum thermometer is placed in an artificial egg which is put with a setting of real eggs under a real hen. This thermometer is connected by a wire to the recording apparatus, where by the use of an electric current connected with clock work, written record of the variations in temperature is kept on a blank wrapped about a revolving cylinder. So minute and exact a record of these changes never before has been attempted.

The value of the experiment is in the light it may throw upon methods of handling artificial incubators, which in so many ways have the advantage over the hens.

MEMORY OF VON STEUBEN HONORED



WASHINGTON.—On Wednesday, December 7, more than one hundred years after his death, the United States honored the memory of Major-General Baron von Steuben, the drillmaster of Washington's army, by the unveiling of a granite statue in Lafayette Park, just across Pennsylvania avenue from the White House. President Taft delivered the principal address and Secretary of War Dickinson presided. More than 6,000 Germans and 4,000 men of the regular army and the District of Columbia National Guard participated in the parade. The statue of Von Steuben was designed and executed by Albert Jaegers of New York. It is so highly regarded as a work of art that congress has provided for the presentation of a bronze replica to the emperor of Germany, in partial recognition of his gift to the United States of a statue of Frederick the Great, which latter statue now stands in front of the Army War College in Washington.

PARADISE FOR BRUIN

Abundance of Food Has Made Bears Very Tame.

Grizzlies, Young and Old, Form Peace Pact With Surveying Party and Become Exceedingly Friendly—No Sport to Kill Them.

Nome, Alaska.—A grizzlies' paradise par excellence has been located in a great berry patch along the international boundary line between the Dominion and Alaska, about thirty miles inland from Taku Arm. The bears are of the species known as the Alaska brown. They range in size from cubs of two feet from muzzle to tail to aged monsters ten feet long. To shoot them would be wanton slaughter. Abundance of food has robbed them of their fierce instincts. So tame have they become that they establish a peace pact with a Dominion government survey party which spent the summer in that vicinity engaged in the work of delimitating the boundary line. The grizzlies, young and old, paid frequent visits to the camp when seeking change of diet, and became so friendly that they would stand up on their hind legs to grab choice tidbits thrown at them from the cookhouse.

This was the remarkable story related in all seriousness by H. S. Mussell of Ottawa, who recently arrived here. He has been engaged in boundary survey work since 1904. His experience last summer was unique. Mr. Mussell, his assistant, N. J. Ogilvie, and eight men arrived on the Princess Beatrice from Juneau.

"That is the greatest bear country in existence. I never saw anything to equal it, even on the Stikine river, where I put in several seasons," said Mr. Mussell in relating various incidents of the season's work. "We soon realized that the animals, thanks to an abundant food supply, were disposed to be friendly. They never attempted to molest us from the very start, and they soon inaugurated a series of daily visits to the camp. They were a little shy at first, but the smell of frying bacon proved irresistible. At last they would approach within twenty yards, sometimes half a dozen at a time, and stand on their hind legs to grab at the feed we threw them.

"The animals finally undertook to visit the camp at night to forage for themselves. This we did not like, as we feared they might stray into our sleeping tents. However, I must say, they respected our privacy, and the meat supplies were cached out of sight. It was not uncommon to meet them on the trail up to a glacier where we were engaged in triangulation work. We usually gave them the right of way. Once Jack Sheppard of Nanaimo, one of my assistants, met four big brown bears three miles from camp. Jack must have been in bad humor that day or else he feared an attack, for he leveled his rifle and blazed away. He killed three, and the other monster, mortally wounded, managed to escape. After that the bears did not visit our camp so often."

Mr. Mussell described the country as the roughest region he had ever visited. It is a vast series of high peaks, covered with glaciers or eternal snows. It was impossible to plant boundary pillars, and the triangulation work and photographs will form the record of the location of the boundary in that locality. In all, about four hundred square miles of the territory was covered.

HARVARD WINS FIRST PLACE

Leads in the Number of Its Scientists, With Columbia Second and Chicago Third.

Boston.—Harvard has more leading men of science than any other American university, according to the Harvard alumni bulletin. Of the 1,000 foremost scientists of the country, 79 are members of the Harvard faculty; 48 are at Columbia, 47 at Chicago and 38 at Yale. This ranking was made by Prof. J. McKeen Catell of Columbia, and was based on the expressed opinion of 120 leading American scientists. Professor Catell's technical scheme of rating gives Harvard 374 Points, Columbia 203, Chicago 188 and Yale 141.

English Airship Line.

Washington.—Encouraged by recent successes in the operation of dirigible balloons, a project has been launched in Liverpool for a passenger, mail and express service between that city and North Wales, according to consular reports received here.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

BY C. & C. BAKER

Issued Every Thursday at Red Lake Falls Minnesota.

OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE COUNTY
OFFICIAL PAPER RED LAKE FALLS CITY

$1.50 Per Year In Advance

Pennington county warrants are rated at their actual value. Nobody wants them at any price.

Some of those fellows up the line who are so cock sure that Pennington county is more than a name ought to pick up those snaps in Pennington county warrants.

The sanity of any man who wants to get to the north pole might well be questioned, so it may not be so strange that Dr. Cook is now in doubt about his own mental condition.

Mr. Pepper who is red headed and who has been elected to Congress from Iowa ought to be able to supply some of the flavor to congressional proceedings that has been lacking since the retirement of Jadam Bede.

Such a crazy business! They now want congress to honor Peary for having reached the north pole. Congress should keep right on reading President Taft's message until Peary's claims have been passed upon by the Copenhagen wise men.

It has been demonstrated that a crazy man can fool most of the people part of the time, a smaller number of the people a longer time, and it may be admitted that most of the people are a little "[illegible]" on some subject, but that does not indicate that all of the people are crazy all of the time.

Here's a sure enough tip for some good investments. Pennington county warrants can be purchased for a song. And you don't have to be a very good singer and they will be worth one hundred cents on the dollar just as soon as it has been judicially determined that Pennington county didn't die a-borning.

Though the federal authorities may have power under the Indian treaties to close the saloons in a large part of Minnesota, the reason for exercising that authority in much of that territory does not exist. The authority of the department to prevent the sale of liquor to Indians is absolute and where its application is limited to those localities where there are Indians with whom traffic in liquor may be carried on the closing of the saloons cannot be said to be an unwarranted interference with the state's exercise of its police power. But the closing of the saloon in localities uninhabited by Indians is without reason for there no longer exists the reason for the exercise of the federal authority. The screwing down of the "lid" in much of the northern Minnesota territory that is not inhabited by Indians, though made possible by the terms of the treaty becomes by the logic of the situation an unreasonable interference with the state's exercise of the police power. The announced purpose of President Taft to issue an order limiting the operation of the Ballinger order to the closing of the saloons in territory actually inhabited by Indians and territory immediately surrounding ought to meet with universal approval.

The sheriff of Pennington county is a patriot, a soldier and a gentleman. Several Pennington county citizens have become insane since election because of the mental strain they have undergone in trying to figure out why they voted for county division and the sheriff, good soul, has provided for them official escort to the hospital and entertainment en route. The sheriff is no tight wad and he has paid the bills with real money, the kind that is in circulation in Red Lake county. That the sheriff is a here and dead game is proven by the fact that he is satisfied with reimbursement in Pennington county warrants. That isn't getting very much, of course, but Mr. Sheriff is probably consoled by the "thot" that others who have given aid or comfort, services or goods to the cause of the secessionists are getting the same kind of confederate money.

During the session of the legislature this winter the Gazette will publish a weekly St. Paul letter. The letter will be especially interesting to Gazette readers because of the interest of northern Minnesota people in the reapportionment program and other porposed legislation. Mr. Lawson, who will supply the letter, is a writer of interesting stuff and though his letter will be "non-partisan" it will contain much information that will not be found in the news reports of the proceedings of the legislature.

ONE WAY TO REAPPORTION.

We notice that the Minneapolis Journal tries to place the News in a column with other papers in Southern Minnesota that are opposed to reapportionment. Once and for all it is not a true statement. The News knows that Le Sueur county is not fairly entitled to two Representatives and two Senators, some other sections of the state considered, but it is opposed to any scheme of reapportionment that will place the people more at the mercy of the Steel Trust, the brewery combine and the lumber and railroad interests than is now exercised. If the great section of Minnesota now undeveloped can not be made the home of millions in the future without fastening the iron grip of the combines more thoroughly on the throats of the people now living there, and in all Minnesota, let us never reapportion. But if the people interested, the real residents of the State, North and South, outside of the combines, can be given a square deal by the latter, the News favors reapportionment at once.—Le Sueur News.

The News was placed in a class of opponents of reapportionment on the strength of a previous editorial utterance, and the foregoing merely serves to verify the diagnosis. Only one kind of reapportionment is possible under the constitution and that is based on population. To oppose that kind of a deal is too oppose reapportionment. The talk about giving more power to the "interests" will be used as an excuse by opponents of reapportionment this winter but the state is not doling out representatives to the breweries, the steel trust or any other corporation. A real apportionment bill will make it possible for 40,000 citizens in the north or in the cities to have as much voice in the government as 40,000 citizens n the southern section. The people in each district have the right to choose legislators to represent them, not to represent somebody else or please those in some other part of the state.

Minnesota people are very much alike after all, and the membership of the legislature from one section of the state will compare very fairly with that from any other part of the state. If it is necessary in order to protect the people from the "interests" to deny them a square deal and tax the people of Northern Minnesota without fair representation, then the square deal theory is in a bad way.—Minneapolis Journal.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

CREATED QUITE A COMMOTION

[Continued from Page 1.]

engineers could be secured at an annual expense to the state of $125,000. The men being paid by the state and being assured of their positions would not be subject to local influences, and their tenure of office depending on the character of their services would result in their giving their best thought and attention to it. They would not have to be subservient to the demands of local politicians, nor would it be necessary for them in the discharge of their duties to think how it would affect them at the spring elections. It is Mr. Dunn's opinion that both county commissioners and township boards would welcome the opportunity to consult with competent and unprejudiced authority in the construction of roads within the territory for which they are responsible.

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Representative Dunn, not "Bob," but the candidate for speaker, who has every reason to believe that his election is assured, has opened headquarters at the Merchants hotel and is in daily consultation with such members of the house as can find it convenient to come to the city with regard to its organization. Nothing definite has transpired with regard to his intentions. The contest for the minor offices is in a fair way of settlement. It is regarded as certain that Archie Vernon of Little Falls and Oscar Arnesen of Herman will be the clerks of the house, though which one of them will be the chief clerk is not definitely known. It seems probable that a similar situation exists with regard to the position of sergeant-at-arms. B. F. Seiz of Red Wing and George H. Deans of Foreston are the candidates. It is pretty certain that one of them will be the sergeant and the other his assistant. Ex-Sheriff Ege of Minneapolis will be sergeant-at-arms of the senate.

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Lieutenant Governor Gordon will not have altogether a happy family to preside over until things get settled down and the conflicting claims of those over whom he will preside are giving him a good deal of trouble. Senator Putnam of Blue Earth wants to be the chairman of the judiciary committee this year, but Judge Wilson of Minneapolis, who occupied this office two years ago, would like to have it again. There are several aspirants to the chairmanship of the finance committee, but indications seem to favor the appointment of Senator Elwell of Minneapolis. Senator Clague is booked for something good and will probably come into prominence as the floor leader and the lieutenant governor's confidential adviser.

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Among those associated with the organization of the last senate who are not entirely satisfied that Mr. Gordon should have everything to say about the senate organization are Senator Sullivan of Washington and Senator Dunn of Ramsey. The first sign of disagreement was their protest against the recognition of John Saugstad of [illegible] county as a Republican, because he had defeated Senator Stephens, the regular Republican nominee, by the use of stickers. This was taken to indicate an inclination on their part to favor the seating of Senator Stephens, who has contested Senator Saugstad's election. In these contests, however, the senators are inclined to be fair and there is little doubt that if Senator Saugstad proves to have been fairly elected he will be confirmed in his seat.

Another contest that will come before the senate is that of Senator Farrington against Senator Froshaug of Big Stone county. Froshaug, who is a prohibitionist, was declared elected by the returns. JOHN LAWSON.

TERREBONNE

With vacations, school girls and boys studying abroad have come back to their homes, the Misses E. Prenevost, Rosy Sauve, D. Purenteau from Breckenridge and H. Wolf from Crookston College.

The solemnity of Christmas was a pomp affair at the church which was artistically decorated. A. Prenovest accompanied mass with cornet.

Mrs. H. Laurent has returned from Rochester, where she was operated on. She is much improved.

Mrs. Max Perras is very sick with pneumonia.

Rev. S. Veilleux spent the first of the week at East Grand Forks.

Jos. Pigeon and wife spent Christmas with friends at Crookson.

A. Rebillad, F. Gregorie and wife have gone to Montreal, Canada, for a visit wiht relatives.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minn.

Red Lake Falls, Minnesota
Dec. 12th, 1910.

Pursuant to call of the County Auditor the Board of County Commissioners of Red Lake County, Minnesota, met at the office of the County Auditor at 10 o'clock a. m.

Members present: Demann, Schultz Pigeon, Kankel and Hunt.

Members absent: None.

Meeting called to order by the Vice Chairman Wm. C. L. Demann.

The Vice Chairman then appointed Kankel and Schultz as tellers.

Motion made by Kankel duly seconded by Pigeon that we now proceed to ballot to fill the vacancy in the office of Chairman of the County Board.

Motion carried unanimously.

On the first ballot Wm. C. L. Demann having received five votes was duly elected to fill the unexpired term in the office of Chairman of County Board.

Motion made by Kankel duly seconded by Pigeon that we now proceed to ballot to fill the vacancy in the office of Vice Chairman of County Board. Motion carried unanimously.

On the first ballot Joseph Pigeon having received five ballots was duly elected to fill the unexpired term in the office of Vice Chairman of County Board.

Moved by Commissioner Pigeon duly seconded by Commissioner Kankel that the bond of G. G. Kindseth in the amount of $50,000.00 be appoved and accepted. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Commissioner Hunt duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon that the Board take a recess until 1 o'clock p. m. Motion carried.

The Board convened at 1 o'clock p. m. All members present.

Motion made by Pigeon duly seconded by Schultz that the bid of Joseph Salley whereas he agrees to sell a car load of soft coal at $6.75 be accepted. Motion carried unanimously.

Bonds for county offices for the ensuing term was fixed as follows: County Auditor $2,000.00; Clerk of Court, $2,000.00; Register of Deeds, $5,000.00; Sheriff, $5,000.00; County Attorney, $1,000.00; Judge of Probate $1,000.00; Coroner, $500.00; County Surveyor, $100.00.

County Board request that surety bonds be given.

Moved by Commissoner Pigeon duly seconded by Commissioner Schultz that the following reports of the Board of Audit be accepted.

To the Honorable Board of County Commisisoners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota:
Gentlemen:

We, the undersigned Board of Audit of said Red Lake County, convened at the office of the county treasurer of said county, on the 15th day of October, A.D., 1910, for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books and vouchers of H. E. Ives, County Treasurer of said county, and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found said treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on June 1st, 1910, in the aggregate sum of $173,282.01.

And we find the treasurer in the possession of funds covering said indebtedness in kind and amounts as follows:

Cash in Safe	$ 130.99
Town Orders	683.13
Deposited in First State Bank of Red Lake Falls	40752.67
Deposited in Mer. State Bank of Red Lake Falls	30208.29
Deposited in First State Bank of T. R. Falls	11519.33
Deposited in First Nat'l Bank of T. R. Falls	29739.39
Deposited in Cit. State Bank of T. R. Falls	14023.53
Deposited in Mer. State Bank of St. Hilaire	12182.87
Deposited in First State Bank of Brooks	5000.00
Deposited in People's State Bank of T. R. Falls	12021.05
Deposited in First State Bank of Plummer	8000.76
Total funds on hand June 1st, 1910	173,282.01

Respectfully Submitted,
A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor.
C. W. JOHNSON, Clerk of Dist. Court.
C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman Co. Com'rs.
—Board of Audit Red Lake County.

To the Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota,
Gentlemen:—

The board of audit of Red Lake county respectfully report to your Honorable Body that they have examined the books, accounts and vouchers of the county treasurer, counted and ascertained the kind, description and amounts of funds in the treasury of said county, or belonging thereto, for the period from March 1st, 1910 to May 31st, 1910, both days inclusive.

We find the treasurer charged with the tax levy for 1909 as follows:

Tax Levy for 1909	$169741.53	
Additions to the levy	207.28	
Total debit		$169948.81
Taxes collected	104324.53	
Taxes abated	215.20	
Total credit		104539.73
June 1st 1910, Balance uncollected		65409.08

We hereby certify that we have verified the correctness of the foregoing statement by checking the duplicate receipts with the tax books for the period above named.

C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman County Board.
A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor.
C. W. JOHNSON, Clerk of District Court.
—Board of Audit Red Lake County.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners,
Red Lake County, Minnesota:
Gentlemen:

We, the undersigned board of audit of said Red Lake county, convened at the office of the county treasurer of said county, on the 5th day of November, A. D., 1910, for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books and vouchers of H. E. Ives, county treasurer of said county, and to count, and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the treasury and belonging thereto.

We respectfully report that we found said treasurer indebted to the several funds at the beginning of business on December 5th, 1910, in the aggregate sum of $145,639.38.

And we find the treasurer in the possession of funds covering said in-

Continued On Page 5

New heavy copper long distance telephone lines just completed, furnishing direct circuits to Duluth, Grand Rapids and all range points.

Rates have been made so reasonable and service is so high class that you can afford to telephone to these points.

Try this service today.

The Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company

For Sale

Full Blood Poland China Hogs—6 sows and 20 younger pigs—at Farmers' prices.—C. J. McGionity, Route 1, Brooks, Minn.

LAMPERT'S MEAT MARKET
ARIS LAMBERT. PROP.

Have just opened a new shop in the Boughton building and invite your patronage.
Phone 97

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN OUR LINE

Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College
Member Medical Association
Registered Pharmacist

H. B. NEWELL, M.D. C.
Veterinary, Surgeon and Dentis
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Office Phone, 240 Residence Phone, 94
Office and Hospital—Corner of Third St. and Knight Ave.

CITY MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats
Fish, Game, Poultry

Telephone 19

We will buy live stock for wholesale and retail trade

Campbell & Baum

A Stylish Shoe for Dressy Men

A Man's Patent Colt Skin Blucher—a shoe that will delight the man who likes to appear well.
The toe, a combination of the pointed and round—stylish and good looking but really comfortable.

Style 7021
Price

Mat Skala, Red Lake Falls

Raw Furs
E. C. Blake & Co.
66 Jefferson Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH.,

Pay Highest Market Prices for all kinds of FURS. Liberal Assortment, Prompt Remittance, Satisfaction Assured.
Write for Price List.

References: First National Bank, Detroit; Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, Ontario, Canada; or Dun's or Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

The skin is composed of two distinct layers. One is known as the epidermis, or outer skin, which has no fibres, and serves principally as a covering to the body, and a protection from outward dangers to the delicate flesh beneath. The other layer is known as the derma, or true skin, and is composed of elastic fibres, fat tissue, glands, lymphatics, nerves, etc. The thousands of tiny veins and arteries with which it is interlaced constantly supply every fibre and tissue with healthful properties from the circulation to keep the skin smooth and perfect.

This is changed, however, when the blood becomes infected with humors, acids or impurities. Instead of constantly supplying rich, nutritive properties to the skin, the circulation deposits the acrid impurity with which it is contaminated, into the sensitive fibres and tissues. This causes irritation and inflammation, which splits or breaks the thin outer cuticle, while the tissues beneath ulcerate and discharge upon the surface in the form of Eczema, Salt Rheum, Tetter, etc. There is likewise a dry form of skin diseases, such as Acne, Psoriasis, etc. In these varieties the humor in the blood diseases and inflames the glands, hair follicles, etc., causing them to swell and protrude to the outer surface. Pimples, rashes, eruptions and like troubles, are all dependent on imperfect blood, and no one can have a good complexion, free from humiliating blemishes, unless the skin is kept healthy by good blood.

S.S.S. CURED HER.

Some time ago I was troubled with a severe skin affection called Acne. Small pimples would appear on my face and neck which would in time fester and become inflamed. My complexion was muddy and sallow and most unsightly. I chanced to read about S.S.S., and concluded to give it a trial; the result was entirely satisfactory, my complexion soon becoming clear, the pimples disappearing, and my skin became soft and smooth. I cannot too highly recommend S.S.S. to any who are likewise afflicted.
MRS. LUCY GOODING
Pollock, La.

S.S.S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to normal strength, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated, inflamed and diseased by acrid impurities or fiery humors, is nourished, soothed and softened by a cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

COUPON-BALLOT
WORTH 5,000 VOTES

Candidate____________________

IT WILL HELP HER WIN

This coupon-ballot is void unless 10 merchant's coupons are attached hereon or placed in the envelope with it. Vote this for your favorite candidate.

UNDERTAKING . . . . . .

Having formerly been engaged in the undertaking business, I have decided to engage in that work in this city. I have recently received a line of Caskets, Coffins and uneral Supplies and will be wrepared to take charge of this work in the future.

Franz F. Freund, - Phone 44

Contestant's Ballot CUT THIS OUT—IT WILL HELP YOU WIN THE PIANO
Good for 10 Votes
In the Gazette Piano Contest.

Name..............................

Address..............................

If voted before January 5, 1911.

HIDES

10 to 50% more Spot Cash for HIDES and RAW FURS by shipping to us than by selling at home. Fair dealings. Prompt cash returns. Best prices for HIDES, PELTS, RAW FURS, WOOL, ETC. Write for Price List, Market Report, shipping tags and how to obtain our Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. We are the most responsible Hide and Fur House in the N. W. Endorsed by 100 leading agricultural papers.
ANDERSCH BROS., Department 66, - - - MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHIP GRAIN

For best results and careful attention to

CARGILL COMMISSION COMPANY

Minneapolis and Duluth

RAILROAD POSITIONS SURE

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Depot Accounting at our Expert school this fall and winter and be prepared to secure a good paying railroad position in the spring. Easy to learn. Excellent opportunity for young men from the rural districts who wish to engage in Railroad work. Position SURE. Write for free catalog and tuition

THOMPSON'S EXPERT RAILWAY COLLEGE, Minneapolis Minn.

DRINK HABIT
CURED QUICKLY
Without hypodermic injections
IN THREE DAYS

The Gatlin is an internal treatment that takes away all inclination to drink, desire, craving or appetite for drink.

HOME TREATMENT
sent with plain directions for taking.

LEGAL CONTRACT
is given each patient. Write today for the contract and free book.

THE GATLIN INSTITUTE
403 7th St. South. Department T
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

THE OLD RELIABLE CROOKSTON TANNERY, Aug. Miller & Son, Prop's CROOKSTON, MINN. Dept. 20

Hides Tanned,

and made into Robes and Coats, or made into Oak Harness, and Lace Leather. Our Tanning guaranteed first-class. Established here 16 years. We have a large, well equipped Tannery. We give best of service. If you have hides to tan, send for our new free Price-List, and shipping tags and we will explain how you can save money dealing direct with us. We pay highest market prices for hides, and sell harness-leather at wholesale prices. Send us your name and address. WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over SIXTY-FIVE YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Serial Number 1098.
AN OLD AND WELL TRIED REMEDY.

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every young person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices last year—over 400 will do so this year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as bookkeepers, tellers, stenographers or cashiers. No other school offers such evidence of endorsement.

Our $50.00 Business Course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. The new $85.00 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) will supply bookkeepers for the larger concerns and tellers and cashiers for the Northwestern banks. The Stenographic Course (under an expert reporter) trains high grade stenographers and court reporters. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass County Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can any other school offer you this evidence of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (30,000 square feet) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. The work is fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "no other school like the D. B. C." For catalogue and full information about any department, address

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
9-11 EIGHTH STREET SOUTH FARGO, N. D.

ATTENTION!

The Red River Power Co. has granted to the people of Red Lake Falls, a 24 hour electric service.

This service will be installed immediately and all requests for power, washing machines, irons, and the many household conveniences that can now be installed, will be given our prompt attention

Call on our representative and explain your needs.

Red River Power Co.

J. C. WILKINSON
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN KAUS BLOCK, RED LAKE FALLS
Telephone Kercher's Drug Store

FRED L. FARLEY
ATTORNEY
LAW, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, INSURANCE
Office over Bank of Red Lake Falls
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON
Attorney at Law
Oldest established lawyer in the city. Collections, real estate, loans and insurance. City attorney.
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota

N. M. WATSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
GRADUATE OF MCGILL UNIVERSITY
MONTREAL, CANADA
Office over First State Bank

DR. J. E. ARGUE
DENTIST
OFFICE IN LA BISSONIERE BUILDING
Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Churches.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Very Rev. E. Fayolle, pastor

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC—Mass every Sunday at 8 and 10 a. m.—Rev. Father Ambrose, pastor

M. B. A. lodge meets Monday [illegible] in M. B. A. hall. Sam'l Gibeau, Pres. [illegible] Bleu[illegible], Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Clearwater Lodge No. 133, meets every Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors are always welcome.—Wm. Findeisen N. G.; F. A. Grady, V. G.; F. A. Millen, R. S.; Dr. J. E. Argue, F. S.; H. C. Hansen, Treasurer.

MODERN WOODMEN—Meets every Wednesday at M. W. A. hall.

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3144 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

Notice of Mortgage Sale

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Henry M. Mattin[illegible] and Maude F. Mattin[illegible], his wife, mortgagors, to F. M. [illegible] mortgagee, dated September 10th, 19[illegible], which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of November, 19[illegible], at 2:00 o'clock P. M. in [illegible] of Mortgages on page [illegible] thereof, which [illegible] was duly [illegible] by said F. M. [illegible] to H. W. Spofford, assignee by an instrument dated November 19th, 1903 and duly recorded [illegible] of November, 1903, at [illegible] P. M. in Book [illegible] of Mortgages, on [illegible] of the Register of Deeds in and for Red Lake county, Minnesota, [illegible] assigned by H. W. Spofford [illegible] to Charles E. Paulson, assignee [illegible] dated June 23rd, 1910, and duly recorded November 23rd, 1910 at 11:00 o'clock A. M. in [illegible] of Mortgages, on page 469 thereof, in said Register's office.

There is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage and the debt secured thereby at the date of this notice the sum of One Thousand Eight Hundred Eight and no-100 Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

And whereas the said Charles E. Paulson has paid the taxes assessed upon the lands and premises hereinafter described for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, which with interest, penalty and charges thereon amount to the sum of One Hundred Forty five and 89-100 Dollars, which is also claimed as a lien thereon.

The lands and premises conveyed by and described in said mortgage are situated in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota, and described as follows to-wit:—

The East One Half (E½) of the Northwest Quarter (NW¼) and Lots One and Two (1 and 2) of Section Seven (7) of Township One Hundred and Fifty (150) North, of Range Forty-four (44) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing one hundred and fifty and one-hundredths (150.01) acres more or less according to Government Survey thereof.

NOW THEREFORE notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the lands and premises above described, will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of Red Lake county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, in the county of Red Lake and State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 23rd day of January A. D., 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to pay and satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage debt and the sum of Fifty Dollars attorney's fees, stipulated in and by the terms of said mortgage to be paid as attorney's fees in case of foreclosure thereof, which is claimed as a part of the debt secured by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated this 3rd day of December, A. D. 1910.

CHARLES E. PAULSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

DUNN & CARLSON,
Attorneys for assignee of Mortgagee.
dec8 jan11

Order Limiting Time to File Claims Within Three Months, and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of Emerson Day.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Emerson Day Decedent.

Letters of Administration, with Will annexed this day having been granted to M. C. Harlow of Thief River Falls, Minn., and it appearing by the affidavit of said representative that there are no debts of said decedent;

It is Ordered, That the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this Court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof, and that Tuesday, the 21st day of March 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., in Probate Court rooms at the Court House at the city of Red Lake Falls in said County, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the Red Lake Falls Gazette, a weekly newspaper of said County as provided by law.

Dated December 17, 1910.

{ Court } IRA C. RICHARDSON,
{ Seal } d22-j5 Judge of Probate.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will.

Estate of Joseph Brohmann.

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Brohmann Decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Katherine Brohmann, J. Anthony Brohmann, Lizzie Hudson, Wendell J. Brohmann, Henry Brohmann, George Brohmann, Lena House, Louisa Ockstadt, Pauline Nepper and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent: The petition of Wendell J. Brohmann being duly filed in this court, representing that Joseph Brohmann, then a resident of the County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, died on the 13th day of November, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters of Administration with will annexed be issued thereon to Kathrine Brohmann, Now Therefore, you and each of you are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate Court Rooms, in the Court House, in the City of Red Lake Falls, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Ira C. Richardson, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 13th day of December, 1910.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Judge.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON,
Attorney for Petitioner.
(Court Seal) d15-29

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Stock holders of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, Minn., will be held in said bank on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

GEO. F. HENNINGS, Cashier.

Notice—Bids for Wood.

Bids for 50 cords or lesser quantity of green split and sawed poplar wood will be received at the office of the undersigned up to February 1st. 1911. Said wood to be delivered at the north side school house.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

I. LEMIEUX,
Clerk Independent School
d8-j7 District No. 15.

County Revenue Warrants Payable.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., Dec. 11, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that all county revenue warrants recorded prior to July 1st, 1910, are payable at the office of the county treasurer and interest on same will be stopped 30 days from above date.

G. G. KINDSETH,
County Treasurer, Red Lake
County, Minn.

Proposals Wanted.

Proposals will be received by the board of Auditors of Red Lake county Minnesota, until 5 o'clock p. m. January 4th A. D. 1911, stating the rate of interest which would be paid on monthly balances of county funds, subject to check and payment at all times on demand and the rate of interest which would be paid on such funds or any part thereof when deposited for any certain length of time and the security which would be given therefore. Owing to the changed conditions in the county the designation of all county depositories now existing will be cancelled and all banks are requested to file new proposals.

Dated this 20th day of December, A. D. 1910.

Board of Auditors of Red Lake County, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.
22-29

Notice

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, up to 2 o'clock p. m., January 13th, 1911, A. D., for the publishing of the Delinquent tax list of taxes delinquent on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1911, for the publication of the Financial Statement showing the conditions of Red Lake county, Minnesota at the close of business December 31st, A. D., 1910, and for the publication of Legal Notices including the publication of Commissioners' Proceedings during the year 1911, A. D.

Dated at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, this 20th day of December, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor,
Red Lake County, Minnesota.

BROOKS.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Strand and daughter Marjorie went to Ada Thursday to spend Christmas with relatives.

Mrs. Armstrong of Charles City, Iowa, is visiting at the home of her son, F. Mowry.

Miss Mae Moreau is at Red Lake Falls this week.

Miss Agnes Berry of Minneapolis is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Berry.

Miss Clara Tolefson left for Belgrade Saturday morning. She intends to spend part of her vacation with her sister in Minneapolis.

Miss Delia Parenteau has gone to Terrebonne to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Parenteau.

Miss Lottie Beaudin spent Saturday and Sunday at her home at Terrebonne.

Miss Leah Marsonette, who is attending school at Brooks, has gone home to spend her vacation.

The Brooks school closed Friday for a vacation of two weeks. A Christmas tree was decorated for the children, and Christmas exercises were held in the afternoon. Many of the parents were present, and enjoyed the recitations and singing.

Miss Froieness, who teaches in district 14, was in town Friday evening on her way home.

Miss Mary Davies and Miss Clara Tollefson went to Miss Ford's school Friday evening to be present at the Christmas exercises. The program was well prepared, and the Christmas tree was beautifully decorated. Miss Ford accompanied them to Brooks and went to Thief River Falls Saturday morning to visit he sister during a vacation of two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Robidoux visited at the home of Mr. Narcisse Robidoux Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Desantel visited at Plummer last week.

Millard, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Sholes, met with a painful accident Saturday evening. While playing around the house he ran against a dish of hot water and burned his neck and shoulder terribly.

We all saw Santa Claus Saturday evening. He arrived early and delivered toys at nearly every house in town.

W. O. Hunt went to Red Lake Falls Saturday.

John Hebert was a business caller at Erskine Tuesday.

LAMBERT.

Zaphrin Hince from Winnipeg is visiting with relatives and friends for a few weeks.

Mrs. Aris Lambert of Red Lake Falls is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Doucette this week.

Alphonse Lambert left Friday for Red Lake Falls for the winter where he will work for his brother, Aris.

Misses Maryann Paquin, Geramine Bachand and Rachael Bernier returned home after four months spent in Duluth where they attended convent.

Miss Laura Gibeau spent Sunday afternoon at the Joe Bergeron home.

Mr. and Mrs. Xavier Boucher visited at the C. Robidoux home Saturday evening.

Joe Lafraniere is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. H Dery spent Sunday afternoon at the Simon Boucher home.

Miss Esther Wilson, the Bunktown school teacher, left Friday for her home at Thief River Falls for the holiday vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Louie Toulnns went to Terrebonne to see Mrs. Pernrra who is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Robidoux left Monday for Canada to visit relatives and friends for a month.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

Continued From Page 4.

debtedness in kind and amounts as follows:

Cash in safe	40.83
Postage stamps	10.00
Town Orders	212.85
Deposited in F. S. Bank Red Lake Falls	34270.57
Deposited in Mch. Bank Red Lake Falls	23446.46
Deposited in F. S. Bank Thief R. Falls	10028.03
Deposited in F. Nat. Bank Thief River Falls	29045.03
Deposited in Citz. S. Bank Thief River Falls	12613.41
Deposited in Mer. State Bank St. Hilaire	12029.51
Deposited in F. S. Bank of Brooks	5398.38
Deposited in Peoples S. Bank Thief River F.	11022.36
Deposited in F. S. Bank of Plummer	7521.95

Deposits in the First State Bank shows $125.33 more than the County Treasurer's Daily Cash Balance Record, said amount being outstanding.

The county treasurer is also in possession of $648.33 which is not included in this report. County Treasurer refuses to make daily report of the said collections.

Total funds on hand Dec. 5th, 1910. . 145639.38

Respectfully Submitted.

A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor.
C. W. JOHNSON, Clerk of Dist. Court.
C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman Co. Com'rs.
—Board of Audit Red Lake County.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners,

Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Gentlemen:

The undersigned board of audit of said Red Lake county, met at the office of the county treasurer of said county, on the 15th day of October, A. D., 1910, for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books and vouchers of H. E. Ives, treasurer of said county, and to count and ascertain the kind and description and amount of funds in the county treasury and belonging thereto:

We respectfully make the following report thereon:

Balance in the treasury March 1st 1910, Date of last report		$106224.99
Treasurer's receipts from Feb. 28, 1910 to June 1st, 1910,		
From tax collections	$82456.14	
From collections on public lands	16401.39	
From collections on private redemptions	5731.59	
From collections on interest on county funds	519.66	
From collections of fines and licenses	30.00	
From collections ditch assessments	2930.51	
From collections miscellaneous	41723.00	
From school apportionment	7220.00	
Total balance and receipts		$263237.28
By disbursements from Feb. 28, 1910, to June 1, 1910 as follows:		
Paid orders on revenue fund	7308.69	
Paid warrants on private redemption fund	4457.45	
Paid warrants on road and bridge fund	1077.94	
Paid warrants on interest fund	837.63	
Paid warrants on gen'l ditch fund	21703.87	
Paid warrants on town funds	15354.76	
Paid warrants on school district fund	29984.67	
Paid warrants on state taxes	3341.72	
Paid warrants on collections from public lands	850.46	
Paid warrants on miscellaneous	4156.47	
Total disbursements		88533.66
Balance in treasury at close of business May 31st, 1910, as appears from the books of said County Treasurer.		174703.62

Respectfully submitted this 15th day of October, 1910.

A. A. LATENDRESSE, County Auditor.
C. A. LINDQUIST, Chairman Board Co. Com'rs.
C. W. JOHNSON, Clerk District Court.

Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by Commissioner Demann duly seconded by Commissioner Schultz that Attorney Frank Grady be and he is hereby discharged as attorney for the County Board in all things from the date of this meeting.

Motion carried unanimously.

Motion made by Hunt duly seconded by Schultz that we grant $15.00 additional clerk to the County Treasurer for the month of December, 1910. Motion carried unanimously.

Moved by Hunt duly seconded by Pigeon that the following bills be allowed:

K. O. Gigstad, to 10 days viewer acc't Ditch No. 52 and exp.	$ 40.00
Glenn H. Martz, to ½ day service as ass't engineer No. 45	2.25
A. A. Latendresse, to county auditor's fees acc't County Ditches Nos. 2-6-10-48 and 49	150.00
Otto Zaiser, to one day as viewer acc't No. 51. (Final hearing)	4.50
Frank Jeffers, to recording, tracing, indexing and certifying to Ditch Liens No. 33-35-36-46-37-2-10	122.60
Northern Culvert Company, to 1 culvert acc't No. 47	130.44
Northern Culvert Company, No. 37	107.49
Joseph Pigeon, to one day inspecting bridge over Judicial ditch No. 4 and mileage	5.80
Wm. C. L. Demann, to one day inspecting bridge over Judicial Ditch No. 4 and mileage	10.80
C A. Lindquist, to one day inspecting bridge over Judicial ditch No. 4 and mileage	19.20
Sam Lovaas, to services procuring primary election ballots	1.60
Michael Torgerson, to services procuring primary election ballots	1.00
J. K. Larson, to services procuring primary election ballots	1.90
C J. Nordhagen, to services procuring general election ballots	1.40
J. R. Larsen, to services procuring general election ballots	1.90
A. D. Berry, to services to procuring general election ballots	2.60
Michael Torgerson, to services procuring general election ballots	1.00
Sam Lovaas,, to services procuring general election ballots	1.60
Carl Beiswenger, to carrying general and primary election returns	3.60
A. D. Berry, to carrying general election returns	2.60
Omer Delorme, to carrying primary election returns	2.00
John O. Wasle, to carrying general election returns	2.94
S. T. Johnson, to carrying general election returns	1.44
Frank Mousley, to carrying general election returns	1.56
Olof Wahlberg, to carrying general election returns	2.12
R. O. Gorden, to carrying general election returns	2.25
R. O. Gordon, to carrying primary election returns	2.28
Joseph Pigeon, to 32 miles travel on committee work C. H.	3.20
Glenn H. Martz, to one day's services as ass't eng., acc't No. 10	4.50
W. A. Schreiter, to labor and material wiring C. H. ((telephone)	152.59
M. J. Berg, to extra postage on unused ballots	.86
S. N. Olson, to one day and mileage on legislative canvassing board	6.20
V. M. Higinbotham, to 5 days services and mileage member county canvassing board and one day and mileage on legislative canvassing board	18.40
C. A. Lindquist, to 5 days services and mileage member county canvassing board and one day and mileage on legislative canvassing board	25.20
A. A. Latendresse, to 5 days services and mileage member county canvassing board and one day and mileage on legislative canvassing board	18.00
Selmer Olson, to five days and mileage member county canvassing board	21.40
F. A. Grady, Att'y fees and exp. in the case of Andrew O. Backke vs. the County of Red Lake	106.00
Napoleon Deloge, to 2 cords of wood for sheriff	8.60
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage att'g meeting of County Board	1.40
Wm. C. L. Demann, mileage for committee work on C. H.	2.80
Joseph Pigeon, mileage att'g meeting County Board	3.20
Herman Schultz, mileage att'g meeting County Board	1.80
Joseph Pigeon, mileage att'g meeting County Board	3.20
C. O. Kankel, to mileage att'g meeting County Board	2.20
Wm. C. L. Demann, to mileage att'g County Board	1.40
H. F. Anderson, exp. as Sup't of Schools from July 17 to Nov. 28, '10	54.91
James Brady, to material and labor on well house	136.53
Glenn H. Martz, to 2 days services on Court House grounds	9.00
Adelard Delorme, to two cords of wood for County	8.00
C. A. Lindquist, to mileage member of C. H. committee	7.20
Harvey St Yves, to hauling 2400 bricks and 1 load of sand for cess pool Court House grounds	3.65
Harvey St Yves, to labor on cess pool C. H. grounds	9.35
Chas. McAnulty, to labor on cess pool C. H. grounds	6.60
Harvey, St Yves, to labor on cess pool C. H. grounds	16.25
John Dunn, to labor on cess pool C. H. grounds	27.00
Henry St. Martin, to labor on cess pool on C. H. grounds	27.00
C. A. Lindquist, to one day services member unq. school	3.00
C. A. Lindquist, to 3 days member Bd of Audit	9.00
C W. Johnson, to 3 days member Bd of Audit	9.00
Frank Jeffers, to recording Misc. papers	7.35
Arthur Lizee, to services case of State vs. Max Engber	1.00
Alferie Perusse, to rent of wheeled scrapers	8.33
Clem Brunelle, to services in case of State vs. Max Engber	1.35
E. C. Buse, to services in case of State vs. Max Engber	5.40
Miller-Davis Pt'g Co., supplies for county officers	.50
Frank Jeffers, postage stamps for Reg. of Deeds office	36.00
Security Blank Book and Pt'g Co., supplies for county offices	7.80
E. A. Mittwer, supplies for county offices	3.05
Peter Matson, to mileage in the Latendresse and Lindquist matter	42.02
A. D. Berry, to carrying primary election returns	2.60
A. D. Berry, to services procuring primary election ballots	2.60
Red River Power Co., to lighting month of Novembe, 1910	12.10
Town of Numedal, to one half of amount paid by Twp diphtheria case	24.25
James Brady, extra work on C. H. done by order of Co. Board	152.70
Town of Garnes, cost of bridge across Judicial Ditch No. 4, S. E. corner Sec. 36	273.85

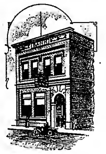
Moved by Commissioner Hunt duly seconded by Commissioner Pigeon and carried unanimously the Board adjourned sine die.

By the Board,
WM. C. L. DEMANN,
Chairman County Board,
Red Lake County, Minn.

Attest:
A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor and Ex-officio Clerk of the Board.
(County Auditor's Seal)

Miss Marie Cadieux

"Helen Trumbell" in Oak Farm at the Bijou Theater, Tonight and Friday night, December 29-30.



Merchants State Bank
of Red Lake Falls

Capital, $15,000
Surplus, $3,000

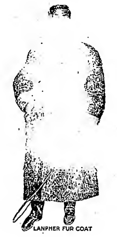
DO	you realize that money in you pocket brings you no profit and is gone before you know it
YOUR	own interest demands that you put it to work and get some revenue for its use.
BANKING	your money is the safest way to use it. You get interest and it is at ready command.
WITH	money in the bank you are secure against adversity and it makes life worth the living.

The Merchants State Bank

will pay you 5 percent interest on your money deposits and will give you every advantage of its banking facilities to help you increase your deposits.

Farm Loans at Low Rate of Interest

The Merchants State Bank



Lanpher Furs

MAT SKALA
He Sells 'Em.

An Absolutely Pure Flour

It's all the wheat that's fit to eat

Always Unifor[illegible]

For Sale by Gr[illegible]

MASCOT!

NUF SED

Red Lake Falls Milling Co.

This Handsome Rogers Orange Spoon FREE

With "Sunkist" Orange Wrappers

Three-fourths actual size

In order to get you to try "Sunkist" Oranges and "Sunkist" Lemons and thus learn their excellent quality, we will send you free the beautiful Rogers Orange Spoon here pictured on receipt of 12 "Sunkist" wrappers and 12c to cover charges, packing, etc.

You will find both "Sunkist" Oranges and Lemons at nearly every dealer's, packed in individual paper wrappers that bear one of the trademarks shown below. If they are not packed thus, they are not the "Sunkist" kind, but an inferior fruit.

"Sunkist" Oranges—Choicest Fruit

"Sunkist" Oranges are California's choicest fruit—the select inspected crop of 5,000 orange groves. No other orange is so sweet, rich and juicy. They are thin-skinned, seedless, fibreless, tree-ripened, firm and solid. All are hand-picked. No fallen, bruised or over-ripe oranges. Each "Sunkist" is a perfect specimen, as delicious as if plucked fresh from the tree.

Buy "Sunkist" Lemons which are of the same high quality as "Sunkist" Oranges—solid and sound. "Sunkist" Lemons are so juicy that two of them go farther than three of any other kind, in the preparation of desserts, sauces and temperance drinks. Tell your dealer you want "Sunkist" Oranges and Lemons.

SUNKIST ORANGES

Save the Wrappers and secure a complete set of beautiful, useful orange spoons. In remitting, please send one-cent stamps when the amount is less than 24c; on amounts above 24c, we prefer money order, express order or bank draft. Don't Send Cash. We will be glad to send you complete list of valuable premiums. We honor both "Sunkist" and "Red Ball" wrappers on premiums. Address

SUNKIST LEMONS

CALIFORNIA FRUIT GROWERS' EXCHANGE
(35) 34 Clark Street Chicago, Ill.

We are long on Storm Sash, and are giving a discount on the sizes we have in stock. Thief River Falls Retail Yard.

Holiday Excursion Fares.

To points in Michigan and Eastern Canada via The South Shore. Please apply to agents for particulars.

MANY ACCIDENTS

LABOR DEPARTMENT'S REPORT RECORDS 8,583 ACCIDENTS —MANY FATAL.

REVEAL STARTLING FACTS

Mines Responsible for Largest Number.—Cause and Effect Set Forth —Families Unprovided For.

St. Paul.—Eight thousand five hundred eighty-three accidents, 252 of which were fatal, occurred in Minnesota during the year ending July 31, [illegible] according to a report completed by Don D. Lescohier, special agent of the state labor department under the direction of W. E. McEwen.

In addition to this number there are 60 fatalities and 1,400 accidents, which occurred on railroads bringing the total number up to 312 fatalities and [illegible] accidents. The largest number of fatal accidents occurred in mines, where [illegible] fatalities were reported. Railroad [illegible] come next with 61 fatalities, and the [illegible] with 35, general contracting [illegible] with 7, public utilities with [illegible] with 12.

Of the 8,583 accidents outside of the railroads 19 caused total disability, [illegible] many cases worse than death. [illegible] per cent of the accidents resulted in the loss of some portion of the body. In 469 cases bones were broken or fractured. Nearly 2,000 [illegible] were reported as "crushed, [illegible]" or "maimed." The [illegible] of these were of a serious [illegible]. Besides these there were 251 burns and scalds, 793 injuries to the eyes and 60 internal injuries reported.

Causes Assigned.

The principal causes of the accidents were inexperience, carelessness to danger, fatigue, youth, and the speeding up of the machinery. Thirty-one per cent of the persons injured had worked less than one month and 12 per cent less than one week. Many reports revealed that the workmen were injured either because they did not know how to perform their work properly or were not aware of the danger which surrounded them.

Nearly 13 per cent of the men injured had been at their work more than five years. Two explanations are given for these accidents. The dangers due to an industry such as moving trains on railroads and falling rock in mines are dangerous alike to the experienced and inexperienced workmen. Moreover men who have been accustomed to a danger become careless.

More than 17 per cent of the injured were under 21 years of age. The report says that boys between 17 and 21 are characteristic for their curiosity, thoughtlessness and rashness, which is mainly responsible for their injuries.

Comparisons Are Made.

A comparison of fatal accidents for each 1,000 men employed in the Minnesota mines with those in other countries shows that there are four fatalities in Minnesota to one in France or Belgium, three to one in Holland or the United Kingdom and two to one in Germany. The fatal accident in Minnesota, however, has been decreasing during the past few years, falling from 7.25 per 1,000 men in 1906 to 4.05 in 1910.

In the study of mine accidents in Minnesota the report makes analysis of the methods and processes of mining used in Minnesota, describing the open pit, the underground and milling system in considerable detail.

One of the important chapters in the report is the result of the investigation on the "employers' liability." The investigation covered 54 fatalities, 6 complete and permanent disablements, 69 partially permanent disablements, 60 serious but temporary disablements and 125 minor accidents.

Homes Affected.

The 54 fatal accidents investigated occurred in 28 industries. Thirty-nine of the men killed were married and had 118 persons dependent upon them. No child was considered a dependent who earned $5 a week.

In 13 cases the heirs received absolutely no compensation or aid from the industry, not even funeral expenses. In five cases three received some compensation, but less than the funeral expenses. In nine cases the funeral expenses and doctor's bill were paid. In 27 cases the family of the deceased was not compensated for the loss of their wage earner. The income was taken away and no substitute offered. In eight cases where compensation exceeded funeral expenses it did not exceed $500. In three cases the compensation was from $501 to $750, and in two cases from $750 to $1,000. Five families were paid from $100 to $1,500, three families from $1,500 to $2,000, two were paid $2,500 and four from $4,000 to $6,352.

Fifty per cent received no compensation at all for the loss of the breadwinner, 24.20 per cent received $1,000 or less, 14.08 per cent received from $1,000 to $2,000, and 11 per cent from $2,000 to $6,352. In other words, half of the families were left by the industries with nothing to depend on. Taking the 54 cases the average price paid for human life was $536 and funeral expenses.

The report says that fortunately the families of the deceased workmen were not entirely dependent for future support upon the industries in which there bread-winners were killed. Twenty-five of the families received some form of insurance and four received aid from charity. In seven cases the insurance did not exceed $500.

Six cases of total disability were studied by the field agents. Three of the workmen were paralyzed, two were crippled and one was a physical and mental wreck. Two of the six received respectively $160 and $175 from their employers, one $4,500 and the others nothing. The one who received $175 paid his attorney $75. Four of the other men are now living wholly or partially dependent upon charity.

SITE FOR CATHOLIC COLLEGE.

Winona Board of Trade Gets an Option on Land for Bishop.

Winona. — The committee of the Winona Board of Trade has secured an option on the 105-acre piece of property at the foot of Gilmore valley, owned by Mrs. C. C. Beck, upon which Bishop Heffron has looked favorably with the idea of locating his $300,000 Catholic boy's college.

The committee, which declares it will have no trouble raising by subscription the money for the purchase of the land, holds the privilege of buying the site for $25,000 should it be accepted by the bishop and it will be given him outright. On the land, which figures in the option, is an old and romantic residence, which could easily be utilized as one of the minor college buildings.

Three acres of the land is given over to an orchard, 90 acres to a farm, a greater portion of which is on table land, although some of it is on the slopes. Ten and a half acres is woodland. The remainder of it is given over to residence property.

COMMERCIAL CLUBS TO CONVENE

Annual Meeting of Minnesota Federation Is Announced.

St. Paul. — The annual meeting of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial clubs will take place in the St. Paul Commercial club assembly room, Jan. 25 and 26. The decision was reached at a meeting of D. M. Neill, of Red Wing, president of the federation; F. E. Wade, Fairmont, vice president; Major H. V. Eva, of Duluth, secretary; S. B. Nelson, of Luverne; W. W. Siveright, Hutchinson, and J. C. Van Hul, Jr., assistant manager of the Consolidated Publicity bureau, St. Paul.

Governor Eberhart will make the opening address. President J. H. Worst, of the North Dakota Agricultural college, will speak on agriculture, and Will Campbell, of the Omaha Commercial club, will speak on "Municipal Advertising."

The entire two days' program will be devoted to educational treatises regarding the building up of the state from every standpoint.

STATE GRANGE NAMES OFFICIALS

Sarah G. Baird, Minneapolis, Is Elected Master of Order.

St. Paul. — The officers of the Minnesota State Grange elected at the session of the state grange, Dec. 13 and 14, for two years, are:

Master, Sarah G. Baird, Minneapolis; overseer, James Morton, Dodge Center; lecturer, C. L. Rice, Austin; steward, A. J. Holm, Harris; assistant steward, Arthur Parkins, Lansing; chaplain, H. G. Hickok, Owatonna; treasurer, Laura Van Nest, Minneapolis; secretary, Augusta J. Adams, Minneapolis; gatekeeper, Andrew Hawkinson, Harris; ceres, Hattie Rinehard, Medford; flora, Elizabeth S. Wilson, Minneapolis; pomona, Dortha Morton, Dodge Center; lady assistant steward, Harriet Parkins, Lansing; members of the executive committee, A. W. Bigelow, Dodge Center; George H. R. Brush, Owatonna, and Samuel E. Adams, chairman, Minneapolis, and A. R. Hammergren, Harris, whose terms expire in 1912.

SEINING OF LAKE PROTESTED.

Otter Tail County Farmers Appeal to State Authorities.

Fergus Falls.—Residents of the vicinity of Pelican Lake, a short distance from Ashby, have decided to appeal to the state game and fish commission to prevent the seining of the lake for buffalo fish. They set fire to the netting of the men who had arranged for the seining of the lake, but other nets have been brought in and fish are being taken out by the carload.

GET MONEY AND JEWELRY.

General Store at Grand Rapids Entered and Loot Easily Taken.

Grand Rapids.—The general store of M. Ponti was entered Thursday night and the safe blown, $75 in cash and some jewelry being taken.

The authorities have been unable to find any trace of the robbers and the work is supposed to be that of burglars, who have been active all over the northeast part of the state lately.

TAKE PRISONERS TO NEW JAIL.

Koochiching County Now Has Modern Bastile.

Bemidji.—The prisoners of Koochiching county have been removed from the Beltrami county jail, the official place of incarceration for Koochiching county, and taken to International Falls to be committed to the new county jail at that point.

But three prisoners remained in the Beltrami county jail to be transferred at this time.

Find Logs on River Bottom.

Fergus Falls.—The Great Northern is constructing a new concrete bridge across the river in this city, and in excavating for the foundations it finds that the bottom of the river is literally filled with logs. When the city was established in 1870 its first industry was a sawmill and logs were floated down in large numbers to be sawed into lumber here. Many of these logs appear to have become watersoaked, gradually burying themselves in the bed of the stream.

Minneapolis Postmaster Re-appointed.

Washington, D. C. — President Taft submitted, among other nominations, the name of William D. Hale for reappointment as postmaster of Minneapolis. Postmaster Hale was first appointed to the office in 1890 under the Harrison administration. In 1894 he was succeeded by Franklin D. Holbrook, who was appointed by President Cleveland, and who was succeeded in 1898 by Stephen G. Lovejoy. In 1902 Mr. Hale was again appointed postmaster by President McKinley.

ROMANCE ENDS WELL.

Uncle Sam Halts Progress of True Love, Cannot Stop Consummation.

Albert Lea.—A romance which had its beginning in Denmark, and in which Uncle Sam had a part, culminated in this city when Carl Madson and Miss Valborg Johnson were married by the Danish Lutheran pastor.

The young people were engaged while in Denmark, and the young man then came to this country, locating in Albert Lea, where he secured employment as a carpenter. When he had been here several months he sent for his sweetheart, who immediately embarked to join her lover. When she reached Ellis island in New York her progress was barred by the stern mandates of Uncle Sam and the immigrant officials, as the young lady had only $3 with her, and the required amount that a person must have before entering this country is $25. She told the officials that she had come to marry a young man in Albert Lea, but they would not be satisfied until they received the written assurance of the young man, signed before a minister of the gospel, that he would marry the young woman as soon as she reached Albert Lea and accompanied by $22, the balance necessary to comply with the letter of the law.

The young woman came to this city a few days ago, and the marriage took place as soon as possible.

OWNERS OF STEAMER J. S. SUED.

Claims for Damages Aggregating Over $14,000 Are Filed at Winona.

Winona.—In connection with a suit and monition proceedings begun by the Acme Packet company in the United States court here, claims for damages aggregating over $14,000 were filed here with Court Commissioner H. M. Lamberton.

The proceedings, which will likely be threshed out at the coming May term of the court in this city, is a direct aftermath of the recent spectacular burning of the palatial excursion steamer J. S. at Bad Axe, below La Crosse.

The packet company sought to have their liability of the burning of the steamer limited to the value of the hull and contents, exempting the Acme Packet company as a corporation from any claims for damages. The corporation invoked a law passed in 1854, applicable originally only to the high seas, but later amended to reach inland streams. The claimants in this litigation, it is said, will maintain that inasmuch as John Streckfus, president and manager of the company, was on the steamer at the time of the burning of the boat and had personal direction the company should not be exempted.

MORE PROTECTION FOR GAME.

Uniform Hunting License Is Recommended.

St. Paul.—New laws providing for a uniform hunting license and requiring non-residents to procure a license to fish with rod and line are recommended by the game and fish commission in its biennial report submitted to Governor Eberhart. The purpose of these laws is to increase the fund for the better protection of game. The report deplores the violation of the game law in this state and predicts that unless some action is taken, the state soon will be without game.

The commission recommends that a plan should be devised requiring the licensed hunter to report all game killed by him during the hunting season. This would enable the commission to determine just how many animals are killed each year. The commission favors a federal law prohibiting the spring shooting of migratory birds. This law is enforced in Minnesota and has resulted in a marked increase in the number of game.

The report says the propagation of Chinese pheasants has not been successful in this state. Partridges, prairie chickens and quail are thriving.

FAMOUS MILL CITY LOT SOLD.

Home of Late "Elder" Stewart Brings $500,000.

Minneapolis. — The famous "Elder" Stewart corner, an entire half block at Fourth street and Hennepin avenue, and considered one of the best business sites in the city, will be sold to John and Samuel Friedman for $500,000.

The property which has been maintained in its primeval state since the late "Elder" Stewart built his little cottage on the ground will give place to one of the finest office buildings in the city. It is probable that a hotel may be included in the plan. The exact nature and designs of the improvement will be announced later.

The later "Elder" Stewart received many offers during his life for the property, but each time refused with the explanation that his "wife" would not let him sell."

BABY SETS BROTHER AFIRE.

Fatal Results From Children Playing With Matches.

Brainerd.—Two little sons of Thed Cooley, a farmer residing twelve miles east of Brainerd at Boy Lake, were playing with matches. One set fire to the other, aged 2 years, and the little one succumbed to the terrible burns received. Doctors were summoned from Brainerd, but the child died before they could arrive.

CHARGED WITH BOY'S DEATH.

Accidental Discharge of Gun Results in Manslaughter Count.

Stanchfield.—Walter Hegstrom, 11 years old, was arrested on a charge of manslaughter in the second degree, charged with the death of Raymond Larson, aged 6 years, about a month ago. Hegstrom had been out hunting and passing Larson's place, stopped. The gun was discharged, instantly killing the lad. Hegstrom is being held to the grand jury and is out on $1,000 bail.

English Woman Smokes Pipes.

The latest fancy of the woman-smoker is a pipe—not the tiny affair that suffices for the Japanese, but a good-sized brier or a neat meerschaum. The pipe is boldly carried along with a gold cord case and chain-purse. For some time now the cigarette has given place to a cigar, small in size and mild in quality. Women said they were tired of the cigarettes, and wanted a bigger smoke.—London Mail.

Cripple Rides Bicycle.

George Anstey, aged 12, a cripple, of Leicester, England, is one of the most remarkable cyclists in the country. Both his legs are withered and useless, but the Leicester Cripples' Guild has provided him with a two-wheeled pedalless machine, with a padded tube covering the axle bar. Across this he lies face foremost, and with wooden clogs strapped to his hands he propels himself along the streets and roads in a marvelously rapid manner. He has complete control of the machine, his hands acting as pedals, steering gear, and brake combined.

Too Ardent a Lover.

Georgette Fontano, an embroiderer who lives in the Rue Sevres in Paris, has found herself condemned to a month's imprisonment for what seems to her a harmless act.

She was going home from a concert a few evenings ago when she decided she would like to see her fiance. As he happens to be a fireman whose station is in her own neighborhood it occurred to her it would be very easy to summon him to her side by breaking the glass of the fire alarm and sounding a call.

She did so and in a few moments fire engines came from several directions, all laden with firemen, of course, but alas! her fiance was not among them, and more than that all the firemen were angry, and before she knew what had happened she was taken to a magistrate, who proceeded to make the course of true love run unsmoothly by sending her to prison for a month in spite of her tears and protests that she thought it would be a simple way of bringing her fiance to her side.

NEW SAWS BADLY NEEDED

The Old-Fashioned Ones Somehow Don't Seem to Fit Into Modern Situations.

"You know all the copybook, McGuffey's reader line of talk about taking the advice of one's elders?" began the sad-eyed, undersized little man on the car. "Sure you do. Now let me tell you something. See that big apartment house over there on the right? And that little business block right next to it?

"Well, there weren't any apartment houses or business blocks on it when I first clapped eyes on it. It was a howling wilderness, in fact, and you could almost chase rabbits up bere. That was about eighteen years ago. I had a hunch then—and I was only eighteen years old at that time—that this land would some day jump in value by leaps and bounds. When I was twenty years old I came into a bunch of $15,000. I went to my guardian, an old man, pretty prominent in estate management and wisdom at that time, and I told him I wanted to soak the whole $15,000 in this block of ground I pointed out to you. The block was then on the market for exactly $15,000. The old gentleman pooh-poohed me.

"'Go away, boy,' he said to me, with a patronizing smile. 'You don't know what you want. It's my duty to save you from such wild notions as this one you've got into your head. They'll be shooting rabbits and squirrels out there on that plot 50 years from now. G'way.'

"I argued it with him, and he sat down on me. Then he went and invested my $15,000 at three per cent.

"Three years ago the man who bought that same block of ground for $18,000 sold it for about $200,000 cash, and he's now cruising over in the Mediterranean or some place or other, while I'm taking my wife out for nickel car rides and wondering where my $15,000 went.

"There's got to be a new set of wise saws invented for twentieth century consumption. The McGuffey's reader kind are moth eaten."

Lightning Change.

The Manager—Can you make quick changes and double in a few parts?

The Actor—Can I? Say, you know the scene in "Love and Lobsters," where the hero and the villain are fighting, and a friend rushes in and separates 'em? Well, I played all three parts one night when the other two fellows were ill.

Holidays in the States.

Washington's birthday is a holiday in all states. Decoration day in all states but Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas. Labor day is observed everywhere. Virtually every state has legal holidays having to do with its own special affairs—battle of New Orleans in Louisiana, Texan Independence and battle of San Jacinto in Texas, Admission day in California, and so on. Mississippi is like the federal government in lack of statutory holidays, but by common consent Independence day, Thanksgiving and Christmas are observed. A new one is Columbus day in a few of the states.

Planting Wedding Oaks.

Princess August Wilhelm, wife of the kaiser's fourth son, has set herself the task of reviving one of Germany's oldest customs, that according to which newly wedded couples immediately after the marriage ceremony plant a couple of oak saplings side by side in a park or by the roadside of their native town.

The town of Mulchausen, in Thuringia, is the first to respond to the princess' appeal. A municipal official appears at the church door after every wedding and invites the bride and bridegroom to drive with him in a carriage to a new road near the town and there plant oak saplings.

The tree planting idea was started by a former elector of Brandenburg with the object of repairing the ravages caused by the 30 years' war. The elector forbade young persons to marry until they had planted a number of fruit trees.

Two Very Old Ladies.

We have heard a great deal lately about long-lived people, but it is probable that the oldest two people in the world today are Frau Dutkievitz and another old lady named Babeveslika.

The former lives at Posen, in Prussian Poland, and was born on February 21, 1785. She is therefore one hundred and twenty-five years old. The latter, however, is nine months her senior, having been born in May, 1784.

She is still a fairly hale old woman, and for nearly one hundred years worked in the fields. Her descendants number close on 100, and these now make her a joint allowance. She lives at the village of Bavelsko, whose neighborhood she has never quitted during the whole of her long life. She remembers events which happened at the beginning of last century much more clearly than those of the last 40 years.—Dundee Advertiser.

An Alaskan Luncheon.

Runners of woven Indian basketry, with white drawnwork doilies at each of the 12 covers, were used on an oval mahogany table. The doilies were made at Sitka. In the middle of the table a mirror held a tall central vase of frosted glass, surrounded by four smaller vases, all filled with white spring blossoms. The edge of the mirror was banked with the same flowers. Four totem poles were placed on doilies in the angles made by the runners.

Place cards were water colors of Alaskan scenery. Abalone shells held salted nuts, and tiny Indian baskets held bonbons. The soup spoons were of horn, several of the dishes used were made by Alaskan Indians, and the cakes were served on baskets.

The menu was as follows: Poisson a la Bering Sea (halibut chowder), Yukon climbers (broiled salmon, potatoes Julienne), snowbirds avec aurorahorealis (roast duck with jelly), Shungnak river turnips, Tanana beets, Skagway beeh (salad), Fairbanks nuggets (ripe strawberries arranged on individual dishes around a central mound of powdered sugar), arctic slices (brick ice cream), Circle City delights (small cakes), Klondike nuggets (yellow cheese in round balls on crackers), Nome firewater (coffee). —Woman's Home Companion.

Largest of Whales.

The largest whale of its type of which there is scientific record was captured recently off Port Arthur, Tex. He measured sixty-three feet in length, and was estimated to be about three hundred years old. Captain Cob Plummer, mate of a United States pilot boat, sighted the monster in the shoals off the jetties, and the crew of his vessel captured the mammal. The huge body was towed ashore, exhibited and much photographed before being cut up.

Bankers and Bank Notes.

Four men, three of whom were connected with brokerage concerns in the Wall street district, were discussing United States paper currency and the disappearance of counterfeits. "We are so sure nowadays," said one of the party, "as to the genuineness of bills that little attention is paid to them in handling, except as to denomination." To prove his assertion he took a $10 yellowback from his pocket, and, holding it up, asked who could tell whose portrait it bore. No one knew, and by way of coaching the broker said it was the first treasurer of the United States. Again no one knew the name. "Why, it's Michael Hillegas," said the man proudly. "But in confidence, I'll tell you, I didn't know it five minutes ago."—New York Tribune.

An Unnecessary Confession.

A hearty laugh was occasioned at the Birmingham police court by a prisoner who gave himself away in a very delightful manner. The man was the first on the list, and the charge against him was merely one of being drunk and disorderly. He stepped into the dock, however, just at the moment when the dock officer was reading out a few of the cases which were to come before the court that morning, and a guilty conscience apparently led him to mistake these items for a list of his previous convictions.

He stood passive enough while the officer read out about a dozen drunk and disorderlies, but when he came to one "shopbreaking" the prisoner exclaimed excitedly, "That was eight years ago, your honor." Everyone began to laugh, and the prisoner, realizing the blunder he had made, at first looked very black indeed, but finally saw the humorous side of the matter, and a broad smile spread over his face. His blunder did not cost anything.—Birmingham Mail.

DIFFERENCE IN THE RACES

Mexicans in the Main Unjust in Blaming Americans for Lack of Politeness.

All the Mexican correspondents who have written on the subject of why Americans are not better liked by Mexicans agree that it is largely a question of a lack of politeness on the part of the foreigner here, and in some cases an ill-concealed contempt. The latter is inexcusable, and certainly must emanate only from inconsiderate or poorly educated persons, from which no nation is free. Politeness, however, is largely a matter of form and training. It is undeniable that the Anglo-Saxon salutations, methods of expressing thanks and appreciation, etc., are simpler and shorter than the Latin forms. To many who have all their lives been accustomed to the briefer Saxon ways, an attempt of the more elaborate Latin politeness seems, for them, nothing short of affectation, and they simply cannot do it. There are exceptions among Americans and Englishmen who readily adopt the courteous phrases of the Mexicans and use them naturally, but they are the exceptions. And it is difficult to see how this can readily be changed. Our Mexican friends should understand, on the other hand, that if Anglo-Saxons do not, as a rule, go through as many social formalities as the usages of the land prescribe, they mean no offense thereby. They are accustomed to taking a good many things for granted that their Latin cousins give verbal assurance of. Naturally, it is the duty of the outlander to conform as nearly as he can to the ways of his adopted country, but human nature and settled habits are pretty hard to make over, particularly unless you catch them while they're young.—Mexican Herald.

Takes Himself Seriously.

Nicola Tesla, dining by himself in a hotel's great dining room, takes a table where he can be seen. Throughout his meal he wears a deeply studious, a completely absorbed, attitude. He may bring to the table a portfolio filled with papers. These he may scan with prolonged solemnity. In any event, he sits an eloquent tableau of profundity.—New York Press.

Rat Bounty Excites Merriment.

Seattle, fearing the introduction of bubonic plague by rats, has offered a bounty of ten cents a rat. This moves Tacoma, safe from infection from the sea, to raucous laughter, and the Ledger says that the bounty, "though not intended for rodents of Tacoma, Everett, Bellingham and other populous and busy centers, has been finding its way into the pockets of nonresidents of Seattle for non-resident rats. But the joke would be on us if it were found that our rat population had found its way into the Seattle census."

Pretty Good Definition.

We hear some funny things in Fleet street sometimes, and the following definition of the height of aggravation, by a gentleman in rather shaky boots, whom we encountered in a well-known hostelry the other day, struck us as being particularly choice.

"The 'eight of haggravation, gentlemen," said this pothouse humorist, setting his pewter on the counter and looking round proudly, with the air of one about to let off a good thing, "the 'eight of haggravation—why, trying to ketch a flea out o' yer ear with a pair of boxin' gloves."—London Tit-Bits.

Before Days of Free Press.

Many of the restrictions that hampered the influence of the press remained in force until the close of the eighteenth century in England. It was not till that period that newspapers obtained the right to criticise the policy of ministers and of the king. Mr. Walter, the first editor of the London Times, was prosecuted for censuring the duke of York. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $250, stand in the pillory for an hour, be imprisoned for a year and give security for his good behavior for seven years. The order with regard to the pillory was canceled, but he had to serve his term in jail.

French Official Etiquet.

The wives of the new French ministers share in the honors conferred on their husbands, the degree of deference due to them being minutely established by the "protocole." When the wife of a minister enters a room, if any deputies' or senators' wives are present, they are supposed to rise and remain standing until she is seated. Other ministers' wives may rest in their chairs, but should the prime minister's wife arise they also must stand to attention. And even Mme. Briand (if there were such a person), would have to show similar deference to the wife of the president of the chamber. With her, according to the protocole, "c'est la representation nationale qui entre, le suffrage universel le France."—London Chronicle.

Vivid at Least.

Dr. Hiram C. Cortlandt, the well known theologian of Des Moines, said in a recent address:

"Thomas A. Edison tells us that he thinks the soul is not immortal; but, after all, what does this great wizard know about souls? His forte is electricity and machinery, and when he talks of souls he reminds me irresistibly of the young lady who visited the Baldwin locomotive works and then told how a locomotive is made.

"'You pour,' she said, 'a lot of sand into a lot of boxes, and you throw old stove lids and things into a furnace, and then you empty the molten stream into a hole in the sand, and everybody yells and swears. Then you pour it out and let it cool and pound it, and then you put it in a thing that bores holes in it. Then you screw it together, and paint it, and put steam in it, and it goes splendidly; and they take it to a drafting room and make a blueprint of it. But one thing I forgot—they have to make a boiler. One man gets inside and one gets outside, and they pound frightfully; and then they tie it to the other thing, and you ought to see it go!'"

That Suit for Libel

Against the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Gave a Splendid Chance to Bring Out Facts

A disagreement about advertising arose with a "weekly" Journal.

Following it, an attack on us appeared in their editorial columns; sneering at the claims we made particularly regarding Appendicitis.

We replied through the regular papers and the "weekly" thought we hit back rather too hard and thereupon sued for libel.

The advertisement the "weekly" attacked us about claimed that in many cases of appendicitis an operation could be avoided by discontinuing indigestible food, washing out the bowels and taking a predigested food Grape-Nuts.

Observe we said MANY cases not all.

Wouldn't that knowledge be a comfort to those who fear a surgeon's knife as they fear death?

The "weekly" writer said that was a lie.

We replied that he was ignorant of the facts.

He was put on the stand and compelled to admit he was not a Dr. and had no medical knowledge of appendicitis and never investigated to find out if the testimonial letters to our Co. were genuine.

A famous surgeon testified that when an operation was required Grape-Nuts would not obviate it. True.

We never claimed that when an operation was required Grape-Nuts would prevent it.

The surgeon testified bacteria [germs] helped to bring on an attack and bacteria was grown by undigested food frequently.

We claimed and proved by other famous experts that undigested food was largely responsible for appendicitis.

We showed by expert testimony that many cases are healed without a knife, but by stopping the use of food which did not digest, and when food was required again it was helpful to use a predigested food which did not overtax the weakened organs of digestion.

When a pain in the right side appears it is not always necessary to be rushed off to a hospital and at the risk of death be cut.

Plain common sense shows the better way is to stop food that evidently has not been digested.

Then, when food is required, use an easily digested food. Grape-Nuts or any other if you know it to be predigested (partly digested before taking).

We brought to Court analytical chemists from New York, Chicago and Mishawaka, Ind., who swore to the analysis of Grape-Nuts and that part of the starchy part of the wheat and barley had been transformed into sugar, the kind of sugar produced in the human body by digesting starch (the large part of food).

Some of the State chemists brought on by the "weekly" said Grape-Nuts could not be called a "predigested" food because not all of it was digested outside the body.

The other chemists said any food which had been partly or half digested outside the body was commonly known as "predigested."

Splitting hairs about the meaning of a word.

It is sufficient that if only one-half of the food is "predigested," it is easier on weakened stomach and bowels than food in which no part is predigested.

To show the facts we introduce Dr. Thos. Darlington, former chief of the N. Y. Board of Health, Dr. Ralph W. Webster, chief of the Chicago Laboratories, and Dr. B. Sachs, N. Y.

If we were a little severe in our denunciation of a writer, self-confessed ignorant about appendicitis and its cause, it is possible the public will excuse us, in view of the fact that our head, Mr. C. W. Post, has made a lifetime study of food, food digestion and effects, and the conclusions are indorsed by many of the best medical authorities of the day.

Is it possible that we are at fault for suggesting, as a Father and Mother might, to one of the family who announced a pain in the side: "Stop using the food, greasy meats, gravies, mince pie, cheese, too much starchy food, etc., etc., which has not been digested, then when again ready for food use Grape-Nuts because it is easy of digestion?"

Or should the child be at once carted off to a hospital and cut?

We have known of many cases wherein the approaching signs of appendicitis have disappeared by the suggestion being followed.

No one better appreciates the value of a skilful physician when a person is in the awful throes of acute appendicitis, but "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

Just plain old common sense is helpful even nowadays.

This trial demonstrated Grape-Nuts food is pure beyond question.

It is partly predigested.

Appendicitis generally has rise from undigested food.

It is not always necessary to operate.

It is best to stop all food.

When ready to begin feeding use a predigested food.

It is palatable and strong in Nourishment.

It will pay fine returns in health to quit the heavy breakfasts and lunches and use less food but select food certainly known to contain the elements nature requires to sustain the body. May we be permitted to suggest a breakfast of fruit, Grape-Nuts and cream, two soft boiled eggs, and some hot toast and cocoa, milk or Postum?

The question of whether Grape-Nuts does or does not contain the elements which nature requires for the nourishment of the brain, also of its purity, will be treated in later newspaper articles.

Good food is important and its affect on the body is also important.

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.,

Battle Creek, Mich.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time

not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop. Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," [illegible] apply to [illegible] Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

CHAS. PILLING
[illegible] Grand Forks, N. Dak.

Fargo Directory

KODAKS and Kodak Supplies
Write for catalog and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention.
FARGO DRUG CO. Fargo, N. D.

Ship Your **Hides, Furs and Pelts**
To BOLLES & ROGERS FARGO, N. D.

SHOTWELL FLORAL CO.
[illegible] Phone or Wire Night or Day. [illegible] Send for catalogue.
[illegible] Corner Broadway & First Street, Fargo, N. D.

CREAM SHIPPERS
Ship your Cream to the
FRANK O. KNERR DAIRY CO.
Fargo North Dakota
[illegible] facilities and excellent [illegible] enable us to pay [illegible] price for butter-fat. Write today for shipping tags.

FARGO PLUMBING & HEATING COMPANY PLUMBING, HEATING AND ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS
[illegible] plumbing and heating of all kinds. Have [illegible] Ask about our [illegible] plant for your country [illegible], cheaper and safer than gas or gasoline.

DAKOTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
[illegible] Fargo, North Dakota.

Stepmother of Mint Julep.

Romance and poetry have delighted [illegible] with which to celebrate and perpetuate the glory of the [illegible] old Kentucky, famed for its fast horses, beautiful women and [illegible].

Kentucky has been designated as the home of the mint julep, and its [illegible] have become famous all over the world for the easy and graceful [illegible] which they drink whisky with a [illegible] dash of sugar and a sprig or [illegible] in order, chiefly to overcome the necessity for a large amount of water in the beverage. The true Kentuckian doesn't want his whisky diluted.

It transpires, however, that the real home of the mint and the mint julep is right here in Missouri, whose crop of mint last year amounted to 7,653 [illegible], or enough to make 1,224,320 juleps. This amount includes the market figures only, no account having been taken of the countless thousands of juleps which were compounded during the year with a base of the undistilled moonshine whisky that never paid a cent of tax.—St. Louis Star.

Without Malice.

"What have you done?" exclaimed Mrs. [illegible], as she flourished a letter at him.

"Has that anything to do with the correspondence I tried to help you with?"

"It has. It's an indignant protest. I told you to address that distinguished pianist as 'Herr Professor.'"

"And I did so."

"Yes. But you wrote it 'Hair Professor!'"

He Knew.

A certain jurist was an enthusiastic golfer. Once he had occasion to interrogate in a criminal suit, a boy witness from Bala.

"Now, my lad," he said, "are you acquainted with the nature and significance of an oath?"

The boy, raising his brows in surprise, answered:

"Of course I am, sir. Don't I caddy for you at the Country club?"—Success.

WONDERED WHY.

Found the Answer Was "Coffee."

Many pale, sickly persons wonder for years why they have to suffer so, and eventually discover that the drug—caffeine—in coffee is the main cause of the trouble.

"I was always very fond of coffee and drank it every day. I never had much flesh and often wondered why I was always so pale, thin and weak.

"About five years ago my health completely broke down and I was confined to my bed. My stomach was in such condition that I could hardly take sufficient nourishment to sustain life.

"During this time I was drinking coffee, didn't think I could do without it.

"After awhile I came to the conclusion that coffee was hurting me, and decided to give it up and try Postum. I didn't like the taste of it at first, but when it was made right—boiled until dark and rich—I soon became fond of it.

"In one week I began to feel better. I could eat more and sleep better. My sick headaches were less frequent, and within five months I looked and felt like a new being, headache spells entirely gone.

"My health continued to improve and today I am well and strong, weigh 148 pounds. I attribute my present health to the life giving qualities of Postum."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

MEXICANS FIGHT

DETAILS OF ENGAGEMENT ON SUNDAY CORROBORATIVE OF FIRST REPORT.

FACES REAL REVOLUTION

Troop Train With Three Field Pieces and 550 Men Meets Defeat—Insurrection Exceeds Hope of Ardent Sympathizers.

Chihuahua, Dec. 21.—The defeat of the troop train with its three field pieces and 550 men intensifies the tension here. On top of the drawn battle of Cerro Prieto ten days ago it is taken as a confirmation of declarations that President Diaz confronts a real revolution. The most ardent sympathizers with the revolt and they include most of the unofficial population, scarcely hoped the insurgents would be able to make more than one stand against the disciplined soldiers of the government. The government states the revolt consisted of but little save a nucleus of bandits augmented by misguided peons who could not handle a rifle and whom it would be but police work to subdue. The official report now doubles the estimate of the number of insurrectors in the field. Cerro Prieto was a drawn fight. Mal Paso was a victory for the rebels.

Chihuahua, Mex., Dec. 21.—Via El Paso, Tex.—Amplified advices change but little today's telegraphic report of the cutting up of the government troop train at Mal Paso last Sunday. The official report of twenty-one federal killed, ten missing and forty-two wounded, stands with the addition that thirty slightly wounded, bringing the total injured to seventy-two, also came on the train. The injuries of these thirty are not serious and it is not customary to carry them in the hospital lists. Most of them are on their feet. Rumors have been abroad today that the federals lost 100, but this seems to be without foundation and probably referred to the total number of killed, wounded and injured, which makes about 100.

The hospital train brought in eighty mauser rifles or about the number which their killed and wounded would have dropped.

ENGLISH MINE HORROR.

Explosion Entombs 290 Men Without Hope of Rescue.

Bolton, Eng., Dec. 21.—An explosion followed by fire and causing many fatalities occurred in the little Hulton colliery of the Hulton Colliery Co., here this morning soon after 290 miners had gone below the surface to begin the day's work. The cause and extent of the disaster was in doubt for several hours. The first rescuing party to reach the scene succeeded in bringing seven men and boys to safety. Later they recovered the bodies of five more victims.

At the moment of the explosion flames spread through the affected passage and smoke and poisonous gas filled the mine.

The plight of the miners was rendered more dangerous by a mishap to the machinery of the shafts where the cages refused to move for a time preventing a quick escape and interfering with the ventilation. The rising gases were checked by obstructions and driven back upon the entombed men. Meantime the fire raged fiercely and it is supposed that many who were not killed by the noxious fumes were burned to death.

Situation Up to Taft.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The anti-whisky interests will confer with President Taft at 3 o'clock today, over the Minnesota situation. They concede to the state police power to control the international affairs of the state, but will resist any attempt to make nugatory the existing prohibition of the liquor traffic as provided for by the Indian treaty.

Both sides, however, express a willingness to enter into a compromise agreement whereby the dry zone is restricted to a mile limit around the Indian reservations. This would afford relief to a great many towns throughout the state.

Two Meet Death by Fire.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 21.—Fire which started in the factory district here at 2 o'clock this morning resulted in the death of two persons, the injuring of several firemen and a property loss estimated at $2,000,000. One of the dead is Fireman Robert D. Grear, who was crushed beneath falling wall. The other is Walter Morris, 18 years of age, who was fatally hurt by a falling trolley pole. Buildings comprising an entire block were consumed.

New Illinois Central Head.

New York, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Charles H. Markham, recently identified with the oil interests in Pittsburg, was today elected president of the Illinois Central railroad by the board of directors to succeed President James T. Harahan. Markham was formerly vice president and general traffic manager of the Union Pacific railroad.

New Members Confirmed.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The senate today confirmed C. C. McChord of Kentucky and B. H. Meyer of Wisconsin to be members of the interstate commerce commission.

Rate Case for Jan. 9.

Washington, Dec. 21.—In its twenty-fourth annual report, submitted to congress today, the interstate commerce commission gives particular prominence to the consideration of eastern and western freight rate cases which are now pending before the commission. The cases have been assigned for argument on Jan. 9, 1911, and succeeding days, and the commission will announce its decision at the earliest possible date thereafter.

Special reference is made in the report to the work of the commission looking to the establishment of uniform classification of freight.

Loses Trace of Liners.

Las Palmas, Canary Island, Dec. 21.—Anxiety is felt for the safety of the Woermann steamship line steamers Ingbert and Irma Woermann. The latter vessel started out from here yesterday in a terrible gale to succor her sister ship, which had been sighted twelve miles off the coast displaying signals of distress and indicating that her engines had broken down. Since then no word has come from either of the liners and they have not been sighted by incoming vessels. It is thought that they may have been driven northward by the fierce storm which still raged today.

MAY POSTPONE ACTION

OPPOSITION IS RAISED TO CONFIRMING LORIMER REPORT.

Committee on Privileges May Not Be Sustained by the Senate—Lively Debate.

Washington, Dec. 20.—What may prove formidable opposition to the adoption of any report by the senate for the exoneration of Senator Lorimer as the result of the investigation of charges of bribery in connection with his election by the Illinois legislature to succeed Senator Hopkins, is said to have developed on the senate floor today.

Several senators are declared to have agreed that they would compel a postponement of the whole subject until after the holiday recess in order that all members might have an opportunity to digest the testimony as well as the report of the committee on privileges and elections.

Chairman Burrows called the committee on privileges and elections together today and after adjournment it was reported that he had been authorized to report the Lorimer matter to the senate in accordance with the findings of the sub-committee. Great dissatisfaction is said to have been expressed by the committee to have printed the findings of the sub-committee.

Caused by Runaway Cars.

New York, Dec. 20.—Investigation of the causes of the explosion in the New York Central power house yesterday, which resulted in ten deaths, the injury of more than 100 persons and a loss estimated at upwards of $2,000,000 was continued with zeal today by the city and the company.

Although the exact source of the disaster has not been determined, it is generally conceded that the first cause of the upheaval was a runaway train of electric cars in the central cut near Fiftieth street and Lexington avenue that crashed over the bumper against the house, broke a feed pipe and caused a large quantity of gas to accumulate in the power house basement.

This was detonated possibly by an electric spark from a short circuit. The motorman of the train, Albert Seagroatt, was unable to stop the cars in time to avoid their disastrous crash into the bumper. The whole trouble may be decided to have been due to slippery rails or to some other apparently trivial cause.

Killed by Falling Tree.

Glen Ullin, N. D., Dec. 20.—A fatal accident occurred at the Breckenridge crossing on the Heart river when the life of Carl Serr was crushed out by a falling tree. Mr. Serr and his son drove down to the river after a load of wood and while the young man was chopping down a tree the father was busy picking up floodwood along the river bank and happened to be in line with the tree when it fell. Mr. Serr was caught beneath the trunk of the falling tree and was almost instantly killed.

Mr. Serr was about 55 years of age. He leaves a wife and several children besides a large number of friends to mourn.

Minnesota Values Increased.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The farm land of Minnesota, with buildings included, increased from $26 to $46 per acre in value from 1900 to 1910, as shown by the census returns. There are 155,759 farms in the state. The average size is 177 acres, the total farm area being 27,623,000 acres. The aggregate value of this vast acreage was $1,259,510,000, including $242,621,000 worth of buildings.

Benefit Fire Sufferers.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—A bill relieving from annual assessment work all prospectors who were injured by the forest fires of last summer and fall was passed yesterday by the senate. The bill was hurried to the house in the hope of procuring action there before the Christmas recess.

Two Sentenced to Penitentiary.

Grand Forks, N. D., Dec. 20.—Fred Bichert and Fred Strebel, both convicted during the present session of district court on a charge of stealing grain, were today sentenced to spend one year each at hard labor in the state penitentiary.

Temple Company Out of Business.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 20.—Following its decision that the Temple Iron Co. controlled by the Reading, and other anthracite railroads, is an illegal combination in restraint of trade, the United States circuit court here today issued a decree permanently enjoining the corporation from doing business.

Congress Has Adjourned.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Congress has adjourned for the holiday recess until Jan. 5. Little business was done in either house today, owing to the difficulty of keeping members in their seats to insure a quorum.

Warship to Cost $5,840,000.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The contract for building a 27,000 ton battleship Texas was today awarded to the Newport News ship buildings company, the lowest bidder, at $5,840,000.

Three Injured in St. Paul Fire.

St. Paul, Dec. 20.—Two firemen and one policeman were hurt today while fighting a fire which destroyed the three story building occupied by the Hardwood Door Co., on Eagle street near the seven corners in the center of the city. The financial loss is estimated at $50,000.

Fireman William Cole fell three stories through a skylight and was seriously injured. Patrolman Wagner in attempting to rescue Cole suffered a broken wrist and Fireman Thomas Maloney fell from a ladder and received minor injuries. All will recover. Two other firemen were injured.

Found Shot in His Wagon.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—John Donnelly, a driver for a garment factory here, today was shot and his wagon was riddled with bullets in the clothing factory district.

He lay suffering in his wagon while the horses, undirected, wandered around until the police discovered his plight. He is not expected to live.

The garment workers out on strike are suffering, in many instances reported to the police, from cold and hunger, and the employers have advised Mayor Busse that hereafter all negotiations will be made directly with the men

THE CENSUS OF CANADA

ITS GROWTH IN TEN YEARS PAST.

A census of the Dominion of Canada will be made during 1911. It will show that during the past decade a remarkable development has taken place, and, when compared with the population, a greater percentage of increase in industries of all kinds than has ever been shown by any country. Commerce, mining, agriculture and railways have made a steady march onward. The population will be considerably over 8,000,000. Thousands of miles of railway lines have been construction since the last census was taken ten years ago. This construction was made necessary by the opening up of the new agricultural districts in Western Canada, in which there have been pouring year after year an increasing number of settlers, until the present year will witness settlement of over 300,000, or a trifle less than one-third of the immigration to the United States during the same period with its 92,000,000 of population. Even with these hundreds of thousands of newcomers, the great majority of whom go upon the land, there is still available room for hundreds of thousands additional. The census figures will therefore show a great—a vast—increase in the number of farms under occupation, as well as in the output of the farms. When the figures of the splendid immigration are added to the natural increase, the total will surprise even the most optimistic. To the excellent growth that the western portion of Canada will show may largely be attributed the commercial and industrial growth of the eastern portion of Canada. All Canada is being upbuilded, and in this transformation there is taking part the people from many countries, but only from those countries that produce the strong and vigorous. As some evidence of the growth of the western portion of Canada, in agricultural industry, it is instructive to point out that over 100,000 homesteads of 160 acres each have been transferred to actual settlers in the past two years. This means 25,000 square miles of territory, and then, when is added the 40,000 160-acre pre-emption blocks, there is an additional 10,000 square miles, or a total of 35,000 square miles—a territory as large as the State of Indiana, and settled within two years. Reduced to the producing capacity imperative on the cultivation restriction of 50 acres of cultivation on each 160-acre homestead within three years, there will be within a year and a half from now upwards of 5,000,000 additional acres from this one source added to the entire producing area of the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

In 1901, at the time of the last census of Canada, successful agriculture in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta was an experiment to many. There were skeptics who could not believe that it was possible to grow thirty, forty and even fifty bushels of wheat to the acre, or that as high as one hundred and thirty bushels of oats to the acre could be grown. The skeptics are not to be found today. The evidence of the hundreds of thousands of farmers is too overwhelming. Not only have the lands of western Canada proven their worth in the matter of raising all the smaller field grains, but for mixed farming, and for cattle raising there is no better country anywhere. The climate is perfectly adapted to all these pursuits as well as admirable for health. The Dominion government literature, descriptive of the country, is what all that are interested should read. Send for a copy to the nearest Canadian government representative.

Cured.

"Your son used to be so round-shouldered. How did you get him cured of it? He seems to be so straight now."

"He has become an aviation enthusiast, and spends most of his time watching the bird-men."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

His Talent.

"Is he a great artist?"

"No."

"But he gets good prices for his stuff."

"Yes. He's a great salesman."

Worth its Weight in Gold.

PETTIT'S EYE SALVE strengthens old eyes, tonic for eye strain, weak and watery eyes. Druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

The man who forgets that he was once a boy is almost as scarce as the woman who denies that she is still a girl.

In case of pain on the lungs Hamlins Wizard Oil acts like a mustard plaster, except that it is more effective and is so much nicer and cleaner to use.

The donkey is unable to talk. Therefore man has indisputedly proclaimed himself lord of creation.

DR. J. H. RINDLAUB (Specialist),
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Fargo, N. D.

Occasionally a crooked path leads to a strait-jacket.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The noblest motive is the public good.—Virgil.

PATHETIC

Sad end of a college boy.

SKIN BEAUTY PROMOTED

In the treatment of affections of the skin and scalp which torture, disfigure, itch, burn, scale and destroy the hair, as well as for preserving, purifying and beautifying the complexion, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are well-nigh infallible. Millions of women throughout the world rely on these pure, sweet and gentle emollients for all purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery, and for the sanative, antiseptic cleansing of ulcerated, inflamed mucous surfaces. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp, Boston, Mass., sole Proprietors of the Cuticura Remedies, will mail free, on request, their latest 32-page Cuticura Book on the skin and hair.

When It Was Rougher.

Paul Withington, the Harvard coach, was praising the milder football of 1910.

"Football in the '90s was a terrible game," said Mr. Withington. "Bourget, you know, devoted a whole chapter of 'Outre Mer' to its horrors. Some of the stories of the football of '90 or '91 are, in fact, almost incredible.

"A Philadelphia sporting editor returned one November Saturday from West Philadelphia with a pale, frightened face.

"'Many accidents at the game?' a police reporter asked him.

"'One frightful accident,' replied the sporting editor. 'A powerful mule from a neighboring coal dealer's entered the field, blundered into one of the hottest scrimmages and got killed.'"

The Way of Life.

It is being said of an elderly man in business in Atchison: "He can't stand punishment as he formerly could." And there is punishment to be endured in making a living; don't forget it. Look over your own experience, and you will detect punishment every hour of the day. If it isn't at home, it is on the street car or on the road. How many ways there are to punish a man who tries his best to get along and behave himself. And after a man gets old it is more evident every year that the poor fellow can't stand punishment as he could when he was younger.—Atchison Globe.

A BOOK FOR SPORTSMEN.

Every one interested in hunting should write for copy of 1910 Game Laws which contains 120 pages telling where the various kinds of game abound, when the seasons open and close, and what laws govern the hunting and game in each state. This book can be had free by writing to M. H. Hartley Co., 299 Broadway, New York, merely by mentioning the name of this paper.

Its Office.

"This cork is very tight in your brandy bottle. I can't budge it."

"Yes, that's the nature of cork. It was put there to keep the bottle's spirits from going down."

Down in the dumps

—from over-eating, drinking—bad liver and constipation get many a one, but there's a way out—Cascarets relieve and cure quickly. Take one to-night and feel ever so much better in the morning. 902

Cascarets—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

Self-reliant men shave with the
Gillette
TRADE MARK
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

MORE EGGS
I have discovered a great secret—how to make 100 hens lay 80 eggs a day in winter; failure impossible; I prove it by sending my successful method on FREE TRIAL; you don't have to pay till your hens lay. Send for it TODAY to
Mrs. L. Alley, Dept. 7, New Madrid, Mo.

OLD SORES CURED
Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A4, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PISO'S
IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A Tripe Famine.

"I went to get two pounds of tripe," said the lady, entering the shop.

"Sorry, ma'am," replied the keeper, "but we haven't any tripe today."

"No tripe? Why, it's in season."

"No, ma'am, there's no tripe being shot just now."

"No tripe being shot! Why, what are you talking about?"

"I—I should say, ma'am, that the fisheries commission won't allow tripe to be caught now."

"Are you crazy, man? I don't want fish! I want tripe."

"Well, what in thunder is tripe, ma'am?"

"Why—why, I don't know just what it is, but if you haven't got any I'll try some other place."

Kept Umbrella Thirty Years.

A faithful old umbrella which has shielded the family of Dr. James A. Mullican of Greenwood avenue from the storms of 30 years, was stolen on Sunday. During the rain on that day the physician lent the umbrella to E. A. Seck, and while the latter was in a store some one stole it.

"The umbrella belonged to my father and has been in the family for more than thirty years," said Doctor Mullican the other night. "It has been covered several times.

"To persons who are unable to keep the same umbrella for more than thirty days this may seem incredible, but it is true," concluded Doctor Mullican with a smile.—Chicago Tribune.

It's as easy to pick up experience as it is to drop money.

Constipation Vanishes Forever
Prompt Relief--Permanent Cure
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

Pla-Mate Shoes For Children
For 35 years we have done nothing but make children's shoes. All we have learned is embodied in the Pla-Mate Shoes—the best shoe made for little folks. See the shape it means comfort and allows the feet to develop naturally. Clear oak soles, Goodyear welts and full extension heels, protecting the uppers mean that a pair of Pla-Mate Shoes will outwear two pairs of other shoes. If not in stock at your dealers, send us his name, stating size and style desired and we will see that you are supplied.
$1.75 & $2.00
WILLIAMS, HOYT & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

W. N. U., FARGO, NO. 52--1910.

NOT A PENNY TO PAY
FOR FULLEST MEDICAL EXAMINATION

Professor Munyon has engaged a staff of specialists that are renowned leaders in their line.

There is no question about their ability, they are the finest physicians that colleges and hospitals have turned out and receive the highest salaries.

He offers their service to you absolutely free of cost. No matter what your disease, or how many doctors you have tried, write to Professor Munyon's physicians and they will give your case careful and prompt attention and advise you what to do. You are under no obligations to them. It will not cost you a penny, only the postage stamp you put on your letter.

All consultations are held strictly confidential.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratories, 53d & Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Fresh Air in Winter

In winter, it is hard to get fresh air in certain rooms. Some rooms in a house are usually colder than others, and if you open the windows it is hard again to heat the room properly.

If you keep the windows closed you don't get fresh air; if you keep them open you cannot quickly reheat the room. The

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER
Absolutely smokeless and odorless

solves the difficulty. You can leave the windows in a room open all day in winter, and when you close them apply a match to a Perfection Oil Heater and heat the room to any temperature you desire in a few minutes.

The Perfection Oil Heater is finished in japan or nickel. It burns for nine hours. It has a cool handle and a damper top. It has an **automatic-locking flame spreader,** which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so that the wick can be quickly cleaned. An indicator always shows amount of oil in the font.

The filler-cap does not need to be screwed down. It is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached to the font by a chain.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, because of a new device in construction, and consequently, it can always be easily unscrewed in an instant for rewicking. The Perfection Oil Heater is strong, durable, well made, built for service, yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the
Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

EUREKA HARNESS OIL
Will Keep Your Harness soft as a glove tough as a wire black as a coal
Sold by Dealers Everywhere
STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

Household Lubricant
THE ALL-AROUND OIL
IN THE HANDY, EVER-READY TIN OILER
Is specially selected for any need in the home. Saves tools from rusting. Can cannot break. Does not gum or become rancid.
Dealers Everywhere
STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

MICA AXLE GREASE
Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.
STANDARD OIL CO.
(Incorporated)

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. *MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.*

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 850 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D.B.C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D.B.C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (35,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." The winter term begins Jan. 3. For further information write

E. C. WATKINS, Principal
9-11 Eighth St. S., Fargo, N. D.

SPILLANE'S
The Store of Quality

Fruits Candy Nuts, Pickles, Jam Cookies and Crackers Fine line of Canned Goods Teas, and Coffees in our Grocery Department	White, Rye and Graham Bread Fresh daily. Order Buns, etc., day before you need them.	Choice line of Tobacco, Cigars Pipes and Smokers' Articles. Full line of Writing Materials in our Stationery Dept.

PHONE NO. 7

W. T. SPILLANE, RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

The Local Field

New Years dance Woodman hall, Jan. 1911

C. H. Martz of St. Hilaire was in town Tuesday.

Attorney F. A. Grady was over from Crookston Monday.

Jos. Tonpin spent Christmas with the family at Christmas.

Alton Jackson visited with relatives at St. Hilaire over Sunday.

Emery Lasha of Argyle is in town to spend the holidays with relatives.

Andrew Patnode of Coleraine is here to spend the holidays with relatives.

Miss Lucy Hunt, who treaches at [illegible] is at home for the holidays.

Miss Alice Ericson, who teaches at [illegible] is at home for the holidays.

County Commissioner Joseph Pigeon was at Crookston the first of the week.

H. E. Neste and family of Crookston were guests for Christmas at the [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Chas. N. [illegible]

Theo. LaBissoaiere visited with frionds nt Crookston Suaday and Monday.

Miss Florence Fletcher, who teaches at Northome, is at heme for the holidays.

Miss Ella Krueger, who teaches at Staples, is at home for the holiday vacation.

Otto Steinert came np from Minneapolis to spend the holidays with his parents.

Miss Viola Brady, who teaches at St. Vincent, is at home to spead the vacation.

Miss Blanche Aitstadt, who teaches near Gheen, Minn., is at home for the holidays.

Miss Ethel Bourdon, who is a student at Carlton College, is at home for the holidays.

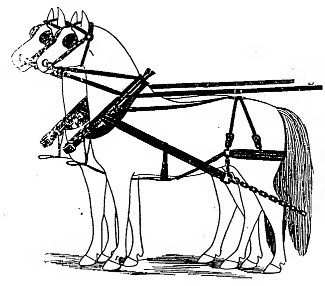
Dr. F. F. Fletcher was over from Grand Forks to spead Christmas with his pareats.

A number of the young people of the city enjoyed an informal dancing party at M. B. A. hall Tuesday evening.

The spirit of the season prompts me
to extend to you my sincere
wishes for a very
Happy and Prosperous New Year

Theo. LaBissoniere

The Old Reliable Harness Shop



Complete lines of heavy and light Driving Harness and Saddlery, Sleigh Bells, Body Bells, Shaft Charm Bells, Loop House Bells, Swedish Bells, Clark's Carriage Heaters and Coal

Winter Horse Blankets

All our Blankets and Robes are bought direct from the factory to the dealer assuring the purchaser of low prices on first-class goods.

Here are a few prices on blankets:

Wool blankets, 84-84 and 84-90, from $2.00 upward.

Storm blankets, 80-80 and 84-84, from $1.98 upward.

SPECIAL To oil harness pays big returns in longer service and no doubt yours needs oiling. We want to do this work for you and have a special announcement to make soon. Watch for it and in the meantime get ready to bring in your harness. We want to do your repair work. Good workmanship guaranteed.

A. J. POULIOT, Mgr.

Miss Rebecca Hunt, who is nttending the Winona normal, is et heme for the holidays.

Miss Alice Zalser, who is teaching near Erie postoffice, is nt homo for the holidays.

Nap Miller of Grand Rapids is sponding tho holidays with friends and relatives here.

Garcean & Rnbertus will sell three quarts of cranberries for 25 cents Friday and Saturday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Grand View Hotel, Red Lake Falls, February 15.

County Attorney Boughton was attending to legal business at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Friday and Saturday you cau get 3 quarts of cranberries for 25 cents at Garceau & Rubertns.

For Sale—6 horse power, Flour City gasolino engine, in good condition. Inquire of Cardor Benoit. tf

Miss Esther Johason, who is attending the normal school at St. Cloud, is at homo to spead the holidays.

If you want good seats for the home talent play, "Oak Farm," you'd better have them reserved early.

Miss Anna Laurent, who is employed in a store at Grand Forks, visited with relatives here Monday and Tuesday.

County Commissioner Joseph Pigeon made n business trip to Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Malvin entertained the members of the "Oak Farm" cast at their heme Monday evening. A featnre of the evening's entertainment was n Christmas tree and everybody got a "present."

Miss Cora Paul

"SALLY SMART"

Whose search for her lost gun helps make "Oak Farm" so funny. Bijou Theetre, tonight and Friday night, December 29-30.

Mrs. Tibbits und Miss Ize Tibbits of Wauboa arrived today and are guests at the home of Mrs. J. J. Doe.

Geo. F. Fullor, the real estate loan man, was in tho city this week, every will hereafter make regular trips and week. tf

Mrs. W. A. Schroiter and Miss Erma Schroiter were guests for Christmas at tho heme of J. J. Padden at Crookston.

The local M. B. A. ledge will give a basket sociable ut their hall Jan. 16, 1911. Every lady is invited to bring a basket.

Mr. and Mre. Joseph St. Murs of Superior, Wis., arrived Saturday to spend the holidays with relatives and friends hero.

Miss Josephine Kans, who teaches at Cloquet, and Miss Margaret, who teaches at Eveleth, are nt home for the vacation.

Miss Louise Twinam, principal of tho Thief River Falls high school, has heen the guest of friends in Red Lake Falls this week.

Dr. Charles Brady of Minneapolis arrived Saturday and is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brady.

Mrs. J. F. Fournet and children went to Crookston last evening and will visit with relatives there until after New Years.

The interier of Pouliet's harness shep is being remodeled. The change will give more space and a mere attractive store room.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Fournet and Miss Fournet of Crookston were guests for Christmas at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Feurnet.

Miss Anna Herbisen of Hoople, N. Dak., sister of Mrs. W. H. Fisher, arrived today and will be a guest for several weeks at the Fisher home.

Orson Doe came today from Grand Forks, where he is employed in a drug store, and will remain for a visit at homo until the end of the week.

Mrs. Mark Hall of Anburn, Nebraska, arrived Saturday and is a guest at the home of her son, Omer Hall. She will remain until after New Years.

Ernest Fletcher and Ralph Healy, who are students at the North Dakota University, have returned to the Forks after having been home for Christmas.

Misses Etta and Stella Hennemuth, who teach in the public schools at Warroad and Alexandria, respectively, are at home for the holiday vacation.

Misses Hazel Healy, Beatrice Emard, Florence Hennemuth and Lillian Brady, who are students at the Moorhead normal, are at home for the holidays.

Rev. Fr. Veilleux of Terrebonne was in towa Monday and left on the 5 o'clock train to go to East Grand Forks where he is to assist with some church work.

New Years dance at Woodman hall Tuesday evening, Jan. 2, 1911. Music by Frennd's orchestra. Tickets will be seventy five cents and all are invited.

The Gazette's big voting contest closes two weeks from Tuesday. Pay your subscription before that time and cast the votes for one of the contestants.

The last chance to see the home talent play, "Oak Farm," will be the Bijou theatre Friday evening, Dec. 30. A whole lot of fun for the price of an admission ticket.

Carl Walden of Crookston, superintendent of the anti-saloon league for the district comprising the counties in the northern part of the state, was in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives of Thief River Falls and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Cross of Grand Forks were guests for Christmas at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Pirath.

Are you a slave or have you made a start towards financial independence? In other words, are you saving your money and depositing it regularly in the Merchants State Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Tracey of Fergus Falls are visiting with their numerous friends in this city this week. Mr. Tracy, who was for many years Great Northern agent in Red Lake Falls now holds a similar position at Fergus Falls.

First class and reasonable. That is what the service and rates are for telephoning to Duluth, Grand Rapids and all range points over the new heavy copper lines just completed by the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company.

Mr. and Mrs. Omer Hall entertained at a 6 o'clock dinner last evening in honor of the members of the dramatic club that is putting on the home talent play, "Oak Farm." The dinner was given in honor of Mr. Hall's mother, Mrs. Mark Hall, who is a guest at the Hall home.

Miss Lorena Zaiser entertained a number of girl friends at her home last Saturday evening. Just before lunch was served it was announced that the affair was given in honor of Miss Rose Boire, a bride of the week. All save the guest of honor knew of the purpose of the party and they came prepared to shower the bride-to-be with gifts. Miss Boire was the recipient of many pretty and useful gifts.

Gazette subscribers who are a year or more in arrears should not neglect to square up their subscription accounts before the close of the voting contest on Jan. 16. The postal authorities require that all old accounts be cleaned up, so why not square the account now and give the votes to one of the candidates for the piano? To induce the payment on of old accounts was one of the reasons why the Gazette decided to put on the contest. Immediately following the contest the mailing list will be revised and to comply with the postal regulations, statements will be sent to all in arrears. Better settle the account before that time, give one of the contestants a bunch of votes and help us get square with Uncle Sam.

Under Government Control

THE Farmers National Bank of Red Lake Falls gets its charter from the government.

It is under government supervision and every reasonable precaution is taken by the government to insure the safety of funds deposited with us.

If you do not at present possess a bank account with us, we give you a personal invitation to deposit your money in this bank.

Farm Loans. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

The Farmers National Bank
OF RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.
CAPITAL $25,000.00

Best Wishes for the New Year

The new year 1911 marks the beginning of our 34th year in business in Red Lake Falls. We are proud of this record which we feel has been made possible by our keeping a good store—a store where you get what you want at reasonable prices. We shall aim as always before to make this the best store of its kind in this part of the country.

For your loyalty and support in making this a successful business, we desire at this time to thank you. We trust that we have handled your business in 1910 to your satisfaction so that you will want to come to us again in 1911. We wish you a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Hunt Hardware Co.

SHEERAN & MICHEL

We are offering a large discount on all heating stoves in our store. You cannot make a better Xmas present than one of our Favorite Base Heaters for the family. Also when in need of hardware of any kind give us a call as we will try and have a complete line at all times and with prices right.

Sheeran & Michel

Weekly Market Report.

Corrected every Thursday Noon

Wheat	$ .90
Durum	.74
Rye	.66
Oats	.25
Flax	2.17
Barley	.64
Potatoes, new	.75
Butter, dairy	.28
Eggs, fresh	.30

WYLIE.

Miss Rena Moren spent Christmas with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Moren.

Mrs. Thor Smidesang spent a few days of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Gothier.

Arney Zntz, Fred Draeger and Tony Mauer went to Bemidji last Monday.

Miss Esther Moren, who has been teaching near Warren, arrived Saturday and will spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. August Moren.

Olga Draeger came back from Grand Forks Friday to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Draeger.

School closed Friday for the Christmas vacation. Miss Freda Ittner, the teacher, left Saturday for Minneapolis and Faribault where she will visit with friends and relatives during the holidays

Miss Esther Moren came up from Crookston Friday to spend Christmas with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Moren.

Tom Dargan is spending the holidays with friends and relatives here.

Berg Moren was at Crookston Thursday on business.

Miss Laura Galipo, who has been teaching near Dorothy, left for Thief River Falls where she will spend the holidays with friends and relatives.

Berg Moren was at Red Lake Falls Saturday.

Otto Eckstein sent some chickens to the poultry show at Crookston and they took first prize.

Jake Solentea and Peter Thill spent a few hours Friday with Peter Hansel.

Mrs. Nick Mener spent Saturday afternoon with Mrs. T. P. Smidesang.

Eva Durheim, who has been attending school at St. Hilaire, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Darheim.

Peul Smidesang sent some chickens to the poultry show at Crooktson and they took first prize.

Proposals Wanted.

Proposals will be received by the board of Auditors of Red Lake county Minnesota, until 5 o'clock p. m. January 11th A. D. 1911, stating the rate of interest which would be paid on monthly balances of county funds, subject to check and payment at all times on demand and the rate of interest which would be paid on such funds or any part thereof when deposited for any certain length of time and the security which would be given therefore. Owing to the changed conditions in the county the designation of all county depositories now existing will be concelled and all banks are requested to file new proposals.

Dated this 20th day of December, A. D. 1910.

Board of Auditors of Red Lake County, Red Lake Falls, Minnesota.

22-29

Central Hotel

Opposite St. Joseph's Church
JOS. PRUDHOMME, PROP.

Buy and sell sawed wood and cord wood, dry and green.

RED LAKE FALLS, MINN.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

FINISH

RED LAKE FALLS
GAZETTE

JAN 6 1910 THRU DEC 29 1910

Title: Red Lake Falls GAZETTE

27:15 - 28:14

Inclusive Dates: Jan 6 1910 — Dec 29 1910 *

Missing Issues: Apr 21 & Aug 18

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Prepared by: SOUA THAO 9	Date: Nov 5, 1981	Format: 1A x 2B
Filmed by: J.W.	Date: Dec 3, 81	Camera No. Red 1
Reduction Ratio: 15	Voltmeter .30 92	No. Expos. 404
Prelim. Inspection by:	Date:	Density:
Target Resolution: _______/mm	O.K. ___ Reject ___	Length:

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